e-FILING REPORT COVER SHEET



COMPANY NAME:

DOES REPORT CONTAIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION? No Yes If yes, submit a redacted public version (or a cover letter) by email. Submit the confidential information as directed in OAR 860-001-0070 or the terms of an applicable protective order.
Select report type: RE (Electric) RG (Gas) RW (Water) RT (Telecommunications) RO (Other, for example, industry safety information)
Did you previously file a similar report? No Yes, report docket number:
Report is required by: Statute Order Note: A one-time submission required by an order is a compliance filing and not a report (file compliance in the applicable docket) Other (For example, federal regulations, or requested by Staff)
Is this report associated with a specific docket/case? No Yes, docket number:
List Key Words for this report. We use these to improve search results.
Send the completed Cover Sheet and the Report in an email addressed to PUC.FilingCenter@state.or.us
Send confidential information, voluminous reports, or energy utility Results of Operations Reports to PUC Filing Center, PO Box 1088, Salem, OR 97308-1088 or by delivery service to 201 High Street SE Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301.

THIS FILING IS				
Item 1: 🗵 An Initial (Original) Submission	OR Resubmission No			

Form 2 Approved OMB No.1902-0028 (Expires 12/31/2020) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No.1902-0205 (Expires 12/31/2019)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 2: Annual Report of Major Natural Gas Companies and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Natural Gas Act, Sections 10(a), and 16 and 18 CFR Parts 260.1 and 260.300. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of a confidential nature.

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Avista Corporation

Year/Period of Report

End of <u>20</u>

2017/Q4

QUARTERLY/ANNUAL REPORT OF MAJOR NATURAL GAS COMPANIES IDENTIFICATION Year/Period of Report 01 Exact Legal Name of Respondent End of 2017/Q4 Avista Corporation 03 Previous Name and Date of Change (If name changed during year) 04 Address of Principal Office at End of Year (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, WA 99207 05 Name of Contact Person 06 Title of Contact Person VP, Controller, Prin. Acctg. Officer Ryan L. Krasselt 07 Address of Contact Person (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, WA 99207 10 Date of Report This Report Is: 08 Telephone of Contact Person, Including Area Code (Mo, Da, Yr) (1) X An Original 509-495-2273 (2) A Resubmission 04/11/2018 ANNUAL CORPORATE OFFICER CERTIFICATION The undersigned officer certifies that: I have examined this report and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief all statements of fact contained in this report are correct statements of the business affairs of the respondent and the financial statements, and other financial information contained in this report, conform in all material respects to the Uniform System of Accounts. 11 Name 12 Title VP, Controller, Prin. Acctg. Officer Ryan L. Krasselt 13 Signature 14 Date Signed Ryan L. Krasselt 04/11/2018 Title 18, U.S.C. 1001, makes it a crime for any person knowingly and willingly to make to any Agency or Department of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		This Repor		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation		n Original Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of 2017/Q4	
	List of Schedules (N	` /	7. Tree de l'inice ion			
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Nam	ne of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	ata Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of 2017/Q4
	List of Schedules (Natura				
- Fn:	•				ava boon reported for
	ter in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as a ain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not ap			mation of amounts n	lave been reported for
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	Title of Schedule		Reference	Date Revised	Remarks
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	X Four copies will be submitted				
	No annual report to stockholders is prepared				

Name of Respondent			ort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Avista Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
General	Inform					
Provide name and title of officer having custody of the general corporate books of account where any other corporate books of account are kept, if different from that where the general				general corporate books are	e kep	t and address of office
Ryan Krasselt, Vice President and Controller, Principal Accounting Officer 1411 East Mission Avenue Spokane, WA 99207						
2. Provide the name of the State under the laws of which respondent is incorporated and daincorporated, state that fact and give the type of organization and the date organized.	te of inco	rpo	ration. If incorporated	under a special law, give r	efere	ence to such law. If not
State of Washington, Incorporated March 15,1889						
3. If at any time during the year the property of respondent was held by a receiver or trustee the authority by which the receivership or trusteeship was created, and (d) date when posses Not Applicable	•			ee, (b) date such receiver o	or trus	stee took possession, (c)
4. State the classes of utility and other services furnished by respondent during the year in	each Stat	e in	which the respondent	operated.		
Electric service in the states of Washington, Idaho and Montana Natural gas service in the states of Washington, Idaho and Oregon						
5. Have you engaged as the principal accountant to audit your financial statements an accountants?	untant w	no is	s not the principal acco	ountant for your previous ye	ear's (certified financial
(1) Yes Enter the date when such independent accountant was initial (2) X No	y enga	ged	ł:			

Name of Respondent			This	Report Is: X An Original	Date (Mo	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/l	Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(2)	A Resubmission		11/2018	End	of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	C	orporations Cor		ed by Respondent		ļ		
at ar 2. any 3. 4.	 Report below the names of all corporations, business trusts, and similar organizations, controlled directly or indirectly by respondent at any time during the year. If control ceased prior to end of year, give particulars (details) in a footnote. If control was by other means than a direct holding of voting rights, state in a footnote the manner in which control was held, naming any intermediaries involved. If control was held jointly with one or more other interests, state the fact in a footnote and name the other interests. In column (b) designate type of control of the respondent as "D" for direct, an "I" for indirect, or a "J" for joint control. DEFINITIONS See the Uniform System of Accounts for a definition of control. Direct control is that which is exercised without interposition of an intermediary. 							
4. votin agre	Indirect control is that which is exercised by the Joint control is that in which neither interest car ig control is equally divided between two holder ement or understanding between two or more porm System of Accounts, regardless of the relater	effectively con s, or each party parties who toge	trol c hold ther	or direct action without the discrete action without the discrete action within the have control within the	the cons	sent of the oth . Joint control	may ex	ist by mutual
Line No.	Name of Company Controlled	Type of Contro	ol	Kind of Business		Percent Votir Stock Owne	-	Footnote Reference
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)
1	Avista Capital	D	_	Parent to the Co	' '		100	Not used
2	Avicta Dovolonment	1			sidiaries		100	Notuced
3	Avista Development	1		Maintains investment portfolio i	Estate.		100	Not used
4	Avista Energy	I			Inactive		100	Not used
5	Pentzer Corporation	1		Parent of Bay Area Mfg and Venture	Penture Hldngs	•	100	Not used
6	Bay Area Manufacturing	I		Holding co of AM&D dba	MetalFX	,	100	Not used
7	Advanced Manufacturing & Development	I		Custom mfg of electronic en	closures		89	Not used
8	dba MetalFX							Not used
9								
10	Avista Capital II	D		Affiliated business trust issue p	oref trust sec	•	100	Not used
11	Avista Northwest Resources, LLC	1:		Owns an interest in a vent inv	ure fund restment	•	100	Not used
12	Steam Plant Square, LLC	I		Commercial office and Retai	l leasing	,	100	Not used
13	Courtyard Office Center, LLC	I		Commercial office and retai	l leasing		100	Not used
14	Steam Plant Brew Pub, LLC	I		Restaurant Op	erations		100	Not used
15								
16	Alaska Energy and Resources Company	D		Parent company of Alaska op	erations	,	100	Not used
17	Alaska Electric Light and Power Company	1		Utiltiy operations based in the	city and borough	,	100	Not used
18				Of Jun	eau, AK			
19	AJT Mining Properties, Inc	1:		Inactive mining company certain pr	-	,	100	Not used
20	Snettisham Electric Company	I		Holds certain rights to purch			100	Not used
21				Sno Hydroelectric project in the	ettisham			
۷1					rough of			
22					eau, AK			
23	Salix, Inc	I		Liquefied Natural Gas Operatio			100	Not used
					ootnote			
24	Pontzer Venture Heldinge II. Inc	1	+	Holding Commercia	Inactive		100	Matrical
25	Pentzer Venture Holdings II, Inc	I	+	Holding Company -	шасиче		100	Not used
26 27			+					
28			+					
	C EODM NO. 2 (42 06)							

Name of Respondent		This Report		Date of Re	port	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	ata Corporation			Original Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Y 04/11/20	•	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Security Ho	olders and Voting I	Powers			•
or costate know composition know composition know composition know contraction know contrac	1. Give the names and addresses of the 10 security holders of the respondent who, at the date of the latest closing of the stock book or compilation of list of stockholders of the respondent, prior to the end of the year, had the highest voting powers in the respondent, and state the number of votes that each could cast on that date if a meeting were held. If any such holder held in trust, give in a footnote the known particulars of the trust (whether voting trust, etc.), duration of trust, and principal holders of beneficiary interests in the trust. If the company did not close the stock book or did not compile a list of stockholders within one year prior to the end of the year, or if since it compiled the previous list of stockholders, some other class of security has become vested with voting rights, then show such 10 security holders as of the close of the year. Arrange the names of the security holders in the order of voting power, commencing with the highest. Show in column (a) the titles of officers and directors included in such list of 10 security holders. 2. If any security other than stock carries voting rights, explain in a supplemental statement how such security became vested with voting rights and give other important details concerning the voting rights of such security. State whether voting rights are actual or contingent; if contingent, describe the contingency. 3. If any class or issue of security has any special privileges in the election of directors, trustees or managers, or in the determination of corporate action by any method, explain briefly in a footnote. 4. Furnish details concerning any options, warrants, or rights outstanding at the end of the year for others to purchase securities of the respondent or any securities or other assets owned by the respondent, including prices, expiration dates, and other material information relating to exercise of the options, warrants, or rights. Specify the amount of such securities or assets any officer, director, associated company, or any of						
	. Give date of the latest closing of the stock or prior to end of year, and, in a footnote, state the purpose of such closing: 12/01/2017	=				the date and place of such meeting: Spokane, WA	
			4. Number of v	VOTI otes as of (date	NG SECURIT 12/01/20		
Line No.	Name (Title) and Address of Security Holder	·	Total Votes	Common St	ock Prefe	erred Stock	Other
5	(a)		(b)	(c)	07.151	(d)	(e)
6	TOTAL votes of all voting securities		64,997,151		97,151		
7	TOTAL number of security holders TOTAL votes of security holders listed below		7,908 61,032,768		7,908 32,768		
8	TOTAL votes of security floiders listed below		01,032,700	01,0	32,700		
9	Computershare Trust Company NA as escrow agent for shareholders:	r registered					
10							
11	Cede & Company, New York, NY		60,621,828		21,828		
12	Malcom A Menzies; Juneau AK		113,301		13,301		
13	Mark T Thies; Spokane, WA		71,678		71,678		
14 15	Scott L Morris; Spokane, WA Neils F Larsen & Wilhelmine Larsen JT Ten; Junea, AK		41,706 39,312		41,706 39,312		
16	Jane N Mackinnon; Juneau, AK		37,347		37,347		
17	Dennis P. Vermillion; Spokane, WA	+	32,884		32,884		
18	Roger D. Woodworth; Colbert, WA		26,770		26,770		
19 William A Dickerhoof; Palos Park, IL			25,299		25,299		
20 Thomas R Quinlan or Ann M Quinlan Trustees of Quinlan Trust; Juneau, AK		an Trust: Juneau. AK	22,643		22,643		

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report					
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·					
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4					
FOOTNOTE DATA								

Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 1 Column: 1

To pay 12/15/17 dividend

Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 11 Column: c

Per schedule 13G filed with the SEC by Blackrock, Inc. 40 E. 52nd Street, New York, NY and the Vanguard Group, 100 Vanguard Blvd, Malvern, PA, as of December 31, 2017, each held shares through Cede & Company and was a beneficial owner of 18.3% and 10.0%, respectively, of Avista common stock

Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 13 Column: c

Mr. Thies holds an additional 26,690 shares in a brokerage account, which are included in the total amount registered under Cede & Company above, for total security holdings of 98,368 shares.

Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 14 Column: c

Mr. Morris holds an additional 142,278 shares in a brokerage account, which are included in the total amount registered under Cede & Company above, for total security holdings of 183,894 shares.

Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 17 Column: c

Mr. Vermillion holds an additional 8,689 shares in a brokerage account, which are included in the total amount registered under Cede & Company above, for total security holdings of 41,573 shares.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)					
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4				
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year							

Give details concerning the matters indicated below. Make the statements explicit and precise, and number them in accordance with the inquiries. Answer each inquiry. Enter "none" or "not applicable" where applicable. If the answer is given elsewhere in the report, refer to the schedule in which it appears.

- 1. Changes in and important additions to franchise rights: Describe the actual consideration and state from whom the franchise rights were acquired. If the franchise rights were acquired without the payment of consideration, state that fact.
- 2. Acquisition of ownership in other companies by reorganization, merger, or consolidation with other companies: Give names of companies involved, particulars concerning the transactions, name of the Commission authorizing the transaction, and reference to Commission authorization.
- 3. Purchase or sale of an operating unit or system: Briefly describe the property, and the related transactions, and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. Give date journal entries called for by Uniform System of Accounts were submitted to the Commission.
- 4. Important leaseholds (other than leaseholds for natural gas lands) that have been acquired or given, assigned or surrendered: Give effective dates, lengths of terms, names of parties, rents, and other conditions. State name of Commission authorizing lease and give reference to such authorization.
- 5. Important extension or reduction of transmission or distribution system: State territory added or relinquished and date operations began or ceased and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. State also the approximate number of customers added or lost and approximate annual revenues of each class of service.

Each natural gas company must also state major new continuing sources of gas made available to it from purchases, development, purchase contract or otherwise, giving location and approximate total gas volumes available, period of contracts, and other parties to any such arrangements, etc.

- 6. Obligations incurred or assumed by respondent as guarantor for the performance by another of any agreement or obligation, including ordinary commercial paper maturing on demand or not later than one year after date of issue: State on behalf of whom the obligation was assumed and amount of the obligation. Cite Commission authorization if any was required.
- 7. Changes in articles of incorporation or amendments to charter: Explain the nature and purpose of such changes or amendments.
- 8. State the estimated annual effect and nature of any important wage scale changes during the year.
- 9. State briefly the status of any materially important legal proceedings pending at the end of the year, and the results of any such proceedings culminated during the year.
- 10. Describe briefly any materially important transactions of the respondent not disclosed elsewhere in this report in which an officer, director, security holder, voting trustee, associated company or known associate of any of these persons was a party or in which any such person had a material interest.
- 11. Estimated increase or decrease in annual revenues caused by important rate changes: State effective date and approximate amount of increase or decrease for each revenue classification. State the number of customers affected.
- 12. Describe fully any changes in officers, directors, major security holders and voting powers of the respondent that may have occurred during the reporting period.
- 13. In the event that the respondent participates in a cash management program(s) and its proprietary capital ratio is less than 30 percent please describe the significant events or transactions causing the proprietary capital ratio to be less than 30 percent, and the extent to which the respondent has amounts loaned or money advanced to its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies through a cash management program(s). Additionally, please describe plans, if any to regain at least a 30 percent proprietary ratio.
- 1. None
- 2. None
- 3. On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a definitive merger agreement to become an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Hydro One Limited, Ontario's largest electricity transmission and distribution provider, based in Toronto. The proposed merger is subject to Avista Corp. shareholder approval and various regulatory approvals, and the merger is expected to close in the second half of 2018, upon receipt of such approvals. Reference is made to Note 3 of the Notes to Financial Statements for further information.
- 4. None
- 5. None
- 6. Reference is made to Notes 10 and 11 of the Notes to Financial Statements. In addition, the \$90 million debt issuance referenced in Notes 10 and 11 was approved by regulatory commissions as follows: WUTC (Docket No. UE-151822 Order 01) IPUC (Case No. AVU-U-15-01 Order No. 33401) and the OPUC (Docket UF 4294 Order No. 15-305).
- 7. None
- 8. Average annual wage increases were 2.5% for non-exempt employees effective February 20, 2017. Average annual wage increases were 3.0% for exempt employees effective February 20, 2017. Officers received average increases of 4.7% effective February 20, 2017. Certain bargaining unit employees received increases of 3.0% effective March 26, 2017.
- 9. Reference is made to Note 15 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report					
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·					
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4					
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year								

10. None

11.

Washington General Rate Cases

2015 General Rate Cases

In January 2016, we received an order (Order 05) that concluded our electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the Washington Utilities and Transportion Commission (WUTC) in February 2015. New electric and natural gas rates were effective on January 11, 2016.

The WUTC-approved rates were designed to provide a 1.6 percent, or \$8.1 million decrease in electric base revenue, and a 7.4 percent, or \$10.8 million increase in natural gas base revenue. The WUTC also approved a rate of return (ROR) on rate base of 7.29 percent, with a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a 9.5 percent Return on Equity (ROE).

WUTC Order Denying Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities / Public Counsel Joint Motion for Clarification, WUTC Staff Motion to Reconsider and WUTC Staff Motion to Reopen Record

On January 19, 2016, the Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities (ICNU) and the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington State Office of the Attorney General (PC) filed a Joint Motion for Clarification with the WUTC. In the Motion for Clarification, ICNU and PC requested that the WUTC clarify the calculation of the electric attrition adjustment and the end-result revenue decrease of \$8.1 million. ICNU and PC provided their own calculations in their Motion, and suggested that the revenue decrease should have been \$19.8 million based on their reading of the WUTC's Order.

On January 19, 2016, the WUTC Staff, which is a separate party in the general rate case proceedings from the WUTC Advisory Staff, filed a Motion to Reconsider with the WUTC. In its Motion to Reconsider, the Staff provided calculations and explanations that suggested that the electric revenue decrease should have been \$27.4 million instead of \$8.1 million, based on its reading of the WUTC's Order. Further, on February 4, 2016, the WUTC Staff filed a Motion to Reopen Record for the Limited Purpose of Receiving into Evidence Instruction on Use and Application of Staff's Attrition Model, and sought to supplement the record "to incorporate all aspects of the Company's Power Cost Update." Within this Motion, WUTC Staff updated its suggested electric revenue decrease to \$19.6 million.

None of the parties in their Motions raised issues with the WUTC's decision on the natural gas revenue increase of \$10.8 million.

On February 19, 2016, the WUTC issued an order (Order 06) denying the Motions summarized above and affirming Order 05, including an \$8.1 million decrease in electric base revenue.

PC Petition for Judicial Review

On March 18, 2016, PC filed in Thurston County Superior Court a Petition for Judicial Review of the WUTC's Order 05 and Order 06 described above that concluded our 2015 electric and natural gas general rate cases. In its Petition for Judicial Review, PC seeks judicial review of five aspects of Order 05 and Order 06, alleging, among other things, that (1) the WUTC exceeded its statutory authority by setting rates for our natural gas and electric services based on amounts for utility plant and facilities that are not

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·				
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4				
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year							

"used and useful" in providing utility service to customers; (2) the WUTC acted arbitrarily and capriciously in granting an attrition adjustment for our electric operations after finding that the we did not meet the newly articulated standard regarding attrition adjustments; (3) the WUTC erred in applying the "end results test" to set rates for our electric operations that are not supported by the record; (4) the WUTC did not correct its calculation of our electric rates after significant errors were brought to its attention; and (5) the WUTC's calculation of our electric rates lacks substantial evidence.

PC is requesting that the Court (1) vacate or set aside portions of the WUTC's orders; (2) identify the errors contained in the WUTC's orders; (3) find that the rates approved in Order 05 and reaffirmed in Order 06 are unlawful and not fair, just and reasonable; (4) remand the matter to the WUTC for further proceedings consistent with these rulings, including a determination of our revenue requirement for electric and natural gas services; and (5) find the customers are entitled to a refund.

On April 18, 2016, PC filed an application with the Thurston County Superior Court to certify this matter for review directly by the Court of Appeals, an intermediate appellate court in the State of Washington. The matter was certified on April 29, 2016 and accepted by the Court of Appeals on July 29, 2016. On July 7, 2017, ICNU filed a brief in support of PC and the WUTC and Avista Corp. responded. Oral argument was held on October 24, 2017 before the court. A decision from the Court is expected sometime in 2018.

In its brief to the Court, the WUTC, while defending the use of its attrition adjustment, nevertheless requested a partial remand back to the WUTC to reevaluate its implementation of our power cost update as part of the 2015 general rate case, doing so by means of a supplemental evidentiary hearing. The power cost update at issue represents approximately \$12.0 million of costs.

The new rates established by Order 05 will continue in effect while the Petition for Judicial Review is being considered. We believe the WUTC's Order 05 and Order 06 finalizing the electric and natural gas general rate cases provide a reasonable end result for all parties. If the outcome of the judicial review were to result in an electric rate reduction greater than the decrease ordered by the WUTC, it may result in a refund liability to customers of up to \$9.5 million, which is net of a refund for Washington electric customers of approximately \$2.5 million related to the 2016 provision for earnings sharing that we have already accrued. The potential refund liability amount is limited to 2016 revenues and would not impact 2017 revenues collected from customers.

2016 General Rate Cases

In December 2016, the WUTC issued an order related to our Washington electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the WUTC in February 2016. The WUTC order denied the Company's proposed electric and natural gas rate increase requests of \$38.6 million and \$4.4 million, respectively. Accordingly, our electric and natural gas retail rates remained unchanged in Washington State following the order.

The primary reason given by the WUTC in reaching its conclusion was that, in our request, we did not follow an "appropriate methodology" to show the existence of attrition, as between historical data and current and projected data. In support of its decision, the WUTC stated that we did not demonstrate that our current revenue was insufficient for covering costs and providing the opportunity to earn a reasonable return during the 2017 rate period. The WUTC also stated that we did not demonstrate that our capital expenditures and increased

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operating costs are both necessary and immediate.

We determined that an appeal of the WUTC's decision to the courts would involve a significant amount of uncertainty regarding the level of success of such an appeal, as well as the timing of any value that might come following a process that would take between one and two years. The Company concluded greater long-term value could be achieved through focusing on new general rate cases than through appealing the WUTC's decision in the courts.

2017 General Rate Cases

On May 26, 2017, we filed two requests with the WUTC to recover costs related to power supply and operating costs as well as capital investments made since the last determination of our rate base in the 2015 Washington general rate cases.

The two filings are summarized as follows:

Power Cost Rate Adjustment

The first filing was an electric only power cost rate adjustment (PCRA) that was designed to update and reset power supply costs, effective September 1, 2017. We requested an overall increase in billed electric rates of 2.9 percent (designed to increase annual electric revenues by \$15.0 million). On August 10, 2017, the PCRA filing was denied by the WUTC.

An increased level of power supply costs is included in our pending general rate case in Washington, which is scheduled to conclude by April 26, 2018. The denial of the PCRA by the WUTC does not affect our general rate requests discussed below.

General Rate Requests

The second request related to electric and natural gas general rate cases. We filed three-year rate plans for electric and natural gas and have requested the following for each year (dollars in millions):

		Elec	etric	Natural Gas			
Effective Date	R	oposed evenue acrease	Proposed Base	Proposed Revenue Increase	Proposed Base		
May 1, 2018 (1)	\$	54.4	11.1% \$	6.6	7.5%		
May 1, 2019 (1) (2)	\$	13.5	2.5% \$	3.7	3.9%		
May 1, 2020 (1) (2)	\$	13.9	2.5% \$	3.8	3.9%		

- (1) The revenue and base rate increases in the table above reflect reductions from what was originally filed primarily due to changes in the timing of planned capital projects.
- (2) As a part of the electric rate plan, we have proposed to update power supply costs through a Power Supply Update, the effects of which would also go into effect on May 1, 2019 and May 1, 2020. The requested revenue increases for 2019 and 2020 do not include any power supply adjustments.

Our request is based on a proposed ROR of 7.76 percent with a common equity ratio of 50.0 percent and a 9.9 percent ROE.

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As a part of the three-year rate plan, if approved, we would not file another general rate case until June 1, 2020, with new rates effective no earlier than May 1, 2021.

The major drivers of these general rate case requests is to recover the costs associated with our capital investments to replace infrastructure that has reached the end of its useful life, as well as respond to the need for reliability and technology investments required to maintain our integrated energy services grid. Among the capital investments included in the filings are:

- Major hydroelectric investments at the Little Falls and Nine Mile hydroelectric plants.
- Generator maintenance at the Kettle Falls biomass plant that will ensure efficient generation and operations.
- The ongoing project to systematically replace portions of natural gas distribution pipe in our service area that were installed prior to 1987, as well as replacement of other natural gas service equipment.
- Transmission and distribution system and asset maintenance, such as wood pole replacements, feeder upgrades, and substation and transmission line rebuilds to maintain reliability for our customers.
- Technology upgrades that support necessary business processes and operational efficiencies that allow us to effectively manage the utility and serve customers.
- A refresh of the customer-facing website, providing relevant information, greater accessibility on mobile devices, easier navigation, and a streamlined payment experience.

The WUTC has up to 11 months to review the general rate case filings and issue a decision, which is scheduled to be issued by April 26, 2018.

On October 27, 2017, WUTC Staff and other parties to our electric and natural gas general rate cases filed their testimony. These parties recommended lower revenue requirements than what we proposed in our original filings. WUTC Staff also recommended that our power cost adjustment of approximately \$16 million be denied, and that the existing level of power supply costs included in base rates be continued until either (a) our next general rate case or (b) the cumulative deferral balance in the ERM drops below \$10 million.

Additionally, the WUTC Staff recommended the exclusion of our 2016 settlement costs of interest rate swaps from the cost of capital calculation. The total amount of 2016 settlement costs was \$54.0 million, with approximately 60 percent of this total being allocable to Washington.

In addition to our 2016 settlement costs of interest rate swaps, we have a net regulatory asset of \$8.8 million for interest rate swaps settled during 2017, and a net regulatory asset of \$66.0 million for unsettled interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2017 related to forecasted debt issuances. Of those amounts, approximately 60 percent are allocable to Washington. If recovery of the 2016 settlement costs referenced above are not approved by the WUTC, this could change our current conclusion that 2017 settlement costs of interest rate swaps and the unsettled interest rate swaps are probable of recovery through rates. If we concluded that recovery of these swap settlement costs was no longer probable, we would be required to derecognize the related regulatory assets and liabilities with an adjustment through the income statement, and any subsequent gains and losses would be recognized through the income statement rather than being recorded as a regulatory asset or liability.

Interest rate swaps are a tool used throughout multiple industries to manage interest rate risk. They also provide certainty for future cash flows associated with future borrowings. Since interest costs are

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included in our costs of service to be recovered from our customers, we have used this tool to manage these costs for the benefit of our customers. The settlement of interest rate swaps results in either a benefit or a cost to us which, in either case, has historically been reflected in rates authorized by the WUTC in general rate cases. Accordingly, we still believe the interest rate swap payments are probable of recovery and will continue to work through the rate case process. Depending on the outcome of this proceeding, we could determine to not manage interest rate risk through swap transactions in the future.

Idaho General Rate Cases

2016 General Rate Cases

In December 2016, the Idaho Public Utilities Commission (IPUC) approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties, concluding our electric general rate case originally filed in May 2016. New rates were effective on January 1, 2017. We did not file a natural gas general rate case in 2016.

The settlement agreement increased annual electric base rates by 2.6 percent (designed to increase annual electric revenues by \$6.3 million). The settlement was based on a ROR of 7.58 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

2017 General Rate Cases

On December 28, 2017, the IPUC approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties to our electric and natural gas general rate cases. New rates were effective on January 1, 2018 and additional rate changes will take effect on January 1, 2019.

The settlement agreement is a two-year rate plan and has the following electric and natural gas base rate changes each year, which are designed to result in the following increases in annual revenues (dollars in millions):

		Elec	tric	Natural Gas		
Effective Date	_	Revenue Increase	Base Rate Increase	Revenue Increase	Base Rate Increase	
January 1, 2018	\$	12.9	5.2%	\$ 1.2	2.9%	
January 1, 2019	\$	4.5	1.8%	\$ 1.1	2.7%	

The settlement agreement is based on a ROR of 7.61 percent with a common equity ratio of 50.0 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

As a part of the two-year rate plan the Company will not file a new general rate case for a new rate plan to be effective prior to January 1, 2020.

Oregon General Rate Cases

2015 General Rate Case

In February 2016, the Oregon Public Utilities Commission (OPUC) issued a preliminary order (and a final order in March 2016) concluding our natural gas general rate case, which was originally filed with OPUC in May 2015. The OPUC order approved rates designed to increase overall billed natural gas rates by 4.9 percent (designed to increase annual natural gas revenues by \$4.5 million). New rates went into effect on March 1,

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2016. The final OPUC order incorporated two partial settlement agreements which were entered into during November 2015 and January 2016.

The OPUC order provided an authorized ROR of 7.46 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.4 percent ROE.

The November 2015 partial settlement agreement, approved by the OPUC, included a provision for the implementation of a decoupling mechanism, similar to the Washington and Idaho mechanisms described below. See further description and a summary of the balances recorded under this mechanism below.

2016 General Rate Case

In September 2017, the OPUC approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties to our natural gas general rate case that was filed with the OPUC in November 2016, which resolved all issues in the case.

The OPUC approved rates designed to increase annual base revenues by 5.9 percent or \$3.5 million. A rate adjustment of \$2.6 million became effective October 1, 2017, and a second adjustment of \$0.9 million became effective on November 1, 2017 to cover specific capital projects identified in the settlement agreement, which were completed in October.

In addition, in the settlement agreement, we agreed to non-recovery of certain utility plant expenditures, which resulted in a write-off of \$0.8 million in the second quarter of 2017.

The settlement agreement reflects a 7.35 percent ROR with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.4 percent ROE.

12. On May 11, 2017, John F. Kelly, lead director of the Avista Corp. Board of Directors retired from the Board, due to him reaching the mandatory retirement age of 72. Kristianne Blake was elected by the Board of Directors to replace Mr. Kelly as the lead director, effective at the conclusion of the annual shareholder meeting on May 11, 2017.

On November 1, 2017, Kelly Norwood, Vice President, State and Federal Regulation retired from the Company. Kevin Christie, currently Avista Corp.'s Vice President, Customer Solutions, will assume responsibility for the Company's rates and regulatory activities, while continuing his role in Customer Solutions. Effective January 1, 2018, Kevin Christie has been named Vice President, External Affairs and Chief Customer Officer.

On November 21, 2017, the Board of Directors of Avista Corp. named Dennis Vermillion as President of Avista Corp effective January 1, 2018. Prior to becoming President of Avista Corp., Mr. Vermillion, served as Avista Corp. Senior Vice President and Environmental Compliance Officer and President of Avista Utilities. Scott Morris, who was President of Avista Corp., will remain as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer.

Also on November 21, 2017, the Board of Directors of Avista Corp. increased the number of board members from 10 to 11 and elected Mr. Vermillion to fill the vacancy and serve as a director on the board, effective January 1, 2018.

Mr. Vermillion will stand for election to the board at the next annual meeting of shareholders on May 12, 2018.

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As an employee director, Mr. Vermillion will receive no compensation, consistent with the other employee directors of Avista Corp., as disclosed in Avista Corp.'s definitive Proxy Statement dated March 31, 2017.

Effective January 1, 2018, Bryan Cox, has been named Vice President Safety and HR Shared Services. Prior to being named as Vice President, Mr. Cox was Senior Director of HR Operations.

In addition, see item 3 above regarding the definitive merger agreement with Hydro One Limited, which will result in Hydro One Limited purchasing all of the issued and outstanding Avista Corp. common stock upon approval of the merger transaction.

13. Proprietary capital is not less than 30 percent.

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Avis	ta Corporation		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
<u> </u>	Comparative Balance SI	` '		 s	
Line No.	Title of Account		Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31
	(a)		(b)	` '	(d)
1	UTILITY PLANT				
2	Utility Plant (101-106, 114)		200-201	5,650,433,358	5,304,257,392
3	Construction Work in Progress (107)		200-201	151,271,170	144,751,274
4	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 2 and 3)		200-201	5,801,704,528	5,449,008,666
5	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depr., Amort., Depl. (108, 111, 115)			1,876,263,672	1,770,511,420
6	Net Utility Plant (Total of line 4 less 5)			3,925,440,856	3,678,497,246
7	Nuclear Fuel (120.1 thru 120.4, and 120.6)			0	0
8	(Less) Accum. Provision for Amort., of Nuclear Fuel Assemblies (120).5)		0	0
9	Nuclear Fuel (Total of line 7 less 8)			0	0
10	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 6 and 9)			3,925,440,856	3,678,497,246
11	Utility Plant Adjustments (116)		122	0	0
12	Gas Stored-Base Gas (117.1)		220	6,992,076	6,992,076
13	System Balancing Gas (117.2)		220	0	0
14	Gas Stored in Reservoirs and Pipelines-Noncurrent (117.3)		220	0	0
15	Gas Owed to System Gas (117.4)		220	0	0
16	OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS				
17	Nonutility Property (121)			3,010,811	3,058,415
18	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depreciation and Amortization (122)			104,487	211,651
19	Investments in Associated Companies (123)		222-223	11,547,000	11,547,000
20	Investments in Subsidiary Companies (123.1)		224-225	161,131,682	161,804,156
21	(For Cost of Account 123.1 See Footnote Page 224, line 40)				
22	Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0
23	Other Investments (124)		222-223	4,288,775	6,945,185
24	Sinking Funds (125)			0	0
25	Depreciation Fund (126)			0	0
26	Amortization Fund - Federal (127)			0	0
27	Other Special Funds (128)			16,722,286	13,611,799
28	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175)			2,575,446	5,356,765
29	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0
30	TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2)	9)		199,171,513	202,111,669
31	CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS				
32	Cash (131)			2,912,504	1,373,667
33	Special Deposits (132-134)			12,284,827	7,540,762
34	Working Funds (135)			1,149,696	1,138,883
35	Temporary Cash Investments (136)		222-223	50,305	22,854
36	Notes Receivable (141)			0	0
37	Customer Accounts Receivable (142)			174,683,071	172,903,052
38	Other Accounts Receivable (143)			5,614,311	4,163,026
39	(Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144)			5,170,026	4,961,486
40	Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145)			11,659,191	0
41	Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146)			313,553	462,036
42	Fuel Stock (151)			3,958,296	3,566,367
43	Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed (152)			0	0
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Avis	Avista Corporation (1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
 	Comparative Balance Sheet (A	. ,		itinued)		
Line No.	Title of Account		Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31	
44	(a) Residuals (Elec) and Extracted Products (Gas) (153)		(b)	0	(d)	
45	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (154)			38,180,423	37,423,657	
46	Merchandise (155)			0	0	
47	Other Materials and Supplies (156)			0	0	
48	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (157)			0	0	
49	Allowances (158.1 and 158.2)			0	0	
50	(Less) Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0	
51	Stores Expense Undistributed (163)			0	(86)	
52	Gas Stored Underground-Current (164.1)		220	11,738,607	8,029,020	
53	Liquefied Natural Gas Stored and Held for Processing (164.2 thru 16	4.3)	220	0	0,020,020	
54	Prepayments (165)	,	230	19,333,312	14,459,235	
55	Advances for Gas (166 thru 167)			0	0	
56	Interest and Dividends Receivable (171)			172,493	107,608	
57	Rents Receivable (172)			2,101,931	1,429,562	
58	Accrued Utility Revenues (173)			0	0	
59	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets (174)			138,513	537,127	
60	Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			6,197,881	10,644,436	
61	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			2,575,446	5,356,765	
62	Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0	
63	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assests - Hedges	(176)		0	0	
64	TOTAL Current and Accrued Assets (Total of lines 32 thru 63)			282,743,442	253,482,955	
65	DEFERRED DEBITS					
66	Unamortized Debt Expense (181)			10,945,098	11,690,512	
67	Extraordinary Property Losses (182.1)		230	0	0	
68	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (182.2)		230	0	0	
69	Other Regulatory Assets (182.3)		232	621,273,693	622,464,411	
70	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric)(183)			195,568	0	
71	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Gas)(183.1 and 183.2	2)		299	0	
72	Clearing Accounts (184)			69,497	13,933	
73	Temporary Facilities (185)			0	0	
74	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (186)		233	15,796,170	43,850,403	
75	Deferred Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (187)			0	0	
76	Research, Development, and Demonstration Expend. (188)			0	0	
77	Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt (189)			11,879,551	13,699,992	
78	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (190)		234-235	189,216,780	147,354,707	
79	Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs (191)			(37,474,157)	(30,819,635)	
80	TOTAL Deferred Debits (Total of lines 66 thru 79)			811,902,499	808,254,323	
81	TOTAL Assets and Other Debits (Total of lines 10-15,30,64,and 80)		5,226,250,386	4,949,338,269	

Name of Respondent This Rep			Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
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-	Comparative Balance She					
Line	Title of Account		Reference	Current Year	Prior Year	
No.			Page Number	End of	End Balance	
	(0)		(b)	Quarter/Year Balance	12/31	
1	(a) PROPRIETARY CAPITAL		(b)	balance	(d)	
2	Common Stock Issued (201)		250-251	1,109,643,921	1,052,578,756	
3	Preferred Stock Issued (204)		250-251	1,109,043,921	1,032,376,730	
4	Capital Stock Subscribed (202, 205)		252	0	0	
5	Stock Liability for Conversion (203, 206)		252	0	0	
6	Premium on Capital Stock (207)		252	0	0	
7	Other Paid-In Capital (208-211)		253	(10,696,711)	(9,506,476)	
8	Installments Received on Capital Stock (212)		252	(10,090,711)	(9,300,470)	
9	(Less) Discount on Capital Stock (213)		254	0	0	
10	(Less) Capital Stock Expense (214)		254	(34,500,271)	(32,208,771)	
11	Retained Earnings (215, 215.1, 216)		118-119	604,413,488	582,156,946	
12	Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings (216.1)		118-119	56,139	(1,143,222)	
13	(Less) Reacquired Capital Stock (217)		250-251	0	(1,143,222)	
14	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (219)		117	(8,089,542)	(7,567,509)	
15	TOTAL Proprietary Capital (Total of lines 2 thru 14)		117	1,729,827,566	1,648,727,266	
16	LONG TERM DEBT			1,729,827,300	1,040,727,200	
17	Bonds (221)		256-257	1,711,700,000	1,621,700,000	
18	(Less) Reacquired Bonds (222)		256-257	83,700,000	83,700,000	
19	Advances from Associated Companies (223)		256-257	51,547,000	51,547,000	
20	Other Long-Term Debt (224)		256-257	51,547,000	51,347,000	
21	Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt (225)		258-259	159,900	168,783	
22	(Less) Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt (226)		258-259	786,481	960,522	
23	(Less) Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		230-239	700,481	900,322	
24	TOTAL Long-Term Debt (Total of lines 17 thru 23)			1,678,920,419	1,588,755,261	
25	OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			1,070,920,419	1,366,733,201	
26	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent (227)			0	2,402,917	
27	Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance (228.1)			0	2,402,917	
28	Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages (228.2)			245,000	260,000	
29	Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits (228.3)			203,565,903	226,551,767	
30	Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions (228.4)			0	0	
31	Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds (229)			4,906,781	6,600,086	

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	Comparative Balance Sheet (Lia	` '		 ontinued)	
Line	Title of Account		Reference	Current Year	Prior Year
No.	Tido di Adocari	P	age Number	End of	End Balance
			(1.)	Quarter/Year	12/31
	(a)		(b)	Balance	(d)
32	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities			10,456,971	41,994,092
33	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges			0	0
34	Asset Retirement Obligations (230)			17,481,829	15,514,534
35	TOTAL Other Noncurrent Liabilities (Total of lines 26 thru 34)			236,656,484	293,323,396
36	CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
37	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			0	0
38	Notes Payable (231)			105,000,000	120,000,000
39	Accounts Payable (232)			100,959,825	111,124,132
40	Notes Payable to Associated Companies (233)			0	5,634,684
41	Accounts Payable to Associated Companies (234)			22,197	37,625
42	Customer Deposits (235)			4,431,306	3,808,551
43	Taxes Accrued (236)		262-263	36,514,038	(16,431,293)
44	Interest Accrued (237)			15,159,301	14,676,249
45	Dividends Declared (238)			0	0
46	Matured Long-Term Debt (239)			0	0
47	Matured Interest (240)			0	0
48	Tax Collections Payable (241)			1,533,187	1,431,933
49	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities (242)		268	59,386,964	58,068,093
50	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current (243)			2,402,917	871,667
51	Derivative Instrument Liabilities (244)			53,752,463	55,076,777
52	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities			10,456,971	41,994,092
53	Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges (245)			0	0
54	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedge	es		0	0
55	TOTAL Current and Accrued Liabilities (Total of lines 37 thru 54)			368,705,227	312,304,326
56	DEFERRED CREDITS				
57	Customer Advances for Construction (252)			1,584,319	2,266,861
58	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits (255)			30,265,611	31,501,931
59	Deferred Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (256)			0	0
60	Other Deferred Credits (253)		269	28,032,143	15,262,118
61	Other Regulatory Liabilities (254)		278	501,143,487	77,740,268
62	Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt (257)		260	1,707,433	1,836,970
63	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Accelerated Amortization (28	1)		0	0
64	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other Property (282)	,		481,835,128	731,162,121
65	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other (283)			167,572,569	246,457,751
66	TOTAL Deferred Credits (Total of lines 57 thru 65)			1,212,140,690	1,106,228,020
67	TOTAL Liabilities and Other Credits (Total of lines 15,24,35,55,and	66)		5,226,250,386	4,949,338,269

Name of Respondent			Report Is:		of Report	Yea	r/Period of Report	
Avista Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmiss	·	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018		id of 2017/Q4	
		Stateme	` '	f Income	1011			
Quart		Stateme	ent o	i ilicollie				
1. Ent 2. Repother 3. Repother	eny erry erring (d) the balance for the reporting quarter and in column (e) port in column (f) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; utility function for the current year quarter. port in column (g) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function utility function for the prior year quarter. Inditional columns are needed place them in a footnote.	in colum	n (h) t	the quarter to date an	nounts for gas util	ty, and in (j) the		
5. Do 6. Re _l Sprea 7. Re _l 8. Re _l	al or Quarterly, if applicable not report fourth quarter data in columns (e) and (f) cort amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from d the amount(s) over lines 2 thru 26 as appropriate. Include these amount amounts in account 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the samount data for lines 8, 10 and 11 for Natural Gas companies using account and the samount data for lines 8.	ounts in cone manner onts 404.1	olumn r as a , 404.	s (c) and (d) totals. accounts 412 and 413 2, 404.3, 407.1 and 4	above.	nin a similar ma	anner to a	a utility department.
10. G custo	e page 122 for important notes regarding the statement of income for an ve concise explanations concerning unsettled rate proceedings where a mers or which may result in material refund to the utility with respect to gency relates and the tay effects together with an explanation of the man	a conting power or	ency e gas p	exists such that refundurchases. State for e	ach year effected	the gross reve	nues or c	osts to which the
with re	gency relates and the tax effects together with an explanation of the masspect to power or gas purchases. /e concise explanations concerning significant amounts of any refunds			_	-			•
reven	ues received or costs incurred for power or gas purches, and a summar	ry of the a	adjust	ments made to balan	ce sheet, income,	and expense a		and ancoung
	any notes appearing in the report to stokholders are applicable to the S ater on page 122 a concise explanation of only those changes in accour					•	ne includi	ng the basis of
	tions and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also,	•				ct on net incom	ie, iriciaali	ing the basis of
14. Ex	xplain in a footnote if the previous year's/quarter's figures are different fi	rom that r	eport	ed in prior reports.	· ·			
15. If	the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments,	supply the	e appı	ropriate account titles	report the inform	ation in a footno	ote to this	schedule.
	Title of Account	Referer	nce	Total	Total	Current T	hree	Prior Three
		Page		Current Year to	Prior Year to Date	Months E		Months Ended
		Numb	er	Date Balance for Quarter/Year	Balance for Quarter/Year	Quarterly No Fourth (,	Quarterly Only No Fourth Quarter
Line	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	(e)	Zuarter	(f)
No.		. ,		, ,	.,	, ,		.,
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME							
2	Gas Operating Revenues (400)	300-30)1	1,464,122,332	1,476,215,1	23	0	0
3	Operating Expenses							
4	Operation Expenses (401)	317-32	25	820,637,125	858,140,8	56	0	0
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)	317-32	25	71,114,817	68,632,6	89	0	0
6	Depreciation Expense (403)	336-33		137,234,038	130,221,4	17	0	0
7	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (403.1)	336-33		263,254		0	0	0
8	Amortization and Depletion of Utility Plant (404-405)	336-33		30,487,581	26,554,2		0	0
9	Amortization of Utility Plant Acu. Adjustment (406)	336-33	8	99,047	99,0		0	0
10	Amort. of Prop. Losses, Unrecovered Plant and Reg. Study Costs (407.1)			0		0	0	0
11	Amortization of Conversion Expenses (407.2)			0		0	0	0
12	Regulatory Debits (407.3)			4,471,025	2,541,9		0	0
13	(Less) Regulatory Credits (407.4)	040.04		8,041,294	1,790,1		0	0
14	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.1)	262-26		103,234,021	96,218,0		0	0
15	Income Taxes-Federal (409.1)	262-26		22,710,789	(37,366,33	-	0	0
16	Income Taxes-Other (409.1)	262-26 234-23		540,802	379,4		0	0
17	Provision of Deferred Income Taxes (410.1) (Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.1)			61,887,452	102,646,8		0	0
18	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment-Net (411.4)	234-23	10	1,719,631 (401,676)	1,622,7 18,862,7		0	0
19 20	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.6)			(401,070)	10,002,7	0	0	0
21	Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.7)			0		0	0	0
22	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Allowances (411.8)			n		0	0	0
23	Losses from Disposition of Allowances (411.9)			0		0	0	0
24	Accretion Expense (411.10)			795,991		0	0	0
25	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Total of lines 4 thru 24)			1,243,313,341	1,263,518,1		0	0
26	Net Utility Operating Income (Total of lines 2 less 25) (Carry forward to page 116,			1,212,212,12	.,,			<u>_</u>
	line 27)			220,808,991	212,696,9	96	0	0

	e of Respondent			This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Avist	a Corporation			(2)	A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			Stateme	nt of	Income	!	
 	Elec. Utility	Elec. Utility	Gas Utility		Gas Utility	Other Utility	Other Utility
	Current	Previous	Current		Previous	Current	Previous
	Year to Date	Year to Date	Year to Date			Year to Date	Year to Date
Line	(in dollars)	(in dollars)	(in dollars)		Year to Date	(in dollars)	(in dollars)
No.	(g)	(h)	(i)		(in dollars)	` (k)	(I)
					(j)		
1							
2	989,932,258	1,004,897,624	474,190,0	074	471,317,499	0	(
3							
4	496,458,475	523,294,682	324,178,		334,846,174	0	
5	56,154,163	53,468,423	14,960,		15,164,266	0	(
6	106,657,139	101,769,331	30,576,8	-	28,452,086	0	
7	263,254	0		0	0	0	
8	22,965,702	20,106,387	7,521,	-	6,447,838	0	
9	99,047	99,047		0	0	0	
10	0	0		0	0	0	C
11	0	0	200	0	0 (21.521)	0	C
12	4,261,715	2,573,428	209,	_	(31,501)	0	C
13	7,669,732	1,781,713	371,		8,432	0	C
14	77,630,348	74,172,165	25,603,		22,045,931	0	C
15	12,447,375 (14,769)	(34,063,947) 365,911	10,263,4		(3,302,384)	0	C
16			555,		13,570	0	(
17	46,542,613 1,507,061	79,435,289 1,397,052	15,344,i 212,		23,211,537 225,654	0	0
18	(381,612)	18,887,909	(20,0		(25,164)	0	
19 20	0	10,007,909	(20,0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0		0	0	0	0
22	0	0		0	0	0	
23	0	0		0	0	0	
24	795,991	0		0	0	0	
25	814,702,648	836,929,860	428,610,	-	426,588,267	0	
-	175,229,610	167,967,764	45,579,			0	
26	173,229,010	107,707,704	45,579,	201	44,729,232	U	(
1				- 1			i

	e of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Original		(Mo, Da, Yr)		Ye	ar/Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation		١,	2)	A Resubmiss	sion	04/11/	,	E	nd of 2017/Q4
	State	ment of	,		me(continued)					
	Title of Account	Refere			Total		Total	Current Thre		Prior Three
	Title of Account	Page			Current Year to		ear to Date	Months End		Months Ended
		Numb	er		Date Balance		alance	Quarterly Or	,	Quarterly Only
Line	(a)	(L)			for Quarter/Year	for Qu	arter/Year	No Fourth Qua	ırter	No Fourth Quarter
No.	·	(b)			(c)		(d)	(e)		(f)
27	Net Utility Operating Income (Carried forward from page 114)			1	220,808,991		212,696,996		0	0
	OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS			1						
29	Other Income									
30	Nonutility Operating Income			T						
31	Revenues form Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work (415)				0		0		0	0
32	(Less) Costs and Expense of Merchandising, Job & Contract Work (416)				0		0		0	0
33	Revenues from Nonutility Operations (417)				0		0		0	0
34	(Less) Expenses of Nonutility Operations (417.1)				9,648,685		11,653,482		0	0
35	Nonoperating Rental Income (418)				(24,801)		(939)		0	0
36	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies (418.1)	119			2,517,761		6,288,876		0	0
37	Interest and Dividend Income (419)				4,001,578		2,719,466		0	0
38	Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction (419.1)				6,441,370		7,298,983		0	0
39	Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (421)				0		0		0	
40	Gain on Disposition of Property (421.1)				19,733		240,297		0	
41	TOTAL Other Income (Total of lines 31 thru 40)				3,306,956		4,893,201		0	0
42	Other Income Deductions									
43	Loss on Disposition of Property (421.2)				(17,500)		0		0	
44	Miscellaneous Amortization (425)	240		4	0		0 007 1/4		0	
45	Donations (426.1)	340		_	3,205,496		2,837,164		0	
46	Life Insurance (426.2)	1			2,967,371		2,589,158		0	
47 48	Penalties (426.3) Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities (426.4)				18,562 1,663,123		(64,095) 1,788,417		0	
40 49	Other Deductions (426.5)	+		-	17,741,930		1,915,238		0	_
50	TOTAL Other Income Deductions (Total of lines 43 thru 49)	340			25,578,982		9,065,882			0
51	Taxes Applic. to Other Income and Deductions	310			20,070,702		7,000,002		Ů	o d
52	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.2)	262-26	63	-	175,689		192,113		0	0
53	Income Taxes-Federal (409.2)	262-26			(12,536,584)	(10,041,967)		0	0
54	Income Taxes-Other (409.2)	262-26	63	1	(738,539)	`	(834,874)		0	0
55	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.2)	234-23	35	1	7,571,606		1,585,996		0	0
56	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.2)	234-23	35		440,920		322,781		0	0
57	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments-Net (411.5)				0		0		0	0
58	(Less) Investment Tax Credits (420)				0		0		0	0
59	TOTAL Taxes on Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 52-58)				(5,968,748)	(9,421,513)		0	0
60	Net Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 41, 50, 59)				(16,303,278)		5,248,832		0	0
61	INTEREST CHARGES									
62	Interest on Long-Term Debt (427)				82,342,603		74,527,233		0	0
63	Amortization of Debt Disc. and Expense (428)	258-25	59		321,206		458,080		0	
64	Amortization of Loss on Reacquired Debt (428.1)			4	2,854,749		2,941,399		0	
65	(Less) Amortization of Premium on Debt-Credit (429)	258-25	59		8,883		8,883		0	
66	(Less) Amortization of Gain on Reacquired Debt-Credit (429.1)	240		_	(77.027		7// 200		0	
67	Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (430) Other Interest Expense (431)	340 340		4	677,027		766,389		0	_
68 69	(Less) Allowance for Borrowed Funds Used During Construction-Credit (432)	340			5,657,334 3,254,457		4,386,030 2,352,527		0	
70	Net Interest Charges (Total of lines 62 thru 69)	1			88,589,579		80,717,721		0	
71	Income Before Extraordinary Items (Total of lines 27,60 and 70)			+	115,916,134		137,228,107		0	
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS				110,710,101		107,220,107		Ů	o d
73	Extraordinary Income (434)				0		0		0	0
74	(Less) Extraordinary Deductions (435)			\dashv	0		0		0	
75	Net Extraordinary Items (Total of line 73 less line 74)			1	0		0		0	0
76	Income Taxes-Federal and Other (409.3)	262-26	63	+	0		0		0	
77	Extraordinary Items after Taxes (Total of line 75 less line 76)			\dashv	0		0		0	0
78	Net Income (Total of lines 71 and 77)			7	115,916,134		137,228,107		0	0
		•			ļ.					•

	e of Respondent			Period of Report				
Avist	a Corporation	(2)	A Resubm			1/2018		2017/Q4
				nensive Income				
1. Re	port in columns (b) (c) and (e) the amounts of ac	ccumulate	ed other compr	ehensive income	items, on	a net-of-tax basis	, where	appropriate.
2. Re	port in columns (f) and (g) the amounts of other	categorie	s of other cash	n flow hedges.				
3. Fo	r each category of hedges that have been accou	inted for a	as "fair value h	edges", report the	accounts	affected and the	related a	amounts in a footnote.
		Unrea	lized Gains	Minimum Per	nsion	Foreign Currer	ncy	Other
Line		and	_osses on	liabililty Adjust		Hedges	,	Adjustments
No.	Item		ble-for-sale	(net amour	nt)			
	(a)	se	curities (b)	(c)		(d)		(e)
1	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Preceding		(0)	(C)		(u)		(6)
	Year			(6,0	649,771)			
2				,	,			
	from Account 219 to Net Income							
3	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair							
	Value			`	917,738)			
	` '			(!	917,738)			
5	Balance of Account 219 at End of Preceding			/ 7/	F.C.7. F.O.O.\			
6	Quarter/Year Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Current Year			-	567,509) 567,509)			
7	Current Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications from			(7,	307,309)			
	Account 219 to Net Income							
8				(:	522,033)			
9					522,033)			
10	Balance of Account 219 at End of Current							
	Quarter/Year			(8,0	089,542)			
				Ļ				Į

Name of Respondent Avista Corporation		This Report Is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission				Date (Mo, 04/1	/Ma Da V/r\		ear/Period of Report End of2017/Q4	
	Stateme	ent of Accumu	lated (Com	prehensiv	e Income an	d Hedging A	ctivities(continue	ed)	
	Other Cash Flow Hedges	Other Ca					for each	Net Income		Total
Line	Interest Rate Swaps	[Insert F	ootnote ecify cate			cate(gory of corded in	(Carried Forw from Page 11		Comprehensive Income
No.	(f)	ιυ spi	g)	egury	/]		unt 219	Line 78)	10,	income
	ν,		(3)				h)	(i)		(j)
1						(6,649,771)			
2						,	0.47 700)			
3						(917,738) 917,738)	127	227,107	136,309,369
5						(7,567,509)	137,	دد،,۱۷ <i>۱</i>	130,309,309
6						(7,567,509)			
7										
8						(522,033)			
9						(522,033)	115,9	916,134	115,394,101
10						(8,089,542)			

Statement of Retained Earnings 1. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for 2. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436-439 inclusive effected in column (t). 3. State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. 4. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, the 5. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Contra Primary Account Affected Line Roo. (a) Contra Primary Account Affected Balance Beginning of Period (b) Current Ouar Year to Date Balance Beginning of Period (c) Contra Primary Account Affected Balance Beginning of Period Dividends Prescribed Farnings (Account 439) ToTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) ToTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 439) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Debits of Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriation Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) ToTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 430) (Iootnote details) T	Name	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Statement of Retained Earnings 1. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for 2. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for a feetend in column (b). 3. State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. 4. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, the 5. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Contra Primary Account Affected Item Report all changes (by a feet a feet a feet and a feet a feet a feet and a feet	Avist	a Corporation	(1)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of 2017/Q4
1. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for 2. Each redit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436-439 inclusive affected in column (b). 3. State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. 4. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, the 5. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Contra Primary Account Affected Year to Date Balance (a) UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS 1. Balance-Beginning of Period 2. Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) 3. Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 4. TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5. TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5. TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 6. Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7. Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 439) 8. TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 8. TOTAL Debits Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 9. Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10. TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 11. Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 12. ToTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 13. Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14. Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 18. ToTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 19. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 19. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 19. TOTAL Ap		Ciniament of D	` '		5 1 25 16	
2. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436-439 inclusive effected in column (b). 3. State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. 4. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, the 5. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Contra Primary Account Affected Preserve to Balance (b) UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS Balance-Beginning of Period (a) UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS Balance-Beginning of Period Contrages (identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) Total Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) Total Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) Total Dividends Declared-Ormmon Stock (Account 437) Total Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Total Dividends Declared-Ormmon Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Total Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) Total Appropriated Retained Earni	1 5			_	haldlan, acoustic or f = 0	
Line No. Item	2. Ea affecte 3. Sta 4. Lis	ich credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings ac d in column (b). ate the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earning st first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the o	count ii s.	n which recorded (Accounts 43	33, 436-439 inclusive). Show	he contra primary account
Line No. (a) Account Affected Balance (c) UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS Balance-Beginning of Period 558. Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) ToTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Retaine	J. JI	low dividends for each class and series of capital stock.		Combra Drimon.	Command Occasion	Draviana Overter
UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS 1 Balance-Beginning of Period 2 Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) 3 Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 4 TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 5 TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5 TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 6 Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7 Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 9 Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 572, 4PPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 20 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 32; 40 PROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 32 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 33 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 34 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 35 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 36 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 37 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 38 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 39 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (Item			Year to Date	Previous Quarter Year to Date Balance
Balance-Beginning of Period 558; Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Tommon Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215). (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Acco		(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Tommon Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Page 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 1, Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 572, APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 32, APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 32, TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 32, TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 40 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1,1) (1,2) (1,2) (1,3) Colher Changes (Explain)		UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS				
Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 32, TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 Equity In Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 Equity In Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 Equity In Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 Equity In Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 Equity In Earnings (Accounts 215, 215, 1) (Total of lines	1	Balance-Beginning of Period			558,287,446	517,393,547
TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account 1014) (Account 10	2	Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts)				
TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7 Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) 9 Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 572, 4 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account 1707AL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account 1707AL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account 1707AL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 10 TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 10 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly 22 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) 23 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 24 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 25 Other Changes (Explain)	3	Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439)				
6 Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7 Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 11 Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account 1701) 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 1701) 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 604, 104) 20 TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 604, 104) 21 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) 22 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1,1) 23 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 24 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 25 Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)		<u> </u>				
Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS -AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 604, UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1,1 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 2,2 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)	-					
8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) 9 Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 604, UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) 18 Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly 19 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) 20 Unistrict Subsidiary Earnings (Account 418.1) 21 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 22 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 23 Other Changes (Explain) (1,3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			113,398,373	130,939,231
Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 1, Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1,1) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (2,4) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) (1,3)						
TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					8,262,625	4,441,571
11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 32; 19 TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 4 and 1 604, UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) 10 Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly 11 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 12 Equity in Earnings (Explain) 13 Other Changes (Explain) 14 Dividends Received (Debit) 15 Other Changes (Explain) 16 Other Changes (Explain)		· · · · ·				
TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 1, Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) Equity in Earnings (Explain) Other Changes (Explain)						
Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 1,4 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3					02.460.221	07.154.240
Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)					92,460,231 1,318,400	87,154,240 1,550,479
APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 604, UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1,1) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)					572,281,363	558,287,446
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)					372,201,303	550,207,440
APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 ACCOUNT OF TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 ACCOUNT OF TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 ACCOUNT OF TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 ACCOUNT OF TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215.1) (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL REtained Earnings (Accounts 215.1) (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (ACCOUNT 216.1) ACCOUNT OF TOTAL RETAINED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (,			32,132,125	23,869,500
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215.1) (Total of lines 32, 240, 250, 270, 270, 270, 270, 270, 270, 270, 27			(Accou	nt	32,132,123	23,007,300
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)			(/ tccour			
TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (04, 004, 004, 005, 006, 006, 006, 006, 006, 006, 006					32,132,125	23,869,500
UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (1,2 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) (1,3 Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)					604,413,488	582,156,946
Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly 22 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (1,1 23 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (1,2 24 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) (1,3 25 Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)		Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly				
Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain) (1,3)	22	Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit)			(1,143,222)	(5,881,619)
24 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 25 Other Changes (Explain) (1,3		Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)			2,517,761	6,288,876
	24	(Less) Dividends Received (Debit)				
Balance-End of Year		Other Changes (Explain)			(1,318,400)	(1,550,479)
	26	Balance-End of Year			56,139	(1,143,222)

Name of Respondent				port Is:		of Report	Year/Pe	eriod of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X	An Original A Resubmission	,	Da, Yr) I/11/2018	End o	f <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Statement	of C	ash	Flows	•		·	
sepa 2) In oetwe	odes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures rately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc. formation about noncash investing and financing activities must be prosen "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amoun	vided ts on t	l in t the	the Notes to the Finar Balance Sheet.	ncial sta	tements. Also pr	ovide a re	conciliation
activi	perating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to operaties should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Fire paid.							
4) In assui	vesting Activities: Include at Other (line 25) net cash outflow to acquire med in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this staction 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of lease:	ateme	ent t	he dollar amount of le	eases ca		•	
	Description (See Instructions for explanation of			ed with the plant cos		urrent Year	Droi	vious Year
ine No.	Description (See Instructions for explanation of	codes	>)		C	to Date		to Date
110.	(a)				Q	uarter/Year		arter/Year
1	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities							
2	Net Income (Line 78(c) on page 116)					115,916,134		137,228,107
3	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:							
4	Depreciation and Depletion					165,534,842		155,162,338
5	Amortization of deferred power and gas costs, debt expense and exchange power					17,357,659		22,675,618
6	Deferred Income Taxes (Net)					67,298,507		102,361,230
7	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments (Net)					(401,676)		18,862,744
8	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables					(8,257,764)	(16,916,930)
9	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory					(4,858,369)		980,885
0	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Inventory							
1	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses					49,034,221	(26,152,468)
12	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Regulatory Assets					2,355,616	(38,029,474)
3	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Regulatory Liabilities					(7,591,159)		2,936,022
4	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction					6,441,370		7,298,983
15	(Less) Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies					2,517,761		6,288,876
16	Other (footnote details):					3,391,267	(7,763,331)
7	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities							
8	(Total of Lines 2 thru 16)					390,820,147		337,756,882
9								
20	Cash Flows from Investment Activities:							
21	Construction and Acquisition of Plant (including land):					400 004 555)		200 000 220)
22	Gross Additions to Utility Plant (less nuclear fuel)				(406,201,555)	(390,690,230)
23	Gross Additions to Nuclear Fuel						<u> </u>	
24 25	Gross Additions to Common Utility Plant Gross Additions to Nonutility Plant							
26	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction						<u> </u>	
27	Other (footnote details):						 	
28	Cash Outflows for Plant (Total of lines 22 thru 27)					406,201,555)	(390,690,230)
9	Cash Outhows for Fight (Total of lines 22 thin 27)				(400,201,000)	`	000,000,200)
30	Acquisition of Other Noncurrent Assets (d)							
81	Proceeds from Disposal of Noncurrent Assets (d)					313,974		1,288,524
32	Federal and state grant payments received							512,000
3	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies					(17,160,819)	(16,517,111)
34	Contributions and Advances from Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies					2,000,000	<u> </u>	2,000,000
35	Disposition of Investments in (and Advances to)							
36	Associated and Subsidiary Companies							
37	Cash paid for acquisition							
88	Purchase of Investment Securities (a)							
39	Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities (a)							

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Avist	ta Corporation	(1)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of 2	2017/Q4
	Statement of Ca			<u> </u>		
Lina	Description (See Instructions for explanation of			Current Year	Previou	us Year
Line No.	Description (See Instructions for explanation of	coues)	to Date		Date
110.	(a)			Quarter/Year	Quarte	er/Year
40	Loans Made or Purchased					
41	Collections on Loans					
42	Restricted cash			(277)	(25,425)
43	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables					
44	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory					
45	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation					
46	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses					
47	Changes in other property and investments			(2,125,513)	(8,915,798)
48	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
49	(Total of lines 28 thru 47)			(423,174,190)	(41	12,348,040)
50						
51	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
52	Proceeds from Issuance of:					
53	Long-Term Debt (b)			90,000,000	2	45,000,000
54	Preferred Stock					
55	Common Stock			56,380,425		66,952,672
56	Other (footnote details):					
57	Net Increase in Short-term Debt (c)					15,000,000
58	Cash received for settlement of interest rate swap agreements					
59	Cash Provided by Outside Sources (Total of lines 53 thru 58)			146,380,425	3	26,952,672
60						
61	Payments for Retirement of:					
62	Long-Term Debt (b)			(871,667)	(16	60,871,667)
63	Preferred Stock					
64	Common Stock					
65	Other			(4,117,383)	(4,770,479)
66	Net Decrease in Short-Term Debt (c)			(15,000,000)		
67	Premium paid to repurchase long-term debt					
68	Dividends on Preferred Stock					
69	Dividends on Common Stock			(92,460,231)	3)	37,154,240)
70	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities					
71	(Total of lines 59 thru 69)			33,931,144		74,156,286
72						
73	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents					
74	(Total of line 18, 49 and 71)			1,577,101	(434,872)
75						
76	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period			2,535,404		2,970,276
77						
78	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period			4,112,505		2,535,404
77	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period			4,112,505		

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	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 16 Column: c	
Power and natural gas deferrals	1,408,987
Change in special deposits	10,712,388
Change in other current assets	(3,635,861)
Non-cash stock compensation	7,890,705
Other non-current assets and liabilities	4,190,684
Allowance for doubtful accounts	6,000,000
Amortization of Spokane Energy contract	14,694,374
Change in Coyote Springs 2 O&M LTSA	4,705,259
Preliminary survey and investigation costs	467,080
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(240,297)
Cash paid for settlement of interest	
rate swaps	(53,966,197)
Other	9,547
Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 16 Column: b	
Power and natural gas deferrals	1,889,235
Change in special deposits	(22,393,510)
Change in other current assets	(5,212,716)
Non-cash stock compensation	7,359,327
Other non-current assets and liabilities	25,628,277
Allowance for doubtful accounts	5,235,000
Preliminary survey and investigation costs	(195,867)
Cash paid for settlement of interest rate	
swaps	(11,301,842)
Cash received from settlement of interest rat	ce
swaps	2,478,520
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(37,232)
Other	(57,925)
Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 65 Column: c	
Minimum tax withholdings for share based compensation	(3,072,433)
Long-term debt issuance costs	(1,698,046)
Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 65 Column: b	
Minimum tax withholdings for share based compensation	(3,551,786)
Long-term debt issuance costs	(565,597)

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- 1. Provide important disclosures regarding the Balance Sheet, Statement of Income for the Year, Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year, and Statement of Cash Flow, or any account thereof. Classify the disclosures according to each financial statement, providing a subheading for each statement except where a disclosure is applicable to more than one statement. The disclosures must be on the same subject matters and in the same level of detail that would be required if the respondent issued general purpose financial statements to the public or shareholders.
- 2. Furnish details as to any significant contingent assets or liabilities existing at year end, and briefly explain any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Service involving possible assessment of additional income taxes of material amount, or a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amount initiated by the utility. Also, briefly explain any dividends in arrears on cumulative preferred stock.
- 3. Furnish details on the respondent's pension plans, post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) plans, and post-employment benefit plans as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose for each individual plan the current year's cash contributions. Furnish details on the accounting for the plans and any changes in the method of accounting for them. Include details on the accounting for transition obligations or assets, gains or losses, the amounts deferred and the expected recovery periods. Also, disclose any current year's plan or trust curtailments, terminations, transfers, or reversions of assets. Entities that participate in multiemployer postretirement benefit plans (e.g. parent company sponsored pension plans) disclose in addition to the required disclosures for the consolidated plan, (1) the amount of cost recognized in the respondent's financial statements for each plan for the period presented, and (2) the basis for determining the respondent's share of the total plan costs.
- 4. Furnish details on the respondent's asset retirement obligations (ARO) as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose the amounts recovered through rates to settle such obligations. Identify any mechanism or account in which recovered funds are being placed (i.e. trust funds, insurance policies, surety bonds). Furnish details on the accounting for the asset retirement obligations and any changes in the measurement or method of accounting for the obligations. Include details on the accounting for settlement of the obligations and any gains or losses expected or incurred on the settlement.
- 5. Provide a list of all environmental credits received during the reporting period.
- 6. Provide a summary of revenues and expenses for each tracked cost and special surcharge.
- 7. Where Account 189, Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt, and 257, Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, are not used, give an explanation, providing the rate treatment given these item. See General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 8. Explain concisely any retained earnings restrictions and state the amount of retained earnings affected by such restrictions.
- 9. Disclose details on any significant financial changes during the reporting year to the respondent or the respondent's consolidated group that directly affect the respondent's gas pipeline operations, including: sales, transfers or mergers of affiliates, investments in new partnerships, sales of gas pipeline facilities or the sale of ownership interests in the gas pipeline to limited partnerships, investments in related industries (i.e., production, gathering), major pipeline investments, acquisitions by the parent corporation(s), and distributions of capital.
- 10. Explain concisely unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that the company may need to refund a material amount to the utility's customers or that the utility may receive a material refund with respect to power or gas purchases. State for each year affected the gross revenues or costs to which the contingency relates and the tax effects and explain the major factors that affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or to recover amounts paid with respect to power and gas purchases.
- 11. Explain concisely significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting revenues received or costs incurred for power or gas purchases, and summarize the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts.
- 12. Explain concisely only those significant changes in accounting methods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of allocations and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also give the approximate dollar effect of such changes.
- 13. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide in the notes sufficient disclosures so as to make the interim information not misleading. Disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the most recent FERC Annual Report may be omitted.
- 14. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be provided where events subsequent to the end of the most recent year have occurred which have a material effect on the respondent. Respondent must include in the notes significant changes since the most recently completed year in such items as: accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant new borrowings or modifications of existing financing agreements; and changes resulting from business combinations or dispositions. However were material contingencies exist, the disclosure of such matters shall be provided even though a significant change since year end may not have occurred.
- 15. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements relating to the respondent appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by the above instructions, such notes may be included herein.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business

Avista Corp. (the Company) is primarily an electric and natural gas utility with certain other business ventures. Avista Corp. provides electric distribution and transmission, and natural gas distribution services in parts of eastern Washington and northern Idaho. Avista Corp. also provides natural gas distribution service in parts of northeastern and southwestern Oregon. Avista Corp. has electric generating facilities in Washington, Idaho, Oregon and Montana. Avista Corp. also supplies electricity to a small number of customers in Montana, most of whom are employees who operate Avista Corp.'s Noxon Rapids generating facility.

Alaska Electric and Resources Company (AERC) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Avista Corp. The primary subsidiary of AERC is

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Alaska Electric Light and Power (AEL&P), which comprises Avista Corp.'s regulated utility operations in Alaska.

Avista Capital, a wholly-owned non-regulated subsidiary of Avista Corp., is the parent company of all of the subsidiary companies except AERC (and its subsidiaries).

On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (Merger Agreement) to become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hydro One Limited (Hydro One). Consummation of the pending acquisition is subject to a number of approvals and the satisfaction or waiver of other specified conditions. The transaction is expected to close in the second half of 2018. See Note 3 for additional information.

Basis of Reporting

The financial statements include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). As required by the FERC, the Company accounts for its investment in majority-owned subsidiaries on the equity method rather than consolidating the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of these subsidiaries, as required by GAAP. The accompanying financial statements include the Company's proportionate share of utility plant and related operations resulting from its interests in jointly owned plants. In addition, under the requirements of the FERC, there are differences from GAAP in the presentation of (1) current portion of long-term debt (2) assets and liabilities for cost of removal of assets, (3) assets held for sale, (4) regulatory assets and liabilities, (5) deferred income taxes associated with accounts other than utility property, plant and equipment, (6) comprehensive income, (7) unamortized debt issuance costs and (8) operating revenues and resource costs associated with settled energy contracts that are "booked out" (not physically delivered).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include:

- determining the market value of energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities,
- pension and other postretirement benefit plan obligations,
- contingent liabilities,
- goodwill impairment testing for goodwill held at subsidiaries,
- recoverability of regulatory assets, and
- unbilled revenues.

Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on the financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

System of Accounts

The accounting records of the Company's utility operations are maintained in accordance with the uniform system of accounts prescribed by the FERC and adopted by the state regulatory commissions in Washington, Idaho, Montana and Oregon.

Regulation

The Company is subject to state regulation in Washington, Idaho, Montana and Oregon. The Company is also subject to federal

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regulation primarily by the FERC, as well as various other federal agencies with regulatory oversight of particular aspects of its operations.

Utility Revenues

Operating revenues related to the sale of energy are recorded when service is rendered or energy is delivered to customers. The determination of the energy sales to individual customers is based on the reading of their meters, which occurs on a systematic basis throughout the month. At the end of each calendar month, the amount of energy delivered to customers since the date of the last meter reading is estimated and the corresponding unbilled revenue is estimated and recorded. Our estimate of unbilled revenue is based on:

- the number of customers,
- current rates,
- meter reading dates,
- actual native load for electricity,
- actual throughput for natural gas, and
- electric line losses and natural gas system losses.

Any difference between actual and estimated revenue is automatically corrected in the following month when the actual meter reading and customer billing occurs.

Accounts receivable includes unbilled energy revenues of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	 2016
Unbilled accounts receivable	\$ 65,801	\$ 69,544

Depreciation

For utility operations, depreciation expense is estimated by a method of depreciation accounting utilizing composite rates for utility plant. Such rates are designed to provide for retirements of properties at the expiration of their service lives. For utility operations, the ratio of depreciation provisions to average depreciable property was as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016
Ratio of depreciation to average depreciable property	3.12%	3.11%

The average service lives for the following broad categories of utility plant in service are (in years):

	Avista Corp.
Electric thermal/other production	41
Hydroelectric production	78
Electric transmission	57
Electric distribution	35
Natural gas distribution property	42
Other shorter-lived general plant	10

Taxes Other Than Income Taxes

FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-07)	122.3	

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Taxes other than income taxes include state excise taxes, city occupational and franchise taxes, real and personal property taxes and certain other taxes not based on income. These taxes are generally based on revenues or the value of property. Utility- related taxes collected from customers (primarily state excise taxes and city utility taxes) are recorded as operating revenue and expense. Taxes other than income taxes consisted of the following items for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

2017

	 2017	2016
Utility-related taxes	\$ 61,715	\$ 56,286
Property taxes	40,074	38,505
Other taxes	 1,621	1,619
Total	\$ 103,410	\$ 96,410

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC represents the cost of both the debt and equity funds used to finance utility plant additions during the construction period. As prescribed by regulatory authorities, AFUDC is capitalized as a part of the cost of utility plant. The debt component of AFUDC is credited against total interest expense in the Statements of Income in the line item "capitalized interest." The equity component of AFUDC is included in the Statement of Income in the line item "other income-net." The Company is permitted, under established regulatory rate practices, to recover the capitalized AFUDC, and a reasonable return thereon, through its inclusion in rate base and the provision for depreciation after the related utility plant is placed in service. Cash inflow related to AFUDC does not occur until the related utility plant is placed in service and included in rate base. The effective AFUDC rate was the following for the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016
Effective AFUDC rate	7.29%	7.29%

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets represent future income tax deductions the Company expects to utilize in future tax returns to reduce taxable income. Deferred income tax liabilities represent future taxable income the Company expects to recognize in future tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise when there are temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes. A deferred income tax asset or liability is determined based on the enacted tax rates that will be in effect when the temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and tax basis of existing assets and liabilities are expected to be reported in the Company's income tax returns. The deferred income tax expense for the period is equal to the net change in the deferred income tax asset and liability accounts from the beginning to the end of the period. The effect on deferred income taxes from a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date unless a regulatory order specifies deferral of the effect of the change in tax rates over a longer period of time. The Company establishes a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that all, or a portion, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred income tax liabilities and regulatory assets are established for income tax benefits flowed through to customers.

The Company's largest deferred income tax item is the difference between the book and tax basis of utility plant. This item results from the temporary difference on depreciation expense. In early tax years, this item is recorded as a deferred income tax liability that will eventually reverse and become subject to income tax in later tax years.

See Note 8 for discussion of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) and its impacts on the Company's financial statements during 2017, as well as a tabular presentation of all the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities.

FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-07)	100.4	
I FERU FURINI NU. 2/3-Q (REV 12-0/)	122.4	

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The Company did not incur any penalties on income tax positions in 2017 or 2016. The Company would recognize interest accrued related to income tax positions as interest expense and any penalties incurred as income deductions.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company currently issues three types of stock-based compensation awards - restricted shares, market-based awards and performance-based awards. Historically, these stock compensation awards have not been material to the Company's overall financial results. Compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions is recognized in the Company's financial statements based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued and recorded over the requisite service period.

2016

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense (included in other operating expenses) and income tax benefits in the Statements of Income of the following amounts for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2017	2010
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 7,359	\$ 7,891
Income tax benefits (1)	2,576	2,762
Excess tax benefits on settled share-based employee payments (2)	2,348	1,597

- (1) Income tax benefits were calculated using a 35 percent income tax rate; however, as of December 31, 2017, due to the TCJA enactment, deferred tax assets associated with stock compensation were revalued to 21 percent. Beginning on January 1, 2018 income tax benefits will be calculated using the new 21 percent tax rate.
- (2) Beginning in 2016, excess tax benefits associated with the settlement of share-based employee payments are recognized in the Statements of Income due to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-09, effective January 1, 2016. See Note 2 for further discussion.

Restricted share awards vest in equal thirds each year over a three-year period and are payable in Avista Corp. common stock at the end of each year if the service condition is met. In addition to the service condition, the Company must meet a return on equity target in order for the Chief Executive Officer's restricted shares to vest. Restricted stock is valued at the close of market of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

Total Shareholder Return (TSR) awards are market-based awards and Cumulative Earnings Per Share (CEPS) awards are performance awards. CEPS awards were first granted in 2014. Both types of awards vest after a period of three years and are payable in cash or Avista Corp. common stock at the end of the three-year period. The method of settlement is at the discretion of the Company and historically the Company has settled these awards through issuance of Avista Corp. common stock and intends to continue this practice. Both types of awards entitle the recipients to dividend equivalent rights, are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances, and are subject to meeting specific market or performance conditions. Based on the level of attainment of the market or performance conditions, the amount of cash paid or common stock issued will range from 0 to 200 percent of the initial awards granted. Dividend equivalent rights are accumulated and paid out only on shares that eventually vest and have met the market and performance conditions.

For both the TSR awards and the CEPS awards, the Company accounts for them as equity awards and compensation cost for these awards is recognized over the requisite service period, provided that the requisite service period is rendered. For TSR awards, if the market condition is not met at the end of the three-year service period, there will be no change in the cumulative amount of compensation cost recognized, since the awards are still considered vested even though the market metric was not met. For CEPS awards, at the end of the three-year service period, if the internal performance metric of cumulative earnings per share is not met, all compensation cost for these awards is reversed as these awards are not considered vested.

The fair value of each TSR award is estimated on the date of grant using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of

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meeting the market targets based on historical returns relative to a peer group. The estimated fair value of the equity component of CEPS awards was estimated on the date of grant as the share price of Avista Corp. common stock on the date of grant, less the net present value of the estimated dividends over the three-year period.

The following table summarizes the number of grants, vested and unvested shares, earned shares (based on market metrics), and other pertinent information related to the Company's stock compensation awards for the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016
Restricted Shares		
Shares granted during the year	57,746	58,610
Shares vested during the year	(57,473)	(52,385)
Unvested shares at end of year	106,053	109,806
Unrecognized compensation expense at end of year (in thousands)	\$ 1,853 \$	1,853
TSR Awards		
TSR shares granted during the year	114,390	116,435
TSR shares vested during the year	(107,649)	(111,665)
TSR shares earned based on market metrics	158,262	132,887
Unvested TSR shares at end of year	218,507	222,228
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 2,849 \$	3,409
CEPS Awards		
CEPS shares granted during the year	57,223	57,521
CEPS shares vested during the year	(53,862)	(55,835)
CEPS shares earned based on market metrics	41,502	90,460
Unvested CEPS shares at end of year	108,581	110,452
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 1,856 \$	1,671

Outstanding TSR and CEPS share awards include a dividend component that is paid in cash. This component of the share grants is accounted for as a liability award. These liability awards are revalued on a quarterly basis taking into account the number of awards outstanding, historical dividend rate, the change in the value of the Company's common stock relative to an external benchmark (TSR awards only) and the amount of CEPS earned to date compared to estimated CEPS over the performance period (CEPS awards only). Over the life of these awards, the cumulative amount of compensation expense recognized will match the actual cash paid. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had recognized cumulative compensation expense and a liability of \$1.5 million, respectively, related to the dividend component on the outstanding and unvested share grants.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers all temporary investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide for estimated and potential losses on accounts receivable. The Company determines the allowance for utility and other customer accounts receivable based on historical write-offs as compared to accounts receivable and operating revenues. Additionally, the Company establishes specific allowances for certain individual accounts.

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Utility Plant in Service

The cost of additions to utility plant in service, including AFUDC and replacements of units of property and improvements, is capitalized. The cost of depreciable units of property retired plus the cost of removal less salvage is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Asset Retirement Obligations (ARO)

The Company records the fair value of a liability for an ARO in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the associated costs of the ARO are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. The liability is accreted to its present value each period and the related capitalized costs are depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. In addition, if there are changes in the estimated timing or estimated costs of the AROs, adjustments are recorded during the period new information becomes available as an increase or decrease to the liability, with the offset recorded to the related long-lived asset. Upon retirement of the asset, the Company either settles the ARO for its recorded amount or recognizes a regulatory asset or liability for the difference, which will be surcharged/refunded to customers through the ratemaking process. The Company records regulatory assets and liabilities for the difference between asset retirement costs currently recovered in rates and AROs recorded since asset retirement costs are recovered through rates charged to customers (see Note 6 for further discussion of the Company's AROs).

Goodwill

Goodwill arising from acquisitions represents the future economic benefit arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment using a qualitative analysis (Step 0) for AEL&P and a combination of discounted cash flow models and a market approach for the other subsidiaries on at least an annual basis or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. The Company completed its annual evaluation of goodwill for potential impairment as of November 30, 2017 and determined that goodwill was not impaired at that time. While, the Company does not have any goodwill amounts recorded on its FERC balance sheets, it does have goodwill at its subsidiaries and the amounts for goodwill are reflected in the investment in subsidiary companies.

The following amounts were recorded as goodwill at the subsidiary companies and reflected through the investment in subsidiary companies on the FERC balance sheets (dollars in thousands):

Accumulated

	AEL&P			Other	Impairment Losses	Total	
Balance as of the December 31, 2016	\$	52,426	\$	12,979	\$ 		72
Balance as of the December 31, 2017		52,426		12,979	(7,733)	57,6	72

Accumulated impairment losses are attributable to the other businesses.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities

Derivatives are recorded as either assets or liabilities on the Balance Sheets measured at estimated fair value.

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (WUTC) and the Idaho Public Utilities Commission (IPUC) issued accounting orders authorizing Avista Corp. to offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities with a regulatory asset or liability. This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. Realized benefits and costs result in adjustments to retail rates through Purchased Gas Adjustments (PGA), the Energy Recovery Mechanism (ERM) in Washington, the Power Cost Adjustment (PCA) mechanism in Idaho, and periodic general rates cases. The resulting regulatory assets have been concluded to be probable of recovery through future

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rates.

Substantially all forward contracts to purchase or sell power and natural gas are recorded as derivative assets or liabilities at estimated fair value with an offsetting regulatory asset or liability. Contracts that are not considered derivatives are accounted for on the accrual basis until they are settled or realized unless there is a decline in the fair value of the contract that is determined to be other-than-temporary.

For interest rate swap derivatives, Avista Corp. records all mark-to-market gains and losses in each accounting period as assets and liabilities, as well as offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities, such that there is no income statement impact. The interest rate swap derivatives are risk management tools similar to energy commodity derivatives. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. The Company records an offset of interest rate swap derivative assets and liabilities with regulatory assets and liabilities, based on the prior practice of the commissions to provide recovery through the ratemaking process. See Note 16 for additional discussion regarding interest rate swaps in the Company's 2017 Washington general rate cases.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has multiple master netting agreements with a variety of entities that allow for cross-commodity netting of derivative agreements with the same counterparty (i.e. power derivatives can be netted with natural gas derivatives). In addition, some master netting agreements allow for the netting of commodity derivatives and interest rate swap derivatives for the same counterparty. The Company does not have any agreements which allow for cross-affiliate netting among multiple affiliated legal entities. The Company nets all derivative instruments when allowed by the agreement for presentation in the Balance Sheets.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value represents the price that would be received when selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities, deferred compensation assets, as well as derivatives related to interest rate swap derivatives and foreign currency exchange derivatives, are reported at estimated fair value on the Balance Sheets. See Note 13 for the Company's fair value disclosures.

Regulatory Deferred Charges and Credits

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with regulatory accounting practices because:

- rates for regulated services are established by or subject to approval by independent third-party regulators,
- the regulated rates are designed to recover the cost of providing the regulated services, and
- in view of demand for the regulated services and the level of competition, it is reasonable to assume that rates can be charged to and collected from customers at levels that will recover costs.

Regulatory accounting practices require that certain costs and/or obligations (such as incurred power and natural gas costs not currently included in rates, but expected to be recovered or refunded in the future), are reflected as deferred charges or credits on the Balance Sheets. These costs and/or obligations are not reflected in the Statements of Income until the period during which matching revenues are recognized. The Company also has decoupling revenue deferrals. Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized in the Statements of Income during the period they occur (i.e. during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset/liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative regulatory revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period Statement of Income. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24

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months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue recognition criteria are met. This could ultimately result in decoupling revenue that arose during the current year being recognized in a future period.

If at some point in the future the Company determines that it no longer meets the criteria for continued application of regulatory accounting practices for all or a portion of its regulated operations, the Company could be:

- required to write off its regulatory assets, and
- precluded from the future deferral of costs or decoupled revenues not recovered through rates at the time such amounts are incurred, even if the Company expected to recover these amounts from customers in the future.

Unamortized Debt Expense

Unamortized debt expense includes debt issuance costs that are amortized over the life of the related debt.

Unamortized Gain/Loss on Reacquired Debt

For the Company's Washington regulatory jurisdiction and for any debt repurchases beginning in 2007 in all jurisdictions, premiums or discounts paid to repurchase debt are amortized over the remaining life of the original debt that was repurchased or, if new debt is issued in connection with the repurchase, these amounts are amortized over the life of the new debt. In the Company's other regulatory jurisdictions, premiums or discounts paid to repurchase debt prior to 2007 are amortized over the average remaining maturity of outstanding debt when no new debt was issued in connection with the debt repurchase. The premiums and discounts are recovered or returned to customers through retail rates as a component of interest expense.

Appropriated Retained Earnings

In accordance with the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the Federal Power Act (FPA), the Company maintains an appropriated retained earnings account for any earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on the Company's investment in the licenses for its various hydroelectric projects. Per section 10(d) of the FPA, the Company must maintain these excess earnings in an appropriated retained earnings account until the termination of the licensing agreements or apply them to reduce the net investment in the licenses of the hydroelectric projects at the discretion of the FERC. The Company calculates the earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on an annual basis, usually during the second quarter.

The appropriated retained earnings amounts included in retained earnings were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2017	20)16
Appropriated retained earnings	\$ 32,132	\$	23,869

Operating Leases

The Company has multiple lease arrangements involving various assets, with minimum terms ranging from 1 to 45 years. Future minimum lease payments required under operating leases having initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year were not material as of December 31, 2017.

Equity in Earnings (Losses) of Subsidiaries

The Company records all the earnings (losses) from its subsidiaries under the equity method. The Company had the following equity in earnings (losses) of its subsidiaries for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2017	2016	
Avista Capital		\$ (6,942)	\$ (1,434)	
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AERC			9,460	7,723
Total equity in earnings of subsidiary	companies	\$	2,518 \$	6,289

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the impact of events occurring after December 31, 2017 up to February 20, 2018, the date that Avista Corp.'s GAAP financial statements were issued and has updated such evaluation for disclosure purposes through the date of this report. These financial statements include all necessary adjustments and disclosures resulting from these evaluations.

Contingencies

The Company has unresolved regulatory, legal and tax issues which have inherently uncertain outcomes. The Company accrues a loss contingency if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss or impairment can be reasonably estimated. The Company also discloses loss contingencies that do not meet these conditions for accrual, if there is a reasonable possibility that a material loss may be incurred. As of December 31, 2017, the Company has not recorded any significant amounts related to unresolved contingencies. See Note 15 for further discussion of the Company's commitments and contingencies.

Transmission Utility Plant Write-Off (Immaterial Correction of an Error from Prior Years)

During the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company performed a detailed analysis of its capital overhead accounts associated with transmission system planning for the four-year period of January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2017. Based on this review, it was determined that a portion of transmission system planning costs capitalized as part of utility plant over that time period should have been recorded to operating expense (FERC account 561.5). The items that should have been recorded as operating expenses related to general transmission system planning not associated with specific projects and preliminary studies and designs of transmission systems. As a result, during 2017, the Company recorded an immaterial correction of an error from prior years which reduced utility plant transmission assets by \$1.9 million and increased operating expenses by \$1.9 million. Of the total correction amount recorded in 2017, between \$0.6 million to \$0.7 million related to each of 2014, 2015 and 2016.

NOTE 2. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)"

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting and Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU No. 2014-09, which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle of the revenue model is that an entity should identify the various performance obligations in a contract, allocate the transaction price among the performance obligations and recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies each performance obligation. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2017.

The Company will adopt this standard on January 1, 2018 using a modified retrospective method, which requires a cumulative adjustment to opening retained earnings, as opposed to a full retrospective application. The Company has not identified any cumulative adjustments.

Since the majority of Avista Corp.'s revenue is from rate-regulated sales of electricity and natural gas to retail customers and revenue is recognized as energy is delivered to these customers, the Company will not have a significant change in operating revenues or net income due to the application of this standard. The Company reviewed and analyzed certain contracts with customers (most of which are related to wholesale sales of power and natural gas) and did not identify any significant differences in revenue recognition between current GAAP and ASU No. 2014-09.

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During the implementation process, the Company worked through several issues, the most significant of which are as follows:

<u>Contributions in Aid of Construction (CIAC)</u> – There was the potential that CIAC could be recognized as revenue upon the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09. Implementation guidance indicates that CIAC will continue to be accounted for as an offset to utility plant in service.

<u>Utility-Related Taxes Collected from Customers</u> – There were questions on the presentation of utility-related taxes collected from customers (primarily state excise taxes and city utility taxes) on a gross basis. Under GAAP, the Company has been allowed to record these utility-related taxes on a gross basis in revenue when billed to customers with an offset included in taxes other than income taxes in operating expenses. The Company evaluated whether this gross presentation is appropriate under ASU 2014-09 and determined that for Avista Corp., the current presentation will not change.

<u>Renewable Energy Credits</u> (REC) - Utility industry implementation guidance indicates that revenue associated with the sale of self-generated RECs will be recognized at the time of generation and sale of the credits as opposed to when the RECs are certified in the Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System, which generally occurs during a period subsequent to the sale. This represents a change from the Company's prior practice, which has been to defer revenue recognition until the time of certification. Revenue associated with the sale of RECs is not material to the financial statements and almost all of the Company's REC revenue is deferred for future rebate to retail customers. As such, the change in the timing of revenue recognition will have an insignificant impact to revenue and net income.

The Company is monitoring utility industry implementation guidance to determine if there will be further industry consensus regarding accounting and presentation issues.

In addition to the issues described above, the Company will also have significant changes to its revenue-related footnote disclosures, including the bifurcation of wholesale revenue into derivative and non-derivative sales. The Company continues to evaluate what information would be most useful for users of the financial statements, including information already provided elsewhere in the document outside the footnote disclosures. These additional disclosures will most likely include the disaggregation of revenues by type of service, source of revenue or customer class. Also, the Company will have enhanced disclosures regarding its revenue recognition policies and elections. The Company does not expect any material presentation changes to the base financial statements, and only expects changes to its footnote disclosures.

ASU No. 2016-02 "Leases (Topic 842)"

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02. This ASU introduces a new lessee model that requires most leases to be capitalized and shown on the balance sheet with corresponding lease assets and liabilities. The standard also aligns certain of the underlying principles of the new lessor model with those in Topic 606, the FASB's new revenue recognition standard. Furthermore, this ASU addresses other issues that arise under the current lease model; for example, eliminating the required use of bright-line tests in current GAAP for determining lease classification (operating leases versus capital leases). This ASU also includes enhanced disclosures surrounding leases. This ASU is effective for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2018; however, early adoption is permitted. Under ASU 2016-02, upon adoption, the effects of this standard must be applied using a modified retrospective approach to the earliest period presented, which will likely require restatements of previously issued financial statements. The modified retrospective approach includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. During 2018, a proposed ASU was issued by the FASB that provides a practical expedient that would allow companies to use an optional transition method, which would allow for a cumulative adjustment to retained earnings during the period of adoption and prior periods would not require restatement.

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The Company evaluated ASU 2016-02 and determined that it will not early adopt this standard before its effective date in 2019.

The Company has formed a lease standard implementation team that is working through the implementation process. Based on work to-date, the implementation team has identified a complete population of existing and potential leases under the new standard and has completed its review of the agreements associated with this population. However, the team has not yet quantified the impact of recording these leases. In addition, the team is developing a process to identify any new potential leases that may be entered into between now and the standard implementation date in 2019.

The Company is monitoring utility industry implementation guidance as it relates to several unresolved issues to determine if there will be an industry consensus. The Company has not yet estimated the potential impact on its future financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

ASU No. 2016-09 "Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting"

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09. This ASU simplified several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions including:

- allowing excess tax benefits or tax deficiencies to be recognized as income tax benefits or expenses in the Statements of Income rather than in Additional Paid in Capital (APIC),
- excess tax benefits no longer represent a financing cash inflow on the Statements of Cash Flows and instead will be included
 as an operating activity,
- requiring excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies to be excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share, whereas under previous accounting guidance, these amounts had to be estimated and included in the calculation,
- allowing forfeitures to be accounted for as they occur, instead of estimating forfeitures, and
- changing the statutory tax withholding requirements for share-based payments.

The Company early adopted this standard during the second quarter of 2016, with a retrospective effective date of January 1, 2016. The adoption of this standard resulted in a recognized income tax benefit of \$1.6 million in 2016 associated with excess tax benefits on settled share-based employee payments.

ASU No. 2017-07 "Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost"

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, which amends the income statement presentation of the components of net periodic benefit cost for an entity's defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. Under current GAAP, net benefit cost consists of several components that reflect different aspects of an employer's financial arrangements as well as the cost of benefits earned by employees. These components are aggregated and reported net in the financial statements. ASU No. 2017-07 requires entities to (1) disaggregate the current service-cost component from the other components of net benefit cost (other components) and present it with other current compensation costs for related employees in the income statement and (2) present the other components elsewhere in the income statement and outside of income from operations.

In addition, only the service-cost component of net benefit cost is eligible for capitalization (e.g., as part of utility plant). This is a change from current practice, under which entities capitalize the aggregate net benefit cost to utility plant when applicable, in accordance with FERC accounting guidance. Avista Corp. is a rate-regulated entity and all components of net periodic benefit cost are currently recovered from customers as a component of utility plant and, under the new ASU, these costs will continue to be recovered from customers in the same manner over the depreciable lives of utility plant. As all such costs are expected to continue to be

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recoverable, the components that are no longer eligible to be recorded as a component of utility plant for GAAP will be recorded as regulatory assets.

This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and early adoption is permitted. Upon adoption, entities must use a retrospective transition method to adopt the requirement for separate presentation in the income statement and a prospective transition method to adopt the requirement to limit the capitalization of net periodic benefit costs to the service-cost component. The Company did not early adopt this standard and does not expect a material impact on its future financial condition, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption of this standard.

ASU 2018-02 "Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income"

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, which amends the guidance for reporting comprehensive income. The ASU allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the enactment of the TCJA. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. Upon adoption, the requirements of the ASU must be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period (or periods) in which the effect of the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate in the TCJA is recognized. The Company did not early adopt this standard as of December 31, 2017 and does not expect a material impact on its future financial condition, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption of this standard.

NOTE 3. PENDING ACQUISITION BY HYDRO ONE

On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a Merger Agreement, by and among Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Hydro One (US parent), and Olympus Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of US parent (Merger Sub). Subject to the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will be merged with and into Avista Corp., with Avista Corp. surviving as an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Hydro One, based in Toronto, is Ontario's largest electricity transmission and distribution provider.

At the effective time of the acquisition, each share of Avista Corp. common stock issued and outstanding, other than shares of Avista Corp. common stock that are owned by Hydro One, US Parent (as defined in the Merger Agreement) or Merger Sub or any of their respective subsidiaries, will be converted automatically into the right to receive an amount in cash equal to \$53, without interest.

Closing Conditions, Required Approvals

Consummation of the acquisition is subject to the satisfaction or waiver, if permissible under applicable law, of specified closing conditions, including, but not limited to, (i) the approval of the acquisition by the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Avista Corp. Common Stock, (ii) the receipt of regulatory approvals required to consummate the acquisition, including approval from the FERC, the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS), the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), the WUTC, IPUC, Public Service Commission of the State of Montana (MPSC), Oregon Public Utilities Commission (OPUC), and the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA), and (iii) meeting the requirements of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 (HSR Act), as amended. Under the HSR Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, the acquisition may not be completed until notification and report forms have been filed with the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) and the applicable waiting period has expired or been terminated. Hydro One and the Company each intend to file the required HSR notification and report forms with the DOJ and the FTC.

The transaction is expected to close in the second half of 2018 subject to remaining referenced approvals and the satisfaction or waiver of other specified conditions.

Approvals Requested

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On September 14, 2017, Avista Corp. and Hydro One filed applications for approval of the acquisition with the FERC, the WUTC, the IPUC, the OPUC and the MPSC, requesting approval of the transaction on or before August 14, 2018. However, the OPUC has set a procedural schedule with an end date no later than September 14, 2018. On November 21, 2017, applications for approval of the acquisition were filed with the RCA, with a statutory deadline of May 20, 2018.

Washington Settlement

On March 27, 2018, Avista Corp. and Hydro One filed an all-parties, all-issues settlement agreement in the merger proceeding before the WUTC recommending approval of the acquisition of the Company by Hydro One. This represents a full settlement that all parties, including the WUTC Staff, have agreed results in a net benefit to the Company's Washington customers and should be accepted by the WUTC.

The settlement includes financial and non-financial commitments by the Company. No costs associated with the transaction will be recovered from Avista Corp. or Hydro One customers. The Company's initial September 2017 applications for state regulatory approval of the transaction proposed a rate credit of approximately \$32 million over a 10-year period across Washington, Oregon and Idaho. This amounted to an allocation of an approximately \$20 million rate credit in Washington. The settlement, if approved, would result in the allocation to Washington of a rate credit of approximately \$31 million over a 5-year period. In the settlement, Hydro One and Avista Corp. have also agreed to a number of other financial commitments, including providing funding for low income participation in new renewable energy and replacing certain manufactured homes. If the settlement is approved, the Company's financial commitments in Washington would total approximately \$44 million, including the rate credits. While negotiations with parties in Idaho, Oregon, Montana and Alaska are still underway and will be resolved on a state-by-state basis, if the financial commitments in each other state bore the same ratio to the Company's base revenue in such state as the financial commitments in Washington revenue, the total amount of financial commitments would be approximately \$74 million, which includes an additional \$1 million proposed rate credit in Alaska.

The settlement in principle also provides for the use of a portion of Avista Corp.'s excess deferred federal income taxes for the purpose of accelerating the depreciation schedule for Colstrip Units 3 and 4 to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2027. In addition, included in the financial commitments described above is funding toward a Colstrip community transition fund which is intended to help the Colstrip community transition from coal-fired generation in the event of a future closure. The settlement in principle does not reflect any agreement with respect to the ultimate closure of Units 3 and 4 as that decision would be made in conjunction with the other owners of Colstrip.

The settlement agreement is subject to WUTC approval. The WUTC Staff's recommendation that the WUTC approve the settlement agreement is not binding on the WUTC itself.

In addition to Hydro One, Avista Corp. and WUTC Staff, the parties to the merger proceeding include the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington Office of Attorney General, The Energy Project, Northwest Energy Coalition, Renewable Northwest, Natural Resources Defense Council, Sierra Club and the Washington and Northern Idaho District Council of Laborers, the Northwest Industrial Gas Users and the Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities.

Alaska Settlement

On April 3, 2018, Avista Corp. and Hydro One submitted a settlement agreement in the merger proceeding before the RCA recommending approval of the acquisition of the Company by Hydro One. The settlement agreement is with the City and Borough of Juneau, the only intervenor in the case. Avista Corp. serves customers in Juneau, Alaska through its subsidiary utility, AEL&P.

The settlement agreement includes specific commitments that preserve the ownership structure and current operations of AEL&P, ensure customer rates will not be impacted by the transaction, enhance community giving and provide a \$1 million rate credit over five years for AEL&P's customers. This rate credit would begin at the close of the transaction.

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The settlement also provides that any transfer of the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project will not occur without RCA approval and a determination that such transfer would be in the public interest, formalizes AEL&P's interconnection process and outlines a process for a biennial AEL&P system and planning presentation.

The settlement agreement is subject to RCA review and approval. The parties have requested a decision from the RCA within 30 days of filing the settlement agreement.

On February 9, 2018, Hydro One and the Company filed a draft joint voluntary notice of the acquisition with CFIUS pursuant to Section 721 of Title VII of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, 50 U.S.C. § 4565 (Section 721) and its implementing regulations.

Approvals Received

On November 21, 2017, Avista Corp. shareholders approved the acquisition in a special meeting of shareholders. Also, on January 16, 2018 the FERC approved the acquisition.

Other Pending Required Approvals

The Company intends to file for the required approvals with the FCC pursuant to Section 310 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, over the transfer of control of FCC licenses that would result from the acquisition.

Other Information Related to the Acquisition

The Merger Agreement also contains customary representations, warranties and covenants of Avista Corp., Hydro One, US Parent and Merger Sub. These covenants include, among others, an obligation on behalf of Avista Corp. to operate its business in the ordinary course until the acquisition is consummated, subject to certain exceptions. In addition, the parties are required to use reasonable best efforts to obtain any required regulatory approvals.

Avista Corp. has made certain additional customary covenants, including, among others, and subject to certain exceptions, a customary non-solicitation covenant prohibiting Avista Corp. from soliciting, providing non-public information or entering into discussions or negotiations concerning proposals relating to alternative business combination transactions, except as and to the extent permitted under the Merger Agreement with respect to an unsolicited written Takeover Proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement) made prior to the approval of the acquisition by Avista Corp.'s shareholders if, among other things, Avista Corp.'s board of directors determines in good faith that such Takeover Proposal is or could be reasonably expected to lead to a Superior Proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and that failure to take such actions would reasonably be expected to be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties under applicable law. No such Takeover Proposals have been received.

The Merger Agreement may be terminated by Avista Corp. and Hydro One by mutual consent and by either Avista Corp. or Hydro One under certain circumstances, including if the acquisition is not consummated by September 30, 2018 (subject to an extension of up to six months by either party if all of the conditions to closing, other than the conditions related to obtaining required regulatory approvals, the absence of a law or injunction preventing the consummation of the acquisition and the absence of a Burdensome Condition (as defined in the Merger Agreement) in any required regulatory approval, have been satisfied). The Merger Agreement also provides for certain additional termination rights for each of Avista Corp. and Hydro One. Upon termination of the Merger Agreement under certain specified circumstances, including (i) termination by Avista Corp. in order to enter into a definitive agreement with respect to a Superior Proposal, or (ii) termination by Hydro One following a withdrawal by Avista Corp.'s board or directors of its recommendation of the Merger Agreement, Avista Corp. will be required to pay Hydro One the Company Termination Fee of \$103.0 million. Avista Corp. will also be required to pay Hydro One the Company Termination Fee in the event Avista Corp. signs or consummates any specified alternative transaction within twelve months following the termination of the Merger Agreement under certain circumstances. In addition, if the Merger Agreement is terminated under certain circumstances due to the failure to

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obtain required regulatory approvals, the imposition of a Burdensome Condition with respect to a required regulatory approval, or the breach by Hydro One, US Parent or Merger Sub of their obligations in respect of obtaining regulatory approvals, Hydro One will be required to pay Avista Corp. a termination fee of \$103.0 million.

The Company is incurring significant acquisition costs associated with the pending Hydro One acquisition consisting primarily of consulting, banking fees, legal fees and employee time and are not being passed through to customers. In addition, a significant portion of these costs are not deductible for income tax purposes.

See Note 15 for discussion of shareholder lawsuits filed against the Company, the Company's directors, Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. in relation to the Merger Agreement and the proposed acquisition.

NOTE 4. DERIVATIVES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Energy Commodity Derivatives

Avista Corp. is exposed to market risks relating to changes in electricity and natural gas commodity prices and certain other fuel prices. Market risk is, in general, the risk of fluctuation in the market price of the commodity being traded and is influenced primarily by supply and demand. Market risk includes the fluctuation in the market price of associated derivative commodity instruments. Avista Corp. utilizes derivative instruments, such as forwards, futures, swap derivatives and options in order to manage the various risks relating to these commodity price exposures. Avista Corp. has an energy resources risk policy and control procedures to manage these risks.

As part of Avista Corp.'s resource procurement and management operations in the electric business, the Company engages in an ongoing process of resource optimization, which involves the economic selection from available energy resources to serve Avista Corp.'s load obligations and the use of these resources to capture available economic value through wholesale market transactions. These include sales and purchases of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and derivative contracts related to capacity, energy and fuel. Such transactions are part of the process of matching resources with load obligations and hedging a portion of the related financial risks. These transactions range from terms of intra-hour up to multiple years.

As part of its resource procurement and management of its natural gas business, Avista Corp. makes continuing projections of its natural gas loads and assesses available natural gas resources including natural gas storage availability. Natural gas resource planning typically includes peak requirements, low and average monthly requirements and delivery constraints from natural gas supply locations to Avista Corp.'s distribution system. However, daily variations in natural gas demand can be significantly different than monthly demand projections. On the basis of these projections, Avista Corp. plans and executes a series of transactions to hedge a portion of its projected natural gas requirements through forward market transactions and derivative instruments. These transactions may extend as much as four natural gas operating years (November through October) into the future. Avista Corp. also leaves a significant portion of its natural gas supply requirements unhedged for purchase in short-term and spot markets.

Avista Corp. plans for sufficient natural gas delivery capacity to serve its retail customers for a theoretical peak day event. Avista Corp. generally has more pipeline and storage capacity than what is needed during periods other than a peak day. Avista Corp. optimizes its natural gas resources by using market opportunities to generate economic value that helps mitigate fixed costs. Avista Corp. also optimizes its natural gas storage capacity by purchasing and storing natural gas when prices are traditionally lower, typically in the summer, and withdrawing during higher priced months, typically during the winter. However, if market conditions and prices indicate that Avista Corp. should buy or sell natural gas during other times in the year, Avista Corp. engages in optimization transactions to capture value in the marketplace. Natural gas optimization activities include, but are not limited to, wholesale market sales of surplus natural gas supplies, purchases and sales of natural gas to optimize use of pipeline and storage capacity, and participation in the transportation capacity release market.

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The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2017 that are expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

	Purchases			Sales				
	Electric I	Derivatives	Gas De	rivatives	Electric I	Derivatives	Gas De	rivatives
Year	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs
2018	426	763	10,572	107,580	213	1,739	3,643	67,375
2019	235	737	610	61,073	94	1,420	1,345	35,438
2020	_	_	910	16,590	_	589	1,430	915
2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,049	_
2022	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2016 that were expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

	Purchases			Sales				
	Electric I	Derivatives	Gas De	rivatives	Electric I	Derivatives	Gas De	rivatives
Year	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs
2017	510	907	15,475	110,380	316	1,552	4,165	73,110
2018	397	_	_	52,755	286	1,244	1,360	15,113
2019	235	_	610	29,475	158	982	1,345	4,020
2020	_	_	910	2,725	_	_	1,430	_
2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,060	_
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

(1) Physical transactions represent commodity transactions in which Avista Corp. will take or make delivery of either electricity or natural gas; financial transactions represent derivative instruments with delivery of cash in the amount of the benefit or cost but with no physical delivery of the commodity, such as futures, swap derivatives, options, or forward contracts.

The electric and natural gas derivative contracts above will be included in either power supply costs or natural gas supply costs during the period they are delivered and will be included in the various deferral and recovery mechanisms (ERM, PCA, and PGAs), or in the general rate case process, and are expected to be collected through retail rates from customers.

Foreign Currency Exchange Derivatives

A significant portion of Avista Corp.'s natural gas supply (including fuel for power generation) is obtained from Canadian sources. Most of those transactions are executed in U.S. dollars, which avoids foreign currency risk. A portion of Avista Corp.'s short-term natural gas transactions and long-term Canadian transportation contracts are committed based on Canadian currency prices and settled within 60 days with U.S. dollars. Avista Corp. hedges a portion of the foreign currency risk by purchasing Canadian currency exchange derivatives when such commodity transactions are initiated. The foreign currency exchange derivatives and the unhedged foreign currency risk have not had a material effect on Avista Corp.'s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows and these differences in cost related to currency fluctuations are included with natural gas supply costs for ratemaking.

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The following table summarizes the foreign currency exchange derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Number of contracts	18	21
Notional amount (in United States dollars)	\$ 2,552	\$ 2,819
Notional amount (in Canadian dollars)	3,241	3,754

Interest Rate Swap Derivatives

Avista Corp. is affected by fluctuating interest rates related to a portion of its existing debt, and future borrowing requirements. Avista Corp. hedges a portion of its interest rate risk with financial derivative instruments, which may include interest rate swap derivatives and U.S. Treasury lock agreements. These interest rate swap derivatives and U.S. Treasury lock agreements are considered economic hedges against fluctuations in future cash flows associated with anticipated debt issuances.

The following table summarizes the unsettled interest rate swap derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of the balance sheet date indicated below (dollars in thousands):

Balance Sheet Date	Number of Contracts	Notional Amount	Mandatory Cash Settlement Date
December 31, 2017	14	275,000	2018
	6	70,000	2019
	3	30,000	2020
	1	15,000	2021
	5	60,000	2022
December 31, 2016	6	75,000	2017
	14	275,000	2018
	6	70,000	2019
	2	20,000	2020
	5	60,000	2022

During the third quarter 2017, in connection with the execution of a purchase agreement for \$90.0 million of Avista Corp. first mortgage bonds issued in December 2017, Avista Corp. cash-settled five interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$60.0 million) and paid a total of \$8.8 million. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the cash payments made or received are recorded as a regulatory asset or liability and are subsequently amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the associated debt. The settled interest rate swap derivatives are also included as a part of Avista Corp.'s cost of debt calculation for ratemaking purposes.

The fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives can vary significantly from period to period depending on the total notional amount of swap derivatives outstanding and fluctuations in market interest rates compared to the interest rates fixed by the swaps. Avista Corp. is required to make cash payments to settle the interest rate swap derivatives when the fixed rates are higher than prevailing market rates at the date of settlement. Conversely, Avista Corp. receives cash to settle its interest rate swap derivatives when prevailing market rates at the time of settlement exceed the fixed swap rates.

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Summary of Outstanding Derivative Instruments

The amounts recorded on the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 reflect the offsetting of derivative assets and liabilities where a legal right of offset exists.

