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April 7, 2023

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Public Utility Commission of Oregon Filing Center P.O. Box 1088 201 High Street S.E., Suite 100 Salem, OR 97308-1088

Re: Docket No. PCN 5 – In the Matter of Idaho Power Company's Petition for Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity.

Attention Filing Center:

Attached for filing in the above-referenced docket is Idaho Power Company's Surrebuttal Testimony and Exhibits of Mark Bastasch (Idaho Power/2000-2003).

Please contact this office with any questions.

Thank you,

Suzanne Prinsen Legal Assistant

Sugarne Prinser

Attachments

DOCKET PCN 5 - CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on April 7, 2023 Idaho Power Company's Surrebuttal Testimony of Mark Bastasch was served by USPS First Class Mail and Copy Center to said person(s) at his or her last-known address(es) as indicated below:

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DATED: April 7, 2023

/s/ Suzanne Prinsen Suzanne Prinsen

Suzanne Prinsen Legal Assistant

Idaho Power/2000 Witness: Mark Bastasch

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

DOCKET PCN 5

In the Matter of	;
IDAHO POWER COMPANY'S	;
PETITION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY.	;

IDAHO POWER COMPANY
SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY
OF
MARK BASTASCH

APRIL 7, 2023

Exhibit List

- Idaho Power/2001 Excerpt from Idaho Power Response to Larkin DR 19 Attachment 2, EFSC Proposed Order on ASC (July 2, 2020)
- Idaho Power/2002 OAR 340-035-0035 Table 9
- Idaho Power/2003 EFSC Exceptions Hearing Day 3 (Aug. 31, 2022)

I. 1 INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY 2 Q. Please state your name, your place of employment, and your position. 3 Α. My name is Mark Bastasch. I am employed as Principal Acoustical Engineer with the 4 consulting firm, Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. ("Jacobs"). I was previously employed by 5 CH2M until that company was acquired by Jacobs in 2017. My business address is 2020 6 SW 4th Avenue, Suite 300, Portland, OR 97201. 7 Are you the same Mark Bastasch that previously filed Reply Testimony in this Q. matter?1 8 9 A. Yes. What is the scope and purpose of your Surrebuttal Testimony? 10 Q. 11 A. The purpose of my Surrebuttal Testimony is to respond to the STOP B2H Coalition's 12 ("STOP B2H") arguments relevant to my Reply Testimony. RESPONSES TO THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF STOP B2H 13 II. 14 Q. Please describe STOP B2H's concern, as expressed in its Rebuttal Testimony, regarding the Energy Facility Siting Council's ("EFSC") decision to grant the 15 16 Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line Project ("B2H" or the "Project") an 17 exception to, and variance from, the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality's ("ODEQ") ambient antidegradation standard. 18 19 A. STOP B2H makes two arguments regarding EFSC's issuance of an exception to and

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variance from the ambient antidegradation standard for B2H. First, STOP B2H takes issue

with the fact that EFSC granted one overall exception to, and variance from, the ambient

antidegradation standard for the B2H transmission line as a whole, instead of granting an

exception and variance for every individual noise sensitive receptor ("NSR").2 And

¹ Idaho Power/1100-1115 (Feb. 21, 2023).

² STOP B2H's Rebuttal Testimony and Exhibits of Jim Kreider (STOP B2H/200, Kreider/19-20) (Mar. 20, 2023).

second, STOP B2H argues that EFSC erred in granting B2H an exception³ to the ambient antidegradation standard based on the percentage of total hours of the year when foul weather occurred rather than relying on Table X-8 of Exhibit X to the Application for Site Certificate ("ASC")—concerning the percentage of days with one hour or more of foul weather—which STOP B2H argues is the most accurate measurement of frequency of foul weather.⁴

- Q. How do you respond to STOP B2H's first argument regarding EFSC's grant of an exception to and variance from the ambient antidegradation standard for the entire B2H transmission line?
- 10 A. To the extent the argument is a legal one, Idaho Power Company's ("Idaho Power" or the
 11 "Company") lawyers will respond to it in briefing. However, I can say that I am aware that
 12 EFSC specifically addressed this issue in the Final Order and found that it was appropriate
 13 to issue one exception and variance for the line as a whole.⁵
- Q. What is your response to STOP B2H's argument about the frequency of foul weather
 that is expected to cause exceedances?
 - First, I disagree with STOP B2H's argument that ODEQ's Noise Rules require EFSC and Idaho Power to estimate the frequency of potential exceedances of the ambient antidegradation standard using the percentage of days with one hour or more of foul weather, as opposed to considering the percentage of the total number of hours in a year when foul weather is expected to occur. In making its argument, STOP B2H relies on the Noise Rules' definition of the term "any one hour" in OAR 340-035-0015(7), which means

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³ STOP B2H actually states that it is objecting to EFSC's grant of a variance for B2H, and not an exception, on this basis, but the context makes clear that STOP B2H is referring to EFSC's grant of an exception. Frequency of foul weather was not used by EFSC to determine the appropriateness of granting a variance from the ambient antidegradation standard, but rather for determining whether to grant an exception to the ambient antidegradation standard under OAR 340-035-0035(6)(a) for "[u]nusual and/or infrequent events." See Idaho Power's Supplement to Petition for CPCN, Attachment 1 (Final Order) at 688-89 of 10603 (Oct. 7, 2022) [hereinafter, "Final Order"].

⁴ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/20-22.

⁵ Final Order at 687 of 10603.

"any period of 60 consecutive minutes during the 24-hour day." STOP B2H seems to believe this term is relevant to the concept of "frequency" for the purposes of considering an exception to ODEQ's Noise Rules. However, the term "any one hour," as it appears in the rules, is not related to the determination of the frequency of exceedances for the purpose of evaluating whether an exception is warranted under OAR 340-035-0035(6)(a), but rather applies to the determination of the occurrence of an exceedance of the ambient NSR antidegradation standard during monitoring under at an OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(i). Moreover, it is worth noting that the Oregon Supreme Court found no legal error in EFSC's determination that exceedances of the ambient antidegradation standard would be unusual or infrequent based on evaluating the percentage of total hours in a year when foul weather was expected to occur.⁷

Perhaps more importantly, I disagree that a sole focus on the number of days when an exceedance might occur provides a fair or full understanding of the frequency of exceedances for the purposes of considering noise impacts. Doing so erroneously suggests that a potential exceedance lasting one hour is equivalent to an exceedance which lasts 24 hours.

- Q. STOP B2H also asserts that your reliance on the Bonneville Power Administration's ("BPA") interpretation of frequency as support for EFSC's grant of an exception for B2H to ODEQ's Noise Rules was flawed as BPA is a federal agency that is not subject to Oregon's ambient antidegradation standard.⁸ Is this correct?
- A. No. While it is true that BPA is a federal agency, Executive Order No. 12088 requires that

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⁶ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/21.

⁷ STOP B2H Coalition v. Or. Dep't of Energy (In re Site Certificate), 370 Or 792 at 807-08, 2023 Ore. LEXIS 133 at *21-22 (Mar. 9, 2023) ("EFSC determined that noise exceedances would be unusual or infrequent based on the evidence showing that exceedances may occur only in less than two percent of the total hours in a year. To the extent Stop B2H contends that EFSC committed a legal error in interpreting what is meant by 'unusual or infrequent' under the rule, we see no error. Nothing in the rule or statute required EFSC to use the number of days instead of the percentage of hours in assessing whether noise exceedances would be unusual or infrequent.").

⁸ STOP B2H /200, Kreider/21-22.

all federal agencies comply with state and local noise control regulations, including ODEQ's Noise Rules.⁹ BPA operated under temporary noise guidelines until the early 1980s when it worked with ODEQ to adopt interpretations of ODEQ's Noise Rules.¹⁰ BPA's memorandum dated May 26, 1982 specifically states that "BPA will meet State and local noise control regulations" and explains that BPA and ODEQ reached an interpretation of the Noise Rules that concluded that given BPA's meteorological assessment of weather east of the Cascades, corona noise caused by foul weather conditions east of the Cascades would be by definition "infrequent," and therefore, transmission lines in that region would be eligible for an exception to the Noise Rules.¹¹

- Q. STOP B2H also argues that even if BPA's 1982 memorandum interpreting frequency was applicable, B2H would not meet BPA's criteria for an exception because the memorandum's interpretation was based on meteorological data that showed a rain rate from 0.8 to 5.0 millimeters per hour will occur less than one percent of the time during the year east of the Cascades, and notes that exceedances are expected "48 days per year." How do you respond?
- A. I disagree with STOP B2H's argument for several reasons. First, characterizing the days per year an exceedance may occur treats an exceedance of one hour the same as an exceedance of 24 hours. BPA's 1982 memorandum does not refer to a days per year metric, rather it refers to the "percent of time during the year" when foul weather is present. Second, the meteorological analysis in BPA's 1982 memorandum applies broadly to areas "east of the Cascades," and does not identify that additional

⁹ Idaho Power/1113, Bastasch/1.

¹⁰ See Idaho Power/1113, Bastasch/1.

¹¹ Idaho Power/1113, Bastasch/1 ("Based on a meteorological analysis of the frequency of these rain rates (0.8–5 mm/hr), [alternating current] transmission lines east of the Cascades will meet this criteria.").

¹² STOP B2H/200, Kreider/21-22; see also Idaho Power/1113, Bastasch/1-2.

¹³ Idaho Power/1113, Bastasch/1.

meteorological analysis is required between the macro (i.e., all areas east of the Cascades) and micro (e.g., the B2H Project area). Thus, the framework presented in BPA's 1982 memorandum is consistent with EFSC's findings, supporting the granting of an exception for B2H in this case.¹⁴

STOP B2H argues that it is incorrect for Idaho Power to claim that its noise monitoring methodology and analysis is conservative because, in a number of respects, Idaho Power was just complying with ODEQ's Sound Measurement Procedure Manual (NPCS-1) ("Sound Manual"). In particular, STOP B2H points out that ODEQ's Sound Manual requires Idaho Power to conduct its monitoring outdoors instead of indoors, to exclude measurements during high winds and when precipitation will affect results, and to use late-night measurements.¹⁵ How do you respond?

I agree that Idaho Power's noise monitoring methodology and analysis was designed to be generally consistent with ODEQ's Sound Manual and was approved by the Oregon Department of Energy ("ODOE"). However, many of the requirements of the ODEQ Sound Manual are in and of themselves conservative. For instance, while the ODEQ Sound Manual dictates that periods of high winds be excluded from ambient sound level calculations, these elevated sound levels nonetheless persist during these wind events. ¹⁶ As a result, the calculated ambient sound level will reflect only periods of relative calm, which may be uncharacteristically low. This is also the case during precipitation events. Moreover, the requirement that late-night data be used was intended to result in an ambient background sound level reflecting the quietest period of the day. And I would note that, contrary to STOP B2H's statement, basing ambient background sound levels on late-night

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Q.

¹⁴ Final Order at 688-89 of 10603.

¹⁵ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/22-24.

¹⁶ Idaho Power/1108, Bastasch/5-6 ("Higher wind speeds produce higher sound levels.").

- data is not required by ODEQ's Sound Manual but rather was a requirement imposed by

 ODOE that rendered Idaho Power's analysis even more conservative than that required by

 ODEQ.
- 4 Q. STOP B2H also seems confused as to why Idaho Power's assumption that the 5 transmission line is operating at 550 kilovolts ("kV") is conservative. 17 Can you please explain how Idaho Power's assumption regarding voltage was conservative? 6 Yes. As I stated in my Reply Testimony, 18 Idaho Power modeled sound levels from the 7 Α. transmission line assuming that B2H would be operating at the maximum voltage level of 8 550-kV, which is the voltage at which corona sounds would be at their loudest. 19 However. 9 in fact, the Company expects that B2H will operate at maximum voltage only 0.01 percent 10 11 of the time, with a normal operating voltage of 525 kV approximately 50 percent of the 12 time.²⁰ Importantly, normal operating conditions at 525 kV will yield approximately 2 dBA less sound than the 550 kV voltage level that was used in the sound modeling.²¹ Thus, 13 under normal operating conditions, over half of the modeled exceedances in the 14 Attachment X-4 of the Final Order will likely not occur.²² 15
- Q. STOP B2H also argues that your statement that Idaho Power was conservative in selecting representative baseline monitoring positions ("MPs") because the Company erred on the side of selecting the quietest MP where there were several options is incorrect because MP 11—which the Company selected to represent NSRs in the Morgan Lake area—was located near a railroad.²³ How do you respond?

¹⁷ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/23.

¹⁸ Idaho Power/1100, Bastasch/18-19.

¹⁹ Idaho Power/1103, Bastasch/11 (Idaho Power's Response to Staff Data Request 26, Attachment 5, ASC, Exhibit X).

²⁰ Final Order at 682 of 10603.

²¹ Final Order at 682 of 10603.

²² Idaho Power's Supplement to Petition for CPCN, Attachment 1 (Final Order, Attachment X-4, Revised Tabulated Summary of Acoustic Modeling Results by Receptor Location) at 10553-58 of 10603 (Oct. 7, 2022) [hereinafter, "Final Order, Attachment X-4"].

²³ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/23.

A. I disagree with STOP B2H's argument for several reasons. First, MP 11 is no longer relevant as Idaho Power's supplemental monitoring at four locations replaced MP 11 (see Attachment X-4 to the Final Order). Second, Idaho Power's supplemental monitoring produced very similar results to the original monitoring in the Morgan Lake area. For example, Idaho Power selected MP 100 to represent NSRs closest to Morgan Lark Park as MP 100 was located on private property on the parcel immediately adjacent to Morgan Lake Park and was in a very similar setting as the park. The ambient baseline sound level at MP 100 was 31 dBA, which was very similar to the 32 dBA ambient sound level at MP 11. The remaining three supplemental MPs used to represent the Morgan Lake area (MP 101 and MP 102) and the La Grande valley near I-84 (MP 103) produced ambient sound levels equal to or higher than that measured at MP 11. Accordingly, EFSC found that Idaho Power's supplemental monitoring confirmed that MP 11 was reasonably representative.²⁵

- Q. STOP B2H argues that Idaho Power underestimated the number of NSRs that would likely experience exceedances by not including NSRs that are 1 or 2 dBA below the ambient antidegradation standard threshold of 10 dBA.²⁶ Does the ambient antidegradation standard envision a margin of error?
- A. To the extent that STOP B2H's argument raises a legal question, it is my understanding that Idaho Power's lawyers will respond in briefing. However, I am aware that under OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(i), an exceedance of the ambient antidegradation standard

²⁴ Final Order, Attachment X-4 at 10553-58 of 10603.

²⁵ Final Order at 679 n. 740 of 10603 ("In this supplemental monitoring, the mean L50 was 31 dBA at MP 100; 36 dBA at MP 101; 32 dBA 5 at MP 102; and 43 dBA at MP 103. The one decibel difference between MP 100 and MP 11 (31 dBA vs 32 dBA) is so subtle that it is not perceivable by the human ear. Consequently, the sound levels measured at MP 100 do not invalidate the applicant's initial selection of MP 11 as representative of the area, nor do the supplemental monitoring results impact or alter the Council's evaluation of the facility's compliance with the Noise Rules.").

²⁶ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/24.

- only occurs when the predicted noise from the Project is more than 10 dBA above ambient
 sound levels.
- 3 Q. STOP B2H also points to BPA's 1982 memorandum as supporting a margin of tolerance of +/- 2 dBA for assessing exceedances of the ambient antidegradation standard.²⁷ Does BPA's 1982 memorandum support a 2 dBA margin of error for determining an exceedance under the ambient antidegradation standard?
- A. No, BPA's 1982 memorandum does not support a 2 dBA margin of error for determining an exceedance of the ambient antidegradation standard at an NSR. Rather, the memorandum establishes a design standard at the edge of the right-of-way—which is to "be determined within a [+/-] 2 dB(a) tolerance."²⁸
- 11 Q. STOP B2H asserts that Idaho Power's supplemental monitoring during the EFSC
 12 contested case proceeding was not conservative because the monitoring was
 13 inconsistent with the protocols in ODEQ's Sound Manual.²⁹ Is STOP B2H correct
 14 that Idaho Power's supplemental monitoring was not generally consistent with
 15 ODEQ's Sound Manual?
- 16 A. No, STOP B2H is incorrect. As I discussed in my Reply Testimony,³⁰ Idaho Power's
 17 supplemental monitoring from October 10 to November 1, 2021 used the same
 18 methodology and conservative assumptions to measure and calculate the mean ambient
 19 noise levels that were approved by ODOE and its noise consultants for the Company's
 20 initial noise monitoring, which were generally consistent with ODEQ's Sound Manual.³¹

²⁷ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/25.

²⁸ Idaho Power/1113, Bastasch/1-2.

²⁹ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/26.

³⁰ Idaho Power/1100, Bastasch/13.

³¹ Final Order at 679 n. 740 of 10603 ("During the contested case, the applicant provided supplemental monitoring at MP 100, MP 101, MP 102 and MP 103, to represent NSRs nearer to Morgan Lake and, for MP 103, in the La Grande valley closer to I-84. The applicant applied the same methodologies used in its initial monitoring, and established the baseline noise levels based on the quiet late-night period of midnight to 5:00 a.m. with calm winds.").

- Q. STOP B2H also argues that Idaho Power underestimated the number of NSRs that
 are likely to experience exceedances because Idaho Power used representative
 MPs for clusters of NSRs and points to "spot check" noise monitoring performed
 by Kerrie Standlee at Greg Larkin's property as supporting this argument.³² How
 do you respond?
- A. I disagree with STOP B2H's argument for several reasons. As an initial matter, ODOE

 and its noise consultants—Golder Associates and Standlee and Associates (the same)—

 approved the use of representative MPs.³³ Second, EFSC, in adopting the Contested

 Case Order, found that Kerrie Standlee's monitoring at Mr. Larkin's property was not

 persuasive evidence because Mr. Standlee conceded when discussing his less than fourhour monitoring event that "the results from one night of measurements at the residence

 should not be used to determine representative ambient noise levels for the residence."³⁴
 - Q. STOP B2H also argues that Idaho Power underestimated the number of NSRs that are likely to experience exceedances because the analysis area for assessing noise impacts under Exhibit X was set at a half-mile instead of one mile.³⁵ How do you respond?
- 17 A. I disagree. As STOP B2H concedes, in response to comments to the Draft Proposed
 18 Order, Idaho Power performed a secondary review using the same methodologies and
 19 assumptions out to one mile in areas assigned to MPs with low late-night baseline sound
 20 levels (i.e., areas most likely to experience an exceedance).³⁶ This secondary analysis

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³² STOP B2H/200, Kreider/24-25.

³³ Final Order at 669-78 of 10603.

³⁴ Idaho Power's Supplement to Petition for CPCN, Attachment 1 (Final Order, Attachment 6, Contested Case Order at Amended By Council) at 8860 of 10603 (Oct. 7, 2022).

³⁵ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/25.

³⁶ Idaho Power/2001, Bastasch/2-3 n. 674 (Excerpt from Idaho Power Response to Larkin DR 19 – Attachment 2, EFSC Proposed Order on ASC (July 2, 2020)) ("The applicant performed this broader review of potentially affected NSRs beyond one-half mile and out to 1 mile for five areas assigned to monitoring points with low late-night baseline sound levels (MP06, MP11, MP15, MP34, and MP35), and identified NSRs beyond the one-half mile analysis area in Exhibit X. In response to comments on the DPO,

- resulted in only one potential additional exceedance at an NSR, not five as STOP B2H asserts.³⁷
- Q. STOP B2H also argues that there are a number of predicted exceedances in Malheur

 County and that Idaho Power's noise analysis emphasizing dry conditions east of

 the Cascades overlooks these impacts.³⁸ Is STOP B2H correct?
- 6 Α. For the most part, no. While STOP B2H is correct that there are a number of ambient antidegradation standard exceedances predicted in Malheur County, 39 the sound levels 7 during foul weather at these locations are less than the most restrictive Table 8 sound 8 level standard of 50 dBA, 40 and even less than the most restrictive sound level standard 9 for "Quiet Areas" 41 of 45 dBA. 42 STOP B2H also seems to be conflating BPA's 1982 10 11 memorandum detailing a default exception to the Noise Rules for transmission lines east 12 of the Cascades based on the meteorological data in that region showing that foul weather was "infrequent" with the conservative nature of Idaho Power's noise analysis in 13 determining whether an exceedance may be present at an NSR. For example, as 14 discussed above, Idaho Power's noise analysis for predicting exceedances is 15 16 conservative in part because the Company assumed that the transmission line was 17 operating at 550 kV, and under normal operating conditions at 525 kV, actual sound levels

the applicant performed a secondary review using the same methodologies and assumptions, which resulted in the identification of one potential additional exceedance at an NSR that was not previously addressed in Exhibit X.").

³⁷ Idaho Power/2001, Bastasch/2-3 n. 674 (Excerpt from Idaho Power Response to Larkin DR 19 – Attachment 2, EFSC Proposed Order on ASC (July 2, 2020)).

³⁸ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/25.

³⁹ Final Order, Attachment X-4 at 10555-56 of 10603.

 $^{^{40}}$ OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(i) (Table 8 sound level standards); Idaho Power/1104 (OAR 340-035-0035 – Table 8).

⁴¹ "Quiet Area" means "any land or facility designated by the [Environmental Quality Commission ("EQC")] as an appropriate area where the qualities of serenity, tranquility, and quiet are of extraordinary significance and serve an important public need, such as, without being limited to, a wilderness area, national park, state park, game reserve, wildlife breeding area, or amphitheater. [ODEQ] shall submit areas suggested by the public as quiet areas, to the [EQC], with the [ODEQ's] recommendation." OAR 340-035-0015(50).

⁴² OAR 340-035-0035(1)(c) (Table 9 sound level standards for Quiet Areas); see also Idaho Power/2002 (OAR 340-035-0035 – Table 9).

will be approximately 2 dBA less than modeled at 550 kV. Accordingly, under normal operating conditions for the transmission line (i.e., operating at 525 kV), over half of the modeled exceedances in Malheur County would not occur. The fact that Idaho Power's modeling assumptions are likely overestimating the number of NSR exceedances in Malheur County is separate and apart from past precedent regarding BPA's and ODEQ's interpretation of "infrequent" for the purpose of granting an exception to ODEQ's Noise Rules.

- STOP B2H also argues that Idaho Power's noise analysis was not conservative and that the Company likely underestimated the number of NSRs likely to experience exceedances because the Company did not use the default ambient sound level of 26 dBA allowed for wind energy facilities under OAR 340-035-0035(1)(b)(B)(iii)(I).⁴⁴ How do you respond?
- 13 A. The default ambient sound level of 26 dBA is only allowed to be used for wind energy
 14 facilities, thus such an option was not available to Idaho Power and a monitoring protocol
 15 was developed in consultation with ODOE. The subsequent noise analysis utilized the
 16 measured data, some of which was less than 26 dBA and some of which was above
 17 26 dBA.
- Q. STOP B2H asserts that your statement that "Idaho Power has conservatively assumed that the entire Project is being sited on land that has not previously been used for commercial or industrial purposes" is incorrect because no assumption was necessary, and Idaho Power simply applied the law.⁴⁵ Is this correct?
- A. No, STOP B2H's assertion is incorrect, and an assumption was necessary. As EFSC detailed in the Final Order:

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⁴³ Fifteen of the 27 modeled exceedances in Malheur County are at or below +12 dBA. See Final Order, Attachment X-4 at 10555-56 of 10603.

⁴⁴ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/26.

⁴⁵ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/22.

The applicant assumed the facility would be a new industrial or commercial noise source located on previously unused industrial or commercial sites. The standards for noise sources proposed to be located on previously unused industrial or commercial sites are more restrictive than on sites of previous industrial or commercial use. While historic use was not evaluated for the entire analysis area, based on land use zoning designations presented in ASC Exhibit K and the applicant's application of the more restrictive noise standards, the Council evaluates the facility under OAR 340-035-0035(b)(B) as a new noise source located on a previously unused industrial or commercial site. 46

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- STOP B2H further argues that because the mitigation required by Recreation Condition 1 of the site certificate requires shorter H-frame towers near Morgan Lake Park, and therefore will necessarily increase the number of towers near the park, campsites in Morgan Lake Park noted in Attachment X-4 of the Final Order will likely become NSRs.⁴⁷ How do you respond?
- A. There may be some confusion on this point. To be clear, the increased sound level associated with the H-frame towers required by Recreation Condition 1 near Morgan Lake
 Park were included in the supplemental modeling.
- Q. Finally, STOP B2H asserts that "[r]ecreation sites (as well as scenic and protected areas), also have noise standards that must be complied with" and Attachment X-4 of the Final Order shows that there are several modeled exceedances of recreational day-use areas in Morgan Lake Park.⁴⁸ How do you respond?
- A. To the extent STOP B2H's argument raises a legal question, it is my understanding that

 Idaho Power's lawyers will respond to this issue in briefing. However, while I am not a

 lawyer, I am aware that the noise level standards for "Quiet Areas" which STOP B2H

 is seemingly referencing in its Rebuttal Testimony—are not applicable to the recreational

⁴⁶ Final Order at 666 of 10603 (emphasis added).

⁴⁷ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/26.

⁴⁸ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/27.

⁴⁹ OAR 340-035-0015(50) (definition of Quiet Areas); see also OAR 340-035-0035(1)(c) (Table 9 sound level standards for Quiet Areas).

- day-use areas in Morgan Lark Park as Quiet Areas are officially designated as such by the Oregon Environmental Quality Commission ("EQC") and there is no indication that there are designated Quiet Areas within the site boundary or within the vicinity of the Project.⁵⁰ Moreover, with respect to day-use recreational areas at Morgan Lake Park, I am aware that EFSC found that such areas are not subject to ODEQ's Noise Rules.⁵¹
- Q. STOP B2H argues that Noise Control Condition 3 should be revised to require the transmission line to undergo upgrades for "new masking technologies" as they become available, and that regular transmission line inspections and maintenance should be incorporated into the condition.⁵² Do you find that such changes to Noise Control Condition 3 are reasonable and necessary?
 - A. It is my understanding that Idaho Power will address this issue in briefing. However, I am aware that EFSC explicitly rejected these same changes to Noise Control Condition 3 as unnecessary at the Exceptions Hearing.⁵³
- Q. STOP B2H argues that Noise Control Condition 2 is insufficient because the site certificate condition places the burden on landowners to bear the cost of employing an acoustical engineer to prove there is an exceedance at properties that were not previously determined to be NSRs under Noise Control Condition 1.54 Do you find that STOP B2H's proposed changes to Noise Control Condition 2 are reasonable and necessary?

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⁵⁰ See Idaho Power/1100, Bastasch/5.

⁵¹ Final Order at 555 of 10603 ("The applicant evaluates potential noise impacts from operation of the proposed transmission line at campsites, as potential noise-sensitive receptor locations, at Hilgard State Park and Morgan Lake Park for the evaluation under the [ODEQ] noise rules. At these locations, the applicant provides updated noise modeling using the 17 H-frame tower structures for the Morgan Lake alternative and identified campsites as noise sensitive receptors (NSRs); 142, 143, 147, and 148 at Morgan Lake Park. *The Council verified with the City of La Grande that these areas are not campgrounds but are day use areas, therefore are not evaluated for compliance with the [ODEQ] noise rules.*") (internal emphasis added).

⁵² STOP B2H/200, Kreider/27-28.

⁵³ Idaho Power/2003, Bastasch/130-39 (EFSC Exceptions Hearing – Day 3 (Aug. 31, 2022)).

⁵⁴ STOP B2H/200, Kreider/29.

A. It is my understanding that Idaho Power will address this issue in briefing. However, I am aware that EFSC explicitly rejected these same changes to Noise Control Condition 2 as unnecessary at the Exceptions Hearing.⁵⁵ Moreover, I am aware that under Noise Control Condition 2, a landowner need only provide in their complaint the following:

the date the certificate holder [Idaho Power] received the complaint, the nature of the complaint, weather conditions of the date for which the complaint is based (such as wind speed, temperature, relative humidity, and precipitation), duration of perceived noise issue, the complainant's contact information, and the location of the affected property.⁵⁶

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Furthermore, where a complainant's property or properties were not included as NSRs, Noise Control Condition 2 places the burden on Idaho Power to model the sound level increases using the methods set in Exhibit X to the ASC *unless* the complainant voluntarily provides alternative noise data.⁵⁷ If the complainant voluntarily provides alternative noise data, the complaint will be verified through site-specific sound monitoring conducted by an Oregon registered Professional Engineer, Board Certified by the Institute of Noise Control Engineering noise specialist, employed or contracted by Idaho Power.⁵⁸

18 Q. Does this conclude your Surrebuttal Testimony?

19 A. Yes.

⁵⁵ Idaho Power/2003, Bastasch/109-15 (EFSC Exceptions Hearing – Day 3 (Aug. 31, 2022)).

⁵⁶ Idaho Power's Supplement to Petition for CPCN, Attachment 1 (Final Order, Attachment 1, Site Certificate) at 786-87 of 10603 (Noise Control Condition 2) [hereinafter, "Final Order, Attachment 1"].

⁵⁷ Final Order, Attachment 1 at 788 of 10603 ("If the complainant's NSR property or properties are not included in Attachment X-5 of the Final Order on the ASC, the certificate holder [Idaho Power] shall model the sound level increases using the methods set forth in ASC Exhibit X, unless the complainant voluntarily provides alternative noise data.").

⁵⁸ Final Order, Attachment 1 at 788 of 10603 ("If the complainant voluntarily provides alternative noise data and the data suggests an exceedance that had not previously been identified and mitigated, and/or an exceedance not otherwise allowed under Noise Control Condition 4 or Noise Control Condition 5, the complaint shall be verified through site specific sound monitoring conducted by an Oregon registered Professional Engineer, Board Certified by the Institute of Noise Control Engineering noise specialist, employed or contracted by the certificate holder [Idaho Power], in accordance with NPCS-1 unless otherwise approved by the [ODOE]. If site specific sound monitoring is not authorized by the complainant, the certificate holder's modeling results may be relied upon to determine compliance.").

