Oregon Public Utility Commission

e-FILING REPORT COVER SHEET

COMPANY NAME: Avista Corporation
DOES REPORT CONTAIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION? No See If yes, submit a redacted public version (or a cover letter) by email. Submit the confidential information as directed in OAR 860-001-0070 or the terms of an applicable protective order.
Select report type: RE (Electric) RG (Gas) RW (Water) RT (Telecommunications) RO (Other, for example, industry safety information)
Did you previously file a similar report? No Yes, report docket number:
Report is required by: Statute ORS 757 Order Note: A one-time submission required by an order is a compliance filing and not a report (file compliance in the applicable docket) Other (For example, federal regulations, or requested by Staff)
Is this report associated with a specific docket/case? No Yes, docket number:
List Key Words for this report. We use these to improve search results.
Annual Reports for the year ending December 31, 2019 for Avista Corporation; FERC Form 2; Oregon Supplement to Form 2
Send the completed Cover Sheet and the Report in an email addressed to PUC.FilingCenter@state.or.us
Send confidential information, voluminous reports, or energy utility Results of Operations Reports to PUC Filing Center, PO Box 1088, Salem, OR 97308-1088 or by delivery service to 201 High Street SE Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301.



Innovation Inspiring Action



For more than 130 years, Avista has been committed to providing clean, safe, and reliable energy to those we serve.

Whether we are upgrading our hydro-electric facilities and substations to enhance reliability, or installing new smart meters to give customers more control over the energy they use, we are hard at work all day, every day, doing what's right for our

Our work empowers our customers to live their lives to the fullest. We know they count on us, and we are committed to continue raising the bar with imaginative thinking and innovative energy solutions.

Shareholders

This year marked the beginning of a new era, certainly for me as Avista's Chief Executive Officer and for our business on several strategic fronts. Yet we remain steadfast in our commitments to you, our shareholders.

In 2019, while our company celebrated 130 years of service, the mantle of leadership at Avista was passed as my long-time friend and mentor Scott Morris retired. We are all very grateful for Scott's leadership.

It is an honor and a privilege to now lead an organization where I've grown up and worked for 34 years. As Avista's President, I've spent the past decade working closely alongside Scott to build a solid foundation and leadership team that will work hard to drive the company forward to ensure our continued success.

I know how strong we are. Our people and our culture have always been our greatest asset. Talent runs deep across our organization. I'm excited to lead Avista as CEO and work together with our dedicated employees to write the next chapter in our history.

A new era for clean energy. We boldly established Avista's Clean Energy Goals to serve our customers with carbon-free electricity by 2045 and carbon-neutral electricity by the end of 2027. People expect energy to be clean, reliable and affordable. Achieving this balance is one of the biggest challenges facing the energy industry. Our generation portfolio is already more than half renewables, so we're starting from a solid position.

Investing in reliability and renewables. To help ensure reliability, we continue investing capital to maintain and upgrade our utility infrastructure. We signed a 20-year power purchase agreement that more than doubles our wind generating capacity with the addition of the Rattlesnake Flat Wind Project, with deliveries starting in 2020. We also announced that we will join the Western Energy Imbalance Market in 2022 in order to efficiently share renewables across the region. In addition to more renewables, new innovations will be needed to achieve our clean energy goals.

Avista gives innovation an address. When Avista Chairman Scott Morris envisioned creating the five smartest blocks in the world, we provided the land to make it possible and recruited the right partners to share our vision. The result is the zero energy, zero carbon Catalyst building and the adjacent Scott Morris Center for Energy Innovation. When it's completed in 2020, a centralized system will provide energy to multiple buildings in an eco-district.

This innovative shared energy model could transform how the grid operates. In this living laboratory, we can re-imagine our future and what it can bring.

A new era for customers. Now more than ever, we value our customers and how they experience Avista. One of the largest capital projects in our company's history certainly puts customers at the center of our focus, and our business. As smart meters are deployed en masse across Washington, customers will have timely information to better manage their energy usage. Smart technology is foundational to partnering with our customers in new ways.

As we enter this new era, my top priority is to run a strong business that benefits all of our stakeholders. We put those we serve firmly at the center of everything we do — now, and always. Indeed, during this time of great change in the energy industry, we are facing forward, excited to meet the future head-on.

Dennis Vermillion

President and Chief Executive Officer

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Financial and Operating Highlights

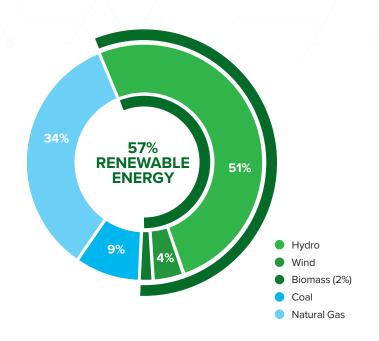
Total Shareholder Return

Assumes \$100 was invested in Avista Corp. and each index on Dec. 31, 2014, and that all dividends were reinvested when paid.



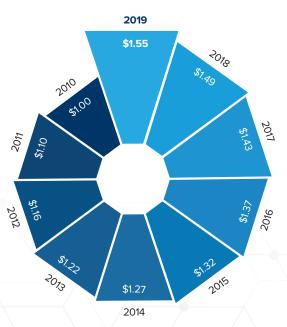
Electricity Generation Resource Mix

As of Dec. 31, 2019 Excludes AEL&P



Common Stock Dividends Paid by Avista Corp.

Annualized Dividend (paid in dollars)



2020 Capital Budget

Total capital budget \$414 million (\$ in millions)



Avista Corp.'s board of directors raised the dividend in each of the last 17 years, reflecting their confidence in the financial strength of the company.

Collars in thousands except statistics and per share amounts or as otherwise indicated) 2019 2018 2017				
Financial Results		0040		
Operating revenues	(dollars in thousands except statistics and per share amounts or as otherwise indicated)	2019	2018	2017
Coperating expenses 1135_233 1135_238 1133_258 1133_258 1133_258 1133_258 1153_258 1153_258 1153_258 1153_258 1153_258 1251_258	Financial Results			
Income from operations Net Income attributable to Avista Corp, shareholders 196,979 136,429 115,916 170 17	Operating revenues	\$ 1,345,622	\$ 1,396,893	\$ 1,445,929
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders		1,135,233	1,135,780	1,153,750
Total earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted Dividends paid per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted Dividends paid per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted Dividends paid per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders — 155	Income from operations	210,389	261,113	292,179
Dividends paid per common share 1.55 1.49 1.43 1	Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	196,979	136,429	115,916
Book value per common share \$ 28.87 \$ 26.99 \$ 64.496 \$ 65.075 \$ 65,673 \$ 64.496 \$ 65.075 \$ 65,673 \$ 6.5% \$	Total earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	2.97	2.07	1.79
Average common shares outstanding	Dividends paid per common share		\	1.43
Return on average Avista Corp. stockholders' equity				
Common stock closing price				
Operating Results Avista Utilities Retail electric revenues \$ 799.941 \$ 800.670 \$ 811,741 Retail electric revenues \$ 8,645 8,573 8,897 Retail electric customers at year-end 392,828 387,518 382,131 Wholesale electric revenues \$ 73,232 \$ 48,956 \$ 81,512 Wholesale kWh sales (in millions) 2,787 3,632 2,881 Sales of fuel \$ 48,040 \$ 62,219 \$ 64,925 Other electric revenues 28,995 29,301 31,614 Decoupling (electric) 8,699 4,870 (8,220) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 3,141 (1,477) (1,182) Retail natural gas revenues \$ 293,861 \$ 288,434 \$ 330,073 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues 15,039 137,070 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues 15,049 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 3,962 (1,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to custo				
Avista Utilities Retail electric revenues Retail electric revenues Retail electric customers at year-end Retail kWh sales (in millions) Retail electric customers at year-end Retail electric customers at year-end Retail electric revenues Retail electric expenses retail expense	Common stock closing price	\$ 48.09	\$ 42.48	\$ 51.49
Avista Utilities Retail electric revenues Retail electric revenues Retail electric customers at year-end Retail kWh sales (in millions) Retail electric customers at year-end Retail electric customers at year-end Retail electric revenues Retail electric experiment retail r	Operating Results			
Retail electric revenues \$ 799,941 \$ 800,670 \$ 811,741 8,645 8,573 8,897 8421 844 8456 8,573 8,897 8421 8441 8456 8,573 8,897 8421 8456 8,573 8,897 8421 8456 8,573 8,897 8421 8456 8,573 8,897 8421 8456 8,573 8,897 8421 8456 8,573 8,897 8,2737 3,632 2,881 8456 8,5152 2,881 8456 8,456				
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Retail electric customers at year-end 392,828 387,518 382,131 Wholesale electric revenues \$ 73,232 \$ 84,956 \$ 81,512 Wholesale kWh sales (in millions) 2,787 3,632 2,881 Sales of fuel \$ 48,040 \$ 62,219 \$ 64,925 Other electric revenues 28,995 29,301 31,614 Decoupling (electric) 8,699 4,870 (8,220) Deternals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 3,141 (11,477) (1,182) Retail natural gas revenues \$ 293,861 \$ 288,434 \$ 30,073 Wholesale natural gas revenues \$ 135,039 137,070 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues \$ 160,49 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) Total therms delivered (in thousands) 1,165,903 1,025,329 1,099,141 Retail natural gas customers at year-end 31,495 354,799 347,160 <tr< td=""><td>Retail kWh sales (in millions)</td><td></td><td></td><td>8,897</td></tr<>	Retail kWh sales (in millions)			8,897
Sales of fuel	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	392,828		
Sales of fuel	Wholesale electric revenues	\$ 73.232	\$ 84.956	\$ 81.512
Other electric revenues 28,995 29,301 31,614 Decoupling (electric) 8,699 4,870 (8,220) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 3,141 (11,477) (1,182) Retail natural gas revenues \$ 293,861 \$ 28,8434 \$ 330,073 Wholesale natural gas revenues 135,039 137,070 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues 16,049 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) Total thems delivered (in thousands) 1,165,903 1,025,329 1,099,41 Retail natural gas customers at year-end 361,495 354,799 347,160 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Revenues \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Retail kWh sales (in millions) \$ 17,755 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328				
Other electric revenues 28,995 29,301 31,614 Decoupling (electric) 8,699 4,870 (8,220) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 3,141 (11,477) (1,182) Retail natural gas revenues \$ 293,861 \$ 288,434 \$ 330,073 Wholesale natural gas revenues 135,039 137,070 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues 16,049 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) Total therms delivered (in thousands) 1,165,903 1,025,329 1,099,411 Retail natural gas customers at year-end 361,495 354,799 347,160 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Revenues \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Retail kWh sales (in millions) \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328	Sales of fuel	\$ 48.040	\$ 62.219	\$ 64.925
Decoupling (electric) 8,699 3,141 (11,477) (1,182)	Other electric revenues			31,614
Retail natural gas revenues \$ 293,861 \$ 288,434 \$ 330,073 Wholesale natural gas revenues 135,039 137,070 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues 16,049 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) Total therms delivered (in thousands) 1,165,903 1,025,329 1,099,141 Retail natural gas customers at year-end 361,495 354,799 347,160 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Retail kWh sales (in millions) 337 391 414 Retail lectric customers at year-end 17,775 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders 7,458 8,292 9,054 Other Revenues \$ 12,484 27,328 22,543 Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 <t< td=""><td>Decoupling (electric)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Decoupling (electric)			
Wholesale natural gas revenues 135,039 137,070 142,722 Transportation and other natural gas revenues 16,049 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) Total therms delivered (in thousands) 1,165,903 1,025,329 1,099,141 Retail natural gas customers at year-end 361,495 354,799 347,160 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Revenues \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Retail kWh sales (in millions) 337 391 414 Retail electric customers at year-end 17,475 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders 7,458 8,292 9,054 Other Revenues \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Financial Condition Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 </td <td>Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers</td> <td>3,141</td> <td>(11,477)</td> <td>•</td>	Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers	3,141	(11,477)	•
Transportation and other natural gas revenues 16,049 15,927 15,620 Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) (2,392) (10,5903) (10,5903) (1,025,329) (1,099,141) (1,099,141) (1,099,141) (3,495) (3,962) (11,374) (2,392) (1,099,141) (3,495) (3,962) (11,374) (2,392) (1,099,141) (3,495) (3,962) (1,374) (2,392) (1,099,141) (3,495) (3,962) (1,374) (2,392) (1,099,141) (3,495) (3,962) (1,374) (2,392) (1,099,141) (3,495) (3,962) (1,374) (2,392) (1,374) (3,495) (3,962) (1,374) (3,495) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,962) (1,374) (3,962) (3,9	Retail natural gas revenues	\$ 293,861	\$ 288,434	\$ 330,073
Decoupling (natural gas) 915 (3,962) (11,374) Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 (6,764) (2,392) Total therms delivered (in thousands) 1,165,903 1,025,329 1,099,141 Retail natural gas customers at year-end 361,495 354,799 347,160 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 183,977 \$ 134,874 \$ 114,716 Alaska Electric Light and Power Company Revenues \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Retail kWh sales (in millions) 337 391 414 Retail electric customers at year-end 17,175 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 5,544 (6,737) (7,854) Financial Condition	Wholesale natural gas revenues	135,039	137,070	142,722
Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers 1,368 1,365,903 1,025,329 1,099,141 361,495 354,799 347,160 347,160	Transportation and other natural gas revenues	16,049	15,927	15,620
Total therms delivered (in thousands) Retail natural gas customers at year-end Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 183,977	Decoupling (natural gas)	915	(3,962)	(11,374)
Retail natural gas customers at year-end 361,495 354,799 347,160 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 183,977 \$ 134,874 \$ 114,716 Alaska Electric Light and Power Company				
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 183,977 \$ 134,874 \$ 114,716	,			
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company Revenues Retail kWh sales (in millions) Retail electric customers at year-end Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders Other Revenues Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders Financial Condition Total assets Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) Long-term debt to affiliated trusts \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 \$ 414 17,175 17,085 16,951 17,458 8,292 9,054 \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 (6,737) (7,854) \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 1,769,237 51,547 51,547	Retail natural gas customers at year-end	361,495	354,799	347,160
Revenues \$ 37,265 \$ 43,599 \$ 53,027 Retail kWh sales (in millions) 337 391 414 Retail electric customers at year-end 17,175 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 5,544 (6,737) (7,854) Financial Condition Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547	Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 183,977	\$ 134,874	\$ 114,716
Retail kWh sales (in millions) 337 391 414 Retail electric customers at year-end 17,175 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders 7,458 8,292 9,054 Other Revenues \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 5,544 (6,737) (7,854) Financial Condition Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547				
Retail electric customers at year-end 17,175 17,085 16,951 Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders 7,458 8,292 9,054 Other Revenues Revenues (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 (6,737) (7,854) Financial Condition Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547				
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Other Revenues \$ 12,484 \$ 27,328 \$ 22,543 Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 5,544 \$ 6,737 \$ 7,854 Financial Condition Total assets Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) Long-term debt to affiliated trusts \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 1,769,237 51,547 51,547 51,547 51,547				
Revenues Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders \$ 12,484	Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	/,458	8,292	9,054
Net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders 5,544 (6,737) (7,854) Financial Condition Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547			A 0====	A 22 - 15
Financial Condition Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547			/	
Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547	Net income (ioss) attributable to Avista Corp. snareholders	5,544	(6,/3/)	(7,854)
Total assets \$ 6,082,456 \$ 5,782,576 \$ 5,514,732 Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547	Financial Condition			
Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) 2,020,011 1,863,174 1,769,237 Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547		\$ 6.082.456	\$ 5.782.576	\$ 5514732
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts 51,547 51,547 51,547				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

Board of Directors

Kristianne Blake, 66

President, Kristianne Gates Blake, P.S. Spokane, Washington Director since 2000

Donald C. Burke, 59

Langhorne, Pennsylvania Director since 2011

Rebecca A. Klein, 54

Principal, Klein Energy, LLC Austin, Texas

Director since 2010

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Scott H. Maw, 52

WestRiver Group

Managing Director,

Seattle, Washington

Director since 2016

Scott L. Morris, 62

Chairman of the Board, Avista Corp. Spokane, Washington Director since 2007

Jeffry L. Philipps, 64

President & CEO, Rosauers Supermarkets, Inc. Spokane, Washington Director since 2019 Marc F. Racicot, 71 Bigfork, Montana

Director since 2009

Heidi B. Stanley, 63
Co-owner & Chair,
Empire Bolt & Screw Inc.
Spokane, Washington
Director since 2006

R. John Taylor, 70 Chairman & CEO, Green Leaf Alliance Lewiston, Idaho Director since 1985 Dennis P. Vermillion, 58 President & CEO, Avista Corp. Spokane, Washington Director since 2018

Janet D. Widmann, 53
President & CEO,
Kids Care Dental
San Francisco, California
Director since 2014

Board Committees

Corporate Governance/ Nominating Committee Kristianne Blake — Chair Donald C. Burke R. John Taylor Janet D. Widmann

Executive Committee
Kristianne Blake
Scott L. Morris — Chair
Heidi B. Stanley
R. John Taylor
Dennis Vermillion

Audit Committee Kristianne Blake Donald C. Burke (Financial Expert) — Chair Heidi B. Stanley

Compensation & Organization Committee Rebecca A. Klein Scott H. Maw R. John Taylor — Chair

Finance Committee
Scott H. Maw
Scott L. Morris
Jeffry L. Philipps
Marc F. Racicot
Janet D. Widmann — Chair

Environmental,
Technology & Operations
Committee
Rebecca A. Klein — Chair
Jeffry L. Philipps
Marc F. Racicot
Heidi B. Stanley

Corporate & Business Unit Officers

Dennis P. Vermillion, 58 President & CEO

Mark T. Thies, 56
Executive Vice President,
CFO & Treasurer

Kevin J. Christie, 52 Senior Vice President, External Affairs & Chief Customer Officer

Marian M. Durkin, 66 Senior Vice President, Chief Legal Officer & Corporate Secretary Heather L. Rosentrater, 42
Senior Vice President Energ

Senior Vice President, Energy Delivery & Shared Services

Jason R. Thackston, 50 Senior Vice President, Energy

Resources & Environmental
Compliance Officer

Bryan A. Cox, 50 Vice President, Safety & Human Resources Gregory C. Hesler, 42

Vice President, General Counsel & Chief Compliance Officer

Latisha D. Hill, 41
Vice President, Communit

Vice President, Community & Economic Vitality

James M. Kensok, 61 Vice President, CIO & Chief Security Officer

Ryan L. Krasselt, 50 Vice President, Controller & Principal Accounting Officer David J. Meyer, 66

Vice President & Chief Counsel for Regulatory & Governmental Affairs

Edward D. Schlect, Jr., 59Vice President & Chief
Strategy Officer

Constance S. Hulbert, 59
President & General Manager,

Ages are as of the proxy date —

March 31, 2020

Alaska Electric Light & Power Co.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

(Mark 0	no)	FORM	10-K		
×	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECT DECEMBER 31, 2019 OR	ION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIES E	XCHANGE ACT OF 1934	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO S PERIOD FROMTO _	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITI	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF	1934 FOR THE TRANSITION
Comm	ission file number <u>001-03701</u>				
		AVISTA CORF	PORAT	ION	
		(Exact name of Registrant as	specified in	its charter)	
	WA				91-0462470
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)				(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
		1411 East Mission Avenue, Sp			_
	Regis	trant's telephone number, incl Website: http://www	•		
	S	ecurities registered pursuant	to Section 12	2(b) of the Act:	
	Title of Each Class Common Stock	Trading Syn	nbol(s)	Name of Eac	h Exchange on Which Registered NYSE
			to Continu 1	Dial of the Act.	WIGE
	S	ecurities registered pursuant Title of C Preferred Stock, Cumulati	lass		
Indicat	e by check mark if the registrant is a well-know	n seasoned issuer, as defined Yes 🗵	in Rule 405 o	f the Securities Act.	
Indicat	e by check mark if the registrant is not required	to file reports pursuant to Sec Yes	tion 13 or 15 No 🗵	(d) of the Act.	
	e by check mark whether the registrant (1) has t ng 12 months (or for such shorter period that th days:				
	e by check mark whether the registrant has sub 32.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12				
growth	e by check mark whether the registrant is a larg company. See the definitions of "large acceler xchange Act. (Check one):				
	Large Accelerated Filer 🗵 Smaller reporting company 🗆	Accelerated Filer Emerging growth compan	у 🗆	Non-accelerated Filer	
	nerging growth company, indicate by check man al accounting standards provided pursuant to S			e extended transition peri	od for complying with any new or revised
Indicat	e by check mark whether the Registrant is a she	ell company (as defined in Rule Yes 🏻	12b-2 of the No ⊠	Exchange Act):	
	pregate market value of the Registrant's outsta on the last reported sale price thereof on the co			y class of voting stock), he	ld by non-affiliates is \$2,948,564,738
As of Ja	anuary 31, 2020, 67,208,604 shares of Registran	t's Common Stock, no par valu	e (the only c	lass of common stock), we	re outstanding.
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	Document				m 10-K into Which It is Incorporated
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	meeting of shareholders to be held May 11, 2 ior to such filing, the Proxy Statement filed in co h the annual meeting of shareholders held on N	onnection		12.	, 13 and 14

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^{*} not an applicable item in the 2019 calendar year for Avista Corp.

Acronyms and Terms

 $(The \ following \ acronyms \ and \ terms \ are \ found \ in \ multiple \ locations \ within \ the \ document)$

Acronym/Term	<u>Meaning</u>
aMW	 Average Megawatt—a measure of the average rate at which a particular generating source produces energy over a period of time
AEL&P	 Alaska Electric Light and Power Company, the primary operating subsidiary of AERC, which provides electric services in Juneau, Alaska
AERC	 Alaska Energy and Resources Company, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary based in Juneau, Alaska
AFUDC	 Allowance for Funds Used During Construction; represents the cost of both the debt and equity funds used to finance utility plant additions during the construction period
AM&D	 Advanced Manufacturing and Development, doing business as METALfx
ARAM	- Average Rate Assumption Method
ASC	- Accounting Standards Codification
ASU	- Accounting Standards Update
Avista Capital	 Parent company to the Company's non-utility businesses, with the exception of AJT Mining Properties, Inc., which is a subsidiary of AERC
Avista Corp.	- Avista Corporation, the Company
Avista Utilities	 Operating division of Avista Corp. (not a subsidiary) comprising the regulated utility operations in the Pacific Northwest
ВРА	- Bonneville Power Administration
Capacity	- The rate at which a particular generating source is capable of producing energy, measured in kW or MW
Cabinet Gorge	- The Cabinet Gorge Hydroelectric Generating Project, located on the Clark Fork River in Idaho
СЕТА	- Clean Energy Transformation Act
Colstrip	- The coal-fired Colstrip Generating Plant in southeastern Montana
Cooling degree days	 The measure of the warmness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day exceeds 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual degree days above historic indicate warmer than average temperatures)
Coyote Springs 2	- The natural gas-fired combined-cycle Coyote Springs 2 Generating Plant located near Boardman, Oregon
СТ	- Combustion turbine
Deadband or ERM deadband	 The first \$4.0 million in annual power supply costs above or below the amount included in base retail rates in Washington under the ERM in the state of Washington
Ecology	- The state of Washington's Department of Ecology
EIM	- Energy Imbalance Market

Acronyms and Terms (continued)

 $(The \ following \ acronyms \ and \ terms \ are \ found \ in \ multiple \ locations \ within \ the \ document)$

Acronym/Term	Meaning
Energy	 The amount of electricity produced or consumed over a period of time, measured in kWh or MWh. Also, refers to natural gas consumed and is measured in dekatherms
EPA	- Environmental Protection Agency
ERM	 The Energy Recovery Mechanism, a mechanism for accounting and rate recovery of certain power supply costs accepted by the utility commission in the state of Washington
FASB	- Financial Accounting Standards Board
FCA	- Fixed Cost Adjustment, the electric and natural gas decoupling mechanism in Idaho
FERC	- Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
GAAP	- Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GHG	- Greenhouse gas
GS	- Generating station
Heating degree days	 The measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual degree days above historic indicate warmer than average temperatures)
Hydro One	- Hydro One Limited, based in Toronto, Ontario, Canada
IPUC	- Idaho Public Utilities Commission
IRP	- Integrated Resource Plan
Jackson Prairie	 Jackson Prairie Natural Gas Storage Project, an underground natural gas storage field located near Chehalis, Washington
Juneau	- The City and Borough of Juneau, Alaska
kV	 Kilovolt (1000 volts): a measure of capacity on transmission lines
kW, kWh	 Kilowatt (1000 watts): a measure of generating output or capability. Kilowatt-hour (1000 watt hours): a measure of energy produced
Lancaster Plant	 A natural gas-fired combined cycle combustion turbine plant located in Idaho
LNG	- Liquefied Natural Gas
MPSC	- Public Service Commission of the State of Montana
MW, MWh	– Megawatt: 1000 kW. Megawatt-hour: 1000 kWh
NERC	- North American Electricity Reliability Corporation
Noxon Rapids	- The Noxon Rapids Hydroelectric Generating Project, located on the Clark Fork River in Montana

Acronyms and Terms (continued)

 $(The \ following \ acronyms \ and \ terms \ are \ found \ in \ multiple \ locations \ within \ the \ document)$

Acronym/Term	<u>Meaning</u>
OPUC	- The Public Utility Commission of Oregon
PCA	 The Power Cost Adjustment mechanism, a procedure for accounting and rate recovery of certain power supply costs accepted by the utility commission in the state of Idaho
PGA	- Purchased Gas Adjustment
PPA	- Power Purchase Agreement
PSE	- Puget Sound Energy
PUD	- Public Utility District
RCA	- The Regulatory Commission of Alaska
REC	- Renewable energy credit
ROE	- Return on equity
ROR	- Rate of return on rate base
SEC	 U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
TCJA	- The "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," signed into law on December 22, 2017
Therm	 Unit of measurement for natural gas; a therm is equal to approximately one hundred cubic feet (volume) or 100,000 BTUs (energy)
Watt	 Unit of measurement of electric power or capability; a watt is equal to the rate of work represented by a current of one ampere under a pressure of one volt
WUTC	- Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

Forward-Looking Statements

From time-to-time, we make forward-looking statements such as statements regarding projected or future:

- · financial performance;
- cash flows;
- capital expenditures;
- dividends;
- capital structure;
- other financial items;
- strategic goals and objectives;
- business environment; and
- plans for operations.

These statements are based upon underlying assumptions (many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions). Such statements are made both in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (including this Annual Report on Form 10-K), and elsewhere. Forward-looking statements are all statements except those of historical fact including, without limitation, those that are identified by the use of words that include "will," "may," "could," "should," "intends," "plans," "seeks," "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "projects," "predicts," and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements (including those made in this Annual Report on Form 10-K) are subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Most of these factors are beyond our control and may have a significant effect on our operations, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in our statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, among others:

Utility Regulatory Risk

- · state and federal regulatory decisions or related judicial decisions that affect our ability to recover costs and earn a reasonable return including, but not limited to, disallowance or delay in the recovery of capital investments, operating costs, commodity costs, interest rate swap derivatives, the ordering of refunds to customers and discretion over allowed return on investment;
- the loss of regulatory accounting treatment, which could require the write-off of regulatory assets and the loss of regulatory deferral and recovery mechanisms;

Operational Risk

- · wildfires ignited, or allegedly ignited, by Avista Corp. equipment or facilities could cause significant loss of life and property, thereby causing serious operational and financial harm to Avista Corp. and our customers;
- severe weather or natural disasters, including, but not limited to, avalanches, wind storms, wildfires, earthquakes, snow and ice storms, that can disrupt energy generation, transmission and distribution, as well as the availability and costs of fuel, materials, equipment, supplies and support services;
- explosions, fires, accidents, mechanical breakdowns or other incidents that could impair assets and may disrupt operations of any of our generation facilities, transmission, and electric and natural gas distribution systems or other operations and may require us to purchase replacement power or incur costs to repair our facilities;

- explosions, fires, accidents or other incidents arising from or allegedly arising from our operations that could cause injuries to the public or property damage;
- blackouts or disruptions of interconnected transmission systems (the regional power grid);
- terrorist attacks, cyberattacks or other malicious acts that could disrupt or cause damage to our utility assets or to the national or regional economy in general, including any effects of terrorism, cyberattacks, ransomware, or vandalism that damage or disrupt information technology systems;
- work-force issues, including changes in collective bargaining unit agreements, strikes, work stoppages, the loss of key executives, availability of workers in a variety of skill areas, and our ability to recruit and retain employees;
- increasing costs of insurance, more restrictive coverage terms and our ability to obtain insurance;
- delays or changes in construction costs, and/or our ability to obtain required permits and materials for present or prospective facilities;
- · increasing health care costs and cost of health insurance provided to our employees and retirees;
- third-party construction of buildings, billboard signs, towers or other structures within our rights of way, or placement of fuel containers within close proximity to our transformers or other equipment, including overbuild atop natural gas distribution lines;
- the loss of key suppliers for materials or services or other disruptions to the supply chain;
- adverse impacts to our Alaska electric utility that could result from an extended outage of its hydroelectric generating resources or their inability to deliver energy, due to their lack of interconnectivity to any other electrical grids and the availability or cost of replacement power (diesel);
- changing river regulation or operations at hydroelectric facilities not owned by us, which could impact our hydroelectric facilities downstream;
- change in the use, availability or abundancy of water resources and/or rights needed for operation of our hydroelectric facilities;

Cyber and Technology Risk

- · cyberattacks on the operating systems that are used in the operation of our electric generation, transmission and distribution facilities and our natural gas distribution facilities, and cyberattacks on such systems of other energy companies with which we are interconnected, which could damage or destroy facilities or systems or disrupt operations for extended periods of time and result in the incurrence of liabilities and costs;
- cyberattacks on the administrative systems that are used in the administration of our business, including customer billing and customer service, accounting, communications, compliance and other administrative functions, and cyberattacks on such systems of our vendors and other companies with which we do business, which could result in the disruption of business operations, the release of private information and the incurrence of liabilities and costs;
- changes in costs that impede our ability to effectively implement new information technology systems or to operate and maintain current production technology;

- changes in technologies, possibly making some of the current technology we utilize obsolete or introducing new cyber security risks;
- insufficient technology skills, which could lead to the inability to develop, modify or maintain our information systems;

Strategic Risk

- growth or decline of our customer base due to new uses for our services or decline in existing services, including, but not limited to, the effect of the trend toward distributed generation at customer sites;
- · the potential effects of negative publicity regarding our business practices, whether true or not, which could hurt our reputation and result in litigation or a decline in our common stock price;
- changes in our strategic business plans, which could be affected by any or all of the foregoing, including the entry into new businesses and/or the exit from existing businesses and the extent of our business development efforts where potential future business is uncertain;
- wholesale and retail competition including alternative energy sources, growth in customer-owned power resource technologies that displace utility-supplied energy or that may be sold back to the utility, and alternative energy suppliers and delivery arrangements;
- entering into or growth of non-regulated activities may increase earnings volatility;
- the risk of municipalization or other form of service territory reduction;

External Mandates Risk

- changes in environmental laws, regulations, decisions and policies, including present and potential environmental remediation costs and our compliance with these matters;
- the potential effects of initiatives, legislation or administrative rulemaking at the federal, state or local levels, including possible effects on our generating resources, prohibitions or restrictions on new or existing services, or restrictions on greenhouse gas emissions to mitigate concerns over global climate changes;
- political pressures or regulatory practices that could constrain or place additional cost burdens on our distribution systems through accelerated adoption of distributed generation or electric-powered transportation or on our energy supply sources, such as campaigns to halt fossil fuel fired power generation and opposition to other thermal generation, wind turbines or hydroelectric facilities;
- failure to identify changes in legislation, taxation and regulatory issues that could be detrimental or beneficial to our overall business;
- policy and/or legislative changes in various regulated areas, including, but not limited to, environmental regulation, healthcare regulations and import/export regulations;

Financial Risk

- weather conditions, which affect both energy demand and electric generating capability, including the impact of precipitation and temperature on hydroelectric resources, the impact of wind patterns on wind-generated power, weather-sensitive customer demand, and similar impacts on supply and demand in the wholesale energy markets;
- our ability to obtain financing through the issuance of debt and/or equity securities, which could be affected by various factors including our credit ratings, interest rates, other capital market conditions and global economic conditions;
- changes in interest rates that affect borrowing costs, our ability to effectively hedge interest rates for anticipated debt issuances, variable interest rate borrowing and the extent to which we recover interest costs through retail rates collected from customers;
- changes in actuarial assumptions, interest rates and the actual return on plan assets for our pension and other postretirement benefit plans, which could affect future funding obligations, pension and other postretirement benefit expense and the related liabilities;
- the outcome of legal proceedings and other contingencies;
- economic conditions in our service areas, including the economy's effects on customer demand for utility services;
- declining energy demand related to customer energy efficiency, conservation measures and/or increased distributed generation;
- changes in the long-term climate and weather could materially affect, among other things, customer demand, the volume and timing of streamflows required for hydroelectric generation, costs of generation, transmission and distribution. Increased or new risks may arise from severe weather or natural disasters, including wildfires;
- industry and geographic concentrations which could increase our exposure to credit risks due to counterparties, suppliers and customers being similarly affected by changing conditions;
- · deterioration in the creditworthiness of our customers;

Energy Commodity Risk

- volatility and illiquidity in wholesale energy markets, including exchanges, the availability of willing buyers and sellers, changes in wholesale energy prices that could affect operating income, cash requirements to purchase electricity and natural gas, value received for wholesale sales, collateral required of us by individual counterparties and/or exchanges in wholesale energy transactions and credit risk to us from such transactions, and the market value of derivative assets and liabilities;
- default or nonperformance on the part of any parties from whom we purchase and/or sell capacity or energy;
- potential environmental regulations or lawsuits affecting our ability to utilize or resulting in the obsolescence of our power supply resources;
- explosions, fires, accidents, pipeline ruptures or other incidents that could limit energy supply to our facilities or our surrounding territory, which could result in a shortage of commodities in the market that could increase the cost of replacement commodities from other sources;

Compliance Risk

- changes in laws, regulations, decisions and policies at the federal, state or local levels, which could materially impact both our electric and gas operations and costs of operations; and
- the ability to comply with the terms of the licenses and permits for our hydroelectric or thermal generating facilities at costeffective levels.

Our expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith. We believe they are reasonable based on, without limitation, an examination of historical operating trends, our records and other information available from third parties. There can be no assurance that our expectations, beliefs or projections will be achieved or accomplished. Furthermore, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which such

statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New risks, uncertainties and other factors emerge from time-to-time, and it is not possible for us to predict all such factors, nor can we assess the effect of each such factor on our business or the extent that any such factor or combination of factors may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

Available Information

We file annual, quarterly and current reports and proxy statements with the SEC. The SEC maintains a website that contains these documents at www.sec.gov. We make annual, quarterly and current reports and proxy statements available on our website, www.avistacorp.com, as soon as practicable after electronically filing these documents with the SEC. Except for SEC filings or portions thereof that are specifically referred to in this report, information contained on these websites is not part of this report.

ITEM 1. Business

Company Overview

Avista Corp., incorporated in the territory of Washington in 1889, is primarily an electric and natural gas utility with certain other business ventures. As of December 31, 2019, we employed 1,796 people in our Pacific Northwest utility operations (Avista Utilities) and 124 people in our subsidiary businesses (including our Juneau, Alaska utility operations). Our corporate headquarters are in Spokane, Washington, the second-largest city in Washington. Spokane serves as the business, transportation, medical, industrial and cultural hub of the Inland Northwest region (eastern Washington and northern Idaho). Regional services include government and higher education, medical services, retail trade and finance. Through our subsidiary AEL&P, we also provide electric utility services in Juneau, Alaska.

As of December 31, 2019, we have two reportable business segments as follows:

- Avista Utilities—an operating division of Avista Corp.,
 comprising the regulated utility operations in the Pacific
 Northwest. Avista Utilities provides electric distribution and
 transmission, and natural gas distribution services in parts of
 eastern Washington and northern Idaho. Avista Utilities also
 provides natural gas distribution service in parts of northeastern
 and southwestern Oregon. Avista Utilities has electric generating
 facilities in Washington, Idaho, Oregon and Montana. Avista
 Utilities also supplies electricity to a small number of customers
 in Montana, most of whom are employees who operate Avista
 Utilities' Noxon Rapids generating facility. Avista Utilities also
 engages in wholesale purchases and sales of electricity and
 natural gas as an integral part of energy resource management
 and its load-serving obligation.
- AEL&P—a utility providing electric services in Juneau, Alaska that is a wholly owned subsidiary and the primary operating subsidiary of AERC.

We have other businesses, including venture fund investments, real estate investments, as well as certain other investments made by Avista Capital, which is a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Avista Corp. These activities do not represent a reportable business segment and are conducted by various direct and indirect subsidiaries of Avista Corp. In April 2019, we sold our investment in METALfx, a custom sheet metal fabricator. See "Note 25 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of the sale.

Total Avista Corp. shareholders' equity was \$1,939.3 million as of December 31, 2019, which includes a \$103.3 million investment in Avista Capital and a \$103.8 million investment in AERC.

See "Item 6. Selected Financial Data" and "Note 23 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information with respect to the operating performance of each business segment (and other subsidiaries).

Avista Utilities

General

At the end of 2019, Avista Utilities supplied retail electric service to approximately 393,000 customers and retail natural gas service to approximately 361,000 customers across its service territory. Avista Utilities' service territory covers 30,000 square miles with a population of 1.7 million. See "Item 2. Properties" for further information on our utility assets. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Economic Conditions and Utility Load Growth" for information on economic conditions in our service territory.

Electric Operations

General—Avista Utilities generates, transmits and distributes electricity, serving electric customers in eastern Washington and northern Idaho and a small number of customers in Montana, most of whom are employees who operate Avista Utilities' Noxon Rapids generating facility.

Avista Utilities generates electricity from facilities that we own and purchases capacity, energy and fuel for generation under long-term and short-term contracts to meet customer load obligations. We also sell electric capacity and energy, as well as surplus fuel in the wholesale market in connection with our resource optimization activities as described below.

As part of Avista Utilities' resource procurement and management operations in the electric business, we engage in an ongoing process of resource optimization, which involves the selection from available energy resources to serve our load obligations and the use of these resources to capture economic value through wholesale market transactions. These include sales and purchases of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and derivative contracts related to capacity, energy, fuel and fuel transportation. Such transactions are part of the process of matching available resources with load obligations and hedging a portion of the related financial risks. In order to implement this process, we make continuing projections of:

- electric loads at various points in time (ranging from intra-hour to multiple years) based on, among other things, estimates of customer usage and weather, historical data and contract terms, and
- resource availability at these points in time based on, among other things, fuel choices and fuel markets, estimates of streamflows, availability of generating units, historic and forward market information, contract terms and experience.

On the basis of these projections, we make purchases and sales of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and related derivative contracts to match expected resources to expected electric load requirements and reduce our exposure to electricity (or fuel) market price changes. The process of resource optimization involves scheduling and dispatching available resources as well as the following:

- · purchasing fuel for generation,
- when economical, selling fuel and substituting wholesale electric purchases, and
- other wholesale transactions to capture the value of generating resources, transmission contract rights and fuel delivery (transport) capacity contracts.

This optimization process includes entering into hedging transactions to manage risks. Transactions include both physical energy contracts and related derivative instruments, and the terms range from intra-hour up to multiple years.

Avista Utilities' generation assets are interconnected through the regional transmission system and are operated on a coordinated basis to enhance load-serving capability and reliability. We acquire both longterm and short-term transmission capacity to facilitate all of our energy and capacity transactions. We provide transmission and ancillary services in eastern Washington, northern Idaho and western Montana.

Electric Requirements

Avista Utilities' peak electric native load requirement for 2019 was 1,656 MW, which occurred on August 7, 2019. In 2018, our peak electric native load was 1,716 MW, which occurred during the summer, and in 2017, it was 1,681 MW, which occurred during the winter.

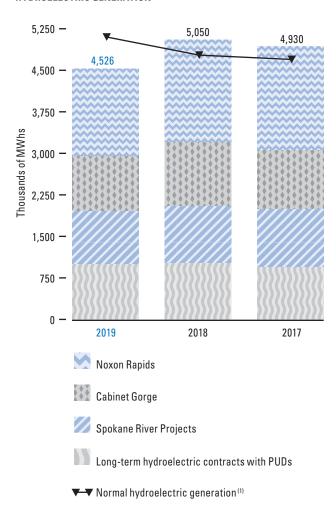
Electric Resources

Avista Utilities has a diverse electric resource mix of Companyowned and contracted hydroelectric, thermal and wind generation facilities, and other contracts for power purchases and exchanges. As of December 31, 2019, Avista Utilities' electric generation resource mix (including contracts for power purchases) was approximately 51 percent hydroelectric, 45 percent thermal and 4 percent wind. See "Item 2. Properties" for detailed information on Company-owned generating facilities.

Hydroelectric Resources—Avista Utilities owns and operates Noxon Rapids and Cabinet Gorge on the Clark Fork River and six smaller hydroelectric projects on the Spokane River. Hydroelectric generation is typically our lowest cost source per MWh of electric energy and the availability of hydroelectric generation has a significant effect on total power supply costs. Under normal streamflow and operating conditions, we estimate that we would be able to meet approximately one-half of our total average electric requirements (both retail and long-term wholesale) with the combination of our hydroelectric generation and long-term hydroelectric purchase contracts with certain PUDs in the state of Washington. Our estimate of normal annual hydroelectric generation for 2020 (including resources purchased under long-term hydroelectric contracts with certain PUDs) will be 586 aMW (or 5.2 million MWhs).

The following graph shows Avista Utilities' hydroelectric generation (in thousands of MWhs) during the year ended December 31:

HYDROELECTRIC GENERATION



"Normal" hydroelectric generation is determined by reference to the effect of upstream dam regulation on median natural water flow. Natural water flow is the flow of the rivers without the influence of dams, whereas regulated water flow takes into account any water flow changes from upstream dams due to releasing or holding back water. The calculation of "normal" varies annually due to the timing of upstream dam regulation throughout the year, as well as changes in PUD contracts.

Thermal Resources—Avista Utilities owns the following thermal generating resources:

- the combined cycle natural gas-fired CT, known as Coyote Springs 2, located near Boardman, Oregon,
- a 15 percent interest in Units 3 & 4 of the Colstrip GS, a coal-fired boiler generating facility located in southeastern Montana,
- a wood waste-fired boiler generating facility known as the Kettle Falls GS in northeastern Washington,
- a two-unit natural gas-fired CT generating facility, located in northeastern Spokane (Northeast CT),
- a two-unit natural gas-fired CT generating facility in northern Idaho (Rathdrum CT), and
- two small natural gas-fired generating facilities (Boulder Park GS and Kettle Falls CT).

Coyote Springs 2, which is operated by Portland General Electric Company, is supplied with natural gas under a combination of term contracts and spot market purchases, including transportation agreements with bilateral renewal rights.

Colstrip, which is operated by Talen Montana, is supplied with fuel from adjacent coal reserves under coal supply and transportation agreements. A new contract for coal supply was negotiated with the coal mine operator that extends through December 31, 2025. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for discussion regarding environmental and other issues surrounding Colstrip.

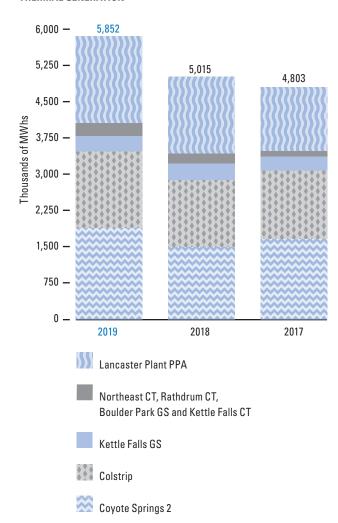
The primary fuel for the Kettle Falls GS is wood waste generated as a by-product and delivered by trucks from forest industry operations within 100 miles of the plant. A combination of long-term contracts and spot purchases has provided, and is expected to meet, fuel requirements for the Kettle Falls GS.

The Northeast CT, Rathdrum CT, Boulder Park GS and Kettle Falls CT generating units are primarily used to meet peaking electric requirements. We also operate these facilities when marginal costs are below prevailing wholesale electric prices. These generating facilities have access to natural gas supplies that are adequate to meet their respective operating needs.

See "Item 2. Properties—Avista Utilities—Generation Properties" for the nameplate rating and present generating capabilities of the above thermal resources.

We have the exclusive rights to all the capacity of the Lancaster Plant, a 270 MW natural gas-fired combined cycle combustion turbine plant located in northern Idaho, owned by an unrelated third-party. All of the output from the Lancaster Plant is contracted to us through 2026 under a PPA. Under the terms of the PPA, we make the dispatch decisions, provide all natural gas fuel and receive all of the electric energy output from the Lancaster Plant; therefore, we consider this plant in our baseload resources. See "Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of this PPA. The following graph shows Avista Utilities' thermal generation (in thousands of MWhs) during the year ended December 31:

THERMAL GENERATION



Wind Resources—We have exclusive rights to all the capacity of Palouse Wind, a wind generation project developed, owned and managed by an unrelated third-party and located in Whitman County, Washington. The PPA expires in 2042 and requires us to acquire all of the power and renewable attributes produced by the project at a fixed price per MWh with a fixed escalation of the price over the term of the agreement. The project has a nameplate capacity of 105 MW. Generation from Palouse Wind was 302,136 MWhs in 2019, 327,172 MWhs in 2018 and 300,380 MWhs in 2017. We have an annual option to purchase the wind project beginning in December 2022. The purchase price is a fixed price per kW of in-service capacity with a fixed decline in the price per kW over the remaining 20-year term of the PPA. Under the terms of the PPA, we do not have any input into the day-to-day operation of the project, including maintenance decisions. All such rights are held by the owner.

In March 2019, we signed a PPA with Clearway Energy Group (Clearway) to purchase all of the power generated from the Rattlesnake Flat Wind project in Adams County, Washington. The facility has a nameplate capacity of 144 MW and is expected to generate approximately 50 aMW annually. The PPA is a 20-year agreement with deliveries expected to begin in 2020. The PPA provides Avista Corp. with additional renewable energy, capacity and environmental attributes. Under the terms of the PPA, we do not have any input into the day-to-day operation of the project, including maintenance decisions. All such rights are held by the owner.

Solar Resources—We have exclusive rights to all the capacity of the Lind Solar Farm, a solar generation project developed, owned and managed by an unrelated third-party and located in Lind, Washington. The PPA expires in 2038 and requires us to acquire all the power and renewable attributes produced by the project at a fixed price per MWh. The project has a nameplate capacity of 28 MW. The facility became operational in the fourth quarter of 2018 and generated 42,346 and 584 MWhs in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Under the terms of the PPA, we do not have any input into the day-to-day operation of the project, including maintenance decisions. All such rights are held by the owner. In addition to the Lind Solar Farm, we also own a community solar array located in Spokane Valley, Washington with a nameplate capacity of 0.4 MW. The community solar array generated 561 and 538 MWhs during 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Other Purchases, Exchanges and Sales—In addition to the resources described above, we purchase and sell power under various long-term contracts, and we also enter into short-term purchases and sales. Further, pursuant to The Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, as amended, we are required to purchase generation from qualifying facilities. This includes, among other resources, hydroelectric projects, cogeneration projects and wind generation projects at rates approved by the WUTC and the IPUC.

See "Avista Utilities Electric Operating Statistics—Electric Operations" below for annual quantities of purchased power, wholesale power sales and power from exchanges in 2019, 2018 and 2017. See "Electric Operations" above for additional information with respect to the use of wholesale purchases and sales as part of our resource optimization process and also see "Future Resource Needs" below for the magnitude of these power purchase and sales contracts in future periods.

Hydroelectric Licenses

Avista Corp. is a licensee under the Federal Power Act (FPA) as administered by the FERC, which includes regulation of hydroelectric generation resources. Excluding the Little Falls Hydroelectric Generating Project (Little Falls), our other seven hydroelectric plants are regulated by the FERC through two project licenses. The licensed projects are subject to the provisions of Part I of the FPA. These provisions include payment for headwater benefits, condemnation of licensed projects upon payment of just compensation, and take-over by the federal government of such projects after the expiration of the license upon payment of the lesser of "net investment" or "fair value" of the project, in either case, plus severance damages. In the unlikely event that a take-over occurs, it could lead to either the decommissioning of the hydroelectric project or offering the project to another party (likely through sale and transfer of the license).

Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids are under one 45-year FERC license issued in 2001. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for discussion of dissolved atmospheric gas levels that exceed state of Idaho and federal numeric water quality standards downstream of Cabinet Gorge during periods when we must divert excess river flows over the spillway, as well as our mitigation plans and efforts.

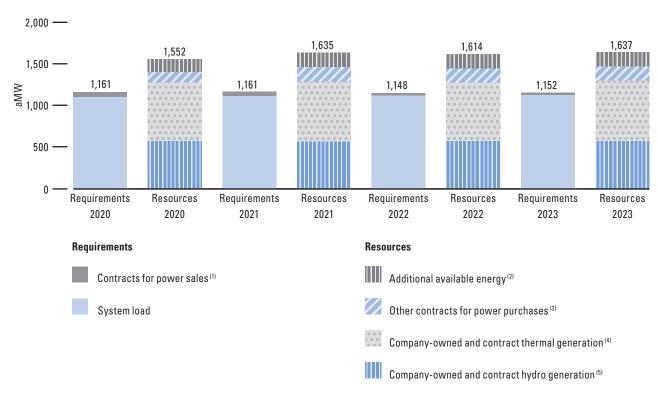
Five of our six hydroelectric projects on the Spokane River (Long Lake, Nine Mile, Upper Falls, Monroe Street and Post Falls) are under one 50-year FERC license issued in 2009 and are referred to collectively as the Spokane River Project. The sixth, Little Falls, is operated under separate Congressional authority and is not licensed by the FERC.

Future Resource Needs

Avista Utilities has operational strategies to provide sufficient resources to meet our energy requirements under a range of operating conditions. These operational strategies consider the amount of energy needed, which varies widely because of the factors that influence demand over intra-hour, hourly, daily, monthly and annual durations. Our average hourly load was 1,081 aMW in 2019, 1,034 aMW in 2018 and 1,070 aMW in 2017.

The following graph shows our forecast of our average annual energy requirements and our available resources for 2020 through 2023:

FORECASTED ELECTRIC ENERGY REQUIREMENTS AND RESOURCES



- The contracts for power sales decrease due to certain contracts expiring in each of these years. We are evaluating the future plan for the additional resources made available due to the expiration of these contracts
- (2) The combined maximum capacity of Boulder Park GS, Kettle Falls CT, Northeast CT and Rathdrum CT is 278 MW, with estimated available energy production as indicated for each year
- (3) Other contracts for power purchases includes power purchase agreements for solar and wind energy.
- Includes the Lancaster Plant PPA. Excludes Boulder Park GS, Kettle Falls CT, Northeast CT and Rathdrum CT, as these are considered peaking facilities and are generally not used to meet our base load requirements.
- (5) The forecast assumes near normal hydroelectric generation.

In August 2017, we filed our 2017 Electric IRP with the WUTC and the IPUC. The WUTC and IPUC review the IRPs and give the public the opportunity to comment. The WUTC and IPUC do not approve or disapprove of the content in the IRPs; rather they acknowledge that the IRPs were prepared in accordance with applicable standards if that is the case. The IRP details projected growth in demand for energy and the new resources needed to serve customers over the next 20 years. We regard the IRP as a tool for resource evaluation, rather than an acquisition plan for a particular project.

We are required to file an electric IRP every two years. We filed petitions with the WUTC and IPUC in January 2019 to extend the current electric IRP from August 31, 2019 to February 28, 2020 because of the uncertainty created by new clean energy laws in Washington. The WUTC and IPUC approved our petitions. Subsequent to these approvals, the WUTC issued an order extending the deadline to file the IRP until April 2021. We will file an IRP in Idaho on February 28, 2020.

Our resource strategy includes additional clean energy resources and potential for existing resource retirements. This plan is subject to change in the 2021 IRP due to rulemaking in Washington State to implement the Clean Energy Transformation Act.

Highlights of the 2020 IRP include the following expectations and/ or assumptions:

- · Models the clean energy requirements of CETA in Washington State.
- Optimizing a resource portfolio for 25 years instead of 20 years.
- Assumes Colstrip exits the portfolio in 2025, and then studies the cost impacts of extending the project to 2035 for servicing loads outside of Washington.
- · Assumes the Northeast CT retires in 2035.
- · A cap and trade greenhouse gas emissions cap applies in modeling Oregon.

- Uses a full demand response (DR) potential assessment for potential DR programs for both residential and commercial/ industrial customers.
- Includes social cost of carbon costs, using the 2.5 percent discount rate proscribed in CETA, for Washington's share of resource emissions and market purchases for new resource acquisitions, DR programs, and energy efficiency.
- Includes cost of upstream greenhouse gas emissions from the natural gas-fired projects at the social cost of carbon for Washington share of resources.
- · Modeled wind, solar, pumped hydro storage, nuclear, and geothermal as purchase power agreements; whereas previous IRPs assumed these resources would be modeled as an owned resource
- · Modeled several energy storage options in this IRP including pumped hydro storage, lithium-ion, vanadium flow, zinc bromide flow, liquid air, and hydrogen all with varying energy durations. The previous IRP modeled storage generically.

We are subject to the Washington State Energy Independence Act, which requires us to obtain a portion of our electricity from qualifying renewable resources or through purchase of RECs and acquiring all cost effective conservation measures. Future generation resource decisions will be affected by legislation for restrictions on greenhouse gas emissions and renewable energy requirements.

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition—Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for information related to existing laws, as well as potential legislation that could influence our future electric resource mix.

Natural Gas Operations

General—Avista Utilities provides natural gas distribution services to retail customers in parts of eastern Washington, northern Idaho, and northeastern and southwestern Oregon.

Market prices for natural gas, like other commodities, can be volatile. Our natural gas procurement strategy is to provide a reliable supply to our customers with some level of price certainty. We procure natural gas from various supply basins and over varying time periods. The resulting portfolio is a diversified mix of forward fixed price purchases, index and spot market purchases, and utilizing physical and financial derivative instruments. We also use natural gas storage to support high demand periods and to procure natural gas when prices may be lower. Securing prices throughout the year and even into subsequent years provides a level of price certainty and can mitigate price volatility to customers between years.

Weather is a key component of our natural gas customer load. This load is highly variable and daily natural gas loads can differ significantly from the monthly forecasted load projections. We make continuing projections of our natural gas loads and assess available natural gas resources. On the basis of these projections, we plan and execute a series of transactions to hedge a portion of our customers' projected natural gas requirements through forward market transactions and derivative instruments. These transactions may extend for multiple years into the future. We also leave a portion of our natural gas supply requirements unhedged for purchase in the short-term spot markets.

Our purchase of natural gas supply is governed by our procurement plan and is reviewed and approved annually by the Risk Management Committee (RMC), which is comprised of certain officers and other management personnel. Once approval is received, the plan is implemented and monitored by our gas supply and risk management groups.

The plan's progress is also presented to the WUTC and IPUC staff in semi-annual meetings, and updates are given to the OPUC staff quarterly. The RMC is provided with an update on plan results and changes in their monthly meetings. These activities provide transparency for the natural gas supply procurement plan. Any material changes to the plan are documented and communicated to RMC members.

As part of the process of balancing natural gas retail load requirements with resources, we engage in the wholesale purchase and sale of natural gas. We plan for sufficient natural gas delivery capacity to serve our retail customers for a theoretical peak day event. We generally have more pipeline and storage capacity than what is needed during periods other than a peak day. We optimize our natural gas resources by using market opportunities to generate economic value that helps mitigate fixed costs. Wholesale sales are delivered through wholesale market facilities outside of our natural gas distribution system. Natural gas resource optimization activities include, but are not

- · wholesale market sales of surplus natural gas supplies,
- purchases and sales of natural gas to optimize use of pipeline and storage capacity, and
- participation in the transportation capacity release market.

We also provide distribution transportation service to qualified, large commercial and industrial natural gas customers who purchase natural gas through third-party marketers. For these customers, we receive their purchased natural gas from such third-party marketers into our distribution system and deliver it to the customers' premise.

Optimization transactions that we engage in throughout the year are included in our annual purchased gas cost adjustment filings with the various commissions and are subject to review for prudence during

Natural Gas Supply—Avista Utilities purchases all of its natural gas in wholesale markets. We are connected to multiple supply basins in the western United States and Canada through firm capacity transportation rights on six different pipeline networks. Access to this diverse portfolio of natural gas resources allows us to make natural gas procurement decisions that benefit our natural gas customers. These interstate pipeline transportation rights provide the capacity to serve approximately 25 percent of peak natural gas customer demands from domestic sources and 75 percent from Canadian sourced supply. Natural gas prices in the Pacific Northwest are affected by global energy markets, as well as supply and demand factors in other regions of the United States and Canada. Future prices and delivery constraints may cause our resource mix to vary.

Natural Gas Storage—Avista Utilities owns a one-third interest in Jackson Prairie, an underground aquifer natural gas storage field located near Chehalis, Washington. Jackson Prairie has a total peak day deliverability of 12 million therms, with a total working natural gas capacity of 256 million therms. As an owner, our share is one-third of the peak day deliverability and total working capacity. We also contract for additional storage capacity and delivery at Jackson Prairie from Northwest Pipeline for a portion of their one-third share of the storage project.

We optimize our natural gas storage capacity throughout the year by executing transactions that capture favorable market price spreads. Natural gas buyers identify opportunities to purchase lower cost natural gas in the immediate term to inject into storage, and then sell the gas in a forward market to be withdrawn at a later time. The reverse of this type of transaction also occurs. These transactions lock in incremental value for customers. Jackson Prairie is also used as a variable peaking resource, and to protect from extreme daily price volatility during cold weather or other events affecting the market.

Future Resource Needs—In August 2018, we filed our 2018 Natural Gas IRP with the WUTC, the IPUC and the OPUC. The IRP details projected growth in demand for energy and the new resources needed to serve customers over the next 20 years. We regard the IRP as a tool for resource evaluation, rather than an acquisition plan for a particular project.

Highlights of the 2018 natural gas IRP include the following expectations and/or assumptions:

- We will need no additional natural gas transportation resources during the 20-year planning horizon in Washington, Idaho, or Oregon.
- Due to expected carbon legislation at the state levels through a cap and trade mechanism (Oregon) or a fee mechanism (Washington), we expect natural gas prices to include a carbon price adder in Oregon and Washington, but not in Idaho.
- North American supplies of natural gas will continue to be abundant led by shale gas development.
- Customer growth in our service territory will increase slightly compared to the 2016 IRP. There will be increasing interest from customers to utilize natural gas for heating due to its abundant supply and consequent low cost.
- We anticipate that any increased demand for natural gas regionally will primarily come from power generation as natural gas is increasingly being used to back up solar and wind technology, and also to replace retired coal plants. There is also potential for increased usage in other markets, such as LNG exports or exports to Mexico.
- Slightly higher customer growth will continue to be offset by lower use per customer and an increased amount of demand side management (DSM). The combination of low-priced natural gas in addition to carbon fees or other programs has led to a higher potential for DSM measures as compared to the previous three IRPs.
- The availability of natural gas in North America will continue to change global LNG dynamics. Existing and new LNG facilities will look to export low cost North American natural gas to the higherpriced foreign markets. This could alter the price of natural gas and/or transportation in U.S. markets, constrain existing pipeline networks, stimulate development of new pipeline resources and change flows of natural gas across North America.

We will monitor these assumptions on an on-going basis and adjust our resource requirements accordingly.

We are required to file a natural gas IRP every two years, with the next IRP expected to be filed during the third quarter of 2020. Our resource strategy in our 2020 IRP may change from the 2018 IRP based on market, legislative and regulatory developments.

Regulatory Issues

General—As a public utility, Avista Corp. is subject to regulation by state utility commissions for prices, accounting, the issuance of securities and other matters. The retail electric and natural gas operations are subject to the jurisdiction of the WUTC, IPUC, OPUC and MPSC. Approval of the issuance of securities is not required from the MPSC. We are also subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC for licensing of hydroelectric generation resources, and for electric transmission services and wholesale sales.

Since Avista Corp. is a "holding company" (in addition to being itself an operating utility), we are also subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005, which imposes certain reporting and other requirements. We, and all of our subsidiaries (whether or not engaged in any energy related business), are required to maintain books, accounts and other records in accordance with the FERC regulations and to make them available to the FERC and the state utility commissions. In addition, upon the request of any jurisdictional state utility commission, the FERC would have the authority to review assignment of costs of non-power goods and administrative services among us and our subsidiaries. The FERC has the authority generally to require that rates subject to its jurisdiction be just and reasonable and in this context would continue to be able to, among other things, review transactions of any affiliated company.

Our rates for retail electric and natural gas services (other than specially negotiated retail rates for industrial or large commercial customers, which are subject to regulatory review and approval) are generally determined on a "cost of service" basis.

Rates are designed to provide an opportunity for us to recover allowable operating expenses and earn a return of and a reasonable return on "rate base." Rate base is generally determined by reference to the original cost (net of accumulated depreciation) of utility plant in service, subject to various adjustments for deferred income taxes and other items. Over time, rate base is increased by additions to utility plant in service and reduced by depreciation and retirement of utility plant and write-offs as authorized by the utility commissions. Our operating expenses and rate base are allocated or directly assigned to five regulatory jurisdictions: electric in Washington and Idaho, and natural gas in Washington, Idaho and Oregon. In general, requests for new retail rates are made on the basis of revenues, operating expenses and net investment for a test year that ended prior to the date of the request, subject to possible adjustments, which differ among the various jurisdictions, designed to reflect the expected revenues, operating expenses and net investment during the period new retail rates will be in effect. The retail rates approved by the state commissions in a rate proceeding may not provide sufficient revenues to provide recovery of costs and a reasonable return on investment for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to, ongoing capital expenditures and unexpected changes in revenues and expenses following the time new retail rates are requested in the rate proceeding, the denial by the commission of recovery, or timely recovery, of certain expenses or investment and the limitation by the commission of the authorized return on investment.

Our rates for wholesale electric and natural gas transmission services are based on either "cost of service" principles or marketbased rates as set forth by the FERC. See "Notes 1, 12 and 22 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information about regulation, depreciation and deferred income taxes.

General Rate Cases—Avista Utilities regularly reviews the need for electric and natural gas rate changes in each state in which we provide service. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis-Regulatory Matters—General Rate Cases" for information on general rate case activity.

Power Cost Deferrals—Avista Utilities defers the recognition in the income statement of certain power supply costs that vary from the level currently recovered from our retail customers as authorized by the WUTC and the IPUC. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms" and "Note 22 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information on power cost deferrals and recovery mechanisms in Washington and Idaho.

Purchased Gas Adjustments (PGA)—Under established regulatory practices in each state, Avista Utilities defers the recognition in the income statement of the natural gas costs that vary from the level currently recovered from our retail customers as authorized by each of our jurisdictions. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—Purchased Gas Adjustments" and "Note 22 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information on natural gas cost deferrals and recovery mechanisms in Washington, Idaho and Oregon.

Decoupling Mechanisms—Decoupling (also known as FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage. In each of its jurisdictions, Avista Utilities' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" usage, rather than being based on actual usage. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to customers beginning in the following year. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters—Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms" for further discussion of these mechanisms.

Federal Laws Related to Wholesale Competition

Federal law promotes practices that foster competition in the electric wholesale energy market. The FERC requires electric utilities to transmit power and energy to or for wholesale purchasers and sellers, and requires electric utilities to enhance or construct transmission facilities to create additional transmission capacity for the purpose of providing these services. Public utilities (through subsidiaries or affiliates) and other entities may participate in the development of independent electric generating plants for sales to wholesale customers.

Public utilities operating under the FPA are required to provide open and non-discriminatory access to their transmission systems to third parties and establish an Open Access Same-Time Information System to provide an electronic means by which transmission customers can obtain information about available transmission capacity and purchase transmission access. The FERC also requires each public utility subject to the rules to operate its transmission and wholesale power merchant operating functions separately and to comply with standards of conduct designed to ensure that all wholesale users,

including the public utility's power merchant operations, have equal access to the public utility's transmission system. Our compliance with these standards has not had any substantive impact on the operation, maintenance and marketing of our transmission system or our ability to provide service to customers.

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis— Competition" for further information.

Regional Transmission Planning

Beginning with FERC Order No. 888 and continuing with subsequent rulemakings and policies, the FERC has encouraged better coordination and operational consistency aimed to capture efficiencies that might otherwise be gained through the formation of a Regional Transmission Organization or an independent system operator (ISO).

The Company currently meets its FERC requirements to coordinate transmission planning activities with other regional entities through ColumbiaGrid. ColumbiaGrid is a Washington nonprofit membership corporation with an independent board formed to improve the operational efficiency, reliability, and planned expansion of the transmission grid in the Pacific Northwest. We became a member of Columbia Grid in 2006 during its formation. Columbia Grid is not an ISO, but fills the role of facilitating the regional transmission planning requirements of FERC Order Nos. 890 and 1000, and their follow-on orders, for its members. Columbia Grid and its members also work with other western organizations, including WestConnect and the Northern Tier Transmission Group (NTTG), to address broader interregional planning.

Certain Columbia Grid members, including Avista Corp. and BPA (Columbia Grid's largest funding member), and the members of NTTG have been working to develop a combined single regional planning organization for the Pacific Northwest region, NorthernGrid. These parties have attained FERC acceptance of the NorthernGrid Funding Agreement and continue to work toward FERC acceptance of the NorthernGrid structure and transitioning coordinated transmission planning activities from ColumbiaGrid and NTTG to NorthernGrid by December 31, 2020. Neither the costs nor requirements of participating in either of these regional transmission planning organizations are expected to materially impact the Company's operations or financial performance.

Regional Energy Markets

The California Independent System Operator (CAISO) operates the Western Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) in the western United States. Most investor-owned utilities in the Pacific Northwest are either participants in the Western EIM or plan to integrate into the market in the near future. The Company has announced its decision to participate in the Western EIM and is slated to commence EIM operations by April 2022. The decision to join the Western EIM is based on a number of factors, including the amount of expected variable generating resources the Company will need to integrate within its balancing authority area in the foreseeable future, and the expected costs and benefits associated with joining the Western EIM.

Reliability Standards

Among its other provisions, the U.S. Energy Policy Act provides for the implementation of mandatory reliability standards and authorizes the FERC to assess penalties for non-compliance with these standards and other FERC regulations.

The FERC certified the NERC as the single Electric Reliability Organization authorized to establish and enforce reliability standards and delegate authority to regional entities for the purpose of establishing and enforcing reliability standards. The FERC approves NERC Reliability Standards, including western region standards that make up the set of legally enforceable standards for the United States bulk electric system. The first of these reliability standards became effective in 2007. From time-to-time new standards are developed or existing standards are updated, revised, consolidated or eliminated pursuant to an industry-involved process. We are required to selfcertify our compliance with these standards on an annual basis and undergo regularly scheduled periodic reviews by the NERC and its regional entity, the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC). Failure to comply with NERC reliability standards could result in financial penalties of up to approximately \$1.3 million per day per violation. We have a robust internal compliance program in place to manage compliance activities and mitigate the risk of potential noncompliance with these standards. We do not expect the costs associated with compliance with these standards to have a material impact on our financial results.

As both a balancing authority and transmission operator, the Company must operate under the oversight of a reliability coordinator per NERC reliability standards. The California ISO's RC West is the reliability coordinator of record for 41 balancing authorities and transmission operators in the Western Interconnection, including Avista Corp. RC West oversees grid compliance with federal and regional grid standards, and can determine measures to prevent or mitigate system emergencies in day-ahead or real-time operations.

Vulnerability to Cyberattack

The energy sector, particularly electric and natural gas utility companies in the United States and abroad, have become the subject of cyberattacks and ransomware attacks with increased frequency. The Company's administrative and operating networks are targeted by hackers on a regular basis.

A successful attack on the Company's administrative networks could compromise the security and privacy of data, including operating, financial and personal information. A successful attack on the Company's operating networks could impair the operation of the Company's electric and/or natural gas utility facilities, possibly resulting in the inability to provide electric and/or natural gas service for extended periods of time.

The Company continually reinforces and updates its defensive systems and is in compliance with NERC's reliability standards. See "Reliability Standards," "Item 1A. Risk Factors—Cyber and Technology Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Enterprise Risk Management—Cyber and Technology Risks" for further information.

Avista Corporation

Avista Utilities Electric Operating Statistics Years Ended December 31,

	2019)	2018		2017
Electric Operations					
Operating Revenues (Dollars in Thousands):					
Residential	\$ 369,102	\$	368,753	\$	381,682
Commercial	317,589)	314,532		311,593
Industrial	105,802	2	109,846		110,982
Public street and highway lighting	7,448	} _	7,539		7,484
Total retail	799,94		800,670		811,741
Wholesale	73,23	2	84,956		81,512
Sales of fuel	48,040)	62,219		64,925
Other	28,99	5	29,301		31,614
Alternative revenue programs	8,699)	4,870		(8,220
Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers	3,14		(11,477)		(1,182
Total electric operating revenues	\$ 962,04	\$	970,539	\$	980,390
Energy Sales (Thousands of MWhs):					
Residential	3,760	3	3,627		3,840
Commercial	3,170)	3,156		3,222
Industrial	1,69		1,772		1,815
Public street and highway lighting	18	3	18		20
Total retail	8,64	, –	8,573		8,897
Wholesale	2,78	7	3,632		2,881
Total electric energy sales	11,433) _	12,205		11,778
Energy Resources (Thousands of MWhs):					
Hydro generation (from Company facilities)	3,520)	4,029		3,978
Thermal generation (from Company facilities)	4,054	ļ	3,424		3,476
Purchased power	4,833	3	5,349		4,809
Power exchanges	(504	1)	(109)		(6
Total power resources	11,90		12,693	_	12,257
Energy losses and Company use	(47)		(488)		(479
Total energy resources (net of losses)	11,432		12,205		11,778
Number of Retail Customers (Average for Period):					
Residential	345,064	ļ	340,308		334,848
Commercial	42,930)	42,618		42,154
Industrial	1,30		1,318		1,328
Public street and highway lighting	61:		594		569
Total electric retail customers	389,91		384,838		378,899
Residential Service Averages:					
Annual use per customer (kWh)	10,914	ļ	10,658		11,469
Revenue per kWh (in cents)	9.80		10.17		9.94
Annual revenue per customer	\$ 1,069.60		1,083.58	\$	1,139.87
Average Hourly Load (aMW)	1,08		1,034		1,070

Avista Corporation (continued)

Avista Utilities Electric Operating Statistics Years Ended December 31,

	2019	2018	2017
Electric Operations (continued)			
Retail Native Load at time of system peak (MW):			
Winter	1,577	1,555	1,681
Summer	1,656	1,716	1,596
Cooling Degree Days: (1)			
Spokane, WA			
Actual	488	517	743
Historical average	531	544	529
% of average	92%	95%	140%
Heating Degree Days: [2]			
Spokane, WA			
Actual	6,817	6,159	6,783
Historical average	6,613	6,593	6,578
% of average	103%	93%	103%

⁽¹⁾ Cooling degree days are the measure of the warmness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day exceeds $65\ degrees\ Fahrenheit\ (annual\ degree\ days\ above\ historical\ average\ indicate\ warmer\ than\ average\ temperatures).$

⁽²⁾ Heating degree days are the measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls $below\ 65\ degrees\ Fahrenheit\ (annual\ degree\ days\ below\ historical\ averages\ indicate\ warmer\ than\ average\ temperatures).$

Avista Utilities Natural Gas Operating Statistics Years Ended December 31,

atural Gas Operations Operating Revenues (Dollars in Thousands): Residential Commercial Interruptible Industrial Total retail Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers	\$	196,430 92,168 2,257 3,006 293,861 135,039	\$	194,340 89,341 1,886 2,867	\$	220,176 104,240
Residential Commercial Interruptible Industrial Total retail Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs	\$	92,168 2,257 3,006 293,861	\$	89,341 1,886	\$	
Commercial Interruptible Industrial Total retail Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs		92,168 2,257 3,006 293,861	\$	89,341 1,886	\$	
Interruptible Industrial Total retail Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs	_	2,257 3,006 293,861		1,886		104,240
Industrial Total retail Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs	_	3,006 293,861	_			
Total retail Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs	_	293,861		2,867		1,901
Wholesale Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs						3,756
Transportation Other Alternative revenue programs		135,039		288,434		330,073
Other Alternative revenue programs				137,070		142,722
Alternative revenue programs		8,674		9,103		9,208
, -		7,375		6,824		6,411
Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers		915		(3,962)		(11,374
		1,368		(6,764)		(2,392
Total natural gas operating revenues	\$	447,232	\$	430,705	\$	474,648
Therms Delivered (Thousands of Therms):						
Residential		231,238		208,344		221,982
Commercial		140,578		124,670		133,343
Interruptible		9,138		5,750		5,46
Industrial		6,212		5,801		6,340
Total retail		387,166	_	344,565	_	367,130
Wholesale		590,802		503,913		545,348
Transportation		187,514		176,439		186,222
Interdepartmental and Company use		421		412		441
Total therms delivered		1,165,903	_	1,025,329	_	1,099,141
Total diotilio delivered	_	1,103,303	=	1,023,323	_	1,000,171
Number of Retail Customers (Average for Period):						
Residential		321,343		314,800		307,375
Commercial		35,804		35,488		35,192
Interruptible		45		39		37
Industrial		241		246		251
Total natural gas retail customers		357,433	_	350,573		342,855
·	_					
Residential Service Averages:						
Annual use per customer (therms)		720		662		722
Revenue per therm (in dollars)	\$	0.85	\$	0.93	\$	0.99
Annual revenue per customer	\$	611.28	\$	617.35	\$	716.31
Heating Degree Days: (1)						
Spokane, WA						
Actual		6,817		6,159		6,783
Historical average		6,613		6,593		6,578
% of average		103%		93%		103%
Medford, OR						
Actual		4,439		4,155		4,254
Historical average		4,291		4,297		4,305
% of average		103%		97%		99%

⁽¹⁾ Heating degree days are the measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual degree days below historic indicate warmer than average temperatures).

Alaska Electric Light and Power Company

AEL&P is the primary operating subsidiary of AERC. AEL&P is the sole utility providing electrical energy in Juneau, Alaska. Juneau is a geographically isolated community with no electric interconnections with the transmission facilities of other utilities and no pipeline access to natural gas or other fuels. Juneau's economy is primarily driven by government activities, tourism, commercial fishing, and mining, as well as activities as the commercial hub of southeast Alaska.

AEL&P owns and operates electric generation, transmission and distribution facilities located in Juneau. AEL&P operates five hydroelectric generation facilities with 102.7 MW of hydroelectric generation capacity as of December 31, 2019. AEL&P owns four of these generation facilities (totaling 24.5 MW of capacity) and has a PPA for the entire output of the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project (totaling 78.2 MW of capacity).

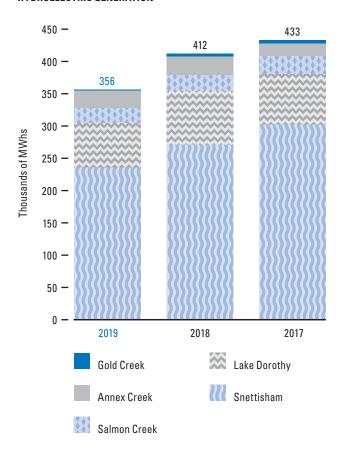
The Snettisham Hydroelectric Project is owned by the Alaska Industrial Development and Export Authority (AIDEA), a public corporation of the State of Alaska. AIDEA issued revenue bonds in 1998 (which were refinanced in 2015) to finance its acquisition of the project. These bonds were outstanding in the amount of \$54.6 million at December 31, 2019 and mature in January 2034. AEL&P has a PPA and operating and maintenance agreement with the AIDEA to operate and maintain the facility. This PPA is a take-or-pay obligation, expiring in December 2038, to purchase all of the output of the project. AIDEA's bonds are payable solely out of the revenues received under the PPA. Amounts payable by AEL&P under the PPA are equal to the required debt service on the bonds plus operating and maintenance costs.

This PPA is a finance lease and, as of December 31, 2019, the finance lease obligation was \$54.6 million. Snettisham Electric Company, a non-operating subsidiary of AERC, has the option to purchase the Snettisham project at any time for a price equal to the principal amount of the bonds outstanding at that time. See "Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of the Snettisham finance lease obligation.

As of December 31, 2019, AEL&P also had 107.5 MW of diesel generating capacity from four facilities to provide back-up service to firm customers when necessary.

The following graph shows AEL&P's hydroelectric generation (in thousands of MWhs) during the time periods indicated below:

HYDROELECTRIC GENERATION



Normal hydroelectric generation is defined as the energy output of the plant during a year with average inflows to the reservoir. Normal annual hydroelectric generation for AEL&P is approximately 430,000 MWhs.

As of December 31, 2019, AEL&P served approximately 17,000 customers. Its primary customers include city, state and federal governmental entities located in Juneau, as well as a mine located in the Juneau area. Most of AEL&P's customers are served on a firm basis while certain of its customers, including its largest customer, are served on an interruptible sales basis. AEL&P maintains separate rate tariffs for each of its customer classes, as well as seasonal rates.

AEL&P's operations are subject to regulation by the RCA with respect to rates, standard of service, facilities, accounting and certain other matters, but not with respect to the issuance of securities. Rate adjustments for AEL&P's customers require approval by the RCA pursuant to RCA regulations. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters" for further discussion of AEL&P's latest general rate case filing, including its capital structure.

AEL&P is also subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC with respect to permits and licenses necessary to operate certain of its hydroelectric facilities. One of these licenses (for the Salmon Creek and Annex Creek hydroelectric projects) was renewed for 40 years, effective September 1, 2018. Since AEL&P has no electric interconnection with other utilities and makes no wholesale sales, it is not subject to general FERC jurisdiction, other than the reporting and other requirements of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005 as an Avista Corp. subsidiary.

The Snettisham Hydroelectric Project is subject to regulation by the State of Alaska with respect to dam safety and certain aspects of its operations. In addition, AEL&P is subject to regulation with respect to air and water quality, land use and other environmental matters under both federal and state laws.

AEL&P Electric Operating Statistics

Years Ended December 31,

	2019	2018	2017
lectric Operations			
Operating Revenues (Dollars in Thousands):			
Residential	\$ 17,134	\$ 18,506	\$ 20,504
Commercial and government	19,391	25,989	31,726
Public street and highway lighting	254	263	279
Total retail	36,779	44,758	52,509
Other	486	(1,159)	518
Total electric operating revenues	\$ 37,265	\$ 43,599	\$ 53,027
Energy Sales (Thousands of MWhs):			
Residential	143	149	151
Commercial and government	193	241	262
Public street and highway lighting	1	1	1
Total electric energy sales	337	391	414
Number of Retail Customers (Average for Period):			
Residential	14,755	14,677	14,575
Commercial and government	2,280	2,234	2,210
Public street and highway lighting	228	224	217
Total electric retail customers	17,263	17,135	17,002
Residential Service Averages:			
Annual use per customer (kWh)	9,692	10,152	10,360
Revenue per kWh (in cents)	11.98	12.42	13.58
Annual revenue per customer	\$ 1,161.23	\$ 1,260.88	\$ 1,406.79
Heating Degree Days:(1)			
Juneau, AK			
Actual	7,476	7,973	8,515
Historical average	8,041	8,351	8,351
% of average	93%	95%	102%

⁽¹⁾ Heating degree days are the measure of the coldness of weather experienced, based on the extent to which the average of high and low temperatures for a day falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit (annual heating degree days below historical average indicate warmer than average temperatures).

Other Businesses

The following table shows our assets related to our other businesses, including intercompany amounts as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (dollars in thousands):

Entity and Asset Type	2019	2018		
Avista Capital				
Unconsolidated equity investments	51,259	29,257		
Note receivable—parent	14,722	_		
Real estate investments	16,374	18,573		
Notes receivable—third parties	17,591	13,505		
Other assets	3,919	2,937		
METALfx—wholly owned subsidiary	_	13,497		
Alaska companies (AERC and AJT Mining)	9,525	9,281		
Total	\$ 113,390	\$ 87,050		

Avista Capital

- Unconsolidated equity investments are primarily in emerging technology venture capital funds and companies, including an investment in a joint venture focused on local real estate development and economic growth.
- Real estate consists of mixed use commercial, retail office space, and land
- Other assets that consist of income tax receivables, cash and other deferred charges.
- AM&D, doing business as METALfx, performed custom sheet metal fabrication of electronic enclosures, parts and systems for the computer, construction, telecom, renewable energy and medical industries. METALfx was sold in April 2019. See "Note 25 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of the sale.

Alaska Companies

· Includes AERC and AJT Mining, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of AERC and is an inactive mining company holding certain real estate.

As opportunities arise, we dispose of investments and phase out operations that do not fit with our overall corporate strategy. However, we may invest incremental funds to protect our existing investments and invest in new businesses that we believe fit with our overall corporate strategy.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

Risk Factors

The following factors could have a significant impact on our operations, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. These factors could cause future results or outcomes to differ materially from those discussed in our reports filed with the SEC (including this Annual Report on Form 10-K), and elsewhere. Please also see "Forward-Looking Statements" for additional factors which could have a significant impact on our operations, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows and could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

Utility Regulatory Risk Factors

Regulators may not grant rates that provide timely or sufficient recovery of our costs or allow a reasonable rate of return for our shareholders.

Avista Utilities' annual operating expenses and the costs associated with incremental investments in utility assets continue to grow at a faster rate than revenue. Our ability to recover these expenses and capital costs depends on the adequacy and timeliness of retail rate increases allowed by regulatory agencies. We expect to periodically file for rate increases with regulatory agencies to recover our expenses and capital costs and provide an opportunity to earn a reasonable rate of return for shareholders. If regulators do not grant rate increases or grant substantially lower rate increases than our requests in the future or if recovery of deferred expenses is disallowed, it could have a negative effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. See further discussion of regulatory matters in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Regulatory Matters."

In the future, we may no longer meet the criteria for continued application of regulatory accounting principles for all or a portion of our regulated operations.

If we could no longer apply regulatory accounting principles, we could be:

- · required to write off our regulatory assets, and
- precluded from the future deferral of costs or decoupled revenues not recovered through rates at the time such amounts are incurred, even if we are expected to recover these amounts from customers in the future.

See further discussion at "Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements—Regulatory Deferred Charges and Credits."

Operational Risk Factors

Wildfires ignited, or allegedly ignited, by Avista Corp. equipment or facilities, could cause significant loss of life and property, thereby causing serious operational and financial harm to Avista Corp. and our customers.

Our equipment may be the ignition, or alleged cause of ignition, source for wildfires and in the event of a fire caused by our equipment, we could be held liable for resulting damages to life and property. Also, wildfires could lead to extended operational outages of our equipment while we wait for the wildfire to be extinguished before restoring power, and the cost to implement rapid response or any repair to such facilities could be significant. Any wildfires caused by our equipment could cause significant damage to our reputation, which could erode shareholder, customer and community satisfaction with our Company.

We are subject to various operational and event risks.

Our operations are subject to operational and event risks that include:

- severe weather or natural disasters, including, but not limited to, avalanches, wind storms, wildfires, earthquakes, snow and ice storms, which could disrupt energy generation, transmission and distribution, as well as the availability and costs of materials, equipment, supplies support services and general business operations.
- blackouts or disruptions of interconnected transmission systems (the regional power grid),

- · unplanned outages at generating plants,
- · fuel cost and availability, including delivery constraints,
- explosions, fires, accidents, or mechanical breakdowns that could occur while operating and maintaining our generation, transmission and distribution systems,
- property damage or injuries to third parties caused by our generation, transmission and distribution systems,
- natural disasters that can disrupt energy generation, transmission and distribution, and general business operations,
- terrorist attacks or other malicious acts that may disrupt or cause damage to our utility assets or the vendors we utilize, and
- work-force issues, including changes in collective bargaining unit agreements, strikes, work stoppages, the loss of key executives, availability of workers in a variety of skill areas, and our ability to recruit and retain employees.

Disasters could affect the general economy, financial and capital markets, specific industries, or our ability to conduct business. As protection against operational and event risks, we maintain business continuity and disaster recovery plans, maintain insurance coverage against some, but not all, potential losses and we seek to negotiate indemnification arrangements with contractors for certain event risks. However, insurance or indemnification agreements may not be adequate to protect us against liability, extra expenses and operating disruptions from all of the operational and event risks described above. In addition, we are subject to the risk that insurers and/or other parties will dispute or be unable to perform on their obligations to us. If insurance or indemnification agreements are unable to adequately protect us or reimburse us for out-of-pocket costs, it could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Damage to facilities could be caused by severe weather or natural disasters, such as snow, ice, wind storms, wildfires, earthquakes or avalanches. The cost to implement rapid or any repair to such facilities can be significant. Overhead electric lines are most susceptible to damage caused by severe weather and are not covered by insurance.

Adverse impacts to AEL&P could result from an extended outage of its hydroelectric generating resources or its inability to deliver energy, due to its lack of interconnectivity to any other electrical grids and the cost of replacement power (diesel).

AEL&P operates several hydroelectric power generation facilities and has diesel generating capacity from multiple facilities to provide backup service to firm customers when necessary; however, a single hydroelectric power generation facility, the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project, provides approximately two-thirds of AEL&P's hydroelectric power generation. Any issues that negatively affect AEL&P's ability to generate or transmit power or any decrease in the demand for the power generated by AEL&P could negatively affect our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Cyber and Technology Risk Factors

Cyberattacks, ransomware, terrorism or other malicious acts could disrupt our businesses and have a negative impact on our results of operations and cash flows.

In the course of our operations, we rely on interconnected technology systems for operation of our generating plants, electric transmission and distribution systems, natural gas distribution systems, customer billing and customer service, accounting and other

administrative processes and compliance with various regulations. In addition, in the ordinary course of business, we collect and retain sensitive information including personal information about our customers and employees.

Cyberattacks, ransomware, terrorism or other malicious acts could damage, destroy or disrupt these systems for an extended period of time. The energy sector, particularly electric and natural gas utility companies have become the subject of cyberattacks with increased frequency. Our administrative and operating networks are targeted by hackers on a regular basis. Additionally, the facilities and systems of clients, suppliers and third-party service providers could be vulnerable to the same cyber or terrorism risks as our facilities and systems and such third-party systems may be interconnected to our systems both physically and technologically. Therefore, an event caused by cyberattacks, ransomware or other malicious act at an interconnected third party could impact our business and facilities similarly. Any failure, unexpected, or unauthorized use of technology systems could result in the unavailability of such systems, and could result in a loss of operating revenues, an increase in operating expenses and costs to repair or replace damaged assets. Any of the above could also result in the loss or release of confidential customer and/or employee information or other proprietary data that could adversely affect our reputation and competitiveness, could result in costly litigation and negatively impact our results of operations. These cyberattacks have become more common and sophisticated and, as such, we could be required to incur costs to strengthen our systems and respond to emerging concerns.

Terrorist attacks could also be directed at our physical electric and natural gas facilities, as well as technology systems or at an interconnected third party, which could result in disruption to our systems.

There are various risks associated with technology systems such as hardware or software failure, communications failure, data distortion or destruction, unauthorized access to data, misuse of proprietary or confidential data, unauthorized control through electronic means, programming mistakes and other deliberate or inadvertent human errors.

Our technology may become obsolete or we may not have sufficient resources to manage our technology.

Our technology may become obsolete before the end of its useful life or it may not be sufficiently monitored for replacement or upgrade before it becomes obsolete. In addition, custom technology that is heavily relied upon by us may not be maintained and updated appropriately due to resource restraints, lack of appropriate expertise or other factors, which could cause technology failures or give rise to additional operational or security risks. Technology failures could result in significant adverse effects on our physical operations, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We may be adversely affected by our inability to successfully implement certain technology projects.

We are in the process of replacing all of our electric meter infrastructure in Washington State with two-way communication advanced metering infrastructure (AMI). There are inherent risks associated with replacing and changing these types of systems, such as incorrect or nonfunctioning metering and/or delayed or inaccurate customer bills or unplanned outages, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash

flows. Finally, there is the risk that we ultimately do not complete the project and will incur contract cancellation or other costs, which could be significant.

Strategic Risk Factors

Our strategic business plans, which may be affected by any or all of the foregoing, may change, including the entry into new businesses and/or the exit from existing businesses and/or the curtailment of our business development efforts where potential future business is uncertain.

Our strategic business plans could be affected by or result in any of the following:

- disruptive innovations in the marketplace may outpace our ability to compete or manage our risk,
- customers may have a choice in the future over the sources from which to receive their energy and we may not be able to compete,
- potential difficulties in integrating acquired operations and in realizing expected opportunities, diversions of management resources and losses of key employees, challenges with respect to operating new businesses and other unanticipated risks and liabilities,
- market or other conditions that could adversely affect our operations or require changes to our business strategy and could result in a non-cash goodwill impairment charge that would reduce assets and net income,
- potential reputational risk arising from repeated general rate case filings, degradation in the quality of service, or from failed strategic investments and opportunities, which could erode shareholder, customer and community satisfaction with the Company, and
- the risk of municipalization or other form of service territory reduction.

External Mandates Risk Factors

External mandate risk involves forces outside the Company, which may include significant changes in customer expectations, disruptive technologies that result in obsolescence of our business model and government action that could impact the Company.

Actions or limitations to address concerns over long-term climate change, both globally and within our utilities' service areas, may affect our operations and financial performance.

Legislative, regulatory and advocacy efforts at the state, national and international levels concerning climate change and other environmental issues could have significant impacts on our operations. The electric and natural gas utility industries are frequently affected by proposals to curb greenhouse gas and other air emissions. Various regulatory and legislative proposals have been made to limit or further restrict byproducts of combustion, including that resulting from the use of natural gas by our customers. In addition, regionally, there are a number of regulatory and legislative initiatives that have been passed which are designed to limit greenhouse gas emissions and increase the use of renewable sources of energy. Such legislation could restrict the operation and raise the costs of our power generation resources as well as the distribution of natural gas to our customers.

We expect continuing activity in the future and we are evaluating the extent to which potential changes to environmental laws and regulations may:

- · increase the operating costs of generating plants,
- · increase the lead time and capital costs for the construction of new generating plants,
- require modification of our existing generating plants,
- require existing generating plant operations to be curtailed or shut down.
- reduce the amount of energy available from our generating plants,
- · restrict the types of generating plants that can be built or contracted with.
- require construction of specific types of generation plants at higher cost, and
- increase the cost or limit the ability of distributing natural gas to customers.

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis— Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for discussion regarding environmental and other issues which may affect our operations, including the Clean Energy Transformation Act that was recently passed in Washington State.

We have contingent liabilities, including certain matters related to potential environmental liabilities, and cannot predict the outcome of these matters.

In the normal course of our business, we have matters that are the subject of ongoing litigation, mediation, investigation and/or negotiation. We cannot predict the ultimate outcome or potential impact of any particular issue, including the extent, if any, of insurance coverage or that amounts payable by us may be recoverable through the ratemaking process. We are subject to environmental regulation by federal, state and local authorities related to our past, present and future operations. See "Note 20 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further details of these matters.

Import tariffs could lead to increased prices on raw materials that are critical to our business.

Tariffs and other restrictions on trade with foreign countries could significantly increase the prices of raw materials that are critical to our business, such as steel poles or wires. In addition, tariffs and trade restrictions could have a similar impact on our suppliers and certain customers, which could have a negative impact on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis— Environmental Issues and Contingencies" and "Forward-Looking Statements" for discussion of or reference to additional external mandates which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Financial Risk Factors

Weather (temperatures, precipitation levels, wind patterns and storms) has a significant effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Weather impacts are described in the following subtopics:

- · certain retail electricity and natural gas sales,
- · the cost of natural gas supply, and
- · the cost of power supply.

Certain retail electricity and natural gas sales volumes vary directly with changes in temperatures. We normally have our highest retail (electric and natural gas) energy sales during the winter heating season in the first and fourth quarters of the year. We also have high electricity demand for air conditioning during the summer (third quarter) in the Pacific Northwest. In general, warmer weather in the heating season and cooler weather in the cooling season will reduce our customers' energy demand and our retail operating revenues. The revenue and earnings impact of weather fluctuations is somewhat mitigated by our decoupling mechanisms; however, we could experience liquidity constraints during the period between when decoupling revenue is earned and when it is subsequently collected from customers through retail rates.

The cost of natural gas supply tends to increase with higher demand during periods of cold weather. Inter-regional natural gas pipelines and competition for supply can allow demand-driven price volatility in other regions of North America to affect prices in the Pacific Northwest, even though there may be less extreme weather conditions in the Pacific Northwest. Increased costs adversely affect cash flows when we purchase natural gas for retail supply at prices above the amount than allowed for recovery in retail rates. We defer differences between actual natural gas supply costs and the amount currently recovered in retail rates and we are generally allowed to recover substantially all of these differences after regulatory review. However, these deferred costs require cash outflows from the time of natural gas purchases until the costs are later recovered through retail sales.

The cost of power supply can be significantly affected by weather. Precipitation (consisting of snowpack, its water content and melting pattern plus rainfall) and other streamflow conditions (such as regional water storage operations) significantly affect hydroelectric generation capability. Variations in hydroelectric generation inversely affect our reliance on market purchases and thermal generation. To the extent that hydroelectric generation is less than normal, significantly more costly power supply resources must be acquired and the ability to realize net benefits from surplus hydroelectric wholesale sales is reduced. Wholesale prices also vary based on wind patterns as wind generation capacity is material in the Pacific Northwest but its contribution to supply is inconsistent.

The price of power in the wholesale energy markets tends to be higher during periods of high regional demand, such as occurs with temperature extremes. We may need to purchase power in the wholesale market during peak price periods. The price of natural gas as fuel for natural gas-fired electric generation also tends to increase during periods of high demand which are often related to temperature extremes. We may need to purchase natural gas fuel in these periods of high prices to meet electric demands. The cost of power supply during peak usage periods may be higher than the retail sales price or the amount allowed in retail rates by our regulators. To the extent that power supply costs are above the amount allowed currently in retail rates, the difference is partially absorbed by the Company in current expense and is partially deferred or shared with customers through regulatory mechanisms.

The price of power tends to be lower during periods with excess supply, such as the spring when hydroelectric conditions are usually at their maximum and various facilities are required to operate to meet environmental mandates. Oversupply can be exacerbated when intermittent resources such as wind generation are producing output

that may be supported by price subsidies. In extreme situations, we may be required to sell excess energy at negative prices.

As a result of these combined factors, our net cost of power supply—the difference between our costs of generation and market purchases, reduced by our revenue from wholesale sales—varies significantly because of weather.

We rely on regular access to financial markets but we cannot assure favorable or reasonable financing terms will be available when we need them.

Access to capital markets is critical to our operations and our capital structure. We have significant capital requirements that we expect to fund, in part, by accessing capital markets. As such, the state of financial markets and credit availability in the global, United States and regional economies impacts our financial condition. We could experience increased borrowing costs or limited access to capital on reasonable terms.

We access long-term capital markets to finance capital expenditures, repay maturing long-term debt and obtain additional working capital from time-to-time. Our ability to access capital on reasonable terms is subject to numerous factors and market conditions, many of which are beyond our control. If we are unable to obtain capital on reasonable terms, it may limit or prohibit our ability to finance capital expenditures and repay maturing long-term debt. Our liquidity needs could exceed our short-term credit availability and lead to defaults on various financing arrangements. We would also likely be prohibited from paying dividends on our common stock.

Performance of the financial markets could also result in significant declines in the market values of assets held by our pension plan and/or a significant increase in the pension liability (which impacts the funded status of the plan) and could increase future funding obligations and pension expense.

We rely on credit from financial institutions for short-term borrowings. We need adequate levels of credit with financial institutions for short-term liquidity. We have a \$400.0 million committed line of credit that expires in April 2021. Our subsidiary AEL&P has a \$25.0 million committed line of credit that expires in November 2024. There is no assurance that we will have access to credit beyond these expiration dates. The committed line of credit agreements contain customary covenants and default provisions.

Any default on the lines of credit or other financing arrangements of Avista Corp. or any of our "significant subsidiaries," if any, could result in cross-defaults to other agreements of such entity, and/or to the line of credit or other financing arrangements of any other of such entities. Any defaults could also induce vendors and other counterparties to demand collateral. In the event of any such default, it would be difficult for us to obtain financing on reasonable terms to pay creditors or fund operations. We would also likely be prohibited from paying dividends on our common stock.

We hedge a portion of our interest rate risk with financial derivative instruments. If market interest rates decrease below the interest rates we have locked in, this will result in a liability related to our interest rate swap derivatives, which can be significant. As of December 31, 2019, we had a net interest rate swap derivative liability of \$32.5 million, reflecting a decline in interest rates since the time we entered into the agreements. We may be required to post cash or letters of credit as collateral depending on fluctuations in the fair value of the derivative instruments. Settlement of interest rate swap derivative

instruments in a liability position could require a significant amount of cash, which could negatively impact our liquidity and short-term credit availability and increase interest expense over the term of the associated debt.

Downgrades in our credit ratings could impede our ability to obtain financing, adversely affect the terms of financing and impact our ability to transact for or hedge energy resources. If we do not maintain our investment grade credit rating with the major credit rating agencies, we could expect increased debt service costs, limitations on our ability to access capital markets or obtain other financing on reasonable terms, and requirements to provide collateral (in the form of cash or letters of credit) to lenders and counterparties. In addition, credit rating downgrades could reduce the number of counterparties willing to do business with us or result in the termination of outstanding regulatory authorizations for certain financing activities.

Credit risk may be affected by industry concentration and geographic concentration.

We have concentrations of suppliers and customers in the electric and natural gas industries including:

- · electric and natural gas utilities,
- electric generators and transmission providers,
- · oil and natural gas producers and pipelines,
- financial institutions including commodity clearing exchanges and related parties, and
- · energy marketing and trading companies.

We have concentrations of credit risk related to our geographic location in the western United States and western Canada energy markets. These concentrations of counterparties and concentrations of geographic location may affect our overall exposure to credit risk because the counterparties may be similarly affected by changes in conditions.

Energy Commodity Risk Factors

Energy commodity price changes affect our cash flows and results of operations.

Energy commodity prices can be volatile. We rely on energy markets and other counterparties for energy supply, surplus and optimization transactions and commodity price hedging. A combination of factors exposes our operations to commodity price risks, including:

- · our obligation to serve our retail customers at rates set through the regulatory process—we cannot decline to serve our customers and we cannot change retail rates to reflect current energy prices unless and until we receive regulatory approval,
- customer demand, which is beyond our control because of weather, customer choices, prevailing economic conditions and other factors,
- · some of our energy supply cost is fixed by the nature of the energy-producing assets or through contractual arrangements (however, a significant portion of our energy resource costs are not fixed), and
- · the potential non-performance by commodity counterparties, which could lead to replacement of the scheduled energy or natural gas at higher prices.

Because we must supply the amount of energy demanded by our customers and we must sell it at fixed rates and only a portion of

our energy supply costs are fixed, we are subject to the risk of buying energy at higher prices in wholesale energy markets (and the risk of selling energy at lower prices if we are in a surplus position). Electricity and natural gas in wholesale markets are commodities with historically high price volatility. Changes in wholesale energy prices affect, among other things, the cash requirements to purchase electricity and natural gas for retail customers or wholesale obligations and the market value of derivative assets and liabilities.

When we enter into fixed price energy commodity transactions for future delivery, we are subject to credit terms that may require us to provide collateral to wholesale counterparties related to the difference between current prices and the agreed upon fixed prices. These collateral requirements can place significant demands on our cash flows or borrowing arrangements. Price volatility can cause collateral requirements to change quickly and significantly.

Cash flow deferrals related to energy commodities can be significant. We are permitted to collect from customers only amounts approved by regulatory commissions. However, our costs to provide energy service can be much higher or lower than the amounts currently billed to customers. We are permitted to defer income statement recognition and recovery from customers for some of these differences, which are recorded as deferred charges with the opportunity for future recovery through retail rates. These deferred costs are subject to review for prudence and potential disallowance by regulators, who have discretion as to the extent and timing of future recovery or refund to customers.

Power and natural gas costs higher than those recovered in retail rates reduce cash flows. Amounts that are not allowed for deferral or which are not approved to become part of customer rates affect our results of operations.

Even if our regulators ultimately allow us to recover deferred power and natural gas costs, our operating cash flows can be negatively affected until these costs are recovered from customers.

Fluctuating energy commodity prices and volumes in relation to our energy risk management process can cause volatility in our cash flows and results of operations. We engage in active hedging and resource optimization practices to reduce energy cost volatility and economic exposure related to commodity price fluctuations. We routinely enter into contracts to hedge a portion of our purchase and sale commitments for electricity and natural gas, as well as forecasted excess or deficit energy positions and inventories of natural gas. We use physical energy contracts and derivative instruments, such as forwards, futures, swaps and options traded in the over-the-counter markets or on exchanges. If market prices decrease compared to the prices we have locked in with our energy commodity derivatives, this will result in a liability related to these derivatives, which can be significant. As of December 31, 2019, we had a gross energy commodity derivative liability of \$48.1 million (exclusive of amounts posted as collateral and derivative assets eligible for net balance sheet presentation). As a result of price fluctuations, we may be required to post significant amounts of cash or letters of credit as collateral depending on fluctuations in the fair value of the derivative instruments. As of December 31, 2019, we had \$7.8 million posted as cash collateral and \$17.4 million of letters of credit posted as collateral.

We do not attempt to fully hedge our energy resource assets or our forecasted net positions for various time horizons. To the extent we have positions that are not hedged, or if hedging positions do not fully match the corresponding purchase or sale, fluctuating commodity prices could have a material effect on our operating revenues, resource costs, derivative assets and liabilities, and operating cash flows. In addition, actual loads and resources typically vary from forecasts, sometimes to a significant degree, which require additional transactions or dispatch decisions that impact cash flows.

The hedges we enter into are reviewed for prudence by our various regulators and any deferred costs (including those as a result of our hedging transactions) are subject to review for prudence and potential disallowance by regulators.

Generation plants may become obsolete. We rely on a variety of generation and energy commodity market sources to fulfill our obligation to serve customers and meet the demands of our counterparty agreements. There is the potential that some of our generation sources, such as coal, may become obsolete or be prematurely retired through regulatory action or legislation. This could result in higher commodity costs to replace the lost generation, as well as higher costs to retire the generation source before the end of its expected life. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for discussion regarding environmental and other issues surrounding Colstrip, including the requirement that we cannot serve Washington electricity customers after 2025 with Colstrip.

Compliance Risk Factors

There have been numerous changes in legislation, related administrative rulemakings, and Executive Orders, including periodic audits of compliance with such rules, which may adversely affect our operational and financial performance.

We expect to continue to be affected by legislation at the national, state and local level, as well as by administrative rules and requirements published by government agencies, including but not limited to the FERC, the EPA and state regulators. We are also subject to NERC and WECC reliability standards. The FERC, the NERC and the WECC perform periodic audits of the Company. Failure to comply with the FERC, the NERC, or the WECC requirements can result in financial penalties of up to approximately \$1.3 million per day per violation.

Future legislation, administrative rules or Executive Orders could have a material adverse effect on our operations, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

ITEM 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

As of the filing date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we have no unresolved comments from the staff of the SEC.

ITEM 2. Properties

Avista Utilities

Substantially all of Avista Utilities' properties are subject to the lien of Avista Corp.'s mortgage indenture.

Avista Utilities' electric properties, located in the states of Washington, Idaho, Montana and Oregon, include the following:

GENERATION PROPERTIES

		Nameplate	Present
	No. of	Rating	Capability
	Units	(MW) ⁽¹	(MW) ⁽²⁾
Hydroelectric Generating Stations (River)			•
Washington:			
Long Lake (Spokane)	4	71.1	88.0
Little Falls (Spokane)	4	43.2	48
Nine Mile (Spokane)	4	37.6	40.6
Upper Falls (Spokane)	1	10.0	10.2
Monroe Street (Spokane)	1	14.8	15.0
ldaho:			
Cabinet Gorge (Clark Fork) (3)	4	265.0	273.0
Post Falls (Spokane)	6	14.8	11.9
Montana:			
Noxon Rapids (Clark Fork)	5	487.8	562.4
Total Hydroelectric		944.3	1,049.1
Thermal Generating Stations (cycle, fuel source)			
Washington:			
Kettle Falls GS (combined-cycle, wood waste) (4)	1	50.7	53.5
Kettle Falls CT (combined-cycle, natural gas) (4)	1	7.2	6.9
Northeast CT (simple-cycle, natural gas)	2	61.8	64.8
Boulder Park GS (simple-cycle, natural gas)	6	24.6	24.6
Idaho:			
Rathdrum CT (simple-cycle, natural gas)	2	166.5	166.5
Montana:			
Colstrip Units 3 & 4 (simple-cycle, coal) (5)	2	233.4	222.0
Oregon:			
Coyote Springs 2 (combined-cycle, natural gas)	1	295.0	295.0
Total Thermal		839.2	833.3
Total Generation Properties		1,783.5	1,882.4

- Nameplate rating, also referred to as "installed capacity," is the manufacturer's assigned power capability under specified conditions.
- Present capability is the maximum capacity of the plant under standard test conditions without exceeding specified limits of temperature, stress and environmental (2) conditions. Information is provided as of December 31, 2019.
- For Cabinet Gorge, we have water rights permitting generation up to 265 MW. However, if natural stream flows will allow for generation above our water rights, we are (3) able to generate above our water rights. If natural stream flows only allow for generation at or below 265 MW, we are limited to generation of 265 MW. The present capability disclosed above represents the capability based on maximum stream flow conditions when we are allowed to generate above our water rights.
- These generating stations can operate as separate single-cycle plants or combined-cycle with the natural gas plant providing exhaust heat to the wood boiler to increase efficiency.
- Jointly owned; data refers to our 15 percent interest.

Electric Distribution and Transmission Plant

Avista Utilities owns and operates approximately 19,100 miles of primary and secondary electric distribution lines providing service to retail customers. We have an electric transmission system of approximately 700 miles of 230 kV line and approximately 1,570 miles of 115 kV line. We also own an 11 percent interest in approximately

500 miles of a 500 kV line between Colstrip, Montana and Townsend, Montana. Our transmission and distribution systems also include numerous substations with transformers, switches, monitoring and metering devices, and other equipment.

The 230 kV lines are the backbone of our transmission grid and are used to transmit power from generation resources, including Noxon Rapids, Cabinet Gorge and the Mid-Columbia hydroelectric projects, to the major load centers in our service area, as well as to transfer power between points of interconnection with adjoining electric transmission systems. These lines interconnect at various locations with the BPA, Grant County PUD, PacifiCorp, NorthWestern Energy and Idaho Power Company and serve as points of delivery for power from generating facilities outside of our service area, including Colstrip, Coyote Springs 2 and the Lancaster Plant.

These lines also provide a means for us to optimize resources by entering into short-term purchases and sales of power with entities within and outside of the Pacific Northwest.

The 115 kV lines provide for transmission of energy and the integration of smaller generation facilities with our service-area load centers, including the Spokane River hydroelectric projects, the Kettle Falls projects, Rathdrum CT, Boulder Park GS and the Northeast CT. These lines interconnect with the BPA, Chelan County PUD, the Grand Coulee Project Hydroelectric Authority, Grant County PUD, NorthWestern Energy, PacifiCorp and Pend Oreille County PUD.

Both the 115 kV and 230 kV interconnections with the BPA are used to transfer energy to facilitate service to each other's customers that are connected through the other's transmission system. We hold a long-term transmission agreement with the BPA that allows us to serve our native load customers that are connected through the BPA's transmission system.

Natural Gas Plant

Avista Utilities has natural gas distribution mains of approximately 3,500 miles in Washington, 2,100 miles in Idaho and 2,400 miles in Oregon. We have natural gas transmission mains of approximately 75 miles in Washington and 15 miles in Oregon. Our natural gas system includes numerous regulator stations, service distribution lines, monitoring and metering devices, and other equipment.

We own a one-third interest in Jackson Prairie, an underground natural gas storage field located near Chehalis, Washington. See "Part 1—Item 1. Business—Avista Utilities—Natural Gas Operations" for further discussion of Jackson Prairie.

Alaska Electric Light and Power Company

Substantially all of AEL&P's utility properties are subject to the lien of the AEL&P mortgage indenture.

AEL&P's utility electric properties, located in Alaska include the following:

GENERATION PROPERTIES AND TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION LINES

		Nameplate	Present
	No. of	Rating	Capability
	Units	(MW) ⁽¹⁾	(MW) ⁽²⁾
Hydroelectric Generating Stations			
Snettisham (3)	3	78.2	78.2
Lake Dorothy	1	14.3	14.3
Salmon Creek	1	8.4	5.0
Annex Creek	2	4.1	3.6
Gold Creek	3	1.6	1.6
Total Hydroelectric		106.6	102.7
Diesel Generating Stations			
Lemon Creek	11	61.4	51.8
Auke Bay	3	28.4	25.2
Gold Creek	5	8.2	7.0
Industrial Blvd. Plant	1	23.5	23.5
Total Diesel		121.5	107.5
Total Generation Properties		228.1	210.2

⁽¹⁾ Nameplate rating, also referred to as "installed capacity," is the manufacturer's assigned power capability under specified conditions.

In addition to the generation properties above, AEL&P owns approximately 61 miles of transmission lines, which are primarily comprised of 69 kV line, and approximately 184 miles of distribution lines.

ITEM 3. Legal Proceedings

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

See "Note 21 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for information with respect to legal proceedings.

Not applicable.

⁽²⁾ Present capability is the maximum capacity of the plant under standard test conditions without exceeding specified limits of temperature, stress and environmental conditions. Information is provided as of December 31, 2019.

⁽³⁾ AEL&P does not own this generating facility but has a PPA under which it has the right to purchase, and the obligation to pay for (whether or not energy is received), all of the capacity and energy of this facility. See further information at "Part 1. Item 1. Business—Alaska Electric Light and Power Company."

Part/II

ITEM 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Avista Corp. Market Information and Dividend Policy

Avista Corp.'s common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "AVA." As of January 31, 2020, there were 7,060 registered shareholders of our common stock.

Avista Corp.'s Board of Directors considers the level of dividends on our common stock on a recurring basis, taking into account numerous factors including, without limitation:

- · our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition,
- · the success of our business strategies, and
- general economic and competitive conditions.

Avista Corp.'s net income available for dividends is generally derived from our regulated utility operations (Avista Utilities and AEL&P).

The payment of dividends on common stock could be limited by:

 certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when outstanding) contained in the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (currently there are no preferred shares outstanding),

- certain covenants applicable to the Company's outstanding longterm debt and committed line of credit agreements (see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis—Capital Resources" for compliance with these covenants),
- the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA (see "Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements"), and
- certain requirements under the OPUC approval of the AERC
 acquisition in 2014. The OPUC's AERC acquisition order requires
 Avista Utilities to maintain a capital structure of no less than
 35 percent common equity (inclusive of short-term debt). This
 limitation may be revised upon request by the Company with
 approval from the OPUC.

For additional information, see "Notes 1 and 18 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

For information with respect to securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans, see "Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters."

ITEM 6.

Selected Financial Data

Avista Corporation

(in thousands, except per share data and ratios)

Years Ended December 31,

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Operating Revenues:										
Avista Utilities	\$	1,295,873	\$	1,325,966	\$	1,370,359	\$	1,372,638	\$	1,411,863
AEL&P		37,265		43,599		53,027		46,276		44,778
Other		12,484		27,328		22,543		23,569		28,685
Intersegment eliminations		_		_		_		_		(550)
Total	\$	1,345,622	\$	1,396,893	\$	1,445,929	\$	1,442,483	\$	1,484,776
Income (Loss) from Operations (pre-tax):										
Avista Utilities	\$	200,994	\$	248,000	\$	278,079	\$	287,128	\$	249,586
AEL&P		16,423		14,665		17,947		15,434		14,072
Other		(7,028)		(1,552)		(3,847)		(2,701)		(2,086)
Total	\$	210,389	\$	261,113	\$	292,179	\$	299,861	\$	261,572
Net income from continuing operations	\$	196,763	\$	136,598	\$	115,932	\$	137,316	\$	118,170
Net income from discontinued operations	•	_		_		_		_		5,147
Net income	_	196,763	_	136,598	_	115,932	_	137,316	_	123,317
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		216		(169)		(16)		(88)		(90)
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	196,979	\$	136,429	\$	115,916	\$	137,228	\$	123,227
			Ξ		Т		Ξ		Ξ	
Net Income (Loss) attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders:										
Avista Utilities	\$	183,977	\$	134,874	\$	114,716	\$	132,490	\$	113,360
AEL&P		7,458		8,292		9,054		7,968		6,641
Discontinued operations		_		_		_		_		5,147
Other		5,544		(6,737)		(7,854)		(3,230)		(1,921)
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	196,979	\$	136,429	\$	115,916	\$	137,228	\$	123,227
Average common shares outstanding—basic		66,205		65,673		64,496		63,508		62,301
Average common shares outstanding—diluted		66,329		65,946		64,806		63,920		62,708
Common shares outstanding at year-end		67,177		65,688		65,494		64,188		62,313
Earnings per common share attributable										
to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic:										
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$	2.98	\$	2.08	\$	1.80	\$	2.16	\$	1.90
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations		_		_		_		_		0.08
Total earnings per common share attributable										
to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic	\$	2.98	\$	2.08	\$	1.80	\$	2.16	\$	1.98
Earnings per common share attributable										
to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted:										
Earnings per common share from continuing operations	\$	2.97	\$	2.07	\$	1.79	\$	2.15	\$	1.89
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations		_		_		_		_		0.08
Total earnings per common share attributable	_		-				_		_	
to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$	2.97	\$	2.07	\$	1.79	\$	2.15	\$	1.97
Dividends declared per common share	\$	1.55	\$	1.49	\$	1.43	\$	1.37	\$	1.32
Book value per common share	\$	28.87		26.99		26.41		25.69		24.53
Dook value per collillion strate	φ	20.07	φ	20.33	φ	20.41	φ	23.03	φ	24.33

Selected Financial Data (continued)

Avista Corporation

(in thousands, except per share data and ratios)

Years Ended December 31,

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Assets at Year-End:					
Avista Utilities	\$ 5,713,268	\$ 5,458,104	\$ 5,177,878	\$ 4,975,555	\$ 4,601,708
AEL&P	271,393	272,950	278,688	273,770	265,735
Other	113,390	87,050	73,241	60,430	39,206
Intersegment eliminations	(15,595)	(35,528)	(15,075)	_	_
Total	\$ 6,082,456	\$ 5,782,576	\$ 5,514,732	\$ 5,309,755	\$ 4,906,649
Long-Term Debt and Leases (including current portion) (1)	\$ 2,020,011	\$ 1,863,174	\$ 1,769,237	\$ 1,682,004	\$ 1,573,278
Long-Term Debt to Affiliated Trusts	\$ 51,547	\$ 51,547	\$ 51,547	\$ 51,547	\$ 51,547
Total Avista Corp. Shareholders' Equity	\$ 1,939,284	\$ 1,773,220	\$ 1,729,828	\$ 1,648,727	\$ 1,528,626

⁽¹⁾ Effective, January 1, 2019, we adopted ASC 842 which resulted in the reclassification of the Snettisham lease from long-term debt, to lease liabilities in 2019.

The Snettisham lease amount is included here to maintain comparability to prior years and be consistent with our credit facility covenant calculations. In addition, other operating leases were recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of January 1, 2019 and are included here. See "Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion and for the amounts recorded in 2019.

ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K generally discusses 2019 and 2018 financial statement items and year-to-year comparisons between 2019 and 2018. Discussion of 2017 financial statement items and year-to-year comparisons between 2018 and 2017 that are not included in this Form 10-K can be found in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Business Segments

As of December 31, 2019, we have two reportable business segments, Avista Utilities and AEL&P. We also have other businesses which do not represent a reportable business segment and are conducted by various direct and indirect subsidiaries of Avista Corp. See "Part I, Item 1. Business—Company Overview" for further discussion of our business segments.

The following table presents net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders for each of our business segments (and the other businesses) for the year ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017
Avista Utilities	\$ 183,977	\$ 134,874	\$ 114,716
AEL&P	7,458	8,292	9,054
Other	5,544	(6,737)	(7,854)
Net income attributable			
to Avista Corporation			
shareholders	\$ 196,979	\$ 136,429	\$ 115,916

Executive Level Summary

Overall Results

Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders was \$197.0 million for 2019, an increase from \$136.4 million for 2018.

Avista Utilities' net income increased due to the receipt of a \$103 million termination fee from Hydro One (see "Note 24 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements"), as well as the positive impact of general rate increases and customer growth. These increases were partially offset by final transaction costs for the Hydro One transaction, taxes associated with the termination fee, increased transmission and distribution operating and maintenance costs, a \$7 million donation to the Avista Foundation to support the local community (other operating expenses) and increased depreciation and amortization.

