## BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

#### **UM 1452**

In the Matter of

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

Investigation into Pilot Programs to Demonstrate the Use and Effectiveness of Volumetric Incentive Rates for Solar Photovoltaic Energy Systems. Comments of Renewable Northwest Project and the Citizens' Utility Board re Volumetric Incentive Rate for April 2012 Enrollment

Renewable Northwest Project ("RNP") and the Citizens' Utility Board ("CUB") appreciate the opportunity to comment on the determination of appropriate Volumetric Incentive Rates ("VIRs") for the April 2012 enrollment period of the Solar Photovoltaic Pilot Program ("Program").

For small-scale systems, we recommend that the Oregon Public Utility Commission ("Commission") use the Automatic Rate Adjustment Mechanism ("ARAM") to set the VIR for small-scale systems. Although we acknowledge that the resulting VIR may not be high enough to guarantee full allocation of capacity, on balance we favor the greater stability and sustainability that may be achieved by allowing the administrative mechanism to function without additional intervention. We also acknowledge that using the ARAM may lead to different VIRs being present in counties where multiple utilities have service territory, but we believe that forcing VIR consistency within a single county may raise more problems than it resolves.

For medium-scale systems, the April 2012 VIR should be guided by the VIR bids received in the medium-scale category during the October 2011 enrollment period. We

suggest using the average of the winning bids, but recognize that the divergence between the average bid price and the high bid price is very small.

### I. Background

In comments regarding the VIR for the October 2011 Program allocation, RNP recommended that the VIR be set by the ARAM and therefore reduced by 10% for all utilities. <sup>1</sup> Based on its financial modeling, RNP concluded that a 10% reduction from the April 2011 VIR would be a sufficient, but not excessive, incentive for solar photovoltaic ("PV") development.<sup>2</sup> The Commission disagreed, and instead overrode the ARAM to reduce the VIR by 20% for October 2011.<sup>3</sup>

Applications waned in the October 2011 enrollment period. After three months of enrollment availability, significant amounts of capacity remain available, especially in the Portland General Electric ("PGE") service territory. According to the statistics presented by utility representatives at the VIR workshop on January 4th, 2012, approximately 43% (645 kW out of 1,513 kW) of PGE's available capacity in the small-scale category had been reserved and roughly 83% (747 kW out of 902 kW) of the available capacity in the PacifiCorp small-scale category was reserved at the end of the three-month enrollment period.

Based on these figures, the ARAM prescribes that, for the April 2012 enrollment period, the VIR in PGE service territory would increase by 10% and the VIR in PacifiCorp service territory would remain the same.<sup>4</sup> Order No. 11-339 stated: the "ratio of adjusted"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> UM 1452 - Renewable Northwest Project's Comments. Filed July 7, 2011. Page 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid. Page 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> UM 1452 - Order No. 11-280. Oregon Public Utility Commission. Filed July 29, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ibid.

capacity reservation requests in kW to available capacity" at the end of the three-month enrollment period—hereafter referred to as the "reservation/capacity ratio"—would "... be used in the ARAM to create [a] rebuttable presumption that the VIR should be lowered, increased or remain the same." The instant proceeding offers parties the opportunity to rebut the presumption set by the ARAM for small-scale systems.

The VIR for medium-scale systems was not set by the Commission in October 2011. Due to changes adopted before the October 2011 enrollment,<sup>6</sup> only small-scale projects (0-10kW) received the VIR set by the Commission. Projects in the medium-scale category (10-100 kW) were required to submit VIR bids, akin to the process established for the large-system category (100-500kW) at the beginning of the Program. For the April 2012 enrollment, however, medium-scale projects will revert back to a Commission-set VIR. In the instant proceeding, parties may comment on how the Commission should set the April 2012 VIR for medium-scale systems.

## II. The VIR Prescribed by the ARAM Promotes Stability and Sustainability for Small-Scale Systems.

Since its inception, the Program has been modified frequently. The Commission reduced the VIR by double the reduction prescribed by the ARAM prior to both the April 2011 and October 2011 enrollment periods. These and other adjustments require significant investments of time and resources by all parties, diminish certainty in the market, and may detract from the Program's ability to represent a successful policy tool for delivering solar incentives.

As RNP also argued prior to the October 2011 enrollment period, we believe that it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> UM 1452 - Order 11-339. Oregon Public Utility Commission. Filed September 1, 2011. Page 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Order Nos. 11-089 (UM 1505) and 11-339 (UM 1452)

is in the best interest of the Program, ratepayers, and the development of solar in Oregon for the VIR to be determined by the ARAM. The prescribed 10% increase in PGE service territory would result in a VIR only slightly below the VIR we determined to be financially viable for the October 2011 enrollment period.