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017 (in thousands):

	Fair Value									
Derivative and Balance Sheet Location		Gross		Gross		Collateral		Net Asset (Liability) in Balance Sheet		
Foreign currency exchange derivatives										
Derivative instrument assets current	\$	32	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	31		
Interest rate swap derivatives										
Derivative instrument assets current		2,597		(270)		_		2,327		
Long-term portion of derivative assets		4,880		(2,304)		_		2,576		
Derivative instrument liabilities current				(63,399)		28,952		(34,447)		
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities				(7,540)		6,018		(1,522)		
Energy commodity derivatives										
Derivative instrument assets current		1,386		(122)		_		1,264		
Derivative instrument liabilities current		26,641		(52,895)		17,406		(8,848)		
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		15,970		(34,936)		10,032		(8,934)		
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$	51,506	\$	(161,467)	\$	62,408	\$	(47,553)		

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2016 (in thousands):

		Fair Value									
Derivative and Balance Sheet Location		Gross		Gross	Collateral	Net Asset (Liability) in Balance Sheet					
Foreign currency exchange derivatives											
Derivative instrument liabilities current	\$	5	\$	(28)	\$	\$ (23)					
Interest rate swap derivatives											
Derivative instrument assets current		3,393		_	_	3,393					
Long-term portion of derivative assets		5,754		(397)	_	5,357					
Derivative instrument liabilities current		_		(15,756)	9,731	(6,025)					
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		3,951		(57,825)	25,169	(28,705)					
Energy commodity derivatives											
Derivative instrument assets current		18,682		(16,787)	_	1,895					
Derivative instrument liabilities current		16,335		(29,598)	6,228	(7,035)					
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Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		13,071		(29,990)	3,63	0	(13,289)
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance shee	\$	61,191	\$	(150,381) \$	44,75	8 \$	(44,432)

Exposure to Demands for Collateral

Avista Corp.'s derivative contracts often require collateral (in the form of cash or letters of credit) or other credit enhancements, or reductions or terminations of a portion of the contract through cash settlement. In the event of a downgrade in Avista Corp.'s credit ratings or changes in market prices, additional collateral may be required. In periods of price volatility, the level of exposure can change significantly. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made against Avista Corp.'s credit facilities and cash. Avista Corp. actively monitors the exposure to possible collateral calls and takes steps to mitigate capital requirements.

The following table presents Avista Corp.'s collateral outstanding related to its derivative instruments as of as of December 31 (in thousands):

	 2017	 2016
Energy commodity derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	\$ 39,458	\$ 17,134
Letters of credit outstanding	23,000	24,400
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	27,438	9,858
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	34,970	34,900
Letters of credit outstanding	5,000	3,600
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	34,970	34,900

Certain of Avista Corp.'s derivative instruments contain provisions that require the Company to maintain an "investment grade" credit rating from the major credit rating agencies. If Avista Corp.'s credit ratings were to fall below "investment grade," it would be in violation of these provisions, and the counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing collateralization on derivative instruments in net liability positions.

The following table presents the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position and the amount of additional collateral Avista Corp. could be required to post as of December 31 (in thousands):

	 2017	2016
Energy commodity derivatives		
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features	\$ 1,336	\$ 1,124
Additional collateral to post	1,336	1,046
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features	73,514	73,978
Additional collateral to post	18,770	21,100

NOTE 5. JOINTLY OWNED ELECTRIC FACILITIES

The Company has a 15 percent ownership interest in a twin-unit coal-fired generating facility, Colstrip, located in southeastern Montana, and provides financing for its ownership interest in the project. The Company's share of related fuel costs as well as

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operating expenses for plant in service are included in the corresponding accounts in the Statements of Income. The Company's share of utility plant in service for Colstrip and accumulated depreciation (inclusive of the ARO assets and accumulated amortization) were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2017		2016
Utility plant in service	\$ 379,970 \$	5	380,406
Accumulated depreciation	(255,604)		(249,359)

See Note 6 for further discussion of AROs.

NOTE 6. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company has recorded liabilities for future AROs to:

- restore coal ash containment ponds at Colstrip,
- cap a landfill at the Kettle Falls Plant,
- remove plant and restore the land at the Coyote Springs 2 site at the termination of the land lease, and
- dispose of PCBs in certain transformers.

Due to an inability to estimate a range of settlement dates, the Company cannot estimate a liability for the:

- removal and disposal of certain transmission and distribution assets, and
- abandonment and decommissioning of certain hydroelectric generation and natural gas storage facilities.

In 2015, the EPA issued a final rule regarding coal combustion residuals (CCR), also termed coal combustion byproducts or coal ash. Colstrip, of which Avista Corp. is a 15 percent owner of units 3 & 4, produces this byproduct. The rule established technical requirements for CCR landfills and surface impoundments under Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the nation's primary law for regulating solid waste. The Company, in conjunction with the other Colstrip owners, developed a multi-year compliance plan to strategically address the CCR requirements and existing state obligations while maintaining operational stability. During 2015, the operator of Colstrip provided an initial cost estimate of the expected retirement costs associated with complying with the new CCR rule. Based on the initial assessments, Avista Corp. recorded an increase to its ARO of \$12.5 million during 2015 with a corresponding increase in the cost basis of the utility plant. During 2016 and 2017, due to additional information and updated estimates, the ARO was adjusted during each of those years by minor amounts.

The actual asset retirement costs related to the CCR rule requirements may vary substantially from the estimates used to record the ARO due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of the compliance strategies that will be used and the availability of data used to estimate costs, such as the quantity of coal ash present at certain sites and the volume of fill that will be needed to cap and cover certain impoundments. Avista Corp. will coordinate with the plant operator and continue to gather additional data in future periods to make decisions about compliance strategies and the timing of closure activities. As additional information becomes available, Avista Corp. will update the ARO for these changes in estimates, which could be material. The Company expects to seek recovery of any increased costs related to complying with the CCR rule through customer rates.

The following table documents the changes in the Company's asset retirement obligation during the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		 2017	2016	
Asset retirement obligation at beginning of year		\$ 15,515 \$	15,997	
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Liabilities incurred			1,17	1	430
Liabilities settled			_	_	(1,529)
Accretion expense			79	6	617
Asset retirement obligation at end of year		\$	17,48	2 \$	15,515

NOTE 7. PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan covering the majority of all regular full-time employees at Avista Corp. that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. Individual benefits under this plan are based upon the employee's years of service, date of hire and average compensation as specified in the plan. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan in lieu of a defined benefit pension plan. The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amounts that are required to be funded under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, but not more than the maximum amounts that are currently deductible for income tax purposes. The Company contributed \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2017 and \$12.0 million in 2016. The Company expects to contribute \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2018.

The Company also has a SERP that provides additional pension benefits to certain executive officers and certain key employees of the Company. The SERP is intended to provide benefits to individuals whose benefits under the defined benefit pension plan are reduced due to the application of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the deferral of salary under deferred compensation plans. The liability and expense for this plan are included as pension benefits in the tables included in this Note.

The Company expects that benefit payments under the pension plan and the SERP will total (dollars in thousands):

	 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	To	tal 2023-2027
Expected benefit payments	\$ 36,916 \$	37,613	\$ 38,610 \$	38,729	\$ 38,837	\$	205,395

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on past performance and economic forecasts for the types of investments held by the plan. In selecting a discount rate, the Company considers yield rates for highly rated corporate bond portfolios with maturities similar to that of the expected term of pension benefits.

The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. The Company accrues the estimated cost of postretirement benefit obligations during the years that employees provide services. The liability and expense of this plan are included as other postretirement benefits. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, will have access to the retiree medical plan upon retirement; however, Avista Corp. will no longer provide a contribution toward their medical premium.

The Company has a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to provide employees with tax-advantaged funds to pay for allowable medical expenses upon retirement. The amount earned by the employee is fixed on the retirement date based on the employee's years of service and the ending salary. The liability and expense of the HRA are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company provides death benefits to beneficiaries of executive officers who die during their term of office or after retirement. Under the plan, an executive officer's designated beneficiary will receive a payment equal to twice the executive officer's annual base salary at the time of death (or if death occurs after retirement, a payment equal to twice the executive officer's total annual pension benefit). The liability and expense for this plan are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company expects that benefit payments under other postretirement benefit plans will total (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	9 2020		2021		2022	Tot	al 2023-2027	
Expected benefit payments	\$ 6,856	\$ 7,064	\$	6,093	\$ 6,223	\$	6,288	\$	32,265	
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The Company expects to contribute \$6.9 million to other postretirement benefit plans in 2018, representing expected benefit payments to be paid during the year excluding the Medicare Part D subsidy. The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for its pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

The following table sets forth the pension and other postretirement benefit plan disclosures as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 and the components of net periodic benefit costs for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (dollars in thousands):

		Pension Benefits				Other Post- retirement Benefits				
		2017		2016		2017		2016		
Change in benefit obligation:										
Benefit obligation as of beginning of year	\$	666,472	\$	613,503	\$	136,453	\$	138,795		
Service cost		20,406		18,302		3,220		3,205		
Interest cost		27,898		27,544		5,490		6,110		
Actuarial (gain)/loss		39,743		39,997		(6,020)		(3,648)		
Plan change		3,158		_		_		_		
Cumulative adjustment to reclassify liability		_		_		_		(1,042)		
Benefits paid		(41,116)		(32,874)		(6,196)		(6,967)		
Benefit obligation as of end of year	\$	716,561	\$	666,472	\$	132,947	\$	136,453		
Change in plan assets:										
Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year	\$	540,914	\$	517,234	\$	33,365	\$	30,868		
Actual return on plan assets		82,476		43,212		4,588		2,497		
Employer contributions		22,000		12,000		_		_		
Benefits paid		(39,738)		(31,532)						
Fair value of plan assets as of end of year	\$	605,652	\$	540,914	\$	37,953	\$	33,365		
Funded status	\$	(110,909)	\$	(125,558)	\$	(94,994)	\$	(103,088)		
Unrecognized net actuarial loss		157,883		178,783		68,280		81,979		
Unrecognized prior service cost		3,179		23		(7,782)		(8,981)		
Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost		50,153		53,248		(34,496)		(30,090)		
Additional liability		(161,062)		(178,806)		(60,498)		(72,998)		
Accrued benefit liability	\$	(110,909)	\$	(125,558)	\$	(94,994)	\$	(103,088)		
Accumulated pension benefit obligation	\$	624,345	\$	583,498		_		_		
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation:										
For retirees					\$	60,354	\$	60,670		
For fully eligible employees					\$	32,891	\$	34,429		
For other participants					\$	39,702	\$	41,354		
Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (no	et of tax):								
Unrecognized prior service cost	\$	2,066	\$	15	\$	(5,058)	\$	(5,854)		
Unrecognized net actuarial loss		102,624		116,209	_	44,382		53,303		
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Γotal		104,690		116,224	3	9,324	47,449	
Less regulatory asset		(97,025))	(108,903)		8,899)	(47,202)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded be obligation for pensions and other postretirement be plans	loss for unfunded benefit	\$ 7,665	425					
		Pension	efits	r	Other P			
	_	2017		2016	201	7	2016	
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31:								
Discount rate for benefit obligation		3.71%)	4.26%		3.72%	4.23%	
Discount rate for annual expense		4.26%	•	4.57%		4.23%	4.57%	
Expected long-term return on plan assets		5.87%)	5.40%		5.69%	6.03%	
Rate of compensation increase		4.69%	•	4.78%				
Medical cost trend pre-age 65 – initial						5.50%	7.00%	
Medical cost trend pre-age 65 – ultimate						5.00%	5.00%	
Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65						2023	2023	
Medical cost trend post-age 65 – initial						6.50%	7.00%	
Medical cost trend post-age 65 – ultimate						5.00%	5.00%	
Ultimate medical cost trend year post-age 65						2024	2024	
		Pension Benefits				Other Post- retirement Benefits		
		201	7	2016		2017	2016	
Components of net periodic benefit cost:								

	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Components of net periodic benefit cost:								
Service cost	\$	20,406	\$	18,302	\$	3,220	\$	3,205
Interest cost		27,898		27,544		5,490		6,110
Expected return on plan assets		(31,626)		(27,547))		(1,899)		(1,861
Amortization of prior service cost		2		2		(1,144)		(1,208
Net loss recognition		9,793		8,511		4,934		5,728
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	26,473	\$	26,812	\$	10,601	\$	11,974

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentage-point increase in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2017 by \$6.6 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.8 million. A one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would decrease the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2017 by \$5.2 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.6 million.

Plan Assets

The Finance Committee of the Company's Board of Directors approves investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan and other postretirement benefit plans and reviews and approves changes to the investment and

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funding policies.

The Company has contracted with investment consultants who are responsible for monitoring the individual investment managers. The investment managers' performance and related individual fund performance is periodically reviewed by an internal benefits committee and by the Finance Committee to monitor compliance with investment policy objectives and strategies.

Pension plan assets are invested in mutual funds, trusts and partnerships that hold marketable debt and equity securities, real estate, absolute return and commodity funds. In seeking to obtain a return that aligns with the funded status of the pension plan, the investment consultant recommends allocation percentages by asset classes. These recommendations are reviewed by the internal benefits committee, which then recommends their adoption by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee has established target investment allocation percentages by asset classes and also investment ranges for each asset class. The target investment allocation percentages are typically the midpoint of the established range. The target investment allocation percentages by asset classes are indicated in the table below:

2017

2016

		2016
Equity securities	37%	37%
Debt securities	45%	45%
Real estate	8%	8%
Absolute return	10%	10%

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in debt and equity securities was based primarily on fair value (market prices). The fair value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the reported last sales price; securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available or for which market prices do not represent the value at the time of pricing, the investment manager estimates fair value based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry).

Pension plan and other postretirement plan assets whose fair values are measured using net asset value (NAV) are excluded from the fair value hierarchy and are included as reconciling items in the tables below.

Investments in common/collective trust funds are presented at estimated fair value, which is determined based on the unit value of the fund. Unit value is determined by an independent trustee, which sponsors the fund, by dividing the fund's net assets by its units outstanding at the valuation date. The Company's investments in common/collective trusts have redemption limitations that permit quarterly redemptions following notice requirements of 45 to 60 days. The fair values of the closely held investments and partnership interests are based upon the allocated share of the fair value of the underlying net assets as well as the allocated share of the undistributed profits and losses, including realized and unrealized gains and losses. Most of the Company's investments in closely held investments and partnership interests have redemption limitations that range from bi-monthly to semi-annually following redemption notice requirements of 60 to 90 days. One investment in a partnership has a lock-up for redemption currently expiring in 2022 and is subject to extension.

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in real estate was determined by the investment manager based on three basic approaches:

- properties are externally appraised on an annual basis by independent appraisers, additional appraisals may be performed as warranted by specific asset or market conditions,
- property valuations are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as necessary, and
- loans are reflected at fair value.

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The fair value of pension plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 13 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2017 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

		Level 1	Level 2	 Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$	_	\$ 20,619	\$ _ \$	20,619
Fixed income securities:					
U.S. government issues		_	20,305	_	20,305
Corporate issues		_	185,272		185,272
International issues		_	32,054	_	32,054
Municipal issues		_	20,201		20,201
Mutual funds:					
U.S. equity securities		127,742	_		127,742
International equity securities		40,755	_	_	40,755
Absolute return (1)		7,728	_		7,728
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disc	losur	re)			
Common/collective trusts:					
Real estate		_	_	_	34,470
International equity securities		_	_	_	43,462
Partnership/closely held investments:					
Absolute return (1)		_	_	_	67,167
Private equity funds (2)		_	_	_	72
Real estate				 	5,805
Total	\$	176,225	\$ 278,451	\$ _ \$	605,652

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 13 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2016 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ 10,179	<u> </u>	\$ 10,179
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. government issues	_	30,919	_	30,919
Corporate issues	_	193,563	_	193,563
International issues	_	34,145	_	34,145
Municipal issues	_	18,888	_	18,888
Mutual funds:				
U.S. equity securities	120,856	_	_	120,856
International equity securities	30,025	_	_	30,025

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Absolute return (1)	6,622		— 6,622
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to	,	_	
Common/collective trusts:	,		
Real estate	_	_	— 19,779
International equity securities	_	_	29,140
Partnership/closely held investments:			
Absolute return (1)	_	_	39,077
Private equity funds (2)	_	_	
Real estate	_	_	— 7,649
Total	\$ 157,503 \$	287,694 \$	\$ 540,914

- (1) This category invests in multiple strategies to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The strategies include: (a) event driven, relative value, convertible, and fixed income arbitrage, (b) distressed investments, (c) long/short equity and fixed income, and (d) market neutral strategies.
- (2) This category includes private equity funds that invest primarily in U.S. companies.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets invested in debt and equity securities was based primarily on market prices. The fair value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the last reported sales price; securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available are fair-valued by the investment manager based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry). The target asset allocation was 60 percent equity securities and 40 percent debt securities in both 2017 and 2016.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 13 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2017 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

$$\frac{\text{Level 1}}{\text{Balanced index mutual funds (1)}} \frac{\text{Level 1}}{\text{$\$$}} \frac{\text{Level 2}}{\text{$\$$}} \frac{\text{Level 3}}{\text{$\$$}} \frac{\text{Total}}{\text{$\$$}}$$

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 13 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2016 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	 Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ _	\$ 6	\$ _	\$ 6
Balanced index mutual funds (1)	33,359	_	 _	 33,359
Total	\$ 33,359	\$ 6	\$ _	\$ 33,365

(1) The balanced index fund for 2017 and 2016 is a single mutual fund that includes a percentage of U.S. equity and fixed income securities and International equity and fixed income securities.

401(k) Plans and Executive Deferral Plan

Avista Corp. has a salary deferral 401(k) plans that is a defined contribution plans and covers substantially all employees. Employees

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can make contributions to their respective accounts in the plans on a pre-tax basis up to the maximum amount permitted by law. The Company matches a portion of the salary deferred by each participant according to the schedule in the respective plan.

Employer matching contributions were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Employer 401(k) matching contributions

 \$ 8.896		2016		
\$ 8,896	\$	8,555		

The Company has an Executive Deferral Plan. This plan allows executive officers and other key employees the opportunity to defer until the earlier of their retirement, termination, disability or death, up to 75 percent of their base salary and/or up to 100 percent of their incentive payments. Deferred compensation funds are held by the Company in a Rabbi Trust.

There were deferred compensation assets and corresponding deferred compensation liabilities on the Balance Sheets of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Deferred compensation assets and liabilities

 2017	 2016
\$ 8.458	\$ 7.679

NOTE 8. ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAXES

Federal Income Tax Law Changes

On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. The legislation includes substantial changes to the taxation of individuals as well as U.S. businesses, multi-national enterprises, and other types of taxpayers. Highlights of provisions most relevant to Avista Corp. include:

- A permanent reduction in the statutory corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, beginning with tax years after 2017;
- Statutory provisions requiring that excess deferred taxes associated with public utility property be normalized using the Average Rate Assumption Method (ARAM) for determining the timing of the return of excess deferred taxes to customers. Excess deferred taxes result from revaluing deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the newly enacted tax rate instead of the previous tax rate, which, for most rate-regulated utilities like Avista Corp., results in a net benefit to customers that will be deferred as a regulatory liability and passed through to customers over future periods;
- Repeal of the corporate alternative minimum tax (AMT);
- Bonus depreciation (expensing of capital investment on an accelerated basis) was removed as a deduction for property predominantly used in certain rate-regulated businesses (like Avista Corp.), but is still allowed for the Company's non-regulated businesses;
- The deduction for interest expense that is properly allocable to certain rate-regulated trade or businesses is still allowed under the new law, but the deduction is now limited for the Company's non-regulated businesses; and
- NOL carryback deductions were eliminated, but carryforward deductions are allowed indefinitely with some annual limitations versus the previous 20-year limitation.

The Company's analysis and interpretation of this legislation is complete as it relates to amounts recorded as of December 31, 2017 and based on its evaluation, the reduction of the U.S. corporate income tax rate required a revaluation of the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities (including the value of our net operating loss carryforwards) during the fourth quarter of 2017, the period in which the tax legislation was enacted. Because Avista Corp. is predominantly a rate-regulated entity, a large portion of the net effect of the legislation was recorded as a regulatory liability on the Balance Sheets and it will be returned to customers through

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the ratemaking process in future periods. The total net amount of the regulatory liability associated with the TCJA was \$434.6 million as of December 31, 2017, which is made up of \$334.4 million in excess deferred taxes and \$100.2 million for the income tax gross-up of those excess deferred taxes (which, together with the excess deferred tax amount, reflects the revenue amounts to be refunded to customers through the regulatory process). The Company expects the Avista Corp. plant related amounts will be returned to customers over a period of approximately 36 years using the ARAM. The Company does not currently have an estimate for the amortization period for the regulatory liability attributable to non-plant excess deferred taxes items as the Company is waiting for additional implementation guidance from various regulatory agencies.

Because the Company has deferred income tax assets and liabilities related to its unregulated subsidiaries and certain utility expenses which are not being passed through to customers, the impact of the revaluation of the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities was recorded as a \$7.5 million (net) discrete adjustment to income tax expense in the fourth quarter of 2017, specifically related to Avista Corp. In addition, there was a \$2.7 million increase in expense at the other businesses, which is reflected in the equity in earnings of subsidiary companies in the Statements of Income.

Because most of the provisions of the TCJA are effective as of January 1, 2018 (including a reduction of the income tax rate to 21 percent), but the Company's customers' rates continue to have the 35 percent corporate tax rate built in from prior general rate cases, the Company filed Petitions in January 2018 with the WUTC and OPUC requesting orders authorizing the deferral of the accounting impact of the change in federal income tax expense caused by the enactment of the TCJA (the IPUC on its own ordered deferred accounting for all jurisdictional utilities in January 2018). The Company is requesting to defer the impact of the change in federal income tax expense beginning in January 2018 forward until all benefits are properly captured through the deferral and refunded to customers through tariffs to be reviewed and implemented in future rate proceedings. The IPUC has requested a report on the estimated overall benefit to customers related to the impacts of the TCJA by March 30, 2018. The WUTC issued a bench request in the Company's 2017 electric and natural gas general rate cases requesting such information by February 28, 2018.

In March, 2018, FERC issued a show-cause order under the Federal Power Act directing the Company to propose revisions to transmission rates or show cause why such a change should not be required. The Company is evaluting its response and will respond to the order before the end of the second quarter, 2018.

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes and tax credit carryforwards.

The realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the ability to generate taxable income in future periods. The Company evaluated available evidence supporting the realization of its deferred income tax assets and determined it is more likely than not that deferred income tax assets will be realized.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company had \$19.6 million of state tax credit carryforwards. Of the total amount, the Company believes that it is more likely than not that it will only be able to utilize \$8.6 million of the state tax credits. As such, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$11.0 million against the state tax credit carryforwards and reflected the net amount of \$8.6 million as an asset as of December 31, 2017. State tax credits expire from 2019 to 2028. The Company also has approximately \$3.5 million of federal tax credit carryforwards and the Company believes that it is more likely than not all the federal credits will be utilized. The federal tax credits expire in 2036.

Status of Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Examinations

The Company and its eligible subsidiaries file consolidated federal income tax returns. The Company also files state income tax

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returns in certain jurisdictions, including Idaho, Oregon, Montana and Alaska. Subsidiaries are charged or credited with the tax effects of their operations on a stand-alone basis. The IRS has completed its examination of all tax years through 2011 and all issues were resolved related to these years. The statute of limitations for the IRS to review the 2012 and 2013 tax years has expired, and the Company has received a notice of an IRS review in 2018 for tax years 2014 through 2016. The Company believes that any open tax years for federal or state income taxes will not result in adjustments that would be significant to the financial statements.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities Associated with Income Taxes

The Company had regulatory assets and liabilities related to the probable recovery/refund of certain deferred income tax assets and liabilities through future customer rates as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2017	2016
Regulatory assets for deferred income taxes	\$ 90,315	\$ 109,853
Regulatory liabilities for deferred income taxes	452,817	28,966

NOTE 9. ENERGY PURCHASE CONTRACTS

Avista Corp. has contracts for the purchase of fuel for thermal generation, natural gas for resale and various agreements for the purchase or exchange of electric energy with other entities. The remaining term of the contracts range from one month to twenty-five years.

Total expenses for power purchased, natural gas purchased, fuel for generation and other fuel costs, which are included in utility resource costs in the Statements of Income, were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	_	2017	 2016
Utility power resources	9	380,523	\$ 402,575

The following table details Avista Corp.'s future contractual commitments for power resources (including transmission contracts) and natural gas resources (including transportation contracts) (dollars in thousands):

	2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	2022	 Thereafter	Total
Power resources	\$ 189,262	\$ 185,610	\$ 161,596	\$ 149,125	\$ 147,573	\$ 916,255	\$ 1,749,421
Natural gas resources	77,936	60,942	 48,098	31,428	31,428	326,482	 576,314
Total	\$ 267,198	\$ 246,552	\$ 209,694	\$ 180,553	\$ 179,001	\$ 1,242,737	\$ 2,325,735

These energy purchase contracts were entered into as part of Avista Corp.'s obligation to serve its retail electric and natural gas customers' energy requirements, including contracts entered into for resource optimization. As a result, these costs are recovered either through base retail rates or adjustments to retail rates as part of the power and natural gas cost deferral and recovery mechanisms.

The above future contractual commitments for power resources include fixed contractual amounts related to the Company's contracts with certain Public Utility Districts (PUD) to purchase portions of the output of certain generating facilities. Although Avista Corp. has no investment in the PUD generating facilities, the fixed contracts obligate Avista Corp. to pay certain minimum amounts whether or not the facilities are operating. The cost of power obtained under the contracts, including payments made when a facility is not operating, is included in utility resource costs in the Statements of Income. The contractual amounts included above consist of Avista Corp.'s share of existing debt service cost and its proportionate share of the variable operating expenses of these projects. The minimum amounts payable under these contracts are based in part on the proportionate share of the debt service requirements of the

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PUD's revenue bonds for which the Company is indirectly responsible. The Company's total future debt service obligation associated with the revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 (principal and interest) was \$63.5 million.

In addition, Avista Corp. has operating agreements, settlements and other contractual obligations related to its generating facilities and transmission and distribution services. The following table details future contractual commitments under these agreements (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Contractual obligations \$	32,205 \$	34.996 \$	33.961 \$	28,939 \$	33,925 \$	S 193.595 \$	357.621

NOTE 10. NOTES PAYABLE

Avista Corp.

Avista Corp. has a committed line of credit with various financial institutions in the total amount of \$400.0 million that expires in April 2021. The committed line of credit is secured by non-transferable first mortgage bonds of Avista Corp. issued to the agent bank that would only become due and payable in the event, and then only to the extent, that Avista Corp. defaults on its obligations under the committed line of credit.

The committed line of credit agreement contains customary covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt" to "consolidated total capitalization" of Avista Corp. to be greater than 65 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2017, the Company was in compliance with this covenant.

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings (excluding letters of credit) under the Company's revolving committed lines of credit were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2017		2016
Balance outstanding at end of period	\$ 105,000	\$	120,000
Letters of credit outstanding at end of period	\$ 34,420	\$	34,353
Average interest rate at end of period	2.26%	,	1.50%

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the borrowings outstanding under Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit were classified as short-term borrowings on the Balance Sheet.

NOTE 11. BONDS

The following details long-term debt outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Maturity Year	Description	Interest Rate	2017	2016
2018	First Mortgage Bonds	5.95%	250,000	250,000
2018	Secured Medium-Term Notes	7.39%-7.45%	22,500	22,500
2019	First Mortgage Bonds	5.45%	90,000	90,000
2020	First Mortgage Bonds	3.89%	52,000	52,000
2022	First Mortgage Bonds	5.13%	250,000	250,000
2023	Secured Medium-Term Notes	7.18%-7.54%	13,500	13,500
2028	Secured Medium-Term Notes	6.37%	25,000	25,000
2032	Secured Pollution Control Bonds (1)	(1)	66,700	66,700
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2034	Secured Pollution Control Bonds (1)	(1)	17,0	00	17,000
2035	First Mortgage Bonds	6.25	5%	150,0	00	150,000
2037	First Mortgage Bonds	5.70)%	150,0	00	150,000
2040	First Mortgage Bonds	5.55	5%	35,0	00	35,000
2041	First Mortgage Bonds	4.45	5%	85,0	00	85,000
2044	First Mortgage Bonds	4.11	.%	60,0	00	60,000
2045	First Mortgage Bonds	4.37	' %	100,0	00	100,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds	4.23	3%	80,00	00	80,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds (2)	3.91	%	90,00	00	_
2051	First Mortgage Bonds	3.54	-%	175,0	00	175,000
	Total secured bonds			1,711,7	00	1,621,700
	Secured Pollution Control Bonds held	d by Avista				
	Corporation (2)			(83,70	(00)	(83,700)
	Total long-term debt and capital	leases	\$	1,628,0	00 \$	1,538,000

- In December 2010, \$66.7 million and \$17.0 million of the City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) due in 2032 and 2034, respectively, which had been held by Avista Corp. since 2008 and 2009, respectively, were refunded by new variable rate bond issues (Series 2010A and Series 2010B). The new bonds were not offered to the public and were purchased by Avista Corp. due to market conditions. The Company expects that at a later date, subject to market conditions, these bonds may be remarketed to unaffiliated investors. So long as Avista Corp. is the holder of these bonds, the bonds will not be reflected as an asset or a liability on Avista Corp.'s Balance Sheets.
- (2) In December 2017, Avista Corp. issued and sold \$90.0 million of 3.91 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2047 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay a portion of the borrowings outstanding under Avista Corp.'s \$400.0 million committed line of credit. In connection with the execution of the bond purchase agreement, Avista Corp. cash-settled five interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$60.0 million) and paid a total of \$8.8 million.

The following table details future long-term debt maturities including advances from associated companies (see Note 12) (dollars in thousands):

	 2018	2019	2020	 2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Debt maturities	\$ 272,500	\$ 90,000	\$ 52,000	\$ _	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,015,047	\$ 1,679,547

Substantially all of Avista Corp.'s owned properties are subject to the lien of its respective mortgage indentures. Under the Mortgage and Deed of Trust (Mortgage) securing its first mortgage bonds (including secured medium-term notes), Avista Corp. may issue additional first mortgage bonds under its specific mortgage in an aggregate principal amount equal to the sum of:

- 66-2/3 percent of the cost or fair value (whichever is lower) of property additions which have not previously been made the basis of any application under the Mortgage, or
- an equal principal amount of retired first mortgage bonds which have not previously been made the basis of any application under the Mortgage, or
- deposit of cash.

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However, Avista Corp. may not issue any additional first mortgage bonds (with certain exceptions in the case of bonds issued on the basis of retired bonds) unless Avista Corp. has "net earnings" (as defined in the Mortgage) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months out of the preceding 18 calendar months that were at least twice the annual interest requirements on all mortgage securities at the time outstanding, including the first mortgage bonds to be issued, and on all indebtedness of prior rank. As of December 31, 2017, property additions and retired bonds would have allowed, and the net earnings test would not have prohibited, the issuance of \$1.3 billion in aggregate principal amount of additional first mortgage bonds at Avista Corp.

NOTE 12. ADVANCES FROM ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

In 1997, the Company issued Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures, Series B, with a principal amount of \$51.5 million to Avista Capital II, an affiliated business trust formed by the Company. Avista Capital II issued \$50.0 million of Preferred Trust Securities with a floating distribution rate of LIBOR plus 0.875 percent, calculated and reset quarterly.

The distribution rates paid were as follows during the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016	2015
Low distribution rate	1.81%	1.29%	1.11%
High distribution rate	2.36%	1.81%	1.29%
Distribution rate at the end of the year	2.36%	1.81%	1.29%

Concurrent with the issuance of the Preferred Trust Securities, Avista Capital II issued \$1.5 million of Common Trust Securities to the Company. These debt securities may be redeemed at the option of Avista Capital II at any time and mature on June 1, 2037. In December 2000, the Company purchased \$10.0 million of these Preferred Trust Securities.

The Company owns 100 percent of Avista Capital II and has solely and unconditionally guaranteed the payment of distributions on, and redemption price and liquidation amount for, the Preferred Trust Securities to the extent that Avista Capital II has funds available for such payments from the respective debt securities. Upon maturity or prior redemption of such debt securities, the Preferred Trust Securities will be mandatorily redeemed.

NOTE 13. FAIR VALUE

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, special deposits, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and notes payable are reasonable estimates of their fair values. Bonds and advances from associated companies are reported at carrying value on the Balance Sheets.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to fair values derived from unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, but which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 includes those financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value, volatility factors, and current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these assumptions are observable in the marketplace

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throughout the full term of the instrument, can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in the marketplace.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally unobservable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The determination of the fair values incorporates various factors that not only include the credit standing of the counterparties involved and the impact of credit enhancements (such as cash deposits and letters of credit), but also the impact of Avista Corp.'s nonperformance risk on its liabilities.

The following table sets forth the carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments not reported at estimated fair value on the Balance Sheets as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 20)17		20	016	
	Carrying Value		Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Value		Estimated Fair Value
Long-term debt (Level 2)	\$ 951,000	\$	1,067,783	\$ 951,000	\$	1,048,661
Long-term debt (Level 3)	677,000		713,147	587,000		583,073
Advances from associated companies (Level 3)	51,547		41,882	51,547		38,660

These estimates of fair value of long-term debt and long-term debt to affiliated trusts were primarily based on available market information, which generally consists of estimated market prices from third party brokers for debt with similar risk and terms. The price ranges obtained from the third party brokers consisted of par values of 81.25 to 130.03, where a par value of 100.00 represents the carrying value recorded on the Balance Sheets. Level 2 long-term debt represents publicly issued bonds with quoted market prices; however, due to their limited trading activity, they are classified as Level 2 because brokers must generate quotes and make estimates using comparable debt with similar risk and terms if there is no trading activity near a period end. Level 3 long-term debt consists of private placement bonds and debt to affiliated trusts, which typically have no secondary trading activity. Fair values in Level 3 are estimated based on market prices from third party brokers using secondary market quotes for debt with similar risk and terms to generate quotes for Avista Corp. bonds.

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The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities measured and reported on the Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2017 at fair value on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

					ounterparty and Cash	
	I	evel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Collateral Netting (1)	Total
December 31, 2017						
Assets:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$	_	\$ 43,814	\$ _	\$ (42,550) \$	1,264
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreements		_	_	183	(183)	_
Foreign currency exchange derivatives		_	32	_	(1)	31
Interest rate swap derivatives		_	7,477	_	(2,574)	4,903
Deferred compensation assets:						
Mutual Funds:						
Fixed income securities		1,638	_	_	_	1,638
Equity securities		6,631	_	 _		6,631
Total	\$	8,269	\$ 51,323	\$ 183	\$ (45,308) \$	14,467
Liabilities:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$	_	\$ 71,342	\$ _	\$ (69,988) \$	1,354
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreement		_	_	3,347	(183)	3,164
Power exchange agreement		_	_	13,245	_	13,245
Power option agreement		_	_	19	_	19
Foreign currency exchange derivatives		_	1	_	(1)	_
Interest rate swap derivatives			73,513		(37,544)	35,969
Total	\$		\$ 144,856	\$ 16,611	\$ (107,716) \$	53,751

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities measured and reported on the Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2016 at fair value on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

	Le	evel 1	Level 2	Lev		Counterparty and Cash Collateral Netting (1)	Total
December 31, 2016							
Assets:							
Energy commodity derivatives	\$	— \$	47,994	\$	— \$	(46,099) \$	1,895
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:							
Natural gas exchange agreement		_	_		69	(69)	_
FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-07)		122.3	36				

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Power exchange agreement		_		_		25		(2	5)	_
Foreign currency exchange derivatives				5		_		,	(5)	_
Interest rate swap derivatives		_		13,098		_		(4,34		8,750
Deferred compensation assets:				13,070				(1,5)	0)	0,730
Mutual Funds:										
Fixed income securities		1,789		_		_		_	_	1,789
Equity securities		5,481		_		_		_	_	5,481
Total	\$	7,270	\$	61,097	\$	94	\$	(50,54	6) \$	17,915
Liabilities:										
Energy commodity derivatives	\$	_	\$	56,871	\$	_	\$	(55,95	7) \$	914
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:										
Natural gas exchange agreement		_		_		5,954		(6	i9)	5,885
Power exchange agreement		_		_		13,474		(2	5)	13,449
Power option agreement		_		_		76		-	_	76
Foreign currency exchange derivatives		_		28		_		((5)	23
Interest rate swap derivatives		_		73,978		_		(39,24	8)	34,730
Total	\$	_	\$	130,877	\$	19,504	\$	(95,30	(4)	55,077

(1) The Company is permitted to net derivative assets and derivative liabilities with the same counterparty when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists. In addition, the Company nets derivative assets and derivative liabilities against any payables and receivables for cash collateral held or placed with these same counterparties.

The difference between the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed in respective levels in the table above and the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed on the Balance Sheets is due to netting arrangements with certain counterparties. See Note 4 for additional discussion of derivative netting.

To establish fair value for energy commodity derivatives, the Company uses quoted market prices and forward price curves to estimate the fair value of energy commodity derivative instruments included in Level 2. In particular, electric derivative valuations are performed using market quotes, adjusted for periods in between quotable periods. Natural gas derivative valuations are estimated using New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) pricing for similar instruments, adjusted for basin differences, using market quotes. Where observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the contract, the derivative asset or liability is included in Level 2.

To establish fair values for interest rate swap derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for interest rates for the term of the swaps and discounts the cash flows back to present value using an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate is calculated by third party brokers according to the terms of the swap derivatives and evaluated by the Company for reasonableness, with consideration given to the potential non-performance risk by the Company. Future cash flows of the interest rate swap derivatives are equal to the fixed interest rate in the swap compared to the floating market interest rate multiplied by the notional amount for each period.

To establish fair value for foreign currency derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for Canadian dollars against the US

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dollar and multiplies the difference between the locked-in price and the market price by the notional amount of the derivative. Forward foreign currency market curves are provided by third party brokers. The Company's credit spread is factored into the locked-in price of the foreign exchange contracts.

Deferred compensation assets and liabilities represent funds held by the Company in a Rabbi Trust for an executive deferral plan. These funds consist of actively traded equity and bond funds with quoted prices in active markets. The balance disclosed in the table above excludes cash and cash equivalents of \$0.2 million as of December 31, 2017 and \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2016.

Level 3 Fair Value

Under the power exchange agreement the Company purchases power at a price that is based on the average operating and maintenance (O&M) charges from three surrogate nuclear power plants around the country. To estimate the fair value of this agreement the Company estimates the difference between the purchase price based on the future O&M charges and forward prices for energy. The Company compares the Level 2 brokered quotes and forward price curves described above to an internally developed forward price which is based on the average O&M charges from the three surrogate nuclear power plants for the current year. Because the nuclear power plant O&M charges are only known for one year, all forward years are estimated assuming an annual escalation. In addition to the forward price being estimated using unobservable inputs, the Company also estimates the volumes of the transactions that will take place in the future based on historical average transaction volumes per delivery year (November to April). Significant increases or decreases in any of these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement. Generally, a change in the current year O&M charges for the surrogate plants is accompanied by a directionally similar change in O&M charges in future years. There is generally not a correlation between external market prices and the O&M charges used to develop the internal forward price.

For the power commodity option agreement, which expires in June 2019, the Company uses the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model to estimate the fair value, and this model includes significant inputs not observable or corroborated in the market. These inputs include: 1) the strike price (which is an internally derived price based on a combination of generation plant heat rate factors, natural gas market pricing, delivery and other O&M charges) and 2) estimated delivery volumes. Significant increases or decreases in these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement. Generally, changes in overall commodity market prices are accompanied by directionally similar changes in the strike price used in the calculation.

For the natural gas commodity exchange agreement, the Company uses the same Level 2 brokered quotes described above; however, the Company also estimates the purchase and sales volumes (within contractual limits) as well as the timing of those transactions. Changing the timing of volume estimates changes the timing of purchases and sales, impacting which brokered quote is used. Because the brokered quotes can vary significantly from period to period, the unobservable estimates of the timing and volume of transactions can have a significant impact on the calculated fair value. The Company currently estimates volumes and timing of transactions based on a most likely scenario using historical data. Historically, the timing and volume of transactions have not been highly correlated with market prices and market volatility.

The following table presents the quantitative information which was used to estimate the fair values of the Level 3 assets and liabilities above as of December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	Fair Va (Net)				
	December 201	,	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range
Power exchange agreement	\$ (1	13,245)	Surrogate facility	O&M charges	\$38.87-\$45.20/MWh (1)

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		pricing	Escalation factor Transaction volumes	5% - 2018 to 2019 256,663 - 396,984 MWhs
Power option agreement	(19)	Black-Scholes-	Strike price	\$36.64/MWh - 2018
		Merton		\$42.51/MWh - 2018
			Delivery volumes	94,221 - 190,339 MWhs
Natural gas exchange	(3,164)	Internally derived	Forward purchase prices	\$1.60 - \$2.07/mmBTU
agreement		weighted-average	Forward sales prices	\$1.56 - \$2.98/mmBTU
		cost of gas	Purchase volumes	115,000 - 310,000 mmBTUs
			Sales volumes	60,000 - 310,000 mmBTUs

⁽¹⁾ The average O&M charges for the delivery year beginning in November 2017 are \$41.95 per MWh.

The valuation methods, significant inputs and resulting fair values described above were developed by the Company's management and are reviewed on at least a quarterly basis to ensure they provide a reasonable estimate of fair value each reporting period.

The following table presents activity for energy commodity derivative assets (liabilities) measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	E	tural Gas xchange greement	Power Exchang Agreeme	ge	Power Option Agreement		Total
Year ended December 31, 2017:							
Balance as of January 1, 2017	\$	(5,885)	\$ (13,	149)	\$ (76)	\$	(19,410)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):							
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities (1)		3,292	(7,	574)	57		(4,325)
Settlements		(571)	7,	378			7,307
Ending balance as of December 31, 2017 (2)	\$	(3,164)	\$ (13,	245)	\$ (19)	\$	(16,428)
Year ended December 31, 2016:							
Balance as of January 1, 2016	\$	(5,039)	\$ (21,	961)	\$ (124)) \$	(27,124)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):							
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities (1)		259	4	400	48		707
Settlements		(1,105)	8,	112	_		7,007
Ending balance as of December 31, 2016 (2)	\$	(5,885)	\$ (13,	149)	\$ (76)	\$	(19,410)

⁽¹⁾ All gains and losses are included in other regulatory assets and liabilities. There were no gains and losses included in either net income or other comprehensive income during any of the periods presented in the table above.

NOTE 14. COMMON STOCK

The payment of dividends on common stock could be limited by:

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⁽²⁾ There were no purchases, issuances or transfers from other categories of any derivatives instruments during the periods presented in the table above.

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- certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when outstanding) contained in the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (currently there are no preferred shares outstanding),
- certain covenants applicable to the Company's outstanding long-term debt and committed line of credit agreements,
- the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA (see Note 1),
- certain requirements under the OPUC approval of the AERC acquisition in 2014. The OPUC's AERC acquisition
 order requires Avista Corp. to maintain a capital structure of no less than 40 percent common equity (inclusive of
 short-term debt). This limitation may be revised upon request by the Company with approval from the OPUC, and
- the Merger Agreement with Hydro One, which states Avista Corp. cannot (A) declare, authorize, set aside for payment or pay any dividend on, or make any other distribution in respect of, any shares of its capital stock, other than (1) dividends paid by any subsidiary of the Company to the Company or to any wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, (2) quarterly cash dividends with respect to the Company common stock not to exceed the 2017 annual per share dividend rate by more than \$0.06 per year, with record dates and payment dates consistent with the Company's current dividend practice, or (3) a "stub period" dividend to holders of record of Company common stock as of immediately prior to the effective time of the merger equal to the product of (x) the number of days from the record date for payment of the last quarterly dividend paid by the Company prior to the effective time of the merger, multiplied by (y) a daily dividend rate determined by dividing the amount of the last quarterly dividend prior to the effective time of the merger by ninety-one or (B) adjust, split, combine, subdivide or reclassify any shares of its capital stock (see "Note 3" for additional information regarding the merger).

The Company declared the following dividends for the year ended December 31:

Dividends paid per common share

2017	2016			
\$ 1.43	\$	1.37		

Under the most restrictive of the dividend limitations discussed above, which are the requirements of the Merger Agreement with Hydro One, the amount available for dividends at December 31, 2017 was limited to \$97.6 million (which is based on the number of shares outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and an annual dividend of \$1.49 per share that was declared on February 2, 2018).

The Company has 10 million authorized shares of preferred stock. The Company did not have any preferred stock outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Equity Issuances

In March 2016, the Company entered into four separate sales agency agreements under which Avista Corp.'s sales agents may offer and sell up to 3.8 million new shares of Avista Corp.'s common stock, no par value, from time to time. The sales agency agreements expire on February 29, 2020. Through December 31, 2017, 2.7 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$120.0 million (\$54.7 million in 2017 and \$65.3 million in 2016), leaving 1.1 million shares remaining to be issued.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the course of its business, the Company becomes involved in various claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters, including the items described in this Note. Some of these claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters involve litigation or other contested proceedings. For all such matters, the Company intends to vigorously protect and defend its interests and

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pursue its rights. However, no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of any particular matter because litigation and other contested proceedings are inherently subject to numerous uncertainties. For matters that affect Avista Corp.'s operations, the Company intends to seek, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

California Refund Proceeding

In February 2016, APX, a market maker in the California Refund Proceedings in whose markets Avista Energy participated in the summer of 2000, asserted that Avista Energy and its other customer/participants may be responsible for a share of the disgorgement penalty APX may be found to owe to Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E), Southern California Edison, San Diego Gas & Electric, the California Attorney General (AG), the California Department of Water Resources (CERS), and the California Public Utilities Commission (together, the "California Parties"). The penalty arises as a result of the FERC's finding that APX committed violations in the California market in the summer of 2000. APX is making these assertions despite Avista Energy having been dismissed in FERC Opinion No. 536 from the on-going administrative proceeding at the FERC regarding potential wrongdoing in the California markets in the summer of 2000. APX has identified Avista Energy's share of APX's exposure to be as much as \$16.0 million even though no wrongdoing allegations are specifically attributable to Avista Energy. Avista Energy believes its settlement with the California Parties in 2014 insulates it from any such liability and that as a dismissed party it cannot be drawn back into the litigation. Avista Energy intends to vigorously dispute APX's assertions of indirect liability, but cannot at this time predict the eventual outcome.

Cabinet Gorge Total Dissolved Gas Abatement Plan

Dissolved atmospheric gas levels (referred to as "Total Dissolved Gas" or "TDG") in the Clark Fork River exceed state of Idaho and federal water quality numeric standards downstream of Cabinet Gorge particularly during periods when excess river flows must be diverted over the spillway. Under the terms of the Clark Fork Settlement Agreement (CFSA) as incorporated in Avista Corp.'s FERC license for the Clark Fork Project, Avista Corp. has worked in consultation with agencies, tribes and other stakeholders to address this issue. Under the terms of a gas supersaturation mitigation plan, Avista Corp. is reducing TDG by constructing spill crest modifications on spill gates at the dam. These modifications have been shown to be effective in reducing TDG downstream. TDG monitoring and analysis is ongoing. Under the terms of the mitigation plan, Avista Corp. will continue to work with stakeholders to determine the degree to which TDG abatement reduces future mitigation obligations. The Company has sought, and will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

Fish Passage at Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids

In 1999, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) listed bull trout as threatened under the Endangered Species Act. In 2010, the USFWS issued a revised designation of critical habitat for bull trout, which includes the lower Clark Fork River. The USFWS issued a final recovery plan in October 2015.

The CFSA describes programs intended to help restore bull trout populations in the project area. Using the concept of adaptive management and working closely with the USFWS, the Company evaluated the feasibility of fish passage at Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids. The results of these studies led, in part, to the decision to move forward with development of permanent facilities, among other bull trout enhancement efforts. In 2017, parties to the CFSA reached an agreement regarding Avista Corp.'s obligations regarding fish passage and related issues. Avista Corp. filed this agreement, which amends the original Clark Fork Settlement Agreement, with the FERC. Avista Corp. has also initiated a license amendment and permitting efforts in support of construction of the permanent fishway at Cabinet Gorge. Construction is expected to begin in late 2018. The Company has sought, and will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to fish passage at Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

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The Company's collective bargaining agreements with the IBEW represent approximately 45 percent of all of Avista Corp.'s employees. A three-year agreement with the local union in Washington and Idaho representing the majority (approximately 90 percent) of the Avista Corp.'s bargaining unit employees was approved in March 2016 and expires in March 2019.

A three-year agreement in Oregon, which covers approximately 50 employees will expire in March 2020.

There is a risk that if collective bargaining agreements expire and new agreements are not reached in each of our jurisdictions, employees could strike. Given the magnitude of employees that are covered by collective bargaining agreements, this could result in disruptions to our operations. However, the Company believes that the possibility of this occurring is remote.

Legal Proceedings Related to the Pending Acquisition by Hydro One

See Note 3 for information regarding the proposed acquisition of the Company by Hydro One.

In connection with the proposed acquisition, as of the date of this annual report, the three lawsuits that had been filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington have been voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs. Those cases were captioned as follows:

- Jenβ v. Avista Corporation., et al., No. 2:17-cv-00333 (E.D. Wash.) (filed September 25, 2017);
- Samuel v. Avista Corporation, et al., No. 2:17-cv-00334 (E.D. Wash.) (filed September 26, 2017); and
- Sharpenter v. Avista Corporation., et al., No. 2:17-cv-00336 (E.D. Wash.) (filed September 26, 2017)

There remains one lawsuit that has been filed in the Superior Court for the State of Washington in and for Spokane County, captioned as follows:

• *Fink v. Morris, et al.*, No. 17203616-6 (filed September 15, 2017, amended complaint filed October 25, 2017). This lawsuit was filed against Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp., Olympus Corp. and Bank of America Merrill Lynch,, as well as all members of the Company's Board of Directors, namely Erik Anderson, Kristianne Blake, Donald Burke, Rebecca Klein, Scott Maw, Scott Morris, Marc Racicot, Heidi Stanley, John Taylor and Janet Widmann.

The complaint generally alleges that the members of the Board breached their fiduciary duties by, among other things, conducting an allegedly inadequate sale process and agreeing to the acquisition at a price that allegedly undervalues Avista Corporation, and that Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. aided and abetted those purported breaches of duty. The aiding and abetting claims were brought only against Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp. and Olympus Corp. The complaints seek various remedies, including monetary damages, including attorneys' fees and expenses. The complaint has been stayed by the court until the closing of the transaction at which time the plaintiff will have the option to file an amended complaint within 30 days of such closing. If the amended complaint is not filed within the 30 days the suit will be dismissed.

All defendants deny any wrongdoing in connection with the proposed acquisition and plan to vigorously defend against all pending claims; however, the Company cannot at this time predict the eventual outcome.

Other Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company has various other legal claims and contingent matters outstanding. The Company believes that any ultimate liability arising from these actions will not have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. It is possible that a change could occur in the Company's estimates of the probability or amount of a liability being incurred. Such a change, should it occur, could be significant.

The Company routinely assesses, based on studies, expert analyses and legal reviews, its contingencies, obligations and commitments for remediation of contaminated sites, including assessments of ranges and probabilities of recoveries from other responsible parties

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who either have or have not agreed to a settlement as well as recoveries from insurance carriers. The Company's policy is to accrue and charge to current expense identified exposures related to environmental remediation sites based on estimates of investigation, cleanup and monitoring costs to be incurred. For matters that affect Avista Corp.'s operations, the Company seeks, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

The Company has potential liabilities under the Endangered Species Act for species of fish, plants and wildlife that have either already been added to the endangered species list, listed as "threatened" or petitioned for listing. Thus far, measures adopted and implemented have had minimal impact on the Company. However, the Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to these issues.

Under the federal licenses for its hydroelectric projects, the Company is obligated to protect its property rights, including water rights. In addition, the company holds additional non-hydro water rights. The state of Montana is examining the status of all water right claims within state boundaries through a general adjudication. Claims within the Clark Fork River basin could adversely affect the energy production of the Company's Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids hydroelectric facilities. The state of Idaho has initiated adjudication in northern Idaho, which will ultimately include the lower Clark Fork River, the Spokane River and the Coeur d'Alene basin. The Company is and will continue to be a participant in these and any other relevant adjudication processes. The complexity of such adjudications makes each unlikely to be concluded in the foreseeable future. As such, it is not possible for the Company to estimate the impact of any outcome at this time. The Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

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NOTE 16. REGULATORY MATTERS

Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Deferred power supply costs are recorded as a deferred charge or liability on the Balance Sheets for future prudence review and recovery or rebate through retail rates. The power supply costs deferred include certain differences between actual net power supply costs incurred by Avista Corp. and the costs included in base retail rates. This difference in net power supply costs primarily results from changes in:

- short-term wholesale market prices and sales and purchase volumes,
- the level, availability and optimization of hydroelectric generation,
- the level and availability of thermal generation (including changes in fuel prices),
- retail loads, and
- sales of surplus transmission capacity.

In Washington, the ERM allows Avista Corp. to periodically increase or decrease electric rates with WUTC approval to reflect changes in power supply costs. The ERM is an accounting method used to track certain differences between actual power supply costs, net of wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base retail rates for Washington customers and defer these differences (over the \$4.0 million deadband and sharing bands) for future surcharge or rebate to customers. For 2017, the Company recognized a pre-tax benefit of \$4.6 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of \$5.1 million for 2016. Total net deferred power costs under the ERM were a liability of \$23.7 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability of \$21.3 million as of December 31, 2016. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

Avista Corp. has a PCA mechanism in Idaho that allows it to modify electric rates on October 1 of each year with IPUC approval. Under the PCA mechanism, Avista Corp. defers 90 percent of the difference between certain actual net power supply expenses and the amount included in base retail rates for its Idaho customers for future surcharge or rebate to customers. The October 1 rate adjustments recover or rebate power costs deferred during the preceding July-June twelve-month period. Total net power supply costs deferred under the PCA mechanism were a liability of \$6.1 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability of \$2.2 million as of December 31, 2016. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

Natural Gas Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Avista Corp. files a PGA in all three states it serves to adjust natural gas rates for: 1) estimated commodity and pipeline transportation costs to serve natural gas customers for the coming year, and 2) the difference between actual and estimated commodity and transportation costs for the prior year. Total net deferred natural gas costs to be refunded to customers were a liability of \$37.5 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability of \$30.8 million as of December 31, 2016. These balances represent amounts due to customers.

Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

Decoupling (also known as an FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage. In each of Avista Corp.'s jurisdictions, Avista Corp.'s electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to customers beginning in the following year. Only residential and certain commercial customer classes are included in decoupling mechanisms.

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Washington Decoupling and Earnings Sharing

In Washington, the WUTC approved the Company's decoupling mechanisms for electric and natural gas for a five-year period beginning January 1, 2015. Electric and natural gas decoupling surcharge rate adjustments to customers are limited to a 3 percent increase on an annual basis, with any remaining surcharge balance carried forward for recovery in a future period. There is no limit on the level of rebate rate adjustments.

The decoupling mechanisms each include an after-the-fact earnings test. At the end of each calendar year, separate electric and natural gas earnings calculations are made for the calendar year just ended. These earnings tests reflect actual decoupled revenues, normalized power supply costs and other normalizing adjustments. If the Company earns more than its authorized ROR in Washington, 50 percent of excess earnings are rebated to customers through adjustments to decoupling surcharge or rebate balances. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Idaho FCA and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

In Idaho, the IPUC approved the implementation of FCAs for electric and natural gas (similar in operation and effect to the Washington decoupling mechanisms) for an initial term of three years, beginning January 1, 2016.

For the period 2013 through 2015, the Company had an after-the-fact earnings test, such that if Avista Corp., on a consolidated basis for electric and natural gas operations in Idaho, earned more than a 9.8 percent ROE, the Company was required to share with customers 50 percent of any earnings above the 9.8 percent. This after-the-fact earnings test was discontinued, effective January 1, 2016, as part of the settlement of the Company's 2015 Idaho electric and natural gas general rates cases. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Oregon Decoupling Mechanism

In February 2016, the OPUC approved the implementation of a decoupling mechanism for natural gas, similar to the Washington and Idaho mechanisms described above. The decoupling mechanism became effective on March 1, 2016. There will be an opportunity for interested parties to review the mechanism and recommend changes, if any, by September 2019. In Oregon, an earnings review is conducted on an annual basis. In the annual earnings review, if the Company earns more than 100 basis points above its allowed ROE, one-third of the earnings above the 100 basis points would be deferred and later returned to customers. The earnings review is separate from the decoupling mechanism and was in place prior to decoupling. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Cumulative Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanism Balances

As of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had the following cumulative balances outstanding related to decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms in its various jurisdictions (dollars in thousands):

	De	ecember 31,	December 31,	
		2017	2016	
Washington				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	14,240	\$ 30,408	
Provision for earnings sharing rebate		(3,420)	(5,113)	
Idaho				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	3,471	\$ 8,292	
Provision for earnings sharing rebate		(2,350)	(5,184)	
Oregon				

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Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/11/201	′	2017/Q4		
	Notes to Financial Statements					
Decoupling surcharge/(rebate)		\$	(1,168	2,021		
Provision for earnings sharing rebate			_	_		

Interest Rate Swaps included in the 2017 Washington General Rate Cases

On October 27, 2017, WUTC Staff and other parties to Avista Corp.'s electric and natural gas general rate cases filed their testimony. These parties recommended lower revenue requirements than what was proposed in Avista Corp.'s original filings. Additionally, the WUTC Staff recommended the exclusion of the Company's 2016 settlement costs from the cost of capital calculation. The total amount of the 2016 settlement costs was \$54.0 million, with approximately 60 percent of this total being allocable to Washington.

In addition to the settlement costs from 2016, the Company has a net regulatory asset of \$8.8 million for interest rate swaps settled during the third quarter of 2017, and a net regulatory asset of \$66.0 million for unsettled interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2017 related to forecasted debt issuances. Of those amounts, approximately 60 percent relate to Washington. If recovery of the 2016 settled interest rate swap settlement payments referenced above is disallowed by the WUTC, this could change the Company's current conclusion that settlement payments related to the 2017 settled interest rate swaps and the unsettled interest rate swaps are probable of recovery through rates. If the Company concluded that recovery of these swap related payments were no longer probable, the Company will be required to derecognize the related regulatory assets and liabilities with an adjustment through the income statement, and any subsequent gains and losses would be recognized through the income statement rather than recorded as a regulatory asset or liability.

Interest rate swaps are a tool used throughout multiple industries to manage interest rate risk. They also provide certainty for future cash flows associated with future borrowings. Since interest costs are included in the Company's costs of service to be recovered from customers, the Company has used this tool to manage these costs for the benefit of the Company's customers. The settlement of interest rate swaps results in either a benefit or a cost to the Company which, in either case, has historically been reflected in rates authorized by the WUTC in general rate cases. Accordingly, the Company still believes the interest rate swap payments are probable of recovery and will continue to work through the rate case process. Depending on the outcome of this proceeding, the Company could determine to not manage interest rate risk through swap transactions in the future.

NOTE 17. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow information consisted of the following items for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2017	2016
Cash paid for interest	\$ 88,368	\$ 79,183
Cash paid for income taxes	3,832	4,881
Cash received for income tax refunds	(46,916)	(19,505)

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report					
Avis	ta Corporation	(2) A Resubmissio	1 '	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provi	<u> </u>		on		
Line	Item			Total Company		
No.	(a)			For the Current Quarter/Year		
1	UTILITY PLANT			Quarter/Tear		
2	In Service					
3	Plant in Service (Classified)			5,636,334,277		
4	Property Under Capital Leases			5,777,969		
5	Plant Purchased or Sold			3,777,303		
6	Completed Construction not Classified					
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified					
8	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7)			5,642,112,246		
9	Leased to Others			0,012,112,210		
10	Held for Future Use			8,321,112		
11	Construction Work in Progress			151,271,170		
12	Acquisition Adjustments			101,211,110		
13	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12)			5,801,704,528		
14	Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion			1,876,263,672		
15	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14)			3,925,440,856		
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION,	AMORTIZATION AND DE	PI FTION	0,020,110,000		
17	In Service:	AWORTIZATION AND DE	I LL HOIV			
18	Depreciation			1,796,469,363		
19	Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Lan	nd Rights		1,700,100,000		
20	Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights	ia ragino				
21	Amortization of Other Utility Plant			79,794,309		
22	TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)			1,876,263,672		
23	Leased to Others			,, ,, ,,,,		
24	Depreciation					
25	Amortization and Depletion					
26	TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25)					
27	Held for Future Use					
28	Depreciation					
29	Amortization					
30	TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29)					
31	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)					
32	Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment					
33	TOTAL Accum. Provisions (Should agree with line 14 above)(Total	of lines 22, 26, 30, 31, and	1 32)	1,876,263,672		

	e of Respondent ta Corporation		This Report Is: (1) XAn Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
			(2) A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Summary of Utility Plant	and Accumulated Provisions fo	r Depreciation, Amortizatio	n and Depletion (con	itinuea)
Line	Electric	Gas	Other (specify)		Common
No.	(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)
1					
2					
3	3,968,980,807	1,125,489,566	3		541,863,904
4	223,615	254,354	1		5,300,000
5					
6					
7	3,969,204,422	1,125,743,920	<u> </u>		547,163,904
9	3,303,204,422	1,120,740,020			347,100,304
10	8,130,526	190,586	3		
11	103,841,950	9,974,325	5		37,454,895
12					
13	4,081,176,898	1,135,908,831			584,618,799
14	1,376,068,208	357,528,033			142,667,431
15	2,705,108,690	778,380,798	3		441,951,368
16 17					
18	1,355,247,552	356,537,862)		84,683,949
19	.,,				
20					
21	20,820,656	990,171			57,983,482
22	1,376,068,208	357,528,033	3		142,667,431
23					
24 25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32 33	1,376,068,208	357,528,033	2		142,667,431
33	1,070,000,200	007,020,000	<u>' </u>		142,007,431

	ne of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of		Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(1)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da 04/11	,	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01, 102, 103, and 106)			· ———
2. I 103,	Report below the original cost of gas plant in service according to In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classified), this part Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified, and Account 106, Complete Include in column (c) and (d), as appropriate corrections of addition	page and the ed Construc	e next include Account 1 tion Not Classified-Gas.			ed or Sold, Account
	Enclose in parenthesis credit adjustments of plant accounts to ind	icate the ne	gative effect of such acc	ounts.		
	Classify Account 106 according to prescribed accounts, on an					
	nated basis if necessary, and include the entries in column (c).Also					
	year reported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has a sigunts at the end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distrib					
	account for accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in co					
	ch supplemental statement showing the account distributions of the	. ,			-	
	Account		Balance at	` ,	,	Additions
₋ine No.			Beginning of Yea	r		
	(a)		(b)			(c)
1	INTANGIBLE PLANT					
2	301 Organization					
3	302 Franchises and Consents					
4	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant		;	3,471,887		25,134
5	TOTAL Intangible Plant (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		;	3,471,887		25,134
6	PRODUCTION PLANT					
7	Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant					
8	325.1 Producing Lands					
9	325.2 Producing Leaseholds					
0	325.3 Gas Rights					
1	325.4 Rights-of-Way					
2	325.5 Other Land and Land Rights					
3	326 Gas Well Structures					
4	327 Field Compressor Station Structures					
5	328 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					
6	329 Other Structures					
7	330 Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction					
8	331 Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment					
9	332 Field Lines					
20	333 Field Compressor Station Equipment					
1	334 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					
2	335 Drilling and Cleaning Equipment					
!3	336 Purification Equipment					
:4	337 Other Equipment					
!5	338 Unsuccessful Exploration and Development Costs					
6	339 Asset Retirement Costs for Natural Gas Production and					
7	TOTAL Production and Gathering Plant (Enter Total of line	es 8				
8	PRODUCTS EXTRACTION PLANT					
9	340 Land and Land Rights					
0	341 Structures and Improvements					
1	342 Extraction and Refining Equipment					
	343 Pipe Lines					
2	344 Extracted Products Storage Equipment					

Name	e of Respondent			Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
				X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	G	as Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01, 10	2, 103, and 106) (conti	nued)	
Accoude 6. Since classification amount to pring 7. For subact 8. For subact 1. Subact	ing the reversals of the prior years te int 101 and 106 will avoid serious or how in column (f) reclassifications or fications arising from distribution of a ints with respect to accumulated provenary account classifications. For Account 399, state the nature and count classification of such plant control or each amount comprising the reportate of transaction. If proposed journal	nissions of respondent's reported a transfers within utility plant account amounts initially recorded in Accounts ision for depreciation, acquisition use of plant included in this account forming to the requirements of the red balance and changes in Accounts	amountuints. In unt 102 adjustrunt and ese pagount 102	t for plant actually in ser noclude also in column (f) 2. In showing the clearal ments, etc., and show in d if substantial in amoun ges. 2, state the property pur	vice at end of year. the additions or reduction of Account 102, inconcolumn (f) only the offset submit a supplementation of sold, name of the additional of the submit as	ons of primary account lude in column (e) the set to the debits or credits ry statement showing
filing.						
Line No.	Retirements (d)	Adjustments (e)		Transfers (f)		Balance at End of Year (g)
1		,				
2			_			
3	616,466					2,880,555
5	616,466					2,880,555
6						
7						
9						
10						
11 12						
13						
14						
15 16			+			
17						
18						
19 20						
21						
22						
23 24						
25						
26						
27 28						
29						
30						
31			+			
33						

Nam	e of Respondent		nis Report Is:	Date of	Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1	, <u> </u>	(Mo, Da 04/11	,	End of 2017/Q4
		(2	<u> </u>		72010	
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01,		nued)		
Line	Account		Balance at			Additions
No.	4.3		Beginning of Yea	ar		()
34	(a) 345 Compressor Equipment		(b)			(c)
35	346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment					
36	347 Other Equipment					
37	348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant					
38	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant (Enter Total of lines 29 thru 37	'\				
39	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant (Enter Total of lines 29 tillu 37	_				
├	Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Submit Supplementary	J		7,628		
40	TOTAL Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40)			7,628		
42	NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT			7,020		
43	Underground Storage Plant					
44	350.1 Land			1,213,752		92,849
45	350.2 Rights-of-Way			59,812		92,049
	350.2 Rights-oi-way 351 Structures and Improvements			2,101,351		306,632
46 47	352 Wells			3,930,342		306,632
	352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights		<u>'</u>	254,354		300,032
48	352.2 Reservoirs			1,667,492		
49	352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas					
50				5,810,311 1,106,781		
51 52	353 Lines 354 Compressor Station Equipment			5,071,598		306,632
			<u>'</u>			
53	355 Other Equipment 356 Purification Equipment			878,291		306,632
54	<u>` `</u>			403,712		206 622
55 56	357 Other Equipment 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant			2,178,970		306,632
57	TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru		1	4,676,766		1,626,009
58	Other Storage Plant	ı	4	4,070,700		1,020,009
59	360 Land and Land Rights					
60	361 Structures and Improvements					
61	362 Gas Holders					
62	363 Purification Equipment					
63	363.1 Liquefaction Equipment					
64	363.2 Vaporizing Equipment					
65	363.3 Compressor Equipment					
66	363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment					
67	363.5 Other Equipment					
68	363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant					
69	TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68)					
70	Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant					
71	364.1 Land and Land Rights					
72	364.2 Structures and Improvements					
73	364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment					
74	364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment					
75	364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment					
76	364.6 Compressor Station Equipment					
77	364.7 Communications Equipment					
78	364.8 Other Equipment					
79	364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas					
80	TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Nat'l Gas, Terminaling and Processir					
00	101712 Baco Edad Elquollod Hatt Gao, Follimaling and Floodoon	.9				
l						

	Respondent		Th	nis R	leport Is: X An Original	Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Year/Period of Report
Avista Co	orporation		(1) ['\ [An Original A Resubmission	04/11	/2018	End of 2017/Q4
	G	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1						<u> </u>
			101,	, 102		ilueu)		
Line	Retirements	Adjustments			Transfers			Balance at End of Year
No.	(d)	(e)			(f)			(g)
34	(3)	(0)			(.)			(9)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								7,628
41								7,628
42								
43								
44								1,306,601
45								59,812
46								2,407,983
47	70,046							14,166,928
48								254,354
49								1,667,492
50								5,810,311
51								1,106,781
52								15,378,230
53								1,184,923
54								403,712
55 56								2,485,602
57	70,046							46,232,729
58	70,040							40,232,729
59								
60								
61								
62								
63								
64								
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66								
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78 79								
80								
00				<u> </u>				

Nam	Name of Respondent			oort Is:	Date of (Mo, Da		Year/Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11	,	End of 2017/Q4	
	Con Plant in Coming (Appoint	` '	100.4					
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts	101, 1	102, 1	103, and 106) (conti	nuea)			
Line	Account			Balance at			Additions	
No.				Beginning of Yea	ar			
	(a)			(b)		(c)		
81	TOTAL Nat'l Gas Storage and Processing Plant (Total of lines 57,			4	4,676,766		1,626,009	
82	TRANSMISSION PLAN							
83	365.1 Land and Land Rights							
84	365.2 Rights-of-Way							
85	366 Structures and Improvements							
86	367 Mains							
87	368 Compressor Station Equipment							
88	369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment							
89	370 Communication Equipment							
90	371 Other Equipment							
91	372 Asset Retirement Costs for Transmission Plant							
92	TOTAL Transmission Plant (Enter Totals of lines 83 thru 91)							
93	DISTRIBUTION PLANT							
94	374 Land and Land Rights				886,774		33,328	
95					1,310,799		57,540	
	'							
96	376 Mains			50	4,017,728		44,689,983	
97	377 Compressor Station Equipment							
98	378 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-General				1,116,597		1,278,419	
99	379 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-City Gate				8,906,586		193,481	
100	380 Services			30	5,467,723		27,974,481	
101	381 Meters			11	7,484,380		8,537,088	
102	382 Meter Installations							
103	383 House Regulators							
104	384 House Regulator Installations							
105	385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment				4,911,365		86,112	
106	386 Other Property on Customers' Premises						<u> </u>	
107	387 Other Equipment				539			
108	388 Asset Retirement Costs for Distribution Plant	- 						
109	TOTAL Distribution Plant (Enter Total of lines 94 thru 108)			95	4,102,491		82,850,432	
110	GENERAL PLANT				1,102,101		02,000,102	
111	389 Land and Land Rights				1,449,716		1,917,593	
					5,837,839		1,323,017	
112	•							
113					621,582		162,135	
114	392 Transportation Equipment			1	6,356,516		847,190	
115	393 Stores Equipment				145,386		153	
116	394 Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment				6,899,179		878,926	
117	395 Laboratory Equipment				342,466			
118	396 Power Operated Equipment				4,080,550		6,570	
119	397 Communication Equipment				3,405,773		155,824	
120	398 Miscellaneous Equipment				2,367			
121	Subtotal (Enter Total of lines 111 thru 120)			3	9,141,374		5,291,408	
122	399 Other Tangible Property							
123	399.1 Asset Retirement Costs for General Plant							
124	TOTAL General Plant (Enter Total of lines 121, 122 and 123)			3	9,141,374		5,291,408	
125	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)				1,400,146		89,792,983	
126	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instruction 8)			.,	.,,			
127	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instruction 8)	+						
├								
	·			1.04	1 400 146		00.702.002	
128 129	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified TOTAL Gas Plant In Service (Enter Total of lines 125 thru 128)			1,04	1,400,146		89,792,98	

	e of Respondent		This	s Report Is:	Date of Ro (Mo, Da, Y	eport	Year/Period of Report
Avist	a Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2	2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	G	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1					
	Retirements	Adjustments	1	Transfers			Balance at
Line No.	Remembers	Adjustinonis		Transiero			End of Year
	(d)	(e)		(f)			(g)
81	70,046						46,232,729
82							
83							
84 85			_				
86							
87							
88							
89							
90							
91							
92							
93 94							920,102
95	13,775						1,354,564
96	1,018,837						547,688,874
97							
98	213,982						12,181,034
99	17,363				4,569		9,087,273
100	442,561						332,999,643
101	2,576,930						123,444,538
102 103							
103							
105							4,997,477
106							
107							539
108							
109 110	4,283,448				4,569		1,032,674,044
111							3,367,309
112							7,160,856
113	47,318						736,399
114	370,712				156,169		16,989,163
115	8,750						136,789
116	104,436						7,673,669
117	1,520						340,946
118 119	90,679				4,569)		3,996,441 3,545,025
120	12,000			(4,000)		2,367
121	635,418				151,600		43,948,964
122							
123							
124	635,418				151,600		43,948,964
125	5,605,378				156,169		1,125,743,920
126 127							
128							
129	5,605,378				156,169		1,125,743,920

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report						
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·						
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4						
	FOOTNOTE DATA								

Schedule Page: 204
Land & Land Rights Line No.: 40 Column: b

	e of Respondent	This I	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Plant Held for Fu	ıture U	Jse (Account 105)		
item 2. colu	Report separately each property held for future use at end of the soft property held for future use. For property having an original cost of \$1,000,000 or more previmn (a), in addition to other required information, the date that utiwas transferred to Account 105.	ously	used in utility opera	tions, now held for futu	re use, give in
	Description and Leasting		Data Originally, Included	Data Funcated to be Used	Dolomoo ok
Line	Description and Location of Property		Date Originally Included in this Account	Date Expected to be Used in Utility Service	Balance at End of Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
	(0)		(8)	(9)	(4)
1	Gas Distribution Mains and Services	(03/01/2007		190,586
2	located in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho				
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
10					
11					
12					
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14					
15					
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17					
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19 20					
21					
22					
23					
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25					
26					
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28					
29					
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32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40					
41					
43					
44					
45	Total				190,586

Nam	e of Respondent		This F	Report	ls:	Date of (Mo, Date	f Report	Year/Period of Report			
Avis	ta Corporation		(1) (2)		Original Resubmission		04/11/2018 End of <u>2017/Q4</u>				
	Construction Wo	rk in P									
2. and	Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Minor projects (less than \$1,000,000) may be grouped.	projec onstrat	ts in pr	oces	s of constructi	on (Accou		elopment,			
Line No.	Description of Project (a)		Co	Prog	uction Work in gress-Gas count 107) (b)			ed Additional of Project			
1	Dollar Rd Service Center Addition and Remodel				5,069,736			(-)			
2	Gas Replace-St&Hwy				1,991,960			14,800,000			
3	Minor Projects under \$1,000,000				2,912,629			72,700,000			
4											
5											
6	Notes:										
7	Estimated additional cost amounts represent a five year										
9	budget total.										
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
15											
16											
17											
18											
19 20											
21											
22											
23											
24											
25											
26											
27											
28											
29											
30 31											
32											
33											
34											
35											
36											
37											
38											
39 40											
41											
42											
43											
44											
45	Total				9,974,325			87,500,000			

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report						
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·						
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4						
General Description of Construction Overhead Procedure									

- 1. For each construction overhead explain: (a) the nature and extent of work, etc., the overhead charges are intended to cover, (b) the general procedure for determining the amount capitalized, (c) the method of distribution to construction jobs, (d) whether different rates are applied to different types of construction, (e) basis of differentiation in rates for different types of construction, and (f) whether the overhead is directly or indirectly assigned.
- 2. Show below the computation of allowance for funds used during construction rates, in accordance with the provisions of Gas Plant Instructions 3 (17) of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 3. Where a net-of-tax rate for borrowed funds is used, show the appropriate tax effect adjustment to the computations below in a manner that clearly indicates the amount of reduction in the gross rate for tax effects.

Construction costs with a direct relationship to new construction and capital replacement activities that cannot be clearly identified with specific projects are charged to overhead pools. The established pools are:

- Construction Overhead North Gas
- Construction Overhead South Gas

Pool costs are allocated monthly to gas construction projects on a percent rate applied to direct project costs, excluding AFUDC. Each pool's rate is calculated separately and applied only to the related gas construction projects for allocation.

Allowance for funds used during construction is calculated system wide using a rate that is equivalent to the allowed rate of return approved in the latest rate order from the company's primary state commission (Washington State).

For 2017, Avista used a rate of 7.29%, which is the allowed Rate of Return contained in the Washington Utilities Transportation Commission Dockets UE-150204 and UG-150205 rate order issued January 6, 2016.

	ne of Respondent	This	Rep	ort Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			on	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	General Description of Constructi						
	General Description of Constituen	J., JV	J111	Jaa i Tootuuli	, (COII	acu,	
1. Fo 2. Id	PUTATION OF ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION RATE or line (5), column (d) below, enter the rate granted in the last rate proceeding. If not a lentify, in a footnote, the specific entity used as the source for the capital structure figured dicate, in a footnote, if the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result.	ıvailable, res.					
1 0	omponents of Formula (Derived from actual book balances and actual	cost ra	toc)				
1. C	Title	COSCIA		nount		Capitalization	Cost Rate
Line			All	nount		Capitalization Ration (percent)	Percentage
No.	(a)			(b)		(c)	(d)
	(d)			(b)		(6)	(u)
	(1) Average Short-Term Debt S	;					
	(2) Short-Term Interest						s
	(3) Long-Term Debt)					d
	(4) Preferred Stock)					р
	(5) Common Equity	;					С
	(6) Total Capitalization						
	(7) Average Construction Work In Progress Balance	V					
2 G	ross Rate for Borrowed Funds $s(S/W) + d[(D/(D+P+C)) (1-(S/W))]$						
2. 0	1035 (Aite 101 D0110Wed 1 d11d5 3(0/W) + d[(D/(D+1 +0)) (1-(0/W))]						
3. R	ate for Other Funds $[1-(S/W)][p(P/(D+P+C)) + c(C/(D+P+C))]$						
4. W	eighted Average Rate Actually Used for the Year:						
	a. Rate for Borrowed Funds -					2.63	
	b. Rate for Other Funds -					4.66	
	b. Nate for Other Farias						

Nam	e of Respondent		This Repo			Da	ate of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(1) X A (2) A		iginal ubmission	,	lo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Provision for De	eprecia	ation of Gas	s Util	lity Plant (Ad	coun	t 108)	
2. plan 3. such and/ cost class	Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during ye Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount ft in service, page 204-209, column (d), excluding retireme The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of A plant is removed from service. If the respondent has a si or classified to the various reserve functional classification of the plant retired. In addition, include all costs included sifications.	for boo nts of in accountignificatins, malining in retire	nondeprects require tant amount ke prelimin rement wor	iable that i of p ary o	e property. retirements plant retired closing entr progress at	of de at ye ies to year	epreciable plant b ar end which has tentatively functi end in the appro	e recorded when not been recorded onalize the book
	Show separately interest credits under a sinking fund or si At lines 7 and 14, add rows as necessary to report all data							a 7.01 7.02 etc
Line No.	Item (a)		Total (c+d+e) (b)	3 3110	Gas Plant i Service (c)		Gas Plant Held for Future Use (d)	Gas Plant Leased to Others (e)
	Section A. BALANCES AND CHANGES DURING YEAR						,	
1	Balance Beginning of Year		335,655,36	67	335,6	55,367		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to							
3	(403) Depreciation Expense		24,654,18	36	24,6	54,186		
4	(403.1) Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs							
5	(413) Expense of Gas Plant Leased to Others							
6	Transportation Expenses - Clearing		2,130,48	38	2,1	30,488		
7	Other Clearing Accounts							
8	Other Clearing (Specify) (footnote details):							
9								
10	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year (Total of lines 3 thru 8)		26,784,67	74	26,7	34,674		
11	Net Charges for Plant Retired:							
12	Book Cost of Plant Retired		(4,934,24	5)	(4,93	4,245)		
13	Cost of Removal		(2,30	7)	(2,307)		
14	Salvage (Credit)							
15	TOTAL Net Chrgs for Plant Ret. (Total of lines 12 thru 14)		(4,936,55	2)	(4,93	6,552)		
16	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe) (footnote details):		(965,62	6)	(96	5,626)		
17								
18	Book Cost of Asset Retirement Costs							
19	Balance End of Year (Total of lines 1,10,15,16 and 18)		356,537,86	63	356,5	37,863		
	Section B. BALANCES AT END OF YEAR ACCORDING TO FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS							
21	Productions-Manufactured Gas							
22	Production and Gathering-Natural Gas							
23	Products Extraction-Natural Gas							
24	Underground Gas Storage		16,327,00	03	16,3	27,003		
25	Other Storage Plant							
26	Base Load LNG Terminaling and Processing Plant							
27	Transmission							
28	Distribution		321,663,86		321,6			
29	General		18,546,99	_		16,997		
30	TOTAL (Total of lines 21 thru 29)		356,537,86	52	356,5	37,862		

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 219 Line No.: 16 Colum Schedule Page: 219 Line No. 16 Column: (c) Line No.: 16 Column: c

Includes:

Change in Removal Work in Progress (\$965,626)

	Name of Respondent Avista Corporation				This Report Is: (1) X An Or (2) A Res	iginal submission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	Year/Perio	d of Report 017/Q4
_			Gas Stared	(Accounts 447.4	+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
a 2 a 3	If during the year as measurements), ex Report in column (cs property recordable. State in a footnote trage (i.e., fixed asse	cplain in a footnote e) all encroachme e in the plant acco the basis of segre	made to the store the reason for to the during the ye unts. egation of invento	he adjustments, tear upon the volun	eported in colum he Dth and dollar nes designated a	ns (d), (f), (g), and amount of adjust s base gas, colur	d (h) (such as to other than the distribution of the distribution) and account (b), and system	nt charged or cre m balancing gas,	dited. column (c), and
tC		t method or inven	tory method).	Nongueront		Current	LNC	INC	
ne Io		(Account 117.1) (b)	(Account 117.2) (c)	Noncurrent (Account 117.3) (d)	(Account 117.4) (e)	Current (Account 164.1) (f)	LNG (Account 164.2) (g)	LNG (Account 164.3) (h)	Total (i)
	Balance at Beginning of	6,992,076	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	. ,	8,029,020	,,,	, ,	15,021,096
)	Gas Delivered to Storage					25,397,527			25,397,52
3	Gas Withdrawn from					21,687,940			21,687,940
	Other Debits and Credits					2.,007,740			
_	Balance at End of Year	6,992,076				11,738,607			18,730,683
_		1,253,060				5,230,445			6,483,50
_	Dth	5.5800				2.2443			2.889
_	Amount Per Dth	5.5000		<u> </u>	ļ	2.2443			2.0090

	e of Respondent	This Report is: Output Date of Report Year/Pe (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Pe						Year/Period of Report			
Avis	ta Corporation	(2)	Ë	_	Resubmiss	End of 2017/Q4					
	Investments (Accou	` '	ี ∠								
1 0						T					
	eport below investments in Accounts 123, Investments in Associated Companies, 124	, Other	In۱	/estme	ents, and 136	, rempo	rary Cash Investments.				
	ovide a subheading for each account and list thereunder the information called for: Investment in Securities-List and describe each security owned, giving name of issuer	date a	200	uirad	and data of r	naturity	For hands, also give princing	nal amount data of issue			
	ty, and interest rate. For capital stock (including capital stock of respondent reacquire					-					
	cluded in Account 124, Other Investments) state number of shares, class, and series of stock. Minor investments may be grouped by classes. Investments included in Account 136, emporary Cash Investments, also may be grouped by classes.										
	(b) Investment Advances-Report separately for each person or company the amounts of loans or investment advances that are properly includable in Account 123. Include advances										
	t to current repayment in Account 145 and 146. With respect to each advance, show							ount 120. Indiade davandes			
,											
	Description of Investment					Book (Cost at Beginning of Year	Purchases or			
	2000 paon of investment						ook cost is different from	Additions			
Line					*	-	respondent, give cost to	During the Year			
No.							ondent in a footnote and	J .			
							explain difference)				
	(a)				(b)		(c)	(d)			
1	Investment in Spokane Energy (123000)										
2	Investment in Avista Capital II (123010)						11,547,000				
3	Other Investment - WZN Loans Sandpoint (124350)						59,355				
4	Other Investment - Coli Cash Value (124600)						21,707,912				
5	Other Investment - Coli Borrowings (124610)						(21,707,912)				
6	Other Investment - WZN Loans Oregon (124680)						20,973				
7	Other Investment - WNP3 Exchange Power (124900)						79,626,000				
8	Other Investment - AMT WNP3 Exchange (124930)						(73,092,978)				
9	Temp Cash Investments (136000)						22,854				
10	Energy Commodity Contract (124020)						22,034				
\bot	93						224 025				
11	Other Investment-Non Affilicated LT Note Rec (124820)						331,835				
12											
13											
14											
15											
16											
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18											
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37					1						
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40											
			_								

	e of Respondent			This Repor	Year/Period of Report			
Avis	ta Corporation				n Original Resubmis	ssion	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Investments (A						•
3. D 4. If number 5. R 6. In	esignate with an asterisk in column Commission approval was required er. eport in column (h) interest and div a column (i) report for each investme	naturity date, and specifying whether in (b) any securities, notes or accounts of for any advance made or security actidend revenues from investments inclinent disposed of during the year the gas ost) and the selling price thereof, not	s that were ple cquired, desig luding such re ain or loss rep	edged, and in a inate such fact in evenues from se resented by the	footnote state n a footnote curities disp difference b	te the nam and cite C osed of du between co	e of pledges and purpose ommission, date of autho ring the year. st of the investment (or the	of the pledge. rization, and case or docket
Sales or Other Principal Amount or Book Cost at End of Year Revenues for								Gain or Loss from
Line No.	Dispositions During Year	No. of Shares at End of Year	(If book co to resp respond	ost at End of Post is different from the condent, give collent in a footnote plain difference)	om cost st to e and	r	Year	Investment Disposed of
	(e)	(f)		(g)			(h)	(i)
1				44.5	47.000			
3					17,000 59,355			
4	(2,177,828)				35,740			
5	2,177,828				5,740)			
6	964				20,009			
7					26,000			
8	2,450,030				3,008)			
9	(27,451)				50,305			
10	205,416			12	26,419			
12	200,410			12	20,410			
13								
14								
15								
16								
17 18								
19								
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22								
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24								
25 26								
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28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38			1					
39 40			1					
10			1					

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	a Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Investments in Subsidiary	Companies (Account 123.1)	
2. Pr (a) Inv (b) Inv to eacl	eport below investments in Account 123.1, Investments in Subsidiary Companies. ovide a subheading for each company and list thereunder the information called for be estment in Securities-List and describe each security owned. For bonds give also prinestment Advances - Report separately the amounts of loans or investment advances in advance show whether the advance is a note or open account. List each note giving export separately the equity in undistributed subsidiary earnings since acquisition. The	ncipal amount, date of issue, maturit which are subject to repayment, but g date of issuance, maturity date, an	y, and interest rate. which are not subject to curre d specifying whether note is a	nt settlement. With respect renewal.
	Description of Investment	Date	Date of	Amount of
Line		Acquired	Maturity	Investment at
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	Beginning of Year (d)
1	Investment in Avista Capital	01/01/1997	(0)	206,138,971
2	Avista Capital - Equity in Earnings			(145,455,568)
3	Investment in AERC	07/01/2014		89,816,380
4	AERC- Equity in Earnings			11,304,373
5				
6				
7				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
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16				
17 18				
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24				
25				
26				
27				
28 29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38 39				
40	TOTAL Cost of Account 123.1 \$		TOTAL	161,804,156
-	•			

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Vear/Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)										
Avis	ta Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>					
		Investments in Subsidiary Comp	anies	s (Account 123.1) (conti	nued)	•					
5. If docke 6. R 7. In carried	esignate in a footnote, any securities, notes Commission approval was required for any t number. eport in column (f) interest and dividend rev column (h) report for each investment disper d in the books of account if different from co eport on Line 40, column (a) the total cost o	advance made or security acquired, designenues from investments, including such reposed of during the year, the gain or loss rest), and the selling price thereof, not include	nate su venues presen	ach fact in a footnote and give r s from securities disposed of duted by the difference between	name of Commission, date of uring the year. cost of the investment (or the						
Line No.	Equity in Subsidiary Earnings for Year (e)	Revenues for Year (f)		Amount of Investment at End of Year (g)		Gain or Loss from Investment Disposed of (h)					
2	(6,942,501)	1,190,235		206,13	3,304)						
3	9,460,262	2,000,000			6,380 64,635						
5	9,460,262	2,000,000		10,70	14,033						
6			+								
7											
8											
9											
10											
11 12											
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23											
24											
25											
26 27			+								
28			+								
29			+								
30											
31											
32			\perp								
33			+								
34 35			+								
36			+								
37			\top								
38											
39											
40	2,517,761	3,190,235		161,13	1,682						

	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary Property Losses (Acct				
	r repayments (Acct 100), Extraordinary r roperty Losses (Acct	102.1)	, omecovered i lant an	a Regulatory Study	50313 (ACC1 102.2)
	PREPAYMENT	S (AC	COUNT 165)		
1. Re	eport below the particulars (details) on each prepayment.				
	Nature of Payment				Balance at End
Line	·				of Year
No.					(in dollars)
	(a)				(b)
1	Prepaid Insurance				1,655,211
2	Prepaid Rents				0.000.000
3	Prepaid Taxes				3,323,020
5	Prepaid Interest Miscellaneous Prepayments				14,355,081
6	TOTAL				19,333,312
	TOTAL				17,333,312

Nam	e of Respondent			s Report Is:		Date of	Report	Yea	ar/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(1)	X An Original A Resubmi		(Mo, Da 04/1	a, Yr) 1/2018	En	d of 2017/Q4
		Other Re	<u> ``</u>	s (Account 182.					<u> </u>
1 0	Report below the details called for concerning					n actions of	rogulatory agor	ncios	(and not includable
in oth 2. F 3. M 4. R 5. Pi	er accounts). for regulatory assets being amortized, show p finor items (5% of the Balance at End of Year Report separately any "Deferred Regulatory Cor rovide in a footnote, for each line item, the regulation order, court decision).	eriod of amortization for Account 182.3 or ommission Expenses	in column (a). amounts less th that are also re	an \$250,000, whic ported on pages 3	hever is 50-351,	less) may b Regulatory	oe grouped by cl Commission Ex	asse pens	s. es.
	·			T	l			$\neg \tau$	
Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Assets (a)	Balance at Beginning Current Quarter/Year (b)	Debits (c)	Written off During Quarter/Year Account Charged (d)	Durin Amount	tten off g Period Recovered (e)	Written off During Period Amount Deemd Unrecoverable (f)	ed	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (g)
								_	
	WA Excess Nat Gas Line Extension Allowance	1,444,028	5,184,75			20 200 020		_	6,628,783
	Reg Asset Post Ret Liab	240,113,906 98,386,447		228		28,329,830		-	211,784,076 81,590,853
	Regulatory Asset FAS 109 Utility Plant Regulatory Asset FAS 109 DSIT Non Plant	1,053,442	620,43	283		16,795,594		-	1,673,881
	Regulatory Asset FAS 109 WNP3	1,966,409	020,43	283		1,697,010			269,399
	Regulatory Asset 1 AS 109 WNF3 Regulatory Asset-Spokane River Relicense	307,418		407		78,736		\dashv	228,682
	Regulatory Asset-Spokane Rive PM&E	282,638		557		73,311		\dashv	209,327
	Regulatory Asset-Lake CDA Fund	8,593,339		407		211,066		-	8,382,273
	Regulatory Asset-Lake CDA IPA Fund	2,000,000		107		211,000		-	2,000,000
	Regulatory Asset-Spokane River TDG Idaho	351,670		407		117,223		-	234,447
	Reg Assets-Decoupling Surcharge	11,834,500	13,187,28					-	25,021,786
	Regulatory Asset-Lake CDA DEF Costs	1,211,984		407		32,721		-	1,179,263
	DEF CS2 & Colstrip	2,671,668		407		1,357,220		_	1,314,448
14	Commodity MTM ST Regulatory Asset	11,365,088	13,625,61	1					24,990,699
	Commodity MTM LT Regulatory Asset	16,919,204	2,047,48	2					18,966,686
	Regulatory Asset FAS 143 Asset Retirement							_	
	Obligation	3,371,735	199,63	6					3,571,371
17	Reg Asset AN-CDA Lake Settlement	32,748,004		407		884,084			31,863,920
18	Reg Asset WA-CDA Lake Settlement	595,798		407		152,120			443,678
19	Regulatory Asset Workers Comp	1,212,812		407		228,912			983,900
20	Spokane River TDG	290,394		407		290,394			
21	Settled Interest Rate Swap Asset	91,878,611	6,885,85	2					98,764,463
22	DSM Asset	15,669,651	8,950,57	0					24,620,221
23	Unsettled Interest Rate Swaps Asset	69,629,594	1,309,80	9					70,939,403
	Deferred ITC	8,481,289		254		4,357,398			4,123,891
	Regulatory Asset MDM System		671,66	0					671,660
	Regulatory Asset BPA Residential Exchange		137,13	9					137,139
	Regulatory Assets FISERV		679,44					_	679,444
	Other Reg Assets	84,782		254		84,782		_	
29								_	
30				-				\dashv	
31									
32								-	
33 34									
35				+				\dashv	
36				+				\dashv	
37								\dashv	
38								\dashv	
39								\dashv	
40	Total	622,464,411	53,499,68	3		54,690,401		0	621,273,693
		3EE,707,711	33,77,100			TOFFORFICE			0 <u>-11-10</u> 003

Nam	e of Respondent		This Repo			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation			An Origi A Resub	mai omission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Miscellaneous Defer	red Debits (Accou	nt 186)		
	Report below the details called for concerning misce						
	For any deferred debit being amortized, show period		n (a).				
3. N	Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by	/ classes.					
-	Description of Missellanesus	Balance at	Debits		Credits	Credits	Balance at
Line	Description of Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	Beginning	Depits		Credits	Credits	End of Year
No.	Deferred Debits	of Year			Accoun	t Amount	Life of Teal
					Charge	b	
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)	(e)	(f)
1							
2	Colstrip Common Fac.	1,110,999					1,110,999
3	Regulatory Asset-Mt Lease Pymt						
4	Regulatory Asset-Mt Lease Pymt	0.055.440					0.055 (10
5	Colstrip Common Fac.	2,355,642				10/	2,355,642
6	Prepaid plane Lease LT-3 yr amort	245,537				196,4	·
7	Misc DD- Airplane Lease-3yr amort	286,333		100.010		229,0	
8	Plant Alloc of Clearing Jrl	3,520,155		693,819		004.0	4,213,974
9	Misc Posting Suspense	284,474				284,4	/4
10	Renewable Energy-Cert Fees	120.001			F F 7	F 2	124 / 00
11	Nez Perce Settlement	139,901 116,156			557	5,2	
12	Reg Asset ID-Lake CDA- 10 yr amort	107,357			506	30,9	
13	Credit Union Labor & Expense Misc Work Orders <\$50,000	(487,375)		511,511		33,4	24,136
15	Subsidiary Billings	426,993		880,889			1,307,882
16	Misc Deferred Debits (WA)	(1,388,631)		388,631			1,307,002
17	Regulatory Assets Consv	1,042,391	.,	300,031		1,042,3	91
18	Reg Asset-Decoupling deferred	33,152,204				29,965,0	
19	Optional Wind Power	65,318				106,0	
20	Gas Telemetry equip	4,172		4,721		152,5	8,893
21	Deferred Project Compass (ID) 4 yr	2,510,176		-,		836,7	
22	Saddle Mountain East Trans Line	59,194				58,0	
23	AMI Suspense SA Base Chg out	299,407		459,313			758,720
24	MiscDeferred Debits (AN)			448,694			448,694
25	Bluff Road Restoration			216,553			216,553
26	CIP v5 Elec Ac Ctl			129,510			129,510
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37							
38	Africa Hanna and Mark 1						
39	Miscellaneous Work in Progress						
40	Total	43,850,403	4,	733,641		32,787,8	74 15,796,170

Nam	e of Respondent		Rep	ort Is:	ol.	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period	of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	^	An Origin A Resubr		04/11/2018	End of 201	7/Q4
	Accumulated Deferred In		Tax	es (Acco	unt 190)			
	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe	rred in	come	taxes.				
	Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.	1				-f	d to a cons	
	ovide in a footnote a summary of the type and amount of deferred income taxes report that the respondent estimates could be included in the development of jurisdictional re				ear and end-d	or-year balances for deferre	a income	
	Account Subdivisions			ince at		Changes During	Changes Du	ring
Line				inning		Year	Year	
No.			of	Year		Amounts Debited	Amounts Cred	ditad
						to Account 410.1	to Account 4	
	(a)			(b)		(c)	(d)	
1	Account 190							
2	Electric			19,561		4,775,680	(27,991)
3	Gas			2,568		(273,324)	(14,435)
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)			125,224		(114,262)		640,077
5	Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)			147,354	,707	4,388,094		597,651
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)			4.7.05.4	707			507./54
7	TOTAL Account 190 (Total of lines 5 thru 6)			147,354	,/0/	4,388,094		597,651
9	Classification of TOTAL Federal Income Tax			147.254	707	4 200 004		E07.4E1
10	State Income Tax			147,354	,707	4,388,094		597,651
11	Local Income Tax							

Changes During Year Preserved Income Taxes (Account 190) (continued) Adjustments Adjustmen		of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Origi	inal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Line No. Changes During Year Changes During Year Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments End of Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amounts Credited to Account 410.2 (f) Account No. (g) Amount Account No. (h) Amount (Avista	Corporation			(2) A Result	omission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Credits Amount Account No. (j) Credits Credits Credits Credits Account No. (j) Amount Account No. (j) Account No. (j) Amount Account No. (j)			Accumulated	Deferred Incom	e Taxes (Account 1	90) (continu	ued)	'
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Credits Amount (i) Amount (j) Amount (j) Credits Credits Amount (j) Amount (j) <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Debits Credits Credits Credits Credits Credits Credits Credits Credits Credits End of Year 1 4 Account 410.2 (e) 4 Account No. (j) Account No. (j) Amount (j) 4 Account No. (j) Amount (j) 4 10,161,08								
Line No. Year Year Pebits Debits Debits Credits Credits Credits Credits Credits End of Year 1 Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) 10 Account 411.2 (f) Account No. (g) Account No. (h) Account No. (j) Amount (j) K) 2 27,907 4 4,569,174 4 4 10,161,08 3 4 39,169,324 440,920 4 89,684,527 176,935,15 5 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 6 4 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 8 4 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 8 3 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78	T							
Line No. Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f) Account No. (g) Amount (h) Account No. (j) Amount (j) Amount (j) Amount (j) Amount (j) (k) 1 2 2.7.9.07 2 2 4.569,174 3 3 3 3 4.569,174 4.569,				Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustmen	ts Adjustments	
Alliounis Sedited to Account 410.2 (e) (f) (g) (h) (h) (i) Account No. (j) (k) 1		Teal	Teal	Debits	Debits	Credits	Credits	Liid oi Teai
(e) (f) (g) (h) (j) (j) (k) 1 2 27,907 4,569,174 4,569,174 4,569,174 10,161,08 3 2 3,169,324 440,920 4,769,174 4,769,174 4,769,174 7,76,526 1,769,351,15 1	No.							
1 1								(k)
3 1 706,526 89,684,527 176,935,15	1	(0)	(7)	(9)	(1.9	(1)	U)	(··y
4 39,169,324 440,920 89,684,527 176,935,15 5 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 6 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 8 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 10 <td>2</td> <td>27,907</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,569,174</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10,161,086</td>	2	27,907			4,569,174			10,161,086
5 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 6 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 8 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					706,526			2,120,542
6 9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 1					5.075.700			
7 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 8 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 10 40 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78		39,197,231	440,920		5,275,700		89,684,527	189,216,780
8 9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 10 0 <td></td> <td>39,197,231</td> <td>440.920</td> <td></td> <td>5.275.700</td> <td></td> <td>89.684.527</td> <td>189.216.780</td>		39,197,231	440.920		5.275.700		89.684.527	189.216.780
9 39,197,231 440,920 5,275,700 89,684,527 189,216,78 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		3,,17,,201	110,720		5,275,700		37,001,027	.07,210,700
	9	39,197,231	440,920		5,275,700		89,684,527	189,216,780
11								
	11							

	e of Respondent sta Corporation	This Report Is (1) X An C (2) A Re	s: Original esubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	Year/Period of Report End of 2017/Q4	
	Capital St	ock (Accounts 201 and			-	
prefer 2. E	eport below the details called for concerning common and preferred stock a red stock. ntries in column (b) should represent the number of shares authorized by the details concerning shares of any class and series of stock authorized to	t end of year, distinguishing se e articles of incorporation as	separate series of amended to end	of year.	parate totals for common and	
Line No.	Class and Series of Stock and Name of Stock Exchange	Number of Sh Authorized by C		Par or Stated Value per Share	Call Price at End of Year	
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	
1	Acct. 201 - Common Stock Issued:					
2	No Par Value	20	00,000,000			
3	Restriced shares					
4	TOTAL Common	20	00,000,000			
5						
6						
7 8	Account 204 - Preferred Stock Issued		0,000,000			
9	Total Preferred		0,000,000			
10	Total Free neu	'	0,000,000			
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	ne of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	sta Corporation			(2) A Resubmissio		End of 2017/Q4
			Capital Stock (Acc	counts 201 and 204)	•	+
5. S 6. G	tate in a footnote if any capital	stock that has been nominally	issued is nominally outst		tive or noncumulative. ther funds which is pledged, statin	g name of pledgee and
Line No.	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet (total amt outstanding without reduction for amts held by respondent) Shares	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet	Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217)	Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217)	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds
1	(e)	Amount (f)	Shares (g)	Cost (h)	Shares (i)	Amount (j)
2	65,494,333	1,109,643,921			106,053.00	4,077,738.00
3	05,494,555	1,107,043,721			100,055.00	4,077,736.00
4	65,494,333	1,109,643,921			106,053.00	4,077,738.00
5	55,111,555	.,,			,	1,211,12213
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Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 250 Line No.: 2 Column: i

Restricted share awards vest in equal thirds each year over a three-year period and are payable in Avista Corp. common stock at the end of each year if the service condition is met. In addition to the service condition, the Company must meet a return on equity target in order for the CEO's restricted shares to vest. Restricted stock is valued at the close of market of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

lam	e of Respondent		s Rep			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Ye	ar/Pe	riod of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)			n Original Resubmission	04/11/2018	E	nd of	2017/Q4
	Other Paid-In Capit	` '	ccou	unt	s 208-211)	<u> </u>			
rov alai (a) (b) se t (c) nd l	Report below the balance at the end of the year and the informatide a subheading for each account and show a total for the accounce sheet, page 112. Explain changes made in any account du Donations Received from Stockholders (Account 208) - State ar Reduction in Par or Stated Value of Capital Stock (Account 209 to amounts reported under this caption including identification with Gain or Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock (Account 208) alance at end of year with a designation of the nature of each ced. Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital (Account 211) - Classify amounts explanations, disclose the general nature of the transactions that	ount, iring mour) - St ith th coun credit	as we the sent and tate and tate and tate and tand	wel yeand I am ass (ass (b) d d	Ill as a total of ar and give the briefly explain nount and briefs and series of Report balar lebit identified in this account	all accounts for reco e accounting entries the origin and purpo fly explain the capita f stock to which relat nce at beginning of y by the class and ser according to caption	nciliation effectir se of ending I changed. ear, creaties of seconds	on with ag su ach of ac	th the change. donation. nat gave debits, to which
	Item							Δr	nount
ine No.	(a)								(b)
10.									
1	Equity Transactions of Subsidiaries							(10,696,711)
2									
3 4									
* 5									
3									
7									
3									
9									
0									
1									
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)	Total							(10,696,711)

Nam	e of Respondent			port is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of 2017/Q4
	DISCOUNT ON CAPITA		CK		0 11 11 12 13	
1 D						
2. If	eport the balance at end of year of discount on capital stock for each class and series any change occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or serie the year and specify the account charged.					
Line	Class and Series of Sto	ick				Balance at
No.	(a)					End of Year (b)
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
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8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14	TOTAL					
			- / •	10001INIT 04.4\		
1 D	CAPITAL STOCK EX eport the balance at end of year of capital stock expenses for each class and series or					No made and the amount of
	any change occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or serie tal stock expense and specify the account charged. Class and Series of Sto		ck, a	ttach a statement giving c	letails of the change. State	the reason for any charge-off Balance at End of Year
No.	(a)					(b)
16						(34,500,271)
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26 27						
28						
	TOTAL					(34,500,271)
	TOTAL					(34,000,271)

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 254 Line No.: 16 Column: b	
Beginning Balance	\$ (32,208,771)
Issuance Costs of Common Stock	\$ 684,739
Repurchase and Retirement of Common Stock	\$ -
Tax Benefit-Options Excercised	\$ (2,059)
Share withholding for taxes of equity awards	\$ 3,551,786
VESTED STOCK COMP	\$ -
Stock Compensation Accrual	\$ (6,525,966)
Ending Balance	\$ (34,500,271)

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
· ·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
Securities Issue	ed or Assumed and Securities Refunded or Reti	red During the Year	

- 1. Furnish a supplemental statement briefly describing security financing and refinancing transactions during the year and the accounting for the securities, discounts, premiums, expenses, and related gains or losses. Identify as to Commission authorization numbers and dates.
- 2. Provide details showing the full accounting for the total principal amount, par value, or stated value of each class and series of security issued, assumed, retired, or refunded and the accounting for premiums, discounts, expenses, and gains or losses relating to the securities. Set forth the facts of the accounting clearly with regard to redemption premiums, unamortized discounts, expenses, and gain or losses relating to securities retired or refunded, including the accounting for such amounts carried in the respondent's accounts at the date of the refunding or refinancing transactions with respect to securities previously refunded or retired.
- 3. Include in the identification of each class and series of security, as appropriate, the interest or dividend rate, nominal date of issuance, maturity date, aggregate principal amount, par value or stated value, and number of shares. Give also the issuance of redemption price and name of the principal underwriting firm through which the security transactions were consummated.
- 4. Where the accounting for amounts relating to securities refunded or retired is other than that specified in General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts, cite the Commission authorization for the different accounting and state the accounting method.
- 5. For securities assumed, give the name of the company for which the liability on the securities was assumed as well as details of the transactions whereby the respondent undertook to pay obligations of another company. If any unamortized discount, premiums, expenses, and gains or losses were taken over onto the respondent's books, furnish details of these amounts with amounts relating to refunded securities clearly earmarked.
- (1) In December 2017, Avista Corp. issued and sold \$90.0 million of 3.91 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2047 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay a portion of the borrowings outstanding under Avista Corp.'s \$400.0 million committed line of credit. In connection with the execution of the bond purchase agreement, Avista Corp. cash-settled five interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$60.0 million) and paid a total of \$8.8 million.

The new issuance is based on the following state commission orders:

- 2. Order of the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission in Docket No. UE-151822 entered October 29, 2015;
- 3. Order of the Idaho Public Utilities Commission, Order No. 33401, entered October 23, 2015;
- 4. Order of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon, Order No. 15305, entered October 6, 2015;

Order of the Public Service Commission of the State of Montana, Default Order No. 4535

In March 2016, the Company entered into four separate sales agency agreements under which Avista Corp.'s sales agents may offer and sell up to 3.8 million new shares of Avista Corp.'s common stock, no par value, from time to time. The sales agency agreements expire on February 29, 2020. Through December 31, 2017, 2.7 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$120.0 million (\$54.7 million in 2017 and \$65.3 million in 2016), leaving 1.1 million shares remaining to be issued.

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Long-Term Debt (Accour	nts 221	1, 222, 223, and 224)	1	
1. Re	eport by Balance Sheet Account the details concerning long-term debt included in Acc			Bonds, 223, Advances from A	ssociated Companies, and
	Other Long-Term Debt.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	or bonds assumed by the respondent, include in column (a) the name of the issuing co		•		
	or Advances from Associated Companies, report separately advances on notes and a	dvances	on open accounts. Designa	ite demand notes as such. In	clude in column (a) names of
	ated companies from which advances were received. or receivers' certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court and date of court or	المحدد بدمامة	an which are beautificated as	an lancad	
4. FU	in receivers certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court and date of court of	uei unu	er which such certificates we	rie issueu.	
	Class and Series of Obligation and		Nominal Date	Date of	Outstanding
	Name of Stock Exchange		of Issue	Maturity	(Total amount
ine No.					outstanding without
					reduction for amts
	(a)		(b)	(c)	held by respondent) (d)
1	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.53% DUE 05/05/2023		05/06/1993	05/05/2023	5,500,000
)	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.54% DUE 5/05/2023		05/07/1993	05/05/2023	1,000,000
3	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.39% DUE 5/11/2018		05/11/1993	05/11/2018	7,000,000
1	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.45% DUE 6/11/2018		06/09/1993	06/11/2018	15,500,000
5	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.18% DUE 8/11/2023		08/12/1993	08/11/2023	7,000,000
5					
7	ADVANCE ASSOCIATED-AVISTA CAPITAL II (ToPRS)		06/03/1997	06/01/2037	51,547,000
3	FMBS - SERIES C - 6.37%		06/19/1998	06/19/2028	25,000,000
)	5.45% SERIES		11/18/2004	12/01/2019	90,000,000
0	FMBS - 6.25% SERIES		11/17/2005	12/01/2035	150,000,000
1	FMBS - 5.70% SERIES		12/15/2006	07/01/2037	150,000,000
2	FMBS - 5.95% SERIES		04/02/2008	06/01/2018	250,000,000
3	FMBS - 5.125% SERIES		09/22/2009	04/01/2022	250,000,000
4	COLSTRIP 2010A PCRBs DUE 2032		12/15/2010	10/01/2032	66,700,000
5	COLSTRIP 2010B PCRBs DUE 2034		12/15/2010	03/01/2034	17,000,000
6	FMBS 3.89% SERIES		12/20/2010	12/20/2020	52,000,000
7	FMBS 5.55% SERIES		12/20/2010	12/20/2040	35,000,000
9	4.45% SERIES DUE 12-14-2041 4.23% SERIES DUE 11-29-2047		12/14/2011 11/30/2012	12/14/2041 11/29/2047	85,000,000
0	4.23% SERIES DUE 11-29-2047 FMBS - 4.11% SERIES		12/18/2014	12/01/2044	80,000,000
1	FMBS - 4.37% SERIES		12/16/2014	12/01/2045	100,000,000
2	FMBS - 3.54% SERIES		12/15/2016	12/01/2051	175,000,000
3	FMBS - 3.91% SERIES		12/14/2017	12/01/2047	90,000,000
4					
5					
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7					
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0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6 7					
8					
9					
, 10	TOTAL				1,763,247,000
					, 2512 11 1500

	e of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	forporation (1) A Toriginal (2) A Resubmission			
		Long-Term Debt (Accou	ints 221, 222, 223, and 224)		•
5. Ir	a supplemental statement, give explanatory det	ails for Accounts 223 and 224 of net	changes during the year. With resp	ect to long-term advances, sho	w for each company: (a)
	pal advanced during year (b) interest added to pr			uthorization numbers and date	S.
	the respondent has pledged any of its long-term	debt securities, give particulars (deta	ails) in a footnote, including name		
I	pledgee and purpose of the pledge.				
	the respondent has any long-term securities that				
	interest expense was incurred during the year or				
	ence between the total of column (f) and the total			Debt to Associated Companies	
9. G	ive details concerning any long-term debt author			H-Mh-	Dedesseller Deles
	Interest for	Interest for	Held by	Held by	Redemption Price
Line	Year	Year	Respondent	Respondent	per \$100 at End of Year
No.	Rate	Amount	Reacquired Bonds	Sinking and	Lilu di Teal
	(in %)	Amount	(Acct 222)	Other Funds	
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
1	7.530	414,150	(9)	(-)	(7
2	7.540	75,400			
3	7.390	517,300			
4	7.450	1,154,750			
5	7.430	502,600			
6	7.100	302,000			
7	2.232	830,592			
8	6.370	1,592,500			
9					
	5.450	4,905,000			
10	6.250	9,375,000			
11	5.700	8,550,000			
12	5.950	14,875,000			
13	5.125	12,812,500			
14	1.450	535,245	66,700,000		
15	1.450	136,419	17,000,000		
16	3.890	2,022,800			
17	5.550	1,942,500			
18	4.450	3,782,500			
19	4.230	3,384,000			
20	4.110	2,466,000			
21	4.370	4,370,000			
22	3.540	6,195,000			
23	3.910	166,175			
24					
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27					
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38					
39					
40		80,605,431	83,700,000		
			<u> </u>		
ı					

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 7 Column: a

Upon issuance Avista Capital II issued \$1.5 million of Common Trust Securities to the Company. In December 2000, the Company purchased \$10.0 million of these Preferred Trust Securities.

