June 9, 2010

#### Via Electronic and U.S. Mail

Public Utility Commission of Oregon 550 Capitol Street NE, Suite 215 Salem, OR 97310

Attention: Carol Hulse

Re: Docket No. UE-215

Dear Ms. Hulse:

The International Dark Sky Association ("IDA") respectfully submits the Original and five copies of the Opening Testimony and Exhibits of Leo Smith on behalf of the International Dark-Sky Association filed in the above-referenced matter.

Sincerely,

Leo Smith

Board of Directors, ational Dark-Sky Association 1060 Mapleton Avenue Suffield, CT 06078

860 668 4000

Enclosure

cc: Service List

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF OREGON

#### Docket No. UE-215

In the Matter of	)
PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,	)
Request for a General Rate Revision	)

#### **Opening Direct Testimony of Leo Smith**

#### on Behalf of the International Dark-Sky Association

1 Q PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS
--

- 2 A Leo Smith. My address is 1060 Mapleton Avenue, Suffield, Connecticut 06078
- 3 Q WITH WHAT ORGANIZATION ARE YOU AFFILIATED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
- 4 A The International Dark-Sky Association. I serve as a member of the Board of Directors
- 5 and as the Northeast Regional Director. My resume of experience related to outdoor
- 6 lighting is explained in detail in Attachment A.

#### 7 Q ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING?

- 8 A I am testifying on behalf of the International Dark-Sky Association in support of its
- 9 proposal to require the adoption of midnight rates for streetlights and for the
- inclusion of rates for 50 watt high pressure sodium lamps.

#### 11 Midnight Option Rate for Streetlights

#### 12 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE PROGRAMMABLE PHOTOCELL

- 13 A. The standard photocell operates on a dusk-to-dawn basis. The programmable
- 14 photocell allows for turn on of the streetlight at dusk with a clock that can be set to
- turn the light off at a set time, such as midnight. The same photocell also allows the
- streetlight to turn back on at a selected hour

#### 1 Q. WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO ALLOW STREETLIGHTS TO TURN BACK ON, AFTER

#### 2 MIDNIGHT TURN OFF?

- 3 A. During the winter months of short daylight hours, school bus schedules in the early
- 4 morning sometimes operate during darkness. Allowing streetlights to turn back on at
- 5 6AM would address concerns of parents regarding school children waiting for busses
- 6 in darkness.

#### 7 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN PRICE DIFFERENCES FOR THE PROGRAMMABLE PHOTOCELL

- 8 A. Using CL&P pricing for the example, a standard photocell will cost the utility \$3,
- 9 whereas the programmable photocell cost is \$11 based on volume.

#### 10 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE BENEFITS TO MUNICIPALITIES IF MIDNIGHT OPTION RATES

- 11 FOR STREETLIGHTS WERE TO BECOME AVAILABLE.
- 12 A. There are three primary benefits of the Midnight Option rate for Streetlights:
- 1) Reduction in energy cost, 2) lower maintenance costs and 3) reduction in CO2
- emission that result from energy generation.
- 15 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE REDUCTION IN ENERGY USE BY IMPLEMENTING A MIDNIGHT
- 16 **OPTION.**
- 17 A. A standard dusk-to-dawn photocell will operate a streetlight 4,100 hours per year.
- A programmable photocell set to turn the streetlight off from Midnight to 6AM
- would reduce the annual energy consumption by 1,825 hours or 44.5%.

#### 20 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW THE USE OF THE MIDNIGHT OPTION RESULTS IN LOWER

#### 21 MAINTENANCE COSTS

- 22 A. Maintenance costs are primarily related to re-lamping. A standard practice is to
- 23. establish a group re-lamping schedule. A typical High Pressure Sodium lamp has a 24,000
- 24. hour lamp life when it burns dusk to dawn. Based on the 4,200 hours of use per year, a

- typical period for group relamping will be on a 4.5 year cycle. A streetlight controlled by
- 2 a programmable photocell where the light is off from Midnight to 5AM will have 2,375
- 3 hours of use per year. Based on the short cycles, the lamp life will be reduced to
- 4 approximately 18,000 hours. With 2,375 hours used annually, the lamp life under
- the Midnight Option would be 7.5 years. Group relamping would likely be set for
- 6 every 7 years, resulting in a 36% reduction in maintenance cost.
- 7 Q HOW WOULD PGE GROUP RELAMPING CREWS BE ABLE TO DISTINGUISH
- 8 PROGRAMMABLE PHOTOCELLS WHILE SERVICING IN THE FIELD?
- 9 A Manufacturers of programmable photocells use color to distinguish the product from a
- standard photocell. A work crew could be assigned group relamping for all standard
- photocells in one year (usually 5 years since the previous relamping), in a specific
- municipality. Then two years later another relamping would be done for streetlights
- controlled by programmable photocells, distinguished by their color from a standard
- photocell. (See Exhibits B-1 through B-4 for a sample of the color used to distinguish
- programmable photocells from standard photocells)
- 16 Q HOW AVAILABLE ARE PROGRAMMABLE PHOTOCELLS IN THE MARKET?
- 17 A Programmable photocells are widely available in the commercial market. There are
- many manufacturers. Precision Multiple Controls was selected by CL&P after testing
- 19 three manufacturers. Fischer Pierce, Dark To Night and Ripley are among other
- 20 manufacturers. See http://www.fpolc.com/pdf/Mid-Night\_Tracker\_Utility.pdf
- http://www.AcuityBrandsLighting.com/library/Specification Sheets/AEL/Specification%20Sheets/Dark%20to%20Light/Dark%20to%20Light/DTL-DP-1707.pdf
- and http://www.ripleylightingcontrols.com/twist-lock-photocontrols.html

