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June 4, 2012

VIA E-MAIL AND U.S. MAIL

Filing Center Oregon Public Utility Commission 550 Capitol St NE Ste 215 Salem, OR 97301-2551

Re:

UM 1017 – Response of the Oregon Telecommunications
Association and Oregon Exchange Carrier Association to Verizon's

Comments

Dear Sir/Madam:

Enclosed are the original and one copy of the Response of the Oregon Telecommunications Association and Oregon Exchange Carrier Association to Verizon's Comments. Also enclosed are the original and one copy of a Certificate of Service.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

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RICHARD A. FINNIGAN

RAF/km Enclosures

cc:

Service List (via e-mail) Clients (via e-mail)

RESPONSE OF THE OREGON
TELECOMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION AND
OREGON EXCHANGE CARRIER ASSOCIATION TO
VERIZON'S COMMENTS - 1

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

UM 1017

In the Matter of the Investigation into Expansion of the Oregon Universal Service Fund to Include the Service Areas of Rural Telecommunications Carriers.

RESPONSE OF THE OREGON
TELECOMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION
AND OREGON EXCHANGE CARRIER
ASSOCIATION TO VERIZON'S
COMMENTS

The Oregon Telecommunications Association ("OTA") and the Oregon Exchange Carrier Association ("OECA") are filing these Comments in response to Verizon's Comments filed June 1, 2012, in this Docket. Verizon opposes the Joint Motion of OECA, OTA and Commission Staff to approve and accept the Memorandum of Understanding that is pending before the Commission.

OTA and OECA respectfully request that the Commission not follow Verizon's recommendation.

Rather, OTA and OECA request that the Commission accept and approve the Memorandum of Understanding.

The Need for Acceptance and Approval of the Memorandum of Understanding.

This matter comes at an extraordinarily critical juncture for rural telephone companies in Oregon. The rural companies in Oregon are struggling to comply with the Federal Communications Commission's *Transformational Order*² which requires substantial reductions in intrastate access

² FCC No. 11-161 (released November 18, 2011).

¹ The Comments were filed by MCI Communications Services, Inc. d/b/a Verizon Business Service and MCImetro Access Transmission Services LLC d/b/a Verizon Access, which together were labeled as Verizon.

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RESPONSE OF THE OREGON TELECOMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION AND OREGON EXCHANGE CARRIER ASSOCIATION TO VERIZON'S COMMENTS - 2

rates with the reductions to take effect July 1, 2012. Complicating this process is the fact that CenturyLink (legacy CenturyTel) and Frontier (legacy Citizens) made a decision to exit the OECA pools. With CenturyLink and Frontier in the pools, the pool rate was lower than what it would be without those two companies participating in the pool. This has made the FCC mandated reductions that have to occur in the pool for intrastate access rates even more difficult.

At the same time, the FCC has frozen the level of intrastate access rates on the terminating side.⁵ This means the only place that revenue can be raised in access charges if there is a shortfall in recovering the revenue requirement on the terminating side is through originating access rates. Without the OUSF support sought through the Memorandum of Understanding, the result would be that originating access rates for rural carriers in Oregon would increase to over \$0.25 per minute on average. This would likely translate to much higher toll rates for consumers in rural Oregon. It would also likely result in most interexchange carriers exiting rural markets, thereby limiting customer choice. This would be a disastrous consequence.

All of this comes at a time when the rural companies are fighting on their customers' behalf against rural call completion issues. As described in the Staff Comments in UM 1547, rural call completion issues have resulted in large volumes of calls not being terminated into rural company service areas. This means that customers in those areas become more isolated socially and the businesses in those areas suffer economically.

See, 47 C.F.R. § 51.909(b).

5 47 C.F.R. § 51.909(a).

⁴ This should not be taken as a criticism of CenturyLink and Frontier. Their action was a natural outcome of their respective transactions in acquiring the legacy Verizon properties by Frontier and legacy Qwest by CenturyTel. The rural companies, legacy CenturyTel, Embarg and Citizens, are entitled to OUSF distributions from the rural portion of the OUSF to reflect their investments in serving rural Oregon.

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In part of its argument, Verizon points to the FCC's Residential Rate Ceiling of \$30.00 and implies that rural companies should be at the \$30.00 level to receive funding from the OUSF.⁶

What Verizon does in making this statement is to mislead the Commission. The Residential Rate Ceiling is a ceiling. It is not a determination of what the appropriate rate should be. The purpose of the ceiling is to limit when rural companies can apply the Access Recovery Charge of \$0.50 per month per customer as part of the access reduction recovery.⁷

The Residential Rate Ceiling consists of the flat rate charge for residential local service, EAS service charges, the federal SLC and ARC, and state USF contributions along with 911 and TRS charges. What this effectively means is that if an Oregon company has residential rates with EAS at approximately \$22.00 or more, it is already over the Residential Rate Ceiling.

