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September 15, 2016

NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A / UG 313
SUPPLEMENT A
(UM 1496)

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Public Utility Commission of Oregon
Attention: Filing Center
201 High Street SE, Suite 100
Post Office Box 1088
Salem, Oregon 97308-1088

**Re: SUPPLEMENTAL FILING:
Annual Purchased Gas Cost and Technical Rate Adjustments**

**UM 1496: Request for Amortization of Certain Deferred Accounts
Relating to Gas Costs**

Northwest Natural Gas Company, dba NW Natural (“NW Natural” or the “Company”), files herewith revisions to its Tariff, P.U.C. Or. 25¹ (“the Tariff”), stated to become effective with service on and after November 1, 2016, as follows:

Fourth Revision of Sheet P-2,
Schedule P,
“Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments (continued)”

Fourth Revision of Sheet P-3,
Schedule P,
“Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments (continued);”

Fifth Revision of Sheet P-5,
Schedule P,
“Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments (continued);”

Sixth Revision of Sheet 162-1,
Schedule 162,
“Temporary (Technical) Adjustments to Rates;”

Sixth Revision of Sheet 162-2,
Schedule 162,
“Temporary (Technical) Adjustments to Rates (continued);” and

Fifth Revision of Sheet 164-1,
Schedule 164,
“Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments to Rates.”

¹ Tariff P.U.C. Or. 25 originated November 1, 2012 with Docket UG 221; OPUC Order No. 12-408 as supplemented by Order No. 12-437, and was filed pursuant to ORS 767.205 and OAR 860-022-0005.

This filing is made in accordance with OAR 860-022-0025, OAR 860-022-0030, and OAR 860-022-0070.

The Company's initial July 29, 2016 filing is hereby withdrawn in its entirety.

Introduction and Summary

This supplemental filing is made in accordance with the PGA Filing Guidelines which requires an update to the initial filing be made no later than September 15th. Specifically, the purpose of this filing is to:

- (1) Update the temporary rate adjustments associated with the amortization of gas cost credit or debit balances in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Account 191, deferred under Docket UM 1496 and proposed to be effective November 1, 2016, and to show the removal of temporary rate adjustments incorporated into rates effective November 1, 2015; and
- (2) Update the commodity (Weighted Average Cost of Gas "WACOG") and non-commodity ("demand" or "pipeline capacity" charge) purchased gas costs to be effective November 1, 2016.

The Company revises rates for these purposes annually; its last filing was effective November 1, 2015.

The number of customers affected by the changes proposed in this filing is 579,129 residential customers, 60,040 commercial customers, and 669 industrial customers.

In addition to the supporting materials submitted as part of this filing, the Company will separately submit work papers in electronic format, all of which are incorporated herein by reference.

I. Amortization of Gas Cost Deferrals (UM 1496) and removal of Temporary Rate Adjustments Currently in Effect

The net effect of this portion of the filing is to increase the Company's annual revenues by \$2,239,307, or about 0.31%; the effect of removing the Account 191 temporary adjustments placed into rates November 1, 2015, is an increase of \$2,648,070; and the effect of applying the new Account 191 temporary rate adjustments for the amortization of gas costs deferred under Docket UM 1496 is a decrease of \$408,763.

The proposed adjustments to customer rates are comprised of the following: (1) a credit of \$0.01340 per therm for all sales service customers related to the 191 commodity accounts, and (2) a debit of \$0.01384 per therm for all firm sales service customers and a debit of \$0.00165 per therm for all interruptible sales service customers related to 191 demand accounts. The net effect of all Account 191 amortizations is a debit of \$0.00044 per therm for firm sales service customers and a credit of \$0.01175 per therm for interruptible sales service customers.

The Company has developed the adjustments to rates proposed in this filing in accordance with the PGA Filing Guidelines as prescribed by the most recent Commission Order in Docket UM 1286.

This portion of the filing is in compliance with ORS 757.259 (2003), which authorizes deferred utility expenses or revenues to be allowed (amortized) in rates to the extent authorized by the Commission in a proceeding to change rates. All of the deferrals included in this filing occurred with appropriate application by Commission authorization, as rate orders or under approved tariffs.

II. Purchased Gas Cost Adjustment (PGA)

The net effect of the PGA portion of this filing is to decrease the Company's annual revenues by about \$14,847,198, or about 2.08%; the change in commodity cost is a decrease of \$14,157,675 and the change in demand cost is a decrease of \$689,523.

The change in gas costs results in a proposed Annual Sales WACOG of \$0.30613 per therm, and a proposed Winter Sales WACOG of \$0.32066. Revenue sensitive effects are applied for billing purposes, resulting in a proposed Annual Sales Billing WACOG of \$0.31517 and a proposed Winter Sales Billing WACOG of \$0.33013.

The change in demand costs results in a proposed firm service pipeline capacity charge of \$0.11784 per therm, or \$1.75 per therm of MDDV, and a proposed interruptible service pipeline capacity charge of \$0.01402 per therm. Revenue sensitive effects are applied for billing purposes, resulting in a proposed firm service pipeline capacity charge of \$0.12132 per therm or \$1.80 per therm of MDDV, and a proposed interruptible service pipeline capacity charge of \$0.01443 per therm.

If there are material changes in the Company's gas supply costs or costs associated with pipeline services and charges from the levels used to develop the purchased gas adjustments included in this filing, then the Company will reflect such changes to Oregon gas customers in a manner approved by the Commission.

This filing applies the method for calculating the proposed Annual Sales Weighted Average Cost of Gas ("WACOG") that is set forth in a joint party stipulation approved by the Commission in OPUC Order No. 08-504, Docket UM 1286, as modified by the approval of a stipulation affirmed in OPUC Order No. 11-176, Dockets UM 1520/UG 204, and as further prescribed by the PGA Filing Guidelines, Section VI (1)(d) adopted in the most recent Commission Order No. 14-238 in Docket UM 1286.

III. Combined Effect on Customer Bills

The combined effects of this filing is to decrease the Company's annual revenues by about \$12,607,891, or about 1.77%; the change in purchased gas costs is a decrease of \$14,847,198 and the change in temporary adjustments to rates is an increase of \$2,239,307.

The average monthly bill impact of the changes proposed in this filing is shown in the table below:

Class	Rate Schedule	Average Monthly Bill Change (\$)	Average Monthly Bill Change (%)
Residential	Schedule 2	-\$0.74	-1.4%
Commercial	Schedule 3	-\$3.44	-1.6%
Commercial Firm Sales	Schedule 31	-\$54.51	-2.5%
Industrial Firm Sales	Schedule 32	-\$375.06	-3.6%
Industrial Interruptible Sales	Schedule 32	-\$706.16	-3.8%

The monthly bill effects for all other rate classes can be found in the separately provided workpapers.

Please note that the monthly bill effects for Rate Schedule 31 and Rate Schedule 32 do not include the effect of changes in the pipeline capacity charge due to the customer option to elect either an MDDV-based capacity charge or a volumetric-based capacity charge. If a customer served under Rate Schedule 32 Industrial Firm Sales Service elected the volumetric pipeline capacity option, the change in the monthly bill effective November 1, 2016 would be a decrease of \$314.85, or 0.6%.

UM 1286 Natural Gas Portfolio Development Guidelines

In addition to the supporting materials submitted as part of this filing as Exhibit A and Exhibit B, the Company provides Exhibit C which contains the data required by the Natural Gas Portfolio Development Guidelines Sections IV and V as adopted by the Commission in OPUC Order No. 11-196 in Docket UM 1286 ("the OPUC Order"). Some of the information contained in Section V is confidential and highly confidential and is subject to the Modified Protective Order in Docket UM 1286, Order No. 10-337.

Commission Staff's Attachment A through Attachment D, required by Section 5 of the PGA Filing Guidelines, are included in the Company's work papers, incorporated herein by reference, which will be submitted under separate cover.

The Company requests that the tariff sheets filed herewith be permitted to become effective with service on and after November 1, 2016.

In accordance with ORS 757.205, copies of this letter and the filing made herewith are available in the Company's main office in Oregon and on its website at www.nwnatural.com.

Notice to customers was made following the Company's initial filing dated July 29, 2016 by newspaper notice published in the Eugene Register-Guard on August 9th, and the Oregonian, the Salem Statesman-Journal, and the Coos Bay World on August 10th, in accordance with OAR 860-022-0017. The Company does not plan to re-notice customers with this filing.

Please address correspondence on this matter to Kyle Walker
at Kyle.Walker@nwnatural.com, with copies to:

eFiling
NW Natural Rates & Regulatory Affairs
220 NW Second Avenue
Portland, Oregon 97209
Telecopier: (503) 721-2516
Telephone: (503) 226-4211, x3589
eFiling@nwnatural.com

Sincerely,

NW NATURAL

/s/ Onita R. King

Onita R. King
Rates & Regulatory Affairs

Attachments: Exhibit A – Purchased Gas Cost Deferral Amortizations
Exhibit B – Purchased Gas Costs
Exhibit C – PGA Portfolio Guidelines Sections IV and V

SCHEDULE P
PURCHASED GAS COST ADJUSTMENTS
 (continued)

DEFINITIONS (continued):

7. Estimated Annual Sales Weighted Average Cost of Gas (Annual Sales WACOG):
 The estimated Annual Sales WACOG is the default Commodity Component for billing purposes, and is used for purposes of calculating the monthly gas cost deferral costs for entry into the Account 191 sub-accounts calculated by the following formula: (Forecasted Purchases at Adjusted Contract Prices) divided by forecasted sales volumes.
- a. "Forecasted Purchases" means November 1 – October 31 forecasted sales volumes, "weather-normalized", plus a percentage for distribution system LUFG.
 - b. "Distribution system embedded LUFG" means the 5-year average of actual distribution system LUFG, not to exceed 2%.
 - c. "Adjusted contract prices" means actual and projected contract prices that are adjusted by each associated Canadian pipeline's published (closest to August 1) fuel use and line loss amount provided for by tariff, and by each associated U.S. pipeline's tariffed rate.

Effective: November 1, 2016:		(T)
Estimated Annual Sales WACOG per therm (w/ revenue sensitive):	\$0.31517	(R)
Estimated Annual Sales WACOG per therm (w/o revenue sensitive):	\$0.30613	(R)

8. Estimated Winter Sales WACOG: The Company's weighted average Commodity Cost of Gas for the five-month period November through March.

Effective: November 1, 2016:		(T)
Estimated Winter Sales WACOG per therm (w/ revenue sensitive):	\$0.33013	(R)
Estimated Winter Sales WACOG per therm (w/o revenue sensitive):	\$0.32066	(R)

9. Estimated Non-Commodity Cost: Estimated annual Non-Commodity gas costs shall be equal to estimated annual Demand Costs, less estimated annual Capacity Release Benefits, plus or minus estimated annual pipeline refunds or surcharges.

10. Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per Therm – Firm Sales: The portion of the Estimated annual Non-Commodity Cost applicable to Firm Sales Service divided by November 1 – October 31 forecasted Firm Sales Service volumes.

Effective: November 1, 2016:		(T)
Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per therm-Firm Sales (w/revenue sensitive):	\$0.12132	(R)
Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per therm-Firm Sales (w/o revenue sensitive):	\$0.11784	(R)

(continue to Sheet P-3)

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Effective with service on
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SCHEDULE P
PURCHASED GAS COST ADJUSTMENTS
 (continued)

DEFINITIONS (continued):

11. Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per Therm – Interruptible Sales: The portion of the Estimated annual Non-Commodity Cost applicable to Interruptible Sales Service divided by November 1 – October 31 forecasted Interruptible Sales Service volumes.
 Effective: November 1, 2016: (T)
 Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per therm-Interruptible Sales (w/revenue sensitive): **\$0.01443** (I)
 Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per therm-Interruptible Sales (w/o revenue sensitive): **\$0.01402** (I)

12. Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per Therm – MDDV Based Sales: The portion of the Estimated annual Non-Commodity Cost applicable to MDDV Based Sales Service.
 Effective: November 1, 2016: (T)
 Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per therm-MDDV Based Sales (w/revenue sensitive): **\$1.80** (I)
 Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per therm-MDDV Based Sales (w/o revenue sensitive): **\$1.75** (I)

13. Actual Monthly Firm Sales Service Volumes: The total actual monthly billed Firm Sales Service therms, excluding MDDV based volumes, adjusted for estimated unbilled Firm Sales Service therms.

14. Actual Monthly Interruptible Sales Service Volumes: The total actual monthly billed Interruptible Sales Service therms, adjusted for estimated unbilled Interruptible Sales Service therms.

15. Actual Monthly MDDV Based Firm Sales Service Volumes: The total actual monthly billed Firm Sales Service Volumes for Rate Schedule 31 and Rate Schedule 32 customers billed under the Firm Pipeline Capacity Charge - Peak Demand option, adjusted for estimated unbilled MDDV Firm Sales Service Volumes.

16. Embedded Commodity Cost: The Estimated Annual Sales WACOG, updated for October 31 storage inventory prices, multiplied by the Total of the Actual Monthly Firm and Interruptible Sales Service Volumes.

17. Embedded Non-Commodity Cost per Therm – Firm Sales Service: The Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per Therm - Firm Sales Service multiplied by the Actual Monthly Firm Sales Service Volumes.

18. Embedded Non-Commodity Cost per Therm – Interruptible Sales Service: The Estimated Non-Commodity Cost per Therm – Interruptible Sales Service multiplied by the Actual Monthly Interruptible Sales Service Volumes.

(continue to Sheet P-4)

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Effective with service on
 and after November 1, 2016

NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS COMPANY

P.U.C. Or. 25

Fifth Revision of Sheet P-5
Cancels Fourth Revision of Sheet P-5

SCHEDULE P
PURCHASED GAS COST ADJUSTMENTS
(continued)

CALCULATION OF MONTHLY GAS COSTS FOR DEFERRAL PURPOSES (continued):

1. A debit or credit entry shall be made equal to 100% of the difference between the monthly Actual Non-Commodity Cost and the Monthly Embedded Non-Commodity Cost, net of revenue sensitive effects
2. A debit or credit entry shall be made equal to 100% of any monthly difference between actual monthly fixed charge recoveries and Monthly Seasonalized Fixed Charges. The Monthly Seasonalized Fixed Charges for the period November 1, 2016 through October 31, 2017 are:

November	2016	\$8,127,369
December	2016	\$11,816,990
January	2017	\$11,299,387
February	2017	\$9,081,525
March	2017	\$7,755,923
April	2017	\$5,593,092
May	2017	\$3,898,978
June	2017	\$2,720,628
July	2017	\$2,349,136
August	2017	\$2,321,092
September	2017	\$2,566,551
October	2017	\$4,737,082
ANNUAL TOTAL		\$72,267,753

(T)

(C)

(C)

(T)

3. A debit or credit entry shall be made equal to 90% of the difference between the Actual Commodity Cost and the Embedded Commodity Cost. A debit or credit entry will also be made equal to 100% of the difference between storage withdrawals priced at the actual book inventory rate as of October 31 prior to the PGA year and storage withdrawals priced at the inventory rate used in the PGA filing. For any given tracker year, if the total activity subject to debit or credit entries that is related to the Gas Reserves transaction exceeds \$10 million, amounts beyond \$10 million will be recorded at 100%.
4. Monthly differentials shall be deemed to be positive if actual costs exceed embedded costs and to be negative if actual costs fall below embedded costs.
5. The cost differential entries shall be debited to the sub-accounts of Account 191 if positive, and credited to the sub-accounts of Account 191 if negative.
6. Interest – Beginning November 1, 2007, the Company shall compute interest on existing deferred balances on a monthly basis using the interest rate(s) approved by the Commission.
(continue to Sheet P-6)

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Effective with service on
and after November 1, 2016

NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS COMPANY

P.U.C. Or. 25

Sixth Revision of Sheet 162-1
Cancels Fifth Revision of Sheet 162-1

SCHEDULE 162 TEMPORARY (TECHNICAL) ADJUSTMENTS TO RATES

PURPOSE:

To identify adjustments to rates in the Rate Schedules listed below that relate to the amortization of balances in the Company's Account 191 deferred revenue and gas cost accounts.

APPLICABLE:

To the following Rate Schedules of this Tariff:

Rate Schedule 2 Rate Schedule 27 Rate Schedule 32
Rate Schedule 3 Rate Schedule 31 Rate Schedule 33

APPLICATION TO RATE SCHEDULES:

Effective: November 1, 2016

(T)

The Total Adjustment amount shown below is included in the Temporary Adjustments reflected in the above-listed Rate Schedules. NO ADDITIONAL ADJUSTMENT TO RATES IS REQUIRED.

Schedule	Block	Account 191 Commodity Adjustment	Account 191 Pipeline Capacity Adjustment	Total Adjustment
2		(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
3 CSF		(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
3 ISF		(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
27		(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
31 CSF	Block 1	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 2	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
31 CTF	Block 1	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 2	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
31 ISF	Block 1	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 2	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
31 ITF	Block 1	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 2	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000

(C)

(C)

(continue to Sheet 162-2)

Issued September 15, 2016
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Effective with service on
and after November 1, 2016

NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS COMPANY

P.U.C. Or. 25

Sixth Revision of Sheet 162-2
Cancels Fifth Revision of Sheet 162-2

SCHEDULE 162 TEMPORARY (TECHNICAL) ADJUSTMENTS TO RATES (continued)

APPLICATION TO RATE SCHEDULES (continued):

Effective: November 1, 2016

(T)

Schedule	Block	Account 191 Commodity Adjustment [1]	Account 191 Pipeline Capacity Adjustment	Total Adjustment
32 CSF	Block 1	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 2	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 3	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 4	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 5	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 6	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
32 ISF	Block 1	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 2	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 3	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 4	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 5	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
	Block 6	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00044
32 CTF/ITF	Block 1	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 2	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 3	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 4	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 5	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 6	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
32 CSI	Block 1	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 2	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 3	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 4	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 5	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 6	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
32 ISI	Block 1	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 2	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 3	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 4	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 5	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
	Block 6	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00165	(\$0.01175)
32 CTI/ITI	Block 1	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 2	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 3	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 4	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 5	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
	Block 6	N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
33 TI		N/A	N/A	\$0.00000
33 TF		N/A	N/A	\$0.00000

(C)

(C)

GENERAL TERMS:

This Schedule is governed by the terms of this Schedule, the General Rules and Regulations contained in this Tariff, any other schedules that by their terms or by the terms of this Schedule apply to service under this Schedule, and by all rules and regulations prescribed by regulatory authorities, as amended from time to time.

Issued September 15, 2016
NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A

Effective with service on
and after November 1, 2016

NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS COMPANY

P.U.C. Or. 25

Fifth Revision of Sheet 164-1
Cancels Fourth Revision of Sheet 164-1

SCHEDULE 164 PURCHASED GAS COST ADJUSTMENT TO RATES

PURPOSE:

To identify the Commodity and Pipeline Capacity Components applicable to the Rate Schedules listed below.

APPLICABLE:

To the following Rate Schedules of this Tariff:

Rate Schedule 2 Rate Schedule 3 Rate Schedule 27
Rate Schedule 31 Rate Schedule 32

APPLICATION TO RATE SCHEDULES:

Effective: November 1, 2016

(T)

Annual Sales WACOG [1]	\$0.31517	(R)
Winter Sales WACOG [2]	\$0.33013	
Firm Sales Service Pipeline Capacity Component [3]	\$0.12132	(R)
Firm Sales Service Pipeline Capacity Component [4]	\$1.80000	(I)
Interruptible Sales Service Pipeline Capacity Component [5]	\$0.01443	(I)

- [1] Applies to all Sales Service Rate Schedules (per therm) except where Winter Sales WACOG or Monthly Incremental Cost of Gas applies.
- [2] Applies to Sales Customers that request Winter Sales WACOG at the September 15 Annual Service Election.
- [3] Applies to Rate Schedules 2, 3, and Schedule 31 and Schedule 32 Firm Sales Service Volumetric Pipeline Capacity option (per therm).
- [4] Applies to Rate Schedules 31 and 32 Firm Sales Service Peak Demand Pipeline Capacity option (per therm of MDDV per month).
- [5] Applies to Rate Schedule 32 Interruptible Sales Service (per therm).

GENERAL TERMS:

This schedule is governed by the terms of this Schedule, the General Rules and Regulations contained in this Tariff, any other schedules that by their terms or by the terms of this Rate Schedule apply to service under the Rate Schedule, and by all rules and regulations prescribed by regulatory authorities, as amended from time to time.

Issued September 15, 2016
NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A

Effective with service on
and after November 1, 2016

EXHIBIT A

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF OREGON

NW NATURAL SUPPORTING MATERIALS

Purchased Gas Cost Deferral Amortizations
UM 1496

NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A / UG 313

September 15, 2016

NW NATURAL

EXHIBIT A

Supporting Material

Purchased Gas Cost Deferral Amortizations – UM 1496

NWN OPUC ADVICE NO. 16-17A/ UG 313

Description	Page
Summary of Temporary Increments	1
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Summary of Deferred Accounts Included in the PGA	4
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191450 Core Market Demand Collection Deferral	10

NW Natural
Rates & Regulatory Affairs
2016-17 PGA - Oregon: September Filing
Summary of TEMPORARY Increments

		Current	WACOG	Demand	Demand	Total	Net Effect	
		Temporaries	Deferral	Deferral -	Deferral -	Proposed	of Temps	
				FIRM	INTERRUPTIBLE	Temps	(N = M - A)	
		A	B	C	D	M	N	
1								
2								
3	Schedule	Block						
4	2R		\$0.03592	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.02604	(\$0.00988)
5	3C Sales Firm		\$0.07100	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.07356	\$0.00256
6	3I Sales Firm		\$0.03309	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.04138	\$0.00829
7	27 Dry Out		\$0.01021	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.01693	\$0.00672
8	31C Sales Firm	Block 1	\$0.06829	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.07048	\$0.00219
9		Block 2	\$0.06757	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.06959	\$0.00202
10	31C Trans Firm	Block 1	\$0.00996	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.01139	\$0.00143
11		Block 2	\$0.00910	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.01042	\$0.00132
12	31I Sales Firm	Block 1	\$0.02976	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03737	\$0.00761
13		Block 2	\$0.02918	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03665	\$0.00747
14	31I Trans Firm	Block 1	\$0.00628	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00892	\$0.00264
15		Block 2	\$0.00569	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00809	\$0.00240
16	32C Sales Firm	Block 1	\$0.02837	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03666	\$0.00829
17		Block 2	\$0.02766	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03561	\$0.00795
18		Block 3	\$0.02646	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03388	\$0.00742
19		Block 4	\$0.02526	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03214	\$0.00688
20		Block 5	\$0.02454	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03090	\$0.00636
21		Block 6	\$0.02406	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03021	\$0.00615
22	32I Sales Firm	Block 1	\$0.02728	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03491	\$0.00763
23		Block 2	\$0.02675	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03415	\$0.00740
24		Block 3	\$0.02586	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03289	\$0.00703
25		Block 4	\$0.02497	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03163	\$0.00666
26		Block 5	\$0.02444	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03068	\$0.00624
27		Block 6	\$0.02409	(\$0.01340)	\$0.01384	\$0.00000	\$0.03018	\$0.00609
28	32 Trans Firm	Block 1	\$0.00351	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00459	\$0.00108
29		Block 2	\$0.00301	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00393	\$0.00092
30		Block 3	\$0.00216	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00283	\$0.00067
31		Block 4	\$0.00133	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00172	\$0.00039
32		Block 5	\$0.00082	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00106	\$0.00024
33		Block 6	\$0.00049	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00062	\$0.00013
34	32C Sales Interr	Block 1	\$0.01408	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.02154	\$0.00746
35		Block 2	\$0.01356	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.02093	\$0.00737
36		Block 3	\$0.01270	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01992	\$0.00722
37		Block 4	\$0.01184	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01890	\$0.00706
38		Block 5	\$0.01131	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01829	\$0.00698
39		Block 6	\$0.01098	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01773	\$0.00675
40	32I Sales Interr	Block 1	\$0.01408	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.02161	\$0.00753
41		Block 2	\$0.01359	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.02101	\$0.00742
42		Block 3	\$0.01276	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.02001	\$0.00725
43		Block 4	\$0.01194	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01901	\$0.00707
44		Block 5	\$0.01144	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01841	\$0.00697
45		Block 6	\$0.01111	(\$0.01340)	\$0.00000	\$0.00165	\$0.01788	\$0.00677
46	32 Trans Interr	Block 1	\$0.00316	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00384	\$0.00068
47		Block 2	\$0.00271	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00329	\$0.00058
48		Block 3	\$0.00196	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00237	\$0.00041
49		Block 4	\$0.00120	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00146	\$0.00026
50		Block 5	\$0.00076	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00090	\$0.00014
51		Block 6	\$0.00045	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00054	\$0.00009
52	33		\$0.00020	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00000	\$0.00024	\$0.00004

NW Natural
Rates & Regulatory Affairs
2016-17 PGA - Oregon: September Filing
Calculation of Increments Allocated on the EQUAL CENT PER THERM BASIS
ALL VOLUMES IN THERMS

Schedule	Block	Oregon PGA		Proposed Amount:		WACOG Deferral		Demand Deferral - FIRM		Demand Deferral - INTERRUPTIBLE	
		Volumes page, Column F	Revenue Sensitive Multiplier: Amount to Amortize:	Multiplier	Increment	Multiplier	Increment	Multiplier	Increment	Multiplier	Increment
2R	350,075,126	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	350,075,126	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	350,075,126	0.0	(\$0.01384)
3C Firm Sales	159,370,240	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	159,370,240	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	159,370,240	0.0	(\$0.01384)
3I Firm Sales	4,175,625	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	4,175,625	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	4,175,625	0.0	(\$0.01384)
27 Dry Out	776,455	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	776,455	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	776,455	0.0	(\$0.01384)
31C Firm Sales	17,477,992	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	17,477,992	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	17,477,992	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 1	12,723,016	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	12,723,016	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	12,723,016	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 2	1,364,169	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 1	1,632,747	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 2	4,251,890	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	4,251,890	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	4,251,890	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 1	9,164,274	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	9,164,274	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	9,164,274	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 2	175,539	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 1	517,230	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 2	27,042,245	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	27,042,245	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	27,042,245	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 1	8,064,435	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	8,064,435	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	8,064,435	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 2	797,112	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	797,112	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	797,112	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 3	11,666	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	11,666	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	11,666	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 4	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 5	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 6	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 1	4,884,363	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	4,884,363	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	4,884,363	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 2	5,102,563	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	5,102,563	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	5,102,563	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 3	1,942,948	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	1,942,948	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	1,942,948	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 4	579,399	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	579,399	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	579,399	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 5	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 6	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.01384)
Block 1	14,611,752	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 2	17,230,536	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 3	9,911,484	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 4	17,461,606	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 5	21,764,847	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 6	2,455,153	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 1	6,252,115	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	6,252,115	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 2	8,553,424	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	8,553,424	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 3	4,339,671	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	4,339,671	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 4	5,183,222	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	5,183,222	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 5	89,527	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	89,527	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 6	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 1	7,427,326	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	7,427,326	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 2	8,841,797	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	8,841,797	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 3	4,869,921	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	4,869,921	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 4	9,961,830	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	9,961,830	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 5	2,051,108	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	2,051,108	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 6	0	1.0	(\$0.01340)	0.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00000)	1.0	0	0.0	(\$0.00165)
Block 1	8,822,944	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 2	16,011,309	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 3	11,561,774	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 4	29,665,818	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 5	56,877,518	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
Block 6	83,025,918	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
33	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000	0.0	0	0.0	\$0.00000
TOTALS	957,099,637	664,009,293	(\$0.01340)	0.0	606,439,352	0.0	0.01384	0.0	57,569,941	0.0	0.00165

NW Natural
Rates and Regulatory Affairs
2016-2017 PGA Filing - OREGON
Basis for Revenue Related Costs

	Twelve Months Ended 06/30/16	
1		
2		
3	606,080,614	
4	611,607,847	
5		
6	1,633,358	0.275% Statutory rate
7	14,818,591	2.423% Line 7 ÷ Line 4
8	<u>1,036,942</u>	<u>0.170% Line 8 ÷ Line 4</u>
9		
10	<u><u>17,488,891</u></u>	<u><u>2.868%</u></u> Sum lines 8-9
11		
12		

13 **Note:**

- 14 [1] Dollar figure is set at statutory level of 0.275% times Total Oregon Revenues (line 4).
 15 Because the fee changed occurred mid gas year, the difference between the previous fee of 0.25%
 16 and the new fee of 0.275% is being captured as a temporary deferral.
 17 [2] Represents the normalized net write-offs based on a three-year average.

NW Natural
 Rates & Regulatory Affairs
 2016-2017 PGA Filing - September Filing
 Summary of Deferred Accounts Included in the PGA

Account A	Balance 6/30/2016 B	Jul-Oct Estimated Activity C	Jul-Oct Interest D	Estimated Balance 10/31/2016 E	Interest Rate During Amortization F1	Estimated Interest During Amortization F2	Total Estimated Amount for (Refund) or Collection G	Amounts Excluded from PGA Filing H	Amounts Included in PGA Filing I
				E = sum B thru D	2.20%		G = E + F2		Excl. Rev Sens
Gas Cost Deferrals and Amortizations									
34 191401 AMORTIZE OREGON WACOG	(3,327,556)	1,988,115	(16,122)	(1,355,564)					
35 191400 WACOG - ACCRUE OREGON	(6,998,677)	0	(183,272)	(7,181,949)					
36 Subtotal	(10,326,234)	1,988,115	(199,394)	(8,537,513)	2.20%	(102,080)	(8,639,593)		(8,639,593)
37									
38									
39 191411 AMORTIZE DEMAND OREGON	2,266,861	(1,463,403)	10,781	814,239					
40 191410 DEMAND - ACCRUE OREGON	(1,309,442)	0	(34,290)	(1,343,731)					
41 191417 DEMAND - ACCRUE COOS BAY	113,338	0	0	113,338					
42 191450 OREGON DEMAND ACCRUE VOLUME	8,342,847	0	218,471	8,561,318					
43 Subtotal	9,413,604	(1,463,403)	194,962	8,145,164	2.20%	97,389	8,242,553		8,242,553

Company: Northwest Natural Gas Company
 State: Oregon
 Description: Core Market Commodity gas cost deferral
 Account Number: 191400
 Docket UM 1496
 Current reauthorization to defer was granted in Order No. 15-337

Narrative: Deferral of customer's share of the difference between actual core commodity cost incurred and the Annual Sales WACOG embedded as defined in the related annual PGA. From Nov 2009 - Oct 2015 the deferral election was 90%. Effective Nov 2015 the deferral election is 80%.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Debit	(Credit)	Month/Year	Note	Commodity	Interest	Interest Rate	Storage	Hedge	Transfer	Activity	Deferral	Plus Int.	GL Balance												
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)															
Beginning Bal																									
109		Jun-15		(1,497,097.85)	(87,142.83)	7.78%	(1,912.00)	(648.00)		(1,586,800.68)		(14,278,025.03)													
110		Jul-15		(1,146,321.76)	(96,297.90)	7.78%	(1,809.00)	(2,112.00)		(1,246,540.66)		(15,524,565.69)													
111		Aug-15		(798,326.62)	(103,257.48)	7.78%	(1,774.00)	(3,974.00)		(907,332.10)		(16,431,897.79)													
112		Sep-15		(1,626,854.72)	(111,834.29)	7.78%	(2,276.00)	(6,082.00)		(1,747,047.01)		(18,178,944.80)													
113		Oct-15		(1,186,996.00)	(121,762.23)	7.78%	(3,009.00)	(14,241.00)	260.53	(1,325,747.70)		(19,504,692.50)													
114		Nov-15	1	(1,134,028.54)	(34,369.45)	7.78%	(15,740.21)	(4,661.05)	14,780,707.62	13,591,908.37		(5,912,784.13)													
115		Dec-15		(2,937,780.12)	(47,960.89)	7.78%	(18,896.55)	(12,887.96)		(3,017,525.52)		(8,930,309.66)													
116		Jan-16		(3,013,129.51)	(67,813.35)	7.78%	(19,337.43)	(26,200.52)		(3,126,480.82)		(12,056,790.47)													
117		Feb-16		(3,079,041.43)	(88,262.41)	7.78%	(13,756.73)	(21,100.21)		(3,202,160.78)		(15,258,951.25)													
118		Mar-16		(4,448,261.52)	(113,440.22)	7.78%	(13,194.02)	(15,054.10)		(4,589,949.85)		(19,848,901.10)													
119		Apr-16		(1,647,135.91)	(134,082.25)	7.78%	(7,236.68)	(9,958.41)		(1,798,413.26)		(21,647,314.35)													
120		May-16		(1,500,647.87)	(145,267.67)	7.78%	(5,436.05)	(11,935.80)		(1,663,287.38)		(23,310,601.74)													
121		Jun-16		(485,020.63)	(43,490.90)	7.78%	(4,242.71)	(4,894.48)	16,849,573.00	16,311,924.28		(6,998,677.46)													
122		Jul-16			(45,374.76)	7.78%				(45,374.76)		(7,044,052.22)													
123		Aug-16			(45,668.94)	7.78%				(45,668.94)		(7,089,721.16)													
124		Sep-16			(45,965.03)	7.78%				(45,965.03)		(7,135,686.19)													
125		Oct-16			(46,263.03)	7.78%				(46,263.03)		(7,181,949.22)													

History truncated for ease of viewing

NOTES:

1 - Transfer June balance plus July-October interest on June balance to account 191401 for amortization

Company: Northwest Natural Gas Company
 State: Oregon
 Description: Amortization of Oregon WACOG Deferral
 Account Number: 191401
 Dockets UM 1496 and UG 294
 Amortization of 2014-15 deferral approved in Order No. 15-331

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Debit	(Credit)	Month/Year	Note	Amortization	Transfers	Interest	Interest rate	Activity	Balance			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(e2)	(f)	(g)			
123		Beginning Balance										
124		Nov-15 old rates		(583,314.79)		4,352.02	1.77%	(578,962.77)	2,663,215.66			
125		Nov-15 new rates (1)		477,098.53	(14,043,711.50)	(22,203.30)	1.93%	(13,588,816.27)	(10,925,600.61)			
126		Dec-15		1,702,692.31		(16,202.76)	1.93%	1,686,489.55	(9,239,111.07)			
127		Jan-16		1,993,147.81		(13,256.75)	1.93%	1,979,891.06	(7,259,220.01)			
128		Feb-16		1,358,223.17		(10,583.01)	1.93%	1,347,640.16	(5,911,579.84)			
129		Mar-16		1,201,786.20		(8,541.35)	1.93%	1,193,244.85	(4,718,334.99)			
130		Apr-16		895,596.97		(6,868.45)	1.93%	888,728.52	(3,829,606.47)			
131		May-16		587,552.33		(5,686.79)	1.93%	581,865.54	(3,247,740.93)			
132		Jun-16		16,788,580.08	(16,849,573.00)	(18,822.36)	1.93%	(79,815.28)	(3,327,556.21)			
133		Jul-16 forecast		383,902.96		(5,043.10)	1.93%	378,859.86	(2,948,696.35)			
134		Aug-16 forecast		383,914.14		(4,433.76)	1.93%	379,480.38	(2,569,215.97)			
135		Sep-16 forecast		400,187.23		(3,810.34)	1.93%	396,376.89	(2,172,839.08)			
136		Oct-16 forecast		820,110.66		(2,835.14)	1.93%	817,275.52	(1,355,563.56)			

History truncated for ease of viewing

NOTES:

1 - Transfer in authorized balance from accounts 191400 and 191405.