#### 1 Q ARE PROGRAMMABLE PHOTOCELLS A NEW AND UNTESTED TECHNOLOGY?

- 2 A Programmable photocells are not new and they have been tested. Connecticut
- 3 Light & Power conducted tests on three manufacturers' programmable photocells
- 4 before choosing the manufacturer. A subsidiary of Acuity Brands, one of the largest
- 5 and well established manufacturers of lighting equipment, has sold to over 700 utility
- 6 companies and has sold over 7 million units since its founding in 1990. See Exhibit B-1.
- 7 Q Why is a Rate for Part Night Streetlights in the Public Interest.
- 8 A PGE's Municipal Streetlight Service (Schedule 91), is offered only for all night service. Sheet 91-1
- 9 (Exhibit C) states, under Character of Service that service is "From dusk to dawn...for
- 4,100 hours annually". Advances in photocell technology in today's market offer electronic
- programmable photocells capable of regulating the streetlight's burn hours with an internal clock,
- 12 so that streetlights can be turned off at 11PM or midnight, and turned back on at 6AM during the
- to be a winter. The use of programmable photocells for part night lighting has been tested and
- proven stable and reliable technology through which municipalities can conserve energy and
- reduce expenses for street lighting. Utility regulators in Connecticut required in a 2007 rate case
- that Connecticut Light and Power to add a Midnight Option to their streetlight tariff. In 2009
- 17 New Hampshire enacted a law requiring the regulators to include a part night streetlight rate for
- all streetlight tariffs. The conservation of energy, the reduction in CO2 emission and the lower
- 19 tariff rate associated with part-night streetlights are all in the public interest.

- 1 Reasons to Include Lower Wattage Lamps in Schedule 91
- 2 Q PLEASE DESCRIBE THE LOWEST OFFERINGS UNDER SCHEDULE 91
- 3 FOR HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM (HPS)
- 4 A Schedule 91, Sheet 91-8 (Exhibit D) shows the 9500 lumen (100 watt) HPS as the lowest
- 5 lighting level offered. PGE has stated in DR-002 that 70 watt HPS should be included
- 6 but had been omitted in error. 50 watt HPS lamps are not included in Schedule 91.

#### 7 Q WHAT LOWER WATTAGE LAMPS SHOULD BE ADDED TO THESE SCHEDULES?

- 8 A For Schedule 91, the 50 watt HPS lamp should be added to Sheet 9-8 and all other.
- 9 places where 100 watt HPS lamps are offered.

#### 10 Q PLEASE EXPLAIN THE BASIS FOR THIS CONCLUSION.

- 11 A The 50 watt HPS lamp has an initial lumen output of 4,000 lumens. 4,000 lumen was
- deemed adequate for streetlight purposes when 100 watt mercury vapor lamps with
- 14 4,000 lumen were commonly used in the 1970s by most utility companies, prior to HPS.
- 4,000 lumen level Mercury Vapor were offered by PGE for streetlights (See Exhibit E).
- 16 PGE has even offered 1,000 and 2,500 lumen incandescent streetlights, with as little
- as 25% of the lumen output of the 4,000 lumen 50 watt HPS. (See Exhibit F Sheet 9-12)
- 18 Q. CAN YOU OFFER A REASON WHY 4,000 LUMEN (50 watt) HPS LAMPS ARE NOT
- 19 ALSO OFFERED IN SCHEDULE 91- MUNICIPAL STREET LIGHTING?
- 20 A. While the 50 watt HPS is much more energy efficient when compared to the incandescent
- or mercury vapor lamps, use of the 50 watt HPS lamp will result in significant reduction in
- 22 energy sales. In my opinion, the potential loss of energy sales may be a significant reason why
- 23 the more energy efficient 50 watt HPS lamp has been excluded in past rate offerings.

- 1 The exclusion of the 50 watt HPS lamp from Schedule 91 forces municipalities and property
- 2 owners to purchase higher wattage lamps than may be necessary, thus wasting energy and
- 3 inflating cost for street lighting.

#### 4 Q WHAT TYPES OF STREETS MIGHT BE APPROPRIATE FOR 50-WATT HPS LAMPS?

- 5 A Streets with low travel speeds or where pedestrian traffic is the primary purpose are
- 6 two examples. (The Roadway Lighting Committee established a Task Force that
- 7 determined that car headlights may be sufficient on low speed roads.)

