1		UTILITY COMMISSION
2		REGON SE II & UM 1706
3		4
4	In the Matters of	
5	NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS COMPANY, dba NW NATURAL,	RESPONSE TO APPLICATION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND/OR CLARIFICATION
6 7	Mechanism for Recovery of Environmental Remediation Costs (UM 1635)	
8	and	
9 10	Request for Determination of the Prudence of Environmental Remediation Costs for the Calendar Year 2013 and First Quarter of 2014	
11	(UM 1706).	
12	I. Introduction and summary.	er en
13	Northwest Natural Gas Company ("NW	Natural") seeks reconsideration or clarification
14	of Order No. 15-049, the Commission's most re	ecent order regarding environmental remediation
15	costs incurred by NW Natural. In Order No. 15	i-049 the Commission resolved issues related to
16	how NW Natural should share with customers i	esponsibility for past and future environmental
17	remediation expense. Among other things, the	Commission determined how NW Natural should
18	offset its past (deferred) and future remediation	expenses with the \$150.5 million in insurance
19	proceeds that NW Natural testified it had receive	ed as of February 2013, 1
20	More specifically, the Commission orde	red NW Natural to apply \$52.2 million of the
21	\$150.5 million of insurance proceeds to "existing	ng" deferrals, which the Commission defined as
22	deferred remediation costs through December 3	1, 2012. This reduced the balance of "existing" /
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24	1111	
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26	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Page	1 Id. at 1. 1 - RESPONSE TO APPLICATION FOR RE	CONSIDERATION AND/OR

deferred expenses to \$44.2 million.² The Commission also ordered NW Natural to place \$100.3 million of the insurance proceeds in a secure account to offset future remediation expenses.³ 2 NW Natural alleges that there is "good cause" to reconsider Order No. 15-049 under 3 OAR 860-001-0720(3)(d) because in ordering NW Natural to place in a secure account \$100.3 million of the \$150.5 million of insurance proceeds reported by NW Natural, the "Commission 5 6 may have inadvertently failed to consider NW Natural's income tax obligations resulting from the insurance settlements." NW Natural asserts that it has a tax obligation of 39.5 percent on 8 the approximately \$100.3 million allocated to future remediation expenses, and thus, has only \$58.3 million of insurance proceeds to place in a secure account. NW Natural asks the Commission to reconsider or clarify its order that NW Natural must place \$100.3 million in a 10 secure account by replacing \$100.3 million with \$58.3 million. 11 12 Staff recommends that the Commission deny NW Natural's Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification because NW Natural could have submitted information 13 regarding the tax obligation in the underlying proceeding, but did not, and accordingly cannot 14 establish there is good cause to reconsider the Commission's allocation of all the insurance 15 proceeds. 16 17 18 3 \overrightarrow{ld} at $\overline{11}$ (ordering NW Natural to apply \$100.3 million of insurance proceeds to future costs); 19 and at 7 (directing NW Natural to hold the insurance proceeds for future environmental 20 remediation costs in a secure account). NW Natural made a series of relatively small adjustments to the \$150.5 million of insurance proceeds that is not at issue in NW Natural's application for reconsideration. NW Natural reports that it adjusted the approximately \$150.5 21 million to \$147.1 million to comply with the Commission's determinations in Order No. 15-049 regarding receipt of future insurance proceeds and state allocations. NW Natural states it made another downward adjustment of \$2.5 million to comply with Order No. 14-077 regarding expenditures associated with the Gasco Upland Pumping Station. Staff is reviewing these 23 adjustments in its review of NWN Advice No. 15-03, the tariffs that NW Natural filed in compliance with Order No. 15-049. For convenience, Staff's response to NW Natural's Request 24 for Reconsideration and/or Clarification will refer to the unadjusted balance of \$150.5 million in insurance proceeds (and unadjusted allocations of \$52.2 and \$100.3 million) addressed by the Commission in Order No. 14-059. Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification 1. 26 Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification 3. Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification 6. RESPONSE TO APPLICATION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND/OR Page 2 -CLARIFICATION