Idaho Power/2001 Witness: Mark Bastasch BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON Docket PCN 5 In the Matter of **IDAHO POWER COMPANY'S** PETITION FOR CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY Surrebuttal Testimony of Mark Bastasch Exhibit 2001 Excerpt from Idaho Power's Response to Larkin DR 19 -Attachment 2, EFSC Proposed Order on ASC (July 2, 2020)

BEFORE THE ENERGY FACILITY SITING COUNCIL OF THE STATE OF OREGON

In the Matter of the Application for Site Certificate for the Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line

PROPOSED ORDER ON APPLICATION FOR SITE CERTIFICATE

July 2, 2020

1 10, 2012, and the supplemental measurement period commenced March 11, 2013 and ended 2 on June 12, 2013.

3

- 4 The Department relied upon its third-party consultant, Golder Associates, to review the
- 5 protocol. Based on review, Golder Associates confirmed that the sound measurement
- 6 <u>procedures and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and baseline noise measurements were technically accurate. 671 Based on the line and </u>
- 7 Department's third-party consultant recommendations and review, and review of facts
- 8 represented in ASC Exhibit X, the Department recommends Council approve the applicant's
- 9 sound monitoring points and measurement procedures, as allowed under OAR 340-035-
- 10 <u>0035(3)(a) and (b).</u>

11

- 12 As provided in ASC Exhibit X Section 3.2.1, the methods of the acoustic (modeling) analysis are
- 13 <u>summarized below (Steps 1-6).</u> To evaluate compliance with the ambient antidegradation
 - standard, the applicant evaluates compliance with the L50 noise standard, versus the L10 noise
- standard, because it is more restrictive.

16

14

- 17 <u>Step 1: ⁶⁷² NSRs, including properties normally used for sleeping, schools, churches, hospitals</u>
- 18 <u>public libraries, and campsites</u> were identified within the <u>one-half mile</u> analysis area based
- on aerial imagery, GIS analysis, property records databases, and visual verification. The
- applicant questions if seasonally used campsites (particularly if the campsite is not open for
- 21 more than half of the year) should be considered property normally used for sleeping under
- the DEQ noise rules, nonetheless, the applicant provided a supplemental analysis evaluating
- the campsites at Morgan Lake and Hilgard State Park, discussed in this section and Section
- 24 <u>IV.L., Recreation</u> and Section IV.F., *Protected Areas*, respectively, of this order. ⁶⁷³ On a case-
- by-case basis, in areas where the late-night baseline sound level was unusually low (e.g.,
- less than 26 dBA), noise sensitive properties within one mile were identified and included in
- the analysis.⁶⁷⁴

⁶⁷¹ B2HAP<u>PDoc ApASC Golder Noise Memo 1788390 B2H Exhibit X 2017-12-19.</u>

barn, garage), the applicant attempted to visually verify from public right-of-way (ROW) the use of each structure.

<u>B2HAPPDoc3-41 ASC 24 Exhibit X Noise ASC 2018-09-28, Section 3.2.1.</u>

initially be less than 10 dBA and therefore compliant with the ambient analyzed potential noise impacts at the park would seasonal than 15.

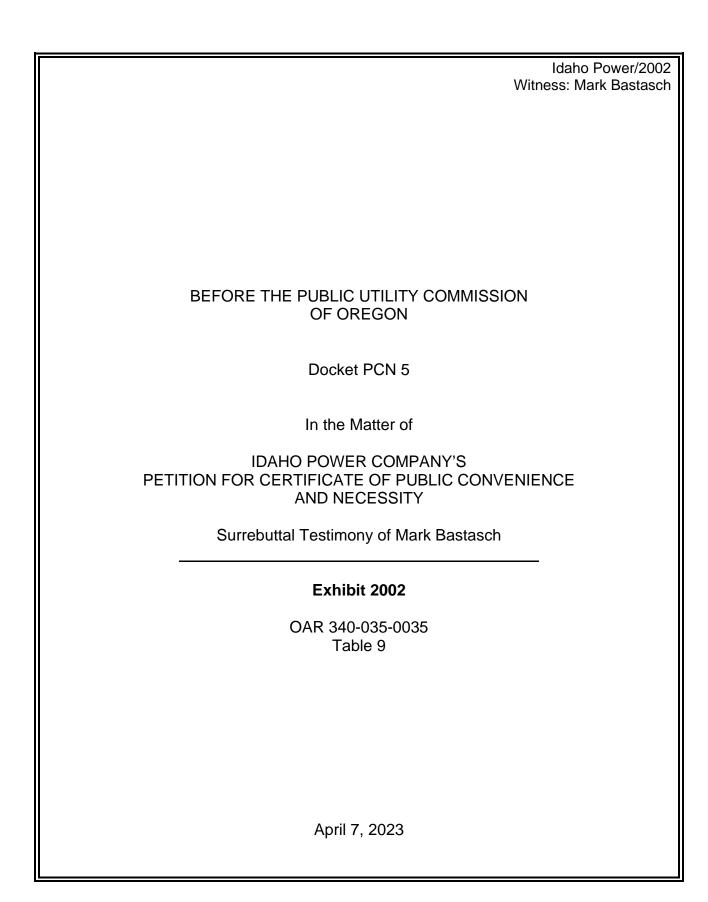
improximately half the calendar year. Nonetheless, the applicant analyzed potential noise impacts at the park by comparing it to the nearby School/Correctional Facility identified as NSR 29 in the ASC. The modeling for NSR 29 showed a foul weather increase of 6 dBA. However, the park is farther from the proposed transmission line than NSR 29, which means the expected noise increase at the park would be less than at NSR 29, because noise attenuation increases with distance from the noise source. Because the increase at NSR 29 was less than 10 dBA, the increase at the park would similarly be less than 10 dBA and therefore compliant with the ambient antidegradation standard.

⁶⁷⁴ Based on the applicant's acoustic modeling analysis, foul weather sound level at an elevation of 4,000 feet and a distance of one-half mile is 36 dBA. At an elevation of 1,500 feet and a distance of one-half mile the modeled sound level is 34 dBA. The applicant notes that while the vast majority of NSRs are at elevations less than 4,000 feet, the modeled level of 36 dBA is supportive of a one-half mile distance when using 26 dBA as a proxy for a quiet rural ambient baseline. On a case-by-case basis, in areas where the late-night baseline sound level was unusually low (e.g., less than 26

```
Step 2: Sound source characteristics for noise modeling of the transmission line during foul
 1
 2
         weather conditions were determined. The highest audible noise levels occur in conditions of
 3
         foul weather, therefore, to the applicant compared the maximum corona sound level
         expected during meteorological conditions conducive to corona generation background and
 4
         sound levels must be presented as a function of meteorological conditions. Principal
 5
 6
         contributors to the existing acoustic environment included motor vehicle traffic, railroad
 7
         traffic, streams and rivers, mobile farming equipment and activities, farming irrigation
         equipment, ATVs, periodic aircraft flyovers, residential yard sounds (i.e., people and pets),
 8
         ranch animals, and natural sounds such as birds, insects, and wind interaction with
 9
         vegetation and/or terrain.
10
         Step 3: Initial screening-level modeling results of the transmission line were calculated
11
12
         based on the foul weather conditions, and an assessment was completed to determine the
         likely maximum received sound at NSRs within the monitoring analysis area. As a first-level
13
14
         screening review for NSRs, the applicant then conservatively assumed and Department
15
         recommended an ambient hourly L50 noise level of 20 dBA. 575 Because ambient L50 noise
         levels at any NSR cannot increase by more than 10 dBA in one hour, the associated
16
         "threshold" to establish if there would be an exceedance to the ambient antidegradation
17
18
         standard is 30 dBA.
         Step 4: For NSRs that showed a potential exceedance based on the assumed 20 dBA
19
         ambient hourly L50 noise level (30 dBA threshold) requested by the Department,
20
21
         representative baseline sound measurements were conducted at or near 17 locations. As
         discussed above, a sound monitoring protocol was developed in consultation with the
22
         Department. Measurements were conducted over a period of 2 to 4 weeks at preselected
23
         and approved monitoring positions in targeted areas.
24
25
         Step 5: From the baseline measurements, the representative existing L50 sound levels were
         calculated and new compliance thresholds were defined to assess conformance with the
26
         ambient antidegradation standard. The representative existing L50 sound levels were
27
         calculated by taking the average of the measured L50 sound levels for the late nighttime
28
         period (12:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m.). This late nighttime period demonstrates the quietest time
29
30
         period and is conservatively assumed to be present at all times of the day. Atypical sources
         of extraneous sound, such as sound produced by field crews setting up or calibrating the
31
```

dBA), noise sensitive properties further than one-half mile were identified and included in the analysis. The applicant performed this broader review of potentially affected NSRs beyond one-half mile and out to 1 mile for five areas assigned to monitoring points with low late-night baseline sound levels (MP06, MP11, MP15, MP34, and MP35), and identified NSRs beyond the one-half mile analysis area in Exhibit X. In response to comments on the DPO, the applicant performed a secondary review using the same methodologies and assumptions, which resulted in the identification of one potential additional exceedance at an NSR that was not previously addressed in Exhibit X.

⁶⁷⁵ The Department requested the applicant use 20 dBA as an assumed ambient sound level for the applicant to filter NSRs in its initial screening level analysis, because 20 dBA is near silence thus a highly conservative assumption. B2HAPPDoc13 DPO IPC Responses to Select DPO Comments Rec'd by 2019-11-07; B2HAPP DPO IPC Responses - StopB2H - 4. Noise - 1st Supplemental Response 2019-11-05.





OAR 340-035-0035

Table 9

Industrial and Commercial Noise Source Standards for Quiet Areas Allowable Statistical Noise Levels in Any One Hour

	7:00 a.m. – 10:00 p.m.	10:00 p.m. – 7:00 a.m.
L ₅₀	50 dBA	45 dBA
L ₁₀	55 dBA	50dBA
L ₁	60 dBA	55dBA

Idaho Power/2003 Witness: Mark Bastasch BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON Docket PCN 5 In the Matter of **IDAHO POWER COMPANY'S** PETITION FOR CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY Surrebuttal Testimony of Mark Bastasch Exhibit 2003 EFSC Exceptions Hearing – Day 3 (Aug. 31, 2022) April 7, 2023

Hearing - Day 3

Council Review of Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line

August 31, 2022



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OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ENERGY FACILITY SITE COUNCIL MEETING

Council Review of the Proposed Order/Proposed Contested

Case Order for the

Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line

August 31, 2022

Day 3 of 3

8:00 a.m.

REPORTED BY: CRYSTAL R. McAULIFFE, RPR, CCR 2121, Oregon CCR 22-0002

Page 541 APPEARANCES 1 2 3 OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY COUNCILMEMBERS: 4 KENT HOWE, Vice Chair HANLEY JENKINS II 5 PERRY CHOCKTOOT JORDAN TRUITT 6 CINDY CONDON ANN BEIER 7 TODD CORNETT, Secretary 8 OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY STAFF: 9 KELLEN TARDAEWETHER Senior Energy Facility Siting Analyst 10 SARAH ESTERSON 11 Siting Analyst 12 CHRISTOPHER CLARK Siting Policy Analyst and EFSC Rules Coordinator 550 Capitol Street Northeast 13 1st Floor 14 Salem, Oregon 97301 15 FOR EFSC COUNCIL: 16 JESSE RATCLIFFE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 17 1162 Court Street Northeast Salem, Oregon 97301 503.947.4549 18 jesse.d.ratcliffe@doj.state.or.us 19 20 FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY: 2.1 PATRICK ROWE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 22 1162 Court Street Northeast Salem, Oregon 97301 23 503.947.4520 patrick.g.rowe@doj.state.or.us 24 25

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Page 542
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     Also Present:
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     Joe Horst
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     Sam Myers
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	Page 543
1	LA GRANDE, OREGON; AUGUST 31, 2022
2	8:00 a.m.
3	-000-
4	
5	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Good morning, everyone.
6	Welcome back. The time is now eight o'clock in the
7	morning. And I would like to call the August 29th,
8	30th, and 31th, 2022 meeting of the Energy Facility
9	Siting Council to order.
10	Mr. Secretary, please call the roll.
11	SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe.
12	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Here.
13	SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
14	COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Here.
15	SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt.
16	COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Here.
17	SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
18	COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Here.
19	SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
20	COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Here.
21	SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
22	COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Here.
23	SECRETARY CORNETT: You have a quorum,
24	Mr. Vice Chair.
25	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Are there any

- 1 agenda modifications?
- 2 SECRETARY CORNETT: Mr. Vice Chair, just as
- 3 a reminder, at the end of the meeting today, we will go
- 4 back to the meeting minutes from June and July. And
- 5 then there was, at least thus far, one item that was
- 6 pushed to the end of the meeting today, which was the
- 7 notification related to the blasting plan. So that's
- 8 the one remaining issue from all of the standards and
- 9 issues that the Council has heard thus far. So that's
- 10 the one that we will return to.
- 11 And we do have a proposal for Council, so
- 12 thank you to Christopher Clark. He did some research on
- 13 that and has provided that. And Sarah is working up a
- 14 proposal that we will have for Council on that one.
- 15 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Thank you.
- So I have the following announcements.
- 17 Please silence your cell phones. Those participating
- 18 via phone or webinar, please mute your phone. And if
- 19 you receive a phone call, please hang up from this call
- 20 and dial back in after finishing your other call.
- 21 For those signed on to the webinar, please
- 22 do not broadcast your webcam. Reminder to Council and
- 23 anyone addressing the Council to please remember to
- 24 state your full name clearly and do not use the speaker
- 25 phone feature as it will create feedback.

- 1 For those testifying on B2H agenda item,
- 2 please use the "raise your hand" feature in Webex to
- 3 speak during the public comment period, or press star 3
- 4 to raise your hand if you are participating by
- 5 telephone.
- 6 You may sign up for email notices by
- 7 clicking the link on the agenda or on the Council web
- 8 page. You are also welcome to access the online mapping
- 9 tool and any documents by visiting our website.
- 10 Energy Facility Council meetings shall be
- 11 conducted in a respectful and courteous manner where
- 12 everyone is allowed to state their positions at the
- 13 appropriate times, consistent with Council rules and
- 14 procedures. Willful, accusatory, offensive, insulting,
- 15 threatening, insolent, or slanderous comments which
- 16 disrupt the Council meetings are not acceptable.
- 17 Pursuant to Oregon Administrative Rule
- 18 345.011.0080, any person who engages in unacceptable
- 19 conduct which disrupts the meeting may be expelled.
- 20 So today, we're continuing our review of the
- 21 proposed order and proposed contested case order and
- 22 exception hearing on the Boardman to Hemingway
- 23 Transmission Line.
- We have Kellen Tardaewether, the Senior
- 25 Siting Analyst for the Oregon Department of Energy, and

- 1 Jesse Ratcliffe, Department of Justice Senior Assistant
- 2 Attorney General of the Natural Resources section.
- 3 So we are ready to move to the Noise Control
- 4 Regulation Standard. And we have issues NC11, -2, -3,
- 5 and -4. And so I'll turn it over to Ms. Tardaewether.
- 6 MS. TARDAEWETHER: Good morning. Thank you,
- 7 Vice Chair. Good morning, members of the Council.
- For the record, my name is Kellen
- 9 Tardaewether, Senior Siting Analyst, Oregon Department
- 10 of Energy.
- I'm going to do an introduction for Council
- 12 for noise. I'm going to deviate a little bit from what
- 13 my PowerPoint presentation had and we are all boarding
- 14 the train and we're leaving Council's standards and
- we're headed to the realm of the other applicable
- 16 standards and rules.
- 17 So this is going to be exciting and we're
- 18 going to look at some rules. And I don't want
- 19 anybody -- there will be a lot, but I'm going to talk
- 20 you through what they are. And I think that's the best
- 21 way to set you up for the background for some of the --
- 22 the pretty technical information that you're going to be
- 23 hearing today regarding noise for the facility.
- So we are in the realm of the noise control
- 25 regulations that are under the Department of

- 1 environmental qualities noise rules. And Council has
- 2 seen the noise rules before and we've talked about them.
- But if the Council has wondered what are we
- 4 doing making decisions about DEQ's noise rules, I'm
- 5 going to show you why.
- And while we're getting there, I'm going to
- 7 remind the Council that under the Council's general
- 8 standard of review, the, question is whether or not the
- 9 preponderance of evidence supports the conclusion that
- 10 the application for site certificate or the proposed
- 11 facility meets Council's standards, Council's statutes,
- 12 and then other applicable laws and statutes as
- 13 identify -- you know, in Oregon as identified in the
- 14 Second Amended Project Order. So that is where we're
- 15 going.
- 16 And so up here on my screen -- and there is
- 17 a little bit of delay. So this is in the proposed
- 18 order.
- 19 So this is -- this is why Council is making
- 20 decisions on the -- the DEO noise rules, which is just
- 21 what I'm going to call them. They are noise
- 22 regulations. So the legislative assembly actually
- 23 withdrew funding.
- 24 So DEO doesn't actually fund, administer, or
- 25 generally mediate or provide input or interpretation for

- 1 their rules or implementation of their rules.
- 2 However, the DEQ noise rules are still rules
- 3 that are -- apply in Oregon. Therefore, they fall into
- 4 that bucket underneath the general standard of review
- 5 that the Council must find -- must evaluate and find
- 6 compliance with.
- 7 Oh, my sharing bar. Bear with me here.
- 8 Okay. So this is the rule-set. Let me see
- 9 if I can make it bigger here for folks.
- 10 Okay. Noise control regulations for
- industry and commerce, so I'm going to kind of walk
- 12 through here. These are standards and regulations.
- 13 We're going to skip over one. Those are existing noise
- 14 sources.
- What are we talking about?
- 16 We're talking about new noise sources. So
- 17 there's new noise sources and we're on previously
- 18 unused -- previously used sites and new sources located
- 19 on previously unused sites.
- 20 And in the proposed order, the applicant
- 21 provides information and representations that the site
- 22 for the proposed transmission line is an unused site,
- 23 predominantly using information from Exhibit K, which is
- 24 information about land use.
- The facility crosses mostly EFU lands and

- 1 some forested lands. But, in general, one of the ways I
- 2 think about it is like a used site would be a brown
- 3 field or already developed or an industrial site and an
- 4 unused site would be, generally, an undeveloped site.
- 5 The rules that fall under an unused site are
- 6 more stringent than a used site. So it is a more
- 7 conservative set of rules that would apply to the
- 8 facility.
- 9 So we're looking at this big "B," little
- 10 "i," and then, you know, "ii," so we're just going to
- 11 kind of walk through this.
- Now, also what are we talking about with
- 13 noise?
- We know we have a transmission line. We're
- 15 going to be constructing and operating a transmission
- 16 line. So there's noise associated with construction,
- 17 which I'll talk about that. And then there's noise
- 18 associated with the operation of the proposed facility.
- 19 The vast majority of that noise is the corona noise
- 20 associated with operating a high voltage transmission
- 21 line.
- Generally speaking, the higher the voltage,
- 23 the more corona noise you may have under certain
- 24 circumstances.
- 25 Corona noise is most apparent in conditions

- 1 that have, like, weather conditions that have light
- 2 moisture so, like, a light rain that is light enough
- 3 that where the moisture would amplify the corona noise,
- 4 but not heavy enough rain to where the sound of the rain
- 5 would actually drowned out the corona noise.
- 6 So those are kind of the conditions in which
- 7 corona -- the corona effect would be the most amplified.
- 8 So underneath here the "no person owning or
- 9 controlling," this is where we have your -- the two
- 10 noise standards. And we have this -- I'm going to stop
- 11 or start with -- okay.
- 12 So we have this -- so the noise source here,
- 13 transmission lines are not allowed to increase the
- 14 ambient statistical noise levels by more than 10
- 15 decibels, "dBA," in any one hour. Okay. So that is
- 16 one. This is one of the noise standards.
- 17 We call that the "ambient degradation
- 18 standard or the "anti-ambient degradation standard."
- 19 So this is where in any one hour the noise
- 20 from the facility cannot exceed 10 dBA.
- 21 The other, the other noise standard is the
- 22 maximum noise standard and there's this table eight.
- 23 And I have it later in the presentation,
- 24 which I'll go over. So this is the maximum noise levels
- 25 that are represented in this table. So those are the

- 1 two that we look at.
- Okay. I'm going to scroll down. There
- 3 are -- so Council will just see here. This doesn't
- 4 apply. But there are separate rules that would apply to
- 5 a wind energy facility. This is not a wind energy
- 6 facility, so we are applying the non-wind rules.
- 7 Okay. Okay.
- 8 This is an applicable portion of the rules.
- 9 This is some direction about measurement and where
- 10 measurement of a noise source or measurement points
- 11 for -- on gaining data to establish what the existing
- 12 ambient or baseline noise is. So these are rules
- 13 that -- that provide direction about the location and --
- 14 and how to go about measurement.
- 15 Okay. The sub (5) are exceptions. So there
- 16 are explicit exemptions for noise under the DEO noise
- 17 rules. One of them that we -- and the proposed order
- 18 does talk about several exemptions.
- 19 The one that really -- that kind of Council
- 20 is the most familiar with and that we talk about in the
- 21 proposed order is the exemption for sounds that
- 22 originate from a construction site.
- 23 So noise associated with constructing a
- 24 facility is exempt from these noise rules. They
- 25 contemplate that construction may be noisy. However,

- 1 there is a lengthy explanation of noise associated with
- 2 construction in the proposed order because that's also
- 3 where we talk and we pull in the assessment under
- 4 recreation, protected areas, and scenic resources, we
- 5 point to that evaluation to give an idea of what the
- 6 noise associated with construction may be.
- Okay. And then we have, under this sub (35)
- 8 of the noise control regulations, there are exceptions.
- Just give me a moment. I'm going to check
- 10 with my notes to see if I need to go back to my
- 11 PowerPoint and see if I'm on target here with what I
- 12 want to say.
- Okay. Very good.
- 14 Before I go into exceptions -- and I'll just
- 15 leave these here. But I wanted to talk about and to
- 16 give some background about ambient or baseline noise
- 17 levels.
- So here, really, what we're doing -- and
- 19 these are for all of Council's facilities, what is
- 20 modeled is the worst-case noise that could potentially
- 21 come out of a proposed facility.
- 22 So with other types of facilities, we
- 23 generally talk about -- for example, with, like, a solar
- 24 facility, what is the noise-generating equipment?
- 25 And it is usually associated with the

- 1 transformers and any equipment associated with the
- 2 battery storage. And the applicant has to model the
- 3 most possible equipment that they are proposing and put
- 4 that into their noise assessment.
- 5 Here, part of the noise -- the noise -- the
- 6 maximum or worst-case noise that we're talking about is
- 7 the corona noise. So what the applicant has provided in
- 8 Exhibit X, which has information about the noise, is the
- 9 worst-case noise -- or a situation where corona would be
- 10 the worst. So that is kind of one bundle of assessment
- 11 that goes over here.
- But then, because these are not existing
- 13 facilities, these are proposed facilities. So we're
- 14 projecting ahead and we're modeling. And part of that
- 15 modeling has to take into consideration the existing
- 16 noise levels at a site.
- 17 And that is the baseline or an ambient noise
- 18 level. Because -- and we can just run a scenario of --
- 19 say that we had a facility or this facility was
- 20 criss-crossing or right adjacent to I-84 as opposed to
- 21 maybe Hanley's house, which is rural and, you know,
- 22 nestled and it's very quiet and peaceful out there.
- 23 The ambient noise next to I-84 is going to
- 24 be louder. And so, therefore, any noise from the corona
- 25 noise from a transmission line, even in the worst-case

- 1 scenarios when it's the loudest, likely would not even
- 2 be heard because the ambient noise is so loud.
- 3 However, out at Hanley's house, it's rural
- 4 and it's quiet. Your ambient noise are the sounds of
- 5 maybe dogs barking in the distance and birds chirping
- 6 and maybe some back-traffic, far-away airplanes. These
- 7 are the ambient noise levels.
- 8 So this is what the applicants -- all
- 9 applicants have to establish. And so that there is
- 10 ambient noise monitoring, where the applicant goes out
- into the field, positions monitoring devices and
- 12 measures during the day and during the night in time
- 13 spans and then -- and then takes the most -- again,
- 14 we're applying the most conservative assumptions.
- 15 So usually what's used is the ambient noise
- 16 level in, like, late, late night/early morning when it's
- 17 just the quietest and that is the ambient assumed for
- 18 that site all the time. So it's the most conservative.
- 19 And then we add that -- we take that ambient
- 20 and add on the projected maximum corona noise, and that
- 21 is what is applied to that ambient degradation standard
- of the "no more than 10 dBA per hour" and the maximum
- 23 noise. So those are kind of a very high level summary
- 24 of those two.
- 25 So -- and we will get to this. And the

- 1 applicant has conducted that modeling. And there are
- 2 several areas where the applicant does not meet or
- 3 exceeds the anti-ambient degradation standard. So the
- 4 noise level in any hour would be more than 10.
- 5 So there are several instances in this. So
- 6 then the applicant in its application has requested
- 7 Council apply -- consider and apply an exception to the
- 8 noise rules. They also are requesting a variance to the
- 9 noise rules in these situations.
- 10 So I'm just going to -- that's what we're
- 11 going to look at these rules here, and these are -- this
- 12 is the findings that are provided in their proposed
- 13 order.
- So for an exemption upon written request for
- 15 an owner, this would be the applicant. The Department
- 16 may authorize an exception to these noise rules, what
- 17 I've talked about, and then these are the
- 18 circumstances -- this A through E, the circumstances
- 19 under which an exemption may be granted.
- 20 The applicant is representing that the
- 21 corona noise would be an unusual and/or an infrequent
- 22 event and provides to support that representation.
- So that's the exception. So -- and here it
- 24 tells -- tells us to point here. So go here. So we're
- 25 going to go there now. This is exciting.

- Okay. So here we are. And so this is
- 2 what -- this is what the Department does.
- We read rules and we see what an applicant
- 4 gets us and we draft findings.
- 5 So in establishing an exception, Department
- 6 shall consider protection of health and safety and
- 7 welfare of Oregon citizens.
- 8 And then we also consider feasibility and
- 9 cost of noise abatement; the past, present, and future
- 10 patterns of land use; relative timing of land use
- 11 changes, and other legal constraints.
- For exceptions, the Department shall specify
- 13 times. So all of these items in here the Department has
- 14 evaluated in the proposed order and made -- made
- 15 recommendations. So each of these aspects is -- is
- 16 represented in the proposed order.
- 17 And then -- and -- and so the Council, as
- 18 the decision-maker for these rules, is -- has the
- 19 authority to do this evaluation and grant or deny these
- 20 exceptions and apply the noise rules.
- 21 The applicant is also requesting that
- 22 Council consider a variance to the noise rules. So the
- 23 Commission may grant -- may grant specific variances
- 24 from the particular requirements of any rule,
- 25 regulation, or order to -- for such specific noise

- 1 sources upon conditions as it may deem necessary to
- 2 protect the public health and welfare if it finds that
- 3 strict compliance with rule, regulation, or order is
- 4 inappropriate because of conditions beyond the control
- 5 of persons granted such variance. So we're going
- 6 to procedures for requesting.
- 7 So this is the second part in the proposed
- 8 order where there is an evaluation and recommendation
- 9 for Council's consideration.
- 10 Okay. Let me go back here. That was kind
- 11 of a lot of rules. And we can go back to that. And
- 12 maybe I'll just proceed.
- 13 But if Council has any questions about
- 14 those, we can do that now or at the end.
- 15 So just give me one minute. I'm almost
- 16 through here. Maybe.
- Okay. I had these snippets of rules in my
- 18 PowerPoint and I thought it was better to actually just
- 19 look at them.
- 20 So under -- there is a table NC-4, which is
- 21 the summary of acoustic modeling results, comparison of
- 22 predicted facility sound levels to late night baseline.
- It provides the results of the applicant's
- 24 noise modeling. So this is their establishment of the
- 25 baseline at representative locations. And then it

- 1 also -- and so it includes the baseline or ambient and
- 2 then their maximum modeled. And in that table, it does
- 3 include the result of the anti-ambient degradation
- 4 standard, so the increase of 10 dBA per hour, but it
- 5 also has the results of the maximum allowable.
- And in that table, the maximum noise at
- 7 any -- and I forgot to give Council the background.
- 8 Council has heard it before.
- 9 In the DEQ noise rules, they call them
- 10 "noise sensitive properties."
- In general, those -- Council can think of
- 12 those as -- they're properties normally used for
- 13 sleeping. That's part of the definition. But it's a
- 14 residence. That's what we're looking at.
- They are called "noise sensitive"
- 16 properties."
- 17 In the application and just in the
- 18 Department's vernacular, we commonly call it an "NSR" or
- 19 a "noise sensitive receptor."
- 20 So the NSR, or noise sensitive property,
- 21 that has the -- which would experience the loudest
- 22 noise, it would be at 47 dBA which is underneath the 50
- 23 dBA. Which this is that Table 8 that those noise rules
- 24 pointed to. This is just taken out of DEO's noise
- 25 rules.

- 1 And again, we're kind of looking -- we're
- 2 going the most conservative, which is the 1-50. When
- 3 the Council sees the "1-50" is generally the statistical
- 4 noise level that is the quietest.
- 5 So everything is kind of the most
- 6 conservative application within these rules. So the --
- 7 and so when we talk about "maximum allowable," 50 dBA is
- 8 that threshold. Because in here it's the most
- 9 conservative. It is the lowest noise.
- 10 And -- in that table, NSR it would be 47.
- 11 So we're recommending the maximum allowable noise
- 12 standard is met.
- 13 And that concludes my portion.
- MR. RATCLIFFE: Thanks, Kellen.
- 15 So we have four issues that are part of the
- 16 contested case that exceptions were filed on related to
- 17 the noise standard.
- 18 We're gonna take those issues one by one.
- 19 So our first issue is NC-1. The limited party here is
- 20 Stop B2H.
- The issue is whether the Department
- 22 improperly modified, slash, reduced the noise analysis
- 23 area in Exhibit X from one mile of the proposed site
- 24 boundary to one-half mile of the proposed site boundary,
- 25 and whether one of the Department's application rules.

