ORDER NO. 22-005

ENTERED Jan 11 2022

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

OF OREGON

UM 1464(12)

In the Matter of

IDAHO POWER COMPANY,

ORDER

Application for Reauthorization to Defer Net Variable Power Cost Variances.

DISPOSITION: STAFF'S RECOMMENDATION ADOPTED

At its public meeting on January 11, 2022, the Public Utility Commission of Oregon adopted Staff's recommendation in this matter. The Staff Report with the recommendation is attached as Appendix A.

BY THE COMMISSION:

Nolan Moser

Chief Administrative Law Judge



A party may request rehearing or reconsideration of this order under ORS 756.561. A request for rehearing or reconsideration must be filed with the Commission within 60 days of the date of service of this order. The request must comply with the requirements in OAR 860-001-0720. A copy of the request must also be served on each party to the proceedings as provided in OAR 860-001-0180(2). A party may appeal this order by filing a petition for review with the Circuit Court for Marion County in compliance with ORS 183.484.

ITEM NO. CA2

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON STAFF REPORT PUBLIC MEETING DATE: January 11, 2022

REGULAR CONSENT X EFFECTIVE DATE January 1, 2022

DATE: January 3, 2022

TO: Public Utility Commission

FROM: Mitchell Moore

THROUGH: Bryan Conway, John Crider, and Matt Muldoon SIGNED

SUBJECT: <u>IDAHO POWER COMPANY</u>:

(Docket No. UM 1464(12))

Requests reauthorization to defer Net Power Cost Variances.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Idaho Power Company's (Idaho Power, IPC or Company) request to defer variances in its collection of net power costs for the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

DISCUSSION:

Issue

Whether Idaho Power should be allowed to continue to defer costs for variances in the annual net power costs pursuant to Commission Order No. 08-238 and Idaho Power Tariff Schedule 56.

Applicable Law

In accordance with ORS 757.259, utilities may seek approval to defer amounts for later inclusion in rates to minimize the frequency of rate changes or to appropriately match customer benefits and costs. The Commission's final determination on the amount of deferrals allowable in the rates of the utility is subject to a finding by the Commission that the amount was prudently incurred by the utility.

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Unless subject to an automatic adjustment clause under ORS 757.210(1), amounts deferred are allowed in rates to the extent authorized by the Commission in a proceeding under ORS 757.210 to change rates and upon review of the utility's earnings at the time of application to amortize the deferral.

OAR 860-027-0300 is the Commission's rule governing the use of deferred accounting by energy and large telecommunications utilities and requires the utility to provide certain information in an application to defer, such as the reason for the deferral and the estimated amount of the deferral.

The Commission most recently approved the Company's deferral request for 2021 in Order No. 21-031.

Analysis

Description of Expense

In Order No. 08-238, the Commission approved an annual Power Cost Adjustment Mechanism (PCAM) for Idaho Power. With this deferral application, Idaho Power seeks authorization from the Commission to accrue, for future amortization, the difference between actual annual net variable power costs and the annual net variable power costs forecasted pursuant to Tariff Schedule 56, in accordance with Order No. 08-238. The annual variance will be determined pursuant to the terms of Schedule 56, which includes a Power Supply Expense Deadband and an Earnings Test.

Also included in this deferral are incremental operations and maintenance expense associated with the Company's participation in the EIM.

The Company made this filing on December 14, 2021.

Reason for Deferral

The net variable power cost deferral will minimize the frequency of rate changes and more appropriately match the costs borne by and the benefits received by ratepayers pursuant to ORS 757.259(2)(e).

Proposed Accounting

Idaho Power proposes to record the deferred amount in FERC Account 182.3 (Regulatory Assets) and credit FERC Account 557 (Other Expenses) if there is an amount to collect from customers. If there is a refund due to customers, the Company will record the deferred amount in FERC 254 (Regulatory Liabilities); debiting FERC 557 (Other Expenses). In the absence of deferred accounting approval, Idaho Power will

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record costs associated with the net variable power cost deferral to FERC 501 (Fuel), FERC 547 (Fuel), FERC 447 (Sales for Resale), and FERC 555 (Purchased Power).

Estimate of Amounts

In its filing, the Company states that the amount actually deferred is a function of several unknown and unpredictable factors including customer usage, the wholesale market price for electricity, and the wholesale market price for natural gas. Because the amount of the deferral is dependent on factors that cannot be precisely forecast, Idaho Power cannot provide a precise estimate. Idaho Power requests that, in accordance with Order No. 05-1070, it be allowed to accrue interest on the unamortized balance at a rate equal to its authorized weighted average cost of capital most recently approved by the Commission.

Idaho Power has also provided work papers detailing prior period activity pursuant to OAR 860-027-0300(4). Staff has reviewed the work papers associated with the 2021 period and agrees that the Company's accounting methodology appears to be sufficient. Any necessary amortization would be accomplished in a change to Schedule 56 during a subsequent proceeding.

Information Related to Future Amortization

- Earnings review Schedule 56 requires an earnings review.
- Prudence Review A prudence review is a required component of an earnings review, and should include a verification of the accounting methodology used to determine the final amortization balance.
- Sharing Sharing is subject to the terms of Schedule 56.
- Rate Spread/Design The net variable power cost deferral amortization amount will be spread on an equal cents per kWh basis, as specified in Schedule 56.
- Three Percent Test (ORS 757.259(6)) The three percent test measures the annual overall average effect on customer rates resulting from deferral amortizations. The three percent test limits (exceptions at ORS 757.259(7) and (8)) the aggregated deferral amortizations during a 12-month period to no more than three percent of the utility's gross revenues for the preceding year. Because Idaho Power is an electric utility, ORS 757.259(8) allows the Commission to consider up to a six percent limit.

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Conclusion

The rationale for this deferral is still valid, and the Company's application meets the requirements of ORS 757.259 and OAR 860-027-0300. Idaho Power also requested that, in accordance with Order No. 05-1070, it be allowed to accrue interest on the unamortized balance at a rate equal to its authorized weighted average cost of capital most recently approved by the Commission. This is the interest treatment that has been historically approved by the Commission. Staff recommends the Company's application be approved.

PROPOSED COMMISSION MOTION:

Approve Idaho Power's request to defer variances in its collection of net power costs for the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

IPC UM 1464(12) PCV deferral