ENTERED Jan 23, 2020

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

UM 1050

PACIFICORP, dba PACIFIC POWER,

In the Matter of

ORDER

Request to Initiate an Investigation of Multi-Jurisdictional Issues and Approve an Inter-Jurisdictional Cost Allocation Protocol.

DISPOSITION: 2020 PROTOCOL ADOPTED

I. INTRODUCTION

PacifiCorp, dba Pacific Power, seeks approval of its 2020 Inter-Jurisdictional Allocation Protocol (2020 Protocol) to update the company's inter-jurisdictional allocation methodology. The Oregon signatories to the 2020 Protocol—PacifiCorp, Commission Staff, the Oregon Citizens' Utility Board (CUB), the Alliance of Western Energy Consumers (AWEC), and the Sierra Club (the Oregon Stipulating Parties)—filed a stipulation and joint testimony requesting we adopt the stipulation and approve the 2020 Protocol, specifically sections 3 and 4.¹ Small Business Utility Advocates (SBUA) filed an objection to the Oregon Stipulation on January 14, 2020. On January 21, 2020 the Oregon Stipulating Parties moved for leave to respond to the SBUA objection, and filed a response. In this order, we adopt the stipulation, approve Sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol as filed, reject SBUA's objection, and grant the Oregon Stipulating Parties' request for leave to respond to the objection.

II. BACKGROUND

This docket is our long-standing and ongoing proceeding for PacifiCorp's multi-state allocation methodology.² PacifiCorp's allocation protocols are used in regulatory proceedings to determine how PacifiCorp's system costs are allocated among the utility's

¹ We refer to the "Oregon Stipulation" and "Oregon Stipulating Parties" to avoid confusion with the larger 2020 Protocol document and 2020 Protocol signatories.

² Order No. 02-193 (Mar 26, 2002) (the order initiating this docket identified three goals for the MSP:

⁽¹⁾ allow PacifiCorp an opportunity to recover its prudently incurred costs, (2) ensure that Oregon's share of costs is equitable, and (3) meet the public interest standard).

service territories in six states (Utah, Oregon, Idaho, Wyoming, Washington, and California). The protocols allocate PacifiCorp's costs, which are then subject to our review.

On December 3, 2019, PacifiCorp filed the 2020 Protocol with supporting testimony. The 2020 Protocol is PacifiCorp's fifth multi-state allocation agreement.³ The 2020 Protocol prescribes an allocation methodology for all components of PacifiCorp's service. It has been signed by PacifiCorp and 22 other parties from five states, and is subject to review by state commissions in each of PacifiCorp's six states. The agreement contains a calculation methodology to determine what percentage of PacifiCorp's system costs are assigned to individual states and subject to state commission review in regulatory proceedings such as general rate cases and net power cost cases.

Seven Oregon stakeholders have intervened in this proceeding over the last decade. For this cycle of PacifiCorp's allocation agreement, four Oregon parties signed the 2020 Protocol itself, and these parties and PacifiCorp separately memorialized their agreement in a stipulation with supporting testimony.

The Oregon Stipulation states that the parties support approval of the 2020 Protocol as the basis for allocating all components of PacifiCorp's regulated service for the purpose of establishing just and reasonable rates in Oregon during the term of the 2020 Protocol.⁴ The Oregon Stipulation further states that the 2020 Protocol governs inter-jurisdictional allocation issues only, and that we remain responsible for establishing just and reasonable rates for PacifiCorp's Oregon customers. The Oregon Stipulating Parties request that we approve the Oregon Stipulation and 2020 Protocol as filed.

SBUA argues that the Commission should not issue an order approving the Oregon Stipulation at this time and suggests an evidentiary hearing may be appropriate prior to consideration of the 2020 Protocol and the Oregon Stipulation. The Oregon Stipulating Parties request an opportunity to respond to SBUA's objection. They argue that the objection fails to identify any substantive deficiency in the 2020 Protocol, and mischaracterizes the Oregon Stipulation.

III. DISCUSSION

We review the terms of any stipulation for reasonableness and accord with the public interest.⁵ The Oregon Stipulating Parties request that we adopt the Oregon Stipulation

³ See Orders No. Order No. 05-021 (Jan 12, 2005); Order No. 11-244 (Jul 5, 2011); Order No. 16-319 (Aug 23, 2016); Order No. 17-124 (Mar 29, 2017) (all in Docket UM 1050).

⁴ Oregon Stipulation at 2 (Dec 30, 2019).

⁵ In re PacifiCorp, Transition Adjustment, Five-Year Cost of Service Opt-out, Docket UE 267, Order No. 15-060 at 4 (Feb 24, 2015) ("we clarify that we do not defer to, and are not bound by the terms of *any* stipulation. Although we encourage parties to resolve disputes informally, we must review the terms of any

and approve sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol for use in PacifiCorp regulatory proceedings through 2023.⁶ In this order, we adopt the Oregon Stipulation as filed, approve sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol, and explain our overall approach to reviewing the 2020 Protocol.

We reject SBUA's objection. Our approval represents that the Company's general allocation framework, supported by the Oregon Stipulating Parties, is reasonable. Our approval does not set rates, determine prudence, or bind future Commissions. We agree with SBUA that a much more substantial and thorough evidentiary review will be necessary to examine whether or not application of the 2020 Protocol is appropriate in any particular circumstance, and we intend to pursue such an examination in future dockets whenever application of the protocol will produce rate impacts for customers.

SBUA's objection does not substantively analyze the proposal or raise any specific disagreement with its provisions. We would expect an objection to identify some substantive elements in the filing or testimony as the focus of more process. Instead, SBUA raises no substantive issues and presents concerns that are wholly based on the process we should use to set rates. These process concerns are not sufficient grounds for rejecting the Oregon Stipulation in this instance, because adopting the Oregon Stipulation and approving the 2020 Protocol does not set rates. As the Oregon Stipulating Parties note, "…the 2020 Protocol does not bind and cannot be used to prohibit arguments that the 2020 Protocol no longer produces results that are just, reasonable, or in the public interest."⁷ With no other substantive grounds presented for rejecting the Oregon Stipulation or the framework presented in the 2020 Protocol, we reject SBUA's objection.

We approach the 2020 Protocol with the foundational principle that we value agreement among PacifiCorp's states in the context of an allocation agreement. We first stated this principle fifteen years ago,⁸ and have relied on the parties' consensus in approving previous protocols. In this proceeding, the parties emphasize that the 2020 Protocol is a negotiated agreement, resulting from nearly three years of discussions in PacifiCorp's multi-state process (MSP). The document itself is signed by diverse and varied stakeholders from Oregon, Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, and Washington. The Oregon

stipulation for reasonableness and accord with the public interest. We also affirm that, as set out in OAR 860-001-0350, we may adopt or reject a stipulation in its entirety, or adopt it with modifications to its terms.").

⁶ Oregon Stipulating Parties/100, Lockey, Storm, Jenks, Mullings, Hausman/9, 11.

⁷ Oregon Stipulating Parties Motion for Leave to Respond and Response to the Small Business Utility Advocates' Objection to the Stipulation at 6 (Jan 21, 2020).

⁸ Order No. 05-021 at 7 ("We believe that there are benefits to an agreement among all of the states.").

Stipulating Parties state that throughout the negotiations, PacifiCorp provided studies, analysis and other information in response to requests for information.

The 2020 Protocol makes limited changes to the currently-effective 2017 Protocol which we have used for PacifiCorp's regulatory filings in Oregon for the last three years.⁹ Below we analyze some specific modifications to the 2017 Protocol, referred to as "Implemented Issues."

The remainder of this order focuses on our approval of the "Implemented Issues" in sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol. Our record for evaluating the Implemented Issues consists only of the 2020 Protocol itself, the Oregon Stipulation, and the two sets of narrative supporting testimony. We focus on sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol because these are the sections that will be implemented in the near term and which can be evaluated based on the narrative testimony in our record.

The 2020 Protocol contains significant detail on numerous other issues, with signatory agreement on parts of a future allocation framework (Resolved Issues) and a framework for stakeholders to have future discussions on more difficult, unresolved issues (Framework Issues). We comment briefly on certain of these issues in order to inform future discussion among the Oregon Parties and the signatories. However, we do not reach a decision on these issues in this order, either because we have no record to evaluate them, or because they are merely identified in the 2020 Protocol as issues that will be addressed in a future agreement,¹⁰ and consequently will be reviewed by a future Commission.¹¹

A. Section 3 of the 2020 Protocol

1. Description of Key Terms

Section 3 contains the allocation method for the interim period, effective immediately and terminating no later than December 31, 2023.¹² The Oregon Stipulating Parties

⁹ Oregon Stipulating Parties/100, Lockey, Storm, Jenks, Mullins, Hausman/10 ("The 2020 Protocol includes substantially similar terms as the 2017 Protocol.").

¹⁰ Oregon Stipulating Parties/100, Lockey, Storm, Jenks, Mullins, Hausman/8-9 ("The resolved issues are part of a future post-interim period method agreement. No party to the 2020 Protocol is committed to such an agreement until all aspects can be reviewed in their entirety. Only if and when a post-interim period method is reached, will the parties to such a future agreement seek Commission approval. Nothing in this filing, or the 2020 Protocol, prejudges that subsequent filing.").

¹¹ See e.g., In the Matter of Public Utility Commission of Oregon, Investigation of the Oregon Universal Service Fund, Docket No. UM 1481, Order No. 15-365 (Nov 12, 2015) (The Commission declined to adopt portions of a stipulation with specific disbursement levels that would apply six years later, stating "as a quasi-legislative body, we have no authority to bind this Commission on such future decisions."). ¹² Oregon Stipulating Parties/100, Lockey, Storm, Jenks, Mullins, Hausman/6, n.7.

characterize this section as largely extending the 2017 Protocol, subject to the modifications listed.

