CARRIER-TO-CARRIER AGREEMENT CHECKLIST

INSTRUCTIONS: Please complete all applicable parts of this form and submit it with related materials when filing a carrier-tocarrier agreement pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 252 and OAR 860-016-0000 et al. The Commission will utilize the information contained in this form to determine how to process the filing. **Unless you request otherwise in writing, the Commission will serve all documents related to the review of this agreement electronically to the e-mail addresses listed below.**

1. PARTIES *Requesting Carrier*

Affected Carrier

Name of Party:

Contact for Processing Questions:

Name:

Telephone:

E-mail:

Contact for Legal Questions (if different):

Name:

Telephone:

E-mail:

Other Persons wanting E-mail service of documents (if any):

Name:

E-mail:

2. TYPE OF FILING

NOTE: Parties making multiple requests (such as seeking to adopt a previously approved agreement and Commission approval of new negotiated amendments to that agreement) should submit a separate checklist for each requested action.

&

Adoption: Adopts existing carrier-to-carrier agreement filed with Commission.

- Docket ARB
- Parties to prior agreement
- Check one:

Adopts base agreement only; or

Adopts base agreement and subsequent amendments approved in Order No(s).

New Agreement: Seeks approval of new negotiated agreement.

- Does filing replace an existing agreement between the parties?
- NO
- YES, Docket ARB

- If filing involves Qwest Communications, does it utilize the terms of an SGAT?
 - NO
- YES, Revision

Amendment: Amends an existing carrier-to-carrier agreement.

Docket ARB

Other: Please explain.

Performance Assurance Plan (PAP) Amendment to the Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation and Quality Telephone for the State of Oregon

This is an Amendment ("Amendment") to the Interconnection Agreement between Qwest Corporation ("Qwest"), a Colorado corporation, and Quality Telephone ("CLEC"), a Texas corporation.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into an Interconnection Agreement for service in the State of Oregon, that was approved by the Oregon Public Utility Commission ("Commission") on February 2, 2003, as referenced in ARB 464, Order No. 03-112 ("Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to amend the Agreement further under the terms and conditions contained herein.

AGREEMENT

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual terms, covenants and conditions contained in this Amendment and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

Amendment Terms

Service Performance

The Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP") as approved by the Commission and the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") included as Exhibit B to the Commission approved Statement of Generally Acceptable Terms and Conditions ("SGAT") are hereby incorporated into this Agreement as Attachments 1 and 2, respectively. Modifications to PIDs that apply to the PAP shall be made in accordance with section 16.0 of the PAP. Changes made pursuant to section 16.0 shall apply to and modify this Agreement, subject to and in accordance with terms therein and any applicable subsequent judicial review. Only those PAP provisions applicable to Resold Services under this Amendment shall apply.

Consistent with section 13.0 of the PAP, CLEC elects the PAP as a part of its Interconnection Agreement with Qwest. Therefore, all references in the Agreement to performance standards and measurements and accompanying payment mechanisms (including, but not limited to, Direct Measures of Quality (DMOQ) and Supplier Performance Quality Management System) are superceded by this Amendment.

Force Majeure and Dispute Resolution

Pursuant to section 18.0 of the PAP, section 5.18 of the SGAT attached hereto as Attachment 3 this Amendment, is hereby incorporated into the Amendment for the sole purpose of implementing the PAP.

Implementation Date

If the FCC has granted Section 271 authorization for the State, the PAP will be implemented on the date the Amendment is executed by both parties. If the FCC had not granted Section 271 authorization for the State as of the date the Amendment was executed by both parties, the PAP will be implemented on the date the FCC grants Section 271 approval for the State. In the initial month of implementation, payments to CLEC under the PAP will be pro-rated to reflect the applicable percentage of the monthly payment.

CLEC Information

CLEC agrees that for amounts owed under the PAP that are not credited to CLEC's bill as allowed by the PAP, payments shall be made by the use of electronic fund transfers, or check, if the option of electronic fund transfer is not available. CLEC agrees that monthly performance reports shall be delivered via a password-protected website. In order to implement these provisions, CLEC shall provide specific information in response to the Performance Assurance Plan Amendment Questionnaire. To accommodate this need, CLEC shall generate an updated Performance Assurance Plan Amendment Questionnaire within 30 days.

Further Amendments

Except as modified herein, the provisions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. The provisions of this Amendment, including the provisions of this sentence, may not be amended, modified or supplemented, and waivers or consents to departures from the provisions of this Amendment may not be given without the written consent thereto by both Parties' authorized representative. No waiver by any Party of any default, misrepresentation, or breach of warranty or covenant hereunder, whether intentional or not, will be deemed to extend to any prior or subsequent default, misrepresentation, or breach of warranty or covenant hereunder or affect in any way any rights arising by virtue of any prior or subsequent such occurrence.

Entire Agreement

The Agreement as amended (including the documents referred to herein) constitutes the full and entire understanding and agreement between the Parties with regard to the subjects of the Agreement as amended and supersedes any prior understandings, agreements, or representations by or between the Parties, written or oral, to the extent they relate in any way to the subjects of the Agreement as amended. The Parties intending to be legally bound have executed this Amendment as of the dates set forth below, in multiple counterparts, each of which is deemed an original, but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Quality Telephone

Signa Ser

Name Printed/Typed

Title

17-14-04

Date

Qwest Corporation

L.T. Christensen Name Printed/Typed

Director – Interconnection Agreements Title

20/04 Date

July 12, 2004/pjd/Quality Telephone/QPAP/OR Amendment to CDS-021025-0016 (from OR SGAT 6-30-04)

Exhibit K

PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

1.0 Introduction

1.1 As set forth in this Agreement, Qwest and CLEC voluntarily agree to the terms of the following Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP"), prepared in conjunction with Qwest's application for approval under Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") to offer in-region long distance service.

2.0 Plan Structure

2.1 The PAP is a two-tiered, self-executing remedy plan. CLEC shall be provided with Tier 1 payments if, as applicable, Qwest does not provide parity between the service it provides to CLEC and that which it provides to its own retail customers, or Qwest fails to meet applicable benchmarks.

2.1.1 As specified in section 7.0, if Qwest fails to meet parity and benchmark standards on an aggregate CLEC basis, Qwest shall make Tier 2 payments to a Fund established by the state regulatory commission or, if required by existing law, to the state general fund.

2.2 As specified in sections 6.0 and 7.0 and Attachments 1 and 2, payment is generally on a per occurrence basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment times the number of non-conforming service events). For the performance measurements which do not lend themselves to per occurrence payment, payment is on a per measurement basis, (i.e., a set dollar payment). The level of payment also depends upon the number of consecutive months of non-conforming performance, (i.e., an escalating payment the longer the duration of non-conforming performance).

2.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with the parity standard when service Qwest provides to CLEC is equivalent to that which it provides to its retail customers. The PAP relies upon statistical scoring to determine whether any difference between CLEC and Qwest performance results is significant, that is, not attributable to simple random variation. Statistical parity shall exist when performance results for CLEC and for Qwest retail analogue result in a z-value that is no greater than the critical z-values listed in the Critical Z-Statistical Table in section 5.0

2.4 For performance measurements that have no Qwest retail analogue, agreed upon benchmarks shall be used. Benchmarks shall be evaluated using a "stare and compare" method. For example, if the benchmark is for a particular performance measurement is 95% or better, Qwest performance results must be at least 95% to meet the benchmark. Percentage benchmarks will be adjusted to round the allowable number of misses up or down to the closest integer, except when the sample size is 5 or less in which case the rounding will be up to the nearest integer.

For example, for a 90% benchmark, the number of allowable misses is 10% times the sample size, rounded to the nearest integer. If the sample size is eight observations, (10% multiplied by 8 = 0.8) is rounded to 1, one miss would be permitted, and the effective benchmark would be 88% (1 minus 1/8).

3.0 **Performance Measurements**

3.1 The performance measurements included in the PAP are set forth in Attachment 1. Each performance measurement identified is defined in the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") developed in the ROC Operational Support System ("OSS") collaborative, and which are included in the SGAT at Exhibit B. The measurements have been designated as Tier 1, Tier 2, or both Tier 1 and Tier 2 and given a High, Medium, or Low designation.

4.0 Statistical Measurement

4.1 Qwest uses a statistical test, namely the modified "z-test," for evaluating the difference between two means (i.e., Qwest and CLEC service or repair intervals) or two percentages (e.g., Qwest and CLEC proportions), to determine whether a parity condition exists between the results for Qwest and the CLEC(s). The modified z-tests shall be applicable if the number of data points are greater than 30 for a given measurement. For testing measurements for which the number of data points are 30 or less, Qwest will use a permutation test to determine the statistical significance of the difference between Qwest and CLEC.

4.2 Qwest shall be in conformance when the monthly performance results for parity measurements (whether in the form of means, percents, or proportions and at the equivalent level of disaggregation) are such that the calculated z-test statistics are not greater than the critical z-values as listed in Table 1, section 5.0.

4.3 Qwest shall be in conformance with benchmark measurements when the monthly performance result equals or exceeds the benchmark, if a higher value means better performance, and when the monthly performance result equals or is less than the benchmark if a lower value means better performance.

The formula for determining parity using the modified z-test is:

$$z = DIFF / \sigma_{DIFF}$$

Where:

 $DIFF = M_{Qwest} - M_{CLEC}$

 M_{QWEST} = Qwest average or proportion

 M_{CLEC} = CLEC average or proportion

 σ_{DIFF} = square root $\Box \sigma^{\Box} \text{Qwest} (1/ \text{ n}_{\text{CLEC}} + 1/ \text{ n}_{\text{Qwest}})]$

 σ_{Qwest} = calculated variance for Qwest

 n_{Qwest} = number of observations or samples used in Qwest measurement

 n_{CLEC} = number of observations or samples used in CLEC measurement

The modified z-tests will be applied to reported parity measurements that contain more than 30 data points.

In calculating the difference between Qwest and CLEC performance, the above formula applies when a larger Qwest value indicates a better level of performance. In cases where a smaller Qwest value indicates a higher level of performance, the order is reversed, i.e., M_{CLEC} - M_{QWEST} .

4.3.1 For parity measurements where the number of data points is 30 or less, Qwest will apply a permutation test to test for statistical significance. Permutation analysis will be applied to calculate the z-statistic using the following logic:

Calculate the modified z-statistic for the actual arrangement of the data Pool and mix the CLEC and Qwest data sets Perform the following 1000 times:

Perform the following 1000 times:

Randomly subdivide the pooled data sets into two pools, one the same size as the original CLEC data set (n_{CLEC}) and one reflecting the remaining data points, and one reflecting the remaining data points, (which is equal to the size of the original Qwest data set or n_{QWEST}). Compute and store the modified z-test score (Z_S) for this sample.

Count the number of times the z-statistic for a permutation of the data is greater than the actual modified z- statistic

Compute the fraction of permutations for which the statistic for the rearranged data is greater than the statistic for the actual samples

If the fraction is greater than α , the significance level of the test, the hypothesis of no difference is not rejected, and the test is passed. The α shall be .05 when the critical z value is 1.645 and .15 when the critical z value is 1.04.

5.0 Critical Z-Value

5.1 The following table shall be used to determine the critical z-value that is referred to in section 6.0. It is based on the monthly business volume of the CLEC for the particular performance measurements for which statistic testing is being performed.

<u>CLEC volume</u> (Sample size)	LIS Trunks, UDITs, Resale, UBL-DS1 and DS- 3	All Other
1-10	1.04*	1.645
11-150	1.645	1.645
151-300	2.0	2.0
301-600	2.7	2.7
601-3000	3.7	3.7
3001 and above	4.3	4.3

TABLE 1: CRITICAL Z-VALUE

* The 1.04 applies for individual month testing for performance measurements involving LIS trunks and DS-1 and DS-3 that are UDITs, Resale, or Unbundled Loops. The performance measurements are OP-3d/e, OP-4d/e, OP-5a, OP-6-4/5, MR-5a/b, MR-7d/e, and MR-8.

For purposes of determining consecutive month misses, 1.645 shall be used. Where performance measurements disaggregate to zone 1 and zone 2, the zones shall be combined for purposes of statistical testing.

6.0 Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

6.1 Tier 1 payments to CLEC shall be made solely for the performance measurements designated as Tier 1 on Attachment 1. The payment amount for non-conforming service varies depending upon the designation of performance measurements as High, Medium, and Low and the duration of the non-conforming service condition as described below. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.0.

6.1.1 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The number of performance measurements that are determined to be non-conforming and, therefore, eligible for Tier 1 payments, are limited according to the critical z-value shown in Table 1, section 5.0. The critical z-values are the statistical standard that determines for each CLEC performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity. The critical z-value is selected from Table 1 according to the monthly CLEC volume for the performance measurement. For instance, if the CLEC sample size for that month is 100, the critical z-value is 1.645 for the statistical testing of that parity performance measurement.

6.2 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Tier 1 payments to CLEC, except as provided for in sections 6.3 and 10.0, are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value. Payments will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, depending upon the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 2 below. The dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is

designated High, Medium, or Low and escalate depending upon the number of consecutive months for which Qwest has not met the standard for the particular measurement.

6.2.1 The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-conforming service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for every month of conforming service. For example, if Qwest has four consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 1 to month 4 as shown in Table 2. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 2 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make payments that escalate back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon conforming service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.

6.2.2 For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the "Per Measurement" category. For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payments," payment to a CLEC will be the amount set forth in Table 2 below under the section labeled "per measurement."

