e-FILING REPORT COVER SHEET



COMPANY NAME:

DOES REPORT CONTAIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION? No Yes If yes, submit a redacted public version (or a cover letter) by email. Submit the confidential information as directed in OAR 860-001-0070 or the terms of an applicable protective order.
Select report type: RE (Electric) RG (Gas) RW (Water) RT (Telecommunications) RO (Other, for example, industry safety information)
Did you previously file a similar report? No Yes, report docket number:
Report is required by: Statute Order Note: A one-time submission required by an order is a compliance filing and not a report (file compliance in the applicable docket) Other (For example, federal regulations, or requested by Staff)
Is this report associated with a specific docket/case? No Yes, docket number:
List Key Words for this report. We use these to improve search results.
Send the completed Cover Sheet and the Report in an email addressed to PUC.FilingCenter@state.or.us
Send confidential information, voluminous reports, or energy utility Results of Operations Reports to PUC Filing Center, PO Box 1088, Salem, OR 97308-1088 or by delivery service to 201 High Street SE Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301.

THIS FILING IS						
Item 1: X An Initial (Original) Submission	OR Resubmission No					

Form 2 Approved OMB No.1902-0028 (Expires 12/31/2020) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No.1902-0205 (Expires 12/31/2019)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 2: Annual Report of Major Natural Gas Companies and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Natural Gas Act, Sections 10(a), and 16 and 18 CFR Parts 260.1 and 260.300. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of a confidential nature.

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation

Year/Period of Report

End of 20°

2017/Q4

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING FERC FORMS 2, 2-A and 3-Q

GENERAL INFORMATION

I Purpose

FERC Forms 2, 2-A, and 3-Q are designed to collect financial and operational information form natural gas companies subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. These reports are also considered to be a non-confidential public use forms.

II. Who Must Submit

Each natural gas company whose combined gas transported or stored for a fee exceed 50 million dekatherms in each of the previous three years must submit FERC Form 2 and 3-Q.

Each natural gas company not meeting the filing threshold for FERC Form 2, but having total gas sales or volume transactions exceeding 200,000 dekatherms in each of the previous three calendar years must submit FERC Form 2-A and 3-Q.

Newly established entities must use projected data to determine whether they must file the FERC Form 3-Q and FERC Form 2 or 2-A.

III. What and Where to Submit

- (a) Submit Forms 2, 2-A and 3-Q electronically through the submission software at http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-2/elec-subm-soft.asp.
- (b) The Corporate Officer Certification must be submitted electronically as part of the FERC Form 2 and 3-Q filings.
- (c) Submit immediately upon publication, by either eFiling or mailing two (2) copies to the Secretary of the Commission, the latest Annual Report to Stockholders and any annual financial or statistical report regularly prepared and distributed to bondholders, security analysts, or industry associations. Do not include monthly and quarterly reports. Indicate by checking the appropriate box on Form 2, Page 3, List of Schedules, if the reports to stockholders will be submitted or if no annual report to stockholders is prepared. Unless eFiling the Annual Report to Stockholders, mail these reports to the Secretary of the Commission at:

Secretary of the Commission Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, NE Washington, DC 20426

- (d) For the Annual CPA certification, submit with the original submission of this form, a letter or report (not applicable to respondents classified as Class C or Class D prior to January 1, 1984) prepared in conformity with the current standards of reporting which will:
 - (i) Contain a paragraph attesting to the conformity, in all material respects, of the schedules listed below with the Commission's applicable Uniform Systems of Accounts (including applicable notes relating thereto and the Chief Accountant's published accounting releases), and
 - (ii) be signed by independent certified public accountants or an independent licensed public accountant certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the U. S. (See 18 C.F.R. §§ 158.10-158.12 for specific qualifications.)

Reference	Reference Schedules Pages
Comparative Balance Sheet	110-113
Statement of Income	114-117
Statement of Retained Earnings	118-119
Statement of Cash Flows	120-121
Notes to Financial Statements	122-123

Filers should state in the letter or report, which, if any, of the pages above do not conform to the Commission's requirements. Describe the discrepancies that exist

- (e) Filers are encouraged to file their Annual Report to Stockholders, and the CPA Certification Statement using eFiling. To further that effort, new selections, "Annual Report to Stockholders" and "CPA Certification Statement," have been added to the dropdown "pick list" from which companies must choose when eFiling. Further instructions are found on the Commission website at http://www.ferc.gov/help/how-to.asp
- (f) Federal, State and Local Governments and other authorized users may obtain additional blank copies of FERC Form 2 and 2-A free of charge from: http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-2/f

IV. When to Submit:

FERC Forms 2, 2-A, and 3-Q must be filed by the dates:

- (a) FERC Form 2 and 2-A --- by April 18th of the following year (18 C.F.R. §§ 260.1 and 260.2)
- (b) FERC Form 3-Q --- Natural gas companies that file a FERC Form 2 must file the FERC Form 3-Q within 60 days after the reporting quarter (18 C.F.R.§ 260.300), and
- (c) FERC Form 3-Q --- Natural gas companies that file a FERC Form 2-A must file the FERC Form 3-Q within 70 days after the reporting quarter (18 C.F.R. § 260.300).

V. Where to Send Comments on Public Reporting Burden.

The public reporting burden for the Form 2 collection of information is estimated to average 1,623 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data-needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The public reporting burden for the Form 2A collection of information is estimated to average 250 hours per response. The public reporting burden for the Form 3-Q collection of information is estimated to average 165 hours per response.

Send comments regarding these burden estimates or any aspect of these collections of information, including suggestions for reducing burden, to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426 (Attention: Information Clearance Officer); and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (Attention: Desk Officer for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission). No person shall be subject to any penalty if any collection of information does not display a valid control number (44 U.S.C. § 3512 (a)).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- I. Prepare all reports in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts (USofA) (18 C.F.R. Part 201). Interpret all accounting words and phrases in accordance with the USofA.
- II. Enter in whole numbers (dollars or Dth) only, except where otherwise noted. (Enter cents for averages and figures per unit where cents are important. The truncating of cents is allowed except on the four basic financial statements where rounding is required.) The amounts shown on all supporting pages must agree with the amounts entered on the statements that they support. When applying thresholds to determine significance for reporting purposes, use for balance sheet accounts the balances at the end of the current reporting period, and use for statement of income accounts the current year's year to date amounts.
- Complete each question fully and accurately, even if it has been answered in a previous report. Enter the word "None" where it truly and completely states the fact.
- IV. For any page(s) that is not applicable to the respondent, omit the page(s) and enter "NA," "NONE," or "Not Applicable" in column (d) on the List of Schedules, pages 2 and 3.
- V. Enter the month, day, and year for all dates. Use customary abbreviations. The "Date of Report" included in the header of each page is to be completed only for resubmissions.
- VI. Generally, except for certain schedules, all numbers, whether they are expected to be debits or credits, must be reported as positive. Numbers having a sign that is different from the expected sign must be reported by enclosing the numbers in parentheses.
- VII For any resubmissions, submit the electronic filing using the form submission only. Please explain the reason for the resubmission in a footnote to the data field.
- VIII. Footnote and further explain accounts or pages as necessary.
- IX. Do not make references to reports of previous periods/years or to other reports in lieu of required entries, except as specifically authorized.
- X. Wherever (schedule) pages refer to figures from a previous period/year, the figures reported must be based upon those shown by the report of the previous period/year, or an appropriate explanation given as to why the different figures were used.
- XI. Report all gas volumes in Dth unless the schedule specifically requires the reporting in another unit of measurement.

DEFINITIONS

- Btu per cubic foot The total heating value, expressed in Btu, produced by the combustion, at constant pressure, of the amount of the gas which would occupy a volume of 1 cubic foot at a temperature of 60°F if saturated with water vapor and under a pressure equivalent to that of 30°F, and under standard gravitational force (980.665 cm. per sec) with air of the same temperature and pressure as the gas, when the products of combustion are cooled to the initial temperature of gas and air when the water formed by combustion is condensed to the liquid state (called gross heating value or total heating value).
- II. <u>Commission Authorization</u> -- The authorization of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or any other Commission. Name the commission whose authorization was obtained and give date of the authorization.
- III. Dekatherm A unit of heating value equivalent to 10 therms or 1,000,000 Btu.
- Note: Note: Respondent The person, corporation, licensee, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality on whose behalf the report is made.

EXCERPTS FROM THE LAW (Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C. 717-717w)

"Sec. 10(a). Every natural-gas company shall file with the Commission such annual and other periodic or special reports as the Commission may by rules and regulations or order prescribe as necessary or appropriate to assist the Commission in the proper administration of this act. The Commission may prescribe the manner and form in which such reports shall be made and require from such natural-gas companies specific answers to all questions upon which the Commission may need information. The Commission may require that such reports include, among other things, full information as to assets and liabilities, capitalization, investment and reduction thereof, gross receipts, interest dues and paid, depreciation, amortization, and other reserves, cost of facilities, costs of maintenance and operation of facilities for the production, transportation, delivery, use, or sale of natural gas, costs of renewal and replacement of such facilities, transportation, delivery, use and sale of natural gas..."

"Section 16. The Commission shall have power to perform all and any acts, and to prescribe, issue, make, amend, and rescind such orders, rules, and regulations as it may find necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this act. Among other things, such rules and regulations may define accounting, technical, and trade terms used in this act; and may prescribe the form or forms of all statements declarations, applications, and reports to be filed with the Commission, the information which they shall contain, and time within they shall be filed..."

General Penalties

The Commission may assess up to \$1 million per day per violation of its rules and regulations. See NGA § 22(a), 15 U.S.C. § 717t-1(a).



	IDENTIFICATION	
01 Exact Legal Name of Respondent	Year/Period of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
03 Previous Name and Date of Change (If name changed during y	vear)	
04 Address of Principal Office at End of Year (Street, City, State, 2 8113 West Grandridge Boulevard, Kennewick, WA 99336-7166	Zip Code)	
05 Name of Contact Person Kevin Conwell	06 Title of Contact Person Manager, Accounting & Fi	nance
07 Address of Contact Person (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 8113 West Grandridge Boulevard, Kennewick, WA 99336-7166		
08 Telephone of Contact Person, Including Area Code 509-734-4524	This Report Is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	10 Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017
ANNUAL COR	PORATE OFFICER CERTIFICATION	
The undersigned officer certifies that:		
11 Name	12 Title	
Kevin Conwell 13 Signature	Manager, Accounting & Fir	nanice
Title 18, U.S.C. 1001, makes it a crime for any person knowing false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within		Department of the United States any
iaise, notitious of naudulent statements as to any matter within	rito juriodiction.	

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1)		X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	List of Schedules (N	` '				
Ent	er in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as a			mation or amounts h	ave heen reported for	
	ain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not ap			mation of amounts no	ave been reported for	
oorte	in pages. Office pages where the responses are mone, That ap	piloabii	o, or 1474.			
					_	
	Title of Schedule		Reference	Date Revised	Remarks	
Line	(a)		Page No.	(a)	(4)	
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	
	GENERAL CORPORATE INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS					
1	General Information		101			
2	Control Over Respondent		102			
3	Corporations Controlled by Respondent		103			
4	Security Holders and Voting Powers		107			
5	Important Changes During the Year		108			
6	Comparative Balance Sheet		110-113			
7	Statement of Income for the Year		114-116			
8	Statement of Accumulated Comprehensive Income and Hedging Activities		117			
9	Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year		118-119			
10	Statements of Cash Flows		120-121			
11	Notes to Financial Statements		122			
	BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTING SCHEDULES (Assets and Other Debits)					
12	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, at	nd Deplet	ion 200-201			
13	Gas Plant in Service		204-209			
14	Gas Property and Capacity Leased from Others		212			
15	Gas Property and Capacity Leased to Others		213			
16	Gas Plant Held for Future Use		214			
17	Construction Work in Progress-Gas		216			
18	Non-Traditional Rate Treatment Afforded New Projects		217			
19	General Description of Construction Overhead Procedure		218			
20	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant		219			
21	Gas Stored		220			
22	Investments		222-223			
23	Investments in Subsidiary Companies		224-225			
24	Prepayments		230			
25	Extraordinary Property Losses		230			
26	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs		230			
27	Other Regulatory Assets		232			
28	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits		233			
29	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		234-235			
30	BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTING SCHEDULES (Liabilities and Other Credits) Capital Stock		250-251			
31	Capital Stock Subscribed, Capital Stock Liability for Conversion, Premium on Capital S	tack and				
31	Installments Received on Capital Stock	luck, and	252			
32	Other Paid-in Capital		253			
33	Discount on Capital Stock		254			
34	Capital Stock Expense		254			
35	Securities issued or Assumed and Securities Refunded or Retired During the Year		255			
36	Long-Term Debt		256-257			
37	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium, and Discount on Long-Term Debt		258-259			

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report I		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An ((2) A R	Original esubmission	12/31/2017	End of 2017/Q4
	List of Schedules (Natura)	
	er in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as a ain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not ap	ppropriate, w	here no inform		ave been reported for
	Title of Schedule		Reference	Date Revised	Remarks
Line No.	(a)		Page No. (b)	(c)	(d)
38	Unamortized Loss and Gain on Reacquired Debt		260		
39	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income with Taxable Income for Federal Income Taxes	;	261		
40	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid, and Charged During Year		262-263		
41	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities		268		
42	Other Deferred Credits		269		
43	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other Property		274-275		
44	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other		276-277		
45	Other Regulatory Liabilities		278		
	INCOME ACCOUNT SUPPORTING SCHEDULES				
46	Monthly Quantity & Revenue Data by Rate Schedule		299		
47	Gas Operating Revenues		300-301		
48	Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others Through Gathering Facilities		302-303		
49	Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others Through Transmission Facilities		304-305		
50	Revenues from Storage Gas of Others		306-307		
51	Other Gas Revenues		308		
52	Discounted Rate Services and Negotiated Rate Services Gas Operation and Maintenance Expenses		313		
53	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions		317-325		
54 55	Gas Used in Utility Operations		328 331		
56	Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others		332		
57	Other Gas Supply Expenses		334		
58	Miscellaneous General Expenses-Gas		335		
59	Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization of Gas Plant		336-338		
60	Particulars Concerning Certain Income Deduction and Interest Charges Accounts		340		
	COMMON SECTION				
61	Regulatory Commission Expenses		350-351		
62	Employee Pensions and Benefits (Account 926)		352		
63	Distribution of Salaries and Wages		354-355		
64	Charges for Outside Professional and Other Consultative Services		357		
65	Transactions with Associated (Affiliated) Companies		358		
	GAS PLANT STATISTICAL DATA				
66	Compressor Stations		508-509		
67	Gas Storage Projects		512-513		
68	Transmission Lines		514		
69	Transmission System Peak Deliveries		518		
70	Auxiliary Peaking Facilities		519		
71	Gas Account-Natural Gas		520		
72	Shipper Supplied Gas for the Current Quarter		521		
73	System Map		522		
74	Footnote Reference		551		
75	Foothote Text Stockholder's Panette (check appropriate box)		552		
76	Stockholder's Reports (check appropriate box)				
	Four copies will be submitted No annual report to stockholders is prepared				
		1		i i	i .

Name of Respondent				ort Is:	Dat (Ma	e of Report b, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Repor
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	Ė		An Original A Resubmission		2/31/2017		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
General		na			1			
Provide name and title of officer having custody of the general corporate books of account where any other corporate books of account are kept, if different from that where the general					jeneral co	rporate books a	ıre kept	and address of office
Kevin Conwell Manager, Accounting & Finance 8113 West Grandridge Boulevard Kennewick, Washington 99336-7166								
Provide the name of the State under the laws of which respondent is incorporated and daincorporated, state that fact and give the type of organization and the date organized.	ate of inc	cor	pora	ation. If incorporated	under a s	pecial law, give	e referer	nce to such law. If not
Incorporated in the State of Washington - January 2, 1953								
3. If at any time during the year the property of respondent was held by a receiver or trustee the authority by which the receivership or trusteeship was created, and (d) date when posses Not applicable					ee, (b) dat	e such receiver	or trus	lee took possession, (c)
4. State the classes of utility and other services furnished by respondent during the year in	each Sta	ate	in v	which the respondent	operated			
Natural gas distribution in the states of Washington and Oregon								
5. Have you engaged as the principal accountant to audit your financial statements an accountants?	untant v	who	o is	not the principal acco	ountant foi	your previous y	year's c	ertified financial
(1) Yes Enter the date when such independent accountant was initial (2) X No	ly enga	ag	ed:					

ne of Respondent		This F	Report Is:		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
cade Natural Gas Corporation				on	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Control O				 	+
ly held control (see page 103 for definition of contro inization, report in a footnote the chain of organization of control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the res	partnership) over the on. names of to pondent. F	os, bus respon rustees Report	iness trusts, andent at the end the names of an "M" if the col	of the	e year. If control is i ficiaries for whom the y is the main parent	n a holding company e trust is maintained, or controlling
Company Name	-				State of Incorporation	Percent Voting Stock Owned
	N/	(1	·)			(d) 100.00
						100.00
						100.00
Traile Cascade Effergy Flordings, EEC (FCETI)					DE	100.00
	Report in column (a) the names of all corporations, ly held control (see page 103 for definition of control nization, report in a footnote the chain of organization of the latest the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the respondent.	Control O Report in column (a) the names of all corporations, partnership by held control (see page 103 for definition of control) over the nization, report in a footnote the chain of organization. If control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the names of the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the respondent. Find pany having ultimate control over the respondent. Otherwise, Company Name (a) MDU Resources Group, Inc. (MDUR) M MDU Energy Capital, LLC	Control Over Res Report in column (a) the names of all corporations, partnerships, bus ly held control (see page 103 for definition of control) over the responsization, report in a footnote the chain of organization. If control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the names of trustees the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the respondent. Report a pany having ultimate control over the respondent. Otherwise, report a company Name Company Name Type of (a) MDU Resources Group, Inc. (MDUR) MDU Energy Capital, LLC	Control Over Respondent Report in column (a) the names of all corporations, partnerships, business trusts, and y held control (see page 103 for definition of control) over the respondent at the end nization, report in a footnote the chain of organization. If control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the names of trustees, the names of the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the respondent. Report an "M" if the corpany having ultimate control over the respondent. Otherwise, report a "D" for direct, Company Name Company Name Type of Control (a) MDU Resources Group, Inc. (MDUR) MDU Energy Capital, LLC	Control Over Respondent Report in column (a) the names of all corporations, partnerships, business trusts, and simely held control (see page 103 for definition of control) over the respondent at the end of the inization, report in a footnote the chain of organization. If control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the names of trustees, the names of benefits the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the respondent. Report an "M" if the companication pany having ultimate control over the respondent. Otherwise, report a "D" for direct, an "I company Name Type of Control (b) MDU Resources Group, Inc. (MDUR) MDU Energy Capital, LLC	Control Over Respondent Report in column (a) the names of all corporations, partnerships, business trusts, and similar organizations they held control (see page 103 for definition of control) over the respondent at the end of the year. If control is inization, report in a footnote the chain of organization. If control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the names of trustees, the names of beneficiaries for whom the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the respondent. Report an "M" if the company is the main parent pany having ultimate control over the respondent. Otherwise, report a "D" for direct, an "I" for indirect, or a "J" Company Name Type of Control State of Incorporation (a) MDU Resources Group, Inc. (MDUR) MDU Energy Capital, LLC

	e of Respondent		1 his (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report			
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>			
	C	orporations Cor	ntrolle	d by Respondent					
at ar 2. any 3. 4. 1. 2. 3. 4. votir agre	1. Report below the names of all corporations, business trusts, and similar organizations, controlled directly or indirectly by respondent it any time during the year. If control ceased prior to end of year, give particulars (details) in a footnote. 2. If control was by other means than a direct holding of voting rights, state in a footnote the manner in which control was held, naming any intermediaries involved. 3. If control was held jointly with one or more other interests, state the fact in a footnote and name the other interests. 4. In column (b) designate type of control of the respondent as "D" for direct, an "I" for indirect, or a "J" for joint control. DEFINITIONS 1. See the Uniform System of Accounts for a definition of control. 2. Direct control is that which is exercised without interposition of an intermediary. 3. Indirect control is that which is exercised by the interposition of an intermediary that exercises direct control. 4. Joint control is that in which neither interest can effectively control or direct action without the consent of the other, as where the oting control is equally divided between two holders, or each party holds a veto power over the other. Joint control may exist by mutual igreement or understanding between two or more parties who together have control within the meaning of the definition of control in the Juliform System of Accounts, regardless of the relative voting rights of each party.								
Line No.	Name of Company Controlled	Type of Contro	ol	Kind of Business	Percent Vot Stock Own				
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	(e)			
1	None					Not used			
2									
3									
4									
5 6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19 20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									

Nam	e of Respondent		This Repor		Date of Re	port	Year/Period of Report
Case	cade Natural Gas Corporation			n Original Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Y 12/31/20	•	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Security Ho	olders and Voting	Powers	•		,
or costate know complete know	Give the names and addresses of the 10 ampilation of list of stockholders of the rese the number of votes that each could case on particulars of the trust (whether voting pany did not close the stock book or did not close of the year. Arrange the set. Show in column (a) the titles of office of any security other than stock carries voing rights and give other important details of any class or issue of security has any surporate action by any method, explain brightering the provider of the options, warrants, or coany, or any of the 10 largest security holesecurities substantially all of which are outside the contingular of the securities of the options.	pondent, prior to t on that date if a trust, etc.), durati tot compile a list of the other class of the names of the sers and directors in ting rights, explain concerning the vo- ency. pecial privileges in efly in a footnote. trarrants, or rights towned by the responders is entitled to	the end of the ye meeting were he on of trust, and por stockholders we security has become the country holders in neluded in such in a supplementing rights of such the election of coutstanding at the condent, including the amount of supplements. This	ear, had the highed. If any such incipal holder within one year ome vested with the order of valist of 10 securital statement In the security. State end of the year of securities or instruction is in	ghest voting per holder held is of beneficial prior to the er th voting right voting power, ity holders. How such secute whether voting ees or manager for others attended to the control of the control	owers in in trust, gry interes and of the yes, then should be commended and the gers, or in to purchand other rofficer, directory in the convertible of the convertible in the convertible of the convertible in the convertible of the convertib	the respondent, and ive in a footnote the ts in the trust. If the year, or if since it now such 10 security cing with the ame vested with its are actual or the determination ase securities of the material information rector, associated ole securities or to
II.	 Give date of the latest closing of the stock ok prior to end of year, and, in a footnote, state the purpose of such closing: State the total number of votes cast at the latest general meeting prior to the end of year for election of directors of the respondent and number of such votes cast by proxy. Total: By Proxy: 						the date and place of such meeting:
				VOT	ING SECURITI	ES	
			4. Number of	votes as of (date	e):		
Line No.	Name (Title) and Address of Security Holder		Total Votes	Common Si	cock Prefe	rred Stock	
5	(a) TOTAL votes of all voting securities		(b) 1,00	(c)	1,000	(d)	(e)
6	TOTAL number of security holders			1	1		
7	TOTAL votes of security holders listed below		1,00	0	1,000		
8	•						
9							
10							
11	Cascade is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MDU Resource	es Group, Inc.					
12	MDU Resources Group, Inc.						
13	PO Box 5650						
14	Bismarck, ND 58506-5650						
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report						
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)							
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4						
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year									

Give details concerning the matters indicated below. Make the statements explicit and precise, and number them in accordance with the inquiries. Answer each inquiry. Enter "none" or "not applicable" where applicable. If the answer is given elsewhere in the report, refer to the schedule in which it appears.

- 1. Changes in and important additions to franchise rights: Describe the actual consideration and state from whom the franchise rights were acquired. If the franchise rights were acquired without the payment of consideration, state that fact.
- 2. Acquisition of ownership in other companies by reorganization, merger, or consolidation with other companies: Give names of companies involved, particulars concerning the transactions, name of the Commission authorizing the transaction, and reference to Commission authorization.
- 3. Purchase or sale of an operating unit or system: Briefly describe the property, and the related transactions, and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. Give date journal entries called for by Uniform System of Accounts were submitted to the Commission.
- 4. Important leaseholds (other than leaseholds for natural gas lands) that have been acquired or given, assigned or surrendered: Give effective dates, lengths of terms, names of parties, rents, and other conditions. State name of Commission authorizing lease and give reference to such authorization.
- 5. Important extension or reduction of transmission or distribution system: State territory added or relinquished and date operations began or ceased and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. State also the approximate number of customers added or lost and approximate annual revenues of each class of service.

Each natural gas company must also state major new continuing sources of gas made available to it from purchases, development, purchase contract or otherwise, giving location and approximate total gas volumes available, period of contracts, and other parties to any such arrangements, etc.

- 6. Obligations incurred or assumed by respondent as guarantor for the performance by another of any agreement or obligation, including ordinary commercial paper maturing on demand or not later than one year after date of issue: State on behalf of whom the obligation was assumed and amount of the obligation. Cite Commission authorization if any was required.
- 7. Changes in articles of incorporation or amendments to charter: Explain the nature and purpose of such changes or amendments.
- 8. State the estimated annual effect and nature of any important wage scale changes during the year.
- 9. State briefly the status of any materially important legal proceedings pending at the end of the year, and the results of any such proceedings culminated during the year.
- 10. Describe briefly any materially important transactions of the respondent not disclosed elsewhere in this report in which an officer, director, security holder, voting trustee, associated company or known associate of any of these persons was a party or in which any such person had a material interest.
- 11. Estimated increase or decrease in annual revenues caused by important rate changes: State effective date and approximate amount of increase or decrease for each revenue classification. State the number of customers affected.
- 12. Describe fully any changes in officers, directors, major security holders and voting powers of the respondent that may have occurred during the reporting period.
- 13. In the event that the respondent participates in a cash management program(s) and its proprietary capital ratio is less than 30 percent please describe the significant events or transactions causing the proprietary capital ratio to be less than 30 percent, and the extent to which the respondent has amounts loaned or money advanced to its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies through a cash management program(s). Additionally, please describe plans, if any to regain at least a 30 percent proprietary ratio.
- 1. None
- 2. None
- 3. None
- 4. None
- 5. None
- 6. None
- 7. None
- 8. Wages for union employees increased 3.10% in April 2017.
- 9. None
- 10. None
- OR Rate Increase (OPUC Order 16-477, Entered 12/12/2016, Rates Effective 03/01/2017)

Revenue Class	Increase	% Increase	Number of Customers
Residential	\$528,190.00	3.12%	60,662
Commercial	\$118,810.00	1.53%	9,901
Industrial	\$35,815.00	7.09%	128
Large Volume	\$17,185.00	7.09%	13
Other	\$ -	0.00%	<u>39</u>
Total	\$700,000,00	2.36%	70 743

12. Changes to Corporate Officers:

Jason Vollmer became Director taking over position previously held by Doran Schwartz
Garret Senger became Executive Vice President - Regulatory Affairs, Customer Service and Gas Supply

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report						
· ·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·						
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4						
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year									

None

Nam	lame of Respondent		ort Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X (2)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of 2017/Q4
-	Comparative Balance Sh			1	
Line No.	Title of Account	.001 (71000	Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31
	(a)		(b)		(d)
1	UTILITY PLANT				
2	Utility Plant (101-106, 114)		200-201	997,637,482	922,694,564
3	Construction Work in Progress (107)		200-201	8,458,804	12,898,870
4	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 2 and 3)		200-201	1,006,096,286	935,593,434
5	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depr., Amort., Depl. (108, 111, 115)			477,141,386	453,344,582
6	Net Utility Plant (Total of line 4 less 5)			528,954,900	482,248,852
7	Nuclear Fuel (120.1 thru 120.4, and 120.6)			0	0
8	(Less) Accum. Provision for Amort., of Nuclear Fuel Assemblies (120	.5)		0	0
9	Nuclear Fuel (Total of line 7 less 8)			0	0
10	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 6 and 9)			528,954,900	482,248,852
11	Utility Plant Adjustments (116)		122	0	0
12	Gas Stored-Base Gas (117.1)		220	0	0
13	System Balancing Gas (117.2)		220	0	0
14	Gas Stored in Reservoirs and Pipelines-Noncurrent (117.3)		220	0	0
15	Gas Owed to System Gas (117.4)		220	0	0
16	OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS				
17	Nonutility Property (121)			202,030	202,030
18	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depreciation and Amortization (122)			0	0
19	Investments in Associated Companies (123)		222-223	0	0
20	Investments in Subsidiary Companies (123.1)		224-225	0	0
21	(For Cost of Account 123.1 See Footnote Page 224, line 40)				
22	Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0
23	Other Investments (124)		222-223	11,692,638	10,932,832
24	Sinking Funds (125)			0	0
25	Depreciation Fund (126)			0	0
26	Amortization Fund - Federal (127)			0	0
27	Other Special Funds (128)			0	0
28	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175)			0	0
29	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0
30	TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-29)	9)		11,894,668	11,134,862
31	CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS				
32	Cash (131)			2,727,130	3,539,113
33	Special Deposits (132-134)			0	0
34	Working Funds (135)			1,550	2,750
35	Temporary Cash Investments (136)		222-223	0	0
36	Notes Receivable (141)			0	0
37	Customer Accounts Receivable (142)			12,549,415	10,813,648
38	Other Accounts Receivable (143)			2,255,787	1,813,282
39	(Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144)			471,321	471,151
40	Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145)			0	0
41	Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146)			0	60,060
42	Fuel Stock (151)			0	0
43	Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed (152)			0	0

Nam	e of Respondent	This Rep		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X (2)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Comparative Balance Sheet (A		d Other Debits)(cor	itinued)	
Line No.	Title of Account		Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31
	(a)		(b)		(d)
44	Residuals (Elec) and Extracted Products (Gas) (153)			0	0
45	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (154)			8,026,535	7,223,893
46	Merchandise (155)			0	0
47	Other Materials and Supplies (156)			0	0
48	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (157)			0	0
49	Allowances (158.1 and 158.2)			0	0
50	(Less) Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0
51	Stores Expense Undistributed (163)		200	0	0
52	Gas Stored Underground-Current (164.1)	1.0\	220	587,529	126,656
53	Liquefied Natural Gas Stored and Held for Processing (164.2 thru 16	4.3)	220	2,230,775	1,705,164
54	Prepayments (165)		230	3,305,688	2,456,770
55	Advances for Gas (166 thru 167)			0	0
56	Interest and Dividends Receivable (171)			0	0
57 58	Rents Receivable (172) Accrued Utility Revenues (173)			32,360,206	34,522,282
59	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets (174)			32,360,206	34,322,282
60	Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			0	0
61	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			0	0
62	Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0
63	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assests - Hedges	(176)		0	0
64	TOTAL Current and Accrued Assets (Total of lines 32 thru 63)	(170)		63,573,294	61,792,467
65	DEFERRED DEBITS				
66	Unamortized Debt Expense (181)			1,646,972	2,042,178
67	Extraordinary Property Losses (182.1)		230	0	0
68	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (182.2)		230	0	0
69	Other Regulatory Assets (182.3)		232	47,795,198	49,627,341
70	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric)(183)			0	0
71	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Gas)(183.1 and 183.2	2)		367	0
72	Clearing Accounts (184)			39,416	104,615
73	Temporary Facilities (185)			0	0
74	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (186)		233	70,740,286	70,888,337
75	Deferred Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (187)			0	0
76	Research, Development, and Demonstration Expend. (188)			0	0
77	Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt (189)			785,271	826,242
78	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (190)		234-235	16,343,135	26,488,327
79	Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs (191)			0	0
80	TOTAL Deferred Debits (Total of lines 66 thru 79)			137,350,645	149,977,040
81	TOTAL Assets and Other Debits (Total of lines 10-15,30,64,and 80)		741,773,507	705,153,221

Nan	ne of Respondent	This Rep		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Comparative Balance She			lits)		
Line			Reference	Current Year	Prior Year	
No.			Page Number	End of	End Balance	
	(2)		/ L\	Quarter/Year	12/31	
1	PROPRIETARY CAPITAL		(b)	Balance	(d)	
-			250-251	1 000	1 000	
2	Common Stock Issued (201)			1,000	1,000	
3	Preferred Stock Issued (204)		250-251			
4	Capital Stock Subscribed (202, 205)		252	0	0	
5	Stock Liability for Conversion (203, 206)		252			
6	Premium on Capital Stock (207)		252	192,553,017	160,698,668	
7	Other Paid-In Capital (208-211)		253	0	0	
8	Installments Received on Capital Stock (212)		252	0	0	
9	(Less) Discount on Capital Stock (213)		254	0	0	
10	(Less) Capital Stock Expense (214)		254	0	0	
11	Retained Earnings (215, 215.1, 216)		118-119	30,688,673	31,852,511	
12	Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings (216.1)		118-119	0	0	
13	(Less) Reacquired Capital Stock (217)		250-251	0	0	
14	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (219)		117	1,270,661	0	
15	TOTAL Proprietary Capital (Total of lines 2 thru 14)			224,513,351	192,552,179	
16	LONG TERM DEBT					
17	Bonds (221)		256-257	0	0	
18	(Less) Reacquired Bonds (222)		256-257	0	0	
19	Advances from Associated Companies (223)		256-257	0	0	
20	Other Long-Term Debt (224)		256-257	214,431,000	214,471,000	
21	Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt (225)		258-259	0	0	
22	(Less) Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt-Dr (226)		258-259	0	0	
23	(Less) Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			0	0	
24	TOTAL Long-Term Debt (Total of lines 17 thru 23)			214,431,000	214,471,000	
25	OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
26	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent (227)			0	0	
27	Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance (228.1)			0	0	
28	Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages (228.2)			14,261,343	15,498,768	
29	Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits (228.3)			8,407,713	7,687,634	
30	Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions (228.4)			48,270	24,135	
31	Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds (229)			0	0	

Nam	e of Respondent	This Repo		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Comparative Balance Sheet (Lia	Г / П			
Line	Title of Account		Reference	Current Year	Prior Year
No.	Tido di Adocari		Page Number	End of	End Balance
			4.	Quarter/Year	12/31
00	(a)	+	(b)	Balance	(d)
32	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities			0	0
33	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges			0	0
34	Asset Retirement Obligations (230)			61,208,026	54,807,880
35	TOTAL Other Noncurrent Liabilities (Total of lines 26 thru 34)			83,925,352	78,018,417
36	CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
37	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			0	0
38	Notes Payable (231)			17,300,000	0
39	Accounts Payable (232)			29,768,720	28,763,011
40	Notes Payable to Associated Companies (233)			0	0
41	Accounts Payable to Associated Companies (234)			1,690,801	1,606,767
42	Customer Deposits (235)			904,903	874,939
43	Taxes Accrued (236)		262-263	8,002,294	8,418,892
44	Interest Accrued (237)			3,121,957	3,113,255
45	Dividends Declared (238)			3,300,000	4,160,000
46	Matured Long-Term Debt (239)			0	0
47	Matured Interest (240)			0	0
48	Tax Collections Payable (241)			0	3,542
49	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities (242)		268	8,843,156	9,694,740
50	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current (243)			0	0
51	Derivative Instrument Liabilities (244)			0	0
52	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities			0	0
53	Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges (245)			0	0
54	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedge	es		0	0
55	TOTAL Current and Accrued Liabilities (Total of lines 37 thru 54)			72,931,831	56,635,146
56	DEFERRED CREDITS				
57	Customer Advances for Construction (252)			4,487,518	4,482,130
58	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits (255)			286,113	324,288
59	Deferred Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (256)			0	0
60	Other Deferred Credits (253)		269	(980,392)	18,664,938
61	Other Regulatory Liabilities (254)		278	64,721,420	3,780,681
62	Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt (257)		260	0	0,700,001
63	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Accelerated Amortization (28	:1)	200	0	0
64	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Accelerated Amortization (202)	,,,		52,078,937	100,067,346
65	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other (283)			25,378,377	36,157,096
66	TOTAL Deferred Credits (Total of lines 57 thru 65)			145,971,973	163,476,479
67	TOTAL Liabilities and Other Credits (Total of lines 15,24,35,55,and	66)		741,773,507	705,153,221
67	TOTAL LIABIlities and Other Credits (Total of lines 15,24,35,55,and	00)		741,773,507	705,153,221

Name of Respondent				Report Is:		of Report	Yea	ar/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmiss		(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017		nd of 2017/Q4
		Stateme	` '	f Income	.0.1		ļ	
Ouart		Stateme	HIL O	i income				
2. Re other 3. Re other	eny er in column (d) the balance for the reporting quarter and in column (e) port in column (f) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; utility function for the current year quarter. port in column (g) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function utility function for the prior year quarter. Indditional columns are needed place them in a footnote.	in colum	n (h) t	the quarter to date an	nounts for gas utili	ty, and in (j) the o		
	0.41.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4							
5. Do 6. Re Sprea 7. Re 8. Re 9. Use 10. G custo contir with re 11 Gir reven 12. If 13. Er alloca 14. Ex	all or Quarterly, if applicable not report fourth quarter data in columns (e) and (f) port amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from d the amount(s) over lines 2 thru 26 as appropriate. Include these amounts amounts in account 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the same port data for lines 8, 10 and 11 for Natural Gas companies using account a page 122 for important notes regarding the statement of income for any expected or concise explanations concerning unsettled rate proceedings where a great or which may result in material refund to the utility with respect to gency relates and the tax effects together with an explanation of the magnetic to power or gas purchases. We concise explanations concerning significant amounts of any refunds uses received or costs incurred for power or gas purches, and a summan any notes appearing in the report to stokholders are applicable to the Safter on page 122 a concise explanation of only those changes in account to the provious province of the preceding year. Also, uplain in a footnote if the previous year's/quarter's figures are different for the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, such as the provious to the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, such as the provious and apportion to the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, such as the provious are different for the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, such as the preceding year.	ounts in cone manners 404.1 hy accours a conting power or ajor facto made or try of the attatement of the give the agrowth that it is a contract or the attatement of the agrowth that it is a contract or that it is a contr	olumn er as a , 404 nt ther ency e gas p rs whi receiv adjuste of Inco nods re appropre	as (c) and (d) totals. accounts 412 and 413 2, 404.3, 407.1 and 4 eof. exists such that refundrhases. State for each affect the rights of ed during the year rements made to balandome, such notes may nade during the year oriate dollar effect of sed in prior reports.	above. 07.2. ds of a material and and a material a	nount may need the gross revenusuch revenues of ment of any rate and expense accept 122.	to be miles or cor recoverproceed counts.	ade to the utility's osts to which the ver amounts paid ding affecting
	Title of Account	Referer Page Numb	;	Total Current Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year	Total Prior Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year	Current Thr Months End Quarterly O No Fourth Qu	ed nly	Prior Three Months Ended Quarterly Only No Fourth Quarter
Line No.	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	(e)	arter	(f)
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME							
2	Gas Operating Revenues (400)	300-30)1	290,448,860	269,012,0	55	0	0
3	Operating Expenses							
4	Operation Expenses (401)	317-32	25	194,391,007	183,821,2	54	0	0
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)	317-32	25	7,645,195	5,729,6	12	0	0
6	Depreciation Expense (403)	336-33	88	24,014,068	22,501,73	31	0	0
7	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (403.1)	336-33	8	0		0	0	0
8	Amortization and Depletion of Utility Plant (404-405)	336-33	8	3,032,663	2,736,7	28	0	0
9	Amortization of Utility Plant Acu. Adjustment (406)	336-33	88	0		0	0	0
10	Amort. of Prop. Losses, Unrecovered Plant and Reg. Study Costs (407.1)			0		0	0	0
11	Amortization of Conversion Expenses (407.2)			0		0	0	0
12	Regulatory Debits (407.3)			0		0	0	0
13	(Less) Regulatory Credits (407.4)			0		0	0	0
14	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.1)	262-26	3	29,055,993	25,926,63	33	0	0
15	Income Taxes-Federal (409.1)	262-26	3	(2,234,179)	4,283,3	71	0	0
16	Income Taxes-Other (409.1)	262-26	3	(129,101)	293,6	45	0	0
17	Provision of Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)	234-23	15	11,134,553	1,569,43	39	0	0
18	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.1)	234-23	15	0		0	0	0
19	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment-Net (411.4)			(38,175)	(48,83	4)	0	0
20	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.6)			0		0	0	0
21	Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.7)			0		0	0	0
22	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Allowances (411.8)			0		0	0	0
23	Losses from Disposition of Allowances (411.9)			0		0	0	0
24	Accretion Expense (411.10)			0		0	0	0
25	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Total of lines 4 thru 24)			266,872,024	246,813,60	09	0	0
26	Net Utility Operating Income (Total of lines 2 less 25) (Carry forward to page 116, line 27)			23,576,836	22,198,4	56	0	0
				20,010,000	<i>د</i> کر ۱۷۷۶۳۰		<u> </u>	

	e of Respondent	-4:		This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casc	cade Natural Gas Corpora	ation		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			Stateme	nt of	Income		
Line No.	Elec. Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (g)	Elec. Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (h)	Gas Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (i)		Gas Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j)	Other Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Other Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (I)
1	0	0	200.440	040	2/0.012.0/5	0	0
3	0	0	290,448,	,860	269,012,065	0	0
4	0	0	194,391,	,007	183,821,254	0	0
5	0	0	7,645,		5,729,642	0	0
6 7	0	0	24,014,	,068	22,501,731	0	
8	0	0	3,032,		2,736,728	0	
9	0	0		0	0	0	0
10	0	0		0	0	0	0
11 12	0	0		0	0	0	0
13	0	0		0	0	0	0
14	0	0	29,055,		25,926,633	0	0
15	0	0	(2,234,7		4,283,371 293,645	0	0
16 17	0	0	(129, ⁻ 11,134,		1,569,439	0	0
18	0	0	11,101,	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	(38,	175)	(48,834)	0	0
20	0	0		0	0	0	0
22	0	0		0	0	0	0
23	0	0		0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0// 070	0	0	0	0
25 26	0	0	266,872, 23,576,		246,813,609 22,198,456	0	0
		•	20,010			· ·	

	e of Respondent			i n (1)	is Report Is: X An Original		Date of (Mo, Da			rea	ar/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			(2)		sion	12/31	/201	17	Εı	nd of 2017/Q4
	State	ment of	ln	CC	ome(continued)		!		ļ		
Line	Title of Account (a)	Referei Page Numb	nce e oer		Total Current Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year	Prior Y B	Total 'ear to Date alance uarter/Year		Current Three Months Ended Quarterly Only o Fourth Quarter		Prior Three Months Ended Quarterly Only No Fourth Quarter
No.	\ - /	(b)			(c)		(d)		(e)		(f)
27	Net Utility Operating Income (Carried forward from page 114)				23,576,836		22,198,456			0	0
28	OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS				_						
29	Other Income										
30	Nonutility Operating Income										
31	Revenues form Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work (415)				0		0			0	
32	(Less) Costs and Expense of Merchandising, Job & Contract Work (416)				10.701		()7(0	0
33 34	Revenues from Nonutility Operations (417) (Less) Expenses of Nonutility Operations (417.1)				10,781		6,276			0	0
35	Nonoperating Rental Income (418)				0		0			0	0
36	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies (418.1)	119			0		0			0	0
37	Interest and Dividend Income (419)	1			568,811		610,340			0	0
38	Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction (419.1)				177,923		361,162			0	0
39	Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (421)				28,939		17,666			0	0
40	Gain on Disposition of Property (421.1)				0		0			0	0
41	TOTAL Other Income (Total of lines 31 thru 40)				786,454		995,444			0	0
42	Other Income Deductions										
43	Loss on Disposition of Property (421.2)				0		0			0	
44	Miscellaneous Amortization (425)				0		0			0	0
45	Donations (426.1)	340			299,157		232,468			0	0
46	Life Insurance (426.2)				(291,752)		1 001 104			0	0
47 48	Penalties (426.3) Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities (426.4)				128,933		1,001,184			0	0
49	Other Deductions (426.5)				1,097		1,437			0	0
50	TOTAL Other Income Deductions (Total of lines 43 thru 49)	340			137,435		1,363,292			0	0
51	Taxes Applic. to Other Income and Deductions										
52	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.2)	262-26	63		1,106		3,164			0	0
53	Income Taxes-Federal (409.2)	262-26	63		(1,365)		(189,153)			0	0
54	Income Taxes-Other (409.2)	262-26	63		1,079		(12,967)			0	0
55	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.2)	234-23			0		0			0	
56	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.2)	234-23	35		0		0			0	
57	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments-Net (411.5)				0		0			0	0
58 59	(Less) Investment Tax Credits (420) TOTAL Taxes on Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 52-58)				820		(198,956)			0	0
60	Net Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 41, 50, 59)				648,199		(168,892)			0	0
61	INTEREST CHARGES				010,177		(100,072)			Ů	
62	Interest on Long-Term Debt (427)				11,403,441		11,144,573			0	0
63	Amortization of Debt Disc. and Expense (428)	258-25	59		454,448		171,932			0	0
64	Amortization of Loss on Reacquired Debt (428.1)				40,971		40,971			0	0
65	(Less) Amortization of Premium on Debt-Credit (429)	258-25	59		0		0			0	0
66	(Less) Amortization of Gain on Reacquired Debt-Credit (429.1)				0		0			0	0
67	Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (430)	340			0		0			0	0
68	Other Interest Expense (431)	340			505,177		653,866			0	0
69 70	(Less) Allowance for Borrowed Funds Used During Construction-Credit (432) Net Interest Charges (Total of lines 62 thru 69)				253,406 12,150,631		284,975 11,726,367			0	0
71	Income Before Extraordinary Items (Total of lines 27,60 and 70)				12,130,031		10,303,197			0	0
72	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS				12,071,101		10,000,177			Ů	
73	Extraordinary Income (434)				0		0			0	0
74	(Less) Extraordinary Deductions (435)				0		0			0	0
75	Net Extraordinary Items (Total of line 73 less line 74)				0		0			0	0
76	Income Taxes-Federal and Other (409.3)	262-26	63		0		0			0	0
77	Extraordinary Items after Taxes (Total of line 75 less line 76)				0		0			0	0
78	Net Income (Total of lines 71 and 77)				12,074,404		10,303,197			0	0

i tairie o	of Respondent			This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Casi	cade Natural Gas Corpor	ation		(1) An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Ous	cade Natural Cas Corpor	anon		(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			STATEMENT OF INC	OME (continued)		
	Elec. Utility Current Year to Date	Elec. Utility Previous Year to Date	Gas Utility Current Year to Date	Gas Utility Previous Year to Date	Other Utility Current Year to Date	Other Utility Previous Year to Date
Line No.	(in dollars) (g)	(in dollars) (h)	(in dollars) (i)	(in dollars) (j)	(in dollars) (k)	(in dollars) (I)
27	-	-	23,576,836	22,198,456	-	-
28						
31	-	-	-	-	-	-
32 33	-	-	10,781	6,276	-	-
34	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 36	-	-	-	-	-	-
37	-		568,811	610,340	-	-
38	-	-	177,923	361,162	-	-
39 40	-	-	28,939	17,666	-	-
41	-		786,454	995,444	-	-
42 43			-	-		
44 45			299,157	232,468		
46			(291,752)	-		
47			-	1,001,184		
48 49	-	-	128,933 1,097	128,203 1,437		_
50	-	-	137,435	1,363,292	-	-
51 52			1,106.00	3,164		
53	-	-	(1,365)	(189,153)	-	-
54 55	-	-	1,079	(12,967)	-	-
56	-	-	-	-	-	-
57	-	-	-	-	-	-
58 59	-	-	820	(198,956)	-	-
60	-	-	648,199	(168,892)	-	-
61 62	-	-	11,403,441	11,144,573	-	-
63	-	-	454,448	171,932	-	-
64	-	-	40,971	40,971	-	-
65 66	-	-	- -	-	-	-
67	-	-	-	-	-	-
68 69	-	-	505,177 (253,406)	653,866 (284,975)	-	-
70	-	-	12,150,631	11,726,367	-	-
71 72	-	-	12,074,404	10,303,197	-	-
73	-	-	-	-	-	-
74	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
75 76	-			-	-	-
75	-	-	12,074,404	10,303,197		

Name	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:		Date	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/l	Period of Report
Caso	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	An Origina A Resubmi		12/31/2017			of 2017/Q4
	Statement of A	Accumul	ated Compreh	ensive Income a	nd Hedg	ing Activities		
1. Re	port in columns (b) (c) and (e) the amounts of ac	ccumulate	ed other compr	ehensive income i	tems, on	a net-of-tax basis	, where	appropriate.
2. Re	port in columns (f) and (g) the amounts of other	categorie	s of other cash	flow hedges.				
	port in consumo (i) and (g) and amounte or cano.	outogo						
3. Fo	r each category of hedges that have been accou	ınted for a	as "fair value h	edges", report the	accounts	affected and the	related a	amounts in a footnote.
				I				
Line			lized Gains	Minimum Pens		Foreign Currer	псу	Other
No.	ltom		Losses on ble-for-sale	liabililty Adjustr (net amoun		Hedges		Adjustments
	Item		curities	(net amoun	l)			
	(a)	30	(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)
1	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Preceding		(5)	(6)		(α)		(0)
•	Year							
2	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications							
_	from Account 219 to Net Income							
3	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair							
_	Value							
4	Total (lines 2 and 3)							
	Balance of Account 219 at End of Preceding							
	Quarter/Year							
6	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Current Year							
7	Current Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications from							
	Account 219 to Net Income							
8	Current Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value				270,661			
9	Total (lines 7 and 8)			1,2	270,661			
10	Balance of Account 219 at End of Current							
	Quarter/Year			1,2	270,661			

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			This Report Is: (1) XAn Original (2) A Resubmission				/Ma Da V/r\			/Period of Report ad of 2017/Q4	
	Stateme	ent of Accumu		Com	prehensiv	re Income and He	edging Act	tivities(continue	ed)		
Line No.	Other Cash Flow Hedges Interest Rate Swaps (f)	Other Cash Flow Hedges [Insert Footnote at Line 1 to specify category] (g)		category o items recorde	Totals for each category of items recorded in Account 219 (h)		e ard 6,	Total Comprehensive Income (j)			
2											
3											
4								10,3	303,197	10,303,197	
5											
6 7											
8						1,:	270,661				
9							270,661	12,0	074,404	13,345,065	
10						1,	270,661				

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation Statement of Retained I Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unap Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in w ffected in column (b). State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings.	K An Original ☐A Resubmission	1 (Ma Da Vr)	Year/Period of Report	
Statement of Retained I 1. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unap 2. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in w ffected in column (b).		(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
 Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unap Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in w ffected in column (b). 		.2.5 //25 //		
Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in w ffected in column (b).		boldlow, combane for the com		
 State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening ba Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. 	hich recorded (Accounts 43	33, 436-439 inclusive). Show t	he contra primary account	
ine Item	Contra Primary Account Affected	Current Quarter Year to Date Balance	Previous Quarter Year to Date Balance	
No. (a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS				
Balance-Beginning of Period		31,852,511	38,204,913	
Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts)				
Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439)				
TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details)				
TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details)				
Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1)		12,074,404	10,303,197	
7 Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436)				
TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details)				
Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437)				
0 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details)				
Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438)		10,000,040	4/ /55 500	
2 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details)		13,238,242	16,655,599	
Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings		20 (00 (72	21.052.511	
4 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 5 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215)		30,688,673	31,852,511	
6 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 7 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account				
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account				
9 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines				
TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1) TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1)		30,688,673	31,852,511	
1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1)		00,000,010	01,002,011	
Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly				
2 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit)				
3 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)				
4 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit)				
5 Other Changes (Explain)				
6 Balance-End of Year				

BLANK PAGE

[Next page is 120]

Nam	e of Respondent	This (1)		port Is:		of Report	Year/Per	iod of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			Ľ	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, E 12/3	31/2017	End of	2017/Q4	
	Statement	(2) of Ca	ash	4					
1) C	odes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures				nclude coi	mmercial paper	r; and (d) ld	entify	
	rately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.			3 11 111, (1)			, (-, -	,	
	formation about noncash investing and financing activities must be pro				ncial state	ments. Also pro	ovide a reco	onciliation	
	een "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amoun perating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to opera				locaca na	ertoining to invo	oting and fi	nanaina	
	ties should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Fir								
	s paid.				· pa.a (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	vesting Activities: Include at Other (line 25) net cash outflow to acquire			•			•		
	med in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this st					italized per the	: USofA Ge	neral	
nstruction 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of leases capitalized with the plant cost.							Descri	V	
ine No.						rent Year o Date	Previous Year to Date		
NO.	(a)					arter/Year		ter/Year	
1	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities								
2	Net Income (Line 78(c) on page 116)					12,074,404		10,303,197	
3	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:								
4	Depreciation and Depletion					27,046,732		25,238,459	
5	Amortization of (Specify) (footnote details): Gas cost changes				(15,731,419)	(359,810)	
6	Deferred Income Taxes (Net)				<u> </u>	11,134,553	`	1,569,439	
7	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments (Net)					(38,175)	(48,834)	
8	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables					1,232,417	(3,644,653)	
9	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory				(986,484)	(880,663)	
0	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Inventory				`		`	,,	
1	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses				(3,573,373)		5,917,519	
2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Regulatory Assets					-,-:-,,		-,,	
3	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Regulatory Liabilities								
4	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction								
5	(Less) Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies								
6	Other (footnote details): Net change in other deferred balances					4,483,143	(983,591)	
7	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities					4,400,140	`	300,001)	
8	(Total of Lines 2 thru 16)					35,641,798		37,111,063	
9	(Total of Lines 2 tillu 10)					33,041,790		37,111,003	
20	Cash Flows from Investment Activities:								
21									
	Construction and Acquisition of Plant (including land): Gross Additions to Utility Plant (less nuclear fuel)					71,112,784)	(56,530,179)	
22	Gross Additions to Outling Frank (less nuclear ruer) Gross Additions to Nuclear Fuel				(71,112,704)		30,330,179)	
24	Gross Additions to Common Utility Plant								
25	Gross Additions to Nonutility Plant					177.000	 	264.462	
26	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction					177,923	 	361,162	
27	Other (footnote details): Net increase in customer advances for construction					416,891		406,901	
8	Cash Outflows for Plant (Total of lines 22 thru 27)				(70,873,816)	(56,484,440)	
9	A								
80	Acquisition of Other Noncurrent Assets (d)					070.000\		405.007\	
31	Proceeds from Disposal of Noncurrent Assets (d)				(376,020)	(105,027)	
32									
33	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies								
34	Contributions and Advances from Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies								
35	Disposition of Investments in (and Advances to)								
6	Associated and Subsidiary Companies								
37									
8	Purchase of Investment Securities (a)								
39	Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities (a)						<u> </u>		

	e of Respondent		Report Is: X An Original	Date of F (Mo, Da,	Report Yr)	Year/Perio	od of Report		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	An Onginal A Resubmission	12/31/		End of	2017/Q4		
	Statement of Cash Flows (continued)								
Line	Description (See Instructions for explanation of	Curre	nt Year	Previo	us Year				
No.	2000.1910.1 (200 1.101.101.101.101.101.101.101.101.101	00000)		to Date		to Date			
	(a)			Quarte	er/Year	Quart	er/Year		
40	Loans Made or Purchased								
41	Collections on Loans								
42									
43	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables								
44	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory								
45	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation								
46	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses								
47	Other (footnote details): SERP Assets			(22,527)	(20,180)		
48	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities								
49	(Total of lines 28 thru 47)			(71,272,363)	(56,609,647)		
50									
51	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:								
52	Proceeds from Issuance of:								
53	Long-Term Debt (b)				17,063,033		4,653		
54	Preferred Stock								
55	Common Stock				32,000,000		8,000,000		
56	Other (footnote details):			(14,266)	(5,284)		
57	Net Increase in Short-term Debt (c)								
58	Other (footnote details):								
59	Cash Provided by Outside Sources (Total of lines 53 thru 58)				49,048,767		7,999,369		
60									
61	Payments for Retirement of:								
62	Long-Term Debt (b)			(40,000)	(118,000)		
63	Preferred Stock			,	. ,	,	. ,		
64	Common Stock			(131,385)				
65	Other (footnote details):			,	. ,				
66	Net Decrease in Short-Term Debt (c)								
67									
68	Dividends on Preferred Stock								
69	Dividends on Common Stock			('	14,060,000)	(16,640,000)		
70	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities			((
71	(Total of lines 59 thru 69)				34,817,382	(8,758,631)		
72	(rotal of lines of directly)				0.,0,002	(0,: 00,00:/		
73	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents								
74	(Total of line 18, 49 and 71)			(813,183)	(28,257,215)		
75	(Total of line 10, 17 dile 71)			(010,100)	(20,201,210)		
76	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period				3,541,863	(31,799,078)		
77	Sush and Gush Equivalents at Boginning of Fortion				0,011,000	(31,100,010)		
78	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period				2,728,680		3,541,863		
70	Casif and Casif Equivalents at End of Feriou				2,720,000		3,341,003		

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report					
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)						
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4					
Notes to Financial Statements								

- 1. Provide important disclosures regarding the Balance Sheet, Statement of Income for the Year, Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year, and Statement of Cash Flow, or any account thereof. Classify the disclosures according to each financial statement, providing a subheading for each statement except where a disclosure is applicable to more than one statement. The disclosures must be on the same subject matters and in the same level of detail that would be required if the respondent issued general purpose financial statements to the public or shareholders.
- 2. Furnish details as to any significant contingent assets or liabilities existing at year end, and briefly explain any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Service involving possible assessment of additional income taxes of material amount, or a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amount initiated by the utility. Also, briefly explain any dividends in arrears on cumulative preferred stock.
- 3. Furnish details on the respondent's pension plans, post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) plans, and post-employment benefit plans as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose for each individual plan the current year's cash contributions. Furnish details on the accounting for the plans and any changes in the method of accounting for them. Include details on the accounting for transition obligations or assets, gains or losses, the amounts deferred and the expected recovery periods. Also, disclose any current year's plan or trust curtailments, terminations, transfers, or reversions of assets. Entities that participate in multiemployer postretirement benefit plans (e.g. parent company sponsored pension plans) disclose in addition to the required disclosures for the consolidated plan, (1) the amount of cost recognized in the respondent's financial statements for each plan for the period presented, and (2) the basis for determining the respondent's share of the total plan costs.
- 4. Furnish details on the respondent's asset retirement obligations (ARO) as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose the amounts recovered through rates to settle such obligations. Identify any mechanism or account in which recovered funds are being placed (i.e. trust funds, insurance policies, surety bonds). Furnish details on the accounting for the asset retirement obligations and any changes in the measurement or method of accounting for the obligations. Include details on the accounting for settlement of the obligations and any gains or losses expected or incurred on the settlement.
- 5. Provide a list of all environmental credits received during the reporting period.
- 6. Provide a summary of revenues and expenses for each tracked cost and special surcharge.
- 7. Where Account 189, Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt, and 257, Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, are not used, give an explanation, providing the rate treatment given these item. See General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 8. Explain concisely any retained earnings restrictions and state the amount of retained earnings affected by such restrictions.
- 9. Disclose details on any significant financial changes during the reporting year to the respondent or the respondent's consolidated group that directly affect the respondent's gas pipeline operations, including: sales, transfers or mergers of affiliates, investments in new partnerships, sales of gas pipeline facilities or the sale of ownership interests in the gas pipeline to limited partnerships, investments in related industries (i.e., production, gathering), major pipeline investments, acquisitions by the parent corporation(s), and distributions of capital.
- 10. Explain concisely unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that the company may need to refund a material amount to the utility's customers or that the utility may receive a material refund with respect to power or gas purchases. State for each year affected the gross revenues or costs to which the contingency relates and the tax effects and explain the major factors that affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or to recover amounts paid with respect to power and gas purchases.
- 11. Explain concisely significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting revenues received or costs incurred for power or gas purchases, and summarize the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts.
- 12. Explain concisely only those significant changes in accounting methods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of allocations and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also give the approximate dollar effect of such changes.
- 13. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide in the notes sufficient disclosures so as to make the interim information not misleading. Disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the most recent FERC Annual Report may be omitted.
- 14. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be provided where events subsequent to the end of the most recent year have occurred which have a material effect on the respondent. Respondent must include in the notes significant changes since the most recently completed year in such items as: accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant new borrowings or modifications of existing financing agreements; and changes resulting from business combinations or dispositions. However were material contingencies exist, the disclosure of such matters shall be provided even though a significant change since year end may not have occurred.
- 15. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements relating to the respondent appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by the above instructions, such notes may be included herein.

The accompanying notes relate to MDU Energy Capital, LLC and its subsidiary companies, while the financial statements in this FORM 2 Report reflect only the unconsolidated statements of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation. Cascade's subsidiary companies were dissolved as of 12/31/08 and do not have a material effect on the Notes to the Financial Statements.

MDU ENERGY CAPITAL, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

Definitions

The following abbreviations and acronyms used in these Financial Statements and Notes are defined below:

Abbreviation or Acronym

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction

ARO Asset retirement obligation

ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of

PCEH

Company MDU Energy Capital, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MDU

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization

EIN Employer Identification Number
EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

FIP Funding improvement plan

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America Intermountain Gas Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of PIEH

IPUC Idaho Public Utilities Commission MDU MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Montana-Dakota Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a public utility division of MDU

OPUC Oregon Public Utility Commission

PCEH Prairie Cascade Energy Holdings, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the

Company

PIEH Prairie Intermountain Energy Holdings, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary

of the Company

PRP Potentially Responsible Party

RP Rehabilitation plan

SEC United States Securities and Exchange Commission

TCJA Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

Washington DOE Washington State Department of Ecology

WUTC Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

MDU ENERGY CAPITAL, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The Company is incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware and is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MDU. The Company is parent to PCEH, and its wholly owned subsidiary Cascade, and PIEH, and its wholly owned subsidiary Intermountain.

Cascade and Intermountain's natural gas distribution operations sell natural gas at retail and provide natural gas transportation services to over 642,000 residential, commercial and industrial customers in 170 communities. The Cascade service territory consists of towns in western, southeastern and south-central Washington and central and eastern Oregon. The Intermountain service territory is located solely in southern Idaho, encompassing communities located across the Snake River Plain. Cascade is subject to regulation by the WUTC and the OPUC. Intermountain is subject to regulation by the IPUC. These markets tend to be seasonal and sales to residential and commercial customers are influenced by fluctuations in temperature, particularly during the winter season. Consumption is also influenced by the energy efficiency of customers' appliances, as well as consumer decisions to reduce natural gas usage in response to higher prices.

The consolidated financial statements and disclosures of the Company are presented in accordance with GAAP. The accounting policies followed by Cascade and Intermountain are generally subject to regulation by the FERC.

Cascade and Intermountain account for certain income and expense items under the provisions of regulatory accounting, which require these businesses to defer as regulatory assets or liabilities certain items that would have otherwise been reflected as expense or income, respectively, based on the expected regulatory treatment in future rates. The expected recovery or flowback of these deferred items generally is based on specific ratemaking decisions or precedent for each item. Regulatory assets and liabilities are being amortized consistently with the regulatory treatment established by the applicable state public utility commissions. See Note 3 for more information regarding the nature and amounts of these regulatory deferrals.

Depreciation and amortization expense is reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Income and therefore is excluded from the other line items within operating expenses.

Management has also evaluated the impact of events occurring after December 31, 2017, up to the date of the issuance of these consolidated financial statements on March 30, 2018, that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the TCJA which includes lower corporate tax rates, repealing the domestic production deduction, disallowance of immediate expensing for regulated utility property and modifying or repealing many other business deductions and credits. In accordance with the accounting guidance on accounting for income taxes, entities must account for the effects of the change in tax laws or rates in the period of enactment. In the fourth quarter of 2017, the period of enactment, the Company performed a one-time revaluation of the net deferred tax liabilities to account for the reduction in the corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent effective January 1, 2018. For more information on the impacts of the TCJA on the year ended December 31, 2017, see Notes 3 and 7. The Company is currently reviewing the components of the TCJA and evaluating the impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures for 2018 and thereafter.

MDU ENERGY CAPITAL, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts receivable consists primarily of trade receivables from the sale of goods and services which are recorded at the invoiced amount net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The total balance of receivables past due 90 days or more was \$685,000 and \$1.4 million as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined through a review of past due balances and other specific account data. Account balances are written off when management determines the amounts to be uncollectible. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$740,000 and \$733,000, respectively.

Natural gas in storage

Natural gas in storage is carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method at Cascade and using the lower of cost or net realizable value method at Intermountain. Natural gas in storage is expected to be used within one year and the value included in inventories was \$8.6 million and \$7.0 million at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Investments

The Company's investments include the cash surrender value of life insurance policies and an insurance contract. The Company measures its investment in the insurance contract at fair value with any unrealized gains and losses recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Income. For more information, see Notes 4 and 9.

Property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. When regulated assets are retired, or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, the original cost of the asset is charged to accumulated depreciation. With respect to the retirement or disposal of all other assets, the resulting gains or losses are recognized as a component of income. The Company is permitted to capitalize AFUDC on regulated construction projects and to include such amounts in rate base when the related facilities are placed in service. The amount of AFUDC capitalized for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

		2017		2016	
	(In thousands)				
AFUDC - borrowed	\$	336	\$	493	
AFUDC - equity	\$	178	\$	361	

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the average useful lives of the assets. The Company collects removal costs for plant assets in regulated utility rates and records them as a regulatory liability, which is included in deferred credits and other liabilities-other.

Property, plant and equipment at December 31 was as follows:

			Weighted Average
			Depreciable
	2017	2016	Life in Years
	(Dollars i	n thousands, as ap	oplicable)
Distribution plant	\$ 1,325,256	\$ 1,236,906	48
Transmission plant	96,320	95,896	52
Storage plant	25,988	25,345	23
General plant	113,138	107,917	17
Other plant	88,421	76,498	13
Non-depreciable plant	9,000	8,980	-
Construction in progress	12,825	14,220	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	588,788	555,537	
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,082,160	\$ 1,010,225	

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets, excluding goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable. The determination of whether an impairment has occurred is based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the assets, compared to the carrying value of the assets. If impairment has occurred, the amount of the impairment recognized is determined by estimating the fair value of the assets and recording a loss if the carrying value is greater than the fair value. No impairment losses were recorded in 2017 and 2016. Unforeseen events and changes in circumstances could require the recognition of impairment losses at some future date.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net tangible and intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment annually, which is completed in the fourth quarter, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill may be impaired. MDU and the Company perform the annual review for goodwill impairment at the reporting unit level, which MDU has determined to be the operating segment. This review is also performed at the Company level as separate financial statements are prepared.

The goodwill impairment test is a two-step process. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, the test is complete and no impairment is recorded. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, step two of the test is performed to determine the amount of the impairment loss, if any. The impairment is computed by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill to the carrying value of that goodwill. If the carrying value is greater than the implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recorded. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, there were no impairment losses recorded. At December 31, 2017, the fair value substantially exceeded the carrying value for the Company level on a separate basis. For more information on goodwill, see Note 2.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires judgment and the use of significant estimates which include assumptions about the Company's future revenue, profitability and cash flows, amount and timing of

estimated capital expenditures, inflation rates, weighted average cost of capital, operational plans, and current and future economic conditions, among others. The fair value is determined using a weighted combination of income and market approaches. The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for its income approach. Under the income approach, the discounted cash flow model determines fair value based on the present value of projected cash flows over a specified period and a residual value related to future cash flows beyond the projection period. Both values are discounted using a rate which reflects the best estimate of the weighted average cost of capital. The weighted average cost of capital of 4.9 percent, and a long-term growth rate projection of 3.5 percent were utilized in the goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2017. Under the market approach, the Company estimates fair value using multiples derived from comparable sales transactions and enterprise value to EBITDA for comparative peer companies. These multiples are applied to operating data to arrive at an indication of fair value. In addition, the Company adds a reasonable control premium when calculating the fair value utilizing the peer multiples, which is estimated as the premium that would be received in a sale in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions used in its impairment assessments are reasonable and based on available market information.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, as evidenced by an agreement between the customer and the Company, when delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, when the fee is fixed or determinable and when collection is reasonably assured. The Company recognizes utility revenue each month based on the services provided to all utility customers during the month. Accrued unbilled revenue which is included in receivables, net, represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Accrued unbilled revenue at Cascade and Intermountain was \$62.6 million and \$70.1 million at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Company recognizes all other revenues when services are rendered or goods are delivered. The Company presents revenue net of taxes collected from customers at the time of sale to be remitted to governmental authorities, including sales and use taxes.

Asset retirement obligations

The Company performed detailed assessments of ARO's for the retirement of natural gas transmission, distribution, and storage facilities. The Company records the fair value of a liability for an ARO in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the Company capitalizes a cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the Company either settles the obligation for the recorded amount or incurs a regulatory asset or liability. For more information on asset retirement obligations, see Note 6.

Legal costs

The Company expenses external legal fees as they are incurred.

Natural gas costs recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments

Under the terms of certain orders of the applicable state public utility commissions, the Company is deferring natural gas commodity, transportation and storage costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. Such orders generally provide that these amounts are recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments which are filed annually. Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments were \$27.8 million and \$25.5 million at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Natural gas

costs recoverable through rate adjustments were \$11.6 million and \$318,000 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Stock-based compensation

The Company records the compensation expense for performance share awards using an estimated forfeiture rate. The estimated forfeiture rate is calculated based on an average of actual historical forfeitures. The Company also performs an analysis of any known factors at the time of the calculation to identify any necessary adjustments to the average historical forfeiture rate. At the time actual forfeitures become more than estimated forfeitures, the Company records compensation expense using actual forfeitures.

Income taxes

MDU and its subsidiaries file consolidated federal income tax returns and combined and separate state income tax returns. Federal income taxes paid by MDU, as parent of the consolidated group, are allocated to the individual subsidiaries based on the ratio of the separate company computations of tax. MDU makes a similar allocation for state income taxes paid in connection with combined state filings. The Company provides deferred federal and state income taxes on all temporary differences between the book and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities by using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Regulated entities are required to recognize such adjustment to deferred income taxes as regulatory assets or liabilities if it is probable that such amounts will be recovered from or refunded to customers in future rates. Taxes recoverable from customers have been recorded as a regulatory asset and are included in deferred charges and other assets-other. Excess deferred income tax balances associated with the Company's rate-regulated activities have been recorded as a regulatory liability and are included in deferred credits and other liabilities. These regulatory assets and liabilities are expected to be recovered from or refunded to customers in future rates in accordance with applicable regulatory procedures.

Consistent with orders and directives of the IPUC, Intermountain does not provide state deferred income tax expense for certain income tax temporary differences and instead recognized the tax impact currently (commonly referred to as flow-through accounting) for ratemaking and financial reporting. Therefore, the Company's effective income tax rate is impacted as these differences arise and reverse.

The Company uses the deferral method of accounting for investment tax credits and amortizes the credits on natural gas distribution plant over various periods that conform to the ratemaking treatment prescribed by the applicable state public utility commissions.

The Company records uncertain tax positions in accordance with accounting guidance on accounting for income taxes on the basis of a two-step process in which (1) the Company determines whether it is more-likely-than-not that the tax position will be sustained on the basis of the technical merits of the position and (2) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the Company recognizes the largest amount of the tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. Tax positions that do not meet the more-likely-than-not criteria are reflected as a tax liability. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for items such as impairment testing of long-lived assets and goodwill; fair values of acquired assets and liabilities under the acquisition method of accounting; property depreciable lives; tax provisions; uncollectible accounts; environmental and other loss contingencies; unbilled revenues; actuarially determined benefit costs; and asset retirement obligations. As additional information becomes available, or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates.

New accounting standards

Recently adopted accounting standards

Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory In July 2015, the FASB issued guidance regarding inventory that is measured using the first-in, first-out or average cost method. The guidance does not apply to inventory measured using the last-in, first-out or the retail inventory method. The guidance requires inventory within its scope to be measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, which is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. These amendments more closely align GAAP with IFRS. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2017, on a prospective basis. The guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, cash flows or disclosures.

Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance regarding simplification of several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions. The guidance affects the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, classification on the statement of cash flows and calculation of dilutive shares. The Company early adopted the guidance on January 1, 2017. All amendments in the guidance that apply to the Company were adopted on a prospective basis resulting in no adjustments being made to retained earnings. The adoption of the guidance impacted the Consolidated Statement of Income and the Consolidated Balance Sheet in the first quarter of 2017 due to the taxes related to the stock-based compensation award that vested in February 2017 being recognized as income tax expense as compared to a reduction to additional paid-in capital under the previous guidance. Adoption of the guidance also increased the number of shares included in the diluted earnings per share calculation due to the exclusion of tax benefits in the incremental shares calculation. The change in the weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted did not result in a material effect on the earnings per common share - diluted.

Recently issued accounting standards not yet adopted

Revenue from Contracts with Customers In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance on accounting for revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance provides for a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry specific guidance. In August 2015, the FASB issued guidance deferring the effective date of the revenue guidance and allowing entities to early adopt. With this decision, the guidance was early adopted for the Company on January 1, 2018. Entities had the option of using either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach to adopting the guidance. Under the modified retrospective approach, an entity recognizes the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance with an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption.

The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective approach. The Company has substantially completed the evaluation of contracts and methods of revenue recognition under the previous accounting guidance and has not identified any material cumulative effect adjustments to be made to retained earnings. In addition, the Company will have expanded revenue disclosures, both quantitatively and qualitatively, related to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers in the first quarter of 2018. The Company has reviewed substantially all of its revenue streams to evaluate the impact of this guidance and does not anticipate a significant change in the timing of revenue recognition, results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company reviewed its internal controls related to revenue recognition and disclosures and concluded that the guidance impacts certain business processes and controls. As such, the Company has developed modifications to its internal controls for certain topics under the guidance as they apply to the Company and such modifications were not deemed to be significant.

Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities In January 2016, the FASB issued guidance regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments. The guidance revises the way an entity classifies and measures investments in equity securities, the presentation of certain fair value changes for financial liabilities measured at fair value and amends certain disclosure requirements related to the fair value of financial instruments. This guidance was early adopted for the Company on January 1, 2018. The guidance was to be applied using a modified retrospective approach with the exception of equity securities without readily determinable fair values which should be applied prospectively. The Company continues to evaluate the effects the adoption of the new guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures and does not anticipate a material impact.

Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments In August 2016, the FASB issued guidance to clarify the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is intended to standardize the presentation and classification of certain transactions, including cash payments for debt prepayment or extinguishment, proceeds from insurance claim settlements and distributions from equity method investments. In addition, the guidance clarifies how to classify transactions that have characteristics of more than one class of cash flows. The Company early adopted the guidance on January 1, 2018, on a prospective basis. The Company does not anticipate the guidance to have a material effect on its future results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures.

Clarifying the Definition of a Business In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions or disposals of assets or businesses. The guidance provides a screen to determine when an integrated set of assets and activities is not a business. The guidance also affects other aspects of accounting, such as determining reporting units for goodwill testing and whether an entity has acquired or sold a business. The Company early adopted the guidance on January 1, 2018, on a prospective basis. The Company does not anticipate the guidance to have a material effect on its future results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures.

Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost In March 2017, the FASB issued guidance to improve the presentation of net periodic pension cost and net periodic postretirement benefit cost. The guidance requires the service cost component to be presented in the income statement in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services performed during the period. Other components of net benefit costs shall be presented in the income statement separately from the

service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations. The guidance also allows only the service cost component to be eligible for capitalization. The guidance was early adopted for the Company on January 1, 2018, including interim periods, on a retrospective basis for all periods presented with the exception of the capitalization of the service cost component which was adopted on a prospective basis.

The Company will reclassify all components of net periodic benefit costs, except for the service cost component, from operating expenses to other income (expense) on the Consolidated Statements of Income for all years presented prior to January 1, 2018, beginning in the first quarter of 2018, with no impact to earnings. The guidance will not have a material impact on the Company's disclosures or cash flows.

Under FERC regulation, all components of net periodic benefit costs are currently eligible for capitalization. The Company's electric and natural gas distribution businesses have elected to continue to defer all components of net periodic benefit costs as regulatory assets or liabilities.

Leases In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance regarding leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset on the balance sheet for operating and financing leases with terms of more than 12 months. The guidance remains largely the same for lessors, although some changes were made to better align lessor accounting with the new lessee accounting and to align with the revenue recognition standard. The guidance also requires additional disclosures, both quantitative and qualitative, related to operating and finance leases for the lessee and sales-type, direct financing and operating leases for the lessor. This guidance will be early adopted for the Company on January 1, 2019, and should be applied using a retrospective approach with early adoption permitted. The Company continues to evaluate the potential impact the adoption of the new guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures. The Company is planning to adopt the standard on January 1, 2019, utilizing the practical expedient that allows the Company to not reassess whether an expired or existing contract contains a lease, the classification of leases or initial direct costs.

In January 2018, the FASB issued a practical expedient for land easements under the new lease guidance. The practical expedient permits an entity to elect the option to not evaluate land easements under the new guidance if they existed or expired before the adoption of the new lease guidance and were not previously accounted for as leases under the previous lease guidance. Once an entity adopts the new guidance, the entity should apply the new guidance on a prospective basis to all new or modified land easements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the practical expedient.

On January 5, 2018, the FASB issued a proposed accounting standard update to the guidance that would allow an entity the option to adopt the guidance on a modified retrospective basis. Under the modified retrospective approach, an entity would recognize a cumulative effect adjustment of initially applying the guidance to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. The Company is monitoring the status of the proposal.

Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance on simplifying the test for goodwill impairment by eliminating Step 2, which required an entity to measure the amount of impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill with the carrying amount of such goodwill. This guidance requires entities to perform a quantitative impairment test, previously Step 1, to identify both the existence of impairment and the amount of impairment loss by comparing the fair value of a reporting

unit to its carrying amount. Entities will continue to have the option of performing a qualitative assessment to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. The guidance also requires additional disclosures if an entity has one or more reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts of net assets. The guidance will be early adopted for the Company on January 1, 2020, and should be applied on a prospective basis with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the effects the adoption of the new guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures.

Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income In February 2018, the FASB issued guidance that allows an entity to reclassify the stranded tax effects resulting from the newly enacted federal corporate income tax rate from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to retained earnings. The guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2019, including interim periods, with early adoption permitted. The guidance can be applied using one of two methods. One method is to record the reclassification of the stranded income taxes at the beginning of the period of adoption. The other method is to apply the guidance retrospectively to each period in which the income tax effects of the TCJA are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The Company is evaluating adoption of the guidance in the first quarter of 2018. At December 31, 2017, the Company had \$246,000 of stranded tax effects in the accumulated other comprehensive loss balance.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is the sum of net income (loss) as reported and other comprehensive income (loss). The Company's other comprehensive income (loss) resulted from postretirement liability adjustments.

The postretirement liability adjustment in other comprehensive loss was \$1.1 million, net of tax of \$876,000, for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The after-tax changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss were as follows:

				Total
				Accumulated
	Po	stretirement		Other
		Liability		Comprehensive
Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2017		Adjustment		Loss
		(In th	ousa	nds)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$		\$	
Amounts reclassified to accumulated other				
comprehensive loss from a regulatory				
asset		(1,143)		(1,143)
Net current-period other comprehensive				_
loss		(1,143)		(1,143)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	(1,143)	\$	(1,143)

			Total
			Accumulated
	Postretirement		Other
	Liability	Co	omprehensive
Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2016	Adjustment		Loss
	(In	thousands	s)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 	\$	
Net current-period other comprehensive			_
loss			
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 	\$	

NOTE 2 – GOODWILL

The carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 remained unchanged at \$340.9 million. No impairments of goodwill have been recorded.

NOTE 3 – REGULATORY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes the individual components of unamortized regulatory assets and liabilities as of December 31:

	Estimated Recovery Period *	2017	2016
		(In the	ousands)
Regulatory assets:			
Pension and postretirement benefits (a)	(c)	\$ 47,953	\$ 53,846
Manufactured gas plant sites remediation (a)	Largely determined upon filing	18,213	17,787
Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments	Up to 1 year	11,596	318
Deferred costs - MAOP (a)		6,572	2,220
Taxes recoverable from customers (a)	Over plant lives	2,780	11,461
Long-term debt refinancing costs (a)	Up to 20 years	837	950
Conservation activities (a)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4,014
Other (a)	Largely determined upon filing	387	513
Total regulatory assets		88,338	91,109
Regulatory liabilities:			
Plant removal costs (b)		115,046	114,074
Taxes refundable to customers		82,472	4,618
Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments		27,821	25,531
Conservation activities (b)		5,898	314
Other (b)		6,011	5,168
Total regulatory liabilities		237,248	149,705
Net regulatory position		\$(148,910)	\$ (58,596)

^{*} Estimated recovery period for regulatory assets currently being recovered in rates charged to customers.

The regulatory assets are expected to be recovered in rates charged to customers. A portion of the Company's regulatory assets are not earning a return; however, these regulatory assets are expected to be recovered from customers in future rates. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, approximately \$84.7 million and \$79.6 million, respectively, of regulatory assets were not earning a rate of return.

⁽a) Included in deferred charges and other assets - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽b) Included in deferred credits and other liabilities - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽c) Recovered as expense is incurred.

In the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company performed a one-time revaluation of the Company's regulated deferred tax assets and liabilities for the reduction of the corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent effective January 1, 2018, as identified in the TCJA. The revaluation of the Company's regulatory deferred tax assets and liabilities are being deferred as the Company works with the various regulators on a plan for amounts expected to be returned to customers, as discussed in Note 10. In the fourth quarter of 2017, the revaluation of the deferred tax assets and liabilities resulted in a decrease of \$8.2 million in taxes recoverable from customers and an increase of \$78.9 million in taxes refundable to customers. These regulatory amounts are expected to generally be refunded over the remaining life of the related assets as prescribed in the TCJA. The approved regulatory treatment of the impacts of the TCJA by the various regulators may affect the analyses performed.

If, for any reason, the Company's regulated businesses cease to meet the criteria for application of regulatory accounting for all or part of their operations, the regulatory assets and liabilities relating to those portions ceasing to meet such criteria would be removed from the balance sheet and included in the statement of income or accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which the discontinuance of regulatory accounting occurs.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company measures its investments in certain fixed-income and equity securities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in income. The Company anticipates using these investments, which consist of an insurance contract, to satisfy its obligations under its unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans for executive officers and certain key management employees, and invests in these fixed-income and equity securities for the purpose of earning investment returns and capital appreciation. These investments, which totaled \$3.6 million and \$3.3 million as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, are classified as Investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net unrealized gains on these investments for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were \$430,000 and \$160,000, respectively. The change in fair value, which is considered part of the cost of the plan, is classified in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis are determined using the market approach.

The Company's Level 2 money market funds are valued at the net asset value of shares held at the end of the period, based on published market quotations on active markets, or using other known sources including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2017, Using Ouoted Prices in Active Markets Significant Other Significant Balance at for Identical Observable Unobservable December 31, Inputs (Level 2) Inputs (Level 3) Assets (Level 1) 2017 (In thousands) Assets: \$ \$ \$ Money market funds 363 363 Insurance contract* 3,583 3,583 Total assets measured at fair value \$ 3,946 3,946

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 49 percent in fixed-income investments, 23 percent in common stock of large-cap companies, 14 percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 11 percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 2 percent in target date investments and 1 percent in cash equivalents.

		Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2016, Using							
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical		Significant Other Observable		Significant Unobservable		Balance at December 31,		
	Assets	Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs (Level 3)		2016	
		(In thousands)							
Assets:									
Money market funds		\$		\$	112	\$		\$	112
Insurance contract*					3,284				3,284
Total assets measured at fair value		\$		\$	3,396	\$		\$	3,396

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 52 percent in fixed-income investments, 22 percent in common stock of large-cap companies, 13 percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 10 percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 1 percent in target date investments and 2 percent in cash equivalents.

The Company's long-term debt is not measured at fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the fair value is being provided for disclosure purposes only. The fair value was based on discounted future cash flows using current market interest rates. The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 long-term debt at December 31 was as follows:

		2017		20	016	
	Carryi	ng	Fair	Carrying		Fair
	Amou	ınt	Value	Amount		Value
	(In thousands)					
Long-term debt	\$ 519,60	1 \$	566,811	\$ 488,297	\$	515,897

The carrying amounts of the Company's remaining financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair values.

NOTE 5 – DEBT

Certain debt instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, including those discussed later, contain restrictive covenants and cross-default provisions. In order to borrow under the respective credit agreements, the Company and its subsidiaries must be in compliance with the applicable covenants and certain other conditions. In the event the Company and its subsidiaries do not comply with the applicable covenants and other conditions, alternative sources of funding may need to be pursued.

The following table summarizes the outstanding revolving credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries:

		Facility	Amount Outstanding December 3	•	Amou Outstand December	ing at	Cred	ers of dit at aber 31,	Expiration
Company	Facility	Limit	2017		201	5	20)17	Date
		(L	Pollars in mill	ions)					
Cascade Natural	Revolving credit								
Gas Corporation	agreement	\$ 75.0 (a)	\$ 1	17.3	\$		\$	2.2 (b)	4/24/20
Intermountain Gas	Revolving credit								
Company	agreement	\$ 85.0 (c)	\$ 4	10.0	\$	20.9	\$		4/24/20

- (a) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$100.0 million.
- (b) Outstanding letters of credit reduce the amount available under the credit agreement.
- (c) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$110.0 million.

The following includes information related to the preceding table.

Long-term debt

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation Any borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

On April 25, 2017, Cascade amended its revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit from \$50.0 million to \$75.0 million and extend the termination date from July 9, 2018 to April 24, 2020. The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Cascade not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Cascade's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Cascade fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, Cascade will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Intermountain Gas Company Any borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

On April 25, 2017, Intermountain amended its revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit from \$65.0 million to \$85.0 million and extend the termination date from July 13, 2018 to April 24, 2020. The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Intermountain not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants

include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Intermountain's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Intermountain fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, or certain conditions result in an early termination date under any swap contract that is in excess of a specified amount, then Intermountain will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Long-term Debt Outstanding Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 was as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In thou	isands)
Senior Notes at a weighted average rate of 4.39%,		
due on dates ranging from September 18, 2018		
to January 15, 2055	\$ 390,273	\$ 395,546
Medium-Term Notes at a weighted average rate of 6.68%,		
due on dates ranging from September 1, 2020		
to March 16, 2029	50,000	50,000
Credit agreement at a rate of 3.71%, due on April 24, 2020	57,300	20,850
Other note at a rate of 5.25%, due on February 1, 2035	24,431	24,471
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(2,403)	(2,570)
Total long-term debt	519,601	488,297
Less current maturities	5,273	40,273
Net long-term debt	\$ 514,328	\$ 448,024

Schedule of Debt Maturities Long-term debt maturities, which excludes unamortized debt issuance costs and discount for the five years and thereafter following December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter
			(In	thousands)		_
Long-term debt maturities	\$5,273		\$72,300		\$11,500	\$432,931

NOTE 6 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company records obligations related to retirement costs of natural gas distribution mains and lines as asset retirement obligations.

A reconciliation of the Company's liability for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In th	nousands)
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 124,418	\$ 116,210
Liabilities incurred	8,743	2,371
Liabilities settled	(924)	(898)
Accretion expense (related to regulatory assets)	7,125	6,735
Balance at end of year	\$ 139,362	\$124,418

The Company believes that largely all expenses related to asset retirement obligations will be recovered in rates over time and, accordingly, defers such expenses as regulatory assets.

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAXES

Income before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$36,314 and \$18,462, respectively.

Income tax expense for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In the	ousands)
Current:		
Federal	\$ 3,997	\$ 5,511
State	1,196	430
	5,193	5,941
Deferred:		
Income taxes –		
Federal	11,841	(897)
State	(127)	250
Investment tax credit - net	(253)	(1,020)
	11,461	(1,667)
Total income tax expense	\$ 16,654	\$ 4,274

In accordance with the accounting guidance on accounting for income taxes, the tax effects of the change in tax laws or rates are to be recorded in the period of enactment. The TCJA was enacted on December 22, 2017, as discussed in Note 1. Therefore, the reduction in the corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent required the Company to prepare a one-time revaluation of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2017, the period of enactment. The deferred taxes associated with the non-regulated operations were revalued at the new tax rate because deferred taxes should reflect what the Company expects to pay or receive in future periods under the applicable tax rate. As a result of the revaluation, the Company reduced the value of these assets and liabilities and recorded a tax expense of \$3.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2017. Included in the tax expense was \$246,000 related to amounts in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

The Company's regulated operations prepared a one-time revaluation of the Company's regulatory deferred tax assets and liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2017 related to the enactment of the TCJA. The revaluation is being deferred under regulatory accounting as the Company works with the various regulators on a plan for amounts

expected to be returned to customers, as discussed in Notes 3 and 10. The revaluation of the deferred tax assets and liabilities resulted in a net decrease of \$87.1 million in the fourth quarter of 2017. These regulatory amounts are expected to generally be refunded over the remaining life of the related assets as prescribed in the TCJA. The approved regulatory treatment of the impacts of the TCJA by the various regulators may affect the analyses performed.

The changes included in the TCJA are broad and complex. While the Company was able to make reasonable estimates of the impact of the reduction in corporate tax rate on the Company's net deferred tax liabilities, it may be affected by other analyses related to the TCJA, including, but not limited to, the state tax effect of adjustments to federal temporary differences. The final transition impacts of the TCJA may differ from amounts disclosed, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations, legislative action to address questions, changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations, or updates or changes to estimates the Company has utilized to calculate the transition impacts. The SEC has issued rules, which were affirmed by the FASB as also acceptable for non-public entities, that would allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment date of the TCJA to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts. The Company currently anticipates finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments by December 31, 2018, which will be included in income from continuing operations.

Components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at December 31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In the	ousands)
Deferred tax assets:		
Contingency reserve	\$ 3,198	\$ 5,258
Accrued pension costs	7,991	13,389
Other	7,154	10,434
Total deferred tax assets	18,343	29,081
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and basis differences on property,		
plant and equipment	85,449	163,432
Postretirement	11,996	21,813
Other	8,622	7,257
Total deferred tax liabilities	106,067	192,502
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (87,724)	\$ (163,421)

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, no valuation allowance has been recorded associated with the above deferred tax assets.

The following table reconciles the change in the net deferred income tax liability from December 31, 2016, to December 31, 2017, to deferred income tax expense:

	2017
	(In thousands)
Change in net deferred income tax	
liability from the preceding table	\$ (75,697)
Deferred taxes associated with TCJA enactment	87,036
Other	122
Deferred income tax expense for the period	\$ 11,461

Total income tax expense differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before taxes. The reasons for this difference were as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2017		2016	1
	Amount	%	Amount	%
		(Dollars	in thousands)	
Computed tax at federal				
statutory rate	\$ 12,710	35.0	\$ 6,462	35.0
Increases (reductions) resulting from:				
State income taxes, net of federal				
income tax	1,110	3.1	268	1.5
TCJA revaluation	3,236	8.9		
Flow-through	580	1.6	(193)	(1.0)
TCJA revaluation related to				
accumulated other comprehensive				
income	246	0.7		
AFUDC equity	(503)	(1.4)		
Amortization of deferral of				
investment tax credit	(253)	(0.7)	(2,281)	(12.4)
Resolution of tax matters and				
uncertain tax positions	(197)	(0.5)	(406)	(2.2)
Other	(275)	(0.8)	424	2.3
Total income tax expense	\$ 16,654	45.9	\$ 4,274	23.2

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending prior to 2014. As of December 31, 2017, the Company is no longer subject to state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending prior to 2013.

The Company had no unrecognized tax benefits (excluding interest) for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Included in income tax expense is interest on uncertain tax positions. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized approximately \$3,000 and (\$25,000), respectively, of interest (income) expense in

income tax expense. The Company had accrued liabilities of approximately \$16,000 and \$12,000 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, for the payment of interest.

NOTE 8 – CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash expenditures for interest and income taxes for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In thou	sands)
Interest, net of AFUDC-borrowed of \$336 and \$493		
in 2017 and 2016, respectively	\$ 23,586	\$ 22,799
Income taxes paid, net	\$ 3,092	\$ 6,633

Noncash investing transactions at December 31 were as follows:

	2017		2016
	(In tho	usands)	
Property, plant and equipment additions in			
accounts payable	\$ 7,661	\$	5,246

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Pension and other postretirement benefit plans

The Company has a noncontributory qualified defined benefit pension plan and other postretirement benefit plans for certain eligible employees. Prior to 2016, the defined pension plan benefits and accruals were frozen. The Company's pension assets are included in MDU's master trust. The Company uses a measurement date of December 31 for all of its pension and postretirement benefit plans.

Effective January 1, 2010, eligibility to receive retiree medical benefits was modified at Cascade and Intermountain. Current employees at Intermountain, and those hired before June 1, 1992 at Cascade, who had attained age 55 with 10 years of continuous service by December 31, 2010, will be provided the current retiree medical insurance benefits or can elect the new benefit, if desired, regardless of when they retire. All other employees must meet the new eligibility criteria of age 60 and 10 years of continuous service at the time they retire. These employees will be eligible for a specified company funded Retiree Reimbursement Account. Employees at Intermountain hired after December 31, 2009, and employees at Cascade hired after June 1, 1992, will not be eligible for retiree medical benefits.

In 2012, the Company modified health care coverage for certain retirees. Effective January 1, 2013, post-65 coverage was replaced by a fixed-dollar subsidy for retirees and spouses to be used to purchase individual insurance through an exchange.

Changes in benefit obligation and plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 and amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and 2016, were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretiren	nent Benefits
	2017	2016	2017	2016
		(In thouse	ands)	
Change in benefit obligation:				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 91,107	\$ 91,054	\$ 20,499	\$ 20,527
Service cost			210	214
Interest cost	3,406	3,592	730	793
Plan participants' contributions			392	400
Actuarial (gain) loss	3,910	892	(63)	183
Benefits paid	(5,567)	(4,431)	(1,294)	(1,618)
Benefit obligation at end of year	92,856	91,107	20,474	20,499
Change in net plan assets:			,	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	78,920	76,943	20,077	19,884
Actual gain on plan assets	11,065	6,408	2,230	1,013
Employer contribution			269	398
Plan participants' contributions			392	400
Benefits paid	(5,567)	(4,431)	(1,294)	(1,618)
Fair value of net plan assets at end of year	84,418	78,920	21,674	20,077
Funded status – over (under)	\$ (8,438)	\$ (12,187)	\$ 1,200	\$ (422)
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated				
Balance Sheets at December 31:				
Other assets (noncurrent)	\$	\$	\$ 2,415	\$ 1,322
Other liabilities (noncurrent)	(8,438)	(12,187)	(1,215)	(1,744)
Net amount recognized	\$ (8,438)	\$ (12,187)	\$ 1,200	\$ (422)
Amounts recognized in regulatory assets				
(liabilities) consist of:				
Actuarial loss	\$ 40,552	\$ 44,101	\$ 4,903	\$ 6,644
Prior service credit			(1,551)	(1,706)
Total	\$ 40,552	\$ 44,101	\$ 3,352	\$ 4,938

Employer contributions and benefits paid in the preceding table include only those amounts contributed directly to, or paid directly from, plan assets. Amounts recognized in regulatory assets (liabilities) in the above table are expected to be reflected in rates charged to customers over time. For more information on regulatory assets (liabilities) see Note 3.

Unrecognized pension actuarial losses in excess of 10 percent of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average life expectancy of plan participants. The market-related value of assets is determined using a five-year average of assets.

The pension plan has accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets. The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for these plans at December 31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In thou	sands)
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 92,856	\$91,107
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 92,856	\$91,107
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 84,418	\$78,920

Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit) for the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefi	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
		(,	In thousands)	
Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit):				
Service cost	\$	\$	\$ 210	\$ 214
Interest cost	3,406	3,592	730	793
Expected return on assets	(4,978)	(5,039)	(1,119)	(1,109)
Amortization of prior service credit			(156)	(156)
Recognized net actuarial loss	1,373	1,270	568	676
Net periodic benefit cost (credit), including amount capitalized	(199)	(177)	233	418
Less amount capitalized	(45)	(46)	76	130
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	(154)	(131)	157	288
Other changes in plan assets and benefit				
obligations recognized in regulatory assets (liabilities):				
Net (gain) loss	(2,176)	(478)	(1,174)	279
Amortization of actuarial loss	(1,373)	(1,270)	(568)	(676)
Amortization of prior service credit			156	156
Total recognized in regulatory liabilities	(3,549)	(1,748)	(1,586)	(241)
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost (credit) and				
regulatory assets (liabilities)	\$ (3,703)	\$ (1,879)	\$ (1,429)	\$ 47

The estimated net loss for the defined benefit pension plans that will be amortized from regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost in 2018 is \$1.5 million. The estimated net loss and prior service credit for the other postretirement benefit plans that will be amortized from regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost in 2018 are \$424,000 and \$180,000, respectively. Prior service cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of active participants.

Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations at December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefi	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Discount rate	3.40%	3.86%	3.38%	3.83%
Expected return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%	5.75%	5.75%

Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Discount rate	3.86%	4.03%	3.83%	4.04%
Expected return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%	5.75%	5.75%

The expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on a targeted asset allocation range determined by the funded ratio of the plan. As of December 31, 2017, the expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 40 percent to 50 percent equity securities and 50 percent to 60 percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected rate of return on other postretirement plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 20 percent to 25 percent equity securities and 75 percent to 80 percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected return on plan assets for other postretirement benefits reflects insurance-related investment costs.

Health care rate assumptions for the Company's other postretirement benefit plans as of December 31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
Health care trend rate assumed for next year	7.5% - 8.5%	9.0% - 10.7%
Health care cost trend rate – ultimate	4.5%	4.5%
Year in which ultimate trend rate achieved	2024	2024

The Company's other postretirement benefit plans include health care benefits for certain retirees. The plans underlying these benefits may require contributions by the retiree depending on such retiree's age and years of service at retirement or the date of retirement. The accounting for the health care plans anticipates future cost-sharing changes that are consistent with the Company's expressed intent to generally increase retiree contributions each year by the excess of the expected health care cost trend rate over six percent.

Assumed health care cost trend rates may have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one percentage point change in the assumed health care cost trend rates would have had the following effects at December 31, 2017:

	1 Percentage	1 Percentage
	Point Increase	Point Decrease
	(In thousands)	
Effect on total of service and interest cost components	\$ 48	\$ (41)
Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$ 1,246	\$ (1,077)

Outside investment managers manage the Company's pension and postretirement assets. The Company's investment policy with respect to pension and other postretirement assets is to make investments solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plans and for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits accrued and defraying the reasonable expenses of administration. The Company strives to maintain investment diversification to assist in minimizing the risk of large losses. The Company's policy guidelines allow for investment of funds in cash equivalents, fixed-income securities and equity securities. The guidelines prohibit investment in commodities and futures contracts, equity private placement, employer securities, leveraged or

derivative securities, options, direct real estate investments, precious metals, venture capital and limited partnerships. The guidelines also prohibit short selling and margin transactions. The Company's practice is to periodically review and rebalance asset categories based on its targeted asset allocation percentage policy.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's pension plan assets are determined using the market approach.

The carrying value of the pension plan's Level 2 cash equivalents approximates fair value and is determined using observable inputs in active markets or the net asset value of shares held at year end, which is determined using other observable inputs including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 1 and Level 2 collective and mutual funds are based on the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on either published market quotations on active markets or other known sources including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 2 corporate and municipal bonds is determined using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, future cash flows and other reference data.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 1 U.S. Government securities is valued based on quoted prices on an active market.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 2 U.S. Government securities are valued mainly using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, to be announced prices, future cash flows and other reference data. Some of these securities are valued using pricing from outside sources.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's pension plan assets (excluding cash) by class were as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at

	Decen			
	Quoted Prices			
	in Active	Significant		
	Markets for	Other	Significant	
	Identical	Observable	Unobservable	Balance at
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	December 31,
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2017
		(In tho	usands)	
Assets:				
Cash equivalents	\$	\$ 909	\$	\$ 909
Equity securities:				
U.S. companies	3,179			3,179
International companies	421			421
Collective and mutual funds*	40,929	16,139		57,068
Corporate bonds		17,855		17,855
Municipal bonds		4,011		4,011
U.S. Government securities	247			247
Total assets measured at fair				
value	\$ 44,776	\$ 38,914	\$	\$ 83,690

^{*} Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 31 percent in common stock of international companies, 28 percent in corporate bonds, 19 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 7 percent in cash equivalents, 1 percent in U.S. Government securities and 14 percent in other investments.

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2016, Using

	Decei	11001 31, 2010,	Osmg	
	Quoted Prices			
	in Active	Significant		
	Markets for	Other	Significant	
	Identical	Observable	Unobservable	Balance at
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	December 31,
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2016
		(In tho	usands)	
Assets:				
Cash equivalents	\$	\$ 1,502	\$	\$ 1,502
Equity securities:				
U.S. companies	2,685			2,685
International companies	375			375
Collective and mutual funds*	38,348	15,157		53,505
Corporate bonds		16,252		16,252
Municipal bonds		2,603		2,603
U.S. Government securities	1,030	484		1,514
Total assets measured at fair				
value	\$ 42,438	\$ 35,998	\$	\$ 78,436

^{*} Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 29 percent in common stock of international companies, 21 percent in corporate bonds, 20 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 8 percent in cash equivalents, 7 percent in common stock in U.S. Government securities, and 15 percent in other investments.

The estimated fair values of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets are determined using the market approach.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 2 cash equivalents is valued at the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on published market quotations on active markets, or using other known sources including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets (excluding cash) by asset class were as follows:

Fair	Value 1	Mea	surem	ients
. D	1	21	2017	тт •

		at Dec	ember 31, 2017	, Using	
	Q	uoted			
	Pric	ces in			
	A	ctive	Significant		
	Marke	ets for	Other	Significant	
	Ide	ntical	Observable	Unobservable	Balance at
	A	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	December 31,
	(Le	vel 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2017
			(In thousands)	
Assets:					
Cash equivalents	\$		\$ 1,181	\$	\$ 1,181
Equity securities:					
U.S. companies		891			891
International companies		4			4
Insurance contract*		3	19,595		19,598
Total assets measured at					
fair value	\$	898	\$ 20,776	\$	\$ 21,674

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 38 percent in corporate bonds, 23 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 21 percent in U.S. Government securities, 9 percent in mortgage-backed securities and 9 percent in other investments.

Fair Value Measurements

_		at Dec	cember 3	1, 2016	, Using			
	Q	uoted						
	Pric	ces in						
	A	ctive	Signi	ficant				
	Marke	ts for		Other	Signif	icant		
	Ide	ntical	Obser	vable	Unobserv	vable	Bala	nce at
	A	ssets	I	nputs	Ir	nputs	Decemb	er 31,
	(Le	vel 1)	(Le	vel 2)	(Lev	rel 3)		2016
				(In thousand	ds)		
Assets:								
Cash equivalents	\$		\$	115	\$		\$	115
Equity securities:								
U.S. companies		947						947
International companies		5						5
Insurance contract*		13	1	8,997			1	9,010
Total assets measured at	•		•			•		
fair value	\$	965	\$ 1	9,112	\$		\$ 2	20,077

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 38 percent in corporate bonds, 25 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 20 percent in U.S. Government securities, 9 percent in mortgage-backed securities, and 8 percent in other investments.

The Company does not expect to contribute to its defined benefit pension plan and expects to contribute approximately \$168,000 to its postretirement benefit plans in 2018.

The following benefit payments, which reflect future service, as appropriate, and expected Medicare Part D subsidies are as follows:

		Other	Expected
	Pension	Postretirement	Medicare
Years	Benefits	Benefits	Part D Subsidy
		(In thousands)	_
2018	4,781	1,270	2
2019	4,917	1,264	1
2020	5,044	1,206	1
2021	5,125	1,203	1
2022	5,241	1,224	1
2023-2027	27,212	6,229	2

Nonqualified benefit plans

In addition to the qualified defined pension benefit plan reflected in the table at the beginning of this note, the Company also has unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans at Cascade and Intermountain for certain executive officers. Cascade's plan provides for defined benefit payments following the employee's retirement or, upon death, to their beneficiaries for up to a 10-year period, plus the surviving spouse is entitled to receive a monthly benefit for life equal to one-half of the benefit the participant was entitled to before death. Effective October 1,

2003, the plan was amended so that no new participants will be added to the plan and no additional benefits will accrue for existing participants. Intermountain's plan provides for defined benefit payments following the employee's retirement until death for a minimum of a 20-year period or to their beneficiaries upon pre-retirement death for a 10-year period equal to twice the benefit the participant was entitled to before death. In February 2016, the Company froze the unfunded, nonqualified defined benefit plans to new participants and eliminated benefit increases. Vesting for participants not fully vested was retained. The Company's net periodic benefit cost for these plans was \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million in 2017 and 2016, respectively, which reflects a curtailment gain of \$234,000 in the first quarter of 2016. The total projected benefit obligation for these plans was \$14.2 million at December 31, 2017 and 2016. The accumulated benefit obligation for these plans was \$14.2 million at December 31, 2017 and 2016. A weighted average discount rate of 3.3 percent and 3.7 percent at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, was used to determine benefit obligations. No rate of compensation increase was used to determine the benefit obligation at December 31, 2017 and 2016, due to the plans being frozen. A weighted average discount rate of 3.7 percent and 3.8 percent for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.0 percent for the year ended December 31, 2016 was used to determine net periodic benefit cost.

The amount of benefit payments for the unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans are expected to aggregate \$1.1 million in 2018; \$1.1 million in 2019; \$1.1 million in 2020; \$1.0 million in 2021; \$924,000 in 2022 and \$4.4 million for the years 2023 through 2027.

In 2012, the Company established a nonqualified defined contribution plan for certain key management employees. Costs incurred under this plan for 2017 and 2016 were \$85,000 and \$45,000, respectively.

The Company had investments of \$11.8 million and \$11.1 million at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, consisting of equity securities of \$3.1 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, life insurance carried on plan participants (payable upon the employee's death) of \$7.8 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, and other investments of \$903,000 and \$632,000, respectively. The Company anticipates using these investments to satisfy obligations under these plans.

Defined contribution plans

The Company sponsors various defined contribution plans for eligible employees and the costs incurred by the Company under these plans were \$3.8 million in 2017 and \$4.6 million in 2016.

Multiemployer plans

Intermountain contributes to a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan under the terms of a collective-bargaining agreement that covers its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in a multiemployer plan are different from a single-employer plan in the following aspects:

- Assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees
 of other participating employers
- If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers
- If the Company chooses to stop participating in the multiemployer plan, the Company may be required to pay the plan an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability

The Company's participation in this plan is outlined in the following table. The most recent Pension Protection Act zone status available in 2017 and 2016 is for the plan's year-end at December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, respectively. The zone status is based on information that the Company received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are between 65 percent and 80 percent funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80 percent funded.

	EIN/Pension—	Pension Protect Zone Sta		FIP/RP Status	Contribut	tions		Camahanaa	Expiration Date of Collective
Pension Fund	Plan Number	2017	2016	Pending/— Implemented	2017		2016	Surcharge Imposed	Bargaining Agreement
					(In thous	sands)			_
Idaho Plumbers					,	ĺ			
and Pipefitters		Green as of	Green as of						
Pension Plan	82-6010346-001	5/31/2017	5/31/2016	No	\$ 1,156	\$	1,221	No	09/30/2019

Intermountain was listed in the Idaho Plumbers and Pipefitters Pension Plan's Form 5500 as providing more than 5 percent of the total contributions as of the plan's year-end as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

NOTE 10 – REGULATORY MATTERS

The Company regularly reviews the need for natural gas rate changes in each of the jurisdictions in which service is provided. The Company files for rate adjustments to seek recovery of operating costs and capital investments, as well as reasonable returns as allowed by regulators. The Company's most recent cases by jurisdiction are discussed in the following paragraphs. The jurisdictions in which the Company provides service have requested the Company furnish plans for the effect of the reduced corporate tax rate due to the enactment of the TCJA which may impact the Company's rates. The following paragraphs include additional details on each jurisdiction's request.

IPUC

On August 12, 2016, Intermountain filed an application with the IPUC for a natural gas rate increase of approximately \$10.2 million annually or approximately 4.1 percent above current rates. The request included rate recovery associated with increased investment in facilities and increased operating expenses. On January 17, 2017, Intermountain provided the IPUC with an updated revenue request of approximately \$9.4 million. On April 28, 2017, the IPUC issued an order approving an increase of approximately \$4.1 million or approximately 1.6 percent above current rates based on a 9.5 percent return on equity effective with service rendered on and after May 1, 2017. On May 18, 2017, Intermountain filed a petition for reconsideration with the IPUC requesting the reconsideration of certain items denied in the order dated April 28, 2017. On June 15, 2017, the IPUC granted the request for reconsideration. On August 17, 2017, Intermountain, the IPUC staff and the interveners of the case filed a stipulation and settlement resolving all issues. The stipulation and settlement reflected an increase of approximately \$1.2 million or 1.36 percent more in annual revenue than the amounts approved on April 28, 2017, as well as changes in billing determinants. The total annual increase in revenue of approximately \$6.7 million was approved by the IPUC on September 14, 2017, with rates effective October 1, 2017.

On January 17, 2018, the IPUC issued a general order initiating the investigation of the impacts of the TCJA. The order required the tax rate reduction to be deferred as a regulatory liability and for companies to report on the expected impacts of the TCJA by March 30, 2018. Initial filings addressing the impacts of the TCJA were submitted on March 23, 2018.

OPUC

On September 29, 2017, Cascade filed an application with the OPUC for an annual pipeline replacement safety cost recovery mechanism of approximately \$784,000 or approximately 1.2 percent of additional revenue. The requested increase included incremental pipeline replacement investments associated with qualifying pipeline integrity projects. On March 6, 2018 the application was withdrawn.

On December 29, 2017, Cascade filed a request with the OPUC to use deferral accounting for the 2018 net benefits associated with the implementation of the TCJA. The matter is pending before the OPUC.

WUTC

On May 31, 2017, Cascade filed an application with the WUTC for an annual pipeline replacement cost recovery mechanism of approximately \$1.6 million or approximately .75 percent of additional revenue. The requested increase included incremental pipeline replacement investments associated with qualifying pipeline integrity projects. On October 12, 2017, Cascade filed a required update revising the request to approximately \$1.3 million or approximately .61 percent of additional revenue and on October 26, 2017, the WUTC approved the order with rates effective November 1, 2017.

On August 31, 2017, Cascade filed an application with the WUTC for a natural gas rate increase of approximately \$5.9 million annually or approximately 2.7 percent above current rates. The requested increase included costs associated with increased infrastructure investment and the associated operating expenses. Also included in the request was recovery of operation and maintenance costs associated with a maximum allowable operating pressure validation plan. On January 3, 2018, the WUTC filed a bench request requiring Cascade to provide information related to the impacts of the TCJA on Cascade's revenue requirement and a proposed ratemaking treatment of those impacts. On January 12, 2018, Cascade filed a response to the bench request reducing the revenue requirement to approximately \$1.7 million annually, which included the estimated impacts of the TCJA. On March 23, 2018, Cascade filed rebuttal testimony, which included the impacts of the TCJA and an updated revenue requirement reflecting a decrease of approximately \$1.7 million annually. This matter is pending before the WUTC.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Litigation

The Company is party to claims and lawsuits arising out of its business. The Company accrues a liability for those contingencies when the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Company does not accrue liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is probable or reasonably possible and which are material, the Company discloses the nature of the contingency and, in some circumstances, an estimate of the possible loss. Accruals are based on the best information available, but in certain situations management is unable to estimate an amount or range of a reasonably possible loss including, but not limited to when: (1) the damages are unsubstantiated or indeterminate, (2) the proceedings are in the early stages, (3) numerous parties are involved, or (4) the matter involves novel or unsettled legal theories. The Company accrued liabilities of \$14.3 million and \$15.5 million for contingencies including litigation and environmental matters at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This includes amounts that may have been accrued for matters discussed in Environmental matters within this note. The Company will

continue to monitor each matter and adjust accruals as might be warranted based on new information and further developments. Management believes that the outcomes with respect to probable and reasonably possible losses in excess of the amounts accrued, net of insurance recoveries, while uncertain, either cannot be estimated or will not have a material effect upon the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Unless otherwise required by GAAP, legal costs are expensed as they are incurred.