AEL&P net income decreased primarily due to a decrease in operating revenues.

The increase in net income at our other businesses was primarily due to the sale of METALfx and net investment gains from our other investments.

More detailed explanations of the fluctuations are provided in the results of operations and business segment discussions (Avista Utilities, AEL&P, and the other businesses).

General Rate Cases and Regulatory Lag

We experienced regulatory lag during 2019 and we expect this to continue through the end of 2021 due to our continued investment in utility infrastructure and because we did not file general rate cases during 2018 due to the terminated Hydro One transaction. In April 2019, we filed general rates cases in Washington (partial settlement agreement in November 2019, refer to "Regulatory Matters"). We completed an electric only general rate case in Idaho, with new rates effective on December 1, 2019 and we also filed a natural gas general rate case in Oregon in March (with new rates effective on January 15, 2020). We expect these cases to provide rate relief in 2020 and start reducing the regulatory lag that we have been experiencing. Going forward, we will continue to strive to reduce the regulatory timing lag and more closely align our earned returns with those authorized by 2022. This will require adequate and timely rate relief in our jurisdictions. See "Regulatory Matters" for additional discussion of the 2019 general rate cases.

Regulatory Matters

General Rate Cases

We regularly review the need for electric and natural gas rate changes in each state in which we provide service. We will continue to file for rate adjustments to:

- · seek recovery of operating costs and capital investments, and
- seek the opportunity to earn reasonable returns as allowed by regulators.

With regards to the timing and plans for future filings, the assessment of our need for rate relief and the development of rate case plans takes into consideration short-term and long-term needs, as well as specific factors that can affect the timing of rate filings. Such factors include, but are not limited to, in-service dates of major capital investments and the timing of changes in major revenue and expense items.

Avista Utilities

Washington General Rate Cases and Other Proceedings

2015 General Rate Cases

In January 2016 we received an order which was reaffirmed by the WUTC in February 2016 that concluded our electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the WUTC in February 2015. New electric and natural gas rates were effective on January 11, 2016.

In March 2016, the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington State Office of the Attorney General (Public Counsel) filed in Thurston County Superior Court a Petition for Judicial Review of the WUTC's orders that concluded our 2015 electric and natural gas general rate cases. In April 2016, this matter was certified for review directly by the Court of Appeals, an intermediate appellate court in the State of Washington.

On August 7, 2018, the Court of Appeals issued an Opinion which concluded that the WUTC's use of an attrition allowance to calculate Avista Corp.'s rate base violated Washington law. The Court struck all portions of the attrition allowance attributable to Avista Corp.'s rate base and reversed and remanded the case for the WUTC to recalculate Avista Corp.'s rates without including an attrition allowance in the

calculation of rate base. On April 17, 2019, the Thurston County Superior Court issued a Remand Order, granting a Joint Motion of Avista Corp., Public Counsel and the WUTC to remand the case back to the WUTC.

On June 20, 2019, we filed testimony with the WUTC in the remand case. In our testimony we asserted that the potential amount to return to customers is limited to revenues collected on the basis of rates approved in the 2015 general rate cases, and we also asserted that no refund is due to customers. Subsequent to our filing, other parties in the case filed testimony and based on the testimonies filed (including our testimony), we believe the range is \$3.6 million to \$77.0 million as a refund to customers. While we do not agree as a legal matter with the positions of the other parties to the case, as a practical matter we believe it is probable that ultimately we will refund some amount to customers. As such, as of December 31, 2019 we have recorded a refund liability of \$3.6 million, which represents the low-end of the range, as we cannot predict an outcome of this case. See "Note 21 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of this matter.

2017 General Rate Cases

On April 26, 2018, the WUTC issued a final order in our electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed on May 26, 2017. In the order, the WUTC approved new electric rates, effective on May 1, 2018, that increased base rates by 2.2 percent (designed to increase electric revenues by \$10.8 million). The net increase in electric base rates was made up of an increase in our base revenue requirement of \$23.2 million, an increase of \$14.5 million in power supply costs and a decrease of \$26.9 million for the impacts of the TCJA, which reflects the federal income tax rate change from 35 percent to 21 percent and the amortization of the regulatory liability for plant excess deferred income taxes that was recorded as of December 31, 2017.

While the WUTC authorized an increase in the ERM baseline to reflect increased power supply costs, it directed the parties to examine the functionality and rationale of the Company's power cost modeling and adjust the baseline only in extraordinary circumstances if necessary to more closely match the baseline to actual conditions.

For natural gas, the WUTC approved new natural gas base rates, effective on May 1, 2018, that decreased base rates by 2.4 percent (designed to decrease natural gas revenues by \$2.1 million). The net decrease in natural gas base rates was made up of an increase in base revenues of \$3.4 million that was offset by a decrease of \$5.5 million for the impacts from the TCJA, which reflects the federal income tax rate change and the amortization of the regulatory liability for plant-related excess deferred income taxes that was recorded as of December 31, 2017.

In addition to the above, the WUTC also ordered, effective June 1, 2018, a one-year temporary reduction of \$7.9 million in our revenue requirements for electric and \$3.2 million for natural gas, reflecting reductions for the return of tax benefits associated with the non-plant excess deferred income taxes and the customer refund liability that was established in 2018 related to the change in federal income tax expense for the period January 1, 2018 to April 30, 2018.

The new rates are based on a ROR of 7.50 percent with a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

In our original filings, we requested three-year rate plans for electric and natural gas; however, in the final order the WUTC only provided for new rates effective on May 1, 2018.

TCJA Proceedings

In February 2019, we filed an all-party settlement agreement with the WUTC related to the electric tax benefits associated with the TCJA that were set aside for Colstrip in the 2017 general rate case order (effective May 1, 2018). In the settlement agreement, the parties agreed to utilize \$10.9 million of the electric tax benefits to offset costs associated with accelerating the depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2027. That portion of the settlement agreement was denied. The WUTC has indicated that it will review the TCJA and Colstrip in our 2019 general rate case (discussed below).

2019 General Rate Cases

On November 21, 2019, we reached a partial settlement agreement on our electric and natural gas general rate cases, which has been submitted to the WUTC for its consideration. If approved, new rates would take effect April 1, 2020. A second year rate increase was not agreed to in the partial settlement agreement, as was contemplated in our original general rate case filings.

The partial settlement agreement includes, among other things, agreement among all parties on the electric revenue increase and cost of capital as well as electric and natural gas rate spread and rate design. All parties, with the exception of the Public Counsel, agree on the natural gas base rate increase. The partial settlement agreement also includes agreement among all parties to accelerate the depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2025.

The other remaining issues to be resolved in the case include the ERM-contested issues and the extension of the electric and natural gas decoupling mechanisms. See "Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms" section below. As it relates to ERM-contested issues, the primary issue is related to the cost of replacement power incurred in July and August 2018 due to a forced outage at Colstrip Units 3 & 4. That outage occurred due to the plant exceeding certain air quality standards. In testimony filed by WUTC Staff and Public Counsel on January 10, 2020, the parties recommend the WUTC disallow \$3.3 million in replacement power costs. Avista Corp. filed testimony on January 23, 2020, and provided support for no disallowance, but if the WUTC believes a disallowance is appropriate, the level of disallowance would be \$2.4 million. The parties have agreed that the final ERM rebate determined by the WUTC, after it resolves the remaining ERM contested issues, should be returned to customers over a two-year period. The ERM rebate is approximately \$37.0 to \$38.0 million with interest.

The proposed rates under the partial settlement agreement are designed to increase annual base electric revenues by \$28.5 million, or 5.7 percent, and annual natural gas base revenues by \$8.0 million, or 8.5 percent, effective April 1, 2020. The partial settlement revenue increases are based on a 9.4 percent ROE with a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a rate of return ROR of 7.21 percent.

In addition to Avista Corp., the parties to the electric and natural gas rate cases include the Staff of the WUTC, the Public Counsel, the Alliance of Western Energy Consumers, the NW Energy Coalition, The Energy Project, and Sierra Club. The recommendation to the Commission by the parties to approve the partial settlement is not binding on the WUTC itself.

We originally filed our general rates cases on April 30, 2019, which were two-year rate plans, and requested the following electric and natural gas base rate changes each year, which were designed to result in the following increases in annual revenues (dollars in millions):

		Electric			Natura		
		Revenue	Base Rate		Revenue	Base Rate	
Effective Date	I	ncrease	Increase		Increase	Increase	
April 1, 2020	\$	45.8	9.1%	\$	12.9	13.8%	
April 1, 2021	\$	18.9	3.5%	\$	6.5	6.1%	

Our original requests were based on a proposed ROR of 7.52 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.9 percent ROE. The WUTC has up to 11 months to review our request and issue a decision.

2020 General Rate Cases

We expect to file electric and natural gas general rate cases with the WUTC in the second or third quarter of 2020.

Idaho General Rate Cases and Other Proceedings 2017 General Rate Cases

On December 28, 2017, the IPUC approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties to our electric and natural gas general rate cases. New rates were effective on January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2019.

The settlement agreement was a two-year rate plan and had the following electric and natural gas base rate changes each year, which were designed to result in the following increases in annual revenues (dollars in millions):

			Electric			Natural Gas
	_	Revenue	Base Rate	R	evenue	Base Rate
Effective Date		Increase	se Increase		crease	Increase
January 1, 2018	\$	12.9	5.2%	\$	1.2	2.9%
January 1, 2019	\$	4.5	1.8%	\$	1.1	2.7%

The settlement agreement was based on a ROR of 7.61 percent with a common equity ratio of 50.0 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

TCJA Proceedings

On May 31, 2018, the IPUC approved an all-party settlement agreement related to the income tax benefits associated with the TCJA. Effective June 1, 2018, current customer rates were reduced to reflect the reduction of the federal income tax rate to 21 percent, and the amortization of the regulatory liability for plant-related excess deferred income taxes. This reduction reduces annual electric rates by \$13.7 million (or 5.3 percent reduction to base rates) and natural gas rates by \$2.6 million (or 6.1 percent reduction to base rates).

In March 2019, the IPUC approved an all-party settlement agreement related to the electric tax benefits that were set aside for Colstrip in the 2017 general rate case order. In the approved settlement agreement, the parties agreed to utilize approximately \$6.4 million (\$5.1 million when tax-effected) of the electric tax benefits to offset costs associated with accelerating the depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2027. The remaining tax benefits of approximately \$5.8 million will be returned to customers through a temporary rate reduction over a period of one year beginning on April 1, 2019. The tax benefits being utilized are related to non-plant excess deferred income taxes, and the customer refund liability that was established in 2018 related to the change in federal income tax expense for the period January 1, 2018 to May 31, 2018.

2019 General Rate Case

On October 11, 2019, Avista Corp. and all parties to our electric general rate case reached a settlement agreement that was approved by the IPUC. New rates went into effect on December 1, 2019.

The rates that went into effect are designed to decrease annual base electric revenues by \$7.2 million (or 2.8 percent), effective December 1, 2019. The settlement revenue decreases are based on a 9.5 percent ROE with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a rate of return ROR on rate base of 7.35 percent, which is a continuation of current levels. This outcome is in line with our expectations.

The primary element of the difference in the agreed upon base revenues in the settlement agreement from our original request is that the settlement includes the continued recovery of costs for our wind generation power purchase agreements, which will include Palouse Wind and Rattlesnake Flat, through the PCA mechanism rather than through base rates.

Our original request included an increase of annual electric base revenues of \$5.3 million or 2.1 percent, effective January 1, 2020.

The electric request was based on a proposed ROR on rate base of 7.55 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.9 percent ROE, as well as the inclusion of wind power purchase costs in base rates rather than receiving recovery through the PCA.

2020 General Rate Cases

We expect to file electric and natural gas general rate cases with the IPUC in the second half of 2020.

Oregon General Rate Cases and Other Proceedings 2019 General Rate Case

On October 9, 2019, the OPUC approved the all-party settlement agreements filed in the third quarter of 2019. New rates went into effect on January 15, 2020.

OPUC approved rates that are designed to increase annual natural gas billed revenues by \$3.6 million, or 4.2 percent.

The OPUC's decision reflects a ROR on rate base of 7.24 percent, with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.4 percent ROE, both of which represent a continuation of existing authorized levels.

In addition, the approved settlement agreements included agreement among the parties to a future independent review of our interest rate hedging practices, with any recommendations based on the results and findings in the final report to be applicable only on a prospective basis and do not apply to any prior interest rate hedging activity.

TCJA Proceedings

In February 2019, the OPUC approved the deferral amount of \$3.8 million related to 2018 income tax benefits associated with the TCJA. The 2018 deferred benefits will be returned to customers through a temporary rate reduction over a period of one year beginning March 1, 2019. We continued the deferral of the TCJA benefits during 2019 for later return to customers, until such time as these changes can be reflected in base rates.

Petition for Judicial Review of the Deferral of Capital Projects

In February 2019 and October 2018, the OPUC issued orders which concluded that, contrary to the OPUC's past practice, Oregon statutes that authorize the deferral of expense for later recovery from customers do not authorize the OPUC to allow deferrals of any costs related to capital investments (utility plant). In April 2019, Avista Corp. and other petitioners filed a Petition for Judicial Review with the Oregon Court of Appeals seeking review of the above OPUC orders. The Company cannot predict the outcome of this matter at this time, including whether or not any decision of the court would have retroactive effect.

2020 General Rate Case

We expect to file a natural gas general rate case with the OPUC in the first quarter of 2020.

AMI Project

In March 2016, the WUTC granted our Petition for an Accounting Order to defer and include in a regulatory asset the undepreciated value of our existing Washington electric meters for the opportunity for later recovery. This accounting treatment is related to our plans to replace our existing electric meters with new two-way digital meters and the related software and support services through our AMI project in Washington State. As of December 31, 2019, the estimated future undepreciated value for the existing electric meters was \$21.2 million. In September 2017, the WUTC also approved our request to defer the undepreciated net book value of existing natural gas encoder receiver transmitters (ERT) (consistent with the accounting treatment we

obtained on our existing electric meters) that will be retired as part of the AMI project. As of December 31, 2019, the estimated future undepreciated value for the existing natural gas ERTs was \$4.4 million. Replacement of the electric meters and natural gas ERTs began during the second half of 2018 and is ongoing.

In September 2017, the WUTC approved a Petition to defer the depreciation expense associated with the AMI project, along with a carrying charge, and to seek recovery of the deferral and carrying charge in a future general rate case. Cost savings, such as reduced meter reading costs, will occur during the implementation period, and will offset a portion of the AMI costs not being deferred.

In May 2017, we filed Petitions with the IPUC and the OPUC requesting a depreciable life of 12.5 years for the meter data management system (MDM) related to the AMI project. Both the IPUC and the OPUC approved our request. In addition, in connection with the 2017 Idaho electric general rate case (discussed above), the settling parties agreed to cost recovery of Idaho's share of the MDM system, effective January 1, 2019. In connection with the approval of the Oregon general rate case settlement in 2017, the OPUC approved cost recovery of Oregon's share of the MDM system, effective November 1, 2017.

Alaska Electric Light and Power Company

Alaska General Rate Case

In November 2017, the RCA approved an all-party settlement agreement related to AEL&P's electric general rate case, which was originally filed in September 2016. The settlement agreement was designed to increase base electric revenue by 3.86 percent or \$1.3 million, making permanent the interim rate increase approved by the RCA in 2016.

The agreement reflects an 8.91 percent ROR with a common equity ratio of 58.18 percent and an 11.95 percent ROE.

TCJA Proceedings

The RCA approved a settlement agreement between AEL&P and the Attorney General filed on June 15, 2018 (Order 3). Per Order 3, effective August 1, 2018, AEL&P reduced firm customer base rates by 6.7 percent (\$2.4 million annually), to reflect income tax expense reductions associated with the TCJA. The RCA also approved AEL&P's proposal to refund to customers a one-time credit equal to the 6.7 percent rate reduction for bills between January 1 and July 31, 2018. AEL&P completed all one-time credits during the third quarter of 2018. The impact of the TCJA on AEL&P's deferred income taxes will be addressed in AEL&P's next general rate case, due to be filed by August 30, 2021.

Purchased Gas Adjustments

PGAs are designed to pass through changes in natural gas costs to Avista Utilities' customers with no change in utility margin (operating revenues less resource costs) or net income. In Oregon, we absorb (cost or benefit) 10 percent of the difference between actual and projected

natural gas costs included in base retail rates for supply that is not hedged. Total net deferred natural gas costs among all jurisdictions were a net liability of \$3.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$40.7 million as of December 31, 2018. These deferred natural gas cost balances represent amounts due to customers.

The following PGAs went into effect in our various jurisdictions during 2018 through 2019:

		Percentage Increase /
Jurisdiction	PGA Effective Date	(Decrease) in Billed Rates
Washington	January 26, 2018 (1)	(7.1)%
	November 1, 2018	(0.1)%
	November 1, 2019	10.4%
ldaho	January 26, 2018 ⁽¹⁾	(7.4)%
	November 1, 2018	(1.0)%
	November 1, 2019	5.6%
Oregon	January 26, 2018 ⁽¹⁾	(3.5)%
	November 1, 2018	(2.9)%
	November 1, 2019	4.7%

⁽¹⁾ Due to declining wholesale natural gas prices that occurred since the 2017 PGAs were filed and went into effect, we filed, and the respective commissions approved, out of cycle PGAs to reduce customer rates and pass through expected lower costs during the winter heating months, rather than waiting until the next scheduled PGA.

Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Deferred power supply costs are recorded as a deferred charge or liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets for future prudence review and recovery or rebate through retail rates. The power supply costs deferred include certain differences between actual net power supply costs incurred by Avista Utilities and the costs included in base retail rates. These differences primarily result from changes in:

- short-term wholesale market prices and sales and purchase volumes,
- · the level, availability and optimization of hydroelectric generation,
- the level and availability of thermal generation (including changes in fuel prices),
- · retail loads, and
- · sales of surplus transmission capacity.

For our Washington customers, the ERM is an accounting method used to track certain differences between Avista Utilities' actual power supply costs, net of wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base retail rates. Total net deferred power costs under the ERM were a liability of \$37.0 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability \$34.4 million as of December 31, 2018. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers. Pursuant to WUTC requirements, should the cumulative deferral balance exceed \$30 million in the rebate or surcharge direction, we must make a filing with the WUTC to adjust customer rates to either return the balance to customers or recover the balance from customers.

Under the ERM, Avista Utilities absorbs the cost or receives the benefit from the initial amount of power supply costs in excess of or below the level in retail rates, which is referred to as the deadband. The annual (calendar year) deadband amount is \$4.0 million.

The following is a summary of the ERM:

	Deferred for Future Surcharge	Expense or Benefit
Annual Power Supply Cost Variability	or Rebate to Customers	to the Company
within +/- \$0 to \$4 million (deadband)	0%	100%
higher by \$4 million to \$10 million	50%	50%
lower by \$4 million to \$10 million	75%	25%
higher or lower by over \$10 million	90%	10%

Under the ERM, Avista Utilities makes an annual filing on or before April 1 of each year to provide the opportunity for the WUTC staff and other interested parties to review the prudence of and audit the ERM deferred power cost transactions for the prior calendar year.

The cumulative rebate balance exceeds \$30 million and as a result, our 2019 filing contained a proposed rate refund, effective July 1, 2019 over a three-year period. During the second quarter of

2019 we filed a motion to consolidate this ERM filing with our 2019 Washington general rate case (which was filed on April 30, 2019). In our motion, we requested that the WUTC withhold the refund associated with the ERM for use in the 2019 general rate case rather than passing it back to customers over the three-year period that was proposed in the ERM filing. Our motion was approved by the WUTC and the ERM refund was consolidated with the 2019 Washington

general rate case. However, in late 2019, the WUTC Staff granted a motion to remove the ERM from the 2019 general rate case and it is now being considered in a separate docket.

In the 2019 Washington general rate case proposed settlement, new authorized power supply rates were not agreed to as it relates to the ERM, and as such, our authorized power supply rates are still based on a 2017 test year. We are currently participating in workshops with the WUTC to determine an appropriate methodology for updating the authorized power supply rates prospectively. New authorized rates will not be determined until the completion of the workshops sometime in 2020.

Avista Utilities has a PCA mechanism in Idaho that allows us to modify electric rates on October 1 of each year with IPUC approval. Under the PCA mechanism, we defer 90 percent of the difference between certain actual net power supply expenses and the amount included in base retail rates for our Idaho customers. The October 1 rate adjustments recover or rebate power supply costs deferred during the preceding July-June twelve-month period. Total net power supply costs deferred under the PCA mechanism were an asset of \$0.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$7.6 million as of December 31, 2018. Deferred power cost assets represent amounts due from customers and liabilities represent amounts due to customers.

Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

Decoupling (also known as a FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage. In each of our jurisdictions, Avista Utilities' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to customers beginning in the following year. Only residential and certain commercial customer classes are included in our decoupling mechanisms.

Washington Decoupling and Earnings Sharing

In Washington, the WUTC approved our decoupling mechanisms for electric and natural gas for a five-year period beginning January 1, 2015. In February 2019, the WUTC approved an all-party agreement that extends the life of the mechanisms through the end of our next general rate case, or April 1, 2020, whichever comes first. In our 2019 Washington general rate cases we have requested an extension of the mechanisms for an additional five-year term. The extension is contested by Public Counsel. Electric and natural gas decoupling surcharge rate adjustments to customers are

limited to a 3 percent increase on an annual basis, with any remaining surcharge balance carried forward for recovery in a future period. There is no limit on the level of rebate rate adjustments.

The decoupling mechanisms each include an after-the-fact earnings test. At the end of each calendar year, separate electric and natural gas earnings calculations are made for the calendar year just ended. These earnings tests reflect actual decoupled revenues, normalized power supply costs and other normalizing adjustments. If we earn more than our authorized ROR in Washington, 50 percent of excess earnings are rebated to customers through adjustments to existing decoupling surcharge or rebate balances.

Idaho FCA Mechanism

In Idaho, the IPUC approved the implementation of FCAs for electric and natural gas (similar in operation and effect to the Washington decoupling mechanisms) for an initial term of three years, beginning January 1, 2016. During the first quarter of 2018, the FCA in Idaho was extended for a one-year term through December 31, 2019. On December 13, 2019, the IPUC approved an extension of the FCAs through March 31, 2025.

Oregon Decoupling Mechanism

In February 2016, the OPUC approved the implementation of a decoupling mechanism for natural gas, similar to the Washington and Idaho mechanisms described above. The decoupling mechanism became effective on March 1, 2016. There was an opportunity for interested parties to review the mechanism and recommend changes, if any, by September 2019. Changes related to deferral interest rates were recommended by the parties in our 2019 general rate case and were implemented effective January 15, 2020. In Oregon, an earnings review is conducted on an annual basis. In the annual earnings review, if we earn more than 100 basis points above our allowed return on equity, one-third of the earnings above the 100 basis points would be deferred and later rebated to customers.

Cumulative Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Balances

Total net cumulative decoupling deferrals among all jurisdictions were regulatory assets of \$24.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$13.9 million as of December 31, 2018. These decoupling assets represent amounts due from customers. Total net earnings sharing balances among all jurisdictions were regulatory liabilities of \$0.7 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$1.5 million as of December 31, 2018. These earnings sharing liabilities represent amounts due to customers.

See "Results of Operations—Avista Utilities" for further discussion of the amounts recorded to operating revenues in 2018 and 2019 related to the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Results of Operations—Overall

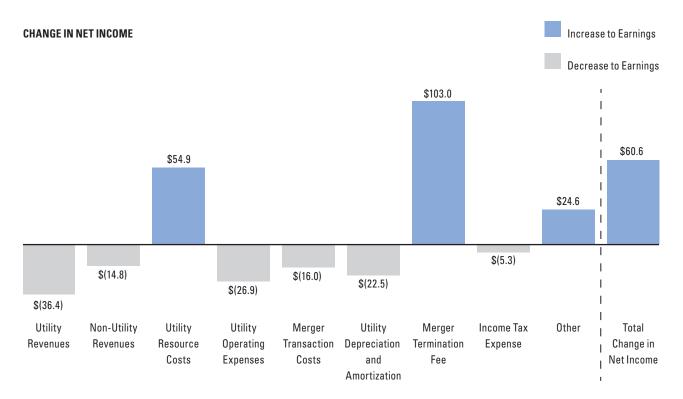
The following provides an overview of changes in our Consolidated Statements of Income. More detailed explanations are provided, particularly for operating revenues and operating expenses,

in the business segment discussions (Avista Utilities, AEL&P and the other businesses) that follow this section.

The balances included below for utility operations reconcile to the Consolidated Statements of Income.

2019 Compared to 2018

The following graph shows the total change in net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders for 2019 to 2018, as well as the various factors that caused such change (dollars in millions):



Utility revenues decreased at both Avista Utilities and AEL&P. Avista Utilities' revenues decreased primarily from a decrease in decoupling rates and PGA rates, which are included in rates billed to retail customers as well as a provision for customer rate refunds related to the 2015 Washington general rate cases. These decreases were partially offset by general rate increases and customer growth. AEL&P's revenues decreased from a reduction in sales volumes due to weather that was warmer than normal and warmer than the prior year.

Non-utility revenues decreased due to the sale of METALfx, which occurred in April 2019. See "Note 25 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion.

Utility resource costs decreased at both Avista Utilities and AEL&P. While there was a decrease in gross resource costs at Avista Utilities, there was an increase in power purchase prices and thermal fuel costs. The decrease at AEL&P was due to a decrease in deferred power supply expenses, as well as the adoption of the new lease standard on January 1, 2019, which resulted in the reclassification of Snettisham power purchase costs from resource costs to depreciation and amortization and interest expense in 2019. See "Notes 2 and 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information regarding the adoption of the new lease standard.

The increase in utility operating expenses was due to an increase at Avista Utilities primarily related to increases in generation and distribution operating and maintenance costs, as well as a \$7 million donation to the Avista Foundation to support the local community, and increases in pensions and other benefits.

The merger transaction costs are related to the terminated acquisition by Hydro One. These costs increased for 2019 because they included financial advisers' fees, legal fees, consulting fees and employee time, whereas 2018 costs consisted primarily of employee time incurred directly related to the transaction. None of the acquisition costs are being passed through to customers.

Utility depreciation and amortization increased due to additions to utility plant and amortization of the Snettisham finance lease, which was reclassed from utility resource costs to depreciation and amortization, effective January 1, 2019. See "Notes 2 and 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information regarding the Snettisham lease and the adoption of the new lease standard. Also, a March 2019 settlement in Idaho allowed us to utilize approximately \$6.4 million (\$5.1 million when tax-effected) of the electric tax benefits to offset costs associated with accelerating the depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4 to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2027. This amount was recorded as a one-time charge to

depreciation expense in the second quarter of 2019, with an offsetting amount included in income tax expense.

Merger termination fee relates to the amount received from the terminated acquisition by Hydro One. See "Note 24 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information.

Income taxes increased primarily due to increased income. This was partially offset by the Idaho settlement related to the accelerated depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4 discussed above and by our effective tax rate decreasing to 13.8 percent for 2019 compared to 16.0 percent for 2018.

The increase in other was primarily related to a decrease in nonutility other operating expenses due to the sale of METALfx during the second quarter of 2019 and also due to lower property taxes.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following discussion for Avista Utilities includes two financial measures that are considered "non-GAAP financial measures," electric utility margin and natural gas utility margin. In the AEL&P section, we include a discussion of utility margin, which is also a non-GAAP financial measure.

Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's financial performance, financial position or cash flows that excludes (or includes) amounts that are included (excluded) in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in

accordance with GAAP. Electric utility margin is electric operating revenues less electric resource costs, while natural gas utility margin is natural gas operating revenues less natural gas resource costs. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to electric and natural gas utility margin is utility operating revenues as presented in "Note 23 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

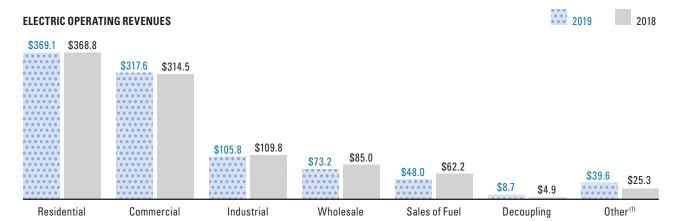
The presentation of electric utility margin and natural gas utility margin is intended to enhance understanding of our operating performance. We use these measures internally and believe they provide useful information to investors in their analysis of how changes in loads (due to weather, economic or other conditions), rates, supply costs and other factors impact our results of operations. Changes in loads, as well as power and natural gas supply costs, are generally deferred and recovered from customers through regulatory accounting mechanisms. Accordingly, the analysis of utility margin generally excludes most of the change in revenue resulting from these regulatory mechanisms. We present electric and natural gas utility margin separately below for Avista Utilities since each business has different cost sources, cost recovery mechanisms and jurisdictions, so we believe that separate analysis is beneficial. These measures are not intended to replace utility operating revenues as determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of operating performance. Reconciliations of operating revenues to utility margin are set forth below.

Results of Operations—Avista Utilities

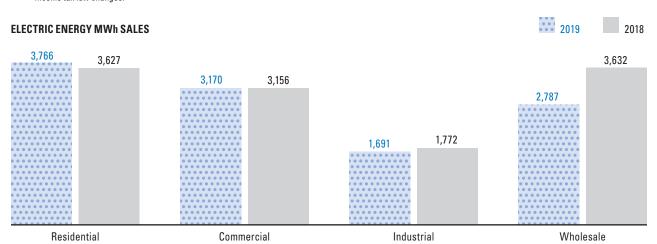
2019 Compared to 2018

Utility Operating Revenues

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' electric operating revenues and megawatt-hour (MWh) sales for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions and MWhs in thousands):



(1) This balance includes public street and highway lighting, which is considered part of retail electric revenues, and deferrals/amortizations to customers related to federal income tax law changes.



The following table presents the current year deferrals and the amortization of prior year decoupling balances that are reflected in utility electric operating revenues for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Electric Ope	Electric Operating R		
	2019		2018	
Current year decoupling deferrals (a)	\$ 9,744	\$	17,060	
Amortization of prior year decoupling deferrals (b)	(1,045)	(12,190)	
Total electric decoupling revenue	\$ 8,699	\$	4,870	

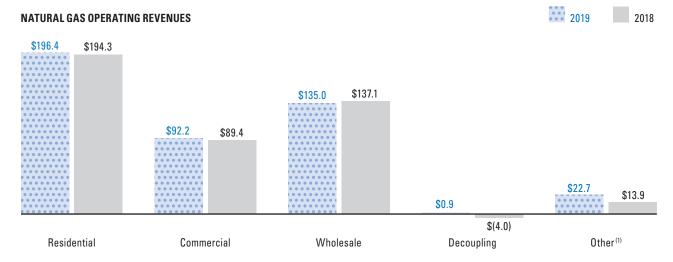
- (a) Positive amounts are increases in decoupling revenue in the current year and will be surcharged to customers in future years. Negative amounts are decreases in decoupling revenue in the current year and will be rebated to customers in future years.
- (b) Negative amounts are decreases in decoupling revenue in the current year and are related to the amortization of surcharge balances that resulted in prior years and are being surcharged to customers (causing a corresponding increase in retail revenue from customers) in the current year. Positive amounts are increases in decoupling revenue in the current year and are related to the amortization of rebate balances that resulted in prior years and are being refunded to customers (causing a corresponding decrease in retail revenue from customers) in the current year.

Total electric revenues decreased \$8.5 million for 2019 as compared to 2018, primarily reflecting the following:

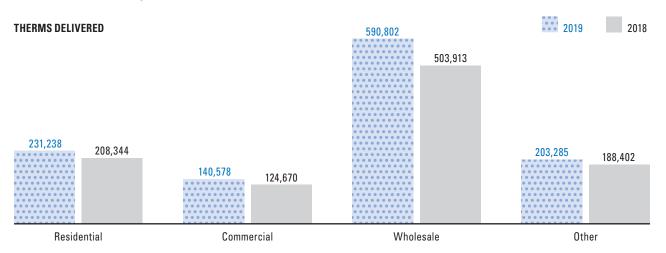
- a \$0.7 million decrease in retail electric revenues due to a decrease in revenue per MWh (decreased revenues \$7.3 million), partially offset by an increase in total MWhs sold (increased revenues \$6.6 million).
 - The decrease in revenue per MWh was primarily due to a
 decrease in decoupling rates (as our decoupling surcharges
 were larger in prior years, which resulted in higher surcharge
 rates in 2018 as compared to rebates in 2019) and decreases
 associated with the lower corporate tax rate. There was
 also a general rate decrease in Idaho (effective December 1,
 2019). These decreases were partially offset by general rate
 increases in Washington (effective May 1, 2018) and Idaho
 (effective January 1, 2019).
 - The increase in total retail MWhs sold was the result of
 weather that was cooler than the prior year during the
 first and fourth quarter heating seasons (which increased
 electric heating loads), and residential and commercial
 customer growth. Compared to 2018, residential electric use
 per customer increased 2 percent and commercial use per
 customer was consistent between years. Heating degree days
 in Spokane were 3 percent above normal and 11 percent above
 2018. Cooling degree days in Spokane were 8 percent below
 normal and 6 percent below the prior year.

- an \$11.8 million decrease in wholesale electric revenues due to
 a decrease in sales volumes (decreased revenues \$22.2 million),
 partially offset by an increase in sales prices (increased revenues
 \$10.4 million). The fluctuation in volumes and prices was primarily
 the result of our optimization activities.
- a \$14.2 million decrease in sales of fuel due to a decrease in sales of natural gas fuel as part of thermal generation resource optimization activities. For 2019, \$48.0 million of these sales were made to our natural gas operations and are included as intracompany revenues and resource costs. For 2018, \$30.6 million of these sales were made to our natural gas operations.
- a \$3.8 million increase in electric revenue due to decoupling and was primarily the result of lower amortizations of prior year decoupling surcharge balances.
- a \$14.3 million increase in other electric revenues primarily related
 to federal income tax law changes that lowered the corporate tax
 rate from 35 percent to 21 percent. During the first quarter of 2018,
 our customers' rates had the 35 percent corporate tax rate built in
 from prior general rate cases and we were collecting this amount
 through retail revenues. At the same time, we were deferring the
 difference between the 35 percent and the 21 percent through
 other revenues. Effective May 1, 2018 in Washington and June 1,
 2018 in Idaho, base rates reflect the lower 21 percent corporate
 tax. At that time, we began returning the deferred amounts to
 customers through other revenue. The tax amounts included in
 other revenue was partially offset by the accrual for customer
 refunds associated with the 2015 Washington general rate case.

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' natural gas operating revenues and therms delivered for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions and therms in thousands):



(1) This balance includes interruptible and industrial revenues, which are considered part of retail natural gas revenues, and deferrals/amortizations to customers related to federal income tax law changes.



The following table presents the current year deferrals and the amortization of prior year decoupling balances that are reflected in natural gas operating revenues for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Natural Gas Ope	Natural Gas Operating Rever			
	20	9		2018	
Current year decoupling deferrals (a)	\$ (3,2)	(0)	\$	3,168	
Amortization of prior year decoupling deferrals (b)	4,18	34		(7,130)	
Total natural gas decoupling revenue	\$ 9	4	\$	(3,962)	

- (a) Positive amounts are increases in decoupling revenue in the current year and will be surcharged to customers in future years. Negative amounts are decreases in decoupling revenue in the current year and will be rebated to customers in future years.
- (b) Positive amounts are increases in decoupling revenue in the current year and are related to the amortization of rebate balances that resulted in prior years and are being refunded to customers (causing a corresponding decrease in retail revenue from customers) in the current year. Negative amounts are decreases in decoupling revenue in the current year and are related to the amortization of surcharge balances that resulted in prior years and are being surcharged to customers (causing a corresponding increase in retail revenue from customers) in the current year.

Total natural gas revenues increased \$16.5 million for 2019 as compared to 2018, primarily reflecting the following:

- a \$5.4 million increase in retail natural gas revenues due to an increase in volumes (increased revenues \$32.3 million), partially offset by lower retail rates (decreased revenues \$26.9 million).
 - Retail natural gas sales increased in 2019 as compared to 2018 due to cooler weather during the heating season, and residential and commercial customer growth. Compared to 2018, residential use per customer increased 9 percent and commercial use per customer increased 12 percent. Heating degree days in Spokane were 3 percent above normal for 2019, and 11 percent above 2018. Heating degree days in Medford were 3 percent above normal for 2019, and 7 percent above 2018.
 - Lower retail rates were due to PGAs and rate decreases associated with the lower corporate tax rate and decoupling rate decreases (as our decoupling surcharges were larger in prior years, which resulted in higher surcharge rates in 2018 as compared to rebates in 2019), partially offset by general rate increases in Washington (effective May 1, 2018) and Idaho (effective January 1, 2019).
- a \$2.1 million decrease in wholesale natural gas revenues due to a decrease in prices (decreased revenues \$21.9 million), partially

- offset by an increase in volumes (increased revenues \$19.8 million). In 2019, \$65.4 million of these sales were made to our electric generation operations and are included as intracompany revenues and resource costs. In 2018, \$44.7 million of these sales were made to our electric generation operations. Differences between revenues and costs from sales of resources in excess of retail load requirements and from resource optimization are accounted for through the PGA mechanisms.
- a \$4.9 million increase in natural gas revenue due to decoupling primarily related to amortizations of prior year decoupling balances.
- an \$8.8 million increase in other natural gas revenues primarily related to federal income tax law changes that lowered the corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent. During the first quarter of 2018, our customers' rates had the 35 percent corporate tax rate built in from prior general rate cases and we were collecting this amount through retail revenues. At the same time, we were deferring the difference between the 35 percent and the 21 percent through other revenues. Effective May 1, 2018 in Washington and June 1, 2018 in Idaho, base rates reflect the lower 21 percent corporate tax. At that time, we began returning the deferred amounts to customers through other revenue.

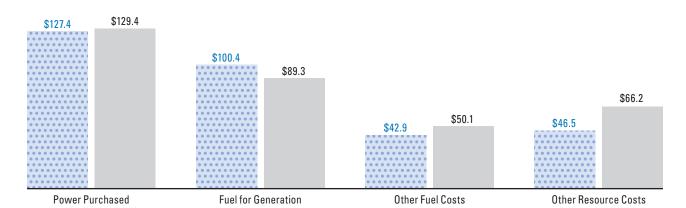
The following table presents Avista Utilities' average number of electric and natural gas retail customers for the years ended December 31:

	Electric	c Customers	Natural Ga	as Customers
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Residential	345,064	340,308	321,343	314,800
Commercial	42,930	42,618	35,804	35,488
Interruptible	_	_	45	39
Industrial	1,305	1,318	241	246
Public street and highway lighting	612	594	_	_
Total retail customers	389,911	384,838	357,433	350,573

Utility Resource Costs

The following graphs present Avista Utilities' resource costs for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

ELECTRIC RESOURCE COSTS 2019



Total electric resource costs in the graph above include intracompany resource costs of \$65.4 million and \$44.7 million for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

2018

Total electric resource costs decreased \$17.8 million for 2019 as compared to 2018 primarily due to the following:

- a \$2.0 million decrease in power purchased due to a decrease in the volume of power purchases (decreased costs \$26.8 million), partially offset by an increase in wholesale prices (increased costs \$24.8 million). The fluctuation in volumes and prices was primarily the result of our optimization activities.
- an \$11.1 million increase in fuel for generation primarily due to an increase in thermal generation resulting from lower hydroelectric generation, as well as an increase in natural gas fuel prices.
- a \$7.2 million decrease in other fuel costs.
- a \$19.6 million decrease from amortizations and deferrals of power costs (included in other resource costs in the graph above). This change was primarily the result of higher net power supply costs.
- a \$1.8 million decrease in other regulatory amortizations (included in other resource costs in the graph above).

NATURAL GAS RESOURCE COSTS





Total natural gas resource costs in the graph above include intracompany resource costs of \$48.0 million and \$30.6 million for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Total natural gas resource costs increased \$13.2 million for 2019 as compared to 2018 primarily reflecting the following:

- · a \$48.2 million increase in natural gas purchased due to an increase in total therms purchased (increased costs \$34.7 million) and an increase in the price of natural gas (increased costs \$13.5 million).
- a \$38.6 million decrease from amortizations and deferrals of natural gas costs (included in other resource costs in the graph above).
- a \$3.5 million increase in other regulatory amortizations (included in other resource costs in the graph above).

Utility Margin

The following table reconciles Avista Utilities' operating revenues, as presented in "Note 23 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" to the Non-GAAP financial measure utility margin for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

		Electric		N	atural Gas		Intr	acompany		Total
	 2019	2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019	2018
Operating revenues	\$ 962,048	\$ 970,538	\$ 447,232	\$	430,705	\$ (113,407)	\$	(75,277)	\$ 1,295,873	\$ 1,325,966
Resource costs	317,229	335,035	238,649		225,473	(113,407)		(75,277)	442,471	485,231
Utility margin	\$ 644,819	\$ 635,503	\$ 208,583	\$	205,232	\$ 	\$		\$ 853,402	\$ 840,735

Electric utility margin increased \$9.3 million and natural gas utility margin increased \$3.4 million.

Electric utility margin was positively impacted during 2019 by general rate increases in Idaho (effective January 1, 2019) and Washington (effective May 1, 2018), as well as customer growth. This was partially offset by a general rate decrease in Idaho (effective December 1, 2019) and higher net power supply costs for 2019 as compared to 2018 due to higher than authorized power purchase prices, higher thermal fuel costs and lower hydroelectric generation. For 2019, we recognized a pre-tax benefit of \$4.4 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of \$6.1 million for 2018. In addition, electric utility margin was negatively affected by the accrual for customer refunds of \$3.6 million related to the 2015 Washington general rate case.

Natural gas utility margin was positively affected by general rate increases in Washington (effective May 1, 2018) and Idaho (effective January 1, 2019), and customer growth.

Intracompany revenues and resource costs represent purchases and sales of natural gas between our natural gas distribution operations and our electric generation operations (as fuel for our generation plants). These transactions are eliminated in the presentation of total results for Avista Utilities and in the consolidated financial statements but are included in the separate results for electric and natural gas presented above.

Results of Operations—Alaska Electric **Light and Power Company**

2019 Compared to 2018

Net income for AEL&P was \$7.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, compared to \$8.3 million for 2018.

The following table presents AEL&P's operating revenues, resource costs and resulting utility margin for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

		Electric
	 2019	2018
Operating revenues	\$ 37,265	\$ 43,599
Resource costs (benefits)	(2,654)	9,505
Utility margin	\$ 39,919	\$ 34,094

Electric revenues decreased for 2019 primarily due to lower sales volumes to residential and commercial customers for 2019 as compared to 2018. This resulted from weather that was warmer than normal and warmer than the prior year, as well as lower hydroelectric generation, which prevented AEL&P from making sales to an interruptible customer (discussed further below).

Resource costs decreased from the prior year due to the adoption of the new lease standard on January 1, 2019, which resulted in the reclassification of Snettisham power purchase costs from resource costs to depreciation and amortization and interest expense in 2019. See "Note 2 and 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information regarding the adoption of the new lease standard. In addition, AEL&P had low hydroelectric generation during 2019, which limited energy provided to their interruptible customers. A portion of the sales to interruptible customers is used to reduce the overall cost of power to AEL&P's firm customers. When interruptible sales are below a certain threshold, AEL&P recognizes a regulatory asset and records a reduction to deferred power supply costs (resource costs) to reflect a future billable amount to its firm customers when the cost of power rates are reset.

Results of Operations—Other Businesses

2019 Compared to 2018

The net income from these operations was \$5.5 million for 2019 compared to a net loss of \$6.7 million for 2018. In 2019, we had net investment gains associated with our equity investments compared to net investment losses during 2018. During the second quarter of 2019, we sold METALfx, which resulted in a net gain after-tax of approximately \$3.3 million. See "Note 25 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of the sale of METALfx.

Accounting Standards to be Adopted in 2020

At this time, we are not expecting the adoption of accounting standards to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in 2020. For information on accounting standards adopted in 2019 and accounting standards expected to be adopted in future periods, see "Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein. The following accounting policies represent those that our management believes are particularly important to the consolidated financial statements and require the use of estimates and assumptions:

- Regulatory accounting, in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 980, Regulated Operations, among other things, requires that costs and/or obligations that are probable of recovery through rates charged to our customers, but are not yet reflected in rates, not be reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Income until the period in which they are reflected in rates and matching revenues are recognized. Meanwhile, these costs and/or obligations are deferred and reflected on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as regulatory assets or liabilities. The provisions of the accounting guidance may result in recognition of revenues and expenses in time periods that are different than non-rate-regulated enterprises. In addition, regulatory accounting requires that decoupling revenue, unlike deferred costs, be recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the period in which it occurs (i.e., during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset or liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period. Accordingly, we make estimates of the amount of this revenue that will be collected within 24 months. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue recognition criteria are met. Finally, with respect to all of our regulatory assets, we review regulatory precedents and, based on those precedents, we make the assumption that we will be allowed recovery of these costs via retail rates in future periods. If we were no longer allowed to apply regulatory accounting or no longer allowed recovery of these costs, we could be required to recognize significant write-offs of regulatory assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Income. See "Notes 1 and 22 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of our regulatory accounting policy and mechanisms.
- Interest rate swap derivative asset and liability accounting, where we estimate the fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives and offset the derivative asset or liability with a regulatory asset or liability. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. We record this offset because, based on the prior practice of the regulatory commissions, we assume that we will be allowed

recovery through the ratemaking process. If we concluded that recovery of interest rate swap related payments were no longer probable, we would be required to derecognize the related regulatory assets and liabilities and we could be required to recognize significant changes in fair value or settlements of these interest rate swap derivatives on a regular basis in the Consolidated Statements of Income, which could lead to significant fluctuations in net income.

- Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans, discussed in further detail below.
- Contingencies, related to unresolved regulatory, legal and tax issues as to which there is inherent uncertainty for the ultimate outcome of the respective matter. We accrue a loss contingency if it is probable that an asset is impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss or impairment can be reasonably estimated. We also disclose losses that do not meet these conditions for accrual, if there is a reasonable possibility that a potential loss may be incurred. For all material contingencies, we have made a judgment as to the probability of a loss occurring and as to whether or not the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. However, no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of any particular contingency. See "Notes 1 and 21 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of our commitments and contingencies.

Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans—Avista Utilities

We have a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all regular full-time employees at Avista Utilities that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. For substantially all regular non-union full-time employees at Avista Utilities who were hired on or after January 1, 2014, a defined contribution 401(k) plan replaced the defined benefit pension plan. Union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are still covered under the defined benefit pension plan.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Directors approves investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan and it reviews and approves changes to the investment and funding policies.

We have contracted with an independent investment consultant who is responsible for monitoring the individual investment managers. The investment managers' performance and related individual fund performance is reviewed at least quarterly by an internal benefits committee and by the Finance Committee to monitor compliance with our established investment policy objectives and strategies.

Our pension plan assets are invested in debt securities and mutual funds, trusts and partnerships that hold marketable debt and equity securities, real estate and absolute return funds. In seeking to obtain a return that aligns with the funded status of the pension plan, the investment consultant recommends allocation percentages by asset

classes. These recommendations are reviewed by the internal benefits committee, which then recommends their adoption by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee has established target investment allocation percentages by asset classes and also investment ranges for each asset class. The target investment allocation percentages are typically the midpoint of the established range. See "Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for the target investment allocation percentages.

We also have a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP) that provides additional pension benefits to certain executive officers and others whose benefits under the pension plan are reduced due to the application of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the deferral of salary under deferred compensation plans.

Pension costs (including the SERP) were \$26.9 million for 2019, \$22.8 million for 2018 and \$26.5 million for 2017. Of our pension costs (excluding the SERP), approximately 60 percent are expensed and 40 percent are capitalized consistent with labor charges. The costs related to the SERP are expensed. Our costs for the pension plan are determined in part by actuarial formulas that are dependent upon numerous factors resulting from actual plan experience and assumptions of future experience.

Pension costs are affected by among other things:

- employee demographics (including age, compensation and length of service by employees),
- the amount of cash contributions we make to the pension plan,
- · the actual return on pension plan assets,
- · expected return on pension plan assets,
- discount rate used in determining the projected benefit obligation and pension costs,
- · assumed rate of increase in employee compensation,
- · life expectancy of participants and other beneficiaries, and
- expected method of payment (lump sum or annuity) of pension benefits.

In accordance with accounting standards, changes in pension plan obligations associated with these factors may not be immediately recognized as pension costs in our Consolidated Statement of Income, but we generally recognize the change in future years over the remaining average service period of pension plan participants. As such, our costs recorded in any period may not reflect the actual level of cash benefits provided to pension plan participants.

We revise the key assumption of the discount rate each year. In selecting a discount rate, we consider yield rates at the end of the year for highly rated corporate bond portfolios with cash flows from interest and maturities similar to that of the expected payout of pension benefits.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is reset or confirmed annually based on past performance and economic forecasts for the types of investments held by our plan.

The following chart reflects the assumptions used each year for the pension discount rate (exclusive of the SERP), the expected long-term return on plan assets and the actual return on plan assets and their impacts to the pension plan associated with the change in assumption (dollars in millions):

	2019	2018	2017
Discount rate (exclusive of SERP)			
Pension discount rate	3.85%	4.31%	3.71%
Increase/(decrease) to projected benefit obligation	\$ 41.7	\$ (54.7)	\$ 49.2
Return on plan assets (a)			
Expected long-term return on plan assets	5.90%	5.50%	5.87%
Increase/(decrease) to pension costs	\$ (2.2)	\$ 2.2	\$ (2.5)
Actual return on plan assets—net of fees	20.40%	(7.00)%	15.60%
Actual gain/(loss) on plan assets	\$ 109.9	\$ (41.0)	\$ 43.2

The SERP has no plan assets. The plan assets in this disclosure are for the pension plan only.

The following chart reflects the sensitivities associated with a change in certain actuarial assumptions by the indicated percentage (dollars in millions):

		Effect on	
		Projected	Effect on
	Change in	Benefit	Pension
Actuarial Assumption	Assumption	Obligation	Cost
Expected long-term return on plan assets	(0.5)%	\$ -* \$	2.7
Expected long-term return on plan assets	0.5%	*	(2.7)
Discount rate	(0.5)%	50.7	4.2
Discount rate	0.5%	(45.1)	(3.7)

Changes in the expected return on plan assets would not affect our projected benefit obligation.

We provide certain health care and life insurance benefits for substantially all of our retired employees. We accrue the estimated cost of postretirement benefit obligations during the years that employees provide service. Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for our postretirement plans. A onepercentage-point increase in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would increase our accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2019 by \$13.9 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.8 million. A one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would decrease our accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2019 by \$10.7 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.6 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overall Liquidity

Avista Corp.'s consolidated operating cash flows are primarily derived from the operations of Avista Utilities. The primary source of operating cash flows for Avista Utilities is revenues from sales of electricity and natural gas. Significant uses of cash flows from Avista Utilities include the purchase of power, fuel and natural gas, and payment of other operating expenses, taxes and interest, with any excess being available for other corporate uses such as capital expenditures and dividends.

We design operating and capital budgets to control operating costs and to direct capital expenditures to choices that support immediate and long-term strategies, particularly for our regulated

utility operations. In addition to operating expenses, we have continuing commitments for capital expenditures for construction and improvement of utility facilities.

Our annual net cash flows from operating activities usually do not fully support the amount required for annual utility capital expenditures. As such, from time-to-time, we need to access longterm capital markets in order to fund these needs as well as fund maturing debt. See further discussion at "Capital Resources."

We periodically file for rate adjustments for recovery of operating costs and capital investments and to seek the opportunity to earn reasonable returns as allowed by regulators.

Avista Utilities has regulatory mechanisms in place that provide for the deferral and recovery of the majority of power and natural gas supply costs. However, when power and natural gas costs exceed the levels currently recovered from retail customers, net cash flows are negatively affected. Factors that could cause purchased power and natural gas costs to exceed the levels currently recovered from our customers include, but are not limited to, higher prices in wholesale markets when we buy energy or an increased need to purchase power in the wholesale markets, and a lack of regulatory approval for higher authorized net power supply costs through general rate case decisions. Factors beyond our control that could result in an increased need to purchase power in the wholesale markets include, but are not limited to:

- · increases in demand (due to either weather or customer growth),
- · lower streamflows for hydroelectric generation,
- · unplanned outages at generating facilities, and
- failure of third parties to deliver on energy or capacity contracts.

In addition to the above, Avista Utilities enters into derivative instruments to hedge our exposure to certain risks, including fluctuations in commodity market prices, foreign exchange rates and interest rates (for purposes of issuing long-term debt in the future). These derivative instruments often require collateral (in the form of cash or letters of credit) or other credit enhancements, or reductions or terminations of a portion of the contract through cash settlement, in the event of a downgrade in the Company's credit ratings or changes in market prices. In periods of price volatility, the level of exposure can change significantly. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made against the Company's credit facilities and cash. See "Enterprise Risk Management—Credit Risk Liquidity Considerations" below.

We monitor the potential liquidity impacts of changes to energy commodity prices and other increased operating costs for our utility operations. We believe that we have adequate liquidity to meet such potential needs through our committed lines of credit.

As of December 31, 2019, we had \$196.2 million of available liquidity under the Avista Corp. committed line of credit and \$21.5 million under the AEL&P committed line of credit. With our \$400.0 million credit facility that expires in April 2021 and AEL&P's \$25.0 million credit facility that expires in November 2024, we believe that we have adequate liquidity to meet our needs for the next 12 months.

Review of Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

2019 Compared to 2018

Consolidated Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$398.2 million for 2019 compared to \$361.9 million for 2018. The increase in net cash provided by operations was primarily the result of increased net income that included the receipt of the \$103.0 million merger termination fee from Hydro One that is reflected in net income for 2019. The termination fee was used for reimbursing our transaction costs incurred from 2017 to 2019, which totaled approximately \$51.0 million, including

income taxes. The balance of the termination fee was used for general corporate purposes and reduced our need for external financing. Our total transaction costs were \$19.7 million (pre-tax) for 2019 and we also incurred approximately \$15.7 million in taxes in 2019 (net of \$1.8 million in tax benefits recaptured from 2017 and 2018). For further information, see "Notes 21 and 24 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the settlement of interest rate swaps increased operating cash flows as we paid a net amount of \$13.3 million during 2019 compared to \$26.6 million paid during 2018. Also, collateral posted for derivative instruments decreased by \$64.0 million in 2019 compared to an increase of \$4.1 million due to fluctuations in market prices of our outstanding energy commodity derivatives.

The increases above, were partially offset by power and natural gas deferrals which increased during 2019 due to higher natural gas prices during the year (which decreased cash flows by \$45.9 million) as compared to an increase to operating cash flows of \$10.3 million in 2018.

Consolidated Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$445.5 million for 2019, an increase compared to \$440.4 million for 2018. During 2019, we paid \$442.5 million for utility capital expenditures, compared to \$424.4 million for 2018. The increase in utility capital expenditures was partially offset by \$16.5 million of proceeds related to the sale of METALfx. For further information, see "Note 25 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Consolidated Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$42.5 million for 2019 compared to \$77.0 million for 2018. The decrease in financing cash flows was primarily the result of changes in short-term borrowings. In 2018, because we issued an insignificant amount of common stock due to the now terminated Hydro One transaction, we had to increase short-term borrowings to finance capital expenditures and for other corporate purposes. The decrease in short-term borrowings was partially offset by the net issuance of \$64.6 million of common stock.

Capital Resources

Capital Structure

Our consolidated capital structure, including the current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings, and excluding noncontrolling interests, consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2019			December 31, 2018		
		Percent			Percent	
	Amount	of Total		Amount	of Total	
Current portion of long-term debt and leases (1)	\$ 58,928	1.4%	\$	107,645	2.8%	
Short-term borrowings	185,800	4.5%		190,000	4.9%	
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts	51,547	1.2%		51,547	1.3%	
Long-term debt and leases (1)	1,961,083	46.7%		1,755,529	45.3%	
Total debt	2,257,358	53.8%		2,104,721	54.3%	
Total Avista Corporation shareholders' equity	1,939,284	46.2%		1,773,220	45.7%	
Total	\$ 4,196,642	100.0%	\$	3,877,941	100.0%	

⁽¹⁾ Effective, January 1, 2019, we adopted ASC 842 which resulted in the reclassification of the Snettisham lease from long-term debt, to lease liabilities in 2019. The

Snettisham lease amount is included here for this calculation. In addition, other operating leases were recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of January 1, 2019

and are included here for this calculation. See "Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion and for the amounts recorded in 2019.

Our shareholders' equity increased \$166.1 million during 2019 primarily due to net income and the issuance of common stock, partially offset by dividends.

We need to finance capital expenditures and acquire additional funds for operations from time-to-time. The cash requirements needed to service our indebtedness, both short-term and long-term, reduce the amount of cash flow available to fund capital expenditures, purchased power, fuel and natural gas costs, dividends and other requirements.

Committed Lines of Credit

Avista Corp. has a committed line of credit with various financial institutions in the total amount of \$400.0 million that expires in April 2021. As of December 31, 2019, there was \$196.2 million of available liquidity under this line of credit. We expect to renew or replace this committed line of credit during 2020.

The Avista Corp. credit facility contains customary covenants and default provisions, including a covenant which does not permit our ratio of "consolidated total debt" to "consolidated total capitalization" to be greater than 65 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2019, we were in compliance with this covenant with a ratio of 53.8 percent.

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings (excluding letters of credit) under Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit were as follows as of and for the year ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Balance outstanding at end of year	\$ 182,300	\$ 190,000
Letters of credit outstanding at end of year	\$ 21,473	\$ 10,503
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	\$ 221,000	\$ 200,000
Average balance outstanding during the year	\$ 148,616	\$ 58,199
Average interest rate during the year	3.05%	2.80%
Average interest rate at end of year	2.64%	3.18%

In November of 2019, AEL&P renewed its \$25.0 million committed line of credit with a new expiration date in November 2024. As of December 31, 2019, there was \$21.5 million of available liquidity under this line of credit.

The AEL&P credit facility contains customary covenants and default provisions including a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt at AEL&P" to "consolidated total capitalization at AEL&P," (including the impact of the Snettisham obligation) to be greater than 67.5 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2019, AEL&P was in compliance with this covenant with a ratio of 54.6 percent.

As of December 31, 2019, Avista Corp. and its subsidiaries were in compliance with all of the covenants of their financing agreements, and none of Avista Corp.'s subsidiaries constituted a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit.

Long-Term Debt

In November 2019, we issued and sold \$180.0 million of 3.43 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2049 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay maturing long-term debt of \$90.0 million, repay a portion of the outstanding balance under our \$400.0 million committed line of credit and for other general corporate purposes. In connection with the issuance and sale of the first mortgage bonds, we cash-settled six interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$70.0 million) and paid a net amount of \$13.3 million. The effective interest rate of the first mortgage bonds is 3.89 percent, including the effects of the settled interest rate swap derivatives and issuance costs.

Equity Issuances

We issued equity in 2019 for total net proceeds of \$64.6 million. Most of these issuances came through our four separate sales agency agreements under which the sales agents may offer and sell new shares of our common stock from time-to-time. These agreements provide for

the offering of a maximum of 4.6 million shares, of which approximately 3.2 million remain unissued as of December 31, 2019. In 2019, 1.4 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$63.6 million. Subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions (including any required regulatory approvals), we have the right to increase the maximum number of shares that may be offered under these agreements. These agreements expire on February 29, 2020. We expect to negotiate and enter into new sales agency agreements in the second quarter of 2020.

Hydro One Termination Fee

In January 2019, we received a \$103 million termination fee from Hydro One in connection with the termination of the proposed acquisition. The termination fee, after income taxes, was used for reimbursing our transaction costs incurred from 2017 to 2019. These costs and income taxes totaled approximately \$51 million. The balance of the termination fee was used for general corporate purposes and reduced our need for external financing

2020 Liquidity Expectations

During 2020, we expect to issue approximately \$160.0 million of long-term debt and up to \$60.0 million of equity in order to refinance maturing long-term debt, fund planned capital expenditures and maintain an appropriate capital structure.

After considering the expected issuances of long-term debt and equity during 2020, we expect net cash flows from operating activities, together with cash available under our committed line of credit agreements, to provide adequate resources to fund capital expenditures, dividends, and other contractual commitments.

Limitations on Issuances of Preferred Stock and First Mortgage Bonds

We are restricted under our Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, as to the additional preferred stock we can issue. As of December 31, 2019, we could issue \$2.8 billion of additional preferred

stock at an assumed dividend rate of 4.8 percent. We are not planning to issue preferred stock.

Under the Avista Corp. and the AEL&P Mortgages and Deeds of Trust securing Avista Corp.'s and AEL&P's first mortgage bonds (including Secured Medium-Term Notes), respectively, each entity may issue additional first mortgage bonds in an aggregate principal amount equal to the sum of:

- 66½ percent of the cost or fair value (whichever is lower) of property additions of that entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- · an equal principal amount of retired first mortgage bonds of that entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- · deposit of cash.

However, Avista Corp. and AEL&P may not individually issue any additional first mortgage bonds (with certain exceptions in the case of bonds issued on the basis of retired bonds) unless the particular entity issuing the bonds has "net earnings" (as defined in the respective Mortgages) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months out of the preceding 18 calendar months that were at least twice the annual interest requirements on that entity's mortgage securities at the time outstanding, including the first mortgage bonds to be issued, and on all indebtedness of prior rank. As of December 31, 2019, property additions and retired bonds would have allowed, and the net earnings test would not have prohibited, the issuance of \$1.5 billion in aggregate principal amount of additional first mortgage bonds at Avista Corp. and \$30.4 million at AEL&P. We believe that we have adequate capacity to issue first mortgage bonds to meet our financing needs over the next several years.

Utility Capital Expenditures

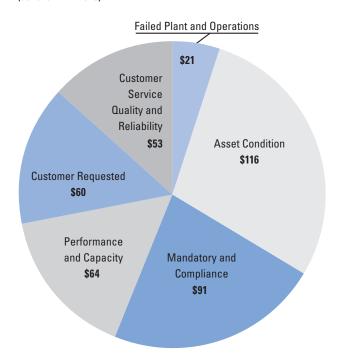
We are making capital investments at our utilities to enhance service and system reliability for our customers and replace aging infrastructure.

The following table summarizes our actual and expected capital expenditures as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 (in thousands):

	Avis	Avista Utilities		
2019 Actual capital expenditures				
Capital expenditures (per the				
Consolidated Statement				
of Cash Flows)	\$	434,077	\$	8,433
Expected total annual capital				
expenditures (by year)				
2020	\$	405,000	\$	9,000
2021		405,000		9,000
2022		405,000		15,000

The following graph shows Avista Utilities' capital budget for 2020:

CAPITAL BUDGET AT AVISTA UTILITIES FOR 2020 (dollars in millions)



These estimates of capital expenditures are subject to continuing review and adjustment. Actual expenditures may vary from our estimates due to factors such as changes in business conditions, construction schedules and environmental requirements.

Non-Regulated Investments and Capital Expenditures

We are making investments and capital expenditures at our other businesses including those related to economic development projects in our service territory that will demonstrate the latest energy and environmental building innovations and house several local college degree programs. In addition, we are making investments in emerging technology companies and venture capital funds.

The following table summarizes our actual and expected investments and capital expenditures at our other businesses as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 (in thousands):

	Other
2019 Actual investments and capital expenditures	
Investments and capital expenditures	
(per the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows)	\$ 14,343
Expected total annual investments and	
capital expenditures (by year)	
2020	\$ 15,000
2021	15,000
2022	12,000

These estimates of investments and capital expenditures are subject to continuing review and adjustment. Actual expenditures may vary from our estimates due to factors such as changes in business conditions or strategic plans.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2019, we had \$21.5 million in letters of credit outstanding under our \$400.0 million committed line of credit, compared to \$10.5 million as of December 31, 2018.

Pension Plan

We contributed \$22.0 million to the pension plan in 2019. We expect to contribute a total of \$110.0 million to the pension plan in the period 2020 through 2024, with an annual contribution of \$22.0 million over that period.

The final determination of pension plan contributions for future periods is subject to multiple variables, most of which are beyond our control, including changes to the fair value of pension plan assets, changes in actuarial assumptions (in particular the discount rate used in determining the benefit obligation), or changes in federal legislation. We may change our pension plan contributions in the future depending on changes to any variables, including those listed above.

See "Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the pension plan.

Credit Ratings

Our access to capital markets and our cost of capital are directly affected by our credit ratings. In addition, many of our contracts for the purchase and sale of energy commodities contain terms dependent upon our credit ratings. See "Enterprise Risk Management—Credit Risk Liquidity Considerations" and "Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

The following table summarizes our credit ratings as of February 25, 2020:

	Standard	
	& Poor's (1)	Moody's (2)
Corporate/Issuer rating	BBB	Baa2
Senior secured debt	A-	A3
Senior unsecured debt	BBB	Baa2

- (1) Standard & Poor's lowest "investment grade" credit rating is BBB-.
- Moody's lowest "investment grade" credit rating is Baa3.

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. Each security rating is subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization. Each security rating agency has its own methodology for assigning ratings, and, accordingly, each rating should be considered in the context of the applicable methodology, independent of all other ratings. The rating agencies provide ratings at the request of Avista Corp. and charge fees for their services.

On December 20, 2018, Moody's downgraded our issuer rating from Baa1 to Baa2 and our senior secured and first mortgage bond ratings from A2 to A3. Moody's made these downgrades because of the impacts of the TCJA, which results in less operating cash flow from deferred income taxes due to the loss of bonus depreciation and lower tax rates. Moody's also expressed less predictability with regulatory outcomes in Washington as a contributing factor for the downgrade.

See "Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the TCJA and its impacts to Avista Corp.

Dividends

See "Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities" for a detailed discussion of our dividend policy and the factors which could limit the payment of dividends.

Contractual Obligations

The following table provides a summary of our future contractual obligations as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in millions):

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter
Avista Utilities:						
Long-term debt maturities	\$ 52	\$ —	\$ 250	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 1,505
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts	_	_	_	_	_	52
Interest payments on long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	85	83	73	69	69	1,325
Short-term borrowings	182	_	_	_	_	_
Energy purchase contracts (2)	247	230	223	219	194	1,446
Lease obligations (3)	4	4	4	4	4	92
Other obligations (4)	33	34	25	25	29	192
Information technology contracts (5)	1	_	_	_	_	_
Pension and other postretirement funding (6)	30	31	31	31	31	159
Unsettled interest rate swap derivatives (7)	9	12	12	_	_	_
AEL&P total contractual obligations (8)	16	16	16	16	16	253
Other businesses (consolidated)						
total contractual obligations (9)	18	13	6	6	20	
Total contractual obligations	\$ 677	\$ 423	\$ 640	\$ 384	\$ 363	\$ 5,024

- (1) Represents our estimate of interest payments on long-term debt, which is calculated based on the assumption that all debt is outstanding until maturity. Interest on variable rate debt is calculated using the rate in effect at December 31, 2019.
- (2) Energy purchase contracts were entered into as part of the obligation to serve our retail electric and natural gas customers' energy requirements. As a result, costs are generally recovered either through base retail rates or adjustments to retail rates as part of the power and natural gas cost deferral and recovery mechanisms.
- (3) Primarily relates to an operating lease with the State of Montana for about \$4.0 million annually and expires in 2046. See "Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of this and our other leases.
- (4) Represents operating agreements, settlements and other contractual obligations for our generation, transmission and distribution facilities. These costs are generally recovered through base retail rates.
- (5) Includes information service contracts which are recorded to other operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income.
- (6) Represents our estimated cash contributions to pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans through 2024. We have only included pension and other postretirement funding through 2029 as we cannot reasonable estimate the amounts beyond that time period. This is consistent with the time period presented in "Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." This amount is above our contractually obligated amount.
- (7) Represents the net mark-to-market fair value of outstanding unsettled interest rate swap derivatives as of December 31, 2019. The values in the table above will change each period depending on fluctuations in market interest rates and could become either assets or liabilities. Also, the amounts in the table above are not reflective of cash collateral of \$6.8 million that is already posted with counterparties against the outstanding interest rate swap derivatives.
- (8) Primarily relates to long-term debt and finance lease maturities and the related interest. AEL&P contractual commitments also include contractually required capital project funding and operating and maintenance costs associated with the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project. These costs are generally recovered through base retail rates.
- (9) Primarily relates to venture fund commitments, and a commitment to fund a limited liability company in exchange for equity ownership, made by a subsidiary of Avista Capital. Also, there is a long-term debt maturity and the related interest associated with AERC.

The above contractual obligations do not include income tax payments. Also, asset retirement obligations are not included above and payments associated with these have historically been less than \$1 million per year. There are approximately \$20.3 million remaining asset retirement obligations as of December 31, 2019.

In addition to the contractual obligations disclosed above, we will incur additional operating costs and capital expenditures in future periods for which we are not contractually obligated as part of our normal business operations.

Competition

Our utility electric and natural gas distribution business has historically been recognized as a natural monopoly. In each regulatory

jurisdiction, our rates for retail electric and natural gas services (other than specially negotiated retail rates for industrial or large commercial customers, which are subject to regulatory review and approval) are generally determined on a "cost of service" basis. Rates are designed to provide, after recovery of allowable operating expenses and capital investments, an opportunity for us to earn a reasonable return on investment as allowed by our regulators.

In retail markets, we compete with various rural electric cooperatives and public utility districts in and adjacent to our service territories in the provision of service to new electric customers.

Alternative energy technologies, including customer-sited solar, wind or geothermal generation, or energy storage may also compete with us for sales to existing customers. Advances in power generation, energy efficiency, energy storage and other alternative energy technologies

could lead to more wide-spread usage of these technologies, thereby reducing customer demand for the energy supplied by us. This reduction in usage and demand would reduce our revenue and negatively impact our financial condition including possibly leading to our inability to fully recover our investments in generation, transmission and distribution assets. Similarly, our natural gas distribution operations compete with other energy sources including heating oil, propane and other fuels.

Certain natural gas customers could bypass our natural gas system, reducing both revenues and recovery of fixed costs. To reduce the potential for such bypass, we price natural gas services, including transportation contracts, competitively and have varying degrees of flexibility to price transportation and delivery rates by means of individual contracts. These individual contracts are subject to state regulatory review and approval. We have long-term transportation contracts with several of our largest industrial customers under which the customer acquires its own commodity while using our infrastructure for delivery. Such contracts reduce the risk of these customers bypassing our system in the foreseeable future and minimizes the impact on our earnings.

Also, non-utility businesses are developing new technologies and services to help energy consumers manage energy in new ways that may improve productivity and could alter demand for the energy we sell.

In wholesale markets, competition for available electric supply is influenced by the:

- · localized and system-wide demand for energy,
- type, capacity, location and availability of generation resources, and
- · variety and circumstances of market participants.

These wholesale markets are regulated by the FERC, which requires electric utilities to:

- transmit power and energy to or for wholesale purchasers and sellers,
- enlarge or construct additional transmission capacity for the purpose of providing these services, and
- transparently price and offer transmission services without favor to any party, including the merchant functions of the utility.

Participants in the wholesale energy markets include:

- other utilities,
- · federal power marketing agencies,
- · energy marketing and trading companies,
- · independent power producers,
- · financial institutions, and
- · commodity brokers.

Economic Conditions and Utility Load Growth

The general economic data, on both national and local levels, contained in this section is based, in part, on independent government and industry publications, reports by market research firms or other independent sources. While we believe that these publications and other sources are reliable, we have not independently verified such data and can make no representation as to its accuracy.

Avista Utilities

We track multiple economic indicators affecting the three largest metropolitan statistical areas in our Avista Utilities service area: Spokane, Washington, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and Medford, Oregon. The key indicators are employment change and unemployment rates. On an annual basis, 2019 showed positive job growth with mixed changes in the unemployment rates in all three metropolitan areas. However, the unemployment rates in Spokane and Medford are still above the national average. Other leading indicators, such as initial unemployment claims and residential building permits, signal continued growth over the next 12 months. Considering all relevant indicators, we expect economic growth in our service area in 2020 to be in-line with the U.S. as a whole.

Nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted) in our eastern Washington, northern Idaho, and southwestern Oregon metropolitan service areas exhibited moderate growth in 2019. In Spokane, Washington employment growth was 1.9 percent with gains in all major sectors except trade, transportation, and utilities. Employment increased by 2.5 percent in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, reflecting gains in all major sectors except; information; financial services; and government. In Medford, Oregon, employment growth was 0.8 percent, with gains in all major sectors except mining, logging, and construction; financial activities; professional and business services; and leisure and hospitality. U.S. nonfarm sector jobs grew by 1.6 percent over the same period.

Changes in the unemployment rate in 2019 were mixed. In Spokane the average rate was 5.4 percent in 2018 and increased to 5.6 percent in 2019; in Coeur d'Alene the average rate stayed at 3.5 in 2018 and 2019; and in Medford the average rate declined from 4.8 percent to 4.5 percent. The U.S. unemployment rate declined from 3.9 percent to 3.7 percent in 2019.

Alaska Electric Light and Power Company

Our AEL&P service area is centered in Juneau. Although Juneau is Alaska's state capital, it is not a metropolitan statistical area. This means breadth and frequency of economic data is more limited. Therefore, the dates of Juneau's economic data may significantly lag the period of this filing.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages for Juneau shows employment increased 1.1 percent between the first half of 2018 and first half of 2019. The employment increase was centered in natural resources and mining; manufacturing; trade, transportation, and utilities; financial activities; and professional and business services; education and health services. Government (including active duty military personnel) accounts for approximately 37 percent of total employment. Between 2018 and 2019, the unemployment rate increased from 4.4 percent to 4.6 percent.

Forecasted Customer and Load Growth

Based on our forecast for 2019 through 2023 for Avista Utilities' service area, we expect annual electric customer growth to average 1.1 percent, within a forecast range of 0.7 percent to 1.5 percent. We expect annual natural gas customer growth to average 1.6 percent, within a forecast range of 1 percent to 2.2 percent. We anticipate retail electric load growth to average 0.5 percent, within a forecast range of 0.2 percent and 0.8 percent. We expect natural gas load growth to average 1.1 percent, within a forecast range of 0.6 percent and 1.6 percent. The forecast ranges reflect (1) the inherent uncertainty

associated with the economic assumptions on which forecasts are based and (2) the historic variability of natural gas customer and load growth.

In AEL&P's service area, we expect no significant growth in residential, commercial and government customers for the period 2019 through 2023. We anticipate average annual total load growth will be in a narrow range around 0.3 percent, with residential load growth averaging 0.6 percent and commercial and government growth near 0 percent.

The forward-looking statements set forth above regarding retail load growth are based, in part, upon purchased economic forecasts and publicly available population and demographic studies. The expectations regarding retail load growth are also based upon various assumptions, including:

- assumptions relating to weather and economic and competitive conditions,
- internal analysis of company-specific data, such as energy consumption patterns,
- internal business plans,
- an assumption that we will incur no material loss of retail customers due to self-generation or retail wheeling, and
- an assumption that demand for electricity and natural gas as a fuel for mobility will for now be immaterial.

Changes in actual experience can vary significantly from our projections.

See also "Competition" above for a discussion of competitive factors that could affect our results of operations in the future.

Environmental Issues and Contingencies

We are subject to environmental regulation by federal, state and local authorities. The generation, transmission, distribution, service and storage facilities in which we have ownership interests are subject to environmental laws relating to site conditions, air emissions, wastewater and stormwater discharges, waste handling, and other similar activities. We conduct periodic reviews and audits of pertinent facilities and operations to enhance compliance and to respond to or anticipate emerging environmental issues. The Company's Board of Directors has established a committee to oversee environmental issues and to assess and manage environmental risk.

We monitor legislative and regulatory developments at different levels of government for environmental issues, particularly those with the potential to impact the operation and productivity of our generating plants and other assets.

Environmental laws and regulations may restrict or impact our business activities in many ways, including, but not limited to:

- · increase the operating costs of generating plants;
- increase the lead time and capital costs for the construction of new generating plants;
- · require modification of our existing generating plants;
- require existing generating plant operations to be curtailed or shut down;
- reduce the amount of energy available from our generating plants;
- restrict the types of generating plants that can be built or contracted with;

- require construction of specific types of generation plants at higher cost; and
- increase costs of distributing, or limit our ability to distribute, electricity and/or natural gas.

Compliance with environmental laws and regulations could result in increases to capital expenditures and operating expenses. We intend to seek recovery of any such costs through the ratemaking process.

Clean Energy Commitment

In April 2019, we announced a goal to serve our customers with 100 percent clean electricity by 2045 and to have a carbon-neutral supply of electricity by the end of 2027. To help achieve our goals and add to our clean electricity portfolio, in the last three years, we have implemented three renewable energy projects on behalf of our customers: the Community Solar project (0.4 MW) in Spokane Valley, Washington (owned by Avista Corp.), the Solar Select project (28 MW) in Lind, Washington (PPA), and the Rattlesnake Flat Wind project (144 MW) in Adams County, Washington (PPA).

To achieve our clean energy goals, we expect that energy storage and other technologies, which are either not currently available or are not cost-effective under a lowest reasonable cost regulatory standard, will advance such that it will allow us to meet our goals while also maintaining reliability and affordability for our customers. If the required technology is not available or not affordable in the future, we may not meet our predetermined goals in the timeframe we have forecasted. Meeting our clean energy goals may also require accommodation from economic regulatory agencies insofar as the Company may need to acquire emission offsets to meet its goals.

Climate Change

Legal and policy changes responding to concerns about long-term global climate changes, and the potential impacts of such changes, could have a significant effect on our business. Our operations could be affected by changes in laws and regulations intended to mitigate the risk of, or alter, global climate changes, including restrictions on the operation of our power generation resources and obligations or limitations imposed on the sale of natural gas. Changing temperatures and precipitation, including snowpack conditions, affect the availability and timing of streamflows, which impact hydroelectric generation. Extreme weather events could increase fire risks, service interruptions, outages and maintenance costs. Changing temperatures could also increase or decrease customer demand.

Our Clean Energy Council is an interdisciplinary team of management and other employees of the Company which regularly meets to discuss, assess and manage potential risks associated with long-term global climate change. Among other things, the Clean Energy Council:

- facilitates internal and external communications regarding climate change and related issues,
- analyzes policy effects, anticipates opportunities and evaluates strategies for the Company,
- develops recommendations on climate-related policy positions and action plans, and
- provides direction and oversight with respect to the Company's clean energy goals.

In addition to the Clean Energy Council, issues concerning climate-related risk and the Company's clean energy goals are reviewed and regularly discussed by the Board of Directors. The Board's Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee regularly reviews and discusses environmental and climate related risks, and advises the full Board on any critical or emerging risks and/or related policies. Likewise, the Audit Committee provides oversight of climate-related disclosures in the Company's financial statements.

Federal Regulatory Actions

The EPA released the final version of the Affordable Clean Energy (ACE) rule, the replacement for the Clean Power Plan (CPP), in June 2019. EPA's final rule does not contain any final action on the proposed modifications to the new source review (NSR) program that would provide coal-fired power plants more latitude to make efficiency improvements without triggering pre-construction permit requirements. The final ACE rule combines three distinct EPA actions.

First, EPA finalizes the repeal of the CPP.

Second, the EPA finalizes the ACE rule, which comprises EPA's determination of the Best System of Emissions Reduction (BSER) for existing coal-fired power plants and establishment of the procedures that will govern States' promulgation of standards of performance for existing electric utility generating units within their borders. EPA sets the final BSER as heat rate efficiency improvements based on a range of "candidate technologies" that can be applied to a plant's operating units and requires that each State determine which apply to each coal-fired unit based on consideration of remaining useful plant life.

Lastly, the EPA finalizes a number of changes to the implementing regulations for the timing of State plans for current and future Section 111(d) rulemakings. These regulatory actions have been challenged in federal court. With respect to the Colstrip Generation Station, the Montana Department of Environmental Protection (MDEQ) would initiate the BSER evaluation process. We cannot reasonably predict the timing or outcome of MDEQ's efforts, or estimate the extent to which Colstrip may be impacted at this time.

Washington Legislation and Regulatory Actions **Energy Independence Act (EIA)**

The EIA in Washington requires electric utilities with over 25,000 customers to acquire qualified renewable energy resources and/or renewable energy credits equal to 15 percent of the utility's total retail load in Washington in 2020. The EIA also requires these utilities to meet biennial energy conservation targets. The renewable energy standard increased from three percent in 2012 to nine percent in 2016 and to 15 percent in 2020. Failure to comply with renewable energy and efficiency standards could result in penalties of \$50 per MWh or greater assessed against a utility for each MWh it is deficient in meeting a standard. We meet the requirements of the EIA through a variety of renewable energy generating means, including, but not limited to, some combination of qualifying hydroelectric upgrades, wind, biomass and renewable energy credits.

Clean Air Rule

In September 2016, Ecology adopted the Clean Air Rule (CAR) to cap and reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions across the State of Washington in pursuit of the State's GHG goals, which were enacted in 2008 by the Washington State Legislature. The CAR applies to sources of annual GHG emissions in excess of 100,000 tons for the first

compliance period of 2017 through 2019; this threshold incrementally decreases to 70,000 metric tons beginning in 2035. The rule affects stationary sources and transportation fuel suppliers, as well as natural gas distribution companies. Ecology originally identified approximately 30 entities that would be regulated under the CAR. Parties covered by the regulation will be required to reduce emissions by 1.7 percent annually until 2035. Compliance can be demonstrated by achieving emission reductions and/or surrendering Emission Reduction Units (ERU), which are generated by parties that achieve reductions greater than required by the rule. Allowable ERUs can also take the form of renewable energy credits from renewable resources located in Washington, carbon emission offsets, and allowances acquired from an organized cap and trade market, such as the one operating in California. In addition to the CAR's applicability to our burning of fuel as an electric utility, the CAR would apply to us as a natural gas distribution company, for the emissions associated with the use of the natural gas we provide our customers who are not already covered under the regulation.

In September 2016, Avista Corp., Cascade Natural Gas Corp., NW Natural and Puget Sound Energy (PSE) (collectively, Petitioners) jointly filed an action in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Washington challenging Ecology's promulgated CAR. The four companies also filed litigation in Thurston County Superior Court.

The case in the U.S. District Court has been stayed while the state court case proceeded. On December 15, 2017, the Thurston County Superior Court issued a ruling invalidating the CAR. Ecology subsequently appealed the ruling, and the Washington State Supreme Court accepted review. On January 16, 2020, the Washington State Supreme Court issued a decision holding that the CAR was invalid as to non-emitters, such as natural gas distributors, but could be enforced against direct emitters, such as natural gas generation plants. The Court has remanded the matter to Thurston County Superior Court, where claims previously raised before, but not addressed by, that court may be revised with respect to, among other issues, alleged procedural infirmities. At this time, we are evaluating the potential impact of the surviving portion of the rule, if any, to our generation facilities, should their emissions exceed the rule's compliance threshold. The rule is not intended to apply to the Kettle Falls Generating Station. We plan to seek recovery of any costs related to compliance with the surviving portion of the CAR through the ratemaking process.

Clean Energy Transformation Act

In 2019, the Washington State Legislature passed the Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA), which requires Washington utilities to no longer allocate coal-fired resources to Washington retail customers by the end of 2025, and to achieve carbon neutrality by 2030 while meeting a minimum 80 percent of load through delivery of renewable or non-emitting resources to customers. The law has direct, specific impacts on Colstrip. The legislation sets-forth alternative compliance measures that can be pursued by an electric utility to offset emissions from fossil fuel generation. The CETA also requires utilities to meet 100 percent of load with renewable and non-emitting resources by 2045, although no penalties for failing to meet that standard were established. Our hydroelectric and biomass generation facilities are considered resources that can be used to comply with the CETA's clean energy standards. CETA also effectuated changes to laws governing the WUTC to acknowledge that it has the discretion to employ flexible regulatory mechanisms, which may be used to address issues associated with regulatory

lag. The law requires additional rulemaking by several Washington agencies for its measures to be enacted, which have not been issued to date. We intend to seek recovery of any costs associated with the clean energy legislation through the regulatory process.

Washington Policy Statement

In conjunction with the CETA, on January 31, 2020, the WUTC issued a policy statement concerning the treatment of used and useful plans in the context of rate filings, including in multi-year rate plans. This guidance should prove helpful in future filings. The policy statement intends to achieve four goals:

- ensure general consistency with longstanding ratemaking practices, principles, and standards;
- maintain flexibility in ratemaking;
- · avoid overly prescriptive guidance; and
- · support steamlined processes.

Emissions Performance Standard

Washington also applies a GHG emissions performance standard to electric generation facilities used to serve retail loads in their jurisdictions, whether the facilities are located within its state or elsewhere. The emissions performance standard prevents utilities from constructing or purchasing generation facilities, or entering into power purchase agreements of five years or longer duration to purchase energy produced by plants that, in any case, have emission levels higher than 1,100 pounds of GHG per MWh. The Washington State Department of Commerce reviews the standard every five years. In September 2018, it adopted a new standard of 925 pounds of GHG per MWh. We intend to seek recovery of costs related to ongoing and new requirements through the ratemaking process.

GHG Reduction Targets

The State of Washington has adopted non-binding targets to reduce GHG emissions. The State enacted its targets with an expectation of reaching the targets through a combination of renewable energy standards, eventual carbon pricing mechanisms, such as cap and trade regulation or a carbon tax, and assorted "complementary policies." However, no specific reductions are mandated as yet. The State's targets, originally enacted in 2008, have been the evaluated by state institutions against the aims of the Paris Climate Accord of 2016, which include limiting the increase in the global average temperatures to at least below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to restrict the temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels. We cannot reasonably predict how the state legislature may revise the State's targets in the future. We intend to seek recovery of any new costs associated with these reduction targets, or any new reduction targets, through the regulatory process.

Oregon Legislation and Regulatory Actions

GHG Reduction Targets

The State of Oregon has adopted non-binding targets to reduce GHG emissions. The State enacted its targets with an expectation of reaching the targets through a combination of renewable energy standards, eventual carbon pricing mechanisms, such as cap and trade regulation or a carbon tax, and assorted "complementary policies." However, no specific reductions are mandated as yet. The State's targets have been the evaluated by state institutions against the

aims of the Paris Climate Accord of 2016, which include limiting the increase in the global average temperatures to at least below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to restrict the temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels. We cannot reasonably predict how the state legislature may revise the State's targets in the future. We intend to seek recovery of any new costs associated with these reduction targets, or any new reduction targets, through the regulatory process.

Emissions Performance Standard

Like Washington, Oregon applies a GHG emissions performance standard to electric generation facilities, requiring that any new baseload natural gas plant, non-base load natural gas plant, and non-generating facility reduce its net carbon dioxide emissions 17% below the most efficient combustion-turbine plant in the United States. The Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council issues rules periodically to update the standard, as more efficient power plants are built in other states. The standard can be met by any combination of efficiency, cogeneration, and offsets from carbon dioxide mitigation measures. We intend to seek recovery of costs related to ongoing and new requirements through the ratemaking process.

Clean Electricity and Coal Transition Act

In Oregon, legislation was enacted in 2016 which requires Portland General Electric and PacifiCorp to remove coal-fired generation from their Oregon rate base by 2030. This legislation does not directly relate to Avista Corp. because Avista Corp. is not an electric utility in Oregon. However, because these two utilities, along with Avista Corp., hold minority interests in Colstrip, the legislation could indirectly impact Avista Corp., though specific impacts cannot be reasonably predicted at this time. While the legislation requires Portland General Electric and PacifiCorp to eliminate Colstrip from their rates, they would be permitted to sell the output of their shares of Colstrip into the wholesale market or, as is the case with PacifiCorp, reallocate generation from Colstrip to other states. We cannot predict the eventual outcome of actions arising from this legislation at this time or estimate the effect thereof on Avista Corp.; however, we intend to continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to our generation assets.

Colstrip-Specific Issues

Depreciation of Colstrip Assets

Colstrip Units 1 & 2, which we have no ownership in, were scheduled to close by 2022, but were closed in January 2020. We are still evaluating these closures for any financial impact applicable to us as joint owners of Units 3 & 4. We have received an order from the IPUC allowing us to accelerate the depreciation of our 15 percent ownership interest in Colstrip Units 3 & 4 to 2027. Similarly, in our 2019 Washington general rate case proposed settlement, the parties have agreed to accelerate the depreciation of our 15 percent ownership in Colstrip Units 3 & 4 to December 31, 2025. The proposed settlement in Washington is subject to WUTC approval. Our remaining investment in Colstrip Units 3 & 4 as of December 31, 2019 was \$119.2 million.

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

In April 2016, the Mercury Air Toxic Standards (MATS), an EPA rule for coal-and oil-fired sources, became effective for all Colstrip units. Colstrip has already implemented applicable MATS control measures to

comply with the MATS rule, and continues to monitor potential changes in the rule to determine additional compliance obligations, if any. Colstrip performs compliance assurance stack testing on a quarterly basis to meet the MATS site-wide limitation for Particulate Matter (PM) emissions (0.03 lbs./MMBtu). In June 2018, the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) was notified of a PM emission deviation by Talen, the plant operator, for the testing performed on June 21, 2018. As a result, Unit 3 was promptly removed from service. For similar reasons, Unit 4 was removed from service on June 29, 2018.

Talen proposed, and the MDEQ acknowledged, that limited operation of Units 3 & 4 for the evaluation of a corrective action and/ or data gathering related to potential corrective action was a prudent approach to solving the issue. An extensive inspection was conducted including: the coal supply, coal mills, boiler, combustion, ductwork, air preheater, scrubbers, and the stack. Talen implemented cleaning, adjustments, troubleshooting, testing, and other corrective actions. As a part of the corrective action, new flow balancing plates were installed in all Unit 3 & 4 scrubber vessels to further enhance PM removal efficiency.

PM testing in September 2018 on Units 3 & 4 demonstrated compliance with the MATS. Both of these compliance tests were witnessed by the MDEQ. With the passing of the PM testing with MATS compliance, Talen, the Colstrip Operator returned both Units 3 & 4 to service in September 2018.

Due to the June 2018 failure to meet the MATS standard, Colstrip Units 3 & 4 were subject to potential MDEQ enforcement action. In lieu of such an action, in December 2019, Talen and MDEQ entered a Stipulated Consent Decree providing for a cash penalty, partially offset by an agreement by Talen to fund specified Supplemental Environmental Projects, as well as additional monitoring activities. The total amount of the cash penalty allocable to Avista is not material. However, PacifiCorp, PSE, and Avista Corp. are all engaged in a consolidated proceeding before the WUTC to determine the recoverability of replacement power costs incurred during the period that Units 3 & 4 were out of service. These proceedings are discussed in Note 21 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Coal Ash Management/Disposal

In 2015, the EPA issued a final rule regarding coal combustion residuals (CCRs), also termed coal combustion byproducts or coal ash. The CCR rule has been the subject of ongoing litigation. In August 2018, the D.C. Circuit struck down provisions of the rule. Colstrip, of which we are a 15 percent owner of Units 3 & 4, produces this byproduct. On December 2, 2019, a proposed revision to the rule was published in the Federal Register to address the D.C. Circuit's decision. The rule includes technical requirements for CCR landfills and surface impoundments under Subtitle D of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the nation's primary law for regulating solid waste. The Colstrip owners developed a multi-year compliance plan to address the CCR requirements and existing state obligations (expressed largely through a 2012 Administrative Order on Consent). These requirements continue despite the 2018 federal court ruling.

Based on available information from Talen, we review and update our asset retirement obligations (AROs) periodically. See "Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for additional information regarding AROs. In addition, under a 2012 Administrative Order on Consent with MDEQ, the owners of Colstrip are required to provide financial assurance, primarily in the form of surety bonds, to

secure each owner's pro rata share of various anticipated closure and remediation obligations. The amount of financial assurance required of each owner may, like the AROs, vary substantially due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of anticipated closure and remediation activities, and as those activities are completed over time.

In addition to an increase to our AROs, it is expected that there will be significant compliance costs at Colstrip in the future. That will impact both operating and capital costs, due to a series of incremental infrastructure improvements which are separate from the AROs. We cannot reasonably estimate the future compliance costs; however, we will update our AROs and compliance cost estimates as appropriate.

The actual asset retirement costs and future compliance costs related to the CCR rule requirements may vary substantially from the estimates used to record the AROs due to uncertainty about the compliance strategies that will be used and the nature of available data used to estimate costs, such as the quantity of coal ash present at certain sites and the volume of fill that will be needed to cap and cover certain impoundments. We intend to coordinate with the plant operator and continue to gather additional data in future periods to make decisions about compliance strategies and the timing of closure activities. As additional information becomes available, we intend to update the AROs and future nonretirement compliance costs for these changes in estimates, which could be material. We expect to seek recovery of increased costs related to complying with the CCR rule and related requirements through the ratemaking process.

Colstrip Coal Contract

Colstrip, which is operated by Talen Montana, is supplied with fuel from adjacent coal reserves under coal supply and transportation agreements. The contract for coal supply extended through 2019. Several of the co-owners of Colstrip, including the Company, have since negotiated an extension to the coal contract that runs through December 31, 2025. In January 2020, the Staff of the WUTC submitted a Petition to Initiate Joint Investigation to the Commission to investigate the contract. In their petition, the WUTC Staff is proposing one proceeding involving the three joint owners of Colstrip Units 3 & 4 and the focus of their proposed investigation is to review the overall prudency of the new contract and any production tax credits associated with the contract.

PSE Sale of Colstrip Unit 4

On December 10, 2019, PSE announced that it had entered into an agreement to sell its share of Colstrip Unit 4 to NorthWestern Energy, along with certain related transmission rights and assets. On February 20, 2020, PSE filed its application with the WUTC for an order authorizing the sale of all its interests in Colstrip Unit 4. The transaction is subject to approval from both the MPSC and the WUTC, as well as a right of first refusal held by the Co-Owners of Colstrip Units 3 & 4. If the transaction is successfully completed, PSE would continue to own an interest in Colstrip Unit 3 and would purchase energy generated by Colstrip Unit 4 from NorthWestern Energy until 2025. As a 15 percent owner in Colstrip Units 3 & 4, we are still evaluating the proposed transaction and what actions, if any, we might take. We cannot reasonably estimate the effect of the transaction, should it occur, on the future ownership, operation and operating costs of our share of Colstrip Units 3 & 4.

Clean Air Act (CAA)

The CAA creates a number of requirements for our thermal generating plants. Colstrip, Kettle Falls GS, Coyote Springs and Rathdrum CT all require CAA Title V operating permits. The Boulder Park GS, Northeast CT and a number of other operations require minor source permits or simple source registration permits. We have secured these permits and certify our compliance with Title V permits on an annual basis. These requirements can change over time as the CAA or applicable implementing regulations are amended and new permits are issued. We actively monitor legislative, regulatory and other program developments of the CAA that may impact our facilities.

Threatened and Endangered Species and Wildlife

A number of species of fish in the Northwest are listed as threatened or endangered under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA). Efforts to protect these and other species have not significantly impacted generation levels at our hydroelectric facilities, nor operations of our thermal plants or electrical distribution and transmission system. We are implementing fish protection measures at our hydroelectric project on the Clark Fork River under a 45-year FERC operating license for Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids (issued March 2001) that incorporates a comprehensive settlement agreement. The restoration of native salmonid fish, including bull trout, is a key part of the agreement. The result is a collaborative native salmonid restoration program with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Native American tribes and the states of Idaho and Montana on the lower Clark Fork River, consistent with requirements of the FERC license. The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service issued an updated Critical Habitat Designation for bull trout in 2010 that includes the lower Clark Fork River, as well as portions of the Coeur d'Alene basin within our Spokane River Project area, and issued a final Bull Trout Recovery Plan under the ESA. Issues related to these activities are expected to be resolved through the ongoing collaborative effort of our Clark Fork and Spokane River FERC licenses.

Various statutory authorities, including the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, have established penalties for the unauthorized take of migratory birds. Because we operate facilities that can pose risks to a variety of such birds, we have developed and follow an avian protection plan.

We are also aware of other threatened and endangered species and issues related to them that could be impacted by our operations and we make every effort to comply with all laws and regulations relating to these threatened and endangered species. We expect costs associated with these compliance efforts to be recovered through the ratemaking process.

Cabinet Gorge Total Dissolved Gas Abatement Plan

Dissolved atmospheric gas levels (referred to as "Total Dissolved Gas" or "TDG") in the Clark Fork River exceed state of Idaho and federal water quality numeric standards downstream of Cabinet Gorge particularly during periods when excess river flows must be diverted over the spillway. Under the terms of the Clark Fork Settlement Agreement as incorporated in Avista Corp.'s FERC license for the Clark Fork Project, Avista Corp. works in consultation with agencies, tribes and other stakeholders to address this issue through structural modifications to the spillgates, monitoring and analysis. The Company intends to continue to work with stakeholders to determine the degree to which TDG abatement reduces future mitigation obligations. The Company has sought, and intends to continue to seek recovery,

through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

Other

For other environmental issues and other contingencies see "Note 21 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Enterprise Risk Management

The material risks to our businesses are discussed in "Item
1A. Risk Factors," "Forward-Looking Statements," as well as
"Environmental Issues and Contingencies." The following discussion
focuses on our mitigation processes and procedures to address
these risks

We consider the management of these risks an integral part of managing our core businesses and a key element of our approach to corporate governance.

Risk management includes identifying and measuring various forms of risk that may affect the Company. We have an enterprise risk management process for managing risks throughout our organization. Our Board of Directors and its Committees take an active role in the oversight of risk affecting the Company. Our risk management department facilitates the collection of risk information across the Company, providing senior management with a consolidated view of the Company's major risks and risk mitigation measures. Each area identifies risks and implements the related mitigation measures. The enterprise risk process supports management in identifying, assessing, quantifying, managing and mitigating the risks. Despite all risk mitigation measures, however, risks are not eliminated.

Our primary identified categories of risk exposure are:

- Utility regulatory
- Operational
- Cyber and Technology
- Strategic
- External mandates
- Financial
- · Energy commodity
- Compliance

Our primary categories of risks are described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

Utility Regulatory Risk

Regulatory risk is mitigated through a separate regulatory group which communicates with commission regulators and staff regarding the Company's business plans and concerns. The regulatory group also considers the regulator's priorities and rate policies and makes recommendations to senior management on regulatory strategy for the Company. Oversight of our regulatory strategies and policies is performed by senior management and our Board of Directors. See "Regulatory Matters" for further discussion of regulatory matters affecting our Company.

Operational Risk

To manage operational and event risks, we maintain emergency operating plans, business continuity and disaster recovery plans, maintain insurance coverage against some, but not all, potential losses and seek to negotiate indemnification arrangements with contractors for certain event risks. In addition, we design and follow detailed

vegetation management and asset management inspection plans, which help mitigate wildfire and storm event risks, as well as identify utility assets which may be failing and in need of repair or replacement. We also have an Emergency Operating Center, which is a team of employees that plan for and train to deal with potential emergencies or unplanned outages at our facilities, resulting from natural disasters or other events. To prevent unauthorized access to our facilities, we have both physical and cyber security in place.

To address the risk related to fuel cost, availability and delivery restraints, we have an energy resources risk policy, which includes our wholesale energy markets credit policy and control procedures to manage energy commodity price and credit risks. Development of the energy resources risk policy includes planning for sufficient capacity to meet our customer and wholesale energy delivery obligations. See further discussion of the energy resources risk policy below.

Oversight of the operational risk management process is performed by the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors and from senior management with input from each operating department.

Cyber and Technology Risk

We mitigate cyber and technology risk through trainings and exercises at all levels of the Company. The Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors along with senior management are regularly briefed on security policy, programs and incidents. Annual cyber and physical training and testing of employees are included in our enterprise security program. Our enterprise business continuity program facilitates business impact analysis of core functions for development of emergency operating plans, and coordinates annual testing and training exercises.

Technology governance is led by senior management, which includes new technology strategy, risk planning and major project planning and approval. The technology project management office and enterprise capital planning group provide project cost, timeline and schedule oversight. In addition, there are independent third-party audits of our critical infrastructure security program and our business risk security controls.

We have a Technology department dedicated to securing, maintaining, evaluating and developing our information technology systems. There are regular training sessions for the technology and security team. This group also evaluates the Company's technology for obsolescence and makes recommendations for upgrading or replacing systems as necessary. Additionally, this group monitors for intrusion and security events that may include a data breach or attack on our operations.

Strategic Risk

Oversight of our strategic risk is performed by the Board of Directors and senior management. We have a Chief Strategy Officer who leads strategic initiatives, to search for and evaluate opportunities for the Company and makes recommendations to senior management. We not only focus on whether opportunities are financially viable, but also consider whether these opportunities fall within our core policies and our core business strategies. We mitigate our reputational risk primarily through a focus on adherence to our core policies, including our Code of Conduct, maintaining an appropriate Company culture and tone at the top, and through communication and engagement of our external stakeholders.

External Mandates Risk

Oversight of our external mandate risk mitigation strategies is performed by the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors and senior management. We have a Clean Energy Council which meets internally to assess the potential impacts of climate policy to our business and to identify strategies to plan for change. We also have employees dedicated to actively engage and monitor federal, state and local government positions and legislative actions that may affect us or our customers.

To prevent the threat of municipalization, we work to build strong relationships with the communities we serve through, among other things:

- communication and involvement with local business leaders and community organizations,
- providing customers with a multitude of limited income initiatives, including energy fairs, senior outreach and low income workshops, mobile outreach strategy and a Low Income Rate Assistance Plan,
- tailoring our internal company initiatives to focus on choices for our customers, to increase their overall satisfaction with the Company, and
- engaging in the legislative process in a manner that fosters the interests of our customers and the communities we serve.

Financial Risk

Our Regulatory department is critical in mitigation of financial risk as they have regular communications with state commission regulators and staff and they monitor and develop rate strategies for the Company. Rate strategies, such as decoupling, help mitigate the impacts of revenue fluctuations due to weather, conservation or the economy. We also have a Treasury department that monitors our daily cash position and future cash flow needs, as well as monitoring market conditions to determine the appropriate course of action for capital financing and/or hedging strategies. Oversight of our financial risk mitigation strategies is performed by senior management and the Finance Committee of our Board of Directors.

Weather Risk

To partially mitigate the risk of financial under-performance due to weather-related factors, we developed decoupling rate mechanisms that were approved by the Washington, Idaho and Oregon commissions. Decoupling mechanisms are designed to break the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage and instead provide revenue based on the number of customers, thus mitigating a large portion of the risk associated with lower customer loads. See "Regulatory Matters" for further discussion of our decoupling mechanisms.

Access to Capital Markets

Our capital requirements rely to a significant degree on regular access to capital markets. We actively engage with rating agencies, banks, investors and state public utility commissions to understand and address the factors that support access to capital markets on reasonable terms. We manage our capital structure to maintain a financial risk profile that we believe these parties will deem prudent. We forecast cash requirements to determine liquidity needs, including sources and variability of cash flows that may arise from our spending plans or from external forces, such as changes in energy prices or interest rates. Our financial and operating forecasts consider various

metrics that affect credit ratings. Our regulatory strategies include working with state public utility commissions and filing for rate changes as appropriate to meet financial performance expectations.

Interest Rate Risk

Uncertainty about future interest rates causes risk related to a portion of our existing debt, our future borrowing requirements, and our pension and other postretirement benefit obligations. We manage debt interest rate exposure by limiting our variable rate debt to a percentage of total capitalization of the Company. We hedge a portion of our interest rate risk on forecasted debt issuances with financial derivative instruments. The Finance Committee of our Board of Directors periodically reviews and discusses interest rate risk management processes and the steps management has undertaken to control interest rate risk. Our RMC also reviews our interest rate risk management plan. Additionally, interest rate risk is managed by monitoring market conditions when timing the issuance of long-term debt and optional debt redemptions and establishing fixed rate long-term debt with varying maturities.

Our interest rate swap derivatives are considered economic hedges against the future forecasted interest rate payments of our long-term debt. Interest rates on our long-term debt are generally set based on underlying U.S. Treasury rates plus credit spreads, which are based on our credit ratings and prevailing market prices for debt. The interest rate swap derivatives hedge against changes in the U.S. Treasury rates but do not hedge the credit spread.

Even though we work to manage our exposure to interest rate risk by locking in certain long-term interest rates through interest rate swap derivatives, if market interest rates decrease below the interest rates we have locked in, this will result in a liability related to our interest rate swap derivatives, which can be significant. However, through our regulatory accounting practices similar to our energy commodity derivatives, any interim mark-to-market gains or losses are offset by regulatory assets and liabilities. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the cash payments made or received are recorded as a regulatory asset or liability and are subsequently amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the associated debt. The settled interest rate swap derivatives are also included as a part of Avista Corp.'s cost of debt calculation for ratemaking purposes.

The following table summarizes our interest rate swap derivatives outstanding as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands):

		2019		2018
Number of agreements		20		21
Notional amount	\$	215,000	\$	235,000
Mandatory cash settlement dates	202	20 to 2023	20	19 to 2022
Short-term derivative assets (1)	\$	589	\$	5,283
Long-term derivative assets (1)		_		4,843
Short-term derivative liability (1) (2)		(7,825)		_
Long-term derivative liability (1) (2)		(18,498)		(6,861)

- There are offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities for these items on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in accordance with regulatory accounting practices.
- (2) The balance as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 reflects the offsetting of \$6.8 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of cash collateral against the net derivative positions where a legal right of offset exists.

We estimate that a 10-basis-point increase in forward LIBOR interest rates as of December 31, 2019 would increase the interest rate swap derivative net liability by \$5.1 million, while a 10-basis-point decrease would decrease the interest rate swap derivative net liability by \$5.4 million.

We estimated that a 10-basis-point increase in forward LIBOR interest rates as of December 31, 2018 would have increased the interest rate swap derivative net liability by \$4.3 million, while a 10-basis-point decrease would decrease the interest rate swap derivative net liability by \$4.4 million.

The interest rate on \$51.5 million of long-term debt to affiliated trusts is adjusted quarterly, reflecting current market rates. Amounts borrowed under our committed line of credit agreements have variable interest rates.

The following table shows our long-term debt (including current portion) and related weighted-average interest rates, by expected maturity dates as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
Fixed rate long-term debt ⁽¹⁾ \$	52,000 \$	- \$	250,000 \$	13,500 \$	15,000	\$ 1,580,000	1,910,500	\$ 2,173,089
Weighted-average interest rate	3.89%	_	5.13%	7.35%	3.44%	4.50%	4.58%	
Variable rate long-term								
debt to affiliated trusts	_	_	_	_	—	\$ 51,547	\$ 51,547	\$ 41,238
Weighted-average interest rate	_	_	_	_	_	2.79%	2.79%	

(1) These balances include the fixed rate long-term debt of Avista Corp., AEL&P and AERC.

Our pension plan is exposed to interest rate risk because the value of pension obligations and other postretirement obligations varies directly with changes in the discount rates, which are derived from end-of-year market interest rates. In addition, the value of pension investments and potential income on pension investments is partially affected by interest rates because a portion of pension investments

are in fixed income securities. Oversight of our pension plan investment strategies is performed by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors, which approves investment and funding policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan. We manage interest rate risk associated with our pension and other postretirement benefit plans by investing a targeted amount of pension

plan assets in fixed income investments that have maturities with similar profiles to future projected benefit obligations. See "Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further discussion of our investment policy associated with the pension assets.

Credit Risk

Counterparty Non-Performance Risk

Counterparty non-performance risk relates to potential losses that we would incur as a result of non-performance of contractual obligations by counterparties to deliver energy or make financial settlements.

Changes in market prices may dramatically alter the size of credit risk with counterparties, even when we establish conservative credit limits. Should a counterparty fail to perform, we may be required to honor the underlying commitment or to replace existing contracts with contracts at then-current market prices.

We enter into bilateral transactions with various counterparties. We also trade energy and related derivative instruments through clearinghouse exchanges.

We seek to mitigate credit risk by:

- · transacting through clearinghouse exchanges,
- entering into bilateral contracts that specify credit terms and protections against default,
- applying credit limits and duration criteria to existing and prospective counterparties,
- · actively monitoring current credit exposures,
- · asserting our collateral rights with counterparties, and
- · carrying out transaction settlements timely and effectively.

The extent of transactions conducted through exchanges has increased, as many market participants have shown a preference toward exchange trading and have reduced bilateral transactions. We actively monitor the collateral required by such exchanges to effectively manage our capital requirements.

Counterparties' credit exposure to us is dynamic in normal markets and may change significantly in more volatile markets. The amount of potential default risk to us from each counterparty depends on the extent of forward contracts, unsettled transactions, interest rates and market prices. There is a risk that we do not obtain sufficient additional collateral from counterparties that are unable or unwilling to provide it.

Credit Risk Liquidity Considerations

To address the impact on our operations of energy market price volatility, our hedging practices for electricity (including fuel for generation) and natural gas extend beyond the current operating year. Executing this extended hedging program may increase credit risk and demands for collateral. Our credit risk management process is designed to mitigate such credit risks through limit setting, contract protections and counterparty diversification, among other practices.

Credit risk affects demands on our capital. We are subject to limits and credit terms that counterparties may assert to allow us to enter into transactions with them and maintain acceptable credit exposures. Many of our counterparties allow unsecured credit at limits prescribed by agreements or their discretion. Capital requirements for certain transaction types involve a combination of initial margin and market value margins without any unsecured credit threshold. Counterparties

may seek assurances of performance from us in the form of letters of credit, prepayment or cash deposits.

Credit exposure can change significantly in periods of commodity price and interest rate volatility. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made against our credit facilities and cash. We actively monitor the exposure to possible collateral calls and take steps to minimize capital requirements.

As of December 31, 2019, we had cash deposited as collateral of \$7.8 million and letters of credit of \$17.4 million outstanding related to our energy derivative contracts. Price movements and/or a downgrade in our credit ratings could impact further the amount of collateral required. See "Credit Ratings" for further information.

For example, in addition to limiting our ability to conduct transactions, if our credit ratings were lowered to below "investment grade" based on our positions outstanding at December 31, 2019 (including contracts that are considered derivatives and those that are considered non-derivatives), we would potentially be required to post the following additional collateral (in thousands):

	2019
Additional collateral taking into account	
contractual thresholds	\$ 5,888
Additional collateral without contractual thresholds	7,089

Under the terms of interest rate swap derivatives that we enter into periodically, we may be required to post cash or letters of credit as collateral depending on fluctuations in the fair value of the instrument. As of December 31, 2019, we had interest rate swap agreements outstanding with a notional amount totaling \$215.0 million and we had deposited cash in the amount of \$6.8 million as collateral for these interest rate swap derivatives.

If our credit ratings were lowered to below "investment grade" based on our interest rate swap derivatives outstanding at December 31, 2019, we would potentially be required to post the following additional collateral (in thousands):

	2019
Additional collateral taking into account	
contractual thresholds	\$ 7,000
Additional collateral without contractual thresholds	26 912

Foreign Currency Risk

A significant portion of our utility natural gas supply (including fuel for electric generation) is obtained from Canadian sources. Most of those transactions are executed in U.S. dollars, which avoids foreign currency risk. A portion of our short-term natural gas transactions and long-term Canadian transportation contracts are committed based on Canadian currency prices. The short-term natural gas transactions are typically settled within sixty days with U.S. dollars. We hedge a portion of the foreign currency risk by purchasing Canadian currency exchange derivatives when such commodity transactions are initiated. This risk has not had a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows and these differences in cost related to currency fluctuations are included with natural gas supply costs for ratemaking.

Further information for derivatives and fair values is disclosed at "Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Note 17 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."

Energy Commodity Risk

We mitigate energy commodity risk primarily through our energy resources risk policy, which includes oversight from the RMC and oversight from the Audit Committee and the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of our Board of Directors. In conjunction with the oversight committees, our management team develops hedging strategies, detailed resource procurement plans, resource optimization strategies and long-term integrated resource planning to mitigate some of the risk associated with energy commodities. The various plans and strategies are monitored daily and developed with quantitative methods.

Our energy resources risk policy includes our wholesale energy markets credit policy and control procedures to manage energy commodity price and credit risks. Nonetheless, adverse changes in commodity prices, generating capacity, customer loads, regulation and other factors may result in losses of earnings, cash flows and/or fair values.

We measure the volume of monthly, quarterly and annual energy imbalances between projected power loads and resources. The measurement process is based on expected loads at fixed prices (including those subject to retail rates) and expected resources to the extent that costs are essentially fixed by virtue of known fuel supply costs or projected hydroelectric conditions. To the extent that expected costs are not fixed, either because of volume mismatches between loads and resources or because fuel cost is not locked in through fixed price contracts or derivative instruments, our risk policy guides the

process to manage this open forward position over a period of time. Normal operations result in seasonal mismatches between power loads and available resources. We are able to vary the operation of generating resources to match parts of intra-hour, hourly, daily and weekly load fluctuations. We use the wholesale power markets, including the natural gas market as it relates to power generation fuel, to sell projected resource surpluses and obtain resources when deficits are projected. We buy and sell fuel for thermal generation facilities based on comparative power market prices and marginal costs of fueling and operating available generating facilities and the relative economics of substitute market purchases for generating plant operation.

To address the impact on our operations of energy market price volatility, our hedging practices for electricity (including fuel for generation) and natural gas extend beyond the current operating year. Executing this extended hedging program may increase our credit risks. Our credit risk management process is designed to mitigate such credit risks through limit setting, contract protections and counterparty diversification, among other practices.

Our projected retail natural gas loads and resources are regularly reviewed by operating management and the RMC. To manage the impacts of volatile natural gas prices, we seek to procure natural gas through a diversified mix of spot market purchases and forward fixed price purchases from various supply basins and time periods. We have an active hedging program that extends into future years with the goal of reducing price volatility in our natural gas supply costs. We use natural gas storage capacity to support high demand periods and to procure natural gas when price spreads are favorable. Securing prices throughout the year and even into subsequent years mitigates potential adverse impacts of significant purchase requirements in a volatile price environment.

The following table presents energy commodity derivative fair values as a net asset or (liability) as of December 31, 2019 that are expected to settle in each respective year (dollars in thousands). There are no expected deliveries of energy commodity derivatives after 2022:

						Purchases						Sales
	Electri	ic I)erivatives		Gas E)erivatives		Electric I	Derivatives		Gas I)erivatives
Year	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	_	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	_	Physical (1)	Financial (1)
2020	\$ 19	\$	2,063	\$	(895) \$	10,929	\$	(422) \$	(7,448)	\$	(1,634) \$	(8,922)
2021	_		_		15	2,666		_	(26)		(1,187)	(1,941)
2022	_		_		35	180		_	_		_	(5)

The following table presents energy commodity derivative fair values as a net asset or (liability) as of December 31, 2018 that were expected to settle in each respective year (dollars in thousands). There were no expected deliveries of energy commodity derivatives after 2021:

					Purchases							Sales
	Electric I	Derivatives		Gas I	Derivatives		Electric	Derivatives		Gas I	Deri	ivatives
Year	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	Physical (1)	Financial (1)		Physical (1)	Financial)	Physical (1)	Fi	inancial (1)
2019	\$ (2,238) \$	7,289	\$	(991) \$	(32,285)	5	34 \$	(19,047)	\$	(443) 5	\$	6,252
2020	_	_		(1,266)	(7,797)		(28)	(4,044)		(1,517)		(240)
2021	_	_		_	(1,393)		_	_		(629)		47

(1) Physical transactions represent commodity transactions where we will take or make delivery of either electricity or natural gas; financial transactions represent derivative instruments with delivery of cash in the amount of the benefit or cost but with no physical delivery of the commodity, such as futures, swap derivatives, options, or forward contracts.

The above electric and natural gas derivative contracts will be included in either power supply costs or natural gas supply costs during the period they are delivered and will be included in the various deferral

and recovery mechanisms (ERM, PCA, and PGAs), or in the general rate case process, and are expected to eventually be collected through retail rates from customers.

See "Item 1. Business—Electric Operations" and "Item 1.
Business—Natural Gas Operations," for additional discussion of the risks associated with Energy Commodities.

Compliance Risk

Compliance risk is mitigated through separate Regulatory and Environmental Compliance departments that monitor legislation, regulatory orders and actions to determine the overall potential impact to our Company and develop strategies for complying with the various rules and regulations. We also engage outside attorneys and consultants, when necessary, to help ensure compliance with laws and regulations. Oversight of our compliance risk strategy is performed by senior management, including our Chief Compliance Officer, and the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee and the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

See "Item 1. Business—Regulatory Issues" through "Item 1. Business—Reliability Standards" and "Environmental Issues and Contingencies" for further discussion of compliance issues that impact our Company.

ITEM 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The information required by this item is set forth in the Enterprise Risk Management section of "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis" and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and Financial Statements begin on the next page.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Avista Corporation

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Avista Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 25, 2020, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Regulatory Matters—Refer to Notes 1, 21, and 22 to the Financial Statements Critical Audit Matter Description

The Company accounts for its regulated operations in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 980, Regulated Operations ("ASC 980"). The provisions of this accounting guidance require, among other things, that financial statements of a rate-regulated enterprise reflect the actions of regulators, where appropriate. These actions may result in the recognition of revenues and expenses in time periods that are different than non-rate-regulated enterprises. When this occurs, costs are deferred as assets in the balance sheet (regulatory assets) and recorded as expenses when those amounts are reflected in rates. Also, regulators can impose liabilities upon a regulated company for amounts previously collected from customers and for recovery of costs that are expected to be incurred in the future (regulatory liabilities).