1	NW Natural argued in the underlying proceeding that it would be inappropriate to require
2	NW Natural to amortize the previously-deferred expenses, and conduct an earnings test on NW
3	Natural's earnings during the deferral period that might result in ratepayer/company sharing.
4	NW Natural explained that it had more than enough insurance proceeds to offset the end-of-2013
5	deferral balance of over \$100 million.7 Staff opposed NW Natural's proposal to use the
6	insurance proceeds to offset all existing deferrals, instead recommending that the Commission
7	allocate approximately \$50 million of the proceeds to past deferrals and approximately \$100
8	million to future deferrals. 8 Notwithstanding Staff's express recommendations regarding the
9	disposition of the entire \$150 million in insurance proceeds reportedly received by NW Natural,
10	the Company did not inform the Commission or parties of the tax obligation, or that the
11	Commission could not allocate 39.5 percent of the insurance proceeds for any purpose.
12	OAR 860-001-0720(3)(a) expressly allows reconsideration of an order to review new
13	information only if the information was not available or reasonably discoverable during the
14	underlying proceeding. This express limitation indicates the Commission did not intend to allow
15	reconsideration to consider new information if the information was known, or reasonably could
16	have been known, during the proceeding. NW Natural knew of its tax obligation during the
17	underlying proceeding. Accordingly, reconsideration is not authorized under OAR 860-001-
18	0720.
19	Further, NW Natural's specific reliance on the \$150 million in insurance proceeds and its
20	failure to timely inform the Commission of the tax obligation in the underlying proceeding,
21	precludes the Commission from finding now that there is good cause to reconsider Order No. 15-
22	049 to account for the effect of that tax obligation.
23	Second, even if NW Natural's failure to present information regarding its tax liability in
24	the underlying proceeding could be good cause to reconsider the Commission's order, NW
25	
26	7 Northwest Natural Gas Company Prehearing Brief at 1, 18-19; NWN/800, Miller/7.