Per Occurrence						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
Medium	\$ 75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600
Low	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400

TABLE 2: TIER-1 PAYMENTS TO CLEC

Per Measurement Cap						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$25,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,00 0	\$125,00 0	\$150,000
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 60,000
Low	\$ 5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 30,000

July 12, 2004/pjd/Quality Telephone/QPAP/OR Amendment to CDS-021025-0016 (from OR SGAT 6-30-04) 6.3 For collocation, CP-2 and CP-4 performance measurements shall be relied upon for delineation of collocation business rules. For purposes of calculating Tier 1 payments, collocation jobs and collocation feasibility studies that are later than the due date will have a per day payment applied according to Table 3. The per-day payment will be applied to any collocation job in which the feasibility study is provided or the collocation installation is completed later than the scheduled date. The calculation of the payment amount will be performed by applying the per day payment amounts as specified in Table 3. Thus, for days 1 through 10, the payment is \$150 per day. For days 11 through 20, the payment is \$300 per day and so on.

Days Late	Completion Date	Feasibility Study
1 to 10 days	\$150/day	\$45/day
11 to 20 days	\$300/day	\$90/day
21 to 30 days	\$450/day	\$135/day
31 to 40 days	\$600/day	\$180/day
More than 40 days	\$1,000/day	\$300/day

TABLE 3: TIER-1 COLLOCATION PAYMENTS TO CLECS

6.4 A minimum payment calculation shall be performed at the end of each year for each CLEC with annual order volumes of no more than 1,200. The payment shall be calculated by multiplying \$2,000 by the number of months in which at least one payment was made to the CLEC. To the extent that the actual CLEC payment for the year is less than the product of the preceding calculation, Qwest shall make an additional payment equal to the difference.

7.0 Tier 2 Payments to the State

7.1 Payments to the State shall be limited to the performance measurements designated in section 7.4 for Tier 2 per measurement payments and in Attachment 1 for per occurrence payments and which have at least 10 data points each month for the period payments are being calculated. Similar to the Tier 1 structure, Tier 2 measurements are categorized as High, Medium, and Low and the amount of payments for non-conformance varies according to this categorization.

7.2 Determination of Non-Conforming Measurements: The determination of nonconformance will be based upon the aggregate of all CLEC data for each Tier 2 performance measurement. Non-conforming service is defined in section 4.2 (for parity measurements) and 4.3 (for benchmark measurements), except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements but MR-2 and OP-2. The critical z-value is the statistical standard that determines for each performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity.

7.3 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Except as provided in section 7.4, Tier 2 payments are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of

performance measurements for. If in any 12-month rolling period in which there have been two non-compliant months out of any three consecutive months, Tier 2 payments shall be triggered by an additional single month of non-compliance during such rolling period. Payments shall drop to zero when there has been a 12-month period without two consecutive months of non-compliance. Payment will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, whichever is applicable to the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 4 or Table 5 below. Except as provided in section 7.4, the dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low.

7.3.1 For those Tier 2 measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps," payment to the State in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 4 for the "Per Measurement" category.

TABLE 4: TIER-2 PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

Per Occurrence

Measurement Group	
High	
	\$500
Medium	
	\$300
Low	
	\$200

Per Measurement/Cap

Jaronnona oap	
Measurement Group	
High	\$75,000
Medium	\$30,000
Low	\$20,000

7.4 <u>Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment</u>: The following Tier 2 performance measurements shall have their performance results measured on a region-wide (14 state) basis. Failure to meet the performance standard, therefore, will result in a per measurement payment in each of the Qwest in-region 14 states adopting this PAP. The performance measurements are:

- GA-1: Gateway Availability IMA-GUI
- GA-2: Gateway Availability IMA-EDI
- GA-3: Gateway Availability EB-TA
- GA-4: System Availability EXACT
- GA-6: Gateway Availability GUI-Repair
- PO-1: Pre-Order/Order Response Times

OP-2: Call Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center

MR-2: Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center PO-20:¹ Manual Service Order Accuracy

.

GA-1 has two sub-measurements: GA-1A and GA-1D. PO-1 shall have two submeasurements: PO-1A and PO-1B. PO-1A and PO-1B shall have their transaction types aggregated together. PO-20 shall have two product disaggregations – Resale POTS / UNE-P (POTS) and Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2-Wire).

For these measurements, Qwest will make a Tier 2 payment based upon monthly performance results according to Table 5: Tier 2 Per Measurement Payments to State Funds.

Measurement	Performance	State	14 State
		Payment	Payment
GA-1,2,3,4,6	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>3% to 5%	\$20,000	\$280,000
	>5%	\$30,000	\$420,000
		-	
PO-1	2 sec. Or less	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>2 sec. to 5	\$5,000	\$70,000
	sec.		
	>5 sec. to 10	\$10,000	\$140,000
	sec.		
	>10 sec.	\$15,000	\$210,000
OP-2/MR-2	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>3% to 5%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>5%	\$15,000	\$210,000
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PO-20			
			AT 000
- Resale POTS /	1% or lower	\$500	\$7,000
UNE-P (POTS)	>1% to 3%	\$2,500	\$35,000
	>3% to 5%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>5%	\$7,500	\$105,000
	4.0/		<u> </u>
- Unbundled Loops	1% or lower	\$500	\$7,000
(Analog and 2-Wire	>1% to 3%	\$2,500	\$35,000
Non-Loaded)	>3% to 5%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>5%	\$7,500	\$105,000

TABLE 5: TIER-2 PER MEASUREMENT PAYMENTS TO STATE FUNDS

7.5 Payment of Tier 2 Funds: Tier 2 payments shall be made to the Connecting Oregon Communities Fund pursuant to Oregon Revised Statues 759.445(1) or as may be otherwise provided under state law.

8.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 1 Payments to CLEC

8.1 Application of the Critical Z-Values: Qwest shall identify the Tier 1 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided to CLEC by Qwest for the month in question and the critical z-value from Table 1 in section 5.0 that shall be used for purposes of statistical testing for each particular performance measurement. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied. For the purpose of determining the critical z-values, each disaggregated category of a performance measurement is treated as a separate sub-measurement. The critical z-value to be applied is determined by the CLEC volume at each level of disaggregation or sub-measurement.

- 8.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Occurrence:
 - 8.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:

8.2.1.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the average or the mean that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

8.2.1.2 Step 2: The percentage differences between the actual averages and the calculated averages shall be calculated. The calculation is % diff = (CLEC result – Calculated Value)/Calculated Value. The percent difference shall be capped at a maximum of 100%. In all calculations of percent differences in sections 8.0 and 9.0, the calculated percent differences is capped at 100%.

8.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amounts from the Tier 1 Payment Table shall determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

8.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:

8.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the percentage that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z- statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

8.2.2.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages for the CLEC and the calculated percentages shall be determined.

8.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

8.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:

8.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement the ratio that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

8.2.3.2 Step 2: The absolute difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate shall be determined.

8.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step, and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 1 Payment Table, to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.

8.3 Performance Measurements for which Tier 1 Payment is Per Measure:

8.3.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the CLEC shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of Table 2: Tier 1 Payments to CLEC.

9.0 Step by Step Calculation of Monthly Tier 2 Payments to State Funds

9.1.1 Application of the Critical Z-Value: Qwest shall identify the Tier 2 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided by Qwest to all CLECs for the month in question shall be determined. The statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0 shall be applied, except that a 1.645 critical z-value shall be used for all parity measurements but MR-2 and OP-2.

9.1.2 To determine if Tier 2 payments for performance measurements listed on Attachment 1 shall be made in the current month, the following shall be determined: (1) If in any 12-month rolling period in which there have been two non-compliant months out of any three consecutive months, Tier 2 payments shall be triggered by an additional single month of non-compliance during such rolling period. (2) Payments shall drop to zero when there has been a 12month period without two consecutive months of non-compliance.

- 9.2 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Occurrence:
 - 9.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:

9.2.1.1 Step 1: The monthly average or the mean for each performance measurement that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

9.2.2.2 Step 2: The percentage difference between the actual averages and the calculated averages shall be calculated. The calculation for parity measurements is % diff = (actual average – calculated average)/calculated average. The percent difference shall be capped at a maximum of 100%. In all calculations of percent differences in section 8.0 and section 9.0, the calculated percent difference is capped at 100%.

9.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points each month shall be multiplied by the percentage calculated in the previous step. The result (shall be calculated and rounded to the nearest integer) is then multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State for each non-conforming performance measurement.

9.3 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:

9.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the monthly percentage that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

9.3.1.2 Step 2: The difference between the actual percentages and the calculated percentages shall be calculated. The calculation for parity measurement is diff = (CLEC result – calculated percentage). This formula shall be applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.

9.3.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points for each month shall be multiplied by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step. The result (shall be calculated and rounded to the nearest integer) is then multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.

9.4 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:

9.4.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, the ratio that would yield the critical z-value shall be calculated. The same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measurement shall be used. (For benchmark measurements, the benchmark value shall be used.)

9.4.1.1 Step 2: The difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate shall be calculated. The calculation is: diff = (CLEC rate – calculated rate). This formula shall apply where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula shall be reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.

9.4.1.2 Step 3: For each performance measurement, the total number of data points shall be multiplied by the difference calculated in the previous step. The result (shall be calculated and rounded to the nearest integer) is then multiplied by the result of the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier 2 Payment Table to determine the payment to the State.

9.5 Performance Measurements for which Tier 2 Payment is Per Measure:

9.5.1 For each performance measurement where Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the State Fund shall be the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier 2 Payment Table.

10.0 Low Volume, Developing Markets

10.1 For certain qualifying performance standards, if the aggregate monthly volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP are more than 10, but less than 100, Qwest will make Tier 1 payments to CLECs for failure to meet the parity or benchmark standard for the qualifying performance sub-measurements. The qualifying sub-measurements are the UNE-P (POTS), megabit resale, and ADSL qualified loop product disaggregation of OP-3, OP-4, OP-5a, MR-3, MR-5, MR-7, and MR-8. If the aggregate monthly CLEC volume is greater than 100, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the qualifying performance sub-measurement.

10.2 The determination of whether Qwest has met the parity or benchmark standards will be made using aggregate volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP. In the event Qwest does not meet the applicable performance standards, a total payment to affected CLECs will be determined in accordance with the high, medium, low designation for each performance measurement (see Attachment 1) and as described in section 8.0, except that CLEC aggregate volumes will be used. In the event the calculated total payment amount to CLECs is less than \$5,000, a minimum payment of \$5,000 shall be made. The resulting total payment amount to CLECs will

be apportioned to the affected CLECs based upon each CLEC's relative share of the number of total service misses.

10.3 At the six (6)-month reviews, Qwest will consider adding to the above list of qualifying performance sub-measurements, new products disaggregation representing new modes of CLEC entry into developing markets.

11.0 Payment

11.1 Payments to CLEC or the State shall be made one month following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month for which payment is being made. Qwest will pay interest on any late payment and underpayment at the prime rate as reported in the Wall Street Journal. On any overpayment, Qwest is allowed to offset future payments by the amount of the overpayment plus interest at the prime rate.

11.2 Payment to CLEC shall be made via bill credits. To the extent that a monthly payment owed to CLEC under this PAP exceeds the amount owed to Qwest by CLEC on a monthly bill, Qwest will issue a check or wire transfer to CLEC in the amount of the overage. Payment to the State shall be made via check or wire transfer.

12.0 Cap on Tier 1 and Tier 2 Payments

12.1 There shall be a cap on the total payments made by Qwest for a 12 month period beginning with the effective date of the PAP for the State of Oregon. The annual cap for the State of Oregon shall be \$48,000,000 (36% of the 1999 ARMIS Net Return), subject to any applicable adjustment permitted pursuant to section 12.2. CLEC agrees that this amount constitutes a maximum annual cap that shall apply to the aggregate total of Tier 1 liquidated damages, including any such damages paid pursuant to this Agreement, any other interconnection agreement, or any other payments made for the same underlying activity or omission under any other same underlying activity or or rule.

12.2 The 36% annual cap may be increased to 44% or decreased to 30% of 1999 ARMIS Net Return as follows:

12.2.1 An increase in the cap of a maximum of 4 percentage points at any one time (i.e., first to 40 percent) shall occur upon order by the Commission if the cap has been exceeded for any consecutive period of 24 months by that same 4 percent or more, provided that: (a) the Commission has determined that the preponderance of the evidence shows Qwest could have remained beneath the cap through reasonable and prudent effort, and (b) the Commission has made that determination after having available to it on the record the results of

audits and root cause analyses, and provided an opportunity for Qwest to be heard.

12.2.2 A decrease in the cap of a maximum of 4 percentage points at any one time shall occur upon order by the Commission after performance for any consecutive period of 24 months in which total payments are 8 or more percentage points below the cap amount, provided that: (a) the Commission has determined that the preponderance of the evidence shows the performance results underlying those payments results from an adequate Qwest commitment to meeting its responsibilities to provide adequate wholesale service and to keeping open its local markets and (b) the Commission shall have made that determination after providing all interested parties an opportunity to be heard.

12.2.3 The provisions of 12.2.1 and 12.2.2 shall be in effect for the next 24 month period commencing with the end of the 24 month period upon which the Commission's order is based.

12.3 If the annual cap is reached, each CLEC shall, as of the end of the year, be entitled to receive the same percentage of its total calculated Tier 1 payments. In order to preserve the operation of the annual cap, the percentage equalization shall take place as follows:

12.3.1 The amount by which any month's total year-to-date Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments exceeds the cumulative monthly cap (defined as 1/12th of the annual cap times the cumulative number of months to date) shall be calculated and apportioned between Tier 1 and Tier 2 according to the percentage that each bore of total payments for the year-to-date. The Tier 1 apportionment resulting of this calculation shall be known as the "Tracking Account."

12.3.2 The Tier 1 apportionment shall be debited against the monthly payment due to each CLEC, by applying to the year-to-date payments received by each the percentage necessary to generate the required total Tier 1 amount.

12.3.3 The Tracking Amount shall be apportioned among all CLECs so as to provide each with payments equal in percentage of its total year to date Tier 1 payment calculations.

12.3.4 This calculation shall take place in the first month that the year-to-date total Tier 1 and Tier 2 payments are expected to exceed the cumulative monthly cap and for each month of that year thereafter. Qwest shall recover any debited amounts by reducing payments due from any CLEC for that and any succeeding months, as necessary.

