

May 18, 2016

Advice No. 2128

Oregon Public Utility Commission 201 High St. SE Salem, OR 97301-3612

Attention: Joan Grindeland, Tariff Coordinator

Dear Commissioners:

Pursuant to Qwest's Price Plan under ORS 759.255, Qwest Corporation d/b/a CenturyLink QC is filing notice of revisions to the sheets listed on Attachment A.

As described in the attached narrative ("Description of Methodology"), this filing is the fifth step in implementing the "Transitional Intrastate Access Service" reductions mandated by the Federal Communications Commission's November 18, 2011 Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in WC Docket Nos. 10-90, etc. (FCC 11-161). Also enclosed is CenturyLink's certification that the company is not seeking duplicative recovery in the state jurisdiction for any Eligible Recovery subject to the recovery mechanism established by the Transformation Order.

As part of this filing CenturyLink is also changing tariff language to allow customers to report PIU/PVU factors by state rather LATA and updating obsolete billing language.

The proposed effective date is July 1, 2016.

Paper copies of the current Access Service Tariff sheets will be provided with the confirmation email and the filing. The calculations supporting this rate change are being filed as confidential and are being sent in a separate letter marked confidential.

Yours very truly,

Marr Bert

Mark Brinton Manager Regulatory Operations Office: (303) 992-5832 e-mail: Mark.Brinton@CenturyLink.com

Enclosures

ACCESS SERVICE TARIFF P.U.C. OREGON NO. 32

SECTION	<u>SHEET</u>	REVISION
2	18	2nd
$\frac{1}{2}$	19	1st
2	20	2nd
2	21	1st
2	22	1st
2	23	1st
2	24	1st
2	26	1st
2 2 3 3	27	1st
2	29	1st
3	6	1st
	7	1st
6	197	5th
6	202	1st
6	203	1st
6	204	2nd
13	37	1st
13	38	2nd
15	11	4th

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

- B. Jurisdictional Requirements (Cont'd)
 - 1. CSL, CST1, Feature Group A or Feature Group B
 - a. CSL or Feature Group A (FGA) to be Resold

Upon ordering CSL or FGA Service to be resold, the customer shall state in its initial order a projected PIU factor as set forth in B., preceding. The PIU factor is reported by State. When the customer reports a State-level PIU factor, the specified percentage applies to all end offices within the State.

The projected PIU factor is used by the Company to apportion the originating and terminating usage between interstate and intrastate until a revised report is received as set forth in C., following. The number of access minutes (either the measured minutes or the assumed minutes) is multiplied by the projected PIU factor to develop the interstate access minutes. The number of access minutes minus the developed interstate access minutes is the developed intrastate access minutes. This PIU factor is in addition to the PIU factor as set forth in 3., following.

b. CSL or Feature Group A (FGA) Not to be Resold

For CSL or FGA Service not to be resold, the customer shall state in its initial order a projected PIU factor of one hundred percent (100%) by line-side termination or access service group.

c. CST1 or Feature Group B (FGB) Service

Upon ordering CST1 or FGB Service, the customer shall state in its initial order a projected PIU factor as set forth in B., preceding. The PIU factor is reported by State. When the customer reports a State-level PIU factor, the specified percentage applies to all end offices within the State.

The projected PIU factor for CST1 or FGB Service used by the Company to apportion the originating and terminating usage between interstate and intrastate is developed in the same manner as in a., preceding. This PIU factor is in addition to the PIU factor as set forth in 3., following.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

- B. Jurisdictional Requirements (Cont'd)
 - 2. CST2, CST3, Feature Group C (FGC) or Feature Group D (FGD) Service
 - a. Originating CST2, CST3, FGC or FGD Service

When a customer orders CST2, CST3, FGC or FGD Switched Access Service(s), where the jurisdiction is determined from the call detail, the Company will develop the projected PIU factor according to such jurisdiction. The projected interstate percentage is developed on a monthly basis, by end office, when the originating CST2, CST3, FGC or FGD access minutes are measured, by dividing the measured interstate originating access minutes by the total originating access minutes.