8 Staff/200, Johnson-Bahr/4-5.
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1	Natural has not "show[n]" that it in fact has this tax liability. The allegations in NW Natural's
2	application are not sufficient to "show" good cause under the Commission's rule.
3	Third, even if the Commission concludes that there is good cause to revisit Order No. 15-
4	049 to take into account NW Natural's alleged tax obligation, reconsideration or clarification of
5	the order is not appropriate. Instead, the Commission should order a rehearing to examine the
6	issues raised by NW Natural's Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification to allow
7	parties opportunity to conduct discovery and submit evidence regarding the alleged tax liability
8	and its impact on the appropriate treatment of the insurance proceeds.
9	II. Criteria for reconsideration.
10	The Commission's authority to reconsider an order within 60 days of its issuance is found
11	in ORS 756.561.9 That statute provides that after the Commission has issued an order, "any
12	party thereto may apply for rehearing or reconsideration thereof within 60 days from the date of
13	service of such order" and that the Commission "may grant such a rehearing or reconsideration if
14	sufficient reason therefor is made to appear."
15	In the context of ORS 756.561, "sufficient reason" is a delegative term. 10 The
16	Commission has exercised its rulemaking authority to define the circumstances constituting
17	sufficient reason to grant rehearing or reconsideration. Those circumstances are described in
18	OAR 860-001-0720(3), which provides the Commission may grant an application for rehearing
19	if the applicant "shows" that there is:
20	(a) New evidence that is essential to the decision and that was unavailable and not
21	reasonably discoverable before issuance of the order,
22	 (b) A change in the law or policy since the date the order was issued relating to an issue essential to decision;
23	After 60 days, if no request for rehearing or reconsideration under ORS 756,561 has been filed.
24	an order either becomes final or is no longer subject to the Commission's jurisdiction because a party has petitioned the Court of Appeals to review. In either case, the Commission is no longer
25	authorized grant reconsideration or rehearing under ORS 756.561. See e.g., McPherson v. Employment Division, 285 Or 541, 550, 591 P.2d 1381 (1979)
26	("[s]tandards such as 'fair' or 'unfair,' 'undue' or 'unreasonable,' or 'public convenience and necessity,' * * * call[] for completing a value judgment that the legislature has only
Page	indicated[,]").
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1	(c) An error of law or fact in the order that is essential to the decision; or
2	(d) Good cause for further examination of an issue essential to the decision.
3	By adopting this rule, the Commission has delineated the circumstances in which it has
4	discretion to grant a request for reconsideration. Under OAR 860-001-0720, an applicant must
5	"show" one or more of the four alternate preconditions before the Commission can exercise its
6	discretion to grant reconsideration. While the question of whether to grant a request for
7	reconsideration is discretionary, the predicate question of whether one of the four preconditions
8	has been established is not.
9	NW Natural relies on the "good cause" precondition in OAR 860-001-0720(3)(d). The
10	Oregon Supreme Court has clarified that the determination of "good cause" is not a subjective
1	determination but a question of law: "Good cause" is a [1]egally sufficient ground or reason' that
12	'depends upon [the] circumstances of [the] individual ease. 1211 The Oregon Supreme Court has
13	explained:
14 15 16 17	We acknowledge the temptation to treat indefinite terms like 'good cause,' [or] 'sufficient reason,' * * * as calling for a subjective determination and, thus, as invoking personal judgment. However, it is clear that, when such terms appear in a statutory context, they are focused on real, albeit sometimes difficult to discern, legal standards: the <i>legislature's</i> view of what is 'good' [or] 'sufficient[.]' * * * In no case would judicial discretion play any role in the 'good cause' determination[.] * * * 12
19	The Commission has not expressly defined the circumstances that may constitute good
20	cause to grant reconsideration. To determine what the Commission intended when it adopted the
2.1	good cause precondition in OAR 860-001-0720(3)(d), it is appropriate to examine the context of
22	that subsection, which includes the other preconditions defined by the Commission in OAR 860-
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24 25 26	¹¹ State v. Johnson, 339 Or 69, 85-87, 116 P.3d 869 (2005)(examining whether the prosecution established "good cause" to deny the defendant's motion to dismiss the state's case notwithstanding state's violation of the defendant's right to a speedy trial). See also, Lombardo v. Warner, 340 Or 264, 132 P.3d 22 (2006)(explaining the meaning of "for good cause shown" as used in statute allowing variance from restrictions on temporary signs). ¹² State v. Johnson, supra, at 86 (emphasis in original).
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001-0720(3), 13 These other preconditions are instructive on the circumstances the Commission. 1 2 did not intend to be "good cause" for reconsideration. 3 In OAR 860-001-0720(3)(a), the Commission specified that reconsideration may be granted to consider new information essential to the decision if the new information was not 5 available and could not reasonably discoverable during the proceeding. In OAR 860-001-6 0720(3)(b), the Commission specified that reconsideration may be granted to consider a change 7 in law or policy occurring after the Commission issued the order. Extrapolating from these provisions, an applicant cannot establish good cause to reconsider an order when the applicant wants the Commission to consider information or the impact of laws that that were known or 9 reasonably could have been known to the applicant during the proceeding. Otherwise, the good 10 cause precondition in subsection (d) would contravene the express limitations in the first two 11 preconditions. 12 The Oregon Supreme Court's opinion in Far West Landscaping v. Modern 13 14 Merchandising, supports the conclusion that the good cause precondition for reconsideration should not contravene the other three preconditions. ¹⁴ In Far West Landscaping, an attorney 15 failed to timely file a notice of appeal because he relied on the trial court's erroneous statements 16 regarding the date the judgment was entered. 15 In response to the attorney's motion, the trial 17 court set aside the judgment and entered a new but identical judgment so that the attorney would 18 have additional time to appeal. 16 The Oregon Supreme Court reversed the trial court's actions on 19 20 appeal. The court concluded that the trial court's broad discretion to exercise its inherent authority to modify judgments could not be exercised for "the sole purpose of extending the time 21 for appeal? because doing so would directly contradict the statutorily prescribed time in which an 22 23 13 See State v. Gaines, 346 Or 160, 206 P.3d 1042 (2009) (noting that interpretation of a statute begins with an examination of the text and context of a statute); and Alanis v. Barrett Business 24

287 Or 653, 657-58, 601 P.2d 1237 (1979). 26 $\frac{18}{1}$ Id. at 655.

¹⁶ Id.

