Calpine Solutions Exhibit 100 Witness: Kevin C. Higgins

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF OREGON

In the Matter of)	
PacifiCorp, dba Pacific Power,)	Docket No. UE 375
2021 Transition Adjustment)	
Mechanism)	

Opening Testimony and Exhibit of Kevin C. Higgins

on behalf of

Calpine Energy Solutions, LLC

May 15, 2020

OPENING TESTIMONY OF KEVIN C. HIGGINS

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Introduction

- 4 Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 5 A. My name is Kevin C. Higgins. My business address is 215 South State Street,
- 6 Suite 200, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84111.
- 7 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- 8 A. I am a Principal in the firm of Energy Strategies, LLC. Energy Strategies is a
- 9 private consulting firm specializing in economic and policy analysis applicable to
- energy production, transportation, and consumption.
- 11 Q. On whose behalf are you testifying in this phase of the proceeding?
- 12 A. My testimony is being sponsored by Calpine Energy Solutions, LLC ("Calpine
- Solutions"). Calpine Solutions is a retail energy supplier that serves commercial
- and industrial end-use customers in 18 states, the District of Columbia, and Baja
- 15 California, Mexico. Calpine Solutions serves more than 15,000 retail customer
- sites nationwide, with an aggregate load in excess of 4,500 MW. Calpine
- Solutions' retail customers are located in the service territories of more than 55
- utilities. In Oregon, Calpine Solutions is currently serving customers in the
- service territories of PacifiCorp and Portland General Electric ("PGE").
- 20 Q. Please describe your professional experience and qualifications.
- 21 A. My academic background is in economics, and I have completed all coursework
- and field examinations toward a Ph.D. in Economics at the University of Utah. In
- addition, I have served on the adjunct faculties of both the University of Utah and

Westminster College, where I taught undergraduate and graduate courses in economics. I joined Energy Strategies in 1995, where I assist private and public sector clients in the areas of energy-related economic and policy analysis, including evaluation of electric and gas utility rate matters.

Prior to joining Energy Strategies, I held policy positions in state and local government. From 1983 to 1990, I was economist, then assistant director, for the Utah Energy Office, where I helped develop and implement state energy policy. From 1991 to 1994, I was chief of staff to the chairman of the Salt Lake County Commission, where I was responsible for development and implementation of a broad spectrum of public policy at the local government level.

Q. Have you ever testified before this Commission?

A. Yes. I have testified in twenty-nine prior proceedings in Oregon, including ten previous PacifiCorp Transition Adjustment Mechanism ("TAM") proceedings, UE 339 (2019 TAM), UE 323 (2018 TAM), UE 307 (2017 TAM), UE 296 (2016 TAM), UE 264 (2014 TAM), UE 245 (2013 TAM), UE 227 (2012 TAM), UE 216 (2011 TAM), UE 207 (2010 TAM), and UE 199 (2009 TAM). I have also participated in six PacifiCorp general rate cases, UE 263 (2013), UE 246 (2012), UE 210 (2009), UE 179 (2006), UE 170 (2005), and UE 147 (2003), as well as the PacifiCorp Five-Year Opt-Out case, UE 267 (2013).

In addition, I have testified in six previous PGE general rate cases, UE 335 (2018), UE 283 (2014), UE 262 (2013), UE 215 (2010), UE 197 (2008), and UE 180 (2006). In addition, I testified in the PGE New Load Direct Access Case, UE

1		358 (2019); the PGE Opt-Out case, UE 236 (2012); and the PGE restructuring
2		proceeding, UE 115 (2001).
3		I also testified in the Investigation into PacifiCorp's Non-Standard
4		Avoided Cost Pricing, UM 1802 (2017); the 2017 Inter-Jurisdictional Allocation
5		proceeding, UM 1050 (2016); and Phase II of the Investigation into Qualifying
6		Facility Contracting and Pricing, UM 1610 (2015).
7	Q.	Have you testified before utility regulatory commissions in other states?
8	A.	Yes. I have testified in approximately 220 proceedings on the subjects of
9		utility rates and regulatory policy before state utility regulators in Alaska,
10		Arizona, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky,
11		Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, New York,
12		North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas, Utah,
13		Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wyoming. I have also prepared
14		affidavits that have been filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
15		
16	Over	view and Conclusions
17	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
18	A.	My testimony focuses on issues pertaining to direct access service, in particular,
19		the calculation of the Schedule 294 and 296 transition adjustments; the treatment
20		of Renewable Energy Certificates ("RECs") for direct access service; and the
21		calculation of the Consumer Opt-Out Charge used in PacifiCorp's five-year opt-
22		out program.
23	Q.	What are the primary conclusions and recommendations in your testimony?

While I have general concerns about the structure of PacifiCorp's direct access program and the consequent low level of participation, those concerns lie outside the scope of this TAM proceeding. Based on my review of the Company's filing in this docket, I have tentatively concluded that the direct access aspects of the Company's filing are consistent with prior agreements negotiated between the Company, Calpine Solutions and other parties, as well as prior Commission orders. My conclusion is contingent on review of a supplemental discovery response from PacifiCorp that has not yet been provided. Consistent with my tentative conclusion, I am not proposing any adjustments to the Company's filing with respect to direct access service in my opening testimony.