We do not disagree with other solar advocates that a 20% increase in the VIR may be necessary to sufficiently drive PV development to allocate available capacity in the April 2012 enrollment period. One major reason that a 20% VIR increase may be necessary to fully allocate capacity in April 2012 is that the 30% federal cash grant in lieu of the Investment Tax Credit (ITC) is no longer available. The 30% federal ITC is still available, but projects without sufficient federal tax liability may not be able to realize the full value of the ITC, thereby necessitating a higher VIR to make the project financially viable. This is a valid concern and may lead to lower levels of subscription in the next enrollment period than would have occurred if the 30% cash grant were still available.

Ultimately, though, overriding the ARAM would result in yet another change beyond the operating regime of the Program. Our preference would be to have a lower subscription level, if it occurs, addressed by the ARAM in the subsequent enrollment period rather than with another preemptive change to the VIR prescribed by the ARAM. We believe that allowing the ARAM to function would result in a reasonable VIR and possibly a more stable, sustainable Program that will ultimately be of greater benefit to the development of solar policy in Oregon.

## III. Bidding Results Provide a Clear Indication of the Market-Clearing Medium-Scale VIR.

Part of the reason the Commission adopted competitive bidding in the medium-

scale category was to allow for a clear indication of market-clearing VIRs. The Commission stated that "competitive bidding can be an effective means for identifying acceptable rates while keeping costs down" and that "disclosing bid prices provides useful program information." In accordance with our belief that the Program may benefit from minimizing the amount of administrative intervention at this time, we suggest that setting the VIR for the medium-scale category should be guided by the winning medium-scale bids from the October 2011 enrollment period.

In using the winning bid prices, however, the Commission should acknowledge the possibility that the lowest winning bids may not ultimately lead to a project being realized. One possible approach would be to use the average of the winning bids to determine the medium-scale VIR, assuming that at least some of the winning bids will ultimately lead to constructed projects. In addition, if evidence were to show that the lowest winning bids did not represent viable projects, throwing out the lowest bids when calculating the average could be warranted. In any case, we note that the difference between the average winning bid and the high winning bid is very slight, and that anything between those two would likely represent an appropriate VIR.

# IV. VIR Divergence Between Utilities Will Create Different VIRs Within Single Counties.

With such wide discrepancies between PGE's and PacifiCorp's reservation/capacity ratios, it is appropriate that the two utilities have different VIRs. However, in counties where the utilities both have service territory, this would lead to different VIRs being offered within the same county. Currently, the VIR is differentiated by county to account

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> UM 1505 – Order No. 11-089. Oregon Public Utility Commission. Filed March 17, 2011. Pgs. 7-8.

for the difference in solar resource throughout the state. Having two different VIRs within the same county would disregard the notion that the VIR should be dependent on available solar resource, and instead make it dependent on the utility serving the project site. This would likely lead to projects being developed in the more resource rich areas of a utility's service territory; in some ways, this is an ideal policy outcome. However, it also raises complications for solar contractors that would need to offer different VIRs within the same county (e.g., Multnomah County).

One potential remedy for this issue would be to force a common VIR in counties served by more than one participating utility. However, this creates a host of new questions. For example, in a county where both utilities have service territory, how should the VIR be adjusted? Should it be adjusted according to a single utility's reservation/capacity ratio? Or should the reservation/capacity ratios for both utilities within that county be analyzed? If the reservation/capacity ratio for each utility within a single county is analyzed, why should the ratio not be analyzed for each utility for every county in which they have service territory?

Although we acknowledge that having two different VIRs in the same county could create complications, we believe that attempting to address the discrepancy would result in a significant amount of administrative burden that is not worth the benefit of avoiding different VIRs with the same county. In addition, driving PV development to the most resource rich areas of each utility's service territory is not necessarily a bad policy outcome. Therefore, we recommend that the ARAM be used to set the VIR according to each utility's overall reservation/capacity ratio for its entire service territory. If the Commission does wish to address this issue, however, we recommend that any adjustment be limited to

Multnomah County, and that PacifiCorp's Multnomah County customers be offered the same incentive rate as PGE's.

