Public Utility Commission

e-FILING REPORT COVER SHEET

Send completed Cover Sheet and the Report in an email addressed to: PUC.FilingCenter@state.or.us

REPORT NAME:	Biennial Greenhouse Gas Emissions Rate Impact Report
COMPANY NAME:	Pacific Power
DOES REPORT CO	NTAIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION? No Yes
	submit only the cover letter electronically. Submit confidential information as directed in or the terms of an applicable protective order.
If known, please selec	ct designation: RE (Electric) RG (Gas) RW (Water) RO (Other)
Report is required by	E ⊠OAR 860-085-0050
	☐ Statute
	Order
	Other
Is this report associate	ed with a specific docket/case? No Yes
If yes, enter de	ocket number: RE-84
	Vords for this report to facilitate electronic search: ssions Rate Impact Report
DO NOT electronica	ally file with the PUC Filing Center:
	anual Fee Statement form and payment remittance or
	JS or RSPF Surcharge form or surcharge remittance or y other Telecommunications Reporting or
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	y daily safety or safety incident reports or
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- J J J

• Accident reports required by ORS 654.715

Please file the above reports according to their individual instructions.

PUC FM050 (Rev. 6/29/12)



July 1, 2016

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY

Public Utility Commission of Oregon 201 High Street SE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 97301-1166

Attention: Filing Center

Re: RE 84 – Biennial Greenhouse Gas Emissions Rate Impact Report - REVISED

Pursuant to OAR 860-085-0050, PacifiCorp d/b/a Pacific Power (Company) hereby submits the attached revised Biennial Greenhouse Gas Emissions Rate Impact Report. The Company filed the above-referenced report on June 29, 2016. The attached revised report replaces the previously-filed report in its entirety. This revised report reflects a correction to the timespan captions in Table 2 on page 4.

The confidential information in this revised report is provided under separate cover per OAR 860-001-0070.

It is respectfully requested that all formal data requests regarding this filing be addressed to:

By e-mail (preferred):

datarequest@pacificorp.com

By regular mail:

Data Request Response Center

PacifiCorp

825 NE Multnomah, Suite 2000

Portland, Oregon 97232

Informal inquiries regarding this filing may be directed to Natasha Siores at (503) 813-6583.

Sincerely,

R. Bryce Dalley

Vice President, Regulation

R Bruger Dalley / NCS

Enclosures



Rate Impacts of Meeting Oregon Senate Bill 101 Carbon Dioxide Emission Goals

July 1, 2016

STUDY DESIGN

PacifiCorp conducted its analysis of Oregon Senate Bill (SB) 101 using its capacity expansion optimization model, System Optimizer (SO), to develop a base resource portfolio and two resource portfolios that result in reductions of CO_2 emissions that are 10 percent below 1990 levels by 2020 and 15 percent below 2005 levels by 2020. To develop the two portfolios that achieve targeted CO_2 emission reductions, the SO model was set up with annual CO_2 emissions hard caps that constrain the model to solve for the least-cost resource, dispatch and expansion plan that does not exceed the physical CO_2 emission limits across PacifiCorp's multi-state system in each year of the simulation. Portfolio costs from the SO model studies were used in a revenue requirement model to calculate estimates of rate impacts associated with achieving the targeted CO_2 emission reductions.

PacifiCorp initiated its analysis from its 2015 Integrated Resource Plan Update (2015 IRP Update), updated to reflect the most recent official forward price curve dated March 31, 2016. The 2015 IRP Update portfolio was re-optimized to account for the impact of updated market prices, and the re-optimized portfolio is used as the base portfolio. Potential expansion resource options available in the current study are the same as those used in the development of the 2015 IRP Update. No retirements and/or conversions of coal units to operate as natural gas fired facilities beyond those assumed in the 2015 IRP Update are included in the analysis. Consistent with the approach in PacifiCorp's 2014 filing, resources that are not currently commercially available or financially viable are not included in the resource portfolios during the 2016 through 2020 study period covered by this analysis.