The 2020 Protocol modifies two financial terms from the 2017 Protocol. First, it discontinues a charge from the 2017 Protocol referred to as the "equalization adjustment."¹³ Second, it removes the "floor" or minimum on Oregon's dynamic embedded cost differential (ECD or hydro endowment), which is a credit to Oregon, and includes a cap of \$11 million.¹⁴

The 2020 Protocol also changes the treatment of Qualifying Facilities (QFs) so that future QF contracts are the responsibility of the state approving them. The treatment is outlined in Section 4.4 of the protocol.

Otherwise, the 2020 Protocol maintains the status quo allocation, with existing and new generation and transmission resources (online before 2024) treated as system resources and allocated to Oregon based on our use of the PacifiCorp system. Oregon's use will continue to be measured with the System Generation (SG) factor.¹⁵ PacifiCorp explains the SG factor is comprised of 75 percent demand or capacity use, and 25 percent energy use. The 75 percent demand, or capacity use, reflects the relative capacity requirements of each state based on 12 monthly coincident peaks. The 25 percent system energy use is based on weather-normalized energy for each jurisdiction.

2. Commission Resolution

We find section 3 is in the public interest as it largely maintains our current allocation methodology with the SG factor. We accept PacifiCorp's justification that continuation of the SG factor is well-grounded in past protocols and produces an overall cost allocation result that is acceptable to all states.¹⁶

We emphasize that the 2020 Protocol does not prejudge the prudence of any cost. The Oregon Stipulating Parties explain that the 2020 Protocol does not alter our authority to

¹³ Order No. 17-124 at 2 (Equalization adjustment was a \$9.07 million annual charge (\$2.6 million for Oregon) representing approximately two-tenths of one percent of each state's annual revenue requirement. The equalization adjustment was intended to reduce the shortfall the company experienced under the 2010 Protocol.).

¹⁴ The ECD or hydro endowment is calculated based on the difference between the total cost of the company's northwest hydro facilities and the cost of all other company resources in service prior to 2005. The calculation is more fully explained at PAC/200, McDougal/4.

¹⁵ PAC/100, Lockey/13.

¹⁶ See PAC/200, McDougal/10 (Explaining that a wide range of demand and energy classification methods could be supported on a technical basis, but the 75 percent demand / 25 percent energy method continues to be selected because it produces an overall cost allocation result that is acceptable to all the states.); PAC/101, Lockey/121 (2020 Protocol, Appendix F, stating that Washington accepts the SG allocation for its rate case for certain system transmission and non-emitting resources).

determine fair, just, and reasonable rates.¹⁷ The 2020 Protocol also does not alter our authority, or the rights of the Oregon Stipulating Parties,¹⁸ to address changed or unforeseen circumstances when we evaluate PacifiCorp's rates. In its objection, SBUA suggests that a hearing could be conducted to examine the 2020 Protocol because "setting rates which are just and reasonable [is] a crucial part of the function of the Commission."¹⁹ Our order approving the 2020 Protocol does not establish or change rates for customers. The Oregon Stipulating Parties correctly explain that, when rates are set in future proceedings, the 2020 Protocol does not change our ability and responsibility to approve just and reasonable rates supported by evidence. Indeed, we note that in these future proceedings we expect parties to develop robust records that the Commission will carefully examine.

B. Section 4 of the 2020 Protocol

1. Description of Key Terms

Section 4 contains the "Implemented Issues" with provisions that include states' decisions to exit coal-fueled resources, reassignment of coal-fueled resources, decommissioning costs, and treatment of QFs. PacifiCorp describes the first three issues as setting forth a process that will be used to allow states to set a date-certain for ending their participation in the costs or benefits from existing coal-fueled resources, and to allow other states to review whether to take on an additional share of the costs and benefits of coal-fueled generation.²⁰

Regarding QFs, PacifiCorp explains that the 2020 Protocol sets forth a transitional approach for allocating the costs of QFs to the state where the QFs are approved, with full situs-allocation of QFs beginning in 2029. During the transitional period, QFs with executed contracts or legally enforceable obligations as of December 31, 2019, will continue to be system allocated.²¹ For QFs that have executed contracts or legally enforceable obligations that arise after December 31, 2019, their costs will be system allocated based on a forecasted reasonable energy price, and any costs above that reasonable energy price will be situs assigned to the state approving the QF contract.

¹⁷ PAC/101, Lockey/6 (2020 Protocol at Section 1 states "The proposed allocation of a particular expense or investment to a State under the 2020 Protocol is not intended to and will not prejudge the prudence of that cost or the extent to which any particular cost may be reflected in rates.").

¹⁸ *Id.* (2020 Protocol at Section 1 states "Parties support the 2020 Protocol, but their support will not, in any manner, affect or negate their right to address changed or unforeseen circumstances, including changes in laws or regulations.").

¹⁹ SBUA Objection to the Stipulation (Jan 14, 2020).

²⁰ PAC/100, Lockey/15.

²¹ The 2020 Protocol calls for the costs of these projects to then be situs assigned after the end of 2029.

2. Commission Resolution

We noted in approving the 2017 Protocol that "Oregon will be facing new and unique allocation issues due to the passage of SB 1547 which, in part, requires the removal of coal resources from Oregon rates by 2030."²² The 2020 Protocol provides a reasonable path for us to meet the 2030 deadline established in SB 1547.²³ We approve the general concept in the 2020 Protocol whereby we will issue an "exit order" that will set an end-date for Oregon's allocation of the costs and benefits of each coal-fueled plant. We believe the process set out in the 2020 Protocol gives PacifiCorp sufficient notice regarding exits, to ensure that appropriate ratemaking treatment can be accomplished in Oregon and other states.

We have some uncertainty about the specific sequence and dates listed in the 2020 Protocol because we do not have a record in this proceeding to evaluate those specific dates, and will need to engage in detailed review in a separate proceeding to establish appropriate Oregon exit dates. We similarly will evaluate the years for depreciable lives when PacifiCorp presents a record for those dates in a separate proceeding. We recognize that the Oregon Stipulating Parties have committed among themselves to support the exit dates listed in the 2020 Protocol. We will require an evidentiary record that makes a strong case for the exit dates we ultimately adopt, and we expect that such a record will need to at least evaluate why the dates established in the 2020 Protocol are more appropriate than other Oregon exit dates.

Accordingly, we clarify that we expect the development of a record in future proceedings that supports the exit dates detailed, and we expect that the Oregon Stipulating Parties (and other parties to our proceedings) will work with the Commission to develop that record so that our decisions are informed by robust analysis and calculated to result in just and reasonable rates. We again emphasize that approval of the 2020 Protocol does not pre-determine prudence or reasonableness of costs in ratemaking, or pre-determine closure dates for coal-fueled resources.²⁴

We approve the 2020 Protocol's provision that will transition above-market QF costs to the state responsible for those rates. We approved a similar concept in the 2017 Protocol, which allowed for situs assignment of costs above what the company would have otherwise incurred for a comparable resource.²⁵ We similarly approve the 2020 Protocol, which contains a more explicit description of the generic energy price that new QFs will

²² Order No. 16-319 at 6.

²³ ORS 757.518(2) (2019) ("On or before January 1, 2030, an electric company shall eliminate coal-fired resources from its allocation of electricity.").

²⁴ Oregon Stipulating Parties/100, Lockey, Storm, Jenks, Mullins, Hausman/8.

²⁵ PacifiCorp's Direct Testimony in Support of the 2017 Protocol, PAC/100, Dalley/14 (Dec 30, 2015).

be compared to (describing it as a market price with a weighting applied for each market hub by month, and heavy and light load hours).²⁶

C. Discussion of Framework and Resolved Issues

There are many important concepts in the Framework and Resolved Issues that we do not address in this order, but we briefly touch on the Nodal Pricing Model (NPM) to emphasize the high level of transparency we expect to see with a nodal pricing proposal. The 2020 Protocol contains the parties' Memorandum of Understanding supporting the company's pursuit of a NPM. The NPM is described as a method for pricing electricity that is based on the marginal cost (\$/MWh) of serving the next increment of demand at a given pricing node consistent with existing transmission constraints and the performance characteristics of resources.²⁷ PacifiCorp explains the purpose of pursuing this pricing regime is to allow states to pursue and be allocated the costs and benefits of different portfolios, while maintaining the benefits of system dispatch as much as practicable. PacifiCorp also concedes this is a complex issue.²⁸

When PacifiCorp presents nodal pricing for our review, we will seek to understand how bidding, congestion and other parameters impact the cost of a resource and the "credits" applied. We ask PacifiCorp to aim for extensive transparency around how the day ahead nodal pricing is designed, with explanations of how resources will be bid into the model, how resources will win awards to run, descriptions of what conditions or decisions impact clearing prices, and how congestion occurs and can be mitigated.

We also comment briefly on how the Resolved Issues, which represent areas in which the signatories to the 2020 Protocol reached agreement on issues for future implementation, may be impacted by continuing negotiation of the Framework Issues. The manner in which the parties resolve the significant open questions represented by the Framework Issues may impact our view of the appropriate resolution of the Resolved Issues. An important example is allocation of transmission. The 2020 Protocol identifies, as a Resolved Issue, application of the 75 percent demand / 25 percent energy method for system allocation of all transmission costs. We note, however, that the Framework Issues include implementation of the NPM and discussion of state-specific resource selection in integrated resource planning (IRP), both of which could have an impact on how transmission should be allocated in a new agreement. While we acknowledge the effort that the signatories to the 2020 Protocol and the Oregon Stipulating Parties have dedicated to resolving some future issues, we encourage revisiting the Resolved Issues following resolution of the Framework Issues in order to ensure that the rationale for the agreed resolution remains robust.