Company: Northwest Natural Gas Company
 State: Oregon
 Description: Core Market Demand cost deferral
 Account Number: 191410
 Docket UM 1496
 Current reauthorization to defer was granted in Order No. 15-337

Narrative: Deferral of 100% of the Difference between actual demand cost incurred and the demand cost embedded as defined in the related state's annual PGA.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Debit	(Credit)	Month/Year	Note	Demand	Interest	Interest Rate	Transfer	Activity	Deferral	Plus Int.	GL Balance														
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)																	
Beginning Bal																									
Jun-15		(162,516.01)		(27,188.26)	7.78%			(189,704.19)	(4,302,007.87)																
Jul-15		(271,439.26)		(28,771.27)	7.78%			(300,210.45)	(4,602,218.32)																
Aug-15		(220,432.94)		(30,552.29)	7.78%			(250,985.15)	(4,853,203.47)																
Sep-15		(329,341.85)		(32,532.55)	7.78%			(361,874.32)	(5,215,077.80)																
Oct-15		(380,876.04)		(35,045.76)	7.78%			(415,921.72)	(5,630,999.52)																
Nov-15	1	284,630.66		(6,963.24)	7.78%	4,414,662.82		4,692,330.32	(938,669.20)																
Dec-15		(169,707.02)		(6,635.84)	7.78%			(176,342.78)	(1,115,011.98)																
Jan-16		(7,176.90)		(7,252.26)	7.78%			(14,429.08)	(1,129,441.06)																
Feb-16		(50,813.26)		(7,487.26)	7.78%			(58,300.44)	(1,187,741.50)																
Mar-16		(15,389.83)		(7,750.41)	7.78%			(23,140.16)	(1,210,881.67)																
Apr-16		(127,150.65)		(8,262.73)	7.78%			(135,413.30)	(1,346,294.97)																
May-16		501,494.76		(7,102.80)	7.78%			494,392.04	(851,902.93)																
Jun-16		(450,555.03)		(6,983.72)	7.78%			(457,538.67)	(1,309,441.60)																
Jul-16				(8,489.55)	7.78%			(8,489.47)	(1,317,931.07)																
Aug-16				(8,544.59)	7.78%			(8,544.51)	(1,326,475.58)																
Sep-16				(8,599.98)	7.78%			(8,599.90)	(1,335,075.49)																
Oct-16				(8,655.74)	7.78%			(8,655.66)	(1,343,731.15)																

History truncated for ease of viewing

NOTES

1 -Transfer June balance plus July-October interest on June balance to account 191411 for amortization

Company: Northwest Natural Gas Company
 State: Oregon
 Description: Amortization of Oregon Demand Deferral
 Account Number: 191411
 Dockets UM 1496 and UG 278
 Amortization of 2014-15 deferral approved in Order No. 15-331

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Debit	(Credit)	Month/Year	Note	Amortization	Transfers	Interest	Interest Rate	Activity	Balance										
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)													
7	Beginning Balance																		
123		Nov-15	old rates	137,180.72		(1,175.84)	1.77%	136,004.88	(729,764.90)										
124		Nov-15	new rates (1)	(344,103.54)	9,756,304.40	15,414.67	1.93%	9,427,615.53	8,697,850.63										
125		Dec-15		(1,360,659.75)		12,894.85	1.93%	(1,347,764.90)	7,350,085.74										
126		Jan-16		(1,603,178.16)		10,532.17	1.93%	(1,592,645.99)	5,757,439.75										
127		Feb-16		(1,076,585.12)		8,394.13	1.93%	(1,068,190.99)	4,689,248.76										
128		Mar-16		(942,161.32)		6,784.22	1.93%	(935,377.10)	3,753,871.67										
129		Apr-16		(694,689.49)		5,478.83	1.93%	(689,210.66)	3,064,661.01										
130		May-16		(439,870.80)		4,575.27	1.93%	(435,295.53)	2,629,365.47										
131		Jun-16		(366,439.18)		3,934.22	1.93%	(362,504.96)	2,266,860.51										
132		Jul-16	forecast	(273,583.19)		3,425.86	1.93%	(270,157.33)	1,996,703.18										
133		Aug-16	forecast	(271,957.45)		2,992.67	1.93%	(268,964.78)	1,727,738.40										
134		Sep-16	forecast	(286,694.28)		2,548.23	1.93%	(284,146.05)	1,443,592.35										
135		Oct-16	forecast	(631,167.80)		1,814.21	1.93%	(629,353.59)	814,238.76										

History truncated for ease of viewing

NOTES:

1 - Transfer in authorized balances from accounts 191410, 191450, 191417

Company: Northwest Natural Gas Company
 State: Oregon
 Description: Coos County Demand
 Account Number: 191417
 Class of Customers: Core
 Docket UM 1179 Order 04-702

Narrative: Deferral of transportation charge payable by NW Natural for use of the natural gas transmission pipeline owned by Coos County.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Debit	(Credit)	Month/Year	Note	Deferral	Adjustment	Transfer	Interest	Activity	Balance																
		Beginning Bal																							
109		Jun-15		16,636.00	(6,168.59)			10,467.41	101,600.27																
110		Jul-15		16,636.00	(5,711.47)			10,924.53	112,524.80																
111		Aug-15		16,636.00	(5,109.35)			11,526.65	124,051.45																
112		Sep-15		16,636.00	(5,377.23)			11,258.77	135,310.22																
113		Oct-15		16,636.00	(6,090.02)			10,545.98	145,856.20																
114		Nov-15	1	16,636.00	(4,786.01)	(101,600.27)		(89,750.28)	56,105.92																
115		Dec-15		16,636.00	(6,714.01)			9,921.99	66,027.91																
116		Jan-16		16,636.00	(8,610.72)			8,025.28	74,053.19																
117		Feb-16	2	16,635.00	(23,472.11)			(6,837.11)	67,216.08																
118		Mar-16		16,637.17	(6,572.87)			10,064.30	77,280.38																
119		Apr-16		16,635.00	(5,211.62)			11,423.38	88,703.76																
120		May-16		16,635.00	(4,468.13)			12,166.87	100,870.63																
121		Jun-16		16,635.00	(4,167.18)			12,467.82	113,338.45																
122		Jul-16						0.00	113,338.45																
123		Aug-16						0.00	113,338.45																
124		Sep-16						0.00	113,338.45																
125		Oct-16						0.00	113,338.45																
126								0.00	113,338.45																

History truncated for ease of viewing

NOTES

- 1 - June balance transferred to account 191411 for amortization
- 2 - Additional adjustment represents a true-up of previous year's demand charges.

Company: Northwest Natural Gas Company
 State: Oregon
 Description: Core Market Demand Collection Deferral
 Account Number: 191450
 Docket UM 1496
 Current reauthorization to defer was granted in Order No. 15-337

Narrative: Deferral of 100% of the difference between actual demand costs collected and the seasonalized imbedded demand costs as defined in the state's annual PGA.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Debit	(Credit)	Month/Year	Note	Demand Deferral	Interest	Interest Rate	Transfer	Activity	Deferral Plus Int.	GL Balance															
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)															
Beginning Bal																									
109		Jun-15		263,773.56	87,466.57	7.78%		351,240.21	13,710,341.83																
110		Jul-15		47,138.52	89,041.52	7.78%		136,180.12	13,846,521.94																
111		Aug-15		67,059.68	89,989.00	7.78%		157,048.76	14,003,570.70																
112		Sep-15		(380,179.01)	89,557.40	7.78%		(290,621.53)	13,712,949.17																
113		Oct-15		1,628,087.06	94,183.34	7.78%		1,722,270.48	15,435,219.65																
114		Nov-15	1	(479,675.83)	7,300.33	7.78%	(14,069,366.95)	(14,541,742.36)	893,477.28																
115		Dec-15		1,355,017.05	10,185.22	7.78%		1,365,202.34	2,258,679.63																
116		Jan-16		451,529.59	16,107.48	7.78%		467,637.15	2,726,316.77																
117		Feb-16		1,790,612.47	23,480.19	7.78%		1,814,092.74	4,540,409.51																
118		Mar-16		721,136.36	31,774.67	7.78%		752,911.11	5,293,320.62																
119		Apr-16		1,974,641.73	40,719.49	7.78%		2,015,361.29	7,308,681.91																
120		May-16		880,686.27	50,239.51	7.78%		930,925.86	8,239,607.77																
121		Jun-16		49,664.48	53,581.08	7.78%	(6.39)	103,239.25	8,342,847.02																
122		Jul-16			54,089.46	7.78%		54,089.54	8,396,936.56																
123		Aug-16			54,440.14	7.78%		54,440.22	8,451,376.78																
124		Sep-16			54,793.09	7.78%		54,793.17	8,506,169.94																
125		Oct-16			55,148.34	7.78%		55,148.42	8,561,318.36																

History truncated for ease of viewing

NOTES

1 - Transfer June balance plus July-October interest on June balance to account 191411 for amortization.

EXHIBIT B

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF OREGON

NW NATURAL SUPPORTING MATERIALS

Purchased Gas Cost

NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A / UG 313

September 15, 2016

NW NATURAL

EXHIBIT B

Supporting Material

Purchased Gas Cost

NWN OPUC ADVICE NO. 16-17A/ UG 313

Commodity and Non-Commodity Costs	Page
Summary of Total Commodity Cost	1
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Derivation of Oregon Per Therm Non-Commodity Charges	4
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Encana Gas Reserves Deal	7
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Estimated Revenue Effects (3% Test)	9
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Basis for Revenue Related Costs	11
PGA Effects on Revenue	12

NW Natural
 2016-2017 PGA - SYSTEM: September Filing
 Summary of Total Commodity Cost
 ALL VOLUMES IN THERMS

	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)
	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	TOTAL
SYSTEM COSTS													
COSTS													
Commodity Cost from Supply	\$18,909,110	\$21,308,278	\$20,349,126	\$13,817,039	\$14,048,368	\$11,657,905	\$8,506,877	\$6,027,624	\$5,204,687	\$5,229,520	\$5,859,337	\$10,821,135	\$141,739,007
tab commodity cost from supply, column cd, lines 93-104 plus													
tab commodity cost from gas reserve, column q, lines 59-70													
Volumetric Pipeline Chgs	\$262,379	\$291,370	\$272,909	\$203,178	\$185,414	\$177,494	\$128,280	\$92,811	\$80,337	\$79,952	\$87,334	\$153,998	\$2,015,456
tab commodity cost from vol pipe, column e, line 78-89													
Commodity Cost from Storage	\$916,703	\$12,323,272	\$12,303,940	\$12,988,097	\$8,465,221	\$409,951	\$106,653	\$103,212	\$106,653	\$106,653	\$103,212	\$106,653	\$48,040,220
tab Commodity Cost from Storage, column k, line 61-72													
Commodity Cost from Gas Reserves	\$2,740,928	\$2,782,740	\$2,735,894	\$2,536,662	\$2,677,459	\$2,592,119	\$2,653,670	\$2,556,308	\$2,546,626	\$2,520,838	\$2,448,521	\$2,471,848	\$31,263,614
tab Commodity Cost from Gas Reserve, column p, line 59-70													
Total Commodity Cost	\$22,829,121	\$36,705,659	\$35,661,870	\$29,544,976	\$25,376,462	\$14,837,469	\$11,395,480	\$8,779,956	\$7,938,302	\$7,936,963	\$8,498,405	\$13,553,634	\$223,058,297
VOLUMES													
Commodity Volumes at Receipt Points	80,111,499	81,571,738	77,123,661	52,556,837	55,292,216	58,519,187	42,161,777	30,415,890	26,284,706	26,157,483	28,605,715	50,707,462	609,508,174
Pipeline Fuel Use	2,279,140	2,260,829	2,094,874	1,323,627	1,400,203	1,857,860	1,225,310	809,849	665,719	661,488	749,643	1,554,567	16,883,110
Gas Arriving at City Gate	77,832,359	79,310,909	75,028,787	51,233,209	53,892,013	56,661,328	40,936,467	29,606,041	25,618,987	25,495,996	27,856,072	49,152,895	592,625,064
Storage Gas Withdrawals	4,007,802	38,187,671	37,577,762	39,758,253	24,401,662	1,073,529	248,000	240,000	248,000	248,000	240,000	248,000	146,478,679
Pipeline Fuel Use for Alberta-sourced Storage	89,572	311,437	305,557	203,372	97,505	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,007,444
Storage Gas Deliveries at City Gate	3,918,229	37,876,234	37,272,206	39,554,881	24,304,157	1,073,529	248,000	240,000	248,000	248,000	240,000	248,000	145,471,236
Total Gas At City Gate (Storage and Commodity)	81,750,589	117,187,143	112,300,992	90,788,090	78,196,169	57,734,857	41,184,467	29,846,041	25,866,987	25,743,996	28,096,072	49,400,895	738,096,299
Unaccounted for Gas	482,750	491,921	465,361	317,771	334,262	351,438	253,906	183,630	158,900	158,137	172,776	304,868	3,675,720
Load Served	81,267,838	116,695,222	111,835,631	90,470,319	77,861,907	57,383,419	40,930,561	29,662,412	25,708,087	25,585,858	27,923,297	49,096,028	734,420,580

NW Natural
 2016-2017 PGA - SYSTEM: September Filing
 Summary of Total Demand Charges

SYSTEM COSTS

	(a)	(b)	(c)	November 30	(d)	December 31	(e)	January 31	(f)	February 28	(g)	March 31	(h)	April 30	(i)	May 31	(j)	June 30	(k)	July 31	(l)	August 31	(m)	September 30	(n)	October 31	(o)	TOTAL 365			
Transport charges by transporter:																															
Northwest Pipeline			\$4,240,522	\$4,381,872	\$4,546,280	\$4,106,318	\$4,546,280	\$4,443,138	\$4,299,811	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$4,443,138	\$52,493,257
Alberta: NOVA			622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	622,069	7,464,828
Alberta: Foothills			326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	326,042	3,702,366	
Alberta: GTN			484,979	501,145	501,145	452,647	501,145	501,145	408,140	421,745	501,145	501,145	421,745	408,140	421,745	421,745	421,745	408,140	408,140	421,745	421,745	421,745	421,745	408,140	408,140	501,145	501,145	501,145	5,431,861		
BC: Southern Crossing			607,319	626,030	626,030	569,898	626,030	626,030	607,319	607,319	626,030	626,030	626,030	607,319	626,030	626,030	626,030	607,319	607,319	626,030	626,030	626,030	626,030	607,319	607,319	626,030	626,030	626,030	7,381,384		
BC: Spectra (Westcoast)			313,500	323,950	323,950	292,600	323,950	323,950	313,500	313,500	323,950	323,950	323,950	313,500	323,950	323,950	323,950	313,500	313,500	323,950	323,950	323,950	323,950	313,500	313,500	323,950	323,950	323,950	3,814,250		
KB Pipeline			18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	18,688	224,256		
Total System Demand			\$6,613,119	\$6,799,796	\$6,964,204	\$6,388,262	\$6,964,204	\$6,964,204	\$6,560,546	\$6,746,639	\$6,964,204	\$6,964,204	\$6,560,546	\$6,560,546	\$6,746,639	\$6,746,639	\$6,746,639	\$6,560,546	\$6,560,546	\$6,746,639	\$6,746,639	\$6,746,639	\$6,746,639	\$6,560,546	\$6,560,546	\$6,861,062	\$6,861,062	\$6,861,062	\$80,512,202		

Detail in file "Capacity Contract Monthly Summary for 2016-17 PGA Year.xls"

NW Natural
 2016-2017 PGA - SYSTEM: September Filing
 Derivation of Oregon per therm Non-Commodity Charges
 ALL VOLUMES IN THERMS

Oregon Derivation of Demand Increments

		Without Revenue Sensitive	WITH Revenue Sensitive
	(a)	(b)	(c)
1			
2			
3			
4	System Demand	\$80,512,202	
5	Oregon Allocation Factor 1/	89.76%	
6	Oregon Demand	\$72,267,753	
7			
8	Oregon Firm Sales Forecasted Normal Volumes	606,439,352	
9	Oregon Interruptible Sales Forecasted Normal Vol	57,569,942	
10			
11			
12	Proposed Firm Demand Per Therm 2/	\$0.11784	\$0.12132
13	Proposed Interruptible Demand 2/	\$0.01402	\$0.01443
14	Proposed MDDV Demand Charge	\$1.75	\$1.80
15			
16	Current Firm Demand Per Therm	\$0.11525	\$0.11849
17	Current Interruptible Demand	\$0.01371	\$0.01410
18	Current MDDV Demand Charge	\$1.71	\$1.76
19			
20	Percent Change in Firm Demand	2.25%	
21			
22			
23	1/Allocation Factor: 2016-17 PGA forecast firm sales volumes:		
24		<u>Washington</u>	<u>Oregon</u>
25	Firm Sales	69,221,312	606,439,352
26		10.24%	89.76%
27			<u>System</u>
28			675,660,663
29			100.00%
30	2/Calculation of Proposed Demand Rates:		
31	Demand change factor	1.022	
32	Firm Demand (line 16 * line 30)	\$0.11784	\$71,460,755
33	Interruptible Demand (line 17 * line 30)	\$0.01402	\$806,998
34			<u>\$72,267,753</u>
35			\$0

NW Natural
 2016-2017 PGA - SYSTEM: September Filing
 Calculation of Winter WACOG
 Prices are per therm

1	Forecast price for AECO gas:		
2			
3		<u>AECO/NIT</u>	
4			
5	November	\$0.20896	
6	December	\$0.22898	
7	January	\$0.23794	
8	February	\$0.23802	
9	March	\$0.23382	
10	April	\$0.21223	
11	May	\$0.20869	
12	June	\$0.20804	
13	July	\$0.20751	
14	August	\$0.21170	
15	September	\$0.21242	
16	October	\$0.22141	
17			
18			
19	Average price, November-March	\$0.22954	average lines 5-9
20			
21	Annual average price, November-October	\$0.21914	average lines 5-16
22			
23	Ratio of winter to annual	1.04746	line 19 ÷ line 21
24			
25		Without Rev	WITH Rev
26		<u>Sensitive</u>	<u>Sensitive</u>
OR	Oregon Annual WACOG	\$0.30613	\$0.31517
OR	Oregon Winter WACOG	\$0.32066	\$0.33013
		line 23 * \$0.30613	
WA	Washington Annual WACOG	\$0.28095	\$0.29379
WA	Washington Winter WACOG	\$0.29428	\$0.30773
		line 23 * \$0.28095	

NW Natural
 2016-2017 PGA - OREGON: September Filing
 Derivation of Oregon Seasonalized Fixed Charges

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
			Normalized Residential Volumes	Normalized Commercial Volumes	Firm Industrial Volumes	Interruptible Volumes	Total	Firm Demand Increment Eff. 11/01/16	Interr. Demand Increment Eff. 11/01/16	Seasonalized Fixed Charges
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6	November	2016	40,711,502	24,937,710	2,719,615	5,066,172	73,434,998	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$8,127,369
7	December	2016	61,365,594	35,192,088	3,073,577	5,476,839	105,108,098	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$11,816,990
8	January	2017	58,503,342	33,677,376	3,043,080	5,602,266	100,826,064	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$11,299,387
9	February	2017	46,451,167	27,338,753	2,670,501	5,113,825	81,574,246	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$9,081,525
10	March	2017	38,519,846	23,964,564	2,700,285	5,334,511	70,519,206	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$7,755,923
11	April	2017	26,905,569	17,474,347	2,446,864	5,363,604	52,190,383	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$5,593,092
12	May	2017	17,947,196	12,326,024	2,273,668	4,548,942	37,095,830	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$3,898,978
13	June	2017	11,008,391	9,537,485	2,024,318	4,354,324	26,924,518	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$2,720,628
14	July	2017	8,608,320	8,666,463	2,191,938	3,941,303	23,408,025	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$2,349,136
15	August	2017	8,472,897	8,571,153	2,169,233	4,071,181	23,284,464	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$2,321,092
16	September	2017	9,902,336	9,092,899	2,310,885	3,988,840	25,294,960	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$2,566,551
17	October	2017	22,455,422	14,707,845	2,477,099	4,708,135	44,348,501	\$0.12132	\$0.01443	\$4,737,082
18										
19										
20										
21										
			350,851,582	225,486,707	30,101,063	57,569,941	664,009,293			\$72,267,753

Encana Gas Reserves Deal	Projected November 2016	Projected December 2016	Projected January 2017	Projected February 2017	Projected March 2017	Projected April 2017	Projected May 2017	Projected June 2017	Projected July 2017	Projected August 2017	Projected September 2017	Projected October 2017	Projected PG&A Totals
1	Therms Delivered (000s)												
2	4,161.83	4,247.12	4,195.12	3,743.43	4,095.21	3,916.61	4,000.31	3,827.03	3,909.99	3,866.42	3,700.51	3,782.25	47,445.83
3	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229	0.3229
4	1,343.72	1,371.25	1,354.47	1,208.63	1,322.21	1,264.54	1,291.57	1,235.62	1,262.41	1,248.34	1,194.77	1,221.17	15,318.70
5	0.3229												
6	Opex / Severance / Ad Valorem												
7	548.29	553.66	534.19	514.97	540.54	540.46	579.89	554.38	520.04	518.27	516.24	514.97	6,435.90
8	152.18	176.89	177.54	158.25	158.79	136.95	139.03	134.77	141.02	140.25	133.51	139.95	1,789.13
9	700.46	730.55	711.72	673.22	699.33	677.41	718.93	689.15	661.06	658.53	649.75	654.92	8,225.03
10	0.1734												
11	68,565.95	67,687.65	66,828.68	66,058.01	65,218.57	64,414.04	63,593.15	62,806.13	62,002.90	61,208.18	60,445.89	59,667.62	
12	Average Rate Base												
13	Carrying Cost												
14	271.41	267.93	264.53	261.48	258.16	254.97	251.72	248.61	245.43	242.28	239.26	236.18	
15	9.5000%												
16	398.42	383.33	376.75	377.95	371.62	373.80	367.09	363.00	354.81	349.34	346.44	338.26	
17	173.01	170.80	168.63	166.69	164.57	162.54	160.47	158.48	156.45	154.45	152.53	150.56	
18	571.44	554.13	545.38	544.64	536.18	536.33	527.56	521.48	511.26	503.79	498.96	488.82	6,339.98
19	0.1336												
20	2,615.62	2,655.93	2,611.57	2,426.49	2,557.72	2,478.29	2,538.06	2,446.26	2,434.73	2,410.66	2,343.49	2,364.90	29,883.72
21	4,161.83	4,247.12	4,195.12	3,743.43	4,095.21	3,916.61	4,000.31	3,827.03	3,909.99	3,866.42	3,700.51	3,782.25	47,445.83
22	0.628	0.625	0.623	0.648	0.625	0.633	0.634	0.639	0.623	0.623	0.633	0.625	0.630

Jonah Gas Reserves Deal	Projected November 2016	Projected December 2016	Projected January 2017	Projected February 2017	Projected March 2017	Projected April 2017	Projected May 2017	Projected June 2017	Projected July 2017	Projected August 2017	Projected September 2017	Projected October 2017	Projected PG&A Totals
1 Therms Delivered (000s)													
2 Total Therms	248.63	250.88	245.18	216.58	234.66	222.39	225.17	213.64	216.56	212.54	201.97	205.02	2,693.22
3 Rate per Therm (Depletion Rate)	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726	0.3726
4 Delivery Value	92.65	93.49	91.36	80.70	87.44	82.87	83.91	79.61	80.70	79.20	75.26	76.40	1,003.57
5													0.3726
6 Opex / Severance / Ad Valorem													
7 Operating Cost	25.91	26.12	25.89	24.68	25.58	25.28	26.40	25.32	24.57	24.41	23.96	24.10	302.21
8 Severance and Ad Valorem Taxes	8.42	9.89	9.89	8.66	8.74	7.35	7.42	7.13	7.44	7.34	6.90	7.14	96.32
9 Total	34.33	36.01	35.78	33.34	34.31	32.63	33.82	32.46	32.01	31.75	30.86	31.24	398.53
10													0.1480
11 Average Rate Base	4,441.43	4,379.37	4,320.20	4,267.49	4,210.70	4,156.68	4,102.03	4,049.98	3,997.28	3,945.48	3,896.06	3,845.96	
12													
13 Carrying Cost													
14 Equity	17.58	17.33	17.10	16.89	16.67	16.45	16.24	16.03	15.82	15.62	15.42	15.22	
15 Equity % of Cap Struct	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	9.5000%	
16 Equity Pretax	29.04	28.63	28.25	27.90	27.53	27.18	26.82	26.48	26.14	25.80	25.47	25.15	
17 Debt	11.21	11.05	10.90	10.77	10.63	10.49	10.35	10.22	10.09	9.96	9.83	9.70	
18 Total Carrying Cost	40.25	39.68	39.15	38.67	38.16	37.67	37.17	36.70	36.22	35.75	35.30	34.85	449.57
19													0.1669
20 Total Cost	167.22	169.18	166.29	152.71	159.91	153.17	154.90	148.77	148.93	146.70	141.42	142.49	1,851.67
21 Total Volume	248.63	250.88	245.18	216.58	234.66	222.39	225.17	213.64	216.56	212.54	201.97	205.02	2,693.22
22 Total Rate Per Therm [1]	0.673	0.674	0.678	0.705	0.681	0.689	0.688	0.696	0.688	0.690	0.700	0.695	0.688

[1] The actual price included within WAGOC is \$4.725/Dth per Order No.15-297

**NW Natural
 Rates & Regulatory Affairs
 2016-17 PGA - Oregon: September Filing
 Attachment C: 3% Test**

	Surcharge	Credit
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Notes:

¹ Amortizations of the deferral are not subject to the 3% test pursuant to ORS 757.259 as they are automatic adjustment clauses.

² Unadjusted general revenues as shown in the most recent ROO.

**NW Natural
 Rates and Regulatory Affairs
 2016-2017 PGA Filing - OREGON
 Basis for Revenue Related Costs**

	Twelve Months Ended 06/30/16	
1		
2		
3	Total Billed Gas Sales Revenues	\$606,080,614
4	Total Oregon Revenues	\$611,607,847
5		
6	Regulatory Commission Fees [1]	\$1,633,358
7	City License and Franchise Fees	\$14,818,591
8	Net Uncollectible Expense [2]	\$1,036,942
9		
10	Total	<u><u>\$17,488,891</u></u>
11		
12		
13		<u><u>2.868%</u></u> Sum lines 8-9

Note:

- 14 [1] Dollar figure is set at statutory level of 0.275% times Total Oregon Revenues (line 4).
 15 Because the fee changed occurred mid gas year, the difference between the previous fee of 0.25%
 16 and the new fee of 0.275% is being captured as a temporary deferral.
 17 [2] Represents the normalized net write-offs based on a three-year average.