ASSUMPTIONS

Table 1 - Study Assumptions

Assumption	Base Case	Hard Cap Scenarios	Comments
Revenue requirement forecast			Fall 2015 ten-year business plan¹ forecast of multi-state process base line revenue requirement (millions of dollars).
Oregon customer forecast	2016 2017 2018 2019 2019 2020	6 568,918 7 571,840 8 574,698 9 577,492 0 580,243	Fall 2015 ten-year business plan annual forecast of Oregon customers.
CO ₂ : 1990 baseline emissions CO ₂ : 2005 baseline emissions	N/A N/A	 Emissions from owned generation per actual 1990 CO₂ emissions from fossil units. Emissions from 1990 market purchases are estimated assuming a CO₂ emission rate of 900 lbs/Mwh. Emissions for owned generation and purchases per 2005 California Climate Action Registry (CCAR) filing. CO₂ emissions from market 	The 1990 CO ₂ emissions baseline accounts for sale of Centralia and changes in other ownership positions. The emission rate for market purchases reflects Oregon Commission Staff study preparation guidelines. The emission rate for market purchases reflects Oregon Commission Staff study preparation guidelines.
		purchases are estimated assuming a CO ₂ emission rate of 900 lbs/MWh.	

¹ The 2015 ten-year business plan, which covers the 2016 to 2025 planning horizon, was finalized in the fall of 2015.



A MIDAMERICAN ENERGY HOLDINGS COMPANY	MFANY			
Assumption	Base Case	Hard Cap Scenarios	arios	Comments
CO ₂ : yearly emissions	N/A	Modeled as annual emission	ssion	2016 starting value for scenarios is the
targets		limits starting 2016.		sum of generator and purchases
		Annual Emission Limits	imits	emissions from the Base Case.
		(thousands of tons)	ns)	
		Year Scenario 1	Scenario 2 (2005)	Yearly targets represent a linear reduction from 2016 values to the 2020
		2016 51,398	52,933	target.
		2017 49,486	52,557	• Scenario 1 is based on Oregon HB 3543 emission level targets (10
		2018 47,573	52,180	percent below 1990 levels).
		2019 45,661	51,803	 Scenario 2 reflects Western Climate
		2020 44,890	51,800	Initiative (WCI) emission targets (15
				percent below 2005 levels).
Existing and expansion	Existing and expansion resources have CO ₂ emission assumptions specific	ive CO ₂ emission assumpt	ions specific	
resources	to the particular technology of each resource.	resource.		
Market sales and	Market purchases have a CO ₂ emission rate of 900 lbs/MWh.	ion rate of 900 lbs/MWh.		
purchases				



STUDY RESULTS

Estimated Revenue Requirement Impacts

Table 2 presents the estimated customer impact for the study period of 2016 through 2020, on a total and average annual basis for the two scenarios: Scenario 1 (10 percent below 1990 levels by 2020), and Scenario 2 (15 percent below 2005 levels by 2020). The baseline revenue requirement forecast is based on the Company's 2015 ten-year business plan. The determination of customer impact assumes that all costs incurred to reach the Oregon goals set in Scenario 1 and Scenario 2 would be recovered from customers in Oregon. Appendix A provides a line item breakdown of portfolio costs from the SO model. Note that these rate impacts do not include potential costs associated with failing to meet applicable minimum-take provisions in the Company's coal supply contracts when coal generation is potentially reduced beyond the minimum-take levels.

Table 2 – Customer Impact of Scenarios 1 and 2

		Scenario 1	Scenario 2
Customer Impact (%)	2016-2020	0.38%	0.00%
	Average Annual	0.08%	0.00%
Customer Impact (\$/customer)	2016-2020	\$33.39	\$0.04
	Average Annual	\$6.68	\$0.01

Portfolio Resource Selection and Utilization

Tables 3 through 5 report the resources in each of the three portfolios (Base, Scenario 1, and Scenario 2). Tables 6 and 7 summarize differences between portfolios by year and cumulative differences in resources over the seven-year study period.

Model results show that the CO₂ emission reduction goals for Scenarios 1 and 2 are met largely through changes in the dispatch of existing and expansion resources along with incremental acquisition of demand side management (DSM) resources and front office transactions (FOTs).

Coal and gas units are dispatched economically by the model subject to the system-wide CO₂ emission constraints. As expected, average coal unit capacity factors are lower in the scenario studies than in the base study. Table 8 shows simple average annual capacity factors for coal resources and CCCT resources.