b. Terminating CST2 or FGC Service

When a customer orders terminating CST2 or FGC Switched Access Service, the data used by the Company to develop the projected PIU factor for originating CST2 or FGC access minutes is used to develop the projected PIU factor for such terminating access minutes. When originating call details are insufficient to determine the jurisdiction for the call, the customer may supply the projected PIU factor by State[1] or authorize the Company to use the Company developed percentage for such call detail. The Company will designate the number obtained by subtracting the projected PIU factor for originating and terminating access minutes calculated by the Company from 100 (100 - Company calculated projected interstate percentage = intrastate percentage) as the intrastate percentage of use.

[1] When the customer reports a State-level PIU factor, the specified percentage applies to all end offices within the State.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER 2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS B.2. (Cont'd)

c. Terminating CST3 or FGD Service

When a customer orders terminating FGD, if the Company has sufficient call details to determine the jurisdiction for the call, the Company will bill the call minutes of use according to that jurisdiction, unless the parties agree on a more accurate methodology.

When terminating call details are insufficient to determine the jurisdiction for the call, see A, preceding, the customer may supply the projected PIU factor for a portion of the indeterminate jurisdiction by State[1]. The projected PIU factor will be used to apportion the terminating traffic which does not exceed the 7% floor.

When terminating call details are insufficient to determine the jurisdiction, and the customer does not supply a projected PIU factor by State, calls will be billed using a PIU of 50 (50% interstate -50% intrastate). The PIU of 50 will be used to apportion the terminating traffic which does not exceed the 7% floor.

In the event that the Company applies the intrastate terminating access rate to calls without sufficient call detail as provided in this tariff, the customer will have the opportunity to request backup documentation regarding the Company's basis for such application, and further request that the Company change the application of the intrastate access rate upon a showing of why the intrastate rate should not be applied. (See also Section 2.4.1.B.2.c, billing disputes.)

[1] When the customer reports a State-level PIU factor, the specified percentage applies to all end offices within the State.

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SECTION 2 1st Revised Sheet 21 Cancels Original Sheet 21

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

B. Jurisdictional Requirements (Cont'd)

3. Entrance Facility (EF) and Direct-Trunked Transport (DTT) Facility Excludes Voice Grade (VG) EF and DTT for CSL and Feature Group A

For EF and DTT facilities, the customer has the following jurisdiction options; 1) allow the Company to develop the projected State-level PIU factor using a mechanized program as set forth in a., following or 2) provide the Company with a projected State-level PIU factor via a quarterly jurisdictional report as set forth in b., following. (C)

Customers initially ordering Switched Access Services in the LATA for the first time, shall provide on the access order a State-level PIU factor for new EF and DTT facilities based on all the originating and terminating traffic using such facilities. The Company will use the State-level PIU factor from the customer's initial order for service as the State-level PIU factor for the Company's mechanized program for the first quarter of new service only. After the first quarter of new service, the Company will develop the State-level PIU factor as described in a., following, until the Company receives a certified letter from the customer authorizing the Company to develop the projected PIU factor from a customer-provided report as set forth in b., following.

The PIU factor for an EF DS3 capacity of two or more is applied at the same percentage as the reported or calculated EF PIU factor at the State-level.

a. Company-Developed EF and DTT PIU Factor

The Company-developed State-level PIU factors for EF and DTT facilities are updated on a quarterly basis by calculating the customer's average billed Interstate usage (excluding VG EF and DTT facilities for CSL or FGA) for the last three (3) months. The Company will perform the calculation for the revised State-level PIU factor no later than the last business day in January, April, July (C) and October, respectively. The Company-developed State-level PIU factor will serve as the basis for the customer's next three (3) months' advance billing beginning in February, May, August and November, respectively.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 **OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER**

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

B.3.a. (Cont'd)

When existing customers order additional EF and DTT facilities for Switched Access Service, the Company will determine the State-level PIU factor where jurisdiction can be determined from previously billed usage. The PIU factor is based on the average billed Switched Access Interstate usage (excluding VG EF and DTT facilities for CSL or FGA) per State, per customer on a quarterly basis. When the Company is unable to determine the State-level PIU factor for EF and DTT facilities for an existing customer because usage data is not being billed to that customer, the Company will apply a default PIU factor of fifty percent (50%).