The Company is subject to regulation by the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (the "WUTC"), the Idaho Public Utility Commission (the "IPUC"), the Public Utility Commission of Oregon (the "OPUC"), the Public Service Commission of the State of Montana (the "MPSC") and the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (the "RCA") (collectively, the "Commissions"), which have jurisdiction with respect to, among other things, the rates of electric and natural gas distribution companies in Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Montana, and Alaska, respectively.

Accounting for the economics of rate regulation has an impact on multiple financial statement line items and disclosures, such as property, plant, and equipment, regulatory assets and liabilities, operating revenues, operation and maintenance expense, and depreciation expense.

The Company's rates are subject to the rate-setting processes of the Commissions and, in certain jurisdictions, annual earnings oversight.

Rates are determined and approved in regulatory proceedings based on analyses of the Company's costs to provide utility service and are designed to recover the Company's prudently incurred investments in the utility business and provide a return thereon. Decisions to be made by the Commissions in the future will impact the accounting for regulated operations under ASC 980 as described above. While the Company has indicated that it expects to recover costs from customers through regulated rates, there is a risk that the Commissions will not approve (1) full recovery of the costs of providing utility service or (2) full recovery of all amounts invested in the utility business and a reasonable return on that investment.

We identified the impact of rate regulation as a critical audit matter due to the significant judgments made by management to support its assertions about affected account balances and disclosures and the high degree of subjectivity involved in assessing the impact of future regulatory orders on the financial statements. Management judgments include assessing the likelihood of (1) recovery in future rates of incurred costs, (2) a disallowance of part of the cost of recently completed plant or plant under construction and (3) refunds to customers. Given that management's accounting judgments are based on assumptions about the outcome of future decisions by the Commission, auditing these judgments required specialized knowledge of accounting for rate regulation and the rate setting process due to its inherent complexities.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the uncertainty of future decisions by the Commissions included the following procedures, among others:

- · We tested the effectiveness of management's controls over the evaluation of the likelihood of (1) the recovery in future rates of costs incurred as property, plant, and equipment and deferred as regulatory assets and (2) a refund or a future reduction in rates that should be reported as regulatory liabilities. We also tested the effectiveness of management's controls over the initial recognition of amounts as property, plant and equipment; regulatory assets or liabilities; and the monitoring and evaluation of regulatory developments that may affect the likelihood of recovering costs in future rates or of a future reduction in rates.
- · We evaluated the Company's disclosures related to the impacts of rate regulation, including the balances recorded and regulatory developments.
- We read relevant regulatory orders issued by the Commissions for the Company and other public utilities in the Company's jurisdictions, regulatory statutes, interpretations, procedural memorandums, filings made by interveners, and other publicly available information to assess the likelihood of recovery in future rates or of a future reduction in rates based on the precedents of the Commissions' treatment of similar costs under similar circumstances. We evaluated the external information and compared it to management's recorded regulatory asset and liability balances for completeness.
- · We inspected the Company's filings with the Commissions and the filings with the Commissions by intervenors that may impact the Company's future rates, evaluating the evidence in relation to management's assertions, as applicable.
- We inquired of management about property, plant, and equipment that may be abandoned. We inspected the capital-projects budget and construction-work-in-process listings and inquired of management to identify projects that are designed to replace assets that may be retired prior to the end of their useful life. We inspected minutes of the Board of Directors and regulatory orders and other filings with the Commissions, evaluating the evidence in relation to management's assertions, as applicable, regarding probability of
- · We obtained an analysis from management regarding probability of recovery for regulatory assets or probability of either refund or future reduction in rates for regulatory liabilities not yet addressed in a regulatory order in order to assess management's assertion that amounts are probable of recovery and/or that a future refund or reduction in rates is not probable.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Seattle, Washington February 25, 2020

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1933.

Consolidated Statements of Income

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

	2019	2018	2017
Operating Revenues:			
Utility revenues:			
Utility revenues, exclusive of alternative revenue programs	\$ 1,323,524	\$ 1,368,657	\$ 1,442,980
Alternative revenue programs	9,614	908	(19,594
Total utility revenues	1,333,138	1,369,565	1,423,386
Non-utility revenues	12,484	27,328	22,543
Total operating revenues	1,345,622	1,396,893	1,445,929
Operating Expenses:			
Utility operating expenses:			
Resource costs	439,817	494,736	524,566
Other operating expenses	345,212	318,274	310,143
Merger transaction costs	19,675	3,718	14,618
Depreciation and amortization	205,365	182,877	171,281
Taxes other than income taxes	105,652	107,295	106,752
Non-utility operating expenses:			
Other operating expenses	18,883	28,081	25,650
Depreciation and amortization	629	799	740
Total operating expenses	1,135,233	1,135,780	1,153,750
Income from operations	210,389	261,113	292,179
Interest expense	103,012	99,715	95,361
Interest expense to affiliated trusts	1,342	1,221	831
Capitalized interest	(4,174)	(3,939)	(3,310
Merger termination fee	(103,000)	_	_
Other expense (income)—net	(14,928)	1,458	607
Income before income taxes	228,137	162,658	198,690
Income tax expense	31,374	26,060	82,758
Net income	196,763	136,598	115,932
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	216	(169)	(16
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 196,979	\$ 136,429	\$ 115,916
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (thousands)—basic	66,205	65,673	64,496
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (thousands)—diluted	66,329	65,946	64,806
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders:			
Basic	\$ 2.98	\$ 2.08	\$ 1.80
Diluted	\$ 2.97	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.79

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2019	2018	2017
Net income:	\$ 196,763	\$ 136,598	\$ 115,932
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):			
Change in unfunded benefit obligation for pension and other			
postretirement benefit plans—net of taxes of \$(636), \$523 and \$(281), respectively	(2,393)	1,966	(522)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,393)	1,966	(522)
Comprehensive income	194,370	138,564	115,410
Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	216	(169)	(16)
Comprehensive income attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders	\$ 194,586	\$ 138,395	\$ 115,394

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

Avista Corporation
As of December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2019	20
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,896	\$ 14,6
Accounts and notes receivable-less allowances of \$2,419 and \$5,233, respectively	166,657	165,8
Materials and supplies, fuel stock and stored natural gas	66,583	63,8
Regulatory assets	21,851	48,5
Other current assets	40,142	54,0
Total current assets	305,129	346,9
Net utility property	4,797,007	4,648,9
Goodwill	52,426	57,6
Non-current regulatory assets	670,802	614,3
Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets	257,092	114,6
Total assets	\$ 6,082,456	\$ 5,782,5
Liabilities and Equity:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 110,219	\$ 108,3
Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases	52,000	107,6
Short-term borrowings	185,800	190,0
Regulatory liabilities	51,715	113,2
Other current liabilities	130,979	120,3
Total current liabilities	530,713	639,5
Long-term debt and capital leases	1,843,768	1,755,5
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts	51,547	51,5
Pensions and other postretirement benefits	212,006	222,5
Deferred income taxes	528,513	487,6
Non-current regulatory liabilities	775,436	780,7
Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	201,189	71,0
Total liabilities	4,143,172	4,008,5
Commitments and Contingencies (See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements)		
Equity:		
Avista Corporation Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock, no par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 67,176,996 and		
65,688,356 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	1,210,741	1,136,4
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(10,259)	(7,8
Retained earnings	738,802	644,5
Total Avista Corporation shareholders' equity	1,939,284	1,773,2
Noncontrolling Interests	_	8
Total equity	1,939,284	1,774,0
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 6,082,456	\$ 5,782,5

 ${\it The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements}.$

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2019		2018		2017
perating Activities:					
Net income	\$ 196,763	\$	136,598	\$	115,932
Non-cash items included in net income:					
Depreciation and amortization	205,994		187,318		175,655
Provision for deferred income taxes	15,098		8,570		69,657
Power and natural gas cost amortizations (deferrals)—net	(45,917)		10,263		11,741
Amortization of debt expense	2,680		2,967		3,254
Amortization of investment in exchange power	1,633		2,450		2,450
Stock-based compensation expense	11,353		5,367		7,359
Equity-related AFUDC	(6,585)		(6,554)		(6,669)
Pension and other postretirement benefit expense	36,417		32,017		37,074
Other regulatory assets and liabilities and deferred debits and credits	65		27,512		(9,144)
Change in decoupling regulatory deferral	(10,327)		(1,288)		24,179
Gain on sale of METALfx	(7,450)		_		_
Other	(13,526)		1,114		1,860
Contributions to defined benefit pension plan	(22,000)		(22,000)		(22,000)
Cash paid on settlement of interest rate swap agreements	(13,325)		(32,174)		(11,302)
Cash received on settlement of interest rate swap agreements	_		5,594		2,479
Changes in certain current assets and liabilities:					
Accounts and notes receivable	(4,366)		15,474		(9,270)
Materials and supplies, fuel stock and stored natural gas	(6,148)		(5,807)		(4,767)
Collateral posted for derivative instruments	63,974		(4,128)		(22,394)
Income taxes receivable	(8,736)		2,021		53,414
Other current assets	(3,657)		(2,589)		(2,106)
Accounts payable	7,471		(470)		(8,162)
Other current liabilities	(1,199)		(370)		1,058
let cash provided by operating activities	398,212		361,885		410,298
nvesting Activities:					
Utility property capital expenditures (excluding equity-related AFUDC)	(442,510)		(424,350)		(412,339)
Issuance of notes receivable at subsidiaries	(7,303)		(3,555)		(3,700)
Equity and property investments made by subsidiaries	(13,508)		(13,283)		(13,680)
Proceeds from sale of METALfx (net of cash sold)	16,407		_		_
Other	1,403		756		(4,384)
let cash used in investing activities	\$ (445,511)	¢	(440,432)	¢	(434,103)

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands

	2019	2018	2017
Financing Activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in short term borrowings	\$ (4,200)	\$ 84,603	\$ (15,000)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	180,000	374,621	90,000
Maturity of long-term debt and capital leases	(92,660)	(277,438)	(3,287)
Issuance of common stock—net of issuance costs	64,573	1,207	56,380
Cash dividends paid	(102,772)	(98,046)	(92,460)
Other	(2,402)	(7,916)	(4,163)
Net cash provided by financing activities	42,539	77,031	31,470
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,760)	(1,516)	7,665
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	14,656	16,172	8,507
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 9,896	\$ 14,656	\$ 16,172
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid (received) during the year:			
Interest	\$ 99,060	\$ 97,437	\$ 95,499
Income taxes paid	26,764	17,801	5,579
Income tax refunds	(979)	(3,025)	(47,086)
Non-cash financing and investing activities:			
Accounts payable for capital expenditures	25,644	31,868	31,157

 ${\it The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements}.$

Consolidated Statements of Equity

Avista Corporation

For the Years Ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts

		2019		2018		2017
Common Stock, Shares:						
Shares outstanding at beginning of year		65,688,356		65,494,333		64,187,934
Shares issued through equity compensation plans		75,399		185,794		214,925
Shares issued through Employee Investment Plan (401(k))		3,653		8,229		21,474
Shares issued through sales agency agreements		1,409,588		_		1,070,000
Shares outstanding at end of year		67,176,996		65,688,356		65,494,333
Common Stock, Amount:						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	1,136,491	\$	1,133,448	\$	1,075,281
Equity compensation expense		10,568		5,765		6,530
Issuance of common stock through equity compensation plans		827		791		720
Issuance of common stock through Employee Investment Plan (401(k))		175		416		939
Issuance of common stock through sales agency agreements—net of issuance costs		63,571		_		54,721
Payment of minimum tax withholdings for share-based payment awards		(891)		(3,929)		(3,552)
Purchase of subsidiary noncontrolling interests		_		_		(1,191)
Balance at end of year		1,210,741		1,136,491		1,133,448
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss:						_
Balance at beginning of year		(7,866)		(8,090)		(7,568)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(2,393)		1,966		(522)
Reclassification of excess income tax benefits (see Note 2)		_		(1,742)		_
Balance at end of year		(10,259)		(7,866)		(8,090)
Retained Earnings:						
Balance at beginning of year		644,595		604,470		581,014
Net income attributable to Avista Corporation shareholders		196,979		136,429		115,916
Cash dividends paid (common stock)		(102,772)		(98,046)		(92,460)
Reclassification of excess income tax benefits (see Note 2)		_		1,742		_
Balance at end of year		738,802		644,595		604,470
Total Avista Corporation shareholders' equity	\$	1,939,284	\$	1,773,220	\$	1,729,828
Noncontrolling Interests:						
Balance at beginning of year	\$	825	\$	656	\$	(251)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(216)		169		16
Purchase of subsidiary noncontrolling interests		_		_		891
Deconsolidation of noncontrolling interests related to sale of METALfx		(609)		_		_
Balance at end of year		_		825		656
Total equity:	\$	1,939,284	\$	1,774,045	\$	1,730,484
Dividends declared per common share	\$	1.55	\$	1.49	\$	1.43
	_		=		_	

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of These Statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Avista Corp. is primarily an electric and natural gas utility with certain other business ventures. Avista Utilities is an operating division of Avista Corp., comprising its regulated utility operations in the Pacific Northwest. Avista Utilities provides electric distribution and transmission, and natural gas distribution services in parts of eastern Washington and northern Idaho. Avista Utilities also provides natural gas distribution service in parts of northeastern and southwestern Oregon. Avista Utilities has electric generating facilities in Washington, Idaho, Oregon and Montana. Avista Utilities also supplies electricity to a small number of customers in Montana, most of whom are employees who operate the Company's Noxon Rapids generating facility.

AERC is a wholly owned subsidiary of Avista Corp. The primary subsidiary of AERC is AEL&P, which comprises Avista Corp.'s regulated utility operations in Alaska.

Avista Capital, a wholly owned non-regulated subsidiary of Avista Corp., is the parent company of all of the subsidiary companies in the non-utility businesses, with the exception of AJT Mining Properties, Inc., which is a subsidiary of AERC. See Note 23 for business segment information. See Note 25 for discussion of the sale of METALfx, an unregulated subsidiary of the Company.

Basis of Reporting

The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and its subsidiaries and other majority owned subsidiaries and variable interest entities for which the Company or its subsidiaries are the primary beneficiaries. Intercompany balances were eliminated in consolidation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the Company's proportionate share of utility plant and related operations resulting from its interests in jointly owned plants (see Note 8).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include:

- determining the market value of energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities,
- · pension and other postretirement benefit plan obligations,
- · contingent liabilities,
- goodwill impairment testing,
- · recoverability of regulatory assets, and
- unbilled revenues.

Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

System of Accounts

The accounting records of the Company's utility operations are maintained in accordance with the uniform system of accounts prescribed by the FERC and adopted by the state regulatory commissions in Washington, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Alaska.

Regulation

The Company is subject to state regulation in Washington, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Alaska. The Company is also subject to federal regulation primarily by the FERC, as well as various other federal agencies with regulatory oversight of particular aspects of its operations.

Depreciation

For utility operations, depreciation expense is estimated by a method of depreciation accounting utilizing composite rates for utility plant. Such rates are designed to provide for retirements of properties at the expiration of their service lives.

For utility operations, the ratio of depreciation provisions to average depreciable property was as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018	2017
Avista Utilities			
Ratio of depreciation to average depreciable property	3.28%	3.17%	3.12%
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company			
Ratio of depreciation to average depreciable property	2.48%	2.46%	2.43%

The average service lives for the following broad categories of utility plant in service are (in years):

		Alaska Electric Light
	Avista Utilities	and Power Company
Electric thermal/other production	35	40
Hydroelectric production	81	44
Electric transmission	50	41
Electric distribution	38	39
Natural gas distribution property	45	N/A
Other shorter-lived general plant	9	14

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

AFUDC represents the cost of both the debt and equity funds used to finance utility plant additions during the construction period. As prescribed by regulatory authorities, AFUDC is capitalized as a part of the cost of utility plant. The debt component of AFUDC is credited against total interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income in the line item "capitalized interest." The equity component of AFUDC is included in the Consolidated Statement of Income in the line item "other expense (income)-net." The Company is permitted, under established regulatory rate practices, to recover the capitalized AFUDC, and a reasonable return thereon, through its inclusion in rate base and the provision for depreciation after the related utility plant is

placed in service. Cash inflow related to AFUDC does not occur until the related utility plant is placed in service and included in rate base.

The WUTC and IPUC have authorized Avista Utilities to calculate AFUDC using its allowed rate of return. Beginning in 2018, to the extent amounts calculated using this rate exceed the AFUDC amounts calculated using the FERC formula, Avista Utilities capitalizes the excess as a regulatory asset. The regulatory asset associated with plant in service is amortized over the average useful life of Avista Utilities' utility plant which is approximately 30 years. The regulatory asset associated with construction work in progress is not amortized until the plant is placed in service. The OPUC does not allow the Company to capitalize AFUDC that exceeds the FERC calculated rate.

The effective AFUDC rate was the following for the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018	2017
Avista Utilities			
Effective state AFUDC rate	7.39%	7.43%	7.29%
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company			
Effective AFUDC rate	8.96%	9.04%	9.48%

Reclassification of AFUDC to Comply with Required FERC Regulatory Reporting

During the third quarter of 2019, the FERC completed an audit of Avista Corp. that covered the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2018. Avista Corp.'s AFUDC rate, which is prescribed by state regulatory authorities, is different than the FERC approved method for calculating AFUDC. The FERC indicated that the difference in rates should be recorded as a regulatory asset rather than in utility plant. At the conclusion of the audit, the FERC required Avista Corp. to reclassify the excess AFUDC from Net utility plant to Non-current regulatory assets for the period January 1, 2010 (the effective date of the Company's current fixed transmission rates) to the present. As a result, Avista Corp. reclassified approximately \$33 million (net of accumulated depreciation) from Net utility plant to Non-current regulatory assets as of December 31, 2019, which represents the cumulative adjustment for 2010 through 2017. The Company recorded the difference in AFUDC rates for 2018 and 2019 as a regulatory asset in the respective periods incurred. The Company did not adjust prior period Consolidated Balances Sheets since the FERC required the adjustment to be reflected on a cumulative basis at the end of the audit and required the AFUDC calculation to be modified on a prospective basis. The Company concluded that the differences were insignificant during each prior period and on a cumulative basis. The adjustment recorded during 2019 had no effect on net income or earnings per share.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets represent future income tax deductions the Company expects to utilize in future tax returns to reduce taxable income. Deferred income tax liabilities represent future taxable income the Company expects to recognize in future tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise when there are temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes. A deferred income tax asset or liability is determined based on the enacted tax rates that will be in effect when the temporary differences between the financial statement carrying

amounts and tax basis of existing assets and liabilities are expected to be reported in the Company's consolidated income tax returns. The deferred income tax expense for the period is equal to the net change in the deferred income tax asset and liability accounts from the beginning to the end of the period. The effect on deferred income taxes from a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date unless a regulatory order specifies deferral of the effect of the change in tax rates over a longer period of time. The Company establishes a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that all, or a portion, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred income tax liabilities and regulatory assets are established for income tax benefits flowed through to customers.

The Company's largest deferred income tax item is the difference between the book and tax basis of utility plant. This item results from the temporary difference on depreciation expense. In early tax years, this item is recorded as a deferred income tax liability that will eventually reverse and become subject to income tax in later tax years.

See Note 12 for discussion of the TCJA and its impacts on the Company's financial statements, as well as a tabular presentation of all the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company did not incur any penalties on income tax positions in 2019, 2018 or 2017. The Company would recognize interest accrued related to income tax positions as interest expense and any penalties incurred as other operating expense.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company currently issues three types of stock-based compensation awards—restricted shares, market-based awards and performance-based awards. Historically, these stock compensation awards have not been material to the Company's overall financial results. Compensation cost relating to sharebased payment transactions is recognized in the Company's financial statements based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued and recorded over the requisite service period.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense (included in other operating expenses) and income tax benefits in the Consolidated Statements of Income of the following amounts for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 11,353 \$	5,367 \$	7,359
Income tax benefits (1)	2,384	1,127	2,576
Excess tax benefits (expenses) on settled share-based employee payments	(612)	990	2,348

(1) For 2017 income tax benefits were calculated using a 35 percent income tax rate; however, due to the TCJA enactment, beginning on January 1, 2018 income tax benefits are calculated using a 21 percent tax rate.

Restricted share awards vest in equal thirds each year over 3 years and are payable in Avista Corp. common stock at the end of each year if the service condition is met. In addition to the service condition, for restricted shares granted in 2017, the Company must meet a return on equity target in order for the Chief Executive Officer's restricted shares to vest. Restricted stock is valued at the close of market of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

Total Shareholder Return (TSR) awards are market-based awards and Cumulative Earnings Per Share (CEPS) awards are performance awards. Both types of awards vest after a period of 3 years and are payable in cash or Avista Corp. common stock at the end of the three-year period. The method of settlement is at the discretion of the Company and historically the Company has settled these awards through issuance of Avista Corp. common stock and intends to continue this practice. Both types of awards entitle the recipients to dividend equivalent rights, are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances, and are subject to meeting specific market or performance conditions. Based on the level of attainment of the market or performance conditions, the amount of cash paid or common stock issued will range from 0 to 200 percent of the initial awards granted. Dividend

equivalent rights are accumulated and paid out only on shares that eventually vest and have met the market and performance conditions.

For both the TSR awards and the CEPS awards, the Company accounts for them as equity awards and compensation cost for these awards is recognized over the requisite service period, provided that the requisite service period is rendered. For TSR awards, if the market condition is not met at the end of the three-year service period, there will be no change in the cumulative amount of compensation cost recognized, since the awards are still considered vested even though the market metric was not met. For CEPS awards, at the end of the three-year service period, if the internal performance metric of cumulative earnings per share is not met, all compensation cost for these awards is reversed as these awards are not considered vested.

The fair value of each TSR award is estimated on the date of grant using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of meeting the market targets based on historical returns relative to a peer group. The estimated fair value of the equity component of CEPS awards was estimated on the date of grant as the share price of Avista Corp. common stock on the date of grant, less the net present value of the estimated dividends over the three-year period.

The following table summarizes the number of grants, vested and unvested shares, earned shares (based on market metrics), and other pertinent information related to the Company's stock compensation awards for the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018	2017
Restricted Shares			
Shares granted during the year	50,061	40,661	57,746
Shares vested during the year	(48,228)	(53,352)	(57,473)
Unvested shares at end of year	93,351	91,998	106,053
Unrecognized compensation expense at end of year (in thousands)	\$ 2,054	\$ 1,964	\$ 1,853
TSR Awards			
TSR shares granted during the year	99,214	80,724	114,390
TSR shares vested during the year	(106,858)	(107,342)	(107,649)
TSR shares earned based on market metrics	_	_	158,262
Unvested TSR shares at end of year	178,035	187,172	218,507
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 3,377	\$ 3,706	\$ 2,849
CEPS Awards			
CEPS shares granted during the year	49,609	40,329	57,223
CEPS shares vested during the year	(53,454)	(53,699)	(53,862)
CEPS shares earned based on market metrics	106,908	30,102	41,502
Unvested CEPS shares at end of year	88,990	93,579	108,581
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 2,401	\$ 1,260	\$ 1,856

Outstanding TSR and CEPS share awards include a dividend component that is paid in cash. This component of the share grants is accounted for as a liability award. These liability awards are revalued on a quarterly basis taking into account the number of awards outstanding,

historical dividend rate, the change in the value of the Company's common stock relative to an external benchmark (TSR awards only) and the amount of CEPS earned to date compared to estimated CEPS over the performance period (CEPS awards only). Over the life of these

awards, the cumulative amount of compensation expense recognized will match the actual cash paid. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had recognized cumulative compensation expense

and a liability of \$0.9 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, related to the dividend component on the outstanding and unvested share grants.

Other Expense (Income)—Net

Other Expense (Income)—net consisted of the following items for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017
Interest income	\$ (2,587) \$	(2,710) \$	(2,162)
Interest on regulatory deferrals	(1,460)	(990)	(1,288)
Equity-related AFUDC	(6,585)	(6,554)	(6,669)
Non-service portion of pension and other postretirement benefit expenses	8,899	5,156	7,670
Net (income) loss on investments	(14,299)	5,369	4,160
Other expense (income)	1,104	1,187	(1,104)
Total	\$ (14,928) \$	1,458 \$	607

Earnings per Common Share Attributable to **Avista Corporation Shareholders**

Basic earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders is computed by dividing net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders is calculated by dividing net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders by diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding during the period, including common stock equivalent shares outstanding using the treasury stock method, unless such shares are anti-dilutive. Common stock equivalent shares include shares issuable under contingent stock awards. See Note 20 for earnings per common share calculations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers all temporary investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide for estimated and potential losses on accounts receivable. The Company determines the allowance for utility and other customer accounts receivable based on historical write-offs as compared to accounts receivable and operating revenues. Additionally, the Company establishes specific allowances for certain individual accounts.

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	20)18	2017
Allowance as of the beginning of the year	\$ 5,233	\$ 5,	132	\$ 5,026
Additions expensed during the year	460	3,	917	5,317
Net deductions	(3,274)	(3,	316)	(5,211)
Allowance as of the end of the year	\$ 2,419	\$ 5,	233	\$ 5,132

Utility Plant in Service

The cost of additions to utility plant in service, including an allowance for funds used during construction and replacements of units of property and improvements, is capitalized. The cost of depreciable units of property retired plus the cost of removal less salvage is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company records the fair value of a liability for an ARO in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the associated costs of the ARO are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. The liability is accreted to its present value each period and the related capitalized costs are depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. In addition, if there are changes in the estimated timing or estimated

costs of the AROs, adjustments are recorded during the period new information becomes available as an increase or decrease to the liability, with the offset recorded to the related long-lived asset. Upon retirement of the asset, the Company either settles the ARO for its recorded amount or recognizes a regulatory asset or liability for the difference, which will be surcharged/refunded to customers through the ratemaking process. The Company records regulatory assets and liabilities for the difference between asset retirement costs currently recovered in rates and AROs recorded since asset retirement costs are recovered through rates charged to customers (see Note 10 for further discussion of the Company's AROs).

The Company recovers certain asset retirement costs through rates charged to customers as a portion of its depreciation expense for which the Company has not recorded asset retirement obligations. The Company has recorded the amount of estimated retirement costs collected from customers (that do not represent legal or contractual obligations) and included them as a non-current regulatory liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Regulatory liability for utility plant retirement costs	\$ 312,403 \$	297,379

Goodwill

Goodwill arising from acquisitions represents the future economic benefit arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment using a fair value to carrying amount comparison (Step 1) for AEL&P. The Company

completed its annual evaluation of goodwill for potential impairment as of November 30, 2019 and determined that goodwill was not impaired at that time (carrying value was less than the determined fair value). There were no events or circumstances that changed between November 30, 2019 and December 31, 2019 that would more likely than not reduce the fair values of the reporting units below their carrying amounts.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Accumulated						
Impairment							
	AEL&P		Other		Losses		Total
\$	52,426	\$	12,979	\$	(7,733)	\$	57,672
	_		(12,979)		7,733		(5,246)
\$	52,426	\$		\$		\$	52,426
	\$	\$ 52,426 	\$ 52,426 \$ 	AEL&P Other \$ 52,426 \$ 12,979 — (12,979)	AEL&P Other \$ 52,426 \$ 12,979 \$ (12,979)	AEL&P Other Losses \$ 52,426 \$ 12,979 \$ (7,733)	Impairment AEL&P Other Losses \$ 52,426 \$ 12,979 \$ (7,733) \$ — (12,979) 7,733 *

Goodwill sold during the year relates to the sale of METALfx in April 2019. See Note 25 for further discussion. Accumulated impairment losses were attributable to METALfx, which was a part of the other businesses.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities

Derivatives are recorded as either assets or liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets measured at estimated fair value.

The WUTC and the IPUC issued accounting orders authorizing Avista Corp. to offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities with a regulatory asset or liability. This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. Realized benefits and costs result in adjustments to retail rates through PGAs, the ERM in Washington, the PCA mechanism in Idaho, and periodic general rates cases. The resulting regulatory assets associated with energy commodity derivative instruments have been concluded to be probable of recovery through future rates.

Substantially all forward contracts to purchase or sell power and natural gas are recorded as derivative assets or liabilities at estimated fair value with an offsetting regulatory asset or liability. Contracts that are not considered derivatives are accounted for on the accrual basis until they are settled or realized unless there is a decline in the fair value of the contract that is determined to be other-than-temporary.

For interest rate swap derivatives, Avista Corp. records all mark-to-market gains and losses in each accounting period as assets and liabilities, as well as offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities, such that there is no income statement impact. The interest rate swap derivatives are risk management tools similar to energy commodity derivatives. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. The Company records an offset of interest rate swap derivative assets and liabilities with regulatory assets and liabilities, based on the prior practice of the commissions to provide recovery through the ratemaking process.

The Company has multiple master netting agreements with a variety of entities that allow for cross-commodity netting of derivative agreements with the same counterparty (i.e., power derivatives can be netted with natural gas derivatives). In addition, some master netting agreements allow for the netting of commodity derivatives and interest rate swap derivatives for the same counterparty. The Company does not have any agreements which allow for cross-affiliate netting among multiple affiliated legal entities. The Company nets all derivative instruments when allowed by the agreement for presentation in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value represents the price that would be received when selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities, deferred compensation assets, as well as derivatives related to interest rate swap derivatives and foreign currency exchange derivatives, are reported at estimated fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 17 for the Company's fair value disclosures.

Regulatory Deferred Charges and Credits

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with regulatory accounting practices because:

- rates for regulated services are established by or subject to approval by independent third-party regulators,
- the regulated rates are designed to recover the cost of providing the regulated services, and
- in view of demand for the regulated services and the level of competition, it is reasonable to assume that rates can be charged to and collected from customers at levels that will recover costs.

Regulatory accounting practices require that certain costs and/or obligations (such as incurred power and natural gas costs not currently reflected in rates, but expected to be recovered or refunded

in the future), are reflected as deferred charges or credits on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. These costs and/or obligations are not reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Income until the period during which matching revenues are recognized. The Company also has decoupling revenue deferrals. Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the period they occur(i.e., during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset/liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative regulatory revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period Consolidated Statement of Income. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue recognition criteria are met. This could ultimately result in decoupling revenue that arose during the current year being recognized in a future period.

If at some point in the future the Company determines that it no longer meets the criteria for continued application of regulatory accounting practices for all or a portion of its regulated operations, the Company could be:

- required to write off its regulatory assets, and
- precluded from the future deferral of costs or decoupled revenues not recovered through rates at the time such amounts are incurred, even if the Company expected to recover these amounts from customers in the future.

See Note 22 for further details of regulatory assets and liabilities.

Unamortized Debt Expense

Unamortized debt expense includes debt issuance costs that are amortized over the life of the related debt. These costs are recorded as an offset to Long-Term Debt and Capital Leases on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Unamortized Debt Repurchase Costs

For the Company's Washington regulatory jurisdiction and for any debt repurchases beginning in 2007 in all jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt are amortized over the remaining life of the original debt that was repurchased or, if new debt is issued in connection with the repurchase, these costs are amortized over the life of the new debt. In the Company's other regulatory jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt prior to 2007 are being amortized over the average remaining maturity of outstanding debt when no new debt was issued in connection with the debt repurchase. These costs are recovered through retail rates as a component of interest expense.

Appropriated Retained Earnings

In accordance with the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the Federal Power Act (FPA), the Company maintains an appropriated retained earnings account for any earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on the Company's investment in the licenses for its various hydroelectric projects. Per section 10(d) of the FPA, the Company must maintain these excess earnings in an appropriated retained earnings account until the termination of the licensing agreements or apply them to reduce the net investment in the licenses of the hydroelectric projects at the discretion of the FERC. The Company calculates the earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on an annual basis, usually during the second quarter.

The appropriated retained earnings amounts included in retained earnings were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Appropriated retained earnings	\$ 43,151	\$ 39,346

Contingencies

The Company has unresolved regulatory, legal and tax issues which have inherently uncertain outcomes. The Company accrues a loss contingency if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss or impairment can be reasonably estimated. The Company also discloses loss contingencies that do not meet these conditions for accrual, if there is a reasonable possibility that a material loss may be incurred. As of December 31, 2019, the Company has not recorded any significant amounts related to unresolved contingencies. See Note 21 for further discussion of the Company's commitments and contingencies.

Note 2. New Accounting Standards

ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)"

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2014-09, which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance.

The Company elected to use a modified retrospective method of adoption, which required a cumulative adjustment to opening retained earnings (if any were identified), as opposed to a full retrospective application. The Company did not identify any adjustments required to opening retained earnings related to the adoption of the new revenue standard. The Company applied the standards only to contracts that were not completed as of the implementation date. The Company did not apply the new guidance to contracts that were completed with all revenue recognized prior to the implementation date. In addition, total operating revenues on the Consolidated Statements of Income in years prior to 2018 would not have changed if the Company had elected to apply the full retrospective method of adoption.

Since the majority of Avista Corp.'s revenue is from rate-regulated sales of electricity and natural gas to retail customers and revenue is recognized as energy is delivered to these customers, the Company does not expect any significant change in operating revenues or net income going forward as a result of the adoption of this standard.

The only changes in revenue that resulted from the adoption of this ASU were related to the presentation of utility-related taxes collected from customers and the timing of when revenue from selfgenerated RECs is recognized.

Under ASU No. 2014-09, revenue associated with the sale of RECs is recognized at the time of generation and sale of the credits as opposed to when the RECs are certified in the Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System, which generally occurs during a period subsequent to the sale. This represents a change from the Company's prior practice, which was to defer revenue

recognition until the time of certification. Revenue associated with the sale of RECs is not material to the financial statements and almost all of the Company's REC revenue is deferred for future rebate to retail customers. As such, the change in the timing of revenue recognition does not have a material impact on net income.

See Note 4 for the Company's complete revenue disclosures.

ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ASU No. 2018-01, "Leases (Topic 842): Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842" ASU No. 2018-11, "Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements"

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU No. 2016-02, which outlines a model for entities to use in accounting for leases and supersedes previous lease accounting guidance, as well as several practical expedients in ASU Nos. 2018-01 and 2018-11.

The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-02 utilizing a modified retrospective adoption method with the "package of three" and hindsight practical expedients offered by the standard. The "package of three" provides for an entity to not reassess at adoption whether any expired or existing contracts are deemed, for accounting purposes, to be or contain leases, the classification of any expired or existing leases, and any initial direct costs for any existing leases. As a result, the Company did not reassess existing or expired contracts under the new lease guidance, and it did not reassess the classification of any existing leases. The Company used the benefit of hindsight in determining both term and impairments associated with any existing leases. Use of this practical expedient has resulted in lease terms that best represent management's expectations with respect to use of the underlying asset but did not result in recognition of any impairment.

The Company elected to adopt ASU No. 2018-01, which allows an entity to exclude from application of Topic 842 all easements executed prior to January 1, 2019. In addition, the Company elected to adopt the "comparatives under 840" practical expedient offered in ASU No. 2018-11, which allows an entity to apply the new lease standard at the adoption date, recognizing any necessary cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption and presenting comparative periods in the financial statements under ASC 840 (previous lease accounting guidance). Adoption of the standard did not result in a cumulative effect adjustment within the Company's financial statements.

As allowed by ASU No. 2016-02, the Company elected not to apply the requirements of the standard to short-term leases, those leases with an initial term of 12 months or less. These leases are not recorded on the balance sheet and are not material to the financial statements.

Adoption of the standard impacted the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet through recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities for the Company's operating leases. Accounting for finance leases (formerly capital leases) remained substantially unchanged. See Note 5 for further information on the Company's leases.

ASU No. 2017-07 "Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost"

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2017-07, which amended the income statement presentation of the components of net periodic benefit cost for an entity's defined benefit pension and other

postretirement plans. Under previous GAAP, net benefit cost consisted of several components that reflected different aspects of an employer's financial arrangements as well as the cost of benefits earned by employees. These components were aggregated and reported net in the financial statements. ASU No. 2017-07 requires entities to (1) disaggregate the current service-cost component from the other components of net benefit cost (other components) and present it with other current compensation costs for related employees in the income statement and (2) present the other components elsewhere in the income statement and outside of income from operations.

In addition, only the service-cost component of net benefit cost is eligible for capitalization (e.g., as part of utility plant). This is a change from prior practice, under which entities capitalized the aggregate net benefit cost to utility plant when applicable, in accordance with FERC accounting guidance. Avista Corp. is a rate-regulated entity and all components of net benefit cost are currently recovered from customers as a component of utility plant and, under the new ASU, these costs will continue to be recovered from customers in the same manner over the depreciable lives of utility plant. As all such costs are expected to continue to be recoverable, the components that are no longer eligible to be recorded as a component of utility plant for GAAP will be recorded as regulatory assets.

Upon adoption, entities must use a retrospective transition method to adopt the requirement for separate presentation in the income statement and a prospective transition method to adopt the requirement to limit the capitalization of benefit costs to the service-cost component. Due to the retrospective requirements for income statement presentation, for the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company reclassified \$7.7 million in non-service cost components of pension and other postretirement benefits from utility other operating expenses to other expense (income)-net on the Consolidated Statements of Income. See Note 11 for additional discussion regarding pension and other postretirement benefit expense.

ASU No. 2018-02 "Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income"

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, which amended the guidance for reporting comprehensive income. This ASU allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the enactment of the TCJA in December 2017. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. Upon adoption, the requirements of this ASU must be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period (or periods) in which the effect of the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate in the TCJA is recognized. The Company early adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018 and elected to apply the guidance during the period of adoption rather than apply the standard retrospectively. As a result, the Company reclassified \$1.7 million in tax benefits from accumulated other comprehensive loss to retained earnings during the year ended December 31, 2018.

ASU 2018-13 "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)"

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, which amends the fair value measurement disclosure requirements of ASC 820. The requirements of this ASU include additional disclosure regarding the

range and weighted-average used to develop significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value estimates and the elimination of certain other previously required disclosures, such as the narrative description of the valuation process for Level 3 fair value measurements. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and early adoption is permitted. Entities have the option to early adopt the eliminated or modified disclosure requirements and delay the adoption of all the new disclosure requirements until the effective date of the ASU. The Company is in the process of evaluating this standard; however, it has determined that it will not early adopt any portion of this standard as of December 31, 2019.

ASU No. 2018-14 "Compensation—Retirement Benefits—Defined Benefit Plans—General (Subtopic 715-20)"

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, which amends ASC 715 to add, remove and/or clarify certain disclosure requirements related to defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The additional disclosure requirements are primarily narrative discussion of significant changes in the benefit obligations and plan assets. The removed disclosures are primarily information about accumulated other comprehensive income expected to be recognized over the next year and the effects of changes associated with assumed health care costs. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating this standard; however, it has determined that it will not early adopt this standard as of December 31, 2019.

Note 3. Balance Sheet Components

Materials and Supplies, Fuel Stock and Stored **Natural Gas**

Inventories of materials and supplies, fuel stock and stored natural gas are recorded at average cost for our regulated operations and the lower of cost or market for our non-regulated operations and consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Materials and supplies	\$ 47,402	\$ 47,403
Fuel stock	4,875	4,869
Stored natural gas	14,306	11,609
Total	\$ 66,583	\$ 63,881

Other Current Assets

Other current assets consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Collateral posted for derivative		
instruments after netting with		
outstanding derivative liabilities	\$ 4,434	\$ 26,809
Prepayments	19,652	17,536
Income taxes receivable	11,047	822
Other	5,009	8,843
Total	\$ 40,142	\$ 54,010

Other Property and Investments—Net and Other Non-Current Assets

Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Operating lease ROU assets	\$ 69,746	\$
Finance lease ROU assets	50,980	_
Non-utility property	27,159	31,355
Equity investments	51,258	29,257
Investment in affiliated trust	11,547	11,547
Notes receivable	14,060	11,073
Deferred compensation assets	8,948	8,400
Other	23,394	23,065
Total	\$ 257,092	\$ 114,697

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2019	2018
Accrued taxes other than income taxes	\$	36,965	\$ 36,858
Unsettled interest rate swap			
derivative liabilities		7,825	_
Employee paid time off accruals		22,343	20,992
Accrued interest		16,486	16,704
Pensions and other postretirement benefits		8,826	9,151
Utility energy commodity derivative liabilities	3	3,103	3,908
Other		35,431	32,745
Total	\$	130,979	\$ 120,358

Other Non-Current Liabilities and Deferred Credits

Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

2019		2018
\$ 65,565	\$	
51,750		_
30,444		29,725
20,338		18,266
19,685		10,300
13,407		12,740
\$ 201,189	\$	71,031
	\$ 65,565 51,750 30,444 20,338 19,685 13,407	\$ 65,565 \$ 51,750 30,444 20,338 19,685 13,407

Note 4. Revenue

ASC 606 defines the core principle of the revenue recognition model is that an entity should identify the various performance obligations in a contract, allocate the transaction price among the performance obligations and recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies each performance obligation.

Utility Revenues

Revenue from Contracts with Customers General

The majority of Avista Corp.'s revenue is from rate-regulated sales of electricity and natural gas to retail customers, which has two performance obligations, (1) having service available for a specified period (typically a month at a time) and (2) the delivery of energy to customers. The total energy price generally has a fixed component (basic charge) related to having service available and a usage-based component, related to the delivery and consumption of energy. The commodity is sold and/or delivered to and consumed by the customer simultaneously, and the provisions of the relevant utility commission authorization determine the charges the Company may bill the customer. Given that all revenue recognition criteria are met upon the delivery of energy to customers, revenue is recognized immediately.

In addition, the sale of electricity and natural gas is governed by the various state utility commissions, which set rates, charges, terms and conditions of service, and prices. Collectively, these rates, charges, terms and conditions are included in a "tariff," which governs all aspects of the provision of regulated services. Tariffs are only permitted to be changed through a rate-setting process involving an independent, third-party regulator empowered by statute to establish rates that bind customers. Thus, all regulated sales by the Company are conducted subject to the regulator-approved tariff.

Tariff sales involve the current provision of commodity service (electricity and/or natural gas) to customers for a price that generally has a basic charge and a usage-based component. Tariff rates also include certain pass-through costs to customers such as natural gas costs, retail revenue credits and other miscellaneous regulatory items that do not impact net income, but can cause total revenue to fluctuate significantly up or down compared to previous periods. The commodity is sold and/or delivered to and consumed by the customer simultaneously, and the provisions of the relevant tariff determine the charges the Company may bill the customer, payment due date, and other pertinent rights and obligations of both parties. Generally, tariff sales do not involve a written contract. Given that all revenue recognition criteria are met upon the delivery of energy to customers, revenue is recognized immediately at that time.

Revenues from contracts with customers are presented in the Consolidated Statements of Income in the line item "Utility revenues, exclusive of alternative revenue programs."

Unbilled Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The determination of the volume of energy sales to individual customers is based on the reading of their meters, which occurs on a systematic basis throughout the month (once per month for each individual customer). At the end of each calendar month, the amount of energy delivered to customers since the date of the last meter reading is estimated and the corresponding unbilled revenue is estimated and

recorded. The Company's estimate of unbilled revenue is based on:

- the number of customers,
- · current rates,
- · meter reading dates,
- · actual native load for electricity,
- · actual throughput for natural gas, and
- electric line losses and natural gas system losses.

Any difference between actual and estimated revenue is automatically corrected in the following month when the actual meter reading and customer billing occurs.

Accounts receivable includes unbilled energy revenues of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Unbilled accounts receivable	\$ 63,259	\$ 67,098

Non-Derivative Wholesale Contracts

The Company has certain wholesale contracts which are not accounted for as derivatives that are within the scope of ASC 606 and considered revenue from contracts with customers. Revenue is recognized as energy is delivered to the customer or the service is available for specified period of time, consistent with the discussion of tariff sales above.

Alternative Revenue Programs (Decoupling)

ASC 606 retained existing GAAP associated with alternative revenue programs, which specified that alternative revenue programs are contracts between an entity and a regulator of utilities, not a contract between an entity and a customer. GAAP requires that an entity present revenue arising from alternative revenue programs separately from revenues arising from contracts with customers on the face of the Consolidated Statements of Income. The Company's decoupling mechanisms (also known as a FCA in Idaho) qualify as alternative revenue programs. Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the period they occur (i.e., during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset or liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period Consolidated Statement of Income. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue recognition criteria are met. The amounts expected to be collected from customers within 24 months represents an estimate which must be made by the Company on an ongoing basis due to it being based on the volumes of electric and natural gas sold to customers on a go-forward basis.

The Company records alternative program revenues under the gross method, which is to amortize the decoupling regulatory asset/liability to the alternative revenue program line item on the Consolidated Statement of Income as it is collected from or refunded to customers. The cash passing between the Company and the customers is presented in revenue from contracts with customers

since it is a portion of the overall tariff paid by customers. This method results in a gross-up to both revenue from contracts with customers and revenue from alternative revenue programs, but has a net zero impact on total revenue. Depending on whether the previous deferral balance being amortized was a regulatory asset or regulatory liability, and depending on the size and direction of the current year deferral of surcharges and/or rebates to customers, it could result in negative alternative revenue program revenue during the year.

Derivative Revenue

Most wholesale electric and natural gas transactions (including both physical and financial transactions), and the sale of fuel are considered derivatives, which are scoped out of ASC 606. As such, these revenues are disclosed separately from revenue from contracts with customers. Revenue is recognized for these items upon the settlement/expiration of the derivative contract. Derivative revenue includes those transactions which are entered into and settled within the same month.

Other Utility Revenue

Other utility revenue includes rent, revenues from the lineman training school, sales of materials, late fees and other charges that do not represent contracts with customers. Other utility revenue also includes the provision for earnings sharing and the deferral and amortization of refunds to customers associated with the TCJA, enacted in December 2017. This revenue is scoped out of ASC 606, as this revenue does not represent items where a customer is a party that has contracted with the Company to obtain goods or services that are an output of the Company's ordinary activities in exchange for consideration. As such, these revenues are presented separately from revenue from contracts with customers.

Other Considerations for Utility Revenues

Contracts with Multiple Performance Obligations

In addition to the tariff sales described above, which are stand-alone energy sales, the Company has bundled arrangements which contain multiple performance obligations including some combination of energy, capacity, energy reserves and RECs. Under these arrangements, the total contract price is allocated to the various performance obligations and revenue is recognized as the obligations are satisfied. Depending on the source of the revenue, it could either be included in revenue from contracts with customers or derivative revenue.

Gross Versus Net Presentation

Revenues and resource costs from Avista Utilities' settled energy contracts that are "booked out" (not physically delivered) are reported on a net basis as part of derivative revenues.

Utility-related taxes collected from customers (primarily state excise taxes and city utility taxes) are taxes that are imposed on Avista Utilities as opposed to being imposed on its customers; therefore, Avista Utilities is the taxpayer and records these transactions on a gross basis in revenue from contracts with customers and operating expense (taxes other than income taxes). The utility-related taxes collected from customers at AEL&P are imposed on the customers rather than AEL&P; therefore, the customers are the taxpayers and AEL&P is acting as their agent. As such, effective January 1, 2018, these transactions at AEL&P are presented on a net basis within

revenue from contracts with customers. Prior to the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, the Company presented utility-related taxes at AEL&P on a gross basis. In prior years, there were approximately \$2.0 million annually in utility-related taxes collected from customers included in revenue for AEL&P.

Utility-related taxes that were included in revenue from contracts with customers were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017
Utility-related taxes	\$ 59,528	\$ 58,730	\$ 64,012

Non-Utility Revenues

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Non-utility revenue from contracts with customers is derived from contracts with one performance obligation. Prior to its sale in April 2019 (See Note 25 for further discussion on the sale of METALfx), METALfx had one performance obligation, the delivery of a product, and revenues were recognized when the risk of loss transferred to the customer, which occurred when products were shipped. The Steam Plant Brew Pub serves food and beverages to customers, its one performance obligation, and recognizes revenues at the time of service to the customer.

Other Revenue

Other non-utility revenue primarily relates to rent revenue, which is scoped out of ASC 606; therefore, this revenue is presented separately from revenue from contracts with customers.

Significant Judgments and Unsatisfied Performance Obligations

The vast majority of the Company's revenues are derived from the rate-regulated sale of electricity and natural gas that have two performance obligations that are satisfied throughout the period and as energy is delivered to customers. In addition, the customers do not pay for energy in advance of receiving it. As such, the Company does not have any significant unsatisfied performance obligations or deferred revenues as of period-end associated with these revenues. Also, the only significant judgments involving revenue recognition are estimates surrounding unbilled revenue and receivables from contracts with customers (discussed in detail above) and estimates surrounding the amount of decoupling revenues which will be collected from customers within 24 months.

The Company has certain capacity arrangements, where the Company has a contractual obligation to provide either electric or natural gas capacity to its customers for a fixed fee. Most of these arrangements are paid for in arrears by the customers and do not result in deferred revenue and only result in receivables from the customers. The Company does have one capacity agreement where the customer makes payments throughout the year and depending on the timing of the customer payments, it can result in an immaterial amount of deferred revenue or a receivable from the customer. As of December 31, 2019, the Company estimates it had unsatisfied capacity performance obligations of \$5.9 million, which will be recognized as revenue in future periods as the capacity is provided to the customers. These performance obligations are not reflected in the financial statements, as the Company has not received payment for these services.

Disaggregation of Total Operating Revenue

The following table disaggregates total operating revenue by segment and source for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Avista Utilities		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 1,152,125	\$ 1,147,935
Derivative revenues	118,741	186,459
Alternative revenue programs	9,614	908
Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers	4,509	(18,241
Other utility revenues	10,884	8,905
Total Avista Utilities	1,295,873	1,325,966
AEL&P		
Revenue from contracts with customers	36,779	44,758
Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers	(190)	(1,753
Other utility revenues	676	594
Total AEL&P	37,265	43,599
Other		
Revenue from contracts with customers	11,286	26,154
Other revenues	1,198	1,174
Total other	12,484	27,328
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,345,622	\$ 1,396,893

Utility Revenue from Contracts with Customers by Type and Service

The following table disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers associated with the Company's electric operations for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

			2019			2018
	Avista		Total	Avista		Total
	Utilities	AEL&P	Utility	Utilities	AEL&P	Utility
Electric Operations						
Revenue from contracts with customers						
Residential	\$ 369,102	\$ 17,134	\$ 386,236	\$ 368,753	\$ 18,506	\$ 387,259
Commercial and governmental	317,589	19,391	336,980	314,532	25,989	340,521
Industrial	105,802	_	105,802	109,846	_	109,846
Public street and highway lighting	7,448	254	7,702	7,539	263	7,802
Total retail revenue	799,941	36,779	836,720	800,670	 44,758	 845,428
Transmission	18,180	_	18,180	17,864	_	17,864
Other revenue from contracts with customers	26,969	_	26,969	27,364	_	27,364
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 845,090	\$ 36,779	\$ 881,869	\$ 845,898	\$ 44,758	\$ 890,656

The following table disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers associated with the Company's natural gas operations for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
	Avista	Avista
	Utilities	Utilities
Natural Gas Operations		
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Residential	\$ 196,430	\$ 194,340
Commercial	92,168	89,341
Industrial and interruptible	5,263	4,753
Total retail revenue	293,861	288,434
Transportation	8,674	9,103
Other revenue from contracts with customers	4,500	4,500
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 307,035	\$ 302,037

Note 5. Leases

ASC 842, which outlines a model for entities to use in accounting for leases and supersedes previous lease accounting guidance, became effective on January 1, 2019. The core principle of the model is that an entity should recognize the ROU assets and liabilities that arise from leases on the balance sheet and depreciate or amortize the asset and liability over the term of the lease, as well as provide disclosure to enable users of the consolidated financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.

Significant Judgments and Assumptions

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease, as well as its classification, at its inception.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating and finance lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date of the agreement based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date to determine the present value of lease payments. The implicit rate is used when it is readily determinable. The operating and finance lease ROU assets also include any lease payments made and exclude lease incentives, if any, that accrue to the benefit of the lessee.

Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any difference between lease expense and cash paid for leased assets is recognized as a regulatory asset or regulatory liability.

Description of Leases

Operating Leases

The Company's most significant operating lease is with the State of Montana associated with submerged land around the Company's hydroelectric facilities in the Clark Fork River basin, which expires in 2046. The terms of this lease are subject to renegotiation, depending on the outcome of ongoing litigation between Montana and NorthWestern Energy. In addition, the State of Montana and Avista Corp. are engaged in litigation regarding lease terms, including how much money, if any, the State of Montana will return to Avista Corp. The Company is currently paying all lease payments to the State of Montana into an escrow account until the litigation is resolved. As such, amounts recorded for this lease are uncertain and amounts may change in the future depending on the outcome of the ongoing litigation. Any reduction in future lease payments or the return of previously paid amounts to Avista Corp. will be included in the future ratemaking process.

In addition to the lease with the State of Montana, the Company also has other operating leases for land associated with its utility operations, as well as communication sites which support network and radio communications within its service territory. The Company's

leases have remaining terms of 1 to 74 years. Most of the Company's leases include options to extend the lease term for periods of 5 to 50 years. Options are exercised at the Company's discretion.

Certain of the Company's lease agreements include rental payments which are periodically adjusted over the term of the agreement based on the consumer price index. The Company's lease agreements do not include any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Avista Corp. does not record leases with a term of 12 months or less in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Total short-term lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2019 are immaterial.

Finance Lease

AEL&P has a PPA which is treated as a finance lease for accounting purposes related to the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project, which expires in 2034. For ratemaking purposes, this lease is treated as an operating lease with a constant level of annual rental expense (straight line rent expense). Because of this regulatory treatment, any difference between the operating lease expense for ratemaking purposes and the expenses recognized under GAAP (interest expense and amortization of the finance lease ROU asset) is recorded as a regulatory asset and amortized during the later years of the lease when the finance lease expense is less than the operating lease expense included in base rates. In 2018 and prior years, the total cost associated with the Snettisham PPA was included in resource costs. Due to the adoption of the new lease standard, the amortization of the ROU asset is now included in depreciation and amortization and the interest associated with the lease liability is now included in interest expense on the Consolidated Statement of Income.

Leases that Have Not Yet Commenced

In June 2018, the Company finalized a lease agreement for office space in Spokane, Washington. The lease period was expected to commence in April 2020, once the Company took possession of its portion of the building. However, at the end of 2019 the Company executed an agreement to terminate the lease agreement and, pending the resolution of certain contingencies, is no longer responsible for the lease payments subject to the resolution of certain contingencies.

In March 2019, the Company signed a PPA with Clearway Energy Group (Clearway) to purchase all of the power generated from the Rattlesnake Flat Wind project in Adams County, Washington. The facility has a nameplate capacity of 144 MW and is expected to generate approximately 50 aMW annually. During negotiations with Clearway, Avista Corp. was involved in the selection of the preferred generation facility type. The PPA is a 20-year agreement with deliveries expected to begin in 2020. The PPA provides Avista Corp. with additional renewable energy, capacity and environmental attributes. Avista Corp. expects to recover the cost of the power purchased through its retail rates. This PPA is considered a lease under ASC 842; however, all of the payments are variable payments based on whether power is generated from the facility. Since all the payments are variable, the Company will not record a lease liability for the agreement, but the expense will be included in resource costs when it becomes operational in 2020.

 $The \ components \ of \ lease \ expense \ were \ as \ follows \ for \ the \ year \ ended \ December \ 31, 2019 \ (dollars \ in \ thousands):$

Operating loops parts		2019
Operating lease cost:	\$	4 425
Fixed lease cost (Other operating expenses) Variable lease cost (Other operating expenses)	ð	4,42! 988
Fotal operating lease cost	\$	5,413
our spotting to the cost	_	0,110
inance lease cost:		
Amortization of ROU asset (Depreciation and amortization)	\$	3,641
Interest on lease liabilities (Interest expense)		2,795
Total finance lease cost	\$	6,436
Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows for the year ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):		
		2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash outflows:		
Operating lease payments	\$	4,375
Interest on finance lease		2,795
Total operating cash outflows	\$	7,170
Finance cash outflows:		
Principal payments on finance lease	\$	2,660
Operating Leases		
Operating lease ROLL accets (Other preparty and investments — not and other non-current accets)	e	60 7/6
Operating lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets)	\$	69,746
Other current liabilities	\$	4,128
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	\$	4,128 65,565
Other current liabilities		4,128 65,565
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities	\$	4,128 65,565
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	\$	4,128 65,565 69,693
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a)	\$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b)	\$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a)	\$	4,128
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities	\$ \$ \$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities	\$ \$ \$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750 54,550
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,128 65,568 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750 54,550
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750 54,550
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases Weighted-Average Discount Rate	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,128 65,569 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750 54,550
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,128 65,565 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750 54,550
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases Weighted-Average Discount Rate Operating leases Finance leases	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,126 65,569 69,699 50,986 2,800 51,756 54,550 6.60 years 3.82%
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance Lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases Weighted-Average Discount Rate Operating leases Finance leases At December 31, 2018, the finance lease ROU assets were included in "Net utility property" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the adoption	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,121 65,561 69,693 50,981 2,800 51,751 54,551 6.60 years 2,27 years
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases Weighted-Average Discount Rate Operating leases Finance leases At December 31, 2018, the finance lease ROU assets were included in "Net utility property" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2019, the Company has reclassified these amounts to "Other property and investments—net and other non-current	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,12 65,56 69,69 50,98 2,80 51,75 54,55
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases Weighted-Average Discount Rate Operating leases Finance leases At December 31, 2018, the finance lease ROU assets were included in "Net utility property" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2019, the Company has reclassified these amounts to "Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet such that their presentation as of December 31, 2019 is consistent with operating leases.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,121 65,561 69,693 50,981 2,800 51,751 54,551 3.60 years 3.829 4.889
Other current liabilities Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits Total operating lease liabilities Finance Leases Finance Leases Finance lease ROU assets (Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets) (a) Other current liabilities (b) Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits (b) Total finance lease liabilities Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term Operating leases Finance leases Weighted-Average Discount Rate Operating leases Finance leases At December 31, 2018, the finance lease ROU assets were included in "Net utility property" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2018, the Company has reclassified these amounts to "Other property and investments—net and other non-current	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,128 65,568 69,693 50,980 2,800 51,750 54,550 3.60 years 3.82% 4.88%

liabilities and deferred credits" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet such that their presentation as of December 31, 2019 is consistent with operating leases.

Maturities of lease liabilities (including principal and interest) were as follows as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	Operating	Finance
	Leases	Leases
2020	\$ 4,372	\$ 5,462
2021	4,375	5,457
2022	4,383	5,460
2023	4,399	5,456
2024	4,411	5,459
Thereafter	 91,654	49,115
Total lease payments	\$ 113,594	\$ 76,409
Less: imputed interest	 (43,901)	(21,859)
Total	\$ 69,693	\$ 54,550

Future minimum lease payments (including principal and interest) under Topic 840 as of December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands):

	Operating	Finance
	Leases	Leases
2019	\$ 4,995	\$ 5,455
2020	4,876	5,462
2021	4,859	5,457
2022	4,782	5,460
2023	4,780	5,456
Thereafter	102,389	54,574
Total lease payments	\$ 126,681	\$ 81,864
Less: imputed interest		(24,654)
Total	\$ 126,681	\$ 57,210

Note 6. Variable Interest Entities

Lancaster Power Purchase Agreement

The Company has a PPA for the purchase of all the output of the Lancaster Plant, a 270 MW natural gas-fired combined cycle combustion turbine plant located in Kootenai County, Idaho, owned by an unrelated third-party (Rathdrum Power LLC), through 2026.

Avista Corp. has a variable interest in the PPA. Accordingly, Avista Corp. made an evaluation of which interest holders have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entity and which interest holders have the obligation to absorb losses or receive benefits that could be significant to the entity. Avista Corp. pays a fixed capacity and operations and maintenance payment and certain monthly variable costs under the PPA. Under the terms of the PPA, Avista Corp. makes the dispatch decisions, provides all natural gas fuel and receives all of the electric energy output from the Lancaster Plant. However, Rathdrum Power LLC (the owner) controls the daily operation of the Lancaster Plant and makes operating and maintenance decisions. Rathdrum Power LLC controls all of the rights and obligations of the Lancaster Plant after the expiration of the PPA in 2026 and Avista Corp. does not have any further obligations after the expiration. It is estimated that the plant will have 15 to 25 years of useful life after that time. Rathdrum Power LLC bears the maintenance risk of the plant and will receive the residual value of the Lancaster Plant. Avista Corp. has no debt or equity investments in the Lancaster Plant and does not provide financial support through liquidity arrangements or other commitments (other than the PPA). Based on its analysis, Avista Corp. does not consider

itself to be the primary beneficiary of the Lancaster Plant. Accordingly, neither the Lancaster Plant nor Rathdrum Power LLC is included in Avista Corp.'s consolidated financial statements. The Company has a future contractual obligation of \$174.6 million under the PPA (representing the fixed capacity and operations and maintenance payments through 2026) and believes this would be its maximum exposure to loss. However, the Company believes that such costs will be recovered through retail rates.

Limited Partnerships and Similar Entities

Under current GAAP, a limited partnership or similar legal entity that is the functional equivalent of a limited partnership is considered a VIE regardless of whether it otherwise qualifies as a voting interest entity unless a simple majority or lower threshold of the "unrelated" limited partners (i.e., parties other than the general partner, entities under common control with the general partner, and other parties acting on behalf of the general partner) have substantive kick-out rights (including liquidation rights) or participating rights.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company has eight investments in limited partnerships (or the functional equivalent) where Avista Corp. is a limited partner investor in an investment fund where the general partner makes all of the investment and operating decisions with regards to the partnership and fund. To remove the general partner from any of the funds, approval from greater than a simple majority of the limited partners is required. As such, the limited partners do not have substantive kick-out rights and these investments are considered VIEs. Consolidation of these VIEs by Avista Corp. is not required because the Company does not have majority ownership in any of the funds, it does not have the power to direct any activities of the funds, and it does not have the power to appoint executive leadership, including the board of directors.

Avista Corp. participates in profits and losses of the investment funds based on its ownership percentage and its losses are capped at its total initial investment in the funds. For seven of the ten VIEs, Avista Corp. does not have any additional commitments beyond its initial investment. For the other three VIEs, as of December 31, 2019, Avista Corp. has invested \$40.2 million, leaving \$43.2 million remaining to be invested. In addition, the Company is not allowed to withdraw any capital contributions from the investment funds until after the funds' expiration dates and all liabilities of the funds are settled. The expiration dates range from 2021 to 2040, with three investments having no termination date (as they are perpetual). In addition, one of the funds is closed and expired and the Company is awaiting final distribution as soon as the underlying investments are liquidated. As of December 31, 2019, the Company has a total carrying amount in these investment funds of \$45.9 million.

Note 7. Derivatives and Risk Management

Energy Commodity Derivatives

Avista Corp. is exposed to market risks relating to changes in electricity and natural gas commodity prices and certain other fuel prices. Market risk is, in general, the risk of fluctuation in the market price of the commodity being traded and is influenced primarily by supply and demand. Market risk includes the fluctuation in the market price of associated derivative commodity instruments. Avista Corp. utilizes derivative instruments, such as forwards, futures, swap derivatives and options in order to manage the various risks relating

to these commodity price exposures. Avista Corp. has an energy resources risk policy and control procedures to manage these risks.

As part of Avista Corp.'s resource procurement and management operations in the electric business, the Company engages in an ongoing process of resource optimization, which involves the economic selection from available energy resources to serve Avista Corp.'s load obligations and the use of these resources to capture available economic value through wholesale market transactions. These include sales and purchases of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and derivative contracts related to capacity, energy and fuel. Such transactions are part of the process of matching resources with load obligations and hedging a portion of the related financial risks. These transactions range from terms of intra-hour up to multiple years.

As part of its resource procurement and management of its natural gas business, Avista Corp. makes continuing projections of its natural gas loads and assesses available natural gas resources including natural gas storage availability. Natural gas resource planning typically includes peak requirements, low and average monthly requirements and delivery constraints from natural gas supply locations to Avista Corp.'s distribution system. However, daily variations in natural gas demand can be significantly different than monthly demand projections. On the basis of these projections, Avista Corp. plans and executes a series of transactions to hedge a portion of its projected natural gas

requirements through forward market transactions and derivative instruments. These transactions may extend as much as three natural gas operating years (November through October) into the future.

Avista Corp. also leaves a significant portion of its natural gas supply requirements unhedged for purchase in short-term and spot markets.

Avista Corp. plans for sufficient natural gas delivery capacity to serve its retail customers for a theoretical peak day event. Avista Corp. generally has more pipeline and storage capacity than what is needed during periods other than a peak day. Avista Corp. optimizes its natural gas resources by using market opportunities to generate economic value that helps mitigate fixed costs. Avista Corp. also optimizes its natural gas storage capacity by purchasing and storing natural gas when prices are traditionally lower, typically in the summer, and withdrawing during higher priced months, typically during the winter. However, if market conditions and prices indicate that Avista Corp. should buy or sell natural gas during other times in the year, Avista Corp. engages in optimization transactions to capture value in the marketplace. Natural gas optimization activities include, but are not limited to, wholesale market sales of surplus natural gas supplies, purchases and sales of natural gas to optimize use of pipeline and storage capacity, and participation in the transportation capacity release market.

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2019 that are expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

				Purchases				Sales
	Electric	Derivatives	Gas	Derivatives	Electric	Derivatives	Gas I	Derivatives
	Physical (1)	Financial (1)						
Year	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs
2020	2	442	9,813	78,803	133	1,724	2,984	37,848
2021	_	_	153	25,523	_	246	1,040	13,108
2022	_	_	225	4,725	_	_	_	675

As of December 31, 2019, there are no expected deliveries of energy commodity derivatives after 2022.

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2018 that were expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

				Purchases				Sales
	Electric	Derivatives	Gas	Derivatives	tives Electric Derivatives		Gas l	Derivatives
	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	Physical (1)	Financial (1)	Physical (1)	Financial (1)
Year	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs	MWh	MWh	mmBTUs	mmBTUs
2019	206	941	10,732	101,293	197	2,790	2,909	54,418
2020	_	_	1,138	47,225	123	959	1,430	14,625
2021	_	_	_	9,670	_	_	1,049	4,100

As of December 31, 2018, there were no expected deliveries of energy commodity derivatives after 2021.

(1) Physical transactions represent commodity transactions in which Avista Corp. will take or make delivery of either electricity or natural gas; financial transactions represent derivative instruments with delivery of cash in the amount of the benefit or cost but with no physical delivery of the commodity, such as futures, swap derivatives, options, or forward contracts.

The electric and natural gas derivative contracts above will be included in either power supply costs or natural gas supply costs during the period they are delivered and will be included in the various deferral

and recovery mechanisms (ERM, PCA, and PGAs), or in the general rate case process, and are expected to be collected through retail rates from customers.

Foreign Currency Exchange Derivatives

A significant portion of Avista Corp.'s natural gas supply (including fuel for power generation) is obtained from Canadian sources.

Most of those transactions are executed in U.S. dollars, which avoids foreign currency risk. A portion of Avista Corp.'s short-term natural gas transactions and long-term Canadian transportation contracts are committed based on Canadian currency prices and settled within 60 days with U.S. dollars. Avista Corp. hedges a portion of the foreign

currency risk by purchasing Canadian currency exchange derivatives when such commodity transactions are initiated. The foreign currency exchange derivatives and the unhedged foreign currency risk have not had a material effect on Avista Corp.'s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows and these differences in cost related to currency fluctuations are included with natural gas supply costs for ratemaking.

The following table summarizes the foreign currency exchange derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Number of contracts	20	31
Notional amount (in United States dollars)	\$ 5,932	\$ 4,018
Notional amount (in Canadian dollars)	7,828	5,386

Interest Rate Swap Derivatives

Avista Corp. is affected by fluctuating interest rates related to a portion of its existing debt, and future borrowing requirements.

Avista Corp. hedges a portion of its interest rate risk with financial

derivative instruments. These financial derivative instruments are considered economic hedges against fluctuations in future cash flows associated with anticipated debt issuances.

The following table summarizes the unsettled interest rate swap derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of the balance sheet date indicated below (dollars in thousands):

			Mandatory Cash
	Number of	Notional	Settlement
Balance Sheet Date	Contracts	Amount	Date
December 31, 2019	7	70,000	2020
	3	35,000	2021
	10	110,000	2022
December 31, 2018	6	70,000	2019
	6	60,000	2020
	2	25,000	2021
	7	80,000	2022

See Note 15 for discussion of the bond purchase agreement and the related settlement of interest rate swaps in connection with the pricing of the bonds in September 2019.

The fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives can vary significantly from period to period depending on the total notional amount of swap derivatives outstanding and fluctuations in market interest rates compared to the interest rates fixed by the swaps.

Avista Corp. is required to make cash payments to settle the interest rate swap derivatives when the fixed rates are higher than prevailing market rates at the date of settlement. Conversely, Avista Corp.

receives cash to settle its interest rate swap derivatives when prevailing market rates at the time of settlement exceed the fixed swap rates.

Summary of Outstanding Derivative Instruments

The amounts recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 reflect the offsetting of derivative assets and liabilities where a legal right of offset exists.

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2019 (in thousands):

					Fair Value
					Net Asset
	Gross	Gross	Collateral	((Liability) on Balance
Derivative and Balance Sheet Location	Asset	Liability	Netting		Sheet
Foreign currency exchange derivatives					
Other current assets	\$ 97	\$ _	\$ —	\$	97
Interest rate swap derivatives					
Other current assets	589	_	_		589
Other current liabilities	238	(9,379)	1,316		(7,825)
Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	725	(24,677)	5,454		(18,498)
Energy commodity derivatives					
Other current assets	416	(245)	_		171
Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets	6,369	(5,446)	_		923
Other current liabilities	34,760	(41,241)	3,378		(3,103)
Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	28	(1,215)	_		(1,187)
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$ 43,222	\$ (82,203)	\$ 10,148	\$	(28,833)

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2018 (in thousands):

					Fair Value
					Net Asset
					(Liability)
	Gross	Gross	Col	lateral	on Balance
Derivative and Balance Sheet Location	Asset	Liability	N	letting	Sheet
Foreign currency exchange derivatives					
Other current liabilities	\$ _	\$ (45)	\$	_	\$ (45)
Interest rate swap derivatives					
Other current assets	5,283	_		_	5,283
Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets	5,283	(440)		_	4,843
Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	_	(7,391)		530	(6,861)
Energy commodity derivatives					
Other current assets	400	(130)		_	270
Other current liabilities	31,457	(73,155)		37,790	(3,908)
Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits	4,426	(21,292)		13,427	(3,439)
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$ 46,849	\$ (102,453)	\$	51,747	\$ (3,857)

Exposure to Demands for Collateral

Avista Corp.'s derivative contracts often require collateral (in the form of cash or letters of credit) or other credit enhancements, or reductions or terminations of a portion of the contract through cash settlement. In the event of a downgrade in Avista Corp.'s credit ratings or changes in market prices, additional collateral may be required.

In periods of price volatility, the level of exposure can change significantly. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made against Avista Corp.'s credit facilities and cash. Avista Corp. actively monitors the exposure to possible collateral calls and takes steps to mitigate capital requirements.

The following table presents Avista Corp.'s collateral outstanding related to its derivative instruments as of December 31 (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Energy commodity derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	\$ 7,812	\$ 78,025
Letters of credit outstanding	17,400	6,500
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	3,378	51,217
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	6,770	530
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	6,770	530

There were no letters of credit outstanding related to interest rate swap derivatives as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Certain of Avista Corp.'s derivative instruments contain provisions that require the Company to maintain an "investment grade" credit rating from the major credit rating agencies. If Avista Corp.'s credit

ratings were to fall below "investment grade," it would be in violation of these provisions, and the counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing collateralization on derivative instruments in net liability positions.

The following table presents the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position and the amount of additional collateral Avista Corp. could be required to post as of December 31 (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Energy commodity derivatives		
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features	\$ 814	\$ 2,193
Additional collateral to post	814	2,193
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features	34,056	7,831
Additional collateral to post	26,912	6,579

Note 8. Jointly Owned Electric Facilities

The Company has a 15 percent ownership interest in a twinunit coal-fired generating facility, Colstrip, located in southeastern Montana, and provides financing for its ownership interest in the project. The Company's share of related fuel costs as well as operating expenses for plant in service are included in the corresponding accounts in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company's share of utility plant in service for Colstrip and accumulated depreciation (inclusive of the ARO assets and accumulated amortization) were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Utility plant in service	\$ 387,860	\$ 384,431
Accumulated depreciation	(268,637)	(261,997)

See Note 10 for further discussion of AROs.

While the obligations and liabilities with respect to Colstrip are to be shared among the co-owners on a pro-rata basis, many of the environmental liabilities are joint and several under the

law, so that if any co-owner failed to pay its share of such liability, the other co-owners (or any one of them) could be required to pay the defaulting co-owner's share (or the entire liability).

Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment

Net Utility Property

Net utility property consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Utility plant in service	\$ 6,462,993	\$ 6,209,968
Construction work in progress	164,941	160,598
Total	6,627,934	6,370,566
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,830,927	1,721,636
Total net utility property	\$ 4,797,007	\$ 4,648,930

Gross Property, Plant and Equipment

The gross balances of the major classifications of property, plant and equipment are detailed in the following table as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Avista Utilities:		
Electric production	\$ 1,445,017	\$ 1,426,961
Electric transmission	802,546	761,156
Electric distribution	1,847,273	1,726,410
Electric construction work-in-progress (CWIP) and other	350,331	341,041
Electric total	4,445,167	4,255,568
Natural gas underground storage	51,017	48,549
Natural gas distribution	1,203,186	1,118,720
Natural gas CWIP and other	81,245	76,488
Natural gas total	1,335,448	1,243,757
Common plant (including CWIP)	681,711	641,465
Total Avista Utilities	6,462,326	6,140,790
AEL&P:		
Electric production	100,448	99,803
Electric transmission	22,000	21,347
Electric distribution	24,096	22,374
Electric production held under long-term capital lease (1)	_	71,007
Electric CWIP and other	9,539	7,072
Electric total	156,083	221,603
Common plant	9,525	8,173
Total AEL&P	165,608	229,776
Total gross utility property	6,627,934	6,370,566
Other (2)	28,195	39,145
Total	\$ 6,656,129	\$ 6,409,711

⁽¹⁾ At December 31, 2018, the finance lease ROU assets were included in "Net utility property" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2019, the Company has reclassified these amounts to "Other property and investments—net and other non-current assets" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet such that their presentation as of December 31, 2019 is consistent with operating leases.

⁽²⁾ Included in other property and investments—net and other non-current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Accumulated depreciation was \$5.4 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$12.4 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$12.4 million as of December 31, 2018 for the other businesses.

Note 10. Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company has recorded liabilities for future AROs to:

- restore coal ash containment ponds and coal holding areas at Colstrip,
- cap a landfill at the Kettle Falls Plant, and
- remove plant and restore the land at the Coyote Springs 2 site at the termination of the land lease.

Due to an inability to estimate a range of settlement dates, the Company cannot estimate a liability for the:

- · removal and disposal of certain transmission and distribution assets, and
- abandonment and decommissioning of certain hydroelectric generation and natural gas storage facilities.

In 2015, the EPA issued a final rule regarding CCRs. Colstrip, of which Avista Corp. is a 15 percent owner of Units 3 & 4, produces this byproduct. The CCR rule has been the subject of ongoing litigation. In August 2018, the D.C. Circuit struck down provisions of the rule. The rule includes technical requirements for CCR landfills and surface impoundments. The Colstrip owners developed a multi-year compliance plan to address the CCR requirements and existing state obligations.

The actual asset retirement costs related to the CCR rule requirements may vary substantially from the estimates used to record the ARO due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of the compliance strategies that will be used and the availability of data used to estimate costs, such as the quantity of coal ash present at certain sites and the volume of fill that will be needed to cap and cover certain impoundments. The Company updates its estimates as new information becomes available. The Company expects to seek recovery of any increased costs related to complying with the CCR rule through customer rates.

In addition to the above, under a 2018 Administrative Order on Consent and ongoing negotiations with the Montana Department of Ecological Quality, the owners of Colstrip are required to provide financial assurance, primarily in the form of surety bonds, to secure each owner's pro-rata share of various anticipated closure and remediation of the ash ponds and coal holding areas. The amount of financial assurance required of each owner may, like the ARO, vary substantially due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of anticipated closure and remediation activities, and as those activities are completed over time.

The following table documents the changes in the Company's asset retirement obligation during the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017
Asset retirement obligation at beginning of year	\$ 18,266	\$ 17,482	\$ 15,515
Liabilities incurred	2,699	_	1,171
Liabilities settled	(1,503)	(66)	_
Accretion expense	876	850	796
Asset retirement obligation at end of year	\$ 20,338	\$ 18,266	\$ 17,482

Note 11. Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The pension and other postretirement benefit plans described below only relate to Avista Utilities. AEL&P (not discussed below) participates in a defined contribution multiemployer plan for its union workers and a defined contribution money purchase pension plan for its nonunion workers. None of the subsidiary retirement plans, individually or in the aggregate, are significant to Avista Corp.

Avista Utilities

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan covering the majority of all regular full-time employees at Avista Utilities that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. Individual benefits under this plan are based upon the employee's years of service, date of hire and average compensation as specified in the plan. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan in lieu of a defined benefit pension plan. The Company's funding

policy is to contribute at least the minimum amounts that are required to be funded under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, but not more than the maximum amounts that are currently deductible for income tax purposes. The Company contributed \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2019, 2018, and 2017. The Company expects to contribute \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2020.

The Company also has a SERP that provides additional pension benefits to certain executive officers and certain key employees of the Company. The SERP is intended to provide benefits to individuals whose benefits under the defined benefit pension plan are reduced due to the application of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the deferral of salary under deferred compensation plans. The liability and expense for this plan are included as pension benefits in the tables included in this Note.

The Company expects that benefit payments under the pension plan and the SERP will total (dollars in thousands):

							Total
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	7	2025–2029
Expected benefit payments	\$ 39.647	\$ 40.080	\$ 40.652	\$ 40.729	\$ 41.767	\$	217.899

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on past performance and economic forecasts for the types of investments held by the plan. In selecting a discount rate, the Company considers yield rates for highly rated corporate bond portfolios with maturities similar to that of the expected term of pension benefits.

The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. The Company accrues the estimated cost of postretirement benefit obligations during the years that employees provide services. The liability and expense of this plan are included as other postretirement benefits. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, will have access to the retiree medical plan upon retirement; however, Avista Corp. will no longer provide a contribution toward their medical premium.

The Company has a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to provide employees with tax-advantaged funds to pay for allowable medical expenses upon retirement. The amount earned by the employee is fixed on the retirement date based on the employee's years of service and the ending salary. The liability and expense of the HRA are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company provides death benefits to beneficiaries of executive officers who die during their term of office or after retirement. Under the plan, an executive officer's designated beneficiary will receive a payment equal to twice the executive officer's annual base salary at the time of death (or if death occurs after retirement, a payment equal to twice the executive officer's total annual pension benefit). The liability and expense for this plan are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company expects that benefit payments under other postretirement benefit plans will total (dollars in thousands):

							Total
	2020	2021	2022	2	2023	2024	2025-2029
Expected benefit payments	\$ 6,442 \$	6,782	\$ 6,965	5 \$	7,088	\$ 7,244	\$ 38,305

The Company expects to contribute \$6.7 million to other postretirement benefit plans in 2020, representing expected benefit payments to be paid during the year excluding the Medicare Part D

subsidy. The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for its pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

The following table sets forth the pension and other postretirement benefit plan disclosures as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the components of net periodic benefit costs for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands):

Propertion of the proper								Other
Renefit obligation so of beginning of year \$17,000 \$13,000		 	nsio					
Benefit obligation as of beginning of year 671,629 \$ 716,561 \$ 134,050 \$ 31,848 Service cost 19,755 21,614 5,006 5,588 4,831 Actuarial (gain)/loss 57,223 148,641 23,344 6(10) Benefit spaid 35,223 148,000 16,000 6,000 Benefit paid 5742,322 167,002 15,000 6,300 Change in plan assets as of beginning of year 5740,322 60,000 8,000 37,933 Actual return on plan assets as of beginning of year 19,000 20,000 Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year 19,000 20,000 Benefit spaid 33,300 442,600 8,000 1,101 1,000		2019		2018		2019		2018
Service cost 19,755 21,614 3,006 3,188 Interest cost 28,417 20,006 5,389 4,831 Recturial (gain/loss 57,329 34,841 23,344 (610) Benefits paid (35,248) 144,000 6,705 (5,003) Benefits paid (35,248) 144,000 6,705 3,705,33 Change in plan assets 199,942 (40,954) 3,852 \$ 37,953 Actual return on plan assets as of beginning of year \$ 544,051 \$ 605,652 \$ 3,852 \$ 7,953 Actual return on plan assets as of eduly of year \$ 544,051 \$ 605,652 \$ 3,852 \$ 7,953 Actual return on plan assets as of eduly of year \$ 10,000 \$ 1								
Interest cost		\$	\$		\$		\$	•
Actuarial (gain)/loss 57,829 (48,641) 23,344 (61,03) Benefits pixel (35,248) (44,001) (6,030) (6,030) Benefit poligation as of end of year \$72,329 671,629 \$19,095 (6,030) Change in plan assets 8544,051 665,652 \$3,852 \$37,953 Actual return on plan assets as of beginning of year 22,000 40,954 40,000 Benefits paid 33,393 442,647 Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$62,000 \$10,000 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
Benefits paid 18,284 (44,001) (6,005) (6,003) Benefit biligation as of end of year 742,382 617,629 18,926 13,030 Change in plan assets 544,051 605,652 30,852 37,933 Actual return on plan assets as of beginning of year 109,842 (40,954) 40,001 (1,101) Employer contributions 2,000 22,000 20,000 -— -— Fair value of plan assets as of end of year 8,42,003 3,540,51 4,483 3,852 Funded status 6,003,319 10,242,71 1,443 3,052 Funder current liabilities 1,160,001 11,473 1,640 \$,050 Non-current liabilities 9,871,71 112,610 1,133,303 1,96,221 Non-current liabilities 9,871,71 1,126,101 1,133,303 1,96,221 Non-current liabilities 1,100,301 1,127,778 1,144,401 1,143,303 1,96,221 Non-current liabilities 1,100,301 1,127,778 1,144,301 1,144,301 1,144,301 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td></td<>								•
Benefit obligation as of end of year 742,302 8 71,629 \$ 19,926 \$ 134,053 Change in plan assets Terri value of plan assets as of beginning of year \$ 544,051 \$ 605,652 \$ 3,852 \$ 3,735 Actual return on plan assets as of beginning of year \$ 109,942 (40,954) \$ 8,001 (1,101) Employer contributions 22,000 22,000 22,000 - — Fair value of plan assets as of end of year 6 642,003 \$ 140,501 \$ 44,853 \$ 3,6852 Funded status 6 100,303 \$ 11,602 \$ 11,444 \$ (75,001) Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets: 1 (1,602 \$ 11,477 \$ (640) \$ (580) Under current liabilities 9 (10,319) \$ 11,443 \$ (75,001)	-							
Change in plan assets: 544,051 605,652 30,852 37,953 Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year \$540,051 605,652 8,0852 37,953 Actual return on plan assets 109,942 (40,954) 8,001 (1,101) Employer contributions 22,000 22,000 22,000 -— Benefits paid (33,393) (42,647) —— Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$642,063 5540,051 44,803 3,8622 Funded status \$6100,319 \$102,7579 \$104,403 \$7,001 Accumulate cognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets: \$1,602 \$1,477 \$640 \$650 Onn-current liabilities (98,711) (126,010) \$103 \$9,020 Non-current liabilities (98,717) (126,101) \$114,403 \$9,7201 Non-current liabilities (98,717) (126,101) \$114,403 \$9,7201 Non-current liabilities \$100,319 \$127,578 \$14,403 \$9,7201 Non-current liabilities \$1,500 \$1,500		 					_	
Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year \$ 544,051 \$ 605,652 \$ 36,852 \$ 37,953 Actual return on plan assets 109,942 (40,954) 8,001 (1,101) Employer contributions 22,000 22,000 - — Benefits paid (33,380) (42,647) — Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$ 642,083 \$ 544,051 \$ 44,853 \$ 36,852 Funded status \$ (100,319) \$ (12,578) \$ (14,474) \$ (7,001) Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets: \$ (1,602) \$ (1,477) \$ (140) \$ (580) Non-current liabilities \$ (1,602) \$ (1,502) \$ (14,473) \$ (7,201) Non-current liabilities \$ (1,602) \$ (1,502) \$ (1,477) \$ (14,04) \$ (98,021) Non-current liabilities \$ (1,602) \$ (1,502) \$ (1,502) \$ (1,477) \$ (14,04) \$ (98,021) Net accumulated postretirement benefit obligation \$ (1,003) \$ (1,003) \$ (1,002) \$ (1,002) \$ (1,002) \$ (2,002) \$ (2,002) \$ (2,002) \$ (2		\$ 742,382	\$	671,629	\$	159,296	\$	134,053
Actual return on plan assets 109,942 (40,954) 8,001 (1,101) Employer contributions 22,000 Benefits paid 33,339 426,407 Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$ 642,03 \$ 544,05 \$ 44,853 \$ 36,852 Funded status \$ (100,31) \$ (127,578) \$ (11,443) \$ (72,01) Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets: Under status \$ (100,31) \$ (11,471) \$ (40,60) \$ (88,71) Non-current liabilities \$ (100,31) \$ (11,471) \$ (40,60) \$ (88,71) Non-current liabilities \$ (100,31) \$ (127,78) \$ (11,40) \$ (88,721) Non-current liabilities \$ (100,31) \$ (127,78) \$ (11,41) \$ (30,621) Non-current liabilities \$ (100,31) \$ (127,78) \$ (11,41) \$ (30,621) Non-current liabilities \$ (100,31) \$ (127,78) \$ (11,41) \$ (30,621) Non-current liabilities \$ (100,41) \$	•							
Employer contributions 22,000 22,000 ————————————————————————————————————		\$	\$		\$		\$	
Benefits paid (33,930) (42,647) — — Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$ 642,063 \$ 544,061 \$ 14,863 \$ 36,852 Funded status \$ (100,319) \$ (127,578) \$ (11,602) \$ (1,602) \$ (1,602) \$ (1,602)	Actual return on plan assets	109,942		(40,954)		8,001		(1,101)
Fair value of plan assets as of end of year \$64,006 \$ 544,005 \$ 44,853 \$ 36,852 Funded status \$ (100,319) \$ (127,578) \$ (114,402) \$ (97,701) Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets: \$ (16,602) \$ (14,602) \$ (18,	···	22,000		22,000		_		_
Funded status	Benefits paid	 (33,930)		(42,647)			_	
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets: Other current liabilities \$ (1,602) \$ (1,477) \$ (6,60) \$ (5,60) Non-current liabilities (98,717) (126,101) (11,303) \$ (96,607) Net amount recognized \$ (100,319) \$ (127,578) \$ (114,448) \$ (97,201) Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ 644,004 \$ 568,398 \$ Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation \$ 644,004 \$ 72,816 \$ 63,796 \$ 67,72,816 \$ 63,796 \$ 67,910 \$ 63,796 \$ 69,002 \$	Fair value of plan assets as of end of year	\$ 642,063	\$	544,051	\$			36,852
Other current liabilities \$ (1,602) \$ (1,477) \$ (640) \$ (580) Non-current liabilities (98,777) (126,101) (113,803) (96,621) Net amount recognized \$ (100,319) \$ (127,578) \$ (114,443) \$ (97,201) Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation \$ 644,004 \$ 586,398 — — For retirees \$ 72,816 \$ 63,796 \$ 29,002 \$ 1,345 \$ 29,002 For other participants \$ 1,003 \$ 1,408 \$ 29,002 \$ 1,408 \$ 63,796 For other participants \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ 4,400 \$ 56,399 For other participants \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ 5,230 Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ 5,240 Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 114,368 \$ 138,516 \$ 6,101 \$ 5,241 Total \$ 116,473 \$ 14,0824 \$ 5,701 \$ 7,221 \$ 2,202 \$ 2,441 Total \$ 116,473 \$ 14,0824 \$ 5,701 \$ 4,224	Funded status	\$ (100,319)	\$	(127,578)	\$	(114,443)	\$	(97,201)
Non-current liabilities (98,717) (126,101) (113,803) (96,217) Net amount recognized \$ (100,319) \$ (127,578) \$ (114,443) \$ (97,201) Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ 644,004 \$ 586,338 — — Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation \$ 72,816 \$ 63,796 For fully eligible employees \$ 2,105 \$ 13,355 \$ 20,002 For ther participants \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ 4,400 \$ (52,30) Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (52,30) Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (52,30) Unrecognized net actuarial loss \$ 114,388 \$ 138,516 \$ 63,101 \$ 25,201 Total \$ 116,473 \$ 140,824 \$ 8,701 \$ 4,721 Less regulatory asset \$ 101,735 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,18 \$ 272 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,008 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,18 \$ 27	Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets:							
Net amount recognized \$ (100,319) \$ (172,7578) \$ (114,443) \$ (97,201) Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ 644,004 \$ 586,398 — — Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation: For retirees \$ 72,816 \$ 63,796 For fully eligible employees \$ 1,003 \$ 4,545 \$ 29,002 For other participants \$ 1,003 \$ 1,003 \$ 4,504 \$ 29,002 For ther participants \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,00) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,00) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss \$ 114,368 \$ 138,516 \$ 63,101 \$ 52,441 Total \$ 116,473 \$ 140,824 \$ 58,701 \$ 47,211 Less regulatory asset \$ (107,395) \$ 1,318 \$ 279 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assu	Other current liabilities	\$ (1,602)	\$	(1,477)	\$	(640)	\$	(580)
Accumulated pension benefit obligation \$ 644,004 \$ 586,398 — — Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation: For retirees \$ 72,816 \$ 63,796 For fully eligible employees \$ 34,545 \$ 29,902 For other participants \$ 51,935 \$ 40,355 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 0116,473 1,482 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset 9,078 7,587 1,181 279 Weighted-average assumptions and other postretirement benefit plans 9,978 7,587 1,181 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: 3,85% 4,31% 3,89% 4,32%	Non-current liabilities	 (98,717)		(126,101)		(113,803)		(96,621)
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation: S72,816 \$ 63,796 For retirees \$ 34,545 \$ 29,902 For other participants \$ 51,935 \$ 40,355 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,000) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) 657,520 (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 016,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) 7,587 1,181 279 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 3,000 7,587 1,181 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: 3,896 4,31% 3,89% 4,32% Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,85% 4,31% 3,89% 4,32% Expected long-term retu	Net amount recognized	\$ (100,319)	\$	(127,578)	\$	(114,443)	\$	(97,201)
For retirees \$ 72,816 \$ 63,796 For fully eligible employees \$ 34,545 \$ 29,902 For other participants \$ 51,935 \$ 40,355 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss \$ 114,388 \$ 138,516 \$ 63,101 \$ 2,241 Total \$ 116,473 \$ 140,824 \$ 57,011 \$ 47,211 Less regulatory asset \$ 107,395 \$ 1,818 \$ 279 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: \$ 3,858 \$ 4,318 \$ 3,898 \$ 3,222 Discount rate for benefit obligation \$ 3,859 \$ 4,318 \$ 3,898 \$ 3,222 Expected long-term return on plan assets \$ 5,908 \$ 5,509 \$ 5,509	Accumulated pension benefit obligation	\$ 644,004	\$	586,398		_		_
For fully eligible employees \$ 34,545 \$ 29,902 For other participants \$ 51,935 \$ 40,355 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,502) 46,932 Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit \$ 9,078 7,587 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,078 7,587 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: University of the properties of t	Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation:							
For other participants \$ 51,935 \$ 40,355 Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 9,078 7,587 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions and other postretirement benefit plans 9,078 7,587 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Total Contract for benefit obligation 3,85% 4,31% 3,89% 4,32% Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,85% 4,31% 3,89% 4,32% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5,90% 5,50% 5,70% 5,20% Rate of compensation increase 4,66% 4,67% 5,00% 5,00% Medical cost trend pr	For retirees				\$	72,816	\$	63,796
Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax): Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 \$ (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit 5 9,078 7,587 1,181 279 Weighted-average assumptions and other postretirement benefit plans 9,078 7,587 1,181 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: 5 9,078 4,314 3,894 4,326 Discount rate for benefit obligation 3,859 4,314 3,718 4,326 Expected long-term return on plan assets 5,909 5,509 5,709 5,206 Rate of compensation increase 4,669 4,679 5,709 5,009 Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5,009 5,009 5,009 5,009 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial	For fully eligible employees				\$	34,545	\$	29,902
Unrecognized prior service cost \$ 2,105 \$ 2,308 (4,400) \$ (5,230) Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans 9,078 7,587 1,181 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Use count rate for benefit obligation 3,85% 4,31% 3,89% 4,32% Discount rate for annual expense 4,31% 3,71% 4,32% 3,72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5,90% 5,50% 5,70% 5,20% Rate of compensation increase 4,66% 4,67% 4,67% 4,67% 4,67% 4,60% 4,67% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60% 4,60%	For other participants				\$	51,935	\$	40,355
Unrecognized net actuarial loss 114,368 138,516 63,101 52,441 Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,078 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Use out rate for benefit obligation 3.85% 4.31% 3.89% 4.32% Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67% 4.67% 4.67% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.67% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60% 4.60%	Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) (net of tax):							
Total 116,473 140,824 58,701 47,211 Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit	Unrecognized prior service cost	\$ 2,105	\$	2,308	\$	(4,400)	\$	(5,230)
Less regulatory asset (107,395) (133,237) (57,520) (46,932) Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.85% 4.31% 3.89% 4.32% Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67% 5.75% 6.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% Medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 6.25% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 5.00% 5.00%	Unrecognized net actuarial loss	114,368		138,516		63,101		52,441
Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.85% 4.31% 3.89% 4.32% Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67% 4.67% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 5.75% 6.00% 5.00% Medical cost trend year pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 6.25% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Total	116,473		140,824		58,701		47,211
obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans \$ 9,078 \$ 7,587 \$ 1,181 \$ 279 Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.85% 4.31% 3.89% 4.32% Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67% 5.75% 6.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% Medical cost trend year pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% 6.25% Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 6.25% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Less regulatory asset	(107,395)		(133,237)		(57,520)		(46,932)
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31: Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.85% 4.31% 3.89% 4.32% Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67% 4.67% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66% 4.66% 4.67% 4.66%	Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit							
Discount rate for benefit obligation 3.85% 4.31% 3.89% 4.32% Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67%	obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans	\$ 9,078	\$	7,587	\$	1,181	\$	279
Discount rate for annual expense 4.31% 3.71% 4.32% 3.72% Expected long-term return on plan assets 5.90% 5.50% 5.70% 5.20% Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67%	Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31:							
Expected long-term return on plan assets5.90%5.50%5.70%5.20%Rate of compensation increase4.66%4.67%Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial5.75%6.00%Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%6.25%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	Discount rate for benefit obligation	3.85%		4.31%		3.89%		4.32%
Rate of compensation increase 4.66% 4.67% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 5.75% 6.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 6.25% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Discount rate for annual expense	4.31%		3.71%		4.32%		3.72%
Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial 5.75% 6.00% Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00% Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65 2023 2023 Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial 6.50% 6.25% Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	Expected long-term return on plan assets	5.90%		5.50%		5.70%		5.20%
Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%6.25%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	Rate of compensation increase	4.66%		4.67%				
Medical cost trend pre-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%6.25%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%	Medical cost trend pre-age 65—initial					5.75%		6.00%
Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 6520232023Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%6.25%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%						5.00%		5.00%
Medical cost trend post-age 65—initial6.50%6.25%Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate5.00%5.00%								
Medical cost trend post-age 65—ultimate 5.00% 5.00%	, , ,							
, · · ·								
	Ultimate medical cost trend year post-age 65					2026		2024

												•	
	Pension Benefits								Postr	Postretirement Benefits			
		2019		2018		2017		2019	2	018		2017	
Components of net periodic benefit cost:													
Service cost ^(a)	\$	19,755	\$	21,614	\$	20,406	\$	3,006	\$ 3	188	\$	3,220	
Interest cost		28,417		26,096		27,898		5,598	4	831		5,490	
Expected return on plan assets		(31,763)		(33,018)		(31,626)		(2,101)	(1,	973)		(1,899)	
Amortization of prior service cost		257		257		2		(981)	(1,	089)		(1,144)	
Net loss recognition		10,216		7,879		9,793		4,013	4	232		4,934	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	26,882	\$	22,828	\$	26,473	\$	9,535	\$ 9	189	\$	10,601	

Total service costs in the table above are recorded to the same accounts as labor expense. Labor and benefits expense is recorded to various projects based on whether the work is a capital project or an operating expense. Approximately 40 percent of all labor and benefits is capitalized to utility property and 60 percent is expensed to utility other operating expenses.

See Note 2 for discussion regarding the adoption of ASU No. 2017-07 and its impact to the presentation of pension and other postretirement benefits in the Consolidated Statements of Income and the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentagepoint increase in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2019 by \$13.9 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.8 million. A one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would decrease the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2019 by \$10.7 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.6 million.

Plan Assets

The Finance Committee of the Company's Board of Directors approves investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan and other postretirement benefit plans and reviews and approves changes to the investment and funding policies.

The Company has contracted with investment consultants who are responsible for monitoring the individual investment managers. The investment managers' performance and related individual fund performance is periodically reviewed by an internal benefits committee and by the Finance Committee to monitor compliance with investment policy objectives and strategies.

Pension plan assets are invested in mutual funds, trusts and partnerships that hold marketable debt and equity securities, real estate, absolute return and commodity funds. In seeking to obtain a return that aligns with the funded status of the pension plan, the investment consultant recommends allocation percentages by asset classes. These recommendations are reviewed by the internal benefits committee, which then recommends their adoption by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee has established target investment allocation percentages by asset classes and also investment ranges for each asset class. The target investment allocation percentages are typically the midpoint of the established range.

The target investment allocation percentages by asset classes are indicated in the table below:

Other

	2019	2018
Equity securities	35%	37%
Debt securities	49%	45%
Real estate	7%	8%
Absolute return	9%	10%

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in debt and equity securities was based primarily on fair value (market prices). The fair value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the reported last sales price; securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available or for which market prices do not represent the value at the time of pricing, the investment manager estimates fair value based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry).

Pension plan and other postretirement plan assets whose fair values are measured using net asset value (NAV) are excluded from the fair value hierarchy and are included as reconciling items in the tables below.

Investments in common/collective trust funds are presented at estimated fair value, which is determined based on the unit value of the fund. Unit value is determined by an independent trustee, which sponsors the fund, by dividing the fund's net assets by its units outstanding at the valuation date. The Company's investments in common/collective trusts have redemption limitations that permit quarterly redemptions following notice requirements of 45 to 60 days. The fair values of the closely held investments and partnership interests are based upon the allocated share of the fair value of the underlying net assets as well as the allocated share of the undistributed profits and losses, including realized and unrealized gains and losses. Most of the Company's investments in closely held investments and partnership interests have redemption limitations that range from bi-monthly to semi-annually following redemption notice requirements of 60 to 90 days. One investment in a partnership has a lock-up for redemption currently expiring in 2022 and is subject to extension.

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in real estate was determined by the investment manager based on three basic approaches:

- properties are externally appraised on an annual basis by independent appraisers, additional appraisals may be performed as warranted by specific asset or market conditions,
- property valuations are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as necessary, and
- · loans are reflected at fair value.

The fair value of pension plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 17 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2019 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ _	\$ 2,852	\$ 	\$ 2,852
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. government issues	_	37,297	_	37,297
Corporate issues	_	207,222	_	207,222
International issues	_	35,836	_	35,836
Municipal issues	_	23,539	_	23,539
Mutual funds:				
U.S. equity securities	173,568	_	_	173,568
International equity securities	46,416	_	_	46,416
Absolute return (1)	16,720	_	_	16,720
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disclosure)				
Common/collective trusts:				
Real estate	_	_	_	31,473
Partnership/closely held investments:				
Absolute return (1)	_	_	_	59,260
Real estate	 			7,880
Total	\$ 236,704	\$ 306,746	\$	\$ 642,063

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 17 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2018 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ _	\$ 7,061	\$ _	\$ 7,061
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. government issues	_	37,078	_	37,078
Corporate issues	_	175,908	_	175,908
International issues	_	31,561	_	31,561
Municipal issues	_	16,170	_	16,170
Mutual funds:				
U.S. equity securities	101,720	_	_	101,720
International equity securities	33,141	_	_	33,141
Absolute return (1)	2,249	_	_	2,249
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disclosure)				
Common/collective trusts:				
Real estate	_	_	_	43,303
International equity securities	_	_	_	30,944
Partnership/closely held investments:				
Absolute return (1)	_	_	_	60,612
Real estate			_	4,304
Total	\$ 137,110	\$ 267,778	\$	\$ 544,051

⁽¹⁾ This category invests in multiple strategies to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The strategies include: (a) event driven, relative value, convertible, and fixed income arbitrage, (b) distressed investments, (c) long/short equity and fixed income, and (d) market neutral strategies.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets invested in debt and equity securities was based primarily on market prices. The fair value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the last reported sales price; securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available

are fair-valued by the investment manager based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry). The target asset allocation was 60 percent equity securities and 40 percent debt securities in both 2019 and 2018.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 16 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2019 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Balanced index mutual funds (1)	\$ 44,853 \$	— \$	— \$	44,853

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 16 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2018 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Balanced index mutual funds ⁽¹⁾	\$ 36,852 \$	— \$	— \$	36,852

(1) The balanced index fund for 2019 and 2018 is a single mutual fund that includes a percentage of U.S. equity and fixed income securities and International equity and fixed income securities.

401(k) Plans and Executive Deferral Plan

Avista Utilities has a salary deferral 401(k) plan that is a defined contribution plan and covers substantially all employees. Employees can make contributions to their respective accounts in the plans on

a pre-tax basis up to the maximum amount permitted by law. The Company matches a portion of the salary deferred by each participant according to the schedule in the respective plan.

Employer matching contributions were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017
Employer 401(k) matching contributions	\$ 10,412 \$	10,243 \$	9,075

The Company has an Executive Deferral Plan. This plan allows executive officers and other key employees the opportunity to defer until the earlier of their retirement, termination, disability or death,

up to 75 percent of their base salary and/or up to 100 percent of their incentive payments. Deferred compensation funds are held by the Company in a Rabbi Trust.

There were deferred compensation assets included in other property and investments—net and corresponding deferred compensation liabilities included in other non-current liabilities and deferred credits on the Consolidated Balance Sheets of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Deferred compensation assets and liabilities	\$ 8.948 \$	8.400

Note 12. Accounting for Income Taxes

Federal Income Tax Law Changes

On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. The legislation included substantial changes to the taxation of individuals as well as U.S. businesses, multi-national enterprises, and other types of taxpayers. Highlights of provisions most relevant to Avista Corp. included:

- · A permanent reduction in the statutory corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, beginning with tax years after 2017;
- Statutory provisions requiring that excess deferred taxes associated with public utility property be normalized using the ARAM or the Reverse South Georgia Method for determining the timing of the return of excess deferred taxes to customers. Excess deferred taxes result from revaluing deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the newly enacted tax rate instead of the previous tax rate, which, for most rate-regulated utilities like Avista Utilities and AEL&P, results in a net benefit to customers that will be deferred as a regulatory liability and passed through to customers over future periods;
- Repeal of the corporate AMT;
- Bonus depreciation (expensing of capital investment on an accelerated basis) was removed as a deduction for property predominantly used in certain rate-regulated businesses (like Avista Utilities and AEL&P), but is still allowed for the Company's non-regulated businesses; and
- NOL carryback deductions were eliminated, but carryforward deductions are allowed indefinitely with some annual limitations versus the previous 20-year limitation.

As a result of the TCJA and its reduction of the corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent (among many other changes in the law), the Company recorded a regulatory liability associated with the revaluing of its deferred income tax assets and liabilities to the new corporate tax rate. The total net amount of the regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes associated with the TCJA is \$416.7 million as of December 31, 2019, compared to \$436.7 million as of December 31, 2018, which reflects the amounts to be refunded to customers through the regulatory process. The Avista Utilities amounts related to utility plant commenced being returned to customers in 2018 and the Company expects they will be returned to customers over a period of approximately 36 years using the ARAM. The AEL&P amounts related to utility plant commenced being returned to customers in 2018 and the Company expects they will be returned to customers over a period of approximately 40 years using the Reverse South Georgia Method. The return of the regulatory liability attributable to non-plant excess deferred taxes has begun through tariffs or other regulatory mechanisms or proceedings.

Because most of the provisions of the TCJA were effective as of January 1, 2018 but customers' rates included a 35 percent corporate tax rate built in from prior general rate cases, the Company began accruing for a refund to customers for the change in federal income tax expense beginning January 1, 2018 forward. For Washington and Idaho, this accrual was recorded until all benefits prior to a permanent rate change were properly captured through the deferral process. For Oregon, this accrual was recorded through 2019 with new customer rates effective January 15, 2020. Refunds have begun to Washington, Idaho, and Oregon customers through tariffs or other regulatory mechanisms or proceedings.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense consisted of the following for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2019	2018	2017
Current income tax expense	\$	16,276	\$ 17,490	\$ 13,101
Deferred income tax expense	_	15,098	8,570	 69,657
Total income tax expense	\$	31,374	\$ 26,060	\$ 82,758

State income taxes do not represent a significant portion of total income tax expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income for any periods presented.

A reconciliation of federal income taxes derived from statutory federal tax rates (21 percent in 2019 and 2018 and 35 percent in 2017) applied to income before income taxes as set forth in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income is as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019			2018		2017
\$ 47,909	21.0%	\$	34,158	21.0%	\$ 69,542	35.0%
(9,967)	(4.3)		(8,153)	(5.0)	3,482	1.7
1,465	0.6		1,191	0.7	1,110	0.6
643	0.3		(140)	(0.1)	(384)	(0.2)
_	_		_	_	(1,119)	(0.6)
612	0.3		(990)	(0.6)	(1,439)	(0.7)
(1,712)	(0.7)		329	0.2	2,491	1.3
_	_		_	_	10,169	5.1
(5,690)	(2.5)		_	_	_	_
(1,272)	(0.6)		_	_	_	_
267	0.1		_	_	_	_
(881)	(0.4)		(335)	(0.2)	(1,094)	(0.5)
\$ 31,374	13.8%	\$	26,060	16.0%	\$ 82,758	41.7%
	(9,967) 1,465 643 — 612 (1,712) — (5,690) (1,272) 267 (881)	\$ 47,909 21.0% (9,967) (4.3) 1,465 0.6 643 0.3 612 0.3 (1,712) (0.7) (5,690) (2.5) (1,272) (0.6) 267 0.1 (881) (0.4)	\$ 47,909 21.0% \$ (9,967) (4.3) 1,465 0.6 643 0.3 612 0.3 (1,712) (0.7) (5,690) (2.5) (1,272) (0.6) 267 0.1 (881) (0.4)	\$ 47,909 21.0% \$ 34,158 (9,967) (4.3) (8,153) 1,465 0.6 1,191 643 0.3 (140) — — — — 612 0.3 (990) (1,712) (0.7) 329 — — — (5,690) (2.5) — (1,272) (0.6) — (1,272) (0.6) — (881) (0.4) (335)	\$ 47,909 21.0% \$ 34,158 21.0% (9,967) (4.3) (8,153) (5.0) 1,465 0.6 1,191 0.7 643 0.3 (140) (0.1) — — — — 612 0.3 (990) (0.6) (1,712) (0.7) 329 0.2 — — — — (5,690) (2.5) — — (1,272) (0.6) — — (1,272) (0.6) — — (881) (0.4) (335) (0.2)	\$ 47,909 21.0% \$ 34,158 21.0% \$ 69,542 (9,967) (4.3) (8,153) (5.0) 3,482 1,465 0.6 1,191 0.7 1,110 643 0.3 (140) (0.1) (384) — — — — (1,119) 612 0.3 (990) (0.6) (1,439) (1,712) (0.7) 329 0.2 2,491 — — — — 10,169 (5,690) (2.5) — — — (1,272) (0.6) — — — (1,272) (0.6) — — — (881) (0.4) (335) (0.2) (1,094)

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities

for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes and tax credit carryforwards.

The total net deferred income tax liability consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Deferred income tax assets:		
Unfunded benefit obligation	\$ 43,224	\$ 45,842
Utility energy commodity and interest rate swap derivatives	8,436	11,724
Regulatory deferred tax credits	6,394	6,244
Tax credits	21,696	21,008
Power and natural gas deferrals	8,624	17,618
Deferred compensation	7,171	5,536
Deferred taxes on regulatory liabilities	101,648	106,909
Other	17,423	16,793
Total gross deferred income tax assets	214,616	231,674
Valuation allowances for deferred tax assets	(16,550)	(13,651)
Total deferred income tax assets after valuation allowances	198,066	218,023
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Differences between book and tax basis of utility plant	525,931	509,789
Regulatory asset on utility, property plant and equipment	86,701	83,141
Regulatory asset for pensions and other postretirement benefits	43,838	47,893
Utility energy commodity and interest rate swap derivatives	8,436	11,724
Long-term debt and borrowing costs	26,552	24,609
Settlement with Coeur d'Alene Tribe	6,250	6,400
Other regulatory assets	20,137	15,318
Other	8,734	6,751
Total deferred income tax liabilities	726,579	705,625
Net long-term deferred income tax liability	\$ 528,513	\$ 487,602

The realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the ability to generate taxable income in future periods.

The Company evaluated available evidence supporting the realization of its deferred income tax assets and determined it is more likely than not that deferred income tax assets will be realized.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$22.3 million of state tax credit carryforwards. Of the total amount, the Company believes that it is more likely than not that it will only be able to utilize \$6.0 million of the state tax credits. As such, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$16.3 million against the state tax credit carryforwards and reflected the net amount of \$6.0 million as an asset as of December 31, 2019. State tax credits expire from 2020 to 2033.

Status of Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and State Examinations

The Company and its eligible subsidiaries file consolidated federal income tax returns. The Company also files state income tax returns in certain jurisdictions, including Idaho, Oregon, Montana and Alaska. Subsidiaries are charged or credited with the tax effects of their operations on a stand-alone basis.

All tax years after 2016 are open for an IRS tax examination.

The Idaho State Tax Commission is currently reviewing tax years 2014 through 2017. The statute of limitations for Montana and Oregon to review 2015 and earlier tax years has expired.

The Company believes that any open tax years for federal or state income taxes will not result in adjustments that would be significant to the consolidated financial statements.

Note 13. Energy Purchase Contracts

The below discussion only relates to Avista Utilities. The sole energy purchase contract at AEL&P is a PPA for the Snettisham Hydroelectric Project and it is accounted for as a lease. AEL&P does not have any other significant operating agreements or contractual obligations. See Note 5 for further discussion of the Snettisham PPA.

Avista Utilities has contracts for the purchase of fuel for thermal generation, natural gas for resale and various agreements or the purchase or exchange of electric energy with other entities. The remaining term of the contracts range from one month to twenty-five years.

Total expenses for power purchased, natural gas purchased, fuel for generation and other fuel costs, which are included in utility resource costs in the Consolidated Statements of Income, were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018	}	2017
Utility power resources	\$ 376,769	\$ 357,656	• ф	380,523

The following table details Avista Utilities' future contractual commitments for power resources (including transmission contracts) and natural gas resources (including transportation contracts) (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	•	Thereafter	Total
Power resources	\$ 178,546	\$ 180,417	\$ 179,020	\$ 179,640	\$ 157,620	\$	1,172,072	\$ 2,047,315
Natural gas resources	68,232	50,062	43,577	39,493	36,640		274,302	512,306
Total	\$ 246,778	\$ 230,479	\$ 222,597	\$ 219,133	\$ 194,260	\$	1,446,374	\$ 2,559,621

These energy purchase contracts were entered into as part of Avista Utilities' obligation to serve its retail electric and natural gas customers' energy requirements, including contracts entered into for resource optimization. As a result, these costs are recovered either through base retail rates or adjustments to retail rates as part of the power and natural gas cost deferral and recovery mechanisms.

The above future contractual commitments for power resources include fixed contractual amounts related to the Company's contracts with certain PUDs to purchase portions of the output of certain generating facilities. Although Avista Utilities has no investment in the PUD generating facilities, the fixed contracts obligate Avista Utilities to pay certain minimum amounts whether or not the facilities are operating. The cost of power obtained under the contracts, including payments made when a facility is not operating, is included

in utility resource costs in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The contractual amounts included above consist of Avista Utilities' share of existing debt service cost and its proportionate share of the variable operating expenses of these projects. The minimum amounts payable under these contracts are based in part on the proportionate share of the debt service requirements of the PUD's revenue bonds for which the Company is indirectly responsible. The Company's total future debt service obligation associated with the revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2019 (principal and interest) was \$67.2 million.

In addition, Avista Utilities has operating agreements, settlements and other contractual obligations related to its generating facilities and transmission and distribution services. The expenses associated with these agreements are reflected as other operating expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following table details future contractual commitments under these agreements (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	Total
Contractual obligations	\$ 33,116	\$ 34,081	\$ 24,645	\$ 25,190	\$ 28,585	\$ 191,873	\$ 337,490

Note 14. Committed Lines of Credit

Avista Corp.

Avista Corp. has a committed line of credit with various financial institutions in the total amount of \$400.0 million that expires in April 2021. The committed line of credit is secured by non-transferable first mortgage bonds of Avista Corp. issued to the agent bank that would only become due and payable in the event, and then only to the extent, that Avista Corp. defaults on its obligations under the committed line of credit.

The committed line of credit agreement contains customary covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt" to "consolidated total capitalization" of Avista Corp. to be greater than 65 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with this covenant.

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings (excluding letters of credit) under the Company's revolving committed lines of credit were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Balance outstanding at end of period	\$ 182,300	\$ 190,000
Letters of credit outstanding at end of period	\$ 21,473	\$ 10,503
Average interest rate at end of period	2.64%	3.18%

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the borrowings outstanding under Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit were classified as short-term borrowings on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

AEL&P

In December of 2019, AEL&P renewed its committed line of credit in the amount of \$25.0 million with a new expiration date in November 2024. The committed line of credit is secured by non-transferable first mortgage bonds of AEL&P issued to the agent bank that would only

become due and payable in the event, and then only to the extent, that AEL&P defaults on its obligations under the committed line of credit.

The committed line of credit agreement contains customary covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt at AEL&P" to "consolidated total capitalization at AEL&P," including the impact of the Snettisham bonds to be greater than 67.5 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2019, AEL&P was in compliance with this covenant.

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings under AEL&P's revolving committed lines of credit were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

			2019	2018
В	alance outstanding at end of period	\$	3,500	\$
Δ	werage interest rate at end of period	(3.45%	%

Note 15. Long-Term Debt

The following details long-term debt outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Matur	rity	Interest		
Year	Description	Rate	2019	2018
Avista	Corp. Secured Long-Term Debt			
2019	First Mortgage Bonds	5.45%	_	90,000
2020	First Mortgage Bonds	3.89%	52,000	52,000
2022	First Mortgage Bonds	5.13%	250,000	250,000
2023	Secured Medium-Term Notes	7.18%-7.54%	13,500	13,500
2028	Secured Medium-Term Notes	6.37%	25,000	25,000
2032	Secured Pollution Control Bonds ⁽¹⁾	(1)	66,700	66,700
2034	Secured Pollution Control Bonds ⁽¹⁾	(1)	17,000	17,000
2035	First Mortgage Bonds	6.25%	150,000	150,000
2037	First Mortgage Bonds	5.70%	150,000	150,000
2040	First Mortgage Bonds	5.55%	35,000	35,000
2041	First Mortgage Bonds	4.45%	85,000	85,000
2044	First Mortgage Bonds	4.11%	60,000	60,000
2045	First Mortgage Bonds	4.37%	100,000	100,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds	4.23%	80,000	80,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds	3.91%	90,000	90,000
2048	First Mortgage Bonds	4.35%	375,000	375,000
2049	First Mortgage Bonds (2)	3.43%	180,000	_
2051	First Mortgage Bonds	3.54%	175,000	175,000
	Total Avista Corp. secured long-term debt		1,904,200	1,814,200
Alaska	a Electric Light and Power Company Secured Long-Term Debt			
2044	First Mortgage Bonds	4.54%	75,000	75,000
	Total secured long-term debt		1,979,200	1,889,200
Alaska	a Energy and Resources Company Unsecured Long-Term Debt			
2019	Unsecured Term Loan	3.85%	_	15,000
2024	Unsecured Term Loan	3.44%	15,000	
	Total secured and unsecured long-term debt		1,994,200	1,904,200
O ther	Long-Term Debt Components			
	Capital lease obligations (3)		_	57,210
	Unamortized debt discount		(788)	(882)
	Unamortized long-term debt issuance costs		(13,944)	(13,654)
	Total		1,979,468	1,946,874
	Secured Pollution Control Bonds held by Avista Corporation (1)		(83,700)	(83,700)
	Current portion of long-term debt and capital leases		(52,000)	(107,645)
	Total long-term debt and capital leases		\$ 1,843,768	\$ 1,755,529

- (1) In December 2010, \$66.7 million and \$17.0 million of the City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) due in 2032 and 2034, respectively, which had been held by Avista Corp. since 2008 and 2009, respectively, were refunded by new variable rate bond issues (Series 2010A and Series 2010B). The new bonds were not offered to the public and were purchased by Avista Corp. due to market conditions. The Company expects that at a later date, subject to market conditions, these bonds may be remarketed to unaffiliated investors. So long as Avista Corp. is the holder of these bonds, the bonds will not be reflected as an asset or a liability on Avista Corp.'s Consolidated Balance Sheets.
- (2) In November 2019, the Company issued and sold \$180.0 million of 3.43 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2049 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay maturing long-term debt of \$90.0 million, repay a portion of the outstanding balance under Avista Corp.'s \$400.0 million committed line of credit and for other general corporate purposes. In connection with the issuance and sale of the first mortgage bonds, the Company cash settled six interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$70.0 million) and paid a net amount of \$13.3 million. See Note 7 for a discussion of interest rate swap derivatives.
- (3) Effective January 1, 2019, due to the adoption of the new lease standard (ASU 2016-02), capital leases will now be defined as finance leases and are presented in "Other current liabilities" and "Other non-current liabilities and deferred credits" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet such that their presentation as of December 31, 2019 is consistent with operating leases. See Notes 2 and 5 for further discussion of the new lease standard.