 $Table\ 3\textbf{ - Base}\ Resource\ Portfolio\ (MW)$

							Resource Totals 1/
	Resource	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	5-year
East	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Naughton 3 (Coal Early Retirement/Conversions)	ı	-	(280)	ı	ı	(280)
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, ID	3	3	4	4	3	18
	DSM, Class 2, UT	74	81	78	84	73	391
	DSM, Class 2, WY	7	7	8	10	9	41
	DSM, Class 2 Total	83	92	91	98	85	449
	FOT Mona Q3	-	-	-	129	103	47
West	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, CA	1	2	2	2	1	7
	DSM, Class 2, OR	36	37	26	23	21	144
	DSM, Class 2, WA	8	8	8	8	6	38
	DSM, Class 2 Total	45	47	36	33	29	189
	FOT COB Q3	28	-	230	268	268	159
	FOT MidColumbia Q3	400	400	400	400	400	400
	FOT MidColumbia Q3 - 2	375	348	375	375	375	370
	FOT NOB Q3	100	-	100	100	100	80
	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions	1	-	(280)	1	1	
	Annual Additions, Long Term Resources	128	138	126	132	114	
	Annual Additions, Short Term Resources	903	748	1,105	1,272	1,246	
	Total Annual Additions	1,031	886	1,231	1,404	1,360	

^{1/} Yearly Front Office Transaction (FOT) amounts reflect one-year transaction periods and are not additive. Total FOTs are reported as an average over the reporting period 2016-2020.



$Table\ 4\textbf{ - Scenario}\ 1\ Portfolio\ (MW)$

(90 percent of 1990 CO₂ Emissions)

							Resource Totals 1/
	Resource	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	5-year
East	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Naughton 3 (Coal Early Retirement/Conversions)	-	1	(280)	ı	1	(280)
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, ID	3	3	4	5	4	19
	DSM, Class 2, UT	74	81	78	84	73	391
	DSM, Class 2, WY	7	7	8	10	11	43
	DSM, Class 2 Total	83	92	91	99	88	452
	FOT Mona Q3	-	-	-	129	101	46
West	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, CA	1	2	2	2	1	8
	DSM, Class 2, OR	36	37	26	23	21	144
	DSM, Class 2, WA	8	8	8	8	6	38
	DSM, Class 2 Total	45	47	36	33	29	190
	FOT COB Q3	28	-	230	268	268	159
	FOT MidColumbia Q3	400	400	400	400	400	400
	FOT MidColumbia Q3 - 2	375	248	375	375	375	350
	FOT NOB Q3	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions	-	-	(280)	-	-	
	Annual Additions, Long Term Resources	128	138	126	132	116	
	Annual Additions, Short Term Resources	903	748	1,105	1,272	1,244	
	Total Annual Additions	1,031	886	1,231	1,404	1,361	

^{1/} Yearly Front Office Transaction (FOT) amounts reflect one-year transaction periods and are not additive. Total FOTs are reported as an average over the reporting period 2016-2020.



$Table \ 5 - Scenario \ 2 \ Portfolio \ (MW)$

(85 percent of 2005 CO₂ Emissions)

							Resource Totals 1/
	Resource	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	5-year
East	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Naughton 3 (Coal Early Retirement/Conversions)	-	1	(280)	ı	1	(280)
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, ID	3	3	4	4	3	18
	DSM, Class 2, UT	74	81	78	84	73	391
	DSM, Class 2, WY	7	7	8	10	9	41
	DSM, Class 2 Total	83	92	91	98	85	449
	FOT Mona Q3	-	-	-	129	103	46
West	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, CA	1	2	2	2	1	8
	DSM, Class 2, OR	36	37	26	23	21	144
	DSM, Class 2, WA	8	8	8	8	6	38
	DSM, Class 2 Total	45	47	36	33	29	190
	FOT COB Q3	28	-	230	268	268	159
	FOT MidColumbia Q3	400	400	400	400	400	400
	FOT MidColumbia Q3 - 2	375	348	375	375	375	370
	FOT NOB Q3	100	-	100	100	100	80
	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions	-	-	(280)	-	-	
	Annual Additions, Long Term Resources	128	138	126	132	114	
	Annual Additions, Short Term Resources	903	748	1,105	1,272	1,246	
	Total Annual Additions	1,031	886	1,231	1,404	1,360	

^{1/} Yearly Front Office Transaction (FOT) amounts reflect one-year transaction periods and are not additive. Total FOTs are reported as an average over the reporting period 2016-2020.