The PIU factor is expressed as a whole number (i.e., a number 0 - 100). The PIU factor is used by the Company to determine interstate and intrastate rates and charges. The PIU factor is applied to all rate elements associated with EF and DTT facilities. This PIU factor is in addition to the PIU factors as set forth in 1. and 2., preceding.

b. Customer-Provided EF and DTT PIU Factor

Customers who choose to provide a projected State-level PIU factor for EF and DTT facilities, shall notify the Company by letter (certified U S Mail return receipt requested) authorizing the Company to develop the projected State-level PIU factor from a customer-provided quarterly report. Customer's choosing to provide a projected State-level PIU factor shall base the PIU factor on all the originating and terminating traffic using the EF and DTT facilities in the State. The customer-provided jurisdictional report must be received by the Company no later than fourteen (14) days after the first of January, April, July and October in order for the customer-provided PIU factor to serve as the basis for the next three (3) month's advance billing beginning in February, May, August and November, respectively. The Company will program the customer-provided revised PIU factor into the Company's billing data base no later than the last business day in January, April, July and October, respectively. If the customer does not provide the jurisdictional report in time for the Company to program the billing data base, the Company will continue to develop a State-level PIU factor for the quarter as the Company's billing data base can only be programmed with one PIU process at a time in the same quarter.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 **OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER**

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

B.3.b. (Cont'd)

For existing customers who provide a quarterly report and the report is not received by the Company in time for the Company to program the revised State-(C) level PIU factor for EF and DTT facilities in the State, the Company will assume (C) the EF and DTT PIU factors to be the same as those provided in the last quarterly report and follow the steps as set forth in C., following.

Customers who choose to provide a projected State-level PIU factor for EF and (C) DTT facilities shall supply a percentage in a whole number (i.e., a number 0-100) by State. The PIU factor is used by the Company to determine interstate (C) and intrastate rates and charges. The PIU factor is applied to all rate elements associated with EF and DTT facilities. This PIU factor is in addition to the PIU factors as set forth in 1. and 2., preceding.

Customers may request to change from a quarterly customer-provided State-(C) level PIU factor to a Company-developed State-level PIU factor for their EF and DTT facilities in the State. The customer must notify the Company (by certified (C) U. S. Mail return receipt requested) no later than fourteen (14) days after the first of January, April, July and October in order for the Company-developed State-(C) level PIU factor as set forth in a., preceding to serve as the basis for the next three (3) months' advance billing beginning in February, May, August and November, respectively. The Company will program the PIU factor into the Company's billing data base no later than the last business day of January, April, July and October for the advance quarterly billing beginning in February, May, August and November, respectively. If the customer does not notify the Company in time for the Company to program the billing data base with the Company-developed State-level PIU factor, the customer must continue to (C) provide a quarterly jurisdictional report for the quarter as the Company's billing data base can only be programmed with one PIU process at a time in the same quarter.

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

B.3. (Cont'd)

c. Voice Grade (VG) EF and DTT facilities for CSL and Feature Group A (FGA) to be Resold

Customers initially ordering a VG EF and a DTT facility for CSL or FGA to be resold shall provide a projected PIU factor for each new facility. These PIU factors shall reflect all originating and terminating traffic using these facilities and are in addition to the PIU factors as set forth in 1.a., preceding.

The PIU factor for the VG EF and DTT facility will be applied to all rate elements associated with the EF and DTT facility.

The PIU factor is expressed as a whole number (i.e., a number 0 - 100). The PIU factor will be used by the Company to determine interstate and intrastate rates and charges. If the customer does not provide the Company a Switched Access PIU factor for an EF or DTT facility, the Company will apply a default PIU factor of fifty percent (50%).