In addition, I note that in PacifiCorp's general rate case docket, UE 374, the Company has proposed consolidating the TAM and Power Cost Adjustment Mechanism filings into a single annual filing, the Annual Power Cost Adjustment ("ACPA"). As part of that proposal, PacifiCorp has developed proposed guidelines for the ACPA that generally subsume the current TAM guidelines. As the current TAM guidelines were developed before adoption of PacifiCorp's five-year opt-out program, they provide for a sample calculation of the one-year transition adjustment, Schedule 294, but not the five-year transition adjustment, Schedule 296, which is applicable to long-term direct access ("LTDA") service. Going forward, I recommend that a sample calculation for Schedule 296 be incorporated into the TAM and/or ACPA guidelines, whichever is applicable.

A.

¹ See UE 374, PAC/500, Direct Testimony of Michael G. Wilding, p. 1.

² *Id.*, pp. 9-10.

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PacifiCorp 2021 TAM – Direct Access Issues

- Q. In prior TAM dockets in recent years, there have been disagreements
 between PacifiCorp and Calpine Solutions regarding the calculation of the
 Consumer Opt-Out Charge and the treatment of RECs for direct access
 customers that were ultimately resolved through stipulations approved by
 the Commission. Is the 2021 TAM filed by the Company consistent with the
 approved stipulations?
- 9 A. Yes, as far as I have been able to determine.
- 10 Q. Are there aspects of the Company's 2021 TAM filing that require further review prior to you solidifying your conclusion?
- Yes. Calpine Solutions' Data Request 1.2 asked PacifiCorp to provide a sample 12 A. calculation of the Schedule 296 transition adjustment. Among other things, this 13 sample calculation would enable me to verify that the Company was calculating 14 Schedule 296 in the manner previously negotiated and approved by the 15 Commission. PacifiCorp responded that it had not yet performed a sample study 16 for Schedule 296, but that it was working on the requested sample calculation and 17 will provide it in a supplemental response when it has been completed. I expect 18 that the sample calculation will be provided sometime after I file my opening 19 testimony.³ 20
- Q. Do you have good reason to expect that PacifiCorp will calculate Schedule
 22 296 in the manner previously negotiated and approved by the Commission?

 $^{^{3}}$ See PacifiCorp Response to Calpine Solutions 1.2, included in Calpine Solutions/101.

Yes. PacifiCorp verified that is the Company's intention in its Response to

Calpine 1.1.⁴ In that response, the Company confirmed that it will calculate the

Consumer Opt-Out Charge consistent with the Stipulation approved by the

Commission in UE 356 (2020 TAM). That Stipulation reconfirmed the

compromise adopted in the 2019 TAM that resolved a multi-year disagreement

between Calpine Solutions and PacifiCorp regarding the most appropriate

treatment for the projection of Schedule 200 costs in years 6 through 10 following

the inception of LTDA service for any customer, as used in the calculation of the

Consumer Opt-Out Charge.

A.

Prior to the Stipulation in the 2019 TAM (UE 339), PacifiCorp's calculation of the Consumer Opt-Out Charge used a projection of Schedule 200 charges that *increased* in years 6 through 10 at the rate of inflation. In contrast, the position of Calpine Solutions has been that Schedule 200 projections in years 6 through 10, as used in the calculation of the Consumer Opt-Out Charge, should *decline* each year consistent with the effects of accumulated depreciation on a fixed pool of assets. Under the UE 356 Stipulation, the Consumer Opt-Out charge is calculated holding fixed generation costs *flat* in nominal terms in years six through 10, without an inflation escalator. Further, the stipulating parties agreed to remove a qualifier from the UE 339 Stipulation that the stipulated approach was non-precedential. Calpine Solutions supports the continued use of the approach stipulated in UE 356 in this case.

⁴ See PacifiCorp Response to Calpine Solutions 1.1, included in Calpine Solutions/101.