NW Natural
Rates & Regulatory Affairs
2016-2017 PGA Filing - Oregon: September Filing
PGA Effects on Revenue
Tariff Advice 16-17: PGA Gas Costs and Gas Cost Deferrals

	Including Revenue Sensitive Amount
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Purchased Gas Cost Adjustment (PGA)

Commodity Cost Change	(\$14,157,675)
Demand Capacity Cost Change	(689,523)
Total Gas Cost Change	(14,847,198)

Temporary Increments

<u>Removal of Current Temporary Increments</u>	
Amortization of 191.xxx Account Gas Costs	2,648,070
<u>Addition of Proposed Temporary Increments</u>	
Amortization of 191.xxx Account Gas Costs	(408,763)
Net Temporary Rate Adjustment	2,239,307
TOTAL OF ALL COMPONENTS OF ALL RATE CHANGES	(\$12,607,891)

2015 Oregon Earnings Test Normalized Total Revenues	\$713,671,000
Effect of this filing, as a percentage change (line 21 ÷ line 25)	-1.77%

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF OREGON

NW NATURAL SUPPORTING MATERIALS

Purchased Gas Cost

NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A / UG

313 September 15, 2016

GUIDELINE REFERENCE	DATA REQUIREMENT	Page No.	STATUS
IV	General Information and Forecasting		
1	General Information		
a)	Definitions of all major terms and acronyms in the data and information provided.	4	-
b)	Any significant new regulatory requirements identified by the utility that in the utility's judgment directly impacts the Oregon portfolio design, implementation, or assessment.	6	-
c)	All forecasts of demand, weather, etc. upon which the gas supply portfolio for the current PGA filing is based should be based on a methodology and data sources that are consistent with the most recently acknowledged IRP or IRP update for the utility. If the methodology and/or data sources are not consistent each difference should be identified, explained, and documented as part of the PGA filing workpapers.	6	
2	Workpapers	7	
a)	PGA Summary Sheet	7	-
b)	Gas Supply Portfolio and Related Transportation	10	
1	Summary of portfolio planning	10	-
2	LDC sales system demand forecasting	11	-
3	Natural gas price forecasts	11	-
4	Physical resources for the portfolio	12	
	Supporting Tables	15	CONFIDENTIAL
5	Financial resources for the portfolio (derivatives and other financial arrangements).	20	CONFIDENTIAL
6	Storage resources.	20	-
7	Forecasted annual and peak demand used in the current PGA portfolio, with and without programmatic and non-programmatic demand response, with explanation.	21	-
8	Forecasted annual and peak demand used in the current PGA portfolio, with and without effects from gas supply incentive mechanisms, with explanation.	21	-
9	Summary of portfolio documentation provided	21	-
V.1	Physical Gas Supply	22	
a)	For each physical natural gas supply resource that is included in a utility's portfolio (except spot purchases) upon which the current PGA is based, the utility should provide the following:	22	
1	Pricing for the resource, including the commodity price and, if relevant, reservation charges.	22	
2	For new transactions and contracts with pricing provisions entered into since the last PGA: competitive bidding process for the resource. This should include number of bidders, bid prices, utility decision criteria in selecting a "winning" bid, and any special pricing or delivery provisions negotiated as part of the bidding process.	22	
3	Brief explanation of each contract's role within the portfolio.	22	HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

GUIDELINE REFERENCE	DATA REQUIREMENT	Page No.	STATUS
b)	For purchases of physical natural gas supply resource from the spot natural gas market included in the portfolio at the time of the filing of the current PGA or after that filing, the utility should provide the following:	24	
1	An explanation of the utility's spot purchasing guidelines, the data/information generally reviewed and analyzed in making spot purchases, and the general process through which such purchases are completed by the utility.	24	
2	Any contract provisions that materially deviate from the standard NAESB contract.	25	
V.2	Hedging		
	The utility should clearly identify by type, contract, counterparty, and pricing point both the total cost and the cost per volume unit of each financial hedge included in its portfolio.	26	HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
V.3	Load Forecasting		
a)	Customer count and revenue by month and class.	28	
b)	Historical (five years) and forecasted (one year ahead) sales system physical peak demand.	29	
c)	Historical (five years), and forecasted (one year ahead) sales system physical annual demand.	29	
d)	Historical (five years), and forecasted (one year ahead) sales system physical demand for each of following,	29	
1	Annual for each customer class	29	
2	Annual and monthly baseload.	29	
3	Annual and monthly non-baseload.	30	
4	Annual and monthly for the geographic regions utilized by each LDC in its most recent IRP or IRP update.	31	
V.4	Market Information		
	General historical and forecasted (one year ahead) conditions in the national and regional physical and financial natural gas purchase markets. This should include descriptions of each major supply point from which the LDC physically purchases and the major factors affecting supply, prices, and liquidity at those points.	32	
V.5	Data Interpretation		
	If not included in the PGA filing please explain the major aspects of the LDC's analysis and interpretation of the data and information described in (1) and (2) above, the most important conclusions resulting from that analysis and interpretation, and the application of these conclusions in the development of the current PGA portfolio.	35	

GUIDELINE REFERENCE	DATA REQUIREMENT	Page No.	STATUS
V.6	Credit Worthiness Standards		
	A copy of the Board or officer approved credit worthiness standards in place for the period in which the current gas supply portfolio was developed, along with full documentation for these standards. Also, a copy of the credit worthiness standards actually applied in the purchase of physical gas and entering into financial hedges. If the two are one and the same, please indicate so.	36	
	NW Natural Gas Supply Risk Management Policies	37	CONFIDENTIAL
V.7	Storage		
	Workpapers should include the following information about natural gas storage included in the portfolio upon which that PGA is based.	64	
a)	Type of storage (e.g., depleted field, salt dome).	64	
b)	Location of each storage facility.	64	
c)	Total level of storage in terms of deliverability and capacity held during the gas year.	64	
d)	Historical (five years) gas supply delivered to storage, both annual total and by month.	64	
e)	Historical (five years) gas supply withdrawn from storage, both annual total and by month.	64	
f)	An explanation of the methodology utilized by the LDC to price storage injections and withdrawals, as well as the total and average (per unit) cost of storage gas.	66	
g)	Copies of all contracts or other agreements and tariffs that control the LDC's use of the storage facilities included in the current portfolio.	66	
h)	For LDCs that own and operate storage:	82	CONFIDENTIAL
a.	The date and results of the last engineering study for that storage.	82	
b.	A description of any significant changes in physical or operational parameters of the storage facility (including LNG) since the current engineering study was completed.	96	
V.8	Attestation as to Consistency	96	

Section IV. General Information and Forecasting

1. General Information

a) Definitions of all major terms and acronyms in the data and information provided.

AECO	The industry acronym used for Alberta sourced natural gas supply. It originally comes from Alberta Energy Company which was incorporated in 1973 by the Alberta government (fully divested in 1993).
Base Load gas (contract)	Purchase agreements in which NW Natural has to take a set amount of gas each day from a supplier for the term of the agreement. Usually involves paying for any gas not taken unless excused by reason of Force Majeure.
Base Rate	The portion of rates that does not change outside of a general rate case, except as allowed through a Commission approved base rate adjustment.
Base Rate Adjustment	A permanent adjustment to rates approved by the Commission outside of a general rate case process.
Btu	British thermal unit. 100,000 Btus is equivalent to one therm.
CGPR	Canadian Gas Price Reporter. This is the industry publication in Canada that is put out by Canadian Enerdata Ltd and is the exclusive source of Canadian natural gas storage and price forecasts and publishes first of month Canadian indices used in baseload purchase pricing
Collar	Financial hedges that set ceiling and floor values on the price of gas purchases.
Commodity Component	The Tariff term used to refer to the cost of gas component of a customer's billing rate, and which will equal either (a) the Annual Sales WACOG, (b) the Winter Sales WACOG, or (c) the Monthly Incremental Cost of Gas.
Dth	Dekatherm. A unit of measure equal to 10 therms or one million Btu.
Demand [Charge]	The term used to refer to Pipeline Capacity related costs.
Derivative products	Financial transactions related to gas supply, including but not limited to hedges, swaps, puts, calls, options and collars that are exercised to provide price stability/control or supply reliability for sales service customers.
EIA	U.S. Energy Information Administration
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
Financial swaps	Transactions that involve an exchange of cash flows with a counterparty.

<i>Financially hedged</i>	Purchases that have associated financial swaps such that the price of the gas is fixed for a pre-determined period of time.
FOM	First of Month
Fuel-in-Kind (KIG)	The published fuel rate calculated based on the amount of fuel used on each pipeline to run the compressors and other equipment to move gas across their pipes. Fuel is taken in kind from all receipt shippers by reducing each shippers daily volumes in accordance to the pipelines estimated fuel requirements.
GMR-NWP Rockies	Inside FERC's Gas Market Report, a publication put out by Platts (a McGraw-Hill subsidiary) that is the source used for price forecasts and indices that used to set US baseload and some daily purchase prices.
IRP	Integrated Resource Plan
MDDV	Maximum Daily Delivery Volume
NWP	Northwest Pipeline
Off-system storage	Storage facilities located outside NW Natural's service territory.
On-system storage	Storage facilities located inside NW Natural's service territory.
PGA	Purchased Gas Adjustment
Peak day	The day in which volumes distributed or sold by NW Natural are at a maximum. May be theoretical (the "design day") or actual.
Pipeline Capacity	The quantity (volume) of natural gas available on the interstate pipeline for the transportation of gas supplies to the Company's distribution system. Pipeline Capacity related costs are often referred to as "Demand".
Recallable gas supply/capacity	Refers to arrangements that allow NW Natural to use the upstream pipeline capacity and gas supplies held by third parties.
Revenue Sensitive	The amount by which rates are adjusted to reflect the effects of revenue related costs, such as uncollectible expense, regulatory fees, and city license and franchise fees
Swing gas (contract)	Purchase agreements in which NW Natural has the right, but not the obligation, to take gas from a supplier on any given day.
Technical Rate Adjustments	Also referred to as Temporary Rate Adjustments.
Therm	A unit of heating value equivalent to 100,000 Btus. The amount of heat energy in approximately 100 cubic feet of Natural Gas.
Total Commodity Cost	The combined costs for all purchased gas supplies, excluding transportation costs.

Total Gas Cost	The combined costs of all purchased gas supplies and associated transportation costs.
Transportation Cost	The combined costs for all pipeline related demand, capacity or reservation charges
Transportation Resources	The various upstream pipeline capacity agreements held by the company.
Upstream pipeline	Those pipelines that collect natural gas from the areas where it is produced in the British Columbia, Alberta and the U.S. Rocky Mountain supply regions and transport that gas to NW Natural's service territory.
Upstream pipeline capacity	Refers to the rights that NW Natural has obtained to transport gas on upstream pipelines.
WACOG	The Company's weighted average commodity cost of gas (excluding transportation cost), also referred to as Annual Sales WACOG.
Winter Sales WACOG	The Company's winter period weighted average commodity cost of gas (excluding transportation cost).

b) Any significant new regulatory requirements identified by the utility that in the utility's judgment directly impacts the Oregon portfolio design, implementation, or assessment.

The interdependencies between the electric sector and natural gas utilities took center stage in February 2011 when an extreme cold weather event in the southwestern U.S. affected service to 4.4 million electric customers and over 50,000 natural gas customers. FERC, NERC and various other agencies have held hearings and issued reports since then, and other studies are still ongoing. Many of the calls for better coordination and preparedness were already anticipated by energy utilities in the Pacific Northwest, in part due to our own regional outage event that occurred in December 2009, and also in part due to past planning efforts that have drawn together many of the same stakeholders. FERC issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NOPR) on March 20, 2014, Docket No. RM-14-2-000, which proposed changes to the start time for the "gas day," the timelines for scheduling gas, and the introduction of more "nomination" cycles. NW Natural was an active participant in this process through several broad coalitions. The Final Rule was issued by FERC on April 16, 2015, and it adopted the changes that were supported by those gas industry coalitions. Pipeline implementation of the new scheduling standards occurred on April 1, 2016. The impact on NW Natural's operations has been minimal so far.

c) All forecasts of demand, weather, etc. upon which the gas supply portfolio for the current PGA filing is based should be based on a methodology and data sources that are consistent with the most recently acknowledged IRP or IRP update for the utility. If the methodology and/or data sources are not consistent each difference should be identified, explained, and documented as part of the PGA filing workpapers.

And

8 Attestation of verification of consistency

In accordance with the PGA Portfolio Guidelines at Section IV(1)(c), the Company acknowledges that all forecasts of demand, weather, etc., upon which the gas supply portfolio for this PGA filing is based, uses the methodology and data sources that are consistent with the Company's recently acknowledged 2014 IRP.

2. Workpapers

a) PGA Summary

	Amount	Location in Company Filing (cite)
1) Change in Annual Revenues		
(Per OAR 860-022-0017(3)(a))		
A) Dollars <i>(To .1 million)</i>	(\$17,700,000)	Refer to workpaper "PGA filing Summary Effects"
B) Percent <i>(To .1 percent)</i>	-2.47%	"
2) Annual Revenues Calculation <i>(Whole Dollars)</i>		
A) PGA Cost Change <i>(Commodity & Transportation)</i>	(14,847,198)	Refer to workpaper "PGA filing Summary Effects"
B) Remove Last Year's Temporary Increment Total	(29,851,086)	"
C) Add New Temporary Increment	27,046,184	"
D) Other Additions or Subtractions <i>(Break out & List each below -- Attach additional sheet if necessary)</i>		
1)		Refer to workpaper "PGA filing Summary Effects"
2)		"
3)		
4)		
5)		
6)		
E) Total Proposed Change	(17,652,100)	"
3) Residential Bill Effects Summary		
A) Residential Schedule Rate Impacts		
1) Current Billing Rate per Therm	\$0.93513	Refer to workpaper "2016-17 Rate Development"
2) Proposed Billing Rate per Therm	\$0.90723	"
3) Rate Change Per Therm	(\$0.02790)	"
4) Percent Change per Therm <i>(to .1%)</i>	-3.0%	"
B) Average Residential Bill Impact <i>(forecasted weather-normalized annual)</i>		
1) Average Residential Monthly Use	50	Refer to workpaper "2016-17 Rate Development"
2) Customer Charge	\$8.00	"
3) Current Average Monthly Bill	\$54.76	"
4) Proposed Average Monthly Bill	\$53.36	"

	Amount	Location in Company Filing (cite)
5) Change in Average Monthly Bill	(\$1.40)	"
6) Percent change in Average Monthly Bill (to .1%)	-2.6%	"
C) Average January Residential Bill Impact		
1) Average January Residential Use (forecasted weather-normalized)	118	N/A
2) Customer Charge	\$8.00	N/A
3) Current Average January Bill	\$118.35	N/A
4) Proposed Average January Bill	\$115.05	N/A
5) Change in Average January Bill	(\$3.30)	N/A
6) Percent change in Average January Bill (to .1%)	-2.8%	N/A

	Amount	Location in Company Filing (cite)
4) Breakdown of Costs		
A) Embedded in Rates		
1) Total Commodity Cost	\$246,010,878	2015-16 PGA filing
a) Total Demand Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
b) Total Peaking Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
c) Total Reservation Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
d) Total Volumetric Cost (assoc. w/ supply)	\$2,104,774	2015-16 PGA filing
e) Total Storage Cost (assoc. w/ supply)	\$59,552,312	2015-16 PGA filing
f) Other - Volumetric Pipeline Charges	\$34,269,038	2015-16 PGA filing
2) Total Transportation Cost (Pipeline related)	\$81,312,709	2015-16 PGA filing
a) Total Upstream Canadian Toll	\$0	
i. Total Demand, Capacity, or Reservation Cost	\$0	
ii. Total Volumetric Cost	\$0	
b) Total Domestic Cost	\$0	
i. Total Demand, Capacity, or Reservation Cost	\$0	
ii. Total Volumetric Cost	\$0	
3) Total Storage Costs	\$0	
4) Capacity Release Credits	\$0	
5) Total Gas Costs	\$327,323,587	
B) Projected For New Rates		
1) Total Commodity Cost	\$223,058,297	Exhibit B, Page 1
a) Total Demand Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
b) Total Peaking Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
c) Total Reservation Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
d) Total Vaporization Cost (assoc. w/ supply)		
e) Total Volumetric Cost (assoc. w/ supply)	\$2,015,456	Exhibit B, Page 1

	Amount	Location in Company Filing (cite)
f) Total Storage Cost (assoc. w/ supply)	\$48,040,220	Exhibit B, Page 1
g) Other (A&G Benchmark Savings)	\$31,263,614	Exhibit B, Page 1
2) Total Transportation Cost (Pipeline related)	\$80,512,202	
a) Total Upstream Canadian Toll	\$0	
i. Total Demand, Capacity, or Reservation Cost	\$0	
ii. Total Volumetric Cost	\$0	
b) Total Domestic Cost	\$0	
i. Total Demand, Capacity, or Reservation Cost	\$0	
ii. Total Volumetric Cost	\$0	
3) Total Storage Costs	\$0	
4) Capacity Release Credits	\$0	
5) Total Gas Costs	\$303,570,499	

	Amount	Location in Company Filing (cite)
5) WACOG (Weighted Average Cost of Gas)		
A) Embedded in Rates		
1) <i>WACOG (Commodity Only)</i>		
a. With revenue sensitive	\$0.33602	N/A
b. Without revenue sensitive	\$0.32684	N/A
2) <i>FIRM Demand (Non-Commodity)</i>		
a. With revenue sensitive	\$0.11849	N/A
b. Without revenue sensitive	\$0.11525	N/A
B) Proposed for New Rates		Exhibit B, Page 1
1) <i>WACOG (Commodity Only)</i>		
a. With revenue sensitive	\$0.31517	Exhibit B, Page 2 and Page 5
b. Without revenue sensitive	\$0.30613	"
2) <i>FIRM Demand (Non-Commodity)</i>		
a. With revenue sensitive	\$0.12132	Exhibit B, Page 4
b. Without revenue sensitive	\$0.11784	"
6) Therms Sold	664,009,294	Exhibit B, Page 2

7) Purchasing/ Hedging Strategies <i>Prepare 1-2 page summary of gas cost situation to include resources, purchasing strategy, hedging, and pipeline issues. Within the summary include:</i>		
A) Resources embedded in current rates and an explanation of proposed resources.		
1) Firm Pipeline Capacity		
a. Year-round supply contracts	N/A	Exhibit A, IV.2.b 1-7
b. Winter-only contracts	N/A	"
c. Reliance on Spot Gas/Other Short Term Contracts	N/A	"
d. Other - e.g. Supply area storage	N/A	"
2) Market Area Storage		
a. Underground-owned	N/A	"
b. Underground- contracted	N/A	"
c. LNG-owned	N/A	"
d. LNG-contracted	N/A	"
3) Other Resources		
a. Recallable Supply	N/A	"
b. City gate Deliveries	N/A	"
c. Owned-Production	N/A	"
d. Propane/Air	N/A	"

b) Gas Supply Portfolio and Related Transportation

1. Summary of portfolio planning

NWN's goal is to assemble resources sufficient to meet expected firm customer requirements under "design" year conditions at the lowest reasonable cost.¹

To ensure adequate reliability, NWN contracts for firm upstream pipeline capacity, firm off-system storage service and firm recallable gas supply/capacity arrangements with certain on-system customers, in addition to its development of on-system underground and LNG storage.

Upstream pipeline capacity has been contracted with the following objectives in mind: (1) Diversify capacity sources so that disruptions in any one supply region, such as from a pipeline rupture, well freeze-offs, etc., have a minimal impact on NWN; (2) Obtain upstream capacity along the path from NWN's service territory to points generally recognized for their liquidity, such as AECO/NIT, to maximize buying opportunities and minimize price volatility; and (3) Find ways to minimize the cost of upstream capacity such as through optimization activities or committing to capacity only on a winter season basis if possible.

Upstream gas supply contracts have been negotiated with the following objectives in mind:

- (1) Use a diverse group of reliable suppliers as established by their asset positions, past performance and other factors;
- (2) Try to match our year-round customer requirements to baseload (take-or-pay) annual or multi-year supply contracts to obtain the most favorable pricing;
- (3) Use winter only (Nov-Mar) term contracts to match our rise in requirements during the heating season;
- (4) Reduce spot purchase requirements during the winter due to the likely correlation of high requirements with high spot prices;
- (5) Take advantage of favorable pricing opportunities to use supply-basin storage when possible;

¹ "Design" year criteria is developed and discussed in the Company's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP).

- (6) Use index-related pricing formulas in term contracts to enable easy evaluation of competitive offers and avoid the need for further price negotiation over the term of the contract;
- (7) Structure the portfolio to provide some opportunity to take advantage when spot prices are favorable; and
- (8) Avoid over-contracting gas on a take-or-pay basis, which could result in excess gas supplies that must be sold at a loss if requirements fail to materialize such as during a warm winter.

One item that would have been found in the above list in prior years was an objective to use a variety of term contract durations to avoid having to re-contract all physical gas supplies every year. More recently, with the surge in supplies represented by shale gas, the Company has decreased its reliance on multi-year physical term contracts, and as they have expired, replaced them with 1-year or shorter term purchases.

2. LDC sales system demand forecasting

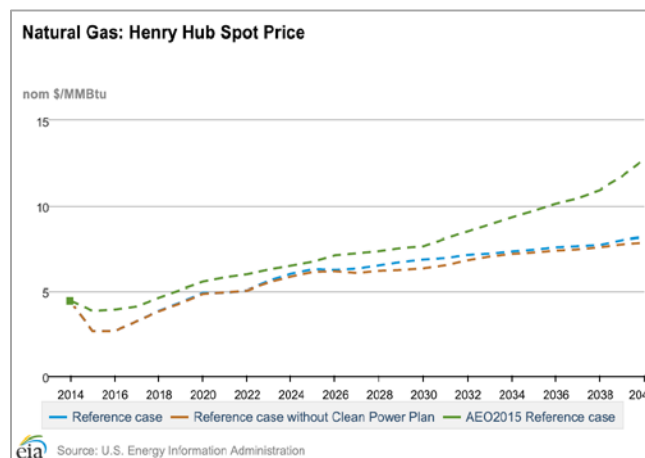
The company's methodology for forecasting annual sales and firm peak day requirements follow the methodology established in its Integrated Resource Plan (IRP), of which the latest is the draft 2016 IRP filed with the WUTC and provided to the OPUC on June 28, 2016. Also applicable here is the load forecast methodology previously established for PGA filings.

This means that while the demand forecast reflects "normal" weather, the company still is planning for the possibility of extreme cold weather during the upcoming heating season. Where these two differing load forecasts collide is in the dispatch of storage resources. To handle this conflict in load forecasting criteria, implicit in the resource dispatch are constraints that limit storage withdrawals to the extent needed to maintain maximum daily deliverabilities into early February. This addresses the need to maintain reliability of service to firm customers should extreme cold weather arise this coming winter, while at the same time complying with the PGA load forecast requirements.

3. Natural gas price forecasts

NWN relies on forecasts prepared by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), the IHS (formerly known as CERA) consulting firm as well as NYMEX futures prices to help formulate its gas purchase and hedging strategies. Various other price forecasts and analyses also come to NWN by way of trade publications, consultant visits, oil/gas company presentations and other governmental sources. These provide opportunities to test assumptions and explore alternate viewpoints.

As an example, below is the latest long-range natural gas price forecast embedded in EIA's 2016 Annual Energy Outlook (this chart was downloaded from the EIA website as the actual report has not been published yet). The 2016 Reference case is shown along with an alternate scenario, and for purposes of comparison, the Reference case from EIA's 2015 Annual Energy Outlook also is shown. It indicates that prices currently have bottomed out. Even though EIA predicts natural gas production will continue to grow, this is generally offset by demand growth that is led by gas exports in the form of LNG as well as via pipeline to Mexico.



Fundamental forecasts that call for rising gas prices have spurred NWN to formulate hedging strategies around locking in prices on a longer term basis for a larger portion of its expected purchase volumes. This was discussed in the company's 2014 IRP and is now the topic of Oregon docket UM 1720.

4. Physical resources for the portfolio

As mentioned above, NWN's physical portfolio on any given day includes gas supplies purchased and transported over the upstream pipeline grid as well as supplies either placed into or withdrawn from a variety of gas storage facilities. The company also has arrangements with three large on-system customers that allow it to call on their gas supplies on short notice for use by the company ("recall arrangements"). Finally, a very small portion of the company's gas supply (about 1%) is native gas produced from the Mist Field. This is the company's only gas supply that does not require transportation at one time or another over the interstate pipeline system.

Five significant changes to the physical supply resource portfolio were discussed in last year's PGA filing:

- (1) Termination effective 11/1/2015 of the 601,000 therm/day storage contract at the Plymouth LNG plant due to uncertainty over its reliability after a Northwest Pipeline curtailment of its related TF-2 pipeline transportation service during the 2013/14 winter (this occurred several months prior to the Plymouth plant explosion/outage);
- (2) Continuation of a 200,000 therm/day citygate peaking supply contract with a gas marketing company to offset a portion of the lost Plymouth capacity;
- (3) Continued reliance on "segmented" capacity of 438,000 therms/day from Sumas/Huntingdon as a stopgap measure to offset the rest of the Plymouth loss;
- (4) The signing of a 300,000 therm/day contract for T-South pipeline capacity on the Westcoast Energy (Spectra) pipeline system in British Columbia, which moves the purchasing location of equivalent supply volumes from Sumas/Huntingdon to Station 2; and
- (5) The signing of a contract with Northwest Pipeline to provide 135,250 therms/day of discounted TF-1 service from Jackson Prairie, eliminating reliance on an equivalent volume of "subordinate" TF-2 capacity from that storage facility.

This year, there are five significant changes to the physical supply resource portfolio to discuss, as follow:

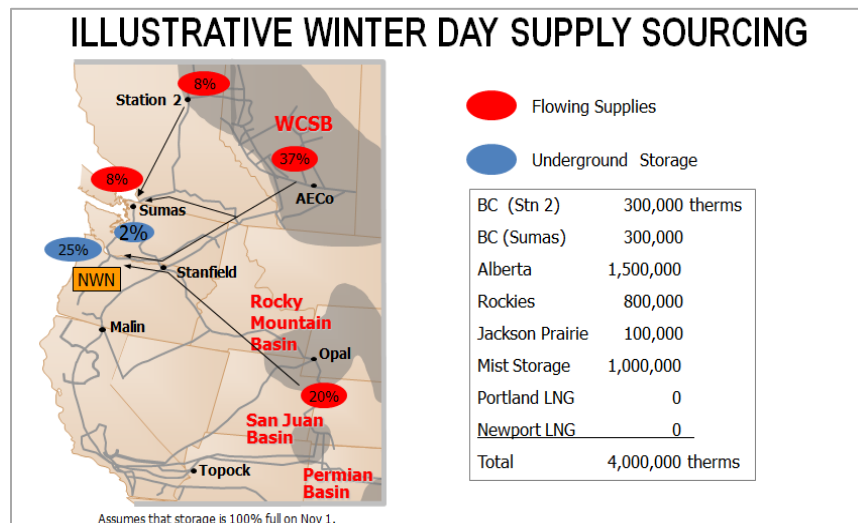
- (1) Segmented Capacity. There is no incremental demand charge for segmented capacity; its only pipeline costs are the small variable and fuel-in-kind charges for volumes actually delivered. That makes it incredibly cost-effective as a resource if the capacity can be considered reliable. NWN's confidence has grown in the reliability of segmented capacity from Sumas, at least for the next several years, per an analysis provided in Chapter 3 of the recently filed 2016 draft IRP. Accordingly, NWN not only continues to use segmented capacity as a component of its firm resource portfolio, but has been able to increase its segmented capacity position from 438,000 to 607,000 therms/day.
- (2) Storage Plant Heat Content Adjustment. NWN's two LNG facilities in Portland and Newport were designed and permitted in volumetric units, which then are converted to energy units for IRP and PGA purposes. This also is the practice for the working gas capacity at Mist, through not for Mist deliverability, which always has been designated in energy units through the "Mist recall" process. Heat content in Btus per cubic foot (Btu/cf) is the conversion factor from volumetric to energy units, and it was relatively stable in the past. In recent years, though, a glut of natural gas liquids (NGLs) has developed in the supply basins. With falling commodity prices, the incentive to process NGLs out of the gas stream has shrunk. In particular, the profit margins for separating ethane are such that a noticeable amount of ethane is being left in the natural gas stream. The heat content on Northwest Pipeline's system has moved from a range around 1020 Btu/cf to a range closer to 1080-1090 Btu/cf.
- (3) March Point Contract. NWN entered into an agreement with the March Point Cogeneration Company in 2008 to acquire its Northwest Pipeline firm TF-1 capacity contract. This capacity has been part of NW Natural's IRP planning since that time. The capacity is 120,000 therms/day from the Rockies, and as part of the agreement, the capacity (and responsibility for the capacity payments) does not transfer from March Point to NWN until January 1, 2017. Hence, this is the first PGA filing that will include costs for this contract.

- (4) Citygate Deliveries. The increases in segmented capacity and LNG plant deliverability, along with the commencement of the March Point capacity, have eliminated the need to contract for citygate deliveries for this coming winter.
- (5) T-South Capacity. Last year's 300,000 therm/day contract had a 1-year term and will expire 10/31/2016. New contracts were offered from various gas marketers at varying prices that were all higher than last year due to widening spreads between Station 2 and Sumas commodity prices. NWN has signed a new T-South contract for 190,000 therms/day for a 2-year term starting 11/1/2016. The economic analysis is provided in a separate spreadsheet in this file labeled "T-South analysis".

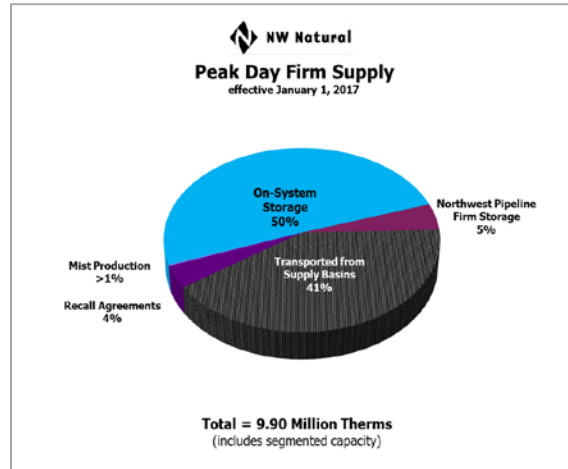
As a reminder from prior years, a small "de-rate" continues to be in place for the Newport LNG tank capacity. This reflects the gradual accumulation of frozen carbon dioxide (commonly known as "dry ice") on the tank floor over the plant's 35 years of operation. This has not reduced Newport's design peak day delivery rate. In the 2014 IRP, a project to refurbish Newport was described and acknowledged. That project is now underway, and one element of the project addresses the dry ice issue, gradually and safely eliminating the problem over a multi-year period.

The company's portfolio continues to reflect the gas reserves purchased under the agreement with Encana approved by the OPUC in 2011 with Encana. That agreement was amended in March 2014 and seven new gas wells were drilled with the successor company Jonah Energy LLC. This PGA reflects the regulatory settlement regarding those seven wells, i.e., those volumes are included at the settlement price. As a reminder, all of the gas reserve volumes essentially function as a financial tool, i.e., they displace an identical volume of financial derivatives that the company otherwise would have executed. For the purposes of this filing, the Encana and Jonah Energy gas reserve volumes have no impact on the company's physical supply portfolio.

Using its mix of transportation and storage resources, the company achieves the following profile on a typical winter day.



Should its "design" peak day occur, all physical resources would be used in the following proportions (segmented capacity is excluded but presumably would be used if available and if spot gas purchases to fill that capacity make economic or operational sense):

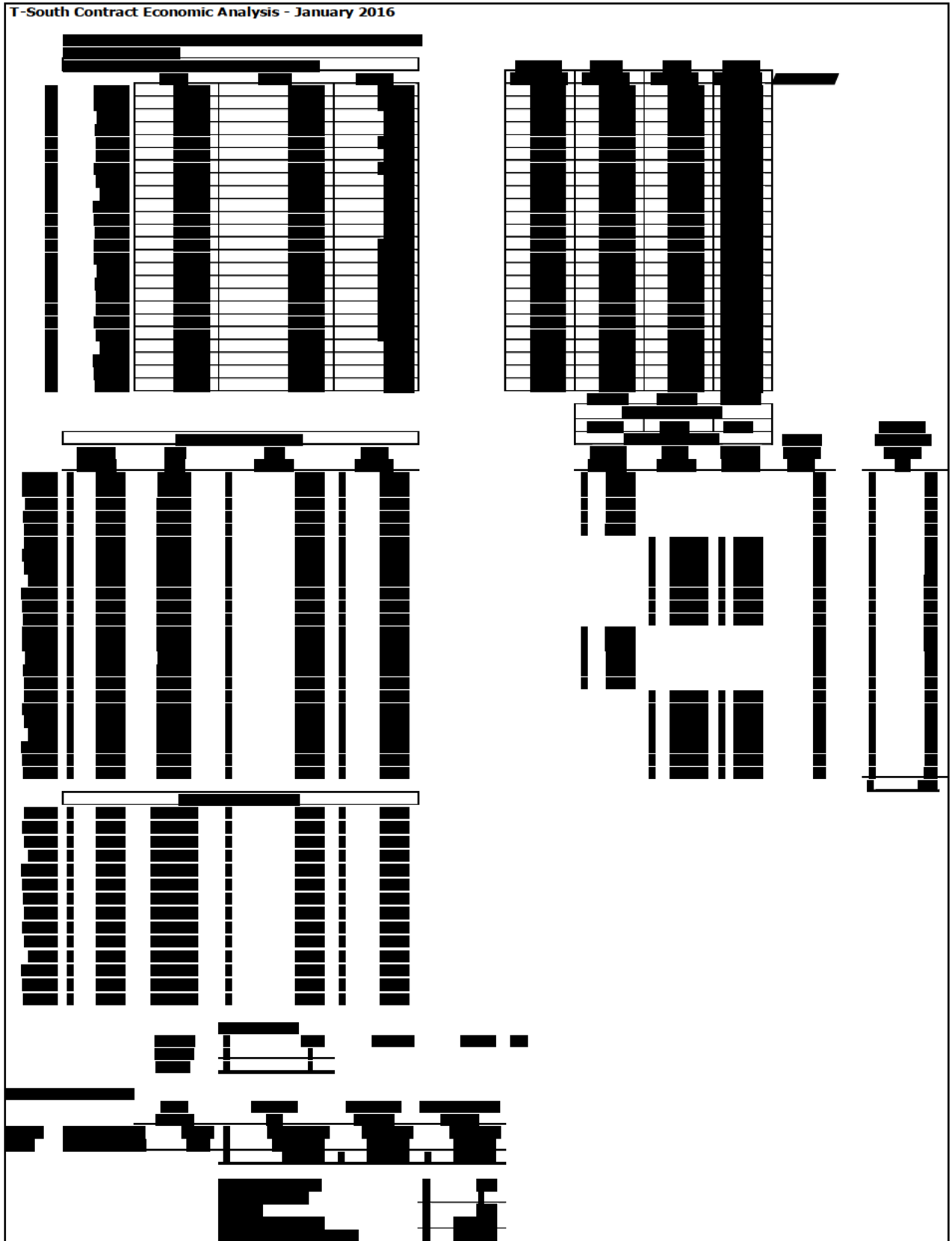


A summary of the company's physical supply resources is provided in Tables 1 through 5. Regarding physical supply purchasing, NWN will have contracts with suppliers for 650,000 therms per day of firm deliveries on a daily basis over the upcoming November 2016 through October 2017 period. This reflects the relatively stable daily component of NWN's demand, including some portion of storage injection requirements in the summer months.