13.0 Limitations

13.1 The PAP shall not become available in the State unless and until Qwest receives effective section 271 authority from the FCC for that State.

13.2 Qwest will not be liable for Tier 1 payments to CLEC in an FCC approved state until the Commission has approved an interconnection agreement between CLEC and Qwest which adopts the provisions of this PAP.

13.3 Qwest shall not be obligated to make Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any measurement if and to the extent that non-conformance for that measurement was the result of any of the following: 1) a Force Majeure event, including but not limited to acts of nature, acts of civil or military authority, government regulations, embargoes, epidemics, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, floods, work stoppages, equipment failure, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, unusually severe weather conditions, inability to secure products or services of other persons or transportation facilities or acts or omissions of transportation carriers; 2) an act or omission by a CLEC that is contrary to any of its obligations under its interconnection agreement with Qwest or under federal or state law; an act or omission by CLEC that is in bad faith. Examples of bad faith conduct include, but are not limited to: unreasonably holding service orders and/or applications, "dumping" orders or applications in unreasonably large batches, "dumping" orders or applications at or near the close of a business day, on a Friday evening or prior to a holiday, and failing to provide timely forecasts to Qwest for services or facilities when such forecasts are required to reasonably provide services or facilities; or 3) problems associated with third-party systems or equipment, which could not have been avoided by Qwest in the exercise of reasonable diligence, provided, however, that this third party exclusion will not be raised in the State more than three times within a calendar year.

13.3.1 Qwest will not be excused from Tier 1 or Tier 2 payments for any reason except as described in Section 13.0. Qwest will have the burden of demonstrating that its non-conformance with the performance measurement was excused on one of the grounds described in this PAP.

13.4 Qwest's agreement to implement these enforcement terms, and specifically its agreement to pay any "liquidated damages" or "assessments" hereunder, will not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability in any legal, regulatory, or other proceeding relating in whole or in part to the same performance.

13.4.1 CLEC may not use: 1) the existence of this enforcement plan; or 2) Qwest's payment of Tier -1 "liquidated damages" or Tier 2 "assessments" as evidence that Qwest has discriminated in the provision of any facilities or services under Sections 251 or 252, or has violated any state or federal law or regulation. Qwest's conduct underlying its performance measures, however are not made inadmissible by its terms.

13.4.2 By accepting this performance remedy plan, CLEC agrees that Qwest's performance with respect to this remedy plan may not be used as an admission of liability or culpability for a violation of any state or federal law or regulation. (Nothing herein is intended to preclude Qwest from introducing evidence of any Tier 1 "liquidated damages" under these provisions for the purpose of offsetting the payment against any other damages or payments a CLEC might recover.) The terms of this paragraph do not apply to any proceeding before the Commission or the FCC to determine whether Qwest has met or continues to meet the requirements of section 271 of the Act.

13.5 By incorporating these liquidated damages terms into the PAP, Qwest and CLEC accepting this PAP agree that proof of damages from any non-conforming performance measurement would be difficult to ascertain and, therefore, liquidated damages are a reasonable approximation of any contractual damages that may result from a non-conforming performance measurement. Qwest and CLEC further agree that Tier 1 payments made pursuant to this PAP are not intended to be a penalty. The application of the assessments and damages provided for herein is not intended to foreclose other noncontractual legal and non-contractual regulatory claims and remedies that may be available to a CLEC.

13.6 This PAP contains a comprehensive set of performance measurements, statistical methodologies, and payment mechanisms that are designed to function together, and only together, as an integrated whole. To elect the PAP, CLEC must adopt the PAP in its entirety, in its interconnection agreement with Qwest in lieu of other alternative standards or relief for the same wholesale services governed by the QPAP. Where alternative standards or remedies for Qwest wholesale services governed by the QPAP are available under rules, orders, or contracts, including interconnection agreements, CLEC will be limited to either PAP standards and remedies or the standards and remedies available under rules, orders, or contracts and CLECs choice of remedies shall be specified in its interconnection agreement.

13.7 Any liquidated damages payment by Qwest under these provisions is not hereby made inadmissible in any proceeding related to the same conduct where Qwest seeks to offset the payments against any other damages a CLEC may recover; whether or not the nature of the damages sought by the CLEC is such that an offset is appropriate will be determined in the relevant proceeding.

13.8 Qwest shall not be liable for both Tier 2 payments under the PAP and assessments, sanctions, or other payments for the same underlying activity or omission pursuant to any Commission order or service quality rules.

13.9 Whenever a Qwest Tier 1 payment to an individual CLEC exceeds \$3 million in a month, Qwest may commence a proceeding to demonstrate why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the \$3 million. Upon timely commencement of the proceeding, Qwest must pay the balance of payments owed in excess of \$3

million into escrow, to be held by a third-party pending the outcome of the proceeding. To invoke these escrow provisions, Qwest must file, not later than the due date of the Tier 1 payments, its application. Qwest will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to make the payments in excess of \$3 million. If Qwest reports non-conforming performance to CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measurements reported to CLEC and has incurred no more than \$1 million in liability to CLEC, then CLEC may commence a similar proceeding. In any such proceeding CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, justice requires Qwest to make payments in excess of the amount calculated pursuant to the terms of the PAP. The disputes identified in this section shall be resolved in a manner specified in the Dispute Resolution section of the SGAT or interconnection agreement with the CLEC.

14.0 Reporting

14.1 Upon receiving effective section 271 authority from the FCC for a state, Qwest will provide CLEC that has an approved interconnection agreement with Qwest, a monthly report of Qwest's performance for the measurements identified in the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Qwest will collect, analyze, and report performance data for the measurements listed on Attachment 1 in accordance with the most recent version of the PIDs. Upon CLEC's request, data files of the CLEC's raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to CLEC in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission medium.

14.2 Qwest will also provide the Commission a monthly report of aggregate CLEC performance results pursuant to the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Solely upon the specific order of the Commission, data files of participating CLEC raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to the Commission in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission form, provided that Qwest shall first initiate any procedures necessary to protect the confidentiality and to prevent the public release of the information pending any applicable Commission procedures. Qwest shall provide such notice as the Commission directs to the CLEC involved. By accepting this PAP, CLEC consents to Qwest providing CLEC's report and raw data to the Commission.

14.3 In the event Qwest does not provide CLEC and the Commission with a monthly report by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported, Qwest will pay to the State a total of \$500 for

each business day for which performance reports are 6 to 10 business days past the due date; \$1,000 for each business day for which performance reports are 11 to 15 business days past the due date; and \$2,000 for each business day for which performance results are more than 15 business days past the due date. If reports are on time but are missing performance results, Qwest will pay to the State a total of one-fifth of the late report amount for each missing performance measurement, subject to a cap of the full late report amount. These amounts represent the total payments for omitting performance measurements or missing any report deadlines, rather than a payment per report. Prior to the date of a payment for late reports, Qwest may file a request for a waiver of the payment, which states the reasons for the waiver. The Commission may grant the waiver, deny the waiver, or provide any other relief that may be appropriate.

14.4 To the extent that Qwest recalculates payments made under this PAP, such recalculation shall be limited to the preceding three years (measured from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date). Qwest shall retain sufficient records to demonstrate fully the basis for its calculations for long enough to meet this potential recalculation obligation. CLEC verification or recalculation efforts should be made reasonably contemporaneously with Qwest measurements. In any event, Qwest shall maintain the records in a readily useable form for one year. For the remaining two years, the records may be retained in archived format. Any payment adjustments shall be subject to the interest rate provisions of section 11.1.

15.0 Integrated Audit Program/Investigations of Performance Results

15.1 Audits of the PAP shall be conducted in a two-year cycle under the auspices of the participating Commissions in accordance with a detailed audit plan developed by an independent auditor retained for a two-year period. The participating Commissions shall select the independent auditor with input from Qwest and CLECs.

15.1.1 The participating Commissions shall form an oversight committee of Commissioners who will choose the independent auditor and approve the audit plan. Any disputes as to the choice of auditor or the scope of the audit shall be resolved through a vote of the chairs of the participating commissions pursuant to Section 15.1.4.

15.1.2 The audit plan shall be conducted over two years. The audit plan will identify the specific performance measurements to be audited, the specific tests to be conducted, and the entity to conduct them. The audit plan will give priority to auditing the higher risk areas identified in the OSS report. The two-year cycle will examine risks likely to exist across that period and the past history of testing, in order to determine what combination of high and more moderate areas of risk should be examined during the two-year cycle. The first year of a two-year cycle will concentrate on areas most likely to require follow-up in the second year.

15.1.3 The audit plan shall be coordinated with other audit plans that may be conducted by other state commissions so as to avoid duplication, shall not impede Qwest's ability to comply with the other provisions of the PAP and should be of a nature and scope that can be conducted in accordance with the reasonable course of Qwest's business operations.

15.1.4 Any dispute arising out of the audit plan, the conduct of the audit, or audit results shall be resolved by the oversight committee of Commissioners. Decisions of the oversight committee of Commissioners may be appealed to a committee of the chairs of the participating Commissions.

15.2 Qwest may make management processes more accurate or more efficient to perform without sacrificing accuracy. These changes are at Qwest's discretion but will be reported to the independent auditor in quarterly meetings in which the auditor may ask questions about changes made in the Qwest measurement regimen. The meetings, which will be limited to Qwest and the independent auditor, will permit an independent assessment of the materiality and propriety of any Qwest changes, including, where necessary, testing of the change details by the independent auditor. The information gathered by the independent auditor may be the basis for reports by the independent auditor to the participating Commissions and, where the commissions deem it appropriate, to other participants.

In the event of a disagreement between Qwest and CLEC as to any issue 15.3 regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to the PAP, Qwest and the CLEC shall first consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve the issue. If an issue is not resolved within 45 days after a request for consultation, CLEC and Qwest may, upon a demonstration of good cause, (e.g., evidence of material errors or discrepancies) request an independent audit to be conducted, at the initiating party's expense. The independent auditor will assess the need for an audit based upon whether there exists a material deficiency in the data or whether there exists an issue not otherwise addressed by the audit plan for the current cycle. The dispute resolution provision of section 18.0 is available to any party questioning the independent auditor's decision to conduct or not conduct a CLEC requested audit and the audit findings, should such an audit be conducted. An audit may not proceed until dispute resolution is completed. Audit findings will (a) general applicability of findings and conclusions (i.e., relevance to include: CLECs or jurisdictions other than the ones causing test initiation), (b) magnitude of any payment adjustments required and, (c) whether cost responsibility should be shifted based upon the materiality and clarity of any Qwest non-conformance with measurement requirements (no pre-determined variance is appropriate, but should be based on the auditor's professional judgment). CLEC may not request an audit of data more than three years from the later of the provision of a monthly credit statement or payment due date.

15.4 Qwest shall fund the state of Oregon's share of the costs of the first two-year audit cycle.

15.5 Qwest will investigate any second consecutive Tier 2 miss to determine the cause of the miss and to identify the action needed in order to meet the standard set forth in the performance measurements. To the extent an investigation determines that a CLEC was responsible in whole or in part for the Tier 2 misses, Qwest shall receive credit against future Tier 2 payments in an amount equal to the Tier 2 payments that should not have been made. The relevant portion of subsequent Tier 2 payments will not be owed until any responsible CLEC problems are corrected. For the purposes of this sub-section, Tier 1 performance measurements that have not been designated as Tier 2 will be aggregated and the aggregate results will be investigated pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

16.0 Reviews

Every six (6) months, beginning six months after the effective date of the first 16.1 Section 271 approval by the FCC of one of the states that participated in the multistate QPAP Section 271 proceeding, Qwest, CLECs, and the Commissions of those states shall participate in a common review of the performance measurements to determine whether measurements should be added, deleted, or modified; whether the applicable benchmark standards should be modified or replaced by parity standards: and whether to move a classification of a measurement to High, Medium, or Low or Tier 1 to Tier 2. The criterion for reclassification of a measurement shall be whether the actual volume of data points was less or greater than anticipated. Criteria for review of performance measurements, other than for possible reclassification, shall be whether there exists an omission or failure to capture intended performance, and whether there is duplication of another measurement. The first six-month period will begin upon the FCC's approval of Qwest's 271 application for that particular state. Changes shall not be made without Qwest's agreement, except that disputes as to whether new performance measurements should be added shall be resolved by one arbitration proceeding conducted pursuant to section 5.18.3 of the SGAT, which shall bind CLEC and Qwest and all parties to the arbitration and determine what new measures, if any, should be included in Exhibit K to the SGAT.

16.2 Two years after the effective date of the first FCC 271 approval of the PAP, the participating Commissions may conduct a joint review by a independent third party to examine the continuing effectiveness of the PAP as a means of inducing compliant performance. This review shall not be used to open the PAP generally to amendment, but would serve to assist Commissions in determining existing conditions and reporting to the FCC on the continuing adequacy of the PAP to serve its intended functions.

16.3 Qwest will make the PAP available for CLEC interconnection agreements until such time as Qwest eliminates its Section 272 affiliate. At that time, the Commission and Qwest shall review the appropriateness of the PAP and whether its continuation is necessary. However, in the event Qwest exits the interLATA market, that State PAP shall be rescinded immediately.

17.0 Voluntary Performance Assurance Plan

This PAP represents Qwest's voluntary offer to provide performance assurance. Nothing in the PAP or in any conclusion of non-conformance of Qwest's service performance with the standards defined in the PAP shall be construed to be, of itself, non-conformance with the Act.

18.0 Dispute Resolution

For the purpose of resolving disputes over the meaning of the provisions of the PAP and how they should be applied, the dispute resolution provisions of the SGAT, section 5.18, shall apply whether the CLEC uses the SGAT in its entirety or elects to make the PAP part of its interconnection agreements (i.e., the unique dispute resolution provisions of interconnection agreements should not apply).