- 1 So one of the application materials rules in Division 21
- 2 requires notification to all owners of noise-sensitive
- 3 property within one mile.
- 4 So the proposed contested case order
- 5 opinion, the hearing officer found that the Department's
- 6 application rule does require that an applicant identify
- 7 and address -- and include addresses for noise sensitive
- 8 receptors within a mile of the site boundary.
- 9 A separate Council rule allows for the
- 10 Department to modify the information to be required in
- 11 an application for site certificate if that modification
- is reflected in the Department's project order.
- We've heard about the project order a few
- 14 times. And, again, that is the document that is
- 15 intended to provide the roadmap to the applicant for the
- 16 standards that are going to be required to be met in the
- 17 application process.
- 18 The -- in this case, the project order was
- 19 amended a couple of times. So in the Second Amended
- 20 Project Order the Department modified the requirements
- 21 of the application -- the application requirements to
- 22 accommodate the linear nature of the proposed facility
- 23 and established that the extent of the names and
- 24 addresses that must be identified for noise-sensitive
- 25 properties extend to a half-mile from the site boundary

- 1 rather than a mile.
- 2 So one of the issues raised by Stop B2H was
- 3 whether or not the Department's authority to modify
- 4 these application requirements are limited to a
- 5 situation where the applicant has made a written request
- 6 to waive requirements.
- 7 The hearing officer found that while that
- 8 provision does authorize the Department to modify
- 9 requirements upon the applicant's written request, it
- 10 does not preclude the Department from otherwise
- 11 establishing on its own the applicable application
- 12 requirements in the project order.
- Separately -- and we're, you know, getting a
- 14 little technical here, but the -- the rule that refers
- 15 to the -- the mile boundary, the hearing officer found
- 16 that that's not a requirement for issuing public notice.
- 17 Public notice and entities that must receive
- 18 notice are addressed in a separate Department -- or
- 19 Council rules.
- 20 And that, further, the -- the rule at issue
- 21 here does not establish or define the noise analysis
- 22 area.
- 23 So the Hearing Officer's ultimate conclusion
- 24 here was that separately from modifying the information
- 25 requirements in the application, the Department acted

- 1 within its authority and established the noise analysis
- 2 area in the Second Amended Project Order as the area
- 3 within and extending one-half mile from the site
- 4 boundary.
- So, again, that's the summary of the hearing
- 6 officer's proposed contested case order opinion. And
- 7 we'll now here oral argument from Stop B2H on this
- 8 issue.
- 9 MR. ANUTA: Good morning, members of the
- 10 Commission. My name is Karl Anuta. I'm representing
- 11 Stop B2H.
- 12 First, let me point something out to make
- 13 sure that we're all clear. Stop did not accept on the
- 14 issue of notice. Stop only accepted on the issue of the
- 15 modification in the project order of the pre-existing
- 16 rule.
- 17 And this is an interesting legal issue.
- 18 Hopefully, the Council has thought through this. The
- 19 basic problem here is that you have an existing rule
- 20 that says one mile is what is required for the list.
- The Department's position is that you have
- 22 another rule that allows you to modify that rule in a
- 23 project order. And the problem for you is the Oregon
- 24 Administrative Procedures Act or "APA," is what governs
- 25 rule-making and it does not provide for having a rule

- 1 that lets you modify a rule in an order. It has very
- 2 strict prescriptions. You have to go through a
- 3 rule-making process that publishes notice and does all
- 4 the things that the APA requires. There's no dispute
- 5 that didn't happen here.
- 6 So the really simple direct issue is can
- 7 ODOE pass a rule giving itself an exemption from the
- 8 Administrative Procedures Act rulemaking or rule
- 9 modification requirements.
- 10 Stop's position is straightforward. No.
- 11 Every agency is bound by the APA. If you want to change
- 12 a rule, you have to go through rulemaking. You can do
- 13 that on a temporary or emergency basis, if you find that
- 14 there's an emergency. Not sure how you could find there
- 15 would be an emergency because a power company wants to
- 16 make a lot of money building a line, but -- maybe that
- 17 would -- they could try to argue that. But here there
- 18 was no effort to get an emergency rule passed. There
- 19 was no amended rule that you could apply in a project
- 20 order. You had the existing rules. And instead, the
- 21 Department modified the rule to say something that it
- 22 didn't say.
- 23 So our position is very straightforward.
- 24 You don't have the authority to do that.
- 25 You, the Council, should tell the

- 1 Department -- make them go back and do it correctly.
- 2 And why does that matter?
- 3 Because that list that they create is the
- 4 noise -- is -- provides the public, or you, the ability
- 5 to look at what noise-sensitive receptors are out there
- 6 and what might be covered by the project boundary or the
- 7 project one-mile radius.
- And that's something that the public should
- 9 know. That's why your rules require that notice within
- 10 a half mile.
- 11 You now have a whole group of people that
- 12 were between a half mile and a mile that could never
- 13 figure out because the list wasn't accurately done.
- 14 Whether they were on the list or off the list.
- 15 And that's what happens if you change rules
- in the middle of a proceeding without going through the
- 17 APA.
- 18 I'd be happy to answer questions, if you
- 19 have any.
- 20 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Anuta.
- 21 Any questions from Council?
- Thank you.
- MS. RACKNER: Mr. Anuta is asking you to
- 24 look at one portion of your rules. And to -- and to --
- 25 excuse me. I seem to have some sound going on here.

- 1 Could I pause my time?
- 2 Thank you. I seem to have made all kinds of
- 3 mistakes.
- 4 Okay. I think that's better. All right.
- 5 And again, for the record, I'm Lisa Rackner.
- 6 So Mr. Anuta wants you to look at one
- 7 portion of your rules which are the requirement lists
- 8 for Exhibit X, to read that all by itself and say you
- 9 can't change that rule except to do so under the APA.
- 10 But that's not the way you look at a set of
- 11 rules. Basic principles of statutory construction
- 12 require you to look at all of the rules and construe
- 13 them together.
- And if you do that, you will see that ODOE
- 15 definitely had the authority to make changes in the
- 16 project order to the analysis area for noise.
- 17 And I hate quoting noise -- excuse me,
- 18 quoting rules by number, but I think it's helpful to do
- 19 so.
- 20 OAR Chapter 345-21-0004, that section
- 21 provides that ODOE may waive or modify any of the
- 22 application content requirements listed in Chapter 21
- 23 that ODOE determines are not applicable to the proposed
- 24 facility.
- 25 Similarly, 345-21-0010(1) states that the

- 1 project order identifies the provisions of this rule
- 2 applicable to the application for the proposed facility,
- 3 including any appropriate modifications to application
- 4 of the rule.
- 5 So, clearly, within your rules itself, ODOE
- 6 had the authority to make a revision to the analysis
- 7 area in the project order and that is exactly what they
- 8 did.
- 9 There is no reason for rulemaking. There is
- 10 no error that was committed on a procedural basis here.
- I also want to point out that while ODOE --
- 12 excuse me, while Stop B2H is stating that they are
- 13 concerned that people on that list going out to a mile
- 14 may not have had proper notice.
- 15 At the same time they've said -- and this is
- 16 true in their exceptions -- they didn't raise a notice
- 17 argument. So I think that's a red herring.
- 18 And the final thing I just want to emphasize
- 19 is while ODOE did reduce the analysis area at the
- 20 outset, Idaho Power did analyze for noise effects only
- 21 out to a half a mile.
- 22 Ultimately, in response to concerns -- and
- 23 this is a familiar refrain you'll hear -- Idaho Power
- 24 heard concerns. Idaho Power ultimately expanded its
- 25 analysis area out to one mile.

- 1 And as a result, found one additional
- 2 exceedance going out to one mile. So in the end, the
- 3 analysis area was out to one mile.
- 4 And finally, in the site conditions that
- 5 were adopted by the hearing officer, ultimately, Idaho
- 6 Power is going to have to update the list of landowners
- 7 going out to a mile, provide them all with notice of the
- 8 conditions that are adopted in the site certificate so
- 9 that everybody going out to one mile was going to
- 10 understand what the rules are around noise, what
- 11 mitigation they might be entitled to, and what the
- 12 process is for compliance.
- 13 And I see I've gone over. I apologize.
- 14 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Ms. Rackner.
- 15 Are there any questions from Council?
- 16 Guess not.
- 17 Counsel Rowe.
- 18 MR. ROWE: Patrick Rowe, Department of
- 19 Justice for the Oregon Department of Energy.
- I've said this before, I think at least
- 21 internally, this is an issue that only an administrative
- 22 law professor could love.
- I don't have much to add to what Mr. Rackner
- 24 said, but I will -- always good to hear things a couple
- 25 times to make sure you're following.

- 1 The rule at issue seeks only a list of names
- 2 and addresses of noise-sensitive receptors within one
- 3 mile of the proposed facility.
- 4 It doesn't establish a public notice hearing
- 5 requirement and it doesn't establish an analysis area.
- 6 That rule doesn't say you have to analyze
- 7 noise within one mile. It says give us a list of the
- 8 NSR properties within one mile.
- 9 Council rules don't specify an analysis area
- 10 to determining compliance with the noise control
- 11 regulations. There are statute, as well as rules, that
- 12 provide authority for the Department to establish
- 13 application requirements in the project order.
- Okay. So this -- what was done here isn't
- 15 being done just pursuant to a rule. It is also being
- done pursuant to a statue, which says in the project
- order, the Department shall establish what statutes,
- 18 rules, Council standards apply to the application.
- 19 Consistent with that authority in the
- 20 project order, the Department set the noise analysis
- 21 area at a half mile of the site boundary.
- 22 Even if the Division 21 rule at issue
- 23 required analysis within one mile, which it does not,
- 24 the Department would have authority to modify that
- 25 provision consistent with the statute as well as the

- 1 rules that Ms. Rackner just mentioned.
- 2 Also as Ms. Rackner mentioned, all of this
- 3 is essentially moot. Because even though in the project
- 4 order the Department said analyze within half a mile,
- 5 Idaho Power ended up evaluating noise-sensitive
- 6 receptors and potential noise impacts extending out to
- 7 one mile in response to public comment and concern about
- 8 this issue.
- 9 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Counsel Rowe.
- 10 Any questions from the Council?
- Okay. Do we want to continue our practice
- 12 of taking on each issue and resolving with the straw
- 13 poll for the proposed contested case order one at a
- 14 time?
- 15 Yeah, Council Condon.
- 16 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon.
- Just a question for the Department.
- 18 What was the reason for the half mile? Just
- 19 general reasoning for half mile.
- MS. TARDAEWETHER: For the record, Kellen
- 21 Tardaewether.
- 22 That was established prior -- prior to Sarah
- 23 and I being here.
- 24 After the establishment of the analysis
- 25 areas, happens after the "notice of intent" phase where

- 1 there is a comment period. And we ask reviewing
- 2 agencies to comment on if they have any feedback about
- 3 analysis areas. You know, agencies generally don't
- 4 comment on noise. But just for Council to take into
- 5 consideration that we take that information and then
- 6 that's the basis that we modify analysis areas and then
- 7 your rules tell us to establish that in the project
- 8 order, which happens after the notice of intent phase.
- 9 The intent is just that it is a longer
- 10 linear facility and to have kind of -- it's kind of like
- 11 a reasonable factor. And this is just in conversations
- in our understanding with the people that did establish
- 13 that, because it happened prior to Sarah and I being
- 14 here.
- 15 But that -- that because it is this long,
- 16 you know, 274 mile linear facility, that a reasonable
- 17 analysis area that basically going out a mile would just
- 18 be a really big and maybe unnecessary analysis.
- 19 This is -- and this is just from my
- 20 understanding. We don't actually have anything in the
- 21 record that has a basis or a reason for it.
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Secretary Cornett,
- I believe we're ready for the straw poll.
- 24 SECRETARY CORNETT: Okay. This would be to
- 25 agree with the finding of -- for the record, Todd

- 1 Cornett.
- 2 "Agree with the findings of fact,
- 3 conclusions of law, and conditions of approval in the
- 4 proposed contested case order pertaining to issue NC-1."
- 5 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Sounds right.
- 6 SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe.
- 7 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
- 8 SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Yes.
- 10 SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
- 11 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes.
- 12 SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt.
- 13 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes.
- 14 SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
- 15 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 16 SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
- 17 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes.
- 18 SECRETARY CORNETT: Thank you,
- 19 Councilmembers.
- 20 MR. RATCLIFFE: The next issue is NC-2. We
- 21 have several limited parties associated with this issue,
- 22 Stop B2H, Gilbert, and Horst, all three of these limited
- 23 parties filed exceptions.
- The issue is whether the Department erred in
- 25 recommending that the Council grant a variance/exception

- 1 from the Oregon DEQ's noise rules, OAR 340-035-0035, and
- 2 whether the variance/exception is inconsistent with
- 3 ORS 467.010.
- 4 So the Hearing Officer's opinion on this
- 5 issue first notes one of the Council's statutes
- 6 ORS 469.370 sub (7), which establishes that the Council
- 7 must determine whether the proposed facility complies
- 8 with any additional statutes, rules, or ordinances
- 9 determined to be applicable to the facility by the
- 10 project order as amended.
- 11 So again, this is setting the stage that
- 12 these noise rules come from another source of law and
- 13 not the Council's own rules in the first instance, but
- 14 the DEQ noise rules.
- ORS 469.401 establishes the Council's
- 16 authority in consolidating other permits or permit
- 17 requirements into the site certificate.
- 18 Based on these statutes taken together, the
- 19 Council has the jurisdiction and authority to determine
- 20 whether the proposed facility meets DEO's noise control
- 21 regulation requirements for an exception and/or a
- 22 variance from the ambient anti-degradation standard.
- 23 And that standard is a limit not to exceed
- 24 more than 10 dBA above the baseline ambient noise levels
- in any one hour.

- 1 And further, that the Council is not
- 2 required to consult with the Environmental Quality
- 3 Commission or DEQ in making its determination.
- 4 The hearing officer found that 30 years ago
- 5 the Environment Quality Commission and DEQ suspended
- 6 their responsibility for administrating the noise
- 7 program.
- 8 And, essentially, this places the Council as
- 9 the sole authority to make findings and rules on an
- 10 applicant's request for variance and exception, just as
- 11 it does to the Council's authority to make decisions
- 12 with respect to any aspect of the noise rules that may
- 13 apply here.
- 14 The hearing officer found that limited
- 15 parties presented no persuasive evidence that the
- 16 Department's recommendation that the Council grant a
- 17 variance or exception was an error.
- 18 The hearing officer found that exceedances
- 19 of the ambient degradation standard met the criteria for
- 20 being unusual or infrequent, because it would occur less
- 21 than 2 percent of the time. Only during foul weather,
- 22 where foul weather is infrequent in the project area and
- 23 at times of low ambient noise levels and when the
- 24 transmission line is operating at full capacity.
- ORS 467.010, which is the legislative policy

- 1 behind the noise control rules states that it's to
- 2 provide protection of the health, safety, and welfare of
- 3 Oregon citizens from the hazards and deterioration of
- 4 the quality of life imposed by excessive noise
- 5 emissions.
- The hearing officer found that the proposed
- 7 facility will not present a threat to the environmental
- 8 quality of life in this State. The Department --
- 9 further that the Department appropriately considered the
- 10 factors under OAR 340-35-0010(2).
- 11 The hearing officer also noted the noise
- 12 conditions that have been imposed here.
- Noise condition one, which is a pre --
- 14 preconstruction requirement to work with known NSRs
- 15 where exceedances would occur and agree and implement
- 16 noise impact-related mitigation.
- 17 And second, a post-construction requirement
- 18 to evaluate any noise complaints and implement noise
- 19 impact-related mitigation if the complaint is deemed
- 20 valid.
- This includes a Council review component if
- 22 any disputes on the level of mitigation end up being
- 23 unresolved.
- 24 That with these conditions that are included
- in the proposed contested case order that this would

- 1 result in the protection of health, safety, and welfare
- 2 of Oregon citizens.
- 3 So that is the summary.
- 4 So again, we have three parties who filed
- 5 exceptions on this issue and they can present oral
- 6 argument in the order that they choose.
- 7 MS. GILBERT: Good morning. Irene Gilbert
- 8 here.
- 9 Knowing you are going to deny my request for
- 10 exception on this, based on -- and you've also denied
- 11 all procedural arguments, I'm going to kind of focus
- 12 some on the procedural issues that relate to this
- 13 particular case.
- 14 This is one of many issues when the
- 15 Administrative Law Judge used procedures to hamstring
- 16 the public participation in contested cases.
- 17 My contested case in regard -- is in regard
- 18 to whether it's appropriate for Council to authorize an
- 19 exception in variance to the DEQ's rules. And this is
- 20 one example because, obviously, in order to decide if
- 21 you are going to be able to issue an exception, you have
- 22 to know what the noise effects are.
- 23 And I was denied any arguments regarding the
- 24 methodology or the establishment of what the actual
- 25 noise impacts are going to be, which makes it very

- 1 difficult to justify an exception. And they -- if you
- 2 look at the noise issue, it is -- it's one issue and yet
- 3 you see four -- actually, there were a couple other
- 4 noise issues, if you will, which were really just pieces
- 5 of the noise problem.
- 6 So anyway, when you -- there are a couple of
- 7 court decisions. One is DLCD v. Tillamook County which
- 8 says divisions -- decisions stating -- stating
- 9 petitioners need not have raised individual arguments
- 10 regarding my issue.
- 11 So what -- what that court decision said was
- 12 you don't have to give all the details. All you have to
- 13 do is raise the broad issue.
- 14 And another one here says that -- this is
- 15 with League of Women Voters, says that individual
- 16 arguments regarding issue on appeal cannot be limited.
- 17 So the fact that they have thrown out
- 18 everything in my contested case on the exception or
- 19 variance that had to do with what the actual noise
- 20 levels are and whether or not that was correctly
- 21 identified is not going to hold water in appeal.
- 22 The -- let's see. I wanted to also state
- 23 that I might insert, anyway, the fact that there's no
- 24 deference to an agency when it comes to interpreting
- 25 another agency's rules or statutes.

- 1 And actually, the statute specifically says
- 2 that the rules -- how the rules are supposed to be
- 3 established by DEQ and the DEQ rules have to cover
- 4 specific items and that they are, in effect, the
- 5 statute.
- 6 Because the statute is so clear that it says
- 7 you will determine how you're going -- how you're going
- 8 to measure it. How you're going to interpret it. It's
- 9 that specific.
- 10 The -- the other thing -- so I was going to
- 11 talk about unusual and infrequent.
- 12 ODOE re-interpreted the idea about what --
- 13 how much noise level the exceedance there is.
- In the rules it clearly says that when the
- 15 corona noise is exceeding the ambient degradation
- 16 standard, they are talking about how many days. And it
- 17 specifically says any -- within a 24-hour period if
- 18 there's an exceedance, there's an exceedance of this
- 19 standard.
- 20 So in Union County, that means that 365 days
- 21 out of every year, we could expect the weather to
- 22 be such that -- (audio disruption) -- instead of looking
- 23 at it that way. What the developer did is they said,
- 24 well, if we look at the amount of days -- or not the
- 25 amount of days, but the -- look at it as a block of

- 1 time. So if we were to have this -- this weather
- 2 pattern for four days in a row, then it would be just a
- 3 minor event in a 365-day year.
- 4 That's not what the rules say. The rules
- 5 say one hour within any 24-hour period if there's an
- 6 exceedance, there's an exceedance. That is not
- 7 infrequent. Thank you.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any questions from
- 9 Council?
- 10 Ready for the next.
- 11 MR. ANUTA: Karl Anuta on behalf of Stop.
- 12 You have several issues embedded in this
- 13 particular one. One of them is the legal question of
- 14 can the Department -- or the Council take over the
- 15 authority of DEQ and EQC to grant a variance.
- 16 Our position is very simple.
- 17 You could go to them, or the applicant could
- 18 go to them and say "Will you let us do this because
- 19 you're no longer administering the program?"
- 20 And if they say, heck, yeah. We're no
- 21 longer doing anything, then you have authority.
- If you don't do that, you can't just usurp
- 23 the authority of another agency and say, hey, we're
- 24 going to do that stuff because we don't think they will.
- 25 So that's pretty much a straightforward

- 1 legal question. We don't think you have that authority.
- 2 ODOE argues that you do.
- I think we'll ultimately end up having to
- 4 see how an appellate court views that. We don't think
- 5 the grant of authority is that broad.
- 6 The secondary issues you have here is does
- 7 the applicant's materials and the Department's analysis
- 8 actually meet the requirements for a variance? And --
- 9 or an exception. And if there is one, should it be for
- 10 the entire line or should it be based on individual NSRs
- 11 where the actual high levels of noise will occur?
- 12 Our position on the latter is very
- 13 straightforward. You shouldn't be granting anybody an
- 14 exception for an entire facility that goes for almost
- 15 300 miles. It should be focused on the NSRs where there
- 16 are actually exceedances.
- 17 As to whether they meet the standard, they
- 18 don't. As Ms. Gilbert just noted that there isn't an
- 19 infrequent issue here because it's 48 days if you're in
- 20 Union County. That's not infrequent. There's also no
- 21 special circumstances here that render compliance
- 22 impractical. There are other routes where there
- 23 wouldn't be this problem. One of them would be the NEPA
- 24 route. But the other routes would make this perfectly
- 25 feasible.

- 1 There's also an exception allowed if
- 2 substantial compliance would result in substantial
- 3 curtailment or closing down of the business.
- 4 Well, the business doesn't exist right now.
- 5 It wouldn't be closing anything down. And if the
- 6 applicant can't comply with the noise standards, then
- 7 they shouldn't be building the line. You shouldn't be
- 8 approving things because -- simply because the applicant
- 9 can't meet your standard. You should be saying meet the
- 10 standards or your certificate is denied. That's how
- 11 that it is supposed to work.
- 12 And then one of the other points to think
- 13 about is, you are obligated, if you are actually
- 14 applying the DEQ noise rules to balance the equities
- 15 here, and that wasn't done.
- 16 If you look at the order, the public health,
- 17 welfare, and safety on noise issues were not balanced
- 18 against IPCs. The only thing that was balanced was the
- 19 cost and the difficulty for IPC of building a line that
- 20 actually complied with the standards.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Anuta.
- 22 Are there any questions from Council?
- Okay. Thank you.
- The next is Mr. Horst.
- MR. HORST: Excuse me. My name is Joe

- 1 Horst. Just regards to contested case NC-2. OAR
- 2 340-035-0010 regarding exceptions reads specifically, in
- 3 establishing exceptions, the Department shall consider
- 4 the protection of health, safety, and welfare of Oregon
- 5 citizens.
- This does not do that. You know, there
- 7 might be an argument made that this might be for the
- 8 greater good of the northwest, but the OAR specifically
- 9 says health, safety, and welfare of Oregon citizens, not
- 10 Idaho citizens.
- OAR 340-035-0100 regarding variances reads,
- 12 specifically, conditions for granting. The Commission
- 13 may grant specific variances from the particular
- 14 requirements of any title, regulation, or order to a
- 15 specific person or class of persons shall specific noise
- 16 upon such conditions as it may deem necessary to protect
- 17 the public health and welfare.
- 18 This actually does the opposite of that. It
- 19 does not protect the public health and welfare. So
- 20 that -- therefore, that does not apply.
- The Oregon legislature has made it very
- 22 clear, ORS 467.010 reads: The legislative assembly
- 23 finds that the increasing incidents of noise emissions
- 24 in this State at unreasonable levels is as much of a
- 25 threat to the environmental quality of life in this

- 1 state and the health of safety and welfare of the people
- 2 of the state as is pollution of the air and waters of
- 3 this state.
- 4 The Oregon legislature takes noise pollution
- 5 very seriously. While the Oregon Department of
- 6 Quality (sic) no longer does the variances or exception,
- 7 they did set the standards to what maximum noise levels
- 8 should be.
- 9 If a company wanted to pollute a river and
- 10 their guess is going to be 10 to 20 percent over what
- 11 the maximum allowed is, or if a company wanted to put
- 12 smoke in the air, you know, just saying -- it might be
- 13 10, might be 20. We really don't know that for sure.
- 14 Over the maximum allowed, I'm sure they would be
- 15 rejected.
- 16 There -- there -- the Department
- 17 is and Idaho Power is asking for exceptions that would
- 18 be determined over the maximum level that the ODEQ has
- 19 already made maximum level should be.
- 20 So I'm asking that the -- that you
- 21 guys reject the -- their exceptions or variances at all.
- I'm just going to make a quick comment.
- 23 From what I've seen of this process so far, yesterday I
- 24 made a comment that on this -- that the La Grande City
- 25 Council does not want this route to be used. There's

- 1 many citizens who don't want it to be used. You guys
- 2 aren't listening to us. You're not listening to us at
- 3 all.
- 4 Mr. White came in and he was concerned about
- 5 the -- the blasting -- you know, he lives on the bottom
- 6 of a huge, steep hillside, and he's concerned about his
- 7 house.
- And you guys say, well, we're going to give
- 9 you a week's notice, you know, so you can get out of
- 10 your house so if the rocks come down, you're not in it.
- 11 It's just wrong. You're not listening to what we're
- 12 trying to say. He didn't care about the notice. He
- 13 doesn't want his house flattened.
- 14 You know, while that road -- my road might
- 15 be 15 to 20 percent, it goes at an angle, that -- if you
- 16 ever look at that hillside right at the bottom of those
- 17 houses, it's big and it's steep. If a car -- if a
- 18 cement truck is coming down that road and there is
- 19 another car coming the other way, just a blind corner,
- 20 either the two are going to hit or one -- that cement
- 21 truck is going to go off the road. If it does, it is
- 22 going to land right on a couple of houses. There's no
- 23 way it can't.
- 24 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Horst.
- MR. HORST: Yeah. Okay. I apologize.

- 1 Thank you.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any questions of
- 3 Mr. Horst?
- 4 Okay.
- 5 MS. RACKNER: Good morning. Lisa Rackner,
- 6 again, for the record.
- 7 The argument that the parties have made on
- 8 this issue are far-ranging, and I will try to just
- 9 briefly touch on as many as I can in the time that I
- 10 have.
- 11 First, as Mr. Ratcliffe explained, EFSC does
- 12 have expressed jurisdiction to assess an application for
- 13 a site certificate to make sure that it complies with
- 14 state statutes and rules that are normally administered
- by and enforced by others, including ODEQ's noise rules.
- In EFSC's findings regarding compliance with
- 17 such statutes and rules, it is binding on those
- 18 agencies.
- 19 Accordingly, the Council does have
- 20 jurisdiction to issue a variance or exception in this
- 21 case. And as we explained in our briefing, the
- legislature, when it adopted the noise statute, it
- 23 clearly didn't intend that it would be inflexibly
- 24 applied in each case because it allowed for variances
- 25 and exceptions.

- 1 Now, neither EQC or DEQ are currently
- 2 enforcing their noise statutes and rules. So in order
- 3 to give effect to the legislature's intent, EFSC is the
- 4 only agency that can consider a variance or an exception
- 5 in this case.
- 6 So you have the ability to do so. And as a
- 7 matter of policy, you should do so.
- 8 And with respect to Mr. Anuta's suggestion
- 9 that the applicant or ODOE should have consulted with
- 10 DEQ or ODOE, I can tell you there's an affidavit in the
- 11 record here that on another issue related to noise, the
- 12 applicant did contact DEQ to try to get some advice and
- were told very clearly, we don't have staff to even talk
- 14 to you about this issue. That was on a different issue,
- 15 not the variance or exception issue.
- But to give you a sense, there is evidence
- 17 in the record that there is no one to talk to there
- 18 about noise.
- 19 So second, based upon Idaho Power's noise
- 20 modeling analysis, the corona noise exceedances caused
- 21 by foul weather events are, in fact, infrequent and
- 22 unusual, therefore, warranting an exception to DEQ's
- 23 anti-degradation standard.
- 24 Idaho Power has demonstrated that on average
- 25 in applying conservative assumptions the project will be

- 1 in compliance with the noise rules approximately 98.7
- 2 percent of the time. And when you specifically look at
- 3 the La Grande area, which was the subject of some
- 4 controversy here, B2H will be in compliance
- 5 approximately 97.3 percent of the time.
- 6 Now, both Stop B2H and Ms. Gilbert have
- 7 focused on the fact that Idaho Power's analysis does
- 8 show that if you look at that data on a daily basis,
- 9 there will be 48 days in a year or 13 percent of the
- 10 days where there will be an exceedance.
- 11 But we think the sole focus on that data
- 12 point is -- it's misleading, because it treats a day in
- 13 which there is a -- an exceedance in one hour the same
- 14 as a day where there was an exceedance in every hour.
- 15 And so while that is an interesting data
- 16 point, we're not ignoring it. We think much more
- 17 salient is to think about how many total hours of the
- 18 day is there going to be an exceedance, and it's a tiny
- 19 little fraction.
- Finally, a variance is appropriate because
- 21 strict application of the noise rules, given the
- 22 numerous other constraints the company needs to avoid
- 23 would -- could render B2H unpermitable, which
- 24 would deprive the region of critical infrastructure
- 25 that's necessary to achieve a clean energy grid. And

- 1 it's been supported and prioritized by the state and the
- 2 nation.
- And with respect to Mr. Anuta's claim that
- 4 if we -- that the NEPA route wouldn't have had any of
- 5 the same issues, there's absolutely no evidence in the
- 6 record to suggest that there would have been no
- 7 exceedances along the NEPA route.
- 8 And finally -- and thank you, the other
- 9 parties went a little long, so I will, if you'll indulge
- 10 me, just 30 more seconds.
- 11 Keep in mind, also, that health and welfare
- is one of the bases, one of the things you have to
- 13 consider when you would grant an exception or a
- 14 variance.
- 15 Keep in mind that corona noise that is
- 16 predicted to occur will only be during foul weather and
- 17 it's most likely to cause an exceedance in nighttime
- 18 hours when it is particularly quiet. Under these
- 19 conditions, most residence will be in doors where sound
- 20 levels will be significantly attenuated. And under foul
- 21 weather conditions, where the rain is heavy, then corona
- 22 is frequently masked by the sound of the rain hitting
- 23 the foliage. So our prediction of exceedances is really
- 24 quite conservative.
- As Idaho Power's acoustical expert, Mr. Mark

- 1 Bastasch, explained, the evidence confirms that B2H
- 2 won't cause exceedances of DEQ's maximum allowable sound
- 3 standards for industry sources the maximum amount. And
- 4 Oregonians can reasonably be expected to hear, sleep,
- 5 and go about their daily activities without
- 6 interruption. Therefore, the granting of a variance and
- 7 exception, together with the site conditions that we'll
- 8 talk about a little bit more in a few minutes, are fully
- 9 protective of Oregonians.
- 10 Thank you.
- 11 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Ms. Rackner.
- 12 Are there any questions from Council?
- 13 Councillor Condon.
- 14 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: So I can face you
- 15 without turning. Thank you. Cindy Condon.
- One of the things that is concerning to me
- 17 is -- there's certainly reliance on modeling.
- 18 certainly get that. And there are -- are certainly
- 19 comments made that people can reasonably expect this or
- 20 that.
- 21 So when the project is finished, if there
- 22 are exceedances, what's -- what's the consequence of
- 23 that?
- Does the public just live -- in your mind,
- does the public just live with that? You know, yep.