For the November 2016 through March 2017 heating season, NWN will have contracts for an additional 1.15 million therms/day of supply under baseload agreements, and another 300,000 therms/day under peaking ("swing") contracts in the supply basins. This reflects the higher consumption of customers during those months. Buying under term supply contracts lessens the need to rely extensively on the spot market during periods of high demand when competition for supplies may be intense. The baseload contracts thus have a maximum total of 1.80 million therms/day (0.65 million year-round plus 1.15 million winter season) that are purchased on a take-or-pay basis. The remaining 0.30 million therms/day of swing gas is made available to NWN on a daily basis in exchange either for payment of a fixed "reservation" charge or for equivalent value in the form of put options during the summer months. These swing contracts have no minimum daily, monthly or seasonal purchase requirement, but they provide additional daily supply flexibility, which is especially valuable since winter weather can fluctuate rapidly between mild and cool temperatures, resulting in rapidly changing customer requirements.

This means between 1.33 and 1.63 million therms/day of firm upstream capacity could be available during the heating season for spot (one month and shorter duration) purchases as and when needed. And up to an additional 0.61 million therms/day could be purchased on the spot market if the segmented capacity is utilized. Accordingly, on days when all upstream capacity is in use, purchases would be split among three categories – year-round contracts, winter term contracts and spot purchases.

Supporting Information to IV.2.b4



Supporting information to IV.2.b.4

TABLE 1
NW Natural Firm Off-System Gas Supply Contracts
for the 2016-2017 Tracker Year

Supply Location	Duration	Baseload Quantity (Dth/day)	Swing Quantity (Dth/day)	Contract Termination Date
British Columbia:				
PetroChina International	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
ConocoPhillips (Canada)	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2017
J. Aron	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2017
EDF Trading	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
BP Canada	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2017
Powerex	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Macquarie Energy (Canada)	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Alberta:				
ConocoPhillips (Canada)	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Suncor Energy	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Cargill Ltd.	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2017
Shell Energy North America (Canada)	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
TD Energy	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2017
Shell Energy North America (Canada)	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2017
Macquarie Energy Canada	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Enstor Energy Services	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Macquarie Energy Canada	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Powerex	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Suncor Energy	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
J. Aron	Nov-Mar		10,000	3/31/2017
J. Aron	Apr-Oct		10,000	10/31/2017
Rockies:				
Anadarko Energy Services	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
QEP Energy Company	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Enstor Energy Services	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2017
Macquarie Energy	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2017
QEP Energy Company	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Macquarie Energy	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Anadarko Energy Services	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2017
Anadarko Energy Services	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
Occidental	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2017
IGI Resources	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2017
Occidental	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
ConocoPhillips Company	Nov-Mar	5,000		3/31/2017
<i>Pending</i>	Nov-Mar		20,000	3/31/2017
<i>Pending</i>	Apr-Oct		20,000	10/31/2017
Total, November-March		180,000	30,000	
Total, April-October		65,000	30,000	

Notes:

- Contract quantities represent deliveries into upstream pipelines. Accordingly, quantities delivered into NW Natural's system are slightly less due to upstream pipeline fuel consumption.
- Nov-Mar "Swing" contracts represent physical call options at NWN's discretion, while the Apr-Oct "Swing" contracts represent physical put options at the supplier's discretion.

Supporting information to IV.2.b.4

TABLE 2
NW Natural Firm Transportation
for the 2016-2017 Tracker Year

Pipeline and Contract	Contract Demand (Dth/day)	Termination Date
Northwest Pipeline:		
Sales Conversion (#100005)	214,889	10/31/2025
1993 Expansion (#100058)	35,155	9/30/2044
1995 Expansion (#100138)	102,000	10/31/2020
Occidental cap. acq. (#139153)	1,046	10/31/2024
Occidental cap. acq. (#139154)	4,000	3/31/2025
International Paper cap. acq. (#138065)	4,147	10/31/2024
March Point cap. acq. (#136455)	<u>12,000</u>	12/31/2046
Total NWP Capacity	373,237	
less recallable release to - Portland General Electric	<u>(30,000)</u>	10/31/2018
Net NWP Capacity	343,237	
TransCanada - GTN:		
Sales Conversion	3,616	10/31/2023
1993 Expansion	46,549	10/31/2023
1995 Rationalization	<u>56,000</u>	10/31/2021
Total GTN Capacity	106,165	
TransCanada - Foothills:		
1993 Expansion	47,727	10/31/2017
1995 Rationalization	57,417	10/31/2017
Engage Capacity Acquisition	3,708	10/31/2017
2004 Capacity Acquisition	<u>48,669</u>	10/31/2017
Total Foothills Capacity	157,521	
TransCanada - NOVA:		
1993 Expansion	48,135	10/31/2020
1995 Rationalization	57,909	10/31/2020
Engage Capacity Acquisition	3,739	10/31/2020
2004 Capacity Acquisition	<u>49,138</u>	10/31/2020
Total NOVA Capacity	158,921	
T-South Capacity (through Tenaska)	19,000	10/31/2018
Southern Crossing Pipeline	48,000	10/31/2020

Notes:

1. All of the above agreements continue year-to-year after termination at NW Natural's sole option except for PGE, which requires mutual agreement to continue, and the T-South contract, which is through a 2-year contract with Tenaska.
2. The Southern Crossing contract is denominated in volumetric units, hence the Dth units shown are an approximation.
3. The numbers shown for the 1993 Expansion contracts on GTN and Foothills are for the winter season (Oct-Mar) only. Both contracts decline during the summer season (Apr-Sep) to approximately 30,000 Dth/day.
4. March Point capacity commences January 1, 2017.
5. Segmented capacity has not been included in this table.

Supporting information IV.2.b4

**TABLE 3
NW Natural Firm Storage Resources
for the 2016-2017 Tracker Year**

Facility	Max. Daily Rate (Dth/day)	Max. Seasonal Level (Dth)	Termination Date
Jackson Prairie:			
SGS-2F	46,030	1,120,288	Upon 1-year notice
TF-2 (primary firm portion)	23,038	839,046	Upon 1-year notice
TF-2 (primary firm portion)	9,467	281,242	Upon 1-year notice
TF-1	13,525	n/a	10/31/2023
Firm On-System Storage Plants:			
Mist (reserved for core)	305,000	10,960,560	n/a
Portland LNG Plant	128,800	644,400	n/a
Newport LNG Plant	65,340	980,100	n/a
Total On-System Storage	499,140	12,585,060	
Total Firm Storage Resource	545,170	13,705,348	

Notes:

1. The SGS-2F and TF-2 contracts have a unilateral annual evergreen provision (continuation at NW Natural's sole option), while the TF-1 contract requires mutual consent with Northwest Pipeline to continue after the indicated termination date.
2. The TF-2 contracts also contain additional "subordinated" firm service of 9,586 Dth/day on the first agreement listed above and 3,939 Dth/day on the second agreement. The subordinated service is NOT included in NW Natural's peak day planning.
3. On-system storage peak deliverability is based on design criteria, for example, Mist is at least 50% full.
4. Mist numbers pertain to the portion reserved for core utility service per the Company's Integrated Resource Plan. Additional capacity and deliverability at Mist have been contracted under varying terms to Interstate/Intrastate storage customers.
5. The Dth numbers for Mist, Newport LNG and Portland LNG are approximate in that they are converted from Mcf volumes, and so depend on the heat content of the stored gas. The current heat content used for Mist is 1040 Btu/cf. The current heat content used for Newport is 1074 Btu/cf and Portland LNG is 1089 Btu/cf.
6. Newport tank capacity de-rated from 1,000,000 Dth pending CO2 removal project.
7. The Company's Plymouth-related contracts terminated on October 31, 2015, so they are no longer reflected in this table.
8. NW Natural has supply-basin storage contracts in Alberta that are NOT included in this table to avoid double-counting resources because their deliverability relies on portions of the same upstream pipeline capacity already included in Table 2. These contracts are with:
J. Aron & Company - 1,530,000 Dth
Tenaska Marketing Canada - 947,817 Dth

Supporting information IV.2.b4

**TABLE 4
 NW Natural Other Resources: Recall Agreements, Citygate Deliveries and Mist Production
 for the 2016-2017 Tracker Year**

Type	Max. Daily Rate (Dth/day)	Max. Annual Recall (days)	Termination Date
Recall Agreements:			
PGE	30,000	30	10/31/2018
International Paper	8,000	40	Upon 1-year notice
Georgia Pacific-Halsey mill	1,000	15	Upon 1-year notice
Total Recall Resource	39,000		
Citygate Deliveries:			
None	-		
Mist Production:			
Enerfin Resources	≈2,000	n/a	Life of the wells

Notes:

1. There are a variety of terms and conditions surrounding the recall rights under each of the above agreements, but they all include delivery of the gas to NW Natural's system.
2. Mist production is currently flowing at roughly the figure shown above. Flows vary as new wells are added and older wells deplete. NW Natural's obligation is to buy gas from existing wells through the life of those wells.

**TABLE 5
 NW Natural Peak Day Resource Summary
 for the 2016-2017 Tracker Year**

Resource Type	Max. Daily Rate (Dth/day)
Net Deliverability over Upstream Pipeline Capacity	343,237
Off-System Storage (Jackson Prairie only)	46,030
On-System Storage (Mist, Portland LNG and Newport LNG)	499,140
Recallable Capacity and Supply Agreements	39,000
Citygate Deliveries	-
Nominal Mist Production Gas	2,000
Segmented Capacity (not primary firm)	60,700
Total Peak Day Resources	990,107

Notes:

1. Per 2016 IRP filed 8/26/2016 (specifically page 2A-51 in Appendix 2), design firm sales peak day forecast for 2016-17 is 977,700 Dth.
2. Per 2016 IRP filed 8/26/2016 (specifically page 3.19), Segmented Capacity currently is included as a firm resource until 11/1/2020.
3. Since firm resources (including Segmented Capacity) exceed the design peak day firm sales forecast, Citygate Deliveries are not being pursued for this tracker year.

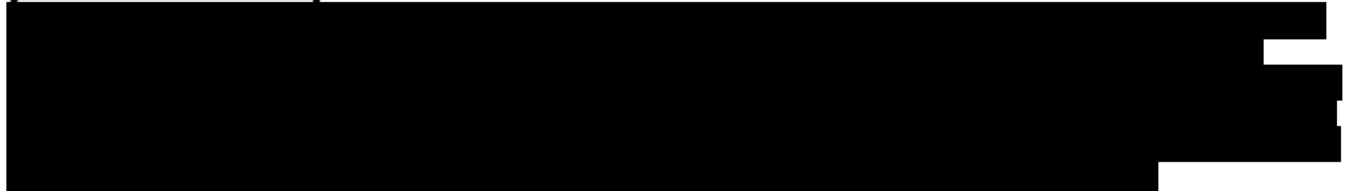
5. Financial resources for the portfolio (derivatives and other financial arrangements)

NWN "swaps" monthly index prices for fixed prices and other price structures through the use of financial instruments in order to increase price stability across the year. Volumes in storage, including any supply-basin storage arrangements, provide another form of hedging. In addition, gas reserves provide a hedge for Oregon customers in a completely different form. Overall, NWN's target this year is to hedge the prices of approximately 75% of its expected annual sales requirements for the upcoming 12-month period commencing November 1st. As storage currently accounts for about 19% of annual purchase quantities, gas reserves will amount to roughly 7% for this tracker year and local (Mist) gas production adds another 1%, approximately 48% is left to be financially hedged. Actual financial hedging targets are set by an executive level oversight committee within the company - the Gas Acquisition Strategy & Policies (GASP) Committee - and could change from time-to-time in reaction to market conditions or other factors as the year progresses.

In addition to financial swaps, the company's derivative policies allow the use of financial options (puts and calls) to limit exposure to gas price fluctuations. For example, these instruments can be used in combination in order to "collar" the price of gas for specific purchases.

The company's Gas Supply department performs the actual derivative transactions, while separate individuals, reporting to different executives, oversee the risk management of the hedging program such as approving counterparties and determining credit limits.

[START CONFIDENTIAL]



[END CONFIDENTIAL]

6. Storage resources

NWN relies on four storage facilities and two supply-basin storage arrangements in Alberta to balance its supply portfolio and meet customer requirements. Mist, Portland LNG (also known as Gasco) and Newport LNG are owned and operated by the company. NWN contracts with Northwest Pipeline for service at the Jackson Prairie underground facility in Washington state. The two Alberta supply-basin storage arrangements are with J. Aron & Company (a subsidiary of Goldman Sachs) and Tenaska Marketing Canada.

Storage provides the following benefits to customers:

- a. Avoids the need to subscribe to year-round interstate pipeline capacity to meet winter season loads.
- b. Allows more gas purchasing during the non-heating season, when prices are typically lower, instead of heating season periods when prices typically peak
- c. Provides diversity of supply and gas movement to and through NWN's service territory, improving overall reliability.
- d. Helps balance daily demand with supplies, reducing the potential for imbalance penalties with upstream pipelines.
- e. Provides flexibility to take advantage of daily, monthly and seasonal variations in gas pricing, either directly by NWN or through its optimization arrangement.

Additional benefits attributable to Mist have been created through the development of an interstate storage service starting back in 2001. For example, rather than large "lumpy" resource additions requiring years of

preparation, the “pre-build” of interstate storage service provides the ability to time and size incremental Mist capacity to a degree not achievable through typical resource development. The 300,000 therm/day Mist recall that occurred last year was a perfect example since it could be sized to replace a portion of the terminated Plymouth capacity, rather than having to equal the size of an entire Mist reservoir/expansion project.

More information on the company’s storage resources is provided in Table 3 and the workpapers.

7. Forecasted annual and peak demand used in the current PGA portfolio, with and without programmatic and non-programmatic demand response, with explanation

NW Natural includes *realized* demand response savings in forecasted annual and peak demand by updating use per customer coefficients prior to the annual PGA filing. The updated use per customer coefficient reflects demand measures actually taken in the previous year. Because our ability to accurately forecast annual demand savings is relatively uncertain, we do not include projected demand measures in our forecasted annual and peak demand.

	2016/2017
Forecast Annual Demand (therms)	734,420,579
Forecast Peak Demand (therms) - Normal	4,071,427
Forecast Peak Demand (therms) - Design	9,777,033
Forecast DSM Annual (therms)	0
Forecast DSM Peak (therms) - Design Peak	0
Forecast Annual Demand with Forecast DSM	734,420,579
Forecast Peak Demand with Forecast DSM - Normal	4,071,427
Forecast Peak Demand with Forecast DSM - Design	9,777,033

Note: As of this filing date, the DSM data was not available from the Energy Trust.

8. Forecasted annual and peak demand used in the current PGA portfolio, with and without effects from gas supply incentive mechanisms, with explanation.

Our forecasted annual and peak demand is not impacted by gas supply incentive mechanisms.

9. Summary of portfolio documentation provided

See Index.

Section V.1 - Physical Gas Supply

a) For each physical natural gas supply resource that is included in a utility's portfolio (except spot purchases) upon which the current PGA is based, the utility should provide the following:

1. Pricing for the resource, including the commodity price and, if relevant, reservation charges.

See Tables 1-4 below.

2. For new transactions and contracts with pricing provisions entered into since the last PGA: competitive bidding process for the resource. This should include number of bidders, bid prices utility decision criteria in selecting a "winning" bid, and any special pricing or delivery provisions negotiated as part of the bidding process

See Tables 1-4 below.

3. Brief explanation of each contract's role within the portfolio.

See Tables 1-4 below.

[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

TABLE 1

Northwest Natural Gas Company PGA Filing Guidelines HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL SUBJECT TO MODIFIED PROTECTIVE ORDER 10-337 All contracts are with Approved Counterparties per Exhibit "G" - NW NATURAL Gas Supply Risk Management Policies Approved Counterparties all have executed NAESB contracts with NW Natural									
Rocky Mountain Supply contracts									
Supplier	Term Start	Term End	Commodity Price	Published Index	Baseload Volume/Day in Dth's	Swing Volume/Day in Dth's	Swing Reservation Fee cents/Dth/day	Contractual Conditions	Default Receipt Pt. Purchase Location
Enstor Energy Services, LLC (NGR's)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	10,000				Opal
IGI Resources, Inc. (NGR's)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	10,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
QEP Energy Company (1)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
MacQuarie Energy, LLC (2)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Opal
Anadarko Energy Services Company (3)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
MacQuarie Energy, LLC (4)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	10,000				Opal
Anadarko Energy Services Company (5)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
Occidental Energy Marketing (5)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
Occidental Energy Marketing (6)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Opal
Anadarko Energy Services Company (7)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
QEP Energy Company (8)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Rocky Mountain Pool
ConocoPhillips Company (9)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Rockies FOM	5,000				Opal
Transactions for new PGA year Bidding Process Information									
	# of Bidders	Range of bids.	Winning Bid Criteria						
(1) Rocky Mountain Pool	4		Price						
(2) Opal	5		Price						
(3) Rocky Mountain Pool	4		Price						
(4) Opal	3		Price						
(5) Rocky Mountain Pool	5		Price						
(6) Opal	5		Price						
(7) Rocky Mountain Pool	4		Price						
(8) Rocky Mountain Pool	4		Price						
(9) Opal	3		Price						

(NGR's) These purchases are tied to the expected production volumes of the Natural Gas Reserves Deal.

TABLE 2

Northwest Natural Gas Company
 PGA Filing Guidelines

**HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
 SUBJECT TO MODIFIED PROTECTIVE ORDER 10-337**

November 1, 2016 - October 31, 2017
 Physical Natural Gas term contracts

All contracts are with Approved Counterparties per Exhibit "G" - NW NATURAL Gas Supply Risk Management Policies
 Approved Counterparties all have executed NAESB contracts with NW Natural

Huntingdon, BC Supply contracts

Supplier	Term Start	Term End	Commodity Price	Published Index	Baseload Volume/Day in Dth's	Swing Volume/Day in Dth's	Swing Reservation Fee cents/Dth/day	Contractual Conditions
PetroChina International (Canada) Trading Ltd. (1)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Canadian Border FOM	5,000			
EDF Trading North America LLC (2)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Canadian Border FOM	5,000			
Powerex Corp. (3)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Canadian Border FOM	5,000			
BP Canada Energy Group ULC (4)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		IFGMR-NWP Canadian Border FOM	10,000			

Transactions for new PGA year

Bidding Process Information	# of Bidders	Range of bids.	Winning Bid Criteria
(1)	5		Price
(2)	4		Price
(3)	4		Price
(4)	4		Price

TABLE 3

Northwest Natural Gas Company
 PGA Filing Guidelines

**HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
 SUBJECT TO MODIFIED PROTECTIVE ORDER 10-337**

November 1, 2016 - October 31, 2017
 Physical Natural Gas term contracts

All contracts are with Approved Counterparties per Exhibit "G" - NW NATURAL Gas Supply Risk Management Policies
 Approved Counterparties all have executed NAESB contracts with NW Natural

Huntingdon, BC Supply contracts

Supplier	Term Start	Term End	Commodity Price	Published Index	Baseload Volume/Day in Dth's
ConocoPhillips Canada Marketing & Trading ULC (1)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000
J. Aron & Company (2)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000
Macquarie Energy Canada (3)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000

Transactions for new PGA year

Bidding Process Information	# of Bidders	Range of bids.	Winning Bid Criteria
(1)	7		Price
(2)	3		Price
(3)	5		Price

TABLE 4

Northwest Natural Gas Company PGA Filing Guidelines		HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL SUBJECT TO MODIFIED PROTECTIVE ORDER 10-337						
November 1, 2016 - October 31, 2017 Physical Natural Gas term contracts								
All contracts are with Approved Counterparties per Exhibit "G" - NW NATURAL Gas Supply Risk Management Policies Approved Counterparties all have executed NAESB contracts with NW Natural								
Aeco-NIT Supply contracts								
Supplier	Term Start	Term End	Commodity Price	Published Index	Baseload Volume/Day in Dth's	Swing Volume/Day in Dth's	Contractual Conditions	
Cargill Ltd. (1)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	10,000			
Suncor Energy Marketing (2)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
Shell Energy North America (Canada) (3)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
ConocoPhillips Canada Marketing & Trading (4)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
TD Energy Trading Inc. (5)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	10,000			
Shell Energy North America (Canada) (6)	11/1/2016	10/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
Macquarie Energy Canada (7)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
Enstor Energy Services, LLC (8)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
Macquarie Energy Canada (9)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
Powerex Corp. (10)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
Suncor Energy Marketing (11)	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth	5,000			
J. Aron & Company	11/1/2016	3/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth			up to 10,000 NW Natural Call Option	
J. Aron & Company	4/1/2017	10/31/2017		CGPR AECO FOM (7A) \$US/Dth			up to 10,000 J. Aron Put Option	
Transactions for new PGA year								
Bidding Process Information	# of Bidders	Range of bids.		Winning Bid Criteria				
(1)	6			Price				
(2)	5			Price				
(3)	3			Price				
(4)	5			Price				
(5)	6			Price				
(6)	6			Price				
(7)	3			Price				
(8)	3			Price				
(9)	5			Price				
(10)	6			Price				
(11)	4			Price				

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

b) For purchases of physical natural gas supply resources from the spot natural gas market included in the portfolio at the time of the filing of the current PGA or after that filing, the utility should provide the following:

- 1. An explanation of the utility's spot purchasing guidelines, the data/information generally reviewed and analyzed in making spot purchases, and the general process through which such purchases are complete by the utility.**
 1. The purchasing of baseload and spot supplies for the 2016-2017 PGA follows the Gas Acquisition Plan as prepared by the Gas Supply department and overseen by the company's Gas Acquisition Strategy and Policies (GASP) Committee. GASP members include the company's CEO, CFO and other senior company management.
 2. In our gas purchasing for 2016-2017, we target diversity of supply on a regional basis and among approved counterparties, as listed in the company's Gas Supply Risk Management Policies. The advantage of regional diversity is the opportunity to manage purchases to capture the lowest cost while maintaining a diversity of suppliers and avoiding over-reliance on any one trading point or counterparty.
 3. Diversity of contracts in the portfolio is determined by the forecasted usage of NW Natural customers.
 - a. One year and greater baseload (take or pay) contract volumes are meant to meet low end of sales requirements while avoiding the potential for excess supply that might have to be sold at a loss when sales volumes are low. Pricing is comparable to shorter term contracts and the

administrative needs are a bit simpler.

- b. November – March winter term contracts are aligned to meet the forecasted seasonal increase during the heating season and are divided between baseload and winter call option ("swing") contracts. This helps minimize the exposure to purchasing large volumes of high priced spot gas during cold weather events.
- c. April – October summer put option contracts are tied to winter call option contracts to capture a discounted monthly index price and avoid payment of a reservation fee. The volume of the put option contracts is kept to a minimum to avoid over supply during the summer months when added to year-round term volumes.
- d. Spot purchases are used to fill in requirements on a very short-term basis, from one day up to one month, throughout the PGA year. One month spot purchases are negotiated to capture the best monthly index pricing using either the publication Inside FERC's Gas Market Report for Rockies and Sumas purchases, or the publication Canadian Gas Price Reporter for Canadian purchases in Alberta. Daily spot purchasing utilizes either a daily index (in the case of Rocky Mountain or Sumas supply as published in Gas Daily) or a fixed price in U.S. dollars as negotiated directly with the suppliers. The electronic trading platform Intercontinental Exchange (ICE) provides real-time pricing for Rocky Mountain, Sumas, Station 2 and Alberta supplies as a reference tool for such price negotiations

2. Any contract provisions that materially deviate from the standard NAESB contract.

None for the vast bulk of the company's purchases made in the Rockies and western Canada.

There is a small percentage (approximately 1%) of the company's purchases sourced from the Mist field, i.e., native gas that continues to be locally produced there. These purchases do not rely on a NAESB contract but instead on a custom-written contract that dates back to 1995. As an example, gas quality and measurement is a relatively simple matter in the NAESB contract because the gas needs to conform to the tariff provisions of one or more applicable interstate pipelines, but it requires a lot more attention for Mist production gas because there are no transporting interstate pipelines over which the gas is delivered to the company.

Section V.2 - Hedging

The utility should clearly identify by type, contract, counterparty, and pricing point both the total cost and the cost per volume unit of each financial hedge included in its portfolio.

2016-2017 FINANCIAL HARD HEDGES (counterparty does not own option)										
Trade Date	Internal Ref. #	Counterparty	Associated Supply	Supply or Ref. Pt.	Term	2016-17 Days	Daily Volume	Trade Volume		
										Including Multi-Year
8-Aug-14	2014-43			AECO	Nov-Mar (2014-2017)	151	2,500	377,500		757,500 \$2,912,587.50
15-Aug-14	2014-45			AECO	Nov-Mar (2014-2017)	151	2,500	377,500		757,500 \$2,842,518.75
26-Mar-15	2015-7			Sumas	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,805,087.50
10-Apr-15	2015-12			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,023,640.00
20-Apr-15	2015-15			Sumas	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,759,687.50
30-Apr-15	2015-19			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,708,612.50
22-May-15	2015-22			Sumas	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,912,345.00
27-May-15	2015-24			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,081,525.00
29-May-15	2015-27			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,991,860.00
4-Jun-15	2015-28			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,955,540.00
30-Jun-15	2015-33			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$3,020,802.50
18-Sep-15	2015-44			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,803,450.00
25-Sep-15	2015-46			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,733,080.00
1-Oct-15	2015-50			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,636,037.50
21-Oct-15	2015-53			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,620,715.00
27-Oct-15	15-MM-22			AECO	Nov-Mar (2015-2018)	151	2,500	377,500		1,135,000 \$2,594,610.00
24-Feb-16	2016-1			AECO	Apr	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$514,050.00
8-Mar-16	2016-2			AECO	Nov	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$490,500.00
9-Mar-16	2016-3			Rockies	Nov-Jan	92	5,000	460,000		460,000 \$1,163,800.00
10-Mar-16	2016-4			AECO	Nov	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$522,750.00
10-Mar-16	2016-5			AECO	Oct	31	5,000	155,000		155,000 \$303,025.00
15-Mar-16	2016-6			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,197,047.50
16-Mar-16	2016-7			AECO	Apr	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$574,200.00
18-Mar-16	2016-8			AECO	Apr	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$576,600.00
21-Mar-16	2016-9			Stn 2	Apr-Oct	214	5,000	1,070,000		1,070,000 \$2,064,030.00
22-Mar-16	2016-10			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,204,408.75
28-Mar-16	2016-11			Stn 2	Nov-Jan	92	5,000	460,000		460,000 \$937,480.00
29-Mar-16	2016-12			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,318,225.00
30-Mar-16	2016-13			Rockies	Nov-Jan	92	5,000	460,000		460,000 \$1,275,580.00
31-Mar-16	2016-14			AECO	Apr	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$591,900.00
31-Mar-16	2016-15			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,613,243.75
6-Apr-16	2016-16			Rockies	Apr-May	61	5,000	305,000		305,000 \$713,395.00
7-Apr-16	2016-17			AECO	Apr	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$582,450.00
8-Apr-16	2016-18			AECO	Nov-Dec	61	10,000	610,000		610,000 \$1,187,060.00
11-Apr-16	2016-19			AECO	Apr	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$564,900.00
11-Apr-16	2016-20			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,307,466.25
12-Apr-16	2016-21			AECO	Oct	31	10,000	310,000		310,000 \$622,170.00
18-Apr-16	2016-22			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,519,812.50
19-Apr-16	2016-23			Rockies	Apr-Oct	214	5,000	1,070,000		1,070,000 \$2,722,080.00
20-Apr-16	2016-24			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,570,208.75
21-Apr-16	2016-25			Rockies	Oct	31	5,000	155,000		155,000 \$409,975.00
22-Apr-16	2016-26			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,624,568.75
25-Apr-16	2016-27			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,618,340.00
28-Apr-16	2016-28			AECO	Oct	31	10,000	310,000		310,000 \$679,520.00
28-Apr-16	2016-29			Rockies	Apr-May	61	5,000	305,000		305,000 \$788,120.00
29-Apr-16	2016-30			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,532,267.50
10-May-16	2016-31			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,468,281.25
12-May-16	2016-32			AECO	Apr-Oct	214	5,000	1,070,000		1,070,000 \$2,115,390.00
16-May-16	2016-33			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,402,030.00
18-May-16	2016-34			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,334,080.00
20-May-16	2016-35			Sumas	Nov-Mar	151	5,000	755,000		755,000 \$2,219,700.00
23-May-16	2016-36			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,567,943.75
24-May-16	2016-37			AECO	May	31	10,000	310,000		310,000 \$585,900.00
24-May-16	2016-38			AECO	Oct	31	10,000	310,000		310,000 \$646,970.00
26-May-16	2016-39			AECO	Oct	31	5,000	155,000		155,000 \$335,187.50
27-May-16	2016-40			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,658,543.75
1-Jun-16	2016-41			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,522,641.25
2-Jun-16	2016-42			Stn 2	Apr-Oct	214	5,000	1,070,000		1,070,000 \$2,188,150.00
14-Jun-16	2016-43			Rockies	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$3,568,507.50
20-Jun-16	2016-44			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,720,265.00
23-Jun-16	2016-45			Sumas	Nov-Feb	120	5,000	600,000		600,000 \$1,999,200.00
24-Jun-16	2016-46			Rockies	Nov-Jan	92	5,000	460,000		460,000 \$1,460,500.00
27-Jun-16	2016-47			Stn 2	Nov-Jan	92	5,000	460,000		460,000 \$1,059,380.00
29-Jun-16	2016-48			AECO	Oct	31	5,000	155,000		155,000 \$348,285.00
29-Jun-16	2016-49			AECO	Nov	30	10,000	300,000		300,000 \$651,750.00
30-Jun-16	2016-50			AECO	Nov-Mar (2016-2019)	151	2,500	377,500		1,132,500 \$2,788,781.25
11-Jul-16	2016-51			Rockies	Apr-Oct	214	5,000	1,070,000		1,070,000 \$3,007,770.00
							0			
Total Hard Hedges							27,997,500			53,707,500 \$140,840,528.75
(Hedges during 2016)							0			\$0.00 \$0.00

Section V.3 - Load Forecasting

a. Customer count and revenue by month and class.