²⁶ PAC/300, Wilding/5.

²⁷ PAC/101, Lockey/74 (2020 Protocol, Appendix A, Definitions).

²⁸ PAC/100, Lockey/26.

D. Conclusion

We adopt the Oregon Stipulation and approve sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol. We find the Oregon Stipulation to be reasonable and consistent with the public interest. We emphasize that this determination does not bind future Commissions, particularly if circumstances change, or if evidence is later presented that leads to different conclusions. Similarly, we do not set or establish rates through approval of the 2020 Protocol. For these reasons, we grant the Oregon Stipulating Parties' motion to respond to SBUA's objection, reject SBUA's objection to the Oregon Stipulation, and decline to conduct a hearing in this docket.

IV. ORDER

IT IS ORDERED that:

- 1. The January 21, 2020 motion of the Oregon Stipulating Parties is granted.
- 2. The Oregon Stipulation, attached as Appendix A, is adopted.
- 3. Sections 3 and 4 of the 2020 Protocol, attached as Appendix B, are approved.

Made, entered, and effective Jan 23 2020

Mega W Deck

Megan W. Decker Chair



Letha Launey

Letha Tawney Commissioner

Tre "

Mark R. Thompson Commissioner

A party may request rehearing or reconsideration of this order under ORS 756.561. A request for rehearing or reconsideration must be filed with the Commission within 60 days of the date of service of this order. The request must comply with the requirements in OAR 860-001-0720. A copy of the request must also be served on each party to the proceedings as provided in OAR 860-001-0180(2). A party may appeal this order by filing a petition for review with the Court of Appeals in compliance with ORS 183.480 through 183.484.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

UM 1050

In the Matter of

PACIFICORP, d/b/a PACIFIC POWER,

Petition for Approval of the 2020 Inter-Jurisdictional Allocation Protocol.

STIPULATION

1	This Stipulation addresses all the issues among PacifiCorp d/b/a Pacific Power
2	(PacifiCorp), Public Utility Commission of Oregon (Commission) Staff, the Oregon
3	Citizens' Utility Board (CUB), the Alliance of Western Energy Consumers (AWEC),
4	and Sierra Club (collectively the Stipulating Parties) regarding the 2020 PacifiCorp
5	Inter-Jurisdictional Allocation Protocol (2020 Protocol) filed in Docket No. UM 1050
6	on December 3, 2019.
7	PARTIES
8	1. The parties to this Stipulation are PacifiCorp, Staff, CUB, AWEC, and Sierra
9	Club. All of the Stipulating Parties are signatories to the 2020 Protocol. Other Parties
10	to this proceeding are Calpine Energy Solutions, LLC (Calpine), Northwest &
11	Intermountain Power Producers Coalition (NIPPC), NW Energy Coalition (NWEC),
12	Portland General Electric (PGE), and the Renewable Energy Coalition. This Stipulation
13	is a full settlement of the issues by the Stipulating Parties.
14	BACKGROUND
15	2. On December 3, 2019, PacifiCorp filed the 2020 Protocol, with direct
16	testimony and exhibits from Etta Lockey, Michael G. Wilding, and Steven E.

1	McDougal. The 2020 Protocol was the result of multi-year negotiations through
2	PacifiCorp's Multi-State Process (MSP). Docket No. UM 1050 is an ongoing
3	investigation in which PacifiCorp submits its allocation method for Commission
4	approval following the MSP stakeholder process.
5	3. On April 4, 2002, CUB filed its notice of intervention. On March 13, 2002,
6	AWEC (fka Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities) filed its petition to intervene.
7	4. On May 9, 2002, PGE filed its petition to intervene.
8	5. On October 10, 2003, NWEC filed its petition to intervene
9	6. On March 3, 2016, Calpine (fka Noble Americas Energy Solutions LLC)
10	filed its petition to intervene.
11	7. On March 31, 2016, NIPPC filed its petition to intervene.
12	8. On February 21, 2017, Sierra Club filed its petition to intervene.
13	9. On December 10, 2019, Administrative Law Judge Nolan Moser issued a
14	prehearing conference memorandum adopting a procedural schedule for this proceeding.
15	10. On December 16, 2019, Small Business Utility Advocates filed its petition to
16	intervene.
17	AGREEMENT
18	11. The Stipulating Parties support Commission approval of the 2020 Protocol as
19	the basis for allocating all components of PacifiCorp's regulated service for the purpose
20	of establishing just and reasonable rates in Oregon during the term of the 2020 Protocol.
21	12. The Stipulating Parties agree that the 2020 Protocol governs inter-
22	jurisdictional allocation issues only, and that the Commission alone remains responsible
23	for establishing just and reasonable rates for PacifiCorp's Oregon customers.

1	13. The Stipulating Parties agree to submit this Stipulation to the Commission
2	and request that the Commission approve the Stipulation and 2020 Protocol as filed.
3	The Stipulating Parties agree that this Stipulation and the 2020 Protocol are in the public
4	interest and that the allocation methodology in the 2020 Protocol will result in rates that
5	are fair, just, and reasonable, as required by ORS 756.040.
6	14. This Stipulation will be offered into the record of this proceeding as evidence
7	pursuant to OAR 860-001-0350(7). The Stipulating Parties agree to support this
8	Stipulation throughout this proceeding and any appeal, provide witnesses to sponsor this
9	Stipulation at any hearing before the Commission, and recommend that the Commission
10	issue an order adopting the settlements contained herein. The Stipulating Parties also
11	agree to cooperate in drafting and submitting joint testimony or a brief in support of the
12	Stipulation in accordance with OAR 860-001-0350(7).
13	15. If this Stipulation is challenged, the Stipulating Parties agree that they will
14	continue to support the Commission's adoption of the terms of this Stipulation. The
15	Stipulating Parties agree to cooperate in cross-examination and put on such a case as
16	they deem appropriate to respond fully to the issues presented, which may include
17	raising issues that are incorporated in the settlements embodied in this Stipulation.
18	16. The Stipulating Parties have negotiated this Stipulation as an integrated
19	document. If the Commission rejects all or any material part of this Stipulation or adds
20	any material condition to any final order that is not consistent with this Stipulation, each
21	Stipulating Party reserves its right, pursuant to OAR 860-001-0350(9), to present
22	evidence and argument on the record in support of the Stipulation or to withdraw from
23	the Stipulation. To withdraw from the Stipulation, a Stipulating Party must provide

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written notice to the Commission and other Stipulating Parties within five days of
 service of the final order rejecting, modifying, or conditioning this Stipulation.
 Stipulating Parties shall be entitled to seek rehearing or reconsideration pursuant to
 OAR 860-001-0720 in any manner that is consistent with the agreement embodied in
 this Stipulation.

6 17. By entering into this Stipulation, no Stipulating Party shall be deemed to 7 have approved, admitted, or consented to the facts, principles, methods, or theories 8 employed by any other Stipulating Party in arriving at the terms of this Stipulation, other 9 than those specifically identified in the body of this Stipulation. No Stipulating Party 10 shall be deemed to have agreed that any provision of this Stipulation is appropriate for 11 resolving issues in any other proceeding, except as specifically identified in this 12 Stipulation.

13 18. The Stipulating Parties agree that this Stipulation represents a compromise in 14 the positions of the Stipulating Parties. Without the written consent of each Stipulating 15 Party, evidence of conduct or statements, including but not limited to term sheets or 16 other documents created solely for use in settlement conferences in this docket, are 17 confidential and not admissible in the instant or any subsequent proceeding, unless 18 independently discoverable or offered for other purposes allowed under ORS 40.190. 19 19. This Stipulation is not enforceable by any Stipulating Party unless and until 20 adopted by the Commission in a final order. Each signatory to this Stipulation 21 acknowledges that they are signing this Stipulation in good faith and that they intend to 22 abide by the terms of this Stipulation unless and until the Stipulation is rejected or

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- 1 adopted only in part by the Commission. The Stipulating Parties agree that the
- 2 Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to enforce or modify the Stipulation.
- 3 20. This Stipulation may be executed in counterparts and each signed counterpart
- 4 shall constitute an original document.
- 5 21. This Stipulation is entered into by each Stipulating Party on the date entered
- 6 below such Stipulating Party's signature.