- 1 We've tried to protect health and welfare. Or is there
- 2 mitigation that can be done for that?
- MS. RACKNER: Let me talk a little bit about
- 4 the mitigation and the complaint process.
- 5 And these are required in the proposed
- 6 conditions. And forgive me if I don't know which
- 7 condition number is which without checking my notes.
- 8 But first of all, prior to construction,
- 9 Idaho Power is going to meet with each and every
- 10 landowner where there is an exceedance that is predicted
- 11 and work with them to come up with a mitigation plan.
- 12 And Idaho Power proposed -- and the hearing
- 13 officer adopted some very specific kind of minimal
- 14 requirements that the company will -- will offer, for
- 15 instance, noise attenuating windows. They make really
- 16 good strong windows that are specifically made to
- 17 attenuate noise.
- 18 And what the company has committed to do and
- 19 what the hearing officer has requiring us to do is look
- 20 at what's the amount of the exceedance. And the higher
- 21 the exceedance, the stronger level of window that we
- 22 would propose to install.
- For landowners who don't want -- maybe they
- 24 already have fantastic windows and they want something
- 25 else. There's things you can do by blowing insulation

- 1 into homes.
- 2 If people are more concerned about the
- 3 impact of noise, maybe they wouldn't be able to hear the
- 4 noise because they already have, like, a really strong
- 5 and tight house but they are more concerned about noise
- 6 in their front yard, there is -- we can plant trees. We
- 7 can put in foliage. So there is -- I use the term a lot
- 8 of tools in the tool kit. So there are a lot of tools
- 9 in the tool kit for addressing concerns.
- 10 So for those people for whom an exceedance
- 11 is expected or -- or under our analysis before
- 12 construction even occurs, we're going to go through that
- 13 whole process. And as -- I think Jesse explained that
- if there's any disagreement about whether the mitigation
- 15 that we're proposing is adequate, then we come to the
- 16 Council and the Council can decide. This was good
- 17 enough or this wasn't good enough. Try something
- 18 different.
- 19 So there's a whole process and set of rights
- 20 that land owners will have under that condition.
- Now, what about those people that we
- 22 don't -- we haven't predicted are going to have an
- 23 exceedance, but once the line is energized they think it
- 24 is noisy and they are concerned about it. Then there is
- 25 a complaint process.

- 1 And again, prior to construction -- there is
- 2 a lot of detail in the conditions, but prior to
- 3 construction the company has to provide ODOE with a
- 4 detailed complaint process that -- that will kind of lay
- 5 out what -- what the rules are. So people can come to
- 6 us. They can rely -- if they want to do their own
- 7 measurement they can do their own measurement;
- 8 otherwise, we can bring in -- we can bring in our own
- 9 measurement.
- 10 If there's a disagreement. Again, that type
- 11 of thing can be resolved by the Council.
- But then we go -- but if we find that there
- is actually an exceedance, that they are correct, this
- 14 is loud, and it's an exceedance then we go through the
- 15 whole mitigation process with -- with those folks, as
- 16 well.
- 17 So whether they are on our list where
- 18 there's an expected exceedance or whether an unexpected
- 19 exceedance is identified, there's a full suite of
- 20 mitigation that we can provide.
- 21 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- 22 And just to follow up. So the number of
- 23 people on your list are within the one mile -- I think
- 24 you said there was just one more exceedance from the
- 25 half mile to one mile.

- 1 MS. RACKNER: Yeah.
- 2 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: But would it be the
- 3 NSRs within the mile that you're --
- 4 MS. RACKNER: Yes.
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: -- assessing?
- 6 MS. RACKNER: And to go back to something I
- 7 said earlier. And again, there's a lot of detail and so
- 8 I hope that, Kellen, you'll correct me if I get any of
- 9 this detail wrong. I'm not looking at the site
- 10 condition itself.
- But this was something that the company
- 12 agreed to do. It was really in response to some
- 13 concerns that Stop B2H was raising about notice that
- 14 what we agreed to do was that prior to the line being
- 15 energized we will provide notice.
- We're going to update X-7, which was our
- 17 list of all landowners within a mile -- so we're going
- 18 to update that list because there could have been
- 19 changes. Then we're going to send out notice to all
- 20 those folks within the mile and tell them what their
- 21 rights are.
- 22 So not -- so we will have already mitigated
- 23 for the people we know about. But then before the line
- is energized, we'll make sure that all landowners
- 25 understand that if they are hearing corona noise and

- 1 they are bothered by it, that they have rights under a
- 2 complaint process.
- 3 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- 4 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes, Councillor Beier.
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: This is Councillor
- 6 Beier, for the record.
- 7 Variances and exceptions make me a little
- 8 queasy. And I want to make sure that the Department and
- 9 the Council are on great grounds in setting forth the
- 10 parameters for issuing this exception.
- 11 So that's for the Department.
- 12 Just to make sure we feel really
- 13 comfortable. Because any time you grant a variance or
- 14 an exception, you're kind of setting a precedent and it
- 15 just -- it just makes me queasy.
- 16 But also, Kellen, if we can, before we get
- 17 done with the noise discussion, dig in a bit to the
- 18 conditions because I think that would help us all be
- 19 more comfortable.
- 20 And thank you for going through that detail
- 21 of what kind of mitigation. That makes me a lot more
- 22 comfortable in terms of the overall process.
- 23 Also, if you could remind me how many of
- 24 these noise-sensitive residences or occurrences there
- 25 are currently. I can't remember.

- 1 MS. RACKNER: So we -- under our modeling,
- 2 we predict that there are 41 residences. And I believe
- 3 they are all residences. We looked at schools and
- 4 hospitals as well. But I believe they are all
- 5 residences. And there's 41 of them where there's a
- 6 prediction of an exceedance.
- Now, a number of these exceedances are 1 dBA
- 8 over the threshold, but there are exceedances -- you
- 9 know, I'm not going to say exactly what it is, because I
- 10 don't want to get it wrong. But they are more
- 11 significantly -- you know, more significant of
- 12 exceedances. They are kind of all over the map.
- 13 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley.
- I would like to go back to the issue of
- 15 whether or not EFSC has the authority to grant the
- 16 variance. And we have in the record evidence that DEO
- 17 responded -- they had an internal management directive,
- 18 and they responded to Stop's discovery request, that --
- 19 that the DEQ and EQC no longer administered the noise
- 20 control program and will not process requests for
- 21 exceptions and variances, and local governments and EFSC
- 22 may enforce the noise rules. So that's directly from
- 23 DEQ.
- 24 So I think it is important to recognize that
- 25 they recognize that we have the authority to process the

- 1 exceptions, backslash, variance requests.
- 2 And then, also, I believe it's under a DEQ
- 3 administrative rule, 340-035-0110, states that DEQ is
- 4 going to suspend their administration of the noise
- 5 program and includes, but not limited to, processing
- 6 requests for exceptions and variances.
- 7 So not only do they recognize that we have
- 8 the authority, they recognize they no longer had the
- 9 authority.
- 10 So I think that's important for us to
- 11 recognize as well.
- 12 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any other questions from
- 13 Council of Ms. Rackner?
- Okay. Counsel Rowe.
- 15 MR. ROWE: Hanley just did my job for me.
- That is one of the main points I was going
- 17 to make is that there is that DEO internal management
- 18 directive that explicitly says that EFSC staff review
- 19 applications to ensure that the proposed facilities
- 20 meet the state noise regulations.
- 21 So contrary to Mr. Anuta's assertion, this
- 22 Council and the Department don't need to go to DEQ and
- 23 EQC to request that authorization because they have
- 24 already made it explicit.
- 25 Beyond that, I don't know that there's much

- 1 I can add.
- I will point out, I do appreciate the
- 3 question about the conditions that have been imposed.
- 4 And we do intend to go into those in some detail under
- 5 issue NC-4 and those are in the proposed contested case
- 6 order as well.
- 7 So when we have that discussion, we should
- 8 all have those conditions in front of us so that you're
- 9 comfortable that you're really understanding them.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Counsel Rowe.
- 11 And on my job here, keeping people to three
- 12 minutes, I let both parties exceed that. And so I
- 13 consider it even right now.
- But from here on, I'll be interrupting you
- 15 at the 3-minute limit.
- So on the -- I guess we're ready for the
- 17 straw poll.
- 18 SECRETARY CORNETT: Mr. Vice Chair -- for
- 19 the record, Todd Cornett -- so there's a lot of overlap
- 20 between issues N-2, N-3, and N-4. And so you can
- 21 absolutely take a straw poll solely on this issue right
- 22 now.
- 23 Our recommendation is because there is so
- 24 much overlap to wait and do a consolidated straw poll on
- issues NC-2, NC-3, NC-4, as well as the standard.

- 1 As Patrick kind of pointed, under issue
- 2 NC-4, you're going to get into the conditions more. So,
- 3 again, your choice. But it's our recommendation, and
- 4 the way we've set this up is to hold until the
- 5 conclusion of all of the remaining noise control issues.
- 6 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. What's the pleasure
- 7 of the Council?
- 8 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley. We
- 9 have polled on one, NC-1. I would like to go ahead and
- 10 poll on NC-2 and then consolidate 3 and 4, if we can.
- 11 SECRETARY CORNETT: That's fine.
- 12 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Council good with that?
- Okay.
- 14 SECRETARY CORNETT: Okay. "Agree with the
- 15 findings of fact, conclusions of law, and conditions of
- 16 approval in the proposed contested case order pertaining
- 17 to issue NC-2."
- 18 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Sounds good.
- 19 SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
- 20 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Yes.
- 21 SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
- 22 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 23 SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
- 24 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes.
- 25 SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.

Page 598 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: 1 2. SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe. 3 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes. 4 SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt. 5 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes. SECRETARY CORNETT: Thank you, 6 7 Councilmembers. 8 MR. RATCLIFFE: Issue NC-3 has one limited 9 party filed exception, Stop B2H. The issue is whether the methodologies used 10 for the noise analysis to evaluate compliance with 11 12 OAR 340-35-0035 were appropriate and whether the Oregon Department of Energy erred in approving the methodology 13 used to evaluate compliance with that rule. 14 The Hearing Officer's opinion, she first 15 16 noted that the applicant identified specific locations within the 300-mile transmission line to set noise 17 monitors and collect ambient noise monitoring data to 18 19 then be used for the evaluation of predicted worst-case operational noise to evaluate whether the proposed 20 facility would result in an increase of 10 dBA or above 21 22 the ambient anti-degradation standard. In Union County, the location selected and 23 24 evaluated in the application for site certificate and 25 proposed order for baseline noise monitoring is referred

- 1 to as MP-11. MP-11 is in proximity to I-84, Highway 30,
- 2 and a Union Pacific Railroad. Noise measurements
- 3 identified ambient noise levels at this location of
- 4 32 dBA.
- 5 The applicant's expert witness, Mark
- 6 Bastasch, confirmed that the noise level used to
- 7 evaluate compliance with the anti-ambient noise
- 8 degradation standard is based on L-50, which is an
- 9 averaging of all total hours, train noise, given its
- 10 limited duration, would be filtered out over the
- 11 sampling period.
- In response to issues raised by the limited
- 13 parties through the contested case proceeding, the
- 14 applicant introduced new noise monitoring data for four
- 15 new monitoring position locations within Union County.
- 16 These are referred to as MP-100, -101, -102, and -103.
- 17 Data was collected for three weeks in
- 18 October 2021. The applicant selected the monitoring
- 19 positions to represent NSRs located closer to Morgan
- 20 Lake and the La Grande Valley.
- 21 Baseline data relies on the quietest times
- of day, midnight to 5 a.m., where wind data was recorded
- 23 as calm. At these four new monitoring position
- locations, the mean L-50 was 31 dBA, 36 dBA, 32 dBA, and
- 25 43 dBA, respectively.

- 1 Stop -- the hearing officer also found Stop
- 2 B2H's introduction of monitoring data from Mr. Carey
- 3 Stanley should not be used to determine representative
- 4 ambient noise levels. She concluded that the data set
- 5 is too small to allow that conclusion.
- 6 She also found that OAR 340-35-0035(3)(a)
- 7 expressly authorizes the reviewing agency to approve
- 8 sound measurement procedures and the Department and its
- 9 noise consultant, Golder Associates, appropriately
- 10 vetted and concurred with the applicant's methodology.
- 11 The hearing officer also considered whether
- 12 the variance/exception should only apply to the NSRs
- 13 where exceedances are predicted to occur today.
- 14 The noise control regulations do not address
- 15 the difference between a linear and nonlinear facility,
- 16 that Council should acknowledge the difference. Either
- 17 it could be a situation where there are new NSRs or NSRs
- 18 that were inadvertently missed in the evaluation,
- 19 granting an exception or variance for the whole line
- 20 creates some flexibility for IPC to avoid an automatic
- 21 violation of the standard. The conditions assure that
- 22 if this were to occur, a full formal evaluation would be
- 23 required.
- And upon a complaint filed, the same level
- of mitigation for known NSRs is required, which includes

- 1 the opportunity for Council review.
- 2 So that is the summary of the hearing
- 3 officer's opinion on that issue.
- 4 And Stop B2H can present oral argument.
- 5 MR. ANUTA: Karl Anuta presenting for
- 6 Stop B2H.
- 7 The -- hopefully you've had a chance to read
- 8 the exceptions and materials on this.
- 9 The crux of the dispute was over monitoring
- 10 point 11 and whether it is or is not representative.
- 11 Stop provided a spot-check with data from
- 12 Mr. Stanley that showed it was not representative.
- 13 The Idaho Power did a spot-check for a
- 14 little bit longer, but it was still nothing but a spot
- 15 check that suggested it might be representative but it
- 16 maybe not. Maybe it was not representative in the other
- 17 way.
- 18 Ultimately, the problem here is that you're
- 19 trying to set -- they are using monitoring point 11 to
- 20 set a baseline level. And the baseline level that was
- 21 chosen, which was started out at 32 and went to 31 dBA,
- 22 is way higher for a rural area than any other of the
- 23 rural counties.
- 24 And there's a chart in the record. We cited
- 25 it repeatedly in our testimony and our exceptions that

- 1 shows all the other counties have baseline dBAs between
- 2 24 and 25. That's where the dBA for Morgan Lake and
- 3 Mill Creek routes should be. And we presented evidence
- 4 that showed that the fundamental problem with monitoring
- 5 point 11 is it's too close to the Union Pacific train
- 6 line where there are 25 to 35 trains per day that
- 7 increase the ambient noise level.
- 8 So that's the fundamental problem.
- 9 Here we urge you to remand for further
- 10 analysis or to conclude that what's really needed here
- is to set a baseline for Union County that's same as the
- 12 baselines for the other rural counties, which is the 24
- 13 to 25 levels.
- If you do that, it's going to increase the
- 15 number of NSR exceedances. But as has been pointed out,
- 16 there is a process in the conditions for complaints in
- 17 addressing those exceedances. And we think that process
- 18 should be available to all those people that are at 25
- 19 and go up from there, rather than just all those people
- 20 that are at 31 and go up from there.
- 21 And I'll talk more about the conditions when
- 22 we get to NC-4. We made a bunch of recommendations to
- 23 tighten up that language so that it really does what
- 24 Idaho Power says they want to do.
- 25 For now, I think what you really need to

- 1 wrestle with is do you want to have ambient noise levels
- 2 set at a level way higher for Union County than all the
- 3 other rural counties and what's the safe thing to do
- 4 here.
- 5 We've outlined in our testimony and our
- 6 exceptions why the safe thing to do is to lower the dBA
- 7 for the baseline for Union County. I urge you to do so.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Anuta.
- 9 Are there any questions from Council?
- 10 Okay. Thank you.
- MS. RACKNER: Again, Stop B2H's argument
- 12 about Idaho Power's noise monitoring methodology is
- 13 focused on the company's use of MP-11 to set the average
- 14 ambient sound level for NSRs in the Morgan Lake area.
- 15 However, all of these arguments were
- 16 completely invalidated by the Company's supplemental
- 17 noise monitoring in Morgan Lake area which yielded
- 18 ambient sound levels which are virtually identical to
- 19 the ones that we received at MP-11. So all this focus
- 20 on what's wrong with MP-11 is simple misdirection.
- 21 Mr. Anuta also referred to our monitoring as
- 22 spot monitoring. Well, Mr. Stanley performed spot
- 23 monitoring for three years.
- 24 Idaho Power performed monitoring round the
- 25 clock for three weeks, which was the same monitoring

- 1 protocol that was approved by ODOE for all the initial
- 2 monitoring. So our supplemental monitoring was robust
- 3 and lengthy and can't fairly be called spot monitoring.
- 4 Now, in response to Stop's concern.
- 5 So we did do this supplemental monitoring.
- 6 The monitoring point that we selected for the Morgan
- 7 Lake area, which was the area of most concern was right
- 8 adjacent to the park. We chose the quietest place in
- 9 the area that we could to provide the most conservative
- 10 results.
- 11 For MP-11, Idaho Power measured an ambient
- 12 sound level of 31 dBA, which is 1 dBA less than what we
- 13 had found at MP-11. One dBA, as our expert explained,
- 14 it is not perceptible to the ear. But it did create, if
- 15 we adopt that approach, which we agreed to do, two more
- 16 NSRs that will be mitigated under our plan.
- Now, Stop B2H has taken exception to the
- 18 fact that the hearing officer didn't accept the
- 19 monitoring results of its own expert, Mr. Stanley, which
- 20 was indeed significantly lower than what we received
- 21 from MP-11 or 100.
- But as I said, that took place at just three
- 23 and a half hours. And as pointed out by both ODOE's
- 24 expert and our expert, Mr. Stanley failed to follow the
- 25 most basic procedures for ensuring a verifiable and

- 1 reliable data.
- 2 And in the end, while Mr. Stanley initially
- 3 said that he produced an ambient level for the area --
- 4 he had to agree that he never really intended -- that
- 5 that's not really what his monitoring was intended to
- 6 do.
- 7 So Stop B2H also argued a list of criticisms
- 8 of Idaho Power's selection of MP-11 as the proxy. And I
- 9 see I'm out of time and I'm going to be respectful.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Ms. Rackner.
- 11 Are there any questions of Ms. Rackner?
- 12 Councillor Jenkins.
- 13 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Sorry. This is
- 14 Hanley.
- 15 Lisa, I'm having trouble finding it, but I
- 16 was pretty sure that I had read in the exceptions that
- 17 Mr. Stanley admitted that his measurements -- and you
- 18 just alluded to that -- had problems because, one, he
- 19 didn't calibrate his equipment and, two, it was only for
- 20 the four hours; is that correct?
- MS. RACKNER: So I think Mr. Stanley did
- 22 acknowledge through his attorney -- there was some email
- 23 back and forth -- that he had not calibrated his
- 24 equipment. He did something -- I can't remember --
- 25 something called like a "spot-check" of his equipment,

- 1 but didn't calibrate his equipment.
- 2 His equipment also hadn't been calibrated as
- 3 required under DEQ rules. You have to have it
- 4 calibrated a year before you do your monitoring. That
- 5 didn't happen. He didn't do a calibration in the field.
- 6 I don't believe he ever admitted that that
- 7 was the problem with his monitoring, but you'd have to
- 8 read his testimony. He seemed more to be focused on the
- 9 fact that he had to agree that since he only monitored
- 10 for three hours, he can't possibly have claimed to have
- 11 captured any representative example.
- 12 And he did in his -- he did in his
- 13 monitoring results note that it was a quiet night with
- 14 no wind. Well, many nights are quite windy. There's a
- 15 lot of trees out in that area, which means that it's
- 16 loud when it's windy.
- 17 So -- so on that, I think Mr. Stanley did
- 18 acknowledge that his -- that it was just the brevity of
- 19 his monitoring meant that it really couldn't be used to
- 20 set any kind of a responsible level.
- 21 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Thank you.
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any other questions from
- 23 Council?
- Okay. Thank you.
- MS. RACKNER: Thank you.

- 1 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Counsel Rowe.
- 2 MR. ROWE: Patrick Rowe, Department of
- 3 Justice on behalf of Department of Energy.
- 4 And couple comments just for context. I
- 5 know that we've already discussed the noise rules, but I
- 6 want it to make sure that council is understanding that
- 7 is, really essentially, two types of noise rules that
- 8 DEO has. Kellen discussed these. There's a maximum
- 9 allowable noise and there's the anti-ambient degradation
- 10 standard. No one is arguing that the proposed facility
- 11 will exceed the maximum allowable noise. All we're
- 12 talking about is whether it will exceed the anti-ambient
- degradation standard, meaning 10 dBA above background
- 14 levels. I just want to make sure that we're all
- 15 understanding that.
- Second, with regard to the additional
- 17 supplemental monitoring that was done, I also want to
- 18 make sure that Council is appreciating that this was
- 19 done during the course of the contested case.
- 20 So Idaho Power was being responsive to
- 21 concerns that were raised. They weren't turning a deaf
- 22 ear. They are acknowledging that legitimate concerns
- 23 had been raised about the monitoring that was done at
- 24 MP-11 and whether or not it was representative.
- In response to that, during the course of

- 1 the contested case, they retained their noise expert to
- 2 go out and do, as Ms. Rackner just described, an
- 3 additional three weeks of supplemental monitoring.
- 4 The hearing officer held that methodologies
- 5 that Idaho Power used for the noise analysis were
- 6 appropriate. The Department agrees.
- 7 CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Rowe.
- 8 Any questions from Council?
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley. My
- 10 question is for Patrick. The hearings officer
- 11 recommended revisions to noise condition number one to
- 12 add the additional two exceedance locations.
- Does the Department support that?
- MR. ROWE: I think there was actually a
- 15 correction. There were two locations that Idaho Power
- 16 had initially estimated exceedances at and then
- 17 determined that there would not be exceedances -- but
- 18 then identified two other locations where their analysis
- 19 had now projected that there would be exceedances.
- 20 So the Department does support the
- 21 correction to the NS -- the NSR numbers that are
- 22 identified in the condition.
- 23 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any other questions from
- 24 Council?
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: No. My comment

- 1 would be that we make those amendments.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
- MR. ROWE: Hanley, you had noted that the
- 4 hearing officer has included those in the proposed
- 5 contested case order; correct?
- 6 Okay. So we'll need to -- I want to make
- 7 sure I'm on the same page as what you're discussing. So
- 8 let me quick look at me my -- let me take a look and
- 9 make sure that you and I are talking about the same
- 10 thing.
- 11 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Okay. What you're
- 12 suggesting is that they are in the contested case order
- 13 but they're not in the proposed order?
- MR. ROWE: I'm referencing, yes, correct.
- 15 There's a proposed amendment in the -- to the condition
- in the proposed contested case order that revises the
- 17 list of NSRs at which there are projected exceedances.
- In other words, those folks that Ms. Rackner
- 19 was describing earlier that have already been identified
- 20 as possibly having exceedances and who will
- 21 automatically be part of the mitigation process that
- 22 Ms. Rackner described. So there is a proposed amendment
- 23 to those identified NSRs. That's what I'm referring to
- 24 and that is in one of the noise control conditions.
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: In the contested

- 1 case order?
- 2 MR. ROWE: Correct. But not currently --
- 3 not in the Department's order.
- 4 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Right.
- 5 MR. ROWE: So that would be a change.
- 6 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes. Okay. Thank
- 7 you.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I believe we're
- 9 continuing on now to NC-4. And it's yours, Counsel
- 10 Ratcliffe.
- 11 MR. RATCLIFFE: Issue NC-4, the limited
- 12 party is Stop B2H.
- The issue is whether the mitigation/proposed
- 14 site conditions adequately protect the public health,
- 15 safety, and welfare.
- The proposed contested case order, the
- 17 hearing officer's opinion, the hearing officer noted
- 18 that there were -- that the proposed order -- the
- 19 Department's proposed order included five recommended
- 20 conditions to minimize and mitigate potential impacts
- 21 from operational corona noise at noise-sensitive
- 22 receptors. Through the contested case proceeding, Stop
- 23 B2H, the Department and the applicant proposed revisions
- 24 to noise control conditions 1, 2, 4 and 5.
- 25 The hearing officer rejected review of

- 1 additional revisions to noise control conditions
- 2 proposed by Stop B2H in their closing argument, but
- 3 accepted revisions proposed by the Department and the
- 4 applicant. The reasoning was based on the fact that the
- 5 Department and the applicant would not have had an
- 6 opportunity to review and respond.
- 7 The hearing officer concluded that the
- 8 amended recommended conditions posed by the Department
- 9 and applicant are adequate to protect public health,
- 10 safety, and welfare.
- 11 And so this is where -- as part of the
- 12 discussion we're going to go into a bit more detail in
- 13 terms of the amended recommended noise control
- 14 conditions. And -- and I -- you know, we -- we can see
- 15 what the Council wants to do with this.
- We can either pull those amended conditions
- 17 up on the screen now before the oral argument takes
- 18 place and, you know, try to work through some of that or
- 19 we can go ahead and have the oral argument first and
- 20 then have discussion on the amended conditions.
- 21 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Council prefer details now
- 22 or after oral testimony?
- 23 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yeah, I'm with Ann.
- 24 I'd do the -- this is Hanley. I'd do the testimony.
- 25 And we've got the full package.

- 1 MR. RATCLIFFE: Okay. So we can go ahead
- 2 and have Stop B2H come on up for oral argument, then.
- 3 MR. ANUTA: Karl Anuta appearing for Stop
- 4 B2H.
- First, let me start off by pointing out from
- 6 a background perspective. Stop submitted a series of
- 7 proposed amendments to the noise control conditions to
- 8 1, 2, 3, and 4. Those are on PDF pages 38 through 48 of
- 9 our exceptions. They are outlined with the proposed
- 10 changes in red and I urge you, when you get to the point
- 11 of discussing conditions, pull those up and look at them
- 12 or have the Department pull them up so you can see how
- our language actually tracks what Idaho Power claims
- 14 that it is willing to do and tries to lock down the
- 15 protections for the citizens of these counties that will
- 16 be crossed by this massive project in a way that is
- 17 functional.
- 18 Basically, the initial dispute here was that
- 19 the hearings officer rejected our conditions claiming
- 20 they were untimely. That is not correct in our opinion.
- 21 We outlined why that was. It's my understanding from
- reading the responses that the Department and possibly
- 23 even Idaho Power -- although I'm not clear on that --
- 24 agree that that rejection is untimely, was
- 25 inappropriate, and that those conditions should be

- 1 considered by this Council.
- 2 The conditions that we proposed create a
- 3 complaint process that extends out to the entire one
- 4 mile. It -- they create a notification requirement in
- advance of construction, not an advance of energizing
- 6 the line after it is already built. But in advance of
- 7 construction so that everybody during the whole process
- 8 knows what their rights are.
- 9 We've also proposed that -- to some
- 10 additional monitoring to verify whether the baseline
- 11 levels really are accurate.
- In addition, we've proposed that the --
- 13 again, that the -- the baseline, that levels being
- 14 modified back down to the level they should be.
- 15 Ultimately, I would urge you to look
- 16 carefully at those conditions that we've proposed,
- 17 because we tried hard to create a balanced functional
- 18 set of conditions. And we are convinced that the set
- 19 that was proposed by the hearings officer does not go
- 20 far enough in some areas.
- In the responses, the Department and Idaho
- 22 Power contended that some of our condition language was
- 23 redundant of other places. It's not -- we were very
- 24 careful to try to cover, for example, ongoing
- 25 maintenance in the noise area and technology

- 1 developments in the noise control area out through the
- 2 operation of the line, not just up-front. Because as
- 3 you all know, technology changes. This line is going to
- 4 be here for a minimum of a hundred years and likely
- 5 forever. So there should be a condition that requires
- 6 ongoing monitoring and ongoing maintenance and ongoing
- 7 updated technology.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Anuta.
- 9 Any questions from Council?
- 10 Okay.
- 11 (Audio disruption.)
- 12 MS. RACKNER: -- to hear that you will be
- 13 going through the proposed conditions in detail, because
- 14 they are long and voluminous and there's lots of little
- 15 twists and turns in them. And I think I certainly cover
- 16 them all in three minutes.
- 17 And I think it's really important to
- 18 understand just how robust those conditions are.
- 19 And as Mr. Anuta acknowledged and
- 20 Mr. Ratcliffe referred to, many of the changes to the
- 21 conditions were either proposed by ODOE or Idaho Power,
- 22 specifically, to respond to Stop B2H's proposals.
- We agreed when we heard their concerns.
- 24 There were many of those concerns that rang true for us
- 25 and we thought these are issues that we can cover.