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 14 Column: a

The Company reacquired this debt in 2010. These bonds have not been retired or canceled; the Company plans, based on liquidity needs and market conditions, to remarket these bonds at a future date.

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 15 Column: a

The Company reacquired this debt in 2010. These bonds have not been retired or canceled; the Company plans, based on liquidity needs and market conditions, to remarket these bonds at a future date.

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 23 Column: a

The new issuance is based on the following state commission orders:

- Order of the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission in Docket No. UE-151822 entered October 29, 2015;
- 2. Order of the Idaho Public Utilities Commission, Order No. 33401, entered October 23, 2015;
- 3. Order of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon, Order No. 15305, entered October 6, 2015;

Order of the Public Service Commission of the State of Montana, Default Order No. 4535

	e of Respondent ta Corporation		(1)	X	ort Is: An Ori	iginal ubmission	(Mo, Da	, Yr)		ar/Period of Report and of 2017/Q4
	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium and	l Dicc	(2)	Щ			ļ			<u>=0.17~.</u>
premiu 2. SI 3. In	eport under separate subheadings for Unamortized Debt Expense, Unamortize um or discount applicable to each class and series of long-term debt. how premium amounts by enclosing the figures in parentheses. column (b) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt original column (c) show the expense, premium or discount with respect to the amount	d Prem	nium on	Long	-Term [Debt and Unamo	tized Discoun		Debt, d	letails of expense,
Line No.	Designation of Long-Term Debt		Principal of Debt			Total E: Premi Disc	um or	Amortization Period		Amortization Period
	(a)		(b)		(0	:)	Date Fror (d)	II	Date To (e)
1	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.53% DUE 05/05/2023			5	,500,00		42,712	05/0	5/1993	05/05/2023
2	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.54% DUE 5/05/2023			1	,000,000	0	7,766	05/0	7/1993	05/05/2023
3	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.39% DUE 5/11/2018			7	,000,000	0	54,364	05/1	1/1993	05/11/2018
4	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.45% DUE 6/11/2018			15	,500,00	0	170,597	06/09	9/1993	06/11/2018
5	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.18% DUE 8/11/2023			7	,000,000	0	54,364	08/12	2/1993	08/11/2023
6	ADVANCE ASSOCIATED-AVISTA CAPITAL II (ToPRS)			51	,547,00	0	1,296,086	06/03	3/1197	06/01/2037
7	FMBS - 6.37% SERIES C			25	,000,000	0	158,304	06/19	9/1998	06/19/2028
8	FMBS - 5.45% SERIES			90	,000,000	0	1,432,081	11/18	3/2004	12/01/2019
9	FMBS - 6.25% SERIES			150	,000,000	0	2,180,435	11/1	7/2005	12/01/2035
10	FMBS - 5.70% SERIES			150	,000,000	0	4,924,304	12/1!	5/2006	07/01/2037
11	FMBS - 5.95% SERIES			250	,000,00	0	3,081,419	04/02	2/2008	06/01/2018
12	FMBS - 5.125% SERIES			250	,000,000	0	2,859,788	09/22	2/2009	04/01/2022
13	FMBS - 3.89% SERIES			52	,000,000	0	385,129		0/2010	12/20/2020
14	FMBS - 5.55% SERIES			35	,000,000	0	258,834		0/2010	12/20/2040
15	Short-Term Credit Facility						5,070,271		4/2011	04/18/2019
	4.45% SERIES DUE 12-14-2041				,000,000		692,833		4/2011	12/14/2041
17	4.23% SERIES DUE 11-29-2047				,000,000	_	730,833		0/2012	11/29/2047
18	4.11% Seires Due 12-1-2044				,000,000	_	428,205	-	3/2014	12/01/2044
	4.37% Series Due 12-1-2045				,000,000		590,761		5/2015	12/01/2045
	3.54% Series Due 12-1-2051				,000,000	_	1,001,382		5/2016	12/01/2051
21	3.91% Series Due 12-1-2047			90	,000,000	0	539,741		4/2017	12/01/2047
	Rathrum 2005						71,646		0/2005	12/01/2035
23	Debt Strategies						858		1/2005	08/01/2035
24	WKSI Shelf Registration Statement						16,064	03/0	1/2013	03/01/2018
25										
26										
27										
28 29										
30 31										
32										
33										
34										
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						•				

Name (of Respondent		This F	₹ep	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avista	Corporation		(2)		A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Unamortized Deb	ot Expense, Premium and Disc	ount o	n L	ong-Term Debt (Ac	counts 181, 225, 226)
date of th	ish in a footnote details regarding the treatment of the commission's authorization of treatment of the separately undisposed amounts applicate ain any debits and credits other than amortized the comments and credits other than amortized the comments are considered to the comments and credits other than amortized the comments are considered to the	other than as specified by the Uniform S ble to issues which were redeemed in p	System of fior years	f Ac	counts.		
Lino	Balance at Beginning	Debits During Year			Credits During Year		Balance at End of Year
Line No.	of Year						
	(f)	(g)			(h)		(i)
1	9,135					1,424	7,711
2	1,661					259	1,402
3	3,079					2,175	904
4	10,236					6,824	3,412
5	12,081					1,812	10,269
6	287,303					14,015	273,288
7	60,682					5,277	55,405
8	257,881					85,960	171,921
9	1,378,809					72,569	1,306,240
10	3,314,567					61,032	3,153,535
11	429,379					03,090	126,289
12	1,213,655					27,561	986,094
13	154,477					38,619	115,858
14	207,074	101.011				8,628	198,446
15	1,882,103	434,311				68,642	1,447,772
16	577,598					23,104	554,494
17	645,729					20,886	624,843
18	399,901 571,345					14,282 19,702	385,619 551,643
19 20	1,001,382	41,082				29,474	1,012,990
21	1,001,302	539,741				29,414	539,741
22	45,003	337,741				2,369	42,634
23	534					29	505
24	3,305					2,644	661
25	0,000					2,011	
26							
27							
28							
29							
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31							
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40							

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 258 Line No.: 21 Column: a

Expenses may change as more invoices related to this issuance become known

	to Comparation		(1)		Original	(M	lo, Da, Yr)		real/Pelloc	•
AVIS	ta Corporation		(2)		esubmissio	n l	04/11/2018	3	End of <u>20</u>	017/Q4
	Unamortiz	ed Loss and Gair	n on Reacqui	ed Del	bt (Accoun	its 189, 2	57)	•		
	Report under separate subheadings for Ur	namortized Loss	and Unamo	tized	Gain on R	eacquire	d Debt, d			
	saction, include also the maturity date of th		ss and senes	01 1011	ig-term de	bi. II gai	111 01 1033	resuited	iioiii a iei	unung
	In column (c) show the principal amount of		long-term de	bt rea	cquired.					
	In column (d) show the net gain or net loss	realized on eac	ch debt reacc	uisitio	n as comp	outed in a	accordanc	e with G	eneral Ins	truction
	f the Uniform Systems of Accounts.	:	_							
	Show loss amounts by enclosing the figure Explain in a footnote any debits and credit			itad ta	Λccount	128 1 A	mortizatio	n of Los	s on Paac	quired
	, or credited to Account 429.1, Amortization					420.1, A	mortizatio	/// UI LUS	s on iteac	quireu
	Designation of	Date	Principa		Net Ga	ain or	Ralar	nce at	Ralar	nce at
Line No.	Long-Term Debt	Reacquired	of Debt		Los		Begir			f Year
INO.			Reacquire	d			of Y			
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)	(€	e)	(f)
1	Misc Debt Repurchases I	05/10/1993			(4,695,395)	(513,818	(334,849)
2	ADVANCE ASSOCIATED-AVISTA CAPITAL II									
	(ToPRS)	12/18/2000		00,000		1,769,125		996,40		947,600
3	Misc 2002 Repurchase	12/31/2002		00,000		2,228,153		568,668		516,576
4	Misc 2003 Repurchase	12/31/2003		30,000		315,274	,	92,86		85,861
5	Misc 2004 Repurchase	12/31/2004		90,000	(7,244,895)	(487,046	-	188,754)
6	Misc 2005 Repurchase	12/31/2005		00,000	(1,700,371)	(602,027	· ·	567,022)
7	Misc 2006 Repurchase	12/31/2006	6,7	85,000		483,582	(16,768		(803)
8	Misc 2008 Repurchase Costs	12/31/2008	/0.0	00 000		43,132	,	19,00		16,313
9	AVA Capital Trust III (2022) COLSTRIP 2010A PCRBs DUE 2032	04/01/2009		00,000	(2,875,817)	(1,222,798	· .	993,523)
10	COLSTRIP 2010A PCRBS DUE 2032 COLSTRIP 2010B PCRBS DUE 2034	12/14/2010		00,000		3,709,714)	(2,464,740 1,419,475	<u> </u>	2,309,072)
11		12/14/2010		00,000		1,916,297) 5,263,822)	(4,211,057	+	1,336,982) 4,035,597)
12	FMBS - 7.25% SERIES (2040) FMBS - 6.125% SERIES (2020)	12/20/2010 12/20/2010		00,000		6,273,664)	(2,509,466	`	1,882,099)
13	KETTLE FALLS P C REV BONDS DUE 14 (2047)	06/28/2012	•	00,000		105,020)	(92,768	· ·	89,767)
15	RETTEL TALEST CINEV BONDS DOE 14 (2047)	00/20/2012	4,1	00,000		103,020)	(72,700		07,707)
16										
17										
18										
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Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income w	` '			
and M-1 natu 2. as if nam	Report the reconciliation of reported net income for the year with show computation of such tax accruals. Include in the reconciliation of the tax return for the year. Submit a reconciliation even though re of each reconciling amount. If the utility is a member of a group that files consolidated Federa a separate return were to be filed, indicating, however, intercomes of group members, tax assigned to each group member, and ng the group members.	taxab ation, a gh ther al tax r pany a	ole income used in one in set as practicable in set is no taxable incontenting return, reconcile reparts to be elimi	computing Federal Income, the same detail as fundered for the year. Indicated the income with mated in such a consological process.	rnished on Schedule ate clearly the taxable net income lidated return. State
Line	Details				Amount
No.	(a)				(b)
1	Net Income for the Year (Page 116)				115,916,134
2	Reconciling Items for the Year				
3					
4	Taxable Income Not Reported on Books				6 002 042
5 6					6,893,813
7					
8	TOTAL				6,893,813
9	Deductions Recorded on Books Not Deducted for Return				
10					(11,694,698)
11	Income Tax Expense				76,873,300
12					
13 14	TOTAL				65,178,602
15	Income Recorded on Books Not Included in Return				17,341,039
16					17,541,059
17					
18	TOTAL				17,341,039
19	Deductions on Return Not Charged Against Book Income				
20					(177,910,892)
21					
22					
23	Equity in Sub Earnings				(2,517,761)
24 25	Corporate Overhead Unallocated Subs				2,028,306
26	TOTAL				(178,400,347)
27	Federal Tax Net Income				26,929,241
28	Show Computation of Tax:				-,,
29	State Tax				343,796
30	Federal Tax Net Income, less state tax				26,585,445
31	Federal Tax @ 35%				9,304,906
32	Prior year true ups and misc adjustments				914,587
33	Cabinet Gorge tax credits				(45,288)
34 35	Total Fodoval Toy Fynonos				10,174,205
30	Total Federal Tax Expense				10,177,200

1. Give sales tax footnote 2. Inclubalancing page is r	e details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charge and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.	s charged to operations and other acco	ounts during the year. Do not in	nclude gasoline and other
Give sales tax footnote Inclubalancino page is recorded.	e details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxes kes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charg and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.	Taxes Charged (Show utility charged to operations and other acc	ounts during the year. Do not in	nclude gasoline and other
Give sales tax footnote Inclubalancino page is recorded.	e details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxes kes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charg and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.	s charged to operations and other acco	ounts during the year. Do not in	nclude gasoline and other
footnote 2. Inclu balancing page is r	and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.		·	
balancino page is n	ude on this page, taxes paid during the year and charged direct to final accounts, (no	ot charged to prepaid or accrued taxes	s). Enter the amounts in both co	
		5 1 1	,	(, (,
	not affected by the inclusion of these taxes.			
	ude in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes charged to operations and ot			unts credited to the
	of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c) taxes paid and charged direct to ope			
4. List t	the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that the total tax for each State and	d subdivision can readily be ascertaine	1	
	W 1.5=		Balance at	Balance at
Line	Kind of Tax		Beg. of Year	Beg. of Year
No.	(See Instruction 5)		Taxes Accrued	Prepaid Taxes
	(a)		(b)	(c)
1 F	FEDERAL:		(6)	(0)
	ncome Tax 2013		806,204	
	ncome Tax 2014		840,072	
	ncome Tax 2016		(45,328,474)	
	ncome Tax (Current)		(12/227 1)	
	Prior Retained Earnings		(483,257)	
	Current Retained Earnings		(3,371,282)	
8	Total Federal		(47,536,737)	
9				
10 S	STATE OF WASHINGTON			
11 F	Property Tax (2015)		(5,841)	
12 F	Property Tax (2016)		16,219,999	
13 F	Property Tax (2017)			
14 E	Excise Tax (2016)		3,798,546	
15 E	Excise Tax (2017)			
16 N	Natural Gas Use Tax		654	
	Municipal Occupation Tax		2,922,652	
	Community Solar		(25,513)	
	Sales & Use Tax (2016)		157,008	
_	Sales & Use Tax (2017)		20.017.505	
	Total Washington		23,067,505	
22	STATE OF IDAHO:			
	ncome Tax (2016)		11,938	
	ncome Tax (2010)		11,730	
	Property Tax (2015)		(13)	
	Property Tax (2016)		3,572,375	
	Property Tax (2017)		5,5,2,510	
	Sales & Use Tax (2016)		23,544	
	Sales & Use Tax (2017)			
31 K	(WH Tax (2016)		30,880	
32 K	KWH Tax (2017)			
33 F	Franchise Tax (2015)		1	
	Franchise Tax (2016)		1,489,069	
	Franchise Tax (2017)			
	Total Idaho		5,127,794	
37				
	STATE OF MONTANA			
39 li	ncome Tax (2015)		(304,950)	

Та			(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
		Avista Corporation		sion 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	axes Accrued, Prepaid and Charg	ed During Year, Distribut	(2) A Resubmission of Taxes Charged (Show	v utility dept where applicab	le and acct charged)
			(continued)		
6. Enter 7. Do authority 8. Sho number 9. For	ow in columns (i) thru (p) how the taxes according of the appropriate balance sheet plant according any tax apportioned to more than one utility	d tax accounts in column (f) and to deferred income taxes or tax bunts were distributed. Show bot unt or subaccount.	explain each adjustment in a footno es collected through payroll deduction the utility department and number	te. Designate debit adjustments by ins or otherwise pending transmittal of account charged. For taxes char	parentheses. of such taxes to the taxing
	ems under \$250,000 may be grouped.				
Line No.	Poort in column (q) the applicable effective st Taxes Charged During Year (d)	ate income tax rate. Taxes Paid During Year (e)	Adjustments (f)	Balance at End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g)	Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)
1					
2			(806,204)		
3		/ ar	/ 22/5::-)	840,072	
4	2,068,973	(46,053,256)	(3,365,669)	(571,914)	
5	3,745,880	2,625,000	317,334 3,371,282	1,438,214	
7			483,257		
8	5,814,853	(43,428,256)	403,237	1,706,372	
9		(33,7 3,7 3,7		, ,	
10					
11	6,196	355			
12	(759,669)	15,460,330			
13	16,441,185	(1,846)		16,443,031	
14 15	2,643	2,908,238	(1)	892,951 2,805,220	
16	28,031,229 4,007	25,226,008 4,161	(1)	500	
17	25,200,143	25,111,836		3,010,959	
18	(565,612)	(573,821)	17,304	5/5/2//2/	
19		157,006	(2)		
20	1,222,829	1,069,778	2	153,053	
21	69,582,951	69,362,045	17,303	23,305,714	
22					
23	(108,778)	53,160	150,000		
25	880,920	850,000	(30,920)		
26	13	330,000	(33,720)		
27	399	3,572,775	1		
28	7,760,619	3,886,402		3,874,217	
29	1	23,544		1	
30	253,484	242,834		10,650	
31	2,110	32,990	1	24.072	
32	385,767	350,795	(1)	34,973	
34		1,489,067	(2)		
35	4,865,724	3,763,347	2	1,102,379	
36	14,040,259	14,264,914	119,081	5,022,220	
37					
38	,	, -			
39	(118,670)	(862,858)		439,238	

Avista Corporation Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged 1. Give details of the combined prepaid and accrued sales taxes which have been charged to the accounts t footnote and designate whether estimated or actual am	ax accounts and show the total taxes		(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018 dept where applicable	End of 2017/Q4
Give details of the combined prepaid and accrued sales taxes which have been charged to the accounts t footnote and designate whether estimated or actual am	ax accounts and show the total taxes		dept where applicable	and acct charged)
sales taxes which have been charged to the accounts t footnote and designate whether estimated or actual am		1 11 11		and acct chargea,
Include on this page, taxes paid during the year and balancing of this page is not affected by the inclusion of these taxes. Include in column (d) taxes charged during the year portion of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c. 4. List the aggregate of each kind of tax in such mann	ounts. d charged direct to final accounts, (no r, taxes charged to operations and ot) taxes paid and charged direct to op	ed. If the actual or estimated amount of charged to prepaid or accrued taxes ther accounts through (a) accruals creerations or accounts other than accruents.	s of such taxes are known, sf s). Enter the amounts in both dited to taxes accrued, (b) an ed and prepaid tax accounts.	now the amounts in a columns (d) and (e). The nounts credited to the
DISTRIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (She	ow utility department where ap	plicable and account charged.)		
Line (Account 408.1, 409.1) (i)	Gas (Account 408.1, 409.1)	Other Utility (Account 40 409.1) (k)		Other Income and Deductions (Account 408.2, 409.2) (I)
1				
2				
3 4 171,2°	11			1,065,117
5 11,527,0		47,372		(13,246,491)
6		·		
7				
8 11,698,30	9,9	47,372		(12,181,374)
9 10				
11 5,10	,2	509		524
12 (680,58		2,902)		23,464
13 13,431,43		73,756		36,000
14 3,0	9 (377)		
15 21,449,44		31,557		100,181
16 4,00		2/ 470		
17 18,964,83 18	25 0,1	06,478		
19				
20				
21 53,177,3	7 15,4	59,021		160,169
22				
23	2) / 2	1.75()		
24 (87,02 25 748,78		1,756) 32,138		
	3 (1)		
27 5,3	`			
28 6,132,30	1,6	40,896		10,338
29				
30 <u> </u>	70			
31 2,7° 32 385,7°				
33	"			
34				
35 3,633,40	1,2	13,396		
36 10,821,4	2,9	64,673		10,338
37 38				_
58 I				
39 (118,67	n)			

	of Respondent			This R (1)	eport Is: X An Origi	nal	Date (Mo	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avista	Corporation			(2)	All Oligi A Resub			/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
Tax	ces Accrued, Prepaid and	Charged During Year, Distri				Show utility	dept wi	nere applicab	le and acct charged)
			•	ntinued					
6. Enter 7. Do not authority. 8. Show	all adjustments of the accrued and ot include on this page entries with	come taxes) covers more than one of the prepaid tax accounts in column (f) respect to deferred income taxes of the accounts were distributed. Show ant account or subaccount.	and explain r taxes colle	each adju cted throu	istment in a fo gh payroll deo	potnote. Designation	nate debi erwise pe	t adjustments by produced the state of the s	parentheses. of such taxes to the taxing
10. Item	ny tax apportioned to more than or ns under \$250,000 may be grouped ort in column (q) the applicable effe		te in a footno	ote the ba	sis (necessity) of apportioning	ng such ta	х.	
DISTR	IBUTION OF TAXES CHAR	GED (Show utility department	t where ap	plicable	and accou	nt charged.))		
Line No.	Extraordinary Items (Account 409.3)	Other Utility Opn. Income (Account 408.1, 409.1)		ustment to Earnings Account 4			Other		State/Local Income Tax Rate
	(m)	(n)		(0)			(p)		(q)
2									
3									
4								832,585	
5							(4,482,030)	
7									
8							(3,649,445)	
9								2,2 , ,	
10									
11								1	
12 13								355	
14								1	
15									
16									
17								128,840	
18 19							(565,612)	
20								1,222,829	
21								786,414	
22									
23									
24 25								1	
26								1	
27							(4,979)	
28							(22,919)	
29 30								253,484	
31								(660)	
32									
33									
34								10.0/7	
35 36								18,867 243,796	
37								273,170	
38									
39									

Nam	e of Respondent			port Is:	Da (N	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	'	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	Ľ	An Original A Resubmission		04/11/2018		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Francis Assessed Brancistan d Observat Brains Very Birthutter of		Ļ				_	
	Faxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During Year, Distribution of			narged (Show utility	dept	where applicabl	e ar	nd acct charged)
	(cor	ntinuec	1)					
						Balance at		Balance at
Line	Kind of Tax					Beg. of Year		Beg. of Year
No.	(See Instruction 5)							
						Taxes Accrued		Prepaid Taxes
	(a)					(b)		(c)
1	Income Tax (2016)		118,7	20				
2	Income Tax (2017)							
3	Property Tax (2016)					4,864,4	93	
4	Property Tax (2017)							
5	Colstrip Generation Tax							
6	KWH Tax (2016)					274,4	16	
7	KWH Tax (2017)							
8	Consumer Council Fee						11	
9	Public Commission Fee						43	
10	Total Montana					4,952,7	_	
11						., . ,		
12	STATE OF OREGON						\dashv	
13	Income Tax (2015)				\neg		1	
14	Income Tax (2016)							
15	Income Tax (2017)						-	
16	Property Tax (2016)					(2,854,8	26)	
17	Property Tax (2017)					(2,004,0	20)	
_					-	/ 17.4	02)	
18	BETC Credit (2010)					(17,4	_	
19	BETC Credit (2011)					(29,9	\rightarrow	
20	BETC Credit (2012)					(57,7	_	
21	Glendale Regulatory Cr. 2009					(34,9	\rightarrow	
22	Franchise Tax (2016)					929,0	139	
23	Franchise Tax (2017)						_	
24	Total Oregon					(2,065,9	31)	
25							_	
26	STATE OF CALIFORNIA						$ \bot $	
27	Income Tax (2015)							
28	Income Tax (2016)					(1,6)0)	
29	Income Tax (2017)							
30	Total California					(1,6	J0)	
31								
32	MISCELLANEOUS STATES:							
33	Income Tax (2014)					28,6	32	
34	Income Tax (2017)							
35	Total Misc States					28,6	32	
36							I	
37	MISCELLANEOUS OTHER						I	
38	CTR Credit for 2017							
39	Misc/Distribution							

	(2) A R of Taxes Charge ontinued) Adjustments (f)	1	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018 r dept where applica Balance at End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 118,720 (557,908) 5,210,680 257,400 53 28 5,468,211	Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)
(e) 50 4,846,086 5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	Adjustments (f)	T	Balance at End of Year Faxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 118,720 (557,908) 5,210,680 257,400 53 28	Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165)
(e) 50 4,846,086 5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	Adjustments (f)		End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 118,720 (557,908) 5,210,680 257,400 53 28	End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165)
(e) 50 4,846,086 5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(f)		End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 118,720 (557,908) 5,210,680 257,400 53 28	End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165)
50 4,846,086 5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862			(g) 118,720 (557,908) 5,210,680 257,400 53 28	
50 4,846,086 5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862		1)	118,720 (557,908) 5,210,680 257,400 53 28	(h)
4,846,086 5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	5,210,680 5,210,680 257,400 53 28	
5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	5,210,680 257,400 53 28	
5,224,474 3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	257,400 53 28	
3,107 274,416 869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	257,400 53 28	
869,303 53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	53 28	
53 208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	53 28	
208 10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	28	
10,354,839 100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)		
100,000 100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)	5,468,211	
100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)		
100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862	(1)		
100,000 100,000 179 6,645,862		1)		
100,000 179 6,645,862				
179 6,645,862				
6,645,862				
020.020				3,323,020
020.020				
020 020				
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020.020				
2,869,005	,	4)	1,008,688	0.000.000
10,744,085	(1)	1,008,688	3,323,020
1,844				
1,511				
1,600				
3,444				
		1	1	
(1.399)				
35,896	13,33	32		
	(1,399)	(1,399)	3,444	3,444 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 (1,399)

DISTRIBUTIO	CCRUED, Prepaid and Charged Durin ON OF TAXES CHARGED (Show util Electric (Account 408.1,	(cor	(2) Taxes ntinued	Cha	An Original A Resubmission arged (Show utility	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018 dept where app		End of 20 and acct cha	
DISTRIBUTIO	ON OF TAXES CHARGED (Show util	(cor	Taxes ntinued		arged (Show utility	dept where app	licable a	and acct cha	rged)
Line	Electric	ity department where ap		i)					
Line	Electric		plicable						
Line	Electric		plicable						
		Cas		e ar					
	(Account 400.1				Other Utility			Other Income a	
		(Account 408.1,			(Account 40	8.1,		Deductions	
No.	409.1)	409.1)			409.1)			(Account 408.	2,
		<i>m</i>						409.2)	
	(i)	(j)			(k)			(I)	
1	50								
2	(557,908)								
3 4	(18,407)								
4	10,435,154								
5	3,107								
6 7	1.107.700								
1	1,126,703								
9	95								
10	193								
11	10,870,317								
12									
13		1	00,000						
14			00,000						
15			00,000						
16	1,262,754		92,251						
17	1,483,708		39,134						
18	1,100,700		17,483						
19			29,962						
20			57,789						
21			34,911						
22			<u> </u>						
23		3,8	58,975						18,719
24	2,746,462	7,7	30,505						18,719
25									
26									
27			1,844						
28			1,600						
29			1,600						
30			5,044						
31									
32									00 (00)
33								(28,632)
34									243
35 36								(28,389)
37									
38									1,399)
39								(1,092
37	L								1,072

	Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Ori	ginal	(Mo, Da	Report Yr)	'	Year/Period of Report
Avista C	Corporation			(2) A Resi	ubmission	04/11			End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
Tax	es Accrued, Prepaid and	Charged During Year, Distr			(Show utility	dept wher	e applica	able ar	nd acct charged)
DISTRI	BUTION OF TAXES CHAR	GED (Show utility departmen			ount charged.)			
	Extraordinary Items	Other Utility Opn.		ustment to Ret.		,			State/Local
Lina	(Account 409.3)	Income	7.00	Earnings		Other			Income Tax
Line No.	,	(Account 408.1,	()	Account 439)					Rate
140.		409.1)							
	(m)	(n)		(o)		(p)			(q)
1									
2									
3									
5									
6									
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9									
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16 17									
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22									
23						(1)		
24						(1)		
25									
26									
27									
28 29									
30									
31									
32									
33									
34						(243)		
35						(243)		
36									
37									
38 39							21 472		
39							21,472		

	e of Respondent	1 his I (1)	Re X	port Is: _An Original		ate of Report //o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(2)	É	A Resubmission	`	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
-	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During Year, Distribution of		C		dep	t where applicable a	and acct charged)
		tinuec		3(J ,
						Balance at	Balance at
Lina	Kind of Tax					Beg. of Year	Beg. of Year
Line No.	(See Instruction 5)						
140.						Taxes Accrued	Prepaid Taxes
	(a)		(b)	(c)			
1	Timber Excise Tax						
2	WA Renewable Energy					(5,638)	
3	Thermal Fuel Tax					1,949	
4	Total County					(3,689)	
5							
7					_		
8							
9					+		
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18					4		
19					-		
20 21					_		
22					+		
23					_		
24					1		
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
29 30 31 32					4		
31					_		
33							
33							
34 35							
36					+		
37							
36 37 38							
39							
	TOTAL					(16,431,293)	

Tax	Corporation Kes Accrued, Prepaid and Chargo			al (Mo, Da, Yr)	
Line	kes Accrued, Prepaid and Charg		(1) X An Origina (2) A Resubm	nission 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		ed During Year, Distribut	ion of Taxes Charged (Sh	ow utility dept where applica	ble and acct charged)
			(continued)		
Line No.				Balance at	Balance at
	Taxes Charged	Taxes Paid		End of Year	End of Year
	During Year	During Year	Adjustments	Taxes Accrued	Prepaid Taxes
				(Account 236)	(Included in Acct 165)
	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1	5,246	5,246			
2	(918,699)	(918,410)	5,927		
3	33,079	32,196		2,832	
4	(859,209)	(846,471)	19,259	2,832	
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
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11					
12					
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29 30 31					
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35					
33 34 35 36 37 38					
37					
38					
39					
Т	OTAL 109,921,268	60,454,600	155,643	36,514,038	3,323,020

Nam	ne of Respondent		This	Rep	ort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	t	Year/Period of Report
	sta Corporation		(2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
7	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged D		Taxes		arged (Show utility	dept where appl	icable	and acct charged)
DIS	TRIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (Show	utility department where ap	plicabl	le ar	nd account charged.)	·		
	Electric	Gas			Other Utility			Other Income and
Line	(Account 408.1,	(Account 408.1,			(Account 40			Deductions
No.		409.1)			409.1)			(Account 408.2,
	(:)	(1)			(12)			409.2)
1	(1)	(j)			(k)			(I) 5,246
2								5,240
3								
4								4,939
5								·
6								
7								
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9								
10 11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18 19								
20								
21						1		
22								
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24								
25 26								
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29								
30								
31								
32								
33 34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								(10.015.500)
	TOTAL 89,313,878	36,1	06,615					(12,015,598)

	f Respondent		This Repo	ort Is:	al	Date of	of Report Da, Yr)	Y	ear/Period of Report	
Avista (Corporation			(1) X /	An Origin A Resubr	ai nission	04/	11/2018		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
Tax	es Accrued, Prepaid and	Charged During Year, Distri			arged (SI	how utility	dept wh	ere applica	able an	d acct charged)
				ntinued)						
DISTRI		GED (Show utility departmen				nt charged.)				
	Extraordinary Items	Other Utility Opn.	Adjı	ustment to Re	t.		6.1			State/Local
Line	(Account 409.3)	Income (Account 408.1,	()	Earnings (Account 439)			Other			Income Tax Rate
No.		(Account 408.1, 409.1)	(F	(ACCOUNT 459)						Rale
	(m)	(n)		(o)		(p)				(p)
1										
2							(918,699)		
3								33,079		
4							(864,148)		
5										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13 14										
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29 30										
31										
32										
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34										
35										
36										
37 38										
39										
TOTAL							(3,483,627)		
								,		

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 262.2 Line No.: 4
This should read as: Total Other Column: a

Nam	e of Respondent	This I			Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Missellanseus Current and A	` '	ш			
	Miscellaneous Current and A				242)	
	Describe and report the amount of other current and accrued lia					
2.	Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped under approp	oriate ti	itle.			
Line	Item					Balance at
No.						End of Year
	(a)					(b)
1	Margin Call Deposit (242050)					2,270,000
2	Forest Use Permits (242060)					2,893,742
3	FERC Admin Fee (242300)					499,998
4	FERC Electric Admin Fee (242310)					141,664
5	MT Lease Payments (242375)					4,798,800
6	MT Invasive Species Fee (242385)					388,331
7	Paid Time off (242700)					20,010,012
8	Low Income Energy Assist (242770)					1,463,975
9	Avista Grants Eng Sustain WSU (242780)					26,318
10	Workers Comp Liability (242830)					983,900
11	Accts Payable Inventory Accruals (242900)					228,400
12	Accts Payable Expense Accrual (242910)					5,057,641
13	Current Portion-Benefit Liab (242999)					11,543,946
14	Clearing Accounts					602,693
15	Prepayments					234,328
16	Customer Accounts					7,762,907
17	Misc Reclasses					480,309
18	Wilde Neclasses					400,303
19						_
20						_
21						_
22						+
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						_
28						
29						
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31 32						
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39						
40						
41						
42						
43						
44						
45	Total					59,386,964

Nam	e of Respondent			This Re	eport	ls:	Da	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation			(1) [<i>)</i> (2) [Original Resubmission		04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Other Deferred	Cre	dits (A	ccol	ınt 253)			
	Report below the details called for concerning other of								
	or any deferred credit being amortized, show the per Ainor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by								
		Balance at		Debit		Debit			
Line	Description of Other	Beginning		Contra		Debit		Credits	Balance at
No.	Deferred Credits	of Year		Accoun	t	Amount			End of Year
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)	(f)
1	Defer Gas Exchange (253028)	1,125,000							1,125,000
2	Rathdrum Refund (253120)	104,288					33,825		70,463
3	NE Tank Spill (253130)	3,230	552				3,230		
4	Bills Pole Rentals (253140)	162,942						96	· ·
5	WA REC							176,31	
6	Deferred Treasury Expense							2,127,25	
7	DOC EECE Grant	25,828						27	· ·
8	Conservation Program Projects	7 (00 000						112,67	
9	Defer Comp Active Execs (253910)	7,683,200						780,06	
10	Executive Incent Plan (253920)	140,000	000				0.4.000		140,000
11	Unbilled Revenue (253990)	2,098,569					84,203		2,014,366
12	WA Energy Recovery Mechanism	3,342,983					58,182		1,684,801
13	Misc Deferred Credits	199,983	407				98,820	11,666,73	1,163 8 11,666,738
14	Decoupling Deferred Credits Kettle Falls Diesel Leak	376,095	104			1	16,002	11,000,73	260,093
15 16	Rettie Fails Diesei Leak	370,093	100			<u>'</u>	10,002		200,093
17									
18									
19									
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43									
44									
45	Total	15,262,118				2,0	94,262	14,864,28	7 28,032,143

Nam	ne of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report			
Avis	sta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>			
	Accumulated Deferred Income T	Other Property (Accour	nt 282)	+				
1. R	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe	erred inc	come taxes relating to property	not subject to accelerated a	amortization.			
	t Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.							
			Dolomoo et	Amazonta	Amounto			
Line	Account Subdivisions		Balance at Beginning	Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to			
No.	Account Subdivisions		of Year	Account 410.1	Account 411.1			
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)			
1	Account 282							
2	Electric		502,903,879	42,058,648				
3	Gas		153,909,427	17,383,562				
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)		74,348,815	12,080,906				
5	Total (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		731,162,121	71,523,116				
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)							
7	TOTAL Account 282 (Enter Total of lines 5 thr		731,162,121	71,523,116				
8	Classification of TOTAL							
9	Federal Income Tax		714,738,762	71,523,116				
10	State Income Tax		16,423,359					
11	Local Income Tax							

	of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Orig	ninal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avista Corporation					bmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Accumulated Deferre	ed Income Taxes	Other Property (A	ccount 282)	(continued)	
		of the type and amount of defe			of-year and end-o	of-year balances for deferred	income taxes that the
respond	ent estimates could be includ	ded in the development of jurisc	lictional recourse rates	i.			
	Changes during Year	Changes during Year	Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustment	s Adjustments	Balance at
Line	Amounts Debited	Amounts Credited	Debits	Debits	Credits	Credits	End of Year
No.	to Account 410.2	to Account 411.2	Acct. No.	Amount	Account No		
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
1							
2						225,028,224	
3						95,821,885	
5						320,850,109	86,429,721 481,835,128
6						320,030,109	401,033,120
7						320,850,109	481,835,128
8							
9						320,850,109	1
10 11							16,423,359

Account Subdivisions Account Subdivisions Account 283 Line No. Account 283 2 Electric 1 Account 283 2 Electric 1 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 3 Gas 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru Account 283. (2) A Resubmission 0 4/11/2018 End of 2017/Q4 2017/Q4 An Resubmission 0 4/11/2018 End of 2017/Q4 2017/Q4 An Resubmission 0 4/11/2018 End of 2017/Q4 2017/Q4 Account 283. Changes During Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 Account 410.1 Account 410.1 Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (b) (c) (d) 4 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5 A29,247 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru Account 410.1 Accoun		e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Account ated Deferred Income Taxes-Other (Account 283) 1. Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to amounts recorded in Account 283. 2. At Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions. Changes During Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (a) (b) (c) (d) (d) Account 283	Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
1. Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to amounts recorded in Account 283. 2. At Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions. Changes During Year Amounts Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (a) (b) (c) (d) (d) Account 283		Accumulated Deferred Inco			
2. At Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions. Line No. Account Subdivisions Balance at Beginning of Year (b) Changes During Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (c) Changes During Year Amounts Credited to Account 410.1 (d) 1 Account 283 17,390,392 (9,881,479) (9,881,479) 523,60 3 Gas (3,288,789) (5,798,489) 4 Other (Define) (foolnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247	1. R				
Line No. Account Subdivisions Balance at Beginning of Year (b) Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (a) Amounts Credited to Account 411.1 (b) 1 Account 283 17,390,392 (9,881,479) 1,981,479 (9,881,479) 523,60 3 Gas 17,390,392 (9,881,479) 557,98,489) 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 (15,092,014) 523,60 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60			mod moome takes relating to am	54.16.1666.464 H.7.16664.11 2561	
Line No. Account Subdivisions Balance at Beginning of Year (b) Amounts Debited to Account 410.1 (a) Amounts Credited to Account 411.1 (b) 1 Account 283 17,390,392 (9,881,479) 1,981,479 (9,881,479) 523,60 3 Gas 17,390,392 (9,881,479) 557,98,489) 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 (15,092,014) 523,60 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60					
Line No. Account Subdivisions Beginning of Year (b) Debited to Account 410.1 (a) Credited to Account 411.1 (b) 1 Account 283 17,390,392 9,881,479 523,60 3 Gas 13,288,789 5,798,489 57,98,489 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 15,092,014 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 57 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60					
No. Account 410.1 (a) Account 411.1 (b) Account 411.1 (b) Account 411.1 (c) Account 411.1 (d) Account	Line				
Lectric (a) (b) (c) (d) 2 Electric 17,390,392 (9,881,479) 523,60 3 Gas (3,288,789) (5,798,489) 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 (15,092,014) 523,60 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60		Account Suddivisions			
1 Account 283 Electric 17,390,392 (9,881,479) 523,60 3 Gas (3,288,789) (5,798,489) 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 (15,092,014) 523,60 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60		(a)			
3 Gas (3,288,789) (5,798,489) 4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 (15,092,014) 523,60 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60	1				
4 Other (Define) (footnote details) 226,926,901 587,954 5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 (15,092,014) 523,60 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60	2	Electric	17,390,392	(9,881,479)	523,661
5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4) 241,028,504 (15,092,014) 523,60 6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247	3	Gas	(3,288,789)	(5,798,489)	
6 Other (Specify) (footnote details) 5,429,247 7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL 9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax	4	Other (Define) (footnote details)	226,926,901	587,954	
7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 8 Classification of TOTAL	5	Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)	241,028,504	(15,092,014)	523,661
8 Classification of TOTAL State Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,64 10 State Income Tax State	6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)	5,429,247		
9 Federal Income Tax 246,457,751 (15,092,014) 523,60 10 State Income Tax	7		246,457,751	(15,092,014)	523,661
10 State Income Tax	8				
	9		246,457,751	(15,092,014)	523,661
1.1 Local Income Tax					
	11	Local Income Tax			

	of Respondent			This Rep	ort Is:	1	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avista	Corporation			(1) X (2)	An Origir A Resub		04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
		Accumulated De	eferred Income Ta	Taxes-Other (Account 283) (continued)						
3. Prov	ide in a footnote a summary of							I income taxes that the		
	ent estimates could be included				.5 5	,	, ,			
				ı						
	Changes during Year	Changes during Year	Adjustments	Adjustn	nents	Adjustment	s Adjustments	Balance at		
Line	Amounts Debited	Amounts Credited	Debits	Deb	its	Credits	Credits	End of Year		
No.	to Account 410.2	to Account 411.2	Acct. No.	Amoi		Account No				
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	(1)	(k)		
1										
2							575,021			
3	/ 21 155 (07)			3	3,590,458		25 120 25	(5,496,820)		
5	(31,155,687) (31,155,687)				3,590,458		35,129,257 35,704,278			
6	(31,133,007)				1,370,430		33,704,270	5,429,247		
7	(31,155,687)			3	3,590,458		35,704,278			
8										
9	(31,155,687)			3	3,590,458		35,704,278	167,572,569		
10										
11										

Nan	ne of Respondent			This F	Report Is:	ı	Date of	Report	Year/Period of Report
	sta Corporation			(1)	X An Original		(Mo, D	a, Yr)	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	·	0.1		(2)	A Resubmis		04/1	1/2018	LIIG 01 2017/Q4
1	Report below the details called for concerning				s (Account 25	_	ing actions	of regulatory ago	ncios (and not
inclu 2. 3. 4.	Report below the details called for concerning a dable in other amounts). For regulatory liabilities being amortized, show Minor items (5% of the Balance at End of Year Provide in a footnote, for each line item, the remaission order, court decision).	period of amortizat	ion in column amounts less	(a). s than \$2	250,000, whiche	ever is le	ss) may be	grouped by class	es.
Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Liabilities (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	Written off du Quarter/Peri Account Credited (c)	- 1	Written off During Period Amount Refunded (d)	Durin Amour Non-R	tten off g Period at Deemed efundable (e)	Credits (f)	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (g)
	Idaho Investment Tax Credit	9,194,403	190		1,726,290				7,468,113
	Oregon BETC Credit Settled Int Rate Swaps	1,011,429 12,441,840						99,998 1,293,409	
	Unsettled Int Rate Swaps	8,749,555	182		3,846,989			1,293,409	4,902,566
	FAS 109 Invest Credit	34,161	190		22,322				11,839
6	Nez Perce	594,332	557		22,008				572,324
	Idaho Earnings Test	3,696,873			2,834,093				862,780
	Decoupling Rebate	2,404,916			2,404,916				
	BPA Res Exchange Other Regulatory Liabilities	667,625 1,814,545			667,625 407,400				1,407,145
	WA ERM	17,947,670	170		407,400			4,101,145	
	ID PCA	2,237,397						3,901,950	
13	Deferred Federal ITC	16,945,522	182		8,697,738				8,247,784
	Plant Excess Deferred							416,959,206	
	Non Plant Excess Deferred							17,634,985	
	Reg Liability MDM System							41,907	41,907
17 18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25 26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									
32 33									
34									
35									
36									
37									
38									
39									
40 41									
42									
43									
44									
45	Total	77,740,268			20,629,381		0	444,032,600	501,143,487

Nam	e of Respondent				Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report					
Avis	ta Corporation		(1		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>					
		Gas Operati	_	-								
1 R	eport below natural gas operating revenues for each prescribed a					etailed data on succeeding n	anes					
	2. Revenues in columns (b) and (c) include transition costs from upstream pipelines.											
3. O	ther Revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges		eline	plus	usage charges, less revenu	ies reflected in columns (b) th	nrough (e). Include in					
colum	ns (f) and (g) revenues for Accounts 480-495.											
		Revenues for			Revenues for	Revenues for	Revenues for					
		Transition Costs and			Transition Costs and	GRI and ACA	GRI and ACA					
Line		Take-or-Pa			Take-or-Pay							
No.		Take of Ta	·y		ruke or ruy							
	Title of Account	Amount for	r		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for					
		Current Yea	ar		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year					
	(a)	(b)			(c)	(d)	(e)					
1	480 Residential Sales											
2	481 Commercial and Industrial Sales											
3	482 Other Sales to Public Authorities											
4	483 Sales for Resale											
5	484 Interdepartmental Sales											
6	485 Intracompany Transfers											
7	487 Forfeited Discounts											
8	488 Miscellaneous Service Revenues											
9	489.1 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others											
	Through Gathering Facilities											
10	489.2 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others											
	Through Transmission Facilities											
11	489.3 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others											
	Through Distribution Facilities											
12	489.4 Revenues from Storing Gas of Others											
13	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. from Natural Gas											
14	491 Revenues from Natural Gas Proc. by Others											
15	492 Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales											
16	493 Rent from Gas Property											
17	494 Interdepartmental Rents											
18	495 Other Gas Revenues											
19	Subtotal:											
20	496 (Less) Provision for Rate Refunds											
21	TOTAL:											
- 1	TOTAL											

Nam	e of Respondent			This R	leport Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation			(1) [(2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			Gas Operatii	-			
4. If	increases or decreases from previo	us year are not derived from pro				footnote.	
	n Page 108, include information on						
6. R	eport the revenue from transportation	on services that are bundled with	h storage services a	is transp	ortation service revenue.		
	011	011	T		T	D.I.II. 6	5.1.11
	Other Revenues	Other Revenues	Total Operating		Total Operating	Dekatherm of Natural Gas	Dekatherm of Natural Gas
	Revenues	Revenues	Revenues		Revenues	ivaturai Gas	ivaturai Gas
Line					rtoronaco		
No.							
	Amount for	Amount for	Amount for		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	r	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
1	(f) 220,175,977	(g) 195,275,153	(h)	75,977	(i) 195,275,153	(j) 22,198,195	(k) 18,656,462
2	109,897,458	98,504,799		97,458	98,504,799	14,514,777	12,361,947
3	107,077,100	70,001,177	107,0	77,100	70,001,177	11,011,777	12,001,717
4	143,278,875	154,435,624	143,2	78,875	154,435,624	55,088,826	69,373,309
5	315,487	288,085		15,487	288,085	44,100	37,818
6							
7							
8	140,525	139,015	1	40,525	139,015		
9							
10							
10							
11							
	9,207,927	8,338,713	9,2	07,927	8,338,713	18,932,268	18,047,825
12							
13							
14							
15							
16	2,693	3,293		2,693	3,293		
17	((10,70)	47.400.070	, , ,		47.400.070		
18	(6,436,726)	17,100,272		36,726)	17,100,272		
19	476,582,216	474,084,954		82,216	474,084,954		
20	2,392,142	2,767,455		92,142	2,767,455		
21	474,190,074	471,317,499	4/4,1	90,074	471,317,499		

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Per	iod of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of	2017/Q4
	Other Gas Rever	nues (A	Account 495)			
	port below transactions of \$250,000 or more included in Account ne amount and provide the number of items.	t 495,	Other Gas Revenue	es. Group all transac	tions below	\$250,000
Line	Description of Transact	tion				nount
No.	(a)					lollars) (b)
	Commissions on Sale or Distribution of Gas of Others					
	Compensation for Minor or Incidental Services Provided for Others					
	Profit or Loss on Sale of Material and Supplies not Ordinarily Purchased for Resale					
	Sales of Stream, Water, or Electricity, including Sales or Transfers to Other Department	ts				
	Miscellaneous Royalties	16 1 11		25		
	Revenues from Dehydration and Other Processing of Gas of Others except as provided					
	Revenues for Right and/or Benefits Received from Others which are Realized Through Gains on Settlements of Imbalance Receivables and Payables	Researc	n, Development, and Demo	onstration ventures		
	Revenues from Penalties earned Pursuant to Tariff Provisions, including Penalties Asso	nciated w	vith Cash-out Settlements		+	
	Revenues from Shipper Supplied Gas	ociateu v	Will Cash-out Settlements			
	Other revenues (Specify):					
	Misc Bills					437,402
	Deferred Exchange Revenue					4,500,000
	Decoupling Deferred Revenue				(11,374,127)
15						
16						
17	<u> </u>					
18						
19	<u> </u>					
20						
21						
22 23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35 36						
37						
38						
39						
	Total				1 (6,436,725)
					+ `	-,, -,

Nam	e of Respondent	This F			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and		\blacksquare			1
Line No.	Account (a)				Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXPENSES					
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production				0	0
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Submit Supplemental Statement)				0	0
4	B. Natural Gas Production					
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering					
6 7	Operation 750 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
8	751 Production Maps and Records		0	0		
9	751 Froduction Maps and Records 752 Gas Well Expenses		0	0		
10	753 Field Lines Expenses		0	0		
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses				0	0
12	755 Field Compressor Station Expenses 755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power		0	0		
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses				0	0
14	757 Purification Expenses				0	0
15	758 Gas Well Royalties				0	0
16	759 Other Expenses				0	0
17	760 Rents				0	0
18	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 7 thru 17)				0	0
19	Maintenance				Ü	0
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells				0	0
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines				0	0
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Equipment				0	0
25	766 Maintenance of Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equip	ment			0	0
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment				0	0
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipment				0	0
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 20 thru 28)				0	0
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production and Gathering (Total of lines 18 and 2	29)			0	0

	ne of Respondent	This I		ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	ce E	xpenses(contin	ued)	-
Line	Account				Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)				Current Year	Previous Year
	(a)				(b)	(c)
31	B2. Products Extraction					
32	Operation					
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
34	771 Operation Labor				0	0
35	772 Gas Shrinkage				0	0
36	773 Fuel				0	0
37	774 Power				0	0
38	775 Materials				0	0
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses				0	0
40	777 Gas Processed by Others				0	0
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted				0	0
42	779 Marketing Expenses				0	0
43	780 Products Purchased for Resale				0	0
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory				0	0
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility-Credit				0	0
46	783 Rents				0	0
47	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 33 thru 46)				0	0
48	Maintenance					
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
50	785 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining Equipment				0	0
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines				0	0
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storage Equipment				0	0
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment				0	0
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment				0	0
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
57	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 49 thru 56)				0	0
58	TOTAL Products Extraction (Total of lines 47 and 57)				0	0

	ta Corporation		X	An Original		(Mo, Da, Yr)	End of 2017/Q4	
	Gas Operation and Main	(2)	\blacksquare	A Resubmission		04/11/2018	Liid 01 2017/Q4	
Line	Account	iteriario		xperioes(eeritii	iucu	Amount for	Amount for	
No.	Account					Current Year	Previous Year	
	(a)					(b)	(c)	
59	C. Exploration and Development							
60	Operation							
61	795 Delay Rentals					0	0	
62	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling					0	0	
63	797 Abandoned Leases					0	0	
64	798 Other Exploration					0	0	
65	TOTAL Exploration and Development (Total of lines 61 thru 64)					0	0	
66	D. Other Gas Supply Expenses							
67	Operation							
68	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases					0	0	
69	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intracompany Transfers					0	0	
70	801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases					0	0	
71	802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases					0	0	
72	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases					0	0	
73	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases					250,078,370	247,457,293	
74	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases					0	0	
75	805 Other Gas Purchases					(5,442)	(1,814)	
76	(Less) 805.1 Purchases Gas Cost Adjustments					(5,601,002)	(12,157,352)	
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Total of lines 68 thru 76)					255,673,930	259,612,831	
78	806 Exchange Gas					0	0	
79	Purchased Gas Expenses							
80	807.1 Well Expense-Purchased Gas					0	0	
81	807.2 Operation of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0	
82	807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0	
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses					0	0	
84	807.5 Other Purchased Gas Expenses					0	0	
85	TOTAL Purchased Gas Expenses (Total of lines 80 thru 84)					0	0	

Name of Respondent				ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmissio			1	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	nce E	xpenses(conti	nued)	
Line No.	Account					Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
	(a)					(b)	(c)
86	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage-Debit					21,687,940	22,932,919
87	(Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage-Credit					25,397,528	18,187,452
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for Processing-Debit					0	0
89	(Less) 809.2 Deliveries of Natural Gas for Processing-Credit		0	0			
90	Gas used in Utility Operation-Credit 810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel-Credit					0	0
91	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction-Credit					1,015,361	566,023
93	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations-Credit					0	0
94	TOTAL Gas Used in Utility Operations-Credit (Total of lines 91 thru 93	3)				1,015,361	566,023
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses					2,014,546	2,072,264
96	TOTAL Other Gas Supply Exp. (Total of lines 77,78,85,86 thru 89,94,	95)				252,963,527	265,864,539
97	TOTAL Production Expenses (Total of lines 3, 30, 58, 65, and 96)					252,963,527	265,864,539
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING AND PROCESSING I	EXPE	NSE	S			
99	A. Underground Storage Expenses						
100	Operation						
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering					25,153	16,127
102	815 Maps and Records					0	0
103	816 Wells Expenses					0	0
104	817 Lines Expense					0	0
105	818 Compressor Station Expenses					0	0
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power					0	0
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses					0	0
108	821 Purification Expenses					0	0
109	822 Exploration and Development					0	0
110	823 Gas Losses					0	0
111	824 Other Expenses					819,775	705,893
112	825 Storage Well Royalties					0	0
113	826 Rents					0	0
114	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines of 101 thru 113)					844,928	722,020

	ne of Respondent	This (1)		oort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission		04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce E	Expenses(contin	nued	1)	+
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)					Current Year (b)	Previous Year
	(a)					(b)	(c)
115	Maintenance						
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells					0	0
119	833 Maintenance of Lines					0	0
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment					0	0
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					0	0
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
123	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment					806,732	804,745
124	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 116 thru 123)					806,732	804,745
125	TOTAL Underground Storage Expenses (Total of lines 114 and 124)					1,651,660	1,526,765
126	B. Other Storage Expenses						
127	Operation						
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses					0	0
130	842 Rents					0	0
131	842.1 Fuel					0	0
132	842.2 Power					0	0
133	842.3 Gas Losses					0	0
134	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 128 thru 133)					0	0
135	Maintenance						
136	843.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
137	843.2 Maintenance of Structures					0	0
138	843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders					0	0
139	843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipment					0	0
141	843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipment					0	0
142	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment					0	0
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment					0	0
144	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
145	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 136 thru 144)					0	0
146	TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (Total of lines 134 and 145)					0	0

	ne of Respondent			ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	e E	xpenses(continu	led)	
Line No.	Account				Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
INO.	(a)				(b)	(c)
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Expenses					
148	Operation					
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expenses				0	0
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses				0	0
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expenses				0	0
153	844.5 Measuring and Regulating Labor and Expenses				0	0
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	0
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses				0	0
156	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching				0	0
157	845.1 Fuel				0	0
158	845.2 Power				0	0
159	845.3 Rents				0	0
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges				0	0
161	(less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts-Credit				0	0
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by Others				0	0
163	846.1 Gas Losses				0	0
164	846.2 Other Expenses				0	0
165	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 149 thru 164)				0	0
166	Maintenance					
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Equipment				0	0
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipment				0	0
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment				0	0
172	847.6 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment				0	0
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment				0	0
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 167 thru 174)				0	0
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling and Proc Exp (Total of lines 1	65 and	17	5)	0	0
177	TOTAL Natural Gas Storage (Total of lines 125, 146, and 176)				1,651,660	1,526,765

	te of Respondent sta Corporation	(1)	X	An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
AVIS	·	(2)		A Resubmission	04/11/2018		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenanc	e E	xpenses(contin	-	\neg	
Line No.	Account				Amount for Current Year		Amount for Previous Year
	(a)				(b)		(c)
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES						
179	Operation						
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	+	0
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching				0	+	0
182	852 Communication System Expenses				0	+	0
183 184	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses 854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel				0	+	0
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Stations				0	+	0
186	856 Mains Expenses				0	+	0
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses				0	+	0
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others				0	+	0
189	859 Other Expenses				0	-	0
190	860 Rents				0	_	0
191	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 180 thru 190)				0	+	0
192	Maintenance				0		0
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0)	0
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	+	0
195	863 Maintenance of Mains				0	+	0
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment				0	+	0
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					+	0
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipment					+	0
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	+	0
200	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 193 thru 199)				0	+	0
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Total of lines 191 and 200)				0	+	0
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES						
203	Operation						
204	870 Operation Supervision and Engineering				2,517,597	7	2,394,089
205	871 Distribution Load Dispatching				0	+	0
206	872 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	+	0
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power				0	+	0

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of 2017/Q4
	Gas Operation and Mair	tenance Expenses(contin		
Line	Account		Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)		Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses		6,848,075	6,223,508
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-General		272,676	214,642
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-Industrial		19,000	10,564
211	877 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-City Gas Check	Station	165,259	137,442
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expenses		810,264	1,339,147
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses		3,190,311	3,147,738
214	880 Other Expenses		3,211,115	3,417,541
215	881 Rents		63,758	61,234
216	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 204 thru 215)		17,098,055	16,945,905
217	Maintenance			
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		291,604	330,676
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		0	0
220	887 Maintenance of Mains		2,646,970	2,564,071
221	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment		0	0
222	889 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	-General	511,713	485,016
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equipment-Industrial		992,109	281,286
224	891 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equip-City Gate Chec	ck Station	105,065	102,696
225	892 Maintenance of Services		2,018,175	3,508,248
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House Regulators		2,542,797	2,491,230
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment		490,277	432,383
228	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 218 thru 227)		9,598,710	10,195,606
229	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Total of lines 216 and 228)		26,696,765	27,141,511
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES		20,000,100	
231	Operation			
232	901 Supervision		218,512	307,187
233	902 Meter Reading Expenses		2,264,716	2,334,815
234	903 Customer Records and Collection Expenses		9,001,055	8,757,532
			3,000,000	3,,

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	` ' ' '	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenance Expenses(contir	nued)	
Line	Account		Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)		Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
			` ,	. ,
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts		2,482,594	2,829,960
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses		222,367	218,799
237	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Total of lines 232 thru 236)		14,189,244	14,448,293
238	6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES			
239	Operation			
240	907 Supervision		0	0
241	908 Customer Assistance Expenses		13,677,235	11,349,685
242	909 Informational and Instructional Expenses		981,821	1,037,214
243	910 Miscellaneous Customer Service and Informational Expenses		297,636	210,950
244	TOTAL Customer Service and Information Expenses (Total of lines 2	240 thru 243)	14,956,692	12,597,849
245	7. SALES EXPENSES			
246	Operation			
247	911 Supervision		0	0
248	912 Demonstrating and Selling Expenses		345	293
249	913 Advertising Expenses		0	0
250	916 Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		0	0
251	TOTAL Sales Expenses (Total of lines 247 thru 250)		345	293
252	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
253	Operation			
254	920 Administrative and General Salaries		12,818,632	13,045,177
255	921 Office Supplies and Expenses		1,662,561	1,701,627
256	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transferred-Credit		18,822	19,751
257	923 Outside Services Employed		3,072,504	2,889,143
258	924 Property Insurance		429,491	456,130
259	925 Injuries and Damages		1,257,759	1,284,519
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits		567,728	591,155
261	927 Franchise Requirements		0	0
262	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses		2,366,012	2,251,001
263	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges-Credit		0	0
264	930.1General Advertising Expenses		0	0
265	930.2Miscellaneous General Expenses		1,717,673	1,674,151
266	931 Rents		252,321	394,123
267	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 254 thru 266)		24,125,859	24,267,275
268	Maintenance			
269	932 Maintenance of General Plant		4,555,212	4,163,915
270	TOTAL Administrative and General Expenses (Total of lines 267 and	1 269)	28,681,071	28,431,190
271	TOTAL Gas O&M Expenses (Total of lines 97,177,201,229,237,244,	251, and 270)	339,139,304	350,010,440

	e of Respondent		This F	Report Is: X An O	riginal	Dat (Mc	e of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(2)		submission	0	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Gas Used in I	Utility O	peration	s			
	eport below details of credits during the year to Accoun							
	any natural gas was used by the respondent for which omitting entries in column (d).	a charge was not made to the	e appropria	ite operatir	ng expense or othe	r accou	nt, list separately in c	olumn (c) the Dth of gas
			Natural	Gas	Natural Gas	5	Natural Gas	Natural Gas
Line	Purpose for Which Gas Was Used	Account			Amount of		Amount of	Amount of
No.	was useu	Charged	Gas Us	sed	Credit		Credit	Credit
		onargou	Dth		(in dollars)		(in dollars)	(in dollars)
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)		(d)	(d)
1	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit		2	2,126,456				
2	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction - Credit		2	2,519,863	1,01	15,361		
3	Gas Shrinkage and Other Usage in Respondent's Own Processing							
4	Gas Shrinkage, etc. for Respondent's Gas							
	Processed by Others							
5	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations - Credit							
	(Report separately for each principal use. Group minor uses.)							
6	Tillior uses.)							
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12 13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20 21								
22								
23								
24								
25	Total		4	4,646,319	1,0	15,361		

	e of Respondent	This	Rep	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	H	A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Other Gas Supply Ex		_			
record	eport other gas supply expenses by descriptive titles that clearly indicate the nature of led in Account 117.4, and losses on settlements of imbalances and gas losses not as: ch any expenses relate. List separately items of \$250,000 or more.					
Line No.	Description					Amount (in dollars)
NO.	(a)					(b)
1	Gas Resource Management					
2	Labor					862,815
3	Labor Loading					786,280
4	Other Expenses (Professional Services, Travel, Transportation, Office Supplies, Train	ning)				165,095
5 6	Regulatory Affairs					+
7	Labor					16,303
8	Labor Loading					15,109
9	Other Expenses (Travel, Transportation, Gas Technology Institute Payments)					168,944
10						
11						
12						
13 14						+
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21 22						
23						
24						
25	Total					2,014,546
1						
ı						

	e of Respondent		Rep	oort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Miscellaneous General	Expen	ses	(Account 930.2)	•	·	
	Provide the information requested below on miscellaneous general exp						
	For Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amour	nt of su	ıch i	tems. List separatel	y amounts of \$250,000	or more however, amounts	less than \$
grou	ped if the number of items of so grouped is shown.						
	Description					Amount	
Line						(in dollars)	
No.	(a)					(b)	
1	Industry association dues.					303,296	
2	Experimental and general research expenses.						
	a. Gas Research Institute (GRI)						
3	b. Other Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, tr	uetee	rog	intrar and transfer			
3	agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding					170,332	
4	Other expenses	19 300	ariti	co or the respondent		170,332	
5	Community Relations					10,762	
6	Director Expenses					274,411	
7	Education and information					12,749	
8	Rating agency fees					57,423	
9	Aircraft Operations fees					58,709	
10	Misc Vendor >5K					755,353	
11	Misc Vendor <5K					74,638	
12							
13							
14							
15							
16 17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25	Total					1,717,673	

Name of Respondent			This Re	port Is	s: Original	Date (of Report Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	a Corporation		(2)		submission		11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas F	Plant (Acct	ts 403, 40	D4.1, 4		5) (Excep	ot Amortization o	of	
2. F	Report in Section A the amounts of depreciation expense, de Report in Section B, column (b) all depreciable or amortizable ecount or functional classifications other than those pre-printer	pletion and plant bala	d amortiz ances to	ation f	rates are applie	ed and sh	ow a composite	total. (If more desirable,	_
	Section A. Summary of Depr	reciation [Denletion	and	Amortization Ch	arnes			
Line No.	Functional Classification	Dep Ex (Acc	preciation opense count 403		Amortization Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (Account	P Ga	mortization and Depletion of roducing Natura as Land and Lan Rights Account 404.1)	Underground Storage I Land and Land Id Rights (Account 404.2)	
1	(a) Intangible plant		(b)		403.1) (c)		(d)	(e)	
2	Production plant, manufactured gas							221	
3	Production and gathering plant, natural gas								
4	Products extraction plant								
5	Underground gas storage plant		01	3,855					
6	Other storage plant			3,000					
7	Base load LNG terminaling and processing plant								
8	Transmission plant								
9	Distribution plant		22,99	6,742					
10	General plant			3,579					
11	Common plant-gas			2,723					
12	TOTAL			6,899				227	

Name	of Respondent			This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avista	Corporation			(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Depreciation	, Depletion and Amortiza	ation of Gas Plant (Acc Acquisition Adjustr	ts 403, 404.1, 404.2, 404.3, 40	05) (Except Amortization	n of	
obtaine	ed. If average balance	s are used, state the me		I. For column (c) report availa	ble information for each	plant functional classifica	tion listed in
	-			ed for in columns (b) and (c) or			
deprec	iation charges, show ir	n a footnote any revision	s made to estimated ga	as reserves.			
			ne year in addition to de	epreciation provided by application	ation of reported rates,	state in a footnote the amo	ounts and na
provisi	ons and the plant items						
			mary of Depreciation, D	Depletion, and Amortization Ch	narges		
	Amortization of Other Limited-term	Amortization of Other Gas Plant	Total				
Line	Gas Plant	(Account 405)	(b to g)				
No.	(Account 404.3)	,	, 5,		Functional Classification	า	
	(f)	(g)	(h)		(a)		
1	214,84		215,0	dntangible plant			
2				Production plant, manufact	ured gas		
3				Production and gathering p	lant, natural gas		
4				Products extraction plant			
5			913,8	355Underground gas storage p	lant		
6				Other storage plant			
7				Base load LNG terminaling	and processing plant		
8				Transmission plant			
9				742Distribution plant			
10				579General plant			
11	7,306,8			526Common plant-gas			
12	7,521,6	52	38,098,	778TOTAL			

	e of Respondent		Rep	oort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas Plant (Acc	ts 40	3, 40	04.1, 404.2, 404.3, 40	05) (Except Amortization	of
1 1	Acquisition Adjust Add rows as necessary to completely report all data. Number the additional Addit				2.02.3.01.3.02 etc	
٦. /	and tows as the cessary to completely report all data. Number the additional states are separately to be supported to the additional states are separately to be supported to the additional states are supported to	ionan	TOWS	s in sequence as 2.01	, 2.02, 3.01, 3.02, 616.	
	Section B. Factors Used in Est	imatin	ng D	epreciation Charges		
						Applied Depreciation
Line					Plant Bases	or Amortization Rates
No.	Functional Classification				(in thousands)	(percent)
	(a)				(b)	(c)
1	Production and Gathering Plant				(2)	(6)
2	Offshore (footnote details)					
3	Onshore (footnote details)					
4	Underground Gas Storage Plant (footnote details)					
5 6	Transmission Plant Offshore (footnote details)					
7	Onshore (footnote details)					
8	General Plant (footnote details)					
9						
10						
11						
12 13						
14						
15						
ı						
						l

	of Respondent	This R		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
vista	Corporation	(1) [2]	X An Original ☐A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Particulars Concerning Certain Income Dedi			<u> </u>	1
M od M	rt the information specified below, in the order given, for the respectiv liscellaneous Amortization (Account 425)-Describe the nature of items of amortization. Iiscellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amortization. Penalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related	re incom s include unt of ot	e deduction and inter ed in this account, the her income deduction	est charges accounts. contra account charged as for the year as require	ed by Accounts 426.1, Donati
	e grouped by classes within the above accounts.	ACTIVITI	es, and 426.5, Other	Deductions, of the Offilo	ini System of Accounts. Am
-	sterest on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each ass	sociated	company that incurre	d interest on debt during	the year, indicate the amou
	tively for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) n				
	nterest was incurred during the year.				
) O1	ther Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the am	ount and	d interest rate for othe	er interest charges incur	red during the year.
1	Item				Amount
Э	(a)				(b)
	()				(5)
	Donations 426.1				3,205,496
	Total 426.1				3,205,496
!	Life Insurance 426.2				
1	Officers Life				156,373
1	SERP				2,628,713
1	Items under \$250,000				182,285
Ļ	Total 426.2				2,967,371
+ 1	Penalties 426.3				18,562
+.	Total 426.3				18,562
+ '	Expenditure for certain Civic, Political 426.4				1,663,123
+	Total 426.4				1,663,123
Ľ	Other Deductions 426.5				4 222 550
╁	Executive Deferred Comp				1,333,552
+	Pump Schedule Refund				F27.460
+	Advertising-Hanna & Associates Hydro One Avista Acquisition				537,460 13,187,645
+	Items under \$250,000				2,683,273
+	Total 426.5				17,741,930
+	Interest on Debt to Assoc Companies 430				17,741,930
<u> </u>	Avista Capital II				830,592
	Avista Capital Inc				(153,565)
	Total 430				677,027
-	Other Interest Expense 431				
T	Interest on electric deferrals				834,222
	Interest on natural gas deferrals				1,185,994
	Interest on committed line of credit				2,900,231
	Other				736,887
	Total 431				5,657,334
\perp					
1					
1					
+					i l

\vis	a Corporation	(1)		Original Resubmission		o, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Regulatory Cor	mmission Expens	ш			<u> </u>		
es	eport below details of regulatory commission expenses incin which such a body was a party. n column (b) and (c), indicate whether the expenses were as	_				_		
ne lo.	Description (Furnish name of regulatory commission or body, the docket number, and a description of the case.)	Assessed b Regulatory Commissio	,	Expenses of Utility		Total Expenses to Date	Deferred in Account 182 at Beginnin of Year	
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)	(e)	
	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission							
	Charges include annual fee and license fee							
	for the Spokane River Project, the Cabinet							
	Gorge Project and Noxon Rapids Project	2,5	26,991	l 60	3,658	2,590,6	50	
	Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission							
	Includes annual fee and various other electric dockets	1,0	39,372	2 1,109	9,434	2,148,8	06	
	Includes annual fee and various other natural gas dockets	3	01,362	2 299	9,167	600,5	29	
	Idaho Public Utilities Commission							
	Includes annual fee and various other electric dockets	5	57,289	338	3,524	895,8	13	
	Includes annual fee and various other natural gas dockets	1	40,322	2 100	0,053	240,3	75	
	Public Utility Commission of Oregon							
	Includes annual fee and various other dockets	5	91,921	53	5,137	1,127,0	58	
	Not directly assigned electric			94	1,449	941,4	49	
	Not directly assigned natural gas				3,050	398,0		
	Total	5,1	57,25	3,78	5,472	8,942,7	30	

	ne of Respondent				This Rep	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation				(2)	A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
_			Regulatory Commis					
4. 5.	dentify separately a List in column (f), (g)	ll annual charge adjust	ments (ACA). curred during year which				the period of amortizat	
Line No.	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged		Expenses Incurred Ouring Year	Amortize During Ye	ear During Yea	Deferred in Account 182.3
	Currently To Department	Currently To Account No.	Currently To Amount	L	Deferred to Account 182.3	Contra Account	Amount	End of Year
1	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)
2								
3								
4	5 1	000	2.500.056					
5	Electric	928	2,590,650)				
6								
7	Electric	928	2,148,806	<u> </u>				
8								
9	Gas	928	600,529	9				
10								
11								
12	Electric	928	895,813	3				
13								
14	Gas	928	240,375	5				
15								
16								
17	Gas	928	1,127,058	3				
18								
19	Electric	928	941,449	9				
20	Gas	928	398,050)				
21								
23								
24								
			8,942,730	<u> </u>				
25			0,942,7\$(,				

Nam	ne of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	sta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Employee Pensions and	d Bene	fits (Account 926)		
1. I	Report below the items contained in Account 926, Employee Pe	nsions	and Benefits.		
	Expense				Amount
Line No.	(a)				(b)
110.					
1	Pensions – defined benefit plans				
2	Pensions – other Post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP)				
4	Post- employment benefit plans				
5	Other (Specify)				
6	A&G Common Training - GD service				565,866
7	Benefits Admin - GD service				1,862
8					
9					
10					
11					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20 21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28 29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36 37					
38					
39					
	Total				567,728

	of Respondent a Corporation	This Report Is: (1) X An Ori (2) A Res	iginal ubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of 2017/Q4	•	
	Distribution of Sa	alaries and Wages					
her rticu n de	ort below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Seg Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columilar operating function(s) relating to the expenses. Itermining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to other accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered sequences.	mns provided. Sal	aries and wago	es billed to the Respon of approximation giving	dent by an affiliated co	ompa	
e D.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	Payroll B by Affilia Compan	ted Payroll Chai	rged Total ng		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)		
E	Electric						
(Operation						
	Production	11,732,7			11,73	2,7	
4	Transmission	3,246,1			3,24		
4	Distribution	8,042,0			8,04		
+	Customer Accounts	7,505,2			7,50	_	
+	Customer Service and Informational	661,9	88		66	1,98	
+	Sales Administrative and General	10 210 0	25		40.04	0.0	
+	Administrative and General TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 9)	19,310,8 50,499,1			19,31 50,49		
+	Maintenance	JU,499, I	ا ا		50,48	ا , ت	
+	Production	4,276,7	04		4,27	6.70	
$^{+}$	Transmission	1,228,3			1,22		
t	Distribution	3,928,3			3,92		
T	Administrative and General	, ,		15,1		,165	
Ť	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 12 thru 15)	9,433,4	41	15,1	65,812 24	,599	
Ī	Total Operation and Maintenance						
	Production (Total of lines 3 and 12)	16,009,4	26		16,00	9,4	
	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 13)	4,474,5	94		4,47	4,59	
	Distribution (Total of lines 5 and 14)	11,970,4	13		11,97	0,4	
	Customer Accounts (line 6)	7,505,2	86		7,50	5,28	
1	Customer Service and Informational (line 7)	661,9	88		66	1,98	
	Sales (line 8)						
-	Administrative and General (Total of lines 9 and 15)	19,310,8				,476	
+	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 18 thru 24)	59,932,5	42	15,1	65,812 75	,098	
+	Gas						
+	Deration Production - Manufactured Gas						
\dagger	Production - Manufactured Gas Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)						
t	Other Gas Supply	879,1	18		87	9,11	
\dagger	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing	11,70				1,70	
t	Transmission Transmission	,			<u> </u>		
T	Distribution	5,377,6	31		5,37	7,6	
T	Customer Accounts	3,230,5			3,23		
Ī	Customer Service and Informational	347,5				7,5	
I	Sales						
Ţ	Administrative and General	7,748,5	19		7,74	8,5	
\downarrow	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 28 thru 37)	17,595,0	61		17,59	5,0	
1	Maintenance						
L	Production - Manufactured Gas						
1	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)						
+	Other Gas Supply						
+	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing						
\downarrow	Transmission	1,231,4			1,23		
	Distribution	3,128,4	08		3,12	8,4	

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Ori	ginal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation	\ \ / <u> </u>	ubmission	, ,	/11/2018	End o	of 2017/Q4
	Distribution of Salarie			1			
Line No.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	Payroll E by Affilia Compar	ated	Allocation of Payroll Charg for Clearing Accounts	ed	Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)
16	Administrative and General				5,55	7,198	5,557
17	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 40 thru 46)	4,359,8	54		5,55	7,198	9,917
18	Gas (Continued)						
19	Total Operation and Maintenance						
50	Production - Manufactured Gas (Total of lines 28 and 40)						
51	Production - Natural Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.)(II. 29 and 41	1					
52	Other Gas Supply (Total of lines 30 and 42)	879,1	18				879,1
53	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing (Total of II. 31 and 43)	11,70	9				11,70
54	Transmission (Total of lines 32 and 44)	1,231,4	46				1,231,4
55	Distribution (Total of lines 33 and 45)	8,506,0					8,506,0
6	Customer Accounts (Total of line 34)	3,230,5					3,230,5
57	Customer Service and Informational (Total of line 35)	347,5	30				347,5
8	Sales (Total of line 36)						
59	Administrative and General (Total of lines 37 and 46)	7,748,5				7,198	13,305
60	Total Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 50 thru 59)	21,954,9	15		5,55	7,198	27,512
31	Other Utility Departments						
62	Operation and Maintenance						
3	TOTAL ALL Utility Dept. (Total of lines 25, 60, and 62)	81,887,4	57		20,72	3,010	102,610
64	Utility Plant						
65	Construction (By Utility Departments)						
66	Electric Plant	42,214,0			14,22		56,434
37	Gas Plant	10,529,3	00		4,91	7,591	15,446
88	Other						
<u> </u>	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68)	52,743,3	60		19,13	8,358	71,88
70	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)	0.040.4	-				2.22
71	Electric Plant	2,310,4				5,573	2,886
72	Gas Plant	365,1	85		90	0,974	456
73 74	Other	0.075.0	10		000	2 5 4 7	2.246
	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 71 thru 73)	2,675,6				6,547	3,342
	Other Accounts (Specify) (footnote details)	46,773,5			(40,527		6,24
75 76	TOTAL Other Accounts	46,773,5 184,079,9			(40,527	24)	6,245 184,079

	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avist	a Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Charges for Outside Professional a	, ,			+
r the an f hich (a) N (b) T Sui	cort the information specified below for all charges made during the year services include rate, management, construction, engineering, resear respondent under written or oral arrangement, for which aggregate por services as an employee or for payments made for medical and related should be reported in Account 426.4 Expenditures for Certain Civic, Followed the person or organization rendering services. Total charges for the year. The under a description "Other", all of the aforementioned services amount all under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services services.	ar inclurch, fina aymentated se Political unting to vices.	uded in any account (in ancial, valuation, legal, ts were made during the rvices) amounting to me and Related Activities o \$250,000 or less.	ncluding plant accounts), accounting, purchasing ne year to any corporation than \$250,000, incl	g, advertising,labor relations, on partnership, organization o uding payments for legislative
	arges for outside professional and other consultative services provided ding to the instructions for that schedule.	by ass	sociated (affiliated) con	npanies should be exclu	ided from this schedule and t
	ang to the metadane for that conceans.				
ne lo.	Description (a)				Amount (in dollars) (b)
	Abremod LLC				273,943
	Aclara Technologies				398,767
	Alcatel				708,800
	Alden Research Laboratory				307,582
寸	Associated Construction				1,092,619
\Box	Bernardo Wills Architects				392,983
	Cerium Networks				369,380
	Cirrus Design				478,465
\Box	Coeur D Alene Tribe				721,105
	Columbia Grid				254,121
	Common Wealth Assoc				1,329,701
	Connective DX Inc				928,977
	Davis Wright Tremaine				267,21
	Garco Construction				5,263,535
	General Electric				522,120
	H2E Inc				273,453
	Hamon Custodis Inc				388,906
	Hanna & Associates				615,874
\rightarrow	HDR Engineering Inc				1,500,022
_	HIckey Brothers research				279,376
	Idaho Dept RIsh & Game				378,353
	Itron Inc				2,073,769
_	Kekst and Co				367,910
	Klundt Hosmer Design				253,189
-	Land Expressions				272,471
	Landau Associates				304,611
-	Lydig Construction McKingtry Econtion				1,884,007 440,663
	McKinstry Essention Mcmillen LLC				·
	Merrill Lynch				1,605,307 9,374,969
+	Open Text				9,374,969
	Oracle America				339,782
	Parametrix Inc				272,276
_	Peak Reliability				638,771
.	Pillsbury Winthrop				318,931

3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A	Charges for Outside Professional and Oth Description (a) Inc Crane & Rigging ck Paving Constructors nc Consulting Engineering	(2)	An Original A Resubmission tative Services (conf	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/11/2018 :inued)	Amount (in dollars) (b) 532,00 389,00 1,679,49 1,755,69 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49 289,83
No. 1 Potelco 2 Rhodes 3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Description (a) Inc Crane & Rigging ck Paving n Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA excavaton onsulting nergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture			inued)	(in dollars) (b) 532,00 389,00 1,679,49 1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
No. 1 Potelco 2 Rhodes 3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Description (a) Inc Crane & Rigging ck Paving n Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA excavaton onsulting nergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				(in dollars) (b) 532,00 389,00 1,679,49 1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
No. 1 Potelco 2 Rhodes 3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Inc Crane & Rigging ck Paving Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				(in dollars) (b) 532,00 389,00 1,679,49 1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
No. 1 Potelco 2 Rhodes 3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Inc Crane & Rigging ck Paving Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting tergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				532,00 389,00 1,679,49 1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49
2 Rhodes 3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton E: 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Crane & Rigging ck Paving a Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA excavaton onsulting ergy & Construction evert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				389,00 1,679,49 1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,48
2 Rhodes 3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton E: 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Crane & Rigging ck Paving a Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA excavaton onsulting ergy & Construction evert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				389,00 1,679,49 1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,48
3 Shamro 4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mai 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	ck Paving a Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				1,679,48 1,755,68 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,78 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
4 Slayden 5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Cd 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mai 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total	Constructors nc Consulting Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting nergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				1,755,65 552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
5 Spirae II 6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting lergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				552,14 426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
6 Stantec 7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton E: 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				426,40 402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49
7 Strata 8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Westerr 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	Engineering USA xcavaton onsulting nergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				402,70 349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23
8 Sunrise 9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Cd 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	USA xcavaton onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				349,14 993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49
9 Telvent 10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	USA xcavaton onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				993,79 362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49
10 Tilton Ex 11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	xcavaton onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				362,26 7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49
11 Triniti Co 12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Westerr 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Ard 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	onsulting ergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group				7,181,67 281,23 1,663,49
12 URS En 13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mai 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	rergy & Construction vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				281,23 1,663,49
13 Vanderv 14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	vert construction nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				1,663,49
14 Volt Mar 15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Ard 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	nagement n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				
15 Western 16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Ard 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	n Electricity rchitectural Group chitechture				200.00
16 Wolfe A 17 ZBA Ard 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	rchitectural Group chitechture				
17 ZBA Arc 18 Other M 19 20 Total 21	chitechture				479,54
18 Other M 19 20 Total 21					298,97
19 20 Total 21	lisc Vendors				560,59
20 Total 21					21,527,23
21					
					75,282,10
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					

Avis	e of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
	ta Corporation		(2) A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Transactions	s with Associate	ed (Affiliated) Companies		
2. S 3. T	Report below the information called for concerning all goods are under a description "Other", all of the aforemention of the advantage of the aforemention of the advantage of the aforement but all of the aforement amounts billed to or received from the associated	ed goods and sorementioned g	services amounting to \$250,000 goods and services.	or less.	
ine	Description of the Good or Service	Name	of Associated/Affiliated Compan	Account(s) Charged or Credited	Amount Charged or Credited
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Goods or Services Provided by Affiliated Company				
2	Other	Steam Plant	Square	931000	106,500
3					
1					
5 					
, 7					
3					
9					
0					
1					
2					
3 4					
- 5					
6					
7					
8					
0	Goods or Services Provided for Affiliated Company			44000	200 075
:0 :1	Corporate Support	Salix Avista David	lanment	146000	620,675
0 1 22	Corporate Support Other	Avista Devel		146000	113,724
22 23	Corporate Support Other Other	Avista Devel		146000 146000	113,724 66,385
0 1 22 23 24	Corporate Support Other	Avista Devel		146000	113,724
0 1 22 23 24 25	Corporate Support Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capita AELP	al	146000 146000 146000	113,724 66,385 39,532
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
0 1 222 23 24 25 26 27 28	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capita AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000	113,724 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9 0	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9 0 1	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9 0 1 2	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9 60 11 62 63 64	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
0 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Corporate Support Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other	Avista Devel Avista Capiti AELP AJT Mining Steam Plant Court Yard 0	Square Office Center	146000 146000 146000 146000 146000	113,72 66,385 39,532 6,074 107,588 58,191

than \$250

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/11/2018	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Gas Storage Projects	+	
1. I	Report injections and withdrawals of gas for all storage	e projects used by respondent.		
		Gas	Gas	Total
Line	Item	Belonging to	Belonging to	Amount
No.		Respondent	Others	(Dth)
		(Dth)	(Dth)	(1)
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
	STORAGE OPERATIONS (in Dth)			
1	Gas Delivered to Storage	525,090		F2F 00
3	January	150,547		525,09 150,54
<u>3</u> 4	February	131,264		131,26
4 5	March	 		
6	April May	1,248,151 2,683,258		1,248,15 2,683,25
7	June	2,003,230		2,063,25
8	July	886,281		886,28
9	August	1,030,051		1,030,05
10	September	1,651,942		1,651,94
11	October	81,613		81,61
12	November	214,085		214,08
13	December	4,950		4,95
14	TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13)	10,825,677		10,825,67
15	Gas Withdrawn from Storage	10,020,01		10,020,01
16	January	2,886,897		2,886,89
17	February	1,495,710		1,495,71
18	March	703,710		703,71
19	April	201,240		201,24
20	May	6,884		6,88
21	June	447,625		447,62
22	July	518,266		518,26
23	August	203,109		203,10
24	September	10,944		10,94
25	October	502,960		502,96
26	November	210,843		210,84
27	December	3,047,267		3,047,26
28	TOTAL (Total of lines 16 thru 27)	10,235,455		10,235,45

Nam	e of Respondent		Rep	ort Is:	Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1)		An Original		, Yr) /2018	End of 2017/Q4
		(2)		A Resubmission	04/11	72010	
	Gas Storag	ge Pro	jects	3			
	On line 4, enter the total storage capacity certificated by FERC.						
2. F	Report total amount in Dth or other unit, as applicable on lines 2, 3, 4, 7	'. If qu	uanti	ity is converted from	Mcf to Dth,	provide cor	iversion factor in a footnote.
	Item					Tota	Amount
Line	(a)						(b)
No.	. ,						
	STORAGE OPERATIONS						
1	Top or Working Gas End of Year						8,528,000
2	Cushion Gas (Including Native Gas)						7,730,668
3	Total Gas in Reservoir (Total of line 1 and 2)						16,258,668
4	Certificated Storage Capacity						16,258,668
5	Number of Injection - Withdrawal Wells						50
6	Number of Observation Wells						32
7	Maximum Days' Withdrawal from Storage						140,102
8	Date of Maximum Days' Withdrawal						01/06/2017
9	LNG Terminal Companies (in Dth)						
10	Number of Tanks						
11	Capacity of Tanks						
12	LNG Volume						
13	Received at "Ship Rail"						
14	Transferred to Tanks						
15 16	Withdrawn from Tanks "Boil Off" Vaporization Loss						
10	Boll Oil Vaporization Loss						

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 513 Line No.: 7 Colum Mcf converted to Dth using a factor of 1.04 Column: b

rground storage projects, liquefied	te of Report o, Da, Yr)	///		This Rep		f Respondent	Name
rground storage projects, liquefied	04/11/2018		An Original A Resubmission	(1) X (2)		Corporation	Avist
rground storage projects, liquefied			es	ing Facilit	Auxiliary Peal		
	eason overlapping th	heating	ebruary 1 of the h	pacity on	tc. cts, report the delivery ca delivery capacities.	ort below auxiliary facilities of the respons, gas liquefaction plants, oil gas set column (c), for underground storage profacilities, report the rated maximum discolumn (d) include or valude (as application)	nstall 2. F or of
ant use, unless the auxiliary peakil	ine basis of predomi	acility on				column (d), include or exclude (as apple plant as contemplated by general inst	
Was Facility	Cost of	Daily	Maximum Da	sterii or Ac	ion 12 of the Official Sys	plant as contemplated by general inst	epai
Operated on Day of Highest Transmission Peak	Facility (in dollars)	pacity	Delivery Capa of Facility Dth		Type of Facility	Location of Facility	_ine No.
Delivery?	(d)		(c)		(b)	(a)	1
3 Vac	39,885,63	346,667	3		nderground Natural Gas	hehalis, Washington	2
res	39,003,00	340,007	3		orage Field	Terialis, Washington	3
				,	ashington & Idaho Suppl		4
				у	asimglon & Idano Ouppi		5
3 Vos	6,347,09	52,000			nderground Natural Gas	hehalis, Washington	6
7 165	0,047,00	02,000	`		orage Field	Toridio, Washington	7
					regon Supply		8
					сдон Сирріу		9
Yes		2,623			nderground Natural Gas	hehalis, Washington	10
103		2,020			orage Field	ionalio, Waoriington	11
					regon Supply		12
					сдон Сирріу		13
Yes		186,125	1		nderground Natural Gas	ock Springs, Wyoming	14
100		,			orage Field		15
				,	ashington & Idaho Suppl		16
				,	acimigion a radino cuppi		17
Yes		63,875			nderground Natural Gas	ock Springs, Wyoming	18
		/ -			orage Field	3-7 7- 3	19
					regon Supply		20
					3 117		21
							22
							23
							24
							25
							26
							27
							28
							29
							30
			•				•
							25 26 27 28 29

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/11/2018	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 519 Line No.: 10 Column: a

Respondent is a participant in the facilities, not an owner, and is charged a fee for demand deliverability and capacity.

Schedule Page: 519 Line No.: 14 Column: a

Respondent is a participant in the facilities, not an owner, and is charged a fee for demand deliverability and capacity.

Schedule Page: 519 Line No.: 18 Column: a

Respondent is a participant in the facilities, not an owner, and is charged a fee for demand deliverability and capacity.

Name of Respondent This Report				ام	Date of (Mo, Da		Year/F	Period of Report
Avista	a Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Origin		04/11	· ·	End	of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Account	• •						
1 The	purpose of this schedule is to account for the quantity of natural gas received a			snondent				
	iral gas means either natural gas unmixed or any mixture of natural and manufa		•	эропаетт.				
	r in column (c) the year to date Dth as reported in the schedules indicated for the		•	d deliveries.				
4. Ente	r in column (d) the respective quarter's Dth as reported in the schedules indica	ted for t	the items of red	eipts and de	liveries.			
	cate in a footnote the quantities of bundled sales and transportation gas and spe	•		•				
	e respondent operates two or more systems which are not interconnected, subreate by footnote the quantities of gas not subject to Commission regulation which					ng (1) the local di	ictributi	on volumos anothor i
	al distribution company portion of the reporting pipeline (2) the quantities that th				-	• ,		'
	e received through gathering facilities or intrastate facilities, but not through any			-	_			
narket	or that were not transported through any interstate portion of the reporting pipe	eline.						
	rate in a footnote the specific gas purchase expense account(s) and related to v							
	eate in a footnote (1) the system supply quantities of gas that are stored by the							
	e during the same reporting year, (2) the system supply quantities of gas that and year, and (3) contract storage quantities.	re store	a by the report	ng pipeline d	iuring the rep	porting year which	i the re	porting pipeline inten
•	o indicate the volumes of pipeline production field sales that are included in bot	h the co	ompany's total	sales figure a	and the comp	oany's total transp	ortatio	n figure. Add addition
ootnot			. ,	Ü		, ,		
				T 5 / 5	t			
					ge No. of	Total Amour		irrent Three Month
ine	Item			,	Form Nos.	of Dth		nded Amount of Dtl
No.					-A)	Year to Date)	Quarterly Only
	(a)			(b))	(c)		(d)
)1 Na	me of System:							
	GAS RECEIVED							
3	Gas Purchases (Accounts 800-805)					94,47	1,083	23,811,174
4	Gas of Others Received for Gathering (Account 489.1)			30	13			
5	Gas of Others Received for Transmission (Account 489.2)			30	5			
6	Gas of Others Received for Distribution (Account 489.3)			30)1	18,93	2,268	4,805,844
7	Gas of Others Received for Contract Storage (Account 489.4)			30	17			
8	Gas of Others Received for Production/Extraction/Processing (Accou	nt 490	and 491)					
	Exchanged Gas Received from Others (Account 806)		,	32	18		+	
-+	Gas Received as Imbalances (Account 806)		32		10	0.623	57,509	
	Receipts of Respondent's Gas Transported by Others (Account 858)			33			-,	
	Other Gas Withdrawn from Storage (Explain)			1	-	(599	,352)	3,427,562
	Gas Received from Shippers as Compressor Station Fuel					(000	,002)	0,127,002
	Gas Received from Shippers as Lost and Unaccounted for						_	
-	Other Receipts (Specify) (footnote details)						+	
						112,90	4 602	32,102,089
	Total Receipts (Total of lines 3 thru 15)					112,90	+,022	32,102,069
	GAS DELIVERED					04.04	- 000	00.440.070
	Gas Sales (Accounts 480-484)			-	_	91,84	3,898	26,448,276
	Deliveries of Gas Gathered for Others (Account 489.1)			30			+	
	Deliveries of Gas Transported for Others (Account 489.2)			30			_	
	Deliveries of Gas Distributed for Others (Account 489.3)			30		18,62	2,211	4,805,844
	Deliveries of Contract Storage Gas (Account 489.4)			30	7		\bot	
	Gas of Others Delivered for Production/Extraction/Processing (Accou	nt 490	and 491)					
24	Exchange Gas Delivered to Others (Account 806)			32	.8			
25	Gas Delivered as Imbalances (Account 806)			32	.8			
26	Deliveries of Gas to Others for Transportation (Account 858)			33	2			
27	Other Gas Delivered to Storage (Explain)							
28	Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel			50	19	2,126	6,456	847,969
29	Other Deliveries and Gas Used for Other Operations							
	Total Deliveries (Total of lines 18 thru 29)					112,59	4,565	32,102,089
	GAS LOSSES AND GAS UNACCOUNTED FOR							
-+	Gas Losses and Gas Unaccounted For							
-	TOTALS							
	Total Deliveries, Gas Losses & Unaccounted For (Total of lines 30 ar	nd 32\				112,59	4.565	32,102,089
	Total Bollvenes, Gas Essess & Shaccounted For (Total of lines of a	10 02)		1		112,00	1,000	02,102,000

NIono	o of Dogsondost	ThinD	onort	Lou	Data of Donort	Veer of Depart
INam	e of Respondent	This R	_		Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1)	X	An Original	(M, D, Y)	
			_			
	Avista Corp.	(2)	Ш	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
		<u> </u>				
	STATE OF OREGON - STA	TEME	NT C)F OPERATING I	NCOME FOR THE YE	AR
				(Ref.)		TAL
Line	Account			Page	Current Year	Previous Year
No.				No.		
	(a)			(b)	(c)	(d)
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME					
2	Operating Revenues (400)			2	\$160,211,060	\$156,148,758
3	Operating Expenses					
4	Operation Expenses (401)			4 - 9	116,139,054	116,421,923
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)			4 - 9	4,618,069	4,684,889
6	Depreciation Expense (403)			10	9,307,165	8,592,142
7	Amort. & Depl. of Utility Plant (404-405)			10	2,329,590	1,917,033
8	Amort. of Utility Plant Acq. Adj. (406)(See	Note 1)		10		
9	Amort. of Property Losses, Unrecovered Pla					
	Regulatory Study Costs (407)					
10	Senate Bill 408 (407330/407408/407431)				89,227	(9,936)
11	Reg Debit/Credit (407321,407336,407414,40	07421)			(32,390)	Ó
12	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.1)			11	7,301,617	6,409,563
13	Income Taxes - Federal (409.1)			12	(754,402)	(5,495,698)
14	- Other (409.1)			13	440,145	(2,342)
15	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)) (410.2	2)	14 - 21	5,643,369	9,934,768
16	(Less) Prov. for Def. Inc. Taxes-Cr. (411.1)			14 - 21	148,739	12,848
17	Investment Tax Credit Adj Net (411.4)			22		
18	(Less) Gains from Disp. of Utility Plant (411	1.7)				
19	Losses from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.7)					
		•				
20	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses					
	(Enter Total of lines 4 thru 18)				144,932,705	142,439,494
21	Net Utility Operating Income				· · · · ·	
	Enter Total of Line 2 less Line 19				\$15 278 355	\$13,709,264

Note 1: Amortization of Gas Plant Acquisition Adjustment was charged to Account 425, Miscellaneous Amortization, classified as Other Income and Income Deductions.

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Oi	iginal	Date of Report (M, Y, D)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Res	submission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
		STATE C	F OREGON - GA	SOPERATIN	G REVENUES (Acco	ount 4	100)			
			OPERATING	REVENUES	THERMS	OF G/	AS SOLD	AVG. NO. OF GAS	CUST. PER MO.	
Line	Title of Account									Line
No.			Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Pre	vious Year	Current Year	Previous Year	No.
1.10.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)	(a)	110.
1	GAS SERVICE REV	/FNI IFS	(2)	(9)	(6)		(9)	(1)	(9/	1
2	(480) Residential Sales	VENUEU	63,632,586	56,895,245	52,488,881	**	44,769,628	88,820	87,644	2
	(481) Commercial and Industrial Sales		03,032,300	30,093,243	J2,400,001		44,709,020	00,020	07,044	3
4	Small (or Comm.) (See Instr. 6)		32,084,075	28,731,173	35,369,615	**	30,497,905	11.761	11,660	
5	Large (or Ind.) (See Instr. 6)		1,010,969	1,218,235	2,581,118	* *	2,994,939	39	39	
	(482) Other Sales to Public Authorities		1,010,000	,,_,,_,,	_,,		_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			6
7	(484) Interdepartmental Sales		16,165	13,491	15,149		12,010	12	12	
8	TOTAL Sales to Ultimate Consumers		96,743,795 *	86,858,144	90,454,763	**	78,274,482	100,632	99,355	
9	(483) Sales for Resale		63,090,263	64,073,557	226,253,290		279,403,430	,	,	9
10	TOTAL Nat. Gas Service Revenues		159,834,058	150,931,701	316,708,053		357,677,912	100,632	99,355	10
11	Revenues from Manufactured Gas				0	•	-	-	-	- 11
12	TOTAL Gas Service Revenues		159,834,058	150,931,701	1					12
13	OTHER OPERATING	REVENUES			1					13
	(485) Intracompany Transfers				i					14
15	(487) Forfeited Discounts				1					15
	(488) Misc. Service Revenues		122,584	118,300	1					16
	(489) Rev. from Trans. of Gas of Others		3,435,948 *	3,186,006	Notes:					17
	(490) Sales of Prod. Ext. from Nat. Gas				1					18
19	(491) Rev. from Nat. Gas Proc. by Others				* Includes unbilled revenu	es.				19 20 21
	(492) Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales									20
21	(493) Rent from Gas Property		316	757	** Includes unbilled therm	S.				21
	(494) Interdepartmental Rents]					22
	(495) Other Gas Revenues		(3,181,847)	1,911,994						23
24	TOTAL Other Operating Revenues		377,001	5,217,057						24
25	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues		160,211,059	156,148,758						22 23 24 25 26
26	(Less) (496) Provision for Rate Refunds									26
27	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues Net of		100 011 050							27
-00	Provision for Refunds		160,211,059			ì				-00
28	Dis. Type Sales by States (Incl. Main Line		05 716 664		07 050 400					28
20	Sales to Resid. and Comm. Custrs.) Main Line Industrial Sales (Incl. Main		95,716,661		87,858,496					29
29	Line Sales to Pub. Authorities)		1,010,969		2,581,118					29
30	Sales for Resale		63,090,263		226,253,290					30
	Other Sales to Pub. Auth. (Local Dist. Only)		00,000,200		220,200,200					31
	Interdepartmental Sales	1	16,165		15,149					32
	TOTAL (Same as Line 10, Columns (b) and	(d))	159,834,058		316,708,053					33
<u> </u>	1 1 1 1 2 (Salito de 2110 10; Goldinio (b) dilo	\-\!	0		310,100,000					, 50

Name o	of Respondent	This Report Is:	. ,	Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1) X An Orig		(M, D, Y)	
A۱	vista Corp.	(2) A Result	omission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - INTERDE	PARTMENTAL	SALES - NATUI	RAL GAS (Accou	nt 484)
Report	particulars concerning sales of natural gas inclu	uded in Account 484.			
Line No.	Department and Basis of ((a)	Charges	Point of Delivery	Mcf (14.73 psia at 60• F) (c)	Revenue (d)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Natural gas supply for operation of Avista's facilities		Avista facility	1,486	16,165
21	TOTAL			1,486	16,165
	ENT EDOM ON OPPODEDTY AND	LUTEDDEDAD	TAICHTAL DEI	ITO /A security 40	0 404\

RENT FROM GAS PROPERTY AND INTERDEPARTMENTAL RENTS (Accounts 493 and 494)

- 1. Report particulars concerning rents received included in Accounts 493 and 494.
- 2. Minor rents may be entered at the total amount for each class of such rents.
- 3. If rents are included which were arrived at under an arrangement for apportioning expenses of a joint facility, whereby the amount included in this account represents profit or return on property, depreciation, and taxes, give particulars and the basis of apportionment of such charges to Account 493 or 494.
- 4. Provide a subheading and total for each account.

			Amount of R	evenue for Year
Line	Name of Lessee or Department		Natural Gas	Manufactured Gas
No.	(Designate associated companies)	Description of property	Property	Property
	(a)	<i>(b)</i>	(c)	(d)
1				
2				
	Other		316	
4				
5				
6				
7 8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19	TOTAL	_	316	

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
		(1) X An Original	(IVIO, Da, 11)	
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OPECON ALL	OCATED GAS OPERATION A	ND MAINTENANCE EVDE	NCEC
	STATE OF OREGON - ALL	OCATED GASOPERATION A	IND MAINTENANCE EXPE	NOEO
	If the amount for previous year is not derived	from previously reported figures, evoluin	in footpotes	
	In the amount for previous year is not derived.	from previously reported rigures, explain	Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXP	DENICE		(9
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production			
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Submit Supplementa		-	_
4	B. Natural Gas Production	a otaternant)		
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gat	hering		
6	Operation	normg	-	_
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	_
8	751 Production Maps and Records		-	_
9	752 Gas Wells Expenses		_	_
10	753 Field Lines Expenses		_	_
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses		-	-
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power		-	-
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Expe	enses	-	-
14	757 Purification Expenses		-	-
15	758 Gas Well Royalties		-	-
16	759 Other Expenses		-	-
17	760 Rents		-	-
18	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 7 thru 17)		-	-
19	Maintenance			
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		-	-
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	3	-	-
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells		-	-
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines		-	-
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Eq	uipment	-	-
25	766 Maintenance of Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Ed	quipment	-	-
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment		-	-
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipr	ment	-	-
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment		-	-
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 20 thru		-	-
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production and Gathering (1	Total of lines 18 and 29)	-	-
31	B2. Products Extraction			
32	Operation			
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	
34	771 Operation Labor		-	-
35	772 Gas Shrinkage		-	-
36	773 Fuel		-	-
37	774 Power		-	-
38	775 Materials		-	-
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses		-	-
40	777 Gas Processed by Others		-	
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted		-	-
42	779 Marketing Expenses		-	-
43	780 Products Purchased for Resale		-	-
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory	0 111	-	-
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility-	Credit	-	
46	783 Rents	10)	-	-
47	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of Lines 33 thru 4	46)	-	-

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON -	ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION	AND MAINTENANCE EXPE	NSES
1:	Amount		Amount for	Amount for
Line No.	Amount (a)		Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
INO.	B2. Products Extraction (Continued)		(b)	(6)
48	Maintenance			
49	1	na	-	-
50			-	_
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining		_	_
52		, Equipmon	-	_
53		age Equipment	-	-
54			-	-
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Rec	g. Equipment	-	-
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment		-	-
57	`		-	-
58			-	-
59		ment		
	Operation			
61			-	-
62			-	-
63			-	-
64		Tatal of lines (A through)	- _	-
65		,		-
- 66	D. Other Gas Supply Expe	enses		
67	Operation 800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases		_	-
68		noomnany Transfers		
69		acompany fransiers		
70		nases	_	_
71			_	_
72		-	92,444,36	9 93,251,493
73	i i		-	-
74	•		(5,44)	2) (1,817)
75	(Less) 805.1 Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments	3	1,928,16	8 1,262,628
76				
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Enter Total of lines	67 to 76)	94,367,09	5 94,512,304
78			-	-
	Purchased Gas Expenses			
80			-	-
81			-	
82	1	ing Stations	-	-
83			-	-
84		tal of lines 00 thru 04)		-
85		tai oi iines 80 tnru 84)		0 040 000
86 87			2,081,43 (2,399,61	
88		for Processing-Debit	(2,399,61)	(1,114,020)
89	•		-	+
_	Gas Used in Utility Operations-Credit	occasing Orcant	-	
91		Credit		-
92			(342,93	
93			-	-/ (100,440)
94			(342,93	3) (165,448)
95		art (. s.ar or mice or till a oo)	630,25	
96		es 77,78,85,86 thru 89.94.95)	94,336,24	
97			94,336,24	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , ,	

Name of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
STATE OF ORE	GON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION A	ND MAINTENANCE EXPEN	SES
		Amount for	Amount for
Line Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No. <i>(a)</i>		(b)	(c)
98 2. NATURAL GAS STORAG	· ·		
PROCESSING EXF			
99 A. Underground St	torage Expenses		
100 Operation			
101 814 Operation Supervision and Eng	gineering	-	-
102 815 Maps and Records		-	-
103 816 Wells Expenses		-	-
104 817 Lines Expense		-	-
105 818 Compressor Station Expenses		-	-
106 819 Compressor Station Fuel and F		-	-
107 820 Measuring and Regulating State	tion Expenses	-	-
108 821 Purification Expenses		-	-
109 822 Exploration and Development		-	-
110 823 Gas Losses		-	-
111 824 Other Expenses		79,108	68,119
112 825 Storage Well Royalties		-	-
113 826 Rents		-	-
114 TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of I	lines 101 thru 113)	79,108	68,119
115 Maintenance			
116 830 Maintenance Supervision and		-	-
117 831 Maintenance of Structures and		-	-
118 832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and	d Wells	-	-
119 833 Maintenance of Lines		-	-
120 834 Maintenance of Compressor St		-	-
121 835 Maintenance of Measuring and		-	-
122 836 Maintenance of Purification Ed		-	-
123 837 Maintenance of Other Equipme		77,850	77,658
124 TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total		77,850	77,658
125 TOTAL Underground Storage Expe		156,958	145,777
126 B. Other Stora	ge Expenses		
127 Operation128 840 Operation Supervision and Eng	dinecting		
			-
129 841 Operation Labor and Expenses 130 842 Rents		-	-
131 842.1 Fuel			
132 842.2 Power			-
133 842.3 Gas Losses			
134 TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of I	ings 128 thru 133)		-
135 Maintenance	11103 120 (1110 130)	_	_
136 843.1 Maintenance Supervision and	Engineering	-	-
137 843.2 Maintenance of Structures and		-	_
138 843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders		-	-
139 843.4 Maintenance of Purification E	auipment	_	_
140 843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction E		-	_
141 843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Ed		-	-
142 843.7 Maintenance of Compressor E		-	_
143 843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and		-	-
144 843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipm		-	-
145 TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total		-	-
1/6 TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (F		_	

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	CTATE OF ODECON, ALL	OCATED CASODEDATION AND	DAMAINTENANCE EVOEN	
	STATE OF OREGON - ALL	OCATED GAS OPERATION ANI	D MAINTENANCE EXPEN	<u>SES</u>
			Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)			
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and F	Processing Expenses	(b)	(c)
	Operation	Tocessing Expenses		
149			_	_
150		es		
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses			_
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expense		_	_
153			_	_
154	, , , .	ico .		
	844.7 Communication System Expenses		-	
155	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching		-	
156 157	845.1 Fuel		-	-
158	845.2 Power		-	
159	845.3 Rents			-
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges			
161	(Less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts-Credit			
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by O	there	-	-
163	846.1 Gas Losses	1163		
164	846.2 Other Expenses			-
165	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 149 thru 1	64)		
	Maintenance	0-1)	_	
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		-	-
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements			_
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Ed		_	_
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipm			
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating E		-	_
172	847.6 Miantenance of Compressor Station Equipme		-	_
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment		-	_
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment		-	-
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 167 thr	u 174)	-	-
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling and Proce	,	-	-
177	TOTAL Natural Gas storage (Enter Total of lines	125, 146, and 176)	156,958	145,777
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES	3		
179	Operation			
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	-
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching		-	-
182	852 Communication System Expenses		-	-
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses		-	-
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel		-	-
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Station	S	-	-
186	856 Mains Expenses		-	-
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses		-	-
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Oth	ners	-	-
189	859 Other Expenses		-	-
190	860 Rents		-	-
191	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 180 thru 1	90)	-	-

Name	of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALL	OCATED GAS OPERATION A	AND MAINTENANCE EXPEN	ISES
			Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
100	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES (Cont	nued)		
_	Maintenance			
193	3 . 3		<u>-</u>	-
194			-	-
195 196		nt .		-
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Reg. Station E			-
198		quipment		-
199				
200		ı 100\		_
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Enter Total of lin			-
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	CS 101 and 200)		
	Operation BIGITABOTTON EXA ENGLO			
204			802,310	747,030
205			-	,
206	- "			_
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power			-
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses		2,204,297	1,824,873
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-0	General	123,978	123,490
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-II		3,010	5,410
211	877 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-C		13,674	11,419
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expenses	my care chost ctairen	269,144	720,411
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses		1,087,122	1,080,156
214	880 Other Expenses		995,029	1,045,181
215	881 Rents		20,178	18,730
216	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 204 thru 2	15)	5,518,742	5,576,700
217	Maintenance			
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		88,816	160,135
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		-	-
220	887 Maintenance of Mains		1,419,256	1,365,204
221	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipmer	nt	-	-
222	889 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. EquipG		265,464	244,184
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. EquipIn		19,179	13,456
224	891 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. EquipC	ty Gate Check Station	10,385	8,449
225	892 Maintenance of Services		626,750	908,665
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House Regulators		534,077	467,330
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment		246,027	219,833
228	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 218 thru	,	3,209,954	3,387,256
229	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Enter Total of line	,	8,728,696	8,963,956
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPE	INDED		
231	Operation 901 Supervision		04.547	04 500
232	901 Supervision 902 Meter Reading Expenses		64,517 230,758	94,532 242,936
234	902 Meter Reading Expenses 903 Customer Records and Collection Expenses		2,927,952	2,843,524
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts		733,005	840,000
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses		65,656	64,945
237	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Enter Tota	of lines 232 thru 236\	4,021,888	
201	TOTAL GUSTOMICI ACCOUNTS EXPENSES (EITER TOTAL	1 OI 111100 ZOZ 111110 ZOU)	4,021,000	4,000,937

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLO	DCATED GAS OPERATION	I AND MAINTENANCE EXPEN	SES
	If the amount for previous year is not derived f	rom previously reported figures, expl		
			Amount for	Amount for
Line			Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
238	6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND IN	FORMATIONAL EXPENSES		
	Operation			
240	907 Supervision			- 0.054.054
241	908 Customer Assistance Expenses		3,770,560	3,054,054
242	909 Informational and Instructional Expenses	in a Francis	357,298	346,287
243			87,064	62,615
244			4,214,922	3,462,956
245		<u>ES</u>		
	Operation			
247			-	-
248	0 0		345	293
249	0 1		-	-
250			-	-
251	TOTAL Sales Expenses (Enter Total of lines 247 t		345	293
252		EXPENSES		
	Operation			
254			3,961,669	3,944,769
255			531,631	523,205
256		r.	-	-
257	923 Outside Services Employed		919,885	853,710
258	924 Property Insurance		133,597	138,646
259	925 Injuries and Damages		410,665	390,978
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits		177,728	171,137
261	927 Franchise Requirements		-	-
262	928 Regulartory Commission Expenses		1,250,357	1,127,244
263	(Less) (929) Duplicate Charges-Cr.		-	-
264	930.1 General Advertising Expenses		-	-
265	930.2 Miscellaneous General Expenses		529,962	505,013
266			52,315	98,036
267	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 254 thru 2	66)	7,967,809	7,752,738
268	Maintenance			
269	935 Maintenance of General Plant		1,330,265	1,219,975
270	TOTAL Administrative and General Exp (Total of		9,298,074	8,972,713
271	TOTAL Gas O. and M. Exp (Lines 97,177,201,229	9,237,244,251,and 270)	120,757,123	121,106,812

NUMBER OF GAS DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES			
The data on number of employees should be reported	construction employees in a foonote.		
for the payroll period ending nearest to October 31, or	3. The number of employees assignable to the gas		
any payroll period ending 60 days before or after Octo-	department from joint function of combination utilities		
ber 31.	may be determined by estimate, on the basis of employee		
2. If the respondent's payroll for the reporting period	equivalents. Show the estimated number of equivalent		
includes any special constrction personnel, include such	employees attributed to the gas department from joint		
employees on line 3, and show the number of such special	functions.		
Payroll Period Ended (Date) December 31, 2017			
Total Regular Full-Time Employees		58	53
Total Part-Time and Temporary Employees allocation of General Employees		1	7
4. Total Employees		59	60

OREGON SUPPLEMENT

Nam	ne of Respondent	This Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)		Year of Report			
	Avista Corp.	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017			
	STATE OF OREG	I ON - ALLOCATED DEI	PRECIATION, DEPLET	ION AND AMORTIZA	TION OF GASPLANT	(ACCT 403, 404.1.	404.2. 404.3. 405)	
			•	ation of Acquisition Adjus		(, ,	,,	
Repo	ort the amounts of depreciation expense,	depletion and amortization			•	ups shown.		
Line No.	Functional Classification	Depreciation Expense (Account 403)	Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land & Land Rights (Account 404.1)	Underground Storage Land and Land Rights (Account 404.2)	(Account 404.3)	Amortization of Leasehold Improvements (Account 404.6)	Amortization of Other Gas Plant (Account 405)	Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1	Intangible plant				8,068			8,068
2	Production plant, manufactured gas							0
3	Production and gathering plant, natural gas							
4	Products extraction plant							
5	Undergound gas storage plant	136,669						136,669
	Other storage plant							
7	Base load LNG terminaling and processing plant							
8	Transmission plant							0
	Distribution plant	7,157,408						7,157,408
10	General plant	186,802						186,802
11	Common plant-gas	1,826,286			2,269,021	52,501		4,147,808
12 13 14 15 16 17								
18								
19	TOTAL	9.307.165	0	0	2.277.089	52.501	0	11.636.755

Name	of Respondent	This (1)	Report	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
	A vista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
9	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCAT	ED 1	ΓΑΧΕ	S, OTHER THAI	N INCOME TAXE	S (Account 408.1)
Line	Kind of Ta	X				Amount
INO.	(a)					(b)
Line No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 13 14 15 6 17 8 9 10 11 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3		X				
42 43 44 45						
46 47 48	TOTAL (Must agree with page 1, line 1)					
/12	I I I A I ANALIST SORGE WITH DOOR 1 LINE 11	. 1				7 301 617

Name	of Respondent	This Report (1) X	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
A ⁻	vista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
		OT A T			
Α	ALLOCATED CALCULATION C		E OF OREGON - ENT FEDERAL IN	NCOME TAX EXPE	NSE (Account 409.1)
1.	Report amounts used to derive current Fed	leral income	tax expense, Account 40	09.1, for the reporting perion	od. If amounts are
	shown in thousands, show (000) in the hea			esisa tayahla inggma og n	anati .a
	Show amounts increasing taxable income a Current tax expense on this schedule must				
	adjustments arising from revisions of prior			i, iiie iz oi tilis iqport. O	eparatery rue itiry
	Minor amounts of other additions (subtrac				
Line	Γ	Dorti outoro /	Details)		Amount
No.		Particulars (Details)		Amount (b)
1		(u)			(2)
2	Operating Revenue				160,211,060
3	Operating & Maintenance Expense				(120,757,123)
4	Senate Bill 408 (net)				(89,227)
5	Book Depreciation & Amortization				(11,604,365)
6 7	Taxes Other than FIT				(7,741,762)
8	Net Operating Income Before FIT				20,018,583
9	Not operating meanic be die i i i				20,010,000
10	Interest Expense				(7,002,135)
11	Schedule M Adjustments				(15,171,883)
12					
13	Taxable Net Operating Income (Ioss)				(2,155,435)
14 15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22 23					
24					
25					
26					
	Federal Tax Net Income (Ioss)				(2,155,435)
28	Show computation of Tax:				
	Tax Rate				35%
	Total Federal Income Tax				(754,402)
	Deferred FIT	5,494,630			
	Total FIT/Deferred FIT				4,740,228
	The Federal Income Tax computation in System. As the "Results" system inclual location of Federal income taxes will	udes allocatio	ns of various indirect re	venue and cost elements, t	he values in the

Name	of Respondent	This Repo		Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)	
A	vista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
			TE OF OREGON		
Al	LLOCATED CALCULATION O	F CURR	ENT STATE INC	OME (EXCISE) TAX	X EXP. (Account 409.1)
	Report amounts used to derive current star are shown in thousands, show (000) in the	e heading f	or column (b).	-	
2. 3.	Show amounts increasing taxable income Current tax expense on this schedule must	s negative. . Separately identify			
	adjustments arising from revisions of prio	,,			
4.	Minor amounts of other additions (subtract	ctions) may	be grouped.		
Line		Amount			
No.	Counting Page 1	(ê)		(b)
1	Operating Revenue				160,211,060 (120,757,123)
3	Operating & Maintenance Expense Senate Bill 408 (net)				(120,757,123)
4	Book Depreciation & Amortization				(11,604,365)
5	Taxes Other than Income				(7,741,762)
6	Interest Expense				(7,002,135)
7	Schedule M Adjustments				(15,171,883)
8					
9	Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryforw	ard			(2,155,435)
10					
11 12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21 22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27	State Tax Net Income				(2,155,435)
28	Show Computation of Tax:				
	2017 Oregon State Income Tax				440,145
I	1				

Nam	e of Respondent			Date of Report	Year of Report				
		(1)	Х	An C	Original	(M, D, Y)			
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Re	submission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017		
S	TATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. AC	CUM	ULA	TED	DEFERRED IN	ICOME TAXES	(Account 190)		
1.	Report the information called for below concer	nina tl	ne rest	nonden	t's accounting for def	erred income taxes			
	In the space provided:	ı ııı ıg tı	10104	Jonaan	to accounting for acr	orrod moorno taxos.			
_	(a) Identify, by amount and classification, sign	ificant	items	for wh	nich deferred taxes ar	e being provided.			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				Balance at	CHANGES DU	RING YEAR		
					Beginning	Amounts	Amounts		
Line	Account Subdivisions				of Year	Debited to	Credited to		
No.						Account 410.1	Account 411.1		
	(a)				(b)	(c)	(d)		
1	Electric								
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7	Other								
8	TOTAL ELECTRIC								
9	Gas Purchased Gas Adjustment								
10	-								
11	All Other								
12									
13									
14									
15	Other				21/2		(, , , = = = =)		
16	TOTAL GAS				N/A	5,643,369	(148,739)		
17	Other (Specify)								
18	TOTAL (ACCOUNT 190)								
19	Classification of Totals				+				
20	Federal Income Tax				N/A	5,643,369	(148,739)		
21	State Income Tax				14// (0,010,000	(1-10,700)		
22	Local Income Tax								
						L			
					Allocation to balan	ce sheet accounts by			
					state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1				
	and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting						or reporting		
	purposes.								