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Services, 179 Or App 79, 82, 394 P 3d 880 (2000)(holding that in construing an administrative rule, the appellate court will apply the same analytical framework applicable to the interpretation 25

1	appeal must be taken. 17
2	Furthermore, previous Commission orders addressing requests for reconsideration
3	support the conclusion that good cause to reconsider an order is not established if the applicant
4	could have had the Commission address the alleged flaws in the order prior to its issuance. For
5	example, in 2004 the Commission denied Portland General Electric Company's (PGE's) request
6	to reconsider a Commission order denying PGE's application to defer certain costs. 18 PGE
7	alleged that procedural flaws in the underlying proceeding, including insufficient notice of issues
8	to be considered by the Commission and a lack of a hearing, were good cause to reconsider the
9	order. 19 The Commission disagreed, noting that PGE participated in establishing the process use
10	to consider PGE's application and knew of its right to ask for a hearing, but did not do so, and
11	also, was not surprised by the Commission's consideration of certain issues. 20
12	III. Analysis.
13	A. There is not good cause to reconsider or clarify Order No. 15-049,
14	NW Natural alleges that there is "good cause" to reconsider Order No. 15-049 under
15	OAR 860-001-0720(3)(d), because in ordering NW Natural to place in a secure account two-
16	thirds of the approximately \$150.5 million of insurance proceeds reported by NW Natural, the
17	"Commission may have inadvertently failed to consider NW Natural's income tax obligations
18	resulting from the insurance settlements."21 The Commission's failure to consider NW
19	Natural's income tax obligations resulting from the insurance settlement was not inadvertent,
20	but inevitable in light of the evidence presented and relied on by NW Natural.
21	
22	 NW Natural relied on its receipt of \$150.5 million in insurance proceeds to argue it could offset all of the previously-deferred expenses and thus, there
23	17 Id. at 659.
24	18 In re Portland General Electric Company, Order No. 04-357. 19 Id. at 9-10.
25	²⁰ Id. Cf. Chiquita Min. Co. v. C.I.R., 148 F, 2d 306 (9 th Cir. 1945) (holding petitioner is not entitled to a rehearing to remedy the mistakes of counsel since the taxpayer has had his day in
26	court petitioner and new evidence that should have been submitted by the petitioner, was available, and should have been presented in the original hearing).
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1	was no the need to amortize any deferred expenses and consequently, no need for an earnings review.
2	On February 6, 2014, NW Natural Treasurer and Vice President Regulation Alex Miller
3	wrote to the Commissioners and Administrative Law Judge Pines to report that NWN had
4	received more than enough insurance proceeds to "cover" deferred environmental remediation
5	expenses, "to the extent they will not have to borne by customers." NW Natural supported
6	these assertions in its direct testimony filed on March 20, 2014. On page 8 of his direct
7	testimony, the NW Natural witness testified that "[o]n February 3, 2014, the Company settled that
8	last remaining insurance claims and as a result, will receive a total of \$150.5 million in insurance
9	proceeds. This means that the Company will receive more insurance money than the amounts
10	that have been deferred and that customers do not need to pay for the past deferred amounts. *,23
11	At page 12 of his direct testimony, the NW Natural witness testified that the "balance of
12	actual environmental expenditures since 2003, with interest, totaled \$113 million at the end of
13	2013."24 At page 3, the NW Natural witness testified the "Company's deferrals to date, before
14	application of insurance, exceed \$100 million." Later in the direct testimony, the witness stated
15	"the Company now has sufficient insurance recoveries to offset all deferrals to date." 26
16	In rebuttal testimony filed on May 29, 2014, the NW Natural witness testified that the
17	insurance proceeds would offset NW Natural's deferred environmental remediation expenses
18	and "some years" of future expense. 27
19	In its prehearing brief, NW Natural relied on its testimony regarding the insurance
20	proceeds to argue the Commission did not need to apply an earnings test to determine how
21	much of the previously-deferred costs should be amortized because there was no need to
22	amortize any of the costs that had been deferred. NW Natural argued,
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24	29 at the control of
25	 See February 12, 2014, Notice of ExParte Communication, Attachment. NWN/800, Miller/7. NWN/800, Miller/12.
	NWN/800, Miller/12.

