

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION  
OF OREGON**

ARB 52 (5)

In the Matter of	)	
	)	
GLOBAL CROSSING LOCAL SERVICES	)	STAFF COMMENTS
and QWEST CORPORATION	)	
	)	
Fifth Amendment to Interconnection Agreement	)	
Submitted for Commission Approval Pursuant	)	
to Section 252(e) of the Telecommunications	)	
Act of 1996.	)	

RECOMMENDATION:      APPROVE AMENDMENT

On October 3 2002, Global Crossing Local Services and Qwest Corporation (Qwest) filed a fifth amendment to the interconnection agreement previously approved by the Public Utility Commission of Oregon (Commission). The parties seek approval of the amendment under Section 252(e) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996. The Commission provided notice by posting an electronic copy of the amendment on the World Wide Web, at: <http://www.puc.state.or.us/caragmnt/>. The Commission Staff (Staff) offers these comments.

The amendment is part of a larger group of agreements Qwest submitted for approval following a complaint lodged by the Minnesota Department of Commerce. The Minnesota complaint alleged that several Qwest-CLEC contracts previously not filed with the Minnesota PUC, should have been filed under Section 252(a) of the Federal Telecommunications Act (Act). This complaint triggered other states, including Oregon, to look at similar unfiled contracts. As a result, Qwest submitted this amendment, along with over 70 other agreements or amendments to agreements, to the Commission in March 2002. Qwest claimed that the Act did not require it to file the agreements it was submitting. Staff is currently investigating this matter.

In April 2002, Qwest petitioned the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) for a declaratory ruling on the scope of the duty to file and obtain prior approval of negotiated contractual arrangements under Section 252(a)(1). On October 4, 2002, the FCC issued a memorandum opinion and order on the matter. The order finds that agreements creating an ongoing obligation pertaining to resale, number portability, dialing parity, access to right-of-way, reciprocal compensation, interconnection, unbundled network elements, or collocation are interconnection agreements and must be filed pursuant to section 252(a)(1). The FCC specifically includes dispute resolution and escalation procedures among the agreements that should be filed. The order gives the state commissions the authority to decide on a case-by-case basis whether the Act requires a particular agreement to be filed for approval.

The Minnesota PUC also recently determined that Qwest should have filed several contracts in Minnesota.

In early September 2002, Qwest re-submitted 16 of the 70+ previously unfiled agreements to the Commission, including the amendment at issue here. In its letter accompanying the re-submission, Qwest stated that while it wanted the Commission to approve these agreements, it asked the Commission to refrain from deciding whether the 16 agreements were in fact required to be filed under the Act. Qwest said it was filing the agreements at this time so they could be on file and available for adoption under Section 251(i).

Staff agrees with Qwest that the Commission may approve these agreements under the Act while Staff continues to investigate the issue of whether the Act requires Qwest to file any, or all, of the 70+ previously non-filed agreements. Staff notes that its comments are restricted to those areas identified within brackets in the margins. Staff also notes that some parts of the agreements have been redacted. Staff recommends that the Commission reserve its right to address those portions of the agreements not identified by Qwest as part of its submission.

Under the Act, the Commission must approve or reject an agreement reached through voluntary negotiation within 90 days of filing. The Commission may reject an agreement only if it finds that:

- (1) the agreement (or portion thereof) discriminates against a telecommunications carrier not a party to the agreement; or
- (2) the implementation of such agreement or portion is not consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

Staff recommends approval of the amendment. Staff concludes that the amendment to the previously approved agreement does not appear to discriminate against telecommunications carriers who are not parties to the agreement and does not appear to be inconsistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

Staff notes that an interconnection agreement or amendment thereto has no effect or force until approved by a state Commission. *See* 47 U.S.C. Sections 251 (a) and (e). Accordingly, Staff points out that the effective date of this filing will be the date the Commission signs an order approving it, and that any provision stating that the parties' agreement is effective prior to that date is not enforceable.

Dated at Salem, this 24th day of October, 2002.

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**Celeste Hari**  
Telecommunications Analyst