- 1 So I'm happy to hear that you will be
- 2 hearing more about that. And I think it's hard to talk
- 3 about Stop B2H's conditions in the abstract. And,
- 4 again, I don't have time to refer to each of them.
- I will say that I think that if you -- that,
- 6 number one, they are unnecessary to meet the standard.
- 7 We disagree. We think that they are -- that they are
- 8 duplicative of -- of condition requirements that the
- 9 hearing officer already adopted in response to both ODOE
- 10 and Idaho Power's proposed changes.
- 11 And we also believe that any number of them
- 12 are just impractical.
- So, for instance, I'm just going to give you
- 14 an example. And if I've got this wrong, I'll -- and
- 15 Mr. Anuta can correct me, but I believe one of the
- 16 proposals is to do ongoing monitoring during -- you
- 17 know, once the line has been energized. It is a
- 18 300-mile line.
- 19 Any kind of -- there just isn't a sensible
- 20 monitoring approach that Idaho Power could undertake.
- 21 We absolutely believe that the best way to make sure
- 22 that the line is operating as it should and not
- 23 impacting citizens is the complaint process.
- So we think the most important thing that we
- 25 can do is make sure that everybody within a mile of that

- 1 line gets notice that -- gets notice that they have
- 2 rights under the complaint process, clearly understand
- 3 what the complaint process is, and then it will be up to
- 4 ODOE, the applicant, the complainant, and ultimately
- 5 this Council to decide what is correct and fair for each
- 6 complaint.
- 7 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Ms. Rackner.
- 8 Any questions from Council at this time?
- 9 Okay. Counsel Rowe.
- 10 MR. ROWE: I don't have any comments, but I
- just have a suggestion for how we might go about doing
- 12 this.
- 13 And the condition as -- the amended
- 14 condition as proposed is in the proposed contested case
- 15 order condition. So I suggest that we project that on
- 16 the screen and that you also have it in front of you,
- 17 because sometimes I notice on this screen it is
- 18 difficult because it doesn't seem to capture the full
- 19 content.
- 20 So if you were -- if you have -- in the
- 21 proposed contested case order, if you start at page
- 22 205 -- and I would suggest we literally just go through
- 23 it paragraph by paragraph and we allow Mr. Anuta to come
- 24 back up, and when there are sections of the proposed
- 25 condition for which he has proposed an amendment or a

- 1 revision, he'll be allowed to explain his position and
- 2 then Idaho Power and the Department be allowed to
- 3 respond.
- 4 MS. TARDAEWETHER: I have the proposed
- 5 contested case order up here. I also -- because this
- 6 is -- under the -- in the order where the hearing
- 7 officer discusses the condition, she does highlight
- 8 where there are changes from the proposed order under --
- 9 down here at the bottom, which, Patrick, that's where
- 10 you pointed us to.
- 11 MR. ROWE: Actually, I wouldn't go -- I
- 12 would show what has been changed.
- MS. TARDAEWETHER: Well, I guess what I'm
- 14 offering is that Sarah has provided this and this is --
- 15 and I know initially -- give it a minute here.
- MR. ROWE: Kellen, can you go to page 205?
- MS. TARDAEWETHER: Sure.
- 18 MR. ROWE: And I think it is important that
- 19 the Council understand the changes that have already
- 20 been made compared to what was in the proposed order,
- 21 because there have been significant revisions.
- MS. TARDAEWETHER: Okay. I'm just going to
- 23 shrink it. I'll keep it a little bit.
- MR. ROWE: So we have the changes that are
- 25 proposed by the hearings officer on the screen and in

- 1 our hard copies starting on page 205.
- 2 CHAIR HOWE: Correct.
- MR. ROWE: We have other proposed changes by
- 4 Stop.
- 5 Do we want to go through these and then
- 6 listen here what Stop's suggestions are.
- 7 MR. RATCLIFFE: This is my idea and you can
- 8 handle it however you want.
- 9 If it were me, I would go through paragraph
- 10 by paragraph and Mr. Anuta can identify whether or not
- 11 Stop has proposed any revision to that particular
- 12 paragraph.
- If he hasn't, then there's really nothing to
- 14 consider except do you accept what's proposed?
- 15 If Stop has proposed a revision to a
- 16 particular paragraph, Mr. Anuta can explain why he
- 17 thinks it's necessary and Idaho Power would be allowed
- 18 to respond and the Department as well.
- 19 MR. ROWE: So I quess maybe it's an
- 20 opportunity for both to come up to the table.
- 21 CHAIR HOWE: Mr. Anuta and Ms. Rackner, it
- 22 might be best if both of you come up as we work
- 23 through -- sounds like paragraph by paragraph the
- 24 sections of the conditions.
- Okay. So I guess I'll start with paragraph

- 1 1. Begins with "prior."
- 2 Are there any suggested changes from Stop on
- 3 that paragraph?
- 4 MR. ANUTA: I'm trying to get there on my
- 5 computer.
- 6 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay.
- 7 MR. ANUTA: Unfortunately, my printer didn't
- 8 print all of the pages, so I normally would have it in
- 9 front of me.
- 10 And from a process standpoint, I might
- 11 suggest that another way to do this would be to pull up
- 12 the Stop recommended conditions, which has all the same
- 13 language that you have there and then has, in red, our
- 14 proposed additions, because that would show you what
- 15 we're actually proposing.
- I know what PDF page those are in our
- 17 exceptions. I don't know where in your record exactly
- 18 those exceptions are and which page of the -- those you
- 19 should look at to get the same ones.
- 20 But, for example, on that first noise
- 21 control condition one, we did propose a paragraph in
- 22 advance of that -- (audio disruption) -- the 41 NSR
- 23 property owners and then it lists.
- 24 We suggested that it should start with prior
- 25 to construction all NSRs within one mile of the facility

- 1 will be notified in writing that they may be impacted
- 2 and that they will be informed of the mitigation process
- 3 and the complaint process. And then we outline specific
- 4 notice suggestions.
- 5 MS. TARDAEWETHER: I'm sorry.
- What does counsel want me to project on the
- 7 screen?
- 8 Are we pulling up and are we looking at
- 9 their -- the proposed contested case order condition
- 10 language or am I navigating to the document? Because
- 11 I'm not sure what you're looking at.
- 12 What does Council want to look at?
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Do we want -- do we want a
- 14 red-lined version of changes that have been proposed?
- 15 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: I don't have that in
- 16 front of me. What I have is the proposed contested case
- 17 order.
- 18 VICE CHAIR HOWE: That's what I have here.
- 19 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yeah. So if we can
- 20 project on the screen --
- 21 VICE CHAIR HOWE: The changes.
- 22 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: -- what Mr. Anuta is
- 23 referring to then, at least, I can compare the two.
- 24 SECRETARY CORNETT: For the record, Todd
- 25 Cornett.

Page 621 We're just trying to figure out the process 1 2. right now. 3 (Discussion for presentation.) 4 SECRETARY CORNETT: For the record, Todd 5 Cornett. So could somebody please articulate exactly 6 7 what we're seeing. 8 So the red text is what you're proposing to add in addition to the hearing officer's proposed 9 condition; is that correct? 10 MR. ANUTA: That is correct. 11 12 For the record, this is Karl Anuta. 13 The red text you see here are the changes that Stop proposes in the condition that the hearings 14 officer put in the proposed contested case order where 15

suggesting removing language that's in red strike out.

So, for example, if you look at what we've proposed there as sub (c), it says, "prior to construction the certificate holder will," and then "work" was struck out and "initiate discussions" was put in.

we're suggesting adding language that's in red.

16

So this language is what we suggested for the beginning of the noise control condition one. And the premise here is that we want to make sure that the

- 1 notice is adequate that the -- that it goes to everyone
- 2 within one mile so that everybody who might be affected
- 3 knows what the mitigation and the complaint process is.
- 4 That's the intent of this.
- 5 MR. ROWE: Karl, just before we get into the
- 6 rationale for your proposed changes, I just want to
- 7 clarify one thing.
- 8 "Initiate discussions" is already in the
- 9 proposed contested case order. That was something that
- 10 Idaho Power and the Department had recommended.
- 11 So that's -- so I don't know that it's
- 12 accurate to state that that's something you have
- 13 proposed changing.
- MS. TARDAEWETHER: For the record, Kellen
- 15 Tardaewether. So I'm just going to --
- 16 VICE CHAIR HOWE: You don't have a mic.
- 17 MS. TARDAEWETHER: For the record, Kellen
- 18 Tardaewether. So I'm just going to kind of toggle in
- 19 between. I'm going to go from the proposed contested
- 20 case order beginning of the condition and then we're
- 21 going to go over to the proposed condition.
- Because as represented by Mr. Anuta, the
- 23 redline should be to -- anyhow, I feel like there might
- 24 be items missing.
- For instance, the bold is 18 -- NSRs 118 and

- 1 132 were added. And then over here, I don't see 118 and
- 2 132. I feel like maybe we should be looking at the
- 3 proposed contested case order.
- 4 MR. ANUTA: We erred -- when I was putting
- 5 this together we did not capture the changes. And I
- 6 suspect that's because the version that I'm using here
- 7 was based -- was what we submitted and we somehow missed
- 8 that change. Because "initiate discussions" is in here
- 9 and the proposed one.
- 10 MS. RACKNER: And just --
- 11 MR. ROWE: Go ahead, Lisa.
- 12 MS. RACKNER: Well, what I'm wondering is
- 13 I'm a little concerned because when we were going --
- 14 going through Stop's proposed changes, it did feel to us
- 15 that a lot of -- am I not using -- okay. It did feel to
- 16 us that a lot of them had already been addressed, maybe
- in different words, and I'm wondering -- I'm a little
- 18 concerned about what we're doing right now, which is
- 19 looking at different versions of conditions. Some of
- 20 which may -- the redlining may be right; some of it
- 21 which the redlining might be wrong.
- 22 And I'm wondering if -- if we want to go
- 23 through this and consider Stop's proposals, if we could
- 24 focus on what the hearing officer adopted.
- 25 And then, Karl, if you could say, well, this

- 1 is why we think it's inadequate and this is the change I
- 2 would propose.
- Maybe kind of separate and apart from the
- 4 redlining that you provided. We could at least start on
- 5 a conceptual basis where you could say I'm -- because,
- 6 again, it gets to the point where we thought -- well, we
- 7 thought we covered this. And it's just in different
- 8 words.
- 9 But if you look at it and say, no, this
- 10 is -- this is the change that needs to happen in order
- 11 to make it more effective, then we can have a
- 12 conversation about that. Or well, I don't know whether
- 13 the Council wants to have a conversation about it.
- 14 Maybe you want to just talk to each other, but that
- 15 feels to me like the better approach here, given where
- 16 we are with lots of different pieces of paper with
- 17 different redlining around.
- 18 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yeah. This is
- 19 Hanley.
- I want to talk about what your concepts are
- 21 that are different than what the hearings officer has
- 22 already suggested in her draft proposed order.
- I don't want to go word by word here.
- I want to know what concept do you feel is
- 25 not captured in the hearings officer's proposed

- 1 condition?
- CHAIR HOWE: Yeah. And this is Kent. And I
- 3 agree with that. I think we have the proposed contested
- 4 case order on the screen, which this is. Right?
- 5 That's the final document that we're wanting
- 6 to know do we need to change or add.
- 7 Mr. Anuta can tell us paragraph by paragraph
- 8 if that has the language that they are hoping to have.
- 9 MR. ROWE: And then allow Lisa to respond.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Correct. Does that work?
- 11 Okay. So if we start with this paragraph
- 12 that we're looking at on the screen, do you have
- 13 suggestions that you would like to see made to that
- 14 paragraph?
- MR. ANUTA: Karl Anuta. Yes.
- 16 Stop would propose that this paragraph be
- 17 expanded to cover not just the 41 NSRs listed, but all
- 18 potential NSRs within one mile of the facility and that
- 19 there be -- that there be a written notice that includes
- 20 the parameters of the mitigation, what are the options,
- 21 and what's the complaint process that will ultimately
- 22 exist there.
- 23 And we felt that the generic -- that the
- 24 language that the hearings officer used in her first
- 25 paragraph there did not capture that level of detail.

- 1 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Ms. Rackner, what
- 2 would be your response to that?
- MS. RACKNER: So this gets to a point where
- 4 I was saying we think your concern is covered in a
- 5 different condition.
- 6 This particular condition is specific to
- 7 those landowners for whom we do predict an exceedance
- 8 and requires us to mitigate and -- and to work on a
- 9 mitigation plan with them.
- 10 So it wouldn't be appropriate to address all
- 11 the folks going -- all the NSRs in the area for whom no
- 12 exceedance is -- is expected.
- But in, I believe, it's condition three, is
- 14 it -- can -- here -- and I can pull up all -- I have so
- 15 many documents pulled up on my little tiny screen here.
- 16 Let me see what I can find.
- 17 VICE CHAIR HOWE: I think Kellen has got it
- 18 right here.
- 19 MS. RACKNER: Okay. So it is condition two.
- 20 So in condition two -- and maybe you could
- 21 look at that, Karl, and see if that satisfies your
- 22 concern.
- 23 That requires us to -- to create a new
- 24 version of X-7, which is the list in the application
- 25 that includes all landowners up to one mile and to send

- 1 notices to those. And inform the recipient that they
- 2 are the owner of an NSR and tell them about the
- 3 requirements of the conditions which include the
- 4 complaint and mitigation conditions.
- 5 And also let them know that prior to
- 6 construction, the certificate holder will develop and
- 7 submit to the Department an operational noise complaint
- 8 response plan.
- 9 So that's the place where we propose
- 10 language. I think that gets, Karl, to your concern.
- 11 MR. ANUTA: May I respond? I'm happy to do
- 12 so.
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
- 14 MR. ANUTA: Okay. I didn't want to take up
- 15 extra time, if -- the -- that does get some of the
- 16 issue. That does not, in our view, get all of the
- 17 issue. Because that we added -- in addition to
- 18 notifying everyone within one mile, we added a specific
- 19 paragraph that proposed the specifics of the notice --
- 20 the notice and what it would cover. I think the
- 21 language that the hearings officer covered was not quite
- 22 as detailed or -- and it was more of a broad brush. And
- 23 so we were trying -- apologies.
- 24 MS. RACKNER: Could you maybe --
- MR. ANUTA: Thank you. That's the first

- 1 time in many years somebody has told me to speak up.
- 2 It's usually the opposite.
- MS. RACKNER: And, Karl, could you -- and by
- 4 the way, I guess I would ask the Council's permission,
- 5 do you mind hearing a conversation between us just to
- 6 try to --
- 7 So, Karl, would you mind pointing out
- 8 what -- what you think is missing from what the hearing
- 9 officer adopted?
- 10 MR ANUTA: Let me find that section. I did
- 11 not see -- and perhaps I missed it in condition two -- a
- 12 list of what the notice to the landowners within one
- 13 mile would include. Like, the list that we included in
- 14 our (b) of our proposed condition one.
- 15 If you can point me to that --
- 16 MS. RACKNER: Yeah, just look at 2A. The
- 17 certificate holder will send notices to all landowners
- 18 listed in the updated attachment X-5, which notice shall
- 19 inform the recipient that the recipient is the owner of
- 20 an NSR and the requirements of noise control conditions
- 21 1 and 2.
- 22 And by the way, there are stray numbers in
- 23 the proposed contested case order. But I believe this
- 24 means noise control conditions one and two as adopted by
- 25 the Council.

- 1 So the noise conditions one and two talk
- 2 about mitigation obligations and also talk about the
- 3 complaint process.
- 4 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: This is Councillor
- 5 Beier.
- 6 It seems as if the list that B2H is
- 7 proposing of what is in the notice is a little bit more
- 8 specific as to spelling out what Idaho Power has agreed
- 9 to in terms of mitigation.
- 10 And I think it's -- I think, as stated, the
- 11 information is there. It's just not as specific as what
- 12 B2H is proposing for notice language to the expanded
- 13 list of -- help me on the acronym, but NSRs.
- So it's whether or not I think the Council
- 15 and the Department feel like we need that next granule
- 16 level of information in this condition.
- 17 The only thing that I don't see aligning is
- 18 the details of the mitigation information that would be
- 19 required in the -- in the condition. I think the
- 20 complaint process is clearly outlined in condition two.
- 21 So that information is there. Though, not
- 22 necessarily in the particulars of a notice requirement.
- Excuse me, if I'm misinterpreting.
- 24 MS. RACKNER: No. I don't think you're
- 25 misinterpreting. But I would like to just direct your

- 1 attention, Councilmember Beier, to subsection (c) of
- 2 amended noise control condition one, which talks
- 3 about -- which talks about what Idaho Power will propose
- 4 and also is specific to any folks -- again, this was in
- 5 response to something Stop B2H brought up, was that if
- 6 there is someone who has a health condition that they
- 7 believe would be exacerbated by sound levels, then they
- 8 can request a much more robust -- an even much more
- 9 robust set of mitigation. So I think it's in there.
- 10 Because I think it's everything that we -- that -- that
- 11 we were ordered to do and required to do and we offered
- 12 to do.
- I believe it's all in there. And -- and
- 14 I -- I do wonder if maybe one of the ways to address
- 15 Mr. Anuta's concerns is that if the full set of
- 16 conditions just gets provided to the landowners. So
- 17 every landowner can just look through and say this is
- 18 everything Idaho Power is required to do. You have
- 19 rights. You can take advantage of them.
- 20 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: If I might make a
- 21 suggestion. I've got an idea there. But go ahead,
- 22 Council.
- COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: For the record, I'm
- 24 comfortable with that approach. I think that we
- 25 implement the conditions and need to enforce them and

- 1 having the public know what those conditions are should
- 2 be helpful.
- MS. RACKNER: And before you respond, I just
- 4 want to say one more thing, which is, that given where
- 5 we are in the process, particularly, where we're
- 6 thinking about making changes to wording on the fly, as
- 7 a lawyer, that makes me a little nervous.
- 8 And so I -- I think the best way to make
- 9 sure everybody knows exactly what their rights are is to
- 10 give them the full set of robust conditions as opposed
- 11 to us now trying to revise the conditions themselves and
- 12 to try to provide some different notice.
- I do have one other alternative that I think
- 14 we have out there, which is that if the Council is not
- 15 comfortable with just providing the full list of
- 16 conditions to each landowner, we could have an agreement
- 17 that we will work with ODOE as to a different notice.
- 18 Again, I just feel like we're safer, though, just going
- 19 with those conditions.
- 20 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Counsel Ratcliffe.
- 21 MR. RATCLIFFE: Yeah. So one thing I want
- 22 to point out here is we, if memory serves -- and I
- 23 think, Kellen, maybe perhaps you could correct me if I'm
- 24 wrong.
- 25 But I think we have one change to a

- 1 condition that has already been accepted by the Council
- 2 through the straw poll.
- We have another one that is on the table
- 4 still that we're planning to do, you know, at the end of
- 5 this process related to the blasting notice.
- And my recommendation, again, is the changes
- 7 to conditions constitute material changes that require a
- 8 material change hearing before we get to final order on
- 9 this.
- 10 So if that alleviates any concerns here
- 11 about, you know, having a chance to wordsmith conditions
- 12 and make sure that Department staff and I have not made
- 13 errors in trying to translate. There will be an
- 14 opportunity to comment on the changes to conditions that
- 15 get made before this gets to a final order.
- MS. RACKNER: Thank you.
- 17 MR. ANUTA: And since I've been sitting here
- 18 trying to bite my lip, if you don't mind, I have a
- 19 number of different thoughts on the process issue.
- 20 My suggestion would be you listen to
- 21 Stop's reasons for wanting a change to the existing
- 22 order and what we're suggesting and you can go work with
- 23 the Department or suggest that the Department look at
- our changes or Ms. Rackner's suggested change now of
- 25 providing all the conditions, and then come up with a

- 1 proposed final order that will then go out to hearing or
- 2 a change hearing if -- as Mr. Ratcliffe calls it.
- From a substantive standpoint, the
- 4 difference between what we proposed and what Ms. Rackner
- 5 is proposing is that most people, when they get in the
- 6 mail a list of conditions that is written in legalese,
- 7 they are going to go, what? What does that mean?
- 8 So what we were proposing was a notice to
- 9 people that they had some rights, here's the outline of
- 10 what those rights are, and here's the processes that are
- 11 available.
- 12 And that was the intent of our changes to
- 13 condition one which we were trying to get at the
- 14 entirety of the folks.
- 15 And as I read condition two, it doesn't
- 16 necessarily require that kind of notice to everybody in
- 17 the -- that kind of notice being the kind we proposed of
- 18 here's your rights outlined in a simplistic form and
- 19 here's where you can find more information -- that does
- 20 not appear, as I saw it, in condition two.
- Instead, it focuses in on the process and
- 22 the plan, and that's great, and it sets out those
- 23 things, but it didn't provide the notice. And that's
- 24 why we proposed the language at the beginning of
- 25 condition one.

Page 634 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I think we've --1 2. COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Hear from Patrick. 3 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Good idea. 4 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: I don't read --5 MR. ROWE: We have filed --6 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: -- condition two 7 that way. 8 MR. ROWE: I'm sorry, Hanley. You don't read condition two in what way. 9 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Condition two does 10 11 require that you go back to condition one. 12 MR. ROWE: That's the way I read it. I mean, this condition was, as Ms. Rackner pointed out, 13 put in in response to concerns raised by Stop. 14 15 I read the condition as -- like, the plain 16 language of it says certificate holder -- not the 17 Department. The Department does not want to get into the business of sending these notices. That's on Idaho 18 19 Power. 20 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: We all agree on 21 that. 22 MR. ROWE: Certificate holder will send the 23 notices to the landowners. In the attachment,

within one mile. That notice shall tell those folks you

Ms. Rackner indicated that attachment is landowners

24

25

- 1 own a noise-sensitive receptor and what the requirements
- 2 of noise control conditions one and two are.
- Now, I agree it's not clear how they will
- 4 tell the landowners what the requirements of those
- 5 conditions are.
- 6 So what Council needs to determine is are
- 7 you satisfied with this?
- Is it appropriate, as Ms. Rackner suggested,
- 9 to provide them the language of the condition? Or do
- 10 you want to do something that Mr. Anuta has suggested,
- 11 yeah, or potentially both, and have, you know, kind of
- 12 an easy-to-understand summary of it?
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yeah, I think that's what
- 14 we want to pose to the Council right now, yeah, to move
- 15 forward.
- So Councillor Condon.
- 17 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon.
- 18 I would prefer both. I mean, there are
- 19 people who -- I think Mr. Anuta is correct. Can get
- 20 lost in the conditions themselves and a list would be
- 21 appropriate. There are others that would want to say
- 22 where did this list come from and dive deeper.
- 23 And so I would prefer we have notice in
- 24 plain language for the public to -- to clearly
- 25 understand plus the conditions.

- 1 MR. ANUTA: Stop would certainly agree with
- 2 that.
- 3 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Councillor Jenkins.
- 4 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: I don't have a
- 5 problem with that. I don't know how Todd is going to
- 6 reflect that.
- 7 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Sounds like we got
- 8 somewhere right then.
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon. I
- 10 just -- I'm not clear on all the exhibits. And I just
- 11 want to make sure that attachment X-7. What's the title
- of X-7? Does it include everyone within one mile?
- 13 MS. RACKNER: Yes. Everyone within one
- 14 mile. And -- and it needs to be updated because it is
- 15 old and a few things have changed over time.
- 16 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Right. And just a
- 17 follow-up. To distinguish between X-4 and -5 that are
- 18 referred to in condition one, those are the identified
- 19 NSRs.
- 20 MS. RACKNER: Yes. And exceedances. Yes.
- 21 Or it may not just be exceedances, but actual, I
- 22 believe --
- 23 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: I just want to
- 24 understand the difference.
- 25 MS. RACKNER: Yeah. Those are the folks for

- 1 whom exceedances.
- 2 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yeah. Okay. Thank
- 3 you.
- 4 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. So we've got --
- 5 have we dealt with condition one or just the first
- 6 paragraph?
- 7 MR. ANUTA: Stop did have a few other
- 8 additional proposed changes to condition one.
- 9 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay.
- 10 MR. ANUTA: And those would be in
- 11 paragraph -- what was in Exhibit 1 -- or excuse me, in
- 12 condition one, the first paragraph if I -- or excuse me,
- 13 the second paragraph. We had suggested adding language
- in what was, I think, sub (b), if I'm reading it right.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Ms. Tardaewether, we are
- 16 on condition one --
- 17 MR. ANUTA: Yeah, condition 1(b). There we
- 18 go.
- 19 We had suggested adding some language in
- 20 the -- about six, seven lines down. There's a sentence
- 21 that says if this review is deferred to the
- 22 Department -- to the Department, Stop had suggested
- 23 adding language to clarify that appeals from the
- 24 Department would be taken to EFSC. That's sort of
- 25 implicit in your rules, as I read them. But we wanted

- 1 it to be clear in the material that -- in the condition
- 2 that it would go to EFSC ultimately.
- If you look at the lines up there, it's
- 4 the -- where it says -- the sentence on the left side
- 5 that the line that starts with "review to the
- 6 Department."
- We suggested that the word "appeals would be
- 8 taken to EFSC" be added after that to make it clear in
- 9 the condition that any appeal would go to EFSC,
- 10 ultimately.
- 11 Next one down. Review of the Department.
- MR. ROWE: Patrick Rowe, DOJ.
- I guess I'm not quite following that,
- 14 because the way it is set up is that the dispute does go
- 15 to the Council, unless the Council Chair decides, we
- 16 don't want to handle this one. We're going to defer it
- 17 to the Department.
- 18 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Right. That's the way I
- 19 read that part.
- MR. ROWE: I'm sorry.
- 21 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Councillor Beier.
- The default assumption is that any dispute
- 23 comes to the Council. If the Council made a decision to
- 24 direct the Department to weigh on it, that's separate.
- 25 But the default assumption is any dispute comes directly

- 1 to the Council.
- 2 MR. ROWE: That's the intention and that's
- 3 the way I read this language --
- 4 MR. ANUTA: Our concern was it -- it
- 5 actually says that the Council Chair can defer the
- 6 dispute to the Department, not the Council. And we
- 7 wanted the Council to have the last word rather than
- 8 just saying, oh, well, there's a dispute it goes -- and
- 9 then the Council Chair, for some reason, I'm sure it
- 10 probably wouldn't happen, but if they did, just defer
- 11 it. And the rest of the Council is going, wait, we want
- 12 to hear that one.
- MR. ROWE: I follow you there. And Todd may
- 14 want to weigh in on this some more on that.
- The intention of that is because Council has
- 16 a ton of business and we don't have any sense right now
- 17 of how many of these types of disputes might get
- 18 referred to the Council.
- 19 Council Chair coordinates prior --
- 20 coordinates with the Department prior to every month's
- 21 meeting as to the agenda for that meeting.
- So if in a particular month there's a dozen
- 23 of these disputes and Council already has a lot of
- 24 business on that month's agenda, the Council Chair has
- 25 the discretion to decide -- would have the discretion to

- 1 refer that.
- 2 If that -- if those 12 disputes
- 3 automatically go to the Council, then the idea of trying
- 4 to be efficient with that month's Council meeting is
- 5 lost, because now the 12 disputes are already in front
- 6 of the Council. That was the intention behind that.
- 7 So do you understand why it says "Council
- 8 Chair" rather than "Council"?
- 9 MR. ANUTA: And we understood. We're
- 10 uncomfortable with just having the chair do the
- 11 deferral. And Stop is also uncomfortable with the idea
- 12 that if there was a deferral and the Department says,
- oh, here's our decision, there should still be an appeal
- 14 back to the Council, ultimately. That was the Stop's
- 15 position, is that the Council should be the last word.
- MR. ROWE: Okay. The Department is
- 17 comfortable with this provision. So now it is clearly
- 18 in your hands, Council.
- 19 And I don't know, Ms. Rackner, if you have
- 20 anything you'd like to add.
- 21 MS. RACKNER: No. Not at all.
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Where is the
- 23 Council on this suggestion?
- 24 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley. And
- 25 usually in the situations where the Council Chair makes

- 1 the decision, it is referred to the next Council meeting
- 2 as an information item where that has happened. So if
- 3 we have an issue, it's probably going to come up within
- 4 the next Council meeting.
- 5 So I'm comfortable with this language. I'm
- 6 not concerned that the Council Chair is going to abuse
- 7 that opportunity.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Others?
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon.
- I guess I do have a bit of concern that --
- 11 so there's -- there's no appeal. If the Department
- 12 makes a decision, reviews and makes a decision, so
- 13 there's no right to come back to the Council.
- 14 Am I -- as I read it, once it's been
- 15 deferred to -- to the Department, we have now washed our
- 16 hands of it. I mean, with no opportunity to voice as a
- 17 Council.
- 18 MR. ROWE: The way the condition is written,
- 19 yes. But again, the default is to the Council. This is
- 20 only in a situation where the Council Chair determines
- 21 that for this particular -- these disputes or this
- 22 particular meeting we're going to have the Department
- 23 handle it. The assumption is it's going to the Council.
- 24 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yeah. It's
- 25 difficult, I guess, for me -- I mean, with the current

- 1 chair, I wouldn't have any issues. But we're making the
- 2 decision -- this is a long-term decision, I guess I -- I
- 3 have -- I do have concern about that.
- 4 SECRETARY CORNETT: For the record, Todd
- 5 Cornett.
- 6 Just from a practical standpoint, Council
- 7 also sets policy. So if in some circumstances the
- 8 Council Chair did defer that to staff and there were no
- 9 appeal rights but then -- and as Councilmember Jenkins
- 10 indicated, you know, in my secretary report at the
- 11 following Council meeting, I would provide that update.
- 12 And if Council was uncomfortable with that,
- 13 you would set the policy to say we do not want to have
- 14 any of these done by staff. We want all these done by
- 15 Council.
- 16 So there is -- there is a check in there.
- 17 Council has that -- as a body, has that authority to put
- 18 a check on the Council Chair if you believe that that --
- 19 you know, is being abused for whatever reason.
- 20 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. So to try to keep
- 21 us moving on, does the Council feel we need to make any
- 22 changes to that language? No.
- Okay. And Councillor Chocktoot.
- 24 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: You're okay with it?