The following table details future long-term debt maturities including long-term debt to affiliated trusts (see Note 15) (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	Total
Debt maturities	\$ 52,000 \$	— \$	250,000 \$	13,500 \$	15,000	\$ 1,631,547 \$	1,962,047

Substantially all of Avista Utilities' and AEL&P's owned properties are subject to the lien of their respective mortgage indentures. Under the Mortgages and Deeds of Trust (Mortgages) securing their first mortgage bonds (including secured medium-term notes), Avista Utilities and AEL&P may each issue additional first mortgage bonds under their specific mortgage in an aggregate principal amount equal to the sum of:

- 66²/₃ percent of the cost or fair value (whichever is lower) of property additions of that entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- an equal principal amount of retired first mortgage bonds of that entity which have not previously been made the basis of any application under that entity's Mortgage, or
- · deposit of cash.

Avista Utilities and AEL&P may not individually issue any additional first mortgage bonds (with certain exceptions in the case of bonds issued on the basis of retired bonds) unless the particular entity issuing the bonds has "net earnings" (as defined in that entity's Mortgage) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months out of the preceding 18 calendar months that were at least twice the annual interest requirements on all mortgage securities at the time outstanding, including the first mortgage bonds to be issued, and on all indebtedness of prior rank. As of December 31, 2019, property additions and retired bonds would have allowed, and the net earnings test would not have prohibited, the issuance of \$1.5 billion in an aggregate principal amount of additional first mortgage bonds at Avista Utilities and \$30.4 million by AEL&P.

Note 16. Long-Term Debt to Affiliated Trusts

In 1997, the Company issued Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures, Series B, with a principal amount of \$51.5 million to Avista Capital II, an affiliated business trust formed by

the Company. Avista Capital II issued \$50.0 million of Preferred Trust Securities with a floating distribution rate of LIBOR plus 0.875 percent, calculated and reset quarterly.

The distribution rates paid were as follows during the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018	2017
Low distribution rate	2.79%	2.36%	1.81%
High distribution rate	3.61%	3.61%	2.36%
Distribution rate at the end of the year	2 79%	3 61%	2.36%

Concurrent with the issuance of the Preferred Trust Securities, Avista Capital II issued \$1.5 million of Common Trust Securities to the Company. These Preferred Trust Securities may be redeemed at the option of Avista Capital II at any time and mature on June 1, 2037. In December 2000, the Company purchased \$10.0 million of these Preferred Trust Securities.

The Company owns 100 percent of Avista Capital II and has solely and unconditionally guaranteed the payment of distributions on, and redemption price and liquidation amount for, the Preferred Trust Securities to the extent that Avista Capital II has funds available for

such payments from the respective debt securities. Upon maturity or prior redemption of such debt securities, the Preferred Trust Securities will be mandatorily redeemed. The Company does not include these capital trusts in its consolidated financial statements as Avista Corp. is not the primary beneficiary. As such, the sole assets of the capital trusts are \$51.5 million of junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures of Avista Corp., which are reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Interest expense to affiliated trusts in the Consolidated Statements of Income represents interest expense on these debentures.

Note 17. Fair Value

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings are reasonable estimates of their fair values. Long-term debt (including current portion and material capital leases) and long-term debt to affiliated trusts are reported at carrying value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to fair values derived from unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1—Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2—Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, but which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 includes those financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including quoted forward prices

for commodities, time value, volatility factors, and current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these assumptions are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the instrument, can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in the marketplace.

Level 3—Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally unobservable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The determination of the fair values incorporates various factors that not only include the credit standing of the counterparties involved and the impact of credit enhancements (such as cash deposits and letters of credit), but also the impact of Avista Corp.'s nonperformance risk on its liabilities.

The following table sets forth the carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments not reported at estimated fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

			2019		2018
	C	arrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated
		Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value
Long-term debt (Level 2)	\$	963,500	\$ 1,124,649	\$ 1,053,500	\$ 1,142,292
Long-term debt (Level 3)		947,000	1,048,440	767,000	734,742
Snettisham capital lease obligation (Level 3)		54,550	58,000	57,210	55,600
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts (Level 3)		51,547	41,238	51,547	38,145

These estimates of fair value of long-term debt and long-term debt to affiliated trusts were primarily based on available market information, which generally consists of estimated market prices from third-party brokers for debt with similar risk and terms. The price ranges obtained from the third-party brokers consisted of par values of 80.00 to 134.11, where a par value of 100.00 represents the carrying value recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Level 2 long-term debt represents publicly issued bonds with quoted market prices; however, due to their limited trading activity, they are classified as Level 2 because brokers must generate quotes and make estimates using comparable debt with similar risk and terms if there is no trading activity near a period end.

Level 3 long-term debt consists of private placement bonds and debt to affiliated trusts, which typically have no secondary trading activity. Fair values in Level 3 are estimated based on market prices from third-party brokers using secondary market quotes for debt with similar risk and terms to generate quotes for Avista Corp. bonds. Due to the unique nature of the Snettisham capital lease obligation, the estimated fair value of these items was determined based on a discounted cash flow model using available market information. The Snettisham capital lease obligation was discounted to present value using the Morgan Markets A Ex-Fin discount rate as published on December 31, 2019.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities measured and reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 at fair value on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

Counterparty

	Laural 4	Level 2	Laural 2	and Cash Collateral	١	Total
December 31, 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ⁽¹		Total
Assets:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 41,546	\$ _	\$ (40,452)	\$	1,094
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:		-				
Natural gas exchange agreements	_	_	27	(27)		_
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	97	_	_		97
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	1,552	_	(963)		589
Deferred compensation assets:						
Mutual Funds:						
Fixed income securities (2)	2,232	_	_	_		2,232
Equity securities (2)	6,271	_	_	_		6,271
Total	\$ 8,503	\$ 43,195	\$ 27	\$ (41,442)	\$	10,283
Liabilities:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 45,144	\$ _	\$ (43,830)	\$	1,314
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	3,003	(27)		2,976
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	34,056	_	(7,733)		26,323
Total	\$ 	\$ 79,200	\$ 3,003	\$ (51,590)	\$	30,613
December 31, 2018						
Assets:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 36,252	\$ _	\$ (35,982)	\$	270
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	31	(31)		_
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	10,566	_	(440)		10,126
Deferred compensation assets:						
Mutual Funds:						
Fixed income securities (2)	1,745	_	_	_		1,745
Equity securities (2)	 6,157		 			6,157
Total	\$ 7,902	\$ 46,818	\$ 31	\$ (36,453)	\$	18,298
Liabilities:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 89,283	\$ _	\$ (87,199)	\$	2,084
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	2,805	(31)		2,774
Power exchange agreement	_	_	2,488	_		2,488
Power option agreement	_	_	1	_		1
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	45	_	_		45
Interest rate swap derivatives	 	7,831	 	(970)		6,861
Total	\$ 	\$ 97,159	\$ 5,294	(88,200)	\$	14,253

⁽¹⁾ The Company is permitted to net derivative assets and derivative liabilities with the same counterparty when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists.

In addition, the Company nets derivative assets and derivative liabilities against any payables and receivables for cash collateral held or placed with these same counterparties.

⁽²⁾ These assets are included in other property and investments—net and other non-current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The difference between the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed in respective levels in the table above and the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed on the Consolidated Balance Sheets is due to netting arrangements with certain counterparties. See Note 7 for additional discussion of derivative netting.

To establish fair value for energy commodity derivatives, the Company uses quoted market prices and forward price curves to estimate the fair value of energy commodity derivative instruments included in Level 2. In particular, electric derivative valuations are performed using market quotes, adjusted for periods in between quotable periods. Natural gas derivative valuations are estimated using New York Mercantile Exchange pricing for similar instruments, adjusted for basin differences, using market quotes. Where observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the contract, the derivative asset or liability is included in Level 2.

To establish fair values for interest rate swap derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for interest rates for the term of the swaps and discounts the cash flows back to present value using an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate is calculated by third-party brokers according to the terms of the swap derivatives and evaluated by the Company for reasonableness, with consideration given to the potential non-performance risk by the Company. Future cash flows of the interest rate swap derivatives are equal to the fixed interest rate in the swap compared to the floating market interest rate multiplied by the notional amount for each period.

To establish fair value for foreign currency derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for Canadian dollars against the U.S. dollar and multiplies the difference between the locked-in price and the market price by the notional amount of the derivative. Forward foreign currency market curves are provided by third-party brokers. The Company's credit spread is factored into the locked-in price of the foreign exchange contracts.

Deferred compensation assets and liabilities represent funds held by the Company in a Rabbi Trust for an executive deferral plan.

These funds consist of actively traded equity and bond funds with quoted prices in active markets. The balance disclosed in the table above excludes cash and cash equivalents of \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$0.5 million as of December 31, 2018.

Level 3 Fair Value

Under the power exchange agreement, which expired on June 30, 2019, the Company purchased power at a price that was based on the average operating and maintenance (0&M) charges from three surrogate nuclear power plants around the country. To estimate the fair value of this agreement the Company estimated the difference between the purchase price based on the future 0&M charges and forward prices for energy. The Company compared the Level 2 brokered quotes and forward price curves described above to an internally developed forward price which was based on the average 0&M charges from the three surrogate nuclear power plants for the current year. The Company estimated the volumes of the transactions that would take place in the future based on historical average transaction volumes per delivery year (November to April). Significant increases or decreases in any of these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

For the natural gas commodity exchange agreement, the Company uses the same Level 2 brokered quotes described above; however, the Company also estimates the purchase and sales volumes (within contractual limits) as well as the timing of those transactions. Changing the timing of volume estimates changes the timing of purchases and sales, impacting which brokered quote is used. Because the brokered quotes can vary significantly from period-to-period, the unobservable estimates of the timing and volume of transactions can have a significant impact on the calculated fair value. The Company currently estimates volumes and timing of transactions based on a most likely scenario using historical data. Historically, the timing and volume of transactions have not been highly correlated with market prices and market volatility.

The following table presents the quantitative information which was used to estimate the fair values of the Level 3 assets and liabilities above as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	Fair Value (Net) at		Valuation	Unobservable
	December 31, 2019	Technique	Input	Range
Natural gas exchange agreement	(2,976)	Internally derived	Forward purchase prices	\$1.49-\$2.38/mmBTU
		weighted-average	Forward sales prices	\$1.60-\$3.80/mmBTU
		cost of gas	Purchase volumes	50,000-310,000 mmBTUs
			Sales volumes	60,000-310,000 mmBTUs

The valuation methods, significant inputs and resulting fair values described above were developed by the Company's management and are reviewed on at least a quarterly basis to ensure they provide a reasonable estimate of fair value each reporting period.

The following table presents activity for energy commodity derivative assets (liabilities) measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Ex	ral Gas change eement	Powe Exchang Agreemei	е	Total
Year ended December 31, 2019:					
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	(2,774)	\$ (2,48	8)	\$ (5,262)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities (1)		8,175	43	5	8,610
Settlements		(8,377)	2,05	3	(6,324)
Ending balance as of December 31, 2019 (2)	\$	(2,976)	\$ -	=	\$ (2,976)
Year ended December 31, 2018:					
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	(3,164)	\$ (13,24	5)	\$ (16,409)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities ⁽¹⁾		326	5,02	7	5,353
Settlements		64	5,73	0	5,794
Ending balance as of December 31, 2018 (2)	\$	(2,774)	\$ (2,48	8)	\$ (5,262)
Year ended December 31, 2017:					
Balance as of January 1, 2017	\$	(5,885)	\$ (13,44	9)	\$ (19,334)
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities (1)		3,292	(7,67	4)	(4,382)
Settlements		(571)	7,87	8	7,307
Ending balance as of December 31, 2017 (2)	\$	(3,164)	\$ (13,24	5)	\$ (16,409)

⁽¹⁾ All gains and losses are included in other regulatory assets and liabilities. There were no gains and losses included in either net income or other comprehensive income during any of the periods presented in the table above.

⁽²⁾ There were no purchases, issuances or transfers from other categories of any derivatives instruments during the periods presented in the table above.

Note 18. Common Stock

The payment of dividends on common stock could be limited by:

- certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when outstanding) contained in the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (currently there are no preferred shares outstanding),
- certain covenants applicable to the Company's outstanding longterm debt and committed line of credit agreements,
- the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA (see Note 1), and
- certain requirements under the OPUC approval of the AERC
 acquisition in 2014. The OPUC's AERC acquisition order requires
 Avista Utilities to maintain a capital structure of no less than
 35 percent common equity (inclusive of short-term debt). This
 limitation may be revised upon request by the Company with
 approval from the OPUC.

The requirements of the OPUC approval of the AERC acquisition are the most restrictive. Under the OPUC restriction, the amount available for dividends at December 31, 2019 was limited to \$293.9 million.

See the Consolidated Statements of Equity for dividends declared in the years 2019 through 2017.

The Company has 10 million authorized shares of preferred stock. The Company did not have any preferred stock outstanding as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Equity Issuances

The Company issued equity in 2019 for total net proceeds of \$64.6 million. Most of these issuances came through the Company's four separate sales agency agreements under which the sales agents may offer and sell new shares of common stock from time-to-time. These agreements provide for the offering of a maximum of 4.6 million shares, of which approximately 3.2 million remain unissued as of December 31, 2019. In 2019, 1.4 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$63.6 million. Subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions (including any required regulatory approvals), the Company has the right to increase the maximum number of shares that may be offered under these agreements. These agreements expire on February 29, 2020. The Company expects to negotiate and enter into new sales agency agreements in the second quarter of 2020.

Note 19. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated other comprehensive loss—net of tax, consisted of the following as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit plans—net of taxes		
of \$2,727 and \$2,091, respectively	\$ 10,259	7,866

The following table details the reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss by component for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

				mounts Red			
	A	ccumulate	d 01	ther Compr	ehen	sive Loss	
							Affected Line Item in
Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Components		2019		2018		2017	Statement of Income
Amortization of defined benefit pension items							
Amortization of net prior service cost	\$	(794)	\$	(904)	\$	(4,381)	(a)
Amortization of net loss		17,074		(15,554)		36,833	(a)
Adjustment due to effects of regulation		(19,309)		18,947		(33,255)	(a)
		(3,029)		2,489		(803)	Total before tax
		636		(523)		281	Tax benefit (expense)
	\$	(2,393)	\$	1,966	\$	(522)	Net of tax

⁽a) These accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost (see Note 11 for additional details).

Note 20. Earnings Per Common Share Attributable to Avista Corporation Shareholders

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders for the years ended December 31 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2019	2018	2017
Numerator:			
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$ 196,979	\$ 136,429	\$ 115,916
Denominator:			
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding—basic	66,205	65,673	64,496
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Performance and restricted stock awards	124	273	310
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding—diluted	66,329	65,946	64,806
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders:			
Basic	\$ 2.98	\$ 2.08	\$ 1.80
Diluted	\$ 2.97	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.79

There were no shares excluded from the calculation because they were antidilutive.

Note 21. Commitments and Contingencies

In the course of its business, the Company becomes involved in various claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters, including the items described in this Note. Some of these claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters involve litigation or other contested proceedings. For all such matters, the Company intends to vigorously protect and defend its interests and pursue its rights. However, no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of any particular matter because litigation and other contested proceedings are inherently subject to numerous uncertainties. For matters that affect Avista Utilities' or AEL&P's operations, the Company intends to seek, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

The Company's collective bargaining agreements with the IBEW represent approximately 45 percent of all of Avista Utilities' employees. A three-year agreement with the local union in Washington and Idaho representing the majority (approximately 90 percent) of the Avista Utilities' bargaining unit employees will expire in March 2021. A three-year agreement in Oregon, which covers approximately 50 employees will also expire on April 1, 2020.

The Company is in the process of negotiating new agreements with each of these represented bargaining units. However, there is a risk that if collective bargaining agreements expire and new agreements are not reached in each of our jurisdictions, employees could strike. Given the magnitude of employees that are covered by collective bargaining agreements, this could result in disruptions to our operations. However, the Company believes that the possibility of this occurring is remote.

Legal Proceedings Related to the Terminated Acquisition by Hydro One

See Note 24 for information regarding the termination of the proposed acquisition of the Company by Hydro One.

In connection with the now terminated acquisition, three lawsuits were filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington and were subsequently voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs.

One lawsuit was filed in the Superior Court for the State of Washington in and for Spokane County, captioned as follows:

 Fink v. Morris, et al., No. 17203616-6 (filed September 15, 2017, amended complaint filed October 25, 2017).

The complaint generally alleged that the members of the Board of Directors of Avista Corp. breached their fiduciary duties by, among other things, conducting an allegedly inadequate sale process and agreeing to the acquisition at a price that allegedly undervalued Avista Corporation, and that Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. aided and abetted those purported breaches of duty. The complaint sought various remedies, including monetary damages, attorneys' fees and expenses. Subsequent to the termination of the proposed acquisition in January 2019, the complaint was voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs.

2015 Washington General Rate Cases

In January 2016, the Company received an order (Order 05) that concluded its electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the WUTC in February 2015. New electric and natural gas rates were effective on January 11, 2016.

WUTC Order Denying Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities / Public Counsel Joint Motion for Clarification, WUTC Staff Motion to Reconsider and WUTC Staff Motion to Reopen Record

In January 2016, the Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities, the Public Counsel Unit of the Washington State Office of the Attorney General (PC) and the WUTC Staff, which is a separate party in the general rate case proceedings from the WUTC Advisory Staff, filed Motions for Clarification requesting the WUTC to clarify their attrition adjustment and the end result electric revenue amounts. The Motions for Clarification suggested that the electric revenue decrease should have been significantly larger than what was included in Order 05.

In February 2016, the WUTC issued an order (Order 06) denying the Motions summarized above and affirming Order 05, including an \$8.1 million decrease in electric base revenue.

PC Petition for Judicial Review

In March 2016, PC filed in Thurston County Superior Court a Petition for Judicial Review of the WUTC's Order 05 and Order 06 described above. In April 2016, this matter was certified for review directly by the Court of Appeals, an intermediate appellate court in the State of Washington.

On August 7, 2018, the Court of Appeals issued a "Published Opinion" (Opinion) which concluded that the WUTC's use of an attrition allowance to calculate Avista Corp.'s rate base violated Washington law. In the Opinion, the Court stated that because the projected additions to rate base in the future were not "used and useful" for service at the time the request for the rate increase was made, they may not lawfully be included in the Company's rate base to justify a rate increase. Accordingly, the Court concluded that the WUTC erred in including an attrition allowance in the calculation of Avista Corp.'s electric and natural gas rate base. The Court noted, however, that the law does not prohibit an attrition allowance in the calculation, for ratemaking purposes, of recoverable operating and maintenance expense. Since the WUTC order provided one lump sum attrition allowance without distinguishing what portion was for rate base and which was for operating and maintenance expenses or other considerations, the Court struck all portions of the attrition allowance attributable to Avista Corp.'s rate base and reversed and remanded the case for the WUTC to recalculate Avista Corp.'s rates without including an attrition allowance in the calculation of rate base. On October 1, 2018, the Court of Appeals terminated its review of this case, remanding it back to the Thurston County Superior Court.

During 2019, other parties in the case filed testimony and based on the testimony filed (including Avista Corp.'s testimony) the Company believes the range for a refund to customers is approximately \$3.6 million to approximately \$77.0 million. The other parties justified the proposed refund by claiming that the rates in question were in effect from 2016 to April 2018 as opposed to the 11 months argued by Avista Corp. Further, the parties asserted that the WUTC should, directly or indirectly, correct what they believe is a power supply calculation error (approximately \$20.0 million), an issue that the WUTC already addressed and which the Company believes the Courts did not remand back to the WUTC for further process. While not its primary recommendation for a refund, the WUTC Staff included an alternative refund methodology in its testimony, which Avista Corp. calculates as calling for a refund of \$3.6 million, if limited to the 11 month period and if other adjustments are made. While the Company does not agree as a legal matter with the positions of the other parties to the case, as a practical matter the Company believes that it is probable that it will refund some amount to customers. As such, as of December 31, 2019, the Company recorded a refund liability of \$3.6 million, which represents the low-end of the range, as we cannot predict an outcome of this case.

Boyds Fire (State of Washington Department of Natural Resources v. Avista)

On August 19, 2019, the Company was served with a complaint filed by the State of Washington Department of Natural Resources, seeking recovery of fire suppression costs and related expenses incurred in connection with a wildfire that occurred in Ferry County, Washington in August 2018. Specifically, the complaint alleges that the fire, which became known as the "Boyds Fire," was caused by a dead

ponderosa pine tree falling into an overhead distribution line, and that Avista Corp. was negligent in failing to identify and remove it before the tree came into contact with the line. Avista Corp. disputes that the tree in question was the cause of the fire, and that it was negligent in failing to identify and remove it. The case is in the early stages of discovery and the plaintiff has not yet provided a statement specifying damages. Because the resolution of this claim remains uncertain, legal counsel cannot express an opinion on the extent, if any, of the Company's liability, nor is it possible for the Company to estimate the impact of any outcome at this time. The Company intends to vigorously defend itself in the litigation.

Other Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company has various other legal claims and contingent matters outstanding. The Company believes that any ultimate liability arising from these actions will not have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. It is possible that a change could occur in the Company's estimates of the probability or amount of a liability being incurred. Such a change, should it occur, could be significant.

The Company routinely assesses, based on studies, expert analysis and legal reviews, its contingencies, obligations and commitments for remediation of contaminated sites, including assessments of ranges and probabilities of recoveries from other responsible parties who either have or have not agreed to a settlement as well as recoveries from insurance carriers. The Company's policy is to accrue and charge to current expense identified exposures related to environmental remediation sites based on estimates of investigation, cleanup and monitoring costs to be incurred. For matters that affect Avista Utilities' or AEL&P's operations, the Company seeks, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

The Company has potential liabilities under the Endangered Species Act for species of fish, plants and wildlife that have either already been added to the endangered species list, listed as "threatened" or petitioned for listing. Thus far, measures adopted and implemented have had minimal impact on the Company. However, the Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to these issues.

Under the federal licenses for its hydroelectric projects, the Company is obligated to protect its property rights, including water rights. In addition, the Company holds additional non-hydro water rights. The State of Montana is examining the status of all water right claims within state boundaries through a general adjudication. Claims within the Clark Fork River basin could adversely affect the energy production of the Company's Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids hydroelectric facilities. The state of Idaho has initiated adjudication in northern Idaho, which will ultimately include the lower Clark Fork River, the Spokane River and the Coeur d'Alene basin. The Company is and will continue to be a participant in these and any other relevant adjudication processes. The complexity of such adjudications makes each unlikely to be concluded in the foreseeable future. As such, it is not possible for the Company to estimate the impact of any outcome at this time. The Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The following table presents the Company's regulatory assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

Receiving

Period P			Reg	lator	y Treatment					2019	_			2018
Deferred income tax		Amortization		·	Earning	Recovery	2)	Current	No	n-current		Current	No	n-current
Pensions and other	Regulatory Assets:													
Postretirement benefit plans 64	Deferred income tax	(3)	\$ 95,7	52 \$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	95,752	\$	_	\$	91,188
Energy commodity derivatives	Pensions and other													
Unamortized debt repurchase costs 68 8,884	postretirement benefit plans	(4)		_	208,754	_		_		208,754		_		228,062
repurchase costs 68 8,884 — — — 8,884 — 10,255 Settlement with Coeur d'Alene Tribe 2059 41,332 — — 41,332 — 42,643 Demand side management programs 30 — 12,170 — 12,170 — 19,674 Decoupling surcharge 2021 26,904 — — 12,098 14,806 3,408 17,501 Utility plant to be abandoned 69 31,291 — — 12,098 14,806 3,408 17,501 Utility plant to be abandoned 69 31,291 — — — 31,291 — 24,334 Interest rate swaps 80 122,176 — 46,418 — 168,594 — — — AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — — 40,749 — — Other regulatory assets \$ 40,818 \$235,125 \$49,344 \$2,1851 <t< td=""><td>Energy commodity derivatives</td><td>(5)</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>6,574</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>6,310</td><td></td><td>264</td><td></td><td>41,428</td><td></td><td>16,866</td></t<>	Energy commodity derivatives	(5)		_	6,574	_		6,310		264		41,428		16,866
Settlement with Coeur d'Alene Tribe 2059 41,332 — 41,332 — 42,643 Demand side management programs (3) — 12,170 — 12,170 — 19,674 Decoupling surcharge 2021 26,904 — — 12,098 14,806 3,408 17,501 Utility plant to be abandoned (7) 31,291 — — 31,291 — 24,334 Interest rate swaps (8) 122,176 — 46,418 — 168,594 — 133,854 AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — 40,749 — — 0 138,594 — 133,854 AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — 46,418 — 168,594 — 29,977 Total regulatory assets \$ 408,118 \$ 2,926 3,443 48,206 3,716 29,977 Total regulatory lassets \$ 40,818 \$ 235,125 \$ 49,344	Unamortized debt													
Coeur d'Alene Tribe 2059 41,332 — — 41,332 — 42,643 Demand side management programs (a) — 12,170 — — 12,170 — 19,674 Decoupling surcharge 2021 26,904 — — 12,098 14,806 3,408 17,501 Utility plant to be abandoned (7) 31,291 — — — 31,291 — 24,334 Interest rate swaps (8) 122,176 — 46,418 — 168,594 — 133,854 AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — — 40,749 — — — 29,977 100 — 141,096 7,627 2,926 3,443 48,206 3,716 29,977 29,977 100 — — — — — — — 9,977 100 — — — — — 3,189 — — 9,977 10	repurchase costs	(6)	8,8	84	_	_		_		8,884		_		10,255
Demand side management programs G C C C C C C C C C	Settlement with													
management programs (8) — 12,170 — 12,170 — 19,674 Decoupling surcharge 2021 26,904 — — 12,098 14,806 3,408 17,501 Utility plant to be abandoned (7) 31,291 — — — 31,291 — 24,334 Interest rate swaps (8) 122,176 — 46,418 — 168,594 — 133,854 AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — — 40,749 — — Other regulatory assets (3) 41,096 7,627 2,926 3,443 48,206 3,716 29,977 Total regulatory assets (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,713) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) (40,718) <t< td=""><td>Coeur d'Alene Tribe</td><td>2059</td><td>41,3</td><td>32</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>41,332</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>42,643</td></t<>	Coeur d'Alene Tribe	2059	41,3	32	_	_		_		41,332		_		42,643
Decoupling surcharge 2021 26,904 — — 12,098 14,806 3,408 17,501	Demand side													
Utility plant to be abandoned (7) 31,291 — — 31,291 — 24,334 Interest rate swaps (8) 122,176 — 46,418 — 168,594 — 133,854 AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — 40,749 — — Other regulatory assets (3) 41,096 7,627 2,926 3,443 48,206 3,716 29,977 Total regulatory assets (408,184) 235,125 49,344 21,851 670,802 48,552 614,354 Regulatory Liabilities: Deferred natural gas costs (3) 3,189 5 5 3,189 5 40,713 5 — Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — 5 3,189 5 40,713 5 — Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) 16,499 — 589 </td <td>management programs</td> <td>(3)</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>12,170</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>12,170</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>19,674</td>	management programs	(3)		_	12,170	_		_		12,170		_		19,674
Interest rate swaps (8) 122,176 — 46,418 — 168,594 — 133,854 AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — — 40,749 — — — Other regulatory assets (3) 41,096 — 7,627 — 2,926 — 3,443 — 48,206 — 3,716 — 29,977 Total regulatory assets — \$ 408,184 — \$ 235,125 — \$ 49,344 — \$ 21,851 — \$ 670,802 — \$ 48,552 — \$ 614,354 Regulatory Liabilities: Deferred natural gas costs (3) \$ 3,189 — — — — \$ 3,189 — — \$ 40,713 — — — Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — — — 14,155 — 23,544 — 25,072 — 16,933 Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 — 14,659 — 112 — 23,803 — 407,549 — 27,997 — 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate — 2021 — 2,653 — — — 255 — 2,398 — 6,782 — 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 — 5,940 — 3,566 — 10,313 — 12,454 — 12,645 — 12,494	Decoupling surcharge	2021	26,9	04	_	_		12,098		14,806		3,408		17,501
AFUDC above FERC allowed rate (11) 40,749 — — — — 40,749 — — — Other regulatory assets (3) 41,096 7,627 2,926 3,443 48,206 3,716 29,977 Total regulatory assets \$408,184 \$235,125 \$49,344 \$21,851 \$670,802 \$48,552 \$614,354 8egulatory Liabilities: Deferred natural gas costs (3) \$3,189 \$— \$ — \$3,189 \$— \$40,713 \$— Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — — 14,155 23,544 25,072 16,933 Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Utility plant to be abandoned	(7)	31,2	91	_	_		_		31,291		_		24,334
Other regulatory assets (3) 41,096 7,627 2,926 3,443 48,206 3,716 29,977 Total regulatory assets \$ 408,184 \$ 235,125 \$ 49,344 \$ 21,851 \$ 670,802 \$ 48,552 \$ 614,354 Regulatory Liabilities: Deferred natural gas costs (3) \$ 3,189 \$ — \$ 3,189 \$ — \$ 40,713 \$ — Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — — 14,155 23,544 25,072 16,933 Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) 16,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3)	Interest rate swaps	(8)	122,1	76	_	46,418		_		168,594		_		133,854
Total regulatory assets \$ 408,184 \$ 235,125 \$ 49,344 \$ 21,851 \$ 670,802 \$ 48,552 \$ 614,354 Regulatory Liabilities: Deferred natural gas costs \$ 3,189 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,189 \$ - \$ 40,713 \$ - \$ Deferred power costs \$ 37,699 \$ - \$ 14,155 \$ 23,544 \$ 25,072 \$ 16,933 \$ Utility plant retirement costs \$ 9 312,403 \$ - \$ - \$ 312,403 \$ - \$ 297,379 \$ Income tax related liabilities \$ 31(10) \$ 416,581 \$ 14,659 \$ 112 \$ 23,803 \$ 407,549 \$ 27,997 \$ 425,613 \$ Interest rate swaps \$ 9 16,499 \$ - \$ 589 \$ - \$ 17,088 \$ - \$ 28,078 \$ Decoupling rebate \$ 2021 \$ 2,653 \$ - \$ - \$ 255 \$ 2,398 \$ 6,782 \$ 204 \$ Other regulatory liabilities \$ 13,261 \$ 5,940 \$ 3,566 \$ 10,313 \$ 12,454 \$ 12,645 \$ 12,494 \$	AFUDC above FERC allowed ra	te (11)	40,7	49	_	_		_		40,749		_		_
Regulatory Liabilities: Deferred natural gas costs (3) \$ 3,189 \$ — \$ 3,189 \$ — \$ 40,713 \$ — Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — — 14,155 23,544 25,072 16,933 Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Other regulatory assets	(3)	41,0	96	7,627	2,926		3,443		48,206		3,716		29,977
Deferred natural gas costs (3) \$ 3,189 — \$ 3,189 — \$ 40,713 \$ — Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — — 14,155 23,544 25,072 16,933 Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Total regulatory assets		\$ 408,1	84 \$	235,125	\$ 49,344	\$	21,851	\$	670,802	\$	48,552	\$	614,354
Deferred power costs (3) 37,699 — — 14,155 23,544 25,072 16,933 Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Regulatory Liabilities:													
Utility plant retirement costs (9) 312,403 — — — 312,403 — 297,379 Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Deferred natural gas costs	(3)	\$ 3,1	89 \$	_	\$ _	\$	3,189	\$	_	\$	40,713	\$	_
Income tax related liabilities (3) (10) 416,581 14,659 112 23,803 407,549 27,997 425,613 Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Deferred power costs	(3)	37,6	99	_	_		14,155		23,544		25,072		16,933
Interest rate swaps (8) 16,499 — 589 — 17,088 — 28,078 Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Utility plant retirement costs	(9)	312,4	03	_	_		_		312,403		_		297,379
Decoupling rebate 2021 2,653 — — 255 2,398 6,782 204 Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Income tax related liabilities	(3) (10)	416,5	81	14,659	112		23,803		407,549		27,997		425,613
Other regulatory liabilities (3) 13,261 5,940 3,566 10,313 12,454 12,645 12,494	Interest rate swaps	(8)	16,4	99	_	589		_		17,088		_		28,078
	Decoupling rebate	2021	2,6	53	_	_		255		2,398		6,782		204
Total regulatory liabilities \$ 802.285 \$ 20.599 \$ 4.267 \$ 51.715 \$ 775.436 \$ 113.209 \$ 780.701	Other regulatory liabilities	(3)	13,2	61	5,940	3,566		10,313		12,454		12,645		12,494
	Total regulatory liabilities		\$ 802,2	85 \$	20,599	\$ 4,267	\$	51,715	\$	775,436	\$	113,209	\$	780,701

- [1] Earning a return includes either interest on the regulatory asset/liability or a return on the investment as a component of rate base at the allowed rate of return.
- (2) Expected recovery is pending regulatory treatment including regulatory assets and liabilities with prior regulatory precedence.
- (3) Remaining amortization period varies depending on timing of underlying transactions.
- (4) As the Company has historically recovered and currently recovers its pension and other postretirement benefit costs related to its regulated operations in retail rates, the Company records a regulatory asset for that portion of its pension and other postretirement benefit funding deficiency.
- (5) The WUTC and the IPUC issued accounting orders authorizing Avista Corp. to offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities with a regulatory asset or liability.

 This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. Realized benefits and losses result in adjustments to retail rates through PGAs, the ERM in Washington, the PCA mechanism in Idaho, and periodic general rates cases. The resulting regulatory assets associated with energy commodity derivative instruments have been concluded to be probable of recovery through future rates.
- (6) For the Company's Washington jurisdiction and for any debt repurchases beginning in 2007 in all jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt are amortized over the remaining life of the original debt that was repurchased or, if new debt is issued in connection with the repurchase, these costs are amortized over the life of the new debt. In the Company's other regulatory jurisdictions, premiums paid to repurchase debt prior to 2007 are being amortized over the average remaining maturity of outstanding debt when no new debt was issued in connection with the debt repurchase. These costs are recovered through retail rates as a component of interest expense.
- (7) In March 2016, the WUTC granted the Company's Petition for an Accounting Order to defer and include in a regulatory asset the undepreciated value of its existing Washington electric meters for the opportunity for later recovery. This accounting treatment is related to the Company's plan to replace approximately 253,000 of its existing electric meters with new two-way digital meters and the related software and support services through its AMI project in Washington State. In September 2017, the WUTC also approved the Company's request to defer the undepreciated net book value of existing natural gas ERTs (consistent with the accounting treatment for the electric meters) that will be retired as part of the AMI project. Replacement of the meters and natural gas ERTs began in the second half of 2018. The other piece of

abandoned plant, relates to the Company's decision to replace a three-phase transformer at one of its generating facilities with three separate single-phase transformers.

The Company expects to receive full recovery of the cost of the three-phase transformer; therefore, it has recorded the remaining net book value as a regulatory asset.

- (8) For interest rate swap derivatives, Avista Corp. records all mark-to-market gains and losses in each accounting period as assets and liabilities, as well as offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities, such that there is no income statement impact. The interest rate swap derivatives are risk management tools similar to energy commodity derivatives. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. The Company records an offset of interest rate swap derivative assets and liabilities with regulatory assets and liabilities, based on the prior practice of the commissions to provide recovery through the ratemaking process. Settled interest rate swap derivatives which have been through a general rate case proceeding are classified as earning a return in the table above, whereas all unsettled interest rate swap derivatives and settled interest rate swap derivatives which have not been included in a general rate case are classified as expected recovery.
- (9) This amount is dependent upon the cost of removal of underlying utility plant assets and the life of utility plant.
- (10) The amount pending recovery represents amounts due back to customers and resulted from the TCJA, which changed the federal income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent. The Company revalued all deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2017. The Company expects the amounts for utility plant items for Avista Utilities to be returned to customers over a period of approximately 36 years. The Company expects the AEL&P amounts to be returned to customers over a period of approximately 40 years. The regulatory liability attributable to non-plant excess deferred taxes is approximately \$11.1 million and \$18.5 million (among all jurisdictions) as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The return of this amount to customers will be determined by final orders from the WUTC, IPUC and OPUC during 2019 and 2020. See Note 11 for additional discussion regarding the new federal income tax law.
- (11) See Note 1 for a description of a reclassification associated with this regulatory asset, which is being amortized based on the underlying utility plant assets and the life of utility plant.

Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Deferred power supply costs are recorded as a deferred charge or liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets for future prudence review and recovery or rebate through retail rates. The power supply costs deferred include certain differences between actual net power supply costs incurred by Avista Utilities and the costs included in base retail rates. This difference in net power supply costs primarily results from changes in:

- short-term wholesale market prices and sales and purchase volumes,
- · the level, availability and optimization of hydroelectric generation,
- the level and availability of thermal generation (including changes in fuel prices),
- retail loads, and
- · sales of surplus transmission capacity.

In Washington, the ERM allows Avista Utilities to periodically increase or decrease electric rates with WUTC approval to reflect changes in power supply costs. The ERM is an accounting method used to track certain differences between actual power supply costs, net of wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base retail rates for Washington customers and defer these differences (over the \$4.0 million deadband and sharing bands) for future surcharge or rebate to customers. For 2019, the Company recognized a pre-tax benefit of \$4.4 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of \$6.1 million for 2018. Total net deferred power costs under the ERM were a liability of \$37.0 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$34.4 million as of December 31, 2018. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers. Pursuant to WUTC requirements, should the cumulative deferral balance exceed \$30 million in the rebate or surcharge direction, the Company must make a filing with the WUTC to adjust customer rates to either return the balance to customers or recover the balance from customers. Avista Utilities makes an annual filing on, or before, April 1 of each year to provide the opportunity for the WUTC staff and other interested parties to review the prudence of, and audit, the ERM deferred power cost transactions for the prior calendar year.

The cumulative rebate balance exceeds \$30 million and as a result, the Company's 2019 filing contained a proposed rate refund, effective

July 1, 2019 over a three-year period. Subsequent to this filing, the ERM matter has been moved to a separate docket and the Company expects resolution to this matter in the first half of 2020. The parties to the ERM docket have agreed to rebate the ERM over a two-year period.

Avista Utilities has a PCA mechanism in Idaho that allows it to modify electric rates on October 1 of each year with IPUC approval. Under the PCA mechanism, Avista Utilities defers 90 percent of the difference between certain actual net power supply expenses and the amount included in base retail rates for its Idaho customers. The October 1 rate adjustments recover or rebate power costs deferred during the preceding July-June twelve-month period. Total net power supply costs deferred under the PCA mechanism were an asset of \$0.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$7.6 million as of December 31, 2018. Deferred power cost assets represent amounts due from customers and liabilities represent amounts due to customers.

Natural Gas Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Avista Utilities files a PGA in all three states it serves to adjust natural gas rates for: 1) estimated commodity and pipeline transportation costs to serve natural gas customers for the coming year, and 2) the difference between actual and estimated commodity and transportation costs for the prior year. Total net deferred natural gas costs to be refunded to customers were a liability of \$3.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$40.7 million as of December 31, 2018. These balances represent amounts due to customers.

Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

Decoupling (also known as an FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage. In each of Avista Utilities' jurisdictions, Avista Utilities' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to customers beginning in the following year. Only residential and certain commercial customer classes are included in decoupling mechanisms.

Washington Decoupling and Earnings Sharing

In Washington, the WUTC approved the Company's decoupling mechanisms for electric and natural gas for a five-year period beginning January 1, 2015. In February 2019, the WUTC approved an all-party agreement that extends the life of the mechanisms through the end of the Company's next general rate case, or April 1, 2020, whichever comes first. In the Company's 2019 Washington general rate cases Avista Corp. has requested an extension of the mechanisms for an additional five-year term. Public Counsel is contesting the continuation of the decoupling mechanisms. Electric and natural gas decoupling surcharge rate adjustments to customers are limited to a 3 percent increase on an annual basis, with any remaining surcharge balance carried forward for recovery in a future period. There is no limit on the level of rebate rate adjustments.

The decoupling mechanisms each include an after-the-fact earnings test. At the end of each calendar year, separate electric and natural gas earnings calculations are made for the calendar year just ended. These earnings tests reflect actual decoupled revenues, normalized power supply costs and other normalizing adjustments. If the Company earns more than its authorized ROR in Washington, 50 percent of excess earnings are rebated to customers through adjustments to decoupling surcharge or rebate balances. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Idaho FCA and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

In Idaho, the IPUC approved the implementation of FCAs for electric and natural gas (similar in operation and effect to the Washington decoupling mechanisms) for an initial term of three years, beginning January 1, 2016. During the first quarter of 2018, the FCA in Idaho was extended for a one-year term through December 31, 2019. On December 13, 2019, the IPUC approved an extension of the FCAs through March 31, 2025.

Oregon Decoupling Mechanism

In February 2016, the OPUC approved the implementation of a decoupling mechanism for natural gas, similar to the Washington and Idaho mechanisms described above. The decoupling mechanism became effective on March 1, 2016. There will be an opportunity for interested parties to review the mechanism and recommend changes, if any, by September 2019. Changes related to deferral interest rates were recommended by the parties in Avista Corp.'s 2019 general rate case and were implemented effective January 15, 2020. In Oregon, an earnings review is conducted on an annual basis. In the annual earnings review, if the Company earns more than 100 basis points above its allowed ROE, one-third of the earnings above the 100 basis points would be deferred and later returned to customers. The earnings review is separate from the decoupling mechanism and was in place prior to decoupling. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Cumulative Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanism Balances

As of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had the following cumulative balances outstanding related to decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms in its various jurisdictions (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
Washington		
Decoupling surcharge	\$ 22,440	\$ 12,671
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	_	(693)
Idaho		
Decoupling surcharge	\$ 2,549	\$ 2,150
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	(686)	(774)
Oregon		
Decoupling rebate	\$ (739)	\$ (898)
Provision for earnings sharing rebate	_	_

Note 23. Information by Business Segments

The business segment presentation reflects the basis used by the Company's management to analyze performance and determine the allocation of resources. The Company's management evaluates performance based on income (loss) from operations before income taxes as well as net income (loss) attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. Avista Utilities' business is managed based on the total regulated utility

operation; therefore, it is considered one segment. AEL&P is a separate reportable business segment as it has separate financial reports that are reviewed in detail by the Chief Operating Decision Maker and its operations and risks are sufficiently different from Avista Utilities and the other businesses at AERC that it cannot be aggregated with any other operating segments. The Other category, which is not a reportable segment, includes other investments and operations of various subsidiaries, as well as certain other operations of Avista Capital.

The following table presents information for each of the Company's business segments (dollars in thousands):

Alaska
Electric Light
and Power

		Ele	ectric Light					
	Avista		and Power	Total		Intersegment		
	Utilities		Company	Utility	Other	Eliminations	(1)	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2019:								
Operating revenues	\$ 1,295,873	\$	37,265	\$ 1,333,138	\$ 12,484	\$ —	\$	1,345,622
Resource costs	442,471		(2,654)	439,817	_	_		439,817
Other operating expenses (2)	352,170		12,717	364,887	18,883	_		383,770
Depreciation and amortization	195,697		9,668	205,365	629	_		205,994
Income (loss) from operations	200,994		16,423	217,417	(7,028)	_		210,389
Interest expense (3)	97,866		6,385	104,251	1,032	(929)		104,354
Income taxes	28,363		2,816	31,179	195	_		31,374
Net income from continuing operations								
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	183,977		7,458	191,435	5,544	_		196,979
Capital expenditures (4)	434,077		8,433	442,510	835	_		443,345
For the year ended December 31, 2018:								
Operating revenues	\$ 1,325,966	\$	43,599	\$ 1,369,565	\$ 27,328	\$ —	\$	1,396,893
Resource costs	485,231		9,505	494,736	_	_		494,736
Other operating expenses (2)	309,501		12,491	321,992	28,081	_		350,073
Depreciation and amortization	177,006		5,871	182,877	799	_		183,676
Income (loss) from operations	248,000		14,665	262,665	(1,552)	_		261,113
Interest expense (3)	96,738		3,584	100,322	1,694	(1,080)		100,936
Income taxes	25,259		3,094	28,353	(2,293)	_		26,060
Net income (loss) from continuing operations								
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	134,874		8,292	143,166	(6,737)	_		136,429
Capital expenditures (4)	418,741		5,609	424,350	891	_		425,241
For the year ended December 31, 2017:								
Operating revenues	\$ 1,370,359	\$	53,027	\$ 1,423,386	\$ 22,543	\$ —	\$	1,445,929
Resource costs	511,163		13,403	524,566	_	_		524,566
Other operating expenses (2) (5)	312,229		12,532	324,761	25,650	_		350,411
Depreciation and amortization	165,478		5,803	171,281	740	_		172,021
Income (loss) from operations (5)	278,079		17,947	296,026	(3,847)	_		292,179
Interest expense (3)	92,019		3,581	95,600	781	(189)		96,192
Income taxes	77,583		5,515	83,098	(340)	_		82,758
Net income (loss) from continuing operations								
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	114,716		9,054	123,770	(7,854)	_		115,916
Capital expenditures (4)	405,938		6,401	412,339	4,280	_		416,619
Total Assets:								
As of December 31, 2019	\$ 5,713,268	\$	271,393	\$ 5,984,661	\$ 113,390	\$ (15,595)	\$	6,082,456
As of December 31, 2018	\$ 5,458,104	\$	272,950	\$ 5,731,054	\$ 87,050	\$ (35,528)		5,782,576
As of December 31, 2017	\$ 5,177,878	\$	278,688	\$ 5,456,566	\$ 73,241	\$ (15,075)	\$	5,514,732

⁽¹⁾ Intersegment eliminations reported as interest expense represent intercompany interest. Intersegment eliminations reported as assets represent intersegment accounts receivable.

⁽²⁾ Other operating expenses for Avista Utilities for 2019, 2018 and 2017 include merger transaction costs which are separately disclosed on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

⁽³⁾ Including interest expense to affiliated trusts.

⁽⁴⁾ The capital expenditures for the other businesses are included in other investing activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

⁵⁾ Effective January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2017-07, which resulted in a \$7.7 million reclassification of the non-service cost component of pension and other postretirement benefit costs for 2017. The costs were reclassified from utility other operating expenses to other expense (income)—net on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Note 24. Termination of Proposed Acquisition by Hydro One

On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a Merger Agreement that provided for Avista Corp. to become an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Hydro One, subject to the satisfaction or waiver of specified closing conditions, including approval by regulatory agencies. Hydro One, based in Toronto, is Ontario's largest electricity transmission and distribution provider.

Termination of the Merger Agreement

Due to the denial of the proposed merger by certain of the Company's regulatory commissions, on January 23, 2019, Avista Corp., Hydro One and certain subsidiaries thereof, entered into a Termination Agreement indicating their mutual agreement to terminate the Merger Agreement, effective immediately. Pursuant to the terms of the Termination Agreement, Hydro One paid Avista Corp. a \$103 million termination fee on January 24, 2019. The termination fee was used for reimbursing the Company's transaction costs incurred from 2017 to 2019. The balance of the termination fee remaining after payment of 2019 transaction costs and applicable income taxes was used for general corporate purposes and reduced the Company's need for external financing. The 2019 costs totaled \$19.7 million pre-tax

and included financial advisers' fees, legal fees, consulting fees and employee time.

Other Information Related to the Terminated Acquisition

Due to the termination of the acquisition, all the financial commitments that were included in the various settlement agreements with the commissions for the proposed acquisition will not be required to be performed or observed.

The Company incurred significant transaction costs consisting primarily of consulting, banking fees, legal fees and employee time, and these costs are not being passed through to customers. When the Company was assuming the transaction was going to be completed, a significant portion of these costs were not deductible for income tax purposes. Now that the transaction has been terminated, more of the previously incurred transaction costs are deductible so it has recorded additional tax benefits from these costs in 2019.

See Note 21 for discussion of shareholder lawsuits filed against the Company, the Company's directors, Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. in relation to the Merger Agreement and the proposed acquisition.

Note 25. Sale Of METALfx

In April 2019, Bay Area Manufacturing, Inc., a non-regulated subsidiary of Avista Corp., entered into a definitive agreement to sell its interest in METALfx to an independent third party. The transaction was a stock sale for a total cash purchase price of \$17.5 million, plus cash on-hand, subject to customary closing adjustments. The transaction closed on April 18, 2019, and as of that date the Company has no further involvement with METALfx.

The purchase price of \$17.5 million, as adjusted, was divided among the security holders of METALfx, including the minority shareholder, pro-rata based on ownership (Avista Corp. owned 89.2 percent of the equity of METALfx). As required under the purchase agreement, \$1.2 million (7 percent of the purchase price) will be held in escrow for 24 months from the closing of the transaction to satisfy certain indemnification obligations.

When all escrow amounts are released, the sales transaction is expected to provide cash proceeds to Avista Corp., net of payments to

the minority holder, contractually obligated compensation payments and other transaction expenses, of \$16.5 million and result in a net gain after-tax of \$3.3 million. The Company expects to receive the full amount of its portion of the escrow accounts; therefore, the full amounts are included in the gain calculation. The gross gain is included in "Other income," the transaction expenses paid are included in "Non-utility Other operating expenses" and any taxes associated with the sale are included in "Income tax expense" on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Prior to the completion of the sales transaction, METALfx was not a reportable business segment and was included in other in the business segment footnote at Note 23. This transaction does not meet the criteria for discontinued operations as it does not represent a strategic shift that will have a major effect on the Company's ongoing operations.

Note 26. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The Company's energy operations are significantly affected by weather conditions. Consequently, there can be large variances in revenues, expenses and net income between quarters based

on seasonal factors such as, but not limited to, temperatures and streamflow conditions, including the impact on electric and natural gas commodity prices.

A summary of quarterly operations (in thousands, except per share amounts) for 2019 and 2018 follows:

				Three I	Vlon	ths Ended
	March 31	June 30	S	eptember 30	Dec	ember 31
2019						
Operating revenues	\$ 396,481	\$ 300,812	5	\$ 283,770	\$	364,559
Operating expenses	329,410	261,044		253,527		291,252
Income from operations	\$ 67,071	\$ 39,768	5	\$ 30,243	\$	73,307
Net income	115,881	25,016		5,090		50,776
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(87)	303		_		_
Net income attributable to Avista Corporation	\$ 115,794	\$ 25,319	5	\$ 5,090	\$	50,776
Outstanding common stock:						
Weighted-average—basic	65,733	65,894		66,265		66,929
Weighted-average—diluted	65,941	65,963		66,351		67,059
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$ 1.76	\$ 0.38	5	\$ 0.08	\$	0.76
2018						
Operating revenues	\$ 409,361	\$ 319,298	5	\$ 296,013	\$	372,221
Operating expenses	315,155	266,019		259,569		295,037
Income from operations	\$ 94,206	\$ 53,279	5	\$ 36,444	\$	77,184
Net income	54,956	25,644	_	10,129		45,869
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(66)	(67))	(10)		(26)
Net income attributable to Avista Corporation	\$ 54,890	\$ 25,577	5	\$ 10,119	\$	45,843
Outstanding common stock:						
Weighted-average—basic	65,639	65,677		65,688		65,688
Weighted-average—diluted	65,931	65,983		66,026		65,846
Earnings per common share attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.39	5	\$ 0.15	\$	0.70

ITEM 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

ITEM 9A. Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company has disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports it files or submits under the Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. With the participation of the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the Company's management evaluated its disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon this evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a reasonable assurance level as of December 31, 2019.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management, together with its consolidated subsidiaries, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).

The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed under the supervision of the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes policies and procedures that pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect transactions and dispositions of assets; provide reasonable assurances that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and the directors of the Company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the Company conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the framework established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management determined that the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019 is effective at a reasonable assurance level.

The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, has issued an attestation report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the shareholders and the Board of **Directors of Avista Corporation**

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Avista Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, of the Company and our report dated February 25, 2020, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Seattle, Washington

February 25, 2020

ITEM 9B. Other Information

None.

Part III

ITEM 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this Item (other than the information regarding executive officers and the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics set forth below) is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 11, 2020, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 29, 2019, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019.

Information about our Executive Offi Name	icers Age	Business Experience
Manie	Aye	Dusiness Experience
Dennis P. Vermillion	58	Chief Executive Officer since October 2019; President of Avista Corp since January 2018; Director since January 2018; Senior Vice President from January 2010 to January 2018; Vice President July 2007–December 2009; President—Avista Utilities since January 2009; Vice President of Energy Resources and Optimization—Avista Utilities July 2007–December 2008; President and Chief Operating Officer of Avista Energy February 2001–July 2007; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1985.
Mark T. Thies	56	Executive Vice President since October 2019; Treasurer since January 2013; Chief Financial Officer since September 2008; Senior Vice President from September 2008–October 2019; prior to employment with the Company held the following positions with Black Hills Corporation: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer March 2003–January 2008; Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer March 2000–March 2003; Controller May 1997–March 2000.
Kevin J. Christie	52	Senior Vice President, External Affairs and Chief Customer Officer since October 2019; Vice President, External Affairs and Chief Customer Officer January 2018; Vice President of Customer Solutions since February 2015; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 2005.
Marian M. Durkin	66	Chief Legal Officer since January 2020; Senior Vice President since May 2005; General Counsel from November 2005—December 2019; Chief Compliance Officer from August 2005—December 2019; Corporate Secretary since May 2016; prior to employment with the Company: held several legal positions with United Air Lines, Inc. from 1995—August 2005, most recently served as Vice President Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary.
Karen S. Feltes	64	Senior Vice President of Human Resources since November 2005 (retiring effective March 1, 2020); Corporate Secretary November 2005–April 2016; Vice President of Human Resources and Corporate Secretary March 2003–November 2005; Vice President of Human Resources and Corporate Services February 2002–March 2003; various human resources positions with the Company April 1998–February 2002.
Heather L. Rosentrater	42	Senior Vice President, Energy Delivery and Shared Services since January 2020; Senior Vice President, Energy Delivery from October 2019–December 2019; Vice President of Energy Delivery December 2015; various other management and staff positions with the

Company since 1996.

Jason R. Thackston	49	Senior Vice President since January 2014; Environmental Compliance Officer since May 2018; Vice President of Energy Resources since December 2012; Vice President of Customer Solutions—Avista Utilities June 2012—December 2012; Vice President of Energy Delivery April 2011—December 2012; Vice President of Finance June 2009—April 2011; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1996.
Bryan A. Cox	50	Vice President, Safety and Human Resources Shared Services since January 2018; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1997.
Gregory C. Hesler	42	Vice President, General Counsel Chief Compliance Officer since January 2020; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 2015.
Latisha D. Hill	40	Vice President of Community and Economic Vitality since January 2020; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 2005.
James M. Kensok	61	Vice President and Chief Information Officer since January 2007; Chief Information Officer February 2001–December 2006; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 1996.
Ryan L. Krasselt	50	Vice President, Controller and Principal Accounting Officer since October 2015; various other management and staff positions with the Company since 2001.
David J. Meyer	66	Vice President and Chief Counsel for Regulatory and Governmental Affairs since February 2004; Senior Vice President and General Counsel September 1998–February 2004.
Edward D. Schlect Jr.	59	Vice President and Chief Strategy Officer since September 2015; prior to employment with the Company, Executive Vice President of Corporate Development at Ecova, Inc.

All of the Company's executive officers, with the exception of James M. Kensok, David J. Meyer, Kevin J. Christie, Heather L. Rosentrater, Bryan A. Cox and Gregory C. Hesler were officers or directors of one or more of the Company's subsidiaries in 2019. The Company's executive officers are elected annually by the Board of Directors.

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for directors, officers (including the principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer), and employees. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at www.avistacorp.com and will also be provided to any shareholder without charge upon written request to:

Avista Corp.
General Counsel
P.O. Box 3727 MSC-12
Spokane, Washington 99220-3727

Any changes to or waivers for executive officers and directors of the Company's Code of Conduct will be posted on the Company's website.

ITEM 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 11, 2020, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 29, 2019, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019.

ITEM 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

- (a) Security ownership of certain beneficial owners (owning 5 percent or more of Registrant's voting securities):
 - Information regarding security ownership of certain beneficial owners (owning 5 percent or more of Registrant's voting securities) has been omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:
 - on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 11, 2020, from such Proxy Statement; and
 - prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 29, 2019, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019; reference also being made to Schedules 13G, as amended, on file with the SEC with respect to the Registrant's voting securities (the information contained in such schedules 13G, as amended, not being incorporated herein by reference).
- (b) Security ownership of management:

The information required by this Item regarding the security ownership of management is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 11, 2020, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 29, 2019, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019.
- (c) Changes in control:

None.

(d) Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2019:

	(a)	(b)	(c)
	Number of securities to be	Weighted-average	Number of securities remaining
	issued upon exercise of	exercise price of	available for future issuance under
	outstanding options,	outstanding options,	equity compensation plans (excluding
Plan category	warrants and rights (1)	warrants and rights	securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by			
security holders (2)	_	\$ —	1,470,329

- (1) Excludes unvested restricted shares and performance share awards granted under Avista Corp.'s Long-Term Incentive Plan. At December 31, 2019, 93,351 Restricted Share awards were outstanding. Performance and market-based share awards may be paid out at zero shares at a minimum achievement level; 267,025 shares at target level; or 534,050 shares at a maximum level. Because there is no exercise price associated with restricted shares or performance and market-based share awards, such shares are not included in the weighted-average price calculation.
- (2) Includes the Long-Term Incentive Plan approved by shareholders in 1998 (amended in 2016) and the Non-Employee Director Stock Plan approved by shareholders in 1996.

 In February 2005, the Board of Directors elected to terminate the Non-Employee Director Stock Plan.

ITEM 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 11, 2020, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 29, 2019, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019.

ITEM 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by this Item is omitted pursuant to General Instruction G to Form 10-K. Such information is incorporated herein by reference as follows:

- on and after the date of filing with the SEC the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held on May 11, 2020, from such Proxy Statement; and
- prior to such date, from the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement, dated March 29, 2019, relating to its Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019.

Part IV

ITEM 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) 1. Financial Statements (Included in Part II of this report):

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Consolidated Statements of Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) 2. Financial Statement Schedules:

None.

(a) 3. Exhibits:

Reference is made to the Exhibit Index commencing on the following page. The Exhibits include the management contracts and compensatory plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K pursuant to Item 15(b).

Exhibit Index

		Previously Filed (1)	
Exhibit	With Registration Number	As Exhibit	
2.1	(with Form 8-K filed as of July 19, 2017)	2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of July 19, 2017, by and among Avista Corporation, Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp. and Olympus Corp.
2.2	(with Form 8-K filed as of January 23, 2019)	2.1	Termination Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2019, by and among Avista Corporation, Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp. and Olympus Corp.
3.1	(with June 30, 2012 Form 10-Q)	3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Avista Corporation, as amended and restated June 6, 2012.
3.2	(with Form 8-K filed as of August 17, 2016)	3.2	Bylaws of Avista Corporation, as amended August 17, 2016.
4.1	2-4077	B-3	Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of June 1, 1939.
4.2	2-9812	4(c)	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1952.
4.3	2-60728	2(b)-2	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 1953.
4.4	2-13421	4(b)-3	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 1955.
4.5	2-13421	4(b)-4	Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 15, 1967.
4.6	2-60728	2(b)-5	Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 1, 1957.
4.7	2-60728	2(b)-6	Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1958.
4.8	2-60728	2(b)-7	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1958.
4.9	2-60728	2(b)-8	Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1959.
4.10	2-60728	2(b)-9	Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1960.
4.11	2-60728	2(b)-10	Tenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1964.
4.12	2-60728	2(b)-11	Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 1, 1965.
4.13	2-60728	2(b)-12	Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 1966.
4.14	2-60728	2(b)-13	Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1966.
4.15	2-60728	2(b)-14	Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1970.
4.16	2-60728	2(b)-15	Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 1973.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed (1) As Exhibit	
4.17	2-60728	2(b)-16	Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 1, 1975.
4.18	2-60728	2(b)-17	Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 1976.
4.19	2-69080	2(b)-18	Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 1980.
4.20	(with 1980 Form 10-K)	4(a)-20	Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1981.
4.21	2-79571	4(a)-21	Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1982.
4.22	(with Form 8-K dated September 20, 1983)	4(a)-22	Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 1983.
4.23	2-94816	4(a)-23	Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 1, 1984.
4.24	(with 1986 Form 10-K)	4(a)-24	Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 1986.
4.25	(with 1987 Form 10-K)	4(a)-25	Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1988.
4.26	(with 1989 Form 10-K)	4(a)-26	Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1989.
4.27	33-51669	4(a)-27	Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 1993.
4.28	(with 1993 Form 10-K)	4(a)-28	Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1994.
4.29	(with 2001 Form 10-K)	4(a)-29	Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 2001.
4.30	333-82502	4(b)	Twenty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2001.
4.31	(with June 30, 2002 Form 10-Q)	4(f)	Thirtieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2002.
4.32	333-39551	4(b)	Thirty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2003.
4.33	(with September 30, 2003 Form 10-Q)	4(f)	Thirty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 2003.
4.34	333-64652	4(a)-33	Thirty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2004.
4.35	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.1	Thirty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2004.
4.36	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.2	Thirty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2004.

		Previously Filed (1)	
Exhibit	With Registration Number	As Exhibit	
4.37	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.3	Thirty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2004.
4.38	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.4	Thirty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2004.
4.39	(with Form 8-K dated as of May 12, 2005)	4.1	Thirty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2005.
4.40	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 17, 2005)	4.1	Thirty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2005.
4.41	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 6, 2006)	4.1	Fortieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2006.
4.42	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2006)	4.1	Forty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2006.
4.43	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 3, 2008)	4.1	Forty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2008.
4.44	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 26, 2008)	4.1	Forty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2008.
4.45	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 16, 2008)	4.1	Forty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2008.
4.46	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 30, 2008)	4.3	Forty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2008.
4.47	(with Form 8-K dated as of September 15, 2009)	4.1	Forty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 1, 2009.
4.48	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 25, 2009)	4.1	Forty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2009.
4.49	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2010)	4.5	Forty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.50	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 20, 2010)	4.1	Forty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2010.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed (1) As Exhibit	
4.51	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 30, 2010)	4.1	Fiftieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.52	(with Form 8-K dated as of February 11, 2011)	4.1	Fifty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 1, 2011.
4.53	(with Form 8-K dated as of August 16, 2011)	4.1	Fifty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 2011.
4.54	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 14, 2011)	4.1	Fifty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2011.
4.55	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 30, 2012)	4.1	Fifty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2012.
4.56	(with Form 8-K dated as of August 14, 2013)	4.1	Fifty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 1, 2013.
4.57	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 18, 2014)	4.1	Fifty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2014.
4.58	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 18, 2014)	4.1	Fifty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2014.
4.59	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 16, 2015)	4.1	Fifty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2015.
4.60	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 16, 2016)	4.1	Fifty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2016.
4.61	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 14, 2017)	4.1	Sixtieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 1, 2017.
4.62	(with Form 8-K dated as of May 15, 2018)	4(a)(62)	Sixty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 1, 2018.
4.63	(with Form 8-K dated as of November 26, 2019)	4.1	Sixty-Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2019.
4.64	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2004)	4.5	Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of December 1, 2004 to the Indenture dated as of April 1, 1998 between Avista Corporation and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

		Previously Filed (1)	
Exhibit	With Registration Number	As Exhibit	
4.65	333-82165	4(a)	Indenture dated as of April 1, 1998 between Avista Corporation and The Bank of New York, as Successor Trustee.
4.66	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2010)	4.1	Loan Agreement between City of Forsyth, Montana and Avista Corporation \$66,700,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010A dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.67	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2010)	4.3	Trust Indenture between City of Forsyth, and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, \$66,700,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010A, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.68	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2010)	4.2	Loan Agreement between City of Forsyth, Montana and Avista Corporation \$17,000,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010B dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.69	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 15, 2010)	4.4	Trust Indenture between City of Forsyth, and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, \$17,000,000 City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) Series 2010B, dated as of December 1, 2010.
4.70	(with June 30, 2012 Form 10-Q)	3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Avista Corporation, as amended and restated June 6, 2012 (see Exhibit 3.1 herein).
4.71	(with Form 8-K filed as of August 17, 2016)	3.2	Bylaws of Avista Corporation, as amended August 17, 2016 (see Exhibit 3.2 herein).
4.72	(Form 10/A)	N/A	Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form 10/A, filed February 26, 2015, to Registration Statement on Form 10, filed September 1952.
4.73	(2)		Description of the Registrant's Securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
10.1	(with Form 8-K dated as of February 11, 2011)	10.1	Credit Agreement, dated as of February 11, 2011, among Avista Corporation, the Banks Party hereto, The Bank of New York Mellon, Keybank National Association, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Co-Documentation Agents, Wells Fargo Bank National Association as Syndication Agent and an Issuing Bank, and Union Bank N.A. as Administrative Agent and an Issuing Bank.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed (1) As Exhibit	
10.2	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 18, 2014)	10.1	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of April 18, 2014, among Avista Corporation, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as an Issuing Bank, Union Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent and an Issuing Bank, and the financial institutions identified hereof as Continuing Lenders and Exiting Lender.
10.3	(with Form 8-K dated as of April 18, 2014)	10.2	Bond Delivery Agreement, dated as of April 18, 2014, between Avista Corporation and Union Bank, N.A.
10.4	(with Form 8-K dated as of December 14, 2011)	10.1	First Amendment and Waiver Thereunder, dated as of December 14, 2011, to the Credit Agreement dated as of February 11, 2011, among Avista Corporation, the Banks Party hereto, Wells Fargo Bank National Association as an Issuing Bank, and Union Bank N.A. as Administrative Agent and an Issuing Bank.
10.5	(with 2002 Form 10-K)	10(b)-3	Priest Rapids Project Product Sales Contract executed by Public Utility District No. 2 of Grant County, Washington and Avista Corporation dated December 12, 2001 (effective November 1, 2005 for the Priest Rapids Development and November 1, 2009 for the Wanapum Development).
10.6	(with 2002 Form 10-K)	10(b)-4	Priest Rapids Project Reasonable Portion Power Sales Contract executed by Public Utility District No. 2 of Grant County, Washington and Avista Corporation dated December 12, 2001 (effective November 1, 2005 for the Priest Rapids Development and November 1, 2009 for the Wanapum Development).
10.7	(with 2002 Form 10-K)	10(b)-5	Additional Product Sales Agreement (Priest Rapids Project) executed by Public Utility District No. 2 of Grant County, Washington and Avista Corporation dated December 12, 2001 (effective November 1, 2005 for the Priest Rapids Development and November 1, 2009 for the Wanapum Development).
10.8	2-60728	5(g)	Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of September 18, 1963.
10.9	2-60728	5(g)-1	Amendment to Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of February 9, 1965.
10.10	2-60728	5(h)	Reserved Share Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of September 18, 1963.

Exhibit	With Registration Number	Previously Filed (1) As Exhibit	
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10.11	2-60728	5(h)-1	Amendment to Reserved Share Power Sales Contract (Wells Project) with Public Utility District No. 1 of Douglas County, Washington, dated as of February 9, 1965.
10.12	(with September 30, 1985 Form 10-Q)	1	Settlement Agreement and Covenant Not to Sue executed by the United 1985 States Department of Energy acting by and through the Bonneville Power Administration and the Company, dated as of September 17, 1985, describing the settlement of Project 3 litigation.
10.13	(with 1981 Form 10-K)	10(s)-7	Ownership and Operation Agreement for Colstrip Units No. 3 & 4, dated as of May 6, 1981.
10.14	(2)		Avista Corporation Executive Deferral Plan (2020 Component). (3) (5)
10.15	(2)		Avista Corporation Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (Post-2004 Component, Amended in 2018). (3)(6)
10.16	(with 1992 Form 10-K)	10(t)-11	The Company's Unfunded Supplemental Executive Disability Plan. (3)
10.17	(with 2007 Form 10-K)	10.34	Income Continuation Plan of the Company. (3)
10.18	(with 2018 Form 10-K)	10.21	Avista Corporation Long-Term Incentive Plan. (3)
10.19	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	10.23	Avista Corporation Performance Award Plan Summary. (3)
10.20	(with 2017 Form 10-K)	10.25	Avista Corporation Performance Award Agreement 2017. (3)
10.21	(with 2018 Form 10-K)	10.25	Avista Corporation Performance Award Agreement 2018. (3)
10.22	(2)		Avista Corporation Performance Award Agreement 2019. (3)
10.23	(with Form 8-K dated June 21, 2005)	10.1	Employment Agreement between the Company and Marian Durkin in the form of a Letter of Employment. (3)
10.24	(with Form 8-K dated August 13, 2008)	10.1	Employment Agreement between the Company and Mark T. Thies in the form of a Letter of Employment. $^{\rm (3)}$
10.25	(with 2010 Form 10-K)	10.31	Form of Change of Control Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers. (3) (7)
10.26	(with September 30, 2019 Form 10-Q)	10.1	Form of Change of Control Plan between the Company and its Executive Officers. (3) (8)

		Previously Filed (1)	
Exhibit	With Registration Number	As Exhibit	
10.27	(with September 30, 2019 Form 10-Q)	10.2	Change in Control Agreement Letter between the Company and its Executive Officers. (3) (9)
10.28	(2)		Avista Corporation Non-Employee Director Compensation.
21	(2)		Subsidiaries of Registrant.
23	(2)		Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
31.1	(2)		Certification of Chief Executive Officer (Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
31.2	(2)		Certification of Chief Financial Officer (Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
32	(4)		Certification of Corporate Officers (Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
101.INS	(2)		XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	(2)		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	(2)		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	(2)		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	(2)		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	(2)		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	(2)		Cover page formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.

⁽¹⁾ Incorporated herein by reference.

⁽²⁾ Filed herewith.

⁽³⁾ Management contracts or compensatory plans filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K pursuant to Item 15(b).

⁽⁴⁾ Furnished herewith.

⁽⁵⁾ Applies to Kevin J. Christie, Bryan A. Cox, Marian M. Durkin, Karen S. Feltes, Gregory C. Hesler, Latisha D. Hill, James M. Kensok, Ryan L. Krasselt, David J. Meyer, Scott L. Morris, Heather L. Rosentrater, Edward D. Schlect, Jason R. Thackston, Mark T. Thies, and Dennis P. Vermillion.

⁽⁶⁾ Applies to Kevin J. Christie, Bryan A. Cox, Marian M. Durkin, Karen S. Feltes, Latisha D. Hill, James M. Kensok, Ryan L. Krasselt, David J. Meyer, Scott L. Morris, Heather L. Rosentrater, Jason R. Thackston, Mark T. Thies, and Dennis P. Vermillion.

⁽⁷⁾ Applies to Scott L. Morris and Karen S. Feltes.

⁽⁸⁾ Applies to Kevin J. Christie, Bryan A. Cox, Marian M. Durkin, Gregory C. Hesler, Latisha D. Hill, James M. Kensok, Ryan L. Krasselt, David J. Meyer, Heather L. Rosentrater, Edward D. Schlect, Jason R. Thackston, Mark T. Thies, and Dennis P. Vermillion.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AVISTA CORPORATION

February 25, 2020	By/s/ Dennis P. Vermillion
Date	Dennis P. Vermillion
	President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Dennis P. Vermillion Dennis P. Vermillion President and Chief Executive Officer	Principal Executive Officer and Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Mark T. Thies Mark T. Thies Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer	Principal Financial Officer	February 25, 2020
/s/ Ryan L. Krasselt Ryan L. Krasselt Vice President, Controller and Principal Accounting Officer	Principal Accounting Officer	February 25, 2020
/s/ Scott L. Morris Scott L. Morris Chairman of the Board	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Kristianne Blake Kristianne Blake	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Donald C. Burke Donald C. Burke	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Rebecca A. Klein Rebecca A. Klein	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Scott H. Maw Scott H. Maw	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Marc F. Racicot Marc F. Racicot	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Heidi B. Stanley Heidi B. Stanley	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ R. John Taylor R. John Taylor	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Janet D. Widmann Janet D. Widmann	Director	February 25, 2020
/s/ Jeffry L. Philipps Jeffry L. Philipps	Director	February 25, 2020

Exhibit 21

Avista Corporation

Subsidiaries of Registrant

Substitutines of Registratit	State or Country
Subsidiary	of Incorporation
Avista Capital, Inc.	Washington
Avista Development, Inc.	Washington
Avista Energy, Inc.	Washington
Avista Northwest Resources, LLC	Washington
Pentzer Corporation	Washington
Pentzer Venture Holding II, Inc.	Washington
Bay Area Manufacturing, Inc.	Washington
Advanced Manufacturing and Development, Inc.	California
Avista Capital II	Delaware
Steam Plant Square, LLC	Washington
Steam Plant Brew Pub, LLC	Washington
Courtyard Office Center, LLC	Washington
Alaska Energy and Resources Company	Alaska
Alaska Electric Light and Power Company	Alaska
AJT Mining Properties, Inc.	Alaska
Snettisham Electric Company	Alaska
Salix, Inc.	Washington

Exhibit 23

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-33790, 333-126577, 333-179042, and 333-208986 on Form S-8 and in Registration Statement Nos.333-231431 and 333-209714 on Form S-3 of our reports dated February 25, 2020, relating to the financial statements of Avista Corporation and subsidiaries, and the effectiveness of Avista Corporation's internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Avista Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2019.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Seattle, Washington February 25, 2020

Exhibit 31.1

Certification

I, Dennis P. Vermillion, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Avista Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f)) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 25, 2020

/s/ Dennis P. Vermillion

Dennis P. Vermillion
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

Certification

I, Mark T. Thies, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Avista Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e)) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f)) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 25, 2020 /s/ Mark T. Thies

Mark T. Thies
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32

Avista Corporation

Certification of Corporate Officers

(Furnished Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

Each of the undersigned, Dennis P. Vermillion, President and Chief Executive Officer of Avista Corporation (the "Company"), and Mark T. Thies, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained therein fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 25, 2020

/s/ Dennis P. Vermillion

Dennis P. Vermillion
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Mark T. Thies

Mark T. Thies
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer

Selected Financial Data

Avista Corporation

 $As\ of\ and\ for\ the\ years\ ended\ December\ 31,$

Dollars in thousands, except per share data and ratios

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2009
INANCIAL RESULTS												
Operating revenues	\$	1,345,622	\$	1,396,893	\$	1,445,929	\$	1,442,483	\$	1,484,776	\$	1,435,290
Operating expenses		1,135,233		1,135,780		1,153,750		1,142,622		1,223,204		1,246,235
Income from continuing operations		210,389		261,113		292,179		299,861		261,572		189,055
Interest expense		104,354		100,936		96,192		87,130		80,441		66,732
Income taxes		31,374		26,060		82,758		78,086		67,449		42,354
Net income from continuing operations		196,763		136,598		115,932		137,316		118,170		83,319
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations		_		_		_		_		5,147		5,329
Net income		196,763		136,598		115,932		137,316		123,317		88,648
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		216		(169)		(16)		(88)		(90)		(1,577
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders:												
Net income from continuing operations												
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	196,979	\$	136,429	\$	115,916	\$	137,228	\$	118,080	\$	81,742
Net income from discontinued operations												
attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,147	\$	5,329
Net income attributable to Avista Corp. shareholders	\$	196,979	\$	136,429	\$	115,916	\$	137,228	\$	123,227	\$	87,071
Earnings per common share attributable					=		_					
to Avista Corp. shareholders—diluted:												
Earnings from continuing operations		2.97		2.07		1.79		2.15		1.89		1.48
Earnings from discontinued operations		_		_		_		_		0.08		0.10
Total	_	2.97		2.07	_	1.79		2.15		1.97		1.58
Earnings per common share attributable			-		-		_		-			
to Avista Corp. shareholders—basic:		2.98		2.08		1.80		2.16		1.98		1.59
ONANAONI CTOOK CTATICTICC												
COMMON STOCK STATISTICS	Φ.	4.55	Φ.	1.40	φ.	1.40	•	1.07	Φ	1.00	Φ.	0.040
Dividends paid per common share	\$	1.55		1.49	\$	1.43	\$	1.37	\$	1.32	\$	0.810
Book value per common share	\$	28.87	\$	26.99	\$	26.41	\$	25.69	\$	24.53	\$	19.17
Shares of common stock:												
Outstanding at year-end		67,177		65,688		65,494		64,188		62,313		54,837
Average—basic		66,205		65,673		64,496		63,508		62,301		54,694
Average—diluted		66,329		65,946		64,806		63,920		62,708		54,942
Return on average Avista Corp. stockholders' equity:												_
Total company		10.5%		7.8%		6.9%		8.6%		8.2%		8.5%
Utility only		11.0%		8.5%		7.5%		9.2%		8.4%		9.2%
Non-utility only		6.6%		1.0%		0.7%		3.0%		6.5%		0.4%
Common stock price:												
High	\$	49.47		52.91	\$	52.74		44.97		38.30		22.44
Low	\$	39.75		42.48	\$	37.94		34.67		29.93		12.67
Year-end close	\$	48.09	\$	42.48	\$	51.49	\$	39.99	\$	35.37	\$	21.59
DEBT AND PREFERRED STOCK STATISTICS												
Pretax interest coverage:												
Including AFUDC/AFUCE		3.30(x)		2.67(x)		3.11(x)		3.54(x)		3.46(x)		2.97(>
Excluding AFUDC/AFUCE		3.19(x)		2.57(x)		3.00(x)		3.43(x)		3.31(x)		2.92(x
Embedded cost of long-term debt		5.17%		5.33%		5.58%		5.55%		5.31%		5.91%

Selected Financial Data (continued)

Avista Corporation

As of and for the years ended December 31,

Dollars in thousands, except per share data and ratios

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	2009
FINANCIAL CONDITION										
Total assets (1) (2)	\$ 6,082,456	\$	5,782,576	\$	5,514,732	\$	5,309,755	\$	4,906,649	\$ 3,449,285
Total net Avista Utilities property	4,649,884		4,450,078		4,196,691		3,943,087		3,702,691	2,607,011
Avista Utilities property capital expenditures										
(excluding equity-related AFUDC)	434,077		418,741		405,938		390,690		381,174	205,384
Long-term debt and leases (including current portion) (2)	2,020,011		1,863,174		1,769,237		1,682,004		1,573,278	1,085,952
Nonrecourse long-term debt of Spokane										
Energy (including current portion)	_		_		_		_		1,431	_
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts	51,547		51,547		51,547		51,547		51,547	51,547
Avista Corporation stockholders' equity	\$ 1,939,284	\$	1,773,220	\$	1,729,828	\$	1,648,727	\$	1,528,626	\$ 1,051,287
AVISTA UTILITIES										
Electric Operations										
Electric operating revenues (millions of dollars):										
Residential	\$ 369.1	\$	368.8	\$	381.7	\$	339.2	\$	335.5	\$ 315.7
Commercial	317.6		314.5		311.6		305.6		308.2	274.0
Industrial	105.8		109.8		111.0		107.3		111.8	107.7
Public street and highway lighting	7.4		7.5		7.5		7.7		7.3	6.6
Total retail	799.9		800.6		811.8		759.8	_	762.8	704.0
Wholesale	73.2		85.0		81.5		112.1		127.3	88.4
Sales of fuel	48.0		62.2		64.9		78.3		82.9	33.0
Other	29.0		29.3		31.6		28.5		25.8	15.4
Decoupling	8.7		4.9		(8.2)		17.4		4.7	_
Provision for earning sharing	3.1		(11.5)		(1.2)		0.9		(5.6)	_
Total electric operating revenues	\$ 962.0	\$	970.5	\$	980.4	\$	997.0	\$	997.9	\$ 840.8
Electric energy sales (millions of kWhs):										
Residential	3,766		3,627		3,840		3,528		3,571	3,791
Commercial	3,170		3,156		3,222		3,183		3,197	3,177
Industrial	1,691		1,772		1,815		1,763		1,812	1,948
Public street and highway lighting	18		18		20		23		23	26
Total retail	8,645		8,573		8,897		8,497		8,603	8,942
Wholesale	2,787		3,632		2,881		2,998		3,145	2,354
Total electric energy sales	11,432		12,205	_	11,778		11,495		11,748	11,296
Retail electric customers (average per year):										
Residential	345,064		340,308		334,848		330,699		327,057	313,884
Commercial	42,930		42,618		42,154		41,785		41,296	39,276
Industrial	1,305		1,318		1,328		1,342		1,353	1,394
Public street and highway lighting	 612		594	_	569		558	_	529	 444
Total retail electric customers	389,911	_	384,838		378,899	_	374,384	_	370,235	354,998

 $^{(1) \}qquad \textit{The total assets at year-end for 2008 exclude the total assets associated with Ecova of \$125.9 \ million.}$

⁽²⁾ The total assets and total long-term debt and capital leases for 2014 and 2008 were adjusted in accordance with a change in accounting standards.

Avista Corporation

 $As\ of\ and\ for\ the\ years\ ended\ December\ 31,$

	20	19	2018	2017	2016	2015	2009
Electric Operations (continued)							
Retail electric customers (at year-end):							
Residential	348,1	11	342,996	337,936	333,346	330,749	315,297
Commercial	42,7	90	42,621	42,280	41,921	42,182	39,408
Industrial	1,2	93	1,297	1,320	1,328	3 1,362	1,384
Public street and highway lighting	6	34	604	595	564	555	447
Total retail electric customers	392,8	28	387,518	382,131	377,159	374,848	356,536
Revenue per residential kWh (cents)	q	80	10.17	9.94	9.62	2 9.40	8.33
Use per residential customer (kWh)	10,9		10,658	11,469	10,667		12,079
ose per residential customer (kwii)	10,0	17	10,030	11,400	10,007	10,021	12,073
Revenue per commercial kWh (cents)	10.	02	9.97	9.67	9.60	9.64	8.62
Use per commercial customer (kWh)	73,8	42	74,059	76,444	76,166	76,638	80,881
Electric energy resources (millions of kWhs):							
Hydro generation (from Company facilities)	3,5	20	4,029	3,978	3,836	3,434	3,766
Thermal generation (from Company facilities)	3,3 4,0		3,424	3,476	3,626	· ·	3,700
Purchased power	4,8		5,349	4,809	4,597		4,991
Power exchanges		04)	(109)	4,003			(18)
Total power resources	11,9		12,693	12,257	12,053		11,836
Energy losses and company use		71)	(488)	(479)			(540)
Total electric energy resources		_					11,296
Total electric effergy resources	11,4	<u>32</u>	12,205	11,778	11,495	11,748	
Retail Native Load at time of system peak							
Winter	1,5		1,555	1,681	1,655	•	1,763
Summer	1,6	56	1,716	1,596	1,587	1,638	1,522
Natural Gas Operations							
Natural gas operating revenues (millions of dollars):							
Residential	\$ 196	6.4	\$ 194.3	\$ 220.2	\$ 195.3	3 \$ 193.8	\$ 251.0
Commercial	92	2.2	89.4	104.2	93.0	96.8	135.2
Industrial and interruptible	Į.	5.3	4.8	5.7	5.5	6.5	10.0
Total retail	293	3.9	288.5	330.1	293.8	297.1	396.2
Wholesale	13!	5.0	137.1	142.7	153.5	204.3	143.5
Transportation		3.7	9.1	9.2	8.3	8.0	6.1
Other		7.4	6.8	6.4	5.8	5.6	8.6
Decoupling	().9	(4.0)	(11.4)	12.3	6.0	_
Provision for earning sharing		1.4	(6.8)	(2.4)		B) —	_
Total natural gas operating revenues		_	\$ 430.7	\$ 474.6			\$ 554.4
Network as a the owner delivers of the Williams of the owner's							
Natural gas therms delivered (millions of therms):	00		000.0	000.0	100.0	170.0	000.0
Residential	23		208.3	222.0	186.6		208.0
Commercial	140		124.7	133.3	112.7		126.3
Industrial and interruptible		5.4	11.6	11.8	10.9		10.9
Total retail	387		344.6	367.1	310.2		345.2
Wholesale	590		503.9	545.3	684.3		398.0
Transportation and other	187	_	176.8	186.7	178.8		145.1
Total natural gas therms delivered	1,16	0.9	1,025.3	1,099.1	1,173.3	1,268.4	888.3

Selected Financial Data (continued)

Avista Corporation

As of and for the years ended December 31,

		2019	2)18	2017	2016	2015	2009
Natural Gas Operations (continued)								
Retail natural gas customers (average per year):								
Residential		321,343	314,	300	307,375	300,883	296,005	280,667
Commercial		35,804	35,	488	35,192	34,868	34,229	33,214
Industrial and interruptible		286		285	288	292	296	300
Total retail natural gas customers		357,433	350,	573	342,855	336,043	330,530	314,181
Retail natural gas customers (at year-end):								
Residential		325,102	318,	347	311,518	304,814	299,509	282,538
Commercial		36,101	35,	668	35,353	35,032	34,775	33,369
Industrial and interruptible		292		284	289	285	289	294
Total retail natural gas customers		361,495	354,	799	347,160	340,131	334,573	316,201
Revenue per residential therm (in dollars)		0.85	(.93	0.99	1.05	1.10	1.21
Use per residential customer (therms)		720		662	722	620	593	741
Coo por rociacina. Caronio, (arcinio,						0_0	333	
Revenue per commercial therm (in dollars)		0.66	(.72	0.78	0.83	0.90	1.07
Use per commercial customer (therms)		3,926	3,	513	3,789	3,232	3,128	3,804
Heating degree days (at Spokane, Washington):								
Actual		6,817	6.	159	6,783	5.790	5,614	6,976
30 year average		613		593	6,578	6,680	6,726	6,820
Actual as a percent of average		103%		3%	103%	87%	83%	102%
ALASKA ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY								
		07.0	,	3.6	53.0	46.3	44.0	
Revenues (millions of dollars)		37.3					44.8	_
Total assets (millions of dollars)		271.4		273	278.7	273.8	265.7	_
ECOVA								
Revenues (millions of dollars)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$ —	\$ 87.5	\$ 77.3
Total assets (millions of dollars)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 143.1
OTHER								
OTHER Devenues (millions of dellars)	ф.	10.5	Φ .	ר דו	Φ 22.5	ф 00.0	ф <u>20.7</u>	h 40.1
Revenues (millions of dollars)	\$		•		\$ 22.5	\$ 23.6	\$ 28.7	\$ 40.1
Total assets (millions of dollars)	\$	113.4	\$ 8	7.1	\$ 73.2	\$ 60.4	\$ 39.2	\$ 63.5

Corporate Information

Company Headquarters

Spokane, Washington

Avista on the Internet

Financial results, stock quotes, news releases, documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and information on the company's products and services are available on Avista's website at investor avistacorp.com.

Direct Stock Purchase and Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Computershare sponsors and administers the Computershare Investment Plan (CIP) for Avista Corp. common stock. To invest, obtain forms, or for information about your holdings, please contact the transfer agent using the information below.

Transfer Agent

Computershare P.O. Box 505000 Louisville, KY 40233 800.642.7365 computershare.com/investor

Investor Information

A copy of the company's financial reports, including the reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q filed with the SEC, will be provided without charge upon request to:

Avista Corp. Investor Relations P.O. Box 3727 MSC-19 Spokane, WA 99220-3727 800.222.4931

Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Shareholders are invited to attend the company's annual meeting to be held at 8:15 a.m. PDT on Monday, May 11, 2020, at Avista Corp. headquarters, 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington.

The annual meeting will be webcast. Please go to avistacorp.com to preregister for the webcast and to listen to the live webcast. The webcast will be archived at avistacorp.com for one year to allow shareholders to listen at their convenience.

Exchange Listing

Ticker Symbol: AVA New York Stock Exchange

Certifications

On May 14, 2019, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Avista Corp. filed a Section 303A.12(a) Annual CEO Certification with the New York Stock Exchange. The CEO Certification attests that the CEO is not aware of any violations by the company of NYSE's Corporate Governance Listing Standards.

Avista Corp. has included as exhibits to its annual report on Form 10-K for the year 2019, filed with the SEC, certifications of Avista's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer regarding the quality of Avista's public disclosure in compliance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

This annual report contains forward-looking statements regarding the company's current expectations. These statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations. These risks and uncertainties include, in addition to those discussed herein, all factors discussed in the company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year 2019. Our 2019 annual report is provided for shareholders. It is not intended for use in connection with any sale or purchase of or any solicitation of others to buy or sell securities.

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The 2019 annual report is produced through a partnership of Avista employees and companies within Avista's service area. Design and Production: Klündt | Hosmer; Photography: Dean Davis Photography; Printing: Lawton Printing Services

Help Us Help the Environment

Managing costs is a primary goal for Avista. You can help us meet this goal by agreeing to receive future annual reports and proxy statements electronically. This service saves on the costs of printing and mailing, provides timely delivery of information, and helps protect our environment by decreasing the need for paper, printing, and mailing materials.

FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE VISIT: INVESTOR.AVISTACORP.COM









Nam	e of Respondent Th	his Repo	rt Is:	Date of Report	Year of Report		
		1) X		(M, D, Y)	'		
	,		3 3				
	Avista Corp. ((2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019		
	, was so p	/	,	ay 1, 2020	3 35. 6 . 7 25 . 7		
	STATE OF OREGON - STATE	MENT	OF OPERATING I	NCOME FOR THE YEA	AR		
			(Ref.) TOTAL				
Line	Account		Page	Current Year	Previous Year		
No.			No.				
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME						
2	Operating Revenues (400)		2	\$144,734,103	\$145,242,892		
3	Operating Expenses						
4	Operation Expenses (401)		4 - 9	103,880,773	101,538,992		
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)		4 - 9	5,148,582	5,166,964		
6	Depreciation Expense (403)		10	11,082,978	10,156,784		
7	Amort. & Depl. of Utility Plant (404-405)		10	2,769,871	2,608,993		
8	Amort. of Utility Plant Acq. Adj. (406)(See No	ote 1)	10				
9	Amort. of Property Losses, Unrecovered Plant a	and					
	Regulatory Study Costs (407)						
10	Senate Bill 408 (407330/407408/407431)			0	0		
11	Reg Debit/Credit ()			(2,521,349)	408,545		
12	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.1)		11	7,992,074	7,711,226		
13	Income Taxes - Federal (409.1)		12	(1,204,744)	479,927		
14	- Other (409.1)		13	75,041	75,000		
15	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.1) (4	410.2)	14 - 21	2,224,589	1,045,439		
16	(Less) Prov. for Def. Inc. Taxes-Cr. (411.1)		14 - 21	(23,829)	(21,609)		
17	Investment Tax Credit Adj Net (411.4)		22				
18	(Less) Gains from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.7))					
19	Losses from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.7)						
20	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses						
	(Enter Total of lines 4 thru 18)			129,471,644	129,213,479		
21	Net Utility Operating Income						
	Enter Total of Line 2 Jess Line 19			\$15.262.459	\$16,029,413		

Note 1: Amortization of Gas Plant Acquisition Adjustment was charged to Account 425, Miscellaneous Amortization, classified as Other Income and Income Deductions.

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An O	riginal	Date of Report (M, Y, D)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Res	submission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
		STATE C	F OREGON - GA	AS OPERATIN	G REVENUES (Acco	unt 40	00)			
			OPERATING	REVENUES	THERMS	OF GA	S SOLD	AVG. NO. OF GAS	CUST. PER MO.	
Line	Title of Account									Line
No.			Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Prev	ious Year	Current Year	Previous Year	No.
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)	(a)	
1	GAS SERVICE REV	/ENUES		1					1.7/	1
2	(480) Residential Sales	21,025	57,874,371	57,139,713	53,437,610	**	48,094,692	91,337	90,119	
3	(481) Commercial and Industrial Sales		37,074,371	37,137,713	33,437,010		40,074,072	71,557	70,117	3
4	Small (or Comm.) (See Instr. 6)		29,779,152	29,495,640	37,554,752	k *	33,672,372	11.892	11.811	
5	Large (or Ind.) (See Instr. 6)		1,335,115	802,368	5,228,047	* *	2,147,499	36	37	
6	(482) Other Sales to Public Authorities		.,500,0	552,550	5,225,517		=, , , ,	30		6
7	(484) Interdepartmental Sales		14,579	17,323	14,953		16,764	41	11	
8	TOTAL Sales to Ultimate Consumers		89,003,217 *	87,455,044	96,235,362	* *	83,931,327	103,306	101,978	8
9	(483) Sales for Resale		54,882,172	57,111,937	229,452,120		197,975,120		,	9
10	TOTAL Nat. Gas Service Revenues		143,885,389	144,566,981	325,687,482		281,906,447	103,306	101,978	10
11	Revenues from Manufactured Gas				0		-	-	-	11
12	TOTAL Gas Service Revenues		143,885,389	144,566,981						12
13	OTHER OPERATING	REVENUES		, ,						13
14	(485) Intracompany Transfers	RE VEIVEED								14
15	(487) Forfeited Discounts									15
16	(488) Misc. Service Revenues		91.899	102.095						16
17	(489) Rev. from Trans. of Gas of Others		2,936,822 *	3,440,119	Notes:					17
18	(490) Sales of Prod. Ext. from Nat. Gas		2,730,022	5,110,117	rvotas.					18
19	(491) Rev. from Nat. Gas Proc. by Others				* Includes unbilled revenue	es.				19
20	(492) Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales				111010000000000000000000000000000000000	001				20
21	(493) Rent from Gas Property			0	** Includes unbilled therm	S.				21
22	(494) Interdepartmental Rents									22
23	(495) Other Gas Revenues		268,670	438,068						22
24	TOTAL Other Operating Revenues		3,297,391	3,980,300						24
25	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues		147,182,781	148,547,281						25
26	(Less) (496) Provision for Rate Refunds		(2,448,678)	(3,304,389)						25 26
27	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues Net of									27
	Provision for Refunds		144,734,103			_				L
28	Dis. Type Sales by States (Incl. Main Line									28
	Sales to Resid. and Comm. Custrs.)		87,653,523		90,992,362					
29	Main Line Industrial Sales (Incl. Main									29
	Line Sales to Pub. Authorities)		1,335,115		5,228,047					
30	Sales for Resale		54,882,172		229,452,120					30
	Other Sales to Pub. Auth. (Local Dist. Only)								31
	Interdepartmental Sales		14,579		14,953					32
33	TOTAL (Same as Line 10, Columns (b) and	d (d))	143,885,389		325,687,482					33

Name	of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Origi	inal	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
A	vista Corp.	(2) A Resub		May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
	STATE OF OREGON - INTERDE	PARTMENTAL S	SALES - NATUR	RAL GAS (Accoun	nt 484)					
Report	particulars concerning sales of natural gas incl	uded in Account 484.								
Line No.	Department and Basis of C (a)	Charges	Point of Delivery (b)	Mcf (14.73 psia at 60 l F)	Revenue (d)					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Natural gas supply for operation of Avista's facilities		Avistafacility	1,442	14,579					
21	TOTAL			1,442	14,579					
R	ENT FROM GAS PROPERTY AND) INTERDEPAR?	TMENTAL REN	NTS (Accounts 493	3 and 494)					
1.	Report particulars concerning rents received in									
2.	Minor rents may be entered at the total amount									
3.	If rents are included which were arrived at under an arrangement for apportioning expenses of a joint facility, whereby									

- the amount included in this account represents profit or return on property, depreciation, and taxes, give particulars and the basis of apportionment of such charges to Account 493 or 494.

 Provide a subheading and total for each account.

			Amount of Re	evenue for Year
Line	Name of Lessee or Department		Natural Gas	Manufactured Gas
No.	(Designate associated companies)	Description of property	Property	Property
	(a)	<i>(b)</i>	(C)	(d)
1				
2				
	Other		0	
4				
5				
6 7				
,				
8				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19	TOTAL		0	

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OREG	ON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AN	 ND MAINTENANCE EXPI	L FNSFS
	STATE OF OREO	ON-ALLOCATED GAS OF ENATION AF	TO MAINT ENAMED EXTE	
	If the amount for previous year is	not derived from previously reported figures, explain i	n footnotes.	
		··················	Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	1. PRODUCT	TON EXPENSES		
2	A. Manufactured Ga	as Production		
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Submit	Supplemental Statement)		
4	B. Natural Gas Pr	oduction		
5	B1. Natural Gas Product	ion and Gathering		
6	Operation			
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engir	neering		
8	751 Production Maps and Records			
9	752 Gas Wells Expenses			-
10	753 Field Lines Expenses			
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expens		-	-
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel ar		-	
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating	Station Expenses	-	
14	757 Purification Expenses			
15	758 Gas Well Royalties			
16	759 Other Expenses			-
17	760 Rents	7 H 47\		
18	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of Iin	es / thru T/)	-	
19	Maintenance	adacerina		
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Er762 Maintenance of Structures and Ir			
21	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas V		•	
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines	vais		
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compresso	or Station Equipment		
25	766 Maintenance of Field Meas. and			
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equ			
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Clea			
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipmen			
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of	lines 20 thru 28)		
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production and			
31	B2. Products Ex			
32	Operation			
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engir	neering		
34	771 Operation Labor			
35	772 Gas Shrinkage			
36	773 Fuel		-	
37	774 Power			
38	775 Materials			
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expense	S		
40	777 Gas Processed by Others			
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted			
42	779 Marketing Expenses			
43	780 Products Purchased for Resale			
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory	, the Littlity Credit		
45 46	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by 783 Rents	, the othity-creat	-	
40		200 22 thru 46)		

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
	A vista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OREGON - AI	LOCATED GAS OPERATION A	AND MAINTENANCE EXPEN	L SES
			Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
	B2. Products Extraction (Continued)			
	Maintenance			
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		-	-
50			-	-
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining E	quipment	-	-
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines		-	-
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storag	e Equipment	-	-
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment		-	-
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Reg. E	:quipment	-	-
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment	oru E4)	-	-
57	TOTAL Products Extraction (Enter Total of lines 49 t		<u>-</u>	-
58 59	TOTAL Products Extraction (Enter Total of Iir C. Exploration and Developme		-	-
	Operation C. Exploration and Developme	II.		
61	795 Delay Rentals		-	-
62	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling		-	-
63	797 Abandoned Leases		-	-
64	798 Other Exploration		-	-
65	TOTAL Exploration and Development (Enter	otal of lines 61 thru 64)		
03	D. Other Gas Supply Expense		-	-
66	Operation	5		
67	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases		-	-
68	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intraco	mpany Transfers	_	_
69			_	-
70		es es	-	-
71	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases		-	-
72	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases		87,175,802	81,791,470
73	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases		-	-
74	805 Other Gas Purchases		-	-
75	(Less) 805.1 Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments		(6,027,687)	(814,898
76	,			
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Enter Total of lines 67	to 76)	81,148,115	80,976,572
78				-
79	Purchased Gas Expenses			
80				-
81	9			-
82	807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring	Stations		-
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses			-
84				-
85	TOTAL Purchased Gas Expenses (Enter Total	of lines 80 thru 84)		-
86	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage-Debit		4,804,236	
87	(Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage-Credit	December Debt	(5,056,385)	
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for		-	-
89		sang-Creatt	-	-
90		odi+		
91	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel-Cre	XIII	(212.112)	- (44/ 220
92	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction-Credit	Ni +	(213,113)	(446,229
93	812 Gas used for Other Utility Operations-Credit		(212.112)	(44/ 200
94	TOTAL Gas Used in Utility Operations-Credit	(TOTAL OF TIMES 91 INTU 93)	(213,113)	
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses	77 70 05 04 thru 00 04 05\	605,679	
96	TOTAL Production Expanses (Enter Total of Lines		81,288,532	
97	TOTAL Production Expenses (Enter Total of Ii	1165 3,3U,30,03, aliu 40)	81,288,532	81,236,063

Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report Year of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)					
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
	STATE OF OREGON - ALI	OCATED GAS OPERATION A	ND MAINTENANCE EXPEN	SES	
			A second for	A	
Line No.	Amount (a)		Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)	
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINA PROCESSING EXPENSES	LING AND			
99	A. Underground Storage Expense	25.			
	Operation				
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	-	
102	815 Maps and Records 816 Wells Expenses			-	
103	817 Lines Expense		-	-	
105	818 Compressor Station Expenses		_	-	
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power		-	-	
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses		-	-	
108	821 Purification Expenses		-	-	
109	822 Exploration and Development		-	-	
110	823 Gas Losses		-	-	
111	824 Other Expenses		74,522	84,722	
112	825 Storage Well Royalties 826 Rents		-	-	
114	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 101 thru	113)	74,522	84,722	
	Maintenance	110)	7 1,022	O 1,722	
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		-	-	
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improvement	S	-	-	
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells		-		
119	833 Maintenance of Lines		-	-	
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipm		-	-	
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating S	itation Equipment	-	-	
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment		- 21/ 122	150,000	
123 124	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 116 th	oru 122\	216,132 216,132	150,020 150,020	
125	TOTAL Wallierlance (Enter Total of Times Trotal of TOTAL Underground Storage Expenses (Total of	,	290,654	234,742	
126	B. Other Storage Expenses	Tilles FFF dild 12-1)	270,034	254,742	
	Operation				
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	-	
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses		-	-	
130	842 Rents		-	-	
131	842.1 Fuel		-	-	
132	842.2 Power		-	-	
133		122)	-	-	
134	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 128 thru Maintenance	133)	-	-	
136				-	
137		ts	-	-	
138	'		-	-	
139	843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipment		-	-	
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipment		-	-	
141	843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipment		-	-	
142	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment		-	-	
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating I	Equipment	-	-	
144	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment	27. 144)	-	-	
145 146	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 136 th TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (Enter Total of I	,	-	-	
140	F TOTAL OTHER STORAGE EXPENSES (EITER FOLD OF I	IIIW IJ4 alia 140)		1	

Name	of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OREGON - AL	LOCATED GAS OPERATION AI	ND MAINTENANCE EXPEN	SES
			Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount		Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and	Processing Expenses		
	Operation			
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	-
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expe		-	-
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expens		-	-
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Exp		-	-
153		nses	-	-
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses		-	-
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses		-	-
156	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching		-	-
157	845.1 Fuel		-	-
158	845.2 Power		-	-
159	845.3 Rents		-	-
160 161	845.4 Demurrage Charges (Less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts-Credit		-	-
	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by	Othors		-
162 163	846.1 Gas Losses	OHAS		-
164	846.2 Other Expenses		-	-
165	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 149 thru	164)		
166	Maintenance	104)	-	
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		-	-
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improveme	nts	_	-
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal			_
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equip		_	_
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating		-	_
172	847.6 Miantenance of Compressor Station Equip		-	-
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipmer		_	-
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment		-	-
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 167 t	hru 174)	-	-
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling and Pro	cessing Exp (Lines 165 & 175)	-	-
177	TOTAL Natural Gas storage (Enter Total of line		290,654	234,742
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSE			
179	Operation			
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering		-	-
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching		-	-
182	852 Communication System Expenses		-	-
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses		-	-
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel		-	-
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Station	ons	-	-
186	856 Mains Expenses		-	-
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expense		-	-
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by C	others	-	-
189	859 Other Expenses		-	-
190	860 Rents		-	-
191	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 180 thru	190)	-	-

Name	Name of Respondent		Repo	rt Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OREGON - AL	LOCA	TED	GAS OPERATION A	AND MAINTENANCE EXPE	NSES
					Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount				Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)				(b)	(c)
	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES (Co	ontinued)			(3)	199
192	Maintenance					
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				-	-
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improveme	nts			-	-
195	863 Maintenance of Mains				-	-
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equip				-	-
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Reg. Statio	n Equipm	nent		-	-
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipmen				-	-
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment				-	-
200	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 193				-	-
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Enter Total of		1 and 1	200)	-	-
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	ò				
203	Operation					
204	870 Operation Supervision and Engineering				1,096,20	5 868,908
205	871 Distribution Load Dispatching				-	-
206	872 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				-	-
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power				-	-
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses				2,122,20	7 2,086,664
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station Expense				97,17	
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station Expense				2,51	
211	877 Measuring and Regulating Station Expense	es-City G	ate Ch	eck Station	39	
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expenses				235,90	
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses				1,731,90	I .
214	880 Other Expenses				1,595,00	
215	881 Rents	0.1=)			16,09	· ·
216	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 204 thr	u 215)			6,897,38	9 5,680,883
	Maintenance				05.00	1 100 470
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	n t n			95,89	1 100,478
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Improveme 887 Maintenance of Mains	nis			1 527 04	1 (1(470
220	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equip	mont			1,537,86	0 1,616,479
222	889 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip				332.97	4 367,363
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip				46,69	
224	891 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip			ork Station	49,52	
225	892 Maintenance of Services	City Ga	ile Crie	CK Station	545,64	
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House Regulat	ors			596,96	
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0.0			239,65	
228	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 218	thru 227)			3,445,20	
229	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Enter Total of I			28)	10,342,59	
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EX			,	,5,12,67	.,
231	Operation					
232	901 Supervision				47,94	8 48,565
233	902 Meter Reading Expenses				180,49	I .
234	903 Customer Records and Collection Expense	S			2,818,63	3 2,805,216
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts				55,51	2 543,660
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expens				57,28	0 80,273
237	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Enter T	otal of lir	nes 23	2 thru 236)	3,159,86	4 3,702,162

Name of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year of Report
,	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	,
Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
STA	TE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION	AND MAINTENANCE EXPENS	ESS
If the amount fo	or previous year is not derived from previously reported figures, expla	ain in footnotes.	
	The standard of the standard o	Amount for	Amount for
Line	Amount	Current Year	Previous Year
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)
238 6. CL	STOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES		, ,
239 Operation			
240 907 Supervision		-	-
241 908 Customer Assi	stance Expenses	3,599,449	2,038,522
242 909 Informational a	and Instructional Expenses	338,844	344,837
243 910 Miscellaneous	Customer Service and Informational Expenses	73,006	99,064
244 TOTAL Customer	Service and Information Expenses (Lines 240 thru 243)	4,011,299	2,482,423
245	7. SALES EXPENSES		
246 Operation			
247 911 Supervision			-
	and Selling Expenses	259	346
249 913 Advertising Ex		207	1,040
250 916 Miscellaneous		-	
	enses (Enter Total of lines 247 thru 250)	259	1,386
	NISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES		
253 Operation			
	and General Salaries	4,127,618	4,304,036
255 921 Office Supplie		601,547	630,483
	strative Expenses Transferred-Cr.	-	-
257 923 Outside Servic	es Employed	1,139,877	1,149,280
258 924 Property Insura	ance	148,286	139,865
259 925 Injuries and Da		435,573	436,537
260 926 Employee Pens		247,528	228,046
261 927 Franchise Requ		-	-
262 928 Regulartory Co		1,122,848	932,290
263 (Less) (929) Duplica		-	-
264 930.1 General Adve		-	_
265 930.2 Miscellaneous		589,332	504,108
266 931 Rents	Pro 1999	36,299	26,708
	(Enter Total of lines 254 thru 266)	8,448,908	8,351,353
268 Maintenance	V	5,1.16,7.60	5,551,666
269 935 Maintenance o	f General Plant	1,487,249	1,433,943
	ative and General Exp (Total of lines 267 and 269)	9,936,157	9,785,296
	M. Exp (Lines 97,177,201,229,237,244,251,and 270)	109,029,355	106,705,956
	L. (it is it a standard to standard a log)	0.00	0.00

NUMBER OF GAS DEPARTMENT	NUMBER OF GAS DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES								
 The data on number of employees should be reported 	construction employees in a foonote.								
for the payroll period ending nearest to October 31, or	3. The number of employees assigna	able to the gas							
any payroll period ending 60 days before or after Octo-	department from joint function of comb	oination utilities							
ber 31.	may be determined by estimate, on the ba	asis of employee							
2. If the respondent's payroll for the reporting period	equivalents. Show the estimated number	ber of equivalent							
includes any special constrction personnel, include such	employees attributed to the gas depart	tment from joint							
employees on line 3, and show the number of such special	functions.								
Payroll Period Ended (Date) December 31, 2019									
Total Regular Full-Time Employees		63	60						
3. Total Part-Time and Temporary Employees allocation of G	eneral Employees	1	1						
4. Total Employees		64	61						

OREGON SUPPLEMENT

_								
Nam	ne of Respondent	This Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)		Year of Report			
			,					
	Avista Corp.	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020		Dec. 31, 2019			
	STATE OF OREG	ON - ALL OCATED DES	PRECIATION, DEPLET	ION AND AMORTIZA	L TION OF GAS PLANT	(ACCT 403 404 1 4	104 2 404 3 405)	
	STATE OF OREG	ON - ALLOCATED DEI	•	ation of Acquisition Adjus		(1001 100, 101.1,	104.2, 404.3, 400)	
			, ,		,			
Repo	ort the amounts of depreciation expense,	depletion and amortization	n for the accounts indicated	d and classify according to	the plant functional grou	ups shown.		
	1	1	Amortization and					
			Depletion of Producing	Amortization of	Amortization of	Amortization of		
		Depreciation	Natural Gas Land &	Underground	Other Limited-Term	Leasehold	Amortization of	
Line	e	Expense	Land Rights	Storage Land and Land	Gas Plant	Improvements	Other Gas Plant	Total
No.	Functional Classification	(Account 403)	(Account 404.1)	Rights (Account 404.2)	(Account 404.3)	(Account 404.6)	(Account 405)	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
1	Intangible plant				7,435			7,435
2	Production plant, manufactured gas							0
3	Production and gathering plant,							
	natural gas							
4	Products extraction plant	114 504						114 504
5	Undergound gas storage plant	114,584						114,584
7	Other storage plant Base load LNG terminaling and							
/	processing plant							
8	Transmission plant							0
9	Distribution plant	8,634,774						8,634,774
10	General plant	214,889						214,889
11	Common plant-gas	2,100,132			2,741,983	39,052		4,881,167
12						·		
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18			_				_	40.050.717
19	TOTAL	11.064.379	0	0	2.749.418	39.052	0	13.852.849

Name	of Respondent	This (1)	Report	: Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	(<i>M</i> , <i>D</i> , <i>T</i>) Мау 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
			Ш			
5	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCAT	ED '	ГАХЕ	ES, OTHER THA	AN INCOME TAX	XES (Account 408.1)
Line	Kind of Ta	X				Amount
No.	(a)					(b)
1	(a)					(6)
2 3	Real and Personal Property Tax					4,369,146
4 5	Municipal Occupation & License Tax					3,622,928
6	минстраг Оссиранон & Ercense гах					3,022,920
7 8						
9						
10 11						
12 13						
14						
15 16						
17						
18 19						
20						
21 22						
23 24						
25						
26 27						
28						
29 30						
31 32						
33						
34 35						
36						
37 38						
39 40						
41						
42 43						
44						
45 46						
47	TOTAL (Must agree with page 1 line 1)	1)				7,000,074
48	TOTAL (Must agree with page 1, line 11	1)				7,992,074

Name	of Respondent	This F	Report X	t Is: An Original	Date of (M, D,		Year of Report
А	vista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	May 1,	2020	Dec. 31, 2019
		S	TAT	E OF OREGON	-		
A	LLOCATED CALCULATION C)F CI	URR	ENT FEDERAL	INCOME T.	AX EXPENS	E (Account 409.1)
1.	Report amounts used to derive current Fec				409.1, for ther	eporting period.	If amounts are
2.	shown in thousands, show (000) in the head Show amounts increasing taxable income.				creasing tayahle	income as negati	IVA
3.	Current tax expense on this schedule must						
	adjustments arising from revisions of prior	ryeara	accrual	ils.	,		, ,
4.	Minor amounts of other additions (subtract	:tions)	may b	e grouped.			
Line		Partic	rulars ((Details)			Amount
No.		raitic	(a)	(Details)			(b)
1							, ,
2	Operating Revenue						144,734,103
3	Operating & Maintenance Expense Book Depreciation & Amortization						(109,029,355) (11,331,500)
5	Taxes Other than FIT						(8,067,115)
6	Interest Expense						(7,743,249)
7	·						
8	Net Operating Income Before FIT						8,562,884
9	Schedule M Adjustments						(14,000,7(1)
11	Schedule W. Adjustments						(14,299,761)
12	Taxable Net Operating Income (loss)						(5,736,877)
13							(1, 11, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
14							
15							
16 17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
24							
25							
26	Federal Tax Net Income (Ioss)						(5,736,877)
27	Show computation of Tax:						
	Tax Rate						21%
	Total Federal Income Tax						(1,204,744)
	Deferred FIT						2,248,418
	Total FIT/Deferred FIT						1,043,674
	The Federal Income Tax computation System. As the "Results" systeminclual allocation of Federal income taxes will	udes al l	locatio	ons of various indirect	revenue and co		values in the

Name	of Respondent	This	Repor X	rt Is: An Original	Date of F		Year of Report
А	vista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	May 1, 2	2020	Dec. 31, 2019
Δ1	LLOCATED CALCULATION O			TE OF OREGON		SE) TAX E	XP (Account 409 1)
1. 2. 3. 4. Line	Report amounts used to derive current state are shown in thousands, show (000) in the Show amounts increasing taxable income a Current tax expense on this schedule must adjustments arising from revisions of prior Minor amounts of other additions (subtractive)	e inco headi as pos match year ions)	ome (ea ing for sitive v n the a accrua may b	excise) tax expense, A r column (b). values and amounts de amount reported on pa als. be grouped. s (Details)	ccount 409.1, for	the reporting p	period. If amounts
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Corporate Pre Tax Income Taxable Income Not Reported on Book Deductions Recorded on Books but Not Income Recorded on Books Not Include Deductions on Return Not Charged Ag Corporate Taxable Income	t Dec led in	ducted Retur	l for Return n			211,606,120 8,218,407 256,909,843 (16,761,381) (392,739,644) 67,233,345
8 9 10 11 12 13	Oregon Apportionment Factor Oregon Taxable Income Less - NOL carryforward Adjusted Oregon Taxable Income						8.977% 6,035,605 (5,163,012) 872,593
14 15 16 17 18	Oregon SIT Rate Oregon SIT Minimum Tax Greater of Calculated SIT or Minimum	Oreç	gon Ta	iX			57,591 100,000 100,000
20 21 22 23 24 25	Oregon Natural Gas Allocation Factor Oregon Natural Gas SIT						75%
26 27 28 29	State Tax Net Income Presentation of tax calculation is on a s	vstem	n hasis	S			75,000
		, 0 1					

Nam	e of Respondent	This R (1)	Report X	ls: An Or	iginal	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2)			ubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
						-	
S'	TATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. AC	CUM	ULA	TED	DEFERRED I	NCOME TAXES	(Account 190)
	Report the information called for below concer In the space provided:						
	(a) Identify, by amount and classification, sign	nificant	items	tor whi	ch deferred taxes a Balance at	re being provided. CHANGES DU	DINCYEAD
					Beginning	Amounts	Amounts
Line	Account Subdivisions				of Year	Debited to	Credited to
No.	, research Cabarris ens				OI I CCI	Account 410.1	Account 411.1
	(a)				(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Electric						
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7	Other						
8	TOTAL ELECTRIC						
9	Gas Purchased Gas Adjustment						
10							
11	All Other						
12							
13							
14 15	Other						
16	TOTAL GAS				N/A	2,224,589	23,829
17	Other (Specify)				14// (2,221,007	20,027
18	TOTAL (ACCOUNT 190)						
	,						
19	Classification of Totals						
20	Federal Income Tax				N/A	2,224,589	23,829
21	State Income Tax						
22	Local Income Tax						
					state is not availal	ance sheet accounts by ole. Total expense/cre cted in Account 190 fo	

Name of Responder	nt		This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report		
			_					
Avista Corp.			(2) A Resubmiss	sion	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019		
STATE OF	OREGON - AL	LOC. AC	CCUM. DEF. IN	COME T	AXES (Acct. 1	90) (Con't.)		
3. Beginning balar4. Use separate pag	ges as required.		available. Reportç		ferred taxes only.			
CHANGES DU				STMENTS	0 "			
Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to		Debits		Credits	Balance at End of Year	Line No.	
Account 410.2 (e)	Account 411.2 <i>(f)</i>	Acct. No.	Amount <i>(h)</i>	Acct. No.	Amount <i>(j)</i>	(k)		
(9	(7)	(3)	()	(1)	U/	('7	1	
							2	
							3	
							4	
							5	
							6	
							7	
						0	9	
						U	10	
						0	11	
							12	
							13	
							14	
						N/A	15 16	
						IV/A	17	
							18	
						21/2	19	
						N/A	20	
							21 22	
							22	

Avisa Corp. (2) A Resubmission May 1, 2020 Dec. 31, 2019 STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES 1. Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to annotize the property. 2. In the space provided furnish explanations, including the following in columner order: (a) Sale-actin certification number with abrief description of property. (b) Total and amortizable cost of such property. (c) Date-annotization for tax purposes commenced. (d) Normal 'deprocation retracted in commenced commenced. (d) Normal' deprocation retracted in commenced. (d) Normal' deprocation retracted in commenced. (d) Normal' deprocation retracted in commenced. (e) Date-annotization retracted in commenced. (d) Normal' deprocation retracted in commenced. (e) Date-annotization retracted in commenced. (e) Date-annotization retracted in commenced. (f) Normal' deprocation retracted in commenced. (g) Casting and property. Changes During Year. Account 410.1 Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (c) (d) 1 Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (c) (d) 4 Pollution Control Facilities. (a) Date rese Facilities. (b) Casting annotization retracted in commenced in c	Nam	ame of Respondent		Report X	Is: An O	riginal	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
1. Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for deferred income taxes relating to amortizable property. 2. In the space provided furnish explanations, including the following in columnar crider: (a) State each certification number with a brief description of property. (b) Total and amortizable cost of such property. (c) Total and amortizable cost of such property. (d) *Normal** depreciation rate used in computing the deferred tax. Balance at Beginning Amounts Computing the deferred tax. Balance at Beginning Amounts Computing the deferred tax. In Account Subdivisions (a) (b) (c) (d) 1. Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (c) (c) (d) 1. Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (c) (d) 2. Electric 3. Defense Facilities 4. Pollution Control Facilities 5. Other 6. Other 6. Other 7. Total Cast (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 9. Gas TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 9. Gas Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 10. Defense Facilities 11. Pollution Control Facilities 12. Other 13. Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 14. Total (Gast (Total of TOTAL) 15. Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8.15 & 16) 16. Other (Specify) 17. Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8.15 & 16) 18. Classification of TOTAL Allocation to balance shott account by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.11 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting		Avista Corp.	(1)			O .		Dec. 31, 2019	
amortizable property. 2. In the space provided furnish explanations, including the following in columnar order: (a) State each certification number with a brief description of property. (b) Total and amortizable cost of such property. (c) Date amortizable cost of rotax purposes commenced. (d) "Normal" depreciation rate used in computing the deferred tax. Balanceat CHANGES DURING YEAR Beginning of Year Debited to Credited to Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (b) (c) (d) (d) 1 Accelerated Amortization (Account 281) 2 Electric Ditter Pollution Control Facilities 4 Pollution Control Facilities 5 Other 6 Defense Facilities 9 TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 0 Gas 1 Pollution Control Facilities 10 Defense Facilities 11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 0 Gas Gradinary Control Facilities 14 Cassification of TOTAL 15 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 0 Gas Gas Gradin Income tax 16 Classification of TOTAL 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) Gas Gradin Income tax 20 State Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/oredit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting		STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCA	L ATE	D AC	CUM	ULATED DEFE	L ERRED INCOM	E TAXES	
Line Account Subdivisions of Year Account 410.1 Account 411.1 (a) Debited to Account 410.1 (b) Account 410.1 (c) Account 411.1 (d) 1 Accelerated Amortization (Account 281) 2 Electric		amortizable property. In the space provided furnish explanations, inc (a) State each certification number with a bried description of property.	in columnar order: (c) Date amortization for tax purposes commenced. (d) "Normal" depreciation rate used in						
Accelerated Amortization (Account 281) Electric Defense Facilities Other Other TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) Gas Defense Facilities Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) Other Other Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not avail abole. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting						Beginning of Year	Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1	
2 Electric 3 Defense Facilities 4 Pollution Control Facilities 5 Other 6 Total Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 7 Page 6 Total Control Facilities 10 Defense Facilities 11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 15 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	1	` ′						(-)	
4 Pollution Control Facilities 5 Other 6 Control Facilities 7 Control Facilities 8 TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 9 Gas 10 Defense Facilities 11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 Cother 15 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	2								
5 Other 6	3	Defense Facilities							
6	4	Pollution Control Facilities							
8 TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 0	5	Other							
8 TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru 7) 9 Gas 10 Defense Facilities 11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 15 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	6								
9 Gas 10 Defense Facilities 11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 14 15 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	7								
10 Defense Facilities 11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 14 15 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	8	TOTAL Electric (Total of lines 3 thru	7)			0			
11 Pollution Control Facilities 12 Other 13 14 15 Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) 16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	9	Gas							
12 Other 13									
13									
14		Other							
Total Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14) Other (Specify) Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) Classification of TOTAL Federal Income tax State Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting									
16 Other (Specify) 17 Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting		Total Cas (Total of Lines 10 thru 14)				0			
Total (Acct 281) (Total of 8, 15 & 16) 18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting						0			
18 Classification of TOTAL 19 Federal Income tax 20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting						0	<u> </u>		
20 State Income Tax 21 Local Income Tax Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	_								
Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	19	Federal Incometax							
Allocation to balance sheet accounts by state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	20	State Income Tax							
state is not available. Total expense/credit to 410.1 and 411.1 is reflected in Account 190 for reporting	21	Local Income Tax							
						state is not availabl and 411.1 is reflect	e. Total expense/cre	dit to 410.1	

Name of Responder	nt		This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Avista Corp.			(2) A Resubmissi	on	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
TATE OF OR	EGON - ALLO	OC. ACC	ELERATED AM	IORTIZA	TION PROPERT	ΓΥ (Acct. 281) Co	n't.
	ce may be omitted i		d the tax rate used du available. Report ga		rent year to amortize pr erred taxes only.	evious deferrals.	
CHANGES DU	RING YEAR		ADJUS	STMENTS			
Amounts	_		Debits		Credits	Balance at	Line
Debited to Account 410.2 <i>(e)</i>	Credited to Account 411.2 (f)	Acct. No.	Amount <i>(h)</i>	Acct. No.	A mount	End of Year <i>(k)</i>	No.
(9	(1)	(9/	119	(1)	U/	[//	1
							2
							3
							4
							5
							6
							7
						0	8
							9
							10 11
							12
							13
							14
						0	15
							16
						0	17 18
							19
							20
							21

Nam	e of Respondent	This (1)	Report X	ls: An Or	iginal	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
	Avista Corp.	(2)	\Box		ıbmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. A							
1.	Report the information called for below concern	ning t	he resp	ondent's	accounting for defe	rred taxes related to	property not	
	subject to accelerated amortization.							
2.	In the space provided furnish explanations, ind						- ll \	
	(a) State the general method or methods of libe				year digits, deciinin	g barance, etc.)		
(b) Estimated lives (i.e. useful life, guideline life, guideline class life, etc.) (c) Classes of plant to which each method is being applied and date method was adopted								
	(c) Crassor prant to which as in mariours b	ang a	aria date	Balance at	CHANGES DU	RING YFAR		
					Beginning	Amounts	Amounts	
Line	Account Subdivisions				of Year	Debited to	Credited to	
No.						Account 410.1	Account 411.1	
	<i>(a)</i>				(b)	(c)	(d)	
1	Account 282							
2	Electric							
3	Gas							
4	Other (Define)							
5	TOTAL (Lines 2 thru 4)							
6	Other (Specify)							
7	Acquisition Adjustment							
8								
9	TOTAL Account 282 (Lines 5 thru 8)				0	0		
10	Classification of TOTAL							
11	Federal Income Tax							
12	State Income Tax							
13	Local Income Tax							
					state is not available	ce sheet accounts by e. Total expense/cre ed in Account 190 fo	dit to 410.1	

Debited to Account 411.2	Name of Responden	t		This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year of Report					
3. Beginning balance may be omitted if not readily available. Report gas utility deferred taxes only. 4. Use separate pages as required. CHANGES DURING YEAR Amounts Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 Account 411.2 Acct. No. Amount Acct. No. Acct. No. Amount Acct. No. Acct.	Avista Corp.			(2) A Resubmissi	on	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
3. Beginning balance may be omitted if not readily available. Report gas utility deferred taxes only. 4. Use separate pages as required. CHANGES DURING YEAR Amounts Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 Account 411.2 Acct. No. Amount Acct. No. Acct. No. Amount Acct. No. Acct.	STA	TE OF OREG	ON - ALL	N - ALLOCATED OTHER PROPERTY (Acct. 282) (Con't.)								
Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 Account 411.2 Acct. No. (g) (h) (h) Acct. No. (i) (j) (k) Amount Acct. No. (g) (h) (h) (i) (j) (k) Acct. No. (h) (j) (k) Amount (k) (i) (j) (k) Acct. No. (k) (k) Amount (k) (i) (j) (k) Acct. No. (k) (k) Amount (k) (i) (j) (k) Acct. No. (k) (k) Amount (k) (i) (j) (k) Acct. No. (k) (k) Amount (k) (k) Acct. No. (k) (k) Amount (k) (k) Acct. No. (k) Acct. No. (k) (k) Acct. No. (k) Acct.	3. Beginning baland	ce may be omitted i										
Debited to Account 411.2	CHANGES DU	RING YEAR		ADJUS	TMENTS							
Account 410.2 Account 411.2 Acct. No. (g) Amount (h) Acct. No. (l) Amount (l)				Debits		Credits		Line				
	Account 410.2	Account 411.2						No.				
								1				
								2				
							0	3				
							0	4 5				
							0	6				
1							0	7				
1 0 1 0 1								8				
0 1	0						0	9				
0 1								10				
							0	11				
							0	12				
								13				

Name of Respondent This I (1) Avista Corp. (2)			ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report		
			A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019		
_	TATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. ACC	IIM D	FF INCOME T	AXES - OTHER	(Account 283)		
L.	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOC. ACC	UNI. L	EF. INCOME 1.	AAES - OTHER	(Account 203)		
	Report the information called for below concerning	g the resp	ondent's accounting f	or deferred income tax	es relating to amounts		
	recorded in Account 283.			0.11			
2. I	n the space provided below include amounts relati	ng to ins	agnificant items under	Other.			
				CHANGES DURING YEAR			
			Balance at	Amounts	Amounts		
_ine	Account Subdivisions		Beginning	Debited to	Credited to		
No.			of Year	Account 410.1	Account 411.1		
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		
	Account 283						
2	Electric						
3	Electric						
4							
5							
6							
7	Other						
9	TOTAL Electric (Total Lines 3 thru 8)	١					
10	Gas)					
11	Gas						
12	Cub						
13	Deferred Gas Estimate						
14							
15							
16	Other						
17	TOTAL Gas (Total Lines 11 thru 16)		0		0		
18	Other (Specify)						
19	TOTAL Account 283 (Enter Total lines 9,	,					
	17 and 18)	5333333333	0		0		
20	Classification of TOTAL						
21	Federal Income Tax		0		0		
22	State Income Tax						
23	Local Income Tax						
23	LOCALITICOTTE LAX		state is not available	Lesheet accounts by e. Total expense/credied in Account 190 for			

Name of Responder	nt		This Re	eport Is: An Original	ı	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
				_				
Avista Corp.		(2)	A Resubmis	ssion	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019		
STATE OF (OREGON - ALI	LOC. A	CCUI	M. DEF. I	NCOM	E TAXES - OTH	ER (Acct. 283) (Co	n't)
							, , , , , ,	·
 Beginning baland Use separate pag 		not readi	ly avail:	able. Report	gas utilit	y deferred taxes only.		
4. Use squarate pay	asiquira.							
CHANGES DUR				ADJI Debits	JSTMEN			
Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to	Acct.		Deons	Acct.	Credits	Balance at	Line
Account 410.2	Account 411.2	No.		Amount	No.	Amount	End of Year	No.
(e)	<i>(f)</i>	<i>(g)</i>		(h)	<i>(i)</i>	(j)	(k)	
								1
						T	1	2
					1			3
								5
								6
								7
								8
								9
						I	1	10
					1		0	11 12
							0	13
								14
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								16
							0	17
								18 19
							0	17
								20
							0	21
								22
								23

Name of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report ((M, D, Y)		Year of Report						
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020		Dec. 31, 2019						
	STATE OF C	REGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (Account 255)									
Repo	rt below information applicable to Account 255. E	Explain by footnote any corre	ction adjustments t	o the account ba	lance shown in colu	mn (g). Include i	n column (i)				
the av	verage period over which the tax credits are amorti	zed.	1		A.IIA						
	Account	Balance at Beginning of	Deferrer	d for Year	Current Ye			Balance at	Average Period of Allocation		
Line	Subdivisions	Year	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	Adjustments	End of Year	to Income		
No.	<i>(a)</i>	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)		
1											
2											
3											
4											
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30											

Name of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report ((M, D, Y)		Year of Report							
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020		Dec. 31, 2019							
STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS (Account 255)												
Report below information applicable to Account 255. Explain by footnote any correction adjustments to the account balance shown in column (g). Include in column (i)												
the a	average period over which the tax credits are amort	ized.	otrori daj dotri i di to t	o the account be		-	Treoraitii (i)					
		Balance at			Allocat				Average Period			
1.1	Account	Beginning of		for Year	Current Ye		A -11 t t -	Balance at	of Allocation			
Line No.	Subdivisions (a)	Year (b)	Account No.	Amount (d)	Account No. (e)	Amount (f)	Adjustments (g)	End of Year (h)	to Income (i)			
	Gas Utility	(0)	(6)	(4)	(C)	(1)	(9)	(11)	(1)			
2	3%											
3												
J	7%											
5	10%											
	TOTAL	0.00						0.00				
	Other (List separately and show	0.00						0.00				
/												
_	3%, 4%, 7%, 10%, and TOTAL)											
8												
9												
10												
11												
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28					ļ		-					
29												
30												

Nan	me of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (M, D, Y)		Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020		Dec. 31, 2019					
		STATE OF OREG	AN CITHCHTH	TV DLANT						
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AN				MACDTIZATION	VND DEDI ETIOI	NI.			
	JOWNART OF OTTETT FEATURE	T TOO WOLATED FROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIA			Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	1			
					Othe (Sperry)	Опа (эресту)				
Line		Total	Electric	Gas			Common			
No	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)			
-	1 UTILITY PLANT									
2	2 In Service									
3	3 Plant In Service (Classified)	638,511,802	204,983,552	433,313,671			214,579			
	4 Property Under Capital Leases	0								
Ę	5 Plant Purchased or Sold									
6	6 Completed Construction not Classified									
	7 Experimental Plant Unclassified									
8	8 TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	638,511,802	204,983,552	433,313,671			214,579			
(9 Leased to Others									
10	O Held for Future Use									
	1 Construction Work in Progress	1,016,332		1,016,332						
12	2 Acquisition Adjustments	0								
13		639,528,134	204,983,552	434,330,003			214,579			
14	4 Accum. Prov. for Depr., Amort., Depl.	199,491,128	75,948,594	123,405,710			136,824			
15		440,037,006	129,034,958	310,924,293			77,755			
16	6 DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR									
	DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION & DEPLETION									
17	7 In Service:									
18		199,274,227	75,832,960	123,304,443			136,824			
10	9 Amort. & Depl. of Producing Natural Gas	177/27 1/227	70,002,700	120/00 1/ 110			100/02 1			
	Land & Land Rights									
20	Ü									
	Land Rights									
2		216,901	115,634	101,267			0			
22	3	199,491,128	75.948.594	123,405,710			136,824			
23	` '	177/171/128	70/710/071	120/100//10			100/02 1			
24										
25	l l									
26		0	0	0						
	7 Held for Future Use	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ü						
28										
20		+								
30		0	0	0						
3			U	U						
32	,	0	0							
33	,		0							
0.	agree with line 14) (Lines 22, 26, 30, 31 & 32)	199,491,128	75,948,594	123,405,710			136,824			
1	CQLCC WITH HE 14) (LHES ZZ, ZU, JU, JT (X JZ)	177,471,120	10,740,094	123,403,710	1	1	130,024			

NOTE: Electric plant represents the Coyote Springs 2 plant, which was placed in service on July 1, 2003. Electric depreciation expense is charged to the states of Washington and Idaho.