26 NWN/800, Miller/3.
26 NWN/800, Miller/3, 23.
27 NWN/900, Miller/2.
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and a	[t]hrough its settlement of insurance claims, NW Natural has now received more money in insurance recoveries than it has incurred in environmental expense and thus has no net expense today and does not expect to have a net expense for some
2	number of years. This means that the Company is not requesting amortization of the historical deferrals. Therefore, it is improper to apply the earnings test today
3.	because under ORS 20 757.259(5) the earnings test is applied "at the time of application to amortize the deferral." Moreover, offsetting the historical deferrals
4	with the insurance is consistent with Commission orders, and represents the most
5.	sensible and fair ratemaking approach.28
6	To the extent there is any ambiguity about the amount of insurance proceeds NW Natural
7	represented that it could use to offset environmental remediation costs, NW Natural's prehearing
8	brief also includes the following summary of its proposal regarding recovery of environmental
9	remediation costs:
10	NW Natural will apply the roughly \$150 million of insurance proceeds to the
11	deferral balance of roughly \$100 million, thus eliminating the need to charge customers for the remediation expenses. The Company will continue to offset
12	future expenses with the remaining roughly \$50 million of insurance proceeds until the deferral account has a positive balance, at which time the balance will be
13	recovered through the SRRM adopted by the Commission. ²⁹
14	The Commission did not adopt NW Natural's proposal to offset all the previously-
15	deferred environmental remediation costs. Instead, the Commission adopted Staff's
16	recommendation to apply \$50,2 million of the insurance proceeds to offset a portion of the
17	amounts deferred between 2003 and December 31, 2012, leaving a deferred account balance of
18	\$42,2 million. The Commission then applied an earnings test to NW Natural's earnings during
19	the deferral period, which resulted in a downward adjustment in the amount NW Natural was
20	allowed to amortize, 30
21	The Commission's application of \$50.2 million of the insurance proceeds to previous deferrals
22	left \$100.3 in insurance proceeds to offset future costs. As already noted, the Commission
23	ordered NW Natural to place this amount in a secure account to apply to future remediation
24	costs.
25	
26	28 Northwest Natural Gas Company Prehearing Brief at 18-19. 29 Northwest Natural Gas Company Prehearing Brief at 1(emphasis added). 30 Order No. 15-049 at 17-18. 30 PRESPONSE TO APPLICATION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND/OR.

CLARIFICATION

2. The Commission cannot grant reconsideration to consider information that could have been presented during the underlying proceeding.

NW Natural asks the Commission to modify its disposition of the \$100.3 million of insurance proceeds to take into account NW Natural's 39.5 percent tax obligation. NW Natural could have informed the Commission in the underlying proceeding of the alleged tax obligation of approximately \$59 million associated with the \$150.5 million that leaves NW Natural with an after-tax amount of approximately \$91 million in insurance proceeds, but did not.

The text and context of OAR 860-001-0720(3) reflect the Commission intended that there would be good cause to reconsider an order to examine "new" information *only* if the applicant could not reasonably have presented the information during the underlying proceeding. OAR 860-001-0720(3)(a) expressly limits the circumstances in which consideration of new information can warrant reconsideration to those in which new information that was unavailable and not reasonably discoverable before issuance of the order. OAR 860-001-0720(3)(b) limits reconsideration to consider changes in law or policy only if those changes occurred after the order was issued. While the Commission has broad authority to define good cause for purposes of OAR 860-001-0720(3), that authority does not necessarily include the ability to create a catchall precondition that negates the express limitations in the other preconditions.³¹

If the Commission found good cause to reconsider Order No. 15-049 to examine information regarding a tax obligation that NW Natural could have been presented during the underlying proceeding, or to examine the application of tax laws and policies in effect during the underlying proceeding, the good cause precondition would negate the express limitations of the precondition in OAR 860-001-0720(3)(a) and(b). Therefore, as a matter of law, the Commission cannot conclude there is good cause to reconsider Order No. 15-049 to take into account information regarding a tax obligation or tax laws that NW Natural could have been presented during the underlying proceeding, but did not.