Environmental matters

Manufactured Gas Plant Sites There are three claims against Cascade for cleanup of environmental contamination at manufactured gas plant sites operated by Cascade's predecessors.

The first claim is for contamination at a site in Eugene, Oregon which was received in 1995. There are PRPs in addition to Cascade that may be liable for cleanup of the contamination. Some of these PRPs have shared in the investigation costs. It is expected that these and other PRPs will share in the cleanup costs. The Oregon State Department of Environmental Quality released a record of decision in January 2015 that selected a remediation alternative for the site as recommended in an earlier staff report. The total estimated cost for the selected remediation, including long-term maintenance, is approximately \$3.5 million of which \$400,000 has been incurred. It is not known at this time what share of the cleanup costs will actually be borne by Cascade; however, Cascade has paid 50 percent of the ongoing investigation and design costs and anticipates its proportional share of the final costs could be approximately 50 percent. Cascade has an accrual balance of \$1.6 million for remediation of this site. In January 2013, the OPUC approved Cascade's application to defer environmental remediation costs at the Eugene site for a period of 12 months starting November 30, 2012. Cascade received orders reauthorizing the deferred accounting for the 12-month periods starting December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2017.

The second claim is for contamination at the Bremerton Gasworks Superfund Site in Bremerton, Washington which was received in 1997. A preliminary investigation has found soil and groundwater at the site contain contaminants requiring further investigation and cleanup. The EPA conducted a Targeted Brownfields Assessment of the site and released a report summarizing the results of that assessment in August 2009. The assessment confirms that contaminants have affected soil and groundwater at the site, as well as sediments in the adjacent Port Washington Narrows. Alternative remediation options have been identified with preliminary cost estimates ranging from \$340,000 to \$6.4 million. Data developed through the assessment and previous investigations indicates the contamination likely derived from multiple, different sources and multiple current and former owners of properties and businesses in the vicinity of the site may be responsible for the contamination. In April 2010, the Washington DOE issued notice it considered Cascade a PRP for hazardous substances at the site. In May 2012, the EPA added the site to the National Priorities List of Superfund sites. Cascade has entered into an administrative settlement agreement and consent order with the EPA regarding the scope and schedule for a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. Current estimates for the cost to complete the remedial investigation and feasibility study are approximately \$7.6 million of which \$1.7 million has been incurred. Cascade has accrued \$5.9 million for the remedial investigation and feasibility study as well as \$6.4 million for remediation of this site; however, the accrual for remediation costs will be reviewed and adjusted, if necessary, after completion of the remedial investigation and feasibility study. In April 2010, Cascade filed a petition with the WUTC for authority to defer the costs, which are included in other noncurrent assets, incurred in relation to the environmental remediation of this site. The WUTC approved the petition in September 2010, subject to conditions set forth in the order.

The third claim is for contamination at a site in Bellingham, Washington. Cascade received notice from a party in May 2008 that Cascade may be a PRP, along with other parties, for contamination from a manufactured gas plant owned by Cascade and its predecessor from about 1946 to 1962. The notice indicates that current estimates to complete investigation and cleanup of the site exceed \$8.0 million. Other PRPs have reached an agreed order and work plan with the Washington DOE for completion of a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. A report documenting the initial phase of the remedial investigation was completed in June 2011. There is currently not enough information available to estimate the potential liability to Cascade associated with this claim although Cascade believes its proportional share of any liability will be relatively small in comparison to other PRPs. The plant manufactured gas from coal between approximately 1890 and 1946. In 1946, shortly after Cascade's predecessor acquired the plant, it converted the plant to a propane-air gas facility. There are no documented wastes or by-products resulting from the mixing or distribution of propane-air gas. Cascade has not recorded an accrual for this site.

Cascade has received notices from and entered into agreement with certain of its insurance carriers that they will participate in defense of Cascade for these contamination claims subject to full and complete reservations of rights and defenses to insurance coverage. Cascade received insurance payments of \$45,000 and \$36,000 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, for the Eugene defense costs and \$1.2 million and \$618,000 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, for the Bremerton defense costs. To the extent these claims are not covered by insurance, Cascade intends to seek recovery through the OPUC and WUTC of remediation costs in its natural gas rates charged to customers.

The accruals related to these matters are reflected in regulatory assets. For more information, see Note 3.

Operating leases

The Company leases certain equipment, facilities and land under operating lease agreements. The amounts of annual minimum lease payments due under these leases as of December 31, 2017, were:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	
				(In thous	sands)		
Operating leases	\$399	\$370	\$250	\$209	\$91	\$328	

Rent expense was \$546,000 and \$541,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Purchase commitments

The Company has entered into various commitments, largely natural gas supply and natural gas transportation and storage contracts, some of which are subject to variability in volume and price. The commitment terms vary in length, up to 43 years. The commitments under these contracts as of December 31, 2017, were:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter
			(In the	ousands)		_
Purchase commitments	\$168,558	\$116,055	\$91,683	\$87,423	\$75,717	\$628,962

These commitments were not reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Amounts purchased under various commitments for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, were approximately

\$162.8 million and \$184.8 million.

Guarantees

Cascade has an outstanding letter of credit to a third party related to a remedial investigation feasibility study. At December 31, 2017, the fixed maximum amount guaranteed under this letter of credit was \$2.2 million, which is scheduled to expire in 2018. There were no amounts outstanding under this letter of credit at December 31, 2017.

NOTE 12 – RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

MDU and Montana-Dakota provide and receive certain support services to/from the Company. The amount charged for services provided to the Company was \$32.0 million and \$35.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively and the amount charged for services received from the Company was \$1.1 million and \$966,000 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The amounts included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets related to MDU and Montana-Dakota at December 31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In t	housands)
Accounts receivable	\$ 2	\$ 84
Accounts payable	2,634	2,584
Dividend payable	4,800	4,800
Deferred charges and other assets - other	6,719	5,900
Deferred credits and other liabilities - other	1,676	1,615

MDU has several stock-based compensation plans in which the Company participates. Total stock-based compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, was \$676,000 and \$716,000, net of income taxes of \$432,000 and \$458,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2017, total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to stock-based compensation was approximately \$1.1 million (before income taxes) which will be amortized over a weighted average period of 1.5 years.

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) (2) An Original (2) (2) (2)
No. Interpretation For the Current Quarter/Year 1 UTILITY PLANT Causer/Year 2 In Service Plant in Service (Classified) Set-Sequence 3 Plant in Device (Classified) Set-Sequence 4 Property Under Capital Leases 1 5 Plant Purchased or Sold 1 6 Completed Construction not Classified 4 7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 4 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997.637.482 9 Leased to Others 1 10 Canstruction Work in Progress 8 11 Construction Work in Progress 8.458,804 12 Acquisition Adjustments 1 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1 14 Accurated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477.141,355 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 5 16 PETALL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION 463,301,416 17 Amortization of U
No. Interpretation For the Current Quarter/Year 1 UTILITY PLANT Cuarter/Year 2 In Service Service 3 Plant in Service (Classified) 954,900,215 4 Property Under Capital Leases 1 5 Plant Purchased or Sold 1 6 Completed Construction not Classified 42,677,267 7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 997,637,482 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others 997,637,482 10 Construction Work in Progress 8,458,804 11 Construction Work in Progress 8,458,804 12 Acquisition Adjustments 1,000,692,688 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1,000,692,688 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION 463,301,410 17
Image: Company of the property of the Capital Leases Quarter/Year 3 Piant in Service (Classified) 954,960,215 4 Property Under Capital Leases
1 UTILITY PLANT In Service 10 3 Is Service (Plant in Service (Classified) 954,960,215 4 Property Under Capital Leases
2 In Service 3 Plant in Service (Classified) 954,960,215 4 Property Under Capital Leases
3 Plant in Service (Classified) 954,960,215 4 Property Under Capital Leases 1 6 Completed Construction not Classified 42,677,267 7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 997,637,482 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others 6 10 Construction Work in Progress 8,458,804 11 Construction Work in Progress 8,458,804 12 Acquisition Adjustments 1,006,096,266 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 4,771,41,385 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 Depreciation 463,301,410 17 In Service: 463,301,410 18 Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights 463,301,410 20 Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights 13,839,975 21 Amortization of Other Utility Plant 13,839,975 22 Amortization of Other Utility Plant 13,839,975 23 Amortization and Depletion 477,141,365 24 Coperciation 477,141,365
4 Property Under Capital Leases 5 Plant Purchased or Sold 6 Completed Construction not Classified 42,677,267 7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 9 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others 9 10 Held for Future Use 1 11 Corstruction Work in Progress 8,458,004 12 Acquisition Adjustments 1,006,096,286 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1,006,096,286 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION 2 17 In Service: 463,301,410 18 Depreciation 463,301,410 19 Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights 477,141,385 21 Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights 477,141,385 22 Amortiza
5 Plant Purchased or Sold 42,677,267 6 Completed Construction not Classified 42,677,267 7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 9 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others 6 10 Held for Future Use 8,458,004 11 Construction Work in Progress 8,458,004 12 Acquisition Adjustments 1 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1,006,096,286 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION 463,301,410 17 Inscrization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights 463,301,410 19 Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights 13,839,975 20 Amortization of Other Utility Plant 477,414,385 21 Amortization of Other Utility Plant 477,414,385 22 Amortization
6 Completed Construction not Classified 42,677,287 7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 9 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others 6 10 Held for Future Use 6 11 Construction Work in Progress 8,458,804 12 Acquisition Adjustments 1 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1,006,096,286 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION 463,301,410 17 In Service: 463,301,410 18 Depreciation 463,301,410 19 Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights 463,301,410 21 Amortization of Other Utility Plant 13,839,975 22 TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21) 477,141,385 23 Leased to Others 477,141,385 <
7 Experimental Plant Unclassified 997,637,482 8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others
8 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 997,637,482 9 Leased to Others 1 10 Held for Future Use
9 Leased to Others 10 Held for Future Use 11 Construction Work in Progress 12 Acquisition Adjustments 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1,006,096,286 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION
10 Held for Future Use
11Construction Work in Progress8,458,80412Acquisition Adjustments
12 Acquisition Adjustments 13 TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12) 1,006,096,286 14 Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion 477,141,385 15 Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14) 528,954,901 16 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION In Service: 17 In Service: ———————————————————————————————————
13TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12)1,006,096,28614Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion477,141,38515Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14)528,954,90116DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION
14Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion477,141,38515Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14)528,954,90116DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION17In Service:
15Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14)528,954,90116DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION17In Service:463,301,41018Depreciation463,301,41019Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights20Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights21Amortization of Other Utility Plant13,839,97522TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)477,141,38523Leased to Others24Depreciation25Amortization and Depletion26TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25)27Held for Future Use28Depreciation29Amortization30TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29)31Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)32Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
16DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION17In Service:18Depreciation463,301,41019Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights
17In Service:463,301,41018Depreciation463,301,41019Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights—20Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights—21Amortization of Other Utility Plant13,839,97522TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)477,141,38523Leased to Others—24Depreciation—25Amortization and Depletion—26TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25)—27Held for Future Use—28Depreciation—29Amortization—30TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29)—31Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)—32Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment—
18Depreciation463,301,41019Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights—————————————————————————————————
Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights Amortization of Other Utility Plant TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21) Leased to Others Depreciation Amortization and Depletion TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use Depreciation Amortization TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Amortization Amortization Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Amortization Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights 11,839,975 22 TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21) 23 Leased to Others 24 Depreciation 25 Amortization and Depletion 26 TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) 27 Held for Future Use 28 Depreciation 29 Amortization 30 TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) 31 Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) 32 Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
21Amortization of Other Utility Plant13,839,97522TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)477,141,38523Leased to OthersImage: Comparison of Compa
TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21) Leased to Others Depreciation Mortization and Depletion TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use Depreciation Depreciation TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) TOTAL Held for Future Use Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
Leased to Others Depreciation Amortization and Depletion TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use Depreciation Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Amortization Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
Depreciation Amortization and Depletion TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use Depreciation Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Amortization Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
Amortization and Depletion TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use Depreciation Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25) Held for Future Use Depreciation Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
Depreciation Amortization TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
29 Amortization Substituting Substitution Substituting Su
30 TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29) 31 Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) 32 Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
31 Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas) 32 Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment 33 Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
32 Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL Accum. Provisions (Should agree with line 14 above)(Total of lines 22, 26, 30, 31, and 32) 477,141,385

Name of Respondent	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion (continued) Line Electric Gas Other (specify) Comm	
Line No. (c) Gas Other (specify) Common (n) (e) (f) (f) (g) (f) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g	Line Electric Gas Other (specify) Comm	
No. (c) (d) (e) (f) 1 2 3 3 954,960,215 4 4 5 6 6 42,677,267 7 8 997,637,482 9 10 11 8,458,804 12 11 8,458,804 12 12 1,006,096,286 14 477,141,385 15 528,954,901 16 17 18 463,301,410 19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 30 31 31 31 32 40 30 30 31 31 31 32 40 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		
No. (c) (d) (e) (f) 1 2 3 3 954,960,215 4 4 5 6 6 42,677,267 7 8 997,637,482 9 10 11 8,458,804 12 11 8,458,804 12 12 1,006,096,286 14 477,141,385 15 528,954,901 16 17 18 463,301,410 19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 30 31 31 31 32 40 30 30 31 31 31 32 40 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		mon
2 3 954,960,215 4 6 6 7 42,677,267 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
2 3 954,960,215 4 6 6 7 42,677,267 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
2 3 954,960,215 4 6 6 7 42,677,267 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
3 954,960,215		
4 4 5 42,677,267 7 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 9 997,637,482 10 997,637,482 11 8,458,804 12 1,006,096,286 14 477,141,385 15 528,954,901 16 997,637,482 17 997,637,482 18 477,141,385 19 997,637,482 20 997,637,482 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 997,637,482 24 997,637,482 25 997,637,482 26 997,637,482 27 997,637,482 28 997,637,482 29 997,637,482 29 997,637,482		
6		
7 8 997,637,482 997,637,48	5	
8 997,637,482 997,		
9		
10		
11 8,458,804 12 13 13 1,006,096,286 14 477,141,395 15 528,954,901 16 17 18 463,301,410 19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 32		
12		
13 1,006,096,286 14 477,141,385 15 528,954,901 16 6 17 7 18 463,301,410 19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 24 25 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 31 32		
15 528,954,901 16 463,301,410 18 463,301,410 19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		
16 17 18 463,301,410 19 1 20 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 477,141,385 24 1 25 1 26 1 27 28 29 1 30 1 31 31 32 32	14 477,141,385	
17 18 463,301,410 19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		
18 463,301,410 19 19 20 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 10 24 10 25 10 26 10 27 10 28 10 29 10 30 10 31 10 32 10		
19 20 21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 477,141,385 24 477,141,385 25 477,141,385 26 477,141,385 27 477,141,385 28 477,141,385 29 477,141,385 30 477,141,385 31 477,141,385 32 477,141,385 33 477,141,385 34 477,141,385 35 477,141,385 36 477,141,385 37 477,141,385 38 477,141,385 39 477,141,385 477,141,385 477,141,385 477,141,385 477,141,385 48 477,141,385 49 477,141,385 40 477,141,385 40 477,141,385 40 477,141,385 40 477,141,385 40 477,141,385 41 477,141,385 42 477,141,385 42 477,141,385 43 477,141,385 44 477,141,385 47 477,141,385 48 477,141,385 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td></tr<>		
20 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 32		
21 13,839,975 22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 32		!
22 477,141,385 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 29 30 31 32 32		
23 24 ————————————————————————————————————		
25 26 27 28 28 29 30 30 31 32		
26 9		
27 28 29 30 31 32		
28 9 29 9 30 9 31 9 32 9		
29 30 31 32		
30		
31 32		
32		
33 477,141,385		
	33 477,141,385	
i		

	e of Res	spondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Caso	ade Na	atural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Gas Plant in Service (Acco	unts 101, 102, 103, and 106)		+
2. lı 103, l	n additio Experim	elow the original cost of gas plant in service according to the pon to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classified), this page nental Gas Plant Unclassified, and Account 106, Completed Co	rescribed accounts. and the next include Account 10 nstruction Not Classified-Gas.		ed or Sold, Account
		n column (c) and (d), as appropriate corrections of additions ar in parenthesis credit adjustments of plant accounts to indicate			
		Account 106 according to prescribed accounts, on an	ine negative enect of such acco	Junto.	
		sis if necessary, and include the entries in column (c). Also to b			
		ported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has a signification of the control of the cont			-
		he end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distributior or accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in column			
		emental statement showing the account distributions of these to			noideamed retirements.
ine		Account	Balance at		Additions
No.			Beginning of Yea	r	
	INITANI	(a)	(b)		(c)
1	301	GIBLE PLANT Organization		152.066	
2 3	302	Organization Franchises and Consents		152,066 211,825	
4	303	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	33	3,571,462	9,661,779
5		TOTAL Intangible Plant (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		3,935,353	9,661,779
6		UCTION PLANT	30	.,000,000	5,001,179
7		Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant			
8		Producing Lands			
9		Producing Leaseholds			
0		Gas Rights			
1	325.4	Rights-of-Way			
2	325.5	Other Land and Land Rights			
3	326	Gas Well Structures			
4	327	Field Compressor Station Structures			
15	328	Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment			
6	329	Other Structures			
7	330	Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction			
8	331	Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment			
9	332	Field Lines			
20	333	Field Compressor Station Equipment			
21	334	Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment			
22	335	Drilling and Cleaning Equipment			
23	336	Purification Equipment			
24 DE	337	Other Equipment			
25	338	Unsuccessful Exploration and Development Costs Asset Retirement Costs for Natural Gas Production and			
26		TOTAL Production and Gathering Plant (Enter Total of lines 8			
27 28		UCTS EXTRACTION PLANT			
29	340	Land and Land Rights			
30	341	Structures and Improvements		+	
31	342	Extraction and Refining Equipment			
	343	Pipe Lines			
32	0.0				

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	G	as Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01, 10	02, 103, and 106) (conti	nued)	•
Accou 6. S class amou to prir 7. F subac 8. F	ding the reversals of the prior years te unt 101 and 106 will avoid serious om show in column (f) reclassifications or sifications arising from distribution of a unts with respect to accumulated provimary account classifications. For Account 399, state the nature and account classification of such plant confor each amount comprising the reportant.	issions of respondent's reported a transfers within utility plant account amounts initially recorded in Accounts ision for depreciation, acquisition use of plant included in this account forming to the requirements of the ted balance and changes in Accounts	amour ints. In unt 10: adjust unt an ese pa ount 10	nt for plant actually in ser nclude also in column (f) 2. In showing the cleara ments, etc., and show in ad if substantial in amoun ages. 02, state the property pur	vice at end of year. the additions or reducence of Account 102, in a column (f) only the of t submit a supplement chased or sold, name	tions of primary account clude in column (e) the freet to the debits or credits ary statement showing of vendor or purchaser,
and d filing.	late of transaction. If proposed journa	al entries have been filed with the	Comn	nission as required by the	e Uniform System of A	ccounts, give date of such
Line No.	Retirements	Adjustments		Transfers		Balance at End of Year
1	(d)	(e)		(f)		(g)
2						152,066
3						211,825
5						43,233,241 43,597,132
6						10,007,102
7						
9						
10						
11						
12 13						
14						
15						
16 17						
18						
19						
20 21						
22						
23						
24						
25 26						
27						
28						
29 30						
31						
32 33						

20	Nam	ne of Respondent		is Report Is:	Date of		Year/Period of Report
Case Plant in Service (Accounts 101, 102, 103, and 106) (continued) Account Beginning of Year (b) Account Beginning of Year (c) Beginning of Year (c) 33 345 Compressor Equipment 34 345 Compressor Equipment 35 346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment 36 347 Other Equipment 37 348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant 38 170TAL Products Extraction Plant (Eriter Total of lines 27 and d) 40 Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Eriter Total of lines 27 and d) 41 TOTAL Production Plant (Eriter Total of lines 27 and d) 42 NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT 43 TURNING STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT 44 Underground Storage Plant 45 350.1 Land 46 350.1 Land 47 Solution Storage Plant 48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 40 352 Vestervoirs 50 353.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 357 Other Equipment 55 367 Other Equipment 56 368 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 40 369 Vester Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 41 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 42 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant 43 350 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 44 369 Vester Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 45 Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 46 361 Structures and Improvements 47 362 Vester Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 48 363 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 49 361 Structures and Improvements 40 362 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 40 363 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 41 363 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 42 364 Compressor Station Equipment 43 364 Compressor Station Equipment 44 365 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 45 364 Compressor Station Equipment 46 364 Other Equipment 47 364 Compressor Station Equipment 48 364 Other Equipment 49 364 Other Equipment 40 364 Other Equipment 40 364 Other E	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation		(1)			. ,	End of 2017/Q4
Line No. Account Balance at Beginning of Year (c) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h	<u> </u>	,				72017	2110 01 <u>20117Q1</u>
Beginning of Year		Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	101,	102, 103, and 106) (conti	nued)		
Seginning of Year (e)	Line	Account					Additions
34 345 Compressor Equipment (b) (c) 35 346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment (c) 36 347 Oher Equipment (c) 37 348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant (c) 38 348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant (c) 39 TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 22 thru 37) 39 TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 23 thru 37) 30 TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 23 thru 37) 30 TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Submit Supplementary (c) 40 Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40) 41 TOTAL Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40) 42 NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT 43 Underground Storage Plant (c) 44 350.1 Land 45 350.1 Land 46 351 Structures and Improvements 47 362 Wells 48 352.1 Structures and Improvements 49 352.2 Registro-d-Way 40 352.2 Registro-d-Way 40 352.2 Registro-d-Way 40 352.3 Structures and Improvements 40 352.3 Structures and Improvements 41 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 42 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 43 364 Compressor Station Equipment 45 365 Other Equipment 46 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 47 362 Submit Structures and Improvements 48 365 Other Equipment 49 360 Land and Land Rights 40 361 Submit Structures and Improvements 40 362 Gas Holders 40 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 41 362 Gas Holders 42 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 43 363 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 44 363.2 Vaportizing Equipment 45 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 46 363 Submit Structures and Improvements 47 364.3 Submit Structures and Improvements 48 363 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 49 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 40 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 41 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 42 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 43 364.6 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 44 364.7 Communications Equipment 45 364.6 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 46 364.7 Communications Equipment 47 364.7 Communicati					r		
33				(b)			(c)
36 347 Other Equipment 37 348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant 38 TOTAL Products Extraction Plant (Enter Total of lines 29 thru 37) 39 TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 27 and 40 Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 27 and 41 TOTAL Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40) 42 NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT 43 Underground Storage Plant 44 350.1 Land 45 350.1 Land 46 351 Structures and Improvements 47 352 Wels 48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 50 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Equipment 59 361 Structures and Improvements 50 362 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 50 353 Structures and Improvements 50 353 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 58 365 Other Equipment 59 360 Land and Land Rights 50 361 Structures and Improvements 50 363 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 50 363 Structures and Improvements 50 364 Structures and Improvements 50 365 Other Equipment 50 365 Structures and Improvements 50 365 Structures and Improvements 51 365 Compressor Equipment 52 365 Compressor Equipment 53 361 Structures and Improvements 54 365 Structures and Improvements 55 367 Compressor Equipment 56 368 Structures and Improvements 57 368 Structures and Improvements 58 368 Structures and Improvements 59 368 Liquefaction Equipment 59 368 Structures and Improvements 50 368 Structures and Improvements 51 368 Structures and Improvements 52 368 Structures and Improvements 53 368 Structures and Improvements 54 368 Structures and Improvements 55 368 Structures and Improvements							
348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant	+						
TOTAL Products Extraction Plant (Enter Total of lines 29 thru 37)							
TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 27 and	+						
Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Submit Supplementary		·					
TOTAL Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40)		,	d				
NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Underground Storage Plant		,					
444 350.1 Land 45 350.2 Rights-of-Way 46 351 Structures and Improvements 47 352 Wells 48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 50 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 59 Other Storage Plant 50 360 Land and Land Rights 61 361 Structures and Improvements 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.3 Compressor Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.5 Other Equipment 69 363.5 Other							
45 350.2 Rights-of-Way 46 351 Structures and Improvements 47 352 Wells 48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 5 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68							
46 351 Structures and Improvements 47 352 Wells 48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 50 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 355 Other Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 69 360 Land and Land Rights 59 361 362 Gas Holders 59 363 Purification Equipment 59 360 Sas 354 Stuctures and Improvements 59 363 Purification Equipment 59 360 Sas 355 Other Equipment 50 Sas 355 O							
47 352 Wells 48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 50 353.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 70 TAL Underground Storage Plant TOTAL Underground Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 63 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 63 363.3 Compressor Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Other Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 366.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 70 364.1 Lond and Land Rights 8ase Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant		· · ·					
48 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights 49 352.2 Reservoirs 59 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 363.6 Structures and Improvements 60 363.6 Structures and Improvements 61 363.6 Structures and Improvements 62 363.7 Liquefaction Equipment 63 363.8 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.8 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.8 Structures and Regulating Equipment 66 363.6 Structures and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines St thru 68) 60 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 60 364.8 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 61 364.1 Land and Land Rights 62 364.2 Neg Processing Terminal Equipment 63 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 64 364.8 Other Equipment 65 364.8 Other Equipment 66 364.8 Other Equipment 67 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas		·					
49 352.2 Reservoirs 50 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant I 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Other Equipment 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines St hru 68) 69 363.1 Surderes Regulating Equipment 60 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 61 364.1 Land and Land Rights 62 363.3 Compressor Equipment 63 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 64 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 65 363.5 Other Equipment 66 364.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 67 364.1 Land and Land Rights 68 364.2 Structures and Improvements 79 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 70 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 70 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 71 364.7 Communications Equipment 72 364.8 Other Equipment 73 364.8 Other Equipment 74 364.8 Other Equipment 75 364.8 Other Equipment 76 364.8 Other Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	47						
50 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LING Processing Terminal Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas							
51 353 Lines 52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 75 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas							
52 354 Compressor Station Equipment 53 355 Other Equipment 54 356 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 380 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Lind and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Eq	50	352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas					
335 Other Equipment 54 336 Purification Equipment 55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas							
54356Purification Equipment55357Other Equipment56358Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant57TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru58Other Storage Plant59360Land and Land Rights60361Structures and Improvements61362Gas Holders62363Purification Equipment63363.1Liquefaction Equipment64363.2Vaporizing Equipment65363.3Compressor Equipment66363.4Measuring and Regulating Equipment67363.5Other Equipment68363.6Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant69TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68)70Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant71364.1Land and Land Rights72364.2Structures and Improvements73364.3LNG Processing Terminal Equipment74364.4LNG Transportation Equipment75364.5Measuring and Regulating Equipment76364.6Compressor Station Equipment77364.7Communications Equipment78364.8Other Equipment79364.9Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas							
55 357 Other Equipment 56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant 57 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	53	* *					
56 358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru 58 Other Storage Plant 59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminalling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	54	* *					
TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru Other Storage Plant 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	55	* *					
58Other Storage Plant59360Land and Land Rights60361Structures and Improvements61362Gas Holders62363Purification Equipment63363.1Liquefaction Equipment64363.2Vaporizing Equipment65363.3Compressor Equipment66363.4Measuring and Regulating Equipment67363.5Other Equipment68363.6Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant70TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68)70Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant71364.1Land and Land Rights72364.2Structures and Improvements73364.3LNG Processing Terminal Equipment74364.4LNG Transportation Equipment75364.5Measuring and Regulating Equipment76364.6Compressor Station Equipment77364.7Communications Equipment78364.8Other Equipment79364.9Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	56						
59 360 Land and Land Rights 60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	57		u				
60 361 Structures and Improvements 61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asser Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	58	-					
61 362 Gas Holders 62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	59	-					
62 363 Purification Equipment 63 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 64 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 65 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	60	361 Structures and Improvements					
363.1 Liquefaction Equipment 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 55 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	61	362 Gas Holders					
363.2 Vaporizing Equipment 55 363.3 Compressor Equipment 66 363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	62	* *					
363.3 Compressor Equipment 364.3 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 365.5 Other Equipment 366.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 467.7 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 468.7 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 469.7 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 400.7 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 410.7 364.1 Land and Land Rights 411.7 Structures and Improvements 412.7 Structures and Improvements 42.7 Structures and Improvement 43.7 Structures and Improvement 44.7 Structures and Improvement 45.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 46.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 47.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 48.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 49.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 40.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 40.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 41.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 42.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 43.7 Communications Equipment 44.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 45.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 46.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 47.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 48.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 49.7 Structures and Regulating Equipment 40.7 Str	63						
363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 363.5 Other Equipment 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	64	363.2 Vaporizing Equipment					
67 363.5 Other Equipment 68 363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant 69 TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) 70 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	65						
68363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant69TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68)70Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant71364.1 Land and Land Rights72364.2 Structures and Improvements73364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment74364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment75364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment76364.6 Compressor Station Equipment77364.7 Communications Equipment78364.8 Other Equipment79364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	66						
TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68) Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant 364.1 Land and Land Rights 364.2 Structures and Improvements 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 4364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 5364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 6364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 74 364.7 Communications Equipment 75 364.8 Other Equipment 76 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	67	·					
70Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant71364.1 Land and Land Rights72364.2 Structures and Improvements73364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment74364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment75364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment76364.6 Compressor Station Equipment77364.7 Communications Equipment78364.8 Other Equipment79364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	68	-					
71 364.1 Land and Land Rights 72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	69	- '					
72 364.2 Structures and Improvements 73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	70						
73 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment 74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	71						
74 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment 75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	72	·					
75 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment 76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	73						
76 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment 77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	74						
77 364.7 Communications Equipment 78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	75						
78 364.8 Other Equipment 79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	76						
79 364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas	77	364.7 Communications Equipment					
	78						
TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Nat'l Gas, Terminaling and Processing	79	·	-				
	80	TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Nat'l Gas, Terminaling and Processing	ng				

Cascade Na	atural Gas Corporation		Inis Report is:	Date of	of Report Year/Period of Report Da, Yr)		
	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation		This Report Is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission Date of (Mo, D		1/2017 End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
	G	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1					
Line	Retirements	Adjustments	Transf			Balance at	
No.						End of Year	
34	(d)	(e)	(f)			(g)	
35							
36							
37							
38							
39							
40							
41 42							
43							
44							
45							
46							
47							
48							
49							
50 51							
52							
53							
54							
55							
56							
57							
58 59							
60							
61							
62							
63							
64							
65							
66 67							
68							
69							
70							
71							
72							
73							
74 75							
/5							
76							
76							
76 77							
76							

Nam	e of Respondent		is Report Is:	Date of		Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)		(Mo, Da 12/31		End of 2017/Q4
-		· · ·			72017	
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	101,	102, 103, and 106) (conti	nued)		
Line	Account		Balance at			Additions
No.			Beginning of Yea	ır		
	(a)		(b)			(c)
81	TOTAL Nat'l Gas Storage and Processing Plant (Total of lines 57,	,				
82	TRANSMISSION PLAN					
83	365.1 Land and Land Rights			224,536		
84	365.2 Rights-of-Way			1,026,089		
85	366 Structures and Improvements					
86	367 Mains		2	1,858,600		385,973
87	368 Compressor Station Equipment					
88	369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment			192,301		
89	370 Communication Equipment					
90	371 Other Equipment					
91	372 Asset Retirement Costs for Transmission Plant			87,147		864
92	TOTAL Transmission Plant (Enter Totals of lines 83 thru 91)		2	3,388,673		386,837
93	DISTRIBUTION PLANT					
94	374 Land and Land Rights			2,486,528		155,969
95	375 Structures and Improvements			1,459,328		5,816
96	376 Mains			8,486,175		37,322,931
97	377 Compressor Station Equipment			2,097,767		01,022,001
98	378 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-General	+		8,118,944		3,753,497
99	379 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-City Gate			0,110,344		3,733,437
-			04	4.076.040		14 574 005
100	380 Services			4,076,819		14,574,925
101	381 Meters			6,271,855		2,733,170
102	382 Meter Installations			1,328,381		1,560,254
103	383 House Regulators		1	0,387,457		656,173
104	384 House Regulator Installations					
105	385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment		1	0,034,002		495,717
106	386 Other Property on Customers' Premises					
107	387 Other Equipment					
108	388 Asset Retirement Costs for Distribution Plant			6,492,357		3,457,641
109	TOTAL Distribution Plant (Enter Total of lines 94 thru 108)		80	1,239,613		64,716,093
110	GENERAL PLANT					
111	389 Land and Land Rights			3,468,083		
112	390 Structures and Improvements		1	9,527,428		149,595
113	391 Office Furniture and Equipment			7,525,935		260,782
114	392 Transportation Equipment		1	5,441,850		1,869,809
115	393 Stores Equipment			66,925		
116	394 Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment		,	7,346,276		185,408
117	395 Laboratory Equipment			126,158		
118	396 Power Operated Equipment			3,493,545		1,623,431
119	397 Communication Equipment			7,055,046		340,565
120	398 Miscellaneous Equipment			79,679		,
121	Subtotal (Enter Total of lines 111 thru 120)		6	4,130,925		4,429,590
122	399 Other Tangible Property			, , , , , ,		., .23,330
123	399.1 Asset Retirement Costs for General Plant	1				
124	TOTAL General Plant (Enter Total of lines 121, 122 and 123)	+	6	4,130,925		4,429,590
125	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)			2,694,564		79,194,299
126	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instruction 8)		92	_,007,004		10,104,200
-						
127	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instruction 8)					
128	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified	$\overline{}$		0.604.504		70.404.000
129	TOTAL Gas Plant In Service (Enter Total of lines 125 thru 128))	92	2,694,564		79,194,299

Cascade I	Respondent		Th (1)	nis Report Is:) X An Original	Date of (Mo, Da	Report , Yr)	Year/Period of Report
	Natural Gas Corporation		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31	/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	1	s Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01,		nued)		•
Line	Retirements	Adjustments		Transfers			Balance at End of Year
No.	(d)	(e)		(f)			(g)
81							
82 83							224,536
84							1,026,089
85							
86		(1)				22,244,572
87							400.004
88 89							192,301
90							
91							88,011
92		(1)				23,775,509
93							
94 95	4,283		1		20,241		2,662,738 1,460,862
96	134,983			(23,240)		465,650,883
97	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			(20,210)		2,097,767
98	123,311						31,749,130
99							
100	238,082	(1)		2,999		228,416,660
101 102	1,042,244 6,086		1	(15,939)		57,962,781 32,866,611
103	355,760		1	(10,000)		10,687,871
104							
105	14,836				15,939		10,530,822
106							
107 108	32,840		1)				19,917,157
109	1,952,425	(1				864,003,282
110							
111							3,468,083
112 113			1				19,677,023 7,786,718
114	713,495	(1)				16,598,163
115	-,	(,				66,925
116	78,621						7,453,063
117	4.044.050						126,158
118 119	1,244,052 262,788						3,872,924 7,132,823
120	202,700						79,679
							66,261,559
	2,298,956						
121 122	2,298,956						
121 122 123							00 004 550
121 122 123 124	2,298,956						
121 122 123 124 125							66,261,559 997,637,482
121 122 123 124	2,298,956						
121 122 123 124 125 126	2,298,956						

	ne of Respondent			This	Report Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmiss	sion	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas	s Prope	erty and Cap	acity L	eased from Oth	ners		
2.	Report below the information called for concer For all leases in which the average annual lea if applicable: the property or capacity leased.	se pay	ment over	the init	tial term of the I	lease	exceeds \$500,000, d	ons. escribe in column
	Name of Lessor	*			Description o	of Leas	e	Lease Payments for
Line No.	(a)	(b)			(c)			Current Year (d)
1	None							
3		┼						
4		+						
5								
6		<u> </u>						
7 8		+						
9								
10								
11 12		₩						
13		+						
14								
15		lacksquare						
16 17		+-						
18		+						
19								
20		<u> </u>						
21		+-						
23								
24								
25 26		₩						
27		+						
28								
29		<u> </u>						
30		+						
32		†						
33								
34		—						
35 36		+						
37		<u> </u>						
38								
39 40		┼						
41		+						
42								
43								
44	Tatal	+-						
45	Total	+						

	ne of Respondent			This F	Report Is:	ei ain al	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	X An Or A Res	iginal submission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Pro	perty a	nd Ca		Leased to	o Others		1
	For all leases in which the average lease income ov							
desc	cription of each facility or leased capacity that is clas	sified	as gas	plant	in service	ce, and is le	eased to others for gas	s operations.
	In column (d) provide the lease payments received							
3.	Designate associated companies with an asterisk in	colum	nn (b).					
	Name of Lessor	*			Des	cription of Le	ease	Lease Payments for
Line								Current Year
No.	(a)	(b)				(c)		(d)
1	Nana							
2	None							
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17 18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30 31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
41								
42								
43								
	Total							
45	Total							
		1	Ī					

	ne of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Plant Held for Fu	ıture L	Jse (Account 105)		•
item 2. colu	Report separately each property held for future use at end of the s of property held for future use. For property having an original cost of \$1,000,000 or more previmn (a), in addition to other required information, the date that uti was transferred to Account 105.	ously	used in utility opera	tions, now held for futu	ıre use, give in
-	Description and Location		Date Originally Included	Date Expected to be Used	Balance at
Line No.	of Property (a)		in this Account (b)	in Utility Service (c)	End of Year (d)
1	None				
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
9		+			
10					
11					
12					
13 14					
15		+			
16					
17					
18					
19					
20		_			
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27 28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33		_			
35		-			
36					
37					
38					
39					
40					
41					
43					
44		-			
45	Total				

Nam	e of Respondent		This Re	eport Is:	Date	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) <u>\(\)</u>	An Original A Resubmission		/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Construction Wo	rk in P	rogress-	Gas (Account 107)		-	
2. and	Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Minor projects (less than \$1,000,000) may be grouped.	onstrat	ion" pro				velopment,
Line No.	Description of Project (a)			nstruction Work in Progress-Gas (Account 107) (b)			ted Additional t of Project
1	Hanford DOE			1,617,033			(0)
2	Anacortes lateral upgrade and main replacement			1,132,151			
3							
4							
5							
6							
7	<u></u>						
8	Minor distribution system/general Plant projects each under \$1 million			5,709,620			
9	ψ i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			3,709,620			
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16 17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27 28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35 36							
37							
38							
39							
40							
41							
42							
43							
44							
45	Total			8,458,804			

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	on	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Non-Traditional Rate Treat		fforded New Pro	jects		
suppo policy, 2. In 3. In 4. In	the Commission's Certificate Policy Statement provides a threshold requirement for exist the project without relying on subsidization from its existing customers. See Certification From the Error Policy of Ferc Policy (2000); order clarifying policy, 92 Ferc Policy (2000) (Policy Statement by the CP Docket Number where the Commission authorized the facility. Column c, indicate the type of rate treatment approved by the Commission (e.g. increnation of the Account 101, Gas Plant in Service, associated with the facount e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation et al. Policy in Accumulated Provision et al. Policy in Accumulated Provi	ition of N atement) nental, at cility.	ew Interstate Natural I. In column a, list the Irisk)	Gas Pip name c	peline Facilities, 88 FERC F of the facility granted non-tra	261,227 (1999); order clarifying
	Name of Facility		СР		Type of	Gas Plant
Line No.	Name of Facility	[Docket No.		Rate Treatment	in Service
	(a)		(b)		(c)	(d)
1	None					
2						
3						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12 13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28 29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35 36						
ას	Total					0
	Total					U

	e of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Ori	ninal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corp	poration			ubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			itional Rate Treatment				
Accun 7. In 8. In 9. In 10. Ii	nulated Deferred Income Ta column g, report the total at column h, report the total at column i, report the amount n column j, list any other exp n column k, report the incret	ixes – Other Property; Accou mount included in the gas op mount included in the gas m. t of depreciation expense ac penses(including taxes) alloo mental revenues associated		d Income Taxes – Ott uring the year related during the year relate by year.	ner, associated w to the facility (Ac ed to the facility.	ith the facility.	
13. F	Provide the total amounts for						
Line No.	Accumulated Depreciation	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	Operating Expense	Maintenance Expense	Deprecia Expens	se Expenses (including taxes)	Incremental Revenues
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11 12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18 19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24 25							
26					1		
27							
28							
29 30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35					1		
36	<u> </u>						

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
· ·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
Genera	I Description of Construction Overhead Pro	ocedure	

- 1. For each construction overhead explain: (a) the nature and extent of work, etc., the overhead charges are intended to cover, (b) the general procedure for determining the amount capitalized, (c) the method of distribution to construction jobs, (d) whether different rates are applied to different types of construction, (e) basis of differentiation in rates for different types of construction, and (f) whether the overhead is directly or indirectly assigned.
- 2. Show below the computation of allowance for funds used during construction rates, in accordance with the provisions of Gas Plant Instructions 3 (17) of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 3. Where a net-of-tax rate for borrowed funds is used, show the appropriate tax effect adjustment to the computations below in a manner that clearly indicates the amount of reduction in the gross rate for tax effects.
- 1. Engineering & Supervision and General & Administrative overhead:

Engineer & Supervision (ES) overhead consists of employees' time in preparation of work orders, mapping, determining feasibility, and other Engineering/construction based supervisory costs related to new construction which are not identified with a specific project, along with the associated payroll taxes and employee benefit costs.

General & Administrative (GA) overhead consists of employees' time in processing A/P, A/R, receiving orders, and other administrative functions which are not identified with a specific project, along with the associated payroll taxes and employee benefit costs.

Both ES & GA (ES/GA) are accumulated in pools from which a portion is allocated each month. The allocation is based on a rate determined by the Fixed Asset Accounting Analyst and approved by the Controller which is then applied to the current month activity for all applicable work orders to determine how much should be transferred from the ES/GA pools to the affected work orders. This is accomplished via a system (PowerPlan) batch operation. An applicable work order is one that 1) is capital installation/purchase, and not a preliminary survey or investigative in nature. Note that purchase projects only receive GA overhead, not ES. Construction projects receive both.

2. ALLOWANCE FOR BORROWED FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION (AFUDC):

The formula on page 218a is used.

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of 2017/Q4
	General Description of Construct				
	General Description of Construct	ion Ovi	erneau Procedure (co	minuea)	
1. Fo 2. Ide	UTATION OF ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION RATE r line (5), column (d) below, enter the rate granted in the last rate proceeding. If not a shifty, in a footnote, the specific entity used as the source for the capital structure figurate, in a footnote, if the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a r	available, res.	-		
1. Cc	mponents of Formula (Derived from actual book balances and actual	cost ra	tes):		
00	Title		Amount	Capitalization	Cost Rate
Line	Title		Amount	Ration (percent)	Percentage
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
	(a)		(b)	(6)	(u)
	(1) Average Short-Term Debt	;	7,646,728		
	(2) Short-Term Interest		7,010,720		s 5.92
	(3) Long-Term Debt)	214,471,000	52.70	d 5.28
	(4) Preferred Stock F		214,471,000	32.70	p 3.20
	(5) Common Equity		192,552,179	47.30	•
	(6) Total Capitalization		407,023,179	100.00	
		V	15,464,395	100.00	
	(7) Average Construction Work In Progress Balance	v	13,404,393		
2. Gr	oss Rate for Borrowed Funds $s(S/W) + d[(D/(D+P+C)) (1-(S/W))]$			4.33	
3. Ra	te for Other Funds [1-(S/W)] [p(P/(D+P+C)) + c(C/(D+P+C))]			2.26	
4. W	eighted Average Rate Actually Used for the Year:				
	a. Rate for Borrowed Funds -			4.28	
	b. Rate for Other Funds -			2.23	

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report		Da	te of Report	Year/Period of Report
Case	cade Natural Gas Corporation			Original Resubmission	,	o, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Provision for D	eprecia	` ,				
	Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during ye	ar.					
	Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount the same and t				10, c	olumn (c), and th	at reported for gas
	in service, page 204-209, column (d), excluding retireme The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of A				of do	nreciable plant b	e recorded when
	plant is removed from service. If the respondent has a s						
	or classified to the various reserve functional classification						
	of the plant retired. In addition, include all costs included		•			•	
	sifications.						
	Show separately interest credits under a sinking fund or s						
5.	At lines 7 and 14, add rows as necessary to report all data	a. Add		I		-	_
Line	Item	,	Total	Gas Plant	in	Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant Leased
No.	(a)	((c+d+e) (b)	Service (c)		for Future Use (d)	to Others (e)
	Section A. BALANCES AND CHANGES DURING YEAR		(b)	(0)		(u)	(0)
1	Balance Beginning of Year		(442,537,270)	(442.53	37,270)		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to		(, , , , , ,	(, ,		
3	(403) Depreciation Expense		(24,014,067)	(24,01	14,067)		
4	(403.1) Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs			, = .70	/		
5	(413) Expense of Gas Plant Leased to Others						
6	Transportation Expenses - Clearing		(1,129,786)	(1,12	29,786)		
7	Other Clearing Accounts		, , , ,	, ,	. ,		
8	Other Clearing (Specify) (footnote details):		(247,688)	(24	17,688)		
9				-			
10	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year (Total of lines 3 thru 8)		(25,391,541)	(25,39	91,541)		
11	Net Charges for Plant Retired:						
12	Book Cost of Plant Retired		4,251,381	4,2	51,381		
13	Cost of Removal		1,261,482	1,2	61,482		
14	Salvage (Credit)		1,198,144	1,1	98,144		
15	TOTAL Net Chrgs for Plant Ret. (Total of lines 12 thru 14)		4,314,719	4,3	14,719		
16	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe) (footnote details):		312,682	3	12,682		
17							
18	Book Cost of Asset Retirement Costs						
19	Balance End of Year (Total of lines 1,10,15,16 and 18)		(463,301,410)	(463,30)1,410)		
	Section B. BALANCES AT END OF YEAR ACCORDING TO FUNCTIONAL						
	CLASSIFICATIONS						
21	Productions-Manufactured Gas						
22	Production and Gathering-Natural Gas						
23	Products Extraction-Natural Gas						
24	Underground Gas Storage						
25	Other Storage Plant						
26	Base Load LNG Terminaling and Processing Plant		/ 45 50/ 100	,	V 40-1		
27	Transmission		(15,506,121)	, ,	06,121)		
28	Distribution		(420,420,037)		20,037)		
29	General		(27,375,252)		75,252)		
30	TOTAL (Total of lines 21 thru 29)		(463,301,410)	(463,30)1,410)		

	lame of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas				This Report Is: (1) X An Or (2) A Res	riginal (submission	Date of Report Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	Year/Period	d of Report 017/Q4
			Gas Stored	(Accounts 117 1	+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17.4, 164.1, 164.2			
as 2.	If during the year as measurements), ex Report in column (exproperty recordable	plain in a footnote) all encroachme	made to the store e the reason for t ents during the ye	ed gas inventory r he adjustments, t	eported in colum he Dth and dollar	ns (d), (f), (g), and r amount of adjustr	(h) (such as to connent, and accoun	t charged or cre	dited.
3.	State in a footnote rage (i.e., fixed asse	the basis of segre	egation of invento	ory between curre	nt and noncurren	nt portions. Also, s	tate in a footnote	the method used	d to report
ne lo.	Description (a)	(Account 117.1) (b)	(Account 117.2) (c)	Noncurrent (Account 117.3) (d)	(Account 117.4) (e)	Current (Account 164.1) (f)	LNG (Account 164.2) (g)	LNG (Account 164.3) (h)	Total
_		(b)	(0)	(u)	(6)	126,656	1,705,164	(11)	1,831,82
	Balance at Beginning of					120,000			
	Gas Delivered to Storage						1,652,701		1,652,70
	Gas Withdrawn from						1,127,090		1,127,09
	Other Debits and Credits					460,873			460,87
	Balance at End of Year					587,529	2,230,775		2,818,30
,	Dth					199,638	634,073		833,71
1	Amount Per Dth					2.9430	3.5182		3.380

	e of Respondent	This (1)			s: Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)			esubmiss	ion	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Investments (Accou		3, 12	24, a	nd 136)			
2. Pi (a) maturi include	eport below investments in Accounts 123, Investments in Associated Companies, 124, rovide a subheading for each account and list thereunder the information called for: Investment in Securities-List and describe each security owned, giving name of issuer ty, and interest rate. For capital stock (including capital stock of respondent reacquire ed in Account 124, Other Investments) state number of shares, class, and series of stoprary Cash Investments, also may be grouped by classes.	, date a d under	acquir a de	red ar finite	nd date of n plan for res	naturity. sale purs	For bonds, also give principuant to authorization by the	Board of Directors, and
(b)	Investment Advances-Report separately for each person or company the amounts of							ount 123. Include advances
subjec	t to current repayment in Account 145 and 146. With respect to each advance, show	whethe	r the	advaı	nce is a not	e or ope	n account.	
	Description of Investment					Pook (Cost at Reginning of Vear	Purchases or
	Description of Investment						Cost at Beginning of Year ok cost is different from	Additions
Line No.					*	cost to	respondent, give cost to	During the Year
140.							indent in a footnote and	
	(a)				(b)	'	explain difference) (c)	(d)
1	(d)				(b)		(6)	(u)
2	Account 124							
3	Oregon weatherization loans							
4	Customer Note Receivable							
5	SERP Plan Assets						10,825,967	713,039
6	SISP Plan Assets						106,865	46,767
7								
9								
10								
11	Account 136							
12	Short-term deposits of cash in interest							
13	bearing accounts (cash management accts)							
14								
15	Short-term deposits of cash in interest bearing accounts (Exec Deferred Compensation)							
16 17	bearing accounts (Exec Deferred Compensation)							
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
40								

	e of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Origina	.I	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	on		(2) A Resubm		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Investments (A	ccount 12	3, 124, and 136) (cor	ntinued)		
3. D 4. If number 5. R 6. In	esignate with an asterisk in columr Commission approval was require er. eport in column (h) interest and div column (i) report for each investm	naturity date, and specifying whether in (b) any securities, notes or accounted for any advance made or security advidend revenues from investments inclinent disposed of during the year the gatest) and the selling price thereof, not	note is a rener s that were plac equired, design uding such re ain or loss rep	wal. Designate any advar edged, and in a footnote si nate such fact in a footnot venues from securities dis resented by the difference	nces due fro tate the nam te and cite C sposed of due between co	ne of pledges and purpose commission, date of authouring the year. Son st of the investment (or the	e of the pledge. orization, and case or docket
			1		1		
Line No.	Sales or Other Dispositions During Year	Principal Amount or No. of Shares at End of Year	(If book co to resp respond	Cost at End of Year st is different from cost ondent, give cost to ent in a footnote and olain difference)	1	Revenues for Year	Gain or Loss from Investment Disposed of
	(e)	(f)		(g)		(h)	(i)
1							
3							
4							
5				11,539,006		713,039	
6				153,632		25,567	
7							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14 15							
16							
17							
18							
19 20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25 26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36 37							
38							
39							
40							

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Investments in Subsidiary	Companies (Account 123.1)		-
2. Pi (a) Inv (b) Inv to eac	eport below investments in Account 123.1, Investments in Subsidiary Companies. rovide a subheading for each company and list thereunder the information called for b restment in Securities-List and describe each security owned. For bonds give also priorestment Advances - Report separately the amounts of loans or investment advances h advance show whether the advance is a note or open account. List each note givin eport separately the equity in undistributed subsidiary earnings since acquisition. The	ncipal amount, date of issue, maturity which are subject to repayment, but v g date of issuance, maturity date, and	, and interest rate. which are not subject to currer specifying whether note is a	nt settlement. With respect renewal.
	Description of Investment	Date	Date of	Amount of
Line		Acquired	Maturity	Investment at
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	Beginning of Year (d)
1	None	(7)	(-)	(1)
2				
3				
4 5				
6				
7				
8				
9 10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15 16				
17				
18				
19				
20 21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26 27				
28				
29				
30				
31 32				
33				
34				
35				
36 37				
3 <i>1</i> 38				
39				
40	TOTAL Cost of Account 123.1 \$	'	TOTAL	

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report					
Case	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>					
	1	Investments in Subsidiary Comp	panies (Account 123.1) (conti	nued)						
5. If docket 6. Ro 7. In carried	 Designate in a footnote, any securities, notes, or accounts that were pledged, and state the name of pledgee and purpose of the pledge. If Commission approval was required for any advance made or security acquired, designate such fact in a footnote and give name of Commission, date of authorization, and case or docket number. Report in column (f) interest and dividend revenues from investments, including such revenues from securities disposed of during the year. In column (h) report for each investment disposed of during the year, the gain or loss represented by the difference between cost of the investment (or the other amount at which carried in the books of account if different from cost), and the selling price thereof, not including interest adjustments includible in column (f). Report on Line 40, column (a) the total cost of Account 123.1. 									
	Equity in Subsidiary	Revenues for Year	Amount of Investment		ain or Loss from					
Line No.	Earnings for Year (e)	(f)	at End of Year		Investment Disposed of (h)					
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6 7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12 13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18 19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24 25										
26										
27										
28										
29 30										
31										
32										
33										
34										
35 36										
37										
38										
39										
40										

Nam	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary Property Losses (Acct				
	Trepayments (Acct 103), Extraordinary Property Losses (Acct	102.1)	, omecovered i lant an	id Negulatory Study	COSIS (ACCI 102.2)
	PREPAYMENT	S (AC	COUNT 165)		
1. Re	eport below the particulars (details) on each prepayment.				
	Nature of Payment				Balance at End
Line	,				of Year
No.					(in dollars)
	(a)				(b)
1	Prepaid Insurance				128,414
2	Prepaid Rents				1,971,399
3	Prepaid Taxes				894,280
4	Prepaid Interest				211 505
5	Miscellaneous Prepayments				311,595
6	TOTAL				3,305,688

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) All Original 12/31/2017 End of 2017/C
EXTRAORDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) None
EXTRAORDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) None Balance at Beginning of Year of Loss During Year Account Charged (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (f) (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g) Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Charged (g)
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) None Balance at Beginning of Year of Loss Period for Loss Of Loss Of Loss Of Loss During Year Account Charged Of Commission Amount Of Loss During Year Account Charged Of Commission Amount Of Loss Of Loss
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) None Balance at Beginning of Year of Loss Period (Amount of Loss) Occupancy (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) Occupancy Occupancy
date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (a) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (f) (g) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h
authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) None
Account Charged (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) None None
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) None O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
None
)
1
3 4
4
o lotal

	e of Respondent		This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of R (Mo, Da,	eport Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary				nd Regulatory	Study Costs	(Acct 182.2)
		(con	tinued)				
	UNRECOVERED	PLANT AND REGU	ΙΔΤΩ	BA STIIDA COS.	TS (ACCOU	NT 182 2)	
					Written off	Written off	f Balance at
	Description of Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs [Include in the description of costs,		otal nount	Costs Recognized	During Year	During Yea	
	the date of Commission authorization to use		narges	During Year	Duning real	During rea	II EIIU OI Teal
	Account 182.2 and period of amortization (mo,	or rear	larges	During Teal			
ine	yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report				Account	Amount	
No.	all data. Number rows in sequence beginning				Charged		
	with the next row number after the last row				J		
	number used for extraordinary property losses.						
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
6	None						
7						<u> </u>	
8							
9				+		<u> </u>	
20 21				+		 	
22				+			
23							
24							
25							
26	Total						

	ne of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation			This (1) (2)	Report Is: X An Original A Resubmis	ssion	(Mo, D	f Report a, Yr) 1/2017		ar/Period of Repor
		Other Re	gulatory As		(Account 182.3			.,		<u> </u>
in oth 2. F 3. M 4. F 5. P	Report below the details called for concerning accounts). For regulatory assets being amortized, show a filter items (5% of the Balance at End of Yesteport separately any "Deferred Regulatory rovide in a footnote, for each line item, the raission order, court decision).	ng other regulatory asset of period of amortization ear for Account 182.3 o Commission Expenses	ets which are in column (a amounts les	creat i). ss that so rep	ed through the ra n \$250,000, which orted on pages 3:	temakir hever is	less) may t Regulatory	ne grouped by cla Commission Exp	isse ens	es.
Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Assets (a)	Balance at Beginning Current Quarter/Year (b)	Debits (c)		Written off During Quarter/Year Account Charged (d)	Duri	ritten off ng Period t Recovered (e)	Written off During Period Amount Deemed Unrecoverable (f)		Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (g)
1		,							\dashv	
2	OR Tax Rate Change	(241,114)	2	241,114	various				\dashv	
3 4 5	SFAS 109 Regulatory Asset (OR regulatory asset)	872,886	(8	72,886)	various					
7	FAS 158 Regulatory Asset	48,995,569	(17:	33,163)					\dashv	47,262,406
8	(Total system asset)	10/1/0/00/	(','	30,100,					_	17,202,100
9										
10	OR MAOP Regulatory Asset		5	32,792					$ \bot $	532,792
11	(OR regulatory asset)								\dashv	
12 13									-	
14									\dashv	
15										
16										
17									_	
18 19									\dashv	
20									\dashv	
21									_	
22										
23									_	
24 25									\dashv	
26									-	
27									_	
28										
29									_	
30									\dashv	
31 32									\dashv	
33									_	
34										
35									ightharpoonup	
36									_	
37 38									\dashv	
39									\dashv	
40	Total	49,627,341	(1,8	32,143)			0		0	47,795,198

	e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation		This Report Is: (1) X An Origi		(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repo
Cas	caue Natural Gas Corporation		(2) A Result		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
2. F	Report below the details called for concerning miscell for any deferred debit being amortized, show period Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by	of amortization in column	•	nt 186)		
Line No.	Description of Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	Balance at Beginning of Year	Debits	Credits Account	t Amount	Balance at End of Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
1	WA Conservation Programs	4,106,018	6,781,492	4800-4813	6,337,18	9 4,550,32
2	(amortization period 11/10-present)					
3		15.04.045	1 710 001		1070 5	4,005,4
4	WA Bremerton Manufactured Gas Plant	15,841,015	1,718,221	9230	1,273,57	16,285,66
5 6	Remediation					
7	WA Decoupling Deferral	(92,333)	1,575,337	4800-4813	7,382,26	7 (5,899,263
8	WY 2000 apining 2010 Indi	(72,000)	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1000 1010	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(0,077,200
9	WA Decoupling Adjustment		34,071	4800-4813	3 196,37	8 (162,307
10						
11	WA MAOP Deferred Costs	2,219,857	3,847,640	9230	28,80	6,038,69
12						
13	OR Conservation Programs					
14	(amortization period 11/10-present)	(313,394)	6,983,034	4800-4813	3 10,729,60	(4,059,966
15	OR France Manufactured Con Blant			4890		
16 17	OR Eugene Manufactured Gas Plant Remediation	1,946,127	51,944	0230	196,50	1,801,56
18	Remediation	1,740,127	31,744	9230	170,30	1,001,30
19	OR Environmental Remediation					
20	Cost Adjustment		164,751	4800-4813	39,09	5 125,65
21	,			4890		
22	OR Intervenor Funding					
23	(amortization period 11/10-present)	132,441	107,362	4800-4813	181,16	58,64
24				4890		
25	I/C Asset - Net Benefit Funds	3,555,871	492,966			4,048,83
26 27	Post Retirement FAS 158	1,321,815	1,952,363	0260	859,70	5 2,414,47
28	FOST Netilement FAS 130	1,321,013	1,732,303	9200	037,70	2,414,47
29	ARO	42,170,920	3,383,044		193,71	5 45,360,24
30	-					
31	LOC Commitment Fee		299,217	181	121,49	2 177,72
32						
33						
34						
35						
36 37						
38						
39	Miscellaneous Work in Progress					
40	Total	70,888,337	27,391,442		27,539,49	70,740,28

BLANK PAGE

[Next page is 234]

Nam	e of Respondent		Rep	ort Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmissi	ion	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Deferred In	come	Tax	es (Account	190)		
	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe	erred inc	come	taxes.			
	Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.	المدالمة	ممامما			.f.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	income
	ovide in a footnote a summary of the type and amount of deferred income taxes repor that the respondent estimates could be included in the development of jurisdictional re				na ena-c	or-year balances for deferred	income
	Account Subdivisions			ance at		Changes During	Changes During
Line				ginning		Year	Year
No.			of	Year		Amounto Dobitod	Amounts Credited
						Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	to Account 411.1
	(a)			(b)		(c)	(d)
1	Account 190						
2	Electric						
3	Gas			26,488,327		15,506,308	
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)						
5	Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)			26,488,327	1	15,506,308	
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)			07.400.007		45.507.000	
7	TOTAL Account 190 (Total of lines 5 thru 6)			26,488,327		15,506,308	
9	Classification of TOTAL			25,173,398		1F 412 740	j
10	Federal Income Tax State Income Tax			1,314,929		15,412,760 93,548	
11	Local Income Tax			1,314,727		73,340	

Changes During	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (Account 190) (continued) ing Changes During Year Debits Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Balance at End of Year Debits Debits Credits Credits itted Amounts Credited 10.2 to Account 411.2 Account No. Amount (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (Account 190) (continued) Changes During Year Year Debits Debits Credits Credits		of Respondent de Natural Gas Corpora	ation		This Report Is: (1) X An Origi (2) A Result	is Report Is: X An Original		Year/Period of Report End of 2017/Q4		
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Credits End of Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amount 410.2 (f) Account No. (g) Amount (h) Account No. (i) Amount (j) Amount (k) 2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 9 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (19,244,671) 15	Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 Account No. (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	Year			Accumulate	d Deferred Incom						
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Credits End of Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amount Account No. (f) Amount (h) Account No. (i) Amount (j) Amount (k) 1 2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 9 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (10,88,176) (19,244,671) 15	Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 Account No. (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	Year										
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Credits End of Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amount Account No. (f) Amount (h) Account No. (i) Amount (j) Amount (k) 1 2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 9 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (10,88,176) (19,244,671) 15	Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 Account No. (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	Year										
Line No. Year Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Credits End of Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amount Account No. (g) Amount (h) Account No. (i) Amount (j) Amount (j) (k) 1 2 4	Year Debits Debits Credits Credits Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 Account No. (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	Year		Changes During	Channa During	A division sucto	A divistra sinta	A division and	A dissature and a	Delenes et		
Line No. Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e) Amounts Credited to Account Vo. (g) Debits Account No. (h) Credits Account No. (i) Credits Account No. (j) Credits Account No. (j) Amount (j) K) 1 2 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8	Debits Debits Credits Credits Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	Amounts Debited Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 Account No. (g)				Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustmen	is Adjustments			
Account 410.2 to Account 411.2 to Account No. (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) 1	10.2 to Account 411.2 Account No. Amount (h) (i) (j) (k) (k) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	Altiounis bestered to Account 410.2 to Account 411.2 Account No. (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) 1	Line			Debits	Debits	Credits	Credits			
(e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) 1 2 2 3 2 2 3 4 <td>(f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135</td> <td>(e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) 1 (2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 3 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 9 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801</td> <td>110.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Account No.</td> <td>Amount</td> <td>Account No</td> <td>Amount</td> <td></td>	(f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135	(e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) 1 (2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 3 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 9 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801	110.			Account No.	Amount	Account No	Amount			
2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 7 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1	(25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	2 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 9 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801								(k)		
3 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1	(25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	3 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 9 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801										
4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 7 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1	(25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	4 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 5 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 7 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 0 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801					(25.603.543)		(20 242 427)	16 3//3 13F		
6 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1	(25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	65 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 33 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 9 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801					(23,000,043)		(20,212,121)	10,545,155		
7 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1	(24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	7 (25,603,543) (20,242,427) 16,343,135 8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 0 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801	5				(25,603,543)		(20,242,427)	16,343,135		
8 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1	(24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334	3 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 0 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801					/ 25/					
9 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15 10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1		9 (24,515,367) (19,244,671) 15,031,334 0 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801					(25,603,543)		(20,242,427)	16,343,135		
10 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1		0 (1,088,176) (997,756) 1,311,801					(24,515,367)		(19,244,671)	15,031,334		
11			10									
			11									

	e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation	This Report Is: (1) X An Ori (2) A Resi	ginal ubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	Year/Period of Report End of 2017/Q4
	Capital Sto	ck (Accounts 201 and 2			
prefer 2. E	eport below the details called for concerning common and preferred stock at red stock. ntries in column (b) should represent the number of shares authorized by the ive details concerning shares of any class and series of stock authorized to be	end of year, distinguishing separticles of incorporation as an	parate series of	of year.	parate totals for common and
Line No.	Class and Series of Stock and Name of Stock Exchange	Number of Share Authorized by Cha		Par or Stated Value per Share	Call Price at End of Year
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
1	Account 201				
2	Common stock - not publicly traded		1,000	1.00	
3					
4					
5					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17 18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27 28					
20 29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38 39					
39 40					
	<u> </u>				

	ne of Respondent			This R	eport Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corpor	ration		(1)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			Capital Stock (Ac	counts 2	201 and 204)	-	+
5. S 6. G	he identification of each class state in a footnote if any capital Sive particulars (details) in coluse of pledge.	stock that has been nominally	issued is nominally outst	anding at	end of year.		g name of pledgee and
Line No.	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet (total amt outstanding without reduction for amts held by respondent) Shares (e)	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet Amount	Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217) Shares		Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217) Cost	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds Shares	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds Amount
	(e)	(f)	(g)		(h)	(i)	(j)
1	1.000	1 000					
2	1,000	1,000					
3							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17 18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37							
38							
39							
40							

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Origina	sl.	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubm		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Capital Stock: Subscribed, Liability for Conversion, Premium on, a	nd Installments Red	cieved o	n (Accts 202, 203, 205	, 206, 207, and 212)
1. 2. bala 3. Liab	Show for each of the above accounts the amounts applying to e For Account 202, Common Stock Subscribed, and Account 205, nce due on each class at the end of year. Describe in a footnote the agreement and transactions under whility for Conversion, or Account 206, Preferred Stock Liability for For Premium on Account 207, Capital Stock, designate with an added	ach class and serie, Preferred Stock S nich a conversion li Conversion, at the asterisk in column	es of ca Subscrib iability e e end of	pital stock. ped, show the subscriexisted under Accoun	ption price and the t 203, Common Stock
-	Name of Associational	*	1	Ni. and na	A
Line	Name of Account and Description of Item			Number of Shares	Amount
No.	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
1	Account 207				
2	Premium on Capital Stock - Common			1,000	192,553,017
3					
4	Represents excess received over \$1.00 par value				
5	of common stock				
6					
7					
8					
9					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31 32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40	Total			1,000	192,553,017
				•	, ,
		 			

lam	e of Respondent		s Rej			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	읃		n Original Resubmission	12/31/2017		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Other Paid-In Capit	` '	ccol	unt	ts 208-211)			<u>- </u>
rov alar (a) (b) se t (c) nd l elat (d)	Report below the balance at the end of the year and the informatide a subheading for each account and show a total for the accounce sheet, page 112. Explain changes made in any account du Donations Received from Stockholders (Account 208) - State ar Reduction in Par or Stated Value of Capital Stock (Account 209 to amounts reported under this caption including identification w Gain or Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock (Account 209 balance at end of year with a designation of the nature of each ced. Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital (Account 211) - Classify amounts explanations, disclose the general nature of the transactions that	ount, ring nour) - St th th coun credit	as we the nt an tate ne class tandate tandate udec	we ye nd ar as 0) d o	ell as a total of ear and give th briefly explain mount and brie is and series or Report bala debit identified n this account	all accounts for reduce accounting entries the origin and purperly explain the capit stock to which reluce at beginning of by the class and staccording to captic	concies effosse tal contacted ated yea eries	iliation with the fecting such change. of each donation. hanges that gave . r, credits, debits, s of stock to which
ine	ltem							Amount
No.	(a)							(b)
1	None							
2	11010						+	
3								
4								
5								
6 7							_	
/ 3								
<u>, </u>								
0								
1								
2								
3								
4 5								
5 6								
7								
8								
9								
0								
1								
2								
3							-	
5							\dashv	
6								
:7								
8								
9								
0 1							-	
2							\dashv	
3								
4								
5								
6								
7							\perp	
9							+	
9)	Total						+	0
_	(+	

Report the If any cha	DISCOUNT ON CAP the balance at end of year of discount on capital stock for each class and s the balance with respect to any class or sear and specify the account charged. Class and Series of (a)	(2) TTAL STOCK (eries of capital sto series of stock, att	ck. Use as many rows a		
2. If any chaduring the year during the year d	the balance at end of year of discount on capital stock for each class and so the balance with respect to any class or sear and specify the account charged. Class and Series of the balance with respect to any class or sear and specify the account charged.	eries of capital sto series of stock, att	ck. Use as many rows a		ne reason for any charge-off Balance at End of Year
2. If any charduring the year during the year	nange occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or sear and specify the account charged. Class and Series of the country of the cou	series of stock, att			ne reason for any charge-off Balance at End of Year
No. 1 None 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11	(a)	of Stock			End of Year
No. 1 None 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11					
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9					
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10					
4 5 6 7 8 9 10					
5 6 7 8 9 10					
6 7 8 9 10					
7 8 9 10 11					
8 9 10 11					
9 10 11					
11					
12					
·-					
13					
14					
TOTA		EVENIOE (A	20011117 04 4)		
4.5	CAPITAL STOCK he balance at end of year of capital stock expenses for each class and ser				
2. If any cha	arting from the last row number used for Discount on Capital Stock above. lange occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or sock expense and specify the account charged. Class and Series of the count of the count charged.	series of stock, att	ach a statement giving d	etails of the change. State th	ne reason for any charge-off Balance at
Line No.	(a)				End of Year (b)
16 None					
17					
18					
19					
20					
22					
22 23					
22 23 24					
23					
23 24					
23 24 25					
23 24 25 26					

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
Securities Issued or Ass	umed and Securities Petunded or Pet	ired During the Year	

Furnish a supplemental statement briefly describing security financing and refinancing transactions during the year and the accounting for the

- securities, discounts, premiums, expenses, and related gains or losses. Identify as to Commission authorization numbers and dates.

 2. Provide details showing the full accounting for the total principal amount, par value, or stated value of each class and series of security issued, assumed, retired, or refunded and the accounting for premiums, discounts, expenses, and gains or losses relating to the securities. Set forth the facts of the accounting clearly with regard to redemption premiums, unamortized discounts, expenses, and gain or losses relating to
- forth the facts of the accounting clearly with regard to redemption premiums, unamortized discounts, expenses, and gain or losses relating to securities retired or refunded, including the accounting for such amounts carried in the respondent's accounts at the date of the refunding or refinancing transactions with respect to securities previously refunded or retired.
- 3. Include in the identification of each class and series of security, as appropriate, the interest or dividend rate, nominal date of issuance, maturity date, aggregate principal amount, par value or stated value, and number of shares. Give also the issuance of redemption price and name of the principal underwriting firm through which the security transactions were consummated.
- 4. Where the accounting for amounts relating to securities refunded or retired is other than that specified in General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts, cite the Commission authorization for the different accounting and state the accounting method.
- 5. For securities assumed, give the name of the company for which the liability on the securities was assumed as well as details of the transactions whereby the respondent undertook to pay obligations of another company. If any unamortized discount, premiums, expenses, and gains or losses were taken over onto the respondent's books, furnish details of these amounts with amounts relating to refunded securities clearly earmarked.

None

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Long-Term Debt (Account	nts 221, 222, 223, and 224)			
224, C 2. Fo	eport by Balance Sheet Account the details concerning long-term debt included in Acc other Long-Term Debt. For bonds assumed by the respondent, include in column (a) the name of the issuing co for Advances from Associated Companies, report separately advances on notes and ac	ompany as well as a description of the	e bonds.	·	
associ	ated companies from which advances were received. or receivers' certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court and date of court or			,,	
			D		
Line No.	Class and Series of Obligation and Name of Stock Exchange	Nominal Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Outstanding (Total amount outstanding without reduction for amts held by respondent)	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
1	Account 224				
2					
3	Other Long Term Debt	09/15/1997	09/15/2027	20,000,000	
4	Medium Term Notes Medium Term Notes	03/16/1999	03/16/2029	15,000,000	
5	Insured Quarterly Notes	02/01/2005 09/01/2005	02/01/2035 09/01/2020	24,431,000 15,000,000	
7	Notes	03/08/2007	03/08/2037	40,000,000	
8	Senior Notes (Series A)	08/23/2013	08/23/2025	25,000,000	
9	Senior Notes (Series B)	08/23/2013	08/23/2028	25,000,000	
10	Senior Notes (Series A)	11/24/2014	11/24/2044	12,500,000	
11	Senior Notes (Series B)	11/24/2014	11/24/2054	12,500,000	
12	Senior Notes (Series C)	01/15/2015	01/15/2045	12,500,000	
13	Senior Notes (Series D)	01/15/2015	01/15/2055	12,500,000	
14					
15					
16					
17 18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29 30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39	TOTAL			24 4 4 24 6 2 2	
40	TOTAL			214,431,000	

	e of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Long-Term Debt (Accounts 221, 222, 223, and 224)				
princip 6. If of the 7. If	a supplemental statement, give explanatory detail advanced during year (b) interest added to prithe respondent has pledged any of its long-term pledgee and purpose of the pledge. the respondent has any long-term securities that	incipal amount, and (c) principal repa debt securities, give particulars (deta have been nominally issued and are	id during year. Give Commission autils) in a footnote, including name enominally outstanding at end of year	chorization numbers and date	a footnote.
	interest expense was incurred during the year or				
	nce between the total of column (f) and the total ive details concerning any long-term debt author			edt to Associated Companies	i.
7. 0	Interest for	Interest for	Held by	Held by	Redemption Price
	Year	Year	Respondent	Respondent	per \$100 at
Line	real	real	Кезропаси	Respondent	End of Year
No.	Rate	Amount	Reacquired Bonds	Sinking and	
	(in %)		(Acct 222)	Other Funds	
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
1					
2					
3	7.480	1,496,000			
4	7.100	1,064,700			
5	5.250	1,284,049			
6	5.210	781,500			
7	5.790	2,316,000			
8	4.110	1,027,500			
9	4.360	1,090,000			
10	4.090	511,250			
11	4.240	530,000			
12	4.090	511,250			
13	4.240	530,000			
14					
15					
16 17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35 36					
37					
38					
39					
40		11,142,249			
		.,,/			

	e of Respondent		This Report Is:			u!	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)			Year/Period of Report		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission									
	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium and	t Expense, Premium and Discount on Long-Term Debt (Accounts 181, 225, 226)										
premiu 2. Sl 3. In	eport under separate subheadings for Unamortized Debt Expense, Unamortize um or discount applicable to each class and series of long-term debt. how premium amounts by enclosing the figures in parentheses. column (b) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt original column (c) show the expense, premium or discount with respect to the amount	lly issu	ed.					on Long-Term	Debt, d	etails of expense,		
Line	Designation of Long-Term Debt		rincipa of Debt			Total Ex Premiu Disco	im or	Amortization Period	on	Amortization Period		
No.								Date Fror	n	Date To		
	(a)		(1	b)		(c))	(d)		(e)		
1	Unamortized Debt Expense (Account 181)											
2												
3	Medium Term Notes 7.48%				,000,000	ļ	201,406		5/1997	09/15/2027		
4	Medium Term Notes 7.10%				,000,000		151,056		5/1999	03/16/2029		
5	Insured Quarterly Notes 5.25%				,000,000		1,947,598		1/2005	02/01/2035		
6	Notes 5.21%				,000,000	ļ	238,755		1/2005	09/01/2020		
7	Senior Notes 5.79%				,000,000		232,781		3/2007	03/08/2037		
8	Senior Notes (Series A) 4.11%				,000,000		151,810		3/2013	08/23/2025		
9	Senior Notes (Series B) 4.36%			25	,000,000		151,810		3/2013	08/23/2028		
10	Revolving Credit Agreement - Expired						207,500		9/2013	04/24/2017		
11	Senior Notes (Series A) 4.09%				,500,000		62,455		4/2014	11/24/2044		
12	Senior Notes (Series B) 4.24%				,500,000		61,105		4/2014	11/24/2054		
13	Senior Notes (Series C) 4.09%				,500,000		62,455		5/2015	01/15/2045		
14	Senior Notes (Series D) 4.24%			12	,500,000		61,105		5/2015	01/15/2055		
15	Revolving Credit Agreement - New						236,967	04/2	5/2017	04/24/2020		
16												
17												
18												
19												
20												
21												
22												
23												
24 25												
26												
27												
28												
29												
30												
31						1						
32												
33												
34												
35												
36												
37												
38												
39												
40												
							-					

Name of Respondent			This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Report Year/Period of Report		
Casca	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	12/31/2017 End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium and I			ount c	on Long-Term Debt (Ac	counts 181, 225, 226)	•		
date of th 6. Iden	nish in a footnote details regarding the treatmene Commission's authorization of treatment of tify separately undisposed amounts applicate ain any debits and credits other than amortized it.	other than as specified by the Uniform Sole to issues which were redeemed in p	System o rior year	of Accounts. S.				
	Balance at	Debits During Year		Credits During		Balance at End of Year		
Line	Beginning of Year	Year		Year		End of Year		
No.	or rear							
	(f)	(g)		(h)		(i)		
1								
2								
3	71,891				6,714	65,177		
4	61,260				5,035	56,225		
5	1,175,676			2	67,391	908,285		
6	57,650				16,176	41,474		
7	156,745				7,770	148,975		
8	108,013				12,584	95,429		
9	116,612				10,067	106,545		
10	62,250				62,250			
11	57,945				2,082	55,863		
12	57,795				1,528	56,267		
13	58,291				2,082	56,209		
14	58,050				1,528	56,522		
15		236,967			59,241	177,726		
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								

	e of Respondent			This Report		Da (M	ite of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation				,			End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
Unamortized Loss and Gain on Reacquired Debt (Accounts 189, 257)								
inclu trans 2. 3. 17 o 4.	Report under separate subheadings for Unding maturity date, on reacquisition applic saction, include also the maturity date of the In column (c) show the principal amount of In column (d) show the net gain or net lose of the Uniform Systems of Accounts. Show loss amounts by enclosing the figure Explain in a footnote any debits and credit	namortized Loss able to each cla le new issue. If bonds or other is realized on each es in parenthese	and long-to- long-to- ch deb	Jnamortized discribing series of load series of load series of load series of load series of the series of the series of the series of load s	Gain on Rea ng-term debt. acquired. on as comput	cquire If gai	ed Debt, details of in or loss resulted accordance with 0	from a refunding
	t, or credited to Account 429.1, Amortization					0.1,71	morazation of zoc	on readquired
Line No.	Designation of Long-Term Debt	Date Reacquired		Principal of Debt	Net Gain Loss	or	Balance at Beginning	Balance at End of Year
	(a)	(b)	K	eacquired (c)	(d)		of Year (e)	(f)
1	Unamortized Loss on							
2	Reacquired Debt (Acct 189)							
3								
4								
5	7.50% Notes							
6	Due 11/15/2031 (1)	11/15/2001		39,729,000	(1,2	29,120)	826,24	2 785,271
7	Confactnata							
8	See footnote							
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26 27								
28								
29								+
30								
31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								1
40								

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (2) A Resubmission Reconciliation of Reported Net Income with Taxable Income for Feder Income	outing Federal Income Tax accruals
Reconciliation of Reported Net Income with Taxable Income for Feder Inc	come Taxes outing Federal Income Tax accruals
	outing Federal Income Tax accruals
 Report the reconciliation of reported net income for the year with taxable income used in compand show computation of such tax accruals. Include in the reconciliation, as far as practicable, the M-1 of the tax return for the year. Submit a reconciliation even though there is no taxable income f nature of each reconciling amount. If the utility is a member of a group that files consolidated Federal tax return, reconcile reported 	or the year. Indicate clearly the
as if a separate return were to be filed, indicating, however, intercompany amounts to be eliminated names of group members, tax assigned to each group member, and basis of allocation, assignment among the group members.	d in such a consolidated return. State nts, or sharing of the consolidated tax
Line No. Details (a)	Amount (b)
1 Net Income for the Year (Page 116)	12,074,404
2 Reconciling Items for the Year	
3	
4 Taxable Income Not Reported on Books	
5 See footnote	(161,231)
6	
7	(101 001)
8 TOTAL O Padusting Passed of an Paska Nat Padusted for Pature	(161,231)
 9 Deductions Recorded on Books Not Deducted for Return 10 See footnote 	41,626,216
11 See lootilote	41,020,210
12	
13 TOTAL	41,626,216
14 Income Recorded on Books Not Included in Return	41,020,210
15 Performance Share Perm	(611,520)
16 AFUDC Equity	(177,923)
17 Interest capitalized adj. (IRS>books)	(59,088)
18 TOTAL	(848,531)
19 Deductions on Return Not Charged Against Book Income	(= =,== ,
20 See footnote	(51,078,997)
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26 TOTAL	(51,078,997)
27 Federal Tax Net Income	1,611,861
28 Show Computation of Tax:	
29 Rate - 35.00%	
30 Estimated Tax Return Federal Income Tax	564,151
31 Adjustments: (see footnote)	(2,799,695)
 Provision for Current Federal Income Tax (see footnote) Oregon State Tax Calculation (see footnote) 	(2,235,544)
33 Oregon State Tax Calculation (see footnote) 34	(128,022)
35	

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report							
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>							
-	Faxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During Year, Distribution of		lept where applicable	and acct charged)							
1. G	ive details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxe taxes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charged.	s charged to operations and other accou	unts during the year. Do not	include gasoline and other							
	te and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.	ged. If the actual of estimated amounts	of Such takes are known, sin	SW the amounts in a							
	clude on this page, taxes paid during the year and charged direct to final accounts, (n	ot charged to prepaid or accrued taxes).	. Enter the amounts in both of	columns (d) and (e). The							
	cing of this										
	page is not affected by the inclusion of these taxes. 3. Include in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes charged to operations and other accounts through (a) accruals credited to taxes accrued, (b) amounts credited to the										
	clude in column (a) taxes charged during the year, taxes charged to operations and o n of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c) taxes paid and charged direct to op			bunis credited to the							
	ist the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that the total tax for each State an										
	30 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Balance at	Balance at							
Line	Kind of Tax		Beg. of Year	Beg. of Year							
No.	(See Instruction 5)										
			Taxes Accrued	Prepaid Taxes							
	(a)		(b)	(c)							
2	Organ Acquired		120,231	1							
3	Oregon Accrued Federal Accrued		1,168,507	+							
4	Fin 48 - current		1,100,507								
5	Gross Revenue										
6	Washington		407,993	3							
7	Oregon										
8	Dept of Energy - Oregon			32,624							
9	City Franchise & Occupation										
10	Washington		1,330,791	_							
11	Oregon		734,776)							
12 13	Property Washington		2 544 52/	4							
14	Washington Oregon		2,544,524	687,135							
15	Payroll Taxes		118,694								
16	State Excise - Washington		1,993,376	_							
17	3		, ,								
18	Miscellaneous										
19											
20											
21											
22											
24											
25											
26											
27											
28											
29											
30											
31											
33											
34											
35											
36											
37											
38											
39	TOTAL		0.440.000	740 750							
-	TOTAL		8,418,892	2 719,759							

Name	e of Respondent			eport Is: K An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Caso	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
Т	axes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged Durin	g Year, Distribution of			dept where applicable	e and acct charged)
sales ta footnot 2. Inc balanci page is	ve details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts to which axes which have been charged to the accounts to which the and designate whether estimated or actual amounts. Clude on this page, taxes paid during the year and charging of this is not affected by the inclusion of these taxes. Clude in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes clude in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes	n the taxed material was charg	ged. If the	actual or estimated amount to prepaid or accrued taxe	s of such taxes are known, s	show the amounts in a
4. List	of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c) taxes t the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that	the total tax for each State an	d subdivis	on can readily be ascertain	ed.	i.
DIST	RIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (Show util		plicable			
Line No.	Electric (Account 408.1, 409.1)	Gas (Account 408.1, 409.1)		Other Utility (Account 40 409.1) (k)	08.1,	Other Income and Deductions (Account 408.2, 409.2) (I)
1	W	U/		(iy		
2 3			29,101) 34,179)			1,079 (1,365)
5						
6 7 8		1	73,581			
9			81,573			
10		10,1	68,647			
11		2,7	42,046			
12 13		2.6	78,798			1,106
14			58,277			1,100
15		2,2	21,137			
16		9,0	00,911			
17 18			39,380			
19			07,000			
20						
21 22						
23						
24						
25						
26 27						
28						
29						
30						
31 32						
33						
34						
35						_
36 37						
38						
39	TOTAL	26,6	92,714			820

Name of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation		(2) A Resubmis		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>				
Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Cha		f Taxes Charged (Shoontinued)	w utility	dept where applicable	and acct charged)				
5. If any tax (exclude Federal and State incom 6. Enter all adjustments of the accrued and pr 7. Do not include on this page entries with res authority.	e taxes) covers more than one year, show epaid tax accounts in column (f) and expla pect to deferred income taxes or taxes coll	the required information sepa n each adjustment in a footno ected through payroll deducti	ote. Desigi	nate debit adjustments by pa erwise pending transmittal of	arentheses. f such taxes to the taxing				
8. Show in columns (i) thru (p) how the taxes a number of the appropriate balance sheet plant a 9. For any tax apportioned to more than one u 10. Items under \$250,000 may be grouped. 11. Report in column (q) the applicable effective contents.	ccount or subaccount. tility department or account, state in a foot				ed to utility plant, snow the				
Line Taxes Charged No. During Year (d)	Taxes Paid During Year (e)	Adjustments E		Balance at End of Year axes Accrued Account 236) (g)	Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)				
1		.,			. ,				
2 (128,022)	75,429				83,220				
3 (2,235,544)	(1,446,034)			378,997					
5									
6 473,581	410,181			471,393					
7 191,644	191,644								
8 81,573	85,667				36,718				
9	0.000.457	0.400		1 500 4/1					
10 10,168,647 11 2,742,046	9,999,457 2,740,210	8,480 (8,480)		1,508,461 728,132					
12	2,740,210	(0,400)		720,132					
13 2,679,904	2,500,856			2,723,572					
14 1,458,277	1,545,484				774,342				
15 2,362,089	2,359,984			120,799					
16 9,303,635 17	9,226,071			2,070,940					
18 39,380	39,380								
19									
20									
21									
22 23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28 29									
30									
31									
32									
33									
34 35									
36									
37									
38									
39 TOTAL 27 127 210	07.700.000			0.000.00.					
TOTAL 27,137,210	27,728,329			8,002,294	894,280				

	of Respondent				This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)				Year/Period of Report		
Casca	de Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	An Ongi A Resub		12/31/2017		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
Ta	kes Accrued, Prepaid and	Charged During Year, Distr		Taxes		how utility	dept where application	able	and acct charged)		
6. Enter 7. Do no authority. 8. Show	8. Show in columns (i) thru (p) how the taxes accounts were distributed. Show both the utility department and number of account charged. For taxes charged to utility plant, show the number of the appropriate balance sheet plant account or subaccount.										
10. Iten 11. Rep	9. For any tax apportioned to more than one utility department or account, state in a footnote the basis (necessity) of apportioning such tax. 10. Items under \$250,000 may be grouped. 11. Report in column (q) the applicable effective state income tax rate. DISTRIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (Show utility department where applicable and account charged.)										
DISTR	T					nt charged.)	1	Chatall and		
Line No.	Extraordinary Items (Account 409.3) (m)	Other Utility Opn. Income (Account 408.1, 409.1) (n)		ustment to Earning Account 4	S		Other (p)		State/Local Income Tax Rate (q)		
1	(III)	(II)		(0)			(ρ)		(4)		
2									1.52		
3											
5											
6											
8											
9											
10											
11											
12											
14											
15							140,952				
16 17							302,724				
18											
19											
20											
22											
23											
24											
25 26											
27											
28											
29 30											
31											
32											
33											
34 35											
36											
37											
38 39											
TOTAL							443,676				
		1	I			1	,	I			
1											

Nam	e of Respondent			eport Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	Ė	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Miscellaneous Current and A		d d	_		
1					,	
	Describe and report the amount of other current and accrued lia Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped under approp					
	willow terms (1000 than \$200,000) may be grouped under approp	mato t		0.		
Lina	Item					Balance at
Line No.	item					End of Year
	(a)					(b)
1	Vacation Payable					2,092,666
2	Variable Pay Incentive					1,949,366
3	Wages Payable					1,360,693
4	Accrued 401K Defined Contributions					1,192,988
5	Washington Low Income Assis Liability					679,958
6	SERP Defined Contributions					580,796
7	Energy Trust of Oregon Liability					455,525
8	Oregon Weatherization Liability					398,641
9	Oregon Conservation Achievement Tariff					(403,227)
10	Other Misc Current Liabilities (aggregate)					535,750
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						_
16 17						
18						
19						
20			_			+
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						_
38 39						
40						
41						+
42						_
43						
44						
						8,843,156
45	Total					3,043,130

Nam	e of Respondent		This R	eport	ls:	Da (M	ite of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)	ı ` <i>'</i>			12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Other Deferred	Credits (Accou	ınt 253)		,	
	Report below the details called for concerning other of							
	or any deferred credit being amortized, show the per Ainor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by							
		Balance at	Debit	<u> </u>	Debit			T
Line	Description of Other	Beginning	Contra		Debit		Credits	Balance at
No.	Deferred Credits	of Year	Accou	nt	Amount			End of Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)	(f)
1	WA Deferred Gas Costs	(318,120)	805.1		47,1	05,721	35,827,51	1 (11,596,330)
2	(ammortization period 11/11-present)							
3	OD Deferred Con Conta	E 427 227	00E 1		10 /	75 074	14 022 74	7 1 174 010
5	OR Deferred Gas Costs (ammortization period 11/11-present)	5,627,227	803.1		18,4	75,976	14,022,76	7 1,174,018
6	(ammortization period 11/11-present)							
7	SGL Deposit	96,540	134/228.4			24,135		72,405
8	Customer Unclaimed Credits	2,918				17,407	15,49	
9	MDUR Interco NC Payable - FAS 158	1,069,661				39,532	<u> </u>	930,129
10	Pension Contribution	12,186,712	various		4,1	69,207	420,87	2 8,438,377
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17 18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29 30								
31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
41								
42								
44								
45	Total	18,664,938			69.9	31,978	50,286,64	8 (980,392)
-1 J	10.00	10,004,730			07,7	3.,,,0	30,200,040	(700,572)

Nam	ne of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of	Report a, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/3	a, 11) 1/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Accumulated Deferred Income T	me Taxes-Other Property (Account 282)					
1. R	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe				to accelerated a	mortization.	
	t Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.		.	,			
			Balance at	Amoun	te	Amounts	
Line	Account Subdivisions		Beginning	Debited		Credited to	
No.			of Year	Account 4		Account 411.1	
	(a)		(b)	(c)		(d)	
1	Account 282						
2	Electric						
3	Gas		(100,067,346)	(2,341,555)		
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)						
5	Total (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		(100,067,346)	(2,341,555)		
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)		(100.0/7.04/)		0.011.555)		
7	TOTAL Account 282 (Enter Total of lines 5 thr		(100,067,346)	(2,341,555)		
8	Classification of TOTAL		(05 (54 (40)	,	0.404.700)		
9	Federal Income Tax		(95,651,640)	(2,184,789)		
10	State Income Tax		(4,415,706)	(156,766)		
11	Local Income Tax						

	of Respondent			This Report Is:	ninal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casca	de Natural Gas Corpor	ation			ıbmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Accumulated Deferr					
		of the type and amount of defi ded in the development of jurison			of-year and end-o	of-year balances for deferred	income taxes that the
	Changes during Year	Changes during Year	Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustment	ts Adjustments	Balance at
Line No.	Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e)	Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f)	Debits Acct. No. (g)	Debits Amount (h)	Credits Account No (i)	Credits Amount (j)	End of Year (k)
1							
3			102.20254	E2 404 004	102.20.254	2 154 120	(52,070,027)
4			182.3&254	52,484,094	182.3&254	2,154,130	(52,078,937)
5				52,484,094		2,154,130	(52,078,937)
7				52,484,094		2,154,130	(52,078,937)
8							
9			254 182.3	51,472,659 1,011,435	254 182.3	2,050,219 103,911	
11			102.3	1,011,433	102.3	103,911	(3,004,940)

Name of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
Accumulated Deferr	red Income Taxes-Other (Account		
Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting the respondent to			
 At Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions. 		rants recorded in Account 200.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Changes During Year	Changes During Year
ine Account Subdivisions	Balance at	Amounts	Amounts
No. Account Subdivisions	Beginning of Year	Debited to Account 410.1	Credited to Account 411.1
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1 Account 283	(-)	(-)	(-)
2 Electric			
3 Gas	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	
4 Other (Define) (footnote details)			
5 Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	
6 Other (Specify) (footnote details)			
7 TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	
B Classification of TOTAL			
9 Federal Income Tax	(34,048,055)	6,983,136	
0 State Income Tax	(2,109,041)	(269,826)	
1 Local Income Tax			

	of Respondent			This (1)	Report Is: X An Orig	inal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casca	de Natural Gas Corpora	ation		(2) A Resubmission			12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			eferred Income Ta					
		of the type and amount of def led in the development of juriso			the beginning-o	f-year and end-	of-year balances for deferre	d income taxes that the
	Changes during	Changes during	Adjustments	Ad	djustments	Adjustmen	ts Adjustments	Delenes et
Line No.	Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2	Year Amounts Credited to Account 411.2	Debits Acct. No.		Debits Amount	Credits Account N		Balance at End of Year
	(e)	(f)	(g)		(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
2			see			see		
3			footnote		35,333,776	footnote	31,268,36	57 (25,378,377)
5					35,333,776		31,268,36	57 (25,378,377)
6					25 222 77/		21.270.27	(05 270 277)
7 8					35,333,776		31,268,36	57 (25,378,377)
9					33,975,469		29,972,17	
10 11					1,358,307		1,296,19	97 (2,316,757)

Non	as of Dognandont		· •	o Deport los		Doto of	Donort	Voor/Poriod of Donort
	ne of Respondent scade Natural Gas Corporation		(1	nis Report Is:) X An Original			a, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	scaue Natural Gas Corporation		(2) A Resubmi	ssion	12/3	1/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
				lities (Account 25				
inclu 2. 3. 4.	Report below the details called for concerning dable in other amounts). For regulatory liabilities being amortized, show Minor items (5% of the Balance at End of Year Provide in a footnote, for each line item, the remission order, court decision).	period of amortization for Account 254 or	tion in column (a) amounts less that	an \$250,000, which	ever is les	s) may be	grouped by class	ees.
Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Liabilities (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	Written off during Quarter/Period Account Credited (c)	Written off During Period Amount Refunded (d)	During Amount Non-Re	en off Period Deemed fundable	Credits (f)	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (g)
1	SFAS 109 Regulatory Liability	2,588,763		353,937			49,859,297	52,094,123
	Oregon Tax Rate Change	(46,149)	282				10,339,489	10,293,340
	Regulatory Liability - Post Ret FAS 158	1,238,067	186				1,095,890	2,333,957
4								
5								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14 15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24 25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32 33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
41 42								
43								
44								
45	Total	3,780,681		353,937		0	61,294,676	64,721,420

BLANK PAGE

[Next page is 300]

Nam	e of Respondent				Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(2		X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		Gas Operati					
1 R	eport below natural gas operating revenues for each prescribed a		_			etailed data on succeeding n	ages
	evenues in columns (b) and (c) include transition costs from upstr		nou	1113 1111	ast be consistent with the ac	oralica data on successing pr	1905.
3. O	ther Revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges		eline	e plus	usage charges, less revenu	es reflected in columns (b) th	nrough (e). Include in
colum	ns (f) and (g) revenues for Accounts 480-495.						
		Revenues fo			Revenues for	Revenues for	Revenues for
		Transition Costs and			Transition Costs and	GRI and ACA	GRI and ACA
Line		Take-or-Pa			Take-or-Pay		
No.		rake er ra	-)		rano er r aj		
	Title of Account	Amount for	r		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
		Current Yea	ar		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
_	(a)	(b)			(c)	(d)	(e)
1	480 Residential Sales						
2	481 Commercial and Industrial Sales						
3	482 Other Sales to Public Authorities						
4	483 Sales for Resale						
5	484 Interdepartmental Sales						
6	485 Intracompany Transfers						
7	487 Forfeited Discounts						
8	488 Miscellaneous Service Revenues						
9	489.1 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others						
10	Through Gathering Facilities						
10	489.2 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others						
11	Through Transmission Facilities 489.3 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others						
' '	Through Distribution Facilities						
12	489.4 Revenues from Storing Gas of Others						
13	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. from Natural Gas						
14	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. Hoff Natural Gas 491 Revenues from Natural Gas Proc. by Others						
15	492 Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales						
16	493 Rent from Gas Property						
17	494 Interdepartmental Rents						
18	495 Other Gas Revenues						
19	Subtotal:						
20	496 (Less) Provision for Rate Refunds						
21	TOTAL:						
21	IOTAL.						