Name	of Respondent	This Report	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M. D. Y)	Year of Report					
			,	. , , ,						
Avista Corp. (2)			A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
			STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	SPLANT IN SERV	ICE				
1.	Report below the original cost of gas plant in service			redit adjustments of pla	nt accounts to		appropriate contra entry t			
2	according to the prescribed accounts. In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classification)		dicate the negative effe	ect of such accounts. cording to prescribed ac	counts on an		ovision. Include also in of prior year unclassified			
2.	this page and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant			ary, and include the entr			nt showing the account c			
	Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant			olumn (c) are entries for			ns in columns (c) and (d)		s of	
	Unclassified; and Account 106, Completed Construction			r reported in column (b)		the prior years tentativ	ve account distributions o	of these amounts. Care	ful	
	Not Classified-Gas.			ant amount of plant reti			ove instructions and the te			l
3.	Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of			mary accounts at the en			s omissions of the reporte			
	additions and retirements for the current or preceding year	. in	column (d) a tentative	distribution of such reti	rements, on an	plant actually in servi	ce at the end of the year.		25)	
1.3	A		Balance at	A -1-04:	Detisers	A -IIt	Tf	Balance at		Line
Line No.	Account (a)		Beginning of Year (b)	Additions (c)	Retirements (d)	Adjustments (e)	Transfers (f)	End of Year <i>(a)</i>		No.
1	1. Intangible Plant		(=)	(=7	(5)	1.9	1.7	1.97		1
2	301 Organization							0	301	2
3	302 Franchises and Consents								302	3
	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant		426,125	0	0	0	(19,969)	406,156	303	4
Ę	TOTAL Intangible Plant		426,125	0	0	0	(19,969)	406,156		5
É	2. Production Plant									6
	Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant									7
- 8	325.1 Producing Lands		0					0	325.1	8
10	325.2 Producing Leaseholds 325.3 Gas Rights								325.2 325.3	9
11	325.4 Rights-of-Way								325.4	11
12	2 325.5 Other Land and Land Rights								325.5	12
13	326 Gas Well Structures								326	13
14	327 Field Compressor Station Structures								327	14
15									328	15
16									329	16
17									330	17
18	331 Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment 332 Field Lines								331 332	18 19
20									333	20
21									334	21
22									335	22
23									336	23
24	337 Other Equipment								337	24
25	338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Devel. Costs								338	25
26			0	0	0	0	0	0		26
27										27
28									340	28
29									341 342	29 30
31									343	31
32									344	32

Name of Respondent		This Report		Date of Report	Year of Report							
				An Original	(M, D, Y)							
Avista Corp. (2)					Resubmission May 1, 2020 Dec. 31, 2019							
				STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	SPLANT IN SERV	ICE					
6.	in colo distrib Accou depre	in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within uti umn (f) the additions or reductions of primary accou- oution of amounts initially recorded in Account 102. unt 102, include in column (e) the amounts with responsition, acquisition adjustments, etc., and show in co- cor credits distributed in column (f) to primary accou-	unt classification In showing the Dect to accumulation only	ns arising from ne clearance of lated provision for the offset to the	supplementar 8. For each amo name of veno	399, state the nature and ry statement showing sub ount comprising the repo dor or purchaser, and dat y the Uniform System of	paccount classification rted balance and chance e of transaction. If pro	of such plant conforming ges in Account 102, state posed journal entires hav	to the requirements of the property purchase	of these pa d or sold,	,	
Line No.		Account (a)		Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	Additions (c)	Retirements	Adjustments (e)	Transfers (f)	Balance at End of Year (a)		Line No.	
33	345	Compressor Equipment		(10)	(6)	(0)	16/	(1)	19/	345	33	
34		Gas Meas. and Reg. Equipment								346	34	
35		Other Equipment								347	35	
36		TOTAL Products Extraction Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		36	
37		TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		37	
38		Mfd. Gas Prod. Plant (Submit Suppl. State	ement)	7.628	0	0	0	(7.628)	0		38	
39		TOTAL Production Plant		7,628	0	0	0	0	0		39	
40		Natural Gas Storage and Processing F	Plant	7,020	J	Ü	J	0	Ü		40	
	1	Underground Storage Plant	r Carre									
41	250.1	3							^	250.1	41	
42		Land Rights-of-Way							0	350.1 350.2	42 43	
43		Structures and Improvements							0	350.2	43	
45		Wells							0	352	45	
46		Storage Leaseholds and Rights							0	352.1	46	
47		Reservoirs							0	352.1	47	
48									0	352.3	48	
49	353	Lines							0	353	49	
50	354	Compressor Station Equipment							0	354	50	
51	355	Measuring and Reg. Equipment							0	355	51	
52	356	Purification Equipment							0	356	52	
53	357	Other Equipment							0	357	53	
54		TOTAL Underground Storage Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		54	
55		Other Storage Plant									55	
56		Land and Land Rights								360	56	
57	361	Structures and Improvements								361	57	
58		Gas Holders								362	58	
59		Purification Equipment								363	59	
60		Liquefaction Equipment								363.1	60	
61		Vaporizing Equipment								363.2	61	
62										363.3	62	
63		Meas. and Reg. Equipment								363.4	63	
64	363.5	Other Equipment		ſ	I	I	I			363.5	64	

Name o	of Respondent	This Report	Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avist	sta Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
			STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	S PLANT IN SERV	ICE				
			Balance at					Balance at		Line
Line	Account		Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	End of Year		No.
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(q)		\bot
66	Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant)								66
67	364.1 Land and Land Rights								364.1	1 67
68	364.2 Structures and Improvements								364.2	2 68
69	364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment								364.3	3 69
70	364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment								364.4	4 70
71	364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment								364.5	5 71
72	364.6 Compressor Station Equipment								364.6	5 72
73	364.7 Communications Equipment								364.7	7 73
74	364.8 Other Equipment								364.8	3 74
75	TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Natural		0	0	0	0	0	0		75
76	Gas, Terminaling and Processing Plant									76
77	TOTAL Nat. Gas Storage and Proc. Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		77
78										78
	365.1 Land and Land Rights								365.1	
									365.2	
									366	81
									367	82
83	368 Compressor Station Equipment								368	83
84	369 Measuring and Reg. Sta. Equipment								369	84
85	370 Communication Equipment								370	85
86	371 Other Equipment								371	86
87	TOTAL Transmission Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		87
88	5. Distribution Plant									88
	374 Land and Land Rights		669,479	154,200			(1)	823,678	374	89
			553,482	38,354	3,034		(3,768)	585,034	375	90
91	376 Mains		231,136,999	14,961,092	138,655		(664,966)	245,294,470	376	91
92	377 Compressor Station Equipment		0					0	377	92
93	378 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip General		5,551,042	133,479	47,880		(47,012)	5,589,629	378	93
94	379 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip City Gate		2,358,159	602,041	25,399		(46,305)	2,888,496	379	94
95	380 Services		109,086,409	7,895,819	118,181		(63,489)	116,800,558	380	95
			44,070,968	4,276,032	727,167		(80)	47,619,753	381	96
			0					0	382	97
			0					0	383	98
-			0					0	384	99
			2,130,968	159,403	14,293		(6,294)	2,269,784	385	100
	386 Other Prop. on Customers' Premises		0					0	386	101
102	387 Other Equipment		539	0	0		0	539	387	102
103	TOTAL Distribution Plant		395,558,045	28,220,420	1,074,609	0	(831,915)	421,871,941		103

Name of Re	espondent	This Report		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avista C	orp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
		<u> </u>	STATE OF ORE	GON - SITUS GAS	SPLANT IN SERV	ICE				
Line	Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(a)	l	140.
104	6. General Plant		12/	(-7	, , ,	(3)	17	(37		104
105 389	Land and Land Rights		848,544				(3,410)	845,134	389	105
106 390	Structures and Improvements		3,745,955	80,747			(3,043)	3,823,659	390	106
107 391	Office Furniture and Equipment		0	12,109				12,109	391	107
108 392	Transportation Equipment		3,938,833	393,778	155,381			4,177,230	392	108
109 393	Stores Equipment		24,641				1	24,642	393	109
110 394	Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment		870,875	93,690	22,116		(1,880)	940,569	394	110
111 395	Laboratory Equipment		40,916	7,487			1	48,404	395	111
112 396	Power Operated Equipment		43,834					43,834	396	112
113 397	Communication Equipment		1,210,309		87,000		(5,683)	1,117,626	397	113
114 398	Miscellaneous Equipment		2,367					2,367	398	114
115	Subtotal		10,726,274	587,811	264,497	0	(14,014)	11,035,574	└	115
116 399	Other Tangible Property								399	116
117	TOTAL General Plant		10,726,274	587,811	264,497	0	(14,014)	11,035,574	<u> </u>	117
118	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)		406,718,072	28,808,231	1,339,106	0	(865,898)	433,313,671	L	118
119	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)									119
120	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)								<u> </u>	120
121	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified								<u> </u>	121
122	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service		406,718,072	28,808,231	1,339,106	0	(865,898)	433,313,671	L	122

	of Respondent		Date of Report (<i>M</i> , <i>D</i> , <i>Y</i>) May 1, 2020		Year of Report Dec. 31, 2019							
	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE SUPPLEMENT TO PAGE 25											
Line	Account		Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.		
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		110.		
	304 Land and Land Rights		7,628					7,628	304			
	305 Structures and Improvements							0	305			
	311 Liquified Petroleum Gas Equipment		0					0	311			
38	Total Mfd. Gas Prod. Plant		7,628	0	0	0	0	7,628		38		

Name C	i Respondent	(1) X An Original	(M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Д	vista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
	STATE OF OREC	GON - SITUS GAS PLA	NT HELD FOR FU	UTURE USE	
1.	Report separately each property held of property held for future use may be For property having an original cost of in addition to other required informaticost was transferred to Account 105.	for future use at end of the year e grouped provided that the nur of \$100,000 or more previously	having an original cost nber of properties so groused in utility operation	of \$100,000 or more ouped is indicated. Ins, now held for future	re use, give,
Line No.	Description and Location (a)	on of Property	Date Originally Included In This Account (b)	Dated Expected To Be Used In Utility Service (c)	Balance at End of Year (d)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 38 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	NONE	TOTALS			

Name	e of Respondent	This I	Repo	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
		(1)		-		
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OREGON - SITU	s co	NST	RUCTION WORK IN	PROGRESS - (Accour	nt 107)
1.	Report below descriptions and balances	s at er	nd of	year of project in pro	cess of construction (10	07).
2.	Show items relating to "research, devel					
3.	Research, Development, and Demonstration Minor projects may be grouped.	ration	(see	Account 107 of the U	Jnitorm System of Acco	unts).
J.	minor projects may be grouped.				Construction Work	Estimated
Line	Description of I	Projec	t		in Progress-Gas	Additional
No.				(Account 107)	Cost of	
	(a)				(b)	Project <i>(c)</i>
1	Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000:				1,016,322	15,000,000
2						
3						
4						
5						
9 10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16	1					
17	(1) Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000 re	nrooo	nto m	noine and		
18 19	(1) Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000 re service replacements, regulator reliabili	-				
	telemetry, etc.	ty pro	grain	13, gas		
21	(2) Estimated additional cost amounts r	epres	ent a	five year		
22	budget total for State specific business	-		•		
23						
24						
25						
24 25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33 34						
35						
36						
37						
38	TOTALS				1 016 322	15 000 000

Name	of Respondent	This Rep	ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report			
A!.	to Comp		_			D == 21 2010			
AVIS	sta Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	1	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019			
S	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS ACC. PR	OV. FO	OR DEPR. OF	GAS UTIL	TTY PLANT (A	Acct. 108)			
year			the respondent has a significant amount of plant retired at year end which has not been recorded and/or classified to the various reserve functional classifications, make preliminary						
for k repo exclu 3. The of A	ain in a footnote any difference between the amour book cost of plant retired, line 11, column (c), and to tred for gas plant in service, pages 24-27, column buding retirements of non-depreciable property. Provisions of Account 108 of the Uniform System counts require that retirements of depreciable plant excorded when such plant is removed from service.	hat (d), nt 4	closing entries to plant retired. In ment work in pr tional classificat	o tentatively fun addition, includ ogress at year er ions. vinterest credits	ctionalize the boode all costs includend in the appropriation	k cost of the ed in retire- ate func-			
	Section A. B.	alances ar	nd Changes Durir	na Year					
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1000 0	Total	Gas Plant in	Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant Leased			
Line	Item		(c+d+e)	Service	for Future Use	to Others			
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)			
1	Balance Beginning of Year		116,536,481	116,536,481	0	0			
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year,								
	Charged to								
3	(403) Depreciation Expense		8,849,662	8,849,662					
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plt. Leas. to Others								
5	Transportation Expenses-Clearing		283,517	283,517					
6	Other Clearing Accounts								
7	Other Accounts (Specify):		0						
8									
9	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year								
	(Enter Total of lines 3 thru 8)		9,133,179	9,133,179	0	0			
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:								
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired		1,339,106	1,339,106					
12	Cost of Removal		77,792	77,792					
13	Salvage (Credit)		(10,635)	(10,635)					
14	TOTAL Net Chrgs. for Plant Ret.								
	(Enter Total of lines 11 thru 13)		1,406,263	1,406,263	0	0			
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe)		(958,954)	(958,954)					
16	Transfer of Intang Plt & Exclude Comm. Plt.								
17	Balance End of Year (Enter								
	Total of lines 1, 9, 14, 15, and 16)		123,304,443	123,304,443	0	0			
	Section B. Balances at End	of Year A	Accordina to Fund	ctional Classifica	ations	•			
18	Production-Manufactured Gas		3						
	Prod. and Gathering-Natural Gas								
	Products Extraction-Natural Gas								
	Underground Gas Storage	i e	0						
	Other Storage Plant	i e	-						
	Base Load LNG Term and Proc. Plt.	i e							
	Transmission	i e							
	Distribution		118,309,508	118,309,508					
	General		4,994,935	4,994,935					
27	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 18								

thru 26)

123,304,443

123,304,443

Nan	ne of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)		Year of Report		
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020		Dec. 31, 2019		
		CTATE C	F OREGON - ALI	OCATED			
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT				N, AMORTIZATI	ON AND DEPLET	TION
					Other (Specify)	Other (Specify)	
Line		Total	Electric	Gas	(e)	(f)	Common (a)
	UTILITY PLANT		. ,		, ,	,,,	ν. //
2	In Service						
3		58,891,920		8,815,805			50,076,115
	· ·	277.065					277,065
F		=,===					,
-							
-	7 Experimental Plant Unclassified						
8		59,168,985		8,815,805			50,353,180
_	Leased to Others	07/100/700		0,010,000			00/000/100
	Held for Future Use						
	Construction Work in Progress	62.479		62.479			
	Acquisition Adjustments	02,477		02,417			
13		59,231,464		8,878,284			50,353,180
	Accum. Prov. for Depr., Amort., Depl.	17.320.739		2,011,064			15,309,675
15		41,910,725		6,867,220			35,043,505
	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR	41,710,723		0,007,220			33,043,300
10	DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION & DEPLETION						
17	In Service:					 	
18		8,659,329		1,858,388			6,800,941
19		5,007,027		1,000,000			0,000,711
20	Land Rights						
21		8,661,410		152,676			8,508,734
22		17,320,739		2,011,064			15,309,675
	Leased to Others						
24							
25				_			
26		0		0			
	7 Held for Future Use						
28							
29							
30		0		0			
	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
32	Amort. of Plant Acquisition Adj.						
33	TOTAL Accumulated Provisions (Should						
1	parson with line 14) (Lines 22, 24, 20, 21, 9, 22)	17 220 720		2.011.064	1	1	15 200 675

NOTE: Property Under Capital Leases is comprised of ROU Assests

Name	of Respondent	This Repo	rt Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avi	sta Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
		CT	ATE OF ODECOM	ALLOCATED	 GAS PLANT IN SI	EDVICE				
1. 2. 3.	Report below the original cost of gas plant in service according to the prescribed accounts. In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classified this page and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified; and Account 106, Completed Construction Not Classified-Gas. Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year.	ce 4. i	Enclose in parentheses of indicate the negative effect Classify Account 106 ac estimated basis if necess Also to be included in codistributions of prior year respondent has a signification been classified to pri in column (d) a tentative	redit adjustments of plan ect of such accounts. cording to prescribed ac ary, and include the entrolumn (c) are entries for r reported in column (b) ant amount of plant retinary accounts at the en	nt accounts to ccounts, on an ries in column (c). reversals of tentative Likewise, if the rements which have d of the year, include	estimated basis, with ulated depreciation pr tentative distributions supplemental stateme tentative classification the prior years tentative observance of the about 106 will avoid serious	appropriate contra entry to ovision. Include also in or of prior year unclassified it showing the account distributions of counts of account distributions of the reported of the end of the year.	column (d) reversals of I retirements. Attach Istributions of these including the reversals of these amounts. Care exts of Accounts 101 and a damount of responder	s of Iful nd nt's	
Line No.	Account (a)		Balance at Beginning of Year (b)	Additions (c)	Retirements (d)	Adjustments	Transfers (f)	Balance at End of Year (a)		Line No.
1	1. Intangible Plant		(6)	(6)	(0)	19	(1)	(9/		1
2	301 Organization							0	301	2
	302 Franchises and Consents							0	302	3
	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant		216.318	2.627	11.890		(36.578)	170.477	303	4
5	TOTAL Intangible Plant		216,318	2.627	11,890	0	(36,578)	170,477		5
6	2. Production Plant		210,010		11,070		(00,07.0)	1,0,111		6
7	Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant									7
	325.1 Producing Lands							0	325.1	8
	325.2 Producing Leaseholds							0		9
	325.3 Gas Rights							0		_
	325.4 Rights-of-Way							0		_
	325.5 Other Land and Land Rights							0	325.5	_
13	326 Gas Well Structures							0	326	13
14	327 Field Compressor Station Structures							0	327	14
15	328 Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Structures							0	328	15
	329 Other Structures							0	329	16
17	330 Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction							0	330	17
	331 Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment							0	331	18
	332 Field Lines							0	332	19
	333 Field Compressor Station Equipment							0	333	20
	334 Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equipment							0	334	21
	335 Drilling and Clearing Equipment							0	335	22
	336 Purification Equipment							0	336	23
	337 Other Equipment							0	337	24
	338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Devel. Costs							0	338	25
26	TOTAL Production and Gathering Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		26
27	Products Extraction Plant			1		1	1		240	27
	340 Land and Land Rights							0		28
	341 Structures and Improvements		+	 		 		0		29
	342 Extraction and Refining Equipment 343 Pipe Lines							0		30
	344 Extracted Products Storage Equipment					1		0		32
32	344 EXITACTED PLOUDCIS STORAGE EQUIPMENT			1	I .		1	0	344	32

Name of Respondent	This Report	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
	STA	ATE OF OREGON	I N - ALLOCATED	L GAS PLANT IN SI	FRVICE				
	517	ATE OF ORLGO	1-ALLOCATED	OAST LANT IN S	LICTIOL			-	
Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers wi in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account Account 102, include in column (e) the amounts we depreciation, acquisition adjustments, etc., and sho debits or credits distributed in column (f) to primar	y account classification nt 102. In showing the ith respect to accumul ow in column (f) only	ns arising from e clearance of ated provision for the offset to the ons.	supplementar 8. For each amo name of veno	399, state the nature and y statement showing sub- bunt comprising the repor for or purchaser, and data y the Uniform System of	account classification of ted balance and chang e of transaction. If pro	of such plant conforming es in Account 102, state posed journal entires hav	to the requirements of the property purchased e been filed with the C	these paç l or sold,	0
		Balance at					Balance at		Line
Line Account No. (a)		Beginning of Year (b)	Additions (c)	Retirements (d)	Adjustments (e)	Transfers (f)	End of Year (g)		No.
33 345 Compressor Equipment		(D)	(L)	(<i>U</i>)	(6)	(1)	(9)	345	33
34 346 Gas Meas. and Reg. Equipment							0		34
35 347 Other Equipment							0		35
36 TOTAL Products Extraction Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		36
37 TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant		0	0	0		Ü	7,628	-	37
38 Mfd. Gas Prod. Plant (Submit Supp	ol Statement)	0	0	U	U	7,020	7,028		38
39 TOTAL Production Plant	or. Statement)	0	0	0	0	0	7,628		39
0.11.1.10.01.10	ccina Dlant	U	U	U	U	U	7,020		
	0								40
41 Underground Storage Pla	ant				T	T	·		41
42 350.1 Land		86,918				667	87,585	350.1	42
43 350.2 Rights-of-Way		0				669	669	350.2	
44 351 Structures and Improvements		163,354				(120,788)	42,566	351	44
45 352 Wells		1,038,886				2,214,998	3,253,884	352	45
46 352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights		0				(4.4(4.4(0)	0	352.1	46
47 352.2 Reservoirs		1,464,162				(1,464,162)	0		47
48 352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas 49 353 Lines		450,620 62,304				(450,620) 108,441	0 170,745	352.3 353	48
50 354 Compressor Station Equipment		3,010,085				134,717	3,144,802	354	50
51 355 Measuring and Reg. Equipment		146.023				(85.508)	5,144,602	355	51
52 356 Purification Equipment		140,023				15,106	15,106	356	52
53 357 Other Equipment		151,638				(113,534)	38,104	357	53
54 TOTAL Underground Storage Plant		6,573,990	0	0	0	, , ,	6,813,976	557	54
55 Other Storage Plant		0,373,440	U	U	U	237,700	0,013,770		55
56 360 Land and Land Rights							0	360	56
57 361 Structures and Improvements							0		57
58 362 Gas Holders							0		58
59 363 Purification Equipment							0		59
60 363.1 Liquefaction Equipment							0		60
61 363.2 Vaporizing Equipment							0	363.2	61
62 363.3 Compressor Equipment							0	363.3	62
63 363.4 Meas. and Reg. Equipment							0	363.4	63
64 363.5 Other Equipment							0	363.5	64
65 TOTAL Other Storage Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0		65

Name of Respondent	This Report	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
	STA	TE OF OREGON	I N - ALLOCATED	I GAS PLANT IN SE	RVICE				
	317	Balance at	1 ALLOGATED	C/\S/1 E/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	INVIOL		Balance at		Line
Line Account		Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers	End of Year		No.
No. (a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
66 Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling	9		1.7	1.7		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			66
and Processing Plant									
67 364.1 Land and Land Rights							0	364.1	67
68 364.2 Structures and Improvements							0	364.2	
69 364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment							0	364.3	
70 364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment							0	364.4	70
71 364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment							0	364.5	71
72 364.6 Compressor Station Equipment							0	364.6	
73 364.7 Communications Equipment							0	364.7	73
74 364.8 Other Equipment							0	364.8	_
75 TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Natural		0	0	0	0	0	0		75
76 Gas, Terminaling and Processing Plant							0		76
77 TOTAL Nat. Gas Storage and Proc. Plant		6,573,990	0	0	0	239,986	6,813,976		77
78 4. Transmission Plant									78
79 365.1 Land and Land Rights							0	365.1	79
80 365.2 Rights-of-Way							0	365.2	80
81 366 Structures and Improvements							0	366	81
82 367 Mains							0	367	82
83 368 Compressor Station Equipment							0	368	83
84 369 Measuring and Reg. Sta. Equipment 85 370 Communication Equipment							0	369	84 85
85 370 Communication Equipment 86 371 Other Equipment							0	370 371	86
87 TOTAL Transmission Plant		0	0	0	0	0	0	3/1	87
 		U	0	U	0	U	U		
			047			(047)		074	88
89 374 Land and Land Rights		0	917			(917)	0	374	89
90 375 Structures and Improvements 91 376 Mains		50 (4,708)	1,561			(1,611) 4,708	0	375 376	90 91
92 377 Compressor Station Equipment		(4,708)				4,708	0	376	91
93 378 Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip General		913	7,321			(8.234)	0	378	93
94 379 Meas, and Reg. Sta. Equip General 94 379 Meas, and Reg. Sta. Equip City Gate		408	1,321			(408)	0	379	93
95 380 Services		2,082				(2,082)	0	380	95
96 381 Meters		1				(1)	0	381	96
97 382 Meter Installations		0				(17)	0	382	97
98 383 House Regulators		0					0	383	98
99 384 House Reg. Installations		0					0	384	99
100 385 Industrial Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equipment		500				(500)	0	385	100
101 386 Other Prop. on Customers' Premises		0					0	386	101
102 387 Other Equipment		0			·		0	387	102
103 TOTAL Distribution Plant		(754)	9,799	0	0	(9,045)	0		103

Name of Resp	oondent	This Report	ls:	Date of Report	Year of Report					
		(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)						
		l 👝								
Avista Corp).	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
		CT A	TE OF ODECOM	L ALLOCATED.	I GAS PLANT IN SE	DVICE				
 		317		I ALLOCATED	JASTLANI IN SE	KVICE		Delevent		1.1
Line	Account		Balance at	Additions	Retirements	A di cotro coto	Transfers	Balance at End of Year		Line No.
	Account (a)		Beginning of Year	(c)		Adjustments				INO.
No.			(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
104	6. General Plant									104
105 389	Land and Land Rights		0					0	389	105
106 390	Structures and Improvements		464				(464)	0	390	106
107 391	Office Furniture and Equipment		112,032	8,580	17,408		(29,415)	73,789	391	107
108 392	Transportation Equipment		14,760	16,148	2,604		(14,114)	14,190	392	108
109 393	Stores Equipment		1				(1)	0	393	109
110 394	Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment		1,498,365	37,677	2,184		(18,610)	1,515,248	394	110
111 395	Laboratory Equipment		50,712	4,512	470		7,257	62,011	395	111
112 396	Power Operated Equipment		0					0	396	112
113 397	Communication Equipment		361,597		54,415		(148,696)	158,486	397	113
114 398	Miscellaneous Equipment		0					0	398	114
115	Subtotal		2,037,931	66,917	77,081	0	(204,043)	1,823,724		115
116 399	Other Tangible Property		0					0	399	116
117	TOTAL General Plant		2,037,931	66,917	77,081	0	(204,043)	1,823,724		117
118	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)		8,827,485	79,343	88,971	0	(9,680)	8,815,805		118
119	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)		_							119
120	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)									120
121	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified									121
122	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service		8,827,485	79,343	88,971	0	(9,680)	8,815,805		122

Nameo	f Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Д	vista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLO	CATED GAS PLANT	HELD FOR FUTU	RE USE (ACCO	UNT 105)
1.	Report separately each property held for future use may be For property having an original cost of addition to other required information cost was transferred to Account 105.	for future use at end of the year grouped provided that the nu f \$100,000 or more previously	r having an original cost mber of properties so gro y used in utility operatior	of \$100,000 or more. Suped is indicated. Ins, now held for future	Other items use, give, in
Line No.	Description and Locatio (a)	n of Property	Date Originally Included In This Account (b)	Date Expected To Be Used In Utility Service (c)	Balance At End of Year (d)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 38 39 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	NONE	TOTALS			

Nam	e of Respondent	This I	Repo X	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCA	TED	CON	STRUCTION WORK	I (IN PROGRESS - (Acc	<u>l</u> ount 107)
1. 2. 3.	Report below descriptions and balance Show items relating to "research, devel Research, Development, and Demons Minor projects may be grouped.	s at er opme	nd of nt, ar	year of projects in p	rocess of construction (107). tion
Line No.	Description of F	Construction Work in Progress-Gas (Account 107)	Estimated Additional Cost of Project			
	(a)				(b)	(c)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000: (1) Minor Projects Under \$1,000,000 re service replacements, regulator reliabilitelemetry, facilities and ET projects, etc (2) Estimated additional cost amounts r budget total for State specific business	ty pro :. epres	gram ent a	s, gas	2,030,097	53,596,592
37 38	Totals				2 030 097	53 596 592

Name of Respondent			ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
Avis	sta Corp.	(1) X (2)	A Resubmission	1	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
ST	ATE OF OREGON - ALLOC, ACC, P	ROV F	OR DEPR O	F CAS HTH	LITV PLANT	(Acct 119)
	lain in a footnote any important adjustments during				amount of plant re	` /
year	• 1	115			orded and/or class	
2. Expl	lain in a footnote any difference between the amo	ount	various reserve	functional classi	fications, make pr	eliminary
	book cost of plant retired, line 11, column (c), and				ctionalize the boo	
repo	rted for gas plant in service, pages 32-35, column	1 (d),			le all costs include	
	uding retirements of non-depreciable property. provisions of Account 119 in the Uniform System	m	ment work in pr		nd in the appropria	ite runc-
	Accounts require that retirements of depreciable p				under a sinking fu	ınd
	ecorded when such plant is removed from service		or similar metho			
			and Changes Duri			
Line	Item		Total	Gas Plant in	Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant Leased
No.	nom		(c+d+e)	Service	for Future Use	to Others
1,0.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Balance Beginning of Year		1,908,988	1,908,988	0	(3)
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year,		, ,			
	Charged to					
3	(403) Depreciation Expense		109,433	109,433		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plt. Leas. to Others					
5	Transportation Expenses-Clearing		0			
6	Other Clearing Accounts					
7	Other Accounts (Specify):		109,434	109,434		
8						
9	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year					
1.0	(Enter Total of lines 3 thru 8)		218,867	218,867	0	0
	Net Charges for Plant Retired:		0	0		
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired		0	0		
12	Cost of Removal		0	0		
13 14	Salvage (Credit) TOTAL Net Chrgs. for Plant Ret.		0	U		
14	(Enter Total of lines 11 thru 13)		0	0	0	0
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe):		(269,466)	(269,466)	0	0
16	other Best of Credit Items (Beseriee).		(20), 100)	(20),100)		
17	Balance End of Year (Enter					
	Total of lines 1, 9, 14, 15, and 16)		1,858,389	1,858,389	0	0
	Section B. Balances at End	d of Year			cations	I.
18	Production-Manufactured Gas					
19	Prod. and Gathering-Natural Gas					
20	Products Extraction-Natural Gas					
21	Underground Gas Storage		1,278,494	1,278,494		
	Other Storage Plant					
	Base Load LNG Term and Proc. Plt.					
	Transmission					
	Distribution		0			
	General		579,895	579,895		
27	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 18		1.050.300	1.070.200	_	
	thru 26)		1,858,389	1,858,389	0	

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report Is: (1) X An Original			Date of (M,D,		Year of Report
	Avista Corp.		(2) A Resubmissi	on		May 1,	2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	STATE OF OR	REGON - GAS	S STORED (117, 1	164	l.1, 164.2, AN	D 164.3)	
1. Report below the information called for concerning inventories of gas stored. 2. The Uniform System of Accounts provides that inventory cost records be maintained on a consolidated basis for all storage projects with separate records showing the Mcf of inputs and withdrawals and balance for each project, except under specified circumstances. If the respondent's inventory cost records are not maintained on a consolidated basis for all storage projects, furnish an explanation of the accounting followed and reason for any deviation from the general basis provided by the Uniform System of Accounts. Separate schedules on this schedule form should be furnished for each group of storage projects for which separate inventory cost records are maintained. 3. If during the year adjustment was made of the stored gas inventory, such as to correct for cumulative inaccuracies of gas measurements, furnish an explanation of the reason for the adjustment, the Mcf and dollar amount of adjustment and account charged or credited. 4. Give a concise statement of the facts and the accounting performed with respect to any encroachment of withdrawals during the year, or restoration of					any storage reservoir If the respondent use accounting, give a cc "base stock" and the respect to any encross toration of previous such accounting duri If respondent has promay not eventually b statement showing: (accumulated provision such provision (c) bastimated ultimate as showing balance of a	es a "base stancise stater inventory be achment of encroachmeng the year ovided accue fully recoal date of Con (b) explassis of proviccumulated accumulated	ock" in connection ment of the basis and the accomment of the basis are sent and the accomment of the accomm	of establishing such ounting performed with base stock", or res- ef particulars of any on for stored gas which storage project furnish a orization of such stances requiring of calculation (d) ulation (e) a summary
Line No.	Description	Noncurrent (Account 117)	Current (Account 164.1) (b)		LNG (Account 164 <i>(e)</i>	2) (Ac	LNG count 164.3)	Total <i>(e)</i>
1	Balance, beginning of year	1,261,012	1,284,983		0		0	· · ·
2	Gas delivered to storage		5,056,385					5,056,385
3	(contra account) Gas withdrawn from storage		4,804,236					4,804,236
5	(contra account) Other debits and credits net		(67 000)					(67.000)
6 7	Other debits and credits her		(67,889)					(67,889)
8								
9								
10 11								
12	Balance, end of year	1,261,012	1,469,243		0		0	2,730,255
13	Therm	2,259,880			0			10,015,830
14	Amount per Mcf	\$5.58	\$1.89					\$2.73
15	State basis of segregation of inven					darad na	n current	
16 17	Current portion is gas expected Gas delivered to storage:	a to be sora withi	n a 24-month period	AII	Current	idered no	I NG	
18	Therm				13,309,020		LIVO	
19	Amount per therm				\$3.80			
20 21	Cost basis of gas delivered to s					A	rage Cost	_
21	Specify: Own production (given uniform system of accounts);					Ave	age Cost	_
23	specific purchases (state whi		par oricess,					
24	Does cost of gas delivered to st							
25 26	for use of respondent's transn facilities? If so, give particul				No			
27	approval of accounting.	iaisaini uateoi C	MINISION		NO			
28								
29	Gas withdrawn from storage:							
30	Therm				12,340,660			
31 32	Amount per therm Cost basis of withdrawal				\$3.89			
33	Specify: average cost, lifo, fi	fo, (Explain any	change in			Ave	age Cost	=
34	inventory basis during year a						<u> </u>	-
35 36	approval of the change or app different from that referred to							
37	umaanmumumanaaneu t	z in uninonn syst	an or accounts)					
38								
39								
40								

Name of R	espondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
	Conversion Factor to MCF .9756	0.976	ı	1					
	STATE OF OREGON - GAS PURC		803 804 804 1 and 80)5)					
	57772 67 67(2667 6767) 6767 77626 (16667) 667 767 677 677 677 677 677 677 67								
Line No.	Name of Seller (Designate Associated Con	npanies)	Name of Producing Field or Gasoline Plant (b)	Net Rate Effective December 31					
1 1	(a) Refer to Note (1)		(D)	(c)					
2	Note (1) The following are the major gas suppliers f	or the State of Oregon:							
3	Anadarko Energy Services Company								
4	Bank of Nova Scotia								
5	BP Canada Energy Marketing, Corp.								
6	BP Energy Company								
7 8	Castleton Commodities Merchant Trading L.P. CIMA Energy, Ltd								
9	Citadel Energy Marketing LLC								
10	Concord Energy, LLC								
11	ConocoPhillips Canada Marketing & Trading ULC								
12	ConocoPhillips Company								
13	EDF Trading North America, LLC								
14	Encana Marketing (USA) Inc.								
15 16	FortisBC Energy Inc. Freepoint Commodities LLC								
17	ICE NGX Canada Inc.								
18	IGI Resources Inc.								
19	J. Aron & Company LLC								
20	Koch Energy Services, LLC								
21	Macquarie Energy Canada Ltd								
22 23	Macquarie Energy LLC Mercuria Commodities Canada Corporation								
24	Mercuria Energy America, Inc.								
25	Mieco, Inc.								
26	National Bank of Canada								
27	Occidental Energy Marketing, Inc.								
28	Portland General Electric Company								
29 30	Powerex Puget Sound Energy, Inc.								
31	Sacramento Municipal Utility District								
32	Shell Energy North America (Canada) Inc.								
33	Shell Energy North America (US) L.P.								
34	Sierra Pacific Power Company								
35	Summit Energy LLC								
36	Tenaska Marketing Canada								
37 38	Tenaska Marketing Ventures Twin Eagle Resource Management, LLC								
39	United Energy Trading LLC								
40	Vital Inc.								
41									
42									
43									
44									
45 46									
46 47									
48									
49									
50									
51									
52									
53									
54 55									

Name or Respondent		(1) X	An Original	(M, D, Y)	rear or Report	
Avista Corp.			A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	ı
		(2)	71110000111001011	ay 1, 2020	500.01,2017	ı
STATE OF ORE	GON - GAS PURCH	ASES (Αα	counts 800, 801, 80	02, 803, 804, 804.1 and 8	805) (Con't)	
		Approx	Gas		Cost	
Seller State Count Schedu Code Code Code No.	le Date of Suffix Contract	BTU Per CU FT	Purchased - Mcf (14.73 PSIA 60°)	Cost of Gas	Per Mcf (Dollars)	Line
(d) (e) (f) (g)	(h) (i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	No.
Refer to Note (1)	Various		41,828,914	\$ 87,175,802.97	\$2.08	
						2
						3
						5
						3 4 5 6
						8
						10
						11 12
						13
						14 15
						16 17
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						51 52
						53
						54 55

OREGON SUPPLEMENT 41 OREGON SUPPLEMENT 42

Vame	of Respondent	This Repo		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report					
	Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019					
	STATE OF OREGON - GAS	S USED IN	N UTILITY OPER	RATIONS - CREI	DIT (Account	s 810, 811,	812)			
	Report below particulars of credits during the year to Accounts 810, 811 and 812, which offset charges to operating expenses or other accounts or the cost of gas									
	from the respondent's own supply.	of notural on	ed manufactured acc							
	Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed, or any mixture		iu manuractureu gas.							
	If the reported MCF for any use is an estimated quantity, state				la ann ann ann an 18 af 18 af 1		L (- \ + L			
	If any natural gas was used by the respondent for which charg	e was not ma	ade to the appropriate o	perating expense or ot	ner account, iist s	separatery in o	column (c) the			
	MCF of gas so used, omitting entries in columns (d) and (e).	1 (6) ! - 4 4 3	10!+ (O) F							
5.	Pressure base of measurement, to be reported in columns (c) a	na (I) IS 14.7	3 psia al 60° F.	1	l-t		N A 6 t			
				MCF of Gas Used	latural Gas	Amount	Manufactur MCF of Gas Used	ed Gas		
			Account	(14.73 PSIA	Amount of	Per M.C.F	(14.73 PSIA	Amount of		
Line	Purpose for Which Gas was Used		Charged	at 60°F)	Credit	(Cents)	at 60°)	Credit		
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
140.	(G)		(6)	(0)	(α)	(0)	(1)	(9)		
1	810 Gas used for Compressor Station Fuel-Credit									
	811 Gas used for Products Extraction - Credit			12,761,246	\$213,113	\$0.02				
3	(a) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's own proce	essing								
4	(b) Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas processed by c	others								
5	812 Gas used for Other Utility Operations - Credit									
6	(Report separately for each principal use. Group minor use	≥ S.)								
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12 13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21										

Name	e of Respondent	This	Repo	rt Is:	Date of Report	Year of Report
		(1)	X	An Original	(M, D, Y)	
	A : G	(2)		4 D 1 ' '	1 2020	D 21 2010
	Avista Corp.	(2)	Ш	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
Year:	2012	12 12			1	l
	STATE OF OREGO	N - G	AS A	CCOUNT - NAT	TURAL GAS	
1.	The purpose of this schedule is to account for the	quantit	y of na	atural gas received ar	nd delivered by th	e respondent
	taking into consideration differences in pressure be delivered.	ases us	ed in 1	neasuring MCF of n	atural gas receive	d and
2.	Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed or a	ny mix	ture of	natural and manufa	ctured gas.	
3.	Enter in column (c) the MCF as reported in the sc	hedules	sindica	ated for the respectiv	e items of receipt	s and deliveries.
Line					Ref.	
No.	Item				Page No.	Therms
	(a)				(b)	(c)
1	GAS RECEIVED					
2	Natural Gas Produced					
3	LPG Gas Produced and Mixed with Natural Gas					
4	Manufactured Gas Produced and Mixed with Natu	ıral Ga	s			
5	Purchased Gas					
6	Wellhead					
7	Field Lines					
8	Gasoline Plants					
9	Transmission Line					
10	City Gate Under FERC Rate Schedules					331,949,060
11	LNG					
12	Other (imbalances)					137,580
13	TOTAL GAS PURCHASED					332,086,640
14	Gas of Others Received for Transportation					40,395,516
15	Receipts of Respondents' Gas Transported or Con	npresse	d by O	thers		
16	Exchange Gas Received					
17	Gas Withdrawn from Underground Storage					12,451,720
18	Gas Received from LNG Storage					
19	Gas Received from LNG Processing					
20	Other Receipts (Specify): Storage Injections					
	TOTAL RECEIPTS					384,933,876
	•					

Name	of Respondent		Repo		Date of Repo	rt	Year of Report
		(1)	X	An Original	(M, D, Y)		
	Avista Corp.	(2)		A Resubmission	May 1, 2020		Dec. 31, 2019
	Tribut corp.	(-)	ш	1111000001111001011	1,12020		200.01, 2019
	STATE OF OREGON - GA	AS A	CCC	OUNT - NATUR	AL GAS (C	on't)	•
4.	In a footnote report the volumes of gas from respond	dent's	own	production delivered	to respondent's	s transı	mission system
	and included in natural gas sale.		1		1		,
	If the respondent operates two or more systems which	ch are	not ir	nterconnected, separa	ite schedules sl	nould b	e submitted.
	Insert pages should be used for this purpose.						
					Ref.		
Line	Item				Page No.	A	mount of Therms
No.	(a)				(b)		(c)
	GAS DELIVERED				()		(*/
22	Natural Gas Sales						
23	a. Field Sales						
24	(i) To Interstate Pipeline Companies for Resal	e					
25	Pursuant to FERC Rate Schedules						
26	(ii) Retail Industrial Sales						
27	(iii) Other Field Sales						
28	TOTAL FIELD SALES						0
29	b. Transmission Systems Sales						
30	(i) To Interstate Pipeline Co. for Resale Under						
31	(ii) To Intrastate Pipeline Co. and Gas Utilitie	s for	resale	under			
32	FERC rate schedules						
33	(iii) Mainline Industrial Sales Under FERC Ce	rtific	ation				
34 35	(iv) Other Mainline Industrial Sales (v) Other Transmission System Sales						
36	TOTAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SALES						0
37	c. Local Distribution by Respondent						0
38	(i) Retail Industrial Sales				+		5,228,047
39	(ii) Other Distribution System Sales						90,992,361
40	TOTAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM SALES				†		96,220,408
41	d. Interdepartmental sales						14,953
42	TOTAL SALES						96,235,361
43							, ,
44	Deliveries of Gas Transported or Compressed for:						
45	a. Other Interstate Pipeline Companies						
46	b. Others						40,395,516
	TOTAL GAS TRANSPORTED OR COMPRESSEI						40,395,516
	Deliveries of Respondent's Gas for Trans. or Compr	essio	n by C	thers			
	Exchange Gas Delivered						
	Natural Gas Used by Respondent				1		12 200 020
	Natural Gas Delivered to Underground Storage Natural Gas Delivered to LNG Storage						13,309,020
	Natural Gas Delivered to LNG Storage Natural Gas Delivered to LNG Processing						
	Natural Gas for Franchise Requirements						
	Other Deliveries (Specify): Sales for Resale						229,452,120
	TOTAL SALES & OTHER DELIVERIES UNACC	OUN	TED F	FOR	†		379,392,017
	Production System Losses				† †		2,7,072,011
	Storage Losses				1		
	Transmission System Losses						5,541,859
60	Distribution System Losses				1		
	Other Losses (Specify in so far as possible):						
	TOTAL UNACCOUNTED FOR						
63	TOTAL SALES, OTHER DELIVERIES, AND						
	UNACCOUNTED FOR						384,933,876

Nam	e of Respondent	This Rep		Date of R		Year of Report		
	Avista Corp.	(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2	2020 Dec. 31, 2019			
	STATE OF OREG	GON - MISO	CELLANEOUS GI	ENERAL EX	XPENSES (Ac	count 930.2)		
Repo	ort below the information called for conce							
Line No.		Items			Total <i>(b)</i>	Amount Applicable to Oregon (c)	Amount Applicable to Other States (d)	
1 2 3	Industry Association Dues Experimental and General Research Exp Publishing and Distributing Information and Transfer Agent Fees and Expenses,	oenses and Reports to			142,060	40,373	101,687	
4	Securities of the Respondent Other Expenses (List items of \$5,000 or (2) recipient and (3) amount of such iter	more in this co	olumn showing the (1) p	urpose,	150,092		104,644 wn)	
5 6 7	Items less than \$5,000	ns, creap ame	a. 1. 0. 1. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	2) o.a.a.a	504,543		314207	
8 9 10	Items greater than \$5,000 See Attached Footnote		Professional Servic	es	599,130	153,108	446,022	
11 12 13								
14 15 16 17 18 19 20								
21 22 23 24	Community Relations				110,092	33,826	76,266	
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Director Fees and Expenses DONALD C BURKE ERIK J ANDERSON HEIDI B STANLEY JANET WIDMANN KRISTIANNE BLAKE MARC F RACICOT Morris, Scott L				36,463 14,072 30,264 24,664 40,995 28,525 972	4,261 9,164 7,468 12,413 8,637	25,422 9,811 21,100 17,196 28,582 19,888 778	
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Educational - Informational				12,325	3,731	8,594	
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Rating Agency Fees Aircraft Operations and Fees				62,522 159,237	18,932 50,399	43,590 108,838	
51 52	TOTAL				1,915,956	589,331	1,326,625	
	EGON SUPPLEMENT		4	6	<u> </u>			

	Oregon
Miscellaneous	53903.99
Adjustments	17538.37
Meridian Compensation	15301.28
Forrester Research	13958.65
Helveticka Inc	12921.94
Moods Investors	10245.35
Payroll	9693.77
Payroll	7385.64
Sponsorships	6649.28
Professional Services	6509.74
	154108.01

Named	of Respondent	This Report I	ls: An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report				
Δ	Avista Corp.		A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019				
1. 2. 3.	or prevent the enactment of any national, state, district or municipal legislation. 2. Give the specific purpose of such advertising, when and where placed, and the account or accounts charged.								
Line No.		scription (a)		Account Charged (b)	Amount <i>(c)</i>				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	NONE								

Name	of Respondent	This	Repor		Date of Report	Year of Report				
	_	(1)	X	An Original	(M, D, Y)					
	A : G	(2)		A.D. 1	M 1 2020	D 21 2010				
	Avista Corp.	(2)	Ш	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019				
	STATE OF O	REG	ON - 1	POLITICAL CON	TRIBITIONS					
1.	List all payments or contributions to per people or to promote or prevent the enac									
2.	The purpose of all contributions or payn				t of municipal legisland	л.				
3.	Report whole dollars only. Provide a to	al for	each a	ccount and a grand total	al.					
	1				1	1				
Line										
No.	Descri	ption			Account Charged	Amount				
	(a)	r			(b)	(c)				
1	Committee to Elect Betsy Johnson				426.4	2,000				
2	Committee to Elect Dennis Linthicum				426.4	1,000				
3	Committee to Elect Daniel Bonham				426.4	1,000				
4	Friends of Dallas Heard				426.4	2,000				
5	Friends of Herman Baertschiger				426.4	2,500				
6	Friends of Arnie Roblan				426.4	2,000				
7	Friends of Fred Girod				426.4	1,000				
8	Friends of Denyc Boles				426.4	1,000				
9	Friends of Bill Hansell				426.4	1,000				
10	Friends of David Brock Smith				426.4	1,500				
11	Friends of Gary Leif				426.4	500				
12	Friends of Duane Stark				426.4	500				
13	Friends of Kim Wallan				426.4	500				
14	Friends of Shelly Boshart Davis				426.4	1,000				
15	Friends of Christine Drazan				426.4	2,500				
16	Peter Courtney for State Senate				426.4	1,000				
17	Tim Knopp for State Senate				426.4	2,000				
18	Cliff Bentz for Oregon				426.4	2,000				
19	Hayden for Oregon				426.4	500				
20	Caddy McKeown for Representative				426.4	1,000				
21	Brad Witt for State Representative				426.4	1,000				
22	Werner for Oregon				426.4	1,000				
23	Barreto for HD 58				426.4	1,000				
24										
25										
26										
27										
28										
29										
30										
31										
32										
33										
34										
35										
36										
37										
38										
39										
40										
41				mom + t		20 #00				
42				TOTAL	I	29,500				

Name of Respondent This Report Is: (1) X An Ori		iginal	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report			
А	vista Corp.	(2)		ubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
	STATE OF OREGON - EXPENDITURES TO ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION HAVING AN AFFILIATED INTEREST FOR SERVICES, ETC.						
1.	 Report all expenditures to any person or organization having an affiliated interest for service, advice, auditing associating, sponsoring, engineering, managing, operating, financial, legal or other services. See Oregon Revised Statute 757.015 for definition of "affiliated interest." 						
Line No.	Descri <i>(a)</i>	ption		Account Number <i>(b)</i>	Total Amount (c)	Amount Assigned to Oregon (d)	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 38 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	Please refer to the Annual Affiliated Interpursuant to OAR 860-27-100. This report will be filed with the Public Commission of Oregon in June 2020.						

Name of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
Avista Corp.	(2) CA Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019

STATE OF OREGON - DONATIONS AND MEMBERSHIPS

- 1. List all donations and membership expenditures made by the utility during the year and the amounts charged (items less than \$1,000 may be consolidated by category stating the number of organizations included). Give the name, city and state of each organization to whom a donation has been made. Group donations under headings as:
 - a. Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations
 - b. Organizations of the utility industry c. Technical and professional organizations

- d. Commercial and trade organizations e. All other organizations and kinds of
 - donations and contributions
- List donations by type and group by the accounts charged. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each group of

	donations.			
T :	Description	Account	Total	Amount Assigned
Line No.	Description (a)	Number (b)	Amount (c)	To Oregon (d)
1	a. Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations	(0)	(c)	(u)
	a Less than \$1,000		14,699	14,699
	a Greater than \$1,000		41,898	41,898
4	MEDFORD JACKSON COUNTY		4,575	4,575
	SOREDI		3,500	3,500
	PROVIDENCE COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION		2,500	2,500 2,500
	CRATERIAN PERFORMANCES PEAR BLOSSOM ASSOCIATION		2,500 2,000	2,000
	CORP CREDIT CARD		1,948	1.948
	MEDFORD ROGUES		1,800	1,800
	KLAMATH COUNTY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE		1,750	1,750
	METROPOLITAN EXPOSITION RECREATION COMMISSION		1,661	1,661
	SOUTHERN OREGON UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION		1,500	1,500
	GRANTS PASS ACTIVE CLUB		1,500	1,500
	ASHLAND CHAMBER OF COMMERCE		1,500	1,500
	GREATER GRANTS PASS ROTARY FOUNDATION		1,500	1,500
	BOARDMAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE		1,410	1,410
	PACIFICWILD CATERING INC CITY OF SUTHERLIN		1,255 1,000	1,255 1,000
	BEAR CREEK GREENWAY FOUNDATION		1,000	1,000
	TIGER BOOSTERS		1,000	1,000
	ROGUE COMMUNITY HEALTH		1,000	1,000
	TOWN OF BONANZA		1,000	1,000
	UNITED COMMUNITY ACTION NETWORK		1,000	1,000
	OREGON TECH FOUNDATION		1,000	1,000
	UMPQUA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP		1,000	1,000
	CASA OF JACKSON COUNTY INC		1,000	1,000
	BENEFIT FOR THE BASIN RIVERBEND LIVE		1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000
			,	,
5 6 7	a Total Contributions to and memberships in charitable orgs	426.1	56,597	56,597
8	d. Commercial and trade organizations			
10	d Less than \$1,000		7,164	7,164
11	d Greater than \$1,000		14,726	14,726
	CORD CREDIT CARD		4.000	
	CORP CREDIT CARD THE CHAMBER OF MEDEORD / LACKSON COLINTY		1,000	1,000
	THE CHAMBER OF MEDFORD / JACKSON COUNTY SOREDI		1,226 2,500	1,226 2,500
	UMPQUA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP		5,000	5,000
	KCEDA		5,000	5,000
			,	,
17	d. Total Commercial and Trade Organizations	126 1	21 000	21 000
17 18	d Total Commercial and Trade Organizations	426.1	21,890	21,890
19				
20	Subtotal	426.1	78,487	78,487
21			* **	
22				
23				
24				
25				
26 27				
28			78,487	78,487
	GON SUPPLEMENT 50		70,707	70,707

	This Report Is: (1) X An Original Date of Report (M, D, Y) Year of Report							Year of	Report	
	Avista Corp.	(2) A Resu	bmission		Мау	May 1, 2020 Dec. 31, 2019				
	STATE OF OREGON - OFFICERS' SALARIES									
1. 2. 3.	 An "executive officer" of a respondent includes its president, secretary, treasurer, and vice president in charge of a principal business unit, division or function (such as sales, administration or finance) and any other person who performs similar policy making functions. If a change was made during the year in the incumbent of any position, show name and total remuneration of the previous incumbent and date change in incumbency was made. Utilities which are required to file similar data with the Securities and Exchange Commission, may substitute a copy of Item 4, Regulation S-K, identified as this schedule page. The substituted page(s) should be conformed to the size of this page. 									
Line	Title					Name of Officer		T	Salary fo otal	or Year Oregon
No.	(a)				<u></u>	(b)			c)	(d)
1 2 3 4 5 6	See the attached Executive Compensatio Proxy Statement.	EXECU	TIVE COM	IPENSATIO ensation Tabl						
7 8 9 10	Name and Principal Position		Salary(1)	Sto Avez Bonus (S)(Non-Expity Incentive Plan Compressation (5)(3)	Change i Pension a Non-Qualit Deferrer Compensal Earning (5)(4)	mt find I lines	VII Other inperisation (\$45)	Total Compression (5)
11 12 13	D. P. Vermillion President & CEO	2019 2018 2017	\$526,100 \$430,847 \$406,769	\$ 600 \$ 724	2,372 1,315	\$ 534,056 \$ 283,943 \$ 222,291	\$ 704,4 \$ 12,3 \$ 632,0	92 \$ 311 \$	15,600 15,225 15,225	\$ 2,382,620 \$ 1,466,641 \$ 1,836,789
14 15 16	M. T. Thies Executive Vice President, CFO & Treasurer	2019 2018 2017	\$443,154 \$431,030 \$418,952	\$ 67	,214	\$ 342,629 \$ 262,213 \$ 228,949	\$ 281,8 \$ 63,6 \$ 240,8	37 \$	91,800 16,500 16,200	\$1,717,568 \$1,444,594 \$1,455,074
17 18 19	M, M. Durkin Sr. Vice President, Chief Legal Officer, & Corporate Secretary	2019 2018 2017	\$378,462 \$369,077 \$362,923	\$ 524	1,549	\$ 292,612 \$ 224,524 \$ 198,330	\$ 206,6 \$ 82,2 \$ 241,6	41 \$	87,600 12,375 12,150	\$1,401,510 \$1,212,766 \$1,245,089
20 21 22 23	K. S. Feltes (6) Former Sr. Vice President & CHRO	2019 2018 2017	\$368,462 \$359,232 \$350,384	\$ 436 \$ 524	5,185 1,549	\$ 284,880 \$ 218,535 \$ 191,478	\$ 280,1 \$ 29,6 \$ 334,8	18 S 18 S	19,210 12,375 12,150	\$1,388,855 \$1,144,309 \$1,318,800
24 25 26 27	J. R. Thackston Sr. Vice President & Environmental Compliance Officer	2019 2018 2017	\$319,692 \$317,569 \$312,554		4,114	\$ 247,173 \$ 193,190 \$ 170,804	100	31 \$ 21 \$ 0 \$	89,516 32,161 28,617	\$ 1,386,115 \$ 993,255 \$ 887,987
28 29 30	S. L. Morris Chairman & Former CEO	2019 2018 2017	\$861,001 \$840,732 \$816,923	\$1,756 \$2,11 \$1,73	,896	\$1,109,486 \$ 852,417 \$ 744,053		0 \$	12,600 12,375 12,150	\$4,652,473 \$3,817,420 \$4,239,914
31 32 33 34 35	Foomotest									

Name of Respondent		(1) X		Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report	
Avista Corp.		(2)	A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	
STATI	E OF OREGON - DONATIONS OR P.	AYME	NTS FOR SERV	ICES RENDERE	D BY PERSO	ONS
0	THER THAN EMPLOYEES AND CI	HARGE	ED TO OREGO	N OPERATING A	CCOUNTS	
in total the aggregate of fees, retainers, commis for services, traffic set funds, and amounts pa firm, partnership, com payments for materials under a cost sharing or of the principal compa system companies in the		such payme ons, allowar cruals paid to than affiliat- cate by an as a recipient l or reporting i revenues) v	nts to a recipient was \$25 coes for expenses or any of or trustees of pension and es) to any one corporation sterisk in column (c) each by two or more companien this schedule and shall with references thereto in the	0,000 or more including other form of payments other employee benefit in, institution, association, item that includes is within a single system be shown in the report the reports of the other		
	is schedule may be filled out for a group of companies consi- he system, with references thereto in the reports of the other			in the report of the		
Line No.	Name of Recipient (a)	oompan oo		Nature of Service (b)		Amount of Payment (c)
2 SBW CONSULTI 3 HEATH CONSUI 4 DELOITTE & TO 5 CLEARESULT C 6 HANNA & ASSO 7 GIBSON DUNN . 8 CN UTILITY CO 9 HELVETICKA IN 10 UTILICAST LLC 11 CHAPTER & VE 12 SECURITAS SCI. 13 AVCO CONSUL. 14 SCHNABEL ENC 15 RW LYALL & CO 16 TILTON EXCAV 17 GENERAL ELEC 18 DAVIS WRIGHT	LTANTS INCORPORATED DUCHE LLP ONSULTING INC SCIATES INC & CRUTCHER LLP NSULTING INC IC RSE CURITY SERVICES USA INC TING INC GINEERING LLC DMPANY INC			Professional Servies		18,737,116 4,406,010 2,028,049 1,999,948 1,751,215 1,663,638 1,081,713 760,844 681,308 533,597 412,583 409,535 385,270 348,783 313,338 297,382 295,311 281,689 267,239
OTHER	Note: the above amounts are for the	entire Cor	mpany, as Oregon sp	ecific information is no	ot available.	14,948,968 51,603,535

Name of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (M, D, Y)	Year of Report
Avista Corp.	(2) A Resubmission	May 1, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019

In order to help us with production of our Oregon Utility Statistics publication, please indicate:

Oregon Production Statistics (therms)	
Gas Produced	0
Gas Purchased	332,086,640
Total Receipts	332,086,640
Gas Sales	96,220,408
Gas Used by Company	14,953
Gas Delivered to Storage - Net	857,300
Sales for Resale	229,452,120
Losses and billing delay	5,541,859
Total Disbursements	332,086,640
Oregon Revenue by Service Class	57.074.271
Residential Sales	57,874,371
Commercial and Industrial Sales	20.245.557
Firm Sales	29,345,557
Interruptible Sales	1,768,710
Transportation	2,936,822
Total	91,925,460
Gas Delivered in Therms (Oregon)	
Residential Sales	53,437,610
Commercial and Industrial Sales	33,137,010
Firm	34,637,976
Interruptible	8,144,823
Transportation	40,395,516
Total	136,615,924
Average Number of Oregon Customers	
Residential Sales	91,337
Commercial and Industrial	
Firm	11,892
Interruptible	41
Transportation	36
Total	103,306

This Report Is: (1)An Original (2)A Resubmission Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Period of Report End of

Distribution of Salaries and Wages Oregon Jurisdiction

Report below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Segregate amounts originally charged to clearing accounts to Utility Departments, Construction, Plant Removals 'and Other Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columns provided. Salaries and wages billed to the Respondent by an affiliated company must be assigned to the particular operating function(s) relating to the expenses.

In determining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to clearing accounts, a method of approximation giving substantially correct results may be used. When 'reporting detail of other accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered sequentially starting with 75.01, 75.02, etc.

Line No.	Classification (a)	Direct Payroll Distribution (b)	Allocation of Payroll Charged for Clearing Accounts (c)	Total (d)
			, ,	
1	Electric			
2	Operation			
3	Production			
4	Transmission			
5	Regional Market			
6	Distribution			
7	Customer Accounts			
8	Customer Service and Informational			
9	Sales			
10	Administrative and General			
11	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 10)			
12	Maintenance			
13	Production			
14	Regional Market			
15	Transmission			
16	Distribution			
17	Administrative and General			
18	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 13 thru 17)			
19	Total Operation and Maintenance			
20	Production (Total of lines 3 and 13)			
21	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 14)			
22	Regional Market (Total of Lines 5 and 15)			
23	Distribution (Total of lines 6 and 16)			
24	Customer Accounts (line 7)			
25	Customer Service and Informational (line 8)			
26	Sales (line 9)			
27	Administrative and General (Total of lines 10 and 17)			
28	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 20 thru 27)			
29	Gas			
30	Operation			
31	Production - Manufactured Gas			
32	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)			
33	Other Gas Supply	270,683		270,683
34	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing			-
35	Transmission			-
36	Distribution	2,163,832		2,163,832
37	Customer Accounts	1,376,530		1,376,530
38	Customer Service and Informational	146,483		146,483
39	Sales			-
40	Administrative and General	2,673,741		2,673,741
41	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 31 thru 40)	6,631,269		6,631,269
42	Maintenance			-

43	Production - Manufactured Gas		-
44	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)		-
45	Other Gas Supply		-
46	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing		-
47	Transmission	591,430	591,430
48	Distribution	823,249	823,249
49	Administrative and General		-
50	TOTAL Maint. (Enter Total of lines 43 thru 49)	1,414,679	1,414,679
51	Total Operation and Maintenance	8,045,948	8,045,948
63	Other Utility Departments		-
64	Operation and Maintenance		-
65	TOTAL All Utility Dept. (Total of lines 28, 62, and 64)		-
66	Utility Plant		-
67	Construction (By Utility Departments)		-
68	Electric Plant		-
69	Gas Plant	1,847,348	1,847,348
70	Other (provide details in footnote):		-
71	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 68 thru 70)	1,847,348	1,847,348
72	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)		-
73	Electric Plant		-
74	Gas Plant		
75	Other (provide details in footnote):		-
76	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 73 thru 75)		-
77	Other Accounts (Specify, provide details in footnote):		-
78			-
79			_
80	Current & Accrued Liabilities	81,336	81,336
81			-
82			-
93			-
94			-
95	TOTAL Other Accounts	81,336	81,336
96	TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES	9,974,632	9,974,632

Basis of presentation on filed forms:

Balance Sheet - Total Gas & Electric

Plant in Service Details - Gas Only

Statement of Retained Earnings - Total Gas & Electric

Income Statement Details - Gas Only

100-199 Assets and Other Debits.

Electric Utility and Common Plant

1. Utility Plant

- 101 Gas plant in service.
- 101.1 Property under capital leases.
- 102 Gas plant purchased or sold.
- 103 Experimental gas plant unclassified.
- 104 Gas plant leased to others.
- 105 Gas plant held for future use.
- 105.1 Production properties held for future use.
- 106 Completed construction not classified Gas.
- 107 Construction work in progress Gas.
- 108 Accumulated provision for depreciation of gas utility plant.
- 109 [Reserved]
- 111 Accumulated provision for amortization and depletion of gas utility plant.
- 111.1-111.2 [Reserved]
- 112 [Reserved]
- 113.1-113.2 [Reserved]
- 114 Gas plant acquisition adjustments.
- 115 Accumulated provision for amortization of gas plant acquisition adjustments.
- 116 Other gas plant adjustments.
- 117.1 Gas stored-Base gas.
- 117.2 System balancing gas.
- 117.3 Gas stored in reservoirs and pipelines-noncurrent.
- 117.4 Gas owed to system gas.
- 118 Other utility plant.
- 119 Accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization of other utility plant.

2. Other Property and Investments

- 121 Nonutility property.
- 122 Accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization of nonutility property.
- 123 Investment in associated companies.
- 123.1 Investment in subsidiary companies.
- 124 Other investments.
- 125 Sinking funds.
- 126 Depreciation fund.
- 128 Other special funds.

3. Current and Accrued Assets

- 131 Cash.
- 132 Interest special deposits.
- 133 Dividend special deposits.
- 134 Other special deposits.

- 135 Working funds.
- 136 Temporary cash investments.
- 141 Notes receivable.
- 142 Customer accounts receivable.
- 143 Other accounts receivable.
- 144 Accumulated provision for uncollectible accounts Cr.
- 145 Notes receivable from associated companies.
- 146 Accounts receivable from associated companies.
- 151 Fuel stock.
- 152 Fuel stock expenses undistributed.
- 153 Residuals and extracted products.
- 154 Plant materials and operating supplies (Major only).
- 155 Merchandise.
- 156 Other materials and supplies.
- 163 Stores expense undistributed.
- 164.1 Gas stored current.
- 164.2 Liquefied natural gas stored.
- 164.3 Liquefied natural gas held for processing.
- 165 Prepayments.
- 166 Advances for gas exploration, development, and production.
- 167 Other advances for gas.
- 171 Interest and dividends receivable.
- 172 Rents receivable.
- 173 Accrued utility revenues.
- 174 Miscellaneous current and accrued assets.
- 175 Derivative Instrument Assets

4. Deferred Debits

- 181 Unamortized debt expense.
- 182.1 Extraordinary property losses.
- 182.2 Unrecovered plant and regulatory study costs.
- 182.3 Other regulatory assets.
- 183.0 Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric)
- 183.1 Preliminary natural gas survey and investigation charges.
- 183.2 Other preliminary survey and investigation charges.
- 184 Clearing accounts.
- 185 Temporary facilities.
- 186 Miscellaneous deferred debits.
- 187 Deferred losses from disposition of utility plant.
- 188 Research, development, and demonstration expenditures.
- 189 Unamortized loss on reacquired debt.
- 190 Accumulated deferred income taxes.
- 191 Unrecovered purchased gas costs.

200-299 Liabilities and Other Credits.

5. Proprietary Capital

- 201 Common stock issued.
- 202 Common stock subscribed.
- 203 Common stock liability for conversion.

- 204 Preferred stock issued.
- 205 Preferred stock subscribed.
- 206 Preferred stock liability for conversion.
- 207 Premium on capital stock.
- 208 Donations received from stockholders.
- 209 Reduction in par or stated value of capital stock.
- 210 Gain on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock.
- 211 Miscellaneous paid-in capital.
- 212 Installments received on capital stock.
- 213 Discount on capital stock.
- 214 Capital stock expense.
- 215 Appropriated retained earnings.
- 216 Unappropriated retained earnings.
- 216.1 Unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings.
- 217 Reacquired capital stock.
- 219 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

6. Long-Term Debt

- 221 Bonds.
- 222 Reacquired bonds.
- 223 Advances from associated companies.
- 224 Other long-term debt.
- 225 Unamortized premium on long-term debt.
- 226 Unamortized discount on long-term debt Debit.

7. Other Noncurrent Liabilities.

- 227 Obligations under capital leases noncurrent.
- 228.1 Accumulated provision for property insurance.
- 228.2 Accumulated provision for injuries and damages.
- 228.3 Accumulated provision for pensions and benefits.
- 228.4 Accumulated miscellaneous operating provisions.
- 229 Accumulated provision for rate refunds.
- 230 Asset Retirement Obligations

8. Current and Accrued Liabilities

- 231 Notes payable.
- 232 Accounts payable.
- 233 Notes payable to associated companies.
- 234 Accounts payable to associated companies.
- 235 Customer deposits.
- 236 Taxes accrued.
- 237 Interest accrued.
- 238 Dividends declared.
- 239 Matured long-term debt.
- 240 Matured interest.
- 241 Tax collections payable.
- 242 Miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities.
- 243 Obligations under capital leases current.
- 244 Derivative Instrument Liabilities

9. Deferred Credits

- 252 Customer advances for construction.
- 253 Other deferred credits.
- 254 Other regulatory liabilities.
- 255 Accumulated deferred investment tax credits.
- 256 Deferred gains from disposition of utility plant.
- 257 Unamortized gain on reacquired debt.
- 281 Accumulated deferred income taxes Accelerated amortization property.
- 282 Accumulated deferred income taxes Other property.
- 283 Accumulated deferred income taxes Other.

300-399 Plant Accounts.

1. Intangible Plant

- 301 Organization.
- 302 Franchises and consents.
- 303 Miscellaneous intangible plant.

2. Production Plant

a. manufactured gas production plant

- 304 Land and land rights.
- 305 Structures and improvements.
- 306 Boiler plant equipment.
- 307 Other power equipment.
- 308 Coke ovens.
- 309 Producer gas equipment.
- 310 Water gas generating equipment.
- 311 Liquefied petroleum gas equipment.
- 312 Oil gas generating equipment.
- 313 Generating equipment Other processes.
- 314 Coal, coke, and ash handling equipment.
- 315 Catalytic cracking equipment.
- 316 Other reforming equipment.
- 317 Purification equipment.
- 318 Residual refining equipment.
- 319 Gas mixing equipment.
- 320 Other equipment.
- Manufactured Gas Production Plant

b. natural gas production plant

B.1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant

- 325.1 Producing lands.
- 325.2 Producing leaseholds.
- 325.3 Gas rights.
- 325.4 Rights-of-way.
- 325.5 Other land and land rights.
- 326 Gas well structures.
- 327 Field compressor station structures.
- 328 Field measuring and regulating station structures.
- 329 Other structures.
- 330 Producing gas wells Well construction.
- 331 Producing gas wells Well equipment.

- 332 Field lines.
- 333 Field compressor station equipment.
- 334 Field measuring and regulating station equipment.
- 335 Drilling and cleaning equipment.
- 336 Purification equipment.
- 337 Other equipment.
- 338 Unsuccessful exploration and development costs.

B.2. Products Extraction Plant

- 340 Land and land rights.
- 341 Structures and improvements.
- 342 Extraction and refining equipment.
- 343 Pipe lines.
- 344 Extracted product storage equipment.
- 345 Compressor equipment.
- 346 Gas measuring and regulating equipment.
- 347 Other equipment.

3. Natural Gas Storage and Processing Plant

a. underground storage plant

- 350.1 Land.
- 350.2 Rights-of-way.
- 351 Structures and improvements.
- 352 Wells.
- 352.1 Storage leaseholds and rights.
- 352.2 Reservoirs.
- 352.3 Nonrecoverable natural gas.
- 353 Lines.
- 354 Compressor station equipment.
- 355 Measuring and regulating equipment.
- 356 Purification equipment.
- 357 Other equipment.

b. other storage plant

- 360 Land and land rights.
- 361 Structures and improvements.
- 362 Gas holders.
- 363 Purification equipment.
- 363.1 Liquefaction equipment.
- 363.2 Vaporizing equipment.
- 363.3 Compressor equipment.
- 363.4 Measuring and regulating equipment.
- 363.5 Other equipment.

c. base load liquefied natural gas terminaling and processing plant

- 364.1 Land and land rights .
- 364.2 Structures and improvements.
- 364.3 LNG processing terminal equipment.
- 364.4 LNG transportation equipment.
- 364.5 Measuring and regulating equipment.
- 364.6 Compressor station equipment.

- 364.7 Communication equipment.
- 364.8 Other equipment.

4. Transmission Plant

- 365.1 Land and land rights.
- 365.2 Rights-of-way.
- 366 Structures and improvements.
- 367 Mains.
- 368 Compressor station equipment.
- 369 Measuring and regulating station equipment.
- 370 Communication equipment.
- 371 Other equipment.

5. Distribution Plant

- 374 Land and land rights.
- 375 Structures and improvements.
- 376 Mains.
- 377 Compressor station equipment.
- 378 Measuring and regulating station equipment General.
- 379 Measuring and regulating station equipment City gate check stations.
- 380 Services.
- 381 Meters.
- 382 Meter installations.
- 383 House regulators.
- 384 House regulatory installations.
- 385 Industrial measuring and regulating station equipment.
- 386 Other property on customers' premises.
- 387 Other equipment.

6. General Plant

- 389 Land and land rights.
- 390 Structures and improvements.
- 391 Office furniture and equipment.
- 392 Transportation equipment.
- 393 Stores equipment.
- 394 Tools, shop and garage equipment.
- 395 Laboratory equipment.
- 396 Power operated equipment.
- 397 Communication equipment.
- 398 Miscellaneous equipment.
- 399 Other tangible property.

400-432, 434-435 Income Accounts.

Electric Utility Net Operating Income

1. Utility Operating Income

operating expenses

- 400 Operating revenues.
- 401 Operation expense.
- 402 Maintenance expense.
- 403 Depreciation expense.
- 404.1 Amortization and depletion of producing natural gas land and land rights.

- 404.2 Amortization of underground storage land and land rights.
- 404.3 Amortization of other limited-term gas plant.
- 405 Amortization of other gas plant.
- 406 Amortization of gas plant acquisition adjustments.
- 407.1 Amortization of property losses, unrecovered plant and regulatory study costs.
- 407.2 Amortization of conversion expense.
- 407.3 Regulatory debits.
- 407.4 Regulatory credits.
- 408 [Reserved]
- 408.1 Taxes other than income taxes, utility operating income.
- 409 [Reserved]
- 409.1 Income taxes, utility operating income.
- 410 [Reserved]
- 410.1 Provision for deferred income taxes, utility operating income.
- 411 [Reserved]
- 411.1 Provision for deferred income taxes Credit, utility operating income.
- 411.3 [Reserved]
- 411.4 Investment tax credit adjustments, utility operations.
- 411.6 Gains from disposition of utility plant.
- 411.7 Losses from disposition of utility plant. Total utility operating expenses.
- 411.10 Accretion Expense

other operating income

- 412 Revenues from gas plant leased to others.
- 413 Expenses of gas plant leased to others.
- 414 Other utility operating income. Net utility operating income.

2. Other Income and Deductions

a. other income

- 415 Revenues from merchandising, jobbing and contract work.
- 416 Costs and expenses of merchandising, jobbing and contract work.
- 417 Revenues from nonutility operations.
- 417.1 Expenses of nonutility operations.
- 418 Nonoperating rental income.
- 418.1 Equity in earnings of subsidiary companies.
- 419 Interest and dividend income.
- 419.1 Allowance for other funds used during construction.
- 421 Miscellaneous nonoperating income.
- 421.1 Gain on disposition of property. Total other income.

b. other income deductions

- 421.2 Loss on disposition of property.
- 425 Miscellaneous amortization.
- 426 [Reserved]
- 426.1 Donations.
- 426.2 Life insurance.
- 426.3 Penalties.
- 426.4 Expenditures for certain civic, political and related activities.
- 426.5 Other deductions. Total other income deductions. Total other income and deductions.

c. taxes applicable to other income and deductions

- 408.2 Taxes other than income taxes, other income and deductions.
- 409.2 Income taxes, other income and deductions.
- 410.2 Provision for deferred income taxes, other income and deductions.
- 411.2 Provision for deferred income taxes Credit, other income and deductions.
- 411.5 Investment tax credit adjustments, nonutility operations.
- 420 Investment tax credits. Total taxes on other income and deductions. Net other income and deductions.

3. Interest Charges

- 427 Interest on long-term debt.
- 428 Amortization of debt discount and expense.
- 428.1 Amortization of loss on reacquired debt.
- 429 Amortization of premium on debt Credit.
- 429.1 Amortization of gain on reacquired debt Credit.
- 430 Interest on debt to associated companies.
- 431 Other interest expense.
- 432 Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction Credit. Net interest charges.

4. Extraordinary Items

- 434 Extraordinary income.
- 435 Extraordinary deductions.
- 409.3 Income taxes, extraordinary items. Net income

433, 436-439 Retained Earnings Accounts.

Retained Earnings Chart of Accounts

- 433 Balance transferred from income.
- 436 Appropriations of retained earnings.
- 437 Dividends declared preferred stock.
- 438 Dividends declared common stock.
- 439 Adjustments to retained earnings.

480-499 Revenue Accounts.

1. Sales of Gas

- 480 Residential sales.
- 481 Commercial and industrial sales.
- 482 Other sales to public authorities.
- 483 Sales for resale.
- 484 Interdepartmental sales.
- 485 Intracompany transfers.

2. Other Operating Revenues

- 487 Forfeited discounts.
- 488 Miscellaneous service revenues.
- 489.1 Revenues from transportation of gas of others through gathering facilities.
- 489.2 Revenues from transportation of gas of others through transmission facilities.
- 489.3 Revenues from transportation of gas of others through distribution facilities.
- 489.4 Revenues from storing gas of others.
- 490 Sales of products extracted from natural gas.
- 491 Revenues from natural gas processed by others.
- 492 Incidental gasoline and oil sales.
- 493 Rent from gas property.
- 494 Interdepartmental rents.
- 495 Other gas revenues.

496 Provision for rate refunds

700-899 Production, Transmission and Distribution Expenses.

1. Production Expenses

a. manufactured gas production

A.1. Steam Production

Operation

- 700 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 701 Operation labor.
- 702 Boiler fuel.
- 703 Miscellaneous steam expenses.
- 704 Steam transferred Credit.

Maintenance

- 705 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 706 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 707 Maintenance of boiler plant equipment.
- 708 Maintenance of other steam production plant

A.2. Manufactured Gas Production

Operation

710 Operation supervision and engineering

Production Labor and Expenses

- 711 Steam expenses.
- 712 Other power expenses.
- 713 Coke oven expenses.
- 714 Producer gas expenses.
- 715 Water gas generating expenses.
- 716 Oil gas generating expenses.
- 717 Liquefied petroleum gas expenses.
- 718 Other process production expenses.

gas fuels

- 719 Fuel under coke ovens.
- 720 Producer gas fuel.
- 721 Water gas generator fuel.
- 722 Fuel for oil gas.
- 723 Fuel for liquefied petroleum gas process.
- 724 Other gas fuels.

gas raw materials

- 725 Coal carbonized in coke ovens.
- 726 Oil for water gas.
- 727 Oil for oil gas.
- 728 Liquefied petroleum gas.
- 729 Raw materials for other gas processes.
- 730 Residuals expenses.
- 731 Residuals produced Credit.
- 732 Purification expenses.
- 733 Gas mixing expenses.
- 734 Duplicate charges Credit.
- 735 Miscellaneous production expenses.

736 Rents.

Maintenance

- 740 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 741 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 742 Maintenance of production equipment.

b. natural gas production expenses

B.1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering

Operation

- 750 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 751 Production maps and records.
- 752 Gas wells expenses.
- 753 Field lines expenses.
- 754 Field compressor station expenses.
- 755 Field compressor station fuel and power.
- 756 Field measuring and regulating station expenses.
- 757 Purification expenses.
- 758 Gas well royalties.
- 759 Other expenses.
- 760 Rents.

Maintenance

- 761 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 762 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 763 Maintenance of producing gas wells.
- 764 Maintenance of field lines.
- 765 Maintenance of field compressor station equipment.
- 766 Maintenance of field measuring and regulating station equipment.
- 767 Maintenance of purification equipment.
- 768 Maintenance of drilling and cleaning equipment.
- 769 Maintenance of other equipment

B.2. Products Extraction

Operation

- 770 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 771 Operation labor.
- 772 Gas shrinkage.
- 773 Fuel.
- 774 Power.
- 775 Materials.
- 776 Operation supplies and expenses.
- 777 Gas processed by others.
- 778 Royalties on products extracted.
- 779 Marketing expenses.
- 780 Products purchased for resale.
- 781 Variation in products inventory.
- 782 Extracted products used by the utility Credit.
- 783 Rents.

Maintenance

784 Maintenance supervision and engineering.

- 785 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 786 Maintenance of extraction and refining equipment.
- 787 Maintenance of pipe lines.
- 788 Maintenance of extracted products storage equipment.
- 789 Maintenance of compressor equipment.
- 790 Maintenance of gas measuring and regulating equipment.
- 791 Maintenance of other equipment.

c. exploration and development expenses

Operation

- 795 Delay rentals.
- 796 Nonproductive well drilling.
- 797 Abandoned leases.
- 798 Other exploration.

d. other gas supply expenses

Operation

- 800 Natural gas well head purchases.
- 800.1 Natural gas well head purchases, intracompany transfers.
- 801 Natural gas field line purchases.
- 802 Natural gas gasoline plant outlet purchases.
- 803 Natural gas transmission line purchases.
- 804 Natural gas city gate purchases.
- 804.1 Liquefied natural gas purchases.
- 805 Other gas purchases.
- 805.1 Purchased gas cost adjustments.
- 806 Exchange gas.
- 807 Purchased gas expenses.
- 808.1 Gas withdrawn from storage Debt.
- 808.2 Gas delivered to storage Credit.
- 809.1 Withdrawals of liquefied natural gas held for processing Debt.
- 809.2 Deliveries of natural gas for processing Credit.
- 810 Gas used for compressor station fuel Credit.
- 811 Gas used for products extraction Credit.
- 812 Gas used for other utility operations Credit.
- 813 Other gas supply expenses.

2. Natural Gas Storage, Terminaling and Processing Expenses

a. underground storage expenses

- 814 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 815 Maps and records.
- 816 Wells expenses.
- 817 Lines expenses.
- 818 Compressor station expenses.
- 819 Compressor station fuel and power.
- 820 Measuring and regulating station expenses.
- 821 Purification expenses.
- 822 Exploration and development.
- 823 Gas losses.
- 824 Other expenses.

- 825 Storage well royalties.
- 826 Rents.

Maintenance

- 830 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 831 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 832 Maintenance of reservoirs and wells.
- 833 Maintenance of lines.
- 834 Maintenance of compressor station equipment.
- 835 Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment.
- 836 Maintenance of purification equipment.
- 837 Maintenance of other equipment.

b. other storage expenses

Operation

- 840 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 841 Operation labor and expenses.
- 842 Rents.
- 842.1 Fuel.
- 842.2 Power.
- 842.3 Gas losses.

Maintenance

- 843.1 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 843.2 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 843.3 Maintenance of gas holders.
- 843.4 Maintenance of purification equipment.
- 843.5 Maintenance of liquefaction equipment.
- 843.6 Maintenance of vaporizing equipment.
- 843.7 Maintenance of compressor equipment.
- 843.8 Maintenance of measuring and regulating equipment.
- 843.9 Maintenance of other equipment.

c. liquefied natural gas terminaling and processing expenses

Operation

- 844.1 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 844.2 LNG processing terminal labor and expenses.
- 844.3 Liquefaction processing labor and expenses.
- 844.4 LNG transportation labor and expenses.
- 844.5 Measuring and regulating labor and expenses.
- 844.6 Compressor station labor and expenses.
- 844.7 Communication system expenses.
- 844.8 System control and load dispatching.
- 845.1 Fuel.
- 845.2 Power.
- 845.3 Rents.
- 845.4 Demurrage charges.
- 845.5 Wharfage receipts credit.
- 845.6 Processing liquefied or vaporized gas by others.
- 846.1 Gas losses.
- 846.2 Other expenses.

Maintenance

- 847.1 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 847.2 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 847.3 Maintenance of LNG processing terminal equipment.
- 847.4 Maintenance of LNG transportation equipment.
- 847.5 Maintenance of measuring and regulating equipment.
- 847.6 Maintenance of compressor station equipment.
- 847.7 Maintenance of communication equipment.
- 847.8 Maintenance of other equipment.

3. Transmission Expenses

Operation

- 850 Operation supervision and engineering.
- 851 System control and load dispatching.
- 852 Communication system expenses.
- 853 Compressor station labor and expenses.
- 854 Gas for compressor station fuel.
- 855 Other fuel and power for compressor stations.
- 856 Mains expenses.
- 857 Measuring and regulating station expenses.
- 858 Transmission and compression of gas by others.
- 859 Other expenses.
- 860 Rents.

Maintenance

- 861 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 862 Maintenance of structures and improvements.
- 863 Maintenance of mains.
- 864 Maintenance of compressor station equipment.
- 865 Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment.
- 866 Maintenance of communication equipment.
- 867 Maintenance of other equipment.
- 870 Operation supervision and engineering.

4. Distribution Expenses

Operation

- 871 Distribution load dispatching.
- 872 Compressor station labor and expenses.
- 873 Compressor station fuel and power (Major only).
- 874 Mains and services expenses.
- 875 Measuring and regulating station expenses General.
- 876 Measuring and regulating station expenses Industrial.
- 877 Measuring and regulating station expenses City gate check stations.
- 878 Meter and house regulator expenses.
- 879 Customer installations expenses.
- 880 Other expenses.
- 881 Rents.

Maintenance

- 885 Maintenance supervision and engineering.
- 886 Maintenance of structures and improvements.

- 887 Maintenance of mains.
- 888 Maintenance of compressor station equipment.
- 889 Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment General.
- 890 Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment Industrial.
- 891 Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment City gate check stations.
- 892 Maintenance of services.
- 893 Maintenance of meters and house regulators.
- 894 Maintenance of other equipment.

900-949 Customer Accounts, Customer Service and Informational, Sales and General and Administrat

5. Customer Accounts Expenses

Operation

- 901 Supervision.
- 902 Meter reading expenses.
- 903 Customer records and collection expenses.
- 904 Uncollectible accounts.
- 905 Miscellaneous customer accounts expenses.

6. Customer Service and Informational Expenses

Operation

- 907 Supervision.
- 908 Customer assistance expenses.
- 909 Informational and instructional advertising expenses.
- 910 Miscellaneous customer service and informational expenses.

7. Sales Expenses

Operation

- 911 Supervision.
- 912 Demonstrating and selling expenses.
- 913 Advertising expenses.
- 914 [Reserved]
- 915 [Reserved]
- 916 Miscellaneous sales expenses.

8. Administrative and General Expenses

Operation

- 920 Administrative and general salaries.
- 921 Office supplies and expenses.
- 922 Administrative expenses transferred Credit.
- 923 Outside services employed.
- 924 Property insurance.
- 925 Injuries and damages.
- 926 Employee pensions and benefits.
- 927 Franchise requirements.
- 928 Regulatory commission expenses.
- 929 Duplicate charges Credit.
- 930.1 General advertising expenses.
- 930.2 Miscellaneous general expenses.
- 931 Rents.

Maintenance

932 Maintenance of general plant.

2016 Debit (Credit)	2017 Debit (Credit)	2018 Debit (Credit)	2019 Debit (Credit)
4,252,915,263	4,516,368,326	4,757,419,803	5,041,795,377
9,941,983	8,321,112	9,036,047	12,951,318
144,751,274	151,271,170	156,563,570	157,909,990
(1,701,243,278)	(1,796,469,363)	(1,895,743,265)	(1,995,071,691)
(69,268,142)	(79,794,309)	(95,497,118)	(126,822,214)
6,992,076	6,992,076	6,992,076	6,992,076
3,058,415	3,010,811	4,474,923	4,340,611
(211,651)	(104,487)	(140,360)	(176,234)
11,547,000	11,547,000	11,547,000	11,547,000
161,804,156	161,131,682	153,523,686	207,105,954
6,945,185	4,288,775	1,711,072	77,972
13,611,799	16,722,286	18,794,801	22,034,002
1,373,667	2,912,504	4,737,049	3,067,240
7,540,762	12,284,827	26,809,063	4,434,090

1,138,883	1,149,696	709,204	730,965
22,854	50,305	136,712	155,890
172,903,052	174,683,071	157,729,381	153,814,551
4,163,026	5,614,311	4,618,679	15,726,829
(4,961,486)	(5,170,026)	(5,188,090)	(2,094,096)
-	11,659,191	31,659,207	-
462,036	313,553	154,548	222,671
3,566,367	3,958,296	3,982,104	4,148,891
3,300,307	3,330,230	3,302,104	4,140,031
37,423,657	38,180,423	43,166,166	46,558,819
37,423,037	30,100,423	+3,100,100	+0,550,615
(86)			
(86) 8,029,020	11,738,607	11,609,184	14,305,397
6,029,020	11,/36,00/	11,009,104	14,303,397
1// /EO 225	10 222 212	20 211 526	24 602 250
14,459,235	19,333,312	20,211,526	24,682,259
107.600	172 402	166 410	120 022
107,608	172,493	166,418	129,823
1,429,562	2,101,931	2,516,807	3,609,148
F27 127	120 512	200 122	102 002
537,127	138,513	398,132	193,803
10,644,436	6,197,881	10,394,941	1,780,327
11 600 513	10.045.000	12 022 600	12 70F 010
11,690,512	10,945,098	13,923,600	13,795,818
622 464 411	621 272 602	500 724 100	642 207 260
622,464,411	621,273,693	598,724,109	643,207,368
-	195,568	2,313	-
-	299		
12.022	60.407	20 520	124 070
13,933	69,497	28,530	131,978
42 050 402	15 700 170	20,000,520	10 404 300
43,850,403	15,796,170	30,900,539	18,484,368
42.600.000	44 070 554	40.255.274	0.000.000
13,699,992	11,879,551	10,255,271	8,883,822
147,354,707	189,216,780	187,450,520	177,056,526
(30,819,635)	(37,474,157)	(40,713,156)	(3,189,401)
(1,052,578,756)	(1,109,643,921)	(1,110,871,767)	(1,176,498,977)

9,506,476	10,696,711	10,696,711	10,696,711
(32,208,771)	(34,500,271)	(36,316,031)	(44,938,398)
(23,869,500)	(32,132,125)	(37,452,971)	(41,178,525)
(517,393,547)	(558,287,446)	(574,023,727)	(623,531,170)
5,881,619	1,143,222	(56,139)	16,389,107
7,567,509	8,089,542	7,866,070	10,258,024
(1,621,700,000)	(1,711,700,000)	(1,814,200,000)	(1,904,200,000)
83,700,000	83,700,000	83,700,000	83,700,000
(51,547,000)	(51,547,000)	(51,547,000)	(51,547,000)
(168,783)	(159,900)	(151,017)	(142,133)
960,522	786,481	1,032,761	930,270
(2,402,917)			(65,565,105)
(260,000)	(245,000)	(245,000)	(245,000)
(226,551,767)	(203,565,903)	(222,536,776)	(212,005,607)
(6,600,086)	(4,906,781)	(10,178,645)	(11,767,158)
(15,514,534)	(17,481,829)	(18,265,985)	(20,338,053)
(120,000,000)	(105,000,000)	(190,000,000)	(182,300,000)
(111,124,132)	(100,959,825)	(103,484,597)	(107,406,813)
(5,634,684)	, , ,	, , , ,	(14,722,348)
(37,625)	(22,197)	(7,329)	-
(3,808,551)	(4,431,306)	(4,783,254)	(4,745,573)
16,431,293	(36,514,038)	(39,835,469)	(38,022,918)
(14,676,249)	(15,159,301)	(15,509,062)	(15,282,041)
(1,431,933)	(1,533,187)	(79,542)	(168,034)
(58,068,093)	(59,386,964)	(56,358,807)	(50,808,479)
(871,667)	(2,402,917)		(4,127,651)
(55,076,777)	(53,752,463)	(14,252,910)	(30,612,670)

(2,266,861)	(1,584,319)	(2,142,205)	(2,083,490)
(15,262,118)	(28,032,143)	(22,466,066)	(29,659,558)
(77,740,268)	(501,143,487)	(527,440,814)	(481,207,133)
(31,501,931)	(30,265,611)	(29,725,443)	(30,443,961)
(1,836,970)	(1,707,433)	(1,577,896)	(1,448,359)
(731,162,121)	(481,835,128)	(497,875,564)	(514,870,007)
(246,457,751)	(167,572,569)	(170,209,151)	(179,585,209)
2 471 007	2 000 555	2.016.964	2 764 767
3,471,887	2,880,555	2,916,864	2,764,767

7,628 7,628 7,628

1,213,752	1,306,601	1,306,601	1,313,516
59,812	59,812	59,812	66,742
2,101,351	2,407,983	2,878,228	1,626,548
13,930,342	14,166,928	14,891,527	18,002,576
254,354	254,354		
1,667,492	1,667,492	1,667,492	1,667,492
5,810,311	5,810,311	5,810,311	5,810,311
1,106,781	1,106,781	1,106,781	2,230,522
15,071,598	15,378,230	15,848,475	17,244,517
878,291	1,184,923	1,655,168	769,085
403,712	403,712	403,712	560,248
2,178,970	2,485,602	2,936,843	1,760,289

886,774	920,102	1,179,375	1,521,412	
1,310,799	1,354,564	1,803,020	1,974,279	
504,017,728	547,688,874	597,220,229	633,397,298	
11,116,597	12,181,034	11,967,781	12,268,149	
8,906,586	9,087,273	8,721,669	9,235,056	
305,467,723	332,999,643	369,619,102	397,234,010	
117,484,380	123,444,538	128,537,042	145,607,514	
4,911,365	4,997,477	5,789,070	6,154,052	
539	539	539	539	
1,449,716	3,367,309	3,607,121	3,921,827	
5,837,839	7,160,856	23,042,842	29,741,833	
621,582	736,399	1,186,531	1,267,984	
16,356,516	16,989,163	17,710,955	18,032,901	
145,386	136,789	112,801	112,801	
6,899,179	7,673,669	8,170,189	8,775,280	
342,466	340,946	324,175	412,859	
4,080,550	3,996,441	4,096,408	4,199,994	
3,405,773	3,545,025	3,714,172	2,723,028	
2,367	2,367	2,367	2,367	
(167,967,764)	(175,229,610)	(180,295,919)	(181,882,120)	
20 452 000	20 576 900	22 000 040	26 924 220	
28,452,086	30,576,899	33,889,018	36,824,230	
		-		

6,447,838	7,521,879	8,582,105 -	10,079,068	
(31,501) (8,432)	209,310 (371,562)	849,367 (1,566,161)	1,453,061 (3,442,644)	
22,045,931	25,603,673	25,145,281	24,983,566	
(3,288,814)	10,818,985	2,854,673	(6,436,311)	
23,211,537	15,344,839	4,191,080	11,059,318	
(225,654)	(212,570)	116,242	(1,346,919)	
(25,164)	(20,064)	(20,064)	172,256	

_

11,653,482	9,648,685	6,931,684	14,612,589	
939	24,801	31,262	31,291	
(6,288,876)	(2,517,761)	(2,392,004)	(13,582,269)	
(2,719,466)	(4,001,578)	(3,808,319)	(4,401,266)	
(7,298,983)	(6,441,370)	(4,281,829)	104,311	
(240,297)	(19,733)		(109,159)	
-	(17,500)	13,251	-	
			(33,721)	
			(33,721)	
2,837,164	3,205,496	3,563,420	(33,721) 11,332,979	
2,837,164 2,589,158	3,205,496 2,967,371	3,563,420 2,793,863	, , ,	
		•	11,332,979	
2,589,158	2,967,371	2,793,863	11,332,979 2,640,044	

192,113	175,689	293,278	311,708	
(10,876,841)	(13,275,123)	(5,306,393)	(12,760,968)	
1,585,996	7,571,606	34,584	(1,887,439)	
(322,781)	(440,920)	(231,946)	(196,940)	
74,527,233 458,080 2,941,399 (8,883) 766,389 4,386,030	82,342,603 321,206 2,854,749 (8,883) 677,027 5,657,334	87,093,842 321,207 2,582,801 (8,883)	86,591,406 321,206 2,266,507 (8,883) 489,554 8,205,984	
(2,352,527)	(3,254,457)	(4,052,495)	(4,169,531) (102,999,990) 26,631,283	
4,441,571	8,262,625	5,320,848	3,725,552	
87,154,240	92,460,231	98,046,075	102,772,642	
(195,275,153)	(220,175,977)	(194,340,048)	(196,429,738)	
(98,504,799)	(109,897,458)	(94,094,869)	(97,431,048)	
(154,435,624)	(143,278,875)	(137,700,616)	(136,305,522)	
(288,085)	(315,487) (140,525)	(271,572)	(253,068)	
(8,338,713)	(9,207,927)	(9,102,582)	(8,673,782)	
(3,293)	(2,693)	(2,678)	(2,751)	
(17,100,272)	6,436,726	(1,022,412)	(7,228,294)	

2,767,455 2,392,142 6,764,411 1,815,553

247,457,293	250,078,370	214,502,540	266,160,172
(1,814) 12,157,352	(5,442) 5,601,002	898,476	(37,730,182)
22,932,919 (18,187,452)	21,687,940 (25,397,528)	19,408,914 (19,279,491)	32,607,408 (35,303,621)
(566,023)	(1,015,361)	(1,448,821)	(699,291)
2,072,264	2,014,546	1,597,405	1,553,513
16,127	25,153	15,179	15,735

819,775

877,951

772,251

705,893

804,745 806,732 1,554,613 2,239,715

2,394,089	2,517,597	2,133,710	2,571,709
6,223,508	6,848,075	5,760,059	6,006,761
214,642	272,676	195,295	202,120
10,564	19,000	22,023	9,837
137,442	165,259	96,654	79,264
1,339,147	810,264	697,101	850,056
3,147,738	3,190,311	2,648,771	3,312,750
3,417,541	3,211,115	3,259,800	3,505,475
61,234	63,758	60,361	52,175
330,676	291,604	233,303	220,749

2,564,071	2,646,970	2,356,740	2,283,909	
485,016	511,713	569,260	606,305	
281,286	992,109	103,774	57,433	
102,696	105,065	80,624	129,459	
3,508,248	2,018,175	1,664,336	2,113,144	
2,491,230	2,542,797	2,143,842	2,623,297	
432,383	490,277	607,116	414,110	
tive Expenses.				
307,187	218,512	139,050	137,648	
2,334,815	2,264,716	1,910,839	1,771,096	
8,757,532	9,001,055	8,035,197	8,318,773	
2,829,960	2,482,594	1,856,595	191,192	
218,799	222,367	241,665	174,009	
210,733	222,307	241,003	174,003	
11,349,685	13,677,235	10,689,454	13,934,510	
1,037,214	981,821	1,180,742	1,239,099	
210,950	297,636	324,966	241,254	
293	345	346	259	
293	343	1,040	239	
-	-	1,040	-	
13,045,177	12,818,632	10,540,964	10,145,930	
1,701,627	1,662,561	1,899,662	1,870,409	
(19,751)	(18,822)	(19,674)	(17,719)	
2,889,143	3,072,504	3,740,550	3,805,281	
456,130	429,491	448,289	489,741	
1,284,519	1,257,759	1,607,878	1,613,044	
591,155	567,728	10,522,259	11,308,297	
2 251 001	2 266 012	1 705 000	1 050 465	
2,251,001	2,366,012	1,785,080	1,959,465	
1,674,151	1,717,673	1,557,349	1,857,212	
394,123	252,321	165,973	132,525	
4,163,915	4,555,212	4,579,981	4,930,291	
7,103,313	7,333,212	7,313,301	7,330,231	

THIS FILING IS				
Item 1: 🗵 An Initial (Original) Submission	OR Resubmission No.			

Form 2 Approved OMB No.1902-0028 (Expires 12/31/2020) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No.1902-0205 (Expires 11/30/2022)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 2: Annual Report of Major Natural Gas Companies and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Natural Gas Act, Sections 10(a), and 16 and 18 CFR Parts 260.1 and 260.300. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of a confidential nature.