Name of Responder	Name of Respondent				Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		
Avista Corp.			(1) XAn Original (2) A Resubmiss	sion	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	
STATE OF	OREGON - AL	LOC. AC	L CCUM. DEF. IN	ICOME 7	L ΓAXES (Acct. 1	<u> </u> 90) (Con't.)	
	nsignificant amount				,	, , ,	
3. Beginning balan	nce may be omitted i		y available.Report (gas utility de	ferred taxes only.		
4. Use separate pag			A D II (CTA 4ENTO		-	
CHANGES DU		 		STMENTS I		Palance at	Lino
Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to	 	Debits	 	Credits	Balance at End of Year	Line No.
Account 410.2	Account 411.2	Acct. No.	Amount	Acct. No.	Amount	Eliuuiteai	INO.
(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(i)	(k)	
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	 			 	 	IN/A	17
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				†			
						1	19
						N/A	20
							21
							22

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report (1) X		riginal	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2)		submission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCA	ATED AC	CUM	ULATED DEFE	RRED INCOM	IE TAXES					
1.	Report the information called for below concer amortizable property.	rning the resp	pondent	's accounting for defe	erred income taxes re	alating to					
2.	In the space provided furnish explanations, inc		ollowing		_						
	 (a) State each certification number with a brie description of property. 	#		(c) Date amortizati commenced.	on for tax purposes						
	(b) Total and amortizable cost of such propert	īy.	(d) "Normal" depreciation rate used in								
		,	computing the deferred tax.								
				Balance at	CHANGES DU	RING YEAR					
	_			Beginning	Amounts	Amounts					
Line	Account Subdivisions			of Year	Debited to	Credited to					
No.	(a)			(6)	Account 410.1	Account 411.1					
1	(a) Accelerated Amortization (Account 281)			(b)	(c)	(d)					
2	Electric										
3	Defense Facilities										
4	Pollution Control Facilities										
5	Other										
6	0410										
7											
8	TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru	7)		0							
9	Gas	/									
10	Defense Facilities										
11	Pollution Control Facilities										
12	Other										
13											
14	Total Cas /Total of Lines 10 thru 11)			0							
15 16	Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) Other (Specify)			0							
17	Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16)			0							
18	Classification of TOTAL			O.							
19	Federal Income tax										
20	State Income Tax										
21	Local Income Tax										
				Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting purposes.							

Name of Responder	nt		This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Avista Corp.			(2) A Resubmissi	on	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	
STATE OF OR	EGON - ALLO	OC. ACC	L ELERATED AM	IORTIZA	ATION PROPER	TY (Acct. 281) Co	on't.
	ce may be omitted i		d the tax rate used du available. Report ga		rrent year to amortize p erred taxes only.	revious deferrals.	
CHANGES DU	RING YEAR		ADJUS	TMENTS			
Amounts	Amounts Credited to		Debits		Credits	Balance at	Line
Debited to Account 410.2 <i>(e)</i>	Account 411.2	Acct. No.	Amount <i>(h)</i>	Acct. No.	Amount	End of Year (k)	No.
(9		(3)	(-7	(-)	Ι	(-7	1
							2
							3
							4 5
							6
							7
						0	8
							9
							10 11
							12
							13
						2	14
						0	15 16
						0	17
							18
							19 20
							21
					•		

Nam	e of Respondent		Report		wi aira al	Date of Report	Year of Report				
		(1)	Х		riginal	(M, D, Y)					
	Avista Corp.	(2)	Ш	A Res	ubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017				
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. A	CCI	JM. I	DEFE	RRED INCOME	TAXES (Acco	unt 282)				
1.	Report the information called for below concer	rning t	he resp	oondent	s accounting for defe	erred taxes related to	property not				
	subject to accelerated amortization.										
2.	In the space provided furnish explanations, inc										
	(a) State the general method or methods of lib					year digits, declining	g balance, etc.)				
	(b) Estimated lives (i.e. useful life, guideline l										
	(c) Classes of plant to which each method is being applied and date method was adopted										
					Balance at	CHANGES DU					
					Beginning	Amounts	Amounts				
Line	Account Subdivisions				of Year	Debited to	Credited to				
No.					4.1	Account 410.1	Account 411.1				
	(a)				(b)	(c)	(d)				
1	Account 282					T					
2	Electric										
3	Gas										
4	Other (Define)										
5	TOTAL (Lines 2 thru 4)										
6	Other (Specify)										
7	Acquisition Adjustment										
8											
9	TOTAL Account 282 (Lines 5 thru 8)				0	0					
					_	-					
10	Classification of TOTAL					T					
11	Federal Income Tax										
12	State Income Tax										
13	Local Income Tax										
					state is not available	ce sheet accounts by e. Total expense/cre ed in Account 190 fo	dit to 410.1				

Name of Respondent	t	(<i>'</i>	his Report Is: 1) X An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report					
Avista Corp.		(2	2) A Resubmis	sion	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
STA	TE OF OREG	ON - ALL	LOCATED OTHER PROPERTY (Acct. 282) (Con't.)								
Beginning balanc Use separate page	e may be omitted i				•	, (,					
CHANGES DUI				STMENTS							
Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to		Debits	1	Credits	Balance at End of Year	Line				
Account 410.2	Account 411.2	Acct. No.	Amount (h)	Acct. No.	Amount	End of Year (k)	No.				
\ /	V	. (9/		1 1/		1	1				
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				+		0	5				
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						0					
						0					
				<u> </u>			13				

Name	of Respondent	This Re		Date of Report	Year of Report					
		()		(M, D, Y)						
	A vista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
,	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. AC	CUM.	DEF. INCOME T	AXES-OTHER	Account 283)					
	Report the information called for below concerni									
recorded in Account 283.										
2.	In the space provided below include amounts rela	ating to i	nsignificant items unde	er Other.						
				CHANGES DURING YEAR						
			Balance at	Amounts	Amounts					
Line	Account Subdivisions		Beginning	Debited to	Credited to					
No.	(-1		of Year	Account 410.1	Account 411.1					
1	(a) A ccount 283		(b)	(c)	(d)					
2	Electric									
3	Electric									
4										
5										
6										
7										
8	Other									
9	TOTAL Electric (Total Lines 3 thru	8)								
10	Gas									
11 12	Gas									
13	Deferred Gas Estimate									
14	Do a rad Cab Latinato									
15										
16	Other									
17	TOTAL Gas (Total Lines 11 thru 16)	0	C						
18	Other (Specify)									
19	TOTAL Account 283 (Enter Total lines	9,	•							
	17 and 18)		0							
	Classification of TOTAL				. 1					
21	Federal Income Tax		0	(<u> </u>					
22	State Income Tax Local Income Tax									
23	Local Highlig Lax			<u>I</u>						
			state is not availabl	nce sheet accounts by e. Total expense/credit ted in Account 190 for r						

Name of Responden	Name of Respondent					Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
A		1		An Original			D = 04 0047	
Avista Corp.			(2)	A Resubmis	ssion	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	
STATE OF C	DREGON - ALI	LOC. A	CCUN	и. DEF. I	NCOM	E TAXES - OTH	IER (Acct. 283) (Cc	n't)
Beginning balanc Use separate page		not readil	y availa	able. Report	gas utilit	ty deferred taxes only.		
CHANGES DUR					USTMEN			
Amounts	Amounts			Debits	<u> </u>	Credits		
Debited to Account 410.2 <i>(e)</i>	Credited to Account 411.2 <i>(f)</i>	Acct. No. (g)		Amount (h)	Acct. No.	Amount <i>(j)</i>	Balance at End of Year <i>(k)</i>	Line No.
								2
			<u>Xacaaaacaaacaaa</u>					3
					<u> </u>	†	T	4
								5
					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	6
	<u> </u>	igspace				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	7
	 	↓			 	 	 	8
								9
		T T			T		T 0	10 11
		++			+		 	12
					†		0	13
					1			14
					1	<u> </u>	1	15
								16
							0	
	<u> </u>	$\sqcup \sqcup$			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		18
							0	19
								20
]883183001000000000000000000000000000000	211111111111111111111111111111111111111	<u>20100000000000000000000000000000000000</u>	<u></u>	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	0	21
					†	†	1	22
					1			23
							•	

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report	((M, D, Y)	Year of Report				
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017				
	STATE OF C	DREGON - ALLOCATED	ACCUMULATED	DEFERRED	INVESTMENT TA	X CREDITS (A	(ccount 255)		
Reno	ort below information applicable to Account 255.								
the a	verage period over which the tax credits are amorti	ized.	on on adjudento no t						
	_	Balance at			Allocat				Average Period
Line	Account Subdivisions	Beginning of Year	Deferred Account No.	for Year Amount	Current Ye Account No.	ar's Income Amount	Adjustments	Balance at End of Year	of Allocation to Income
No.	Subdivisions (a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
1	[ω]	(2)	(6)	(4)	(6)	(1)	(9)	(17)	(1)
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
8									
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29									
30									

Nam	ne of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report	((M, D, Y)	Year of Report				
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017				
	STATE OF C	OREGON - ALLOCATED	ACCUMULATE	DEFERRED	INVESTMENT TA	X CREDITS (A	Account 255)		
Repo	ort below information applicable to Account 255. I	Explain by footnote any corre							
the a	average period over which the tax credits are amorti I	ized. Balance at			Allocat	ions to		ı	Average Period
	Account	Beginning of	Deferred	d for Year	Current Ye			Balance at	of Allocation
Line		Year	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	Adjustments	End of Year	to Income
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
1	Gas Utility								
2	070								
3	4%								
4	7%								
5	10%								
6	TOTAL	0.00						0.00	
7	Other (List separately and show								
	3%, 4%, 7%, 10%, and TOTAL)								
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21	i								
22	i								
23									
24									
25									
26							1		
27							<u> </u>		
28							<u> </u>		
29									
30									
- 30									

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)		Year of Report		
	Avista Corp.	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017		
		STATE OF OREG		TV DI ANT			
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT A				AMORTIZATION	AND DEPLETIO	N
	GOMMARCE OF OTTERFFE EARLY A			2.112017111011,7	Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	
		T	FI ()	0	Cirioi (Opcony)	G (GP 66))	
Line		Total	Electric	Gas	(-)	(1)	Common
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
1	0						
	In Service Plant In Service (Classified)	572,356,958	404 400 000	377,828,240			99,792
3			194,428,926				99,792
4	Property Under Capital Leases Plant Purchased or Sold	0		0			
	Completed Construction not Classified						
7	·						
	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	E72 256 059	194,428,926	277 020 240			99,792
	Leased to Others	572,356,958	194,420,920	377,828,240			99,192
	Held for Future Use						
	Construction Work in Progress	2,476,267		2,476,267			
	Acquisition Adjustments	2,470,207		2,410,201			
13		574,833,225	194,428,926	380,304,507			99,792
	Accum. Prov. for Depr., Amort., Depl.	174,233,141	61,080,932	113,090,037			62,172
	Net Utility Plant (Line 13 less 14)	400,600,084	133,347,994	267,214,470			37,620
	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR	400,000,004	100,047,004	201,214,410			57,020
_	DEPRECIATION. AMORTIZATION & DEPLETION						
	In Service:						
	Depreciation	174,044,321	60,980,798	113,001,351			62,172
19	Amort. & Depl. of Producing Natural Gas	177,077,021	00,300,730	110,001,001			02,172
10	Land & Land Rights						
20	Amort. of Underground Storage Land &						
	Land Rights						
21	Amort. of Other Utility Plant	188,820	100.134	88.686			0
	TOTAL in Service (lines 18 thru 21)	174,233,141	61,080,932	113,090,037			62,172
	Leased to Others	11 1,200,111	0.1,000,002	110,000,001			02,2
	Depreciation			-			
	Amortization and Depletion						
26		0	0	0			
	Held for Future Use		-	-			
28							
29	Amortization						
	TOTAL Held for Future Use (Lines 28 & 29)	0	0	0			
	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
32	Amort. of Plant Acquisition Adj.	0	0				
33	TOTAL Accumulated Provisions (Should						
	ograp with line 14) (Lines 22, 26, 20, 21, 9, 22)	174 000 144	61 090 022	112 000 027			60 170

NOTE: Electric plant represents the Coyote Springs 2 plant, which was placed in service on July 1, 2003. Electric depreciation expense is charged to the states of Washington and Idaho.

Name of Respondent	This Report		Date of Report	Year of Report					
	(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)						
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
	1	STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	S PLANT IN SERV	/ICE				
1. Report below the original cost of gas plant in serv	rice 4. Er	nclose in parentheses c	redit adjustments of pla	nt accounts to	estimated basis, with	appropriate contra entry	to the account for accu	um-	
according to the prescribed accounts.		dicate the negative effe			ulated depreciation pr	ovision. Include also in	column (d) reversals of	of	
In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classif			cording to prescribed ac			of prior year unclassifie			
this page and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant			ary, and include the entr	. ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	nt showing the account of			
Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plan			olumn (c) are entries for			ns in columns (c) and (d)			
Unclassified; and Account 106, Completed Construction			r reported in column (b)			ve account distributions			
Not Classified-Gas. respondent has a significant amount of plant retirements which have observance of the above instructions and the texts of Accounts 101 and not been classified to primary accounts at the end of the year, include 106 will avoid serious omissions of the reported amount of respondent's									
additions and retirements for the current or preceding year									
Line Account		Balance at	Additions	Retirements	A di catamonto	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line
No. Account		Beginning of Year (b)	(c)	(d)	Adjustments (e)	ransrers (f)	End of Year (a)		No.
1 1. Intangible Plant		(6)	(9	(4)	19	17	1 (9/		1
2 301 Organization							Ι ο	301	2
3 302 Franchises and Consents							-	302	3
4 303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant		426,125	0	0	0		426,125	303	4
5 TOTAL Intangible Plant		426,125	0	0	0	0	426,125		5
6 2. Production Plant									6
7 Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant									7
8 325.1 Producing Lands		0					0	325.1	8
9 325.2 Producing Leaseholds								325.2	9
10 325.3 Gas Rights								325.3	10
11 325.4 Rights-of-Way								325.4	11
12 325.5 Other Land and Land Rights								325.5	
13 326 Gas Well Structures								326	13
14 327 Field Compressor Station Structures								327	14
15 328 Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Structures								328	15
16 329 Other Structures								329	16
17 330 Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction 18 331 Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment								330 331	17 18
19 332 Field Lines								332	19
20 333 Field Compressor Station Equipment								333	20
21 334 Field Meas, and Reg. Sta. Equipment								334	21
22 335 Drilling and Clearing Equipment								335	22
23 336 Purification Equipment								336	23
24 337 Other Equipment								337	24
25 338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Devel. Costs								338	25
26 TOTAL Production and Gathering Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		26
27 Products Extraction Plant									27
28 340 Land and Land Rights								340	28
29 341 Structures and Improvements								341	29
30 342 Extraction and Refining Equipment								342	30
31 343 Pipe Lines								343	31
32 344 Extracted Products Storage Equipment					İ			344	32

Name of Respondent	This Report (1) X	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
		STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	SPLANT IN SERV	ICE				
6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary acc distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account 10. Account 102, include in column (e) the amounts with redepreciation, acquisition adjustments, etc., and show in debits or credits distributed in column (f) to primary accounts.	count classification 2. In showing the spect to accumunate column (f) only	ons arising from the clearance of allated provision for the offset to the ons.	supplemental 8. For each amo name of veno	399, state the nature and y statement showing sub bunt comprising the repo dor or purchaser, and date y the Uniform System of	paccount classification rted balance and chang e of transaction. If pro	of such plant conforming ges in Account 102, state aposed journal entires ha	g to the requirements on the property purchase we been filed with the C	of these pa ed or sold,	l, sion
Line Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.
No. (a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
33 345 Compressor Equipment								345	33
34 346 Gas Meas. and Reg. Equipment								346	34
35 347 Other Equipment								347	35
36 TOTAL Products Extraction Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		36
37 TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		37
38 Mfd. Gas Prod. Plant (Submit Suppl. Sta	atement)	7,628	0	0	0	0	7,628		38
39 TOTAL Production Plant		7,628	0	0	0	0	7,628		39
 3. Natural Gas Storage and Processing 	n Plant							1 1	40
41 Underground Storage Plant	•								41
42 350.1 Land							0	350.1	42
43 350.2 Rights-of-Way							0	350.2	43
44 351 Structures and Improvements							0	351	44
45 352 Wells							0	352	45
46 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights							0	352.1	46
47 352.2 Reservoirs							0	352.2	47
48 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas							0	352.3	48
49 353 Lines							0	353	49
50 354 Compressor Station Equipment							0	354	50
51 355 Measuring and Reg. Equipment							0	355	51
52 356 Purification Equipment							0	356	52
53 357 Other Equipment							0	357	53
54 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		54
55 Other Storage Plant									55
56 360 Land and Land Rights								360	56
57 361 Structures and Improvements								361	57
58 362 Gas Holders								362	58
59 363 Purification Equipment								363	59
60 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment								363.1	60
61 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment								363.2	61
62 363.3 Compressor Equipment								363.3	62
63 363.4 Meas. and Reg. Equipment								363.4	63
64 363.5 Other Equipment								363.5	64
65 TOTAL Other Storage Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		65

Name of Respondent	This Report		Date of Report	Year of Report					
	(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)						
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
	•	STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	SPLANT IN SERV	ICE				
		Balance at					Balance at		Line
Line Account		Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	End of Year		No.
No. (a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(9)		
66 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Termin	aring								66
and Processing Plant 67 364.1 Land and Land Rights							T T	364.1	67
68 364.2 Structures and Improvements								364.2	_
69 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment								364.3	_
70 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment								364.4	_
71 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment								364.5	_
72 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment								364.6	
73 364.7 Communications Equipment								364.7	73
74 364.8 Other Equipment								364.8	
75 TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Natural		0	0	0	0	0	0		75
76 Gas, Terminaling and Processing Pla	int					-	-		76
77 TOTAL Nat. Gas Storage and Proc. Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		77
78 4. Transmission Plant			-	-		-	-		78
79 365.1 Land and Land Rights								365.1	79
80 365.2 Rights-of-Way								365.2	
81 366 Structures and Improvements								366	81
82 367 Mains								367	82
83 368 Compressor Station Equipment								368	83
84 369 Measuring and Reg. Sta. Equipment								369	84
85 370 Communication Equipment								370	85
86 371 Other Equipment								371	86
87 TOTAL Transmission Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		87
88 5. Distribution Plant									88
89 374 Land and Land Rights		611,781	(6,217)				605,564	374	89
90 375 Structures and Improvements		378,029	(8,637)	6,443			362,949	375	90
91 376 Mains		197,898,741	17,259,166	741,407			214,416,500	376	91
92 377 Compressor Station Equipment		0					0	377	92
93 378 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip General		5,175,205	934,764	193,166			5,916,803	378	93
94 379 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip City Gate		2,048,674	154,430	15,053		0	2,188,051	379	94
95 380 Services		90,570,997	6,335,334	222,015			96,684,316	380	95
96 381 Meters		41,418,934	4,256,348	1,060,381			44,614,901	381	96
97 382 Meter Installations		0					0	382	97
98 383 House Regulators		0					0	383	98
99 384 House Reg. Installations		0					0	384	99
100 385 Industrial Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equipment		1,550,095	51,130				1,601,225	385	100
101 386 Other Prop. on Customers' Premises		0					0	386	101
102 387 Other Equipment		539					539	387	102
103 TOTAL Distribution Plant		339,652,995	28,976,318	2,238,465	0	0	366,390,848		103

Name of Res	pondent	This Repor	t Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avista Cor	р.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
		ı	STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	SPLANT IN SERV	ICE				
			Balance at					Balance at		Line
Line	Account		Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	End of Year	l	No.
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	L	
104	6. General Plant									104
105 389	Land and Land Rights		848,544					848,544	389	105
106 390	Structures and Improvements		3,604,553	44,703				3,649,256	390	106
107 391	Office Furniture and Equipment		0					0	391	107
108 392	Transportation Equipment		4,212,262	158,526	136,336			4,234,452	392	108
109 393	Stores Equipment		57,226	153	8,750			48,629	393	109
110 394	Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment		951,076		31,540			919,536	394	110
111 395	Laboratory Equipment		40,916					40,916	395	111
112 396	Power Operated Equipment		43,834					43,834	396	112
113 397	Communication Equipment		1,228,108		12,003			1,216,105	397	113
114 398	Miscellaneous Equipment		2,367					2,367	398	114
115	Subtotal		10,988,886	203,382	188,629	0	0	11,003,639	l	115
116 399	Other Tangible Property								399	116
117	TOTAL General Plant		10,988,886	203,382	188,629	0	0	11,003,639		117
118	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)		351,075,634	29,179,700	2,427,094	0	0	377,828,240	<u> </u>	118
119	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)									119
120	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)									120
121	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified									121
122	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service		351,075,634	29,179,700	2,427,094	0	0	377,828,240	ł	122

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)		Year of Report					
Avi	ista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017					
STATE OF OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE SUPPLEMENT TO PAGE 25										
Line	Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.
No.			(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		INO.
	304 Land and Land Rights		7,628					7,628		
	305 Structures and Improvements							0	305	
	311 Liquified Petroleum Gas Equipment		0					0	311	
38	Total Mfd. Gas Prod. Plant	·	7,628	0	0	0	0	7,628		38

Name	of Respondent	This Repor (1) X	t Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
	Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	
	STATE OF OREC	GON - SIT	TUS GAS PLAN	T HELD FOR FU	JTURE USE	
1.	Report separately each property held of property held for future use may be	for future us	se at end of the year	having an original cost	t of \$100,000 or mor	e. Other items
2.	For property having an original cost of in addition to other required informat cost was transferred to Account 105.	of \$100,000 of ion, the date	or more previously ethat utility use of s	used in utility operation uch property was disco	ns, now held for futu ontinued, and the dat	ıre use, give, e the original
Line No.	Description and Locati (a)	on of Proper	ty	Date Originally Included In This Account (b)	Dated Expected To Be Used In Utility Service (c)	Balance at End of Year (d)
1	(a)			(5)	(9)	(4)
2 3 4	NONE					
5 6						
7 8						
9 10						
11						
12 13						
14 15						
16						
17 18						
19						
20 21						
22						
23 24						
25						
26 27						
28 29						
30						
31 32						
33						
34 35						
36 37						
38						
39 40						
41						
42 43						
44			TOTALS			

Name	e of Respondent		Repo		Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1)	Х	An Original	(M, D, Y)	
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - SITU	s co	NSTI	RUCTION WORK IN	PROGRESS - (Account	107)
1.	Report below descriptions and balance	s at e	nd of	year of project in pro	cess of construction (10)7).
2.	Show items relating to "research, devel					
2	Research, Development, and Demonst	ration	(see	Account 107 of the U	Jniform System of Acco	unts).
3.	Minor projects may be grouped.				Construction Work	Estimated
Line	Description of	Projec	ct		in Progress-Gas	Additional
No.					(Account 107)	Cost of
	(a)				(b)	Project (c)
1	Gas Replace-St&Hwy				1,991,960	14,800,000
2	·					
3	Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000				484,307	72,700,000
4						
5						
9 10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15	Notes for the The Estimated Additional					
16	(1) Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000 re	-				
17 18	service replacements, regulator reliabili telemetry, etc.	ty pro	gran	is, gas		
19	(2) Estimated additional cost amounts r	epres	ent a	five vear		
20	buget total.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
21						
22						
23						
24 25						
23 24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30 31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36 37						
38	TOTALS				2 476 267	87 500 000

Name	of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
Avis	ata Corp.	(2) A Resubmissio	n	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
5	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS ACC. PR	ROV. FOR DEPR. O	F GASUTIL	ITY PLANT (Acct. 108)
1. Expl	ain in a footnote any important adjustments during	the respondent	has a significant	amount of plant r	etired at
for b repo exclu 3. The of A	ain in a footnote any difference between the amour ain in a footnote any difference between the amour book cost of plant retired, line 11, column (c), and the other ted for gas plant in service, pages 24-27, column auding retirements of non-depreciable property. Provisions of Account 108 of the Uniform System accounts require that retirements of depreciable plant excorded when such plant is removed from service.	nt various reserve that closing entries (d), plant retired. In ment work in p tional classificant 4. Show separatel	functional classito tentatively fur n addition, including rogress at year extions.		reliminary ok cost of the ed in retire- ate func-
	Section A. B	alances and Changes Duri	ng Year		
Line No.	ltem <i>(a)</i>	Total (c+d+e) <i>(b)</i>	Gas Plant in Service (c)	Gas Plant Held for Future Use (d)	Gas Plant Leased to Others (e)
	Balance Beginning of Year	107,119,652	107,119,652	0	
	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to	, , , ,			
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	7,344,209	7,344,209		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plt. Leas. to Others				
5	Transportation Expenses-Clearing	334,974	334,974		
6	Other Clearing Accounts				
7	Other Accounts (Specify):	0	0		
8	TOTAL Denves Provider Vest				
9	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 8)	7,679,183	7,679,183	0	0
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:	7,079,103	7,079,103	U	U
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired	2,427,093	2,427,093		
12	Cost of Removal	0	0		
13	Salvage (Credit)	0	0		
14	TOTAL Net Chrgs. for Plant Ret.		-		
	(Enter Total of lines 11 thru 13)	2,427,093	2,427,093	0	0
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe)	629,609	629,609		
16	Transfer of Intang Plt & Exclude Comm. Plt.				
17	Balance End of Year (Enter				
	Total of lines 1, 9, 14, 15, and 16)	113,001,351	113,001,351	0	0
	Section B. Balances at End	of Year According to Fur	ctional Classific	ations	
	Production-Manufactured Gas				
	Prod. and Gathering-Natural Gas				
	Products Extraction-Natural Gas				
	Underground Gas Storage	0	0		
	Other Storage Plant				
	Base Load LNG Term and Proc. Plt.				
	Transmission Distribution	108,003,968	108,003,968		
	General	4,997,383			
	· · · · · ·	.,55.,500	.,55.,550	1	1

TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 18 thru 26)

113,001,351

113,001,351

Nam	e of Respondent		Date of Report		Year of Report		
		(1) X An Original	(M, D, Y)				
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017		
		STATE O	F OREGON - ALL	OCATED			
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT				N. AMORTIZATI	ON AND DEPLET	ION
					Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	-
l			-		(-1)/	(-1)	
Line No.	Item <i>(a)</i>	Total	Electric	Gas <i>(d)</i>		(f)	Common
1	(a) UTILITY PLANT	(b)	(c)	(a)	(e)	(1)	(g)
	In Service						
3	Plant In Service (Classified)	53,200,302		8,497,712			44,702,590
4	Property Under Capital Leases	53,200,302		0,497,712			44,702,390
5	Plant Purchased or Sold						
6	Completed Construction not Classified						
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified						
	'	F2 200 202		0.407.740			44 700 500
8	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	53,200,302		8,497,712			44,702,590
	Leased to Others						
	Held for Future Use						
	Construction Work in Progress						
	Acquisition Adjustments			0.40==40			44 = 00 = 00
13	TOTAL Utility Plant (Lines 8 thru 12)	53,200,302		8,497,712			44,702,590
	Accum. Prov. for Depr., Amort., Depl.	11,378,743		673,748			10,704,995
15	Net Utility Plant (Line 13 less 14)	41,821,559		7,823,964			33,997,595
	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION & DEPLETION						
17	In Service:						
18		6,201,049		553,242			5,647,807
19	Amort. & Depl. of Producing Natural Gas Land & Land Rights						
20							
	Land Rights						
21	Amort. of Other Utility Plant	5,177,694		120,506			5,057,188
22	TOTAL in Service (lines 18 thru 21)	11,378,743		673,748			10,704,995
	Leased to Others						
24	Depreciation						
25	Amortization and Depletion			0			
26	TOTAL Leased to Others (Lines 24 & 25)	0_		U			
	Held for Future Use						
28	Depreciation						
29	Amortization						
30	TOTAL Held for Future Use (Lines 28 & 29)	0		0			
	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
	Amort. of Plant Acquisition Adj.						
33	TOTAL Accumulated Provisions (Should						
	agree with line 14) (Lines 22, 26, 30, 31 & 32)	11,378,743		673,748			10,704,995

Name of Respondent	This Report	t le	Date of Report	Year of Report					
reality of respondent	(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)	T car of report					
	(a)								
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
	STA	ATE OF OREGO	N - ALLOCATED	GAS PLANT IN S	ERVICE				
1. Report below the original cost of gas plant in servi			redit adjustments of plan	t accounts to		appropriate contra entry t			
according to the prescribed accounts.		ndicate the negative effe				ovision. Include also in o	` '	f	
In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classified)	* -	•	cording to prescribed ac			of prior year unclassified			
this page and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant			ary, and include the entr	` '	• • •	t showing the account di			
Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant			olumn (c) are entries for			s in columns (c) and (d),	· ·		
Unclassified; and Account 106, Completed Construction Not Classified-Gas.			r reported in column (b).			e account distributions o			
			ant amount of plant retir mary accounts at the end			ve instructions and the te omissions of the reporte			
 Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year 			distribution of such retir			e at the end of the year.			
additions and realization the current of preceding year	. "	* /	I	CITCHO, OIT CIT	prant dotdary in solvic	cat the did of the year.	`	, 55)	T 1 2
Line Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line
No. (a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		INO
1 1. Intangible Plant		(2)	(9	(4)	(9	(7	(9/		1
2 301 Organization							0	301	2
3 302 Franchises and Consents							0	302	3
4 303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant		377,619			(172,546)		205,073	303	4
5 TOTAL Intangible Plant		377,619	0	0	(172,546)	0	205,073		5
6 2. Production Plant									6
7 Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant									7
8 325.1 Producing Lands							0	325.1	8
9 325.2 Producing Leaseholds							0	325.2	9
10 325.3 Gas Rights							0	325.3	10
11 325.4 Rights-of-Way							0	325.4	
12 325.5 Other Land and Land Rights							0	325.5	_
13 326 Gas Well Structures							0	326	13
14 327 Field Compressor Station Structures							0	327	14
15 328 Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Structures							0	328	15
16 329 Other Structures 17 330 Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction							0	329	16
17 330 Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction 18 331 Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment							0	330 331	17 18
19 332 Field Lines							0	332	19
20 333 Field Compressor Station Equipment							0	333	20
21 334 Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equipment							0	334	21
22 335 Drilling and Clearing Equipment							0	335	22
23 336 Purification Equipment							0	336	23
24 337 Other Equipment							0	337	24
25 338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Devel. Costs							0	338	25
26 TOTAL Production and Gathering Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		26
27 Products Extraction Plant									27
28 340 Land and Land Rights							0	340	28
29 341 Structures and Improvements							0	341	29
30 342 Extraction and Refining Equipment							0	342	30
31 343 Pipe Lines		1					0	343	31
32 344 Extracted Products Storage Equipment			i				0	344	32

Name of Respondent	This Report	Ic.	Date of Report	Year of Report					
I varie of respondent	(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)	rear or report					
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
·	CT/	TE OF OBECOM	L ALLOCATED	GAS PLANT IN SE	EDV/ICE				
	31 F	TE OF OREGO	N-ALLOCATED	GAS PLANT IN S	ERVICE				
6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within util in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary accour distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account 102. Account 102, include in column (e) the amounts with respe depreciation, acquisition adjustments, etc., and show in col debits or credits distributed in column (f) to primary account.	nt classification In showing the ect to accumul lumn (f) only	ns arising from e clearance of ated provision for the offset to the	supplementar 8. For each amo name of veno	399, state the nature and y statement showing sub- ount comprising the repor for or purchaser, and date y the Uniform System of	account classification of ted balance and change e of transaction. If pro	of such plant conforming es in Account 102, state to posed journal entires hav	to the requirements of the property purchased	these paod or sold,	•
Line Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.
No. (a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	'	INO.
33 345 Compressor Equipment		(-)	197	(-/	(-)	1.7	0	345	33
34 346 Gas Meas. and Reg. Equipment							0		34
35 347 Other Equipment							0	347	35
36 TOTAL Products Extraction Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		36
37 TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		37
38 Mfd. Gas Prod. Plant (Submit Suppl. State)	ment)	-		-		-	0		38
39 TOTAL Production Plant	•	0	0	0	0	0	0		39
40 3. Natural Gas Storage and Processing F	Plant								40
41 Underground Storage Plant									41
42 350.1 Land		77,958			8.960		86,918	350.1	42
43 350.2 Rights-of-Way		0			0,900		00,910	350.1	
44 351 Structures and Improvements		88,385			29.590		117,975	351	44
45 352 Wells		963,918		-	29,590	-	993,508	352	45
46 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights		0					0	352.1	46
47 352.2 Reservoirs		1,464,162					1,464,162	352.2	47
48 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas		450,620					450,620	352.3	48
49 353 Lines		62,304					62,304	353	49
50 354 Compressor Station Equipment		2,935,116			29,590		2,964,706	354	50
51 355 Measuring and Reg. Equipment		71,054			29,590		100,644	355	51
52 356 Purification Equipment		0					0	356	52
53 357 Other Equipment		76,671			29,591		106,262	357	53
54 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant		6,190,187	0	0	156,911	0	6,347,098	<u> </u>	54
55 Other Storage Plant			T				_		55
56 360 Land and Land Rights							0	360	56
57 361 Structures and Improvements							0	361	57
58 362 Gas Holders 59 363 Purification Equipment							0	362 363	58 59
59 363 Purification Equipment 60 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment							0	363.1	60
61 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment							0	363.2	61
62 363.3 Compressor Equipment		 					0	363.3	62
63 363.4 Meas. and Reg. Equipment							0	363.4	
64 363.5 Other Equipment							0	363.5	
65 TOTAL Other Storage Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0	550.0	65
1017/L Other Grouge Hair		· ·		0	0	U	0		

Name o	·	This Report	Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avist	sta Corp. ((2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
		STA	TE OF OREGO	N - ALLOCATED	GAS PLANT IN SE	RVICE				
Line	Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
66	,									66
67	and Processing Plant 364.1 Land and Land Rights							0	364.1	67
	364.2 Structures and Improvements							0	364.2	
	364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment							0	364.3	
	364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment							0	364.4	
	364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment							0	364.5	
	364.6 Compressor Station Equipment							0	364.6	
	364.7 Communications Equipment							0	364.7	
	364.8 Other Equipment							0	364.8	
75			0	0	0	0	0	0		75
76				Ŭ	Ü	•		0		76
77			6,190,187	0	0	156,911	0	6,347,098		77
78			6,106,161		,	100,011	٠	0,0,000		78
	365.1 Land and Land Rights							0	365.1	79
	365.2 Rights-of-Way							0		
	366 Structures and Improvements							0		81
	367 Mains							0	367	82
	368 Compressor Station Equipment							0	368	83
	369 Measuring and Reg. Sta. Equipment							0	369	84
85	370 Communication Equipment							0	370	85
86	371 Other Equipment							0	371	86
87	TOTAL Transmission Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		87
88	5. Distribution Plant									88
89	374 Land and Land Rights		0					0	374	89
90	375 Structures and Improvements		0					0	375	90
91	376 Mains		0					0	376	91
92	377 Compressor Station Equipment		0					0	377	92
	378 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip General		0					0	378	93
	379 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip City Gate		0					0	379	94
	380 Services		0					0	380	95
	381 Meters		0					0	381	96
	382 Meter Installations		0					0	382	97
	383 House Regulators		0					0	383	98
	384 House Reg. Installations		0					0	384	99
	385 Industrial Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equipment		0					0	385	100
	386 Other Prop. on Customers' Premises		0					0		101
	387 Other Equipment		0	_	_	_	_	0	387	102
103	TOTAL Distribution Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	103

Name of Res	pondent	This Report		Date of Report	Year of Report							
		(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)								
Avista Cor	p.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	Dec. 31, 2017						
		STA	TE OF OREGON	E OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE								
			Balance at					Balance at		Line		
Line	Account		Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	End of Year	ł	No.		
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<i>(f)</i>	(g)	1			
104	6. General Plant								ĺ	104		
105 389	Land and Land Rights		0					0	389	105		
106 390	Structures and Improvements		0					0	390	106		
107 391	Office Furniture and Equipment		186,731			44,431		231,162	391	107		
108 392	Transportation Equipment		0					0	392	108		
109 393	Stores Equipment		0					0	393	109		
110 394	Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment		1,005,672			296,017		1,301,689	394	110		
111 395	Laboratory Equipment		48,982			1,736		50,718	395	111		
112 396	Power Operated Equipment		0					0	396	112		
113 397	Communication Equipment		301,514			60,458		361,972	397	113		
114 398	Miscellaneous Equipment		0					0	398	114		
115	Subtotal		1,542,899	0	0	402,642	0	1,945,541		115		
116 399	Other Tangible Property		0					0	399	116		
117	TOTAL General Plant		1,542,899	0	0	402,642	0	1,945,541		117		
118	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)		8,110,705	0	0	387,007	0	8,497,712	<u> </u>	118		
119	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)									119		
120	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)						·		<u> </u>	120		
121	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified								<u> </u>	121		
122	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service		8,110,705	0	0	387,007	0	8,497,712	i	122		

Name	of Respondent	(1) X	oort Is: An Original	(M, D, Y)	Year of Report						
,	Avista Corp. (2) A Resubmission April 25, 2018 Dec. 31, 2017 STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT HELD FOR FUTURE USE (ACCOUNT 105)										
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLO	CATE	O GAS PLANT	HELD FOR FUTU	RE USE (ACCO	UNT 105)					
1. 2.	of property held for future use may be grouped provided that the number of properties so grouped is indicated. 2. For property having an original cost of \$100,000 or more previously used in utility operations, now held for future use, give, in addition to other required information, the date that utility use of such property was discontinued, and the date the original cost was transferred to Account 105.										
Line No.	Description and Locatio (a)	n of Prop	erty	Date Originally Included In This Account (b)	Date Expected To Be Used In Utility Service (c)	Balance At End of Year (d)					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 12 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	NONE		TOTALS								

Nam	e of Respondent	This F	Report	Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCAT	ED (CON	STRUCTION WO	DRK IN PROGRESS	S - (Account 107)					
1. 2. 3.	. Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts).										
Line No.	Description of Pro	ject			Construction Work in Progress-Gas (Account 107) (b)	Estimated Additional Cost of Project (c)					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 6 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 6 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	None TOTALS				(b)						

Name	of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
Avis	ata Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	1		Dec. 31, 2017
	·				·
STA	ATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. ACC. P	ROV. FOR DEPR. (OF GAS UTI	LITY PLANT	(Acct. 119)
1. Expl	ain in a footnote any important adjustments durir			amount of plant re	
year.				corded and/or class	
	ain in a footnote any difference between the amo book cost of plant retired, line 11, column (c), and			fications, make pr ctionalize the boo	
	rted for gas plant in service, pages 32-35, column			de all costs include	
exclu	uding retirements of non-depreciable property.			nd in the appropria	
3. The	provisions of Account 119 in the Uniform Syster	n tional classifica	tions.		
	accounts require that retirements of depreciable p				und
be re	ecorded when such plant is removed from service	e. If or similar metho	od of depreciation	n accounting.	
	Section A. E	Balances and Changes Dur			
Line	Item	Total	Gas Plant in		Gas Plant Leased
No.		(c+d+e)	Service	for Future Use	to Others
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Balance Beginning of Year	901,360	901,360	0	0
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to				
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	1,826,287	1,826,287		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plt. Leas. to Others	1,020,207	1,020,207		
5	Transportation Expenses-Clearing	0	0		
6	Other Clearing Accounts		<u> </u>		
7	Other Accounts (Specify):	(1,593,094)	(1,593,094)		
8	Carron y toods no (Op as.r.y).	(1,000,001)	(1,000,001)		
9	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year				
	(Enter Total of lines 3 thru 8)	233,193	233,193	0	0
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:				
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired	0	0		
12	Cost of Removal	0	0		
13	Salvage (Credit)	0	0		
14	TOTAL Net Chrgs. for Plant Ret.	_	_	_	_
	(Enter Total of lines 11 thru 13)	0	0	0	0
	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe):	(581,311)	(581,311)		
16	Delegas Fed of Very /Feter				
17	Balance End of Year (Enter	EE0 040	EE0 040	0	0
	Total of lines 1, 9, 14, 15, and 16) Section B. Balances at End	553,242	553,242	O octions	0
10	Production-Manufactured Gas	To real According to Ful	ictional Classifi	Calions	<u> </u>
	Production in wall directioned Gas Prod. and Gathering-Natural Gas				
	Products Extraction-Natural Gas				
	Underground Gas Storage	1,012,457	1,012,457		
	Other Storage Plant	.,,	.,,		
	Base Load LNG Term and Proc. Plt.				
	Transmission				
	Distribution	(1,276,582)	(1,276,582)		
	General	817,367	817,367		
27	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 18				
	thru 26)	553 242	553 242	l o	l n

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original			Date of Report (M,D,Y)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.		(2) A Resubmis			April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OF	REGON - GA	SSTORED (117	16	4.1, 164.2, AN	D 164.3)	
1.	Report below the information called for cor	ncerning inventories	of ras stored		nrevious encroachme	nt, upon native gas constitu	ting the "gas gushion" of
2.	The Uniform System of Accounts provides				any storage reservoir		ang the gab odd ton or
	tained on a consolidated basis for all storage			5.		s a "base stock" in connecti	
	showing the Mcf of inputs and withdrawals under specified circumstances. If the respo				0.0	ncise statement of the basis inventory basis and the acc	· ·
	maintained on a consolidated basis for all s					chment of withdrawals on "	
	explanation of the accounting followed and					encroachment, including bri	,
	general basis provided by the Uniform Syst			_	such accounting duri		
	on this schedule form should be furnished f for which separate inventory cost records a	• .	rage projects	6.		vided accumulated provisions fully recovered from any s	
3.	If during the year adjustment was made of the		ory, such as to			a) date of Commission auth	0 . ,
	correct for cumulative inaccuracies of gas r					n (b) explanation of circum	
	of the reason for the adjustment, the Mcf are	nd dollar amount of a	adjustment and		. ,	sis of provision and factors	. ,
4.	account charged or credited. Give a concise statement of the facts and the	ne accounting perform	ned with respect			cumulated provision accum ccumulated provision and e	
	to any encroachment of withdrawals during			7.			edule is 14.73 psia at 60° F.
		Noncurrent	Current		LNG	LNG	
Line	Description	(Account 117)	(Account 164.1)		(Account 164.2		Total
No.	2 000р.т.б.т.	(a)	(b)		(e)	(d)	(e)
1	Balance, beginning of year	1,261,012	1,033,529		0	C	
2	Gas delivered to storage	, ,	2,399,612				2,399,612
3	(contra account)						
4	Gas withdrawn from storage		2,081,438				2,081,438
5	(contra account)						
6	Other debits and credits net	0				0	
7							
8							
9							
10 11							
12	Balance, end of year	1,261,012	1,351,703		0	C	2,612,715
13	Therm	2,259,880					8,194,220
14	Amount per Mcf	\$5.58	\$2.28				\$3.19
15	State basis of segregation of inven						
16	Current portion is gas expected	d to be sold with	in a 24-month period.	ΑII			
17	Gas delivered to storage:				Current	LNG	
18	Therm				10,457,240		
19	Amount per therm				\$2.29		
20 21	Cost basis of gas delivered to s	0	~ ~~			Average Coet	-
22	Specify: Own production (given uniform system of accounts);					Average Cost	-
23	specific purchases (state whi		par or idooo,				
24	Does cost of gas delivered to st		ny expenses				
25	for use of respondent's transn						
26	facilities? If so, give particul	ars and date of (Commision		No		
27	approval of accounting.						
28							
29	Gas withdrawn from storage:			40,000,000			
30	Therm			10,328,200			
31 32	Amount per therm Cost basis of withdrawal			\$2.02			
33	Specify: average cost, lifo, fi	fo (Explain any			Average Cost	=	
34	inventory basis during year a				7. Training Cour	-	
35	approval of the change or app						
36	different from that referred to						
37							
38							
39 40							
40							

Name of R	espondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1) X An Original	(M, D, Y)	
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - GAS PURC	HASES (Accounts 800, 801	,803, 804, 804.1 and 8	905)
	_	•		
	Name of Seller		Name of Producing	Net Rate Effective
Line	(Designate Associated Con	npanies)	Field or Gasoline Plant	December 31
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	Refer to Note (1)			
2	Note (1) The following are the major gas suppliers	for the State of Oregon:		
3	Anadarko Energy Services Company			
4	BP Canada Energy Group ULC			
5	BP Canada Energy Marketing, Corp.			
6	BP Energy Company			
7	Cargill Inc.			
8	Cargill Limited			
9	Citadel Energy Marketing LLC			
10 11	Concord Energy, LLC			
12	ConocoPhillips Canada Marketing & Trading ULC			
12	ConocoPhillips Company EDF Trading North America, LLC			
13	EnCana Corporation			
15	Encana Marketing (USA) Inc.			
16	Enstor Energy Services, LLC			
17	FortisBC Energy Inc.			
18	IGI Resources Inc.			
19	J. Aron & Company			
20	Koch Energy Services, LLC			
21	Macquarie Energy Canada Ltd			
22	Macquarie Energy LLC			
23	Mercuria Commodities Canada Corporation			
24	Mercuria Energy America, Inc.			
25	Mieco, Inc.			
26	Morgan Stanley Capital Group Inc.			
27	National Bank of Canada			
28	Natural Gas Exchange, Inc.			
29 30	Nevada Power Company Noble America Gas & Power Corp.			
31	Occidental Energy Marketing, Inc.			
32	Portland General Electric Company			
33	Powerex			
34	Puget Sound Energy, Inc.			
35	QEP Energy Company			
36	Sacramento Municipal Utility District			
37	Sequent Energy Management, L.P.			
38	Shell Energy North America (Canada) Inc.			
39	Shell Energy North America (US) L.P.			
40	Sierra Pacific Power Company			
41	Suncor Energy Marketing Inc.			
42	TD Energy Trading Inc.			
43	Tenaska Marketing Canada			
44 45	Tenaska Marketing Ventures			
45 46	Twin Eagle Resource Management, LLC United Energy Trading LLC			
46 47	Onited Energy Trading LLC			
48				
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Name of I	Responde	ent				This Repo	rt is An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Avista	Corp.						A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	1
	Sī	TATE OF	OREG	ON - G	AS PURCH		-)2, 803, 804, 804.1 and 8		
	<u> </u>	/ L O			l cross	Approx	Gas	2, 000, 001, 001.1 414 (Cost	
Seller	State	Count	Schedule		Date of	BTU Per	Purchased - Mcf		Per Mcf	
Code	Code	Code	No.	Suffix	Contract	CU FT	(14.73 PSIA 60°)	Cost of Gas	(Dollars)	Line
(d) Refer to N	(e) Jote (1)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i) Various	(j)	(k) 40,575,087	(I) \$92,444,369.59	(m) \$2.28	No.
					1 01.000		10,010,001	φο2,,σσσ.σσ	\$2.25	
										2
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Vame	of Respondent	This Repo		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission		Dec. 31, 2017					
	STATE OF OREGON - GA	SUSEDII	N UTILITY OPER	RATIONS - CRE	DIT (Account	s 810, 811	, 812)			
1.	Report below particulars of credits during the year to Account	ts 810. 811 a	and 812, which offset c	harges to operating ex	penses or other a	counts or the	cost of gas			
	from the respondent's own supply.		,	3			J			
2.	Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed, or any mixture	of natural an	nd manufactured das.							
	If the reported MCF for any use is an estimated quantity, state		J							
		natural gas was used by the respondent for which charge was not made to the appropriate operating expense or other account, list separately in column (c) the								
	MCF of gas so used, omitting entries in columns (d) and (e).	,		-	,		(-)			
5.										
	(-)	(.)			latural Gas		Manufactur	ed Gas		
				MCF of Gas Used		Amount	MCF of Gas Used			
			Account	(14.73 PSIA	Amount of	Per MCF	(14.73 PSIA	Amount of		
Line	Purpose for Which Gas was Used		Charged	at 60°F)	Credit	(Cents)	` at 60°)	Credit		
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
	810 Gas used for Compressor Station Fuel-Credit									
	811 Gas used for Products Extraction - Credit			11,431,100	\$342,933	\$0.03				
3	(a) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's own prod									
4	(b) Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas processed by o	others								
	812 Gas used for Other Utility Operations - Credit	,								
6	(Report separately for each principal use. Group minor us	es.)								
7										
8 9										
10										
11										
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Name	e of Respondent	This	s Repo	rt Is:	Date of Rep	ort	Year of Report
	·	(1)	X	An Original	(M, D, Y)		•
			_				
	Avista Corp.	(2)	Ш	A Resubmission	April 25, 20)18	Dec. 31, 2017
Year:	20121	1 2			l		
	STATE OF OREGON	1 - G	ASA	CCOUNT - N	ATURAL GA	AS	
1.	The purpose of this schedule is to account for the						pondent
	taking into consideration differences in pressure b delivered.	ases u	sed in a	measuring MCF of	natural gas rece	eived and	d
2.	Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed or a	ny mix	kture of	natural and manu	ıfactured gas.		
3.	Enter in column (c) the MCF as reported in the sci	nedule	sindic	ated for the respec	tive items of red	eipts and	d deliveries.
Line					Ref.		
No.	Item				Page No.		Therms
	(a)				(b)		(c)
1	GAS RECEIVED)					
2	Natural Gas Produced						
3	LPG Gas Produced and Mixed with Natural Gas						
4	Manufactured Gas Produced and Mixed with Natu	ıral Ga	as				
5	Purchased Gas						
6	Wellhead						
7	Field Lines						
8	Gasoline Plants						
9	Transmission Line						
10	City Gate Under FERC Rate Schedules						325,176,300
11	LNG						
12	Other (imbalances)						1,006,230
13	TOTAL GAS PURCHASED						326,182,530
14	Gas of Others Received for Transportation						46,527,812
15	Receipts of Respondents' Gas Transported or Con	presse	ed by C	Others			
16	Exchange Gas Received						
17	Gas Withdrawn from Underground Storage						10,328,200
18	Gas Received from LNG Storage						
19	Gas Received from LNG Processing						
20	Other Receipts (Specify): Storage Injections						
	TOTAL RECEIPTS						383,038,542

Name	e of Respondent	This (1)	Repo X	rt Is: An Original	Date of Repo	ort	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	April 25, 20	18	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - G	AS/	ACC	OUNT - NATUR	AL GAS	Con't)	
4.	In a footnote report the volumes of gas from respon				,		
T.	and included in natural gas sale.	iddi it .	3 OWII	production darvarda	to respondent	3 tiais	THISSION SYSTAM
5.	If the respondent operates two or more systems whi	ch ar	e not i	nterconnected, separa	ate schedules s	hould b	oe submitted.
	Insert pages should be used for this purpose.			•			
	T				Def		
Line	Item				Ref. Page No.	Δ	mount of Therms
No.	(a)				(b)		(c)
140.	GAS DELIVEREI	_			(5)		19
22	Matural Gas Sales						
23	a. Field Sales						
24	(i) To Interstate Pipeline Companies for Resa	ماد					
25	Pursuant to FERC Rate Schedules	ai C					
26	(ii) Retail Industrial Sales						
27	(iii) Other Field Sales						
28	TOTAL FIELD SALES						0
29	b. Transmission Systems Sales						
30	(i) To Interstate Pipeline Co. for Resale Unde						
31	(ii) To Intrastate Pipeline Co. and Gas Utiliti	es for	resale	under			
32	FERC rate schedules						
33	(iii) Mainline Industrial Sales Under FERC C	ertific	cation				
34	(iv) Other Mainline Industrial Sales						
35	(v) Other Transmission System Sales						
36 37	TOTAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SALES c. Local Distribution by Respondent						0
38	(i) Retail Industrial Sales						2,581,118
39	(ii) Other Distribution System Sales						87,858,497
40	TOTAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM SALES						90,439,615
41	d. Interdepartmental sales						15,149
42	TOTAL SALES						90,454,764
43							30, 10 1,1 0 1
44	Deliveries of Gas Transported or Compressed for:						
45	a. Other Interstate Pipeline Companies						
46	b. Others						46,527,812
47	TOTAL GAS TRANSPORTED OR COMPRESSE						46,527,812
	Deliveries of Respondent's Gas for Trans. or Comp	ressio	on by C	Others			
49	Exchange Gas Delivered						
	Natural Gas Used by Respondent						10.457.040
	Natural Gas Delivered to Underground Storage						10,457,240
52 53	Natural Gas Delivered to LNG Storage Natural Gas Delivered to LNG Processing						
	Natural Gas betweed to Ling Processing Natural Gas for Franchise Requirements						
	Other Deliveries (Specify): Sales for Resale						226,253,290
	TOTAL SALES & OTHER DELIVERIES UNACC	:OUN	JTFD	FOR			373,693,106
57	Production System Losses						3, 3,000, 100
58	Storage Losses						
	Transmission System Losses						9,345,436
60	Distribution System Losses						, ,
61	Other Losses (Specify in so far as possible):						
62	TOTAL UNACCOUNTED FOR						
63	TOTAL SALES, OTHER DELIVERIES, AND						
	UNACCOUNTED FOR						383,038,542

Nam	Name of Respondent This			Date of F		Year of Report				
	Avista Corp.	(1) X (2)	An Original A Resubmission	(M, D, Y) April 25		Dec. 31, 2017				
	•									
Reno	STATE OF OREGON - MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL EXPENSES (Account 930.2) Report below the information called for concerning items included in miscellaneous general expenses.									
Line		Items (a)	<u></u>	<u></u>	Total (b)	Amount Applicable to Oregon (c)	Amount Applicable to Other States (d)			
2	Industry Association Dues Experimental and General Research Expenses Publishing and Distributing Information and I and Transfer Agent Fees and Expenses, and C	s Reports to St			303,296		216,462			
4	Securities of the Respondent Other Expenses (List items of \$5,000 or more (2) recipient and (3) amount of such items, G				170,332 the number of item		117,364 own)			
5 6 7 8	Items less than \$5,000		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		74,638		51,500			
9	Items greater than \$5,000 See Attached Footnote		Professional Services		755,353	235,581	519,772			
11 12 13										
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21										
22 23 24	Community Relations Director Fees and Expenses				10,762	4,779	5,983			
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	JANET WIDMANN HEIDI B STANLEY MARC F RACICOT ERIK J ANDERSON KRISTIANNE BLAKE REBECCA A KLEIN JOHN F KELLY MICHAEL NOEL R JOHN TAYLOR Morris, Scott L DONALD C BURKE				28,939 30,225 28,321 28,601 38,204 31,826 25,542 164 25,170 3,588 33,831	9,399 8,807 8,894 11,880 9,897 7,943 51 7,827	19,940 20,826 19,514 19,707 26,324 21,929 17,599 113 17,343 2,546 23,311			
40	Educational - Informational Rating Agency Fees Aircraft Operations and Fees				12,749 57,423 58,709	17,857	8,692 39,566 41,311			
	TOTAL EGON SUPPLEMENT			-	1,717,673	527,871	1,189,802			
UK	EGUN SUPPLEMENT		46							

Selection: Year: '2017'

Exp Type Number: <all></all>	Project Number: <all></all>
1 . 1/1-2	[ojoot (tainbol. 7 iii)
	Expenditure Type
Non-Labor	005 Legal Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	020 Professional Services
Non-Labor	035 Workforce - Contract
Non-Labor	205 Airfare
Non-Labor	205 Airfare
Non-Labor	215 Employee Business Meals
Non-Labor	215 Employee Business Meals
Non-Labor	215 Employee Business Meals
Non-Labor	220 Employee Car Rental
Non-Labor	225 Conference Fees
Non-Labor	230 Employee Lodging
Non-Labor	230 Employee Lodging
Non-Labor	230 Employee Lodging
Non-Labor	235 Employee Misc Expenses
Labor	305 Incentive/Bonus Pay
Labor	325 Overtime Pay - Union
Labor	325 Overtime Pay - Union
Labor	340 Regular Payroll - NU
Labor	340 Regular Payroll - NU
Labor	345 Regular Payroll - Union
Labor	345 Regular Payroll - Union
Non-Labor	510 Payroll Benefits loading
Non-Labor	510 Payroll Benefits loading
Non-Labor	510 Payroll Benefits loading
Non-Labor	512 Incentive Loading-NU
Non-Labor	512 Incentive Loading-NU
Non-Labor	515 Payroll Tax loading
Non-Labor	515 Payroll Tax loading
Non-Labor	515 Payroll Tax loading
Non-Labor	520 Payroll Time Off loading
Non-Labor	520 Payroll Time Off loading
Non-Labor	520 Payroll Time Off loading

Non-Labor	525 Small Tools loading
Non-Labor	560 Road Vehicles
Non-Labor	570 Work Vehicles
Non-Labor	826 Sponsorships
Non-Labor	877 Letter of Credit Fees
Non-Labor	880 Materials & Equipment
Non-Labor	885 Miscellaneous
Non-Labor	915 Printing
Non-Labor	935 Subscriptions
Non-Labor	935 Subscriptions

Vendor Name	Source Id	Ferc Acct	Task Number
RITCHIE MANNING LLP	AP	930200	930200
ADVENTURES IN ADVERTISING	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
GARTNER INC	AP	930200	930200
GP STRATEGIES CORPORATION	AP	930200	930200
HALO BRANDED SOLUTIONS INC	AP	930200	930200
HANNA & ASSOCIATES INC	AP	930200	930200
MEDIA WORKS RESOURCE GROUP	AP	930200	930200
MERIDIAN COMPENSATION PARTNERS LLC	AP	930200	930200
PATRICIA A NEWMANN	AP	930200	930200
PCAOB	AP	930200	930200
POWERDEX INC	AP	930200	930200
WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY	AP	930200	930200
VOLT MANAGEMENT CORP	AP	930200	930200
Andrea, Michael G	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
GUCKENHEIMER SERVICES LLC	AP	930200	930200
Thies, Mark T	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
Thackston, Jason R	AP	930200	930200
Thies, Mark T	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930221
0	PA	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930221
0	PA	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930221
0	PA	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930221
0	PA	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930221

0	PA	930200	930220
0	PA	930200	930221
0	PA	930200	930220
COMMON GROUND ALLIANCE	AP	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
ARGUS MEDIA INC	AP	930200	930200
BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	AP	930200	930200
BANK OF NY - COLLATERAL	AP	930200	930200
CITIBANK	AP	930200	930200
CITIBANK NA	AP	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
FORRESTER RESEARCH INC	AP	930200	930200
SCOTT H MAW	AP	930200	930200
THE COEUR D ALENE RESORT	AP	930200	930200
UNION BANK OF CALIFORNIA	AP	930200	930200
UNITED STATES TREASURY	AP	930200	930200
WILMINGTON TRUST COMPANY	AP	930200	930200
0	PA	930200	930200
CORP CREDIT CARD	AP	930200	930200
COMPLIANCE WAVE LLC	AP	930200	930200
INLAND NORTHWEST PARTNERS	AP	930200	930200

Gas North Amt SUM	Gas South Amt SUM	Total Gas
.00	.00	.00
2,461.98	1,111.07	3,573.05
1,369.21	702.94	2,072.15
16,134.42	7,281.59	23,416.01
6,005.92	2,710.53	8,716.45
.00	.00	.00
1,165.49	525.99	1,691.48
1,170.92	528.44	1,699.36
26,816.72	12,102.61	38,919.33
1,124.48	507.48	1,631.96
4,334.34	1,956.12	6,290.46
1,028.79	464.30	1,493.09
.00	.00	.00
3,559.41	1,488.61	5,048.02
95.91	43.28	139.19
4,422.36	7,276.51	11,698.87
4,967.31	3,234.37	8,201.68
3,384.73	1,499.49	4,884.22
1,121.19	506.00	1,627.19
1,507.98	3,327.50	4,835.48
2,780.71	1,190.44	3,971.15
4,397.37	4,514.41	8,911.78
1,266.91	571.78	1,838.69
1,123.58	507.09	1,630.67
2,674.55	1,568.82	4,243.37
1,124.49	507.47	1,631.96
1,307.27	583.98	1,891.25
12,770.25	3,532.82	16,303.07
17,463.24	6,841.44	24,304.68
57,052.87	24,864.72	81,917.59
3,526.23	1,712.54	5,238.77
17,961.87	5,866.78	23,828.65
9,503.10	3,736.24	13,239.34
32,790.35	14,364.81	47,155.16
10,115.55	3,285.21	13,400.76
3,437.59	1,349.44	4,787.03
8,299.56	3,643.26	11,942.82
1,582.53	628.95	2,211.48
5,045.33	2,215.86	7,261.19
2,529.48	776.06	3,305.54
2,949.01	1,163.19	4,112.20
9,630.47	4,233.46	13,863.93
2,807.68	911.09	3,718.77

254.90	124.57	379.47
2,862.45	1,082.78	3,945.23
1,119.45	513.40	1,632.85
7,541.38	3,458.62	11,000.00
5,577.18	2,517.04	8,094.22
1,118.26	551.42	1,669.68
5,717.64	2,580.42	8,298.06
1,798.75	811.79	2,610.54
1,349.38	608.98	1,958.36
3,918.66	1,768.52	5,687.18
11,517.42	5,197.90	16,715.32
1,824.60	978.77	2,803.37
10,584.67	4,776.95	15,361.62
4,712.55	2,126.81	6,839.36
3,681.70	1,661.58	5,343.28
7,155.75	3,229.45	10,385.20
6,707.01	3,026.93	9,733.94
1,022.25	461.35	1,483.60
142,066.03	64,115.61	206,181.64
1,630.30	735.77	2,366.07
3,136.43	1,415.49	4,551.92
1,664.40	.00	1,664.40
519,772.31	235,580.84	755,353.15

Name of Respondent		This Repo	rt Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
A	Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017					
	STATE OF C	REGON	I - POLITICAL AD	VERTISING						
1. 2. 3.	 List all payments for advertising, the purpose of which is to aid or defeat any measure before the people or to promote or prevent the enactment of any national, state, district or municipal legislation. Give the specific purpose of such advertising, when and where placed, and the account or accounts charged. 									
Line No.	Descriț <i>(a)</i>	otion		Account Charged (b)	Amount <i>(c)</i>					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	NONE									

Name	e of Respondent		Repor		Date of Report	Year of Report	
		(1)	X	An Original	(M, D, Y)		
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	
	STATE OF O	REG	- NC	POLITICAL COI	NTRIBUTIONS	1	
1.							
2.	people or to promote or prevent the enac The purpose of all contributions or payn				t or municipal legislation	on.	
3.	Report whole dollars only. Provide a to				al.		
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Line							
No.	Descri	iption			Account Charged	Amount	
- 1	(a)				(b) 426.4	(c)	
1 2	Friends of Herman Baertschiger Barreto for HD 58				426.4 426.4	2,000 1,000	
3	Cliff Bentz for State Representative Commi	ttee			426.4	1,000	
4	Boquist Leadership Fund	1100			426.4	1,000	
5	Peter Courtney for State Senate				426.4	1,000	
6	Alan DeBoer for State Senate				426.4	2,000	
7	Friends of Bill Hansell				426.4	1,000	
8	Friends of Mark Hass				426.4	1,000	
9	Hayden for Oregon				426.4	500	
10	Friends of Dallas Heard				426.4	500	
11	Committee to Elect Betsy Johnson				426.4	2,000	
12	Tim Knopp for State Senate				426.4	2,000	
13	Committee to Elect Dennis Linthicum				426.4	1,000	
14	Committee to Elect Pam Marsh				426.4	500	
15	Committee to Elect Mike McLane				426.4 426.4	2,000 2,000	
16 17	Alan Olsen for Oregon Senate Committee Friends for Floyd Prozanski				426.4	1,000	
18	Werner for Oregon				426.4	1,000	
19	Friends of Arnie Roblan				426.4	2,000	
20	Friends of David Brock Smith				426.4	1,000	
21	Friends of Duane Stark				426.4	500	
22	Friends of Chuck Thomsen				426.4	1,000	
23	Citizens to Elect Carl Wilson				426.4	500	
24	Stoel Rives LLP				426.4	2,500	
25							
26							
27							
28							
29 30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37							
38							
39							
40							
41							
42				TOTAL		30,000	

		This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Avista Corp. (2)			ubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017	
	STATE OF OREGON - I HAVING AN A			O ANY PERSO REST FOR SEF		ÔN
1.	Report all expenditures to any person or associating, sponsoring, engineering, mar Revised Statute 757.015 for definition of Give reference if such expenditures have Describe the services received and the ac	naging, opera f "affiliated in e in the past be	ating, fin nterest." een appr	nancial, legal or other	herservices. See Oreg mission.	uditing on
Line No.	Descrip <i>(a)</i>	ption		Account Number (b)	Total Amount	Amount Assigned to Oregon (d)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Please refer to the Annual Affiliated Interpursuant to OAR 860-27-100. This report will be filed with the Public Commission of Oregon in June 2018.	-				

Name of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report				
Avista Corp.	(2) CA Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017				
STATE OF OREGON - DONATIONS AND MEMBERSHIPS							
1. List all donations and membership expenditures made by the utility during the year and the amounts charged (items less							

- List all donations and membership expenditures made by the utility during the year and the amounts charged (items less than \$1,000 may be consolidated by category stating the number of organizations included). Give the name, city and state of each organization to whom a donation has been made. Group donations under headings as:
 - a. Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations d. Commercial and trade organizations
 - b. Organizations of the utility industry
 - c. Technical and professional organizations

- e. All other organizations and kinds donations and contributions
- 2. List donations by type and group by the accounts charged. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each group of donations.

Lina	Decembries	Account	Total Amount	Amount Assigned
Line No.	Description (a)	Number (b)	(c)	To Oregon (d)
1	a. Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations	(~)	(0)	(4)
2	a Less than \$1,000		18,674	18,674
3	a Greater than \$1,000		17,683	17,683
4	ASHLAND INDEPENDENT FILM FESTIVAL		1,000	1,000
	GRANTS PASS ACTIVE CLUB		1,000	1,000
	MALIN COMMUNITY SERVICE CLUB, AOS		1,000	1,000
	OREGON TECH FOUNDATION		1,000	1,000
	RIVERBEND LIVE ROGUE COMMUNITY HEALTH		1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000
	ROSS RAGLAND THEATER		1,000	1,000
	SOUTHERN OREGON UNIVERSITY		1,000	1,000
	SOUTHERN OREGON UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION		1,200	1,200
	UNION COUNTY EXTENSION		1,483	1,483
	PROVIDENCE COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION		1,500	1,500
	CRATERIAN PERFORMANCES SOREDI		2,500 3,000	2,500 3,000
	SOREDI		3,000	3,000
5				
6	a Total Contributions to and memberships in charitable orgs	426.1	36,357.3	36,357
7				
8	d. Commercial and trade expenizations			
	d. Commercial and trade organizations d Less than \$1,000		6,102	6,102
	d Greater than \$1,000		0,102	0,102
	CASA OF JACKSON COUNTY INC		1,000	1,000
	CITY OF TALENT		1,000	1,000
	GRANTS PASS & JOSEPHINE COUNTY		1,000	1,000
	TOWN OF BONANZA		1,000	1,000
	KLAMATH COUNTY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE UNION COUNTY FAIR		1,650 2,040	1,650 2,040
12	THE CHAMBER OF MEDFORD / JACKSON COUNTY		2,288	2,288
13	ASHLAND CHAMBER OF COMMERCE		2,500	2,500
14	SOREDI		2,500	2,500
15	KCEDA		5,000	5,000
16 17	THE PARTNERSHIP d Total Commercial and Trade Organizations	426.1	5,000	5,000 31,080
18	d Total Commercial and Trade Organizations	420.1	31,080	31,000
19				
20	Subtota	426.1	67,437	67,437
21				
22				
23 24				
25				
26				
27				
28			67,437	67,437

			This Report				Date of R	eport	Year of Report	
			(1) X An	Original			(M, D,)	9		
	Avista Corp.		(2) A R	esubmission	n	April 25, 2018 Dec. 31, 2017			Dec. 31, 2017	
	Avista Corp.			COUDITION	l I		Apili 23,	2010	Dec. 31, 2017	
					N - OFFICE					
1.	Report below the name, titl									
	An "executive officer" of a									
	principal business unit, div			is sales, adm	ninistration or fi	nanc	e) and any (other person who		
2	performs similar policy ma			ant of any	position about		and total r	annumeration of th		
2.	If a change was made during previous incumbent and date					larne	anu lulai n	anuneration of th	ie .	
3.	Utilities which are required					ne Co	nmmission	may guhatitute a	CODY	
0.	of Item 4, Regulation S-K,									
	of this page.					·9-(-,	,			
	1 0						1	Name of	Salary f	or Year
Line	Title							Officer	Total	Oregon
No.	(a)							(b)	(c)	(d)
1										
2	See the attached Executive Co	mpensatio	n Table from	Avista Corp	.'s					
3	Proxy Statement.			т						
4	,		EXE	CUTIVE C	OMPENSATION	NC	TABLES			'
5			S	ummary C	ompensation 7	Γable	 2017			
6								Change in		
7								Pension and		
8						No	n-Equity	Non-Qualified Deferred		
9					Stock		ntive Plan		All Other	Total
10 11	Name				Awards		pensation	Earnings	Compensation	Compensation
12	and Principal Position S. L. Morris	Year 2017	Salary(1) \$816,923	Bonus	(\$)(2) \$1,731,049		(\$)(3) 744,053	(\$)(4) \$ 935,739	(\$)(5) \$ 12,150	(\$) \$4,239,914
13	Chairman & CEO	2017	\$796,922		\$1,878,223		,086,642	\$ 723,970	\$ 12,130	\$4,497,682
14	Chairman & CEO	2015	\$804,231		\$1,945,304		704,170	\$ 176,319	\$ 11,925	\$3,641,949
15	M. T. Thies	2017	\$418,952		\$ 550,169		228,949	\$ 240,804	\$ 16,200	\$1,455,074
16	Sr. Vice President,	2017	\$411,452		\$ 596,958		336,620	\$ 186,415	\$ 15,900	\$1,547,345
17	CFO & Treasurer	2015	\$421,769		\$ 618,285		221,576	\$ 97,970	\$ 15,900	\$1,375,501
18	D. P. Vermillion	2017	\$406,769		\$ 560,462		222,291	\$ 632,042	\$ 15,225	\$1,836,789
19	President & ECO	2016	\$396,384		\$ 608,106		324,293	\$ 486,562	\$ 15,000	\$1,830,345
20	Tresident & Eco	2015	\$387,520		\$ 629,821		203,583	\$ 162,606	\$ 14,850	\$1,398,380
21	M. M. Durkin	2017	\$362,923		\$ 429,988		198,330	\$ 241,698	\$ 12,150	\$1,245,089
22 23	Sr. Vice President,	2016	\$355,155		\$ 466,520		290,562	\$ 213,817	\$ 11,925	\$1,337,979
24	General Counsel,	2015	\$356,155		\$ 483,169		187,106	\$ 144,278	\$ 11,925	\$1,182,633
25	Corporate Secretary	2015	\$ 220,122		v 100,100	Ψ.	107,100	4 111,270	V 11,525	ψ1,10 2 ,000
26	& CCO									
27	K. S. Feltes	2017	\$350,384		\$ 429,988	\$	191,478	\$ 334,800	\$ 12,150	\$1,318,800
28	Sr. Vice President &	2016	\$322,846		\$ 466,520	\$	264,130	\$ 322,985	\$ 11,925	\$1,388,406
29	CHRO	2015	\$320,845		\$ 493,205	\$	168,556	\$ 170,254	\$ 11,925	\$1,164,785
30										
31										
32							ī	1	1	,
33										
34							1			

STATE OF OREGON - DONATIONS OR PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES RENDERED BY PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES AND CHARGED TO OREGON OPERATING ACCOUNTS 1. Report for each service method (including privage and an including by a privage and an including an including by a privage and an including an includi	Name	e of Respondent		s Report Is:	Date of Report	Year of Repor	t
STATE OF OREGON - DONATIONS OR PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES RENDERED BY PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES AND CHARGED TO OREGON OPERATING ACCOUNTS 1. Report for each service intered plinted presented in the service which are presented in the present and the service which is the service which		Avidas Com	, ,		(M, D, Y)	Day 04 0017	
The Profit of with microsomate (Including contentions) and including the special of the profit of the microsomate (Including contentions) in lease and the profit of the p			` '				
1. Report of each randor revenued including marketist burished industrial to the survivous with a minural throughout of the present and expensed and purposes and any other form of purposes for including fees, restaires, commission gifts, contributions, assemptions, allowances for spores are any other form of purposes for any with a final purpose for any w							
for su staturas, commissione gible, contributions, measurants, brances about prices, advantages on any other form of payments for contribution of contributions of prices of prices and contributions of the contribution of prices of prices of the statut of the contribution of prices of prices of the statut of the contribution of prices of prices of the statut of the contribution of prices of prices of the statut of the contribution of prices of the statut of the contribution of prices of the contribution of the contribution of prices of the contribution of the c	1.	Report for each service rendered (including materials furnished incidental to the	e service wh	ich are impracticable of separat	ion) by recipient and		
The revious lattific eathereries, amounts paid for grows an extrema and linearies, counted and to husewed operation and the entroprese benefit huse, and amounts paid or construction or mentioned and the proposed on the meditate by an activation, institutes payments for mention and the proposed on the meditate by an activation of payments for activate threat and and the proposed on the proposed o		***		•	-		
Interest of the control of the contr					. ,		
payments for materials fundanted incidents to the service performed. Payments to encipient by now on more compenies within analyse payment under a cost advantage of the light surregiment of the principal conceany in light plant surregiment (as measured by gross operating reversues) with independent has been also also also also also also also also				•			
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d the photography in highest arringoment (in measural by gross operating nearous) with inferences thereto in the insparts of the other system comparison in the light arrangement in the plant of the principal company in the system, with references thereto in the insparts of the other companies. Amount of Payment of Payment of Payment of the Other companies. Amount of Payment of Pay							
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Line Name of Recipient Nature of Service Amount of Payment Nature of Service Payment			Ü	•			
Amount of Amount of Payment Nature of Service Payment Amount of Payment Pa	2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	the report of the		
No. (a) (b) (c)			the compan	163.			
ABREMOD LLC		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 ALCARA TECHNOLOGIES LLC Consulting 388.786.1 4 ALDEN RESEARCH LABORATORY INC Consulting 307.882.2 5 BERNARDO WILLS ARCHITECTS PC Construction 1.092.619.3 6 BERNARDO WILLS ARCHITECTS PC Consulting 389.380.3 7 CERLIAN DETWORKS Consulting 389.380.3 8 CIRRUS DESIGN INDUSTRIES INC Construction 478.485.1 10 COLUMBIA GRID Consulting 254.121.1 10 COLUMBIA GRID Consulting 254.121.1 11 COMMONWALT HASSOCIATES INC Consulting 254.121.1 12 CONNECTIVE DX INC Legal 928.977.1 13 DAVIS WIRGHT TREMAINE LLP Consulting 267.211.1 14 GARCO CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 527.211.1 15 GENERAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL Consulting 522.119.1 16 HER INC Consulting 388.965.1 17 HAMON CUSTODIS INC Consulting 207.376.8 18 HANNA & ASSOCIATES INC Consulting 217.376.3 19 HOR ENGRERING INC Consulting 217.376.3 10 HOR ENGRERING INC Consulting <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>273,942.8</td>							273,942.8
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5 ASSOCIATED CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 3.92.813. 7 CERIUM NETWORKS Consulting 389.380. 8 CIRRUS DESIGN INDUSTRIES INC Construction 478.485. 9 COEUR D. ALENE TRIBE Consulting 281.105. 10 COLUMBIA GRID Consulting 1.329.700. 12 CONNECTIVE DX INC Legal 9.88977. 13 DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP Consulting 282.8172. 14 GARCO CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 282.8171. 15 BAYES WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP Consulting 273.453. 16 HERING Consulting 282.1181. 17 HAMON CUSTODIS INC Consulting 273.453. 18 HAAINNA & ASSOCIATES INC Consulting 383.956. 19 HOR ENGINEERING, INC. Consulting 15.500.221. 20 HICKEY BROTHERS RESEARCH LLC Consulting 279.376. 21 ITRON INC Consulting 279.376. 22 ITRON INC Consulting<					U		708,799.5
6 BERNARDO WILLS ARCHITECTS PC Consulting 392,983. 8 CIRRUS DESIGN INDUSTRIES INC Construction 478,485. 10 COCUER D A LENE TRIBE Construction 721,105. 10 COLUMBIA GRID Consulting 254,121. 11 COMMONWEALTH ASSOCIATES INC Consulting 254,121. 12 CONNECTIVE DX INC Legal 39,387. 13 DAVIS WRIGHT TREMATIONAL Constituing 267,211. 14 GARCO CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 522,119. 15 GENERAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL Consulting 522,119. 16 HZE INC Consulting 388,905. 17 HAMON CUSTODIS INC Consulting 388,905. 18 HANNA A ASSOCIATES INC Consulting 1,500,021. 19 HORE PROTHERS RESEARCH LLC Consulting 27,3768. 10 ILAHO DEPT OF FISH & GAME Consulting 27,3758. 21 ITRON INC Consulting 27,3758. 22 ITRON INC							
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COLUMBIA GRID		CIRRUS DESIGN INDUSTRIES INC					478,465.0
1							721,105.1
12 CONNECTIVE DX INC					•		·
13 DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP							
SEANCEAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL Consulting S22_119.5	13						267,211.4
16 H2E INC							5,263,534.5
17 AMON CUSTODIS INC							522,119.5
18 HANNA & ASSOCIATES INC Consulting 1,500,201.8 29 HDR ENGINEERING, INC. Consulting 1,500,201.8 21 IDAHO DEPT OF FISH & GAME Consulting 378,352.8 21 ITRON INC Consulting 2,073,768.6 23 KERST AND COMPANY INC Consulting 367,909.8 24 KLUNDT HOSMER DESIGN Consulting 253,189.4 25 LAND EXPRESSIONS Construction 304,610.7 26 LANDAU ASSOCIATES Construction 304,610.7 27 LYDIC CONSTRUCTION INC Construction 1,884,006.8 28 MCKINSTRY ESSENTION LLC Legal 440,662.9 29 MCMILEN LLC Legal 440,662.1 30 MERRILL LYNCH PIERCE FENNER & SMITH INC Consulting 9,374,969.2 31 OPEN TEXT INC Consulting 339,781.6 32 PARAMETRIX INC Consulting 339,781.6 33 PARAMETRIX INC Consulting 638,770.4 34 PEAK RELIABILITY Consulting 638,770.4 35 PILLSBURY WINTHROP SHAW PITTMAN LLP Legal 318,930.8 36 POTELCO INC Construction 1,675,964. 37 RHODES CRANE & RIGGING INC Construction <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>					•		
HICKEY BROTHERS RESEARCH LLC					•		615,874.2
DAHO DEPT OF FISH & GAME		HDR ENGINEERING, INC.			•		1,500,021.8
22 TRON INC Consulting 2,073,768.t 24 KENST AND COMPANY INC Consulting 367,909.t 25 LAND EXPRESSIONS Consulting 272,471.t 26 LAND EXPRESSIONS Construction 304,610.t 27 LYDIG CONSTRUCTION INC Construction 1,884,006.t 28 MCKINSTRY ESSENTION LLC Legal 440,662.t 29 MCMILLEN LLC Legal 1,605,307.3 30 MERRILL LYNCH PIERCE FENNER & SMITH INC Consulting 9,374,969.2 31 OPEN TEXT INC Consulting 664,972.t 32 ORACLE AMERICA INC Consulting 339,781.t 33 PARAMETRIX INC Consulting 272,276.4 40 PEAK RELIABILITY Consulting 638,770.t 36 POTELCO INC Consulting 532,007. 37 RHODES CRANE & RIGGING INC Consulting 532,007. 38 SLAYDEN CONSTRUCTORS INC Consulting 1,679,496.2 40 SPIARE INC Consulting <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>279,376.4</td>					•		279,376.4
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32 ORACLE AMERICA INC Consulting 339,781.6 33 PARAMETRIX INC Consulting 272,276.4 34 PEAK RELIABILITY Consulting 638,770.6 35 PILLSBURY WINTHROP SHAW PITTMAN LLP Legal 318,930.8 36 POTELCO INC Consulting 532,007.4 37 RHODES CRANE & RIGGING INC Construction 388,999.8 38 SHAMROCK PAVING Construction 1,679,496.3 39 SLAYDEN CONSTRUCTORS INC Consulting 552,141.5 40 SPIRAE INC Consulting 426,404.8 41 STANTEC CONSULTING SERVICES INC Consulting 426,404.8 42 STRATA Consulting 402,700.7 43 SUNRISE ENGINEERING INC Consulting 349,144.5 44 TELVENT USA LLC Consulting 993,790.6 45 TILLTON EXCAVATON CO Consulting 7,181,673.0 47 URS ENERGY & CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 7,181,673.0 48 VANDERVERT CONSTRUCTION I							9,374,969.2
33 PARAMETRIX INC Consulting 272,276.4 34 PEAK RELIABILITY Consulting 638,770.6 35 PILLSBURY WINTHROP SHAW PITTMAN LLP Legal 318,930.5 36 POTELCO INC Consulting 532,007.1 37 RHODES CRANE & RIGGING INC Construction 1,679,496.3 38 SHAMROCK PAVING Construction 1,679,496.3 39 SLAYDEN CONSTRUCTORS INC Consulting 552,141.9 40 SPIRAE INC Consulting 552,141.9 41 STANTEC CONSULTING SERVICES INC Consulting 402,700.4 42 STRATA Consulting 402,700.4 43 SUNRISE ENGINEERING INC Consulting 349,144.5 44 TELVENT USA LLC Consulting 993,790.0 45 TILTON EXCAVATON CO Consulting 7,181,673.0 47 URS ENERGY & CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 7,181,673.0 48 VANDERVERT CONSTRUCTION INC Consulting 289,829.6 49 VOLT MANAGEMENT							
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g ,							298,974.5
	52	ZBA ARCHITECTURE PS INC Other			Consulting		560,599.1 21,527,239.8

75,282,107

Note: the above amounts are for the entire Company, as Oregon specific information is not available.

Name of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	April 25, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017

In order to help us with production of our Oregon Utility Statistics publication, please indicate:

Oregon Production Statistics (therms) Gas Produced Gas Purchased Total Receipts	0 326,182,530 326,182,530
Gas Sales Gas Used by Company Gas Delivered to Storage - Net Sales for Resale Losses and billing delay Total Disbursements	90,439,615 15,149 129,040 226,253,290 9,345,436 326,182,530
Oregon Revenue by Service Class Residential Sales Commercial and Industrial Sales Firm Sales Interruptible Sales Transportation Total	63,632,586 31,779,799 1,315,246 3,435,948 100,163,579
Gas Delivered in Therms (Oregon) Residential Sales Commercial and Industrial Sales Firm Interruptible Transportation Total	52,488,881 33,470,020 4,480,713 46,527,812 136,967,426
Average Number of Oregon Customers Residential Sales Commercial and Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total	88,820 11,765 35 41 100,661

This Report Is: (1)An Original (2)A Resubmission Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)

Year/Period of Report End of

Distribution of Salaries and Wages Oregon Jurisdiction

Report below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Segregate amounts originally charged to clearing accounts to Utility Departments, Construction, Plant Removals 'and Other Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columns provided. Salaries and wages billed to the Respondent by an affiliated company must be assigned to the particular operating function(s) relating to the expenses.

In determining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to clearing accounts, a method of approximation giving substantially correct results may be used. When 'reporting detail of other accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered sequentially starting with 75.01, 75.02, etc.

No.	(a)			
	(α)	Distribution	Charged for Clearing Accounts	(d)
		(b)	(c)	
			(0)	
1	Electric			
2	Operation			
3	Production			
4	Transmission			
5	Regional Market			
6	Distribution			
7	Customer Accounts			
8	Customer Service and Informational			
9	Sales			
10	Administrative and General			
11	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 10)			
12	Maintenance			
13	Production			
14	Regional Market			
15	Transmission			
16	Distribution			
17	Administrative and General			
18	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 13 thru 17)			
19	Total Operation and Maintenance			
20	Production (Total of lines 3 and 13)			
21	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 14)			
22	Regional Market (Total of Lines 5 and 15)			
23	Distribution (Total of lines 6 and 16)			
24	Customer Accounts (line 7)			
25	Customer Service and Informational (line 8)			
26	Sales (line 9)			
27	Administrative and General (Total of lines 10 and 17)			
-	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 20 thru 27)			
29	Gas			
30	Operation			
31	Production - Manufactured Gas			
32	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)			
33	Other Gas Supply	276,412		276,412
34	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing	=: =; ::=		
	Transmission			-
36	Distribution	1,659,216		1,659,216
37	Customer Accounts	1,401,879		1,401,879
38	Customer Service and Informational	145,450		145,450
39	Sales	5, 100		- 10,100
	Administrative and General	2,450,985		2,450,985
41	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 31 thru 40)	5,933,942		5,933,942
42	Maintenance	5,555,512		-

43	Production - Manufactured Gas		-
44	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)		-
45	Other Gas Supply		-
46	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing		-
47	Transmission		-
48	Distribution	1,250,041	1,250,041
49	Administrative and General		-
50	TOTAL Maint. (Enter Total of lines 43 thru 49)	1,250,041	1,250,041
51	Total Operation and Maintenance	7,183,983	7,183,983
63	Other Utility Departments		-
64	Operation and Maintenance		-
65	TOTAL All Utility Dept. (Total of lines 28, 62, and 64)		-
66	Utility Plant		-
67	Construction (By Utility Departments)		-
68	Electric Plant		-
69	Gas Plant	1,559,550	1,559,550
70	Other (provide details in footnote):	, ,	-
71	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 68 thru 70)	1,559,550	1,559,550
72	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)		-
73	Electric Plant		-
74	Gas Plant		
75	Other (provide details in footnote):		-
76	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 73 thru 75)		-
77	Other Accounts (Specify, provide details in footnote):		-
78			-
79			-
80	DSM Tariff Rider	163,388	163,388
81		. 55,555	-
82			-
93			-
94			-
95	TOTAL Other Accounts	163,388	163,388
96	TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES	8,906,921	8,906,921



Innovating Forward



"BUSINESS AS USUAL" AT AVISTA IS NOT USUAL FOR MOST BUSINESSES.
GOING BEYOND THE EXPECTED IS THE MINDSET OF OUR WHOLE COMF
WHERE WE CHALLENGE OURSELVES AND EACH OTHER TO THINK BIGG
THAN WHAT WE THOUGHT POSSIBLE, EVERY DAY.

TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

Our industry is changing each year, and this year, change was front and center for us. We embraced this change, as we do at Avista. Through thoughtful and deliberate efforts, we shaped the framework for a future partnership with Hydro One that is a win for all stakeholders.

In July, we announced the proposed merger with Hydro One of Ontario, Canada. In a consolidating industry, this partnership makes sense for all of us — our shareholders, employees, customers and communities. The decision to team up with Hydro One, at a time of strength and growth for our company, is a unique opportunity to preserve our identity and strong

legacy while allowing us to signi cantly de ne and control our future operations. Hydro One provides additional scale, helping us build a stronger foundation for our future and augmenting available resources that allow us to continue investing in our energy infrastructure and technology.

VALUE FOR ALL STAKEHOLDERS THROUGH A PARTNERSHIP WITH HYDRO ONE

- Our shareholders will receive solid value, with an attractive price of \$53 per share at the time of close. Demonstrating strong support, shareholders approved the acquisition on Nov. 21, 2017, with 77 percent of the outstanding shares entitled to vote on the proposal voting 98 percent in favor of the acquisition.
- Our customers will continue to receive high quality, safe and reliable energy services at a reasonable cost. We'll remain local, with local headquarters and local leadership.
- Our communities will continue to bene t from the critical philanthropic and economic development support we provide. In fact, we'll be able to do even more. Hydro One has committed to nearly doubling our current levels of community contributions by providing a \$2 million annual contribution to the Avista Foundation.
- Our employees will see a continuation of the company essentially as it is today.

In January 2018, FERC provided its approval of the merger. We've submitted applications for regulatory approval in ve states, which are still pending. We've requested regulatory approval from state utility commissions by Aug. 14, 2018. Pending these approvals, as well as approval from the Federal Communications Commission, clearance by the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States, and compliance with applicable requirements under the U.S. Hart-Scott-Rodino



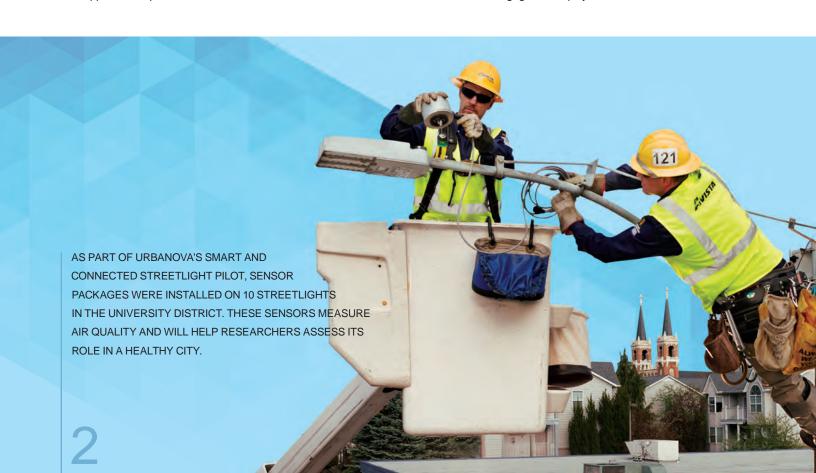
HEATHER ROSENTRATER, VP ENERGY DELIVERY, IS A KEY LEADER IN AVISTA'S INNOVATION EFFORTS LIKE URBANOVA AND GRID MODERNIZATION.

Antitrust Improvements Act, we expect that the transaction will close in the second half of 2018.

How we work, make decisions and engage with our customers and communities will not change as a result of this acquisition. We will remain focused on providing the same levels of high-quality service for customers, delivering on our core strategies and contributing to our communities in meaningful ways.

We won't be complacent.

While the industry continues to transform, we continue to help shape the future. We are a company with a long history of innovation and service. With this foundation, we think bigger to meet the expectations of our customers, strengthen our communities and engage our employees.



BEYOND ENERGY

Customer satisfaction is key to our success. When customers are informed and engaged with their energy choices, the bene ts extend through the entire community. Paramount to customer satisfaction is anticipating their needs and offering choices to ensure we are their trusted energy advisor.

Through programs such as our Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) program, the Solar Select program and the launch of our new, more user-friendly website, we are providing solutions that bene t both the customer and the company and are engaging with our customers in diverse ways.

As a testament to our outstanding customer care, in April we received Edison Electric Institute's 2017 National Key Accounts Award for Customer Service, selected by customers as one of eight companies from 700 across the country, including Microsoft and Walmart. This award looked at innovative offerings, ease of incentive programs, communications and customer support before, during and after outages. We're honored to be one of the few utilities to receive this award.

BRIDGING COMMUNITIES. CONVENING IDEAS.

When our communities thrive, we all bene t. Bridging communities means leveraging intentional innovation and strategic partnerships to improve the lives of those we serve. Avista can be a catalyst for community and economic growth by recognizing projects we can support and convening resources and community leadership.

Urbanova, the smart city living laboratory in Spokane's University District, is a collaboration of strategic partnerships to create healthier communities, stronger economies, smarter infrastructure and a more sustainable future. As a founding partner, we're helping develop and test smart city applications and solutions that can shape the future. This year, as part of Urbanova's Smart and Connected Streetlights pilot, we installed sensors on streetlights in the University District that monitor air quality and other conditions. Researchers may use the collected data to inform future health initiatives for the community. We're excited about what's to come as part of Urbanova, including a Shared Energy Economy pilot that will create a microgrid and facilitate energy sharing among buildings in the University District.

THINK BIG. CREATE. MOVE SWIFTLY. SUCCEED.

Avista employees are hard-working, creative and dedicated. Their commitment and excellence is evident in everything we do. We ask them to think big, create and move swiftly. We nurture an entrepreneurial spirit among employees and give them room to turn good ideas into viable business possibilities. In return, Avista provides opportunities for professional development and success in a culture that engages all employees. Because when they do well, Avista does well, too.



MYAVISTA.COM LAUNCHED IN JULY WITH ADDITIONAL TOOLS, ENHANCED MOBILE CAPABILITIES AND IMPROVED SECURITY.

AN OVERVIEW OF 2017 FINANCIAL RESULTS

Our nancial results this year were in line with expectations. Customer growth, lower resource costs and lower operating expenses were offset by the impact of federal income tax law changes and costs associated with the proposed acquisition by Hydro One.

Consolidated earnings were \$1.79 per diluted share, with net income of \$115.9 million for the year ended Dec. 31, 2017.

Acquisition costs reduced earnings by \$0.19 per diluted share. The impact of federal income tax law changes on deferred income tax balances associated with subsidiaries and non-utility operations reduced earnings \$0.16 per diluted share. Tax impacts paid for by customers will be returned to customers, through the rate-making process.

Our balance sheet and credit ratings remain healthy. At yearend, Avista Corp. had \$260.6 million of available liquidity under our \$400 million line of credit. We added cost-effective long-term debt through the private placement market by issuing \$90 million of Avista Corp. rst mortgage bonds, bearing an interest rate of 3.91 percent (4.55 percent effective interest rate), which will mature in December 2047.

Long-term corporate earnings growth of 4 percent to 5 percent continues to be our target. We believe earnings growth will come through our focus on updating and replacing aging infrastructure, continued effective cost management, investment in essential digital technologies and other growth platforms. Our projection for customer and load growth remains near 1 percent.

And, I'm pleased to note, that in 2017 the board of directors raised the dividend on Avista Corp. common stock for the 15th consecutive year, for an annualized dividend of \$1.43.

REGULATED OPERATIONS AVISTA UTILITIES

Avista Utilities contributed \$1.77 per diluted share to earnings in 2017. Continuing our investment in replacing and updating aging infrastructure resulted in total capital costs of \$405.9 million for the year. We plan to continue making capital investments near this level in 2018 and 2019 to maintain the reliability and strength of our electric and natural gas energy systems.

The timely recovery of these costs is essential to earning an adequate return on our shareholders' investment.

In Washington, we led electric and natural gas general rate requests on May 26. These requests included a three-year rate plan and are pending before the utility commission. We expect a decision no later than the end of April 2018.

In Idaho, we received approval of our electric and natural gas general rate requests, with rate changes effective Jan. 1, 2018 and Jan. 1, 2019. The utility commission approved a two-year rate plan, and Avista will not le new general rate cases for rates to be effective before Jan. 1, 2020.

In Oregon, we received approval of our natural gas general rate request, and new rates went into effect on Oct. 1 and Nov. 1, 2017.

ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

Operations at our Juneau, Alaska subsidiary, Alaska Electric Light and Power Company (AEL&P), went smoothly this year. AEL&P operations contributed \$0.14 per diluted share to Avista Corp.'s earnings and made \$6.4 million in capital expenditures. They plan to invest \$7.0 million in capital projects in 2018.

In November 2017, the Regulatory Commission of Alaska made the 2016 interim rate increase of 3.86 percent permanent.

NON REGULATED OPERATIONS

Non-regulated operations focused on strategic investments to help position the company for future growth. We continue to explore pathways for growth that will strengthen the company and the economies of the communities we serve. Through our investment in Energy Impact Partners, we are one of 16 active participants gaining greater access and insight into industry trends and technology innovations that can create opportunities to deliver new value to our customers in an increasingly digital and distributed industry. This and other venture investments are more than monetary, as they facilitate greater connection among industry innovators, create opportunities for sharing expertise and drive the development of products or services that are mutually bene cial.

In the long term, we envision our investments will result in both strategic and nancial bene ts that provide value for the utility and our stakeholders.

THE BEGINNING OF EVEN BETTER

As this year comes to a close, I'm Iled with excitement and nostalgia. While the merger may appear to bring the end of something special, it is also the beginning of something special. Avista is well-positioned for what's to come, with a tenacious commitment to our customers. This, combined with our fundamental belief that every individual has an impact on our community, will carry us into the next evolution of Avista.

Scott L. Morris

Chairman and Chief Executive Of cer

Scatt L Marin



ENERGY TO SERVE

We meet the energy needs of our customers through a mix of resources that provide reliable service during the coldest January night or the hottest July afternoon.

Intentional planning — focused on maximizing a diverse portfolio of resources that is predominantly renewable hydropower — positions us well to continue to meet these needs for decades to come. It's critical that we balance the needs and expectations of all our stakeholders with factors such as cost, the environment and reliability. This drives our planning, decision-making and work every year.

Our electric Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) was led in 2017, which shows a reduction in carbon emissions from the previous IRP of about 30 percent. With this, we continue to be ranked among the lowest of the top 100 power producers for rates of carbon dioxide emissions in the country. We continue to make important capital investments in our infrastructure, all to meet three key objectives:

- Provide safe, reliable service
- Achieve high customer satisfaction
- 3 Maintain a reasonable cost to customers

CONNECTING CUSTOMERS

Avista serves a diverse customer base of over 382,000 electric and 347,000 natural gas customers across 30,000 square miles. Utility efforts focus on providing safe, reliable service and a seamless and satisfying customer experience, at a reasonable cost.

Customer expectations continue to evolve. We listen to our customers and watch trends. Today's customers want:

- a To feel empowered when making energy decisions.
- a To know Avista cares and has their best interests in mind.
- An easy and convenient experience.



CUSTOMER SERVICE

We are committed to providing outstanding customer service. This has resulted in satisfaction rates of over 90 percent for nearly 20 years in a row. We continue building on this, and are implementing projects and initiatives that deliver value and meet customer expectations. In 2017, we:

- Launched a new, user-friendly website, MyAvista.com. The site provides relevant, easy-to-navigate information, features enhanced search functionality and requires fewer clicks.
- Launched the Avista Marketplace, available through our website, which makes it easy for customers to save money on energy-ef cient products.
- Implemented a customer appreciation program that empowers employees to engage with customers personally, in unexpected ways.

INVESTING IN RELIABILITY

To meet the growing energy needs of our customers and improve reliability and ef ciency, we replaced more than 40 transmission poles on Spokane's South Hill. The location of the poles — on a bluff with hiking trails and steep terrain accessed frequently by the community — presented an opportunity to approach the work in a different way, using a resource not often used in the city. Helicopters were used to install more ef cient power lines and equipment, and to replace 48 wood poles (a legacy from the 1940s) with 42 taller, steel poles. The helicopters provided ef ciency with the least environmental impact. Upon completion of the full two-year upgrade project, this work increased the transmission line's maximum capacity from 78 megawatts to 350 megawatts.

TECHNOLOGY AND CUSTOMER NEEDS HAVE CHANGED SIGNIFICANTLY IN THE 70 YEARS SINCE THE NINTH & CENTRAL—SUNSET TRANSMISSION LINE WAS CONSTRUCTED. HELICOPTERS WERE USED TO REPLACE A 2.75 MILE SEGMENT OF POLES AND STRING NEW TRANSMISSION LINE WIRE FROM POLE TO POLE.

EMPOWERING INNOVATION

Avista's legacy of innovation is built through the hard work, entrepreneurial spirit and customer-focused mindset of our employees.

Through this history of innovation, we've launched companies like Itron and Ecova that seized opportunities to do things better and deliver new value to customers and Avista. Looking at the opportunities ahead, as technology and new energy sources become more widely adopted, we're implementing programs that embrace change and make sense for our customers.

SOLAR SELECT

Solar Select is a program designed by Avista for certain non-residential customers that will expand the renewable generation options available. This allows us to engage with this customer segment in new ways and reinforces our commitment to renewable energy. In 2017, we selected a location and a partner to build a facility of up to 20 megawatts in the town of Lind, Washington. Once the solar array is completed, it will be the largest in the state of Washington, and Avista will purchase all the generation output to serve non-residential customers.

ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT PROGRAM

Through Avista's Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) program, two DC fast-chargers were installed in 2017, supporting regional travel for electric vehicle (EV) drivers in Washington. The rst installation was in Rosalia, Washington, between Spokane and Pullman. This charging station serves as an important connection point for EV transportation on this corridor in eastern Washington. The second installation was in the more urban Kendall Yards neighborhood of Spokane. On the edge of downtown, this charging station provides opportunity for those who need access while they conduct business, run errands, shop or eat in the neighborhood. Installation of charging stations in customer homes and other workplace and public locations continues. We've also received approval to extend and expand the program into 2019.

AEL&P EV PROGRAM

Driving an EV in Juneau, Alaska is appealing to many residents. EV adoption has been increasing over the last several years, and in 2017 alone, the number of EVs in Juneau nearly doubled. In

IN 2017, THE EVSE PROGRAM GAINED NATIONAL RECOGNITION 10, AEL&P began its rst EV rate program, and as EV interest WITH A TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER AWARD FROM THE ELECTRADE demand has increased, the rate program has changed POWER RESEARCH INSTITUTE AND A GRID EDGE AWARD FROM THE needs of customers. To make EV charging more

GREENTECH MEDIA.



accessible, AEL&P offers an easy-to-use customer program and rate structure where customers can rent a charging station from AEL&P. This approach provides choices for customers, and the EV rate allows customers to charge their vehicle during off-peak hours at a reduced rate, with 100% renewable hydropower. It also bene ts customers and the utility by allowing AEL&P to integrate vehicles into the system in a responsible way and with predictability in charging behavior.

AEL&P

STRENGTHENING COMMUNITIES

Our purpose goes beyond providing the energy that powers the daily lives of our customers. We're here to improve the quality of life and to enhance the strength, health and vitality of the communities we serve, and the communities we call home.

We're active participants in our communities and leaders who contribute through civic engagement, philanthropy and volunteer opportunities. We view Avista as a cornerstone in the communities we serve. The Avista Foundation, a community investment program of Avista Corp., provides funding to non-pro t organizations addressing the needs of communities and citizens in the Avista Utilities and AEL&P service areas.

Since its creation in 2002, the foundation has given nearly \$5.8 million to help feed families, educate students, improve literacy, enhance culture and strengthen our communities. In 2017, Avista's total community investment included more than \$2.5 million in charitable donations and over 48,500 volunteer hours from our employees.

We create true value through partnerships. With a project called Catalyst, we're reimagining the way a speci c, previously under-utilized, piece of land can serve our city, and, through intentional growth and development, how it might serve the world.

We're working with our neighbors and communities to create a healthier future for all of us, and are collaborating to connect the University District to what we envision will be the smartest blocks in the world. A gateway bridge being built by the City of Spokane will create a pathway from the University District where people, ideas, research, education and business are linked in unique ways. We're leading the development of this land to drive something bigger — to create space for growth and innovation that will drive business and enhance the economic vitality of our region.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ERIK J. ANDERSON, 59 CEO, Westriver Group Kirkland, Washington Director since 2000

KRISTIANNE BLAKE, 64 President, Kristianne Gates Blake, P.S. Spokane, Washington

DONALD C. BURKE, 57 Donald C. Burke, CPA Langhorne, Pennsylvania Director since 2011

Director since 2000

REBECCA A. KLEIN, 52 Principal, Klein Energy, LLC Austin, Texas Director since 2010

SCOTT H. MAW, 50 Executive VP & CFO, Starbucks Coffee Co. Seattle, Washington Director since 2016

SCOTT L. MORRIS, 60 Chairman of the Board & CEO, Avista Corp. Spokane, Washington Director since 2007 MARC F. RACICOT, 69 Bigfork, Montana Director since 2009

HEIDI B. STANLEY, 61 Co-owner & Chair, Empire Bolt & Screw Inc. Spokane, Washington Director since 2006

R. JOHN TAYLOR, 68 Chairman & CEO, Green Leaf Alliance Lewiston, Idaho Director since 1985 DENNIS P. VERMILLION, 56 President, Avista Corp. Spokane, Washington Director since 2018

JANET D. WIDMANN, 51 President & CEO, Kids Care Dental San Francisco, California Director since 2014

BOARD COMMITTEES

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE/ NOMINATING COMMITTEE Kristianne Blake — Chair Donald C. Burke R. John Taylor Janet D. Widmann

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Kristianne Blake Scott L. Morris — Chair Heidi B. Stanley R. John Taylor AUDIT COMMITTEE Kristianne Blake Donald C. Burke (Financial Expert) — Chair Heidi B. Stanley

COMPENSATION & ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE Rebecca A. Klein Scott H. Maw R. John Taylor — Chair

FINANCE COMMITTEE Erik J. Anderson — Chair Scott H. Maw Marc F. Racicot Janet D. Widmann

ENVIRONMENTAL, TECHNOLOGY & OPERATIONS COMMITTEE Erik J. Anderson Rebecca A. Klein — Chair Marc F. Racicot Heidi B. Stanley

CORPORATE & BUSINESS UNIT OFFICERS

SCOTT L. MORRIS, 60 Chairman of the Board & CEO

DENNIS P. VERMILLION, 56 President & Environmental Compliance Of cer, Board Member

MARK T. THIES, 54 Senior Vice President, CFO & Treasurer

MARIAN M. DURKIN, 64 Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary & Chief Compliance Of cer KAREN S. FELTES, 62 Senior Vice President & Chief HR Of cer

JASON R. THACKSTON, 48 Senior Vice President, Energy Resources

KEVIN J. CHRISTIE, 50 Vice President, External Affairs & Chief Customer Of cer

BRYAN A. COX, 48 Vice President, Safety & HR Shared Services JAMES M. KENSOK, 59 Vice President, CIO & Chief Security Of cer

RYAN L. KRASSELT, 48 Vice President, Controller & Principal Accounting Of cer

DAVID J. MEYER, 64 Vice President & Chief Counsel for Regulatory & Governmental Affairs HEATHER L. ROSENTRATER, 40 Vice President, Energy Delivery

EDWARD D. SCHLECT, JR., 57 Vice President & Chief Strategy Of cer

CONSTANCE S. HULBERT, 57 President, General Manager, Alaska Electric Light & Power Co.