PACIFICORP

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

By:	\frown
Date: 12/30/19	X
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By: _____

Date:_____

OREGON CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD (CUB)

ALLIANCE OF WESTERN ENERGY CONSUMERS (AWEC)

Date:_____

By: _____
Date:_____

SIERRA CLUB

Date:_____

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By:

Date:

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PACIFICORP

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

By:

Date:_____

OREGON CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD (CUB)

ALLIANCE OF WESTERN ENERGY CONSUMERS (AWEC)

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By:			

Date:

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SIERRA CLUB

Bv:				
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Date:_____

UM 1050-Stipulation

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PACIFICORP

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

By: _____

Date:_____

Date:_____

OREGON CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD (CUB)

ALLIANCE OF WESTERN ENERGY CONSUMERS (AWEC)

By: Del Jaka

Date: 12-30-19

By: _____

Date:_____

SIERRA CLUB

Date:_____

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STAFF OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

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By:			
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Date:_____

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OREGON CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD (CUB)

ALLIANCE OF WESTERN ENERGY CONSUMERS (AWEC)

By: _____

Date:_____

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SIERRA CLUB

Date:_____

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By:	By:	
Date:	Date:	

OREGON CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD (CUB)

ALLIANCE OF WESTERN ENERGY CONSUMERS (AWEC)

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SIERRA CLUB

By:	Christm
Date:	12.30.19

PacifiCorp's proposal, including proposing alternative allocation methodologies, filing a

112

complaint, or requesting an investigation of PacifiCorp's proposal. 113 2.2.3. Post-Interim Period Method Agreement Not Reached 114 If the Company determines that it is unlikely that a Post-Interim Period Method agreement 115 116 will be reached before the end of the Interim Period, then the Company will propose an allocation method for the Post-Interim Period for consideration by the Commissions. Parties are free to take 117 any position regarding PacifiCorp's proposal, including proposing alternative allocation 118 119 methodologies, or initiating a complaint or investigation of PacifiCorp's proposal. 2.2.4. Early Commission Approvals of Post-Interim Period Method 120 If a Post-Interim Period Method agreement is reached on or before December 31, 2022, 121 any Post-Interim Period Method agreement will address whether and the degree to which the 122 Company will use the Post-Interim Period Method in regulatory proceedings or filings commenced 123 after December 31, 2022. 124 2.2.5. Regulatory Filings to Implement Post-Interim Period Method 125 Any Post-Interim Period Method agreement will address whether and the degree to which 126 the Company may use the Post-Interim Period Method in regulatory proceedings or filings 127 commenced during the Interim Period while Commission approvals of the Post-Interim Period 128 Method agreement are pending but to be effective after the end of the Interim Period. 129 3. **Interim Period Allocation Method** 130 The 2017 Protocol expires December 31, 2019.⁴ The Parties representing interests in the 131 States of California, Idaho, Oregon, Utah, and Wyoming (collectively referred to as the "Five State 132 Parties" and the "Five States") agree that the methodology outlined in the 2017 Protocol being 133

⁴ As proposed in PacifiCorp's 2019 California general rate case filing, the 2017 Protocol does not expire in California on December 31, 2019.

134	used by the Company in 2019 should continue, as outlined and modified in Section 3, during the
135	Interim Period while the Parties continue to negotiate the Framework Issues necessary to develop
136	the Post-Interim Period Method. The Washington Parties agree that the methodology outlined in
137	the WCA being used in 2019 should, subject to the terms included in Appendix F, continue during
138	the Interim Period while the Parties continue to negotiate the Framework Issues necessary to
139	develop the Post-Interim Period Method.
140	For the Five States, the terms of the 2017 Protocol that will be used during the Interim
141	Period under the 2020 Protocol are provided in Section 3.1. The 2017 Protocol terms that are
142	being modified by this Agreement are provided in Section 3.2.
143 144	3.1. Continuing Terms of the 2017 Protocol for the Five States Interim Period Allocation Methodology ⁵
145	Items included in the Company's results of operations will be allocated on the factors set
146	forth below. The FERC account and allocation factor combinations are included in Appendix B.
147	The algebraic derivation and factor definitions are included in Appendix C.
148	3.1.1. Classification of Interim Period Resources
149	All Fixed Costs of Interim Period Resources will be classified as 75 percent Demand-
150	Related and 25 percent Energy-Related. All Non-Firm Purchases and Sales will be classified as
151	100 percent Energy-Related.
152	3.1.2. Allocation of Interim Period Resource Costs and Wholesale Revenues
153	Interim Period Resources will be allocated to one of two categories for inter-jurisdictional
154	allocation purposes: State Resources or System Resources. A complete description of allocation
155	factors to be used is set forth in Appendix B.

⁵ Terminology in Section 3.1 has been modified from the language in the 2017 Protocol to maintain consistency in the use of terms within the 2020 Protocol.

156	There are three types of State Resources. The remaining types of Interim Period Resources
157	are System Resources, which constitute the substantial majority of PacifiCorp's Resources.
158	Benefits and costs associated with each category and type of Interim Period Resource will be
159	assigned or allocated to States on the following basis.
160	3.1.2.1. Interim Period State Resources
161	Benefits and costs associated with the three types of State Resources will be assigned or
162	allocated as follows:
163	• Demand-Side Management ("DSM") Programs: Costs associated with DSM
164	Programs, including Class 1 DSM Programs, will be allocated on a situs basis to
165	the State in which the investment is made. Benefits from these programs, in the
166	form of reduced consumption and contribution to Coincident Peak, will be reflected
167	in the Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors.
168	• <u>Portfolio Standards</u> : The portion of costs associated with Interim Period Resources
169	acquired to comply with a State's Portfolio Standard adopted, either through
170	legislative enactment or by a State's Commission, that exceed the costs PacifiCorp
171	would have otherwise incurred, will be allocated on a situs basis to the Jurisdiction
172	adopting the Portfolio Standard.
173	• <u>State-Specific Initiatives</u> : Costs and benefits associated with Interim Period
174	Resources acquired in accordance with a State-specific initiative will be allocated
175	and assigned on a situs basis to the State adopting the initiative. State-specific
176	initiatives include, but are not limited to, the costs and benefits of incentive
177	programs, net-metering tariffs, feed-in tariffs, capacity standard programs, solar

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178	subscription programs, electric vehicle programs, and the acquisition of renewable
179	energy certificates.
180	3.1.2.2. Interim Period System Resources
181	All Interim Period Resources that are not State Resources are System Resources and will
182	be allocated as follows:
183	• Generally, all Fixed Costs associated with System Resources and all costs incurred
184	under Wholesale Contracts will be allocated based upon the System Generation
185	("SG") Factor.
186	• Generally, all Variable Costs associated with System Resources will be allocated
187	based upon the System Energy ("SE") Factor.
188	• Revenues received by PacifiCorp under Wholesale Contracts will be allocated
189	based upon the SG Factor.
190 191	3.1.3. Re-functionalization and Allocation of Transmission Costs and Revenues
191	Revenues
191 192	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or
191 192 193	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or distribution with FERC, PacifiCorp will submit filings seeking review and authorization of any
191 192 193 194	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or distribution with FERC, PacifiCorp will submit filings seeking review and authorization of any such reclassification with the Commissions. The cost responsibility for any assets reclassified
191 192 193 194 195	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or distribution with FERC, PacifiCorp will submit filings seeking review and authorization of any such reclassification with the Commissions. The cost responsibility for any assets reclassified under FERC policy will be assigned or allocated consistent with other assets in the relevant
 191 192 193 194 195 196 	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or distribution with FERC, PacifiCorp will submit filings seeking review and authorization of any such reclassification with the Commissions. The cost responsibility for any assets reclassified under FERC policy will be assigned or allocated consistent with other assets in the relevant function.
191 192 193 194 195 196 197	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or distribution with FERC, PacifiCorp will submit filings seeking review and authorization of any such reclassification with the Commissions. The cost responsibility for any assets reclassified under FERC policy will be assigned or allocated consistent with other assets in the relevant function. Costs associated with transmission assets, and firm wheeling expenses and revenues, will
 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 	Revenues Before filing any request to approve a reclassification of facilities as transmission or distribution with FERC, PacifiCorp will submit filings seeking review and authorization of any such reclassification with the Commissions. The cost responsibility for any assets reclassified under FERC policy will be assigned or allocated consistent with other assets in the relevant function. Costs associated with transmission assets, and firm wheeling expenses and revenues, will be classified as 75 percent Demand-Related, 25 percent Energy-Related, and allocated based upon

202	3.1.4. Allocation of Distribution Costs
203	All distribution-related expenses and investment that can be directly allocated will be
204	directly allocated to the State where they are located. Those costs that cannot be directly allocated
205	will be allocated consistent with the factors set forth in Appendix B.
206	3.1.5. Allocation of Administrative and General Costs
207	Administrative and General Costs, General Plant costs, and Intangible Plant costs will be
208	allocated consistent with the factors set forth in Appendix B.
209	3.1.6. Allocation of Special Contracts
210	Revenues associated with Special Contracts will be included in State revenues, and loads
211	of Special Contract customers will be included in Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors as
212	appropriate (see Appendix G). Special Contracts may or may not include Customer Ancillary
213	Service Contract attributes. Load curtailments and buy-through arrangements will be handled as
214	appropriate (see Appendix G).
215	3.1.7 Miscellaneous Costs and Taxes
216	Miscellaneous costs described below will be allocated as follows:
217	• Generation-related dispatch costs and associated plant will be allocated on the SG
218	Factor.
219	• Miscellaneous regulatory assets and liabilities, and miscellaneous deferred debits
220	will be allocated with the appropriate allocation factor depending on the related
221	assets or underlying costs.
222	Taxes and fees will be allocated as follows:
223	• Income taxes will be calculated using the federal tax rate and PacifiCorp's
224	combined State effective tax rate. State-specific Schedule M and deferred income
225	tax amounts will be allocated using the Company's tax software system. Consistent