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Avista Corporation

Year/Period of Report

End of $\underline{20}$

2019/Q4

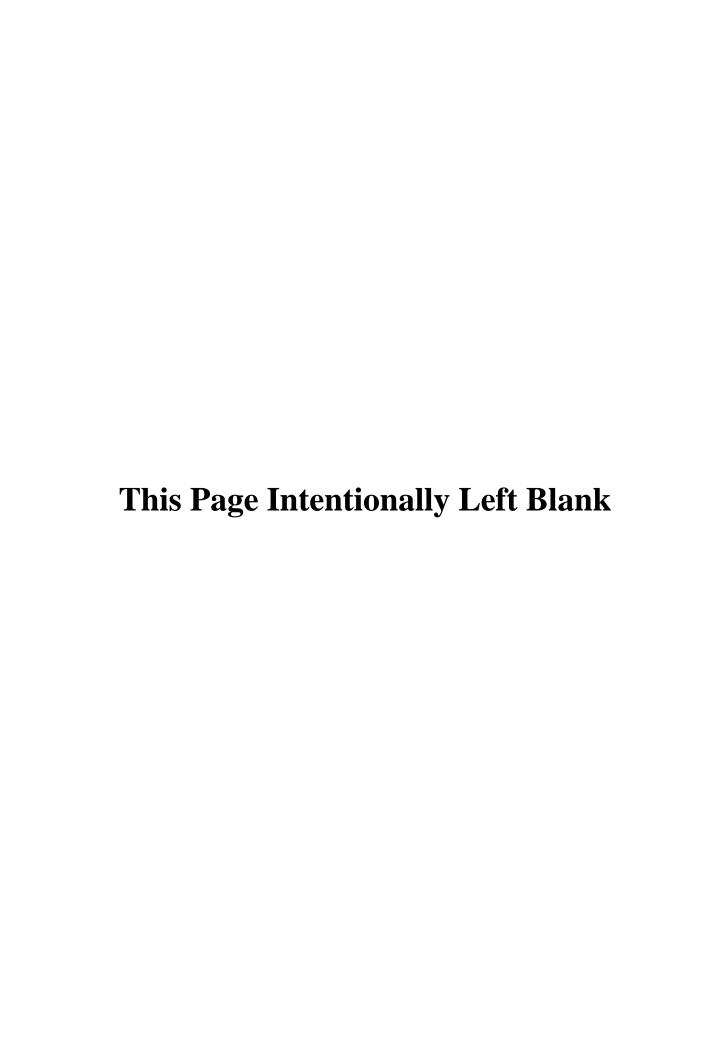
QUARTERLY/ANNUAL REPORT OF MAJOR NATURAL GAS COMPANIES **IDENTIFICATION** Year/Period of Report 01 Exact Legal Name of Respondent End of 2019/Q4 Avista Corporation 03 Previous Name and Date of Change (If name changed during year) 04 Address of Principal Office at End of Year (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 1411 East Mission Avenue Spokane, WA 99207 05 Name of Contact Person 06 Title of Contact Person Ryan L. Krasselt VP, Controller, Prin. Acctg Officer 07 Address of Contact Person (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 1411 East Mission Avenue Spokane, WA 99207 This Report Is: 10 Date of Report 08 Telephone of Contact Person, Including Area Code (Mo, Da, Yr) (1) X An Original 509-495-2273 A Resubmission (2) 04/15/2020 ANNUAL CORPORATE OFFICER CERTIFICATION The undersigned officer certifies that: I have examined this report and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief all statements of fact contained in this report are correct statements of the business affairs of the respondent and the financial statements, and other financial information contained in this report, conform in all material respects to the Uniform System of Accounts. 11 Name Ryan L. Krasselt VP, Controller, Prin. Acctg Officer 13 Signature 14 Date Signed Vagsent Ryan L. Krasselt 04/15/2020 Title 18, U.S.C. 1001, makes it a crime for any person knowingly and willingly to make to any Agency or Department of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

1

		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor	
Avis	ia Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	List of Schedules (Na			0 17 10/2020	
_	,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	er in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as appain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not appli			mation or amounts r	lave been reported for
CEIL	ant pages. Offilit pages where the responses are mone, mot appli	ICabi	e, or ina.		
			1		-
	Title of Schedule		Reference	Date Revised	Remarks
Line	(-)		Page No.	(-)	(-1)
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
	GENERAL CORPORATE INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
1	General Information		101		
2	Control Over Respondent		102		N/A
3	Corporations Controlled by Respondent		103		
4	Security Holders and Voting Powers		107		
5	Important Changes During the Year		108		
6	Comparative Balance Sheet		110-113		
7	Statement of Income for the Year		114-116		
8	Statement of Accumulated Comprehensive Income and Hedging Activities		117		
9	Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year		118-119		
10	Statements of Cash Flows		120-121		
11	Notes to Financial Statements		122		
	BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTING SCHEDULES (Assets and Other Debits)				
12	$\label{thm:constraints} \textbf{Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, and}$	Deple	tion 200-201		
13	Gas Plant in Service		204-209		
14	Gas Property and Capacity Leased from Others		212		N/A
15	Gas Property and Capacity Leased to Others		213		N/A
16	Gas Plant Held for Future Use		214		
17	Construction Work in Progress-Gas		216		
18	Non-Traditional Rate Treatment Afforded New Projects		217		N/A
19	General Description of Construction Overhead Procedure		218		
20	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant		219		
21	Gas Stored		220		
22	Investments		222-223		
23	Investments in Subsidiary Companies		224-225		
24	Prepayments Extraordinary Property Losses		230		NI/A
25 26	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs		230		N/A N/A
27	Other Regulatory Assets		232		IN/A
28	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits		232		
29	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		234-235		
	BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTING SCHEDULES (Liabilities and Other Credits)		204-200		
30	Capital Stock		250-251		
31	Capital Stock Subscribed, Capital Stock Liability for Conversion, Premium on Capital Stock	ck, and			
	Installments Received on Capital Stock		252		N/A
32	Other Paid-in Capital		253		
33	Discount on Capital Stock		254		N/A
34	Capital Stock Expense		254		
35	Securities issued or Assumed and Securities Refunded or Retired During the Year		255		
36	Long-Term Debt		256-257		
37	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium, and Discount on Long-Term Debt		258-259		

<u> </u>		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor	
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	List of Schedules (Natura				
	•				ava boon reported for
	ter in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as a ain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not ap			mation of amounts r	lave been reported for
oorte	an pages. Only pages where the responses are mone, mor ap	piloabi	ic, or 1474.		
	Title of Schedule		Reference	Date Revised	Remarks
Line No.	(a)		Page No.	(a)	(4)
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
38	Unamortized Loss and Gain on Reacquired Debt		260		
39	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income with Taxable Income for Federal Income Taxes		261		
40	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid, and Charged During Year		262-263		
41	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities		268		
42	Other Deferred Credits		269		
43	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other Property		274-275		
44	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other		276-277		
45	Other Regulatory Liabilities		278		
	INCOME ACCOUNT SUPPORTING SCHEDULES				
46	Monthly Quantity & Revenue Data by Rate Schedule		299		N/A
47	Gas Operating Revenues		300-301		
48	Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others Through Gathering Facilities		302-303		N/A
49	Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others Through Transmission Facilities		304-305		N/A
50	Revenues from Storage Gas of Others		306-307		N/A
51	Other Gas Revenues		308		
52	Discounted Rate Services and Negotiated Rate Services		313		N/A
53	Gas Operation and Maintenance Expenses		317-325		
54	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions		328		N/A
55	Gas Used in Utility Operations		331		
56	Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others		332		N/A
57	Other Gas Supply Expenses		334		
58	Miscellaneous General Expenses-Gas		335		
59 60	Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization of Gas Plant Particulars Concerning Certain Income Deduction and Interest Charges Accounts		336-338 340		
00	COMMON SECTION		340		
61	Regulatory Commission Expenses		350-351		
62	Employee Pensions and Benefits (Account 926)		352		
63	Distribution of Salaries and Wages		354-355		
64	Charges for Outside Professional and Other Consultative Services		357		
65	Transactions with Associated (Affiliated) Companies		358		
	GAS PLANT STATISTICAL DATA				
66	Compressor Stations		508-509		N/A
67	Gas Storage Projects		512-513		
68	Transmission Lines		514		N/A
69	Transmission System Peak Deliveries		518		N/A
70	Auxiliary Peaking Facilities		519		
71	Gas Account-Natural Gas		520		
72	Shipper Supplied Gas for the Current Quarter		521		N/A
73	System Map		522		N/A
74	Footnote Reference		551		N/A
75	Footnote Text		552		
76	Stockholder's Reports (check appropriate box)				
	X Four copies will be submitted				
	No annual report to stockholders is prepared				

Name of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avista Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
General			0 17 1072020	<u> </u>
General	inioriii	alion		
 Provide name and title of officer having custody of the general corporate books of account where any other corporate books of account are kept, if different from that where the general of the general of the corporate books. 			eneral corporate books are kep	t and address of office
Ryan Krasselt, Vice President and Controller, Principal Accounting Officer 1411 East Mission Avenue				
Spokane, WA 99207				
Provide the name of the State under the laws of which respondent is incorporated and da incorporated, state that fact and give the type of organization and the date organized.	te of inc	orporation. If incorporated	under a special law, give refere	ence to such law. If not
State of Washington, Incorporated March 15,1889				
If at any time during the year the property of respondent was held by a receiver or trustee the authority by which the receivership or trusteeship was created, and (d) date when possess.	-		e, (b) date such receiver or trus	stee took possession, (c)
Not Applicable	,			
State the classes of utility and other services furnished by respondent during the year in each other services.	each Sta	e in which the respondent	operated.	
Electric service in the states of Washington, Idaho and Montana Natural gas service in the states of Washington, Idaho and Oregon				
5. Have you engaged as the principal accountant to audit your financial statements an accostatements?	untant w	no is not the principal acco	untant for your previous year's	certified financial
(1) Yes Enter the date when such independent accountant was initiall (2) X No	y enga	ged:		



	te of Respondent		(1)	X An Original		Da, Yr)		Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(2)	A Resubmission	04/	15/2020	End	of <u>2019/Q4</u>
		Corporations Cor	ntroll	ed by Respondent		•		
at ai 2. any 3.	Report below the names of all corporations, but time during the year. If control ceased prior of control was by other means than a direct holintermediaries involved. If control was held jointly with one or more oth In column (b) designate type of control of the results.	to end of year, glding of voting riger interests, state	give phts, e the	particulars (details) in a state in a footnote the r	footnot manner name th	e. in which cont ie other intere	rol was sts.	
	DEFINITIONS							
2. 3. 4. votir agre	See the Uniform System of Accounts for a def Direct control is that which is exercised withou Indirect control is that which is exercised by th Joint control is that in which neither interest can gontrol is equally divided between two holds ement or understanding between two or more form System of Accounts, regardless of the relationship.	t interposition of e interposition of an effectively con ers, or each party parties who toge	an ir f an i itrol o / holo ether	ntermediary that exercisor direct action without the day a veto power over the have control within the	he con: e other	sent of the oth . Joint control	may ex	ist by mutual
Line No.	Name of Company Controlled	Type of Contro	ol	Kind of Business		Percent Votin	_	Footnote Reference
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)
1	Avista Capital	D		Parent to the Company's subs	-		100	Not used
2	Avista Development	I		Investment in Rea			100	Not used
3	Pentzer Corporation	l		Parent of Bay Area Mfg and I Venture F			100	Not used
4	Pentzer Venture Holdings II	I		Holding Company-	Inactive		100	Not used
5	Bay Area Manufacturing	I		Holding Co	ompany		100	Not used
6	Avista Capital II	D		Affiliated business trust issu	ued pref t Securi		100	Not used
7	Avista Northwest Resources, LLC	I		Owns an interest in a ventue inve	ure fund estment		100	Not used
8	Steam Plant Square, LLC	I		Commerical office and Retail	leasing		100	Not used
9	Courtyard Office Center, LLC	I		Commerical office and Retail	leasing		100	Not used
10	Steam Plant Brew Pub, LLC	I		Restaurant Ope	erations		100	Not used
11	Salix, Inc.	I		Liquified Natural Gas Ope	erations		100	Not used
12	Alaska Energy and Resources Company	D		Parent company of Alaska ope	erations		100	Not used
13	Alaska Electric Light and Power Company	I		Utility operations in	Juneau		100	Not used
14	AJT Mining Properties, Inc	I		Inactive mining Company Certain Pro	- 1		100	Not used
15	Snettisham Electric Company	I		Right to Purchas	e Snetti		100	Not used
16								
17								
18								
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23								
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26								
27								
28								
29								
30								

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report			
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·			
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4			
FOOTNOTE DATA						

Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 1	Column: d
Parent company		
Schedule Page: 103		Column: d
Maintains investment p		g real estate.
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 3	Column: d
Subsidiary of Avista Ca		
Schedule Page: 103		Column: d
Subsidiary of Pentzer C		
Schedule Page: 103		Column: d
Subsidiary of Pentzer C	Corporation	
Schedule Page: 103		Column: d
Affiliate of Avista Corpo		
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 7	Column: d
Subsidiary of Avista Ca	pital	
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 8	Column: d
Subsidiary of Avista De		
Schedule Page: 103		Column: d
Subsidiary of Avista De	velopment	
Schedule Page: 103		Column: d
Subsidiary of Steam Pl	ant Square, LL0	C
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 11	Column: d
Subsidiary of Avista Ca	ıpital	
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 12	Column: d
Subsidiary of Avista Co	rporation	
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 13	Column: d
Subsidiary of AERC		
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 14	Column: d
Subsidiary of AERC		
Schedule Page: 103	Line No.: 15	Column: d
Subsidiary of AERC		

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report		Date of Re	port	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	ta Corporation			Original Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yi 04/15/20	•	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
		Security F	Holders and Voting Powers				
or costate know com hold high 2. votin cont 3. of co 4. resp relat com	Give the names and addresses of the 10 compilation of list of stockholders of the rese the number of votes that each could cast on particulars of the trust (whether voting pany did not close the stock book or did repiled the previous list of stockholders, sor ers as of the close of the year. Arrange the est. Show in column (a) the titles of office of any security other than stock carries voting rights and give other important details of ingent; if contingent, describe the conting of any class or issue of security has any supportate action by any method, explain brown for any securities or other assets of ing to exercise of the options, warrants, of pany, or any of the 10 largest security holds securities substantially all of which are out	spondent, prior to to to that date if a trust, etc.), dura not compile a list me other class on the names of the ers and directors ting rights, explacement, pecial privileges iefly in a footnote varrants, or rights owned by the reservights. Specify ders is entitled to	to the end of the year meeting were hel tion of trust, and property of stockholders with a security has beconsecurity holders in a sincluded in such lies in in a supplement stoting rights of such as in the election of decenses outstanding at the spondent, including the amount of such purchase. This in	ar, had the higd. If any such incipal holders thin one year me vested with the order of vist of 10 securial statement his security. State end of the year prices, expiral his securities on struction is in	thest voting point holder held it is of beneficial prior to the entire the voting right toting power, but holders. How such secute whether votes or manager for others at assets any chapplicable to	owers in a n trust, g ry interes and of the y s, then showers to make the commence of the compact of the convertible of	the respondent, and ive in a footnote the ts in the trust. If the year, or if since it now such 10 security cing with the ame vested with its are actual or the determination ase securities of the material information rector, associated ole securities or to
1	Give date of the latest closing of the stock prior to end of year, and, in a footnote, state the purpose of such closing:	meeting prior	total number of votes to the end of year for ant and number of suc	election of dire	ctors of the	;	the date and place of such meeting:
	11/27/2019	Total: By Proxy:	54964821 54964821			5/9/2019	
				VOTI	NG SECURITII	ES	
			4. Number of v	otes as of (date	12/31/201	19	
Line No.	Name (Title) and Address of Security Holder	f	Total Votes	Common St	ock Prefer	red Stock	Other
5	(a)		(b)	(c)	7/ 00/	(d)	(e)
6	TOTAL number of country holders		67,176,996	0/,1	76,996		
7	TOTAL number of security holders TOTAL votes of security holders listed below		7,076 33,210,465	22.2	7,076 10,465		
8	TOTAL votes of security floiders listed below		33,210,403	33,2	10,405		
9	BlackRock; 40 E 52nd Street New York, NY		12,512,357	12.5	12,357		
10	The Vanguard Group; 100 Vanguard Blvd Malvern PA		7,734,202		34,202		
11	Renaissance Technologies LLC; New York, NY		2,382,518		82,518		
12	SSGA Funds Management, Inc.; Boston MA		2,306,793		06,793		
13	BNY Mellon; Boston, MA		1,867,223		67,223		
14	First Sentier Investors IM Ltd.; Barangaroo, AUS		1,449,879		49,879		
15	Dimensional Fund Advisors LP; Austin TX		1,343,463		43,463		
16	Inesco US; Downers Grove, IL		1,273,032		73,032		
17	Acadian Asset Management LLC; Boston, MA		1,190,749		90,749		
18	Hotchkis & Wiley Capital Management LLC; Los Angele	es, CA	1,150,249		50,249		
19	, , ,						
20							

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report			
	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)				
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4			
FOOTNOTE DATA						

Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 1 Column: 1 Record Date for dividend payable 12/13/19 Schedule Page: 107 Line No.: 9 Column: b

The holdings are pursuant to Avista's Institutional Investor Contact list provided by Proxy Solicitor DF King & Co., as of

December 31, 2019. These investors hold their shares through Cede & Company and are beneficial owners.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report			
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·			
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4			
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year						

Give details concerning the matters indicated below. Make the statements explicit and precise, and number them in accordance with the inquiries. Answer each inquiry. Enter "none" or "not applicable" where applicable. If the answer is given elsewhere in the report, refer to the schedule in which it appears.

- 1. Changes in and important additions to franchise rights: Describe the actual consideration and state from whom the franchise rights were acquired. If the franchise rights were acquired without the payment of consideration, state that fact.
- 2. Acquisition of ownership in other companies by reorganization, merger, or consolidation with other companies: Give names of companies involved, particulars concerning the transactions, name of the Commission authorizing the transaction, and reference to Commission authorization.
- 3. Purchase or sale of an operating unit or system: Briefly describe the property, and the related transactions, and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. Give date journal entries called for by Uniform System of Accounts were submitted to the Commission.
- 4. Important leaseholds (other than leaseholds for natural gas lands) that have been acquired or given, assigned or surrendered: Give effective dates, lengths of terms, names of parties, rents, and other conditions. State name of Commission authorizing lease and give reference to such authorization.
- 5. Important extension or reduction of transmission or distribution system: State territory added or relinquished and date operations began or ceased and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. State also the approximate number of customers added or lost and approximate annual revenues of each class of service.

Each natural gas company must also state major new continuing sources of gas made available to it from purchases, development, purchase contract or otherwise, giving location and approximate total gas volumes available, period of contracts, and other parties to any such arrangements, etc.

- 6. Obligations incurred or assumed by respondent as guarantor for the performance by another of any agreement or obligation, including ordinary commercial paper maturing on demand or not later than one year after date of issue: State on behalf of whom the obligation was assumed and amount of the obligation. Cite Commission authorization if any was required.
- 7. Changes in articles of incorporation or amendments to charter: Explain the nature and purpose of such changes or amendments.
- 8. State the estimated annual effect and nature of any important wage scale changes during the year.
- 9. State briefly the status of any materially important legal proceedings pending at the end of the year, and the results of any such proceedings culminated during the year.
- 10. Describe briefly any materially important transactions of the respondent not disclosed elsewhere in this report in which an officer, director, security holder, voting trustee, associated company or known associate of any of these persons was a party or in which any such person had a material interest.
- 11. Estimated increase or decrease in annual revenues caused by important rate changes: State effective date and approximate amount of increase or decrease for each revenue classification. State the number of customers affected.
- 12. Describe fully any changes in officers, directors, major security holders and voting powers of the respondent that may have occurred during the reporting period.
- 13. In the event that the respondent participates in a cash management program(s) and its proprietary capital ratio is less than 30 percent please describe the significant events or transactions causing the proprietary capital ratio to be less than 30 percent, and the extent to which the respondent has amounts loaned or money advanced to its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies through a cash management program(s). Additionally, please describe plans, if any to regain at least a 30 percent proprietary ratio.
- 1. None
- 2. None
- 3. On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a definitive merger agreement to become an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Hydro One Limited (Hydro One) in Ontario. On January 23, 2019, this transaction was terminated by mutual agreement between Avista Corp. and Hydro One and certain subsidiaries thereof. As a result, Hydro One paid Avista Corp. a \$103 million termination fee. Reference is made to Note 18 of the Notes to Financial Statements for further information.
- 4. None
- 5. None
- 6. Reference is made to Notes 11 and 12 of the Notes to Financial Statements.
- 7. None
- 8. Average annual wage increases were 2.9% for non-exempt employees effective March 4, 2019. Average annual wage increases were 3.1% for exempt employees effective March 4, 2019. Officers received average increases of 4.1% effective February 18, 2019. Certain bargaining unit employees received increases of 3.0% effective March 26, 2019.
- 9. Reference is made to Note 16 of the Notes to Financial Statements.
- 10. None
- 11.

2015 Washington General Rate Cases

In January 2016, the Company received an order (Order 05) that concluded its electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the WUTC in February 2015. New electric and natural gas rates were effective on January 11, 2016.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report			
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Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4			
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year						

PC Petition for Judicial Review

In March 2016, PC filed in Thurston County Superior Court a Petition for Judicial Review of the WUTC's Order 05 described above. In April 2016, this matter was certified for review directly by the Court of Appeals, an intermediate appellate court in the State of Washington.

On August 7, 2018, the Court of Appeals issued a "Published Opinion" (Opinion) which concluded that the WUTC's use of an attrition allowance to calculate Avista Corp.'s rate base violated Washington law. In the Opinion, the Court stated that because the projected additions to rate base in the future were not "used and useful" for service at the time the request for the rate increase was made, they may not lawfully be included in the Company's rate base to justify a rate increase. Accordingly, the Court concluded that the WUTC erred in including an attrition allowance in the calculation of Avista Corp.'s electric and natural gas rate base. The Court noted, however, that the law does not prohibit an attrition allowance in the calculation, for ratemaking purposes, of recoverable operating and maintenance expense. Since the WUTC order provided one lump sum attrition allowance without distinguishing what portion was for rate base and which was for operating and maintenance expenses or other considerations, the Court struck all portions of the attrition allowance attributable to Avista Corp.'s rate base and reversed and remanded the case for the WUTC to recalculate Avista Corp.'s rates without including an attrition allowance in the calculation of rate base.

On March 6, 2020, the Company received an order from the WUTC that will require it to refund \$8.5 million to electric and natural gas customers. The Company will refund \$4.9 million to electric customers and \$3.6 million to natural gas customers. The Company recorded a customer refund liability of \$8.5 million in 2019.

2017 General Rate Cases

On April 26, 2018, the WUTC issued a final order in our electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed on May 26, 2017. In the order, the WUTC approved new electric rates, effective on May 1, 2018, that increased base rates by 2.2 percent (designed to increase electric revenues by \$10.8 million). The net increase in electric base rates was made up of an increase in our base revenue requirement of \$23.2 million, an increase of \$14.5 million in power supply costs and a decrease of \$26.9 million for the impacts of the TCJA, which reflects the federal income tax rate change from 35 percent to 21 percent and the amortization of the regulatory liability for plant excess deferred income taxes that was recorded as of December 31, 2017.

While the WUTC authorized an increase in the ERM baseline to reflect increased power supply costs, it directed the parties to examine the functionality and rationale of the Company's power cost modeling and adjust the baseline only in extraordinary circumstances if necessary to more closely match the baseline to actual conditions.

For natural gas, the WUTC approved new natural gas base rates, effective on May 1, 2018, that decreased base rates by 2.4 percent (designed to decrease natural gas revenues by \$2.1 million). The net decrease in natural gas base rates was made up of an increase in base revenues of \$3.4 million that was offset by a decrease of \$5.5 million for the impacts from the TCJA, which reflects the federal income tax rate change and the amortization of the regulatory liability for plant-related excess deferred income taxes that was recorded as of December 31, 2017.

In addition to the above, the WUTC also ordered, effective June 1, 2018, a one-year temporary reduction of \$7.9 million in our revenue requirements for electric and \$3.2 million for natural gas, reflecting reductions for the return of tax benefits associated with the non-plant excess deferred income taxes and the customer refund liability that was established in 2018 related to the change in federal income tax expense for the period January 1, 2018 to April 30, 2018.

The new rates are based on a ROR of 7.50 percent with a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·				
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year							

In our original filings, we requested three-year rate plans for electric and natural gas; however, in the final order the WUTC only provided for new rates effective on May 1, 2018.

TCJA Proceedings

In February 2019, we filed an all-party settlement agreement with the WUTC related to the electric tax benefits associated with the TCJA that were set aside for Colstrip in the 2017 general rate case order (effective May 1, 2018). In the settlement agreement, the parties agreed to utilize \$10.9 million of the electric tax benefits to offset costs associated with accelerating the depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2027. That portion of the settlement agreement was denied. The WUTC has indicated that it will review the TCJA and Colstrip in our 2019 general rate case (discussed below).

2019 General Rate Cases

On March 25, 2020, the Company received an order from the WUTC that approved the partial multi-party settlement agreement that was filed on November 21, 2019.

The approved rates are designed to increase annual base electric revenues by \$28.5 million, or 5.7 percent, and annual natural gas base revenues by \$8.0 million, or 8.5 percent, effective April 1, 2020. The revenue increases are based on a 9.4 percent return on equity with a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a rate of return on rate base of 7.21 percent.

As part of the WUTC order, the Company will return approximately \$40 million from the Energy Recovery Mechanism (ERM) rebate to customers over a two-year period. The ERM rebate includes approximately \$3 million that was recently disallowed by the Commission for the cost of replacement power during an unplanned outage at the Colstrip generating facility (Colstrip) in 2018. The Commission directed the Company to return a larger portion of the ERM money during the first year to achieve a net-zero billed impact to electric customers.

Included in the WUTC order is the acceleration of depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life through December 31, 2025. The order utilizes certain electric tax benefits associated with the 2018 tax reform to partially offset these increased costs. The order also sets aside \$3 million for community transition efforts to mitigate the impacts of the eventual closure of Colstrip, half funded by customers and half funded by Company shareholders.

In addition, a recent order received from the WUTC on the 2015 remand cases requires the Company to refund \$8.5 million to electric and natural gas customers. The Company will refund \$4.9 million to electric customers and \$3.6 million to natural gas customers over a one year period, which will partially offset the increase in base rates.

Lastly, the order includes the extension of electric and natural gas decoupling mechanisms through March 31, 2025.

Idaho General Rate Cases and Other Proceedings

2017 General Rate Cases

On December 28, 2017, the IPUC approved a settlement agreement between us and other parties to our electric and natural gas general rate cases. New rates were effective on January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2019.

The settlement agreement was a two-year rate plan and had the following electric and natural gas base rate changes each year, which were designed to result in the following increases in annual revenues (dollars in millions):

	Electric		Natural Gas		
Effective Date	Revenue	Base	Revenue	Base	
FERC FORM NO. 2 (12-96)	108.3				

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	This Report is: Date of Report								
· ·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·							
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4							
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year										

	Increase	Rate Increase	Increase	Rate Increase
January 1, 2018	\$ 12.9	5.2% \$	1.2	2.9%
January 1, 2019	\$ 4.5	1.8% \$	1.1	2.7%

The settlement agreement was based on a ROR of 7.61 percent with a common equity ratio of 50.0 percent and a 9.5 percent ROE.

TCJA Proceedings

On May 31, 2018, the IPUC approved an all-party settlement agreement related to the income tax benefits associated with the TCJA. Effective June 1, 2018, current customer rates were reduced to reflect the reduction of the federal income tax rate to 21 percent, and the amortization of the regulatory liability for plant-related excess deferred income taxes. This reduction reduces annual electric rates by \$13.7 million (or 5.3 percent reduction to base rates) and natural gas rates by \$2.6 million (or 6.1 percent reduction to base rates).

In March 2019, the IPUC approved an all-party settlement agreement related to the electric tax benefits that were set aside for Colstrip in the 2017 general rate case order. In the approved settlement agreement, the parties agreed to utilize approximately \$6.4 million (\$5.1 million when tax-effected) of the electric tax benefits to offset costs associated with accelerating the depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life of those units through December 31, 2027. The remaining tax benefits of approximately \$5.8 million will be returned to customers through a temporary rate reduction over a period of one year beginning on April 1, 2019. The tax benefits being utilized are related to non-plant excess deferred income taxes, and the customer refund liability that was established in 2018 related to the change in federal income tax expense for the period January 1, 2018 to May 31, 2018.

2019 General Rate Case

On October 11, 2019, Avista Corp. and all parties to our electric general rate case reached a settlement agreement that was approved by the IPUC. New rates went into effect on December 1, 2019.

The rates that went into effect are designed to decrease annual base electric revenues by \$7.2 million (or 2.8 percent), effective December 1, 2019. The settlement revenue decreases are based on a 9.5 percent ROE with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a rate of return ROR on rate base of 7.35 percent, which is a continuation of current levels. This outcome is in line with our expectations.

The primary element of the difference in the agreed upon base revenues in the settlement agreement from our original request is that the settlement includes the continued recovery of costs for our wind generation power purchase agreements, which will include Palouse Wind and Rattlesnake Flat, through the PCA mechanism rather than through base rates.

Our original request included an increase of annual electric base revenues of \$5.3 million or 2.1 percent, effective January 1, 2020.

The electric request was based on a proposed ROR on rate base of 7.55 percent with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.9 percent ROE, as well as the inclusion of wind power purchase costs in base rates rather than receiving recovery through the PCA.

Oregon General Rate Cases and Other Proceedings

FERC FORM NO. 2 (12-96)	108.4	
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Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report							
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original		·							
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4							
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year										

2019 General Rate Case

On October 9, 2019, the OPUC approved the all-party settlement agreements filed in the third quarter of 2019. New rates went into effect on January 15, 2020.

OPUC approved rates that are designed to increase annual natural gas billed revenues by \$3.6 million, or 4.2 percent.

The OPUC's decision reflects a ROR on rate base of 7.24 percent, with a common equity ratio of 50 percent and a 9.4 percent ROE, both of which represent a continuation of existing authorized levels.

In addition, the approved settlement agreements included agreement among the parties to a future independent review of our interest rate hedging practices, with any recommendations based on the results and findings in the final report to be applicable only on a prospective basis and do not apply to any prior interest rate hedging activity.

TCJA Proceedings

In February 2019, the OPUC approved the deferral amount of \$3.8 million related to 2018 income tax benefits associated with the TCJA. The 2018 deferred benefits will be returned to customers through a temporary rate reduction over a period of one year beginning March 1, 2019. We continued the deferral of the TCJA benefits during 2019 for later return to customers, until such time as these changes can be reflected in base rates.

12. On March 22, 2019, Erik J. Anderson, member of the Board of Directors of Avista Corp., informed the Company that he would not stand for reelection to the Board of Directors for 2019. Mr. Anderson remained with the Board of Directors through the Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 9, 2019.

Mr. Anderson chose not to stand for reelection due to other professional commitments. There were no disagreements with the Company that contributed to Mr. Anderson's decision.

On May 10, 2019, Scott L. Morris, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Avista Corp., announced to the Company's board of directors, that he will retire from the Company effective March 1, 2020. Following Mr. Morris' announcement, the Company's board of directors appointed Dennis P. Vermillion Chief Executive Officer effective October 1, 2019. Mr. Morris continued to serve as the Executive Chairman of the board of directors of the Company and then as the non-executive Chairman of the board of directors following his retirement. Mr. Vermillion will continue to serve on the Company's board of directors.

On June 14, 2019, the Board of Directors of Avista Corp. increased the number of board members from 10 to 11, effective November 1, 2019, and elected Jeff L. Philipps to fill the vacancy and serve as a director on the board effective on that date. Mr. Philipps will stand for election to the Board at the next annual meeting of shareholders on May 11, 2020. Mr. Philipps will serve on the Finance Committee and the Environmental, Technology and Operations Committee of the Board.

On August 8, 2019, the Board of Directors named Mark T. Thies, Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer and

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Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4							
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year										

Treasurer of Avista Corp. effective October 1, 2019. Mr. Thies has served as the Company's Senior Vice President CFO and Treasurer since January 1, 2013 and previously served as the Company's Senior Vice President CFO since September 29, 2008.

In August 2019, Karen S. Feltes, Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer, informed the Board of Directors that she plans to retire effective March 1, 2020.

Effective October 1, 2019, Heather L. Rosentrater has been promoted from Vice President, Energy Delivery to Senior Vice President, Energy Delivery.

Effective October 1, 2019, Kevin J. Christie has been promoted from Vice President, External Affairs and Chief Customer Officer to Senior Vice President, External Affairs and Chief Customer Officer.

Effective January 1, 2020, Marian Durkin moved from Chief Compliance Officer to Chief Legal Officer. She retained her role as the Corporate Secretary. In addition, she informed the Board of Directors that she plans to retire effective August 1, 2020.

Effective January 1, 2020, Greg Hesler has been promoted from Senior Counsel II to Vice President, General Counsel Chief Compliance Officer.

Effective January 1, 2020, Latisha Hill has been promoted from Director of Business and Community Development to Vice President of Community and Economic Vitality.

13. Proprietary capital is not less than 30 percent.

·		This Rep		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	Avista Corporation (1) [(2) [An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4	
	Comparative Balance SI	_ ` ′			<u> </u>	
Line No.	Title of Account		Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31	
	(a)		(b)		(d)	
1	UTILITY PLANT					
2	Utility Plant (101-106, 114)		200-201	6,385,433,383	6,004,750,680	
3	Construction Work in Progress (107)		200-201	157,909,990	156,563,570	
4	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 2 and 3)		200-201	6,543,343,373	6,161,314,250	
5	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depr., Amort., Depl. (108, 111, 115)			2,121,893,905	1,991,240,383	
6	Net Utility Plant (Total of line 4 less 5)			4,421,449,468	4,170,073,867	
7	Nuclear Fuel (120.1 thru 120.4, and 120.6)			0	0	
8	(Less) Accum. Provision for Amort., of Nuclear Fuel Assemblies (120).5)		0	0	
9	Nuclear Fuel (Total of line 7 less 8)			0	0	
10	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 6 and 9)			4,421,449,468	4,170,073,867	
11	Utility Plant Adjustments (116)		122	0	0	
12	Gas Stored-Base Gas (117.1)		220	6,992,076	6,992,076	
13	System Balancing Gas (117.2)		220	0	0	
14	Gas Stored in Reservoirs and Pipelines-Noncurrent (117.3)		220	0	0	
15	Gas Owed to System Gas (117.4)		220	0	0	
16	OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS					
17	Nonutility Property (121)			4,340,611	4,474,923	
18	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depreciation and Amortization (122)			176,234	140,360	
19	Investments in Associated Companies (123)		222-223	11,547,000	11,547,000	
20	Investments in Subsidiary Companies (123.1)		224-225	207,105,954	153,523,686	
21	(For Cost of Account 123.1 See Footnote Page 224, line 40)					
22	Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0	
23	Other Investments (124)		222-223	77,972	1,711,072	
	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125)		222-223	77,972	,	
23 24 25	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126)		222-223	77,972	1,711,072 0 0	
23 24 25 26	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127)		222-223	77,972 0 0	1,711,072 0 0 0	
23 24 25 26 27	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128)		222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002	1,711,072 0 0 0 0 18,794,801	
23 24 25 26	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175)		222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948	1,711,072 0 0 0	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176)		222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2)	9)	222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS	9)	222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131)	9)	222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-22) CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134)	9)	222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2) CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136)	9)	222-223	77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2) CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551	1,711,072 0 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-22) CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143) (Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144)	9)		77,972 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829 2,373,469	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679 5,188,090	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2) CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143) (Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144) Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829 2,373,469 0	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679 5,188,090 31,659,207	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143) (Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144) Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145) Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829 2,373,469 0 222,671	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679 5,188,090 31,659,207 154,548	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143) (Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144) Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145) Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146) Fuel Stock (151)	9)		77,972 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829 2,373,469 0 222,671 4,148,891	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679 5,188,090 31,659,207 154,548 3,982,104	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143) (Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144) Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145) Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146)	9)		77,972 0 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829 2,373,469 0 222,671	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679 5,188,090 31,659,207 154,548	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Other Investments (124) Sinking Funds (125) Depreciation Fund (126) Amortization Fund - Federal (127) Other Special Funds (128) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176) TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2: CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS Cash (131) Special Deposits (132-134) Working Funds (135) Temporary Cash Investments (136) Notes Receivable (141) Customer Accounts Receivable (142) Other Accounts Receivable (143) (Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144) Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145) Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146) Fuel Stock (151)	9)		77,972 0 0 22,034,002 922,948 0 245,852,253 3,067,240 4,434,090 730,965 155,890 0 153,814,551 15,726,829 2,373,469 0 222,671 4,148,891	1,711,072 0 0 18,794,801 4,842,426 0 194,753,548 4,737,049 26,809,063 709,204 136,712 0 157,729,381 4,618,679 5,188,090 31,659,207 154,548 3,982,104	

		This Rep		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
Avis	Avista Corporation (1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4		
	Comparative Balance Sheet (A						
Line No.	Title of Account		Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31		
	(a)		(b)		(d)		
44	Residuals (Elec) and Extracted Products (Gas) (153)			0	0		
45	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (154)			46,558,819	43,166,166		
46	Merchandise (155)			0	0		
47	Other Materials and Supplies (156)			0	0		
48	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (157)			0	0		
49	Allowances (158.1 and 158.2)			0	0		
50	(Less) Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0		
51	Stores Expense Undistributed (163)		220	0	0		
52	Gas Stored Underground-Current (164.1)	1.2)	220	14,305,397	11,609,184		
53	Liquefied Natural Gas Stored and Held for Processing (164.2 thru 16-	4.3)	220	24,682,259	20,211,526		
54 55	Prepayments (165) Advances for Gas (166 thru 167)		230	24,002,239	20,211,520		
56	Interest and Dividends Receivable (171)			129,823	166,418		
57	Rents Receivable (172)			3,609,148	2,516,807		
58	Accrued Utility Revenues (173)			0,009,140	2,310,007		
59	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets (174)			193,803	398,132		
60	Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			1,780,327	10,394,941		
61	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			922,948	4,842,426		
62	Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0		
63	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assests - Hedges	(176)		0	0		
64	TOTAL Current and Accrued Assets (Total of lines 32 thru 63)	(170)		270,264,286	308,968,605		
65	DEFERRED DEBITS						
66	Unamortized Debt Expense (181)			13,795,818	13,923,600		
67	Extraordinary Property Losses (182.1)		230	0	0		
68	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (182.2)		230	0	0		
69	Other Regulatory Assets (182.3)		232	643,207,368	598,724,109		
70	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric)(183)			0	2,313		
71	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Gas)(183.1 and 183.2	()		0	0		
72	Clearing Accounts (184)			131,978	28,530		
73	Temporary Facilities (185)			0	0		
74	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (186)		233	18,484,386	30,900,539		
75	Deferred Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (187)			0	0		
76	Research, Development, and Demonstration Expend. (188)			0	0		
77	Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt (189)			8,883,822	10,255,271		
78	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (190)		234-235	177,056,526	187,450,520		
79	Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs (191)			(3,189,401)	(40,713,156)		
80	TOTAL Deferred Debits (Total of lines 66 thru 79)			858,370,497	800,571,726		
81	TOTAL Assets and Other Debits (Total of lines 10-15,30,64,and 80)		5,802,928,580	5,481,359,822		

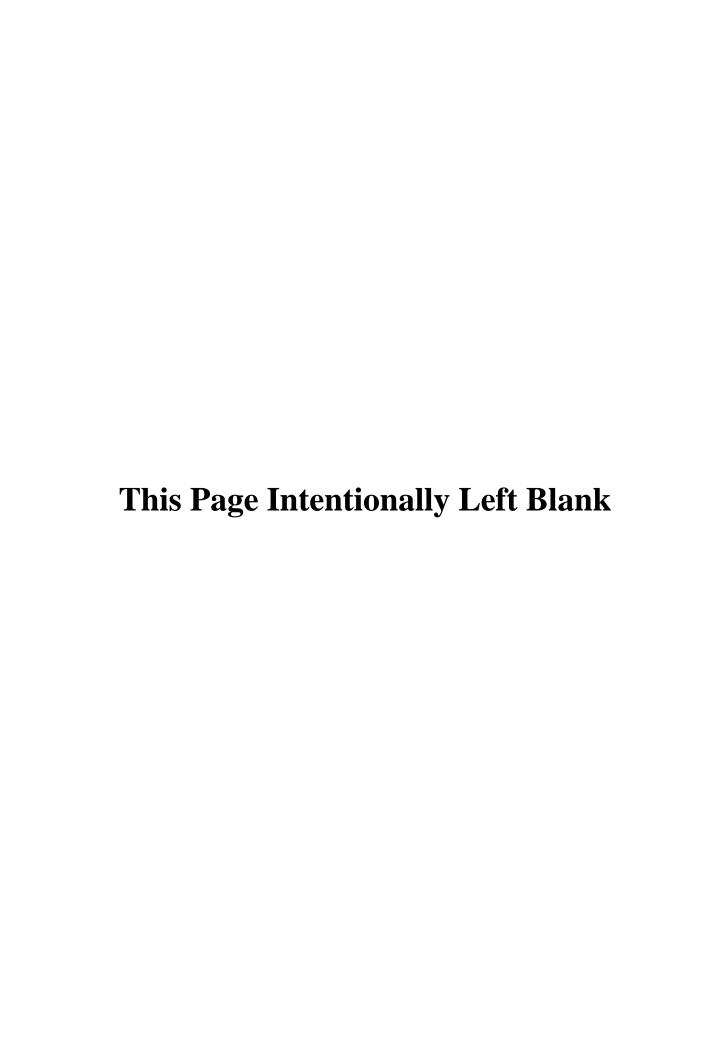
Name of Respondent This Rep			Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
Avis			An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
	Comparative Balance She	/ / / (Guasimeoleii				
Line	Title of Account		Reference	Current Year	Prior Year	
No.			Page Number	End of	End Balance	
	(-)		(1-)	Quarter/Year	12/31	
1	(a) PROPRIETARY CAPITAL		(b)	Balance	(d)	
-	Common Stock Issued (201)		250-251	1,176,498,977	1 110 071 767	
2	, ,				1,110,871,767	
3	Preferred Stock Issued (204)		250-251	0	0	
4	Capital Stock Subscribed (202, 205)		252	0	0	
5	Stock Liability for Conversion (203, 206)		252	0	0	
6	Premium on Capital Stock (207)		252	(40.000.744)	(10.000.711)	
7	Other Paid-In Capital (208-211)		253	(10,696,711)	(10,696,711)	
8	Installments Received on Capital Stock (212)		252	0	0	
9	(Less) Discount on Capital Stock (213)		254	0	0	
10	(Less) Capital Stock Expense (214)		254	(44,938,398)	(36,316,031)	
11	Retained Earnings (215, 215.1, 216)		118-119	747,158,701	660,984,141	
12	Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings (216.1)		118-119	(13,386,701)	(16,389,107)	
13	(Less) Reacquired Capital Stock (217)		250-251	0	0	
14	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (219)		117	(10,258,024)	(7,866,070)	
15	TOTAL Proprietary Capital (Total of lines 2 thru 14)			1,934,254,640	1,773,220,051	
16	LONG TERM DEBT					
17	Bonds (221)		256-257	1,904,200,000	1,814,200,000	
18	(Less) Reacquired Bonds (222)		256-257	83,700,000	83,700,000	
19	Advances from Associated Companies (223)		256-257	51,547,000	51,547,000	
20	Other Long-Term Debt (224)		256-257	0	0	
21	Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt (225)		258-259	142,133	151,017	
22	(Less) Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt-Dr (226)		258-259	930,270	1,032,761	
23	(Less) Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			0	0	
24	TOTAL Long-Term Debt (Total of lines 17 thru 23)			1,871,258,863	1,781,165,256	
25	OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
26	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent (227)			65,565,105	0	
27	Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance (228.1)			0	0	
28	Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages (228.2)			245,000	245,000	
29	Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits (228.3)			212,005,607	222,536,776	
30	Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions (228.4)			0	0	
31	Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds (229)			11,767,158	10,178,645	

		This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmissi		End of 2019/Q4		
	Comparative Balance Sheet (Li	_ ` '				
Line	Title of Account	Reference		Prior Year		
No.		Page Num	ber End of	End Balance		
	(-)		Quarter/Year	12/31		
32	(a) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities	(b)	Balance 19,684,476	(d) 10,300,047		
33			19,004,470	10,300,047		
-	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges Asset Retirement Obligations (230)					
34	TOTAL Other Noncurrent Liabilities (Total of lines 26 thru 34)		20,338,053 329,605,399	18,265,985		
35	CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES		329,605,399	261,526,453		
36			0	0		
38	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			100,000,000		
	Notes Payable (231) Accounts Payable (232)		182,300,000	190,000,000		
39			107,406,813	103,484,597		
40	Notes Payable to Associated Companies (233)		14,722,348	7,000		
41	Accounts Payable to Associated Companies (234)		0	7,329		
42	Customer Deposits (235)		4,745,573	4,783,254		
43	Taxes Accrued (236)	262-263		39,835,469		
44	Interest Accrued (237)		15,282,041	15,509,062		
45	Dividends Declared (238)		0	0		
46	Matured Long-Term Debt (239)		0	0		
47	Matured Interest (240)		0	0		
48	Tax Collections Payable (241)		168,034	79,542		
49	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities (242)	268	50,808,479	56,358,807		
50	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current (243)		4,127,561	0		
51	Derivative Instrument Liabilities (244)		30,612,670	14,252,910		
52	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		19,684,476	10,300,047		
53	Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges (245)		0	0		
54	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedge	s	0	0		
55	TOTAL Current and Accrued Liabilities (Total of lines 37 thru 54)		428,511,961	414,010,923		
56	DEFERRED CREDITS					
57	Customer Advances for Construction (252)		2,083,490	2,142,205		
58	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits (255)		30,443,961	29,725,443		
59	Deferred Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (256)		0	0		
60	Other Deferred Credits (253)	269	29,659,558	22,466,066		
61	Other Regulatory Liabilities (254)	278	481,207,133	527,440,814		
62	Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt (257)	260	1,448,359	1,577,896		
63	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Accelerated Amortization (28	1)	0	0		
64	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other Property (282)		514,870,007	497,875,564		
65	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other (283)		179,585,209	170,209,151		
66	TOTAL Deferred Credits (Total of lines 57 thru 65)		1,239,297,717	1,251,437,139		
67	TOTAL Liabilities and Other Credits (Total of lines 15,24,35,55,and	66)	5,802,928,580	5,481,359,822		

Name of Respondent				Report Is:		of Report	Yea	ar/Period of Report		
Avista Corporation			(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmiss	1 `	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020		End of <u>2019/Q4</u>		
		Statom	. ,		iion	1				
uarte	Statement of Income									
Ento Rep ther o Rep ther o	Enter in column (d) the balance for the reporting quarter and in column (e) the balance for the same three month period for the prior year. Report in column (f) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; in column (h) the quarter to date amounts for gas utility, and in (j) the quarter to date amounts for er utility function for the current year quarter. Report in column (g) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; in column (i) the quarter to date amounts for gas utility, and in (k) the quarter to date amounts for er utility function for the prior year quarter. If additional columns are needed place them in a footnote.									
Do Reppread	In additional columns are needed place them in a footnote. Initial or Quarterly, if applicable Do not report fourth quarter data in columns (e) and (f) Report amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from Utility Plant Leased to Others, in another utility columnin a similar manner to a utility department. In amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from Utility Plant Leased to Others, in another utility columnin a similar manner to a utility department. In amounts in accounts 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the same manner as accounts 412 and 413 above. Report amounts in account 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the same manner as accounts 412 and 413 above. Report data for lines 8, 10 and 11 for Natural Gas companies using accounts 404.1, 404.2, 404.3, 407.1 and 407.2. Use page 122 for important notes regarding the statement of income for any account thereof. Give concise explanations concerning unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that refunds of a material amount may need to be made to the utility's stomers or which may result in material refund to the utility with respect to power or gas purchases. Give concise explanations concerning usignificant an explanation of the major factors which affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or recover amounts paid the respect to power or gas purchases. Give concise explanations concerning significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting venues received or costs incurred for power or gas purches, and a summary of the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts. If any notes appearing in the report to stokholders are applicable to the Statement of Income, such notes may be included at page 122. Enter on page 122 a concise explanation of only those changes in accounting mehods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of ocations and apportionments fr									
		Numb		Date Balance	Balance	Quarterly Onl		Quarterly Only		
	(.)	ramb		for Quarter/Year	for Quarter/Year	No Fourth Qua	,	No Fourth Quarter		
ine	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)		
No.										
	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME							_		
	Gas Operating Revenues (400)	300-30)1	1,428,099,066	1,416,798,0	41	0	0		
	Operating Expenses									
4	Operation Expenses (401)	317-32		818,533,678	804,773,0		0	0		
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)	317-32		70,160,821	63,628,8		0	0		
3	Depreciation Expense (403)	336-33		163,503,287	146,501,2		0	0		
7	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (403.1)	336-33		0	268,9		0	0		
3	Amortization and Depletion of Utility Plant (404-405)	336-33		40,625,925	34,897,4		0	0		
9	Amortization of Utility Plant Acu. Adjustment (406)	336-33	8	99,047	99,0	47	0	0		
0	Amort. of Prop. Losses, Unrecovered Plant and Reg. Study Costs (407.1)			0		0	0	0		
1	Amortization of Conversion Expenses (407.2)			0		0	0	0		
2	Regulatory Debits (407.3)			7,343,187	6,384,9		0	0		
3	(Less) Regulatory Credits (407.4)			24,373,462	11,255,0		0	0		
4	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.1)	262-26		104,229,614	105,935,3		0	0		
5	Income Taxes-Federal (409.1)	262-26		1,016,853	21,463,6		0	0		
6	Income Taxes-Other (409.1)	262-26		(512,990)	536,0		0	0		
7	Provision of Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)	234-23		16,095,155	9,917,2		0	0		
8	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.1)	234-23	15	3,735,815	836,7		0	0		
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment-Net (411.4)			718,518	(540,16	98)	0	0		
0	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.6)			0		0	0	0		
1	Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.7)			0		0	0	0		
2	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Allowances (411.8)			0		0	0	0		
3	Losses from Disposition of Allowances (411.9)			0		0	0	0		
4	Accretion Expense (411.10)			0	850,2		0	0		
5	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Total of lines 4 thru 24)			1,193,703,818	1,182,624,0	52	0	0		
6	Net Utility Operating Income (Total of lines 2 less 25) (Carry forward to page 116, line 27)			234,395,248	234,173,9	89	0	0		
				- 1						

	e of Respondent			This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avist	a Corporation			(2)	A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
			Statemer		Income		
	Elec. Utility	Elec. Utility	Gas Utility		Gas Utility	Other Utility	Other Utility
	Current	Previous	Current		Previous	Current	Previous
	Year to Date	Year to Date	Year to Date		Year to Date	Year to Date	Year to Date
Line No.	(in dollars) (g)	(in dollars) (h)	(in dollars) (i)		(in dollars)	(in dollars)	(in dollars)
INO.	(9)	(11)	(1)		(j)	(k)	(1)
1					U)		
2	983,483,744	986,405,322	444,615,3	322	430,392,719	0	0
3	700/100/711	700/100/022	111/010/0		100/072/117		
4	515,395,521	516,698,898	303,138,1	157	288,074,151	0	0
5	54,542,409	49,735,303	15,618,4	412	13,893,589	0	0
6	126,679,057	112,612,198	36,824,2	230	33,889,018	0	0
7	0	268,929		0	0	0	0
8	30,546,857	26,315,338	10,079,0	068	8,582,105	0	0
9	99,047	99,047		0	0	0	0
10	0	0		0	0	0	0
11	0	0		0	0	0	0
12	5,890,126	5,030,260	1,453,0	_	1,354,735	0	0
13	20,930,818	9,688,900	3,442,6	_	1,566,161	0	0
14	79,246,048	80,790,063	24,983,5		25,145,281	0	0
15	7,445,054	18,711,316	(6,428,2		2,752,311	0	0
16	(504,880)	433,688	(8,1		102,362	0	0
17	5,035,837	5,726,144	11,059,3		4,191,080	0	0
18	2,388,896	953,010	1,346,9		(116,242)	0	0
19	546,262	(520,104)	172,2		(20,064)	0	0
20	0	0		0	0	0	0
21	0	0		0	0	0	0
23	0	0		0	0	0	0
24	0	850,233		0	0	0	0
25	801,601,624	806,109,403	392,102,1		376,514,649	0	0
26	181,882,120	180,295,919	52,513,1		53,878,070	0	0
∠0	181,882,120	180,295,919	52,513,	ıZŏ	53,878,070	0	0
				1			i contract to the contract to

	e of Respondent ta Corporation		(1	1) 🛚	eport∃s: ☑An Original ☑A Resubmis	sion	(Mo, Da 04/15	, Yr)		ar/Period of Report and of 2019/Q4
	State	ement of	<u> </u>	_	continued)	51011	0 ., 10	,		
Line	Title of Account (a)	Refere Page Numb	nce e		Total Current Year to Date Balance or Quarter/Year	Prior Y B	Total Year to Date alance uarter/Year	Current Thre Months Ende Quarterly On No Fourth Qua	ed ly	Prior Three Months Ended Quarterly Only No Fourth Quarter
No.	(d)	(b)			(c)		(d)	(e)		(f)
27	Net Utility Operating Income (Carried forward from page 114)				234,395,248		234,173,989		0	0
28	OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS									
29	Other Income									
30	Nonutility Operating Income									
31	Revenues form Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work (415)			-	0		0		0	0
32	(Less) Costs and Expense of Merchandising, Job & Contract Work (416) Revenues from Nonutility Operations (417)				0		0		0	0
34	(Less) Expenses of Nonutility Operations (417.1)				14,612,589		6,931,684		0	0
35	Nonoperating Rental Income (418)			+	(31,291)		(31,262)		0	0
36	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies (418.1)	119			13,582,269		2,392,004		0	0
37	Interest and Dividend Income (419)				4,401,266		3,808,319		0	0
38	Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction (419.1)				(104,311)		4,281,829		0	0
39	Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (421)				0		0		0	0
40	Gain on Disposition of Property (421.1)				109,159		0		0	0
41	TOTAL Other Income (Total of lines 31 thru 40)				3,344,503		3,519,206		0	0
42	Other Income Deductions									
43	Loss on Disposition of Property (421.2)			-	(22.721)		13,251		0	0
44 45	Miscellaneous Amortization (425) Donations (426.1)	340			(33,721) 11,332,979		3,563,420		0	0
46	Life Insurance (426.2)	340			2,640,044		2,793,863		0	0
47	Penalties (426.3)				21,180		2,053		0	0
48	Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities (426.4)			+	1,718,553		2,073,702		0	0
49	Other Deductions (426.5)				27,317,212		5,342,674		0	0
50	TOTAL Other Income Deductions (Total of lines 43 thru 49)	340			42,996,247		13,788,963		0	0
51	Taxes Applic. to Other Income and Deductions									
52	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.2)	262-20	63		311,708		293,278		0	0
53	Income Taxes-Federal (409.2)	262-20			(12,211,539)	(5,085,932)		0	0
54	Income Taxes-Other (409.2)	262-20		_	(549,429)		(220,461)		0	0
55	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.2)	234-23			(1,887,439)		34,584		0	0
56 57	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.2) Investment Tax Credit Adjustments-Net (411.5)	234-23	35		196,940		231,946		0	0
58	(Less) Investment Tax Credits (420)				0		0		0	0
59	TOTAL Taxes on Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 52-58)				(14,533,639)	(5,210,477)		0	0
60	Net Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 41, 50, 59)				(25,118,105)	(5,059,280)		0	0
61	INTEREST CHARGES									
62	Interest on Long-Term Debt (427)				86,591,406		87,093,842		0	0
63	Amortization of Debt Disc. and Expense (428)	258-25	59		321,206		321,207		0	0
64	Amortization of Loss on Reacquired Debt (428.1)				2,266,507		2,582,801		0	0
65	(Less) Amortization of Premium on Debt-Credit (429)	258-25	59		8,883		8,883		0	0
66 67	(Less) Amortization of Gain on Reacquired Debt-Credit (429.1) Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (430)	340			489,554		0		0	0
68	Other Interest Expense (431)	340			8,205,984		6,749,117		0	0
69	(Less) Allowance for Borrowed Funds Used During Construction-Credit (432)	0.10			4,169,531		4,052,495		0	0
70	Net Interest Charges (Total of lines 62 thru 69)				93,696,243		92,685,589		0	0
71	Income Before Extraordinary Items (Total of lines 27,60 and 70)				115,580,900		136,429,120		0	0
72	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS									
73	Extraordinary Income (434)				102,999,990		0		0	0
74	(Less) Extraordinary Deductions (435)				0		0		0	0
75	Net Extraordinary Items (Total of line 73 less line 74)				102,999,990		0		0	0
76	Income Taxes-Federal and Other (409.3)	262-20	63	-	26,631,283		0		0	0
77	Extraordinary Items after Taxes (Total of line 75 less line 76)			+	76,368,707		136 420 120		0	0
78	Net Income (Total of lines 71 and 77)				191,949,607		136,429,120		U	0



Name of Respondent Avista Corporation		(1)			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020			Year/Period of Report End of 2019/Q4	
		(2)							
1 Do				ehensive Income			whore	annranriata	
ı. ĸe	port in columns (b) (c) and (e) the amounts of ac	cumulate	a other com	orenensive income	items, on	a net-or-tax basis	, where	арргорпаце.	
2. Re	port in columns (f) and (g) the amounts of other	categorie	s of other ca	sh flow hedges.					
۰.						ee			
3. FO	r each category of hedges that have been accou	nted for a	as "tair value	neages", report the	e accounts	s affected and the	related	amounts in a footnote.	
		Unrea	lized Gains	Minimum Per	nsion	Foreign Curre	ncy	Other	
Line		and I	osses on	liabililty Adjust		Hedges	,	Adjustments	
No.	Item		ble-for-sale	(net amour	nt)				
		se	curities						
	(a)		(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)	
1	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Preceding			/ 0/	000 E40\				
2	Year Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications			(0,0	089,542)				
	from Account 219 to Net Income			(1	742,363)				
3	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair			(',	12,000)				
·	Value			1.	,965,835				
4	Total (lines 2 and 3)				223,472				
5	Balance of Account 219 at End of Preceding								
	Quarter/Year			(7,8	866,070)				
6	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Current Year			(7,8	866,070)				
7	Current Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications from								
	Account 219 to Net Income								
8	Current Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value				391,954)				
9	Total (lines 7 and 8) Balance of Account 219 at End of Current			(2,	391,954)				
10	Quarter/Year			(10 '	258,024)				
	Quarter/Teal			(10,2	200,024)				

Name of Respondent Avista Corporation			This Report Is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			Date (Mo, 04/1	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020		eriod of Report of 2019/Q4	
	Stateme	ent of Accumu	lated 0	Com	prehensiv	e Income a	nd Hedging A	ctivities(continue	ed)	
Line No.	Other Cash Flow Hedges Interest Rate Swaps (f)	Other Ca [Insert F to spe		at Lir	ne 1	cate items r	s for each egory of recorded in ount 219 (h) 8,089,542)	Net Income (Carried Forw from Page 1 [*] Line 78) (i)	vard	Total Comprehensive Income (j)
2 3 4						(1,742,363) 1,965,835 223,472	136,	429,120	136,652,592
5 6 7 8						(7,866,070) 7,866,070) 2,391,954)			
9						(2,391,954) 10,258,024)	196,	979,195	194,587,241

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 117 Line No.: 2 Column: c

During the first quarter of 2018, Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-02 was adopted, which resulted in a \$1.7 million balance sheet only reclassification from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss to account 439 - Adjustments to Retained Earnings. The reclassification was the result of the change in federal income tax rates from 35 percent to 21 percent. Usage of account 439 requires prior FERC approval. See Page 122 Note 2 for further discussion of the adoption of ASU No. 2018-02 as well as the prior FERC approval.

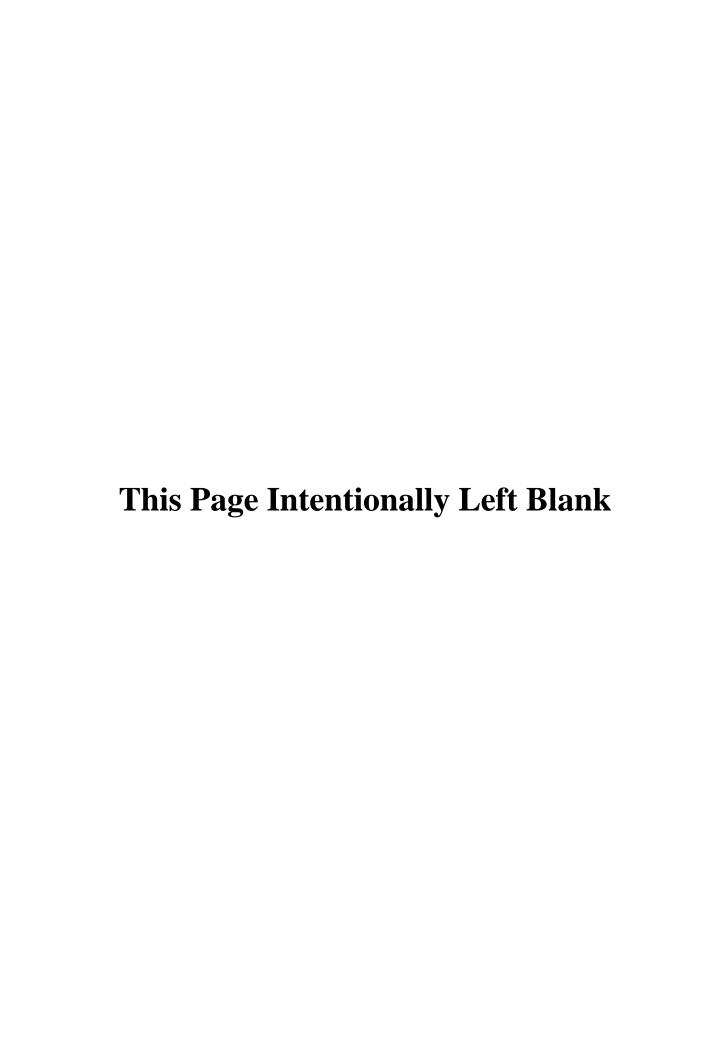
AVISIA COIDOIAIIOII	oriated undistributed sul recorded (Accounts 43	Current Quarter Year to Date Balance (c) 178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	
Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unapprograted in column (b). Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in whice affected in column (b). State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balan 5. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Line No. Line Item Item Item No.	oriated undistributed sul recorded (Accounts 43 e of retained earnings. Contra Primary Account Affected	bsidiary earnings for the year. 33, 436-439 inclusive). Show the search of the search	Previous Quarter Year to Date Balance (d) 572,281,364 1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
1. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, and unappro 2. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in whice 4. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balan 5. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Line No. (a) UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS 1. Balance-Beginning of Period 2. Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) 3. Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 4. TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5. TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 6. Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7. Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8. TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 437) 10. TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 11. Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 12. TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 13. Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14. Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 17. OTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 18. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 19. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 10. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Ac	riated undistributed sul recorded (Accounts 43 e of retained earnings. Contra Primary Account Affected	Current Quarter Year to Date Balance (c) 178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	Previous Quarter Year to Date Balance (d) 572,281,364 1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
2. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in whic affected in column (b). 3. State the purpose and amount for each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings. 4. List first Account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balants. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock. Item Item No. UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS 1. Balance-Beginning of Period 2. Changes (identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) 3. Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 4. TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5. TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 6. Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7. Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8. TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 437) 10. TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10. TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 11. Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12. TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 13. Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14. Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) 17. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 18. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215). (Tootnote details) 19. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215). (Tootnote details) 10. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215). (Tootnote details) 10. TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215). (Tootnote details) 11. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS Adcount 215). (Tootnote details) 12. APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS Adcount 215). (Tootnote details) 13. Transfers from Account 216.1 Unappropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215). (Tootnote details) 14. Balance-Beginning of Para (Debit or Credit) 15	e of retained earnings. Contra Primary Account Affected	Current Quarter Year to Date Balance (c) 178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	Previous Quarter Year to Date Balance (d) 572,281,364 1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS 1 Balance-Beginning of Period 2 Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) 3 Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 4 TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5 TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 6 Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7 Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 9 Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 438) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 10 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 11 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 12 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 13 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 14 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 15 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 20 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote detai	Account Affected	Year to Date Balance (c) 623,531,170 178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	Year to Date Balance (d) 572,281,364 1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS Balance-Beginning of Period Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Reta		Balance (c) 623,531,170 178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	Balance (d) 572,281,364 1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS 1 Balance-Beginning of Period 2 Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) 3 Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) 4 TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 5 TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) 6 Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) 7 Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 8 TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) 9 Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 10 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) 11 Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 12 TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) 13 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings 14 Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) 15 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 17 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 19 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 10 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 11 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 12 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) 13 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 14 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 15 APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) 16 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 17 APPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) 18 Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly 29 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) 20 Other Changes (Explain)		178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	572,281,364 1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Balance-Beginning of Period Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Changes (Identify by prescribed retained earnings accounts) Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		178,367,338 (3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	1,742,363 134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439) TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Account 439) (footnote details) Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account 18 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 1 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 1 TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 1 TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	134,037,116 (5,320,848) 98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Balance Transferred from Income (Acct 433 less Acct 418.1) Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Account 436) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) (footnote details) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		102,772,642 10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	98,046,075 18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437) (footnote details) Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438) (footnote details) Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		10,579,862 709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	18,837,250 628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
Balance-End of Period (Total of lines 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 13) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		709,705,728 41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	628,852,018 37,452,971 (5,320,848)
APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		41,178,525 (3,725,552) 37,452,973	37,452,971 (5,320,848)
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 37,452,973	(5,320,848)
APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(3,725,552) 37,452,973	(5,320,848)
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		37,452,973	, , , ,
TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		37,452,973	, , , ,
TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)			32,132,123
UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		747,158,701	660,984,141
Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		7 17,100,701	000,701,111
Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)			
Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)		(16,389,107)	56,139
24 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 25 Other Changes (Explain)		13,582,269	2,392,004
Other Changes (Explain)		10,000,000	10,000,000
		(579,863)	(8,837,250)
		(13,386,701)	(16,389,107)

Nam	ne of Respondent			port Is:	Date (Mo	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/Pe	riod of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	F	An Original A Resubmission	,	15/2020	End of	2019/Q4
	Statemen	` '	ash		<u> </u>			
sepa	odes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures rately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.	and ot	her	long-term debt; (c) Ir				
betw	nformation about noncash investing and financing activities must be pro- een "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amoun	ts on t	he l	Balance Sheet.				
	perating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to opera ities should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Fir							
taxes	s paid.							
	expressing Activities: Include at Other (line 25) net cash outflow to acquire							
	med in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this st action 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of lease					pitalized per trie	: USOIA G	enerai
Line	Description (See Instructions for explanation of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		rrent Year	Prev	ious Year
No.			,			to Date		o Date
	(a)				Qu	arter/Year	Qua	rter/Year
1	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities					101 010 007		100 100 100
2	Net Income (Line 78(c) on page 116)					191,949,607		136,429,120
3	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:					000 400 054		
4	Depreciation and Depletion					202,496,251		179,217,557
5	Amortization of deferred power and gas costs, debt expense and exchange power				(41,704,853)		17,690,809
6	Deferred Income Taxes (Net)					10,274,962	,	8,882,835
7	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments (Net)					718,518	(540,168)
8	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables				(9,860,829)	,	17,548,393
9	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory				(6,255,653)	(4,880,128)
10	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Inventory					4 000 474		4 750 000
11	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses					1,823,471		1,753,920
12	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Regulatory Assets				(6,065,721)		1,041,677
13	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Regulatory Liabilities				(5,135,361)		28,600,265
14	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction					6,434,430		6,331,723
15	(Less) Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies					13,582,269	,	2,392,004
16	Other (footnote details):					71,865,969	(23,568,891)
17	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (Total of Lines 2 thru 16)					390,089,662		353,451,662
18 19	(Total OF Lines 2 tillu 16)					390,009,002		333,431,002
20	Cash Flows from Investment Activities:							
21	Construction and Acquisition of Plant (including land):							
22	Gross Additions to Utility Plant (less nuclear fuel)				(439,249,001)	(420,377,970)
23	Gross Additions to Nuclear Fuel					+00,2+0,001)	,	420,311,310)
24	Gross Additions to Common Utility Plant							
25	Gross Additions to Nonutility Plant							
26	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction							
27	Other (footnote details):							
28	Cash Outflows for Plant (Total of lines 22 thru 27)				(439,249,001)	(420,377,970)
29					`		· ·	,
30	Acquisition of Other Noncurrent Assets (d)							
31	Proceeds from Disposal of Noncurrent Assets (d)					882,641		559,980
32	Federal and state grant payments received							
33	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies				(3,693,898)	(19,855,879)
34	Contributions and Advances from Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies					10,000,000		10,000,000
35	Disposition of Investments in (and Advances to)							
36	Associated and Subsidiary Companies							
37	Cash paid for acquisition							
38	Purchase of Investment Securities (a)							
39	Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities (a)							

Line No.	Corporation Statement of Ca		min al	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
No. 40 L	Statement of Ca	(1) X An Original (2) A Resu	ginai ibmission	04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
No. 40 L		` ,			
No. 40 L	Description (See Instructions for explanation of		,	Current Year	Previous Year
	2000			to Date	to Date
	(a)			Quarter/Year	Quarter/Year
41 C	Loans Made or Purchased				
	Collections on Loans				
	Restricted cash				
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables				
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory				
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation				
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses				
	hanges in other property and investments			(1,750,738)	(2,002,301)
	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities				
	Total of lines 28 thru 47)			(433,810,996)	(431,676,170)
50					
	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
	Proceeds from Issuance of:			400,000,000	074 004 050
$\overline{}$	ong-Term Debt (b)			180,000,000	374,621,250
	referred Stock			04 570 445	4 000 704
	ommon Stock			64,572,145	1,206,734
	ther (footnote details):				05 000 000
-	Net Increase in Short-term Debt (c)				85,000,000
-	Other (footnote details):			044 570 445	400 007 004
$\overline{}$	Cash Provided by Outside Sources (Total of lines 53 thru 58)			244,572,145	460,827,984
60	Demonstration Dellaconstration				
-	Payments for Retirement of:			(00 000 000)	(074 000 047)
$\overline{}$	ong-Term Debt (b) referred Stock			(90,000,000)	(274,902,917)
	ommon Stock				
	ther			(2,007,040)	(8,184,023)
$\overline{}$	Net Decrease in Short-Term Debt (c)			(7,700,000)	(0,104,023)
	remium paid to repurchase long-term debt			(7,700,000)	
-	Dividends on Preferred Stock				
	Dividends on Common Stock			(102,772,642)	(98,046,075)
	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities			(102,772,042)	(30,040,073)
-	Total of lines 59 thru 69)			42,092,463	79,694,969
72	Total of lifes 37 tille 07)			42,002,400	70,004,000
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents				
	Total of line 18, 49 and 71)			(1,628,871)	1,470,461
75				(1,020,011)	1,110,101
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period			5,586,966	4,112,505
77					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
-	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period			3,958,095	5,586,966

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 16 Column: c	
Power and natural gas deferrals	3,653,810
Change in special deposits	(3,862,626)
Change in other current assets	(1,546,634)
Non-cash stock compensation	5,366,952
Other non-current assets and liabilities	(4,783,663)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	3,900,000
Preliminary survey and investigation costs	193,554
Cash paid for settlement of interest rate	
swaps	(32,174,169)
Cash received from settlement of interest rat	
swaps	5,594,067
Gain on sale of property and equipment	13,250
Other	76,568
Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 16 Column: b	
Power and natural gas deferrals	4,692,134
Change in special deposits	63,973,598
Change in other current assets	(5,417,123)
Non-cash stock compensation	11,352,863
Other non-current assets and liabilities	10,396,693
Allowance for doubtful accounts	400,000
Cash paid for settlement of interest rate	
swaps	(13,325,137)
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(109,159)
Other	(97,900)
Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 65 Column: c	
Minimum tax withholdings	
for share based compensation (3,928,	728)
Long-term debt issuance costs (4,255,	295)
Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 65 Column: b	
Minimum tax withholdings	
for share based compensation (891,	513)
Long-term debt issuance costs (1,115,	527)



Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·				
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
Notes to Financial Statements							

- 1. Provide important disclosures regarding the Balance Sheet, Statement of Income for the Year, Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year, and Statement of Cash Flow, or any account thereof. Classify the disclosures according to each financial statement, providing a subheading for each statement except where a disclosure is applicable to more than one statement. The disclosures must be on the same subject matters and in the same level of detail that would be required if the respondent issued general purpose financial statements to the public or shareholders.
- 2. Furnish details as to any significant contingent assets or liabilities existing at year end, and briefly explain any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Service involving possible assessment of additional income taxes of material amount, or a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amount initiated by the utility. Also, briefly explain any dividends in arrears on cumulative preferred stock.
- 3. Furnish details on the respondent's pension plans, post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) plans, and post-employment benefit plans as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose for each individual plan the current year's cash contributions. Furnish details on the accounting for the plans and any changes in the method of accounting for them. Include details on the accounting for transition obligations or assets, gains or losses, the amounts deferred and the expected recovery periods. Also, disclose any current year's plan or trust curtailments, terminations, transfers, or reversions of assets. Entities that participate in multiemployer postretirement benefit plans (e.g. parent company sponsored pension plans) disclose in addition to the required disclosures for the consolidated plan, (1) the amount of cost recognized in the respondent's financial statements for each plan for the period presented, and (2) the basis for determining the respondent's share of the total plan costs.
- 4. Furnish details on the respondent's asset retirement obligations (ARO) as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose the amounts recovered through rates to settle such obligations. Identify any mechanism or account in which recovered funds are being placed (i.e. trust funds, insurance policies, surety bonds). Furnish details on the accounting for the asset retirement obligations and any changes in the measurement or method of accounting for the obligations. Include details on the accounting for settlement of the obligations and any gains or losses expected or incurred on the settlement.
- 5. Provide a list of all environmental credits received during the reporting period.
- 6. Provide a summary of revenues and expenses for each tracked cost and special surcharge.
- 7. Where Account 189, Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt, and 257, Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, are not used, give an explanation, providing the rate treatment given these item. See General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 8. Explain concisely any retained earnings restrictions and state the amount of retained earnings affected by such restrictions.
- 9. Disclose details on any significant financial changes during the reporting year to the respondent or the respondent's consolidated group that directly affect the respondent's gas pipeline operations, including: sales, transfers or mergers of affiliates, investments in new partnerships, sales of gas pipeline facilities or the sale of ownership interests in the gas pipeline to limited partnerships, investments in related industries (i.e., production, gathering), major pipeline investments, acquisitions by the parent corporation(s), and distributions of capital.
- 10. Explain concisely unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that the company may need to refund a material amount to the utility's customers or that the utility may receive a material refund with respect to power or gas purchases. State for each year affected the gross revenues or costs to which the contingency relates and the tax effects and explain the major factors that affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or to recover amounts paid with respect to power and gas purchases.
- 11. Explain concisely significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting revenues received or costs incurred for power or gas purchases, and summarize the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts.
- 12. Explain concisely only those significant changes in accounting methods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of allocations and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also give the approximate dollar effect of such changes.
- 13. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide in the notes sufficient disclosures so as to make the interim information not misleading. Disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the most recent FERC Annual Report may be omitted.
- 14. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be provided where events subsequent to the end of the most recent year have occurred which have a material effect on the respondent. Respondent must include in the notes significant changes since the most recently completed year in such items as: accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant new borrowings or modifications of existing financing agreements; and changes resulting from business combinations or dispositions. However were material contingencies exist, the disclosure of such matters shall be provided even though a significant change since year end may not have occurred.
- 15. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements relating to the respondent appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by the above instructions, such notes may be included herein.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business

Avista Corp. (the Company) is primarily an electric and natural gas utility with certain other business ventures. Avista Corp. provides electric distribution and transmission, and natural gas distribution services in parts of eastern Washington and northern Idaho. Avista Corp. also provides natural gas distribution service in parts of northeastern and southwestern Oregon. Avista Corp. has electric generating facilities in Washington, Idaho, Oregon and Montana. Avista Corp. also supplies electricity to a small number of customers in Montana, most of whom are employees who operate the Company's Noxon Rapids generating facility.

Alaska Electric and Resources Company (AERC) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Avista Corp. The primary subsidiary of AERC is Alaska Electric Light and Power (AEL&P), which comprises Avista Corp.'s regulated utility operations in Alaska.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
•	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·				
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
Notes to Financial Statements							

Avista Capital, a wholly owned non-regulated subsidiary of Avista Corp., is the parent company of all of the subsidiary companies except AERC (and its subsidiaries).

Basis of Reporting

The financial statements include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). As required by the FERC, the Company accounts for its investment in majority-owned subsidiaries on the equity method rather than consolidating the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of these subsidiaries, as required by U.S. GAAP. The accompanying financial statements include the Company's proportionate share of utility plant and related operations resulting from its interests in jointly owned plants. In addition, under the requirements of the FERC, there are differences from U.S. GAAP in the presentation of (1) current portion of long-term debt (2) assets and liabilities for cost of removal of assets, (3) assets held for sale, (4) regulatory assets and liabilities, (5) deferred income taxes associated with accounts other than utility property, plant and equipment, (6) comprehensive income, (7) unamortized debt issuance costs, (8) operating revenues and resource costs associated with settled energy contracts that are "booked out" (not physically delivered), (9) non-service portion of pension and other postretirement benefit costs and (10) leases.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include:

- determining the market value of energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities,
- pension and other postretirement benefit plan obligations,
- contingent liabilities,
- goodwill impairment testing for goodwill held at subsidiaries,
- recoverability of regulatory assets, and
- unbilled revenues.

Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on the financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

System of Accounts

The accounting records of the Company's utility operations are maintained in accordance with the uniform system of accounts prescribed by the FERC and adopted by the state regulatory commissions in Washington, Idaho, Montana and Oregon.

Regulation

The Company is subject to state regulation in Washington, Idaho, Montana, and Oregon. The Company is also subject to federal regulation primarily by the FERC, as well as various other federal agencies with regulatory oversight of particular aspects of its operations.

Depreciation

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·				
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
Notes to Financial Statements							

For utility operations, depreciation expense is estimated by a method of depreciation accounting utilizing composite rates for utility plant. Such rates are designed to provide for retirements of properties at the expiration of their service lives. For utility operations, the ratio of depreciation provisions to average depreciable property was as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018
Avista Corp.		
Ratio of depreciation to average depreciable property	3.28%	3.17%

The average service lives for the following broad categories of utility plant in service are (in years):

	Avista Corp.
Electric thermal/other production	35
Hydroelectric production	81
Electric transmission	50
Electric distribution	38
Natural gas distribution property	45

Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)

AFUDC represents the cost of both the debt and equity funds used to finance utility plant additions during the construction period. As prescribed by regulatory authorities, AFUDC is capitalized as a part of the cost of utility plant. The debt component of AFUDC is credited against total interest expense in the Statements of Income in the line item "capitalized interest." The equity component of AFUDC is included in the Statement of Income in the line item "other expense (income)-net." The Company is permitted, under established regulatory rate practices, to recover the capitalized AFUDC, and a reasonable return thereon, through its inclusion in rate base and the provision for depreciation after the related utility plant is placed in service. Cash inflow related to AFUDC does not occur until the related utility plant is placed in service and included in rate base.

The WUTC and IPUC have authorized Avista Corp. to calculate AFUDC using its allowed rate of return. Beginning in 2018, to the extent amounts calculated using this rate exceed the AFUDC amounts calculated using the FERC formula, Avista Corp. capitalizes the excess as a regulatory asset. The regulatory asset associated with plant in service is amortized over the average useful life of Avista Corp.' utility plant which is approximately 30 years. The regulatory asset associated with construction work in progress is not amortized until the plant is placed in service. The OPUC does not allow the Company to capitalize AFUDC that exceeds the FERC calculated rate.

The effective AFUDC rate was the following for the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018
Avista Corp.		
Effective state AFUDC rate	7.39%	7.43%

Reclassification of AFUDC to Comply with Required FERC Regulatory Reporting

During the third quarter of 2019, the FERC completed an audit of Avista Corp. that covered the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2018. The FERC indicated that Avista's method of deferring taxes on AFUDC Equity should be changed from normalization to flow-through. Avista has historically normalized the AFUDC Equity book/tax timing difference by recognizing deferred tax expense with the result of spreading the benefit over the book life of the asset. Under the flow-through method, Avista will no longer recognize deferred tax expense on the AFUDC Equity timing difference and instead recognize a regulatory asset to be reversed over the book life of the asset. The flow-through method does not impact revenue requirement. A regulatory asset was

FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-07	122.3	·

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
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Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4		
Notes to Financial Statements					

recorded in 2018 for \$1.7M to account for this change to the flow-through method on a prospective basis.

Additionally, Avista Corp.'s AFUDC rate, which is prescribed by state regulatory authorities, is different than the FERC approved method for calculating AFUDC. The FERC indicated that the difference in rates should be recorded as a regulatory asset rather than in utility plant. At the conclusion of the audit, the FERC required Avista Corp. to reclassify the excess AFUDC from Net utility plant to Non-current regulatory assets for the period January 1, 2010 (the effective date of the Company's current fixed transmission rates) to the present. As a result, Avista Corp. reclassified approximately \$33 million (net of accumulated depreciation) from Net utility plant to Non-current regulatory assets as of December 31, 2019, which represents the cumulative adjustment for 2010 through 2017. The Company recorded the difference in AFUDC rates for 2018 and 2019 as a regulatory asset in the respective periods incurred. The Company did not adjust prior period Consolidated Balances Sheets since the FERC required the adjustment to be reflected on a cumulative basis at the end of the audit and required the AFUDC calculation to be modified on a prospective basis. The Company concluded that the differences were insignificant during each prior period and on a cumulative basis. The adjustment recorded during 2019 had no effect on net income or earnings per share.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets represent future income tax deductions the Company expects to utilize in future tax returns to reduce taxable income. Deferred income tax liabilities represent future taxable income the Company expects to recognize in future tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise when there are temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes. A deferred income tax asset or liability is determined based on the enacted tax rates that will be in effect when the temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and tax basis of existing assets and liabilities are expected to be reported in the Company's income tax returns. The deferred income tax expense for the period is equal to the net change in the deferred income tax asset and liability accounts from the beginning to the end of the period. The effect on deferred income taxes from a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date unless a regulatory order specifies deferral of the effect of the change in tax rates over a longer period of time. The Company establishes a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that all, or a portion, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred income tax liabilities and regulatory assets are established for income tax benefits flowed through to customers.

The Company's largest deferred income tax item is the difference between the book and tax basis of utility plant. This item results from the temporary difference on depreciation expense. In early tax years, this item is recorded as a deferred income tax liability that will eventually reverse and become subject to income tax in later tax years.

See Note 9 for discussion of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) and its impacts on the Company's financial statements, as well as a tabular presentation of all the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company did not incur any penalties on income tax positions in 2019 or 2018. The Company would recognize interest accrued related to income tax positions as interest expense and any penalties incurred as other income deductions.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company currently issues three types of stock-based compensation awards - restricted shares, market-based awards and performance-based awards. Historically, these stock compensation awards have not been material to the Company's overall financial results. Compensation cost relating to share-based payment transactions is recognized in the Company's financial statements based on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued and recorded over the requisite service period.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense (included in other operating expenses) and income tax benefits in the Statements of Income of the following amounts for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Stock-based compensation expense

2019 2018 \$ 11,353 \$ 5,367

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Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
Notes to Financial Statements							
Income tax benefits		2,384	1,127				

Restricted share awards vest in equal thirds each year over 3 years and are payable in Avista Corp. common stock at the end of each year if the service condition is met. In addition to the service condition, for restricted shares granted in 2017, the Company must meet a return on equity target in order for the Chief Executive Officer's restricted shares to vest. Restricted stock is valued at the close of market of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

(612)

990

Excess tax benefits (expenses) on settled share-based employee payments

Total Shareholder Return (TSR) awards are market-based awards and Cumulative Earnings Per Share (CEPS) awards are performance awards. Both types of awards vest after a period of 3 years and are payable in cash or Avista Corp. common stock at the end of the three-year period. The method of settlement is at the discretion of the Company and historically the Company has settled these awards through issuance of Avista Corp. common stock and intends to continue this practice. Both types of awards entitle the recipients to dividend equivalent rights, are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances, and are subject to meeting specific market or performance conditions. Based on the level of attainment of the market or performance conditions, the amount of cash paid or common stock issued will range from 0 to 200 percent of the initial awards granted. Dividend equivalent rights are accumulated and paid out only on shares that eventually vest and have met the market and performance conditions.

For both the TSR awards and the CEPS awards, the Company accounts for them as equity awards and compensation cost for these awards is recognized over the requisite service period, provided that the requisite service period is rendered. For TSR awards, if the market condition is not met at the end of the three-year service period, there will be no change in the cumulative amount of compensation cost recognized, since the awards are still considered vested even though the market metric was not met. For CEPS awards, at the end of the three-year service period, if the internal performance metric of cumulative earnings per share is not met, all compensation cost for these awards is reversed as these awards are not considered vested.

The fair value of each TSR award is estimated on the date of grant using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of meeting the market targets based on historical returns relative to a peer group. The estimated fair value of the equity component of CEPS awards was estimated on the date of grant as the share price of Avista Corp. common stock on the date of grant, less the net present value of the estimated dividends over the three-year period.

The following table summarizes the number of grants, vested and unvested shares, earned shares (based on market metrics), and other pertinent information related to the Company's stock compensation awards for the years ended December 31:

	 2019	2018
Restricted Shares		
Shares granted during the year	50,061	40,661
Shares vested during the year	(48,228)	(53,352)
Unvested shares at end of year	93,351	91,998
Unrecognized compensation expense at end of year (in thousands)	\$ 2,054 \$	1,964
TSR Awards		
TSR shares granted during the year	99,214	80,724
TSR shares vested during the year	(106,858)	(107,342)
TSR shares earned based on market metrics	_	
Unvested TSR shares at end of year	178,035	187,172
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thousands)	\$ 3,377 \$	3,706
CEPS Awards		

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <u>X</u> An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Repo		
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/20	020		2019/Q4	
Notes to Financial Statements						
CEPS shares granted during the year			49,609		40,329	
CEPS shares vested during the year			(53,454))	(53,699)	
CEPS shares earned based on market metrics			106,908		30,102	
Unvested CEPS shares at end of year			88,990		93,579	
Unrecognized compensation expense (in thou	sands)	\$	2,401	\$	1,260	

Outstanding TSR and CEPS share awards include a dividend component that is paid in cash. This component of the share grants is accounted for as a liability award. These liability awards are revalued on a quarterly basis taking into account the number of awards outstanding, historical dividend rate, the change in the value of the Company's common stock relative to an external benchmark (TSR awards only) and the amount of CEPS earned to date compared to estimated CEPS over the performance period (CEPS awards only). Over the life of these awards, the cumulative amount of compensation expense recognized will match the actual cash paid. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had recognized cumulative compensation expense and a liability of \$0.9 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, related to the dividend component on the outstanding and unvested share grants.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers all temporary investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide for estimated and potential losses on accounts receivable. The Company determines the allowance for utility and other customer accounts receivable based on historical write-offs as compared to accounts receivable and operating revenues. Additionally, the Company establishes specific allowances for certain individual accounts.

Utility Plant in Service

The cost of additions to utility plant in service, including AFUDC and replacements of units of property and improvements, is capitalized. The cost of depreciable units of property retired plus the cost of removal less salvage is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Asset Retirement Obligations (ARO)

The Company records the fair value of a liability for an ARO in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the associated costs of the ARO are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. The liability is accreted to its present value each period and the related capitalized costs are depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. In addition, if there are changes in the estimated timing or estimated costs of the AROs, adjustments are recorded during the period new information becomes available as an increase or decrease to the liability, with the offset recorded to the related long-lived asset. Upon retirement of the asset, the Company either settles the ARO for its recorded amount or recognizes a regulatory asset or liability for the difference, which will be surcharged/refunded to customers through the ratemaking process. The Company records regulatory assets and liabilities for the difference between asset retirement costs currently recovered in rates and AROs recorded since asset retirement costs are recovered through rates charged to customers (see Note 7 for further discussion of the Company's AROs).

Goodwill

Goodwill arising from acquisitions represents the future economic benefit arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized. The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment using a

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fair value to carrying amount comparison (Step 1) for AEL&P. The Company completed its annual evaluation of goodwill for potential impairment as of November 30, 2019 and determined that goodwill was not impaired at that time (carrying value was less than the determined fair value). There were no events or circumstances that changed between November 30, 2019 and December 31, 2019 that would more likely than not reduce the fair values of the reporting units below their carrying amounts. While, the Company does not have any goodwill amounts recorded on its FERC balance sheets, it does have goodwill at its subsidiaries and the amounts for goodwill are reflected in the investment in subsidiary companies.

The following amounts were recorded as goodwill at the subsidiary companies and reflected through the investment in subsidiary companies on the FERC balance sheets (dollars in thousands):

Accumulated

	AEL&P	Other	1	mpairment Losses	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$ 52,426	\$ 12,979	\$	(7,733)	\$ 57,672
Goodwill sold during the year	_	(12,979)		7,733	(5,246)
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 52,426	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 52,426

Goodwill sold during the year relates to the sale of METALfx in April 2019. See Note 19 for further discussion. Accumulated impairment losses were attributable to METALfx, which was a part of the other businesses.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities

Derivatives are recorded as either assets or liabilities on the Balance Sheets measured at estimated fair value.

The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (WUTC) and the Idaho Public Utilities Commission (IPUC) issued accounting orders authorizing Avista Corp. to offset energy commodity derivative assets or liabilities with a regulatory asset or liability. This accounting treatment is intended to defer the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on energy commodity transactions until the period of delivery. Realized benefits and costs result in adjustments to retail rates through Purchased Gas Adjustments (PGA), the Energy Recovery Mechanism (ERM) in Washington, the Power Cost Adjustment (PCA) mechanism in Idaho, and periodic general rates cases. The resulting regulatory assets associated with energy commodity derivative instruments have been concluded to be probable of recovery through future rates.

Substantially all forward contracts to purchase or sell power and natural gas are recorded as derivative assets or liabilities at estimated fair value with an offsetting regulatory asset or liability. Contracts that are not considered derivatives are accounted for on the accrual basis until they are settled or realized unless there is a decline in the fair value of the contract that is determined to be other-than-temporary.

For interest rate swap derivatives, Avista Corp. records all mark-to-market gains and losses in each accounting period as assets and liabilities, as well as offsetting regulatory assets and liabilities, such that there is no income statement impact. The interest rate swap derivatives are risk management tools similar to energy commodity derivatives. Upon settlement of interest rate swap derivatives, the regulatory asset or liability is amortized as a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt. The Company records an offset of interest rate swap derivative assets and liabilities with regulatory assets and liabilities, based on the prior practice of the commissions to provide recovery through the ratemaking process.

The Company has multiple master netting agreements with a variety of entities that allow for cross-commodity netting of derivative agreements with the same counterparty (i.e. power derivatives can be netted with natural gas derivatives). In addition, some master netting agreements allow for the netting of commodity derivatives and interest rate swap derivatives for the same counterparty. The Company does not have any agreements which allow for cross-affiliate netting among multiple affiliated legal entities. The Company

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nets all derivative instruments when allowed by the agreement for presentation in the Balance Sheets.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value represents the price that would be received when selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Energy commodity derivative assets and liabilities, deferred compensation assets, as well as derivatives related to interest rate swap derivatives and foreign currency exchange derivatives, are reported at estimated fair value on the Balance Sheets. See Note 14 for the Company's fair value disclosures.

Regulatory Deferred Charges and Credits

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with regulatory accounting practices because:

- rates for regulated services are established by or subject to approval by independent third-party regulators,
- the regulated rates are designed to recover the cost of providing the regulated services, and
- in view of demand for the regulated services and the level of competition, it is reasonable to assume that rates can be charged to and collected from customers at levels that will recover costs.

Regulatory accounting practices require that certain costs and/or obligations (such as incurred power and natural gas costs not currently reflected in rates, but expected to be recovered or refunded in the future), are reflected as deferred charges or credits on the Balance Sheets. These costs and/or obligations are not reflected in the Statements of Income until the period during which matching revenues are recognized. The Company also has decoupling revenue deferrals. Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized in the Statements of Income during the period they occur (i.e. during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset/liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative regulatory revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period Statement of Income. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months are not recorded in the financial statements until the period in which revenue recognition criteria are met. This could ultimately result in decoupling revenue that arose during the current year being recognized in a future period.

If at some point in the future the Company determines that it no longer meets the criteria for continued application of regulatory accounting practices for all or a portion of its regulated operations, the Company could be:

- required to write off its regulatory assets, and
- precluded from the future deferral of costs or decoupled revenues not recovered through rates at the time such amounts are incurred, even if the Company expected to recover these amounts from customers in the future.

Unamortized Debt Expense

Unamortized debt expense includes debt issuance costs that are amortized over the life of the related debt.

Unamortized Gain/Loss on Reacquired Debt

For the Company's Washington regulatory jurisdiction and for any debt repurchases beginning in 2007 in all jurisdictions, premiums or discounts paid to repurchase debt are amortized over the remaining life of the original debt that was repurchased or, if new debt is issued in connection with the repurchase, these amounts are amortized over the life of the new debt. In the Company's other regulatory jurisdictions, premiums or discounts paid to repurchase debt prior to 2007 are being amortized over the average remaining maturity of outstanding debt when no new debt was issued in connection with the debt repurchase. The premiums and discounts costs are recovered or returned to customers through retail rates as a component of interest expense.

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Appropriated Retained Earnings

In accordance with the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the Federal Power Act (FPA), the Company maintains an appropriated retained earnings account for any earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on the Company's investment in the licenses for its various hydroelectric projects. Per section 10(d) of the FPA, the Company must maintain these excess earnings in an appropriated retained earnings account until the termination of the licensing agreements or apply them to reduce the net investment in the licenses of the hydroelectric projects at the discretion of the FERC. The Company calculates the earnings in excess of the specified rate of return on an annual basis, usually during the second quarter.

The appropriated retained earnings amounts included in retained earnings were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2019	2018
Appropriated retained earnings	\$ 41,179	\$ 37,453

Contingencies

The Company has unresolved regulatory, legal and tax issues which have inherently uncertain outcomes. The Company accrues a loss contingency if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss or impairment can be reasonably estimated. The Company also discloses loss contingencies that do not meet these conditions for accrual, if there is a reasonable possibility that a material loss may be incurred. As of December 31, 2019, the Company has not recorded any significant amounts related to unresolved contingencies. See Note 16 for further discussion of the Company's commitments and contingencies.

Equity in Earnings (Losses) of Subsidiaries

The Company records all the earnings (losses) from its subsidiaries under the equity method. The Company had the following equity in earnings (losses) of its subsidiaries for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Avista Capital	\$ 6,404	\$ (5,660)
AERC	7,178	8,052
Total equity in earnings of subsidiary companies	\$ 13,582	\$ 2,392

Subsequent Events

See footnote 21 - subsequent events for further details.

NOTE 2. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)"

ASU No. 2018-01, "Leases (Topic 842): Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842"

ASU No. 2018-11, "Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements"

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU No. 2016-02, which outlines a model for entities to use in accounting for leases and supersedes previous lease accounting guidance, as well as several practical expedients in ASU Nos. 2018-01 and 2018-11.

The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-02 utilizing a modified retrospective adoption method with the "package of three" and hindsight practical expedients offered by the standard. The "package of three" provides for an entity to not reassess at adoption whether any expired or existing contracts are deemed, for accounting purposes, to be or contain leases, the classification of any expired or existing leases, and any initial direct costs for any existing leases. As a result, the Company did not reassess existing or

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expired contracts under the new lease guidance, and it did not reassess the classification of any existing leases. The Company used the benefit of hindsight in determining both term and impairments associated with any existing leases. Use of this practical expedient has resulted in lease terms that best represent management's expectations with respect to use of the underlying asset but did not result in recognition of any impairment.

The Company elected to adopt ASU No. 2018-01, which allows an entity to exclude from application of Topic 842 all easements executed prior to January 1, 2019. In addition, the Company elected to adopt the "comparatives under 840" practical expedient offered in ASU No. 2018-11, which allows an entity to apply the new lease standard at the adoption date, recognizing any necessary cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption and presenting comparative periods in the financial statements under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 840 (previous lease accounting guidance). Adoption of the standard did not result in a cumulative effect adjustment within the Company's financial statements.

As allowed by ASU No. 2016-02, the Company elected not to apply the requirements of the standard to short-term leases, those leases with an initial term of 12 months or less. These leases are not recorded on the balance sheet and are not material to the financial statements.

Adoption of the standard impacted the Company's Balance Sheet through recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities for the Company's operating leases. See Note 4 for further information on the Company's leases.

ASU No. 2018-02 "Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income"

In February 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU No. 2018-02, which amended the guidance for reporting comprehensive income. This ASU allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the enactment of the TCJA in December 2017. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. Upon adoption, the requirements of this ASU must be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period (or periods) in which the effect of the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate in the TCJA is recognized. The Company early adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018 and elected to apply the guidance during the period of adoption rather than apply the standard retrospectively. As a result, the Company reclassified \$1.7 million in tax benefits from accumulated other comprehensive loss to retained earnings during the year ended December 31, 2018.

For regulatory reporting, the reclassification to retained earnings is reflected in FERC account 439 – Adjustments to Retained Earnings. Per FERC Guidelines, the usage of account 439 requires prior FERC approval. During 2018, the Company filed a request with FERC for approval of the usage of account 439, which was approved by the FERC on December 21, 2018. The docket number for Avista Corp.'s request was AC19-9-000.

ASU 2018-13 "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)"

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, which amends the fair value measurement disclosure requirements of ASC 820. The requirements of this ASU include additional disclosure regarding the range and weighted average used to develop significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value estimates and the elimination of certain other previously required disclosures, such as the narrative description of the valuation process for Level 3 fair value measurements. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and early adoption is permitted. Entities have the option to early adopt the eliminated or modified disclosure requirements and delay the adoption of all the new disclosure requirements until the effective date of the ASU. The Company is in the process of evaluating this standard; however, it has determined that it will not early adopt any portion of this standard as of December 31, 2019.

ASU No. 2018-14 "Compensation - Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans - General (Subtopic 715-20)"

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In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, which amends ASC 715 to add, remove and/or clarify certain disclosure requirements related to defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The additional disclosure requirements are primarily narrative discussion of significant changes in the benefit obligations and plan assets. The removed disclosures are primarily information about accumulated other comprehensive income expected to be recognized over the next year and the effects of changes associated with assumed health care costs. This ASU is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating this standard; however, it has determined that it will not early adopt this standard as of December 31, 2019.

NOTE 3. REVENUE

ASC 606 defines the core principle of the revenue recognition model is that an entity should identify the various performance obligations in a contract, allocate the transaction price among the performance obligations and recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies each performance obligation.

Utility Revenues

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

General

The majority of Avista Corp.'s revenue is from rate-regulated sales of electricity and natural gas to retail customers, which has two performance obligations, (1) having service available for a specified period (typically a month at a time) and (2) the delivery of energy to customers. The total energy price generally has a fixed component (basic charge) related to having service available and a usage-based component, related to the delivery and consumption of energy. The commodity is sold and/or delivered to and consumed by the customer simultaneously, and the provisions of the relevant utility commission authorization determine the charges the Company may bill the customer. Given that all revenue recognition criteria are met upon the delivery of energy to customers, revenue is recognized immediately.

In addition, the sale of electricity and natural gas is governed by the various state utility commissions, which set rates, charges, terms and conditions of service, and prices. Collectively, these rates, charges, terms and conditions are included in a "tariff," which governs all aspects of the provision of regulated services. Tariffs are only permitted to be changed through a rate-setting process involving an independent, third-party regulator empowered by statute to establish rates that bind customers. Thus, all regulated sales by the Company are conducted subject to the regulator-approved tariff.

Tariff sales involve the current provision of commodity service (electricity and/or natural gas) to customers for a price that generally has a basic charge and a usage-based component. Tariff rates also include certain pass-through costs to customers such as natural gas costs, retail revenue credits and other miscellaneous regulatory items that do not impact net income, but can cause total revenue to fluctuate significantly up or down compared to previous periods. The commodity is sold and/or delivered to and consumed by the customer simultaneously, and the provisions of the relevant tariff determine the charges the Company may bill the customer, payment due date, and other pertinent rights and obligations of both parties. Generally, tariff sales do not involve a written contract. Given that all revenue recognition criteria are met upon the delivery of energy to customers, revenue is recognized immediately at that time.

Unbilled Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The determination of the volume of energy sales to individual customers is based on the reading of their meters, which occurs on a systematic basis throughout the month (once per month for each individual customer). At the end of each calendar month, the amount of energy delivered to customers since the date of the last meter reading is estimated and the corresponding unbilled revenue is estimated and recorded. The Company's estimate of unbilled revenue is based on:

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- the number of customers,
- current rates,
- meter reading dates,
- actual native load for electricity,
- actual throughput for natural gas, and
- electric line losses and natural gas system losses.

Any difference between actual and estimated revenue is automatically corrected in the following month when the actual meter reading and customer billing occurs.

Accounts receivable includes unbilled energy revenues of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Unbilled accounts receivable \$ 60,560 \$ 64,463

Non-Derivative Wholesale Contracts

The Company has certain wholesale contracts which are not accounted for as derivatives that are within the scope of ASC 606 and considered revenue from contracts with customers. Revenue is recognized as energy is delivered to the customer or the service is available for specified period of time, consistent with the discussion of tariff sales above.

Alternative Revenue Programs (Decoupling)

ASC 606 retained existing GAAP associated with alternative revenue programs, which specified that alternative revenue programs are contracts between an entity and a regulator of utilities, not a contract between an entity and a customer. GAAP requires that an entity present revenue arising from alternative revenue programs separately from revenues arising from contracts with customers on the face of the Statements of Income. The Company's decoupling mechanisms (also known as a FCA in Idaho) qualify as alternative revenue programs. Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized in the Statements of Income during the period they occur (i.e. during the period of revenue shortfall or excess due to fluctuations in customer usage), subject to certain limitations, and a regulatory asset or liability is established which will be surcharged or rebated to customers in future periods. GAAP requires that for any alternative revenue program, like decoupling, the revenue must be expected to be collected from customers within 24 months of the deferral to qualify for recognition in the current period Statement of Income. Any amounts included in the Company's decoupling program that are not expected to be collected from customers within 24 months represents an estimate which must be made by the Company on an ongoing basis due to it being based on the volumes of electric and natural gas sold to customers on a go-forward basis.

The Company records alternative program revenues under the gross method, which is to amortize the decoupling regulatory asset/liability to the alternative revenue program line item on the Statement of Income as it is collected from or refunded to customers. The cash passing between the Company and the customers is presented in revenue from contracts with customers since it is a portion of the overall tariff paid by customers. This method results in a gross-up to both revenue from contracts with customers and revenue from alternative revenue programs, but has a net zero impact on total revenue. Depending on whether the previous deferral balance being amortized was a regulatory asset or regulatory liability, and depending on the size and direction of the current year deferral of surcharges and/or rebates to customers, it could result in negative alternative revenue program revenue during the year.

Derivative Revenue

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Most wholesale electric and natural gas transactions (including both physical and financial transactions), and the sale of fuel are considered derivatives, which are scoped out of ASC 606. As such, these revenues are disclosed separately from revenue from contracts with customers. Revenue is recognized for these items upon the settlement/expiration of the derivative contract. Derivative revenue includes those transactions which are entered into and settled within the same month.

Other Utility Revenue

Other utility revenue includes rent, revenues from the lineman training school, sales of materials, late fees and other charges that do not represent contracts with customers. Other utility revenue also includes the provision for earnings sharing and the deferral and amortization of refunds to customers associated with the TCJA, enacted in December 2017. This revenue is scoped out of ASC 606, as this revenue does not represent items where a customer is a party that has contracted with the Company to obtain goods or services that are an output of the Company's ordinary activities in exchange for consideration. As such, these revenues are presented separately from revenue from contracts with customers.

Other Considerations for Utility Revenues

Contracts with Multiple Performance Obligations

In addition to the tariff sales described above, which are stand-alone energy sales, the Company has bundled arrangements which contain multiple performance obligations including some combination of energy, capacity, energy reserves and RECs. Under these arrangements, the total contract price is allocated to the various performance obligations and revenue is recognized as the obligations are satisfied. Depending on the source of the revenue, it could either be included in revenue from contracts with customers or derivative revenue.

Gross Versus Net Presentation

Utility-related taxes collected from customers (primarily state excise taxes and city utility taxes) are taxes that are imposed on Avista Corp. as opposed to being imposed on its customers; therefore, Avista Corp. is the taxpayer and records these transactions on a gross basis in revenue from contracts with customers and operating expense (taxes other than income taxes).

Utility-related taxes that were included in revenue from contracts with customers were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Utility-related taxes

2019 2018

59,528 \$ 58,730

Significant Judgments and Unsatisfied Performance Obligations

The vast majority of the Company's revenues are derived from the rate-regulated sale of electricity and natural gas that have two performance obligations that are satisfied throughout the period and as energy is delivered to customers. In addition, the customers do not pay for energy in advance of receiving it. As such, the Company does not have any significant unsatisfied performance obligations or deferred revenues as of period-end associated with these revenues. Also, the only significant judgments involving revenue recognition are estimates surrounding unbilled revenue and receivables from contracts with customers (discussed in detail above) and estimates surrounding the amount of decoupling revenues which will be collected from customers within 24 months.

The Company has certain capacity arrangements, where the Company has a contractual obligation to provide either electric or natural gas capacity to its customers for a fixed fee. Most of these arrangements are paid for in arrears by the customers and do not result in deferred revenue and only result in receivables from the customers. The Company does have one capacity agreement where the customer makes payments throughout the year and depending on the timing of the customer payments, it can result in an immaterial amount of deferred revenue or a receivable from the customer. As of December 31, 2019, the Company estimates it had unsatisfied

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capacity performance obligations of \$5.9 million, which will be recognized as revenue in future periods as the capacity is provided to the customers. These performance obligations are not reflected in the financial statements, as the Company has not received payment for these services.

Disaggregation of Total Operating Revenue

The following table disaggregates total operating revenue by source for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
Avista Corp.		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 1,160,853 \$	1,147,935
Derivative revenues	246,355	277,048
Alternative revenue programs	9,614	908
Deferrals and amortizations for rate refunds to customers	1,093	(16,549)
Other utility revenues	10,184	7,456
Total Avista Corp.	1,428,0993	1,416,798

Utility Revenue from Contracts with Customers by Type and Service

The following table disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers associated with the Company's electric operations for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019	2018
ELECTRIC OPERATIONS		
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Residential	\$ 369,102	\$ 368,753
Commercial and governmental	317,589	314,532
Industrial	114,530	109,846
Public street and highway lighting	 7,448	7,539
Total retail revenue	808,669	 800,670
Transmission	18,180	17,864
Other revenue from contracts with customers	 26,969	27,364
Total revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 853,818	\$ 845,898

The following table disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers associated with the Company's natural gas operations for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		 2019	 2018
NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS			
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Residential		\$ 196,430	\$ 194,340
Commercial		92,168	89,341
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Industrial and interruptible		;	5,263	4,753
Total retail revenue		29.	3,861	288,434
Transportation		:	8,674	9,103
Other revenue from contracts with customers	\$		4,500	4,500
Total revenue from contracts with custom	ers	\$ 30	7.035	\$ 302.037

NOTE 4. LEASES

ASC 842, which outlines a model for entities to use in accounting for leases and supersedes previous lease accounting guidance, became effective on January 1, 2019. The core principle of the model is that an entity should recognize the ROU assets and liabilities that arise from leases on the balance sheet and depreciate or amortize the asset and liability over the term of the lease, as well as provide disclosure to enable users of the financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. For regulatory reporting, the FERC provided prescribed accounts for the ROU assets and lease liabilities, with the ROU assets being included in utility plant (FERC account 101) and the lease liabilities being included in capital lease obligations (FERC account 227). These accounts are different than the accounts allowed for in GAAP reporting, which results in a FERC/GAAP difference.

Significant Judgments and Assumptions

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease, as well as its classification, at its inception.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date of the agreement based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date to determine the present value of lease payments. The implicit rate is used when it is readily determinable. The operating lease ROU assets also include any lease payments made and exclude lease incentives, if any, that accrue to the benefit of the lessee.

Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any difference between lease expense and cash paid for leased assets is recognized as a regulatory asset or regulatory liability.

Description of Leases

Operating Leases

The Company's most significant operating lease is with the State of Montana associated with submerged land around the Company's hydroelectric facilities in the Clark Fork River basin, which expires in 2046. The terms of this lease are subject to renegotiation, depending on the outcome of ongoing litigation between Montana and NorthWestern Energy. In addition, the State of Montana and Avista Corp. are engaged in litigation regarding lease terms, including how much money, if any, the State of Montana will return to Avista Corp. The Company is currently paying all lease payments to the State of Montana into an escrow account until the litigation is resolved. As such, amounts recorded for this lease are uncertain and amounts may change in the future depending on the outcome of the ongoing litigation. Any reduction in future lease payments or the return of previously paid amounts to Avista Corp. will be included in the future ratemaking process.

In addition to the lease with the State of Montana, the Company also has other operating leases for land associated with its utility operations, as well as communication sites which support network and radio communications within its service territory. The Company's leases have remaining terms of 1 to 74 years. Most of the Company's leases include options to extend the lease term for periods of 5 to 50 years. Options are exercised at the Company's discretion.

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Certain of the Company's lease agreements include rental payments which are periodically adjusted over the term of the agreement based on the consumer price index. The Company's lease agreements do not include any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Avista Corp. does not record leases with a term of 12 months or less in the Balance Sheet. Total short-term lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2019 are immaterial.

Leases that Have Not Yet Commenced

In March 2019, the Company signed a PPA with Clearway Energy Group (Clearway) to purchase all of the power generated from the Rattlesnake Flat Wind project in Adams County, Washington. The facility has a nameplate capacity of 144 MW and is expected to generate approximately 50 aMW annually. During negotiations with Clearway, Avista Corp. was involved in the selection of the preferred generation facility type. The PPA is a 20-year agreement with deliveries expected to begin in 2020. The PPA provides Avista Corp. with additional renewable energy, capacity and environmental attributes. Avista Corp. expects to recover the cost of the power purchased through its retail rates. This PPA is considered a lease under ASC 842; however, all of the payments are variable payments based on whether power is generated from the facility. Since all the payments are variable, the Company will not record a lease liability for the agreement, but the expense will be included in resource costs when it becomes operational in 2020.

The components of lease expense were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2019
Operating lease cost:	
Fixed lease cost	\$ 4,425
Variable lease cost	988
Total operating lease cost	\$ 5,413

2019

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows for the year ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:

Operating cash outflows:

Operating lease payments

\$ 4,375

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows for December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
		2019
Operating Leases		
Operating lease ROU assets (Utility Plant)	\$	69,746
Obligations under capital lease - current	\$	4,128

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Obligations under capital lease - noncurrent			65,565
Total operating lease liabilities		\$	69,693
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term			
Operating leases			26.60 years

Weighted Average Discount Rate

Operating leases 3.82%

Maturities of lease liabilities (including principal and interest) were as follows as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	Operating Leases	
2020	\$	4,372
2021		4,375
2022		4,383
2023		4,399
2024		4,411
Thereafter		91,654
Total lease payments	\$	113,594
Less: imputed interest		(43,901)
Total	\$	69,693

Future minimum lease payments (including principal and interest) under Topic 840 as of December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands):

		Operating Leases	
2019	\$	4,995	
2020		4,876	
2021		4,859	
2022		4,782	
2023		4,780	
Thereafter		102,389	
Total lease payments	\$	126,681	
Less: imputed interest		_	
Total	\$	126,681	

NOTE 5. DERIVATIVES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Energy Commodity Derivatives

Avista Corp. is exposed to market risks relating to changes in electricity and natural gas commodity prices and certain other fuel prices. Market risk is, in general, the risk of fluctuation in the market price of the commodity being traded and is influenced primarily by supply and demand. Market risk includes the fluctuation in the market price of associated derivative commodity instruments. Avista Corp. utilizes derivative instruments, such as forwards, futures, swap derivatives and options in order to manage the various

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risks relating to these commodity price exposures. Avista Corp. has an energy resources risk policy and control procedures to manage these risks.

As part of Avista Corp.'s resource procurement and management operations in the electric business, the Company engages in an ongoing process of resource optimization, which involves the economic selection from available energy resources to serve Avista Corp.'s load obligations and the use of these resources to capture available economic value through wholesale market transactions. These include sales and purchases of electric capacity and energy, fuel for electric generation, and derivative contracts related to capacity, energy and fuel. Such transactions are part of the process of matching resources with load obligations and hedging a portion of the related financial risks. These transactions range from terms of intra-hour up to multiple years.

As part of its resource procurement and management of its natural gas business, Avista Corp. makes continuing projections of its natural gas loads and assesses available natural gas resources including natural gas storage availability. Natural gas resource planning typically includes peak requirements, low and average monthly requirements and delivery constraints from natural gas supply locations to Avista Corp.'s distribution system. However, daily variations in natural gas demand can be significantly different than monthly demand projections. On the basis of these projections, Avista Corp. plans and executes a series of transactions to hedge a portion of its projected natural gas requirements through forward market transactions and derivative instruments. These transactions may extend as much as three natural gas operating years (November through October) into the future. Avista Corp. also leaves a significant portion of its natural gas supply requirements unhedged for purchase in short-term and spot markets.

Avista Corp. plans for sufficient natural gas delivery capacity to serve its retail customers for a theoretical peak day event. Avista Corp. generally has more pipeline and storage capacity than what is needed during periods other than a peak day. Avista Corp. optimizes its natural gas resources by using market opportunities to generate economic value that helps mitigate fixed costs. Avista Corp. also optimizes its natural gas storage capacity by purchasing and storing natural gas when prices are traditionally lower, typically in the summer, and withdrawing during higher priced months, typically during the winter. However, if market conditions and prices indicate that Avista Corp. should buy or sell natural gas during other times in the year, Avista Corp. engages in optimization transactions to capture value in the marketplace. Natural gas optimization activities include, but are not limited to, wholesale market sales of surplus natural gas supplies, purchases and sales of natural gas to optimize use of pipeline and storage capacity, and participation in the transportation capacity release market.

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2019 that are expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

	Purchases					Sales					
	Electric I	Electric Derivatives		Gas Derivatives		Electric Derivatives		rivatives			
Year	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs			
2020	2	442	9,813	78,803	133	1,724	2,984	37,848			
2021	_	_	153	25,523	_	246	1,040	13,108			
2022	_	_	225	4,725	_	_	_	675			

As of December 31, 2019, there are no expected deliveries of energy commodity derivatives after 2022.

The following table presents the underlying energy commodity derivative volumes as of December 31, 2018 that were expected to be delivered in each respective year (in thousands of MWhs and mmBTUs):

Purchases Sales

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	Electric I	Derivatives	- Gas Derivatives		Electric I	Derivatives -	Gas Derivatives		
Year	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs	Physical (1) MWh	Financial (1) MWh	Physical (1) mmBTUs	Financial (1) mmBTUs	
2019	206	941	10,732	101,293	197	2,790	2,909	54,418	
2020	_	_	1,138	47,225	123	959	1,430	14,625	
2021	_		_	9,670	_		1,049	4,100	

As of December 31, 2018, there were no expected deliveries of energy commodity derivatives after 2021.

(1) Physical transactions represent commodity transactions in which Avista Corp. will take or make delivery of either electricity or natural gas; financial transactions represent derivative instruments with delivery of cash in the amount of the benefit or cost but with no physical delivery of the commodity, such as futures, swap derivatives, options, or forward contracts.

The electric and natural gas derivative contracts above will be included in either power supply costs or natural gas supply costs during the period they are delivered and will be included in the various deferral and recovery mechanisms (ERM, PCA, and PGAs), or in the general rate case process, and are expected to be collected through retail rates from customers.

Foreign Currency Exchange Derivatives

A significant portion of Avista Corp.'s natural gas supply (including fuel for power generation) is obtained from Canadian sources. Most of those transactions are executed in U.S. dollars, which avoids foreign currency risk. A portion of Avista Corp.'s short-term natural gas transactions and long-term Canadian transportation contracts are committed based on Canadian currency prices and settled within 60 days with U.S. dollars. Avista Corp. hedges a portion of the foreign currency risk by purchasing Canadian currency exchange derivatives when such commodity transactions are initiated. The foreign currency exchange derivatives and the unhedged foreign currency risk have not had a material effect on Avista Corp.'s financial condition, results of operations or cash flows and these differences in cost related to currency fluctuations are included with natural gas supply costs for ratemaking.

The following table summarizes the foreign currency exchange derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

2010

	2019	2018
Number of contracts	20	31
Notional amount (in United States dollars)	\$ 5,932	\$ 4,018
Notional amount (in Canadian dollars)	7,828	5,386

Interest Rate Swap Derivatives

Avista Corp. is affected by fluctuating interest rates related to a portion of its existing debt, and future borrowing requirements. Avista Corp. hedges a portion of its interest rate risk with financial derivative instruments. These financial derivative instruments are considered economic hedges against fluctuations in future cash flows associated with anticipated debt issuances.

The following table summarizes the unsettled interest rate swap derivatives that Avista Corp. has outstanding as of the balance sheet date indicated below (dollars in thousands):

Balance Sheet Date	Number of Contracts	Notional Amount	Mandatory Cash Settlement Date
December 31, 2019	7	70,000	2020
	3	35,000	2021
	10	110,000	2022
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December 31, 2018	6	70,000	2019					
	6	60,000	2020					
	2	25,000	2021					
	7	80,000	2022					

See Note 12 for discussion of the bond purchase agreement and the related settlement of interest rate swaps in connection with the pricing of the bonds in September 2019.

The fair value of outstanding interest rate swap derivatives can vary significantly from period to period depending on the total notional amount of swap derivatives outstanding and fluctuations in market interest rates compared to the interest rates fixed by the swaps. Avista Corp. is required to make cash payments to settle the interest rate swap derivatives when the fixed rates are higher than prevailing market rates at the date of settlement. Conversely, Avista Corp. receives cash to settle its interest rate swap derivatives when prevailing market rates at the time of settlement exceed the fixed swap rates.