Name of Respondent					eport Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	1		(1) [(2) [X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			Gas Operating			<u>↓</u>	
4. If	increases or decreases from previous	us year are not derived from pre				footnote.	
	n Page 108, include information on eport the revenue from transportation						
	Other	Other	Total		Total	Dekatherm of	Dekatherm of
	Revenues	Revenues	Operating		Operating	Natural Gas	Natural Gas
			Revenues		Revenues		
Line No.							
140.	Amount for	Amount for	Amount for		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	(j)	(k)
1	160,886,676	148,255,469	160,886		148,255,469	17,654,340	15,149,586
2	100,868,460	94,221,079	100,868	8,460	94,221,079	16,276,810	13,777,345
3							
4							
5							
6							
7	999,833	988,098	000	9,833	988,098		
9	999,833	988,098	999	9,833	988,098		
,							
10							
11							
	27,389,122	25,261,174	27,389	9,122	25,261,174	89,680,849	93,425,359
12							
13							
14							
15	114.407	122 (24	11	1.407	122 /24		
16 17	114,496	133,624	114	4,496	133,624		
18	190,273	152,621	100	0,273	152,621		
19	290,448,860	269,012,065	290,448		269,012,065		
20				-,			
21	290,448,860	269,012,065	290,448	8,860	269,012,065		

	ne of Respondent		1 his (1)	Repo	ort is: An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(2)		A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Revenues from Transporation of Ga						•
	report revenues and Dth of gas delivered through gathering facilities by zo				which gas enters respon	dent's system).	
2. K	evenues for penalties including penalties for unauthorized overruns must	be reported	on page	308.			
		Rever	nues for		Revenues for	Revenues for	Revenues for
			sition		Transaction	GRI and ACA	GRI and ACA
Line			s and or-Pay		Costs and Take-or-Pay		
No.	Rate Schedule and	i ake	-от-гау		Take-UI-Fay		
	Zone of Receipt		unt for		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
	(a)		nt Year (b)		Previous Year (c)	Current Year (d)	Current Year (d)
1	N/A		(D)		(c)	(u)	(u)
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
					+		·

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation				(1)	Report Is: X An Original		(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report End of 2017/Q4		
		evenues from Transpor	ation of Gas of Othe	(2)	A Resubmi		12/31/2017	End of 2017/Q4		
3. Oth		and (g) include reservation ch						through (e).		
	vered Dth of gas must not b		argee received 27 and p.p	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	Other	Other	Total		Total		Dekatherm of	Dekatherm of		
	Revenues	Revenues	Operating Revenues		Operating Revenues		Natural Gas	Natural Gas		
Line No.			Revenues		Revenues					
	Amount for	Amount for	Amount for		Amount for		Amount for	Amount for		
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year		Previous Yea		Current Year	Previous Year		
1	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)		(j)	(k)		
2										
3										
4										
5										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25										

	ne of Respondent		This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) This Report Is: (Mo, Da, Yr)					
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
	Revenues from Transportation of Gas							
totals 2. R 3. C	teport revenues and Dth of gas delivered by Zone of Delivery by Rate Sch by rate schedule. Revenues for penalties including penalties for unauthorized overruns must other Revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges receive cough (e).	be reported	on page 308.					
(5) (111	ough (o).	Trar	nues for nsition as and	Revenues for Transition Costs and	Revenues for GRI and ACA	Revenues for GRI and ACA		
No.	Zone of Delivery, Rate Schedule (a)	Take Amo Curre	or-Pay unt for nt Year (b)	Take-or-Pay Amount for Previous Year (c)	Amount for Current Year (d)	Amount for Previous Year (e)		
1	N/A		(-)	(-7				
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								

	of Respondent de Natural Gas Corpoi	ration		This Report Is: (1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casca	·			(2) A Resubmissio		End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
4 Dolis			on of Gas of Others	Through Transmission	Facilities (Account 489.2)	
5. Each		e adjusted for discounting. and each individually certifica ire bundled with storage service				
Line No.	Other Revenues	Other Revenues	Total Operating Revenues	Total Operating Revenues	Dekatherm of Natural Gas	Dekatherm of Natural Gas
	Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year	Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year	Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
1	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						

	ne of Respondent		This F	₹epo	rt Is: .n Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	scade Natural Gas Corporation		(2)		Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
			s of O	thers	(Account 489.4)		
2. F	Report revenues and Dth of gas withdrawn from storage by Rate Schedule Revenues for penalties including penalties for unauthorized overruns must Other revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges, deliver	t be reported	on page s, injectio	308. on and	d withdrawal charges, le	ess revenues reflected in col	umns (b) through (e).
		T _			T	1 -	
		Trai	nues for nsition as and		Revenues for Transaction Costs and	Revenues for GRI and ACA	Revenues for GRI and ACA
Line No.			or-Pay		Take-or-Pay		
	Rate Schedule	Amo	unt for		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
		Curre	nt Year		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
1	(a) N/A		(b)		(c)	(d)	(e)
Ĺ	N/A						
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							-
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							_
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation					Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report End of 2017/Q4
	·		ues from Storing G	(2)	A Resubmission Others (Account 489.4	12/31/2017	Liid 01 2017/Q4
4. Dt	h of gas withdrawn from stora	ge must not be adjusted for di		<u>us or (</u>	oners (Account 400.4)	,	
		re bundled with storage service		rawn fro	m storage.		
	Othor	Other	Total	1	Total	Dekatherm of	Dekatherm of
	Other Revenues	Revenues	Operating		Operating	Natural Gas	Natural Gas
Line			Revenues		Revenues		
No.							
	Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year	Amount for Current Year		Amount for Previous Year	Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	(j)	(k)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) XAn Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2017							
	Other Gas Rever	` '					
	port below transactions of \$250,000 or more included in Account se amount and provide the number of items.			s. Group all transac	tions below \$250,000		
Line	Description of Transact	tion			Amount		
No.	(a)		(in dollars) (b)				
	Commissions on Sale or Distribution of Gas of Others						
	Compensation for Minor or Incidental Services Provided for Others						
	Profit or Loss on Sale of Material and Supplies not Ordinarily Purchased for Resale	la					
	Sales of Stream, Water, or Electricity, including Sales or Transfers to Other Department Miscellaneous Royalties	15					
	Revenues from Dehydration and Other Processing of Gas of Others except as provided	I for in th	e Instructions to Account 4	 95			
	Revenues for Right and/or Benefits Received from Others which are Realized Through						
	Gains on Settlements of Imbalance Receivables and Payables	rtosouro	n, bevelopment, and beine	mondation vontares			
	Revenues from Penalties earned Pursuant to Tariff Provisions, including Penalties Asso	ciated v	vith Cash-out Settlements				
	Revenues from Shipper Supplied Gas						
	Other revenues (Specify):						
12	Miscellaneous Sales				190,273		
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21 22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37 38							
39							
00	Total				190,273		
	Total				130,273		

	e of Respondent	(1	2)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of 2017/Q4	
2. In (3. In (column b, report the revenues from discounted rate services. column c, report the volumes of discounted rate services. column d, report the revenues from negotiated rate services. column e, report the volumes of negotiated rate services.	ervices and	d Nego	tiated Rate Servic	es		
Line No.	Account	Discou Rate Se		Discounted Rate Services	Negotiated Rate Services	Negotiated Rate Services	
	(a)	Reve		Volumes (c)	Revenue (d)	Volumes (e)	
1	Account 489.1, Revenues from transportation of gas of others through gathering facilities.		<u>'</u>				
2	Account 489.2, Revenues from transportation of gas of others through transmission facilities.						
3	Account 489.4, Revenues from storing gas of others.						
4	Account 495, Other gas revenues.						
5	9.00 to						
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37							
38							
39							
	Total						

	e of Respondent	This F		ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and	Maint	ena	ince Expenses	,	•
Line	Account				Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)				Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
	(-)				(2)	(5)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXPENSES					
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production					
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Submit Supplemental Statement)				0	0
4	B. Natural Gas Production					
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering					
6	Operation					
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
8	751 Production Maps and Records				0	0
9	752 Gas Well Expenses				0	0
10	753 Field Lines Expenses				0	0
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses				0	0
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power				0	0
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses				0	0
14	757 Purification Expenses				0	0
15	758 Gas Well Royalties				0	0
16	759 Other Expenses				0	0
17	760 Rents				0	0
18	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 7 thru 17)				0	0
19	Maintenance					
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells				0	0
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines				0	0
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Equipment				0	0
25	766 Maintenance of Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equip	ment			0	0
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment				0	0
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipment				0	0
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 20 thru 28)				0	0
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production and Gathering (Total of lines 18 and	29)			0	0

	ne of Respondent	(1) X An Original			(Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		Resubmission		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenance	e Ex	penses(contin	nued)	1	•
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)					Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
	(a)					(5)	(0)
31	B2. Products Extraction						
32	Operation						
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
34	771 Operation Labor					0	0
35	772 Gas Shrinkage					0	0
36	773 Fuel					0	0
37	774 Power					0	0
38	775 Materials					0	0
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses					0	0
40	777 Gas Processed by Others					0	0
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted					0	0
42	779 Marketing Expenses					0	0
43	780 Products Purchased for Resale					0	0
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory					0	0
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility-Credit					0	0
46	783 Rents					0	0
47	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 33 thru 46)					0	0
48	Maintenance						
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
50	785 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining Equipment					0	0
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines					0	0
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storage Equipment					0	0
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment					0	0
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment					0	0
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
57	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 49 thru 56)					0	0
58	TOTAL Products Extraction (Total of lines 47 and 57)					0	0

	e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original					Year/Period of Report
Cas		(2)		A Resubmission		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce E	xpenses(contin	nued)	
Line No.	Account					Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
INO.	(a)					(b)	(c)
	` '					` ,	. ,
59	C. Exploration and Development						
60	Operation						
61	795 Delay Rentals					0	0
62	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling					0	0
63	797 Abandoned Leases					0	0
64	798 Other Exploration					0	0
65	TOTAL Exploration and Development (Total of lines 61 thru 64)					0	0
66	D. Other Gas Supply Expenses						
67	Operation						
68	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases					0	0
69	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intracompany Transfers					0	0
70	801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases					0	0
71	802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases					0	0
72	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases					0	0
73	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases					164,239,532	139,769,802
74	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases					0	0
75	805 Other Gas Purchases					0	0
76	(Less) 805.1 Purchases Gas Cost Adjustments					18,917,115	5,106,494
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Total of lines 68 thru 76)					145,322,417	134,663,308
78	806 Exchange Gas					0	0
79	Purchased Gas Expenses						
80	807.1 Well Expense-Purchased Gas					0	0
81	807.2 Operation of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0
82	807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses					0	0
84	807.5 Other Purchased Gas Expenses					0	0
85	TOTAL Purchased Gas Expenses (Total of lines 80 thru 84)					0	0
i	1						

	ne of Respondent	This (1)		oort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	_	An Onginal A Resubmissio	n	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce I	Expenses(conti	nuec	i)	-
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.						Current Year	Previous Year
	(a)					(b)	(c)
86	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage-Debit					3,334,459	4,676,111
87	(Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage-Credit					4,476,230	4,183,655
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for Processing-Debit					0	0
89	(Less) 809.2 Deliveries of Natural Gas for Processing-Credit					0	0
90	Gas used in Utility Operation-Credit						
91	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel-Credit					0	0
92	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction-Credit					0	0
93	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations-Credit					65,869	38,254
94	TOTAL Gas Used in Utility Operations-Credit (Total of lines 91 thru 93	3)				65,869	38,254
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses					395,472	689,576
96	TOTAL Other Gas Supply Exp. (Total of lines 77,78,85,86 thru 89,94,	95)				144,510,249	135,807,086
97	TOTAL Production Expenses (Total of lines 3, 30, 58, 65, and 96)					144,510,249	135,807,086
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING AND PROCESSING I	EXPEN	NSE	:S			
99	A. Underground Storage Expenses						
100	Operation						
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
102	815 Maps and Records					0	0
103	816 Wells Expenses					0	0
104						0	0
105						0	0
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power				0	0	
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses					0	0
108	821 Purification Expenses					0	0
109	822 Exploration and Development					0	0
110	823 Gas Losses					0	0
111	824 Other Expenses					0	0
112	825 Storage Well Royalties					0	0
113	826 Rents					0	0
114	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines of 101 thru 113)					0	0
l					ĺ		

	ne of Respondent scade Natural Gas Corporation	This (1)		ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Oas	· ·	(2)		A Resubmission		12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	ce E	Expenses(continu			
Line No.	Account					Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
	(a)				·	(b)	(c)
115	Maintenance						
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells					0	0
119	833 Maintenance of Lines					0	0
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment					0	0
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					0	0
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
123	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
124	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 116 thru 123)					0	0
125	TOTAL Underground Storage Expenses (Total of lines 114 and 124)					0	0
126	B. Other Storage Expenses						
127	Operation						
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses					0	0
130	842 Rents					0	0
131	842.1 Fuel					0	0
132	842.2 Power					0	0
133	842.3 Gas Losses					0	0
134	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 128 thru 133)					0	0
135	Maintenance						
136	843.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
137	843.2 Maintenance of Structures					0	0
138	843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders					0	0
139	843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipment					0	0
141	843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipment					0	0
142	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment					0	0
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment					0	0
144	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
145	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 136 thru 144)					0	0
146	TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (Total of lines 134 and 145)					0	0

	ne of Respondent scade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)		ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report End of 2017/Q4
	Gas Operation and Main	(2)		A Resubmission	12/31/2017	Liid 0i 2017/Q4
Line No.	Account (a)	teriand	e c	xpenses(continu	Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Expenses					
148	Operation					
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expenses				0	0
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses				0	0
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expenses				0	0
153	844.5 Measuring and Regulating Labor and Expenses				0	0
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	0
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses				0	0
156	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching				0	0
157	845.1 Fuel				0	0
158	845.2 Power				0	0
159	845.3 Rents				0	0
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges				0	0
161	(less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts-Credit				0	0
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by Others				0	0
163	846.1 Gas Losses				0	0
164	846.2 Other Expenses				0	0
165	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 149 thru 164)				0	0
166	Maintenance					
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Equipment				0	0
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipment				0	0
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment				0	0
172	847.6 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment				0	0
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment				0	0
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 167 thru 174)				0	0
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling and Proc Exp (Total of lines 1)	65 and	17	5)	0	0
177	TOTAL Natural Gas Storage (Total of lines 125, 146, and 176)				0	0

	e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation	1 his (1)		ort Is: An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Cas	'	(2)		A Resubmission	12/31/201	17	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	ce E	expenses(conting			
Line No.	Account				Amount for Current Year	,	Amount for Previous Year
	(a)				(b)		(c)
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES						
179	Operation						
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching					0	0
182	852 Communication System Expenses					0	0
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses					0	0
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel					0	0
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Stations					0	0
186	856 Mains Expenses					0	0
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses					0	0
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others					0	0
189	859 Other Expenses					0	0
190	860 Rents					0	0
191	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 180 thru 190)					0	0
192	Maintenance					0	
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
195	863 Maintenance of Mains					0	0
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment					0	0
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					0	0
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipment					0	0
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
200	TOTAL Transmission Functions (Total of lines 193 thru 199)					0	0
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Total of lines 191 and 200)					0	0
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES						
203	Operation				0.65	0 107	1.051.627
204	870 Operation Supervision and Engineering					59,197	1,951,637
205	871 Distribution Load Dispatching					55,915	632,872
206	872 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				<u> </u>	7,924	111,564
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power					0	0

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Mair	ntenance Expenses(contin		
Line	Account		Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)		Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses		4,812,466	4,625,388
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-General		747,176	794,942
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-Industrial		184,867	174,094
211	877 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-City Gas Check	Station	0	0
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expenses		1,696,009	1,875,765
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses		1,418,415	1,492,616
214	880 Other Expenses		5,400,145	4,549,422
215	881 Rents		160,999	182,434
216	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 204 thru 215)		17,633,113	16,390,734
217	Maintenance			
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		610,964	236,971
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		2,579	16,070
220	887 Maintenance of Mains		2,384,129	1,726,516
221	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment		48,661	44,493
222	889 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipmen	t-General	410,831	357,344
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equipment-Industrial		28,554	32,497
224	891 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equip-City Gate Che		0	0
225	892 Maintenance of Services	CK Ctation	2,042,415	1,553,005
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House Regulators		1,497,441	1,511,787
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment		564,637	207,018
228	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 218 thru 227)			5,685,701
	,		7,590,211	
229	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Total of lines 216 and 228)		25,223,324	22,076,435
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			
231	Operation		40.405	(0.005)
232	901 Supervision		49,195	(3,325)
233	902 Meter Reading Expenses		732,825	711,524
234	903 Customer Records and Collection Expenses		6,091,369	6,634,133

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
I Cascage Natural Gas Corporation		(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenance Expenses(contin	nued)	+
Line	Account		Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)		Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts		1,228,412	985,349
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses		832	1,058
237	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Total of lines 232 thru 236)	8,102,633	8,328,739	
238	6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES			
239	Operation			
240	907 Supervision	0	0	
241	908 Customer Assistance Expenses	391,844	880,645	
242	909 Informational and Instructional Expenses	31,081	49,989	
243	910 Miscellaneous Customer Service and Informational Expenses	68,587	0	
244	TOTAL Customer Service and Information Expenses (Total of lines 2	491,512	930,634	
245	7. SALES EXPENSES			
246	Operation			
247	911 Supervision		0	0
248	912 Demonstrating and Selling Expenses		0	0
249	913 Advertising Expenses		4,176	6,975
250	916 Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		0	0
251	TOTAL Sales Expenses (Total of lines 247 thru 250)		4,176	6,975
252	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
253	Operation			
254	920 Administrative and General Salaries		8,374,821	7,532,035
255	921 Office Supplies and Expenses		3,988,348	3,273,649
256	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transferred-Credit		368,869	382,790
257	923 Outside Services Employed		1,444,583	1,564,701
258	924 Property Insurance		72,012	80,228
259	925 Injuries and Damages		1,357,367	1,492,958
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits		6,475,079	6,031,552
261	927 Franchise Requirements		0	0
262	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses		0	0
263	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges-Credit		0	0
264	930.1General Advertising Expenses		39,829	63,766
265	930.2Miscellaneous General Expenses		857,520	1,039,042
266	931 Rents		1,408,634	1,661,945
267	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 254 thru 266)		23,649,324	22,357,086
268	Maintenance			
269	932 Maintenance of General Plant		54,984	43,941
270	TOTAL Administrative and General Expenses (Total of lines 267 and	269)	23,704,308	22,401,027
271	TOTAL Gas O&M Expenses (Total of lines 97,177,201,229,237,244,	251, and 270)	202,036,202	189,550,896

e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1)	ĊΩ	Original	Da (N	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period	
·						12/31/2017	Elia di 201	1/Q4
port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quatice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactio	intities ar	nd related g the year	dolla . Pro	r amount of imba	r imbal	lance and no-notice	quantities for ex	
Zone/Rate Schedule	fro	om Others	I			Gas Delivered to Others Amount	to Oth	ers
(a)		(b)		(c)		(d)	(e)	
None								
Total			0		0		0	0
	Exchange: port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas qualice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transaction condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule (a) None None	Exchange and Import below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities at lice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions durin condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Mino a first zone/Rate Schedule (a) None	Exchange and Imbalance Toport below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related lice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule.	Exchange and Imbalance Trans port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related dolla lice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year. Pro condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange trans Gas Received from Others Zone/Rate Schedule Amount (b) None	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Exchange and Imbalance Transactions port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related dollar amount of imbalice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year. Provide subtotals for ondent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals for mothers and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the from Others and the provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide subtotals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide subtotals by rate schedule.) In the first provide subtotal schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide schedule) and the first provide schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provide schedule) and the first provide schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less the first provid	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Page and Imbalance Transactions port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related dollar amount of imbalance itics service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year. Provide subtotals for imbalance to condend does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions during the year. Provide subtoals for imba	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions 1	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions 1 Man Original 2 1 2/31/2017 End of 201 Exchange and Imbalance Transactions 12/31/2017 End of 201 End of 201

	e of Respondent		This Report Is:	iainal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report			
Cas	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) X An Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2017 End of 2017/Q4								
	Gas Used in Utility Operations								
1. R	1. Report below details of credits during the year to Accounts 810, 811, and 812.								
2. If	. If any natural gas was used by the respondent for which a charge was not made to the appropriate operating expense or other account, list separately in column (c) the Dth of gas ed, omitting entries in column (d).								
			Natural Gas	Natural Gas	Natural Gas	Natural Gas			
Line	Purpose for Which Gas								
No.	Was Used	Account Charged	Gas Used	Amount of Credit	Amount of Credit	Amount of Credit			
		Chargeu	Dth	(in dollars)	(in dollars)	(in dollars)			
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(d)	(d)			
1	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit								
2	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction - Credit								
3	Gas Shrinkage and Other Usage in Respondent's Own Processing								
4	Gas Shrinkage, etc. for Respondent's Gas								
	Processed by Others								
5	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations - Credit								
	(Report separately for each principal use. Group	012	22 022		4E 040				
6	minor uses.)	812	22,823	(55,869				
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14 15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22 23									
24									
25	Total		22,823	(55,869				
25	Total		22,823		55,869				

Name of Respondent This Report List (1) Man Original (1) Man Orig
Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others (Account 858) 1. Report below details concerning gas transported or compressed for respondent by others equalling more than 1,000,000 Dth and amounts of payments for such services during ear. Milnor items (less than 1,000,000) Dth may be grouped. Also, include in column (c) amounts paid as transition costs to an upstream pipeline. 2. In column (a) give name of companites, points of delivery and receipt of gas. Designate points of delivery and receipt so that they can be identified readily on a map of respondence pieline system. 3. Designate associated companies with an asterisk in column (b). Amount of Dith of Gas payment Delivered (in dollars) (b) (c) (d) (d) None (in Mone (in dollars) (in dollars
Amount of Park (less than 1,000,000) Dith may be grouped. Also, include in column (c) amounts paid as transition costs to an upstream pipeline. 2. In column (a) give name of companies, points of delivery and receipt of gas. Designate points of delivery and receipt so that they can be identified readily on a map of responde peline system. 3. Designate associated companies with an asterisk in column (b). Name of Company and Description of Service Performed
ine No. Name of Company and Description of Service Performed * Payment (in dollars) (in dollars) Delivered (in dollars) 1 None
None
Company
33
44
56
66
8
9
0
1
2
4
5
6
7
8
9
1
2
3 4
4

	e of Respondent	This (1)	Rep	oort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		An Onginal A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Other Gas Supply Ex		_			+
1. R	eport other gas supply expenses by descriptive titles that clearly indicate the nature of	f such ex	kpen	ses. Show maintenance	expenses, revaluation of mo	onthly encroachments
	ed in Account 117.4, and losses on settlements of imbalances and gas losses not as	sociated	with	n storage separately. Indi	cate the functional classifica	tion and purpose of property
to whi	ch any expenses relate. List separately items of \$250,000 or more.					
	Description					Amount
Line	Description					(in dollars)
No.	(a)					(b)
1	Labor Expenses and applicable overhead charges					363,569
3	Lodging Training materials					35,415 18,510
4	Software Maintenance					15,657
5	Commercial Air Service					14,065
6	Meals & Entertainment					11,379
7	Office Supplies					11,209
8	Vehicle Mileage					3,982
9	Cell Phone					619
10 11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17 18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24 25	Total					474,405
23	Total					474,403
1						

Miscellaneous General Expenses (Account 930.2) 1. Provide the information requested below on miscellaneous general expenses. 2. For Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amount of such items. List separately amounts of \$250,000 or more however, amounts less than \$250,000 may be grouped if the number of items of so grouped is shown. Description	ame of Respondent	of Report Year, Pa, Yr)	Period of Report					
1. Provide the information requested below on miscellaneous general expenses. 2. For Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amount of such items. List separately amounts of \$250,000 or more however, amounts less than \$250,000 may be grouped if the number of items of so grouped is shown. Line No.								
2. For Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amount of such items. List separately amounts of \$250,000 or more however, amounts less than \$250,000 may be grouped if the number of items of so grouped is shown. Description	Miscellaneous General Expenses (Account 930.2)							
Line No. (in dollars) (b) 1 Industry association dues. 248,55 2 Experimental and general research expenses. 48,248,55 3 2. Gas Research Institute (RRI) 48,248,53 4 D. Other 48,248,53 3 Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee, registrar, and transfer agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding securities of the respondent 48,248,248,248,248,248,248,248,248,248,2	For Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amount of such item	vever, amounts less than \$:250,000 may be					
No. (a) (b) 1 Industry association dues. 248,55 2 Experimental and general research expenses. 48,55 3 Experimental and general research expenses. 48,55 4 5,0 Other 48,55 3 Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee, registrar, and transfer 48,55 4 Other expenses 48,55 5 Bank and other Finance fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU for CNGC's share of 48,55 6 Corporate banking fees) 357,88 7 Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) 335,78 8 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,00 10 48,00 48,00 11 49,00 48,00 12 49,00 48,00 13 49,00 48,00 14 49,00 48,00 15 49,00 48,00 16 49,00 48,00 17 49,00 49,00 18 49,00 49,00 18 49,00 49,00 <td colspan="7">· ·</td>	· ·							
Experimental and general research expenses. a. Gas Research Institute (GRI) b. Other Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee, registrar, and transfer agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding securities of the respondent Other expenses Bank and other Finance fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU for CNGC's share of corporate banking fees) Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) Miscellaneous under \$250,000 Miscell								
a. Gas Research Institute (GRI) b. Other Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee, registrar, and transfer agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding securities of the respondent 4 Other expenses Bank and other Finance fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU for CNGC's share of corporate banking fees) Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) 357,88 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,00 10 11 12 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 19 19 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			248,538					
b. Other Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee, registrar, and transfer agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding securities of the respondent Other expenses Bank and other Finance fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU for CNGC's share of corporate banking fees) Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) Miscellaneous under \$250,000 Miscellaneous under \$								
3 Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee, registrar, and transfer agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding securities of the respondent 4 Other expenses 5 Bank and other Finance fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU for CNGC's share of 6 corporate banking fees) 357,8t 7 Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) 233,0t 8 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,0t 9 10 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 12 12 12 13 12 13 14 14 14 14 15 15 16 17 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 18 17 18 19								
agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstanding securities of the respondent4 Other expenses								
4 Other expenses 5 Bank and other Finance fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU for CNGC's share of 6 corporate banking fees) 357,8 7 Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) 233,0 8 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,0 10								
6 corporate banking fees) 357,84 7 Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) 233,01 8 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,01 9	Other expenses							
7 Director's fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses) 233,0° 8 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,0° 9 10 10 11 11 11 12 12 12 13 12 13 14 12 14 15 12 14 16 12 14 17 14 14 18 14 14 19 14 14 10 14 14 10 14 14 10 14 14 10 14 14 11 14 14 12 14 14 13 14 14 14 14 14 15 14 14 16 14 14 17 14 14 18 14 14 19 14								
8 Miscellaneous under \$250,000 18,01 9			357,889					
9 Image: Property of the content of the c								
10 Image: Control or			18,076					
11 Image: Control or								
12 Image: Control or								
14 Image: Control or								
15 Section 19								
16 Image: Control or								
17 18 19 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
18 Image: Control or								
19								
20								
22								
23								
24								
			857 520					
	5 Total		037,320					

Nam	e of Respondent		This F	Report I	S:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Caso	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)		Original esubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>				
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of G		Accts	403, 40	4.1, 404.2, 404.3	1 3, 405) (Except Amortiz	zation of				
		cquisition			-						
	Report in Section A the amounts of depreciation expense, de						-	_			
	2. Report in Section B, column (b) all depreciable or amortizable plant balances to which rates are applied and show a composite total. (If more desirable, report by subaccount or functional classifications other than those pre-printed in column (a). Indicate in a footnote the manner in which column (b) balances are										
	Section A. Summary of De	preciatio	n, Dep	letion, a							
					Amortization		d Amortization of Underground Storage				
Line		Der	preciation	on	Expense for Asset	Producing Natur					
No.	Functional Classification		xpense		Retirement	_					
		(Acc	count 4	03)	Costs	Rights	(Account 404.2)				
	(a)		(b)		(Account 403.1) (c)	(Account 404.1) (d)	(e)				
1	Intangible plant		(b)		403.1) (0)	(u)	3,032,66	3			
2	Production plant, manufactured gas						3,00=,00				
3	Production and gathering plant, natural gas										
4	Products extraction plant										
5	Underground gas storage plant										
6	Other storage plant										
7	Base load LNG terminaling and processing plant										
8	Transmission plant			418,293							
9	Distribution plant			326,129							
10 11	General plant Common plant-gas		1,:	269,646)						
12	TOTAL		24	014,068)		3,032,66)			

Name	of Respondent			This R	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation				(1)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Depreciation,	Depletion and Amortiza				05) (Except Amortization	n of	
			Acquisition Adjust				1	
							plant functional classifica unit-of-production method	
depred	ciation charges, show in	a footnote any revision	s made to estimated g	gas rese	rves.			
			ne year in addition to d	deprecia	tion provided by applica	ation of reported rates, s	state in a footnote the amo	unts and na
provisi	ons and the plant items							
	A secretical for at		mary of Depreciation,	Depletion	on, and Amortization Ch	narges		
	Amortization of Other Limited-term	Amortization of Other Gas Plant	Total					
Line	Gas Plant	(Account 405)	(b to g)					
No.	(Account 404.3)				I	Functional Classification	١	
	(f)	(g)	(h)			(a)		
1	, ,	(0)		,6 63 ntaı	ngible plant			
2				Prod	duction plant, manufacto	ured gas		
3				Prod	duction and gathering pl	lant, natural gas		
4				Prod	ducts extraction plant			
5					erground gas storage p	lant		
6					er storage plant			
7			440		e load LNG terminaling	and processing plant		
9					nsmission plant ribution plant			
10					eral plant			
11			1,200,		nmon plant-gas			
12			27,046	,73ПОТ				
								1

Nam	e of Respondent		Rep	oort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas Plant (Acc Acquisition Adjust	ts 400			05) (Except Amortization	ı of
4. <i>A</i>	Add rows as necessary to completely report all data. Number the addit				, 2.02, 3.01, 3.02, etc.	
	Section B. Factors Used in Est	imatin	na Di	enreciation Charges		
	Section B. Factors Osed III Est	IIIIaiii	ig D	epiecialion charges	<u> </u>	
Line No.	Functional Classification				Plant Bases (in thousands)	Applied Depreciation or Amortization Rates (percent)
	(a)				(b)	(c)
1	Production and Gathering Plant					
3	Offshore (footnote details) Onshore (footnote details)					
4	Underground Gas Storage Plant (footnote details)					
5	Transmission Plant					
6	Offshore (footnote details)					
7	Onshore (footnote details)					
8	General Plant (footnote details)					
9	See Footnote					
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						

,	of Respondent	This			Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
asc	ade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
_	Particulars Concerning Certain Income Ded	_ ` _	ш		L Accounts	
рс	ort the information specified below, in the order given, for the respectiv	e inco	me o	deduction and intere	est charges accounts.	
	liscellaneous Amortization (Account 425)-Describe the nature of items	s inclu	ıded	in this account, the	contra account charged	, the total of amortization cha
	of amortization.					
	Aliscellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amo					-
	Penalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related e grouped by classes within the above accounts.	J ACTIV	ities;	; and 426.5, Other L	reductions, of the Unifor	m System of Accounts. Am
	e grouped by classes within the above accounts. hterest on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each ass	sociate	ed co	ompany that incurred	d interest on debt during	the year indicate the amou
	ctively for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) n					
	interest was incurred during the year.		,	, (a) and a mine p a,	, (5) 5	,
	ther Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the am	ount a	and ir	nterest rate for othe	r interest charges incurre	ed during the year.
,	Item					Amount
	(a)					(b)
+	(-) M':!					
+	(a) Miscellaneous Amortization (Account 425)					
+	(b) Miscellaneous Income Deductions (Account 426)					
$^{+}$	Donations (Account 426.1)					299,158
+	Life Insurance (Account 426.2)					200,100
Ť	Penalties (Account 426.3)					
t	Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities					
Ī	(Account 426.4)					128,933
	Other Deductions (Account 426.5)					1,097
	Total Miscellaneous Income Deductions (Account 426)					429,188
↓						
1	(c) Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)					
1						
+	(d) Other Interest Expense (Account 431)					
+	Description Interest Rate					4.054
+	Customer Deposits-OR Various Customer Deposits-WA Various					1,654 4,906
$^{+}$	Deferral Accounts-OR ***					348,135
$^{+}$	Deferral Accounts-WA FERC Interst Rate					65,412
	Interest on Short-Term Debt Various					467,753
	Other Various					,
	Total Other Interest Expense (Account 431)					887,860
	***Accounts not amortizing-7.284% (Overall rate of return granted in	n the I	ast			
	Oregon general rate filing); Accounts amortizing-2.38%					
1						
+						
-						
+						
+						
4						
+						
1						

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) X (2)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr)	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Regulatory Cor				1	1	
ses	Report below details of regulatory commission expenses incustion which such a body was a party. In column (b) and (c), indicate whether the expenses were as						
ine No.	Description (Furnish name of regulatory commission or body, the docket number, and a description of the case.)	Regu	ssed by ulatory mission	Expenses of Utility	Total Expenses to Date	Deferred in Account 182.3 at Beginning of Year	
	(a)	(k	o)	(c)	(d)	(e)	
	None						
}							
;							
,							
}							
)							
2							
3							
4							
5							
5							
7							
8							
9							
0							
1							
2							
3							
4							
5	Total						

	of Respondent			This Repo	rt Is: In Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Casca	ade Natural Gas Cor	poration			Resubmission	12/31/2017 End of <u>2017/Q4</u>		
				ission Expenses (A				
4. Ide 5. Lis	entify separately all a	annual charge adjusti	ments (ACA). urred during year wh			the period of amortization		
Line No.	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged Currently To	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged Currently To	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged Currently To	Expenses Incurred During Year Deferred to	Amortized During Yea Contra		Deferred in Account 182.3 End of Year	
	Department	Account No.	Amount	Account 182.3	Account	7 unount		
1	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								

	e of Respondent	1 his F	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Employee Pensions and	d Benefi	ts (Account 926)		
1.1	Report below the items contained in Account 926, Employee Per	nsions	and Benefits.		
Line	Expense				Amount
No.	(a)				(b)
					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1	Pensions – defined benefit plans				(110,893)
2	Pensions – other				2,645,472
3	Post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) Post- employment benefit plans				149,434
4 5	Other (Specify)				
6	Medical/Dental				3,533,399
7	Various				257,667
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20 21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33 34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
	Total				6,475,079

BLANK PAGE

[Next page is 354]

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: Date of Report Year/Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)			
Jaso	ade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Res	ubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
		alaries and Wages			•
the artic n d	ort below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. See Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and colular operating function(s) relating to the expenses. Extermining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged of other accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered seconds.	umns provided. Salato clearing account	aries and wag	es billed to the Respon of approximation giving	dent by an affiliated comp
ne lo.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	Payroll B by Affilia Compar	ated Payroll Char	rged Total g
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Electric				
	Operation				
	Production				
	Transmission				
_	Distribution				
	Customer Accounts				
4	Customer Service and Informational				
4	Sales				
	Administrative and General				
4	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 9)				
4	Maintenance				
-	Production				
-	Transmission Distribution				
-	Administrative and General				
	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 12 thru 15)				
-	Total Operation and Maintenance				
٦	Production (Total of lines 3 and 12)				
	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 13)				
٦	Distribution (Total of lines 5 and 14)				
7	Customer Accounts (line 6)				
	Customer Service and Informational (line 7)				
	Sales (line 8)				
	Administrative and General (Total of lines 9 and 15)				
	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 18 thru 24)				
	Gas				
ī	Operation				
	Production - Manufactured Gas				
	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
	Other Gas Supply				
	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing				
	Transmission				
	Distribution	12,061,8			12,061,8
_	Customer Accounts	4,053,2			4,053,2
4	Customer Service and Informational	52,89	90		52,8
4	Sales				
4	Administrative and General	6,104,3			6,104,3
_	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 28 thru 37)	22,272,3	43		22,272,3
4	Maintenance				
4	Production - Manufactured Gas				
4	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
4	Other Gas Supply				
4	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing				
4	Transmission	4 400 =	10		4 400 =
	Distribution	4,488,7	46		4,488,7

	ne of Respondent	This Report Is:	ain al	of Report Year/Period of Report Da, Yr)		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Ori	ginai ubmission		2/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
-	Distribution of Salaries	<u> </u>			-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	
_	Distribution of Salaries	and wages (conti	1			
Line No.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	Payroll B by Affilia Compar	ated	Allocation of Payroll Charge for Clearing Accounts	ged Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)	(e)
46	Administrative and General					
47	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 40 thru 46)	4,488,7	46			4,488,746
48	Gas (Continued)					
49	Total Operation and Maintenance					
50	Production - Manufactured Gas (Total of lines 28 and 40)					
51	Production - Natural Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.)(II. 29 and 41)					
52	Other Gas Supply (Total of lines 30 and 42)					
53	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing (Total of II. 31 and 43)					
54	Transmission (Total of lines 32 and 44)					
55	Distribution (Total of lines 33 and 45)	16,550,6				16,550,629
56	Customer Accounts (Total of line 34)	4,053,2				4,053,213
57	Customer Service and Informational (Total of line 35)	52,8	90			52,890
58	Sales (Total of line 36)					
59	Administrative and General (Total of lines 37 and 46)	6,104,3				6,104,357
60	Total Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 50 thru 59)	26,761,0	89			26,761,089
61	Other Utility Departments					
62	Operation and Maintenance					
63	TOTAL ALL Utility Dept. (Total of lines 25, 60, and 62)	26,761,0	89			26,761,089
64	Utility Plant					
65	Construction (By Utility Departments)					
66	Electric Plant					
67	Gas Plant	7,248,7	17			7,248,717
68	Other					
69	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68)	7,248,7	17			7,248,717
70	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)					
71	Electric Plant					
72	Gas Plant	488,9	19			488,919
73	Other		_			
74	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 71 thru 73)	488,9				488,919
75	Other Accounts (Specify) (footnote details)	1,949,3				1,949,366
76	TOTAL Other Accounts	1,949,3				1,949,366
77	TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES	36,448,0	91			36,448,091

	of Respondent		Repo		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
asc	ade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Charges for Outside Professional a	• •				+
se he h ch N	services include rate, management, construction, engineering, resear respondent under written or oral arrangement, for which aggregate por services as an employee or for payments made for medical and related should be reported in Account 426.4 Expenditures for Certain Civic, Fame of person or organization rendering services. Total charges for the year. To under a description "Other", all of the aforementioned services amounts.	ear inc rch, fir aymer ated so Politica	luded nancia nts we ervice al and	l in any account (ir al, valuation, legal, ere made during the es) amounting to m Related Activities	ncluding plant accounts, accounting, purchasing year to any corporationer than \$250,000, income the \$250,000, income than \$250,000, income the \$250,	g, advertising,labor relations, ion partnership, organization o
	al under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned ser			,		
	arges for outside professional and other consultative services provided	by as	ssocia	ated (affiliated) cor	npanies should be excl	uded from this schedule and
oro	ling to the instructions for that schedule.					
Т	Description					Amount
Э						(in dollars)
•	(a)					(b)
-	Spelage Companies Inc					11,894,752
-	Snelson Companies, Inc. Brothers Pipeline Corp.					9,382,729
+	Michels Corporation					7,332,835
_	Northwest Metal Fab & Pipe, Inc.					6,389,702
-	TRC Environmental Corporation					1,920,395
Ť	Itron, Inc.					1,803,664
Ì	Infrasource Service, LLC					1,683,810
	Prosource Technologits, LLC					1,420,180
	Automotive Rentals, Inc.					1,316,10
+	NC Machinery					1,171,605
+	DAS-CO of Idaho					1,102,901
+	Western States Equipment Company					898,192
+	ABI Service, LLC					846,788
+	Parametricx, Inc.					806,049 778,767
+	Tri-Pacific Supply, Inc. Anchor QEA					643,129
+	Peterson Machinery					641,087
_	Aspect Consulting, LLC					670,019
+	Gas Transmission NW Corp.					475,808
Ť	Mesa Products, Inc.					454,223
Ť	Mistras Group, Inc.					385,946
	Snyder Gas Consluting, LLC					373,574
	Asphalt Patch Systems, Inc.					347,343
	JNR Paving, Inc.					316,192
+	Stripe Rite, Inc.					308,346
+	Black & Veatch					289,233
+	Mackay & Sposito, Inc. Southern Cross Corp.					285,819 84,156
_	Heath Consultants, Inc.					276,173
-	Tri-Pacific Supply, Inc.					275,770
-	Jacobs Consultancy, Inc.					255,619
\dagger	Other					10,648,553
t						, , , , , , ,
Ť						
_1						

n called for concerning all goo ther", all of the aforementione otal", the total of all of the afor	ods or services d goods and s rementioned g (affiliated) con	services amounting to \$250, loods and services.	to associated (affiliated) co ,000 or less. cation process, explain in a	End of 2017/Q4 mpanies amounting to more than \$ footnote the basis of the allocation Amount Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630 112
n called for concerning all goother", all of the aforementione otal", the total of all of the aforeceived from the associated of the Good or Service (a) ed by Affiliated Company	ods or services d goods and s rementioned g (affiliated) con	ed (Affiliated) Companies s received from or provided services amounting to \$250, soods and services. Inpany are based on an allow of Associated/Affiliated Com (b)	to associated (affiliated) co ,000 or less. cation process, explain in a Account(s) Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	footnote the basis of the allocation Amount Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
n called for concerning all goother", all of the aforementione otal", the total of all of the aforeceived from the associated of the Good or Service (a) ed by Affiliated Company	ods or services d goods and s rementioned g (affiliated) con	s received from or provided services amounting to \$250, loods and services. In a services an allow of Associated/Affiliated Com	Account(s) Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	footnote the basis of the allocation Amount Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ther", all of the aforementione otal", the total of all of the afor received from the associated of the Good or Service (a) ed by Affiliated Company	ed goods and s rementioned g (affiliated) con Name	services amounting to \$250, loods and services. Inpany are based on an allow of Associated/Affiliated Com (b)	Account(s) Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	footnote the basis of the allocation Amount Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
otal", the total of all of the afor received from the associated of the Good or Service (a) ed by Affiliated Company	rementioned g (affiliated) con Name	noods and services. Inpany are based on an allow of Associated/Affiliated Com (b)	Account(s) Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	Amount Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
of the Good or Service (a) ed by Affiliated Company	Name (of Associated/Affiliated Com	Account(s) Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	Amount Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
(a) ed by Affiliated Company		(b)	Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
(a) ed by Affiliated Company		(b)	Charged or Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	Charged or Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
(a) ed by Affiliated Company		(b)	Credited (c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	Credited (d) 1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed by Affiliated Company	IGC/MDI		(c) 107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed by Affiliated Company	IGC/MDI		107 426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	1,075,560 15,234 (315,562) 1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
	IGC/MDI	J/MDU RESOURCES	426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	15,234 (315,562)
	IGC/MDI	J/MDU RESOURCES	426.1 426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	15,234 (315,562)
ed for Affiliated Company			426.2 426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	15,234 (315,562)
ed for Affiliated Company			426.4 813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	1,029 116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			813 875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	116,821 104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			875 880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	104,350 580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			880 901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	580,618 29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			901 902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	29,131 183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			902 903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	183,728 5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			903 904 909 913 920 921 922 923	5,743,496 13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			904 909 913 920 921 922 923	13,270 19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			909 913 920 921 922 923	19,171 26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			913 920 921 922 923	26 5,241,014 2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			920 921 922 923	2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			921 922 923	2,270,703 (168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			922 923	(168,391) 181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			923	181,630
ed for Affiliated Company			925	
ed for Affiliated Company				114
			926	36,732
			930.1	19,583
				240,894
				1,349,082 1,299,737
			various	1,299,737
				1
				930.2 931 Various

than \$250

	e of Respondent		Rep	ort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/F	Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End	of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Compresso					•		
comp 2. F group	Report below details concerning compressor stations. Use the followin pressor stations, transmission compressor stations, distribution compresor column (a), indicate the production areas where such stations are uped. Identify any station held under a title other than full ownership. Solvy owned.	essor s used.	statio Grou	ns, and other compr up relatively small fie	essor stations. eld compressor stations	by produ	ction areas. Sho	w the numbe
Line No.	Name of Station and Location			Number of Units at Station	Certificated Horsepower fo Each Station	ır	Plant Cost	
	(a)			(b)	(c)		(d)	
1	Compressor Station at Burlington, WA				1 1	,350	2,000,73	1
2	Placed in Service: August 2001							
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
				+				
								1

	e of Respondent				(1)	teport Is: X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)		Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas C	orporation			(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017		of 2017/Q4
				Compresso					
of the	e station and its boo ote each unit's size	k cost are contemp and the date the ur	ed during the past ye lated. Designate an nit was placed in ope or power, if other tha	y compresso ration.	r units	in transmission com	npressor stations in	stalled and put i	nto operation dur
_ine No.	Expenses (exception depreciation and taxes) Fuel (e)		t Expenses (except depreciation and taxes) Other (g)	Gas for Compress Fuel in D	sor	Electricity for Compressor Station in kWh (i)	Operational Data Total Compresso Hours of Operatio During Year (j)	Number of Compressor	Date of Station Peak
1						(1)	U)	(.,)	(-)
2	9,96	71	161,8 5 3						1
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15					+				
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
24 25									

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
Gas Stora					
Report injections and withdrawals of gas for all storage projects used by respondent.					
	toport injudicine and minaramate of gae for all delage projecte accuse	y respondent			
		Gas	Gas	Total	
Line	Item	Belonging to	Belonging to	Amount	
No.		Respondent	Others	(Dth)	
		(Dth)	(Dth)		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	STORAGE OPERATIONS (in Dth)				
1	Gas Delivered to Storage				
2	January				
3	February				
4	March				
5	April				
6	May				
7	June				
8	July August				
9	August September				
10 11	September October				
12	November Votober				
13	December				
14	TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13)				
15	Gas Withdrawn from Storage				
16	January January				
17	February				
18	March				
19	April				
20	May				
21	June				
22	July				
23	August				
24	September				
25	October				
26	November				
27	December				
28	TOTAL (Total of lines 16 thru 27)				

Nam	e of Respondent		s Re	port Is:	Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) X An Original (Mo, I) (2) A Resubmission 12/3				12/31	, Yr) /2017	End of 2017/Q4
	Gas Storaç		roiec		, 0 .	720	
1 (On line 4, enter the total storage capacity certificated by FERC.	Je i i	ojec				
	Report total amount in Dth or other unit, as applicable on lines 2, 3, 4, 7	7. If c	guan	ntity is converted from	Mcf to Dth.	provide con	version factor in a footnote.
			-1	,		p	
Line	ltem						Amount
No.	(a)					(b)
	STORAGE OPERATIONS						
1	Top or Working Gas End of Year						
2	Cushion Gas (Including Native Gas)						
3	Total Gas in Reservoir (Total of line 1 and 2)						
4	Certificated Storage Capacity						
5	Number of Injection - Withdrawal Wells Number of Observation Wells						
7	Maximum Days' Withdrawal from Storage						
8	Date of Maximum Days' Withdrawal						
9	LNG Terminal Companies (in Dth)						
10	Number of Tanks						
11	Capacity of Tanks						
12	LNG Volume						
13	Received at "Ship Rail"						
14	Transferred to Tanks						
15 16	Withdrawn from Tanks "Boil Off" Vaporization Loss						
10	Boll Oil Vaporization Loss						

	e of Respondent	(1)	X	ort Is: An Origir	al	(Mo, Da,	Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		A Resub		12/31/		End of 2017/Q4	
	Transmiss	sion Li	nes					•	
2. F natur 3. F retire	Report below, by state, the total miles of transmission lines of each transpectation and lines held under a title other than full ownership. The of respondent's title, and percent ownership if jointly owned. Report separately any line that was not operated during the past year. In the books of account, or what disposition of the line and its book of Report the number of miles of pipe to one decimal point.	Desiç Enter	gnate	such lin	es with an a	asterisk, in o	column (b)	and in a footnote state the	
4. 1		`					*	T	
	Designation (Identification						*	Total Miles	
Line No.	of Line or Group of Line (a)	S					(b)	of Pipe (c)	
INO.	(α)						(5)	(0)	
1	None								
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
									Ī

Coo	e of Respondent	(1)	X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	real/Pellod of Report
Caso	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>
	Transmission Syste	m Pe	ak Deliveries	•	•
1. F	Report below the total transmission system deliveries of gas (in Dth), e			for the period of system	peak deliveries indicated
embr	acing the heating season overlapping the year's end for which this rep	ort is s	ubmitted. The season's	peak normally will be r	eached before the due dat
perm	its inclusion of the peak information required on this page. Add rows a	s nec	essary to report all data.	Number additional row	rs 6.01, 6.02, etc.
			Dth of Gas	Dth of Gas	Total
Line	Description		Delivered to	Delivered to	(b) + (c)
No.			Interstate Pipeline		(4)
			(b)	(c)	(d)
	SECTION A: SINGLE DAY PEAK DELIVERIES				
1	Date:				
2	Volumes of Gas Transported				
3	No-Notice Transportation				
4	Other Firm Transportation				
5	Interruptible Transportation				
6	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
7	TOTAL				
8	Volumes of gas Withdrawn form Storage under Storage Contract				
9	No-Notice Storage				
10	Other Firm Storage				
11	Interruptible Storage				
12	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
13	TOTAL				
14	Other Operational Activities				
15	Gas Withdrawn from Storage for System Operations				
16	Reduction in Line Pack				
17	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
18	TOTAL				
19	SECTION B: CONSECUTIVE THREE-DAY PEAK DELIVERIES				
20	Dates:				
21	Volumes of Gas Transported				
22	No-Notice Transportation				
23	Other Firm Transportation				
24	Interruptible Transportation				
25	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
26	TOTAL				
27	Volumes of Gas Withdrawn from Storage under Storage Contract				
28	No-Notice Storage				
29	Other Firm Storage				
30	Interruptible Storage				
31	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
32	TOTAL				
33	Other Operational Activities				
34	Gas Withdrawn from Storage for System Operations				
35 36	Reduction in Line Pack				
	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				

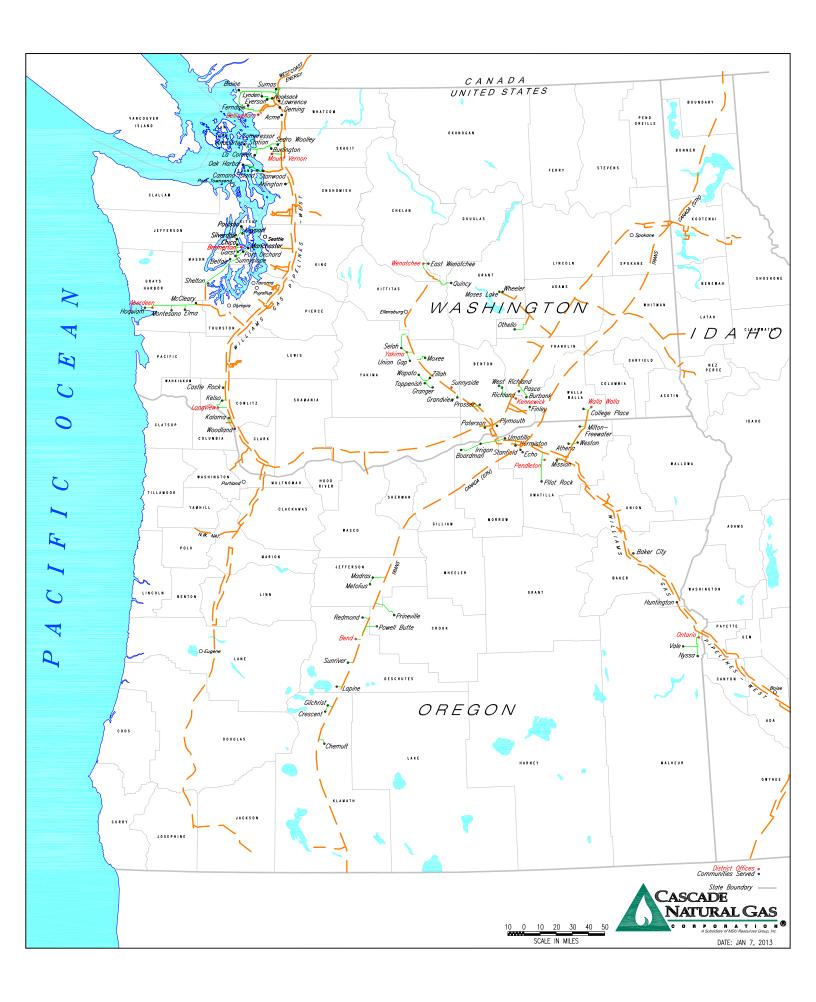
	e of Respondent	This (1)	s Rep	ort Is:	D	Date of Report Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation				An Original A Resubmission	(1	12/31/2017	End of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Auxiliary Pea	king F	acilit	ies	•	•		
nstal 2. F or o 3. F	Report below auxiliary facilities of the respondent for meeting seasonal lations, gas liquefaction plants, oil gas sets, etc. For column (c), for underground storage projects, report the delivery cather facilities, report the rated maximum daily delivery capacities. For column (d), include or exclude (as appropriate) the cost of any plar rate plant as contemplated by general instruction 12 of the Uniform Sy	apacit nt use	y on I d join	February 1 of the he	ating	ı season overlapping	the year-end for which t	is report is s
_ine No.	Location of Type of Facility (a) (b)			Maximum Dai Delivery Capar of Facility Dth (c)		Cost of Facility (in dollars) (d)	Was Facility Operated on Day of Highest Transmission Peak Delivery?	
1	None			, ,		. ,		
2								
3								
4								
5								
6 7					_			
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16 17								
18					_			
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26 27								
28								
29								
30								

·					Date of		Year/F	Period of Report		
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation				n Original Resubmis	ssion	(Mo, Da 12/31	i, Yr) 1/2017	End	of <u>2017/Q4</u>	
	Gas Account	(2)			SIUII	12/01			<u> </u>	-
The					and ant					-
	 purpose of this schedule is to account for the quantity of natural gas received a ural gas means either natural gas unmixed or any mixture of natural and manufa 			by the respo	niuent.					
	er in column (c) the year to date Dth as reported in the schedules indicated for the		•	ceipts and c	leliveries.					
I. Ente	er in column (d) the respective quarter's Dth as reported in the schedules indica	ted for	the iten	ns of receip	ts and del	iveries.				
	cate in a footnote the quantities of bundled sales and transportation gas and spe	•					l.			
	e respondent operates two or more systems which are not interconnected, subr			ū			(4) d l l	P. 4.91 - 42		
	cate by footnote the quantities of gas not subject to Commission regulation whic cal distribution company portion of the reporting pipeline (2) the quantities that the									
	he received through gathering facilities or intrastate facilities, but not through any									
	t or that were not transported through any interstate portion of the reporting pipe					9 -	, (-, g-		,	
3. Indi	cate in a footnote the specific gas purchase expense account(s) and related to	which t	he aggr	regate volur	nes report	ted on line N	lo. 3 relate.			
	cate in a footnote (1) the system supply quantities of gas that are stored by the									
	e during the same reporting year, (2) the system supply quantities of gas that a	re store	ed by th	ne reporting	pipeline d	luring the re	porting year which	ch the re	porting pipeline inte	ends to
•	ing year, and (3) contract storage quantities. so indicate the volumes of pipeline production field sales that are included in bot	th the c	ากพกลกง	v's total sal	es figure s	and the com	nany's total trans	nortatio	figure Add addition	ional inf
ootno		iii tiie c	ompan	y 3 total 3al	es ligure a	and the com	party 3 total trails	portation	r rigure. Add addition	Unai iiii
001110										
					Ref. Pa	ge No. o	Total Amou	ınt Cu	rrent Three Mon	ths
ine	Item				(FERC I	Form Nos.	of Dth	En	ded Amount of D) th
No.					2/2	-A)	Year to Da	te	Quarterly Only	
	(a)				(b)	(c)		(d)	
)1 Na	ame of System:									1
2	GAS RECEIVED									i
3	Gas Purchases (Accounts 800-805)						34.81	16,711		1
4	Gas of Others Received for Gathering (Account 489.1)				30	3		-,-		-
5	Gas of Others Received for Transmission (Account 489.2)				30					1
6	Gas of Others Received for Distribution (Account 489.3)				30					1
7	Gas of Others Received for Contract Storage (Account 489.4)				30					1
8		nt 400) and 4	101)		1				-
	Gas of Others Received for Production/Extraction/Processing (Accou	m 490	and 4	+91)	20	0				-
9	Exchanged Gas Received from Others (Account 806)				32					-
10	Gas Received as Imbalances (Account 806)				32					_
11	Receipts of Respondent's Gas Transported by Others (Account 858)				33	2				_
12	Other Gas Withdrawn from Storage (Explain)						1,29	6,598		-
13	Gas Received from Shippers as Compressor Station Fuel									-
14	Gas Received from Shippers as Lost and Unaccounted for									_
15	Other Receipts (Specify) (footnote details)							30,849		_
16	Total Receipts (Total of lines 3 thru 15)						125,79	94,158		_
7	GAS DELIVERED									4
8	Gas Sales (Accounts 480-484)						33,93	31,150		
19	Deliveries of Gas Gathered for Others (Account 489.1)				30	3]
20	Deliveries of Gas Transported for Others (Account 489.2)				30	5	89,68	30,849]
21	Deliveries of Gas Distributed for Others (Account 489.3)				30	1]
22	Deliveries of Contract Storage Gas (Account 489.4)				30	7				1
23	Gas of Others Delivered for Production/Extraction/Processing (Accou	int 490	and 4	491)						1
24	Exchange Gas Delivered to Others (Account 806)				32	8				1
25	Gas Delivered as Imbalances (Account 806)				32					1
26	Deliveries of Gas to Others for Transportation (Account 858)				33					1
27	Other Gas Delivered to Storage (Explain)			+			1.54	17,691		1
28	Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel				50	9	1,3	,,,,,		1
29	Other Deliveries and Gas Used for Other Operations			+	30	-	າ	2,823		1
30	Total Deliveries (Total of lines 18 thru 29)							32,513		1
							120,18	ر کر ا		
31	GAS LOSSES AND GAS UNACCOUNTED FOR						-	1.640		4
32	Gas Losses and Gas Unaccounted For						61	1,646		
33	TOTALS									4
34	Total Deliveries, Gas Losses & Unaccounted For (Total of lines 30 a	nd 32))				125,79	94,159		1
										_

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
	System Maps		

- 1. Furnish five copies of a system map (one with each filed copy of this report) of the facilities operated by the respondent for the production, gathering, transportation, and sale of natural gas. New maps need not be furnished if no important change has occurred in the facilities operated by the respondent since the date of the maps furnished with a previous year's annual report. If, however, maps are not furnished for this reason, reference should be made in the space below to the year's annual report with which the maps were furnished.
- 2. Indicate the following information on the maps:
 - (a) Transmission lines.
 - (b) Incremental facilities.
 - (c) Location of gathering areas.
 - (d) Location of zones and rate areas.
 - (e) Location of storage fields.
 - (f) Location of natural gas fields.
 - (g) Location of compressor stations.
 - (h) Normal direction of gas flow (indicated by arrows).
 - (i) Size of pipe.
 - (j) Location of products extraction plants, stabilization plants, purification plants, recycling areas, etc.
 - (k) Principal communities receiving service through the respondent's pipeline.
- 3. In addition, show on each map: graphic scale of the map; date of the facts the map purports to show; a legend giving all symbols and abbreviations used; designations of facilities leased to or from another company, giving name of such other company.
- 4. Maps not larger than 24 inches square are desired. If necessary, however, submit larger maps to show essential information. Fold the maps to a size not larger then this report. Bind the maps to the report.

See attached map.



Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
· ·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 234 Line No.: 4 Column: g

Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and OR rate change adjustments

Schedule Page: 234 Line No.: 4 Column: i
Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and OR rate change adjustments

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 260 Line No.: 8 Column: a

The loss associated with each reacquisition consists of a reacquisistion premium, other reacquisistion expenses, and remaining unamortized issuance costs (Account 181) at the time of reacquisition.

(1) 7.5% Notes were reacquired in March 2007 and refunded by 5.79% Senior Notes for \$40,000,000 due 3/08/2037. The remaining unamortized debt expense of \$1,229,120 was reclassified to unamortized loss on reacquired debt.

	•		Name of Respondent			
)	(Mo, Da, Yr)	(1) <u>X</u> An Original				
2017/Q4	12/31/2017	(2) _ A Resubmission	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			
	FOOTNOTE DATA					
	12/31/2017	\	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			

Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 5 Column: a		
Customer Advances - 2520.000 to 2520.2991		572,669
CIAC		494,111
Tax Gain (loss) on disposal of assets:		- 1
Pre-1981 assets		(443,298)
Post-1980 assets		<u>(784,713)</u>
		<u>(****,****)</u>
	Total	(161,231)
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 10 Column: a		(101,001)
Tax Expense		8,732,812
Depreciation provision		28,190,594
Vacation Accrual - current year		1,923,846
Bad Debt Expense		1,228,412
SFAS No. 87 accrual-SERP/SISP		753,738
Retiree Medical Accrual		291,067
Prepaid Accrual		209,142
Incentive accrual		166,761
Amort of loss on reacquired debt (4281)		40,971
SFAS No. 87 pension plan accrual		(199,333)
Permanent Diff's:		(100,000)
50% of business meals & entertainment		159,273
Lobbying (5912.4264)		128,933
2000 yiii g (00 12: 120 1)		120,000
	Total	41,626,216
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 20 Column: a		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Depreciation & amortization of plant		(26,547,005)
Deferred Gas Costs		(11,278,210)
MAOP Deferred Costs WA/OR		(4,351,630)
Vacation accrual - prior year		(1,802,092)
Bad debts written off		(1,228,243)
Incentive accrual - prior year		(1,212,601)
Repairs Deduction		(1,074,599)
Section 174 costs		(771,889)
SERP/SISP-perm difference piece		(735,544)
Bremerton & Eugene MGP expenses		(663,163)
SERP-benefit payments out of plan		(603,443)
Prepaid Expenses		(311,595)
Retiree Medical payments		(287,835)
401K Dividends (MDUR)		(155,207)
FAS158 adjustments		(35,420)
Oregon State Income Tax		(21,289)
Royalty Income (15% of receipts)		(1,617)
263A Adjustment - UNICAP		2,385
200/ (Adjustment Ortio/ ti		<u>2,000</u>
	Total	(51,078,997)
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 31 Column: a	rotar	(0.1,0.1.0,00.1)
Difference between 12/31/16 accrual and tax retur	n	(2,574,088)
Prior year adjustments		(667,189)
Tax Reform		441,582
-		
	Total	(2,799,695)
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 32 Column: a		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Allocated to: 409.1	409.2	Total
FERC FORM NO. 2 (12-96)	Page	
1 E110 1 OTHER 110. E (12-00)	ı aye i	OOE. 1

Name of Respondent			This Report is: (1) <u>X</u> An Origina	1	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Cor	poration		(2) _ A Resubm		12/31/2017	2017/Q4
			FOOTNOTE DATA			
Washington	(1,508,118)	(1	1,024)	(1,	509,142)	
3	(, ,	•	,- ,	()	,	
Oregon	(726,061)		(341)	(<u>726,402)</u>	
Total	(2,234,179)	(1	1,365)	(2,2	235,544)	
Schedule Page: 261		Column: a				
Taxable Income for Fe				1,6	11,861	
Oregon adjustments to			E. Janel Datan		04.000	
Oregon State Income		leauctea from I	rederai Return		21,289	
Bonus Depreciation a Taxable Income for Or					<u>53,611)</u> 79,539	
Oregon Apportionmen					79,539 3.7483%	
Oregon Taxable Incom					80,120	
Oregon Tax Rate				_	7.60%	
Estimated Tax Return Oregon Income Tax					21,289	
Adjustments:	Ü				,	
Difference between 1	2/31/16 accrua	l and tax return	Ì	(147,330)	
Prior year adjustmen	ts				(25,171)	
Tax Reform					23,190	
Provsion for Current C	regon Income 1	Гах		(128,022)	
Allocated to:	<u>409.1</u>	4	09.2	<u>Tot</u>	tal .	
Total	(129,101)	1,	,079	(12	8,022)	

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
· ·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 3 Column: g

Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase.

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 3 Column: i
Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 338 Line No.: 9 Column: a

Depreciation is accrued monthly on the average balance in each plant account using a rate specific to the account. The average balance is the simple average of the balance at the beginning of the month and at the end of the month. The amounts shown below represent the year-end balances of depreciable plant and the weighted average composite rates based on year-end balances in each category.

	<u>Wash</u>	nington	Ore	<u>egon</u>
Description	Depreciable Plant Base (Thousands)	Composite Rate (Percent)	Depreciable Plant Base (Thousands)	Composite Rate (Percent)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Intangible plant	31,357		12,240	
Manufactured gas production	0		0	
Transmission plant	17,600	1.73%	5,863	1.93%
Distribution plant	660,161	2.59%	183,420	2.85%
General plant	48,465	3.66%	17,057	3.65%
Total -	757,583	2.83%	218,580	3.08%

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2017	2017/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 354 Line No.: 75 Column: a PTO/Incentive/Severance Pay Liabilities \$1,94

\$1,949,366

INDEX	
Accrued and prepaid taxes	262-263
Accumulated provision for depreciation of	
gas utility plant	219
utility plant (summary)	200-201
Advance to associated companies	222
Associated companies	
advances from	256
advances to	222-223
control over respondent	102
corporations controlled by respondent	103
investment in	222-223
service contracts charges	357
Attestation 1	
Balance Sheet, comparative	110-113
Bonds	256-257
Capital Stock	250-251
discount	254
expense	254
premiums	252
reacquired	251
subscribed	252
Cash flows, statement of	120-121
Changes important during the year	108
Compressor Stations	508-509
Construction	
overhead procedures, general description of	218
work in progress other utility departments	200-201
Contracts, service charges	357
Control	
corporations controlled by respondent	103
over respondent	102
security holders and voting powers	107
CPA Certification, this report form	i
Current and accrued	
liabilities, miscellaneous	268
Deferred	222
credits, other	269
debits, miscellaneous	233
income taxes, accumulated	234-235
income taxes, accumulated-other property	274-275
income taxes, accumulated-other	276-277
regulatory expenses	350-351
Definitions, this report form	iv
Depletion	000 000
amortization and depreciation of gas plant	336-338
and amortization of producing natural gas land and land rights	336-338
Depreciation	000 000
gas plant	336-338
gas plant in service	219
Discount on Capital Stock	254

Dividend appropriations Earnings, retained Exchange and imbalance transactions Expenses, gas operation and maintenance Extraordinary property losses Filing Requirements, this report form Footnote Data Gas account natural	118-119 118-119 328 320-325 230 i-iii 551-552
Gas exchanged, natural received stored underground used in utility operations, credit plant in service Gathering revenues General description of construction overhead procedures General information Income	328 328 220 331 204-209 302-303 218 101
deductions details 340 statement of, for year Installments received on capital stock	256-259, 114-116 252
Interest on debt to associated companies on long-term from investment, advances, etc. Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2	340 256-257 i-iii
Investment in associated companies other222-223	222-223
subsidiary companies securities disposed of during year temporary cash Law, excerpts applicable to this report form List of Schedules, this report form Legal proceedings during year	224-225 222-223 222-223 iv 2-3 108
Long-term debt assumed during year retained during year Management and engineering contracts	256-257 255 255 357
Map, system 522 Miscellaneous general expense	335
Notes Payable, advances from associated companies to balance sheet to financial statement to statement of income for the year	256-257 122 122 122
Operating expenses gas revenues gas	317-325 300-301
Other donations received from stockholders	253

ı		
	gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock	253
	miscellaneous paid-in capital	253
	other supplies expense	334
	paid-in capital	253
	reduction in par or stated value of capital stock	253
ł	regulatory assets	232
ŀ	regulatory liabilities	278
		518
1	Peak deliveries, transmission system,	
l	Peaking facilities, auxiliary	519
1	Plant gas	040
1	construction work in progress	216
Ì	held for future use	214
١		040
ł	leased from others	212
	leased to others	213
	PlantUtility	
	accumulated provisions (summary)	200-201
	leased to others, income from	213
	Premium on capital stock	252
	Prepaid taxed	
	262-263	
	Prepayments	
	230	
	Professional services, charges for	357
١	Property losses, extraordinary	230
	Reacquired	
	capital stock	250-251
1	·	
-1	long-term debt	256-257
	long-term debt Receivers' certificate	
	Receivers' certificate	256-257
	Receivers certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes	256-257 261
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses	256-257 261 350-351
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred	256-257 261
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings appropriated	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings appropriated statement of	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings appropriated statement of unappropriated Revenues	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355 222-223 107 222-223 222-223
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355 222-223 107 222-223 222-223 255
	Receivers' certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355 222-223 107 222-223 225-223 255 255
	Receivers certificate Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income from Federal income taxes Regulatory commission expenses Regulatory commission expenses deferred Retained earnings	256-257 261 350-351 232 118-119 118-119 306-307 302-303 304-305 300 354-355 222-223 107 222-223 222-223 255

Stock liability for conversion	256-257 252
Storage	E40 E40
of natural gas, underground	512-513
revenues	306-307
Taxes	
accrued and prepaid	262-263
charged during the year	262-263
on income, deferred accumulated	222-223,
	234-235
reconciliation of net income for	261
Transmission	
and compression of gas by others	332
lines	514
revenues	304-305
system peak deliveries	518
Unamortized	
debt discount and expense	258-259
loss and gain on reacquired debt	260
premium on debt	258-259
Underground	200 200
	512-513
storage of natural gas, expense, operating data, plant	230
Unrecovered plant and regulatory study costs	230





MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Building a Strong America®

(2017)

Annual Report / Form 10-K / Proxy Statement



2017 MDU Resources Group, Inc.



MDU Resources Group, Inc. is a member of the S&P MidCap 400 index and the S&P High-Yield Dividend Aristocrats index. We are Building a Strong America® by providing essential products and services through our regulated energy delivery and construction materials and services businesses.





10,140 employees

1.6 Bcf/day

1.1 million





13th

1 billion



78 cents

Paid dividends
80
consecutive years

Increased dividends

27

consecutive years

• \$284.2 million / \$1.45 epsoperations of the following continuing from continuing continuing from continuing



Building a Strong America®

Highlights

Years ended December 31,	2017	2016
	(In millions, wh	nere applicable)
Operating revenues	\$4,443.4	\$4,128.8
Operating income	\$ 428.7	\$ 409.1
Earnings on common stock from continuing operations	\$ 284.2	\$ 232.4
Earnings on common stock, including discontinued operations	\$ 280.4	\$ \$63.7
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$ 1.45	\$ 1.19
Earnings per common share, including discontinued operations	\$ 1.43	\$.33
Dividends declared per common share	\$.775	\$.755
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	195.7	195.6
Total assets	\$ 6,335	\$ 6,284
Total equity	\$ 2,429	\$ 2,316
Total debt	\$ 1,715	\$ 1,790
Capitalization ratios:		
δtal equity	58.6%	56.4%
Total debt	41.4	43.6
	100%	100%
Price/earnings from continuing operations ratio (12 months ended)	18.5x	24.2x
Book value per common share	\$ 12.44	\$ 11.78
Market value as a percent of book value	216.1%	244.2%
Employees	10,140	9,598

Forward-looking statements: This Annual Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements should be read with the cautionary statements and important factors included in "Part I, Forward-Looking Statements" and "Item 1A — Risk Factors" of the company's "2017 Form 10-K." Forward-looking statements are all statements other than statements of historic fact, including without limitation those statements that are identified by the words anticipates, estimates, expects, intends, plans, predicts and similar expressions.

Electric and natural gas utility areas

 Electric generating stations States of operations

Regulated Energy Delivery

Electric and Natural Gas Utilities

MDU Resources Group's utility companies serve approximately 1.1 million customers. Cascade Natural Corporation distributes natural gas in Oregon and Washington. Great Plains Natural Gas Co. distribute supply related value-added services.





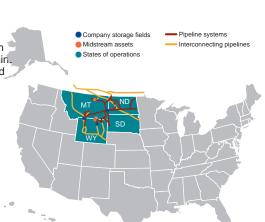
Revenues (millions)	
Electric	\$342.8
Natural gas	\$848.4
Earnings (millions)	
Electric	\$49.4
Natural gas	\$32.2
Electric retail sales (million kWh)	3,306.5
Natural gas distribution (MMdk)	
Sales	112.5
Transportation	144.5

Pipeline and Midstream

WBI Energy provides natural gas transportation, underground storage and gathering services through regulated and nonregulated pipeline systems primarily in the Rocky Mountain and northern Great Plain. regions of the United States. This segment also provides cathodic protection and other energy-related

2017 Key Statistics

Revenues (millions)	\$122.2
Earnings (millions)	\$20.5
Pipeline (MMdk)	
Transportation	312.5
Gathering	161



Construction Materials and Services

Construction Materials and Contracting

Knife River Corporation mines aggregates and markets crushed stone, sand, gravel and related construction materials, including ready-mix concrete, cement, asphalt, liquid asphalt and other valueadded products. It also performs integrated contracting services.

Construction Services

MDU Construction Services Group provides inside and outside specialty contracting services, including constructing and maintaining electric and communication lines, gas pipelines, re suppression systems, and external lighting and traf c signalization. It also provides utility excavation and inside electrical and mechanical services, and manufactures and distributes transmission line construction equipment and supplies.

2017 Key Statistics

2017 Noy Olalislics	
Revenues (millions)	
Construction materials	\$1,812.5
Construction services	\$1,367.6
Earnings (millions)	
Construction materials	\$123.4
Construction services	\$53.3
Construction materials sales (thou	sands)
Aggregates (tons)	28,213
Asphalt (tons)	6,237
Ready-mix concrete (cubic yards)	3,548
Construction materials aggregate	
reserves (billion tons)	1.0



Construction materials locations

Report to Stockholders

e are very pleased with our 2017 million in 2016. e 2017 results include a operating results. e year \$6.4 million charge related to an underscored the strength of our adjustment of net deferred tax assets two-pillar strategy, with both our regulated resulting from tax reform. In 2017, we sold the 2025 timeframe.

energy delivery businesses and our construction materials and services businesses performing well. We are optimistic about 2018, as well, with a high 2 percent and our service territories volume of work in the queue for our construction companies and growth opportunities well underway at our regulated energy companies. We are con dent our company will continue to provide the long-term returns you expect from your investment.

Earnings in 2017 from continuing operations were \$284.2 million, or \$1.45 per share, compared to 2016 earnings from and we will nalize the estimated \$85 continuing operations of \$232.4 million, or million purchase of these assets when the \$1.19 per share. Including discontinued operations, MDU Resources reported 2017With the addition, our electric generation earnings of \$280.4 million, or \$1.43 per share, compared to \$63.7 million, or 33 renewables. cents per share, in 2016. e company recorded a bene t in the fourth quarter of \$39.5 million, or 20 cents per share, to 2017 early 1.1 million customers to keep earnings attributable to the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into continue our investments in upgrading and adjustment of net deferred tax assets law Dec. 22. Absent the bene t from tax reform, our earnings from continuing operations were up 6 cents per share or approximately 5 percent.

is year, we are celebrating our 70th year North Dakota, to Big Stone City, South of being listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Only a handful of companies have been on the exchange as long as ourexpected to be complete in 2019, will help our pipeline business performed very well. We also are listed on Standard & Poor's High-Yield Dividend Aristocrat index. In November, we increased our dividend for other growth projects on our system the 27th consecutive year, and we have paidnderway that will serve new markets, sucto two growth projects that we completed dividends uninterrupted for 80 years. Fewer than 100 other U.S.-listed companies complete this year to deliver natural gasincreased pipeline capacity about 62 have increased their dividend as many consecutive years as MDU Resources.

Utility sees growth in sales, customers

Our electric and natural gas utility businesplan we led in 2017 with the North earned \$81.6 million, compared to \$69.3 Dakota Public Service Commission

2 percent more electricity and 13 percent more natural gas than we did in 2016. primarily because our customer base grewfacilities is a signi cant e ort to recover experienced colder weather. Cost recovery recovery for our electric utility was through regulatory relief also contributed to the earnings increase.

We recently announced that we will buy the under Spirit Wind farm expansion in southwestern North Dakota. We already own the original 107.5-megawatt under Spirit Wind farm. Construction on the

project is complete at the end of this year. Pipeline business portfolio will be approximately 27 percent

We expect our utility customer base of growing 1 to 2 percent annually, and we expanding our facilities across our system resulting from tax reform. e decrease in to safely and reliably meet demand. Construction continues through this year on our joint-venture transmission line project, which stretches from Ellendale, Dakota. is Midcontinent Independent System Operator-approved project,

as the 21-mile, 12-inch pipeline we expect in the second quarter. ese projects

to a manufacturing facility and other potential customers in Gwinner, North Dakota.

Based on our customer and demand growth projections, the integrated resourcewe are focused on additional organic

indicates that we expect it will be necessary to develop a large, combined-cycle natural gas- red electric generation facility around

Coinciding with investments in our costs through regulatory relief. Rate approved in every jurisdiction, including by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, in 2017. We expect our rate base in the next ve years to continue growing 6 percent annually on a compound basis. Our utility operations also must le plans with each state regulatory agency in our service territory regarding tax reform's 16-turbine, 48-MW expansion is underwayimpacts to customers, so it will be a busy year for our regulatory team.

continues organic growth

Our pipeline and midstream business earned \$20.5 million in 2017, compared to \$23.4 million in 2016. e 2017 results include a \$200,000 charge related to an earnings re ects the absence of results from the Pronghorn natural gas processing facility, a er selling our interest in the assets at the start of 2017 and receiving approximately \$100 million in proceeds.

While our earnings may have been lower, move electricity from renewable generationWe transported a record volume of natural sources to the MISO market. We also havegas through our system in 2017, up nearly 10 percent over 2016. is was due, in part, million cubic feet per day.

> With our pipeline system situated in the heart of the Bakken region, which is producing record volumes of natural gas, growth projects that will help move that gas to market. In 2018, we expect to

complete our 38-mile, 16-inch Valley Expansion project that will connect our existing system near Mapleton, North Dakota, to a third-party pipeline near Felton, Minnesota. We also this year will construct a 13-mile, 24-inch expansion project, which we call Line Section 27, in the heart of the Bakken near Watford City, year. Unfortunately, some of our own North Dakota. When these projects are capacity will exceed 1.8 billion cubic feet per day.

retail areas. In outside work, we saw a strong uptick in equipment sales and rentals and engaged in a variety of storm-recovery work, helping utility a ected by hurricane activity during the employees su ered devastating losses as a Year-end backlog of \$708 million for this completed, our natural gas transportation result of natural disasters this year, and we business was up 49 percent compared to continue assisting those impacted.

Early in 2017, we announced that we sold

turnkey engineering, procurement and construction on this 17.5-megawatt community solar project, installing more transmission projects. We also performed than 51,400 solar photovoltaic panels on an 80-acre site. Our company is ranked No. 26 companies and their customers who were on Solar Power World's 2017 Top 500 U.S. Solar Contractors list.

> 2016. We are the 13th largest specialty contractor in the U.S., according to

Additional projects are in the early stages our membership interests in Nevada Valley of planning, and we look forward to providing you with more information about those as they progress.

Construction services revenues set record

e construction services business had record revenues in 2017 of \$1.37 billion and earned \$53.3 million, compared to 2016's earnings of \$33.9 million. e 2017 results include a bene t of \$4.3 million from an adjustment to net deferred tax liabilities resulting from

tax reform.

We saw higher workloads and margins in 2017 in both inside specialty electrical contracting work and outside specialty electrical contracting work. Within our inside work, we saw particularly high demand in the high-tech, manufacturing and

Solar Solutions II LLC. We provided MDU Resources Group,

MDU Resources Group Chair Harry J. Pearce, le, and MDU Resources Group President and Chief Executive O cer David L. Goodin.

Specialty Contractors list, and we have more than 5,000 skilled employees workinghe \$52 billion infrastructure plan across 47 states for this business. We are approved in California and the \$5.3 billion exploring acquisition opportunities in construction services to further grow our Oregon. We are closely following the market share.

Construction materials has strong nish to year

Earnings at our construction materials business were \$123.4 million in 2017, compared to \$102.7 million in 2016. e 2017 results include a bene t of \$41.9 million from an adjustment to net deferred acquisition opportunities this year for this tax liabilities resulting from tax reform.

Our construction materials operations

were impacted early in 2017 by above-

average precipitation in nearly every market and natural disasters in some areas. In fact, precipitation was so heavy in someWe expect 2018 to provide clarity on the areas, Knife River Corporation was called impacts the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act we have in place to protect your investment. on to help complete emergency work, including repairs on the Oroville Dam in California when concerns surfaced over the bene t of the lower income tax dam's ability to withstand ooding. A slowdown of construction work in

energy-producing states, such as Alaska,

North Dakota and Wyoming, also

impacted our operations.

Despite the slow start to the year, favorables. weather in the fourth quarter allowed our construction materials operations to successfully complete a number of projects, we saw through 2017 continues into this especially in our western markets. We have strong momentum coming into this year, and we are optimistic about the 2018 spring ompanies, with planned capital investment construction bidding season.

Our nearly 1 billion tons of aggregate reserves in growing markets means we areo this investment. We have the nancial well-positioned to execute on additional

Engineering News Record's 2017 Top 600 opportunities provided by state and local well, with our strong balance sheet, good infrastructure spending initiatives, such asliquidity and a BBB+ credit rating with a

> transportation funding bill passed in national conversation on the proposed \$1.5 passion for Building a Strong America® trillion federal infrastructure package as well and look forward to the projects it would present for both our construction materials and services businesses.

e construction materials business ended the year with backlog of \$486 million, our third best on record. We are evaluating business to expand our footprint in existing and adjacent markets.

Optimism high going into 2018

will have on our company. With regard to our regulated businesses, customers will rates through the regulatory process. On the construction side of our operations, we and we thank you for your continued anticipate tax reform will result in our customers having more capital to invest in their businesses, which in turn will provide additional project bidding opportunities for

We are excited as the mounting momentum Chair of the Board strong prospects for growth at all our of \$2.3 billion over the next ve years, including \$628 million slated for projects this year. Acquisitions will be incremental

exibility to execute on these projects, as

stable outlook from our rating agencies.

Our employees are a vital component of our growth equation. eir drive and helps us successfully provide our customers with the best possible products and services. It is their attention to safety and integrity that makes them the best in the industries in which we operate. It is their concern for their neighbors and each other that make them indispensable in their workplace and their communities.

Our board of directors and management team also play key roles in ensuring our operations are sustainable, by continuing to guide corporate strategy and ensuring diligence in governance, nancial, environmental, social and cybersecurity practices. We constantly review the controls

We look forward to continuing to provide you with the long-term value you expect from your ownership in MDU Resources, support of our company.

Harry J. Pearce

President and Chief Executive O cer

February 23, 2018

Board of Directors



Harry J. Pearce 75 (21) Detroit, Michigan

Chair of MDU Resources Board of Directors

Retired, formerly chair of Hughes Electronics Corp., a subsidiary of General Motors Corp., and former vice chair and director of GM; on the board of several organizations.

Expertise:Multinational business management, leadership, nance, engineering and law.



David L. Goodin 56 (5) Bismarck, North Dakota

President and Chief Executive O cer of MDU Resources

Formerly president and chief executive o cer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.



Thomas Everist 68 (23)

Sioux Falls, South Dakota

President and chair of e Everist Co., formerly a construction materials company; a director of several corporations.

Expertise:Business management, construction and sand, gravel and aggregate production.



Karen B. Fagg 64 (13)

Billings, Montana

Retired, formerly vice president of DOWL HKM and formerly chair, chief executive o cer and majority owner of HKM Engineering Inc.; on the board of several organizations.

Expertise:Engineering, construction and business management.



Mark A. Hellerstein 65 (5)

Denver, Colorado

Retired, formerly chair, president and chief executive o cer of St. Mary Land & Exploration Co.; a former director of Transocean

Expertise:Energy industry, business management, accounting and nance.



A. Bart Holaday 75 (10) Denver, Colorado, and Grand

Forks, North Dakota

Retired, formerly managing director of Private Markets Group of UBS Asset Management; on the board of several organizations.

Expertise:Energy industry. business development, nance and



Dennis W. Johnson 68 (17)

Dickinson, North Dakota

Vice Chair of MDU Resources Board of Directors

Chair, president and chief executive o cer of TMI Corp., an architectural woodwork manufacturer; former president of the Dickinson City Commission: a former director of Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis.

Expertise:Business management, engineering and nance.



William E. McCracken

75 (5) Warren, New Jersey

Retired, formerly chair and chief

executive o cer of CA Technologies; previously held executive positions with IBM Corp.: on the board of several organizations; a former director of IKON O ce Solutions Inc.

Expertise:Multinational business management, corporate governance, technology and cybersecurity.



Patricia L. Moss 64 (15)

Bend, Oregon

Formerly vice chair, president and chief executive o cer of Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades; a director of First Interstate BancSystem Inc.

Expertise:Finance, banking, business development and human resources.



John K. Wilson 63 (15) Omaha, Nebraska

Formerly president of Durham Resources LLC, a privately held nancial management company, and formerly a director of a mutual fund: on the board of several organizations.

Expertise:Public utilities, accounting and nance.

Audit Committee Dennis W. Johnson, Chair Mark A. Hellerstein A. Bart Holaday John K. Wilson

Compensation Committee

omas Everist, Chair Karen B. Fagg William E. McCracken Patricia L. Moss

Nominating and Governance Committee Karen B. Fagg, Chair A. Bart Holaday William E. McCracken Patricia L. Moss

Numbers indicate age and years of service () on the MDU Resources Board of Directors as of December 31, 2017.

Corporate Management



David L. Goodin 56 (35)

President and Chief Executive O cer of MDU Resources

Serves on the company's Board of Directors and as chair of the board of all major subsidiary companies; formerly president and chief executive o cer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.



David C. Barney

President and Chief Executive O cer of Knife River Corporation

Formerly held executive and management positions with Knife River.



Trevor J. Hastings

President and Chief Executive O cer of WBI Holdings, Inc.

Formerly vice president of business development and operations support with Knife River Corporation.



Anne M. Jones 54 (36)

Vice President of Human Resources of MDU Resources

Formerly vice president of human resources, customer service and safety of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.



Nicole A. Kivisto

President and Chief Executive O cer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.

Formerly vice president of operations of Great Plains Natural Gas and Montana-Dakota Utilities.



Daniel S. Kuntz

Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of MDU Resources

Serves as general counsel and secretary of all major subsidiary companies; formerly associate general counsel and assistant secretary of MDU Resources.



Peggy A. Link

Vice President and Chief Information O cer of MDU Resources

Formerly assistant vice president of technology and cybersecurity o cer of MDU Resources.



Jeffrey S. Thiede 55 (14)

President and Chief Executive O cer of MDU Construction Services Group, Inc.

Formerly held executive and management positions with MDU Construction Services Group



Jason L. Vollmer

Vice President, Chief Financial O cer and Treasurer of MDU

Formerly vice president, chief accounting o cer and treasuer of MDU Resources.

6[OLY *VYWVYH[L HUK :LUPVY

Stephanie A. Barth, 45 (22)

Vice President, Chief Accounting O cer and Controller of MDU Resources

ManTagnenhebit Cl6alvilgës LYZ

Dennis L. Haider executive vice president of business development of MDU Resources, retired e ective June 12, 2017.

Jason L. Vollmer was named vice president, chief nancial o cer and treasurer of MDU Resources e ective September 30, 2017. He replaced Doran N. Schwartz, who resigned September 29, 2017.

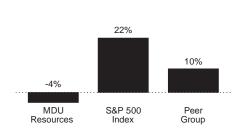
Stephanie A. Barth was named vice president, chief accounting o cer and controller of MDU Resources e ective September 30, 2017, upon Jason L. Vollmer's promotion to vice president, chief nancial o cer and treasurer.

Trevor J. Hastings was named president and chief executive o cer of WBI Holdings, Inc. e ective October 16, 2017. He replaced Martin A. Fritz, who resigned e ective May 23, 2017.

Stockholder Return Comparison

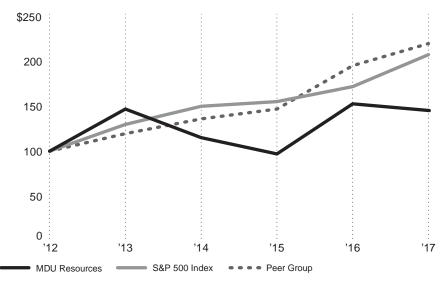
Comparison of One-Year Total Stockholder Return

(as of December 31, 2017)



Comparison of Five-Year Total Stockholder Return

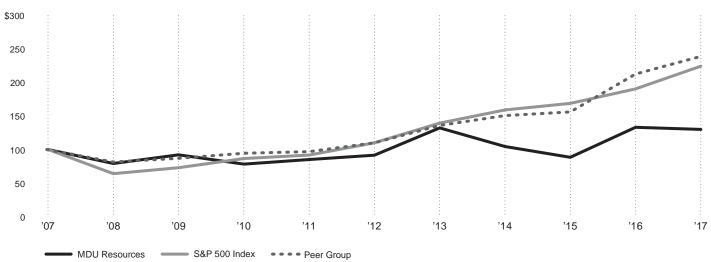
\$100 invested December 31, 2012, in MDU Resources was worth \$146.85 at year-end 2017.



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
MDU Resources Group,	Inc.\$100.00	\$147.54	\$116.28	\$94.22	\$152.68	\$146.85
S&P 500 Index	100.00	132.39	150.51	152.59	170.84	208.14
Peer Group	100.00	122.43	139.60	146.50	198.50	219.29

Comparison of 10-Year Total Stockholder Return (in dollars)

\$100 invested December 31, 2007, in MDU Resources was worth \$130.91 at year-end 2017.



	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
MDU Resources Grou	ıp, Inc\$100.00	\$79.94	\$90.24	\$80.02	\$87.33	\$89.14	\$131.53	\$103.66	\$83.99	\$136.10	\$130.91
S&P 500 Index	100.00	63.00	79.67	91.68	93.61	108.59	143.76	163.44	165.71	185.52	226.03
Peer Group	100.00	8287	86.90	93.36	96.27	109.18	133.67	152.43	159.96	216.73	239.43

Stockholder Return Comparison

Data is indexed to December 31, 2016, for Peer group issuers are ALLETE, Inc., the one-year total stockholder return comparison, December 31, 2012, for the ve-year total stockholder return comparison and December 31, 2007, for the Granite Construction Incorporated, for MDU Resources, the S&P 500 and the Marietta Materials, Inc., MYR Group Inc., peer group. Total stockholder return is calculated using the December 31 price for Natural Gas Company, NorthWestern are reinvested in stock at the frequency paid, and the returns of each component peer issuer of the group are weighted according to the issuer's stock market capitalization at the beginning of the period.

Alliant Energy Corporation, Atmos Energy Corporation, Avista Corporation, Black Hills Corporation, EMCOR Group, Inc., 10-year total stockholder return comparison DACORP, Inc., IES Holdings, Inc., Martin National Fuel Gas Company, Northwest each year. It is assumed that all dividends Corporation, Quanta Services, Inc., Sterling Construction Company, Inc., U.S. Concrete, Inc., Vectren Corporation and Vulcan Materials Company.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

€ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the fiscal year ended December€31, 2017

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _______ to ______

Commission file number 1-03480

MDU RESOURCES GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

41-0423660

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or€organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1200 West Century Avenue
P.O. Box 5650
Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(701) 530-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Name of each exchange on which registered

Common Stock, par value \$1.00

New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule€405 of the Securities Act. Yes€No o.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section€13 or Section€15(d) of the Exchange Act. ¥s€o No €.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section€13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12€months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90€days. Yes €€No o.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule€405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12€months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes€€ No o.

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item€405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part€III of this Form€10-K or any amendment to this Form€10-K. €

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule€12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated filer€

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting companyo Emerging growth companyo

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Acto

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule€12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes€o No €.

State the aggregate market value of the voting common stock held by nonaffiliates of the registrant as of June€30, 2017: \$5,116,974,651.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, as of February€15, 2018: 195,304,376€shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORTED BY REFERENCE

Relevant portions of the registrant's 2018 Proxy Statement, to be filed no later than 120 days from December€31, 2017, are incorporated by reference in Part€III, Items€10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of this Report.

Contents

Part I Forward-Looking Statements 6 Items 1 and 2 Business and Properties 6 6 Electric 8 12 Pipeline and Midstream 14 Construction Materials and Contracting 15 Construction Services 18 20 Item 1B Unresolved Staff Comments..... 27 Legal Proceedings. Item 3 27 Item 4 Mine Safety Disclosures 27 Part II Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Item 5 28 Selected Financial Data 29 Item 6 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition Item 7 31 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk Item 7A 48 Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data 50 Item 9 Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure 105 105 Item 9A Controls and Procedures Item 9B Other Information 105 Part III Item 10 Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance 106 106 Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and 106 Management and Related Stockholder Matters Item 13 Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence 106 Item 14 Principal Accounting Fees and Services 106 Part IV Item 15 Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules 107 111 Signatures 115 **Exhibits**

The following abbreviations and acronyms used in this Form€10-K are defined below:

Abbreviation or Acronym

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction

Andeavor Field Services LLC Formerly QEP Field Services, LLC doing business as Tesoro Logistics Rockies LLC

Army Corps U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification

ATBs Atmospheric tower bottoms

Bcf Billion cubic feet

Big Stone Station 475-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Big Stone City, South Dakota (22.7€percent

ownership)

Brazilian Transmission Lines Company's former investment in companies owning three electric transmission lines in Brazil

Btu British thermal unit

Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.

Capital Electric Construction Company, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MDU

Construction Services

Cascade Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital

Centennial Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
Centennial Capital Centennial Holdings Capital LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Centennial's Consolidated EBITDA Centennial's consolidated net income from continuing operations plus the related interest

expense, taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization of intangibles and any non-cash charge

relating to asset impairment for the preceding 12-month period

Centennial Resources Centennial Energy Resources LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

Clean Air Act

Clean Water Act

Company

Federal Clean Water Act

Federal Clean Water Act

MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Coyote Creek Mining Company, LLC, a subsidiary of The North American Coal Corporation
Coyote Station 427-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Beulah, North Dakota (25€percent ownership)
Dakota Prairie Refinery 20,000-barrel-per-day diesel topping plant built by Dakota Prairie Refining in southwestern

North Dakota

Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC, a limited liability company previously owned by WBI Energy and

Calumet (previously included in the Company's refining segment)

D.C. Circuit Court United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit

dk Decatherm

Dodd-Frank Act Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization

EIN Employer Identification Number

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency
ERISA Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974

ESA Endangered Species Act

Exchange Act Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Fidelity Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

(previously referred to as the Company's exploration and production segment)

FIP Funding improvement plan

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

GHG Greenhouse gas

Great Plains Great Plains Natural Gas Co., a public utility division of the Company

GVTC Generation Verification Test Capacity

IBEW International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

ICWU International Chemical Workers Union
IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

Definitions

Intermountain Intermountain Gas Company, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital

IPUC Idaho Public Utilities Commission

Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Knife River Corporation, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Knife River - Northwest Knife River Corporation - Northwest, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

K-Plan Company's 401(k) Retirement Plan

kW Kilowatts kWh Kilowatt-hour

LWG Lower Willamette Group

MD&A Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Mdk Thousand dk

MDU Construction Services MDU Construction Services Group, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

MDU Energy Capital MDU Energy Capital, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

MEPP Multiemployer pension plan

MISO Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc.

MMBtu Million Btu MMdk Million dk

MNPUC Minnesota Public Utilities Commission

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a public utility division of the Company

Montana DEQ Montana Department of Environmental Quality

MPPAA Multiemployer Pension Plan Amendments Act of 1980

MTPSC Montana Public Service Commission

MW Megawatt

NDPSC North Dakota Public Service Commission

NGL Natural gas liquids

Oil Includes crude oil and condensate
OPUC Oregon Public Utility Commission

Oregon DEQ Oregon State Department of Environmental Quality

PCBs Polychlorinated biphenyls

Pronghorn Natural gas processing plant located near Belfield, North Dakota (WBI Energy Midstream's

50€percent ownership interests were sold effective January 1, 2017)

Proxy Statement Company's 2018 Proxy Statement
PRP Potentially Responsible Party

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

ROD Record of Decision RP Rehabilitation plan

SDPUC South Dakota Public Utilities Commission

SEC United States Securities and Exchange Commission

SEC Defined Prices The average price of oil and natural gas during the applicable 12-month period, determined as

an unweighted arithmetic average of the first-day-of-the-month price for each month within such period, unless prices are defined by contractual arrangements, excluding escalations based upon

future conditions

Securities Act of 1933, as amended

Securities Act Industry Guide€7 Description of Property by Issuers Engaged or to be Engaged in Significant Mining Operations

Sheridan System A separate electric system owned by Montana-Dakota

South Dakota DENR South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources

SSIP System Safety and Integrity Program

Stock Purchase Plan Company's Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan which was terminated

effective December€5, 2016

TCJA Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

Tesoro Refining & Marketing Company LLC

Thurston County Superior Court State of Washington Thurston County Superior Court

UA United Association of Journeyman and Apprentices of the Plumbing and Pipefitting Industry of

the United States and Canada

United States Supreme Court Supreme Court of the United States

Variable interest entity

Washington DOE Washington State Department of Ecology

WBI Energy, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings WBI Energy

WBI Energy Midstream, LLC, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings WBI Energy Midstream WBI Energy Transmission WBI Energy Transmission, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial **WBI Holdings**

WUTC Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

100-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Gillette, Wyoming (25€percent ownership) Wygen III

WYPSC Wyoming Public Service Commission

ZRCs Zonal resource credits - a MW of demand equivalent assigned to generators by MISO for meeting

system reliability requirements

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form€10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section€21E of the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements are all statements other than statements of historical fact, including without limitation those statements that are identified by the words "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts" and similar expressions, and include statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance, and underlying assumptions (many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions) and other statements that are other than statements of historical facts. From time to time, the Company may publish or otherwise make available forward-looking statements of this nature, including statements contained within Item€7 - MD&A - Business Segment Financial and Operating Data.

Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed. The Company's expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed by the Company to have a reasonable basis, including without limitation, management's examination of historical operating trends, data contained in the Company's records and other data available from third parties. Nonetheless, the Company's expectations, beliefs or projections may not be achieved or accomplished.

Any forward-looking statement contained in this document speaks only as of the date on which the statement is made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all of the factors, nor can it assess the effect of each factor on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. All forward-looking statements, whether written or oral and whether made by or on behalf of the Company, are expressly qualified by the risk factors and cautionary statements in this Form€10-K, including statements contained within Item€1A - Risk Factors.

Items€1 and 2.€Business and Properties

General

The Company is a regulated energy delivery and construction materials and services business, which was incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware in 1924. Its principal executive offices are at 1200€West Century Avenue, P.O.€Box€5650, Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650, telephone (701)€530-1000.

The Company operates with a two-platform business model. Its regulated energy delivery platform and its construction materials and services platform are each comprised of different operating segments. Some of these segments experience seasonality related to the industries in which they operate. The two-platform approach helps balance this seasonality and the risk associated with each type of industry. Through its regulated energy delivery platform, the Company provides electric and natural gas services to customers, generates, transmits and distributes electricity, and provides natural gas transportation, storage and gathering services. These businesses are regulated by state public service commissions and/or the FERC. The construction materials and services platform provides construction services to a variety of industries, including commercial, industrial and governmental, and provides construction materials through aggregate mining and marketing of related products, such as ready-mix concrete and asphalt.

The Company is organized into five reportable business segments. These business segments include: electric, natural gas distribution, pipeline and midstream, construction materials and contracting, and construction services. The Company's reportable segments are determined based on the Company's method of internal reporting, which generally segregates the strategic business units due to differences in products, services and regulation. The internal reporting of these segments is defined based on the reporting and review process used by the Company's chief executive officer.

Montana-Dakota, Great Plains, Cascade and Intermountain comprise the natural gas distribution segment. Montana-Dakota also comprises the electric segment.

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Centennial, owns WBI Holdings, Knife River, MDU Construction Services, Centennial Resources and Centennial Capital. WBI Holdings is the pipeline and midstream segment, Knife River is the construction materials and contracting segment, MDU€Construction Services is the construction services segment, and Centennial Resources and Centennial Capital are both reflected in the Other category.

On November 21, 2017, the Company announced that its board of directors has directed senior management to explore reorganization to a holding company structure. The purpose of a potential reorganization would be to make Montana-Dakota and Great Plains, which today are

divisions of the Company, into a subsidiary of the holding company, just as the Company*s other operating companies are wholly owned subsidiaries.

For more information on the Company's business segments and discontinued operations, see Item€8 - Notes€2 and 13.

As of December€31, 2017, the Company had 10,140€employees with 205€employed at MDU€Resources Group, Inc., 963€at Montana-Dakota, 35€at Great Plains, 348€at Cascade, 240€at Intermountain, 319€at WBI Holdings, 3,466€at Knife River and 4,564€at MDU€Construction Services. The number of employees at certain Company operations fluctuates during the year depending upon the number and size of construction projects. The Company considers its relations with employees to be satisfactory.

The following information regarding the number of employees represented by labor contracts is as of December€31, 2017.

At Montana-Dakota and WBI Energy Transmission, 353 and 68€employees, respectively, are represented by the IBEW. Labor contracts with such employees are in effect through April€30, 2018, and March€31, 2018, respectively.

At Cascade, 192€employees are represented by the ICWU. The labor contract with the field operations group is effective through March€31, 2018.

At Intermountain, 127€employees are represented by the UA. Labor contracts with such employees are in effect through September€30, 2019.

Knife River operates under 43€labor contracts that represent 685 of its construction materials and contracting employees. Knife River is in negotiations on one of its labor contracts.

MDU Construction Services has 130€labor contracts representing the majority of its employees. MDU Construction Services is in negotiations on 10 of its labor contracts.

The majority of the labor contracts contain provisions that prohibit work stoppages or strikes and provide for binding arbitration dispute resolution in the event of an extended disagreement.

The Company's principal properties, which are of varying ages and are of different construction types, are generally in good condition, are well maintained and are generally suitable and adequate for the purposes for which they are used.

The financial results and data applicable to each of the Company's business segments, as well as their financing requirements, are set forth in Item€7 - MD&A and Item€8 - Note€13 and Supplementary Financial Information.

The operations of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations providing for air water and solid waste pollution control; state facility-siting regulations; zoning and planning regulations of certain state and local authorities; federal health and safety regulations and state hazard communication standards. The Company believes that it is in substantial compliance with these regulations, except as to what may be ultimately determined with regard to items discussed in Environmental matters in Item€8 - Note€17. There are no pending CERCLA actions for any of the Company's properties, other than the Portland, Oregon, Harbor Superfund Site and the Bremerton Gasworks Superfund Site.

The Company produces GHG emissions primarily from its fossil fuel electric generating facilities, as well as from natural gas pipeline and storage systems, and operations of equipment and fleet vehicles. GHG emissions also result from customer use of natural gas for heating and other uses. As interest in reductions in GHG emissions has grown, the Company has developed renewable generation with lower or no GHG emissions. Governmental legislative and regulatory initiatives regarding environmental and energy policy are continuously evolving and could negatively impact the Company's operations and financial results. Until legislation and regulation are finalized, the impact of these measures cannot be accurately predicted. The Company will continue to monitor legislative and regulatory activity related to environmental and energy policy initiatives. Disclosure regarding specific environmental matters applicable to each of the Company's businesses is set forth under each business description later. In addition, for a discussion of the Company's risks related to environmental laws and regulations, see Item€1A - Risk Factors.

This annual report on Form€10-K, the Company's quarterly reports on Form€10-Q and current reports on Form€8-K, and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section€13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act are available free of charge through the Company's Web site as soon as reasonably practicable after the Company has electronically filed such reports with, or furnished such reports to, the SEC. The Company's Web site address is www.mdu.com. The information available on the Company's Web site is not part of this annual report on Form€10-K.

Electric

Generationana-Dakota provides electric service at retail, serving 142,901€residential, commercial, industrial and municipal customers in 178€communities and adjacent rural areas as of December€31, 2017. For more information on the retail customer classes served, see the table below. The principal properties owned by Montana-Dakota for use in its electric operations include interests in 16€electric generating units at 11 facilities and three small portable diesel generators, as further described under System Supply, System Demand and Competition, approximately 3,200 and 4,900€miles of transmission and distribution lines, respectively, and 73€transmission and 296€distribution substations. Montana-Dakota has obtained and holds, or is in the process of renewing, valid and existing franchises authorizing it to conduct its electric operations in all of the municipalities it serves where such franchises are required. Montana-Dakota intends to protect its service area and seek renewal of all expiring franchises. At December€31, 2017, Montana-Dakota's net electric plant investment was \$1.4€billion, and rate base was \$1.1€billion.

The retail customers served and respective revenues by class for the electric business were as follows:

	2017		2016		2015	
	Customers Served	Revenues	Customers Served	Revenues	Customers Served	Revenues
			(Dollars in thous	sands)		
Residential	118,379 \$	121,171	118,483 \$	117,014	118,413 \$	107,767
Commercial	22,764	140,856	22,693	135,390	22,423	121,463
Industrial	242	34,417	244	31,913	240	32,786
Other	1,516	8,275	1,528	7,580	1,511	6,791
	142,901 \$	304,719	142,948 \$	291,897	142,587 \$	268,807

Other electric revenues for Montana-Dakota were \$38.1 million, \$30.4 million and \$11.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The percentage of electric retail revenues by jurisdiction was as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
North Dakota	66%	68%	65%
Montana	20%	19%	21%
Wyoming	9%	8%	9%
South Dakota	5%	5%	5%

Retail electric rates, service, accounting and certain security issuances are subject to regulation by the MTPSC, NDPSC, SDPUC and WYPSC. The interstate transmission and wholesale electric power operations of Montana-Dakota also are subject to regulation by the FERC under provisions of the Federal Power Act, as are interconnections with other utilities and power generators, the issuance of securities, accounting and other matters.

Through MISO, Montana-Dakota has access to wholesale energy, ancillary services and capacity markets for its interconnected system. MISO is a regional transmission organization responsible for operational control of the transmission systems of its members. MISO provides security center operations, tariff administration and operates day-ahead and real-time energy markets, ancillary services and capacity markets. As a member of MISO, Montana-Dakota's generation is sold into the MISO energy market and its energy needs are purchased from that market.

System Supply, System Demand and Competition frough an interconnected electric system, Montana-Dakota serves markets in portions of western North Dakota, including Bismarck, Mandan, Dickinson, Williston and Watford City; eastern Montana, including Sidney, Glendive and Miles City; and northern South Dakota, including Mobridge. The interconnected system consists of 15€electric generating units at 10 facilities and three small portable diesel generators, which have an aggregate nameplate rating attributable to Montana-Dakota's interest of 704,143€kW and total net ZRCs of 528.2 in 2017. ZRCs are a MW of demand equivalent measure and are allocated to individual generators to meet planning reserve margin requirements within MISO. For 2017, Montana-Dakota's total ZRCs, including its firm purchase power contracts, were 553.1. Montana-Dakota's planning reserve margin requirement within MISO was 530.2 for 2017. The maximum electric peak demand experienced to date attributable to Montana-Dakota's sales to retail customers on the interconnected system was 611,542€kW in August 2015. Montana-Dakota's latest forecast for its interconnected system indicates that its annual peak will continue to occur during the summer and the sales growth rate through 2022 will approximate two percent annually. Montana-Dakota's interconnected system electric generating capability includes five steam-turbine generating units at four facilities using coal for fuel, four combustion

turbine units at three facilities, three wind electric generating facilities, two reciprocating internal combustion engines at one facility, a heat recovery electric generating facility and three small portable diesel generators.

In June 2016, Montana-Dakota and a partner began construction on a 345-kilovolt transmission line within the footprint of MISO from Ellendale, North Dakota, to Big Stone City, South Dakota, a distance of about 160€miles, which will facilitate public policy goals and objectives, including delivery of renewable wind energy from North Dakota to eastern markets. The project has been approved as a MISO multivalue project. All necessary easements have been secured and the project is expected to be completed in 2019.

In December 2016, Montana-Dakota signed a 25-year agreement to purchase power from the expansion of the Thunder Spirit Wind farm in southwest North Dakota. In November 2017, the NDPSC approved the advance determination of prudence for the purchase of the Thunder Spirit Wind farm expansion. Montana-Dakota expects to soon have a purchase agreement in place and finalize the purchase when the construction is complete in late 2018. With the addition of the expansion, Montana-Dakota's total wind farm generation capacity will be approximately 155€MW and increase Montana-Dakota's electric generation portfolio to approximately 27€percent renewables. The original 107.5-MW wind farm includes 43€turbines; it was purchased by Montana-Dakota in December€2015. The expansion will include 16€turbines. Acquisition costs for the project are estimated to be approximately \$85€million.

Additional energy will be purchased as needed, or if more economical, from the MISO market. In 2017, Montana-Dakota purchased approximately 26€percent of its net kWh needs for its interconnected system through the MISO market.

Approximately 24€percent of the electricity delivered to customers from Montana-Dakota's owned generation in 2017 was from renewable resources. Although Montana-Dakota's generation resource capacity has increased to serve the needs of customers, the carbon dioxide emission intensity of the electric generation resource fleet has been reduced by more than 25€percent since 2003 and is expected to continue to decline.

Through the Sheridan System, Montana-Dakota serves Sheridan, Wyoming, and neighboring communities. The maximum peak demand experienced to date attributable to Montana-Dakota sales to retail customers on that system was approximately 61,501€kW in July€2012. Montana-Dakota has a power supply contract with Black Hills Power, Inc. to purchase up to 49,000€kW of capacity annually through December€31, 2023. Wygen€III serves a portion of the needs of its Sheridan-area customers.

The following table sets forth details applicable to the Company's electric generating stations:

Generating Station	Туре	Nameplate Rating (kW)	2017 ZRCs (a)	2017 Net Generation (kWh in thousands)
Interconnected System:	туре	rtating (KVV)	2017 21(O3 (a)	iii tiiousaiius)
•				
North Dakota:				
Coyote (b)	Steam	103,647	83.4	652,071
Heskett	Steam	86,000	87.1	454,134
Heskett	Combustion Turbine	89,038	59.0	3,400
Glen Ullin	Heat Recovery	7,500	4.0	45,548
Cedar Hills	Wind	19,500	5.0	59,385
Diesel Units	Oil	5,475	3.7	9
Thunder Spirit	Wind	107,500	20.6	428,528
South Dakota:				
Big Stone (b)	Steam	94,111	101.8	469,709
Montana:				
Lewis & Clark	Steam	44,000	50.9	225,984
Lewis & Clark	Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine	18,700	16.1	5,453
Glendive	Combustion Turbine	75,522	68.8	2,333
Miles City	Combustion Turbine	23,150	21.5	406
Diamond Willow	Wind	30,000	6.3	93,696
		704,143	528.2	2,440,656
Sheridan System:				
Wyoming:				
Wygen III (b)	Steam	28,000	N/A	189,984
		732,143	528.2	2,630,640

⁽a) Interconnected system only. MISO requires generators to obtain their summer capability through the GVTC. The GVTC is then converted to ZRCs by applying each generator's forced outage factor against its GVTC. Wind generator's ZRCs are calculated based on a wind capacity study performed annually by MISO. ZRCs are used to meet supply obligations within MISO.

Virtually all of the current fuel requirements of the Heskett and Lewis & Clark stations are met with coal supplied by subsidiaries of Westmoreland Coal Company under contracts that expire in December€2021 and December€2020, respectively. The Heskett and Lewis & Clark coal supply agreements provide for the purchase of coal necessary to supply the coal requirements of these stations at contracted pricing. Montana-Dakota estimates the Heskett and Lewis & Clark coal requirement to be in the range of 425,000 to 460,000€tons and 250,000 to 350,000€tons per contract year, respectively.

The owners of Coyote Station, including Montana-Dakota, have a contract with Coyote Creek for coal supply to the Coyote Station that expires December€2040. Montana-Dakota estimates the Coyote Station coal supply agreement to be approximately 2.5€million tons per contract year. For more information, see Item€8 - Note€17.

The owners of Big Stone Station, including Montana-Dakota, have coal supply agreements, which meet a portion of the Big Stone Station's fuel requirements, for the purchase of 250,000 tons in 2018 and 2019 from Contura Coal Sales, LLC and 550,000 tons in 2018 from Peabody COALSALES, LLC both at contracted pricing. The remainder of the Big Stone Station fuel requirements will be secured through separate future contracts.

Montana-Dakota has a coal supply agreement with Wyodak Resources Development Corp., to supply the coal requirements of Wygen€III at contracted pricing through June€1, 2060. Montana-Dakota estimates the maximum annual coal consumption of the facility to be 585,000€tons.

The average cost of coal purchased, including freight, at Montana-Dakota's electric generating stations (including the Big Stone, Coyote and Wygen€III stations) was as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2017	2016	2015
Average cost of coal per MMBtu	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.89 \$	1.75
Average cost of coal per ton	\$ 30.04	\$ 27.45 \$	25.41

⁽b) Reflects Montana-Dakota's ownership interest.

Montana-Dakota expects that it has secured adequate capacity available through existing baseload generating stations, renewable generation, turbine peaking stations, demand reduction programs and firm contracts to meet the peak customer demand requirements of its customers through 2024. Future capacity that is needed to replace contracts and meet system growth requirements is expected to be met by constructing new generation resources, or acquiring additional capacity through power purchase contracts or the MISO capacity auction.

Montana-Dakota has major interconnections with its neighboring utilities and considers these interconnections adequate for coordinated planning, emergency assistance, exchange of capacity and energy and power supply reliability.

Montana-Dakota is subject to competition in varying degrees, in certain areas, from rural electric cooperatives, on-site generators, cogenerators and municipally owned systems. In addition, competition in varying degrees exists between electricity and alternative forms of energy such as natural gas.

Regulatory Matters and Revenues Subject to Refun**€**n North Dakota, Montana-Dakota's results of operations reflect monthly increases or decreases in electric fuel and purchased power costs (including demand charges) and Montana-Dakota is deferring those electric fuel and purchased power costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. In Montana, a monthly Fuel and Purchased Power Tracking Adjustment mechanism allows Montana-Dakota's results of operations to reflect 90€percent of the increases or decreases in electric fuel and purchased power costs (including demand charges) and Montana-Dakota is deferring 90€percent of costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. A fuel adjustment clause contained in South Dakota jurisdictional electric rate schedules allows Montana-Dakota's results of operations to reflect monthly increases or decreases in electric fuel and purchased power costs. In Wyoming, an annual Electric Power Supply Cost Adjustment mechanism allows Montana-Dakota's results of operations to reflect increases or decreases in purchased power costs (including demand charges) related to power supply and Montana-Dakota is deferring costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. Such orders generally provide that these amounts are recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments which are filed annually. Montana-Dakota's results of operations reflect 95€percent of the increases or decreases from the base purchased power costs and in addition also reflects 85€percent of the increases or decreases from the base coal price, which is also recovered through the Electric Power Supply Cost Adjustment. For more information, see Item€8 - Note€4.

For the Thunder Spirit Wind project, Montana-Dakota implemented a renewable resource cost adjustment rider, and all of Montana-Dakota's wind resources pertaining to North Dakota electric operations were placed in this rider upon a final order of the most recent North Dakota electric general rate case. Montana-Dakota also has in place in North Dakota a transmission tracker to recover transmission costs associated with MISO and the Southwest Power Pool, regional transmission systems serving Montana-Dakota, along with certain of the transmission investments not recovered through retail rates. The tracking mechanism has an annual true-up.

In South Dakota, Montana-Dakota recovers the South Dakota investment in the Thunder Spirit Wind project through an Infrastructure Rider tracking mechanism that is subject to an annual true-up. Montana-Dakota also has in place in South Dakota a transmission tracker to recover transmission costs associated with MISO and the Southwest Power Pool, regional transmission systems serving Montana-Dakota, along with certain of the transmission investments not recovered through retail rates. The tracking mechanism has an annual true-up.

In Montana, Montana-Dakota recovers in rates through a tracking mechanism the increases associated with its allocated share of Montana state and local taxes assessed to electric operations on an after tax basis.

For more information on regulatory matters, see Item€8 - Note€16.

Environmental Matters Montana-Dakota's electric operations are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations providing for air, water and solid waste pollution control; state facility-siting regulations; zoning and planning regulations of certain state and local authorities; federal health and safety regulations; and state hazard communication standards. Montana-Dakota believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations.

Montana-Dakota's electric generating facilities have Title€V Operating Permits, under the Clean Air Act, issued by the states in which they operate. Each of these permits has a five-year life. Near the expiration of these permits, renewal applications are submitted. Permits continue in force beyond the expiration date, provided the application for renewal is submitted by the required date, usually six months prior to expiration. The Title€V Operating Permit renewal application for Big Stone Station was submitted timely to the South Dakota DENR in November 2013, and a final permit was issued in May 2017. An application to modify the Title€V Operating Permit for incorporation of two new natural gas-fired engines at Lewis & Clark Station was submitted to the Montana DEQ timely in December 2016, and a final permit was issued in July 2017. The Title€V Operating Permit renewal application for Coyote Station was submitted timely to the North Dakota Department of Health in September 2017, with the permit expected to be issued in 2018. Wygen€III is allowed to operate under the facility's construction permit until the Title€V Operating Permit is issued by the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality. The Title€V Operating Permit application for Wygen€III was submitted timely in January 2011, with the permit expected to be issued in 2018.

State water discharge permits issued under the requirements of the Clean Water Act are maintained for power production facilities on the Yellowstone and Missouri rivers. These permits also have five-year lives. Montana-Dakota renews these permits as necessary prior to expiration. Other permits held by these facilities may include an initial siting permit, which is typically a one-time, preconstruction permit issued by the state; state permits to dispose of combustion by-products; state authorizations to withdraw water for operations; and Army Corps permits to construct water intake structures. Montana-Dakota's Army Corps permits grant one-time permission to construct and do not require renewal. Other permit terms vary and the permits are renewed as necessary.

Montana-Dakota's electric operations are conditionally exempt small-quantity hazardous waste generators and subject only to minimum regulation under the RCRA. Montana-Dakota routinely handles PCBs from its electric operations in accordance with federal requirements. PCB storage areas are registered with the EPA as required.

Montana-Dakota incurred \$3.7€million of environmental capital expenditures in 2017, mainly for coal ash management projects at Lewis & Clark Station, Big Stone Station and Coyote Station. Environmental capital expenditures are estimated to be \$9.6€million, \$9.2€million and \$1.5€million in 2018, 2019 and 2020, respectively, for various environmental upgrades and improvements for air emission and water and coal ash management at power plants. Montana-Dakota's capital and operational expenditures could also be affected by future air emission regulations, including a future regulation that may replace the Clean Power Plan rule published by the EPA in October 2015. The Clean Power Plan requires existing fossil fuel-fired electric generating facilities to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. On February€9, 2016, the United States Supreme Court granted an application for a stay of the Clean Power Plan pending disposition of the applicants' petition for review in the D.C. Circuit Court and disposition of the applicants' petition for a writ of certiorari if such a writ is sought. The EPA filed a motion with the D.C. Circuit Court on March 28, 2017, requesting the Clean Power Plan's case be held in abeyance. The D.C. Circuit Court granted the EPA•s motion to hold the case in abeyance for 60 days. On August 8, 2017, the D.C. Circuit Court issued an order holding the case in abeyance for an additional 60-day period and directed the EPA to file status reports at 30-day intervals. In parallel, the EPA published a proposal on October 16, 2017, to repeal the Clean Power Plan in its entirety and followed with an advance notice of proposed rulemaking published in the Federal Register on December 28, 2017, requesting comment on replacing the Clean Power Plan through new rulemaking.

Natural Gas Distribution

Generate he Company's natural gas distribution operations consist of Montana-Dakota, Great Plains, Cascade and Intermountain, which sell natural gas at retail, serving 938,867 residential, commercial and industrial customers in 335€communities and adjacent rural areas across eight states as of December €31, 2017, and provide natural gas transportation services to certain customers on the Company's systems. For more information on the retail customer classes served, see the table below. These services are provided through distribution systems aggregating approximately 19,600€miles. The natural gas distribution operations have obtained and hold, or are in the process of renewing, valid and existing franchises authorizing them to conduct their natural gas operations in all of the municipalities they serve where such franchises are required. These operations intend to protect their service areas and seek renewal of all expiring franchises. At December €31, 2017, the natural gas distribution operations' net natural gas distribution plant investment was \$1.5€billion, and rate base was \$975€million.

The retail customers served and respective revenues by class for the natural gas distribution operations were as follows:

	2017	2017		2016		2015	
	Customers Served	Revenues	Customers Served	Revenues	Customers Served	Revenues	
			(Dollars in thous	sands)			
Residential	833,255 \$	477,699	818,163 \$	429,828	803,846 \$	455,301	
Commercial	104,795	283,899	103,438	253,333	101,688	277,022	
Industrial	817	24,030	807	23,337	811	26,568	
	938,867 \$	785,628	922,408 \$	706,498	906,345 \$	758,891	

Transportation and other revenues for the natural gas distribution operations were \$62.8 million, \$59.6 million and \$58.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The percentage of the natural gas distribution operations' retail sales revenues by jurisdiction was as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
Idaho	33%	34%	32%
Washington	26%	26%	26%
North Dakota	13%	13%	15%
Montana	9%	8%	8%
Oregon	8%	8%	8%
South Dakota	6%	6%	6%
Minnesota	3%	3%	3%
Wyoming	2%	2%	2%

The natural gas distribution operations are subject to regulation by the IPUC, MNPUC, MTPSC, NDPSC, OPUC, SDPUC, WUTC and WYPSC regarding retail rates, service, accounting and certain security issuances.

System Supply, System Demand and CompetitionThe natural gas distribution operations serve retail natural gas markets, consisting principally of residential and firm commercial space and water heating users, in portions of Idaho, including Boise, Nampa, Twin Falls, Pocatello and Idaho Falls; western Minnesota, including Fergus Falls, Marshall and Crookston; eastern Montana, including Billings, Glendive and Miles City; North Dakota, including Bismarck, Mandan, Dickinson, Wahpeton, Williston, Watford City, Minot and Jamestown; central and eastern Oregon, including Bend, Pendleton, Ontario and Baker City; western and north-central South Dakota, including Rapid City, Pierre, Spearfish and Mobridge; western, southeastern and south-central Washington, including Bellingham, Bremerton, Longview, Aberdeen, Wenatchee/Moses Lake, Mount Vernon, Tri-Cities, Walla Walla and Yakima; and northern Wyoming, including Sheridan and Lovell. These markets are highly seasonal and sales volumes depend largely on the weather, the effects of which are mitigated in certain jurisdictions by a weather normalization mechanism discussed in Regulatory Matters. In addition to the residential and commercial sales, the utilities transport natural gas for larger commercial and industrial customers who purchase their own supply of natural gas.

Competition in varying degrees exists between natural gas and other fuels and forms of energy. The natural gas distribution operations have established various natural gas transportation service rates for their distribution businesses to retain interruptible commercial and industrial loads. These services have enhanced the natural gas distribution operations' competitive posture with alternative fuels, although certain customers have bypassed the distribution systems by directly accessing transmission pipelines within close proximity. These bypasses did not have a material effect on results of operations.

The natural gas distribution operations and various distribution transportation customers obtain their system requirements directly from producers, processors and marketers. The Company's purchased natural gas is supplied by a portfolio of contracts specifying market-based pricing and is transported under transportation agreements with WBI Energy Transmission, Northern Border Pipeline Company, Northwest Pipeline LLC, South Dakota Intrastate Pipeline, TransCanada Corporation, Northern Natural Gas, Gas Transmission Northwest LLC, Northwestern Energy, Viking Gas Transmission Company, Westcoast Energy Inc., Ruby Pipeline LLC, Foothills Pipe Lines Ltd. and NOVA Gas Transmission Ltd. The natural gas distribution operations have contracts for storage services to provide gas supply during the winter heating season and to meet peak day demand with various storage providers, including WBI Energy Transmission, Questar Pipeline Company, Northwest Pipeline LLC and Northern Natural Gas. In addition, certain of the operations have entered into natural gas supply management agreements with various parties. Demand for natural gas, which is a widely traded commodity, has historically been sensitive to seasonal heating and industrial load requirements as well as changes in market price. The natural gas distribution operations believe that, based on current and projected domestic and regional supplies of natural gas and the pipeline transmission network currently available through their suppliers and pipeline service providers, supplies are adequate to meet their system natural gas requirements for the next decade.

Regulatory MattersThe natural gas distribution operations' retail natural gas rate schedules contain clauses permitting adjustments in rates based upon changes in natural gas commodity, transportation and storage costs. Current tariffs allow for recovery or refunds of undeor over-recovered gas costs through rate adjustments which are filed annually.

Montana-Dakota's North Dakota and South Dakota natural gas tariffs contain weather normalization mechanisms applicable to certain firm customers that adjust the distribution delivery charge revenues to reflect weather fluctuations during the November€1 through May€1 billing periods.

In Montana, Montana-Dakota recovers in rates through a tracking mechanism the increases associated with Montana state and local taxes assessed to natural gas operations on an after tax basis.

On December€28, 2015, the OPUC approved an extension of Cascade's decoupling mechanism until January€1, 2020, with an agreement that Cascade would initiate a review of the mechanism by September€30, 2019. Cascade also has an earnings sharing mechanism with respect to its Oregon jurisdictional operations as required by the OPUC.

On July€7, 2016, the WUTC approved a full decoupling mechanism where Cascade is allowed recovery of an average revenue per customer regardless of actual consumption. The mechanism also includes an earnings sharing component if Cascade earns beyond its authorized return. The decoupling mechanism will be reviewed following the end of 2019.

On December€22, 2016, the MNPUC approved a request by Great Plains to implement a full revenue decoupling mechanism pilot project. The decoupling mechanism will reflect the period October 1 through September 30 with the first adjustment to be billed to customers effective December€1 each year for the 3 year pilot project.

For more information on regulatory matters, see Item€8 - Note€16.

Environmental Matters The natural gas distribution operations are subject to federal, state and local environmental, facility-siting, zoning and planning laws and regulations. The natural gas distribution operations believe it is in substantial compliance with those regulations.