226	with prior system allocation methods, the Washington Public Utility Tax is
227	allocated using the SO Factor in lieu of a Washington income tax.
228	• Franchise taxes, revenue related taxes, Commission assessments and fees, and
229	usage related taxes are situs or a pass through.
230	• Property taxes are system allocated based on gross plant and allocated on a Gross
231	Plant System ("GPS") Factor.
232	• Generation and fuel-related taxes will be allocated using the SG Factor.
233	• Other taxes such as payroll taxes are embedded in expenses or capital costs.
234	Balances associated with the Trojan Decommissioning will be allocated using the Trojan
235	Decommissioning ("TROJD") Factor. This will not impact State-specific treatment of this item.
236	3.1.8. State Programs Regarding Access to Alternative Electricity Suppliers
237	3.1.8.1. Treatment of Oregon Direct Access Programs
238	This Section describes treatment of loads lost to Oregon Direct Access Programs during
239	the term of the 2020 Protocol.
240	3.1.8.1.1. Customers Electing PacifiCorp's One- and
241	3.1.8.1.1. Customers Electing PacifiCorp's One- and Three-Year Oregon Direct Access Programs
	0 1
241	Three-Year Oregon Direct Access Programs
241 242	Three-Year Oregon Direct Access Programs Customer loads electing to be served on PacifiCorp's one- and three-year Oregon Direct
241 242 243	Three-Year Oregon Direct Access Programs Customer loads electing to be served on PacifiCorp's one- and three-year Oregon Direct Access Programs will be included in the Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors for all Interim
241242243244	Three-Year Oregon Direct Access Programs Customer loads electing to be served on PacifiCorp's one- and three-year Oregon Direct Access Programs will be included in the Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors for all Interim Period Resources, and the transition cost payments from these customers will be situs assigned
 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 	Three-Year Oregon Direct Access Programs Customer loads electing to be served on PacifiCorp's one- and three-year Oregon Direct Access Programs will be included in the Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors for all Interim Period Resources, and the transition cost payments from these customers will be situs assigned and allocated to Oregon. 3.1.8.1.2. Customers Electing PacifiCorp's Five Year Opt- Out Program Under the Oregon Direct Access

allow Oregon Direct Access Consumers to permanently opt-out of cost-of-service rates after 251 payment of ten years of transition costs in Oregon. If an Oregon Direct Access Consumer is paying 252 transition costs during the Interim Period, the Oregon Direct Access Consumer's load(s) will be 253 included in Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors, and the transition cost payments from these 254 consumers will be situs-assigned to Oregon. If any Oregon Direct Access Consumer reaches the 255 256 end of the 10-year period covered by the transition cost payments during the Interim Period, the load(s) for that Oregon Direct Access Consumer will be excluded from Load-Based Dynamic 257 Allocation Factors. Thereafter, if an Oregon Direct Access Consumer elects to return to Oregon 258 cost-of-service rates by providing four-years notice under Schedule 296, its load will be treated as 259 new load and incorporated in PacifiCorp's Resource planning process. 260

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3.1.8.1.3. New Laws or Regulations

To the extent Oregon adopts new laws or regulations regarding Oregon Direct Access Programs, Oregon's treatment of loads lost to Oregon Direct Access Programs may be redetermined in a manner consistent with the new laws and regulations. In the event Oregon adopts such new laws or regulations, the Company will inform the Commissions and the Parties of the same.

267

3.1.8.2. Utah Eligible Customer Program

If, pursuant to Utah Code Annotated Section 54-3-32, an eligible customer in Utah transfers service to a non-utility energy supplier, the Public Service Commission of Utah will make determinations under Utah law as contemplated therein. The Company will inform the Commissions and the Parties of the Public Service Commission of Utah's determinations.

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3.1.8.3. Other State Actions

In the event any State adopts laws or regulations governing customer access to alternative electricity suppliers, the Company will inform the Commissions and the Parties of the same.

275

3.1.9. Loss or Increase in Load

Any loss or increase in retail load occurring as a result of condemnation or municipalization, sale or acquisition of new service territory that involves less than five percent of system load, realignment of service territories, changes in economic conditions, or gain or loss of large customers will be reflected in changes in the Load-Based Dynamic Allocation Factors. The allocation or assignment of costs and benefits arising from merger, sale, or acquisition transaction proposed by the Company involving more than five percent of system load will be considered on a case-by-case basis in the course of Commission approval proceedings.

283

3.1.10. Commission Regulation of Interim Period Resources

PacifiCorp will plan and acquire new Interim Period Resources on a system-wide riskadjusted, least-cost basis. Prudently incurred investments in Interim Period Resources will be reflected in rates consistent with the laws and regulations in each State, as approved by individual Commissions.

288

3.2. Modifications to the 2017 Protocol During the Interim Period

289

3.2.1. Net Power Costs Filings

For Net Power Costs ("NPC") filings, Parties agree to support use of the allocation methodology in place when the NPC were or will be incurred, to align the timing of the actual costs incurred with the applicable allocation method for cost recovery for that period. The table below summarizes the transition from the 2017 Protocol to the 2020 Protocol for NPC filings. If a Post-Interim Period Method agreement is reached between the Parties, a similar table will be included to summarize the transition for NPC filings from the 2020 Protocol to the subsequent agreement.

Allocati	on Methodology Used for N	NPC Filings	
Filing	2017 Protocol	2020 Protocol	Notes
California ECAC (Balancing Rate)	2021 ECAC for the CY2020 Deferral Period	2022 ECAC for the CY2021 Deferral Period	1
California ECAC (Offset Rate)	2020 ECAC for the CY2020 Forecast Period	2021 ECAC for the CY2021 Forecast Period	1
Idaho ECAM	2020 ECAM for the CY2019 Deferral Period	2021 ECAM for the CY2020 Deferral Period	
Oregon TAM	2020 TAM for the CY2019 Forecast Period	2021 TAM for the CY2020 Forecast Period	
Oregon PCAM	2020 PCAM for the CY2019 Deferral Period	2021 PCAM for the CY2020 Deferral Period	
Utah EBA	2020 EBA for the CY2019 Deferral Period	2021 EBA for the CY2020 Deferral Period	
Washington PCAM	2019 PCAM for the CY2019 Deferral Period	2020 PCAM for the CY2020 Deferral Period	2
Wyoming ECAM	2020 ECAM for the CY2019 Deferral Period	2021 ECAM for the CY2020 Deferral Period	
Net Power Costs included in General Rate Cases (GRC) - All States		GRC with rate effective date on or after January 1, 2020	3
Notes:			
general rate case. The dates	s included in the table are subje	a until approved by the Commissi ct to change based on the Califor cheduled to use a 2022 test period	nia general
 Washington will use the r Protocol. 	modified WCA allocation method	odology per Appendix F of the 20)20
3. This also applies to any o	ther NPC filing that resets base	NPC rates.	

297

3.3.2. Embedded Cost Differential ("ECD") and Equalization Adjustment

298 **3.3.2.1. ECD**

The Fixed ECD will continue for Idaho through the end of the Interim Period. The Dynamic ECD for Oregon will continue through the end of the Interim Period, capped at \$11,000,000. No ECD adjustment exists for Utah or California.

- The Wyoming ECD will terminate December 31, 2020. Beginning January 1, 2021, for purposes of the Wyoming energy cost adjustment mechanism ("ECAM"), actual ECD will be zero
- and the true-up of the Wyoming ECD will not be subject to sharing bands in the Wyoming ECAM.
- 305 This treatment will continue until the ECD is removed from base rates.

306	3.3.2.2. Equalization Adjustment
307	The Equalization Adjustment addressed in Section XIV of the 2017 Protocol will terminate
308	on December 31, 2019, and no additional Equalization Adjustment amounts will be deferred after
309	that date. The method PacifiCorp will use to collect deferred Equalization Adjustment balances
310	and any related carrying charges has been or will be addressed in appropriate State regulatory
311	proceedings.
312	3.3.3. Costs and Benefits of Qualifying Facilities
313	Costs and benefits of Qualifying Facilities will be treated consistent with the provisions
314	specified in Section 4.4.
315	3.3.4. Allocation of Gain or Loss from Sale of Assets
316	The allocation of any gain or loss from the Company's sale of assets will be treated
317	consistent with the provisions specified in Section 7.
318	3.3.5. Interpretation and Governance
319	This Agreement will be interpreted and PacifiCorp's Multi-State Process ("MSP") will be
320	governed by the provisions specified in Section 8.
321	4. Implemented Issues
322	The Parties agree that the following items, described later in this Section 4, will be
323	implemented and effective during the Interim Period:
324	• The process and timing for States' decisions to exit coal-fueled Interim Period
325	Resources;
326	• The process for potential Reassignment of coal-fueled Interim Period Resources
327	among States without Exit Orders;
328	• The process for the allocation of Decommissioning Costs; and
329	• The allocation and assignment of Qualifying Facility Power Purchase Agreements

330 ("QF PPAs").

331 These issues are more thoroughly explained below.

332

4.1. States' Decisions to Exit Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources

PacifiCorp will continue to conduct operational and economic analyses in accordance with 333 applicable regulatory requirements and good utility practice to maintain reliable service on a risk-334 adjusted, least-cost basis for its customers. PacifiCorp anticipates continuing to conduct integrated 335 resource planning, at least biennially. PacifiCorp also anticipates continuing to undertake 336 depreciation studies on a five-year cycle. If these analyses affect the depreciable lives or 337 operational lives of Interim Period Resources in the future, Parties may address such effects 338 through appropriate regulatory proceedings before the Commissions. Nothing in this Agreement 339 340 affects PacifiCorp's rights and obligations to make prudent decisions regarding operation of its assets and system in accordance with applicable law. The Parties further agree that PacifiCorp's 341 coal-fueled Interim Period Resource Closure dates may be informed by new information that 342 becomes available as a result of other regulatory filings or actions, including integrated resource 343 plans or State and federal energy policies. Nothing in this Agreement affects or limits any Party's 344 ability to raise any prudence issues with regards to PacifiCorp's decisions regarding Closure of an 345 Interim Period Resource. 346

Subject to the possible effects of Limited Realignment, the Parties agree to the following
 procedures for the Company's coal-fueled Interim Period Resources.