- 1 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. So I think we can
- 3 move on. We have a majority of the Council is okay with
- 4 that language.
- 5 So the next -- what do we do? Did that take
- 6 care of condition one completely?
- 7 MR. ANUTA: This is Mr. Anuta.
- 8 That takes care of the Stop recommendations
- 9 for condition one.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Let's go to
- 11 condition two.
- 12 And your suggestion on the first paragraph,
- 13 are there any?
- 14 MR. ANUTA: Let me find my version. It's
- 15 not the same language.
- 16 MS. TARDAEWETHER: For the record, Kellen
- 17 Tardaewether. I have a clarification question.
- 18 So, Mr. Anuta, you were proposing that the
- 19 notice language in front of condition one, but the
- 20 notice language is actually in condition two.
- 21 So are we addressing the -- having the
- 22 notice conversation in the context of potentially
- 23 changing condition two?
- 24 Are you comfortable with that, Mr. Anuta?
- 25 Because then, basically, we aren't trying to

- 1 add the notice portion to condition one.
- 2 MR. ANUTA: Whether you add it to one or
- 3 two, as long as it is there. If it fits better here,
- 4 that's fine. But the more detail -- and actually, I'm
- 5 more comfortable with what Mr. Rowe suggested, sending
- 6 both a notice that has the kind of summary and then
- 7 actually the conditions and putting that here.
- 8 SECRETARY CORNETT: Mr. Vice Chair -- for
- 9 the record, Todd Cornett -- so whether it goes in
- 10 condition one or condition two, I think we can evaluate.
- 11 As Jesse indicated, that would be a material
- 12 change. The language that I have -- and this is not
- 13 actual language because we would have to clarify this
- 14 and fit it in.
- 15 But as I sort of noted it, notice will
- 16 include both an easy-to-understand plain-language
- 17 summary as well as their rights with respect -- with --
- 18 of their rights with respect to the noise control
- 19 conditions as well as the noise control conditions
- 20 themselves.
- 21 So the full, sort of, spectrum is what I
- 22 have reflected. Again, whether it is in condition 2(a)
- 23 or in 1, we can kind of look to see where it might be
- 24 the most appropriate.
- So if that satisfies everybody.

- 1 MR. ANUTA: Yeah. It works for Stop.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. That works then.
- 3 Was there anything else in condition two?
- 4 Or do we need to go paragraph by paragraph?
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: So with respect to
- 6 that issue, I guess I would ask if Lisa or Patrick have
- 7 any comments.
- 8 MS. RACKNER: On where the change should be
- 9 made, which condition?
- 10 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Combine the two
- 11 on --
- 12 MS. RACKNER: In condition two.
- 13 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: -- on Todd's
- 14 proposal.
- MS. RACKNER: Oh, we're fine with Todd's
- 16 proposal. But we would say that the language belongs in
- 17 condition two and not condition one.
- 18 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Patrick?
- 19 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Condition two that
- 20 currently talks about notices. So it seems like it
- 21 would fit better there. Yeah, 2(a).
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Councillor
- 23 Jenkins. I was moving too fast there. Sorry.
- Okay. So on condition two, the remainder of
- 25 it --

- 1 MR. ANUTA: I don't see any issues with
- 2 paragraph (b). I believe we had some language at the
- 3 end of -- let's see.
- 4 So yeah, it was -- I think the -- my
- 5 language is confusing, maybe, because it is not in the
- 6 right place. But I know what we were intending.
- 7 Our intent here was to try and make sure
- 8 that in addition to the -- the plan outlining all those
- 9 stuff and providing the information that specifies what
- 10 needed to be done to file a complaint, we wanted to make
- 11 sure that the materials outlined the process for
- 12 reaching a resolution of that complaint.
- I think with the changes that you've
- 14 suggested to part 2(a), that actually covers it, because
- 15 it outlines all of it with the conditions.
- So I think that there's nothing there that
- 17 needs to be there in addition.
- 18 And I'm looking down. I think -- it wasn't
- 19 until -- I think it was (e) sub (3) that we had another
- 20 change that we were proposing. And that was a bigger
- 21 issue. That was down in the section that talked about
- 22 the -- identifying the process for a noise complaint.
- 23 And there were three subparts.
- 24 Kellen, if you could scroll down to sub (e)
- 25 I think it is.

- 1 There we go. There's subpart (1), there's
- 2 subpart (2), and then in subpart (3) it said -- it talks
- 3 about how the -- if they were not included in the area
- 4 in X-5, the certificate holder shall -- yeah -- model
- 5 the sound levels and we -- we suggested adding "model
- 6 and monitor the sound levels."
- 7 Because our -- Stop was concerned that just
- 8 modeling the sound levels wouldn't necessarily give you
- 9 an accurate answer as to what was going on and what
- 10 should happen. You needed to also monitor them.
- 11 So our suggestion was to add "and monitor"
- 12 there wherever in the sentence is appropriate.
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Councillor Jenkins.
- 14 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley.
- 15 Are you suggesting sample or what do you
- 16 mean by "model"?
- 17 Is that long-term model -- I mean "monitor."
- 18 Do you mean long-term monitoring or just
- 19 simply do a sample?
- 20 MR. ANUTA: We were suggesting monitoring of
- 21 some sort. We had not defined how long that monitoring
- 22 would take place, but presumably since what you're
- 23 trying to get at here is what's going on with this
- 24 particular NSR. You would need, at least, enough
- 25 monitoring to have some sense of what's the noise levels

- 1 over some period of time. We did not specify a period
- 2 of time.
- 3 Our intent was not to make it permanent
- 4 monitoring. It was monitoring to figure it out. Okay.
- 5 What's the issue here and then what -- how can we fix it
- 6 down the road.
- 7 Because this process is all for figuring
- 8 out, okay, what do we do about those people that we
- 9 didn't have on the list as expected NSRs.
- 10 MS. RACKNER: So from our point of view,
- 11 this could become completely burdensome and difficult
- 12 to do what Mr. Anuta is suggesting.
- We have modeling that should show whether or
- 14 not there is an exceedance. If the complainant is
- 15 concerned about the result of that modeling, then the
- 16 complainant can do their own monitoring and provide that
- 17 to Idaho Power to at least substantiate that there
- 18 is an -- that there is an issue there.
- So, you know, our concern is, again, we have
- 20 a 300-mile line. And a lot of NSRs. And while we
- 21 certainly respect that nobody will bring a complaint
- 22 unless they honestly believe that there's been an
- 23 exceedance, we also anticipate that a lot of people who
- 24 hear corona may assume there is an exceedance and we may
- 25 get a lot of complaints.

- 1 Modeling the kind of monitoring that's
- 2 responsible takes thousands of dollars for each
- 3 monitoring position. And that's probably an
- 4 underestimate. You're -- Idaho Power pays the bills, so
- 5 I don't know.
- 6 So our concern is that it could become just
- 7 completely infeasible if in every case somebody hears
- 8 corona and has this concern. They are able, then, to
- 9 shift the burden over to Idaho Power to do comprehensive
- 10 modeling.
- 11 And I will say that kind of the spot-check
- 12 idea. I mean, we -- our acoustical engineers just
- 13 couldn't get behind the idea that you could set a
- 14 responsible ambient based on going out for an hour.
- So we don't know that -- we don't know that
- 16 that's going to be a solution to try to do something
- 17 quick and easy there.
- Now, if the complainant does some monitoring
- on their own, whatever it is, I mean, there's all kinds
- 20 of levels of monitoring. Idaho Power performs kind of
- 21 expensive state-of-the-art monitoring, but there's a lot
- 22 of ways to do less expensive monitoring. If the
- 23 complainant does some monitoring, even if it's quick and
- 24 dirty that demonstrates an exceedance that hasn't been
- 25 addressed, Idaho Power at that point could decide, okay,

- 1 we're going to do some of our own monitoring. Probably
- 2 longer term. Maybe more state-of-the-art equipment, but
- 3 at least it doesn't shift in every single instance over
- 4 to Idaho Power the responsibility to do very expensive
- 5 noise monitoring. So that's our concern about it.
- 6 MR. ANUTA: And if I might point out, this
- 7 is a policy issue for the Council because shifting the
- 8 burden is precisely what Stop is looking for here.
- 9 We think the burden should be on the
- 10 billion-dollar utility who is building the line to
- 11 monitor in some fashion whether there's a problem or
- 12 not. It should not be on the landowner who doesn't have
- 13 the thousands of dollars to do, as Ms. Rackner
- 14 described, the monitoring.
- So that sort of shifting the burden was
- 16 precisely what Stop was trying to do with this suggested
- 17 language.
- 18 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Comments from Council?
- 19 MR. ROWE: Patrick Rowe, DOJ.
- 20 I'll quickly make my comment and then
- 21 Councillor Condon has a question.
- 22 As Ms. Rackner pointed out, they could do,
- 23 you know, quote/unquote, "down-and-dirty monitoring,"
- 24 which is -- I'm not -- I can't say I have personal
- 25 experience with these, but I understand there are simple

- 1 phone apps that do noise monitoring. Idaho Power could
- 2 then come out and do more sophisticated monitoring and
- 3 then that dispute would be presented to the Council for
- 4 resolution.
- 5 MS. RACKNER: And I will just say that is
- 6 what we had in mind that something quick and easy that
- 7 anybody with a smartphone could do.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. That being the
- 9 case, then where is the Council on the language?
- Does it achieve what we've just kind of been
- 11 discussing?
- 12 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: So let me make sure
- 13 who we are dealing with here. These are people who have
- 14 not been identified through the prior modeling process
- 15 as having a noise impact facility.
- 16 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Right.
- 17 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: So what this
- 18 condition proposes is that there be additional modeling
- 19 done by Idaho Power. And then if the landowner still
- 20 has an issue, they can provide evidence and then it
- 21 comes to us or the Chair. I don't have a problem with
- 22 that process.
- 23 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Where is the rest of the
- 24 Council?
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: So I think -- I was

- 1 sort of hung up on sub issue (3). But what happens next
- 2 is pretty clearly outlined in subsections four and five
- 3 that says, if there's alternative data, here's the
- 4 responsibility of IPC and ultimately the Council, so I'm
- 5 comfortable with the language.
- 6 VICE CHAIR HOWE: I'm seeing head nods.
- 7 Do you need to say something, Councillor
- 8 Condon?
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yeah. I had
- 10 indicated I had a question. Actually, I was just going
- 11 to comment -- make the same comment that Mr. Rowe made
- 12 but wanted to verify that that was true.
- I think there is a phone app -- actually, I
- 14 think I've used it -- that measures decibels. And then
- if that's enough, if that is what Idaho Power would
- 16 accept, then hopefully the people impacted would know
- 17 that that's a measure -- you know, I think if the public
- 18 reads monitoring or whatever, they might think, Oh, my
- 19 gosh, I have to, you know, buy monitoring equipment,
- 20 whatever. I just think the public should be made aware
- 21 this is what we'll accept.
- So because we're -- or, at least, I'm
- 23 thinking given this conversation that that's acceptable.
- You know, a phone app or some -- something
- 25 less than.

- 1 MS. RACKNER: Yeah. And -- and I will say,
- 2 because I don't have a lot of personal experience with
- 3 what all the options are out there.
- 4 I -- I really can't say in this moment that
- 5 that -- maybe it's the monitor -- a monitoring
- 6 methodology of the complainant's choice. Or which may
- 7 include -- I don't know. Yeah, we're a little bit --
- 8 trying to do this in realtime. But -- but we are
- 9 certainly comfortable.
- 10 That was the idea that our modeling that we
- 11 did to our mind -- not that this is legal -- legally the
- 12 case, but kind of created this rebuttable presumption
- 13 that there wasn't no exceedance at this NSR. But if the
- 14 person at the NSR is able to show in any way, like, no,
- 15 we really think that the ambient anti-degradation
- 16 standard has been exceeded by more than 10 dBA, whether
- 17 it's a cell phone monitoring, then it would be incumbent
- 18 upon Idaho Power to present its own monitoring data.
- 19 And if there's a dispute, then, again,
- 20 hopefully they can resolve it. A lot of disputes can be
- 21 resolved. But ultimately, it could come to the Council
- 22 to look at the data presented by the complainant versus
- 23 what Idaho Power brings.
- 24 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I think we've
- 25 reached agreement, then, on condition two.

- 1 MR. RATCLIFFE: Mr. Anuta, I think there may
- 2 be one of your proposals you haven't pointed out to
- 3 Council. And that goes with regard to a revision to
- 4 condition 2(a). You had made a proposal about
- 5 submitting the -- they are going to -- Idaho Power will
- 6 outline a complaint plan. And I believe you had made a
- 7 proposal that -- that be submitted to the Department for
- 8 approval. And once approval is obtained, distributed to
- 9 all NSR properties within one mile.
- 10 So I just wanted to point that out to you if
- 11 you wanted to discuss that with Council.
- 12 MR. ANUTA: We thought that made sense. I
- don't know if Idaho Power objects to that at all.
- MS. RACKNER: I don't know that we object to
- 15 that. I think we felt in our briefing that it was a
- 16 little redundant because we were -- the conditions
- 17 themselves are going to explain that there's a complaint
- 18 process through ODOE and they can contact ODOE.
- But I don't know that we have an objection
- 20 to the details of the complaint process going out to
- 21 everybody, so that they have it in the first place.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Good. And then
- 23 Councillor Condon had a question on (c).
- 24 MR. ROWE: Is that an instruction from
- 25 Council that you would like this condition to state that

- 1 the complaint will -- complaint plan will be distributed
- 2 to the NSR property owners?
- 3 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
- 4 MS. RACKNER: And again, that's the same
- 5 list -- I'm just saying that as we write it up, that
- 6 would be the same list of the X-7 that will have been
- 7 updated.
- 8 MR. ROWE: Yes, that's the way I'm seeing
- 9 it.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Do I see head nods? Okay.
- 11 Yes.
- 12 And then, Councillor Condon, you had a
- 13 question on (c).
- 14 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes, Cindy Condon.
- 15 On condition (2)(c), I just want to be clear. In the
- 16 fourth line from the bottom, it reads -- well, I'll read
- 17 the added language in (C) and will specify the
- 18 information that the complainant -- so this is the NSR;
- 19 right?
- The complainant must include in its
- 21 complaint including the date the certificate holder
- 22 received the complaint, the nature of the complaint,
- 23 weather conditions of the date for which the complaint
- 24 is based, including wind speed, temperature, relative
- 25 humidity, and precipitation.

- 1 So we're expecting that the public will
- 2 collect all that information with their home weather
- 3 center.
- 4 Is that the --
- 5 MS. RACKNER: We thought a smartphone app.
- 6 I've got that all on my phone.
- 7 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: And could be. I'm
- 8 just wondering if at the moment -- I don't have my
- 9 complaint procedure in front of me. I've missed the
- 10 day. It's the next day -- I mean, so I guess looking
- 11 up -- I don't know how you get wind speed for
- 12 ten o'clock in the morning two days earlier. I just
- 13 want to make sure it's reasonable as opposed to making
- 14 it a little bit too detailed -- or more detailed than it
- 15 needs to be.
- MS. RACKNER: And I believe this was
- 17 Department language, so maybe better responded to by
- 18 Kellen or Patrick.
- 19 MR. ROWE: I honestly can't remember if it
- 20 was Department language or not. I know we were
- 21 discussing this quite a bit.
- I understand the concern. And I can't tell
- 23 you if that type of information is available just
- 24 through the app.
- 25 If you're concerned about the -- the

- 1 rationale for it is because those -- those are the
- 2 factors that impact -- have an impact on noise. That's
- 3 the idea behind it. I suppose you could -- rather than
- 4 make it mandatory, you could make it a discussion and
- 5 then if they don't have that information but then Idaho
- 6 Power is able to pull that information from whatever
- 7 sources they have, then when the dispute is presented to
- 8 Council, there's potentially more evidence favoring
- 9 Idaho Power's analysis.
- 10 So -- but I think we would be -- I think at
- 11 a minimum, we should let folks know that these are the
- 12 types of things that you ought to be thinking about
- 13 collecting if you don't want to make it mandatory. I
- 14 would be all right with that.
- MS. RACKNER: Yeah, I believe we would, too,
- 16 because I also thought that this was the type of
- information you could look up for any one day on the
- 18 internet as well.
- 19 Now, I know not everybody has internet
- 20 access, but --
- MR. ANUTA: Or knows how to operate a
- 22 smartphone sufficient to gather all that data.
- For whatever it is worth, Stop would
- 24 suggest -- this was not one we had picked up on before,
- 25 but since Councillor Condon has flagged it, that you

- 1 simply modify this to say if complainant has available
- 2 the wind speed, that gives them both the information
- 3 about what kind of things you're looking for but makes
- 4 it optional rather than mandatory.
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Jordan Truitt, for
- 6 the record.
- 7 Wondering if in the notification that a
- 8 brief description of how and where some of this
- 9 information could be accessed to somebody who may not
- 10 know how to look up on NOAA's website what the previous
- 11 24-hour conditions were. Just a brief tutorial on how
- 12 to collect some of the parameters as much as possible.
- Because you still -- if there's a complaint,
- 14 I believe you still have to quantify the complaint with
- 15 relative data that has to support your complaint.
- If it's just, it was loud last night, how do
- 17 you -- how do you support that?
- 18 And so I do recognize that is, for many,
- 19 difficult information to gather. But if there's a
- 20 starting point on how to get there, that might help.
- 21 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley.
- 22 And what I would suggest there is just
- 23 simply saying such as including wind speed, temperature,
- 24 yeah.
- 25 MS. RACKNER: I believe that's the easiest.

- 1 I think the most important thing would be for the -- to
- 2 know the date and the time that the person believes they
- 3 experienced the exceedance. Because then at that point,
- 4 Idaho Power or the Council can go back and try to -- and
- 5 perhaps discern what was happening in that location at
- 6 that evening.
- 7 THE COURT: Okay. Sounds like we have some
- 8 Council direction on that one. All -- all in agreement,
- 9 such as language being added.
- 10 MS. RACKNER: And I'd like to make a request
- 11 for a five-minute break, if we could.
- 12 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yeah, I was trying to get
- 13 us -- we're done with condition two.
- MR. ANUTA: We did have some additional
- 15 language further on down in subpart (5).
- 16 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Let's go ahead and
- 17 take a break now and we'll come back.
- 18 MS. RACKNER: I am okay with finishing up
- 19 the condition. I was just observing that it was almost
- 20 three hours.
- 21 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- THE COURT: Okay. Subsection (5).
- MR. ANUTA: Subsection (5) of subpart (e).
- And so further down, Kellen, if you're in
- 25 (e), there should be a 5 -- no, you're -- you're in (f).

- 1 So there we go.
- 2 This was a discussion of what happens if
- 3 there's a dispute. And this was the same issue that we
- 4 raised earlier. We had suggested at the end of this
- 5 that you clarify that the EFSC chair may direct the
- 6 Department to make the determination. We had suggested
- 7 adding language at the end of that.
- 8 But if there has been a delegation, the
- 9 Department decision can still be appealed to EFSC, and
- 10 that goes back to Stop's point of we didn't want the
- 11 Department to be the final decision-maker.
- 12 And your earlier discussion may be
- 13 sufficient for that issue. But we -- I wanted to flag
- 14 that we wanted to clarify there as well, that ultimately
- 15 even if there is a deferral, it should come back to the
- 16 Council because that's the ultimate last word.
- 17 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Counsel Rowe, that
- 18 language that you referred to before, I think clarified
- 19 that it -- it comes to Council.
- MR. ROWE: Well, the default is to Council.
- 21 CHAIR HOWE: Right. Right.
- 22 MR. ROWE: The issue here is similar to the
- 23 prior one, which is if the Chair is going to direct the
- 24 Department to make the determination that the Chair, in
- 25 his or her discretion, has determined that -- that

- 1 coming month's business they would prefer that the
- 2 Department make the determination.
- 3 So to me there's -- I don't understand what
- 4 the point of the deferral to the Department would be if,
- 5 ultimately, it's coming back to the Council anyhow.
- 6 If the idea behind referring it to the
- 7 Department is efficiency of Council meetings, it's still
- 8 going to end up before the Council under Mr. Anuta's
- 9 proposal.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Right. Right.
- 11 So, Mr. Anuta?
- MR. ANUTA: That, Mr. Rowe, is absolutely
- 13 correct. Our approach is to say it needs to ultimately
- 14 go to Council, even if it's been deferred to Department,
- 15 that may take care of some of the process.
- Some people get deferred and have the
- 17 Department make a decision may be fine with that. But
- 18 if somebody ultimately wants a Council ruling on their
- 19 complaint, they ought to be able to appeal a Department
- 20 decision on a deferral back to the Council to really get
- 21 a Council vote on it.
- But from a policy perspective from Stop, the
- 23 Council should be the last word, rather than the Council
- 24 Chair making an executive decision, which may be from an
- 25 efficiency standpoint totally appropriate, but from the

- 1 standpoint of policy, we wanted the Commission to be the
- 2 final backstop, regardless.
- WICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Where is the
- 4 Council on this one? Where we ended up on condition
- 5 one?
- 6 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Support where we
- 7 ended up on condition one.
- 8 This is Hanley.
- 9 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I'm seeing head
- 10 nods.
- 11 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: I would not be in
- 12 favor. I wasn't in favor.
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Councillor
- 14 Chocktoot.
- 15 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 16 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I think we've got a
- 17 majority on that one to leave it like it was understood
- 18 in condition one.
- 19 Okay. I think we'll take a, what, 10-minute
- 20 break? Come back at 11:05 and start on condition three,
- 21 I guess.
- 22 (A break was taken.)
- 23 (No audio from 11:05 a.m to 11:08 a.m.)
- MS. RACKNER: Okay. The site certificate
- 25 and the timelines in the site certificate for responding

- 1 and working with landowners, because if they don't do
- 2 what's required by the site certificate, they will be
- 3 out of compliance with the site certificate and subject
- 4 to enforcement.
- 5 But it makes no sense to -- to place them in
- 6 that -- (audio disruption) --
- 7 MR. ANUTA: -- included a determination that
- 8 if they reached this point in the process the applicant
- 9 will be considered to be in violation of the site
- 10 certificate and subject to enforcement until they work
- 11 out with the NSR property owner a mutually agreed upon
- 12 mitigation plan in order to create incentive for the
- 13 applicant to work out that plan.
- 14 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Ms. Rackner.
- 15 MS. RACKNER: So we just disagree. We have
- 16 obligations under the site certificates. If we don't
- 17 follow the very detailed requirements for what we do in
- 18 response to a complaint, then we could be found in
- 19 violation of the site certificate.
- 20 But to suggest that any complaint,
- 21 meritorious or not, somehow places us out of compliance.
- 22 Makes virtually no sense. It also gives an enormous
- 23 amount of inappropriate, undeserved leverage to a
- 24 landowner. Just as Mr. Anuta is suggesting what if
- 25 there is someone who could be unreasonable at Idaho

- 1 Power working on this issue, it's equally possible that
- 2 there could be a landowner that could also be
- 3 unreasonable. Those things can happen, which is why you
- 4 have rules that everybody has to follow and if they
- 5 follow the rules, they are in compliance.
- 6 MR. ANUTA: And if I could respond briefly
- 7 on the point. This part of the process is after it has
- 8 been determined that there is a noise -- corona noise
- 9 issue that exceeds the standard. This is after -- it is
- 10 not just a complaint and then they are working it out.
- 11 This is further down in the plan where it says that if
- 12 it is determined pursuant to the process described above
- 13 that this condition -- that this condition -- the corona
- 14 noise at the complainant's property exceeds the
- 15 standard.
- 16 So this is where there has already been
- 17 Idaho Power and the complainant working together. They
- 18 are working it out. There is an exceedance. Stop's
- 19 position is there needs to be an incentive at that point
- 20 for Idaho Power to work things out.
- 21 The process that Ms. Rackner is describing
- 22 would require the complainant, who has already been
- 23 found to have a problem, to come to the Council and ask
- 24 that the Council find that there's a violation of the
- 25 site certificate because Idaho Power won't work with

- 1 them to get a mutually agreeable agreement.
- 2 Our suggestion is put the burden on the
- 3 applicant and say, okay, either you reach an agreement
- 4 or you are in violation automatically.
- 6 MS. RACKNER: Well, I'd also like to point
- 7 out that if we can't reach an agreement, then there is
- 8 another process, and that process is coming to the
- 9 Council.
- 10 So of -- let's say, you have an actual
- 11 exceedance, but let's say you have a landowner that is
- 12 saying I -- you know -- that is asking for something
- 13 that seems completely out of proportion and
- 14 inappropriate, so the parties cannot come to an
- 15 agreement. Then that's why we are able to come to the
- 16 Council. The Council can tell -- at that point can tell
- 17 Idaho Power either do what the landowner is asking you
- 18 to do or tell the landowner that feels like an
- 19 overreach. Here's, instead, what we think should
- 20 happen. But there's just no reason to be holding Idaho
- 21 Power in some "out of compliance" until they have --
- 22 until we have gone through the process.
- 23 And as long as Idaho Power is faithful to
- 24 the process, abides by Council rules and determinations,
- 25 they should be seen to be in compliance.

- Okay. Council, you've heard both sides.
- 2 Do we feel there's language change needed
- 3 here or not?
- 4 Councillor Condon?
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon.
- 6 And I might be reading this incorrectly.
- 7 But so what -- how does Idaho Power read this provision
- 8 if there isn't a mutually -- I'm not reading that
- 9 there's a returned -- that what happens if.
- 10 So what you're proposing is that they're not
- in violation of the certificate, so -- so then what?
- MR. ROWE: Councillor Condon, this is
- 13 Patrick Rowe, Department of Justice. Go down to sub
- 14 (3).
- 15 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes. Okay.
- MR. ROWE: So it's (f) sub (3), that -- that
- 17 outlines the process Ms. Rackner just referred to.
- 18 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: But doesn't that
- 19 start with if through the efforts described above the
- 20 certificate holder executes an agreement with the NSR?
- MR. ROWE: Going down, the next sentence
- 22 says, if an agreement can't be reached.
- 23 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Okay. Apologies.
- 24 Yes. Thank you.
- MS. RACKNER: They are long and complicated.

- 1 They loop back on themselves. I totally get it.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. So back to the
- 3 Council, are we feeling there's any language change
- 4 needed or not?
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: I think it is
- 6 covered. I don't think it is appropriate to find
- 7 somebody in violation if it is still being disputed.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Right.
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Agreed.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Councillor
- 11 Chocktoot.
- 12 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. We've got that one
- 14 done.
- 15 Now, do we move to condition three or --
- 16 MR. ANUTA: I'm looking to see. I don't see
- 17 any other changes that we proposed that we didn't
- 18 already address. And two -- we did suggest language
- 19 further on down in sub (3) that would suggest that
- 20 the -- Council remain the appellate body, but this is
- 21 the same issue that you have discussed before as to
- 22 whether or not there should be a deferral by the Chair
- 23 as an option.
- It's Stop's position that Council should
- 25 remain the appellate body even if there's a deferral.

- 1 There are no other suggested changes to condition two
- 2 from Stop.
- 3 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Let's move on to condition
- 4 three, then. First paragraph.
- 5 MR. ANUTA: There are a number of specific
- 6 changes that Stop recommended to the first paragraph of
- 7 condition three. And, conceptually, they all focus on
- 8 the same thing.
- 9 Stop's position is there should be long-term
- 10 inspection, monitoring, and maintenance for the entire
- 11 operational life of the project.
- 12 And that we suggested some specific things
- 13 that should be done to protect the lines and in terms of
- 14 maintenance. And we suggested language that would --
- 15 that would require the certificate holder to monitor and
- 16 inspect the line over time. And that the inspections of
- 17 that sort would take place on the schedule that aligns
- 18 with the OPUC, utility wildfire plans or more frequently
- 19 if the Department felt there were needed to be more
- 20 frequent.
- 21 And that when -- when Idaho Power completes
- 22 an inspection or monitoring of the line, that they
- 23 should do a monitoring and maintenance and report and
- 24 submit it to the Department so that the Department can
- 25 track where things are going.

- 1 And then finally that the certificate holder
- 2 is required to upgrade and apply new technologies as
- 3 they become available to mitigate corona noise issues.
- 4 Stop's point there was that we don't know what future
- 5 technology in terms of noise mitigation might be for
- 6 corona noise, but if there is additional technology that
- 7 comes into existence, that Idaho Power should be
- 8 required to stay current on that and to apply those
- 9 upgraded technologies, maybe there will be a new type of
- 10 conductor that will help reduce noise or new type of
- 11 metal or tower or something.
- We were just trying to get at the idea that
- 13 for the life of the project you've got to stay on top of
- 14 the technology and apply upgraded technology to help
- 15 reduce corona noise for the people being affected by the
- 16 project.
- 17 MS. TARDAEWETHER: For the record, Kellen
- 18 Tardaewether here.
- 19 I've got it pulled up on the screen. It
- 20 took me a minute just to kind of orient. I want to
- 21 orient Council of where we're at.
- 22 So in front and on the screen, I have the
- 23 amended condition language that Mr. Anuta just verbally
- 24 presented with his rationale and the edits just to help
- 25 Council.