#### 8 Q WHY WOULD ADDING 50 LAMPS TO SCHEDULE 91 BE IN

#### 9 THE PUBLIC INTEREST?

- 10 A 50 watt High Pressure Sodium streetlights consume significantly less energy than
- 11 higher wattage lamps currently offered in PGE's Schedule 91. The 4,000 lumen
- output 50 watt HPS lamp is a standard offering in the streetlight tariffs of many other
- utility companies. (See Exhibits G-1 through G-3) Including the 50 watt HPS streetlight
- in PGE's Schedule 91 is in the public interest because:
- 1) 50 watt HPS lamp have a high energy efficiency and will provide adequate
- illumination levels at many locations;
- 17 2) a 50 watt HPS lamp will significantly lower municipal street lighting costs
- as compared to higher costs for higher wattage lamps (70 and 100 watt); and
- 18 3) CO 2 emission will be reduced with less energy consumed by the 50 watt HPS.
- 19 Providing municipalities with the option of designating the 50 watt HPS lamp for use
- 20 in a portion of their streetlight inventory is in the public interest.

#### 21 Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

22 A. Yes.

Leo Smith 1060 Mapleton Avenue Suffield, CT 06078 860 668 4000

**Area of Expertise:** Streetlights - Levels of light - Warranting - Location and Time of Operation - Municipal Control of Light Pollution - Light Trespass - Glare

**Credentials:** Leo Smith is a member of the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) and the International Dark Sky Association (IDA). He is one of 9 members of the IDA/IESNA Joint Task Force working to develop the Outdoor Model Lighting Ordinance (MLO) for municipalities.

He also serves as a member of the following committees and boards:

Board of Directors, IDA (2004 through 2007 and May 2008 through Present)

Board of Directors, Sensible and Efficient Lighting to Enhance the Nighttime Environment (SELENE-NY)(2007 through Present)

Member, Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA)
Roadway Lighting Committee (IESNA)
Chair, Task Force on When Roadway Lighting May Not Be
Necessary
Standard Practice Subcommittee

Residential Streetlights Subcommittee

Lighting for Exterior Environments Committee (IESNA)

Northeast Regional Director (IDA) (2007 through Present)

Connecticut Section Leader (IDA) (2002 through Present)

**Legislation:** Drafted language that was used for three Connecticut laws and one state building code amendment designed to control light pollution

CT Public Act 01-134 An ACT REQUIRING ENERGY EFFICIENT ROADWAY LIGHTS.

CT Public Act 03-210 An Act Requiring Reduction in Hazardous Road

GLARE AND LIGHT POLLUTION FROM PRIVATE AREA FLOODLIGHTING LOCATED

WITHIN THE STATE RIGHT-OF-WAY

CT Public Act 06-86 An Act Concerning Luminaires at State Agencies

#### **Agency Regulation**

- 2004 Amendment to Connecticut State Building Code. New Section 805.6.1 on Light Pollution Controls (2003 International Energy Conservation Code)
- 2007 Intervenor in CL&P electric utility rate case setting requirements for midnight service rates under streetlight tariffs.

#### Awards of Recognition on Outdoor Lighting Issues

In 2006, Leo Smith was presented with the **IESNA President's Award** for his contributions to the Model Outdoor Lighting Ordinance (MLO), in his capacity as a member of the IESNA/ IDA Joint Task Force to develop the MLO. Nationwide, he is one of nine people selected to develop a model lighting ordinance that can be used by U.S. Municipalities. He has served on the MLO Task Force from 2004 through present.

Also in 2006 the International Dark Sky Association presented him with its Executive Director Award, also in recognition of his work in developing the Model Lighting Ordinance.

In 2003 the International Dark Sky Association presented him with the Hoag/Robinson Award, which "is given at the recommendation of the IDA board of directors to an individual who has been outstanding in educating governmental organizations, businesses, and the public about the merits of outdoor lighting control ordinances."

In 2001 the International Dark Sky Association presented him with the IDA Executive Director Award in recognition of his success in drafting legislative proposals that were enacted into law by the State of Connecticut. These proposals require municipal, state and unitility-owned streetlights to be fully shielded. (Connecticut Public Act 01-134)

## DPN Series Part Night®

#### Electronic Twist Lock Photocontrol



#### ORDERING INFORMATION



#### Applications:

Parking lots Area lights Park lights Media lighting Ball fields and courts Pedestrian lighting



#### Features:

Control turns on at dusk and off halfway through the night. Automatically self-adjusts to seasonal time changes, reducing maintenance.

Reduces light pollution and light trespass concerns.

Filtered silicon photocell provides long-term, drift-free light sensing. The infrared blocking polymer filter gives human eye response.

A 2-5 second off-only time delay is provided to avoid turn-off from extraneous

Complies with ANSI C136.10-1996.

Four-year warranty.

Energy Savings.

Star FriendlyTM.

Available in job packs of J12 or J50 only.

Polypropylene cover, neoprene gasket, brass legs, acrylic window base rated

Power consumption: 0.8 watts.

Load rating: 1000 watts, 1800 VA ballast.

Sealed relay rated for 5000 operations at full load.

Turn OFF is at middle of the night.

3.6 ounces each.

-40°C to +70°C ambient, up to 90°C interface per ANSI.

Dielectric strength: 5000 V per ANSI.





#### About Dark to Light - Lighting Controls

Dark to Light (DTL)™ is the leader in high quality, cost-effective electronic outdoor photocontrols for electric utilities. DTL™ was founded in 1986 as a development company. Since 1990, DTL™ has shipped over seven million electronic photocontrols in North America, Central America, Australia, and Asia. More utilities use DTL™ electronic controls than those of any other electronic control manufacturer.