349

4.1.1. Allocation of Costs at Closure

Upon Closure of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource, each State that is receiving benefits and is allocated costs associated with the coal-fueled Interim Period Resource at the time of Closure shall continue to be allocated its share of the remaining costs of the coal-fueled Interim

Period Resource in accordance with this 2020 Protocol, which may include the remaining net book 353 value and Commission-approved Decommissioning Costs. The existence of an Exit Order does 354 not change this allocation, and all States assigned benefits and allocated costs from the coal-fueled 355 Interim Period Resource at the time of Closure will be allocated actual costs. Therefore, if every 356 State is being assigned benefits and allocated costs from a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource at 357 358 the time of Closure, every State will be allocated, in accordance with the method set forth in this Agreement, all the actual costs associated with that coal-fueled Interim Period Resource and its 359 Closure. This can occur, for example, if every State (excepting Washington as discussed in Section 360 4.1.4) issues an Exit Order with the same Exit Date for a particular coal-fueled Interim Period 361 Resource. This can also occur, for example, if PacifiCorp pursues Closure of a coal-fueled Interim 362 Period Resource prior to a State Exit Date. No Party, by virtue of this Agreement, waives its right 363 to investigate and analyze whether the Company's decision to continue operation or continue an 364 ownership interest is prudent, regardless of the anticipated Closure dates in the tables in Section 365 4.1.3. 366

367

4.1.2 Exit Orders

The Parties, representing diverse and varied interests, have worked in good faith to create a process that allows for States to pursue differing resource portfolios in the future, including decisions to transition out of coal-fueled Interim Period Resources while mitigating resulting effects to the Company and other States. A Commission may issue an Exit Order specifying an Exit Date in a proceeding for approval of this Agreement, a depreciation docket, a rate case, or any other appropriate proceeding.⁶ A Commission Order or other determination that a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource will reach the end of its depreciable life without a specific determination

⁶ An Exit Order is not required from a Commission if a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource is not included in PacifiCorp's rates in that State.

that the State will exit the Interim Period Resource shall not constitute an Exit Order. Provided
PacifiCorp secures all applicable approvals, a Company decision to close a coal-fueled Interim
Period Resource earlier than previously anticipated does not require the issuance of an Exit Order.
An Exit Order does not, by itself, result in Reassignment of shares of a coal-fueled Interim Period
Resource to other States or affect an Exiting State's responsibility for its share of the thenremaining net book value of the Interim Period Resource that is being exited.

To provide the Company and States without Exit Orders time to consider the options and 381 address the potential Reassignment of the coal-fueled Interim Period Resource, as set forth in 382 Section 4.2, under this Agreement an Exit Order should provide at least four-years of notice⁷ from 383 the date of the Exit Order to the Exit Date. After an Exit Date, the Exiting State will no longer be 384 allocated any new costs⁸ and will no longer be assigned any benefits associated with that coal-385 fueled Interim Period Resource, and no other State will be allocated the Exiting State's share of 386 costs nor receive the Exiting State's assigned benefits associated with that coal-fueled Interim 387 388 Period Resource, unless the costs and benefits are accepted through a Commission Order on Reassignment. Until the Exit Date, an Exiting State shall continue to be assigned the benefits of 389 that coal-fueled Interim Period Resource and shall be allocated costs associated with that coal-390 391 fueled Interim Period Resource in accordance with this 2020 Protocol or as determined through the Framework process, which may include costs associated with any remaining net book value, 392 393 prudently incurred capital additions, prudently incurred Operations and Maintenance ("O&M") 394 expense, and prudently incurred or reasonably estimated Decommissioning Costs.

⁷ Subject to the provisions in Sections 4.1.3 and 4.1.4.

⁸ New costs are costs incurred after the Exit Date to maintain or operate the coal-fueled Interim Period Resource beyond that date. Any costs associated with the operation of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource and incurred prior to the Exit Date that are allocated to the Exiting State as determined through the 2020 Protocol and that have not yet been collected from customers in that State are still that State's responsibility.

395	An Exit Order establishes the Exit Date that PacifiCorp will use to propose the allocation
396	of Decommissioning Costs, allocation of capital additions costs, and any other associated costs
397	related to the exit from a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource as outlined in the 2020 Protocol.
398	PacifiCorp will timely propose to Parties from an Exiting State a method to address the treatment
399	of these costs for ratemaking, such that costs and benefits remain matched in customer rates.
400	Following receipt of an Exit Order, the Company will file in accordance with Section 4.2
401	to allow States without Exit Orders the opportunity to evaluate the potential Reassignment of the
402	coal-fueled Interim Period Resource. For regulatory efficiency, Section 4.1.3 establishes
403	timeframes for addressing Exit Orders from coal-fueled Interim Period Resources by Oregon and
404	the potential Reassignment of those resources to other States.
405	4.1.3 Oregon Exit Dates
406	The Oregon Parties and the Company agree to recommend that the dates shown in the
407	tables in this Section 4.1.3 be used in Oregon for service and depreciable lives, and for establishing
408	Oregon's Exit Dates for all coal-fueled Interim Period Resources.
408 409 410 411	Oregon's Exit Dates for all coal-fueled Interim Period Resources. 4.1.3.1 Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027
409 410	4.1.3.1 Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon
409 410 411	4.1.3.1 Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027
409 410 411 412	4.1.3.1Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027PacifiCorp anticipates that Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, and
409 410 411 412 413	4.1.3.1 Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027 PacifiCorp anticipates that Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, and Colstrip Unit 4 will have common Closure dates for all States. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure
409 410 411 412 413 414	4.1.3.1Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027PacifiCorp anticipates that Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, and Colstrip Unit 4 will have common Closure dates for all States. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure at Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, or Colstrip Unit 4 on or before the
409 410 411 412 413 414 415	4.1.3.1Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027PacifiCorp anticipates that Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, and Colstrip Unit 4 will have common Closure dates for all States. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure at Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, or Colstrip Unit 4 on or before the applicable dates identified in the table below, each State will be allocated its share of the costs and
409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416	4.1.3.1 Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Not Operated by PacifiCorp Subject to Common Closure Dates, Oregon Exit 2023-2027 PacifiCorp anticipates that Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, and Colstrip Unit 4 will have common Closure dates for all States. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure at Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, or Colstrip Unit 4 on or before the applicable dates identified in the table below, each State will be allocated its share of the costs and benefits of that coal-fueled Interim Period Resource with no transfer of cost responsibility or

- depreciable lives for Cholla Unit 4, Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, Colstrip Unit 3, and Colstrip Unit 420
- 4. 421

Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resource Name	Anticipated Closure Date
Cholla Unit 4	January 1, 2023
Craig Unit 1	December 31, 2025
Craig Unit 2	December 31, 2026
Colstrip Unit 3	December 31, 2027
Colstrip Unit 4	December 31, 2027

422 PacifiCorp and the Oregon Parties agree that PacifiCorp will make best efforts to effectuate Closure of the units identified above by the anticipated Closure dates, but the Company may need 423 additional time for Closure of Craig Units 1 and 2 and Colstrip Units 3 and 4 due to its joint-owner 424 agreements, and Cholla Unit 4 due to other contractual requirements. 425

- If PacifiCorp has received an Exit Order from Oregon for Craig Unit 1, Craig Unit 2, 426 Colstrip Unit 3, or Colstrip Unit 4 with the same Exit Date as the date set forth in the table above 427 and PacifiCorp does not effectuate Closure by such date, Oregon may elect, at its option, to: 428
- Continue to take an allocation and assignment of the costs and benefits of such unit 429 ٠ for one additional year following the specified Exit Date; or 430
- 431
- Discontinue taking an allocation and assignment of the costs and benefits of such ٠ unit as of the specified Exit Date. 432

Under either election, Oregon will continue to be subject to an allocation of actual 433 Decommissioning Costs if Closure of the unit is effectuated within such one-year period. If 434 Closure of the unit is not effectuated within such one-year period, Oregon will be allocated 435 Decommissioning Costs based on the estimates established pursuant to Section 4.3. 436

437	Oregon will be allocated actual Decommissioning Costs if Closure of Cholla Unit 4 occurs
438	on or before January 1, 2023. If Cholla Unit 4 operates beyond January 1, 2023, Oregon will be
439	allocated only estimated Decommissioning Costs as of January 1, 2023.
440 441	4.1.3.2. Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources Operated by PacifiCorp, Oregon Exit Through 2027
442	The Oregon Parties and the Company agree to recommend to the Oregon Commission that
443	the Exit Date for each coal-fueled Interim Period Resource shown in the following table should be
444	used in Oregon for establishing Oregon's Exit Dates and Oregon depreciable lives for these coal-

445 fueled Interim Period Resources, subject to the other provisions of this Section 4.1.

Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resource	Recommended Oregon Exit Date					
Jim Bridger 1	December 31, 2023					
Jim Bridger 2	December 31, 2025					
Jim Bridger 3	December 31, 2025					
Jim Bridger 4	December 31, 2025					
Naughton 1	December 31, 2025					
Naughton 2	December 31, 2025					
Dave Johnston 1	December 31, 2027					
Dave Johnston 2	December 31, 2027					
Dave Johnston 3	December 31, 2027					
Dave Johnston 4	December 31, 2027					

Oregon Parties and the Company will strive to have Exit Orders issued on or before December 15, 2020, for the coal-fueled Interim Period Resources reflected in the table above to allow the Company to make filings in the other States in accordance with Section 4.2. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure for any of the units no later than the dates in the table above, then the provisions of 4.1.1 will apply.

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4.1.3.3. Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources, Oregon Exit Date 2028 - 2029

The Oregon Parties and the Company agree that the recommended Exit Dates for the coalfueled Interim Period Resources shown in the following table should be used in Oregon for establishing Oregon's Exit Dates and Oregon depreciable lives for these coal-fueled Interim Period Resources for purposes of this Agreement, subject to the other provisions of this Section 4.1.

Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resource Name	Recommended Oregon Exit Date					
Hunter 1	December 31, 2029					
Hunter 2	December 31, 2029					
Hunter 3	December 31, 2029					
Huntington 1	December 31, 2029					
Huntington 2	December 31, 2029					
Wyodak	December 31, 2029					

Oregon Parties and the Company will strive to have Exit Orders issued by the Oregon Commission issued by December 31, 2023, for the coal-fueled Interim Period Resources reflected in the table above to allow the Company to make the necessary filings in other States in accordance with Section 4.2. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure for any of the units no later than the dates in the table above, then the provisions of 4.1.1 will apply.

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4.1.4. Washington Exit Orders

The Washington Clean Energy Transformation Act ("CETA") requires coal-fueled Interim Period Resources to be out of Washington rates by December 31, 2025. Section 6.4 of the Framework Issues addressing Limited Realignment is intended to facilitate the removal of coalfueled Interim Period Resources from Washington rates and address the Washington-allocated share, per the System Generation-Fixed ("SGF") Factor, as defined in Appendix C, of all coalfueled Interim Period Resources whether or not those resources are included in Washington rates. Washington Commission approval of the 2020 Protocol will constitute an Exit Order for

Washington, unless modified by Reassignment or Limited Realignment, with an Exit Date of December 31, 2023, for Jim Bridger Unit 1, and December 31, 2025, for Jim Bridger Units 2-4 and Colstrip Unit 4. PacifiCorp and the Washington Parties agree that an Exit Order is not required from the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission for any coal-fueled Interim Period Resources not currently in Washington rates, and PacifiCorp can evaluate seeking Reassignment upon approval of the 2020 Protocol by the Washington Commission.

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4.1.5. Establishment of Exit Dates for Hayden Units 1 and 2

On or before February 1, 2021, the Company will make State-specific recommendations to Commissions for the treatment of Hayden Units 1 and 2. If PacifiCorp effectuates Closure for Hayden Units 1 and 2, then the provisions of 4.1.1 will apply, subject to applicable legal requirements.

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4.2. Reassignment of Coal-Fueled Interim Period Resources

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4.2.1 Company Proposals for Reassignment

After receipt of any Exit Order, PacifiCorp shall analyze whether it is reasonable to 483 continue to operate the affected coal-fueled Interim Period Resource for customers in one or more 484 of the States without Exit Orders. PacifiCorp may propose Reassignment of a greater share of the 485 coal-fueled Interim Period Resource to such State(s) to match State load and resource balance, or 486 request issuance of an Exit Order.⁹ PacifiCorp shall provide its analysis to Parties in each 487 applicable State and may make a filing with the Commission in each State that, as yet, has not 488 entered an Exit Order for such coal-fueled Interim Period Resource consistent with the timeframes 489 set forth in Sections 4.1 and this Section. If PacifiCorp seeks Reassignment, the analysis shall be 490 accompanied by recommendations as to an anticipated Closure date if Reassignment is accepted 491

⁹ Provided PacifiCorp secures all applicable approvals, PacifiCorp may effectuate Closure of a Resource without requesting issuance of any Exit Order.

for such coal-fueled Interim Period Resource. Recommended Reassignments, if proposed, should include a range of options, including fallback options based on the potential that one Commission may reject PacifiCorp's recommendation while another Commission may accept the primary recommendation. Notwithstanding this Section 4.2.1, realignment of certain Interim Period Resources serving Washington will be determined subject to resolution of the Limited Realignment Framework Issue or Section 4.1.4 as applicable.

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4.2.2 Process and Timing

Consistent with Section 4.1, for those coal-fueled Interim Period Resources, with an Exit 499 Date on or before December 31, 2027, the filings including the Company's analysis and 500 recommendations are targeted to occur by February 1, 2021. For those coal-fueled Interim Period 501 Resources with an Exit Date after December 31, 2027, and on or before December 31, 2029, the 502 filings including the Company's analysis and recommendations are targeted to occur by June 30, 503 2024, for Exit Orders that are received by December 31, 2023. Where possible, PacifiCorp will 504 make such filings concurrently in each State without an Exit Order so that each unit or plant can 505 be analyzed as a whole. To the extent a delay to these targeted filing dates is necessary, the 506 Company will provide notice to the Parties and Commissions explaining the reason and expected 507 filing dates. For coal-fueled Interim Period Resources with Exit Orders with different Exit Dates, 508 the Company will provide its analysis to the States without Exit Orders within six months after the 509 date any Exit Order is issued by any Commission, subject to the provisions of Section 4.1.4 for the 510 Washington Exit Orders. 511

512 If PacifiCorp makes filings pursuant to this Section in multiple States without Exit Orders, 513 then within 60 days from the date the last Commission issues an order pertaining to such filings, 514 PacifiCorp will submit a supplemental filing with each Commission in the State(s) without Exit

- 515 Orders summarizing the decisions made by each Commission and PacifiCorp's recommendations 516 regarding the implications.
- 517

4.2.3 Effects of Commission Decisions Regarding Assignment

If one or more Commissions have entered orders accepting, collectively, one-hundred percent¹⁰ of the cost allocation of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource beyond any Exit Date, the costs and benefits of the coal-fueled Interim Period Resource after such Exit Date shall be Reassigned to the States in accordance with the approved Reassignment as specified in the applicable Commission Orders. Supplemental filings will reflect the final Reassignment of each coal-fueled Interim Period Resource as a result of the Reassignment process and Commission Orders.

If two or more Commissions have entered orders requesting, collectively, more than onehundred percent¹¹ of the cost allocation and associated benefits of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource beyond any Exit Date, the Company will recommend a pro-rata Reassignment up to one hundred percent in accordance with the approved Reassignment as specified in the applicable Commission Orders. Supplemental filings will reflect this pro-rata treatment of each coal-fueled Interim Period Resource as a result of the pro-rata Reassignment process for further review and approval by the Commissions.

If Commissions do not agree to accept one-hundred percent cost allocation, collectively, of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource beyond an Exit Date, as part of its supplemental filings, the Company will provide its recommendations on the treatment of any shortfall in the Reassignment

¹⁰ Based on PacifiCorp's ownership interest in the coal-fueled Interim Resource, whether wholly-owned or jointly-owned.

¹¹ Based on PacifiCorp's ownership interest in the coal-fueled Interim Resource, whether wholly-owned or jointly-owned.

of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource or recommendations on capacity reductions through
Closures for further Commission consideration.

In the event of either common Exit Dates for all States or Closure as a result of the Reassignment process or other appropriate regulatory proceedings, the provisions of Section 4.1.1 will apply.

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4.3. Decommissioning Costs

4.3.1. Process for Determining Decommissioning Cost Allocation

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4.3.1.1. Decommissioning Studies

The Company intends to undertake a contractor-assisted engineering study of 543 decommissioning costs and to make best efforts to complete the study by January 15, 2020, to 544 estimate appropriate Decommissioning Cost reserve requirements for the Jim Bridger, Dave 545 Johnston, Hunter, Huntington, Naughton, Wyodak, and Hayden coal-fueled Interim Period 546 Colstrip will also be included in the contractor-assisted engineering study of 547 Resources. decommissioning costs, and the Company will make best efforts to complete that portion of the 548 549 study by March 15, 2020. The Company will provide the information from the study to the States as a supplemental filing in all applicable depreciation dockets. The study results will be used to 550 inform the Company's recommendation on the amount of Decommissioning Cost responsibility 551 to be allocated to States for coal-fueled Interim Period Resources that States exit at different times. 552 The Company will retain and make available the Decommissioning Studies in future regulatory 553 proceedings. 554

555

4.3.1.2. Decommissioning Studies Update

The Company intends to undertake the same process to complete an update to the Decommissioning Studies by no later than June 30, 2024, to estimate appropriate Decommissioning Cost reserve requirements for the Craig, Hunter, Huntington, and Wyodak coal-

fueled Interim Period Resources (collectively with the studies discussed in the paragraph above constituting the Decommissioning Studies), which will be incorporated into a Company-sponsored depreciation study. The Company will retain and make available the Decommissioning Studies update in future regulatory proceedings.

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4.3.1.3. Commission Determination of Decommissioning Costs

No Party will be bound by the Decommissioning Cost estimates in the Decommissioning Studies undertaken pursuant to Paragraphs 4.3.1.1 and 4.3.1.2, and final determination of each State's just and reasonable Decommissioning Cost allocation for each coal-fueled Interim Period Resource will remain exclusively with each Commission and will be determined in the depreciation dockets in which the Decommissioning Costs are included.¹²

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4.3.1.4. Decommissioning Costs Allocation

For coal-fueled Interim Period Resources having a common operating life across all States, 570 each State shall be allocated its share of actual Decommissioning Costs based on either an SG 571 Factor (if closed during the Interim Period) or an Assigned Production ("AP") Factor, adjusted for 572 any Reassignment or Limited Realignment effects (if closed after the Interim Period). For coal-573 fueled Interim Period Resources that do not have a common operating life across all States, each 574 575 Exiting State shall be allocated, using either an SG Factor (if closed during the Interim Period) or an AP Factor, adjusted for any Reassignment or Limited Realignment effects (if closed after the 576 Interim Period), that State's share of estimated Decommissioning Costs based on the 577 Decommissioning Studies described in Sections 4.3.1.1 and 4.3.1.2. If the Decommissioning 578 579 Costs ordered to be included in the reserve balance established for an Exiting State are less than the estimated Decommissioning Costs allocated to that Exiting State as specified above, such 580

¹² For California, Decommissioning Costs will be addressed in PacifiCorp's next general rate case.

difference shall not be allocated to any other State under any circumstance. If PacifiCorp 581 effectuates Closure of a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource after one or more States have exited 582 from the Resource, the Company may, with the burden of proof and subject to PacifiCorp 583 supporting its proposal in testimony,¹³ propose to allocate to and collect from each State that is 584 participating in that Resource at the time of Closure that State's share, based on either an SG Factor 585 (if closed during the Interim Period) or an AP Factor, adjusted for any Reassignment or Limited 586 Realignment effects (if closed after the Interim Period), of actual Decommissioning Costs less the 587 regulatory liabilities for Exiting States including interest as described in Section 4.3.2 and less any 588 difference between the reserve balance established for each Exiting State and the estimated costs 589 allocated to each Exiting State as described above. Parties in such State(s) may take any position 590 regarding a Company request to recover Decommissioning Costs. 591

592 593

4.3.2. Accounting for Decommissioning Costs Reserve Balances when All States Do Not Exit a Unit

After an Exit Date by some but not all States, the estimated Decommissioning Costs reserves allocated to the Exiting State(s) associated with a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource unit, from which that State is exiting, will be accounted for as a regulatory liability that is excluded from rate base. Interest will be accrued on that regulatory liability at the Company's thenauthorized weighted average cost of capital¹⁴ for each State that continues to participate in that coal-fueled Interim Period Resource after an Exit Date until the decommissioning work on that unit is completed.