Table 6 - Resource Differences, Scenario 1 Portfolio minus Base Portfolio (MW)

							Resource Totals 1
	Resource	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	5-year
East	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, ID	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0
	DSM, Class 2, WY	_	-	-	-	2.0	2
	DSM, Class 2 Total	-	-	-	0.5	2.4	2
	FOT Mona Q3	-	-	-	(0)	(2)	
West	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, CA	_	-	0.1	-	-	0
	DSM, Class 2, OR	-	-	-	-	-	_
	DSM, Class 2 Total	-	-	0.1	-	-	(
	FOT COB Q3	-	_	(0)	-	-	
	FOT MidColumbia Q3 - 2	-	(100)	-	-	-	(
	FOT NOB Q3	-	100	-	-	-	
	Annual Additions, Long Term Resources	-	-	0	0	2	·
	Annual Additions, Short Term Resources	-	0	(0)	(0)	(2)	
	Total Annual Additions	-	0	0	0	0	

^{1/} Yearly Front Office Transaction (FOT) amounts reflect one-year transaction periods and are not additive. Total FOTs are reported as an average over the reporting period 2016-2020.

Table 7 - Resource Differences, Scenario 2 Portfolio minus Base Portfolio (MW)

							Resource Totals 1/
	Resource	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	5-year
East	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, WY	-	-	-	-	-	-
	DSM, Class 2 Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
	FOT Mona Q3	1	1	_	(0)	(0)	(0)
West	Existing Plant Retirements/Conversions						
	Expansion Resources						
	DSM, Class 2, CA	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1
	DSM, Class 2, OR	-	-	-	-	-	-
	DSM, Class 2 Total	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1
	FOT COB Q3	-	-	(0)	-	-	(0)
	Annual Additions, Long Term Resources	-	-	0	0	-	
	Annual Additions, Short Term Resources	-	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	
	Total Annual Additions	-	-	0	(0)	(0)	

^{1/} Yearly Front Office Transaction (FOT) amounts reflect one-year transaction periods and are not additive. Total FOTs are reported as an average over the reporting period 2016-2020.



Table 8 - Average Annual Capacity Factors for Coal and Gas Resources (%)

Coal Resources	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Base	48.5	65.4	68.5	67.9	69.5
Scenario 1	48.5	64.8	66.9	62.3	61.3
Scenario 2	48.5	65.4	68.5	67.9	69.4

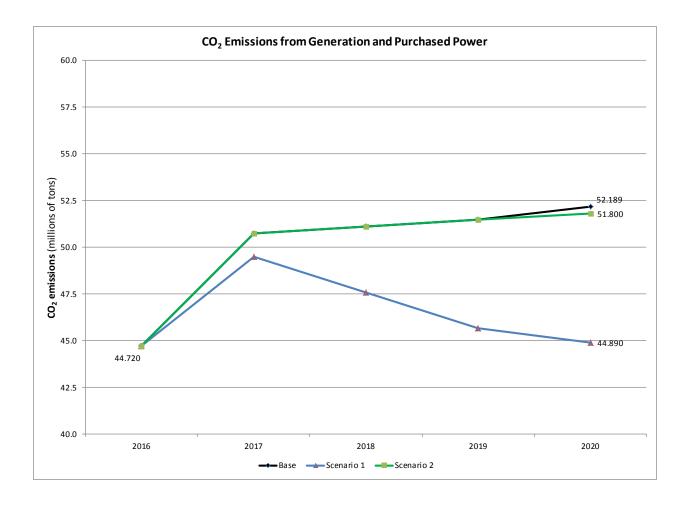
CCCT resources	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Base	73.7	43.9	47.5	49.2	48.5
Scenario 1	73.7	45.1	48.9	53.8	48.8
Scenario 2	73.7	43.9	47.5	49.2	48.6



Carbon Dioxide Emissions

For portfolio development, the annual emission reduction levels serve as upper-bound constraints on the sum of emissions from owned generation and purchased power. CO₂ emissions are capped every year to reach the required levels by 2020. Figure 1 shows the CO₂ emission levels for the base case and CO₂ reduction scenarios. Credits from wholesale sales are not included.