Ages are as of the proxy date — March 30, 2018

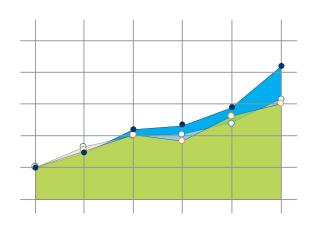
FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

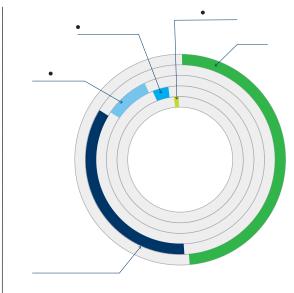
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURN

Assumes \$100 was invested in Avista Corp. and each index on Dec. 31, 2012, and that all dividends were reinvested when paid.

ELECTRICITY GENERATION RESOURCE MIX

As of Dec. 31, 2017 Excludes AEL&P



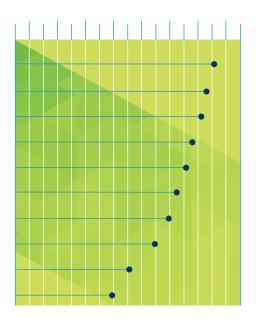


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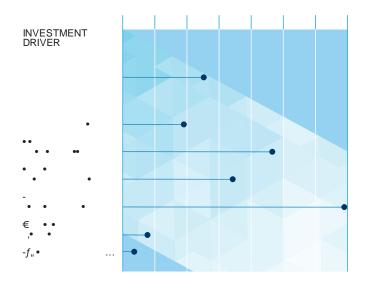
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COMMON STOCK DIVIDENDS PAID BY AVISTA CORP Annualized Dividend (paid in dollars)



Avista Corp.'s board of directors raised the dividend in each of the last 15 years, re ecting their con dence in the nancial strength of the company.

2018 CAPITAL BUDGET
Total capital budget \$412 million (\$ in millions)



(dollars in thousands except statistics and per share amounts or as otherwise indicated)		2017		2016		2015
		_0		2010		2010
FINANCIAL RESULTS						
Operating revenues	\$	1,445,929	\$	1,442,483	\$	1,484,776
Operating expenses		1,161,420		1,152,680		1,231,562
Income from operations		284,509		289,803		253,214
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders		115,916		137,228		123,227
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders — diluted		179		2.15		197
Dividends paid per common share		143		137		132
Book value per common share	\$	26.41	\$	25.69	\$	24.53
Average common shares outstanding		64,496		63,508		62,301
Return on average Avista Corp. stockholders' equity		6.9%		8.6%		8.2%
Cammon stock closing price	\$	51.49	\$	39.99	\$	35.37
OPERATING RESULTS						
Avista Utilities						
Retail electric revenues	\$	811,741	\$	759,781	\$	762,809
Retail kWh sales (in millions)		8,897		8,497		8,603
Retail electric customers at year-end		382,131		377,159		374,848
•						
Wholesale electric revenues	\$	81,512	\$	112,071	\$	127,253
Wholesale kWh sales (in millions)		2,881		2,998		3,145
Sales of fuel	\$	64,925	\$	78,334	\$	82,853
Other electric revenues		31,614		28,492		25,839
Decoupling (electric)		(8,220)		17349		4,740
Provision for electric earnings sharing		(1,182)		932		(5,621)
Ç Ç		,				(' '
Retail natural gas revenues	\$	330,073	\$	293,780	\$	297,150
Wholesale natural gas revenues		142722		153,446		204,289
Transportation and other natural gas revenues		15620		14,126		13566
Decoupling (natural gas)		(11,374)		12309		6,004
Provision for natural gas earnings sharing		(2,392)		(2,767)		_
Total therms delivered (in thousands)		1099,141		1,173,257		1268,431
Retail natural gas customers at year-end		347,160		340,131		334,573
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	114,716	\$	132,490	\$	113,360
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company						
	¢	52027	ď	46.076	\$	11770
Revenues	\$	53,027	\$	46,276	Ф	44,778
Retail kWh sales (in millions)		414		393		398
Retail electric customers at year-end		16,951		16,798		16,672
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders		9,054		7968		6,641
Other						
Revenues	\$	22,543	\$	23,569	\$	28,685
Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	Ψ	(7,854)	Ψ	(3,230)	Ψ	(1,921)
Test mounts (1000) attributable to Mota Outp. Situlo iloudelo		(1,004)		(0,200)		(1,021)
EINANCIAL CONDITION						
FINANCIAL CONDITION Total access	¢	5514 722	Ф	5300 755	¢	1006 640
Total assets	\$	5,514,732	\$	5,309,755	\$	4,906,649
Long-term debt and capital leases (including current portion)		1,769,237		1682,004		1,573,278
Long-term debt to af liated trusts	•	51,547	Φ.	51,547	•	51,547
Total Avista Corp. stockholders' equity	\$	1,729,828	\$	1648,727	\$	1,528,626

AVISTA CORP: AVA

FILED: FEBRUARY 20, 2018 PERIOD: DECEMBER 31, 2017 ANNUAL REPORT WHICH PROVIDES A COMPREHENSIVE OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY FOR THE PAST YEAR.

FILED: FEBRUARY 20, 2018



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10 K

		OF THE SECURITIESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESS
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1 PERIOD FROM TO	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITIO
	Commission le	numbe <u>r 1-37</u> 01
		RPORATION
	(Exactname of Registrant	as speci ed in its charter)
	Washington (State or other jurisdiction of incorporationor organization)	91-0462470 (I.R.S. Employer Identi cation No.)
	1411East Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington (Address of principal executive of ces)	992 0 -2600 (Zip Code)
	Registrant's telephone number, website: http://www	including area code: 509-489-0500 w.avistacorp.com
	Securities registered pursua	ant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
	Title of Class Common Stock, no par value	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered New York Stock Exchange
	Securities registered pursua	ant to Section 12(g) of the Act:
	Title of 0 Preferred Stock, Cumul	Class lative, Without Par Value
Indicate	by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as 6	defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Indicate	by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuan Yes	nt to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. No 6
	g 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was requ	ed to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the uired to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the No
submitte		and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the No
containe		of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be mation statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any
	by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an assorting sof "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting to the content of	accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the ng company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):
	Largeaccelerated ler 6 Accelerated ler Smallerreporting company Emerging growth comp	Non-accelerated ler pany (Donot check if a smaller reporting company)
	erging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exc	elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised change.Act.
Indicate	by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined Yes $ \ldots $	d in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): No 6
	egate market value of the Registrant's outstanding Common Stock, the last reported sale price thereof on the consolidated tape on Jun	, no par value (the only class of voting stock), held by non-affiliates is \$2,734,805,418 ne 30, 2017.
As of Jar	nuary 31, 2018, 65,628,172 shares of Registrant's Common Stock, I	no par value (the only class of common stock), were outstanding.
	Documents Incorpor	·
	Dœument	Part of Form 10-K into Which Document is Incorporated
Prio	xy Statement to be led in connection with the annual meeting of shareholders to be held May 10, 2018. To such ling, the Proxy Statement led in connection are annual meeting of shareholders held on May 11, 2017.	Part III, Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14

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PART IV

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ACRONYMS AND TERMS

(The following acronyms and terms are found in multiple locations within the document)

Acronym/Term	Meaning
aMW	 Average Megawatt—a measure of the average rate at which a particular generating source produces energy over a period of time
AEL&P	 Alaska Electric Light and Power Company, the primary operating subsidiary of AERC, which provides electric services in Juneau, Alaska
AERC	 Alaska Energy and Resources Company, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary based in Juneau, Alaska
AFUDC	 Allowance for Funds Used During Construction; represents the cost of both the debt and equity funds used to finance utility plant additions during the construction period
AM&D	 Advanced Manufacturing and Development, does business as METALfx
ARAM	Average Rate Assumption Method
ASC	 Accounting Standards Codification
ASU	- Accounting Standards Update
Avista Capital	- Parent company to the Company's non-utility businesses
Avista Corp.	 Avista Corporation, the Company
Avista Energy	 Avista Energy, Inc., an inactive electricity and natural gas marketing, trading and resource management business, subsidiary of Avista Capital
Avista Utilities	 Operating division of Avista Corp. (not a subsidiary) comprising the regulated utility operations in the Pacific Northwest
BPA	Bonneville Power Administration
Capacity	- The rate at which a particular generating source is capable of producing energy, measured in kW or MW
Cabinet Gorge	- The Cabinet Gorge Hydroelectric Generating Project, located on the Clark Fork River in Idaho
CIAC	- Contribution in aid of construction
Colstrip	- Thecoal-fired Colstrip Generating Plant in southeastern Montana
Coyote Springs 2	- The natural gas-fired combined-cycle Coyote Springs 2 Generating Plant located near Boardman, Oregon

^{*} not an applicable item in the 2017 calendar year for Avista Corp.

ACRONYMS AND TERMS CONTINUED

(The following acronyms and terms are found in multiple locations within the document)

Acronym/Term Meaning

CT – Combustion turbine

Deadband or ERM deadband - The first \$4.0 million in annual power supply costs above or below the amount included in base retail rates in

Washington under the ERM in the state of Washington

Dekatherm — Unit of measurement for natural gas; a dekatherm is equal to approximately one thousand cubic feet (volume)

or 1,000,000 BTUs (energy)

Ecology - The state of Washington's Department of Ecology

Ecova – Ecova, Inc., a subsidiary of Avista Capital until June 30, 2014 when it was sold

EIM – Erergy Imbalance Market

Energy — The amount of electricity produced or consumed over a period of time, measured in kWh or MWh

Also, refers to natural gas consumed and is measured in dekatherms

EPA – Environmental Protection Agency

ERM — The Energy Recovery Mechanism, a mechanism for accounting and rate recovery of certain power supply

costs accepted by the utility commission in the state of Washington

FASB – Financial Accounting Standards Board

FCA - Fixed Cost Adjustment, the electric and natural gas decoupling mechanism in Idaho

FERC – Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

GAAP – Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

GHG - Greenhouse gas

GS – Genæating station

Hydro One — Hydro One Limited, based in Toronto, Ontario, Canada

IPUC – Idaho Public Utilities Commission

IRP – Integrated Resource Plan

Jackson Prairie – Jackson Prairie Natural Gas Storage Project, an underground natural gas storage field located near

Chehalis, Washington

Juneau – The City and Borough of Juneau, Alaska

kV – Kilovolt (1000 volts): a measure of capacity on transmission lines

kW, kWh - Kilowatt (1000 watts): a measure of generating output or capability. Kilowatt-hour (1000 watt hours):

a measure of energy produced

Lancaster Plant – A natural gas-fired combined cycle combustion turbine plant located in Idaho

ACRONYMS AND TERMS CONTINUED

(The following acronyms and terms are found in multiple locations within the document)

Acronym/Term Meaning

LNG – Liquefied Natural Gas

MPSC – Public Service Commission of the State of Montana

MW, MWh – Megawatt: 1000 kW. Megawatt-hour: 1000 kWh

NERC – North American Electricity Reliability Corporation

Noxon Rapids - The Noxon Rapids Hydroelectric Generating Project, located on the Clark Fork River in Montana

OPUC - The Public Utility Commission of Oregon

PCA - The Power Cost Adjustment mechanism, a procedure for accounting and rate recovery of certain power

supply costs accepted by the utility commission in the state of Idaho

PGA – Purchased Gas Adjustment

PPA – Power Purchase Agreement

PUD – Public Utility District

PURPA – The Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, as amended

RCA – The Regulatory Commission of Alaska

REC – Renewable energy credit

Salix - Salix, Inc., a subsidiary of Avista Capital, launched in 2014 to explore markets that could be served with LNG,

primarily in western North America

Spokane Energy – Spokane Energy, LLC (dissolved in the third quarter of 2015), a special purpose limited liability company and all

of its membership capital was owned by Avista Corp.

TCJA – The "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," signed into law on December 22, 2017

Therm — Unit of measurement for natural gas; a therm is equal to approximately one hundred cubic feet (volume) or

100,000 BTUs (energy)

Watt - Unit of measurement for electricity; a watt is equal to the rate of work represented by a current of one ampere

under a pressure of one volt

WUTC – Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

From time-to-time, we make forward-looking statements such as statements regarding projected or future:

- · financial performance;
- cash flows;
- capital expenditures;
- · dividends:
- · capital structure;
- other financial items;
- · strategic goals and objectives;
- · business environment; and
- plans for operations.

These statements are based upon underlying assumptions (many ... of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions). Such statements are made both in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (including this Annual Report on Form 10-K), and elsewhere. Forward-looking statements are all statements except those of historical fact including, without limitation, those that are identified Energy Commodity Risk by the use of words that include "will," "may," "could," "should," "intends," "plans," "seeks," "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "projects," "predicts," and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements (including those made in this Annual Report on Form 10-K) are subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Most of these factors are beyond our control and may have a significant effect on our operations, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in our statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, among others:

Financial Risk

- weather conditions (temperatures, precipitation levels and wind patterns), which affect both energy demand and electric generating capability, including the effect of precipitation and temperature on hydroelectric resources, the effect of wind patterns on wind-generated power, weather-sensitive customer demand, and similar effects on supply and demand in the wholesale energy markets;
- our ability to obtain financing through the issuance of debt and/or equity securities, which can be affected by various factors including our credit ratings, interest rates and other capital market conditions and the global economy;
- changes in interest rates that affect borrowing costs, our ability to effectively hedge interest rates for anticipated debt issuances, variable interest rate borrowing and the extent to which we recover interest costs through retail rates collected from customers:
- changes in actuarial assumptions, interest rates and the actual return on plan assets for our pension and other postretirement benefit plans, which can affect future funding obligations, pension and other postretirement benefit expense and the related liabilities:
- deterioration in the creditworthiness of our customers;
- · the outcome of legal proceedings and other contingencies;
- economic conditions in our service areas, including the economy's effects on customer demand for utility services;

- declining energy demand related to customer energy efficiency and/or conservation measures;
- changes in long-term climates, both globally and within our utilities' service areas, which can affect, among other things, customer demand patterns and the volume and timing of streamflows to our hydroelectric resources;

Utility Regulatory Risk

- state and federal regulatory decisions or related judicial decisions that affect our ability to recover costs and earn a reasonable return including, but not limited to, disallowance or delay in the recovery of capital investments, operating costs, commodity costs, interest rate swap derivatives and discretion over allowed return on investment;
 - possibility that our integrated resource plans for electric and natural gas will not be acknowledged by the state commissions, which could result in future resource acquisitions based on the integrated resource plans that are later deemed imprudent;

- volatility and illiquidity in wholesale energy markets, including the availability of willing buyers and sellers, changes in wholesale energy prices that can affect operating income, cash requirements to purchase electricity and natural gas, value received for wholesale sales, collateral required of us by counterparties in wholesale energy transactions and credit risk to us from such transactions, and the market value of derivative assets and liabilities;
- default or nonperformance on the part of any parties from whom we purchase and/or sell capacity or energy:
- potential environmental regulations affecting our ability to utilize or resulting in the obsolescence of our power supply resources;

Operational Risk

- severe weather or natural disasters, including, but not limited to, avalanches, wind storms, wildfires, earthquakes, snow and ice storms, that can disrupt energy generation, transmission and distribution, as well as the availability and costs of materials, equipment, supplies and support services;
- explosions, fires, accidents, mechanical breakdowns or other incidents that may impair assets and may disrupt operations of any of our generation facilities, transmission, and electric and natural gas distribution systems or other operations and may require us to purchase replacement power;
- explosions, fires, accidents or other incidents arising from or allegedly arising from our operations that may cause wildfires, injuries to the public or property damage;
- blackouts or disruptions of interconnected transmission systems (the regional power grid);
- terrorist attacks, cyber attacks or other malicious acts that may disrupt or cause damage to our utility assets or to the national or regional economy in general, including any effects of terrorism, cyber attacks or vandalism that damage or disrupt information technology systems;
- work force issues, including changes in collective bargaining unit agreements, strikes, work stoppages, the loss of key executives, availability of workers in a variety of skill areas, and our ability to recruit and retain employees;

- increasing costs of insurance, more restrictive coverage terms and our ability to obtain insurance;
- delays or changes in construction costs, and/or our ability to obtain required permits and materials for present or prospective facilities;
- increasing health care costs and cost of health insurance provided
 to our employees and retirees;
- third-party construction of buildings, billboard signs, towers or other structures within our rights of way, or placement of fuel receptacles within close proximity to our transformers or other equipment, including overbuild atop natural gas distribution lines;
- the loss of key suppliers for materials or services or disruptions to the supply chain;
- adverse impacts to our Alaska operations that could result from an extended outage of its hydroelectric generating resources or their inability to deliver energy, due to their lack of interconnectivity to any other electrical grids and the extensive cost of replacement power (diesel);
- changing river regulation at hydroelectric facilities not owned by us, which could impact our hydroelectric facilities downstream;

Compliance Risk

- compliance with extensive federal, state and local legislation and regulation, including numerous environmental, health, safety, infrastructure protection, reliability and other laws and regulations that affect our operations and costs;
- the ability to comply with the terms of the licenses and permits for our hydroelectric or thermal generating facilities at costeffective levels;

Technology Risk

- cyber attacks on us or our vendors or other potential lapses that
 result in unauthorized disclosure of private information, which
 could result in liabilities against us, costs to investigate, remediate
 and defend, and damage to our reputation;
- disruption to or breakdowns of information systems, automated controls and other technologies that we rely on for our operations, communications and customer service;
- changes in costs that impede our ability to effectively implement new information technology systems or to operate and maintain current production technology;
- changes in technologies, possibly making some of the current technology we utilize obsolete or introducing new cyber security risks;
- insufficient technology skills, which could lead to the inability to develop, modify or maintain our information systems;

Strategic Risk

- growth or decline of our customer base and the extent to which new uses for our services may materialize or existing uses may decline, including, but not limited to, the effect of the trend toward distributed generation at customer sites;
- the potential effects of negative publicity regarding our business practices, whether true or not, which could hurt our reputation and result in litigation or a decline in our common stock price;
- changes in our strategic business plans, which may be affected by any or all of the foregoing, including the entry into new businesses and/or the exit from existing businesses and the extent of our business development efforts where potential future business is uncertain;
- non-regulated activities may increase earnings volatility;
- failure to complete the proposed acquisition of the Company by Hydro One, which would negatively impact the market price of Avista Corp.'s common stock and could result in termination fees that would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows;

External Mandates Risk

- changes in environmental laws, regulations, decisions and policies, including present and potential environmental remediation costs and our compliance with these matters;
- the potential effects of initiatives, legislation or administrative rulemaking at the federal, state or local levels, including possible effects on our generating resources of restrictions on greenhouse gas emissions to mitigate concerns over global climate changes;
- political pressures or regulatory practices that could constrain or
 place additional cost burdens on our distribution systems through
 accelerated adoption of distributed generation or electricpowered transportation or on our energy supply sources, such as
 campaigns to halt coal-fired power generation and opposition to
 other thermal generation, wind turbines or hydroelectric facilities;
- wholesale and retail competition including alternative energy sources, growth in customer-owned power resource technologies that displace utility-supplied energy or that may be sold back to the utility, and alternative energy suppliers and delivery arrangements;
- failure to identify changes in legislation, taxation and regulatory issues which are detrimental or beneficial to our overall business;
- the new federal income tax law and its intended and unintended consequences on financial results and future cash flows, including the potential impact to credit ratings, which may affect our ability to borrow funds or increase the cost of borrowing in the future;
- policy and/or legislative changes resulting from the current presidential administration in various regulated areas, including, but not limited to, environmental regulation and healthcare regulations; and
- · the risk of municipalization in any of our service territories.

Our expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good the effect of each such factor on our business or the extent that any faith. We believe they are reasonable based on, without limitation, an such factor or combination of factors may cause actual results to differ examination of historical operating trends, our records and other materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. information available from third parties. There can be no assurance that **AVAILABLE INFORMATION** our expectations, beliefs or projections will be achieved or accomplished. Furthermore, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made. We undertake no Our website address is www.avistacorp.com. We make annual, obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to quarterly and current reports available on our website as soon as reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which suchpracticable after electronically filing these reports with the U.S. statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated eventsSecurities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Information contained on New risks, uncertainties and other factors emerge from time-to-time, our website is not part of this report. and it is not possible for us to predict all such factors, nor can we assess

PART I

Item 1. Business

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Total Avista Corp. shareholders' equity was \$1,729.8 million as of December 31, 2017, of which \$52.6 million represented our investment in Avista Capital and \$108.6 million represented our investment in AERC.

See "Item 6. Selected Financial Data" and "Note 21 of the

Avista Corp., incorporated in the territory of Washington in 1889, Nestes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information with primarily an electric and natural gas utility with certain other business respect to the operating performance of each business segment ventures. As of December 31, 2017, we employed 1,744 people in our(and other subsidiaries).

Pacific Northwest utility operations (Avista Utilities) and 204 people in our subsidiary businesses (including our Juneau, Alaska utility operations). Our corporate headquarters are in Spokane, Washington, the second-largest city in Washington. Spokane serves as the businesseneral

transportation, medical, industrial and cultural hub of the Inland services include government and higher education, medical services, approximately 347,000 customers across its service territory. Avista electric utility services in Juneau, Alaska.

As of December 31, 2017, we have two reportable business segments as follows:

- Avista Utilities—an operating division of Avista Corp., comprising the regulated utility operations in the Pacific Northwest. Avista Utilities provides electric distribution and transmission, and natural gas distribution services in parts of eastern Washington and northern Idaho. Avista Utilities also and southwestern Oregon. Avista Utilities has electric generatinddaho and a small number of customers in Montana. facilities in Washington, Idaho, Oregon and Montana. Avista in Montana, most of whom are employees who operate Avista Utilities' Noxon Rapids generating facility. Avista Utilities also engages in wholesale purchases and sales of electricity and natural gas as an integral part of energy resource management and its load-serving obligation.
- · AEL&P—a utility providing electric services in Juneau, Alaska that is a wholly owned subsidiary and the primary operating subsidiary of AERC.

We have other businesses, including sheet metal fabrication, venture fund investments, real estate investments, as well as certain transactions. These transactions include sales and purchases of other investments of Avista Capital, which is a direct, wholly owned business segment and are conducted by various direct and indirect subsidiaries of Avista Corp.

AVISTA UTILITIES

At the end of 2017, Avista Utilities supplied retail electric service Northwest region (eastern Washington and northern Idaho). Regional to approximately 382,000 customers and retail natural gas service to retail trade and finance. Through our subsidiary AEL&P, we also provideilities' service territory covers 30,000 square miles with a population of 1.6 million. See "Item 2. Properties" for further information on our utility assets. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Economic Conditions and Utility Load Growth" for information on economic conditions in our service territory.

Electric Operations

General-Avista Utilities generates, transmits and distributes provides natural gas distribution service in parts of northeastern electricity, serving electric customers in eastern Washington, northern

Avista Utilities generates electricity from facilities that we own Utilities also supplies electricity to a small number of customers and purchases capacity, energy and fuel for generation under long-term and short-term contracts to meet customer load obligations. We also sell electric capacity and energy, as well as surplus fuel in the wholesale market in connection with our resource optimization activities as described below.

As part of Avista Utilities' resource procurement and management operations in the electric business, we engage in an ongoing process of resource optimization, which involves the economic selection of energy resources from those available to serve our load obligations and the capture of additional economic value through wholesale market electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and derivative subsidiary of Avista Corp. These activities do not represent a reportable truments related to capacity, energy, fuel and fuel transportation. Such transactions are part of the process of matching available resources with load obligations and hedging the related financial risks. In order to implement this process, we make continuing projections of:

- · electric loads at various points in time (ranging from intra-hour to multiple years) based on, among other things, estimates of customer usage and weather, historical data and contract terms, and
- things, fuel choices and fuel markets, estimates of streamflows, generation and long-term hydroelectric purchase contracts with availability of generating units, historic and forward market information, contract terms and experience.

On the basis of these projections, we make purchases and sales PUDs) is 547 aMW (or 4.8 million MWhs). of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and related derivative instruments to match expected resources to expected electric load requirements and reduce our exposure to electricity (or fuel) market price changes. The process of resource optimization involves scheduling and dispatching available resources HYDROELECTRIC GENERATION as well as the following:

- purchasing fuel for generation,
- when economical, selling fuel and substituting wholesale electric purchases, and
- other wholesale transactions to capture the value of generating resources, transmission contract rights and fuel delivery (transport) capacity contracts.

This optimization process includes entering into hedging transactions to manage risks. Transactions include both physical energy contracts and related derivative instruments, and the terms range from intra-hour up to multiple years.

Avista Utilities' generation assets are interconnected through

the regional transmission system and are operated on a coordinated basis to enhance load-serving capability and reliability. We acquire both long-term and short-term transmission capacity to facilitate all of our energy and capacity transactions. We provide transmission and ancillary services in eastern Washington, northern Idaho and western Montana.

Electric Requirements

Avista Utilities' peak electric native load requirement for 2017 was 1,681 MW, which occurred on January 5, 2017. In 2016, our peak electric native load was 1,655 MW, which occurred during the winter, and in 2015, it was 1,638 MW, which occurred during the summer.

Electric Resources

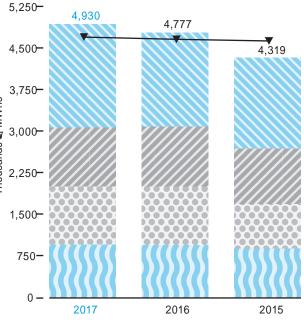
Avista Utilities has a diverse electric resource mix of Companyowned and contracted hydroelectric, thermal and wind generation facilities, and other contracts for power purchases and exchanges.

At the end of 2017, our Company-owned facilities had a total net capability of 1,875 MW, of which 56 percent was hydroelectric and 44 percent was thermal. See "Item 2. Properties" for detailed information(1) on generating facilities.

Hydroelectric Resources-Avista Utilities owns and operates six hydroelectric projects on the Spokane River and two hydroelectric projects on the Clark Fork River. Hydroelectric generation is typically our lowest cost source per MWh of electric energy and the

availability of hydroelectric generation has a significant effect on total power supply costs. Under normal streamflow and operating conditions, we estimate that we would be able to meet approximately one-half of our total average electric requirements (both retail and resource availability at these points in time based on, among otherong-term wholesale) with the combination of our hydroelectric certain PUDs in the state of Washington. Our estimate of normal annual hydroelectric generation for 2018 (including resources purchased under long-term hydroelectric contracts with certain

> The following graph shows Avista Utilities' hydroelectric generation (in thousands of MWhs) during the year ended December 31:



Noxon Rapids

Cabinet Gorge

Spokane River Projects

Long-term hydroelectric contracts with PUDs

Normal hydroelectric generation

Normal hydroelectric generation is determined by reference to the effect of upstream dam regulation on median natural water flow. Natural water flow is the flow of the rivers without the influence of dams, whereas regulated water flow takes into account any water flow changes from upstream dams due to releasing or holding back water. The calculation of normal varies annually due to the timing of upstream dam regulation throughout the year.

Thermal Resources Avista Utilities owns the following thermal generating resources:

- · the combined cycle CT natural gas-fired Coyote Springs 2 located near Boardman, Oregon,
- · a 15 percent interest in a twin-unit, coal-fired boiler generating facility, Colstrip 3 & 4, located in southeastern Montana,
- a wood waste-fired boiler generating facility known as the Kettle Falls Generating Station (Kettle Falls GS) in northeastern Washington,
- a two-unit natural gas-fired CT generating facility, located in
- northeastern Spokane (Northeast CT),
 a two-unit natural gas-fired CT generating facility in northern
 Idaho (Rathdrum CT), and
 two small natural gas-fired generating facilities (Boulder Park GSg)
 and Kettle Falls CT).

 Coyote Springs 2, which is operated by Portland General Electric

Company, is supplied with natural gas under a combination of term contracts and spot market purchases, including transportation agreements with bilateral renewal rights.

Colstrip, which is operated by Talen Montana, is supplied with fuel from adjacent coal reserves under coal supply and transportation agreements in effect through 2029. In addition, see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis, Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for further discussion regarding environmental issues surrounding Colstrip.

The primary fuel for the Kettle Falls GS is wood waste generated as a by-product and delivered by trucks from forest industry operations within 100 miles of the plant. A combination of long-term contracts and spot purchases has provided, and is expected to meet, fuel requirements for the Kettle Falls GS.

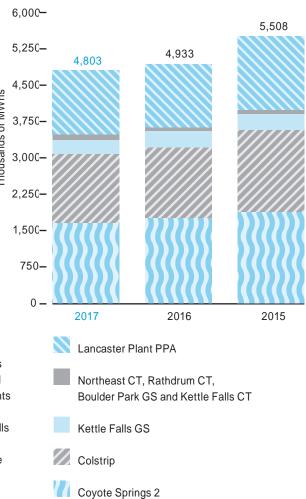
The Northeast CT, Rathdrum CT, Boulder Park GS and Kettle Falls CT generating units are primarily used to meet peaking electric requirements. We also operate these facilities when marginal costs are below prevailing wholesale electric prices. These generating facilities have access to natural gas supplies that are adequate to meet their respective operating needs.

See "Item 2. Properties—Avista Utilities—Generation Properties" for the nameplate rating and present generating capabilities alouse Wind, a wind generation project developed, owned and of the above thermal resources.

Plant, a 270 MW natural gas-fired combined cycle combustion turbineacquire all of the power and renewable attributes produced by the under a PPA. Under the terms of the PPA, we make the dispatch decisions, provide all natural gas fuel and receive all of the electric energy output from the Lancaster Plant; therefore, we consider this plant in our baseload resources. See "Note 3 of the Notes to

The following graph shows Avista Utilities' thermal generation (in thousands of MWhs) during the year ended December 31:

THERMAL GENERATION



managed by an unrelated third-party and located in Whitman County, We have the exclusive rights to all the capacity of the Lancaster Washington. We have a PPA that expires in 2042 that requires us to plant located in northern Idaho, owned by an unrelated third-party. All project at a fixed price per MWh with a fixed escalation of the price over of the output from the Lancaster Plant is contracted to us through 2026 term of the agreement. The project has a nameplate capacity of 105 MW. Generation from Palouse Wind was 300,380 MWhs in 2017, 349,771 MWhs in 2016 and 293,563 MWhs in 2015. We have an annual option to purchase the wind project beginning in December 2022. The purchase price is a fixed price per KW of in-service capacity with a fixed decline Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of this PPA in the price per KW over the remaining 20-year term of the PPA. Under the terms of the PPA, we do not have any input into the day-to-day operation of the project, including maintenance decisions. All such rights are held by the owner.

Wind Resources-We have exclusive rights to all the capacity of

Other Purchases, Exchanges and Salds addition to the resources described above, we purchase and sell power under various decommissioning of the hydroelectric project or offering the project long-term contracts, and we also enter into short-term purchases and to another party (likely through sale and transfer of the license). sales. Further, pursuant to PURPA, as amended, we are required to purchase generation from qualifying facilities. This includes, among license issued in 2001. See "Cabinet Gorge Total Dissolved Gas other resources, hydroelectric projects, cogeneration projects and windbatement Plan" in "Note 19 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial generation projects at rates approved by the WUTC and the IPUC.

See "Avista Utilities Electric Operating Statistics—Electric

sales and power from exchanges in 2017, 2016 and 2015. See "Electriexcess river flows over the spillway, as well as our mitigation plans Operations" above for additional information with respect to the use of and efforts. wholesale purchases and sales as part of our resource optimization process and also see "Future Resource Needs" below for the magnitudeong Lake, Nine Mile, Upper Falls, Monroe Street and Post Falls) of these power purchase and sales contracts in future periods.

Hydroelectric Licenses

Avista Corp. is a licensee under the Federal Power Act (FPA) as by the FERC. administered by the FERC, which includes regulation of hydroelectric generation resources. Excluding the Little Falls Hydroelectric Generating Project (Little Falls), our other seven hydroelectric plants projects are subject to the provisions of Part I of the FPA. These provisions include payment for headwater benefits, condemnation of needed, which varies widely because of the factors that influence licensed projects upon payment of just compensation, and take-over license upon payment of the lesser of "net investment" or "fair value" and 1,047 aMW in 2015. of the project, in either case, plus severance damages. In the unlikely

event that a take-over occurs, it could lead to either the

Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids are under one 45-year FERC Statements" for discussion of dissolved atmospheric gas levels that exceed state of Idaho and federal numeric water quality standards Operations" for annual quantities of purchased power, wholesale powerownstream of Cabinet Gorge during periods when we must divert

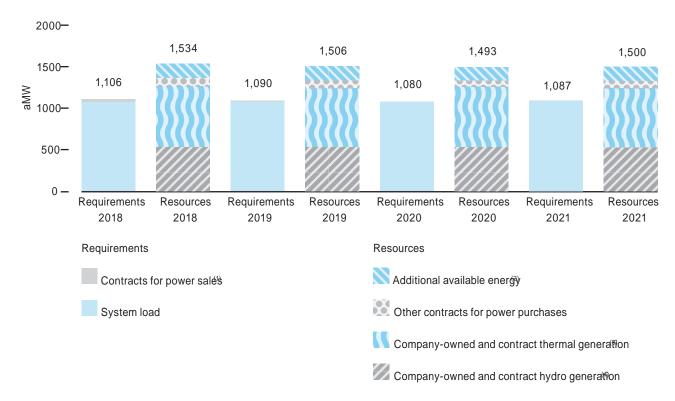
> Five of our six hydroelectric projects on the Spokane River are under one 50-year FERC license issued in 2009 and are referred to collectively as the Spokane River Project. The sixth, Little Falls, is operated under separate Congressional authority and is not licensed

Future Resource Needs

Avista Utilities has operational strategies to provide sufficient are regulated by the FERC through two project licenses. The licensedresources to meet our energy requirements under a range of operating conditions. These operational strategies consider the amount of energy demand over intra-hour, hourly, daily, monthly and annual durations. by the federal government of such projects after the expiration of the Our average hourly load was 1,070 aMW in 2017, 1,033 aMW in 2016

The following graph shows our forecast of our average annual energy requirements and our available resources for 2018 through 2021:

FORECASTED ELECTRIC ENERGY REQUIREMENTS AND RESOURCES



- The contracts for power sales decrease due to certain contracts expiring in each of these years. We are evaluating the future plan for the additional resources made available due to the expiration of these contracts.
- The combined maximum capacity of Boulder Park GS, Kettle Falls CT, Northeast CT and Rathdrum CT is 278 MW, with estimated available energy production as indicated for each year.
- Includes the Lancaster Plant PPA. Excludes Boulder Park GS, Kettle Falls CT, Northeast CT and Rathdrum CT, as these are considered peaking facilities and are generally not used to meet our base load requirements
- The forecast assumes near normal hydroelectric generation. (4)

In August 2017, we filed our 2017 Electric IRP with the WUTC and • Conservation will effectively provide 53 percent of the the IPUC. The WUTC and IPUC review the IRPs and give the public the opportunity to comment. The WUTC and IPUC do not approve or disapprove of the content in the IRPs; rather they acknowledge that the IRPs were prepared in accordance with applicable standards if that is the case. The IRP details projected growth in demand for energy and the new resources needed to serve customers over the next 20 years. We regard the IRP as a tool for resource evaluation, rather than an acquisition plan for a particular project.

Highlights of the 2017 IRP include the following expectations and/or assumptions:

- · Our current generation resources will remain cost effective and reliable sources of power to meet future customer needs over the next 20 years.
- Emergy storage costs are significantly lower than those assumed in the 2015 IRP, which, for the first time, makes the energy storage technology operationally attractive in meeting energy needs in the 20-year timeframe of the 2017 IRP.
- · A power purchase agreement for a solar facility of at least 15 MW for our new Solar Select Program for commercial and industrial customers.

- requirements of future load growth.
- Cdstrip will remain a cost effective and reliable source of power to meet future customer needs.
- If Colstrip were retired in 2030, total customer bills would increase approximately \$50.0 million in the first year following retirement.

Major changes from the 2015 IRP include the following expectations and/or assumptions:

- The 2017 Expected Case energy forecast will grow at 0.47 percent per year, replacing the 0.6 percent annual growth rate in the 2015 IRP. See "Item 7. Management Discussion and Analysis-Economic Conditions and Utility Load Growth" for further discussion regarding utility customer growth, load growth, and the general economic conditions in our service territory. The estimates of future load growth in the IRP and at "Item 7. Management Discussion and Analysis—Economic Conditions and Utility Load Growth" differ slightly due to the timing of when the two estimates were prepared and due to the time period that each estimate is focused on.
- Peak load growth will be lower than energy growth, at 0.42 percent for the winter and 0.46 percent for the summer.

- · Lower expected load growth combined with recent Mid-Columbiæeries of transactions to hedge a portion of our customers' projected hydroelectric contracts, energy efficiency, and demand responsenatural gas requirements through forward market transactions and will delay the need for additional resources from the end of 2020 derivative instruments. These transactions may extend for multiple until 2026. years into the future. We also leave a portion of our natural gas supply · Demand response (temporarily reducing the demand for energy) isequirements unhedged for purchase in the short-term spot markets.
- a viable strategy for meeting future energy needs and energy storage and solar have been added as future resources.
- We expect lower emissions from Avista Corp. owned and controlled resources due to lower utilization of natural-gas fired peaking plants and no new combined-cycle plants.

We are required to file an electric IRP every two years, with the next IRP expected to be filed during the third quarter of 2019. Our resource strategy may change from the 2017 IRP based on market, legislative and regulatory developments.

which requires us to obtain a portion of our electricity from qualifying results and changes in their monthly meetings. These activities renewable resources or through purchase of RECs and acquiring all costovide transparency for the natural gas supply procurement plan. will be affected by legislation for restrictions on greenhouse gas emissions and renewable energy requirements.

pricing or cap-and-trade mechanisms related to greenhouse gas emissions. If any of these initiatives are implemented, they could change generally have more pipeline and storage capacity than what is units are no longer cost effective for future customer needs. We cannot are sources by using market opportunities to generate economic believe if Colstrip 3 & 4 are no longer cost effective, it is reasonable tothrough wholesale market facilities outside of our natural gas expect that there would be a regulatory process to address any undepreciated assets associated with Colstrip 3 & 4, as well as the costs associated with replacement generation and any other unforeseen closure costs that might be incurred.

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition—Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for information related to existing laws, as well as potential legislation that could influence our future electric resource mix.

Natural Gas Operations

General—Avista Utilities provides natural gas distribution services to retail customers in parts of eastern Washington, northern into our distribution system and deliver it to the customers' premise. Idaho, and northeastern and southwestern Oregon.

Market prices for natural gas, like other commodities, can be supply to our customers with some level of price certainty. We procure his process. natural gas from various supply basins and over varying time periods. The resulting portfolio is a diversified mix of forward fixed price purchases, index and spot market purchases, utilizing physical and financial derivative instruments. We also use natural gas storage to may be lower. Securing prices throughout the year and even into subsequent years provides a level of price certainty and can mitigate interstate pipeline transportation rights provide the capacity to serve price volatility to customers between years.

load is highly variable and daily natural gas loads can differ significantly as prices in the Pacific Northwest are affected by global energy from the monthly forecasted load projections. We make continuing resources. On the basis of these projections, we plan and execute a cause our resource mix to vary.

Our purchase of natural gas supply is governed by our procurement plan and is reviewed and approved annually by the Risk Management Committee (RMC), which is comprised of certain officers and other management personnel. Once approval is received, the plan is implemented and monitored by our gas supply and risk management groups.

The plan's progress is also presented to the WUTC and IPUC staff in semi-annual meetings, and updates are given to the OPUC staff quarterly. Other stakeholders, such as the Public Counsel Unit of the Office of the Attorney General or the Citizen Utility Board, are We are subject to the Washington state Energy Independence Activited to participate. The RMC is provided with an update on plan effective conservation measures. Future generation resource decision material changes to the plan are documented and communicated to RMC members.

As part of the process of balancing natural gas retail load While not specifically addressed in the IRP, regionally, there are requirements with resources, we engage in the wholesale purchase and potential regulatory or legislative initiatives that could introduce carbonale of natural gas. We plan for sufficient natural gas delivery capacity to serve our retail customers for a theoretical peak day event. As such, the economics associated with operating Colstrip 3 & 4 such that the needed during periods other than a peak day. We optimize our natural currently determine the likelihood or impact of those initiatives, but wevalue that helps mitigate fixed costs. Wholesale sales are delivered distribution system. Natural gas resource optimization activities include, but are not limited to:

- wholesale market sales of surplus natural gas supplies.
- purchases and sales of natural gas to optimize use of pipeline and storage capacity, and
- participation in the transportation capacity release market.

We also provide distribution transportation service to qualified, large commercial and industrial natural gas customers who purchase natural gas through third-party marketers. For these customers, we receive their purchased natural gas from such third-party marketers

Optimization transactions that we engage in throughout the year are included in our annual purchased gas cost adjustment filings with volatile. Our natural gas procurement strategy is to provide a reliable the various commissions and are subject to review for prudence during

Natural Gas Supply Avista Utilities purchases all of its natural gas in wholesale markets. We are connected to multiple supply basins in the western United States and Canada through firm capacity transportation rights on six different pipeline networks. Access to this support high demand periods and to procure natural gas when prices diverse portfolio of natural gas resources allows us to make natural gas procurement decisions that benefit our natural gas customers. These approximately 25 percent of peak natural gas customer demands from Weather is a key component of our natural gas customer load. This mestic sources and 75 percent from Canadian sourced supply. Natural markets, as well as supply and demand factors in other regions of the projections of our natural gas loads and assess available natural gas. United States and Canada. Future prices and delivery constraints may

Natural Gas Storage-Avista Utilities owns a one-third interest in Jackson Prairie, an underground aguifer natural gas storage field located near Chehalis, Washington. Jackson Prairie has a total peak by state utility commissions for prices, accounting, the issuance of day deliverability of 12 million therms, with a total working natural gas securities and other matters. The retail electric and natural gas the peak day deliverability and total working capacity. We also from Northwest Pipeline for a portion of their one-third share of the storage project.

We optimize our natural gas storage capacity throughout the year by executing transactions that capture favorable market price spreadsitself an operating utility), we are also subject to the jurisdiction of the Natural gas buyers identify opportunities to purchase lower cost natural ERC under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005, which gas in the immediate term to inject into storage, and then sell the gas immposes certain reporting and other requirements. We, and all of our a forward market to be withdrawn at a later time. The reverse of this subsidiaries (whether or not engaged in any energy related business), type of transaction also occurs. These transactions lock in incrementabre required to maintain books, accounts and other records in weather or other events affecting the market.

Future Resource NeedsIn August 2016, we filed our 2016 IRPs are similar in nature to the electric IRPs and the process for preparation and review by the state commissions of both the electric just and reasonable and in this context would continue to be able to, and natural gas IRPs is similar. The IRP details projected growth in demand for energy and the new resources needed to serve customers over the next 20 years. We regard the IRP as a tool for resource evaluation, rather than an acquisition plan for a particular project.

Highlights of the 2016 natural gas IRP include the following expectations and/or assumptions:

- into the future with resource needs not occurring during the 20-year planning horizon in Washington, Idaho, or Oregon.
- Natural gas commodity prices will continue to be relatively stable due to robust North American supplies led by shale gas development.
- Future customer growth in our service territory will increase and subsequent low cost. We anticipate that any increased technology, as well as replace retired coal plants. There is also potential for increased usage in other markets, such as transportation and as an industrial feedstock.
- The availability of natural gas in North America will continue to natural gas and/or transportation, constrain existing pipeline change flows of natural gas across North America.

Since forecasted demand is relatively flat, we will monitor actual demand for signs of increased growth which could accelerate resource needs.

next IRP expected to be filed during the third quarter of 2018. Our resource strategy in our 2018 IRP may change from the 2016 IRP based on market, legislative and regulatory developments.

Regulatory Issues

General—As a public utility, Avista Corp. is subject to regulation capacity of 256 million therms. As an owner, our share is one-third of operations are subject to the jurisdiction of the WUTC, IPUC, OPUC and MPSC. Approval of the issuance of securities is not required from the contract for additional storage capacity and delivery at Jackson PrairieMPSC. We are also subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC for licensing of hydroelectric generation resources, and for electric transmission services and wholesale sales.

Since Avista Corp. is a "holding company" (in addition to being

value for customers. Jackson Prairie is also used as a variable peaking coordance with the FERC regulations and to make them available to the resource, and to protect from extreme daily price volatility during cold FERC and the state utility commissions. In addition, upon the request of any jurisdictional state utility commission, the FERC would have the authority to review assignment of costs of non-power goods and Natural Gas IRP with the WUTC, IPUC and the OPUC. The natural gasdministrative services among us and our subsidiaries. The FERC has the authority generally to require that rates subject to its jurisdiction be among other things, review transactions of any affiliated company.

> Our rates for retail electric and natural gas services (other than specially negotiated retail rates for industrial or large commercial customers, which are subject to regulatory review and approval) are generally determined on a "cost of service" basis.

Rates are designed to provide an opportunity for us to recover · We will have sufficient natural gas transportation resources well allowable operating expenses and earn a return of and a reasonable return on "rate base." Rate base is generally determined by reference to the original cost (net of accumulated depreciation) of utility plant in service, subject to various adjustments for deferred income taxes and other items. Over time, rate base is increased by additions to utility plant in service and reduced by depreciation and retirement of utility plant and write-offs as authorized by the utility commissions. Our operating slightly compared to the 2014 IRP. There will be increasing interessipenses and rate base are allocated or directly assigned to five from customers to utilize natural gas due to its abundant supply regulatory jurisdictions: electric in Washington and Idaho, and natural gas in Washington, Idaho and Oregon. In general, requests for new retail demand in the region will primarily come from power generation astes are made on the basis of revenues, operating expenses and net natural gas is increasingly being used to back up solar and wind investment for a test year that ended prior to the date of the request, subject to possible adjustments, which differ among the various jurisdictions, designed to reflect the expected revenues, operating expenses and net investment during the period new retail rates will be in effect. The retail rates approved by the state commissions in a rate change global LNG dynamics. Existing and new LNG facilities will roceeding may not provide sufficient revenues to provide recovery of look to export low cost North American natural gas to the higher costs and a reasonable return on investment for a number of reasons, priced Asian and European markets. This could alter the price of including, but not limited to, unexpected changes in revenues, expenses and investment following the time new retail rates are requested in the networks, stimulate development of new pipeline resources, andrate proceeding, the denial by the commission of recovery, or timely recovery, of certain expenses or investment and the limitation by the commission of the authorized return on investment.

Our rates for wholesale electric and natural gas transmission services are based on either "cost of service" principles or marketbased rates as set forth by the FERC. See "Notes 1 and 20 of the Notes We are required to file a natural gas IRP every two years, with the Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information about regulation, depreciation and deferred income taxes.

General Rate Cases Avista Utilities regularly reviews the need for electric and natural gas rate changes in each state in which we provide service. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—General Rate Cases" for information on general rate case activity.

Power Cost Deferrals-Avista Utilities defers the recognition in WUTC and the IPUC. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery provide service to customers. Mechanisms" and "Note 20 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information on power cost deferrals and recovery mechanisms in Washington and Idaho.

Purchased Gas Adjustment (PGAI) nder established regulatory practices in each state, Avista Utilities defers the recognition in the income statement of the natural gas costs that vary from the level our jurisdictions. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—Purchased Gas Adjustments" and "Note 20 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information on natural gas cost deferrals and recovery mechanisms intransmission planning activities with other regional entities through Washington, Idaho and Oregon.

Decoupling and Earnings Sharing MechanismBecoupling is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues anotherational efficiency, reliability, and planned expansion of the as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and western organizations to address transmission planning, including rebated to customers beginning in the following year. Only the residential and commercial customer classes are included in our decoupling mechanisms. In conjunction with the decoupling mechanisms, Washington includes an after-the-fact earnings test. At attain operational efficiencies and to meet FERC policy objectives. the end of each calendar year, earnings calculations are made for the prior calendar year and a portion of any earnings above a certain an annual earnings review, not directly associated with the decoupling in the western United States. Most investor-owned utilities in the later returned to customers. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion aimategrate into the market in the near future. The decision to join the Analysis—Regulatory Matters—Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms" for further discussion of these mechanisms.

Federal Laws Related to Wholesale Competition

Federal law promotes practices that foster competition in the to transmit power and energy to or for wholesale purchasers and sellers, and requires electric utilities to enhance or construct transmission facilities to create additional transmission capacity for the purpose of providing these services. Public utilities (through subsidiaries or affiliates) and other entities may participate in the development of independent electric generating plants for sales to wholesale customers.

Public utilities operating under the FPA are required to provide open and non-discriminatory access to their transmission systems to Reliability Standards third parties and establish an Open Access Same-Time Information System to provide an electronic means by which transmission and purchase transmission access. The FERC also requires each puband other FERC regulations.

utility subject to the rules to operate its transmission and wholesale power merchant operating functions separately and to comply with standards of conduct designed to ensure that all wholesale users, including the public utility's power merchant operations, have equal the income statement of certain power supply costs that vary from theaccess to the public utility's transmission system. Our compliance with level currently recovered from our retail customers as authorized by thiteese standards has not had any substantive impact on the operation, maintenance and marketing of our transmission system or our ability to

> See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis-Competition" for further information.

Regional Transmission Planning

Beginning with FERC Order No. 888 and continuing with subsequent rulemakings and policies, the FERC has encouraged better currently recovered from our retail customers as authorized by each of coordination and operational consistency aimed to capture efficiencies that might otherwise be gained through the formation of a Regional Transmission Organization or an independent system operator (ISO).

Avista Utilities meets its FERC requirements to coordinate ColumbiaGrid. ColumbiaGrid is a Washington nonprofit membership corporation with an independent board formed to improve the consumers' energy usage. In each of Avista Utilities' jurisdictions, eactransmission grid in the Pacific Northwest. We became a member of month Avista Utilities' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted columbia Grid in 2006 during its formation. Columbia Grid is not an ISO. but fills the role of facilitating the regional transmission planning requirements of FERC Order No. 1000, and other clarifying FERC Orders, for its members. Columbia Grid and its members also work with other revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or WestConnect and the Northern Tier Transmission Group (NTTG). In 2011, we became a registered Planning Participant of the NTTG. We will continue to assess the benefits of entering into other functional agreements with Columbia Grid and/or participating in other forums to

Regional Energy Markets

threshold are deferred and later returned to customers. Oregon also has The California Independent System Operator (CAISO) has an EIM mechanism, where earnings above a certain threshold are deferred an acific Northwest are either participants in the CAISO EIM or plan to CAISO EIM is based on a number of factors, including the amount of variable generating resources in the utilities' systems, the ability to manage the variable generating resources within the utilities' systems, the costs associated with joining the CAISO EIM, and the economic benefits associated with joining the CAISO EIM. We have conducted electric wholesale energy market. The FERC requires electric utilities analyses with respect to joining the CAISO EIM, and we currently do not believe there is a compelling case to do so. As additional utilities join the CAISO EIM, there could be a reduction in bilateral market liquidity and opportunities for wholesale transactions in the Pacific Northwest. We will continue to monitor the CAISO EIM expansion and the associated impacts. As market fundamentals and our business needs evolve, we will weigh the advantages and disadvantages of joining the CAISO EIM or other organized energy markets in the future.

Among its other provisions, the U.S. Energy Policy Act provides for the implementation of mandatory reliability standards and authorizes customers can obtain information about available transmission capacitive FERC to assess penalties for non-compliance with these standards

Organization authorized to establish and enforce reliability standards obtaining reliability coordinator services, which impact cannot be and delegate authority to regional entities for the purpose of establishing and enforcing reliability standards. The FERC approves alternatives for obtaining the required reliability coordinator services. NERC Reliability Standards, including western region standards that make up the set of legally enforceable standards for the United StatesVulnerability to Cyber Attack bulk electric system. The first of these reliability standards became effective in 2007. From time-to-time new standards are developed or electric and natural gas utility companies in the United States and existing standards are updated, revised, consolidated or eliminated pursuant to an industry-involved process. We are required to selfcertify our compliance with these standards on an annual basis and undergo regularly scheduled periodic reviews by the NERC and its Failure to comply with NERC reliability standards could result in financial penalties of up to \$1 million per day per violation. We have a Company's operating networks could impair the operation of the robust internal compliance program in place to manage compliance activities and mitigate the risk of potential noncompliance with these standards. We do not expect the costs associated with compliance with tended periods of time.

Peak Reliability is the reliability coordinator in the Western Interconnection that performs reliability coordinator functions for its funding parties, including Avista Corp. The CAISO, which is a significa actors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Peak Reliability funding party recently submitted its notice of withdrawal from Peak Reliability, effective on September 2, 2019. WeManagement—Technology Risks" for further information.

these standards to have a material impact on our financial results.

The FERC certified the NERC as the single Electric Reliability are evaluating the impact of CAISO's withdrawal on our cost of accurately determined at this time. We are also evaluating all

It has been widely reported that the energy sector, particularly abroad, have become the subject of cyber-attacks with increased frequency. The Company's administrative and operating networks are targeted by hackers on a regular basis.

A successful attack on the Company's administrative networks regional entity, the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC).could compromise the security and privacy of data, including operating, financial and personal information. A successful attack on the Company's electric and/or natural gas utility facilities, possibly resulting in the inability to provide electric and/or natural gas service for

> The Company continually reinforces and updates its defensive systems and is in compliance with NERC's reliability standards. See "Reliability Standards," "Item 1A. Risk Factors—Technology Risk Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Enterprise Risk

AVISTA CORPORATION

Avista Utilities Electric Operating Statistics

Years Ended December 31,

		2017	2016	2015
Electric Operations				
Operating Revenues (Dollars in Thousands):				
Residential	\$	381,682 \$	339,210 \$	335,552
Commercial		311,593	305,613	308,210
Industrial		110,982	107,296	111,770
Public street and highway lighting		7,484	7,662	7,277
Totalretail		811,741	759,781	762,809
Wholesale		81,512	112,071	127,253
Sales of fuel		64,925	78,334	82,853
Other		31,614	28,492	25,839
Decoupling		(8,220)	17,349	4,740
Provision for earnings sharing		(1,18)2	932	(5,62)1
Total electric operating revenues	\$	980,390 \$	996,959 \$	997,873
Energy Sales (Thousands of MWhs):				
Residential		3,840	3,528	3,571
Commercial		3,222	3,183	3,197
Industrial		1,815	1,763	1,812
Public street and highway lighting		20	23	23
Totalretail		8,897	8,497	8,603
Wholesale		2,881	2,998	3,145
Total electric energy sales	_	11,778	11,495	11,748
Franks Decourage (They good of MM/he)				
Energy Resources (Thousands of MWhs): Hydro generation (from Company facilities)		2.070	2 026	3,434
		3,978	3,836	
Thermal generation (from Company facilities)		3,476	3,626	3,983
Purchasedower		4,809	4,597	4,899
Powerexchanges	_	(6)	(6)	(2)
Totalpower resources		12,257	12,053	12,314
Energy losses and Company use		(479)	(558)	(566)
Total energy resources (net of losses)		11,778	11,495	11,748
Number of Retail Customers (Average for Period):				
Residential		334,848	330,699	327,057
Commercial		42,154	41,785	41,296
Industrial		1,328	1,342	1,353
Public street and highway lighting		569	558	529
Total electric retail customers		378,899	374,384	370,235
Residential Service Averages:				
Annual use per customer (kWh)		11,469	10,667	10,827
Revenue per kWh (in cents)		9.94	9.62	9.40
Annual revenue per customer	\$	1,139.87\$	1,025.74\$	1,017.21
Average Hourly Load (aMW)		1,070	1,033	1,047
		.,570	1,500	1,0-11

AVISTA CORPORATION CONTINUED

Avista Utilities Electric Operating Statistics Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016	2015
Electric Operations (continued)			
Retail Native Load at time of system peak (MW):			
Winter	1,681	1,655	1,529
Summer	1,596	1,587	1,638
Cooling Degree Day's:			
Spokane, WA			
Actual	743	474	805
Historicalaverage	529	545	545
%of average	140%	87%	148%
Heating Degree Days:			
Spokane, WA			
Actual	6,783	5,790	5,614
Historicalaverage	6,578	6,680	6,726
%of average	103%	87%	83%

⁽¹⁾ Cooling degree days are the measure of the warmness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day exceeds 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual degree days above historic indicate warmer than average temperatures). During 2017, we modified the calculation for historical average cooling degree days. We have recalculated 2016 and 2015 using the updated methodology to be consistent with 2017.

⁽²⁾ Heating degree days are the measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual degree days below historic indicate warmer than average temperatures). During 2017, we modified the calculation for historical average heating degree days. We have recalculated 2016 and 2015 using the updated methodology to be consistent with 2017.

AVISTA CORPORATION CONTINUED

Avista Utilities Natural Gas Operating Statistics

Years Ended December 31,

		2017	2016	2015
Natural Gas Operations				
Operating Revenues (Dollars in Thousands):				
Residential	\$	220,176 \$	195,275 \$	193,825
Commercial		104,240	92,978	96,751
Interruptible		1,901	2,179	2,782
Industrial		3,756	3,348	3,792
Totalretail		330,073	293,780	297,150
Wholesale		142,722	153,446	204,289
Transportation		9,208	8,339	7,988
Other		6,412	5,787	5,578
Decoupling		(11,374)	12,309	6,004
Provision for earnings sharing		(2,39)2	(2,76)7	_
Total natural gas operating revenues	\$	474,649 \$	470,894 \$	521,009
Therms Delivered (Thousands of Therms):				
Residential		221,982	186,565	176,613
Commercial		133,343	112,686	107,894
Interruptible		5,465	5,700	4,708
Industrial		6,340	5,234	5,070
Totalretail		367,130	310,185	294,285
Wholesale		545,348	684,317	809,132
Transportation		186,222	178,377	164,679
Interdepartmental and Company use		441	378	335
Totaltherms delivered	-	1,099,141	1,173,257	1,268,431
	-			
Number of Retail Customers (Average for Period):				
Residential		307,375	300,883	296,005
Commercial		35,192	34,868	34,229
Interruptible		37	37	35
Industrial		251	255	261
Total natural gas retail customers		342,855	336,043	330,530
Residential Service Averages:				
Annual use per customer (therms)		722	620	593
Revenue per therm (in dollars)	ф.	0.99 \$	1.05 \$	1.10
	\$ \$	716.31 \$	649.01 \$	650.83
Annual revenue per customer	\$	710.31 \$	649.01 \$	650.83
Heating Degree Day®:				
Spokane, WA				
Actual		6,783	5,790	5,614
Historicalaverage		6,578	6,680	6,726
%of average		103%	87%	83%
Medford,OR				
Actual		4,254	3,637	3,534
Historicalaverage		4,305	4,325	4,461
% of average		99%	84%	79%

⁽¹⁾ Heating degree days are the measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual degree days below historic indicate warmer than average temperatures). During 2017, we modified the calculation for historical average heating degree days. We have recalculated 2016 and 2015 using the updated methodology to be consistent with 2017.

ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANTY following graph shows AEL&P's hydroelectric generation (in thousands of MWhs) during the time periods indicated below:

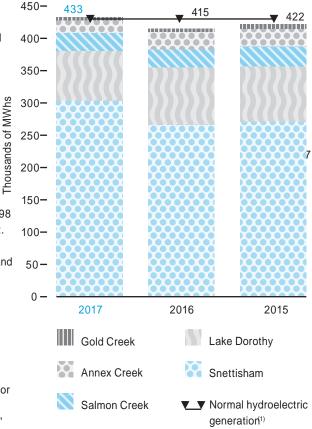
AEL&P is the primary operating subsidiary of AERC. AEL&P is the sole utility providing electrical energy in Juneau, Alaska. Juneau is a HYDROELECTRIC GENERATION geographically isolated community with no electric interconnections with the transmission facilities of other utilities and no pipeline access to natural gas or other fuels. Juneau's economy is primarily driven by government activities, tourism, commercial fishing, and mining, as well as activities as the commercial hub of southeast Alaska.

AEL&P owns and operates electric generation, transmission and distribution facilities located in Juneau. AEL&P operates five hydroelectric generation facilities with 102.7 MW of hydroelectric generation capacity as of December 31, 2017. AEL&P owns four of these generation facilities (totaling 24.5 MW of capacity) and has a PPA for the output of the Snettisham hydroelectric project (totaling 78.2 MW of capacity).

The Snettisham hydroelectric project is owned by the Alaska Industrial Development and Export Authority (AIDEA), a public corporation of the State of Alaska. AIDEA issued revenue bonds in 1998 (which were refinanced in 2015) to finance its acquisition of the project. These bonds were outstanding in the amount of \$59.7 million at December 31, 2017 and mature in January 2034. AEL&P has a PPA and operating and maintenance agreement with the AIDEA to operate and maintain the facility. This PPA is a take-or-pay obligation, expiring in December 2038, to purchase all of the output of the project. AIDEA's bonds are payable solely out of the revenues received under the PPA.

For accounting purposes, this PPA is treated as a capital lease and, as of December 31, 2017, the capital lease obligation was \$59.7 million. Snettisham Electric Company, a non-operating subsidiary of AERC, has the option to purchase the Snettisham project at any time for a price equal to the principal amount of the bonds outstanding at that time. See "Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of the Snettisham capital lease obligation.

As of December 31, 2017, AEL&P also had 107.5 MW of diesel (1) generating capacity from four facilities to provide back-up service to firm customers when necessary.



Normal hydroelectric generation is defined as the energy output of the plant during a year with average inflows to the reservoir.

As of December 31, 2017, AEL&P served approximately 17,000 customers. Its primary customers include city, state and federal the permits and licenses necessary to operate certain of its governmental entities located in Juneau, as well as a mine located in the droelectric facilities. One of these licenses (for the Salmon Creek and Juneau area. Most of AEL&P's customers are served on a firm basis Annex Creek hydroelectric projects) expires in August 2018, but AEL&P while certain of its customers, including its largest customer, are served in the process of renewing and expects the renewed license to be on an interruptible sales basis. AEL&P maintains separate rate tariffs effective in September 2018. Since AEL&P has no electric for each of its customer classes, as well as seasonal rates. interconnection with other utilities and makes no wholesale sales, it is

AEL&P's operations are subject to regulation by the RCA with not subject to general FERC jurisdiction, other than the reporting and respect to rates, standard of service, facilities, accounting and certainother requirements of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 as other matters, but not with respect to the issuance of securities. Rate an Avista Corp. subsidiary. adjustments for AEL&P's customers require approval by the RCA pursuant to RCA regulations. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion the State of Alaska with respect to dam safety and certain aspects of its

and Analysis—Regulatory Matters" for further discussion of AEL&P's operations. In addition, AEL&P is subject to regulation with respect to latest general rate case filing, including its capital structure.

The Snettisham hydroelectric project is subject to regulation by air and water quality, land use and other environmental matters under both federal and state laws.

AEL&P is also subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC concerning

AEL&P ELECTRIC OPERATING STATISTICS

Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016	2015
lectric Operations			
Operating Revenues (Dollars in Thousands):			
Residential	\$ 20,504 \$	18,207 \$	18,017
Commercial and government	31,726	27,322	26,049
Public street and highway lighting	279	266	215
Totalretail	52,509	45,795	44,281
Other	518	481	497
Total electric operating revenues	\$ 53,027 \$	46,276 \$	44,778
Energy Sales (Thousands of MWhs):			
Residential	151	139	139
Commercial and government	262	253	258
Public street and highway lighting	1	1	1
Total electric energy sales	414	393	398
Number of Retail Customers (Average for Period):			
Residential	14,575	14,448	14,285
Commercial and government	2,210	2,181	2,179
Public street and highway lighting	217	211	210
Total electric retail customers	17,002	16,840	16,674
Residential Service Averages:			
Annual use per customer (kWh)	10,360	9,621	9,730
Revenue per kWh (in cents)	13.58	13.10	12.96
Annual revenue per customer	\$ 1,406.79\$	1,260.17\$	1,261.25
Heating Degree Day®:			
Juneau, AK			
Actual	8,515	7,301	7,395
Historicalaverage	8,351	8,351	8,351
%of average	102%	87%	89%

Heating degree days are the measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual heating degree days below historical average indicate warmer than average temperatures).

OTHER BUSINESSES

The following table shows our assets related to our other businesses, RISK FACTORS including intercompany amounts as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 (dollars in thousands):

Entity and Asset Type	2017	2016
Avista Capital		
Salix—wholly owned subsidiary \$	4,392 \$	3,842
Equity investments	2,561	3,000
Other assets	2,826	123
Avista Development		
Equityinvestments	19,573	11,530
Realestate	17,102	11,359
Notes receivable and other assets	6,385	5,444
METALfx—wholly owned subsidiary	11,599	11,568
Alaska companies (AERC and AJT Mining)	8,803	8,390
Total \$	73,241 \$	55,256

Avista Capital

- Salix is a wholly owned subsidiary of Avista Capital that explores markets that could be served with LNG.
- Equity investments are primarily in an emerging technology venture capital fund.

Avista Development

- · Equity investments are primarily in emerging technology venture capital funds and companies, including an investment in a technology company that delivers scalable smart grid solutions to global partners and customers, and a predictive data science company.
- office space.
- receivable made to a company focused on spurring economic development throughout Washington State and to a smart grid solutions company.
- · AM&D, doing business as METALfx, performs custom sheet metal fabrication of electronic enclosures, parts and systems for the computer, construction, telecom, renewable energy and medical industries. The asset balance above excludes an intercompany loan from METALfx to Avista Corp. The loan balance was \$5.6 million as of December 31, 2017 and \$4.0 million as of December 31, 2016.

Alaska Companies

• Includes AERC and AJT Mining, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of AERC and is an inactive mining company holding certain real estate.

However, we may invest incremental funds to protect our existing investments and invest in new businesses that we believe fit with our capability. Variations in hydroelectric generation inversely affect our overall corporate strategy.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following factors could have a significant impact on our operations, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. These factors could cause future results or outcomes to differ materially from those discussed in our reports filed with the SEC (including this Annual Report on Form 10-K), and elsewhere. Please also see "Forward-Looking Statements" for additional factors which could have a significant impact on our operations, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows and could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

Financial Risk Factors

Weather (temperatures, precipitation levels, wind patterns and storms) has a significant effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Weather impacts are described in the following subtopics:

- certain retail electricity and natural gas sales,
- the cost of natural gas supply, and
- the cost of power supply.

Certain retail electricity and natural gas sales volumes vary directly with changes in temperatures. We normally have our highest retail (electric and natural gas) energy sales during the winter heating season in the first and fourth quarters of the year. We also have high electricity demand for air conditioning during the summer (third quarter) in the Pacific Northwest. In general, warmer weather in the heating season and cooler weather in the cooling season will reduce our customers' energy demand and our retail operating revenues. The Ræl estate consists primarily of mixed use commercial and retailrevenue and earnings impact of weather fluctuations is somewhat mitigated by our decoupling mechanisms; however, we could experience · Notes receivable and other assets are primarily long-term notes liquidity constraints during the period between when decoupling revenue is earned and when it is subsequently collected from customers through retail rates.

> The cost of natural gas supply tends to increase with higher demand during periods of cold weather. Increased costs adversely affect cash flows when we purchase natural gas for retail supply at prices above the amount then allowed for recovery in retail rates. We defer differences between actual natural gas supply costs and the amount currently recovered in retail rates and we are generally allowed to recover substantially all of these differences after regulatory review. However, these deferred costs require cash outflows from the time of natural gas purchases until the costs are later recovered through retail sales. Inter-regional natural gas pipelines and competition for supply can allow demand-driven price volatility in other regions of North America to affect prices in the Pacific Northwest, even though there may be less extreme weather conditions in the Pacific Northwest.

The cost of power supply can be significantly affected by weather. Over time as opportunities arise, we dispose of investments and Precipitation (consisting of snowpack, its water content and melting phase out operations that do not fit with our overall corporate strategypattern plus rainfall) and other streamflow conditions (such as regional water storage operations) significantly affect hydroelectric generation reliance on market purchases and thermal generation. To the extent that hydroelectric generation is less than normal, significantly more costly power supply resources must be acquired and the ability to realize net

benefits from surplus hydroelectric wholesale sales is reduced. Wholesale prices also vary based on wind patterns as wind generation porrowings. We need adequate levels of credit with financial capacity is material in the Pacific Northwest but its contribution to supply is inconsistent.

higher during periods of high regional demand, such as occurs with temperature extremes. We may need to purchase power in the wholesale market during peak price periods. The price of natural gas assisted and covenants and default provisions. fuel for natural gas-fired electric generation also tends to increase during periods of high demand which are often related to temperature of Avista Corp. or any of our "significant subsidiaries," if any, could high prices to meet electric demands. The cost of power supply duringline of credit or other financing arrangements of any other of such peak usage periods may be higher than the retail sales price or the amount allowed in retail rates by our regulators. To the extent that power supply costs are above the amount allowed currently in retail rates, the difference is partially absorbed by the Company in current expense and it is partially deferred or shared with customers through regulatory mechanisms.

The price of power tends to be lower during periods with excess derivative instruments, which may include interest rate swap supply, such as the spring when hydroelectric conditions are usually aderivatives and U.S. Treasury lock agreemelftsnarket interest rates their maximum and various facilities are required to operate to meet environmental mandates. Oversupply can be exacerbated when be required to sell excess energy at negative prices.

As a result of these combined factors, our net cost of power supply—the difference between our costs of generation and market purchases, reduced by our revenue from wholesale sales-varies significantly because of weather.

We rely on regular access to financial markets but we cannot assure favorable or reasonable financing terms will be available over the term of the associated debt. when we need them.

Access to capital markets is critical to our operations and our capital structure. We have significant capital requirements that we of financial markets and credit availability in the global, United States approximately 60 percent of this total being allocated to Washington. and regional economies impacts our financial condition. We could experience increased borrowing costs or limited access to capital on reasonable terms.

We access long-term capital markets to finance capital expenditures, repay maturing long-term debt and obtain additional working capital from time-to-time. Our ability to access capital on reasonable terms is subject to numerous factors and market condition for further discussion of this issue. many of which are beyond our control. If we are unable to obtain capital paying dividends on our common stock.

Performance of the financial markets could also result in significant declines in the market values of assets held by our pensioncredit) to lenders and counterparties. In addition, credit rating plan and/or a significant increase in the pension liability (which impactslowngrades could reduce the number of counterparties willing to do the funded status of the plan) and could increase future funding obligations and pension expense.

We rely on credit from financial institutions for short-term institutions for short-term liquidity. We have a \$400.0 million committed line of credit that expires in April 2021. Our subsidiary AEL&P has a The price of power in the wholesale energy markets tends to be \$25.0 million committed line of credit that expires in November 2019. There is no assurance that we will have access to credit beyond these expiration dates. The committed line of credit agreements contain

Any default on the lines of credit or other financing arrangements extremes. We may need to purchase natural gas fuel in these periods refsult in cross-defaults to other agreements of such entity, and/or to the entities. Any defaults could also induce vendors and other counterparties to demand collateral. In the event of any such default, it would be difficult for us to obtain financing on reasonable terms to pay creditors or fund operations. We would also likely be prohibited from paying dividends on our common stock.

We hedge a portion of our interest rate risk with financial decrease below the interest rates we have locked in, this will result in a liability related to our interest rate swap derivatives, which can be intermittent resources such as wind generation are producing output significant. As of December 31, 2017, we had a net interest rate swap that may be supported by price subsidies. In extreme situations, we makerivative liability of \$66.0 million, reflecting a decline in interest rates since the time we entered into the agreements. We did not have any U.S. Treasury lock agreements outstanding as of December 31, 2017. We may be required to post cash or letters of credit as collateral depending on fluctuations in the fair value of the derivative instruments. Settlement of interest rate swap derivative instruments in a liability position could require a significant amount of cash, which could negatively impact our liquidity and short-term credit availability and increase interest expense

In our 2017 Washington electric and natural gas general rate cases, WUTC Staff recommended the exclusion of our 2016 settled interest rate swaps from the cost of capital calculation. The total expect to fund, in part, by accessing capital markets. As such, the statemount of the 2016 settled interest rate swaps was \$54.0 million, with If recovery of the 2016 settled interest rate swap payments referenced above is not approved by the WUTC, this could change our current conclusion that settlement payments related to the 2017 settled interest rate swaps and the unsettled interest rate swaps are probable of recovery through rates. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—2017 Washington General Rate Cases"

Downgrades in our credit ratings could impede our ability to on reasonable terms, it may limit or prohibit our ability to finance capital btain financing, adversely affect the terms of financing and impact our expenditures and repay maturing long-term debt. Our liquidity needs ability to transact for or hedge energy resources. If we do not maintain could exceed our short-term credit availability and lead to defaults on our investment grade credit rating with the major credit rating agencies, various financing arrangements. We would also likely be prohibited from could expect increased debt service costs, limitations on our ability to access capital markets or obtain other financing on reasonable terms, and requirements to provide collateral (in the form of cash or letters of business with us or result in the termination of outstanding regulatory authorizations for certain financing activities.

Credit risk may be affected by industry concentration and geographic concentration.

We have concentrations of suppliers and customers in the electricesults of operations. and natural gas industries including:

- · electric and natural gas utilities,
- electric generators and transmission providers,
- oil and natural gas producers and pipelines,
- related parties, and
- energy marketing and trading companies.

We have concentrations of credit risk related to our geographic location in the western United States and western Canada energy markets. These concentrations of counterparties and concentrations of geographic location may affect our overall exposure to credit risk because the counterparties may be similarly affected by changes in conditions.

Utility Regulatory Risk Factors

Regulators may not grant rates that provide timely or sufficient recovery of our costs or allow a reasonable rate of return for our shareholders.

Avista Utilities' annual operating expenses and the costs associated with incremental investments in utility assets continue to customers and we must sell it at fixed rates and only a portion of our grow at a faster rate than revenue growth. Our ability to recover theseenergy supply costs are fixed, we are subject to the risk of buying expenses and capital costs depends on the amount and timeliness of energy at higher prices in wholesale energy markets (and the risk of retail rate changes allowed by regulatory agencies. We expect to our expenses and capital costs and provide an opportunity to earn a reasonable rate of return for shareholders. If regulators do not grant rate increases or grant substantially lower rate increases than our requests in the future or if recovery of deferred expenses is disallowed, it could have a negative effect on our operating revenues, net income and cash flows. Negative impacts to our financial results may result in our credit ratings being downgraded which may make it more costly for us to issue future debt securities and could increase borrowing costs under our credit facilities. See further discussion of regulatory matters in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters."

In the future, we may no longer meet the criteria for continued application of regulatory accounting practices for all or a portion of our regulated operations.

If we could no longer apply regulatory accounting, we could be:

- · required to write off our regulatory assets, and
- not recovered through rates at the time such amounts are customers in the future.

See further discussion at "Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—2017 Washington General Rate Cases."

Energy Commodity Risk Factors

Energy commodity price changes affect our cash flows and

Energy commodity prices can be volatile. We rely on energy markets and other counterparties for energy supply, surplus and optimization transactions and commodity price hedging. A combination of factors exposes our operations to commodity price risks, including:

- financial institutions including commodity clearing exchanges and
 our obligation to serve our retail customers at rates set through the regulatory process—we cannot decline to serve our customers and we cannot change retail rates to reflect current energy prices unless and until we receive regulatory approval,
 - customer demand, which is beyond our control because of weather, customer choices, prevailing economic conditions and other factors.
 - some of our energy supply cost is fixed by the nature of the energy-producing assets or through contractual arrangements (however, a significant portion of our energy resource costs are not fixed), and
 - the potential non-performance by commodity counterparties, which could lead to replacement of the scheduled energy or natural gas at higher prices.

Because we must supply the amount of energy demanded by our selling energy at lower prices if we are in a surplus position). Electricity periodically file for rate increases with regulatory agencies to recover and natural gas in wholesale markets are commodities with historically high price volatility. Changes in wholesale energy prices affect, among other things, the cash requirements to purchase electricity and natural gas for retail customers or wholesale obligations and the market value of derivative assets and liabilities.

> When we enter into fixed price energy commodity transactions for future delivery, we are subject to credit terms that may require us to provide collateral to wholesale counterparties related to the difference between current prices and the agreed upon fixed prices. These collateral requirements can place significant demands on our cash flows or borrowing arrangements. Price volatility can cause collateral requirements to change quickly and significantly.

Cash flow deferrals related to energy commodities can be significant. We are permitted to collect from customers only amounts approved by regulatory commissions. However, our costs to provide energy service can be much higher or lower than the amounts currently billed to customers. We are permitted to defer income statement recognition and recovery from customers for some of these differences, precluded from the future deferral of costs or decoupled revenues which are recorded as deferred charges with the opportunity for future recovery through retail rates. These deferred costs are subject to incurred, even if we are expected to recover these amounts from review for prudence and potential disallowance by regulators, who have discretion as to the extent and timing of future recovery or refund to customers.

Power and natural gas costs higher than those recovered in retail Financial Statements—Regulatory Deferred Charges and Credits" andates reduce cash flows. Amounts that are not allowed for deferral or which are not approved to become part of customer rates affect our results of operations.

> Even if our regulators ultimately allow us to recover deferred power and natural gas costs, our operating cash flows can be negatively affected until these costs are recovered from customers.

Fluctuating energy commodity prices and volumes in relation to our energy risk management process can cause volatility in our cash flows and results of operations. We engage in active hedging and resource optimization practices to reduce energy cost volatility and economic exposure related to commodity price fluctuations. We routinely enter into contracts to hedge a portion of our purchase and sale commitments for electricity and natural gas, as well as forecasted excess or deficit energy positions and inventories of natural gas. We use physical energy contracts and derivative instruments, such as forwards, futures, swaps and options traded in fully hedge our energy resource assets or our forecasted net positionsagainst some, but not all, potential losses and we seek to negotiate hedged, or if hedging positions do not fully match the corresponding purchase or sale, fluctuating commodity prices could have a material effect on our operating revenues, resource costs, derivative assets and liabilities, and operating cash flows. In addition, actual loads and resources typically vary from forecasts, sometimes to a significant degree, which require additional transactions or dispatch decisions that impact cash flows.

The hedges we enter into are reviewed for prudence by our various regulators and any deferred costs (including those as a result can be significant. Overhead electric lines are most susceptible to of our hedging transactions) are subject to review for prudence and potential disallowance by regulators.

Generation plants may become obsolete rely on a variety of generation and energy commodity market sources to fulfill our obligation to serve customers and meet the demands of our counterparty agreements. There is the potential that some of our generation sources, such as coal, may become obsolete or be prematurely retired through regulatory action. This could result in higher commodity costs to replace the lost generation, as well as highend has diesel generating capacity from multiple facilities to provide costs to retire the generation source before the end of its expected lifebackup service to firm customers when necessary; however, a single

Operational Risk Factors

We are subject to various operational and event risks. Our operations are subject to operational and event risks

that include:

- · severe weather or natural disasters, including, but not limited to, avalanches, wind storms, wildfires, earthquakes, snow and ice storms, which can disrupt energy generation, transmission and distribution, as well as the availability and costs of materials, equipment, supplies support services and general business operations,
- blackouts or disruptions of interconnected transmission systems adversely affect our operational and financial performance. (the regional power grid),
- unplanned outages at generating plants,
- fuel cost and availability, including delivery constraints,
- occur while operating and maintaining our generation, transmission and distribution systems,
- damage or injuries to third parties caused by our generation, transmission and distribution systems,
- natural disasters that can disrupt energy generation, transmission and distribution, and general business operations,

- · terrorist attacks or other malicious acts that may disrupt or cause damage to our utility assets or the vendors we utilize, and
- work force issues, including changes in collective bargaining unit agreements, strikes, work stoppages, the loss of key executives, availability of workers in a variety of skill areas, and our ability to recruit and retain employees.

Disasters may affect the general economy, financial and capital markets, specific industries, or our ability to conduct business. As protection against operational and event risks, we maintain business the over-the-counter markets or on exchanges. We do not attempt to continuity and disaster recovery plans, maintain insurance coverage for various time horizons. To the extent we have positions that are notindemnification arrangements with contractors for certain event risks. However, insurance or indemnification agreements may not be adequate to protect us against liability, extra expenses and operating disruptions from all of the operational and event risks described above. In addition, we are subject to the risk that insurers and/or other parties will dispute or be unable to perform on their obligations to us.

> Damage to facilities may be caused by severe weather or natural disasters, such as snow, ice, wind storms, wildfires, earthquakes or avalanches. The cost to implement rapid or any repair to such facilities damage caused by severe weather.

> Adverse impacts may occur at our Alaska operations that could result from an extended outage of their hydroelectric generating resources or its inability to deliver energy, due to their lack of interconnectivity to any other electrical grids and the extensive cost of replacement power (diesel).

AEL&P operates several hydroelectric power generation facilities hydroelectric power generation facility, the Snettisham hydroelectric project, provides approximately two-thirds of AEL&P's hydroelectric power generation. Any issues that negatively affect AEL&P's ability to generate or transmit power or any decrease in the demand for the power generated by AEL&P could negatively affect our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Compliance Risk Factors

There have been numerous changes in legislation, related administrative rulemakings, and Executive Orders, including periodic audits of compliance with such rules, which may

We expect to continue to be affected by legislation at the national, state and local level, as well as by administrative rules and requirements published by government agencies, including but not limited to the FERC, explosions, fires, accidents, or mechanical breakdowns that may the EPA and state regulators. We are also subject to NERC and WECC reliability standards. The FERC, the NERC and the WECC perform periodic audits of the Company. Failure to comply with the FERC, the NERC, or the WECC requirements can result in financial penalties of up to \$1 million per day per violation.

> Future legislation or administrative rules could have a material adverse effect on our operations, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Actions or limitations to address concerns over long-term climate change, both globally and within our utilities' service areas, may affect our operations and financial performance.

Legislative, regulatory and advocacy efforts at the state, national and international levels concerning climate change and other environmental issues could have significant impacts on our operations r destruction, unauthorized access to data, misuse of proprietary or The electric and natural gas utility industries are frequently affected by onfidential data, unauthorized control through electronic means, proposals to curb greenhouse gas and other air emissions. Various regulatory and legislative proposals have been made to limit or furthererrors. In particular, cyber attacks, terrorism or other malicious acts restrict byproducts of combustion, including that resulting from the usecould damage, destroy or disrupt these systems. Additionally, the of natural gas by our customers. In addition, regionally, there are a number of regulatory and legislative initiatives that have been proposed oviders could be vulnerable to these same risks and, to the extent of which could introduce carbon pricing or cap-and-trade mechanisms restrict the operation and raise the costs of our power generation resources as well as the distribution of natural gas to our customers.

the extent to which potential changes to environmental laws and regulations may:

- · increase the operating costs of generating plants,
- · increase the lead time and capital costs for the construction of new generating plants,
- require modification of our existing generating plants,
- require existing generating plant operations to be curtailed or
- restrict the types of generating plants that can be built or contracted with,
- require construction of specific types of generation plants at higher cost, and
- increase the cost of distributing natural gas to customers.

to potential environmental liabilities, and cannot predict the outcome of these matters.

subject of ongoing litigation, mediation, investigation and/or negotiatiomot complete the project and will incur contract cancellation or other We cannot predict the ultimate outcome or potential impact of any particular issue, including the extent, if any, of insurance coverage or that amounts payable by us may be recoverable through the ratemakind rategic Risk Factors process. We are subject to environmental regulation by federal, state Our strategic business plans, which may be affected by any or and local authorities related to our past, present and future operationsall of the foregoing, may change, including the entry into new See "Note 19 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for businesses and/or the exit from existing businesses and the further details of these matters.

Technology Risk Factors

Cyber attacks, terrorism or other malicious acts could disrupt our businesses and have a negative impact on our results of operations and cash flows.

In the course of our operations, we rely on interconnected technology systems for operation of our generating plants, electric transmission and distribution systems, natural gas distribution systems, customer billing and customer service, accounting and other administrative processes and compliance with various regulations.

In addition, in the ordinary course of business, we collect and retain sensitive information including personal information about our customers and employees.

There are various risks associated with technology systems such as hardware or software failure, communications failure, data distortion programming mistakes and other deliberate or inadvertent human facilities and systems of clients, suppliers and third-party service interconnection to our technology, may impact us. Any failure, related to greenhouse gas emissions, and we cannot predict whether unexpected, or unauthorized use of technology systems could result in any such proposals will be enacted. Such proposals, if adopted, could the unavailability of such systems, and could result in a loss of operating revenues, an increase in operating expenses and costs to repair or replace damaged assets. Any of the above could also result in the loss We expect continuing activity in the future and we are evaluating or release of confidential customer and/or employee information or other proprietary data that could adversely affect our reputation and competitiveness, could result in costly litigation and negatively impact our results of operations. These cyber attacks have become more common and sophisticated and, as such, we could be required to incur costs to strengthen our systems and respond to emerging concerns.

Terrorist attacks could also be directed at physical electric and natural gas facilities, as well as technology systems.

 reduce the amount of energy available from our generating plants we may be adversely affected by our inability to successfully implement certain technology projects.

We are currently planning to replace all of our electric meter infrastructure in Washington State with two-way communication advanced metering infrastructure (AMI). There is the risk that regulators will not allow the full recovery of new AMI. In addition, there are inherent risks associated with replacing and changing these types We have contingent liabilities, including certain matters related of systems, such as incorrect or nonfunctioning metering and/or delayed or inaccurate customer bills or unplanned outages, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial

In the normal course of our business, we have matters that are thoundition and cash flows. Finally, there is the risk that we ultimately do costs, which could be significant.

extent of our business development efforts where potential future business is uncertain.

Our strategic business plans could be affected by or result in any of the following:

- disruptive innovations in the marketplace may outpace our ability to compete or manage our risk,
- potential difficulties in integrating acquired operations and in realizing expected opportunities, diversions of management resources and losses of key employees, challenges with respect to operating new businesses and other unanticipated risks and liabilities,

- · market or other conditions may adversely affect our operations of Washington and one lawsuit has been filed in the Superior Court for the require changes to our business strategy, which could result in a State of Washington in and for Spokane County. These lawsuits were and reduce our net income, and
- potential reputational risk arising from repeated general rate case filings, degradation in the quality of service, or from failed strategic investments and opportunities, which could erode shareholder, customer and community satisfaction with our Company.

We are subject to various risks specifically related to the proposed acquisition by Hydro One.

The conditions to the acquisition may not be satisfied. The proposed acquisition by Hydro One requires approval by the holders of the complaints seek various remedies, including an majority of Avista Corp.'s outstanding shares of common stock and the junction against the acquisition and monetary damages, including on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS), the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), the WUTC, IPUC, MPSC, OPU6a and the option to file an amended complaint within 30 days of such period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976II be dismissed. as amended is required. Avista Corp. shareholder and FERC approval have been obtained; however, the other regulatory approvals may not ibsearticles of incorporation, bylaws and separate agreements, the obtained or the regulatory bodies may seek to impose conditions on theutcome of the lawsuit could, among other things, result in a material completion of the transaction, which could cause the conditions specified in the Merger Agreement to not be satisfied or which could operations and cash flows. delay or increase the cost of the transaction. In addition, the failure to satisfy other closing conditions could result in a termination of the Merger Agreement by Hydro One and/or Avista Corp.

not consummated. Upon termination of the Merger Agreement under technologies that result in obsolescence of our business model and certain specified circumstances, we would be required to pay Hydro One a termination fee of \$103.0 million (Company Termination Fee). We in the event that we signed or consummated any specified alternative financial condition, results of operations and cash flows and transaction within twelve months following the termination of the Merger Agreement under certain circumstances. Any fees due as a result of termination could have a material adverse effect on our resultsigned into law. The legislation includes substantial changes to the of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

Failure to consummate the acquisition could negatively impact the market value of Avista Corp. common stock and our access to andas a result of the TCJA is a permanent reduction of the statutory cost of capital. There can be no assurance that the Merger will be at or below the trading range preceding the announcement of the Merger Agreement and (ii) negatively affect our access to and cost of could be subject to potential amendments and technical corrections, both equity and debt financing.

Additionally, if the Merger is not consummated, we would have incurred significant costs and diverted the time and attention of management. A failure to consummate the Merger might also result inpublic utility commissions. negative publicity, litigation against Avista Corp. or its directors and officers, and a negative impression of Avista Corp. in the financial markets. The occurrence of any of these events individually or in combination could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and stock price.

We have been faced with legal proceedings related to the pending acquisition by Hydro One. In connection with the proposed acquisition, as of the date of this annual report, three lawsuits have been filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of

non-cash goodwill impairment charge that would reduce assets filed against members of the Company's Board of Directors and various other parties. The three lawsuits filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington have been voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs, leaving only the state lawsuit remaining.

The remaining complaint generally alleges that the members of the Board breached their fiduciary duties by, among other things, conducting an allegedly inadequate sale process and agreeing to the acquisition at a price that allegedly undervalues Avista Corp., and that Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. aided and abetted those purported breaches of duty. The aiding and abetting claims were brought only against Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp. and receipt of regulatory approvals, including from the FERC, the Committeetorneys' fees and expenses. The complaint has been stayed by the court until the closing of the transaction at which time the plaintiff will the RCA. Also, the expiration or termination of the applicable waiting closing. If the amended complaint is not filed within the 30 days the suit

> Since Avista Corp. is obligated to indemnify the defendants under adverse effect on Avista Corp.'s financial condition, results of

External Mandates Risk Factors

External mandate risk involves forces outside the Company, which We may be required to pay a termination fee if the acquisition is may include significant changes in customer expectations, disruptive government action that could impact our Company.

would also be required to pay Hydro One the Company Termination Feecent U.S. tax legislation may materially adversely affect our affect our credit ratings.

On December 22, 2017, the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" (TCJA) was taxation of individuals as well as U.S. businesses, multi-national enterprises, and other types of taxpayers. The most significant change corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent. The legislation is consummated. Failure to consummate the Merger could (i) affect the unclear in certain respects and will require implementing regulations by value of Avista Corp.'s common stock, including by reducing it to a levelle U.S. Treasury Department, as well as interpretations by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and state tax authorities, and the legislation any of which could lessen or increase certain adverse impacts of the legislation. In addition, the regulatory treatment of certain impacts of this legislation will be subject to the discretion of the FERC and state

> Our analysis and interpretation of this legislation is complete as it relates to amounts recorded as of December 31, 2017 and based on our evaluation, the reduction of the U.S. corporate income tax rate required a write-down of our deferred income tax assets and liabilities (including the value of our net operating loss carryforwards) during the fourth quarter of 2017, the period in which the tax legislation was enacted. Because we are predominantly a rate-regulated entity, a large portion of the net effect of the legislation has been recorded as a net regulatory

liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets that will be returned to customers through the ratemaking process in future periods.

agencies, the FERC or state public utility commissions may respond to additional interpretations, regulations, amendments or technical this legislation, we do expect that certain financial metrics used by credit rating agencies to evaluate the Company may be negatively impacted as a result of the TCJA. This is primarily due to our expectatlegislation could have a material adverse effect on our financial that future cash flows from operations will be negatively impacted duecondition, results of operations and cash flows. to the loss of the bonus depreciation tax deduction and from the timing of the return of excess deferred taxes to customers. There may be othenvironmental Issues and Contingencies" and "Forward-Looking material adverse effects resulting from the legislation that we have no statements" for discussion of or reference to additional external yet identified. Moody's has placed a negative outlook on our credit rating. We cannot predict whether Moody's will take further action in operations, financial condition and cash flows. the future, or whether other credit rating agencies will take similar action. Any further action by credit rating agencies may make it more Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments costly for us to issue future debt securities and could increase borrowing costs under our credit facilities.

legislation, although there can be no assurance that this will occur or that interpretations, regulations, amendments and technical corrections Although it is unclear when or how capital markets, credit rating will not exacerbate some of the negative impacts of the legislation. corrections and/or actions by the FERC and state public utility commissions exacerbate the adverse impacts of the legislation, the

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysismandates which could have a material adverse effect on our results of

As of the filing date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we have We believe that interpretations and implementing regulations by no unresolved comments from the staff of the SEC.

the IRS, as well as potential amendments and technical corrections. could result in reducing the negative impacts of certain aspects of this

Item 2. Properties

AVISTA UTILITIES

Substantially all of Avista Utilities' properties are subject to the lien of Avista Corp.'s mortgage indenture.

Avista Utilities' electric properties, located in the states of Washington, Idaho, Montana and Oregon, include the following:

GENERATION PROPERTIES

		Nameplate	Present
	No. of	Rating	Capability
	Units	(MW) ⁽¹⁾	(MW) (2)
Hydroelectric Generating Stations (River)			
Washington:			
Long Lake (Spokane)	4	70.0	88.0
Little Falls (Spokane)	4	40.4	40.4
Nine Mile (Spokane)	4	37.6	37.6
Upper Falls (Spokane)	1	10.0	10.2
Monroe Street (Spokane)	1	14.8	15.0
Idaho:			
Cabinet Gorge (Clark Fóřk)	4	265.0	273.0
Post Falls (Spokane)	6	14.8	15.4
Montana:			
Noxon Rapids (Clark Fork)	5	487.8	562.4
TotalHydroelectric		940.4	1,042.0
Thermal Generating Stations (cycle, fuel source)			
Washington:			
Kettle Falls GS (combined-cycle, wood waste)	1	50.7	53.5
Kettle Falls CT (combined-cycle, natural gas)	1	7.2	6.9
Northeast CT (simple-cycle, natural gas)	2	61.8	64.8
Boulder Park GS (simple-cycle, natural gas)	6	24.6	24.6
Idaho:			
Rathdrum CT (simple-cycle, natural gas)	2	166.5	166.5
Montana:			
Colstrip Units 3 & 4 (simple-cycle, coal)	2	233.4	222.0
Oregon:			
Coyote Springs 2 (combined-cycle, natural gas)	1	295.0	295.0
TotalThermal		839.2	833.3
Total Generation Properties		1,779.6	1,875.3

- (1) Nameplate rating, also referred to as "installed capacity," is the manufacturer's assigned power capability under specified conditions.
- Present capability is the maximum capacity of the plant under standard test conditions without exceeding specified limits of temperature, stress and environmental conditions. Information is provided as of December 31, 2017.
- For Cabinet Gorge, we have water rights permitting generation up to 265 MW. However, if natural stream flows will allow for generation above our water rights, we are able to generate above our water rights. If natural stream flows only allow for generation at or below 265 MW, we are limited to generation of 265 MW. The present capability disclosed above represents the capability based on maximum stream flow conditions when we are allowed to generate above our water rights.
- These generating stations can operate as separate single-cycle plants or combined-cycle with the natural gas plant providing exhaust heat to the wood boiler to increase efficiency.
- Jointly owned; data refers to our 15 percent interest.

Electric Distribution and Transmission Plant

numerous substations with transformers, switches, monitoring and

Avista Utilities owns and operates approximately 19,000 miles of metering devices, and other equipment. primary and secondary electric distribution lines providing service to retail customers. We have an electric transmission system of miles of a 500 kV line between Colstrip, Montana and Townsend, Montana. Our transmission and distribution systems also include

The 230 kV lines are the backbone of our transmission grid and are used to transmit power from generation resources, including Noxon approximately 700 miles of 230 kV line and approximately 1,550 miles Raspids, Cabinet Gorge and the Mid-Columbia hydroelectric projects, to 115 kV line. We also own an 11 percent interest in approximately 500 the major load centers in our service area, as well as to transfer power between points of interconnection with adjoining electric transmission systems. These lines interconnect at various locations with the BPA,

Grant County PUD, PacifiCorp, NorthWestern Energy and Idaho Powennected through the other's transmission system. We hold a Company and serve as points of delivery for power from generating long-term transmission agreement with the BPA that allows us to serve facilities outside of our service area, including Colstrip, Coyote Springeur native load customers that are connected through the BPA's 2 and the Lancaster Plant. transmission system.

These lines also provide a means for us to optimize resources by entering into short-term purchases and sales of power with entities within and outside of the Pacific Northwest.

Natural Gas Plant

within and outside of the Pacific Northwest.

Avista Utilities has natural gas distribution mains of approximately 3,400 miles in Washington, 2,000 miles in Idaho and 2,400 miles in integration of smaller generation facilities with our service-area load oregon. We have natural gas transmission mains of approximately 75 centers, including the Spokane River hydroelectric projects, the Kettlemiles in Washington and 15 miles in Oregon. Our natural gas system Falls projects, Rathdrum CT, Boulder Park GS and the Northeast CT. includes numerous regulator stations, service distribution lines, These lines interconnect with the BPA, Chelan County PUD, the Grandhonitoring and metering devices, and other equipment.

Coulee Project Hydroelectric Authority, Grant County PUD, We own a one-third interest in Jackson Prairie, an underground NorthWestern Energy, PacifiCorp and Pend Oreille County PUD. Bothnatural gas storage field located near Chehalis, Washington. See the 115 kV and 230 kV interconnections with the BPA are used to "Part 1—Item 1. Business—Avista Utilities—Natural Gas"

ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

Substantially all of AEL&P's utility properties are subject to the lien of the AEL&P mortgage indenture.

transfer energy to facilitate service to each other's customers that are Operations" for further discussion of Jackson Prairie.

AEL&P's utility electric properties, located in Alaska include the following:

GENERATION PROPERTIES AND TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION LINES

		Nameplate	Present
	No. of	Rating	Capability
	Units	(MW) ⁽¹⁾	(MW) ⁽²⁾
Hydroelectric Generating Stations			
Snettishan [©]	3	78.2	78.2
Lake Dorothy	1	14.3	14.3
Salmon Creek	1	8.4	5.0
Annex Creek	2	4.1	3.6
GoldCreek	3	1.6	1.6
Total Hydroelectric		106.6	102.7
Diesel Generating Stations			
Lemon Creek	11	61.4	51.8
Auke Bay	3	28.4	25.2
Gold Creek	5	8.2	7
Industrial Blvd. Plant	1	23.5	23.5
TotalDiesel		121.5	107.5
Total Generation Properties		228.1	210.2

- (1) Nameplate rating, also referred to as "installed capacity," is the manufacturer's assigned power capability under specified conditions.
- (2) Present capability is the maximum capacity of the plant under standard test conditions without exceeding specified limits of temperature, stress and environmental conditions. Information is provided as of December 31, 2017.
- (3) ABL&P does not own this generating facility but has a PPA under which it has the right to purchase, and the obligation to pay for (whether or not energy is received), all of the capacity and energy of this facility. See further information at "Part 1. Item 1. Business—Alaska Electric Light and Power Company."

In addition to the generation properties above, AEL&P owns approximately 61 miles of transmission lines, which are primarily comprised of 69 kV line, and approximately 184 miles of distribution lines.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

See "Note 19 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for Not applicable. information with respect to legal proceedings.

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Avista Corp. Market Information and Dividend Policy

Avista Corp.'s common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "AVA." As of January 31, 2018, there were 7,848 registered shareholders of our common stock.

Avista Corp.'s Board of Directors considers the level of dividends on our common stock on a recurring basis, taking into account numerous factors including, without limitation:

- our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition,
- · the success of our business strategies, and
- general economic and competitive conditions.

Avista Corp.'s net income available for dividends is generally derived from our regulated utility operations (Avista Utilities and AEL&P).

The payment of dividends on common stock could be limited by:

- certain covenants applicable to the Company's outstanding long-term debt and committed line of credit agreements (see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Capital Resources" for compliance with these covenants),
- · the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA (see "Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements"),
- certain requirements under the OPUC approval of the AERC percent common equity (inclusive of short-term debt). This limitation may be revised upon request by the Company with approval from the OPUC,

- certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when outstanding) contained in the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (currently there are no preferred shares outstanding), and
- the Merger Agreement with Hydro One, which states Avista Corp. cannot (A) declare, authorize, set aside for payment or pay any dividend on, or make any other distribution in respect of, any shares of its capital stock, other than (1) dividends paid by any Subsidiary of the Company to the Company or to any wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, (2) quarterly cash dividends with respect to the Company common stock not to exceed the 2017 annual per share dividend rate by more than \$0.06 per year, with record dates and payment dates consistent with the Company's current dividend practice, or (3) a "stub period" dividend to holders of record of Company common stock as of immediately prior to the effective time of the merger equal to the product of (x) the number of days from the record date for payment of the last quarterly dividend paid by the Company prior to the effective time of the merger, multiplied by (y) a daily dividend rate determined by dividing the amount of the last quarterly dividend prior to the effective time of the merger by ninety-one or (B) adjust, split, combine, subdivide or reclassify any shares of its capital stock (see "Note 4 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the merger).

On February 2, 2018, Avista Corp.'s Board of Directors declared a acquisition in 2014. The OPUC's AERC acquisition order requirequarterly dividend of \$0.3725 per share on the Company's common Avista Utilities to maintain a capital structure of no less than 40 stock. This was an increase of \$0.015 per share, or 4.2 percent from the previous quarterly dividend of \$0.3575 per share.

> For additional information, see "Notes 1, 17 and 18 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

The following table presents quarterly high and low stock prices as reported on the consolidated reporting system, as well as dividend information:

		Three Months Ende				
	_	March June Se		eptember	December	
		31	30	30	31	
2017						
Dividends paid per common share	\$	0.3575 \$	0.3575 \$	0.3575 \$	0.3575	
Trading price range per common share:						
High	\$	40.14 \$	44.40 \$	52.74 \$	52.35	
Low	\$	37.94 \$	38.62 \$	41.35 \$	51.25	
2016						
Dividends paid per common share	\$	0.3425 \$	0.3425 \$	0.3425 \$	0.3425	
Trading price range per common share:						
High	\$	41.12 \$	44.80 \$	44.97 \$	42.63	
Low	\$	34.67 \$	38.70 \$	40.43 \$	39.11	

On July 18, 2017, the last trading day prior to the public reported last sale price for Avista Corp. common stock was \$52.28 per announcement of the Merger Agreement with Hydro One, the reported hare as reported in the consolidated reporting system. last sale price for Avista Corp. common stock was \$42.74 per share as For information with respect to securities authorized for reported in the consolidated reporting system. On July 20, 2017, the fissuance under equity compensation plans, see "Item 12. Security trading day following the announcement of the Merger Agreement, the Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters."

Item 6.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Avista Corporation

(in thousands, except per share data and ratios)

Years Ended December 31,

		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Operating Revenues:						
Avista Utilities	\$	1,370,359\$	1,372,638\$	1,411,863\$	1,413,499\$	1,403,995
AEL&P		53,027	46,276	44,778	21,644	_
Other		22,543	23,569	28,685	39,219	39,549
Intersegment eliminations		_	_	(550)	(1,80)0	(1,80)0
Total	\$	1,445,929	1,442,483\$	1,484,776\$	1,472,562\$	1,441,744
Income (Loss) from Operations (pre-tax):						
Avista Utilities	\$	270,409 \$	277,070 \$	241,228\$	239,976\$	232,572
AEL&P		17,947	15,434	14,072	6,221	_
Other		(3,847	(2,70)1	(2,08)6	6,391	(1,48)3
Total	\$	284,509 \$	289,803 \$	253,214 \$	252,588 \$	231,089
Net income from continuing operations	\$	115,932 \$	137,316 \$	118,170 \$	119,866 \$	104,333
Net income from discontinued operations			_	5,147	72,411	7,961
Netincome	\$	115,932 \$	137,316 \$	123,317 \$	192,277 \$	112,294
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$	(16) \$	(88) \$	(90) \$	(236) \$	(1,217)
Net Income (Loss) attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders:						
Avista Utilities	\$	114,716\$	132,490 \$	113,360 \$	113,263 \$	108,598
AEL&P	_	9,054	7,968	6,641	3,152	—
Ecova—Discontinued operations				5,147	72,390	7,129
Other		(7,85)4	(3,23)0	(1,92)1	3,236	(4,65)0
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	115,916 \$	137,228 \$	123,227 \$	192,041 \$	111,077
Average common shares outstanding—basic	Ť	64,496	63,508	62,301	61,632	59,960
Average common shares outstanding—diluted		64,806	63,920	62,708	61,887	59,997
Common shares outstanding at year-end		65,494	64,188	62,313	62,243	60,077
Earnings per common share attributable						
to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic:						
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$	1.80 \$	2.16 \$	1.90 \$	1.94 \$	1.74
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations	Ψ	1.00 ψ	2.10 ψ	0.08	1.18	0.11
Total earnings per common share attributable	_			0.00	1.10	0.11
to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic	\$	1.80 \$	2.16 \$	1.98 \$	3.12 \$	1.85
to / thista co.p. charonolasto basis	Ť			_		
Earnings per common share attributable						
to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted:						
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$	1.79 \$	2.15 \$	1.89 \$	1.93 \$	1.74
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations		_	_	0.08	1.17	0.11
Total earnings per common share attributable	_					
to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$	1.79 \$	2.15 \$	1.97 \$	3.10 \$	1.85
Dividends declared per common share	\$	1.43 \$	1.37 \$	1.32 \$	1.27 \$	1.22
Book value per common share	\$	26.41 \$	25.69 \$	24.53 \$	23.84 \$	21.61
DOOK value her common share	Φ	20.41 \$	2J.09 Þ	24.00 Þ	23.04 Þ	21.01

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA CONTINUED

Avista Corporation

(in thousands, except per share data and ratios)

Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Assets at Year-End:					
Avista Utilities	\$ 5,177,878\$	4,975,555\$	4,601,708\$	4,357,760\$	3,930,251
AEL&P	278,688	273,770	265,735	263,070	_
Other	73,241	60,430	39,206	80,141	81,282
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$ 5,529,807\$	5,309,755\$	4,906,649\$	4,700,971 \$	4,011,533
Long-Term Debt and Capital Leases (including current portion)	\$ 1,769,237\$	1,682,004\$	1,573,278\$	1,487,126\$	1,262,036
Nonrecourse Long-Term Debt of Spokane Energy					
(including current portion)	\$ — \$	— \$	— \$	1,431 \$	17,838
Long-Term Debt to Affiliated Trusts	\$ 51,547 \$	51,547 \$	51,547 \$	51,547 \$	51,547
Total Avista Corp. Shareholders' Equity	\$ 1,729,828\$	1,648,727\$	1,528,626\$	1,483,671\$	1,298,266
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	2.95	3.32	3.13	3.39	3.02

⁽¹⁾ The total assets at year-end for the year 2013 exclude the total assets associated with Ecova of \$339.6 million.

⁽²⁾ See Exhibit 12 for computations.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

As of December 31, 2017, we have two reportable business segments, Avista Utilities and AEL&P. We also have other businesses interest due to the construction of an additional back-up generation which do not represent a reportable business segment and are conducted by various direct and indirect subsidiaries of Avista Corp. See "Part I, Item 1. Business-Company Overview" for further discussion of our business segments.

The following table presents net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders for each of our business segments (and the other businesses) for the year ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Avista Utilities	\$ 114,716\$	132,490\$	113,360
AEL&P	9,054	7,968	6,641
Ecova—Discontinued			
operations	_	_	5,147
Other	(7,85)4	(3,23)0	(1,92)1
Net income attributable			
to Avista Corporation			
shareholders	\$ 115,916 \$	137,228\$	123,227

EXECUTIVE LEVEL SUMMARY

Overall Results

million for 2017, a decrease from \$137.2 million for 2016.

The decrease in earnings was due to a decrease in earnings at Avista Utilities and an increase in losses at our other businesses. The seiginal expectation for the Energy Recovery Mechanism (ERM) in were partially offset by an increase in earnings at AEL&P for 2017.

related to the pending acquisition by Hydro One (see further discussionesults were a benefit position within the 75 percent customers/25 at "Pending Acquisition by Hydro One" below), which are not being passed through to customers. Further, since a significant portion of these acquisition costs are not deductible for income tax purposes, earnings reflect the full amount of such costs. Excluding acquisition transmission operating costs. In addition, there were increases in for general rate increases in Washington were denied. See further discussion at "2016 Washington General Rate Cases" below and "Regulatory Matters" for additional discussion surrounding these requests and all of our other general rate cases.

increase in income tax expense during 2017, primarily due to recent for 2017. changes in the federal income tax law, which is discussed at "Federal Income Tax Law Changes" below. The increase in costs was partially Pending Acquisition by Hydro One offset by an increase in gross margin (operating revenues less resource costs) as a result of general rate increases in Idaho and Oregon, customer growth and lower electric resource costs. See "Results of Operations—Overall—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for further discussion of gross margin.

AEL&P earnings increased for 2017 resulting from an increase in revenue due to a general rate increase, higher electric loads and a slight increase in residential and commercial customers. During 2017, there was a customer refund charge related to a settlement agreement in AEL&P's electric general rate case which partially offset the increased revenues. There was also an increase in operating expenses for 2017 and a decrease in AFUDC and capitalized plant completed in 2016.

The increase in losses at our other businesses for 2017 was primarily related to an increase in income tax expense resulting from the new federal income tax law. There were also renovation expenses and increased compliance costs at one of our subsidiaries as well as impairment charges associated with two of our equity investments.

More detailed explanations of the fluctuations are provided in the results of operations and business segment discussions (Avista Utilities, AEL&P, and the other businesses).

2016 Washington General Rate Cases

In December 2016, the WUTC issued an order related to our Washington electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed in February 2016. The WUTC order denied the Company's proposed electric and natural gas rate increase requests totaling \$43.0 million. Accordingly, our electric and natural gas retail rates remained unchanged in Washington State for 2017.

As a result of the above WUTC decision, for 2017 we expected to earn below our authorized return on equity (ROE) and we expected to experience earnings contraction of \$0.20 to \$0.30 per diluted share as compared to 2016 actual results. However, our actual 2017 earnings were not as negatively affected as we anticipated primarily due to lower Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders was \$115.9 resource costs, which resulted from higher than normal hydroelectric generation and lower than forecasted natural gas prices. Our resource optimization activities also contributed to lower resource costs. Our Washington was to be in an expense position within the 90 percent Avista Utilities' earnings decreased for 2017 primarily due to costsustomers/10 percent shareholders sharing band, whereas actual percent shareholders sharing band. This represented a change of

In addition to lower resource costs, we had lower than expected other operating expenses (not including the Hydro One acquisition costs, there was a slight increase in other operating expenses, primaritysts) due to lower pension and medical expenses, lower labor costs due to an increase in generation and distribution maintenance costs and de to more of the workforce being utilized for capital projects versus non-capital projects, and lower hardware and software information depreciation and amortization and interest expense. Our 2016 requestechnology maintenance resulting from the timing of capital projects. We also had lower than expected depreciation expense and net financing expenses.

approximately \$12 million for our portion of the ERM.