The PIU factor will be used by the Company until a revised PIU factor is reported as set forth in C., following. A Switched Access State-level PIU factor shall be provided for all VG EF and for all DTT facilities provided within a State for CSL and Feature Group A for the revised reports. These PIU factors will account for both the originating and terminating traffic of all services using these facilities within the State.

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d. Voice Grade (VG) EF and DTT facilities for CSL or Feature Group A (FGA) not to be Resold

Customers initially ordering a VG EF and a DTT facility for CSL or FGA not to be resold shall state a projected PIU factor of one hundred percent (100%) for each facility. This PIU factor is in addition to the PIU factor as set forth in 1.c., preceding.

4. Tandem-Switched Transport

For Tandem-Switched Transport, rates and charges will be apportioned by the Company between interstate and intrastate based upon the PIU factor for the serving arrangement (Feature Group or BSA), as set forth in 1. and 2., preceding.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

B.5. (Cont'd)

The projected PIU and POM are used to apportion the ISUP Call Set-up requests as interstate, intrastate and other for charging purposes. ISUP Call Set-up requests reported as POM will not be charged, provided that if the customer charges the Company for ISUP Call Set-up requests for Company originated traffic, the Company may charge the customer for ISUP Call Set-up requests associated with customer originated traffic in the same categories of traffic billed by the customer (i.e., local, EAS, intraMTA, Local Exchange Company portion of jointly provided switched access or Company originated toll traffic).

If a customer does not provide a PIU factor, the Company will apply a default PIU factor of fifty percent (50%). If a customer does not provide a POM factor, the Company will apply a default POM factor of zero percent (0%) except in those instances where the Company fails to provide the requested data described above with respect to the initial submission of the POM in a State, in which case the Company will apply a default CCSAC POM equal to the number obtained by subtracting the declared CCSAC PIU from 100.

The PIU and POM factors will be used by the Company until a revised PIU or POM factor is reported as set forth in C., following. A State-level PIU and POM factor shall be provided for CCSAC Service provided within a State for the revised reports.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

B. Jurisdictional Requirements (Cont'd)

6. 555 Access Service

When a service provider orders 555 Access Service, the PIU factor shall be determined as set forth in 1., and 2., preceding, for all rates and charges associated with the access arrangement except for the 555 Access Service Activation Charge and the Translation Charge. For the Activation Charge and the Translation Charge, the service provider shall state in its order the projected PIU factor in a whole number (i.e., a number of 0-100). The Company will designate the number obtained by subtracting the projected interstate percentage furnished by the service provider from 100 as the projected intrastate percentage of use. The projected PIU factor is used by the Company to apportion the Activation Charge and the Translation Charge between interstate and intrastate until a subsequent order is received. The PIU factor for the Activation Charge as described in 6.7.1.C.3., following. A jurisdictional report as described in C., following, is not required for the Activation Charge and Translation Charge.

- C. Jurisdictional Reports
 - 1. Percent Interstate Use (PIU) Factor

Except where Company measured access minutes are used as set forth in B.2., preceding, the customer-provided PIU factor will be used until the customer reports a different projected PIU factor based on the following guidelines:

a. The customer shall update the interstate and intrastate PIU factor via Jurisdictional Report on a quarterly basis. The customer shall report the PIU factor by traffic and service type for each State. The customer shall forward to the Company a revised report, to be received no later than fourteen (14) days after the first of January, April, July and October. The revised report shall show the PIU factor for the most current data available, for each service arranged for interstate use. This data shall consist of at least three (3) and no more than twelve (12) consecutive months of data, ending no more than seventy-five (75) days earlier than the date the report is due (e.g., for the report due January 15th, the last month of data should be no earlier than October 31). The updated PIU factor shall be based on call detail records. The PIU factor can be based on a statistically valid sample. The PIU factor reported in January, April, July and October will be effective on the bill date of each such month and will serve as the basis for the next three (3) months' billing beginning in February, May, August and November, respectively.