Verizon argues that Oregon companies have low residential rates that can be increased. However, there are fifteen rural companies that already exceed the FCC's Residential Rate Ceiling. For example, Canby's residential rate with EAS produces a rate of \$24.08. ColtonTel's residential rate with EAS is \$37.85. Molalla's residential rate with EAS is \$27.95. Monroe's residential rate with EAS is \$23.58. North-State's residential rate with EAS is \$26.80. For most rural companies in Oregon, residential rates are already substantially above the national average. Verizon's argument is misleading.

Verizon makes the further misleading statement that the OUSF surcharge is a tax. The surcharge is not a tax. It is a charge placed on all customer of wireline companies to recognize the

⁶ Verizon Comments at p. 6-7.

⁷ See, FCC 11-161 at ¶¶ 913 and 914.

⁸ Verizon Comments at p. 6-7.

⁹ Verizon Comments at p. 4 and elsewhere.

¹⁰ It is ironic that Verizon's largest set of operations, its wireless operations, do not contribute to the OUSF and if they did, the surcharge would be much less.

RESPONSE OF THE OREGON
TELECOMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION AND
OREGON EXCHANGE CARRIER ASSOCIATION TO
VERIZON'S COMMENTS - 4

value of having a robust public switched telecommunications network (PSTN) throughout the state of Oregon. It is a surcharge on services that recognize those services use the rural portion of the PSTN and that the rural portion of the PSTN has a higher cost per customer to construct and maintain than does the urban portion of the PSTN. The PSTN is one network that exists throughout the state to serve all customers and the surcharge is a contribution to keeping the network viable for all customers throughout the state of Oregon.

As set out in the Memorandum of Understanding, the analysis contained within the Memorandum of Understanding is premised upon the Commission's orders in UM 1017. This year is the normal triennial review as established by the Commission in those orders. What the level of support reflects is the additional investments that rural companies have made to serve customers in rural Oregon since 2003.

What Verizon fails to point out to the Commission is that the OUSF draws by the companies have not increased since 2003. They remained at 2003 levels after both the 2006 and 2009 triennial reviews for a variety of reasons. The important point is that the increase represented by the 2012 Memorandum of Understanding is approximately a three percent per year increase from 2003. That is a modest increase on a per year basis when compared to the rate of inflation.

Verizon argues that if the Memorandum of Understanding is approved, the renewal process should be modified. Under the Commission's orders, the triennial review is supposed to set support for three years. Recognizing that there will be a review of the OUSF during this triennium, it was agreed that the Memorandum of Understanding would be set for a year-by-year renewal basis for those three years on the assumption that at some point in time it will be replaced by a Commission order. That process, as incorporated in the Memorandum of Understanding, reflects the Commission's existing orders and is a reasonable approach to be sure there is not a substantial disruption in service to customers in rural Oregon.

RESPONSE OF THE OREGON
TELECOMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION AND
OREGON EXCHANGE CARRIER ASSOCIATION TO
VERIZON'S COMMENTS - 5

CONCLUSION

OTA and OECA have agreed to join in an examination of the OUSF. However, it is absolutely critical to avoid a major disruption to rural customers that the Memorandum of Understanding be approved and then the examination of the OUSF occur. Having originating access rates rise to \$0.25 per minute on average in rural Oregon will be a disaster. OTA and OECA respectfully request that the Commission approve the Memorandum of Understanding as set out in the Joint Motion filed with Commission Staff.

Respectfully submitted this 4th day of June, 2012.

RICHARD A. FINNICAN, OSB No. 965357 Attorney for the Oregon Telecommunications Association and the Oregon Exchange Carrier Association

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE UM 1017

I certify that I have this day sent the attached Response of the Oregon Telecommunications Association and Oregon Exchange Carrier Association to Verizon's Comments by electronic mail and U.S. mail to the following:

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I further certify that I have this day sent the attached Response of the Oregon Telecommunications Association and Oregon Exchange Carrier Association to Verizon's Comments by electronic mail to the following parties or attorneys of parties:

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE - 1

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE - 2

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE - 3

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15	Dated at Olympia, Washington, this 4th day of June, 2012.	
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