The Company's natural gas distribution operations are conditionally exempt small-quantity hazardous waste generators and subject only to minimum regulation under the RCRA. Certain locations of the natural gas distribution operations routinely handle PCBs from their natural gas operations in accordance with federal requirements. PCB storage areas are registered with the EPA as required. Capital and operational expenditures for natural gas distribution operations could be affected in a variety of ways by potential new GHG legislation or regulation. In particular, such legislation or regulation would likely increase capital expenditures for energy efficiency and conservation programs and operational costs associated with GHG emissions compliance. Natural gas distribution operations expect to recover the operational and capital expenditures for GHG regulatory compliance in rates consistent with the recovery of other reasonable costs of complying with environmental laws and regulations.

The natural gas distribution operations did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2017. Except as to what may be ultimately determined with regard to the issues described in the following paragraph, the natural gas distribution operations do not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2020.

Montana-Dakota and Great Plains have ties to six historic manufactured gas plants as a successor corporation or through direct ownership of the plant. Montana-Dakota is investigating one of these former manufactured gas plant sites and providing input on another site investigation conducted by a third party. To the extent not covered by insurance, Montana-Dakota may seek recovery in its natural gas rates charged to customers for certain investigation and remediation costs incurred for these sites. Cascade has ties to nine historic manufactured gas plants as a successor corporation or through direct ownership of the plant. Cascade is involved in the investigation and remediation of three of these manufactured gas plants in Washington and Oregon. See Item€8 - Note€17 for a further discussion of these three manufactured gas plants. To the extent not covered by insurance, Cascade will seek recovery of investigation and remediation costs through its natural gas rates charged to customers.

Pipeline and Midstream

Generativibil Energy owns and operates both regulated and nonregulated businesses. The regulated business of this segment, WBI Energy Transmission, owns and operates approximately 4,000€miles of natural gas transmission, gathering and storage lines in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming. Three underground storage fields in Montana and Wyoming provide storage services to local distribution companies, industrial customers, natural gas marketers and others, and serve to enhance system reliability. Its system is strategically located near five natural gas producing basins, making natural gas supplies available to its transportation and storage customers. The system has 13€interconnecting points with other pipeline facilities allowing for the receipt and/or delivery of natural gas to and from other regions of the country and from Canada. Under the Natural Gas Act, as amended, WBI Energy Transmission is subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC regarding certificate, rate, service and accounting matters, and at December€31, 2017, its net plant investment was \$404.6€million.

The nonregulated business of this segment owns and operates gathering facilities in Montana and Wyoming. In total, facilities include approximately 800€miles of operated field gathering lines, some of which interconnect with WBI Energy's regulated pipeline system. The nonregulated business provides natural gas gathering services and a variety of other energy-related services, including cathodic protection and energy efficiency product sales and installation services to large end-users. In November 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its ownership in the Pronghorn assets, which included a 50€percent undivided interest in a natural gas processing plant, both oil and gas gathering pipelines, an oil storage terminal and an oil pipeline in western North Dakota. The transaction closed in January 2017.

A majority of its pipeline and midstream business is transacted in the northern Great Plains and Rocky Mountain regions of the United States.

System Supply, System Demand and CompetitiorNatural gas supplies emanate from traditional and nontraditional production activities in the region from both on-system and off-system supply sources. New incremental supply from nontraditional sources have developed, such as the Bakken area in Montana and North Dakota, which has helped offset declines in traditional regional supply sources and supports WBI Energy Transmission's transportation and storage services. In addition, off-system supply sources are available through the Company's interconnections with other pipeline systems. WBI Energy Transmission will continue to look for opportunities to increase transportation, gathering and storage services through system expansion and/or other pipeline interconnections or enhancements that could provide substantial future benefits.

WBI Energy Transmission's underground natural gas storage facilities have a certificated storage capacity of approximately 353€Bcf, including 193€Bcf of working gas capacity, 85€Bcf of cushion gas and 75€Bcf of native gas. These storage facilities enable customers to purchase natural gas throughout the year and meet winter peak requirements.

WBI Energy Transmission competes with several pipelines for its customers' transportation, storage and gathering business and at times may discount rates in an effort to retain market share. However, the strategic location of its system near five natural gas producing basins and the availability of underground storage and gathering services, along with interconnections with other pipelines, serve to enhance its competitive position.

Although certain of WBI Energy Transmission's firm customers, including its largest firm customer Montana-Dakota, serve relatively secure residential, commercial and industrial end-users, they generally all have some price-sensitive end-users that could switch to alternate fuels.

WBI Energy Transmission transports substantially all of Montana-Dakota's natural gas, primarily utilizing firm transportation agreements, which for 2017 represented 34€percent of WBI Energy Transmission's subscribed firm transportation contract demand. The majority of the firm transportation agreements with Montana-Dakota expire in June€2022. In addition, Montana-Dakota has contracts with WBI Energy Transmission to provide firm storage services to facilitate meeting Montana-Dakota's winter peak requirements expiring in July€2035.

The nonregulated business competes for existing customers in the fields in which it operates. Its focus on customer service and the variety of services it offers serve to enhance its competitive position.

Environmental Matters€he pipeline and midstream operations are generally subject to federal, state and local environmental, facility-siting, zoning and planning laws and regulations. The Company believes it is in substantial compliance with those regulations.

Ongoing operations are subject to the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the RCRA and other state and federal regulations. Administration of many provisions of these laws has been delegated to the states where WBI Energy and its subsidiaries operate. Permit terms vary and all permits carry operational compliance conditions. Some permits require annual renewal, some have terms ranging from one to five years and others have no expiration date. Permits are renewed and modified, as necessary, based on defined permit expiration dates, operational demand and/or regulatory changes.

Detailed environmental assessments and/or environmental impact statements as required by the National Environmental Policy Act are included in the FERC's environmental review process for both the construction and abandonment of WBI Energy Transmission's natural gas transmission pipelines, compressor stations and storage facilities.

The pipeline and midstream operations did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2017 and do not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2020.

Construction Materials and Contracting

General Nirie River operates construction materials and contracting businesses headquartered in Alaska, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, North Dakota, Oregon, Texas, Washington and Wyoming. These operations mine, process and sell construction aggregates (crushed stone, sand and gravel); produce and sell asphalt mix; and supply ready-mixed concrete. These products are used in most types of construction, performed by Knife River and other companies, including roads, freeways and bridges, as well as homes, schools, shopping centers, office buildings and industrial parks. Knife River focuses on vertical integration of construction services to support the aggregate based product lines including aggregate placement, asphalt and concrete paving, and site development and grading. Although not common to all locations, other products include the sale of cement, liquid asphalt for various commercial and roadway applications, various finished concrete products and other building materials and related contracting services.

Knife River's backlog was approximately \$486 million, \$538 million and \$491 million at December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The decrease in backlog at December€31, 2017, compared to backlog at December€31, 2016, was primarily attributable to a lower backlog of state agency work. Backlog increases with awards of new contracts and decreases as work is performed on existing contracts. Knife River expects to complete a significant amount of the backlog at December€31, 2017, during the next 12 months.

Knife River's backlog is comprised of the anticipated revenues from the uncompleted portion of services to be performed under job-specific contracts. A project is included in backlog when a contract is awarded and agreement on contract terms has been reached. However backlog does not contain contracts for time and material projects that a fixed amount cannot be determined. Backlog is comprised of: (a) original contract amounts, (b) change orders for which customers have approved and (c) claim amounts that have been made against customers for which are determined to have a legal basis under existing contractual arrangements and as to which recovery is considered to be probable. Such claim amounts were immaterial for all periods presented. Backlog may be subject to delay, default or cancellation at the election of the customers. Historically, cancellations have not had a materially adverse effect on backlog. Due to the nature of its contractual arrangements, in many instances Knife River's customers are not committed to the specific volumes of services to be purchased under a contract, but rather Knife River is committed to perform these services if and to the extent requested by the customer. Therefore, there can be no assurance as to the customers' requirements during a particular period or that such estimates at any point in time are predictive of future revenues.

Competition Knife River's construction materials products and contracting services are marketed under highly competitive conditions. Price is the principal competitive force to which these products and services are subject, with service, quality, delivery time and proximity to the customer also being significant factors. Knife River focuses on markets located near aggregate sites to reduce transportation costs which allows Knife River to remain competitive with the pricing of aggregate products. The number and size of competitors varies in each of Knife River's principal market areas and product lines.

The demand for construction materials products and contracting services is significantly influenced by the cyclical nature of the construction industry in general. In addition, construction materials and contracting services activity in certain locations may be seasonal in nature due to the effects of weather. The key economic factors affecting product demand are changes in the level of local, state and federal governmental spending on roads and infrastructure projects, general economic conditions within the market area that influence both the commercial and residential sectors, and prevailing interest rates.

Knife River's customers are a diverse group which includes federal, state and municipal government agencies, commercial and residential developers, and private parties. The mix of sales by customer will vary each year depending on the work available. Knife River is not dependent on any single customer or group of customers for sales of its products and services, the loss of which would have a material adverse effect on its construction materials businesses.

Reserve Information Aggregate reserve estimates are calculated based on the best available data. This data is collected from drill holes and other subsurface investigations, as well as investigations of surface features such as mine high walls and other exposures of the aggregate reserves. Mine plans, production history and geologic data also are utilized to estimate reserve quantities.

Estimates are based on analyses of the data described above by experienced internal mining engineers, operating personnel and geologists. Property setbacks and other regulatory restrictions and limitations are identified to determine the total area available for mining. Data described previously are used to calculate the thickness of aggregate materials to be recovered. Fography associated with alluvial sand and gravel deposits is typically flat and volumes of these materials are calculated by applying the thickness of the resource over the areas available for mining. Volumes are then converted to tons by using an appropriate conversion factor. Typically, 1.5€tons per cubic yard in the ground is used for sand and gravel deposits.

Topography associated with the hard rock reserves is typically much more diverse. Therefore, using available data, a final topography map is created and computer software is utilized to compute the volumes between the existing and final topographies. Volumes are then converted to tons by using an appropriate conversion factor. Typically, 2€tons per cubic yard in the ground is used for hard rock quarries.

Estimated reserves are probable reserves as defined in Securities Act Industry Guide€7. Remaining reserves are based on estimates of volumes that can be economically extracted and sold to meet current market and product applications. The reserve estimates include only salable tonnage and thus exclude waste materials that are generated in the crushing and processing phases of the operation. Approximately 891€million tons of the 965€million tons of aggregate reserves are permitted reserves. The remaining reserves are on properties that are expected to be permitted for mining under current regulatory requirements. The data used to calculate the remaining reserves may require revisions in the future to account for changes in customer requirements and unknown geological occurrences. The years remaining were calculated by dividing remaining reserves by the three-year average sales from 2015 through 2017. Actual useful lives of these reserves will be subject to, among other things, fluctuations in customer demand, customer specifications, geological conditions and changes in mining plans.

The following table sets forth details applicable to the Company's aggregate reserves under ownership or lease as of December€31, 2017, and sales for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015:

	Number of Sites (Crushed Stone)		Number of Sites (Sand & Gravel)		Tons Sold (000's)			Estimated		Reserve
Production Area	owned	leased	owned	leased	2017	2016	2015	Reserves (000's tons)	Lease Expiration	Life (years)
Anchorage, AK	,	,	1	,	1,425	1,343	1,837	14,548	N/A	9
Hawaii	,	5	,	,	1,614	1,901	1,892	50,659	2018-2064	28
Northern CA	,	,	9	1	1,785	1,604	1,580	43,812	2018	26
Southern CA	,	2	,	,	55	224	118	91,567	2035	Over 100
Portland, OR	1	3	5	3	4,694	4,044	3,562	213,018	2025-2057	52
Eugene, OR	3	4	6	,	633	662	819	153,975	2021-2049	Over 100
Central OR/WA/ID	,	1	5	2	2,160	1,685	1,493	86,307	2020-2087	49
Southwest OR	5	5	10	6	2,367	2,689	1,872	100,875	2019-2053	44
Central MT	,	,	3	2	1,065	1,135	1,383	28,294	2023-2027	24
Northwest MT	,	,	8	1	1,745	1,514	1,423	64,451	2020	41
Wyoming	,	,	1	2	613	742	888	10,092	2019-2020	13
Central MN	,	1	33	8	2,773	2,831	2,556	50,092	2018-2028	18
Northern MN	2	,	14	2	270	537	595	23,248	2018-2021	50
ND/SD	,	,	2	17	1,100	1,643	1,959	24,389	2019-2028	16
Texas	1	2	1	,	1,192	1,243	1,138	9,709	2022-2029	8
Sales from other sources					4,722	3,783	3,844		_	
					28,213	27,580	26,959	965,036		

The 965€million tons of estimated aggregate reserves at December€31, 2017, are comprised of 457€million tons that are owned and 508€million tons that are leased. Approximately 45€percent of the tons under lease have lease expiration dates of 20€years or more. The weighted average years remaining on all leases containing estimated probable aggregate reserves is approximately 23€years, including options for renewal that are at Knife River's discretion. Based on a three-year average of sales from 2015 through 2017 of leased reserves, the average time necessary to produce remaining aggregate reserves from such leases is approximately 47€years. Some sites have leases that expire prior to the exhaustion of the estimated reserves. The estimated reserve life assumes, based on Knife River's experience, that leases will be renewed to allow sufficient time to fully recover these reserves.

The changes in Knife River's aggregate reserves for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016	2015	
	(000's of tons)			
Aggregate reserves:				
Beginning of year	989,084	1,022,513	1,061,156	
Acquisitions	2,726	24,993	7,406	
Sales volumes*	(23,491)	(23,797)	(23,115)	
Other**	(3,283)	(34,625)	(22,934)	
End of year	965,036	989,084	1,022,513	

^{*} Excludes sales from other sources.

Environmental Matters Knife River's construction materials and contracting operations are subject to regulation customary for such operations, including federal, state and local environmental compliance and reclamation regulations. Except as to the issues described later Knife River believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations. Individual permits applicable to Knife River's various operations are managed largely by local operations, particularly as they relate to application, modification, renewal, compliance and reporting procedures.

Knife River's asphalt and ready-mixed concrete manufacturing plants and aggregate processing plants are subject to the Clean Air Act and the Clean Water Act requirements for controlling air emissions and water discharges. Some mining and construction activities also are subject to these laws. In most of the states where Knife River operates, these regulatory programs have been delegated to state and local regulatory authorities. Knife River's facilities also are subject to the RCRA as it applies to the management of hazardous wastes and

Includes property sales, revisions of previous estimates and expiring leases.

underground storage tank systems. These programs also have generally been delegated to the state and local authorities in the states where Knife River operates. Knife River's facilities must comply with requirements for managing wastes and underground storage tank systems.

Some Knife River activities are directly regulated by federal agencies. For example, certain in-water mining operations are subject to provisions of the Clean Water Act that are administered by the Army Corps. Knife River operates several such operations, including gravel bar skimming and dredging operations, and Knife River has the associated permits as required. The expiration dates of these permits vary, with five years generally being the longest term.

Knife River's operations also are occasionally subject to the ESA. For example, land use regulations often require environmental studies, including wildlife studies, before a permit may be granted for a new or expanded mining facility or an asphalt or concrete plant. If endangered species or their habitats are identified, ESA requirements for protection, mitigation or avoidance apply. Endangered species protection requirements are usually included as part of land use permit conditions. Typical conditions include avoidance, setbacks, restrictions on operations during certain times of the breeding or rearing season, and construction or purchase of mitigation habitat. Knife River's operations also are subject to state and federal cultural resources protection laws when new areas are disturbed for mining operations or processing plants. Land use permit applications generally require that areas proposed for mining or other surface disturbances be surveyed for cultural resources. If any are identified, they must be protected or managed in accordance with regulatory agency requirements.

The most comprehensive environmental permit requirements are usually associated with new mining operations, although requirements vary widely from state to state and even within states. In some areas, land use regulations and associated permitting requirements are minimal. However, some states and local jurisdictions have very demanding requirements for permitting new mines. Environmental impact reports are sometimes required before a mining permit application can be considered for approval. These reports can take up to several years to complete. The report can include projected impacts of the proposed project on air and water quality, wildlife, noise levels, traffic, scenic vistas and other environmental factors. The reports generally include suggested actions to mitigate the projected adverse impacts.

Provisions for public hearings and public comments are usually included in land use permit application review procedures in the counties where Knife River operates. After taking into account environmental, mine plan and reclamation information provided by the permittee as well as comments from the public and other regulatory agencies, the local authority approves or denies the permit application. Denial is rare, but land use permits often include conditions that must be addressed by the permittee. Conditions may include property line setbacks, reclamation requirements, environmental monitoring and reporting, operating hour restrictions, financial guarantees for reclamation, and other requirements intended to protect the environment or address concerns submitted by the public or other regulatory agencies.

Knife River has been successful in obtaining mining and other land use permit approvals so sufficient permitted reserves are available to support its operations. For mining operations, this often requires considerable advanced planning to ensure sufficient time is available to complete the permitting process before the newly permitted aggregate reserve is needed to support Knife River's operations.

Knife River's Gascoyne surface coal mine last produced coal in 1995 but continues to be subject to reclamation requirements of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act, as well as the North Dakota Surface Mining Act. Portions of the Gascoyne Mine remain under reclamation bond until the 10-year revegetation liability period has expired. A portion of the original permit has been released from bond and additional areas are currently in the process of having the bond released. Knife River's intention is to request bond release as soon as it is deemed possible.

Knife River did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2017 and, except as to what may be ultimately determined with regard to the issues described in the following paragraph, Knife River does not expect to incur any material expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2020.

In December€2000, Knife River - Northwest was named by the EPA as a PRP in connection with the cleanup of a commercial property site, acquired by Knife River - Northwest in 1999, and part of the Portland, Oregon, Harbor Superfund Site. For more information, see Item€8 - Note€17.

Mine Safety The Dodd-Frank Act requires disclosure of certain mine safety information. For more information, see Item €4 - Mine Safety Disclosures.

Construction Services

General MDU Construction Services provides inside and outside specialty contracting services. Its outside services include design, construction and maintenance of overhead and underground electrical distribution and transmission lines, substations, external lighting, traffic signalization, and gas pipelines, as well as utility excavation and the manufacture and distribution of transmission line construction equipment. Its inside services include design, construction and maintenance of electrical and communication wiring and infrastructure, fire suppression systems, and mechanical piping and services. This business also designs, constructs and maintains renewable energy projects.

These specialty contracting services are provided to utilities and large manufacturing, commercial, industrial, institutional and government customers.

Construction and maintenance crews are active year round. However, activity in certain locations may be seasonal in nature due to the effects of weather.

MDU Construction Services operates a fleet of owned and leased trucks and trailers, support vehicles and specialty construction equipment, such as backhoes, excavators, trenchers, generators, boring machines and cranes. In addition, as of December€31, 2017, MDU Construction Services owned or leased facilities in 17€states. This space is used for offices, equipment yards, manufacturing, warehousing, storage and vehicle shops.

MDU Construction Services backlog at December 31 was as follows:

	2017		2016	2015
	(In millions)			
Inside specialty contracting	\$ 625	\$	435	\$ 408
Outside specialty contracting	83		40	85
	\$ 708	\$	475	\$ 493

The increase in backlog at December€31, 2017, compared to backlog at December€31, 2016, was primarily attributable to an increase in projects from all revenue streams based on customer demand. Backlog increases with awards of new contracts and decreases as work is performed on existing contracts. MDU Construction Services expects to complete a significant amount of the backlog at December€31, 2017, during the next 12 months.

MDU Construction Services• backlog is comprised of the anticipated revenues from the uncompleted portion of services to be performed under job-specific contracts. A project is included in backlog when a contract is awarded and agreement on contract terms has been reached. However, backlog does not contain contracts for time and material projects that a fixed amount cannot be determined. Backlog is comprised of: (a) original contract amounts, (b) change orders for which customers have approved, (c) pending change orders expected to receive confirmation in the ordinary course of business and (d) claim amounts that have been made against customers for which are determined to have a legal basis under existing contractual arrangements and as to which recovery is considered to be probable. Such claim amounts were immaterial for all periods presented. Backlog may be subject to delay, default or cancellation at the election of the customers. Historically, cancellations have not had a material adverse effect on backlog. Due to the nature of its contractual arrangements, in many instances MDU Construction Services' customers are not committed to the specific volumes of services to be purchased under a contract, but rather MDU Construction Services is committed to perform these services if and to the extent requested by the customer Therefore, there can be no assurance as to the customers' requirements during a particular period or that such estimates at any point in time are predictive of future revenues.

MDU Construction Services works with the National Electrical Contractors Association, the IBEW and other trade associations on hiring and recruiting a qualified workforce.

Competition MDU Construction Services operates in a highly competitive business environment. Most of MDU Construction Services' work is obtained on the basis of competitive bids or by negotiation of either cost-plus or fixed-price contracts. The workforce and equipment are highly mobile, providing greater flexibility in the size and location of MDU Construction Services' market area. Competition is based primarily on price and reputation for quality, safety and reliability. The size and location of the services provided, as well as the state of the economy, will be factors in the number of competitors that MDU Construction Services will encounter on any particular project. MDU Construction Services believes that the diversification of the services it provides, the markets it serves throughout the United States and the management of its workforce will enable it to effectively operate in this competitive environment.

Utilities and independent contractors represent the largest customer base for this segment. Accordingly, utility and subcontract work accounts for a significant portion of the work performed by MDU Construction Services and the amount of construction contracts is dependent to a certain extent on the level and timing of maintenance and construction programs undertaken by customers. MDU Construction Services relies on repeat customers and strives to maintain successful long-term relationships with these customers.

Environmental Matters MDU Construction Services' operations are subject to regulation customary for the industry, including federal, state and local environmental compliance. MDU Construction Services believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations.

The nature of MDU Construction Services' operations is such that few, if any, environmental permits are required. Operational convenience supports the use of petroleum storage tanks in several locations, which are permitted under state programs authorized by the EPA. MDU Construction Services has no ongoing remediation related to releases from petroleum storage tanks. MDU Construction Services' operations are conditionally exempt small-quantity waste generators, subject to minimal regulation under the RCRA. Federal permits for specific construction and maintenance jobs that may require these permits are typically obtained by the hiring entity, and not by MDU Construction Services.

MDU Construction Services did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2017 and does not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2020.

For information regarding construction services litigation, see Item€8 - Note€17.

Item 1A.€Risk Factors

The Company's business and financial results are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including those set forth below and in other documents that it files with the SEC. The factors and the other matters discussed herein are important factors that could cause actual results or outcomes for the Company to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements included elsewhere in this document. If any of the risks described below actually occur, the Company's business, prospects, financial condition or financial results could be materially harmed.

Economic Risks

The Company is subject to government regulations that may delay and/or have a negative impact on its business and its results of operations and cash flows. Statutory and regulatory requirements also may limit another party's ability to acquire the Company or impose conditions on an acquisition of or by the Company.

The Company's electric and natural gas transmission and distribution businesses are subject to comprehensive regulation by federal, state and local regulatory agencies with respect to, among other things, allowed rates of return and recovery of investment and cost, financing, rate structures, health care coverage and cost, income taxes, property and other taxes, franchises; recovery of purchased power and purchased natural gas costs; and siting of generation and transmission facilities. These governmental regulations significantly influence the Company's operating environment and may affect its ability to recover costs from its customers. The Company is unable to predict the impact on operating results from the future regulatory activities of any of these agencies. Changes in regulations or the imposition of additional regulations could have an adverse impact on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

There can be no assurance that applicable regulatory commissions will determine all the costs of the Company's electric and natural gas transmission and distribution businesses to have been prudent, which could result in disallowance of costs. Also, the regulatory process for approval of rates for these businesses may not result in full recovery of the costs of providing services. Changes in regulatory requirements or operating conditions may require early retirement of certain assets. While regulation typically provides relief for these types of retirements, there is no assurance the regulators will allow full recovery of all remaining costs leaving stranded asset costs. Rising fuel costs could increase the risk that the utility businesses will not be able to fully recover those fuel costs from their customers.

Approval from a number of federal and state regulatory agencies would need to be obtained by any potential acquirer of the Company as well as for acquisitions by the Company. The approval process could be lengthy and the outcome uncertain, which may defer potential acquirers from approaching the Company or impact the Company's ability to pursue otherwise attractive acquisitions.

Economic volatility affects the Company's operations, as well as the demand for its products and services.

Unfavorable economic conditions can negatively affect the level of public and private expenditures on projects and the timing of these projects which, in turn, can negatively affect the demand for the Company's products and services, primarily at the Company's construction businesses. The level of demand for construction products and services could be adversely impacted by the economic conditions in the industries the Company serves, as well as in the economy in general. State and federal budget issues affect the funding available for infrastructure spending.

The ability of the Company's electric and natural gas distribution businesses to grow in service territory, customer base and usage demand is affected by the economic environments and population growth of the markets served. This economic volatility could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and asset values. Further, any material decreases in energy demand by customers, for economic or other reasons, could have a material adverse impact on the Company's earnings and results of operations.

The Company's operations involve risks that may result from catastrophic events.

The Company's operations include a variety of inherent hazards and operating risks, such as product leaks, explosions, mechanical failures, vandalism, acts of terrorism and acts of war, which could result in loss of human life; personal injury; property damage; environmental pollution; impairment of operations; and substantial financial losses. The Company maintains insurance against some, but not all, of these risks and losses. The occurrence of these losses not fully covered by insurance could have a material effect on the Company*s financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The Company relies on financing sources and capital markets. Access to these markets may be adversely affected by factors beyond the Company's control. If the Company is unable to obtain cost effective financing in the future, the Company's ability to execute its business plans, make capital expenditures or pursue acquisitions that the Company may otherwise rely on for future growth could be impaired. As a result, the market value of the Company's common stock may be adversely affected. If the Company issues a substantial amount of common stock it could have a dilutive effect on its existing shareholders.

The Company's operations, particularly its electric and natural gas transmission and distribution businesses, require significant capital investment. The Company relies on the issuance of long-term debt and equity securities as sources of liquidity for capital requirements not satisfied by its cash flow from operations. If the Company is not able to access capital at competitive rates, the ability to implement its business plans may be adversely affected. Market disruptions may increase the cost of borrowing or adversely affect its ability to access one or more financial markets. Such disruptions could include:

- f A significant economic downturn
- f The financial distress of unrelated industry leaders in the same line of business
- f Deterioration in capital market conditions
- f Turmoil in the financial services industry
- f Volatility in commodity prices
- f Terrorist attacks
- f Cyberattacks

The issuance of a substantial amount of the Company's common stock, whether issued in connection with an acquisition or otherwise, could have a dilutive effect on existing shareholders, or the perception that such an issuance could occur, may adversely affect the market price of the Company's common stock.

The regulatory approval, permitting, construction, startup and/or operation of pipelines and power generation and transmission facilities may involve unanticipated events, delays and unrecoverable costs.

The construction, startup and operation of pipelines and power generation and transmission facilities involve many risks, which may include: delays; breakdown or failure of equipment; inability to obtain required governmental permits and approvals; inability to obtain or renew easements; public opposition; inability to complete financing; inability to negotiate acceptable equipment acquisition, construction, fuel supply, off-take, transmission, transportation or other material agreements; changes in markets and market prices for power; cost increases and overruns; the risk of performance below expected levels of output or efficiency; and the inability to obtain full cost recovery in regulated rates. Such unanticipated events could negatively impact the Company's business, its results of operations and cash flows.

Additionally, operating or other costs required to comply with current pipeline safety regulations and potential new regulations under various agencies could be significant. The regulations require verification of pipeline infrastructure records by pipeline owners and operators to confirm the maximum allowable operating pressure of certain lines. Increased emphasis on pipeline safety issues and increased regulatory scrutiny may result in penalties and higher costs of operations. If these costs are not fully recoverable from customers, they could have a material adverse effect on the Company*s results of operations and cash flows.

Financial market changes could impact the Company•s pension and post-retirement benefit plans and obligations.

The global demand and price volatility for natural resources, interest rate changes, governmental budget constraints and threat of terrorism can create volatility in the financial markets. Changing financial market conditions could negatively affect the value of assets held in the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans and may increase the amount and accelerate the timing of required funding contributions for those plans as well liabilities and funding requirements for multiemployer plans to which the Company is a participating employer.

The backlogs at the Company's construction materials and contracting and construction services businesses may not accurately represent future revenue.

Backlog consists of the uncompleted portion of services to be performed under job-specific contracts. Contracts are subject to delay, default or cancellation and the contracts in the Company's backlog are subject to changes in the scope of services to be provided as well as adjustments to the costs relating to the applicable contracts. Backlog may also be affected by project delays or cancellations resulting from weather conditions, external market factors and economic factors beyond the Company's control. Accordingly, there is no assurance that backlog will be realized. The timing of contract awards, duration of large new contracts and the mix of services can significantly affect backlog. Backlog at any given point in time may not accurately represent the revenue or net income that is realized in any period and the backlog as of the end of the year may not be indicative of the revenue and net income expected to be earned in the following year and should not be relied upon as a stand-alone indicator of future revenues or net income.

The Company's pipeline and midstream business is dependent on factors, including commodity prices and commodity price basis differentials, that are subject to external influences.

Fluctuations in oil, NGL and natural gas production and prices; fluctuations in commodity price basis differentials; domestic and foreign supplies of oil, NGL and natural gas; political and economic conditions in oil producing countries; actions of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries; and other external factors impact the development of natural gas supplies and the expansion and operation of natural gas pipeline systems. Prolonged depressed prices for oil, NGL and natural gas could negatively affect the growth, results of operations, cash flows and asset values of the Company's pipeline and midstream business.

Reductions in the Company's credit ratings could increase financing costs.

There is no assurance that the Company's current credit ratings, or those of its subsidiaries, will remain in effect or that a rating will not be lowered or withdrawn by a rating agency. The Company's credit ratings may also change as a result of the differing methodologies or changes in the methodologies used by the rating agencies. A downgrade in credit ratings could lead to higher borrowing costs. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and is applicable only to the specific security to which it applies. Investors should make their own evaluation as to whether an investment in the security is appropriate.

Increasing costs associated with health care plans may adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

The Company's self-insured costs of health care benefits for eligible employees continues to increase. Increasing levels of large individual health care claims and overall health care claims could have an adverse impact on operating results, financial position and liquidity. Legislation related to health care could also change the Company's benefit program and costs.

The Company is exposed to risk of loss resulting from the nonpayment and/or nonperformance by the Company's customers and counterparties

If the Company's customers or counterparties experience financial difficulties, the Company could experience difficulty in collecting receivables. The nonpayment and/or nonperformance by the Company's customers and counterparties, particularly customers and counterparties of the Company*s construction materials and contracting and construction services businesses for large construction projects, could have a negative impact on the Company's results of operations and cash flows. The Company may also have indirect credit risk due to participation in energy markets such as MISO in which credit losses are socialized to all participants.

Changes in tax law may negatively affect the Company's business.

On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the TCJA that significantly reforms the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The TCJA, among other things, includes reductions to United States federal tax rates, repeals the domestic production deduction, disallows regulated utility property for immediate expensing, and modifies or repeals many other business deductions and credits. The changes to the Internal Revenue Code could materially impact the Company. Future guidance, regulations and interpretations clarifying items within the TCJA may be contrary to the Company•s current interpretation or regulatory actions and could have an adverse impact to the Company. The Company continues to examine the impact the TCJA may have on the Company in future periods. The TCJA's impact on the economy, including overall demand and competition for the products and services the Company provides and associated labor availability and costs, is unknown and there could be negative impacts to the Company. The Company's utility businesses' cash flows may be negatively impacted by the disallowance of immediate expensing of utility property. Other changes to federal and state tax laws have the ability to benefit or adversely affect the Company's earnings and customer costs. Significant changes to corporate tax rates could result in the impairment of deferred tax assets that are established based on existing law at the time of deferral. Changes to the value of various tax credits could change the economics of resources and the resource selection for the electric generation business. Regulation incorporates

changes in tax law into the rate setting process for the regulated energy delivery businesses and therefore could create timing delays before the impact of changes are realized.

Environmental and Regulatory Risks

The Company's operations could be adversely impacted by climate change.

Climate change may create physical and financial risks to the Company. Such risks could have an adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Utility customers• energy needs vary with weather conditions, primarily temperature and humidity. For residential customers, heating and cooling represent the largest energy use. To the extent weather conditions are affected by climate change, customers• energy use could increase or decrease. Increased energy use by its utility customers due to weather changes may require the Company to invest in additional generating assets, transmission and other infrastructure to serve increased load. Decreased energy use due to weather changes may result in decreased revenues. Extreme weather conditions in general require more system backup, adding to costs, and can contribute to increased system stress, including service interruptions. Weather conditions outside of the Company's service territory could also have an impact on revenues. The Company buys and sells electricity that might be generated outside its service territory depending upon system needs and market opportunities. Extreme weather conditions creating high energy demand may raise electricity prices, which would increase the cost of energy provided to customers.

Severe weather impacts the Company's utility service territories, primarily when thunderstorms, tornadoes and snow or ice storms occur Severe weather events may damage or disrupt the Company's electric and natural gas transmission and distribution facilities, which could increase costs to repair damaged facilities and restore service to customers. The cost of providing service could increase to the extent the frequency of extreme weather events increases because of climate change or otherwise. The Company may not recover all costs related to mitigating these physical risks.

Severe weather may result in disruptions to the pipeline and midstream business's natural gas supply and transportation systems. These changes could result in increased maintenance and capital costs, disruption of service, regulatory actions and lower customer satisfaction.

Extreme weather conditions caused by climate change or otherwise may cause infrastructure construction projects to be delayed or canceled and limit resources available for such projects increasing the project costs at the construction materials and contracting and construction services businesses.

Climate change may impact a region•s economic health, which could impact revenues at all of the Company's businesses. The Company's financial performance is tied to the health of the regional economies served. The Company provides natural gas and electric utility service, as well as construction materials and services, for states and communities that are economically affected by the agriculture industry. Increases in severe weather events or significant changes in temperature and precipitation patterns could adversely affect the agriculture industry and correspondingly the economies of the states and communities affected by that industry.

The price of energy also has an impact on the economic health of communities. The cost of additional regulatory requirements to combat climate change, such as regulation of carbon dioxide emissions under the Clean Air Act, or other environmental regulation could impact the availability of goods and prices charged by suppliers which would normally be borne by consumers through higher prices for energy and purchased goods. To the extent financial markets view climate change and emissions of GHGs as a financial risk, this could negatively affect the Company's ability to access capital markets or cause less than ideal terms and conditions.

The Company's operations are subject to environmental laws and regulations that may increase costs of operations, impact or limit business plans, or expose the Company to environmental liabilities.

The Company is subject to environmental laws and regulations affecting many aspects of its operations, regarding air and water quality, waste management and other environmental considerations. These laws and regulations can increase capital, operating and other costs, cause delays as a result of litigation and administrative proceedings, and create compliance, remediation, containment, monitoring and reporting obligations, particularly relating to electric generation and natural gas gathering, transmission and storage operations. These laws and regulations generally require the Company to obtain and comply with a variety of environmental licenses, permits, inspections and other approvals. Although the Company strives to comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations, public and private entities and private individuals may interpret the Company's legal or regulatory requirements differently and seek injunctive relief or other remedies against the Company. The Company cannot predict the outcome, financial or operational, of any such litigation or administrative proceedings.

Existing environmental laws and regulations may be revised and new laws and regulations seeking to protect the environment may be adopted or become applicable to the Company. These laws and regulations could require the Company to limit the use or output of certain facilities, restrict the use of certain fuels, retire and replace certain facilities, install pollution controls, remediate environmental impacts, remove or reduce environmental hazards, or forego or limit the development of resources. Revised or new laws and regulations that increase compliance costs or restrict operations, particularly if costs are not fully recoverable from customers, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

On April€17, 2015, the EPA published a rule, under the RCRA, for coal combustion residuals that regulates coal ash as a solid waste and not a hazardous waste. Site and groundwater analyses as required by the rule may identify the need to upgrade or close impoundments or the Company may need to install replacement ash management systems. The cost of replacement ash impoundments or landfills may be material. If these costs are not fully recoverable from customers, they could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

On August€15, 2014, the EPA published a rule under Section€316(b) of the Clean Water Act, establishing requirements for water intake structures at existing steam electric generating facilities. The purpose of the rule is to reduce impingement and entrainment of fish and other aquatic organisms at cooling water intake structures. The majority of the Company's electric generating facilities are either not subject to the rule or have completed studies that project compliance expenditures are not material. The Lewis & Clark Station will complete a study that will be submitted to the Montana DEQ by July€31, 2019, to be used in determining any required controls. It is unknown at this time what controls may be required at this facility or if compliance costs will be material. The installation schedule for any required controls would be established with the permitting agency after the study is completed.

Initiatives to reduce GHG emissions could adversely impact the Company's operations.

Concern that GHG emissions are contributing to global climate change has led to international, federal and state legislative and regulatory proposals to reduce or mitigate the effects of GHG emissions. The Company•s primary GHG emission is carbon dioxide from fossil fuels combustion at Montana-Dakota's electric generating facilities, particularly its coal-fired facilities. Approximately 50 percent of Montana-Dakota's owned generating capacity and approximately 76€percent of the electricity it generated in 2017 was from coal-fired facilities.

On October€23, 2015, the EPA published the Clean Power Plan rule that requires existing fossil fuel-fired electric generating facilities to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. On February€9, 2016, however, the United States Supreme Court granted an application for a stay of the Clean Power Plan pending disposition of the applicants' petition for review in the D.C. Circuit Court and disposition of the applicants' petition for a writ of certiorari if such a writ is sought. The EPA filed a motion with the D.C. Circuit Court on March 28, 2017, requesting the Clean Power Plan's case be held in abeyance. The D.C. Circuit Court granted the EPA•s motion to hold the case in abeyance for 60 days. On August 8, 2017, the D.C. Circuit Court issued an order holding the case in abeyance for an additional 60-day period and directed the EPA to file status reports at 30-day intervals. In parallel, the EPA published a proposal on October 16, 2017, to repeal the Clean Power Plan in its entirety and followed with an advance notice of proposed rulemaking published in the Federal Register on December 28, 2017, requesting comment on replacing the Clean Power Plan through new rulemaking. Compliance costs will become clearer as the EPA completes new rulemaking.

On January€14, 2015, the federal government of the United States announced a goal to reduce methane emissions from the oil and natural gas industry by 40€percent to 45€percent below 2012 levels by 2025. On June 3, 2016, the EPA published a rule updating new source performance standards for the oil and natural gas industry. The rule builds on 2012 requirements to reduce volatile organic compound emissions from oil and natural gas sources by establishing requirements to reduce methane emissions from previously regulated sources, as well as adding volatile organic compound and methane requirements for sources previously not covered by the rule. The rule impacts new and modified natural gas gathering and boosting stations and transmission and storage compressor stations. WBI Energy is currently complying with the rules impacting new and modified sources. In addition, on March€10, 2016, the EPA announced plans to reduce emissions from the oil and natural gas industry by moving to regulate emissions from existing sources. On November€10, 2016, the EPP issued an Information Collection Request to oil and gas facility operators, including WBI Energy, to begin the process of existing source rule development. On March€7, 2017, the EPA published notice of withdrawal of the Information Collection Request.

On September 15, 2016, the Washington DOE issued a Clean Air rule that requires carbon dioxide emission reductions from various industries in the state, including emissions from the combustion of natural gas supplied to end-use customers by natural gas distribution companies, such as Cascade. In 2017, the rule requires Cascade to hold carbon dioxide emissions to a baseline, equal to the average emissions in 2012 to 2016. Beginning in 2018, annual carbon dioxide emissions are reduced by an additional 1.7 percent of the baseline from the previous year's emissions. Compliance for natural gas suppliers is to be achieved through purchasing emissions credits from projects located within the state of Washington and, to a limited and declining extent, out-of-state allowances. Purchasing emissions credits and allowances will increase operating costs for Cascade. If Cascade is not able to receive timely and full recovery of compliance costs from its customers, such costs could adversely impact the results of its operations. On September 27, 2016 and September €30, 2016, Cascade

and three other natural gas distribution utility companies jointly filed complaints in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington and the Thurston County Superior Court, respectively, asking the courts to deem the rule invalid. The companies asserted that the Washington DOE undertook this rulemaking without the requisite statutory authority. On December 15, 2017, the Thurston County Superior Court vacated the Clean Air rule holding that it is invalid due to a lack of legislative approval to adopt the rule. The ruling may still be appealed by the Washington DOE or interveners. Litigation in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington remains in abeyance pending evaluation of the recent ruling in the Thurston County Superior Court.

Additional treaties, legislation or regulations to reduce GHG emissions may be adopted that affect the Company's utility operations by requiring additional energy conservation efforts or renewable energy sources, as well as other mandates that could significantly increase capital expenditures and operating costs or reduce demand for the Company's utility services. If the Company•s utility operations do not receive timely and full recovery of GHG emission compliance costs from customers, then such costs could adversely impact the results of its operations and cash flows.

The Company monitors, analyzes and reports GHG emissions from its other operations as required by applicable laws and regulations. The Company will continue to monitor GHG regulations and their potential impact on operations.

Due to the uncertain availability of technologies to control GHG emissions and the unknown obligations that potential GHG emission legislation or regulations may create, the Company cannot determine the potential financial impact on its operations.

Other Risks

The Company's various businesses are seasonal and subject to weather conditions that can adversely affect the Company's operations, revenues and cash flows.

The Company's results of operations can be affected by changes in the weather. Weather conditions influence the demand for electricity and natural gas and affect the price of energy commodities. Utility operations have historically generated lower revenues when weather conditions are cooler than normal in the summer and warmer than normal in the winter particularly in jurisdictions that do not have decoupling mechanisms in place. Where decoupling mechanism are in place, there is no assurance the Company will continue to receive such regulatory protection from adverse weather in future rates.

Adverse weather conditions, such as heavy or sustained rainfall or snowfall, storms, wind, and colder weather may affect the demand for products and the ability to perform services at the construction businesses and affect ongoing operation and maintenance and construction activities for the electric and natural gas transmission and distribution businesses. In addition, severe weather can be destructive, causing outages, and/or property damage, which could require additional costs to be incurred.

As a result, adverse weather conditions could negatively affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Competition exists in all of the Company's businesses.

The Company's businesses are subject to competition. Construction services' competition is based primarily on price and reputation for quality, safety and reliability. Construction materials products are marketed under highly competitive conditions and are subject to such competitive forces as price, service, delivery time and proximity to the customer. The electric utility and natural gas industries also experience competitive pressures as a result of consumer demands, technological advances and other factors. The pipeline and midstream business competes with several pipelines for access to natural gas supplies and for gathering, transportation and storage business. Competition could negatively affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

The Company's inability to obtain, develop and retain key personnel and skilled labor forces may have a negative effect on the Company's operations.

The Company must attract, develop and retain executive officers and other professional, technical and skilled labor forces with the skills and experience necessary to successfully manage, operate and grow the Company's businesses. Competition for these employees is high, and in some cases competition for these employees is on a regional or national basis. A shortage in the supply of these skilled personnel creates competitive hiring markets and increased labor expenses, decreased productivity and potentially lost business opportunities. Additionally, if the Company is unable to hire employees with the requisite skills, the Company may also be forced to incur significant training expenses. As a result, the Company's ability to maintain productivity, relationships with customers, competitive costs, and quality services is limited by the ability to employ the necessary skilled personnel and could negatively affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

The Company's construction materials and contracting and construction services businesses may be exposed to warranty claims.

The Company, particularly its construction businesses, may provide warranties guaranteeing the work performed against defects in workmanship and material. If warranty claims occur, they may require the Company to re-perform the services or to repair or replace the warranted item, at a cost to the Company, and could also result in other damages if the Company is not able to adequately satisfy warranty obligations. In addition, the Company may be required under contractual arrangements with customers to warrant any defects or failures in materials the Company purchased from third parties. While the Company generally requires suppliers to provide warranties that are consistent with those the Company provides to customers, if any of the suppliers default on their warranty obligations to the Company, the Company may nonetheless incur costs to repair or replace the defective materials. Costs incurred as a result of warranty claims could adversely affect the Company's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

The Company could be subject to limitations on its ability to pay dividends.

The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on its common stock. Regulatory, contractual and legal limitations, as well as capital requirements and the Company's financial performance or cash flows, could restrict or influence the Company's ability or decision to pay dividends on its common stock and adversely affect the Company's stock price.

Costs related to obligations under MEPPs could have a material negative effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

Various operating subsidiaries of the Company participate in approximately 75€MEPPs for employees represented by certain unions. The Company is required to make contributions to these plans in amounts established under numerous collective bargaining agreements between the operating subsidiaries and those unions.

The Company may be obligated to increase its contributions to underfunded plans that are classified as being in endangered, seriously endangered or critical status as defined by the Pension Protection Act of 2006. Plans classified as being in one of these statuses are required to adopt RPs or FIPs to improve their funded status through increased contributions, reduced benefits or a combination of the two. Based on available information, the Company believes that approximately 35€percent of the MEPPs to which it contributes are currently in endangered, seriously endangered or critical status.

The Company may also be required to increase its contributions to MEPPs if the other participating employers in such plans withdraw from the plans and are not able to contribute amounts sufficient to fund the unfunded liabilities associated with their participation in the plans. The amount and timing of any increase in the Company's required contributions to MEPPs may also depend upon one or more factors including the outcome of collective bargaining, actions taken by trustees who manage the plans, actions taken by the plans' other participating employers, the industry for which contributions are made, future determinations that additional plans reach endangered, seriously endangered or critical status, government regulations and the actual return on assets held in the plans, among others. The Company may experience increased operating expenses as a result of the required contributions to MEPPs, which may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In addition, pursuant to ERISA, as amended by MPPAA, the Company could incur a partial or complete withdrawal liability upon withdrawing from a plan, exiting a market in which it does business with a union workforce or upon termination of a plan to the extent these plans are underfunded. The Company could also incur additional withdrawal liability if its withdrawal from a plan is determined by that plan to be part of a mass withdrawal.

Information technology disruptions or cyberattacks could adversely impact the Company's operations.

The Company's operations require uninterrupted operation of information technology systems and network infrastructure. While the Company has policies, procedures and processes in place designed to strengthen and protect these systems, they may be vulnerable to failures or unauthorized access due to hacking, theft, sabotage, malicious software, acts of terrorism, acts of war, acts of nature or other causes. If these systems fail or become comprised, and they are not recovered in a timely manner, the Company may be unable to fulfill critical business functions. This may include interruption of electric generation, transmission and distribution facilities, natural gas storage and pipeline facilities, and facilities for delivery of construction materials or other products and services. The Company's accounting systems and its ability to collect information and invoice customers for products and services could also be disrupted. If the Company's operations were disrupted, it could result in decreased revenues or significant remediation costs that have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows. Additionally, because electric generation and transmission systems and natural gas pipelines are part of interconnected systems with other operators• facilities, a cyber-related disruption in another operators• system could negatively impact the Company's business.

The Company, through the ordinary course of business, requires access to sensitive customer, employee and Company data. While the Company has implemented extensive security measures, a breach of its systems could compromise sensitive data. Such an event could result in negative publicity and reputational harm, remediation costs, legal claims and fines that could have an adverse effect on the Company's financial results. Third-party service providers that perform critical business functions for the Company or have access to sensitive information within the Company also may be vulnerable to security breaches and information technology risks that could have an adverse effect on the Company.

The Company may be subject to potential material liabilities relating to the past sale of assets or businesses, primarily arising from events prior to sale.

The Company previously sold its oil and natural gas assets and its membership interests in Dakota Prairie Refining. The Company may be subject to potential liabilities, either directly or through indemnification of the buyers or others, relating to these transactions or other sales, primarily arising from events prior to the sale, or from breaches of any representations, warranties or covenants in the purchase and sale agreements.

Other factors that could impact the Company's businesses.

The following are other factors that should be considered for a better understanding of the risks to the Company. These other factors may materially negatively impact the Company's financial results in future periods.

- f Acquisition, disposal and impairments of assets or facilities
- f Changes in operation, performance and construction of plant facilities or other assets
- f Changes in present or prospective generation
- f The availability of economic expansion or development opportunities
- f Population growth rates and demographic patterns
- f Market demand for, available supplies of, and/or costs of, energy- and construction-related products and services
- f The cyclical nature of large construction projects at certain operations
- f Unanticipated project delays or changes in project costs, including related energy costs
- f Unanticipated changes in operating expenses or capital expenditures
- f Labor negotiations or disputes
- f Inability of the contract counterparties to meet their contractual obligations
- f Changes in accounting principles and/or the application of such principles to the Company
- f Changes in technology
- f Changes in legal or regulatory proceedings
- f Losses or costs relating to litigation
- f The ability to effectively integrate the operations and the internal controls of acquired companies

Item 1B.€Unresolved Staff Comments

The Company has no unresolved comments with the SEC.

Item€3. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding legal proceedings required by this item, see Item€8 - Note€17, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 4.€Mine Safety Disclosures

For information regarding mine safety violations or other regulatory matters required by Section€1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Act and Item€104 of Regulation S-K, see Exhibit€95 to this Form€10-K, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item€5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "MDU." The price range of the Company's common stock as reported by the New York Stock Exchange during 2017 and 2016 and dividends declared thereon were as follows:

	Common Stock Price (High)	Common Stock Price (Low)	Common Stock Dividends Declared Per Share	
2017				
First quarter	\$29.74	\$25.83	\$.1925	
Second quarter	27.89	25.58	.1925	
Third quarter	27.73	27.73 25.14		
Fourth quarter	28.22	25.89	.1975	
			\$.7750	
2016				
First quarter	\$19.55	\$15.57	\$.1875	
Second quarter	24.01	18.70	.1875	
Third quarter	25.79	22.47	.1875	
Fourth quarter	29.92	24.49	.1925	
			\$.7550	

As of December€31, 2017, the Company's common stock was held by approximately 11,703€stockholders of record.

The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on common stock. The declaration and payment of dividends is at the sole discretion of the board of directors, subject to limitations imposed by the Company's credit agreements, federal and state laws, and applicable regulatory limitations. For more information on factors that may limit the Company's ability to pay dividends, see Item€8 - Note€9.

The following table includes information with respect to the Company's purchase of equity securities:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased (1)	(b)€ Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2)
October€1 through October€31, 2017	,	,	ı	,
November€1 through November€30, 2017	38,121	\$26.88	,	,
December€1 through December€31, 2017	2,451	\$27.70	,	,
Total	40,572		,	,

⁽¹⁾ Represents shares of common stock purchased on the open market in connection with annual stock grants made to the Company's non-employee directors and for those directors who elected to receive additional shares of common stock in lieu of a portion of their cash retainer.

⁽²⁾ Not applicable. The Company does not currently have in place any publicly announced plans or programs to purchase equity securities.

Item€6. Selected Financial Data

		2017		2016		2015		2014	ļ.	20	13		2012
Selected Financial Data													
Operating revenues (000's):													
Electric	\$	342,805	\$	322,356	\$	280,615 \$	5	277,874	\$	257,260	\$	236,89	95
Natural gas distribution		848,388		766,115		817,419		921,986		851,945		754,8	48
Pipeline and midstream		122,213		141,602		154,904		157,292		144,568		142,6	10
Construction materials and contracting		1,812,529		1,874,270		1,904,282	1	1,765,330		1,712,137		1,617,42	25
Construction services		1,367,602		1,073,272		926,427		1,119,529		1,039,839		938,5	58
Other		7,874		8,643		9,191		9,364		9,620		10,	370
Intersegment eliminations		(58,060)		(57,430)		(78,786)		(136,302))	(95,20	1)	(7	4,595)
	\$	4,443,351	\$	4,128,828	\$	4,014,052 \$	4	,115,073	5 3	3,920,168	\$	3,626,11	1
Operating income (loss) (000's):													
Electric	\$	82,153	\$	68,497	\$	57,955	\$	61,331	\$	54,274	\$	49,8	52
Natural gas distribution		84,878		65,014		53,810		65,633		78,829		67,5	579
Pipeline and midstream		36,924		43,374		29,988		46,713		20,896		49,1	139
Construction materials and contracting		143,716		178,719		146,026		86,462		93,629		57,8	864
Construction services		81,590		53,705		43,376		82,309		85,246		66,5	531
Other		(549)		(189)		(8,438)		(5,366))	(4,38	4)	((5,325)
Intersegment eliminations		•		,		(2,942)		(9,900))	(7,17	6)		,
	\$	428,712	\$	409,120	\$	319,775 \$	5	327,182	\$	321,314	\$	285,64	10
Earnings (loss) on common stock (000's):													
Electric	\$	49,366	\$	42,222	\$	35,914	\$	36,731	\$	34,837	\$	30,6	34
Natural gas distribution	•	32,225	·	27,102	•	23,607	•	30,484	•	37,656	•	29,4	
Pipeline and midstream		20,493		23,435		13,250		24,666		7,701		26,	
Construction materials and contracting		123,398		102,687		89,096		51,510		50,946		32,4	
Construction services		53,306		33,945		23,762		54,432		52,213		38,4	
Other		(1,422)		(3,231)		(14,941)		(7,386))	(10,77	6)		(7,209)
Intersegment eliminations		6,849		6,251		5,016		(6,095)	,	(4,307	,		,
Earnings on common stock before income (loss) from discontinued operations		284,215		232,411		175,704		184,342		168,270		150,2	71
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of ${\sf tax}^*$		(3,783)		(300,354)	1	(834,080)		109,311		109,615	5	(151	,710)
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest		•		(131,691)	1	(35,256)		(3,895))	(36	3)		,
	\$	280,432	\$	63,748	\$	(623,120)	\$	297,548	\$	278,248	\$	(1,	439)
Earnings (loss) per common share before discontinued operations - diluted	\$	1.45	\$	1.19	\$.90	\$.96	9	8.	39	\$.80
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax		(.02)		(.86)		(4.10)		.59		.5	8		(.81)
	\$	1.43	\$.33	\$	(3.20)	\$	1.55	\$	1.47	\$		(.01)
Common Stock Statistics													
Weighted average common shares outstanding€-diluted (000's)		195,687		195,618		194,986		192,587		189,693		188,8	26
Dividends declared per common share	\$.7750	\$.7550	\$.7350	\$.7150	\$.6950	\$.67	750
Book value per common share	\$	12.44	\$	11.78	\$	12.83	\$	16.66	\$	15.01	\$	13	.95
Market price per common share (year end)	\$	26.88	\$	28.77	\$	18.32	\$	23.50	\$	30.55	\$	21	.24
Market price ratios:													
Dividend payout**		53%	,	639	6	82%		749	%	7	78%		84%
Yield		2.9%	,	2.79	6	4.1%		3.19	%	2.	.3%		3.2%
Market value as a percent of book value		216.1%		244.29	6	142.8%		141.19	%	203.	5%		152.3%

Reflects oil and natural gas properties noncash write-downs of \$315.3€million (after tax) and \$246.8€million (after tax) in 2015 and 2012, respectively, and fair value impairments of assets held for sale of \$157.8 million (after tax) and \$475.4€million (after tax) in 2016 and 2015, respectively. Based on continuing operations.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data (continued)

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2	013			2012
General													
Total assets (000's)	\$ 6,334,666	\$	6,284,467	\$	6,565,154	\$	7,805,405	\$	7,043,3	65	\$	6,675	,609
Total long-term debt (000's)	\$ 1,714,853	\$	1,790,159	\$	1,796,163 \$;	2,016,198 \$	1,7	73,050	\$	1,7	738,833	}
Capitalization ratios:													
Total equity	59%)	569	6	58%		62%			62%	ó		60%
Total debt	41		44		42		38			38			40
	100%	,	100%	6	100%		100%		1	00%	, 5		100%
Electric													
Retail sales (thousand kWh)	3,306,470		3,258,537		3,316,017		3,308,358		3,173,0	86		2,996	5,528
Electric system summer and firm purchase contract ZRCs (Interconnected system)	553.1		559.7		547.3		584.0		583.	5		55	2.8
Electric system peak demand obligation, including firm purchase contracts, planning reserve margin requirement (Interconnected€system)	530.2		559.7		547.3		522.4		508.	3		55	0.7
All-time demand peak - kW (Interconnected€system)	611,542		611,542		611,542		582,083		573,587			573,58	37
Electricity produced (thousand kWh)	2,630,640		2,626,763		1,898,160		2,519,938		2,430,0	01		2,299	,686
Electricity purchased (thousand€kWh)	955,687		904,702		1,658,002		1,010,422		971,2	61		870),516
Average cost of electric fuel and purchased power per kWh	\$.022	\$.021	\$.024	\$.025	\$.0	25	\$.023
Natural Gas Distribution													
Sales (Mdk)	112,551		99,296		95,559		104,297		108,2	60		93	3,810
Transportation (Mdk)	144,477		147,592		154,225		145,941		149,4	90		132	2,010
Degree days (% of normal)													
Montana-Dakota/Great Plains	100%		899	6	88%		103%		1	05%	, o		84%
Cascade	107%		879	6	83%		89%			98%	ó		96%
Intermountain	111%		969	6	89%		95%		1	10%	, D		91%
Pipeline and Midstream													
Transportation (Mdk)	312,520		285,254		290,494		233,483		178,598			137,72	20
Gathering (Mdk)	16,064		20,049		33,441		38,372		40,737	7		47,0	84
Customer natural gas storage balance (Mdk)	22,397		26,403		16,600		14,885		26,693	3		43,7	31
Construction Materials and Contracting													
Sales (000's):													
Aggregates (tons)	28,213		27,580		26,959		25,827		24,713	3		23,2	85
Asphalt (tons)	6,237		7,203		6,705		6,070		6,22	8		5,9	988
Ready-mixed concrete (cubic€yards)	3,548		3,655		3,592		3,460		3,22	3		3,1	157
Aggregate reserves (000's tons)	965,036		989,084		1,022,513		1,061,156	1,0	083,376		1.	088,23	6

Item€7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The Company's strategy is to apply its expertise in the regulated energy delivery and construction materials and services businesses to increase market share, increase profitability and enhance shareholder value through organic growth opportunities and strategic acquisitions. The Company is focused on a disciplined approach to the acquisition of well-managed companies and properties.

The Company has capabilities to fund its growth and operations through various sources, including internally generated funds, commercial paper facilities, revolving credit facilities, and the issuance from time to time of debt and equity securities. For more information on the Company's capital expenditures, see Liquidity and Capital Commitments.

On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the TCJA making significant changes to the United States federal income tax laws. Some of the more material changes from the TCJA impacting the Company includes lower corporate tax rates, repealing the domestic production deduction, disallowance of immediate expensing for regulated utility property and modifying or repealing many other business deductions and credits. During the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company performed a one-time revaluation of the net deferred tax liabilities to account for the reduction in the corporate tax rate from 35€percent to 21€percent, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 11. The Company is currently reviewing the components of the TCJA and evaluating the impact on the Company for 2018 and thereafter. For information pertinent to the specific impacts or trends identified by the Company's business segments, see Business Segment Financial and Operating Data.

Consolidated Earnings Overview

The following table summarizes the contribution to consolidated earnings (loss) by each of the Company's business segments.

Years ended December€31,	 2017	2016	2015	
	(In millions, exce	ept per share amoun	nts)	
Electric	\$ 49.4 \$	42.2 \$	35.9	
Natural gas distribution	32.2	27.1	23.6	
Pipeline and midstream	20.5	23.4	13.3	
Construction materials and contracting	123.4	102.7	89.1	
Construction services	53.3	33.9	23.8	
Other	(1.5)	(3.2)	(15.0)	
Intersegment eliminations	6.9	6.3	5.0	
Earnings before discontinued operations	284.2	232.4	175.7	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(3.8)	(300.4)	(834.1)	
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	•	(131.7)	(35.3)	
Earnings (loss) on common stock	\$ 280.4 \$	63.7 \$	(623.1)	
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic:				
Earnings before discontinued operations	\$ 1.46 \$	1.19 \$.90	
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	(.02)	(.86)	(4.10)	
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 1.44 \$.33 \$	(3.20)	
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted:				
Earnings before discontinued operations	\$ 1.45 \$	1.19 \$.90	
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	(.02)	(.86)	(4.10)	
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 1.43 \$.33 \$	(3.20)	

2017 compared to 2016 The Company recognized consolidated earnings of \$280.4€million in 2017, compared to consolidated earnings of \$63.7€million in 2016. This increase was the result of:

- f Discontinued operations which reflect the absence in 2017 of a loss associated with the sale of the refining business in June 2016
- f An income tax benefit of \$39.5€million primarily for the revaluation of the Company's net deferred tax liabilities, as discussed in Item 8 Note 11
- f Higher inside and outside specialty contracting margins at the construction services business
- f Higher natural gas retail sales margins at the natural gas distribution business
- f Higher electric retail sales margins at the electric business

These increases were partially offset by:

f Lower asphalt product margins and lower construction margins at the construction materials and contracting business

f Lower gathering and processing revenues at the pipeline and midstream business

2016 compared to 2015 The Company recognized consolidated earnings of \$63.7€million in 2016, compared to a consolidated loss of \$623.1€million in 2015. This increase was due to:

- f Discontinued operations which reflect the absence in 2016 of fair value impairments of the exploration and production business's assets of \$475.4€million (after tax) and a noncash write-down of oil and natural gas properties of \$315.3€million (after tax) offset in part by a fair value impairment of the refining business of \$156.7€million (after tax) in 2016
- f Higher construction, asphalt product and aggregate margins at the construction materials and contracting business
- f Other loss decreased primarily as the result of lower operation and maintenance and interest expense due to the sales of the exploration and production and refining businesses
- f Higher inside construction margins offset in part by lower outside construction margins, which includes lower equipment sales and rental margins, at the construction services business
- f Lower impairment in 2016 at the pipeline and midstream business
- f Higher electric retail sales margins offset in part by higher operation and maintenance expense and higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense at the electric business

Business Segment Financial and Operating Data

Following are key financial and operating data for each of the Company's business segments. Also included are highlights on key growth strategies, projections and certain assumptions for the Company and its subsidiaries and other matters of the Company's business segments. Many of these highlighted points are "forward-looking statements." There is no assurance that the Company's projections, including estimates for growth and changes in earnings, will in fact be achieved. Please refer to assumptions contained in this section, as well as the various important factors listed in Item€1A - Risk Factors. Changes in such assumptions and factors could cause actual future results to differ materially from the Company's growth and earnings projections.

For information pertinent to various commitments and contingencies, see Item€8 - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. For a summary of the Company's business segments, see Item 8 - Note€13.

Electric and Natural Gas Distribution

Strategy and challengesThe electric and natural gas distribution segments provide electric and natural gas distribution services to customers, as discussed in Items 1 and 2 - Business Properties. Both segments strive to be a top performing utility company measured by integrity, safety, employees, customer service and shareholder performance, while continuing to focus on providing safe, reliable and competitively priced energy and related services to customers. The Company continues to monitor opportunities for these segments to retain, grow and expand their customer base through extensions of existing operations, including building and upgrading electric generation and transmission and natural gas systems, and through selected acquisitions of companies and properties at prices that will provide stable cash flows and an opportunity to earn a competitive return on investment. The continued efforts to create operational improvements and efficiencies across both segments promotes the Company's business integration strategy. The primary factors that impact the results of these segments are the ability to earn authorized rates of return, the cost of natural gas, cost of electric fuel and purchased power competitive factors in the energy industry and economic conditions in the segments' service areas.

The electric and natural gas distribution segments are subject to extensive regulation in the jurisdictions where they conduct operations with respect to costs, timely recovery of investments and permitted returns on investment as well as certain operational, system integrity and environmental regulations. To assist in the reduction of regulatory lag with the increase in investments, tracking mechanisms have been implemented. Legislative and regulatory initiatives to increase renewable energy resources and reduce GHG emissions could impact the price and demand for electricity and natural gas and result in the retirement of certain electric generating facilities before they are fully depreciated. Although the current administration has slowed environmental regulations, the segments continue to invest in facility upgrades to be in compliance with the existing and future regulations.

The ability to grow through acquisitions is subject to significant competition and acquisition premiums. In addition, the ability of the segments to grow their service territory and customer base is affected by the economic environment of the markets served and competition from other energy providers and fuels. The construction of any new electric generating facilities, transmission lines and other service facilities is subject to increasing cost and lead time, extensive permitting procedures, and federal and state legislative and regulatory initiatives, which will necessitate increases in electric energy prices.

Revenues are impacted by both customer growth and usage, the latter of which is primarily impacted by weather. Very cold winters increase demand for natural gas and to a lesser extent, electricity, while warmer than normal summers increase demand for electricity, especially among residential and commercial customers. Average consumption among natural gas customers has tended to decline as more efficient

appliances and furnaces are installed, and as the Company has implemented conservation programs. Decoupling mechanisms in certain jurisdictions have been implemented to largely mitigate the effect that would otherwise be caused by variations in volumes sold to these customers due to weather and changing consumption patterns.

Earnings overview - electric he following information summarizes the performance of the electric segment.

Years ended December 31,		2017	2016		2015
		plicable)	1		
Operating revenues	\$	342.8	\$ 322.3	\$	280.6
Operating expenses:					
Operation and maintenance		120.0	115.2		87.7
Electric fuel and purchased power		78.7	75.5		86.2
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		47.7	50.2		37.6
Taxes, other than income		14.3	12.9		11.1
Total operating expenses		260.7	253.8		222.6
Operating income		82.1	68.5		58.0
Earnings	\$	49.4	\$ 42.2	\$	35.9
Retail sales (million kWh):	,				
Residential		1,153.5	1,132.5		1,173.9
Commercial		1,513.1	1,491.8		1,499.6
Industrial		539.9	544.2		550.3
Other		100.0	90.0		92.2
	,	3,306.5	3,258.5		3,316.0
Average cost of electric fuel and purchased power per kWh	\$.022	\$.021	\$.024

2017 compared to 2016 Electric earnings increased \$7.2€million (17€percent) compared to the prior year. The increase resulted from:

- f Increased electric retail sales margins from the recovery of additional investment in a MISO multivalue project, approved rate recovery in all jurisdictions and 2€percent higher retail sales volumes to commercial and residential customers
- f Lower depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$1.5€million (after tax) from lower depreciation rates implemented in conjunction with regulatory recovery activity

Partially offsetting the increase were:

- f Higher operation and maintenance expense of \$3.0€million (after tax) largely from higher payroll-related costs, material costs and contract services
- f Income tax expense of \$2.1 million for the revaluation of nonutility net deferred tax assets, as discussed in Item€8 Note 11

2016 compared to 2015 Electric earnings increased \$6.3€million (18€percent) compared to the prior year due to:

- f Increased electric retail sales margins, largely due to approved final and interim rate increases reduced in part by decreased electric sales volumes of 2€percent, largely from decreased residential customer volumes
- f Favorable income tax changes, which includes \$10.1€million due to higher production tax credits

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- f Higher operation and maintenance expense of \$17.1€million (after tax) primarily due to higher contract services and higher payroll-related costs
- f Higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$7.8€million (after tax) due to increased property, plant and equipment balances
- f Lower other income, which includes \$7.1€million (after tax) primarily related to AFUDC
- f Higher interest expense, which includes \$4.4 million (after tax) largely the result of higher long-term debt

Certain of the higher operation and maintenance expense, higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and higher production tax credits in 2016, due to increased capital investments, are potentially recoverable and/or refundable through the rate recovery process. The previous table also reflects lower average cost of electric fuel and purchased power per kWh due to no electric fuel and purchased power costs associated with the Thunder Spirit Wind farm in 2016 as compared to 2015.

Part II

Earnings overview - natural gas distribution following information summarizes the performance of the natural gas distribution segment.

Years ended December 31,		2017		2016		2015
		plicable)	1			
Operating revenues	\$	848.4	\$	766.1	\$	817.4
Operating expenses:						
Operation and maintenance		163.7		158.1		153.5
Purchased natural gas sold		479.9		431.5		499.0
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		69.4		65.4		64.8
Taxes, other than income		50.5		46.1		46.3
Total operating expenses		763.5		701.1		763.6
Operating income		84.9		65.0		53.8
Earnings	\$	32.2	\$	27.1	\$	23.6
Volumes (MMdk)						
Retail sales:						
Residential		63.6		56.2		54.0
Commercial		44.3		38.9		37.6
Industrial		4.6		4.2		4.0
		112.5		99.3		95.6
Transportation sales:						
Commercial		2.0		1.8		1.8
Industrial		142.5		145.8		152.4
	,	144.5		147.6		154.2
Total throughput		257.0		246.9		249.8
Degree days (% of normal)*						
Montana-Dakota/Great Plains		100%		89%	6	88%
Cascade		107%		87%	6	83%
Intermountain		111%	ı	969	6	89%
Average cost of natural gas, including transportation, per dk	\$	4.26	\$	4.35	\$	5.22

Degree days are a measure of the daily temperature-related demand for energy for heating.

2017 compared to 2016 The natural gas distribution business experienced an increase in earnings of \$5.1€million (19€percent) compared to the prior year because of increased natural gas retail sales margins. The margin increase resulted from:

- f Increased retail sales volumes of 13€percent across all customer classes from colder weather in all jurisdictions, offset in part by weather normalization in certain jurisdictions, and 2€percent customer growth
- f Approved final and interim rate increases

Partially offsetting the increase were:

- f Income tax expense of \$4.3€million for the revaluation of nonutility net deferred tax assets, as discussed in Item€8 Note 11
- f Higher operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$3.7€million (after tax) largely from higher payroll-related costs and material costs
- f Higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$2.4€million (after tax) as a result of increased property, plant and equipment balances

2016 compared to 2015 The natural gas distribution business experienced an increase in earnings of \$3.5€million (15€percent) compared to the prior year from higher natural gas retail sales margins. The margin increase resulted from:

- f Increased retail sales volumes of 4€percent to all customer classes from customer growth and colder weather in certain regions
- f Approved final and interim rate increases

Partially offsetting the increase were higher operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$4.6€million (after tax) largely from higher payroll-related costs, and higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense from increased property, plant and equipment balances.

The previous table also includes lower nonutility project costs reflected in operation and maintenance expense, as well as the pass-through of lower natural gas prices which are reflected in the decrease in both sales revenue and purchased natural gas sold in 2016.

OutlookThe Company expects these segments will grow rate base by approximately 6€percent annually over the next five years on a compound basis. This growth projection is on a much larger base, having grown rate base at a record pace of 12€percent compounded annually over the past five-year period. Operations are spread across eight states where the Company expects customer growth to be higher than the national average. Customer growth is expected to grow by 1€percent to 2€percent per year. This customer growth, along with system upgrades and replacements needed to supply safe and reliable service, will require investments in new electric generation and transmission and natural gas systems.

The Company continues to be focused on the regulatory recovery of its investments. Since, January 1, 2017, these segments have implemented rate increases in Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming and before the FERC. The Company files for rate adjustments to seek recovery of operating costs and capital investments, as well as reasonable returns as allowed by regulators. The Company's most recent cases by jurisdiction are discussed in Item€8 - Note 16.

With the enactment of the TCJA, the state regulators in jurisdictions where the segments operate have requested companies submit plans for the estimated impact of the TCJA. As such, the segments are using the deferral method of accounting for the revaluation of its regulated deferred tax assets and liabilities. The impact of the revaluation of the segments' regulatory deferred tax assets and liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2017, the period of enactment, have been included in the Company's regulatory assets and liabilities, as discussed in Item€8 - Note 4. The Company does not anticipate the corporate tax rate reduction to increase earnings at the utility businesses. The Company anticipates the TCJA will negatively impact the segments' cash flows due to not being able to immediately expense utility property.

In December 2016, the Company signed a 25-year agreement to purchase power from the expansion of the Thunder Spirit Wind farm in southwest North Dakota. In November 2017, the NDPSC approved the advance determination of prudence for the purchase of the Thunder Spirit Wind farm expansion. The Company expects to soon have a purchase agreement in place and finalize the purchase when the construction is complete in late 2018. With the addition of the expansion, the Company's total wind farm generation capacity will be approximately 155 MW and increase the Company's electric generation portfolio to approximately 27€percent renewables based on nameplate ratings. The Company's integrated resource plans in North Dakota and Montana include additional generation projects.

In June 2016, the Company, along with a partner, began construction on a 345-kilovolt transmission line from Ellendale, North Dakota, to Big Stone City, South Dakota. The estimated capital investment for this project is \$130€million to \$150€million. All necessary easements have been secured and the project is expected to be completed in 2019.

In 2018, the Company will begin the construction of a new 12-inch natural gas pipeline that will run approximately 21 miles from northeast Milnor, North Dakota, to southwest of Gwinner, North Dakota. The pipeline will serve, in part, a manufacturing facility in Gwinner and is expected to be in service by late 2018. The pipeline has the capacity to expand natural gas service to other key industries in the region.

Pipeline and Midstream

Strategy and challengesThe pipeline and midstream segment provides natural gas transportation, gathering and underground storage services, as discussed in Items 1 and 2 - Business Properties. The segment focuses on utilizing its extensive expertise in the design, construction and operation of energy infrastructure and related services to increase market share and profitability through optimization of existing operations, organic growth, and investments in energy-related assets within or in close proximity to its current operating areas. The segment focuses on the continual safety and reliability of its systems, which entails building and maintaining safe natural gas pipelines and facilities. The segment continues to evaluate growth opportunities including the expansion of existing storage, gathering and transmission facilities; incremental pipeline projects which expand pipeline capacity; and expansion of energy-related services in the region leveraging on core competencies.

The segment is exposed to energy price volatility which is impacted by the fluctuations in pricing, production and basis differentials of the energy market's commodities. Legislative and regulatory initiatives to increase pipeline safety regulations and reduce methane emissions could also impact the price and demand for natural gas.

The pipeline and midstream segment is subject to extensive regulation including certain operational, system integrity and environmental regulations as well as various permit terms and operational compliance conditions. The segment is charged with the ongoing process of reviewing existing permits and easements as well as securing new permits and easements as necessary to meet current demand and future

growth opportunities. Exposure to pipeline opposition groups could also cause negative impacts on the segment with increased costs and potential delays to project completion.

The segment focuses on the recruitment and retention of a skilled workforce to remain competitive and provide services to its customers. The industry in which it operates relies on a skilled workforce to construct energy infrastructure and operate existing infrastructure in a safe manner. A shortage of skilled personnel can create a competitive labor market which could increase costs incurred by the segment. Competition from other pipeline and midstream companies can also have a negative impact on the segment.

Earnings overview - pipeline and midstrearhe following information summarizes the performance of the pipeline and midstream segment.

Years ended December 31,	2017	2016	2015
	(Dol	ars in millions)	
Operating revenues	\$ 122.2 \$	141.6 \$	154.9
Operating expenses:			
Operation and maintenance	56.0	61.4	84.7
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	16.8	24.9	28.0
Taxes, other than income	12.5	11.9	12.2
Total operating expenses	85.3	98.2	124.9
Operating income	36.9	43.4	30.0
Earnings	\$ 20.5 \$	23.4 \$	13.3
Transportation volumes (MMdk)	312.5	285.3	290.5
Natural gas gathering volumes (MMdk)	16.1	20.0	33.4
Customer natural gas storage balance (MMdk):			
Beginning of period	26.4	16.6	14.9
Net injection (withdrawal)	(4.0)	9.8	1.7
End of period	22.4	26.4	16.6

2017 compared to 2016 Pipeline and midstream earnings decreased \$2.9€million (13€percent) compared to the prior year largely resulting from lower gathering and processing revenues of \$14.0€million (after tax). The decrease in revenues resulted from lower volumes from the sale of the Pronghorn assets in January 2017, as discussed in Item€8 - Note 2. Also included in the decrease in earnings was income tax expense of \$200,000 for the TCJA revaluation, as discussed in Item€8 - Note 11.

Partially offsetting the decrease were:

- f Lower depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$5.0€million (after tax) resulting from the absence of the Pronghorn assets, as previously discussed
- f Lower operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$2.2€million (after tax) primarily from the absence of Pronghorn, as previously discussed, as well as the absence in 2017 of a \$1.4€million (after tax) fair value impairment in 2016 associated with the Pronghorn sale
- f Lower interest expense due to lower debt balances
- f Higher transportation revenues of \$1.0€million largely resulting from increased off-system transportation volumes due to recently completed organic growth projects

2016 compared to 2015 Pipeline and midstream earnings increased \$10.1€million (77€percent) largely due to:

- f Lower operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$13.6€million (after tax) largely due to the absence in 2016 of impairments of natural gas gathering assets of \$10.6€million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 Notes 1 and 5, lower payroll-related costs and lower material costs partially offset by a fair value impairment in 2016 of \$1.4€million (after tax) associated with the sale of Pronghorn, as previously discussed
- f Lower depreciation, depletion and amortization of \$1.9€million (after tax), largely due to the sale of certain non-strategic natural gas gathering assets in the fourth quarter of 2015
- f Higher storage services earnings, primarily due to higher average interruptible storage balances
- f Lower interest expense of \$1.2€million (after tax), primarily the result of lower debt interest rates and balances

Partially offsetting the earnings increase was lower gathering and processing revenues of \$8.0€million (after tax) resulting from lower natural gas gathering volumes, primarily due to the sale of certain non-strategic natural gas gathering assets, as previously discussed, and lower oil gathering volumes, partially offset by higher oil gathering rates at Pronghorn.

OutlookThe Company has continued to feel the effects of natural gas production at record levels which keeps downward pressure on natural gas prices in the near term. The Company continues to focus on growth and improving existing operations through organic projects in all areas in which it operates. The following describes recent growth projects.

The Company's Valley Expansion project, a 38-mile pipeline that will deliver natural gas supply to eastern North Dakota and far western Minnesota, is expected to be complete in the fourth quarter of 2018. The project, which is designed to transport 40 million cubic feet of natural gas per day, is under the jurisdiction of the FERC. In February 2018, the Company received an order issuing a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the FERC. Construction is expected to begin as soon as the conditions of the certificate have been met, including the receipt of outstanding permits.

In June 2017, the Company announced plans to complete a Line Section 27 expansion project in the Bakken area of northwestern North Dakota. The project will include approximately 13 miles of new pipeline and associated facilities. The project, as designed, will increase capacity by over 200 million cubic feet per day and bring total capacity of the Line Section 27 to over 600 million cubic feet per day. The project is expected to be placed in service in the fall of 2018.

In 2017, the Company completed and placed into service the Charbonneau and Line Section 25 expansion projects, which include a new compression station as well as other compressor additions and enhancements at existing stations. The Company's revenues have been positively impacted by the increase in transportation volumes with these projects.

The impact of the TCJA on the pipeline and midstream industry is uncertain. With the enactment of the TCJA, the regulated pipeline is using the deferral method of accounting for the revaluation of its regulated deferred tax assets and liabilities. The impact of the revaluation of the regulated pipeline's regulatory deferred tax assets and liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2017, the period of enactment, have been included in the Company's regulatory assets and liabilities, as discussed in Item€8 - Note 4.

Construction Materials and Contracting

Strategy and challenge\section haterials and contracting segment provides an integrated set of construction services, as discussed in Items 1 and 2 - Business Properties. The segment focuses on high-growth strategic markets located near major transportation corridors and desirable mid-sized metropolitan areas; strengthening the long-term, strategic aggregate reserve position through available purchase and/or lease opportunities; enhancing profitability through cost containment, margin discipline and vertical integration of the segment's operations; development and recruitment of talented employees; and continued growth through organic and acquisition opportunities.

A key element of the Company's long-term strategy for this business is to further expand its market presence in the higher-margin materials business (rock, sand, gravel, liquid asphalt, asphalt concrete, ready-mixed concrete and related products), complementing and expanding on the segment's expertise. The segment expects to continue cost containment efforts, positioning its operations for the resurgence in the private market, while continuing the emphasis on industrial, energy and public works projects.

As one of the country's largest sand and gravel producers, the segment will continue to strategically manage its 1.0 billion tons of aggregate reserves in all its markets, as well as take further advantage of being vertically integrated. The segment's vertical integration allows the segment to manage operations from aggregate mining to final lay-down of concrete and asphalt, with control of and access to permitted aggregate reserves being significant.

The construction materials and contracting segment faces challenges that are not under the direct control of the business. The segment operates in highly competitive markets. Competition can put negative pressure on the ability of the segment to earn a reasonable return. The segment is also subject to volatility in the cost of raw materials such as diesel, gasoline, liquid asphalt, cement and steel. Such volatility can have a negative impact on the segment's margins. Other variables that can impact the segment's margins include adverse weather conditions, the timing of project starts or completion and declines or delays in new and existing projects due to the cyclical nature of the construction industry.

The segment also faces challenges in the recruitment and retention of employees. Trends in the labor market include an aging workforce and availability issues. The segment also faces increasing pressure to reduce costs and the need for temporary employment because of the seasonality of the work performed in certain regions.

Part II

Earnings overview - construction materials and contractifige following information summarizes the performance of the construction materials and contracting segment.

Years ended December 31,	2017		2016	2015
		(Dollars	s in millions)	
Operating revenues	\$ 1,812.5	\$	1,874.3	\$ 1,904.3
Operating expenses:				
Cost of sales:				
Operation and maintenance	1,500.7		1,533.2	1,576.4
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	52.5		54.1	61.0
Taxes, other than income	 38.0		37.5	36.1
	1,591.2		1,624.8	1,673.5
Selling, general and administrative expense:				
Operation and maintenance	70.4		62.2	75.9
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	3.4		4.3	4.9
Taxes, other than income	 3.8		4.3	4.0
	77.6		70.8	84.8
Total operating expenses	1,668.8		1,695.6	1,758.3
Operating income	143.7		178.7	146.0
Earnings	\$ 123.4	\$	102.7	\$ 89.1
Sales (000's):				
Aggregates (tons)	28,213		27,580	26,959
Asphalt (tons)	6,237		7,203	6,705
Ready-mixed concrete (cubic yards)	3,548		3,655	3,592

2017 compared to 2016 Earnings at the construction materials and contracting business increased \$20.7 million (20€percent) compared to the prior year. The increase was the result of:

- f An income tax benefit of \$41.9€million for the revaluation of the segment's net deferred tax liabilities, as discussed in Item€8 Note 11
- f Higher aggregate margins of \$5.0€million (after tax) primarily due to strong commercial and residential demand in certain regions

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- f Lower asphalt product margins resulting from lower revenues driven by competitive pricing and lower volumes from unfavorable weather during the first half of the year, less available work and increased competition in certain regions
- f Lower construction margins of \$5.5€million (after tax), largely decreased workloads caused by unfavorable weather during the first half of the year and less available work in energy-producing states
- f Higher selling, general and administrative expense of \$4.1€million (after tax) from the absence in 2017 of a \$6.7€million (after tax) reduction to a MEPP withdrawal liability, as discussed in Item€8 Note 14, offset in part by lower depreciation, depletion and amortization and lower office expense

2016 compared to 2015 Earnings at the construction materials and contracting business increased \$13.6€million (15€percent) due to:

- f Higher construction margins of \$8.1€million (after tax) resulting from higher revenues due to more available work in most regions
- f Lower selling, general and administrative expense from a \$6.7€million (after tax) reduction in 2016 to a previously recorded MEPP withdrawal liability compared to an increase to a MEPP withdrawal liability of \$1.5€million (after tax) in 2015, as discussed in Item 8 Note 14
- f Higher asphalt product margins of \$2.9€million (after tax) resulting from higher volumes and lower asphalt oil and production costs
- f Higher aggregate margins of \$2.3€million (after tax) resulting from higher volumes due to increased demand

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- f Higher effective income tax rates
- f Lower other product lines margins of \$1.3€million (after tax)

Lower diesel fuel costs contributed to higher earnings from all product lines in 2016.

OutlookThe segment's vertically integrated aggregates based business model provides the Company with the ability to capture margin throughout the sales delivery process. The aggregate products are sold internally and externally for use in other products such as ready-mixed concrete, asphaltic concrete and public and private construction markets. The contracting services and construction materials are sold primarily to construction contractors in connection with street, highway and other public infrastructure projects, as well as private commercial and residential development projects. The public infrastructure projects have traditionally been more stable markets as public funding is more secure during periods of economic decline. The public funding is, however, dependent on federal funding such as appropriations to the Federal Highway Administration. Spending on private development is highly dependent on both local and national economic cycles, providing additional sales during times of strong economic cycles.

The Company remains optimistic about overall economic growth and infrastructure spending. The IBIS World Industry Report for sand and gravel mining in the United States projects a 2.7€percent annual growth rate over the next five years. The report also states the demand for clay and refractory materials is projected to continue deteriorating in several downstream manufacturing industries, but this decline will be offset by stronger demand from the housing market and buoyant demand from the highway and bridge construction market. This stronger demand in the housing markets along with continued demand from the highway and bridge construction markets should provide a stable demand for construction materials and contracting products and services in the near future.

The impact of the TCJA on the economy as a whole is unclear at this time. As such, the impact to the construction materials and contracting industry is also uncertain. Under the TCJA, the domestic production deduction will no longer be able to be taken. The domestic production deduction was originally introduced to incentivize domestic production activities and was a deduction of up to 9€percent on qualified production activity income for which this segment's activities qualified. The Company expects the lower federal corporate tax rate will more than offset the loss of the domestic production deduction for this segment.

Construction Services

Strategy and challenge\(\frac{\strategy}{\strategy}\) and challenge\(\frac{\strategy}{\strategy}\) he construction services segment provides inside and outside specialty contracting, as discussed in Items 1 and 2 - Business Properties. The construction services segment focuses on providing a superior return on investment by building new and strengthening existing customer relationships; ensuring quality service; safely executing projects; effectively controlling costs; collecting on receivables; retaining, developing and recruiting talented employees; growing through organic and acquisition opportunities; and focusing efforts on projects that will permit higher margins while properly managing risk.

The construction services segment faces challenges in the highly competitive markets in which it operates. Competitive pricing environments, project delays and effects from restrictive regulatory requirements have negatively impacted margins in the past and could affect margins in the future. Additionally, margins may be negatively impacted on a quarterly basis due to adverse weather conditions, as well as timing of project starts or completions, declines or delays in new projects due to the cyclical nature of the construction industry and other factors. These challenges may also impact the risk of loss on certain projects. Accordingly, operating results in any particular period may not be indicative of the results that can be expected for any other period.

The need to ensure available specialized labor resources for projects also drives strategic relationships with customers and project margins. These trends include an aging workforce and labor availability issues, increasing pressure to reduce costs and improve reliability, and increasing duration and complexity of customer capital programs. Due to these and other factors, we believe customer demand for labor resources will continue to increase, possibly outpacing, the supply of industry resources.

Earnings overview - construction services following information summarizes the performance of the construction services segment.

Years ended December 31,		2017	2016	2015					
		(In millions)							
Operating revenues	\$	1,367.6 \$	1,073.3 \$	926.4					
Operating expenses:									
Cost of sales:									
Operation and maintenance		1,153.9	905.4	783.7					
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		14.2	13.5	11.8					
Taxes, other than income		43.4	35.2	27.4					
		1,211.5	954.1	822.9					
Selling, general and administrative expense:									
Operation and maintenance		69.0	59.9	54.8					
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		1.5	1.8	1.6					
Taxes, other than income		4.0	3.8	3.7					
		74.5	65.5	60.1					
Total operating expenses	·	1,286.0	1,019.6	883.0					
Operating income	·	81.6	53.7	43.4					
Earnings	\$	53.3 \$	33.9 \$	23.8					

2017 compared to 2016 Construction services earnings increased \$19.4€million (57€percent) compared to the prior year largely because of:

- f Higher inside specialty contracting margins of \$12.8€million (after tax) driven by an increase in revenues from an increase in the number and size of construction projects in 2017 and decreased costs from the successful management of labor performance on projects in a majority of the business activities performed partially offset by job losses on certain projects
- f Higher outside specialty contracting margins of \$9.8€million (after tax) driven by higher contracting workloads and equipment revenues in areas impacted by storm activity
- f An income tax benefit of \$4.3€million for the revaluation of the segment's net deferred tax liabilities, as discussed in Item€8 Note 11

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- f Higher selling, general and administrative expense, largely payroll-related costs
- f The absence in 2017 of a \$1.5€million tax benefit related to the disposition of a non-strategic asset

2016 compared to 2015 Construction services earnings increased \$10.1€million (43€percent) compared to the prior year largely because of:

- f Higher inside specialty contracting margins of \$13.0€million (after tax) resulting from higher workloads from the successful completion of construction projects in certain markets, as well as lower labor costs due to increased efficiencies and lower workers' compensation claim costs partially offset by a loss on a project
- f Higher margins of \$3.5€million (after tax) resulting from the sale of a non-strategic asset in 2015

These increases were partially offset by:

- f Higher selling, general and administrative expense of \$4.0€million (after tax), primarily due to higher payroll and benefit-related costs and higher bad debt expense
- f Lower outside construction margins, primarily lower equipment revenues impacted by decreased customer demand

OutlookThe Company continues to expect long-term growth in the electric transmission market, although the timing of large bids and subsequent construction is likely to be highly variable from year to year. The Company believes several multi-year transmission projects will be available for bid in the 2018 timeframe and also expects bidding activity in small and medium-sized transmission and distribution projects to continue in 2018.

The impact of the TCJA on the economy as a whole is unclear at this time. As such, the impact to the construction services industry is also uncertain. While it is unclear what impact the TCJA may have on the construction services industry, the Company is optimistic about overall economic growth and infrastructure spending and believes that improving industry activity will continue in both market segments and the drivers for investment will remain intact. The Company believes that regulatory reform, state renewable portfolio standards, the aging of the electric grid, and the general improvement of the economy will positively impact the level of spending by its customers. Although competition remains strong, these trends are viewed as positive factors in the future.

The Company expects bidding activity to remain strong in both outside and inside specialty construction companies for the year 2018. Although bidding remains highly competitive in all areas, the Company expects the segment's skilled workforce will continue to provide a benefit in securing and executing profitable projects.

Other

2017	2016	2015
(In millions)	
\$ 7.9 \$	8.6 \$	9.2
6.2	6.6	15.4
2.0	2.1	2.1
.2	.1	.1
8.4	8.8	17.6
(.5)	(.2)	(8.4)
\$ (1.5) \$	(3.2) \$	(15.0)
\$	\$ 7.9 \$ 6.2 2.0 .2 8.4 (.5)	(In millions) \$ 7.9 \$ 8.6 \$ 6.2 6.6 2.0 2.1 .2 .1 8.4 8.8 (.5) (.2)

Included in Other are general and administrative costs and interest expense previously allocated to the exploration and production and refining businesses that do not meet the criteria for income (loss) from discontinued operations.

2017 compared to 2016 Other loss decreased \$1.7€million compared to the prior year primarily the result of lower interest expense from the repayment of long-term debt with the sale of the remaining exploration and production assets. Lower operation and maintenance expense was due to the absence of the refining business in 2017 offset in part by the loss on the disposition of certain assets during the year.

2016 compared to 2015 Other loss decreased \$11.8€million compared to the prior year primarily due to lower operation and maintenance expense and interest expense previously allocated to the exploration and production business, due to the sale of that business which included the repayment of long-term debt. Also contributing to the decreased loss was lower operation and maintenance expense in 2016 due to the absence of a 2015 corporate asset impairment and the absence of a 2015 foreign currency translation loss including the effects of the sale of the Company's remaining interest in the Brazilian Transmission Lines.

Discontinued Operations

Years ended December 31,	2017	2016	2015
	(In		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before intercompany eliminations, net of tax	\$ 3.1 \$	(303.2)\$	(829.9)
Intercompany eliminations*	(6.9)	2.8	(4.2)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(3.8)	(300.4)	(834.1)
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	•	(131.7)	(35.3)
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	\$ (3.8) \$	(168.7) \$	(798.8)

^{*} Includes eliminations for the presentation of income tax adjustments between continuing and discontinued operations.

2017 compared to 2016 The loss from discontinued operations attributable to the Company was \$3.8€million compared to a loss of \$168.7€million in the prior year. The decreased loss was largely due to the absence in 2017 of a loss associated with the sale of the refining business in June 2016, as well as the reversal in 2017 of a previously accrued liability due to the resolution of a legal matter, as discussed in Item€8 - Note 2.

2016 compared to 2015 The loss from discontinued operations attributable to the Company was \$168.7€million compared to a loss of \$798.8€million in the prior year. The decreased loss is primarily due to the completion of the sales of Company's exploration and production and refining businesses. The decreased loss was largely the result of the absence in 2016 of a noncash write-down of oil and natural gas properties of \$315.3 million (after tax) and fair value impairments of the exploration and production business's assets held for sale of \$475.4€million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 - Note 2, partially offset by a fair value impairment of the refining business of \$156.7€million (after tax) in 2016, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 2.

Intersegment Transactions

Amounts presented in the preceding tables will not agree with the Consolidated Statements of Income due to the Company's elimination of intersegment transactions. The amounts related to these items were as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2017	2016	2015
	((In millions)	
Intersegment transactions:			
Operating revenues	\$ 58.0 \$	57.4 \$	78.8
Operation and maintenance	9.1	8.7	26.9
Purchased natural gas sold	48.9	48.7	48.9
Income from continuing operations*	(6.9)	(6.3)	(5.0)

^{*} Includes eliminations for the presentation of income tax adjustments between continuing and discontinued operations.

For more information on intersegment eliminations, see Item 8 - Note€13.

New Accounting Standards

For information regarding new accounting standards, see Item€8 - Note€1, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Liquidity and Capital Commitments

At December€31, 2017, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$34.6€million and available borrowing capacity of \$687.1 million under the outstanding credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company expects to meet its obligations for debt maturing within one year and its other operating and capital requirements from various sources, including internally generated funds; the Company's credit facilities, as described later in Capital resources; the issuance of long-term debt; and issuance of equity securities.

Cash flows

Operating activities The changes in cash flows from operating activities generally follow the results of operations as discussed in Business Segment Financial and Operating Data and also are affected by changes in working capital. Changes in cash flows for discontinued operations are related to the former exploration and production and refining businesses.

Cash flows provided by operating activities in 2017 decreased \$14.2€million from 2016. The decrease in cash flows provided by operating activities reflects higher working capital requirements at the construction services business largely resulting from higher receivables due to increased workloads during the year and at the construction materials business due to higher receivables resulting from increased workloads later in the year. Higher natural gas purchases including the effects of colder weather also added to higher working capital requirements at the natural gas distribution business. Higher income taxes paid from continuing operations was largely offset by higher income taxes received from discontinued operations resulting from the realization of net operating losses at the discontinued operations. Higher earnings from continuing operations in 2017, compared to 2016, partially offset the decrease in cash flows provided by operating activities. Higher margins at the electric, natural gas distribution and construction services businesses were partially offset by lower margins at the construction materials business.

Cash flows provided by operating activities in 2016 decreased \$199.6€million from 2015. The decrease in cash flows provided by operating activities was largely from lower cash flows at the exploration and production business. The decrease was also due to higher working capital requirements at the electric, natural gas distribution and pipeline and midstream businesses. Partially offsetting the decrease in cash flows provided by operating activities was higher cash flows from continuing operations (excluding working capital) at the electric, pipeline and midstream and construction materials and contracting businesses.

Investing activities Cash flows used in investing activities in 2017 decreased \$90.9€million€from 2016 largely resulting from net proceeds from the sale of Pronghorn in January 2017 at the pipeline and midstream business.

Cash flows used in investing activities in 2016 decreased \$77.4€million€from 2015 primarily due to lower capital expenditures largely at the electric and refining businesses. Partially offsetting this decrease were lower proceeds from the sale of properties at the exploration and production business.

Financing activitie €Cash flows used in financing activities in 2017 increased \$50.4€million from 2016 primarily due to the higher net repayment of long-term debt.

Cash flows used in financing activities in 2016 decreased \$60.8€million from 2015 primarily due to the lower repayment of long-term debt of \$250.9 million, partially offset by debt repayment in connection with the sale of the refining business, lower capital contributions at the refining business and lower issuance of long-term debt of \$36.9 million.

Defined benefit pension plans

The Company has noncontributory qualified defined benefit pension plans for certain employees. Plan assets consist of investments in equity and fixed-income securities. Various actuarial assumptions are used in calculating the benefit expense (income) and liability (asset) related to the pension plans. Actuarial assumptions include assumptions about the discount rate, expected return on plan assets and rate of future compensation increases as determined by the Company within certain guidelines. At December€31, 2017, the pension plans' accumulated benefit obligations exceeded these plans' assets by approximately \$91.5 million. Pretax pension expense reflected in the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, was \$1.7 million, \$2.1€million and \$2.0€million, respectively. The Company's pension expense is currently projected to be approximately \$2.0€million to \$3.0€million in 2018. Funding for the pension plans is actuarially determined. The minimum required contributions for 2017 and 2015 were approximately \$3.1 million and \$3.9€million, respectively. There were no minimum required contributions for 2016. For more information on the Company's pension plans, see Item€8 - Note€14.

Capital expenditures

The Company's capital expenditures from continuing operations for 2015 through 2017 and as anticipated for 2018 through 2020 are summarized in the following table.

	 Ac	tual (a)			E	stimated	
	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020
			(In m	illions)			
Capital expenditures:							
Electric	\$ 333 \$	111 \$	109	\$	229 \$	107 \$	98
Natural gas distribution	131	126	147		203	211	172
Pipeline and midstream	18	35	31		97	100	109
Construction materials and contracting	48	38	44		79	78	76
Construction services	38	60	19		17	16	16
Other	4	2	2		3	2	1
Total capital expenditures	\$ 572 \$	372 \$	352	\$	628 \$	514 \$	472

 ⁽a) Capital expenditures for 2017, 2016 and 2015 include noncash capital expenditure-related accounts payable and AFUDC, totaling \$10.5€million, \$(15.8)€million and \$35.3€million, respectively.

The 2017 capital expenditures were met from internal sources. The Company has included in the estimated capital expenditures for 2018 the purchase of the Thunder Spirit Wind farm expansion, the Valley Expansion project and the Line Section 27 expansion project, as previously discussed in Business Segment Financial and Operating Data.

Estimated capital expenditures for the years 2018 through 2020 include those for:

- f System upgrades
- f Routine replacements
- f Service extensions
- f Routine equipment maintenance and replacements
- f Buildings, land and building improvements
- f Pipeline, gathering and other midstream projects
- f Power generation and transmission opportunities, including certain costs for additional electric generating capacity
- f Environmental upgrades
- f Other growth opportunities

The Company continues to evaluate potential future acquisitions and other growth opportunities; however, they are dependent upon the availability of economic opportunities and, as a result, capital expenditures may vary significantly from the estimates in the preceding table. It is anticipated that all of the funds required for capital expenditures for the years 2018 through 2020 will be met from various sources, including internally generated funds; the Company's credit facilities, as described later; issuance of long-term debt; and issuance of equity securities.

Capital resources

Certain debt instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, including those discussed later, contain restrictive covenants and cross-default provisions. In order to borrow under the respective credit agreements, the Company and its subsidiaries must be in compliance with the applicable covenants and certain other conditions, all of which the Company and its subsidiaries, as applicable, were in compliance with at December€31, 2017. In the event the Company and its subsidiaries do not comply with the applicable covenants and other conditions, alternative sources of funding may need to be pursued. For more information on the covenants, certain other conditions and cross-default provisions, see Item€8 - Note€6.

The following table summarizes the outstanding revolving credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries at December€31, 2017:

Company	Facility		Facility Limit		Amount Outstanding		Letters of Credit	Expiration Date
					(In million	าร)		
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement	(a)	\$ 175.0	\$	73.8 (b)	\$,	5/8/19
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	Revolving credit agreement		\$ 75.0 (c	;) \$	17.3	\$	2.2 (d)	4/24/20
Intermountain Gas Company	Revolving credit agreement		\$ 85.0 (e) \$	40.0	\$,	4/24/20
Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement	(f)	\$ 500.0	\$	14.6 (b)	\$,	9/23/21

- (a) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of the Company on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$225.0€million). There were no amounts outstanding under the revolving credit agreement.
- (b) Amount outstanding under commercial paper program.
- (c) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$100.0€million.
- (d) Outstanding letter(s) of credit reduce the amount available under the credit agreement.
- (e) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$110.0€million.
- (f) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of Centennial on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$600.0€million). There were no amounts outstanding under the revolving credit agreement.

The Company's and Centennial's respective commercial paper programs are supported by revolving credit agreements. While the amount of commercial paper outstanding does not reduce available capacity under the respective revolving credit agreements, the Company and Centennial do not issue commercial paper in an aggregate amount exceeding the available capacity under their credit agreements. The commercial paper borrowings may vary during the period, largely the result of fluctuations in working capital requirements due to the seasonality of the construction businesses.

The Company's coverage of fixed charges including preferred stock dividends was 4.2€times and 3.9€times for the 12€months ended December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The coverage of fixed charges is used as an indicator of the Company's ability to satisfy fixed charges.

Total equity as a percent of total capitalization was 59€percent and 56€percent at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This ratio is calculated as the Company's total equity, divided by the Company's total capital. Total capital is the Company's total debt, including short-term borrowings and long-term debt due within one year, plus total equity. This ratio is an indicator of how the Company is financing its operations, as well as its financial strength.

The following includes information related to the preceding table.

MDU Resources Group, Inthe Company's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings. The Company's objective is to maintain acceptable credit ratings in order to access the capital markets through the issuance of commercial paper Historically, downgrades in the Company's credit ratings have not limited, nor are currently expected to limit, the Company's ability to access the capital markets. If the Company were to experience a downgrade of its credit ratings in the future, it may need to borrow under its credit agreement and may experience an increase in overall interest rates with respect to its cost of borrowings.

Prior to the maturity of the credit agreement, the Company expects that it will negotiate the extension or replacement of this agreement. If the Company is unable to successfully negotiate an extension of, or replacement for, the credit agreement, or if the fees on this facility become too expensive, which the Company does not currently anticipate, the Company would seek alternative funding.

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation On April 25, 2017, Cascade amended its revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit from \$50.0 million to \$75.0 million and extend the termination date from July 9, 2018 to April 24, 2020. The credit agreement contains

customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Cascade not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65€percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Cascade's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Cascade fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, Cascade will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Intermountain Gas Compa@n April 25, 2017, Intermountain amended its revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit from \$65.0€million to \$85.0€million and extend the termination date from July 13, 2018 to April 24, 2020. The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Intermountain not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65€percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Intermountain's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Intermountain fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, or certain conditions result in an early termination date under any swap contract that is in excess of a specified amount, then Intermountain will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. Centennial's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings. Centennial's objective is to maintain acceptable credit ratings in order to access the capital markets through the issuance of commercial paper Historically, downgrades in Centennial's credit ratings have not limited, nor are currently expected to limit, Centennial's ability to access the capital markets. If Centennial were to experience a downgrade of its credit ratings in the future, it may need to borrow under its credit agreement and may experience an increase in overall interest rates with respect to its cost of borrowings.

Prior to the maturity of the Centennial credit agreement, Centennial expects that it will negotiate the extension or replacement of this agreement, which provides credit support to access the capital markets. In the event Centennial is unable to successfully negotiate this agreement, or in the event the fees on this facility become too expensive, which Centennial does not currently anticipate, it would seek alternative funding.

WBI Energy Transmission, InWBI Energy Transmission has a \$200.0 million uncommitted note purchase and private shelf agreement with an expiration date of May€16, 2019. WBI Energy Transmission had \$100.0 million of notes outstanding at December€31, 2017, which reduced the remaining capacity under this uncommitted private shelf agreement to \$100.0 million. On December€22, 2017, WBI Energy Transmission contracted to issue an additional \$40.0€million under the private shelf agreement at an interest rate of 4.18€percent on June€15, 2018.

Off balance sheet arrangements

As of December 31, 2017, the Company had no material off balance sheet arrangements as defined by the rules of the SEC.

Contractual obligations and commercial commitments

For more information on the Company's contractual obligations on long-term debt, operating leases and purchase commitments, see Item€8 - Notes€6 and 17. At December€31, 2017, the Company's commitments under these obligations were as follows:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
			(lı	n millions)			
Long-term debt	\$ 148.5 \$	125.5 \$	73.0 \$	15.3 \$	147.2 \$	1,211.0 \$	1,720.5
Estimated interest payments*	71.2	62.6	62.2	59.1	58.7	512.9	826.7
Operating leases	55.5	45.3	33.2	18.6	7.0	40.8	200.4
Purchase commitments	360.8	215.0	162.4	135.3	99.1	773.8	1,746.4
	\$ 636.0 \$	448.4 \$	330.8 \$	228.3 \$	312.0	2,538.5	\$ 4,494.0

^{*} Estimated interest payments are calculated based on the applicable rates and payment dates.

At December€31, 2017, the Company had total liabilities of \$342.0€million related to asset retirement obligations that are excluded from the table above. Of the total asset retirement obligations, the current portion was \$4.3 million at December€31, 2017, and was included in other accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The remainder, which constitutes the long-term portion of asset retirement obligations, was included in deferred credits and other liabilities - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the nature of these obligations, the Company cannot determine precisely when the payments will be made to settle these obligations. For more information, see Item€8 - Note€7.

The Company has no uncertain tax positions in 2018.

The Company's minimum funding requirements for its defined benefit pension plans for 2018, which are not reflected in the previous table, are \$3.1€million. For information on potential contributions above the funding minimum requirements, see item 8 - Note€14.

The Company's MEPP contributions are based on union employee payroll, which cannot be determined in advance for future periods. The Company may also be required to make additional contributions to its MEPPs as a result of their funded status. For more information, see Item€1A - Risk Factors and Item€8 - Note€14.

Critical Accounting Policies Involving Significant Estimates

The Company has prepared its financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Item€8 - Note€1.

Estimates are used for items such as impairment testing of long-lived assets and goodwill; fair values of acquired assets and liabilities under the acquisition method of accounting; aggregate reserves; property depreciable lives; tax provisions; uncollectible accounts; environmental and other loss contingencies; accumulated provision for revenues subject to refund; costs on construction contracts; unbilled revenues; actuarially determined benefit costs; asset retirement obligations; and the valuation of stock-based compensation. The Company's critical accounting policies are subject to judgments and uncertainties that affect the application of such policies. As discussed below, the Company's financial position or results of operations may be materially different when reported under different conditions or when using different assumptions in the application of such policies.

As additional information becomes available, or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates. The following critical accounting policies involve significant judgments and estimates.

Impairment of long-lived assets and intangibles

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets and intangibles, excluding assets held for sale, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable and at least annually for goodwill.

GoodwillThe Company performs its goodwill impairment testing annually in the fourth quarter. In addition, the test is performed on an interim basis whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill may not be recoverable. Examples of such events or circumstances may include a significant adverse change in business climate, weakness in an industry in which the Company's reporting units operate or recent significant cash or operating losses with expectations that those losses will continue.

The goodwill impairment test is a two-step process performed at the reporting unit level. The Company has determined that the reporting units for its goodwill impairment test are its operating segments, or components of an operating segment, that constitute a business for which discrete financial information is available and for which segment management regularly reviews the operating results. For more information on the Company's operating segments, see Item 8 - Note€13. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, the test is complete and no impairment is recorded. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, step two of the test is performed to determine the amount of impairment loss, if any. The impairment is computed by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill to the carrying value of that goodwill. If the carrying value is greater than the implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recorded. For the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016, and 2015, there were no significant impairment losses recorded. At December€31, 2017, the fair value substantially exceeded the carrying value at all reporting units.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires judgment and the use of significant estimates which include assumptions about the Company's future revenue, profitability and cash flows, amount and timing of estimated capital expenditures, inflation rates, weighted average cost of capital, operational plans, and current and future economic conditions, among others. The fair value of each reporting unit is

determined using a weighted combination of income and market approaches. The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for its income approach. Under the income approach, the discounted cash flow model determines fair value based on the present value of projected cash flows over a specified period and a residual value related to future cash flows beyond the projection period. Both values are discounted using a rate which reflects the best estimate of the weighted average cost of capital at each reporting unit. The weighted average cost of capital, which varies by reporting unit and is in the range of 5€percent to 9€percent, and a long-term growth rate projection of approximately 3€percent were utilized in the goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2017. Under the market approach, the Company estimates fair value using multiples derived from comparable sales transactions and enterprise value to EBITDA for comparative peer companies for each respective reporting unit. These multiples are applied to operating data for each reporting unit to arrive at an indication of fair value. In addition, the Company adds a reasonable control premium when calculating the fair value utilizing the peer multiples, which is estimated as the premium that would be received in a sale in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions used in its impairment assessments are reasonable and based on available market information.

Long-Lived AssetsInforeseen events and changes in circumstances and market conditions and material differences in the value of long-lived assets and intangibles due to changes in estimates of future cash flows could negatively affect the fair value of the Company's assets and result in an impairment charge. If an impairment indicator exists for tangible and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, the asset group held and used is tested for recoverability by comparing an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the assets compared to the carrying value of the assets. If impairment has occurred, the amount of the impairment recognized is determined by estimating the fair value of the assets and recording a loss if the carrying value is greater than the fair value.

There is risk involved when determining the fair value of assets, tangible and intangible, as there may be unforeseen events and changes in circumstances and market conditions that have a material impact on the estimated amount and timing of future cash flows. In addition, the fair value of the asset could be different using different estimates and assumptions in the valuation techniques used.

The Company believes its estimates used in calculating the fair value of long-lived assets, including goodwill and identifiable intangibles, are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, as evidenced by an agreement between the customer and the Company, when delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, when the fee is fixed or determinable and when collection is reasonably assured. The recognition of revenue requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue. Critical estimates related to the recognition of revenue include costs on construction contracts under the percentage-of-completion method.

The Company recognizes construction contract revenue from fixed-price and modified fixed-price construction contracts at its construction businesses using the percentage-of-completion method, measured by the percentage of costs incurred to date to estimated total costs for each contract. This method depends largely on the ability to make reasonably dependable estimates related to the extent of progress toward completion of the contract, contract revenues and contract costs. Inasmuch as contract prices are generally set before the work is performed, the estimates pertaining to every project could contain significant unknown risks such as volatile labor, material and fuel costs, weather delays, adverse project site conditions, unforeseen actions by regulatory agencies, performance by subcontractors, job management and relations with project owners. Changes in estimates could have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Several factors are evaluated in determining the bid price for contract work. These include, but are not limited to, the complexities of the job, past history performing similar types of work, seasonal weather patterns, competition and market conditions, job site conditions, work force safety, reputation of the project owner, availability of labor, materials and fuel, project location and project completion dates. As a project commences, estimates are continually monitored and revised as information becomes available and actual costs and conditions surrounding the job become known. If a loss is anticipated on a contract, the loss is immediately recognized.

The Company believes its estimates surrounding percentage-of-completion accounting are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made. The Company has contract administration, accounting and management control systems in place that allow its estimates to be updated and monitored on a regular basis. Because of the many factors that are evaluated in determining bid prices, it is inherent that the Company's estimates have changed in the past and will continually change in the future as new information becomes available for each job. There were no material changes in contract estimates at the individual contract level in 2017.

Pension and other postretirement benefits

The Company has noncontributory defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans for certain eligible employees. Various actuarial assumptions are used in calculating the benefit expense (income) and liability (asset) related to these plans. Costs of

providing pension and other postretirement benefits bear the risk of change, as they are dependent upon numerous factors based on assumptions of future conditions.

The Company makes various assumptions when determining plan costs, including the current discount rates and the expected long-term return on plan assets, the rate of compensation increases, actuarially determined mortality data, and health care cost trend rates. In selecting the expected long-term return on plan assets, which is considered to be one of the key variables in determining benefit expense or income, the Company considers historical returns, current market conditions and expected future market trends, including changes in interest rates and equity and bond market performance. Another key variable in determining benefit expense or income is the discount rate. In selecting the discount rate, the Company matches forecasted future cash flows of the pension and postretirement plans to a yield curve which consists of a hypothetical portfolio of high-quality corporate bonds with varying maturity dates, as well as other factors, as a basis. The Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plan assets are primarily made up of equity and fixed-income investments. Fluctuations in actual equity and bond market returns as well as changes in general interest rates may result in increased or decreased pension and other postretirement benefit costs in the future. Management estimates the rate of compensation increase based on long-term assumed wage increases and the health care cost trend rates are determined by historical and future trends. The Company estimates that a 50€basis point decrease in the discount rate or in the expected return on plan assets would each increase expense by less than \$1.5€million (after tax) for the year ended December€31, 2017.