- 1 In the proposed contested case order, the --
- 2 the hearing officer discusses these revisions and the
- 3 Department and Idaho Power's responses, and ultimately
- 4 she declines to adopt these revisions.
- 5 So in your proposed contested case order,
- 6 there's noise condition three, isn't there.
- 7 So your noise condition three, as it stands
- 8 now, according to the PCCO, is what it says in the
- 9 proposed order. Give me a minute, there's a delay here.
- 10 So this is the condition as it stands, so I
- 11 don't know if Council wants to take a minute to -- I'll
- 12 let Jesse or Patrick read what the -- okay.
- So there's Mr. Anuta's. And then the
- 14 hearing officer provides her basis and rationale under
- 15 her discussion of condition three.
- 16 Oh, can I -- I'm going to slowly scroll
- 17 through.
- 18 MS. RACKNER: I'm sorry. Someone let me
- 19 know when it is time for me to respond.
- MS. TARDAEWETHER: Yes.
- 21 VICE CHAIR HOWE: So, Mr. Anuta, is this
- 22 what you were working off of?
- 23 MR. ANUTA: Correct. That's what I -- the
- 24 red language there is what Stop proposed as changes to
- 25 three. And I think Ms. Rackner probably has some

- 1 responses to those, conceptually if not specifically.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yeah.
- 3 MS. RACKNER: Yeah. So what's been proposed
- 4 here is pretty completely impractical.
- We have a 300-mile transmission line. It
- 6 will get bird feces on it at times. The idea that Idaho
- 7 Power would immediately need to clean off that bird
- 8 feces does not make a lot of sense.
- 9 Similarly, we have a 300-mile transmission
- 10 line. Now, it seems completely hypothetical to me, but
- 11 even if there were some type of new conductor that would
- 12 right -- that could reduce corona noise, it would be at
- 13 least hundreds of millions of dollars for us to
- 14 re-conductor this line, just to buy the conductor
- 15 itself, let alone string a new conductor.
- 16 For those -- and I do want to say one thing,
- 17 is that, yes, the company has to -- on a regular basis,
- 18 it has to maintain the line; it has to be trimming
- 19 vegetation; it needs to be out there making sure the
- 20 line is in good working order.
- 21 We also have the situation where we don't
- 22 know if anyone is going to be bothered by the noise on
- 23 this line at this point. Lots of people live near high
- 24 voltage transmission lines and are not bothered at all.
- 25 I'm not saying there won't be anyone. There may be

- 1 legitimate complaints, but we don't know. That's very
- 2 hypothetical. Given the extreme expense of that type of
- 3 monitoring or tech -- technological upgrades that
- 4 Mr. Anuta is referring to and given a chance that we
- 5 don't really know how the public is going to perceive
- 6 the corona noise on this line, it just makes perfect
- 7 sense to do this on a complaint basis.
- If a human being or group of human beings
- 9 are bothered by the noise on the line, then that is
- 10 something Idaho Power needs to address.
- If there's a nick in the line that's causing
- 12 corona, that is something Idaho Power needs to address.
- 13 If its modeling was wrong, such that there
- is an exceedance where we didn't think there was going
- to be one, that's something that Idaho Power needs to
- 16 address.
- 17 Just the sheer reality of what it's like to
- 18 build and maintain a 300-mile 500 kV line suggests that
- 19 the complaint approach is a human being bothered, let's
- 20 fix that. That that's the best way to deal with this.
- 21 MR. ANUTA: And Stop and Idaho Power have a
- 22 clear policy difference on that. We think the utility
- 23 should be regularly maintaining -- we're not suggesting
- 24 daily, but they need to be regularly maintaining,
- 25 monitoring, and upgrading.

- 1 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Council.
- 2 MR. ROWE: If I may, Patrick Rowe,
- 3 Department of Justice. I would also point out that
- 4 there is another recommended site certificate condition.
- 5 And the hearing officer pointed this out in
- 6 her ruling on this -- her analysis of this proposed
- 7 condition. That recommended organizational expertise
- 8 condition one addresses transmission maintenance
- 9 inspection plan and requires Idaho Power to inspect,
- 10 monitor, and maintain the facility. That coupled with
- 11 the complaint process that Ms. Rackner has -- that we've
- 12 been discussing, the Department is comfortable with this
- 13 condition as is.
- 14 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Mr. Chair, this is
- 15 Hanley.
- 16 My concern with the upgrades is our purpose
- 17 is to make sure that the standard is met. It's not to
- 18 make sure that all possible noise is eliminated.
- 19 And so, you know, I don't believe that by
- 20 performing upgrades to reduce the noise is part of the
- 21 requirement to meet the standard.
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Other Councillors? Leave
- 23 the language?
- 24 Councillor Condon.
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Just a question.

- 1 My lack of knowledge on transmission lines.
- 2 Do transmission lines generally degrade and
- 3 get replaced from time to time? And if so, does the
- 4 Department have a role in that -- is that an amendment
- 5 process or?
- I guess the first question is do they
- 7 degrade over time? And would you expect more corona
- 8 noise as time goes on?
- 9 MS. RACKNER: That is nothing that I have
- 10 ever heard.
- 11 What I have heard is that damage to the line
- 12 can cause corona.
- Now, I will say that transmission lines do
- 14 get maintained, I mean, for nicks and scrapes and all
- 15 the types of things that can happen with a 300-mile
- 16 line. They do need to get maintained on a regular
- 17 basis. But I have never heard that they degrade over
- 18 time such that corona would begin to increase. And I'm
- 19 going to look back and make sure that --
- 20 Okay. I got the go-ahead that that was
- 21 correct.
- 22 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yeah. My expectation
- 23 is that Idaho Power maintains its line, its assets, and
- 24 so that goes without saying. It was just the
- 25 degradation of the line over time I was --

- 1 MS. RACKNER: Yeah.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. So we're saying no
- 3 changes to noise control condition three are needed.
- 4 Okay.
- 5 Councillor Chocktoot.
- 6 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yeah. I think the
- 7 document needs to stay the same.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Thank you.
- 9 So we move on then to condition four.
- 10 MR. ANUTA: Actually, Stop had proposed an
- 11 addition -- an addition either to three or as a new four
- 12 that essentially requires the development of a
- 13 monitoring plan and data collection plan for corona
- 14 noise at the 41 NSRs that have already been identified
- 15 over the life of the project.
- So Stop's concept here was that we already
- 17 know that those -- from the modeling that there's likely
- 18 to be a problem there. The utility should develop a
- 19 monitoring plan for over the entire life of the project
- 20 for those locations that it may be if agreements are
- 21 reached and upgrades are done, there doesn't seem to be
- 22 a problem, but the utility should monitor them because
- 23 their data already shows that there is likely to be a
- 24 problem at those key NSRs.
- 25 And that then at the end of each ten-year

- 1 period of operation, the certificate holder should do an
- 2 assessment to determine if there is new technology that
- 3 would further reduce corona noise or problems and advise
- 4 the Department on that.
- 5 And to the extent that our -- Stop's view is
- 6 that your standards are you're trying to protect the
- 7 public, health, welfare, and safety and noise situation.
- And so because technology changes, in order
- 9 to meet that standard, you have to require the -- or you
- 10 should require the applicant to stay up-to-date on
- 11 technology and to report to the Department on upgrades
- 12 or changes in technology.
- 13 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Ms. Rackner.
- MS. RACKNER: We had the same response; that
- 15 we believe that the complaint process is the correct
- 16 process.
- 17 And I just do want to remind everybody that
- 18 those 41 NSRs will have received mitigation at that
- 19 point.
- 20 If at any point they believe that the --
- 21 conditions have changed such that something new is
- 22 required, they can make that complaint.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Council, you've
- 24 heard both sides. Nothing from Council.
- 25 So any language changes needed?

- 1 Two heads no over here. Three, four, five.
- 2 And Councillor Chocktoot.
- 3 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: If this is the
- 4 appropriate time for that language change, then I think
- 5 we need to make it.
- 6 But for the document itself, I believe it
- 7 covers it. That's how I read it.
- 8 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Councillor Chocktoot, we
- 9 can't hear you, can you speak up a bit?
- 10 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: You can't hear me?
- 11 VICE CHAIR HOWE: We're turning your volume
- 12 up a little to see if that helps. Try again.
- 13 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Can you hear me?
- 14 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes, much better.
- 15 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Okay.
- 16 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yeah, go ahead.
- 17 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Okay. If it needs
- 18 to be changed, I think we need to change it.
- 19 But how I read it, it covers everything as
- 20 it is. And for the future, we can't really dictate
- 21 what's going to happen.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes, I think we agree.
- Okay. So Council's ready to move then on to
- 24 condition four.
- MR. ANUTA: Stop did not propose any

- 1 specific changes to condition four or condition five.
- 2 We recommended that they be removed because they allow
- 3 for ongoing issues to -- that we didn't think were
- 4 necessary.
- 5 VICE CHAIR HOWE: So no changes to condition
- 6 four or five. I don't think we need to belay that any
- 7 more and can move on. Is that right?
- 8 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley.
- 9 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Oh, okay. Yeah.
- 10 MS. RACKNER: Did we already make a
- 11 determination on the exception and variance?
- 12 MR. ANUTA: That's what this relates to. So
- 13 our opposition -- so our suggested removal was because
- 14 these recognize the possibility of a variance or
- 15 exception and our position earlier, as I articulated
- 16 was, you shouldn't grant a variance.
- 17 So to the extent you have granted a
- 18 variance, if you are going to do that in your final
- 19 order, you should keep them.
- 20 But to -- as to our position in our
- 21 exceptions was because they acknowledge the existence of
- 22 a variance that we didn't think you should grant, they
- 23 needed to go away.
- 24 But if you are going to grant the variance,
- 25 then you absolutely should keep them.

- 1 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. So I think we can
- 2 move forward through four and five and we're now
- 3 up to -- whoa --
- 4 MR. ANUTA: That's it.
- 5 CHAIR HOWE: We're through. Okay.
- 6 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley.
- 7 I want to thank both of you helping us
- 8 through that process. I think it was very beneficial
- 9 for us and, hopefully, it was beneficial for you.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I think I turn it
- 11 back over to Counsel Ratcliffe.
- 12 MR. RATCLIFFE: No. I believe where we're
- 13 at then is a straw poll on issues three and four
- 14 combined, as well as the overall standard.
- 15 SECRETARY CORNETT: For the record, Todd
- 16 Cornett.
- 17 If Council is ready, I can read the straw
- 18 poll.
- 19 VICE CHAIR HOWE: We're ready.
- 20 SECRETARY CORNETT: So "agree with the
- 21 findings of fact, conclusions of law, and conditions of
- 22 approval in the proposed order pertaining to the noise
- 23 control regulations that are not related to the issues
- in the contested case and in the proposed order -- in
- 25 the proposed contested case order pertaining to issues

- 1 NC-3 and NC-4, with the following modifications "-- and
- 2 this would be specific changes to condition two,
- 3 condition 2(a), to include language at the appropriate
- 4 location and the specific language. Notice will include
- 5 both an easy-to-understand plain-language summary of
- 6 property owner rights with respect to noise control
- 7 conditions as well as the noise control conditions.
- 8 And then also under 2(a), complaint plan
- 9 will be distributed by certificate holder.
- 10 Again, appropriate language in appropriate
- 11 location.
- 12 And then under subsection (c), in the
- 13 parenthetical prior to the first word, which is
- "including," we would add "such as."
- 15 And that is it.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Sounds good.
- 17 SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
- 18 COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 19 SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
- 20 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes.
- 21 SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe.
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
- 23 SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
- 24 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes.
- 25 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Ann Beier.

Page 681 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Yes. 1 2. SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt? 3 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes. 4 SECRETARY CORNETT: Thank you, Councilmembers. 5 6 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I believe now we're 7 ready to move on to the land use standard issues. 8 got 9, 5, 7, and 8. And so --9 Did I do something wrong there? 9, 5, 7, 8. 10 That's what's on my list. MR. RATCLIFFE: Right. I only have 9 and 5. 11 12 VICE CHAIR HOWE: I've got them on here, but 13 not 7 and 8. 14 (Discussion on agenda items.) 15 MR. RATCLIFFE: Okay. Yeah. I think that's 16 right. So 7 and 8 had -- we had kind of -- the intent 17 was to have covered those along with kind of the 18 procedural issues at the outset. 19 Where, you know, the recommendation was that 20 there wasn't sufficient substantive information in those exceptions to be able to allow the Council to -- to make 21 22 an informed decision on those. So that's why we ended up with 9 and 5. 23 24 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Ms. Tardaewether,

25

9 -- 9 and 5.

- 1 MS. TARDAEWETHER: Kellen Tardaewether.
- 2 Bear with me as I kind of come out of the
- 3 noise and let's go over -- so the Council's Land Use
- 4 Standard requires the Council to find that the proposed
- 5 facility complies with the local applicable substantive
- 6 criteria and statewide planning goals as adopted by the
- 7 LCDC or the Land Conservation and Development
- 8 Commission.
- 9 Applicable substantive criteria from the
- 10 affected -- are the criteria from the affected local
- 11 government's acknowledged comprehensive plan and land
- 12 use ordinances that are required by the state -- that
- 13 are required by the statewide planning goals identified
- 14 as applicable to a proposed facility.
- 15 Based on -- based on the facility type.
- And the applicable substantive criteria, the
- 17 goalpost in Council's rules for that preliminary
- 18 application is submitted.
- 19 And so for land use for the jurisdictions
- 20 where the land use applies, that was 2013.
- 21 The analysis area for land use is one
- 22 half-mile from the site boundary. So that is the area
- 23 that is -- oops, looked at -- I wasn't ready for that.
- 24 And then the -- because this is a long linear facility,
- 25 we talked about the jurisdictions it crosses. It's five

- 1 counties in Oregon. It crosses Malheur, Baker, Union,
- 2 Umatilla, and Morrow County. There's also some facility
- 3 components in North Powder and Huntington, Oregon.
- 4 So those are all of the local governments
- 5 that must comply with the land use standard.
- And so the land use section in the proposed
- 7 order is very -- is very long. Right? Because
- 8 criteria -- I'm going to go to the next slide here --
- 9 that's -- the table is kind of small.
- 10 But these are the criteria that are
- 11 identified by the local governments. The applicant in
- 12 its Exhibit K also identifies criteria that is
- 13 applicable to the facility.
- 14 I'm going to kind of just go through these
- 15 pretty quickly. My presentation is fairly short on land
- 16 use just so we can go and talk to the -- I don't know.
- 17 The meatier stuff are the items that are related to the
- 18 contested case issue. So I'm kind of just doing a quick
- 19 overview of land use. And this is kind of the layout in
- 20 the section.
- There are lots of land use conditions, and a
- 22 lot of them are -- I don't -- I'm kind of air quoting
- 23 "typical conditions" that would apply to setbacks of
- 24 certain -- certain structures. Same with compliance
- 25 with local permits, comprehensive and conditional use

- 1 permit submission under each county as per their
- 2 criteria.
- 3 So in Umatilla and Union County, as we can
- 4 kind of see on the top of each slide, I have a summary
- 5 of the -- the zones that are crossed by the facility.
- 6 In Umatilla and Union County, the facility
- 7 does cross forest lands. So under OAR
- 8 660-006-0025(4)(q), it establishes that new electric
- 9 transmission lines with right-of-ways up to 100 feet are
- 10 conditionally permissible uses within forest lands.
- 11 And we're kind of going back to that --
- 12 going back to the actual final right-of-way width of the
- 13 facility. And it is anticipated to be the 300 feet in
- 14 forest lands and that is to ensure that there is enough
- 15 vegetative clearance for hazard trees. And this is a
- 16 safety and fire prevention part of the operation and
- 17 maintenance of the transmission line. So this is
- 18 related to that wider right-of-way in forest lands.
- 19 The transmission line would satisfy
- 20 OAR 660-006-0025 (4)(q). However, the permanent access
- 21 roads that would be necessary to service
- 22 the transmission line in operation, those would be
- 23 located within the hundred foot right-of-way for which
- 24 the structures are allowable.
- 25 So the applicant requests that the Council

- 1 take an exception to the statewide policy embodied in
- 2 goal four for the forest lands in Umatilla and Union
- 3 Counties.
- 4 And Jesse will go over those more in more
- 5 detail. But that's just kind of the setup background
- 6 for that portion.
- 7 So this is in Union County, which has the
- 8 same note about the forest lands.
- 9 And then Baker County. Shout out to
- 10 Umatilla County over here. Hi, guys. And Union. Oh,
- 11 Scott left. Okay.
- 12 All right. So -- and this is just a really
- 13 high-level overview. And that -- that's basically my
- 14 presentation, unless Council has any specific questions
- 15 to the proposed order, we can pass it off to Jesse.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Floor is yours,
- 17 Mr. Ratcliffe.
- MR. RATCLIFFE: Thank you.
- 19 MS. TARDAEWETHER: For the record, Kellen.
- I did have a couple conditions here. I'll
- 21 just leave them up here. This is kind of -- this
- 22 relates to the wider right-of-way and forest lands and
- 23 then there's also the right-of-way clearing assessment
- 24 which talks about -- has that built-in agency
- 25 consultation. And this is the applicant's proposal for

- 1 maintaining, you know, vegetative clearance in the -- in
- 2 the utility right-of-way.
- 3 Let me make sure. Okay. Now I'm done.
- 4 Sorry.
- 5 MR. RATCLIFFE: Thanks.
- 6 So issue LU-9, the limited party is Myers.
- 7 The issue is whether the applicant
- 8 adequately analyzed the risk of wildfires from the
- 9 operation of the proposed transmission line especially
- 10 during red flag warning weather conditions and the
- 11 impact, the proposed transmission lines will have on
- 12 Mr. Myers' ability to use an aerial applicator on his
- 13 farmland.
- 14 So in the Hearing Officer's proposed
- 15 contested case order, she first provided a definition of
- 16 what a red flag warning is.
- 17 It's a forecast warning issued by the
- 18 national weather service to inform the public,
- 19 firefighters, and land management agencies that
- 20 conditions are ideal for wildland fire combustion and --
- 21 rapid spread. Red flag warnings are often proceeded by
- 22 a fire weather watch, which indicates weather conditions
- 23 that could occur in the next 12 to 72 hours.
- 24 A national weather service has developed
- 25 different zones across the nation for providing weather

- 1 alerts, such as red flag warnings, to more discrete
- 2 areas. These zones are monitored and factored into the
- 3 applicant's determination of whether to imitate a public
- 4 safety power shutoff. So a little bit of background on
- 5 what that is.
- 6 So the Hearing Officer's opinion concluded
- 7 that the risk of wildfire during red flag warning
- 8 weather conditions was adequately evaluated in the 2022
- 9 wildfire mitigation plan which was submitted by the
- 10 applicant during the contested case.
- 11 The potential fire risk zones along the
- 12 proposed route were evaluated in that mitigation plan.
- 13 The hearing officer found that evidence on
- 14 the record demonstrates that the distance between
- 15 structures -- the height of structures and soil type
- 16 result in low risk of the potential for large dust
- 17 devils to interact with the transmission line and cause
- 18 a fire.
- 19 Based on review of the data regarding fire
- 20 size and cause in the area, which is Morrow County, the
- 21 likelihood of a catastrophic project-related wildfire
- 22 during the operation is very low.
- 23 Therefore, there is no need for the
- 24 applicant to have a soil rehabilitation plan in place in
- 25 response to potential fire-related damage to

- 1 agricultural soils on Mr. Myers' property.
- 2 Hearing officer found that the applicant
- 3 provided expert testimony that evaluated the fuel source
- 4 on Mr. Myers' property, including herbaceous, grass and
- 5 grain vegetation.
- 6 Based on this fuel source, any fire on or
- 7 near Mr. Myers' property is expected to be low intensity
- 8 and fast moving. Given wind conditions in there area,
- 9 low-intensity, fast-moving fires do not cause
- 10 significant damage to soils.
- 11 Hearing officer found that the applicant
- 12 identified potential impacts to agricultural operations,
- including accessibility to fields for aerial spraying.
- 14 Specifically under the agricultural
- 15 mitigation plan, the applicant would be required to work
- 16 with landowners, microsite the line, siting the line
- 17 along the edge of fields or existing rights-of-way and
- 18 negotiate right-of-way easements.
- 19 Finally, the hearing officer concluded that
- 20 ORS 215.275 sub (5) does not require that there be no
- 21 impacts from the transmission line to agricultural
- 22 operations. The potential impacts to aerial spraying
- 23 have been identified and evaluated, and the
- 24 preponderance of evidence demonstrates that the
- 25 applicant will generally reduce the intensity and

- 1 frequency of impacts to farmlands.
- 2 That, again, is the summary of the hearing
- 3 officer's findings and conclusions with respect to this
- 4 issue and we're ready for Mr. Myers' oral argument.
- 5 MR. MYERS: -- we're directly -- or the
- 6 applicant adequately analyzed the risk of wildfires from
- 7 operation and during red flag warnings.
- 8 I request that you reverse the ALJ's
- 9 decision, specifically the ALJ was incorrect in finding
- 10 that Idaho Power adequately analyzed the risk of
- 11 project-related wildfire during red flag warning,
- 12 weather warning conditions, and in operation as well.
- 13 It's clear in the IPC's 2022 fire mitigation
- 14 plan that they failed to include the zone that
- 15 potential -- that poses a highest level of risk. That
- 16 zone is over our farm. That's a weather service
- 17 designated zone over our farm. It's not a zone that you
- 18 talked about prior to this and that groups
- 19 weather issues that are similar issued by the weather
- 20 service itself.
- 21 The -- the IPC failed to include our zone as
- 22 a critical fire zone risk or at-risk zone. They failed
- 23 to include this. This zone includes our cropland, our
- 24 farm. And this zone also makes up 25 percent of the
- 25 proposed transmission line link. The IPC misclassifying

- 1 this zone as a critical fire risk, again, this zone has
- 2 statistically the same number of red flag warnings
- 3 issued on average as other zones that were classified as
- 4 high -- critical -- high critical fire risk zones.
- 5 In addition, the ALJ was incorrect in
- 6 finding that high winds pose little risk for wildfires
- 7 caused by transmission line ignition.
- 8 In my supporting evidence I presented in
- 9 multiple filings showing the 500 kV transmission lines
- 10 have ignited fires in comparable landscapes. Idaho
- 11 Power has confirmed this fact.
- 12 Furthermore, the ALJ was incorrect in
- 13 finding that if a fire were to occur on my farm, it
- 14 would have minimal soil impact. And there's no need for
- 15 the IPC to have a soil rehabilitation plan in place.
- 16 Quite frankly, contrary to Idaho Power's
- 17 expert witness, Mr. Madison, the facts provided in my
- 18 direct testimony are a hundred percent accurate and
- 19 specifically unique to this cropping system.
- 20 As supporting evidence, I provided a signed,
- 21 written testimony of a local farmer that experienced the
- 22 fire in his cropland. That fire impacted his soil
- 23 negatively for over six year.
- 24 This is a well-documented testimony that
- 25 completely contradicts Mr. Madison's findings. It is

- 1 very clear that a much larger risk exists than what was
- 2 assessed.
- In essence, the risk on our section of farm
- 4 has not been addressed and certainly not as adequately.
- 5 Judge Webster was incorrect in finding I did
- 6 not timely offer testimony from the article by
- 7 Zhaolin Gu into the hearing record. I presented this
- 8 article within the filing deadline in my declaration
- 9 testimony, and it is critical evidence -- crucial
- 10 evidence related to my issue, should not be overlooked.
- 11 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Mr. Myers, you need to
- 12 wrap up.
- 13 MR. MYERS: By leaving out this zone over
- 14 our farm plays out in a number of different ways, but we
- 15 are at risk of soil damage in a fire. Fires do happen.
- 16 These lines do light fires. That's -- that's a fact.
- 17 And our environment, locally, is at risk.
- 18 Because we don't have a large history of
- 19 fires in our area is because we got lucky. And because
- 20 local residents are diligent about not mishandling fire
- 21 in any way to have a fire take off.
- Things will change if a transmission line is
- 23 installed. It's a different environment.
- You can't say that because we haven't had
- 25 fires prior to this, that it's not an issue. We just

- 1 got lucky and we've had people that care about not
- 2 lighting a fire by accident. And it does happen.
- And we haven't had a lot of -- we're very
- 4 rural.
- 5 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Thank you very
- 6 much.
- 7 Are there questions from Council?
- 8 Councillor Beier.
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: This is Councillor
- 10 Beier.
- 11 We just touched on the fire component -- the
- 12 wildfire component of your exception. But if you could
- 13 give us 20 to 30 seconds on the aerial application and
- 14 your concerns vis-à-vis the power line and how you apply
- 15 to your property.
- MR. MYERS: Absolutely. Absolutely.
- 17 The IPC has tried to mitigate that with
- 18 lines going around fields and so on, they mentioned
- 19 that. Right?
- 20 In my case, it runs right through a -- a
- 21 section and a half of ground that had been continuously
- 22 farmed for 60 to 80 years.
- I'm stuck with a line going right through my
- 24 field. What am I going to do?
- I can't -- it's like -- there's no

- 1 mitigation here. It goes right through it. Right
- 2 through the middle of it.
- I don't even know if I can farm it. I
- 4 can't -- what am I -- the pilot is not going to want to
- 5 go anywhere near that. I don't know the regulations
- 6 there. For my case, it is a disaster. There's no great
- 7 option. I appreciate that question. Immensely, I
- 8 really do.
- 9 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Mr. Myers.
- 10 MS. RACKNER: Good morning. Lisa Rackner
- 11 for the record.
- 12 Mr. Myers' exceptions raise a number of
- issues and I'm going to try to briefly address each of
- 14 them.
- But before I do that, I just want to provide
- 16 a little bit of context about the company's wildfire
- 17 mitigation plan and public safety shutoff plan for
- 18 de-energizing lines. The company needs to --
- 19 Sorry about that. The company filed its
- 20 most recent -- it's 2022 plan with the Public Utility
- 21 Commission and that plan was approved.
- Now, our understanding from Mr. Myers'
- 23 exceptions was his concern that the public safety power
- 24 shutoff plan doesn't include risk zone 641. That was an
- 25 issue he brought up for the first time.

- Our understanding is that risk zone 641
- 2 includes Marrow and Umatilla County. And I do want to
- 3 ensure the Councilmembers that in the wildfire
- 4 mitigation plan itself, the company has thoroughly
- 5 addressed wildfire risk in those counties.
- 6 With respect to the public safety shutoff
- 7 plan, again, that's the plan for de-energizing lines in
- 8 certain emergency situations, that is a living document.
- 9 It only covers the transmission lines that have been
- 10 built. It's because it's dynamic and it has to always
- 11 change. So B2H has not been added to that -- to that
- 12 plan yet.
- But it certainly will before it's energized.
- 14 And the company will have an appropriate plan for
- 15 that -- the PSPS.
- So Mr. Myers also alleges that the hearing
- 17 officer erred by failing to consider evidence concerning
- 18 the risk of fire ignition with respect to 500 kV lines.
- 19 However, there was substantial evidence in
- 20 this case by our expert addressing this issue. And as
- 21 Idaho Power's expert witness explained, fires from
- 22 high -- extra high voltage lines, like a 500 kV line,
- 23 are extremely rare. They are much less likely to cause
- 24 fires because they are subject to stricter safety and
- 25 engineer requirements. They are high above the tree

- 1 line and they are a much wider right-of-way around --
- 2 around it.
- 3 So the hearing officer correctly found that
- 4 the risk that a fire would be started from a 500 kV line
- 5 was extremely -- was extremely low.
- 6 With respect to -- I know Councilmember
- 7 Beier wanted to know about the aerial spraying and the
- 8 issue there.
- 9 My understanding is that -- is that there
- 10 is -- B2H is planned right now to be routed through
- 11 Mr. Myers' farmland; that that was unavoidable. There
- 12 were a number of other constraints that led that to be
- 13 the case.
- 14 My understanding is that micrositing of that
- 15 line is available, but to the extent there is some
- 16 impact on the aerial spraying operations planned on his
- 17 plan (sic), and we acknowledged that there will be --
- 18 that will become part of right-of-way negotiations and
- 19 there will be discussions about -- compensation for the
- 20 diminution of value of his farmlands for that reason.
- 21 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Ms. Rackner.
- 22 Are there questions from Council?
- Okay. Counsel Rowe.
- MR. ROWE: Anything I add will just be in
- 25 addition to comments that Ms. Rackner made.

- 1 The hearing officer considered Mr. Myers'
- 2 arguments. She found that Idaho Power had adequate --
- 3 (audio disruption) --
- 4 Okay. Sounds like everybody is back on
- 5 board.
- This is Patrick Rowe, Department of Justice.
- 7 Just two brief comments.
- 8 Again, the hearing officer did find that
- 9 Idaho Power had adequately analyzed the risk of
- 10 wildfire. She cited to the wildfire mitigation plan.
- 11 With regard to the aerial spraying issue, in
- 12 addition to the measures that Ms. Rackner referenced
- 13 with regard to potential compensation to Mr. Myers, the
- 14 Department would also point out the recommended land use
- 15 condition 14 would require the certificate holder to
- 16 finalize and implement an agricultural mitigation plan.
- 17 That plan is described in attachment K-1 of the
- 18 application for site certificate. It includes measures
- 19 to avoid, mitigate, repair, and/or provide compensation
- 20 for impacts that may result from the construction or
- 21 operation of the project on privately owned agricultural
- 22 land.
- THE COURT: Okay. Council, does anyone feel
- there are changes needed to the language of land use
- 25 condition number nine?