DTL™ controls are used in over 700 utility installations, ranging in size from under 500 to over 300,000 photocontrols.

DTL's patented photocontrol design meets and/or exceeds all existing or proposed ANSI photocontrol standards. DTL™ photocontrols are exceptionally reliable and reduce utility maintenance costs. In addition, they are energy efficient. DTL™ is a Manufacturing Ally in the U.S. EPA Green Lights Program, which promotes energy-efficient lighting to reduce energy usage. We can provide you with an analysis to estimate your streetlight energy savings and emission reductions. All DTL™ controls satisfy the relevant certifications and/or specifications, including ANSI C136 and UL773.

Advanced flexible manufacturing allows DTL™ to respond quickly to individual utility needs, including special requirements. DTL™ manufactures a wide range of electronic photocontrols including:

- Twist-locks to button-type (wire-in) controls
- 120 to 480 volts (including 347 and multi-voltage controls)
- Intelligent" controls Part-night and anti-cycling
- UL and non-UL listed controls.

DTL™ photocontrols are manufactured in Pembroke, Massachusetts.

#### **ENGINEERING & TECHNICAL SUPPORT:**

DTL™ Engineering has led the industry in new product development for 10 years. DTL™ offers customers the benefits of this engineering expertise. Engineers are available to support 1) customers' inquiries about standard products and specifications; and 2) to assist customers with custom applications.

DTL™ also maintains a large database of utility operating cost data and product performance data. This information is available to assist customers in understanding DTL™ product capabilities. In addition, the database allows utilities to quantify operating cost factors.



Eliminates the need for expensive, unreliable, hard-wired time clocks

reliability

Addresses current issues of:

Lighting Curfews
Dark Sky Initiative
California Title 24
Federal Energy Act 2005
Canadian Industry Program for
Energy Conservation
(CIPEC)

User Selectable Turn-Off Time, Turn Back-On Time, Time Zone, Daylight Savings Time Observance

Meets or exceeds rigid quality requirements of SouthConn Technologies Inc. and applicable ANSI C136.10, and C136.24 Standards

WARRANTY: One year from date of manufacture

Phone: 803-939-4700 Fax: 803-939-4777 E-mail: Sales@RipleyLC.com www.RipleyLC.com

	RC8444
Nominal Voltage 50/50 Hz	120/208/240/277
Voltage Range	105-305
Pall Mode	On
Load Rating	1000 Watt Tungsten / 1800 VA Ballast
Operating Temperature	-40C to +70C (-40F to +158F)
Photocall	Encapsulated Silicon Phototransistor
Dielectric Strength	5000 Voltz between current carrying parts and metal surfaces
Surge Protection	320 Joule MOV / 10,000 amp surge current:
Power Consumption	0.7 watts @ 120 V
Time Delay Off (Instant On)	5 seconds
Operating Light Levels (Standard Settings)	Turn On 2.6 PC ± .25 / Turn Off by 3.9 PC (Off:On Ratio = 1.5:1)
ANSI Color Coded Cover	Black
Receiver Frequency	60 KHz
Receiver Sensitivity	0.4 pV
Receiver Antenna	Built-in Ferrite
Programmable Off Time	7pm—3am in 1 hour increments, or Defeat
Programmable Back-on Time	4am-dam in 1/2 hour increments, or Defeat
Time Zone / Daylight Savings Selection	Atlantic, Eastern, Central, Mountain, Pacific, with or without Daylight Savings Time observance



Simple Setup utilizes selector switches conveniently located in the photocontrol base

Time Zone - Select appropriate time zone and whether or not to obsaine Daylight Savings Time shift. Uppercase selections include Daylight Savings Time shift, lowercase selections do not.

OFF - Select degined Turn-Off time from 7:00 pm to 3:00 am, or select DEFEAT to disable the Turn-Off Time feature.

BACK-ON - Select desired time to turn back-on in the early morning hours from 4:00 am to 8:00 am, or select DEFEAT to disable the Back-On feature. Http://www.precisionmulticontrols.com/Photocontrols/Energy-Saving-Photocell.html



### http://www.fpolc.com/pdf/MidNight\_Tracker\_Utility.pdf



Mid-Night Tracker

54 Commercial Street

Raynham, MA 02767 PH: (508) 884-9732, FAX: (508) 822-0593, www.fisherpiero-

#### Turns Light on at Sunset and off at Midnight





#### Saves 50% in Energy Costs Addresses Light Trespass Issues

High performance electronic photocontrol that turns the light on at sunset and turns the light off at the mid point of the night. It tracks the mid point in the night on a daily basis and automatically adjusts for the seasonal changes in sumise and sunset.

Ideal for all areas where lights do not need to be on all night:

- Shopping Malls
- Super Markets
- Retail Outlets
- Sports Facilities

- Municipal and State Parks
- Landscape Lighting
- Bill Boards
- Single Shift Companies

Specification: 105-305 VAC, 1,000 watt/1,800 VA, Non-drift silicon light sensor.