	Customer Cnt Jul-15	Revenue Jul-15	Customer Cnt Aug-15	Revenue Aug-15	Customer Cnt Sep-15	Revenue Sep-15
Total	706,780	\$ 27,895,230.09	705,993	\$ 26,761,497.06	706,566	\$ 29,446,372.99
Oregon	630,977	25,124,811.97	630,148	24,100,909.51	630,481	26,488,407.21
Washington	75,803	2,770,418.12	75,845	2,660,587.55	76,085	2,957,965.78
Total Residential	640,054	13,849,688.20	639,682	13,104,626.23	640,313	14,631,146.61
Total Commercial	65,699	8,872,648.44	65,278	8,407,048.03	65,205	9,288,454.89
Total Industrial	572	1,734,538.76	577	1,741,961.97	593	1,945,046.98
Total Interruptible	140	2,089,575.53	140	2,139,328.80	141	2,193,344.76
Total Transportation - Commercial Firm	100	117,043.77	100	118,790.38	100	132,986.15
Total Transportation - Industrial Firm	116	604,898.77	117	612,189.59	115	608,523.36
Total Transportation - Interruptible	99	626,836.62	99	637,552.06	99	646,870.24
Unbilled Revenue		(675,620.38)		505,704.29		3,055,141.07
Agency Fees						
Net Balancing/Overrun		9,230.00		365.00		-
Total Gas Operating Revenue		\$ 27,228,839.71		\$ 27,267,566.35		\$ 32,501,514.06

	Customer Cnt Oct-15	Revenue Oct-15	Customer Cnt Nov-15	Revenue Nov-15	Customer Cnt Dec-15	Revenue Dec-15
Total	708,196	\$ 34,401,007.84	710,971	\$ 53,085,138.19	714,428	\$ 102,176,226.85
Oregon	631,862	31,030,179.48	634,326	48,116,545.01	637,402	92,455,256.16
Washington	76,334	3,370,828.36	76,645	4,968,593.18	77,026	9,720,970.69
Total Residential	641,764	17,602,197.45	644,073	31,856,984.26	646,841	65,511,945.11
Total Commercial	65,335	10,717,536.59	65,737	15,355,948.31	66,421	30,301,601.42
Total Industrial	642	2,156,477.76	644	2,031,661.38	636	2,254,914.19
Total Interruptible	141	2,488,653.70	139	2,138,432.11	141	2,351,755.30
Total Transportation - Commercial Firm	100	146,482.77	154	320,036.88	163	348,368.71
Total Transportation - Industrial Firm	115	624,594.45	121	712,139.75	124	727,210.27
Total Transportation - Interruptible	99	665,065.12	103	669,935.50	102	680,431.85
Unbilled Revenue		6,769,017.35		29,958,292.97		4,276,563.66
Agency Fees						
Net Balancing/Overrun		9,646.00		683.00		-
Total Gas Operating Revenue		\$ 41,179,671.19		\$ 83,044,114.16		\$ 106,452,790.51

	Customer Cnt Jan-16	Revenue Jan-16	Customer Cnt Feb-16	Revenue Feb-16	Customer Cnt Mar-16	Revenue Mar-16
Total	716,174	\$ 119,336,929.63	717,102	\$ 88,274,625.05	718,009	\$ 77,801,896.99
Oregon	638,931	107,806,734.62	639,694	80,345,338.69	640,450	70,927,760.21
Washington	77,243	11,530,195.01	77,408	7,929,286.36	77,559	6,874,136.78
Total Residential	648,519	76,569,838.31	649,505	56,399,487.81	650,268	49,062,481.14
Total Commercial	66,490	36,126,471.08	66,440	26,047,670.25	66,584	22,818,448.52
Total Industrial	637	2,412,912.09	637	2,055,619.38	639	1,999,597.22
Total Interruptible	138	2,435,423.84	137	2,134,153.22	136	2,229,633.96
Total Transportation - Commercial Firm	164	351,062.56	164	304,819.99	164	308,503.58
Total Transportation - Industrial Firm	124	752,449.26	120	682,069.69	119	710,498.42
Total Transportation - Interruptible	102	688,772.49	99	650,804.71	99	672,734.15
Unbilled Revenue		(12,429,220.59)		(5,663,806.14)		(2,832,105.27)
Agency Fees						
Net Balancing/Overrun		314.50		14,603.50		4,982.00
Total Gas Operating Revenue		\$ 106,908,023.54		\$ 82,625,422.41		\$ 74,974,773.72

	Customer Cnt Apr-16	Revenue Apr-16	Customer Cnt May-16	Revenue May-16	Customer Cnt Jun-16	Revenue Jun-16
Total	718,454	\$ 59,610,066.82	718,432	\$ 42,209,862.70	718,191	\$ 7,184,617.30
Oregon	640,716	54,341,626.98	640,567	38,653,862.54	640,183	6,644,237.45
Washington	77,738	5,268,439.84	77,865	3,556,000.16	78,008	540,379.85
Total Residential	650,757	36,606,953.44	650,776	24,384,391.15	650,584	3,510,412.24
Total Commercial	66,525	18,039,774.26	66,474	13,217,083.71	66,439	2,685,091.35
Total Industrial	654	1,804,094.90	661	1,591,490.37	653	251,908.30
Total Interruptible	135	1,593,353.31	135	1,462,086.79	129	(771,024.57)
Total Transportation - Commercial Firm	164	253,194.55	165	227,038.38	165	214,533.98
Total Transportation - Industrial Firm	120	666,819.08	121	661,594.52	121	643,679.01
Total Transportation - Interruptible	99	645,877.28	100	666,177.78	100	650,016.99
Unbilled Revenue		(11,213,031.94)		(5,963,843.44)		(4,394,164.49)
Agency Fees						
Net Balancing/Overrun		2,910.00		896.00		1,314.00
Total Gas Operating Revenue		\$ 48,399,944.88		\$ 36,246,915.26		\$ 2,791,766.81

b. Historical (five years) and forecasted (one year ahead) sales system physical peak demand.

	2016/2017 Forecasted	2015/2016	2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012
System peak demand (therms)	9,777,033	9,452,960	9,369,764	9,320,242	9,252,236	9,424,400

c. Historical (five years) and forecasted (one year ahead) sales system physical annual demand.

Gas Year	Forecasted 2016/2017	2015/2016	2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012
Annual Demand (therms)	734,420,579	757,005,313	747,790,904	746,847,556	732,272,081	759,952,952

d. Historical (five years) and forecasted (one year ahead) sales system physical demand for each of the following:

1. Annual for each customer class

Gas Year	Forecasted 2016/2017	2015/2016	2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012
Residential (therms)	396,284,060	413,822,757	402,683,123	396,647,034	388,025,253	424,142,259
Commercial (therms)	246,528,739	251,595,828	248,351,476	245,792,366	234,253,226	257,323,299
Industrial Firm (therms)	32,847,865	32,420,945	34,513,268	33,853,619	37,619,102	36,394,872
Industrial Interruptible (therms)	58,759,916	59,165,782	62,243,048	70,554,536	64,343,014	61,458,451

2. Annual and monthly baseload.

Gas Year	Forecasted 2016/2017	2015/2016	2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012
November	24,554,896	22,351,644	22,999,936	22,397,233	22,308,001	22,343,188
December	25,262,437	22,916,079	24,282,715	23,202,872	23,064,485	23,284,414
January	25,346,740	22,938,449	24,362,006	23,196,614	23,081,208	23,283,122
February	24,129,267	21,874,421	22,159,174	20,943,260	20,859,821	21,819,517
March	25,387,380	22,968,882	23,866,828	23,202,391	23,109,951	23,298,952
April	24,778,008	22,440,684	22,869,798	22,513,500	22,379,225	22,514,758
May	25,382,611	22,997,543	23,238,337	23,254,362	23,138,668	23,251,908
June	24,738,271	22,470,443	22,332,108	22,556,453	22,399,655	22,449,749
July	25,327,245	23,023,353	23,019,887	23,314,587	23,152,520	22,784,459
August	25,304,863	23,050,124	23,015,123	23,324,427	23,162,291	23,007,978
September	24,686,184	22,527,362	22,737,568	22,537,805	22,425,676	22,273,329
October	25,342,154	23,100,640	23,881,459	23,359,078	23,196,701	23,035,735
Annual	300,240,055	272,659,625	278,764,939	273,802,581	272,278,201	273,347,109

3. Annual and monthly non-baseload

Gas Year	Forecasted 2016/2017	2015/2016	2014/2015	2013/2014	2012/2013	2011/2012
November	56,712,943	64,242,976	62,486,370	62,248,709	61,226,239	40,491,499
December	91,432,786	98,795,855	96,475,524	95,405,022	90,481,345	86,534,833
January	86,488,891	92,054,676	90,486,111	91,382,451	86,593,507	97,758,992
February	66,341,051	74,851,835	71,804,677	72,204,387	69,575,367	78,530,912
March	52,474,527	59,855,292	58,202,117	58,522,284	56,408,082	74,169,045
April	32,605,411	40,203,184	38,491,513	38,745,792	37,886,663	54,489,168
May	15,547,950	18,600,362	17,127,632	17,039,845	15,982,505	25,616,766
June	4,924,141	4,336,063	3,488,689	4,181,989	3,799,251	13,742,491
July	380,842	304,475	25,201	707,612	393,204	4,443,994
August	280,995	0	-	769,863	358,541	569,565
September	3,237,113	2,211,685	2,291,298	3,220,573	1,673,213	1,867,959
October	23,753,874	28,889,285	28,146,833	28,616,445	27,584,476	27,756,549
Annual	434,180,524	484,345,688	469,025,965	473,044,975	451,962,394	505,971,773

4. Annual and monthly for the geographic regions utilized by each LDC in its most recent IRP or IRP update.

2016/2017	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	The Dalles (OR)	The Dalles (WA)	Eugene	Newport	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Total
November	4,626,396	1,266,745	305,942	1,021,354	229,064	5,918,390	900,673	47,034,489	12,361,009	7,603,776	81,267,838
December	6,486,729	1,677,494	398,066	1,361,129	325,759	7,642,411	1,158,143	69,827,178	16,556,947	11,261,365	116,695,222
January	6,130,821	1,608,354	383,135	1,333,577	311,899	7,439,868	1,110,454	67,027,367	15,792,489	10,697,667	111,835,631
February	4,998,125	1,404,382	310,939	1,096,696	243,986	6,279,886	944,543	53,197,751	13,341,923	8,652,087	90,470,318
March	4,424,025	1,376,868	345,308	918,303	193,426	5,925,363	953,752	44,466,178	12,109,408	7,149,276	77,861,907
April	3,755,263	1,122,353	306,344	638,501	122,637	4,800,163	811,601	31,353,286	9,402,872	5,070,398	57,383,419
May	2,800,835	805,707	239,624	510,194	88,665	3,587,468	648,649	22,093,513	6,409,840	3,746,066	40,930,561
June	2,075,691	604,706	175,256	420,563	69,351	2,813,419	514,864	15,441,145	4,878,873	2,668,543	29,662,412
July	1,697,093	575,128	154,233	398,247	63,377	2,350,769	494,120	13,592,346	4,146,090	2,236,685	25,708,087
August	1,827,401	564,485	145,334	392,083	64,345	2,372,166	489,606	13,424,975	4,068,414	2,237,049	25,585,858
September	1,985,435	606,579	157,379	409,815	70,825	2,474,363	496,288	14,368,236	4,796,865	2,557,512	27,923,297
October	3,162,338	854,563	219,385	596,595	124,301	3,970,869	668,494	26,932,623	7,943,633	4,623,226	49,096,028
Annual	43,970,151	12,467,364	3,140,945	9,097,059	1,907,635	55,575,136	9,191,188	418,759,086	111,808,364	68,503,651	734,420,579

2015/2016	Albany	Astoria	The Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Newport/LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Total
November	3,074,744.40	846,306.30	494,120.50	3,799,047.90	702,449.30	30,577,070.10	6,134,191.50	4,402,104.30	50,030,034
December	5,810,458.30	1,586,640.40	1,118,425.90	7,180,600.10	1,151,546.30	65,454,108.00	13,991,454.90	10,431,151.90	106,724,386
January	6,859,043.70	1,746,877.90	1,379,298.20	8,245,535.30	1,345,347.70	77,006,100.50	16,857,522.80	12,573,721.40	126,013,448
February	4,560,345.40	1,326,754.80	979,875.80	6,136,768.70	869,227.00	50,609,903.70	12,137,199.00	8,326,568.60	84,946,643
March	4,210,414.70	1,209,540.00	832,357.80	5,426,045.20	898,389.20	44,305,806.80	10,493,399.20	7,082,114.60	74,458,068
April	2,860,334.00	982,125.80	608,204.00	4,626,705.70	708,780.20	31,109,795.90	8,853,355.30	5,222,830.50	54,972,131
May	1,966,950.40	704,499.50	365,481.20	3,282,635.70	582,554.60	19,755,222.90	5,517,571.30	3,190,934.80	35,365,850
June	1,589,926.70	652,322.30	324,373.60	2,863,446.30	541,081.40	16,487,323.20	4,364,444.10	2,761,427.70	29,584,345
July	1,488,650.31	495,881.90	383,491.48	2,075,021.78	490,694.73	12,492,961.79	3,813,083.42	2,007,406.44	23,327,828
August	1,479,219.93	479,254.36	384,282.11	2,049,536.76	472,835.77	12,526,063.49	3,810,438.47	1,993,209.49	23,050,124
September	1,592,096.66	564,981.94	390,221.02	2,288,161.22	532,175.03	13,374,514.73	4,252,164.30	2,313,953.24	24,739,046
October	3,069,884.99	918,372.72	644,530.95	4,194,629.11	753,884.61	29,648,628.37	8,380,428.68	5,081,146.29	51,989,926
Annual	38,562,069	11,513,558	7,904,663	52,168,134	9,048,966	403,347,499	98,605,253	65,386,569	685,201,829

2014/2015	Albany	Astoria	The Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Newport/LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Total
November	3,490,958	869,406	739,467	4,017,243	761,672	33,112,773	6,228,375	4,808,471	54,028,365
December	5,847,679	1,367,602	1,245,731	6,776,032	921,294	59,955,127	13,259,278	9,648,654	99,021,398
January	6,351,751	1,511,674	1,385,617	7,384,910	1,127,141	65,692,741	14,491,558	10,585,680	108,531,072
February	4,503,610	1,122,974	1,087,328	5,805,289	768,470	47,086,091	11,421,381	7,829,682	79,624,824
March	4,158,320	1,121,188	913,284	5,503,855	806,489	38,235,877	9,848,434	6,201,912	66,789,358
April	3,717,325	981,132	727,827	4,717,038	774,036	32,236,045	8,249,792	5,074,817	56,478,012
May	2,664,122	782,272	580,411	3,898,397	634,775	23,625,974	6,697,473	3,789,305	42,672,730
June	1,840,466	647,219	429,546	2,824,482	551,338	15,117,689	4,430,159	2,542,401	28,383,298
July	1,432,574	550,017	382,927	2,328,798	491,887	11,488,733	3,356,047	1,895,492	21,926,476
August	1,479,412	496,116	392,405	2,151,660	453,438	10,679,209	3,115,291	1,785,762	20,553,293
September	1,731,118	511,828	426,199	2,268,709	504,023	12,315,742	3,477,020	2,079,370	23,314,009
October	2,061,765	577,540	473,559	2,809,490	492,610	15,383,719	4,344,711	2,494,906	28,638,300
Annual	39,279,100	10,538,968	8,784,299	50,485,903	8,287,172	364,929,719	88,919,520	58,736,452	629,961,134

2013/2014	Albany	Astoria	The Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Newport/LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Total
November	3,004,316	923,615	752,502	4,951,166	773,173	35,213,397	8,421,835	5,303,793	59,343,797
December	7,773,336	1,773,068	1,371,882	8,478,833	1,393,910	73,290,876	15,193,898	11,654,376	120,930,179
January	7,314,992	1,764,673	1,520,332	9,839,902	1,249,414	77,670,980	19,041,102	12,893,003	131,294,398
February	6,676,619	1,663,860	1,442,076	7,936,329	1,120,325	72,081,981	15,896,859	11,761,142	118,579,191
March	4,458,858	1,237,372	1,159,727	5,962,629	864,287	51,903,144	12,484,347	8,469,900	86,540,264
April	3,776,291	1,049,610	784,535	5,052,348	779,630	36,250,554	9,500,909	5,960,021	63,153,898
May	2,855,731	770,344	612,151	3,922,913	584,808	24,906,632	6,850,569	4,016,235	44,519,383
June	1,904,412	586,081	470,687	3,016,935	517,593	16,685,126	4,754,490	2,725,858	30,661,182
July	1,597,377	562,799	415,682	2,491,542	502,615	13,198,442	3,914,695	2,234,904	24,918,056
August	1,511,671	530,842	380,067	2,240,954	468,602	10,815,694	3,171,714	1,812,836	20,932,379
September	1,637,412	510,399	390,868	2,220,473	483,630	11,242,660	3,430,400	1,899,175	21,815,016
October	1,980,952	517,141	420,442	2,571,228	459,522	13,984,555	3,967,612	2,228,583	26,130,034
Annual	44,491,967	11,889,804	9,720,950	58,685,251	9,197,509	437,244,041	106,628,429	70,959,826	748,817,777

2012/2013	Albany	Astoria	The Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Newport/LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Total
November	3,980,097	983,796	694,036	4,029,196	790,299	32,332,665	7,420,633	5,068,731	55,299,453
December	5,425,390	1,368,991	1,023,998	6,374,613	1,082,073	55,049,568	11,982,401	8,655,000	90,962,033
January	7,623,154	1,794,161	1,547,874	8,535,059	1,485,395	80,560,285	17,009,938	12,874,734	131,430,600
February	6,143,084	1,592,883	1,247,819	7,750,244	1,059,617	63,211,648	15,987,682	10,413,124	107,406,100
March	4,823,792	1,349,940	1,002,932	6,319,169	1,035,028	49,517,478	12,577,871	8,201,439	84,827,650
April	3,629,993	1,071,117	855,673	4,976,097	843,776	36,067,438	9,392,593	5,920,050	62,756,736
May	1,857,990	805,939	560,211	3,370,006	579,423	23,346,350	6,872,771	4,031,753	41,424,443
June	2,560,019	697,834	508,908	3,181,901	611,895	19,329,442	5,292,184	3,189,278	35,371,462
July	1,219,385	541,620	412,307	2,382,000	534,531	13,262,177	3,717,540	2,323,146	24,392,706
August	1,826,950	544,793	367,119	2,229,168	527,684	12,014,710	3,731,707	2,079,382	23,321,513
September	1,562,984	514,216	383,906	2,422,690	473,131	12,267,612	3,721,567	2,089,454	23,435,560
October	3,810,945	717,439	615,143	3,575,465	707,577	23,151,713	6,242,844	3,839,276	42,660,402
Annual	44,463,783	11,982,727	9,219,927	55,145,608	9,730,428	420,111,086	103,949,731	68,685,367	723,288,657

2011/2012	Albany	Astoria	The Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Newport/LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Total
November	4,032,300	1,043,485	694,789	4,335,771	819,203	38,101,060	7,961,438	5,846,641	62,834,687
December	6,826,726	1,609,168	1,173,478	7,127,402	1,197,923	66,714,075	14,466,075	10,704,400	109,819,247
January	7,244,894	1,749,261	1,427,007	8,180,957	1,317,644	72,265,506	17,064,895	11,791,950	121,042,114
February	5,768,697	1,453,877	1,229,563	7,089,548	1,027,839	59,425,230	14,407,850	9,947,825	100,350,429
March	5,941,986	1,529,200	1,162,827	7,098,060	1,140,416	57,459,593	13,777,217	9,358,698	97,467,997
April	4,855,992	1,215,344	882,146	5,831,247	933,197	43,907,944	12,128,901	7,249,605	77,003,926
May	2,981,769	929,068	591,413	4,227,761	706,099	27,357,160	7,606,195	4,469,209	48,868,674
June	2,268,518	695,422	478,994	3,382,472	604,564	20,004,273	5,474,400	3,283,597	36,192,240
July	1,749,433	592,175	487,817	2,689,960	503,152	14,464,650	4,229,684	2,511,582	27,228,453
August	1,902,268	524,933	380,297	2,530,683	494,428	12,156,027	3,919,271	2,101,238	24,009,143
September	1,321,089	516,347	372,750	2,525,052	561,286	12,652,734	3,918,828	2,169,771	24,037,856
October	2,044,645	681,473	447,495	2,765,743	628,220	17,032,960	4,811,946	2,685,703	31,098,186
Annual	46,938,316	12,539,753	9,328,576	57,784,656	9,933,971	441,540,761	109,766,700	72,120,218	759,952,952

Section V.4 - Market Information

General historical and forecasted (one year ahead) conditions in the national and regional physical and financial natural gas purchase markets. This should include descriptions of each major supply point from which the LDC physically purchases and the major factors affecting supply, prices, and liquidity at those points.

Deregulation from the late 1970s to early 1990s was a response to perceived natural gas shortages. In the new unregulated environment, prices dropped due to competition, increased efficiencies, technological improvements, and the discovery of more natural gas.

In the early 2000s, prices rose dramatically due to tightness in the supply/demand balance, a situation that Enron (and others) sought to exploit. This led to scandals, lawsuits, regulatory investigations, bankruptcies and other headline-making news that obscured the fact that gas supplies really were tightening and that demand growth would be dependent on bringing additional supplies to North America in the form of LNG imports. Catastrophic hurricanes (Katrina, Rita, et al) in 2005 interrupted natural gas supplies from the Gulf of Mexico and prices spiked again. Gas prices soared in the spring and summer of 2008 on the tails of predicted supply shortfalls. At that time, Henry Hub prices peaked at \$13.31. Within months, the onset of a global economic recession reduced demand while the advent of horizontal drilling into shale formations unleashed a surge of production. Prices soon tumbled (Figure 1). Historical indexed prices into the Pacific Northwest at NW Natural's major supply points reflected national trends (Figure 2).

Figure 1

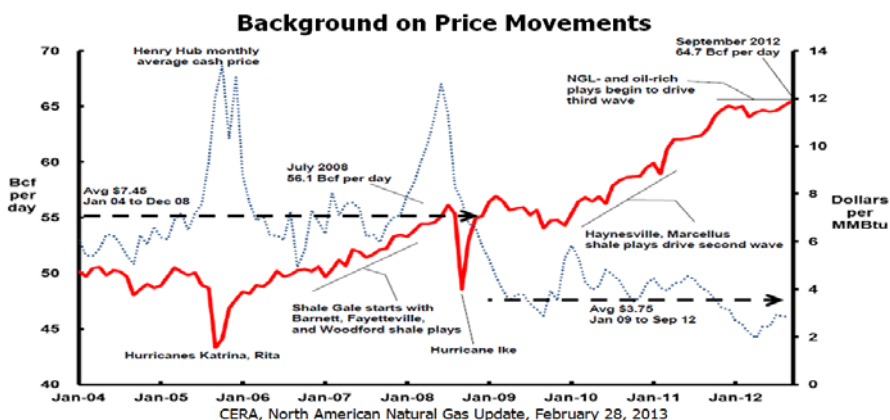
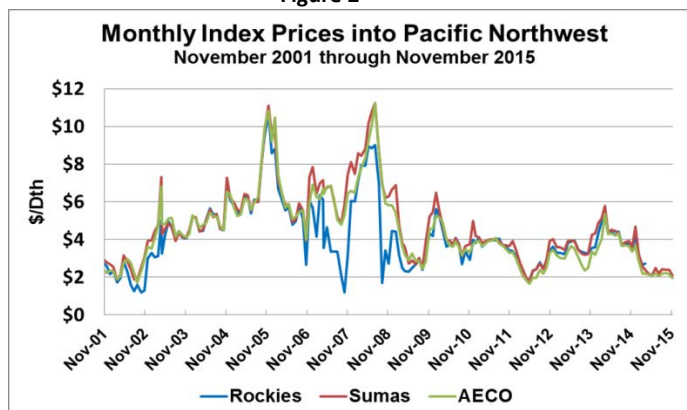


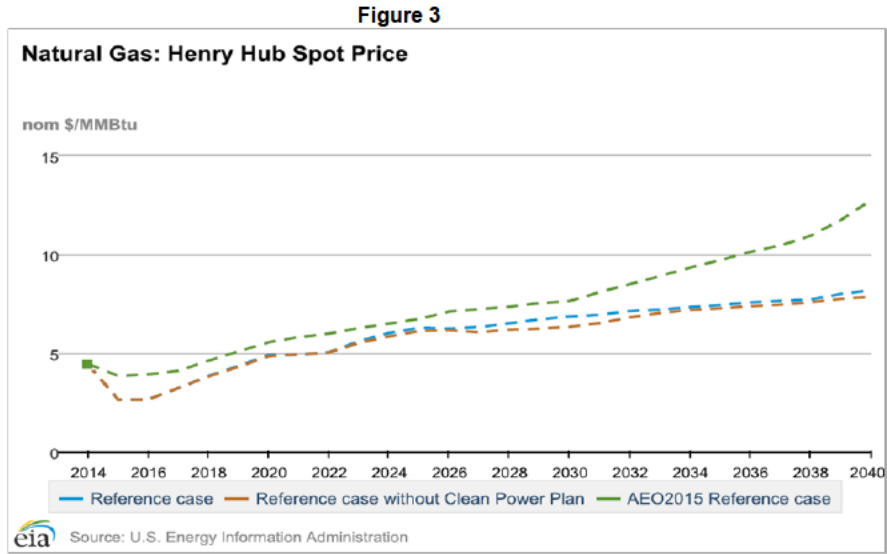
Figure 2



As mentioned, production began ramping up in 2008 with the surge in shale drilling innovations. Prices fell dramatically, and as shown in Figure 2, bottomed out in spring 2012. Prices then rose and fell again, aided primarily by the weather. First there was the so-called "Polar Vortex" that swept the eastern half of the country in 2013/14 and again in 2014/15, then the exceedingly warm El Niño winter of 2015/2016.

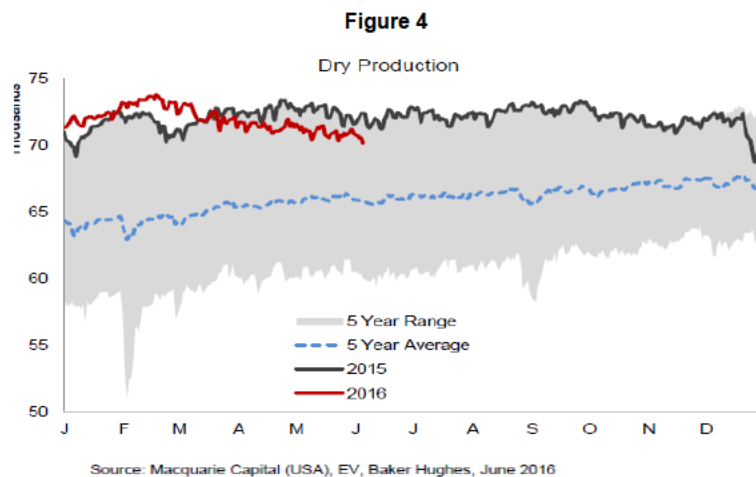
Prices are expected to rise from today's low levels. The U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA) 2016 Annual Energy Outlook has not been published yet, but its natural gas price forecast can be downloaded from the EIA

website and is shown in Figure 3. Even though EIA predicts natural gas production will continue to grow, this is generally offset by demand growth that is led by gas exports in the form of LNG as well as via pipeline to Mexico.



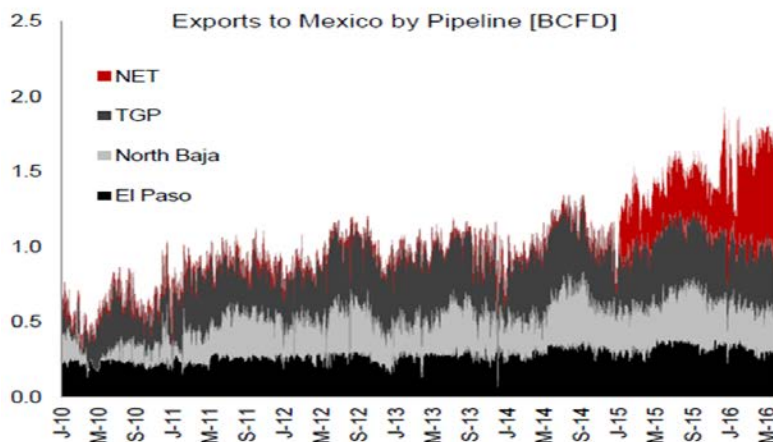
Some of the major factors affecting this outlook are:

1. EIA may be too optimistic regarding natural gas production growth, especially in the near term. Current levels are starting to decline on a year-over-year basis (see Figure 4), and IHS expects Lower-48 production to decrease 1.7 Bcf/d this summer while Canadian imports dip 2.2 Bcf/d. Continued low prices have compelled over 60 companies in the exploration and production (E&P) business to declare bankruptcy since January 2015, many other E&P companies have scaled back their capital expenditures, and the inventory of drilled-but-uncompleted wells (known as DUCs) will dwindle to zero in early 2017 if not sooner.



- Gas exports will continue to grow. While LNG export terminals rightfully gather major headlines, the increase of exports via pipeline to Mexico goes largely unnoticed. In reality, gas exports to Mexico will soon approach an amount equivalent to one LNG tanker load every day (see Figure 5).

Figure 5
 US exports to Mexico at all-time highs ...

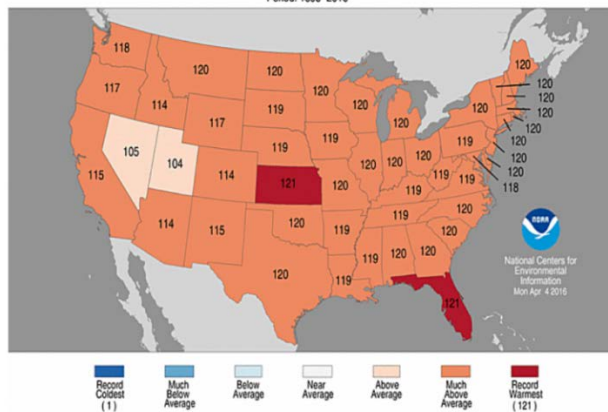


Source: Macquarie Capital (USA), EV, Company data, June 2016

- Deviations from "Normal" Conditions. Temperatures, hydro levels and storage inventories are examples of factors that can have large short-term effects, but when looking a year or more into the future, are normalized to some extent in price forecasts. This means variations in any of these factors from normal or expected conditions will increase price volatility if not outright price levels. For example, the 2013-2014 winter was probably when many people first started hearing the term "Polar Vortex," and the extremely cold temperatures drained storage inventories down to levels that had not been seen in over a decade. The "hangover" from that winter continued through the following year because it affected both the cost to refill storage during summer 2014 as well as influence 2014-2015 winter prices. Then came the exceedingly warm winter of 2015/2016 (see Figure 6), and not surprisingly, storage inventories now are at record high levels across the country. It is unlikely that last winter's record warm weather will repeat again this winter, so temperature-related demand is also certain to be higher this coming winter than last, which would put upward pressure on natural gas prices.

Figure 6

Statewide Average Temperature Ranks
 October 2015–March 2016
 Period: 1895–2016



Regarding liquidity at our major supply points in the Rockies and western Canada, it is likely to continue to be very strong for the next couple of years. That is, Rockies and western Canadian gas that typically flowed to mid-Continent and east coast markets will continue to be displaced by the growth in gas supplies from eastern shale plays such as Marcellus . It is likely, though, that demand growth - some combination of power gen, industrial loads and regional LNG exports - will catch up with available supplies, spurring a strong price response. The magnitude of the price response will depend on the ability of gas producers to tap more supplies from western Canada (B.C. shales) and the Rockies.

Section V.5 - Data Interpretation

If not included in the PGA filing please explain the major aspects of the LDC's analysis and interpretation of the data and information described in (1) and (2) above, the most important conclusions resulting from that analysis and interpretation, and the application of these conclusions in the development of the current PGA portfolio.

See Exhibit C, IV.2.b

Section V.6 - Credit Worthiness Standards

A copy of the Board or officer approved credit worthiness standards in place for the period in which the current gas supply portfolio was developed, along with full documentation for these standards. Also, a copy of the credit worthiness standards actually applied in the purchase of physical gas and entering into financial hedges. If the two are one and the same, please indicate so.