The lower costs described above were offset during 2017 by the Hydro One acquisition costs and the effect of federal income tax law In addition to the increases in costs described above, there was adhanges, which were not contemplated in our original expectations

On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a Merger Agreement that provides for Avista Corp. to become an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Hydro One. Subject to the satisfaction or waiver of specified closing conditions, including approval by regulatory agencies, the transaction is expected to close during the second half

Corp. common stock issued and outstanding other than shares of Holding Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Hydro One (US parent), and Olympus Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of US parent (Merger excess deferred taxes items as we are waiting for additional Sub) or any of their respective subsidiaries, will be converted automatically into the right to receive an amount in cash equal to \$53, estimate that customers could see a benefit going forward of without interest. For further information, see Notes 4 and 19 of the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Federal Income Tax Law Changes

On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. The legislation includes substantial changes to the taxation of individuals as lated to our unregulated subsidiaries and certain utility expenses well as U.S. businesses, multi-national enterprises, and other types ofwhich are not passed through to our customers, the impact of the

- percent to 21 percent, beginning with tax years after 2017;
- · Statutory provisions requiring that excess deferred taxes associated with public utility property be normalized using the average rate assumption method (ARAM) for determining the deferred taxes result from revaluing deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the newly enacted tax rate instead of the previous tax rate, which, for most rate-regulated utilities like customers over future periods;
- Repeal of the corporate alternative minimum tax (AMT);
- · Bonus depreciation (expensing of capital investment on an accelerated basis) was removed as a deduction for property predominantly used in certain rate-regulated businesses (like Avista Utilities and AEL&P), but is still allowed for our nonregulated businesses;
- The deduction for interest expense that is properly allocable to certain rate-regulated trades or businesses is still allowed under of the tax law changes. the new law, but the deduction is now limited for our nonregulated businesses; and
- but carryforward deductions are allowed indefinitely with some annual limitations versus the previous 20-year limitation.

relates to amounts recorded as of December 31, 2017 and based on olumbilities are netted against our rate base. evaluation, the reduction of the U.S. corporate income tax rate required a revaluation of our deferred income tax assets and liabilities (includinganuary 1, 2018 (including a reduction of the income tax rate to 21 the value of our net operating loss carryforwards) during the fourth quarter of 2017, the period in which the tax legislation was enacted. the legislation was recorded as a regulatory liability on the Consolidated thorizing the deferral of the accounting impact of the change in Balance Sheets and it will be returned to customers through the ratemaking process in future periods. The total net amount of the December 31, 2017, which is made up of \$339.9 million in excess deferred taxes and \$102.4 million for the income tax gross-up of thoseorward until all benefits are properly captured through the deferral excess deferred taxes (which, together with the excess deferred tax amount, reflects the revenue amounts to be refunded to customers through the regulatory process). We expect the Avista Utilities plant related amounts will be returned to customers over a period of

of 2018. At the effective time of the acquisition, each share of Avista approximately 36 years using the ARAM. We expect the AEL&P plant related amounts to be returned to customers over a period of Avista Corp. common stock that are owned by Hydro One, Olympus approximately 40 years. We do not currently have an estimate for the amortization period for the regulatory liability attributable to non-plant implementation guidance from various regulatory agencies. We approximately \$50 to \$60 million annually, excluding amounts that are currently being deferred for 2018 which will be returned to customers at a later date, due to the return of the excess deferred taxes along with lower federal income tax rates which will be reflected in future rates.

Because we have deferred income tax assets and liabilities taxpayers. Highlights of provisions most relevant to Avista Corp. includevaluation of our deferred income tax assets and liabilities was

· A permanent reduction in the statutory corporate tax rate from 35 recorded as a \$10.2 million (net) discrete adjustment to income tax expense in the fourth quarter of 2017. Of this income tax expense amount, \$7.5 million related to Avista Utilities and \$2.7 million related to our other businesses. We expect an annual reduction to net earnings going forward of approximately \$0.05 to \$0.06 per diluted share due to timing of the return of excess deferred taxes to customers. Excesspenses that are not passed through to our customers at Avista Utilities that will be ongoing into the future. These expenses will reduce earnings in future periods because we will receive a smaller tax deduction for these expenses than we did prior to the enactment of the Avista Utilities and AEL&P, results in a net benefit to customers TCJA. These expenses include SERP expenses, executive stock that will be deferred as a regulatory liability and passed through toompensation and charitable donations (including the additional donations that are required as part of the Merger Agreement with Hydro One).

> The impact of the tax law changes going forward may differ from the amounts above due to, among other things, changes in interpretations and assumptions the Company has made; federal tax regulations, guidance or orders that may be issued by the U.S. Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, and our regulatory commissions; and actions the Company may take as a result

Overall, we expect a net benefit to our customers as a result of tax law changes; however, because of the TCJA and the changes to our · Net operating loss (NOL) carryback deductions were eliminated, accumulated deferred income tax balances, our net utility property for regulatory purposes (rate base) is likely to increase in future periods, which would increase our annual revenue requirements and offset some of the benefits to customers from tax rate reductions. Rate base is likely Our analysis and interpretation of this legislation is complete as ito increase because, for ratemaking purposes, net deferred tax

Because most of the provisions of the TCJA are effective as of percent), but our customers' rates continue to have the 35 percent corporate tax rate built in from prior general rate cases, we filed Because we are predominantly a rate-regulated entity, the net effect of etitions in December 2017 with the WUTC and OPUC requesting orders federal income tax expense caused by the enactment of the TCJA. The IPUC on its own ordered deferred accounting for all jurisdictional regulatory liability associated with the TCJA was \$442.3 million as of utilities in January 2018. We are requesting to defer the impact of the change in federal income tax expense beginning in January 2018 process and refunded to customers through tariffs to be reviewed and implemented in future rate proceedings. The IPUC has requested a report on the estimated overall benefit to customers related to the impacts of the TCJA by March 30, 2018. The WUTC has issued a bench

request in our 2017 electric and natural gas general rate cases requesting such information by February 28, 2018.

for the following reasons:

AVISTA UTILITIES

Although it is unclear when or how capital markets, credit rating Washington General Rate Cases

agencies, the FERC or state public utility commissions may respond t@015 General Rate Cases this legislation, we expect that certain financial metrics used by credit rating agencies to evaluate the Company will be negatively impacted asur electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed a result of the TCJA. This is primarily due to our expectation that future ith the WUTC in February 2015. New electric and natural gas rates cash flows from operations will be negatively impacted going forward were effective on January 11, 2016.

In January 2016, we received an order (Order 05) that concluded

· Because of accelerated depreciation, including bonus temporary timing differences between cash paid as income taxescommon equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE. and tax expense recorded for GAAP resulted in the recording of a net deferred tax liability. This temporary timing difference from prior years will ultimately reverse with taxable income and corresponding income taxes increasing in future years;

The WUTC-approved rates were designed to provide a 1.6 percent, or \$8.1 million decrease in electric base revenue, and a 7.4 percent, or depreciation, and other tax deductions, we have paid less in actu\(\)10.8 million increase in natural gas base revenue. The WUTC also cash taxes than what was being collected from customers. The approved a rate of return (ROR) on rate base of 7.29 percent, with a

Lowering the corporate tax rate to 21 percent resulted in excess deferred taxes, which must be returned to customers using the ARAM discussed above. This will result in a reduction of future revenue as we refund the excess deferred taxes to customers;

WUTC Order Denying Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities / Public Counsel Joint Motion for Clarification, WUTC Staff Motion to Reconsider and WUTC Staff Motion to Reopen Record

will be offset by lower actual tax expenses); and

On January 19, 2016, the Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities (ICNU) and the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington State Office of the Attorney General (PC) filed a Joint Motion for Clarification with the WUTC. In the Motion for Clarification, ICNU and PC requested Lowering the tax rate to 21 percent will result in customers' future that the WUTC clarify the calculation of the electric attrition adjustment

The loss of the bonus depreciation tax deduction for 2018 and 2000 the WUTC's Order. results in less depreciation as a tax deduction in those years, pay taxes earlier than we had projected under the old tax law.

rates having an embedded 21 percent tax rate rather than the 35and the end-result revenue decrease of \$8.1 million. ICNU and PC percent tax rate, which will result in lower future revenue (which provided their own calculations in their Motion, and suggested that the revenue decrease should have been \$19.8 million based on their reading

There may be other material adverse effects resulting from the legislation that we have not yet identified. These effects have resulted in Moody's placing a negative outlook on our credit rating and could result in Moody's taking further negative action or other credit rating agencies taking similar action. These actions by credit rating agencies may make it more difficult and costly for us to issue future debt securities and could increase borrowing costs under our credit facilities.

On January 19, 2016, the WUTC Staff, which is a separate party in which will increase our taxable income and result in us having to the general rate case proceedings from the WUTC Advisory Staff, filed a Motion to Reconsider with the WUTC. In its Motion to Reconsider, the Staff provided calculations and explanations that suggested that the electric revenue decrease should have been \$27.4 million instead of \$8.1 million, based on its reading of the WUTC's Order. Further, on February 4, 2016, the WUTC Staff filed a Motion to Reopen Record for the Limited Purpose of Receiving into Evidence Instruction on Use and Application of Staff's Attrition Model, and sought to supplement the record "to incorporate all aspects of the Company's Power Cost Update." Within this Motion, WUTC Staff updated its suggested electric revenue decrease to \$19.6 million.

See "Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Risk Factors" for additional information regarding the TCJA and idsecision on the natural gas revenue increase of \$10.8 million. specific impacts to our financial statements.

None of the parties in their Motions raised issues with the WUTC's

REGULATORY MATTERS

On February 19, 2016, the WUTC issued an order (Order 06) denying the Motions summarized above and affirming Order 05, including an \$8.1 million decrease in electric base revenue.

General Rate Cases

PC Petition for Judicial Review

We regularly review the need for electric and natural gas rate changes in each state in which we provide service. We will continue to file for rate adjustments to:

On March 18, 2016, PC filed in Thurston County Superior Court a Petition for Judicial Review of the WUTC's Order 05 and Order 06 described above that concluded our 2015 electric and natural gas general rate cases. In its Petition for Judicial Review, PC seeks judicial review of five aspects of Order 05 and Order 06, alleging, among other things, that (1) the WUTC exceeded its statutory authority by setting rates for our natural gas and electric services based on amounts for utility plant and facilities that are not "used and useful" in providing utility service to customers; (2) the WUTC acted arbitrarily and capriciously in granting an attrition adjustment for our electric operations after finding that the we did not meet the newly articulated standard regarding attrition adjustments; (3) the WUTC erred in applying the "end results test" to set rates for our electric operations

- · seek recovery of operating costs and capital investments, and
- seek the opportunity to earn reasonable returns as allowed by regulators.

With regards to the timing and plans for future filings, the assessment of our need for rate relief and the development of rate case plans takes into consideration short-term and long-term needs, as well as specific factors that can affect the timing of rate filings. Such factors include, but are not limited to, in-service dates of major capital investments and the timing of changes in major revenue and expense items.

that are not supported by the record; (4) the WUTC did not correct its of \$38.6 million and \$4.4 million, respectively. Accordingly, our electric calculation of our electric rates after significant errors were brought to and natural gas retail rates remained unchanged in Washington State its attention; and (5) the WUTC's calculation of our electric rates lacksfollowing the order. substantial evidence. The primary reason given by the WUTC in reaching its conclusion

PC is requesting that the Court (1) vacate or set aside portions ofwas that, in our request, we did not follow an "appropriate the WUTC's orders; (2) identify the errors contained in the WUTC's methodology" to show the existence of attrition, as between historical orders; (3) find that the rates approved in Order 05 and reaffirmed in data and current and projected data. In support of its decision, the Order 06 are unlawful and not fair, just and reasonable; (4) remand the VUTC stated that we did not demonstrate that our current revenue was matter to the WUTC for further proceedings consistent with these insufficient for covering costs and providing the opportunity to earn a rulings, including a determination of our revenue requirement for reasonable return during the 2017 rate period. The WUTC also stated electric and natural gas services; and (5) find the customers are entitledat we did not demonstrate that our capital expenditures and increased to a refund. operating costs are both necessary and immediate.

On April 18, 2016, PC filed an application with the Thurston County We determined that an appeal of the WUTC's decision to the Superior Court to certify this matter for review directly by the Court of courts would involve a significant amount of uncertainty regarding the Appeals, an intermediate appellate court in the State of Washington. level of success of such an appeal, as well as the timing of any value that The matter was certified on April 29, 2016 and accepted by the Court offight come following a process that would take between one and two Appeals on July 29, 2016. On July 7, 2017, ICNU filed a brief in supportars. The Company concluded greater long-term value could be PC and the WUTC and Avista Corp. responded. Oral argument was halchieved through focusing on new general rate cases than through on October 24, 2017 before the court. A decision from the Court is appealing the WUTC's decision in the courts. expected sometime in 2018.

In its brief to the Court, the WUTC, while defending the use of its2017 General Rate Cases attrition adjustment, nevertheless requested a partial remand back to On May 26, 2017, we filed two requests with the WUTC to recover the WUTC to reevaluate its implementation of our power cost update assts related to power supply and operating costs as well as capital part of the 2015 general rate case, doing so by means of a supplemental westments made since the last determination of our rate base in the evidentiary hearing. The power cost update at issue represents 2015 Washington general rate cases. approximately \$12.0 million of costs. The two filings are summarized as follows:

The new rates established by Order 05 will continue in effect while the Petition for Judicial Review is being considered. We believe the Power Cost Rate Adjustment WUTC's Order 05 and Order 06 finalizing the electric and natural gas general rate cases provide a reasonable end result for all parties. If the PCRA) that was designed to update and reset power supply costs, outcome of the judicial review were to result in an electric rate effective September 1, 2017. We requested an overall increase in billed reduction greater than the decrease ordered by the WUTC, it may resultectric rates of 2.9 percent (designed to increase annual electric in a refund liability to customers of up to \$9.5 million, which is net of a revenues by \$15.0 million). On August 10, 2017, the PCRA filing was refund for Washington electric customers of approximately \$2.5 milliodenied by the WUTC.

related to the 2016 provision for earnings sharing that we have already accrued. The potential refund liability amount is limited to 2016 revenues ading general rate case in Washington, which is scheduled to and would not impact 2017 revenues collected from customers.

An increased level of power supply costs is included in our conclude by April 26, 2018. The denial of the PCRA by the WUTC does not affect our general rate requests discussed below.

The first filing was an electric only power cost rate adjustment

2016 General Rate Cases

In December 2016, the WUTC issued an order related to our Washington electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the WUTC in February 2016. The WUTC order demate cases.

General Rate Requests

The second request related to electric and natural gas general

the Company's proposed electric and natural gas rate increase requests

We filed three-year rate plans for electric and natural gas and have requested the following for each year (dollars in millions):

		Electric		Natural Gas
	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
	Revenue	Base Rate	Revenue	Base Rate
Effective Date	Increase	Increase	Increase	Increase
May 1, 2018	\$ 54.4	11.1% \$	6.6	7.5%
May 1, 201 ⁽⁹⁾	\$ 13.5	2.5% \$	3.7	3.9%
May 1, 2020 (2)	\$ 13.9	2.5% \$	3.8	3.9%

The revenue and base rate increases in the table above reflect reductions from what was originally filed primarily due to changes in the timing of planned capital projects.

As a part of the electric rate plan, we have proposed to update power supply costs through a Power Supply Update, the effects of which would also go into effect on May 1, 2019 and May 1, 2020. The requested revenue increases for 2019 and 2020 do not include any power supply adjustments.

common equity ratio of 50.0 percent and a 9.9 percent ROE.

another general rate case until June 1, 2020, with new rates effective statement, and any subsequent gains and losses would be recognized earlier than May 1, 2021.

The major drivers of these general rate case requests is to recovergulatory asset or liability. the costs associated with our capital investments to replace infrastructure that has reached the end of its useful life, as well as respond to the need for reliability and technology investments requiredlows associated with future borrowings. Since interest costs are to maintain our integrated energy services grid. Among the capital investments included in the filings are:

- hydroelectric plants.
- ensure efficient generation and operations.
- · The ongoing project to systematically replace portions of natural gas distribution pipe in our service area that were installed prior to 1987, as well as replacement of other natural gas service equipment.
- · Transmission and distribution system and asset maintenance, such as wood pole replacements, feeder upgrades, and substation and transmission line rebuilds to maintain reliability for our customers.
- Technology upgrades that support necessary business processes between Avista Utilities and all interested parties, concluding our and operational efficiencies that allow us to effectively manage the utility and serve customers.
- · A refresh of the customer-facing website, providing relevant information, greater accessibility on mobile devices, easier navigation, and a streamlined payment experience.

The WUTC has up to 11 months to review the general rate case filings and issue a decision, which is scheduled to be issued by April 26, 2018.

On October 27, 2017, WUTC Staff and other parties to our electric • and natural gas general rate cases filed their testimony. These parties recommended lower revenue requirements than what we proposed in our original filings. WUTC Staff also recommended that our power cost adjustment of approximately \$16 million be denied, and that the existing. level of power supply costs included in base rates be continued until either (a) our next general rate case or (b) the cumulative deferral balance in the ERM drops below \$10 million.

Additionally, the WUTC Staff recommended the exclusion of our 2016 settlement costs of interest rate swaps from the cost of capital calculation. The total amount of 2016 settlement costs was \$54.0 million, with approximately 60 percent of this total being allocable to Washington.

Our request is based on a proposed ROR of 7.76 percent with a If we concluded that recovery of these swap settlement costs was no longer probable, we would be required to derecognize the related

As a part of the three-year rate plan, if approved, we would not file gulatory assets and liabilities with an adjustment through the income through the income statement rather than being recorded as a

Interest rate swaps are a tool used throughout multiple industries to manage interest rate risk. They also provide certainty for future cash included in our costs of service to be recovered from our customers. we have used this tool to manage these costs for the benefit of our · Major hydroelectric investments at the Little Falls and Nine Mile customers. The settlement of interest rate swaps results in either a benefit or a cost to us which, in either case, has historically been · Generator maintenance at the Kettle Falls biomass plant that will reflected in rates authorized by the WUTC in general rate cases. Accordingly, we still believe the interest rate swap payments are probable of recovery and will continue to work through the rate case process. Depending on the outcome of this proceeding, we could determine to not manage interest rate risk through swap transactions

Idaho General Rate Cases

2015 General Rate Cases

in the future.

In December 2015, the IPUC approved a settlement agreement electric and natural gas general rate cases originally filed in June 2015. New rates were effective on January 1, 2016.

The settlement agreement increased annual electric base revenues by 0.7 percent (designed to increase annual electric revenues by \$1.7 million) and annual natural gas base revenues by 3.5 percent (designed to increase annual natural gas revenues by \$2.5 million). The settlement was based on a ROR of 7.42 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

The settlement agreement also reflects the following:

- the discontinuation of the after-the-fact earnings test (provision for earnings sharing) that was originally agreed to as part of the settlement of our 2012 electric and natural gas general rate
- the implementation of electric and natural gas Fixed Cost Adjustment mechanisms.

2016 General Rate Cases

In December 2016, the IPUC approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties, concluding our electric general rate case originally filed in May 2016. New rates were effective on January 1, 2017. We did not file a natural gas general rate case in 2016.

The settlement agreement increased annual electric base rates by

In addition to our 2016 settlement costs of interest rate swaps, was 6 percent (designed to increase annual electric revenues by \$6.3 have a net regulatory asset of \$8.8 million for interest rate swaps settledilion). The settlement was based on a ROR of 7.58 percent with a during 2017, and a net regulatory asset of \$66.0 million for unsettled common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE. interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2017 related to forecasted debt

issuances. Of those amounts, approximately 60 percent are allocable 2017 General Rate Cases

Washington. If recovery of the 2016 settlement costs referenced above are not approved by the WUTC, this could change our current unsettled interest rate swaps are probable of recovery through rates. rate changes will take effect on January 1, 2019.

On December 28, 2017, the IPUC approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties to our electric and natural gas general conclusion that 2017 settlement costs of interest rate swaps and the rate cases. New rates were effective on January 1, 2018 and additional

The settlement agreement is a two-year rate plan and has the following electric and natural gas base rate changes each year, which are designed to result in the following increases in annual revenues (dollars in millions):

		Electric	Natural Gas	
	Revenue	Base Rate	Revenue	Base Rate
Effective Date	Increase	Increase	Increase	Increase
January 1, 2018	\$ 12.9	5.2% \$	1.2	2.9%
January 12019	\$ 4.5	1.8% \$	1.1	2.7%

The settlement agreement is based on a ROR of 7.61 percent with a common equity ratio of 50.0 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

As a part of the two-year rate plan the Company will not file a new general rate case for a new rate plan to be effective prior to January 1, 2020.

Oregon General Rate Cases

2015 General Rate Case

In February 2016, the OPUC issued a preliminary order (and a final order in March 2016) concluding our natural gas general rate case, which was originally filed with OPUC in May 2015. The OPUC order approved rates designed to increase overall billed natural gas rates by 4.9 percent (designed to increase annual natural gas The final OPUC order incorporated two partial settlement agreements the depreciation expense associated with AMI, along with a carrying which were entered into during November 2015 and January 2016.

The OPUC order provided an authorized ROR of 7.46 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.4 percent ROE.

mechanism, similar to the Washington and Idaho mechanisms described below. See further description and a summary of the balances recorded under this mechanism below.

2016 General Rate Case

was filed with the OPUC in November 2016, which resolved all issues (idiscussed above), the settling parties agreed to cost recovery of the case.

The OPUC approved rates designed to increase annual base revenues by 5.9 percent or \$3.5 million. A rate adjustment of \$2.6 milliment (discussed above), the OPUC approved cost recovery of became effective October 1, 2017, and a second adjustment of \$0.9 million became effective on November 1, 2017 to cover specific capital projects identified in the settlement agreement, which were completed in October.

In addition, in the settlement agreement, we agreed to nonrecovery of certain utility plant expenditures, which resulted in a write-off of \$0.8 million in the second quarter of 2017.

The settlement agreement reflects a 7.35 percent ROR with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.4 percent ROE.

AMI Project

In March 2016, the WUTC granted our Petition for an Accounting the Greens Creek Mine than what was included in the original general recovery. This accounting treatment is related to our plans to replace \$0.1 million related to 2016 revenues), which will be refunded to

expected to begin in the second half of 2018. As of December 31, 2017, the estimated undepreciated value for the existing meters is \$24.3 million.

In May 2017, we filed a Petition with the WUTC requesting deferred accounting treatment for the investment costs associated with the Washington AMI project, including components such as meter communication networks, information management systems and natural gas encoder receiver transmitters (ERT). The Petition requested the deferral and inclusion in a regulatory asset of all AMI investment costs over the multi-year implementation period, until the costs could be reviewed for prudence in a future regulatory proceeding and recovered through retail rates. Through discussions with WUTC staff, we developed an alternative proposal to our original Petition and in revenues by \$4.5 million). New rates went into effect on March 1, 2016 eptember 2017, the WUTC approved our alternative proposal to defer charge, and to seek recovery of the deferral and carrying charge in a future general rate case. Cost savings, such as reduced meter reading costs, will occur during the implementation period which will offset a The November 2015 partial settlement agreement, approved by portion of the AMI costs not being deferred. The WUTC also approved the OPUC, included a provision for the implementation of a decouplingour request to defer the undepreciated net book value of existing natural gas ERTs (consistent with the accounting treatment we obtained on our existing electric meters) that will be retired as part of the AMI project.

In May 2017, we filed Petitions with the IPUC and the OPUC requesting a depreciable life of 12.5 years for the meter data management system (MDM) related to the AMI project and both the In September 2017, the OPUC approved a settlement agreementPUC and the OPUC approved the depreciable life. In addition, in between us and other parties to our natural gas general rate case thatconnection with the recently completed Idaho electric general rate case Idaho's share of the MDM system, effective January 1, 2019. In connection with the approval of the Oregon general rate case Oregon's share of the MDM system, effective November 1, 2017.

ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

Alaska General Rate Case

In November 2017, the RCA approved an all-party settlement agreement related to AEL&P's electric general rate case, which was originally filed in September 2016. The settlement agreement is designed to increase base electric revenue by 3.86 percent or \$1.3 million, making permanent the interim rate increase approved by the RCA in 2016.

In addition, AEL&P agreed to retain \$0.9 million less revenue from

Order to defer and include in a regulatory asset the undepreciated valuete case request. As such, in 2017, AEL&P recorded a refund liability to of our existing Washington electric meters for the opportunity for latercustomers of \$1.0 million (with \$0.9 million related to 2017 revenues and approximately 253,000 of our existing electric meters with new two-waystomers during the first quarter of 2018. The amount of revenue from digital meters and the related software and support services through Greens Creek Mine that is retained by AEL&P is used to offset revenue our AMI project in Washington State. Replacement of the meters is requirements that would otherwise be required from retail customers.

The agreement reflects an 8.91 percent ROR with a common equityenues less resource costs) or net income. In Oregon, we absorb ratio of 58.18 percent and an 11.95 percent ROE. (cost or benefit) 10 percent of the difference between actual and

AVISTA UTILITIES

projected natural gas costs included in retail rates for supply that is not hedged. Total net deferred natural gas costs among all jurisdictions were a liability of \$37.5 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability of \$30.8 million as of December 31, 2016. These deferred natural gas costs

Purchased Gas Adjustments

PGAs are designed to pass through changes in natural gas costsbalances represent amounts due to customers. to Avista Utilities' customers with no change in gross margin (operating

The following PGAs went into effect in our various jurisdictions during 2015 through 2018:

	Percentage Increase /			
Jurisdiction	PGA Effective Date	(Decrease) in Billed Rates		
Washington	November 1, 2015	(15.0)%		
	November 1, 2016	(8.0)%		
	November 1, 2017	(5.2)%		
	January 26, 2018	(7.1)%		
ldaho	November 1, 2015	(14.5)%		
	November 1, 2016	(7.8)%		
	November 1, 2017	(2.7)%		
	January 26, 2018	(7.4)%		
Oregon	November 1, 2015	(14.1)%		
	November 1, 2016	(6.0)%		
	November 1, 2017	(2.1)%		
	January 26, 2018	(3.5)%		

Due to declining wholesale natural gas prices that have occurred since the 2017 PGAs were filed and went into effect, we filed, and the respective commissions approved, out of cycle PGAs to reduce customer rates and pass through expected lower costs during the winter heating months, rather than waiting until the next regular PGA cycle.

Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Deferred power supply costs are recorded as a deferred charge or • sales of surplus transmission capacity. liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets for future prudence review and recovery or rebate through retail rates. The power supply costs deferred include certain differences between actual net power supply differences between Avista Utilities' actual power supply costs, net of costs incurred by Avista Utilities and the costs included in base retail wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base retail rates. This difference in net power supply costs primarily results from rates for our Washington customers. Total net deferred power costs changes in:

- · short-term wholesale market prices and sales and purchase volumes,
- the level, availability and optimization of hydroelectric generation,
- in fuel prices),

- · retail loads, and

The ERM is an accounting method used to track certain under the ERM were a liability of \$23.7 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability \$21.3 million as of December 31, 2016. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

Under the ERM, Avista Utilities absorbs the cost or receives the · the level and availability of thermal generation (including changesbenefit from the initial amount of power supply costs in excess of or below the level in retail rates, which is referred to as the deadband. The annual (calendar year) deadband amount is \$4.0 million.

The following is a summary of the ERM:

	Deferred for Future Surcharge	Expense or Benefit
Annual Power Supply Cost Variability	or Rebate to Customers	to the Company
within +/- \$0 to \$4 million (deadband)	0%	100%
higher by \$4 million to \$10 million	50%	50%
lower by \$4 million to \$10 million	75%	25%
higher or lower by over \$10 million	90%	10%

Under the ERM, Avista Utilities makes an annual filing on or before Avista Utilities has a PCA mechanism in Idaho that allows us to April 1 of each year to provide the opportunity for the WUTC staff andmodify electric rates on October 1 of each year with IPUC approval. other interested parties to review the prudence of and audit the ERM Under the PCA mechanism, we defer 90 percent of the difference deferred power cost transactions for the prior calendar year. between certain actual net power supply expenses and the amount

included in base retail rates for our Idaho customers. The October 1 rate adjustments recover or rebate power supply costs deferred supply costs deferred under the PCA mechanism were a liability of \$6.1 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability of \$2.2 million as totalis points above our allowed return on equity, one-third of the December 31, 2016. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

Decoupling (also known as a FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers Mechanism Balances energy usage. In each of our jurisdictions, Avista Utilities' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of As of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had the following customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to customers beginning in the following year. Only residential and certain commerci customer classes are included in our decoupling mechanisms.

Washington Decoupling and Earnings Sharing

In Washington, the WUTC approved our decoupling mechanisms for electric and natural gas for a five-year period beginning January 1. 2015. Electric and natural gas decoupling surcharge rate adjustments customers are limited to a 3 percent increase on an annual basis, with any remaining surcharge balance carried forward for recovery in a future period. There is no limit on the level of rebate rate adjustments.

The decoupling mechanisms each include an after-the-fact earnings test. At the end of each calendar year, separate electric and discussion of the amounts recorded to operating revenues in natural gas earnings calculations are made for the calendar year just 2015 through 2017 related to the decoupling and earnings ended. These earnings tests reflect actual decoupled revenues, normalized power supply costs and other normalizing adjustments. If we earn more than our authorized ROR in Washington, 50 percent of excessate Regulatory Approval Requirements Related to earnings are rebated to customers through adjustments to existing decoupling surcharge or rebate balances.

See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Idaho FCA and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

In Idaho, the IPUC approved the implementation of FCAs for electric and natural gas (similar in operation and effect to the Washington decoupling mechanisms) for an initial term of three years, schedule with an end date no later than September 14, 2018. On beginning January 1, 2016.

For the period 2013 through 2015, we had an after-the-fact earnings test, such that if Avista Corp., on a consolidated basis for any earnings above the 9.8 percent. This after-the-fact earnings test 480-143-170. In addition, under the Revised Code of Washington and natural gas general rates cases (discussed in further detail above) net benefit" to the customers of the Company.

See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Oregon Decoupling Mechanism

decoupling mechanism for natural gas, similar to the Washington and service." In addition, because the transaction includes hydropower Idaho mechanisms described above. The decoupling mechanism

became effective on March 1, 2016. There will be an opportunity for interested parties to review the mechanism and recommend changes, if during the preceding July-June twelve-month period. Total net power any, by September 2019. In Oregon, an earnings review is conducted on an annual basis. In the annual earnings review, if we earn more than 100 earnings above the 100 basis points would be deferred and later rebated to customers. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Cumulative Decoupling and Earnings Sharing

cumulative balances outstanding related to decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms in our various jurisdictions (dollars in thousands):

December 31, December 31,

rs		2017	2016
ia∕l	/ashington		
	Decoupling surcharge	\$ 14,240 \$	30,408
	Provision for earnings sharing rebate	(3,420)	(5,113)
lo	laho		
S	Decoupling surcharge	\$ 3,471 \$	8,292
	Provision for earnings sharing rebate	(2,350)	(5,184)
s Œ	bregon		
	Decoupling surcharge/(rebate)	\$ (1,168)\$	2,021
	Provision for earnings sharing rebate	_	_

See "Results of Operations-Avista Utilities" for further sharing mechanisms.

the Pending Acquisition by Hydro One

The following is a brief summary of the state regulatory approvals that are required for the proposed acquisition of the Company by Hydro One.

On September 14, 2017, Avista Corp. and Hydro One filed applications for approval of the acquisition with the WUTC, the IPUC, the MPSC and the OPUC, requesting approval of the transaction on or before August 14, 2018. However, the OPUC has set a procedural November 21, 2017, applications for approval of the acquisition were filed with the RCA, with a statutory deadline of May 20, 2018.

The principal issue before the WUTC in the proceeding for electric and natural gas operations in Idaho, earned more than a 9.8 approval of the proposed transaction will be whether the transaction is percent ROE, we were required to share with customers 50 percent ofconsistent with the public interest, per Washington Administrative Code was discontinued as part of the settlement of our 2015 Idaho electric 80.12.020, the WUTC must determine that the transaction provides a

Before the IPUC may authorize such a transaction, the utility must prove that the transaction is consistent with the public interest, that the cost and rates for the utility's service will not increase as a result of the transaction, and that the new owner "has the bona fide intent and In February 2016, the OPUC approved the implementation of a financial ability to operate and maintain said property in the public water rights used in the generation of electric power, the director of the

Idaho Department of Water Resources must issue conditions protectingnmmitments adequate to protect those customers from harm. the public interest and existing water rights holders with respect to the However, the OPUC Staff indicated they would not issue a final opinion hydropower water right to be transferred, and the IPUC must include until after receiving and reviewing additional testimony from us and any such conditions in its approval of the transfer. Hydro One and they indicated they would consider a more

The MPSC generally applies any of three standards to evaluate comprehensive and functional set of interlocking, reinforcing conditions transfers of public utilities: the public interest standard, the no-harm-tolesigned to help ensure that Avista Corp. customers are not harmed by consumers standard, or the net-benefit-to-consumers standard (see the proposed merger, accompanied by a proposal with incremental Order No. 6754e in Docket. No. 02006.6.82). The MPSC seeks to as sugreefits to customers. that utility customers will receive adequate service and facilities, that utility rates will not increase as a result of the sale or transfer, and thatcontrolling interest is "fit, willing, and able and whether the proposed the acquiring entity is fit, willing, and able to assume the service responsibilities of a public utility, though it has not enunciated a specific Alaska Statute 42.05." standard for approval because of the variety of situations that arise.

The OPUC must determine that the transaction "will serve the public utility's customers and is in the public interest." The OPUC interprets Oregon Revised Statute § 757.511 to impose a "net benefits" test (see Order No. 06-082, at p.3 (Docket. No. UM 1209)). This analyRiESULTS OF OPERATIONS OVERALL must include consideration of the effect of the transaction on the amount of income taxes paid by the utility and its affiliates and the approval must adjust the utility's rates accordingly.

Oregon filed their initial recommendations regarding the proposed acquisition by Hydro One. In their initial recommendation, the OPUC Ecova—Discontinued Operations and the other businesses) that Staff recommended that the Commission deny the application as it was low this section. originally filed. OPUC Staff believes the application does not provide a net benefit to Avista Corp.'s customers, nor are the ring-fencing

The RCA will examine whether the entity seeking to acquire the transfer is consistent with the public interest under the criteria set forth

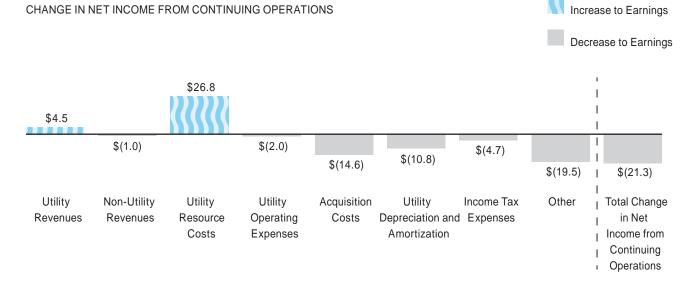
Avista Corp. and Hydro One intend to work with the various commissions, their staff and other parties to try and satisfy any concerns associated with the proposed transaction.

The following provides an overview of changes in our Consolidated Statements of Income. More detailed explanations are On February 12, 2018, OPUC Staff and other interested parties provided, particularly for operating revenues and operating expenses, in the business segment discussions (Avista Utilities, AEL&P,

> The balances included below for utility operations reconcile to the Consolidated Statements of Income.

2017 Compared to 2016

The following graph shows the total change in net income from continuing operations for 2016 to 2017, as well as the various factors that caused such change (dollars in millions):



Utility revenues increased due to an increase at AEL&P, partially offset by a decrease at Avista Utilities. AEL&P's revenues increased primarily due to a general rate increase and higher retail heating loads due to weather that was cooler than the prior year. There was also a slight increase in the number of customers at AEL&P. Avista Utilities' revenues decreased primarily due to a decrease in electric and natural gas wholesale revenues and revenues from sales of fuel, mostly offset by an increase in electric and natural gas retail revenues. Retail revenues increased due to an

increase in volumes and an electric general rate increase in Idaho and a natural gas general rate increase in Oregon. The higher retail sales volumes resulted from increased heating loads during the heating season, increased electric cooling loads during the summer and due to customer growth. The increased utility revenues were partially offset by decoupling rebates during 2017 due to weather that fluctuated from normal. This compares to decoupling surcharges during 2016.

Utility resource costs decreased due to a decrease at Avista Utilities. Avista Utilities' electric resource costs decreased primarily due to a decrease in purchased power (from lower wholesale prices) and a decrease in fuel for generation (due in part to increased hydroelectric generation). Natural gas resource costs decreased due to a decrease in natural gas purchased resulting from lower wholesale sales volumes.

Income tax expense increased primarily due to the enactment of the TCJA in December 2017, which resulted in a non-cash charge to income tax expense of \$10.2 million during 2017 from revaluing our deferred income tax assets and liabilities based on the new federal tax rate. This was partially offset by the effect of a decrease in income before income taxes. Our effective tax rate was 41.7 percent for 2017 and 36.3 percent for 2016. The effective tax rate increased due to

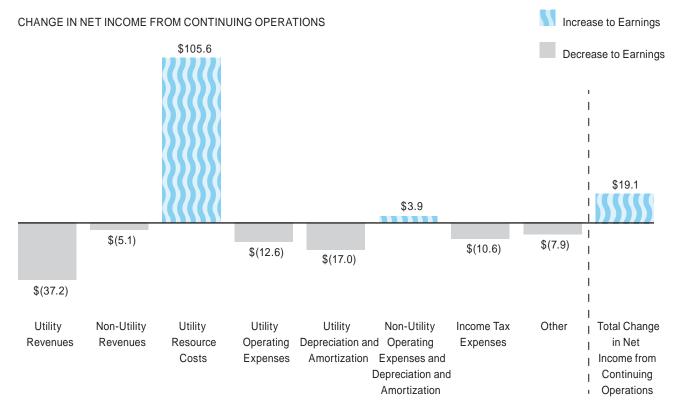
Utility operating expenses increased due to an increase at Avistafederal income tax law changes and due to acquisition costs. The Utilities and a slight increase at AEL&P. The increase at Avista Utilitieacquisition costs reduce income before income taxes, but a significant was the result of an increase in generation and distribution maintenanpertion of these costs are not deductible for tax purposes and thus do costs and transmission operating costs. There was also a write-off in not reduce income tax expense. See "Note 11 of the Notes to Oregon of utility plant associated with a general rate case settlement. Consolidated Financial Statements" for a reconciliation of our effective The increased costs were partially offset by decreases in pension, othercome tax rate. postretirement benefit and medical expenses.

utility plant.

Other was primarily related to an increase in interest expense, due The acquisition costs are related to the pending acquisition by to additional debt being outstanding during 2017 as compared to 2016 Hydro One and consist primarily of consulting, banking fees, legal feesand partially due to an increase in the overall interest rate. There was and employee time and are not being passed through to customers. also an increase in utility taxes other than income taxes primarily due to Utility depreciation and amortization increased due to additions to evenue-related taxes, which resulted from an increase in electric and natural gas retail revenue. Lastly, there were impairments recorded during 2017 on two of our equity investments.

2016 Compared to 2015

The following graph shows the total change in net income from continuing operations for 2015 to 2016, as well as the various factors that caused such change (dollars in millions):



Utility revenues decreased due to a decrease at Avista Utilities, revenues and a lower provision for earnings sharing. Natural gas partially offset by a slight increase in AEL&P's revenues. Avista Utilities venues decreased primarily due to a decrease in wholesale activity electric revenues decreased primarily due to lower retail electric loads(both a decrease in volumes and prices) and lower retail revenues due to caused by weather fluctuations throughout the period, a general rate lower prices, partially offset by higher natural gas heating volumes. The decrease in Washington and lower wholesale revenues resulting from decreases in natural gas revenues were partially offset by general rate lower volumes and lower wholesale prices. These revenue decreases increases and higher decoupling revenues. were partially offset by a general rate increase in Idaho, the expiration Non-utility revenues decreased due to the long-term fixed rate of the ERM rebate to customers in Washington, increased decoupling electric capacity contract that was previously held by Spokane Energy

being transferred to Avista Corp. during the second quarter of 2015. initial organization costs and management fees associated with The capacity revenue from this contract was included in non-utility revenues when it was held by Spokane Energy during the first quarter_ of 2015. After the transfer, the revenue is included in Avista Utilities' NON GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES revenues. The contract expired during December 2016.

Utility resource costs decreased due to a decrease at Avista in part to increased hydroelectric generation). Natural gas resource costs decreased due to a decrease in natural gas purchased resulting from lower volumes and lower prices.

Utilities and a slight increase at AEL&P. Avista Utilities' portion of othenost directly comparable measure calculated and presented in operating expenses increased due to an increase in medical costs, distribution expenses and other postretirement benefit expenses.

Utility depreciation and amortization increased due to additions to appropriate amount of revenue is being collected from our utility plant.

Income tax expense increased primarily due to an increase in \$1.6 million during 2016 relating to the settlement of share-based Statements" for further discussion of the excess tax benefits. Our effective tax rate was 36.3 percent for both 2016 and 2015.

Other was primarily related to an increase in interest expense, due to additional debt being outstanding during 2016 as compared to determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of operating there were losses on investments at our subsidiaries, mainly due to are presented below.

a new investment.

The following discussion for Avista Utilities includes two financial Utilities. Avista Utilities' electric resource costs decreased primarily measures that are considered "non-GAAP financial measures," electric due to a decrease in purchased power (from lower volumes purchased gross margin and natural gas gross margin. In the AEL&P section, we and lower wholesale prices) and a decrease in fuel for generation (duanclude a discussion of electric gross margin, which is also a non-GAAP financial measure.

Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's financial performance, financial position or cash flows Utility operating expenses increased due to an increase at Avistathat excludes (or includes) amounts that are included (excluded) in the accordance with GAAP. The presentation of electric gross margin and electric generation operating and maintenance expenses, natural gas natural gas gross margin is intended to supplement an understanding of operating performance. We use these measures to determine whether customers to allow for the recovery of energy resource costs and operating costs, as well as to analyze how changes in loads (due to income before income taxes, partially offset by excess tax benefits of weather, economic or other conditions), rates, supply costs and other factors impact our results of operations. In addition, we present electric payment awards. See "Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial and natural gas gross margin separately below for Avista Utilities since each business has different cost sources, cost recovery mechanisms and jurisdictions, such that separate analysis is beneficial. These measures are not intended to replace income from operations as 2015 and partially due to an increase in the overall interest rate. Also, performance. The calculations of electric and natural gas gross margins

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AVISTA UTILITIES

2017 Compared to 2016

The following table presents Avista Utilities' operating revenues, resource costs and resulting gross margin for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

		Electric	c Natural Gas Intracompany		acompany_		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Operating revenues	\$ 980,390\$	996,959 \$	474,649\$	470,894 \$	(84,680)\$	(95,215)\$	1,370,359\$	1,372,638
Resource costs	331,254	360,591	264,589	273,976	(84,68)0	(95,21)5	511,163	539,352
Gross margin	\$ 649,136\$	636,368 \$	210,060\$	196,918 \$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	859,196 \$	833,286

The gross margin on electric sales increased \$12.8 million and the in electric gross margin was primarily due to a general rate increase inand our electric generation operations (as fuel for our generation \$4.6 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of but are included in the separate results for electric and natural gas \$5.1 million for 2016.

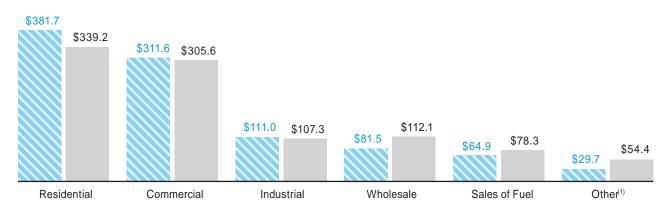
The increase in natural gas gross margin was primarily due to a general rate increase in Oregon, customer growth and increases in loads not subject to decoupling.

Intracompany revenues and resource costs represent purchases gross margin on natural gas sales increased \$13.1 million. The increased sales of natural gas between our natural gas distribution operations Idaho, customer growth, increases in loads not subject to decoupling plants). These transactions are eliminated in the presentation of total and lower resource costs. For 2017, we recognized a pre-tax benefit ofesults for Avista Utilities and in the consolidated financial statements presented below.

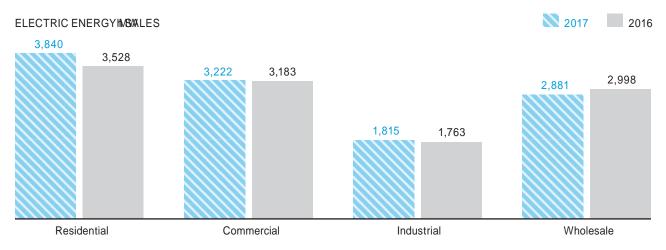
The following graphs present Avista Utilities' electric operating revenues and megawatt-hour (MWh) sales for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions and MWhs in thousands):

ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES





(1) This balance includes public street and highway lighting, which is considered part of retail electric revenues and it also includes revenues and rebates from decoupling.



The following table presents Avista Utilities' decoupling and customer earnings sharing mechanisms by jurisdiction that are reflected in utility electric operating revenues for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Electric	Electric Operating Revenue		
		2017	2016	
Washington				
Decoupling surcharge (rebate)	\$ (4	4,982)\$	11,324	
Provision for earnings sharifig	(*	1,182)	221	
Idaho				
Decoupling surcharge (rebate)	\$ (3	3,238)\$	6,025	
Provision for earnings sharifig		N/A	711	

⁽¹⁾ The provision for earnings sharing in Washington for 2017 represents a \$0.2 million adjustment for the 2016 provision for earnings sharing and \$1.0 million relating to 2017 earnings. The provision for earnings sharing in Washington in 2016 resulted from a \$2.5 million reduction in the 2015 provision for earnings sharing (which increased 2016 revenues) offset by a \$2.3 million provision for earnings sharing for 2016 electric operations.

⁽²⁾ The provision for earnings sharing in Idaho in 2016 resulted from a reduction in the 2015 provision for earnings sharing (which increased 2016 revenues). Beginning in 2016 there is no longer an earnings sharing mechanism in Idaho.

⁽N/A) This mechanism did not exist during this time period.

Total electric revenues decreased \$16.6 million for 2017 as compared to 2016, primarily reflecting the following:

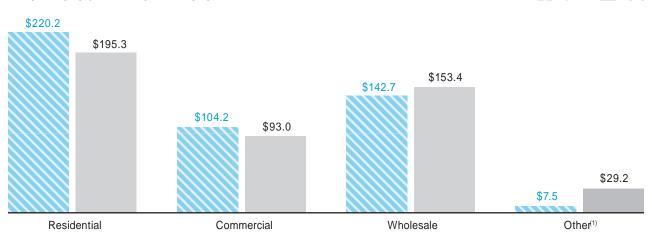
- a \$2.0 million increase in retail electric revenues due to an increase in total MWhs sold (increased revenues \$36.6 million) and an increase in revenue per MWh (increased revenues \$15.4 million).
 - The increase in total retail MWhs sold was the result of weather that was cooler than the prior year during the heating season (which increased electric heating loads) and warmer than the prior year during the cooling season (which increased electric cooling loads), as well as customer growth. Compared to 2016, residential electric use per customer increased 8 percent and commercial use per customer did not change materially. Heating degree days in Spokane were 3 percent above normal and 17 percent above 2016. Cooling degree days in Spokane were 40 percent above normal and 57 percent above the prior year.
 - The increase in revenue per MWh was primarily due to a general rate increase in Idaho and a greater portion of retail revenues from residential customers in 2017.

- a \$3.6 million decrease in wholesale electric revenues due to a
 decrease in sales prices (decreased revenues \$27.3 million) and a
 decrease in sales volumes (decreased revenues \$3.3 million). The
 fluctuation in volumes and prices was primarily the result of our
 optimization activities.
- a \$3.4 million decrease in sales of fuel due to a decrease in sales
 of natural gas fuel as part of thermal generation resource
 optimization activities. For 2017, \$35.3 million of these sales were
 made to our natural gas operations and are included as
 intracompany revenues and resource costs. For 2016, \$44.0 million
 of these sales were made to our natural gas operations.
- a \$2.6 million decrease in electric revenue due to decoupling.
 Weather was cooler than normal during the heating season and
 warmer than normal during the cooling season in 2017, which
 resulted in decoupling rebates for 2017. Weather was warmer than
 normal during the heating season in 2016, which resulted in
 significant decoupling surcharges. Decoupling mechanisms are
 not affected by fluctuations in weather compared to prior year;
 rather, they are only affected by weather fluctuations as compared
 to normal weather.

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' natural gas operating revenues and therms delivered for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions and therms in thousands):

NATURAL GAS OPERATING REVENUES





(1) This balance includes interruptible and industrial revenues, which are considered part of retail natural gas revenues and it also includes revenues and rebates from decoupling.

THERMS DELIVERED

684,317

545,348

221,982

186,565

133,343

112,686

Residential

Commercial

Wholesale

Other

The following table presents Avista Utilities' decoupling and customer earnings sharing mechanisms by jurisdiction that are reflected in utility natural gas operating revenues for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Natural G	Natural Gas Operating Revenue			
		2017	2016		
Washington					
Decoupling surcharge (rebate)	\$	(6,551)\$	8,191		
Provision for earnings sharing		(2,392)	(2,767)		
Idaho					
Decoupling surcharge (rebate)	\$	(1,641)\$	2,206		
Oregon					
Decoupling surcharge (rebate)	\$	(3,182)\$	1,912		

Total natural gas revenues increased \$3.8 million for 2017 as compared to 2016, primarily reflecting the following:

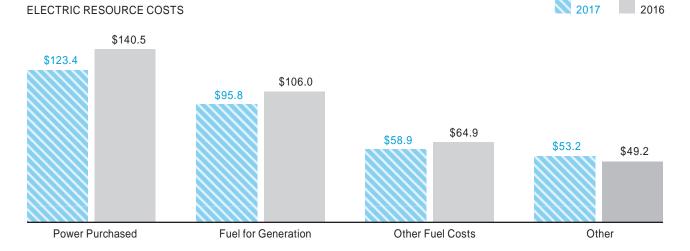
- a \$3.3 million increase in retail natural gas revenues due to an increase in volumes (increased revenues \$51.2 million), partially offset by lower retail rates (decreased revenues \$14.9 million).
 - We sold more retail natural gas in 2017 as compared to 2016
 primarily due to cooler weather in the first and fourth quarters,
 as well as customer growth. Compared to 2016, residential use
 per customer increased 16 percent and commercial use per

- customer increased 17 percent. Heating degree days in Spokane were 3 percent above normal for 2017, and 17 percent above 2016. Heating degree days in Medford were 1 percent below normal for 2017, and 17 percent above 2016.
- Lower retail rates were due to PGAs, partially offset by a general rate increase in Oregon.
- a \$0.7 million decrease in wholesale natural gas revenues due to
 a decrease in volumes (decreased revenues \$36.4 million), partially
 offset by an increase in prices (increased revenues \$25.7 million).
 In 2017, \$49.3 million of these sales were made to our electric
 generation operations and are included as intracompany revenues
 and resource costs. In 2016, \$51.2 million of these sales were made
 to our electric generation operations. Differences between
 revenues and costs from sales of resources in excess of retail load
 requirements and from resource optimization are accounted for
 through the PGA mechanisms.
- a \$2.7 million decrease in natural gas revenue due to decoupling. Weather was overall cooler than normal during the heating season in 2017, which resulted in decoupling rebates. Weather was warmer than normal during the heating season in 2016, which resulted in decoupling surcharges. Decoupling mechanisms are not impacted by fluctuations in weather compared to prior year; rather, they are only impacted by weather fluctuations as compared to normal weather.

The following table presents Avista Utilities' average number of electric and natural gas retail customers for the years ended December 31:

	Electric Customers		Natural Gas	Customers
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Residential	334,848	330,699	307,375	300,883
Commercial	42,154	41,785	35,192	34,868
Interruptible	_	_	37	37
Industrial	1,328	1,342	251	255
Public street and highway lighting	569	558	_	_
Total retail customers	378,899	374,384	342,855	336,043

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' resource costs for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):



Total electric resource costs in the graph above include intracompany resource costs of \$49.3 million and \$51.2 million for 2017 and 2016, respectively.



NATURAL GAS RESOURCE COSTS

2017

Other

2016

Total natural gas resource costs in the graphs above include intracompany resource costs of \$35.3 million and \$44.0 million for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Total electric resource costs decreased \$29.3 million for 2017 as compared to 2016 primarily reflecting the following:

• a \$17.1 million decrease in power purchased due to a decrease in wholesale prices (decreased costs \$22.5 million), partially offset by an increase in the volume of power purchases (increased costs \$5.4 million). The fluctuation in volumes and prices was primarily the result of our optimization activities.

- a \$10.2 million decrease in fuel for generation primarily due to a decrease in thermal generation (due in part to increased hydroelectric generation) as well as a decrease in fuel prices.
- a \$60 million decrease in other fuel costs.
- a \$15 million increase from amortizations and deferrals of power costs.
- a \$05 million decrease in other electric resource costs.
- a \$30 million increase in other regulatory amortizations.

Total natural gas resource costs decreased \$9.4 million for 2017 as compared to 2016 primarily reflecting the following:

- a \$54 million decrease in natural gas purchased due to a decrease in total therms purchased (decreased costs \$22.1 million), partially offset by an increase in the price of natural gas (increased costs \$16.7 million). Total therms purchased decreased due to a decrease in wholesale sales, partially offset by an increase in retail sales.
- a \$66 million decrease from amortizations and deferrals of natural gas costs.
- a \$26 million increase in other regulatory amortizations.

2016 Compared to 2015

Natural Gas Purchased

The following table presents Avista Utilities' operating revenues, resource costs and resulting gross margin for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

		Electric Natural Gas		atural Gas	Intracompany		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Operating revenues	\$ 996,959\$	997,873 \$	470,894\$	521,010 \$	(95,215)\$	(107,020)\$	1,372,638\$	1,411,863
Resource costs	360,591	400,910	273,976	351,101	(95,21)5	(107,02)0	539,3 2	644,991
Gross margin	\$ 636,368\$	596,963 \$	196,918\$	169,909 \$	— \$	<u> </u>	833,286 \$	766,872

The gross margin on electric sales increased \$39.4 million and the sources costs, the implementation of decoupling mechanisms in Idaho gross margin on natural gas sales increased \$27.0 million. The increased Oregon, and higher natural gas retail loads. in electric gross margin was primarily due to general rate increases, Intracompany revenues and resource costs represent purchases

\$6.6 million decrease in the provision for earnings sharing (which is arand our electric generation operations (as fuel for our generation recognized a pre-tax benefit of \$5.1 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of \$6.3 million for 2015.

The increase in natural gas gross margin was primarily due to general rate increases in each of our jurisdictions, lower natural gas

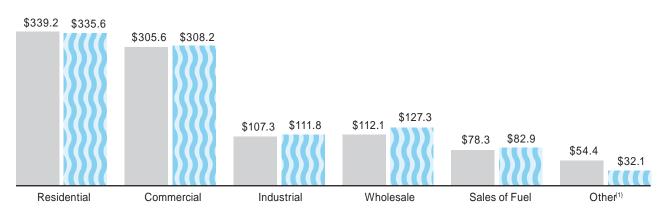
lower resource costs, the implementation of decoupling in Idaho and aand sales of natural gas between our natural gas distribution operations offset to revenue), partially offset by lower electric loads. For 2016, welants). These transactions are eliminated in the presentation of total results for Avista Utilities and in the consolidated financial statements but are included in the separate results for electric and natural gas presented below.

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' electric operating revenues and megawatt-hour (MWh) sales for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions and MWhs in thousands):

ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES



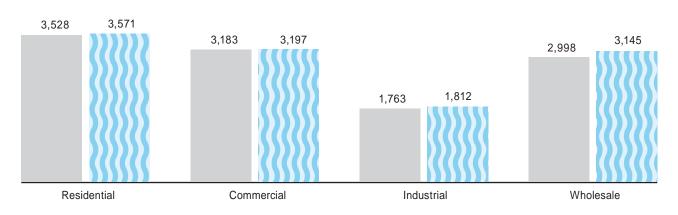




This balance includes public street and highway lighting, which is considered part of retail electric revenues and it also includes revenues and rebates from decoupling.

ELECTRIC ENERGY MS/ALES





The following table presents Avista Utilities' decoupling and customer earnings sharing mechanisms by jurisdiction that are included in utility electric operating revenues for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Electric Operating Revenues 2016 2015 Washington 4,740 Decoupling surcharge 11,324\$ Provision for earnings sharifig 221 (3,423)Idaho Decoupling surcharge \$ 6,025 N/A Provision for earnings sharifig 711 (2,198)

- The provision for earnings sharing in Washington in 2016 resulted from a \$2.5 million reduction in the 2015 provision for earnings sharing (which increased 2016 revenues) offset by a \$2.3 million provision for earnings sharing for 2016 electric operations.
- The provision for earnings sharing in Idaho in 2016 resulted from a reduction in (2) the 2015 provision for earnings sharing (which increased 2016 revenues). Beginning in 2016 there is no longer an earnings sharing mechanism in Idaho.
- (N/A) This mechanism did not exist during this time period.

Total electric revenues decreased \$0.9 million for 2016 as compared to 2015, primarily reflecting the following:

- a \$30 million decrease in retail electric revenues due to a decrease in total MWhs sold (decreased revenues \$9.5 million), partially offset by an increase in revenue per MWh (increased revenues \$6.5 million).
 - The increase in revenue per MWh was primarily due to a general rate increase in Idaho and the expiration of the ERM rebate to customers in Washington, partially offset by a general rate decrease in Washington.
 - The decrease in total retail MWhs sold was the result of weather that was cooler in the first quarter (higher electric heating loads), warmer in April and May (lower electric heating loads), cooler June through August (lower electric cooling loads) and cooler in the fourth quarter (higher electric heating loads) as compared to the prior year (which overall decreased electric loads). Compared to 2015, residential electric use per customer decreased 1 percent and commercial use per customer decreased 1 percent. Heating degree days in Spokane were 13 percent below normal and 3 percent above 2015. The impact from increased heating loads was offset by decreased cooling loads in the summer. 2016 cooling degree days were 13 percent below normal and 41 percent below the

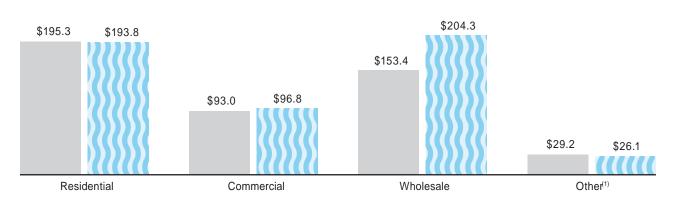
- prior year. The overall decrease in use per customer was partially offset by growth in the number of customers.
- a \$15.2 million decrease in wholesale electric revenues due to a decrease in sales volumes (decreased revenues \$5.5 million) and a decrease in sales prices (decreased revenues \$9.7 million). The fluctuation in volumes and prices was primarily the result of our optimization activities.
- a \$46 million decrease in sales of fuel due to a decrease in sales of natural gas fuel as part of thermal generation resource optimization activities. For 2016, \$44.0 million of these sales were made to our natural gas operations and are included as
- intracompany revenues and resource costs. For 2015, \$50.0 million of these sales were made to our natural gas operations.
- a \$2.6 million increase in electric revenue due to decoupling, which reflected the implementation of a decoupling mechanism in Idaho effective January 1, 2016 and lower retail revenues in 2016 as compared to 2015.
- a \$66 million decrease in the electric provision for earnings sharing (which increases revenues) due to a \$2.5 million reduction in the 2015 provision for earnings sharing in Washington and a \$0.7 million reduction in the 2015 provision for earnings sharing in Idaho recorded in 2016. For 2016 electric operations, we recorded a \$2.3 million provision for earnings sharing.

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' natural gas operating revenues and therms delivered for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions and therms in thousands):

NATURAL GAS OPERATING REVENUES

2016 2015





This balance includes interruptible and industrial revenues, which are considered part of retail natural gas revenues and it also includes revenues and rebates from decoupling.

2016 2015 THERMS DELIVERED 809,132 684,317 186,565 189,689 176,613 174,792 112,686 107,894 Residential Commercial Wholesale Other

The following table presents Avista Utilities' decoupling and customer earnings sharing mechanisms by jurisdiction that are included in utility natural gas operating revenues for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Natural Gas Operating Revenues			
		2016	2015	
Washington				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	8,191 \$	6,004	
Provision for earnings sharing		(2,767)	_	
Idaho				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	2,206	N/A	
Oregon				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	1,912	N/A	

(N/A) This mechanism did not exist during this time period.

Total natural gas revenues decreased \$50.1 million for 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily reflecting the following:

- a \$34 million decrease in retail natural gas revenues due to lower retail rates (decreased revenues \$18.4 million), partially offset by an increase in volumes (increased revenues \$15.0 million).
 - Lower retail rates were due to PGAs, which passed through lower costs of natural gas, partially offset by general rate increases.

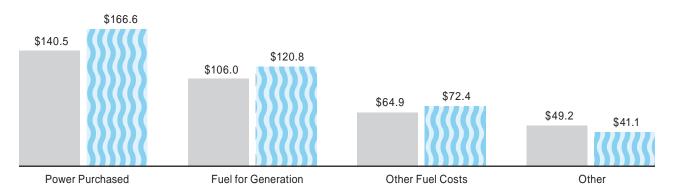
- We sold more retail natural gas in 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily due to cooler weather in the first and fourth quarters, as well as customer growth. Compared to 2015, residential use per customer increased 5 percent and commercial use per customer increased 3 percent. Heating degree days in Spokane were 13 percent below historical average for 2016, and 3 percent above 2015. Heating degree days in Medford were 16 percent below historical average for 2016, and 3 percent above 2015.
- a \$50.8 million decrease in wholesale natural gas revenues due to
 a decrease in prices (decreased revenues \$22.8 million) and a
 decrease in volumes (decreased revenues \$28.0 million). In 2016,
 \$51.2 million of these sales were made to our electric generation
 operations and are included as intracompany revenues and
 resource costs. In 2015, \$57.0 million of these sales were made to
 our electric generation operations. Differences between revenues
 and costs from sales of resources in excess of retail load
 requirements and from resource optimization are accounted for
 through the PGA mechanisms.
- a \$63 million increase in natural gas revenues due to decoupling, which reflected the implementation of decoupling mechanisms in Idaho and Oregon, as well as an increase in the decoupling surcharge in Washington.
- a \$28 million increase in the provision for earnings sharing (which decreases revenues) representing the 2016 provision for Washington natural gas operations.

The following table presents Avista Utilities' average number of electric and natural gas retail customers for the years ended December 31:

	Electric Customers		Natural Gas	Customers
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Residential	330,699	327,057	300,883	296,005
Commercial	41,785	41,296	34,868	34,229
Interruptible	_	_	37	35
Industrial	1,342	1,353	255	261
Public street and highway lighting	558	529	_	_
Total retail customers	374,384	370,235	336,043	330,530

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' resource costs for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):



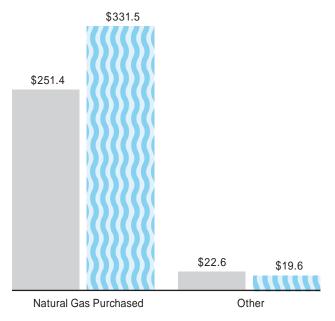


Total electric resource costs in the graph above include intracompany resource costs of \$51.2 million and \$57.0 million for 2016 and 2015, respectively.

NATURAL GAS RESOURCE COSTS







Total natural gas resource costs in the graphs above include intracompany resource costs of \$44.0 million and \$50.0 million for 20ths esettlement. and 2015, respectively.

compared to 2015 primarily reflecting the following:

- The fluctuation in volumes and prices was primarily the result of additional back-up generation plant completed in 2016. our optimization activities.
- a \$14.8 million decrease in fuel for generation primarily due to a decrease in thermal generation (due in part to increased hydroelectric generation) and a decrease in natural gas fuel prices.
- · a \$75 million decrease in other fuel costs.
- · a \$30 million decrease from amortizations and deferrals of power costs.
- a \$56 million increase in other electric resource costs primarily due to a benefit that was recorded during 2015 related to a capacity contract of Spokane Energy. This benefit was mostly deferred for probable future benefit to customers through the ERM and PCA.
- a \$54 million increase in other regulatory amortizations.

as compared to 2015 primarily reflecting the following:

- an \$80.1 million decrease in natural gas purchased due to a decrease in the price of natural gas (decreased costs \$52.6 milliona) completed during the fourth quarter of 2016. and a decrease in total therms purchased (decreased costs \$27.5 million). Total therms purchased decreased due to a decrease in wholesale sales, partially offset by an increase in retail sales.
- a \$16 million decrease from amortizations and deferrals of natural gas costs. This reflects lower natural gas prices and the deferral of lower costs for future rebate to customers, as well as current rebates to customers through PGAs.
- a \$46 million increase in other regulatory amortizations.

2015 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

2017 Compared to 2016

Net income for AEL&P was \$9.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2017, compared to \$8.0 million for 2016.

The following table presents AEL&P's operating revenues, resource costs and resulting gross margin for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

		Electric
	2017	2016
Operating revenues	\$ 53,027 \$	46,276
Resource costs	13,403	12,014
Gross margin	\$ 39,624 \$	34,262

In 2017, there was an increase in electric gross margin which was primarily related to a general rate increase, effective in November 2016, and increases in electric heating loads due to weather that was cooler than the prior year. There were also slight increases in residential and commercial customers. This was partially offset by an increase in resource costs primarily due to purchased power and the general rate

An increase in resource costs of \$1.0 million related to a Total electric resource costs decreased \$40.3 million for 2016 assettlement agreement for AEL&P's 2016 electric general rate case is included in electric gross margin for 2017. See "Regulatory Matters" for • a \$\$.1 million decrease in power purchased due to a decrease infurther discussion of the settlement agreement. The increase in electric the volume of power purchases (decreased costs \$9.3 million) anothers margin was partially offset by an increase in operating expenses a decrease in wholesale prices (decreased costs \$16.8 million). and a decrease in equity-related AFUDC due to the construction of an

> While the cooler weather did have some effect on AEL&P revenues during 2017, AEL&P has a relatively stable load profile as it does not have a large population of customers in its service territory with electric heating and cooling requirements; therefore, its revenues are not as sensitive to weather fluctuations as Avista Utilities. However, AEL&P does have higher winter rates for its customers during the peak period of November through May of each year, which drives higher revenues during those periods.

Operating expenses increased primarily due to supplies expense for the new back-up generation plant, which went into service in the fourth quarter of 2016.

2016 Compared to 2015

Net income for AEL&P was \$8.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2016, compared to \$6.6 million for 2015. The increase in Total natural gas resource costs decreased \$77.1 million for 201@arnings for 2016 was primarily due to an increase in electric gross margin and an increase in equity-related AFUDC (increased earnings) due to the construction of an additional back-up generation plant which

The following table presents AEL&P's operating revenues, resource costs and resulting gross margin for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

		Electric
	2016	2015
Operating revenues	\$ 46,276\$	44,778
Resource costs	12,014	11,973
Gross margin	\$ 34,262 \$	32,805

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS TO BE ADOPTED IN 2018

At this time, we are not expecting the adoption of accounting standards to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in 2018. For information on accounting standards adopted in 2017 and accounting standards expected to be adopted in future periods, see "Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

The increase in electric gross margin was primarily related to a decrease in costs associated with the Snettisham hydroelectric project (due to a refinancing transaction during the second half of 2015 which lowered interest costs under the take-or-pay power purchase agreement), as well as an interim rate increase effective in Novemberthat affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. to commercial and government customers and an increase in other resource costs.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ECOVA DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Ecova was disposed of as of June 30, 2014. As a result, in accordance with GAAP, all of Ecova's operating results were removed from each line item on the Consolidated Statements of Income and reclassified into discontinued operations for all periods presented.

2017 and 2016 Compared to 2015

There was zero net income or loss for 2017 and 2016. Ecova's net income was \$5.1 million for 2015. The net income for 2015 was primarily related to a tax benefit during 2015 that resulted from the reversal of a valuation allowance against net operating losses at Ecova because the net operating losses were deemed realizable under the current tax code.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OTHER BUSINESSES

2017 Compared to 2016

The net loss from these operations was \$7.9 million for 2017 compared to a net loss of \$3.2 million for 2016. Net losses for 2017 were partially related to federal income tax law changes, which resulted in the revaluing of net deferred income tax assets to reflect the reduction in the corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, causing a non-cash increase in income tax expense. Also, there were renovation expenses and increased compliance costs at one of our subsidiaries, the recognition of our portion of net losses from our equity investments, corporate costs (including costs associated with exploring strategic opportunities) and impairment charges associated with two of our equity investments.

2016 Compared to 2015

The net loss from these operations was \$3.2 million for 2016 compared to a net loss of \$1.9 million for 2015. Net losses for 2016 were primarily related to an increase in losses on investments due to initial organization costs and management fees associated with a new investment, as well as an impairment recorded on a building we own. This was partially offset by a slight decrease in corporate costs (including costs associated with exploring strategic opportunities) and a slight increase in net income at METALfx.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in

conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions 2016. These were partially offset by a slight decrease in sales volume changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein. The following accounting policies represent those that our management believes are particularly important to the consolidated financial statements and require the use of estimates and assumptions:

> Regulatory accounting which requires that certain costs and/or obligations be reflected as deferred charges on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and are not reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Income until the period during which matching revenues are recognized. We also have decoupling revenue deferrals. As opposed to cost deferrals which are not recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income until they are included in rates, decoupling revenue is recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the period in which it occurs (i.e. during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset/liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue recognition criteria are met. This could ultimately result in more decoupling revenue being collected from customers over the life of the decoupling program than what is deferred and recognized in the current period financial statements. We make estimates regarding the amount of revenue that will be collected within 24 months of deferral. We also make the assumption that there are regulatory precedents for many of our regulatory items and that we will be allowed recovery of these costs via retail rates in future periods. If we were no longer allowed to apply regulatory accounting or no longer allowed recovery of these costs, we could be required to recognize significant write-offs of regulatory assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Income. See "Notes 1 and 20 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of our regulatory accounting policy and mechanisms.

In addition to the above, while accounting for income taxes is not a critical policy or estimate, the interpretation of the TCJA

requires many judgments, and the regulatory treatment of the changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities (excess deferred taxes) resulting from the TCJA does involve certain regulatory assumptions and calculations for determining the amortization period over which to return excess deferred taxes to customers. For instance, excess deferred taxes associated with utility plant items will be returned to customers using the ARAM, which is a prescribed calculation. However, there is not clear guidance on how or when to return excess deferred taxes for non-plant items. We do not currently have an estimate for the amortization period of the non-plant items as we are waiting for additional implementation guidance from various regulatory agencies. If new guidance were to be issued regarding how to return excess deferred taxes to customers, it could significantly impact our financial results and future cash flows. See the "Executive Level Summary" for additional discussion of the federal income tax law changes.

- Utility energy commodity derivative asset and liability accounting where we estimate the fair value of outstanding commodity derivatives and we offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities with a regulatory asset or liability. This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. This accounting treatment is supported by accounting orders issued by the WUTC and the Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefit IPUC. If we were no longer allowed to apply regulatory accounting lans—Avista Utilities or no longer allowed recovery of these costs, we could be required to recognize significant changes in fair value of these energy commodity derivatives on a regular basis in the Consolidated Statements of Income, which could lead to significant fluctuation sull-time employees at Avista Utilities who were hired on or after in net income. See "Notes 1 and 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of our energy commodity derivative accounting policy and amounts recorded in the financial statements.
- Interest rate swap derivative asset and liability accounting where we estimate the fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives, and U.S. Treasury lock agreements and offset the derivative asset or liability with a regulatory asset or liability. This is similar to the treatment of energy commodity derivatives described above. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt.

During the fourth quarter of 2017, WUTC Staff and other their testimony in which the WUTC Staff recommended the rate swaps. The total amount of the 2016 settled interest rate swaps was \$54.0 million, with approximately 60 percent of this total being allocated to Washington.

not approved by the WUTC, this could change our current interest rate swaps and the unsettled interest rate swaps are probable of recovery through rates. If we concluded that recoveryallocation percentages. of these swap related payments were no longer probable, we may be required to derecognize the related regulatory assets and liabilities and we could be required to recognize significant

changes in fair value or settlements of these interest rate swap derivatives on a regular basis in the Consolidated Statements of Income, which could lead to significant fluctuations in net income.

See "Regulatory Matters—Washington General Rate Cases" for further discussion of this matter.

- Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefit Platinscussed in further detail below.
- Contingencies related to unresolved regulatory, legal and tax issues for which there is inherent uncertainty for the ultimate outcome of the respective matter. We accrue a loss contingency if it is probable that an asset is impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss or impairment can be reasonably estimated. We also disclose losses that do not meet these conditions for accrual, if there is a reasonable possibility that a potential loss may be incurred. For all material contingencies, we have made a judgment as to the probability of a loss occurring and as to whether or not the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. If the loss recognition criteria are met, liabilities are accrued or assets are reduced. However, no assurance can be given to the ultimate outcome of any particular contingency. See "Notes 1 and 19 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of our commitments and contingencies.

We have a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all regular full-time employees at Avista Utilities that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. For substantially all regular non-union January 1, 2014, a defined contribution 401(k) plan replaced the defined benefit pension plan.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Directors approves investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan and it reviews and approves changes to the investment and funding policies.

We have contracted with an independent investment consultant who is responsible for monitoring the individual investment managers. The investment managers' performance and related individual fund performance is reviewed at least quarterly by an internal benefits committee and by the Finance Committee to monitor compliance with our established investment policy objectives and strategies.

Our pension plan assets are invested in debt securities and mutual funds, trusts and partnerships that hold marketable debt and equity parties to our 2017 electric and natural gas general rate cases filed curities, real estate and absolute return funds. In seeking to obtain a return that aligns with the funded status of the pension plan, the exclusion of the Washington portion of our 2016 settled interest investment consultant recommends allocation percentages by asset classes. These recommendations are reviewed by the internal benefits committee, which then recommends their adoption by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee has established target investment If recovery of the 2016 settled interest rate swap payments is location percentages by asset classes and also investment ranges for each asset class. The target investment allocation percentages are conclusion that settlement payments related to the 2017 settled typically the midpoint of the established range. See "Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for the target investment

> We also have a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP) that provides additional pension benefits to certain executive officers and others whose benefits under the pension plan are reduced due to

the application of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and • life expectancy of participants and other beneficiaries, and the deferral of salary under deferred compensation plans.

Pension costs (including the SERP) were \$26.5 million for 2017, \$26.8 million for 2016 and \$27.1 million for 2015. Of our pension costs, approximately 60 percent are expensed and 40 percent are capitalized consistent with labor charges. The costs related to the SERP are expensed. Our costs for the pension plan are determined in part by actuarial formulas that are dependent upon numerous factors resultingchange in future years over the remaining average service period of from actual plan experience and assumptions of future experience.

Pension costs are affected by among other things:

- employee demographics (including age, compensation and lengtiplan participants. of service by employees),
- the amount of cash contributions we make to the pension plan,
- the actual return on pension plan assets,
- · expected return on pension plan assets,
- · discount rate used in determining the projected benefit obligation and pension costs,
- assumed rate of increase in employee compensation,

expected method of payment (lump sum or annuity) of pension benefits.

Any changes in pension plan obligations associated with these factors may not be immediately recognized as pension costs in our Consolidated Statement of Income, but we generally recognize the pension plan participants. As such, our costs recorded in any period may not reflect the actual level of cash benefits provided to pension

We revise the key assumption of the discount rate each year. In selecting a discount rate, we consider yield rates at the end of the year for highly rated corporate bond portfolios with cash flows from interest and maturities similar to that of the expected payout of pension benefits.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is reset or confirmed annually based on past performance and economic forecasts for the types of investments held by our plan.

The following chart reflects the assumptions used each year for the pension discount rate (exclusive of the SERP), the expected long-term return on plan assets and the actual return on plan assets and their impacts to the pension plan associated with the change in assumption (dollars in millions):

	2017	2016	2015
Discount rate			
Pension discount rate (exclusive of SERP)	3.71%	4.26%	4.58%
Increase/(decrease) to projected benefit obligation (exclusive of SERP)	\$ 49.2 \$	27.7 \$	(31.0)
Return on plan assets			
Expected long-term return on plan assets	5.87%	5.40%	5.30%
Increase/(decrease) to pension costs	\$ (2.5) \$	(0.5) \$	6.9
Actual return on plan assets—net of fees	15.60%	8.10%	(0.80)%
Actual gain/(loss) on plan assets	\$ 82.5 \$	43.2 \$	(4.3)

The following chart reflects the sensitivities associated with a change in certain actuarial assumptions by the indicated percentage (dollars in millions):

		Effect on		
		Projected		Effect on
	Change in	Benefit		Pension
Actuarial Assumption	Assumption	Obligation		Cost
Expected long-term return on plan assets	(0.5)% \$	\$ —*	\$	2.7
Expected long-term return on plan assets	0.5%	_*		(2.7)
Discount rate	(0.5)%	50.6		4.4
Discount rate	0.5%	(44.9))	(3.9)

Changes in the expected return on plan assets would not affect our projected benefit obligation.

We provide certain health care and life insurance benefits for benefit obligation as of December 31, 2017 by \$6.6 million and the substantially all of our retired employees. We accrue the estimated coservice and interest cost by \$0.8 million. A one-percentage-point of postretirement benefit obligations during the years that employees decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would provide service. Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significal trease our accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of effect on the amounts reported for our postretirement plans. A December 31, 2017 by \$5.2 million and the service and interest cost by one-percentage-point increase in the assumed health care cost trend \$0.6 million. rate for each year would increase our accumulated postretirement

Liquidity and Capital Resources

OVERALL LIQUIDITY

Avista Corp.'s consolidated operating cash flows are primarily derived from the operations of Avista Utilities. The primary source of operating cash flows for Avista Utilities is revenues from sales of electricity and natural gas. Significant uses of cash flows from Avista liquidity to meet our needs for the next 12 months. Utilities include the purchase of power, fuel and natural gas, and payment of other operating expenses, taxes and interest, with any excess being available for other corporate uses such as capital expenditures and dividends.

We design operating and capital budgets to control operating costs and to direct capital expenditures to choices that support operations. In addition to operating expenses, we have continuing commitments for capital expenditures for construction and improvement of utility facilities.

Our annual net cash flows from operating activities usually do not illion, dividends of \$92.5 million and net cash paid for the settlement of fully support the amount required for annual utility capital expenditure interest rate swap derivatives of \$8.8 million. As such, from time-to-time, we need to access long-term capital

markets in order to fund these needs as well as fund maturing debt. See 17 Compared to 2016 further discussion at "Capital Resources."

We periodically file for rate adjustments for recovery of operating costs and capital investments and to seek the opportunity to earn reasonable returns as allowed by regulators.

levels currently recovered from retail customers, net cash flows are negatively affected. Factors that could cause purchased power and natural gas costs to exceed the levels currently recovered from our customers include, but are not limited to, higher prices in wholesale markets when we buy energy or an increased need to purchase power in The increases above were partially offset by an increase in the wholesale markets, and a lack of regulatory approval for higher pension contributions from \$12.0 million in 2016 to \$22.0 million in 2017 Factors beyond our control that could result in an increased need to

- low availability of streamflows for hydroelectric generation,
- · unplanned outages at generating facilities, and
- · failure of third parties to deliver on energy or capacity contracts. initial margin collateral and additional cash collateral when derivatives

In addition to the above, Avista Utilities enters into derivative instruments to hedge our exposure to certain risks, including fluctuations in commodity market prices, foreign exchange rates and interest rates (for purposes of issuing long-term debt in the future). These derivative instruments often require collateral (in the form of event of a downgrade in the Company's credit ratings or changes in market prices. In periods of price volatility, the level of exposure can change significantly. As a result, sudden and significant demands mayConsolidated Financing Activities

be made against the Company's credit facilities and cash. See "Enterprise Risk Management—Demands for Collateral" below.

We monitor the potential liquidity impacts of changes to energy commodity prices and other increased operating costs for our utility

operations. We believe that we have adequate liquidity to meet such potential needs through our committed lines of credit.

As of December 31, 2017, we had \$260.6 million of available liquidity under the Avista Corp. committed line of credit and \$25.0 million under the AEL&P committed line of credit. With our \$400.0 million credit facility that expires in April 2021 and AEL&P's \$25.0 million credit facility that expires in November 2019, we believe that we have adequate

REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED CASH **FLOW STATEMENT**

Overall

During 2017, cash flows from operating activities were \$410.3 immediate and long-term strategies, particularly for our regulated utility illion, proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt were \$90.0 million and we received \$56.4 million from the issuance of common stock. Cash requirements included utility capital expenditures of \$412.3 million, the repayment of borrowings under our committed line of credit of \$15.0

Consolidated Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$410.3 million for 2017 compared to \$358.3 million for 2016. The increase in net cash provided by operating activities was due in part to income tax refund Avista Utilities has regulatory mechanisms in place that provide claims in 2017 related to 2014 and 2015 tax years to utilize net operating for the deferral and recovery of the majority of power and natural gas losses and investment tax credits. We received an income tax refund of supply costs. However, when power and natural gas costs exceed theapproximately \$41.7 million during the fourth quarter of 2017 compared to an increase in income tax receivables of \$33.9 million in 2016. In addition, during 2017 our net payments for the settlement of outstanding interest rate swaps decreased by \$45.1 million, from \$54.0 million in 2016 to \$8.8 million for 2017.

authorized net power supply costs through general rate case decisionand an increase in collateral posted for derivative instruments of \$22.4 million in 2017, compared to a decrease in collateral posted of \$10.7 purchase power in the wholesale markets include, but are not limited tmillion in 2016. The increase in collateral posted during 2017 was due to · increases in demand (due to either weather or customer growth), a decrease in the fair value of energy commodity derivatives which required additional collateral. In addition, most of our energy commodity derivatives are transacted on clearinghouse exchanges, which require

Consolidated Investing Activities

are in liability positions.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$434.1 million for 2017, an increase compared to \$432.5 million for 2016. During 2017, we paid \$412.3 million for utility capital expenditures, compared to \$406.6 million cash or letters of credit) or other credit enhancements, or reductions offor 2016. In addition, during 2017, our subsidiaries disbursed net cash of terminations of a portion of the contract through cash settlement, in the 15.5 million for notes receivable to third parties, equity investments and property investments, compared to \$18.2 million in 2016.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$31.5 million for 2017 compared to net cash provided of \$72.2 million for 2016. In 2017 we had the following significant transactions:

- issuance and sale of \$90.0 million of Avista Corp. first mortgage our capital projects, deferred taxes on the decoupling regulatory assets bonds in December 2017, the proceeds of which were used to pagend deferred taxes on interest rate swap derivatives. down a portion of our committed line of credit,
- payment of \$3.3 million for the maturity of long-term debt,
- increase in cash dividends paid to \$92.5 million (or \$1.43 per share) Net cash used in investing activities was \$432.5 million for 2016, for 2017 from \$87.2 million (or \$1.37 per share) for 2016, an increase compared to \$387.8 million for 2015. During 2016, we paid
- \$15.0 million net decrease in the balance of our committed line of\$406.6 million for utility capital expenditures, compared to \$393.4 million credit, and

2016 Compared to 2015

Consolidated Operating Activities

provided by operating activities was primarily related to the cash settlement of interest rate swap derivatives in the third quarter of 201 Consolidated Financing Activities totaling \$54.0 million. The interest rate swap derivatives were settled in connection with the pricing of first mortgage bonds that were issued incompared to net cash provided of \$0.5 million for 2015. In 2016 we had December 2016. In addition, our accounts receivable balances increasted following significant transactions: during 2016 (which reduces operating cash flow), due to higher sales during the fourth guarter of 2016 due to colder weather as compared to

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$358.3 million for

There was a decrease in collateral posted for derivative instruments in 2016 (primarily due to an increase in the fair value of outstanding energy commodity derivatives, which required less collateral) as compared to an increase in collateral posted during 2015.

the fourth quarter of 2015 and due to the timing of collections.

Pension contributions were \$12.0 million for both 2016 and 2015. • Net cash received from income tax refunds increased to \$13.5 million for 2016 compared to \$10.0 million for 2015. In addition, the income tax receivable increased \$33.9 million in 2016. We were in a refund position as of December 31, 2016 with regards to income taxes • because the Company generated a net operating loss for tax purposes in 2016 primarily due to bonus depreciation on utility plant placed in service during the year and the settlement of interest rate swaps. The Company carried back the net operating loss against prior year tax returns and fully utilized the net operating loss through the carryback. Additionally, the Company generated \$19.4 million of federal investment income tax credits in 2016; \$9.6 million of which was carried back against a prior tax return with the remaining \$9.8 million to be carried forward to future federal tax periods.

The provision for deferred income taxes was \$124.5 million for 2016, compared to \$51.8 million for 2015. The change in the provision for costs), and deferred income taxes was primarily related to deferred taxes on property, plant and equipment, investment tax credits associated with

Consolidated Investing Activities

for 2015. In addition, during 2016, our subsidiaries disbursed \$10.1 million issuance of \$56.4 million of common stock (net of issuance costs) or notes receivable to third parties and received \$5.0 million in repayments on these notes receivable. Our subsidiaries also made \$7.8 million in investments and purchased buildings and other property as

During 2015, we received cash proceeds (related to the settlement 2016 compared to \$375.6 million for 2015. The decrease in net cash of the escrow accounts) of \$13.9 million from the sale of Ecova.

investments for \$5.3 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$72.2 million for 2016

- borrowing of \$70.0 million pursuant to a term loan agreement in August, which was used to repay a portion of the \$90.0 million in first mortgage bonds that matured in August 2016,
- · issuance and sale of \$175.0 million of Avista Corp. first mortgage bonds in December 2016, the proceeds of which were used to repay the \$70.0 million term loan, with the remainder being used to pay down a portion of our committed line of credit,
- payment of \$163.2 million for the maturity of long-term debt (including the \$70.0 million term loan),
- increase in cash dividends paid to \$87.2 million (or \$1.37 per share) for 2016 from \$82.4 million (or \$1.32 per share) for 2015,
- \$15.0 million net increase in the balance of our committed line of credit, and
- issuance of \$67.0 million of common stock (net of issuance costs).

In 2015 we had the following significant transactions:

- issuance and sale of \$100.0 million of Avista Corp. first mortgage bonds in December 2015,
- payment of \$2.9 million for the maturity of long-term debt,
- cash dividends paid were \$82.4 million (or \$1.32 per share) for 2015.
- issuance of \$1.6 million of common stock (net of issuance
- · repurchase of \$2.9 million of our common stock.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our consolidated capital structure, including the current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings, and excluding noncontrolling interests, consisted of the following as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2017		Decemb	er 31, 2016	
			Percent		Percent
		Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total
Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases	\$	277,438	7.6% \$	3,287	0.1%
Short-term borrowings		105,398	2.9%	120,000	3.4%
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts		51,547	1.4%	51,547	1.5%
Long-term debt and capital leases		1,491,799	40.8%	1,678,717	47.9%
Total debt		1,926,182	52.7%	1,853,551	52.9%
Total Avista Corporation shareholders' equity		1,729,828	47.3%	1,648,727	47.1%
Total	\$	3,656,010	100.0% \$	3,502,278	100.0%

Our shareholders' equity increased \$81.1 million during 2017 primarily due to net income, the issuance of common stock and stock compensation net of minimum tax withholdings, partially offset by dividends.

We need to finance capital expenditures and acquire additional funds for operations from time-to-time. The cash requirements needed amount of cash flow available to fund capital expenditures, purchased letters of credit outstanding under this credit facility. power, fuel and natural gas costs, dividends and other requirements.

Committed Lines of Credit

institutions in the total amount of \$400.0 million that expires in April 2021. As of December 31, 2017, we had \$260.6 million of available liquidity under this line of credit.

The Avista Corp. credit facility contains customary covenants and default provisions, including a covenant which does not permit our ratio of "consolidated total debt" to "consolidated total capitalization" to be greater than 65 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2017, we were in compliance with this covenant with a ratio of 52.7 percent.

AEL&P has a \$25.0 million committed line of credit that expires in to service our indebtedness, both short-term and long-term, reduce thelovember 2019. As of December 31, 2017, there were no borrowings or

The AEL&P credit facility contains customary covenants and default provisions including a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt at AEL&P" to "consolidated total Avista Corp. has a committed line of credit with various financial capitalization at AEL&P," (including the impact of the Snettisham obligation) to be greater than 67.5 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2017, AEL&P was in compliance with this covenant with a ratio of 53.7 percent.

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings (excluding letters of credit) under Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit were as follows as of and for the year ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Balance outstanding at end of year	\$ 105,000 \$	120,000 \$	105,000
Letters of credit outstanding at end of year	\$ 34,420 \$	34,353 \$	44,595
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	\$ 254,500 \$	280,000 \$	180,000
Average balance outstanding during the year	\$ 133,027 \$	171,090 \$	95,573
Average interest rate during the year	1.88%	1.26%	0.98%
Average interest rate at end of year	2.26%	1.50%	1.18%

As of December 31, 2017, Avista Corp. and its subsidiaries were 4.55 percent, including the effects of the settled interest rate swap compliance with all of the covenants of their financing agreements, anderivatives and issuance costs. We used the proceeds, less issuance none of Avista Corp.'s subsidiaries constituted a "significant subsidiaryosts, to repay a portion of the borrowings outstanding under our as defined in Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit. \$400.0 million committed line of credit.

Long-Term Debt Borrowings

Equity Issuances

In December 2017, we issued and sold \$90.0 million of 3.91 percent In March 2016, we entered into four separate sales agency first mortgage bonds due in 2047 pursuant to a bond purchase agreements under which Avista Corp.'s sales agents may offer and sell agreement with institutional investors in the private placement marketup to 3.8 million new shares of Avista Corp.'s common stock, no par In connection with the pricing of the first mortgage bonds, the Companyalue, from time-to-time. The sales agency agreements expire on cash-settled five interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate February 29, 2020. Through December 31, 2017, 2.7 million shares were amount of \$60.0 million) and paid a net amount of \$8.8 million, which issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$120.0 will be amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of million, leaving 1.1 million shares remaining to be issued. the debt. The effective interest rate of the first mortgage bonds is

Other Transactions

the net earnings test would not have prohibited, the issuance of \$1.3

We are making capital investments in generation, transmission

During 2017, we filed income tax refund claims related to 2014 abdilion in aggregate principal amount of additional first mortgage bonds 2015 to utilize net operating losses and investment tax credits and weat Avista Corp. and \$24.1 million at AEL&P. We believe that we have received an income tax refund of approximately \$41.7 million during thad equate capacity to issue first mortgage bonds to meet our financing fourth quarter of 2017. needs over the next several years.

(in thousands):

2018 Liquidity Expectations

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

During 2018, we expect to issue approximately \$375.0 million of long-term debt and up to \$85.0 million of equity in order to refinance maturing long-term debt, fund planned capital expenditures, fund the and distribution systems to preserve and enhance service reliability for impacts of the federal income tax law changes and maintain an appropriate capital structure. The \$85.0 million of equity in 2018 may come through the sale of shares through our sales agency agreements he following table summarizes our actual and expected capital or from an equity contribution from Hydro One upon consummation of expenditures as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017

our customers and replace aging infrastructure.

After considering the expected issuances of long-term debt and equity during 2018, we expect net cash flows from operating activities together with cash available under our committed line of credit agreements, to provide adequate resources to fund capital expenditures, dividends, and other contractual commitments.

the acquisition or from a combination of those sources.

es,	Avis	sta Utilities	АЩ&Р
2017 Actual capital expenditures			_
Capital expenditures (per the			
Consolidated Statement			
of Cash Flows)	\$	405,938\$	6,401

2018 and Forward Operating Cash Flows

Due to federal income tax law changes, we expect our operating Expected total annual capital cash flows will be negatively impacted going forward primarily due to the loss of the bonus depreciation tax deduction and from the timing c 2018 405,000\$ 7,000 the return of excess deferred taxes to customers. As a result, we may 2019 405,000 8,000 need to raise additional capital. 2020 405,000 7,000

Limitations on Issuances of Preferred Stock and First Mortgage Bonds

We are restricted under our Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, as to the additional preferred stock we can issue. As of December 31, 2017, we could issue \$1.3 billion of additional preferred stock at an assumed dividend rate of 6.0 percent. We are not planning to issue preferred stock.

Actual annual capital expenditures per the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows may differ from our expected annual accrual-basis capital expenditures due to the timing of cash payments, the capital expenditure amounts accrued in accounts payable at the end of each period and the inclusion of AFUDC in our expected amounts, but excluded from the cash flow amounts.

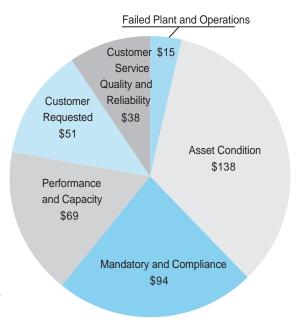
The following graph shows Avista Utilities' capital budget for 2018:

Under the Avista Corp. and the AEL&P Mortgages and Deeds of Trust securing Avista Corp.'s and AEL&P's first mortgage bonds (including Secured Medium-Term Notes), respectively, each entity mayDOLLARS IN MILLIONS) issue additional first mortgage bonds in an aggregate principal amount equal to the sum of:

- 66/3 percent of the cost or fair value (whichever is lower) of property additions of that entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- an equal principal amount of retired first mortgage bonds of that entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- deposit of cash.

However, Avista Corp. and AEL&P may not individually issue any additional first mortgage bonds (with certain exceptions in the case of bonds issued on the basis of retired bonds) unless the particular entity issuing the bonds has "net earnings" (as defined in the respective Mortgages) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months out of the preceding 18 calendar months that were at least twice the annual interest requirements on that entity's mortgage securities at the time outstanding, including the first mortgage bonds to be issued, and on all indebtedness of prior rank. As of December 31, 2017, property additions and retired bonds would have allowed, and

CAPITAL BUDGET AT AVISTA UTILITIES FOR 2018



For 2018, we changed our method of capital expenditure planning he following table summarizes our credit ratings as of and tracking from breaking expenditures down by functional area (i.e. February 20, 2018:

generation, transmission, distribution, information technology) to the primary investment reason behind our capital expenditure decisions.

& Por's(1) This tracking better aligns with how capital expenditure decisions are Moody's(2) made and how they are submitted for regulatory recovery to the various orporate/Issuer rating BBB Baa1 state commissions. Senior secured debt A-Α2

These estimates of capital expenditures are subject to continuin Senior unsecured debt review and adjustment. Actual capital expenditures may vary from our estimates due to factors such as changes in business conditions, construction schedules and environmental requirements.

Standard & Poor's lowest "investment grade" credit rating is BBB-. (1)

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold

agencies provide ratings at the request of Avista Corp. and charge

Standard

BBB

Baa1

Moody's lowest "investment grade" credit rating is Baa3.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

securities. Each security rating is subject to revision or withdrawal As of December 31, 2017, we had \$34.4 million in letters of crediat any time by the assigning rating organization. Each security rating outstanding under our \$400.0 million committed line of credit, comparagency has its own methodology for assigning ratings, and,

to \$34.4 million as of December 31, 2016. accordingly, each rating should be considered in the context of the applicable methodology, independent of all other ratings. The rating

PENSION PLAN

We contributed \$22.0 million to the pension plan in 2017. We period 2018 through 2022, with an annual contribution of \$22.0 millioner state public utility commissions may respond to this legislation, we over that period.

The final determination of pension plan contributions for future periods is subject to multiple variables, most of which are beyond our TCJA. Also, we expect that our future cash flows from operations will control, including changes to the fair value of pension plan assets, changes in actuarial assumptions (in particular the discount rate used material adverse effects resulting from the legislation that we have not We may change our pension plan contributions in the future depending egative outlook and could result in Moody's taking further negative on changes to any variables, including those listed above.

See "Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements'actions by the credit rating agencies may make it more difficult and for additional information regarding the pension plan.

CREDIT RATINGS

Our access to capital markets and our cost of capital are directly impacts to Avista Corp. affected by our credit ratings. In addition, many of our contracts for the purchase and sale of energy commodities contain terms dependent upon our credit ratings. See "Enterprise Risk Management-Credit Risk Liquidity Considerations" and "Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

fees for their services. On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. Although it expect to contribute a total of \$110.0 million to the pension plan in theis unclear when or how capital markets, credit rating agencies, the FERC expect that certain financial metrics used by credit rating agencies to evaluate the Company will be negatively impacted as a result of the be negatively impacted going forward. Further, there may be other in determining the benefit obligation), or changes in federal legislation yet identified. This has resulted in Moody's placing our credit ratings on action or other credit rating agencies taking similar action. These

> costly for us to issue future debt securities and could increase borrowing costs under our credit facilities. See "Executive Level Summary" and "Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the TCJA and its

DIVIDENDS

On February 2, 2018, Avista Corp.'s Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.3725 per share on the Company's common stock. This was an increase of \$0.0150 per share, or 4.2 percent from the previous quarterly dividend of \$0.3575 per share.

See "Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities" for a detailed discussion of our dividend policy and the factors which could limit the payment of dividends.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The following table provides a summary of our future contractual obligations as of December 31, 2017 (dollars in millions):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter
Avista Utilities:						
Long-term debtnaturities	\$ 273	\$ 90	\$ 52	\$ —	\$ 250	\$ 964
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts	_	_	_	_	_	52
Interest payments on long-term débt	74	66	62	60	50	880
Short-term borrowings	105	_	_	_	_	_
Energy purchase contracts	267	247	210	181	179	1,243
Operating lease obligations	1	_	_	_	_	2
Other obligation®	32	35	34	29	34	194
Information technology contracts	1	1	1	_	_	_
Pension plan funding	22	22	22	22	22	_
Unsettled interest rate swap derivatives	61	(1)	(1)	7	_	_
AEL&P total contractual obligations	15	15	15	16	16	283
Other businesses (consolidated)						
total contractual obligation®	8	22	4	1		4
Total contractual obligations	\$ 859	\$ 497	\$ 399	\$ 316	\$ 551	\$ 3,622

- (1) Represents our estimate of interest payments on long-term debt, which is calculated based on the assumption that all debt is outstanding until maturity. Interest on variable rate debt is calculated using the rate in effect at December 31, 2017.
- (2) Erergy purchase contracts were entered into as part of the obligation to serve our retail electric and natural gas customers' energy requirements. As a result, costs are generally recovered either through base retail rates or adjustments to retail rates as part of the power and natural gas cost deferral and recovery mechanisms.
- (3) Includes the interest component of the lease obligation.
- (4) Represents operational agreements, settlements and other contractual obligations for our generation, transmission and distribution facilities. These costs are generally recovered through base retail rates.
- (5) Includes information service contracts which are recorded to other operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- (6) Represents our estimated cash contributions to pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans through 2022. We cannot reasonably estimate pension plan contributions beyond 2022 at this time and have excluded them from the table above.
- (7) Represents the net mark-to-market fair value of outstanding unsettled interest rate swap derivatives as of December 31, 2017. Negative values in the table above represent contractual amounts that are owed to Avista Corp. by the counterparties. The values in the table above will change each period depending on fluctuations in market interest rates and could become either assets or liabilities. Also, the amounts in the table above are not reflective of cash collateral of \$35.0 million and letters of credit of \$5.0 million that are already posted with counterparties against the outstanding interest rate swap derivatives.
- (8) Primarily relates to long-term debt and capital lease maturities and the related interest. AEL&P contractual commitments also include contractually required capital project funding and operating and maintenance costs associated with the Snettisham hydroelectric project. These costs are generally recovered through base retail rates.

jurisdiction, our rates for retail electric and natural gas services (other storage and other alternative energy technologies could lead to more

(9) Primarily relates to operating lease commitments, venture fund commitments, and a commitment to fund a limited liability company in exchange for equity ownership, made by a subsidiary of Avista Capital. Also, there is a long-term debt maturity and the related interest associated with AERC.

The above contractual obligations do not include income tax payments. Also, asset retirement obligations are not included above and payments associated with these have historically been less than \$1 million per year. There are approximately \$17.5 million remaining asset retirement obligations as of December 31, 2017.

In addition to the contractual obligations disclosed above, we willinvestment as allowed by our regulators. incur additional operating costs and capital expenditures in future periods for which we are not contractually obligated as part of our normal business operations.

In retail markets, we compete with vector cooperatives and public utility districts in territories in the provision of service to not contract.

COMPETITION

Our utility electric and natural gas distribution business has service territory given the small numbers of customers utilizing these historically been recognized as a natural monopoly. In each regulatorytechnologies, advances in power generation, energy efficiency, energy

than specially negotiated retail rates for industrial or large commercial customers, which are subject to regulatory review and approval) are generally determined on a "cost of service" basis. Rates are designed to provide, after recovery of allowable operating expenses and capital investments, an opportunity for us to earn a reasonable return on

In retail markets, we compete with various rural electric cooperatives and public utility districts in and adjacent to our service territories in the provision of service to new electric customers.

Alternative energy technologies, including customer-sited solar, wind or geothermal generation, or energy storage may also compete with us for sales to existing customers. While the risk is currently small in our service territory given the small numbers of customers utilizing these

wide-spread usage of these technologies, thereby reducing customer Avista Utilities demand for the energy supplied by us. This reduction in usage and demand would reduce our revenue and negatively impact our financialmetropolitan statistical areas in our Avista Utilities service area: investments in generation, transmission and distribution assets. Similarly, our natural gas distribution operations compete with other energy sources including heating oil, propane and other fuels.

Certain natural gas customers could bypass our natural gas system, reducing both revenues and recovery of fixed costs. To reduckey leading indicators such as initial unemployment claims and the potential for such bypass, we price natural gas services, including residential building permits, signal continued growth over the next 12 flexibility to price transportation and delivery rates by means of individual contracts. These individual contracts are subject to state Washington, northern Idaho, and southwestern Oregon metropolitan regulatory review and approval. We have long-term transportation contracts with several of our largest industrial customers under which service areas exhibited moderate growth between 2016 and 2017. In the customer acquires its own commodity while using our infrastructur@pokane, Washington employment growth was 2.1 percent with gains for delivery. Such contracts reduce the risk of these customers bypassing our system in the foreseeable future and minimizes the impact on our earnings.

services to help energy consumers manage energy in new ways that growth was 2.3 percent, with gains in all major sectors except mining In wholesale markets, competition for available electric supply is grew by 1.5 percent over the same period.

influenced by the:

- · localized and system-wide demand for energy,
- · type, capacity, location and availability of generation resources, and
- · variety and circumstances of market participants.

These wholesale markets are regulated by the FERC, which requires electric utilities to:

- transmit power and energy to or for wholesale purchasers and sellers,
- · enlarge or construct additional transmission capacity for the purpose of providing these services, and
- to any party, including the merchant functions of the utility.

Participants in the wholesale energy markets include:

- other utilities,
- federal power marketing agencies,
- · energy marketing and trading companies,
- · independent power producers,
- · financial institutions, and
- · commodity brokers.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND UTILITY LOAD GROWTH

The general economic data, on both national and local levels, and industry publications, reports by market research firms or other independent sources. While we believe that these publications and other sources are reliable, we have not independently verified such datetail electric load growth to average 0.5 percent, within a forecast and can make no representation as to its accuracy.

We track multiple economic indicators affecting the three largest condition including possibly leading to our inability to fully recover our Spokane, Washington, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and Medford, Oregon. The key indicators are employment change and unemployment rates. On an annual basis, 2017 showed positive job growth and lower unemployment rates in all three metropolitan areas. However, the unemployment rates in Spokane and Medford are still slightly above the national average. transportation contracts, competitively and have varying degrees of months. Therefore, in 2018, we expect economic growth in our service area to be slightly stronger than the U.S. as a whole.

in all major sectors except financial services. Employment increased by 1.7 percent in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, reflecting gains in all major sectors except trade, transportation, and utilities; information; leisure Also, non-utility businesses are developing new technologies and hospitality; and other services. In Medford, Oregon, employment may improve productivity and could alter demand for the energy we sealed logging; other services; and government. U.S. nonfarm sector jobs

Nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted) in our eastern

Seasonally adjusted average unemployment rates went down in 2017 from the year earlier in Spokane, Coeur d'Alene, and Medford. In Spokane the average rate was 6.6 percent in 2016 and declined to 5.5 percent in 2017; in Coeur d'Alene the average rate went from 4.8 percent to 3.9 percent; and in Medford the average rate declined from 5.8 percent to 4.6 percent. The U.S. rate declined from 4.9 percent to 4.3 percent over the same period.

Alaska Electric Light and Power Company

Our AEL&P service area is centered in Juneau. Although Juneau is Alaska's state capital, it is not a metropolitan statistical area. This means breadth and frequency of economic data is more limited. transparently price and offer transmission services without favorTherefore, the dates of Juneau's economic data may significantly lag the period of this filing.

> The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages for Juneau shows employment declined 1.8 percent between the first half of 2016 and second half of 2017. The employment decline was centered in government; construction; trade, transportation, and utilities; financial activities; and professional and business services; leisure and hospitality; and education and health services. Government (including active duty military personnel) accounts for approximately 37 percent of total employment. Between 2016 and 2017, the non-seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased from 4.4 percent to 4.6 percent.

Forecasted Customer and Load Growth

Based on our forecast for 2018 through 2021 for Avista Utilities' service area, we expect annual electric customer growth to average contained in this section is based, in part, on independent government 1.1 percent, within a forecast range of 0.7 percent to 1.5 percent. We expect annual natural gas customer growth to average 1.5 percent, within a forecast range of 1 percent to 2 percent. We anticipate range of 0.2 percent and 0.8 percent. We expect natural gas load growth to average 1.3 percent, within a forecast range of 0.8 percent and 1.8 percent. The forecast ranges reflect (1) the inherent uncertainty associated with the economic assumptions on which

forecasts are based and (2) the historic variability of natural gas customer and load growth.

In AEL&P's service area, we expect residential customer growthto seek recovery of any such costs through the ratemaking process. near 0 percent (no residential customer growth) for 2018 through 2021.

We also expect no significant growth in commercial and government Clean Air Act (CAA) customers over the same period. We anticipate average annual total load growth will be in a narrow range around 0.3 percent, with 0 percent (no load growth); and government growth near 0 percent.

load growth are based, in part, upon purchased economic forecasts andinor source permits or simple source registration permits. We have publicly available population and demographic studies. The expectations regarding retail load growth are also based upon variousrequirements can change over time as the CAA or applicable assumptions, including:

- · assumptions relating to weather and economic and competitive conditions,
- internal analysis of company-specific data, such as energy consumption patterns,
- internal business plans,
- an æsumption that we will incur no material loss of retail customers due to self-generation or retail wheeling, and
- for mobility will for now be immaterial.

Changes in actual experience can vary significantly from our projections.

See also "Competition" above for a discussion of competitive factors that could affect our results of operations in the future.

We are subject to environmental regulation by federal, state and MATS compliance. local authorities. The generation, transmission, distribution, service and storage facilities in which we have ownership interests are designed Regional Haze Program and operated in compliance with applicable environmental laws. Furthermore, we conduct periodic reviews and audits of pertinent facilities and operations to ensure compliance and to respond to or anticipate emerging environmental issues. The Company's Board of

government for environmental issues, particularly those with the potential to impact the operation and productivity of our generating plants and other assets.

Environmental laws and regulations may:

- · increase the operating costs of generating plants;
- increase the lead time and capital costs for the construction of new generating plants;
- · require modification of our existing generating plants;
- · require existing generating plant operations to be curtailed or shut down;
- restrict the types of generating plants that can be built or contracted with:
- require construction of specific types of generation plants at higher cost; and
- · increase costs of distributing natural gas.

Compliance with environmental laws and regulations could result in increases to capital expenditures and operating expenses. We intend

The CAA creates a number of requirements for our thermal generating plants. The Colstrip Generating Station, Kettle Falls residential load growth averaging 0.6 percent, commercial growth neaGenerating Station and Rathdrum Combustion Turbine all require CAA Title V operating permits. The Boulder Park Generating Station, The forward-looking statements set forth above regarding retail Northeast Combustion Turbine and a number of other operations require secured these permits and operate to meet their requirements. These implementing regulations are amended and new permits are issued. We actively monitor legislative, regulatory and other program developments of the CAA that may impact our facilities.

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

The EPA regulates hazardous air pollutants from a published list of industrial sources referred to as "source categories" which must meet control technology requirements if they emit one or more of the an assumption that demand for electricity and natural gas as a fuelollutants in significant quantities. In 2012, the EPA finalized the Mercury Air Toxic Standards (MATS) for the coal and oil-fired source category. At the time of issuance in 2012, we examined the existing emission control systems of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, the only units in which we are a minority owner, and concluded that the existing emission control systems should be sufficient to meet mercury limits. For the remaining portion of the rule that utilized Particulate Matter as a surrogate for air toxics (including metals and acid gases), the ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND CONTINGENCIE Scolstrip owners continue to review stack testing data and expect that no additional emission control systems will be needed for Units 3 & 4

The EPA set a national goal of eliminating man-made visibility degradation in Class I areas by the year 2064. States are expected to take actions to make "reasonable progress" through 10-year plans. In the case where a State opts out of implementing the Regional Haze Directors has established a committee to oversee environmental issuesogram, the EPA may act directly. In September 2012, the EPA finalized We monitor legislative and regulatory developments at all levels the Regional Haze federal implementation plan (FIP) for Montana; however, in May 2015, the Ninth circuit remanded the FIP back to the EPA. Colstrip Units 3 & 4 are not currently affected in the FIP, but are being evaluated in the 5-year Reasonable Progress Report submitted by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) in August 2017. We do not anticipate any material impacts on Units 3 & 4 as a result of this report.

Coal Ash Management/Disposal

In 2015, the EPA issued a final rule regarding coal combustion residuals (CCRs), also termed coal combustion byproducts or coal ash. reduce the amount of energy available from our generating plant Colstrip, of which we are a 15 percent owner of Units 3 & 4, produces this byproduct. The rule establishes technical requirements for CCR landfills and surface impoundments under Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the nation's primary law for regulating solid waste. We, in conjunction with the other owners, developed a multi-year compliance plan to strategically address the new CCR requirements and existing state obligations while maintaining operational stability. Based on available information from the Colstrip

operator, we review and update our asset retirement obligation (ARO)Section 111(b) of the CAA and applies to the emissions of new, modified periodically. See "Note 9 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding AROs.

and capital costs, due to a series of incremental infrastructure improvements which are separate from the ARO. We cannot reasonabilitate decide not to develop its own plan. estimate the future compliance costs; however, we will update our ARO and compliance cost estimates as data becomes available.

The actual asset retirement costs and future compliance costs estimates used to record the ARO due to uncertainty about the used to estimate costs, such as the quantity of coal ash present at about compliance strategies and the timing of closure activities. As Oregon. States may adopt rate-based or mass-based plans, and may additional information becomes available, we will update the ARO and choose to focus compliance on specific EGUs or adopt broader future nonretirement compliance costs for these changes in estimatesmeasures to reduce carbon emissions from this sector. The states in which could be material. We expect to seek recovery of increased costshich Avista Utilities generates or delivers electricity, Washington, related to complying with the CCR rule through customer rates.

Climate Change

Concerns about long-term global climate changes could have a EPA may consider rulemaking in the future for Alaska and Hawaii, both significant effect on our business. Some companies have been subjectates which lack regional grid connections. to shareholder resolutions requiring climate-change specific planning or actions, which could increase costs. Our operations could also be affected by changes in laws and regulations intended to mitigate the reconstructed fossil fuel-fired EGUs under the CAA section 111(b). risk of, or alter global climate changes, including restrictions on the on the sale of natural gas. Changing temperatures and precipitation, including snowpack conditions, affect the availability and timing of streamflows, which impact hydroelectric generation. Extreme weather events could increase service interruptions, outages and maintenancæignificant compliance costs. Such standards could also preclude us costs. Changing temperatures could also increase or decrease customer demand.