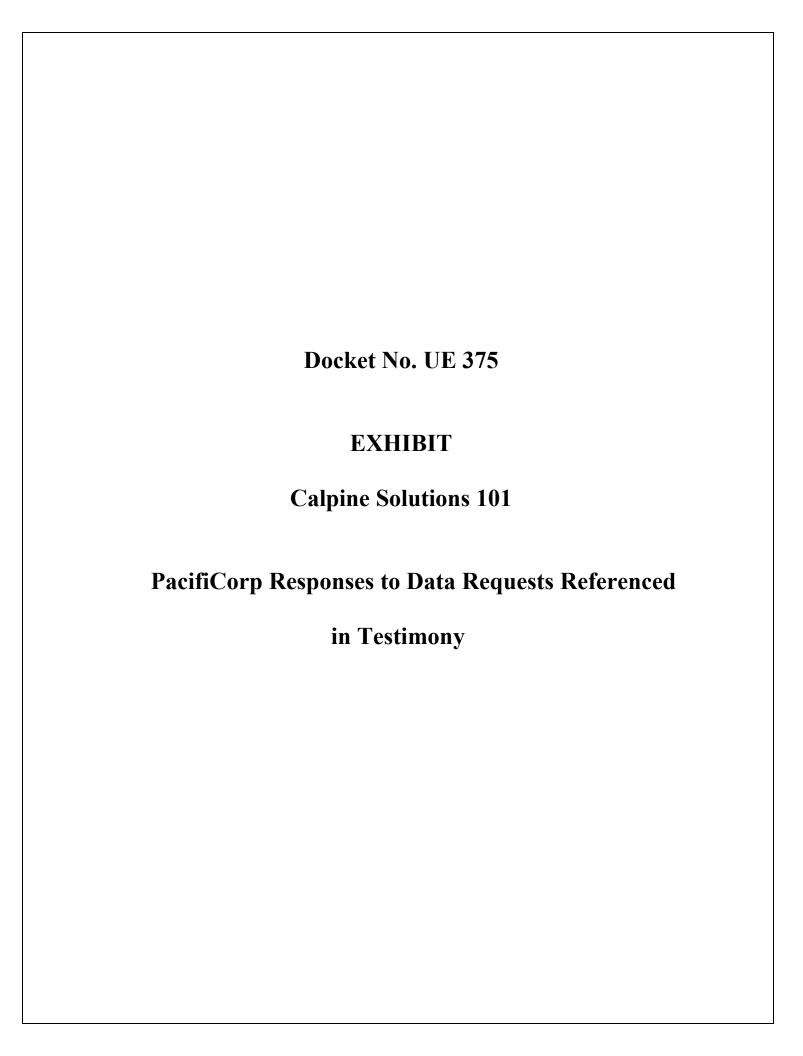
1	Q.	Is the treatment of RECs for direct access customers being addressed
2		satisfactorily?
3	A.	Yes. The current stakeholder-developed process for transferring RECs from
4		PacifiCorp to Electricity Service Suppliers ("ESSs") to account for the migration
5		of direct access customers reflects a constructive resolution of a previous dispute
6		over the problem of direct access customers paying twice for Renewable Portfolio
7		Standard ("RPS")-related resources: once from their ESS and a second time from
8		PacifiCorp through the transition adjustment. The REC transfer process
9		reasonably resolves this problem by transferring RECs from PacifiCorp to ESSs
10		for the benefit of their direct access customers.
11	Q.	Please elaborate on your recommendation to include a sample calculation of
12		Schedule 296 as part of the TAM (or, if applicable, ACPA) guidelines.
13	A.	The current TAM guidelines require that PacifiCorp provide a sample calculation
14		for the one-year transition adjustment, Schedule 294, for two rate schedules, 30-
15		Secondary and 48-Primary. However, the calculation of the rates for Schedule
16		296, the five-year program, are materially different, particularly because it
17		includes the Consumer Opt-Out Charge. Consequently, the sample calculation for
18		Schedule 294 does not fully inform how the five-year program's rates will be
19		calculated. Because the current TAM guidelines predate the adoption of
20		PacifiCorp's five-year opt-out program, the current TAM guidelines do not
21		include a requirement that PacifiCorp supply parties with a sample calculation for
22		the five-year program. Instead, the Schedule 296 calculation must be requested in
23		discovery, which can impede full and prompt investigation of the case in the

expedited TAM format. Going forward, it would be helpful to the process if a 1 sample calculation relevant to LTDA, i.e., a sample calculation of Schedule 296, 2 3 would be included as part of the Company's TAM (or ACPA) filing. Such a 4 filing would preempt the need for specific discovery requests regarding a sample Schedule 296 calculation, as Calpine Solutions has made in this and previous 5 6 TAM dockets. My proposed filing requirement is reasonable considering that the 7 original purpose of the TAM is to calculate the transition adjustment for direct access service. 8 Q. 9 What is your recommendation regarding the TAM guidelines? 10 A. I recommend that the TAM guidelines be modified to include a sample 11 calculation of Schedule 296 as applicable to customers currently served under rate schedules 30-Secondary and 48-Primary. In the alternative, if the ACPA 12 proposed by PacifiCorp in docket UE 374 is adopted, I recommend that this 13 provision be included in the ACPA guidelines. 14 15 Q. Does this conclude your opening testimony?

A.

Yes, it does.

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Calpine Data Request 1.1

Please refer to the UE 356 Stipulation. Please confirm that the Consumer Opt-Out Charge for Schedule 296 will be calculated consistent with Paragraph 23 of that stipulation. If not, please clarify.

Response to Calpine Data Request 1.1

Confirmed.

Calpine Data Request 1.2

Please provide a sample Schedule 296 calculation (transition adjustments and optout charge) that would be applicable to Schedule 30-Secondary customers and Schedule 48-Primary customer based on the best current information available to the Company. Please provide the supporting work papers for this calculation in Excel format with formulas intact.

Response to Calpine Data Request 1.2

This data request is for a sample study not yet performed by the company. The company is working on the requested sample Schedule 296 calculation, and will provide in a supplemental response to this data request when it has been completed.