Mid-Night Tracker I (Model # MT-I): Turn on at Sunset, Turn off at Midnight

Mid-Night Tracker II (Model # MT-II): Turn on at Sunset, Turn off at Midnight, Turn on Before 6:00 AM Turn off at Sunrise

First Revision of Sheet No. 91-1 Canceling Original Sheet No. 91-1

#### SCHEDULE 91 STREET AND HIGHWAY LIGHTING STANDARD SERVICE (COST OF SERVICE)

#### AVAILABLE

In all territory served by the Company.

#### APPLICABLE

To municipalities or agencies of federal or state governments for lighting service utilizing Company approved streetilghting equipment for public streets and highways and public grounds where funds for payment of Electricity generally are provided through taxation or property assessment.

#### CHARACTER OF SERVICE

From dusk to dawn daily, controlled by a photoelectric control or time switch to be mutually agreeable to the Customer and Company for an average of 4,100 hours annually.

**LUMINAIRE SERVICE OPTIONS -** The Company offers the following Luminaire Service Options at the applicable rates specified herein.

The Customer will elect the Luminaire Service Option at the time of Initial luminaire Installation.

#### Option A - Luminaire

Option A provides electricity service to luminaires that are purchased, owned, and maintained by the Company with attachment to Company-owned poles at the monthly Option A rate applicable to the Installed type of light.

#### Maintenance Service under Option A

Includes preventative group lamp replacement and glassware cleaning subject to the Company's operating schedule.

#### Emergency Lamp Replacement and Luminaire Repair

The Company will repair or replace Inoperable luminaires as soon as reasonably possible following notification of an Inoperable luminaire.

Schedule 91 Sheet 91-1 permits only dusk to dawn service

(C)

(C)

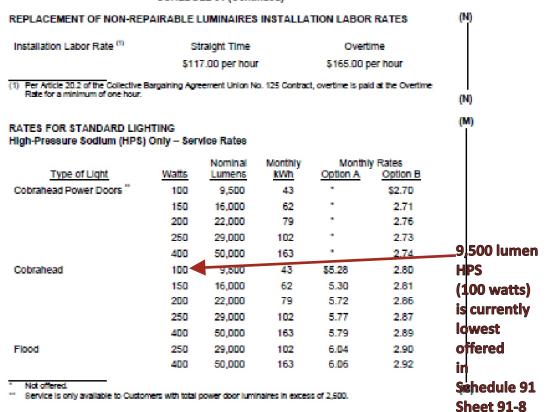
(N) (C)

(C)

(N)

Fourth Revision of Sheet No. 91-8 Canceling Third Revision of Sheet No. 91-8

#### SCHEDULE 91 (Continued)



Expanded
offering could
include
4,000 lumen
(50 watt) and
5,800 lumen
(70 watt) lamps

Advice No. 09-07 Issued September 2, 2009 Maria M. Pope, Senior Vice President

Effective for service on and after September 23, 2009

First Revision of Sheet No. 91-11 Canceling Original Sheet No. 91-11

#### SCHEDULE 91 (Continued)

#### RATES FOR CUSTOM POLES (Continued)

		Monthly	y Rates
Type of Pole	Pole Length (feet)	Option A.	Option B
Aluminum, HADCO, Fluted Victorian Ornamental	14	\$11.08	\$0.37
Aluminum, HADCO, Non-Fluted Techtra Omamental	18	19.81	0.65
Aluminum, HADCO, Fluted Ornamental	16	10.60	0.35
Aluminum, HADCO, Non-Fluted Ornamental Westbrooke	16	15.95	0.52
Aluminum, Painted Ornamental	35	27.35	0.90
Concrete, Ameron Post-Top	25	23.42	0.78
Fiberglass, HADCO, Fluted Ornamental Black	14	6.47	0.21
Fiberglass, Regular			
color may vary	22	3.17	0.11
color may vary	35	7.47	0.25
Fiberglass, Anchor Base, Gray	35	11.95	0.40
Fiberglass, Direct Bury with Shroud	18	6.20	0.21

#### SERVICE RATE FOR OBSOLETE LIGHTING

The following equipment is not available for new installations under Options A and B. Tothe extent feasible, maintenance will be provided. Obsolete Lighting will be replaced with the Customer's choice of Standard or Custom equipment. The Customer will then be billed at the appropriate Standard or Custom rate. If an existing Mercury Vapor luminaire requires the replacement of a ballast, the unit will be replaced with a corresponding HPS unit.

		Nominal	wouldly	Monthly	y Rates
Type of Light	Watts	Lumens	kWh	Option A	Option B
Cobrahead, Mercury Vapor	100	4,000	39		
	175	7,000	66	\$5.37	\$2.70
	250	10,000	94	6.31	2.94
	400	21,000	147	5.48	2.82
	1,000	55,000	374	6.28	3.13
Special Box Similar to GE "Space	e-Glo"				
HPS	70	6,300	30	8.68	2.80
Mercury Vapor	175	7,000	66	8.90	2.80
Not offered.					