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Attachment 1: Tier 1 and Tier 2 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payment

Performance Measurement		Tier 1 Payments		Tier 2 Payments			
		Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
GATEWAY							
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-7						X
PRE-ORDER/ORDERS							
	PO-3ª						
LSR Rejection Notice Interval Firm Order Confirmations On Time	PO-3					x	
	1					<u> </u>	
Work Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-6 ^b	X					
Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-7 ^b	X					
Jeopardy Notice Interval	PO-8	X					
Timely Jeopardy Notices	PO-9	X					
Release Notifications	PO-16						Х
(Expanded) – Manual Service Order	PO-20°	X					
Accuracy							ļ
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING							
Installation Commitments Met	OP-3	+		x	-	x	
Installation Intervals	OP-4 ^d			X		X	
New Service Quality	OP-5a			X		X	<u> </u>
	OP-5a OP-6 ^e			X		X	
Delayed Days Number Portability Timeliness	OP-8			X		X	
Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled	OP-0 OP-13a			X		X	
Loops	UP-15a			^			1
LNP Disconnect Timeliness	OP-17			X		X	
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR						ļ	
Out of Service Cleared within 24 hours	MR-3			X			
All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	MR-5			X			
Mean time to Restore	MR-			X			
	6a,b,c						
Repair Repeat Report Rate	MR-7			X		X	
Trouble Rate	MR-8			X X		X	
LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24	MR-11			X		X	
Hours							
LNP Trouble Reports—Mean Time to	MR-12			X		Х	
Restore							
BILLING							<u> </u>
Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	BI-1	X					X
Billing Accuracy-Adjustments for Errors	BI-3	X					†
Billing Completeness	BI-4	X				X	
×							
NETWORK PERFORMANCE							
Trunk Blocking	NI-1			X X		ļ	X X
NXX Code Activation	NP-1			X			

a. PO-3 is limited to PO-3a-1, PO-3b-1, and PO-3c.

b. PO-6 is included with PO-7 as two "families:" PO-6a/PO-7a and PO-6b/PO-7b. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurements with the highest payment being paid.

c. For each phase beginning with Phase 1, there will be no more than a 3 month measurement stabilization period for all fields introduced in that phase. Additional fields are not subject to payments during the measurement stabilization period. During the Phase 1 measurement stabilization period, measurement and payment will continue for the original PO-20 as defined in Exhibit B1.

d. OP-4 is included with OP-6 as five "families:" OP-4a/OP-6-1, OP-4b/OP-6-2, OP-4c/OP-6-3, OP-4d/OP-6-4, and OP-4e/OP-6-5. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.

e. For purposes of the PAP, OP-6a and OP-6b will be combined and treated as one. The combined OP-6 breaks down to OP-6-1 (within MSA), OP-6-2 (outside MSA), OP-6-3 (no dispatch), OP-6-4 (zone 1), and OP-6-5 (zone 2).

Attachment 2: Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Caps

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Billing

Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records – BI-1 (Tier 1/Tier 2) Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors – BI-3 (Tier 1) Billing Completeness – BI-4 (Tier 1/Tier 2) ATTACHMENT 2 Exhibit B



Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 7.1

QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

14-State 271 PID Version 7.1

Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions

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Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

Description:

- GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.
 - Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
	Results will be reported as follows:
	GA-1A IMA Graphical User Interface Gateway
	GA-1D SIA system

Formula:

([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None

Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. (See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)		
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Av and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time D Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent	

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula:	

([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reporting Period]) x 100

Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent		
Availability: Available	Notes:			

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: <u>http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html</u>.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Re	porting: Region-wide level.	
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During Reportion		ting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours	
Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent	
Availability: Available	Notes:		

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	ананананананананананананананананананан
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting	: Region-wide level.
Formula:		
[Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Av and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time D		
Exclusions: None		1
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent

Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent	
Availability: Available	Notes:		

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved ^{NOTE 1} within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/coprovider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)^{NOTE 2}, Electronic Bonding- Trouble Administration (EB -TA)^{NOTE 3}
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss NOTE 4 on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) \div (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: Nor	e Standards:	
	Volume = 1-20: 1 miss	
	Volume > 20: 95%	
Availability:	Notes:	
	1. "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as experienced	
Available	by the CLEC.	
	2. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.	
	3. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC.	
	4. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement must	
	have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID or trouble	
	ticket number).	

Pre-Order/Order

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting pre-ordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.
- PO-1C:
- Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

• Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types. The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender, which results in an error message back to the sender. ^{NOTE 1}

Reporting Period:	One month Unit of Measure:				
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds				
	PO-1C: Percent				
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows:				
Comparisons:	PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response T	ime for IMA-GUI			
CLEC aggregate.	PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Ti	ime for IMA-EDI			
	Results are reported separately for each o	f the following transaction types: NOTE 2			
	1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Da	te Reservation, where appointment is required)			
	2. Service Availability Information				
	3. Facility Availability				
	4. Street Address Validation				
	5. Customer Service Records				
	6. Telephone Number				
	7. Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3				
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	8. Resale of Owest DSL Qualification			
	9. Connecting Facility Assignment ^N	9. Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4			
	10. Meet Point Inquiry NOTE 5				
	times for each of the above transaction	b, in addition to reporting total response time, response is will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the he response for the specified transaction. For PO-1A 6, ot screen, will be reported.			
	For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI),	request/response will be reported as a combined number.			
		ed according to the gateway interface used:			
	1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI				
	2. Percent of Preorder Transactions	2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI			
		ed according to the gateway interface used:			
	1. Rejected Response Times for IM				
	2. Rejected Response Times for IM	A-EDI			

PO-1 – Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Formula:							
PO-1A & PO-1	lB =	$\Sigma[(Query Responses Respo$		Date & Time) – (Query Submissing Period)	on Date & Time)] ÷ (N	Jumber of Queries	
PO-1C	-	• •	[(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving response) ÷ (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100				
PO-1D	=			esponse Date & Time) – (Query sactions Simulated by IRTM)	Submission Date & Ti	me)] ÷ (Number of	
Exclusions:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PO-1A & PO-1	lB:						
• Rejected re	equest	s/errors, and timed	l out	transactions			
PO-1C:	•						
Rejected	reque	ests and errors					
PO-1D:	•						
Timed out	t tran	sactions					
Product Repo	rting:	None	Sta	andards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI	
-	0		To	tal Response Time:			
			1.	Appointment Scheduling	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
			2.	Service Availability Information	<25 seconds	<25 seconds	
			3.	Facility Availability	<25 seconds ⁶	<25 seconds ⁶	

	Total Response Time:		
	 Appointment Scheduling Service Availability Information Facility Availability Street Address Validation Customer Service Records Telephone Number Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3 	<10 seconds <25 seconds <25 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds <12.5 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds ≤ 20 seconds ⁷	<10 seconds <25 seconds <10 seconds <12.5 seconds ⁶ <10 seconds <10 seconds \leq 20 seconds
	8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification	≤ 20 seconds ⁷	\leq 20 seconds
	9. Connecting Facility Assignment	≤ 25 seconds	≤ 25 seconds
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	\leq 30 seconds	\leq 30 seconds
	PO-1C-1	0.5	5%
	PO-1C-2	0.5	5%
	PO-1C-2 PO-1D-1 & 2	0.5 Diagn	
Availability:	PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes:	Diagn	nostic
Availability: Available	PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: 1. Rejected query types used ir	Diagn	nostic
	PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: 1. Rejected query types used ir Qwest diagnostic purposes.	Diagn PO-1D are those de	nostic eveloped for internal
	 PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: 1. Rejected query types used in Qwest diagnostic purposes. 2. As additional transactions, compared to the second se	Diagn PO-1D are those de urrently done manual	eveloped for internal ly, are mechanized,
	 PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: 1. Rejected query types used ir Qwest diagnostic purposes. 2. As additional transactions, or they will be measured and a 	Diagn PO-1D are those de urrently done manual	eveloped for internal ly, are mechanized,
	 PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: 1. Rejected query types used ir Qwest diagnostic purposes. 2. As additional transactions, or they will be measured and a transactions, as applicable. 	Diagn n PO-1D are those de urrently done manual added to or included	eveloped for internal ly, are mechanized, in the above list of
	 PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: 1. Rejected query types used ir Qwest diagnostic purposes. 2. As additional transactions, or they will be measured and a 	Diagn n PO-1D are those de urrently done manuall added to or included	eveloped for internal ly, are mechanized, in the above list of
	 PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: Rejected query types used in Qwest diagnostic purposes. As additional transactions, cuthey will be measured and a transactions, as applicable. Results based on a weighted and Raw Loop Data Tool. Results based on Connecting 	Diagn n PO-1D are those de urrently done manuall added to or included I combination of ADSI g Facility Assignment	eveloped for internal ly, are mechanized, in the above list of L Loop Qualification by Unit Query.
	 PO-1D-1 & 2 Notes: Rejected query types used in Qwest diagnostic purposes. As additional transactions, cuthey will be measured and a transactions, as applicable. Results based on a weighted and Raw Loop Data Tool. 	Diagn n PO-1D are those de urrently done manuall added to or included I combination of ADSI g Facility Assignment	eveloped for internal ly, are mechanized, in the above list of L Loop Qualification by Unit Query.

lines.

time will also be reported.

7. Benchmark applies to response time only. Request time and Total

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

• Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B - Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs ^{NOTE 1} that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
 Reporting Period: One month
 Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggr individual CLEC	egate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state).Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR: 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI

Formula:

- PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100
- PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

PO-2 – Electronic Flow-through (continued)

 Product Reporting: Resale Unbundled Loops (wwithout Local Number Portability) Local Number Porta UNE-P (POTS) and 	bility	Standards: PO-2A: CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus All Other States: Diagnostic PO-2B: NOTE 2	s 10 percent ^{NOTE 2}
(Centrex 21)	ONL-I	Resale:	95%
Line Sharing		Unbundled Loops:	85%
Ū		LNP:	95%
		UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21):	95%
Availability:	Notes:	Line Sharing:	Diagnostic NOTE 3
Available (except as follows): Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE- P (Centrex 21) – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report.	the "LSI availabil through 2. In Color either F benchm PO-2A-2 (i.e., the 3. The sta	of LSR types classified as eligible for Rs Eligible for Flow Through" matri ity for enhancements to flow throug the CMP process. ado the standard for PO-2 is conside PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For bo ark percentages shown apply to the 2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) a combined PO-2B result). ndard and future disaggregated re- is TBD, pending resolution of TRO is	ix. This matrix also includes gh. Matrix will be distributed dered met if the standard for oth PO-2A and PO-2B, the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 eporting of the Line Sharing
Line Sharing – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report			

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected. **Description:**

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure:	
-	PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.		C - Hrs: Mins.
		PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 – Mir	ns: Secs.
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:		
CLEC aggregate and	Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used		the gateway interface used
individual CLEC results	to submit the LSR:		
		eceived via IMA-GUI and rej	
		received via IMA-GUI and a	
		eceived via IMA-EDI and reje	
	• PO-3B -2, LSRs	received via IMA-EDI and au	to-rejected: Region wide
	• PO-3C, LSRs rec	eived via facsimile: Statewide	
	sential to the calcula (Exclusion to be elin i's.)	tion of the measurement peninated upon implementation	
Product Reporting: Not applie		Standards:	
ordering interface).		• PO-3A-1 and -3B-1:	\leq 12 business hours
		• PO-3A -2 and -3B -2:	\leq 18 seconds
		• PO-3C:	\leq 24 work week clock hours
Availability: Available	;	Notes:	

Purpose:	
Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percen	tage of all LSRs to provide information to help address
potential issues that might be raised by the indicator of	
Description:	
Measures the percentage of I SRs rejected (returned to	o the CLEC) for standard categories of errors/reasons.
• Includes all I SPs submitted through the specific	ed interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the reporting
÷ -	the interface that are rejected of 1000 a during the reporting
request or LSR/PON (purchase order number) affected; no valid contract; no valid end user ve	complete/mismatching/unintelligible information; duplicate); no separate LSR for each account telephone numbe rification; account not working in Qwest territory; service ished parameters for service; and lack of CLEC response to
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting:
individual CLEC results	Results for this indicator are reported according to the
	gateway interface used to submit the LSR:
	PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and
	rejected manually – Region wide
	PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-
	rejected – Region wide
	PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected
	manually – Region wide
	PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-
	rejected – Region wide
	PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile – Statewide
Formula: [(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified me received via the specified interface that were rejected Exclusions:	thod in the reporting period) ÷ (Total of all LSRs that are or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100
Records with invalid product codes.	
 Records missing data essential to the calculation 	of the measurement per the PID
	ated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow
duplicate LSR #'s.)	and upon impromonation of the corpuonity to distance
 Invalid start/stop dates/times. 	
Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by	Standard: Diagnostic
ordering interface).	Stanuaru. Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	110103.
Available	
	1

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the <u>application date and time</u>, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- ASRs are measured only in <u>business days</u>.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the
CLEC aggregate and	state).
individual CLEC results	Results for this indicator are reported as follows:
	• PO-5A:* FOCs provided for <u>fully electronic</u> LSRs received via:
	– PO-5A-1 IMA-GUI
	– PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI
	 PO-5B:*FOCs provided for <u>electronic/manual</u> LSRs received via:
	– PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI
	– PO-5B-2 IMA-EDI
	 PO-5C:*FOCs provided for <u>manual</u> LSRs received via Facsimile.
	• PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks.
	* Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows:
	- (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P
	- (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled
	Network Elements
	 – (c) FOCs provided for LNP

O-5A = {[Count of LSRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) -(Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