Summary of Outstanding Derivative Instruments

The amounts recorded on the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 reflect the offsetting of derivative assets and liabilities where a legal right of offset exists.

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2019 (in thousands):

	Fair Value						
Derivative and Balance Sheet Location		Gross		Gross	Collateral	(Net Asset Liability) on Balance Sheet
Foreign currency exchange derivatives							
Derivative instrument assets current	\$	97	\$	_	\$ —	\$	97
Interest rate swap derivatives							
Derivative instrument assets current		589		_	_		589
Derivative instrument liabilities current		238		(9,379)	1,316		(7,825)
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		725		(24,677)	5,454		(18,498)
Energy commodity derivatives							
Derivative instrument assets current		416		(245)	_		171
Long-term portion of derivative assets		6,369		(5,446)	_		923
Derivative instrument liabilities current		34,760		(41,241)	3,378		(3,103)
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		28		(1,215)	_		(1,187)
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$	43,222	\$	(82,203)	\$ 10,148	\$	(28,833)

The following table presents the fair values and locations of derivative instruments recorded on the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2018 (in thousands):

		Fair Value				
Derivative and Balance Sheet Location	Gross	Gross	s Collateral	Net Asset (Liability) on Balance		
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					Sheet
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	1				
Derivative instrument liabilities current	\$	_	\$ (45) \$	— \$	(45)
Interest rate swap derivatives					
Derivative instrument assets current		5,283	_	_	5,283
Long-term portion of derivative assets		5,283	(440)	_	4,843
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		_	(7,391)	530	(6,861)
Energy commodity derivatives					
Derivative instrument assets current		400	(130)	_	270
Derivative instrument liabilities current		31,457	(73,155)	37,790	(3,908)
Long-term portion of derivative liabilities		4,426	(21,292)	13,427	(3,439)
Total derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet	\$	46,849	\$ (102,453) \$	51,747 \$	(3,857)

Exposure to Demands for Collateral

Avista Corp.'s derivative contracts often require collateral (in the form of cash or letters of credit) or other credit enhancements, or reductions or terminations of a portion of the contract through cash settlement. In the event of a downgrade in Avista Corp.'s credit ratings or changes in market prices, additional collateral may be required. In periods of price volatility, the level of exposure can change significantly. As a result, sudden and significant demands may be made against Avista Corp.'s credit facilities and cash. Avista Corp. actively monitors the exposure to possible collateral calls and takes steps to mitigate capital requirements.

The following table presents Avista Corp.'s collateral outstanding related to its derivative instruments as of December 31 (in thousands):

	 2019	2018
Energy commodity derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	\$ 7,812 \$	78,025
Letters of credit outstanding	17,400	6,500
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	3,378	51,217
Interest rate swap derivatives		
Cash collateral posted	6,770	530
Balance sheet offsetting (cash collateral against net derivative positions)	6,770	530

There were no letters of credit outstanding related to interest rate swap derivatives as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Certain of Avista Corp.'s derivative instruments contain provisions that require the Company to maintain an "investment grade" credit rating from the major credit rating agencies. If Avista Corp.'s credit ratings were to fall below "investment grade," it would be in violation of these provisions, and the counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing collateralization on derivative instruments in net liability positions.

The following table presents the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position and the amount of additional collateral Avista Corp. could be required to post as of December 31 (in thousands):

		2019	2018
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2010

2019

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Energy commodity derivatives						
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features		\$	814	\$	2,193	
Additional collateral to post			814		2,193	
Interest rate swap derivatives						
Liabilities with credit-risk-related contingent features		3-	4,056		7,831	
Additional collateral to post		2	6,912		6,579	

NOTE 6. JOINTLY OWNED ELECTRIC FACILITIES

The Company has a 15 percent ownership interest in a twin-unit coal-fired generating facility, Colstrip, located in southeastern Montana, and provides financing for its ownership interest in the project. The Company's share of related fuel costs as well as operating expenses for plant in service are included in the corresponding accounts in the Statements of Income. The Company's share of utility plant in service for Colstrip and accumulated depreciation (inclusive of the ARO assets and accumulated amortization) were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2019	2018
Utility plant in service	\$ 387,860 \$	384,431
Accumulated depreciation	(268,637)	(261,997)

See Note 7 for further discussion of AROs.

While the obligations and liabilities with respect to Colstrip are to be shared among the co-owners on a pro-rata basis, many of the environmental liabilities are joint and several under the law, so that if any co-owner failed to pay its share of such liability, the other co-owners (or any one of them) could be required to pay the defaulting co-owner's share (or the entire liability).

NOTE 7. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company has recorded liabilities for future AROs to:

- restore coal ash containment ponds and coal holding areas at Colstrip,
- cap a landfill at the Kettle Falls Plant, and
- remove plant and restore the land at the Coyote Springs 2 site at the termination of the land lease.

Due to an inability to estimate a range of settlement dates, the Company cannot estimate a liability for the:

- removal and disposal of certain transmission and distribution assets, and
- abandonment and decommissioning of certain hydroelectric generation and natural gas storage facilities.

In 2015, the EPA issued a final rule regarding CCRs. Colstrip, of which Avista Corp. is a 15 percent owner of units 3 & 4, produces this byproduct. The CCR rule has been the subject of ongoing litigation. In August 2018, the D.C. Circuit struck down provisions of the rule. The rule includes technical requirements for CCR landfills and surface impoundments. The Colstrip owners developed a multi-year compliance plan to address the CCR requirements and existing state obligations.

The actual asset retirement costs related to the CCR rule requirements may vary substantially from the estimates used to record the ARO due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of the compliance strategies that will be used and the availability of data used to estimate costs, such as the quantity of coal ash present at certain sites and the volume of fill that will be needed to cap and cover

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certain impoundments. The Company updates its estimates as new information becomes available. The Company expects to seek recovery of any increased costs related to complying with the CCR rule through customer rates.

In addition to the above, under a 2018 Administrative Order on Consent and ongoing negotiations with the Montana Department of Ecological Quality, the owners of Colstrip are required to provide financial assurance, primarily in the form of surety bonds, to secure each owner's pro-rata share of various anticipated closure and remediation of the ash ponds and coal holding areas. The amount of financial assurance required of each owner may, like the ARO, vary substantially due to the uncertainty and evolving nature of anticipated closure and remediation activities, and as those activities are completed over time.

The following table documents the changes in the Company's asset retirement obligation during the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2019				
Asset retirement obligation at beginning of year	\$	18,266	\$	17,482	
Liabilities incurred		2,699		_	
Liabilities settled		(1,503)		(66)	
Accretion expense		876		850	
Asset retirement obligation at end of year	\$	20,338	\$	18,266	

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The pension and other postretirement benefit plans described below only relate to Avista Corp.. AEL&P (not discussed below) participates in a defined contribution multiemployer plan for its union workers and a defined contribution money purchase pension plan for its nonunion workers. None of the subsidiary retirement plans, individually or in the aggregate, are significant to Avista Corp.

Avista Corp.

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan covering the majority of all regular full-time employees at Avista Corp. that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. Individual benefits under this plan are based upon the employee's years of service, date of hire and average compensation as specified in the plan. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan in lieu of a defined benefit pension plan. The Company's funding policy is to contribute at least the minimum amounts that are required to be funded under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, but not more than the maximum amounts that are currently deductible for income tax purposes. The Company contributed \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2019 and 2018. The Company expects to contribute \$22.0 million in cash to the pension plan in 2020.

The Company also has a SERP that provides additional pension benefits to certain executive officers and certain key employees of the Company. The SERP is intended to provide benefits to individuals whose benefits under the defined benefit pension plan are reduced due to the application of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the deferral of salary under deferred compensation plans. The liability and expense for this plan are included as pension benefits in the tables included in this Note.

The Company expects that benefit payments under the pension plan and the SERP will total (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2021	 2022	 2023	2024	T	otal 2025-2029
Expected benefit payments	\$ 39,647	\$ 40,080	\$ 40,652	\$ 40,729	\$ 41,767	\$	217,899

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is based on past performance and economic forecasts for the types of investments held by the plan. In selecting a discount rate, the Company considers yield rates for highly rated corporate bond portfolios with maturities similar to that of the expected term of pension benefits.

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The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees that were hired prior to January 1, 2014. The Company accrues the estimated cost of postretirement benefit obligations during the years that employees provide services. The liability and expense of this plan are included as other postretirement benefits. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, will have access to the retiree medical plan upon retirement; however, Avista Corp. will no longer provide a contribution toward their medical premium.

The Company has a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to provide employees with tax-advantaged funds to pay for allowable medical expenses upon retirement. The amount earned by the employee is fixed on the retirement date based on the employee's years of service and the ending salary. The liability and expense of the HRA are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company provides death benefits to beneficiaries of executive officers who die during their term of office or after retirement. Under the plan, an executive officer's designated beneficiary will receive a payment equal to twice the executive officer's annual base salary at the time of death (or if death occurs after retirement, a payment equal to twice the executive officer's total annual pension benefit). The liability and expense for this plan are included as other postretirement benefits.

The Company expects that benefit payments under other postretirement benefit plans will total (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023	 2024	T	otal 2025-2029
Expected benefit payments	\$ 6,442	\$ 6,782	\$ 6,965	\$ 7,088	\$ 7,244	\$	38,305

The Company expects to contribute \$6.7 million to other postretirement benefit plans in 2020, representing expected benefit payments to be paid during the year excluding the Medicare Part D subsidy. The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for its pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

The following table sets forth the pension and other postretirement benefit plan disclosures as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the components of net periodic benefit costs for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 (dollars in thousands):

		fits	Other Post- retirement Benefits				
	2019			2018	2019		2018
Change in benefit obligation:		_					
Benefit obligation as of beginning of year	\$	671,629	\$	716,561 \$	134,053	\$	132,947
Service cost		19,755		21,614	3,006		3,188
Interest cost		28,417		26,096	5,598		4,831
Actuarial (gain)/loss		57,829		(48,641)	23,344		(610)
Benefits paid		(35,248)		(44,001)	(6,705)		(6,303)
Benefit obligation as of end of year	\$	742,382	\$	671,629 \$	159,296	\$	134,053

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Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets as of beginning of year	\$	544,051	2	605,652	2	36,85	2 \$	37,953		
Actual return on plan assets	Ψ	109,942	Ψ	(40,954)		8,00		(1,101)		
Employer contributions		22,000		22,000			_	(1,101)		
Benefits paid		(33,930)		(42,647)		_	_	_		
Fair value of plan assets as of end of year	\$	642,063		544,051	\$	44,85	3 \$	36,852		
Funded status	\$	(100,319)	_	(127,578)	_	(114,44				
Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheets:	Ψ	(100,517)	Ψ	(127,570)	Ψ	(11.,	<i>5)</i> 4	(57,201)		
Current liabilities	\$	(1,602)	\$	(1,477)	\$	(64	0) \$	(580)		
Non-current liabilities	Ψ	(98,717)	4	(126,101)	4	(113,80	-	(96,621)		
Net amount recognized	\$	(100,319)	\$	(127,578)	\$	(114,44	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Accumulated pension benefit obligation	\$	644,004	_	586,398	*		- <u>/</u> 4			
r	<u> </u>		_							
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation:										
For retirees					\$	72,81	6 \$	63,796		
For fully eligible employees					\$	34,54	5 \$	5 29,902		
For other participants					\$	51,93	5 \$	40,355		
Included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income	e) (ne	et of tax):								
Unrecognized prior service cost	\$	2,105	\$	2,308	\$	(4,40	0) \$	(5,230)		
Unrecognized net actuarial loss		114,368		138,516		63,10	1	52,441		
Total		116,473		140,824		58,70	1	47,211		
Less regulatory asset		(107,395)		(133,237)		(57,52)	0)	(46,932)		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss for unfunded benefit obligation for pensions and other postretirement benefit	Ф	0.070	Ф	7 50 7	Ф	1.10	1 (270		
plans	\$	9,078	\$	7,587	\$	1,18	1 3	S 279		
		Pension	Ren	efits			her F	Post- Benefits		
		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Weighted-average assumptions as of December 31:	_		_							
Discount rate for benefit obligation		3.85%		4.31%		3.89	%	4.32%		
Discount rate for annual expense		4.31%		3.71%		4.32	%	3.72%		
Expected long-term return on plan assets		5.90%		5.50%		5.70	%	5.20%		
Rate of compensation increase		4.66%		4.67%						
Medical cost trend pre-age 65 – initial						5.75	%	6.00%		
Medical cost trend pre-age 65 – ultimate						5.00	%	5.00%		
Ultimate medical cost trend year pre-age 65						202	3	2023		
Medical cost trend post-age 65 – initial						6.50	%	6.25%		
Medical cost trend post-age 65 – ultimate						5.00	%	5.00%		
Ultimate medical cost trend year post-age 65						202	6	2024		
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	Pension Be	Other Post-retirement Benefits				
	 2019	2018	2019		2018	
Components of net periodic benefit cost:	 	_				
Service cost (a)	\$ 19,755 \$	21,614	\$ 3,006	\$	3,188	
Interest cost	28,417	26,096	5,598		4,831	
Expected return on plan assets	(31,763)	(33,018)	(2,101)	(1,973)	
Amortization of prior service cost	257	257	(981)	(1,089)	
Net loss recognition	10,216	7,879	4,013		4,232	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 26,882 \$	22,828	\$ 9,535	\$	9,189	

- (a) Total service costs in the table above are recorded to the same accounts as labor expense. Labor and benefits expense is recorded to various projects based on whether the work is a capital project or an operating expense. Approximately
 - 40 percent of all labor and benefits is capitalized to utility property and 60 percent is expensed to utility other operating expenses.

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentage-point increase in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2019 by \$13.9 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.8 million. A one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rate for each year would decrease the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31, 2019 by \$10.7 million and the service and interest cost by \$0.6 million.

Plan Assets

The Finance Committee of the Company's Board of Directors approves investment policies, objectives and strategies that seek an appropriate return for the pension plan and other postretirement benefit plans and reviews and approves changes to the investment and funding policies.

The Company has contracted with investment consultants who are responsible for monitoring the individual investment managers. The investment managers' performance and related individual fund performance is periodically reviewed by an internal benefits committee and by the Finance Committee to monitor compliance with investment policy objectives and strategies.

Pension plan assets are invested in mutual funds, trusts and partnerships that hold marketable debt and equity securities, real estate, absolute return and commodity funds. In seeking to obtain a return that aligns with the funded status of the pension plan, the investment consultant recommends allocation percentages by asset classes. These recommendations are reviewed by the internal benefits committee, which then recommends their adoption by the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee has established target investment allocation percentages by asset classes and also investment ranges for each asset class. The target investment allocation percentages are typically the midpoint of the established range. The target investment allocation percentages by asset classes are indicated in the table below:

2010

2010

	2019	2018
Equity securities	35%	37%
Debt securities	49%	45%
Real estate	7%	8%
Absolute return	9%	10%

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The fair value of pension plan assets invested in debt and equity securities was based primarily on fair value (market prices). The fair value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the reported last sales price; securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available or for which market prices do not represent the value at the time of pricing, the investment manager estimates fair value based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry).

Pension plan and other postretirement plan assets whose fair values are measured using net asset value (NAV) are excluded from the fair value hierarchy and are included as reconciling items in the tables below.

Investments in common/collective trust funds are presented at estimated fair value, which is determined based on the unit value of the fund. Unit value is determined by an independent trustee, which sponsors the fund, by dividing the fund's net assets by its units outstanding at the valuation date. The Company's investments in common/collective trusts have redemption limitations that permit quarterly redemptions following notice requirements of 45 to 60 days. The fair values of the closely held investments and partnership interests are based upon the allocated share of the fair value of the underlying net assets as well as the allocated share of the undistributed profits and losses, including realized and unrealized gains and losses. Most of the Company's investments in closely held investments and partnership interests have redemption limitations that range from bi-monthly to semi-annually following redemption notice requirements of 60 to 90 days. One investment in a partnership has a lock-up for redemption currently expiring in 2022 and is subject to extension.

The fair value of pension plan assets invested in real estate was determined by the investment manager based on three basic approaches:

- properties are externally appraised on an annual basis by independent appraisers, additional appraisals may be performed as warranted by specific asset or market conditions,
- property valuations are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as necessary, and
- loans are reflected at fair value.

The fair value of pension plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 14 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2019 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$ - \$	2,852 \$	S — \$	2,852
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. government issues	_	37,297	_	37,297
Corporate issues	_	207,222	_	207,222
International issues	_	35,836	_	35,836
Municipal issues	_	23,539		23,539
Mutual funds:				
U.S. equity securities	173,568	_		173,568
International equity securities	46,416	_		46,416
Absolute return (1)	16,720	_	_	16,720

Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disclosure)

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Common/collective trusts:			
Real estate	_	_	31,473
Partnership/closely held investments:			
Absolute return (1)	_	_	59,260
Real estate	_	_	 7,880
Total	\$ 236,704 \$	306,746 \$	— \$ 642,063

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 14 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of the pension plan's assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2018 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

		Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash equivalents	\$	_	\$ 7,061	\$ — \$	7,061
Fixed income securities:					
U.S. government issues		_	37,078	_	37,078
Corporate issues		_	175,908	_	175,908
International issues		_	31,561	_	31,561
Municipal issues		_	16,170	_	16,170
Mutual funds:					
U.S. equity securities		101,720	_	_	101,720
International equity securities		33,141	_	_	33,141
Absolute return (1)		2,249	_	_	2,249
Plan assets measured at NAV (not subject to hierarchy disc	losur	·e)			
Common/collective trusts:					
Real estate		_	_	_	43,303
International equity securities		_	_	_	30,944
Partnership/closely held investments:					
Absolute return (1)		_	_	_	60,612
Real estate				_	4,304
Total	\$	137,110	\$ 267,778	\$ \$	544,051

(1) This category invests in multiple strategies to diversify risk and reduce volatility. The strategies include: (a) event driven, relative value, convertible, and fixed income arbitrage, (b) distressed investments, (c) long/short equity and fixed income, and (d) market neutral strategies.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets invested in debt and equity securities was based primarily on market prices. The fair value of investment securities traded on a national securities exchange is determined based on the last reported sales price; securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at the last reported bid price. Investment securities for which market prices are not readily available are fair-valued by the investment manager based upon other inputs (including valuations of securities that are comparable in coupon, rating, maturity and industry). The target asset allocation was 60 percent equity securities and 40 percent debt securities in both 2019 and 2018.

The fair value of other postretirement plan assets was determined as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

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The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 14 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2019 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 14 for a description of the fair value hierarchy) of other postretirement plan assets measured and reported as of December 31, 2018 at fair value (dollars in thousands):

 Level 1
 Level 2
 Level 3
 Total

 Balanced index mutual funds (1)
 \$ 36,852
 \$ — \$ 36,852

(1) The balanced index fund for 2019 and 2018 is a single mutual fund that includes a percentage of U.S. equity and fixed income securities and International equity and fixed income securities.

401(k) Plans and Executive Deferral Plan

Avista Corp. has a salary deferral 401(k) plan that is a defined contribution plan and covers substantially all employees. Employees can make contributions to their respective accounts in the plans on a pre-tax basis up to the maximum amount permitted by law. The Company matches a portion of the salary deferred by each participant according to the schedule in the respective plan.

Employer matching contributions were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Employer 401(k) matching contributions \$ 10,362 \$ 10,044

The Company has an Executive Deferral Plan. This plan allows executive officers and other key employees the opportunity to defer until the earlier of their retirement, termination, disability or death, up to 75 percent of their base salary and/or up to 100 percent of their incentive payments. Deferred compensation funds are held by the Company in a Rabbi Trust.

There were deferred compensation assets and corresponding deferred compensation liabilities on the Balance Sheets of the following amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

amounts as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

NOTE 9. ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAXES

NOTE 7. NECOCITING FOR INCOME THE

Deferred compensation assets and liabilities

Federal Income Tax Law Changes

On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. The legislation included substantial changes to the taxation of individuals as well as U.S. businesses, multi-national enterprises, and other types of taxpayers. Highlights of provisions most relevant to Avista Corp. included:

- A permanent reduction in the statutory corporate tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent, beginning with tax years after 2017;
- Statutory provisions requiring that excess deferred taxes associated with public utility property be normalized using the Average Rate Assumption Method (ARAM) or the Reverse South Georgia Method for determining the timing of the return of excess deferred taxes to customers. Excess deferred taxes result from revaluing deferred tax assets and liabilities based on

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the newly enacted tax rate instead of the previous tax rate, which, for most rate-regulated utilities like Avista Corp., results in a net benefit to customers that will be deferred as a regulatory liability and passed through to customers over future periods;

- Repeal of the corporate alternative minimum tax (AMT);
- Bonus depreciation (expensing of capital investment on an accelerated basis) was removed as a deduction for property
 predominantly used in certain rate-regulated businesses (like Avista Corp.), but is still allowed for the Company's
 non-regulated businesses; and
- NOL carryback deductions were eliminated, but carryforward deductions are allowed indefinitely with some annual limitations versus the previous 20-year limitation.

As a result of the TCJA and its reduction of the corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent (among many other changes in the law), the Company recorded a regulatory liability associated with the revaluing of its deferred income tax assets and liabilities to the new corporate tax rate. The total net amount of the regulatory liability for excess deferred income taxes associated with the TCJA is \$409.5 million as of December 31, 2019, compared to \$429.3 million as of December 31, 2018, which reflects the amounts to be refunded to customers through the regulatory process. The Avista Corp. amounts related to utility plant commenced being returned to customers in 2018 and the Company expects they will be returned to customers over a period of approximately 36 years using the ARAM. The return of the regulatory liability attributable to non-plant excess deferred taxes has begun through tariffs or other regulatory mechanisms or proceedings.

Because most of the provisions of the TCJA were effective as of January 1, 2018 but customers' rates included a 35 percent corporate tax rate built in from prior general rate cases, the Company began accruing for a refund to customers for the change in federal income tax expense beginning January 1, 2018 forward. For Washington and Idaho, this accrual was recorded until all benefits prior to a permanent rate change were properly captured through the deferral process. For Oregon, this accrual was recorded through 2019 with new customer rates effective January 15, 2020. Refunds have begun to Washington, Idaho, and Oregon customers through tariffs or other regulatory mechanisms or proceedings.

Excess accumulated deferred tax liabilities associated with the TCJA are classified as follows in the Balance Sheet as of December 31 (in thousands):

I	Protected		Unj	protected			Total	
Washington	Idaho	Oregon	Washington	Idaho	Oregon	Washington	Idaho	Oregon
019								
58,068	25,576	8,181	2,530	_	26	60,598	25,576	8,207
251,921	110,958	35,491	10,978	_	112	262,899	110,958	35,603
018								
59,201	26,657	8,820	2,725	1,465	71	61,926	28,122	8,891
256,837	115,647	38,265	11,824	6,409	306	268,661	122,056	38,571
	Washington 019 58,068 251,921 018 59,201	019 58,068 25,576 251,921 110,958 018 59,201 26,657	Washington Idaho Oregon 019 58,068 25,576 8,181 251,921 110,958 35,491 018 59,201 26,657 8,820	Washington Idaho Oregon Washington 019 58,068 25,576 8,181 2,530 251,921 110,958 35,491 10,978 018 59,201 26,657 8,820 2,725	Washington Idaho Oregon Washington Idaho 019 58,068 25,576 8,181 2,530 — 251,921 110,958 35,491 10,978 — 018 59,201 26,657 8,820 2,725 1,465	Washington Idaho Oregon Washington Idaho Oregon 019 58,068 25,576 8,181 2,530 — 26 251,921 110,958 35,491 10,978 — 112 018 59,201 26,657 8,820 2,725 1,465 71	Washington Idaho Oregon Washington Idaho Oregon Washington 58,068 25,576 8,181 2,530 — 26 60,598 251,921 110,958 35,491 10,978 — 112 262,899 018 59,201 26,657 8,820 2,725 1,465 71 61,926	Washington Idaho Oregon Washington Idaho Oregon Washington Idaho 019 58,068 25,576 8,181 2,530 — 26 60,598 25,576 251,921 110,958 35,491 10,978 — 112 262,899 110,958 018 59,201 26,657 8,820 2,725 1,465 71 61,926 28,122

The deferred tax assets in the table above represent the income tax gross-up of the excess deferred taxes (which, together with the excess deferred tax amount, reflects the revenue amounts to be refunded to customers through the regulatory process).

Excess accumulated deferred income taxes were amortized in the Statement of Income as follows for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

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	Pr	rotected		Un	protected		Total			
	Washington	Idaho	Oregon	Washington	Idaho	Oregon	Washington	Idaho	Oregon	
2019										
Provision for deferred income taxes	(6,024)	(2,653)	(849)	(651)	(4,890)	(149)	(6,675)	(7,543)	(998)	
2018										
Provision for deferred income taxes	(5,334)	(2,426)	(496)	(339)	290	_	(5,673)	(2,136)	(496)	

Positive amounts reflect increases to the provision for deferred income taxes and negative amounts reflect reductions to the provision for deferred income taxes.

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes and tax credit carryforwards.

The realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the ability to generate taxable income in future periods. The Company evaluated available evidence supporting the realization of its deferred income tax assets and determined it is more likely than not that deferred income tax assets will be realized.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$22.3 million of state tax credit carryforwards. Of the total amount, the Company believes that it is more likely than not that it will only be able to utilize \$6.0 million of the state tax credits. As such, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$16.3 million against the state tax credit carryforwards and reflected the net amount of \$6.0 million as an asset as of December 31, 2019. State tax credits expire from 2020 to 2033.

Status of Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and State Examinations

The Company and its eligible subsidiaries file consolidated federal income tax returns. The Company also files state income tax returns in certain jurisdictions, including Idaho, Oregon, and Montana. Subsidiaries are charged or credited with the tax effects of their operations on a stand-alone basis. All tax years after 2016 are open for an IRS tax examination.

The Idaho State Tax Commission is currently reviewing tax years 2014 through 2017. The statute of limitations for Montana and Oregon to review 2015 and earlier tax years has expired.

The Company believes that any open tax years for federal or state income taxes will not result in adjustments that would be significant to the financial statements.

NOTE 10. ENERGY PURCHASE CONTRACTS

Avista Corp. has contracts for the purchase of fuel for thermal generation, natural gas for resale and various agreements for the purchase or exchange of electric energy with other entities. The remaining term of the contracts range from one month to twenty-five years.

Total expenses for power purchased, natural gas purchased, fuel for generation and other fuel costs, which are included in utility resource costs in the Statements of Income, were as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

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Utility power resources \$ 376,769 \$ 357,656

The following table details Avista Corp.' future contractual commitments for power resources (including transmission contracts) and natural gas resources (including transportation contracts) (dollars in thousands):

	2020	 2021	 2022	 2023	 2024	Thereafter	Total
Power resources	\$ 178,546	\$ 180,417	\$ 179,020	\$ 179,640	\$ 157,620	\$ 1,172,072	\$ 2,047,315
Natural gas resources	 68,232	 50,062	 43,577	 39,493	 36,640	274,302	512,306
Total	\$ 246,778	\$ 230,479	\$ 222,597	\$ 219,133	\$ 194,260	\$ 1,446,374	\$ 2,559,621

These energy purchase contracts were entered into as part of Avista Corp.' obligation to serve its retail electric and natural gas customers' energy requirements, including contracts entered into for resource optimization. As a result, these costs are recovered either through base retail rates or adjustments to retail rates as part of the power and natural gas cost deferral and recovery mechanisms.

The above future contractual commitments for power resources include fixed contractual amounts related to the Company's contracts with certain Public Utility Districts (PUD) to purchase portions of the output of certain generating facilities. Although Avista Corp. has no investment in the PUD generating facilities, the fixed contracts obligate Avista Corp. to pay certain minimum amounts whether or not the facilities are operating. The cost of power obtained under the contracts, including payments made when a facility is not operating, is included in utility resource costs in the Statements of Income. The contractual amounts included above consist of Avista Corp.' share of existing debt service cost and its proportionate share of the variable operating expenses of these projects. The minimum amounts payable under these contracts are based in part on the proportionate share of the debt service requirements of the PUD's revenue bonds for which the Company is indirectly responsible. The Company's total future debt service obligation associated with the revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2019 (principal and interest) was \$67.2 million.

In addition, Avista Corp. has operating agreements, settlements and other contractual obligations related to its generating facilities and transmission and distribution services. The expenses associated with these agreements are reflected as other operating expenses in the Statements of Income. The following table details future contractual commitments under these agreements (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2021	2022	2023	 2024	7	Γhereafter	 Total
Contractual obligations	\$ 33,116 \$	34,081	\$ 24,645	\$ 25,190	\$ 28,585	\$	191,873	\$ 337,490

NOTE 11. NOTES PAYABLE

Avista Corp. has a committed line of credit with various financial institutions in the total amount of \$400.0 million that expires in April 2021. The committed line of credit is secured by non-transferable first mortgage bonds of Avista Corp. issued to the agent bank that would only become due and payable in the event, and then only to the extent, that Avista Corp. defaults on its obligations under the committed line of credit.

The committed line of credit agreement contains customary covenants and default provisions. The credit agreement has a covenant which does not permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt" to "consolidated total capitalization" of Avista Corp. to be greater than 65 percent at any time. As of December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with this covenant.

Balances outstanding and interest rates of borrowings (excluding letters of credit) under the Company's revolving committed lines of credit were as follows as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

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	_	2019	2018
Balance outstanding at end of period	\$	182,300	\$ 190,000
Letters of credit outstanding at end of period	\$	21,473	\$ 10,503
Average interest rate at end of period		2.64%	3.18%

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the borrowings outstanding under Avista Corp.'s committed line of credit were classified as short-term borrowings on the Balance Sheet.

NOTE 12. BONDS

The following details long-term debt outstanding as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

Maturity Year	Description	Interest Rate	2019	2018
Avista Corp	o. Secured Long-Term Debt			
2019	First Mortgage Bonds	5.45%	_	90,000
2020	First Mortgage Bonds	3.89%	52,000	52,000
2022	First Mortgage Bonds	5.13%	250,000	250,000
2023	Secured Medium-Term Notes	7.18%-7.54%	13,500	13,500
2028	Secured Medium-Term Notes	6.37%	25,000	25,000
2032	Secured Pollution Control Bonds (1)	(1)	66,700	66,700
2034	Secured Pollution Control Bonds (1)	(1)	17,000	17,000
2035	First Mortgage Bonds	6.25%	150,000	150,000
2037	First Mortgage Bonds	5.70%	150,000	150,000
2040	First Mortgage Bonds	5.55%	35,000	35,000
2041	First Mortgage Bonds	4.45%	85,000	85,000
2044	First Mortgage Bonds	4.11%	60,000	60,000
2045	First Mortgage Bonds	4.37%	100,000	100,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds	4.23%	80,000	80,000
2047	First Mortgage Bonds	3.91%	90,000	90,000
2048	First Mortgage Bonds	4.35%	375,000	375,000
2049	First Mortgage Bonds (2)	3.43%	180,000	_
2051	First Mortgage Bonds	3.54%	175,000	175,000
	Total Avista Corp. secured bonds		1,904,200	1,814,200
	Secured Pollution Control Bonds held by Avista Corporation (1)		(83,700)	(83,700)
	Total long-term debt		\$ 1,820,500 \$	1,730,500

(1) In December 2010, \$66.7 million and \$17.0 million of the City of Forsyth, Montana Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (Avista Corporation Colstrip Project) due in 2032 and 2034, respectively, which had been held by Avista Corp. since 2008 and 2009, respectively, were refunded by new variable rate bond issues (Series 2010A and Series 2010B). The new bonds were not offered to the public and were purchased by Avista Corp. due to market conditions. The Company expects that at a later date, subject to market conditions, these bonds may be remarketed to unaffiliated investors. So long as Avista

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Corp. is the holder of these bonds, the bonds will not be reflected as an asset or a liability on Avista Corp.'s Balance Sheets.

(2) In November 2019, the Company issued and sold \$180.0 million of 3.43 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2049 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay maturing long-term debt of \$90.0 million, repay a portion of the outstanding balance under Avista Corp.'s \$400.0 million committed line of credit and for other general corporate purposes. In connection with the issuance and sale of the first mortgage bonds, the Company cash settled six interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$70.0 million) and paid a net amount of \$13.3 million. See note 5 for a discussion of interest rate swap derivatives.

The following table details future long-term debt maturities including long-term debt to affiliated trusts (see Note 13) (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter		Total	
Debt maturities	\$ 52,000	\$ 	\$ 250,000	\$ 13,500	\$ 15,000	\$ 1,541,54	17 \$	1,872,047	

Substantially all of Avista Corp.'s owned properties are subject to the lien of its mortgage indenture. Under the Mortgage and Deed of Trust (Mortgage) securing its first mortgage bonds (including secured medium-term notes), Avista Corp. may each issue additional first mortgage bonds under its mortgage in an aggregate principal amount equal to the sum of:

- 66-2/3 percent of the cost or fair value (whichever is lower) of property additions which have not previously been made the basis of any application under the Mortgage, or
- an equal principal amount of retired first mortgage bonds which have not previously been made the basis of any application under the Mortgage, or
- deposit of cash.

Avista Corp. may not issue any additional first mortgage bonds (with certain exceptions in the case of bonds issued on the basis of retired bonds) unless it has "net earnings" (as defined in the Mortgage) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months out of the preceding 18 calendar months that were at least twice the annual interest requirements on all mortgage securities at the time outstanding, including the first mortgage bonds to be issued, and on all indebtedness of prior rank. As of December 31, 2019, property additions and retired bonds would have allowed, and the net earnings test would not have prohibited, the issuance of \$1.5 billion in an aggregate principal amount of additional first mortgage bonds at Avista Corp.

NOTE 13. ADVANCES FROM ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

In 1997, the Company issued Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures, Series B, with a principal amount of \$51.5 million to Avista Capital II, an affiliated business trust formed by the Company. Avista Capital II issued \$50.0 million of Preferred Trust Securities with a floating distribution rate of LIBOR plus 0.875 percent, calculated and reset quarterly.

The distribution rates paid were as follows during the years ended December 31:

	2019	2018
Low distribution rate	2.79%	2.36%
High distribution rate	3.61%	3.61%
Distribution rate at the end of the year	2.79%	3.61%

Concurrent with the issuance of the Preferred Trust Securities, Avista Capital II issued \$1.5 million of Common Trust Securities to

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the Company. These Preferred Trust Securities may be redeemed at the option of Avista Capital II at any time and mature on June 1, 2037. In December 2000, the Company purchased \$10.0 million of these Preferred Trust Securities.

The Company owns 100 percent of Avista Capital II and has solely and unconditionally guaranteed the payment of distributions on, and redemption price and liquidation amount for, the Preferred Trust Securities to the extent that Avista Capital II has funds available for such payments from the respective debt securities. Upon maturity or prior redemption of such debt securities, the Preferred Trust Securities will be mandatorily redeemed.

NOTE 14. FAIR VALUE

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, special deposits, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable and notes payable are reasonable estimates of their fair values. Bonds and advances from associated companies are reported at carrying value on the Balance Sheets.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to fair values derived from unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, but which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 includes those financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value, volatility factors, and current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these assumptions are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the instrument, can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in the marketplace.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally unobservable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The determination of the fair values incorporates various factors that not only include the credit standing of the counterparties involved and the impact of credit enhancements (such as cash deposits and letters of credit), but also the impact of Avista Corp.'s nonperformance risk on its liabilities.

The following table sets forth the carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments not reported at estimated fair value on the Balance Sheets as of December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2019			2018			
	Carrying Value		Estimated Fair Value		Carrying Value		Estimated Fair Value
Long-term debt (Level 2)	\$ 963,500	\$	1,124,649	\$	1,053,500	\$	1,142,292

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Long-term debt (Level 3)	857,000	946,674	677,00	00 645,523
Long-term debt to affiliated trusts (Level 3)	51,547	41,238	51,54	38,145

These estimates of fair value of long-term debt and long-term debt to affiliated trusts were primarily based on available market information, which generally consists of estimated market prices from third party brokers for debt with similar risk and terms. The price ranges obtained from the third party brokers consisted of par values of 80.00 to 134.11, where a par value of 100.00 represents the carrying value recorded on the Balance Sheets. Level 2 long-term debt represents publicly issued bonds with quoted market prices; however, due to their limited trading activity, they are classified as Level 2 because brokers must generate quotes and make estimates using comparable debt with similar risk and terms if there is no trading activity near a period end. Level 3 long-term debt consists of private placement bonds and debt to affiliated trusts, which typically have no secondary trading activity. Fair values in Level 3 are estimated based on market prices from third party brokers using secondary market quotes for debt with similar risk and terms to generate quotes for Avista Corp. bonds.

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities measured and reported on the Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2019 at fair value on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

				a	ounterparty and Cash Collateral	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		letting (1)	Total
December 31, 2019						
Assets:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 41,546	\$ _	\$	(40,452) \$	1,094
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreements	_	_	27		(27)	_
Foreign currency exchange derivatives	_	97	_			97
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	1,552	_		(963)	589
Deferred compensation assets:						
Mutual Funds:						
Fixed income securities	2,232	_	_		_	2,232
Equity securities	6,271	_	_		_	6,271
Total	\$ 8,503	\$ 43,195	\$ 27	\$	(41,442) \$	10,283
Liabilities:						
Energy commodity derivatives	\$ _	\$ 45,144	\$ _	\$	(43,830) \$	1,314
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:						
Natural gas exchange agreement	_	_	3,003		(27)	2,976
Interest rate swap derivatives	_	34,056	_		(7,733)	26,323
Total	\$ _	\$ 79,200	\$ 3,003	\$	(51,590) \$	30,613

The following table discloses by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities measured and reported on the Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2018 at fair value on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

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	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3		a C	ounterparty and Cash Collateral letting (1)	Total				
December 31, 2018			_		_				
Assets:									
Energy commodity derivatives	\$	_	\$	36,252	\$	_	\$	(35,982) \$	270
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:									
Natural gas exchange agreement						31		(31)	
Interest rate swap derivatives				10,566				(440)	10,126
Deferred compensation assets:									
Mutual Funds:									
Fixed income securities		1,745		_		_		_	1,745
Equity securities		6,157		_		_		_	6,157
Total	\$	7,902	\$	46,818	\$	31	\$	(36,453) \$	18,298
Liabilities:									
Energy commodity derivatives	\$	_	\$	89,283	\$	_	\$	(87,199) \$	2,084
Level 3 energy commodity derivatives:									
Natural gas exchange agreement		_		_		2,805		(31)	2,774
Power exchange agreement		_		_		2,488		_	2,488
Power option agreement		_		_		1		_	1
Foreign currency exchange derivatives		_		45		_		_	45
Interest rate swap derivatives				7,831				(970)	6,861
Total	\$	_	\$	97,159	\$	5,294	\$	(88,200) \$	14,253

(1) The Company is permitted to net derivative assets and derivative liabilities with the same counterparty when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists. In addition, the Company nets derivative assets and derivative liabilities against any payables and receivables for cash collateral held or placed with these same counterparties.

The difference between the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed in respective levels in the table above and the amount of derivative assets and liabilities disclosed on the Balance Sheets is due to netting arrangements with certain counterparties. See Note 5 for additional discussion of derivative netting.

To establish fair value for energy commodity derivatives, the Company uses quoted market prices and forward price curves to estimate the fair value of energy commodity derivative instruments included in Level 2. In particular, electric derivative valuations are performed using market quotes, adjusted for periods in between quotable periods. Natural gas derivative valuations are estimated using New York Mercantile Exchange pricing for similar instruments, adjusted for basin differences, using market quotes. Where observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the contract, the derivative asset or liability is included in Level 2.

To establish fair values for interest rate swap derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for interest rates for the term of the swaps and discounts the cash flows back to present value using an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate is calculated by third party brokers according to the terms of the swap derivatives and evaluated by the Company for reasonableness, with

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consideration given to the potential non-performance risk by the Company. Future cash flows of the interest rate swap derivatives are equal to the fixed interest rate in the swap compared to the floating market interest rate multiplied by the notional amount for each period.

To establish fair value for foreign currency derivatives, the Company uses forward market curves for Canadian dollars against the US dollar and multiplies the difference between the locked-in price and the market price by the notional amount of the derivative. Forward foreign currency market curves are provided by third party brokers. The Company's credit spread is factored into the locked-in price of the foreign exchange contracts.

Deferred compensation assets and liabilities represent funds held by the Company in a Rabbi Trust for an executive deferral plan. These funds consist of actively traded equity and bond funds with quoted prices in active markets. The balance disclosed in the table above excludes cash and cash equivalents of \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2019 and \$0.5 million as of December 31, 2018.

Level 3 Fair Value

Under the power exchange agreement, which expired on June 30, 2019, the Company purchased power at a price that was based on the average operating and maintenance (O&M) charges from three surrogate nuclear power plants around the country. To estimate the fair value of this agreement the Company estimated the difference between the purchase price based on the future O&M charges and forward prices for energy. The Company compared the Level 2 brokered quotes and forward price curves described above to an internally developed forward price which was based on the average O&M charges from the three surrogate nuclear power plants for the current year. The Company estimated the volumes of the transactions that would take place in the future based on historical average transaction volumes per delivery year (November to April). Significant increases or decreases in any of these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

For the natural gas commodity exchange agreement, the Company uses the same Level 2 brokered quotes described above; however, the Company also estimates the purchase and sales volumes (within contractual limits) as well as the timing of those transactions. Changing the timing of volume estimates changes the timing of purchases and sales, impacting which brokered quote is used. Because the brokered quotes can vary significantly from period to period, the unobservable estimates of the timing and volume of transactions can have a significant impact on the calculated fair value. The Company currently estimates volumes and timing of transactions based on a most likely scenario using historical data. Historically, the timing and volume of transactions have not been highly correlated with market prices and market volatility.

The following table presents the quantitative information which was used to estimate the fair values of the Level 3 assets and liabilities above as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	Fair Value (Net) at			
	December 31, 2019	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range
Natural gas exchange	(2,976)	Internally derived	Forward purchase prices	\$1.49 - \$2.38/mmBTU
agreement		weighted-average	Forward sales prices	\$1.60 - \$3.80/mmBTU
		cost of gas	Purchase volumes	50,000 - 310,000 mmBTUs
			Sales volumes	60,000 - 310,000 mmBTUs

The valuation methods, significant inputs and resulting fair values described above were developed by the Company's management and are reviewed on at least a quarterly basis to ensure they provide a reasonable estimate of fair value each reporting period.

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The following table presents activity for energy commodity derivative assets (liabilities) measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	Natural Gas Exchange Agreement		Power Exchange Agreement	Total	
Year ended December 31, 2019:					
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	(2,774)	\$ (2,488) \$	(5,262)	
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities (1)		8,175	435	8,610	
Settlements		(8,377)	2,053	(6,324)	
Ending balance as of December 31, 2019 (2)	\$	(2,976)	\$ — \$	(2,976)	
Year ended December 31, 2018:					
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	(3,164)	\$ (13,245) \$	(16,409)	
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized):					
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities (1)		326	5,027	5,353	
Settlements		64	5,730	5,794	
Ending balance as of December 31, 2018 (2)	\$	(2,774)	\$ (2,488) \$	(5,262)	

- (1) All gains and losses are included in other regulatory assets and liabilities. There were no gains and losses included in either net income or other comprehensive income during any of the periods presented in the table above.
- (2) There were no purchases, issuances or transfers from other categories of any derivatives instruments during the periods presented in the table above.

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NOTE 15. COMMON STOCK

The payment of dividends on common stock could be limited by:

- certain covenants applicable to preferred stock (when outstanding) contained in the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (currently there are no preferred shares outstanding),
- certain covenants applicable to the Company's outstanding long-term debt and committed line of credit agreements,
- the hydroelectric licensing requirements of section 10(d) of the FPA (see Note 1), and
- certain requirements under the OPUC approval of the AERC acquisition in 2014. The OPUC's AERC acquisition order requires Avista Corp. to maintain a capital structure of no less than 35 percent common equity (inclusive of short-term debt). This limitation may be revised upon request by the Company with approval from the OPUC.

The requirements of the OPUC approval of the AERC acquisition are the most restrictive. Under the OPUC restriction, the amount available for dividends at December 31, 2019 was limited to \$293.9 million.

The Company has 10 million authorized shares of preferred stock. The Company did not have any preferred stock outstanding as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Equity Issuances

The Company issued equity in 2019 for total net proceeds of \$64.6 million. Most of these issuances came through the Company's four separate sales agency agreements under which the sales agents may offer and sell new shares of common stock from time to time. These agreements provide for the offering of a maximum of 4.6 million shares, of which approximately 3.2 million remain unissued as of December 31, 2019. In 2019, 1.4 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$63.6 million. Subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions (including any required regulatory approvals), the Company has the right to increase the maximum number of shares that may be offered under these agreements. These agreements expire on February 29, 2020. The Company expects to negotiate and enter into new sales agency agreements in the second quarter of 2020.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the course of its business, the Company becomes involved in various claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters, including the items described in this Note. Some of these claims, controversies, disputes and other contingent matters involve litigation or other contested proceedings. For all such matters, the Company intends to vigorously protect and defend its interests and pursue its rights. However, no assurance can be given as to the ultimate outcome of any particular matter because litigation and other contested proceedings are inherently subject to numerous uncertainties. For matters that affect Avista Corp.'s operations, the Company intends to seek, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

The Company's collective bargaining agreements with the IBEW represent approximately 45 percent of all of Avista Corp.' employees. A three-year agreement with the local union in Washington and Idaho representing the majority (approximately 90 percent) of the Avista Corp.' bargaining unit employees will expire in March 2021. A three-year agreement in Oregon, which covers approximately 50 employees will also expire on April 1, 2020.

The Company is in the process of negotiating new agreements with each of these represented bargaining units. However, there is a risk that if collective bargaining agreements expire and new agreements are not reached in each of our jurisdictions, employees could

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strike. Given the magnitude of employees that are covered by collective bargaining agreements, this could result in disruptions to our operations. However, the Company believes that the possibility of this occurring is remote.

Legal Proceedings Related to the Terminated Acquisition by Hydro One

See Note 18 for information regarding the termination of the proposed acquisition of the Company by Hydro One.

In connection with the now terminated acquisition, three lawsuits were filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington and were subsequently voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs.

One lawsuit was filed in the Superior Court for the State of Washington in and for Spokane County, captioned as follows:

• Fink v. Morris, et al., No. 17203616-6 (filed September 15, 2017, amended complaint filed October 25, 2017).

The complaint generally alleged that the members of the Board of Directors of Avista Corp. breached their fiduciary duties by, among other things, conducting an allegedly inadequate sale process and agreeing to the acquisition at a price that allegedly undervalued Avista Corporation, and that Hydro One Limited, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. aided and abetted those purported breaches of duty. The complaint sought various remedies, including monetary damages, attorneys' fees and expenses. Subsequent to the termination of the proposed acquisition in January 2019, the complaint was voluntarily dismissed by the plaintiffs.

Boyds Fire (State of Washington Department of Natural Resources v. Avista)

On August 19, 2019, the Company was served with a complaint filed by the State of Washington Department of Natural Resources, seeking recovery of fire suppression costs and related expenses incurred in connection with a wildfire that occurred in Ferry County, Washington in August 2018. Specifically, the complaint alleges that the fire, which became known as the "Boyds Fire," was caused by a dead ponderosa pine tree falling into an overhead distribution line, and that Avista Corp. was negligent in failing to identify and remove it before the tree came into contact with the line. Avista Corp. disputes that the tree in question was the cause of the fire, and that it was negligent in failing to identify and remove it. The case is in the early stages of discovery and the plaintiff has not yet provided a statement specifying damages. Because the resolution of this claim remains uncertain, legal counsel cannot express an opinion on the extent, if any, of the Company's liability, nor is it possible for the Company to estimate the impact of any outcome at this time. The Company intends to vigorously defend itself in the litigation.

Other Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company has various other legal claims and contingent matters outstanding. The Company believes that any ultimate liability arising from these actions will not have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. It is possible that a change could occur in the Company's estimates of the probability or amount of a liability being incurred. Such a change, should it occur, could be significant.

The Company routinely assesses, based on studies, expert analysis and legal reviews, its contingencies, obligations and commitments for remediation of contaminated sites, including assessments of ranges and probabilities of recoveries from other responsible parties who either have or have not agreed to a settlement as well as recoveries from insurance carriers. The Company's policy is to accrue and charge to current expense identified exposures related to environmental remediation sites based on estimates of investigation, cleanup and monitoring costs to be incurred. For matters that affect Avista Corp.' operations, the Company seeks, to the extent appropriate, recovery of incurred costs through the ratemaking process.

The Company has potential liabilities under the Endangered Species Act for species of fish, plants and wildlife that have either already been added to the endangered species list, listed as "threatened" or petitioned for listing. Thus far, measures adopted and implemented have had minimal impact on the Company. However, the Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to these issues.

Under the federal licenses for its hydroelectric projects, the Company is obligated to protect its property rights, including water rights.

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In addition, the Company holds additional non-hydro water rights. The State of Montana is examining the status of all water right claims within state boundaries through a general adjudication. Claims within the Clark Fork River basin could adversely affect the energy production of the Company's Cabinet Gorge and Noxon Rapids hydroelectric facilities. The state of Idaho has initiated adjudication in northern Idaho, which will ultimately include the lower Clark Fork River, the Spokane River and the Coeur d'Alene basin. The Company is and will continue to be a participant in these and any other relevant adjudication processes. The complexity of such adjudications makes each unlikely to be concluded in the foreseeable future. As such, it is not possible for the Company to estimate the impact of any outcome at this time. The Company will continue to seek recovery, through the ratemaking process, of all operating and capitalized costs related to this issue.

NOTE 17. REGULATORY MATTERS

Power Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Deferred power supply costs are recorded as a deferred charge or liability on the Balance Sheets for future prudence review and recovery or rebate through retail rates. The power supply costs deferred include certain differences between actual net power supply costs incurred by Avista Corp. and the costs included in base retail rates. This difference in net power supply costs primarily results from changes in:

- short-term wholesale market prices and sales and purchase volumes,
- the level, availability and optimization of hydroelectric generation,
- the level and availability of thermal generation (including changes in fuel prices),
- retail loads, and
- sales of surplus transmission capacity.

In Washington, the ERM allows Avista Corp. to periodically increase or decrease electric rates with WUTC approval to reflect changes in power supply costs. The ERM is an accounting method used to track certain differences between actual power supply costs, net of wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base retail rates for Washington customers and defer these differences (over the \$4.0 million deadband and sharing bands) for future surcharge or rebate to customers. For 2019, the Company recognized a pre-tax benefit of \$4.4 million under the ERM in Washington compared to a benefit of \$6.1 million for 2018. Total net deferred power costs under the ERM were a liability of \$40.0 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$34.4 million as of December 31, 2018. These deferred power cost balances represent amounts due to customers. Pursuant to WUTC requirements, should the cumulative deferral balance exceed \$30 million in the rebate or surcharge direction, the Company must make a filing with the WUTC to adjust customer rates to either return the balance to customers or recover the balance from customers. Avista Corp. makes an annual filing on, or before, April 1 of each year to provide the opportunity for the WUTC staff and other interested parties to review the prudence of, and audit, the ERM deferred power cost transactions for the prior calendar year.

The cumulative rebate balance exceeds \$30 million and as a result, the Company's 2019 filing contained a proposed rate refund, effective July 1, 2019 over a three-year period. Subsequent to this filing, the WUTC approved the ERM rebate over a two-year period.

Avista Corp. has a PCA mechanism in Idaho that allows it to modify electric rates on October 1 of each year with IPUC approval. Under the PCA mechanism, Avista Corp. defers 90 percent of the difference between certain actual net power supply expenses and the amount included in base retail rates for its Idaho customers. The October 1 rate adjustments recover or rebate power costs deferred during the preceding July-June twelve-month period. Total net power supply costs deferred under the PCA mechanism were an asset of \$0.3 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$7.6 million as of December 31, 2018. Deferred power cost assets represent

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amounts due from customers and liabilities represent amounts due to customers.

Natural Gas Cost Deferrals and Recovery Mechanisms

Avista Corp. files a PGA in all three states it serves to adjust natural gas rates for: 1) estimated commodity and pipeline transportation costs to serve natural gas customers for the coming year, and 2) the difference between actual and estimated commodity and transportation costs for the prior year. Total net deferred natural gas costs to be refunded to customers were a liability of \$3.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and a liability of \$40.7 million as of December 31, 2018. These balances represent amounts due to customers.

Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

Decoupling (also known as an FCA in Idaho) is a mechanism designed to sever the link between a utility's revenues and consumers' energy usage. In each of Avista Corp.' jurisdictions, Avista Corp.' electric and natural gas revenues are adjusted so as to be based on the number of customers in certain customer rate classes and assumed "normal" kilowatt hour and therm sales, rather than being based on actual kilowatt hour and therm sales. The difference between revenues based on the number of customers and "normal" sales and revenues based on actual usage is deferred and either surcharged or rebated to customers beginning in the following year. Only residential and certain commercial customer classes are included in decoupling mechanisms.

Washington Decoupling and Earnings Sharing

In Washington, the WUTC approved the Company's decoupling mechanisms for electric and natural gas for a five-year period beginning January 1, 2015. In March 2020, th WUTC extended the electric and natural gas decoupling mechanisms through March 31, 2025. Electric and natural gas decoupling surcharge rate adjustments to customers are limited to a 3 percent increase on an annual basis, with any remaining surcharge balance carried forward for recovery in a future period. There is no limit on the level of rebate rate adjustments.

The decoupling mechanisms each include an after-the-fact earnings test. At the end of each calendar year, separate electric and natural gas earnings calculations are made for the calendar year just ended. These earnings tests reflect actual decoupled revenues, normalized power supply costs and other normalizing adjustments. If the Company earns more than its authorized ROR in Washington, 50 percent of excess earnings are rebated to customers through adjustments to decoupling surcharge or rebate balances. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

Idaho FCA and Earnings Sharing Mechanisms

In Idaho, the IPUC approved the implementation of FCAs for electric and natural gas (similar in operation and effect to the Washington decoupling mechanisms) for an initial term of three years, beginning January 1, 2016. During the first quarter of 2018, the FCA in Idaho was extended for a one-year term through December 31, 2019. On December 13, 2019, the IPUC approved an extension of the FCAs through March 31, 2025.

Oregon Decoupling Mechanism

In February 2016, the OPUC approved the implementation of a decoupling mechanism for natural gas, similar to the Washington and Idaho mechanisms described above. The decoupling mechanism became effective on March 1, 2016. There will be an opportunity for interested parties to review the mechanism and recommend changes, if any, by September 2019. Changes related to deferral interest rates were recommended by the parties in Avista Corp.'s 2019 general rate case and were implemented effective January 15, 2020. In Oregon, an earnings review is conducted on an annual basis. In the annual earnings review, if the Company earns more than 100 basis points above its allowed ROE, one-third of the earnings above the 100 basis points would be deferred and later returned to customers. The earnings review is separate from the decoupling mechanism and was in place prior to decoupling. See below for a summary of cumulative balances under the decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms.

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Cumulative Decoupling and Earnings Sharing Mechanism Balances

As of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had the following cumulative balances outstanding related to decoupling and earnings sharing mechanisms in its various jurisdictions (dollars in thousands):

	De	cember 31,	December 31,	
		2019	2018	
Washington				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	22,440 \$	12,671	
Provision for earnings sharing rebate		_	(693)	
Idaho				
Decoupling surcharge	\$	2,549 \$	2,150	
Provision for earnings sharing rebate		(686)	(774)	
Oregon				
Decoupling rebate	\$	(739) \$	(898)	
Provision for earnings sharing rebate		_	_	

NOTE 18. TERMINATION OF PROPOSED ACQUISITION BY HYDRO ONE

On July 19, 2017, Avista Corp. entered into a Merger Agreement that provided for Avista Corp. to become an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Hydro One, subject to the satisfaction or waiver of specified closing conditions, including approval by regulatory agencies. Hydro One, based in Toronto, is Ontario's largest electricity transmission and distribution provider.

Termination of the Merger Agreement

Due to the denial of the proposed merger by certain of the Company's regulatory commissions, on January 23, 2019, Avista Corp., Hydro One and certain subsidiaries thereof, entered into a Termination Agreement indicating their mutual agreement to terminate the Merger Agreement, effective immediately. Pursuant to the terms of the Termination Agreement, Hydro One paid Avista Corp. a \$103 million termination fee on January 24, 2019. The termination fee was used for reimbursing the Company's transaction costs incurred from 2017 to 2019. The balance of the termination fee remaining after payment of 2019 transaction costs and applicable income taxes was used for general corporate purposes and reduced the Company's need for external financing. The 2019 costs totaled \$19.7 million pre-tax and included financial advisers' fees, legal fees, consulting fees and employee time.

Other Information Related to the Terminated Acquisition

Due to the termination of the acquisition, all the financial commitments that were included in the various settlement agreements with the commissions for the proposed acquisition will not be required to be performed or observed.

The Company incurred significant transaction costs consisting primarily of consulting, banking fees, legal fees and employee time, and these costs are not being passed through to customers. When the Company was assuming the transaction was going to be completed, a significant portion of these costs were not deductible for income tax purposes. Now that the transaction has been terminated, more of the previously incurred transaction costs are deductible so it has recorded additional tax benefits from these costs in 2019.

See Note 16 for discussion of shareholder lawsuits filed against the Company, the Company's directors, Hydro One, Olympus Holding Corp., and Olympus Corp. in relation to the Merger Agreement and the proposed acquisition.

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NOTE 19. SALE OF METALfx

In April 2019, Bay Area Manufacturing, Inc., a non-regulated subsidiary of Avista Corp., entered into a definitive agreement to sell its interest in METALfx to an independent third party. The transaction was a stock sale for a total cash purchase price of \$17.5 million, plus cash on-hand, subject to customary closing adjustments. The transaction closed on April 18, 2019, and as of that date the Company has no further involvement with METALfx.

The purchase price of \$17.5 million, as adjusted, was divided among the security holders of METALfx, including the minority shareholder, pro-rata based on ownership (Avista Corp. owned 89.2 percent of the equity of METALfx). As required under the purchase agreement, \$1.2 million (7 percent of the purchase price) will be held in escrow for 24 months from the closing of the transaction to satisfy certain indemnification obligations.

When all escrow amounts are released, the sales transaction is expected to provide cash proceeds to Avista Corp., net of payments to the minority holder, contractually obligated compensation payments and other transaction expenses, of \$16.5 million and result in a net gain after-tax of \$3.3 million. The Company expects to receive the full amount of its portion of the escrow accounts; therefore, the full amounts are included in the gain calculation.

NOTE 20. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow information consisted of the following items for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	 2019	 2018
Cash paid for interest	\$ 92,681	\$ 90,394
Cash paid for income taxes	26,164	16,576
Cash received for income tax refunds	(589)	(3,025)

NOTE 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company as evaluated its subsequent events as of April 14th, 2020.

2015 Washington General Rate Cases

In January 2016, the Company received an order (Order 05) that concluded its electric and natural gas general rate cases that were originally filed with the WUTC in February 2015. New electric and natural gas rates were effective on January 11, 2016.

PC Petition for Judicial Review

In March 2016, PC filed in Thurston County Superior Court a Petition for Judicial Review of the WUTC's Order 05 described above. In April 2016, this matter was certified for review directly by the Court of Appeals, an intermediate appellate court in the State of Washington.

On August 7, 2018, the Court of Appeals issued a "Published Opinion" (Opinion) which concluded that the WUTC's use of an attrition allowance to calculate Avista Corp.'s rate base violated Washington law. In the Opinion, the Court stated that because the projected additions to rate base in the future were not "used and useful" for service at the time the request for the rate increase was made, they may not lawfully be included in the Company's rate base to justify a rate increase. Accordingly, the Court concluded that the WUTC erred in including an attrition allowance in the calculation of Avista Corp.'s electric and natural gas rate base. The Court noted, however, that the law does not prohibit an attrition allowance in the calculation, for ratemaking purposes, of recoverable operating and maintenance expense. Since the WUTC order provided one lump sum attrition allowance without distinguishing what

FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-07)	122.45	
FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-0/)	122.43	

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4
_	Notes to Financial Statements	•	

portion was for rate base and which was for operating and maintenance expenses or other considerations, the Court struck all portions of the attrition allowance attributable to Avista Corp.'s rate base and reversed and remanded the case for the WUTC to recalculate Avista Corp.'s rates without including an attrition allowance in the calculation of rate base.

On March 6, 2020, the Company received an order from the WUTC that will require it to refund \$8.5 million to electric and natural gas customers. The Company will refund \$4.9 million to electric customers and \$3.6 million to natural gas customers. The Company recorded a customer refund liability of \$8.5 million in 2019.

Colstrip Units 3 & 4 Outage and Replacement Power Costs

In 2019, the Company filed a case with the WUTC to recover costs associated with an unplanned power outage at Colstrip Units 3 and 4. The primary issue is related to the cost of replacement power incurred in July and August 2018 due to a forced outage at Colstrip Units 3 & 4. That outage occurred due to the plant exceeding certain air quality standards. In testimony filed by WUTC Staff and Public Counsel on January 10, 2020, the parties recommend the WUTC disallow \$3.3 million in replacement power costs. Avista Corp. filed testimony on January 23, 2020, and provided support for no disallowance, but if the WUTC believes a disallowance is appropriate, the level of disallowance would be \$2.4 million.

On March 20, 2020, the Company received an order from the WUTC related to costs associated with a an unplanned outage of Colstrip Units 3 and 4 in 2018. In its order, the WUTC disallowed approximately \$3 million for the cost of replacement power during the unplanned outage.

2019 Washington General Rate Cases

On March 25, 2020, the Company received an order from the WUTC that approved the partial multi-party settlement agreement that was filed on November 21, 2019. The approved rates are designed to increase annual base electric revenues by \$28.5 million, or 5.7 percent, and annual natural gas base revenues by \$8.0 million, or 8.5 percent, effective April 1, 2020. The revenue increases are based on a 9.4 percent return on equity with a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent and a rate of return on rate base of 7.21 percent.

As part of the WUTC order, the Company will return approximately \$40 million from the ERM rebate to customers over a two-year period. The ERM rebate includes approximately \$3 million that was recently disallowed by the Commission for the cost of replacement power during an unplanned outage at the Colstrip generating facility in 2018. The Commission directed the Company to return a larger portion of the ERM money during the first year to achieve a net-zero billed impact to electric customers.

Included in the WUTC order is the acceleration of depreciation of Colstrip Units 3 & 4, to reflect a remaining useful life through December 31, 2025. The order utilizes certain electric tax benefits associated with the 2018 tax reform to partially offset these increased costs. The order also sets aside \$3 million for community transition efforts to mitigate the impacts of the eventual closure of Colstrip, half funded by customers and half funded by Company shareholders.

In addition, a recent order received from the WUTC on the 2015 remand cases requires the Company to refund \$8.5 million to electric and natural gas customers. The Company will refund \$4.9 million to electric customers and \$3.6 million to natural gas customers over a one year period, which will partially offset the increase in base rates.

Lastly, the order includes the extension of electric and natural gas decoupling mechanisms through March 31, 2025.

Credit Agreement

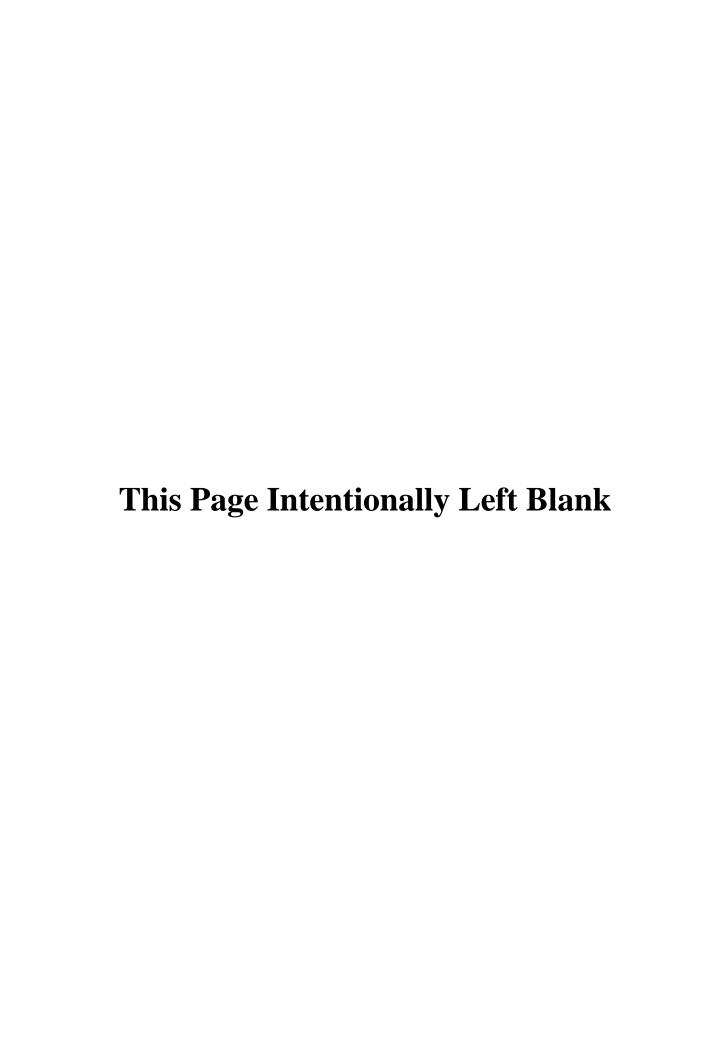
FERC FORM NO. 2/3-Q (REV 12-07)	122.46	

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	•		
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4		
Notes to Financial Statements					

On April 6, 2020, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with U.S. Bank National Association, as Lender and Administrative Agent, and CoBank, ACB, as Lender in the amount of \$100 million with a maturity date of April 5, 2021. Loans under this agreement are unsecured and will have a variable annual interest rate determined by either the Eurodollar rate or the Alternative Base Rate depending on the type of loan selected by Avista Corp.

The Credit Agreement contains customary covenants and default provisions, including a covenant not to permit the ratio of "consolidated total debt" to "consolidated total capitalization" of Avista Corp. to be greater than 65 percent at any time.

The Company has borrowed the entire \$100 million available under this agreement, which is expected to be used to provide additional liquidity and for general corporate purposes.

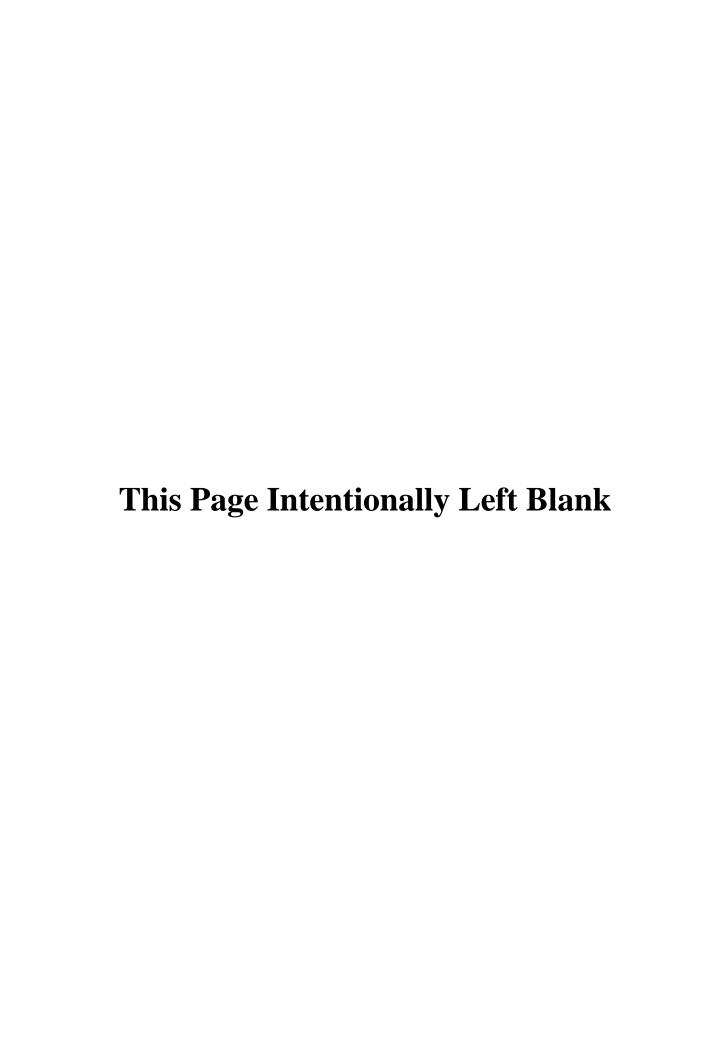


	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provi	sions for Depreciation, Amo	rtization and Depletion	1
Line No.	Item (a)			Total Company For the Current Quarter/Year
1	UTILITY PLANT			
2	In Service			
3	Plant in Service (Classified)			6,302,457,210
4	Property Under Capital Leases			69,745,591
5	Plant Purchased or Sold			
6	Completed Construction not Classified			
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified			
8	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7)			6,372,202,801
9	Leased to Others			
10	Held for Future Use			12,951,318
11	Construction Work in Progress			157,909,990
12	Acquisition Adjustments			279,264
13	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12)			6,543,343,373
14	Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion			2,121,893,905
15	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14)			4,421,449,468
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION,	AMORTIZATION AND DEPLE	ETION	
17	In Service:			4 005 074 000
18	Depreciation (Depreciation)	18:11		1,995,071,690
19	Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and La	nd Rights		
20 21	Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights			126,822,215
22	Amortization of Other Utility Plant TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)			2,121,893,905
23	Leased to Others			2,121,093,903
24	Depreciation			
25	Amortization and Depletion			
26	TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25)			
27	Held for Future Use			
28	Depreciation			
29	Amortization			
30	TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29)			
31	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)			
32	Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment			
33	TOTAL Accum. Provisions (Should agree with line 14 above)(Total	of lines 22, 26, 30, 31, and 32))	2,121,893,905

	e of Respondent ta Corporation		This Report Is: (1) XAn Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
7.1.0	(2) A Resubmission 04/13/2020 2.13 3.1				End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion (continued)					
Line	Electric	Gas	Other (specify)		Common	
No.	(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)	
1						
2						
3	4,320,051,737	1,330,407,424	4		651,998,049	
4					69,745,591	
5						
6						
7	4,320,051,737	1,330,407,42	4		721,743,640	
9	4,320,031,737	1,330,407,424	*		721,743,040	
10	12,045,797	190,58	5		714,936	
11	130,627,836	2,416,94			24,865,213	
12	279,264					
13	4,463,004,634	1,333,014,95			747,323,789	
14	1,528,306,319	395,724,780			197,862,806	
15	2,934,698,315	937,290,170	0		549,460,983	
16 17						
18	1,503,624,342	394,754,180	3		96,693,162	
19	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				33,003,102	
20						
21	24,681,977	970,594	4		101,169,644	
22	1,528,306,319	395,724,780	0		197,862,806	
23						
24 25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32 33	1,528,306,319	395,724,780	<u> </u>		197,862,806	
33	1,020,000,010	000,724,700	<u> </u>		101,002,000	

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report			
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·			
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4			
FOOTNOTE DATA						

Schedule Page: 200 Line No.: 4 ROU Asset - \$69,745,591 Column: f



	e of Res	spondent	This Re		Date of		Year/Period of Report
Avista Corporation			(1) [2]	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020		End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
		Gas Plant in Service (Acco	unts 10	1, 102, 103, and 106)			
2. I	n additio	below the original cost of gas plant in service according to the pon to Account 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classified), this page nental Gas Plant Unclassified, and Account 106, Completed Co	rescribed	d accounts. next include Account 1	02, Gas Pla	ant Purchase	d or Sold, Account
	nclude in column (c) and (d), as appropriate corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year.						
	Enclose in parenthesis credit adjustments of plant accounts to indicate the negative effect of such accounts.						
		Account 106 according to prescribed accounts, on an					
		sis if necessary, and include the entries in column (c).Also to b					
		ported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has a signification of the control of the cont					
		the end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution					-
		for accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in column emental statement showing the account distributions of these to					iciassineu retirements.
illao	топрри	Account		Balance at	line (e) unu	(α),	Additions
ine		, toodant		Beginning of Yea	r		raditiono
No.		(a)		(b)			(c)
1	INTAN	IGIBLE PLANT					
2	301	Organization					
3	302	Franchises and Consents					
4	303	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant			2,916,864		29,484
5		TOTAL Intangible Plant (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		:	2,916,864		29,484
6	PROD	UCTION PLANT					
7		Natural Gas Production and Gathering Plant					
8	325.1	Producing Lands					
9	325.2	2 Producing Leaseholds					
0		3 Gas Rights					
1	325.4	Rights-of-Way					
2		5 Other Land and Land Rights					
3	326	Gas Well Structures					
4	327	Field Compressor Station Structures					
5	328	Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					
16	329	Other Structures					
17	330	Producing Gas Wells-Well Construction					
18	331	Producing Gas Wells-Well Equipment					
9	332	Field Lines					
20	333	Field Compressor Station Equipment					
21	334	Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					
22	335	Drilling and Cleaning Equipment					
23	336	Purification Equipment					
.5	337	Other Equipment					
.5	338	Unsuccessful Exploration and Development Costs					
26	339	Asset Retirement Costs for Natural Gas Production and					
.0		TOTAL Production and Gathering Plant (Enter Total of lines 8					
18		UCTS EXTRACTION PLANT					
9	340	Land and Land Rights					
10	341	Structures and Improvements					
	342	Extraction and Refining Equipment					
		Pipe Lines					
31 32	343						

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report							
Avis	ta Corporation		(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>							
	G	as Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01, 102, 103, and 106) (conti	nued)								
Accou 6. S class amou to prir 7. F subac 8. F	Account 101 and 106 will avoid serious omissions of respondent's reported amount for plant actually in service at end of year. 6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within utility plant accounts. Include also in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary account classifications arising from distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account 102. In showing the clearance of Account 102, include in column (e) the amounts with respect to accumulated provision for depreciation, acquisition adjustments, etc., and show in column (f) only the offset to the debits or credits to primary account classifications. 7. For Account 399, state the nature and use of plant included in this account and if substantial in amount submit a supplementary statement showing subaccount classification of such plant conforming to the requirements of these pages. 8. For each amount comprising the reported balance and changes in Account 102, state the property purchased or sold, name of vendor or purchaser, and date of transaction. If proposed journal entries have been filed with the Commission as required by the Uniform System of Accounts, give date of such											
and d filing.	ate of transaction. If proposed journa	al entries have been filed with the	Commission as required by the	e Uniform System of Acc	counts, give date of such							
Line No.	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers		Balance at End of Year							
1	(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)							
2												
3	400 404		,	40.400)	0.704.707							
4 5	133,461 133,461		(48,120) 48,120)	2,764,767 2,764,767							
6												
7												
9												
10												
11 12												
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14 15												
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18 19												
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28 29												
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31 32												
33												

Nam	e of Respondent		nis Report Is:	Date of		Year/Peri	od of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1		(Mo, Da	, Yr) /2020	Fnd of	2019/Q4
		(2	<u>′ </u>		12020	Liid oi	2010/01
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	01,	, 102, 103, and 106) (conti	inued)			
Line	Account		Balance at			Additions	
No.			Beginning of Yea	ar			
	(a)		(b)			(c)	
34	345 Compressor Equipment						
35	346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment						
36	347 Other Equipment						
37	348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant						
38	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant (Enter Total of lines 29 thru 37	_					
39	TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 27 and	d					
40	Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Submit Supplementary			7,628			
41	TOTAL Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40)			7,628			
42	NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT						
43	Underground Storage Plant						
44	350.1 Land			1,306,601			6,915
45	350.2 Rights-of-Way			59,812			6,930
46	351 Structures and Improvements			2,878,228		(1,251,680)
47	352 Wells			4,891,527			3,111,049
48	352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights		'	4,001,021			0,111,040
49	352.2 Reservoirs			1,667,492			
	352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas						
50				5,810,311			4 400 744
51	353 Lines			1,106,781			1,123,741
52	354 Compressor Station Equipment			5,848,475			1,396,042
53	355 Other Equipment			1,655,168		(886,083)
54	356 Purification Equipment			403,712			156,536
55	357 Other Equipment			2,936,843		(1,176,554)
56	358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant						
57	TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru	ı	4	8,564,950			2,486,896
58	Other Storage Plant						
59	360 Land and Land Rights						
60	361 Structures and Improvements						
61	362 Gas Holders						
62	363 Purification Equipment						
63	363.1 Liquefaction Equipment						
64	363.2 Vaporizing Equipment						
65	363.3 Compressor Equipment						
66	363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment						
67	363.5 Other Equipment						
68	363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant						
69	TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68)						
70	Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant						
71	364.1 Land and Land Rights						
72	364.2 Structures and Improvements						
	·						
73	364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment						
74	364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment						
75	364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment						
76	364.6 Compressor Station Equipment						
77	364.7 Communications Equipment						
78	364.8 Other Equipment						
79	364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas						
80	TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Nat'l Gas, Terminaling and Processing	ng					
l							

	Respondent		Th	nis Report Is:) XAn Original	Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Year/Period of Report
Avista Co	rporation		(1	An Original A Resubmission	04/15	5/2020	End of 2019/Q4
		Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1					
					ilueu)		Delevered
Line	Retirements	Adjustments		Transfers			Balance at End of Year
No.	(d)	(e)		(f)			(g)
34	\			(/			(0)
35							
36							
37							
38							
39							
40							7,628
41							7,628
42							
43							4 040 540
44 45							1,313,516 66,742
46							1,626,548
47							18,002,576
48							10,002,070
49							1,667,492
50							5,810,311
51							2,230,522
52							17,244,517
53							769,085
54							560,248
55							1,760,289
56							
57							51,051,846
58							
59 60							
61							
62							
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71 72							
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Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of I (Mo, Da		Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	04/15	,	End of 2019/Q4
-	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	` '			<u> </u>
	<u> </u>		iuea)		
Line	Account	Balance at			Additions
No.	(-)	Beginning of Year	r		(-)
81	(a) TOTAL Nat'l Gas Storage and Processing Plant (Total of lines 57,	(b)	3,564,950		(c) 2,486,896
82	TRANSMISSION PLAN	40	5,304,930		2,460,690
83	365.1 Land and Land Rights				
84	365.2 Rights-of-Way				
85	366 Structures and Improvements				
86	367 Mains				
87	368 Compressor Station Equipment				
88	369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment				
89	370 Communication Equipment				
90	371 Other Equipment				
91	372 Asset Retirement Costs for Transmission Plant				
92	TOTAL Transmission Plant (Enter Totals of lines 83 thru 91)				
93	DISTRIBUTION PLANT				
93	374 Land and Land Rights		1,179,375		342,042
95	375 Structures and Improvements		1,803,020		189,576
96	376 Mains		7,220,229		43,984,075
97	377 Compressor Station Equipment	597	,220,229		43,964,073
	378 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-General	1.	1,967,781		457.017
98 99	379 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-General		3,721,669		457,917 752,668
100	380 Services		9,619,102		28,254,676
├──	381 Meters		3,537,042		22,232,871
101 102	382 Meter Installations	120	5,557,042		22,232,011
103	383 House Regulators				
103	384 House Regulator Installations				
├	385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment		5,789,070		444,523
105 106	386 Other Property on Customers' Premises		0,709,070		444,525
107	387 Other Equipment		539		
107	388 Asset Retirement Costs for Distribution Plant		339		
109	TOTAL Distribution Plant (Enter Total of lines 94 thru 108)	1 12/	1,837,827		96,658,348
110	GENERAL PLANT	1,12-	7,007,027		30,030,040
111	389 Land and Land Rights		3,607,121		314,706
112	390 Structures and Improvements		3,042,842		6,756,333
113	391 Office Furniture and Equipment		1,186,531		294,645
114	392 Transportation Equipment		7,710,955		751,277
115	393 Stores Equipment	.,	112,801		701,211
116	394 Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment	,	3,170,189		746,384
117	395 Laboratory Equipment		324,175		94,377
118	396 Power Operated Equipment		1,096,408		103,586
119	397 Communication Equipment		3,714,172		88,864
120	398 Miscellaneous Equipment		2,367		00,004
121	Subtotal (Enter Total of lines 111 thru 120)	62	1,967,561		9,150,172
122	399 Other Tangible Property		1,007,001		0,100,172
123	399.1 Asset Retirement Costs for General Plant				
124	TOTAL General Plant (Enter Total of lines 121, 122 and 123)	61	1,967,561		9,150,172
125	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)		3,294,830		108,324,900
126	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instruction 8)	1,200	7,204,000		100,024,000
127	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instruction 8)				
128	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified				
129	TOTAL Gas Plant In Service (Enter Total of lines 125 thru 128)	1 238	3,294,830		108,324,900

	e of Respondent		This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	G	as Plant in Service (Accounts 10			
	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers		Balance at
Line	Retilements	Adjustifierits	Transiers		End of Year
No.	(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)
81					51,051,846
82					
83					
84					
85					
86					
87 88					
89					
90					
91					
92					
93					
94			(5)	1,521,412
95	3,034		(15,283)	1,974,279
96	6,719,231		(1	,087,775)	633,397,298
97					
98	65,092		(92,457)	12,268,149
99	40,709		(198,572)	9,235,056
100	553,346		(86,422)	397,234,010
101 102	5,113,418		(48,981)	145,607,514
103					
104					
105	14,293		(65,248)	6,154,052
106	·		,	,	<u> </u>
107					539
108					
109	12,509,123		(1	,594,743)	1,207,392,309
110					
111			,	57.040)	3,921,827
112	405 204		(57,342) 17,798)	29,741,833
113 114	195,394 398,679		(30,652)	1,267,984 18,032,901
115	390,079		(30,032)	112,801
116	131,060		(10,233)	8,775,280
117	5,272		(421)	412,859
118	,		,	,	4,199,994
119	1,045,197		(34,811)	2,723,028
120					2,367
121	1,775,602		(151,257)	69,190,874
122					
123			,		
124	1,775,602		(151,257)	69,190,874
125 126	14,418,186		(1	,794,120)	1,330,407,424
127					
128					
129	14,418,186		(1	,794,120)	1,330,407,424

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Aviete Corporation								
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>				
	Gas Plant Held for Fu	ıture U	Jse (Account 105)						
item 2. colu	1. Report separately each property held for future use at end of the year having an original cost of \$1,000,000 or more. Group other tems of property held for future use. 2. For property having an original cost of \$1,000,000 or more previously used in utility operations, now held for future use, give in column (a), in addition to other required information, the date that utility use of such property was discontinued, and the date the original cost was transferred to Account 105.								
	Description and Location		Date Originally Included	Date Expected to be Used	Balance at				
Line	of Property		in this Account	in Utility Service	End of Year				
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)				
1	Gas Distribution Mains and Services	(03/01/2007	12/31/2026	190,585				
2	located in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho								
3									
4									
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44									
45	Total				190,585				
	-								

Nam	e of Respondent			Report Is:	Date of Report Year/I	Period of Report	
Avis	Avista Corporation			X An Original A Resubmission		of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
	Construction Wo	rk in P	(2) rogres	s-Gas (Account 107)			
2. and	Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Minor projects (less than \$1,000,000) may be grouped.	onstrat	ion" pr	ojects last, under a		ent,	
Line	Description of Project		С	onstruction Work in Progress-Gas	Estimated Add		
No.	(a)			(Account 107) (b)	(c)		
1	Minor Projects under \$1,000,000:						
2	Gas Revenue Blanket			488,630	3	305,737	
3	Regulator Reliable - Blanket			411,570	6	35,030	
4	Gas Reinforce-Minor Blanket			312,457		4,112	
5	Legal & Compliance Technology			214,342	2	204,336	
6	Transportation Equip			149,352		10,638	
7	Gas Distribution Non-Revenue Blanket			157,607	(1	03,853)	
8	Cheney HP Reinforcement			119,702	4,5	585,671	
9	Structures & Improv			101,521	,	50,619)	
10	Cathodic Protection-Minor Blanket			87,360	1	101,109	
11	Gas Replace-St&Hwy			83,025	1,3	385,654	
12	Rathdrum Prairie HP Gas Reinforcement			65,742	2,4	161,386	
13	Gas Telemetry			66,957		97,823	
14	Environmental Control & Monitoring Systems			55,331	(29,365)	
15	Gas Op Qual - Tooling, Vehicles and Material			33,108		26,397	
16	NSC Greene St HP Gas Main			30,548		768,679	
17	Dollar Rd Service Center Addition and Remodel			26,793	23,0)27,529	
18	Tools Lab & Shop Equipment			26,134	(1,795)	
19	Gas ERT Minor Blanket			10,943		14,500	
20	Facilities and Storage Locations Security			8,454	1	126,822	
21	Gas Regulators Minor Blanket			6,190	(1,538)	
22	Immaterial Difference (GD.WA)			2,082			
23	Facilities Driven Technology Improvements			1,342		14,815	
24	Replace Deteriorating Gas System			709		24,273	
25	Washington AMI			63	2,9	999,935	
26	Accrual adjustment to all service/jurisd for GD			(43,021)			
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32		1					
33							
34							
35		1					
36		<u> </u>					
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38		-					
39							
40							
41							
42		-					
43							
44	Total			2 446 044	20.4	107 276	
45	1 Otal			2,416,941	39,1	107,276	

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4
Ger	neral Description of Construction Overhead Pro	cedure	

- 1. For each construction overhead explain: (a) the nature and extent of work, etc., the overhead charges are intended to cover, (b) the general procedure for determining the amount capitalized, (c) the method of distribution to construction jobs, (d) whether different rates are applied to different types of construction, (e) basis of differentiation in rates for different types of construction, and (f) whether the overhead is directly or indirectly assigned.
- 2. Show below the computation of allowance for funds used during construction rates, in accordance with the provisions of Gas Plant Instructions 3 (17) of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 3. Where a net-of-tax rate for borrowed funds is used, show the appropriate tax effect adjustment to the computations below in a manner that clearly indicates the amount of reduction in the gross rate for tax effects.

Construction costs with a direct relationship to new construction and capital replacement activities that cannot be clearly identified with specific projects are charged to overhead pools. The established pools are:

Construction Overhead North Gas

Construction Overhead South Gas

Pool costs are allocated monthly to gas construction projects on a percent rate applied to direct project costs, excluding AFUDC. Each pool's rate is calculated separately and applied only to the related gas construction projects for allocation.

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	General Description of Constructi				
	General Description of Constructi	on Ov	ernead Procedure (co	ntinuea)	
1. Fo 2. Ide	UTATION OF ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION RATE r line (5), column (d) below, enter the rate granted in the last rate proceeding. If not a entify, in a footnote, the specific entity used as the source for the capital structure figuricate, in a footnote, if the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a rate of the capital structure figuricate.	ivailable res.	-		
1. Cc	mponents of Formula (Derived from actual book balances and actual	cost ra	ites):		
	Title		Amount	Capitalization	Cost Rate
Line	THE		Amount	Ration (percent)	Percentage
No.	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	(4)			(9)	(4)
	(1) Average Short-Term Debt S	;	171,206,000		
	(2) Short-Term Interest				s 2.94
	(3) Long-Term Debt)	1,770,500,000	49.87	d 5.32
	(4) Preferred Stock	1			р
	(5) Common Equity	;	1,779,475,228	50.13	c 9.50
	(6) Total Capitalization		3,549,975,228	100.00	
	(7) Average Construction Work In Progress Balance	V	162,445,000		
2 Gr	oss Rate for Borrowed Funds s(S/W) + d[(D/(D+P+C)) (1-(S/W))]			2.94	
2. 0.				2.74	
3. Ra	te for Other Funds $[1-(S/W)][p(P/(D+P+C)) + c(C/(D+P+C))]$				

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report		Da	ate of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation			Original Resubmission		lo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Provision for D	eprecia	ition of Gas	Utility Plant (A	ccoun	t 108)	
2. plan 3.	Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during ye Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount ft in service, page 204-209, column (d), excluding retireme The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of A	or boons	nondeprecia ts require th	able property. at retirements	of de	preciable plant b	e recorded when
	plant is removed from service. If the respondent has a si or classified to the various reserve functional classification						
	of the plant retired. In addition, include all costs included		•			•	
	sifications.			1 3	,		
	Show separately interest credits under a sinking fund or si						
5.	At lines 7 and 14, add rows as necessary to report all data	a. Add		T		-	
Line	Item	,	Total c+d+e)	Gas Plant Service	in	Gas Plant Held for Future Use	Gas Plant Leased to Others
No.	(a)	((b)	(c)		(d)	(e)
	Section A. BALANCES AND CHANGES DURING YEAR		()	, ,		()	()
1	Balance Beginning of Year		377,778,951	377,7	78,951		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to						
3	(403) Depreciation Expense		29,562,694	29,5	62,694		
4	(403.1) Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs						
5	(413) Expense of Gas Plant Leased to Others						
6	Transportation Expenses - Clearing		1,435,448	1,4	35,448		
7	Other Clearing Accounts						
9	Other Clearing (Specify) (footnote details):						
10	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year (Total of lines 3 thru 8)		30,998,142	30.0	98,142		
11	Net Charges for Plant Retired:		30,770,142	30,7	70,142		
12	Book Cost of Plant Retired		(14,284,725)	(14.28	34,725)		
13	Cost of Removal		(302,143))2,143)		
14	Salvage (Credit)		(15,495)	(15,495)		
15	TOTAL Net Chrgs for Plant Ret. (Total of lines 12 thru 14)		(14,571,373)	(14,5	71,373)		
16	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe) (footnote details):		548,466	5	48,466		
17							
18	Book Cost of Asset Retirement Costs						
19	Balance End of Year (Total of lines 1,10,15,16 and 18)		394,754,186	394,7	54,186		
	Section B. BALANCES AT END OF YEAR ACCORDING TO FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS						
21	Productions-Manufactured Gas						
22	Production and Gathering-Natural Gas						
23	Products Extraction-Natural Gas						
24	Underground Gas Storage		18,443,132	18,4	43,132		
25	Other Storage Plant						
26 27	Base Load LNG Terminaling and Processing Plant Transmission						
28	Distribution		354,875,726	25/19	75,726		
29	General		21,435,328		35,328		
30	TOTAL (Total of lines 21 thru 29)		394,754,186		54,186		
				1		Ī	1

1	lame of Respondent Avista Corporation				This Report Is: (1) X An Or (2) A Res	riginal (submission	Date of Report Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2	d of Report 019/Q4
_			Gas Stored	(Accounts 117.1	<u> </u>	17.4, 164.1, 164.2			
as 2. as 3.	If during the year acts measurements), ex Report in column (est property recordables State in a footnote rage (i.e., fixed asse	plain in a footnote e) all encroachmen e in the plant acco the basis of segre	nade to the store the reason for t nts during the ye unts. gation of invento	ed gas inventory r the adjustments, t ear upon the volun	eported in colum he Dth and dollar nes designated a	ns (d), (f), (g), and amount of adjustr s base gas, colum	(h) (such as to ment, and accou n (b), and syste	int charged or cre m balancing gas,	dited. column (c), and
ne lo.		(Account 117.1) (b)	(Account 117.2) (c)	Noncurrent (Account 117.3) (d)	(Account 117.4) (e)	Current (Account 164.1) (f)	LNG (Account 164.2) (g)	LNG (Account 164.3) (h)	Total
	Balance at Beginning of	6,992,076				11,609,184			18,601,260
_	Gas Delivered to Storage					35,303,621			35,303,62
_				+		32,607,408			32,607,408
_	Gas Withdrawn from			 		32,007,408			32,007,408
_	Other Debits and Credits								
	Balance at End of Year	6,992,076				14,305,397			21,297,47
_	Dth	1,253,060				7,094,798			8,347,858
	Amount Per Dth	5.5800				2.0163			2.5513

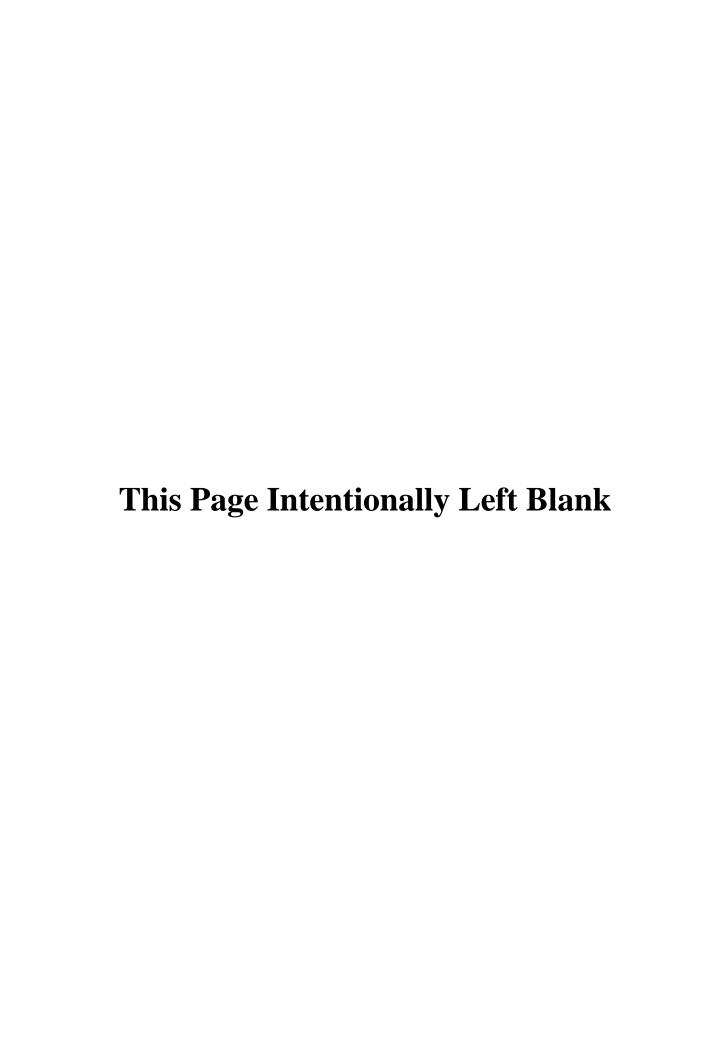
1 /1					ls: Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
		(1)	An Original A Resubmission		ion	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>			
	Investments (Accou		3. 1							
1 D	eport below investments in Accounts 123, Investments in Associated Companies, 124					Tempo	rary Cash Investments			
	eport below investments in Accounts 123, investments in Associated Companies, 124 rovide a subheading for each account and list thereunder the information called for:	, outer	HIVE	Janiel	ns, and 150	, rempo	rary Gasir investillents.			
	Investment in Securities-List and describe each security owned, giving name of issuer	, date a	acqu	uired a	nd date of n	naturity.	For bonds, also give princip	al amount, date of issue,		
	ty, and interest rate. For capital stock (including capital stock of respondent reacquire									
include	ncluded in Account 124, Other Investments) state number of shares, class, and series of stock. Minor investments may be grouped by classes. Investments included in Account 136,									
	orary Cash Investments, also may be grouped by classes.									
	(b) Investment Advances-Report separately for each person or company the amounts of loans or investment advances that are properly includable in Account 123. Include advances									
subjec	ct to current repayment in Account 145 and 146. With respect to each advance, show	whethe	r the	e adva	ince is a not	e or ope	n account.			
	Describilities of less sets and				1	D. d. (Deat at Dealers by a style of	Directions		
	Description of Investment						Cost at Beginning of Year ok cost is different from	Purchases or Additions		
Line					*	-	respondent, give cost to	During the Year		
No.							ondent in a footnote and	burning the roun		
							explain difference)			
	(a)				(b)		(c)	(d)		
1	Investment in Spokane Energy (123000)									
2	Investment in Avista Capital II (123010)						11,547,000			
3	Other Investment - WZN Loans Sandpoint (124350)						59,355			
4	Other Investment - Coli Cash Value (124600)						26,221,702			
5	Other Investment - Coli Borrowings (124610)						(26,221,702)			
6	Other Investment - WZN Loans Oregon (124680)						18,755			
7	Other Investment - WNP3 Exchange Power (124900)						79,626,000			
8	Other Investment - AMT WNP3 Exchange (124930)						(77,993,039)			
9	Temp Cash Investments (136000)						136,713			
10	Energy Commodity Contract (124020)									
11	Other Investment-Non Affilicated LT Note Rec (124820)									
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Nam	e of Respondent			This	Repo	ort Is:	.1	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation			(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission				04/15/2020		End of 2019/Q4
		Investments (Accour	t 123	3, 124,	and	136) (cor	ntinued)			
3. Do 4. If number 5. Re 6. In	esignate with an asterisk in columr Commission approval was required er. eport in column (h) interest and div column (i) report for each investm	naturity date, and specifying whether note is a n (b) any securities, notes or accounts that we d for any advance made or security acquired, ridend revenues from investments including suent disposed of during the year the gain or lostost) and the selling price thereof, not including	ere ple desigi uch re ss repr	edged, a nate suc venues resented	and in th fac from the	a footnote s t in a footnot securities dis ne difference	tate the name te and cite Cossposed of du be between cossposed of du	ne of pledges and purp commission, date of au uring the year. ost of the investment (or	ose of uthoriza	the pledge. ation, and case or docket
_ine No.	Sales or Other Dispositions During Year	No. of Shares at (If be End of Year to	ook co o respo spond	Cost at E st is diff ondent, ent in a blain diff	ferent give of footn	from cost cost to ote and	ı	Revenues for Year		Gain or Loss from Investment Disposed of
	(e)	(f)	ONF	(g)		,		(h)		(i)
1										
2					11,	547,000				
3	(0.554.500)				00	59,355				
4 5	(2,554,533) 2,554,533					776,235 76,235)				
5 6	2,554,533			(20,1	18,616				
7	79,626,000					10,010				
8	(77,993,039)									
9	(19,178)					155,891				
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	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Investments in Subsidiary	Companies (Account 123.1)		
2. Pi (a) Inv (b) Inv to eac	eport below investments in Account 123.1, Investments in Subsidiary Companies. rovide a subheading for each company and list thereunder the information called for b testment in Securities-List and describe each security owned. For bonds give also princestment Advances - Report separately the amounts of loans or investment advances hadvance show whether the advance is a note or open account. List each note giving eport separately the equity in undistributed subsidiary earnings since acquisition. The	ncipal amount, date of issue, maturity which are subject to repayment, but w g date of issuance, maturity date, and	, and interest rate. which are not subject to currer I specifying whether note is a	nt settlement. With respect renewal.
	Description of Investment	Date	Date of	Amount of
Line		Acquired	Maturity	Investment at
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	Beginning of Year (d)
1	Investment in Avista Capital	01/01/1997	(-)	206,138,971
2	Avista Capital - Equity in Earnings			(159,248,496)
3	Investment in AERC	07/01/2014		89,816,380
4	AERC- Equity in Earnings			16,816,830
5				
7				
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39	TOTAL 0 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			
40	TOTAL Cost of Account 123.1 \$		TOTAL	153,523,685

Nam	e of Respondent			Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Avis	ta Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>				
	1	Investments in Subsidiary Comp	anies	s (Account 123.1) (conti	nued)	•				
5. If docke 6. R 7. In carrie	 Designate in a footnote, any securities, notes, or accounts that were pledged, and state the name of pledgee and purpose of the pledge. If Commission approval was required for any advance made or security acquired, designate such fact in a footnote and give name of Commission, date of authorization, and case or locket number. Report in column (f) interest and dividend revenues from investments, including such revenues from securities disposed of during the year. In column (h) report for each investment disposed of during the year, the gain or loss represented by the difference between cost of the investment (or the other amount at which arried in the books of account if different from cost), and the selling price thereof, not including interest adjustments includible in column (f). Report on Line 40, column (a) the total cost of Account 123.1. 									
Line				Amount of Investment at End of Year		Gain or Loss from Investment Disposed of				
No.	(e)	(f)		(g)		(h)				
1		(50,000,000)		256,13						
2	6,404,043			(152,844						
3					6,380					
4	7,178,226	10,000,000		13,99	95,056					
5										
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39	40 500 000	/ 40.000.000		207 12	05.054					
40	13,582,269	(40,000,000)		207,10	70,904					

Nam	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary Property Losses (Acct				
	Frepayments (Acct 100), Extraordinary Froperty Losses (Acct	102.1)	, omecovered Flam an	id Regulatory Study	COSIS (ACCI 102.2)
	PREPAYMENT	S (AC	COUNT 165)		
1. Re	eport below the particulars (details) on each prepayment.				
	Nature of Payment				Balance at End
Line					of Year
No.					(in dollars)
-	(a)				(b)
2	Prepaid Insurance Prepaid Rents				747,680
3	Prepaid Taxes				3,759,647
4	Prepaid Interest				3,737,047
5	Miscellaneous Prepayments				20,174,932
6	TOTAL				24,682,259



Nam	ne of Respondent				Report Is:		Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Ye	ar/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		,	1) 2)	X An Original A Resubmi			5/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
		Other Pe	,	,	(Account 182.					<u> </u>
1 Г	Conart holow the details called for concerning						a actions of	rogulatory agor	acion	(and not includable
in oth 2. F 3. M 4. F 5. P	Report below the details called for concerning of accounts). For regulatory assets being amortized, show positions items (5% of the Balance at End of Year Report separately any "Deferred Regulatory Corovide in a footnote, for each line item, the regulasion order, court decision).	eriod of amortization for Account 182.3 or ommission Expenses	in column (a). r amounts less " that are also	thar repo	n \$250,000, whic orted on pages 3	hever is 50-351,	less) may b Regulatory	e grouped by c Commission Ex	lasse pens	es. ses.
Line	Description and Purpose of	Balance at	Debits		Written off During	Wr	itten off	Written off		Balance at End of
No.	Other Regulatory Assets	Beginning			Quarter/Year		ng Period	During Period	b	Current
		Current			Account	Amoun	t Recovered	Amount Deem		Quarter/Year
		Quarter/Year			Charged			Unrecoverabl	е	
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)	(f)		(g)
1	WA Excess Nat Gas Line Extension Allowance	9,687,444	1 264	1,114	407		606,842			10,344,716
2	Reg Asset Post Ret Liab	230,641,437			228, 283		23,244,061			210,801,207
3	Regulatory Asset FAS109 Utility Plant	81,340,941		7,946			1,192,953			83,355,934
4	Regulatory Asset FAS109 DSIT Non Plant	1,420,897	1,682	2,091	283		79,787			3,023,201
5	Regulatory Asset FAS109 WNP3	107,699			283		107,699			
6	Regulatory Asset-Spokane River Relicense	403,183			407, 537		269,272			133,911
7	Regulatory Asset-Lake CDA Settlement - Varies	42,589,145			407		1,279,988			41,309,157
8	Reg Assets-Decouplings Surcharge	1,776,570	23,550),873	182		6,000,822			19,326,621
9	Reg Asset - Colstrip		4,945							4,945,687
10	Commodity MTM ST & LT Regulatory Asset	58,294,063			244, 175		51,720,475			6,573,588
11	Regulatory Assset FAS 143 Asset Retirement									
	Obligation	4,690,533		3,201			3,543,528			1,800,206
12	Regulatory Asset Workers Comp	634,064		2,173			119,941			1,126,296
13	Interest Rate Swap Asset	133,853,505	397,270 49,213		244, 175		362,530,376			168,594,071
14 15	DSM Asset Deferred ITC	19,674,074 4,052,923	49,213		283, 410		56,717,534 70,968			12,170,199 3,981,955
16	Regulatory Asset MDM System	4,032,923 4,030,155	0.204	5,022	· ·		31,356			13,394,821
17	Regulatory Asset MDM System Regulatory Asset BPA Residential Exchange	90,430			254, 407		185,080			1,326,885
18	Regulatory Asset BI A Residential Exertainge	1,930,519		9,188			75,672			3,594,035
19	Regulatory Asset- AFUDC (PIC, WIP) & Equity	1,100,101	.,,,,,	7.22						2,01,1,000
	DFIT	3,506,418	42,079	9,953	108,282		1,492,712			44,093,659
20	Regulatory Asset ID PCA Deferral - 1 year			5,594						256,594
21	Existing Meters/ERTS Retirement Def		13,052	2,304						13,052,304
22	Other Regulatory Assets	109	2	2,212						2,321
23										
24										
25										
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28										
29 30										
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39										
40	Total	598,724,109	553,752	2,325			509,269,066		0	643,207,368
		· ·								i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 1 Column: a

Residential Schedule 101 customers who receive a natural gas line extension as part of conversion to natural gas from another fuel source. Amortization for a period of 3 years on the excess allowance exceeding the cost of the line extension.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 2 Column: a

Recognition of the overfunded and underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan based on ASC 715 for financial reporting.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 3 Column: a

Amortized over remaining book life of pre-1986 vintage assets. Amortization amount varies yearly.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 6 Column: a

Amortization for TDG Idaho ended on December 2019. Spokane River relicensing amortization costs will end on 11/30/2020.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 7 Column: a

Washington Docket UE-080416 & Idaho Order AVU-E-08-01. Amortization thru 2059.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 8 Column: a

Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized during the period they occur, subject to certain limitations. Revenue is expected to be collected within 24 months of the deferral.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 9 Column: a

For Washington Electric, we are currently deferring ARO expenses. Amortization period to be determined. For Idaho Electric, amortization is for 34 years as per Order 34276, AVU-E-18-03.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 10 Column: a

Washington Docket# UE-002066 and Idaho Order# 28648.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 11 Column: a

Reclass of Regulatory Assets related to Colstrip to state jurisdictions.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 12 Column: a

Quarterly adjustments to workers comp reserve for current unpaid claims.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 13 Column: a

Settled swaps are amortized over the life of the associated debt.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 14 Column: a

Amortization period varies depending on timing of transactions.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 15 Column: a

Amortization period varies depending on underlying transactions.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 16 Column: a

Washington Docket Nos. UE-180418, UG-180419

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 17 Column: a

Avista is a participant in the Residential Exchange Program with Bonnevile Power Administration. Customers served under Schedules 1, 12, 22, 32 and 48 are given a rate adjustment based on Schedule 59 for Washington and Idaho. Amortization is based on customer usage.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 18 Column: a

Idaho Order# 33494, Docket Nos. AVU-E-16-01 and Stipulation and Settlement Docket# AVU-E-19-04

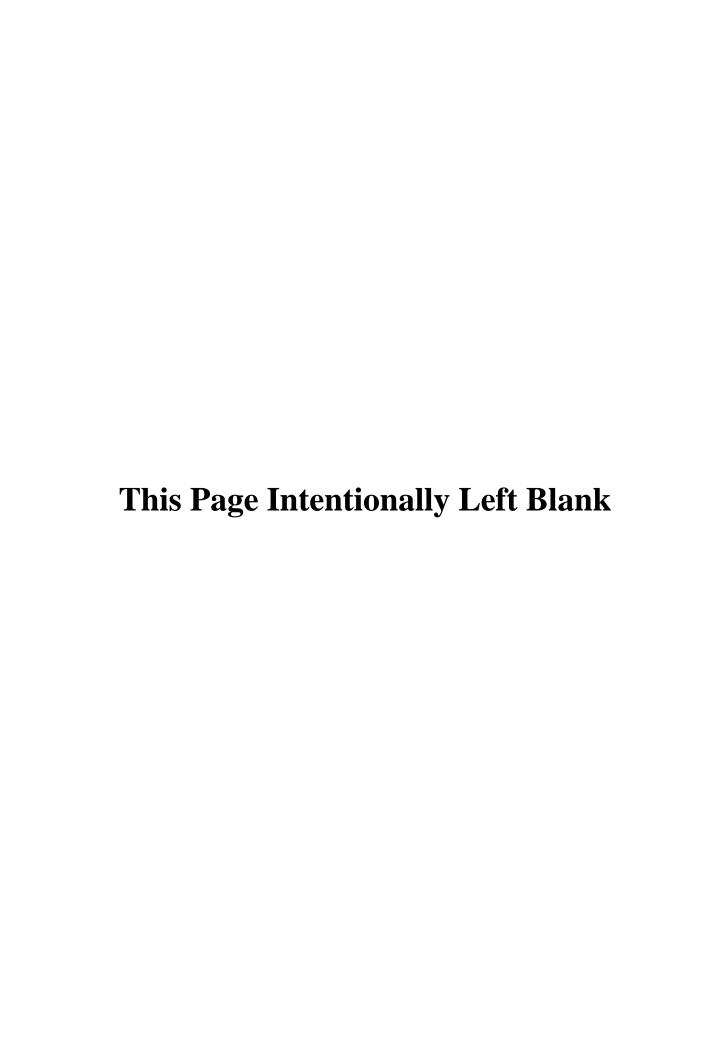
Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 19 Column: a

Deferring the difference between FERC formula and State approved AFUDC rates primarily from 2010-2017.

Schedule Page: 232 Line No.: 21 Column: a

Washington Docket Nos. UE-180418 and UG-180419. Amortization period to be determined.

	le of Respondent Ita Corporation		(1) X An Origin		(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repo End of 2019/Q4
	<u> </u>	Miscellaneous Defer	(2) A Resub		04/15/2020	Elid 01 2019/Q4
2. F	Report below the details called for concerning misce for any deferred debit being amortized, show period finor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by	ellaneous deferred debits. If of amortization in column	•	100,		
Line No.	Description of Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	Balance at Beginning of Year	Debits	Credits Account Charged	Credits Amount	Balance at End of Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
1						
2	Colstrip Common Facility	1,110,999				1,110,99
3	Colstrip Common Facility	2,355,642				2,355,64
4	Plant Alloc of Clearing Journal	3,696,701	1,119,286			4,815,98
5	Intercompany Clearing		8,132			8,13
6	Misc. Deferred Debits (AN)	470,493	26,488			496,98
7	Misc. Deferred Debits (WA)		540,265			540,26
8	Reg Asset - Decoupling Deferred	21,001,564		VAR	12,449,795	
9	Deferred Proj Compass - ID 4 yr	836,724		407	836,724	
10	Reg Asset ID-Lake CDA 10 yr amt	54,206	46,298	506	30,975	5 23,23 46,29
11 12	Conservation Project Programs Nez Perce Settlement	129,501	40,298	557	5,188	
13	Subsidiary Billings	522,220		VAR	499,633	
14	Misc. Work Orders <\$40,000	757,584		VAR	446,807	
15	Aurora Solar Project #59	67,956	989	VAIX	440,001	68,94
16	Build Farm Taps	60,951		VAR	6,156	
17	Clarkston Hts Solar Project#60	84,080	26,187	.,		110,26
18	Credit Union Labor & Expenses	96,382		VAR	36,639	
19	Optional Wind Power	(83,782)	17,737			(66,045
20	Smart Hoist Suspense		76,518			76,51
21	Timber Harvest Revenue	(260,682)	33,864			(226,818
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31 32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
38						
39	Miscellaneous Work in Progress					
40	Total	30,900,539	1,895,764		14,311,91	18,484,38



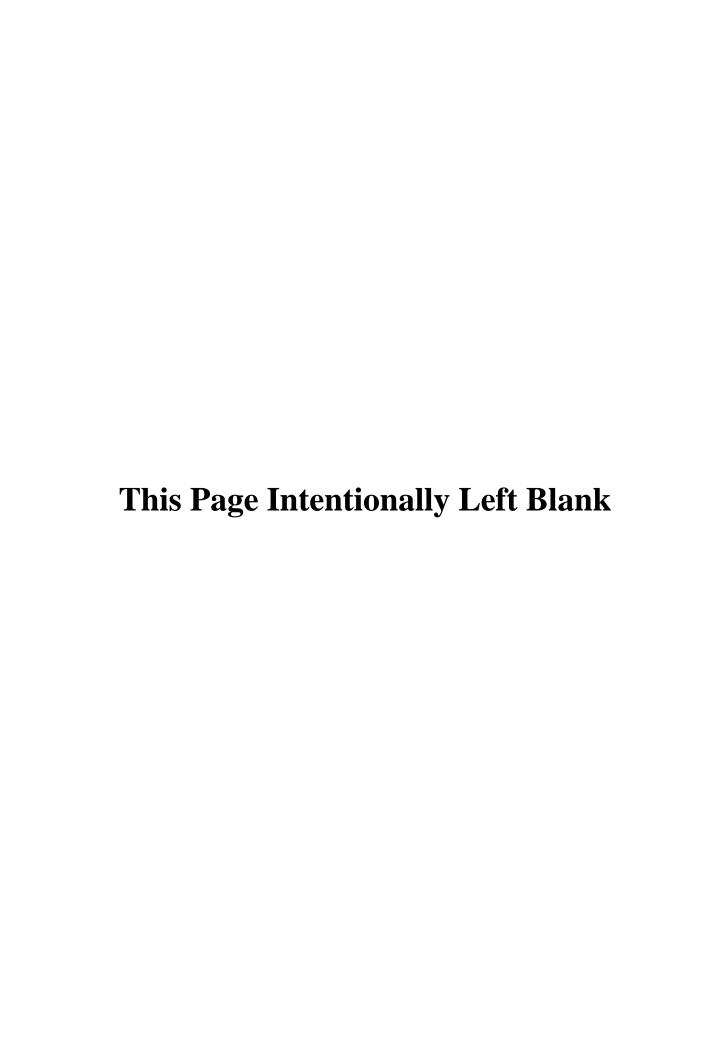
	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Deferred In		Taxes (Account 190	0)		
	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe	erred inc	ome taxes.			
	t Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.					
	ovide in a footnote a summary of the type and amount of deferred income taxes repor that the respondent estimates could be included in the development of jurisdictional re			ena-or-y	ear dalances for deferred	income
	Account Subdivisions		Balance at	С	hanges During	Changes During
Line			Beginning		Year	Year
No.			of Year	۸۰	mounts Debited	Amounts Credited
					Account 410.1	to Account 411.1
	(a)		(b)		(c)	(d)
1	Account 190					
2	Electric		14,294,336		(3,094,028)	897,420
3	Gas		3,071,820		400,638	1,250,052
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)		170,084,364		315,420	329,230
5	Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)		187,450,520		(2,377,970)	2,476,702
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)		107.150.500		(0.077.070)	0.477.700
7	TOTAL Account 190 (Total of lines 5 thru 6)		187,450,520		(2,377,970)	2,476,702
9	Classification of TOTAL		187,450,520		(2,377,970)	2 474 702
10	Federal Income Tax State Income Tax		167,450,520		(2,311,910)	2,476,702
11	Local Income Tax					

				(1) X An Origi	nal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avisia	Corporation			(2) A Result	mission		End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
This Report Common Commo							
	Channes During	Changes During	A division such	Adinates anta	A di cotan o ant	A diversaria	Delemen et
			Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustment	s Adjustments	Balance at End of Year
			Debits	Debits	Credits	Credits	
140.			Account No	Amount	Account No	Amount	
							(k)
				101.070		1,920,914	
		106.040					3,791,114 152,755,074
						1.920.914	
	(1,666,612,1	.,,,,,,		17/201/002		.,,20,,	17776667626
	(1,865,342)	196,940		19,231,862		1,920,914	177,056,526
	(1,865,342)	196,940		19,231,862		1,920,914	177,056,526
11							

	ne of Respondent Sta Corporation	This Report Is: (1) XAn Original (2) A Resubmissi	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) on 04/15/2020	Year/Period of Report End of 2019/Q4
	Capital Si	tock (Accounts 201 and 204)		-
prefer 2. E	eport below the details called for concerning common and preferred stock ared stock. ntries in column (b) should represent the number of shares authorized by the details concerning shares of any class and series of stock authorized to	at end of year, distinguishing separate se he articles of incorporation as amended to	o end of year.	parate totals for common and
Line No.	Class and Series of Stock and Name of Stock Exchange	Number of Shares Authorized by Charter	Par or Stated Value per Share	Call Price at End of Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Acct. 201 - Common Stock Issued:			
2		200,000,000		
3	Restriced shares			
4	TOTAL Common	200,000,000		
5				
6	Account 204 Durformed Charle beauty	10,000,000		
7 8	Account 204 - Preferred Stock Issued	10,000,000		
9	Total Preferred	10,000,000		
10	Total Follows	10,000,000		
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
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19 20				
20 21				
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	ne of Respondent				Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	sta Corporation			(1) (2)	All Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
			Capital Stock (Acc		201 and 204)	-	4
5. S 6. G	tate in a footnote if any capital	of preferred stock should show stock that has been nominally mn (a) of any nominally issued	issued is nominally outst	anding a	t end of year.		g name of pledgee and
Line No.	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet (total amt outstanding without reduction for amts held by respondent) Shares	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet	Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217)		Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217)	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds
	(e)	Amount (f)	Shares (g)		Cost (h)	Shares (i)	Amount (j)
1	(7.17/.00/	1 17/ 400 077				02.251.00	2.024.500.00
3	67,176,996	1,176,498,977				93,351.00	3,824,590.00
4	67,176,996	1,176,498,977				93,351.00	3,824,590.00
5	37,170,770	1,170,170,777				70,001.00	0,021,070.00
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
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39							
40							

	e of Respondent	This Re	eport Is: (An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of R	Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(2)	A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/C</u>	<u>Q4</u>
	Other Paid-In Capit	al (Acco	unts 208-211)			
Prov balar (a) (b) rise (c) and relate (d)	Report below the balance at the end of the year and the informatide a subheading for each account and show a total for the accounce sheet, page 112. Explain changes made in any account du Donations Received from Stockholders (Account 208) - State ar Reduction in Par or Stated Value of Capital Stock (Account 209 to amounts reported under this caption including identification with Gain or Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock (Account 209 to all ance at end of year with a designation of the nature of each ced. Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital (Account 211) - Classify amounts explanations, disclose the general nature of the transactions that	ount, as ring the mount a) - State th the count 2 credit an include	well as a total of a year and give the nd briefly explain amount and brief lass and series of 10) - Report balan d debit identified l	all accounts for reconci- e accounting entries eff the origin and purpose ly explain the capital c stock to which related ce at beginning of yea by the class and series according to captions t	liation with the fecting such char of each donation hanges that gave r, credits, debits, of stock to which	nge. n. e
	Item				Amount	
Line No.	(a)				(b)	
	F 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				/ 10.000	744
2	Equity transactions of subsidiaries				(10,696,	,711)
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14 15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27 28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34 35						
36						
37						
38						
39						
40	Total				(10,696	,711)



Nam	e of Respondent			port is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	DISCOUNT ON CAPITA		CK			
1 D						
2. If	eport the balance at end of year of discount on capital stock for each class and series any change occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or serie the year and specify the account charged.					
Line	Class and Series of Sto	ick				Balance at
No.	(a)					End of Year (b)
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						_
11						_
12						
14						
14	TOTAL					
		DENICE	= /^	CCOUNT 244)		
1 D	eport the balance at end of year of capital stock expenses for each class and series or				nococcaru to roport all data	Number the roug in
2. If	nce starting from the last row number used for Discount on Capital Stock above. any change occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or serie ital stock expense and specify the account charged.		ck, a	ttach a statement giving c	etails of the change. State	he reason for any charge-off
Line	Class and Series of Sto	ick				Balance at
No.	(a)					End of Year (b)
16	Common Stock-No Par					(44,938,398)
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						_
26 27						
28						
20	TOTAL					(44,938,398)
	TOTAL					(44,730,370)

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report								
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·								
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4								
Securities Issued or Assumed and Securities Refunded or Refired During the Year											

1. Furnish a supplemental statement briefly describing security financing and refinancing transactions during the year and the accounting for the securities, discounts, premiums, expenses, and related gains or losses. Identify as to Commission authorization numbers and dates.