¹³ PacifiCorp's testimony will identify and explain the variances between estimated and actual Decommissioning Costs.

¹⁴ Not to exceed the maximum carrying charge allowed by applicable law or Commission Order.

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4.3.3. Accounting for Interim and Final Retirements

Before any State exits a coal-fueled Interim Period Resource, but no later than December 31, 2021, the Company shall propose to the Parties a process for separately accounting for removal costs associated with interim retirements and final Decommissioning Costs in its accounting system. Each State may determine the regulatory treatment for such removal costs in appropriate proceedings.

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4.3.4. Individual State Review Process

Any Party, at its discretion and cost, may pursue actions it deems necessary or appropriate to review and evaluate the Decommissioning Studies or Decommissioning Costs and may take any positions based on its review and findings. If a Commission issues an order identifying an independent evaluator for the Decommission Studies, and the Commission Order provides for the deferral and later recovery in rates of the cost of the independent evaluator, the Company agrees to initially pay for this independent evaluation.

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4.4. Qualifying Facilities

The allocation of QF PPAs shall be treated in accordance with Sections 4.4.1 and 4.4.2 of this 2020 Protocol, superseding Section (IV)(A)(3) of the 2017 Protocol. For Washington, QF PPAs will be assigned and allocated consistent with the terms of Appendix F during the Interim Period. Other than addressing the allocation of the costs and assignment of benefits of QF PPAs among the States, this 2020 Protocol does not restrict or affect any Commission's jurisdiction over any agreement or interaction between QFs and the Company. QF PPAs shall be treated in the following manner for allocation and assignment purposes.

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4.4.1. Existing QF PPAs

QF PPAs fully executed¹⁵ or as to which a legally enforceable obligation exists¹⁶ on or before December 31, 2019 ("Existing QF PPAs") will remain system assigned and allocated, subject to any Limited Realignment in Section 6.4, until the end of 2029, after which time they will be situs assigned and allocated to the State having jurisdiction over the QF PPA for avoided cost pricing ("State of Origin").

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4.4.1.1. Wyoming QF Adjustment

The Company agrees to include: (1) a \$5 million adjustment, annually, to reduce Net Power 629 Costs in Wyoming customer rates¹⁷ beginning January 1, 2021, until December 31, 2022; and (2) 630 a \$7.175 million adjustment, annually, to reduce Net Power Costs in Wyoming customer rates from 631 January 1, 2023, until December 31, 2029.¹⁸ This adjustment will terminate on or before 632 December 31, 2029, or upon issuance of any order by the Wyoming Commission that changes 633 Wyoming's treatment of the Implemented Issues or the Resolved Issues from the terms of the 2020 634 Protocol. The adjustment shall be made solely at the Company's expense and not allocated to any 635 other States. 636

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4.4.2. New QF PPAs

QF PPAs fully executed or as to which a legally enforceable obligation exists after
 December 31, 2019, ("New QF PPAs") will be situs assigned and allocated for ratemaking
 proceedings pertaining to periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020, to the State of Origin.

¹⁶ Any such legally enforceable obligation date must be confirmed by an order from the applicable Commission issued prior to the end of the Interim Period.

¹⁵ Fully executed means executed and delivered by each party to the other party.

¹⁷ The Wyoming QF adjustment will be included in the base ECAM costs forecasted in a general rate case with rates effective on or after January 1, 2021. The Wyoming QF adjustment will be trued up in the ECAM at 100% (sharing-bands do not apply).

¹⁸ The Wyoming QF adjustment shall be removed from base ECAM costs on December 31, 2029, or as otherwise specified in Section 4.4.1.1, so that no adjustment flows through to customers in rates after that date unless it was deferred in the ECAM prior to December 31, 2029.

641

4.4.2.1. Interim Period Treatment – Pre-Nodal Pricing Model

642 For the Interim Period, the energy output of New QF PPAs will be dynamically allocated per this agreement using the SG Factor, priced at a forecasted reasonable energy price defined 643 below, and any cost of a New QF PPA above the forecasted reasonable energy price will be situs 644 assigned and allocated to the State of Origin. The forecasted reasonable energy price is a single 645 blended market price derived from the Company's Official Forward Price Curve ("OFPC"), scaled 646 for hourly prices, that was used for setting QF pricing for the New QF PPA. The single blended 647 market price is calculated by applying the appropriate weighting to the hourly scaled prices from 648 the OFPC for each market hub. The weightings per market hub are identified in the table below. 649 The weighting will be applied by month and by heavy load hours ("HLH") and light load hours 650 The forecasted reasonable energy price, used for allocation purposes, shall be 651 ("LLH"). established at the time a QF PPA is fully executed. 652

Market Hub Weighting by Month - HLH												
Market	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
СОВ	0.00%	0.55%	1.34%	0.82%	3.45%	4.01%	8.41%	3.69%	8.58%	0.97%	1.79%	1.20%
Mid Columbia	24.42%	30.21%	55.74%	63.22%	70.84%	87.39%	81.05%	83.85%	75.88%	42.27%	34.30%	40.74%
Palo Verde	1.52%	2.53%	1.07%	0.66%	0.54%	0.03%	0.76%	1.89%	1.85%	2.55%	3.45%	0.30%
Four Corners	64.72%	58.68%	35.94%	27.40%	16.15%	5.75%	4.12%	2.17%	3.82%	45.79%	52.88%	44.47%
Mead	0.18%	0.13%	1.23%	1.46%	1.52%	1.74%	1.95%	3.30%	6.64%	0.33%	0.12%	0.57%
Mona	9.16%	7.90%	2.94%	2.03%	1.79%	0.74%	0.01%	0.18%	1.82%	7.82%	7.46%	2.18%
NOB	0.00%	0.00%	1.75%	4.40%	5.72%	0.33%	3.70%	4.92%	1.41%	0.27%	0.00%	10.54%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
				Marke	t Hub Wei	ghting by I	Month - LLI	-				
Market	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
СОВ	0.00%	0.99%	5.17%	3.53%	15.50%	15.16%	5.97%	1.21%	0.31%	2.43%	3.44%	1.16%
Mid Columbia	58.74%	60.10%	76.58%	66.36%	71.82%	80.41%	85.52%	92.26%	83.27%	62.78%	66.30%	59.09%
Palo Verde	0.00%	1.12%	0.42%	0.04%	0.39%	0.40%	2.71%	3.04%	0.00%	0.92%	1.91%	2.30%
Four Corners	33.45%	34.66%	13.63%	26.49%	10.44%	3.30%	5.35%	2.39%	11.60%	27.69%	26.36%	29.65%
Mead	0.00%	0.06%	0.94%	0.44%	0.93%	0.47%	0.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.57%	0.00%	0.00%
Mona	7.81%	3.07%	1.54%	2.41%	0.92%	0.27%	0.00%	1.11%	4.82%	5.61%	1.99%	7.80%
NOB	0.00%	0.00%	1.71%	0.73%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

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4.4.2.2. **Post-Interim Period Treatment**

After the conclusion of the Interim Period, assuming resolution and Commission approval
 of all Framework Issues, the Parties agree that New QF PPAs will be situs assigned and the costs

and benefits will be allocated and assigned per the methodology developed through the Framework
 process in Section 6.2.

5. Resolved Issues - Post-Interim Period Implementation

The Parties agree, conditioned upon reaching agreement on a Post-Interim Period Method on the future allocation treatment described in this Section 5 for certain benefits, revenues, costs, and investments. As stated in Section 2, these Resolved Issues of the 2020 Protocol are intended to take effect with the implementation of the Post-Interim Period Method. Parties acknowledge that conditions may change materially in unforeseen ways during the Interim Period and that it may be necessary to re-evaluate Resolved Issues as part of the Post-Interim Period Method. The Resolved Issues are identified below.

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5.1. Generation Costs

Following the Interim Period, a fixed share of the Interim Period Resources will be assigned to serve load in each State. The costs and benefits, including environmental attributes, associated with each Interim Period Resource will be allocated and assigned in accordance with the Interim Period Resources fixed allocation provisions (Section 5.1.1), Reassignment of coalfueled Interim Period Resources (Section 4.2), and Limited Realignment (Section 6.4).

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5.1.1. Interim Period Resources Fixed Allocation

Interim Period Resources will be assigned and allocated to States based on the SGF Factor for each State as defined in Appendix C. The load information used to determine the SGF Factor is subject to modification for the inclusion or exclusion of Special Contract loads as determined through the Framework process for resolution of issues addressed in Section 6.3. The SGF Factor is used to develop the AP Factor for each unit. Additionally, Interim Period Resources will be subject to the Limited Realignment as outlined in Section 6.4 and the Reassignment of Interim