Exclusions: LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be projects. Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the . scheduled up time). LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements. . Records with invalid product codes. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. . Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to . disallow duplicate LSR #'s.) Invalid start/stop dates/times. Additional PO-5D exclusion: Records with invalid application or confirmation dates. **Product Reporting:** Standards: 95% within 20 minutes NOTE 2 For PO-5A (all): 90% within standard FOC intervals (specified For PO-5B (all): For PO-5A, -5B and below) -5C: (a) Resale services 90% within standard FOC intervals specified below PLUS 24 hours NOTE 3 For PO-5C (manual): **UNE-P (POTS)** and UNE-P Centrex For PO-5D (LIS Trunks): 85% within eight business days (b) Unbundled Loops and Standard FOC Intervals for PO-5B and PO-5C specified Product Group NOTE 1 Unbundled **FOC Interval** Network Elements. Resale **Residence and Business POTS** 1-39 lines (c) LNP 1-10 lines **ISDN-Basic** 24 hours For PO-5D: LIS Conversion As Is Trunks. Adding/Changing features Add primary directory listing to established loop Add call appearance _ 1-19 lines Centrex Non-Design with no Common Block Configuration Centrex line feature changes/adds/removals (all) LNP 1-24 lines 1-24 loops **Unbundled Loops** 2/4 Wire analog DS3 Capable 1-24 sub-loops Sub-loop [included in Product Reporting group (b)] Line Sharing/Line Splitting 1-24 shared [included in Product Reporting group (b)] loops **Unbundled Network Element-Platform (UNE-P POTS)**

1 - 39 lines

	Resale		
	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
•	 Conversion As Specified 		
	– New Installs		48 hours
	 Address Changes 		
	 Change to add Loop 		
	ISDN-PRI (Facility)	1-3	
	PBX	1-24 trunks	
	DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	
	DS0 61 Voice Grade Equivalent DS1 Facility	1-24	
	DS3 Facility	1-3	
	LNP	25-49 lines	
	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	23 17 Inico	
	[included in Product Reporting group (b)]		
		circuits	
		encuits	
	Resale		
	Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-de		
	Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Centr		
	Centron, Centrex Primes)	1-10 lines	
	 With Common Block Configuration 		
	 Initial establishment of Centrex C 	MS services	
	 Tie lines or NARs activity 		
	 Subsequent to initial Common Block 		
	- Station lines		
	 Automatic Route Selection 		72 hours
	 Uniform Call Distribution 		
	 Additional numbers 		
	UNE-P Centrex	1-10 lines	
	UNE-P Centrex 21	1-10 lines	
	Unbundled Loops with Facility Check ^{(NOT}	1 - 24 loops	
	2/4 wire Non-loaded	-	
	ADSL compatible		
	ISDN capable		
	XDSL-I capable		
	DS1 capable		
	Resale		
	ISDN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
	For PO-5D:		8 business
	LIS Trunks	1-240 trunk circuits	days
Availability:	Notes:	1 1 1	aified for ant
	1. LSRs with quantities above		ecified for each
	product type are considered ICB.		d electronically
	2. Unbundled Loop with Facility Check can be processed e		u ciccuonicany;
	however, because this category always carries a 72-hour the FOC results for this product will appear in PO-5		5R if received
	the FOU results for this pro-	nuci will appear ill PO	
	electronically or PO-5C if received manually. 3. Unbundled Loop with Facility Check will not add an addition		an additional 24
	3. Unbundled Loop with Facilit hours to the 72-hour interval in		
	nours to the /2-hour interval in	The Lor is sublimited in	nanuany.

To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

Description:

PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA-GUI) ^{NOTE 1} or transmitted (IMA-EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

-6A - 6B: ide level.	Hrs:Min	S	
ide level.			
 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. PO-6A Notices transmitted via IMA-GUI PO-6B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI 			

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:

 $PO-6A = \Sigma((Date and Time Completion Notification made available to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)$

For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:

 $PO-6B = \Sigma((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)$

Exclusions:

PO – 6A & 6B:

- Records with invalid completion dates.
- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

Product Reporting:		Standard:
PO – 6A & 6B A	ggregate reporting for all products ordered through	6 hours
IMA-GUI and, so	parately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	1. The time a notice is "made available" via the IM. update related to the completion notice in the IM occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by window or by using the LSR Notice Inquiry func-	A Status Updates database. When this the CLEC using the Status Updates

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five <u>business days</u>.

Description:

<u>PO-7A & 7B</u>:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
 - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
 - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.

• Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less. PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.

• Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or less.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results. PO-7C: Qwest retail results.	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail 	
PO-7A = (Number of electro	vest generates for LSRs received via IMA: nic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within	

	five business days of posting complete in the SOP) \div (lotal Number of electronic billing
	completion notices made available during the reporting period)
PO-7B =	(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five
	business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion

notices transmitted during the reporting period)

For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):		
PO-7C =	(Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period	
	that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service orders posted in the	
	CRIS billing system in the reporting period)	

PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

Exclusions:		
PO-7A, 7B & 7C		
 Services that are not billed three Records with invalid completion PO-7A & 7B LSRs submitted manually. ASRs submitted via EXACT. 		elay.
Product Reporting: Aggregate reporting for all produc and, separately, IMA-EDI (see dis		Standard: PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).

Description:

Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order.

 Includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notifications. 		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days NOTE 1	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as	
	used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)	

Formula:

[Σ (Date of the original due date of orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification – Date of the first jeopardy notification) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification]

- Jeopardies done after the original due date is past.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number	B Parity with Retail POTS
Portability)	
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a business
	day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence,
	Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the
	retail analogues specified above as standards. For
	dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale
	Business, and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other
	products reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is
	counted as a business day when the service order is due
	on Saturday.

When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

Description:

Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

Formula:

[(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date) ÷ (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Orders missed for customer reasons.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:ANon-Designed ServicesBUnbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability)CLIS TrunksDUNE-P (POTS)	Standards: A Parity with Retail POTS B Parity with Retail POTS C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability: Available	Notes:

PO-15 – Number of Due Date Changes per Order

Purpose:

To evaluate the extent to which Qwest changes due dates on orders.

Description:

Measures the average number of Qwest due date changes per order.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that have been assigned a due date in the reporting period subject to the exclusions below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- Counts all due date changes made for Qwest reasons following assignment of the original due date.

• Counts all due date changes made for C	Zwest least	his following assignment of the original due date.
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of M	easure: Average Number of Due Date Changes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qv results.	vest retail	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: Σ (Count of Qwest due date changes on all	orders) ÷ (Total orders in reporting period)
 Exclusions: Customer requested due date changes. Records involving official company Records with invalid due dates or a 		dates.

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting: None		Standard:	l: Diagnostic		
Availability: Available	Notes:				

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

Description:

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
 - Release notices measured are:
 - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
 - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
 - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
 - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
 - For the following OSS interfaces:
 - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
 - CEMR;
 - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
 - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
 - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE 5
 - Loss and Completion Records; NOTE 5
 - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
 - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
 - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
 - -- Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
 - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
 - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the Release Notification. NOTE 7
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

Product Reporting:	None	Standards:
		Vol. 1-10: No more than one untimely notification Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
		voi. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
Availability: Available	Notes:	
Available	 release notifications by type change management plan. 2. The documents describe Interfaces" of the "Qwest Document" as "Initial Refaces" of the "Qwest for hardware or connert" as "EB-TA is the same system as 5. CRIS, IABS, and Loss and C documented in section 8.1 – 6. The documents describe Interface" of the "Qwest Document" as "Initial Reface" of the "Qwest Document" and the provide the prov	Completions will adhere to the notification intervals Changes to Existing Application to Application Interface. ed in section "7.0 – Introduction of New OSS Wholesale Change Management Process elease Announcement and Preliminary new App to App only), "Initial Interface Technical to App only), "Final Interface Technical to App only), "Release Notification" (new GUI "Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included in though the new system is not explicitly listed in
	system will not be adde	n of this PID. However, once implemented, the d to the measurement for purposes of measuring irement notifications unless specifically
		orized change to the PID.

Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment.

Description:

PO-19A

- Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the *IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE)* that are successfully executed in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the *IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment* (SATE).
- The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
 - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the *IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand* Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document.
 - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda. NOTE 1
- For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
 - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five <u>business days</u> of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window."
 - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15th, or the nearest working day to the 15th of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed.

PO-19B

- Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production.
 - Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested.
 - Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA release.
 - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented. NOTE 2
 - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release notifications. NOTE 3

Reporting Period:	Unit of Measure:	Percent
PO-19A One month		
PO-19B: One month (for those months in which		
release-related test transactions are completed)		

PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

Reporting Comparisons: None	Disaggregation Reporting: PO-19A – Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period PO-19B None
Formula:	

PO-19A

[(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period) \div (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for each Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-19B

[(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production that produce comparable results for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

Exclusions:

For PO-19B:

- Transactions that fail due to the unavailability of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the production environment) or a function in the SATE or production environments (e.g., address validation query or CSR query) that is unsuccessful due to an outage in systems that interface with IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA).
- Transactions that fail because of differences between the production and SATE results caused when an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This exclusion does not apply during reporting periods in which there are no differences between production IMA and SATE caused by SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.

Product Reporting: None	Standard:
	PO-19A – 95% for each release tested
	PO-19B – 95%
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents. The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes > 100 in the previous 12-month period will be included in the test deck. 75 days prior to the execution of the test, Qwest will run a query against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes > 100). The intent of this provision is to avoid including the effects of circumstances beyond the SATE environment that could cause differences in SATE

PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

and production results that are not due to problems in mirroring production. For example, because of
real-time data manipulation in production, an
appointment availability query transaction in SATE
will not return the same list of available
appointments as in production. Available
appointments in production are fully dependent on
real-time activities that occur there, whereas
available appointments in SATE are based on a pre-
defined list that is representative of production.

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

Description:

Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives ^{NOTE 1} electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
 - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
 - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
 - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to exclude Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T, as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.	Unit of Measure:	Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide Level	

Formula:

[(Number of accurate, evaluated Service Orders) \div (Number of evaluated Service Orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.
- Cancelled Service Orders.
- Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

	· · ·			,	
Pre	oduct Reporting:			Standard:	
٠	Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)			Benchmarks, as follo	ows:
 Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-wire, DS1 Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compatible, XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable) 		SL-I			
	Capable, ISDN-BILI Capable)			Phase 1	97%
				Phase 2	96%
				Phase 3 & beyond	95%
Av	ailability:	Not	tes:		·····
•	Phase 0 – PO-20 (Old) (the first version using sampling of limited fields). (Available now) Phase 1 ^{NOTE 2} – PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders associated with initial LSRs received via IMA	 To be included in the measurement, Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs must be received and completed in the same version of IMA-GUI or IMA- EDI. Phase 1: Consists of all manually-processed, 		st be received and a of IMA-GUI or IMA-	
•	 Phase 2 – Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04 Induct 1: Consists of an manually process qualifying Service Orders per product rep category specified above, from throughou state local service region. 		product reporting		

- Phase 3- Additional fields added. Targeted for 1st Quarter 05
- Phase 4 Additional fields added. (Date TBD).

<u>LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated</u> Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004) Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:

Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
LSR	CCNA	Customer Carrier	CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field
	PON	Name Abbreviation Purchase Order Number	identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order. PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Section of the Service Order.
	D/TSENT	Date and time sent	The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order.
	СНС	Coordinated Hot Cut Requested	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.)
	TEST	Testing required	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.)
	NC	Network Channel Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.

		Fields Evaluate	
			eived beginning May 2004) n the Service Order to the LSR:
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.
	PIC	InterLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. <i>Note:</i> LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None
Resale or Centrex	LPIC	IntraLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order. <i>Note:</i> LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199 LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123
	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.
Resale or Centrex	FA/ FEATURE	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T. ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
Mechani	zed comparise	on of the fields from	n the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LS/ LSNP	CFA	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.		
y Listings form Local Main Listings)		Listing Type	 LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Region: Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order. LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NP LODA) or (NP NODA) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order. 		
DL – Directory (Evaluated only for	ТОА	Type of Account	 Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated): TOA valid entries are B or RP Validate that there is a semi colon (;) within the LN ir the List section of the Service Order. TOA valid entries are R or BP Validate that there is a comma (,) within the LN ir the List section of the Service Order. Exception: When LSR-TOS = 3, TOA review is Not Applicable. Handled by Complex Listing Group. Requires separate Service Order. 		
	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OCLS).		
	NOSL	No Solicitation Indicator	Arizona Only NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).		
	ТМКТ	Telemarketing	Colorado Only TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.		
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.		

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated		
Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)		
Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		

Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
	ADI	Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.

Phase 2	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
LSR-Se					
Mechaniz	ed comparis	on of the fields fro	m the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only. If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
0	LTC	Line Treatment Code	Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.		
Centrex	COS	Class of Service – Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.		
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID. Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.		

Phase 2	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results					
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated						
Mechaniz		on of the fields fro	m the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	LSR Field Example Form Code LSR Field Name Remarks/Service Order Field:					
Phase 3	– Targete	d for 1 st Quarter	05			
LSR-Se	rvice Orde	r Fields Evaluat	ed			
Mechaniz		on of the fields fro	m the Service Order to the LSR:			
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:			
Resale or Centrex	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	 For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E: Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed below will be considered as follows: If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. DCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. If BLOCK contains H, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM. 			

	Phase 4 – Date TBD LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
Form	ed comparis LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	m the Service Order to the LSR: Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21) DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.		
LSR	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for	LTN	Listed Telephone Number	 For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order. For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order. 		
L (E	LNPL	Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.		
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.		
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]		

Ordering and Provisioning OP-2 – Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail customer access to the Business Office, focusing on the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.

Description:

Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provisioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the first ring.

- Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisioning Center/Retail Business Office during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.
- First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).
- Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.
Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Response Un	it is not counted.
Product Reporting: Not applicable	Standard: Parity
Availability: Available	Notes:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.