IV. Credit Risk Management

The following steps are taken by the Front, Mid and Back Offices to provide credit risk management:

	Procedure	Responsible Office
1	Analyzes the counterparty's profile to determine credit risk tolerances.	Mid Office
2	Sets counterparty credit limits in accordance with company policy (see Exhibit "E" of the Gas Supply Risk Management Policies).	Mid Office
3	Monitors credit exposure and coordinates with the Front Office to mitigate risk.	Mid Office
4	If the credit exposure amount exceeds the counterparty credit limit, verifies the limit violation.	Mid Office
5	Notifies Front Office Executive of limit violations in physical transactions, and Mid Office Executive of limit violations in financial transactions.	Mid Office
6	Determines any appropriate action in response to physical transaction violations.	Front Office Executive
7	Communicates instructions for dealing with physical transaction violations to Front Office and submits copies of the instructions to the Mid Office.	Front Office Executive
8	Determines any appropriate action in response to financial transaction violations that are not already addressed in the Derivatives Policy.	Mid Office Executive
9	Communicates instructions for dealing with financial transaction violations to Front Office and submits copies of the instructions to the Mid Office.	Mid Office Executive
10	Calculates and analyzes various credit risk metrics to better understand the current and potential risks in the portfolio.	Mid Office
11	Calculates and records appropriate credit reserves on a monthly basis.	Mid Office
12	Reviews credit limits at least twice a year, and additionally as needed, to assess whether changes should be made.	Mid Office
13	Monitors news articles, bankruptcy filings, legal actions, etc. on a daily basis for all established counterparties.	Front Office Mid Office

Source: NW Natural General Procedure G-72; Physical and financial Commodity Transaction Procedures Effective March 28, 2005; Last updated January 5, 2015

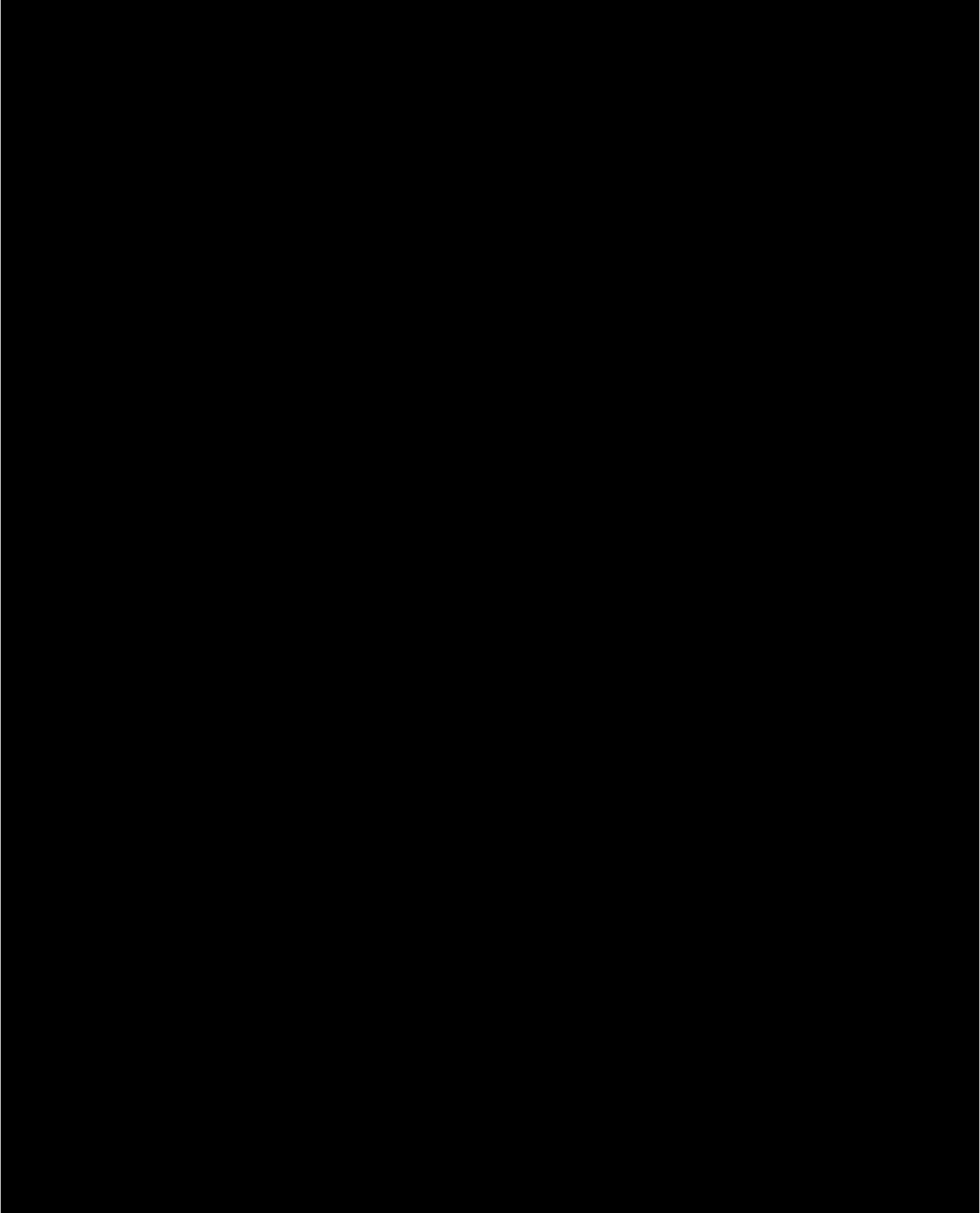
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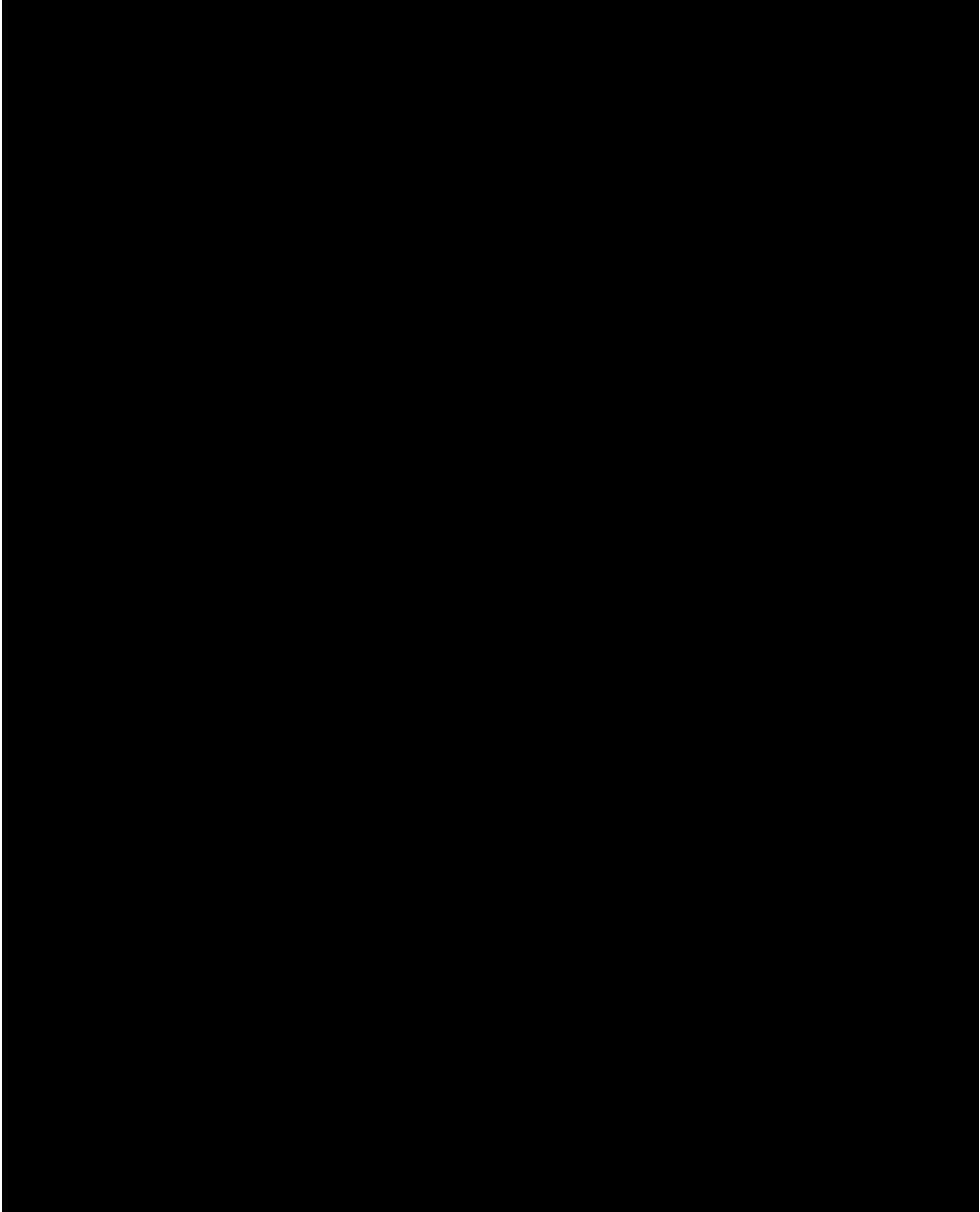
Gas Supply Risk Management Policies