Our Climate Policy Council (an interdisciplinary team of management and other employees):

- change issues.
- · analyzes policy effects, anticipates opportunities and evaluates strategies for Avista Corp., and
- action plans.

Climate Change—Federal Regulatory Actions

The EPA released the final rules for the Clean Power Plan (Final challenging the Final CPP in abeyance while the EPA reviews the final CPP) and the Carbon Pollution Standards (Final CPS) in August 2015 rules applicable to existing, as well as to new, modified, and The Final CPP and the Final CPS are both intended to reduce the carbeconstructed electric generating units pursuant to an Executive Order Register in October 2015 and were immediately challenged via lawsuitarders to hold the litigation regarding the Clean Air Act §111(d) Clean by other parties.

The Final CPP was promulgated pursuant to Section 111(d) of theower plants in abeyance for a period of 60 days with status reports due CAA and applies to CO2 emissions from existing EGUs. The Final CPfician the EPA every 30 days. On October 16, 2017, the EPA gave notice of intended to reduce national CO2 emissions by approximately 32 percembposed rule-making to repeal the Final CPP. On December 28, 2017, the below 2005 levels by 2030. The Final CPS rule was issued pursuant tePA published an Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking seeking

and reconstructed EGUs. The two rules are the first rules ever adopted by the U.S. federal government to comprehensively control and reduce

In addition to an increase to our ARO, it is expected that there wilCO2 emissions from the power sector. The EPA also issued a proposed be significant compliance costs at Colstrip in the future, both operating ederal Implementation Plan (Proposed FIP) for the Final CPP. The Final FIP that the EPA adopts could be imposed on states by the EPA, should a

The Final CPP establishes individual state emission reduction goals based upon the assumed potential for (1) heat rate improvements at coal-fired units, (2) increased utilization of natural gas-fired combined related to the CCR rule requirements may vary substantially from the cycle plants, and (3) increased utilization of low or zero carbon emitting generation resources. As expressed in the final rule, states had until compliance strategies that will be used and the nature of available dat september 2016 to submit state compliance plans, with a potential for two-year extensions. A stay granted by the U.S. Supreme Court, and certain sites and the volume of fill that will be needed to cap and coverdescribed below, pushed this date out pending the results of the case. certain impoundments. We will coordinate with the plant operators and vista Corp. owns two EGUs that are subject to the Final CPP: its portion continue to gather additional data in future periods to make decisions (15 percent of Units 3 & 4) of Colstrip in Montana and Coyote Springs 2 in Idaho, Montana and Oregon, are at differing stages of evaluating options for developing state plans, which will define compliance approaches and obligations. Alaska was exempted in the Final CPP. The

In a separate but related rulemaking, the EPA finalized CO2 new source performance standards (NSPS) for new, modified and These EGUs fall into the same two categories of sources regulated by operation of our power generation resources and obligations imposed the Final CPP: steam generating units (also known as "utility boilers and IGCC units"), which primarily burn coal, and stationary combustion turbines, which primarily burn natural gas.

Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission standards could result in from developing, operating or contracting with certain types of generating plants. Additionally, the Climate Action Plan requirements related to preparing the U.S. for the impacts of climate change could affect us and others in the industry as transmission system · facilitates internal and external communications regarding climatenodifications to improve resiliency may be needed in order to meet those requirements.

The promulgated and proposed GHG rulemakings mentioned above have been legally challenged in multiple venues. On February 9, 2016, develops recommendations on climate related policy positions and U.S. Supreme Court granted a request for stay, halting implementation of the Final CPP. On March 28, 2017, the Department of Justice filed a motion with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit (D.C. Circuit) requesting that the Court hold the cases

dioxide (CO2) emissions from certain coal-fired and natural gas electrissued by President Trump. The Executive Order also instructed the EPA generating units (EGUs). These rules were published in the Federal to review the Final CPP rule, On April 28, 2017 the D.C. Circuit issued Power Plan and the §111(b) New Source Performance Standards for

comments on the potential for a Final CPP replacement rule. Comment the CAR applies to sources of annual GHG emissions in excess of periods on both notices remain open. Given these ongoing developments, we cannot fully predict the outcome or estimate the extent to which our facilities may be impacted by these regulations at 2035. The rule affects stationary sources and transportation fuel this time. We intend to seek recovery of costs related to compliance with these requirements through the ratemaking process.

Climate Change—State Legislation and State Regulatory Activities

targets to reduce GHG emissions. Both states enacted their targets witheater than required by the rule. ERUs can also take the form of an expectation of reaching the targets through a combination of renewable energy standards, and assorted "complementary policies," Washington, carbon emission offsets, and allowances acquired from but no specific reductions are mandated.

Washington and Oregon apply a GHG emissions performance in their jurisdictions, whether the facilities are located within those respective states or elsewhere. The EPS prevents utilities from constructing or purchasing generation facilities, or entering into power purchase agreements of five years or longer duration to purchase energy produced by plants that, in any case, have emission levels highlibed an action in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of than 1,100 pounds of GHG per MWh. The Washington State Departmentalshington challenging Ecology's promulgated CAR. The four of Commerce initiated a process to adopt a lower emissions performance standard in 2012, and is in the process of updating the standard, which is currently set at 970 pounds of GHG per MWh. We assent case proceeds. On December 15, 2017, the Thurston County should conclude in 2018. In addition, citizens, local governments and in front of the Court and it is unknown if the Court's ruling will be states, particularly in Oregon and Washington, actively bring forth climate-related proposals that could impact our business and operations. We monitor and engage such activities as appropriate, and urviving requirements through the ratemaking process. intend to seek recovery of costs related to new requirements resulting from such activities through the ratemaking process.

Washington

Energy Independence Act (EIA)

customers to acquire qualified renewable energy resources and/or renewable energy credits equal to 15 percent of the utility's total retailplant as a resource to serve retail customers. Although the WUTC energy standard increased from three percent in 2012 to nine percent did not limit its concerns solely to Colstrip Units 1 & 2. The WUTC March 31, 1999, are considered resources that may be used to meet taed encouraging PSE to engage stakeholders in a dialogue about renewable energy standards.

Clean Air Rule

In September 2016, the Washington State Department of Ecologand operating costs of our share of Colstrip Units 3 & 4. Our remaining (Ecology) adopted the Clean Air Rule (CAR) to cap and reduce GHG investment in Colstrip Units 3 & 4 as of December 31, 2017 was emissions across the State of Washington in pursuit of the State's GH\$124.4 million. goals, which were enacted in 2008 by the Washington State Legislature.

100,000 tons for the first compliance period of 2017 through 2019; this threshold incrementally decreases to 70,000 metric tons beginning in suppliers, as well as natural gas distribution companies. Ecology has identified approximately 30 entities that would be regulated under the CAR. Parties covered by the regulation must reduce emissions by 1.7 percent annually until 2035. Compliance can be demonstrated by achieving emission reductions and/or surrendering Emission Reduction

The states of Washington and Oregon have adopted non-bindingUnits (ERU), which are generated by parties that achieve reductions renewable energy credits from renewable resources located in an organized cap and trade market, such as that operating in California. In addition to the CAR's applicability to our burning of fuel as an electric standard (EPS) to electric generation facilities used to serve retail loadsility, the CAR applies to us as a natural gas distribution company, for the emissions associated with the use of the natural gas we provide our customers who are not already covered under the regulation.

> In September 2016, Avista Corp., Cascade Natural Gas Corp., NW Natural and Puget Sound Energy (PSE) (collectively, Petitioners) jointly companies also filed litigation in Thurston County Superior Court.

The case in the U.S. District Court has been tolled while the state engaging in the next process to revise the EPS, which began in 2017 & uperior Court issued a ruling invalidating the CAR. Motions are pending appealed. We cannot fully predict the outcome of these matters at this time, but plan to seek recovery of costs related to compliance with

Colstrip 3 & 4 Considerations

In February 2014, the WUTC issued a letter finding that PSE's 2013 Electric IRP meets the requirements of the Revised Code of Washington and the Washington Administrative Code. The letter does not constitute The EIA in Washington requires electric utilities with over 25,00@pproval of any aspect of the plan. In its letter, however, the WUTC expressed concern regarding the continued operation of the Colstrip load in Washington in 2020. I-937 also requires these utilities to meetrecognized that the results of the analyses presented by PSE "differed biennial energy conservation targets beginning in 2012. The renewablaignificantly between [Colstrip] Units 1 & 2 and Units 3 & 4," the WUTC 2016 and will increase to 15 percent in 2020. Failure to comply with recommended that PSE "consult with WUTC staff to consider a Colstrip renewable energy and efficiency standards could result in penalties of Proceeding to determine the prudency of new investment in Colstrip \$50 per MWh or greater assessed against a utility for each MWh it is before it is made or, alternatively, a closure or partial-closure plan." As deficient in meeting a standard. We have met, and will continue to mepart of the Sierra Club litigation that was settled in 2016, Units 1 & 2 are the requirements of the EIA through a variety of renewable energy scheduled to close by July 2022. In 2017, the WUTC issued an Order in generating means, including, but not limited to, some combination of PSE's general rate case accelerating PSE's depreciation of Units 3 & 4 hydro upgrades, wind, biomass and renewable energy credits. In 2012p 2027 from 2044 and 2045, respectively, directing PSE to contribute the EIA was amended in such a way that our Kettle Falls GS and certa 110 million from a combination of sources to a community transition fund other biomass energy facilities, which commenced operation before to mitigate social and economic impacts from the closure of Colstrip, utilizing surplus capacity on the Colstrip transmission system. As a 15 percent owner of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, we cannot estimate the effect of such proceeding, should it occur, on the future ownership, operation

In Oregon, legislation was enacted in 2016 which requires Portlafill Invironmental Issues and Contingencies." The following discussion General Electric and PacifiCorp to remove coal-fired generation from focuses on our mitigation processes and procedures to address their Oregon rate base by 2030. This legislation does not directly relatthese risks.

to Avista Corp. because Avista Corp. is not an electric utility in Oregon. However, because these two utilities, along with Avista Corp., hold minority interests in Colstrip, the legislation could indirectly impact

We consider the management of these risks an integral part of managing our core businesses and a key element of our approach to corporate governance.

Risk management includes identifying and measuring various

Avista Corp., though specific impacts cannot be identified at this time. While the legislation requires Portland General Electric and PacifiCorgorms of risk that may affect the Company. We have an enterprise risk to eliminate Colstrip from their rates, they would be permitted to sell the anagement process for managing risks throughout our organization. output of their shares of Colstrip into the wholesale market or, as is thour Board of Directors and its Committees take an active role in the case with PacifiCorp, reallocate the plant to other states. We cannot oversight of risk affecting the Company. Our risk management predict the eventual outcome of actions arising from this legislation at department facilitates the collection of risk information across the continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to our generation assets.

this time or estimate the effect thereof on Avista Corp.; however, we water providing senior management with a consolidated view of the Company's major risks and risk mitigation measures. Each area identifies risks and implements the related mitigation measures. The enterprise risk process supports management in identifying, assessing,

quantifying, managing and mitigating the risks. Despite all risk

Threatened and Endangered Species and Wildlife

mitigation measures, however, risks are not eliminated. Our primary identified categories of risk exposure are: Financial

A number of species of fish in the Northwest are listed as threatened or endangered under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA). Efforts to protect these and other species have not significantly • impacted generation levels at our hydroelectric facilities, nor operations . Utility regulatory of our thermal plants or electrical distribution and transmission system. • We are implementing fish protection measures at our hydroelectric project on the Clark Fork River under a 45-year FERC operating license • for Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids (issued March 2001) that incorporates a comprehensive settlement agreement. The restoration of Strategic native salmonid fish, including bull trout, is a key part of the agreement. • External Mandates The result is a collaborative native salmonid restoration program with

- Energy commodity
- Operational
- Compliance
- Technology

the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Native American tribes and the stafesNANCIAL RISK of Idaho and Montana on the lower Clark Fork River, consistent with requirements of the FERC license. The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service issued an updated Critical Habitat Designation for bull trout in 2010 than the financial performance or financial viability of the Company. includes the lower Clark Fork River, as well as portions of the Coeur Broadly, financial risks involve variation of earnings and liquidity. d'Alene basin within our Spokane River Project area, and issued a findlinderlying risks include, but are not limited to, those described in Bull Trout Recovery Plan under the ESA. Issues related to these activities are expected to be resolved through the ongoing collaborative effort of our Clark Fork and Spokane River FERC licenses. See "Fish oversight from the Finance Committee of our Board of Directors and Passage at Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids" in "Note 19 of the Note from senior management. Our Regulatory department is also critical in

Financial risk is any risk that could have a direct material impact "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

We mitigate financial risk in a variety of ways including through

Various statutory authorities, including the Migratory Bird Treaty commission regulators and staff and they monitor and develop rate Act, have established penalties for the unauthorized take of migratorystrategies for the Company. Rate strategies, such as decoupling, help birds. Because we operate facilities that can pose risks to a variety of mitigate the impacts of revenue fluctuations due to weather, such birds, we have developed and follow an avian protection plan.

Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information. risk mitigation as they have regular communications with state

We are also aware of other threatened and endangered species and issues related to them that could be impacted by our operations and we make every effort to comply with all laws and regulations relating to these threatened and endangered species. We expect costs associated with these compliance efforts to be recovered through the ratemaking process.

conservation or the economy. We also have a Treasury department that monitors our daily cash position and future cash flow needs, as well as monitoring market conditions to determine the appropriate course of action for capital financing and/or hedging strategies.

Other

Weather Risk

For other environmental issues and other contingencies see "Note 19 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

To partially mitigate the risk of financial underperformance due to weather-related factors, we developed decoupling rate mechanisms that were approved by the Washington, Idaho and Oregon commissions. Decoupling mechanisms are designed to break the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage and instead provide revenue based on the number of customers, thus mitigating a large portion of the risk associated with lower customer loads. See "Regulatory Matters" for further discussion of our decoupling mechanisms.

ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT

The material risks to our businesses are discussed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors," "Forward-Looking Statements," as well as

Access to Capital Markets

Our capital requirements rely to a significant degree on regular access to capital markets. We actively engage with rating agencies, banks, investors and state public utility commissions to understand andng-term debt with varying maturities. address the factors that support access to capital markets on reasonable terms. We manage our capital structure to maintain a financial risk profile that we believe these parties will deem prudent. sources and variability of cash flows that may arise from our spendingbased on our credit ratings and prevailing market prices for debt. The plans or from external forces, such as changes in energy prices or interest rates. Our financial and operating forecasts consider various Treasury rates but do not hedge the credit spread. metrics that affect credit ratings. Our regulatory strategies include as appropriate to meet financial performance expectations.

Interest Rate Risk

Uncertainty about future interest rates causes risk related to a portion of our existing debt, our future borrowing requirements, and outerivatives, any interim mark-to-market gains or losses are offset by of total capitalization of the Company. We hedge a portion of our interest expense over the term of the associated debt. rate risk on forecasted debt issuances with financial derivative instruments, which may include interest rate swaps and U.S. Treasurydiscussion of the recommendation by the WUTC Staff to deny the lock agreements. The Finance Committee of our Board of Directors periodically reviews and discusses interest rate risk management processes and the steps management has undertaken to control interest rate risk. Our RMC also reviews our interest rate risk

management plan. Additionally, interest rate risk is managed by monitoring market conditions when timing the issuance of long-term debt and optional debt redemptions and establishing fixed rate

Our interest rate swap derivatives are considered economic hedges against the future forecasted interest rate payments of our long-term debt. Interest rates on our long-term debt are generally set We forecast cash requirements to determine liquidity needs, includingbased on underlying U.S. Treasury rates plus credit spreads, which are interest rate swap derivatives hedge against changes in the U.S.

Even though we work to manage our exposure to interest rate risk working with state public utility commissions and filing for rate changeby locking in certain long-term interest rates through interest rate swap derivatives, if market interest rates decrease below the interest rates we have locked in, this will result in a liability related to our interest rate swap derivatives, which can be significant. However, through our regulatory accounting practices similar to our energy commodity pension and other postretirement benefit obligations. We manage debtegulatory assets and liabilities. Upon settlement of interest rate swap interest rate exposure by limiting our variable rate debt to a percentageerivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component

See "Regulatory Matters—Washington General Rate Cases" for a recovery of costs incurred in the settlement of certain interest rate swaps and the financial impact of such a denial. Depending on the outcome of this proceeding, we could determine to not manage interest rate risk through swap transactions in the future.

The following table summarizes our interest rate swap derivatives outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, December 31,
	2017 2016
Number of agreements	29 33
Notional amount	\$ 450,000 \$ 500,000
Mandatory cash settlement dates	2018 to 2022 2017 to 2022
Short-term derivative assets	\$ 2,327 \$ 3,393
Long-term derivative assets	2,576 5,357
Short-term derivative liability(2)	(34,447) (6,025)
Long-term derivative liability(2)	(1,522) (28,705)

- There are offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities for these items on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in accordance with regulatory accounting practices
- The balance as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 reflects the offsetting of \$35.0 million and \$34.9 million, respectively, of cash collateral against the net derivative positions where a legal right of offset exists.

We estimate that a 10-basis-point increase in forward LIBOR interest rates as of December 31, 2017 would decrease the interest rate-basis-point decrease would increase the interest rate swap swap derivative net liability by \$9.7 million, while a 10-basis-point decrease would increase the interest rate swap derivative net liability by \$10.0 million.

We estimated that a 10-basis-point increase in forward LIBOR interest rates as of December 31, 2016 would have decreased the

interest rate swap derivative net liability by \$10.4 million, while a derivative net liability by \$10.7 million.

The interest rate on \$51.5 million of long-term debt to affiliated trusts is adjusted quarterly, reflecting current market rates. Amounts borrowed under our committed line of credit agreements have variable interest rates.

The following table shows our long-term debt (including current portion) and related weighted-average interest rates, by expected maturity dates as of December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total	Far Value
Fixed rate long-term debt	\$ 272,500\$	105,000 \$	52,000 \$	- \$	250,000 \$	1,038,500\$	1,718,000\$	1,878,381
Weighted-average								
interest rate	6.07%	5.22%	3.89%	_	5.13%	4.77%	5.03%	
Variable rate long-term								
debt toaffiliated trusts	_	_	_	_	— \$	51,547 \$	51,547 \$	41,882
Weighted-average								
interest rate	_	_	_	_	_	2.36%	2.36%	

These balances include the fixed rate long-term debt of Avista Corp., AEL&P and AERC.

Our pension plan is exposed to interest rate risk because the valuestively monitor the collateral required by such exchanges to effectively of pension obligations and other postretirement obligations vary directinanage our capital requirements.

with changes in the discount rates, which are derived from end-of-year Counterparties' credit exposure to us is dynamic in normal market interest rates. In addition, the value of pension investments and may change significantly in more volatile markets. The potential income on pension investments is partially affected by interestmount of potential default risk to us from each counterparty depends rates because a portion of pension investments are in fixed income on the extent of forward contracts, unsettled transactions, interest securities. The Finance Committee of the Board of Directors approves ates and market prices. There is a risk that we do not obtain sufficient investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriat additional collateral from counterparties that are unable or unwilling to return for the pension plan and it reviews and approves changes to the provide it.

investment and funding policies. We manage interest rate risk

associated with our pension and other postretirement benefit plans by Credit Risk Liquidity Considerations

investing a targeted amount of pension plan assets in fixed income investments that have maturities with similar profiles to future projected lility, our hedging practices for electricity (including fuel for benefit obligations. See "Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financialeneration) and natural gas extend beyond the current operating year. Statements" for further discussion of our investment policy associated Executing this extended hedging program may increase credit risk and with the pension assets.

Credit Risk

Counterparty Non-Performance Risk

Counterparty non-performance risk relates to potential losses that we would incur as a result of non-performance of contractual obligations by counterparties to deliver energy or make financial settlements.

Changes in market prices may dramatically alter the size of creditransaction types involve a combination of initial margin and market risk with counterparties, even when we establish conservative credit limits. Should a counterparty fail to perform, we may be required to honor the underlying commitment or to replace existing contracts withcredit, prepayment or cash deposits. contracts at then-current market prices.

We also trade energy and related derivative instruments through clearinghouse exchanges.

We seek to mitigate credit risk by:

- transacting through clearinghouse exchanges,
- · entering into bilateral contracts that specify credit terms and protections against default,
- · applying credit limits and duration criteria to existing and prospective counterparties,
- actively monitoring current credit exposures,
- · asserting our collateral rights with counterparties, and
- · carrying out transaction settlements timely and effectively.

The extent of transactions conducted through exchanges has increased, as many market participants have shown a preference toward exchange trading and have reduced bilateral transactions. We includes contracts that are not considered derivatives in addition to the

To address the impact on our operations of energy market price demands for collateral. Our credit risk management process is designed to mitigate such credit risks through limit setting, contract protections and counterparty diversification, among other practices.

Credit risk affects demands on our capital. We are subject to limits and credit terms that counterparties may assert to allow us to enter into transactions with them and maintain acceptable credit exposures. Many of our counterparties allow unsecured credit at limits prescribed by agreements or their discretion. Capital requirements for certain

value margins without any unsecured credit threshold. Counterparties may seek assurances of performance from us in the form of letters of

Credit exposure can change significantly in periods of commodity We enter into bilateral transactions with various counterparties. price and interest rate volatility. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made against our credit facilities and cash. We actively monitor the exposure to possible collateral calls and take steps to minimize capital requirements.

> As of December 31, 2017, we had cash deposited as collateral of \$39.5 million and letters of credit of \$23.0 million outstanding related to our energy derivative contracts. Price movements and/or a downgrade in our credit ratings could impact further the amount of collateral required. See "Credit Ratings" for further information. For example, in addition to limiting our ability to conduct transactions, if our credit ratings were lowered to below "investment grade" based on our positions outstanding at December 31, 2017, we would potentially be required to post additional collateral of up to \$2.6 million. This amount is different from the amount disclosed in "Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" because, while this analysis

contracts considered in Note 6, this analysis also takes into account contractual threshold limits that are not considered in Note 6. Without resources risk policy, which includes oversight from the RMC and additional collateral of \$4.6 million.

into periodically, we may be required to post cash or letters of credit ashedging strategies, detailed resource procurement plans, resource collateral depending on fluctuations in the fair value of the instrument optimization strategies and long-term integrated resource planning to As of December 31, 2017, we had interest rate swap agreements outstanding with a notional amount totaling \$450.0 million and we had/arious plans and strategies are monitored daily and developed with deposited cash in the amount of \$35.0 million and letters of credit of \$5uantitative methods. million as collateral for these interest rate swap derivatives. If our credit ratings were lowered to below "investment grade" based on our interestarkets credit policy and control procedures to manage energy rate swap derivatives outstanding at December 31, 2017, we would havemmodity price and credit risks. Nonetheless, adverse changes in to post \$18.8 million of additional collateral.

Foreign Currency Risk

A significant portion of our utility natural gas supply (including fuel for electric generation) is obtained from Canadian sources. Most of imbalances between projected power loads and resources. The those transactions are executed in U.S. dollars, which avoids foreign measurement process is based on expected loads at fixed prices long-term Canadian transportation contracts are committed based on extent that costs are essentially fixed by virtue of known fuel supply typically settled within sixty days with U.S. dollars. We economically costs are not fixed, either because of volume mismatches between hedge a portion of the foreign currency risk by purchasing Canadian currency exchange contracts when such commodity transactions are price contracts or derivative instruments, our risk policy guides the initiated. This risk has not had a material effect on our financial cost related to currency fluctuations are included with natural gas supply costs for ratemaking.

Further information for derivatives and fair values is disclosed at fluctuations. We use the wholesale power markets, including the natural "Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Notegas market as it relates to power generation fuel, to sell projected 16 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

UTILITY REGULATORY RISK

Because we are primarily a regulated utility, we face the risk that substitute market purchases for generating plant operation. regulators may not grant rates that provide timely or sufficient recovery of our costs or allow a reasonable rate of return for our shareholders. volatility, our hedging practices for electricity (including fuel for as commodity costs and other operating and financing expenses.

Directors and from senior management. We have a separate regulatorysks through limit setting, contract protections and counterparty group which communicates with commission regulators and staff regarding the Company's business plans and concerns. The regulatory group also considers the regulator's priorities and rate policies and makes recommendations to senior management on regulatory strategimpacts of volatile natural gas prices, we seek to procure natural gas for the Company. See "Regulatory Matters" for further discussion of regulatory matters affecting our Company.

ENERGY COMMODITY RISK

Energy commodity risks are associated with fulfilling our agreements with counterparties. These risks include, among other things, those described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

We mitigate energy commodity risk primarily through our energy contractual threshold limits, we would potentially be required to post oversight from the Audit Committee and the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors. In conjunction Under the terms of interest rate swap derivatives that we enter with the oversight committees, our management team develops mitigate some of the risk associated with energy commodities. The

> Our energy resources risk policy includes our wholesale energy commodity prices, generating capacity, customer loads, regulation and other factors may result in losses of earnings, cash flows and/or fair values.

We measure the volume of monthly, quarterly and annual energy currency risk. A portion of our short-term natural gas transactions and (including those subject to retail rates) and expected resources to the Canadian currency prices. The short-term natural gas transactions arecosts or projected hydroelectric conditions. To the extent that expected loads and resources or because fuel cost is not locked in through fixed process to manage this open forward position over a period of time. condition, results of operations or cash flows and these differences in Normal operations result in seasonal mismatches between power loads and available resources. We are able to vary the operation of generating resources to match parts of intra-hour, hourly, daily and weekly load

> resource surpluses and obtain resources when deficits are projected. We buy and sell fuel for thermal generation facilities based on comparative power market prices and marginal costs of fueling and operating available generating facilities and the relative economics of

To address the impact on our operations of energy market price This includes costs associated with our investment in rate base, as welleneration) and natural gas extend beyond the current operating year. Executing this extended hedging program may increase our credit risks. We mitigate regulatory risk through oversight from our Board of Our credit risk management process is designed to mitigate such credit diversification, among other practices.

> Our projected retail natural gas loads and resources are regularly reviewed by operating management and the RMC. To manage the through a diversified mix of spot market purchases and forward fixed price purchases from various supply basins and time periods. We have an active hedging program that extends into future years with the goal of reducing price volatility in our natural gas supply costs. We use natural gas storage capacity to support high demand periods and to procure natural gas when price spreads are favorable. Securing prices

obligation to serve customers, managing variability of energy facilitiesthroughout the year and even into subsequent years mitigates potential rights and obligations and fulfilling the terms of our energy commodityadverse impacts of significant purchase requirements in a volatile price environment.

The following table presents energy commodity derivative fair values as a net asset or (liability) as of December 31, 2017 that are expected to settle in each respective year (dollars in thousands):

				Purchases				Sales
	Electric [Derivatives	erivatives Gas Derivatives		Electric [Derivatives	Gas Derivatives	
Year	 Physical (1)	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial(1)	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial(1)	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial(1)
2018	\$ (8,267)\$	(501) \$	1,022 \$	(36,834)\$	35 \$	4,100 \$	(374) \$	15,829
2019	(4,950)	(1,159)	(570)	(17,814)	(13)	4,621	(932)	6,395
2020	_	_	(766)	(1,882)	_	(194)	(1,050)	_
2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	(655)	_
2022	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

The following table presents energy commodity derivative fair values as a net asset or (liability) as of December 31, 2016 that were expected to settle in each respective year (dollars in thousands):

				Purchases				Sales
	Electric [Derivatives	Gæ I	Derivatives	Electric [Derivatives	Gas Derivatives	
Year	Physical (1)	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial(1)
2017	\$ (4,274)\$	1,939 \$	97 \$	(4,005)\$	(225) \$	576 \$	(2,036)\$	(3,440)
2018	(5,598)	_	_	(2,170)	(33)	854	(910)	709
2019	(3,123)	_	(235)	(3,732)	(40)	975	(927)	103
2020	_	_	(266)	(370)	_	_	(1,288)	_
2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	(869)	_
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Physical transactions represent commodity transactions where we will take or make delivery of either electricity or natural gas; financial transactions represent derivative instruments with delivery of cash in the amount of the benefit or cost but with no physical delivery of the commodity, such as futures, swap derivatives, options, or forward contracts.

The above electric and natural gas derivative contracts will be events. To prevent unauthorized access to our facilities, we have both included in either power supply costs or natural gas supply costs duringhysical and cyber security in place. the period they are delivered and will be included in the various deferral case process, and are expected to eventually be collected through retainolesale energy markets credit policy and control procedures to rates from customers.

Natural Gas Operations," and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" for additional discussion of the risks associated with Energy Commodities.

OPERATIONAL RISK

Operational risk involves potential disruption, losses, or excess costs arising from external events or inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems. Our operations are subject to operational and event risks that include, but are not limited to, those described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

operating plans, business continuity and disaster recovery plans, maintain insurance coverage against some, but not all, potential losse\$Ve have extensive compliance obligations. Our primary compliance and seek to negotiate indemnification arrangements with contractors risks and obligations include, among others, those described in "Item for certain event risks. In addition, we design and follow detailed vegetation management and asset management inspection plans, which We mitigate compliance risk through oversight from the help mitigate wildfire and storm event risks, as well as identify utility Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee and the Audit assets which may be failing and in need of repair or replacement. We Committee of our Board of Directors and from senior management, also have an Emergency Operating Center, which is a team of employered uning our Chief Compliance Officer. We also have separate that plan for and train to deal with potential emergencies or unplannedRegulatory and Environmental Compliance departments that monitor outages at our facilities, resulting from natural disasters or other

To address the risk related to fuel cost, availability and delivery and recovery mechanisms (ERM, PCA, and PGAs), or in the general nateriants, we have an energy resources risk policy, which includes our manage energy commodity price and credit risks. Development of the See "Item 1. Business—Electric Operations," "Item 1. Business-energy resources risk policy includes planning for sufficient capacity to

meet our customer and wholesale energy delivery obligations. See further discussion of the energy resources risk policy above.

Oversight of the operational risk management process is performed by the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors and from senior management with input from each operating department.

COMPLIANCE RISK

Compliance risk is the potential consequences of legal or To manage operational and event risks, we maintain emergency regulatory sanctions or penalties arising from the failure of the Company to comply with requirements of applicable laws, rules and regulations. 1A. Risk Factors."

legislation, regulatory orders and actions to determine the overall

potential impact to our Company and develop strategies for complyingsenior management. We not only focus on whether opportunities are with the various rules and regulations. We also engage outside attorneys and consultants, when necessary, to help ensure compliance ithin our core policies and our core business strategies. We mitigate with laws and regulations.

See "Item 1. Business, Regulatory Issues" through "Item 1. Business, Reliability Standards" and "Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for further discussion of compliance issues that impactengagement of our external stakeholders. our Company.

TECHNOLOGY RISK

Our primary technology risks are described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

We mitigate technology risk through trainings and exercises at algovernment action that could impact the Company. See "Environmental levels of the Company. The Environmental, Technology and Operationssues and Contingencies" and "Forward-Looking Statements" for a Committee of our Board of Directors along with senior management are cussion of or reference to our external mandates risks. regularly briefed on security policy, programs and incidents. Annual enterprise security program. Our enterprise business continuity program facilitates business impact analysis of core functions for development of emergency operating plans, and coordinates annual testing and training exercises.

Technology governance is led by senior management, which includes new technology strategy, risk planning and major project planning and approval. The technology project management office and enterprise capital planning group provide project cost, timeline and schedule oversight. In addition, there are independent third-party audiosher things: of our critical infrastructure security program and our business risk security controls.

We have a Technology department dedicated to securing, maintaining, evaluating and developing our information technology systems. There are regular training sessions for the technology and security team. This group also evaluates the Company's technology for obsolescence and makes recommendations for upgrading or replacing systems as necessary. Additionally, this group monitors for intrusion and security events that may include a data breach or attack on our operations.

STRATEGIC RISK

Strategic risk relates to the potential impacts resulting from incorrect assumptions about external and internal factors, inappropriate business plans, ineffective business strategy execution, or the failure Risk Management section of "Item 7. Management's Discussion and respond in a timely manner to changes in the regulatory, macroeconomic or competitive environments. Our primary strategic risks include, among others, those described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors tem 8. Financial Statements and

We mitigate strategic risk through detailed oversight from the Board of Directors and from senior management. We also have a Chief Strategy Officer that leads strategic initiatives, to search for and evaluate opportunities for the Company and makes recommendations financial Statements begin on the next page.

financially viable, but also consider whether these opportunities fall our reputational risk primarily through a focus on adherence to our core policies, including our Code of Conduct, maintaining an appropriate Company culture and tone at the top, and through communication and

EXTERNAL MANDATES RISK

External mandate risk involves forces outside the Company, which may include significant changes in customer expectations, disruptive technologies that result in obsolescence of our business model and

We mitigate external mandate risk through detailed oversight from cyber and physical training and testing of employees are included in othe Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors and from senior management. We have a Climate Council

which meets internally to assess the potential impacts of climate policy to our business and to identify strategies to plan for change. We also have employees dedicated to actively engage and monitor federal, state and local government positions and legislative actions that may affect us or our customers.

To prevent the threat of municipalization, we work to build strong relationships with the communities we serve through, among

- · communication and involvement with local business leaders and community organizations,
- providing customers with a multitude of limited income initiatives, including energy fairs, senior outreach and low income workshops, mobile outreach strategy and a Low Income Rate Assistance Plan,
- tailoring our internal company initiatives to focus on choices for our customers, to increase their overall satisfaction with the Company, and
- engaging in the legislative process in a manner that fosters the interests of our customers and the communities we serve.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The information required by this item is set forth in the Enterprise Analysis" and is incorporated herein by reference.

Supplementary Data

The Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Avista Corporation

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Avista Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2017, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013)ssued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 20, 2018, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Seattle, Washington February 20, 2018

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1933.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

	2017	2016	2015
Operating Revenues:			
Utility revenues	\$ 1,423,386\$	1,418,914\$	1,456,091
Non-utility revenues	22,543	23,569	28,685
Total operating revenues	1,445,929	1,442,483	1,484,776
Operating Expenses:			
Utility operating expenses:			
Resourceosts	524,566	551,366	656,964
Other operating expenses	317,813	315,795	303,221
Acquisitioncosts	14,618	_	_
Depreciation and amortization	171,281	160,514	143,499
Taxes other than income taxes	106,752	98,735	97,657
Non-utility operating expenses:			
Other operating expenses	25,650	25,501	29,526
Depreciation and amortization	740	769	695
Totaloperating expenses	1,161,420	1,152,680	1,231,562
Income from operations	284,509	289,803	253,214
Interest expense	95,361	86,496	79,968
Interest expense to affiliated trusts	831	634	473
Capitalized interest	(3,310)	(2,651)	(3,546)
Other income—net	(7,06)3	(10,07)8	(9,30)0
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	198,690	215,402	185,619
Income tax expense	82,758	78,086	67,449
Net income from continuing operations	115,932	137,316	118,170
Net income from discontinued operations (Note 5)			5,147
Netincome	115,932	137,316	123,317
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(16)	(88)	(90)
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 115,916 \$	137,228 \$	123,227
Amounts attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 115,916\$	137,228 \$	118,080
Net income from discontinued operations			5,147
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 115,916 \$	137,228 \$	123,227
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (thousands)—basic	64,496	63,508	62,301
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (thousands)—diluted	64,806	63,920	62,708
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic:			
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$ 1.80 \$	2.16 \$	1.90
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations			0.08
Total earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic	\$ 1.80 \$	2.16 \$	1.98
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted:			
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$ 1.79 \$	2.15 \$	1.89
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations			0.08
Total earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$ 1.79 \$	2.15 \$	1.97
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 1.43 \$	1.37 \$	1.32

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2017	2016	2015
Net income	\$ 115,932 \$	137,316 \$	123,317
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):			
Change in unfunded benefit obligation for pension and other postretirement			
benefit plans—net of taxes of \$(281), \$(495) and \$667, respectively	(523)	(918)	1,238
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(523)	(918)	1,238
Comprehensive income	115,410	136,398	124,555
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(16)	(88)	(90)
Comprehensive income attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders	\$ 115,394 \$	136,310 \$	124,465

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Avista Corporation
As of December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2017	2016
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,172 \$	8,507
Accounts and notes receivable—less allowances of \$5,132 and \$5,026, respectively	185,664	180,265
Regulatory asset for energy commodity derivatives	24,991	11,365
Materials and supplies, fuel stock and stored natural gas	58,075	53,314
Income taxes receivable	314	48,265
Other current assets	52,318	49,625
Total current assets	337,534	351,341
Net Utility Property:		
Utility plant in service	5,853,308	5,506,499
Construction work in progress	157,839	150,474
Total	6,011,147	5,656,973
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,612,337	1,509,473
Total net utility property	4,398,810	4,147,500
Other Non-current Assets:		
Investment in affiliated trusts	11,547	11,547
Goodwill	57,672	57,672
Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets	83,912	72,224
Total other non-current assets	153,131	141,443
Deferred Charges:		
Regulatory assets for deferred income tax	90,315	109,853
Regulatory assets for pensions and other postretirement benefits	209,115	240,114
Other regulatory assets	127,328	135,751
Regulatory asset for interest rate swaps	169,704	161,508
Non-current regulatory asset for energy commodity derivatives	18,967	16,919
Other deferred charges	9,828	5,326
Total deferred charges	625,257	669,471
Totalassets	\$ 5,514,732	5,309,755

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS CONTINUED

Avista Corporation

As of December 31,

Dollars in thousands

		2017	2016
Liabilities and Equity:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	107,289 \$	115,545
Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases		277,438	3,287
Short-term borrowings		105,398	120,000
Current energy commodity derivative liabilities		8,848	7,035
Accrued interest		16,351	15,869
Accrued taxes other than income taxes		33,802	33,374
Deferred natural gas costs		37,474	30,820
Current portion of pensions and other postretirement benefits		11,544	10,994
Current unsettled interest rate swap derivative liabilities		34,447	6,025
Other current liabilities		64,911	64,579
Total current liabilities		697,502	407,528
Long-term debt and capital leases		1,491,799	1,678,717
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts		51,547	51,547
Regulatory liability for utility plant retirement costs		285,786	273,983
Pensions and other postretirement benefits		203,566	226,552
Deferred income taxes		466,630	840,928
Regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes		442,319	_
Non-current interest rate swap derivative liabilities		1,522	28,705
Other non-current liabilities, regulatory liabilities and deferred credits	_	143,577	153,319
Totalliabilities	_	3,784,248	3,661,279
Commitments and Contingencies (See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements)			
Equity:			
Avista Corporation Shareholders' Equity:			
Common stock, no par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 65,494,333 and 64,187,934 shares issued	and	outstanding	
as of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		1,133,448	1,075,281
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(8,090)	(7,568)
Retainedearnings	_	604,470	581,014
Total Avista Corporation shareholders' equity		1,729,828	1,648,727
Noncontrolling Interests		656	(25)
Totalequity		1,730,484	1,648,476
Total liabilities and equity	\$	5,514,732\$	5,309,755

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2017	2016	2015
Operating Activities:			
Netincome	\$ 115,932 \$	137,316 \$	123,317
Non-cash items included in net income:			
Depreciation and amortization	175,655	164,925	147,835
Provision for deferred income taxes	69,657	124,543	51,801
Power and natural gas cost amortizations (deferrals)—net	11,741	16,835	21,358
Amortization of debt expense	3,254	3,477	3,526
Amortization of investment in exchange power	2,450	2,450	2,450
Stock-based compensation expense	7,359	7,891	6,914
Equity-relatedAFUDC	(6,669)	(8,475)	(8,331)
Pension and other postretirement benefit expense	37,074	38,786	37,050
Amortization of Spokane Energy contract	_	14,694	13,508
Gain on sale of Ecova	_	_	(777)
Other regulatory assets and liabilities and deferred debits and credits	(9,144)	(26,245)	4,569
Change in decoupling regulatory deferral	24,179	(29,789)	(10,933)
Other	1,860	5,557	(517)
Contributions to defined benefit pension plan	(22,000)	(12,000)	(12,000)
Cash paid on settlement of interest rate swap derivatives	(11,302)	(53,966)	_
Cash received on settlement of interest rate swap derivatives	2,479	_	_
Changes in certain current assets and liabilities:			
Accounts and notes receivable	(9,270)	(17,170)	(10,538)
Materials and supplies, fuel stock and stored natural gas	(4,767)	834	12,208
Collateral posted for derivative instruments	(22,394)	10,712	(13,301)
Income taxes receivable	53,414	(33,923)	19,772
Other current assets	(2,106)	(3,907)	2,338
Accountspayable	(8,162)	5,176	(8,138)
Other current liabilities	1,058	10,546	(6,47)1
Net cash provided by operating activities	410,298	358,267	375,640
Investing Activities:			
Utility property capital expenditures (excluding equity-related AFUDC)	(412,339)	(406,644)	(393,425)
Issuance of notes receivable at subsidiaries	(3,700)	(10,094)	(2,307)
Repayments from notes receivable at subsidiaries	_	5,000	_
Equity and property investments made by subsidiaries	(13,680)	(13,097)	(1,944)
Distributions received from investments	1,915	_	_
Proceeds from sale of Ecova—net of cash sold	_	_	13,856
Other	(6,29)9	(7,63)1	(4,00)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (434,10)3 \$	(432,46)6\$	(387,82)7
-	 		

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS CONTINUED

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2017	2016	2015
Financing Activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	\$ (15,000)\$	15,000 \$	_
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	90,000	245,000	100,000
Redemption and maturity of long-term debt and capital leases	(3,287)	(163,167)	(2,905)
Maturity of nonrecourse long-term debt of Spokane Energy	_	_	(1,431)
Issuance of common stock—net of issuance costs	56,380	66,953	1,560
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	(2,920)
Cash dividends paid	(92,460)	(87,154)	(82,397)
Other	(4,16)3	(4,41)0	(11,37)9
Net cash provided by financing activities	31,470	72,222	528
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,665	(1,977)	(11,659)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	8,507	10,484	22,143
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 16,172 \$	8,507 \$	10,484
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid (received) during the year:			
Interest	\$ 95,499 \$	86,319 \$	79,673
Income taxes paid	5,579	5,403	27,239
Income tax refunds	(47,086)	(18,861)	(37,200)
Non-cash financing and investing activities:			
Accounts payable for capital expenditures	31,157	30,252	35,248

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2017	2016	2015
Common Stock, Shares:			
Shares outstanding at beginning of year	64,187,934	62,312,651	62,243,374
Shares issued through equity compensation plans	214,925	203,727	125,620
Shares issued through Employee Investment Plan (401-K)	21,474	26,556	33,057
Shares issued through sales agency agreements	1,070,000	1,645,000	_
Shares repurchased	_	_	(89,40)0
Shares outstanding at end of year	65,494,333	64,187,934	62,312,651
Common Stock, Amount:			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,075,281\$	1,004,336\$	999,960
Equity compensation expense	6,530	7,065	6,035
Issuance of common stock through equity compensation plans	720	624	462
Issuance of common stock through Employee Investment Plan (401-K)	939	1,061	1,099
Issuance of common stock through sales agency agreements—net of issuance costs	54,721	65,267	_
Payment of minimum tax withholdings for share-based payment awards	(3,552)	(3,072)	(1,832)
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	(1,431)
Purchase of subsidiary noncontrolling interests	(1,191)	_	_
Excess tax benefits	_	_	43
Balance at end of year	1,133,448	1,075,281	1,004,336
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss:			
Balance at beginning of year	(7,568)	(6,650)	(7,888)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(523)	(918)	1,238
Balance at end of year	(8,09)0	(7,56)8	(6,65)0
Retained Earnings:			
Balance at beginning of year	581,014	530,940	491,599
Net income attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders	115,916	137,228	123,227
Cash dividends paid (common stock)	(92,460)	(87,154)	(82,397)
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	(1,48)9
Balance at end of year	604,470	581,014	530,940
Total Avista Corporation shareholders' equity	\$ 1,729,828\$	1,648,727\$	1,528,626
Noncontrolling Interests:			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ (251) \$	(339) \$	(429)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	16	88	90
Purchase of subsidiary noncontrolling interests	891		_
Balance at end of year	656	(25)	(339
Total equity	\$ 1,730,484	1,648,476\$	1,528,287

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Nature of Business

Avista Corp. is primarily an electric and natural gas utility with certain other business ventures. Avista Utilities is an operating divisioamounts reported and disclosed herein. of Avista Corp., comprising the regulated utility operations in the Pacific Northwest. Avista Utilities provides electric distribution and transmission, and natural gas distribution services in parts of eastern Washington and northern Idaho. Avista Utilities also provides natural maintained in accordance with the uniform system of accounts gas distribution service in parts of northeastern and southwestern Oregon. Avista Utilities has electric generating facilities in Washingtorcommissions in Washington, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Alaska. Idaho, Oregon and Montana. Avista Utilities also supplies electricity to a small number of customers in Montana, most of whom are employees Regulation who operate Avista Utilities' Noxon Rapids generating facility.

subsidiary of AERC is AEL&P, which comprises Avista Corp.'s regulation because of the regulation primarily by the FERC, as well as various other utility operations in Alaska.

Avista Capital, a wholly owned non-regulated subsidiary of Avista Corp., is the parent company of all of the subsidiary companies in the non-utility businesses, with the exception of AJT Mining Properties, which is a subsidiary of AERC. See Note 21 for business segment information.

Hydro One. Consummation of the pending acquisition is subject to a number of approvals and the satisfaction or waiver of other specified individual customers is based on the reading of their meters, which conditions. The transaction is expected to close in the second half of 2018. See Note 4 for additional information.

Basis of Reporting

The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and its subsidiaries • the number of customers, and other majority owned subsidiaries and variable interest entities for • which the Company or its subsidiaries are the primary beneficiaries. The amounts included in discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Income for 2015 relate to the disposition of Ecova on June 30, 2014. See Note 5 for further information regarding the disposition of Ecova. Intercompany balances were eliminated in consolidation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the Company's proportionate share of utility plant and related automatically corrected in the following month when the actual meter operations resulting from its interests in jointly owned plants (see Note 7).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilitiesU and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include:

- determining the market value of energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities,
- · persion and other postretirement benefit plan obligations,

- contingent liabilities,
- goodwill impairment testing,
- recoverability of regulatory assets, and
- unbilled revenues.

Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the

System of Accounts

The accounting records of the Company's utility operations are prescribed by the FERC and adopted by the state regulatory

The Company is subject to state regulation in Washington, AERC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Avista Corp. The primary Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Alaska. The Company is also subject to federal agencies with regulatory oversight of particular aspects of its operations.

Utility Revenues

Utility revenues related to the sale of energy are recorded when service is rendered or energy is delivered to customers. Revenues and On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into an Agreement and Plassource costs from Avista Utilities' settled energy contracts that are of Merger (Merger Agreement) to become a wholly owned subsidiary obooked out" (not physically delivered) are reported on a net basis as part of utility revenues. The determination of the energy sales to occurs on a systematic basis throughout the month. At the end of each calendar month, the amount of energy delivered to customers since the date of the last meter reading is estimated and the corresponding unbilled revenue is estimated and recorded. Our estimate of unbilled revenue is based on:

- current rates.
- meter reading dates,
- actual native load for electricity,
- actual throughput for natural gas, and
- electric line losses and natural gas system losses.

Any difference between actual and estimated revenue is reading and customer billing occurs.

Accounts receivable includes unbilled energy revenues of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Unbilled accounts receivable	\$ 68,641 \$	72,377

Other Non-Utility Revenues

Revenues from the other businesses are primarily derived from the operations of AM&D, doing business as METALfx, and are recognized when the risk of loss transfers to the customer, which occurs when products are shipped. In addition, prior to Spokane Energy's dissolution

in 2015, there were revenues at Spokane Energy related to a long-termepreciation

fixed rate electric capacity contract. This contract was transferred to For utility operations, depreciation expense is estimated by a Avista Corp. during the second quarter of 2015 and the revenues frommethod of depreciation accounting utilizing composite rates for utility this contract subsequent to the transfer are included in utility revenuesplant. Such rates are designed to provide for retirements of properties at the expiration of their service lives.

For utility operations, the ratio of depreciation provisions to average depreciable property was as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016	2015
Avista Utilities			
Ratio of depreciation to average depreciable property	3.12%	3.11%	3.09%
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company			
Ratio of depreciation to average depreciable property	2.43%	2.39%	2.42%

The average service lives for the following broad categories of utility plant in service are (in years):

		Alaska Electric Light
	Avista Utilities	and Power Company
Electric thermal/other production	41	41
Hydroelectric production	78	42
Electric transmission	57	41
Electric distribution	35	40
Natural gas distribution property	42	N/A
Other shorter-lived general plant	10	16

Taxes Other Than Income Taxes

Taxes other than income taxes include state excise taxes, city December 31: occupational and franchise taxes, real and personal property taxes and certain other taxes not based on income. These taxes are generally based on revenues or the value of property. Utility-related taxes collected from customers (primarily state excise taxes and city utility Effective AFUDC rate taxes) are recorded as operating revenue and expense.

2017 2016 2015 Avista Utilities

The effective AFUDC rate was the following for the years ended

7.29% 7.29% 7.32% Alaska Electric Light and Power Company Taxes other than income taxes consisted of the following items for the Effective AFUDC rate 9.48% 9.40% 9.31%

> Deferred income tax assets represent future income tax deductions the Company expects to utilize in future tax returns to reduce taxable income. Deferred income tax liabilities represent future

years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Utility-related taxes	\$ 64,012 \$	57,745 \$	59,173
Property taxes	40,074	38,505	35,948
Other taxes	2,666	2,485	2,536
Total	\$ 106,752 \$	98,735 \$	97,657

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

AFUDC represents the cost of both the debt and equity funds of the cost of utility plant. The debt component of AFUDC is credited to be reported in the Company's consolidated income tax returns. against total interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Incombe deferred income tax expense for the period is equal to the net placed in service and included in rate base.

Income Taxes

taxable income the Company expects to recognize in future tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise when there are temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes. A deferred income tax asset or liability is determined based on the enacted tax rates that will be in effect when used to finance utility plant additions during the construction period. the temporary differences between the financial statement carrying As prescribed by regulatory authorities, AFUDC is capitalized as a padmounts and tax basis of existing assets and liabilities are expected in the line item "capitalized interest." The equity component of AFUDC sange in the deferred income tax asset and liability accounts from the included in the Consolidated Statement of Income in the line item "othbeginning to the end of the period. The effect on deferred income taxes income—net." The Company is permitted, under established regulatofyom a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that rate practices, to recover the capitalized AFUDC, and a reasonable includes the enactment date unless a regulatory order specifies deferral return thereon, through its inclusion in rate base and the provision for of the effect of the change in tax rates over a longer period of time. depreciation after the related utility plant is placed in service. Cash The Company establishes a valuation allowance when it is more likely inflow related to AFUDC does not occur until the related utility plant isthan not that all, or a portion, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred income tax liabilities and regulatory assets are established for income tax benefits flowed through to customers.

The Company's largest deferred income tax item is the difference tock-Based Compensation

between the book and tax basis of utility plant. This item results from the temporary difference on depreciation expense. In early tax years, compensation awards—restricted shares, market-based awards and this item is recorded as a deferred income tax liability that will

See Note 11 for discussion of the TCJA and its impacts on the Company's financial statements during 2017, as well as a tabular

The Company currently issues three types of stock-based performance-based awards. Historically, these stock compensation eventually reverse and become subject to income tax in later tax yearsawards have not been material to the Company's overall financial results. Compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions is recognized in the Company's financial statements presentation of all the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities. based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued and

The Company did not incur any penalties on income tax positions ecorded over the requisite service period. in 2017, 2016 or 2015. The Company would recognize interest accrued related to income tax positions as interest expense and any penalties incurred as other operating expense.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense (included in other operating expenses) and income tax benefits in the Consolidated Statements of Income of the following amounts for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 7,359 \$	7,891 \$	6,914
Income tax benefits	2,576	2,762	2,420
Excess tax benefits on settled share-based employee payments	2,348	1,597	_

- Income tax benefits were calculated using a 35 percent income tax rate; however, as of December 31, 2017, due to the TCJA enactment, deferred tax assets associated with stock compensation were revalued to 21 percent. Beginning on January 1, 2018 income tax benefits will be calculated using the new 21 percent tax rate.
- Beginning in 2016, excess tax benefits associated with the settlement of share-based employee payments are recognized in the Statements of Income due to the adoption of ASU 2016-09, effective January 1, 2016. See Note 2 for further discussion.

Restricted share awards vest in equal thirds each year over a and paid out only on shares that eventually vest and have met the market three-year period and are payable in Avista Corp. common stock at thand performance conditions. end of each year if the service condition is met. In addition to the service For both the TSR awards and the CEPS awards, the Company condition, the Company must meet a return on equity target in order farcounts for them as equity awards and compensation cost for these the Chief Executive Officer's restricted shares to vest. Restricted stockwards is recognized over the requisite service period, provided that is valued at the close of market of the Company's common stock on the requisite service period is rendered. For TSR awards, if the market grant date. condition is not met at the end of the three-year service period, there

Total Shareholder Return (TSR) awards are market-based awardsill be no change in the cumulative amount of compensation cost and Cumulative Earnings Per Share (CEPS) awards are performance recognized, since the awards are still considered vested even though awards. CEPS awards were first granted in 2014. Both types of awards market metric was not met. For CEPS awards, at the end of the vest after a period of three years and are payable in cash or Avista Compree-year service period, if the internal performance metric of common stock at the end of the three-year period. The method of cumulative earnings per share is not met, all compensation cost for settlement is at the discretion of the Company and historically the these awards is reversed as these awards are not considered vested. Company has settled these awards through issuance of Avista Corp. common stock and intends to continue this practice. Both types of awards entitle the recipients to dividend equivalent rights, are subject market targets based on historical returns relative to a peer group. to forfeiture under certain circumstances, and are subject to meeting. The estimated fair value of the equity component of CEPS awards was specific market or performance conditions. Based on the level of attainment of the market or performance conditions, the amount of cash paid or common stock issued will range from 0 to 200 percent of estimated dividends over the three-year period. the initial awards granted. Dividend equivalent rights are accumulated

The fair value of each TSR award is estimated on the date of grant using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of meeting the estimated on the date of grant as the share price of Avista Corp. common stock on the date of grant, less the net present value of the

The following table summarizes the number of grants, vested and unvested shares, earned shares (based on market metrics), and other pertinent information related to the Company's stock compensation awards for the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016	2015
Restricted Shares			
Shares granted during the year	57,746	58,610	58,302
Shares vested during the year	(57,473)	(52,385)	(60,379)
Unvested shares at end of year	106,053	109,806	106,091
Unrecognized compensation expense at end of year (in thousands)	\$ 1,853 \$	1,853 \$	1,705
TSR Awards			
TSR shares granted during the year	114,390	116,435	116,435
TSR shares vested during the year	(107,649)	(111,665)	(171,334)
TSR shares earned based on market metrics	158,262	132,887	222,734
Unvested TSR shares at end of year	218,507	222,228	223,697
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 2,849 \$	3,409 \$	3,219
CEPS Awards			
CEPS shares granted during the year	57,223	57,521	58,259
CEPS shares vested during the year	(53,862)	(55,835)	_
CEPS shares earned based on market metrics	41,502	90,460	_
Unvested CEPS shares at end of year	108,581	110,452	111,887
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 1,856 \$	1,671 \$	1,840

Outstanding TSR and CEPS share awards include a dividend the performance period (CEPS awards only). Over the life of these component that is paid in cash. This component of the share grants is awards, the cumulative amount of compensation expense recognized accounted for as a liability award. These liability awards are revalued will match the actual cash paid. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the a quarterly basis taking into account the number of awards outstanding, ompany had recognized cumulative compensation expense and a historical dividend rate, the change in the value of the Company's liability of \$1.5 million, respectively, related to the dividend component common stock relative to an external benchmark (TSR awards only) and the outstanding and unvested share grants.

Other Income—Net

Other Income—net consisted of the following items for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Interest income	\$ 2,162 \$	1,823 \$	653
Interest on regulatory deferrals	1,288	1,308	48
Equity-related AFUDC	6,669	8,475	8,331
Net loss on investments	(4,160)	(2,152)	(637)
Other income	1,104	624	905
Total	\$ 7,063 \$	10,078 \$	9,300

Earnings per Common Share Attributable to Avista Corporation Shareholders

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows,

Basic earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. the Company considers all temporary investments with a maturity of shareholders is computed by dividing net income attributable to Avistahree months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Corp. shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares

outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per common share

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders is calculated by dividing net The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts to income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders (adjusted for the effectivide for estimated and potential losses on accounts receivable. of potentially dilutive securities issued to noncontrolling interests by the Company determines the allowance for utility and other customer Company's subsidiaries) by diluted weighted-average common sharesaccounts receivable based on historical write-offs as compared to outstanding during the period, including common stock equivalent accounts receivable and operating revenues. Additionally, the Company shares outstanding using the treasury stock method, unless such sharesatablishes specific allowances for certain individual accounts. are anti-dilutive. Common stock equivalent shares include shares

issuable upon exercise of stock options and contingent stock awards.

See Note 18 for earnings per common share calculations.

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Allowance as of the beginning of the year	\$ 5,026 \$	4,530 \$	4,888
Additions expensed during the year	5,317	6,053	5,802
Net deductions	(5,21)1	(5,55)7	(6,16)0
Allowance as of the end of the year	\$ 5,132 \$	5,026 \$	4,530

Materials and Supplies, Fuel Stock and Stored **Natural Gas**

between asset retirement costs currently recovered in rates and AROs Inventories of materials and supplies, fuel stock and stored natural gasecorded since asset retirement costs are recovered through rates are recorded at average cost for our regulated operations and the lowenarged to customers (see Note 9 for further discussion of the of cost or market for our non-regulated operations and consisted of the ompany's AROs).

following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Materials and supplies	\$ 41,493 \$	40,700
Fuel stock	4,843	4,585
Stored natural gas	11,739	8,029
Total	\$ 58,075	53,314

The Company recovers certain asset retirement costs through rates charged to customers as a portion of its depreciation expense for which the Company has not recorded asset retirement obligations.

The Company records regulatory assets and liabilities for the difference

The Company has recorded the amount of estimated retirement costs collected from customers (that do not represent legal or contractual obligations) and included them as a regulatory liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

2017

285,786\$

2016

273,983

Utility Plant in Service

Asset Retirement Obligations

The cost of additions to utility plant in service, including an allowance for funds used during construction and replacements of units of property and improvements, is capitalized. The cost of depreciable Regulatory liability for utility units of property retired plus the cost of removal less salvage is charge plant retirement costs to accumulated depreciation.

Goodwill

present value each period and the related capitalized costs are

associated costs of the ARO are capitalized as part of the carrying available as an increase or decrease to the liability, with the offset the Company either settles the ARO for its recorded amount or recognizes a regulatory asset or liability for the difference, which will bearrying amounts. surcharged/refunded to customers through the ratemaking process.

Goodwill arising from acquisitions represents the future economic The Company records the fair value of a liability for an ARO in the enefit arising from other assets acquired in a business combination period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, thethat are not individually identified and separately recognized. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment using a qualitative analysis amount of the related long-lived asset. The liability is accreted to its (Step 0) for AEL&P and a combination of discounted cash flow models and a market approach for the other subsidiaries on at least an annual depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. In addition, if ther basis or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. The Company are changes in the estimated timing or estimated costs of the AROs, completed its annual evaluation of goodwill for potential impairment as adjustments are recorded during the period new information becomesof November 30, 2017 and determined that goodwill was not impaired at that time. There were no events or circumstances that changed recorded to the related long-lived asset. Upon retirement of the asset, between November 30, 2017 and December 31, 2017 that would more likely than not reduce the fair values of the reporting units below their

There were no changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during 2016 and 2017 and the balance was as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Accumulated			
		pairment			
	A⊞&P	Other	Losses	Total	
Balance as of the December 31, 2016	\$ 52,426 \$	12,979 \$	(7,733)\$	57,672	
Balance as of the December 31, 2017	52,426	12,979	(7,733)	57,672	

Accumulated impairment losses are attributable to the other businesses.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities

Derivatives are recorded as either assets or liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets measured at estimated fair value.

with a regulatory asset or liability. This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. Realized benefits The WUTC and the IPUC issued accounting orders authorizing and costs result in adjustments to retail rates through PGAs, the ERM in Avista Corp. to offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities/Washington, the PCA mechanism in Idaho, and periodic general rates

cases. The resulting regulatory assets have been concluded to be probable of recovery through future rates.

Substantially all forward contracts to purchase or sell power and included in rates, but expected to be recovered or refunded in the are not considered derivatives are accounted for on the accrual basis Consolidated Statements of Income until the period during which of the contract that is determined to be other-than-temporary.

For interest rate swap derivatives, Avista Corp. records all and liabilities, as well as offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities, derivatives are risk management tools similar to energy commodity derivatives. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. The Company records recognition in the current period Consolidated Statement of Income. an offset of interest rate swap derivative assets and liabilities with regulatory assets and liabilities, based on the prior practice of the commissions to provide recovery through the ratemaking process. the Company's 2017 Washington general rate cases.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has multiple master net fingure period. agreements with a variety of entities that allow for cross-commodity netting of derivative agreements with the same counterparty (i.e. powlemger meets the criteria for continued application of regulatory derivatives can be netted with natural gas derivatives). In addition, some master netting agreements allow for the netting of commodity derivatives and interest rate swap derivatives for the same counterparty. The Company does not have any agreements which allow for cross-affiliate netting among multiple affiliated legal entities. The Company nets all derivative instruments when allowed by the agreement for presentation in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value represents the price that would be received when selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly Unamortized Debt Expense transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities, deferred compensation assets, as well as derivatives related to interest rate swap derivatives and foreign currency exchange derivatives, are reported at estimated fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 16 for the Company's fair value disclosures.

Regulatory Deferred Charges and Credits

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with regulatory accounting practices because:

- rates for regulated services are established by or subject to approval by independent third-party regulators,
- the regulated services, and
- · in view of demand for the regulated services and the level of competition, it is reasonable to assume that rates can be chargedhrough retail rates as a component of interest expense. to and collected from customers at levels that will recover costs.

Regulatory accounting practices require that certain costs and/or obligations (such as incurred power and natural gas costs not currently

natural gas are recorded as derivative assets or liabilities at estimated uture), are reflected as deferred charges or credits on the Consolidated fair value with an offsetting regulatory asset or liability. Contracts thatBalance Sheets. These costs and/or obligations are not reflected in the until they are settled or realized unless there is a decline in the fair value atching revenues are recognized. The Company also has decoupling revenue deferrals. Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the period they occur (i.e. mark-to-market gains and losses in each accounting period as assets during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset/ such that there is no income statement impact. The interest rate swapliability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative regulatory revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue See Note 19 for additional discussion regarding interest rate swaps in recognition criteria are met. This could ultimately result in decoupling revenue that arose during the current year being recognized in a

> If at some point in the future the Company determines that it no accounting practices for all or a portion of its regulated operations, the Company could be:

- · required to write off its regulatory assets, and
- precluded from the future deferral of costs or decoupled revenues not recovered through rates at the time such amounts are incurred, even if the Company expected to recover these amounts from customers in the future.

See Note 20 for further details of regulatory assets and liabilities.

Unamortized debt expense includes debt issuance costs that are amortized over the life of the related debt. These costs are recorded as an offset to Long-Term Debt and Capital Leases on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Unamortized Debt Repurchase Costs

For the Company's Washington regulatory jurisdiction and for any debt repurchases beginning in 2007 in all jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt are amortized over the remaining life of the original debt that was repurchased or, if new debt is issued in connection with the repurchase, these costs are amortized over the life of the new debt. In the Company's other regulatory jurisdictions, premiums paid to the regulated rates are designed to recover the cost of providing repurchase debt prior to 2007 are being amortized over the average remaining maturity of outstanding debt when no new debt was issued in connection with the debt repurchase. These costs are recovered

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated other comprehensive loss—net of tax, consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans—net of taxes of		-
\$4,356 and \$4,075, respectively	\$ 8,090 \$	7,568

The following table details the reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss by component for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		Amounts Rælassified from Accumulated Other Affected Line				
			Comprehens	sive Loss	Item in Statement	
Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Components	3	2017	2016	2015	of Income	
Amortization of defined benefit pension items						
Amortization of net prior service cost	\$	(4,381)\$	(1,171)\$	31	(a)	
Amortization of net loss		36,833	(7,602)	2,623	(a)	
Adjustment due to effects of regulation		(33,25)5	7,360	(749)	(a)	
		(803)	(1,413)	1,905	Total before tax	
		281	495	(667)	Tax benefit (expense)	
	\$	(523/ \$	(918) \$	1,238	Net of tax	

- These accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost (see Note 10 for additional details).
- The adjustment for the effects of regulation during the year ended December 31, 2016 includes approximately \$2.1 million related to the reclassification of a pension regulatory asset associated with one of our jurisdictions into accumulated other comprehensive loss.

Appropriated Retained Earnings

The Company has two capital leases, one at Avista Corp. and one

In accordance with the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the Federal Power Act (FPA), the Company maintains at AEL&P. The capital lease at Avista Corp. expires in 2018 and is not appropriated retained earnings account for any earnings in excess of material to the financial statements as of December 31, 2017. The capital the specified rate of return on the Company's investment in the licens becase at AEL&P is a PPA (treated as a lease for accounting purposes) for its various hydroelectric projects. Per section 10(d) of the FPA, therelated to the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project that expires in 2034. Company must maintain these excess earnings in an appropriated While the two leases are treated as capital leases for accounting retained earnings account until the termination of the licensing purposes, for ratemaking purposes these agreements are treated as agreements or apply them to reduce the net investment in the licensesperating leases with a constant level of annual rental expense (straight of the hydroelectric projects at the discretion of the FERC. The Compains expense). Because of this regulatory treatment, any difference calculates the earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on an between the operating lease expense for ratemaking purposes and the annual basis, usually during the second quarter. expenses recognized under capital lease treatment (interest and

In addition to the hydroelectric project licenses identified above depreciation of the capital lease asset) is recorded as a regulatory asset for Avista Utilities, the requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA also and amortized during the later years of the lease when the capital lease apply to the AEL&P licenses for Lake Dorothy and Annex Creek/Salmexpense is less than the operating lease expense included in base rates. Creek (combined).

The appropriated retained earnings amounts included in retained earnings were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Appropriated retained earnings	\$ 33,917 \$	25,564

See Note 14 for further discussion of the Snettisham capital lease.

Contingencies

The Company has unresolved regulatory, legal and tax issues which have inherently uncertain outcomes. The Company accrues a loss contingency if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss or impairment can be reasonably estimated. The Company also discloses loss contingencies that do not meet these conditions for accrual, if there is a reasonable possibility that a material

Operating Leases

The Company has multiple lease arrangements involving variousloss may be incurred. As of December 31, 2017, the Company has not assets, with minimum terms ranging from 1 to 45 years. Future minimum orded any significant amounts related to unresolved contingencies. lease payments required under operating leases having initial or See Note 19 for further discussion of the Company's commitments remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year were not and contingencies. material as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE 2. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

ASU No. 2014-09. "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)"

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, which outlinesregarding accounting and presentation issues. a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most have significant changes to its revenue-related footnote disclosures, current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle of the revenue model is that an entity should identify the various performance obligations in a contract, allocate the transaction price among the performance obligations and recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies each performance obligation. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2017.

a modified retrospective method, which requires a cumulative adjustment to opening retained earnings, as opposed to a full retrospective application. The Company has not identified any cumulative adjustments.

Since the majority of Avista Corp.'s revenue is from rate-regulated SU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" sales of electricity and natural gas to retail customers and revenue is recognized as energy is delivered to these customers, the Company withtroduces a new lessee model that requires most leases to be certain contracts with customers (most of which are related to wholesale sales of power and natural gas) and did not identify any significant differences in revenue recognition between current GAAP other issues that arise under the current lease model; for example, and ASU No. 2014-09.

several issues, the most significant of which are as follows:

Contributions in Aid of ConstructionThere was the potential 2014-09. Implementation guidance indicates that CIAC will continue t@016-02, upon adoption, the effects of this standard must be applied be accounted for as an offset to utility plant in service.

Utility-Related Taxes Collected from Customershere were questions on the presentation of utility-related taxes collected from basis. Under GAAP, the Company has been allowed to record these utility-related taxes on a gross basis in revenue when billed to customers with an offset included in taxes other than income taxes in transition method, which would allow for a cumulative adjustment to operating expenses. The Company evaluated whether this gross presentation is appropriate under ASU 2014-09 and determined that foot require restatement. AEL&P, the presentation will change from its current gross presentation to a net presentation with utility revenues and for Avista Utilities, the not early adopt this standard before its effective date in 2019. current presentation will not change. Currently, there are approximately \$2.0 million annually in utility-related taxes collected from customers that is working through the implementation process. Based on work included in revenue for AEL&P.

Renewable Energy CreditsUtility industry implementation guidance indicates that revenue associated with the sale of selfoccurs during a period subsequent to the sale. This represents a changeplementation date in 2019. from the Company's prior practice, which has been to defer revenue the Company's REC revenue is deferred for future rebate to retail

customers. As such, the change in the timing of revenue recognition will have an insignificant impact to revenue and net income.

The Company is monitoring utility industry implementation guidance to determine if there will be further industry consensus

In addition to the issues described above, the Company will also including the bifurcation of wholesale revenue into derivative and non-derivative sales. The Company continues to evaluate what information would be most useful for users of the financial statements, including information already provided elsewhere in the document outside the footnote disclosures. These additional disclosures will most likely include the disaggregation of revenues by type of service, source of revenue or customer class. Also, the Company will have The Company will adopt this standard on January 1, 2018 using enhanced disclosures regarding its revenue recognition policies and elections. The Company does not expect any material presentation changes to the base financial statements, and only expects changes to its footnote disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02. This ASU not have a significant change in operating revenues or net income duecapitalized and shown on the balance sheet with corresponding lease to the application of this standard. The Company reviewed and analyzassets and liabilities. The standard also aligns certain of the underlying principles of the new lessor model with those in Topic 606, the FASB's new revenue recognition standard. Furthermore, this ASU addresses eliminating the required use of bright-line tests in current GAAP for During the implementation process, the Company worked throughetermining lease classification (operating leases versus capital leases). This ASU also includes enhanced disclosures surrounding leases. This ASU is effective for periods beginning on or after that CIAC could be recognized as revenue upon the adoption of ASU Necember 15, 2018; however, early adoption is permitted. Under ASU using a modified retrospective approach to the earliest period presented, which will likely require restatements of previously issued financial statements. The modified retrospective approach includes a customers (primarily state excise taxes and city utility taxes) on a grosumber of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. During 2018, a proposed ASU was issued by the FASB that provides a practical expedient that would allow companies to use an optional retained earnings during the period of adoption and prior periods would

The Company has formed a lease standard implementation team to-date, the implementation team has identified a complete population of existing and potential leases under the new standard and has completed its review of the agreements associated with this population. generated RECs will be recognized at the time of generation and sale between, the team has not yet quantified the impact of recording these the credits as opposed to when the RECs are certified in the Western leases. In addition, the team is developing a process to identify any new Renewable Energy Generation Information System, which generally potential leases that may be entered into between now and the standard

The Company evaluated ASU 2016-02 and determined that it will

The Company is monitoring utility industry implementation recognition until the time of certification. Revenue associated with theguidance as it relates to several unresolved issues to determine if there sale of RECs is not material to the financial statements and almost all wfll be an industry consensus. The Company has not yet estimated the potential impact on its future financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting"

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09. This ASU simplified several aspects of the accounting for employee share-basednethod to adopt the requirement to limit the capitalization of net payment transactions including:

- as income tax benefits or expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income rather than in Additional Paid in Capital (APIC),
- excess tax benefits no longer represent a financing cash inflow ASU 2018-02, "Income Statement-Reporting on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and instead will beomprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification included as an operating activity,
- requiring excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies to be excluded Comprehensive Income" from the calculation of diluted earnings per share, whereas under and included in the calculation,
- estimating forfeitures, and
- · changing the statutory tax withholding requirements for share-based payments.

The Company early adopted this standard during the second quarter of 2016, with a retrospective effective date of January 1, 20 The adoption of this standard resulted in a recognized income tax settled share-based employee payments.

ASU No. 2017-07, "Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost"

benefit cost for an entity's defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. Under current GAAP, net benefit cost consists of several components that reflect different aspects of an employer's Avista Corp. made an evaluation of which interest holders have the financial arrangements as well as the cost of benefits earned by power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the employees. These components are aggregated and reported net in the financial statements. ASU No. 2017-07 requires entities to (1) disaggregate the current service-cost component from the other components of net benefit cost (other components) and present it withmaintenance payment and certain monthly variable costs under the other current compensation costs for related employees in the incomePPA. Under the terms of the PPA, Avista Corp. makes the dispatch statement and (2) present the other components elsewhere in the income statement and outside of income from operations.

eligible for capitalization (e.g., as part of utility plant). This is a changemakes operating and maintenance decisions. Rathdrum Power LLC customers as a component of utility plant and, under the new ASU, maintenance risk of the plant and will receive the residual value of the these costs will continue to be recovered from customers in the same Lancaster Plant. Avista Corp. has no debt or equity investments in the longer eligible to be recorded as a component of utility plant for GAAPanalysis, Avista Corp. does not consider itself to be the primary will be recorded as regulatory assets.

This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and early adoption is permitted. Upon adoption, entities must use a retrospective transition method to adopt the requirement for separate presentation in the income statement and a prospective transition periodic benefit costs to the service-cost component. The Company did allowing excess tax benefits or tax deficiencies to be recognized not early adopt this standard and does not expect a material impact on its future financial condition, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption of this standard.

of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, which amends previous accounting guidance, these amounts had to be estimated guidance for reporting comprehensive income. The ASU allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to allowing forfeitures to be accounted for as they occur, instead of retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the enactment of the TCJA. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. Upon adoption, the requirements of the ASU must be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period (or periods) in which the effect of the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate in the TCJA is 6recognized. The Company did not early adopt this standard as of December 31, 2017 and does not expect a material impact on its future benefit of \$1.6 million in 2016 associated with excess tax benefits on financial condition, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption of this standard.

NOTE 3. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

Lancaster Power Purchase Agreement

The Company has a PPA for the purchase of all the output of the In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, which amendsancaster Plant, a 270 MW natural gas-fired combined cycle the income statement presentation of the components of net periodic combustion turbine plant located in Kootenai County, Idaho, owned by an unrelated third-party (Rathdrum Power LLC), through 2026.

Avista Corp. has a variable interest in the PPA. Accordingly,

economic performance of the entity and which interest holders have the obligation to absorb losses or receive benefits that could be significant to the entity. Avista Corp. pays a fixed capacity and operations and decisions, provides all natural gas fuel and receives all of the electric energy output from the Lancaster Plant. However, Rathdrum Power LLC In addition, only the service-cost component of net benefit cost igthe owner) controls the daily operation of the Lancaster Plant and from current practice, under which entities capitalize the aggregate necontrols all of the rights and obligations of the Lancaster Plant after the benefit cost to utility plant when applicable, in accordance with FERC expiration of the PPA in 2026 and Avista Corp. does not have any further accounting guidance. Avista Corp. is a rate-regulated entity and all obligations after the expiration. It is estimated that the plant will have 15 components of net periodic benefit cost are currently recovered from to 25 years of useful life after that time. Rathdrum Power LLC bears the manner over the depreciable lives of utility plant. As all such costs are Lancaster Plant and does not provide financial support through liquidity expected to continue to be recoverable, the components that are no arrangements or other commitments (other than the PPA). Based on its beneficiary of the Lancaster Plant. Accordingly, neither the Lancaster Plant nor Rathdrum Power LLC is included in Avista Corp.'s consolidated financial statements. The Company has a future contractual obligationsubsidiaries, will be converted automatically into the right to receive an of approximately \$260.2 million under the PPA (representing the fixed amount in cash equal to \$53, without interest. capacity and operations and maintenance payments through 2026) and believes this would be its maximum exposure to loss. However, the

Company believes that such costs will be recovered through retail rates. Consummation of the acquisition is subject to the satisfaction or

Limited Partnerships and Similar Entities

that is the functional equivalent of a limited partnership is considered &common Stock, (ii) the receipt of regulatory approvals required to VIE regardless of whether it otherwise qualifies as a voting interest entity unless a simple majority or lower threshold of the "unrelated" limited partners (i.e., parties other than the general partner, entities on behalf of the general partner) have substantive kick-out rights (including liquidation rights) or participating rights.

limited partnerships (or the functional equivalent) where Avista Corp. acquisition may not be completed until notification and report forms is a limited partner investor in an investment fund where the general have been filed with the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and the partner makes all of the investment and operating decisions with regards to the partnership and fund. To remove the general partner the limited partners is required. As such, the limited partners do not have substantive kick-out rights and these investments are considered VIEs. Consolidation of these VIEs by Avista Corp. is not required because the Company does not have majority ownership in any of thewaiver of other specified conditions. funds, it does not have the power to direct any activities of the funds, and it does not have the power to appoint executive leadership, including the board of directors.

Ontario's largest electricity transmission and distribution provider.

Closing Conditions, Required Approvals

waiver, if permissible under applicable law, of specified closing conditions, including, but not limited to, (i) the approval of the acquisition Under current GAAP, a limited partnership or similar legal entity by the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Avista Corp. consummate the acquisition, including approval from the FERC, the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS), the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), the WUTC, IPUC, Public under common control with the general partner, and other parties actingervice Commission of the State of Montana (MPSC), OPUC, and the RCA, and (iii) meeting the requirements of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 (HSR Act), as amended. Under the As of December 31, 2017, the Company has seven investments iHSR Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, the

expired or been terminated. Hydro One and the Company each intend from any of the funds, approval from greater than a simple majority of to file the required HSR notification and report forms with the DOJ and the FTC. The transaction is expected to close in the second half of 2018 subject to remaining referenced approvals and the satisfaction or

On September 14, 2017, Avista Corp. and Hydro One filed

Federal Trade Commission (FTC) and the applicable waiting period has

Approvals Requested

Avista Corp. participates in profits and losses of the investment applications for approval of the acquisition with the FERC, the WUTC, funds based on its ownership percentage and its losses are capped at the IPUC, the OPUC and the MPSC, requesting approval of the its total initial investment in the funds. For six of the seven VIEs, Avistanasaction on or before August 14, 2018. However, the OPUC has set a Corp. does not have any additional commitments beyond its initial procedural schedule with an end date no later than September 14, 2018. investment. For the seventh VIE, Avista Corp. has up to a \$25.0 millio@n November 21, 2017, applications for approval of the acquisition were total commitment, and as of December 31, 2017, has invested \$9.7 filed with the RCA, with a statutory deadline of May 20, 2018. million, leaving \$15.3 million remaining to be invested. In addition, the On February 9, 2018, Hydro One and the Company filed a draft joint Company is not allowed to withdraw any capital contributions from thevoluntary notice of the acquisition with CFIUS pursuant to Section 721 investment funds until after the funds' expiration dates and all liabilities Title VII of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, 50 U.S.C. of the funds are settled. The expiration dates range from 2019 to 203 \$4565 (Section 721) and its implementing regulations. with one investment having no termination date (as it is perpetual). In addition, two of the funds are closed and expired and the Company is Approvals Received

awaiting distribution as soon as the underlying investments are On November 21, 2017, Avista Corp. shareholders approved the liquidated. As of December 31, 2017, the Company has a total carrying cquisition in a special meeting of shareholders. Also, on January 16, amount in these investment funds of \$12.2 million. 2018 the FERC approved the acquisition.

NOTE 4. PENDING ACQUISITION BY HYDRO ONEOther Pending Required Approvals

The Company intends to file for the required approvals with the On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a Merger Agreement FID/C pursuant to Section 310 of the Communications Act of 1934, as and among Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., a wholly owned amended, over the transfer of control of FCC licenses that would result subsidiary of Hydro One (US parent), and Olympus Corp., a wholly from the acquisition. owned subsidiary of US parent (Merger Sub). Subject to the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will be merged with Other Information Related to the Acquisition and into Avista Corp., with Avista Corp. surviving as an indirect, wholly As part of the applications for approval, Hydro One and Avista owned subsidiary of Hydro One. Hydro One, based in Toronto, is Corp. have proposed to flow through to Avista Corp.'s retail customers

in each of Washington, Idaho and Oregon rate credits, which amount to At the effective time of the acquisition, each share of Avista Corp\$31.5 million in total among the three jurisdictions, over a 10-year period common stock issued and outstanding, other than shares of Avista Corpginning at the time the acquisition closes. In addition, to the extent common stock that are owned by Hydro One, US Parent (as defined irAvista Corp. and Hydro One in a future rate proceeding demonstrate the Merger Agreement) or Merger Sub or any of their respective that cost savings, or benefits, directly related to the proposed

transaction are already being flowed through to customers through (ii) termination by Hydro One following a withdrawal by Avista Corp.'s base retail rates, the rate credit to customers would be reduced by upboard or directors of its recommendation of the Merger Agreement, to \$22.0 million over the 10-year period. The portion of the total rate Avista Corp. will be required to pay Hydro One the Company Termination credit that is not allowable for offset effectively represents acceptance ee of \$103.0 million. Avista Corp. will also be required to pay Hydro One by Hydro One of a lower rate of return during the 10-year period. the Company Termination Fee in the event Avista Corp. signs or

As part of the reply comments that were included in the application nsummates any specified alternative transaction within twelve for approval that was filed with the RCA, Hydro One and Avista Corp. months following the termination of the Merger Agreement under have proposed to flow through to AEL&P's customers, a rate credit certain circumstances. In addition, if the Merger Agreement is totaling \$1.0 million over a 10-year period beginning at the time the terminated under certain circumstances due to the failure to obtain acquisition closes.

required regulatory approvals, the imposition of a Burdensome Condition The Merger Agreement also contains customary representations with respect to a required regulatory approval, or the breach by Hydro warranties and covenants of Avista Corp., Hydro One, US Parent and One, US Parent or Merger Sub of their obligations in respect of obtaining Merger Sub. These covenants include, among others, an obligation omegulatory approvals, Hydro One will be required to pay Avista Corp. a behalf of Avista Corp. to operate its business in the ordinary course uttilmination fee of \$103.0 million.

the acquisition is consummated, subject to certain exceptions. In addition, the parties are required to use reasonable best efforts to obtain any required regulatory approvals.

Avista Corp. has made certain additional customary covenants, passed through to customers. In addition, a significant portion of these including, among others, and subject to certain exceptions, a custom are started are not deductible for income tax purposes. non-solicitation covenant prohibiting Avista Corp. from soliciting, providing non-public information or entering into discussions or negotiations concerning proposals relating to alternative business combination transactions, except as and to the extent permitted undeproposed acquisition. the Merger Agreement with respect to an unsolicited written Takeover Proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement) made prior to the approval of the acquisition by Avista Corp.'s shareholders if, among

other things, Avista Corp.'s board of directors determines in good faith to a Superior Proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and thatprice was \$335.0 million in cash, less the payment of debt and other failure to take such actions would reasonably be expected to be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties under applicable law. No such Takeover Proposals have been received.

Hydro One by mutual consent and by either Avista Corp. or Hydro One under certain circumstances, including if the acquisition is not consummated by September 30, 2018 (subject to an extension of up to the free consideration of all escrow amounts received, the sales six months by either party if all of the conditions to closing, other thantransaction provided cash proceeds to Avista Corp., net of debt, absence of a law or injunction preventing the consummation of the the Merger Agreement) in any required regulatory approval, have beeduring 2015. satisfied). The Merger Agreement also provides for certain additional termination rights for each of Avista Corp. and Hydro One. Upon termination of the Merger Agreement under certain specified circumstances, including (i) termination by Avista Corp. in order to enternd 2016. into a definitive agreement with respect to a Superior Proposal, or

The Company is incurring significant acquisition costs associated with the pending Hydro One acquisition consisting primarily of consulting, banking fees, legal fees and employee time and are not being

See Note 19 for discussion of shareholder lawsuits filed against the Company, the Company's directors, Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. in relation to the Merger Agreement and the

NOTE 5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On June 30, 2014, Avista Capital, completed the sale of its interest that such Takeover Proposal is or could be reasonably expected to lead Ecova to Cofely USA Inc., an unrelated party to Avista Corp. The sales customary closing adjustments. At the closing of the transaction on June 30, 2014, Ecova became a wholly owned subsidiary of Cofely USA Inc. and the Company has not had and will not have any further The Merger Agreement may be terminated by Avista Corp. and involvement with Ecova after such date.

The purchase price of \$335.0 million, as adjusted, was divided among all the security holders of Ecova pro rata based on ownership. the conditions related to obtaining required regulatory approvals, the payment to option and minority holders, income taxes and transaction expenses, of \$143.7 million, and resulted in a net gain of \$74.8 million. acquisition and the absence of a Burdensome Condition (as defined inAlmost all of the net gain was recognized in 2014 with some true-ups

> Prior to the completion of the sales transaction, Ecova was a reportable business segment. There were no amounts recorded for discontinued operations during the years ended December 31, 2017

The following table presents amounts that were included in discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	2015
Revenues	\$ —
Gain on sale of EcoVa	777
Transaction expenses and accelerated employee benefits	71
Gain on sale of Ecova—net of transaction expenses	706
Income before income taxes	706
Income tax benefit	(4,44)1
Net income from discontinued operations	5,147
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 5,147

- This represents the gross gain recorded to discontinued operations. The total gain net of taxes and transactions expenses was \$74.8 million, of which \$69.7 million was recognized during 2014.
- The tax benefit during 2015 primarily resulted from the reversal of a valuation allowance against net operating losses at Ecova because the net operating losses were (2)deemed realizable after further evaluation.

NOTE 6. DERIVATIVES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Energy Commodity Derivatives

Avista Corp. is exposed to market risks relating to changes in electricity and natural gas commodity prices and certain other fuel prices. Market risk is, in general, the risk of fluctuation in the market price of the commodity being traded and is influenced primarily by supply and demand. Market risk includes the fluctuation in the market requirements through forward market transactions and derivative price of associated derivative commodity instruments. Avista Corp. utilizes derivative instruments, such as forwards, futures, swap derivatives and options in order to manage the various risks relating to Corp. also leaves a significant portion of its natural gas supply these commodity price exposures. Avista Corp. has an energy resour resuirements unhedged for purchase in short-term and spot markets. risk policy and control procedures to manage these risks.

delivery constraints from natural gas supply locations to Avista Corp.'s distribution system. However, daily variations in natural gas demand can be significantly different than monthly demand projections. On the basis of these projections, Avista Corp. plans and executes a series of transactions to hedge a portion of its projected natural gas instruments. These transactions may extend as much as four natural gas operating years (November through October) into the future. Avista Avista Corp. plans for sufficient natural gas delivery capacity to

As part of Avista Corp.'s resource procurement and managementerve its retail customers for a theoretical peak day event. Avista Corp. operations in the electric business, the Company engages in an ongoigenerally has more pipeline and storage capacity than what is needed process of resource optimization, which involves the economic during periods other than a peak day. Avista Corp. optimizes its natural selection from available energy resources to serve Avista Corp.'s loadgas resources by using market opportunities to generate economic obligations and the use of these resources to capture available value that helps mitigate fixed costs. Avista Corp. also optimizes its economic value through wholesale market transactions. These includenatural gas storage capacity by purchasing and storing natural gas sales and purchases of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric when prices are traditionally lower, typically in the summer, and generation, and derivative contracts related to capacity, energy and withdrawing during higher priced months, typically during the winter. fuel. Such transactions are part of the process of matching resources However, if market conditions and prices indicate that Avista Corp. with load obligations and hedging a portion of the related financial riskshould buy or sell natural gas during other times in the year, Avista Corp. These transactions range from terms of intra-hour up to multiple yearsengages in optimization transactions to capture value in the

As part of its resource procurement and management of its natural arketplace. Natural gas optimization activities include, but are not gas business, Avista Corp. makes continuing projections of its naturallimited to, wholesale market sales of surplus natural gas supplies, gas loads and assesses available natural gas resources including purchases and sales of natural gas to optimize use of pipeline and natural gas storage availability. Natural gas resource planning typicallytorage capacity, and participation in the transportation capacity includes peak requirements, low and average monthly requirements are ease market.

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2017 that are expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

	Purchases						Sales	
	Electric Derivatives		Gas Derivatives		Electric Derivatives		Gas Derivatives	
	Physical (1)	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial(1)
Year	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs
2018	426	763	10,572	107,580	213	1,739	3,643	67,375
2019	235	737	610	61,073	94	1,420	1,345	35,438
2020	_	_	910	16,590	_	589	1,430	915
2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,049	_
2022	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2016 that were expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

				Purchases				Sales
	Electric I	Derivatives	Gæ Derivatives		Electric Derivatives		Gæ Derivatives	
	Physical (1)	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial(1)	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financial ⁽¹⁾	Physical ⁽¹⁾	Financia ⁽¹⁾
Year	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs
2017	510	907	15,475	110,380	316	1,552	4,165	73,110
2018	397	_	_	52,755	286	1,244	1,360	15,113
2019	235	_	610	29,475	158	982	1,345	4,020
2020	_	_	910	2,725	_	_	1,430	_
2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,060	_
Thereafter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Physical transactions represent commodity transactions in which Avista Corp. will take or make delivery of either electricity or natural gas; financial transactions represent derivative instruments with delivery of cash in the amount of the benefit or cost but with no physical delivery of the commodity, such as futures, swap derivatives, options, or forward contracts.

The electric and natural gas derivative contracts above will be currency risk. A portion of Avista Corp.'s short-term natural gas included in either power supply costs or natural gas supply costs during ansactions and long-term Canadian transportation contracts are the period they are delivered and will be included in the various deferration mitted based on Canadian currency prices and settled within 60 and recovery mechanisms (ERM, PCA, and PGAs), or in the general relaters with U.S. dollars. Avista Corp. hedges a portion of the foreign from customers.

case process, and are expected to be collected through retail rates currency risk by purchasing Canadian currency exchange derivatives when such commodity transactions are initiated. The foreign currency exchange derivatives and the unhedged foreign currency risk have not had a material effect on Avista Corp.'s financial condition, results of

Foreign Currency Exchange Derivatives

A significant portion of Avista Corp.'s natural gas supply (including perations or cash flows and these differences in cost related to fuel for power generation) is obtained from Canadian sources. Most ofcurrency fluctuations are included with natural gas supply costs those transactions are executed in U.S. dollars, which avoids foreign for ratemaking.

The following table summarizes the foreign currency exchange derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Number of contracts	18	21
Notional amount (in United States dollars)	\$ 2,552 \$	2,819
Notional amount (in Canadian dollars)	3.241	3.754

Interest Rate Swap Derivatives

Treasury lock agreements. These interest rate swap derivatives and

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Avista Corp. is affected by fluctuating interest rates related to a U.S. Treasury lock agreements are considered economic hedges portion of its existing debt, and future borrowing requirements. Avistaagainst fluctuations in future cash flows associated with anticipated Corp. hedges a portion of its interest rate risk with financial derivative debt issuances. instruments, which may include interest rate swap derivatives and U.S.

The following table summarizes the unsettled interest rate swap derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of the balance sheet date indicated below (dollars in thousands):

			Mandatory
			Cash
	Number of	Notional	Settlement
Balance Sheet Date	Cortracts	Amount	Date
December 31, 2017	14	275,000	2018
	6	70,000	2019
	3	30,000	2020
	1	15,000	2021
	5	60,000	2022
December 31, 2016	6	75,000	2017
	14	275,000	2018
	6	70,000	2019
	2	20,000	2020
	5	60,000	2022

During the third quarter 2017, in connection with the execution of amount of swap derivatives outstanding and fluctuations in market a purchase agreement for \$90.0 million of Avista Corp. first mortgage interest rates compared to the interest rates fixed by the swaps. Avista bonds issued in December 2017, Avista Corp. cash-settled five interest or parents to settle the interest rate swap rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$60.0 million) anderivatives when the fixed rates are higher than prevailing market rates at the date of settlement. Conversely, Avista Corp. receives cash to settle its interest rate swap derivatives when prevailing market rates at regulatory asset or liability and are subsequently amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the associated debt.

The settled interest rate swap derivatives are also included as a part dummary of Outstanding Derivative Instruments

Avista Corp.'s cost of debt calculation for ratemaking purposes. The amounts recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as

The fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives can of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 reflect the offsetting of

The fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives can of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 reflect the offsetting of vary significantly from period to period depending on the total notional derivative assets and liabilities where a legal right of offset exists.

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017 (in thousands):

				Fair Value
				Net Asset
				(Liability)
	Gross	Gross	Collateral	in Balance
Derivative and Balance Sheet ocation	Asset	Liability	Netting	Sheet
Foreign currency exchange derivatives				
Other current assets	\$ 32 \$	(1) \$	_ ;	\$ 31
Interest rate swap derivatives				
Other current assets	2,597	(270)	_	2,327
Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets	4,880	(2,304)	_	2,576
Current unsettled interest rate swap derivative liabilities	_	(63,399)	28,952	(34,447)
Non-current interest rate swap derivative liabilities	_	(7,540)	6,018	(1,522)
Energy commodity derivatives				
Other current assets	1,386	(122)	_	1,264
Current energy commodity derivative liabilities	26,641	(52,895)	17,406	(8,848)
Other non-current liabilities, regulatory liabilities and deferred credits	15,970	(34,93)6	10,032	(8,93) 1
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$ 51,506 \$	(161,46)7\$	62,408	\$ (47,55 <u>)</u> 3

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2016 (in thousands):

				Far Value
				Net Asset
				(Liability)
	Gross	Gross	Collateral	in Balance
Derivative and Balance Sheet occation	Asset	Liability	Netting	Sheet
Foreign currency exchange derivatives				-
Other current liabilities	\$ 5 \$	(28) \$	_	\$ (23)
Interest rate swap derivatives				
Other currentassets	3,393	_	_	3,393
Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets	5,754	(397)	_	5,357
Current unsettled interest rate swap derivative liabilities	_	(15,756)	9,731	(6,025)
Non-current interest rate swap derivative liabilities	3,951	(57,825)	25,169	(28,705)
Energy commodity derivatives				
Other current assets	18,682	(16,787)	_	1,895
Current energy commodity derivative liabilities	16,335	(29,598)	6,228	(7,035)
Other non-current liabilities, regulatory liabilities and deferred credits	13,071	(29,99)0	3,630	(13,28)9
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$ 61,191 \$	(150,38)1 \$	44,758	\$ (44,43)2

Exposure to Demands for Collateral

In periods of price volatility, the level of exposure can change

Avista Corp.'s derivative contracts often require collateral (in the significantly. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made form of cash or letters of credit) or other credit enhancements, or against Avista Corp.'s credit facilities and cash. Avista Corp. actively reductions or terminations of a portion of the contract through cash settlement. In the event of a downgrade in Avista Corp.'s credit ratingsnitigate capital requirements. or changes in market prices, additional collateral may be required.

The following table presents Avista Corp.'s collateral outstanding related to its derivative instruments as of as of December 31 (in thousands):

	2017	2016
Energy commodity derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	\$ 39,458 \$	17,134
Letters of credit outstanding	23,000	24,400
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	27,438	9,858
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	34,970	34,900
Letters of credit outstanding	5,000	3,600
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	34,970	34,900

Certain of Avista Corp.'s derivative instruments contain provisions hese provisions, and the counterparties to the derivative instruments that require the Company to maintain an "investment grade" credit could request immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing rating from the major credit rating agencies. If Avista Corp.'s credit collateralization on derivative instruments in net liability positions. ratings were to fall below "investment grade," it would be in violation of

The following table presents the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position and the amount of additional collateral Avista Corp. could be required to post as of December 31 (in thousands):

	2017	2016
Energy commodity derivatives		
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features	\$ 1,336 \$	1,124
Additional collateral to post	1,336	1,046
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features	73,514	73,978
Additional collateral to post	18,770	21,100

NOTE 7. JOINTLY OWNED ELECTRIC FACILITIES

The Company has a 15 percent ownership interest in a twin-unit The Company's share of related fuel costs as well as operating coal-fired generating facility, Colstrip, located in southeastern Montanexpenses for plant in service are included in the corresponding and provides financing for its ownership interest in the project.

accounts in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company's share of utility plant in service for Colstrip and accumulated depreciation (inclusive of the ARO assets and accumulated amortization) were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Utility plant in service	\$ 379,970 \$	380,406
Accumulated depreciation	(255,604)	(249,359)

See Note 9 for further discussion of AROs.

NOTE 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The gross balances of the major classifications of property, plant and equipment are detailed in the following table as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Avista Utilities:		
Electric production	\$ 1,392,017\$	1,346,332
Electric transmission	726,240	682,529
Electric distribution	1,617,451	1,525,175
Electric construction work-in-progress (CWIP) and other	322,144	296,912
Electrictotal	4,057,852	3,850,948
Natural gas underground storage	46,233	44,672
Natural gas distribution	1,027,197	954,298
Natural gas CWIP and other	63,803	57,601
Natural gas total	1,137,233	1,056,571
Common plant (including CWIP)	588,833	527,458
Total Avista Utilities	5,783,918	5,434,977
AEL&P:		
Electric production	97,883	94,839
Electric transmission	21,413	20,252
Electric distribution	21,061	20,057
Electric production held under long-term capital lease	71,007	71,007
Electric CWIP and other	7,341	7,190
Electrictotal	218,705	213,345
Common plant	8,524	8,651
TotalAEL&P	227,229	221,996
Other ⁽¹⁾	36,783	30,764
Total	\$ 6,047,930	5,687,737

⁽¹⁾ Included in other property and investments—net and other non-current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Accumulated depreciation was \$11.6 million as of December 31, 2017 and \$11.2 million as of December 31, 2016 for the other businesses.

NOTE 9. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company has recorded liabilities for future AROs to:

- · restore coal ash containment ponds at Colstrip,
- · cap a landfill at the Kettle Falls Plant,
- the termination of the land lease, and
- dispose of PCBs in certain transformers.

Due to an inability to estimate a range of settlement dates, the Company cannot estimate a liability for the:

- · removal and disposal of certain transmission and distribution assets, and
- abandonment and decommissioning of certain hydroelectric generation and natural gas storage facilities.

In 2015, the EPA issued a final rule regarding coal combustion residuals (CCR), also termed coal combustion byproducts or coal ash impoundments. Avista Corp. will coordinate with the plant operator Colstrip, of which Avista Corp. is a 15 percent owner of units 3 & 4, produces this byproduct. The rule established technical requirements decisions about compliance strategies and the timing of closure for CCR landfills and surface impoundments under Subtitle D of the regulating solid waste. The Company, in conjunction with the other

address the CCR requirements and existing state obligations while maintaining operational stability. During 2015, the operator of Colstrip provided an initial cost estimate of the expected retirement costs remove plant and restore the land at the Coyote Springs 2 site atassociated with complying with the new CCR rule. Based on the initial assessments, Avista Corp. recorded an increase to its ARO of \$12.5 million during 2015 with a corresponding increase in the cost basis of the utility plant. During 2016 and 2017, due to additional information and updated estimates, the ARO was adjusted during each of those years by minor amounts.

The actual asset retirement costs related to the CCR rule requirements may vary substantially from the estimates used to record the ARO due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of the compliance strategies that will be used and the availability of data used to estimate costs, such as the quantity of coal ash present at certain sites and the volume of fill that will be needed to cap and cover certain and continue to gather additional data in future periods to make activities. As additional information becomes available, Avista Corp. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the nation's primary law fowill update the ARO for these changes in estimates, which could be material. The Company expects to seek recovery of any increased costs Colstrip owners, developed a multi-year compliance plan to strategically lated to complying with the CCR rule through customer rates.

The following table documents the changes in the Company's asset retirement obligation during the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Asset retirement obligation at beginning of year	\$ 15,515 \$	15,997 \$	3,028
Liabilities incurred	1,171	430	12,539
Liabilities settled	_	(1,529)	(29)
Accretion expense	796	617	459
Asset retirement obligation at end of year	\$ 17,482 \$	15,515 \$	15,997

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The pension and other postretirement benefit plans described below only relate to Avista Utilities. AEL&P (not discussed below) workers and a defined contribution money purchase pension plan for itbe maximum amounts that are currently deductible for income tax nonunion workers. METALfx (not discussed below) has a defined contribution 401(k) savings plan. None of the subsidiary retirement plans, individually or in the aggregate, are significant to Avista Corp.

Avista Utilities

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan covering the after January 1, 2014 participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan included in this Note.

lieu of a defined benefit pension plan. The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amounts that are required to be funded participates in a defined contribution multiemployer plan for its union under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, but not more than purposes. The Company contributed \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2017, \$12.0 million in 2016 and \$12.0 million in 2015. The Company expects to contribute \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2018.

The Company also has a SERP that provides additional pension benefits to certain executive officers and certain key employees of the Company. The SERP is intended to provide benefits to individuals whose majority of all regular full-time employees at Avista Utilities that were benefits under the defined benefit pension plan are reduced due to the hired prior to January 1, 2014. Individual benefits under this plan are application of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the based upon the employee's years of service, date of hire and average deferral of salary under deferred compensation plans. The liability and compensation as specified in the plan. Non-union employees hired on expense for this plan are included as pension benefits in the tables

The Company expects that benefit payments under the pension plan and the SERP will total (dollars in thousands):

						Total
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023-2027
Expected benefit payments	\$ 36,916 \$	37,613 \$	38,610 \$	38,729 \$	38,837 \$	205,395

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on past performance and economic forecasts for the types of investments o provide employees with tax-advantaged funds to pay for allowable yield rates for highly rated corporate bond portfolios with maturities similar to that of the expected term of pension benefits.

The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees that were hired prior to January 1, The Company provides death benefits to beneficiaries of executive 2014. The Company accrues the estimated cost of postretirement The liability and expense of this plan are included as other postretirement benefits. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, will have access to the retiree medical plan upon

toward their medical premium.

The Company has a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) held by the plan. In selecting a discount rate, the Company considers medical expenses upon retirement. The amount earned by the employee is fixed on the retirement date based on the employee's years of service and the ending salary. The liability and expense of the HRA are included as other postretirement benefits.

officers who die during their term of office or after retirement. Under benefit obligations during the years that employees provide services. the plan, an executive officer's designated beneficiary will receive a payment equal to twice the executive officer's annual base salary at the time of death (or if death occurs after retirement, a payment equal to twice the executive officer's total annual pension benefit). The liability retirement; however, Avista Corp. will no longer provide a contributionand expense for this plan are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company expects that benefit payments under other postretirement benefit plans will total (dollars in thousands):

						Total
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023-2027
Expected benefit payments	\$ 6,856 \$	7,064 \$	6,093 \$	6,223 \$	6,288 \$	32,265

The Company expects to contribute \$6.9 million to other postretirement benefit plans in 2018, representing expected benefit payments to be paid during the year excluding the Medicare Part D

subsidy. The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for its pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

The following table sets forth the pension and other postretirement benefit plan disclosures as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 and the components of net periodic benefit costs for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

Paris Par						Other
Renefit obligation: Section Se			Pension Benefits		Postretiremen	nt Benefits
Benefit obligation as of beginning of year \$666.472 \$ 613.603 \$ 136.453 \$ 138.795			2017	2016	2017	2016
Service cost 20,406 18,302 3,220 3,205 Interest cost 27,898 27,544 5,40 6,110 Actuarial (gain)loss 39,743 39,973 (6,020) (3,648) Plan change 31,588 —	Change in benefit obligation:					
Interest cost	Benefit obligation as of beginning of year	\$	666,472 \$	613,503 \$	136,453 \$	138,795
Actuarial (gain)/loss 39,743 39,97 (6,020) (3,648) Plan change 3,158 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Service cost		20,406	18,302	3,220	3,205
Plan change 3,158	Interest cost		27,898	27,544	5,490	6,110
Cumulative adjustment to reclassify liability d — — — (1,042) Benefits paid (41,11) (32,87) (61,68) (6,66) Benefit bigation as of end of year \$716,561 666,472 \$132,947 \$130,485 Change in plan assets \$24,061 \$1,72,34\$ 33,365 \$30,868 Actual return on plan assets \$22,000 12,000 -— -— Benefits paid (39,738) (31,53) -— -— Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$605,652 \$40,941 \$73,933 33,365 Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$605,652 \$40,941 \$73,933 33,365 Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$605,652 \$40,941 \$73,933 33,365 Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$605,652 \$40,941 \$73,933 33,365 Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$61,952 \$17,878 \$69,949 \$103,088 Unrecognized price post of cost \$15,819 \$17,878 \$62,209 \$17,878 \$60,809	Actuarial (gain)/loss		39,743	39,997	(6,020)	(3,648)
Benefits paid (41,11fs (32,87)t (6,19f) (6,08f) Benefit boligation as of end of year \$ 716,561 606,472 \$ 132,947 \$ 136,453 Change in plan assets: 540,914 \$ 177,234 \$ 33,665 \$ 30,868 Actual return on plan assets as of beginning of year \$ 540,914 \$ 177,234 \$ 33,665 \$ 30,868 Actual return on plan assets \$ 2,476 43,212 4,588 2,497 Employer contributions 22,000 12,000 — — Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$ 605,662 \$ 40,914 \$ 17,932 \$ 37,933 \$ 33,365 Funded status \$ (110,909) \$ 125,5598 \$ 49,9494 \$ (10,988) Unrecognized net actuarial loss \$ 157,883 178,783 \$ 62,881 Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 3,179 23 \$ (7,982 \$ 8,988) Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost \$ 50,153 \$ 53,488 \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$ (2,988) \$	Plan change		3,158	_	_	_
Benefit obligation as of end of year \$ 716,561 \$ 666,472 \$ 132,947 \$ 136,453 \$ Change in plan assets \$ 540,914 \$ 517,234 \$ 33,365 \$ 30,868 \$ Actual return on plan assets \$ 82,476 \$ 43,212 \$ 4,588 \$ 2,497 \$ Employer contributions \$ 22,000 \$ 12,000 \$	Cumulative adjustment to reclassify liability		_	_	_	(1,042)
Change in plan assets: 540,914 \$ 17,234 \$ 33,66 \$ 30,868 Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year \$ 24,00 \$ 12,000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Benefits paid		(41,11)6	(32,87)4	(6,19)6	(6,96)
Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year \$.540,914 \$.517,234 \$.33,365 \$.30,868 Actual return on plan assets \$.2476 \$.43,212 \$.4588 \$.24,97 Employer contributions \$.22,000 \$.12,000 \$.7 Employer contributions \$.22,000 \$.13,532 \$.7 Employer contributions \$.3738 \$.31,532 \$.7 Employer contributions \$.605,652 \$.540,914 \$.37,953 \$.33,365 Funded status \$.110,909 \$.125,558 \$.94,914 \$.37,953 \$.33,365 Funded status \$.110,909 \$.125,558 \$.94,914 \$.37,953 \$.33,365 Funded status \$.110,909 \$.176,833 \$.178,783 \$.68,20 \$.81,979 Unrecognized prior service cost \$.31,79 \$.23 \$.77,782 \$.68,981 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost \$.50,153 \$.53,248 \$.34,496 \$.30,090 Additional liability \$.161,092 \$.178,806 \$.60,498 \$.72,998 Accrued benefit liability \$.110,909 \$.125,598 \$.94,994 \$.103,088 Accrued benefit iability \$.110,909 \$.125,598 \$.94,994 \$.103,088 Accrued benefit obligation \$.624,345 \$.533,498 \$.34,929 For retirees \$.50,348 \$.34,929 For retirees \$.50,348 \$.34,929 For retirees \$.50,348 \$.34,929 For other participants \$.50,348 \$.34,929 For other participants \$.50,348 \$.34,929 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$.20,66 \$.15 \$.50,58 \$.45,939 Unrecognized net actuarial loss \$.30,303 \$.	Benefit obligation as of end of year	\$	716,561 \$	666,472 \$	132,947 \$	136,453
Actual return on plan assets 82,476 43,212 4,588 2,497 Employer contributions 22,000 12,000 — — Benefits paid (39,778) (31,532) — — Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$605,652 \$540,914 \$37,953 \$33,365 Funded status \$(110,909) \$(125,558) (94,994) \$(103,088) Unrecognized prior service cost 3,179 23 (7,782 (8,981) Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 50,153 53,248 (34,496) (30,090) Additional liability (1610,092 (178,806) (60,498) 72,998 Accrued benefit liability (110,909) \$5,598 9,499 \$103,088 Accrued benefit liability \$110,909 \$62,345 \$83,498 — — For retirees \$62,345 \$83,498 — — — For retirees \$3,023 \$3,9702 \$41,354 — — — — — — — — <td< td=""><td>Change in plan assets:</td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Change in plan assets:	_				
Employer contributions 22,000 12,000 — — Benefits paid (39,738) (31,532) —	Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year	\$	540,914 \$	517,234 \$	33,365 \$	30,868
Benefits paid 39,738 31,5392	Actual return on plan assets		82,476	43,212	4,588	2,497
Pair value of plan assets as of end of year \$605.652 \$540.914 \$37.953 \$33.365 Funded status \$110.909 \$125.569 \$49.94 \$103.086 Unrecognized prior service cost \$157.883 \$178,783 \$68.28 \$179 Unrecognized prior service cost \$3,179 \$23 \$7.728 \$68.98 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost \$50,153 \$53.248 \$34.96 \$70.909 Additional liability \$161.002 \$178.905 \$60.999 \$100.009 Accrued benefit liability \$161.002 \$178.905 \$69.994 \$100.009 Accrued benefit liability \$101.0090 \$125.598 \$94.994 \$100.009 Accrued benefit liability \$100.0090	Employer contributions		22,000	12,000	_	_
Funded status	Benefits paid		(39,73)8	(31,53)2	_	_
Unrecognized net actuarial loss	Fair value of plan assets as of end of year	\$	605,652 \$	540,914 \$	37,953 \$	33,365
Unrecognized prior service cost 3,179 23 7,782 8,981 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 50,153 53,248 34,496 30,090 Additional liability (161,092 178,396 60,498 72,998 Accrued benefit libility (161,099 125,598 60,498 72,998 Accrued benefit obligation 662,345 583,498 Accrumulated pension benefit obligation 662,345 583,498 Accrumulated postretirement benefit obligation 60,354 60,670 For retirees \$ 60,354 60,670 For fully eligible employees \$ 32,891 34,429 For other participants \$ 3,090 41,354 For other participants \$ 3,090 41,354 Induced in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,066 15 5,058 5,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Unescognized net actuarial loss 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset 97,025 108,903 38,899 47,209 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 7,665 7,321 425 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for annual expense 4,269 4,579 4,239 4,579 Expected long-term return on plan assets 5,879 5,409 5,609 6,039 Rate of compensation increase 4,699 4,789 Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5,009 5,009 Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5,009 7,009 Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5,009 7,009 Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5,009 5,009 Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5,009 5,009 Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5,009 7,009 Medical cos	Funded status	\$	(110,909)\$	(125,558)\$	(94,994)\$	(103,088)
Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 50,153 53,248 (34,496 (30,000 Additional liability (161,042 (178,806 60,498 (72,998 Accrued benefit liability \$ (110,909 \$ (125,538 94,994 \$ (103,038 Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ (24,345 \$ 583,498 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Unrecognized net actuarial loss		157,883	178,783	68,280	81,979
Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 50,153 53,248 (34,496 (30,000 Additional liability (161,042 (178,806 60,488 72,998 Accrued benefit liability \$ (110,909 \$ (125,538 94,994 \$ (103,038 Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ (110,909 \$ (125,538 94,994 \$ (103,038 Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ (24,345 583,498 Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation: For retirees \$ 60,354 60,670 \$ 32,891 34,429 \$ 70 \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429 \$ 70 \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429 \$ 70 \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429 \$ 70 \$ 39,702 \$ 41,354 \$ 70 \$ 39,702 \$ 41,354 \$ 70 \$	Unrecognized prior service cost		3,179	23	(7,78)2	(8,98)
Accrued benefit liability \$ (110,908 \$ (125,588 \$ (94,994 \$ (103,098 \$ (203,098 \$	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost		50,153	53,248	(34,496)	
Accrued benefit liability \$ (110,908 s) (125,588 s) (94,994 s) (103,088 s) Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ 624,345 s \$ 583,498 s — For retirees \$ 60,354 s \$ 60,670 s For fully eligible employees \$ 32,891 s 34,429 s For tully eligible employees \$ 39,702 s 41,354 s Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,066 s 15 s (5,058) s (5,854) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 s 116,209 s 44,382 s 53,303 Total 104,690 s 116,224 s 39,324 s 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 s (108,903 s 38,899 s (47,202 s Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 7,665 s 7,321 s 425 s 247 s Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: United to benefit obligation 3,716 s 4,26% s 3,72% s 4,23% s Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,716 s 5,40% s 5,69% s	Additional liability		(161,06)2	(178,80)6	(60,498)	(72,99)8
Accumulated pension benefit obligation 624,345 583,498 — — Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation: For retirees \$ 60,354 \$ 60,670 For fully eligible employees \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429 For other participants \$ 39,702 \$ 41,354 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,066 \$ 15 \$ (5,058) \$ (5,854) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 116,209 44,382 53,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,89) (47,20) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 016,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,89) (47,20) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 37,665 7,321 425 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: 37,665 7,321 425 247 Discount rate for benefit obligation<	Accrued benefit liability	\$	(110,90)9\$	(125,55)8 \$	(94,99)4 \$	
For retirees \$ 60,354 \$ 60,670 For fully eligible employees \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429 For other participants \$ 39,702 \$ 41,354 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,066 \$ 15 \$ (5,058) \$ (5,854) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 116,209 44,382 53,303 53,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,89) (47,20)2) 42,702 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans 7,665 7,321 425 247 425 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,71% 4,26% 3,72% 4,23% 4,57% 4,23	Accumulated pension benefit obligation	\$				
For fully eligible employees \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429	Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation:					
For fully eligible employees \$ 32,891 \$ 34,429 For other participants \$ 39,702 \$ 41,354 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,066 \$ 15 \$ (5,058) \$ (5,854) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 116,209 44,382 53,303 53,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,899 (47,202))) (47,202) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 7,665 \$ 7,321 \$ 425 \$ 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,71% 4,26% 3,72% 4,23% 4,57% Discount rate for annual expense 4,26% 4,57% 4,23% 4,57% 4,23% 4,57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5,87% 5,40% 5,69% 6,03%	For retirees			\$	60,354 \$	60,670
For other participants \$39,702 \$41,354 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$2,066 \$15 \$(5,058) \$(5,854) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 116,209 44,382 53,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,899 (47,202 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$7,665 \$7,321 \$425 \$247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,71% 4,26% 3,72% 4,23% Discount rate for annual expense 4,26% 4,57% 4,23% 4,57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5,87% 5,40% 5,69% 6,03% Rate of compensation increase 4,69% 4,78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6,50% 7,00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6,50% 7,00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5,00% 5,00% Medical	For fully eligible employees			\$		
Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,066 \$ 15 \$ (5,058) \$ (5,854) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 116,209 44,382 53,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903) (38,899) (47,202) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 7,665 \$ 7,321 \$ 425 \$ 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 5.00% 5.00%				\$	39,702 \$	41,354
Unrecognized net actuarial loss 102,624 116,209 44,382 53,303 Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,89) (47,202) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans 7,665 7,321 425 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 3.72% 4.23% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax):					
Total 104,690 116,224 39,324 47,449 Less regulatory asset (97,025) (108,903) (38,89) (47,202) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit	Unrecognized prior service cost	\$	2,066 \$	15 \$	(5,058)\$	(5,854)
Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,899 (47,202 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 7,665 \$ 7,321 \$ 425 \$ 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Userount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 3.72% 4.23% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Unrecognized net actuarial loss		102,624	116,209	44,382	53,303
Less regulatory asset (97,025 (108,903 (38,899 (47,202 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 7,665 \$ 7,321 \$ 425 \$ 247 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Userount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 3.72% 4.23% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Total		104,690	116,224	39,324	47,449
Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$7,665 \$7,321 \$425 \$247\$\$ Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 3.72% 4.23% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend year pre-age 65 Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 5.00% 5.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Less regulatory asset		(97,02)5	(108,90)3	(38,89)9	
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 3.72% 4.23% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit					
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.71% 4.26% 3.72% 4.23% Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans	\$	7,665 \$	7,321 \$	425 \$	247
Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31:					
Discount rate for annual expense 4.26% 4.57% 4.23% 4.57% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.87% 5.40% 5.69% 6.03% Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Discount rate for benefit obligation		3.71%	4.26%	3.72%	4.23%
Rate of compensation increase 4.69% 4.78% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 7.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Discount rate for annual expense			4.57%	4.23%	4.57%
Rate of compensation increase4.69%4.78%Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	Expected long-term return on plan assets		5.87%	5.40%	5.69%	6.03%
Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	Rate of compensation increase					
Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	•				6.50%	7.00%
Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	, ,					5.00%
Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%7.00%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	· -					
Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	, , ,					

						Oner
		Pension Benefits				t Benefits
	2017	2016	2015	2017	2016	2015
Components of net periodic benefit cost:						
Service cost	\$ 20,406 \$	18,302 \$	19,791 \$	3,220 \$	3,205 \$	2,925
Interest cost	27,898	27,544	26,117	5,490	6,110	5,158
Expected return on plan assets	(31,626)	(27,547)	(28,299)	(1,899)	(1,861)	(1,991)
Amortization of prior service cost	2	2	2	(1,144)	(1,208)	(1,199)
Net loss recognition	9,793	8,511	9,451	4,934	5,728	5,095
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 26,473 \$	26,812 \$	27,062 \$	10,601 \$	11,974 \$	9,988

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of care cost trend rate for each year would decrease the accumulated and the service and interest cost by \$0.6 million.