See e.g., Far West Landscaping v. Modern Merchandising, supra at 659.
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1	3. Even if the Commission could grant reconsideration to examine information that could have been presented in the underlying proceeding, but was not, the Commission should not do so here.
2	As already discussed, NW Natural expressly relied on its assertion that it had \$150.5
3	million in insurance proceeds to apply to environmental remediation costs to support its
4	argument that no amortization (and no earnings test and consequential sharing) of previously-
5	existing deferrals was needed. 32 NW Natural did not waiver from this assertion even after Staff
6	recommended that the Commission allocate approximately \$50 million of the proceeds to past
7	deferrals and approximately \$100 million to future expenses. In its rebuttal testimony filed on
8	May 2, 2015, Staff testified:
9	
10 11	Staff proposes to allocate approximately \$50,167 million to historic costs, which leaves approximately \$100 million for expected future environmental remediation
12	costs. Staff recommends that the approximate \$100 million (as well as accumulated interest) be allocated evenly over the next 20 years. This would be
12 13	approximately \$5 million of insurance proceeds, plus interest on the balance, allocated each year for the next 20 years. ³³
14	Notwithstanding the risk that the Commission would adopt Staff's recommendation, NW
15	Natural did not contradict Staff's assumption that there was approximately \$150 million in
16	insurance proceeds to allocate to past and future environmental remediation expenses. Given
17	that this is precisely what Staff proposed in testimony, NW Natural cannot now complain that it
18	was unaware that the Commission would allocate \$100 million to future remediation expenses.
19	If NW Natural had informed the Commission during the underlying proceeding that the
20	after-tax insurance proceeds were approximately \$91 million, 34 NW Natural presumably could
21	have prevented the Commission from allocating the entire pre-tax amount to remediation costs.
22	However, informing the Commission of the \$59 million tax obligation ³⁵ would have undermined
23	NW Natural's ability to argue that an earnings test on its earnings during the deferral period was
24	÷ .
25	32. Carron NEWAT7000 NEWA-/1 19/20

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³² See e.g., NWN/800, Miller/1, 18-20.
³³ Staff/200, Johnson-Bahr/20.
³⁴ (\$150.5 million - (\$150.5 million x 39.5%) = \$90.6 million.)
³⁵ (\$150.5 million x 39.5% = \$59.4 million.)

1	not needed because it was not necessary to amortize any of the previously-deferred amounts. 36
2	NW Natural's statements on the existing deferred account balance are somewhat varied,
3	but all report a balance of at least \$100 million. ³⁷ If NW Natural had told the Commission it had
4	only \$91 million in insurance proceeds to apply to deferred costs, NW Natural presumably could
5	not have argued that the Commission did not need to, and shouldn't, amortize any of the
6	previously-deferred costs.
7	Further, any assertion that the Commission simply intended to allocate 1/3 of the
8	proceeds to existing deferrals and 2/3's to future remediation costs, without regard to the actual
9	amounts allocated, is not supportable. Contrarily, the record reflects the Commission's
10	allocation of \$100 million to future remediation costs was intended to provide NW Natural with
11	annual revenue that exceeds a reasonable estimate of future annual remediation costs.
12	In its testimony filed on May 2 2015, Staff recommended that the Commission allocate
13	an annual amount of \$5 million from the insurance proceeds and the associated interest, to future
14	environmental remediation costs for a period of twenty years, 38 Staff also recommended that the
15	Commission impose a tariff rider to collect \$3 million to \$5 million annually for environmental
16	remediation expenses. ³⁹ Staff noted that when the insurance proceeds and revenue from a \$3
17	million tariff rider are added together, NW Natural would have an annual amount of \$8 million
18	dollars, plus interest accrued on the insurance proceeds, to offset environmental remediation
19	
20	³⁶ See e.g., NW Natural Gas Company's Closing Brief at 3:
21	The insurance proceeds recovered by NW Natural now exceed the historical
22	deferrals, resulting in a net <i>credit</i> to customers. As a result, the Company is no longer seeking amortization of the historical deferrals. Because the Commission
23	is directed by ORS 757.259(5) to conduct earnings reviews "at the time of application to amortize the deferral," there is therefore no need for the
24	Commission to conduct an earnings review for the period over which the deferrals accumulated.
25	³⁷ See also Order No. 15-049 at 2 ("the company has incurred remediation costs of over \$100
26	million to date.").
<u></u>	³⁸ Order No. 15-049 at 11. ³⁹ Staff/200, Johnson-Bahr/20.
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costs.40 Staff noted that NW Natural's remediation costs incurred in recent years ranged from 2 \$8.2 million in 2008 to \$19.4 million in 2012. Staff explained that it made a conservative 3 recommendation for a \$3 million dollar tariff rider to reduce the likelihood that the Commission 4 would recover more revenue than needed. 41 5 The Commission adopted Staff's proposal, but imposed a tariff rider of \$5 million. 42 The 6 7 Commission concluded that the insurance proceeds, accrued interest on the proceeds, and tariff 8 rider revenue would provide NW Natural with at least \$10 million and as much as \$12 million each year to apply to environmental remediation costs. 43 The Commission noted that this 9 10 amount would have covered NW Natural's environmental remediation costs in seven of the last ten years, which indicated that the annual amounts allocated to future environmental remediation 11 costs should generally be sufficient to cover them. 44 12 13 Staff's testimony and the Commission's order reflect that both the percentage and the 14 amounts of the Commission's allocation of insurance proceeds were significant to the 15 Commission. Significantly, NW Natural cannot assert that it was unaware the Commission might allocate a specific amount, rather than a percentage, of insurance proceeds to future 16 environmental remediation or that the Commission might require NW Natural to place a specific 17 amount of insurance proceeds in a secure account to accrue interest, or because this is precisely 18 what Staff recommended. 45 Staff's testimony makes clear that the actual dollar amount of the 20 allocation of insurance proceed, and the placement in a secure account, are significant because of 21 the direct impact on total revenue NW Natural could expect each year. 22 In sum, NW Natural had notice since at least the time Staff filed its May 20, 2015 23 testimony, that the Commission might adopt Staff's recommendation to have NW Natural use 24 40 Staff/200, Johnson/Bahr/22. 41 Staff/200, Johnson/Bahr/22. 25 ⁴² Order No. 15-049 at 11. ⁴³ Order No. 15-049 at 13. ⁴⁴ Order No. 15-049 at 12. 26 45 Staff/200, Johnson/Bahr/5, 20, 23-24. Page 13 - RESPONSE TO APPLICATION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND/OR CLARIFICATION