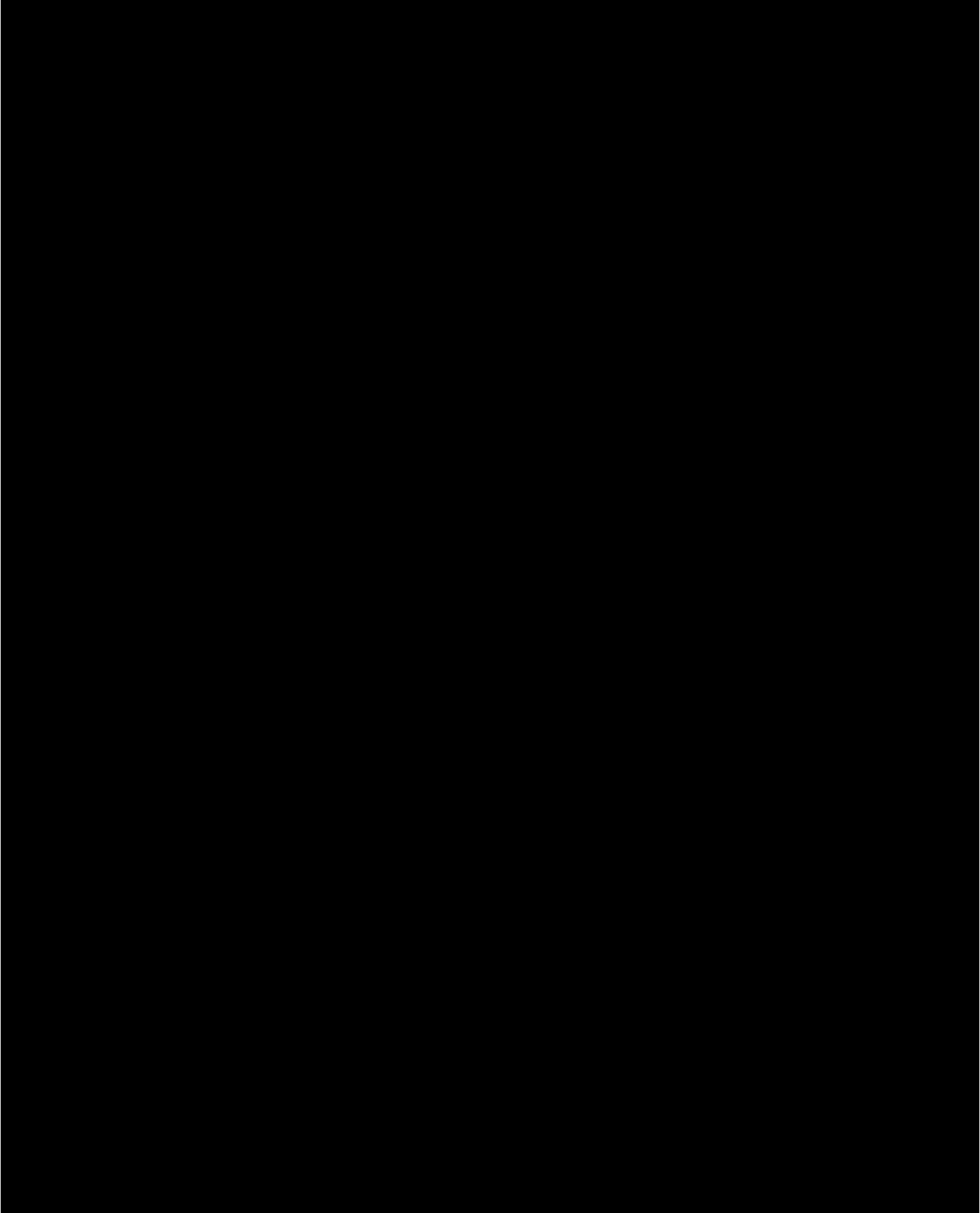
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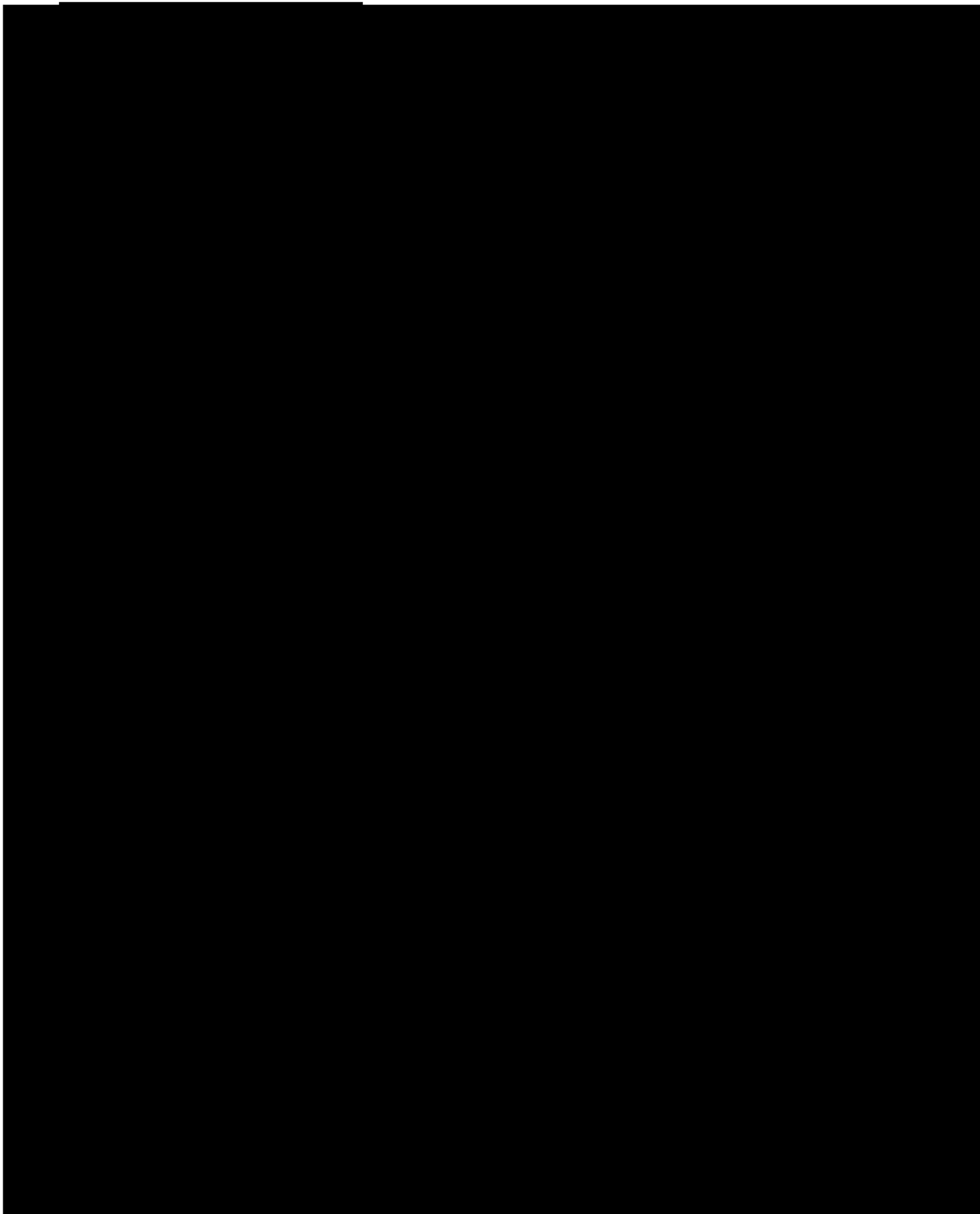
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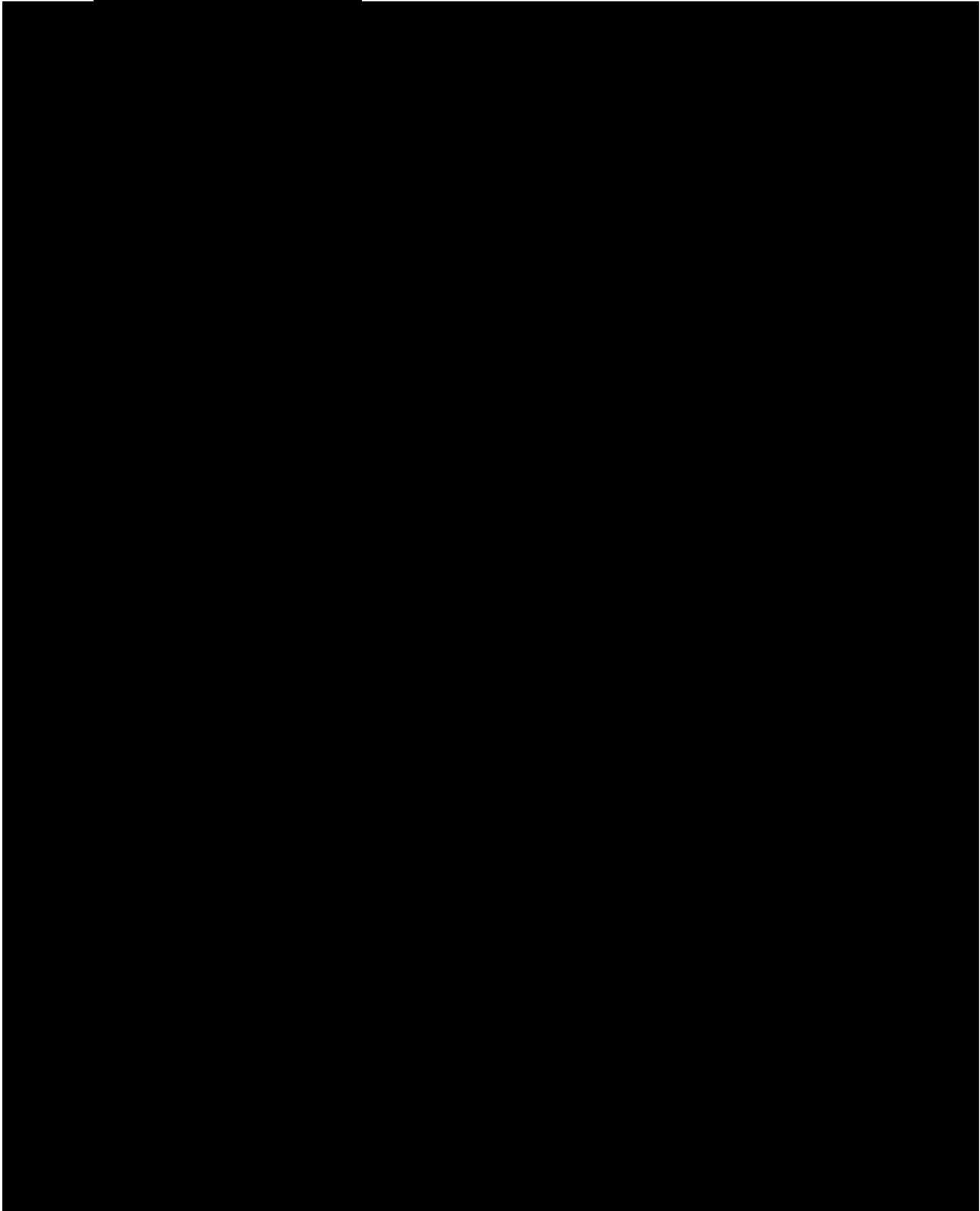
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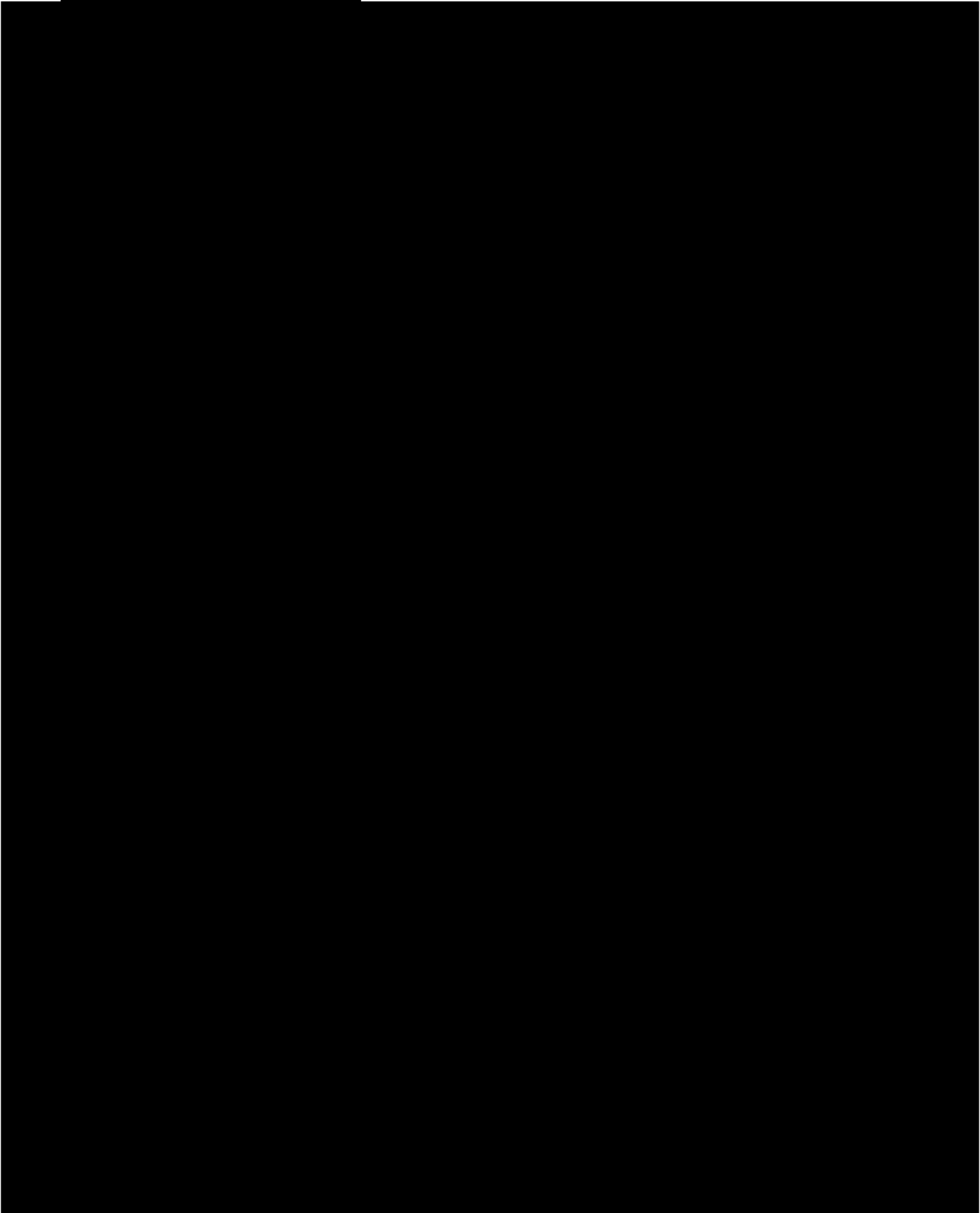
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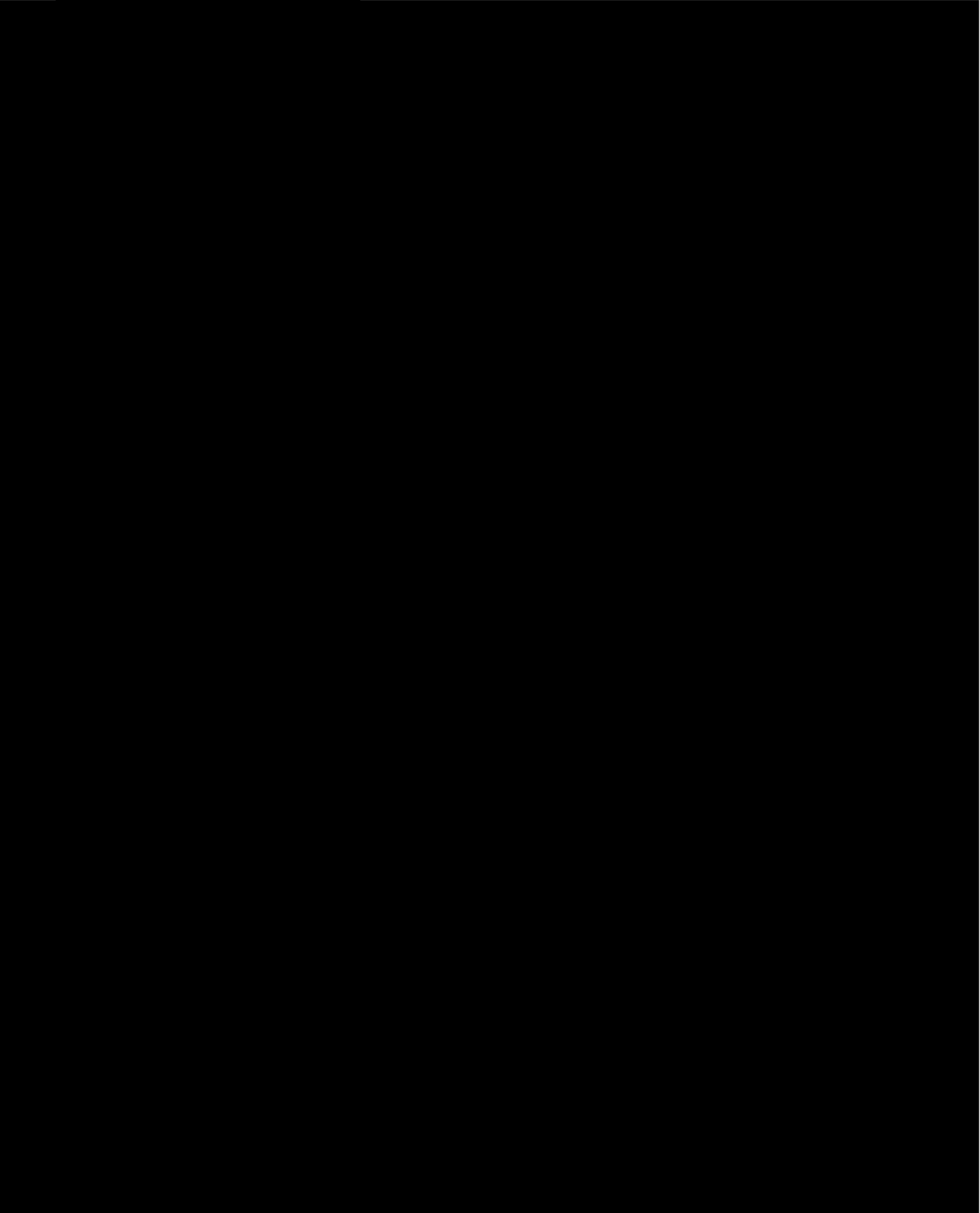
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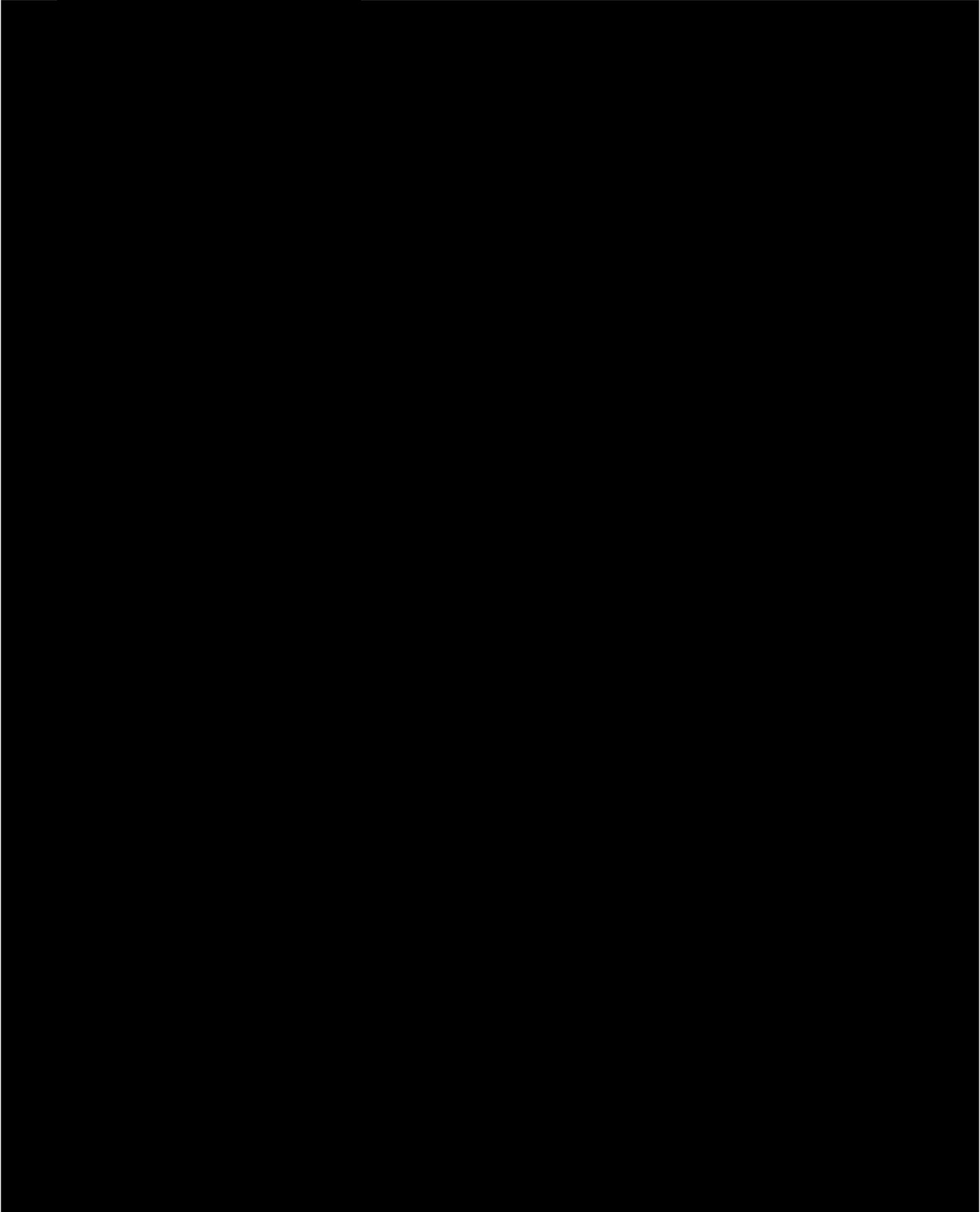
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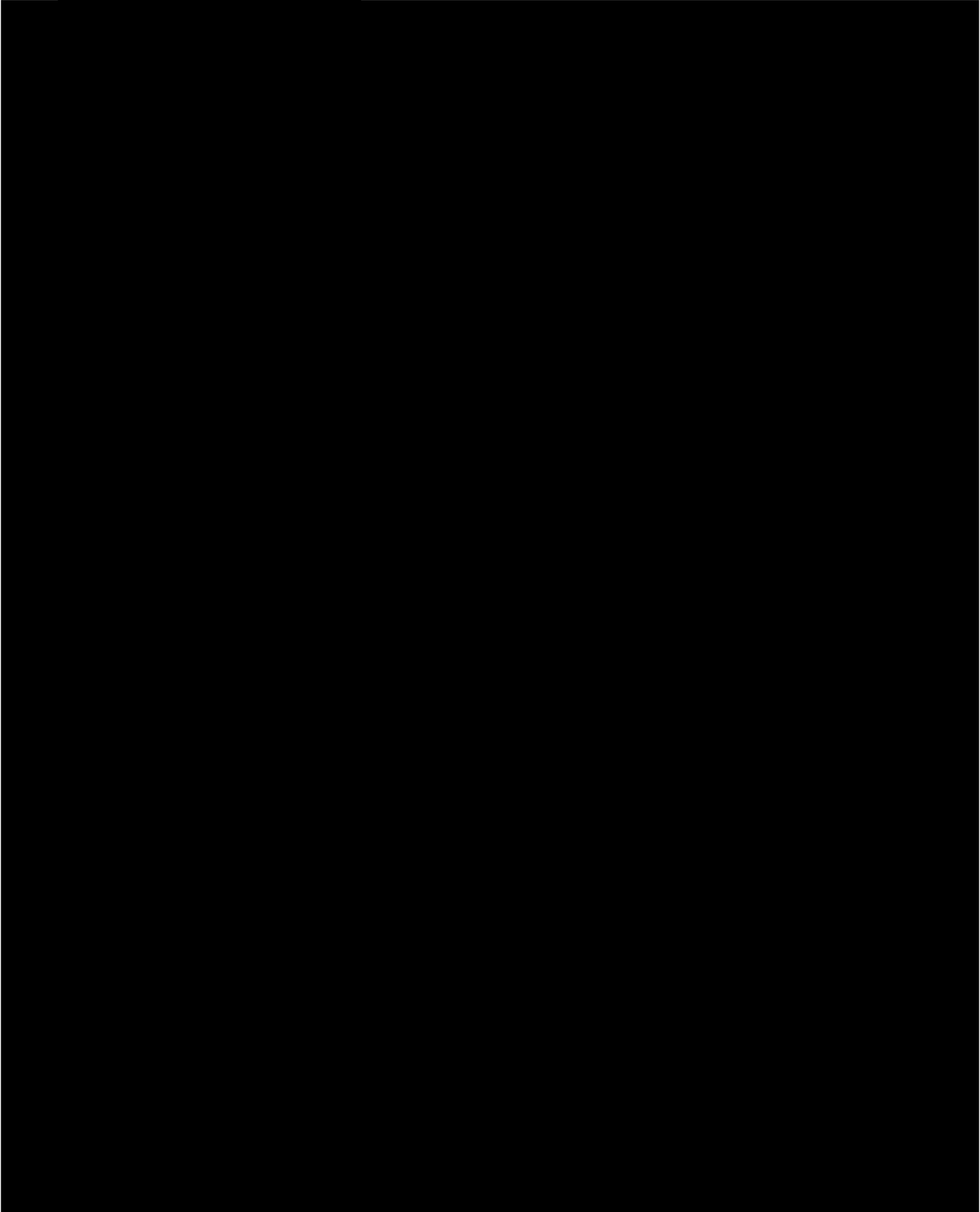
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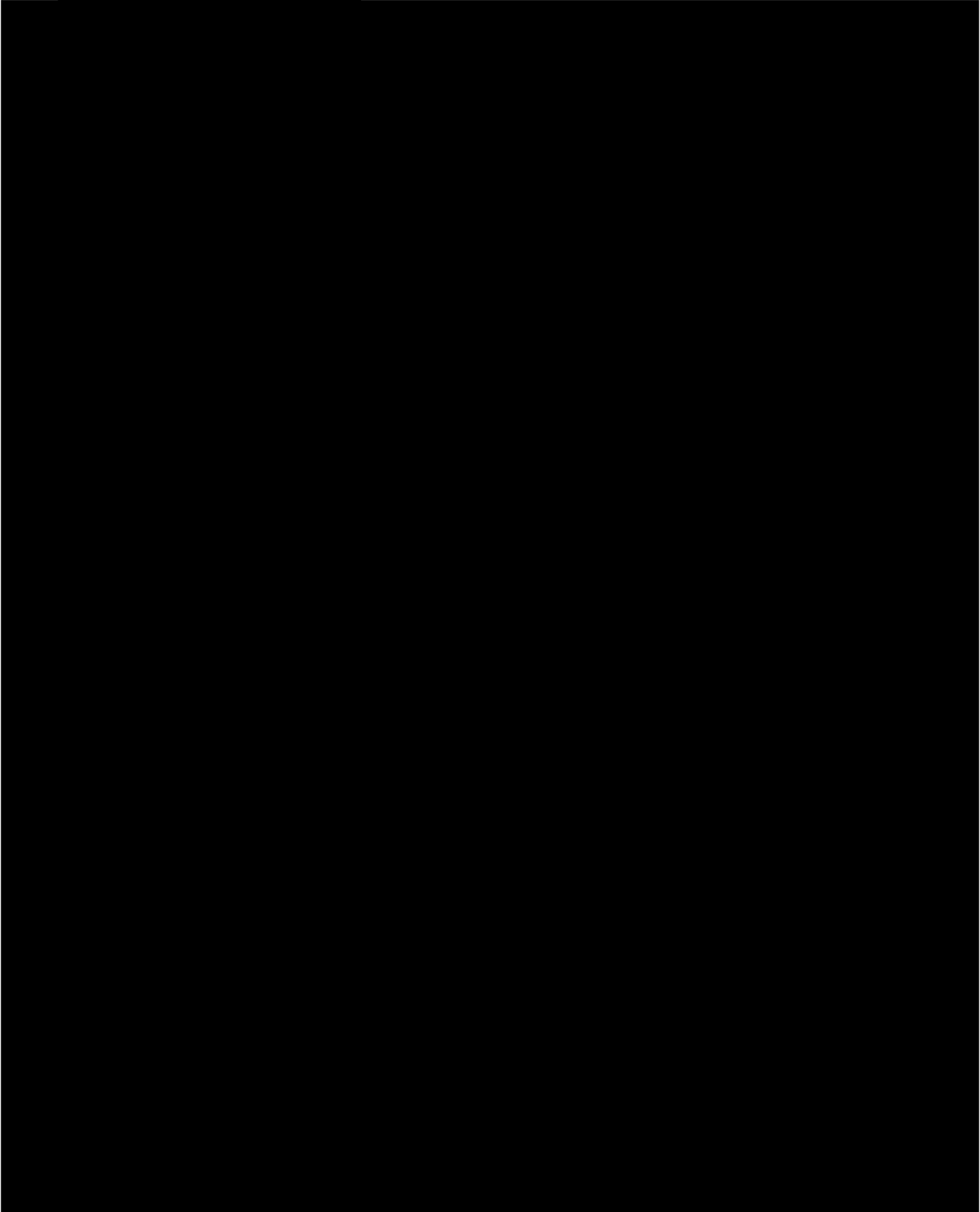
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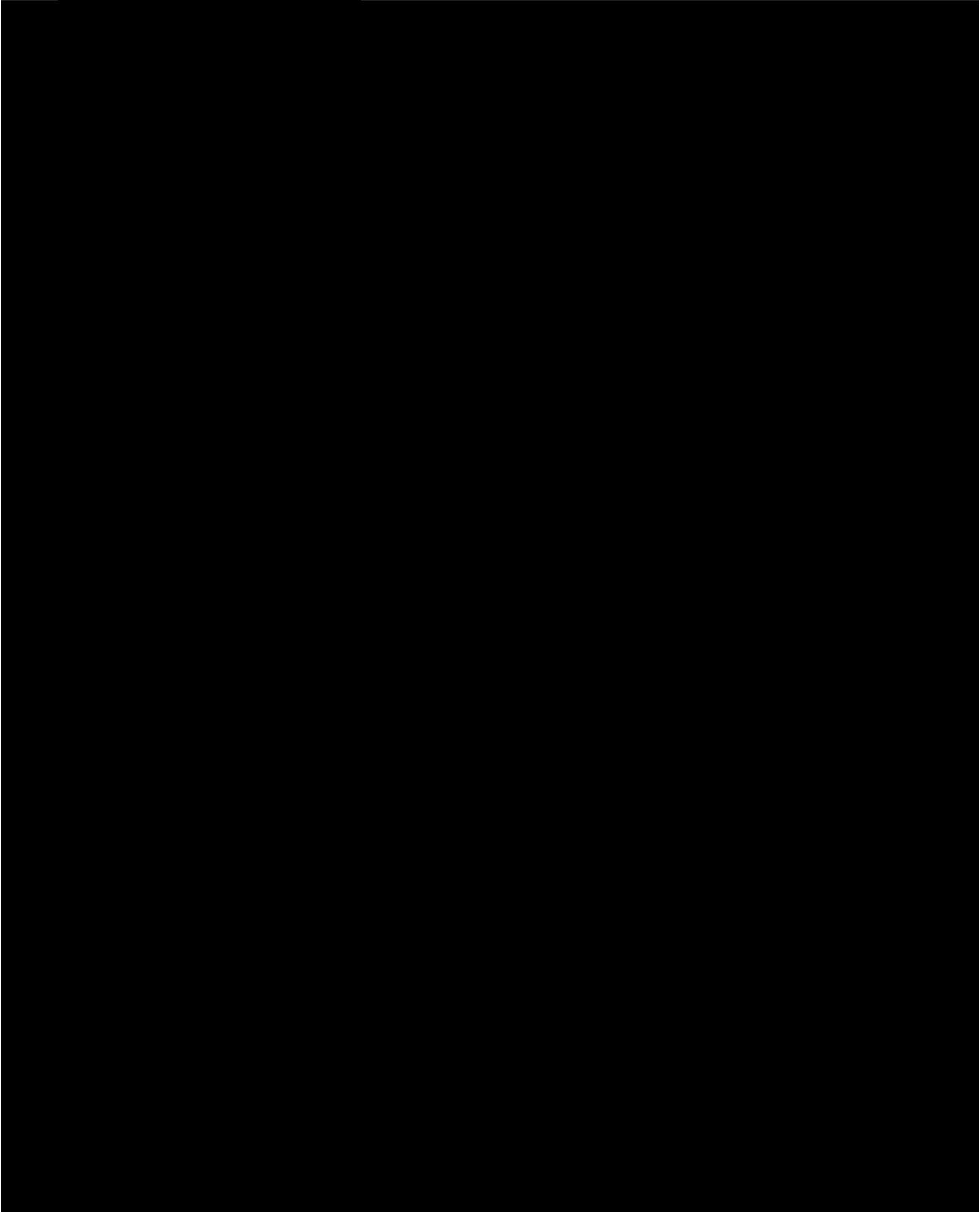
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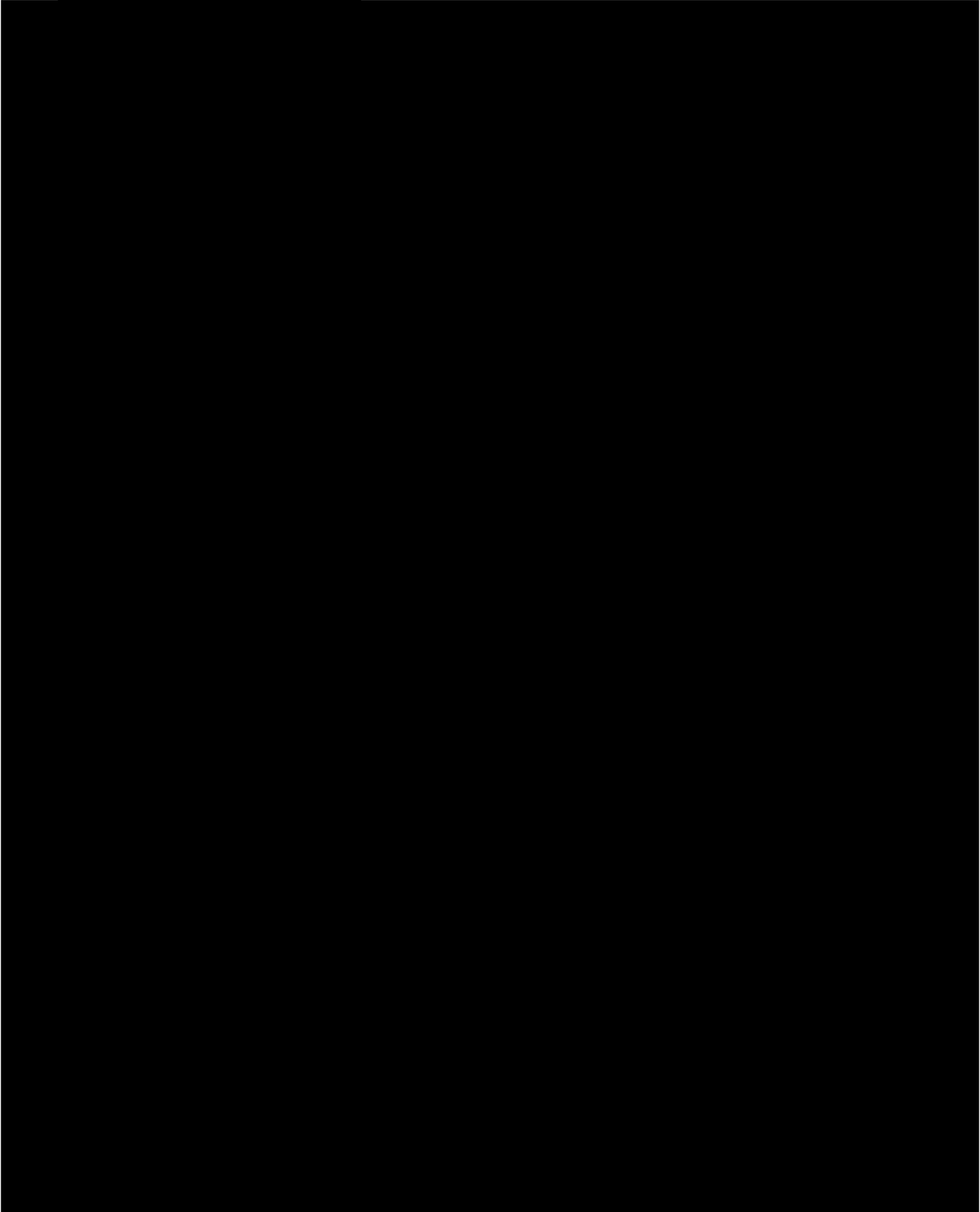
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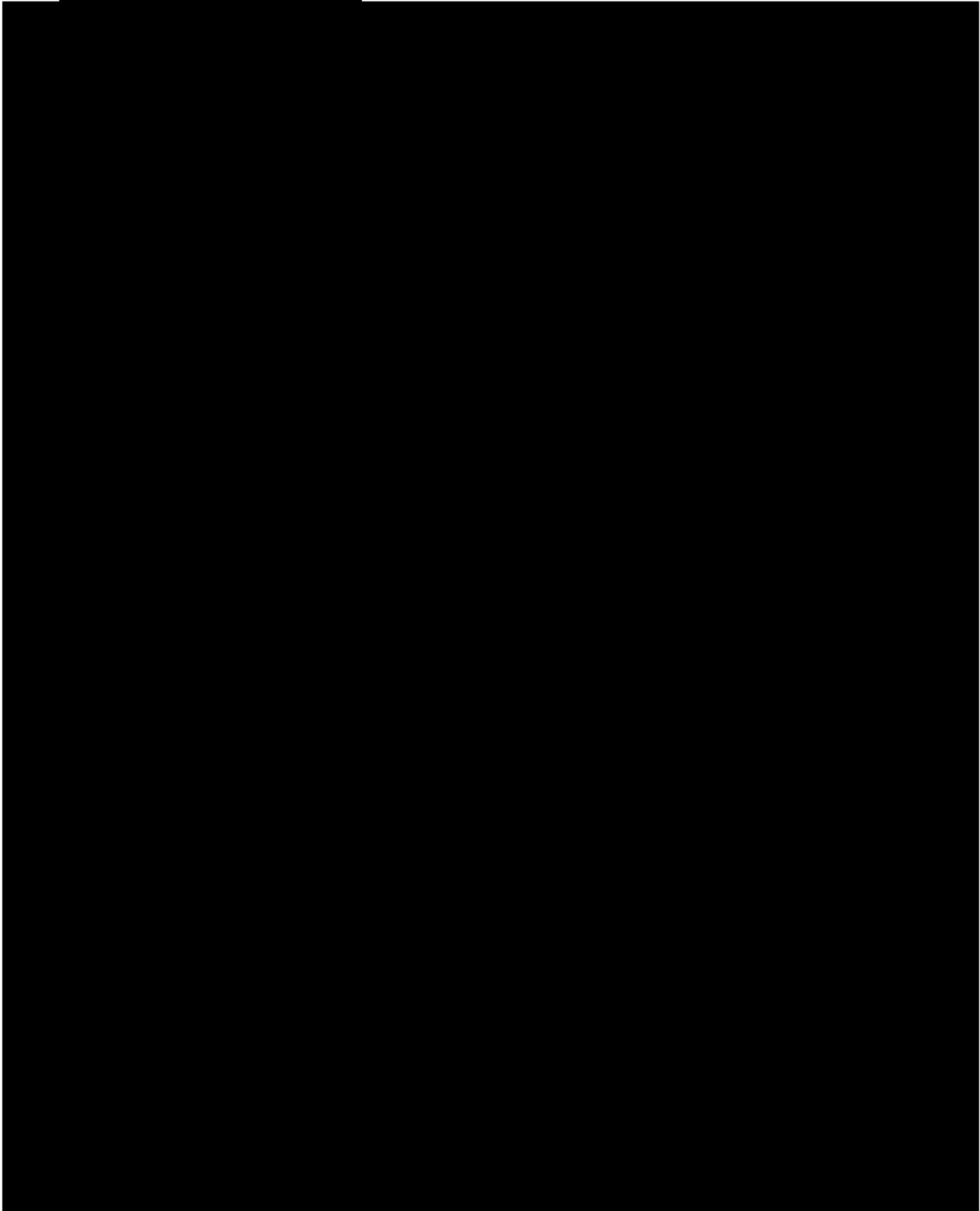
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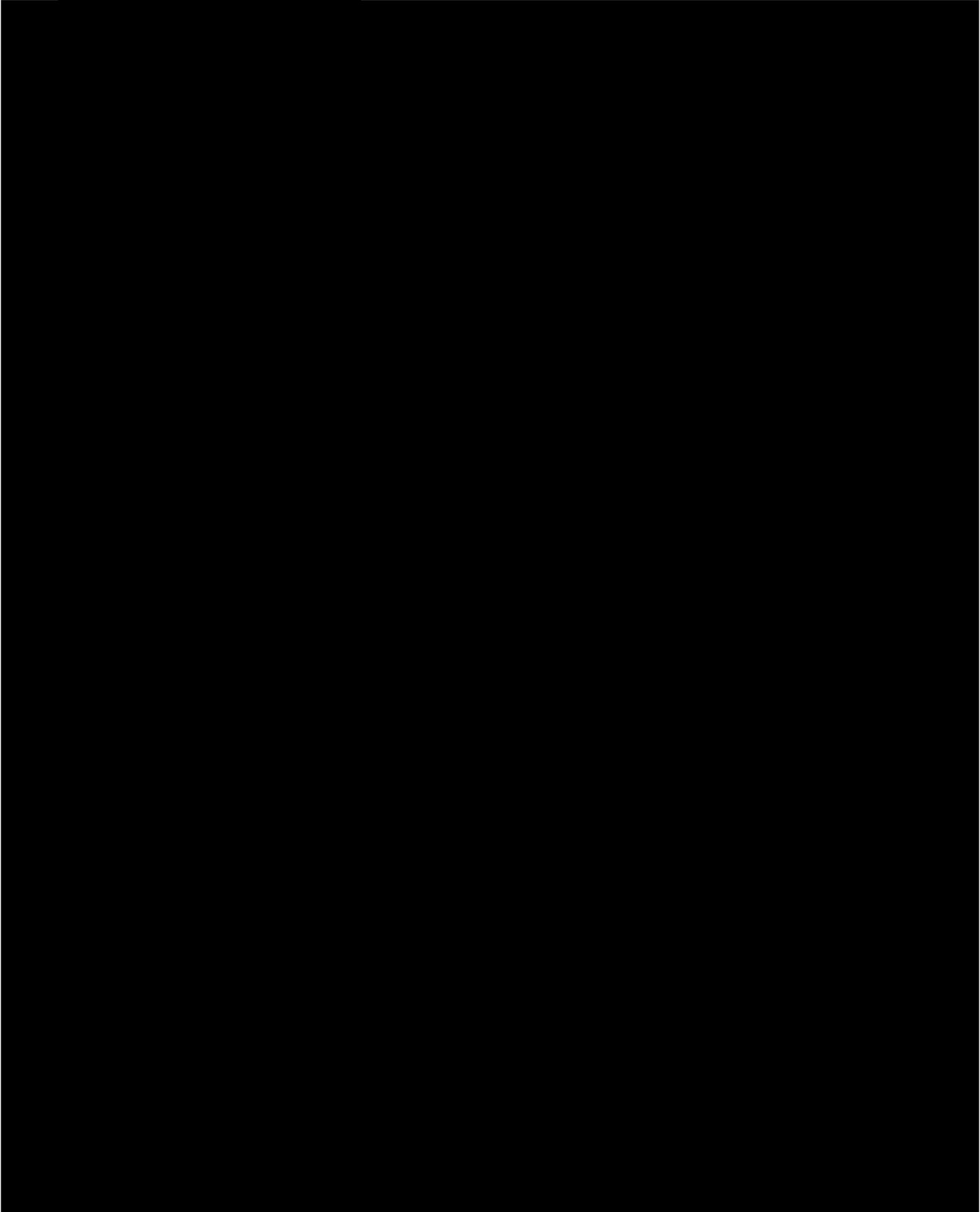
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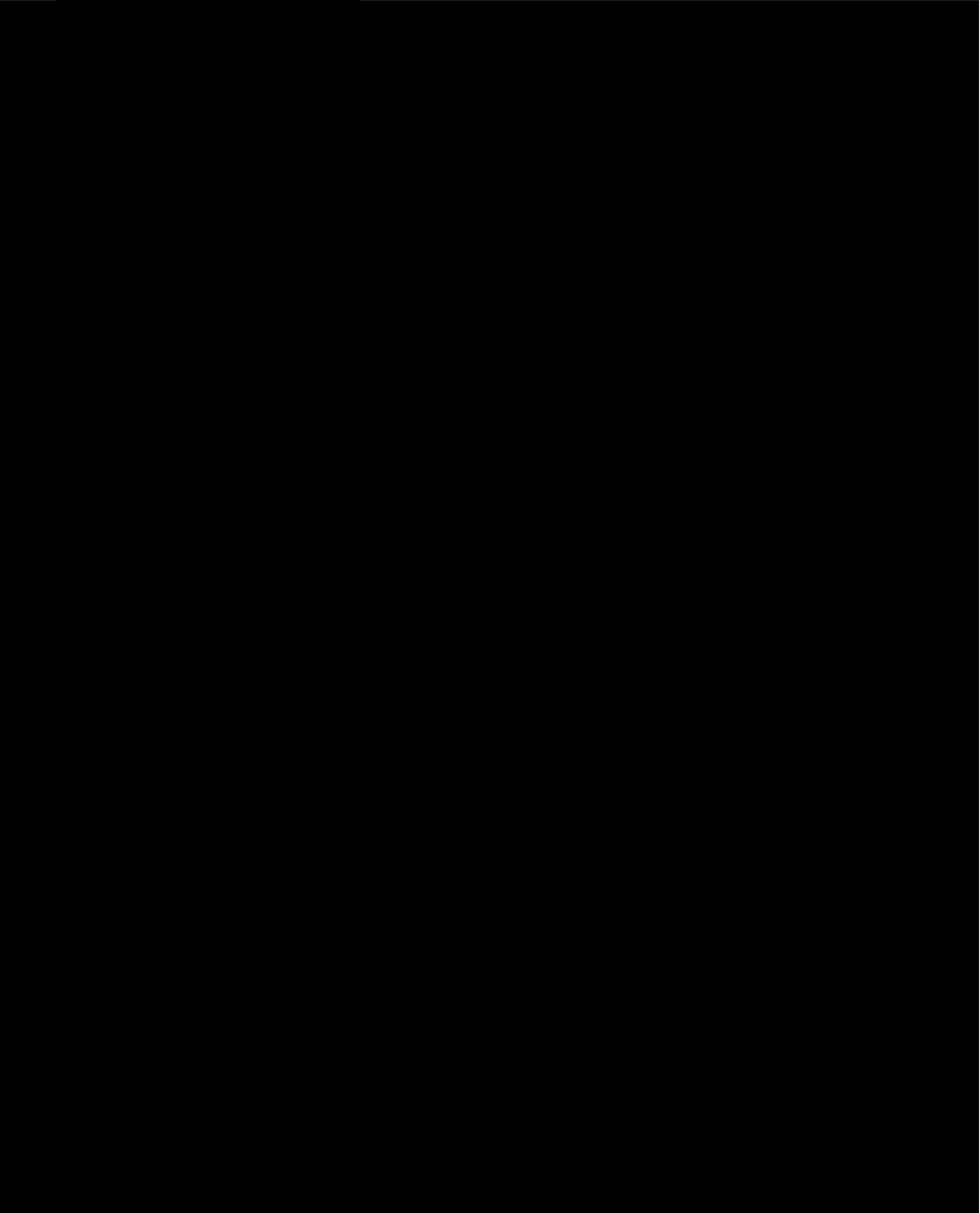
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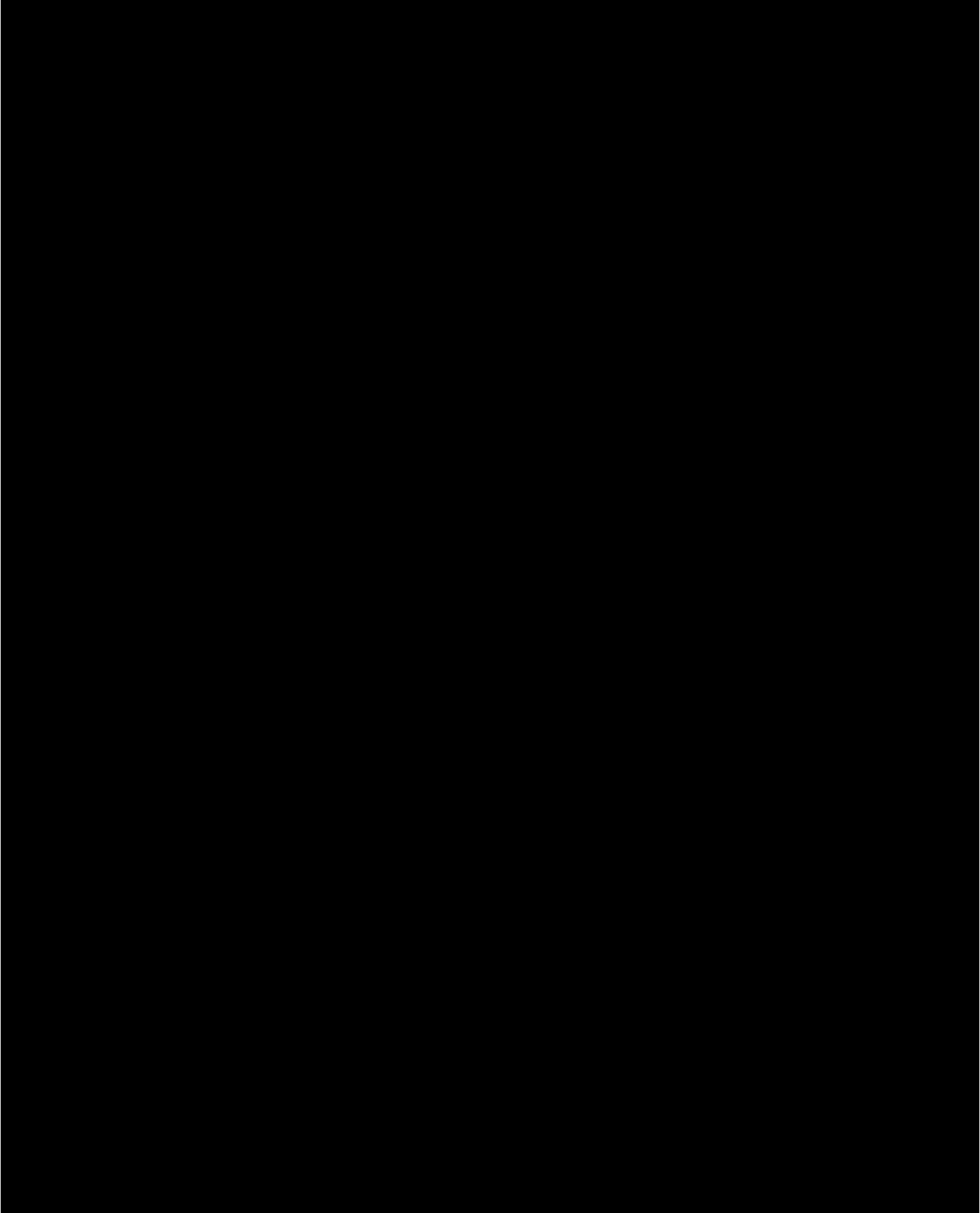