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE CUSTOMER

2.3.10 JURISDICTIONAL REPORTS REQUIREMENTS

C.1.c. (Cont'd)

- (5) If after review of the information, it is determined that a billing dispute exists, the Company will continue to use the derived PIU factors and begin audit procedures as set forth in D., following, and notify the Commission.
- (6) The Company will provide to the Commission annual reports on March 1st showing the interstate percentage reported to the Company over the previous calendar year by Switched Access Service customers.
- 2. Percent Other Message (POM) Factor

The customer-provided POM factor will apply to CCSAC ISUP Call Set-up requests only, and will be used until the customer reports a different projected POM factor based on the following guidelines:

- a. The customer may update the POM factor via jurisdictional report on a quarterly basis. The customer shall report the POM factor for each State. The customer shall forward to the Company a revised report, to be received no later than fourteen (14) days after the first of January, April, July and October. The revised report shall show the POM factor for the most current data available. This data shall consist of at least three (3) and no more than twelve (12)consecutive months of data, ending no more than seventy-five (75) days earlier than the date the report is due (e.g., for the report due January 15th, the last month of data should be no earlier than October 31). The updated POM factor shall be based on actual records, defined as either call detail records, call message counts (including incomplete attempts) or signaling message records. The POM factor may be based on a statistically valid sample. The POM factor reported in January, April, July and October will be effective on the bill date of each such month and will serve as the basis for subsequent monthly billing pending the receipt of a revised POM report. If the customer requests the Company to provide data, per the terms of 2.3.10.B.6., preceding, the data provided by the Company will comply with the terms of this section.
- b. No prorating or back billing will be done based on the jurisdictional report. However, usage will be billed utilizing the POM percentage that was in effect at the time the usage was generated.

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3. CARRIER COMMON LINE ACCESS SERVICE

3.6 RESOLD MTS AND/OR MTS-TYPE SERVICE(S) (Cont'd)

3.6.4 RATE REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE RESALE OF MTS AND/OR MTS-Type Service(s)

When the customer is provided an access group to be used in conjunction with the resale of MTS and/or MTS-type services as set forth in 3.6.1, preceding, subject to the limitations as set forth in 3.2, preceding, and the Company receives the usage information required to calculate the proration of Carrier Common Line as set forth in 3.6.2, preceding, the customer will be billed as set forth in D., following.

A. Apportionment and Adjustment of Resold Minutes of Use

When the customer is provided with more than one access group in a State in association with the resale of MTS and/or MTS-type service(s), the resold minutes of use will be apportioned as follows:

1. Originating Services

The Company will apportion the resold originating MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) and originating minutes of use for which resale credit adjustment applies, among the access groups. Such apportionment will be based on the relationship of the originating usage for each access group to the total originating usage for all access groups in the State. For purposes of administering this provision:

- Resold originating MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) minutes shall be only those attributable to intrastate originating MTS and/or MTS-type minutes and shall not include collect, third number, credit card or interstate minutes of use.
- The resale credit adjustment shall apply for resold originating MTS and MTStype service(s) and minutes of use, provided Carrier Common Line and Switched Access Rates and Charges have been assessed on such services.

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3. CARRIER COMMON LINE ACCESS SERVICE

3.6 RESOLD MTS AND/OR MTS-TYPE SERVICE(S)

3.6.4 RATE REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE RESALE OF MTS AND/OR MTS-Type Service(s)

- A. Apportionment and Adjustment of Resold Minutes of Use (Cont'd)
 - 2. Terminating Services

The Company will apportion the resold terminating MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) and terminating minutes of use for which resale credit adjustment applies, among the access groups. Such apportionment will be based on the relationship of the terminating usage for each access group to the total terminating usage for all access groups in the State. For purposes of administering this provision:

- Resold terminating MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) minutes shall be only those attributable to intrastate terminating MTS and/or MTS-type (i.e., collect calls, third number calls, and credit card calls) and shall not include interstate minutes of use or MTS and/or MTS-type minutes of use paid for by another party.
- The resale credit adjustment shall apply for resold terminating MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) and minutes of use, provided Carrier Common Line and Switched Access Rates and Charges have been assessed on such services.
- B. Same State/Telephone Company/Exchange Limitation

In order for the rate regulations to apply as set forth in D., following, the access groups and the resold MTS and/or MTS-type service(s) must be provided in the same state in the same local calling area, provided by the same Company and connected directly or indirectly. For those local calling areas that encompass more than one state, the customer shall report the information by state within the local calling area.