Advice No. 09-07 Issued April 9, 2009 Maria M. Pope, Senior Vice President

Effective for service on and after September 23, 2009 4,000 lumen Mercury Vapor lamps (100 watts) are currently included in Schedule 91 Page 11 as "obsolete". 4,000 lumen HPS (50 watt)

not offered in standard offering **On Page 9-8** 

Original Sheet No. 91-12

#### SCHEDULE 91 (Continued)

SERVICE RATE FOR OBSOLET	E LIGHTING	G (Continued	1)			(M)
Type of Light Special Box, Anodized Aluminum Similar to GardCo Hub	<u>Watts</u>	Nominal Lumens	Monthly <u>kWh</u>	Monthly Option A	y Rates <u>Option B</u>	
Similar to GardCo Hub	Twin 70	6,300	60			
nF3	70	6,300	30			
	100	9,500	43	\$8.52	\$3.17	
	150	16.000	62	ş0.52	3.18	
					3.10	
	250	29,000	102			
Market I factors	400	50,000	163		2.25	
Metal Halide	250	20,500	99		3.35	
	400	40,000	156	-	3.76	
Cobrahead, Dual Wattage, HPS						
70/100 Watt Ballast	100	9,500	43		2.80	
100/150 Watt Ballast	100	9,500	43	-	2.80	
100/150 Watt Ballast	150	16,000	62		2.81	
Special Architectural Types						
KIM SBC Shoebox, HPS	150	16,000	62		3.62	
Special Acom-Type, HPS	70	6,300	30	8.45	2.80	
Special GardCo Bronze Alloy						
HPS	70	5,000	30	•	•	Although 50 watt
Mercury Vapor	175	7,000	66		•	4.000 lumen
Special Acrylic Sphere						HPS not offered
Mercury Vapor	400	21,000	147		,	111 7 1100 0110100
Early American Post-Top, HPS						in Sheet 91-8
Black	70	6,300	30	5.17	2.81	past offerings
Rectangle Type	200	22,000	73		•	include a 1,000
Incandescent	92	1,000	31	-		and 2,500 lumen
	182	2,500	62			incandescent lamp
Town and Country Post-Top						•
Mercury Vapor	175	7,000	66	5.50	2.72	for street lighting.
Not offered.						(M)

Advice No. 09-07 Issued April 9, 2009 Maria M. Pope, Senior Vice President

Effective for service on and after September 23, 2009

#### EXHIBIT G - 1 - CL&P Rate 116 with 50 watt HPS

#### THE CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

STREET AND SECURITY LIGHTING

RATE 116 Page 1 of 10

AVAILABLE for street, highway, off-street and security lighting. Excludes service off the public highway except where the fixture is mounted on a Company owned distribution pole.

#### MONTHLY RATE:

#### Overhead Service:

Includes street lights, flood lights, and spot lights served overhead and mounted on an existing distribution supply pole with existing secondary distribution.

Nominal						
Rating in		Mercury	H.P.		Metal	
Lumens	<u>Wattage</u>	Vapor*	Sodium	incandescent"	<u>Hallde</u>	
600	59			\$ 6.22		
1.000	104	-	_	\$ 5.78	-	
2,500	203	_		\$ 4.73	_	
3,450	72	_		9 4.70	\$ 8.87	
4,000	328	_		\$ 5.55	<b>Q</b> 0.01	Connecticut
4.000	118	\$ 6.06		9 0.00	-	Light and
4.000	59	9 0.00	\$ 6.23	_		•
5,200	89	_		_	\$ 8.09	Power
6.000	449	-	-	\$ 7.61	-	Streetlight
6,300	84	-	\$ 6.47	_		•
8,000	206	\$ 7.40	-		-	Schedule (Rate 116)
8.500	119	-	-	-	\$ 8.42	includes
9,500	118	-	\$ 7.18	-		
10,000	691	-		511.78	-	—4,000 lumen
12,500	287	\$ 9.47				(50 watt) and
13,000"	190	-	\$ 8.35	-		•
14,400	207	-		-	\$10.33	<b>—6,300 lumen</b>
16,000	172	-	\$ 8.17	-		(70 watt) lamps
22,000	289	545.45	-	-	\$12.38	(70 wate) lamps
22,500	455 311	\$12.45	511.39	-		
27,500 36,000	451	-	\$11.59	•	\$15.32	Note: the 84 wattage
50,000	472	_	514.14		\$15.52	_
60.000	1103	\$25.60	Ø14.14	-	_	represents 70 watts
110.000	1080	\$25.0U	_		\$30.61	for the lamp and
140,000	1103	-	\$29.35		φου.01	ioi tile lamp and
140,000	TTGG	_	φε3.00	_	_	14 watts to account

"No additional luminaires or poles of these sizes or types will be installed. For replacement for the electricity of an existing mercury vapor luminaire, municipalities may request in writing that a similar luminaire be installed where ambiance and atmosphere must be maintained and where used to power the safety and security will not be jeopardized.