Description:

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing <u>inward activity</u>. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due
 date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,
 the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
 reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to
 the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation" will be r OP-3A Dispatches w OP-3B Dispatches or OP-3C No dispatches Results for products/service 	ices listed in Product Reporting under " <u>MSA</u> -Type eported according to orders involving: ithin MSAs; utside MSAs; and s. vices listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type disaggregated according to installations: <u>one 1</u> areas; and
Formula: [(Total Orders complet in the Reporting Period		efore the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Orders Completed

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customerrequested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or <u>application dates</u>.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

roduct Reporting:	Standards:
ISA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
• Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	95%
Line Sharing	95%
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 90%
Suo zoop enemig	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
	Dinghostic
Unbundled Loops:	90%
Analog Loop	90%
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ISDN-capable Loop	90%
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	services (aggregate)
(aggregate) Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Datk Fider – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	90%

OP – 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)		WA: 90%	
		All Other States: Diagnostic	
Enhanced External	ended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	90%	
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)		WA: 90%	
		All Other States: Diagnostic	
Availability: ailable	Notes:		

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

Description:

Measures the average interval (in business days)^{NOTE 1} between the application date and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date. if anv NOTE

Reporting Period:	One month Unit of Measure: Average Business Days
Reporting	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
Comparisons:	OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs;
CLEC aggregate,	OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
individual CLEC	OP-4C No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
and Qwest Retail	OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
results	OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

 Σ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days) NOTE 1 by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period. **Exclusions:**

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	·
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	3.3 days
Line Sharing	3.3 days
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days
	All Other States: Diagnostic
one-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, Sout Dakota, Utah, Washington: 5.5 days
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	15 days
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

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OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)

• Enhanced Extended Loops	(EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops		6 days
Enhanced Extended Loops	(EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops Availability: Available 	 Notes: For OP-4C, Satu Resale Resident as for the retail a other products u -4D, and -4E. S service order is a According to this per successive of to the point when that point, the Ap further changes) Qwest-initiated of initiated due data changes or delay subtracted as ind are calculated as cases where mu stated method for of Qwest-initiated initiated due data from each pairing summed and the result of this app are counted in the 	Diagnostic urday is counted as a business day for all orders for ce, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well analogues specified above as standards. For all nder OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, aturday is counted as a business day when the due or completed on Saturday. s definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up n a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At oplicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no as the date on which it was set prior to the first due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest- e change, any further customer-initiated due date ys are measured as time intervals that are dicated in the formula. These delay time intervals s stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in Itiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the or calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair d due date change and subsequent customer- e change or delay. The intervals thus calculated g of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are en subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The roach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts hot counted in the reported interval.

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these measurements consist of all C orders representing <u>inward activity</u>.^{NOTE 1}
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair management and tracking systems ^{NOTE 3} that are closed in the reporting period or the following month, ^{NOTE 4} subject to exclusions shown below.
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month ^{NOTE 4} are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A.

OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total

 Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were *not* free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion.

OP- 5 – New Service Quality (continued)

Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above.^{NOTE 7}

Reporting Period: <u>One month</u> , reported in arrears one month later than results for measurements that order to cover the 30-day period following installa	are not reported in arrears), in	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting:	Statewide level
Formulas:		

- OP-5A = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any repair trouble reports as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- **OP-5B** = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period - Number of inward line service orders with any provisioning trouble reports as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period] Number of inward line service OP-5T =orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, as applicable) + (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- **OP-5R** = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that constitute additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the installation date ÷ Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service orders closed In the reporting period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100

Exclusions:

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
 - Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous -Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider); and Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charge if dispatched.
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, repair reports coded to codes for:
 - Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer --requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest.
 - Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another department (i.e., for non-repair ticket resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, which are not excluded).

Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:

- Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.
- Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal process of conversion (i.e., while Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installing the service). Provisioning trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fallen out for manual handling and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be considered as not in the normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.

Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as misses under measurements OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness).
- Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the original repair or provisioning trouble report is closed.
- Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the beginning of the

July 12, 2004/pjd/Quality Telephone/QPAP/OR Amendment to CDS-021025-0016 (from OR SGAT 6-30-04)

OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)

reporting period.

- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From order.
- Records involving official Qwest company services.

				measurement as defined herein.
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E RECOLUS HUSSIN	I Udid PS	sennariorin	Calculation of the	measurement as denned derein
	9 00.0 00			

Product Reporting Categories:	Standards:	
• As specified below – one	OP-5A:	Parity with retail service
percentage result reported for each	OP-5B:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After six
bulleted category under the sub-		months Benchmark (TBD)
measurements shown.	OP-5T:	Diagnostic
	OP-5R:	Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. Possible standard (TBD)
	(Where parit	y comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a product
	necessary to	ighting based on the retail analogue volumes may be used if create a comparison that is not affected by different proportions
	of wholesale	and retail analogue volumes in the same reporting category.)

OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
Percented under OP 54 OP 5P			
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5B, (Product categories may be combined)		ies in Long-Term PID Administration.)	
(1 Todaet categories may be combin	OP-5A	OP-5B	<u>OP-5T &</u>
	<u>01-5A</u>	<u>01-3B</u>	<u>OP-51 &</u> <u>OP-5R</u>
Resale			
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
Centrex	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnosti
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS0	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS1	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
 Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Line Splitting	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES & BUS POTS	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	L	- 1	0
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2- wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4- wire)	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic

OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)

•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
•	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (above DS1 level)	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic

Reported under OP-5A and under OP-5R (per OP-5A specifications):

	<u>OP-5A</u>	<u>OP-5R</u>
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group	Diagnostic
	D (aggregate)	
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice T	ransport (UDIT)	
UDIT (DS1 Level)	Parity with Retail Private	Diagnostic
	Lines (DS1)	
UDIT (Above DS1 Level)	Parity with Retail Private	Diagnostic
	Lines (Above DS1 level)	
Dark Fiber - IOF	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with Retail	Diagnostic
	E911/911 Trunks	

Availability:	Notes:		
Available	1. The specified Change order types representing inward activity exclude Change orders that do not involve installation of lines (in both wholesale and retail results). Specifically this measurement does not include changes to existing lines, such as number changes and PIC changes.		
	2. Including consideration of repeat repair trouble reports (i.e., additional reports of trouble related to the same newly-installed line/circuit that are received after the preceding repair report is closed and within 30 days following installation completion) to complete the determination of whether the newly-installed line/circuit was trouble free within 30 days of installation.		
	3. Qwest's repair management and tracking systems consist of WFA (Work Force Administration), MTAS (Maintenance Tracking and Administration System), and successor repair systems, if any, as applicable to obtain the repair report data for this measurement. Not included are Call Center Database systems supporting call centers in logging calls from customers regarding problems or other inquiries (see OP-5B and OP-5T).		
	4. The "following month" includes also the period of a few <u>business days</u> (typically four or five) afterward, up to the time when Qwest pulls the repair data to begin processing results for this measurement.		
	5. Includes repair and provisioning trouble reports generated by new processes that supersede or supplement existing processes for submitting repair and provisioning trouble reports as specified in Qwest's documented or agreed upon procedures.		
	 For purposes of calculating OP-5B, a call center ticket for multiple orders with provisioning trouble reports will result in all orders reporting trouble counting as a miss in OP-5B. If a repair trouble report(s) is received for the same orders, the number of orders counted as a miss in OP-5B for Network reasons will be reduced by the number of orders with repair troubles counted as a miss in OP-5A. OP-5R will be counted on a per ticket basis. 		

Evaluates the extent Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that late orders are completed beyond the committed due date.

Description:

- OP-6A Measures the average number of <u>business days</u>^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
 - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-6B Measures the average number of business days ^{NOTE 1} that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
 - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

For both OP-6A and OP-6B:

- Change order types for additional lines consist of "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. ^{NOTE 2}
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 2

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Average Business Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	involving:	
(Time inter Applicable reporting p	rvals associated with customer-initia Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Lat eriod)	on-facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late order) – ted due date changes or delays occurring after the te Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the te order for facility reasons) – (Applicable Due

OP-6B = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) – (Applicable Due Date of late order)] – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons completed in the reporting period)

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

- Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

	oduct Reporting:	Standards:
MS	A-Type Disaggregation -	
•	Resale	
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service
	Centrex	Parity with retail service
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
	DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
•	Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
•	Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
•	Line Sharing	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
•	Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zo	ne-type Disaggregation -	
•	Resale	
	Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	DS1	Parity with retail service
	PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
	(aggregate)	
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
٠	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
•	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI	Γ)
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service
	UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1 level
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
•	Unbundled Loops:	
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
	ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch

OP-6 – Delayed Days (continued)

OF-0 - Delayeu Days	and a second	
Loop types of DS3 a	and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)		Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop		Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loc level)	ops (EELs) – (DS0	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loc level) 	ops (EELs) – (DS1	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loc level)	ops (EELs) – (DS3	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
vailable	orders for Resale Res for the retail analogu under OP-6A-3 and 0 6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, - business day when th 2. According to this def successive customer- a Qwest-initiated due Date becomes fixed (set prior to the first Q first Qwest-initiated du changes or delays are indicated in the form the description. (The due date changes occ applied to each pair of customer-initiated du from each pairing of then subtracted as ind Qwest-initiated impaired	P-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all bidence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as es specified above as standards. For all other products DP-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, - 6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5, Saturday is counted as a e service order is due or completed on Saturday. Enition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when e date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was west-initiated due date change, if any. Following the due date change, any further customer-initiated due date e measured as time intervals that are subtracted as ula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in ough infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated ur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent e date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and licated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that cts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval, and pacts on intervals are not counted in the reported

.

Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.

Description:

Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the loop.

- Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.
- "Completion time" is defined as when Qwest completes the applicable tests after connecting the loop to the CLEC.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	ggregate and individual CLEC	
Formula:		
\sum [Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (Tota reporting period)	l Number of unb	oundled loops with coordinated cutovers completed in the
Exclusions:		
• Time intervals associated with CLI	EC-caused delays	S.
• Records missing data essential to the	he calculation of	the measurement per the PID.
• Invalid start/stop dates/times or inv	alid scheduled d	ate/times.
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbu	indled Loops –	Standard:
Reported separately for:	-	CO: 1 hour
Analog Loops		All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13
All other Loop Types		(Coordinated Cuts On Time)
Availability:		Notes:
Available		

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).

Description:

- OP-8B LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop.
 - All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-8C LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable.
 - All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below.
- For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100

OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) ÷ (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100

- CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21).
- LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors:
 - Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE.
 - Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities.
 - Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
 - Records with invalid completion dates.
 - Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
 - Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
 - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines:	1 Hour
17 to 24 lines:	2 Hours
25+ lines:	Project*

All other unbundled loops:

- 1 Hour
2 Hours
3 Hours
4 Hours
Project*

*For <u>Projects</u> scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customercaused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for this measurement will be reported according to:
results	OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop (continued)

	OP-13B: Diagnostic
All Other Loops	
Analog Loops All Other Loops	All Other States: 95 Percent or more
Reported separately for:	OP-13A: AZ: 90 Percent or more
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled Loops –	Standards:
Projects involving 25 or more lines.	
• Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled da	ate/times.
designated to be "counted as a miss".	
	the measurement per the PID which are not otherwise
• Records with invalid completion dates.	
OP-13A & OP-13B:	
• Loop cuts that involve CLLC-requested non-standar	a memodologies, processes, or amonites.
 Applicable to OP-13A: Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standar 	d methodologies processes or timelines
Exclusions:	
reporting period)] x 100	
EX	for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the
OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled	Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without
LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts	s completed in the reporting period)] x 100
	I Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date
 recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this
 measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 1
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due
 Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any,
 following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	OP-15A – Average Business Days NOTE 2
	OP-15B – Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Statewide

Formula:

OP-15A = ∑[(Last Day of Reporting Period) – (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)

OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
Resale	<u>FOLOP-13A</u> :
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21)
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)) (separately reported)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line-
	Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and
(aggregate)	higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	Diagnostic

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Available 1. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per succe customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest	
 due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fix with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qw initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as ti intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time ir are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases whe multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calcudelay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed ar subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Q initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched or Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is counted as the reported interval. 	t-initiated xed (i.e., vest- ite change, ime ntervals ere ulating ad calculated nd then Qwest- orders for - all other

Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

Description:

OP-17A

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
 - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for delay of disconnection.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

OP-17B

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
 - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
 - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide
Formula	

Formula:

[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) \div Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

Exclusions:

OP-17A only

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

OP-17A & B

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

OP-17B only

 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards:
	OP-17A – 98.25%
	OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	Notes:

OP-17 – Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

Maintenance and Repair MR-2 – Calls Answered within 20 Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:		
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on the number of		
calls answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20 seconds of the		
first ring.		
• Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair Center during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.		
• First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic Call Distributor).		
• Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.		
• Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Demonting Companies of EC approach and Origin	Discourse time Demosting Design with level	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Qwest Retail levels.	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula:		
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100	
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of-service trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions). **Description:** Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers. Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is outof-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below. Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared. Unit of Measure: Percent **Reporting Period:** One month Reporting Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Comparisons: Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type

	Comparisons.	
-	CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble
	individual CLEC	reports involving:
	and Qwest Retail	MR-3A Dispatches within MSAs;
	results	MR-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
		MR-3C No dispatches.
		Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type
		Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:
		MR-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
		MR-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.
1		

Formula:

Purpose:

[(Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 24 hours) \div (Total Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-3 – Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	TBD
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
-	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability: Available	Notes:

Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for		
	, 48 hours for service-affecting conditi	ons).
 Description: Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers. Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below. Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time 		
trouble is cleared.		
Reporting Period: Or	ne month Un	it of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	 Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "<u>MSA</u>-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving: MR-4A Dispatches within MSAs; MR-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and MR-4C No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas 	
Formula: [(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100		
Exclusions:		
	 Trouble reports coded as follows: For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type) 	
disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non- Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).		
 For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zone- type disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE). 		
Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.		

- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-4 -- All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with appropriate retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	TBD
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
• Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability: Available	Notes:

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports: MR-5A In Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-5B In Interval Zone 2 areas.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

MR-5 – All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	-
• Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

Purpose:			
Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.			
Description:	Description:		
Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.			
• Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.			
 Includes custon 	ner direct reports, customer-rela	yed reports, and test assist reports that result in a	
trouble report.	•		
Time measured	l is from date and time that Qwe	st is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and	
time trouble is cleared.			
Reporting Period: C	Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes		
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
Comparisons:	Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type		
CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:		
individual CLEC	MR-6A Dispatches within MSAs;		
and Qwest Retail	MR-6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and		
results	MR-6C No dispatches.		
	Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type		
	Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:		
	MR-6D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and		
	MR-6E In Interval Zone 2 areas.		
Formula:			
Σ [(Date & Time Troj	uble Report Cleared) – (Date & Tin	ne Trouble Report Opened)] - (Total number of Trouble	

 \sum [(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	TBD	
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL	
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	
DS0	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)		
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) 	Diagnostic	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of <u>repeated trouble reports</u> received for the same line/circuit within a specified period (30 calendar days).

Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that have a repeated trouble report
 received within thirty (30) days of the initial trouble report for the same service (regardless of
 whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions
 specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit access code of the initial trouble reports closed during the reporting period with reports received within 30 days of when the initial trouble report closed.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the initial trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period	: One month, reported in arrears	Unit of Measure: Percent
(i.e., results first ap	opear in reports one month later than	
results for measure	ments that are not reported in	
arrears), in order to	o cover the 30-day period following	
the initial trouble r	eport.	
Reporting	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewi	ide level.
Comparisons:	Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type	
CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:	
individual CLEC	MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs;	
and Qwest Retail	MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and	
results	MR-7C No dispatches.	
	Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:	
	MR-7D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and	
	MR-7E In Interval Zone 2 areas.	
Formula:		
[(Total trouble rep	orts closed within the reporting period	that had a repeated trouble report received within 30

reporting period)] x 100 Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).

calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the

- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.

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• Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.	
 Records with invalid product codes. 	
• Records missing data essential to the calculation of	the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Parity with like retail service
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Parity with retail Centrex 21
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
Line Sharing	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
• Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
• Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

MR-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) 	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability: Targeted availability with July 2004 results reported in September 2004	Notes:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element. **Description:**

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. ٠
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only serviceaffecting.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula:	

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) ÷ (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
 - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes. •
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID. •

MR-8 – Trouble Rate (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service
(UNE-P) (POTS)	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with retail Centrex 21
(UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	
Unbundled Network Element –	Parity with retail Centrex
Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)	
Line Splitting	TBD
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (2-wite)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
• Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level) Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
 Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level) Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level) 	Diagnostic
Emanord Extended Loops (EELS) - (DSS 16V61)	
Availability: Available	Notes:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time. **Description:**

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation	n Reporting: Statewide level.
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and	Results for listed services will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:	
Qwest Retail results	MR-9A	Dispatches within MSAs;
	MR-9B	Dispatches outside MSAs; and
	MR-9C	No dispatches.
Formula:		
[(Total Trouble Reports Clea Reporting Period)] x 100	ared by appointme	ent date and time) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
 - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:	Standard: Parity
Resale:	,
Residential single line service	
Business single line service	
Centrex	
Centrex 21	
PBX Trunks	
Basic ISDN	
Unbundled Elements – Platform (UNE-P)	
(POTS)	
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators. **Description:**

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for <u>MSA</u> type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) \div (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
Resale		
Residential single line service	Diagnostic	
Business single line service	Diagnostic	
Centrex	Diagnostic	
Centrex 21	Diagnostic	
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic	
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic	
Qwest DSL ·	Diagnostic	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS) 	Diagnostic	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21) 	Diagnostic	
 Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex) 	Diagnostic	
Resale		
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic	
DS0	Diagnostic	
DS1	Diagnostic	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
Frame Relay	Diagnostic	
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic	
 Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD 	IT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Diagnostic	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic	
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic	
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.

Description:

- MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-ofservice trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
 - Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next <u>business day</u>, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- MR-11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
 - Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period.
- The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the due date
- Time measured is from the date and time Qwest receives the trouble report to the date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").

Formula:

MR-11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period is the reporting period and the cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100

MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

MR-11 – LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

- Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

	sential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.	
Product Reporting: LNP	Standards:	
	<u>MR-11A</u> :	
	• If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic.	
	• If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as	
	follows:	
	 For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours 	
	 For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business 	
	<u>MR-11B</u> :	
	• For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours	
	• For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business	
	* Based on MR-11A denominator.	
	** Based on MR-11B denominator.	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

BI-1 – Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.

Description:

Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable.

- BI-1A Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access,^{NOTE 1} local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.
- BI-1B Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services.
- BI-1C Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows:
 - BI-1C-1 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, ^{NOTE 1} subject to exclusions specified below.
 - BI-1C-2 Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:	
	BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2:	Average Business Days
	BI-1B:	Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting	: State level.
Formula:		•*************************************
BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & reco	rds) = \sum (Date Record Transm	nitted or made available –
Date Usage Recorded) + (Total number of reco		

BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100

Exclusions:

• Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability.

Duplicate records.

Product Reporting:	Standards:
• UNEs and Resale	BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail.
 Jointly-provided Switched Access 	BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days
	BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the
	Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A
Availability:	Notes:
Available	 "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature Groups A, B, C, and D.

BI-2 – Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to CLECs,		
focusing on the percent delivered within ten calendar days.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delivered w	vithin ten days, based on the number of days between the	
bill date and bill delivery.		
• Includes all industry standard electronically transm	itted invoices for local exchange services and toll, subject	
to exclusions specified below.	8,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: State level	
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)		
Formula:		
[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date to	Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total Number	
of Invoices)] x 100		
Exclusions:		
Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-	ROM. diskette.	
• Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.		
	in or the measurement per the rule.	
Product Reporting:	Standard:	
• UNEs and Resale	Parity by design.	
	g	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

	icy – Adjustments for Errors
Purpose:	
Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs,	focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted
due to errors.	
Description:	
Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted of	f bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed
revenue.	
• Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bir reporting period.	ills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the
 "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sur involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes a qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.) 	n of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.
Formula:	
[Σ (Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - An Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100	mounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) ÷ (Total Billed
Exclusions:	
• BI-3A - UNEs and Resale – None	
• BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use – B return of minutes of use	illing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in
Product Reporting:	Standards:
• BI-3A - UNEs and Resale	• BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest
• BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use	retail bills.
(MOU)	• BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95%
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

BI-4 – Billing Completeness

	ing completeness	
Purpose:		
• UNEs and Resale – Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring		
charges associated with completed service orders on		
• Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) -	Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects	
	n CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.	
Description:		
BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of	non-recurring and recurring charges associated with	
completed service orders appear on the correct bill.*		
BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures th use appearing on the correct (current) bill.*	e percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of	
* Correct bill = next available bill		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
Formula:		
BI-4A – UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill ÷ total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100		
BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [Σ(Revenue Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collecte Exclusions: None	for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct* bill ÷ ed during the month)] x 100	
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
• UNEs and Resale	BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest Retail	
Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)	bills.	
	BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases

Purpose:

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.

Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:	
	E911 – Hrs: Mins.	
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:	
DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail and	DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller	
Reseller CLEC Aggregate;	CLEC-State level	
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest Retail,	DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC	
Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC updates;	and Facilities Based CLEC – Multi state	
DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all Provider	region-wide level	
types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and	DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including	
Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider,	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and	
Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	
updates. NOTE 1	Unknown Provider, Electronically	
	Submitted, Electronically Processed-Sub-	
	region applicable to state	
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC updates; DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider,	and Facilities Based CLEC – Multi state region-wide level DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted, Electronically Processed– Sub-	

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] ÷ Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

Exclusion:

• Invalid start/stop dates/times.

DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported	by database type)	Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Facilities-based	annot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported n these disaggregations.

DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates

		ale Dalabase Opuales
Purpose:		
Evaluates the accuracy of da	tabase updates completed	vithout errors in the reporting period.
Description:		
• Measures the percentag	e of database updates comp	leted without errors in the reporting period.
• Includes all database up	dates as specified under Di	saggregation Reporting completed during the reporting per
Reporting Period: One mo	nth	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons:		Disaggregation Reporting:
DB-2C-1 Listings - Combin		DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC,
Retail, Reseller CLEC and I		and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically Submitted,
Electronically Submitted, Electronical Submitt	ectronically Processed	Electronically Processed updates: Statewide
x 100 Exclusions: Invalid start/stop dates/time		ggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period]
		Standards:
Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported by	database type)	DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design ^{NOTE 1}
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		d Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because

Directory Assistance

DA-1 – Speed of Answer – Directory Assistance

Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state

Formula:

 Σ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)

Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:

Operator Services

OS-1 – Speed of Answer – Operator Services

Purpose:		
Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's op	perators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be	
answered.		
Description:		
Measures the time following first ring until a call is answ	vered by the Qwest agent.	
• Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified		
below.		
• Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-seget a measurement of waiting intervals.	network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls econd snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to	
are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zer enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before	sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken to interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs are aggregated in a single measure.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state
Formula: $\Sigma[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Call Answer) – (D$	First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the to	tal number of calls answered by the center.
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking

Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

Description:

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

• Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks, reported by:
CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice	NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR-
trunk blocking results.	related exclusions applied as specified below; NI-1B LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related
	exclusions applied as specified below;

NI-1C	LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related
	exclusions;
NI-1D	LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related

Formula:

 $\{ [\Sigma(Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] \div (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups) \} x 100$

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

Exclusions:

For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:
 - A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR)^{NOTES 1 & 2} has been issued in the reporting period; or

exclusions.

- CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
 - a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons ^{NOTE 3});
 - b) Trouble Reports; or
 - c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).

For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
 - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances;
 - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
 - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE⁴); or
 - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

NI-1 – Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Report LIS Trunks	ting. S			
LIS Trunks	ung. 0	Standards:		
	- v	Where NI-1A $\leq 1\%$:	1 %	
		Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems	
		Where NI-1B \leq 1%:	1 %	
		Where NI-1B $> 1\%$:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices	
		NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5	
Availability:	Notes:	<u> </u>		
Available	 Qwest uses TGS determined to be ASRs to provide 20 days that it is blocking referen routing of traffic The TGSR-relat in which the abo month will not be ends in that mor group or (c) an of response to the p time to augment CLEC delays ar a) Qwest-initiat delay due da Qwest-initiat counted as a upon. CLEC delays Qwest-estable measuremen The limitation of fime that tre facilities needed a) Given that fe exclusion to b) Nevertheless available soor recognizes th for the ASR, NI-1D will b c) This limitation issues of inte 	be persistent. To respon le necessary trunk augus s initiating a Trouble R need by the TGSR, or (ic within 20 days to all ted exclusion is applied ove-specified 20-day re- be excluded in the nex- nth, (b) there is anothe exception documented previous TGSR indica at the trunk group. re reflected by CLEC-i ted due date delays, in- ates, shall not be counted ted due date changes to a CLEC delay in this m res (e.g., "customer not re- blished due date being r at. on part (3) of this ex- eats the unforecasted ed. forecast advance inte- o apply for no longer is, this limitation to the oner and, if so, reduces hat, absent a CLEC for , although in a longer to be reported for informa- ion may change depende- erconnection forecastin	d in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the month esponse period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one t month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a TGSR r TGSR applicable to the next month for the same trunk , in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's ted that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any nitiated order supplements that move the due date later. cluding supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to ed as CLEC delays in this measurement. o earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be easurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed- ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a nissed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this clusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period d ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the than that period of time. exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become is the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities imeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and tion purposes only, with no standard to be applied. ding on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with	

Purpose:	
Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation effective date, as set forth herein.	on prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised"
Description:	
NP-1A: Measur th te "r	es the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and ested prior to the LERG effective date or the revised" date, subject to exclusions shown
-	elow.
tt L c a a s c ir C	es the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the ERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest aused Interconnection facility delays, subject to xclusions shown below. Included among ctivations counted as a Qwest delay in this ub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 odes" ^{NOTE 1} associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by twest to the CLEC.
	information required for code activation, which includes tion trunk groups associated with the activation no less ed Due Date.
• The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwe required for code activation, which includes but is a	ent, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the activation est receives complete and accurate routing information not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk
 groups associated with the activation. The NXX code activation notice is provided by the NXX code activation is defined as complete when a 	
complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date	identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different
	ides testing, including calls to the test number when
 The NXX code activation completion process inclu provided. 	
The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual	Ides testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent
 The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in 	Ides testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent
 The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in effective date or "revised" date affected by Q codes loaded and tested in the reporting periodes loaded and tested perio	udes testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100 the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG
 The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in effective date or "revised" date affected by Q codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LI Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100 Exclusions: 	udes testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100 the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG west Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX d, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the
 The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in effective date or "revised" date affected by Q codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LI Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100 Exclusions: NXX code activations completed after the 	udes testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100 the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG west Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX d, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the
 The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in effective date or "revised" date affected by Q codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LI Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100 Exclusions: NP-1A: NXX code activations completed after the installation of Qwest provided interconnection 	udes testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100 the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG west Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX d, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the ERG effective date or the "revised" date due to LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the tion facilities associated with the activations. NOTE 2
 The NXX code activation completion process incluprovided. Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results. Formula: NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in effective date or "revised" date affected by Q codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LI Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100 Exclusions: NP-1A: NXX code activations completed after the installation of Qwest provided interconnection 	udes testing, including calls to the test number when Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide. the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100 the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG west Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX d, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the ERG effective date or the "revised" date due to LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the tion facilities associated with the activations. NOTE 2 d" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than

• NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

Product Reporting: None	Standards: NP-1A: Parity		
	NP-1B: Diagnostic		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	 "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date. 		

Collocation

CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service (RFS) date</u> by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "<u>Ready</u> <u>For Service</u>" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready

 for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready –

for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure</u> <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-1A** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- **CP-1B** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- **CP-1C** Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)

 Σ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- Cancelled or expired applications.