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SECTION 6 5th Revised Sheet 197 Cancels 4th Revised Sheet 197

6. SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE

6.8 RATES AND CHARGES (Cont'd)

6.8.2 LOCAL SWITCHING

A. Local End Office Switching

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ACCESS MINUTE

- Originating
 Terminating
 \$0.003479 0.000700 (R)
- End Office Shared Port Originating 0.000902 Terminating 0.000000 (R)

	USOC	MONTHLY RATE
• End Office Dedicated Trunk Port,[1] per trunk	P4TWX	\$3.00 (R)

[1] The End Office Dedicated Trunk Port rate was calculated based upon a 50/50 split between originating and terminating traffic using this flat-rated port. The FCC in their FCC 11-161 ICC Transformation order in section 51.907(d)(1) allowed Price Cap Carriers to use an equal split to divide the charge between originating and terminating elements. When the terminating portion of the rate is reduced and then combined with the originating portion of the rate a single flat rate is generated for billing purposes. The Originating portion of the charge is \$3.00.

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Effective: July 1, 2016

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SECTION 6 1st Revised Sheet 202 Cancels Original Sheet 202

6. SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE

6.8 **RATES AND CHARGES**

6.8.2 LOCAL SWITCHING

E. Common Switching Optional Features and BSEs (Cont'd)

FID • Nonhunting Number for use with Hunt Group or Uniform Call Distribution for use with WATS Access Service (available with CST2, CST3, FGC and FGD), per line NHN Rate • InterLATA Toll Denial, per Line NONRECURRING USOC CHARGE • Clear Channel Capability (BSE) (available with CST3 or FGD), per Trunk Group[1] NR4CA \$12.50 (R) (T)

[1] The flat rated Clear Channel Capability charge was calculated based upon a 50/50 split between originating and terminating. The FCC in their FCC 11-161 ICC Transformation order in section 51.907(d)(1) allowed Price Cap Carriers to use an equal split to divide the charge between originating and terminating elements. When the terminating portion of the rate is reduced and then combined with the originating portion of the rate, a single flat rate is generated for billing purposes. (N)

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SECTION 6 1st Revised Sheet 203 Cancels Original Sheet 203

6. SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE

6.8 RATES AND CHARGES

6.8.2 LOCAL SWITCHING

E. Common Switching Optional Features and BSEs (Cont'd)

	USOC	Nonrecurring Charge[1]	Monthly Rate	
• Alternate Traffic Routing (BSE)				
- Multiple Customer Premises Alternate Routing (available with CST1, CST2 and CST3), per trunk group[3]	NR4AS	\$76.51 (R)	_	(T)
- End Office Alternate Routing (available with CST1, CST2 and CST3), per trunk group[3]	NR4AT	76.51 (R)	_	(T)
• End Office Alternate Routing to a customer-provided tandem premises, CST3 only, per trunk group[1,3]	NR4AU	76.51 (R)	_	(T)
• Automatic Number Identification (BSE) (available with CST1, CST2 and CST3)[2]				
- Per call with CST1, CST2 and CST3[3]	N/A	_	\$.000035 (R)	(T)
Subsequent orders only.				(M)

[2] MF Signaling or SS7 Out of Band Signaling.

- [3] This flat rated charge was calculated based upon a 50/50 split between originating and terminating. The FCC in their FCC 11-161 ICC Transformation order in section 51.907(d)(1) allowed Price Cap Carriers to use an equal split to divide the charge between originating and terminating elements. When the terminating portion of the rate is reduced and then combined with the originating portion of the rate, a single flat rate is generated for billing purposes. (N)
- (M) Material moved to Sheet 204.