Supersedes Rate 116 Effective July 1, 2009 by Letter Ruling dated June 19, 2009 Docket No. 09-05-07

Rate 116.01-01-10.doc

Effective January 1, 2010 by Letter Ruling dated December 28, 2009 Docket No. 10-01-01 14 watts to account
If for the electricity
E used to power the
ballast and
photocell. Same for
the 50 watt lamp,
plus 9 watts for
ballast and photocell

#### EXHIBIT G - 2 - Public Service Electric and Gas Sheet No. 93 offering 50 watt HPS

Rates contained online at page 87 of the PDF file: PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC AND GAS COMPANY First Revised Sheet No. 93 Superseding B.P.U.N.J. No. 13 ELECTRIC Original Sheet No. 93 RATE SCHEDULE BPL BODY POLITIC LIGHTING SERVICE APPLICABLE TO USE OF SERVICE FOR: Public street lighting and outdoor area lighting to a body politic. CHARACTER OF SERVICE: Limited period from dusk to dawn. RATE:

Monthly Charge Per Unit: Service From Company-Owned Facilities

Monthly Char	rge Per Unit: Service From C	ompany-Own	ed Facilities		Company	Streetlight
		Average	Wattage	_	Owned	Schedule
Lamp Type	Luminaire	Maintained Lumens	Including Ballast	Company Owned	including SUT	(Sheet 93)
HIGH PRESSURE	50 Watt Cobra-Head 70 Watt Cobra-Head	3,600 5,570	58 83	\$5.49 7.90	\$5.82 8.37	includes
SODIUM VAPOR	100 Watt Cobra-Head 150 Watt Cobra-Head	8,550 14,400	117 171	10.04 9.96	10.64 10.55	both
	200 Watt Cobra-Head 250 Watt Cobra-Head	19,800 24,750	236 300	11.06 10.64	11.72 11.28	—50 watt and
	400 Watt Cobra-Head	45,000	450	17.89	19.95	
	50 Watt Cobra-Head Cut-off	3,600	60	7.02	7.44	70 watt
	250 Watt Cobra-Head Cut-of 400 Watt Cobra-Head Cut-of		300 470	14.86 17.36	15.75 18.40	HPS lamps

Rate from Pag	ge 89 of PDF file				<u>Publicly</u>
<u>Lamp Type</u> HIGH	<u>Luminaire</u> 50 Watt Cobra-Head	Average Maintained Lumens 3.600	Wattage Including Ballast 58	Publicly Owned \$2.67	Owned including SUT \$2.83
PRESSURE	70 Watt Cobra-Head	5,670	83	3.17	3.36
SODIUM	100 Watt Cobra-Head	8,550	117	2.40	2.54
VAPOR	150 Watt Cobra-Head	14,400	171	2.37	2.51
	200 Watt Cobra-Head	19,800	236	2.25	2.39
	250 Watt Cobra-Head	24,750	300	1.51	1.71
	400 Watt Cobra-Head	45,000	450	.51	.54
	50 Watt Cobra-Head Cut-off	3,600	60	2.62	2.78
	250 Watt Cobra-Head Cut-of	f 24.750	300	1.61	1.71
	400 Watt Cobra-Head Cut-of		470	(0.03)	(0.03)

# EXHIBIT G - 3 - Southern California Edison Sheet No. 24448-E offering 50 watt HPS and Midnight Service



Southern California Edison Rosemead, California Revised Cal. PUC Sheet No. 24448-E Cancelling Revised Cal. PUC Sheet No. 24086-E

Sheet 1

#### Schedule LS-1 LIGHTING - STREET AND HIGHWAY COMPANY-OWNED SYSTEM

#### **APPLICABILITY**

Applicable to service for the lighting of streets, highways, and publicly-owned and publicly-operated automobile parking lots which are open to the general public where the Company owns and maintains the street lighting equipment and associated facilities included under this schedule.

#### **TERRITORY**

Within the entire territory served.

#### **RATES**

	Nominal La	amp Rating	Per Lamp Pe	r Month *	
	Aver	age	Α	В	Streetlight
	Lamp	Initial	All Night	Midnight	
	<u>Wattage</u>	Lumens	<u>Service</u>	<u>Service</u>	
	Incandesce	ent Lamps **			(Sheet 24448-E)
	103	1,000	\$ 7.95	\$7.16	also includes
	202	,	.69 8.14		rates for
	327	4,000	11.96	9.45	
	448	6,000	14.40	10.96	Midnight Service
	Mercury Va	por Lamps **			_
Streetlight	100	4,000	\$ 7.88	\$ 6.87	
•	175	7,900	9.39	7.73	
Schedule	250	12,000	11.26	8.95	
(Sheet 24448-E)	400	21,000	14.58	10.94	
includes	700	41,000	21.10	14.94	
	1,000	55 <sub>,</sub> 000	26.63	17.92	
both	High Press	ure Sodium			
50 watt —	Vapor Lam	ps			
	50	4,000	\$ 6.59	\$ 6.15	
and	70	5,800	7.09	6.45	
	100	9,500	7.98	7.08	
70 watt	150	16,000	9.30	7.82	
	200	22,000	10.61	8.73	
HPS lamps	250	27,500	11.84	9.44	
	400	50,000	15.11	11.39	

- \* Rates shown are for a single lamp. When an account has more than one lamp the total kWh will be the kWh per month lamp rating to three decimal places multiplied by the number of lamps.
- \*\* Closed to new installations.