Product Reporting: None	Standards:
	CP-1A: 90 calendar days

	CP-1B: 120 calendar days CP-1C: 150 calendar days
Availability: Available	 Notes: 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

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CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service Date RFS date</u> by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply:
 - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
 - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
 - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure</u> <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A** Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- **CP-2B** Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Unit of Measure: Percent		
Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting Period)]		
ntrol.		
Standards:		
CP-2A & -2B: 90%		
CP-2C: 90%		
an and for appendix to the standard the st		
1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional		
types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in		
this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote		
collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this		
measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and		
processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six		
months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting		
reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).		

CP-3 – Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

Description:

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Formula:

 Σ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

Exclusions:

• CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

Product Reporting: None		Standard:	10 calendar days or less
Availability: Available	As additional t offered, they w office-based typ field connection measurement, o conditions, and finalized, accep installations), a	ypes of centra vill be included bes of collocati points) will be or in new, sepa d processes for ted, mature (i.e nd ordered in	easurement are central office related. I office collocation are defined and in this measurement. Non-central on (such as remote collocation and considered for either inclusion in this arate measurements, after the terms, or such collocation types become the six months of experience from first volumes warranting reporting (i.e., month in any state).

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements, or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE I
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this measurement.

Reporting Period: One month Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results		Unit of Measure: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	
[(Total Applicable Collocation Feasi Collocation Feasibility studies comp	bility studies com leted in the report	pleted within Scho ting period)] x 100	eduled Intervals) ÷ (Total applicable
Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	 Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state). 		

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
 - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
 - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
 - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
 - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill. **Blocking** – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

Business Day – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

Completion Notice – A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order - An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

Directory Listings – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 – Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 - Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch - A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups – Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation – The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

Jeopardy -A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice - The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) – Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill - A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC). and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
 - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
 - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
 - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type - The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

Service Order – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

Service Order Type – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) – Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION	
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor	
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line	
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)	
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)	
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System	
СКТ	Circuit	
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier	
СО	Central Office	
СРЕ	Customer Premises Equipment	
CRIS	Customer Record Information System	
CSR	Customer Service Record	
DA	Directory Assistance	
DB	Decibel	
DB	Database	
DS0	Digital Service 0	
DS1	Digital Service 0	
DS3	Digital Service 3	
E911 MS	E911 Management System	
EAS	Extended Area Service	
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration	
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange	
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops	
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)	
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
HDSL		
HICAP	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line	
IEC	High Capacity Digital Service	
ILEC	Interexchange Carrier	
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier	
	Interim Number Portability	
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between	
ISDN	Qwest central offices)	
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network	
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access	
LATA	Local Access Transport Area	
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide	
LIDB	Line Identification Database	
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks	
LNP	Long Term Number Portability	
LSR	Local Service Request	
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)	
NANP	North American Numbering Plan	
NDM	Network Data Mover	
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center	
NXX	Telephone number prefix	
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum	
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)	
OSS PBX	Operations Support Systems	

July 12, 2004/pjd/Quality Telephone/QPAP/OR Amendment to CDS-021025-0016 (from OR SGAT 6-30-04)

GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION	
PON	Purchase Order Number	
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service	
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)	
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and Environment) Information Access	
SOP	Service Order Processor	
SOT	Service Order Type	
SS7	Signaling System 7	
STP	Signaling Transfer Point	
TN	Telephone Number	
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport	
UNE	Unbundled Network Element	
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform	
VRU	Voice Response Unit	
WFA	Work Force Administration	
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)	

APPENDIX A

PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

Feature Detail

Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

CFN

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFNB

Validate the call forwarding TN

CFND

Validate the call forwarding TN

RCYC

FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

HLN (HLA Hot Line)

FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)

FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

DES on DID MBB

If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)

We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)

Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)

Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number matches the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)

Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)

Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

WLT (WLS Warm Line)

Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that

the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)

IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

Resale and UNE-P Centrex 21

FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)

Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value matches the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO

FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

ATTACHMENT 2 Exhibit B-1

PO-20 – Manual Service Order Accuracy

Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders.

Description:

Measures the percentage of Qwest service orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only service orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of service orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions as specified below.
- Includes only service orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- Service orders evaluated in this measurement are either (1) those selected randomly NOTE 1 and manually inspected for accuracy as defined herein, or (2) when Qwest develops mechanized capabilities for this measurement as specified in the Availability section below, all service orders satisfying the above criteria.
- A service order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when evaluation determines that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (per the indicated phases), when populated on the LSR, are all accurate, as applicable, on the service order. Accuracy is defined as the contents of the specified fields, in the service orders involved in provisioning the service, matching the information from the relevant fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.

Unit of Measure:	Perc
Disaggregation Reporting:	
gate Region-wide	
re	Disaggregation Reporting:

[(Number of accurate service orders) ÷ (Number of evaluated service orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

Exclusions:

- Cancelled service orders.
- Orders generated from LSRs with non-fatal errors.
- Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR.

 Product Reporting: Resale POTS and UNE-P (POTS) Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2-wire) 	Standard: 95 percent	
 Availability: Under Development: Phase 0 - Manual, random sampling approach: Jun 02 results reported in the Jul 02 report. Phase 1 - Mechanized approach, replacing manual approach: TBD 	 Notes: Manually-selected orders will consist of 20 random, qualifying orders per day per product reporting category, specified above, from throughout Qwest's 14-state local service region. 	

Service Order Fields Evaluated (by Phase of implementation) Phase 0 – (01 Jun 02 Forward) Random sampling approach; Manual comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:

Service U	rder to the LSR:		T			
	Field Code	Field Name	Remarks			
	CCNA	CLEC ID	Order entry validated from LSR Form			
	D/Tsent	Date sent to help ID App	Order entry validated from LSR Form			
	Name	Name of Customer	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
	SANO	Service Address Number	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
	SASD	Service Address Direction	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
	SASN	Service Address Street Name	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
	LD1	LOC	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
5 	LV1	LOC #	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
	City	City name	Order entry validated from End User or			
			Directory Listings Forms, when applicable			
	PON	Purchase Order Number	Order entry validated from LSR Form			
	Date/ FOC'd date	Due Date on Order	Order entry validated from LSR FOC sent to the CLEC			
Phase 1 –	(Dates TBD) First p	hase of mechanized measuren	nent:			
	Field Code	Field Name	Remarks			
	Same as Phase	Same as Phase 0				
Future Ph any:	Future Phase – TBD in Long Term PID Administration; Additional fields included in mechanization, if					
¥	Field Code	Field Name	Remarks			
	TBD	TBD				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

ATTACHMENT 3

5.18 Dispute Resolution

5.18.1 If any claim, controversy or dispute between the Parties, their agents, employees, officers, directors or affiliated agents should arise, and the Parties do not resolve it in the ordinary course of their dealings (the "Dispute"), then it shall be resolved in accordance with this section. Each notice of default, unless cured within the applicable cure period, shall be resolved in accordance herewith. Dispute resolution under the procedures provided in this Section 5.18 shall be the preferred, but not the exclusive remedy for all disputes between Qwest and CLEC arising out of this Agreement or its breach. Each Party reserves its rights to resort to the Commission or to a court, agency, or regulatory authority of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this Section 5.18 shall limit the right of either Qwest or CLEC, upon meeting the requisite showing, to obtain provisional remedies (including injunctive relief) from a court before, during or after the pendancy of any arbitration proceeding brought pursuant to this Section 5.18. However, once a decision is reached by the Arbitrator, such decision shall supersede any provisional remedy.

5.18.2 At the written request of either Party (the Resolution Request), and prior to any other formal dispute resolution proceedings, each Party shall within seven (7) calendar Days after such Resolution Request designate a vice-presidential level employee or a representative with authority to make commitments to review, meet, and negotiate, in good faith, to resolve the Dispute. The Parties intend that these negotiations be conducted by non-lawyer, business representatives, and the locations, format, frequency, duration, and conclusions of these discussions shall be at the discretion of the representatives. By mutual agreement, the representatives may use other procedures, such as mediation, to assist in these negotiations. The discussions and correspondence among the representatives for the purposes of these negotiations shall be treated as Confidential Information developed for purposes of settlement, and shall be exempt from discovery and production, and shall not be admissible in any subsequent arbitration or other proceedings without the concurrence of both of the Parties.

5.18.3 If the vice-presidential level representatives or the designated representative with authority to make commitments have not reached a resolution of the Dispute within fifteen (15) calendar Days after the Resolution Request (or such longer period as agreed to in writing by the Parties), or if either Party fails to designate such vice-presidential level representative or their representative with authority to make commitments within seven (7) calendar Days after the date of the Resolution Request, then either Party may request that the Dispute be settled by arbitration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Party may request that the Dispute be settled by arbitration two (2) calendar Days after the Resolution Request pursuant to the terms of Section 5.18.3.1. In any case, the arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by a single arbitrator, knowledgeable about the Telecommunications industry unless the Dispute involves amounts exceeding five million (\$5,000,000) in which case the proceeding shall be conducted by a panel of three (3) arbitrators, knowledgeable about the Telecommunications industry. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted under the then-current rules for commercial disputes of the American Arbitration Association (AAA) or J.A.M.S./Endispute, at the election of the Party that initiates dispute resolution under this Section 5.18. Such rules and procedures shall apply notwithstanding any part of such rules that may limit their availability for resolution of a Dispute. The Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. Sections 1-16, not state law, shall govern the arbitrability of the Dispute. The arbitrator shall not have authority to award punitive damages. The arbitrator's award shall be final and binding and may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Each Party shall bear its own costs and attorneys' fees, and shall share equally in the fees and expenses of the arbitrator. The arbitration proceedings shall occur in the Denver, Colorado metropolitan area or in another mutually agreeable location. It is acknowledged that the Parties, by mutual, written agreement, may change any of these arbitration practices for a particular, some, or all Dispute(s). The Party which sends the Resolution Request must notify the Secretary of the Commission of the arbitration proceeding within forty-eight (48) hours of the determination to arbitrate.

> 5.18.3.1 All expedited procedures prescribed by the AAA or J.A.M.S./Endispute rules, as the case may be, shall apply to Disputes affecting the ability of a Party to provide uninterrupted, high quality services to its End User Customers, or as otherwise called for in this Agreement. A Party may seek expedited resolution of a Dispute if the vice-presidential level representative, or other representative with authority to make commitments, have not reached a resolution of the Dispute within two (2) calendar Days after the Resolution Request. In the event the Parties do not agree that a service affecting Dispute exists, the Dispute resolution shall commence under the expedited process set forth in this Section 5.18.3.1, however, the first matter to be addressed by the Arbitrator shall be the applicability of such process to such Dispute.

> 5.18.3.2 There shall be no discovery except for the exchange of documents deemed necessary by the Arbitrator to an understanding and determination of the Dispute. Qwest and CLEC shall attempt, in good faith, to agree on a plan for such document discovery. Should they fail to agree, either Qwest or CLEC may request a joint meeting or conference call with the Arbitrator. The Arbitrator shall resolve any Disputes between Qwest and CLEC, and such resolution with respect to the need, scope, manner, and timing of discovery shall be final and binding.

5.18.3.3 Arbitrator's Decision

5.18.3.3.1 The Arbitrator's decision and award shall be in writing and shall state concisely the reasons for the award, including the Arbitrator's findings of fact and conclusions of law.

5.18.3.3.2 An interlocutory decision and award of the Arbitrator granting or denying an application for preliminary injunctive relief may be challenged in a forum of competent jurisdiction immediately, but no later than ten (10) business days after the appellant's receipt of the decision challenged. During the pendency of any such challenge, any injunction ordered by the Arbitrator shall remain in effect, but the enjoined Party may make an application to the Arbitrator for appropriate security for the payment of such costs and damages as may be incurred or suffered by it if it is found to have been wrongfully enjoined, if such security has not previously been ordered. If the authority of competent jurisdiction determines that it will review, a decision granting or denying an application for preliminary injunctive relief, such review shall be conducted on an expedited basis.

5.18.3.4 To the extent that any information or materials disclosed in the course of an arbitration proceeding contain proprietary, trade secret or Confidential Information of either Party, it shall be safeguarded in accordance with Section 5.16 of this Agreement, or if the Parties mutually agree, such other appropriate agreement for the protection of proprietary, trade secret or Confidential Information that the Parties negotiate. However, nothing in such negotiated agreement shall be construed to prevent either Party from disclosing the other Party's information to the Arbitrator in connection with or in anticipation of an arbitration proceeding, provided, however, that the Party seeking to disclose the information shall first provide fifteen (15) calendar Days notice to the disclosing Party so that that Party, with the cooperation of the other Party, may seek a protective order from the arbitrator. Except as the Parties otherwise agree, or as the Arbitrator for good cause orders, the arbitration proceedings, including hearings, briefs, orders, pleadings and discovery shall not be deemed confidential and may be disclosed at the discretion of either Party, unless it is subject to being safeguarded as proprietary, trade secret or Confidential Information, in which event the procedures for disclosure of such information shall apply.

5.18.4 Should it become necessary to resort to court proceedings to enforce a Party's compliance with the dispute resolution process set forth herein, and the court directs or otherwise requires compliance herewith, then all of the costs and expenses, including its reasonable attorney fees, incurred by the Party requesting such enforcement shall be reimbursed by the non-complying Party to the requesting Party.

5.18.5 No Dispute, regardless of the form of action, arising out of this Agreement, may be brought by either Party more than two (2) years after the cause of action accrues.

5.18.6 Nothing in this Section is intended to divest or limit the jurisdiction and authority of the Commission or the FCC as provided by state and federal law.

5.18.7 In the event of a conflict between this Agreement and the rules prescribed by the AAA or J.A.M.S./Endispute, this Agreement shall be controlling.

5.18.8 This Section does not apply to any claim, controversy or Dispute between the Parties, their agents, employees, officers, directors or affiliated agents concerning the misappropriation of use of intellectual property rights of a Party, including, but not limited to, the use of the trademark, tradename, trade dress or service mark of a Party.