The Company believes the estimates made for its pension and other postretirement benefits are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made. These estimates and assumptions are subject to a number of variables and are expected to change in the future. Estimates and assumptions will be affected by changes in the discount rate, the expected long-term return on plan assets, the rate of compensation increase and health care cost trend rates. The Company plans to continue to use its current methodologies to determine plan costs. For more information on the assumptions used in determining plan costs, see Item€8 - Note€14.

Income taxes

The Company is required to make judgments regarding the potential tax effects of various financial transactions and ongoing operations to estimate the Company's obligation to taxing authorities. These tax obligations include income, real estate and sales/use taxes. Judgments related to income taxes require the recognition in the Company's financial statements of a tax position that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained on audit.

Judgment and estimation is required in developing the provision for income taxes and the reporting of tax-related assets and liabilities and, if necessary, any valuation allowances. The interpretation of tax laws can involve uncertainty, since tax authorities may interpret such laws differently. Actual income tax could vary from estimated amounts and may result in favorable or unfavorable impacts to net income, cash flows, and tax-related assets and liabilities. In addition, the effective tax rate may be affected by other changes including the allocation of property, payroll and revenues between states.€

The Company assesses the deferred tax assets for recoverability taking into consideration historical and anticipated earnings levels; the reversal of other existing temporary differences; available net operating losses and tax carryforwards; and available tax planning strategies that could be implemented to realize the deferred tax assets. Based on this assessment, management must evaluate the need for, and amount of, a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets. As facts and circumstances change, adjustment to the valuation allowance may be required.

Effects of Inflation

Inflation did not have a significant effect on the Company's operations in 2017, 2016 or 2015.

Item€7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to the impact of market fluctuations associated with interest rates. The Company has policies and procedures to assist in controlling these market risks and from time to time has utilized derivatives to manage a portion of its risk.

Interest rate risk

The Company uses fixed and variable rate long-term debt to partially finance capital expenditures and mandatory debt retirements. These debt agreements expose the Company to market risk related to changes in interest rates. The Company manages this risk by taking advantage of market conditions when timing the placement of long-term financing. The Company from time to time has utilized interest rate swap agreements to manage a portion of the Company's interest rate risk and may take advantage of such agreements in the future to minimize such risk. For additional information on the Company's long-term debt, see Item 8 - Notes 5 and 6.

At December€31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had no outstanding interest rate hedges.

The following table shows the amount of long-term debt, which excludes unamortized debt issuance costs and discount, and related weighted average interest rates, both by expected maturity dates, as of December€31, 2017.

	2018	2019		2020		202	21		2022		Thereaft	er		Total	Fair Value
						(Do	llars ir	n mil	lions)						
Long-term debt:															
Fixed rate	\$ 148.5	\$ 51.7	\$	15.7	\$		7 \$;	147.2	\$	1,211.0	\$	1,574.8	\$	1,680.6
Weighted average interest rate	6.1%	4.3	%	5.1	%		2.1%		4.	5%	2	1.7%		4.8%	,
Variable rate	, 9	\$ 73.8	\$	57.3	\$	14.6			,			, \$	145.	7 \$	145.7
Weighted average interest rate	,	1.7	%	3.7	′%		1.9%	,	,			,		2.5%	,

Item€8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of MDU Resources Group, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules€13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company's internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December€31, 2017. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013).

Based on our evaluation under the framework inInternal Control-Integrated Framework (2013), management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December€31, 2017.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December€31, 2017, has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report.

David L. Goodin

President and Chief Executive Officer

Jel & Helm.

Jason L. Vollmer

Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

TUM

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MDU Resources Group, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December€31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017, and the related notes and the financial statement schedules listed in the Index at Item€15 (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December€31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December€31, 2017, based on criteria established irInternal Control-Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February€23, 2018, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits include performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Delvitte & Touche LLP

February 23, 2018

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of MDU Resources Group,€Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December€31, 2017, based on criteria established inInternal Control-Integrated Framework(2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December€31, 2017, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013) issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, of the Company and our report dated February €23, 2018, expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company•s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company•s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company•s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Delvitte + Touche LLP

February 23, 2018

Consolidated Statements of Income

Years ended December€31,		2017		2016		2015
		(In thous	sands	, except per share	unts)	
Operating revenues:						
Electric, natural gas distribution and regulated pipeline and midstream	\$	1,244,759	\$	1,141,454	\$	1,149,038
Nonregulated pipeline and midstream, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other		3,198,592		2,987,374		2,865,014
Total operating revenues		4,443,351		4,128,828		4,014,052
Operating expenses:						
Operation and maintenance:						
Electric, natural gas distribution and regulated pipeline and midstream		323,120		312,404		278,171
Nonregulated pipeline and midstream,€construction materials and contracting, construction services and other		2,807,682		2,580,895		2,527,052
Total operation and maintenance		3,130,802		2,893,299		2,805,223
Purchased natural gas sold		430,954		382,753		450,114
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		207,486		216,318		211,747
Taxes, other than income		166,673		151,826		140,955
Electric fuel and purchased power		78,724		75,512		86,238
Total operating expenses		4,014,639		3,719,708		3,694,277
Operating income		428,712		409,120		319,775
Other income		4,103		4,956		18,457
Interest expense		82,788		87,848		91,179
Income before income taxes		350,027		326,228		247,053
Income taxes		65,041		93,132		70,664
Income from continuing operations		284,986		233,096		176,389
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (Note 2)		(3,783))	(300,354)		(834,080)
Net income (loss)		281,203		(67,258)		(657,691)
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest (Note 2)		•		(131,691)		(35,256)
Loss on redemption of preferred stocks (Note 8)		600		,		,
Dividends declared on preferred stocks		171		685		685
Earnings (loss) on common stock	\$	280,432	\$	63,748	\$	(623,120
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	\$	1.46	\$	1.19	\$.90
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax		(.02))	(.86)		(4.10)
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic	\$	1.44	\$.33	\$	(3.20)
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	\$	1.45	\$	1.19	\$.90
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	•	(.02)		(.86)		(4.10)
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted	\$	1.43		.33	\$	(3.20)
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		195,304		195,299		194,928
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted		195,687		195,618		194,986
<u> </u>		,		· · ·		· · ·

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Years ended December€31,	2017	2016	2015
	(I	n thousands)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 281,203 \$	(67,258)\$	(657,691
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Reclassification adjustment for loss on derivative instruments included in net income (loss), net of tax of \$224, \$226 and \$233 in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	366	367	404
Postretirement liability adjustment:			
Postretirement liability losses arising during the period, net of tax of \$(1,162), \$(836) and \$(55) in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	(1,812)	(1,470)	(88)
Amortization of postretirement liability losses included in net periodic benefit cost (credit), net of tax of \$645, \$1,425 and \$1,128 in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	1,013	2,506	1,794
Reclassification of postretirement liability adjustment (from) to regulatory asset, net of tax of \$(876), \$0 and \$1,416 in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	(1,143)	,	2,255
Postretirement liability adjustment	(1,942)	1,036	3,961
Foreign currency translation adjustment:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment recognized during the period, net of tax of \$(3), \$31 and \$(105) in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	(6)	51	(173)
Reclassification adjustment for loss on foreign currency translation adjustment included in net income (loss), net of tax of \$0, \$0 and \$490 in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	•	,	802
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(6)	51	629
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments:			
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments arising during the period, net of tax of \$(75), \$(98) and \$(91) in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	(139)	(182)	(170)
Reclassification adjustment for loss on available-for-sale investments included in net income (loss), net of tax of \$65, \$77 and \$70 in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively	120	143	131
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments	(19)	(39)	(39)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,601)	1,415	4,955
Comprehensive income (loss)	279,602	(65,843)	(652,736)
Comprehensive loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	•	(131,691)	(35,256)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 279,602 \$	65,848 \$	(617,480)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements	1	'	

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December€31,		2017		2016
	(In thousand	s, except shares	and p	er share amounts
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,599	\$	46,107
Receivables, net		727,030		630,243
Inventories		226,583		238,273
Prepayments and other current assets		81,304		48,461
Current assets held for sale		479		14,391
Total current assets		1,069,995		977,475
Investments		137,613		125,866
Property, plant and equipment (Note 1)		6,770,829		6,510,229
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		2,691,641		2,578,902
Net property, plant and equipment		4,079,188		3,931,327
Deferred charges and other assets:		, ,		
Goodwill (Note 3)		631,791		631,791
Other intangible assets, net (Note 3)		3,837		5,925
Other		407,850		415,419
Noncurrent assets held for sale		4,392		196,664
Total deferred charges and other assets		1,047,870		1,249,799
Total assets	\$	6,334,666	\$	6,284,467
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	Ψ	0,00.,000	Ψ	0,201,101
Current liabilities:				
	•	4.40.400	Φ.	40.500
Long-term debt due within one year	\$	148,499	Ф	43,598
Accounts payable		312,327		279,962
Taxes payable		42,537		48,164
Dividends payable		38,573		37,767
Accrued compensation Other accrued liabilities		72,919		65,867
Current liabilities held for sale		186,010		184,377
Total current liabilities		11,993 812,858		9,924 669,659
		1,566,354		
Long-term debt (Note 6)		1,500,354		1,746,561
Deferred credits and other liabilities:				
Deferred income taxes		347,271		668,226
Other		1,179,140		883,777
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		1,526,411		1,552,003
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 14, 16 and 17)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stocks (Note 8)		•		15,000
Common stockholders' equity:				
Common stock (Note 9) Authorized - 500,000,000 shares, \$1.00 par value Issued - 195,843,297 shares in 2017 and 2016		195,843		195,843
Other paid-in capital		1,233,412		1,232,478
Retained earnings		1,040,748		912,282
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(37,334))	(35,733)
Treasury stock at cost - 538,921 shares		(3,626)		(3,626)
Total common stockholders' equity		2,429,043		2,301,244
Total stockholders' equity		2,429,043		2,316,244
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	6,334,666	\$	6,284,467
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.	Ť			. ,

Consolidated Statements of Equity

Years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015

\$15,000 , , , , , , ,	Common Shares 194,754,812 , , , , , , , 1,049,853		Other Paid-in Capital (In thousal \$1,207,188 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Retained Earnings ands, except shared (622,435)	\$(42,103) , 4,955 , , ,	Treasury Shares (538,921) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Amount \$(3,626) , (35) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , (8,4)	\$115,7 5,256 , ,	743 \$3,24) (68 4,955 (685 (143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) ((1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
,	1,049,853	1,050	\$1,207,188 , , , 3,689 (1,606) 20,848	\$1,762,827 (622,435) , (685) (143,352) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(37,148)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, (35 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,) (69 4,955 (685 (143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) (0 1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
,	1,049,853	1,050	3,689 (1,606) 20,848	(622,435) , (685) (143,352) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , (685)	4,955	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, (35 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,) (69 4,955 (685 (143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) (0 1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
,	1,049,853	1,050	3,689 (1,606) 20,848	(622,435) , (685) (143,352) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , (685)	4,955	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, (35 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,) (69 4,955 (685 (143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) (0 1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	3,689 (1,606) 20,848 ,	(685) (143,352) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , (538,921)	, , , , 52,0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4,955 (685 (143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) ((1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	3,689 (1,606) 20,848 ,	(143,352) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , (538,921)	, (8,4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(685 (143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) ((1,415 (685	20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	3,689 (1,606) 20,848 ,	(143,352) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, , , , (538,921)	, (8,4	124,0 (131,6	(143,352 3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) ((1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	(1,606) 20,848 , ,	996,355 64,433 ,	,	, , , , (538,921)	, (8,4	124,0 (131,6	3,689 (1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) (0 1,415 (685	(8,444 20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	(1,606) 20,848 , ,	64,433 , (685)	,	, , , , (538,921)	, (8,4	124,0 (131,6	(1,606 21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) ((1,415 (685	20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	20,848 , , ,	64,433 , (685)	,	, , , (538,921)	, (8,4	124,0 (131,6	21,898 52,000) 043 2,52 691) (1,415 (685	20,548 67,258
15,000	,	,	1,230,119	64,433 , (685)	,	, , , (538,921) , ,	, (8,4	124,0 (131,6	52,000) 043 2,52 691) (0 1,415 (685	20,548 67,258
, , 15,000 , ,	195,804,665	, , 195,805 , ,		64,433 , (685)	,	, , (538,921) , ,	, (8,4	124,0 (131,6) 043 2,52 691) (1,415 (685	(8,444) 20,548 67,258)
, 15,000 , ,	195,804,665	, 195,805 , ,		64,433 , (685)	,	, (538,921) , ,	, , ,	124,0 (131,6	1,415 (685	20,548 67,258
15,000	195,804,665	195,805 , ,		64,433 , (685)	,	(538,921)	(3,626)	(131,6	1,415 (685	67,258
15,000	195,804,665	195,805		64,433 , (685)	,	(538,921)	(3,626)	(131,6	1,415 (685	67,258
,	,	, , ,	,	, (685)	, 1,415 ,	,	,	,	1,415 (685	
,	,	,	,		1,415 ,	,	,	,	(685)
,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,)
,	,	,	,	(147,821)						
					,	,	,	,	(147,821)
,	,	,	4,383	,	,	,	,	,	4,383	
,	,	,	(1,663)	,	,	,	,	,	(1,663)
	00.000	00	(004						(000	,
,	38,632	38	(361)	,	,	,	,	,	(323	,
,	,	,	,	,	,	,	, 7,6	648	7,648	
15,000	195,843,297	195,843	1,232,478	912,282	(35,733)	(538,921)	(3,626)		, 2,3	16,244
,	,	,	,	281,203	,	,	,		, 28	31,203
,	,	,	,	,	(1,601)	,	,	,	(1,60	1)
,	,	,	,	(171)	,	,	,	,	(171)
,	,	,	,	(151,966)	,	,	,	,	(151,966)
,	,	,	3,375	,	,	,	,	,	3,375	
,	,	,	,	,	, (64,384)	(1,684)		, ('	,684
,	,	,	(2,441)	,	,	64,384 1	,684	,	(757	,
) (15,000)	,	,	,	(600)	,	1	,	,	(15,600)
	, , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December€31,		2017	2016	2015
		(1	In thousands)	
Operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	281,203 \$	(67,258)\$	(657,691)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		(3,783)	(300,354)	(834,080)
Income from continuing operations		284,986	233,096	176,389
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		207,486	216,318	211,747
Deferred income taxes		(25,423)	(2,049)	(25,356)
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Receivables		(108,255)	(25,641)	4,704
Inventories		9,135	2,433	2,265
Other current assets		(30,588)	(17,925)	60,182
Accounts payable		26,013	7,039	37,224
Other current liabilities		4,648	36,146	6,864
Other noncurrent changes		(18,790)	(26,459)	(10,240)
Net cash provided by continuing operations		349,212	422,958	463,779
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		98,799	39,251	198,053
Net cash provided by operating activities		448,011	462,209	661,832
Investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(341,382)	(388,183)	(536,832)
Net proceeds from sale or disposition of property and other		126,588	44,826	54,569
Investments		(1,608)	(1,396)	1,515
Net cash used in continuing operations		(216,402)	(344,753)	(480,748)
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		2,234	39,658	98,295
Net cash used in investing activities		(214,168)	(305,095)	(382,453)
Financing activities:				
Issuance of long-term debt		140,812	309,064	345,920
Repayment of long-term debt		(217,394)	(315,647)	(566,498)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		•	(0.0,0.0)	21,898
Dividends paid		(150,727)	(147,156)	(142,835)
Redemption of preferred stock		(15,600)	,	,
Repurchase of common stock		(1,684)	,	,
Tax withholding on stock-based compensation		(757)	(323)	
Net cash used in continuing operations		(245,350)	(154,062)	(341,515)
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations		•	(40,852)	85,785
Net cash used in financing activities		(245,350)	(194,914)	(255,730)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1)	4	(225)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(11,508)	(37,796)	23,424
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		46,107	83,903	60,479
	Φ			
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	34,599 \$	46,107 \$	83,903

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note€1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

The abbreviations and acronyms used throughout are defined following the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of the following businesses: electric, natural gas distribution, pipeline and midstream, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other. The electric and natural gas distribution businesses, as well as a portion of the pipeline and midstream business, are regulated. Construction materials and contracting, construction services and the other businesses, as well as a portion of the pipeline and midstream business, are nonregulated. For further descriptions of the Company's businesses, see Note€13. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation, except for certain transactions related to the Company's regulated operations in accordance with GAAP. The statements also include the ownership interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of jointly owned electric generating facilities.

The Company's regulated businesses are subject to various state and federal agency regulations. The accounting policies followed by these businesses are generally subject to the Uniform System of Accounts of the FERC. These accounting policies differ in some respects from those used by the Company's nonregulated businesses.

The Company's regulated businesses account for certain income and expense items under the provisions of regulatory accounting, which requires these businesses to defer as regulatory assets or liabilities certain items that would have otherwise been reflected as expense or income, respectively, based on the expected regulatory treatment in future rates. The expected recovery or flowback of these deferred items generally is based on specific ratemaking decisions or precedent for each item. Regulatory assets and liabilities are being amortized consistently with the regulatory treatment established by the FERC and the applicable state public service commissions. See Note€4 for more information regarding the nature and amounts of these regulatory deferrals.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense is reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Income and therefore is excluded from the other line items within operating expenses.

Management has also evaluated the impact of events occurring after December€31, 2017, up to the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the TCJA which includes lower corporate tax rates, repealing the domestic production deduction, disallowance of immediate expensing for regulated utility property and modifying or repealing many other business deductions and credits. In accordance with the accounting guidance on accounting for income taxes, entities must account for the effects of the change in tax laws or rates in the period of enactment. In the fourth quarter of 2017, the period of enactment, the Company performed a one-time revaluation of the net deferred tax liabilities to account for the reduction in the corporate tax rate from 35€percent to 21€percent effective January€1, 2018. For more information on the impacts of the TCJA on the year ended December€31, 2017, see Notes 4 and 11. The Company is currently reviewing the components of the TCJA and evaluating the impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures for 2018 and thereafter.

As part of the Company's strategic plan to grow its capital investments while focusing on creating a greater long-term value and reducing the Company's risk by decreasing exposure to commodity prices, the Company completed the sales of substantially all of Fidelity's oil and and natural gas assets between October 2015 and April 2016 and Dakota Prairie Refining on June 27, 2016.

The assets and liabilities for the Company's discontinued operations have been classified as held for sale and the results of operations are shown in loss from discontinued operations, other than certain general and administrative costs and interest expense which do not meet the criteria for income (loss) from discontinued operations. At the time the assets were classified as held for sale, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense was no longer recorded. Unless otherwise indicated, the amounts presented in the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements relate to the Company's continuing operations. For more information on the Company's discontinued operations, see Note€2.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts receivable consists primarily of trade receivables from the sale of goods and services which are recorded at the invoiced amount net of allowance for doubtful accounts, and costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts. For more

information, see Percentage-of-completion method in this note. The total balance of receivables past due 90 days or more was \$34.7€million and \$29.2€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined through a review of past due balances and other specific account data. Account balances are written off when management determines the amounts to be uncollectible. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts at December€31, 2017 and 2016, was \$8.1€million and \$10.5€million, respectively.

Inventories and natural gas in storage

Natural gas in storage for the Company's regulated operations is generally carried at lower of cost or net realizable value, or cost using the last-in, first-out method. All other inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The portion of the cost of natural gas in storage expected to be used within one year was included in inventories. Inventories at December€31 consisted of:

	2017	2016
	(In thousands))
Aggregates held for resale	\$ 115,268 \$	115,471
Asphalt oil	30,360	29,103
Natural gas in storage (current)	20,950	25,761
Materials and supplies	18,650	18,372
Merchandise for resale	14,905	16,437
Other	 26,450	33,129
Total	\$ 226,583 \$	238,273

The remainder of natural gas in storage, which largely represents the cost of gas required to maintain pressure levels for normal operating purposes, was included in deferred charges and other assets - other and was \$49.3€million and \$49.5€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Investments

The Company's investments include the cash surrender value of life insurance policies, an insurance contract, mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities. The Company measures its investment in the insurance contract at fair value with any unrealized gains and losses recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The Company has not elected the fair value option for its mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities and, as a result, the unrealized gains and losses on these investments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). For more information, see Notes€5 and 14.

Property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. When regulated assets are retired, or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, the original cost of the asset is charged to accumulated depreciation. With respect to the retirement or disposal of all other assets, the resulting gains or losses are recognized as a component of income. The Company is permitted to capitalize AFUDC on regulated construction projects and to include such amounts in rate base when the related facilities are placed in service. In addition, the Company capitalizes interest, when applicable, on certain construction projects associated with its other operations. The amount of AFUDC and interest capitalized for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	 2017	 2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Interest capitalized	\$ •	\$, \$	4,381
AFUDC - borrowed	\$ 966	\$ 914 \$	4,907
AFUDC - equity	\$ 909	\$ 565 \$	7,971

Generally, property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the average useful lives of the assets, except for depletable aggregate reserves, which are depleted based on the units-of-production method. The Company collects removal costs for plant assets in regulated utility rates. These amounts are recorded as regulatory liabilities, which are included in deferred credits and other liabilities - other.

Property, plant and equipment at December€31 was as follows:

	2)17	2016	Average Depreciable Life in Years	
	(Do	(Dollars in thousands, where applicable)			
Regulated:					
Electric:					
Generation	\$ 1,034,7	65 \$	1,036,373	39	
Distribution	415,	43	398,382	44	
Transmission	296,9	41	284,048	57	
Construction in progress	117,9	06	62,212	,	
Other	117,	09	107,598	15	
Natural gas distribution:					
Distribution	1,831,7	95	1,718,633	47	
Construction in progress	19,	23	19,934	,	
Other	468,2	27	440,846	18	
Pipeline and midstream:					
Transmission	516,9	32	490,143	53	
Gathering	37,	37	37,831	20	
Storage	45,	29	45,350	62	
Construction in progress	17,4	-88	16,507	,	
Other	41,	54	40,873	33	
Nonregulated:					
Pipeline and midstream:					
Gathering and processing	31,	78	31,682	19	
Construction in progress		17	13	,	
Other	9,	649	9,800	10	
Construction materials and contracting:					
Land	95, ⁻	45	94,625	,	
Buildings and improvements	102,4	35	102,347	20	
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	947,9	79	930,471	12	
Construction in progress	7,	' 50	16,181	,	
Aggregate reserves	406,	39	405,751	*	
Construction services:					
Land	5,	216	5,346	,	
Buildings and improvements	27,:	51	26,693	25	
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	137,9	24	132,217	6	
Other	6,	74	7,105	4	
Other:					
Land	2,	37	2,837	,	
Other	28,	:86	46,431	19	
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	2,691,6	41	2,578,902		
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 4,079,1	88 \$	3,931,327		

Weighted

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and assets held for sale, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable. The determination of whether an impairment has occurred is based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the assets, compared to the carrying value of the assets. If impairment has occurred, the amount of the impairment recognized is determined by estimating the fair value of the assets and recording a loss if the carrying value is greater than the fair value. In the third quarter of 2015, the Company recognized an impairment of \$14.1€million (before tax), largely related to the sale of certain non-strategic natural gas gathering assets that were written down to their estimated fair value that was determined using the market approach. In the second quarter of 2015, the Company recognized an impairment of \$3.0€million (before tax) related to coalbed natural gas gathering assets located in Wyoming where there had been continued decline in natural gas development and production activity due to low natural gas prices. The coalbed natural gas gathering assets were

^{*} Depleted on the units-of-production method based on recoverable aggregate reserves.

written down to their estimated fair value that was determined using the income approach. The impairments are recorded in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income. For more information on these nonrecurring fair value measurements, see Note€5.

No significant impairment losses were recorded in 2016 or 2017, other than those related to the Company's assets held for sale and discontinued operations. For more information regarding these impairments, see Note€2.

Unforeseen events and changes in circumstances could require the recognition of impairment losses at some future date.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net tangible and intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment annually, which is completed in the fourth quarter, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill may be impaired.

The goodwill impairment test is a two-step process performed at the reporting unit level. The Company has determined that the reporting units for its goodwill impairment test are its operating segments, or components of an operating segment, that constitute a business for which discrete financial information is available and for which segment management regularly reviews the operating results. For more information on the Company's operating segments, see Note€13. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, the test is complete and no impairment is recorded. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, step two of the test is performed to determine the amount of impairment loss, if any. The impairment is computed by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill to the carrying value of that goodwill. If the carrying value is greater than the implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recorded. For the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, there were no significant impairment losses recorded. At December€31, 2017, the fair value substantially exceeded the carrying value at all reporting units.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires judgment and the use of significant estimates which include assumptions about the Company's future revenue, profitability and cash flows, amount and timing of estimated capital expenditures, inflation rates, weighted average cost of capital, operational plans, and current and future economic conditions, among others. The fair value of each reporting unit is determined using a weighted combination of income and market approaches. The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for its income approach. Under the income approach, the discounted cash flow model determines fair value based on the present value of projected cash flows over a specified period and a residual value related to future cash flows beyond the projection period. Both values are discounted using a rate which reflects the best estimate of the weighted average cost of capital at each reporting unit. The weighted average cost of capital, which varies by reporting unit and is in the range of 5€percent to 9€percent, and a long-term growth rate projection of approximately 3€percent were utilized in the goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2017. Under the market approach, the Company estimates fair value using multiples derived from comparable sales transactions and enterprise value to EBITDA for comparative peer companies for each respective reporting unit. These multiples are applied to operating data for each reporting unit to arrive at an indication of fair value. In addition, the Company adds a reasonable control premium when calculating the fair value utilizing the peer multiples, which is estimated as the premium that would be received in a sale in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions used in its impairment assessments are reasonable and based on available market information.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, as evidenced by an agreement between the customer and the Company, when delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, when the fee is fixed or determinable and when collection is reasonably assured. The Company recognizes utility revenue each month based on the services provided to all utility customers during the month. Accrued unbilled revenue which is included in receivables, net, represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Accrued unbilled revenue at Montana-Dakota, Cascade and Intermountain was \$112.7€million and \$117.7€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Company recognizes construction contract revenue at its construction businesses using the€percentage-of-completion method as discussed later. The Company recognizes all other revenues when services are rendered or goods are delivered. The Company presents revenues net of taxes collected from customers at the time of sale to be remitted to governmental authorities, including sales and use taxes.

Percentage-of-completion method

The Company recognizes construction contract revenue from fixed-price and modified fixed-price construction contracts at its construction businesses using the€percentage-of-completion method, measured by the€percentage of costs incurred to date to estimated total costs for each contract. If a loss is anticipated on a contract, the loss is immediately recognized.

Part II

Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts represent revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed and were included in receivables, net. Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts represent billings in excess of revenues recognized and were included in accounts payable. Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts at December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In thousands)	
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 109,541 \$	64,558
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 84,123 \$	64,832

Amounts representing balances billed but not paid by customers under retainage provisions in contracts at December€31 were as follows:

	2017		2016
	(In thousands)		
Short-term retainage*	\$ 57,134	\$	45,109
Long-term retainage**	1,410		1,506
Total retainage	\$ 58,544	\$	46,615

^{*} Expected to be paid within one year or less and included in receivables, net.

Asset retirement obligations

The Company records the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the Company capitalizes a cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the Company either settles the obligation for the recorded amount or incurs a gain or loss at its nonregulated operations or incurs a regulatory asset or liability at its regulated operations. For more information on asset retirement obligations, see Note€7.

Legal costs

The Company expenses external legal fees as they are incurred.

Natural gas costs recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments

Under the terms of certain orders of the applicable state public service commissions, the Company is deferring natural gas commodity, transportation and storage costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. Such orders generally provide that these amounts are recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments which are filed annually. Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments were \$28.5€million and \$25.6€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is included in other accrued liabilities. Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments were \$14.5€million and \$2.2€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is included in prepayments and other current assets.

Stock-based compensation

The Company records the compensation expense for performance share awards using an estimated forfeiture rate. The estimated forfeiture rate is calculated based on an average of actual historical forfeitures. The Company also preforms an analysis of any known factors at the time of the calculation to identify any necessary adjustments to the average historical forfeiture rate. At the time actual forfeitures become more than estimated forfeitures, the Company records compensation expense using actual forfeitures.

Income taxes

The Company provides deferred federal and state income taxes on all temporary differences between the book and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities by using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Excess deferred income tax balances associated with the Company's rate-regulated activities have been recorded as a regulatory liability and are included in other liabilities. These regulatory liabilities are expected to be reflected as a reduction in future rates charged to customers in accordance with applicable regulatory procedures.

The Company uses the deferral method of accounting for investment tax credits and amortizes the credits on regulated electric and natural gas distribution plant over various periods that conform to the ratemaking treatment prescribed by the applicable state public service commissions.

^{**} Included in deferred charges and other assets - other.

The Company records uncertain tax positions in accordance with accounting guidance on accounting for income taxes on the basis of a twostep process in which (1) the Company determines whether it is more-likely-than-not that the tax position will be sustained on the basis of the technical merits of the position and (2) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely than-not recognition threshold, the Company recognizes the largest amount of the tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. Tax positions that do not meet the more-likely-than-not criteria are reflected as a tax liability. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes.

Earnings (loss) per common share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share were computed by dividing earnings (loss) on common stock by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings (loss) per common share were computed by dividing earnings (loss) on common stock by the total of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year, plus the effect of nonvested performance share awards. Common stock outstanding includes issued shares less shares held in treasury. Earnings (loss) on common stock was the same for both the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share calculations. A reconciliation of the weighted average common shares outstanding used in the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation was as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	195,304	195,299	194,928
Effect of dilutive performance share awards	383	319	58
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	195,687	195,618	194,986
Shares excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share	•	,	,

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for items such as long-lived assets and goodwill; fair values of acquired assets and liabilities under the acquisition method of accounting; aggregate reserves; property depreciable lives; tax provisions; uncollectible accounts; environmental and other loss contingencies; accumulated provision for revenues subject to refund; costs on construction contracts; unbilled revenues; actuarially determined benefit costs; asset retirement obligations; and the valuation of stock-based compensation. As additional information becomes available, or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates.

New accounting standards

Recently adopted accounting standards

Simplifying the Measurement of Inventoling July 2015, the FASB issued guidance regarding inventory that is measured using the first-in, first-out or average cost method. The guidance does not apply to inventory measured using the last-in, first-out or the retail inventory method. The guidance requires inventory within its scope to be measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, which is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. These amendments more closely align GAAP with IFRS. The Company adopted the guidance on January€1, 2017, on a prospective basis. The guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, cash flows or disclosures.

Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accoulmting arch 2016, the FASB issued guidance regarding simplification of several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions. The guidance affects the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, classification on the statement of cash flows and calculation of dilutive shares. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2017. All amendments in the guidance that apply to the Company were adopted on a prospective basis resulting in no adjustments being made to retained earnings. The adoption of the guidance impacted the Consolidated Statement of Income and the Consolidated Balance Sheet in the first quarter of 2017 due to the taxes related to the stock-based compensation award that vested in February 2017 being recognized as income tax expense as compared to a reduction to additional paid-in capital under the previous guidance. Adoption of the guidance also increased the number of shares included in the diluted earnings per share calculation due to the exclusion of tax benefits in the incremental shares calculation. The change in the weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted did not result in a material effect on the earnings per common share - diluted.

Recently issued accounting standards not yet adopted

Revenue from Contracts with CustomersMay 2014, the FASB issued guidance on accounting for revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance provides for a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry specific guidance. In August 2015, the FASB issued guidance deferring the effective date of the revenue guidance and allowing entities to early adopt. With this decision, the guidance was effective for the Company on January€1, 2018. Entities had the option of using either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach to adopting the guidance. Under the modified retrospective approach, an entity recognizes the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance with an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption.

The Company adopted the guidance on January€1, 2018, using the modified retrospective approach. The Company has substantially completed the evaluation of contracts and methods of revenue recognition under the previous accounting guidance and has not identified any material cumulative effect adjustments to be made to retained earnings. In addition, the Company will have expanded revenue disclosures, both quantitatively and qualitatively, related to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers in the first quarter of 2018. The Company has reviewed substantially all of its revenue streams to evaluate the impact of this guidance and does not anticipate a significant change in the timing of revenue recognition, results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company reviewed its internal controls related to revenue recognition and disclosures and concluded that the guidance impacts certain business processes and controls. As such, the Company has developed modifications to its internal controls for certain topics under the guidance as they apply to the Company and such modifications were not deemed to be significant.

Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities anuary €2016, the FASB issued guidance regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments. The guidance revises the way an entity classifies and measures investments in equity securities, the presentation of certain fair value changes for financial liabilities measured at fair value and amends certain disclosure requirements related to the fair value of financial instruments. This guidance was effective for the Company on January €1, 2018. The guidance was to be applied using a modified retrospective approach with the exception of equity securities without readily determinable fair values which should be applied prospectively. The Company continues to evaluate the effects the adoption of the new guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures and does not anticipate a material impact.

Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments In August 2016, the FASB issued guidance to clarify the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is intended to standardize the presentation and classification of certain transactions, including cash payments for debt prepayment or extinguishment, proceeds from insurance claim settlements and distributions from equity method investments. In addition, the guidance clarifies how to classify transactions that have characteristics of more than one class of cash flows. The Company adopted the guidance on January€1, 2018, on a prospective basis. The Company does not anticipate the guidance to have a material effect on its future results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures.

Clarifying the Definition of a Business In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions or disposals of assets or businesses. The guidance provides a screen to determine when an integrated set of assets and activities is not a business. The guidance also affects other aspects of accounting, such as determining reporting units for goodwill testing and whether an entity has acquired or sold a business. The Company adopted the guidance on January€1, 2018, on a prospective basis. The Company does not anticipate the guidance to have a material effect on its future results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures.

Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost In March 2017, the FASB issued guidance to improve the presentation of net periodic pension cost and net periodic postretirement benefit cost. The guidance requires the service cost component to be presented in the income statement in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services performed during the period. Other components of net benefit costs shall be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations. The guidance also allows only the service cost component to be eligible for capitalization. The guidance was effective for the Company on January€1, 2018, including interim periods, on a retrospective basis for all periods presented with the exception of the capitalization of the service cost component which was adopted on a prospective basis.

The Company will reclassify all components of net periodic benefit costs, except for the service cost component, from operating expenses to other income (expense) on the Consolidated Statements of Income for all years presented prior to January€1, 2018, beginning in the first quarter of 2018, with no impact to earnings. The quidance will not have a material impact on the Company's disclosures or cash flows.

Under FERC regulation, all components of net periodic benefit costs are currently eligible for capitalization. The Company's electric and natural gas distribution businesses have elected to continue to defer all components of net periodic benefit costs as regulatory assets or liabilities.

LeasesIn February 2016, the FASB issued guidance regarding leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset on the balance sheet for operating and financing leases with terms of more than 12€months. The guidance remains largely the same for lessors, although some changes were made to better align lessor accounting with the new lessee accounting and to align with the revenue recognition standard. The guidance also requires additional disclosures, both quantitative and qualitative, related to operating and finance leases for the lessee and sales-type, direct financing and operating leases for the lesson be effective for the Company on January€1, 2019, and should be applied using a retrospective approach with early adoption permitted. The Company continues to evaluate the potential impact the adoption of the new guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures. The Company is planning to adopt the standard on January€1, 2019, utilizing the practical expedient that allows the Company to not reassess whether an expired or existing contract contains a lease, the classification of leases or initial direct costs.

In January 2018, the FASB issued a practical expedient for land easements under the new lease guidance. The practical expedient permits an entity to elect the option to not evaluate land easements under the new guidance if they existed or expired before the adoption of the new lease guidance and were not previously accounted for as leases under the previous lease guidance. Once an entity adopts the new guidance, the entity should apply the new guidance on a prospective basis to all new or modified land easements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the practical expedient.

On January€5, 2018, the FASB issued a proposed accounting standard update to the guidance that would allow an entity the option to adopt the guidance on a modified retrospective basis. Under the modified retrospective approach, an entity would recognize a cumulative effect adjustment of initially applying the guidance to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. The Company is monitoring the status of the proposal.

Simplifying the Test for Goodwill ImpairmeInt January 2017, the FASB issued guidance on simplifying the test for goodwill impairment by eliminating Step 2, which required an entity to measure the amount of impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill with the carrying amount of such goodwill. This guidance requires entities to perform a quantitative impairment test, previously Step 1, to identify both the existence of impairment and the amount of impairment loss by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit to its carrying amount. Entities will continue to have the option of performing a qualitative assessment to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. The guidance also requires additional disclosures if an entity has one or more reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts of net assets. The guidance will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2020, and should be applied on a prospective basis with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the effects the adoption of the new guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures.

Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Inherine Pruary 2018, the FASB issued guidance that allows an entity to reclassify the stranded tax effects resulting from the newly enacted federal corporate income tax rate from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to retained earnings. The guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2019, including interim periods, with early adoption permitted. The guidance can be applied using one of two methods. One method is to record the reclassification of the stranded income taxes at the beginning of the period of adoption. The other method is to apply the guidance retrospectively to each period in which the income tax effects of the TCJA are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The Company is evaluating adoption of the guidance in the first quarter of 2018. At December 31, 2017, the Company had \$7.7 million of stranded tax effects in the accumulated other comprehensive loss balance.

Variable interest entities

The Company evaluates its arrangements and contracts with other entities to determine if they are VIEs and if so, if the Company is the primary beneficiary. GAAP provides a framework for identifying VIEs and determining when a company should include the assets, liabilities, noncontrolling interest and results of activities of a VIE in its consolidated financial statements.

A VIE should be consolidated if a party with an ownership, contractual or other financial interest in the VIE (a variable interest holder) has the power to direct the VIE's most significant activities and the obligation to absorb losses or right to receive benefits of the VIE that could be significant to the VIE. A variable interest holder that consolidates the VIE is called the primary beneficiary. Upon consolidation, the primary beneficiary generally must initially record all of the VIE's assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests at fair value and subsequently account for the VIE as if it were consolidated.

The Company's evaluation of whether it qualifies as the primary beneficiary of a VIE involves significant judgments, estimates and assumptions and includes a qualitative analysis of the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and whether the Company has the power to direct those activities, the design of the entity, the rights of the parties and the purpose of the arrangement.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is the sum of net income (loss) as reported and other comprehensive income (loss). The Company's other comprehensive income (loss) resulted from gains (losses) on derivative instruments qualifying as hedges, postretirement liability adjustments, foreign currency translation adjustments and gains (losses) on available-for-sale investments.

The after-tax changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss as of December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, were as follows:

	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments Qualifying as Hedges	Post- retirement Liability Adjustment	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available- for-sale Investments	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
			(In thousands)		
Balance at December€31, 2015	\$ (2,667)\$	(34,257)\$	(200) \$	(24) \$	(37,148)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	,	(1,470)	51	(182)	(1,601)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	367	2,506	,	143	3,016
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	367	1,036	51	(39)	1,415
Balance at December€31, 2016	(2,300)	(33,221)	(149)	(63)	(35,733)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	,	(1,812)	(6)	(139)	(1,957)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	366	1,013	,	120	1,499
Amounts reclassified to accumulated other comprehensive loss from a regulatory asset	,	(1,143)	,	,	(1,143)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	366	(1,942)	(6)	(19)	(1,601)
Balance at December€31, 2017	\$ (1,934) \$	(35,163) \$	(155) \$	(82) \$	(37,334)

Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016	Location on Consolidated Statements of Income
	(In thousand	ls)	
Reclassification adjustment for loss on derivative instruments included in net income (loss):			
Interest rate derivative instruments	\$ (590)\$	(593)	Interest expense
	224	226	Income taxes
	(366)	(367)	
Amortization of postretirement liability losses included in net periodic benefit cost (credit)	(1,658)	(3,931)	(a)
	645	1,425	Income taxes
	(1,013)	(2,506)	
Reclassification adjustment for loss on available-forsale investments included in net income (loss)	(185)	(220)	Other income
	65	77	Income taxes
	(120)	(143)	
Total reclassifications	\$ (1,499)\$	(3,016)	

Note€2 - Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

Assets held for sale

The assets of Pronghorn were classified as held for sale in the fourth quarter of 2016. Pronghorn's results of operations for 2016 were included in the pipeline and midstream segment.

PronghornOn November€21, 2016, WBI Energy Midstream announced it had entered into a purchase and sale agreement to sell its 50€percent non-operating ownership interest in Pronghorn to Andeavor Field Services LLC. The transaction closed on January€1, 2017, which generated approximately \$100€million of proceeds for the Company. The sale of Pronghorn further reduced the Company's risk exposure to commodity prices.

The carrying amounts of the major classes of assets classified as held for sale associated with Pronghorn on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at December€31 were as follows:

		2016
	(In	thousands)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Prepayments and other current assets	\$	68
Total current assets held for sale		68
Noncurrent assets:		
Net property, plant and equipment		93,424
Goodwill		9,737
Less allowance for impairment of assets held for sale		2,311
Total noncurrent assets held for sale		100,850
Total assets held for sale	\$	100,918

The Company performed a fair value assessment of the assets and liabilities classified as held for sale. In the fourth quarter of 2016, the fair value assessment was determined using the market approach based on the purchase and sale agreement with Andeavor Field Services LLC. The fair value assessment indicated an impairment based on the carrying value exceeding the fair value, which resulted in the Company recording an impairment of \$2.3€million (\$1.4€million after tax) in the quarter ended December€31, 2016. The fair value of Pronghorn's assets have been categorized as Level€3 in the fair value hierarchy. The impairment was recorded in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statement of Income.

Discontinued operations

The assets and liabilities of the Company's discontinued operations have been classified as held for sale and the results of operations are shown in loss from discontinued operations, other than certain general and administrative costs and interest expense which do not meet the criteria for income (loss) from discontinued operations. At the time the assets were classified as held for sale, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense was no longer recorded.

Dakota Prairie Refinin
n June
4, 2016, WBI Energy entered into a membership interest purchase agreement with Tesoro to sell all of the outstanding membership interests in Dakota Prairie Refining to Tesoro. WBI Energy and Calumet each previously owned 50€percent of the Dakota Prairie Refining membership interests and were equal members in building and operating Dakota Prairie Refinery. To effectuate the sale, WBI Energy acquired Calumet's 50€percent membership interest in Dakota Prairie Refining on June
7, 2016. The sale of the membership interests to Tesoro closed on June
7, 2016. The sale of Dakota Prairie Refining reduced the Company's risk by decreasing exposure to commodity prices.

Centennial continues to guarantee certain debt obligations of Dakota Prairie Refining; however, Tesoro has agreed to indemnify Centennial for any losses and litigation expenses arising for the guarantee. For more information related to the guarantee, see Note€17.

Part II

The carrying amounts of the major classes of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale, related to the operations of and activity associated with Dakota Prairie Refining, on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at December€31 were as follows:

		2017				
	(In thousands)					
Assets						
Current assets:						
Income taxes receivable	\$	1,778	\$	13,987		
Total current assets held for sale		1,778		13,987		
Total assets held for sale	\$	1,778 (a) \$	13,987		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	•	\$	7,425		
Total current liabilities held for sale		•		7,425		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Deferred income taxes (b)		37		14		
Total noncurrent liabilities held for sale		37		14		
Total liabilities held for sale	\$	37	\$	7,439		

⁽a) On the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, these amounts were reclassified to current income taxes payable and are reflected in current liabilities held for sale.

The Company retained certain liabilities of Dakota Prairie Refining which were reflected in current liabilities held for sale on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December€31, 2016. In the first quarter of 2017, the Company recorded a reversal of a previously accrued liability of \$7.0 million (\$4.3 million after tax) due to the resolution of a legal matter. As of December 31, 2017, Dakota Prairie Refining had not incurred any material exit and disposal costs, and does not expect to incur any material exit and disposal costs.

The Company performed a fair value assessment of the assets and liabilities classified as held for sale. In the second quarter of 2016, the fair value assessment was determined using the market approach based on the sale transaction to Tesoro. The fair value assessment indicated an impairment based on the carrying value exceeding the fair value, which resulted in the Company recording an impairment of \$251.9€million (\$156.7€million after tax) in the quarter ended June€30, 2016. The impairment was included in operating expenses from discontinued operations. The fair value of Dakota Prairie Refining's assets have been categorized as Level€3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Fidelity In the second quarter of 2015, the Company began the marketing and sale process of Fidelity with an anticipated sale to occur within one year. Between September 2015 and March 2016, the Company entered into purchase and sale agreements to sell substantially all of Fidelity's oil and natural gas assets. The completion of these sales occurred between October 2015 and April 2016. The sale of Fidelity was part of the Company's strategic plan to grow its capital investments in the remaining business segments and to focus on creating a greater long-term value.

⁽b) On the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, these amounts were reclassified to noncurrent deferred income tax assets and are reflected in noncurrent assets held for sale.

The carrying amounts of the major classes of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale, related to the operations of Fidelity, on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at December€31 were as follows:

	2017		2016
	(In tho	usands)	
Assets			
Current assets:			
Receivables, net	\$ 479	\$	355
Total current assets held for sale	479		355
Noncurrent assets:			
Net property, plant and equipment	1,631		5,507
Deferred income taxes	2,637		91,098
Other	161		161
Less allowance for impairment of assets held for sale	 •		938
Total noncurrent assets held for sale	4,429		95,828
Total assets held for sale	\$ 4,908	\$	96,183
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 30	\$	141
Taxes payable	10,857		19 (a
Other accrued liabilities	 2,884		2,358
Total current liabilities held for sale	13,771		2,518
Total liabilities held for sale	\$ 13,771	\$	2,518

⁽a) On the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, this amount was reclassified to prepayments and other current assets and is reflected in current assets held for sale.

At December€31, 2017 and 2016, the Company•s deferred tax assets included in assets held for sale were largely comprised of \$2.6€million and \$89.3€million, respectively, of federal and state net operating loss carryforwards. The Company realized substantially all of the outstanding net operating loss carryforwards in 2017.

The Company had federal income tax net operating loss carryforwards of \$4.4€million and \$297.2€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. At December€31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had various state income tax net operating loss carryforwards of \$13.8€million and \$189.1€million, respectively. The federal net operating loss carryforwards expire in 2036 and 2037 if not utilized. The state net operating loss carryforwards are due to expire between 2023 and 2037. It is likely a portion of the benefit from the state carryforwards will not be realized; therefore, valuation allowances of \$349,000 and \$500,000 have been provided in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company performed a fair value assessment of the assets and liabilities classified as held for sale. In the first quarter of 2016, the fair value assessment was determined using the market approach largely based on a purchase and sale agreement. The estimated fair value exceeded the carrying value and the Company recorded an impairment reversal of \$1.4 million (\$900,000 after tax) in the first quarter of 2016. In the second quarter of 2016, the fair value assessment was determined using the income and market approaches. The income approach was determined by using the present value of future estimated cash flows. The market approach was based on market transactions of similar properties. The estimated carrying value exceeded the fair value and the Company recorded an impairment of \$900,000 (\$600,000 after tax) in the second quarter of 2016.

In the second quarter of 2015, the estimated fair value was determined using the income and the market approaches. The income approach was determined by using the present value of future estimated cash flows. The income approach considered management's views on current operating measures as well as assumptions pertaining to market forces in the oil and gas industry including estimated reserves, estimated prices, market differentials, estimates of well operating and future development costs and timing of operations. The estimated cash flows were discounted using a rate believed to be consistent with those used by principal market participants. The market approach was provided by a third party and based on market transactions involving similar interests in oil and natural gas properties. The fair value assessment indicated an impairment based on the carrying value exceeding the estimated fair value, which is resulted in the Company writing down Fidelity's assets at June 30, 2015, and recording an impairment of \$400.0€million (\$252.0€million after tax) during the second quarter of 2015. In the third quarter of 2015, the estimated fair value of Fidelity was determined by agreed upon pricing in the purchase and sale agreements for the assets subject to the agreements, the majority of which closed during the fourth quarter of 2015, including customary purchase price adjustments. The values received in the bid proposals were lower than originally anticipated due to lower commodity prices

than those projected in the second quarter of 2015. For those assets for which a purchase and sale agreement had not been entered into at that time, the fair value was based on the market approach utilizing multiples based on similar interests in oil and natural gas properties. The fair value assessment indicated an impairment based on the carrying value exceeding the estimated fair value, which resulted in the Company writing down Fidelity's assets at September€30, 2015, and recording an impairment of \$356.1€million (\$224.4 million after tax). In the fourth quarter of 2015, the fair value assessment was determined using the market approach based on purchase and sale agreements. The estimated fair value exceeded the carrying value and the Company recorded an impairment reversal of \$1.6€million (\$1.0€million after tax) in the fourth quarter of 2015. The impairments were included in operating expenses from discontinued operations. The estimated fair value of Fidelity's assets have been categorized as Level€3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company incurred transaction costs of approximately \$300,000 in the first quarter of 2016 and \$2.5€million in 2015. In addition to the transaction costs, and due in part to the change in plans to sell the assets of Fidelity rather than sell Fidelity as a company, Fidelity incurred and expensed approximately \$5.6€million of exit and disposal costs in 2016, and has incurred \$10.5€million of exit and disposal costs to date. The Company does not expect to incur any additional material exit and disposal costs. The exit and disposal costs are associated with severance and other related matters and exclude the office lease expiration discussed in the following paragraph.

Fidelity vacated its office space in Denver, Colorado in 2016. The Company incurred lease payments of approximately \$900,000 in 2016. Lease termination payments of \$3.2€million and \$3.3€million were made during the second quarter of 2016 and fourth quarter of 2015, respectively. Existing office furniture and fixtures were relinquished to the lessor in the second quarter of 2016.

Historically, the company used the full-cost method of accounting for its oil and natural gas production activities. Under this method, all costs incurred in the acquisition, exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties are capitalized and amortized on the units-of-production method based on total proved reserves.

Prior to the oil and natural gas properties being classified as held for sale, capitalized costs were subject to a "ceiling test" that limits such costs to the aggregate of the present value of future net cash flows from proved reserves discounted at 10 percent, as mandated under the rules of the SEC, plus the cost of unproved properties not subject to amortization, plus the effects of cash flow hedges, less applicable income taxes. Proved reserves and associated future cash flows are determined based on SEC Defined Prices and exclude cash outflows associated with asset retirement obligations that have been accrued on the balance sheet. If capitalized costs, less accumulated amortization and related deferred income taxes, exceed the full-cost ceiling at the end of any quarter, a permanent noncash write-down is required to be charged to earnings in that quarter regardless of subsequent price changes.

The Company's capitalized cost under the full-cost method of accounting exceeded the full-cost ceiling at March 31, 2015. SEC Defined Prices, adjusted for market differentials, were used to calculate the ceiling test. Accordingly, the Company was required to write down its oil and natural gas producing properties. The Company recorded a \$500.4€million (\$315.3€million after tax) noncash write-down in operating expenses from discontinued operations in the first quarter of 2015.

Fidelity previously held commodity derivatives that were not designated as hedging instruments. The amount of loss recognized in discontinued operations, before tax, was \$18.3€million in the year ended December 31, 2015.

Dakota Prairie Refining and Fidelithe reconciliation of the major classes of income and expense constituting pretax income (loss) from discontinued operations, which includes Dakota Prairie Refining and Fidelity, to the after-tax loss from discontinued operations on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016	2015	
	(In thousands)			
Operating revenues	\$ 465 \$	123,024 \$	363,115	
Operating expenses	(4,607)	513,813	1,666,941	
Operating income (loss)	5,072	(390,789)	(1,303,826)	
Other income (expense)	(13)	306	3,149	
Interest expense	250	1,753	2,124	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	4,809	(392,236)	(1,302,801)	
Income taxes*	8,592	(91,882)	(468,721)	
Loss from discontinued operations	(3,783)	(300,354)	(834,080)	
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	•	(131,691)	(35,256)	
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to the Company	\$ (3,783)\$	(168,663)\$	(798,824)	

^{*} Includes eliminations for the presentation of income tax adjustments between continuing and discontinued operations.

The pretax income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to the Company, related to the operations of and activity associated with Dakota Prairie Refining, was \$6.9€million, \$(253.5)€million and \$(31.5)€million for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Note€3 - Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the year ended December€31, 2017, were as follows:

	Balance at January€1, 2017		Goodwill Acquired During the Year		Balance at December€31, 2017
			(In thousands)		_
Natural gas distribution	\$ 345,736	\$,	\$	345,736
Construction materials and contracting	176,290		,		176,290
Construction services	109,765		,		109,765
Total	\$ 631,791	\$,	\$	631,791

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the year ended December€31, 2016, were as follows:

	Balance at January€1, 2016	*	Goodwill Acquired During the Year		Less Held for Sale	Dec	Balance at ember€31, 2016
		(In thousands)					
Natural gas distribution	\$ 345,736	\$,	\$,	\$	345,736
Pipeline and midstream	9,737		,		9,737		,
Construction materials and contracting	176,290		,		,		176,290
Construction services	103,441		6,324		,		109,765
Total	\$ 635,204	\$	6,324	\$	9,737	\$	631,791

^{*} Balance is presented net of accumulated impairment of \$12.3€million at the pipeline and midstream segment, which occurred in prior periods.

Other amortizable intangible assets at December€31 were as follows:

2017	2016
(In thousands)	
\$ 15,248 \$	17,145
13,382	13,917
1,866	3,228
2,430	2,430
1,805	1,658
625	772
6,990	7,768
5,644	5,843
1,346	1,925
\$ 3,837 \$	5,925
	(In thousands) \$ 15,248 \$ 13,382 1,866 2,430 1,805 625 6,990 5,644 1,346

Amortization expense for amortizable intangible assets for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, was \$2.0€million, \$2.5€million and \$2.5€million, respectively. Estimated amortization expense for intangible assets is \$1.3€million in 2018, \$1.0€million in 2019, \$500,000 in 2020, \$300,000 in 2021, \$200,000 in 2022 and \$500,000 thereafter.

Note€4 - Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The following table summarizes the individual components of unamortized regulatory assets and liabilities as of December€31:

	Estimated Recovery Period	*	2017	2016
			(In thousands	<u> </u>
Regulatory assets:				
Pension and postretirement benefits (a)	(e)	\$	163,896 \$	176,025
Taxes recoverable from customers (a)	Over plant lives		12,073	28,278
Manufactured gas plant sites remediation (a)	-		18,213	18,259
Asset retirement obligations (a)	Over plant lives		56,078	42,580
Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments (b)	Up to 1 year		14,465	2,242
Long-term debt refinancing costs (a)	Up to 20 years		5,563	6,248
Costs related to identifying generation development (a)	Up to 9 years		2,960	3,407
Other (a) (b)	Up to 20 years		27,715	30,281
Total regulatory assets		,	300,963	307,320
Regulatory liabilities:				
Plant removal and decommissioning costs (c)			176,190	176,972
Taxes refundable to customers (c)			279,668	11,010
Pension and postretirement benefits (c)			11,056	9,099
Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments (d)			28,514	25,580
Other (c) (d)			23,870	19,191
Total regulatory liabilities			519,298	241,852
Net regulatory position		\$	(218,335) \$	65,468

^{*} Estimated recovery period for regulatory assets currently being recovered in rates charged to customers.

The regulatory assets are expected to be recovered in rates charged to customers. A portion of the Company's regulatory assets are not earning a return; however, these regulatory assets are expected to be recovered from customers in future rates. As of December€31, 2017 and 2016, approximately \$269.1€million and \$255.4€million, respectively, of regulatory assets were not earning a rate of return.

In the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company performed a one-time revaluation of the Company's regulated deferred tax assets and liabilities for the reduction of the corporate tax rate from 35€percent to 21€percent effective January€1, 2018, as identified in the TCJA. The revaluation of the Company's regulatory deferred tax assets and liabilities are being deferred as the Company works with the various regulators on a plan for amounts expected to be returned to customers, as discussed in Note 16. In the fourth quarter of 2017, the revaluation of the deferred tax assets and liabilities resulted in a decrease of \$15.5€million in taxes recoverable from customers and an increase of \$270.0€million in taxes refundable to customers. These regulatory amounts are expected to generally be refunded over the remaining life of the related assets as prescribed in the TCJA. The approved regulatory treatment of the impacts of the TCJA by the various regulators may affect the analyses performed.

If, for any reason, the Company's regulated businesses cease to meet the criteria for application of regulatory accounting for all or part of their operations, the regulatory assets and liabilities relating to those portions ceasing to meet such criteria would be removed from the balance sheet and included in the statement of income or accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which the discontinuance of regulatory accounting occurs.

Note€5 - Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures its investments in certain fixed-income and equity securities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in income. The Company anticipates using these investments, which consist of an insurance contract, to satisfy its obligations under its unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans for executive officers and certain key management employees, and invests in these fixed-income and equity securities for the purpose of earning investment returns and capital appreciation. These investments, which totaled \$77.4€million and \$70.9€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, were classified as investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net unrealized gains on these investments for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, were \$9.3€million, \$3.4€million and

⁽a) Included in deferred charges and other assets - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽b) Included in prepayments and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽c) Included in deferred credits and other liabilities - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽d) Included in other accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽e) Recovered as expense is incurred or cash contributions are made.

\$1.7€million, respectively. The change in fair value, which is considered part of the cost of the plan, is classified in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company did not elect the fair value option, which records gains and losses in income, for its available-for-sale securities, which include mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities. These available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value and are classified as investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Unrealized gains or losses are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Details of available-for-sale securities were as follows:

December€31, 2017	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
		(In thousand	ls)	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 10,342 \$	4 \$	129 \$	10,217
U.S. Treasury securities	 205	3	1	204
Total	\$ 10,547 \$	4 \$	130 \$	10,421
December€31, 2016	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
		(In thousand	ls)	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 10,546 \$	8 \$	105 \$	10,449
Total	\$ 10,546 \$	8 \$	105 \$	10,449

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis are determined using the market approach.

The Company's Level€2 money market funds are valued at the net asset value of shares held at the end of the period, based on published market quotations on active markets, or using other known sources including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Level€2 mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities are based on comparable market transactions, other observable inputs or other sources, including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Level€2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December€31, 2017 and 2016, there were no transfers between Levels€1 and 2.

The Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level€1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level€2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs €(Level€3)	Balance at December€31, 2017			
	,	(In thousands)						
Assets:								
Money market funds	\$, \$	6,965 \$, \$	6,965			
Insurance contract*		,	77,388	,	77,388			
Available-for-sale securities:								
Mortgage-backed securities		,	10,217	,	10,217			
U.S. Treasury securities		1	204	,	204			
Total assets measured at fair value	\$. \$	94.774 \$. \$	94.774			

The insurance contract invests approximately 49€percent in fixed-income investments, 23€percent in common stock of large-cap companies, 14€percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 11€percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 2€percent in target date investments and 1€percent in cash equivalents.

	 Fair Value Measurements at December€31, 2016, Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets €(Level€1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level€2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs €(Level€3)	Balance at December€31, 2016	
		(In thousar	nds)		
Assets:					
Money market funds	\$, \$	1,602 \$, \$	1,602	
Insurance contract*	,	70,921	,	70,921	
Available-for-sale securities:					
Mortgage-backed securities	 j	10,449	,	10,449	
Total assets measured at fair value	\$, \$	82,972 \$, \$	82,972	

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 52€percent in fixed-income investments, 22€percent in common stock of large-cap companies, 13€percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 10€percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 1 percent in target date investments and 2€percent in cash equivalents.

The Company applies the provisions of the fair value measurement standard to its nonrecurring, non-financial measurements, including long-lived asset impairments. These assets are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments only in certain circumstances. The Company reviews the carrying value of its long-lived assets, excluding goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

During the second quarter of 2015, coalbed natural gas gathering assets at the pipeline and midstream segment were reviewed for impairment and found to be impaired and were written down to their estimated fair value using the income approach. Under this approach, fair value is determined by using the present value of future estimated cash flows. The factors used to determine the estimated future cash flows include, but are not limited to, internal estimates of gathering revenue, future commodity prices and operating costs and equipment salvage values. The estimated cash flows are discounted using a rate that approximates the weighted average cost of capital of a market participant. These fair value inputs are not typically observable. At June€30, 2015, natural gas gathering assets were written down to the nonrecurring fair value measurement of \$1.1€million.

During the third quarter of 2015, the Company was negotiating the sale of certain non-strategic natural gas gathering assets at the pipeline and midstream segment and as a result these assets were found to be impaired and were written down to their estimated fair value using the market approach. The estimated fair value of natural gas gathering assets that were impaired at September€30, 2015, was largely determined by agreed upon pricing in a purchase and sale agreement that the Company was negotiating, and these assets were sold in the fourth quarter of 2015. At September€30, 2015, natural gas gathering assets were written down to the nonrecurring fair value measurement of \$10.8€million.

The fair value of these natural gas gathering assets have been categorized as Level€3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company performed a fair value assessment of the assets and liabilities classified as held for sale. For more information on these Level€3 nonrecurring fair value measurements, see Note€2.

The Company's long-term debt is not measured at fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the fair value is being provided for disclosure purposes only. The fair value was based on discounted future cash flows using current market interest rates. The estimated fair value of the Company's Level€2 long-term debt at December€31 was as follows:

	2017			2016		
	Carrying Amount	Fai Value		Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
	(In thousands)					
Long-term debt	\$ 1,714,853 \$	1,826,256	\$	1,790,159 \$	1,841,885	

The carrying amounts of the Company's remaining financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair values.

Note€6 - Debt

Certain debt instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, including those discussed later, contain restrictive covenants and cross-default provisions. In order to borrow under the respective credit agreements, the Company and its subsidiaries must be in compliance with the applicable covenants and certain other conditions. In the event the Company and its subsidiaries do not comply with the applicable covenants and other conditions, alternative sources of funding may need to be pursued.

The following table summarizes the outstanding revolving credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries:

Company	Facility		Facility Limit	Amount utstanding€at ecember€31, 2017	Amount utstanding€at ecember€31, €2016	D	Letters of Credit at ecember€31, 2017	Expiration Date
					(In millions)			
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement	(a)	\$ 175.0	\$ 73.8 (b)	\$ 111.0 (b)	\$,	5/8/19
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	Revolving credit agreement		\$ 75.0 (c)	\$ 17.3	\$,	\$	2.2 (d)	4/24/20
Intermountain Gas Company	Revolving credit agreement		\$ 85.0 (e)	\$ 40.0	\$ 20.9	\$,	4/24/20
Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement	(f)	\$ 500.0	\$ 14.6 (b)	\$ 151.0 (b)	\$,	9/23/21

- (a) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of the Company on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$225.0€million). There were no amounts outstanding under the revolving credit agreement.
- (b) Amount outstanding under commercial paper program.
- (c) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$100.0€million.
- (d) Outstanding letter(s) of credit reduce the amount available under the credit agreement.
- (e) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$110.0€million.
- (f) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of Centennial on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$600.0€million). There were no amounts outstanding under the revolving credit agreement.

The Company's and Centennial's respective commercial paper programs are supported by revolving credit agreements. While the amount of commercial paper outstanding does not reduce available capacity under the respective revolving credit agreements, the Company and Centennial do not issue commercial paper in an aggregate amount exceeding the available capacity under their credit agreements. The commercial paper borrowings may vary during the period, largely the result of fluctuations in working capital requirements due to the seasonality of the construction businesses.

The following includes information related to the preceding table.

Long-term debt

MDU Resources Group, In the Company's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings.

Part II

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including covenants of the Company not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, (A)€the ratio of funded debt to total capitalization (determined on a consolidated basis) to be greater than 65€percent or (B)€the ratio of funded debt to capitalization (determined with respect to the Company alone, excluding its subsidiaries) to be greater than 65€percent. Other covenants include limitations on the sale of certain assets and on the making of certain loans and investments.

There are no credit facilities that contain cross-default provisions between the Company and any of its subsidiaries.

Cascade Natural Gas Corporati**Any** borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

On April 25, 2017, Cascade amended its revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit from \$50.0€million to \$75.0€million and extend the termination date from July 9, 2018 to April 24, 2020. The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Cascade not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65€percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Cascade's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Cascade fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, Cascade will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Intermountain Gas Compa**A**ny borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

On April 25, 2017, Intermountain amended its revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit from \$65.0€million to \$85.0€million and extend the termination date from July€13, 2018 to April€24, 2020. The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Intermountain not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65€percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Intermountain's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Intermountain fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, or certain conditions result in an early termination date under any swap contract that is in excess of a specified amount, then Intermountain will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. Centennial's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings.

Centennial's revolving credit agreement and certain debt outstanding under an expired uncommitted long-term master shelf agreement contain customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Centennial, not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarterthe ratio of total consolidated debt to total consolidated capitalization to be greater than 65€percent (for the revolving credit agreement) and a covenant of Centennial and certain of its subsidiaries, not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 60€percent (for the master shelf agreement). The master shelf agreement also includes a covenant that does not permit the ratio of Centennial's EBITDA to interest expense, for the 12-month period ended each fiscal quarter, to be less than 1.75 to 1. Other covenants include restricted payments, restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on subsidiary indebtedness, minimum consolidated net worth, limitations on priority debt and the making of certain loans and investments.

Certain of Centennial's financing agreements contain cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Centennial or any subsidiary of Centennial fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, the applicable agreements will be in default.

WBI Energy Transmission, InWBI Energy Transmission has a \$200.0€million uncommitted note purchase and private shelf agreement with an expiration date of May 16, 2019. WBI Energy Transmission had \$100.0€million of notes outstanding at December€31, 2017, which reduced the remaining capacity under this uncommitted private shelf agreement to \$100.0€million. This agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of WBI Energy Transmission not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 55€percent. Other covenants include a limitation on priority debt and restrictions on the

sale of certain assets and the making of certain investments. On December€22, 2017, WBI Energy Transmission contracted to issue an additional \$40.0€million under the private shelf agreement at an interest rate of 4.18€percent on June€15, 2018.

Long-term Debt Outstanding ong-term debt outstanding was as follows:

	Weighed Average Interest Rate at December 31, 2017	December€31, 2017	December€31, 2016
	,	(In thou	usands)
Senior Notes due on dates ranging from June 19, 2018 to January€15, 2055	4.71%	\$ 1,499,916	\$ 1,437,831
Commercial paper supported by revolving credit agreements	1.72%	88,350	262,000
Medium-Term Notes due on dates ranging from September€1, 2020 to March€16, 2029	6.68 %	50,000	50,000
Other notes due on dates ranging from July 1, 2019 to November 30, 2038	5.24%	24,982	24,471
Credit agreements due on April 24, 2020	3.71%	57,300	21,793
Less unamortized debt issuance costs		5,694	5,832
Less discount		1	104
Total long-term debt		1,714,853	1,790,159
Less current maturities		148,499	43,598
Net long-term debt		\$ 1,566,354	\$ 1,746,561

Schedule of Debt Maturitiesong-term debt maturities, which excludes unamortized debt issuance costs and discount, for the five years and thereafter following December€31, 2017, were as follows:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter
			(In thousands)			
Long-term debt maturities	\$ 148,499 \$	125,504 \$	73,012 \$	15,312 \$	147,214 \$	1,211,007

Note€7 - Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company records obligations related to retirement costs of natural gas distribution mains and lines, natural gas transmission lines, storage facilities, decommissioning of certain electric generating facilities, reclamation of certain aggregate properties, special handling and disposal of hazardous materials at certain electric generating facilities, natural gas distribution facilities and buildings, and certain other obligations as asset retirement obligations.

A reconciliation of the Company's liability, which is included in other accrued liabilities and deferred credits and other liabilities - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, for the years ended December€31 was as follows:

	201	2017				
	(In th	(In thousands)				
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 314,970	\$	242,224			
Liabilities incurred	15,110)	15,114			
Liabilities settled	(4,98	1)	(4,338)			
Accretion expense*	16,839)	13,918			
Revisions in estimates	3	1	48,052			
Balance at end of year	\$ 341,969	\$	314,970			

^{*} Includes \$15.6€million and \$12.7€million in 2017 and 2016, respectively, related to regulatory assets.

The 2016 revisions in estimates consist principally of updated asset retirement obligation costs associated with natural gas transmission lines and storage facilities at the pipeline and midstream segment.

The Company believes that largely all expenses related to asset retirement obligations at the Company's regulated operations will be recovered in rates over time and, accordingly, defers such expenses as regulatory assets. For more information on the Company's regulatory assets and liabilities, see Note 4.

Note€8 - Preferred Stocks

Preferred stocks at December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
		except shares hare amounts)
Authorized:		
Preferred -		
500,000 shares, cumulative, par value \$100, issuable in series		
Preferred stock A -		
1,000,000 shares, cumulative, without par value, issuable in series (none outstanding)		
Preference -		
500,000 shares, cumulative, without par value, issuable in series (none outstanding)		
Outstanding:		
4.50% Series - 100,000 shares	\$ • \$	10,000
4.70% Series - 50,000 shares	•	5,000
Total preferred stocks	\$ • \$	15,000

For the years 2016 and 2015, dividends declared on the 4.50% Series and 4.70% Series preferred stocks were \$4.50 and \$4.70 per share, respectively. On April 1, 2017, the Company redeemed all outstanding 4.50% Series and 4.70% Series preferred stocks at \$105 per share and \$102 per share, respectively, for a repurchase price of approximately \$15.6€million and \$300,000 of redeemable preferred stock classified as long-term debt.

Note€9 - Common Stock

For the years 2017, 2016 and 2015, dividends declared on common stock were \$.7750, \$.7550 and \$.7350 per common share, respectively.

The Stock Purchase Plan provided interested investors the opportunity to make optional cash investments and to reinvest all or a percentage of their cash dividends in shares of the Company's common stock. The K-Plan provides participants the option to invest in the Company's common stock. From January 2015 through August 2015, the Stock Purchase Plan and K-Plan, with respect to Company stock, purchased shares of authorized but unissued common stock from the Company. From September 2015 through December 2017, the K-Plan purchased shares of common stock on the open market. At December€31, 2017, there were 7.8€million shares of common stock reserved for original issuance under the K-Plan. From September 2015 through December 4, 2016, the Stock Purchase Plan purchased shares of common stock on the open market. On December€5, 2016, the Stock Purchase Plan was terminated and all remaining shares reserved for original issuance under the plan were de-registered.

The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on common stock. The declaration and payment of dividends is at the sole discretion of the board of directors, subject to limitations imposed by the Company's credit agreements, federal and state laws, and applicable regulatory limitations. In addition, the Company and Centennial are generally restricted to paying dividends out of capital accounts or net assets. The following discusses the most restrictive limitations.

Pursuant to a covenant under a credit agreement, Centennial may only declare or pay distributions if as of the last day of any fiscal quarter the ratio of Centennial's average consolidated indebtedness as of the last day of such fiscal quarter and each of the preceding three fiscal quarters to Centennial's Consolidated EBITDA does not exceed 3 to 1; and after giving effect to such distribution, all distributions made during the 12-month period ending on the last day of the fiscal quarter in which such distribution is made will not exceed the remainder of Centennial's Consolidated EBITDA minus Centennial's capital expenditures less the net cash proceeds from all sales of capital assets from continuing operations, for the immediately preceding 12-month period. Intermountain has regulatory limitations on the amount of dividends it can pay. Based on these limitations, approximately \$1.3€billion of the net assets of the Company's subsidiaries were restricted from being used to transfer funds to the Company at December€31, 2017. In addition, the Company's credit agreement also contains restrictions on dividend payments. The most restrictive limitation requires the Company not to permit the ratio of funded debt to capitalization (determined with respect to the Company alone, excluding its subsidiaries) to be greater than 65€percent. Based on this limitation, approximately \$384€million of the Company's (excluding its subsidiaries) net assets, which represents common stockholders' equity including retained earnings, would be restricted from use for dividend payments at December€31, 2017. In addition, state regulatory commissions may require the Company to maintain certain capitalization ratios. These requirements are not expected to affect the Company's ability to pay dividends in the near term.

Note€10 - Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has several stock-based compensation plans under which it is currently authorized to grant restricted stock and other stock awards. As of December€31, 2017, there were 5.1€million remaining shares available to grant under these plans. The Company generally purchases shares on the open market for non-employee director stock awards. The Company purchased shares on the open market for the employee performance shares that vested in 2017. The Company anticipates future employee performance share awards will continue to be satisfied by purchasing shares on the open market.

Total stock-based compensation expense (after tax) was \$2.7€million, \$3.3€million and \$2.9€million in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

As of December€31, 2017, total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to stock-based compensation was approximately \$4.8€million (before income taxes) which will be amortized over a weighted average period of 1.5€years.

Stock awards

Non-employee directors receive shares of common stock in addition to and in lieu of cash payment for directors' fees. Shares of common stock were issued under the non-employee director stock compensation plan or the non-employee director long-term incentive compensation plan. There were 40,572€shares with a fair value of \$1.1€million, 37,218€shares with a fair value of \$1.1€million and 58,181€shares with a fair value of \$1.1€million issued under these plans during the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Performance share awards

Since 2003, key employees of the Company have been awarded performance share awards each year. Entitlement to performance shares is based on the Company's total shareholder return over designated performance periods as measured against a selected peer group.

Target grants of performance shares outstanding at December€31, 2017, were as follows:

Grant Date	Performance Period	Target Grant of Shares
February 2016	2016-2018	258,825
March 2016	2016-2018	2,151
February 2017	2017-2019	164,558

Participants may earn from zero to 200€percent of the target grant of shares based on the Company's total shareholder return relative to that of the selected peer group. Compensation expense is based on the grant-date fair value as determined by Monte Carlo simulation. The blended volatility term structure ranges are comprised of 50€percent historical volatility and 50€percent implied volatility. Risk-free interest rates were based on U.S. Treasury security rates in effect as of the grant date. Assumptions used for grants of performance shares issued in 2017, 2016 and 2015 were:

			2017			2016			2015
Weighted average grant-date fair value			\$24.31			\$14.60			\$18.98
Blended volatility range	22.70%	•	25.56%	29.25%	,,	32.51%	22.86%	,,	24.61%
Risk-free interest rate range	.69%	•	1.61%	.47%	,,	.92%	.05%	,,	1.07%
Weighted average discounted dividends per share			\$1.70			\$1.56			\$1.57

The fair value of the performance shares that vested during the years ended December€31, 2017 and 2016, was \$9.6€million and \$953,000, respectively. There were no performance shares that vested in 2015.

A summary of the status of the performance share awards for the year ended December€31, 2017, was as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at beginning of period	664,188 \$	21.47
Granted	203,646	24.31
Additional performance shares earned	81,643	19.22
Less:		
Vested	360,319	24.88
Forfeited	163,624	24.46
Nonvested at end of period	425,534 \$	18.35

Note€11 - Income Taxes

The components of income before income taxes from continuing operations for each of the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
United States	\$ 350,064 \$	326,252 \$	248,379
Foreign	(37)	(24)	(1,326)
Income before income taxes from continuing operations	\$ 350,027 \$	326,228 \$	247,053

Income tax expense from continuing operations for the years ended December€31 was as follows:

	2017	2016	2015	
	(In thousands)			
Current:				
Federal	\$ 74,272 \$	81,989 \$	85,897	
State	16,192	13,190	10,093	
Foreign	•	2	30	
	90,464	95,181	96,020	
Deferred:				
Income taxes:				
Federal	(24,497)	(2,102)	(19,632)	
State	(864)	1,184	(5,304)	
Investment tax credit - net	(62)	(1,131)	(420)	
	 (25,423)	(2,049)	(25,356)	
Total income tax expense	\$ 65,041 \$	93,132 \$	70,664	

In accordance with the accounting guidance on accounting for income taxes, the tax effects of the change in tax laws or rates are to be recorded in the period of enactment. The TCJA was enacted on December 22, 2017, as discussed in Note 1. Therefore, the reduction in the corporate tax rate from 35€percent to 21€percent required the Company to prepare a one-time revaluation of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2017, the period of enactment. The deferred taxes were revalued at the new tax rate because deferred taxes should reflect what the Company expects to pay or receive in future periods under the applicable tax rate. As a result of the revaluation, the Company reduced the value of these assets and liabilities and recorded a tax benefit from continuing operations of \$39.5€million on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the year ended December 31, 2017. Included in the tax benefit from continuing operations was income tax expense of \$7.7€million related to amounts in accumulated other comprehensive loss and \$1.0€million related to the Company's assets held for sale.

The Company's regulated operations prepared a one-time revaluation of the Company's regulatory deferred tax assets and liabilities in the fourth quarter of 2017 related to the enactment of the TCJA. The revaluation is being deferred under regulatory accounting as the Company works with the various regulators on a plan for amounts expected to be returned to customers, as discussed in Notes 4 and 16. The revaluation of the deferred tax assets and liabilities resulted in a net decrease of \$285.5€million in the fourth quarter of 2017. These regulatory amounts are expected to generally be refunded over the remaining life of the related assets as prescribed in the TCJA. The approved regulatory treatment of the impacts of the TCJA by the various regulators may affect the analyses performed.

The changes included in the TCJA are broad and complex. While the Company was able to make reasonable estimates of the impact of the reduction in corporate tax rate on the Company's net deferred tax liabilities, it may be affected by other analyses related to the TCJA, including, but not limited to, the state tax effect of adjustments to federal temporary differences and the calculation of deemed repatriation of deferred foreign income. The final transition impacts of the TCJA may differ from amounts disclosed, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations, legislative action to address questions, changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations, or updates or changes to estimates the Company has utilized to calculate the transition impacts. The SEC has issued rules that would allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment date of the TCJA to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts. The Company currently anticipates finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments by December€31, 2018, which will be included in income from continuing operations.

Components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016
	(In the	ousands)
Deferred tax assets:		
Postretirement	\$ 55,736 \$	87,872
Compensation-related	16,298	44,995
Alternative minimum tax credit carryforward	37,683	29,338
Federal renewable energy credit	19,367	16,944
Customer advances	8,712	13,524
Legal and environmental contingencies	7,363	9,895
Asset retirement obligations	6,380	8,867
Other	35,738	46,957
Total deferred tax assets	187,277	258,392
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and basis differences on property, plant and equipment	429,577	774,838
Postretirement	43,505	70,670
Intangible asset amortization	16,979	26,413
Other	32,591	45,580
Total deferred tax liabilities	 522,652	917,501
Valuation allowance	11,896	9,117
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ 347,271 \$	668,226

As of December€31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had various state income tax net operating loss carryforwards of \$130.1€million and \$114.7€million, respectively, and federal and state income tax credit carryforwards, excluding alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards, of \$52.5€million€and \$43.3€million, respectively. Included in the state credits are various regulatory investment tax credits of approximately \$28.0€million and \$20.7€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The federal income tax credit carryforwards expire in 2036 and 2037 if not utilized and state income tax credit carryforwards are due to expire between 2018 and 2045. It is likely that a portion of the benefit from the state carryforwards will not be realized; therefore, valuation allowances have been provided. Changes in tax regulations or assumptions regarding current and future taxable income could require additional valuation allowances in the future. The alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards are refundable. For information regarding net operating loss carryforwards and valuation allowances related to discontinued operations, see Note€2.

The following table reconciles the change in the net deferred income tax liability from December€31, 2016, to December€31, 2017, to deferred income tax benefit:

	2017
	(In thousands)
Change in net deferred income tax liability from the preceding table	\$ (320,955)
Deferred taxes associated with other comprehensive loss	1,182
Deferred taxes associated with TCJA enactment for regulated activities	285,520
Other	8,830
Deferred income tax benefit for the period	\$ (25,423)

Total income tax expense differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before taxes. The reasons for this difference were as follows:

Years ended December€31,	2017		2016		2015	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
		(Dollars in thou	ısands)		
Computed tax at federal statutory rate	\$ 122,509	35.0 \$	114,179	35.0 \$	86,468	35.0
Increases (reductions) resulting from:						
State income taxes, net of federal income tax	10,724	3.1	9,027	2.8	8,208	3.3
Federal renewable energy credit	(13,958)	(4.0)	(13,544)	(4.2)	(3,400)	(1.4)
Tax compliance and uncertain tax positions	(643)	(.2)	(3,028)	(.9)	(2,607)	(1.0)
Domestic production deduction	(6,849)	(2.0)	(6,251)	(1.9)	(6,842)	(2.8)
TCJA revaluation	(47,242)	(13.5)	,	,	,	,
TCJA revaluation related to accumulated other comprehensive loss balance	7,735	2.2	,	,	,	,
Other	 (7,235)	(2.0)	(7,251)	(2.3)	(11,163)	(4.5)
Total income tax expense	\$ 65,041	18.6 \$	93,132	28.5 \$	70,664	28.6

Included in the TCJA is the deemed repatriation transition tax which is a one-time transition tax on previously untaxed accumulated earnings and profits of certain foreign operations that is payable over 8€years. At December 31, 2017, the Company's liability for the deemed repatriation transition tax was \$447,000. Historically, deferred income taxes were accrued with respect to the Company's foreign operations.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending prior to 2014. With few exceptions, as of December€31, 2017, the Company is no longer subject to state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending prior to 2013.

The Company had no unrecognized tax benefits (excluding interest) for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015.

Included in income tax expense is interest on uncertain tax positions. For the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, the Company recognized approximately \$(99,000), \$(92,000) and \$122,000, respectively, of interest (income) expense in income tax expense. At December€31, 2017 and 2016, the Company had accrued receivables of approximately \$46,000 and \$54,000, respectively, for interest.

Note€12 - Cash Flow Information

Cash expenditures for interest and income taxes for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	2017		2016		2015
	(In thousands)				
Interest, net*	\$ 79,638	\$	87,920	\$	88,775
Income taxes paid, net**	\$ 112,137	\$	105,908	\$	61,405

^{*} Capitalized interest and AFUDC - borrowed was \$966,000, \$914,000 and \$9.3€million for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Noncash investing transactions at December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016		2015
		(In thousands)	
Property, plant and equipment additions in accounts payable	\$ 29,263	\$ 22,712	\$	39,754

Note€13 - Business Segment Data

The Company's reportable segments are those that are based on the Company's method of internal reporting, which generally segregates the strategic business units due to differences in products, services and regulation. The internal reporting of these operating segments is defined based on the reporting and review process used by the Company's chief executive officer. The vast majority of the Company's operations are located within the United States.

^{**} Income taxes paid, net of discontinued operations, were \$9.7€million, \$1.3€million and \$2.4€million for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The electric segment generates, transmits and distributes electricity in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming. The natural gas distribution segment distributes natural gas in those states as well as in Idaho, Minnesota, Oregon and Washington. These operations also supply related value-added services.

The pipeline and midstream segment provides natural gas transportation, underground storage and gathering services through regulated and nonregulated pipeline systems primarily in the Rocky Mountain and northern Great Plains regions of the United States. This segment also provides cathodic protection and other energy-related services. For information on the Company's natural gas and oil gathering and processing facility sold on January 1, 2017, see Note 2.

The construction materials and contracting segment operations mine, process and sell construction aggregates (crushed stone, sand and gravel); produce and sell asphalt mix; and supply ready-mixed concrete. This segment focuses on vertical integration of construction services to support the aggregate based product lines including aggregate placement, asphalt and concrete paving, and site development and grading. Although not common to all locations, other products include the sale of cement, liquid asphalt for various commercial and roadway applications, various finished concrete products and other building materials and related contracting services. This segment operates in the central, southern and western United States and Alaska and Hawaii.

The construction services segment provides inside and outside specialty contracting services. Its outside services include design, construction and maintenance of overhead and underground electrical distribution and transmission lines, substations, external lighting, traffic signalization, and gas pipelines, as well as utility excavation and the manufacture and distribution of transmission line construction equipment. Its inside services include design, construction and maintenance of electrical and communication wiring and infrastructure, fire suppression systems, and mechanical piping and services. This business also designs, constructs and maintains renewable energy projects. These specialty contracting services are provided to utilities and large manufacturing, commercial, industrial, institutional and government customers.

The Other category includes the activities of Centennial Capital, which insures various types of risks as a captive insurer for certain of the Company's subsidiaries. The function of the captive insurer is to fund the deductible self-insured layers of the insured companies' general liability, automobile liability, pollution liability and other coverages. Centennial Capital also owns certain real and personal property. The Other category also includes certain general and administrative costs (reflected in operation and maintenance expense) and interest expense which were previously allocated to the refining business and Fidelity and do not meet the criteria for income (loss) from discontinued operations. The Other category also includes Centennial Resources' former investment in Brazil.

Discontinued operations includes the results and supporting activities of Dakota Prairie Refining and Fidelity other than certain general and administrative costs and interest expense as described above. Dakota Prairie Refining refined crude oil and produced and sold diesel fuel, naphtha, ATBs and other by-products of the production process. In the second quarter of 2016, the Company sold all of the outstanding membership interests in Dakota Prairie Refining. Fidelity engaged in oil and natural gas development and production activities in the Rocky Mountain and Mid-Continent/Gulf States regions of the United States. Between September 2015 and March 2016, the Company entered into purchase and sale agreements to sell substantially all of Fidelity's oil and natural gas assets. The completion of these sales occurred between October 2015 and April 2016. For more information on discontinued operations, see Note 2.

Part II

The information below follows the same accounting policies as described in Note 1. Information on the Company's segments as of December€31 and for the years then ended was as follows:

	2017		2016	2015
			(In thousands)	
External operating revenues:				
Regulated operations:				
Electric	\$ 342,805	\$	322,356 \$	280,615
Natural gas distribution	848,388		766,115	817,419
Pipeline and midstream	 53,566		52,983	51,004
	1,244,759		1,141,454	1,149,038
Nonregulated operations:				
Pipeline and midstream	19,602		39,602	54,281
Construction materials and contracting	1,811,964		1,873,696	1,901,530
Construction services	1,366,317		1,072,663	907,767
Other	709		1,413	1,436
	3,198,592		2,987,374	2,865,014
Total external operating revenues	\$ 4,443,351	\$	4,128,828 \$	4,014,052
Intersegment operating revenues:				
Regulated operations:				
Electric	\$ •	\$, \$,
Natural gas distribution	•		,	,
Pipeline and midstream	48,867		48,794	49,065
	48,867		48,794	49,065
Nonregulated operations:				
Pipeline and midstream	178		223	554
Construction materials and contracting	565		574	2,752
Construction services	1,285		609	18,660
Other	7,165		7,230	7,755
	9,193		8,636	29,721
Intersegment eliminations	(58,060)	(57,430)	(78,786)
Total intersegment operating revenues	\$ •	\$, \$,
Depreciation, depletion and amortization:				
Electric	\$ 47,715	\$	50,220 \$	37,583
Natural gas distribution	69,381		65,426	64,756
Pipeline and midstream	16,788		24,885	27,981
Construction materials and contracting	55,862		58,413	65,937
Construction services	15,739		15,307	13,420
Other	2,001		2,067	2,070
Total depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 207,486	\$	216,318 \$	211,747
Interest expense:				
Electric	\$ 25,377	\$	24,982 \$	17,421
Natural gas distribution	31,234		30,405	29,471
Pipeline and midstream	4,990		7,903	9,895
Construction materials and contracting	14,778		15,265	15,183
Construction services	3,742		4,059	3,959
Other	3,564		5,854	15,853
Intersegment eliminations	(897))	(620)	(603)
Total interest expense	\$ 82,788	\$	87,848 \$	91,179

	2017	2016	2015
	,	(In thousands)	
Income taxes:			
Electric	\$ 7,699 \$	1,449 \$	11,523
Natural gas distribution	22,756	9,181	11,377
Pipeline and midstream	12,281	12,408	7,505
Construction materials and contracting	5,405	60,625	41,619
Construction services	25,558	17,748	16,432
Other	(1,809)	(2,028)	(9,834
Intersegment eliminations	(6,849)	(6,251)	(7,958
Total income taxes	\$ 65,041 \$	93,132 \$	70,664
Earnings (loss) on common stock:			
Regulated operations:			
Electric	\$ 49,366 \$	42,222 \$	35,914
Natural gas distribution	32,225	27,102	23,607
Pipeline and midstream	20,620	22,060	20,680
	102,211	91,384	80,201
Nonregulated operations:			
Pipeline and midstream	(127)	1,375	(7,430
Construction materials and contracting	123,398	102,687	89,096
Construction services	53,306	33,945	23,762
Other	 (1,422)	(3,231)	(14,941
	 175,155	134,776	90,487
Intersegment eliminations (a)	 6,849	6,251	5,016
Earnings on common stock before loss from discontinued operations	284,215	232,411	175,704
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (a)	(3,783)	(300,354)	(834,080
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	•	(131,691)	(35,256
Total earnings (loss) on common stock	\$ 280,432 \$	63,748 \$	(623,120
Capital expenditures:			
Electric	\$ 109,107 \$	111,134 \$	332,876
Natural gas distribution	146,981	126,272	130,793
Pipeline and midstream	31,054	34,467	18,315
Construction materials and contracting	44,302	37,845	48,126
Construction services	18,630	60,344	38,269
Other	1,850	2,358	3,755
Total capital expenditures (b)	\$ 351,924 \$	372,420 \$	572,134
Assets:			
Electric (c)	\$ 1,470,922 \$	1,406,694 \$	1,325,858
Natural gas distribution (c)	2,201,081	2,099,296	2,038,433
Pipeline and midstream	566,295	550,615	591,651
Construction materials and contracting	1,238,696	1,220,459	1,261,963
Construction services	591,382	513,093	442,845
Other (d)	261,419	283,255	287,940
Assets held for sale	 4,871	211,055	616,464
Total assets	\$ 6,334,666 \$	6,284,467 \$	6,565,154

	2017	2016	2015
		(In thousands)	
Property, plant and equipment:			
Electric (c)	\$ 1,982,264	\$ 1,888,613 \$	1,786,148
Natural gas distribution (c)	2,319,845	2,179,413	2,076,581
Pipeline and midstream	700,284	672,199	758,729
Construction materials and contracting	1,560,048	1,549,375	1,553,428
Construction services	177,265	171,361	163,279
Other	31,123	49,268	49,537
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	2,691,641	2,578,902	2,489,322
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 4,079,188	\$ 3,931,327 \$	3,898,380

- (a) Includes eliminations for the presentation of income tax adjustments between continuing and discontinued operations.
- (b) Capital expenditures for 2017, 2016 and 2015 include noncash capital expenditure-related accounts payable and AFUDC, totaling \$10.5€million, \$(15.8)€million and \$35.3€million, respectively.
- (c) Includes allocations of common utility property.
- (d) Includes assets not directly assignable to a business (i.e. cash and cash equivalents, certain accounts receivable, certain investments and other miscellaneous current and deferred assets).

Note€14 - Employee Benefit Plans

Pension and other postretirement benefit plans

The Company has noncontributory qualified defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans for certain eligible employees. The Company uses a measurement date of December€31 for all of its pension and postretirement benefit plans.

Prior to 2013, defined pension plan benefits and accruals for all nonunion and certain union plans were frozen. On June 30, 2015, an additional union plan was frozen. As of June 30, 2015, all of the Company's defined pension plans were frozen. These employees were eligible to receive additional defined contribution plan benefits.

Effective January€1, 2010, eligibility to receive retiree medical benefits was modified at certain of the Company's businesses. Employees who had attained age 55 with 10 years of continuous service by December€31, 2010, will be provided the current retiree medical insurance benefits or can elect the new benefit, if desired, regardless of when they retire. All other current employees must meet the new eligibility criteria of age 60 and 10 years of continuous service at the time they retire. These employees will be eligible for a specified company funded Retiree Reimbursement Account. Employees hired after December€31, 2009, will not be eligible for retiree medical benefits at certain of the Company's businesses.

In 2012, the Company modified health care coverage for certain retirees. Effective January€1, 2013, post-65 coverage was replaced by a fixed-dollar subsidy for retirees and spouses to be used to purchase individual insurance through an exchange.

Changes in benefit obligation and plan assets for the years ended December€31, 2017 and 2016, and amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December€31, 2017 and 2016, were as follows:

		Pension Bene	fits	Other Postretirement Be	nefits
		2017	2016	2017	2016
			(In thousands)	
Change in benefit obligation:					
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	436,307 \$	442,960 \$	89,304 \$	92,734
Service cost		•	,	1,508	1,647
Interest cost		16,207	17,218	3,265	3,688
Plan participants' contributions		•	,	1,368	1,405
Actuarial (gain) loss		19,119	1,882	1,781	(3,872)
Benefits paid		(25,710)	(25,753)	(6,020)	(6,298)
Benefit obligation at end of year		445,923	436,307	91,206	89,304
Change in net plan assets:					
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year		333,509	332,667	82,846	82,593
Actual gain on plan assets		45,473	26,595	9,612	4,184
Employer contribution		1,112	,	933	962
Plan participants' contributions		•	,	1,368	1,405
Benefits paid		(25,710)	(25,753)	(6,020)	(6,298)
Fair value of net plan assets at end of year		354,384	333,509	88,739	82,846
Funded status - under	\$	(91,539) \$	(102,798)\$	(2,467) \$	(6,458)
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December€31:					
Deferred charges and other assets - other	\$	• \$, \$	19,114 \$	13,131
Other accrued liabilities		•	,	612	538
Deferred credits and other liabilities - other		91,539	102,798	20,969	19,051
Benefit obligation liabilities - net amount recognized	\$	(91,539)\$	(102,798)\$	(2,467)\$	(6,458)
Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss or regulatory assets (liabilities) consist of:	or				
Actuarial loss	\$	186,486 \$	198,668 \$	13,423 \$	17,470
Prior service credit		•	,	(11,632)	(13,003)
Total	\$	186,486 \$	198,668 \$	1,791 \$	4,467

Employer contributions and benefits paid in the preceding table include only those amounts contributed directly to, or paid directly from, plan assets. Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss in the above table includes amounts related to regulated operations, which are recorded as regulatory assets (liabilities) and are expected to be reflected in rates charged to customers over time. For more information on regulatory assets (liabilities), see Note€4.

Unrecognized pension actuarial losses in excess of 10€percent of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of assets are amortized over the average life expectancy of plan participants for frozen plans. The market-related value of assets is determined using a five-year average of assets.

The pension plans all have accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets. The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for these plans at December€31 were as follows:

	2017	2016	
	(In tho		
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 445,923	\$	436,307
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 445,923	\$	436,307
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 354,384	\$	333,509

Part II

Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit) for the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits			Postretir	Other ement Benefits	ts	
	2017	2016	2015	2017	2016	2015	
			(In thousand	ls)			
Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit):							
Service cost	\$ • \$, \$	86 \$	1,508 \$	1,647 \$	1,816	
Interest cost	16,207	17,218	17,141	3,265	3,688	3,607	
Expected return on assets	(20,528)	(20,924)	(22,254)	(4,641)	(4,533)	(4,795)	
Amortization of prior service cost (credit)	•	,	36	(1,371)	(1,371)	(1,371)	
Recognized net actuarial loss	6,355	6,215	7,016	857	1,491	1,960	
Curtailment loss	•	,	258	•	,	,	
Net periodic benefit cost (credit), including amount capitalized	2,034	2,509	2,283	(382)	922	1,217	
Less amount capitalized	310	381	316	(370)	(52)	120	
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	1,724	2,128	1,967	(12)	974	1,097	
Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in accumulated comprehensive (income) loss or regulatory assets (liabilities):							
Net (gain) loss	(5,827)	(3,789)	8,257	(3,190)	(3,523)	(1,336)	
Amortization of actuarial loss	(6,355)	(6,215)	(7,016)	(857)	(1,491)	(1,960)	
Amortization of prior service (cost) credit	•	,	(294)	1,371	1,371	1,371	
Total recognized in accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss or regulatory assets (liabilities)	(12,182)	(10,004)	947	(2,676)	(3,643)	(1,925)	
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost (credit), accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss and regulatory assets (liabilities)	\$ (10,458)\$	(7,876)\$	2,914 \$	(2,688)\$	(2,669)\$	(828)	

The estimated net loss for the defined benefit pension plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive loss and regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost in 2018 is \$7.0€million. The estimated net loss and prior service credit for the other postretirement benefit plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive loss and regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost in 2018 are \$800,000 and \$1.4€million, respectively. Prior service cost is amortized on a straight line basis over the average remaining service period of active participants.

Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations at December€31 were as follows:

	Pension	Pension Benefits		er nt Benefits
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Discount rate	3.38%	3.83%	3.41%	3.86%
Expected return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75%	5.75%	5.75%
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A	3.00%	3.00 %

Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the years ended December€31 were as follows:

	Pension Be	enefits	Other Postretirement Be	nefits
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Discount rate	3.83%	4.00 %	3.86%	4.06%
Expected return on plan assets	6.75%	6.75 %	5.75%	5.75%
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A	3.00%	3.00 %

The expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on a targeted asset allocation range determined by the funded ratio of the plan. As of December€31, 2017, the expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 40€percent to 50€percent equity securities and 50€percent to 60€percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected rate of return on other postretirement plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 20€percent to 25€percent equity securities and 75€percent to 80€percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected return on plan assets for other postretirement benefits reflects insurance-related investment costs.

Health care rate assumptions for the Company's other postretirement benefit plans as of December€31 were as follows:

		2017		2016
Health care trend rate assumed for next year	7.5% •	8.5%	8.6% "	10.7%
Health care cost trend rate - ultimate		4.5%		4.5%
Year in which ultimate trend rate achieved		2024		2024

The Company's other postretirement benefit plans include health care and life insurance benefits for certain retirees. The plans underlying these benefits may require contributions by the retiree depending on such retiree's age and years of service at retirement or the date of retirement. The accounting for the health care plans anticipates future cost-sharing changes that are consistent with the Company's expressed intent to generally increase retiree contributions each year by the excess of the expected health care cost trend rate over six€percent.

Assumed health care cost trend rates may have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one€percentage point change in the assumed health care cost trend rates would have had the following effects at December€31, 2017:

	1€Percentage Point Increase		1€Percentage Point Decrease	
	(In thousands)			
Effect on total of service and interest cost components	\$ 306	\$	(247)	
Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$ 5,433	\$	(4,551)	

Outside investment managers manage the Company's pension and postretirement assets. The Company's investment policy with respect to pension and other postretirement assets is to make investments solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plans and for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits accrued and defraying the reasonable expenses of administration. The Company strives to maintain investment diversification to assist in minimizing the risk of large losses. The Company's policy guidelines allow for investment of funds in cash equivalents, fixed-income securities and equity securities. The guidelines prohibit investment in commodities and futures contracts, equity private placement, employer securities, leveraged or derivative securities, options, direct real estate investments, precious metals, venture capital and limited partnerships. The guidelines also prohibit short selling and margin transactions. The Company's practice is to periodically review and rebalance asset categories based on its targeted asset allocation percentage policy.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's pension plans' assets are determined using the market approach.

The carrying value of the pension plans' Level€2 cash equivalents approximates fair value and is determined using observable inputs in active markets or the net asset value of shares held at year end, which is determined using other observable inputs including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level€1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level€1 and Level€2 collective and mutual funds are based on the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on either published market quotations on active markets or other known sources including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level€2 corporate and municipal bonds is determined using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, future cash flows and other reference data.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level€1 U.S. Government securities are valued based on quoted prices on an active market.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level€2 U.S. Government securities are valued mainly using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, to be announced prices, future cash flows and other reference data. Some of these securities are valued using pricing from outside sources.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December€31, 2017 and 2016, there were no transfers between Levels€1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's pension plans' assets (excluding cash) by class were as follows:

		Fair Va at Decem				
	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets €(Level€1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs €(Level€2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs €(Level€3)	Balance at December€31, 2017	
		(In thousands)				
Assets:						
Cash equivalents	\$, \$	3,814 \$, \$	3,814	
Equity securities:						
U.S. companies		13,345	,	,	13,345	
International companies		1,766	,	,	1,766	
Collective and mutual funds*		171,822	67,749	,	239,571	
Corporate bonds		,	74,956	,	74,956	
Municipal bonds		,	16,839	,	16,839	
U.S. Government securities		1,038	,	,	1,038	
Total assets measured at fair value	\$	187,971 \$	163,358 \$, \$	351,329	

Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 31€percent in common stock of international companies, 28€percent in corporate bonds, 19€percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 7€percent in cash equivalents, 1 percent in U.S. Government securities and 14€percent in other investments.

	 Fair Value Measurements at December€31, 2016, Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets €(Level€1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs €(Level€2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs €(Level€3)	Balance at December€31, 2016	
		(In thousar	nds)		
Assets:					
Cash equivalents	\$, \$	6,347 \$, \$	6,347	
Equity securities:					
U.S. companies	11,348	,	,	11,348	
International companies	1,584	,	,	1,584	
Collective and mutual funds*	162,055	64,052	,	226,107	
Corporate bonds	,	68,677	,	68,677	
Municipal bonds	,	11,002	,	11,002	
U.S. Government securities	4,352	2,044	,	6,396	
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 179,339 \$	152,122 \$, \$	331,461	

Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 29€percent in common stock of international companies, 21€percent in corporate bonds, 20€percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 8€percent in cash equivalents, 7 percent in U.S. Government securities and 15€percent in other investments.

The estimated fair values of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets are determined using the market approach.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level€2 cash equivalents is valued at the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on published market quotations on active markets, or using other known sources including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level€1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level€2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December€31, 2017 and 2016, there were no transfers between Levels€1 and€2.

The fair value of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets (excluding cash) by asset class were as follows:

	Fair Va at Decem						
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets €(Level€1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs €(Level€2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs €(Level€3)	Balance at December€31, 2017			
	(In thousands)						
Assets:							
Cash equivalents	\$, \$	4,815 \$, \$	4,815			
Equity securities:							
U.S. companies	2,316	,	,	2,316			
International companies	4	,	,	4			
Insurance contract*	3	81,601	,	81,604			
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 2,323 \$	86,416 \$, \$	88,739			

The insurance contract invests approximately 38€percent in corporate bonds, 23€percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 21€percent in U.S. Government securities, 9€percent in mortgage-backed securities and 9€percent in other investments.

		Fair Va at Decem	J					
	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets €(Level€1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs €(Level€2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs €(Level€3)	Balance at December€31, 2016			
		(In thousands)						
Assets:								
Cash equivalents	\$, \$	250 \$, \$	250			
Equity securities:								
U.S. companies		2,328	,	,	2,328			
International companies		5	,	,	5			
Insurance contract*		,	80,263	,	80,263			
Total assets measured at fair value	\$	2,333 \$	80,513 \$, \$	82,846			

The insurance contract invests approximately 38€percent in corporate bonds, 25€percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 20 percent in U.S. Government securities, 9€percent in mortgage-backed securities and 8€percent in other investments.

The Company expects to contribute approximately \$17.7€million to its defined benefit pension plans and approximately \$800,000 to its postretirement benefit plans in 2018.

The following benefit payments, which reflect future service, as appropriate, and expected Medicare Part€D subsidies are as follows:

Years	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits	Expected Medicare Part€D€Subsidy
		(In thousands)	
2018	\$ 25,111 \$	5,490 \$	152
2019	25,280	5,525	147
2020	25,587	5,396	141
2021	25,866	5,391	132
2022	26,185	5,470	123
2023 - 2027	130,994	27,106	454

Nonqualified benefit plans

In addition to the qualified defined pension benefit plans reflected in the table at the beginning of this note, the Company also has unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans for executive officers and certain key management employees that generally provide for defined benefit payments at age€65 following the employee's retirement or, upon death, to their beneficiaries for a 15-year period. In February 2016, the Company froze the unfunded, nonqualified defined benefit plans to new participants and eliminated benefit increases. Vesting for participants not fully vested was retained. The Company's net periodic benefit cost for these plans was \$4.7 million, \$1.8€million and \$7.1€million in 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which reflects a curtailment gain of \$3.3€million in the first quarter of 2016. The total projected benefit obligation for these plans was \$102.5 million and \$101.8€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The accumulated benefit obligation for these plans was \$102.5 million and \$101.8€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. A weighted average discount rate of 3.20€percent and 3.56€percent at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, was used to determine the benefit obligation.€No rate of compensation increase was used to determine the benefit obligation at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.00€percent for the year ended 2016 was used to determine net periodic benefit cost.

The amount of benefit payments for the unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans are expected to aggregate \$7.1 million in 2018; \$7.3 million in 2019; \$7.7 million in 2020; \$7.7 million in 2021; \$7.0 million in 2022 and \$37.0 million for the years 2023 through 2027.

In 2012, the Company established a nonqualified defined contribution plan for certain key management employees. Expenses incurred under this plan for 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$736,000, \$395,000 and \$207,000, respectively.

The Company had investments of \$122.9€million and \$111.0€million at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, consisting of equity securities of \$68.3€million and \$62.5€million, respectively, life insurance carried on plan participants (payable upon the employee's death) of \$36.5€million and \$35.5€million, respectively, and other investments of \$18.1€million and \$13.0€million, respectively. The Company anticipates using these investments to satisfy obligations under these plans.

Defined contribution plans

The Company sponsors various defined contribution plans for eligible employees and the costs incurred under these plans were \$41.2€million in 2017, \$40.9€million in 2016 and \$36.8€million in 2015.

Multiemployer plans

The Company contributes to a number of multiemployer defined benefit pension plans under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements that cover its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in these multiemployer plans are different from single-employer plans in the following aspects:

- f Assets contributed to the MEPP by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers
- f If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers
- *f* If the Company chooses to stop participating in some of its MEPPs, the Company may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability

The Company's participation in these plans is outlined in the following table. Unless otherwise noted, the most recent Pension Protection Act zone status available in 2017 and 2016 is for the plan's year-end at December€31, 2016, and December€31, 2015, respectively. The zone status is based on information that the Company received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65€percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are between 65€percent and 80€percent funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80€percent funded.

	EIN/Pension -		otection€Act €Status	FIP/RP Status Pending/ –		Co	ontributions		Surcharge	Expiration Date of€Collective Bargaining
Pension€Fund	Plan€Number	2017	2016	Implemented	201	7	2016	2015	Imposed	Agreement
Alaska Laborers- Employers Retirement Fund	91-6028298-001	Yellow as of 6/30/2017	Yellow as of 6/30/2016	Implemented S	\$ 69	(In 0 \$	thousands)		No	12/31/2018
Edison Pension Plan	93-6061681-001	Green	Green	No	12,72	5	6,242	5,517	No	6/30/2019
IBEW Local No. 82 Pension Plan	31-6127268-001	Green as of 6/30/2017	Green as of 6/30/2016	No	1,75	7	2,560	2,252	No	12/1/2019
IBEW Local 212 Pension Trust Fund	31-6127280-001	Green as of 4/30/2016	Yellow as of 4/30/2015	No	1,31	2	1,146	937	No	6/2/2019
IBEW Local No. 357 Pension Plan A	88-6023284-001	Green	Green	No	3,28	6	3,016	1,896	No	5/31/2018
IBEW Local 648 Pension Plan	31-6134845-001	Red as of 2/28/2017	Red as of 2/29/2016	Implemented	2,25	4	773	745	No	9/2/2018
Idaho Plumbers and Pipefitters Pension Plan	82-6010346-001	Green as of 5/31/2017	Green as of 5/31/2016	No	1,15	6	1,221	1,169	No	9/30/2019
Minnesota Teamsters Construction Division Pension Fund	41-6187751-001	Green as of 11/30/2016	Green as of 11/30/2015	No	82	6	690	737	No	4/30/2019
National Automatic Sprinkler Industry Pension Fund	52-6054620-001	Red	Red	Implemented	71	8	775	677	No	7/31/2018- 3/31/2021
National Electrical Benefit Fund	53-0181657-001	Green	Green	No	8,89	1	6,366	5,271	No	10/31/2017- 3/31/2021
Sheet Metal Workers' Pension Plan of Southern CA, AZ and NV	95-6052257-001	Yellow	Red	Implemented	1,01	6	1,087	714	No	6/30/2018
Southwest Marine Pension Trust	95-6123404-001	Red	Red	Implemented	4	8	50	26	No	1/31/2019
Other funds					22,06	3	19,835	18,254		
Total contributions					\$ 56,74	5 \$	44,527	\$ 39,112		

The Company was listed in the plans' Forms€5500 as providing more than 5€percent of the total contributions for the following plans and plan years:

Pension Fund	Year Contributions to Plan Exceeded More Than 5 Percent of Total Contributions (as of December€31 of the Plan's Year-End)
Edison Pension Plan	2016 and 2015
IBEW Local 82 Pension Plan	2016 and 2015
IBEW Local 124 Pension Trust Fund	2016 and 2015
IBEW Local 212 Pension Trust Fund	2016 and 2015
IBEW Local 357 Pension Plan A	2016 and 2015
IBEW Local 648 Pension Plan	2016 and 2015
Idaho Plumbers and Pipefitters Pension Plan	2016 and 2015
International Union of Operating Engineers Local 701 Pension Trust Fund	2016 and 2015
Minnesota Teamsters Construction Division Pension Fund	2016 and 2015
Pension and Retirement Plan of Plumbers and Pipefitters Local 525	2016 and 2015

On September€24, 2014, Knife River provided notice to the Operating Engineers Local 800 & WY Contractors Association, Inc. Pension Plan for Wyoming that it was withdrawing from the plan effective October€26, 2014. In the fourth quarter of 2016, Knife River and the plan entered into a settlement agreement whereby the plan administrator assessed Knife River•s final withdrawal liability with quarterly payments of approximately \$42,000 until all benefits are satisfied. Knife River discounted the expected future payments. Based on this calculation, Knife River adjusted its liability accrual from \$16.4€million to \$5.2€million in the fourth quarter of 2016.

The Company also contributes to a number of multiemployer other postretirement plans under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements that cover its union-represented employees. These plans provide benefits such as health insurance, disability insurance and life insurance to retired union employees. Many of the multiemployer other postretirement plans are combined with active multiemployer health and welfare plans. The Company's total contributions to its multiemployer other postretirement plans, which also includes contributions to active

Veer Contributions to Dies Franched Mars Theo F Descent

multiemployer health and welfare plans, were \$51.7€million, \$36.1€million and \$31.4€million for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Amounts contributed in 2017, 2016 and 2015 to defined contribution multiemployer plans were \$32.2€million, \$23.8€million and \$19.5€million, respectively.

Note€15 - Jointly Owned Facilities

The consolidated financial statements include the Company's ownership interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of the Big Stone Station, Coyote Station and Wygen€III. Each owner of the stations is responsible for financing its investment in the jointly owned facilities.

The Company's share of the stations operating expenses was reflected in the appropriate categories of operating expenses (fuel, operation and maintenance and taxes, other than income) in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

At December€31, the Company's share of the cost of utility plant in service and related accumulated depreciation for the stations was as follows:

	2017		2016
	(In tho	s)	
Big Stone Station:			
Utility plant in service	\$ 158,084	\$	157,144
Less accumulated depreciation	51,740		49,568
	\$ 106,344	\$	107,576
Coyote Station:			
Utility plant in service	\$ 155,287	\$	156,334
Less accumulated depreciation	103,897		105,928
	\$ 51,390	\$	50,406
Wygen III:			
Utility plant in service	\$ 65,065	\$	66,251
Less accumulated depreciation	7,652		7,550
	\$ 57,413	\$	58,701

Note€16 - Regulatory Matters

The Company regularly reviews the need for electric and natural gas rate changes in each of the jurisdictions in which service is provided. The Company files for rate adjustments to seek recovery of operating costs and capital investments, as well as reasonable returns as allowed by regulators. The Company's most recent cases by jurisdiction are discussed in the following paragraphs. The jurisdictions in which the Company provides service have requested the Company furnish plans for the effect of the reduced corporate tax rate due to the enactment of the TCJA which may impact the Company's rates. The following paragraphs include additional details on each jurisdiction's request.