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1	\$50 million of the insurance proceeds to offset existing deferred expenses and place \$100 million
2	of the proceeds in a secure account to offset future environmental remediation expense.
3	Notwithstanding, NW Natural did not inform the Commission of the \$59 million tax obligation,
4	or otherwise suggest to the Commission that it should not adopt Staff's recommendation to place
5	\$100 million in a secure account because NW Natural had only \$91 million in insurance
6	proceeds after taxes. Instead, NW Natural continued to rely on its assertion that it had \$150.5
7	million in insurance proceeds available to offset deferred costs to argue that the Commission
8	should not amortize the environmental deferred account balance of over \$100 million, and
9	therefore not conduct an earnings test to determine whether NW Natural should absorb some of
10	these deferred expenses. ⁴⁶ The Commission should not find that these circumstances are good
11	cause to reconsider its allocation of the full amount of insurance proceeds reported by NW
12	Natural.
13	
14	A. The allegations in the Request for Reconsideration and/or Clarification are not sufficient to "show" good cause.
15	OAR 860-001-0720(3) requires that the applicant "show" one of the preconditions for
16	reconsideration before reconsideration can be granted. In Lombardo v. Warner, the Oregon
17	Supreme Court held that to the extent there is a requirement of "good cause shawn," the "shown"
18	indicates that the determination of good cause is based on what the applicant demonstrates:"47
19	And, more specifically, the use of the word "shown" indicates that any determination of good
20	cause must be based on what is in the record. 48
21	$\dot{\mathcal{H}}$
22	
23	46 NWN/900, Miller/3, Northwest Natural Gas Company Pre-hearing Brief 1-2; Northwest
24	Natural Gas Company Closing Brief 3. All Lombardo v. Warner, supra, 340 Or at 271 ("The word 'shown' [in good cause shown]
25	indicates that the department must make its determination of good cause on the basis of what the applicant demonstrates.").
26	48 Id.
V	400.