- 1 Councillor Condon.
- 2 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon.
- And this is to, I think, Mr. Myers and
- 4 Ms. Rackner.
- 5 I'm a little bit confused and I think it has
- 6 been mentioned. But the substantial disagreement about
- 7 the zone being adequately -- this specific zone that
- 8 Mr. Myers -- on Mr. Myers' property.
- 9 It just sounds diametrically opposed. No --
- 10 no review or no analysis and then --
- 11 MS. RACKNER: I think that the -- I think
- 12 it's a disagreement about what it's called.
- So in the wildfire mitigation plan, Idaho
- 14 Power did analyze the area that B2H is going to be going
- 15 through.
- 16 So -- and we felt that that was adequate and
- 17 we do feel that that was adequate. In his exceptions
- 18 for the first time, Mr. Myers' brought up -- he said,
- 19 well, you didn't look at this whole zone. And that was
- 20 the first time we had ever heard that. He also was
- 21 specific that we hadn't brought it up in the power
- 22 safety shutoff portion, which is kind of -- which is a
- 23 different document.
- But to the extent, perhaps, he meant, you
- 25 didn't consider it at all in the wildfire mitigation

- 1 plan itself, I think the answer is we didn't say we're
- 2 looking at the zone. We said we're looking at the route
- 3 that B2H goes through, which would be the zone of
- 4 concern for the purposes of our analysis. So -- so I
- 5 think we may just be crossing each other.
- To -- so, I guess, that's the answer if
- 7 Mr. Myers is really referring to the wildfire mitigation
- 8 plan itself.
- 9 If Mr. Myers is, as he says in his
- 10 exceptions, really concerned about, well, what's in your
- 11 public safety shutoff plan? What is your plan for
- 12 de-energizing lines in the Morrow County/Umatilla County
- 13 area?
- 14 Then the answer is Mr. Myers is correct. We
- 15 don't have that in our public safety shutoff plan yet,
- 16 because that's a living document, as is the wildfire
- 17 mitigation plan.
- But, particularly, the electrical
- 19 consequences of shutting off a plan. It's just very
- 20 technical and it is going to be very specific to the
- 21 line that you are talking about and what that line is
- 22 connected to. So B2H would not yet be included.
- It is a living document. It will be
- 24 included.
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you. And I do

- 1 understand the difference between the power safety
- 2 shutoff.
- But is Mr. Myers still here? I just want to
- 4 be clear. I -- in his remarks today, at least I don't
- 5 remember that he mentioned specifically the power
- 6 safety. I heard it as the wildfire mitigation analysis.
- 7 MS. RACKNER: That's what he said today and
- 8 that's why I answered the way I did.
- 9 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: I just want to be
- 10 clear that we might be able to get some agreement that,
- 11 no, it was adequately or not analyzed.
- MS. RACKNER: I don't see Mr. Myers in the
- 13 room.
- 14 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- 15 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. With that, does
- 16 Council feel there's any changes needed to land use
- 17 condition nine?
- 18 Hearing none, I think we're ready for the
- 19 straw poll.
- 20 SECRETARY CORNETT: So it would be to "agree
- 21 with the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and
- 22 conditions of approval in the purposed contested case
- 23 order pertaining to issue LU-9."
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Sounds good.
- 25 SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe.

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1	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
2	SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
3	COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Yes.
4	SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
5	COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: (No audible
6	response.)
7	SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt.
8	COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes.
9	SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
10	COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
11	SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
12	COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: No.
13	SECRETARY CORNETT: Thank you,
14	Councilmembers.
15	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Counsel Ratcliffe,
16	it's back to you.
17	MS. TARDAEWETHER: Okay. So our other land
18	use issue is land use issue five.
19	The limited party is Irene Gilbert.
20	The issue statement is whether calculation
21	of forestlands must be based on soil class or whether it
22	is sufficient to consider acreage where forest is the
23	predominant use.
24	This was addressed by the hearing officer on
25	a ruling on motion for summary determination, as a

- 1 number of the other issues that the Council has been
- 2 considering over the past few days have.
- Once again, that means that the hearing
- 4 officer reached a conclusion that there were no
- 5 materials -- issues of fact and that the issue is
- 6 appropriate for disposition on interpretation of the
- 7 law.
- 8 The Hearing Officer's ruling concluded that
- 9 Ms. Gilbert did not provide an adequate explanation as
- 10 to how or why the Union County comprehensive plan or the
- 11 Union County zoning ordinance are not compliant with
- 12 goal four of the state's land use process.
- 13 The hearing officer found that Ms. Gilbert
- 14 did not previously claim that Union County applied an
- 15 incorrect cubic foot per acre per year standard, or that
- 16 Union County incorrectly identified the soil class in
- 17 its comprehensive planning map, nor did she cite any
- 18 applicable statute or administrative rule requiring
- 19 Union County or the applicant to use a soil capacity
- 20 standard of 20 cubic feet per acre per year when
- 21 determining the predominant use and differentiating
- 22 between farmland and forestland.
- The hearing officer concluded that Union
- 24 County Planning Direct testimony from Mr. Mark Hartell
- 25 confirms that the applicant worked with the Union County

- 1 planning staff to determine the predominate use of each
- 2 of the 61 parcels located in the timber grazing zone and
- 3 used SSURGO soil data, the Union County tax law data,
- 4 and GIS software in making that determination.
- 5 And the hearing officer found that the
- 6 amount of impacted forestland acreage specifically is
- 7 not material to the goal four compliance analysis and
- 8 that overall there were no issues of material fact on
- 9 this issue.
- 10 So that's the summary of the hearing
- 11 officer's ruling on motion for summary determination as
- 12 it appears in the proposed contested case order. And
- 13 that brings us to oral argument from Ms. Gilbert.
- MS. GILBERT: To appear here would be
- 15 humorous if it were not so sad. Let me get to my --
- 16 The contested case here and the dismissal
- 17 was with summary determination and findings of fact from
- 18 the Administrative Law Judge are absolutely not correct.
- 19 Summary judgment is not permissible if the
- 20 opposing party demonstrates there are factual disputes
- 21 going to the merit of the challenged agency decision. I
- 22 did do that. And she indicated -- the statements that
- 23 she made are just flat out incorrect.
- 24 This contested case is regarding whether
- 25 local land use rules that failed to comply with the

- 1 state land use rules can be used to determine
- 2 forestland. There are three of you with the experience
- 3 in land use law.
- 4 Can you ethically make a determination that
- 5 a county planner can use county rules over state
- 6 statutes when they conflict with one another.
- 7 Scott Hartell, in his deposition, said this
- 8 is the only document that he used to identify what was
- 9 forestland in the combined area.
- 10 It's -- the -- it shows only land that has
- 11 67 -- 67 cubic feet per square acre or greater as
- 12 forestland, did not even evaluate most of the land that
- is being called range or agricultural land.
- So anyway, there are multiple disputes of
- 15 law. The overlying issue is whether the 2008 and 2011
- 16 land use rule changes apply when a local government
- 17 fails to update local land use regulations within one
- 18 year as is required by the statute.
- 19 Is the developer required to determine soil
- 20 capacity for all soils in the combined aq. timber
- 21 classification?
- The answer is yes. The Union County planner
- 23 stated that was the only documents that he used to
- 24 identify forestland.
- The hearings -- I'm just amazed, anyway.

- 1 The Council needs to approve an exception to the summary
- 2 determination on this issue and allow a contested case
- 3 to move forward or remand to the hearings officer to
- 4 correctly identify forestland per the LCDC rules.
- 5 Evaluation of changes to related Council
- 6 rules -- they need to evaluate the changes to the
- 7 related council rules that are impacted by this
- 8 forestland decision, including LC-7 and LC-8.
- 9 Lisa Rackner even stated that it would be a
- 10 relatively small number of issues that could be handled
- 11 through summary determination and then the
- 12 Administrative Law Judge went ahead and approved all 33
- 13 that were requested.
- We have disagreements of fact.
- The proper identification of forestland is
- 16 critical to landowners. It has a significant impact on
- 17 the payment Idaho Power must pay the landowners when
- 18 they condemn land for the transmission line. One
- 19 Malheur County landowner said he was offered 3500
- 20 dollars, 3,500 for a 100 year right-of-way for a road
- 21 that crosses approximately one mile of his property.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Ms. Gilbert, you need to
- 23 wrap it up.
- MS. GILBERT: Yes, I know.
- 25 Anyway, leaving these landowners vulnerable

- 1 to that kind of offer is not ethical. It's not -- it's
- 2 just not okay.
- 3 So I guess, thank you.
- 4 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you.
- 5 Any questions from Council?
- 6 Okay. Thank you.
- 7 MS. GILBERT: This one will go to the
- 8 Supreme Court.
- 9 MS. RACKNER: So as Ms. Gilbert says, this
- 10 was an issue that the hearing officer disposed of on a
- 11 motion for summary determination.
- In her DPO comments and petition,
- 13 Ms. Gilbert had argued that Idaho Power and Union County
- 14 failed to appropriately determine forestlands in Union
- 15 County based on soil class as is required by the Union
- 16 County rules but, instead, made an evaluation of what
- 17 land should be designated based on the current use of
- 18 that land.
- 19 But as the company demonstrated in its
- 20 motion for summary determination, that simply wasn't the
- 21 case.
- So as some important background, the only
- 23 impacted forest acres in Union County are located in
- 24 hybrid forest farm zones.
- 25 Union County requires Idaho Power to

- 1 determine whether the impacted parcels in the -- in the
- 2 hybrid zones should be considered forestland or farmland
- 3 and then apply the relevant land use standards based on
- 4 the predominant use of the impacted parcel.
- 5 Per the Union County zoning ordinance
- 6 predominant use is determined by soil type. And that's
- 7 exactly how Idaho Power, working with Union County, did
- 8 determine it.
- 9 So the unrebutted evidence in the record
- 10 shows that to determine the appropriate soil
- 11 classifications for each lot, Idaho Power worked with
- 12 Union County to analyze the soil data based on the
- 13 Natural Resources Conservation Services Soil Survey
- 14 Geographic database, which people refer to as "SSURGO,"
- 15 which was consistent with what was stated in
- 16 Mr. Hartell's deposition.
- 17 Any lot with soils consistent with
- 18 forestlands were designated as such. Now, there were
- 19 some parcels for which there was no soil data available.
- 20 And Idaho Power just conservatively assumed that was
- 21 forestland.
- Now, when Union County reviewed these
- 23 determinations, including a review -- they included a
- 24 review of the current use of the land, but there were no
- 25 parcels for which that predominant use changed forest to

- 1 agricultural land. So contrary to Ms. Gilbert's
- 2 arguments, the determination of forestland were made
- 3 entirely based on soil type.
- 4 Now, in her reply brief on summary judgment,
- 5 Ms. Gilbert did raise a different argument. Instead of
- 6 asserting that Idaho Power failed to rely on soil type,
- 7 she now argued that Idaho Power used the wrong approach
- 8 for its soil analysis. And she argue that Union County
- 9 failed -- and Idaho Power failed to apply what she
- 10 believes to be a state planning rule that any parcel
- 11 consisting primarily of soil types with timber
- 12 production capacity of 20 cubic feet per acre must be
- 13 considered forestland.
- 14 However, Ms. Gilbert never identified any
- 15 state statute or regulation to support that position and
- 16 that's why the hearing officer rejected her argument.
- 17 And I see I'm out of time. But if you have
- 18 any other questions, I'd be happy to hear them.
- 19 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Thank you, Ms. Rackner.
- 20 Questions from Council?
- Okay. Counsel Rowe.
- MR. ROWE: Patrick Rowe, Department of
- 23 Justice on behalf of Department of Energy.
- 24 As has been discussed, the issues related to
- 25 Union County zoning -- zoning code issue, evidence on

- 1 the record shows that the applicant properly consulted
- 2 with Union County on how to interpret and apply the
- 3 requirements of that code.
- 4 Union County Planning Director testified in
- 5 the contested case and affirmed that the applicant's
- 6 approach to evaluating both farm and forestlands in
- 7 Union County was appropriate.
- 8 So the Department agrees that it was -- it
- 9 was appropriate for the hearing officer to dismiss this
- 10 issue on summary determination.
- 11 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any questions from
- 12 Council?
- Okay. Does Council feel that there's any
- 14 changes needed to land use condition five?
- 15 Hearing none. We're ready for a straw poll.
- 16 SECRETARY CORNETT: Okay. So this will be
- 17 for both the land use standard and issue LU-5.
- 18 So agree with the findings of fact,
- 19 conclusions of law, conditions of approval in the
- 20 proposed order pertaining to land use stand -- land use
- 21 standards that are not related to the issues in the
- 22 contested case and in the proposed contested case order
- 23 pertaining to issue LU-5.
- Jordan Truitt.
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes.

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1	SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
2	COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes.
3	SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe.
4	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
5	SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
6	COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes.
7	SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
8	COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Yes.
9	SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
10	COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
11	SECRETARY CORNETT: Thank you,
12	Councilmembers.
13	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. We have a few
14	remaining items. Adoption of minutes and some other
15	things.
16	Do we want to break for lunch and come back
17	or go through?
18	SECRETARY CORNETT: Entirely Council's
19	discretion. So we have a couple remaining things for
20	this agenda item and then the two minutes the draft
21	minutes for the two Council meetings. So it is entirely
22	your choice if you want to push through or if you want
23	to take a break and come back.
24	VICE CHAIR HOWE: What's Council's pleasure?
25	Get a little food and come back and work through it?

- 1 Working lunch. Okay. We'll take a
- 2 15-minute break and be back -- do we need 15? Or do we
- 3 want 10? Start at 12:30 or 12:35?
- 4 Okay. 12:35 we'll come back.
- 5 (A break was taken.)
- 6 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. I'm calling the
- 7 Council back to order. So we're ready.
- 8 I'll turn it over to Secretary Cornett.
- 9 SECRETARY CORNETT: For the record, Todd
- 10 Cornett.
- 11 Thank you, Mr. Vice Chair.
- So we have one holdover issue, and that is
- 13 the -- give me one second -- that is the structural
- 14 standard.
- So at the beginning of day one, on the
- 16 structural standard, Council had some questions. There
- 17 was some interest in a condition related to notification
- 18 related blasting.
- 19 And so thanks to Christopher Clark, we
- 20 tasked him with doing some research. He found some
- 21 information related to the Oregon Department of
- 22 Transportation. Provided that to us. Sarah was able
- 23 to package that into condition language.
- 24 So I have proposed condition language.
- 25 Yeah, actually, I can just read it or if you would like

- 1 me to share it on the screen.
- What's your preference?
- Okay. Maybe I will just email it to you.
- 4 Okay. Give me one minute, please.
- 5 Okay. It should only be just a minute.
- 6 Give you a chance to eat a little bit more, too.
- 7 So with the -- I'll work on the preamble.
- 8 So this would be to "agree with the findings
- 9 of fact, conclusions of law, and conditions of approval
- 10 in the proposed order pertaining to the structural
- 11 standard that are not related to issues in the contested
- 12 case with the following modifications to be included in
- 13 the draft framework blasting plan, Section 3.3.2,
- 14 blasting and notification and safety procedures, which
- 15 is an existing section of the plan under recommended
- 16 soil protection condition one."
- 17 And then the specific language we'll bring
- 18 up on the screen.
- 19 Okay. And I will -- you can see it, but I
- 20 will read it.
- 21 So this would be in addition to the
- 22 notification that was previously in there -- in the
- 23 newspaper. Not in place of it, but in addition to.
- So at least 14 days prior to any blasting
- 25 necessary during construction of the facility,

- 1 certificate holder shall ensure that its construction
- 2 contractor identifies all landowners of record and
- 3 occupants within 1250 feet of blasting actions and
- 4 provide notifications to those landowners and
- 5 occupants -- which I spelled incorrectly -- the blasting
- 6 schedule, potential hazards -- potential risks and
- 7 hazards, and of measures that will be taken to monitor
- 8 and minimize any ground shaking impacts.
- 9 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any comments from Council?
- 10 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: For the record, this
- 11 is Councilmember Beier.
- 12 And thanks to staff for addressing this
- 13 issue.
- I know we heard testimony earlier today that
- 15 this really doesn't get at the heart of the issue, but
- 16 at least people will have notice and -- and understand
- 17 that there will be some impacts to their neighborhoods.
- 18 So thank you to staff.
- 19 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Councillor Condon.
- 20 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- I'm just wondering if it would be beneficial
- 22 to have it as part of the notice contact information.
- So, you know, should you have -- have
- 24 concern -- concerns -- you know, contact information --
- 25 contact Idaho Power, the blasting company. I don't know

- 1 who would be contacted. But I'm wondering if that would
- 2 be helpful.
- 3 CHAIR HOWE: What does the rest of the
- 4 Council think of that suggestion?
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Jordan Truitt.
- I guess I suppose it -- I guess it depends
- 7 on who sends the notification out and who the
- 8 appropriate contact would be, whether it's a blasting
- 9 contractor or -- but, yeah.
- 10 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Does that look good,
- 11 Council?
- Okay. Okay.
- 13 So what action do you need from Council?
- 14 SECRETARY CORNETT: A straw call as well.
- 15 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Roll call? Okay.
- 16 SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
- 17 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes.
- 18 SECRETARY CORNETT: Kent Howe.
- 19 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
- 20 SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt.
- 21 COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes.
- 22 SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
- COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
- 24 SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
- 25 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: (No audible response.)

- 1 SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
- 2 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes.
- 3 SECRETARY CORNETT: Thank you,
- 4 Councilmembers.
- 5 MR. RATCLIFFE: All right. So that has
- 6 taken us through all of the exceptions and oral
- 7 argument. We have also gone through all of the
- 8 standards now between the July and August meetings.
- 9 Where that is going to take us to is now,
- 10 based on the results of those straw polls, some work on
- 11 the part of myself and the staff to incorporate some of
- 12 the recommended changes that the Council would like to
- 13 see.
- We'll be putting together a document that
- 15 will incorporate those changes. And where we have, you
- 16 know -- as the Council is probably familiar with, when
- 17 we get to this kind of draft final order stage, there
- 18 are a number of kind of scrivener's corrections that are
- 19 just meant to reflect that this is a final document
- 20 instead of a proposed document, so there will be those
- 21 sorts of changes.
- 22 But in addition where we do have these
- 23 proposed changes to conditions in particular, that will
- 24 trigger this material change hearing where, you know,
- 25 there will be an opportunity to comment on the -- those

- 1 proposed changes specifically.
- 2 So when we get back together again, there
- 3 are going to be a couple of components here.
- 4 You know, it will be a review of the draft
- 5 final order and then this material change hearing, and
- 6 then that will ultimately culminate in the Council's
- 7 vote on the site certificate.
- 8 But before we get to leave this agenda item,
- 9 there's one other housekeeping thing that I want to note
- 10 here.
- 11 MR. ROWE: Jesse, I'm sorry to interrupt --
- 12 sorry to interrupt. Before we get off the scrivener
- 13 error issue, I just want to point out that I've just
- 14 been conferring with Secretary Cornett that if any of
- 15 the parties or limited parties have scrivener error
- 16 corrections that they would like to suggest, that they
- 17 do so and we believe a week from today would be
- 18 appropriate.
- MR. RATCLIFFE: Okay.
- 20 MR. ROWE: And that would be scrivener
- 21 corrections to the proposed contested case order or to
- 22 the proposed order.
- MR. RATCLIFFE: All right. Thank you for
- 24 that clarification.
- So the one other housekeeping thing I wanted

- 1 to note was in reference to a comment that I made
- 2 towards the beginning of the meeting where I was going
- 3 over some of the procedural issues that had been raised
- 4 on the contested case record. And one of the issues had
- 5 been some conditions that have been proposed at closing
- 6 argument.
- 7 And we just went through some of those
- 8 conditions here with Mr. Anuta and Idaho Power with
- 9 regard to the noise standard.
- 10 Most of the other conditions the hearing
- 11 officer had addressed as saying I don't think these are
- 12 timely filed, however, you know, here are the other
- 13 reasons that I am not planning to adopt them if she
- 14 didn't plan to adopt them.
- 15 And, essentially, the reasoning on all of
- 16 those was the conditions that show up in the proposed
- 17 contested case order and the proposed order are
- 18 sufficient as they are. The ones that have been
- 19 adopted. They are sufficient as they are to demonstrate
- 20 a finding of compliance with whatever the Council
- 21 standard is that -- that's in play, whether it's land
- 22 use or waste minimization or whatever it is.
- There are a handful of those conditions that
- 24 she did not add that extra sentence on to; however, by
- 25 implication, the reasoning is the same. She didn't

- 1 adopt the conditions because she had separately
- 2 concluded that those standards had been satisfied with
- 3 the conditions that were in the proposed order or
- 4 proposed contested case order.
- 5 And so I just wanted to -- to note that for
- 6 Council that that is probably, you know, something that
- 7 I would suggest that in coming back to you with the
- 8 draft final order that we take that implicit, you know,
- 9 reasoning from the -- the hearing officer and make that
- 10 explicitly consistent with her statements with respect
- 11 to the other -- other conditions, just so that we don't
- 12 have a reasoning gap there, as it exists in the proposed
- 13 contested case order.
- 14 So if there are any questions on that, ask
- 15 away, but that's all I have on that one.
- 16 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Any questions from
- 17 Council?
- 18 Any action needed today from Council?
- 19 MR. RATCLIFFE: No, other than just kind of
- 20 a head nod that -- that we're headed in the right
- 21 direction on that one.
- VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yeah. Okay. Councillor
- 23 Beier.
- 24 COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: Timing? Calendar?
- 25 Just curious.

- 1 SECRETARY CORNETT: That's a good question.
- 2 For the record, Todd Cornett.
- 3 So what we're -- the next Council meeting --
- 4 which I think I may have missed that in my secretary
- 5 report -- we're looking at September 27th, which is
- 6 Tuesday. We'll be in Salem. So either remote or in
- 7 Salem, you know, as available for Councilmembers. And
- 8 we would then be getting the draft of the final order --
- 9 at least two weeks ahead of time -- out. We'll try to
- 10 get it out earlier than that, but we're already on the
- 11 clock. So that would hopefully give Councilmembers and
- 12 Idaho Power and limited parties an opportunity to look
- 13 at that. We will identify any material changes.
- So, you know, structurally, you know, you're
- 15 looking at the proposed order and the proposed contested
- 16 case order.
- 17 What then happens is those get folded kind
- 18 of together in a way to become the draft of the final
- 19 order, which you will then be looking at. And as we
- 20 talked about earlier, any material changes that are
- 21 identified -- and we will call those out specifically so
- 22 people don't have to comb through it to kind of figure
- 23 out where those are. There will be a material change
- 24 hearing, so those who want to make comment on those can.
- 25 And then if Council is ready, you could be

- 1 issuing a final decision during that Council meeting in
- 2 September.
- 3 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Cindy Condon.
- 4 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Cindy Condon.
- 5 Just a quick question. Monday -- I think it
- 6 was Monday -- we discussed some language where "would"
- 7 was replaced for "will." And agreed to change it there.
- 8 And -- I should have brought it up at the
- 9 time, but I think that's used throughout the proposed
- 10 order. And if staff could just take a look at that for
- 11 the same reasons.
- 12 SECRETARY CORNETT: Yeah. Again, for the
- 13 record, Todd Cornett.
- 14 So Sarah Esterson responded to that. And
- 15 the way she had responded to that, you know, the -- the
- 16 documents, as they are moving through the process, are
- 17 either the Department's documents, so the draft proposed
- 18 order; that's our. The proposed order, that's our. The
- 19 proposed contested case order; that's the Hearing
- 20 Officer's. The final order is your document.
- 21 And so the way we structure some of the
- 22 recommendations on findings, we recommend Council -- so
- 23 there's a lot of language like that that gets converted
- 24 from those, you know, documents that are moving up
- 25 through the process that are not your documents to the

- 1 final version which is your document. So we will make
- 2 those changes within the final -- or at least the draft
- 3 of the final order.
- 4 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- 5 VICE CHAIR HOWE: And so kind of head nods
- 6 from Council regarding the superfluous conditions being
- 7 removed and brought back to us in the September meeting?
- 8 MS. TARDAEWETHER: Sorry. I just wanted to
- 9 follow up on the -- the will/would -- and for the
- 10 record, Kellen Tardaewether. Did I say that?
- 11 And Todd is absolutely correct. A lot of
- 12 the tenses and the recommends and the order language,
- 13 all of those change when -- in the final order. And I
- 14 think that we -- we have flagged where you identified it
- 15 with -- you know, relative to that sentence and wanting
- 16 to change it to a "shall."
- 17 But this is like the -- using "would"
- 18 instead of "will," it is -- I guess we do that for all
- 19 of our -- all of our projects and all of our documents,
- 20 so -- and it doesn't necessarily mean that every "would"
- 21 is going to turn into a "shall." Because some of it is
- 22 just actually temporal.
- It's just like -- because even in the final
- 24 order it's still -- they are going to -- it is still
- 25 going to do -- so -- so I just want to be very clear.

- 1 It's some -- not every would is going to turn into a
- 2 shall, because some places it just won't make sense.
- 3 It's just kind of the tense -- we do it. Anyhow, it's
- 4 just a tense of how we include in the documents.
- 5 COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Thank you.
- 6 And I -- I just want to reiterate. So
- 7 "would" to me is a conditional element. So the would
- 8 do, if applies, and so "will" or "shall" or "must" is
- 9 not as conditional. And so I just want to be clear
- 10 about that. That's the issue.
- 11 SECRETARY CORNETT: Yeah.
- 12 For the record, Todd Cornett. Thank you.
- We absolutely totally agree with that.
- And to Kellen's point, you know, if it is in
- 15 a condition and it is being a mandatory, in those, we
- 16 absolutely, will/shall. You know, but again, depending
- 17 upon other circumstances, you know, it may be -- the
- 18 word "would" may be the appropriate word.
- 19 So we will evaluate all of those in context,
- 20 you know, of the structure of the findings, the
- 21 conditions, whatever it is. And any of those changes
- 22 will be in strike out, so you will be able to see those.
- MR. RATCLIFFE: And I'm just responding.
- 24 Mr. Anuta just handed me a note about the
- 25 material change hearing. And it is a hearing. There

- 1 will be an opportunity for comment. And that -- I was
- 2 trying to scroll through the details of how that hearing
- 3 is supposed to work.
- 4 I didn't get to it on the fly quite fast
- 5 enough here. But I think that the -- the point here is
- 6 that for the interested parties that when we send out
- 7 notice of the meeting, those -- all those details about
- 8 the opportunity for -- for argument and comment on the
- 9 material changes will be included.
- 10 COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: So, Mr. Chair, does
- 11 that material change hearing occur on the 27th?
- 12 SECRETARY CORNETT: For the record, Todd
- 13 Cornett.
- 14 What constitutes material changes, you know,
- 15 can be fairly narrow. So it is not everything that the
- 16 Council decided is going to be a material change. But
- 17 we will, you know, thoroughly evaluate that and again
- 18 call out those material changes.
- 19 So at this point, I can't tell you if it's 3
- 20 or 15. You know, but we will call those out and those
- 21 will be available for oral comment.
- 22 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Didn't we decide a year
- 23 ago the "shalls" become "must"?
- 24 SECRETARY CORNETT: Yeah. There was some
- 25 conversation about that. I do not recall. We would

- 1 have to go back and look at that.
- 2 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Just remember that.
- 3 SECRETARY CORNETT: Yeah.
- 4 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Then is the next
- 5 item --
- 6 SECRETARY CORNETT: If I may -- if you'll
- 7 allow me, just before we conclude agenda item B. So the
- 8 work involved for this agenda item was monumental. And
- 9 I know everybody knows that. But I think it is worth
- 10 stating for the record that the amount of effort put in
- 11 by everybody -- by the limited parties, by Idaho Power,
- 12 by Department of Justice, by my staff, by Council, this
- 13 has been monumental. The amount of time and effort
- 14 preparing for this meeting and then going through this
- 15 meeting is very, very significant.
- So I just want to call out to everybody, you
- 17 know, my appreciation for the commitment, the time, the
- 18 complete effort put into this.
- I know not everybody is in agreement on all
- 20 of the outcome, but I just want to recognize the serious
- 21 effort that went into this. So thank you to everybody
- 22 who participated in there.
- 23 VICE CHAIR HOWE: I second that.
- Okay. So we're ready to move to approval of
- 25 minutes as -- going back to the June 23rd/24th meeting

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1	minutes and the July 22 meeting minutes.
2	Do we have a motion?
3	COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: This is Hanley.
4	I so move, and as prepared.
5	VICE CHAIR HOWE: For both dates?
б	COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes.
7	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Is there a second?
8	COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: This is Jordan.
9	I will second.
10	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Okay. Ready to call the
11	roll, Secretary Cornett?
12	SECRETARY CORNETT: Give me one second.
13	Kent Howe.
14	VICE CHAIR HOWE: Yes.
15	SECRETARY CORNETT: Ann Beier.
16	COUNCILMEMBER BEIER: (No audible response.)
17	SECRETARY CORNETT: Hanley Jenkins.
18	COUNCILMEMBER JENKINS: Yes.
19	SECRETARY CORNETT: Jordan Truitt.
20	COUNCILMEMBER TRUITT: Yes.
21	SECRETARY CORNETT: Perry Chocktoot.
22	COUNCILMEMBER CHOCKTOOT: Yes.
23	SECRETARY CORNETT: Cindy Condon.
24	COUNCILMEMBER CONDON: Yes.
25	SECRETARY CORNETT: Motion carries, Mr. Vice

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 1
     Chair.
 2
                 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Is there any other
 3
     business for the good of the order?
 4
                 SECRETARY CORNETT: Mr. Chair, there is no
     more business from staff's perspective.
 5
 6
                 VICE CHAIR HOWE: Anything from Council?
 7
                 Okay. The time is now 12:57 p.m., and the
     August 29th, 30th, and 31st, 2022 meeting of the Energy
 8
 9
     Facility Siting Council is now adjourned.
10
11
                     (Adjourned at 12:57 p.m.)
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 1
 2
                      CERTIFICATE
 3
 4
 5
     STATE OF WASHINGTON
                          ) ss.
 6
     COUNTY OF KITSAP
 7
           I, CRYSTAL R. McAULIFFE, a Certified Court
 8
 9
     Reporter in and for the State of Washington, do hereby
     certify that the foregoing transcript of the Energy
10
     Facility Siting Council Meeting on AUGUST 31, 2022, is
11
12
     true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, skill and
13
     ability.
14
           IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
     and seal this 9th day of September, 2022.
15
16
17
                       Cuptel maly
18
19
                     CRYSTAL R. McAULIFFE, RPR, CCR #2121
20
                     Oregon CCR 22-0002
21
22
2.3
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25
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