IPUC

On August€12, 2016, Intermountain filed an application with the IPUC for a natural gas rate increase of approximately \$10.2€million annually or approximately 4.1€percent above current rates. The request includes rate recovery associated with increased investment in facilities and increased operating expenses. On January€17, 2017, Intermountain provided the IPUC with an updated revenue request of approximately \$9.4 million. On April€28, 2017, the IPUC issued an order approving an increase of approximately \$4.1€million or approximately 1.6€percent above current rates based on a 9.5€percent return on equity effective with service rendered on and after May€1, 2017. On May€18, 2017, Intermountain filed a petition for reconsideration with the IPUC requesting the reconsideration of certain items denied in the order dated April€28, 2017. On June€15, 2017, the IPUC granted the request for reconsideration. On August€17, 2017, Intermountain, the IPUC staff and the interveners of the case filed a stipulation and settlement resolving all issues. The stipulation and settlement reflected an increase of approximately \$1.2€million or 1.36€percent more in annual revenue than the amounts approved on April€28, 2017, as well as changes in billing determinants. The total annual increase in revenue of approximately \$6.7€million was approved by the IPUC on September€14, 2017, with rates effective October€1, 2017.

On January€17, 2018, the IPUC issued a general order initiating the investigation of the impacts of the TCJA. The order required the tax rate reduction to be deferred as a regulatory liability and for companies to report on the expected impacts of the TCJA by March€30, 2018.

MNPUC

On December€21, 2016, Great Plains filed an application with the MNPUC requesting authority to implement a gas utility infrastructure cost tariff of approximately \$456,000 annually. The tariff will allow Great Plains to recover infrastructure investments, not previously included in rates, mandated by federal or state agencies associated with Great Plains' pipeline integrity programs. On October€6, 2017, the MNPUC approved the implementation of the natural gas utility infrastructure cost tariff to collect an annual increase of approximately \$456,000. Great Plains submitted a compliance filing on October€10, 2017, and the rates were implemented for service rendered on and after November€1, 2017.

On December€29, 2017, the MNPUC issued a notice of investigation related to tax changes with the enactment of the TCJA. On January€19, 2018, the MNPUC issued a notice of request for information, commission planning meeting and subsequent comment period. Great Plains was to provide preliminary impacts of the TCJA by January€30, 2018. A commission planning meeting was held on February€6, 2018, to discuss the impacts of the TCJA. Initial filings addressing the impacts of the TCJA are to be submitted by March€2, 2018.

MTPSC

On September€25, 2017, Montana-Dakota filed an application with the MTPSC for a natural gas rate increase of approximately \$2.8€million annually or approximately 4.1€percent above current rates. The requested increase is primarily to recover the increased investment in distribution facilities to enhance system safety and reliability and the depreciation and taxes associated with the increase in investment. Montana-Dakota is also introducing an SSIP and the proposed adjustment mechanism required to fund the SSIP. Montana-Dakota requested an interim increase of approximately \$1.6€million or approximately 2.3€percent, subject to refund. On December€27, 2017, the MTPSC requested Montana-Dakota identify a plan for the impacts of the TCJA for the natural gas segment within the natural gas rate case. On January€12, 2018, Montana-Dakota filed a revised interim increase of approximately \$764,000, subject to refund, incorporating the estimated impacts of the TCJA reduction in the federal corporate income tax rate. A hearing is scheduled for April€26, 2018. This matter is pending before the MTPSC.

On December €27, 2017, the MTPSC requested Montana-Dakota identify a plan for the impacts of the TCJA and to file a proposal for the impacts on the electric segment by March €31, 2018.

NDPSC

On June€30, 2017, Montana-Dakota filed an application for advance determination of prudence and a certificate of public convenience and necessity with the NDPSC to purchase an expansion of the Thunder Spirit Wind farm. The advance determination of prudence would provide Montana-Dakota with assurance that the project is prudent and in the best interest of the public and assists in the recovery of Montana-Dakota's investment upon completion of the project. The expansion is expected to serve customers by the end of 2018 and is estimated to cost approximately \$85€million. On November€16, 2017, the NDPSC granted Montana-Dakota's request for an advance determination of prudence and certificate of public convenience and necessity to acquire and operate the Thunder Spirit Wind farm expansion.

On July€21, 2017, Montana-Dakota filed an application with the NDPSC for a natural gas rate increase of approximately \$5.9€million annually or approximately 5.4€percent above current rates. The requested increase is primarily to recover the increased investment in distribution facilities to enhance system safety and reliability and the depreciation and taxes associated with the increase in investment. Montana-Dakota is also introducing an SSIP and the proposed adjustment mechanism required to fund the SSIP. Montana-Dakota requested an interim increase of approximately \$4.6€million or approximately 4.2€percent, subject to refund. On September€6, 2017, the NDPSC approved the request for interim rates effective with service rendered on or after September€19, 2017. On January€12, 2018, Montana-Dakota requested a delay of the rate case as a result of the enactment of the TCJA to allow the Company time to investigate the implications of the TCJA on the rate case. On February 14, 2018, the NDPSC approved the delay of hearing and scheduled it to begin on May 30, 2018. Also on February€14, 2018, Montana-Dakota filed a revised interim increase request of approximately \$2.7 million, subject to refund, incorporating the estimated impacts of the TCJA reduction in the federal corporate income tax rate. This matter is pending before the NDPSC.

On January€10, 2018, the NDPSC issued a general order initiating the investigation into the effects of the TCJA. The order required regulatory deferral accounting on the impacts of the TCJA and for companies to file comments and the expected impacts. On February€15, 2018, Montana-Dakota filed a summary of the primary impacts of the TCJA on the electric and natural gas utilities.

OPUC

On September €29, 2017, Cascade filed an application with the OPUC for an annual pipeline replacement safety cost recovery mechanism of approximately \$784,000 or approximately 1.2 percent of additional revenue. The requested increase includes incremental pipeline replacement investments associated with qualifying pipeline integrity projects. This matter is pending before the OPUC.

Part II

On December€29, 2017, Cascade filed a request with the OPUC to use deferral accounting for the 2018 net benefits associated with the implementation of the TCJA.

SDPUC

On December 29, 2017, the SDPUC issued an order initiating the investigation into the effects of the TCJA. The order required Montana-Dakota to provide comments by February€1, 2018, regarding the general effects of the TCJA on the cost of service in South Dakota and possible mechanisms for adjusting rates. The order also stated that all rates impacted by the federal income tax shall be adjusted effective January€1, 2018, subject to refund.

WUTC

On May 31, 2017, Cascade filed an application with the WUTC for an annual pipeline replacement cost recovery mechanism of approximately \$1.6€million or approximately .75 percent of additional revenue. The requested increase includes incremental pipeline replacement investments associated with qualifying pipeline integrity projects. On October€12, 2017, Cascade filed a required update revising the request to approximately \$1.3€million or approximately .61€percent of additional revenue and on October€26, 2017, the WUTC approved the order with rates effective November€1, 2017.

On August€31, 2017, Cascade filed an application with the WUTC for a natural gas rate increase of approximately \$5.9€million annually or approximately 2.7€percent above current rates. The requested increase includes costs associated with increased infrastructure investment and the associated operating expenses. Also included in the request is recovery of operation and maintenance costs associated with a maximum allowable operating pressure validation plan. On January€3, 2018, the WUTC filed a bench request requiring Cascade to provide information related to the impacts of the TCJA on Cascade's revenue requirement and a proposed ratemaking treatment of those impacts. On January€12, 2018, Cascade filed a response to the bench request reducing the revenue requirement to approximately \$1.7€million annually, which includes the estimated impacts of the TCJA. This matter is pending before the WUTC.

WYPSC

On December €29, 2017, the WYPSC issued a general order requiring regulatory deferral accounting on the impacts of the TCJA. A technical conference was held on February €6, 2018, to discuss the implications of the TCJA.

FERC

On September€1, 2017, Montana-Dakota submitted an update to its transmission formula rate under the MISO tariff, which reflects an incremental increase of approximately \$2.5€million to include a revenue requirement for the Company's multivalue project, for a total of \$13.6€million, which was effective January 1, 2018.

Montana-Dakota and certain MISO Transmission Owners with projected rates submitted a filing to the FERC on February€1, 2018, requesting the FERC to waive certain provisions of the MISO tariff in order for Montana-Dakota and certain MISO Transmission Owners with projected rates to revise their rates to reflect the reduction in the corporate tax rate. Under the MISO tariff, rates are to be changed only on an annual basis with any changes reflected in subsequent true-ups. If the waiver is granted, MISO expects to implement new rates reflecting the reduction in the tax rate beginning with services rendered on March€1, 2018, and will re-bill January and February 2018 services to reflect the new rates.

On February€7, 2018, WBI Energy Transmission announced it will hold an initial rate change pre-filing settlement meeting with customers on April€10, 2018. In accordance with WBI Energy Transmission•s offer of settlement and stipulation and agreement with the FERC dated June€4, 2014, the Company is to make a filing with new proposed rates to be effective no later than May€1, 2019. Assuming a five-month suspension period, WBI Energy Transmission would expect to file by October€31, 2018.

Note€17 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is party to claims and lawsuits arising out of its business and that of its consolidated subsidiaries, which may include, but are not limited to, matters involving property damage, personal injury, and environmental, contractual, statutory and regulatory obligations. The Company accrues a liability for those contingencies when the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Company does not accrue liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is probable or reasonably possible and which are material, the Company discloses the nature of the contingency and, in some circumstances, an estimate of the possible loss. Accruals are based on the best information available, but in certain situations management is unable to estimate an amount or range of a reasonably possible loss including, but not limited to when:

(1) the damages are unsubstantiated or indeterminate, (2) the proceedings are in the early stages, (3) numerous parties are involved, or (4)

the matter involves novel or unsettled legal theories. The Company accrued liabilities of \$35.4€million and \$31.8€million, which have not been discounted, including liabilities held for sale, for contingencies, including litigation, production taxes, royalty claims and environmental matters at December€31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This includes amounts that may have been accrued for matters discussed in Litigation and Environmental matters within this note. The Company will continue to monitor each matter and adjust accruals as might be warranted based on new information and further developments. Management believes that the outcomes with respect to probable and reasonably possible losses in excess of the amounts accrued, net of insurance recoveries, while uncertain, either cannot be estimated or will not have a material effect upon the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Unless otherwise required by GAAP, legal costs are expensed as they are incurred.

Litigation

Construction Service Capital Electric provided employees in 2012 to perform work for a contractor on a project in Kansas. One of the Capital Electric employees was injured while working on the project and brought a lawsuit against the contractor. Judgment was entered in favor of the employee and his spouse on November €3, 2016, in the amount of \$44.8 € million following a court determination that the employee injuries were caused by the contractor sengligence. The contractor claims that Capital Electric was contractually required, but failed, to name the contractor as an additional insured under any liability policy in effect at the time of the project and that such failure resulted in the entry of judgment against the contractor. In March 2017, Capital Electric filed a petition for declaratory judgment in the District Court of Wyandotte County, Kansas for a judicial determination that any agreement between Capital Electric and the contractor for the project did not require Capital Electric to include the contractor as an additional insured under any liability policy issued to Capital Electric and that if such an agreement was found to exist, it would be void and unenforceable under Kansas law. Subsequent to December €31, 2017, the matter has been settled with Capital Electric being released from all claims of liability and the declaratory judgment action being dismissed.

Environmental matters

Portland Harbor Siten December 2000, Knife River€- Northwest was named by the EPA as a PRP in connection with the cleanup of a riverbed site adjacent to a commercial property site acquired by Knife River€- Northwest from Georgia-Pacific West, Inc. in 1999. The riverbed site is part of the Portland, Oregon, Harbor Superfund Site. The EPA wants responsible parties to share in the cleanup of sediment contamination in the Willamette River. To date, costs of the overall remedial investigation and feasibility study of the harbor site are being recorded, and initially paid, through an administrative consent order by the LWG, a group of several entities, which does not include Knife River€- Northwest or Georgia-Pacific West, Inc. Investigative costs are indicated to be in excess of \$100€million. On January€6, 2017, Region€10 of the EPA issued an ROD with its selected remedy for cleanup of the in-river portion of the site. Implementation of the remedy is expected to take up to 13€years with a present value cost estimate of approximately \$1€billion. Corrective action will not be taken until remedial design/remedial action plans are approved by the EPA. Knife River€- Northwest also received notice in January 2008 that the Portland Harbor Natural Resource Trustee Council intends to perform an injury assessment to natural resources resulting from the release of hazardous substances at the Harbor Superfund Site. The Portland Harbor Natural Resource Trustee Council indicates the injury determination is appropriate to facilitate early settlement of damages and restoration for natural resource injuries. It is not possible to estimate the costs of natural resource damages until an assessment is completed and allocations are undertaken.

Based upon a review of the Portland Harbor sediment contamination evaluation by the Oregon DEQ and other information available, Knife River€- Northwest does not believe it is a responsible party. In addition, Knife River€- Northwest has notified Georgia-Pacificelst, Inc., that it intends to seek indemnity for liabilities incurred in relation to the above matters pursuant to the terms of their sale agreement. Knife River€- Northwest has entered into an agreement tolling the statute of limitations in connection with the LWG's potential claim for contribution to the costs of the remedial investigation and feasibility study. By letter in March 2009, LWG stated its intent to file suit against Knife River€- Northwest and others to recover LWG's investigation costs to the extent Knife River€- Northwest cannot demonstrate its non-liability for the contamination or is unwilling to participate in an alternative dispute resolution process that has been established to address the matter. At this time, Knife River€- Northwest has agreed to participate in the alternative dispute resolution process.

The Company believes it is not probable that it will incur any material environmental remediation costs or damages in relation to the above referenced matter.

Manufactured Gas Plant Siteshere are three claims against Cascade for cleanup of environmental contamination at manufactured gas plant sites operated by Cascade's predecessors.

The first claim is for contamination at a site in Eugene, Oregon which was received in 1995. There are PRPs in addition to Cascade that may be liable for cleanup of the contamination. Some of these PRPs have shared in the investigation costs. It is expected that these and other PRPs will share in the cleanup costs. The Oregon DEQ released an ROD in January 2015 that selected a remediation alternative for the site as recommended in an earlier staff report. The total estimated cost for the selected remediation, including long-term maintenance, is approximately \$3.5€million of which \$400,000 has been incurred. It is not known at this time what share of the cleanup costs will

actually be borne by Cascade; however, Cascade has paid 50€percent of the ongoing investigation and design costs and anticipates its proportional share of the final costs could be approximately 50€percent. Cascade has an accrual balance of \$1.6€million for remediation of this site. In January€2013, the OPUC approved Cascade's application to defer environmental remediation costs at the Eugene site for a period of 12€months starting November€30, 2012. Cascade received orders reauthorizing the deferred accounting for the 12-month periods starting November€30, 2013, December€1, 2014, December€1, 2015, December 1, 2016 and December 1, 2017.

The second claim is for contamination at the Bremerton Gasworks Superfund Site in Bremerton, Washington which was received in 1997, A preliminary investigation has found soil and groundwater at the site contain contaminants requiring further investigation and cleanup. The EPA conducted a Targeted Brownfields Assessment of the site and released a report summarizing the results of that assessment in August 2009. The assessment confirms that contaminants have affected soil and groundwater at the site, as well as sediments in the adjacent Port Washington Narrows. Alternative remediation options have been identified with preliminary cost estimates ranging from \$340,000 to \$6.4€million. Data developed through the assessment and previous investigations indicates the contamination likely derived from multiple, different sources and multiple current and former owners of properties and businesses in the vicinity of the site may be responsible for the contamination. In April 2010, the Washington DOE issued notice it considered Cascade a PRP for hazardous substances at the site. In May 2012, the EPA added the site to the National Priorities List of Superfund sites. Cascade has entered into an administrative settlement agreement and consent order with the EPA regarding the scope and schedule for a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. Current estimates for the cost to complete the remedial investigation and feasibility study are approximately \$7.6€million of which \$1.7€million has been incurred. Cascade has accrued \$5.9€million for the remedial investigation and feasibility study as well as \$6.4€million for remediation of this site; however, the accrual for remediation costs will be reviewed and adjusted, if necessary, after completion of the remedial investigation and feasibility study. In April 2010, Cascade filed a petition with the WUTC for authority to defer the costs, which are included in other noncurrent assets, incurred in relation to the environmental remediation of this site. The WUTC approved the petition in September 2010, subject to conditions set forth in the order.

The third claim is for contamination at a site in Bellingham, Washington. Cascade received notice from a party in May 2008 that Cascade may be a PRP, along with other parties, for contamination from a manufactured gas plant owned by Cascade and its predecessor from about 1946 to 1962. The notice indicates that current estimates to complete investigation and cleanup of the site exceed \$8.0€million. Other PRPs have reached an agreed order and work plan with the Washington DOE for completion of a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. A report documenting the initial phase of the remedial investigation was completed in June 2011. There is currently not enough information available to estimate the potential liability to Cascade associated with this claim although Cascade believes its proportional share of any liability will be relatively small in comparison to other PRPs. The plant manufactured gas from coal between approximately 1890 and 1946. In 1946, shortly after Cascade's predecessor acquired the plant, it converted the plant to a propane-air gas facility. There are no documented wastes or by-products resulting from the mixing or distribution of propane-air gas. Cascade has not recorded an accrual for this site.

Cascade has received notices from and entered into agreement with certain of its insurance carriers that they will participate in defense of Cascade for these contamination claims subject to full and complete reservations of rights and defenses to insurance coverage. The extent these claims are not covered by insurance, Cascade intends to seek recovery through the OPUC and WUTC of remediation costs in its natural gas rates charged to customers. The accruals related to these matters are reflected in regulatory assets. For more information, see Note€4.

Operating leases

The Company leases certain equipment, facilities and land under operating lease agreements. The amounts of annual minimum lease payments due under these leases as of December€31, 2017, were:

		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter			
	,	(In thousands)								
Operating leases	\$	55,511 \$	45,307 \$	33,168 \$	18,562 \$	7,047 \$	40,833			

Rent expense was \$73.7€million, \$65.0€million€and \$53.9€million€for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Purchase commitments

The Company has entered into various commitments, largely construction, natural gas and coal supply, purchased power, natural gas transportation and storage, and service, shipping and construction materials supply contracts, some of which are subject to variability in volume and price. The commitment terms vary in length, up to 43€years. The commitments under these contracts as of December€31, 2017, were:

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	
	(In thousands)						
Purchase commitments	\$ 360,751 \$	215,005	\$ 162,424 \$	135,334	99,068 \$	773,820	

These commitments were not reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Amounts purchased under various commitments for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, were \$516.1€million, \$539.3€million€and \$842.1€million, respectively.

Guarantees

In June 2016, WBI Energy sold all of the outstanding membership interests in Dakota Prairie Refining. In connection with the sale, Centennial agreed to continue to guarantee certain debt obligations of Dakota Prairie Refining which totaled \$56.3€million at December€31, 2017, and are expected to mature in 2023. Tesoro agreed to indemnify Centennial for any losses and litigation expenses arising from the guarantee. The estimated fair values of the indemnity asset and guarantee liability are reflected in deferred charges and other assets - other and deferred credits and other liabilities - other, respectively, on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Continuation of the guarantee was required as a condition to the sale of Dakota Prairie Refining.

In March 2016, a sale agreement was signed to sell Fidelity's assets in the Paradox Basin. In connection with the sale, Centennial agreed to guarantee Fidelity's indemnity obligations associated with the Paradox Basin assets. The guarantee was required by the buyer as a condition to the sale of the Paradox Basin assets.

In 2009, multiple sale agreements were signed to sell the Company's ownership interests in the Brazilian Transmission Lines. In connection with the sale, Centennial has agreed to guarantee payment of any indemnity obligations of certain of the Company's indirect wholly owned subsidiaries who are the sellers in three purchase and sale agreements for periods ranging up to 10€years from the date of sale. The guarantees were required by the buyers as a condition to the sale of the Brazilian Transmission Lines.

Certain subsidiaries of the Company have outstanding guarantees to third parties that guarantee the performance of other subsidiaries of the Company. These guarantees are related to construction contracts, insurance deductibles and loss limits, and certain other guarantees. At December€31, 2017, the fixed maximum amounts guaranteed under these agreements aggregated \$108.0€million. The amounts of scheduled expiration of the maximum amounts guaranteed under these agreements aggregate \$6.4€million in 2018; \$25.9€million in 2019; \$68.7€million in 2020; \$500,000 in 2021; \$500,000 in 2022; \$2.0€million thereafter; and \$4.0€million, which has no scheduled maturity date. There were no amounts outstanding under the above guarantees at December€31, 2017. In the event of default under these guarantee obligations, the subsidiary issuing the guarantee for that particular obligation would be required to make payments under its guarantee.

Certain subsidiaries have outstanding letters of credit to third parties related to insurance policies and other agreements, some of which are guaranteed by other subsidiaries of the Company. At December€31, 2017, the fixed maximum amounts guaranteed under these letters of credit aggregated \$34.0€million, all of which expire in 2018. There were no amounts outstanding under the above letters of credit at December€31, 2017. In the event of default under these letter of credit obligations, the subsidiary issuing the letter of credit for that particular obligation would be required to make payments under its letter of credit.

In addition, Centennial, Knife River and MDU Construction Services have issued guarantees to third parties related to the routine purchase of maintenance items, materials and lease obligations for which no fixed maximum amounts have been specified. These guarantees have no scheduled maturity date. In the event a subsidiary of the Company defaults under these obligations, Centennial, Knife River and MDU Construction Services would be required to make payments under these guarantees. Any amounts outstanding by subsidiaries of the Company for these guarantees were reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December€31, 2017.

In the normal course of business, Centennial has surety bonds related to construction contracts and reclamation obligations of its subsidiaries. In the event a subsidiary of Centennial does not fulfill a bonded obligation, Centennial would be responsible to the surety bond company for completion of the bonded contract or obligation. A large portion of the surety bonds is expected to expire within the next 12€months; however, Centennial will likely continue to enter into surety bonds for its subsidiaries in the future. As of December€31, 2017, approximately \$616.5€million of surety bonds were outstanding, which were not reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Part II

Variable interest entities

The Company evaluates its arrangements and contracts with other entities to determine if they are VIEs and if so, if the Company is the primary beneficiary. For more information, see Note€1.

Fuel ContracCoyote Station entered into a coal supply agreement with Coyote Creek that provides for the purchase of coal necessary to supply the coal requirements of the Coyote Station for the period May 2016 through December 2040. Coal purchased under the coal supply agreement is reflected in inventories on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets and is recovered from customers as a component of electric fuel and purchased power

The coal supply agreement creates a variable interest in Coyote Creek due to the transfer of all operating and economic risk to the Coyote Station owners, as the agreement is structured so that the price of the coal will cover all costs of operations as well as future reclamation costs. The Coyote Station owners are also providing a guarantee of the value of the assets of Coyote Creek as they would be required to buy the assets at book value should they terminate the contract prior to the end of the contract term and are providing a guarantee of the value of the equity of Coyote Creek in that they are required to buy the entity at the end of the contract term at equity value. Although the Company has determined that Coyote Creek is a VIE, the Company has concluded that it is not the primary beneficiary of Coyote Creek because the authority to direct the activities of the entity is shared by the four unrelated owners of the Coyote Station, with no primary beneficiary existing. As a result, Coyote Creek is not required to be consolidated in the Company's financial statements.

At December€31, 2017, the Company's exposure to loss as a result of the Company's involvement with the VIE, based on the Company's ownership percentage was \$40.8€million.

Supplementary Financial Information

Quarterly Data (Unaudited)

The following unaudited information shows selected items by quarter for the years 2017 and 2016:

	First Quarter	Secon Quarte		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
	(In thousands, except per share)	
2017						
Operating revenues	\$ 937,925	\$ 1,067,639	\$	1,272,548	\$	1,165,239
Operating expenses	870,813	987,960)	1,116,171		1,039,695
Operating income	67,112	79,679	9	156,377		125,544
Income from continuing operations	35,638	44,405	5	89,549		115,394
Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	1,687	(3,190))	(2,198))	(82)
Net income attributable to the Company	37,325	41,215	5	87,351		115,312
Earnings per common share - basic:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.18	.2:	2	.46		.59
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	.01	(.0	1)	(.01))	•
Earnings per common share - basic	.19	.2	1	.45		.59
Earnings per common share - diluted:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.18	.2:	2	.46		.59
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	.01	(.0	1)	(.01))	•
Earnings per common share - diluted	.19	.2	1	.45		.59
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	195,304	195,304	ļ	195,304		195,304
Diluted	196,023	195,973		195,783		195,617
2016						
Operating revenues	\$ 860,214	\$ 1,043,948	\$	1,208,567 \$		1,016,099
Operating expenses	798,229	954,983		1,061,883		904,613
Operating income	61,985	88,965	5	146,684		111,486
Income from continuing operations	31,865	46,298	3	88,386		66,547
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	(6,996)	(155,451)	(5,400)	(816)
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	24,869	(109,153)	82,986		65,731
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.16	.24	4	.45		.34
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	(.03)	(.8	0)	(.03))	,
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic	.13	(.5)	6)	.42		.34
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.16	.24	4	.45		.33
Discontinued operations attributable to the Company, net of tax	(.03)	(.8	0)	(.03))	,
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted	.13	(.50	6)	.42		.33
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	195,284	195,304		195,304		195,304
Diluted	195,284	195,699		195,811		195,889

Certain Company operations are highly seasonal and revenues from and certain expenses for such operations may fluctuate significantly among quarterly periods. Accordingly, quarterly financial information may not be indicative of results for a full year.

Exploration and Production Activities (Unaudited)

In the second quarter of 2015, the Company began the marketing and sale process of Fidelity with an anticipated sale to occur within one year. Between September 2015 and March 2016, the Company entered into purchase and sale agreements to sell substantially all of

f Fourth quarter 2016 reflects a reduction to a previously recorded MEPP withdrawal liability of \$11.1 million (before tax). For more information, see Note€14.

First quarter 2016 has been recast to present the results of operations of Dakota Prairie Refining as discontinued operations, other than certain general and administrative costs and interest expense which were previously allocated to the former refining segment and do not meet the criteria for income (loss) from discontinued operations.

f Fourth quarter 2017 reflects an income tax benefit of \$39.5 million related to the TCJA. For more information, see Note 11.

Part II

Fidelity's oil and natural gas assets. The completion of these sales occurred between October 2015 and April 2016. Prior to the asset sales, Fidelity was significantly involved in the development and production of oil and natural gas resources. Upon the completion of the asset sales, the Company had no remaining proved oil, NGL or natural gas reserves. At the time the Company committed to a plan to sell Fidelity, the Company stopped the use of the full-cost method of accounting for its oil and natural gas production activities. The assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale and the results of operations included in income (loss) from discontinued operations, other than certain general and administrative costs and interest expense which do not meet the criteria for income (loss) from discontinued operations. For more information, see Note€2.

Definitions

The following abbreviations and acronyms used in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are defined below:

Abbreviation or Acronym

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction

Andeavor Field Services LLC Formerly QEP Field Services, LLC doing business as Tesoro Logistics Rockies LLC

ASC **FASB Accounting Standards Codification**

Atmospheric tower bottoms **ATBs**

475-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Big Stone City, South Dakota (22.7€percent Big Stone Station

Brazilian Transmission Lines Company's former investment in companies owning three electric transmission lines in Brazil

Calumet Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.

Capital Electric Capital Electric Construction Company, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MDU

Construction Services

Cascade Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital

Centennial Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company Centennial Capital Centennial Holdings Capital LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Centennial's Consolidated EBITDA Centennial's consolidated net income from continuing operations plus the related interest

expense, taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization of intangibles and any non-cash charge relating to asset impairment for the preceding 12-month period

Centennial Resources Centennial Energy Resources LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Company MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Coyote Creek Coyote Creek Mining Company, LLC, a subsidiary of The North American Coal Corporation Covote Station 427-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Beulah. North Dakota (25€percent ownership)

20,000-barrel-per-day diesel topping plant built by Dakota Prairie Refining in southwestern Dakota Prairie Refinery

North Dakota

Dakota Prairie Refining Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC, a limited liability company previously owned by WBI Energy and

Calumet (previously included in the Company's refining segment)

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization **FBITDA**

FIN **Employer Identification Number**

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

Financial Accounting Standards Board **FASB FERC** Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings Fidelity

(previously referred to as the Company's exploration and production segment)

FIP Funding improvement plan

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America **Great Plains** Great Plains Natural Gas Co., a public utility division of the Company

IBEW International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers International Financial Reporting Standards **IFRS**

Intermountain Intermountain Gas Company, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital

IPUC Idaho Public Utilities Commission

Knife River Corporation, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial Knife River

Knife River - Northwest Knife River Corporation - Northwest, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

K-Plan Company's 401(k) Retirement Plan

IWG Lower Willamette Group

MDU Construction Services MDU Construction Services Group, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

MDU Energy Capital MDU Energy Capital, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

MEPP Multiemployer pension plan

MISO Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc.

MNPUC Minnesota Public Utilities Commission

Montana-Dakota Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a public utility division of the Company

MTPSC Montana Public Service Commission

MW Megawatt

Part II

North Dakota Public Service Commission **NDPSC**

Natural gas liquids NGL

Oil Includes crude oil and condensate **OPUC** Oregon Public Utility Commission

Oregon DEQ Oregon State Department of Environmental Quality

Pronghorn Natural gas processing plant located near Belfield, North Dakota (WBI Energy Midstream's

50€percent ownership interests were sold effective January 1, 2017)

PRP Potentially Responsible Party

ROD Record of Decision RP Rehabilitation plan

South Dakota Public Utilities Commission **SDPUC**

SEC United States Securities and Exchange Commission

The average price of oil and natural gas during the applicable 12-month period, determined as **SEC Defined Prices**

an unweighted arithmetic average of the first-day-of-the-month price for each month within such period, unless prices are defined by contractual arrangements, excluding escalations based upon

future conditions

SSIP System Safety and Integrity Program

Company's Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan which was terminated effective December€5, 2016 Stock Purchase Plan

TCJA Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

Tesoro Tesoro Refining & Marketing Company LLC

VIE Variable interest entity

Washington DOE Washington State Department of Ecology

WBI Energy WBI Energy, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Energy Midstream, LLC, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings WBI Energy Midstream WBI Energy Transmission WBI Energy Transmission, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Holdings WBI Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission **WUTC**

Wygen III 100-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Gillette, Wyoming (25€percent ownership)

WYPSC Wyoming Public Service Commission

Item€9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item€9A. Controls and Procedures

The following information includes the evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures by the Company's chief executive officer and the chief financial officer, along with any significant changes in internal controls of the Company.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The term "disclosure controls and procedures" is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. The Company's disclosure controls and other procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, such controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Controls

No change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during the quarter ended December€31, 2017, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The information required by this item is included in this Form€10-K at Item€8 - Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

The information required by this item is included in this Form€10-K at Item€8 - Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

Item€9B. Other Information

None.

Item€10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information required by this item is included in the Company's Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item€11. Executive Compensation

Information required by this item is included in the Company's Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item€12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table includes information as of December€31, 2017, with respect to the Company's equity compensation plans:

Plan Category	(a) Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	(b) Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	(c) Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column€(a))
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders€(1)	692,761 (2)	\$, (3)	4,662,030 (4)(5)
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	692,761	\$,	4,662,030

⁽¹⁾ Consists of the Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan and the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan.

The remaining information required by this item is included in the Company's Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item€13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information required by this item is included in the Company's Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item€14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Information required by this item is included in the Company's Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

⁽²⁾ Consists of performance shares.

⁽³⁾ No weighted average exercise price is shown for the performance shares.

⁽⁴⁾ This amount includes 4,307,574€shares available for future issuance under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan in connection with grants of restricted stock, performance units, performance shares or other equity-based awards.

⁽⁵⁾ This amount includes 354,456 shares available for future issuance under the Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan. Under this plan, in addition to a cash retainer, non-employee directors, excluding the Chair of the Board, are awarded shares equal in value to \$110,000 annually and the Chair of the Board is awarded shares equal in value to \$145,000 annually. A non-employee director may acquire additional shares under the plan in lieu of receiving the cash portion of the director's retainer or fees.

Item€15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a)€Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules and Exhibits

Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules

1. Financial Statements	
The following consolidated financial statements required under this item are included under Item€8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.	<u>Page</u>
Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017	53
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2017	54
Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and 2016	55
Consolidated Statements of Equity for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017	56
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017	57
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	58
2. Financial Statement Schedules	
The following financial statement schedules are included in Part IV of this report.	Page
Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated)	
Condensed Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017	108
Condensed Balance Sheets at December 31, 2017 and 2016	109
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended December€31, 2017	110
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements	110
Schedule II - Consolidated Valuation and Qualifying Accounts	111

Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated) Condensed Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

Years ended December€31,	2017	2016	2015
	(Ir	thousands)	
Operating revenues	\$ 623,693 \$	561,266 \$	556,112
Operating expenses	516,524	469,062	478,198
Operating income	107,169	92,204	77,914
Other income	1,331	1,491	8,318
Interest expense	31,997	31,519	23,562
Income before income taxes	76,503	62,176	62,670
Income taxes	13,800	6,355	15,882
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries from continuing operations	222,283	177,275	129,601
Net income from continuing operations	284,986	233,096	176,389
Equity in loss of subsidiaries from discontinued operations attributable to the Company	(3,783)	(168,663)	(798,824)
Loss on redemption of preferred stocks	600	,	,
Dividends declared on preferred stocks	171	685	685
Earnings (loss) on common stock	\$ 280,432 \$	63,748 \$	(623,120)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 279,602 \$	65,848 \$	(617,480)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated) **Condensed Balance Sheets**

December€31,		2017		2016
	(In thousands, ex	cept shares and	d per	share amounts
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	843	\$	4,159
Receivables, net		83,453		80,467
Accounts receivable from subsidiaries		34,029		34,424
Inventories		13,864		17,352
Prepayments and other current assets		34,400		24,531
Total current assets		166,589		160,933
Investments		76,779		70,370
Investment in subsidiaries		1,704,908		1,603,874
Property, plant and equipment		2,631,161		2,502,264
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		797,130		756,191
Net property, plant and equipment		1,834,031		1,746,073
Deferred charges and other assets:				
Goodwill		4,812		4,812
Other		175,599		183,654
Total deferred charges and other assets		180,411		188,466
Total assets	\$	3,962,718	\$	3,769,716
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Long-term debt due within one year	\$	100,011	\$	110
Accounts payable		47,000		37,697
Accounts payable to subsidiaries		7,234		5,592
Taxes payable		13,717		14,992
Dividends payable		38,573		37,767
Accrued compensation		20,017		16,086
Other accrued liabilities		36,881		34,929
Total current liabilities		263,433		147,173
Long-term debt		612,493		679,667
Deferred credits and other liabilities:		,		0.0,000
Deferred income taxes		147,847		270,126
Other		509,902		356,506
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		657,749		626,632
Commitments and contingencies		00.,		020,002
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stocks		•		15,000
Common stockholders' equity:				.0,000
Common stock				
Authorized - 500,000,000 shares, \$1.00 par value				
Issued - 195.843,297 shares in 2017 and 2016		195,843		195,843
Other paid-in capital		1,233,412		1,232,478
Retained earnings		1,040,748		912,282
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(37,334)		(35,733)
Treasury stock at cost - 538,921 shares		(3,626))	(3,626
Total common stockholders' equity		2,429,043		2,301,244
Total stockholders' equity		2,429,043	•	2,316,244
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements	\$	3,962,718	\$	3,769,716

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated) Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December€31,	2017	2016	2015
	(In	thousands)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 284,075 \$	238,125 \$	255,273
Investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(146,370)	(159,570)	(349,985)
Net proceeds from sale or disposition of property and other	(5,665)	3,784	3,268
Investments in and advances to subsidiaries	(40,000)	(5,000)	(7,000)
Advances from subsidiaries	40,000	15,000	100,000
Investments	(468)	(129)	5
Net cash used in investing activities	(152,503)	(145,915)	(253,712)
Financing activities:			
Issuance of long-term debt	70,080	106,420	224,185
Repayment of long-term debt	(37,569)	(50,010)	(108,008)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	•	,	21,898
Dividends paid	(150,727)	(147,156)	(142,835)
Redemption of preferred stock	(15,600)	,	,
Repurchase of common stock	(564)	,	,
Tax withholding on stock-based compensation	(508)	(226)	,
Net cash used in financing activities	(134,888)	(90,972)	(4,760)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,316)	1,238	(3,199)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	4,159	2,921	6,120
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 843 \$	4,159 \$	2,921

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements

Note€1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation€he condensed financial information reported in Schedule I is being presented to comply with Rule€12-04 of Regulation S-X. The information is unconsolidated and is presented for the parent company only, which is comprised of MDU Resources Group, Inc. (the Company) and Montana-Dakota and Great Plains, public utility divisions of the Company. In Schedule I, investments in subsidiaries are presented under the equity method of accounting where the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries are not consolidated. The investments in net assets of the subsidiaries are recorded on the Condensed Balance Sheets. The income from subsidiaries is reported as equity in earnings of subsidiaries on the Condensed Statements of Income. The consolidated financial statements of MDU Resources Group, Inc. reflect certain businesses as discontinued operations. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Earnings (loss) per common share Please refer to the Consolidated Statements of Income of the registrant for earnings (loss) per common share. In addition, see Item 8 - Note€1 for information on the computation of earnings (loss) per common share.

Note€2 - DelAt December€31, 2017, the Company had long-term debt maturities, excluding unamortized debt issuance costs, of \$100.0€million in 2018, \$74.5€million in 2019, \$700,000 in 2020, \$700,000 in 2021, \$700,000 in 2022 and \$538.1€million scheduled to mature in years after 2022.

For more information on debt, see Item 8 - Note 6.

Note€3 - DividendThe Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on common stock. Cash dividends paid to the Company by subsidiaries were \$116.1€million, \$115.8€million and \$110.6€million for the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Schedule€II - Consolidated Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

For the years ended December€31, 2017, 2016 and 2015

				Add	itions		_				
Description	Begin	Balance at Beginning of Year		Charged to Costs and Expenses		Other *		Deductions **		Balance at End of Yea	
					(In t	nousands)					
Allowance for doubtful accounts:											
2017	\$	10,479	\$	7,024	\$	989	\$	10,423	9	8,069	
2016		9,835		8,302		851		8,509		10,479	
2015		9,511		11,343		1,012		12,031		9,835	

All other schedules are omitted because of the absence of the conditions under which they are required, or because the information required is included in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto.

Item€16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

				Incor	porated b	y Referer	nce
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Form	Period Ended	Exhibit	Filing Date	File Number
2(a)	Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, dated as of June€24, 2016, between WBI Energy, Inc. and Tesoro Refining & Marketing Company LLC		8-K/A		2.1	7/21/16	1-03480
2(b)	Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of June 9, 2016, by and among Calumet North Dakota, LLC, WBI Energy, Inc., and as applicable, MDU Resources Group, Inc., Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., and Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.		8-K/A		2.2	7/21/16	1-03480
2(c)	Amendment No.€1 to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of June€9, 2016, by and among Calumet North Dakota, LLC, WBI Energy, Inc., and as applicable, MDU Resources Group, Inc., Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., and Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.	3	8-K/A		2.3	7/21/16	1-03480
3(a)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of MDU Resources Group, Inc., as amended, dated May€13, 2010		10-Q	9/30/10	3(a)	11/3/10	1-03480
3(b)	Bylaws of MDU Resources Group, Inc., as amended and restated on February€16, 2017		8-K		3.1	2/21/17	1-03480
4(a)	Indenture, dated as of December 15, 2003, between MDU Resources Group, Inc. and The Bank of New York, as trustee		S-8		4(f)	1/21/04	333-112035
4(b)	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 17, 2009, between MDU Resources Group, Inc. and the Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee		10-K	12/31/09	4(c)	2/17/10	1-03480
4(c)	Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. Amended and Restated Master Shelf Agreement, effective as of April 29, 2005, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America and certain investors described therein		10-Q	6/30/05	4(a)	8/3/05	1-03480
4(d)	Letter Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Shelf Agreement, dated May 17, 2006, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America, and certain investors described in the Letter Amendment		10-Q	6/30/06	4(a)	8/4/06	1-03480

				Incor	porated b	y Referen	ce
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Form	Period Ended	Exhibit	Filing Date	File Number
4(e)	Letter Amendment No. 2 to Amended and Restated Master Shelf Agreement, dated December 19, 2007, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America, and certain investors described in the Letter Amendment		10-K	12/31/15	4(e)	2/19/16	1-03480
4(f)	Letter Amendment No. 3 to Amended and Restated Master Shelf Agreement, dated December 18, 2015, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America, and certain investors described in the Letter Amendment		10-K	12/31/15	4(f)	2/19/16	1-03480
4(g)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Credit Agreement, dated May 26, 2011, among MDU Resources Group, Inc., Various Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent		10-K	12/31/11	4(e)	2/24/12	1-03480
4(h)	First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated October 4, 2012, among MDU Resources Group, Inc., Various Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent		10-Q	9/30/12	4	11/7/12	1-03480
4(i)	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated May 8, 2014 among MDU Resources Group Inc., Various Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent		10-Q	6/30/14	4(a)	8/8/14	1-03480
4(j)	Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated May 8, 2014, among Centennial Energy Holdings Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, as Administrative Agent, and The Several Financial Institutions party thereto		10-Q	6/30/14	4(b)	8/8/14	1-03480
4(k)	Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 23, 2016, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, as Administrative Agent, and The Several Financial Institutions party thereto		10-Q	9/30/16	4	11/7/16	1-03480
4(I)	MDU Energy Capital, LLC Master Shelf Agreement, dated as of August 9, 2007, among MDU Energy Capital, LLC, Prudential Investment Management, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America and the holders of the notes thereunder		8-K		4	8/16/07	1-03480
4(m)	Amendment No. 1 to Master Shelf Agreement, dated October€1, 2008, among MDU Energy Capital, LLC, Prudential Investment Management, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America, and the holders of the notes thereunder		10-Q	9/30/08	4(b)	11/5/08	1-03480
4(n)	Indenture dated as of August 1, 1992, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York relating to Medium-Term Notes, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation)	8-K		4	8/12/92	1-07196
4(o)	First Supplemental Indenture dated as of October 25, 1993, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York relating to Medium-Term Notes and the 7.5% Notes due November 15, 2031, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation		10-Q	6/30/93	4		1-07196
4(p)	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated January 25, 2005, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York, as trustee, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation		8-K		4.1	1/26/05	1-07196
4(q)	Third Supplemental Indenture dated as of March 8, 2007, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Successor Trustee, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	,	8-K		4.1	3/8/07	1-07196
+10(a)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Supplemental Income Security Plan, as amended and restated May 10, 2017		10-Q	6/30/17	10(d)	8/4/17	1-03480
+10(b)	MDU Resource Group, Inc. Director Compensation Policy, as amended May 10, 2017		10-Q	6/30/17	10(a)	8/4/17	1-03480

				Inco	porated b	oy Referen	ce
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Form	Period Ended	Exhibit	Filing Date	File Number
+10(c)	Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors, as amended May€15, 2008		10-Q	6/30/08	10(a)	8/7/08	1-03480
+10(d)	Non-Employee Director Stock Compensation Plan, as amended May 12, 2011		10-Q	6/30/11	10(a)	8/5/11	1-03480
+10(e)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Non-Employee Director Long- Term Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended May 17, 2012		10-Q	6/30/12	10(a)	8/7/12	1-03480
+10(f)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 11, 2016		10-K	12/31/15	10(f)	2/19/16	1-03480
+10(g)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Executive Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended May 10, 2017, and Rules and Regulations, as amended May 9, 2017		10-Q	6/30/17	10(b)	8/4/17	1-03480
+10(h)	Form of Performance Share Award Agreement under the Long Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 11, 2015	-	8-K		10.3	2/18/15	1-03480
+10(i)	Form of Performance Share Award Agreement under the Long Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 10, 2016	-	8-K		10.3	2/18/16	1-03480
+10(j)	Form of Performance Share Award Agreement under the Long Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 16, 2017	-	8-K		10.1	2/21/17	1-03480
+10(k)	Form of Annual Incentive Award Agreement under the Long- Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 10, 2016		8-K		10.2	2/18/16	1-03480
+10(l)	Form of MDU Resources Group, Inc. Indemnification Agreement for Section 16 Officers and Directors, dated May€15, 2014		8-K		10.1	5/15/14	1-03480
+10(m)	Form of Amendment No. 1 to Indemnification Agreement, dated May 15, 2014		8-K		10.2	5/15/14	1-03480
+10(n)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Section 16 Officers and Directors with Indemnification Agreements Chart, as of October 10, 2017		10-Q	9/30/17	10(b)	11/3/17	1-03480
+10(o)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, as amended May 10, 2017		10-Q	6/30/17	10(c)	8/4/17	1-03480
+10(p)	MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, as restated January 1, 2017		10-Q	3/31/17	10(a)	5/8/17	1-03480
+10(q)	Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated March 31, 2017		10-Q	3/31/17	10(b)	5/8/17	1-03480
+10(r)	Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated April 10, 2017		10-Q	6/30/17	10(e)	8/4/17	1-03480
+10(s)	Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated August 30, 2017		10-Q	9/30/17	10(a)	11/3/17	1-03480
+10(t)	Employment Letter for Jeffrey S. Thiede, dated May 16, 2013		10-K	12/31/13	10(ab)	2/21/14	1-03480
+10(u)	Martin A. Fritz Offer Letter, dated July 1, 2015		8-K		10.2	7/2/15	1-03480
+10(v)	Jason L. Vollmer Offer Letter, dated March 7, 2016		8-K		10.2	3/8/16	1-03480
+10(w)	Jason L. Vollmer Offer Letter, dated September 20, 2017		8-K		10.1	9/21/17	1-03480
12	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends	Х					
21	Subsidiaries of MDU Resources Group, Inc.	Х					
23	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Х					
31(a)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Χ					

				Incor	porated by	Referen	ce
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Filed Herewith	Form	Period Ended	Exhibit	Filing Date	File Number
31(b)	Certification of Chief Financial Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X					
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Х					
95	Mine Safety Disclosures	X					
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document						
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document						
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document						
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document						
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document						
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document						

^{+€}Management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement.

MDU Resources Group, Inc. agrees to furnish to the SEC upon request any instrument with respect to long-term debt that MDU Resources Group, Inc. has not filed as an exhibit pursuant to the exemption provided by Item€601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section€13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Date:	February 23, 2018	By:	/s/ David L. Goodin
			David L. Goodin
			(President and Chief Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ David L. Goodin	Chief Executive Officer and Director	February 23, 2018
David L. Goodin (President and Chief Executive Officer)		
/s/ Jason L. Vollmer	Chief Financial Officer	February 23, 2018
Jason L. Vollmer (Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer)		
/s/ Stephanie A. Barth	Chief Accounting Officer	February 23, 2018
Stephanie A. Barth		
(Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller)		
/s/ Harry J. Pearce	Director	February 23, 2018
Harry J. Pearce		
(Chairman of the Board)		
/s/ Thomas Everist	Director	February 23, 2018
Thomas Everist		
/s/ Karen B. Fagg	Director	February 23, 2018
Karen B. Fagg		
/s/ Mark A. Hellerstein	Director	February 23, 2018
Mark A. Hellerstein		
/s/ A. Bart Holaday	Director	February 23, 2018
A. Bart Holaday		
/s/ Dennis W. Johnson	Director	February 23, 2018
Dennis W. Johnson		
/s/ William E. McCracken	Director	February 23, 2018
William E. McCracken		
/s/ Patricia L. Moss	Director	February 23, 2018
Patricia L. Moss		
/s/ John K. Wilson	Director	February 23, 2018
John K. Wilson		



David L. GoodinPresident and
Chief Executive Officer

1200 W. Century Ave. Bismarck, ND 58503 Mailing address: P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, ND 58506-5650 (701) 530-1000 www.MDU.com

March 23, 2018

Fellow Stockholders:

I invite you to join me, our Board of Directors and members of our senior management team at our annual stockholder meeting at 11 a.m., Central Daylight Saving Time, on May 8, 2018, at 909 Airport Road in Bismarck, North Dakota.

In addition to the business we will conduct at the meeting, I will describe the significant drivers of our strong 2017 financial results as well as the growth projects we have underway or soon to be started this year. Absent the€benefit we recorded in 2017 from implementing the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into law December€22, our earnings were up about 5 percent over 2016. This shows the strength of our two-pillar approach to our operations, with strong performance from both our regulated energy delivery businesses and our construction materials and services businesses.

We remain committed to returning the value to you that you expect from your investment in MDU Resources. In€2017, we marked our 80th consecutive year of paying dividends to our stockholders and we increased our dividend payment for the 27th consecutive year, a feat achieved by fewer than 100 other U.S.-listed companies.

As we celebrate our 70th year of being listed on the New York Stock Exchange, we remain committed to Building a Strong America We hope you share in our excitement about the momentum we have going into 2018 and the substantial opportunities for growth at all of our businesses.

In our Proxy Statement this year, we have included additional summarized information about our environmental and social practices. If you would like greater detail about our sustainability efforts, please refer to our Sustainability Report on our website at www.mdu.com.

I look forward to seeing you May 8. Details on how to receive a ticket to attend our annual meeting are included on the Notice of Annual Meeting and page 61 of this Proxy Statement.

If you are not able to attend the annual stockholder meeting, your vote is still important to us. Please promptly follow the instructions on your notice or proxy card to vote and make sure your shares are represented.

We appreciate your continued investment in MDU Resources.

Sincerely yours,

David L. Goodin

President and Chief Executive Officer



1200 West Century Avenue

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650 (701) 530-1000

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD MAY€8, 2018

March 23, 2018

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of MDU Resources Group, Inc. will be held at 909 Airport Road, Bismarck, North Dakota, on Tuesday, May€8, 2018, at 11:00 a.m., Central Daylight Saving Time, for the following purposes:

Items of **Business**

- 1. Election of directors;
- Advisory vote to approve the compensation paid to the company s named executive officers;
- Ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company*s independent registered public accounting firm for 2018; and
- 4. Transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment(s) thereof.

Record Date The board of directors has set the close of business or March 9, 2018, as the record date for the determination of common stockholders who will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting and any adjournment(s) thereof.

Meeting Attendance

All stockholders as of the record date of March 9, 2018, are cordially invited and urged to attend the annual meeting. You must request an admission ticket in order to attend. If you are a stockholder of record and plan to attend the meeting, please contact MDU Resources Group, Inc. by email at CorporateSecretary@mduresources.com or by telephone at 701-530-1010 to request an admission ticket. A ticket will be sent to you by mail.

If your shares are held beneficially in the name of a bank, broker, or other holder of record, and you plan to attend the annual meeting, you will need to submit a written request for an admission ticket by mail€to: Investor€Relations, MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506 or by email at CorporateSecretary@mduresources.com. The request must include proof of stock ownership as of March 9, 2018, such as€a bank or brokerage firm account statement or a legal proxy from the bank, broker, or other holder of record confirming ownership. A ticket will be sent to you by mail.

Requests for admission tickets must be received no later than May 1, 2018. You must present your admission ticket and state-issued photo identification, such as a driver s license, to gain admittance to the meeting.

Proxy Materials

Notice of Availability of Proxy Materials will be sent on or about March 23, 2018. The Notice contains basic information about the annual meeting and instructions on how to view our proxy materials and vote electronically on the Internet. Stockholders who do not receive the Notice will receive a paper copy of our proxy materials, which will be sent on or about March 29, 2018.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Daniel S. Kuntz Secretary

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Stockholder Meeting to be€Held on May€8, 2018. The€2018 Notice of Annual Meeting and Proxy Statement and 2017 Annual Report to Stockholders are available at www.mdu.com/proxymaterials.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page		Page
PROXY STATEMENT SUMMARY	1	EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION (continued)	
BOARD OF DIRECTORS		Executive Compensation Tables	43
Item 1. Election of Directors	8	Summary Compensation Table	43
Director Nominees	8	Grants of Plan-Based Awards	45
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE		Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End	47
Director Independence	14	Option Exercises and Stock Vested	48
Stockholder Engagement	14	Pension Benefits	48
Board Leadership Structure	14	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation	50
Board•s Role in Risk Oversight	15	Potential Payments Upon Termination or	
Board Meetings and Committees	15	Change of Control	51
Compensation Policies and Practices		CEO Pay Ratio Disclosure	55
as They Relate to Risk Management	18	AUDIT MATERS	
Stockholder Communications with the Board	19	Item 3. Ratification of the Appointment of	
Additional Governance Features	19	Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company•s Independent	
Corporate Governance Materials.	21	Registered Public Accounting Firm for 2018	56
Related Person Tansaction Disclosure	21	Annual Evaluation and Selection of Deloitte &	
COMPENSION OF NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTO)RS	Touche LLP	56
Director Compensation.	22	Audit Fees and Non-Audit Fees	57
SECURITY OWNERSHIP		Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit	
Security Ownership Table	24	and Permissible Non-Audit Services of the	
Section 16 Compliance	25	Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	57
EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION		Audit Committee Report	58
Item 2. Advisory Vote to Approve the Compensation Paid	l	INFORMATION ABOUT THE ANNUAL MEETING	5
to the Companyes Named Executive Officers	26	Who Can Vote	59
Information Concerning Executive Officers	27	Notice and Access	59
Compensation Discussion and Analysis	28	How to Vote	59
Executive Summary	28	Revoking Your Proxy	59
2017 Compensation Framework	32	Discretionary Voting Authority.	60
2017 Compensation for Our Named		Voting Standards	60
Executive Officers	33	Proxy Solicitation	60
Other Benefits	40	Electronic Delivery of Proxy Statement	61
Compensation Governance	41	Householding of Proxy Materials	61
Compensation Committee Report	42	MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Plan	61
		Annual Meeting Admission and Guidelines	61
		Conduct of the Meeting	62
		Stockholder Proposals, Director Nominations, and	
		Other Items of Business for 2019	62

PROXY STATEMENT SUMMARY

To assist you in reviewing the company•s 2017 performance and voting your shares, we call your attention to key elements of our 2018 Proxy Statement. The following is only a summary and does not contain all of the information you should consider. You should read the entire Proxy Statement carefully before voting. For more complete information about these topics, please review the complete Proxy Statement and our 2017 Annual Report to Stockholders.

Meeting Information

Time and Date: 11:00 a.m. Central Daylight Saving Time Tuesday, May 8, 2018 Place: MDU Service Center 909 Airport Road Bismarck, ND

Summary of Stockholder Voting Matters

Voting Matters	Board Vote Recommendation	See Page
Item 1 - Election of Directors	FOR each nominee	8
Item 2 - Advisory Vote to Approve the Compensation Paid to the Company*s Named Executive Officers	FOR	26
Item 3 - Ratification of the Appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company•s Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for 2018	LP as the Company•s Independent FOR	

Corporate Governance Highlights

MDU Resources Group, Inc. is committed to strong corporate governance practices. The following highlights our corporate governance practices and policies. See the sections entitled, Corporate Governance and, Executive Compensation for more information on the following:

€	Annual Election of All Directors
€	Majority Voting for Directors
€	Succession Planning and Implementation Process
€	Separate Chair and CEO
€	Executive Sessions of Independent Directors at Every Regularly Scheduled Board Meeting
€	Annual Board and Committee Self-Evaluations
€	Risk Oversight by Full Board and Committees
€	All Directors are Independent Other Than Our CEO
€	Mandatory Retirement for Directors at Age 76

€	Independent Directors
€	Active Investor Outreach Program
€	Stock Ownership Requirements for Directors and Executives
€	Anti-Hedging and Anti-Pledging Policies
€	No Related Party Transactions by Our Directors or Executive Officers
€	Compensation Recovery/Clawback Policy
€	Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Directors, Officers, and Employees
€	Annual Advisory Approval on Executive Compensation
€	Directors May Not Serve on More Than Three Public Boards Including the Company•s Board

All Three Standing Committees Consist Entirely of

Business Performance Highlights

Our overall performance in 2017 was consistent with our long-term strategy as we focused on our regulated energy delivery and construction materials and services business segments. In addition to our 2017 financial performance highlighted on the next page, we accomplished:

- The sale of our interest in the Pronghorn natural gas processing plant in January 2017 which reduced the company•s risk by decreasing its exposure to commodity price fluctuations.
- Our construction services segment had record revenues of \$1.37 billion and its backlog at December 31, 2017 was \$708 million, 49%€higher than 2016.
- Our construction materials and contracting segment had higher aggregate sales volumes on strong commercial and residential demand in certain regions. Its backlog at year-end of \$486 million, while lower than 2016, is the third largest year-end level for this segment. The segment continues to strategically manage its nearly 1.0 billion tons of aggregate reserves.
- We received advance determination of prudence from the North Dakota Public Service Commission to purchase an expansion of the Thunder Spirit wind farm.
- The pipeline and midstream segment had record transportation volumes in 2017.
- Our pipeline and midstream segment secured sufficient capacity commitments to expand its Line Section 27 natural gas transportation system in the Bakken producing area of northwestern North Dakota. The project will involve the construction of approximately 13 miles of pipeline and associated facilities. The expansion will provide WBI Energy, Inc.*s Line Section 27 pipeline with capacity for over 600,000 dekatherms per day. The targeted in-service date for the project is fall 2018.
- Our pipeline and midstream segment continued permitting, surveying, and acquisition activity for a 38-mile natural gas transmission pipeline to deliver natural gas to eastern North Dakota and far western Minnesota. Following receipt of necessary regulatory approvals and easement acquisition, construction is expected to start and be completed in 2018.
- The board of directors authorized management to evaluate and pursue a holding company reorganization which is intended to provide further separation between the company*s regulated and unregulated businesses and additional financing flexibility as all of the company*s utility operations will be conducted through wholly-owned subsidiaries. The reorganization, which is expected to be effective January 1, 2019, is subject to approval by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and various state regulatory commissions.

With our accomplishments in 2017, we are optimistic about the company•s future financial performance. The chart below shows our progress over the last five years.



^{*} MDU Resources Group, Inc. reported 2017 earnings from continuing operations of \$1.45 per share which included a benefit of 20 cents per share attributable to the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into law December 22, 2017. The earnings per share absent the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act benefit is \$1.25.

2017 Financial Performance Highlights

- Strong year-over-year performance from continuing operations, as well as benefits from the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, resulted in an increase in earnings per share from continuing operations to \$1.45 per share compared to \$1.19 per share in 2016. Excluding the effect of the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, earnings from continuing operations were \$1.25 per share. Including discontinued operations, 2017 earnings were \$280.4 million, or \$1.43 per share, compared to \$63.7 million, or 33 cents per share, in 2016.
 - Electric and natural gas distribution segments earned \$81.6 million, an increase of 17.8%.
 - Pipeline and midstream segment earned \$20.5 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million reflecting the sale of the Pronghorn natural gas processing plant in January 2017.
 - Construction materials and contracting segment earned \$123.4 million, including adjustments of \$41.9 million as a result of the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, compared to 2016 earnings of \$102.7 million.
 - * Construction services segment earned \$53.3 million, including adjustments of \$4.3 million as a result of the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, an increase of 44.3% over 2016 earnings of \$33.9 million.
- Return of stockholder value through the dividend
 - Increased dividend for 27th straight year
 - Paid uninterrupted dividend for 80th straight year
- Maintained BBB+ stable credit rating from Standard & Poor•s and Fitch Ratings agencies.



27 Years
of Consecutive
Dividend Increases

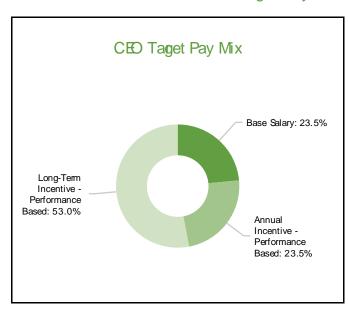
Dividends Paid \$716 Million Over the Last 5 Years 80 Years of Uninterrupted Dividend Payments

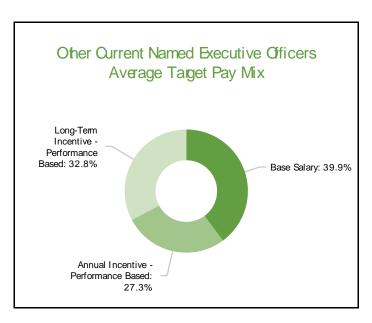
Compensation Highlights

Executive compensation at the company is focused on performance. Our compensation program is structured to strongly align compensation with the company•s performance with a substantial portion of our executive compensation based upon performance incentive awards.

- Over 75% of our chief executive officer•s target compensation and over 60% of our other current named executive officers• target compensation is performance based.
- , 100% of our chief executive officer•s annual and long-term incentive compensation is tied to performance against pre-established, specific, measurable financial goals.
- We require all executive officers to own a significant amount of company stock based upon a multiple of their base salary.

2017 Named Executive Officer Target Pay Mix





- Base salary increase for our chief executive officer was 5% for 2017, and base salary increases for all of our other named executive officers averaged 7.8% in 2017 following base salary freezes for most executive officers in 2016.
- Annual incentive award payout to our chief executive officer for 2017, which was based upon the strong performance at all four of our business units, was 173.7% of his annual incentive target.
- Long-term incentive award payout for the 2015-2017 performance cycle was 144% of target based on a combined 61st percentile ranking of total stockholder return among our peer groups.

Key Features of our Executive Compensation Program

What We Do

- Pay for Performance Annual and long-term award incentives tied to performance measures set by the compensation committee comprise the largest portion of executive compensation.
- Independent Compensation Committee All members of the compensation committee meet the independence standards under the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the Securities and Exchange Commission rules.
- Independent Compensation Consultanthe compensation committee retains an independent compensation consultant to evaluate executive compensation plans and practices.
- Competitive CompensatiorExecutive compensation reflects the executive s performance, experience, relative value compared to other positions within the company, relationship to competitive market value compensation, the business segments economic environment, and the actual performance of the overall company or the executives business segment.
- Annual Cash IncentivePayment of annual cash incentive awards are based on business segment and overall company achievement against pre-established financial measures.
- Long-Term Equity Incentive The long-term equity incentive represents 53% of our CEO•s and approximately 33% of our other current named executive officer•s target compensation in the form of performance shares which may be earned based on relative total stockholder return measured over a three-year period.
- Annual Compensation Risk Analysis We regularly analyze the risks related to our compensation programs and conduct an annual broad risk assessment.
- Stock Ownership and Retention Requirement secutive officers are required to own, within five years of appointment or promotion, company common stock equal to a multiple of their base salary. The executive officers must also retain at least 50% of the net after tax shares of stock vested through the long-term incentive plan for the earlier of two years or until termination of employment.
- Clawback Policy If the company•s audited financial statements are restated, the compensation committee may, or shall i required, demand repayment of some or all incentives paid to our executive officers within the last three years.
- Performance Share wards Purchased at MarketPerformance share awards are purchased on the market to avoid shareholder dilution through issuance of authorized but unissued shares.

What We Donet Do

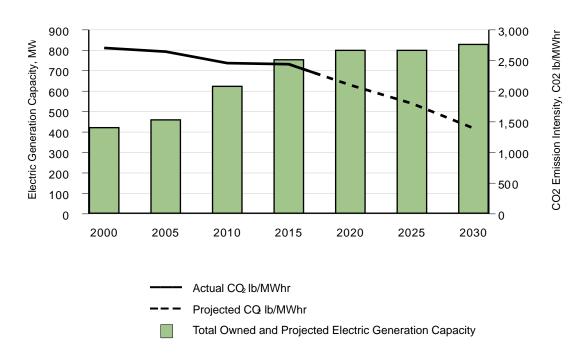
- f Stock Options The company does not use stock options as a form of incentive compensation.
- f Employment Agreement Current executives do not have employment agreements entitling them to specific payments upon a change of control of the company.
- f Perquisites Executives do not receive perquisites which materially differ from those available to employees in general.
- f Tax Gross-Ups Executive officers do not receive tax gross-ups on any compensation.
- f Hedge Stock Executives and directors are not allowed to hedge company securities.
- f Pledge Stock Executives and directors are not allowed to pledge company securities in margin accounts or as collateral for loans.
- f No Dividends or Dividend Equivalents on Unvested ShaWe do not provide for payment of dividends or dividend equivalents on unvested share awards.

Corporate Responsibility, Environmental, and Sustainability

MDU Resources Group, Inc. is Building a Strong America, by providing essential products and services to our customers. To ensure we can continue to provide these products and services in the communities where we do business, we recognize that we must preserve the trust our communities place in us to be a good corporate citizen. We remain committed to pursuing responsible corporate governance and environmental practices, and to maintaining the health and safety of the public and our employees. These are some highlights of our recent efforts regarding sustainability:

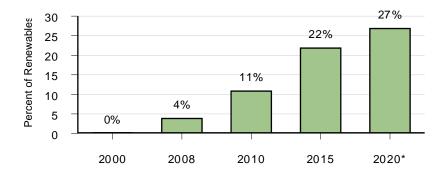
As our generation resource capacity has increased, the Coemission intensity of our electric generation resource fleet has been reduced by more than 25% since 2003. We expect it to continue to decline.

CQ Emission Intensity



- Renewable resources comprised approximately 22% of our electric generation resource nameplate capacity in 2017.
- We received advance determination of prudence for the expansion of the Thunder Spirit wind farm to be completed in 2018. The expansion will bring capacity of the Thunder Spirit wind farm to approximately 155 megawatts which will increase the company's nameplate electric renewable generation capacity to approximately 27%.

Percent of Renewable Generation Resources



* Projected based upon expansion of the Thunder Spirit wind farm.

- Approximately 24% of the electricity delivered to our customers from company-owned generation in 2017 was from renewable resources.
- We invested approximately \$3.7 million in environmental emission control equipment and improvements at our coal-fired electric generation plants bringing the total of such investments to approximately \$125 million since 2013. The investments have resulted in substantial reductions in mercury, SQ₂, NOX, and filterable particulate from our coal-fired electric generation resources.
- The company•s utility companies received high scores in customer satisfaction. Intermountain Gas Company ranked first, Cascade Natural Gas Corporation second, and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. fourth, among West Region mid-sized natural gas utilities in the 2017 J.D. Power Gas Utility Residential Customer Satisfaction Survey.
- We were recognized on the Thomson Reuters 2017 Top 25 Global Multiline Utilities list. The list recognizes companies that have demonstrated a commitment to energy leadership in these areas: financial, management and investor confidence, risk and resilience, legal compliance, innovation, people and social sustainability, environmental impact, and reputation.
- We, along with a partner, continued construction of approximately 160 miles of 345-kilowatt electric transmission line which will facilitate delivery of renewable wind energy from North Dakota to eastern markets.
- Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. received approval to expand its Commercial Demand Response Program which will enable further reduction of peak electric demand of approximately 25 megawatts by our commercial and industrial customers.
- Knife River Corporation produces and places warm-mix asphalt in applications where warm-mix asphalt is allowed. Warm-mix asphalt is produced at cooler temperatures than traditional hot-mix asphalt methods, which reduces the amount of fuel needed in the production process and thereby reduces emissions and fumes. Knife River Corporation produced over 653,000 tons in 2014, 640,000 tons in 2015, 831,000 tons in 2016, and 722,000 tons in 2017 of warm-mix asphalt.
- Knife River Corporation continued its practice of recycling and reusing building materials. This conserves natural resources, uses less energy, alleviates waste disposal problems in local landfills, and ultimately costs less for the consumer. Knife River Corporation used over 697,000 tons in 2014, 989,000 tons in 2015, 1,030,000 tons in 2016, and 1,096,000 tons in 2017 of recycled asphalt pavement in asphalt production.
- Our subsidiary, Bombard Renewable Energy, was ranked No. 26 on Solar Power World•s 2017 Top 500 Solar Contractors List. The list ranks companies according to their influence in the U.S. solar industry based on how many kilowatts of solar generation they installed in 2016.
- The MDU Resources Foundation awarded grants of \$1.84 million to educational and nonprofit institutions in 2017. Since its incorporation in 1983, the Foundation has contributed more than \$32.4 million to worthwhile causes in categories of education, civic and community activities, culture and arts, environmental stewardship, and health and human services.
- We encourage and support community volunteerism by our employees. The MDU Resources Foundation contributes a \$500 grant to an eligible nonprofit organization after an employee volunteers a minimum of 25 hours to the organization during non-company hours during a calendar year. In 2017, the Foundation granted \$47,200 under this program matching over 5,400 employee volunteer hours.
- We were recognized as a 2020 Women on Boards Winning ,Wf Company for being a champion on board diversity by having 20% or more of our board seats held by women.
- We received the Missouri Slope Areawide United Way 2017 Spirit Award for showing outstanding commitment to the Bismarck-Mandan community through volunteerism and creative workplace campaigns.

24%

of Electricity Generated from Renewable Resources

Grants Awarded \$1.84 Million

in 2017

25%

Reduction in CQ Since 2003

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The nominating and governance committee of the board, reflecting the criteria for election to the board, identifies and reviews possible candidates for the board and recommends the nominees for directors to the board for approval. The committee considers and evaluates suggestions from many sources, including stockholders, regarding possible candidates for directors. Additional information on our board composition and director nomination process is further discussed in our Proxy Statement under Nominating and Governance Committe∉ in€the€section entitled Corporate Governanc∉

Each of the current directors has been nominated for election by the board of directors upon recommendation of the nominating and governance committee and has decided to stand for election, with the exception of A. Bart Holaday who will have attained the mandatory retirement age of 76 years at the time of the annual meeting of stockholders and, therefore, will not stand for re-election. Mr. Holaday has served on the board since 2008, and the company expresses its thanks to Mr. Holaday for his service on the board, the audit committee, and nominating and governance committee. All nominees for director are nominated to serve one-year terms until the annual meeting of stockholders in 2019 and their respective successors are elected and qualified, or until their earlier resignation, removal from office, or death.

We have provided information below about our nominees, including their ages, years of service as directors, business experience, and service on other boards of directors, including any other directorships on boards of public companies. We have also included information about each nominee•s specific experience, qualifications, attributes, or skills that led the board to conclude that he or she should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc. at the time we file our Proxy Statement, in light of our business and structure. Unless we specifically note below, no corporation or organization referred to below is a subsidiary or other affiliate of€MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Director Nominees



Thomas Everist Age 68 Independent Director Since 1995 Compensation Committee Other Current Public Boards: --Raven Industries, Inc.

Mr. Everist has more than 44 years of business experience in the construction materials and aggregate mining industry. He has business leadership and management experience serving as president and chair of his companies for over 30 years. Mr. Everist also has experience serving as a director and chair of another public company, which enhances his contributions to our board.

Career Highlights

- ... President and chair of The Everist Company, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, an investment and land development company, since April 2002. Prior to January 2017, The Everist Company was engaged in aggregate, concrete, and asphalt production.
- ... Managing member of South Maryland Creek Ranch, LLC, a land development company; president of SMCR, Inc., an investment company, since June 2006; and managing member of MCR Builders, LLC, which provides residential building services to South Maryland Creek Ranch, LLC, since November 2014.
- ... Director and chair of the board of Everist Health, Inc., Ann Arbor, Michigan, which provides solutions for personalized medicines, since 2002, and chief executive officer from August 2012 to December 2012.
- ... President and chair of L.G. Everist, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, an aggregate production company, from 1987 to April 2002.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Director of publicly traded Raven Industries, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, a general manufacturer of electronics, flow controls, and engineered films, since 1996, and chair from April€2009 to May 2017.
- ... Director of Showplace Wood Products, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, a custom cabinets manufacturer, since January 2000.
- ... Director of Bell, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, a manufacturer of folding cartons and packages, since April 2011.
- ... Director of Angiologix Inc., Mountain View, California, a medical diagnostic device company, from July 2010 through October 2011 when it was acquired by Everist Genomics, Inc.
- ... Member of the South Dakota Investment Council, the state agency responsible for prudently investing state funds, from July 2001 to June 2006.

Education

... Bachelores degree in mechanical engineering and a masteres degree in construction management from Stanford University.



Karen B. Fagg Age 64

Independent Director Since 2005 Compensation Committee Nominating and Governance Committee

Ms. Fagg brings experience to our board in construction and engineering, energy, and the responsible development of natural resources, which are all important aspects of our business. In addition to her industry experience, Ms.€Fagg has over 20 years of business leadership and management experience, including over eight years as president, chief executive officer, and chair of her own company, as well as knowledge and experience acquired through her service on a number of Montana state and community boards.

Career Highlights

- ... Vice president of DOWL LLC, d/b/a DOWL HKM, an engineering and design firm, from April 2008 until her retirement on December 31, 2011.
- ... President of HKM Engineering, Inc., Billings, Montana, an engineering and physical science services firm, from April 1, 1995 to June 2000, and chair, chief executive officer, and majority owner from June 2000 through March 2008. HKM Engineering, Inc. merged with DOWL LLC on April 1, 2008.
- ... Employed with MSE, Inc., Butte, Montana, an energy research and development company, from 1976 through 1988, and vice president of operations and corporate development director from 1993 to April 1995.
- ... Director of the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, Helena, Montana, the state agency charged with promoting stewardship of Montana*s water, soil, energy, and rangeland resources; regulating oil and gas exploration and production; and administering several grant and loan programs, for a four-year term from 1989 through 1992.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Chair of the Billings Catholic Schools Board since September 2017 and member since December 2011; and board member of St.€Vincent•s Healthcare since January 2016 and previously from October 2003 until October 2009, including a term as chair.
- ... Former member of several state and community boards, including the First Interstate BancSystem Foundation, from June 2013 to 2016; the Montana Justice Foundation, whose mission is to achieve equal access to justice for all Montanans through effective funding and leadership, from 2013 into 2015; Board of Trustees of Carroll College from 2005 through 2010; Montana Board of Investments, the state agency responsible for prudently investing state funds, from 2002 through 2006; Montana State University*s Advanced Technology Park from 2001 to 2005; and Deaconess Billings Clinic Health System from 1994 to 2002.

Education

... Bachelor•s degree in mathematics from Carroll College in Helena, Montana.



David L. Goodin Age 56

Director Since 2013
President and Chief Executive Officer

As chief executive officer of MDU Resources Group, Inc., Mr. Goodin is the only officer of the company that serves on our board. With over 34 years of significant, hands-on experience at our company, Mr. €Goodin•s long history and deep knowledge and understanding of MDU Resources Group, Inc., its operating companies, and its lines of business bring continuity to the board. In addition, Mr. Goodin provides the board with valuable insight into management•s views and perspectives, as well as the day-to-day operations of the company.

Career Highlights

- ... President and chief executive officer and a director of the company since January 4, 2013.
- ... Prior to January 4, 2013, served as chief executive officer and president of Intermountain Gas Company, Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., and Great Plains Natural Gas Co.
- ... Began his career in 1983 at Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. as a division electrical engineer and served in positions of increasing responsibility until 2007 when he was named president of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation; positions included division electric superintendent, electric systems manager, vice president-operations, and executive vice president-operations and acquisitions.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Member of the U.S. Bancorp Western North Dakota Advisory Board since January 2013.
- ... Director of Sanford Bismarck, an integrated health system dedicated to the work of health and healing, and Sanford Living Centersince January 2011.
- ... Former board member of several industry associations, including the American Gas Association, the Edison Electric Institute, the North Central Electric Association, the Midwest ENERGY Association, and the North Dakota Lignite Energy Council.

Education

- ... Bachelor of science degree in electrical and electronics engineering from North Dakota State University.
- \cdots Masters in business administration from the University of North Dakota.
- ... The Advanced Management Program at Harvard School of Business.
- ... Registered professional engineer in North Dakota.



Mark A. Hellerstein
Age 65

Independent Director Since 2013
Audit Committee

Mr.€Hellerstein has extensive business experience in the energy industry as a result of his 17 years of senior management experience and service as board chair of St. Mary Land & Exploration Company (now SM Energy Company). As a certified public accountant, on inactive status, with extensive financial experience as a result of his€employment as chief financial officer with several companies, including public companies, Mr.€Hellerstein contributes significant finance and accounting knowledge to our board and audit committee.

Career Highlights

- ... Chief executive officer of St. Mary Land & Exploration Company (now SM Energy Company), an energy company engaged in the€acquisition, exploration, development, and production of crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids, from 1995 until February 2007; president from 1992 until June 2006; and executive vice president and chief financial officer from 1991 until 1992. He was first elected to the board of St. Mary in 1992 and served as chair from 2002 until May 2009.
- ... Several positions prior to joining St.€Mary in 1991, including chief financial officer of CoCa Mines Inc., which mined and extracted minerals from lands previously held by the public through the Bureau of Land Management; American Golf Corporation, which manages and owns golf courses in the United States; and Worldwide Energy Corporation, an oil and gas acquisition, exploration, development, and production company with operations in the United States and Canada.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Director of Transocean Inc., a leading provider of offshore drilling services for oil and gas wells, from December 2006 to November 2007.
- ... Director of the Denver Children*s Advocacy Center, whose mission is to provide a continuum of care for traumatized children and their families, from August 2006 until December 2011, including chair for the last three years.

Education and Professional

- ... Bachelor•s degree in accounting from the University of Colorado.
- ... Certified public accountant, on inactive status.



Dennis W. Johnson Age 68 Independent Director Since 2001 Vice Chair of the Board Audit Committee

Mr. Johnson brings to our board over 43 years of experience in business management, manufacturing, and finance holding positions as chair, president, and chief executive officer of TMI Corporation for 36 years, as well as through his prior service as a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis. As a result of his service on a number of state and local organizations in North Dakota, Mr. Johnson has significant knowledge of local, state, and regional issues involving North Dakota, a state where we have significant operations and assets.

Career Highlights

- ... Vice chair of the board of the company effective February 15, 2018.
- ... Chair, president, and chief executive officer of TMI Corporation, and chair and chief executive officer of TMI Transport Corporation, manufacturers of casework and architectural woodwork in Dickinson, North Dakota; employed since 1974 and serving as president or chief executive officer since 1982.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Member of the Bank of North Dakota Advisory Board of Directors since August 2017.
- ... President of the Dickinson City Commission from July 2000 through October 2015.
- ... Director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis from 1993 through 1998.
- ... Served on numerous industry, state, and community boards, including the North Dakota Workforce Development Council (chair); the Decorative Laminate Products Association; the North Dakota Technology Corporation; and the business advisory council of the Steffes Corporation, a metal manufacturing and engineering firm.
- ... Served on North Dakota Governor Sinner*s Education Action Commission; the North Dakota Job Service Advisory Council; the North Dakota State University President*s Advisory Council; North Dakota Governor Schafer*s Transition Team; and chaired North Dakota Governor Hoeven*s Transition Team.

Education

... Bachelor of science in electrical and electronics engineering and master of science in industrial engineering from North Dakota State University.



William E. McCracken Independent Director Since 2013 Compensation Committee Age 75 Nominating and Governance Committee

Mr.€McCracken is experienced in information technology and cybersecurity through his tenure at CA, Inc. and International Business Machines Corporation (IBM). This experience coupled with his service as the chair or a member of the board of other public companies and the National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD) enables him to provide insight into the operations, challenges, and complex issues our company is facing in todayes environment and to make significant contributions to the board so oversight of operational risk management functions and corporate governance.

Career Highlights

- ... President of Executive Consulting Group, LLC, a general business consulting firm, from 2002 to present.
- ... Chief executive officer of CA, Inc., one of the world s largest information technology management software companies, from January 2010 until January 7, 2013, after which he served as executive adviser to the new chief executive officer until March 31, 2013, and as a consultant to the company until December 31, 2013; also as director of CA, Inc. from May 2005 until January 7, 2013, serving as non-executive chair of the board from June 2007 to September 2009, interim executive chair from September 2009 to January 2010, and executive chair from January 2010 to May 2010.
- ... Several executive positions during his 36-year career with IBM, including serving on its Chairman*s Worldwide Management Council, a group of the top 30 executives at IBM, from 1995 to 2001.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Director of the NACD, a nonprofit membership organization for corporate board members, since 2010, and named by the NACD as one of the top 100 most influential people in the boardroom in 2009; served on that organization s 2009 Blue Ribbon Commission (BRC) on risk governance, co-chaired its 2012 BRC on board diversity, and co-chaired its 2015 BRC on board and long-term value creation.
- ... Director of IKON Office Solutions, Inc., a provider of document management systems and services, from 2003 to 2008, where he served on its audit committee, compensation committee, and strategy committee.
- ... Chair of the advisory board of the Millstein Center for Global Markets and Corporate Ownership at Columbia University from 2014 to 2018 and member since 2013, and the New York chairman of the Chairmen*s Forum since 2011.

Education

... Bachelor of science in physics and mathematics from Shippensburg University.



Patricia L. Moss **Independent Director Since 2003** Age 64

Compensation Committee Nominating and Governance Committee^{--Aquila Tax Free Trust of Oregon}

Other Current Public Boards: --First Interstate BancSystem, Inc.

Ms. Moss has business experience and knowledge of the Pacific Northwest economy and state, local, and regional issues where a significant portion of our operations are located. Ms. Moss provides our board with experience in finance and banking, as well as experience in business development through her work at Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades, and on the Oregon Investment Fund Advisory Council, the Oregon Business Council, and the Oregon Growth Board. Ms. Moss also has experience as a certified senior professional in human resources.

Career Highlights

... President and chief executive officer of Cascade Bancorp, a financial holding company, Bend, Oregon, from 1998 to January 3, 2012; chief executive officer of Cascade Bancorp*s principal subsidiary, Bank of the Cascades, from 1998 to January 3, 2012, serving also as president from 1998 to 2003; and chief operating officer, chief financial officer and secretary of Cascade Bancorp from 1987 to 1998.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Director of First Interstate BancSystem, Inc., since May 30, 2017.
- ... Director of Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades from 1993, and vice chair from January 3, 2012 until May 30, 2017 when Cascade Bancorp merged into First Interstate BancSystem, Inc., and became First Interstate Bank.
- ... Chair of the Bank of the Cascades Foundation Inc. since 2014; co-chair of the Oregon Growth Board, a state board created to improve access to capital and create private-public partnerships, since May 2012; and member of the Board of Trustees for the Aguila Tax Free Trust of Oregon, a mutual fund created especially for the benefit of Oregon residents, since June 2015 and January 2002 to May 2005.
- ... Former director of the Oregon Investment Fund Advisory Council, a state-sponsored program to encourage the growth of small businesses in Oregon; the Oregon Business Council, with a mission to mobilize business leaders to contribute to Oregon•s quality of life and economic prosperity; the North Pacific Group, Inc., a wholesale distributor of building materials, industrial, and hardwood products; Clear Choice Health Plans Inc., a multi-state insurance company; and City of Bend's Juniper Ridge management advisory board.

Education

- ... Bachelor of science in business administration from Linfield College in Oregon and master+s studies at Portland State University.
- ... Commercial banking school certification at the ABA Commercial Banking School at the University of Oklahoma.



Harry J. Pearce Age 75 Independent Director Since 1997 Chair of the Board

Mr. Pearce provides our board with public company leadership with his multinational business management experience and proven leadership skills through his position as vice chair at General Motors Corporation, as well as through his extensive service on the boards of large public companies, including Marriott International, Inc., Hughes Electronics Corporation, where he was chair, and Nortel Networks Corporation, where he also was chair. He also brings to our board his long experience as a practicing attorney. In addition, Mr. Pearce has focused on corporate governance issues and was the founding chair of Yale University*s Chairmen*s Forum, an organization comprised of non-executive chairmen of publicly traded companies.

Career Highlights

- ... Chair of the board of the company effective August 17, 2006; lead director from February 15, 2001 until August 17, 2006; and vice chair of the board from November 16, 2000 until February 15, 2001.
- ... Vice chair and director of General Motors Corporation from January 1, 1996 to May€31,€2001; general counsel from 1987 to 1994.
- ... Senior partner in the Pearce & Durick law firm in Bismarck, North Dakota, prior to joining General Motors in 1987.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Director of Hughes Electronics Corporation, a General Motors Corporation subsidiary and provider of digital television entertainment, broadband satellite network, and global video and data broadcasting, from 1992 to December 2003, and retiring as chair in 2003.
- ... Director of Marriott International, Inc., a major hotel chain, from 1995 to May 2015, and served on the audit, finance, compensation, and excellence committees.
- ... Director of Nortel Networks Corporation, a global telecommunications company, from January€2005 to August€2009, also served as chair of the board from June 2005.
- ... Fellow of the American College of Trial Lawyers, and member of the International Society of Barristers.
- ... Founding chair of the Yale University*s Chairmen*s Forum; former member of the President*s Council on Sustainable Development; and co-chair of the President*s Commission on the United States Postal Service.

Education

- ... Bachelores degree in engineering sciences from the U.S. Air Force Academy.
- ... Juris doctor degree from Northwestern University•s School of Law.



John K. Wilson Age 63 Independent Director Since 2003 Audit Committee

Mr. Wilson has an extensive background in finance and accounting, as well as experience with mergers and acquisitions, through his education and work experience at a major accounting firm and his later public utility experience in his positions as controller and vice president of Great Plains Natural Gas Co., president of Great Plains Energy Corp., and president, chief financial officer, and treasurer for Durham Resources, LLC, and all Durham Resources entities.

Career Highlights

- ... President of Durham Resources, LLC, a privately held financial management company, in Omaha, Nebraska, from 1994 to December€31, 2008; president of Great Plains Energy Corp., a public utility holding company and an affiliate of Durham Resources, LLC, from 1994 to July 1, 2000; and vice president of Great Plains Natural Gas Co., an affiliate company of Durham Resources, LLC, until July 1, 2000.
- ... Executive director of the Robert B. Daugherty Foundation in Omaha, Nebraska, since January 2010.
- ... Held positions of audit manager at Peat, Marwick, Mitchell (now known as KPMG), controller for Great Plains Natural Gas Co., and chief financial officer and treasurer for all Durham Resources entities.

Other Leadership Experience

- ... Director of HDR, Inc., an international architecture and engineering firm, since December 2008; and director of Tetrad Corporation, a privately held investment company, since April 2010, both located in Omaha, Nebraska.
- ... Former director of Bridges Investment Fund, Inc., a mutual fund, from April 2003 to April 2008; director of the Greater Omaha Chamber of Commerce from January 2001 through December 2008; member of the advisory board of U.S. Bank NA Omaha from January 2000 to July 2010; and the advisory board of Duncan Aviation, an aircraft service provider, headquartered in Lincoln, Nebraska, from January 2010 to February 2016.

Education and Professional

- ... Bachelor•s degree in business administration, cum laude, from the University of Nebraska † Omaha.
- ... Certified public accountant, on inactive status.

The board of directors recommends a vote ,for *f* each nominee.

A majority of votes cast is required to elect a director in an uncontested election. A majority of votes cast means the number of votes cast ,for f a director election must exceed the number of votes cast ,against f the director election. Abstentions f and broker non-votes f do not count as votes cast ,for f or ,against f the director election. In a contested election, which is an election in which the number of nominees for director exceeds the number of directors to be elected and which we do not anticipate, directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast.

Unless you specify otherwise when you submit your proxy, the proxies will vote your shares of common stock ,for *f* all directors nominated by the board of directors. If a nominee becomes unavailable for any reason or if a vacancy should occur before the election, which we do not anticipate, the proxies will vote your shares in their discretion for another person nominated by the board.

Our policy on majority voting for directors contained in our corporate governance guidelines requires any proposed nominee for re-election as a director to tender to the board, prior to nomination, his or her irrevocable resignation from the board that will be effective, in an uncontested election of directors only, upon:

- ... receipt of a greater number of votes ,against f than votes ,for f election at our annual meeting of stockholders; and
- ... acceptance of such resignation by the board of directors.

Following certification of the stockholder vote, the nominating and governance committee will promptly recommend to the board whether or not to accept the tendered resignation. The board will act on the nominating and governance committee*s recommendation no later than 90 days following the date of the annual meeting.

Brokers may not vote your shares on the election of directors if you have not given your broker specific instructions on how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker so your vote can be counted.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Director Independence

The board of directors has adopted guidelines on director independence that are included in our corporate governance guidelines. Our guidelines require that a substantial majority of the board consists of independent directors. In general, the guidelines require that an independent director must have no material relationship with the company directly or indirectly, except as a director. The board determines independence on the basis of the standards specified by the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), the additional standards referenced in our corporate governance guidelines, and other facts and circumstances the board considers relevant. Based on its review, the board has determined that all directors, except for our chief executive officer Mr. Goodin, have no material relationship with us and are independent.

In determining director independence, the board of directors reviewed and considered information about any transactions, relationships, and arrangements between the non-employee directors and their immediate family members and affiliated entities on the one hand, and the company and its affiliates on the other, and in particular the following transactions, relationships, and arrangements:

- € Charitable contributions by the MDU Resources Foundation (Foundation) to the following nonprofit organizations, where a director, or a director•s spouse, serves or has served as a director, chair, or vice chair of the board of trustees, trustee or member of the organization or related entity: Charitable contributions by the Foundation to Sanford Health Foundation, Billings Catholic Schools Foundation, the University of North Dakota Foundation, the University of North Dakota Formula SAE, and the University of Jamestown and its foundation. None of the contributions made to any of these nonprofit entities during the last three fiscal years exceeded in any single year the greater of \$1€million or 2% of the relevant entity•s consolidated gross revenues.
- ... Business relationships with entities with which a director is affiliated: (1) Payment of nominal fees to First Interstate Bank, a subsidiary of First Interstate BancSystem, Inc., where Patricia Moss has been a director since May 30, 2017. The fees were for services related to depository accounts at First Interstate Bank. These services were provided in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable services provided by other bank entities. (2) Mr. Wilson is a member of the board of directors of HDR, Inc., an architectural, engineering, environmental, and consulting firm. The company paid HDR, Inc. or its affiliates for services which were provided in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms prevailing for comparable services from other consulting firms. Mr.€Wilson had no role in securing or promoting the HDR, Inc. services.

The board has also determined that all members of the audit, compensation, and nominating and governance committees of the board are independent in accordance with our guidelines and applicable NYSE and Securities Exchange Act of 1934 rules.

Stockholder Engagement

The company has an active stockholder outreach program. €We believe in providing transparent and timely information to our investors. Each year we routinely engage directly or indirectly with our stockholders, including our top institutional stockholders. During 2017, the company held meetings, conference calls, and webcasts with a diverse mix of stockholders. Throughout the year, we held meetings with eight of the actively managed institutional investors included in our year-end top 30 stockholders. We engage periodically with our index fund investors; however, no direct meetings were held with this investor class in 2017. In our meetings, we discussed a variety of topics with stockholders including longer-term company strategy and our capital expenditure forecast, shorter-term operational and financial updates, and previously announced strategic initiatives. The company also held a telephone conference with a proxy advisory firm to discuss corporate governance and executive compensation practices.

Board Leadership Structure

The board separated the positions of chair of the board and chief executive officer in 2006, and our bylaws and corporate governance guidelines currently require that our chair be independent. The board believes this structure provides balance and is currently in the best interest of the company and its stockholders. Separating these positions allows the chief executive officer to focus on the full-time job of running our business, while allowing the chair of the board to lead the board in its fundamental role of providing advice to and independent oversight of management. The chair meets regularly between board meetings with the chief executive officer and consults with the chief executive officer regarding the board meeting agendas, the quality and flow of information provided to the board, and the effectiveness of the board meeting process. The board believes this split structure recognizes the time, effort, and energy the chief executive officer is required to devote to the position in the current business environment, as well as the commitment required to serve as the chairparticularly as the board-s oversight responsibilities continue to grow and demand more time and attention. The fundamental role of the board of directors is to provide oversight of the management of the company in good faith and in the best interests of the company and its

stockholders. Having an independent chair is a means to ensure the chief executive officer is accountable for managing the company in close alignment with the interests of stockholders, including with respect to risk management as discussed below. An independent chair is in a position to encourage frank and lively discussions, including during regularly scheduled executive sessions consisting of only independent directors, and to assure that the company has adequately assessed all appropriate business risks before adopting its final business plans and strategies. The board believes that having separate positions and having an independent outside director serve as chair is the appropriate leadership structure for the company at this time and demonstrates our commitment to good corporate governance.

Board s Role in Risk Oversight

Risk is inherent with every business, and how well a business manages risk can ultimately determine its success. We face a number of risks, including economic risks, environmental and regulatory risks, the impact of competition, climate and weather conditions, limitations on our ability to pay dividends, pension plan obligations, cyberattacks or acts of terrorism, and third party liabilities. Management is responsible for identifying material risks, implementing appropriate risk management strategies, and providing information regarding material risks and risk management to the board. The board, as a whole and through its committees, has responsibility for the oversight of risk management. In its risk oversight role, the board of directors has the responsibility to satisfy itself that the risk management processes designed and implemented by management are adequate for identifying, assessing, and managing risk.

The board believes establishing the right ,tone at the top f and full and open communication between management and the board of directors are essential for effective risk management and oversight. Our chair meets regularly with our president and chief executive officer and other senior officers to discuss strategy and risks facing the company. Senior management attends the quarterly board meetings and is available to address any questions or concerns raised by the board on risk management-related and any other matters. Each quarter board of directors receives presentations from senior management on strategic matters involving our operations. At least annually, the board holds strategic planning sessions with senior management to discuss strategies, key challenges, and risks and opportunities for the company.

While the board is ultimately responsible for risk oversight at our company, our three standing board committees assist the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in certain areas of risk.

- ... The audit committee assists the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to risk management in a general manner and specifically in the areas of financial reporting, internal controls and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and, in accordance with NYSE requirements, discusses with the board policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management and their adequacy and effectiveness. Risk assessment reports are regularly provided by management to the audit committee or the full board. This opens the opportunity for discussions about areas where the company may have material risk exposure, steps taken to manage such exposure, and the company•s risk tolerance in relation to company strategy. The audit committee reports regularly to the board of directors on the company•s management of risks in the audit committee•s areas of responsibility.
- ... The compensation committee assists the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to the management of risks arising from our compensation policies and programs.
- ... The nominating and governance committee assists the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to the management of risks associated with board organization, membership and structure, succession planning for our directors and executive officers, and corporate governance.

Board Meetings and Committees

During 2017, the board of directors held four regular meetings and two special meetings. Each director attended at least 75% of the combined total meetings of the board and the committees on which the director served during 2017. Directors are encouraged to attend our annual meeting of stockholders. All directors attended our 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Harry J. Pearce was elected non-employee chair of the board on August 17, 2006, and previously served as lead director from February€15, 2001 to August€17,€2006. He presides at the executive session of the non-employee directors held in connection with each regularly scheduled quarterly board of directors meeting. Dennis W. Johnson was elected vice chair of the board on February 15, 2018. The non-employee directors meet in executive session both with and without the chief executive officer at each regularly scheduled quarterly board of directors meeting. All of our non-employee directors are independent, as defined in our corporate governance guidelines and NYSE listing standards.

Proxy Statement

The board has standing audit, compensation, and nominating and governance committees. The table below provides current committee membership.

Name	Audit Committee	Compensation Committee	Nominating and Governance Committee
Thomas Everist		С	
Karen B. Fagg		f	С
Mark A. Hellerstein	f		
A. Bart Holaday	f		f
Dennis W. Johnson	С		
William E. McCracken		f	f
Patricia L. Moss		f	f
John K. Wilson	f		

C - Chair

f - Member

Below is a description of each standing committee of the board. The board has affirmatively determined that each of these standing committees consists entirely of independent directors pursuant to rules established by the NYSE, rules promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and the director independence standards established by the board. The board has also determined that each member of the audit committee and the compensation committee is independent under the criteria established by the NYSE and the SEC for audit committee and compensation committee members, as applicable.

Nominating and Governance Committee

Met Four Times in 2017

The nominating and governance committee met four times during 2017. The committee members are Karen B. Fagg, chair, A.€Bart Holaday, William E. McCracken, and Patricia L. Moss.

The nominating and governance committee provides recommendations to the board with respect to:

- ... board organization, membership, and function;
- ... committee structure and membership;
- ... succession planning for our executive management and directors; and
- ... our corporate governance guidelines.

The nominating and governance committee assists the board in overseeing the management of risks in the committee as areas of responsibility.

The committee identifies individuals qualified to become directors and recommends to the board the nominees for director for the next annual meeting of stockholders. The committee also identifies and recommends to the board individuals qualified to become our principal officers and the nominees for membership on each board committee. The committee oversees the evaluation of the board and management.

In identifying nominees for director, the committee consults with board members, our management, consultants, and other individuals likely to possess an understanding of our business and knowledge concerning suitable director candidates.

Our corporate governance guidelines include our policy on consideration of director candidates recommended to us. We will consider candidates that our stockholders recommend in the same manner we consider other nominees. Stockholders who wish to recommend a director candidate may submit recommendations, along with the information set forth in the guidelines, to the nominating and governance committee chair in care of the secretary at MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650.

Stockholders who wish to nominate persons for election to our board at an annual meeting of stockholders must follow the procedures set forth in section 2.08 of our bylaws. Our bylaws are available on our website. See ,Stockholder Proposals, Director Nominations, and Other Items of Business for 2019 Annual Meeting *f* in the section entitled, Information about the Annual Meeting *f* for further details.

In evaluating director candidates, the committee, in accordance with our corporate governance guidelines, considers an individuales:

- ... background, character, and experience, including experience relative to our company s lines of business;
- ... skills and experience which complement the skills and experience of current board members;
- ... success in the individual s chosen field of endeavor;
- ... skill in the areas of accounting and financial management, banking, business management, human resources, marketing, operations, public affairs, law, technology, risk management, governance, and operations abroad;
- ... background in publicly traded companies including service on other public company boards of directors;
- ... geographic area of residence;
- ... diversity of business and professional experience, skills, gender, and ethnic background, as appropriate in light of the current composition and needs of the board;
- ... independence, including any affiliation or relationship with other groups, organizations, or entities; and
- ... compliance with applicable law and applicable corporate governance, code of conduct and ethics, conflict of interest, corporate opportunities, confidentiality, stock ownership and trading policies, and other policies and guidelines of the company.

In addition, our bylaws contain requirements that a person must meet to qualify for service as a director.

The nominating and governance committee assesses the effectiveness of this policy annually in connection with the nomination of directors for election at the annual meeting of stockholders. The composition of the current board reflects diversity in business and professional experience, skills, and gender.

Audit Committee Met Eight Times in 2017

The audit committee is a separately-designated committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The audit committee met eight times during 2017. The audit committee members are Dennis W. Johnson, chair, Mark A. Hellerstein, A.€Bart Holaday, and John K. Wilson. The board of directors has determined that Messrs.€Johnson, Hellerstein, Holaday, and Wilson are audit committee financial experts f as defined by SEC rules and are financially literate within meaning of the listing standards of the NYSE. They also meet the independence standard for audit committee members under our director independence guidelines, the NYSE listing standards, and SEC rules.

The audit committee assists the board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities to the stockholders and serves as a communication link among the board, management, the independent registered public accounting firm, and the internal auditors. The audit committee:

- ... assists the board s oversight of
 - " the integrity of our financial statements and system of internal controls;
 - " the company•s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the code of conduct;
 - " the independent registered public accounting firm•s qualifications and independence;
 - " the performance of our internal audit function and independent registered public accounting firm;
 - " management of risk in the audit committee s areas of responsibility; and
- ... arranges for the preparation of and approves the report that SEC rules require we include in our annual proxy statement. See the section entitled, Audit Committee Reportf for further information.

Compensation Committee

Met Seven Times in 2017

During 2017, the compensation committee met seven times. The compensation committee consists entirely of independent directors within the meaning of the company*s corporate governance guidelines and the NYSE listing standards and who meet the definitions of outside or non-employee directors for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code and Rule 16-b under the Exchange Act. Members of the compensation committee are Thomas Everist, chair, Karen B. Fagg, William E. McCracken, and Patricia L. Moss.

The compensation committee assists the board of directors in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the company•s compensation policy and programs. It has the direct responsibility for determining compensation for our Section 16 officers and for overseeing the company•s management of risk in its areas of responsibility. In addition, the compensation committee reviews and recommends any changes to director compensation policies to the board of directors. The authority and responsibility of the compensation committee is outlined in the compensation committee•s charter.

The compensation committee uses the analysis and recommendations from outside consultants, the chief executive officer, and the human resources department in making its compensation decisions. The chief executive officer, the vice president-human resources, and the general counsel regularly attend compensation committee meetings. The committee meets in executive session as needed. The processes and procedures for consideration and determination of compensation of the Section 16 officers, as well as the role of our executive officers, are discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis

The compensation committee has sole authority to retain compensation consultants, legal counsel, or other advisers to assist in consideration of the compensation of the chief executive officer, the other Section 16 officers, and the board of directors, and the committee is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, and oversight of the work of such advisers. The compensation committee*s practice has been to retain a compensation consultant every other year to conduct a competitive analysis on executive compensation. The competitive analysis is conducted internally by the human resources department in the other years. The compensation committee retained a compensation consultant, Willis Towers Watson, to conduct a competitive analysis on executive compensation in 2016. Prior to retaining an adviser, the compensation committee will consider all factors relevant to ensure the adviser*s independence from management. Annually the compensation committee conducts a potential conflicts of interest assessment raised by the work of any compensation consultant and how such conflicts, if any, should be addressed. The compensation committee requested and received information from Willis Towers Watson to assist in its potential conflicts of interest assessment. Based on its review and analysis, the compensation committee determined in 2016 that Willis Towers Watson was independent from management.

The board of directors determines compensation for our non-employee directors based upon recommendations from the compensation committee. The compensation committee•s practice has been to retain a compensation consultant every other year to conduct a competitive analysis on director compensation. The compensation committee employed a compensation consultant for an analysis of director compensation in 2017.

Compensation Policies and Practices as They Relate to Risk Management

The human resources department has conducted an assessment of the risks arising from our compensation policies and practices for all employees and concluded that none of these risks is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the company. Based on the human resources department•s assessment and taking into account information received from the risk identification process, senior management and our management policy committee concluded that risks arising from our compensation policies and practices are not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the company. After review and discussion with senior management, the compensation committee concurred with this assessment.

As part of its assessment of the risks arising from our compensation policies and practices, the human resources department identified the principal areas of risk faced by the company that may be affected by our compensation policies and practices, including any risks resulting from our operating businesses• compensation policies and practices. In assessing the risks arising from our compensation policies and practices, the human resources department identified the following practices designed to prevent excessive risk taking:

- ... Business management and governance practices:
- " risk management is a specific performance competency included in the annual performance assessment of Section 16 officers;
- " board oversight on capital expenditure and operating plans promotes careful consideration of financial assumptions;
- " limitation on business acquisitions without board approval;

- " employee integrity training programs and anonymous reporting systems;
- " quarterly risk assessment reports at audit committee meetings; and
- " prohibitions on holding company stock in an account that is subject to a margin call, pledging company stock as collateral for a loan, and hedging of company stock by Section 16 officers and directors.

... Executive compensation practices:

- active compensation committee review of executive compensation, including comparison of executive compensation to total stockholder return ratio to the ratio for the company*s peer group;
- " the initial determination of a position•s salary grade to be at or near the 50th percentile of base salaries paid to similar positions at peer group companies and/or relevant industry companies;
- , consideration of peer group and/or relevant industry practices to establish appropriate compensation target amounts;
- " a balanced compensation mix of fixed salary and annual and long-term incentives tied to the company s financial performance;
- " use of interpolation for annual and long-term incentive awards to avoid payout cliffs;
- " negative discretion to adjust any annual or long-term incentive award payment downward;
- " use of caps on annual incentive awards (maximum of 240% of target) and long-term incentive stock grant awards (200% of target);
- " clawback availability on incentive payments in the event of a financial restatement;
- " use of performance shares, rather than stock options or stock appreciation rights, as the equity component of incentive compensation;
- " use of performance shares for long-term incentive awards with a relative total stockholder return performance measure and mandatory reduction in award if total stockholder return over the performance period is negative;
- " use of three-year performance periods for long-term incentive awards to discourage short-term risk-taking;
- " substantive annual incentive goals measured primarily by return on invested capital, earnings, and earnings per share criteria, which encourage balanced performance and are important to stockholders;
- " use of financial performance metrics that are readily monitored and reviewed;
- " regular review of the appropriateness of the companies in the peer group;
- " stock ownership requirements for the board and for executives receiving long-term incentive awards;
- " mandatory holding periods for 50% of any net after-tax shares earned under long-term incentive awards; and
- " use of independent consultants in establishing pay targets at least biennially.

Stockholder Communications with the Board

Stockholders and other interested parties who wish to contact the board of directors or any individual director, including our non-employee chair or non-employee directors as a group, should address a communication in care of the secretary at MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O.€Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650. The secretary will forward all communications.

Additional Governance Features

Board and Committee Evaluations

Our corporate governance guidelines provide that the board of directors, in coordination with the nominating and governance committee, will annually review and evaluate the performance and functioning of the board and its committees. The self-evaluations are intended to facilitate a candid assessment and discussion by the board and each committee of its effectiveness as a group in fulfilling its responsibilities, its performance as measured against the corporate governance guidelines, and areas for improvement. The board and committee members are provided with a questionnaire to facilitate discussion. The results of the evaluations are reviewed and discussed in executive sessions of the committees and the board of directors.

Director Resignation Upon Change of Job Responsibility

Our corporate governance guidelines require a director to tender his or her resignation after a material change in job responsibility. In 2017, Mr.€Everist submitted his resignation in connection with the sale by The Everist Company of its aggregate, concrete, and asphalt production interests. After considering his background, experience on the board, skills and character, and contribution to the company in light of the company•s business and structure, the board determined Mr. Everist•s resignation should not be accepted.

Majority Voting in Uncontested Director Elections

Our corporate governance guidelines require that in uncontested elections (those where the number of nominees does not exceed the number of directors to be elected), director nominees must receive the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast to be elected to our board of directors. Contested director elections (those where the number of director nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected) are governed by a plurality of the vote of shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting.

The board has adopted a director resignation policy for incumbent directors in uncontested elections. Any proposed nominee for re-election as a director shall, before he or she is nominated to serve on the board, tender to the board his or her irrevocable resignation that will be effective, in an uncontested election of directors only, upon (i) such nominee*s receipt of a greater number of votes ,against *f* election than votes ,for *f* election at our annual meeting of stockholders; and (ii) acceptance of such resignation by the board of directors.

Director Overboarding Policy

Our bylaws and corporate governance guidelines state that a director may not serve on more than three public company boards, including the company•s board. Currently, all of our directors are in compliance of this policy.

Board Refreshment

The company regularly evaluates the need for board refreshment. The nominating and governance committee and the board are focused on identifying individuals whose skills and experiences will enable them to make meaningful contributions to shaping the company•s business strategy. As part of its consideration of director succession, the nominating and governance committee from time to time reviews, including when considering potential candidates, the appropriate skills and characteristics required of board members. The board believes it is important to consider diversity of skills, expertise, race, ethnicity, gender, age, education, cultural background, and professional experiences in evaluating board candidates for expected contributions to an effective board. Independent directors may not serve on the board beyond the next annual meeting of stockholders after attaining the age of 76. We believe the current retirement age allows us to benefit from long-serving directors, including their industry expertise, institutional knowledge, historical perspective, stability, and comfort with challenging company management, while maintaining our ability to refresh the board through the addition of new members. In connection with our mandatory retirement for directors, A. Bart Holaday will retire as a director at the completion of his current term at the 2018 annual meeting, and two additional directors will retire in 2019.

Prohibitions on Hedging/Pledging Company Stock

The director compensation policy prohibits directors from hedging their ownership of common stock, pledging company stock as collateral for a loan, or holding company stock in an account that is subject to a margin call.

Code of Conduct

We have a code of conduct and ethics, which we refer to as the Leading With Integrity Guide. It applies to all directors, officers, and employees.

We intend to satisfy our disclosure obligations regarding amendments to, or waivers of, any provision of the code of conduct that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and principal accounting officer and that relates to any element of the code of ethics definition in Regulation S-K, Item 406(b), and waivers of the code of conduct for our directors or executive officers, as required by NYSE listing standards, by posting such information on our website.

Corporate Governance Materials

Stockholders can see our bylaws, corporate governance guidelines, board committee charters, and Leading With Integrity Guide on our website.

Corporate Governance Materials	Website
Bylaws	http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/guidelines-and-bylaws
Corporate Governance Guidelines	http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/guidelines-and-bylaws
··· Board Committee Charters for the Audit, Compensation, and Nominating and Governance Committees	http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/board-charters-and-committees
Leading With Integrity Guide	http://www.mdu.com/docs/default-source/governance/leadingwithintegrity.pdf

Related Person Transaction Disclosure

The board of directors• policy for the review of related person transactions is contained in our corporate governance guidelines. The policy provides that the audit committee review any transaction, arrangement or relationship, or series thereof:

- ... in which we are or will be a participant;
- ... the amount involved exceeds \$120,000; and
- ... a related person has or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

The purpose of this review is to determine whether this transaction is in the best interests of the company.

Related persons are directors, director nominees, executive officers, holders of 5% or more of our voting stock, and their immediate family members. Related persons are required promptly to report to our general counsel all proposed or existing related person transactions in which they are involved.

If our general counsel determines that the transaction is required to be disclosed under the SEC rules, the general counsel furnishes the information to the chair of the audit committee. After its review, the committee makes a determination or a recommendation to the board and officers of the company with respect to the related person transaction. Upon receipt of the committee recommendation, the board of directors or officers, as the case may be, take such action as they deem appropriate in light of their responsibilities under applicable laws and regulations.

We had no related person transactions in 2017.

COMPENSATION OF NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS

Director Compensation f2017

MDU Resources• non-employee directors are compensated for their service according to the MDU Resources Group Inc. Director Compensation Policy. Only one employee, David L. Goodin, the company•s president and chief executive officer, serves as a director. Mr.€Goodin receives no additional compensation for his service on the board. Director compensation is reviewed annually by the compensation committee with analysis provided by an independent consultant in odd numbered years and analysis prepared by the company•s human resources department in even numbered years. Willis Towers Watson provided the director compensation analysis for 2017. The analysis included research on market trends in director compensation as well as a review of director compensation practices of our peer group companies. Based on the analysis, the compensation committee recommended and the board approved at the May 2017 meeting, an increase to the annual base cash retainer from \$65,000 to \$70,000 effective June 1, 2017. In addition, the 2017 annual stock grant for the non-executive chair of the board was increased from \$110,000 to \$145,000. No changes were made to the annual stock grants to other directors or to the additional cash retainers for the non-executive chair of the board or the chairs of the board committees. The following table outlines the compensation paid to our non-employee directors for 2017.

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)¹	All Other Compensation (\$) ²	Total (\$)
Thomas Everist	77,917	110,000	83	188,000
Karen B. Fagg	77,917	110,000	83	188,000
Mark A. Hellerstein	67,917	110,000	83	178,000
A. Bart Holaday	67,917	110,000	83	178,000
Dennis W. Johnson	82,917	110,000	1,083	194,000
William E. McCracken	67,917	110,000	83	178,000
Patricia L. Moss	67,917	110,000	1,083	179,000
Harry J. Pearce	157,917	145,000	83	303,000
John K. Wilson	67,917 ³	110,000	83	178,000

Each director received an annual retainer of \$110,000 in company common stock except the non-executive chair who received \$145,000 in company common stock pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Non-Employee Director Stock Compensation Plan or the Non-Employee Director Longrift Incentive Compensation Plan.€The amount shown for each director, except Mr. Pearce, represents the aggregate grant date fair value of 4,091 shares of MDU Resources Group, Inc. common stock. The amount shown for Mr. Pearce who serves as our non-executive chair of the board represents the aggregate grant date fair value of 5,393 shares of MDU Resources Group, Inc. common stock. All shares are measured in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) generally accepted accounting principles for stock-based compensation in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. The€grant date fair value is based on the purchase price of our common stock on the grant date of November 21, 2017, which was \$26.88 per share. The€amount paid in cash for fractional shares was \$21.65 to each director and \$19.98 to our non-executive chair of the board and is included in the amount reported in the stock awards column to this table.€As of December€31, 2017, there are no outstanding stock awards or options associated with the€Non-Employee Director Stock Compensation Plan or the Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan.€

Includes group life insurance premiums and charitable donations made on behalf of the director as applicable.