(Continued)

(To be inse	erted by utility)	Issued by	(To be insert	ed by Cal. PUC)
Advice	1295-E	<u>John R. Fielder</u>	Date Filed	Mar 11, 1998
Decision		Senior Vice President	Effective	Apr 20, 1998
102		Resolution		

**Midnight Option Rate Included** 

IT CRG-11	Dawn vs Midnight Optior
ш	Dus
	Comparison

n Dus. Jawn vs Midnight Option

The Connecticut Light & Power Company Docket No. 09-12-05 Witness Responsible: C. R. Goodwin

Dated: January 8, 2010

\																																
Page 1 o≨2		Percent Change	-14.7%	-23.0%	-36.3%	-41.0%	-41.1%	-41.0%		-24.2%	-29.6%	-31.0%	-33.9%	-36.4%			-14.7%	-18.5%	-21.7%	-26.5%	-25.3%	-29.3%	-32.5%	-34.3%		-13.0%	-16.4%	-19.6%	-24.6%	-26.9%	-30.5%	-33.3%
	\$ 11.4	<u>Difference</u> Perce	-\$14.34	-\$25.28	-\$49.35	-\$79.74	-\$109.16	-\$167.99		-\$28.69	-\$50.08	-\$69.77	-\$110.61	-\$268.15			-\$14.34	-\$20.42	-\$28.69	-\$46.19	-\$41.81	-\$75.61	-\$114.75	-\$268.15		-\$17.50	-\$21.64	-\$28.93	-\$50.32	-\$70.26	-\$109.64	-\$262.56
	Annual Pill &	Midnight Option	\$83.33	\$84.57	\$86.46	\$114.59	\$156.43	\$241.52		\$89.98	\$118.91	\$155.60	\$216.08	\$468.48			\$83.45	\$89.88	\$103.42	\$127.96	\$123.14	\$182.09	\$238.68	\$513.48		\$116.94	\$110.17	\$118.38	\$154.16	\$190.83	\$249.78	\$525.23
		Dusk-to-Dawn	297.67	\$109.85	\$135.81	\$194.33	\$265.59	\$409.50		\$118.66	\$168.99	\$225.37	\$326.70	\$736.63			\$97.79	\$110.30	\$132.10	\$174.15	\$164.95	\$257.69	\$353.42	\$781.63		\$134.45	\$131.80	\$147.31	\$204.48	\$261.09	\$359.43	\$787.79
		Midnight Option	129	228	444	718	982	1512		258	451	628	995	2413			129	184	258	416	376	980	1033	2413		158	195	260	453	632	286	2363
	Annual kWh	Dusk-to-Dawn Midn	242	427	834	1348	1845	2839		485	846	1179	1869	4532			242	345	485	781	707	1278	1939	4532		296	366	489	850	1187	1853	4437
ing	Distribution	Monthly Rate	55 55	\$4.65	\$2.52	\$1.98	\$2.67	\$4.18		\$4.77	\$5.16	\$6.34	\$7.51	\$13.58			\$5.59	\$5.55	\$5.89	\$6.28	\$6.29	\$8.00	\$9.00	\$17.33		\$8.08	\$7.13	\$7.12	\$8.07	\$9.23	\$10.41	\$18.84
rvice Streetlight		Wattage	59	104	203	328	449	691		118	206	287	455	1,103	;	dium	29	84	118	190	172	311	472	1103		72	88	119	207	289	451	1080
Rate 116 - Full Service Streetlighting		Type/Size	Incandescent 600 lumen	1,000	2,500	4,000	6,000	10,000	Mercury Vapor	4,000 lumen	8,000	12,500	22,500	000'09		High Pressure Sodium	4,000 lumen	6,300	9,500	13,000	16,000	27,500	20,000	140,000	Metal Halide	3,450 Lumen	5,200	8,500	14,400	22,000	36,000	110,000
)	<b>~</b> 8	6	1 1	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	;	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	33

**EXHIBIT H - New Hampshire State Law Requiring Streetlight Rates for Midnight Service** 

Http://www.gencourt.state.nh.us/legislation/2009/hb0585.html

#### **CHAPTER 212 (Enacted into law in 2009)**

#### **HB 585-FN - FINAL VERSION**

9-D:4 Part-Night Rate for Roadway and Area Lighting.

To encourage cost savings and energy conservation, the public utilities commission shall, subject to its ratemaking authority under RSA 378, develop a rate for part-night or midnight service for unmetered street or area lighting. Such a rate shall be revenue neutral with respect to utility distribution revenue.

# Updated State-level Greenhouse Gas Emission Coefficients for Electricity Generation 1998-2000

#### Energy Information Administration

Office of Integrated Analysis and Forecasting Energy Information Administration U.S. Department of Energy

#### April 2002

http://www.eia.doe.gov/oiaf/1605/pdf/EFactors1998-2000.pdf

Table 1. 1998-2000 Average State-level Carbon Dioxide Emissions Coefficients for Electric Power Page 5

	Carbon Dioxide					
Region/State	lbs/kWh					
West/Oregon	0.28					

#### UE 215 - CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 9th day of June 2010, I served the foregoing OPENING TESTIMONY OF THE INTERMATIONAL DARK-SKY ASSOCIATION in docket UE-215 upon each party listed in the UE-215 OPUC Service List by email, and where paper service is not waived, by US Mail First Class Postage Prepaid, and upon the Commission by email and by sending 1 original and 5 copies to the Commission's Salem office.

(W denotes waiver of paper service)

(C denotes service of Confidential material authorized)

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UE-215 - Certificate of Service OPENING TESTIMONY OF THE INTERNATIONAL DARK-SKY ASSOCIATION

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