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P.U.C. OREGON NO. 32 ACCESS SERVICE

6. SWITCHED ACCESS SERVICE

6.8 **RATES AND CHARGES**

6.8.2 LOCAL SWITCHING

E. Common Switching Optional Features and BSEs (Cont'd)

	USOC	Nonrecurring Charge	Monthly Rate	
- Per trunk group with CST1 and CST2 [1,2]	NR4AA	143.21 (R)	_	(M) (T)
- Per CIC code, per trunk group with CST3 [1,2]	NR4AB	23.74 (R)	_	(T-M)
• Called Directory Number Delivery (BSE) (available with unbundled FGA <i>DID</i>), per trunk termination[2]	OPZPT	\$18.83 (R)	\$0.27 (R)	(T)
• Hunt Group Arrangement (BSE) (available with CSL), per line[2]	HSHPT	_	0.02 (R)	(T)
• Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement (BSE) (available with CSL), per line[2]	UMH	_	0.21 (R)	(T)

- [1] Subsequent orders only.
- [2] This flat rated charge was calculated based upon a 50/50 split between originating and terminating. The FCC in their FCC 11-161 ICC Transformation order in section 51.907(d)(1) allowed Price Cap Carriers to use an equal split to divide the charge between originating and terminating elements. When the terminating portion of the rate is reduced and then combined with the originating portion of the rate, a single flat rate is generated for billing purposes. (N)
- (M) Material moved from Sheet 203.

SECTION 13 1st Revised Sheet 37 Cancels Original Sheet 37

13. Additional Engineering, Additional Labor And Miscellaneous Services

13.3 MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES (Cont'd)

13.3.6 PROVISION OF ACCESS SERVICE BILLING INFORMATION

- A. The customer will receive monthly bills and Customer Service Records (CSRs) in a standard paper format at no charge. At the option of the customer, monthly bills and CSRs may be provided electronically, in lieu of the standard paper format at no charge.
- B. At the option of the customer additional copies of the customer's monthly bill and/or CSR may be provided in standard paper or electronic for an additional charge.
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(T)

- C. Upon acceptance by the Company of an order for electronic transmission, the Company will determine the period of time to implement the transmission of such material on an individual order basis.
- D. The rates and charges for the provision of additional copies of Access Service (C) Billing Information after the initial copy has been provided are as follows: (C)

	FID	RATE	
			(D)
			 (D)
 Electronic Transmission to a customer's premises of Billing Detail and/or 			(T)
Information, per record transmitted	BOD DT	ICB	

[1] This sheet cancels the following sheets: Original, Sh	neets 39 through 41.

Qwest Corporation d/b/a Co	enturyLink QC	(C)
P.U.C. OREGON NO. 32	SECTION 13	
ACCESS SERVICE	2nd Revised Sheet 38 Cancels 1st Revised Sheet 38	
13. Additional Engineering, Add Miscellaneous Ser		
13.3 MISCELANEOUS SERVICES13.3.6 PROVISION OF ACCESS SERVICE BILLING	INFORMATION	
B. (Cont'd)		(T)

	FID	RATE	
• Additional Copies of the customer's monthly bill or service and features record in standard paper format			(C)
- Per page	NOB NEL	ICB	(D)

13.3.7 **PROTECTIVE CONNECTING ARRANGEMENTS**

The following Protective Connecting Arrangements (PCAs) are grandfathered and are offered subject to on-the-shelf availability.

13.3.8 **RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE**

(T)

P.U.C. OREGON NO. 32 ACCESS SERVICE

15. COMMON CHANNEL SIGNALING NETWORK (CCSN)

15.8 RATES AND CHARGES

- A. Common Channel Signaling Access Capability (Cont'd)
 - 3. CCS Link

	USOC	Nonrecurring Charge	Monthly Rate
First CCS LinkEach additional	NRBS1,NRME6 NRBSA,NRME7		
4. STP PORT, per port	PT8SX	_	\$425.00
5. Multiplexing			
DS1 to VoiceDS3 to DS1[1]	QMVXX,FMCN2 QM3XX,FMC5X	X – –	250.00 275.00
B. Message Charge	I	NTRASTATE Rate	OTHER RATE
1. Signal Formulation			
 ISUP, Per call set-up requ Originating Terminating 	est	\$0.000829 0.000000 (R)	
2. Signal Transport			
 ISUP, Per call set-up requ Originating Terminating 	est	0.000559 0.000000 (R)	
• TCAP, Per data request		0.000418	_
3. Signal Switching			
 Per ISUP, Per call set-up Originating Terminating 	request	0.001162 0.000000 (R)	
• Per TCAP, Per data reque	st	0.000460	_

[1] For Shared Use only as set forth in 2.7, preceding.