Plan Assets

The Finance Committee of the Company's Board of Directors approves investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan and other postretirement benefit plans and reviews and approves changes to the investment and funding policies.

The Company has contracted with investment consultants who are responsible for monitoring the individual investment managers. The fund, by dividing the fund's net assets by its units investment managers' performance and related individual fund performance is periodically reviewed by an internal benefits committeeommon/collective trusts have redemption limitations that permit policy objectives and strategies.

Pension plan assets are invested in mutual funds, trusts and partnerships that hold marketable debt and equity securities, real estate, absolute return and commodity funds. In seeking to obtain a return that aligns with the funded status of the pension plan, the investment consultant recommends allocation percentages by asset classes. These recommendations are reviewed by the internal benefitsemi-annually following redemption notice requirements of 60 to 90 committee, which then recommends their adoption by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee has established target investmenturently expiring in 2022 and is subject to extension. allocation percentages by asset classes and also investment ranges for each asset class. The target investment allocation percentages are typically the midpoint of the established range.

The target investment allocation percentages by asset classes are indicated in the table below:

	2017	2016
Equity securities	37%	37%
Debt securities	45%	45%
Real estate	8%	8%
Absolute return	10%	10%

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in debt and equity the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentage-poisecurities was based primarily on fair value (market prices). The fair increase in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would use of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the reported last sales price; securities traded in December 31, 2017 by \$6.6 million and the service and interest cost but over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. \$0.8 million. A one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed health Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available or for which market prices do not represent the value at the time of postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2017 by \$5.2 million, the investment manager estimates fair value based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry).

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Pension plan and other postretirement plan assets whose fair values are measured using net asset value (NAV) are excluded from the fair value hierarchy and are included as reconciling items in the tables below

Investments in common/collective trust funds are presented at estimated fair value, which is determined based on the unit value of the fund. Unit value is determined by an independent trustee, which outstanding at the valuation date. The Company's investments in and by the Finance Committee to monitor compliance with investment quarterly redemptions following notice requirements of 45 to 60 days.

The fair values of the closely held investments and partnership interests are based upon the allocated share of the fair value of the underlying net assets as well as the allocated share of the undistributed profits and losses, including realized and unrealized gains and losses. Most of the Company's investments in closely held investments and partnership interests have redemption limitations that range from bi-monthly to days. One investment in a partnership has a lock-up for redemption

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in real estate was determined by the investment manager based on three basic approaches:

- · properties are externally appraised on an annual basis by independent appraisers, additional appraisals may be performed as warranted by specific asset or market conditions,
- property valuations are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as necessary, and
- loans are reflected at fair value.

The fair value of pension plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 16 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2017 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$	— \$	20,619 \$	— \$	20,619
Fixed income securities:					
U.S. governmeintsues		_	20,305	_	20,305
Corporate issues		_	185,272	_	185,272
International issues		_	32,054	_	32,054
Municipal issues		_	20,201	_	20,201
Mutual funds:					
U.S. equitsecurities		127,742	_	_	127,742
International equityecurities		40,755	_	_	40,755
Absolute return)		7,728	_	_	7,728
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disclosure)					
Common/collective trusts:					
Real estate		_	_	_	34,470
International equityecurities		_	_	_	43,462
Partnership/closely held investments:					
Absolute return)		_	_	_	67,167
Private equity funds		_	_	_	72
Real estate	_				5,805
Total	\$	176,225 \$	278,451 \$		605,652

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 16 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2016 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ — \$	10,179 \$	- \$	10,179
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. governmeintsues	_	30,919	_	30,919
Corporate issues	_	193,563	_	193,563
International issues	_	34,145	_	34,145
Municipal issues	_	18,888	_	18,888
Mutual funds:				
U.S. equitysecurities	120,856	_	_	120,856
International equitsecurities	30,025	_	_	30,025
Absolute returif ¹⁾	6,622	_	_	6,622
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disclosure)				
Common/collective trusts:				
Real estate	_	_	_	19,779
International equitsecurities	_	_	_	29,140
Partnership/closely held investments:				
Absolute returif ¹⁾	_	_	_	39,077
Private equity fund®	_	_	_	72
Real estate	 			7,649
Total	\$ 157,503 \$	287,694 \$	_ \$	540,914

⁽¹⁾ This category invests in multiple strategies to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The strategies include: (a) event driven, relative value, convertible, and fixed income arbitrage, (b) distressed investments, (c) long/short equity and fixed income, and (d) market neutral strategies.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets invested in debare fair-valued by the investment manager based upon other inputs and equity securities was based primarily on market prices. The fair (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchangenaturity and industry). The target asset allocation was 60 percent is determined based on the last reported sales price; securities tradedequity securities and 40 percent debt securities in both 2017 and 2016. The fair value of other postretirement plan assets was determined Investment securities for which market prices are not readily availableas of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

⁽²⁾ This category includes private equity funds that invest primarily in U.S. companies.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 16 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2017 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Balanced index mutual funds	\$ 37,953 \$	— \$	— \$	37,953

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 16 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2016 at fair value (dollars in thousands)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ — \$	6 \$	S — \$	6
Balanced index mutual funds	33,359	_		33,359
Total	\$ 33,359 \$	6 \$	S — \$	33,365

The balanced index fund for 2017 and 2016 is a single mutual fund that includes a percentage of U.S. equity and fixed income securities and International equity and fixed income securities.

401(k) Plans and Executive Deferral Plan

plans on a pre-tax basis up to the maximum amount permitted by law. Avista Utilities and METALfx have salary deferral 401(k) plans that espective company matches a portion of the salary deferred by are defined contribution plans and cover substantially all employees. each participant according to the schedule in the respective plan.

Employer matching contributions were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Employer 401(k) matching contributions	\$ 9.075 \$	8.710 \$	8.011

executive officers and other key employees the opportunity to defer incentive payments. Deferred compensation funds are held by the until the earlier of their retirement, termination, disability or death,

Employees can make contributions to their respective accounts in the

The Company has an Executive Deferral Plan. This plan allows up to 75 percent of their base salary and/or up to 100 percent of their Company in a Rabbi Trust.

There were deferred compensation assets included in other property and investments—net and corresponding deferred compensation liabilities included in other non-current liabilities and deferred credits on the Consolidated Balance Sheets of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Deferred compensation assets and liabilities	\$ 8,458 \$	7,679

NOTE 11. ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAXES

Federal Income Tax Law Changes

On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. The legislation includes substantial changes to the taxation of individuals as well as U.S. businesses, multi-national enterprises, and other types of taxpayers. Highlights of provisions most relevant to Avista Corp. include:

- A permanent reduction in the statutory corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, beginning with tax years after 2017;
- Statutory provisions requiring that excess deferred taxes associated with public utility property be normalized using the ARAM for determining the timing of the return of excess deferred • taxes to customers. Excess deferred taxes result from revaluing deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the newly enacted tax rate instead of the previous tax rate, which, for most rateregulated utilities like Avista Utilities and AEL&P, results in a net and passed through to customers over future periods;
- · Repeal of the corporate AMT;

- Bonus depreciation (expensing of capital investment on an accelerated basis) was removed as a deduction for property predominantly used in certain rate-regulated businesses (like Avista Utilities and AEL&P), but is still allowed for the Company's non-regulated businesses;
- The deduction for interest expense that is properly allocable to certain rate-regulated trade or businesses is still allowed under the new law, but the deduction is now limited for the Company's non-regulated businesses; and
- NOL carryback deductions were eliminated, but carryforward deductions are allowed indefinitely with some annual limitations versus the previous 20-year limitation.

The Company's analysis and interpretation of this legislation is benefit to customers that will be deferred as a regulatory liability complete as it relates to amounts recorded as of December 31, 2017 and based on its evaluation, the reduction of the U.S. corporate income tax rate required a revaluation of the Company's deferred income tax

assets and liabilities (including the value of our net operating loss carryforwards) during the fourth quarter of 2017, the period in which the revaluation of the Company's deferred income tax assets and tax legislation was enacted. Because Avista Corp. is predominantly a liabilities was recorded as a \$10.2 million (net) discrete adjustment to rate-regulated entity, a large portion of the net effect of the legislation income tax expense in the fourth quarter of 2017. Of this income tax was recorded as a regulatory liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and it will be returned to customers through the ratemaking process in future periods. The total net amount of the regulatory liability associated with the TCJA was \$442.3 million as of December 31, 2013 anuary 1, 2018 (including a reduction of the income tax rate to which is made up of \$339.9 million in excess deferred taxes and \$102.4 million for the income tax gross-up of those excess deferred taxes (which, together with the excess deferred tax amount, reflects th@mpany filed Petitions in January 2018 with the WUTC and OPUC process). The Company expects the Avista Utilities plant related amounts will be returned to customers over a period of approximately the TCJA (the IPUC on its own ordered deferred accounting for all 36 years using the ARAM. The Company expects the AEL&P plant related amounts to be returned to customers over a period of approximately 40 years. The Company does not currently have an estimate for the amortization period for the regulatory liability is waiting for additional implementation guidance from various regulatory agencies.

Because the Company has deferred income tax assets and liabilities related to its unregulated subsidiaries and certain utility expenses which are not being passed through to customers, the impact expense amount, \$7.5 million related to Avista Utilities and \$2.7 million related to the other businesses.

Because most of the provisions of the TCJA are effective as of 21 percent), but the Company's customers' rates continue to have the 35 percent corporate tax rate built in from prior general rate cases, the revenue amounts to be refunded to customers through the regulatory requesting orders authorizing the deferral of the accounting impact of the change in federal income tax expense caused by the enactment of jurisdictional utilities in January 2018). The Company is requesting to defer the impact of the change in federal income tax expense beginning in January 2018 forward until all benefits are properly captured through the deferral and refunded to customers through tariffs to be reviewed attributable to non-plant excess deferred taxes items as the Companyand implemented in future rate proceedings. The IPUC has requested a report on the estimated overall benefit to customers related to the impacts of the TCJA by March 30, 2018. The WUTC has issued a bench request in the Company's 2017 electric and natural gas general rate cases requesting such information by February 28, 2018.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense consisted of the following for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Current income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 13,101 \$	(46,457)\$	12,212
Deferred income tax expense	69,657	124,543	55,237
Total income tax expense	\$ 82,758 \$	78,086 \$	67,449

State income taxes do not represent a significant portion of total income tax expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income for any periods presented.

A reconciliation of federal income taxes derived from statutory federal tax rates (35 percent in 2017, 2016 and 2015) applied to income before income taxes as set forth in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income is as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2017		2016		2015
Federal income taxes at statutory rates	\$ 69,542	35.0% \$	75,391	35.0% \$	64,967	35.0%
Increase (decrease) in tax resulting from:						
Tax effect of regulatory treatment of utility						
plantdifferences	3,482	1.7	3,297	1.5	4,358	2.3
State income tax expense	1,110	0.6	1,316	0.6	1,012	0.5
Settlement of prior year tax returns and						
adjustment of tax reserves	(384)	(0.2)	13	_	(992)	(0.5)
Manufacturing deduction	(1,119)	(0.6)	_	_	(1,198)	(0.6)
Settlement of equity awards	(1,439)	(0.7)	(1,597)	(0.7)	_	_
Acquisition costs	2,491	1.3	_	_	_	_
Federal income tax rate change	10,169	5.1	_	_	_	_
Other	(1,09)#	(0.5)	(334	(0.1)	(698)	(0.4)
Total income tax expense	\$ 82,758	41.7% \$	78,086	36.3% \$	67,449	36.3%

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes and tax credit carryforwards.

The total net deferred income tax liability consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2017	2016
Deferred income tax assets:			
Unfunded benefit obligation	\$	41,944 \$	80,230
Utility energy commodity and interest rate swap derivatives		23,364	31,872
Regulatory deferred tax credits		6,359	15,192
Tax credits		23,042	27,931
Power and natural gas deferrals		14,379	19,415
Deferred compensation		7,080	11,141
Deferred taxes on regulatory liabilities	1	05,508	6,604
Other		15,892	22,908
Total gross deferred income tax assets	2	37,568	215,293
Valuation allowances for deferred tax assets	(10,98)2	(7,94)6
Total deferred income tax assets after valuation allowances	2	26,586	207,347
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
Differences between book and tax basis of utility plant	4	94,783	812,916
Regulatory asset on utility, property plant and equipment		81,860	37,301
Regulatory asset for pensions and other postretirement benefits		43,914	84,040
Utility energy commodity and interest rate swap derivatives		23,364	31,871
Long-term debt and borrowing costs		19,992	31,955
Settlement with Coeur d'Alene Tribe		6,802	11,711
Other regulatory assets		16,695	30,183
Other		5,806	8,298
Total deferred income tax liabilities	6	93,216	1,048,275
Net long-term deferred income tax liability	\$ 4	66,630 \$	840,928

The realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon Status of Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Examinations the ability to generate taxable income in future periods. The Company The Company and its eligible subsidiaries file consolidated federal evaluated available evidence supporting the realization of its deferred income tax returns. The Company also files state income tax returns in income tax assets and determined it is more likely than not that deferred rain jurisdictions, including Idaho, Oregon, Montana and Alaska. income tax assets will be realized.

Subsidiaries are charged or credited with the tax effects of their

As of December 31, 2017, the Company had \$19.6 million of stateperations on a stand-alone basis. The IRS has completed its tax credit carryforwards. Of the total amount, the Company believes examination of all tax years through 2011 and all issues were resolved that it is more likely than not that it will only be able to utilize \$8.6 millionalated to these years. The statute of limitations for the IRS to review of the state tax credits. As such, the Company has recorded a valuational 2012 and 2013 tax years has expired, and the Company has received allowance of \$11.0 million against the state tax credit carryforwards and totice of an IRS review in 2018 for tax years 2014 through 2016. The reflected the net amount of \$8.6 million as an asset as of December 3 Company believes that any open tax years for federal or state income 2017. State tax credits expire from 2019 to 2028. The Company also haves will not result in adjustments that would be significant to the approximately \$3.5 million of federal tax credit carryforwards and the consolidated financial statements.

Company believes that it is more likely than not all the federal credits will be utilized. The federal tax credits expire in 2036.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities Associated with Income Taxes

The Company had regulatory assets and liabilities related to the probable recovery/refund of certain deferred income tax assets and liabilities through future customer rates as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Regulatory assets for deferred income taxes	\$ 90,315 \$	109,853
Regulatory liabilities for deferred income taxes	460,542	28,966

NOTE 12. ENERGY PURCHASE CONTRACTS

The below discussion only relates to Avista Utilities. The sole Avista Utilities has contracts for the purchase of fuel for energy purchase contract at AEL&P is a PPA for the Snettisham thermal generation, natural gas for resale and various agreements hydroelectric project and it is accounted for as a capital lease. AEL&Pfor the purchase or exchange of electric energy with other entities. does not have any other significant operating agreements or contractually remaining term of the contracts range from one month to twentyobligations. See Note 14 for further discussion of the Snettisham PPAfive years.

Total expenses for power purchased, natural gas purchased, fuel for generation and other fuel costs, which are included in utility resource costs in the Consolidated Statements of Income, were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016	2015
Utility power resources	\$ 380,523 \$	402,575 \$	511,937

The following table details Avista Utilities' future contractual commitments for power resources (including transmission contracts) and natural gas resources (including transportation contracts) (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Γhereafter	Total
Power resources	\$ 189,262 \$	185,610\$	161,596 \$	149,125 \$	147,573 \$	916,255 \$	1,749,421
Natural gas resources	77,936	60,942	48,098	31,428	31,428	326,482	576,314
Total	\$ 267,198 \$	246,552\$	209,694 \$	180,553 \$	179,001 \$	1,242,737\$	2,325,735

These energy purchase contracts were entered into as part of Avista Utilities' obligation to serve its retail electric and natural gas resource optimization. As a result, these costs are recovered either through base retail rates or adjustments to retail rates as part of the power and natural gas cost deferral and recovery mechanisms.

with certain PUDs to purchase portions of the output of certain generating facilities. Although Avista Utilities has no investment in the December 31, 2017 (principal and interest) was \$63.5 million. PUD generating facilities, the fixed contracts obligate Avista Utilities to pay certain minimum amounts whether or not the facilities are operating. The cost of power obtained under the contracts, including transmission and distribution services.

payments made when a facility is not operating, is included in utility resource costs in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The customers' energy requirements, including contracts entered into for contractual amounts included above consist of Avista Utilities' share of existing debt service cost and its proportionate share of the variable operating expenses of these projects. The minimum amounts payable under these contracts are based in part on the proportionate share of The above future contractual commitments for power resources the debt service requirements of the PUD's revenue bonds for which

include fixed contractual amounts related to the Company's contracts the Company is indirectly responsible. The Company's total future debt service obligation associated with the revenue bonds outstanding at

In addition, Avista Utilities has operating agreements, settlements and other contractual obligations related to its generating facilities and

The expenses associated with these agreements are reflected as other operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The following table details future contractual commitments under these agreements (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Contractual obligations	\$ 32,205 \$	34,996 \$	33,961 \$	28,939 \$	33,925 \$	193,595 \$	357,621

NOTE 13. COMMITTED LINES OF CREDIT

Avista Corp.

of credit.

The committed line of credit agreement contains customary

Avista Corp. has a committed line of credit with various financial covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenant institutions in the total amount of \$400.0 million that expires in April which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt" to 2021. The committed line of credit is secured by non-transferable first"consolidated total capitalization" of Avista Corp. to be greater than mortgage bonds of Avista Corp. issued to the agent bank that would of percent at any time. As of December 31, 2017, the Company was in become due and payable in the event, and then only to the extent, thatompliance with this covenant. Avista Corp. defaults on its obligations under the committed line

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings (excluding letters of credit) under the Company's revolving committed lines of credit were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Balance outstanding at end of period	\$ 105,000 \$	120,000
Letters of credit outstanding at end of period	\$ 34,420 \$	34,353
Average interest rate at end of period	2.26%	1.50%

As d December 31, 2017 and 2016, the borrowings outstanding committed line of credit. The committed line of credit is secured by under Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit were classified as non-transferable first mortgage bonds of AEL&P issued to the agent short-term borrowings on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. In additionbank that would only become due and payable in the event, and then there were short-term borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 20 to the extent, that AEL&P defaults on its obligations under the on the Consolidated Balance Sheet related to a short-term note payable mmitted line of credit.

by a subsidiary for the acquisition of land that is expected to be repaid in The committed line of credit agreement contains customary early 2018. covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenants and default provisions.

covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt at AEL&P" to "consolidated total capitalization at AEL&P," including the impact of the

AEL&P

AEL&P has a committed line of credit in the amount of \$25.0 mill@mettisham bonds to be greater than 67.5 percent at any time. As of that expires in November 2019. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, to be the complete solution and complete solutions or letters of credit outstanding under this

NOTE 14. LONG TERM DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASES

The following details long-term debt outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Maturi	ty	Interest		
Year	Description	Rate	2017	2016
Avista	Corp. Secured Long-Term Debt			
2018	First Mortgage Bonds	5.95% \$	250,000 \$	250,000
2018	Secured Medium-Term Notes	7.39%-7.45%	22,500	22,500
2019	First Mortgage Bonds	5.45%	90,000	90,000
2020	First Mortgage Bonds	3.89%	52,000	52,000
2022	First Mortgage Bonds	5.13%	250,000	250,000
2023	Secured Medium-Term Notes	7.18%-7.54%	13,500	13,500
2028	Secured Medium-Term Notes	6.37%	25,000	25,000
2032	Secured Pollution Control Boríds	(1)	66,700	66,700
2034	Secured Pollution Control Boríds	(1)	17,000	17,000
2035	First Mortgage Bonds	6.25%	150,000	150,000
2037	First Mortgage Bonds	5.70%	150,000	150,000
2040	First Mortgage Bonds	5.55%	35,000	35,000
2041	First Mortgage Bonds	4.45%	85,000	85,000
2044	First Mortgage Bonds	4.11%	60,000	60,000
2045	First Mortgage Bonds	4.37%	100,000	100,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds	4.23%	80,000	80,000
2047	First Mortgage Bond®	3.91%	90,000	_
2051	First Mortgage Bonds	3.54%	175,000	175,000
	Total Avista Corp. secured long-term debt	_	1,711,700	1,621,700
Alaska	Electric Light and Power Company Secured Long-Term Debt			
2044	First Mortgage Bonds	4.54%	75,000	75,000
	Totalsecured long-term debt	_	1,786,700	1,696,700
Alaska	Energy and Resources Company Unsecured Long-Term Debt			
2019	Unsecured Term Loan	3.85%	15,000	15,000
	Total secured and unsecured long-term debt	_	1,801,700	1,711,700
Other	Long-Term Debt Components			
	Capitalease obligations		62,148	65,435
	Unamortizeddebt discount		(626)	(792)
	Unamortized long-term debt issuance costs		(10,28)5	(10,63)9
	Total	_	1,852,937	1,765,704
	Secured Pollution Control Bonds held by Avista Corpolation		(83,700)	(83,700)
	Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases		(277,43)8	(3,28)
	Total long-term debt and capital leases	\$	1,491,799\$	1,678,717
		<u> </u>		,,

- (1) In December 2010, \$66.7 million and \$17.0 million of the City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) due in 2032 and 2034, respectively, which had been held by Avista Corp. since 2008 and 2009, respectively, were refunded by new variable rate bond issues (Series 2010A and Series 2010B). The new bonds were not offered to the public and were purchased by Avista Corp. due to market conditions. The Company expects that at a later date, subject to market conditions, these bonds may be remarketed to unaffiliated investors. So long as Avista Corp. is the holder of these bonds, the bonds will not be reflected as an asset or a liability on Avista Corp.'s Consolidated Balance Sheets.
- (2) In December 2017, Avista Corp. issued and sold \$90.0 million of 3.91 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2047 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay a portion of the borrowings outstanding under Avista Corp.'s \$400.0 million committed line of credit. In connection with the execution of the bond purchase agreement, Avista Corp. cash-settled five interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$60.0 million) and paid a total of \$8.8 million.

The following table details future long-term debt maturities including long-term debt to affiliated trusts (see Note 15) (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Debt maturities	\$ 272,500 \$	105,000\$	52,000 \$	— \$	250,000 \$	1,090,047\$	1,769,547

Substantially all of Avista Utilities' and AEL&P's owned propertical ortgage) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months out of the are subject to the lien of their respective mortgage indentures. Under preceding 18 calendar months that were at least twice the annual the Mortgages and Deeds of Trust (Mortgages) securing their first interest requirements on all mortgage securities at the time outstanding, mortgage bonds (including secured medium-term notes), Avista Utilities cluding the first mortgage bonds to be issued, and on all indebtedness and AEL&P may each issue additional first mortgage bonds under their prior rank. As of December 31, 2017, property additions and retired specific mortgage in an aggregate principal amount equal to the sum donds would have allowed, and the net earnings test would not have

66% percent of the cost or fair value (whichever is lower) of prohibited, the issuance of \$1.3 billion in aggregate principal amount

- property additions of that entity which have not previously been of additional first mortgage bonds at Avista Utilities and \$24.1 million made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, oat AEL&P.

 an equal principal amount of retired first mortgage bonds of that
- entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- · deposit of cash.

Snettisham Capital Lease Obligation

Included in long-term capital leases above is a power purchase agreement between AEL&P and AIDEA, an agency of the State of Alaska, under which AEL&P has a take-or-pay obligation, expiring in

However, Avista Utilities and AEL&P may not individually issue appecember 2038, to purchase all the output of the 78 MW Snettisham additional first mortgage bonds (with certain exceptions in the case of Hydroelectric Project. For accounting purposes, this power purchase bonds issued on the basis of retired bonds) unless the particular entityagreement is treated as a capital lease. issuing the bonds has "net earnings" (as defined in that entity's

The balances related to the Snettisham capital lease obligation as of December 31 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Capital lease obligation	\$ 59,745 \$	62,160
Capital lease asset	71,007	71,007
Accumulated amortization of capital lease asset	12,745	9,104

- (1) The capital lease obligation amount is equal to the amount of AIDEA's revenue bonds outstanding
- (2) These amounts are included in utility plant in service on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Interest on the capital lease obligation and amortization of the capital lease asset are included in utility resource costs in the Consolidated Statements of Income and totaled the following amounts for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2017	2016
Interest on capital lease obligation	\$ 3,042 \$	3,157
Amortization of capital lease asset	3,641	3,642

AIDEA issued \$100.0 million of revenue bonds in 1998 to finance its Snettisham Electric Company, a non-operating subsidiary of AERC, acquisition of the project, and the payments by AEL&P under the PPAhas the option to purchase the Snettisham project with certain were designed to be sufficient to enable the AIDEA to pay the principatonditions at any time for the principal amount of the bonds outstanding of and interest on its revenue bonds (discussed below), which bore at that time.

interest at rates ranging from 4.9 percent to 6.0 percent and were set to While the power purchase agreement is treated as a capital lease mature in January 2034. for accounting purposes, for ratemaking purposes this agreement is

In August 2015, AIDEA issued \$65.7 million of new revenue bondseated as an operating lease with a constant level of annual rental for the purpose of refunding all of the remaining outstanding revenue expense (straight line expense). Because of this regulatory treatment, bonds for the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project. The new revenue bonds y difference between the operating lease expense for ratemaking have interest rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturepirposes and the expenses recognized under capital lease treatment January 2034. The capital lease obligation on Avista Corp.'s (interest and depreciation of the capital lease asset) is recorded as a Consolidated Balance Sheet at any given time is equal to the amount of gulatory asset and amortized during the later years of the lease when revenue bonds outstanding at that time. The payments by AEL&P undae capital lease expense is less than the operating lease expense the PPA between AEL&P and AIDEA are unconditional, notwithstandingluded in base rates.

any suspension, reduction or curtailment of the operation of the project. The Company evaluated this agreement to determine if it has a The bonds are payable solely out of AIDEA's receipts under the powervariable interest which must be consolidated. Based on this evaluation, purchase agreement. AEL&P is also obligated to operate, maintain an&IDEA will not be consolidated under ASC 810 "Consolidation" because insure the project. AEL&P's payments for power under the agreementAIDEA is a government agency and ASC 810 has a specific scope are between \$10.7 million and \$13.2 million per year, including the capeirate principal and interest of approximately \$5.5 million per year. government organizations.

The following table details future capital lease obligations, including interest, under the Snettisham PPA (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 T	hereafter	Total
Principal	\$ 2,535 \$	2,660 \$	2,800 \$	2,935 \$	3,085 \$	45,730 \$	59,745
Interest	2,921	2,795	2,662	2,522	2,375	14,300	27,575
Total	\$ 5,456 \$	5,455 \$	5,462 \$	5,457 \$	5,460 \$	60,030 \$	87,320

NOTE 15. LONG TERM DEBT TO AFFILIATED TRUSTS

In 1997, the Company issued Floating Rate Junior Subordinated the Company. Avista Capital II issued \$50.0 million of Preferred Trust Deferrable Interest Debentures, Series B, with a principal amount of Securities with a floating distribution rate of LIBOR plus 0.875 percent, \$51.5 million to Avista Capital II, an affiliated business trust formed bycalculated and reset quarterly.

The distribution rates paid were as follows during the years ended December 31:

	2017	2016	2015
Low distribution rate	1.81%	1.29%	1.11%
High distribution rate	2.36%	1.81%	1.29%
Distribution rate at the end of the year	2.36%	1.81%	1.29%

Concurrent with the issuance of the Preferred Trust Securities, Company. These debt securities may be redeemed at the option of 2000, the Company purchased \$10.0 million of these Preferred Trust Securities.

redemption price and liquidation amount for, the Preferred Trust Securities to the extent that Avista Capital II has funds available for

such payments from the respective debt securities. Upon maturity or Avista Capital II issued \$1.5 million of Common Trust Securities to the prior redemption of such debt securities, the Preferred Trust Securities will be mandatorily redeemed. The Company does not include these Avista Capital II at any time and mature on June 1, 2037. In Decemberapital trusts in its consolidated financial statements as Avista Corp. is not the primary beneficiary. As such, the sole assets of the capital trusts are \$51.5 million of junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures of The Company owns 100 percent of Avista Capital II and has solellyvista Corp., which are reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. and unconditionally guaranteed the payment of distributions on, and Interest expense to affiliated trusts in the Consolidated Statements of Income represents interest expense on these debentures.

NOTE 16. FAIR VALUE

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and commodities, time value, volatility factors, and current market and notes receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings are reasonable estimates of their fair values. Long-term debt (including current portion and material capital leases) and long-term debt to affiliated trusts are reported at carrying value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure faithe marketplace. value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to fair values derived from unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows: Level 1—Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Active markets are those in which volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2—Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, but which are either directly or indirectly the fair values incorporates various factors that not only include the observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 includes those financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies. These models are primarily industry-standard modelsimpact of Avista Corp.'s nonperformance risk on its liabilities. that consider various assumptions, including quoted forward prices for

contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these assumptions are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the instrument, can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in

Level 3—Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally unobservable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency anparticular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The determination of credit standing of the counterparties involved and the impact of credit enhancements (such as cash deposits and letters of credit), but also the The following table sets forth the carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments not reported at estimated fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2017		2016
	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated
	Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value
Long-term debt (Level 2)	\$ 951,000 \$	1,067,783\$	951,000 \$	1,048,661
Long-term debt (Level 3)	767,000	810,598	677,000	675,251
Snettisham capital lease obligation (Level 3)	59,745	61,700	62,160	62,800
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts (Level 3)	51,547	41,882	51,547	38,660

These estimates of fair value of long-term debt and long-term debtevel 3 long-term debt consists of private placement bonds and debt to to affiliated trusts were primarily based on available market informatioaffiliated trusts, which typically have no secondary trading activity. Fair which generally consists of estimated market prices from third-party values in Level 3 are estimated based on market prices from third-party brokers for debt with similar risk and terms. The price ranges obtained brokers using secondary market quotes for debt with similar risk and from the third-party brokers consisted of par values of 81.25 to 130.03 erms to generate quotes for Avista Corp. bonds. Due to the unique where a par value of 100.00 represents the carrying value recorded omature of the Snettisham capital lease obligation, the estimated fair the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Level 2 long-term debt represents value of these items was determined based on a discounted cash flow publicly issued bonds with quoted market prices; however, due to theirmodel using available market information. The Snettisham capital lease limited trading activity, they are classified as Level 2 because brokers obligation was discounted to present value using the Morgan Markets A must generate quotes and make estimates using comparable debt witex-Fin discount rate as published on December 31, 2017. similar risk and terms if there is no trading activity near a period end.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities measured and reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 at fair value on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

				unterparty and Cash	
				Cdlateral	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ⁽¹⁾	Total
December 31, 2017					
Assets:					
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 43,814 \$	_	\$ (42,550)\$	1,264
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:					
Natural gas exchange agreements	_	_	183	(183)	_
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	32	_	(1)	31
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	7,477	_	(2,574)	4,903
Deferred compensation assets:					
Mutual Funds:					
Fixed income securities	1,638	_	_	_	1,638
Equitysecurities ⁽²⁾	 6,631	 		 	6,631
Total	\$ 8,269	\$ 51,323 \$	183	\$ <u>(45,30</u>)8 <u>\$</u>	14,467
Liabilities:					
Energycommodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 71,342 \$	_	\$ (69,988)\$	1,354
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:					
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	3,347	(183)	3,164
Power exchang e greement	_	_	13,245	_	13,245
Power optioragreement	_	_	19	_	19
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	1	_	(1)	_
Interest rate swap derivatives		 73,513		(37,54)4	35,969
Total	\$ 	\$ 144,856 \$	16,611	\$ (107,71)6 \$	53,751
December 31, 2016					
Assets:					
Energycommodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 47,994 \$	_	\$ (46,099)\$	1,895
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:					
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	69	(69)	_
Power exchangegreement	_	_	25	(25)	_
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	5	_	(5)	_
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	13,098	_	(4,348)	8,750
Deferred compensation assets:					
Mutual Funds:					
Fixed income securities	1,789	_	_	_	1,789
Equitysecurities ⁽²⁾	5,481		_		5,481
Total	\$ 7,270	\$ 61,097 \$	94	\$ (50,54)6 \$	17,915
Liabilities:					
Energycommodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 56,871 \$	_	\$ (55,957)\$	914
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:					
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	5,954	(69)	5,885
Power exchangagreement	_	_	13,474	(25)	13,449
Power optionagreement	_	_	76	_	76
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	28	_	(5)	23
Interest rate swap derivatives		73,978		(39,24)8	34,730
Total	\$ 	\$ 130,877 \$	19,504	\$ (95,30)4 \$	55,077

⁽¹⁾ The Company is permitted to net derivative assets and derivative liabilities with the same counterparty when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists. In addition, the Company nets derivative assets and derivative liabilities against any payables and receivables for cash collateral held or placed with these same counterparties.

⁽²⁾ These assets are trading securities and are included in other property and investments—net and other non-current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The difference between the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed in respective levels in the table above and the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed on the Consolidated Balance Sheets is due to netting arrangements with certain counterparties. See Note 6 for additional discussion of derivative netting.

To establish fair value for energy commodity derivatives, the Company uses quoted market prices and forward price curves to estimate the fair value of energy commodity derivative instruments included in Level 2. In particular, electric derivative valuations are performed using market quotes, adjusted for periods in between New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) pricing for similar instruments, adjusted for basin differences, using market quotes. the contract, the derivative asset or liability is included in Level 2.

To establish fair values for interest rate swap derivatives, the the swaps and discounts the cash flows back to present value using anthe internal forward price. appropriate discount rate. The discount rate is calculated by third-party the Company for reasonableness, with consideration given to the the swap compared to the floating market interest rate multiplied by the generation plant heat rate factors, natural gas market pricing, notional amount for each period.

To establish fair value for foreign currency derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for Canadian dollars against the esult in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement. US dollar and multiplies the difference between the locked-in price an Generally, changes in overall commodity market prices are the market price by the notional amount of the derivative. Forward foreign currency market curves are provided by third-party brokers. The the calculation. Company's credit spread is factored into the locked-in price of the foreign exchange contracts.

funds consist of actively traded equity and bond funds with quoted prices in active markets. The balance disclosed in the table above 2017 and \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2016.

Level 3 Fair Value

power at a price that is based on the average operating and maintenance (O&M) charges from three surrogate nuclear power plants arket volatility.

around the country. To estimate the fair value of this agreement the Company estimates the difference between the purchase price based on the future O&M charges and forward prices for energy. The Company compares the Level 2 brokered quotes and forward price curves described above to an internally developed forward price which is based on the average O&M charges from the three surrogate nuclear power plants for the current year. Because the nuclear power plant O&M charges are only known for one year, all forward years are estimated assuming an annual escalation. In addition to the forward price being estimated using unobservable inputs, the Company also estimates the volumes of the transactions that will take place in the future based on quotable periods. Natural gas derivative valuations are estimated usingistorical average transaction volumes per delivery year (November to April). Significant increases or decreases in any of these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher or lower fair value Where observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of measurement. Generally, a change in the current year O&M charges for the surrogate plants is accompanied by a directionally similar change in O&M charges in future years. There is generally not a correlation Company uses forward market curves for interest rates for the term ofbetween external market prices and the O&M charges used to develop

For the power commodity option agreement, which expires in June brokers according to the terms of the swap derivatives and evaluated 2019, the Company uses the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model to estimate the fair value, and this model includes significant inputs not potential non-performance risk by the Company. Future cash flows of observable or corroborated in the market. These inputs include: 1) the the interest rate swap derivatives are equal to the fixed interest rate instrike price (which is an internally derived price based on a combination delivery and other O&M charges) and 2) estimated delivery volumes. Significant increases or decreases in these inputs in isolation would accompanied by directionally similar changes in the strike price used

For the natural gas commodity exchange agreement, the Company uses the same Level 2 brokered quotes described above; however, the Deferred compensation assets and liabilities represent funds hel@ompany also estimates the purchase and sales volumes (within by the Company in a Rabbi Trust for an executive deferral plan. Thesecontractual limits) as well as the timing of those transactions. Changing the timing of volume estimates changes the timing of purchases and sales, impacting which brokered quote is used. Because the brokered excludes cash and cash equivalents of \$0.2 million as of December 31quotes can vary significantly from period to period, the unobservable estimates of the timing and volume of transactions can have a significant impact on the calculated fair value. The Company currently estimates volumes and timing of transactions based on a most likely Under the power exchange agreement the Company purchases scenario using historical data. Historically, the timing and volume of transactions have not been highly correlated with market prices and

The following table presents the quantitative information which was used to estimate the fair values of the Level 3 assets and liabilities above as of December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	Fair \	/alue (Net) at	Valuation	Umbservable	
	Decei	mber 31, 2017	Technique	Input	Range
Power exchange agreement	\$	(13,245)	Surrogate facility	O&M charges	\$38.87-\$45.20/MWh
			pricing	Escalation factor	5%—2018 to 2019
				Transaction volumes	256,663-396,984 MWhs
Power option agreement		(19)	Black-Scholes-	Strike price	\$36.64/MWh—2018
			Merton		\$42.51/MWh—2018
				Delivery volumes	94,221-190,339 MWhs
Natural gas exchange agreement		(3,164)	Internally derived	Forward purchase prices	\$1.60-\$2.07/mmBTU
			weighted-average	Forward sales prices	\$1.56-\$2.98/mmBTU
			cost of gas	Purchase volumes	115,000-310,000 mmBTUs
				Sales volumes	60,000-310,000 mmBTUs

⁽¹⁾ The average O&M charges for the delivery year beginning in November 2017 are \$41.95 per MWh.

The valuation methods, significant inputs and resulting fair values described above were developed by the Company's management and are reviewed on at least a quarterly basis to ensure they provide a reasonable estimate of fair value each reporting period.

The following table presents activity for energy commodity derivative assets (liabilities) measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Nat	ural Gas	Power	Power	
	Е	xchange	Exchange	Option	
	Αg	reement	Agreement	Agreement	Total
Year ended December 31, 2017:					
Balance as of January 1, 2017	\$	(5,885)\$	(13,449)	\$ (76) \$	(19,410)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilitiès		3,292	(7,674)	57	(4,325)
Settlements		(57)	7,878		7,307
Ending balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	(3,16)4 \$	(13,24)5	\$ (19)	(16,42)8
Year ended December 31, 2016:					
Balance as of January 1, 2016	\$	(5,039)\$	(21,961)	\$ (124) \$	(27,124)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilitiés		259	400	48	707
Settlements		(1,10)5	8,112		7,007
Ending balance as of December 31, 2016	\$	(5,88)5 \$	(13,44)9	\$ (76) \$	(19,41)0
Year ended December 31, 2015:					
Balance as of January 1, 2015	\$	(35) \$	(23,299)	\$ (424) \$	(23,758)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities		(6,008)	(6,198)	300	(11,906)
Settlements		1,004	7,536	_	8,540
Ending balance as of December 31, 2015	\$	(5,03)9 \$	(21,96)1	\$ (124)	(27,12)4

⁽¹⁾ All gains and losses are included in other regulatory assets and liabilities. There were no gains and losses included in either net income or other comprehensive income during any of the periods presented in the table above.

NOTE 17. COMMON STOCK

 certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when outstanding) contained in the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (currently there are no preferred shares outstanding),

- The payment of dividends on common stock could be limited by: certain covenants applicable to the Company's outstanding certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when long-term debt and committed line of credit agreements,
 - the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA (see Note 1),

⁽²⁾ There were no purchases, issuances or transfers from other categories of any derivatives instruments during the periods presented in the table above.

- certain requirements under the OPUC approval of the AERC percent common equity (inclusive of short-term debt). This limitation may be revised upon request by the Company with approval from the OPUC, and
- the Merger Agreement with Hydro One, which states Avista Corp. cannot (A) declare, authorize, set aside for payment or pay any The Company did not have any preferred stock outstanding as of dividend on, or make any other distribution in respect of, any shares of its capital stock, other than (1) dividends paid by any subsidiary of the Company to the Company or to any wholly own ack Repurchase Programs subsidiary of the Company, (2) quarterly cash dividends with record dates and payment dates consistent with the Company's disclosed in the Consolidated Statements of Equity. The average current dividend practice, or (3) a "stub period" dividend to holders of record of Company common stock as of immediately prior to the effective time of the merger equal to the product of (x) the number of days from the record date for payment of the lastquity Issuances quarterly dividend paid by the Company prior to the effective time dividing the amount of the last quarterly dividend prior to the effective time of the merger by ninety-one or (B) adjust, split, combine, subdivide or reclassify any shares of its capital stock (see "Note 4" for additional information regarding the merger).

The Company declared the following dividends for the year ended December 31:

	2017	2016	2015
Dividends paid per			_
common share	\$ 1.43 \$	1.37 \$	1.32

Under the most restrictive of the dividend limitations discussed acquisition in 2014. The OPUC's AERC acquisition order requireabove, which are the requirements of the Merger Agreement with Hydro Avista Utilities to maintain a capital structure of no less than 40 One, the amount available for dividends at December 31, 2017 was limited to \$97.6 million (which is based on the number of shares outstanding as of December 31, 2017 and an annual dividend of \$1.49 per share that was declared on February 2, 2018).

> The Company has 10 million authorized shares of preferred stock. December 31, 2017 and 2016.

During 2015, Avista Corp.'s Board of Directors approved a program respect to the Company common stock not to exceed the 2017 to repurchase shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. annual per share dividend rate by more than \$0.06 per year, withThe number of shares repurchased and the total cost of repurchases are repurchase price was \$32.66 in 2015. All repurchased shares reverted to the status of authorized but unissued shares.

In March 2016, the Company entered into four separate sales of the merger, multiplied by (y) a daily dividend rate determined baygency agreements under which Avista Corp.'s sales agents may offer and sell up to 3.8 million new shares of Avista Corp.'s common stock, no par value, from time-to-time. The sales agency agreements expire on February 29, 2020. Through December 31, 2017, 2.7 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$120.0 million (\$54.7 million in 2017 and \$65.3 million in 2016), leaving 1.1 million shares remaining to be issued.

NOTE 18. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AVISTA CORPORATION SHAREHOLDERS

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders for the years ended December 31 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2017	2016	2015
Numerator:			
Net income from continuing operations attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 115,916	\$ 137,228	\$ 118,080
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ _	\$ —	\$ 5,147
Denominator:			
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding—basic	64,496	63,508	62,301
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Performance and restricted stock awards	310	412	407
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding—diluted	64,806	63,920	62,708
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders, basic:			
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$ 1.80	\$ 2.16	\$ 1.90
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 0.08
Total earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic	\$ 1.80	\$ 2.16	\$ 1.98
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted:			
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$ 1.79	\$ 2.15	\$ 1.89
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 0.08
Total earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$ 1.79	\$ 2.15	\$ 1.97

There were no shares excluded from the calculation because they were antidilutive.

NOTE 19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES of the mitigation plan, Avista Corp. will continue to work with

various claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters, continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all including the items described in this Note. Some of these claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters involve litigation or other contested proceedings. For all such matters, the Company intends to vigorously protect and defend its interests and pursue its rights. However, no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcomested bull trout as threatened under the Endangered Species Act. In of any particular matter because litigation and other contested proceedings are inherently subject to numerous uncertainties. For matters that affect Avista Utilities' or AEL&P's operations, the Company intends to seek, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

Proceedings in whose markets Avista Energy participated in the

California Refund Proceeding

predict the eventual outcome.

and the California Public Utilities Commission (together, the "Californiaf construction of the permanent fishway at Cabinet Gorge. committed violations in the California market in the summer of dismissed in FERC Opinion No. 536 from the on-going administrative Gorge and Noxon Rapids. proceeding at the FERC regarding potential wrongdoing in the California markets in the summer of 2000. APX has identified Avista Energy's sladelective Bargaining Agreements of APX's exposure to be as much as \$16.0 million even though no insulates it from any such liability and that as a dismissed party it canner presenting the majority (approximately 90 percent) of the Avista be drawn back into the litigation. Avista Energy intends to vigorously Utilities' bargaining unit employees was approved in March 2016 and dispute APX's assertions of indirect liability, but cannot at this time

Cabinet Gorge Total Dissolved Gas Abatement Plan

Gas" or "TDG") in the Clark Fork River exceed state of Idaho and fedeadreement with the IBEW in Alaska represents approximately 50 water quality numeric standards downstream of Cabinet Gorge particularly during periods when excess river flows must be diverted are non-union. over the spillway. Under the terms of the Clark Fork Settlement the Clark Fork Project, Avista Corp. has worked in consultation with could strike. Given the magnitude of employees that are covered by TDG by constructing spill crest modifications on spill gates at the damoccurring is remote.

These modifications have been shown to be effective in reducing TDG downstream. TDG monitoring and analysis is ongoing. Under the terms

stakeholders to determine the degree to which TDG abatement reduces In the course of its business, the Company becomes involved in future mitigation obligations. The Company has sought, and will operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

Fish Passage at Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids

populations in the project area. Using the concept of adaptive

In 1999, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) 2010, the USFWS issued a revised designation of critical habitat for bull trout, which includes the lower Clark Fork River. The USFWS issued a final recovery plan in October 2015.

The CFSA describes programs intended to help restore bull trout

management and working closely with the USFWS, the Company evaluated the feasibility of fish passage at Cabinet Gorge and Noxon In February 2016, APX, a market maker in the California Refund Rapids. The results of these studies led, in part, to the decision to move forward with development of permanent facilities, among other bull summer of 2000, asserted that Avista Energy and its other customer/trout enhancement efforts. In 2017, parties to the CFSA reached an participants may be responsible for a share of the disgorgement penalagreement regarding Avista Corp.'s obligations regarding fish passage APX may be found to owe to Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E), Southernand related issues. Avista Corp. filed this agreement, which amends the California Edison, San Diego Gas & Electric, the California Attorney original Clark Fork Settlement Agreement, with the FERC. Avista Corp. General (AG), the California Department of Water Resources (CERS) has also initiated a license amendment and permitting efforts in support Parties"). The penalty arises as a result of the FERC's finding that AP&onstruction is expected to begin in late 2018. The Company has sought,

and will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of 2000. APX is making these assertions despite Avista Energy having badeoperating and capitalized costs related to fish passage at Cabinet

The Company's collective bargaining agreements with the IBEW wrongdoing allegations are specifically attributable to Avista Energy. represent approximately 45 percent of all of Avista Utilities' employees. Avista Energy believes its settlement with the California Parties in 2014three-year agreement with the local union in Washington and Idaho expires in March 2019.

> A three-year agreement in Oregon, which covers approximately 50 employees will expire in March 2020.

A collective bargaining agreement with the local union of the Dissolved atmospheric gas levels (referred to as "Total DissolvedBEW in Alaska expires in March 2019. The collective bargaining percent of all AERC employees. The remainder of AERC's employees

There is a risk that if collective bargaining agreements expire and Agreement (CFSA) as incorporated in Avista Corp.'s FERC license fonew agreements are not reached in each of our jurisdictions, employees agencies, tribes and other stakeholders to address this issue. Under the llective bargaining agreements, this could result in disruptions to our terms of a gas supersaturation mitigation plan, Avista Corp. is reducingperations. However, the Company believes that the possibility of this

Legal Proceedings Related to the Pending Acquisition by Hydro One

See Note 4 for information regarding the proposed acquisition of legal claims and contingent matters outstanding. The Company believes the Company by Hydro One.

annual report, the three lawsuits that had been filed in the United Stat@sws. It is possible that a change could occur in the Company's District Court for the Eastern District of Washington have been voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs. Those cases were captioned as follows:

- Jenß v. Avista Corporation., et al., No. 2:17-cv-00333 (E.D. Washamalyses and legal reviews, its contingencies, obligations and (filed September 25, 2017);
- (filed September 26, 2017); and
- Wash.) (filed September 26, 2017)

There remains one lawsuit that has been filed in the Superior as follows:

amended complaint filed October 25, 2017).

This lawsuit was filed against Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding The Company has potential liabilities under the Endangered Corp., Olympus Corp. and Bank of America Merrill Lynch, as well as aspecies Act for species of fish, plants and wildlife that have either members of the Company's Board of Directors, namely Erik Andersonalready been added to the endangered species list, listed as Kristianne Blake, Donald Burke, Rebecca Klein, Scott Maw, Scott "threatened" or petitioned for listing. Thus far, measures adopted and Morris, Marc Racicot, Heidi Stanley, John Taylor and Janet Widmann.implemented have had minimal impact on the Company. However, the

The complaint generally alleges that the members of the Board Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking breached their fiduciary duties by, among other things, conducting an process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to these issues. allegedly inadequate sale process and agreeing to the acquisition at a price that allegedly undervalues Avista Corporation, and that Hydro Othernpany is obligated to protect its property rights, including water Limited, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. aided and abetterights. In addition, the company holds additional non-hydro water rights. those purported breaches of duty. The aiding and abetting claims were he state of Montana is examining the status of all water right claims brought only against Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp. and within state boundaries through a general adjudication. Claims within Olympus Corp. The complaints seek various remedies, including

monetary damages, including attorneys' fees and expenses. The complaint has been stayed by the court until the closing of the transaction at which time the plaintiff will have the option to file an amended complaint within 30 days of such closing. If the amended complaint is not filed within the 30 days the suit will be dismissed.

All defendants deny any wrongdoing in connection with the proposed acquisition and plan to vigorously defend against all pending claims; however, the Company cannot at this time predict the eventual outcome.

Other Contingencies

ratemaking process.

that any ultimate liability arising from these actions will not have a In connection with the proposed acquisition, as of the date of thismaterial impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash estimates of the probability or amount of a liability being incurred. Such

In the normal course of business, the Company has various other

The Company routinely assesses, based on studies, expert commitments for remediation of contaminated sites, including

a change, should it occur, could be significant.

 Samuel v. Avista Corporation, et al., No. 2:17-cv-00334 (E.D. Waabsesments of ranges and probabilities of recoveries from other responsible parties who either have or have not agreed to a settlement

Sharpenter v. Avista Corporation., et al., No. 2:17-cv-00336 (E.D.as well as recoveries from insurance carriers. The Company's policy is to accrue and charge to current expense identified exposures related to environmental remediation sites based on estimates of investigation, Court for the State of Washington in and for Spokane County, captionel and monitoring costs to be incurred. For matters that affect Avista Utilities' or AEL&P's operations, the Company seeks, to the Fink v. Morris, et al., No. 17203616-6 (filed September 15, 2017, extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the

> the Clark Fork River basin could adversely affect the energy production of the Company's Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids hydroelectric facilities. The state of Idaho has initiated adjudication in northern Idaho, which will ultimately include the lower Clark Fork River, the Spokane River and the Coeur d'Alene basin. The Company is and will continue to be a participant in these and any other relevant adjudication processes. The complexity of such adjudications makes each unlikely to be concluded in the foreseeable future. As such, it is not possible for the Company to estimate the impact of any outcome at this time. The Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

Under the federal licenses for its hydroelectric projects, the

NOTE 20. REGULATORY MATTERS

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The following table presents the Company's regulatory assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

Desciving

	Receiving					
	_	Regulatory	Treatment			
1	Remaining		Not	Expected		
Ar	mortization	Earning	Earning	Recovery or	Total	Total
	Period	a Return(1)	a Return	Refund(2)	2017	2016
Regulatory Assets:						
Investment in exchange power—net	2019 \$	4,083 \$	_	\$ - \$	4,083 \$	6,533
Regulatory assets for deferred income tax	(3)	90,315	_	_	90,315	109,853
Regulatory assets for pensions and other postretirement b	enefit plafis	_	209,115	_	209,115	240,114
Current regulatory asset for energy commodity derivatives	(5)	_	24,991	_	24,991	11,365
Unamortized debt repurchase costs	(6)	11,880	_	_	11,880	13,700
Regulatory asset for settlement with Coeur d'Alene Tribe	2059	43,954	_	_	43,954	45,265
Demand side management programs	(3)	_	24,620	_	24,620	15,700
Decoupling surcharge	2019	22,359	_	_	22,359	43,126
Regulatory asset for utility plant to be abandoned	(7)	24,330	_	_	24,330	19,100
Regulatory asset for interest rate swaps	(8)	53,797	_	115,907	169,704	161,508
Non-current regulatory asset for energy commodity derivat	ives (5)	_	18,967	_	18,967	16,919
Other regulatory assets	(3)	8,212	7,064	4,555	19,831	16,645
Total regulatory assets	9	258,930 \$	284,757	\$ 120,462 \$	664,149 \$	699,828
Regulatory Liabilities:	_					
Natural gas deferrals	(3)	37,474 \$	_	\$ - \$	37,474 \$	30,820
Power deferrals	(3)	29,873	_	_	29,873	23,528
Regulatory liability for utility plant retirement costs	(9)	285,786	_	_	285,786	273,983
Income tax related liabilities	(3) (10)	_	18,223	442,319	460,542	28,966
Regulatory liability for interest rate swaps	(8)	11,257	_	7,381	18,638	21,191
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	(3)	_	2,350	3,420	5,770	10,297
Decoupling rebate	2019	5,816	_	_	5,816	2,405
Other regulatory liabilities	(3)	1,926	2,528	_	4,454	5,762
Total regulatory liabilities	9	372,132 \$	23,101	\$ 453,120 \$	848,353 \$	396,952
	_					

- (1) Earning a return includes either interest on the regulatory asset/liability or a return on the investment as a component of rate base at the allowed rate of return.
- (2) Expected recovery is pending regulatory treatment including regulatory assets and liabilities with prior regulatory precedence.
- (3) Remaining amortization period varies depending on timing of underlying transactions.
- (4) As the Company has historically recovered and currently recovers its pension and other postretirement benefit costs related to its regulated operations in retail rates, the Company records a regulatory asset for that portion of its pension and other postretirement benefit funding deficiency.
- (5) The WUTC and the IPUC issued accounting orders authorizing Avista Corp. to offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities with a regulatory asset or liability. This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. Realized benefits and losses result in adjustments to retail rates through purchased gas cost adjustments, the ERM in Washington, the PCA mechanism in Idaho, and periodic general rates cases. The resulting regulatory assets have been concluded to be probable of recovery through future rates.
- (6) Fσ the Company's Washington jurisdiction and for any debt repurchases beginning in 2007 in all jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt are amortized over the remaining life of the original debt that was repurchased or, if new debt is issued in connection with the repurchase, these costs are amortized over the life of the new debt. In the Company's other regulatory jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt prior to 2007 are being amortized over the average remaining maturity of outstanding debt when no new debt was issued in connection with the debt repurchase. These costs are recovered through retail rates as a component of interest expense.
- (7) In March 2016, the WUTC granted the Company's Petition for an Accounting Order to defer and include in a regulatory asset the undepreciated value of its existing Washington electric meters and natural gas ERTs for the opportunity for later recovery. This accounting treatment is related to the Company's plan to replace approximately 253,000 of its existing electric meters with new two-way digital meters and the related software and support services through its AMI project in Washington State. Replacement of the meters is expected to begin in the second half of 2018.

Footnotes continue on next page.

- For interest rate swap derivatives, Avista Corp. records all mark-to-market gains and losses in each accounting period as assets and liabilities and records offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities, such that there is no income statement impact. The interest rate swap derivatives are risk management tools similar to energy commodity derivatives. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. The Company records an offset of interest rate swap derivative assets and liabilities with regulatory assets and liabilities, based on the prior practice of the commissions to provide recovery through the ratemaking process. Settled interest rate swap derivatives which have been through a general rate case proceeding are classified as earning a return in the table above, whereas all unsettled interest rate swap derivatives and settled interest rate swap derivatives which have not been included in a general rate case are classified as expected recovery. See below for additional information regarding the Company's 2016 settled interest rate swaps in the Washington general rate cases. The Idaho and Oregon portion of the 2016 settled interest rate swaps are included in earning a return because they were approved for recovery in those respective states.
- This amount is dependent upon the cost of removal of underlying utility plant assets and the life of utility plant.
- (10) The amount pending recovery represents amounts due back to customers and resulted from the new federal income tax law and changing the federal income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent and revaluing all deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2017. The Company currently expects the amounts for utility plant items for Avista Utilities to be returned to customers over a period of approximately 36 years using the ARAM. The Company expects the AEL&P amounts to be returned to customers over a period of approximately 40 years. The Company does not currently have an estimate for non-plant items included in this balance as the Company is waiting for additional implementation guidance from various regulatory agencies. In addition, none of the excess deferred tax amounts have been through a regulatory proceeding as of this filling; therefore, a definitive amortization period has not been established. See Note 11 for additional discussion regarding the new federal income tax law.

Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Natural Gas Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Deferred power supply costs are recorded as a deferred charge or Avista Utilities files a PGA in all three states it serves to adjust liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets for future prudence reviewatural gas rates for: 1) estimated commodity and pipeline and recovery or rebate through retail rates. The power supply costs transportation costs to serve natural gas customers for the coming year, deferred include certain differences between actual net power supply and 2) the difference between actual and estimated commodity and costs incurred by Avista Utilities and the costs included in base retail transportation costs for the prior year. Total net deferred natural gas rates. This difference in net power supply costs primarily results from costs to be refunded to customers were a liability of \$37.5 million as changes in:

· short-term wholesale market prices and sales and purchase volumes,

- the level, availability and optimization of hydroelectric generation Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms
- the level and availability of thermal generation (including changes in fuel prices),
- · retail loads, and
- · sales of surplus transmission capacity.

In Washington, the ERM allows Avista Utilities to periodically increase or decrease electric rates with WUTC approval to reflect rates for Washington customers and defer these differences (over the commercial customer classes are included in decoupling mechanisms. \$4.0 million deadband and sharing bands) for future surcharge or rebate to customers. For 2017, the Company recognized a pre-tax benefit of Washington Decoupling and Earnings Sharing \$4.6 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of were a liability of \$23.7 million as of December 31, 2017 and a liability. Jamfnuary 1, 2015. Electric and natural gas decoupling surcharge rate \$21.3 million as of December 31, 2016. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

Avista Utilities has a PCA mechanism in Idaho that allows it to modify electric rates on October 1 of each year with IPUC approval. Under the PCA mechanism, Avista Utilities defers 90 percent of the difference between certain actual net power supply expenses and the earnings test. At the end of each calendar year, separate electric amount included in base retail rates for its Idaho customers for future and natural gas earnings calculations are made for the calendar year surcharge or rebate to customers. The October 1 rate adjustments just ended. These earnings tests reflect actual decoupled revenues, recover or rebate power costs deferred during the preceding July-Juneormalized power supply costs and other normalizing adjustments. twelve-month period. Total net power supply costs deferred under thelf the Company earns more than its authorized ROR in Washington, PCA mechanism were a liability of \$6.1 million as of December 31, 2050 percent of excess earnings are rebated to customers through power cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

of December 31, 2017 and a liability of \$30.8 million as of December 31, 2016. These balances represent amounts due to customers.

Decoupling (also known as an FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage. In each of Avista Utilities' jurisdictions, Avista Utilities' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues changes in power supply costs. The ERM is an accounting method usbdsed on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues to track certain differences between actual power supply costs, net of based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base retailstomers beginning in the following year. Only residential and certain

In Washington, the WUTC approved the Company's decoupling \$5.1 million for 2016. Total net deferred power costs under the ERM mechanisms for electric and natural gas for a five-year period beginning adjustments to customers are limited to a 3 percent increase on an annual basis, with any remaining surcharge balance carried forward for recovery in a future period. There is no limit on the level of rebate rate adjustments.

The decoupling mechanisms each include an after-the-fact and a liability of \$2.2 million as of December 31, 2016. These deferredadjustments to decoupling surcharge or rebate balances. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Idaho FCA and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

In Idaho, the IPUC approved the implementation of FCAs for electric and natural gas (similar in operation and effect to the Washington decoupling mechanisms) for an initial term of three years, Idaho mechanisms described above. The decoupling mechanism beginning January 1, 2016.

for electric and natural gas operations in Idaho, earned more than a 9.8 percent ROE, the Company was required to share with customersmore than 100 basis points above its allowed ROE, one-third of the 50 percent of any earnings above the 9.8 percent. This after-the-fact earnings above the 100 basis points would be deferred and later earnings test was discontinued, effective January 1, 2016, as part of theturned to customers. The earnings review is separate from the settlement of the Company's 2015 Idaho electric and natural gas genedaboupling mechanism and was in place prior to decoupling. decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Oregon Decoupling Mechanism

In February 2016, the OPUC approved the implementation of a decoupling mechanism for natural gas, similar to the Washington and became effective on March 1, 2016. There will be an opportunity for

For the period 2013 through 2015, the Company had an after-thenterested parties to review the mechanism and recommend changes, fact earnings test, such that if Avista Corp., on a consolidated basis if any, by September 2019. In Oregon, an earnings review is conducted on an annual basis. In the annual earnings review, if the Company earns rates cases. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under tisee below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Cumulative Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanism Balances

As of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had the following cumulative balances outstanding related to decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms in its various jurisdictions (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, December 31,
	2017 2016
Washington	_
Decoupling surcharge	\$ 14,240 \$ 30,408
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	(3,420) (5,113)
Idaho	
Decoupling surcharge	\$ 3,471 \$ 8,292
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	(2,350) (5,184)
Oregon	
Decoupling surcharge (rebate)	\$ (1,168)\$ 2,021
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	

Interest Rate Swaps included in the 2017 Washington **General Rate Cases**

recognized through the income statement rather than recorded as a regulatory asset or liability.

On October 27, 2017, WUTC Staff and other parties to Avista Interest rate swaps are a tool used throughout multiple industries Corp.'s electric and natural gas general rate cases filed their testimon to manage interest rate risk. They also provide certainty for future cash These parties recommended lower revenue requirements than what flows associated with future borrowings. Since interest costs are was proposed in Avista Corp.'s original filings. Additionally, the WUTQncluded in the Company's costs of service to be recovered from Staff recommended the exclusion of the Company's 2016 settlement customers, the Company has used this tool to manage these costs for costs from the cost of capital calculation. The total amount of the 2016he benefit of the Company's customers. The settlement of interest rate settlement costs was \$54.0 million, with approximately 60 percent of swaps results in either a benefit or a cost to the Company which, in this total being allocable to Washington. either case, has historically been reflected in rates authorized by the

In addition to the settlement costs from 2016, the Company has a VUTC in general rate cases. Accordingly, the Company still believes the net regulatory asset of \$8.8 million for interest rate swaps settled duringerest rate swap payments are probable of recovery and will continue the third quarter of 2017, and a net regulatory asset of \$66.0 million foto work through the rate case process. Depending on the outcome of unsettled interest rate swaps as of December 31, 2017 related to this proceeding, the Company could determine to not manage interest forecasted debt issuances. Of those amounts, approximately 60 percente risk through swap transactions in the future. relate to Washington. If recovery of the 2016 settled interest rate swap

settlement payments referenced above is disallowed by the WUTC, this OTE 21. INFORMATION BY BUSINESS SEGMENTS could change the Company's current conclusion that settlement

payments related to the 2017 settled interest rate swaps and the The business segment presentation reflects the basis used by the unsettled interest rate swaps are probable of recovery through rates. Company's management to analyze performance and determine the If the Company concluded that recovery of these swap related payment bocation of resources. The Company's management evaluates were no longer probable, the Company will be required to derecognizeperformance based on income (loss) from operations before income the related regulatory assets and liabilities with an adjustment throughtaxes as well as net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. the income statement, and any subsequent gains and losses would behareholders. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. operations and risks are sufficiently different from Avista Utilities and Avista Utilities' business is managed based on the total regulated utilities other businesses at AERC that it cannot be aggregated with any operation; therefore, it is considered one segment. AEL&P is a separate operating segments. The Other category, which is not a reportable business segment as it has separate financial reports that segment, includes other investments and operations of various are reviewed in detail by the Chief Operating Decision Maker and its subsidiaries, as well as certain other operations of Avista Capital.

The following table presents information for each of the Company's business segments (dollars in thousands):

			Alaska				
		Ek	ectric Light				
		Avista	and Power	Total	Inter	rsegment	
		Utilities	Company	Utility	Other ∃im	ninations(1)	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2017:							
Operatingevenues	\$	1,370,359\$	53,027 \$	1,423,386\$	22,543 \$	— \$	1,445,929
Resource costs		511,163	13,403	524,566	_	_	524,566
Other operating expenses		319,899	12,532	332,431	25,650	_	358,081
Depreciation and mortization		165,478	5,803	171,281	740	_	172,021
Income (loss) from operations		270,409	17,947	288,356	(3,847)	_	284,509
Interest expense		92,019	3,581	95,600	781	(189)	96,192
Income taxes		77,583	5,515	83,098	(340)	_	82,758
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable	ole						
to Avista Corp. shareholders		114,716	9,054	123,770	(7,854)	_	115,916
Capital expenditures		405,938	6,401	412,339	4,280	_	416,619
For the year ended December 31, 2016:							
Operating revenues	\$	1,372,638\$	46,276 \$	1,418,914\$	23,569 \$	— \$	1,442,483
Resource costs		539,352	12,014	551,366	_	_	551,366
Other operating xpenses		304,644	11,151	315,795	25,501	_	341,296
Depreciation and mortization		155,162	5,352	160,514	769	_	161,283
Income (loss) from operations		277,070	15,434	292,504	(2,701)	_	289,803
Interest expens@		83,070	3,584	86,654	608	(132)	87,130
Income taxes		74,121	5,321	79,442	(1,356)	_	78,086
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributate	ole						
to Avista Corp. shareholders		132,490	7,968	140,458	(3,230)	_	137,228
Capital expenditurés		390,690	15,954	406,644	353	_	406,997
For the year ended December 31, 2015:							
Operating revenues	\$	1,411,863\$	44,778 \$	1,456,641\$	28,685 \$	(550) \$	1,484,776
Resource costs		644,991	11,973	656,964	_	_	656,964
Other operating xpenses		292,096	11,125	303,221	30,076	(550)	332,747
Depreciation and mortization		138,236	5,263	143,499	695	_	144,194
Income (loss) from operations		241,228	14,072	255,300	(2,086)	_	253,214
Interest expens@		76,405	3,558	79,963	610	(132)	80,441
Income taxes		64,489	4,202	68,691	(1,242)	_	67,449
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable	ole						
to Avista Corp. shareholders		113,360	6,641	120,001	(1,921)	_	118,080
Capital expenditures		381,174	12,251	393,425	885	_	394,310
Total Assets:							
As of December 31, 2017	\$	5,177,878\$	278,688 \$	5,456,566\$	73,241 \$	(15,075)\$	5,514,732
As ofDecember 31, 2016	\$	4,975,555\$	273,770 \$	5,249,325\$	60,430 \$	- \$	5,309,755
As ofDecember 31, 2015	\$	4,601,708\$	265,735 \$	4,867,443\$	39,206 \$	— \$	4,906,649

⁽¹⁾ Intersegment eliminations reported as interest expense represent intercompany interest. Intersegment eliminations reported as operating revenues and other operating expenses for 2015 represent intercompany purchases and sales of electric capacity and energy between Avista Utilities and Spokane Energy (included in other).

Intersegment eliminations reported as assets represent intersegment accounts receivable.

Other operating expenses for Avista Utilities for 2017 includes acquisition costs of \$14.6 million which are separately disclosed on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

⁽³⁾ Including interest expense to affiliated trusts.

⁽⁴⁾ The capital expenditures for the other businesses are included in other investing activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

NOTE 22. SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA UNAUDITED

The Company's energy operations are significantly affected by seasonal factors such as, but not limited to, temperatures and weather conditions. Consequently, there can be large variances in revenues, expenses and net income between quarters based on

streamflow conditions, including the impact on electric and natural gas commodity prices.

A summary of quarterly operations (in thousands, except per share amounts) for 2017 and 2016 follows:

			Three Mor	ths Ended
	March 31	June 30 Sept	tember 30 Dec	cember 31
2017				
Operating revenues	\$ 436,470 \$	314,501 \$	297,096 \$	397,862
Operating expenses	321,084	258,404	266,054	315,878
Income from operations	\$ 115,386 \$	56,097 \$	31,042 \$	81,984
Netincome	62,137	21,722	4,458	27,615
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(21)	49	(7)	(37)
Net income attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders	\$ 62,116 \$	21,771 \$	4,451 \$	27,578
Outstanding common stock:	 			
weighted-average—basic	64,362	64,401	64,412	64,809
weighted-average—diluted	64,469	64,553	64,892	65,308
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$ 0.96 \$	0.34 \$	0.07 \$	0.42
2016				
Operating revenues from continuing operations	\$ 418,173 \$	318,838 \$	303,349 \$	402,123
Operating expenses from continuing operations	312,088	257,247	263,755	319,590
Income from continuing operations	\$ 106,085 \$	61,591 \$	39,594 \$	82,533
Netincome	57,665	27,287	12,261	40,103
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	 (16)	(33)	(27)	(12)
Net income attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders	\$ 57,649 \$	27,254 \$	12,234 \$	40,091
Outstanding common stock:				
weighted-average—basic	62,605	63,386	63,857	64,185
weighted-average—diluted	 62,907	63,783	64,325	64,620
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$ 0.92 \$	0.43 \$	0.19 \$	0.62

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed under the supervision of the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that,

The Company has disclosure controls and procedures (as defineth reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect transactions and in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Actobispositions of assets; provide reasonable assurances that transactions 1934, as amended (Act) that are designed to ensure that information are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements required to be disclosed in the reports it files or submits under the Act instaccordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures are being Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controlsnade only in accordance with authorizations of management and the and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be directors of the Company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the evention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's managementlisposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as the Company's financial statements. appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's With the participation of the Company's principal executive officer andmanagement, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the Company's management evaluated its principal financial officer, the Company conducted an assessment of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting by this report. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of anipased on the framework established in Internal Control-Integrated system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibilityFramework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls andof the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and determined that the Company's internal control over financial reporting procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their as of December 31, 2017 is effective at a reasonable assurance level. control objectives. Based upon this evaluation, the Company's principal The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Deloitte & Touche LLP, has issued an attestation report on the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a Company's internal control over financial reporting as of reasonable assurance level as of December 31, 2017. December 31, 2017.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management, together with its consolidated internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's last fiscal subsidiaries, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Avista Corporation

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Avista Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, of the Company and our report dated February 20, 2018, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Seattle, Washington February 20, 2018

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this Item (other than the information regarding executive officers and the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics set forth below) is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 10, 2018, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 31, 2017, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 11, 2017.

Executive Officers of the Regi	strant	
Name	Age	Business Experience
Scott L. Morris	60	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer effective January 1, 2018; Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer effective January 2008–December 2017; Director since February 9, 2007; President and Chief Operating Officer May 2006–December 2007; Senior Vice President February 2002–May 2006; Vice President November 2000–February 2002; President—Avista Utilities August 2000–December 2008; General Manager—Avista Utilities for the Oregon and California operations October 1991–August 2000; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1981.
Mark T. Thies	54	Treasurer since January 2013; Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) since September 2008; prior to employment with the Company held the following positions with Black Hills Corporation: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer March 2003—January 2008; Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer March 2000—March 2003; Controller May 1997—March 2000.
Marian M. Durkin	64	Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer since November 200 Corporate Secretary since May 2016; Senior Vice President and General Counsel August 2005–November 2005; prior to employment with the Company: held several legal positions with United Airlines, Inc. from 1995–August 2005, most recently served as Vice President Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary.
Karen S. Feltes	62	Senior Vice President of Human Resources since November 2005; Corporate Secretary November 2005–April 2016; Vice President of Human Resources and Corporate Secretary March 2003–November 2005; Vice President of Human Resources and Corporate Services February 2002–March 2003; various human resources positions with the Company April 1998–Februar 2002.
Dennis P. Vermillion	56	President of Avista Corp since January 2018; Director since January 2018; Senior Vice President since January 2010; Vice President July 2007–December 2009; President—Avis Utilities since January 2009; Vice President of Energy Resources and Optimization—Avista Utilities July 2007–December 2008; President and Chief Operating Officer of Avista Energy February 2001–July 2007; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1985.
Jason R. Thackston	47	Senior Vice President since January 2014; Vice President of Energy Resources since December 2012; Vice President of Customer Solutions—Avista Utilities June 2012– December 2012; Vice President of Energy Delivery April 2011–December 2012; Vice President of Finance June 2009–April 2011; various other management and staff positions

with the Company since 1996.

Ryan L. Krasselt	48	Vice President, Controller and Principal Accounting Officer since October 2015; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 2001.
Kevin J. Christie	50	Vice President, External Affairs and Chief Customer Officer since January 2018; Vice President of Customer Solutions since February 2015; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 2005.
James M. Kensok	59	Vice President and Chief Information Officer since January 2007; Chief Information Officer February 2001–December 2006; various other management and staff positions with the Company sinc \$996.
David J. Meyer	64	Vice President and Chief Counsel for Regulatory and Governmental Affairs since February 2004; Senior Vice President and General Counsel September 1998–February 2004.
Heather L. Rosentrater	40	Vice President of Energy Delivery since December 2015; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1996.
Edward D. Schlect Jr.	57	Vice President and Chief Strategy Officer since September 2015; prior to employment with the Company, Executive Vice President of Corporate Development at Ecova, Inc.
Bryan A. Cox	48	Vice President, Safety and Human Resources Shared Services since January 2018; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1997.

All of the Company's executive officers, with the exception of James M. Kensok, David J. Meyer, Kevin J. Christie, Heather L. Rosentrater and Bryan A. Cox were officers or directors of one or more of the Company's subsidiaries in 2017. The Company's executive officers are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for directors, officers (including the principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer), and employees. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at www.avistacorp.com and will also be provided to any shareholder without charge upon written request to:

Avista Corp.
General Counsel
P.O. Box 3727 MSC-12
Spokane, Washington 99220-3727

Any changes to or waivers for executive officers and directors of the Company's Code of Conduct will be posted on the Company's website.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 10, 2018, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 31, 2017, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 11, 2017.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

- (a) Security ownership of certain beneficial owners (owning 5 percent or more of Registrant's voting securities):
 - Information regarding security ownership of certain beneficial owners (owning 5 percent or more of Registrant's voting securities) has been omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:
 - on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 10, 2018, from such Proxy Statement; and
 - prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 31, 2017, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 11, 2017; reference also being made to Schedules 13G, as amended, on file with the SEC with respect to the Registrant's voting securities (the information contained in such schedules 13G, as amended, not being incorporated herein by reference).
- (b) Security ownership of management:

The information required by this Item regarding the security ownership of management is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 10, 2018, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 31, 2017, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 11, 2017.
- (c) Changes in control:

None.

(d) Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2017:

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Number of securities to be	Weighted-average	Number of securities remaining
	issuedupon exercise of	exercise price of	available for future issuance under
	outstandingoptions,	outstanding options,	equity compensation plans (excluding
Plancategory	warrants and rights ¹⁾	warrants and rights	securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by			
security holder ^(g)	_	\$ —	1,481,664

- (1) Excludes unvested restricted shares and performance share awards granted under Avista Corp.'s Long-Term Incentive Plan. At December 31, 2017, 106,053 Restricted Share awards were outstanding. Performance and market-based share awards may be paid out at zero shares at a minimum achievement level; 327,088 shares at target level; or 654,176 shares at a maximum level. Because there is no exercise price associated with restricted shares or performance and market-based share awards, such shares are not included in the weighted-average price calculation.
- (2) Includes the Long-Term Incentive Plan approved by shareholders in 1998 and the Non-Employee Director Stock Plan approved by shareholders in 1996. In February 2005, the Board of Directors elected to terminate the Non-Employee Director Stock Plan.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 10, 2018, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 31, 2017, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 11, 2017.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by this Item is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 10, 2018, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 31, 2017, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 11, 2017.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) 1. Financial Statements (Included in Part II of this report):

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Consolidated Statements of Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015

Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) 2. Financial Statement Schedules:

None

(a) 3. Exhibits:

Reference is made to the Exhibit Index commencing on the following page. The Exhibits include the management contracts and compensatory plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K pursuant to Item 15(b).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AVISTA CORPORATION

February20, 2018	By k/ Scott L. Morris
Date	Scott L. Morris
	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Scott L. Morris Scott L. Morris Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer	Principal Executive Officer	February 20, 2018
/s/Mark T. Thies Mark T. Thies Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer	Principal Financial Officer	February 20, 2018
/s/Ryan L. Krasselt Ryan L. Krasselt Vice President, Controller, and Principal Accounting Officer	Principal Accounting Officer	February 20, 2018
/s/ Dennis P. Vermillion Dennis P. Vermillion President	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Erik J. Anderson Erik J. Anderson	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/ Kristianne Blake Kristianne Blake	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Donald C. Burke Donald C. Burke	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Rebecca A. Klein Rebecca A. Klein	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Scott H. Maw Scott H. Maw	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Marc F. Racicot Marc F. Racicot	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Heidi B. Stanley Heidi B. Stanley	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/R. John Taylor R. John Taylor	Director	February 20, 2018
/s/Janet D. Widmann Janet D. Widmann	Director	February 20, 2018

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Pre With Registration Number	viously Filed ⁽¹⁾ As Exhibit	
3.1	(with June 30, 2012 Form 10-Q)	3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Avista Corporation, as amended and restated June 6, 2012.
3.2	(with Form 8-K filed as ɗ August 17, 2016)	32	Bylaws of Avista Corporation, as amended August 17, 2016.
4.1	2-4077	B-3	Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of June 1, 1939.
4.2	2-9812	4(c)	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1952.
4.3	2-60728	2(b)-2	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 1953.
4.4	2-13421	4(b)-3	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 1955.
4.5	2-13421	4(b)-4	Furth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 15, 1967.
4.6	2-60728	2(b)-5	Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 1, 1957.
4.7	2-60728	2(b)-6	Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1958.
4.8	2-60728	2(b)-7	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1958.
4.9	2-60728	2(b)-8	Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1959.
4.10	2-60728	2(b)-9	Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1960.
4.11	2-60728	2(b)-10	Tenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1964.
4.12	2-60728	2(b)-11	Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 1, 1965.
4.13	2-60728	2(b)-12	Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 1966.
4.14	2-60728	2(b)-13	Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1966.
4.15	2-60728	2(b)-14	Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1970.
4.16	2-60728	2(b)-15	Fiteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 1973.
4.17	2-60728	2(b)-16	Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 1, 1975.
4.18	2-60728	2(b)-17	Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 1976.
4.19	2-69080	2(b)-18	Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 1980.
4.20	(with 1980 Form 10-K)	4(a)-20	Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1981.
4.21	2-79571	4(a)-21	Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1982.
4.22	(with Form 8-K dated September 20, 1983)	4(a)-22	Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 1983.
4.23	2-94816	4(a)-23	Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 1, 1984.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed ¹⁾ As Exhibit	
4.24	(with 1986 Form 10-K)	4(a)-24	Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 1986.
4.25	(with 1987 Form 10-K)	4(a)-25	Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1988.
4.26	(with 1989 Form 10-K)	4(a)-26	Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1989.
4.27	33-51669	4(a)-27	Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1993.
4.28	(with 1993 Form 10-K)	4(a)-28	Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1994.
4.29	(with 2001 Form 10-K)	4(a)-29	Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 2001.
4.30	333-82502	4(b)	Twenty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2001.
4.31	(with June 30, 2002 Form 10-Q) 4(f)	Thirtieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2002.
4.32	333-39551	4(b)	Thirty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2003.
4.33	(with September 30, 2003 Form 10-0	Q) 4(f)	Thirty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 2003.
4.34	333-64652	4(a)33	Thirty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2004.
4.35	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.1	Thirty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2004.
4.36	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	42	Thirty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2004.
4.37	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.3	Thirty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2004.
4.38	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.4	Thirty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2004.
4.39	(with Form 8-K dated as d May 12, 2005)	4.1	Thirty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2005.
4.40	(with Form 8-K dated as ɗ November 17, 2005)	4.1	Thirty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2005.
4.41	(with Form 8-K dated as d April 6, 2006)	4.1	F σ tieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2006.
4.42	(with Form 8-K dated as d December 15, 2006)	4.1	Fσty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2006.
4.43	(with Form 8-K dated as ɗ April 3, 2008)	4.1	$F\alpha$ ty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2008.
4.44	(with Form 8-K dated as d November 26, 2008)	4.1	F σ ty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2008.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed ⁽¹⁾ As Exhibit	
4.45	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 16, 2008)	4.1	$F \sigma ty$ -Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2008.
4.46	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 30, 2008)	4.3	Forty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2008.
4.47	(with Form 8-K dated as d September 15, 2009)	4.1	F α ty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 2009.
4.48	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 25, 2009)	4.1	F α ty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2009.
4.49	(with Form 8-K dated as d December 15, 2010)	4.5	F α ty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.50	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 20, 2010)	4.1	F α ty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.51	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 30, 2010)	4.1	Fiftieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.52	(with Form 8-K dated as d February 11, 2011)	4.1	Fifty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 1, 2011.
4.53	(with Form 8-K dated as of August 16, 2011)	4.1	Fifty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 2011.
4.54	(with Form 8-K dated as d December 14, 2011)	4.1	Fifty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2011.
4.55	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 30, 2012)	4.1	Fifty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2012.
4.56	(with Form 8-K dated as of August 14, 2013)	4.1	Fifty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 2013.
4.57	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 18, 2014)	4.1	Fifty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2014.
4.58	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 18, 2014)	4.1	Fifty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2014.
4.59	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 16, 2015)	4.1	Fifty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2015.
4.60	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 16, 2016)	4.1	Fifty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2016.
4.61	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 14, 2017)	4.1	Sixtieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2017.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed ⁽¹⁾ As Exhibit	
4.62	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.5	Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of December 1, 2004 to the Indenture dated as of April 1, 1998 between Avista Corporation and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
4.63	333-82165	4(a)	Indenture dated as of April 1, 1998 between Avista Corporation and The Bank of New York, as Successor Trustee.
4.64	(with Form 8-K dated as d December 15, 2010)	4.1	Loan Agreement between City of Forsyth, Montana and Avista Corporation \$66,700,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010A dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.65	(with Form 8-K dated as d December 15, 2010)	43	Trust Indenture between City of Forsyth, and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, \$66,700,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pdlution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010A, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.66	(with Form 8-K dated as d December 15, 2010)	42	Loan Agreement between City of Forsyth, Montana and Avista Corporation \$17,000,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010B dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.67	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2010)	4.4	Trust Indenture between City of Forsyth, and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, \$17,000,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pdlution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010B, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.68	(with June 30, 2012 Form 10-Q)	3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Avista Corporation, as amended and restated June 6, 2012 (see Exhibit 3.1 herein).
4.69	(with Form 8-K filed as d August 17, 2016)	32	Bylaws of Avista Corporation, as amended August 17, 2016 (see Exhibit 3.2 herein).
4.70	(Form 10/A)	N/A	Pcst-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form 10/A, filed February 26, 2015, to Registration Statement on Form 10, filed September 1952.
10.1	(with Form 8-K dated as d February 11, 2011)	101	Credit Agreement, dated as of February 11, 2011, among Avista Corporation, the Banks Party hereto, The Bank of New York Mellon, Keybank National Association, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Co-Documentation Agents, Wells Fargo Bank National Association as Syndication Agent and an an Issuing Bank, and Union Bank N.A. as Administrative Agent and an Issuing Bank.
10.2	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 18, 2014)	101	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of April 18, 2014, among Avista Corporation, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as an Issuing Bank, Union Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent and an Issuing Bank, and the financial institutions identified hereof as Continuing Lenders and Exiting Lender.
10.3	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 18, 2014)	102	Bond Delivery Agreement, dated as of April 18, 2014, between Avista Cαporation and Union Bank, N.A.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed(1) As Exhibit	
10.4	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 14, 2011)	101	First Amendment and Waiver Thereunder, dated as of December 14, 2011, to the Credit Agreement dated as of February 11, 2011, among Avista Cσporation, the Banks Party hereto, Wells Fargo Bank National Association as an Issuing Bank, and Union Bank N.A. as Administrative Agent and an Issuing Bank.
10.5	(with 2002 Form 10-K)	1Q(b)-3	Priest Rapids Project Product Sales Contract executed by Public Utility District No. 2 of Grant County, Washington and Avista Corporation dated December 12, 2001 (effective November 1, 2005 for the Priest Rapids Development and November 1, 2009 for the Wanapum Development).
10.6	(with 2002 Form 10-K)	1Qb)-4	Priest Rapids Project Reasonable Portion Power Sales Contract executed by Rublic Utility District No. 2 of Grant County, Washington and Avista Corporation dated December 12, 2001 (effective November 1, 2005 for the Priest Rapids Development and November 1, 2009 for the Wanapum Development).
10.7	(with 2002 Form 10-K)	1Qb)-5	Additional Product Sales Agreement (Priest Rapids Project) executed by Public Utility District No. 2 of Grant County, Washington and Avista Cαporation dated December 12, 2001 (effective November 1, 2005 for the Priest Rapids Development and November 1, 2009 for the Wanapum Development).
10.8	2-60728	5(g)	Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of September 18, 1963.
10.9	2-60728	5(g)-1	Amendment to Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of February 9, 1965.
10.10	2-60728	5(h)	Reserved Share Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of September 18, 1963.
10.11	2-60728	5(h)-1	Amendment to Reserved Share Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of February 9, 1965.
10.12	(with September 30, 1985 Form 10-Q)	1	Settlement Agreement and Covenant Not to Sue executed by the United States Department of Energy acting by and through the Bonneville Power Administration and the Company, dated as of September 17, 1985, describing the settlement of Project 3 litigation.
10.13	(with 1981 Form 10-K)	10(s)-7	Ownership and Operation Agreement for Colstrip Units No. 3 & 4, dated as of May 6, 1981.
10.14	(2)		Avista Corporation Executive Deferral Pশ্বিদ্য
10.15	(2)		Avista Corporation Executive Deferral Pfลิค์.
10.16	(2)		Avista Corporation Executive Deferral Pใส่กิ
10.17	(with 2011 Form 10-K)	1017	Avista Corporation Supplemental Executive Retirement(PM).

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed ⁽¹⁾ As Exhibit	
10.18	(with 2011 Form 10-K)	1018	Avista Corporation Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan.
10.19	(with 1992 Form 10-K)	10(t)-11	The Company's Unfunded Supplemental Executive Disabilit∲Plan.
10.20	(with 2007 Form 10-K)	1034	Income Continuation Plan of the Comp@hy.
10.21	(with 2010 Definitive Proxy Statement filed March 31, 2010)	Appendix A	Avista Corporation Long-Term Incentive Plan.
10.22	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	1023	Avista Corporation Performance Award Plan Summary.
10.23	(with 2015 Form 10-K)	1031	Avista Corporation Performance Award Agreement 2015.
10.24	(with 2016 Form 10-K)	10.24	Avista Corporation Performance Award Agreement 2016.
10.25	(2)		Avista Corporation Performance Award Agreement 2017.
10.26	(with Form 8-K dated June 21, 2005)	101	Employment Agreement between the Company and Marian Durkin in the form of a Letter of Employment.
10.27	(with Form 8-K dated August 13, 2008)	101	Employment Agreement between the Company and Mark T. Thies in the form of a Letter of Employment.
10.28	333-47290	991	Non-Officer Employee Long-Term Incentive Plan.
10.29	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	10.28	Form of Change of Control Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers (3)(8)
10.30	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	10.29	Form of Change of Control Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers (3)(9)
10.31	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	1030	Form of Change of Control Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers. (3)(10)
10.32	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	1031	Form of Change of Control Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers. (3)(11)
10.33	(2)		Avista Corporation Non-Employee Director Compensation.
12	(2)		Statement Re: computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges.
21	(2)		Subsidiaries of Registrant.
23	(2)		Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
31.1	(2)		Certification of Chief Executive Officer (Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
31.2	(2)		Certification of Chief Financial Officer (Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).

	Р	reviously Filed ⁽¹⁾	
Exhibit	With Registration Number	As Exhibit	
32	(4)		Certification of Corporate Officers (Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
101	(2)		The following financial information from the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2017, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) and filed electronically herewith: (i) the Consolidated Statements of Income; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; (v) the Consolidated Statements of Equity; and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

- (1) Incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Fled herewith.
- (3) Management contracts or compensatory plans filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K pursuant to Item 15(b).
- (4) Furnished herewith.
- (5) Applies to Marian M. Durkin, Karen S. Feltes, James M. Kensok, Scott L. Morris, Jason R. Thackston, Mark T. Thies and Dennis P. Vermillion.
- (6) Applies to Kevin J. Christie, Ryan L. Krasselt and Heather L. Rosentrater.
- (7) Applies to Edward D. Schlect.
- (8) Applies to James M. Kensok, David J. Meyer, Jason R. Thackston and Dennis P. Vermillion.
- (9) Applies to Marian M. Durkin, Karen S. Feltes, Scott L. Morris, and Mark T. Thies.
- (10) Applies to Kevin J. Christie, Ryan L. Krasselt, Heather L. Rosentrater and Edward D. Schlect.
- (11) This agreement currently does not apply to any executives; however, it could apply to any new Senior Vice Presidents appointed after November 13, 2009 if they chose to be under this agreement.

EXHIBIT 12

Avista Corporation

Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

Consolidated

(Thousands of Dollars)

Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Fixed charges, as defined:					
Interest charges	\$ 96,067 \$	86,897 \$	80,613 \$	74,025 \$	73,772
Amortization of debt expense and premium—net	3,167	3,391	3,415	3,635	3,813
Interest portion of rentals	1,160	1,324	1,287	1,187	1,146
Total fixed charges	\$ 100,394 \$	91,612 \$	85,315 \$	78,847 \$	78,731
Earnings, as defined:					
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$ 198,690 \$	215,402 \$	185,619 \$	192,106 \$	162,347
Add (deduct):					
Capitalizedinterest	(3,310)	(2,651)	(3,546)	(3,924)	(3,676)
Total fixed charges above	100,394	91,612	85,315	78,847	78,731
Totalearnings	\$ 295,774 \$	304,363 \$	267,388 \$	267,029 \$	237,402
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	2.95	3.32	3.13	3.39	3.02

EXHIBIT 21

Avista Corporation

SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTRANT

Subsidiary	State or Country of Incorporation
Avista Capital, Inc.	Washington
Avista Development, Inc.	Washington
Avista Energy, Inc.	Washington
Avista Northwest Resources, LLC	Washington
Pentzer Corporation	Washington
Pentzer Venture Holding II, Inc.	Washington
Bay Area Manufacturing, Inc.	Washington
Advanced Manufacturing and Development, Inc.	California
Avista Capital II	Delaware
Steam Plant Square, LLC	Washington
Steam Plant Brew Pub, LLC	Washington
Courtyard Office Center, LLC	Washington
Alaska Energy and Resources Company	Alaska
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company	Alaska
AJT Mining Properties, Inc.	Alaska
Snettisham Electric Company	Alaska
Salix, Inc.	Washington
EVHIDIT 22	

EXHIBIT 23

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-33790, 333-126577, 333-179042 and 333-208986 on Form S8 and in Registration Statement No. 333-209714 on Form S-3, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Avista Corporation and subsidiaries, and the effectiveness of Avista Corporation's internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Avista Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2017.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Seattle, Washington February 20, 2018

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION

- I, Scott L. Morris, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Avista Corporation;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 20, 2018 /s/ Scott L. Morris

Scott L. Morris
Chairman of the Board
and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, Mark T. Thies, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Avista Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 20, 2018

/s/ Mark T. Thies
Mark T. Thies
Senior Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT 32

Avista Corporation

CERTIFICATION OF CORPORATE OFFICERS

(Furnished Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

Each of the undersigned, Scott L. Morris, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Avista Corporation (the "Company"), and Mark T. Thies, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained therein fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 20, 2018

/s/ Scott L. Morris

Scott L. Morris

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Mark T. Thies

Mark T. Thies

Senior Vice President,

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Avista Corporation

As of and for the years ended December 31, $\,$

Dollars in thousands, except per share data and ratios

		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2007
FINANCIAL RESULTS							
Operating revenues	\$	1,445,929\$	1,442,483\$	1,484,776 \$	1,472,562 \$	1,441,744\$	1,370,502
Operating expenses		1,161,420	1,152,680	1,231,562	1,219,974	1,210,655	1,243,085
Income from continuing operations		284,509	289,803	253,214	252,588	231,089	127,417
Interest expense		96,192	87,130	80,441	75,752	77,585	86,246
Income taxes		82,758	78,086	67,449	72,240	58,014	20,392
Net income from continuing operations		115,932	137,316	118,170	119,866	104,333	32,076
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations		_	_	5,147	72,411	7,961	6,651
Net income		115,932	137,316	123,317	192,277	112,294	38,727
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(16)	(88)	(90)	(236)	(1,217)	(252)
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	:						
Net income from continuing operations							
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	115,916\$	137,228 \$	118,080 \$	119,817 \$	104,273 \$	31,824
Net income from discontinued operations							
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	- \$	— \$	5,147 \$	72,224 \$	6,804 \$	6,651
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	115,916\$	137,228 \$	123,227 \$	192,041 \$	111,077 \$	38,475
Earnings per common share attributable							
to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted:							
Earnings from continuing operations		1.79	2.15	1.89	1.93	1.74	0.60
Earnings from discontinued operations		_	_	0.08	1.17	0.11	0.12
Total		1.79	2.15	1.97	3.10	1.85	0.72
Earnings per common share attributable							
to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic:		1.80	2.16	1.98	3.12	1.85	0.73
·							
COMMON STOCK STATISTICS							
Dividends paid per common share	\$	1.43 \$	1.37 \$	1.32 \$	1.27 \$	1.22 \$	0.595
Book value per common share	\$	26.41 \$	25.69 \$	24.53 \$	23.84 \$	21.61 \$	17.27
Shares of common stock:							
Outstanding at year-end		65,494	64,188	62,313	62,243	60,077	52,909
Average—basic		64,496	63,508	62,301	61,632	59,960	52,796
Average—diluted		64,806	63,920	62,708	61,887	59,997	52,263
Return on average Avista Corp. stockholders' equity:	:						
Totalcompany		6.9%	8.6%	8.2%	13.7%	8.7%	4.2%
Utilityonly		7.5%	9.2%	8.4%	9.0%	9.3%	5.8%
Non-utilityonly		0.7%	3.0%	6.5%	54.4%	2.2%	(3.4)%
Common stock price:							,
High	\$	52.74 \$	44.97 \$	38.30 \$	37.37 \$	29.26 \$	25.81
Low	\$	37.94 \$	34.67 \$	29.93 \$	27.71 \$	24.10 \$	18.19
Year-enctlose	\$	51.49 \$	39.99 \$	35.37 \$	35.35 \$	28.19 \$	21.54
	Ť	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7				
DEBT STATISTICS							
Pre-tax interest coverage:							
IncludingAFUDC/AFUCE		3.11(x)	3.54(x)	3.46(x)	4.52(x)	3.27(x)	1.75(x)
ExcludingAFUDC/AFUCE		3.00(x)	3.43(x)	3.31(x)	4.35(x)	3.14(x)	1.65(x)
Embedded cost of long-term debt		5.58%	5.55%	5.31%	5.37%	5.53%	7.84%

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA CONTINUED

Avista Corporation

As of and for the years ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands, except per share data and ratios

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2007
FINANCIAL CONDITION						
Total assets (2)	\$ 5,529,807 \$	5,309,755\$	4,906,649\$	4,700,971 \$	4,011,533\$	3,070,479
Total net Avista Utilities property	4,196,691	3,943,087	3,702,691	3,427,641	3,202,425	2,351,342
Avista Utilities property capital expenditures						
(excluding equity-related AFUDC)	405,938	390,690	381,174	323,931	294,363	205,811
Long-term debt (including current porti@n)	1,769,237	1,682,004	1,573,278	1,487,126	1,262,036	938,444
Nonrecourse long-term debt of Spokane						
Energy (including current portion)	_	_	_	1,431	17,838	_
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts	51,547	51,547	51,547	51,547	51,547	113,403
Avista Corporation stockholders' equity	\$ 1,729,828\$	1,648,727\$	1,528,626 \$	1,483,671\$	1,298,266\$	913,966
AVISTA UTILITIES						
Electric Operations						
Electric operating revenues (millions of dollars):						
Residential	\$ 381.7 \$	339.2 \$	335.5 \$	338.7 \$	331.9 \$	251.4
Commercial	311.6	305.6	308.2	300.1	289.6	224.2
Industrial	111.0	107.3	111.8	110.8	113.6	95.2
Public street and highway lighting	7.5	7.7	7.3	7.5	7.3	5.5
Totalretail	811.8	759.8	762.8	757.1	742.4	576.3
Wholesale	81.5	112.1	127.3	138.2	127.5	105.7
Salesof fuel	64.9	78.3	82.9	83.7	126.7	12.9
Other	31.6	28.5	25.8	27.5	36.0	16.2
Decoupling	(8.2)	17.4	4.7	_	_	_
Provision for earning sharing	(1.2)	0.9	(5.6)	(7.5)	(2.0)	_
Totalelectric operating revenues	\$ 980.4 \$	997.0 \$	997.9 \$	999.0 \$	1,030.6 \$	711.1
Electric energy sales (millions of kWhs):						
Residential	3,840	3,528	3,571	3,694	3,745	3,670
Commercial	3,222	3,183	3,197	3,189	3,147	3,132
Industrial	1,815	1,763	1,812	1,868	1,979	2,084
Public street and highway lighting	20	23	23	25	26	26
Totalretail	8,897	8,497	8,603	8,776	8,897	8,912
Wholesale	2,881	2,998	3,145	3,686	3,874	1,594
Totalelectric energy sales	11,778	11,495	11,748	12,462	12,771	10,506
Retail electric customers (average per year):						
Residential	334,848	330,699	327,057	324,188	321,098	306,737
Commercial	42,154	41,785	41,296	40,988	40,202	38,488
Industrial	1,328	1,342	1,353	1,385	1,386	1,378
Public street and highway lighting	569	558	529	531	527	426
		374,384	370,235		363,213	

⁽¹⁾ The total assets at year-end for the years 2013 and 2007 exclude the total assets associated with Ecova of \$339.6 million and \$108.9 million, respectively.

⁽²⁾ The total assets and total long-term debt and capital leases for 2014, 2013 and 2007 were adjusted in accordance with a change in accounting standards.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Avista Corporation

As of and for the years ended December 31, $\,$

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2007
Electric Operations (continued)						
Retail electric customers (at year-end):						
Residential	337,936	333,346	330,749	326,917	323,801	310,701
Commercial	42,280	41,921	42,182	41,264	40,492	39,001
Industrial	1,320	1,328	1,362	1,378	1,382	1,383
Public street and highway lighting	595	564	555	527	531	427
Totalretail electric customers	382,131	377,159	374,848	370,086	366,206	351,512
Revenue per residential kWh (cents)	9.94	9.62	9.40	9.17	8.86	6.85
Use per residential customer (kWh)	11,469	10,667	10,827	11,394	11,664	11,965
Revenue per commercial kWh (cents)	9.67	9.60	9.64	9.41	9.20	7.16
Use per commercial customer (kWh)	76,444	76,166	76,638	77,814	78,276	81,377
Electric energy resources (millions of kWhs):						
Hydro generation (from Company facilities)	3,978	3,836	3,434	4,143	3,646	3,689
Thermal generation (from Company facilities)	3,476	3,626	3,983	3,252	3,383	3,640
Purchaseфower	4,809	4,597	4,899	5,615	6,375	3,820
Powerexchanges	(6)	(6)	(2)	(25)	(20)	(18)
Totalpower resources	12,257	12,053	12,314	12,985	13,384	11,131
Energy losses and company use	(479)	(558)	(566)	(523)	(613	(625)
Totalelectric energy resources	11,778	11,495	11,748	12,462	12,771	10,506
Retail Native Load at time of system peak						
Winter	1,681	1,655	1,529	1,715	1,669	1,685
Summer	1,596	1,587	1,638	1,606	1,577	1,631
Natural Gas Operations						
Natural gas operating revenues (millions of dollars)	:					
	\$ 220.2 \$	195.3 \$	193.8 \$	203.4 \$	206.3	\$ 264.5
Commercial	104.2	93.0	96.8	103.2	102.2	148.4
Industrialand interruptible	5.7	5.5	6.5	6.9	6.3	11.3
Totalretail	330.1	293.8	297.1	313.5	314.8	424.2
Wholesale	142.7	153.5	204.3	228.2	194.7	142.2
Transportation	9.2	8.3	8.0	7.7	7.6	6.6
Other	6.4	5.8	5.6	7.5	8.6	4.2
Decoupling	(11.4)	12.3	6.0	_	_	_
Provision for earning sharing	(2.4)	(2.8)	_	(0.2)	(0.4	_
	\$ 474.6 \$	470.9 \$	521.0 \$	556.7 \$	525.3	\$ 577.2
3.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	· ·			<u> </u>		
Natural gas therms delivered (millions of therms):						
Residential	222.0	186.6	176.6	190.2	204.7	195.7
Commercial	133.3	112.7	107.9	116.7	122.2	121.6
Industrialand interruptible	11.8	10.9	9.8	10.7	10.9	10.8
Totalretail	367.1	310.2	294.3	317.6	337.8	328.1
Wholesale	545.3	684.3	809.1	545.6	524.8	223.1
Transportationand other	186.7	178.8	165.0	162.7	160.4	149.2
Total natural gas therms delivered	1,099.1	1,173.3	1,268.4	1,025.9	1,023.0	700.4
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SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA CONTINUED

Avista Corporation

As of and for the years ended December 31, $\,$

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2007
Natural Gas Operations (continued)						
Retail natural gas customers (average per year):						
Residential	307,375	300,883	3 296,005	291,928	288,708	273,415
Commercial	35,192	34,868	34,229	34,047	33,932	32,327
Industrialand interruptible	288	292	296	301	297	302
Total retail natural gas customers	342,85	336,043	330,530	326,276	322,937	306,044
Retail natural gas customers (at year-end):						
Residential	311,518	304,81	4 299,509	294,993	291.386	277,397
Commercial	35,353		,	•		
Industrialand interruptible	289	285	289	304	287	298
Total retail natural gas customers	347,160					310,535
Revenue per residential therm (in dollars)	0.99	1.05	1.10	1.07	1.01	1.35
Use per residential customer (therms)	722	620	593	651	709	716
Revenue per commercial therm (in dollars)	0.78	0.83		0.88	0.84	
Use per commercial customer (therms)	3,789	3,232	3,128	3,429	3,603	3,760
Heating degree days (at Spokane, Washington):						
Actual	6,783	5,790	5,614	6,215	6,683	6,539
30year average	6,578	•	•	6,748	6,750	
Actual as a percent of average	103%			92%	99%	96%
ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY						
Revenues (millions of dollars)	53.0	46.3	44.8	21.6	_	_
Total assets (millions of dollars)	278.7	273.8	265.7	263.1	_	_
ECOVA						
	<u></u>	c	<u></u>	ф 07 <i>-</i> Г	ф 47C 0	\$ 47.3
Revenues (millions of dollars)	\$ —	\$ — \$ —		\$ 87.5		
Total assets (millions of dollars)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ -	\$ 339.6	\$ 108.9
OTHER						
Revenues (millions of dollars)	\$ 22.5	\$ 23.6	\$ 28.7	\$ 39.2	\$ 39.5	\$ 82.1
Total assets (millions of dollars)	\$ 73.2	\$ 60.4	\$ 39.2	\$ 80.1		

CORPORATE INFORMATION

COMPANY HEADQUARTERS

Spokane, Washington

AVISTA ON THE INTERNET

Financial results, stock quotes, news releases, documents led with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and information on the company's products and services are available on Avista's website at avistacorp.com.

DIRECT STOCK PURCHASE AND DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

Computershare sponsors and administers the Computershare Investment Plan (CIP) for Avista Corp. common stock. To invest, obtain forms or for information about your holdings, please contact the transfer agent using the information below.

TRANSFER AGENT

Computershare P.O. Box 30170 College Station, TX 77842-3170 800.642.7365 computershare.com/investor

INVESTOR INFORMATION

A copy of the company's nancial reports, including the reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q led with the SEC, will be provided without charge upon request to:

Avista Corp.

Investor Relations

Investor Relations P.O. Box 3727 MSC-19 Spokane, WA 99220-3727 800.222.4931

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders are invited to attend the company's annual meeting to be held at 8:15 a.m. PDT on Thursday, May 10, 2018, at Avista Corp. headquarters, 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington.

The annual meeting will be webcast. Please go to avistacorp.com to preregister for the webcast and to listen to the live webcast. The webcast will be archived at avistacorp.com for one year to allow shareholders to listen at their convenience.

EXCHANGE LISTING

Ticker Symbol: AVA New York Stock Exchange

CERTIFICATIONS

On May 16, 2017, the Chief Executive Of cer (CEO) of Avista Corp. led a Section 303A.12(a) Annual CEO Certi cation with the New York Stock Exchange. The CEO Certi cation attests that the CEO is not aware of any violations by the company of NYSE's Corporate Governance Listing Standards.

Avista Corp. has included as exhibits to its annual report on Form 10-K for the year 2017, led with the SEC, certi cations of Avista's Chief Executive Of cer and Chief Financial Of cer regarding the quality of Avista's public disclosure in compliance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

This annual report contains forward-looking statements regarding the company's current expectations. These statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations. These risks and uncertainties include, in addition to those discussed herein, all factors discussed in the company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year 2017. Our 2017 annual report is provided for shareholders. It is not intended for use in connection with any sale or purchase of or any solicitation of others to buy or sell securities.

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HELP US HELP THE ENVIRONMENT

Managing costs is a primary goal for Avista. You can help us meet this goal by agreeing to receive future annual reports and proxy statements electronically. This service saves on the costs of printing and mailing, provides timely delivery of information, and helps protect our environment by decreasing the need for paper, printing and mailing materials.

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