- 2. Provide details showing the full accounting for the total principal amount, par value, or stated value of each class and series of security issued, assumed, retired, or refunded and the accounting for premiums, discounts, expenses, and gains or losses relating to the securities. Set forth the facts of the accounting clearly with regard to redemption premiums, unamortized discounts, expenses, and gain or losses relating to securities retired or refunded, including the accounting for such amounts carried in the respondent's accounts at the date of the refunding or refinancing transactions with respect to securities previously refunded or retired.
- 3. Include in the identification of each class and series of security, as appropriate, the interest or dividend rate, nominal date of issuance, maturity date, aggregate principal amount, par value or stated value, and number of shares. Give also the issuance of redemption price and name of the principal underwriting firm through which the security transactions were consummated.
- 4. Where the accounting for amounts relating to securities refunded or retired is other than that specified in General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts, cite the Commission authorization for the different accounting and state the accounting method.
- 5. For securities assumed, give the name of the company for which the liability on the securities was assumed as well as details of the transactions whereby the respondent undertook to pay obligations of another company. If any unamortized discount, premiums, expenses, and gains or losses were taken over onto the respondent's books, furnish details of these amounts with amounts relating to refunded securities clearly earmarked.

In November 2019, the Company issued and sold \$180.0 million of 3.43 percent first mortgage bonds due in 2049 pursuant to a bond purchase agreement with institutional investors in the private placement market. The total net proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to repay maturing long-term debt of \$90.0 million, repay a portion of the outstanding balance under Avista Corp.'s \$400.0 million committed line of credit and for other general corporate purposes. In connection with the issuance and sale of the first mortgage bonds, the Company cash settled six interest rate swap derivatives (notional aggregate amount of \$70.0 million) and paid a net amount of \$13.3 million. See note 7 for a discussion of interest rate swap derivatives.

The new issuance is based on the following state commission orders:

- Order of the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission in Docket No. 171210 entered January 11, 2018;
- 2. Order of the Idaho Public Utilities Commission, Order No. 33978 entered January 30, 2018;
- 3. Order of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon, Order No. 19-249, entered July 30, 2019;

Order of the Public Service Commission of the State of Montana, Default Order No. 4535

We issued equity in 2019 for total net proceeds of \$64.6 million. Most of these issuances came through our four separate sales agency agreements under which the sales agents may offer and sell new shares of our common stock from time to time. These agreements provide for the offering of a maximum of 4.6 million shares, of which approximately 3.2 million remain unissued as of December 31, 2019. In 2019, 1.4 million shares were issued under these agreements resulting in total net proceeds of \$63.6 million. Subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions (including any required regulatory approvals), we have the right to increase the maximum number of shares that may be offered under these agreements. These agreements expire on February 29, 2020. We expect to negotiate and enter into new sales agency agreements in the second quarter of 2020.

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report							
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4							
	Long-Term Debt (Accounts 221, 222, 223, and 224)											
24, C 2. Fo 3. Fo ssoci	eport by Balance Sheet Account the details concerning long-term debt included in Account ther Long-Term Debt. or bonds assumed by the respondent, include in column (a) the name of the issuing color Advances from Associated Companies, report separately advances on notes and account of the count of the count and details of counts of the count and details of counts of the count and data of counts of the count and data of counts of the count and data of counts of the counts c	ompany a dvances	as well as a description of th on open accounts. Designa	e bonds. ate demand notes as such. In	·							
4. F(or receivers' certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court and date of court or	der unde	er which such certificates we	ere issueu.								
ine No.	Class and Series of Obligation and Name of Stock Exchange	Outstanding (Total amount outstanding without reduction for amts										
			4.		held by respondent)							
	(a)		(b)	(C)	(d)							
,	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.53% DUE 05/05/2023		05/06/1993 05/07/1993	05/05/2023	5,500,000							
)	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.54% DUE 5/05/2023 FMBS - SERIES A - 7.18% DUE 8/11/2023		08/12/1993	05/05/2023 08/11/2023	1,000,000 7,000,000							
1	ADVANCE ASSOCIATED-AVISTA CAPITAL II (Toppes)		06/03/1997	06/01/2037	51,547,000							
5	FMBS - 6.37% SERIES C		06/19/1998	06/19/2028	25,000,000							
<u></u>	FMBS - 5.45% SERIES		11/18/2004	12/01/2019	90,000,000							
7	Discount- FMBS - 5.45% SERIES											
3	FMBS - 6.25% SERIES		11/17/2005	12/01/2035	150,000,000							
7	Discount- FMBS - 6.25% SERIES											
0	FMBS - 5.70% SERIES		12/15/2006	07/01/2037	150,000,000							
1	Discount- FMBS - 5.70% SERIES											
2	FMBS - 5.125% SERIES		09/22/2009	04/01/2022	250,000,000							
3	Discount- FMBS - 5.125% SERIES											
4	COLSTRIP 2010A PCRBs DUE 2032		12/15/2010	10/01/2032	66,700,000							
5	COLSTRIP 2010B PCRBs DUE 2034		12/15/2010	03/01/2034	17,000,000							
6	FMBS - 3.89% SERIES		12/20/2010	12/20/2020	52,000,000							
7	FMBS - 5.55% SERIES		12/20/2010	12/20/2040	35,000,000							
9	4.45% SERIES DUE 12-14-2041		12/14/2011 11/30/2012	12/14/2041 11/29/2047	85,000,000 80,000,000							
0	4.23% SERIES DUE 11-29-2047 FMBS- 4.11% SERIES		12/18/2014	12/01/2044	60,000,000							
1	FMBS- 4.37% SERIES		12/16/2014	12/01/2044	100,000,000							
2	FMBS- 3.54% SERIES		12/15/2016	12/01/2051	175,000,000							
3	FMBS 3.91% SERIES		12/14/2017	12/01/2047	90,000,000							
4	FMBS 4.35% SERIES		05/22/2018	06/01/2048	375,000,000							
5	FMBS 3.43% SERIES		11/26/2019	12/01/2049	180,000,000							
6												
7												
8												
9												
0												
1												
2												
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4												
5 6												
о 7												
8												
9												
10	TOTAL				2,045,747,000							

Name of Respondent				Report Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report						
Avist	a Corporation	(1) (2)	• •		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>							
	Long-Term Debt (Accounts 221, 222, 223, and 224)												
rincip 6. If t f the p	. In a supplemental statement, give explanatory details for Accounts 223 and 224 of net changes during the year. With respect to long-term advances, show for each company: (a) ncipal advanced during year (b) interest added to principal amount, and (c) principal repaid during year. Give Commission authorization numbers and dates. If the respondent has pledged any of its long-term debt securities, give particulars (details) in a footnote, including name the pledgee and purpose of the pledge. If the respondent has any long-term securities that have been nominally issued and are nominally outstanding at end of year, describe such securities in a footnote.												
	If interest expense was incurred during the year on any obligations retired or reacquired before end of year, include such interest expense in column (f). Explain in a footnote any												
	nce between the total of column (f) and the total												
9. Gi	Give details concerning any long-term debt authorized by a regulatory commission but not yet issued.												
	Interest for	Interest for		Held by		Held by	Redemption Price						
ino	Year	Year	ı	Respondent		Respondent	per \$100 at						
ine No.							End of Year						
	Rate	Amount	Rea	acquired Bonds		Sinking and							
	(in %) (e)	(f)		(Acct 222)		Other Funds (h)	(i)						
	7.530	(f) 414,150		(g)		(II)	(i)						
)	7.540	75,400											
-	7.180	502,600											
1	2.788	1,342,492											
5	6.370	1,592,500											
5	5.450	4,496,250											
7													
3	6.250	9,375,000											
)													
0	5.700	8,550,000											
1													
2	5.125	12,812,500											
3	1 770	1 100 577											
4 5	1.770 1.770	1,109,577 282,833											
6	3.890	2,022,800											
7	5.550	1,942,500											
8	4.450	3,782,500											
9	4.230	3,384,000											
0	4.110	2,466,000											
1	4.370	4,370,000											
2	3.540	6,195,000											
3	3.910	3,519,000											
4 5	4.350 3.430	16,312,500 600,250											
6	5.430	000,230											
7													
8													
9													
0													
1													
2													
3 4													
4 5													
6													
7				+									
8				+									
9													
10		85,147,852											
		1		<u> </u>									

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report							
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·							
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4							
FOOTNOTE DATA										

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 3 Column: a

Upon Issuance Avista Capital II issued 1.5 million of common trust securties to the Company. In December 2000, the Company purchased 10.0 million of these preferred Trust Securities. The interst for the year disclosed in column (i) reflects the net amount owed to third parties.

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 14 Column: a

The Company reacquired this debt in 2010. These bonds have not been retired or canceled.

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 15 Column: a

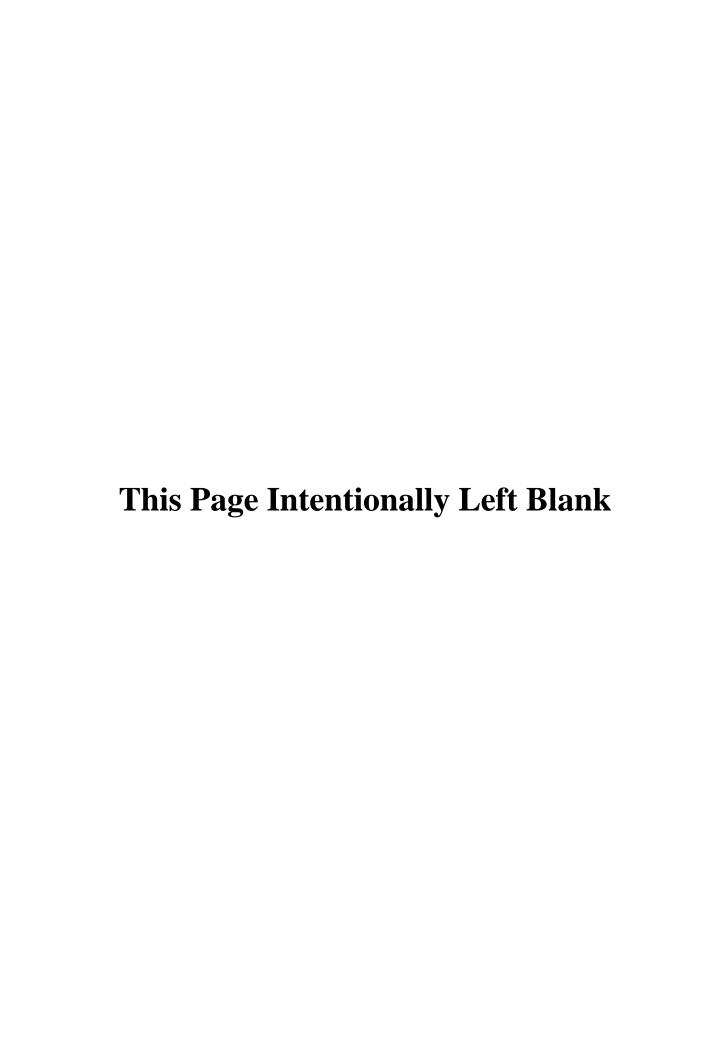
The Company reacquired this debt in 2010. These bonds have not been retired or canceled.

Schedule Page: 256 Line No.: 25 Column: a

The new issuance is based on the following state commission orders:

- Order of the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission in Docket No.U-171210 entered January 11, 2018;
- 2. Order of the Idaho Public Utilities Commission, Order No. 33978 entered January 30, 2018;
- 3. Order of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon, Order No. 19-249, entered July 30, 2019

Order of the Public Service Commission of the State of Montana, Default Order No. 4535



Avista Corporation				X	ort Is: An Oriç A Resu	ginal Ibmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020		Year/Period of Repo	
	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium and	Disc	(2) count o				counts 181, 225, 226)			
premiu 2. Sl 3. In	eport under separate subheadings for Unamortized Debt Expense, Unamortized um or discount applicable to each class and series of long-term debt. how premium amounts by enclosing the figures in parentheses. column (b) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt original column (c) show the expense, premium or discount with respect to the amount	d Prem	nium on	Long-	Term D	ebt and Unamor	tized Discount		Debt, d	letails of expense,
Line No.	Designation of Long-Term Debt		of Debt	ipal Amount Total Exp Debt Issued Premiun Discou		um or Period ount Date Fron			Amortization Period Date To	
1	(a) FMBS - SERIES A - 7.53% DUE 05/05/2023		(b		500,000	(c)	42,712	(d)	/1993	(e) 05/05/2023
2	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.54% DUE 5/05/2023				000,000		7,766		/1993	05/05/2023
3	FMBS - SERIES A - 7.18% DUE 8/11/2023				000,000		54,364	08/12		08/11/2023
4	ADVANCE ASSOCIATED-AVISTA CAPITAL II (ToPRS)				547,000		1,296,086	06/03		06/01/2037
5	FMBS - 6.37% SERIES C				000,000		158,304	06/19		06/19/2028
6	FMBS - 5.45% SERIES				000,000		1,432,081	11/18		12/01/2019
7	FMBS - 6.25% SERIES				000,000		2,180,435	11/17		12/01/2017
8	FMBS - 5.70% SERIES				000,000		4,924,304		/2006	07/01/2037
9	FMBS - 5.125% SERIES				000,000		2,859,788	09/22		04/01/2022
10	FMBS - 3.89% SERIES				000,000		385,129		/2010	12/20/2020
11	FMBS - 5.55% SERIES				000,000		258,834		/2010	12/20/2040
12	Short-Term Credit Facility			30,	000,000		5,070,271	12/14		04/18/2019
13	4.45% SERIES DUE 12-14-2041			85	000,000		692,833	12/14		12/14/2041
14	4.23% SERIES DUE 11-29-2047						730,833	11/30		11/29/2047
15	4.11% Seires Due 12-1-2044				000,000		428,205	12/18		12/01/2044
16	4.37% Series Due 12-1-2045				000,000		590,761		/2015	12/01/2045
17	3.54% Series Due 12-1-2051				000,000		1,042,569		/2016	12/01/2051
18	3.91% Series Due 12-1-2047				000,000		552,539	12/14		12/01/2047
19	4.35% Series due 6-1-2048				000,000		4,625,198		/2018	06/01/2048
20	3.43% Series Due 12-1-2049				000,000		1,113,113		/2019	12/01/2049
21	Rathrum 2005			,	,		71,646		/2005	12/01/2035
22	Debt Strategies						858	08/01		08/01/2035
23										
24										
25										
26										
27										
28										
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Name of Respondent				Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	port Year/Period of Report			
Avista	a Corporation		(2)	X An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>			
	Unamortized Del	ot Expense, Premium and Disc	ount o	n Long-Term Debt (Ac	counts 181, 225, 226)				
date of 6. Ide	rnish in a footnote details regarding the treatment of the Commission's authorization of treatment on tify separately undisposed amounts applicational or any debits and credits other than amortizedit.	other than as specified by the Uniform Sole to issues which were redeemed in p	System of rior years	f Accounts.		-			
Line	Balance at Beginning	Debits During Year		Credits During Year	1	Balance at End of Year			
No.	of Year								
	(f)	(g)		(h)		(i)			
1	6,287				1,424	4,863			
2	1,143				259	884			
3	8,457				1,812	6,645			
4	259,273				14,015	245,258			
5	50,130				5,277	44,853			
7	85,961 1,233,671				85,961 72,569	1,161,102			
8	2,992,503				61,032	2,831,471			
9	758,533				27,561	530,972			
10	77,239				38,619	38,620			
11	189,817				8,628	181,189			
12	1,013,440				34,332	579,108			
13	531,390				23,104	508,286			
14	603,957				20,886	583,071			
15	371,337				14,282	357,055			
16	531,941				19,702	512,239			
17	983,196				29,794	953,402			
18	534,253				18,423	515,830			
19	4,536,022			1	53,764	4,382,258			
20		1,111,577			1,543	1,110,034			
21	40,266				2,368	37,898			
22	476				29	447			
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
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35 36									
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39									
40									
 - 									

	to Comparation			(1) XA	n Original	1)	лате от керс Ио, Da, Yr)	,,,,	real/Period	·
AVIS	ta Corporation			Resubmissi	on	04/15/2020)	End of <u>20</u>	<u>)19/Q4</u>	
	Unamortiz	ed Loss and Gair	on R	eacquired [Debt (Accou	ınts 189, 2	257)			
nclu rans 2. 3. 7 o 4.	Report under separate subheadings for Unding maturity date, on reacquisition applicated in column (c) show the principal amount of the column (d) show the net gain or net lose of the Uniform Systems of Accounts. Show loss amounts by enclosing the figure Explain in a footnote any debits and credits, or credited to Account 429.1, Amortization	able to each classe new issue. f bonds or other arealized on each es in parentheses other than amo	ss and long-l th det s. ortizat	d series of le term debt re t reacquisi	ong-term descoult on as con	ebt. If ga	ain or loss	resulted	from a ref	unding
JEDI)	Dala		Dala	
ine	Designation of Long-Term Debt	Date Reacquired		Principal of Debt		Sain or oss		nce at nning		nce at of Year
No.	-		R	eacquired		_		/ear		
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	,	e)		(f)
1	Misc Debt Repurchases I	05/10/1993			(4,695,395	6) (227,340) (183,104)
2	ADVANCE ASSOCIATED-AVISTA CAPITAL II (TOPRS)	12/18/2000				1,769,12	5	898,79	7	849,993
3	Misc 2002 Repurchase	12/31/2002				2,228,15	3	464,48	ţ	412,393
4	Misc 2003 Repurchase	12/31/2003				315,27	4	78,860)	71,860
5										
6	Misc 2005 Repurchase	12/31/2005			(1,700,371) (532,018) (497,013)
7										
8	Misc 2008 Repurchase Costs	12/31/2008				43,13		13,61	_	10,922
9	AVA Capital Trust III (2022)	04/01/2009			(2,875,817	-	764,248	· _ ·	534,974)
10	COLSTRIP 2010A PCRBs DUE 2032	12/14/2010			(3,709,174	·	2,153,404		1,997,737)
l1 l2	COLSTRIP 2010B PCRBs DUE 2034	12/14/2010			(1,916,297 5,263,822	<u> </u>	1,254,488 3,860,136	+	1,171,994)
13	FMBS - 7.25% SERIES (2040) FMBS - 6.125% SERIES (2020)	12/20/2010 12/20/2010			(6,273,664	<u> </u>	1,254,733	, ,	3,684,675) 627,366)
14	KETTLE FALLS P C REV BONDS DUE 14 (2047)	06/28/2012			(105,020	<u> </u>	86,767	` `	83,766)
15	REFFEE TREES TO REV BONDO BOE TI (2017)	00/20/2012			\	100,020		00,707	1	
16										
17									†	
18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25										
26										
27									<u> </u>	
28										
29										
30 31										
32									 	
33									+	
34									+	
35							1		+	
36							1		1	
37									1	
38									1	
39										
10										
									<u> </u>	

Nam	ne of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	ata Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income w	` '			
and W-1 natu 2. as if nam	Report the reconciliation of reported net income for the year with show computation of such tax accruals. Include in the reconcilia of the tax return for the year. Submit a reconciliation even though re of each reconciling amount. If the utility is a member of a group that files consolidated Federa a separate return were to be filed, indicating, however, intercomes of group members, tax assigned to each group member, and ng the group members.	n taxak ation, a gh thei al tax	ole income used in one as far as practicable re is no taxable incorreturn, reconcile reparts amounts to be elimit	computing Federal Inc e, the same detail as fu ome for the year. Indic ported net income with nated in such a conso	urnished on Schedule cate clearly the n taxable net income blidated return. State
_ine No.	Details (a)				Amount (b)
1	Net Income for the Year (Page 116)				191,949,607
2	Reconciling Items for the Year				
3					
4	Taxable Income Not Reported on Books				
5					8,218,407
6 7					
8	TOTAL				8,218,407
9	Deductions Recorded on Books Not Deducted for Return				0,210,101
10					264,780,968
11	Federal Income Tax Expense				23,748,485
12	State Income Tax Expense Adj				671,886
13	TOTAL				289,201,339
14	Income Recorded on Books Not Included in Return				(40.704.004)
15 16					(16,761,381)
17					
<u></u> 18	TOTAL				(16,761,381)
19	Deductions on Return Not Charged Against Book Income				(2, 2 , 22)
20					(392,739,644)
21					
22					
23	Equity in Sub Earnings				(13,582,269)
24 25	Corporate Overhead Unallocated Subs				734,005
25 26	TOTAL				(405,587,908)
27	Federal Tax Net Income				67,020,064
28	Show Computation of Tax:				
29					
30	Federal Tax at 21%				14,074,213
31	D: V T				
32 33	Prior Year True Ups				89,757
34	Total Federal Tax Expense				14,163,970
35	Total Foundation Lax Expense				11,100,010

Nam	e of Respondent	This (1)		port Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)			
Avis	ta Corporation	(2) A Resubmission			04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>		
-	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During Year, Distribution of		s Cl		dept where applicable	and acct charged)		
	ive details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxe							
	taxes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charged							
footno	te and designate whether estimated or actual amounts.							
	clude on this page, taxes paid during the year and charged direct to final accounts, (n	ot charg	ged f	to prepaid or accrued taxe	s). Enter the amounts in both	columns (d) and (e). The		
	cing of this							
	s not affected by the inclusion of these taxes. clude in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes charged to operations and o	thor acc	coun	ite through (a) accruals ero	dited to tayor accrued (b) an	agusts cradited to the		
	n of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c) taxes charged to operations and o					lourits credited to the		
	st the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that the total tax for each State an							
				,	Balance at	Balance at		
Lino	Kind of Tax				Beg. of Year	Beg. of Year		
Line No.	(See Instruction 5)					-		
110.					Taxes Accrued	Prepaid Taxes		
	(a)				(b)	(c)		
1	FEDERAL:				0.7.4			
2	Income Tax 2014				247,64	-		
3	Income Tax 2016				(520,41)		
5	Income Tax (2017)				2 127 /1	0		
6	Income Tax (2018) Income Tax (Current)				3,137,41	U		
7	Prior Retained Earnings							
8	Current Retained Earnings							
9	Total Federal				2,864,64	7		
10								
11	STATE OF WASHINGTON							
12	Property Tax (2018)				18,657,27	9		
13	Property Tax (2019)							
14	Excise Tax (2016)				892,95	1		
15	Excise Tax (2018)				2,615,66	3		
16	Excise Tax (2019)							
17	Natural Gas Use Tax				49	6		
18	Municipal Occupation Tax				2,802,73	+		
19	Community Solar				(22,700			
20	Sales & Use Tax (2018)				92,14	5		
21	Sales & Use Tax (2019) Total Washington				25 020 55	0		
22 23	Total Washington				25,038,55	9		
24	STATE OF IDAHO:							
25	Income Tax (2018)				133,75	7		
26	Income Tax (2019)				1907.0			
27	Property Tax (2018)				3,983,49	7 25,046		
28	Property Tax (2019)							
29	Sales & Use Tax (2018)				4,09	3		
30	Sales & Use Tax (2019)							
31	KWH Tax (2018)				31,82	7		
32	KWH Tax (2019)							
33	Franchise Tax (2017)				`	1)		
34	Franchise Tax (2018)				1,019,28	5		
35	Franchise Tax (2019)				E 430 15	0 05.077		
36	Total Idaho				5,172,45	8 25,046		
37 38	STATE OF MONTANA					+		
39	Income Tax (2018)				3,64			
1								

Nam	e of Respondent		This Rep		sl.	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Peri	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation			(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			04/15/2020	End of	2019/Q4
	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charg	ed During Year, Distribution			arged (Sh	ow utility	dept where applical	ole and acct o	harged)
			_ `	tinued)					
6. E	any tax (exclude Federal and State income to	id tax accounts in column (f) and e	explain (each adjustn	nent in a foo	tnote. Desig	nate debit adjustments by	parentheses.	
author	o not include on this page entries with respectity.	it to deferred income taxes or taxe	es collec	tea through	payroli dedu	CHORS OF OUR	erwise pending transmittal	or such taxes to	the taxing
8. S	now in columns (i) thru (p) how the taxes acc		h the util	ity departme	ent and numb	oer of accou	nt charged. For taxes cha	rged to utility plar	nt, show the
	er of the appropriate balance sheet plant according any tax apportioned to more than one utility		o footno	to the basis	(nococcity) o	of apportionis	ag cuch tay		
	or any tax apportioned to more than one utility tems under \$250,000 may be grouped.	y department of account, state in a	a 100(110)	ie irie basis i	(Hecessity) C	и аррогиони	ig sucii tax.		
	eport in column (q) the applicable effective s	tate income tax rate.							
							Balance at	Balan	
Line	Taxes Charged During Year	Taxes Paid During Year	,	Adjustments		Т	End of Year axes Accrued	End of Prepaid	
No.	During real	During Teal	,	aujusiinenis			Account 236)	(Included in	
	(d)	(e)		(f)		·	(g)	(h	
1									
2									247,648
3	(104.200)	((22.127)						(520,411)
5	(104,399) (668,591)	(622,137) 4,343,261			1			(104,399) 1,252,305)
6	14,258,252	20,801,640			ı			(6,543,388)
7		,							
8									
9	13,485,262	24,522,764			1			(8,172,855)
10 11									
12	(2,265,643)	16,386,052					5,584		
13	18,740,467	1.010001002					18,740,467		
14							892,951		
15	42,618	2,658,281							
16	27,166,921	24,251,919			1)		2,915,002		
17 18	3,211 24,214,721	3,216 23,887,401		(1)		3,130,051		
19	(607,289)	(598,266)					(31,729)		
20		89,476					2,669		
21	1,416,689	1,130,161					286,528		
22	68,711,695	67,808,240		(1)		25,942,013		
23 24									
25	14,064	147,821							
26	10,384	330,000						(319,616)
27	50	3,983,547							
28	7,685,062	3,867,706					3,817,356		
29 30	135,001	4,093 125,660					9,341		
31	(3,875)	27,952					7,041		
32	372,268	345,991					26,277		
33					1				
34		1,019,264					21		
35 36	4,662,921 12,875,875	3,559,640 13,411,674			1		1,103,281 4,956,276	/	319,616)
37	12,070,070	13,411,074			ı		4,700,270	(317,010)
38									
39	2,175	5,815							

Name of Respo	ondent		This Re		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Perio	od of Report
Avista Corpora	ation		(1) 2	An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of 2	2019/Q4
Taxes Acc	rued, Prepaid and Charged During	Year, Distribution of	Taxes C	harged (Show utility	dept where applicable	e and acct ch	narged)
sales taxes which h footnote and design 2. Include on this balancing of this page is not affected 3. Include in colu portion of prepaid t	the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts to which the nate whether estimated or actual amounts. It page, taxes paid during the year and charged by the inclusion of these taxes. In (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes clauses charged to current year, and (c) taxes page ate of each kind of tax in such manner that the	ne taxed material was charged to operations and of idea and charged direct to operations and charged direct to operations.	ged. If the outcharged ther accounterations or	actual or estimated amount to prepaid or accrued taxe hts through (a) accruals cre accounts other than accru	s of such taxes are known, so. Enter the amounts in both dited to taxes accrued, (b) a ed and prepaid tax accounts	show the amoun h columns (d) an amounts credited	nts in a
DISTRIBUTIO	N OF TAXES CHARGED (Show utility	department where ap	plicable	and account charged.)			
Line No.	Electric (Account 408.1, 409.1)	Gas (Account 408.1, 409.1)		Other Utility (Account 40 409.1)	08.1,	Other Income Deduction (Account 40t 409.2)	าร
2							
3							
4	F F70					(400,694)
6	5,573 7,388,769	(6.44	49,342)				484,878 8,423,775)
7	1,500,107	(0,1-	17,542)				0,423,773)
8							
9	7,394,342	(6,44	49,342)			(8,339,591)
10							
11 12	(1,863,845)	(1	78,519)				74,881
13	14,808,462		343,996				88,009
14							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15	33,109	(949)				10,458
16	21,424,963	5,6	53,185				88,774
17	3,211 18,880,001	5.2	242,186				
19	10,000,001	5,2	42,100				
20							
21							
22	53,285,901	14,2	259,899				262,122
23							
24 25	11,954		2,110				
26	(483,678)	(8	B5,355)			(131,297)
27	50					<u> </u>	
28	6,017,580	1,6	55,639				50,181
29							
30 31	(3,875)				+		
32	373,583						
33							
34							
35	3,543,617		26,190				04.44.1
36 37	9,459,231	2,6	98,584			(81,116)
38							
39	2,175						

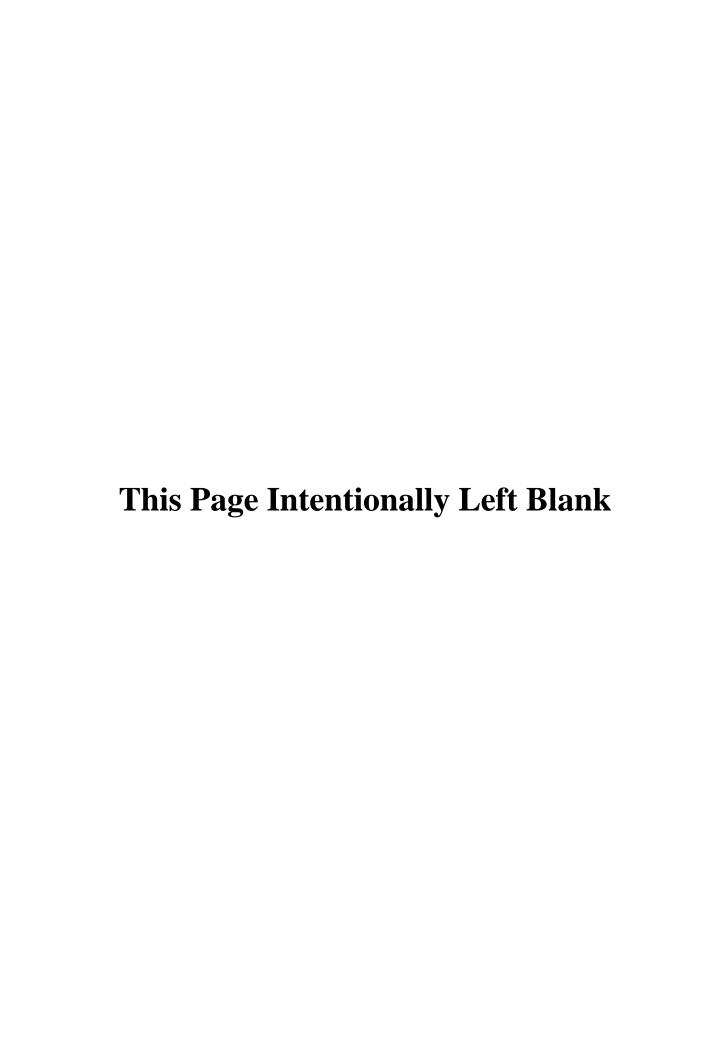
	f Respondent			This F		rt Is: n Origina	al		of Report Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avista	Corporation			(2) A Resubmission				15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
Tax	ces Accrued, Prepaid and C	Charged During Year, Distri		Taxes		rged (Sh	ow utility	dept wh	ere applicat	ole and acct charged)
6. Enter	all adjustments of the accrued and	come taxes) covers more than one of prepaid tax accounts in column (f) respect to deferred income taxes of	year, show the	ne require each adj	ed info justme	ent in a foc	tnote. Desig	nate debit	adjustments by	parentheses.
number o 9. For a 10. Item	f the appropriate balance sheet pla	ne utility department or account, stat I.								ged to utility plant, show the
DISTR	IBUTION OF TAXES CHARG	GED (Show utility department	t where ap	plicable	e and	l accoun	t charged.)	ı		
Line No.	Extraordinary Items (Account 409.3)	Other Utility Opn. Income (Account 408.1, 409.1)		ustment t Earning Account 4	js			Other		State/Local Income Tax Rate
	(m)	(n)		(0)				(p)		(q)
2										
3										
5									296,295 1,159,042)	
6	21,404,419							(338,181	
7										
9	21,404,419								524,566)	
10	21,404,417							(324,300)	
11										
12 13									1,839	
14										
15										
16 17										
18									92,534	
19								(607,289)	
20 21									1,416,689	
22									903,773	
23									,	
24										4.47
25 26	710,714									1.46 1.46
27	7.07.1.									
28								(38,338)	
29 30									135,001	
31									133,001	
32								(1,315)	
33 34										
35								(6,886)	
36	710,714								88,462	
37										
38 39										0.37
<u> </u>										0.07

Nam	e of Respondent	This I	Report Is:	Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission		5/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	France Assessed Brownish and Observed Browley Versi Bladella disease					
ı	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During Year, Distribution of			dept wner	e applicable	and acct charged)
ĺ	(cor	ntinuec	1)			
	10 L CT				Balance at	Balance at
Line	Kind of Tax			B	eg. of Year	Beg. of Year
No.	(See Instruction 5)					December 1 Tours
	(-)			l la	xes Accrued	Prepaid Taxes
1	(a)				(b)	(c)
1	Income Tax (2019)					7
2	Property Tax (2018)				5,567,63	1
3	Property Tax (2019)					
4	Colstrip Generation Tax				0.47.55	
5	KWH Tax (2018)				247,559	9
6 7	KWH Tax (2019)					
	Consumer Council Fee				60	
8	Public Commission Fee				T 010 011	
9	Total Montana				5,818,91	5
10	CTATE OF ODECOM					
11	STATE OF OREGON					
12	Income Tax (2019)					0.050.440
13	Property Tax (2018)					3,952,413
14	Property Tax (2019)				055.03	
15	Franchise Tax (2018)				955,37	3
16	Franchise Tax (2019)				055.03	0.050.440
17	Total Oregon				955,37	3,952,413
18	CTATE OF CALIFORNIA					
19	STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
20	Income Tax (2019)					
21	Total California					
22 23	MICOCLI ANEQUIC CTATEC					
24	MISCELLANEOUS STATES:					1
25	Income Tax (2017)					1
26	Income Tax (2019) Total Misc States					1
27	Total wisc States					1
28	MISCELLANEOUS OTHER					
29	CTR Credit for 2019					
30	Misc/Distribution				25,046	4
31	Timber Excise Tax				25,040	
32	WA Renewable Energy				(42,537)
33	Thermal Fuel Tax				3,00	
34	Total County				(14,484	
35	Total County				(14,404	7
36						
37						
38						
39						
0,	TOTAL				39,835,469	9 3,977,459
	TOTAL				37,033,40	5,711,437

Taxes Charged During Year (d) 235,666 11,552,453 2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118 12,874,037	Taxes Paid During Year (e) 360,000 5,567,637 5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170 27	(1) XAn Origin (2) A Resubration of Taxes Charged (SI (continued) Adjustments (f)	Balance at End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 5,767,811	Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h) (124,334)
Taxes Charged During Year (d) 235,666 11,552,453 2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	Taxes Paid During Year (e) 360,000 5,567,637 5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170 27	(continued) Adjustments (f)	Balance at End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 5,767,811	Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)
During Year (d) 235,666 11,552,453 2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	During Year (e) 360,000 5,567,637 5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170 27	Adjustments (f)	End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 5,767,811	End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)
During Year (d) 235,666 11,552,453 2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	During Year (e) 360,000 5,567,637 5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170 27	(f)	End of Year Taxes Accrued (Account 236) (g) 5,767,811	End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)
235,666 11,552,453 2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	360,000 5,567,637 5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170		(g) 5,767,811	(h)
11,552,453 2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	5,567,637 5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170		5,767,811	
2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	5,784,643 2,863 247,559 854,170 27	1		
2,863 1,080,780 (18) 118	2,863 247,559 854,170 27	1		
1,080,780 (18) 118	247,559 854,170 27			
(18) 118	854,170 27			
(18) 118	27			
118			226,610	
	0/		15	
12,874,037	12,822,800	1	51	(124.224)
	12,822,800	1	5,994,487	(124,334)
100,000	100,000			
3,952,413	100,000			
	7.519.140	1		(3,759,647)
			43,414	(3, 3, 1, 3, 7
3,637,043	2,590,653		1,046,390	
11,448,948	11,121,751		1,089,804	(3,759,647)
1,600	1,600			
1,600	1,600			
		/ 1)		
440	2.050	(1)		(1500)
		/ 1\		(1,590) (1,590)
400	2,030	(1)		(1,370)
(1,553)	(1,553)			
31,320	(1,839)	(25,047)	33,158	
(1,824,133)	(1,841,624)	25,046		
69,927	65,754		7,180	
(1,724,439)	(1,779,262)	(1)	40,338	
117 673 438	127 911 617		38 022 918	(12,378,042)
	3,759,492 3,637,043 11,448,948 1,600 1,600 460 460 (1,553) 31,320 (1,824,133)	3,759,492 7,519,140 911,958 3,637,043 2,590,653 11,448,948 11,121,751 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 2,050 460 2,050 460 2,050 (1,553) (1,553) 31,320 (1,839) (1,824,133) (1,841,624) 69,927 65,754 (1,724,439) (1,779,262)	3,759,492 7,519,140 1 911,958 (1) 3,637,043 2,590,653 11,448,948 11,121,751 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 460 2,050 460 2,050 (1,553) (1,553) 31,320 (1,839) (1,824,133) (1,841,624) (69,927 65,754 (1,724,439) (1,779,262) (1) (1)	3,759,492 7,519,140 1 911,958 (1) 43,414 3,637,043 2,590,653 1,046,390 11,448,948 11,121,751 1,089,804 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 460 2,050 460 2,050 (1) (1,553) (1,553) 31,320 (1,839) (25,047) 33,158 (1,824,133) (1,841,624) 25,046 69,927 65,754 7,180 (1,724,439) (1,779,262) (1) 40,338

Aviet	e of Respondent			Rep	ort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	t Year/Period of Report
AVIS	ta Corporation		(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
т	axes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged Duri	ng Year Distribution of					licable and acct charged)
•	axes Accided, Frepaid and Charged Durin		ntinued		arged (Snow dunity	dept where appi	ilcable and acct charged)
		(50.		-,			
DIST	RIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (Show ut	ility department where ap	plicabl	e ar	nd account charged.)		
I	Electric	Gas	<u>'</u>				Other Income and
	(Account 408.1,	(Account 408.1,			Other Utility (Account 40		Other Income and Deductions
Line						18.1,	(Account 408.2,
No.	409.1)	409.1)			409.1)		(Account 408.2, 409.2)
	(i)	(j)			(k)		409.2) (I)
1		U U			(K)		
1	(60,656)						(67,147)
2	44.552.452						
3	11,552,453						
4	2,863						
5	1 000 700						
6	1,080,780						
7	(18)						
8	118						((() () () () () () () () ()
9	12,577,715						(67,147)
10							
11	05.000		75.000				
12	25,000		75,000				
13	0.000.005	4.0	40.040				
14	3,392,995	4,3	18,910				
15		2.4	22.020				
16	1		22,928				
17	3,417,996	8,0	16,838				
18							
19							1,00
20							1,600
21							1,600
22							
23 24							
25							4/0
26							460 460
27							400
28							
29							(1,553)
30							959
31							757
32							
33							(1)
34							(595)
35							(3.3)
36							
37							
37 38							
38							
37 38 39	TOTAL 86,135,185	18 5	25,979				(8,224,267)

	f Respondent			This Repo	ort Is: An Origin	ام	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Avista (Corporation				An Ongin A Resubr		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
Tax	es Accrued, Prepaid and C	Charged During Year, Dist			rged (S	how utility	dept where applica	able and acct charged)
DIOTO	IDUTION OF TAYED OLIADA	OFD (Observatility days at the control of the contr		ntinued)		-		
DISTRI	IBUTION OF TAXES CHARG			-		nt charged.;) 	
	Extraordinary Items	Other Utility Opn.	Adju	ustment to Re	t.		OII	State/Local
Line	(Account 409.3)	Income (Account 408.1,	//	Earnings Account 439)			Other	Income Tax Rate
No.		(Account 408.1, 409.1)	(ACCOUNT 439)				Rale
	(m)	(n)		(o)			(p)	(q)
1	363,470	.,		. ,			(1)	0.37
2								
3								
4								
5								
7								
8								
9	363,470						(1)	
10								
11								
12			1					0.75
13 14								0.75
15								
16							14,114	
17							14,114	
18								
19								
20								
21								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27			1					
28 29								
30							30,361	
31							,	
32							(1,824,133)	
33							69,928	
34							(1,723,844)	
35 36								
37								
38								
39								
TOTAL	22,478,603						(1,242,062)	



Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Miscellaneous Current and A	` '	<u> </u>		
				242)	
	Describe and report the amount of other current and accrued lia		•		
۷.	Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped under approp	oriate ti	tie.		
					1
Line	Item				Balance at
No.	(a)				End of Year (b)
1	MARGIN CALL DEPOSIT				1,245,000
2	FOREST USE PERMITS				2,586,900
3	ST LEASE ACCRUAL				2,583
4	FERC ADMIN FEE ACC				550,000
5	FERC ELECT ADMIN CHG				114,657
6 7	MT LEASE PAYMENTS MT INVASIVE SPECIES FEE				4,983,557 402,527
	DSM TARIFF RIDER				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8 9	PAID TIME OFF				(2,379,623) 21,990,274
10	LOW INCOME ENERGY ASSIST				2,401,864
11	AVISTA GRANTS ENG SUSTAIN WSU				22,272
12	WORKERS COMP LIABILITY				1,126,296
13	ACCTS PAYABLE INVENTORY ACCRUALS				(885,217)
14	ACCTS PAYABLE EXPENSE ACCRUAL				862,975
15	CURRENT PORTION BENEFIT LIABILITY				8,825,770
16	CLEARING ACCOUNTS				350,890
17	PREPAYMENTS				175,352
18	CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS				8,432,402
19	OGG TOWER AGGOODITO				0,402,402
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40					
41					
42					
43					
44					
45	Total				50,808,479
					1

Nam	e of Respondent			Report	ls:	Da	ite of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(1)		Original Resubmission	(10)	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
		Other Deferred	Credits	(Αςςοι	ınt 253)			
	Report below the details called for concerning other of							
	or any deferred credit being amortized, show the pe							
3. N	linor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by	classes.						
Line		Balance at	Deb		Debit			
No.	Description of Other	Beginning	Cont				Credits	Balance at
	Deferred Credits (a)	of Year (b)	Accor (c)		Amount (d)		(e)	End of Year (f)
	(a)	(6)	(c)		(u)		(0)	(1)
1	Deferred Gas Exchange - 1 year	1,125,000						1,125,000
2	Kettle Falls Diesel Leak		514, 545		3	19,835	504,47	
3	Bills Pole Rentals	184,035				91,655	600,72	_
4	Defer Comp Active Execs	8,400,357			1,0	63,486	1,610,80	
5	Executive Incent Plan	140,000						140,000
6	Unbilled Revenue	1,580,426	908		3	36,456		1,243,970
7	WA Energy Recovery Mechanism	9,696,264	Various				4,458,21	8 14,154,482
8	Misc Deferred Credits	130,806	186, 550		1	22,858	23,41	31,366
9	Decoupling Deferred Credits	244,984	182		11,7	91,840	15,073,73	3,526,878
10	WA REC	851,753	186		8	51,753		
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19 20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
41								
42 43								
44								
	Total	22 444 044			15.0	77 002	22 271 27	20 450 550
45	Total	22,466,066			15,0	77,883	22,271,37	5 29,659,558
					1			

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)					
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
FOOTNOTE DATA							

Schedule Page: 269 Line No.: 1 Column: a

FortisBC and Avista exchange volumes of gas on a firm delivery basis during different time periods. Amortization is recorded monthly every year. This contract ends April 15, 2021.

Schedule Page: 269 Line No.: 2 Column: a

Kettle Falls Generation station underground fuel leak. Continuing remidiation liability is recorded.

Schedule Page: 269 Line No.: 7 Column: a

The Washington Energy Recovery Mechanism (ERM) allows Avista to periodically increase or decrease electric rates. This accounting method tracks differences between actual power supply costs, net of wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base rates.

Schedule Page: 269 Line No.: 9 Column: a

Washington Decoupling for electric and natural gas for a 5 year period beginning January 1, 2015. Idaho approved for an initial term of 3 years beginning January 1, 2016, but extended thru March 31, 2025. Oregon approved similar to Washington and Idaho beginning March 1, 2016.

Decoupling revenue deferrals are recognized during the period they occur, subject to certain limitations. Revenue is expected to be collected within 24 months of the deferral.

Schedule Page: 269 Line No.: 10 Column: a

Washington Docket# UE-170485, 2 year plan

Nam	e of Respondent	This (1)	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avista Corporation			X An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
	Accumulated Deferred Income T	(2) axes-0		nt 282)	1	
1. R	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe				amortization.	
	Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.			,		
			Balance at	Amounts	Amounts	
Line	Account Subdivisions		Beginning	Debited to	Credited to	
No.	, isocalit casariosis		of Year	Account 410.1	Account 411.1	
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	
1	Account 282					
2	Electric		327,565,981	6,320,794		
3	Gas		79,958,638	2,688,056		
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)		90,350,945	(2,489,467)		
5	Total (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		497,875,564	6,519,383		
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)					
7	TOTAL Account 282 (Enter Total of lines 5 thr		497,875,564	6,519,383		
8	Classification of TOTAL					
9	Federal Income Tax		497,875,564	6,519,383		
10	State Income Tax					
11	Local Income Tax					

	of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Origin	nal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avist	a Corporation			(2) A Resub	mission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
		Accumulated Deferre	ed Income Taxes-		count 282) (continued)	
3. Pro	ovide in a footnote a summary	of the type and amount of defe	erred income taxes rep	orted in the beginning-of-	year and end-o	f-year balances for deferred	d income taxes that the
respon	dent estimates could be includ	ed in the development of jurisc	lictional recourse rates	i.			
	Changes during	Changes during	Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustment	s Adjustments	
Line No.	Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.2	Year Amounts Credited to Account 411.2	Debits Acct. No.	Debits Amount	Credits Account No	Credits . Amount	Balance at End of Year
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
1 2				5,322,775			339,209,550
3				4,202,817			86,849,511
4				949,468			88,810,946
5				10,475,060			514,870,007
6							
7				10,475,060			514,870,007
9				10,475,060			514,870,007
10				10,473,000			314,070,007
11							

(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission Come Taxes-Other (Account 2) deferred income taxes relating to amount Balance at Beginning of Year (b) 3,996,661 (6,680,910)		Changes During Year Amounts Credited to Account 411.1
deferred income taxes relating to amount and the second se	Changes During Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1
Balance at Beginning of Year (b) 3,996,661	Changes During Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1
Balance at Beginning of Year (b) 3,996,661	Changes During Year Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1
Beginning of Year (b) 3,996,661	Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1
Beginning of Year (b) 3,996,661	Amounts Debited to Account 410.1	Amounts Credited to Account 411.1
Beginning of Year (b) 3,996,661	Debited to Account 410.1	Credited to Account 411.1
of Year (b) 3,996,661	Account 410.1	Account 411.1
(b) 3,996,661		
3,996,661		(d)
(6,680,910)	7,685,588	1,259,112
	9,126,454	
172,893,400	831,706	
170,209,151	17,643,748	1,259,112
170,209,151	17,643,748	1,259,112
170,209,151	17,643,748	1,259,112
	170,209,151	170,209,151 17,643,748

Name of Respondent				This	Report Is: X An Origi	nol	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avista Corporation				(1) (2)	All Oligi		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>		
			Accumulated D	eferred Income Ta	_			tinued)	+	
3. Prov	vide in a footnote	a summary of	f the type and amount of defe						d income taxes that the	
			d in the development of juriso							
	Changes du	uring	Changes during	Adjustments	Ad	djustments	Adjustmen	ts Adjustments	Delever et	
Line	Year Amounts De	bited	Year Amounts Credited	Debits		Debits	Credits	Credits	Balance at End of Year	
No.	to Account 4	110.2	to Account 411.2	Acct. No.		Amount	Account N		(1.)	
	(e)		(f)	(g)		(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	
1										
2	(40,538)				3,010,503			13,393,102	
3	(55,684)						4,764		
4		74,125				2.010.502		9,992,220		
5	(22,097)				3,010,503		9,996,984	4 179,585,209	
7	(22,097)				3,010,503		9,996,984	4 179,585,209	
8	,	==,0.1.7				5/0.5/000		.,,,,,,,,		
9	(22,097)				3,010,503		9,996,984	179,585,209	
10										
11										

Nan	ne of Respondent		1 T	his Report Is:	I Date o	of Report	Year/Period of Report
	sta Corporation		(1) X An Original	(Mo, Ε	oa, Yr)	·
AVIC	sta Corporation		(2	<u> </u>	001011	15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
				lities (Account 25			
	Report below the details called for concerning of	other regulatory liab	oilities which are	created through the	ratemaking actions	s of regulatory age	ncies (and not
	dable in other amounts).	norical of amortizat	ion in column (c	,			
	For regulatory liabilities being amortized, show Minor items (5% of the Balance at End of Year	•			ovor is loss) may be	arounod by class	00
	Provide in a footnote, for each line item, the rec						
	mission order, court decision).	guiatory citation wit	cre the respond	on was an ected to i	ciana ine regulator	y nabinty (e.g. con	imission order, state
	,	Balance at	Written off during	Written off	Written off		Balance at
Line	Description and Purpose of	Beginning of	Quarter/Period	During Period	During Period	Credits	End of Current
No.	Other Regulatory Liabilities	Current	Account	Amount	Amount Deemed		Quarter/Year
	(a)	Quarter/Year	Credited	Refunded	Non-Refundable	(f)	(g)
		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)		
	Idaho Investment Tax Credit	6,245,251	190	1,396,668	3	342,447	5,191,030
	Oregon BETC Credit	1,111,427	407 175	10,000,000			1,111,427
	Interest Rate Swaps Nez Perce	28,078,514 550,316		10,990,229			17,088,285 528,308
	Idaho Earnings Test	773,984		87,014			686,970
	Decoupling Rebate	8,609,963		9,136,730		628,138	101,371
	WA ERM	24,748,354		, ,		1,054,440	25,802,794
8	ID PCA - 1 year	7,559,909	182, 557	7,833,916		274,007	
	Deferred Federal ITC - Varies	8,105,848	190	141,936			7,963,912
	Plant Excess Deferred		410	12,378,938			398,370,456
	Non Plant Excess Deferred	18,538,128	410	7,448,495		204 (02	11,089,633
	Reg Liability MDM System AFUDC Equity Tax Deferral	305,126 1,692,177				284,603	589,729 2,263,637
	Exist Meters/ERTS Excess Depr Deferred					571,460 763,783	952,403
	DSM Tariff Rider	284,139				10,394	294,533
	Low Income Energy Assistance	1,343,384	242, 908	9,249,947	,	10,308,427	2,401,864
	Deferred CS2 & Colstrip O&M	658,833		261,474			397,359
18	Reg Liability-Tax Reform Amortization - 1						
	year	6,449,651	407	11,930,324	ļ	9,829,408	4,348,735
	Reg Liability-Energy Efficiency Assistance					1,532,183	1,532,183
20 21	Other Regulatory Liabilities - Varies	1,447,796	190	955,292	2		492,504
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
29 30							
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37							
38 39							
40							
41							
42							
43							
44							
45	Total	527,440,814		71,832,971	(25,599,290	481,207,133

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)					
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4				
FOOTNOTE DATA							

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 1 Column: a

Not amortized

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 2 Column: a

Not amortized.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 3 Column: a

Mark-to-Market gains and losses for interest rate swap derivatives. Upon settlement, amortization of Regulatory Assets and Liabilitiesas a component of interest expense over the term of the associated debt.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 6 Column: a

Decoupling rebates are recognized during the period they occur, subject to certain limitations. Rebates are returned to customers within 24 months of the deferral.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 7 Column: a

The Washington Energy Recovery Mechanism allows Avista to periodically increase or decrease electric rates. this accounting method tracks differences between actual power supply costs, net of wholesale sales and sales of fuel, and the amount included in base rates. Avista files yearly on or before April 1 for prudence review by the commission.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 8 Column: a

Avista defers 90 percent of the difference between actualnet power supply expenses and the amount included in base retail ratesfor Idaho customers. Rate adjustments for rebate or surcharge are effective October 1.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 9 Column: a

Noxon ITC - 65 year amortization, ends 2077

Community Solar ITC - 20 year amortization, ends 2035

Nine Mile ITC - 65 year amortization, ends 2080

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 10 Column: a

Amortized over remaining book likeof plant, estimated 36 years.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 11 Column: a

Washington Gas and Oregon Gas costs are amortized over 1 year. Idaho Electric was offset against Colstrip excess depreciation impacts from Docket# AVU-E-18-03 Order No. 34276.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 13 Column: a

Amortization period not yet determined in all jurisdictions. Idaho Electric Settlement AVU-E-19-04 ordered a transfer to account 254320 for Idaho portion.

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 14 Column: a

Washington Docket Nos. UE-180418 and UG-180419

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 16 Column: a

Washington Docket# UE-190912, UG-190920, Idaho Docket# AVU-E-18-12, AVU-G-18-08, Oregon RG 81, Docket No. ADV 1063 (Advice No. 19-10-G)

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 18 Column: a

Washington Docket Nos. UE-170485, UG-170486, Oregon Advice# ADV 923/19-01-G (Schedule 474),

Idaho Case# GNR-U-19-01

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 19 Column: a

Avista's contribution in the Energy Assistance Fund as per Idaho Settlement Stipulation Case# AVU-E-19-04 (Page 10, 16 a.11).

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 20 Column: a

FAS 109 ITC - 18 year amortization, ends 2020

Name of Respondent					Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Avis	ta Corporation		(2		X An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4				
		Gas Operati	<u>. </u>	-							
1 R	Report below natural gas operating revenues for each prescribed account total. The amounts must be consistent with the detailed data on succeeding pages.										
	evenues in columns (b) and (c) include transition costs from upstr		iiou.	1113 11	idat be consistent with the di	stance data on successing p	agos.				
3. 0	ther Revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges		eline	plus	usage charges, less revenu	ies reflected in columns (b) the	nrough (e). Include in				
colum	ns (f) and (g) revenues for Accounts 480-495.	1			1	T					
		Revenues fo			Revenues for	Revenues for	Revenues for				
		Transition Costs and			Transition Costs and	GRI and ACA	GRI and ACA				
Line		Take-or-Pa			Take-or-Pay						
No.			.,								
	Title of Account	Amount for	r		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for				
		Current Yea	ar		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year				
	(a)	(b)			(c)	(d)	(e)				
1	480 Residential Sales										
2	481 Commercial and Industrial Sales										
3	482 Other Sales to Public Authorities										
4	483 Sales for Resale										
5	484 Interdepartmental Sales										
6	485 Intracompany Transfers										
7	487 Forfeited Discounts										
8	488 Miscellaneous Service Revenues										
9	489.1 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others										
	Through Gathering Facilities										
10	489.2 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others										
	Through Transmission Facilities										
11	489.3 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others										
10	Through Distribution Facilities										
12	489.4 Revenues from Storing Gas of Others										
13	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. from Natural Gas										
14	491 Revenues from Natural Gas Proc. by Others										
15	492 Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales										
16	493 Rent from Gas Property										
17	494 Interdepartmental Rents										
18	495 Other Gas Revenues										
19	Subtotal:										
20	496 (Less) Provision for Rate Refunds										
21	TOTAL:										

Name of Respondent				This R	eport Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	sta Corporation			(1) [(2) [A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
			Gas Operation	ng Rev	enues	+		
5. O	 4. If increases or decreases from previous year are not derived from previously reported figures, explain any inconsistencies in a footnote. 5. On Page 108, include information on major changes during the year, new service, and important rate increases or decreases. 6. Report the revenue from transportation services that are bundled with storage services as transportation service revenue. 							
Line No.	Other Revenues	Other Revenues	Total Operating Revenues		Total Operating Revenues	Dekatherm of Natural Gas	Dekatherm of Natural Gas	
110.	Amount for Current Year (f)	Amount for Previous Year (g)	Amount for Current Year (h)	r	Amount for Previous Year (i)	Amount for Current Year (j)	Amount for Previous Year (k)	
1	196,429,738	194,340,048		29,738	194,340,048	23,123,796	20,834,449	
2	97,431,048	94,094,869	97,4	31,048	94,094,869	15,592,762	13,622,087	
3								
4	136,305,522	137,700,616		05,522	137,700,616	59,875,983	51,383,498	
5	253,068	271,572	2	53,068	271,572	42,081	41,215	
6 7								
8	106,672	116,985	1	06,672	116,985			
9	100,072	110,700	·	00,072	110,788			
10								
12	8,673,782	9,102,582	8,6	73,782	9,102,582	19,542,094	18,184,474	
13								
14								
15	2.751	2,470		2.751	2 / 70			
16 17	2,751	2,678		2,751	2,678			
18	7,228,294	1,022,412	7,2	28,294	1,022,412			
19	446,430,875	436,651,762		30,875	436,651,762			
20	1,815,553	6,764,411	1,8	15,553	6,764,411			
21	444,615,322	429,887,351	444,6	15,322	429,887,351			

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Other Gas Rever	nues (A	Account 495)		•
	poort below transactions of \$250,000 or more included in Account the amount and provide the number of items.	t 495,	Other Gas Revenue	s. Group all transac	tions below \$250,000
Line	Description of Transact	tion			Amount
No.	(a)				(in dollars) (b)
	Commissions on Sale or Distribution of Gas of Others				
	Compensation for Minor or Incidental Services Provided for Others				
	Profit or Loss on Sale of Material and Supplies not Ordinarily Purchased for Resale				
	Sales of Stream, Water, or Electricity, including Sales or Transfers to Other Department	ts			
	Miscellaneous Royalties				
	Revenues from Dehydration and Other Processing of Gas of Others except as provided				
	Revenues for Right and/or Benefits Received from Others which are Realized Through	Researc	h, Development, and Demo	nstration Ventures	
	Gains on Settlements of Imbalance Receivables and Payables		W 0 1 10 W		
	Revenues from Penalties earned Pursuant to Tariff Provisions, including Penalties Asso	ociated v	ith Cash-out Settlements		
	Revenues from Shipper Supplied Gas				
	Other revenues (Specify):				4 040 007
	Misc Bills				1,813,397
	Deferred Exchange Revenue Decoupling Deferred Revenue				4,500,000
14 15	Decoupling Deferred Revertue				914,897
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37 38					
39					
33	Total				7,228,294
	Total				1,220,294

	e of Respondent	This f		ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1)		A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and	Maint	ena	ince Expenses	.	+
Line No.	Account				Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
	(a)				(b)	(c)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXPENSES					
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production					
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Submit Supplemental Statement)				0	0
4	B. Natural Gas Production					
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering					
6	Operation					
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
8	751 Production Maps and Records				0	0
9	752 Gas Well Expenses				0	0
10	753 Field Lines Expenses				0	0
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses				0	0
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power				0	0
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses				0	0
14	757 Purification Expenses				0	0
15	758 Gas Well Royalties				0	0
16	759 Other Expenses				0	0
17	760 Rents				0	0
18	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 7 thru 17)				0	0
19	Maintenance					
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells				0	0
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines				0	0
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Equipment				0	0
25	766 Maintenance of Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equip	ment			0	0
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment				0	0
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipment				0	0
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 20 thru 28)				0	0
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production and Gathering (Total of lines 18 and	29)			0	0

	Name of Respondent			ort ls: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(1) (2)		A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	ce E	xpenses(contin	ued)	+
Line	Account				Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)				Current Year (b)	Previous Year
	(a)				(b)	(c)
31	B2. Products Extraction					
32	Operation					
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
34	771 Operation Labor				0	0
35	772 Gas Shrinkage				0	0
36	773 Fuel				0	0
37	774 Power				0	0
38	775 Materials				0	0
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses				0	0
40	777 Gas Processed by Others				0	0
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted				0	0
42	779 Marketing Expenses				0	0
43	780 Products Purchased for Resale				0	0
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory				0	0
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility-Credit				0	0
46	783 Rents				0	0
47	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 33 thru 46)				0	0
48	Maintenance					
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
50	785 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining Equipment				0	0
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines				0	0
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storage Equipment				0	0
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment				0	0
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment				0	0
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
57	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 49 thru 56)				0	0
58	TOTAL Products Extraction (Total of lines 47 and 57)				0	0

	ne of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)		Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation	(2)	Ê	A Resubmission		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce E	xpenses(contin	nued)	
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)					Current Year (b)	Previous Year
	(a)					(b)	(c)
59	C. Exploration and Development						
60	Operation						
61	795 Delay Rentals					0	0
62	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling					0	0
63	797 Abandoned Leases					0	0
64	798 Other Exploration					0	0
65	TOTAL Exploration and Development (Total of lines 61 thru 64)					0	0
66	D. Other Gas Supply Expenses						
67	Operation						
68	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases					0	0
69	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intracompany Transfers					0	0
70	801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases					0	0
71	802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases					0	0
72	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases					0	0
73	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases					266,160,172	214,502,540
74	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases					0	0
75	805 Other Gas Purchases					0	0
76	(Less) 805.1 Purchases Gas Cost Adjustments					37,730,182	(898,476)
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Total of lines 68 thru 76)					228,429,990	215,401,016
78	806 Exchange Gas					0	0
79	Purchased Gas Expenses						
80	807.1 Well Expense-Purchased Gas					0	0
81	807.2 Operation of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0
82	807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses					0	0
84	807.5 Other Purchased Gas Expenses					0	0
85	TOTAL Purchased Gas Expenses (Total of lines 80 thru 84)					0	0
i	1			1			

Name of Respondent				ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	Avista Corporation			A Resubmission		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce E	xpenses(contin	ued)	-
Line No.	Account (a)					Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
86	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage-Debit					32,607,408	19,408,914
87	(Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage-Credit					35,303,621	19,279,491
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for Processing-Debit					0	0
89	(Less) 809.2 Deliveries of Natural Gas for Processing-Credit					0	0
90	Gas used in Utility Operation-Credit						
91	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel-Credit					0	0
92	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction-Credit					699,291	1,448,821
93	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations-Credit					0	0
94	TOTAL Gas Used in Utility Operations-Credit (Total of lines 91 thru 9:	3)				699,291	1,448,821
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses					1,553,513	1,597,405
96	TOTAL Other Gas Supply Exp. (Total of lines 77,78,85,86 thru 89,94,	95)				226,587,999	215,679,023
97	TOTAL Production Expenses (Total of lines 3, 30, 58, 65, and 96)					226,587,999	215,679,023
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING AND PROCESSING I	EXPE	NSE	S			
99	A. Underground Storage Expenses						
100	Operation						
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering					15,735	15,179
102	815 Maps and Records					0	0
103	816 Wells Expenses					0	0
104	817 Lines Expense					0	0
105	818 Compressor Station Expenses					0	0
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power					0	0
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses					0	0
108	821 Purification Expenses					0	0
109	822 Exploration and Development					0	0
110	823 Gas Losses					0	0
111	824 Other Expenses					772,251	877,951
112	825 Storage Well Royalties					0	0
113	826 Rents					0	0
114	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines of 101 thru 113)					787,986	893,130

·		This (1)	oort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	sta Corporation	(2)	Ê	A Resubmission		04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce E	Expenses(contin	ued)	+
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)					Current Year (b)	Previous Year
	(a)					(b)	(c)
115	Maintenance						
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells					0	0
119	833 Maintenance of Lines					0	0
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment					0	0
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					0	0
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
123	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment					2,239,715	1,554,613
124	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 116 thru 123)					2,239,715	1,554,613
125	TOTAL Underground Storage Expenses (Total of lines 114 and 124)					3,027,701	2,447,743
126	B. Other Storage Expenses						
127	Operation						
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses					0	0
130	842 Rents					0	0
131	842.1 Fuel					0	0
132	842.2 Power					0	0
133	842.3 Gas Losses					0	0
134	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 128 thru 133)					0	0
135	Maintenance						
136	843.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
137	843.2 Maintenance of Structures					0	0
138	843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders					0	0
139	843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipment					0	0
141	843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipment					0	0
142	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment					0	0
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment					0	0
144	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
145	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 136 thru 144)					0	0
146	TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (Total of lines 134 and 145)					0	0

				ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avis	ta Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4		
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	ce E	xpenses(continu	neq)	•		
Line	Account				Amount for	Amount for		
No.	(a)				Current Year	Previous Year		
	(a)		(b)	(c)				
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Expenses							
148	Operation							
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0		
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expenses				0	0		
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses				0	0		
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expenses				0	0		
153	844.5 Measuring and Regulating Labor and Expenses				0	0		
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	0		
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses				0	0		
156	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching				0	0		
157	845.1 Fuel				0	0		
158	845.2 Power				0	0		
159	845.3 Rents				0	0		
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges				0	0		
161	(less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts-Credit				0	0		
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by Others				0	0		
163	846.1 Gas Losses				0	0		
164	846.2 Other Expenses				0	0		
165	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 149 thru 164)				0	0		
166	Maintenance							
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0		
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0		
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Equipment				0	0		
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipment				0	0		
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment				0	0		
172	847.6 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment				0	0		
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment				0	0		
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0		
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 167 thru 174)				0	0		
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling and Proc Exp (Total of lines 10	65 and	17	5)	0	0		
177	TOTAL Natural Gas Storage (Total of lines 125, 146, and 176)				3,027,701	2,447,743		

·		(1) X	port Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avis	ta Corporation	(2)	A Resubmission	n	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>		
	Gas Operation and Main	ntenance	Expenses(conti	nued)		,		
Line	Account				Amount for	Amount for		
No.	(a)				Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)		
	(4)				(5)	(0)		
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES							
179	Operation							
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0		
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching				0	0		
182	852 Communication System Expenses				0	0		
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	0		
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel				0	0		
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Stations				0	0		
186	856 Mains Expenses				0	0		
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses				0	0		
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others				0	0		
189	859 Other Expenses				0	0		
190	860 Rents				0	0		
191	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 180 thru 190)				0	0		
192	Maintenance							
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0		
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0		
195	863 Maintenance of Mains				0	0		
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment				0	0		
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	t			0	0		
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipment				0	0		
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0		
200	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 193 thru 199)				0	0		
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Total of lines 191 and 200)				0	0		
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES							
203	Operation							
204	870 Operation Supervision and Engineering				2,571,709	2,133,710		
205	871 Distribution Load Dispatching				0	0		
206	872 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	0		
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power				0	0		

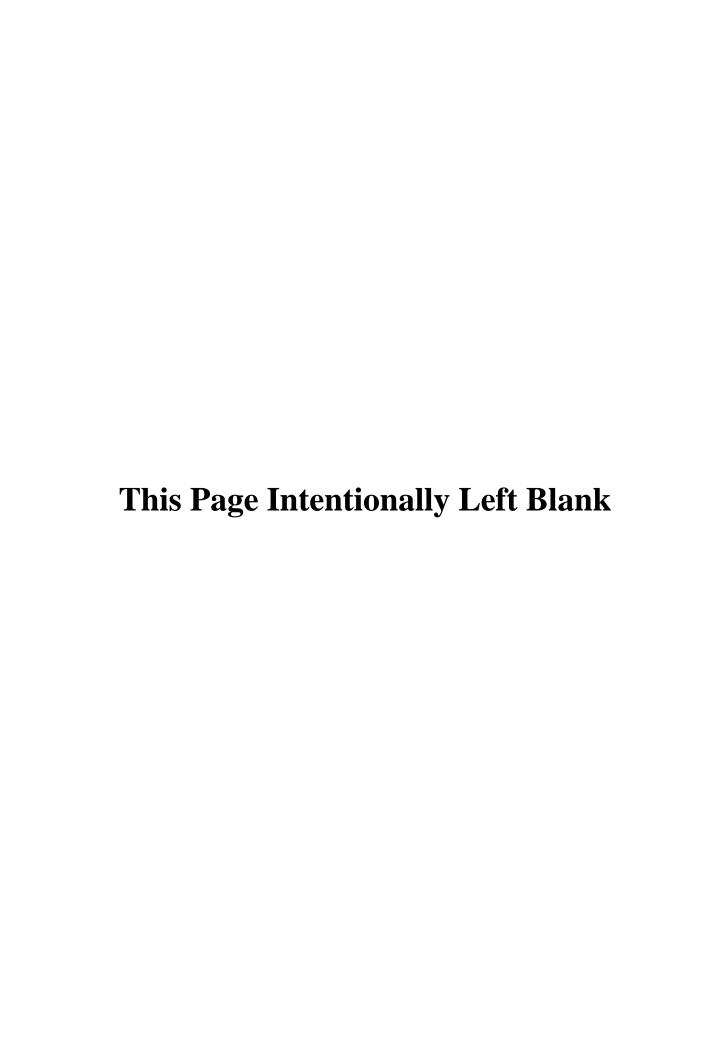
Name of Respondent		This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenance Expenses(conti		
Line No.	Account		Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses		6,006,761	5,760,059
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-General		202,120	195,295
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-Industrial		9,837	22,023
211	877 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-City Gas Check	Station	79,264	96,654
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expenses		850,056	697,101
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses		3,312,750	2,648,771
214	880 Other Expenses		3,505,475	3,259,800
215	881 Rents		52,175	60,361
216	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 204 thru 215)		16,590,147	14,873,774
217	Maintenance			
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		220,749	233,303
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		0	0
220	887 Maintenance of Mains		2,283,909	2,356,740
221	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment		0	0
222	889 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	-General	606,305	569,260
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equipment-Industrial		57,433	103,774
224	891 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equip-City Gate Chec	ck Station	129,459	80,624
225	892 Maintenance of Services		2,113,144	1,664,336
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House Regulators		2,623,297	2,143,842
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment		414,110	607,116
228	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 218 thru 227)		8,448,406	7,758,995
229	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Total of lines 216 and 228)		25,038,553	22,632,769
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			
231	Operation			
232	901 Supervision		137,648	139,050
233	902 Meter Reading Expenses		1,771,096	1,910,839
234	903 Customer Records and Collection Expenses		8,318,773	8,035,197

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
	Gas Operation and Main	tenance Expenses(conti			
Line No.	Account (a)		Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)	
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts		191,192	1,856,595	
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses		174,009	241,665	
237	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Total of lines 232 thru 236)		10,592,718	12,183,346	
238	6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES				
239	Operation				
240	907 Supervision		0	0	
241	908 Customer Assistance Expenses		13,934,510	10,689,454	
242	909 Informational and Instructional Expenses		1,239,099	1,180,742	
243	910 Miscellaneous Customer Service and Informational Expenses		241,254	324,966	
244	TOTAL Customer Service and Information Expenses (Total of lines 2	40 thru 243)	15,414,863	12,195,162	
245	7. SALES EXPENSES				
246	Operation				
247	911 Supervision		0	0	
248	912 Demonstrating and Selling Expenses		259	346	
249	913 Advertising Expenses		0	1,040	
250	916 Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		0	0	
251	TOTAL Sales Expenses (Total of lines 247 thru 250)		259	1,386	
252	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES				
253	Operation				
254	920 Administrative and General Salaries		10,145,930	10,540,964	
255	921 Office Supplies and Expenses		1,870,409	1,899,662	
256	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transferred-Credit		17,719	19,674	
257	923 Outside Services Employed		3,805,281	3,740,550	
258	924 Property Insurance		489,741	448,289	
259	925 Injuries and Damages		1,613,044	1,607,878	
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits		11,308,297	10,522,259	
261	927 Franchise Requirements		0	0	
262	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses		1,959,465	1,785,080	
263	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges-Credit		0	0	
264	930.1General Advertising Expenses		0	0	
265	930.2Miscellaneous General Expenses		1,857,212	1,557,349	
266	931 Rents		132,525	165,973	
267	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 254 thru 266)		33,164,185	32,248,330	
268	Maintenance				
269	932 Maintenance of General Plant		4,930,291	4,579,981	
270	TOTAL Administrative and General Expenses (Total of lines 267 and	269)	38,094,476	36,828,311	
271	TOTAL Gas O&M Expenses (Total of lines 97,177,201,229,237,244,	251, and 270)	318,756,569	301,967,740	

Name of Respondent					rt Is:	Year/Period of Report				
Avista Corporation					(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			te of Report o, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
		Utility						1		
1. R	eport below details of credits during the year to Account									
2. If	any natural gas was used by the respondent for which a		ne approp	oriate ope	eratino	g expense or othe	r accou	ınt, list separately in c	column (c) the Dth of gas	
used,	omitting entries in column (d).									
-		1		1.0		N		N. I. I.O.		
	Purpose for Which Gas		Natura	al Gas		Natural Gas	5	Natural Gas	Natural Gas	
Line	Was Used	Account				Amount of		Amount of	Amount of	
No.		Charged	Gas	Used		Credit		Credit	Credit	
			D	th		(in dollars)		(in dollars)	(in dollars)	
	(a)	(b)	((c)		(d)		(d)	(d)	
1	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit			3,025,7	727					
2	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction - Credit			2,499,9	937	69	99,291			
3	Gas Shrinkage and Other Usage in Respondent's									
ļ	Own Processing									
4	Gas Shrinkage, etc. for Respondent's Gas									
-	Processed by Others				\dashv					
5	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations - Credit (Report separately for each principal use. Group									
	minor uses.)									
6					+					
7					\dashv					
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15					_					
16 17					_					
18					+					
19					+					
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25	Total			5,525,6	664	69	99,291			
1										

	e of Respondent	This	Rep	ort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Avis	Avista Corporation (1) XAn Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 04/15/2020									
Other Gas Supply Expenses (Account 813)										
record	eport other gas supply expenses by descriptive titles that clearly indicate the nature of led in Account 117.4, and losses on settlements of imbalances and gas losses not asset hany expenses relate. List separately items of \$250,000 or more.									
Line										
No.	(a)	(b)								
1	Gas Resource Management									
2	Labor					882,578				
3	Labor Loading					296,193				
5	Other Expenses (Professional Services, Travel, Transporation, Office Supplies, Train	ning)				176,595				
6	Regulatory Affairs									
7	Labor					13,011				
8	Labor Loading					4,868				
9	Other Expenses (Travel, Transporation, Gas Technology Institute Payments)					180,268				
10										
11 12						_				
13										
14										
15										
16										
17 18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24 25	Total					1,553,513				
23	Total					1,000,010				
1										
1										
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li										

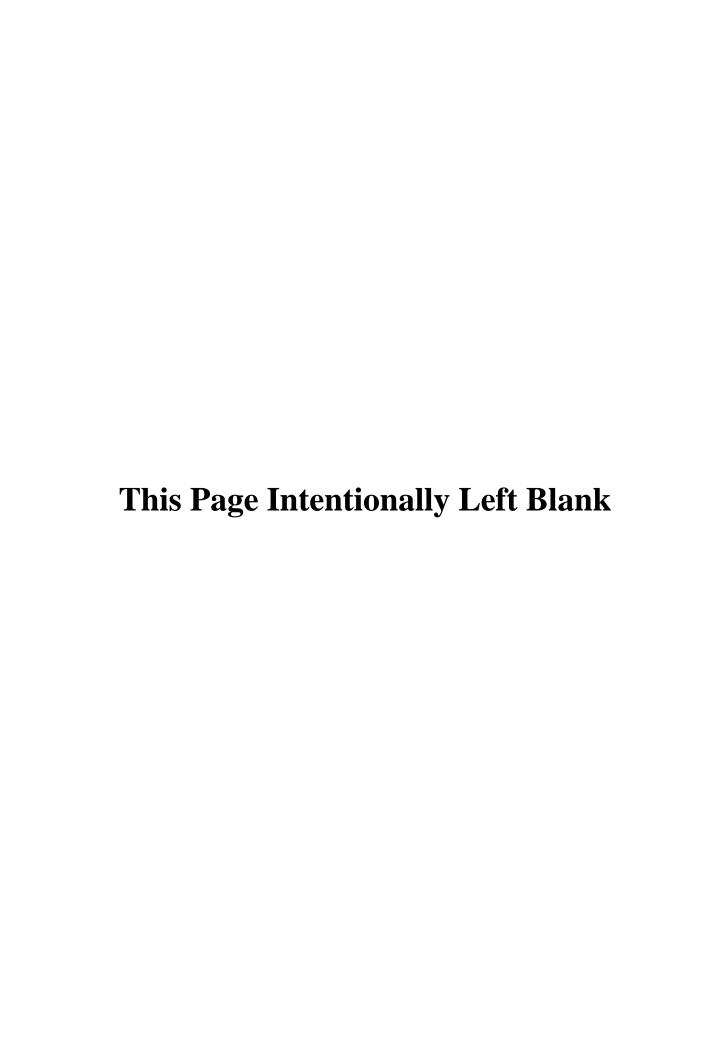
	e of Respondent	This (1)	Rej	port Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avis	ta Corporation	An Original A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>				
	Miscellaneous General	•						
2. Fo	rovide the information requested below on miscellaneous general expenses. or Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amount of such items. ed if the number of items of so grouped is shown.	List sep	parat	tely amounts of \$250,000	or more however, amount	s less than \$250,000 may be		
Line	Description	Amount (in dollars)						
No.	(a)		(b)					
1	Industry association dues. Experimental and general research expenses.					142,060		
2	a. Gas Research Institute (GRI)							
	b. Other							
3	Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, tr	rustee	rec	gistrar and transfer				
3	agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstandi					150,092		
4	Other expenses	ng sco	, arra	co or the respondent		130,072		
5	Community Relations					110,092		
6	Director Expenses					175,955		
7	Education & Informaion					12,325		
8	Rating Agency Fees					62,522		
9	Aircraft Operation and fee					159,237		
10	Misc Vendors > 5000					599,130		
11	Misc Vendors < 5000					504,543		
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21 22								
23								
24								
25	Total					1,915,956		
						1,710,730		



Name of Respondent			This R	eport	ls:	Date o	of Report	Year/Period of Report					
Avista Corporation			(1) <u>[</u> 2 (2) [Original Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020 End of <u>2019/Q4</u>			/Q4				
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas F	Plant (A	ccts 4			, 405) (E	xcept Amortiz	ation of					
1 D		isition A	_			Laccordina	to the plant function	anal groups shown					
	1. Report in Section A the amounts of depreciation expense, depletion and amortization for the accounts indicated and classified according to the plant functional groups shown. 2. Report in Section B, column (b) all depreciable or amortizable plant balances to which rates are applied and show a composite total. (If more desirable, report by plant account,												
	subaccount or functional classifications other than those pre-printed in column (a). Indicate in a footnote the manner in which column (b) balances are												
	Section A. Summary of Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization Charges												
Amortization Amortization and Amortization													
					Expense for		Depletion of	Underground S	-				
Line No.	Functional Classification	Depred			Asset		oducing Natural Land and Land	Land and La Rights	nd				
110.	Functional Classification	Expe (Accour			Retirement Costs	Gas	Rights	(Account 404	1.2)				
		(7100041	110 100)		(Account	(A	account 404.1)	(,				
	(a)	(b)		403.1) (c)		(d)	(e)					
1	Intangible plant												
3	Production plant, manufactured gas Production and gathering plant, natural gas												
4	Products extraction plant Products extraction plant												
5	Underground gas storage plant		834	1,251									
6	Other storage plant		001	1,201									
7	Base load LNG terminaling and processing plant												
8	Transmission plant												
9	Distribution plant		26,992	2,306									
10	General plant		1,736										
11	Common plant-gas		7,261										
12	TOTAL		36,824	,230									

	of Respondent			This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avista	a Corporation			(2)	A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Depreciation	, Depletion and Amort				.3, 405) (Except Amorti	ization of
			Acquisition Adju				
						n plant functional classification unit-of-production method is	
	ation charges, show in a footr			(b) and	r (c) on this basis. Where the	e utilit-oi-production method is	used to determine
				ded by	application of reported rates,	state in a footnote the amoun	ts and nature of the
provisio	ns and the plant items to which	ch related.					
		Section A. Sum	nmary of Depreciation	n, Dep	letion, and Amortization	on Charges	
	Amortization of	Amortization of					
	Other Limited-term	Other Gas Plant	Total				
Line No.	Gas Plant (Account 404.3)	(Account 405)	(b to g)			Functional Classification	
INO.	(Account 404.5)					Turictional Classification	
	(f)	(g)	(h)			(a)	
1	177,080		177,08	_	ngible plant		
2					duction plant, manufactured of		
3					duction and gathering plant, r	natural gas	
4			00/05	_	ducts extraction plant		
5			834,25		lerground gas storage plant		
7					er storage plant	proceeding plant	
8					e load LNG terminaling and p	processing piant	
9			26,992,30		nsmission plant ribution plant		
10			1,736,13		neral plant		
11	9,901,988		17,163,52		nmon plant-gas		
12	10,079,068		46,903,29				

Name	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avist	a Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas Plant	(Accts 403, 404.1, 404.2, 404.	3, 405) (Except Amor	ization of
		ustments) (continued)		
4. Ad	d rows as necessary to completely report all data. Number the additional rows in sec	quence as 2.01, 2.02, 3.01, 3.02, etc.		
	Section B. Factors Used in E	Estimating Depreciation Char	ges	
Line No.	Functional Classification		Plant Bases (in thousands)	Applied Depreciation or Amortization Rates (percent)
110.	(2)		(6)	(a)
1	(a) Production and Gathering Plant		(b)	(c)
2	Offshore (footnote details)			
3	Onshore (footnote details)			
4	Underground Gas Storage Plant (footnote details)			
5	Transmission Plant			
6 7	Offshore (footnote details) Onshore (footnote details)			
8	General Plant (footnote details)			
9				
10				
11				
12 13				
14				
15				
ı				



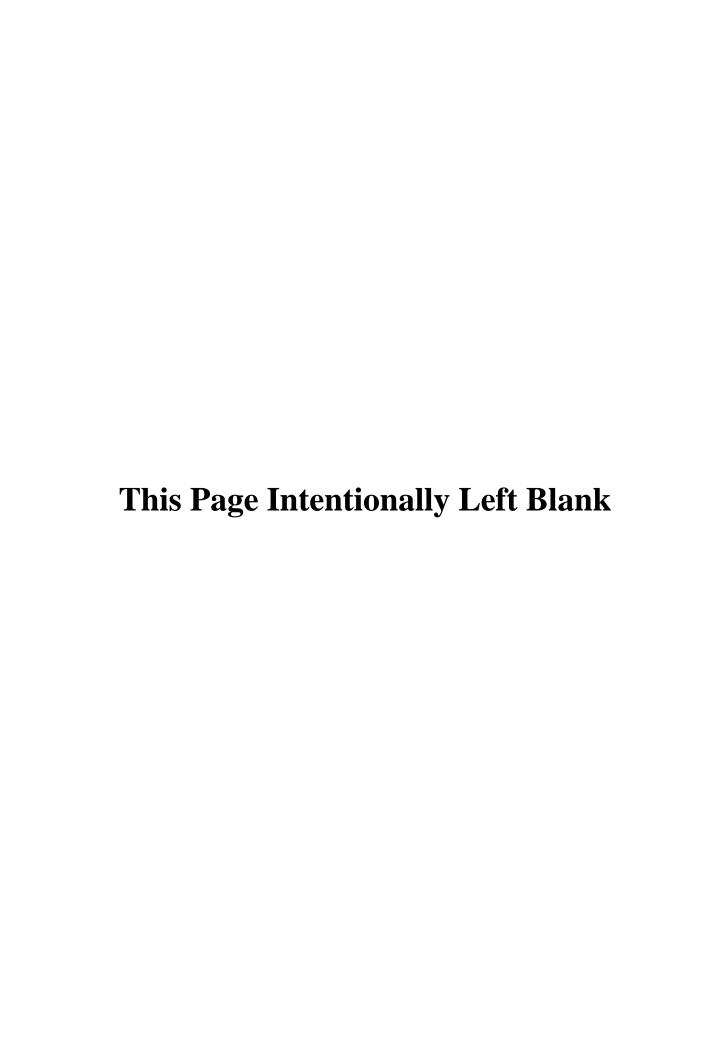
Particulars Concerning Certain Income De information specified below, in the order given, for the respective income deducted and a specified below, in the order given, for the respective income deducted and a specified below, in the order given, for the respective income deducted and a specified in this mortization. Selfaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other incomalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and a puped by classes within the above accounts. The second of the properties of the prop	tion and interest charges accounts. account, the contra account charged me deductions for the year as require 426.5, Other Deductions, of the Unifor y that incurred interest on debt during) accounts payable, and (e) other deb	, the total of amortization chains the total of amortization chains do by Accounts 426.1, Donation m System of Accounts. Amonthe year, indicate the amount, and total interest. Explain the system of the total interest.	ns; 426.2, Life Insurance; unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
e information specified below, in the order given, for the respective income deduct ellaneous Amortization (Account 425)-Describe the nature of items included in this mortization. ellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other incorpalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and 4 puped by classes within the above accounts. The provided the provided Companies (Account 430)-For each associated companies of (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) test was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes	Deductions and Interest Chargetion and interest charges accounts. The account, the contra account charged me deductions for the year as require 426.5, Other Deductions, of the Uniformy that incurred interest on debt during accounts payable, and (e) other debt.	, the total of amortization chains the total of amortization chains do by Accounts 426.1, Donation m System of Accounts. Amonthe year, indicate the amount, and total interest. Explain the system of the total interest.	ns; 426.2, Life Insurance; unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
e information specified below, in the order given, for the respective income deduct ellaneous Amortization (Account 425)-Describe the nature of items included in this mortization. ellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other incorpalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and 4 puped by classes within the above accounts. The provided the provided Companies (Account 430)-For each associated companies of (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) test was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes	tion and interest charges accounts. account, the contra account charged me deductions for the year as require 426.5, Other Deductions, of the Unifor y that incurred interest on debt during) accounts payable, and (e) other deb	, the total of amortization chains the total of amortization chains do by Accounts 426.1, Donation m System of Accounts. Amonthe year, indicate the amount, and total interest. Explain the system of the total interest.	ns; 426.2, Life Insurance; unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
ellaneous Amortization (Account 425)-Describe the nature of items included in this mortization. ellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other incomalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and Apped by classes within the above accounts. est on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each associated companity for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) test was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes	me deductions for the year as require 426.5, Other Deductions, of the Unifor y that incurred interest on debt during accounts payable, and (e) other debt	d by Accounts 426.1, Donatio m System of Accounts. Amo the year, indicate the amoun t, and total interest. Explain t	ns; 426.2, Life Insurance; unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
mortization. ellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other incolubilities; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and appenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and appenditures by classes within the above accounts. est on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each associated companity for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) test was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes	me deductions for the year as require 126.5, Other Deductions, of the Unifor y that incurred interest on debt during accounts payable, and (e) other deb	d by Accounts 426.1, Donatio m System of Accounts. Amo the year, indicate the amoun t, and total interest. Explain t	ns; 426.2, Life Insurance; unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
ellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other incomalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and appending by classes within the above accounts. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interest terms.	426.5, Other Deductions, of the Unifor y that incurred interest on debt during) accounts payable, and (e) other deb	m System of Accounts. Amo the year, indicate the amoun t, and total interest. Explain t	unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
nalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and 4 buped by classes within the above accounts. Set on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each associated companing of (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) est was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interest litem	426.5, Other Deductions, of the Unifor y that incurred interest on debt during) accounts payable, and (e) other deb	m System of Accounts. Amo the year, indicate the amoun t, and total interest. Explain t	unts of less than \$250,000 t and interest rate
est on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each associated compan y for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) est was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes) accounts payable, and (e) other deb	t, and total interest. Explain t	
y for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d) est was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes) accounts payable, and (e) other deb	t, and total interest. Explain t	
est was incurred during the year. Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes Item		·	he nature of other debt on
Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes Item	t rate for other interest charges incurr	ed during the year.	
Item	t rate for other interest charges incurr	ed during the year.	
(a)			Amount
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			(b)
CT. 425.00 MISCELLANEOUS AMORIZATIONS			
ms Under \$250,000			(33,721)
tal 425.0			(33,721)
CT 426.10 DONATIONS			
ista Foundation			6,850,000
SU			250,000
panova			250,000
ms Under \$250,000			3,982,979
tal 426.10			11,332,979
CT 426.2 LIFE INSURANCE			
icers Life			156,937
RP			2,196,129
ms Under \$250,000			286,978
tal 426.2			2,640,044
CT 426.3 PENALTIES			
ms Under \$250,000			21,180
tal 426.3			21,180
CT 426.4 EXPENDITURES FOR CERTAIN CIVIL, POLITICAL & RELATED ACTI	VITIES		
ms Under \$250,000			1,718,553
tal 426.4			1,718,553
CT 426.5 OTHER DEDUCTIONS			
ecutive Deferred Comp			913,337
M Idaho Electric			297,867
oson Dunn & Crutcher LLP			828,211
			18,737,116
ms Under \$250,000			3,594,081
tal 426.5			24,370,612
ista Capital II			1,342,492
tal 427.6			1,342,492
CT 430.0 INTEREST ON DEBT TO ASSOC. COMPANIES			489,554
tal 430.0			489,554
erest on electric deferrals			2,345,484
			943,997
-			5,336,331
is i	T 426.10 DONATIONS ta Foundation J anova s Under \$250,000 I 426.10 T 426.2 LIFE INSURANCE ers LIfe P s Under \$250,000 I 426.2 T 426.3 PENALTIES s Under \$250,000 I 426.3 T 426.4 EXPENDITURES FOR CERTAIN CIVIL, POLITICAL & RELATED ACTI s Under \$250,000 I 426.3 T 426.5 OTHER DEDUCTIONS sutive Deferred Comp I Idaho Electric on Dunn & Crutcher LLP till Lynch Pierce & Fenner s Under \$250,000 I 426.5 Ita Capital II I 427.6 T 430.0 INTEREST ON DEBT TO ASSOC. COMPANIES I 430.0 T 431.0 OTHER INTEREST EXPENSE est on gas deferrals	T 426.10 DONATIONS ta Foundation J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	T 426.10 DONATIONS Ia Foundation J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J

	e of Respondent	This F	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(2)	A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of 2019/Q4
	Particulars Concerning Certain Income Deduc				
	Item			(Amount
Line	(a)				(b)
No.					
1	Other				(419,827)
2	Total 431.0				8,205,985
3					
4					
5					_
6 7					
8					+
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16 17					_
18					_
19					
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22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27 28					
29					+
30					
31					
32					
33					
32 33 34 35					
35					

	e of Respondent		This F	Repor	t ls: n Original	Dat (Mc	e of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		(2)		Resubmission		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Regulatory Co		-		·			
cases	eport below details of regulatory commission expenses incurred during the in which such a body was a party. column (b) and (c), indicate whether the expenses were assessed by a re		·				lating to formal cases b	efore a regulatory body, or
Line No.	Description (Furnish name of regulatory commission or body, the docket number, and a description of the case.)	Regu	sed by Ilatory nission		Expenses of Utility		Total Expenses to Date	Deferred in Account 182.3 at Beginning of Year
1	(a) Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	(b)		(c)		(d)	(e)
1								
2	Charges include annual fee and license fee							
3	for the Spokane River Project, the Cabinet							
4	Gorge Project and Noxon Rapids Project		2,596	5,139	32,	603	2,628,742	
5								
6	Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission							
7	Includes annual fee and various other electric dockets		1,087	7,170	1,034,	748	2,121,918	
8								
9	Includes annual fee and various other natural gas dockets		291	,397	279,	668	571,065	
10								
11	Idaho Public Utilities Commission							
12	Includes annual fee and various other electric dockets		663	3,458	448,	538	1,111,996	r
13								
14	Includes annual fee and various other natural gas dockets		154	1,795	89,	959	244,754	
15								
16	Public Utility Commission of Oregon							
17	Includes annual fee and various other dockets		541	,152	348,	782	889,934	
18								
19	Not directly assigned electric				518,	188	518,188	
20	Not directly assigned natural gas				253,	712	253,712	
21								
22								
23								
24								
25	Total		5,334	1,111	3,006,	198	8,340,309	

AVIS	ta Corporation			(1) X Ar	t Is: n Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
	ia Corporation			(2) A	Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
2 5	how in column (k) any o	vnoncoe incurrod in prior v	Regulatory Comm ears that are being amortize				
 Id Li 	lentify separately all ann st in column (f), (g), and	ual charge adjustments (A					
Line No.	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged Currently To	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged Currently To	Expenses Incurred During Year Charged Currently To	Expenses Incurred During Year Deferred to Account	Amortized During Year Contra Account	Amortized During Year Amount	Deferred in Account 182.3 End of Year
	Department (f)	Account No. (g)	Amount (h)	182.3 (i)	(j)	(k)	(1)
1							
2							
3							
4	Electric	928	2,628,742				
5							
6							
7	Electric	928	2,121,918				
8							
9	Gas	928	571,065				
10							
11							
12	Electric	928	1,111,996				
13							
14	Gas	928	244,754				
15							
16							
17	Gas	928	889,934				
18							
19	Electric	928	518,188				
20	Gas	928	253,712				
21							
22							
23							
24							
25			8,340,309				

Nam	ne of Respondent	Ihis	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Avis	sta Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original ☐ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Employee Pensions ar				
1 [
1.1	Report below the items contained in Account 926, Employee Per	nsions	s and Benefits.		
	Expense				Amount
Line No.	(a)				(b)
140.					
1	Pensions – defined benefit plans				24,830,035
2	Pensions – other				
3	Post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP)				9,037,493
4	Post- employment benefit plans				
	Other (Specify)				1,250,610
6	Health insurance and Benefits				24,950,328
7	401(K) Savings Plan				10,361,513 2,168,312
9	Employee Education Allocated to Capital and other expense accounts				(61,289,994)
10	Allocated to Capital and other expense accounts				(01,209,994)
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25 26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
	Total				11,308,297

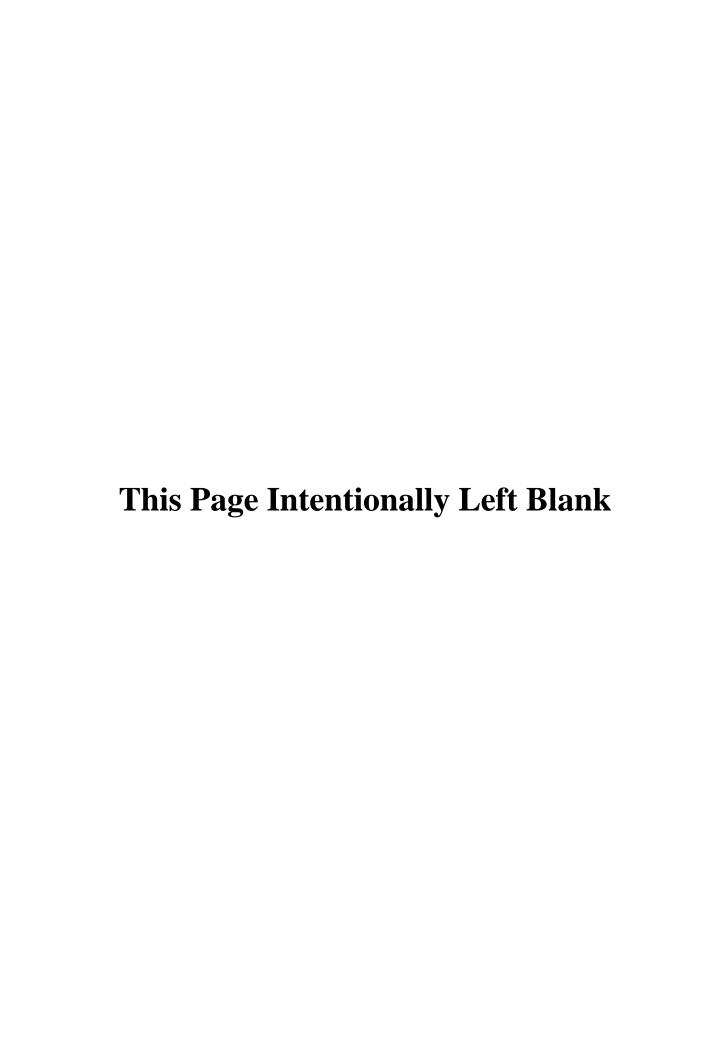


Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	logic	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation		ıbmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Distribution of	Salaries and Wage	es		
Other particu In de	ort below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Segregate amount Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columns provided. Salar operating function(s) relating to the expenses. termining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to clearing accounts of other accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered sequentially starting.	Salaries and wages bille bunts, a method of appro	d to the Respond	dent by an affiliated company	y must be assigned to the
_ine No.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	Payroll Bill by Affiliate Companie	ed Payroll Charge	d Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Electric				
2	Operation				
3	Production	13,119,472			13,119,472
4	Transmission	4,128,801			4,128,801
5	Distribution	9,754,373			9,754,373
6	Customer Accounts	7,471,488			7,471,488
7	Customer Service and Informational	599,173			599,173
8	Sales				
9	Administrative and General	22,278,296			22,278,296
0	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 9)	57,351,603			57,351,603
11	Maintenance				
2	Production	5,163,196			5,163,196
3	Transmission	1,020,436			1,020,436
4	Distribution	3,999,308			3,999,308
5	Administrative and General			19,640	
6	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 12 thru 15)	10,182,940		19,640),993 29,823,933
7	Total Operation and Maintenance				
8	Production (Total of lines 3 and 12)	18,282,668			18,282,668
9	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 13)	5,149,237			5,149,237
20	Distribution (Total of lines 5 and 14)	13,753,681			13,753,681
21	Customer Accounts (line 6)	7,471,488			7,471,488
22	Customer Service and Informational (line 7)	599,173			599,173
23	Sales (line 8)	00.070.00/		10 (16	11 010 000
24	Administrative and General (Total of lines 9 and 15)	22,278,296		19,640	
25	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 18 thru 24)	67,534,543		19,640),993 87,175,536
26	Gas				
27	Operation Production Manufacture I Con-				
28	Production - Manufactured Gas				
9	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)	005 500			005 500
30	Other Gas Supply	895,589			895,589
31	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing	9,947			9,947
32	Transmission Dietribution	(240 270			/ 240 270
33 34	Distribution Customer Accounts	6,249,270 3,259,054			6,249,270 3,259,054
35	Customer Service and Informational	3,259,054			3,259,054
35 36	Customer Service and informational Sales	342,192			342,792
37	Administrative and General	8,958,668		7,060	0,487 16,019,155
38	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 28 thru 37)	19,715,320		7,060	
39	Maintenance	17,713,320		7,000	20,113,001
10	Production - Manufactured Gas				
11	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
12	Other Gas Supply				
13	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing				
14	Transmission	1,787,888			1,787,888
15	Distribution	3,242,057			3,242,057
		5,272,007		l	5,272,007

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	arina a I	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	ta Corporation	(1) X An Ori	ginai ubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
	Distribution of Salarie				
	Distribution of Galarie	s and wages (co	Payroll Bille	ed Allocation of	
Line No.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	by Affiliate Companie	d Payroll Charged	Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
46	Administrative and General	(-)	(-7	(-)	(*)
47	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 40 thru 46)	5,029,945			5,029,945
48	Gas (Continued)				
49	Total Operation and Maintenance				
50	Production - Manufactured Gas (Total of lines 28 and 40)				
51	Production - Natural Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.)(II. 29 and 41)				
52	Other Gas Supply (Total of lines 30 and 42)	895,589			895,589
53	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing (Total of II. 31 and 43)	9,947			9,947
54	Transmission (Total of lines 32 and 44)	1,787,888			1,787,888
55	Distribution (Total of lines 33 and 45)	9,491,327			9,491,327
56	Customer Accounts (Total of line 34)	3,259,054			3,259,054
57	Customer Service and Informational (Total of line 35)	342,792			342,792
58	Sales (Total of line 36)				
59	Administrative and General (Total of lines 37 and 46)	8,958,668		7,060,	
60	Total Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 50 thru 59)	24,745,265		7,060,	487 31,805,752
61	Other Utility Departments				
62 63	Operation and Maintenance	02 270 000		27.701	400 110 001 200
64	TOTAL ALL Utility Dept. (Total of lines 25, 60, and 62) Utility Plant	92,279,808		26,701,	480 118,981,288
65	Construction (By Utility Departments)				
66	Electric Plant	43,013,400		13,479,	982 56,493,382
67	Gas Plant	11,563,912		4,571,	
68	Other	11,303,712		4,571,	10,100,147
69	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68)	54,577,312		18,051,	217 72,628,529
70	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)	0.1/0.1.70.12		10/00 1/	,
71	Electric Plant	1,960,333		504,	622 2,464,955
72	Gas Plant	473,307		121,	837 595,144
73	Other				
74	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 71 thru 73)	2,433,640		626,	459 3,060,099
75	Other Accounts (Specify) (footnote details)	48,876,853		(45,379,1	
76	TOTAL Other Accounts	48,876,853		(45,379,1	
77	TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES	198,167,613			198,167,613

r/Period of Report	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	This Report Is:	e of Respondent	Name
nd of 2019/Q4	04/15/2020	(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	a Corporation	Avist
	vices	l and Other Consultative Ser	Charges for Outside Professiona	
lic relations, rendered nd, or individual (other is, except those	advertising,labor relations, a n partnership, organization of ding payments for legislative	uation, legal, accounting, purchasing, ade during the year to any corporation nounting to more than \$250,000, included Activities.	ort the information specified below for all charges made during the year included in ar services include rate, management, construction, engineering, research, financial, va respondent under written or oral arrangement, for which aggregate payments were m r services as an employee or for payments made for medical and related services) ar should be reported in Account 426.4 Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Relation of person or organization rendering services. In under a description "Other", all of the aforementioned services amounting to \$250,00 all under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services. In under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services. In under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services.	These for the than fo which s (a) Na (b) To 2. Sum 3. Tota 4. Chai
Amount			Description	
(in dollars) (b)			(a)	Line No.
18,737,116			MERRILL LYNCH	1
4,406,010			SBW CONSULTING	2
2,028,049			HEATH CONSULTANTS INCORPORATED	3
1,999,948			DELIOTTE & TOUCHE LLP	4
1,751,215			CLEARESULT CONSULTING	5
1,663,638			HANNA & ASSOCIATES	6
1,081,713			GIBSON DUNN & CRUTCHER	7
760,844			CN UTILITY CONSULTING	8
681,308			HELVETICKA INC	9
			UTILICAST LLC	10
533,597				
412,583			CHAPER & VERSE	11
409,535			SECURITAS SECURITY SERVICES	12
385,270			AVCO CONSULTING	13
348,783			SCHNABEL ENGINEERING	14
313,338			RW LYALL & COMPANY	15
297,382			TILTON & EXCAVATION	16
295,311			GENERAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL	17
281,689			DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE	18
267,239			MCGRIFF SEIBELS & WILLIAMS INC	19
36,654,568			Subtotal	20
14,948,968			Other	21
51,603,536			Total	22
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				23
				24
				25
				26
				27
				28
				29
				30
				-
				34
				35
				-

	ne of Respondent			s Rep	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Avis	sta Corporation		(1) (2)		A Resubmission	04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>
					iated) Companies	•	
2. St 3. To	eport below the information called for concerning all goods or service um under a description "Other", all of the aforementioned goods and otal under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned of there amounts billed to or received from the associated (affiliated) con	services amountir goods and service	ng to \$. es.	250,00	00 or less.		
Line No.	(a)	Name of	Assoc	ciated//	Affiliated Company	Account(s) Charged or Credited (c)	Amount Charged or Credited (d)
1	Goods or Services Provided by Affiliated Company	01 01 10				004000	10/ 500
3	Other	Steam Plant Sq	luare			931000	106,500
4							
5							
6							
7							_
9							+
10							
11							
12							
13							_
14 15							
16							
17							
18							
19 20	Coods or Conjuga Dravided for Affiliated Company						
21	Goods or Services Provided for Affiliated Company Corporate Support	Salix				146000	261,360
22	Corporate Support	Avista Developi	ment			146000	281,610
23	Other	Avista Capital				146000	103,015
24	Other	AELP				146000	22,484
25 26	Other Other	AJT Mining Steam Plant Sq	uloro			146000 146000	9,074 66,691
27	Other	Court Yard Office		nter		146000	16,769
28	Citic	Oddit Tara Olik	00 001	ittoi		140000	10,707
29							
30							
31 32							
33							
34							
35							
36							
37 38							+
39							
40							



Avistro Corporation Corp
Report injections and withdrawals of gas for all storage projects used by respondent. Gas
Cas
Belonging to Respondent (Dth) (Dth
Belonging to Respondent (Dth) (Dth
No.
Colh Colh Col Co
STORAGE OPERATIONS (in Dth) STOR
STORAGE OPERATIONS (in Dith) Gas Delivered to Storage 2 January 134,574 134 3 February 251,542 251 4 March 474,227 474 5 April 1,549,606 1,549 6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972,140
1 Gas Delivered to Storage 2 January 134,574 134 3 February 251,542 251 4 March 474,227 474 5 April 1,549,606 1,549 6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 10,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
2 January 134,574 134 3 February 251,542 251 4 March 474,227 474 5 April 1,549,606 1,549 6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972,140
3 February 251,542 251 4 March 474,227 474 5 April 1,549,606 1,549 6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
4 March 474,227 474 5 April 1,549,606 1,549 6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 11,942,962 11,942 16 January 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
5 April 1,549,606 1,549 6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
6 May 3,497,474 3,497 7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
7 June 2,194,805 2,194 8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
8 July 650,529 650 9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,250,769 2,250 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
9 August 187,812 187 10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
10 September 1,132,979 1,132 11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,250,769 2,250 17 February 972,140 972
11 October 63,944 63 12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,250,769 2,250 17 February 972,140 972
12 November 940,488 940 13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,250,769 2,250 17 February 972,140 972
13 December 864,982 864 14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage
14 TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13) 11,942,962 11,942 15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 2,757,033 2,757 16 January 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
15 Gas Withdrawn from Storage 16 January 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
16 January 2,757,033 2,757 17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
17 February 2,250,769 2,250 18 March 972,140 972
18 March 972,140 972
19 April 71,020 71
20 Mari
20 May 2,059 2
21 June 342,087 342
22 July 343,177 343
23 August 1,015,698 1,015
24 September 6,680 6
25 October 477,938 477 26 November 1,735,487 1,735
27 December 1,259,683 1,259
28 TOTAL (Total of lines 16 thru 27) 11,233,771 11,233

Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Avista Corporation									
Avista Corporation				An Original A Resubmission	(IVIO, Da 04/15	, 11) /2020	End of 2019/Q4		
	Gas Stora	(2)							
Gas Storage Projects 1. On line 4, enter the total storage capacity certificated by FERC.									
2. Report total amount in Dth or other unit, as applicable on lines 2, 3, 4, 7. If quantity is converted from Mcf to Dth, provide conversion factor in a footnote.									
	ll				<u> </u>	Tota	I Amaza umb		
Line	Item (a)						Amount (b)		
No.	(a)						(b)		
	STORAGE OPERATIONS								
1	Top or Working Gas End of Year						8,528,000		
2	Cushion Gas (Including Native Gas)						7,730,668		
3	Total Gas in Reservoir (Total of line 1 and 2)						16,258,668		
4	Certificated Storage Capacity					16,258,668			
5	Number of Injection - Withdrawal Wells					50 32			
6 7	Number of Observation Wells Maximum Days' Withdrawal from Storage						76,614		
8	Date of Maximum Days' Withdrawal						02/04/2019		
9	LNG Terminal Companies (in Dth)						02/04/2017		
10	Number of Tanks								
11	Capacity of Tanks								
12	LNG Volume								
13	Received at "Ship Rail"								
14	Transferred to Tanks								
15	Withdrawn from Tanks								
16	"Boil Off" Vaporization Loss								

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report						
·	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·						
Avista Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4						
FOOTNOTE DATA									

Schedule Page: 513 Line No.: 7 Co. Mcf conveted to Dth using a factor of 1.04 Column: b

Name of Respondent					ort Is:	D	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Avista Corporation			(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission		04/15/2020	End of <u>2019/Q4</u>		
	Auxiliary Peaking Facilities									
1. Report below auxiliary facilities of the respondent for meeting seasonal peak demands on the respondent's system, such as underground storage projects, liquefied petroleum gas installations, gas liquefaction plants, oil gas sets, etc. 2. For column (c), for underground storage projects, report the delivery capacity on February 1 of the heating season overlapping the year-end for which this report is submitted. For other facilities, report the rated maximum daily delivery capacities. 3. For column (d), include or exclude (as appropriate) the cost of any plant used jointly with another facility on the basis of predominant use, unless the auxiliary peaking facility is a separate plant as contemplated by general instruction 12 of the Uniform System of Accounts.										
Line No.	Location of Facility (a)	Type of Facility (b)	<u> </u>		Maximum Daily Delivery Capacity of Facility Dth (c)		Cost of Facility (in dollars) (d)	Was Facility Operated on Day of Highest Transmission Peak Delivery?		
1	(4)	(8)			(6)		(4)	Bollvory.		
2	Chehalis, Washington	Underground Natural Gas			346,6	67	44,237,871	Yes		
3		Storage Field								
4		Washington & Idaho Supply								
5										
6	Chehalis, Washington	Underground Natural Gas			52,0	00	6,813,975	Yes		
7		Storage Field								
8		Oregon Supply								
9	Ohahalla Mashlashar	Hadaman A National Con-			2.4	22		.,		
10 11	Chehalis, Washington	Underground Natural Gas Storage Field			2,6	23		Yes		
12		Oregon Supply								
13		отсуот эцрргу								
14	Rock Springs, Wyoming	Underground Natural Gas						Yes		
15	1 3 - 7 3	Storage Field						100		
16		Washington & Idaho Supply								
17										
18	Rock Springs, Wyoming	Underground Natural Gas						Yes		
19		Storage Field								
20		Oregon Supply								
21						_				
22						-				
23 24										
25										
26										
27										
28										
29										
30										

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report						
·	(1) <u>X</u> An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·						
Avista Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	04/15/2020	2019/Q4						
FOOTNOTE DATA									

Schedule Page: 519 Line No.: 10 Column: a

Respondent is a participant in the facilities, not an owner and is charged a fee for demand deliverability and capacity.

Schedule Page: 519 Line No.: 14 Column: a

Avista does not have firm rights but have interruptible access.

Schedule Page: 519 Line No.: 18 Column: a

Avista does not have firm rights but have interruptible access.

Nam	ne of Respondent	This (1)		port Is:	vol.		of Report	Ye	ar/Period of Report
Avista Corporation			F	An Origir A Resub		(Mo, Da, Yr) 04/15/2020		End of <u>2019/Q4</u>	
Gas Account - Natural Gas 1. The purpose of this schedule is to account for the quantity of natural gas received and delivered by the respondent. 2. Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed or any mixture of natural and manufactured gas. 3. Enter in column (c) the year to date Dth as reported in the schedules indicated for the items of receipts and deliveries. 4. Enter in column (d) the respective quarters Dth as reported in the schedules indicated for the items of receipts and deliveries. 5. Indicate in a footnote the quantities of bundled sales and transportation gas and specify the line on which such quantities are listed. 6. If the respondent operates two or more systems which are not interconnected, submit separate pages for this purpose. 7. Indicate by footnote the quantities of gas not subject to Commission regulation which did not incur FERC regulatory costs by showing (1) the local distribution volumes another jurisdictional pipeline delivered to the local distribution company portion of the reporting pipeline (2) the quantities that the reporting pipeline transported or sold through its local distribution facilities or intrastate facilities and which the reporting pipeline received through gathering facilities or intrastate facilities, but not through any of the interstate portion of the reporting pipeline, and (3) the gathering line quantities that were not destined for interstate market or that were not transported through any interstate portion of the reporting pipeline. 8. Indicate in a footnote the specific gas purchase expense account(s) and related to which the aggregate volumes reported on line No. 3 relate. 9. Indicate in a footnote (1) the system supply quantities of gas that are stored by the reporting pipeline, during the reporting year and also reported as sales, transportation and compression volumes by the reporting pipeline during the same reporting year, (2) the system supply quantities of gas that are stored by the reporting pipeline during the reporting year which the r									
Line No.	Item (a)				Ref. Pag (FERC Fo 2/2 (b	orm Nos. A)	Total Amount of Dth Year to Date (c)		Current Three Months Ended Amount of Dth Quarterly Only (d)
_	ame of System:								
3	GAS RECEIVED						101,627	1 205	27 142 (40
4	Gas Purchases (Accounts 800-805)				20	2	101,02	,285	27,143,640
5	Gas of Others Received for Gathering (Account 489.1) Gas of Others Received for Transmission (Account 489.2)				30				
6	Gas of Others Received for Distribution (Account 469.2) Gas of Others Received for Distribution (Account 489.3)				+		10 5/1	0.004	E E 40 001
7					30		19,542	2,094	5,540,091
	Gas of Others Received for Contract Storage (Account 489.4)				30	/			
8	Gas of Others Received for Production/Extraction/Processing (Account 490 and 491)			20	0			
9	Exchanged Gas Received from Others (Account 806)				32		4.6	750	/ 40 (50)
10	Gas Received as Imbalances (Account 806)				32		1:	3,758	(10,652)
11	Receipts of Respondent's Gas Transported by Others (Account 858)				33	2	,		
12	Other Gas Withdrawn from Storage (Explain)						(771	,411)	1,547,505
13	Gas Received from Shippers as Compressor Station Fuel								
14	Gas Received from Shippers as Lost and Unaccounted for								
15	Other Receipts (Specify) (footnote details)								
16	Total Receipts (Total of lines 3 thru 15)						120,411	,726	34,220,584
17	GAS DELIVERED								
18	Gas Sales (Accounts 480-484)						98,634	,623	27,949,690
19	Deliveries of Gas Gathered for Others (Account 489.1)				30	3			
20	Deliveries of Gas Transported for Others (Account 489.2)				30	5			
21	Deliveries of Gas Distributed for Others (Account 489.3)				30		18,751	,376	5,206,341
22	Deliveries of Contract Storage Gas (Account 489.4)				30	7			
23	Gas of Others Delivered for Production/Extraction/Processing (Account 490 and 491)							
24	Exchange Gas Delivered to Others (Account 806)				32	8			
25	Gas Delivered as Imbalances (Account 806)				32				
26	Deliveries of Gas to Others for Transportation (Account 858)				33	2			
27	Other Gas Delivered to Storage (Explain)								
28	Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel				50	9	3,025	,727	1,064,553
29	Other Deliveries and Gas Used for Other Operations								
30	Total Deliveries (Total of lines 18 thru 29)						120,411	,726	34,220,584
31	GAS LOSSES AND GAS UNACCOUNTED FOR								
32	Gas Losses and Gas Unaccounted For								
33	TOTALS								
Total Deliveries, Gas Losses & Unaccounted For (Total of lines 30 and 32)							120,411	,726	34,220,584