³ Mr. Wilson elected to receive shares of our common stock in lieu of his cash retainer pursuant to the Director Compensation Policy and the Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan.€The amount shown includes 2,451 shares of our common stock purchased on December 6, 2017, at \$27.70 per share.

The following table shows the cash and stock retainers payable to our non-employee directors.

	/lay 31, 2017	June 1, 2017
Base Cash Retainer	\$ 65,000	70,000
Additional Cash Retainers:		
Non-Executive Chair	90,000	90,000
Audit Committee Chair	15,000	15,000
Compensation Committee Chair	10,000	10,000
Nominating and Governance Committee Chair	10,000	10,000
Annual Stock Grant - Directors	110,000	110,000
Annual Stock Granf - Non-Executive Chair	145,0	000

The annual stock grant is a grant of shares equal in value to \$110,000.

There are no meeting fees paid to directors.

Other Compensation

In addition to liability insurance, we maintain group life insurance in the amount of \$100,000 on each non-employee director for the benefit of each director*s beneficiaries during the time each director serves on the board. The annual cost per director is \$82.80. Directors who contribute to the company*s Good Government Fund may designate up to two charities to receive a matching donation from the MDU Resources Foundation based on their contributions to the fund. Directors are reimbursed for all reasonable travel expenses, including spousal expenses in connection with attendance at meetings of the board and its committees. Perquisites, if any, were below the disclosure threshold in 2017.

Effective through

Effective

Deferral of Compensation

Directors may defer all or any portion of the annual cash retainer and any other cash compensation paid for service as a director pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors. Deferred amounts are held as phantom stock with dividend accruals and are paid out in cash over a five-year period after the director leaves the board.

Post-Retirement

Our post-retirement income plan for directors was terminated in May 2001 for current and future directors. The net present value of each director•s benefit was calculated and converted into phantom stock. Payment is deferred pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors and will be made in cash over a five-year period after the director•s retirement from the board.

Stock Ownership Policy

Our director stock ownership policy contained in our corporate governance guidelines requires each director to own our common stock equal in value to five times the director•s annual cash base retainer. Shares acquired through purchases on the open market and participation in our director stock plans are considered in ownership calculations as is ownership of our common stock by a spouse. A director is allowed five years commencing January 1 of the year following the year of that director•s initial election to the board to meet the requirements. The level of common stock ownership is monitored with an annual report made to the compensation committee of the board. All directors are in compliance with the stock ownership policy. For further details on our director•s stock ownership, see the section entitled ,Security Ownership f

The annual stock grant is a grant of shares equal in value to \$145,000.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP

Security Ownership Table

The table below sets forth the number of shares of our common stock that each director and each nominee for director, each current named executive officer, and all directors and executive officers as a group owned beneficially as of February 28, 2018. Unless otherwise indicated, each person has sole investment and voting power (or share such power with his or her spouse) of the shares noted.

	Common Shares	_	Post-Retirement and/or
Nomé	Beneficially Owned	Percent	Deferred Director Fees
Namé		of Class	Held as Phantom Stoêk
David C. Barney	24,604 ^{3,4}	*	‡
Thomas Everist	857,549	*	33,952
Karen B. Fagg	67,086	*	‡
David L. Goodin	176,336 ³	*	‡
Mark A. Hellerstein	19,857	*	11,485
A. Bart Holaday	65,002	*	11,485
Dennis W. Johnson	86,248 5	*	‡
Nicole A. Kivisto	41,196 ^{3,6}	*	‡
William E. McCracken	19,857	*	‡
Patricia L. Moss	78,525	*	‡
Harry J. Pearce	241,278	*	55,824
Jeffrey S. Thiede	21,719 ³	*	‡
Jason L. Vollmer	6,019 ³	*	‡
John K. Wilson	125,458	*	‡
All directors and executive officers as a group (19 in number)	1,906,649	0.98 %	112,746

Less than one percent of the class. Percent of class is calculated based on 195,304,376 outstanding shares as of February 28, 2018.

We prohibit our directors and executive officers from hedging their ownership of company common stock. They may not enter into transactions that allow them to benefit from devaluation of our stock or otherwise own stock technically but without the full benefits and risks of such ownership.

Directors, executive officers, and related persons are prohibited from holding our common stock in a margin account, with certain exceptions, or pledging company securities as collateral for a loan. Company common stock may be held in a margin brokerage account only if the stock is explicitly excluded from any margin, pledge, or security provisions of the customer agreement. Company common stock may be held in a cash account, which is a brokerage account that does not allow any extension of credit on securities. Related person f means an executive officer or director spouse, minor child, and any person (other than a tenant or domestic employee) sharing the household of a director or executive officer, as well as any entities over which a director or executive officer exercises control.

The table includes the ownership of all current directors, director nominees, current named executive officers, and other executive officers of the company without naming them. The table does not include stock ownership information for Mr. Martin Fritz who resigned effective May 23, 2017; Mr.€Dennis Haider who retired on June 12, 2017; and Mr. Doran Schwartz who resigned effective September 29, 2017.

² Reported shares are not included in the ,Common Shares Beneficially Owned *f* column. Phantom stock includes the value of post-retirement benefits for directors on the board prior to May 2001 when the post-retirement income plan for directors was terminated and the value of any cash compensation deferred pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors. Post-retirement and deferred amounts are held as phantom stock with dividend accruals and are paid out in cash over a five-year period after the director leaves the board.

Includes full shares allocated to the officer s account in our 401(k) retirement plan.

⁴ The total includes 687 shares owned by Mr. Barney•s spouse.

⁵ Mr. Johnson disclaims all beneficial ownership of the 163 shares owned by his spouse.

The total includes 531 shares owned by Ms. Kivisto•s spouse.

Based on information from company records or filings with the SEC, the table below shows information regarding the beneficial ownership of more than five percent of any class of our voting securities.

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Common Stock	The Vanguard Group 100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	21,720,106	11.12%
Common Stock	BlackRock, Inc. 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055	16,450,816 ²	8.40%
Common Stock	Parnassus Investments 1 Market Street, Suite 1600 San Francisco, CA 94105	15,215,391 ³	7.79%
Common Stock	State Street Corporation State Street Financial Center One Lincoln Street	11,669,385 4	5.97%

Based solely on the Schedule 13G, Amendment No. 6, filed on February 9, 2018, The Vanguard Group reported sole dispositive power with respect to 21,608,438 shares, shared dispositive power with respect to 111,668 shares, sole voting power with respect to 102,120 shares, and shared voting power with respect to 22,519 shares. These shares include 87,969 shares beneficially owned by Vanguard Fiduciary Trust Company, a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Vanguard Group, Inc., as a result of its serving as investment manager of collective trust accounts, and 36,670 shares beneficially owned by Vanguard Investments Australia, Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Vanguard Group, Inc., as a result of its serving as investment manager of Australian investment offerings.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires officers, directors, and holders of more than 10% of our common stock file reports of their trading in our equity securities with the SEC. Based solely on a review of Forms 3, 4, and 5, and any amendments to these forms furnished to us during and with respect to 2017, or written representations that no Forms 5 were required, we believe that all such reports were timely filed.

Based solely on the Schedule 13G, Amendment No. 8, filed on January 25, 2018, BlackRock, Inc. reported sole voting power with respect to 15,513,498 shares and sole dispositive power with respect to 16,450,816 shares as the parent holding company or control person of BlackRock Life Limited, BlackRock Advisors, LLC, BlackRock (Netherlands) B.V., BlackRock Institutional Trust Company, National Association, BlackRock Asset Management Ireland Limited, BlackRock Financial Management, Inc., BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd., BlackRock Asset Management Schweiz AG, BlackRock Investment Management, LLC, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, BlackRock Asset Management Canada Limited, BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited, BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited, BlackRock Fund Advisors, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, and BlackRock Fund Managers Ltd.

Based solely on the Schedule 13G, Amendment No. 3, filed on February 12, 2018, Parnassus Investments reported sole voting and dispositive power with respect to 15,215,391 shares.

⁴ Based solely on the Schedule 13G, filed on February 14, 2018, State Street Corporation reported shared voting and dispositive power with respect to 11,669,385 shares as the parent holding company or control person of State Street Bank and Trust Company, SSGA Funds Management, Inc., State Street Global Advisors Trust Company, State Street Global Advisors Asia LTD, State Street Global Advisors Singapore LTD., State Street Global Advisors Limited, and State Street Global Advisors GmbH.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

ITEM 2. ADVISORY VOTE TO APPROVE THE COMPENSATION PAID TO THE COMPANY S NAMED EX

In accordance with Section 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 14a-21(a), we are asking our stockholders to approve, in an advisory vote, the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K. As discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, our compensation committee and board of directors believe that our current executive compensation program directly links compensation of our named executive officers to our financial performance and aligns the interests of our named executive officers with those of our stockholders. Our compensation committee and board of directors also believe that our executive compensation program provides our named executive officers with a balanced compensation package that includes an appropriate base salary along with competitive annual and long-term incentive compensation targets. These incentive programs are designed to reward our named executive officers on both an annual and long-term basis if they attain specified goals.

Our overall compensation program and philosophy is built on a foundation of these guiding principles:

- ... we pay for performance, with over 60% of our 2017 total target direct compensation for our current named executive officers in the form of performance-based incentive compensation;
- ... we review competitive compensation data for our named executive officers, to the extent available, and incorporate internal equity in the final determination of target compensation levels;
- ... we align executive compensation and performance by using annual performance incentives based on criteria that are important to stockholder value, including earnings, earnings per share, and return on invested capital; and
- ... we align executive compensation and performance by using long-term performance incentives based on total stockholder return relative to our peer group.

We are asking our stockholders to indicate their approval of our named executive officer compensation as disclosed in this Proxy Statement, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the executive compensation tables, and narrative discussion. This vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our named executive officers for 2017. Accordingly, the following resolution is submitted for stockholder vote at the 2018 annual meeting:

,RESOLVED, that the compensation paid to the company•s named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, compensation tables, and narrative discussion of this Proxy Statement, is hereby approved.

As this is an advisory vote, the results will not be binding on the company, the board of directors, or the compensation committee and will not require us to take any action. The final decision on the compensation of our named executive officers remains with our compensation committee and our board of directors, although our board and compensation committee will consider the outcome of this vote when making future compensation decisions. We intend to hold this advisory vote every year until at least the next stockholder advisory vote on the frequency of this vote.

The board of directors recommends a vote ,for f the approval, on a non-binding advisory basis, of the compensation of the company s named executive officers, as disclosed in this Proxy Statement.

Approval of the compensation of our named executive officers requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the proposal. Abstentions will count as votes against this proposal. Broker non-vote shares are not entitled to vote on this proposal and, therefore, are not counted in the vote.

INFORMATION CONCERNING EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

At the first meeting of the board after the annual meeting of stockholders, our board of directors elects our executive officers, who serve until their successors are chosen and qualify. A majority of our board of directors may remove any executive officer at any time. Information concerning our executive officers, including their ages as of December 31, 2017, present corporate positions, and business experience during the past five years, is as follows:

Name	Age	Present Corporate Position and Business Experience
David L. Goodin	56	Mr. Goodin was elected president and chief executive officer of the company and a director effective January 4, 2013. For more information about Mr. Goodin, see the section entitled , Item€1. Election of Directors <i>f</i>
David C. Barney	62	Mr. Barney was elected president and chief executive officer of Knife River Corporation effective April 30, 2013, and president effective January 1, 2012.
Stephanie A. Barth	45	Ms. Barth was elected vice president, chief accounting officer and controller effective September 30, 2017. Prior€to that, she was controller of the company effective May 30, 2016, vice president, treasurer and chief accounting officer of WBI Holdings, Inc. effective January 1, 2015, controller of WBI Holdings, Inc. effective September€30, 2013, and director financial planning & reporting of WBI Holdings, Inc. effective December 22, 2008.
Trevor J. Hastings	44	Mr. Hastings was elected president and chief executive officer of WBI Holdings, Inc. effective October 16, 2017. Prior to that, he was vice president-business development and operations support of Knife River Corporation effective January 11, 2012.
Anne M. Jones	54	Ms. Jones was elected vice president-human resources effective January 1, 2016. Prior to that, she was vice president-human resources, customer service, and safety at Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, and Intermountain Gas Company effective July 1, 2013, and director of human resources for Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. effective June 2008.
Nicole A. Kivisto	44	Ms. Kivisto was elected president and chief executive officer of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, and Intermountain Gas Company effective January 9, 2015. Prior to that, she was vice president of operations for Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. effective January 3, 2014, and vice president, controller and chief accounting officer for the company effective February 17, 2010.
Daniel S. Kuntz	64	Mr. Kuntz was elected vice president, general counsel and secretary effective January 1, 2017. Prior to that, he was general counsel and secretary effective January 9, 2016, associate general counsel effective April 1, 2007, and assistant secretary effective August€17, 2007.
Margaret (Peggy) A. Link	51	Ms. Link was elected vice president and chief information officer effective December 1, 2017. Prior to that, she was chief information officer effective January 1, 2016, assistant vice president-technology and cybersecurity officer effective January 1, 2015, and director shared IT services effective June 2, 2009.
Jeffrey S. Thiede	55	Mr. Thiede was elected president and chief executive officer of MDU Construction Services Group, Inc. effective April 30, 2013, and president effective January 1, 2012.
Jason L. Vollmer	40	Mr. Vollmer was elected vice president, chief financial officer and treasurer effective September€30, 2017. Prior to that, he was vice president, chief accounting officer and treasurer effective March 19, 2016, treasurer and director of cash and risk management effective November€29, 2014, manager of treasury services and risk management effective June 30, 2014, and manager of treasury services, cash and risk management effective April€11, 2011.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes how our named executive officers were compensated for 2017 and how their 2017 compensation aligns with our pay for performance philosophy. It also describes the oversight of the compensation committee and the rationale and processes used to determine the 2017 compensation of our named executive officers including the objectives and specific elements of our compensation program.

The Compensation Discussion and Analysis may contain statements regarding corporate performance targets and goals. The targets and goals are disclosed in the limited context of our compensation programs and should not be understood to be statements of managements expectations or estimates of results or other guidance. We specifically caution investors not to apply these statements to other contexts.

Our Named Executive Officers for 2017 were:

David L. Goodin President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Jason L. Vollmer Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Treasurer

David C. Barney President and Chief Executive Officer - Construction Materials and Contracting Segment

Jeffrey S. Thiede President and Chief Executive Officer - Construction Services Segment

Nicole A. Kivisto President and Chief Executive Officer - Electric and Natural Gas Distribution Segments

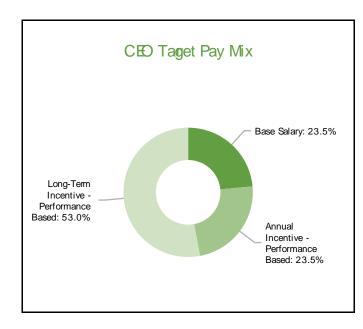
Doran N. Schwartz Former Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Schwartz resigned his position effective September 29, 2017.

Executive Summary

Pay for Performance

To ensure management in interests are aligned with those of our stockholders and the performance of the company, over 75% of the CEO is target compensation and over 60% of the other current named executive officers target compensation is dependent on the achievement of company performance targets. The charts below show the target pay mix for the CEO and average target pay mix of the other current named executive officers, including base salary and the annual and long-term at-risk performance incentives.





Annual Base Salary

We provide our executive officers with base salary at a sufficient level to attract, recruit, and retain executives with the knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary to successfully execute their job responsibilities. Consistent with our compensation philosophy of linking pay to performance, our executives receive a relative smaller percentage of their overall target compensation in the form of base salary. In establishing base salaries, the compensation committee considers each executive•s individual performance, the scope and complexities of their responsibilities, internal equity, and whether the executive•s base salary is competitive as measured against the base salaries of similarly situated executives in our peer group and market compensation data.

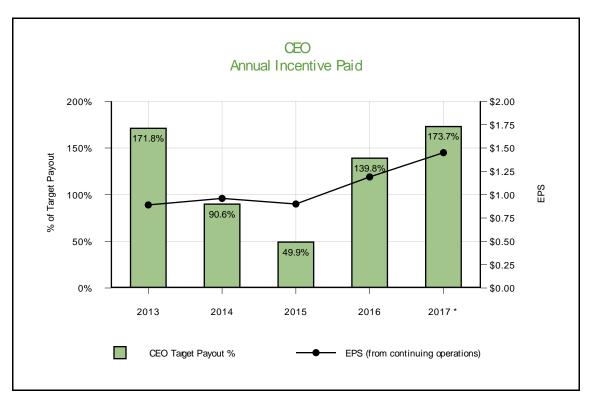
Annual Cash Incentive Awards

Annual cash incentive awards for our executive officers are linked to performance by rewarding achievement of operational and financial goals and ensuring our executive officers are focused and accountable for our growth and profitability. The design of the annual cash incentive award opportunities for 2017 was the same as the design used in 2016. Each executive is assigned a target annual incentive award based on a percentage of the executive•s base salary. The actual annual cash incentive realized is determined by multiplying the target award by the payout percentage associated with achievement of the executive•s performance measures.

The compensation committee selected specific business segment financial performance measures for each business segment executive which represented 80% of their annual award opportunity. The other 20% of the business segment executives• annual award opportunity was based on the achievement of overall company earnings per share (EPS). These measures incentivize our business segment executives to focus on the success and performance of their business segment while keeping the overall success of the company in mind.

The annual cash incentive award for corporate executives (including our CEO and CFO) is based on the achievement of each business segment•s performance measures and weighted by each business segment•s invested capital relative to overall company invested capital. The executive•s target award is multiplied by the sum of the weighted achievement percentages for the business segments to derive the executive•s realized annual award. This incentivizes the corporate executives to assist the business segments in their success while still emphasizing overall company performance. See the ,Annual Incentives f section within this Compensation Discussion and Analysis for further details on our company•s annual cash incentive program.

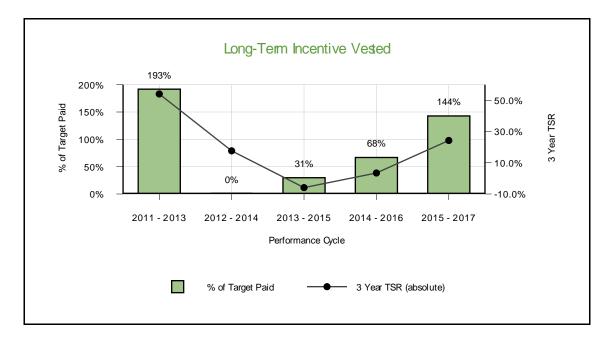
The following chart shows the annual incentive payout of target realized by our CEO with a comparison to earnings per share from continuing operations for the last five years and demonstrates the alignment between our financial performance and realized annual cash incentive compensation.



^{*} MDU Resources Group, Inc. reported 2017 earnings from continuing operations of \$1.45 per share which included a benefit of 20 cents per share attributable to the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into law December 22, 2017. The earnings per share absent the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act benefit is \$1.25.

Long-Term Equity-Based Incentive Awards

Our compensation committee grants long-term incentives to our executives in the form of performance shares which vest into company stock plus dividend equivalents after a three-year period only if certain performance measures are achieved. The performance measure used for our long-term incentives is based on our company•s total stockholder return (TSR) in comparison to that of our peers measured over a three-year period. The following chart depicts the actual vesting percentage for the last five performance cycles and demonstrates the alignment between total return to our stockholders and our realized long-term incentive compensation.



See the ,Long-Term Incentives *f* section within this Compensation Discussion and Analysis for further details on the company•s long-term incentive program.

With the majority of our executive officers compensation dependent on the achievement of performance measures set by the compensation committee, we believe there is substantial alignment between executive pay and the companys performance.

Stockholder Advisory Vote (,Say on Payf)

At our 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, 95.8% of the votes cast on the ,Say on Payf proposal approved the compensation of our named executive officers. The compensation committee viewed the 2017 vote as an expression of the stockholders general satisfaction with the company•s executive compensation programs. The compensation committee reviewed and considered the 2017 vote on ,Say on Payf in setting compensation for 2018 by continuing to link performance-based annual and long-term incentives to company financial performance and shareholder value.

Compensation Practices

Our practices and policies ensure alignment between the interests of our stockholders and our executives as well as effective compensation governance.

What We Do

- Pay for Performance Annual and long-term award incentives tied to performance measures set by the compensation committee comprise the largest portion of executive compensation.
- Independent Compensation Committee All members of the compensation committee meet the independence standards under the New York Stock Exchange listing standards and the Securities and Exchange Commission rules.
- Independent Compensation Consultarithe compensation committee retains an independent compensation consultant to evaluate executive compensation plans and practices.
- Competitive CompensatiorExecutive compensation reflects the executive•s performance, experience, relative value compared to other positions within the company, relationship to competitive market value compensation, the business segment•s economic environment, and the actual performance of the overall company or the executive•s business segment.
- Annual Cash IncentivePayment of annual cash incentive awards are based on business segment and overall company achievement against pre-established financial measures.
- Long-Term Equity Incentive The long-term equity incentive represents 53% of our CEO•s and approximately 33% of our other current named executive officer•s target compensation in the form of performance shares which may be earned based on relative TSR performance measured over a three-year period.
- Annual Compensation Risk Analysis We regularly analyze the risks related to our compensation programs and conduct an annual broad risk assessment.
- Stock Ownership and Retention Requirements ecutive officers are required to own, within five years of appointment or promotion, company common stock equal to a multiple of their base salary. The executive officers must also retain at least 50% of the net after tax shares of stock vested through the long-term incentive plan for the earlier of two years or until termination of employment.
- Clawback Policy If the company•s audited financial statements are restated, the compensation committee may, or shall i required, demand repayment of some or all incentives paid to our executive officers within the last three years.
- Performance Sharewards Purchased at MarketPerformance share awards are purchased on the market to avoid shareholder dilution by issuing authorized but unissued shares.

What We Donet Do

- f Stock Options The company does not use stock options as a form of incentive compensation.
- f Employment AgreementsCurrent executives do not have employment agreements entitling them to specific payments upon a change of control of the company.
- f Perquisites Executives do not receive perquisites which materially differ from those available to employees in general.
- Tax Gross-Ups Executive officers do not receive tax gross-ups on any compensation.
- f Hedge Stock Executives and directors are not allowed to hedge company securities.
- f Pledge Stock Executives and directors are not allowed to pledge company securities in margin accounts or as collateral for loans.
- No Dividends or Dividend Equivalents on Unvested Shawe do not provide for payment of dividends or dividend equivalents on unvested share awards.

2017 Compensation Framework

Objectives of our Compensation Program

We have a written executive compensation policy for our executive officers, including all our named executive officers. Our policy•s stated objectives are to:

- ... recruit, motivate, reward, and retain high performing executive talent required to create superior long-term total stockholder return in comparison to our peer group;
- ... reward executives for short-term performance, as well as for growth in enterprise value over the long-term;
- ... provide a competitive compensation package relative to industry-specific and general industry comparisons and internal equity;
- ... ensure effective utilization and development of talent by working in concert with other management processes for example, performance appraisal, succession planning, and management development; and
- ... ensure that compensation programs do not encourage or reward excessive or imprudent risk taking.

Compensation Decision Process for 2017

For 2017, the compensation committee made recommendations to the board of directors regarding compensation of all executive officers, and the board of directors then approved the recommendations. The CEO+s role in the process includes the assessment of executive officer performance and recommending base salaries for the executive officers other than himself. The CEO attended all the compensation committee meetings but was not present during discussions of his compensation. The compensation committee established and approved base salaries and performance measures for the annual and long-term incentive compensation for 2017. They also certified the achievement of performance measures associated with annual and long-term incentive compensation.

At least every two years, the compensation committee hires an independent consulting firm to assess and recommend competitive pay levels, including base salaries and incentive compensation associated with executive officer positions. Typically the consulting firm conducts its analysis in even numbered years. In odd numbered years, the assessment is performed by the company•s human resources department using a variety of industry specific sources. In August 2016, Willis Towers Watson prepared the analysis of and provided recommendations for the 2017 compensation structure.

Components of Compensation

The components of our executive officer•s compensation are selected to drive financial and operational results as well as align the executive officer•s interests with those of our stockholders. The components of our executive compensation include:

Component	Payments	Purpose	How Determined	How it Links to Performance
Base Salary	Assured	Provides sufficient, regularly paid income to recruit and retain executives with the knowledge, skills, and abilities necessary to successfully execute their job responsibilities.	Based on recommendation from the CEO for executives other than himself and analysis of peer company and industry compensation information.	Base salary is a means to attract and retain talented executives capable of driving success and performance.
Annual Cash Incentive	Performance Based At Risk	Provides an opportunity to earn annual incentive compensation to ensure focus on annual financial and operating results and to be competitive from a total renumeration standpoint.	Annual cash incentives are calculated as a€percentage of base salary with payout based on the achievement of€multiple performance measures established by the compensation committee.	Annual incentive performance measures are tied to the achievement of financial goals aimed to drive the success of the company.
Performance Shares	Performance Based At Risk	Provides an opportunity to earn long-term compensation to ensure focus on stockholder return and to be competitive from a total renumeration standpoint.	Performance share award opportunities are calculated as a percentage of base salary with vesting based on the companyes total stockholder return over a three-year period in comparison to the companyes peer group.	Fosters ownership in company stock and aligns the executive•s interests with those of the stockholder in increasing stockholder value.

Allocation of Total Target Compensation for 2017

Total target compensation consists of base salary plus target annual and long-term incentive compensation. Performance-based compensation accounts for over 75% of our CEO•s and on average approximately 60% of our other current named executive officers• total target compensation. Incentive compensation, which consists of annual cash incentive and three-year performance share award opportunities, comprises the largest portion of our named executive officers• total target compensation because:

- ... our named executive officers are in positions to drive, and therefore bear high levels of responsibility for our corporate performance;
- ... incentive compensation is dependent upon our performance;
- ... incentive compensation helps ensure focus on performance measures that are aligned with our overall strategy; and
- ... the interests of the named executive officers are aligned with those of stockholders by making a significant portion of their target compensation contingent upon results beneficial to stockholders.

To foster and reward long-term growth, the compensation committee generally allocates a higher percentage of total target compensation to the target long-term incentive than to the target annual incentive for our higher level executives because they are in a better position to influence our long-term performance. The long-term incentive awards, if earned by achieving performance measures, are paid in company common stock. These awards, combined with our stock retention requirements and our stock ownership policy, promote ownership of our stock by the executive officers. The compensation committee believes, as stockholders, the executive officers will be motivated to deliver results that build value for all stockholders over the long term.

Peer Group

The compensation committee evaluates the company•s compensation plan and its performance relative to a group of peer companies in determining compensation and the vesting of long-term incentive compensation. The companies included in our peer group are evaluated every year and are selected to be representative of the industries in which we operate. Questar was removed from our peer group for 2017 due to its acquisition by Dominion Energy. The following chart depicts the companies included in our 2017 peer group.

2017 Peer Companies

Regulated Energy Delivery	Construction Materials and Services
ALLETE, Inc.	EMCOR Group, Inc.
Alliant Energy Corporation	Granite Construction Incorporated
Atmos Energy Corporation	IES Holdings, Inc.
Avista Corporation	Martin Marietta Materials, Inc.
Black Hills Corporation	MYR Group, Inc.
IDACORP, Inc.	Quanta Services, Inc.
National Fuel Gas Company	Sterling Construction Company, Inc.
Northwest Natural Gas Company	U.S. Concrete, Inc.
NorthWestern Corporation	Vulcan Materials Company
Vectren Corporation	

2017 Compensation for Our Named Executive Officers

2017 Salary and Incentive Targets

At its November 2016 meeting, the compensation committee considered the company•s financial performance, return on invested capital for the company and individual business segments, the compensation report prepared and presented by Willis Towers Watson at its August 2016 meeting, executive performance appraisals, each executive•s tenure in position, and input and recommendations from the CEO and human resources department, in approving base salaries for the named executive officers for 2017. Mr. Goodin was not present during the portion of the meeting where the compensation committee discussed and approved the president and CEO base salary for 2017. At its February 2017 meeting, the compensation committee approved the annual and long-term incentive opportunities for our named executive officers. The following information relates to each named executive officer•s base salary, target cash annual incentive, target long-term incentive, and total direct compensation:

David L. Goodin	2017 (\$)	Compensation Component as€a€% of Base Salary
Base Salary	792,750	n/a
Target Annual Incentive Opportunity	792,750	100%
Target Long-Term Incentive Opportunity	1,783,688	225 %
Target Total Potential Direct Compensation	3,369,188	425 %

The Compensation Committee increased Mr. Goodin•s base salary by 5% for 2017 based on his and the company•s performance in 2016. No changes were made to Mr. Goodin•s annual or long-term incentive targets as a percentage of base salary for 2017.

Jason L. Vollmer	2017 (\$)	Compensation Component as€a€% of Base Salary
Base Salary	350,000	n/a
Target Annual Incentive Opportunity	132,981	38%
Target Long-Term Incentive Opportunity	112,750	32%
Target Total Potential Direct Compensation	595,731	170%

Upon his promotion on September 30, 2017, Mr.€Vollmer•s base salary was set at \$350,000 with an annual incentive target of 65% of his base salary. For 2017, Mr. Vollmer•s base salary and annual cash incentive were prorated for the period of time in his position. Due to the timing of Mr. Vollmer•s promotion, the target long-term incentive opportunity for 2017 was not changed and is based on 50% of Mr. Vollmer•s base salary prior to promotion.

David C. Barney	2017 (\$)	Compensation Component as€a€% of Base Salary
Base Salary	427,140	n/a
Target Annual Incentive Opportunity	320,355	75%
Target Long-Term Incentive Opportunity	384,426	90%
Target Total Potential Direct Compensation	1,131,921	265 %

Mr. Barney received a 5% increase in base salary for 2017 due to his success in management of the construction materials and contracting segment to a record year of earnings in 2016. For 2017, the compensation committee maintained Mr. Barney•s target annual incentive opportunity at 75% of his base salary but increased his long-term incentive opportunity from 80% to 90% to be consistent with the other business unit presidents and to be competitive with construction industry peers.

Jeffrey S. Thiede	2017 (\$)	Compensation Component as€a€% of Base Salar
Base Salary	437,750	n/a
Target Annual Incentive Opportunity	328,313	75%
Target Long-Term Incentive Opportunity	393,975	90%
Target Total Potential Direct Compensation	1,160,038	265 %

Mr. Thiede received a 3% increase in his base salary for 2017 in recognition of his successful management of the construction services segment during 2016. For 2017, the compensation committee maintained Mr.€Thiede•s target annual cash incentive opportunity at 75% of base salary but increased his long-term incentive opportunity from 80% to 90% to be consistent with the other business unit presidents and to be consistent with construction industry peers.

Nicole A. Kivisto	2017 (\$)	Compensation Component as€a€% of Base Salary
Base Salary	378,000	n/a
Target Annual Incentive Opportunity	245,700	65%
Target Long-Term Incentive Opportunity	340,200	90%
Target Total Potential Direct Compensation	963,900	255 %

Ms. Kivisto received a base salary increase of 18% reflecting her success and management of the electric and natural gas distribution segments in 2016, her tenure within her position, and internal equity. No changes were made to her target annual and long-term incentive opportunities as a percentage of base salary for 2017.

Doran N. Schwartz	2017 (\$)	Compensation Component as€a€% of Base Salary
Base Salary	391,500	n/a
Target Annual Incentive Opportunity	254,475	65%
Target Long-Term Incentive Opportunity	352,350	90%
Target Total Potential Direct Compensation	998,325	255 %

Mr. Schwartz received a 3% increase in base salary to reflect his successful management of the€accounting and finance areas of the company during 2016. No changes were made to his target annual or long-term incentive opportunities as a percentage of base salary for 2017. Mr.€Schwartz resigned his position on September 29, 2017, and as a result he was not eligible to receive an annual cash or long-term incentive award payment for 2017.

Annual Incentives

Annual incentive awards are determined for business segment executives by the achievement of specific performance measures selected by the compensation committee including financial performance measures specific to each business segment and a performance measure based on overall company EPS. For corporate executives, annual incentive awards are determined as the sum of the weighted portion of the percentage award payout of each business segment based upon achievement of its performance measures and weighted by the business segment*s invested capital relative to the overall company invested capital. Through this, our business segment executives are incentivized to primarily focus on the success and performance of their business segment while keeping the overall financial success of the company in mind, whereas our corporate executives are incentivized to assist in the success and performance of all lines of business.

The compensation committee considered and selected financial performance measures to ensure that compensation to the executives reflects the success of their respective business segments and the company as well as value provided to our stockholders. Each business segment president pres

Measure	Applies to	Purpose	Measurement	Target	Weight	How Target was Selected
MDU Resources Diluted Adjusted Earnings per Share (EPS)	All the Business Segment Presidents	EPS is a generally accepted accounting principle (GAAP) measurement and is a key driver of stockholder return. This goal applies to the presidents of all business segments to engage them as members of the company•s Management Policy Committee in the overall success of the company.	GAAP EPS (diluted) before discontinued operations plus any operations discontinued after December 31, 2016 and adjusted to remove: - the effect on earnings from losses on asset sales/dispositions preapproved by the board, - the effect on earnings from withdrawal liabilities relating to multi-employer pension plans, - the effect on earnings from any acquisitions, mergers, or divestitures initiated in 2017, and - the effect on earnings from amendments to the United States tax code adopted in 2017.	\$1.15	20%	Target reflects anticipated EPS performance within the range of guidance for 2017 while also being higher than 2016 target and actual results.
Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)	Electric and Natural Gas Distribution Segments President	Provides a measure of how effective the business segment uses its capital and generates a return from its capital. These segments are primarily regulated	Business segment earnings, without regard to after tax interest expense and preferred stock dividends divided by the business segment*s average capitalization for the calendar year.		40%	Target reflects returns necessary to achieve the segments• risk adjusted capital costs while also being higher than 2016 target and actual results in expectation of regulatory rate relief for major capital investments made in 2015.
	Pipeline and Midstream Segment Investment. ROIC is important in providing a return to our stockholders.		6.0%	40%	Target reflects returns necessary to achieve the segment•s risk adjusted capital costs while also being higher than the 2016 target but lower than the 2016 actual results in recognition of lower expected revenues in 2017 resulting from the sale of the Pronghorn gas processing plant.	
Business Segment Earnings	Segment Gas Distribution financial performance.	GAAP business segment earnings adjusted to exclude: - the effect on earnings from losses on asset sales/dispositions pre-	\$77.7 million	40%	Target reflects earnings necessary to achieve the segments• risk adjusted capital costs while also being higher than 2016 target and actual results.	
	Pipeline and Midstream Segment President		approved by the board, - the effect on earnings from	\$18.0 million	40%	Target reflects earnings necessary to achieve the segment*s risk adjusted capital costs while lower than 2016 target and actual results in recognition of lower expected earnings in 2017 resulting from the sale of the Pronghorn gas processing plant.
	Construction Materials and Contracting Segment President	\$63.6 million	80%	Target reflects earnings necessary to achieve the segment's risk adjusted capital costs and higher than 2016 target but lower than 2016 actual results in recognition that factors contributing to the segment's record success in 2015 and 2016, such as favorable weather, may not be repeated in 2017.		
	Construction Services Segment President			\$28.1 million	80%	Target reflects earnings above that necessary to achieve the segment*s risk adjusted capital costs but lower than 2016 target and actual earnings in recognition of the segment*s expectation for growth but offset by the loss of earnings from solar generation projects completed in 2016.

Actual performance results are compared to target performance measures to arrive at a percent of target achieved. The percent of target achieved is translated into a payout percentage of the target award opportunity with 100% achievement of a performance measure corresponding to a payout equal to the target annual award opportunity. Receipt of a payout requires threshold achievement of a performance measure which varies by business segment. For the company EPS performance measure, as well as the regulated energy delivery companies• business segment performance measures, threshold payout requires achievement of 85% of the target performance measure which results in a payout of 25% of the award opportunity. For the construction materials and contracting and construction services business segments• performance measures, threshold payout requires earnings of an amount necessary to achieve a return on invested capital equal to the segment•s risk adjusted capital costs. Maximum payouts also vary by business segment. For the company EPS performance measure, as well as the regulated energy delivery companies• business segment performance measures, maximum payout of 200% of the award opportunity is received if the percent of target achieved is 115% or greater. For the construction materials and contracting business segment performance measure, payout levels of 200%, and a maximum payout level of 250%, is received if earnings achieve returns on invested capital of 11.9% and 12.9%, respectively. For the construction services business segment performance measure, payout levels of 200%, and a maximum payout level of 250%, is received if earnings achieve returns on invested capital of 11.5% and 14.9%, respectively. Results achieved between the payout levels are calculated using linear interpolation.

2017 Annual Performance Incentive Results

The following table shows the 2017 performance measure results, percent of target achieved based on those results, and the associated payout percentages:

Business Segment	Performance Measure	Result	Percent of Performance Measure Achieved	Percent of Award Opportunity Payout	Weight	Weighted Award Opportunity Payout %
All Business Segments	Earnings per Share	\$1.26	109.6 %	163.8 %	20%	32.8 %
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution Segments	Earnings	\$88.0 million	113.3%	188.5%	40%	75.4%
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution Segments	ROIC	5.2%	110.6%	170.9%	40%	68.4%
Dinalina and Midateson Compant	Earnings	\$20.6 million	114.6%	197.8%	40%	79.1%
Pipeline and Midstream Segment	ROIC	7.0%	116.7%	200.0%	40%	80.0%
Construction Materials and Contracting Segment	Earnings	\$81.5 million	128.2 %	147.7 %	80%	118.2 %
Construction Services Segment	Earnings	\$49.0 million	174.6 %	242.1 %	80%	193.7 %

For our corporate named executive officers, namely Messrs. Goodin and Vollmer, the compensation committee continued to base the payout of the annual cash incentives on the achievement of performance measures at the business segments weighted by each business segment•s average invested capital relative to the company•s total invested capital. The compensation committee believes this approach provides alignment between our corporate executives and business segment performance. Messrs.€Goodin•s and Vollmer•s 2017 annual cash incentives were earned at 173.7% of the target award opportunity based on the following proportional weighted sum of the annual business segment payouts:

Business Segment	Column A Business Segment Award Opportunity Payout	Column B Percentage of Average Invested Capital	Column A x Column B
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution	176.6 %	60.3 %	106.5 %
Pipeline and Midstream	191.9 %	8.6%	16.5 %
Construction Materials and Contracting	151.0 %	22.0 %	33.2 %
Construction Services	192.8 %	9.1%	17.5 %
Total Payout Percentage			173.7 %

¹ For purposes of calculating the annual incentive payouts for corporate executives, the award opportunity payout associated with the earnings performance measure for the construction services segment was limited to 200%, which resulted in an unweighted construction services segment award opportunity payout percentage of 192.8% whereas the construction services segment president achieved an award opportunity payout of 226.5%.

Based on the achievement of the performance targets, the named executive officers received the following 2017 annual incentive compensation:

		Annual Incer	ntive Earned
Name	Target Annual Incentive (\$)	Payout as a % of Target (%)	Amount (\$)
David L. Goodin	792,750	173.7	1,377,007
Jason L. Vollmer	132,981	173.7	230,988
David C. Barney	320,355	151.0	483,736
Jeffrey S. Thiede	328,313	226.5	743,629
Nicole A. Kivisto	245,700	176.6	433,906
Doran N. Schwartz	254,475	‡	‡

¹ Mr. Vollmeres target annual incentive is prorated based on three months in his new position as vice president, CFO and treasurer and nine months in his former position as vice president, chief accounting officer and treasurer.

Long-Term Incentives

As in the past, the compensation committee used performance shares as the form of long-term incentive compensation for 2017 and established the company•s total stockholder return as a percentile of the total stockholder return for the peer group companies over a three-year period as the performance measure for vesting of long-term incentive compensation.

Total stockholder return is the percentage change in the value of an investment in the common stock of a company from the closing price on the last trading day in the calendar year preceding the beginning of the performance period through the last trading day in the final year of the performance period. It is assumed that dividends are reinvested in additional shares of common stock at the frequency paid during the performance period. The compensation committee selected total stockholder return as the performance measure because long-term executive incentive compensation should align with our long-term performance in stockholder return as compared to other public companies in our industries.

Depending on our total three-year stockholder return compared to the total three-year stockholder returns of our peer group companies, vesting of performance share award opportunities for our named executive officers can range from 0% to 200% of the target award. Sting of the performance share opportunities will be a function of our rank over the performance period against our peer group companies as delineated in the following table:

The Company•s Peer TSR Percentile Rank	Vesting Percentage of Award Target		
75th or higher	200%		
50th	100%		
25th	20%		
Less than 25th	0%		

Vesting for percentile ranks falling between the intervals is interpolated. If our total stockholder return over the performance period is negative, the shares and dividend equivalents otherwise earned based on the payout percentages above, if any, are reduced in accordance with the following table:

Total Stockholder Return	Reduction in Vesting
0% through -5%	50%
-5.01% through -10%	60%
-10.01% through -15%	70%
-15.01% through -20%	80%
-20.01% through -25%	90%
-25.01% or below	100%

² Mr. Schwartz resigned effective September 29, 2017. As a result, he was not eligible for an annual incentive payment.

Dividend equivalents are paid at the time of settlement in cash based on the number of shares actually vested for the performance period. No dividend equivalents are paid on unvested performance shares.

Actual vesting of performance share awards under the plan over the last five years is shown below:

Performance Period	Vesting Percentage
2015-2017	144%
2014-2016	68%
2013-2015	31%
2012-2014	0%
2011-2013	193%

Results of 2015-2017 Performance Period

Our total stockholder return ranking among the peer group companies prior to our exit from the oil and gas exploration business for the period of January 1, 2015 through November 30, 2015 was 21 out of 24, and the ranking among the peer group companies adjusted for our exit from the oil and gas exploration business for the period of December 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017 was 5 out of 20. This produced a combined percentile ranking of 61% for the 2015-2017 performance period which resulted in a 144% vesting of performance shares and dividend equivalents. The named executive officers received the following long-term compensation for the 2015-2017 performance period:

Name	Target Performance Shares (#)	Performance Shares Vested (#)	Dividend Equivalents (\$)	Value of Shares€and Dividend Equivalents at 12/29/17 (\$)¹
David L. Goodin	72,164	103,916	235,370	3,029,151
Jason L. Vollmer	1,911	2,751	6,231	80,192
David C. Barney	11,745	16,912	38,306	492,985
Jeffrey S. Thiede	12,638	18,198	41,218	530,472
Nicole A. Kivisto	12,234	17,616	39,900	513,506
Doran N. Schwartź	14,528	‡	‡	‡

¹ Based on the average of the high and low hare price at December 29, 2017, which was \$26.885.

2017-2019 Performance Period

On February€15, 2017, for the 2017-2019 performance period, the compensation committee determined the target number of performance shares for each named executive officer by multiplying the named executive officer•s 2017 base salary by a target long-term incentive percentage and then dividing by the average of the closing prices of our stock from January 1 through January 22, 2017, which was \$28.82 per share. Based on this price, the board of directors, upon recommendation of the compensation committee, awarded the following performance share opportunities to the named executive officers:

Name	Base Salary to Determine Target (\$)	Target Long-Term Incentive % (%)	Long-Term Incentive Target (\$)	Performance Share Opportunities (#)
David L. Goodin	792,750	225	1,783,688	61,890
Jason L. Vollmer	225,500	50	112,750	3,912
David C. Barney	427,140	90	384,426	13,338
Jeffrey S. Thiede	437,750	90	393,975	13,670
Nicole A. Kivisto	378,000	90	340,200	11,804
Doran N. Schwartz	391,500	90	352,350	12,225

¹ Based on Mr. Vollmer•s position and salary on the date of grant.

² Mr. Schwartz resigned his position effective September 29, 2017; as a result he forfeited his performance shares.

² Mr. Schwartz•s shares were forfeited upon his resignation effective September 29, 2017.

The named executive officers must retain 50% of the net after-tax performance shares vested pursuant to the long-term incentive award until the earlier of two years from the date the vested shares are issued or the executive•s termination of employment. If the executive•s employment is terminated during the performance period for cause at any time, or for any reason other than cause before the executive has reached age 55 and completed ten years of service, all performance shares and related dividend equivalents are forfeited. The compensation committee may also require the executive officer to retain performance shares net of taxes if the executive has not met the stock ownership requirements under the company•s stock ownership policy for executives.

Other Benefits

The company provides post employment benefit plans and programs in which our named executive officers may be participants. We believe it is important to provide post-employment benefits which approximate retirement benefits paid by other employers to executives in similar positions. The compensation committee periodically reviews the benefits provided to maintain a market-based benefits package. Our named executive officers participated in the following plans during 2017 which are described below:

Plans	David L. Goodin	Jason L. Vollmer	David C. Barney	Jeffrey S. Thiede	Nicole A. Kivisto	Doran N. Schwartz
401(k)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pension	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Supplemental Income Security Plan	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

401(k) Retirement Plan

The named executive officers as well as all employees working a minimum of 1,000 hours per year are eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan and defer annual income up to the IRS limit. The company provides a match up to 3% of the employee•s elected deferral rate. Contributions and the company match are invested in various funds based on the employee•s election including company common stock.

In 2010, the company began offering increased company contributions to our 401(k) plan in lieu of pension plan contributions. For non-bargaining unit employees hired after 2006 or who were not previously participants in the pension plan, the added retirement contribution is 5% of plan eligible compensation. For non-bargaining unit employees hired prior to 2006 and who were participants in the pension plan, the added retirement contributions are based on the employee•s age as of December 31, 2009. The retirement contribution is 11.5% for Mr.€Goodi, 10.5% for Mr.€Schwartz, 9.0% for Ms. Kivisto, 7.0% for Mr. Vollmer, and 5.0% for Messrs. Barney and Thiede. These amounts may be reduced in accordance with the provisions of the 401(k) plan to meet IRS limits.

Pension Plans

Effective in 2006, the defined benefit pension plans were closed to new non-bargaining unit employees and as of December 31, 2009, the defined benefit plans were frozen. For further details regarding the company•s pension plans, please refer to the section entitled Pension Benefits for 2017 .f

Supplemental Income Security Plan

We offer certain key managers and executives benefits under a nonqualified retirement plan, referred to as the Supplemental Income Security Plan (SISP). The SISP provides participants with additional retirement income and death benefits. Effective February 11, 2016, the SISP was amended to exclude new participants to the plan and freeze current benefit levels for existing participants. For further details regarding the company•s SISP, please refer to the section entitled ,Pension Benefits for 2017. f Named executive officers participating in the SISP are Messrs. €Goodin, Barney, and Schwartz, and Ms. Kivisto.

The following table reflects our named executive officers• SISP benefits as of December€31, 2017:

	SISP Benefit	ts
Name	Annual Death Benefit Annua (\$)	Retirement Benefit (\$)
David L. Goodin	552,960	276,480
Jason L. Vollmer	‡	‡
David C. Barney	262,464	131,232
Jeffrey S. Thiede	‡	‡
Nicole A. Kivisto	157,728	78,864
Doran N. Schwartz	262,464	131,232

Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan

The company adopted the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan (NQDCP) effective January 1, 2012, to provide retirement and deferred compensation for a select group of management and other highly compensated employees. €The compensation committee, upon recommendation from the CEO, determines which employees will participate in the NQDCP and the amount of contributions for any year. €After satisfying a vesting requirement for each contribution, distributions will be made in accordance with the terms of the plan. For further details regarding the company•s NQDCP, please refer to the section entitled Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2017. f

For 2017, the compensation committee selected and approved contributions of \$100,000 to Mr. Thiede, \$150,000 to Mr. Barney, and \$22,550 to Mr. Vollmer. The contributions awarded to Messrs. Barney, Thiede, and Vollmer represent 35.18%, 22.84%, and 10% of their base salaries, respectively.

Employment and Severance Agreements

We currently do not have employment or severance agreements with our executives entitling them to specific payments upon termination of employment or a change of control of the company. The compensation committee generally considers providing severance benefits on a case-by-case basis. Any post-employment or change of control benefits available to our executives are addressed within our incentive and retirement plans. Please refer to the section entitled ,Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control f

Compensation Governance

Impact of Tax and Accounting Treatment

The compensation committee may consider the impact of tax and/or accounting treatment in determining compensation.

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code limits the deductibility of certain compensation to \$1 million paid to certain officers as a business expense in any tax year. When the compensation committee made its decisions for 2017 compensation, the tax code provided that compensation that qualified as ,performance-based was excluded from the \$1 million deductibility limit if, among other requirements, the compensation was payable only upon attainment of pre-established, objective performance goals under a plan approved by our stockholders. Legislation signed into law in December 2017 (Tax Reform), however, expanded the number of individuals covered by the Section 162(m) deductibility limit and repealed the exception for performance-based compensation, effective for taxable years beginning after December€31, 2017. Incentive compensation approved by the compensation committee prior to the Tax Reform for our CEO and those executive officers whose overall compensation was likely to exceed \$1 million was generally structured to meet the requirements for deductibility for purposes of Section 162(m). As a result of the Tax Reform, compensation paid to our covered executive officers in excess of \$1 million will not be deductible, unless it qualifies for transition relief applicable to certain arrangements in place as of November 2, 2017.

The compensation committee also considers the accounting and cash flow implications of various forms of executive compensation. We expense salaries and annual incentive compensation as earned. For our equity awards, we record the accounting expense in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board 718, which is generally expensed over the vesting period.

Stock Ownership Requirements

Executives participating in our Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan are required within five years of appointment or promotion into an executive level to own our common stock equal to a multiple of their base salary as outlined in the stock ownership policy. Stock owned through our 401(k) plan or by a spouse is considered in ownership calculations. The level of stock ownership compared to the ownership requirement is determined based on the closing sale price of our stock on the last trading day of the year and base salary at December 31 of the same year. The table shows the named executive officers• holdings as a multiple of their base salary.

Name	Ownership Policy Multiple of Base Salary within 5 Years	Actual Holdings as a Multiple of Base€Salary	Ownership requirement must be met by:
David L. Goodin	4X	6.0	1/1/2018
Jason L. Vollmer	3X	0.4	1/1/2023
David C. Barney	3X	1.5	1/1/2019
Jeffrey S. Thiede	3X	1.3	1/1/2019
Nicole A. Kivisto	3X	2.9	1/1/2020
Doran N. Schwartz	n/a	n/a	n/a
1 Includes stock awards ear	ned net of taxes for the 2015-2017 perform	ance period	

Deferral of Annual Incentive Compensation

We provide executives the opportunity to defer receipt of earned annual incentives. If an executive chooses to defer all or part of an annual incentive, we credit the deferral with interest at a rate determined by the compensation committee. For 2017, the compensation committee chose to use an interest rate of 4.38% based on an average of the Moody•s U.S. Long-Term Corporate Bond Yield Average for ,Af and ,Baaf rated companies. The compensation committee•s reasons for using this interest rate recognized incentive deferrals are a low-cost source of capital for the company and are unsecured obligations and, therefore, carry a higher risk to the executives.

Clawback

In February 2016, we amended our Long-Term Incentive Plan and Executive Incentive Compensation Plan sections regarding the repayment of incentive compensation due to accounting restatements, commonly referred to as a clawback policy. The compensation committee may, or shall if required, take action to recover incentive-based compensation from specific executives in the event the company is required to restate its financial statements due to material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirements under the securities laws.

Policy Regarding Hedging Stock Ownership

Our executive compensation policy prohibits executive officers, which includes our named executive officers, from hedging their ownership of company common stock. Executives may not enter into transactions that allow the executive to benefit from devaluation of our stock or otherwise own stock technically but without the full benefits and risks of such ownership. See the section entitled, Security Ownershipf for our policy on margin accounts and pledging of our stock.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The compensation committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Regulation S-K, Item€402(b), with management. Based on the review and discussions referred to in the preceding sentence, the compensation committee recommended to the board of directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in our Proxy Statement on Schedule€14A.

Thomas Everist, Chair Karen B. Fagg William E. McCracken Patricia L. Moss

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES

Summary Compensation Table 2017

Name and Principal Position (a)	Year (b)	Salary (\$) (c)	Bonus (\$) (d)	Stock Awards (\$) (e)¹	Option Awards (\$) (f)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) (g)	Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) (h) ²	All O Compens		Total (\$) (j)
David L. Goodin	2017	792,750	‡	1,504,546	‡	1,377,007	342,727	40,971	4,058,001	
President and CEO	2016	755,000	‡	1,441,954	‡	1,055,490	218,301	40,246	3,510,991	
	2015	755,000	‡	1,386,992	‡	376,745	‡	39,41	11 2,558,	148
Jason L. Vollmér	2017	256,625	‡	95,101	‡	230,988	3,681	48,156	634,551	
Vice President, CFO and										
Treasurer										
David C. Barney	2017	427,140	‡	324,247	‡	483,736	93,786	173,331	1,502,240	
President and CEO of	2016	406,800	‡	276,232	‡	593,114	77,565	22,905	1,376,616	
Knife River Corporation	2015	395,000	‡	225,739	‡	637,588	9,530	22,556	1,290,413	
Jeffrey S. Thiede	2017	437,750	‡	332,318	‡	743,629	‡	123,16	3 1,636,8	360
President and CEO of	2016	425,000	‡	288,598	‡	489,600	‡	122,70	08 1,325,9	906
MDU Construction	2015	425,000	‡	242,902	‡	161,857	‡	172,50	06 1,002,2	265
Services Group, Inc.										
Nicole A. Kivisté	2017	378,000	‡	286,955	‡	433,906	96,931	33,049	1,228,841	
President and CEO of										
Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.										
Doran N. Schwartz	2017	291,748	‡	297,190	‡	‡	118,256	36,66	5 743,8	59
Former Vice President	2016	380,000	6,175	290,292	‡	345,306	77,084	35,772	1,134,629	
and CFO	2015	380,000	‡	279,228	‡	123,253	‡	35,5	71 818,0	052

Amounts in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value of performance share award opportunities at target calculated in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) generally accepted accounting principles for stock-based compensation in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. This column was prepared assuming none of the awards were or will be forfeited. The amounts were calculated using the Monte Carlo simulation, as described in Note 10 of our audited financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. For 2017, the total aggregate grant date fair value of performance share award opportunities assuming the highest level of payout would be as follows:

Aggregate grant date fair value at highest payout

	Aggregate grant date fair value at highest payo
Name	(\$)
David L. Goodin	3,009,092
Jason L. Vollmer	190,201
David C. Barney	648,494
Jeffrey S. Thiede	664,635
Nicole A. Kivisto	573,910
Doran N. Schwartz	594,380
^a Mr. Schwartz resigned effective Se reported in column e.	eptember 29, 2017. As a result, he forfeited performance shares

² Amounts shown for 2017 represent the change in the actuarial present value for the named executive officers• accumulated benefits under the pension plan, SISP, and Excess SISP, collectively referred to as the ,accumulated pension change, *f* plus above-market earnings on deferred annual incentives as of December 31, 2017.

Name	Accumulated Pensior Change	Above Market Interest (\$)
David L. Goodin	330,392	12,335
Jason L. Vollmer	3,681	‡
David C. Barney	93,786	‡
Nicole A. Kivisto	96,629	302
Doran N. Schwartz	118,256	‡

³ All Other Compensation is comprised of:

Name	401(k) (\$) ^a	Life Insurance Premium (\$)	Matching Charitable Contributions (\$)	Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan (\$)	Total (\$)
David L. Goodin	39,150	621	1,200	‡	40,971
Jason L. Vollmer	24,826	280	500	22,550	48,156
David C. Barney	21,600	531	1,200	150,000	173,331
Jeffrey S. Thiede	21,600	543	1,020	100,000	123,163
Nicole A. Kivisto	32,400	469	180	‡	33,049
Doran N. Schwartz	36,000	365	300	‡	36,665

^a Represents company contributions to the 401(k) plan, which includes matching contributions and retirement contributions made after the pension plans were frozen at December 31, 2009.

^b Mr. Schwartz resigned effective September 29, 2017.

⁴ Mr. Vollmer was promoted to vice president, chief financial officer and treasurer effective September 30, 2017. He appears as a named executive officer for the first time in 2017.

Ms. Kivisto was promoted to president and chief executive officer of the electric and natural gas distribution segments effective January 9, 2015. She appears as a named executive officer for the first time in 2017.

⁶ Mr. Schwartz resigned effective September 29, 2017. As a result, he forfeited performance shares reported in column e.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards 2017

		Payouts	Estimated Future Estimated Future routs Under Non-Equity Payouts Under Equity centive Plan Awards Incentive Plan Awards		Payouts Under Equity			
Name (a)	Grant Date (b)	Threshold (\$) (c)	Target (\$) (d)	Maximum (\$) (e)	Threshold (#) (f)	Target (#) (g)	Maximum (#) (h)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards (\$) (I)
David L. Goodin	2/15/2017	198,188	792,750	1,585,500			_	
	2/15/2017 2				12,378	61,890	123,780	1,504,546
Jason L. Vollmér	2/15/2017	33,245	132,981	265,962				
	2/15/2017				782	3,912	7,824	95,101
David C. Barney	2/15/2017	80,089	320,355	768,852				
	2/15/2017 2				2,668	13,338	26,676	324,247
Jeffrey S. Thiede	2/15/2017	82,078	328,313	787,951				
	2/15/2017 2				2,734	13,670	27,340	332,318
Nicole A. Kivisto	2/15/2017	61,425	245,700	491,400				
	2/15/2017 2				2,361	11,804	23,608	286,955
Doran N. Schwartz	2/15/2017	63,619	254,475	508,950				
	2/15/2017 2				2,445	12,225	24,450	297,190

¹ Annual incentive for 2017 granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan.

Narrative Discussion Relating to the Summary Compensation Table and Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table

Annual Incentive

The compensation committee recommended the 2017 annual incentive award opportunities for our named executive officers and the board approved these opportunities at its meeting on February€15, 2017. The award opportunities at threshold, target, and maximum are reflected in columns (c), (d), and (e), respectively, of the Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table. The actual amount paid with respect to 2017 performance is reflected in column (g) of the Summary Compensation Table.

As described in the ,Annual Incentives f section of the , Compensation Discussion and Analysis payment of annual award opportunities is dependent upon achievement of performance measures; actual payout may range from 0% to 200% of the target except for the construction materials and contracting and construction services segments which may range from 0% to 240%.

Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, Barney, and Thiede received their 2017 annual incentive award opportunities pursuant to the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan. To be eligible to receive a payment, they must remain employed by the company through December 31, 2017. Mr. Schwartz resigned his position effective September 29, 2017, and therefore was not eligible to receive an annual incentive award.

The performance measures associated with the annual incentive may not be adjusted if the adjustment would increase their annual incentive award payment, unless the compensation committee determined and established the adjustment in writing within 90 days of the beginning of the performance period. The compensation committee may at its sole discretion use negative discretion based on subjective or objective measures and adjust any annual incentive award payment downward.

Mr. Vollmer and Ms. Kivisto were awarded their annual incentive opportunities pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Executive Incentive Compensation Plan. Under the Executive Incentive Compensation Plan, executives who retire during the year at age 65 remain

² Performance shares for the 2017-2019 performance period granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan.

³ Annual incentive for 2017 granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Executive Incentive Compensation Plan.

⁴ Mr. Vollmer•s non-equity incentive award shown in columns c, d, and e is prorated based on his promotion effective September 30, 2017.

⁵ Mr. Schwartz resigned effective September 29, 2017, and forfeited his non-equity and equity incentive plan awards.

eligible to receive an award, but executives who terminate employment for other reasons are not eligible for an award. The compensation committee generally does not modify the performance measures; however, if major unforeseen changes in economic and environmental conditions or other significant factors beyond the control of management substantially affected management•s ability to achieve the specified performance measures, the compensation committee, in consultation with the CEO, may modify the performance measures. The compensation committee has full discretion to determine the extent to which goals have been achieved, the payment level, and whether to adjust payment of awards downward based upon individual performance. For further discussion of the specific 2017 incentive plan performance measures and results, see the ,Annual Incentives f section in the ,Compensation Discussion and Analysis f

Long-Term Incentive

The compensation committee recommended long-term incentive award opportunities for the named executive officers in the form of performance shares, and the board approved the award opportunities at its meeting on February€15, 2017. The long-term incentive opportunities are presented as the number of performance shares at threshold, target, and maximum in columns (f), (g), and (h) of the Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table. The value of the long-term performance-based incentive opportunities is based on the aggregate grant date fair value and is reflected in column (e) of the Summary Compensation Table and column (l) of the Grant of Plan-Based Awards Table.

Depending on our2017-2019 total stockholder return compared to the total three-year stockholder returns of our peer group companies, executives will receive from 0% to 200% of the target awards in February 2020. We also will pay dividend equivalents in cash on the number of shares actually vested for the performance period. The dividend equivalents will be paid in 2020 at the same time as the performance share awards are issued in the event the company•s2017-2019 total stockholder return is negative, the number of shares that would otherwise vest for the performance period will be reduced from 50% to 100%. For further discussion of the specific long-term incentive plan, see the "Long-Term Incentives f section in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis f

Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan

The CEO recommends participants and contribution amounts to the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan which are approved by the compensation committee of the board of directors. The purpose of the plan is to recognize outstanding performance coupled with enhanced retention as the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan requires a vesting period. The amount shown in column (i) - All Other Compensation of the Summary Compensation Table includes contributions of \$100,000 for Mr. Thiede, \$150,000 for Mr. Barney, and \$22,550 for Mr. Vollmer. For further information, see the section entitled ,Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2017 .f

Salary and Bonus in Proportion to Total Compensation

The following table shows the proportion of salary and bonus to total compensation:

Name	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Total Compensation (\$)	Salary and Bonus as a % of Total Compensation
David L. Goodin	792,750	‡	4,058,001	19.5 %
Jason L. Vollmer	256,625	‡	634,551	40.4 %
David C. Barney	427,140	‡	1,502,240	28.4 %
Jeffrey S. Thiede	437,750	‡	1,636,860	26.7 %
Nicole A. Kivisto	378,000	‡	1,228,841	30.8 %
Doran N. Schwartz	291,748	‡	743,859	39.2 %

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-2017

		S	Stock Awards	
Name (a)	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) (g)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) (h)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#) (i)1	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or€Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$) (j)²
David L. Goodin	‡	‡	354,234	9,521,810
Jason L. Vollmer	‡	‡	14,138	380,029
David C. Barney	‡	‡	63,998	1,720,266
Jeffrey S. Thiede	‡	‡	67,544	1,815,583
Nicole A. Kivisto	‡	‡	60,317	1,621,321
Doran N. Schwartz	‡	‡	71,267	1,915,657

¹ Below is a breakdown by year of the outstanding performance share plan awards:

	2015 Award	2016 Award	2017 Award	
Performance Period End	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	Total
David L. Goodin	144,328	197,528	12,378	354,234
Jason L. Vollmer	3,822	9,534	782	14,138
David C. Barney	23,490	37,840	2,668	63,998
Jeffrey S. Thiede	25,276	39,534	2,734	67,544
Nicole A. Kivisto	24,468	33,488	2,361	60,317
Doran N. Schwartz	29,056	39,766	2,445	71,267

Shares for the 2015 award are shown at the maximum level (200%) based on results for the 2015-2017 performance cycle above target.

Shares for the 2016 award are shown at the maximum level (200%) based on results for the first two years of the 2016-2018 performance cycle above target.

Shares for the 2017 award are shown at the threshold (20%) based on results for the first year of the 2017-2019 performance cycle below threshold.

While for purposes of the Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End 2017 Table, the number of shares and value shown for the 2015-2017 performance cycle is at 200% of target, the actual results for the performance period certified by the compensation committee and settled on February 16, 2018, was 144% of target. For further information, see the ,Long-Term Incentives f section of the , Compensation Discussion and Analysis f

² Value based on the number of performance shares reflected in column (i) multiplied by \$26.88, the year-end per share closing stock price for 2017.

³ Mr. Schwartz resigned his position effective September 29, 2017. As a result, he forfeited all shares associated with the 2015-2017, 2016-2018, and 2017-2019 performance periods.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested Dura 17

	Stock Awards	3
Name (a)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#) (d)¹	Value Realized on Vesting (\$) (e) ²
David L. Goodin	22,900	654,368
Jason L. Vollmer	‡	‡
David C. Barney	5,081	145,190
Jeffrey S. Thiede	5,349	152,848
Nicole A. Kivisto	2,755	78,724
Doran N. Schwartz	6,017	171,936

Reflects performance shares for the 2014-2016 performance period ended December 31, 2016, which were approved February 16, 2017.

Pension Benefits fo2017

Name (a)	Plan Name (b)	Number of Years Credited Service (#) (c)¹	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$) (d)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$) (e)
David L. Goodin	Pension	26	1,220,459	‡
	Basic SISP ²	10	2,500,218	‡
	Excess SISP ³	26	39,023	‡
Jason L. Vollmer	Pension	4	24,451	‡
	Basic SISP ²	n/a	‡	‡
	Excess SISP ³	n/a	‡	‡
David C. Barney	Pension ³	n/a	‡	‡
	Basic SISP ²	10	1,477,483	‡
	Excess SISP ³	n/a	‡	‡
Jeffrey S. Thiede	Pension ³	n/a	‡	‡
	Basic SISP ³	n/a	‡	‡
	Excess SISP ³	n/a	‡	‡
Nicole A. Kivisto	Pension	14	254,722	‡
	Basic SISP ²	6	489,832	‡
	Excess SISP ³	n/a	‡	‡
Doran N. Schwartz	Pension	4	125,585	‡
	Basic SISP ²	10	923,825	‡
	Excess SISP ³	n/a	‡	‡

Years of credited service related to the pension plan reflects the years of participation in the plan as of December 31, 2009, when the pension plan was frozen. Years of credited service related to the Basic SISP reflects the years toward full vesting of the benefit which is 10 years. Years of credited service related to Excess SISP reflects the same number of credited years of services as the pension plan.

Reflects the value of vested performance shares based on the closing stock price of \$26.37 per share on February 16, 2017, and the dividend equivalents paid on the vested shares.

The present value of accumulated benefits for the Basic SISP assumes the named executive officer would be fully vested in the benefit on the benefit commencement date; therefore, no reduction was made to reflect actual vesting levels.

Messrs. Barney and Thiede are not eligible to participate in the pension plans. Mr. Thiede does not participate in the SISP. Mr. Goodin is the only named executive officer eligible to participate in the Excess SISP.

The amounts shown for the pension plan, Basic SISP, and Excess SISP represent the actuarial present values of the executives• accumulated benefits accrued as of December€31, 2017, calculated using:

- ... a 3.18% discount rate for the Basic SISP and Excess SISP;
- ... a 3.36% discount rate for the pension plan;
- ... the Society of Actuaries RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2017 for post-retirement mortality; and
- ... no recognition of future salary increases or pre-retirement mortality.

The actuary assumed a retirement age of 60 for the pension, Basic SISP, and Excess SISP benefits and assumed retirement benefits commence at age 60 for the pension and 65 for Basic and Excess SISP benefits.

Pension Plan

The MDU Resources Group, Inc. Pension Plan for Non-Bargaining Unit Employees (pension plan) applies to employees hired before 2006 and was amended to cease benefit accruals as of December 31, 2009. The benefits under the pension plan are based on a participant*s average annual salary over the 60 consecutive month period where the participant received the highest annual salary between 1999 and 2009. Benefits are paid as straight life annuities for single participants and as actuarially reduced annuities with a survivor benefit for married participants unless they choose otherwise.

Supplemental Income Security Plan

The Supplemental Income Security Plan (SISP), a defined benefit nonqualified retirement plan, is offered to select key managers and executives. SISP benefits are determined by reference to levels defined within the plan. Our compensation committee, after receiving recommendations from our CEO, determined each participant•s level within the plan. On February 11, 2016, the SISP was amended to exclude new participants to the plan and freeze current benefit levels for existing participants.

Basic SISP Benefits

Basic SISP is a supplemental retirement benefit intended to augment the retirement income provided under the pension plans. The Basic SISP benefits are subject to the following ten-year vesting schedule:

- ... 0% vesting for less than three years of participation;
- ... 20% vesting for three years of participation;
- ... 40% vesting for four years of participation; and
- ... an additional 10% vesting for each additional year of participation up to 100% vesting for ten years of participation.

Participants can elect to receive the Basic SISP as:

- ... monthly retirement benefits only;
- ... monthly death benefits paid to a beneficiary only; or
- ... a combination of retirement and death benefits, where each benefit is reduced proportionately.

Regardless of the election, if the participant dies before the SISP retirement benefit commences, only the SISP death benefit is provided.

Basic SISP benefits vested as of December 31, 2004, are grandfathered under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (Section 409A) and are subject to the SISP provisions then in effect. Typically, the grandfathered Section 409A SISP benefits are paid over 15 years, with benefits commencing when the participant attains age 65 or when the participant retires if they work beyond age 65. Basic SISP benefits vesting after December 31, 2004, are governed by amended provisions in the plan intended to comply with Section 409A. The SISP benefits for key employees as defined by Section 409A commence six months after the participant attains age 65 or when the participant retires if they work beyond age 65. The benefits are paid over a 173-month period where the first payment includes the equivalent of six months of payments plus interest equal to one-half of the annual prime interest rate on the participant**

The following are Messrs. Goodin and Barney's benefits under the grandfathered provision and those subject to Section 409A.

	Grandfathered (\$)	Subject to "409A (\$)	Total (\$)
David L. Goodin	271,291	2,228,927	2,500,218
David C. Barney	362,075	1,115,408	1,477,483

Excess SISP Benefits

Excess SISP is an additional retirement benefit relating to Internal Revenue Code limitations on retirement benefits provided under the pension plans. Excess SISP benefits are equal to the difference between the monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable to the participant under the pension plans absent the limitations under the Internal Revenue Code and the actual benefits payable to the participant under the pension plans. Participants are only eligible for the Excess SISP benefits if the participant is fully vested under the pension plan, their employment terminates prior to age 65, and benefits under the pension plan are reduced due to limitations under the Internal Revenue Code on plan compensation.

In 2009, the SISP was amended to limit eligibility for the Excess SISP benefit. Mr. Goodin is the only named executive officer eligible for the Excess SISP benefit and must remain employed with the company until age 60 in order to receive the benefit. Benefits generally commence six months after the participant employment terminates and continue to age 65 or until the death of the participant, if prior to age 65.

Both Basic and Excess SISP benefits are forfeited if the participant s employment is terminated for cause.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation 2017

Deferred Annual Incentive Compensation

Executives participating in the annual incentive compensation plans may elect to defer up to 100% of their annual incentive awards. Deferred amounts accrue interest at a rate determined annually by the compensation committee. The interest rate in effect for 2017 was 4.38% based on an average of the Moody*s U.S. Long-Term Corporate Bond Yield Average for ,Af and ,Baaf rated companies. The deferred amount will be paid in accordance with the participant*s election, following termination of employment or beginning in the fifth year following the year the award was earned. The amounts are paid in accordance with the participant*s election in either a lump sum or in monthly installments not to exceed 120 months. In the event of a change of control, all amounts deferred would immediately become payable. For purposes of deferred annual incentive compensation, a change of control is defined as:

- ... an acquisition during a 12-month period of 30% or more of the total voting power of our stock;
- ... an acquisition of our stock that, together with stock already held by the acquirer, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of our stock;
- ... replacement of a majority of the members of our board of directors during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of our board of directors; or
- ... acquisition of our assets having a gross fair market value at least equal to 40% of the gross fair market value of all of our assets.

Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan

The company adopted the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, effective January 1, 2012, to provide deferred compensation for a select group of employees. The compensation committee approves the amount of employer contributions under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan and the obligations under the plan constitute an unsecured promise of the company to make such payments. The company credits contributions to plan accounts which capture the hypothetical investment experience based on the participant*s elections. Contributions made prior to 2017 vest four years after each contribution in accordance with the terms of the plan. Contributions made in 2017 vest rateably over a three-year period with 1/3 vesting after the first year, an additional 1/3 after the second year, and the final 1/3 after the third year. Amounts shown as aggregate earnings in the table below for Messrs. Vollmer, Barney, and Thiede reflect the change in investment value at market rates. Participants may elect to receive their vested contributions and investment earnings either in a lump sum upon separation from service with the company or in annual installments over a period of years upon the later of (i) separation from service and (ii) age 65. Plan benefits become fully vested if the participant dies while actively employed. Benefits are forfeited if the participant*s employment is terminated for cause.

The table below includes individual contributions from deferrals of annual incentive compensation and company contributions under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan:

	Executive	Registrant	Aggregate	Aggregate	Aggregate
	Contributions in	Contributions in	Earnings in	Withdrawals/	Balance at
	Last FY	Last FY	Last FY	Distributions	Last FYE
Name	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
David L. Goodin	527,745	‡	28,630	‡	752,052
Jason L. Vollmer	‡	22,550	5,125	‡	27,675
David C. Barney	‡	150,000	23,341	‡	173,341 ³
Jeffrey S. Thiede	‡	100,000	83,052	‡	579,981 ⁴
Nicole A. Kivisto	‡	‡	723	‡	16,945
Doran N. Schwartz	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

Mr. Goodin deferred 50% of his 2016 annual incentive compensation which was \$1,055,490 as reported in the Summary Compensation Table for 2016.

Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control

The Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control Table shows the payments and benefits our named executive officers would receive in connection with a variety of employment termination scenarios or upon a change of control. For the named executive officers, the information assumes the terminations or the change of control occurred on December€31, 2017. Mr. Schwartz received no actual termination payments upon his resignation effective September 29, 2017.

The table excludes compensation and benefits that our named executive officers would have already earned during their employment with us whether or not a termination or change of control event had occurred or provided under plans or arrangements that do not discriminate in favor of the named executive officers and that are generally available to all salaried employees, such as benefits under our qualified defined benefit pension plan (for employees hired before 2006), accrued vacation pay, continuation of health care benefits, and life insurance benefits. The tables also do not include Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan or deferred annual compensation amounts which are shown and explained in the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2017 Table.

Compensation

Upon a change of control, annual incentives granted under our Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan (LTIP) would vest at target and be paid in cash. Messrs. Goodin, Barney, and Thiede were awarded their annual incentives for 2017 under the LTIP and would receive the value of their annual incentive compensation at the target amount under the change of control scenarios. Having been employed for the entire year, no amounts are shown for annual incentives in the tables for Messrs. Goodin, Barney, and Thiede under termination scenarios, as they would be eligible to receive their annual incentive award based on the level that performance measures were achieved for the performance period regardless of a termination scenario occurring on December 31, 2017.

Mr. Vollmer and Ms. Kivisto were granted their annual incentive award under the Executive Incentive Compensation Plan (EICP) which has no change of control provision in regards to annual incentive compensation other than for deferred compensation. Unless otherwise determined by the compensation committee for named executive officers, or employment termination after age 65, the EICP requires participants to remain employed with the company through the service year to be eligible for a payout. Having been employed for the entire performance period, no amounts are shown for annual incentives in the tables for Mr. Vollmer or Ms. Kivisto, as they would be eligible to receive their annual incentive award based on the level that performance measures were achieved for the performance period regardless of termination or change of control scenarios occurring on December 31, 2017.

² Mr. Vollmer received \$22,550 under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan for 2017. This is reported in column (i) of the Summary Compensation Table for 2017.

Mr. Barney received \$150,000 under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan for 2017. This is reported in column (i) of the Summary Compensation Table for 2017.

⁴ Mr. Thiede received \$100,000 under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan for 2017. Mr. Thiede•s balance also includes contributions of \$100,000 for 2016, \$150,000 for 2015, \$75,000 for 2014, and \$33,000 for 2013. Each of these amounts is reported in column (i) of the Summary Compensation Table in the Proxy Statement for its respective year, where applicable.

Upon a change of control, performance share awards under the LTIP would be deemed fully earned and vest at their target levels for the named executive officers. For this purpose, the term ,change of control f is defined in the LTIP as:

- ...the acquisition by an individual, entity, or group of 20% or more of our outstanding common stock;
- ... a majority of our board of directors whose election or nomination was not approved by a majority of the incumbent board members;
- ... consummation of a merger or similar transaction or sale of all or substantially all of our assets, unless our stockholders immediately prior to the transaction beneficially own more than 60% of the outstanding common stock and voting power of the resulting corporation in substantially the same proportions as before the merger, no person owns 20% or more of the resulting corporation so outstanding common stock or voting power except for any such ownership that existed before the merger and at least a majority of the board of the resulting corporation is comprised of our directors; or
- ... stockholder approval of our liquidation or dissolution.

For termination scenarios other than a change of control, our award agreements provide that performance share awards are forfeited if the participant s employment terminates before the participant has reached age 55 and completed 10 years of service. If a participant s employment is terminated other than for cause after reaching age 55 and completing 10 years of service, performance shares are prorated as follows:

- ... termination of employment during the first year of the performance period = shares are forfeited;
- ... termination of employment during the second year of the performance period = performance shares earned are prorated based on the number of months employed during the performance period; and
- ... termination of employment during the third year of the performance period = full amount of any performance shares earned are received.

Under the termination scenarios, Messrs. Goodin, Barney, and Thiede would receive performance shares as they have each reached age 55 and have 10 or more years of service. The number of performance shares received would be based on the following:

- ... 20152017 performance shares would vest based on the achievement of the performance measure for the period ended December€31, 2017, which was 144%;
- ... 2016-2018 performance shares would be prorated at 24 out of 36 months (2/3) of the performance period and vest based on the achievement of the performance measure for the period ended December 31, 2018. For purposes of the Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control Table, the vesting is shown at 100%; and
- ... 20172019 performance shares would be forfeited.

For purposes of calculating the performance share value shown in the Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control Table, the number of vesting shares was multiplied by the average of the high and low stock price for the last market day of the year, which was December 29, 2017. Dividend equivalents based on the number of vesting shares are also included in the amounts presented.

Neither Ms. Kivisto nor Mr. Vollmer have reached age 55; therefore, they are not eligible for vesting of performance shares in the event of their termination.

Benefits and Perquisites

Supplemental Income Security Plan

Basic SISP benefits presented in the Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control Table represent the present value of vested Basic SISP as of December 31, 2017 for payments commencing at age 65 and payable for 15 years. Only Messrs. Goodin, Barney, and Ms. €Kivisto are eligible for Basic SISP benefits. While Messrs. Goodin and Barney are 100% vested in their SISP benefit, Ms. Kivisto entered the plan in 2011 and is only 70% vested in her SISP benefit at December 31, 2017. In the event of death, Messrs. Goodin, Barney, and Ms. Kivisto s beneficiaries would receive monthly death benefit payments for 15 years. The present value calculations used a 3.18% discount rate and the following monthly SISP benefit payments:

	Monthly SISP Retirement Payment (\$)	Monthly SISP Death Payment (\$)
David L. Goodin	23,040	46,080
David C. Barney	10,936	21,872
Nicole A. Kivisto	3,500	13,144

The present value of the SISP benefit under the disability scenario for Ms. Kivisto reflects credit for two additional years of vesting or 90% as provided for in the plan. The terms of the Basic SISP benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2017 Table.

Disability

We provide disability benefits to some of our salaried employees equal to 60% of their base salary, subject to a salary limit of \$200,000 for officers and \$100,000 for other salaried employees when calculating benefits. For all eligible employees, disability payments continue until age 65 if disability occurs at or before age 60 and for five years if disability occurs between the ages of 60 and 65. Disability benefits are reduced for amounts paid as retirement benefits. The disability amounts in the Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control Table reflect the present value of the disability benefits attributable to the additional \$100,000 of base salary recognized for executives under our disability program, subject to the 60% limitation, after reduction for amounts that would be paid as retirement benefits. For Messrs. Goodin and Vollmer and Ms. Kivisto, who participate in the pension plan, the amount represents the present value of the disability benefit after reduction for retirement benefits using a discount rate of 3.36%. Because Mr. Goodin•s retirement benefit is greater than the disability benefit, the amount shown is zero. For Messrs. Barney and Thiede, who do not participate in the pension plan, the amount represents the present value of the disability benefit without reduction for retirement benefits using the discount rate of 3.18%, which is considered a reasonable rate for purposes of the calculation.

Severance

None of the current named executive officers have employment or severance agreements with the company. The compensation committee generally considers providing severance benefits on a case-by-case basis. Because severance payments are discretionary, no amounts are presented in the tables.

Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control Table

Executive Benefits and Payments upon Termination or Change of Control	Voluntary Termination (\$)	Not for Cause Termination (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Change of Control (With Termination) (\$)	Change of Control (Without Termination) (\$)
David L. Goodin						
Compensation:						
Annual Incentive	‡	‡	‡	‡	792,750	792,750
Performance Shares	4,900,080	4,900,080	4,900,080	4,900,080	6,621,837	6,621,837
Benefits and Perquisites:						
Basic SISP	2,502,092	2,502,092	‡	2,502,092	2,502,092	‡
SISP Death Benefits	‡	‡	6,607,177	‡	‡	‡
Disability Benefits	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Total	7,402,172	7,402,172	11,507,257	7,402,172	9,916,679	7,414,587
Jason L. Vollmer						
Compensation:						
Performance Shares	‡	‡	‡	‡	299,366	299,366
Benefits and Perquisites:						
Disability Benefits	‡	‡	‡	980,108	‡	‡
Total				980,108	299,366	299,366
David C. Barney						
Compensation:						
Annual Incentive	‡	‡	‡	‡	320,355	320,355
Performance Shares	851,383	851,383	851,383	851,383	1,248,908	1,248,908
Benefits and Perquisites:						
Basic SISP	1,463,790	1,463,790	‡	1,463,790	1,463,790	‡
SISP Death Benefits	‡	‡	3,136,115	‡	‡	‡
Disability Benefits	‡	‡	‡	277,761	‡	‡
Total	2,315,173	2,315,173	3,987,498	2,592,934	3,033,053	1,569,263
Jeffrey S. Thiede						
Compensation:						
Annual Incentive	‡	‡	‡	‡	328,313	328,313
Performance Shares	904,925	904,925	904,925	904,925	1,308,189	1,308,189
Benefits and Perquisites:						
Disability Benefits	‡	‡	‡	470,306	‡	‡
Total	904,925	904,925	904,925	1,375,231	1,636,502	1,636,502
Nicole A. Kivisto						
Compensation:						
Performance Shares	‡	‡	‡	‡	1,158,901	1,158,901
Benefits and Perquisites:						
Basic SISP	261,024	261,024	‡	335,704	261,024	‡
SISP Death Benefits	‡	‡	1,884,651	‡	‡	‡
Disability Benefits						
	‡	‡	‡	784,536	#	#

CEO Pay Ratio Disclosure

As required by Section 953(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and Item 402(u) of Regulation S-K, we are providing information regarding the relationship of the annual total compensation of David L. Goodin, our president and chief executive officer, to the annual total compensation of our median employee.

Our employee workforce fluctuates during the year largely depending on the seasonality, number, and size of construction activity conducted by our businesses. Approximately 49.8% of our employee workforce is employed under union bargained labor contracts which define compensation and benefits for participants which may include payments made by the company associated with employee participation in union benefit and pension plans.

We identified the median employee by examining the 2017 taxable wage information for all individuals on the company•s payroll records as of December 31, 2017, excluding Mr. Goodin. All of the company•s employees are located in the United States. We made no adjustments to annualize compensation for individuals employed for only part of the year. We selected taxable wages as reported to the Internal Revenue Service on Form W-2 for 2017 to identify the median employee as it includes substantially all of the compensation for our median employee and provided a reasonably efficient and economic manner for the identification of the median employee. Our median employee works for our gas distribution segment. He is a unionized employee with compensation consisting of wages, meal allowances, company matching 401(k) contributions and a years of service award. Our median employee does not participate in the company•s pension plan since he joined the company in 2011, after the plan was frozen. He does receive an additional 5% company match to his 401(k) plan in lieu of pension contributions.

Once identified, we categorized the median employee*s compensation to correspond to the compensation components as reported in the Summary Compensation Table. For 2017, the total annual compensation of Mr. Goodin as reported in the Summary Compensation Table included in this Proxy Statement was \$4,058,001, and the total annual compensation of our median employee was \$84,883. Based on this information, the 2017 ratio of annual total compensation of Mr. Goodin to the median employee was 48 to 1.

AUDIT MATTERS

ITEM 3: RATIFICATION OF THE APPOINTMENT OF DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP AS THE COMPANY•S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR 2018

The audit committee at its February 2018 meeting appointed Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2018. The board of directors concurred with the audit committee•s decision. Deloitte & Touche LLP has served as our independent registered public accounting firm since fiscal year 2002.

Although your ratification vote will not affect the appointment or retention of Deloitte & Touche LLP for 2018, the audit committee will consider your vote in determining its appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm for the next fiscal year. The audit committee, in appointing our independent registered public accounting firm, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to change an appointment at any time during a fiscal year if it determines that such a change would be in our best interests.

A representative of Deloitte & Touche LLP will be present at the annual meeting and will be available to respond to appropriate questions. We do not anticipate that the representative will make a prepared statement at the annual meeting; however, he or she will be free to do so if he or she chooses.

The board of directors recommends a vote ,for *f* the ratification of the appointment€of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public€accounting firm for fiscal year 2018.

Ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2018 requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the annual meeting and entitled to vote on the proposal. Abstentions will count as votes against this proposal.

Annual Evaluation and Selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP

The audit committee annually evaluates the performance of its independent registered public accounting firm, including the senior audit engagement team, and determines whether to re-engage the current independent accounting firm or consider other firms. Factors considered by the audit committee in deciding whether to retain the current independent accounting firm include:

- ... Deloitte & Touche LLP•s capabilities considering the complexity of our business and the resulting demands placed on Deloitte & Touche LLP in terms of technical expertise and knowledge of our industry and business;
- ... the quality and candor of Deloitte & Touche LLP+s communications with the audit committee and management;
- ... Deloitte & Touche LLP•s independence;
- ... the quality and efficiency of the services provided by Deloitte & Touche LLP, including input from management on Deloitte & Touche LLP•s performance and how effectively Deloitte & Touche LLP demonstrated its independent judgment, objectivity, and professional skepticism;
- ... external data on audit quality and performance, including recent Public Company Accounting Oversight Board reports on Deloitte & Touche LLP and its peer firms; and
- ... the appropriateness of Deloitte & Touche LLP•s fees, tenure as our independent auditor, including the benefits of a longer tenure, and the controls and processes in place that help ensure Deloitte & Touche LLP•s continued independence.

Based on this evaluation, the audit committee and the board believe that retaining Deloitte & Touche LLP to serve as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, is in the best interests of our company and its stockholders.

The audit committee also oversees the process for, and ultimately approves, the selection of our independent registered public accounting firm•s lead engagement partner at the five-year mandatory rotation period. Prior to the mandatory rotation period in 2017, at the audit committee•s instruction, Deloitte & Touche LLP selected candidates to be considered for the lead engagement partner role, who were then interviewed by members of our company•s senior management. After considering the candidates recommended by Deloitte & Touche LLP, senior management made a recommendation to the audit committee regarding the new engagement partner. After discussing the qualifications of the proposed lead engagement partner with the current lead engagement partner, the audit committee chair interviewed the leading candidate, and the audit committee then considered the appointment and voted as an audit committee on the selection. The change in lead engagement partner after the current five-year rotation period occurred in February 2017.

Audit Fees and Non-Audit Fees

The following table summarizes the aggregate fees that our independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, billed or is expected to bill us for professional services rendered for 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Audit Fees¹	\$ 2,327,450	\$ 2,526,900
Audit-Related Fees ²	46,790	16,710
Tax Fees	17,483	‡
All Other Fees	‡	3,087
Total Fees ⁵	\$ 2,391,723	\$ 2,546,697
Ratio of Tax and All Other Fees to Audit and Audit-Related Fees	0.7 %	0.1 %

- Audit fees for 2017 and 2016 consisted of fees for services rendered for the audit of our annual financial statements and subsidiaries, statutory and regulatory audits, reviews of quarterly financial statements, a Form S-3 Registration Statement (2017) filing, and a Form S-8 Registration Statement (2016) filing, and audits for discontinued operations for Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC (2016).
- ² Audit-related fees for 2017 and 2016 are associated with Intermountain Gas Company Investment Tax Credit procedures (2017), supplemental schedule review for Knife River Corporation*s Northwest Region (2017), and Intermountain Gas Company public utility review (2016).
- ³ Tax fees for 2017 consisted of fees for tax training for regulated operations.
- 4 All other fees for 2016 are associated with a pollution control project at Big Stone electric generating facility.
- ⁵ Total fees reported above include out-of-pocket expenses related to the services provided of \$282,483 for 2017 and \$350,000 for 2016.

Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The audit committee pre-approved all services Deloitte & Touche LLP performed in 2017 in accordance with the pre-approval policy and procedures the audit committee adopted in 2003. This policy is designed to achieve the continued independence of Deloitte & Touche LLP and to assist in our compliance with Sections 201 and 202 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related rules of the SEC.

The policy defines the permitted services in each of the audit, audit-related, tax, and all other services categories, as well as prohibited services. The pre-approval policy requires management to submit annually for approval to the audit committee a service plan describing the scope of work and anticipated cost associated with each category of service. At each regular audit committee meeting, management reports on services performed by Deloitte & Touche LLP and the fees paid or accrued through the end of the quarter preceding the meeting. Management may submit requests for additional permitted services before the next scheduled audit committee meeting to the designated member of the audit committee, Dennis W. Johnson, for approval. The designated member updates the audit committee at the next regularly scheduled meeting regarding any services approved during the interim period. At each regular audit committee meeting, management may submit to the audit committee for approval a supplement to the service plan containing any request for additional permitted services.

In addition, prior to approving any request for audit-related, tax, or all other services of more than \$50,000, Deloitte & Touche LLP will provide a statement setting forth the reasons why rendering of the proposed services does not compromise Deloitte & Touche LLP•s independence. This description and statement by Deloitte & Touche LLP may be incorporated into the service plan or included as an exhibit thereto or may be delivered in a separate written statement.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

In connection with our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, the audit committee has (1) reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management; (2) discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm (the Auditors) the matters required to be discussed by Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Auditing Standard No. 1301, Communications with Audit Committees; and (3) received the written disclosures and the letter from the Auditors required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the Auditors• communications with the audit committee concerning independence, and has discussed with the Auditors their independence.

Based on the review and discussions referred to above, the audit committee recommended to the board of directors that the audited financial statements be included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, for filing with the SEC.

Dennis W. Johnson, Chair Mark A. Hellerstein A. Bart Holaday John K. Wilson

INFORMATION ABOUT THE ANNUAL MEETING

Who can Vote?

Stockholders of record at the close of business on March 9, 2018, are entitled to vote each share they owned on that date on each matter presented at the meeting and any adjournment(s) thereof. As of March€9, 2018, we had 195,304,376 shares of common stock outstanding entitled to one vote per share.

Distribution of our Notice and Access

We distributed proxy materials to certain of our stockholders via the Internet under the SEC*s ,Notice and Proxy Materials using Access f rules to reduce our costs and decrease the environmental impact of our proxy materials. Using this method of distribution, on or about March 23, 2018, we mailed a Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials (Notice) that contains basic information about our 2018 annual meeting and instructions on how to view all proxy materials, and vote electronically, on the Internet. If you received the Notice and prefer to receive a paper copy of the proxy materials, follow the instructions in the Notice for making this request and the materials will be sent promptly to you via the preferred method. Stockholders who do not receive the Notice will receive a paper copy of our proxy materials, which will be sent on or about March 29, 2018.

How to Vote

You are encouraged to vote in advance of the meeting using one of the following voting methods, even if you are planning to attend the 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Registered Stockholders Stockholders of record who hold their shares directly with our stock registrar can vote any one of four ways:

Via the Internet: Go to the website shown on the Notice or Proxy Card, if you received one, and follow the instructions.



🌃 By Telephone:Call the telephone number shown on the Notice or Proxy Card, if you received one, and follow the instructions given by the voice prompts.

Voting via the Internet or by telephone authorizes the named proxies to vote your shares in the same manner as if you marked, signed, dated, and returned a Proxy Card by mail. Your voting instructions may be transmitted up until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on May 7, 2018.

By Mail: If you received paper copies of the Proxy Statement, Annual Report, and Proxy Card, mark, sign, date, and return the Proxy Card in the postage-paid envelope provided.



In Person Attend the annual meeting, or send a personal representative with an appropriate proxy, to vote by ballot at the meeting. (See , Notice of Annual Meeting f and , Annual Meeting Admission f)

Beneficial StockholdersStockholders whose shares are held beneficially in the name of a bank, broker, or other holder of record (sometimes referred to as holding shares, in street name f), will receive voting instructions from said bank, broker, or other holder of record. If you wish to vote in person at the meeting, you must obtain a legal proxy from your bank, brokeor other holder of record of your shares and present it at the meeting.

See discussion below in the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Plan for voting instructions for shares held under our 401(k) plan.

Revoking Your Proxy or Changing Your Vote

You may change your vote at any time before the proxy is exercised.

Registered Stockholders:

- If you voted by mail: you may revoke your proxy by executing and delivering a timely and valid later dated proxy, by voting by ballot at the meeting, or by giving written notice of revocation to the corporate secretary.
- If you voted via the Internet or by telephone: you may change your vote with a timely and valid later Internet or telephone vote, as the case may be, or by voting by ballot at the meeting.
- Attendance at the meeting will not have the effect of revoking a proxy unless (1) you give proper written notice of revocation to the corporate secretary before the proxy is exercised, or (2) you vote by ballot at the meeting.

Beneficial StockholdersFollow the specific directions provided by your bank, broker, or other holder of record to change or revoke any voting instructions you have already provided. Alternatively, you may vote your shares by ballot at the meeting if you obtain a legal proxy from your bank, broker, or other holder of record and present it at the meeting.

Discretionary Voting Authority

If you complete and submit your proxy voting instructions, the individuals named as proxies will follow your instructions. If you are a stockholder of record and you submit proxy voting instructions but do not direct how to vote on each item, the individuals named as proxies will vote as the board recommends on each proposal. The individuals named as proxies will vote on any other matters properly presented at the annual meeting in accordance with their discretion. Our bylaws set forth requirements for advance notice of any nominations or agenda items to be brought up for voting at the annual meeting, and we have not received timely notice of any such matters, other than the items from the board of directors described in this Proxy Statement.

Voting Standards

A majority of outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote must be present in person or represented by proxy to hold the meeting.

A majority of votes cast is required to elect a director in an uncontested election. A majority of votes cast means the number of votes cast ,for f a director election must exceed the number of votes cast ,against f the director election. Abstentions f and ,broker non-votes f do not count as votes cast ,for f or ,against f the director election. In a contested election, which is an election in which the number of nominees for director exceeds the number of directors to be elected, directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast.

Approval of each of the other matters on the agenda requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of common stock present or represented by proxy during the meeting. For each of these proposals, abstentions have the same effect as "against f votes. If you are a beneficial holder and do not provide specific voting instruction to your broker, the organization that holds your shares will not be authorized to vote your shares, which would result in "broker non-votes, f on proposals other than the ratification of the selection of our independent registered public accounting firm for 2018. Abstentions and broker non-votes are counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the annual meeting.

The following chart describes the proposals to be considered at the annual meeting, the vote required to elect directors and to adopt each other proposal, and the manner in which votes will be counted:

Item No.	Proposal	Voting Options	Vote Required to Adopt the Proposal	Effect of Abstentions	Effect of ,Broker Non-Votesf
1	Election of Directors	For, against, or abstain on each nominee	A nominee for director will be elected if the votes cast for such nominee exceed the votes cast against such nominee.	No effect	No effect
2	Advisory Vote to Approve the Compensation Paid to the Company•s Named Executive Officers	For, against, or abstain	The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of common stock represented at the annual meeting and entitled to vote thereon	Same effect as votes against	No effect
3	Ratification of the Appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company•s Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for 2018	For, against, or abstain	The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of common stock represented at the annual meeting and entitled to vote thereon	Same effect as votes against	Brokers have discretion to vote

Proxy Solicitation

The board of directors is furnishing proxy materials to solicit proxies for use at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 8, 2018, and any adjournment(s) thereof. Proxies are solicited principally by mail, but directors, officers, and employees of MDU Resources Group, Inc. or its subsidiaries may solicit proxies personally, by telephone, or by electronic media, without compensation other than their regular compensation. Okapi Partners, LLC additionally will solicit proxies for approximately \$8,000 plus out-of-pocket expenses. We will pay the cost of soliciting proxies and will reimburse brokers and others for forwarding proxy materials to stockholders.

Electronic Delivery of Proxy Statement and Annual Report Documents

For stockholders receiving proxy materials by mail, you can elect to receive an email in the future that will provide electronic links to these documents. Opting to receive your proxy materials online will save the company the cost of producing and mailing documents to your home or business and will also give you an electronic link to the proxy voting site.

- Registered Stockholders you vote on the Internet, simply follow the prompts for enrolling in the electronic proxy delivery service. You may also enroll in the electronic proxy delivery service at any time in the future by going directly to http://enroll.icsdelivery.com/mdu to request electronic delivery. You may revoke an electronic delivery election at this site at any time.
- Beneficial StockholdersIf you hold your shares in a brokerage account, you may also have the opportunity to receive copies of the proxy materials electronically. You may enroll in the electronic proxy delivery service at any time by going directly to http://enroll.icsdelivery.com/mdu to request electronic delivery. You may also revoke an electronic delivery election at this site at any time. In addition, you may also check the information provided in the proxy materials mailed to you by your bank or broker regarding the availability of this service or contact your bank or broker to request electronic delivery.

Householding of Proxy Materials

In accordance with a Notice sent to eligible stockholders who share a single address, we are sending only one Annual Report to Stockholders and one Proxy Statement to that address unless we received instructions to the contrary from any stockholder at that address. This practice, known as ,householding, f is designed to reduce our printing and postage costs. However, if a stockholder of record wishes to receive a separate Annual Report to Stockholders and Proxy Statement in the future, he or she may contact the Office of the Treasurer at MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650, Telephone Number: (701) 530-1000. Eligible stockholders of record who receive multiple copies of our Annual Report to Stockholders and Proxy Statement can request householding by contacting us in the same manner. Stockholders who own shares through a bank, broker, or other nominee can request householding by contacting the nominee.

We will promptly deliver, upon written or oral request, a separate copy of the Annual Report to Stockholders and Proxy Statement to a stockholder at a shared address to which a single copy of the document was delivered.

MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Plan

This Proxy Statement is being used to solicit voting instructions from participants in the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Plan with respect to shares of our common stock that are held by the trustee of the plan for the benefit of plan participants. If you are a plan participant and also own other shares as a registered stockholder or beneficial owner, you will separately receive a Notice or proxy materials to vote those other shares you hold outside of the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Plan. If you are a plan participant, you must instruct the plan trustee to vote your shares by utilizing one of the methods described on the voting instruction form that you receive in connection with shares held in the plan. If you do not give voting instructions, the trustee generally will vote the shares allocated to your personal account in accordance with the recommendations of the board of directors. Your voting instructions may be transmitted up until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on May 3, 2018.

Annual Meeting Admission and Guidelines

Admission:All stockholders as of the record date of March 9, 2018, are cordially invited and urged to attend the annual meeting. You must request an admission ticket in order to atterfayou are a stockholder of record and plan to attend the meeting, please contact MDU Resources by email at CorporateSecretary@mduresources.com or by telephone at 701-530-1010 to request an admission ticket. A ticket will be sent to you by mail.

If your shares are held beneficially in the name of a bank, broker, or other holder of record, and you plan to attend the annual meeting, you will need to submit a written request for an admission ticket by mail to: Investor€Relations, MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506 or email at CorporateSecretary@mduresources.com. The request must include proof of stock ownership as of March 9, 2018, such as a bank or brokerage firm account statement or a legal proxy from the bank, broker, or other holder of record confirming ownership. A ticket will be sent to you by mail.

Requests for admission tickets must be received no later than May 1, 2018. You must present your admission ticket and state-issued photo identification, such as a driver•s license, to gain admittance to the meeting.

Guidelines: The business of the meeting will follow as set forth in the agenda which you will receive at the meeting entrance. The use of cameras or sound recording equipment is prohibited, except by those employed by the company to provide a record of the proceedings. The use of cell phones and other personal communication devices is also prohibited during the meeting. All devices must be turned off or muted. No firearms or weapons, banners, packages, or signs will be allowed in the meeting room. MDU Resources Group, Inc. reserves the right to inspect all items, including handbags and briefcases, that enter the meeting room.

Proxy Statement

Conduct of the Meeting

Neither the board of directors nor management intends to bring before the meeting any business other than the matters referred to in the Notice of Annual Meeting and this Proxy Statement. We have not been informed that any other matter will be presented at the meeting by others. However, if any other matters are properly brought before the annual meeting, or any adjournment(s) thereof, your proxies include discretionary authority for the persons named in the proxy to vote or act on such matters in their discretion.

Stockholder Proposals, Director Nominations, and Other Items of Business for 2019 Annual Meeting Stockholder Proposals for Inclusion in Next Year*s Proxy Statem to included in the proxy materials for our 2019 annual meeting, a stockholder proposal must be received by the corporate secretary no later than November 23, 2018, unless the date of the 2019 annual meeting is more than 30 days before or after May 8, 2019, in which case the proposal must be received a reasonable time before we begin to print and mail our proxy materials. The proposal must also comply with all applicable requirements of Rule 14a-18 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.

Director Nominations and Other Stockholder Proposals Raised From the Floor at the 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Under our bylaws, if a stockholder intends to nominate a person as a director, or present other items of business at an annual meeting, the stockholder must provide written notice of the director nomination or stockholder proposal at least 90 days prior to the anniversary of the most recent annual meeting. Notice of director nominations or stockholder proposals for our 2019 annual meeting must be received by February 7, 2019, and meet all the requirements and contain all the information, including the completed questionnaire for director nominations, provided by our bylaws. The requirements for such notice can be found in our bylaws, a copy of which is on our website, at http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/guidelines-and-bylaws.

We will make available to our stockholders to whom we furnish this Proxy Statement a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, excluding exhibits, for the year ended December 31, 2017, which is required to be filed with the SEC. You may obtain a copy, without charge, upon written or oral request to the Office of the Treasurer of MDU Resources Group, Inc., 1200 West Century Avenue, Mailing Address: P.O.€Box 5650, Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650, Telephone Number: (701) 530-1000. You may also access our Annual Report on Form 10-K through our website at www.mdu.com.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Daniel S. Kuntz Secretary

March 23, 2018

Stockholder Information

Corporate Headquarters

MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Street Address: 1200 W. Century Ave.

Bismarck, ND 58503

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, ND 58506-5650

Telephone: 701-530-1000

Toll-Free Telephone: 866-760-4852

www.mdu.com

e company has led as exhibits to its Annual Report on Form 10-K the CEO and CFO certi cations as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

e company also submitted the required annual CEO certi cation to the New York Stock Exchange.

Common Stock

MDU Resources' common stock is listed on the NYSE under the Stockholder account information. symbol MDU. e stock began trading on the NYSE in 1948 and Communications regarding stock transfer requirements, lost daily trading volume in 2017 was 855,319 shares.

Common Stock Prices

	High	Low	Close
2017			
First Quarter	\$29.74	\$25.83	\$27.37
Second Quarter	27.89	25.58	26.20
ir d Quarter	27.73	25.14	25.95
Fourth Quarter	28.22	25.89	26.88
2016			
First Quarter	\$19.55	\$15.57	\$19.46
Second Quarter	24.01	18.70	24.00
ir d Quarter	25.79	22.47	25.44
Fourth Quarter	29.92	24.49	28.77

Shareowner Service Plus Plan

e Shareowner Service Plus Plan provides interested investors opportunity to purchase shares of MDU Resources' common stock Transfer Department and to reinvest all or a percentage of dividends without incurring P.O. Box 64874 brokerage commissions or service charges. e plan is sponsored St. Paul, MN 55164-0874 and administered by Equiniti Trust Company, transfer agent and Telephone: 651-450-4064 registrar for MDU Resources. For more information, contact Equiniti Trust Company at 877-536-3553 or visit www.shareowneronline.com.

2018 Key Dividend Dates

	Ex-Dividend Date	Record Date	Payment Date
First Quarter	March 7	March 8	April 1
Second Quarter	Jure 13	Jure 14	July 1
ird Quarter	September 12	September 13	October 1
Fourth Quarter	December 12	December 13	January 1, 2019

Key dividend dates are subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Annual Meeting

11 a.m. CDT May 8, 2018

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. Service Center

909 Airport Road

Bismarck, North Dakota

Shareholder Information and Inquiries

Registered shareholders have electronic access to their accounts by visiting www.shareowneronline.com. Shareowner Online allows shareholders to view their account balance, dividend information, reinvestment details and more. e stock transfer agent maintains

is included in the Standard & Poor's MidCap 400 index. Average certi cates, dividends or change of address should be directed to the stock transfer agent.

> Company information, including nancial reports, is available at www.mdu.com.

Shareholder Contact

Dustin J. Senger

Telephone: 866-866-8919

Email: investor@mduresources.com

Analyst Contact

Jason L. Vollmer

Telephone: 701-530-1755

Email: Jason.Vollmer@mduresources.com

Transfer Agent and Registrar for All Classes of Stock

thequiniti Trust Company

Toll-Free Telephone: 877-536-3553

www.shareowneronline.com

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Deloitte & Touche LLP 50 S. Sixth St., Suite 2800 Minneapolis, MN 55402-1538

Note: is information is not given in connection with any sale or o er for sale or o er to buy any security.





Building a Strong America®

Trading Symbol: MDU www.mdu.com



Street Address

1200 W. Century Ave. Bismarck, ND 58503

Mailing Address

P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, ND 58506-5650

701-530-1000 866-760-4852



THIS FILING IS

Item 1: X An Initial (Original) OR Resubmission No. ____
Submission

Form 2 Approved OMB No.1902-0028 (Expires 09/30/2017) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No.1902-0205 (Expires 11/30/2016)

4611-&.&/5"- 3&1035 50 03&(0/ 16#-*\$ 65*-*5: \$0..*44*0/



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 2: Annual Report of Major Natural Gas Companies and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Natural Gas Act, Sections 10(a), and 16 and 18 CFR Parts 260.1 and 260.300. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of a confidential nature.

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation

Year/Period of Report

End of <u>201 /Q4</u>

ANNUAL REPORT OREGON SUPPLEMENT TO FERC FORM 2 FOR MULTI-STATE GAS COMPANIES 2017

INDEX

<u>Page</u>	<u>Title</u>
1	Statement of Utility Operating Income for the Year
2	Gas Operating Revenues
3	Interdepartmental Sales – Natural Gas
3	Rent from Gas Property and Interdepartmental Rents
4-9	Gas Operation and Maintenance Expenses
10	Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization of Gas Plant
11	Taxes, Other Than Income Taxes
12	Calculation of Current Federal Income Tax Expense
13	Calculation of Current State Income Taxes (Excise) Tax Expense
14-15	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes, Account 190
16-17	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Accelerated Amortization Property, Account 281
18-19	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Other Property, Account 282
20-21	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Other, Account 283
22A	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits, Account 255
23	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization & Depletion – Situs
24-27	Gas Plant In Service by Account – Situs
28	Gas Plant Held for Future Use – Situs
29	Construction Work in Progress – Situs
30	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant – Situs
31	Summary of Utility Plant & Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization & Depletion – Allocated
32-35 36	Gas Plant in Service By Account – Allocated Gas Plant Held for Future Use – Allocated
36 37	Construction Work in Progress – Allocated
38	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant – Allocated
39	Gas Stored
40-42	Gas Purchases
43	Gas Used in Utility Operations – Credit
44-45	Gas Account – Natural Gas
46	Miscellaneous General Expenses
47	Political Advertising
48	Political Contributions
49	Expenditures to Any Person or Organization Having an Affiliated Interest for Services, etc.
50	Donations and Memberships
51	Officers' Salaries
52	Donations or Payments for Services Rendered By Persons Other Than Employees and Charged to Oregon
- '	Operating Accounts
53	Oregon Gas Utility Statistics

54 Distribution of Salaries and Wages

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - STATE	EMENT OF OPERATING INCO	OME FOR TH	HE YEAR	
LINE	ACCOUNT		(REF.) PAGE NO.		ITILITY
NO.	(a)		(b)	Current Year (c)	Previous Year (d)
		NAT	(b)	(C)	(u)
2	UTILITY OPERATING INCO Operating Revenues (400)	WE	2	64,274,782	63,881,403
3	Operating Expenses		2	04,274,702	03,001,403
4	Operating Expenses Operation Expenses (401)		4-9	43,880,948	43,961,182
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)		4-9	1,628,355	1,478,504
6	Depreciation Expense (403)		10	5,671,347	5,347,120
7	Amortization & Depletion of Utility Plant (404-405)		10	766,241	672,897
8	Amortization of Utility Plant Acquisition Adjustment (406	3)	10	700,241	072,037
_	Amortization of Property Losses, Unrecovered Plant an (407)	,	10	_	_
	Amortization of Conversion Expenses (407)			-	-
11	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.1)		11	5,170,826	4,884,659
12	Income Taxes - Federal (409.1)		12	(726,061)	1,123,528
	Income Taxes - Other (409.1)		13	(129,101)	293,645
	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)		14-21	2,739,613	537,525
15	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes - Cr. (411.1)		14-21	-,,,,,,,,,,	-
16	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment - Net (411.4)		22	(8,719)	(11,452)
17	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.6)			-	-
18	Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.7)			_	-
19	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Enter Total of lines	4 through 18)		58,993,449	\$ 58,287,608
20	Net Utility Operating Income (Enter Total of line 2 less			5,281,333	5,593,795

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	'	ort Is:		DATE OF	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	REPORT
Ö	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) (2) (2) (2)	An OriginalA Resubmission		(M,	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017	1, 2017
		STA	TE OF OREG	ON - GAS OPERATING	STATE OF OREGON - GAS OPERATING REVENUES (ACCOUNT 400)	NT 400)		
Line No.	ACCOUNT (a)	CURR	OPERATING CURRENT YEAR (b)	OPERATING REVENUES ENT YEAR PREVIOUS YEAR (b) (c)	MCF OF NATUR CURRENT YEAR (d)	MCF OF NATURAL GAS SOLD (RENT YEAR PREVIOUS YEAR (d)	AVG. NO. OF NAT. GAS CUSTUMERS PER MO. CURRENT YEAR (1)	CUSTUMERS PER MO. PREVIOUS YEAR (a)
~	GAS SERVICE REVENUES							(6)
2	480 Residential Sales	\$	35,525,211	\$ 35,156,436	4,373,150	3,824,641	61,798	60,483
3	481 Commercial and Industrial Sales							
4	Small or Commercial	\$	20,210,186	\$ 20,355,085	3,096,877	2,620,916	9,947	9,815
2	Large or Industrial	\$	4,159,797	\$ 4,062,194	713,664	616,629	152	152
9	482 Other Sales to Public Authorities							
7	484 Interdepartmental Sales							
8	TOTAL Sales to Ultimate Consumers	\$	59,895,194	\$ 59,573,715	8,183,691	7,062,186	71,897	70,450
6	483 Sales for Resale							
10	TOTAL Natural Gas Service Revenues	\$	59,895,194	\$ 59,573,715	8,183,691	7,062,186	71,897	70,450
11	Revenues from Manufactured Gas							
12	TOTAL Gas Service Revenues	\$	59,895,194	\$ 59,573,715				
13	OTHER OPERATING REVENUES							
14	485 Intracompany Transfers							
15	487 Forfeited Discounts							
16	488 Miscellaneous Service Revenues	\$	182,797	\$ 177,915				
17	489 Revenue from Trans. of Gas of Others	\$	4,114,884	\$ 4,044,720				
18	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. from Natural Gas							
19	491 Revenue from Natural Gas Proc. by Others							
20	492 Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales							
21	493 Rent from Gas Property	\$	12,000	\$ 12,000				
22	494 Interdepartmental Rents	ક	25,558	\$ 30,053				
23	495 Other Gas Revenues	₩	44,349	\$ 43,001				
24	TOTAL Other Operating Revenues	\$	4,379,588	\$ 4,307,689				
22	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues	\$	64,274,782	\$ 63,881,404				
50	(Less) 496 Provision for Rate Refunds TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues Net of							
/7	Dist. Type Sales by States (Incl. Main Line Sales							
28	to Residential and Commercial Customers)	\$	55,735,397		7,470,027			
29	Main Line Industrial Sales (Incl. Main Line Sales to Public Authorities)	↔	4,159,797		713,664			
30	Sales for Resale							
31	Other Sales to Public Authority (Local Dist. Only)							
32	Interdepartmental Sales							
33	TOTAL (Same as Line 10, Columns (b) and (d))	↔	59,895,194		8,183,691			
NOTES:	Ś							

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - INTERDEPA	ARTMENTAL SALES - NATUR	AL GAS (Account 484)	
Repor	t particulars concening sales of natural gas include	d in Account 484.		
LINE No.	DEPARTMENT AND BASIS OF CHARGES (a)	POINT OF DELIVERY (b)	MCF (14.74 psia AT 60 F) (c)	REVENUE (d)
RENT	FROM GAS PROPERTY AND INTERDEPARTME	-NTAL RENTS (Accounts 493		
KENI	FROM GAS PROPERTY AND INTERDEPARTME	ENTAL RENTS (Accounts 493,	494)	

- 1. Report particulars concerning rents received, included in Accounts 493 and 494.
- 2. Minor rents may be entered at the total amount for each class of such rents.
- 3. If rents are included which were arrived at under an arrangement for apportioning expenses of a joint facility, whereby the amount included in this account represents profit or return on property, depreciation, and taxes, give particulars and the basis of apportionment of such charges to Account 493 or 494.