Figure 1 - CO₂ Emissions





Appendix A

Scenario PVRR Costs and Comparisons to the Base (System Optimizer Model Output)

5-year PVRR @ 6.66%

Cost Components (millions)		Base	S	cenario 1	Sc	enario 2
Existing Station Fuel Costs	\$	1,746	\$	2,141	\$	1,760
Existing Station Variable O&M Costs	\$	2,612	\$	2,080	\$	2,597
Existing Station Emission Costs	\$	-,	\$	_,	\$	_,
Existing Station Dispatch Adder Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Existing Price Station Contract Costs	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10
Existing Station Fixed Costs	\$	2,031	\$	2,031	\$	2,031
Existing Station Demand Charges	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Existing Station Decomm. Costs	\$	47	\$	47	\$	47
Proposed Station Fuel Costs	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158
Proposed Station Variable O&M Costs	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7
Proposed Station Variable Octive Costs	\$	-	\$	_ ,	\$	-
Proposed Station Dispatch Adder Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Proposed Price Station Contract Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Proposed Station Fixed Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Station Demand Charges Proposed Station Capital Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Station Total Costs	\$	6,611	۶ \$	6,474	\$	6,609
Station Total Costs	ļΨ	0,011	ĮΨ	0,474	ĮΨ	0,009
Existing Transmission Variable Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Existing Transmission Fixed Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Proposed Transmission Variable Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Proposed Transmission Fixed Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Proposed Transmission Capital Costs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Transmission Total Costs	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Transmission rotal obtain	١٣		١Ψ		۲,	
Existing DSM Program Energy Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Existing DSM Program Payback Energy Costs	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2
Existing DSM Program Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed DSM Program Energy Costs	\$	17	\$	18	\$	17
Proposed DSM Program Payback Energy Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed DSM Program Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed DSM Program Capital Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
DSM Program Total Costs	\$	19	\$	20	\$	19
Existing Contract Energy Costs	\$	349	\$	351	\$	349
Existing Contract Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Existing Contract Premium Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Contract Energy Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Contract Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Contract Premium Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contract Total Costs	\$	349	\$	351	\$	349
Spot Mkt Purchase Costs	\$	1,723	\$	1,222	\$	1,708
Spot Mkt Sale Revenues	\$	1,723	\$	1,222	\$	1,708
Spot Net Purchase Costs	\$ \$	(61)	<u> </u>	88	<u> </u>	(59)
Opot Net i dichase costs	ΙΨ	(01)	ĮΨ	00	Ψ	(33)
Unserved Energy Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unserved Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Unserved Total Costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Costs	\$	6,918	\$	6,933	\$	6,919



Difference of 5-year PVRR @ 6.66% (Scenario minus Base)

Difference of 5-year PVRR @ 6.66% (Scenario minu				
Cost Components (millions)		nario 1		enario 2
Existing Station Fuel Costs	\$	395	\$	14
Existing Station Variable O&M Costs	\$	(532)	\$	(15)
Existing Station Emission Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Existing Station Dispatch Adder Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Existing Price Station Contract Costs	١.			
Existing Station Fixed Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Existing Station Demand Charges	١.			
Existing Station Decomm. Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Station Fuel Costs	\$	0	\$	(0)
Proposed Station Variable O&M Costs	\$	(0)	\$	(0)
Proposed Station Emission Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Station Dispatch Adder Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Price Station Contract Costs	١.			
Proposed Station Fixed Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Station Demand Charges	1.			
Proposed Station Capital Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Station Total Costs	\$	(137)	\$	(2)
Existing Transmission Variable Costs	\$	- 1	\$	-
Existing Transmission Fixed Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Transmission Variable Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Transmission Fixed Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Transmission Capital Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Transmission Total Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Existing DSM Program Energy Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Existing DSM Program Payback Energy Costs				
Existing DSM Program Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed DSM Program Energy Costs	\$	0	\$	0
Proposed DSM Program Payback Energy Costs				
Proposed DSM Program Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed DSM Program Capital Costs	\$	-	\$	-
DSM Program Total Costs	\$	0	\$	0
Existing Contract Energy Costs	\$	2	\$	0
Existing Contract Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Existing Contract Premium Costs	\$	_	\$	_
Proposed Contract Energy Costs	\$	_	\$	-
Proposed Contract Capacity Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Proposed Contract Premium Costs	\$	-	\$	_
Contract Total Costs	\$	2	\$	0
Cont Mile Dougland Conta	م ا	/F04\	<u>,</u>	/451
Spot Mkt Purchase Costs	\$	(501)	\$	(15)
Spot Not Burgham Costs	\$	(649)	<u>ې</u>	(16)
Spot Net Purchase Costs	\$	149	\$	2
Unserved Energy Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Unserved Capacity Costs	\$		\$	
Unserved Total Costs	\$	-	\$	-
Total Costs	\$	14	\$	0
10(a) 003(3	Ψ	14	Ψ	U