CERTIFICATION

I am Vice President – Regulatory Operations for CenturyLink. I hereby certify that I have overall responsibility for supervision of the personnel who prepare all of the data supporting the CenturyLink Operating Companies- July 1, 2016 Annual Access Charge Tariff Filing bearing Tariff F.C.C. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11 for all issuing carriers and that I am authorized to execute this certification. Based upon the information provided to me by employees responsible for the preparation of, or for the supervision of the preparation of, the data submitted in support of the Tariff Review Plan information contained herewith, I hereby certify that the data has been examined and reviewed and is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Further, based upon the information provided to me by employees responsible for the preparation of, or for the supervision of the preparation of, the data submitted in support of the Eligible Recovery for Price Cap Carriers and Access Recovery Charge information contained herewith, I hereby certify that the data has been examined and reviewed and is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the CenturyLink Operating Companies are not seeking duplicative recovery in the state jurisdiction for any Eligible Recovery subject to the recovery mechanism, and that CenturyLink Operating Companies have complied with sections 51.915(d), 51.915(e) and 51.915 (f) of the Commission's rules.

May 9, 2016

Juf Stover

Jeff Glover Vice President – Regulatory Operations

Contact Person:

Gary Kepley **Director**, Regulatory Operations (913) 353-7080 Telephone Number:

Description of Methodology

The following narrative describes the methodology and supporting calculations utilized by CenturyLink to implement the process of reducing terminating switched end office rates to not exceed \$0.0007 per minute as required by 47 C.F.R. §51.907(f) which addresses changes beginning July 2016. CenturyLink's supporting calculations utilize the "Access Reduction Spreadsheet" template released by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") on April 13, 2016, for calculating the July 1, 2016 intrastate access rate changes.

The FCC spreadsheet template also provides the methodology for calculating the rate changes and identifies in detail the interstate access rates that are required to be changed consistent with the rules. Step 5 of the USF ICC Transformation Order adjusts Interstate Terminating End Office Access rates down to the target composite rate of \$0.0007. The interstate rates will then be mirrored on the intrastate side so that rates will remain in parity.

Section 51.907(f) of the FCC Rules required the Access Reduction Spreadsheet to be modified to reflect rate reductions for July 1, 2016. For Price Cap carriers that file interstate tariffs assessing a single rate applicable in different states, the interstate demand used shall be the sum of the demand for all of the states included in the tariff, rather than making separate state-by-state calculations. For companies with a single rate in multiple states, the calculations are done at the regional level and the regional rates are mirrored in each study area¹. For individual study areas, the calculations are done at the study areas, the calculations are done at the study area level. An overview of the methodologies necessary for reducing terminating end office access rates is as follows:

- 1. Establish the 2011 Baseline Composite Terminating End Office Access Rates, which reflects interstate rates and demand.
- 2. Calculate the 2016 Target Composite Terminating End Office Access Rate by reducing the 2011 Baseline Composite Terminating End Office Access Rate to not exceed \$0.0007.
- 3. Calculate the individual Interstate Terminating End Office Access rate levels so that the reduced rates and demand will equal to the 2016 Target Composite Terminating End Office Access Rate.
- 4. Set Intrastate Terminating End Office Access rates equal to their functionally equivalent interstate rates.
- 5. Prepare intrastate and interstate tariff filing documents as required by each tariff jurisdiction.

¹ See footnote No. 27 in clarification order: Connect America Fund, et al., DA 14-434, WC Docket No. 10-90 et al.