AMOUNT OF DEVENUE FOR VEAD

4. Provide a subheading and total for each account.

				AMOUNT OF REVE	ENUE FOR YEAR
	LINE	NAME OF LESSEE OR DEPARTMENT	DESCRIPTION OF	NATURAL	MANUFACTURED
	NO.	(Designate associated companies)	PROPERTY	GAS PROPERTY	GAS PROPERTY
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
ĺ		Account 493			
		Stone Bros., Inc.	Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand.	\$ 12,000 \$ - \$ -	12,000.00 - -
		Total Account 493		\$ 12,000	12,000.00

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCAT	ED GAS OPERATION AND M	IAINTENANCE EXPENSES	
If the a	mount for previous year is not derived from previously	reported figures, explain in fo	otnotes.	
		, reperied rigures, explain in re		
LINE	ACCOUNT		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXPENSES			
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production			
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Detail Page 4A)	0	0
4	B. Natural Gas Production			
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering			
6	Operation			
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engineering		0	0
8	751 Production Maps and Records		0	0
9	752 Gas Wells Expenses		0	0
10	753 Field Lines Expenses		0	0
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses		0	0
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power		0	0
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Exper	nses	0	0
14	757 Purification Expenses		0	0
15	758 Gas Well Royalties		0	0
16	759 Other Expenses		0	0
17	760 Rents		0	0
18 19	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 7 thru 17) Maintenance		0	0
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		0	0
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		0	0
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells		0	0
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines		0	0
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Equ	uipment	0	0
25	766 Maintenance of Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Eq.		0	0
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment	·	0	0
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipme	ent	0	0
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment		0	0
29	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 20 thru 2	8)	0	0
30	Total Natural Gas Production & Gathering (Tot	al of lines 18 and 29)	0	0
31	B2. Products Extraction			
32	Operation			
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering		0	0
34	771 Operation Labor		0	0
35	772 Gas Shrinkage		0	0
36	773 Fuel		0	0
37	774 Power		0	0
38	775 Materials		0	0
39 40	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses 777 Gas Processed by Others		0	0
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted		0	0
42	779 Marketing Expenses		0	0
43	780 Products Purchases for Resale		0	0
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory		0	0
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility	- Credit	0	0
46	783 Rents		0	0
47	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 33 thru 46)		0	0

01 112	SPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE N	IATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
ST	TATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS	S OPERATION AND MAINT	ENANCE EXPENSES (Con't)	
LINE	ACCOUNT		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
	(a) nufactured Gas Production Detail		(b)	(c)

NAME	OF RESPONDENT This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (1) An Original	(M D V)	Dec. 31, 2017
CAS	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION A	AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSI	ES (Con't)
LINE	ACCOUNT	CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)
	B2. Products Extraction (Con't)	(13)	(*)
48	Maintenance		
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0
50	785 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	0	0
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining Equipment	0	0
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines	0	0
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storage Equipment	0	0
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment	0	0
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Reg. Equipment	0	0
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0	0
57	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 49 thru 56)	0	0
58	Total Products Extraction (Enter Total of lines 47 and 57)	0	0
59	C. Exploration and Development		
60	Operation 705 Pales Particle		٥
61	795 Delay Rentals	0	0
62 63	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling 797 Abandoned Leases	0	0
64	797 Abandoned Leases 798 Other Exploration	0	0
65	Total Exploration & Development (Enter Total of lines 61 thru		0
- 00	D. Other Gas Supply Expenses	0	U
66	Operation		
67	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases	0	0
68	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intracompany Transfe		0
69	801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases	0	0
70	802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases	0	0
71	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases	0	0
72	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases	35,281,498	30,461,643
73	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases	0	0
74	805 Other Gas Purchases	0	0
75	(Less) 805.1 Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments	(4,938,895)	485,265
76	805.2 Incremental Gas Cost Adjustments	0	0
77	Total Purchased Gas (Enter Total of lines 67 to 75)	30,342,603	30,946,908
78	806 Exchange Gas	0	0
79	Purchased Gas Expenses		٥
80	807.1 Well Expenses - Purchased Gas	0	0
81 82	807.2 Operation of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations 807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations	0	0
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses	0	0
84	807.5 Other Purchased Gas Expenses	0	0
85	Total Purchased Gas Expenses (Enter Total of lines 80 thru 8		0
86	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage - Debit	404,388	589,317
87	(Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage - Credit	0	0
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for Processing - De		0
89	(Less) 809.2 Deliveries of Natural Gas for Processing - Credit	0	0
90	(Less) Gas Used in Utility Operations - Credit		
91	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit	0	0
92	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction - Credit	0	0
93	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations - Credit	(13,303)	(12,580)
94	Total Gas Used in Utility Operations - Credit (Lines 91 thru 93		(12,580)
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses	101,025	170,587
96	Total Other Gas Supply Exp (Lines 77, 78, 85, 86 thru 89, 9		31,694,232
97	Total Production Expenses (Total of lines 3, 30, 58, 65 ar	d 96) 30,834,713	31,694,232

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLO	CATED GAS OPERATION AND I	MAINTENANCE EXPENS	
LINE	ACCOUNT		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALIN	G & PROCESSING EXPENSES		
99	A. Underground Storage Expenses			
100	Operation			
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering	g	0	0
102	815 Maps and Records		0	0
103	816 Wells Expenses		0	0
104	817 Lines Expense		0	0
105	818 Compressor Station Expenses		0	0
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power		0	0
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Exp	enses	0	0
108	821 Purification Expenses		0	0
109	822 Exploration and Development		0	0
110	823 Gas Losses		0	0
111	824 Other Expenses		0	0
112	825 Storage Well Royalties		0	0
113	826 Rents		0	0
114	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 101 t	hru 113)	0	0
115	Maintenance			
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Enginee	-	0	0
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improve	ements	0	0
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells		0	0
119	833 Maintenance of Lines		0	0
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Ed		0	0
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regula		0	0
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment	<u> </u>	0	0
123	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment	I C 4b 400\	0	0
124	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 11		0	0
125 126	Total Underground Storage Expenses (B. Other Storage Expenses	Total of lifles 114 and 124)	0	0
127	Operation			
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering	n	0	0
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses	9	0	0
130	842 Rents		0	0
131	842.1 Fuel		0	0
132	842.2 Power		0	0
133	842.3 Gas Losses		0	0
134	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 128 t	hru 133)	0	0
135	Maintenance	,		
136	843.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engine	eering	0	0
137	843.2 Maintenance of Structures and Impro	ovements	0	0
138	843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders		0	0
139	843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipme	nt	0	0
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipm	ente	0	0
141	843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipment		0	0
142	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipm		0	0
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regu	llating Equipment	0	0
144	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment		0	0
145	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 13	,	0	0
146	Total Other Storage Expenses (Enter T	otal of lines 134 and 145)	0	0

NAME	OF RESPONDENT This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
040	(1) An Original		
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AND MAI	NTENANCE EXPENSES	(Con't)
LINE	ACCOUNT	CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Expenses	(2)	(0)
148	Operation		
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering	0	0
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expenses	0	0
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses	0	0
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expenses	0	0
153	844.5 Measuring and Regulation Labor and Expenses	0	0
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses	0	0
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses	0	0
156	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching	0	0
157	845.1 Fuel	0	0
158	845.2 Power	0	0
159	845.3 Rents	0	0
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges	0	0
161	(Less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts - Credit	0	0
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by Others	0	0
163	846.1 Gas Losses	0	0
164	846.2 Other Expenses Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 140 thru 164)	0	0
165	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 149 thru 164)	U	U
166 167	Maintenance 847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	0	0
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Equipment	0	0
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipment	0	0
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment	0	0
172	847.6 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment	0	0
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment	0	0
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0	0
175	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 167 thru 174)	0	0
176	Total Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling & Process Exp (Lines 165 & 175)	0	0
177	Total Natural Gas Storage (Enter Total of lines 125, 146, and 176)	0	0
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES		
179	Operation		
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering	0	0
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching	0	0
182	852 Communication System Expenses	0	0
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses	0	0
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel	0	0
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Stations	0	0
186	856 Mains Expenses	0	0
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses	0	0
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others	0	0
189	859 Other Expenses	0	0
190 191	860 Rents Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 190 thru 100)	0	0
192	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 180 thru 190) Maintenance	0	U
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	0	0
195	863 Maintenance of Mains	0	0
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment	0	0
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Reg. Station Equipment	0	0
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipment	0	0
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0	0
200	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 193 thru 199)	0	0
201	Total Transmission Expenses (Enter Total of lines 191 and 200)	0	0

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
САЯ	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
OAC	CADE NATORAL GAS CORT ORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(101,0,1)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCA	TED GAS OPERATION AND MA	NTENANCE EXPENSES (Con't)	
LINE	ACCOUNT	-	CUURENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
203	Operation			
204	870 Operation Supervision and Engineer	ing	735,994	502,211
205	871 Distribution Load Dispatching		112,679	140,032
206	872 Compressor Station Labor and Expe	nses	0	0
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power		0	0
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses		1,223,950	1,073,812
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station E.		186,913	223,345
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station E.		19,763	12,145
211	877 Measuring & Regulating Station Exp	•	458,032	0
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expense	es	448,687	543,771
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses		0	451,504
214	880 Other Expenses		1,599,521	1,350,048
215	881 Rents		33,201	20,039
216	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 20	4 thru 215)	4,818,740	4,316,907
217	Maintenance		447.000	400,000
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engine		147,320	109,200
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Impre	overnents	179	487
220 221	887 Maintenance of Mains	Equipment	336,082	354,201 781
222	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station 889 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta.		(1,269) 53,968	33,903
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta.		8,477	60,495
224	891 Maint. of Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip		0,477	00,499
225	892 Maintenance of Services	Only Gate Officer Station	476,389	331,052
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House R	egulators	417,681	375,529
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment	a de la companya de l	176,967	57,136
228	Total Maintenance (Enter Total of lines	218 thru 227)	1,615,794	1,322,784
229	Total Distribution Expenses (Enter To		6,434,534	5,639,691
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	,	., . ,	-,,
231	Operation			
232	901 Supervision		12,405	1,621
233	902 Meter Reading Expenses		192,860	196,877
234	903 Customer Records and Collection Ex	penses	1,461,608	1,344,568
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts		237,848	166,036
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts E	xpenses	208	372
237	Total Customer Accounts Expenses (To	otal of lines 232 thru 236)	1,904,929	1,709,474
238	CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATION	TIONAL EXPENSES		
239	Operation			
240	907 Supervision		0	0
241	908 Customer Assistance Expenses		98,401	603,418
242	909 Informational and Instructional Expe		5,684	9,386
243	910 Miscellaneous Customer Service and		17,119	0
244	Total Customer Service & Information E	expenses (Lines 240 thru 243)	121,204	612,804
245	7. SALES EXPENSES			
246	Operation 044 Operation			
247	911 Supervision		0	0
248	912 Demonstrating and Selling Expenses	5	0	0
249 250	913 Advertising Expenses 916 Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		913	2,313
251	Total Sales Expenses (Enter Total of lir	nes 247 thru 250)	913	2,313
_~.			\$10	_,510

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (1) An Original (2) A Resubmission			(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATE	D GAS OPERATION AND MA	INTENANCE EXPENSES	(Con't)
LINE	ACCOUNT		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
252	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPEN	NSES		
253	Operation			
254	920 Administrative and General Salaries		2,264,862	1,947,880
255	921 Office Supplies and Expenses		1,009,853	815,786
256	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transfe	erred - Cr.	(96,290)	(97,825)
257	923 Outside Services Employed		286,641	566,996
258	924 Property Insurance		17,974	19,840
259	925 Injuries and Damages		420,394	419,184
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits		1,708,831	1,556,729
261	927 Franchise Requirements		0	0
262	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses		0	0
263	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges - Cr.		0	0
264	930.1 General Advertising Expenses		10,711	13,966
265	930.2 Miscellaneous General Expenses		213,092	264,144
266	931 Rents		364,381	423,272
267	Total Operation (Enter Total lines 254 thru	266)	6,200,449	5,929,972
268	Maintenance			
269	935 Maintenance of General Plant		12,561	11,098
270	Total Administrative and General Exp (Total	,	6,213,010	5,941,070
271	Total Gas O. & M. Exp (Lines 97,177,20)	1,229,237,244,251 and 270)	45,509,303	45,599,584

	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES							
LINE	LINE FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS OPERATION MAINTENANCE TOTAL							
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
272	Production							
273	Manufactured Gas	0	0	0				
274	Natural Gas:							
275	Production and Gathering	0	0	0				
276	Products Extraction	0	0	0				
277	Exploration and Development	0	0	0				
278	Total Natural Gas	0	0	0				
279	Other Gas Supply Expenses	30,834,713	0	30,834,713				
280	Total Production	30,834,713	0	30,834,713				
281	Underground Storage	0	0	0				
282	Other Storage	0	0	0				
283	LNG Terminiling and Processing	0	0	0				
284	Transmission Expenses	0	0	0				
285	Distribution Expenses	4,818,740	1,615,794	6,434,534				
286	Customer Accounts Expenses	1,904,929	0	1,904,929				
287	Customer Service and Informational Expenses	121,204	0	121,204				
288	Sales Expenses	913	0	913				
289	Admin and General Expenses	6,200,449	12,561	6,213,010				
290	Total Gas O. & M. Expenses	43,880,948	1,628,355	45,509,303				

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT		'n	DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	REPORT
CAS	CASCADE NATURALGAS CORPORATION		(1) 🗹 An Original (2) 🔲 A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017	, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED DEPRECIATION, DEPLETION, AND AMORTIZATION OF GAS PLANT (Account 403, 404.1, 404.2, 404.3, 405) (Except Amortization of Acquisition Adjustments)	RECIATION, DEPLE (Except Ar	ON, DEPLETION, AND AMORTIZATION OF GAS (Except Amortization of Acquisition Adjustments)	TION OF GAS PLANT (Adjustments)	(Account 403, 404.1,	, 404.2, 404.3, 405)	
	Report the amounts of depreciation expense, depletion and amortization for the accounts indicated and classify according to the plant functional groups shown.	lepletion and amort	ization for the accounts i	ndicated and classify a	acording to the plant	functional groups s	hown.
			AMORTIZATION & DEPLETION OF PRODICING	AMORTIZATION	AMORTIZATION	NOITAZITAOMA	
		DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	NATURAL GAS LAND & LAND RIGHTS	STORAGE LAND & LAND RIGHTS	LIMITED-TERM GAS PLANT	OF OTHER GAS PLANT	
R 8.	FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION (a)	(ACCOUNT 403) (b)	(ACCOUNT 404.1) (c)	(ACCOUNT 404.2) (d)	(ACCOUNT 404.3) (e)	⋖	TOTAL (g)
-	Intangible Plant			766,241			766,241
2	Production Plant, Manufactured Gas						•
3	Production and Gathering Plant, Natural Gas						•
4	Products Extraction Plant						•
2	Underground Gas Storage Plant						
9	Other Storage Plant						1
7	Base load LNG Terminaling and Processing Plant						1
8	Transmission Plant	113,173					113,173
6	Distribution Plant	5,227,675					5,227,675
10	General Plant	330,498					330,498
11	Common Plant - Gas						1
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19	TOTAL	5,671,346		766,241	,	1	6,437,587

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED TAX		E TAXES (Account 40	8.1)
LINE NO.		OF TAX a)		AMOUNT (b)
1	Property Taxes			1,526,316
2	Payroll Taxes			599,770
3	Oregon PUC Regulatory Fee			191,644
4	Oregon Department of Energy Fee			81,573
5	City Franchise Taxes			2,742,046
6	Miscellaneous Taxes			29,477
	TOTAL (Must agree with page 1, line 11)			5 170 826

NAM	IE OF RESPONDENT		This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		(1) An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
			(2) A Resubmission		(4
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED CALC				,
	eport amounts used to derive current Feder		nse, Account 409.1, fo	or the reporting period.	. If amounts are shown
	ousands, show (000) in the heading for colu		-lto dooroooina	tereble incomo oo nor	
	how amounts increasing taxable income as current tax expense on this schedule must m				
	surrent tax expense on this scriedule must me stments arising from revisions of prior year a		poned on page 1, inte	12 of this report. Sept	arately luerilly
	linor amounts of other additions (subtraction		1		
Line	`	RTICULARTS (Deta			Amount
No.		(a)			(b)
1	Gas Operating Revenues	·			290,448,860
2	Operations and Maintenance Expenses				(229,082,933)
3	Taxes, Other than Income				(29,057,099)
4	State Income (Excise) Tax				(21,289)
5	Interest Other Income				(12,404,037)
6 7	Other Income Federal Income Tax Depreciation				471,096 (26,547,005)
8	Other Additions (Subtractions) to Derive Ta	avable Income			(26,547,005)
9	CIAC	axable income			494,111
10	Book depreciation included in O&M				28,190,594
11	Tax Gain (loss) on disposal of assets				(1,228,011)
12	Vacation Accrual adjustment				121,753
13	Retiree Medical Accrual adjustment				3,232
14	Amort of loss on reacquired debt (4281)				40,971
15	SFAS No.87 pension plan accrual				(199,333)
16	SFAS No.87 accrual-SERP DO add back	k bk expense			150,295
17	SERP-perm difference piece				(735,544)
18	FAS158 Adjustment				(35,420)
19	Bad Debt Adjustment				170
20 21	Charitable Contributions (5981.4261) Permanent diff's				-
22	50 % of business meals & entertainme	int			159,273
23	Penalties (5984)	THE			-
24	Lobbying (5912.4264)				128,933
25	Tax exempt interest				-
26	Interest capitalized adj (IRS>books)				194,318
27	Customer Advances - 2520.000 to 2520.	.2991			572,669
28	CC&B Deduction				-
29	Repairs Deduction				(1,074,599)
30	Section 174 costs				(771,889)
31	Legal Reserve				2 295
32 33	263A Adjustment - UNICAP 401K Dividends (MDUR)				2,385 (155,207)
34	Severance accrual adjustment				(100,201)
35	STIP accrual adjustment				(1,045,840)
36	Deferred Gas Costs				(11,278,210)
37	Prepaid Expenses				(102,453)
38	Performance Share Perm				(611,520)
39	Royalty Income (15% of royalty income re	eceipts)			(1,617)
40	MGP expense				(663,163)
41	MAOP Deferred Costs				(4,351,630)
42	Federal Tax Net Income				1,611,861
43	Show Computation of Tax:				250/
44 45	Federal Tax Rate Estimated Federal Tax				35% 564,151
46	Adjustments to Estimated Federal Tax				JU 1 , IJ I
47	Difference between 12/31/16 accrual a	and tax return			(2,574,088)
48	Prior year adjustments	na tax rotam			(667,189)
49	Tax Retorm				441,582
50	Provision for Current Federal Income Ta	X			(2,235,544)
51	Allocated to:	<u>409.1</u>	<u>409.2</u>		Total
52	Washington	(1,508,118)	(1,024)		(1,509,142)
53	Oregon	(726,061)		-	(726,402)
54	Total	(2,234,179)	(1,365)		(2,235,544)

ΝΔΝ	IE OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original		
		(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
RENT STATE INCOME (EXCISE) TAX EXPENSE (Account 409.1)				
1. R	eport amounts used to derive current state income (excise) ta	ax expense. Account 409	9.1. for the reporting p	eriod. If amounts are
	vn in thousands, show (000) in the heading for column (b).	an emperior, more and no	o, .oo .opog p	onour n announts are
	how amounts increasing taxable income as positive values ar			
	furrent tax expense on this schedule must match the amount	reported on page 1, line	13 of this report. Sepa	arately identify
	stments arising from revisions of prior year accruals. linor amounts of other additions (subtractions) may be groupe	2d		
Line	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Amount
No.	(a)			(b)
1	Gas Operating Revenues			290,448,860
2	Operations and Maintenance Expenses			(229,082,933)
3 4	Taxes, Other than Income State Income (Excise) Tax			(29,057,099)
5	Interest			(12,404,037)
6	Other Income			471,096
7	Federal Income Tax Depreciation			(27,000,476)
8 9	Other Additions (Subtractions) to Derive Taxable Income CIAC			494,111
10	Book depreciation included in O&M			28,190,594
11	Tax Gain (loss) on disposal of assets:			(1,228,151)
12	Vacation Accrual adjustment			121,753
13	Retiree Medical Accrual adjustment			3,232
14 15	Amort of loss on reacquired debt (4281) SFAS No.87 pension plan accrual			40,971 (199,333)
16	SFAS No.87 accrual-SERP DO add back bk expense			150,295
17	SERP-perm difference piece			(735,544)
18	FAS158 Adjustment			(35,420)
19	Bad Debt Adjustment			170
20 21	Charitable Contributions (5981.4261) Permanent diff's			-
22	50 % of business meals & entertainment			159,273
23	Penalties (5984)			-
24	Lobbying (5912.4264)			128,933
25	Tax exempt interest			404.040
26 27	Interest capitalized adj (IRS>books) Customer Advances - 2520.000 to 2520.2991			194,318 572,669
28	CC&B Deduction			-
29	Repairs Deduction			(1,074,599)
30	Section 174 Costs			(771,889)
31 32	Legal Reserve 263A Adjustment - UNICAP			- 2,385
33	401K Dividends (MDUR)			(155,207)
34	Severance accrual adjustment			-
35	STIP accrual adjustment			(1,045,840)
36	Deferred Gas Costs			(11,278,210)
37 38	Prepaid Expenses Performance Share Perm			(102,453) (611,520)
39	Royalty Income (15% of royalty income receipts)			(1,617)
40	MGP expense			(663,163)
41	MAOP Deferred Costs			(4,351,630)
42	Federal Tax Net Income			1,179,539
43 44	Oregon Apportionment Rate State Tax Net Income			23.7483% 280,120
45	Show Computation of Tax:			200,120
46	State Tax Rate			7.6%
47				21,289
48 49	Adjustments to Estimated Federal Tax Difference between 12/31/16 accrual and tax return			(4.47.220)
50	Prior year adjustments			(147,330) (25,171)
51	Tax Retorm			23,190
52	Provision for Current Federal Income Tax			(128,022)
53	Allocated to: 409.1	409.2		Total
54 55	Oregon (129,101	1,079		(128,022)

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULA	ATED DEFERRED INCOM	E TAXES (Account 1	190)
1. Repo	ort the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting	ng for deferred income taxes.		
	e space provided:			
	dentify, by amount and classification, significant items for which deferred to	axes are being provided.		
(b) In	ndicate insignificant amounts under OTHER.	1 1		
		Balance at		URING YEAR
Lina	A	Beginning	Amounts	Amounts
Line	Account Subdivisions	of Year	Debited to	Credited to
No.	(a)	(b)	Account 410.1	Account 411.1 (d)
1	Electric (a)	(6)	(c)	(u)
2	Liconio	+		
3	Other	+		
4	TOTAL ELECTRIC	<u></u> j		
5	Gas	26,488,327	(15,506,308)	
6				
7	Other	-		
8	TOTAL GAS	26,488,327	(15,506,308)	-
9	Other (Specify)	-		
10	TOTAL (Account 190)	26,488,327	(15,506,308)	-
11	Classification of Totals	05.470.000	(45,440,700)	
12	Federal Income Tax	25,173,398	(15,412,760)	-
13	State Income Tax Local Income Tax	1,314,929	(93,548)	-
14 15	Local Income Tax	+ -	-	-
16	Amounts assigned to jurisdictions as follows:	+		
17	Federal Income Tax - Washington	See Below	(12,189,952)	-
18	Federal Income Tax - Oregon	See Below	(3,222,808)	-
19	State Income Tax - Oregon	1,314,929	(93,548)	-
20			,	
21				
22				
	The federal balance in account 190 relating to customer advances is allo	ocated to Washington & Oregon of	on the basis of the Compa	any's
İ	Rate Base ratio, the remaining portion is allocated on the basis of the			
ı	corporate level operating & maintenance expenses and interstate plan	nt. The allocation in each state is	as follows:	
ı		Į.	·	ı
İ				
		l Paginning	End	
ı		Beginning of Year	of Year	
İ		Ui i cai	Ui i c ai	
	Federal Income Tax Acct Balance Relating to Customer Advances	_	1,055,801	
i	Washington allocation factor	76.55%	77.16%	
İ	Washington Allocated balance relating to Customer Advances	-	814,656	
İ	5			
i	Oregon allocation factor	23.45%	22.84%	
i	Oregon Allocated balance relating to Customer Advances	-	241,145	
ı				
İ	Remaining balance to be allocated on 3-factor	25,173,398	13,975,533	
i	Oregon allocation factor	24.73%	24.96%	
l	Oregon allocation	6,225,381	3,488,293	
l	Plus Oregon Allocation of Customer Advances related balance	-	241,145	
I	Total Oregon Allocated Balance	6,225,381	3,729,438	

NAME OF RESP	ONDENT			This Popert Is:	DATE OF DEPONT	VEAD OF DET	OPT
				This Report Is: (1) An Original	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REP	
CASCADE NA	TURAL GAS CO	PORATION		(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 20	017
STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES (Account 190) (continued)							
		ot readily available. Rep	port gas utility deferre	ed taxes only.			
4. Use separate page	es as required.						
CHANGES D	Balance at						
Amounts	Amounts	DEB	ITS	CREDITS		End	
Debited to	Credited to	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line
Account 410.2	Account 411.2	(-)	(1-)	40	(2)	(1.5)	No.
(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)	1
		+					2
							3
							4
-	-	Regulatory accounts related to		Regulatory accounts related to FAS 158 and OR rate change	20,242,427	16,343,135	5
		FAS 158 and OR		adjustments			6 7
-	-	rate change adjustments	25,603,543		20,242,427	16,343,135	8
		aujustinents			-,	-	9
-	-		25,603,543		20,242,427	16,343,135	10
							11
-	-	+	24,515,367 1,088,176		19,244,671 997,756	15,031,334 1,311,801	12 13
<u>-</u>	-	+	1,000,176		997,756	1,311,601	14
							15
							16
-	-	<u> </u>	19,389,204		15,220,610	See Below	17
-	-	+	5,126,163		4,024,061 997,756	See Below	18 19
-	-	+	1,088,176		997,756	1,311,801	20
							21
							22

NAME OF RESPONDENT			port Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT			
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1)	An Original A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017			
ACCU	CCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - Accelerated Amortization Property (Account 281)							
1. R	Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to amortizable							
property								
2. lr	2. In the space provided furnish explanations, including the following in colomnar order:							
	(a) State each certification number with a brief	(c) Date a	mortization for tax pu	rposes commenced.				
	description of property.							
	(b) Total and amortizable cost of such property.		al" depreciation rate ured tax.	ised in computing the				
			Balance at	CHANGES D	JRING YEAR			
			Beginning	Amounts	Amounts			
Line	Account Subdivisions		of Year	Debited to	Credited to			
No.				Account 410.1	Account 411.1			
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)			
1	Accelerated Amortization (Account 281)							
2	Electric							
3	Defense Facilities							
4	Pollution Control Facilities							
5	Other							
6								
7								
8	TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7)		1	ı	-			
9	Gas							
10	Defense Facilities							
11	Pollution Control Facilities							
12	Other							
13								
14								
15	TOTAL Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14)		-	-	-			
16	Gas (Specify)							
	TOTAL (Acct 281) Total of 8, 15 & 16		-	-	-			
	Classification of TOTAL							
	Federal Income Tax		-	-	-			
	State Income Tax		-	-	-			
21	Local Income Tax		-	-	-			

NAME OF RESPONDENT				This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REP	ORT	
LUASUADE NATURAL GAS CURPURATION			(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 20	17		
ACCUMULATED	DEFERRED INC	COME TAXES	- Accelerate	d Amortization Property (/	Account 281) (conti	nued)		
(e) Tax rate used of	originally defer amour may be omitted if no	it and the tax rate	used during the	e current year to amortize previo		,		
CHANGES DURING YEAR ADJUSTMENTS Balance at								
		DE0.	TO.	ADJUSTMENTS		Balance at		
Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to	DEBI Account No.	Amount	CREDITS Account No.	Amount	End of Year	Line	
Account 410.2	Account 411.2	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	Oi i Gai	No.	
(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(1)	(j)	(k)		
							1	
							2	
							3	
							4 5	
							6	
							7	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
							9	
							10	
							11 12	
							13	
							14	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
						-	16	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	
	_						18 19	
-	-				-	<u> </u>	20	
-	-		-		-	-	21	

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT			
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) 🔽 An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017			
		(2) A Resubmission					
	ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TA		·				
 Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to property not subject to accelerated amortization. 							
-	e space provided furnish explanations, including the following in columnar or	der.					
	State the general method or methods of liberalized depreciation being used (s		lance, etc.)				
` '	Estimated lives (i.e. useful life, guideline life, guideline class life, etc.)	, , ,	,				
(c) C	Classes of plant to which each method is being applied and date method was	adopted.					
		Balance at	CHANGES D	URING YEAR			
		Beginning	Amounts	Amounts			
Line	Account Subdivisions	of Year	Credited to	Credited to			
No.	4)	(1.)	Account 410.1	Account 411.1			
4	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
2	Account 282 Electric	_					
3	Gas	(100,067,346)	(2,341,555)	-			
4	Other (Define)	(100,007,010)	(2,011,000)				
5	Total (Total of Lines 2 thru 4)	(100,067,346)	(2,341,555)	-			
6	Other (Specify)	-	(=,= : :,= 30)				
7	· · · · · ·						
8							
9	Total (Account 282) Lines 5 thru 8	(100,067,346)	(2,341,555)	-			
10	Classification of Totals						
11	Federal Income Tax	(95,651,640)	(2,184,789)	-			
12	State Income Tax	(4,415,706)	(156,766)	-			
13	Local Income Tax	-	-	-			
	Amounto appianad to juriadictions as follows:						
	Amounts assigned to jurisdictions as follows:	Con Dolow	(4.707.050)				
	Federal Income Tax - Washington Federal Income Tax - Oregon	See Below See Below	(1,727,950) (456,839)	-			
	State Income Tax - Oregon	(4,415,706)	(156,766)	_			
	State meetine rax Gregori	(4,410,700)	(100,700)				
	The federal balance in account 282 relating to utility plant for ratemaking is a Company's Rate Base ratio, the remaining portion is allocated on the bas						
	follows:	is of the Company's ratio of ut	ility plant in each state as	5			
		Beginning	End				
		of Year	of Year				
	Federal Income Tax Acct Balance Relating to utility plant for ratemaking	(98,089,299)	(100,214,084)				
	Washington allocation factor	76.55%	77.16%				
	Washington Allocated balance relating to utility plant for ratemaking	(75,087,358)	(77,325,187)				
	Overgon allocation factor	00.450/	00.040/				
	Oregon allocation factor Oregon Allocated balance relating to utility plant for ratemaking	23.45%	(22.84%				
	Oregon Allocated balance relating to utility plant for ratemaking	(23,001,941)	(22,888,897)				
	Remaining balance to be allocated on Utility Plant	2,437,659	51,800,095				
	Oregon allocation factor	22.76%	22.55%				
	Oregon allocation	554,811	11,680,921				
	Plus Oregon Allocation of utility plant for ratemaking related balance	(23,001,941)	(22,888,897)				
	Total Oregon Allocated Balance	(22,447,130)	(11,207,976)				
i	1	Ī					

NAIVIE OF RESP	ONDENT			This Report is.	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPOR	KI
CASCADE NA	TURAL GAS COF	RPORATION		(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 201	7
	ACCUMULA	TED DEFERRED	INCOME TAXES	S-Other Property (Accord	unt 282) (continued))	
 Beginning balar Use separate parage 		not readily available. F	Report gas utility defe	rred taxes only.			
CHANGES DI				JUSTMENTS		Balance at	
Amounts	Amounts	<u>DEB</u>	<u>ITS</u>	<u>CREDI</u>	<u>TS</u>	End	
Debited to	Credited to	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line
Account 410.2	Account 411.2						No.
(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)	
							1
						-	2
-	-	182.3 & 254	52,484,094	182.3 & 254	2,154,130	(52,078,937)	3
			- ,,		,,	-	4
	-		52,484,094		2,154,130	(52,078,937)	5
			0 <u>2,</u> 707,03 4		2,107,100	(02,010,001)	6
						-	7
							8
_	_		52,484,094		2,154,130	(52,078,937)	9
-	-		JZ,404,U94		2,104,130	(52,076,937)	10
		254	E4 470 CEO	254	0.050.040	(40, 440, 000)	
-	-		51,472,659		2,050,219	(48,413,989)	11
-	-	182.3	1,011,435	182.3	103,911	(3,664,948)	12
-	-		-		-	-	13
-			40,709,726 10,762,933 1,011,435		1,621,518 428,701 103,911	See Below See Below (3,664,948)	
						,	

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT		
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Original(2) ☐ A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017		
	STATE OF OREGON - ACCUMULATED DEFERRI	ED INCOME TAXES-C	THER (Account 2	33)		
	ort the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting f	for deferred income taxes re	lating to amounts recor	ded		
	count 283.	Q.11				
2. In the	e space provided below include amounts relating to insignificant items under	1	OUANOEO	DUDING VEAD		
	Balance at CHANGES DURIN					
	<u> </u>	Beginning	Amounts	Amounts		
Line	Account	of Year	Debited	Credited		
No.	(a)	(b)	Account 410.1 (c)	Account 411.1 (d)		
1	Account 283	(4)	(=)	(4)		
2	Electric					
3	Gas	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	-		
4	Other (Define)	-				
5	Total (Total of Lines 2 thru 4)	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	-		
6	Other (Specify)	-				
-						
7						
8 9	Total (Account 283) Lines 5 thru 8	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	_		
	Classification of Totals	(36,157,096)	6,713,310	-		
	Federal Income Tax	(34,048,055)	6,983,136	-		
	State Income Tax	(2,109,041)	(269,826)	<u>-</u>		
13	Local Income Tax	(2,109,041)	(209,020)	-		
10	Local Income Tax					
	Amounts assigned to jurisdictions as follows:					
	Federal Income Tax - Washington	See below	5,522,962	_		
	Federal Income Tax - Washington Federal Income Tax - Oregon	See below	1,460,174			
				-		
	State Income Tax - Oregon	(2,109,041)	(269,826)	-		
	The federal balance in account 283 relating to debt refinancing costs is allocated Base ratio, the remaining portion is allocated on the basis of the 3-fa corporate level operating & maintenance expenses and interstate plant.	actor formula which is used	for the allocation of	Company's		
		Beginning of Year	End of Year			
	Federal Income Tax Acct Balance Relating to Debt Refinancing	(284,789)	(161,931)			
	Washington allocation factor	76.55%	77.16%			
	Washington Allocated balance relating to Debt Refinancing	(218,006)	(124,946)			
	-	. ,	,			
	Oregon allocation factor	23.45%	22.84%			
	Oregon Allocated balance relating to Debt Refinancing	(66,783)	(36,985)			
	Remaining balance to be allocated on 3-factor Oregon allocation factor	(33,763,266) 24.73%	(22,899,689) 24.96%			
	Oregon allocation	(8,349,656)	(5,715,762)			
	Plus Oregon Allocation of Debt refinancing related balance	(66,783)	(36,985)			
	Total Oregon Allocated Balance	(8,416,439)	(5,752,747)			

CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	NAME OF RESP	ONDENT			(1) An Original	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPO)K I
3. Beginning balance may be omitted if not readily available. Report gas utility deferred taxes only. 4. Use separate pages as required. CHANGES DURING YEAR Amounts Debited Account 410.2 Account 411.2 (e) Account 411.2 (f) Account 410.2 Account No. Amount Account No. A						n (M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 20 ⁻	17
CHANGES DURING YEAR						R (Account 283) ((continued)	
Amounts			ot readily available. R	eport gas utility defer	red taxes only.			
Debited Account 410.2 Account 410.2 (g) (h) (l) (j) (k)	CHANGES D	URING YEAR		ADJU	JSTMENTS		Balance at	
Account 411.2 (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) - Regulatory accounts related to accounts related to of OR State Tax Rate increase	Amounts	Amounts	DEE	BITS	CREDI [*]	<u>rs</u>	End	
(e) (f) (g) (h) (l) (j) (k) - Regulatory accounts related to accounts related to FAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase 35,333,776 333,975,469 33,975,469 26,871,198	Debited	Credited	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line
- Regulatory accounts related to accounts related to FAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase	Account 410.2	Account 411.2						No.
accounts related to FAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)	
accounts related to FAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase								1
accounts related to FAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase			Degulaten		De mulatam y accounts		()	2
- FAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and deferred tax effect of OR State Tax Rate increase - GAS 158 and GAS 158 a	-	-		35,333,776		31,268,367	(25,378,377)	3
Of OR State Tax Rate increase			FAS 158 and	25 222 776	deferred tax effect of OR	21 269 267	(25 270 277)	4 5
Rate increase 35,333,776 31,268,367 (25,378,377) 33,975,469 29,972,170 (23,061,620) 1,358,307 1,296,197 (2,316,757)	-	-		33,333,770	State Tax Rate increase	31,200,307	(25,376,377)	6
35,333,776 31,268,367 (25,378,377) 333,975,469 29,972,170 (23,061,620) 1,358,307 1,296,197 (2,316,757)								U
33,975,469 29,972,170 (23,061,620) 1,358,307 1,296,197 (2,316,757)			-					7
33,975,469 29,972,170 (23,061,620) 1,358,307 1,296,197 (2,316,757)				05.000.550		24 222 22=	(05.050.055)	8
1,358,307 1,296,197 (2,316,757)	-	-		35,333,776		31,268,367	(25,378,377)	9
1,358,307 1,296,197 (2,316,757)	_	_		33 075 460		20 072 170	(23.061.620)	10 11
26,871,198 23,704,989 See below 7,104,271 6,267,181 See below								12
- 7,104,271 6,267,181 See below	-	_		-		-	-	13
		-		7,104,271		6,267,181	See below	

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT			This Report Is:			DATE OF	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CÀ	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	ORATION		(1) <a>An Original (2) A Resubmission	al ission		(M,I	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATI	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED		ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT (Account 255)	RRED INVESTA	IENT TAX CRED	IT (Account 255		
Repo colur	Report below information applicable to Account 255. Explain by footnote any correction or adjustment to the account balance shown in column (g). Include in column (i) the average period over which the tax credit is amortized.	to Account 255. Ehich the tax credi	xplain by footnote an t is amortized.	y correction or ad	ljustment to the a	account balance s	shown in column	(g). Include in	
			Deferred For Year	ed ar	Allocations to Current Year's Income	ons to ar's Income			Average
Line No.	Account Subdivision	Balance at Beginning of Year	Account No	Amount	Account No	Amount	Adjustments	Balance at End of Year	period of Allocation to Income
	(a)	(p)	(c)	(p)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)
_	Gas utility								
3 8	3% 4 % 1,%	TON			411.4			TON	31 Years
4 亿	10%	ALLOCATED			411.4 4.114	(8.719)		ALLOCATED	31 Years 23 Years
9	Total	0		0		(8,719)			
7	Other (list separately and show 3%, 4%, 78, 10% and TOTAL)								
20 11 11 12 13 14 16 17 18 17 18 18 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	ς; Si								

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATEOF	DATE OF REPORT		YEAR OF REPORT
S	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original	uois	(M,E	(M,D,Y)		Dec. 31, 2017
	STA	님	SITUS UTILITY PI	-ANT			
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION	ULATED PROVISIC	ONS FOR DEPRE	CIATION, AMORT	IZATION AND DE	PLETION	
Line	ltem	Total	Electric	Gas	Other (Specifiy)	Other (Specifiy)	Common
No.	(a)	(q)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
_	UTILITY PLANT						
2	In Service						
3	Plant in Service (classified)	200,511,039		200,511,039			
4	Property under capital leases	-					
2	Plant purchased or sold	-					
9	Completed construction not classified	9,332,301		9,332,301			
7	Experimental plant unclassified	•					
8	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	209,843,340	1	209,843,340	1		•
6	Leased to Others	-					
10	Held for Future Use	•					
11	Construction Work In Progress	1,452,858		1,452,858			
12	Acquisition Adjustments	•					
13	Total Utility Plant (Enter Total of lines 8 thru 12)	211,296,198	-	211,296,198	•		•
14	Accumulated Prov For Depr, Amort, & Depl.	(96,644,875)		(96,644,875)			
15	Net Utility Plant (Line 13 less 14)	114,651,323	•	114,651,323	•		•
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION						
17	In Service:						
18	Depreciation	(96,626,376)		(96,626,376)			
19	Amort. and Depl. of producing natural gas land and land rights	,		,			
20	Amort. of underground storage land and land rights	1		-			
21	Amort. of other utility plant	(18,499)		(18,499)			
22	Total In-Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)	(96,644,875)	1	(96,644,875)	1		•
23	Leased to Others						
24	Depreciation	•		-			
25	Amortization and depletion	•		•			
26	Total leased to others (Total of lines 24 and 25)	•	1	1	1		•
27	Held for Future Use						
28	Depreciation	•		•			
29	Amortization	,					
30	Total Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 & 29)	•	,	-			•
31	Abandoment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
32	Amort. Of Plant Acquisitions Adj.						
33	I O I AL Accumulated Provisions (should agree with line 14) (lines 22,26, 30, 31 & 32)	(96.644.875)	1	(96.644.875)	•		,
		(1 1 1			

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CA	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Original (2) ☐ A Resubmission	ıl İssion		(M,D,Y)	(Y,	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF O	OF OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE	AS PLANT IN SEF	RVICE			
2. R ∃.	ccording to the p sified), this page	ed accounts. e next include Acco	ount 102, Gas Plan	it Purchased or So	rescribed accounts. and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified;	perimental Gas F	Plant Unclassified;
and <i>f</i> 3. Inc	and Account 106, Completed Construction not Classified. 3. Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year.	nents for the curre	nt or preceding year	ar.			
4. 쟌 핃 있 :	Enclose in parentheses credit adjustments of plant accounts to indicate the negative effect of such accounts. Classify Account 106 according to prescribed accounts on an estimated basis if necessary, and include entries in column (c). Also to be included in column (c) are entries for reversals of	gative effect of suc if necessary, and i	ch accounts. nclude entries in c	olumn (c). Also to	be included in colur	nn (c) are entries	for reversals of
tentai of the	tentative distributions of prior year reported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has significant amount of plant retirements which have not been classified to primary accounts at the end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements, on an estimated basis, with appropriate contra entry to the account for accumulated depreciation provision. Include	dent has significant n estimated basis,	amount of plant re with appropriate o	etirements which h ontra entry to the a	respondent has significant amount of plant retirements which have not been classified to primary accounts at the end ts, on an estimated basis, with appropriate contra entry to the account for accumulated depreciation provision. Include	ified to primary ac lated depreciation	counts at the end provision. Include
also i	also in column (d) reversals of tentative distributions of prior year unclassified retirements. Attach supplemental statement showing the account distributions of these tentative classifications in	rements. Attach su	pplemental statem	nent showing the a	ccount distributions	of these tentative	e classifications in
106 v	column (c) and (u), including the reversals of the prior years terrained account distinctions and the texts of Accounts for and 106 will avoid serious omissions of the reported amount of respondent's plant actually in service at the end of year.	ually in service at t	he end of year.	Observance of the s	Or une above misu ucuonis a (Continue on page 25)	שוום ווופ ופאוא חו אנ	ccounts 101 and
Z Z	ACCOUNT	BALANCE AT BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	BALANCE AT END OF YEAR
N O		(p)	(c)	(p)		(f)	(g)
_							
7							
		/3,66/					/3,66/
4 4	3U3 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	113,374	2,834,446				2,947,820
o و	2 Production Plant	140, 701	2,024,440		•	•	3,021,407
^	Natural Gas Production & Gathering Plant						
∞	325.1 Producing Lands	•					
6	325.2 Producing leaseholds						1
10		-					•
-							
12	325.5 Other Land and Land Rights						
<u>.</u>		•					
<u> </u>							
9		1					
17		1					1
18							•
19							•
25	333 Field Compressor Station Equipment						
22							
23		•					
24							
25	Γ	1					
26		•		•			•
27							
28							
29		•					1
30							
3	343 Pipe Lines						
35		•					

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	sion		(M,D,Y)),Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREG	OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	LANT IN SERVIC	CE (Con't)			
6. She	6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within utility plant accounts. Include also in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary account classifications arising from distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account 102. In showing the clearance of Account 102 include in column (e) the amounts with respect to accumulated provision for depreciation, acquisition	nclude also in coluit	mn (f) the addition	is or reductions of parts with respect to	orimary account cla	ssifications arising	g from distribution
adjust 7. For	adjustments, etc., and show in column (f) only the offset to the debits or credits distributed in column (f) to primary account classifications. 7. For Account 399, state the nature and use of plant included in this account and if substantial in amount submit a supplementary statement showing sub-account classification of such plant	istributed in colum if substantial in a	n (f) to primary ac mount submit a su	count classification	ns. ment showing sub-	account classifica	tion of such plant
confor 8. For	conforming to the requirements of these pages. 8. For each amount comprising the reported balance and changes in Account 102, state the property purchased or sold, name of vendor or purchaser, and date of transaction. If proposed is the property purchaser and date of transaction. If proposed is the property purchaser and date of transaction. If proposed is the property purchaser and date of transaction. If proposed is the property purchaser and date of transaction.	2, state the propert	y purchased or so	old, name of vendo	r or purchaser, and	date of transactio	n. If proposed
S Inol	Outride Fitties have been filed with the Commission as required by the Official System of Accounts, give also date of such ming. BALANCE AT	BALANCE AT	, give also date of	sacii IIIIIg.			BALANCE AT
E R	ACC	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
O	(a) O Dendination Dient (Cont)	(a)	(c)	(n)	(a)	(I)	(6)
33		1					
34		•					
35	347 Other Equipment						1
36	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant		•	1	-	-	
37	TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant		•	1	-	-	
38	Mfd. Gas Production Plant (Submit Suppl. Statement)						•
39	TOTAL Production Plant		•	•	•	-	
40	3. Natural Gas Storage & Processing Plant						
41							
42							
43	ا.	•					
44							
45							•
46							
47							
48	~						
49							
20							
51							
25	356 Purification Equipment	•					
22	1	•					•
, 7,	Other Storage Dignt	•	•	•	•	•	
25	360 Land and Land Binhts	•					
8 2		ı					
72	362 Gas Holders						
3 5		1					
6C							
8 8							
61		•					
62							
63		•					
64	363.5 Other Equipment						•
69	I O I AL Other Storage Plant			•		-	

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			TACHE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CA	AS CORPORATION	(1) A An Original	uois;		(Mo, Da, Yr)	ia, Yr)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON	- 1	SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	CE (Con't)			
	FWICOCK	BALANCE AT	Q H Q	0 1 1 1	U H	0 L L 0 2 4	BALANCE AT
N 0	ACCOUNI (a)	BEG. OF YEAK (b)	ADDITIONS (c)	KELIKEMENIS (d)	ADJUS IMEN IS (e)	I KANSTERS (f)	END OF YEAK (g)
99	Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminating and Processing Plant						
29	364.1 Land and Land Rights						
89		-					1
69		-					
20		•					
71		•					
72	364.6 Compressor Station Equipment	•					
73							•
74	364.8 Other Equipment	•					•
75	TOTAL Base Load Liequefied Natural		•	•	•		•
9/	Gas, Terminaling & Processing Plant						
77	TOTAL Nat. Gas Storage & Proc. Plant	-	•	-	-		
78	4. Transmission Plant						
79	365.1 Land and Land Rights	13,131					13,131
80		7,693					7,693
81		•					•
82		5,818,921					5,818,921
83		•					•
84		36,161					36,161
82		•					•
98		•					•
86.a	372 ARO - Transmission	24,733	241				24,974
87	TOTAL Transmission Plant	5,900,639	241	1	•	•	5,900,880
88							
83		220,912	155,968				376,880
06		363,785					363,785
91		87,012,896	5,695,453	(48,064)			92,660,285
92							•
93		8,710,463	1,631,674				10,342,137
94							
92		48,476,792	2,917,874	(44,147)			51,350,519
96		14,135,490	692,039	(263,896)	112,544		1
26		8,433,777	678,093	(132)		(3,232)	9,108,506
86		2,609,329	166,143	(90,028)	20,775		2,706,169
66		-					•
100	385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	1,828,167	47,827	(1,358)		3,232	1,877,868
101		1					1
102		-					•
102.a	388 ARO - Distribution	3,652,001	714,394	(6,785)			4,359,610
103	TOTAL Distribution Plant	175,443,612	12,699,465	(454,460)	133,319		187,821,936

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) <- An Original (2)	sion		(M,D,Y)	(۲٫۲)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF ORE	REGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	PLANT IN SERVIC	SE (Con't)			
		BALANCE AT					BALANCE AT
E E	ACC	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
S	(a)	(a)	(c)	(a)	(e)	(T)	(g)
104	6. General Plant						
105	389 Land and Land Rights	493,301					493,301
106	390 Structures and Improvements	4,503,032					4,503,032
107	391 Office Furniture and Equipment	182,715					182,715
108	392 Transportation Equipment	3,546,884	366,715	(123,447)			3,790,152
109	393 Stores Equipment	-					•
110	394 Tools, Shop and Garage Equipment	1,274,964	10,787	(11,124)			1,274,627
111	395 Laboratory Equipment	•					•
112	396 Power Operated Equipment	947,966	951,053	(648,889)			1,249,120
113	397 Communication Equipment	1,344,959	291,393	(37,471)			1,598,881
114	398 Miscellaneous Equipment	7,209					7,209
115	SUBTOTAL	12,301,030	1,619,948	(821,941)	-	-	13,099,037
116	399 Other Tangible Property	-					•
117	TOTAL General Plant	12,301,030	1,619,948	(821,941)	•	-	13,099,037
118	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)	193,832,322	17,154,100	(1,276,401)	133,319	-	209,843,340
119	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)						•
120	(less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)	-					-
121	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified	•					•
122	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service	193,832,322	17,154,100	(1,276,401)	133,319	-	209,843,340

NAME	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Original (2) ☐ A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
2.	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS GAS PLAN Report separately each property held for future use at end of the ye or future use may be grouped provided that the number of propertie For property having an original cost of \$100,000 or more previously required information, the date that utility use of such property was d	NT HELD FOR FUTURE Lar having an original cost is so grouped is indicated. used in utility operations,	of \$100,000 or more. Other now held for future use, gi	ve, in addition to other
$\overline{}$	Description and Location	Date Originally	Date Expected to be	Balance at
Line No.	of Property (a)	Included in this Acct. (b)	Used in Utility Service (c)	End of Year (d)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 6 17 18 19 20 12 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 45 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	Natural gas lands, leaseholds, and gas rights held for future utility use.			None

TOTALS-

	OF RESPONDENT		eport Is: An Original	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) <u></u>	An Original A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS CONSTRUCTION W Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" Demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts	VORK IN n proces " projects	PROGRESS -	n (107).	/elopment, and
3.	Minor projects may be grouped.				
	Description of Projects			Construction Work In Progress - GAS	Estimated Additional Cost of Project
Line	Description of Frojecto			(Account 107)	Oust of Froject
No.	(a)			(b)	(c)
1	No projects equal to or above \$500,000				
2					
3					
4					
5	Address installation of mains, coming lines, magazing and regulation	station		1,452,858	
6 7	Minor installation of mains, service lines, measuring and regulating meter sets and telemetering, and etc.	ig statioi	ıs,	1,402,000	
8	meter sets and telemetering, and etc.				
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18 10					
19 20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30 31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40					
41 42					
47	1			1	1

TOTAL-

1,452,858

NAME (OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
		(1) An Original (2) A Resubmi		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
2. Explaservice, 3. The removed various include	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS ACCUMULATED PROVISION FOR ain in a footnote any important adjustments during year. ain in a footnote any difference between the amount for book cost of pages 24-27, column (d), excluding retirements of non-depreciable provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of accounts required from service. If the respondent has a significant amount of plant represerve functional classifications make preliminary closing entries to all costs included in retirement work in progress at year end in the appropriate to the progress of the progress of the progress at year end in the appropriate progress at year end in the appropriate progress of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the approximation of the progress at year end in the	plant retired, Line property. I that retirements tired at year end tentatively function propriate function of depreciation acc	of depreciable play which has not be conalize the book on all classifications counting.	and that reported ant be recorded w en recorded and/ cost of the plant re	for gas plant in when such plant is or classified to
	Section A. Balances and Char	nges During the `	Year		
Line No.	ltem	Total (c+d+e)	Gas Plant In Service	Gas Plant Held For Future Use	Gas Plant Leased to Others
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Balance Beginning of Year	(91,873,519)	(91,873,519)	(=)	(5)
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	(5,509,477)	(5,509,477)		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plant Leased to Others	-			
5	Transportation Expenses - Clearing	(265,247)	(265,247)		
6	Other Clearing Accounts	-			
7	Other Account (specify):				
7.01	ARO Assets	(51,237)	(51,237)		
7.02	Other	-			
8	TOTAL Description Providing for Very (Extended of the confidence of the	-			
9	TOTAL Depreciation Provisions for Year (Enter total of lines 3 thru 8)	(5,825,961)	(5,825,961)		
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:	(0,020,001)	(0,020,001)		
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired	1,276,401	1,276,401		
12	Cost of Removal	238,582	238,582		
13	Salvage (credits)	(538,166)	(538,166)		
14	TOTAL Net Charges for Plant Retired (enter Total of Lines 11 thru 13)	976,817	976,817		
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe)				
15.01	Increase/Decrease in Retirement Work in Progress	139,473	139,473		
	Adjustment Due to Transfers/Adjustments & Alloc. Rate Change	(43,186)	(43,186)		
16					
17	Balance End of Year (Enter Total of Lines 1, 9, 14, 15, & 16)	(96,626,376)	(96,626,376)		
	Section B. Balances at End of Year Acc	cording to Function	onal Classification	ns	
18	Production - Manufactured Gas	-	-		
19	Production and Gathering - Natural Gas	-	-		
20	Products Extraction - Natural Gas	-	-		
	Underground Gas Storage	-	-		
22	Other Storage Plant	-	-		

27 NOTE:

23

24

25

26

26.01

Row 15.02 Other Debit or Credit due to transfer of assets, and related depreciation reserve between state jurisdictions

Transmission

26.02 Retirement Work-In-Progress

Distribution

General

Intangible

Base Load LNG Terminaling and Proc. Plant

TOTAL (Enter Total of Lines 18 thru 26)

(3,515,483)

(89,769,102)

(3,738,269)

(73,667)

470,145

(96,626,376)

(3,515,483)

(89,769,102)

(3,738,269)

(73,667)

470,145

(96,626,376)

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF	DATE OF REPORT		YEAR OF REPORT
S	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original	ion	(M,I	(M,D,Y)		Dec. 31, 2017
		STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED	ON - ALLOCATED				
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION	ULATED PROVISIC	ONS FOR DEPRE	CIATION, AMORT	IZATION AND DE	PLETION	
Line	Item	Total	Electric	Gas	Other (Specifiy)	Other (Specifiy) Other (Specifiy)	Common
o Z	(a)	(q)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(f)	(b)
~	UTILITY PLANT						
2	In Service						
3	Plant in Service (classified)	13,609,905		13,609,905			
4	Property Under Capital Leases						
2	Plant Purchased or Sold						
9	Completed Construction not Classified	420,931		420,931			
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified						
∞	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	14,030,836	1	14,030,836	1		1
ဝ	Leased to Others						
10		•					
11	Construction Work In Progress	286,904		286,904			
12							
13		14,317,740	1	14,317,740	•		
14	Accumulated Prov For Depr, Amort, & Depl.	(6,320,345)		(6,320,345)			
15		7,997,395	-	7,997,395	-		•
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION. AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION						
17	In Service:						
18	1	(2,879,027)		(2,879,027)			
19	Ric						
20	Amort. of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights	ı		-			
21	Amort. of Other Utility Plant	(3,441,318)		(3,441,318)			
22	Total In-Service (Lines 18 thru 21)	(6,320,345)	•	(6,320,345)	1		•
23	Leased to Others						
24	Depreciation	1		•			
25	Amortiza	1		-			
26		•	-	-	•		•
27	무						
28	Depreciation	1		-			
29	Amortiza	•		-			
30	Total Leased to Others (Lines 28 and 29)	1	-	-	•		•
31	Abandoment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
32	Amort. Of Plant Acquisitions Adj.	•		•			
33	TOTAL Accumulated Provisions (should agree with line 14) (lines 22, 26, 30, 31, & 32)	(6.320.345)		(6.320.345)	ı		ı
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1/_: >(>=>(>)		1			

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CA	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) (2) \(\begin{array}{c} \text{An Original} \\ \ext{(2)} \\ \ext{(2)} \\ \ext{(3)} \\ \ext{(4)} \\	no		(M,D,Y)	٥,٢)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATEO	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE	ED GAS PLANT II	N SERVICE			
. 2. R	1. Report below the original cost of gas plant in service according to the prescribed accounts. 2. In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant In Service (Classified), this page and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified; and	escribed accounts. nd the next include Acco	ount 102, Gas Plar	nt Purchased or Solc	i; Account 103, Exp	oerimental Gas Pla	ant Unclassified; and
3. Inc	Account 106, Completed Construction not Classified. 3. Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year. 4. Enclose in Departments of each additionable of plant accounts to inclinate the population effect of each accounts.	retirements for the currer	nt or preceding ye	ar.			
5. Ck	4. Elicibse in Faterinieses creut adjustinents of plant accounts to minicate the regardereness of some serior accounts of a serior reversals of the control to a seconding to prescribe a setimated basis if necessary, and include entries in column (c). Also to be included in column (c) are entries for reversals of the control of the con	basis if necessary, and in	nclude entries in c	column (c). Also to be	e included in colum	n (c) are entries fo	or reversals of
the ye	tentaive distributions of pior year reported in condiming the respondent has significant amount of plant tententents which have not been classified to plantaily account to the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements, on an estimated basis, with appropriate contra entry to the account for accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in column (d) retrieved stributions of prior year unclassified retirements. Attach supplemental statement showing the account distributions of these tentative classifications in column (d) retrieved the stributions of prior year unclassified retirements.	Spondent has significant n an estimated basis, wit irements. Attach suppler	th appropriate cormental statement	our enternity with the accosional showing the account	ve not been classification for accumulate the distributions of the	d depreciation pro	vision. Include also fications in column
(c) ar avoid	(c) and (d), including the reversals of the prior years tentative account distributions of these amounts. Careful observance of the above instructions and the texts of Accounts 101 and 105 will avoid serious omissions of the reported amount of respondent's plant actually in service at the end of year.	outions of mese amounts Ily in service at the end c	s. Caretul observa of year.	ince of the above instruction (Continue on page 25)	tructions and the te ge 25)	exts of Accounts 10	U1 and 106 will
Ц 2	TNITOCOA	BALANCE AT REG OF YEAR	SNOITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADIIISTMENTS	TRANSFERS	BALANCE AT
NO.		(b)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(f)	(g)
_							
7		37,607			350		37,957
ი .		1			1		1 (6
4	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	7,961,597	1,144,675		74,046		9,180,318
2	TOTAL Intangible Plant	7,999,204	1,144,675	•	74,396		9,218,275
9	2. Production Plant						
7							
ω							1
တ							
10							•
							•
12	اء.	,					•
13							-
14							
15	328 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Structures	•					1
16	329 Other Structures	•					-
17	330 Producing Gas Wells- Well Construction						
18							-
19							-
20							
21							•
22							
23		,					
54	337 Other Equipment	•					-
25	338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Development Costs						1
26	TOTAL Production & Gathering Plant	•	-	•	•	•	1
27	Products Extraction Plant						
28	340 Land and Land Rights	•					1
29	341 Structures and Improvements	•					1
30	342 Extraction and Refining Equipmnet	•					1
31							
32	344 Extracted Products Storage Equipment						•

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
S	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) A An Original (2) A Resubmission	uo		(M,D,Y)),Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	- ALLOCATED GA	S PLANT IN SER	VICE (Con't)			
S	6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within utility plant accounts. I	nclude also in colun	nn (f) the addition	plant accounts. Include also in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary account classifications arising from distribution	rimary account cla	issifications arising	from distribution
of arr	of amounts initally recorded in Account 102. In showing the clearance of Accour	t 102, include in collision	lumn (e) the amou	earance of Account 102, include in column (e) the amounts with respect to accumulated provision for depreciation, acquisition	accumulated prov	ision for depreciat	ion, acquisition
aujus 7		ilstributed in coldrin d if substantial in ar	n (i) to pilinally ac	debus of debus distindued in column (1) to primary account classifications. In this account and if substantial in amount submit a supplementary statement showing sub-account classification of such plant	s. ment showing sub-	account classifica	tion of such plant
confo				ישוביים איניים א	555 Siles		
8. Fc	8. For each amount comprising the reported balance and changes in Account 102, state the property purchased or sold, name of vendor or purchaser, and date of transaction. If proposed iournal entries have been filled with the Commission as required by the Uniform System of Accounts, give also date of such filing.	2, state the propert	ty purchased or so	old, name of vendor	r or purchaser, anc	d date of transactic	in. If proposed
<u> </u>	FNICOCA	BALANCE AT	ONCILION	PETIDEMAENTO	STIMENITS	OGHANAGE	BALANCE AT
Š Š	(a)	(b) - (c) (c) (d)	(c)	(b)	(e)	()	(B)
	2. Production Plant (Con't)						
	Products Extraction Plant (Con't)						
33	345 Compressor Equipment	1					
34	346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment	1					
32	347 Other Equipment	1					
36	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant	1	•	•	•	•	1
37	TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant	1	-	1	-	•	1
38	Mfd. Gas Production Plant (Submit Suppl. Statement)						•
39	TOTAL Production Plant	-	-	-	-	-	-
40	3. Natural Gas Storage & Processing Plant						
41	Underground Storage Plant						
42	350.1 Land	1					
43	350.2 Rights-of-Way	-					-
4	351 Structures and Improvements	-					
45	352 Wells	•					•
46	352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights	-					-
47	352.2 Reservoirs	-					-
48	352.3 Non-Recoverable Natural Gas	-					-
49	353 Lines	-					-
20	354 Compressor Station Equipment	1					ı
51	355 Measuring and Regulating Equipment	-					•
52	356 Purification Equipment	-					-
53	357 Other Equipment	1					
54	TOTAL Underground Storage Plant	1	•	1	-	1	•
22	Other Storage Plant						
99	360 Land and Land Rights	-					-
22	361 Structures and Improvements	-					-
28	362 Gas Holders	ı					
29	363 Purification Equipment	-					•
09	363.1 Liquefaction Equipment	-					-
61	363.2 Vaporizing Equipment	•					•
62	363.3 Compressor Equipment	1					•
63	363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment	1					1
49	363.5 Other Equipment	1					•
92	TOTAL Other Storage Plant	•	•	•	•	•	•

1. CONTENT OF STANT IN SERVICE (CONT) 1. AND CONTENT STANSFERS END OF STAN	NAME CAS	OF R	NAME OF RESPONDENT CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	This Report Is: (1)	- Land		DATE OF REPORT (M,D,Y)	REPORT J,Y)	YEAR OF REPORT Dec. 31, 2017
Balance Lond Loyer Royer Set Balance Lond Lond Rights Belands Forestering Beland				- ALLOCATED GA	S PLANT IN SER	VICE (Con't)			
Page 2 Page 2 Page 3	<u> </u>			BALANCE AT	O E I C C	SEMEMENTS		AD ANOTED S	BALANCE AT
Base Load Liquelined Natural Cast Ferninating and Processing Pennt	NO.			BEG. OF TEAN (b)	(c)	(b)		(f)	(g)
364.1 Land and Land delights 364.1 Land and Land delights 364.2 Sinctance and improvements - 364.2 Live Processing Terminal Equipment - 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - 364.6 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - 364.7 Communications Equipment - 364.8 Communications Equipment - 364.8 Town and Regulation Equipment - 364.8 Town and Regulation Equipment - 365.1 Communications Equipment - 4. Tanknamsson Plant B - 4. Tanknamsson Plant B - 365. Regulation Equipment - 4. Tanknamsson Plant B - 366. Regulation Equipment - 4. Tanknamsson Plant B - 367. Mains - 368. Regulation Equipment - 370. Communication Equipment - 371. Compressor Station Equipment Centred - 372. Substantion Facility Equipment Centred - 373. Massuring and Regulating Equipment Centred - 374. Compressor Station Equipment Centred -	99								
3642 Eventuers and improvements	29	364.							•
364.2 LND Transportation Equipment - 364.3 LND Transportation Equipment - 364.4 LND Transportation Equipment - 364.5 Measuring and Regulation Equipment - 364.6 Other Equipment - 364.6 Other Equipment - 364.6 Other Equipment - 1 TOTAL Base Load Liequified Natural - 1 TOTAL Base Load Liequified Natural - 365.1 Land and Land Rights - 365.2 Rights of Vivy - 365.2 Rights of Vivy - 365.3 Richters and Improvements - 366.2 Richters and Improvements - 367 Mains - 370 Communication Equipment - 371 Communication Equipment - 372 Communication Equipment - 373 Communication Equipment - 374 Load and Land Rights - 375 Sincures and Improvements - 375 Sincures and Improvements - 375 Mains - 375 Mains - 376 Mains -	89	364							
364.5 More Transportation Equipment -	69	364.	3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment	-					-
Sex Measuring and Regulating Equipment .	20	364.	4 LNG Transportation Equipment	-					-
364.6 Compressor Station Equipment .	71	364.	5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment	-					-
364.8 Other Equipment	72	364.	6 Compressor Station Equipment	-					-
3648 TOTAL Base Load Liequefied Natural .	73	364.		-					-
TOTAL Base Local Legicale Natural Total Nat. Base and Legical Solutions Total Nat. Case Storage & Proc. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Total Nat. Plant Plant	74	364.		-					-
Transmission Plant	75		TOTAL Base Load Liequefied Natural	-	-	•	-	•	-
Total Nat. Case Storage & Proc. Plant .	9/		Gas, Terminaling & Processing Plant	-					-
865 I Land and Land Rights -	77		Total Nat. Gas Storage & Proc. Plant	-	•	•	1	•	-
366.1 Land and Land Rights	78		4. Transmission Plant						
365.2 Rights-of-Way 365.2 Rights-of-Way 365.2 Rights-of-Way 368 Compressor Station Equipment - - 369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment - - 371 Other Equipment - - 371 Other Equipment - - 371 Other Equipment - - 372 Structures and Improvements - - 375 Structures and Improvements - - 376 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - - 377 Compressor Station Equipment - City Gate - - 378 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - City Gate - - 380 Meters - - - 381 Meters - - - 382 Meter Installations - - - 388 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment - - - 389 Accesses 381 Meters - - - 381 Other Property on Customers' Premises - - - 382 ARO - Distribution Plant - - <td>79</td> <td>365.</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	79	365.		-					-
366 Structures and Improvements . American of Compressor Station Equipment . <	80	365.							•
367 Mains Mains 368 Compressor Station Equipment . <td>81</td> <td>366</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	81	366		-					-
368 Compressor Station Equipment - <	82	367							1
369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment .<	83	398							1
370 Communication Equipment .<	84	396		•					1
371 Other Equipment .	82	370		1					1
TOTAL Transmission Plant TOTAL Transmission Plant 5. Distribution Plant 23,468 . <td>98</td> <td>371</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td>	98	371		1					1
5. Distribution Plant 23,468 219 375 Structures and Improvements 98,719 918 376 Mains - 98,719 918 377 Mains - - - 378 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - General - - - 379 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - City Gate - - - 380 Services 381 Meters - - - 382 House Regulating Equipment - City Gate - - - 383 House Regulations - - - 384 House Regulations - - - 385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment - - - 386 Other Property on Customers Premises - - - 387 Other Equipment - - - 388 ARO - Distribution - - - 388 ARO - Distribution - - - 388 ARO - Distribution - - - 389 ARO - Distribution - - - 389 ARO - Distribution - -	87		TOTAL Transmission Plant	-	-	•	1	•	_
374 Land and Land Rights 23,468 219 375 Structures and Improvements 98,719 918 376 Mains - 918 377 Compressor Station Equipment - General - - 378 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - City Gate - - 380 Services - - 381 Meter - - 382 Meter Installations - - 383 House Regulator Installations - - 384 House Regulator Installations - - 385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment - - 386 Other Property on Customers' Premises - - 387 Other Equipment - - 388 ARO - Distribution - - 389 ARO - Distribution Plant - - 380 Other Equipment - - 388 ARO - Distribution Plant - -	88		5. Distribution Plant						
375 Structures and Improvements 98,719 918 376 Mains -	88	374		23,468			219		23,687
376 Mains Amins 377 Compressor Station Equipment - <t< td=""><td>90</td><td>375</td><td></td><td>98,719</td><td></td><td></td><td>918</td><td></td><td>99,637</td></t<>	90	375		98,719			918		99,637
377 Compressor Station Equipment - General -<	91	376		•					•
378 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - General -	92	377		•					•
379 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - City Gate -	93	378		•					•
380 Services - <t< td=""><td>94</td><td>376</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td></t<>	94	376		•					1
381 Meters Meter Installations - <th< td=""><td>92</td><td>380</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td></th<>	92	380		-					_
382 Meter Installations - <td>96</td> <td>381</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	96	381		-					-
383 House Regulators -	6	382		-					-
384 House Regulator Installations -	86	383		-					-
385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment - <td>66</td> <td>384</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	66	384		-					-
386 Other Property on Customers' Premises - </td <td>100</td> <td>385</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	100	385		-					-
387 Other Equipment -	101	386							1
388 ARO - Distribution - - 1,137 - </td <td>102</td> <td>387</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td>	102	387							1
TOTAL Distribution Plant - 1,137 - 1,137 - 1,137	102.a			1					1
	103		TOTAL Distribution Plant	122,187			1,137		123,324

NAME	OF RE	NAME OF RESPONDENT	s			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE I	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) (1) A Resubmission	ıl ssion		(M,D,Y)),Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
		STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	- ALLOCATED GA	S PLANT IN SER	VICE (Con't)			
			BALANCE AT					BALANCE AT
LINE		ACCOUNT	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	RETIREMENTS ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
Š.		(a)	(p)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(f)	(g)
104		6. General Plant						
105	389	Land and Land Rights	236,101			2,195		238,296
106	390	Structures and Improvements	1,449,759	8,892		13,483		1,472,134
107	391	Office Furniture and Equipment	1,688,577	63,732		15,705		1,768,014
108	392	Transportation Equipment	479,148	10,872	(16,234)	4,456		478,242
109	393	Stores Equipment	10,656			66		10,755
110	394	Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment	453,238	18,439	(471)	4,215		475,421
111	395	Laboratory Equipment	23,959			222		24,181
112	396	Power Operated Equipment	(17,009)	(405)		(158)		(17,572)
113	397	Communication Equipment	222,847			2,072		224,919
114	398	Miscellaneous Equipment	14,710			137		14,847
115		SUBTOTAL	4,561,986	101,530	(16,705)	42,426	-	4,689,237
116	399	Other Tangible Property	-					1
117		TOTAL General Plant	4,561,986	101,530	(16,705)	42,426	•	4,689,237
118		TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)	12,683,377	1,246,205	(16,705)	117,959	-	14,030,836
119		Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)	-					1
120		(less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)	-					1
121		Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified	-					-
122		TOTAL Gas Plant in Service	12,683,377	1,246,205	(16,705)	117,959	1	14,030,836

JAME	ME OF RESPONDENT This Report Is: DATE OF REPORT YEAR OF REPORT							
	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017				
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(IVI,D, Y)	Dec. 31, 2017				
2.	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT Report separately each property held for future use at end of the year having use may be grouped provided that the number of properties so grouped is incompressed in the property having an original cost of \$100,000 or more previously used in the information, the date that utility use of such property was discontinued, and the	g an original cost of \$100,0 dicated. utility operations, now held	000 or more. Other items of the future use, give, in add	ldition to other required				
	Description and Location	Date Originally	Date Expected	Balance End				
Line	of Property	Included in this Account	to be Used in Utility Service	of Year				
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
1	Natural gas lands, leaseholds, and gas rights held for future utility use.	!	!	None				
2	ı	!	!					
3	ı	!	!					
4	ı	!	!					
5 6	ı	!	!					
7	ı	!	!					
8	ı	!	!					
9	ı	!	!					
10	ı	!	!					
11	ı	!	!					
12	ı	!	!					
13	ı	!	!					
14	ı	!	!					
15	ı	!	!					
16	ı	!	!					
17	ı	!	!					
18 19	ı	!	!					
20	ı	!	!					
21	ı	!	!					
22	ı	!	!					
23	ı	!	!					
24	ı	!	!					
25	ı	!	!					
26	ı	!	!					
27	ı	!	!					
28	ı	!	!					
29	ı	!	!					
30	ı	!	!					
31 32	ı	!	!					
33	ı	!	!					
34	ı	!	!					
35	ı	!	!					
36	ı	!	!					
37	ı	!	!					
38	ı	!	!					
39	ı	!	!					
40		!						
41		!						
42		1						
43		1						
44		'						

TOTALS-

NAIVIE	OF RESPONDENT	This Report is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
2.	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED CONSTRUCTION Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in proj	ON WORK IN PROGRE process of construction projects last, under a cap	(107).	ent, and
3.	Minor projects may be grouped.		0 (1)	E C (LAIRC L
	B		Construction Work	Estimated Additional
Line No.	Description of Projects		In Progress (Acct 107) (b)	Cost of Project
	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	No projects equal to or above \$500,000			
2				
3	Other general plant work in progress expenditures		286,904	
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
40				
41				
42				
43				
44				
45				
46				
47				

TOTAL-

286,904

0

NAME (OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Origina(2) ☐ A Resubmi		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
S	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED PROVISION FO	OR DEPRECIATI	ON OF GAS UTI	LITY PLANT (acc	count 108)
	ain in a footnote any important adjustments during year.	dant arthrid Dar	44 1 (-)		fan waa wlaut la
	ain in a footnote any difference between the amount for book cost of pages 32-35, column (d), excluding retirements of non-depreciable p		11, column (c), a	and that reported	for gas plant in
	provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of accounts require		of depreciable pla	ant be recorded w	hen such plant is
	from service. If the respondent has a significant amount of plant ret				
	reserve functional classifications make preliminary closing entries to t				etired. In addition,
	all costs included in retirement work in progress at year end in the app				
4. Snov	v separately interest credits under a sinking fund or similar method of Section A. Balances and Char				
		Total	Gas Plant In	Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant
Line	Item	(c+d+e)	Service	For Future Use	Leased to Others
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Balance Beginning of Year	(2,713,988)	(2,713,988)		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to:				
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	(161,869)	(161,869)		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plant Leased to Others	-			
5	Transportation Expenses - Clearing	(27,565)	(27,565)		
6	Other Clearing Accounts	-			
7	Other Account (specify):				
7.01	ARO Assets	-	-		
7.02	Other	-			
8		-			
9	TOTAL Depreciation Provisions for Year (Enter total of lines 3 thru 8)	(189,434)	(189,434)		
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:		,		
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired	16,706	16,706		
12	Cost of Removal	-	-		
13	Salvage (credits)	(6,272)	(6,272)		
14	TOTAL Net Charges for Plant Retired (enter Total of Lines 11 thru				
17	13)	10,434	10,434		
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe)				
15.01	Increase/Decrease in Retirement Work in Progress	39,381	39,381		
15.02	Adjustment Due to Change in Allocation Rate	(25,420)	(25,420)		
16					
17	Balance End of Year (Enter Total of Lines 1, 9, 14, 15, & 16)	(2,879,027)	(2,879,027)		
	Section B. Balances at End of Year According	ng to Functional	Classifications		
18	Production - Manufactured Gas	-	-		
19	Production and Gathering - Natural Gas	-	-		
20	Products Extraction - Natural Gas	-	-		
21	Underground Gas Storage	-	-		
22	Other Storage Plant	-	-		
23	Base Load LNG Terminaling and Proc. Plant	-	-		
24	Transmission	-	-		
25	Distribution	(104,582)	(104,582)		
26	General	(2,863,427)	(2,863,427)		
26.01	Intangible	-	-		

27 NOTE:

26.02

Row 15 Other Debit or Credit due to transfer of assets, and related depreciation reserve between state jurisdictions

TOTAL (Total of Lines 18 thru 26)

Retirement Work-In-Progress

88,982

(2,879,027)

88,982

(2,879,027)

3 1 A B A	TO SECREMENT		Tr. Desertion		SATE OF DEDORT	VEAD OF BEDORT
NAM	ME OF RESPONDENT		This Report Is: (1) An Original	ļ		YEAR OF REPORT
CA	ASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		(2) A Resubmissio	on	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - GA		()		i.3)	
1	Report below the information called for concerning inventorie	es of gas stored.				
	The Uniform System of Accounts provides that inventory cos	st records be mair			·	•
	showing the Mcf of inputs and withdrawals and balance for earecords are not maintained on a consolidated basis for all sto					
	from the general basis provided by the Uniform System of Ac		•		-	
	storage projects for which separate inventory cost records ar					-
	If during the year adjustment was made of the stored gas invexplanation of the reason for the adjustment, the Mcf and dol	ollar amount of ad	djustment and accou	unt charged or cre	edited.	
4	Give a concise statement of the facts and the accounting per previous encroachment, upon native gas constituting the "ga				wals during the year, o	or restoration of
5	If the respondent uses a "base stock" in connection with its in	nventory account	ing, give a concise	statement of the	basis of establishing	such "base stock",
	the inventory basis, and the accounting performed with respe encroachment including brief particulars of any such account			als upon "base s	tock", or restoration of	f previous
6	If respondent has provided accumulated provision for such si	stored gas which r	may not eventually b			
	statement showing: (a) date of Commission authorization of s					,
	basis of provision and factors of calculation, (d) estimated ult provision and entires during year.	Imate accumulat	ed provision accum	iulation, (e) a sui	nmary snowing balance	ce of accumulated
7	Pressure base of gas volumes reported in this schedule is 14	4.73 psia at 60" F	₹.			
Lino		NonCurrent	Current	LNG	LNG	
Line No.	Description	(Acct 117)	(Acct 164.1)	(Acct 164.2)	(Acct 164.3)	Total
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
	Balance, beginning of year	Not a	allocated	Not allocated		Not allocated
2	Gas delivered to storage	1			'	
3 4	(contract account) Gas withdrawn from storage	1			'	
5	(contra account)	1		\$ 131,185	'	\$ 131,185
6	Other debits or credits	1		• • • • •	'	•
7	(explain)	1			'	
8		1		!	'	
9 10		1		!	'	
11		1		!	'	
12	Balance, end of year	Not ε	allocated	Not allocated		Not allocated
	Mcf			'		
	Amount per Mcf		<u> </u>			
15 16	State basis of segregation of inventory between current and i	noncurrent ponio	ns:			
17	Gas delivered to storage:					
18	Mcf					Not allocated
19 20	Amount per Mcf Cost basis of gas delivered to storage:					Not allocated
21	Specify: Own production (give production area,	see				
22	uniform system of accounts); average system p					
23	specific purchases (state which purchases).					
24	Does cost of gas delivered to storage include any expe					
25	for use of respondent's transmission, storage, o					
26 27	facilities? If so, give particulars and date of Con	nmission				
28	approval of the accounting.					
29	Gas withdrawn from storage:					
30	Mcf					51,611
31	Amount per Mcf					2.54
32 33	Cost basis of withdrawals: Specify: average cost life, fife, (Explain any chi	sango in				Fifo
34	Specify: average cost, lifo, (fifo, (Explain any characteristics) inventory basis during year and give date of Cor	•				FIIU
35	approval of the change or approval of an inventor					
36	different from that referred to in uniform system	-				
37						

BLANK PAGE

[Next page is 40]

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017

STATE OR OREGON - GAS PURCHASES (Accounts 800, 801, 802, 803, 804.1 and 805)

- Report particulars of gas purchases during the year in the manner prescribed below. (Code numbers to be used in reporting for Columns (d), (e) and (f) will be supplied by the Commission.)
- Provide subheadings and totals for prescribed accounts as follows:
 - 800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases
 - 801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases
 - 802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases
 - 803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases
 - 804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases
 - 804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases
 - 805 Other Gas Purchases

Purchases are to be reported in account number sequence; e.g., all purchases charged to Account 800, followed by charges to Account 801, etc. Under each account number, purchases should be reported by states in alphabetical order. Totals are to be shown for each account in Columns (k) and (l) and should agree with the books of account, or any differences reconciled.

- 3. Purchases may be reported by gas purchase contract totals (at the option of the respondent) where one contract includes two or more FERC producer rate schedules or small producer certificates, provided that the same price is being paid for all gas purchased under the contract. If two or more prices are in effect under the same contract, separate details for each price shall be reported. The name and FERC rate schedule or small producer certificate docket number of each seller included in the contract total shall be listed on separate sheets, clearly cross-referenced. Where two or more prices are in effect, the sellers at each price are to be listed separately.
- 4. Purchases of less than 100,000 Mcf per year per contract from sellers not affiliated with the reporting company may (at the option of the respondent) be grouped by account number, except when the purchases were permanently discountinued during the reporting year. When grouped purchases are reported, the number of grouped purchases is to be reported in Column (a). Only Columns (a), (k), and (m) are to be completed for grouped purchases; however, the Commission may request additional details when necessary. Grouped non-jurisdictional purchases should be shown on a separate line.
 - 5. Column instructions are as follows:

Columns (a) and (d) - In reporting the names of sellers under FERC rate schedules, use the names as they appear on the filed rate schedules. Abbreviations may be used where necessary. The code number to be used is the Commission-assigned number.

Column (b) - Give the name of the producing field only for purchases at the wellhead or from field lines. The plant name should be given for purchases from gasoline plant outlets. If purchases under a contract are from more than one field or plant, use the name of the one contributing the largest volume. Use a footnote to list the other fields or plants involved.

<u>Column (c)</u> - State the net rate in cents per Mcf as of December 31 for the reported year, applicable to the volume shown in Column (k).

The net rate includes all applicable deductions and downward adjustments. The rate is effective and is filed pursuant to applicable statues and regulations and (as to FERC rates schedules) permitted by the Commission to become effective.

Columns (e) and (f) - General Services Administration location code designations are to be used to designate the state and county where the gas is received. Where gas is received in more than one county, use the code designation for the county having the largest volume, and by footnote list the other counties involved.

<u>Column (g)</u> - List the assigned Commission rate schedule number or small producer certificate docket number. Use the designation "NJ" in Column (g) to indicate non-jurisdictional purchases.

Column (h) - In some cases, two or more lines will be required to report a purchase, as when two or more rates are being paid under the same contract, or when purchases under the same rate schedule are charged to more than one account. If for such reasons the producer rate schedule or non-jurisdictional purchase contract appears on more than one line, enter a numerical code (selected by the respondent) in Column (h) to so indicate. Once established, the same numerical suffix is to be used for all subsequent years reporting of the purchase. If the purchase was permanently discontinued during the reporting year, so indicate by an asterisk(*) in column (h). Column (h) is also to be used to enter any Commission assigned letter rate schedule suffix (e.g. R.S. No. 22A).

Column (I) - Show date of the gas purchase contract. If gas is purchased under a renegotiated contract, show the dates of the original and renegotiated contracts on the following line in brackets. If new acreage is dedicated by ratification of an existing contract, show the date of the ratification rather than the date of the original contract. If gas is being sold from a different reservoir than the original dedicated acreage pursuant to Section 2.56 (f) (2) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, place the letter "A" after the contract date.

Column (j) - Show, for each purchase, the approximate BTU per cubic foot, determined in accordance with the definition in item No. 7 of the General Instructions for FERC Form 2

<u>Column (k)</u> - State the volume of purchased gas as finally measured for purposes of determining the amount payable for the gas. Include current year receipts of makeup gas that was paid for in prior years.

Column (I) - State the dollar amount (omit cents) paid and previously paid for the volumes of gas shown in Col. (k).

<u>Column (m)</u> - State the average cost per MCF to the neareast hundredth of a cent. (Column (I) divided by Column (k) multiplied by 100.)

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OR OREGON - GAS PURCHASES (A		1 and 805) (Con't)	
LINE NO.	NAME OF SELLER (DESIGNATE ASSOCIATED COMPA (a)	ANIES)	Name of Producing Field or Gasoline Plant (b)	Net Rate Effective December 31 (c)
1	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases		()	()
2	Core firm supply			
3				
4 5	Peaking Services			
6	Interstate Pipeline Transportation			
7				
8	TOTAL			
9 10				
11				
12				
13				
14 15				
16				
17				
18				
19 20				
21				
22				
23 24				
25				
26				
27 28				
29				
30				
31				
32 33				
34				
35				
36 37				
38				
39				
40				
41 42				
43				
44				
45 46				
46 47				
48				
49				
50 51				
51 52				
53				

NAME OF R	ESPONDEN	IT					This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REP	ORT
CASCADE	NATURAL	GAS CORP	ORATION				(1) An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 201	7
							(2) A Resubmission			
		STATE			URCHASES (801, 802, 803, 804, 80	4.1 and 805) (Con't)		
7	State	County	Ra Sche		Date of	Approx. BTU Per	Gas Purchased - Mcf	Cost of	Cost Per Mcf	LINE
Code	Code	Code	No.	Suffix	Contract	Cu Ft	(14.73 psia 60 °F)	Gas	(cents)	NO.
(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)	(I)	(m)	NO.
(u)	(0)	(1)	(9)	(11)	(1)	U)	(IC)	(1)	(111)	1
						10.75	8,242,803	\$ 21,735,779	263.69	2
							-, ,	, , , , , ,		3
								\$ 478,933	n/a	4
										5
								\$ 8,127,891	n/a	6
							0.040.000	Ф 20.040.000	/-	7
							8,242,803	\$ 30,342,603	n/a	8 9
										10
										11
										12
										13
										14
										15 16
										17
										18
										19
										20
										21
										22 23
										23 24
										25
										26
										27
										28
										29
										30 31
										32
										33
										34
										35
										36
										37 38
										39
										40
										41
										42
										43
										44 45
										45 46
										47
										48
										49
										50
										51 52
										53
	I						ı l			

STATE OF OREGON - OSE USED IN TITLY OPERATIONS - CREDIT (Accounts 810, 811 and 812) STATE OF OREGON - OSE USED IN TITLY OPERATIONS - CREDIT (Accounts 810, 811 and 812) Name of the period of the count of the period of the count of the count for the count for the count for the count of gas from the respondent's count as she makes after the count of the count of the count of the local of gas out of the count of the count of gas united of which chapter and count of the count of gas united of counts of the count of the count of gas united of counts of the count of the count of gas united of counts of the count of the count of gas united of counts of the count of the count of gas united of counts of the count of gas united of counts of the count of gas united of counts of the counts of gas united of counts of the count of gas united of counts of the counts of gas united of counts of the counts of gas united of counts of gas united of counts of gas out of counts of gas united of counts of gas united of counts of gas of gas united of counts of gas of g	MAM	VAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	EPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	REPORT
	=	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission		(M,D,	ς.	Dec. 31	, 2017
		STATE OF OREGON	I - GAS USED IN UTIL	ITY OPERATIONS - CI	REDIT (Accounts 810,	, 811 and 812)		
	~	Report below particulars of credits during the year to Accou	ints 810, 811 and 812,	which offset charges to	operating expenses	or other account	s for the cost of gas fro	om the respondent's
	c	own supply.	7	7 - 7 - 7				
	чю	Induction gas means entire flatural gas unmixed, or any mixed. If the reported MCF for any use is an estimated quantity, six	ate such fact.	ulactuled gas.				
Pressure base of measurement, to be reported in columns (c) and (f) is 14,73 psis at 60°F. PURPOSE FOR WHICH GAS WAS USED ACCOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT (14,73 PSIA AMOUNT) AMOUNT	4	If any natural gas was used by the respondent for which cheomitting entries in columns (d) and (e).	arge was not made to	the appropriate operati	ng expenses or other	account, list sepa	arately in column (c) tl	ne MCF of gas so us
NUEPOSE FOR WHICH GAS WAS USED ACCOUNT CHARG	2	Pressure base of measurement, to be reported in columns	(c) and (f) is 14.73 psi	a at 60 °F.				
PURPOSE FOR WHICH GAS WAS USED ACCOUNT ACT 95 NS USED ACCOUNT ACT 95 NS USED ACCOUNT ACT 95 NS USED ACCOUNT ACT 95 NS USED					Natural Gas		Manufact	red Gas
PURPOSE FOR WHICH GAS WAS USED			ACCOUNT	MCF OF GAS USED	TNIIOMA	AMOUNT PER MCF	MCF OF GAS USED (14.73 PSIA	TNIJOMA
Still Gas used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit	H S		CHARGED	AT 60 °F)	OF CREDIT	(CENTS)	AT 60 °F)	OF CREDIT
(a) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's own processing (b) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's gas processed by others of the processed by others of the processed by others of the Ulity Operations - Credit (Report separately for each principal use. Group minor uses). 10	. [810 Gas used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit	(g)	2)	(p)	(2)	(i)	(6)
(a) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's own processing (b) Gas shrinkage etc. for respondent's gas (b) Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas processed etc. for respondent's gas processed you others (Report separately for each principal use. Group minor uses). Group minor uses). A 4,874 \$ 13,303		811 Gas used for Products Extraction - Credit						
(b) Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas processed by others (B12 das used for other Utility Operations - Credit (Report separately) for each principal use. Group minor uses). Group minor uses). TOTAL. (B Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas (B Gas shrinkage, etc.) 4,874 \$ 13,303 0 0 6	3	(a) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's						
(Beport separately for each principal use. Group minor uses). TOTAL.		own processing						
Processed by others 812 4,874 \$ 13,303 0 0 (Report separately for each principal use. Group minor uses). Group minor uses). 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4	(b) Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas						
Report Separately for each principal use. Croup minor uses). Croup		processed by others						
(Report separately for each principal use. Group minor uses). Group minor uses). Group minor us	2	812 Gas used for Other Utility Operations - Credit	812	4,874		0		0
Group minor uses). Group minor uses). Group minor uses).	9	(Report separately for each principal use.						
TOTAL 4,874 \$		Group minor uses).						
TOTAL 4,874 \$	7							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	8							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	6							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	10							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	11							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	12							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	13							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	14							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	15							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	16							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	17							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	18							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	19							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	20							
TOTAL 4,874 \$	21							
		TOTAL		4,874				

BLANK PAGE

[Next page is 44]

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) 🗹 An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(101,D,1)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - GAS ACCO	DUNT - NATURAL GAS		
2	The purpose of this schedule is to account for the quantity of natural gas received differences in pressure bases used in measuring MCF of natural gas received Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed or any mixture of natural and relater in column (c) the MCF as reported in the schedules indicated for the re	eived and delivered by the rest d and delivered. manufactured gas.		onsideration
		REFERENCE	Mo	OF .
LINE	ITEM	PAGE NO.	(14.73 PSI	
NO.	(a)	(b)	` (0	,
1	GAS RECEIVED	, ,	M	cf
	Natural gas produced			-
	LPG gas produced and mixed with natural gas			
	Manufactured gas produced and mixed with natural gas			
	Purchased gas:			
6	a. Wellhead			
7	b. Field lines			
8	c. Gasoline Plants			
9	d. Transmission line			
10				0 227 027
	e. City gate under FERC rate schedules			8,237,937
11	f. LNG			
12	g. Other			0.007.007
	TOTAL GAS PURCHASED			8,237,937
	Gas of others received for transportation			18,162,209
	Receipts of respondents' gas transported or compressed by others			
	Exchange gas received			
	Gas withdrawn from underground storage			146,283
	Gas received from LNG storage			
	Gas received from LNG processing			
	Other receipts: (specify)			
21	TOTAL RECEIPTS			26,546,429

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
C A	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORFORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(101,0,1)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - GAS ACCOUN	IT - NATURAL GAS (Con't)		
4.	In a footnote report the volumes of gas from respondent's own production de	livered to respondent's trans	mission system and in	cluded in
_	natural gas sale.	d aanarata aabadulaa abaula	l ha aubmittad Incort	2000
5.	If the respondent operates two or more systems which are not interconnected should be used for this purpose.	u, separate schedules should	be submitted. Insert	pages
	should be used for this purpose.			
		REFERENCE		CF
LINE	ITEM	PAGE NO.	(14.73 PSI	A AT 60 °F)
NO.	(a)	(b)	((2)
	GAS RECEIVED			
22	Natural gas sales			
23	a. Field sales:			
24	(i) To interstate pipeline companies for resale pursuant			
25	to FERC rate schedules			
26	(ii) Retail industrial sales			
27	(iii) Other field sales			
28	TOTAL FIELD SALES			
29	b. Transmission systems sales:			
30	(i) To interstate pipeline co for resale under FERC rate schedules			
31	(ii) To intrastate pipeline companies and gas utilities for resale			
32	under FERC rate schedules			
33	(iii) Mainline Industrial sales under FERC certification			
34	(iv) Other mainline industrial sales			
35	(v) Other transmission system sales			
36	TOTAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SALES			
37	c. Local distribution by respondent:			
38	(i) Retail industrial sales			713,663
39	(ii) Other distribution system sales			7,470,027
40	TOTAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM SALES			8,183,690
41	d. Interdepartmental sales			
42	TOTAL SALES			8,183,690
43				
44	Deliveries of gas transported or compressed for:			
45	a. Other interstate pipeline companies			40.400.000
46	b. Others			18,162,209
	TOTAL, GAS TRANSPORTED OR COMPRESSED FOR OTHERS			18,162,209
	Deliveries of respondent's gas for transportation or compression by others			
	Exchange gas delivered			4.000
	Natural gas used by respondent			4,866
51	Natural gas delivered to underground storage			
	Natural gas delivered to LNG storage			
53	Natural gas delivered to LNG processing			
54	Natural gas for franchise requirements			
55	Other deliveries (specify)			20.050.705
56	TOTAL SALES & OTHER DELIVERIES UNACCOUNTED FOR			26,350,765
57	Production system losses			
58	Storage losses			
59	Transmission system losses			
	Distribution system losses			195,664
61	Other losses (specify in so far as possible)			
62 63	TOTAL UNACCOUNTED FOR TOTAL SALES, OTHER DELIVERIES & UNACCOUNTED FOR			195,664 26,546,429
	4 1 4 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			/n nun 4/9

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DAT	E OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - Mi	scellaneous General Expend	ess (Account	930.2)	
	Report below the information called for concerning item	s included in miscellaneous	general expe	nses.	
				AMOUNT	AMOUNT
LINE	ITEMS		TOTAL	APPLICABLE TO	APPLICABLE TO
NO.	(a)		(b)	STATE OF OREGON (c)	OTHER STATES (d)
1	Industry association dues.		248,538	62,115	186,423
2	Experimental and general research expenses.				
	a. Gas Research Institute (GRI)				
	 b. Other Publishing and distributing information and reports to st 	ockholders, trustee.			
3	registrar, and transfer agent fees and expenses, and otl				
4	oustanding securities of the respondent				
5	Bank and Other Finance Fees (paid to Bank of New Yo	rk, Payflex and MDU for	357,889	89,329	268,560
5	CNGC's share of corporate banking fees)	,	337,009	69,329	200,300
6	Director's Fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's Fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director)	tor's expenses)	233,017	58,161	174,856
O	Elicetor 3 1 ccs (paid to MEO for CNOO 3 share of direct	noi a experiaca)	200,017	30,101	174,000
7	Miscellaneous under \$250,000		18,076	3,488	14,588
8					
9 10					
. •					
	TOTAL		057.500	040.000	644 407
	TOTAL		857,520	213,093	644,427

NAME (OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASC	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF	OREGON - POLITICAL ADV	ERTISING	
	List all payments for advertising, the purp prevent the enactment of any national, sta	ose of which is to aid or defea	at any measure before the pe	
	Give the specific purpose of such advertis			s charged.
3.	Report whole dollars only. Provide a total	I for each account and a grand	total.	
LINE	DESCRIPTIO	N	ACCOUNT CHARGED	AMOUNT
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
	NONE			
	TOTAL			
	- · · · 		I	Ī

	OF DEODONDENT	This Demonstra		
NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Original(2) ☐ A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF	OREGON - POLITICAL CONT	RIBUTIONS	·
1				a any maggira
1.	List all payments or contributions to perso before the people or to promote or preven			
2	The purpose of all contributions or payme			legislation.
	Report whole dollars only. Provide a total			
LINE	DESCRIPTIO		ACCOUNT CHARGED	AMOUNT
NO.	(a)	// ·	(b)	(c)
1	None		(3)	(0)
	TOTAL			-

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017

STATE OF OREGON - EXPENDITURES TO ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION HAVING AN AFFILIATED INTEREST FOR SERVICES, ETC.

- Report all expenditures to any person or organization having an affiliated interest for service, advice, auditing, associating, sponsoring, engineering, managing, operating, financial, legal or other services. See Oregon Revised Statute 757.015 for definition of "affiliated interest."
- 2. Give reference if such expenditures have in the past been approved by the Commission.

De	Describe the services received and the account or accounts charged. Report whole dollars only.				
		ACCOUNT	TOTAL	AMOUNT ASSIGNED	
LINE	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	AMOUNT	TO OREGON	
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
1	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	107	1,075,560	268,460	
2	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	426.1	15,234	3,802	
3	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	426.4	(315,562)	(78,764)	
4	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	426.4	1,029	257	
5	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	813	116,821	29,158	
6	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	875	104,350	26,046	
7	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	880	580,618	144,922	
8	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	901	29,131	7,271	
9	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	902	183,728	45,858	
10	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	903	5,743,496	1,433,576	
11	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	904	13,270	3,312	
12	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	909	19,171	4,785	
13	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	913	26	7	
14	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	920	5,241,014	1,308,157	
15	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	921	2,270,703	566,768	
16	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	922	(168,391)	(42,030)	
17	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	923	181,630	45,335	
18	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	925	112	28	
19	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	926	36,732	9,168	
20	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	930.1	19,583	4,888	
21	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	930.2	240,894	60,127	
22	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	931	1,349,082	336,731	
23	Other Services	VAR	1,299,737	349,221	
	TOTALS		18,037,967	4,527,083	
			. 2,33.,531	.,52.,500	

	OF DEODONDENT	ITI: D	T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Original(2) ☐ A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	STATE OF OREGON - Donations	and Memberships		
	List all donations and membership expenditures made by the utility during and state of each organization to whom a donation has been made. Group a. Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations b. Organizations of the utility industry c. Technical and professional organizations	p donations under headir d. Commercial and trade e. All other organization	ngs such as: e organizations s and kinds of do	nations and
2.	List donations by type and group by the account charged. Report whole d	-		
LINE NO.	DESCRIPTION (a)	ACCOUNT NUMBER (b)	TOTAL AMOUNT (c)	AMOUNT ASSIGNED TO OREGON (d)
1	(a) Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations:	()	(/	()
2	MDU Resources Foundation (Bismarck ND)	426.1	107,522	26,837
3	United Way (WA and OR)	426.1	3,052	762
4	CNG Contributions to Winter Help (WA and OR)	426.1	50,000	12,480
5	Neighbor Impact (Redmond OR)	426.1	1,000	1,000
6	Other Organizations (33 organizations)	426.1/880.0/908.0	19,104	10,749
7	Total contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations		180,678	51,828
8	(b) Organizations of the Utility Industry:			·
9	American Gas Association (Washington D.C.)	426.1/426.4/930.2	114,046	28,466
10	Northwest Gas Association (West Linn, OR)	930.2	62,449	15,587
11	Other Organizations (7 organizations)	908.0/930.2/921.0	49,867	13,148
12	Total contributions to Organizations of the Utility Industry		226,362	57,201
13	(c) Technical and Professional Organizations			
14	National Association of Corrosion Engineers (Houston, TX)	921.0	2,000	499
15	Other Organizations (15 organizations)	921.0	2,689	671
16	Total contributions to Professional Organizations		4,689	1,170
17	(d) Commercial and Trade Organizations			
18	Association of Washington Business (Olympia, WA)	930.2/921.0	38,000	9,485
19	Chamber of Commerce-15 (WA and OR)	426.4/921.0/930.2	35,543	12,213
20	Economic Development Councils-11 (WA and OR)	426.1/930.2	19,243	11,739
21	Other Organizations (6 organizations)	426.1/908.0/930.2	8,312	4,184
22	Total contributions to Commercial and Trade Organizations		101,098	37,621
23	(e) Other Organizations & Donations			
24	MDU Resources expenses (Bismark, ND)	426.1/426.4/921.0	29,750	7,426
25	Grandridge Business Park (Kennewick WA)	930.2	7,414	1,851
26	Other Organizations (6 organizations)	426.1921.0/930.2	7,011	931
27	Total Other Organizations		44,175	10,208
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				

TOTAL

40

557,002

158,028

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
	(, _	(, , ,	, ,

STATE OF OREGON - OFFICERS' SALARIES

- 1. Report below the name, title and salary for the year for each executive officer whose salary is \$50,000 or more. An "executive officer" of a respondent includes its president, secretary, treasurer, and vice president in charge of a principle business unit, division or function (such as sales, administration or finance) and any other person who performs similar policy making functions.
- 2. If a change was made during the year in the incumbent of any position, show name and total remuneration of the previous incumbent and date the change in incumbency was made.
- 3. Utilities which are required to file similar data with the Securities and Exchange Commission, may substitute a copy of item 4, Regulation S-K, identified as this schedule page. The substituted page(s) should be conformed to the size of this page.

	, assume the same page	NAME OF	SALARY I	FOR YEAR
LINE	TITLE	OFFICER	TOTAL	OREGON
NO.	(a)	(b)	(a)	(a)
	President and CEO of MDU Utilities Group 1/	Nicole A. Kivisto	4/	
2	Chairman of the Board 2/	David L. Goodin	4/	
3	Executive VP-W Region & Bus Development 3/	Scott W. Madison	4/	
4	VP Operations	Eric P. Martuscelli	4/	
5	VP-Regulatory Affairs & Cust Service 3/	Mark A. Chiles	4/	
6	VP-HR 2/	Anne M. Jones	4/	
7	Assistant Secretary 2/	Julie A. Krenz	4/	
8	General Counsel and Secretary 2/	Daniel S. Kuntz	4/	
9	Assistant Secretary 2/	Karl A. Liepitz	4/	
10	Treasurer 2/	Jason L. Vollmer	4/	
11	Executive VP -Reg Affairs, Cust Service & Gas Supply/1	Garret Senger	4/	
12	Controller 1/	Tammy J. Nygard	4/	
13	Chief Information Officer 2/	Margaret (Peggy) A. Link	4/	
14		1		
15	1/ Salary includes amount allocated to CNGC from MDU			
	2/ Salary includes amount allocated to CNGC from MDUR			
	3/ Salary includes amount allocated to CNGC from IGC			
18	4/ Confidential salary data included on filed reports with OPUC.			
19	,			
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
20				

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017

STATE OF OREGON-DONATIONS OR PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES RENDERED BY PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES AND CHARGED TO OREGON OPERATING ACCOUNTS

- 1. Report for each service rendered (including materials furnished incidental to the service which are impracticable of separation) by recipient and in total the aggregate of all payments made during the year where the aggregate of such payments to a recipient was \$25,000 or more including fees, retainers, commissions, gifts, contributions, assessments, bonuses, subscriptions, allowances for expenses or any other form of payments for services, traffic settlements, amounts paid for general services and licenses, accruals paid to trustees of pension and other employee benefit funds, and amounts paid for construction or maintenance of plant to persons other than affiliates) to any one corporation, institution, association, firm, partnership, committee, or person (not an employee of the respondent). Indicate by an asterisk in column (c) each item that includes payments for materials furnished incidental to the service performed. Payments to a recipient by two or more companies within a single system under a cost sharing or other joint arrangement shall be considered a single item for reporting in this schedule and shall be shown in the report of the principal company in the joint arrangement (as measured by gross operating revenues) with references thereto in the reports of the other system companies in the joint agreement.
- 2. If more convenient, this schedule may be filled out for a group of companies considered as one system and shown only in the report of the principal company in the system, with references thereto in the reports of the other companies.

LINE	NAME OF RECIPENT	NATURE OF SERVICE	AMOUNT OF PAYMENT
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)
1	TRC Enviornmental Corporation	Construction	478,609
2	DAS-Co of Idaho	Construction	236,436
3	Heath Consultants, Inc	Consulting	216,736
4	ABI Services, Inc.	Consulting	211,358
5	Parametrix, Inc.	Consulting	105,093
6	Eugene Water & Electric Board	Construction	88,958
7	Deloitte & Touche	Audit	66,887
8	Jacobs Consultancy, Inc.	Consulting	63,803
9	Snelson Companies, Inc.	Construction	57,493
10	Baker Botts, LLP	Legal	47,502
11	Bend Heating	Construction	35,814
12	Garvey Schubert Barer	Consulting	35,132
13	Northwest Metal Fab & Pipe, Inc.	Construction	32,155
14	Evergreen Financial Services	Collections	26,965
15	Others < \$25,000		489,225
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
	TOTAL		2,192,166

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2017
In order to help us with production of o	our Oregon Utility Statistics p	publication, please indicate) .
Oregon Production Statistics (therms) Gas Produced Gas Purchased Total Receipts		285,258,585 285,258,585	
Gas Sales Gas used by Company Gas Delivered to LNG Storage - Net Losses & Billing Delay Total Disbursements		283,103,765 52,286 2,102,534 285,258,585	
Oregon Revenue by Service Class Residential Commercial & Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total		\$ 35,525,211 \$ 24,369,983 \$ 4,114,883 \$ 64,010,077	
Gas Sold in Therms (Oregon) Residential Commercial & Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total		46,992,332 40,946,727 195,164,706 283,103,765	
Average Number of Customers Residential Commercial & Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total		61,798 10,099 36 71,933	

Name of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)An Original (2)A Resubmission	(Mo. Da. Yr)	End of Dec. 31, 2017

Distribution of Salaries and Wages Oregon Jurisdiction

Report below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Segregate amounts originally charged to clearing accounts to Utility Departments, Construction, Plant Removals and Other Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columns provided. Salaries and wages billed to the Respondent by an affiliated company must be assigned to the particular operating function(s) relating to the expenses.

In determining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to clearing accounts, a method of approximation giving substantially correct results may be used. When reporting detail of other accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered sequentially starting with 75.01, 75.02, etc.

Line No.	Classification (a)	Direct Payroll Distribution (b)	Payroll Billed by Affiliated Companies (c)	Allocation of Payroll Charged for Clearing Accounts (d)	Total (e)
1	Electric				
2	Operation				
3	Production Transmission				
5	Distribution				
6	Customer Accounts				
7	Customer Service and Informational				
8	Sales				
9 10	Administrative and General TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 9)				
11	Maintenance				
12	Production				
13	Transmission				
14 15	Distribution Administrative and General				
16	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 12 thru 15)				
17	Total Operation and Maintenance				
18	Production (Total of lines 3 and 12)				
19	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 13)				
20 21	Distribution (Total of lines 5 and 14) Customer Accounts (line 6)	+	 		
22	Customer Service and Informational (line 7)				
23	Sales (line 8)				
24	Administrative and General (Total of lines 9 and 15)				
25 26	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 18 thru 24)		<u> </u>		
26 27	Gas Operation				
28	Production - Manufactured Gas				
29	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
30	Other Gas Supply				
31 32	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing Transmission				
33	Distribution	3,287,324			3,287,324
34	Customer Accounts	969,091			969,091
35	Customer Service and Informational	13,201			13,201
36	Sales	-			-
37	Administrative and General	1,671,248			1,671,248
38	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 28 thru 37)	5,940,864	-	-	5,940,864
39 40	Maintenance Production - Manufactured Gas				
41	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
42	Other Gas Supply				
43	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing				
44	Transmission				
45	Distribution	1,116,126			1,116,126
46 47	Administrative and General TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 40 thru 46)	4 440 400			4 440 400
48	Gas (Continued)	1,116,126	-	-	1,116,126
49	Total Operation and Maintenance	_			
50	Production - Manufactured Gas (Total of lines 28 and 40)				
51	Production - Natural Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.)(II. 29 and 41)				
52	Other Gas Supply (Total of lines 30 and 42)				
53	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing (Total of II. 31 and 43) Transmission (Total of lines 32 and 44)		-		
54 55	Transmission (Total of lines 32 and 44) Distribution (Total of lines 33 and 45)	4 402 450	 		4 400 450
56	Customer Accounts (Total of line 34)	4,403,450 969,091	 		4,403,450 969,091
57	Customer Service and Informational (Total of line 35)	13,201	 		13,201
58	Sales (Total of line 36)	-			-
59	Administrative and General (Total of lines 37 and 46)	1,671,248	<u> </u>		1,671,248
60	Total Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 50 thru 59)	7,056,990	-	-	7,056,990
61	Other Utility Departments				
62	Operation and Maintenance	7.050.000	 		7.050.000
63 64	TOTAL ALL Utility Dept. (Total of lines 25, 60, and 62) Utility Plant	7,056,990		-	7,056,990
65	Construction (By Utility Departments)				
66	Electric Plant		<u> </u>		1,868,216
	Gas Plant	1,868,216			
66 67 68	Gas Plant Other	1,868,216			1,000,210
66 67 68 69	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68)	1,868,216 1,868,216	-	-	
66 67 68 69 70	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68) Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)		-	-	
66 67 68 69 70 71	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68) Plant Removal (By Utility Departments) Electric Plant	1,868,216	-	-	1,868,216
66 67 68 69 70 71 72	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68) Plant Removal (By Utility Departments) Electric Plant Gas Plant		-	-	1,868,216
66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68) Plant Removal (By Utility Departments) Electric Plant Gas Plant Other	1,868,216	-		1,868,216
66 67 68 69 70 71 72	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68) Plant Removal (By Utility Departments) Electric Plant Gas Plant	1,868,216 117,270 117,270	-	-	1,868,216 117,270 117,270
66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	Gas Plant Other TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68) Plant Removal (By Utility Departments) Electric Plant Gas Plant Other TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 71 thru 73)	1,868,216	-		1,868,216 1,868,216 117,270 117,270 486,562 486,562