IV. Conclusion

We appreciate the Commission's continued engagement with the Program and its attempts to improve upon the initial design. After making substantial changes to the Program over the past year, though, we hope that the Program can be set on a smoother course. Ultimately, we believe that stability and patience will create a more sustainable Program and, possibly, a more hospitable environment for its continuation or expansion. Therefore, we recommend that the Commission allow the Program's embedded mechanism

for setting the VIR—the ARAM—to function. Specifically, for the April 2012 enrollment

period, we recommend using the ARAM to set the VIR for the small-scale category,

regardless of geographic location, and using the winning bid VIRs from the October 2011

enrollment period to set the VIR for the medium-scale category.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam Schumaker, Policy Associate Megan Walseth Decker, Senior Staff Counsel Renewable Northwest Project

Gordon Feighner, Utility Analyst Citizens' Utility Board of Oregon

ESLER, STEPHENS & BUCKLEY, LLP

By: /s/ John W. Stephens

John W. Stephens, OSB No. 773583 Of Attorneys for Renewable Northwest Project

,

k:\maureen\rnp\um 1452\rnp and cub comments 1-17-12 .docx

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I served the foregoing **COMMENTS OF RENEWABLE NORTHWEST PROJECT AND THE CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD RE VOLUMETRIC INCENTIVE RATE FOR APRIL 2012 ENROLLMENT** on the following persons on January 17, 2012, by e-mailing to each a copy thereof:

Gordon Feighner gordon@oregoncub.org Citizen's Utility Board of Oregon 610 S.W. Broadway, Suite 308 Portland, Oregon 97205	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Bob Jenks bob@oregoncub.org Citizens' Utility Board of Oregon 610 S.W. Broadway, Suite 308 Portland, Oregon 97205	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
G. Catriona McCracken <a href="mailto:catriona@oregoncub.org">catriona@oregoncub.org</a> Citizen's Utility Board of Oregon 610 S.W. Broadway, Suite 308 Portland, Oregon 97205	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Janet L. Prewitt  janet.prewitt@doj.state.or.us  Assistant Attorney General  Department of Energy  Natural Resources Section  1162 Court Street N.E.  Salem, Oregon 97301-4096	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Irion A. Sanger, Esq.  ias@dvclaw.com  Davison Van Cleve, P.C.  333 S.W. Taylor, Suite 400  Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Melinda J. Davison  mjd@dvclaw.com  Davison Van Cleve, P.C.  333 S.W. Taylor, Suite 400  Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail

Stephanie S. Andrus  stephanie.andrus@state.or.us  Department of Justice  1162 Court Street N.E.  Salem, Oregon 97301-4096	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Doug Kuns  pge.opuc.filings@pgn.com  Portland General Electric Company  121 S.W. Salmon Street, 1WTC0702  Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
J. Richard George, Esq.  richard.george@pgn.com  Assistant General Counsel  Portland General Electric Company  121 S.W. Salmon, 1WTC1301  Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Megan Walseth Decker  megan@rnp.org  Renewable Northwest Project  917 S.W. Oak, Suite 303  Portland, Oregon 97205	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Teddy Keizer teddy@goteddygo.com 1615 S.E. 30th Avenue Portland, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Raymond S. Kindley  rkindley@cablehuston.com  Cable Huston et al.  1001 S.W. Fifth Avenue, Suite 2000  Portland, Oregon 97204-1136	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Ben Nelson nrocnelson@qwest.net 10245 S.E. Holgate Boulevard Portland, Oregon 97266	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Jenny Holmes  jholmes@emoregon.org  Ecumenical Ministries of Oregon  0245 S.W. Bancroft, Suite B	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail

Portland, Oregon 97239

Kathleen Newman <a href="mailto:kathleenoipl@frontier.com">kathleenoipl@frontier.com</a> Oregon Interfaith Power & Light Ecumenical Ministries of Oregon 1553 N.E. Greensword Drive Hillsboro, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Kacia Brockman kacia@energytrust.org Energy Trust of Oregon 851 S.W. Sixth Avenue, Suite 1200 Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
John M. Volkman, Esq.  john.volkman@energytrust.org  Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc.  851 S.W. Sixth Avenue, Suite 1200  Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Jennifer Gleason jen@elaw.org Environmental Law Alliance Worldwide 1877 Garden Avenue Eugene, Oregon 97403	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Randy Allphin rallphin@idahopower.com Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Christa Bearry <a href="mailto:cbearry@idahopower.com">cbearry@idahopower.com</a> Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Karl Bokenkamp <u>kbokenkamp@idahopower.com</u> General Manager-Power Supply Planning  Idaho Power Company  PO Box 70	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail

Boise, Idaho 83707-0070

Ric Gale  gale@idahopower.com  VP - Regulatory Affairs  Idaho Power Company  PO Box 70  Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Rex Blackburn, Esq. blackburn@idahopower.com Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Jeff Malmen malmen@idahopower.com Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Lisa D. Nordstrom, Esq. nordstrom@idahopower.com Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Gregory W. Said  gsaid@idahopower.com  Director, Revenue Requirement Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Mark Stokes  mstokes@idahopower.com  Manager, Power Supply & Planning Idaho Power Company PO Box 70 Boise, Idaho 83707-0070	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Michael Youngblood  myoungblood@idahopower.com  Senior Pricing Analyst  Idaho Power Company  PO Box 70	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail

Boise, Idaho 83707-0070

Wendy McIndoo wendy@mcd-law.com Office Manager McDowell & Rackner, P.C. 520 S.W. Sixth Avenue, Suite 830 Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Lisa F. Rackner, Esq.  lisa@mcd-law.com  McDowell & Rackner, P.C.  520 S.W. Sixth Avenue, Suite 830  Portland, Oregon 97204	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Warren Fish warren.fish@co.multnomah.or.us Multnomah County 501 S.E. Hawthorne, Suite 600 Portland, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Jeff Cogen district2@co.multnomah.or.us Commissioner, Multnomah County 501 S.E. Hawthorne, Suite 600 Portland, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Oregon AFL-CIO afl-cio@oraflcio.org duke@oraflcio.org 2110 State Street Salem, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
John S. Bishop II, Esq.  jbishop@mbjlaw.com  McKanna Bishop Joffe & Sullivan, LLP  1635 N.W. Johnson  Portland, Oregon 97209	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Robert Del Mar robert.delmar@state.or.us Energy Analyst Oregon Dept. of Energy 625 Marion Street N.E.	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail

Salem, Oregon 97301

Vijay A. Satyal vijay.a.satyal@state.or.us Senior Policy Analyst Oregon Dept. of Energy 625 Marion Street N.E. Salem, Oregon 97301	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Moshrek Sobhy  moshrek.sobhy@state.or.us  Public Utility Commission of Oregon  P.O. Box 2148  Salem, Oregon 97308	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Judy Barnes  barnes@hevanet.com  Oregonians for Renewable Energy Payments 1425 S.E. 37th  Portland, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Mark Pete Pengilly  mpengilly@gmail.com  Oregonians for Renewable Energy Payments P.O. Box 10221  Portland, Oregon 97296	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Ryan Flynn, Esq.  ryan.flynn@pacificorp.com  PacifiCorp  825 N.E. Multnomah, Suite 1800  Portland, Oregon 97232	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
PacifiCorp  oregondockets@pacificorp.com  825 N.E. Multnomah, Suite 2000  Portland, Oregon 97232-2153	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Andrew Koyaanisqatsi andrew@solarenergyoregon.com Solar Energy Solutions, Inc. 3730 S.E. Lafayette Court Portland, Oregon 97202	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Γim O'Neil  im@southeastuplift.org  Southeast Uplift Neighborhood Coalition  3534 S.E. Main Street	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail

Page 6 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Portland, Oregon 97212

ESLER, STEPHENS & BUCKLEY

Joe Henri <a href="mailto:jhenri@sunedison.com">jhenri@sunedison.com</a> SunEdison 12500 Baltimore Avenue Beltsville, Maryland 20705	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Steven McGrath <a href="mailto:steve@solutions21st.com">steve@solutions21st.com</a> Sustainable Solutions Unlimited, LLC 1339 S.E. 8th Avenue, #B Portland, Oregon 97214	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Daniel Weldon  danweldon@umpquabank.com  Umpqua Bank  19790 South Ferguson Terrace  Oregon City, Oregon 97045	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
Raymond P. Neff  rpneff@efn.org  461-1/2 River Road  Eugene, Oregon 97404	by hand-delivery by facsimile by first class mail by e-mail
DATED this 17 <sup>th</sup> day of January, 2012.	STEPHENS & BUCKLEY

k:\maureen\rnp\um 1452\certserv.doc

ESLER, STEPHENS & BUCKLEY

Attorneys at Law 888 S.W. Fifth Avenue, Suite 700 Portland Oregon, 97204, 2021

By: /s/ John W. Stephens
John W. Stephens, OSB No. 773583
stephens@eslerstephens.com
Of Attorneys for Renewable Northwest Project

Portland, Oregon 97204-2021 Telephone: (503) 223-1510 Facsimile: (503) 294-3995