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1	Here, NW Natural has only alleged that it has a tax liability of 39.5 percent. 49 NW
2	Natural has not submitted an affidavit or other reliable evidence to establish the tax obligation,
3	In contrast, NW Natural's witness testified that NW Natural had \$150.5 million in tax proceeds
4	to offset deferred costs. This record does not "establish" that NW Natural has a tax obligation.
5	Therefore, the Commission cannot conclude that NW Natural has shown good cause to
6	reconsider Order No. 15-049.
7	B. If the Commission concludes that NW Natural has shown good cause
8	to re-examine Order No. 14-059, the Commission should order a re- hearing and not grant reconsideration or clarification.
9	To the second of
10	Assuming arguendo that the Commission concludes NW Natural has shown good cause
Ĭ I	under OAR 860-001-0720(3), the Commission should not grant NW Natural's request to
12	reconsider the amount of insurance proceeds that NW Natural is required to put in the secure to
13	take into account information that was not presented in the underlying proceeding. ⁵⁰ Instead,
14	Staff recommends that if the Commission concludes there is good cause to re-examine the
15	allocation of the insurance proceeds, the Commission order a rehearing to allow additional
16	evidence on the rate treatment of NW Natural's insurance proceeds.
17	The Attorney General's Administrative Law Manual states that "reconsideration" occurs
18	when, based on the existing record in the case, an agency reexamines the factual or legal basis
19	for its order or reexamines the adequacy of its findings of fact, conclusions of law or its order. ⁵¹
20	The Manual states that "rehearing" occurs when an agency either holds an entirely new hearing
21	and re-decides the case based solely on the new hearing record, or the agency holds a
22	supplementary hearing and re-decides the case based on the original record and the record
23	developed at the supplementary hearing. ⁵²
24	TT#
25	49
26	 See NW Natural Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification 3. NW Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification 6. Oregon Attorney General's Administrative Law Manual 173.
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1	Here, NW Natural is asking the Commission to modify Order No. 15-049 to take into
2	account information that was not submitted during the underlying proceeding. Accordingly, a
3	rehearing would be the appropriate remedy, not reconsideration.
4	In any event, a rehearing would be necessary because parties should have opportunity to
5	conduct discovery on NW Natural's allegations regarding the tax liability. Staff would like to
6	investigate if NW Natural paid the tax liability, when it did so or will do so, and whether NW
7	Natural's actions with respect to the liability were prudent. Also, Staff would like opportunity to
8	present evidence on modifications to the SRRM that may be warranted due the significant
9	decrease in insurance proceeds and interest that will be earned in the secure account. Most
10	notably, the risk that environmental remediation costs will exceed the amounts available to offset
11	them in future years will increase with the decrease in interest accruing on the amount in the
12	secure account.
13 14	IV. NW Natural's Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification does not relieve NW Natural of its obligation to place \$100.3 million in a secure account.
15	ORS 756,561(2) provides that an application for reconsideration or rehearing does not
16	"excuse any party against whom an order has been made by the commission from complying
17	therewith, nor operate in any manner to stay or postpone the enforcement thereof without the
18	special order of the commission." Order No. 15-049 directed NW Natural to submit a
19	compliance filing in this docket demonstrating how it will implement both the historic and future
20	decisions reached in this order. 53 Among other things, the compliance filing should show the
21	steps NW Natural has taken, or will take, to comply with the Commission's order to place
22	\$100.3 million in a secure account.
23	NW Natural's March 31, 2015 compliance filing does not reflect that NW Natural has, or
24	plans to, place the full amount ordered by the Commission in a secure account. ⁵⁴ As noted
25	inger og det er state for det er state for Begrever og det er state for det er state
26	Order No. 15-049 at 20, 54 NWN Advice No. 15-03 at 5. In its Application for Reconsideration and/or Clarification, NW Natural explained that it made a series of relatively small adjustments to the \$150.5 million of
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above, NW Natural must do	so unless it receives an order from the Commission telling NW
Natural it need not comply v	with the order. Although the series of small adjustments NW Natural
made to the \$100.3 amount of	ordered by the Commission may be compliant with the
Commission's orders, adjust	ing the \$100.3 million to an "aftertax" amount is not.
V. Conclusion.	
The Commission sho	ould deny NW Natural's Request for Reconsideration and/or
Clarification.	
DATED this 15th d	ay of April 2015.
	Respectfully submitted,
	ELLEN F. ROSENBLUM
	Attorney General
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64	Stephanie Andrus, #925123 Senior Assistant Attorney General Of Attorneys for Public Utility Commission,
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