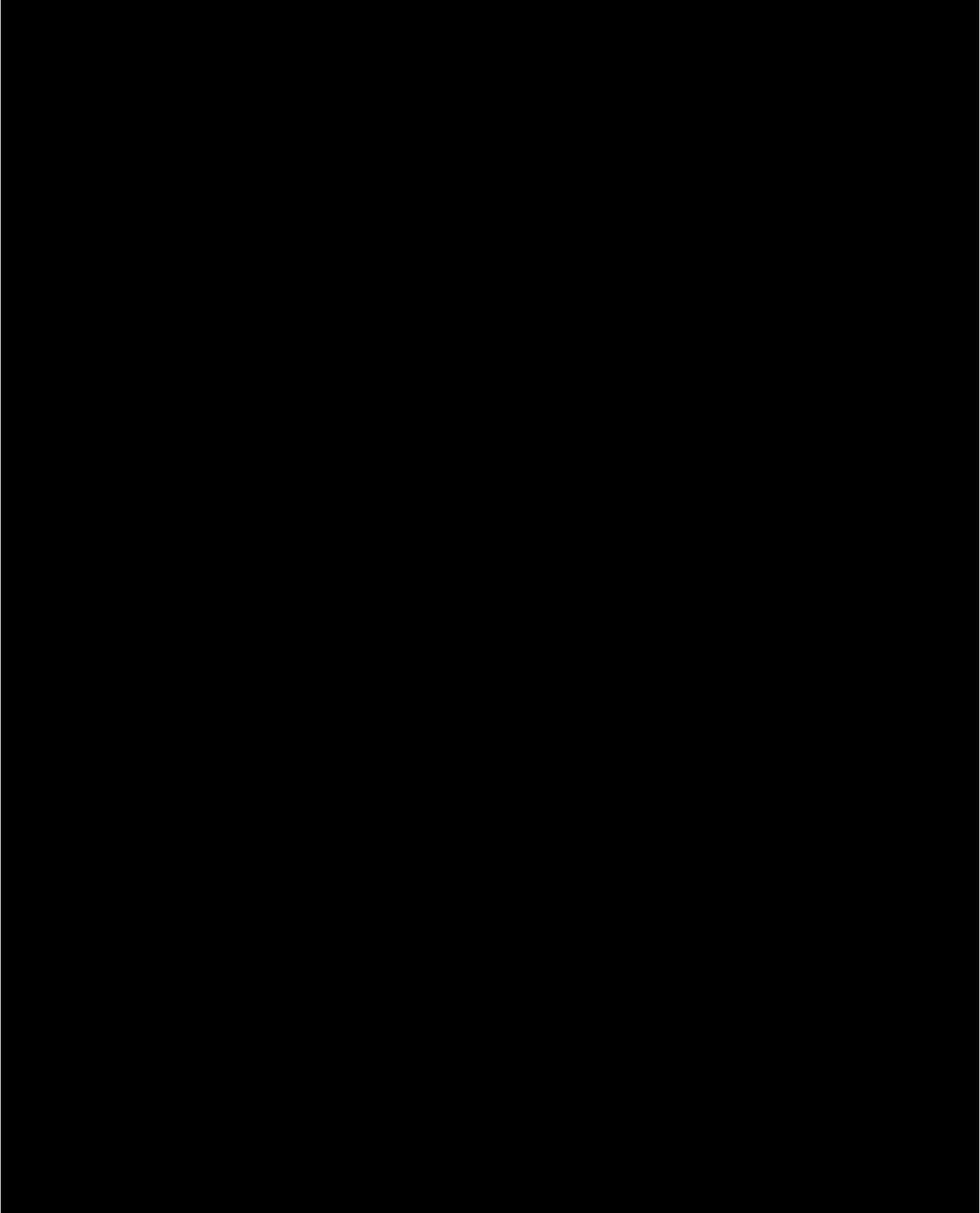
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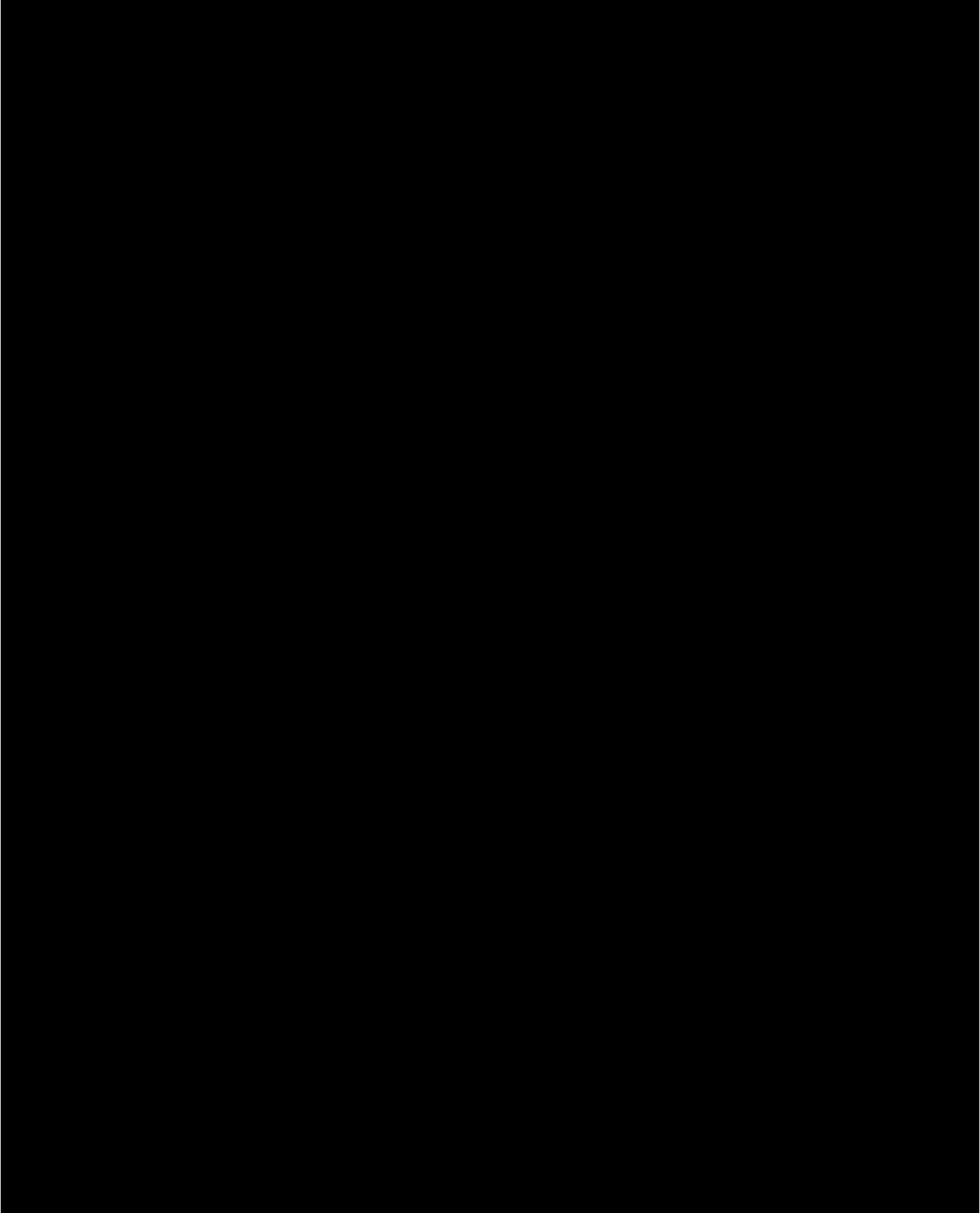
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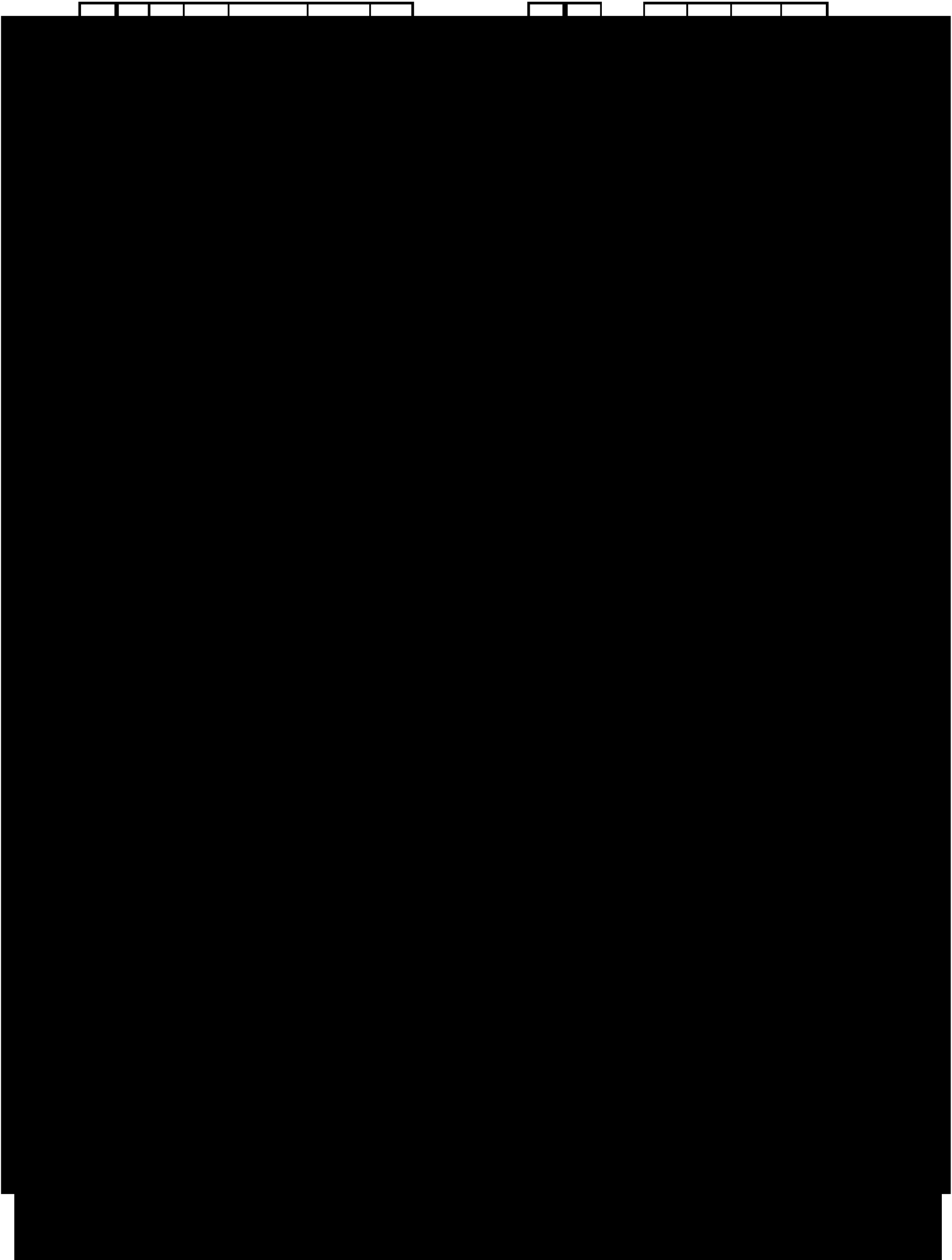
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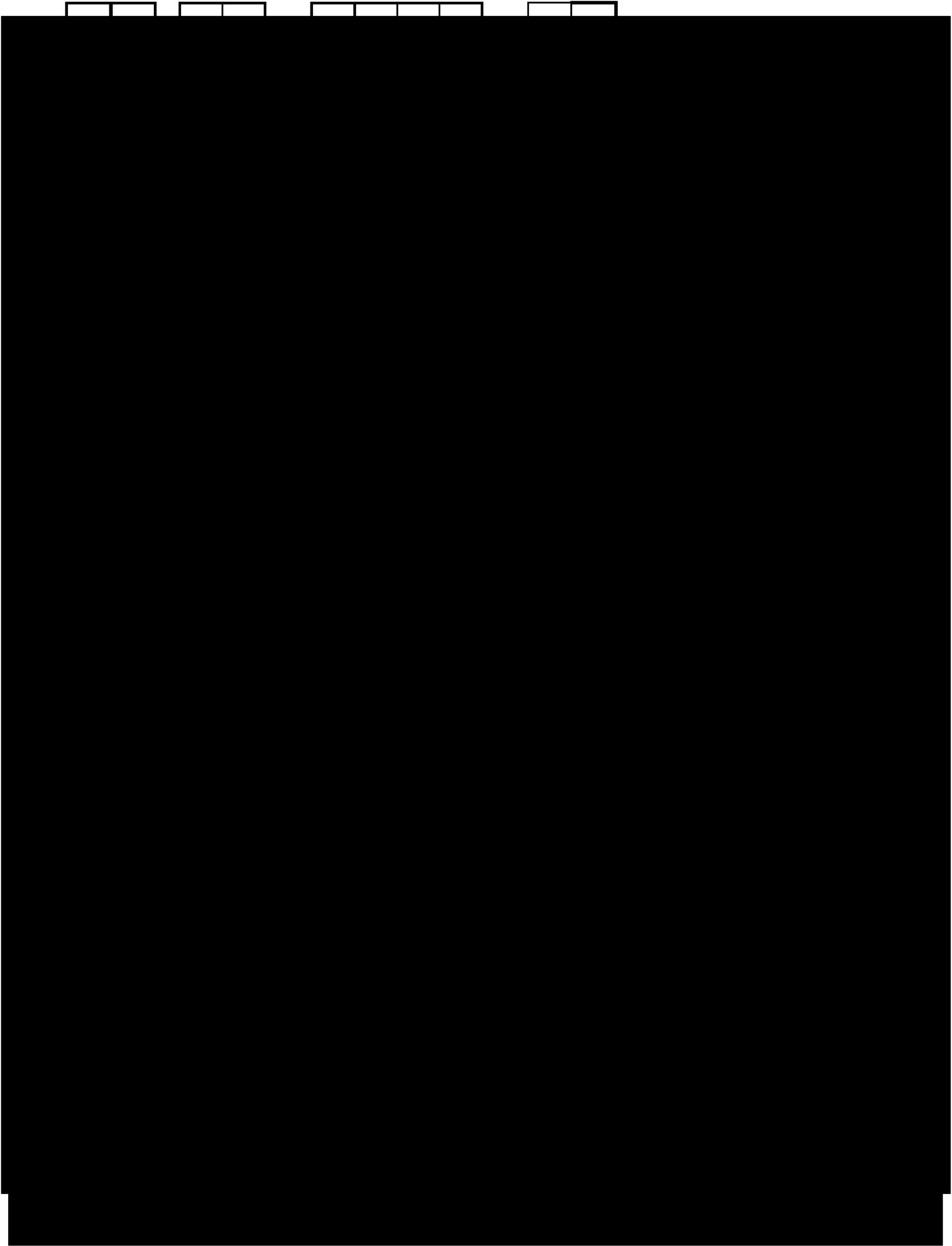


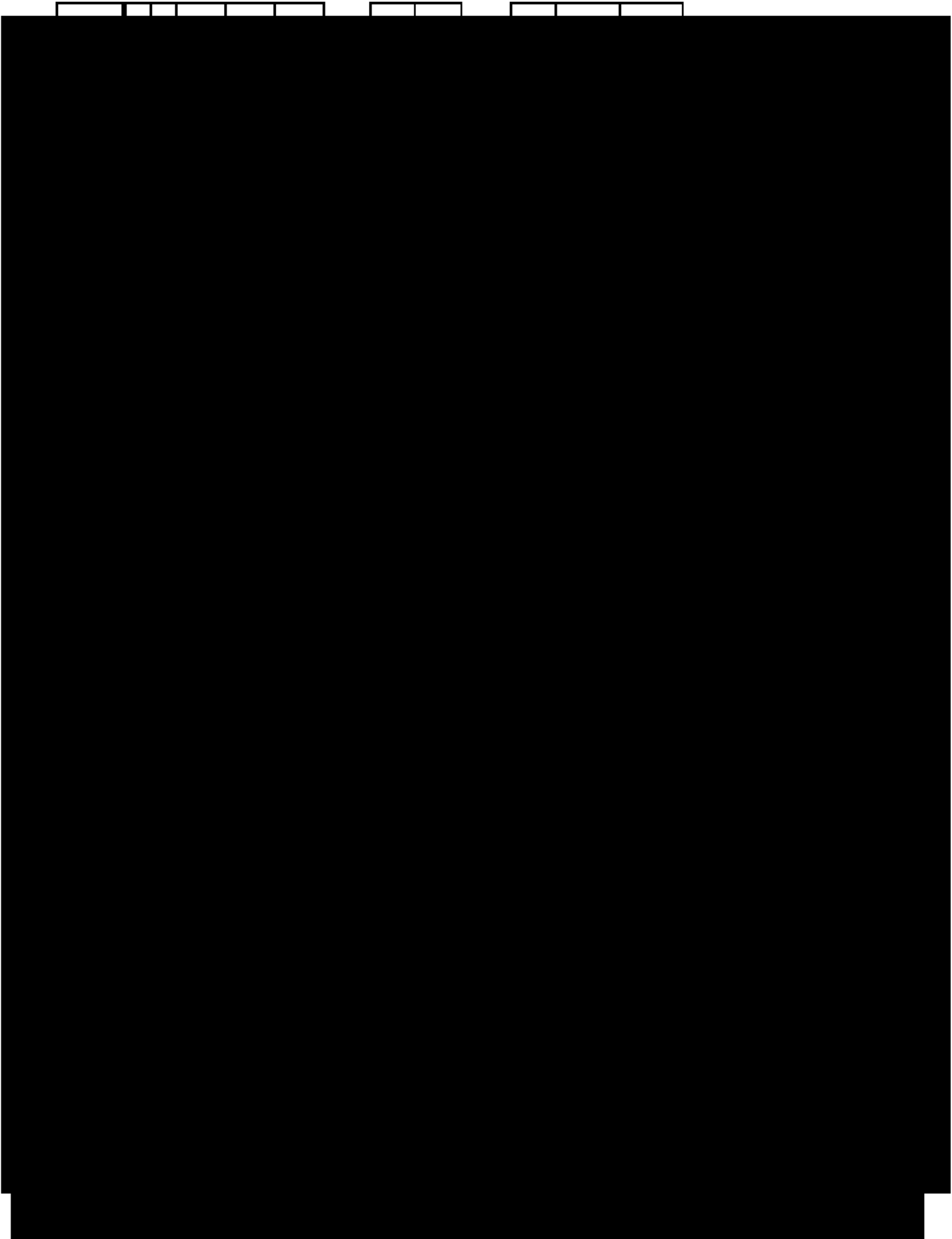


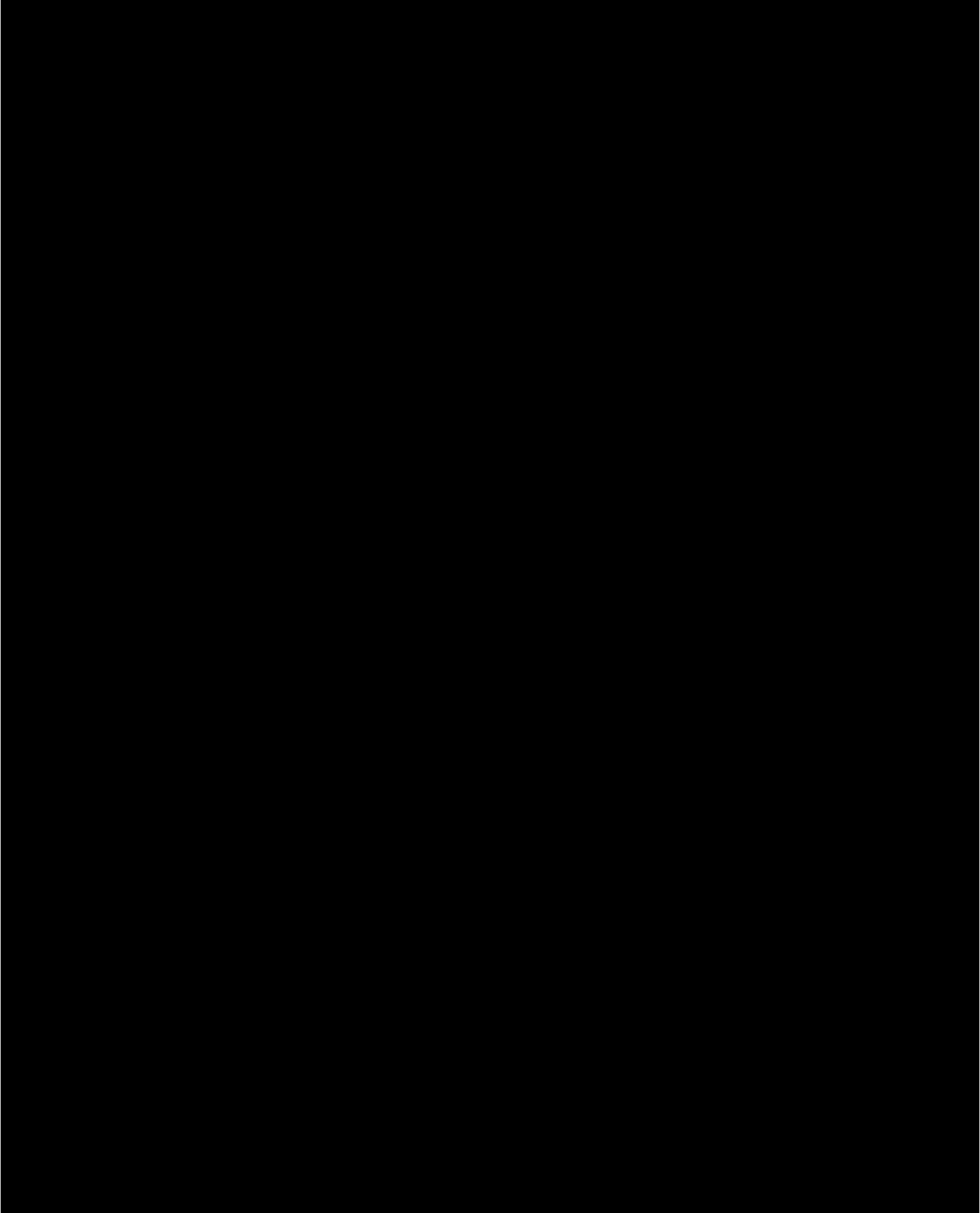












Section V.7 - Storage

Workpapers should include the following information about natural gas storage included in the portfolio upon which that PGA is based.

- a) **Type of storage (e.g. depleted field, salt dome).**

See Table 1 below.

- b) **Location of each storage facility.**

See Table 1 below.

- c) **Total level of storage in terms of deliverability and capacity held during the gas year.**

See Table 1 below.

TABLE 1

Facility	Max. Daily Rate(Dth/day)	Max. Seasonal Level (Dth)
Jackson Prairie - aquifer - Chehalis, WA	46,030	1,120,288
J. Aron Storage - virtual storage - Alberta, Canada	16,813	1,530,000
Tenaska Marketing Canada - virtual storage - Alberta, Canada	19,000	947,817
Mist (share allocated to Utility) - depleted field - Mist, OR	305,000	10,644,758
Portland LNG - LNG Plant - Portland, OR	128,800	644,400
Newport LNG - LNG Plant - Newport, OR	65,340	980,100

- d) **Historical (five years) gas supply delivered to storage, both annual total and by month.**

See Table 2 below.

- e) **Historical (five years) gas supply withdrawn from storage, both annual total and by month**

See Table 2 below.

TABLE 2

NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS COMPANY All Sites Therms Summary												
Jan-11	139,529,472	\$ 71,948,607.56	0.51565	16,536,581	\$ 7,960,155.79	4,534,550	\$ 1,898,587.33	0.41869	127,527,441	\$ 65,887,039.10	0.51665	
Feb	127,527,441	\$ 65,887,039.10	0.51665	12,055,968	\$ 6,039,266.36	3,407,810	\$ 1,383,289.09	0.40592	118,879,283	\$ 61,231,061.83	0.51507	
Mar	118,879,283	\$ 61,231,061.83	0.51507	7,076,302	\$ 3,517,454.99	2,822,600	\$ 1,085,126.04	0.38444	114,625,581	\$ 58,798,732.88	0.51296	
Apr	114,625,581	\$ 58,798,732.88	0.51296	5,732,315	\$ 2,519,434.50	2,628,886	\$ 1,088,941.38	0.41422	111,522,152	\$ 57,368,239.76	0.51441	
May	111,522,152	\$ 57,368,239.76	0.51441	10,792,274	\$ 5,520,359.51	3,546,961	\$ 1,499,222.91	0.42268	104,276,839	\$ 53,347,103.16	0.51159	
Jun	104,276,839	\$ 53,347,103.16	0.51159	278,481	\$ 153,669.85	4,613,636	\$ 2,022,089.98	0.43829	108,611,994	\$ 55,215,523.29	0.49552	
Jul	108,611,994	\$ 55,215,523.29	0.50837	348,655	\$ 193,744.00	20,717,911	\$ 8,891,484.55	0.42917	128,981,250	\$ 63,913,263.84	0.49552	
Aug	128,981,250	\$ 63,913,263.84	0.49552	288,531	\$ 159,121.73	7,526,103	\$ 3,115,834.52	0.41400	136,218,822	\$ 66,869,976.63	0.49090	
Sep	136,218,822	\$ 66,869,976.63	0.49090	322,758	\$ 178,017.13	14,891,055	\$ 5,710,632.39	0.38349	150,787,119	\$ 72,402,591.89	0.48016	
Oct	150,787,119	\$ 72,402,591.89	0.48016	3,800,719	\$ 1,404,966.55	27,967,660	\$ 9,873,518.03	0.35303	175,374,060	\$ 80,871,143.37	0.46114	
Nov	175,374,060	\$ 80,871,143.37	0.46114	9,465,008	\$ 3,550,962.54	2,945,068	\$ 1,024,003.04	0.34770	168,854,120	\$ 78,344,183.87	0.46398	
Dec	168,854,120	\$ 78,344,183.87	0.46398	11,517,779	\$ 4,952,519.39	2,644,302	\$ 893,127.66	0.33776	159,980,643	\$ 74,284,792.14	0.46434	
TOTAL 2011 ACTIVITY				77,795,371	\$ 36,149,672.34	98,246,542	\$ 38,485,856.92					
Jan-12	159,980,643	\$ 74,284,792.14	0.46434	11,911,891	\$ 4,669,327.57	2,279,590	\$ 649,110.97	0.28475	150,348,342	\$ 70,264,575.54	0.46735	
Feb	150,348,342	\$ 70,264,575.54	0.46735	8,672,041	\$ 3,187,445.76	348,590	\$ 88,897.46	0.25502	142,024,891	\$ 67,166,027.24	0.47292	
Mar	142,024,891	\$ 67,166,027.24	0.47292	12,658,159	\$ 5,455,394.54	3,460,810	\$ 739,939.28	0.21381	132,827,542	\$ 62,450,571.98	0.46489	
Apr	132,827,542	\$ 62,450,571.98	0.47016	23,051,846	\$ 10,194,050.58	4,500,360	\$ 869,525.78	0.19321	114,276,056	\$ 53,126,047.18	0.46489	
May	114,276,056	\$ 53,126,047.18	0.46489	2,790,265	\$ 1,071,649.57	3,842,187	\$ 895,679.98	0.23312	115,327,978	\$ 52,950,077.59	0.45913	
Jun	115,327,978	\$ 52,950,077.59	0.45913	2,209,903	\$ 643,407.48	6,310,010	\$ 1,367,411.71	0.21671	119,428,085	\$ 53,674,081.82	0.44943	
Jul	119,428,085	\$ 53,674,081.82	0.44943	922,095	\$ 285,082.42	7,056,836	\$ 1,790,152.04	0.25368	125,562,826	\$ 55,179,151.44	0.43945	
Aug	125,562,826	\$ 55,179,151.44	0.43945	289,508	\$ 151,844.55	3,112,036	\$ 792,432.45	0.25463	128,385,354	\$ 55,819,739.34	0.43478	
Sep	128,385,354	\$ 55,819,739.34	0.43478	207,941	\$ 113,206.61	10,098,405	\$ 2,607,874.72	0.25825	138,275,818	\$ 58,314,407.45	0.42173	
Oct	138,275,818	\$ 58,314,407.45	0.42173	5,444,783	\$ 1,384,452.69	25,766,796	\$ 8,855,633.86	0.34368	158,597,831	\$ 65,785,588.62	0.41480	
Nov	158,597,831	\$ 65,785,588.62	0.41480	4,580,684	\$ 1,750,833.09	2,489,966	\$ 929,470.94	0.37329	156,507,113	\$ 64,964,226.47	0.41509	
Dec	156,507,113	\$ 64,964,226.47	0.41509	8,384,530	\$ 2,953,010.06	2,106,485	\$ 850,861.58	0.40392	150,229,068	\$ 62,862,077.99	0.41844	
TOTAL 2012 ACTIVITY				81,123,646	\$ 31,859,704.92	71,372,071	\$ 20,436,990.77					
Jan-13	150,229,068	\$ 62,862,077.99	0.41844	14,677,497	\$ 5,405,016.60	5,093,510	\$ 1,831,966.73	0.35967	140,645,081	\$ 59,289,028.12	0.42155	
Feb	140,645,081	\$ 59,289,028.12	0.42155	13,800,354	\$ 5,335,663.36	1,262,630	\$ 409,713.41	0.32449	128,107,357	\$ 54,363,078.17	0.42436	
Mar	128,107,357	\$ 54,363,078.17	0.42436	3,567,521	\$ 1,115,677.83	5,501,939	\$ 1,964,738.34	0.35710	130,041,775	\$ 55,212,138.68	0.42457	
Apr	130,041,775	\$ 55,212,138.68	0.42457	21,459,008	\$ 8,365,699.38	4,538,540	\$ 1,807,682.82	0.39830	113,121,307	\$ 48,654,122.12	0.43011	
May	113,121,307	\$ 48,654,122.12	0.43011	4,818,397	\$ 1,845,435.83	8,574,316	\$ 2,707,134.37	0.31573	116,877,226	\$ 49,515,820.66	0.42366	
Jun	116,877,226	\$ 49,515,820.66	0.42366	175,511	\$ 91,369.64	8,915,841	\$ 3,055,934.87	0.34275	125,524,403	\$ 52,469,340.89	0.41800	
Jul	125,524,403	\$ 52,469,340.89	0.41800	565,039	\$ 240,884.14	15,007,288	\$ 4,532,440.74	0.30202	139,966,652	\$ 56,760,897.49	0.40553	
Aug	139,966,652	\$ 56,760,897.49	0.40553	274,464	\$ 135,425.37	17,596,859	\$ 4,711,223.75	0.26773	157,289,046	\$ 61,336,695.87	0.38996	
Sep	157,289,046	\$ 61,336,695.87	0.38996	285,901	\$ 140,062.88	10,388,350	\$ 2,723,301.45	0.26215	167,391,495	\$ 63,919,934.44	0.38186	
Oct	167,391,495	\$ 63,919,934.44	0.38186	4,070,753	\$ 1,272,892.19	10,841,958	\$ 4,013,141.26	0.37015	174,162,700	\$ 66,660,183.51	0.38275	
Nov	174,162,700	\$ 66,660,183.51	0.38275	7,315,178	\$ 2,342,207.60	12,577,745	\$ 4,710,632.15	0.37452	179,425,267	\$ 69,028,608.06	0.38472	
Dec	179,425,267	\$ 69,028,608.06	0.38472	46,561,323	\$ 17,032,482.39	6,732,330	\$ 3,374,222.26	0.50120	139,596,274	\$ 55,370,347.93	0.39665	
TOTAL 2013 ACTIVITY				117,570,946	\$ 43,322,817.21	107,031,306	\$ 35,842,132.15					
Jan-14	139,596,274	\$ 55,370,347.93	0.39665	30,835,168	\$ 11,843,590.19	1,760,410	\$ 767,548.02	0.43601	110,521,516	\$ 44,294,305.76	0.40078	
Feb	110,521,516	\$ 44,294,305.76	0.40078	29,228,201	\$ 12,337,686.61	2,109,060	\$ 1,410,671.47	0.66886	83,402,375	\$ 33,367,290.62	0.40008	
Mar	83,402,375	\$ 33,367,290.62	0.40008	4,103,948	\$ 1,427,892.69	5,235,359	\$ 2,778,669.67	0.53075	84,533,786	\$ 34,718,067.60	0.41070	
Apr	84,533,786	\$ 34,718,067.60	0.41070	2,620,950	\$ 1,039,548.32	7,343,259	\$ 3,410,003.35	0.46437	89,256,095	\$ 37,088,522.63	0.41553	
May	89,256,095	\$ 37,088,522.63	0.41553	179,202	\$ 87,337.55	15,343,377	\$ 6,883,358.12	0.44862	104,420,270	\$ 43,884,543.20	0.42027	
Jun	104,420,270	\$ 43,884,543.20	0.42027	409,025	\$ 200,391.58	15,898,061	\$ 7,384,324.83	0.46448	119,909,306	\$ 51,068,476.45	0.42589	
Jul	119,909,306	\$ 51,068,476.45	0.42589	150,183	\$ 70,223.64	25,904,013	\$ 10,835,078.53	0.41828	145,663,136	\$ 61,336,695.87	0.42450	
Aug	145,663,136	\$ 61,336,695.87	0.42450	12,428	\$ 5,479.26	25,531,734	\$ 10,129,576.35	0.39674	171,182,442	\$ 71,957,428.43	0.42036	
Sep	171,182,442	\$ 71,957,428.43	0.42036	62,586	\$ 30,087.78	17,516,192	\$ 7,008,362.97	0.40011	188,636,048	\$ 78,935,703.62	0.41846	
Oct	188,636,048	\$ 78,935,703.62	0.41846	1,483,225	\$ 756,854.52	10,968,256	\$ 4,113,318.43	0.37502	198,121,080	\$ 82,292,167.52	0.41536	
Nov	198,121,080	\$ 82,292,167.52	0.41536	13,322,697	\$ 5,892,179.83	4,433,490	\$ 1,873,768.24	0.42264	189,231,873	\$ 78,273,755.94	0.41364	
Dec	189,231,873	\$ 78,273,755.94	0.41364	13,750,118	\$ 5,897,877.99	2,358,363	\$ 663,443.82	0.28132	177,840,118	\$ 73,039,321.77	0.41070	
TOTAL 2014 ACTIVITY				96,157,731	\$ 39,589,149.96	134,401,574	\$ 57,258,123.80					
Jan-15	177,840,117	\$ 73,039,321.77	0.41070	14,245,904	\$ 6,012,586.29	888,310	\$ 262,325.07	0.29531	164,482,523	\$ 67,289,060.55	0.40910	
Feb	164,482,523	\$ 67,289,060.55	0.40910	7,292,629	\$ 3,141,852.01	6,012,346	\$ 1,426,726.22	0.23730	163,202,240	\$ 65,573,934.76	0.40180	
Mar	163,202,240	\$ 65,573,934.76	0.40180	1,830,436	\$ 805,376.16	4,745,680	\$ 1,098,192.39	0.23141	166,117,484	\$ 65,866,750.99	0.39651	
Apr	166,117,484	\$ 65,866,750.99	0.39651	4,171,954	\$ 1,638,956.58	5,066,936	\$ 1,154,126.03	0.22778	167,012,466	\$ 65,381,920.44	0.39148	
May	167,012,466	\$ 65,381,920.44	0.39148	113,933	\$ 49,743.72	7,893,979	\$ 2,109,511.88	0.26723	174,792,512	\$ 67,441,688.60	0.38584	
Jun	174,792,512	\$ 67,441,688.60	0.38584	294,416	\$ 129,698.39	8,657,668	\$ 2,004,911.84	0.23158	183,155,764	\$ 69,316,902.05	0.37846	
Jul	183,155,764	\$ 69,316,902.05	0.37846	299,408	\$ 131,777.68	5,312,087	\$ 1,249,966.44	0.23531	188,168,443	\$ 70,435,090.81	0.37432	
Aug	188,168,443	\$ 70,435,090.81	0.37432	265,134	\$ 116,504.21	10,284,977	\$ 2,520,779.67	0.24509	198,188,286	\$ 72,839,366.27	0.36753	
Sep	198,188,286	\$ 72,839,366.27	0.36753	292,458	\$ 128,767.66	4,899,483	\$ 1,221,204.70	0.24925	202,795,311	\$ 73,931,803.31	0.36456	
Oct	202,795,311	\$ 73,931,803.31	0.36456	2,277,409	\$ 813,221.62	2,847,073	\$ 670,156.87	0.23538	203,364,975	\$ 73,788,738.56	0.36284	
Nov	203,36											

f) An explanation of the methodology utilized by the LDC to price storage injections and withdrawals, as well as the total and average (per unit) cost of storage gas.

The price of gas placed into storage, classed as working inventory, will be the average cost of gas defined as the average commodity cost of gas delivered to the city gate (utilizing unhedged discretionary sources first: i.e., spot gas first, then swing, and base load term supplies last. If storage injections exceed unhedged gas purchases, then average cost of hedged gas would be used to value the remainder of the storage injections.) This price would represent commodity cost, transportation cost, and fuel-in-kind (FIK) at either the NNG city gas (internal storage) or at the external storage site. In addition, this price will include all storage reservation charges.

This pricing policy will apply to all storage locations owned or under contract to the NNG, with exceptions as noted.

* When the contract for a storage site includes a provision for the price of the gas placed into storage, the price shall be the price as defined by the agreement.

* Direct associated costs, such as liquefaction fees (LS-1), fuel-in-kind (SGS) and actual material costs incurred (Newport) can be added to the base cost when determined significant.

* Injections into virtual storage sites are valued using specific commodity deals plus added costs for fuel and to maintain specific contract terms for each site.

Withdrawals at each facility (Mist, Gasco, etc.) are priced at the average inventory price as established at the beginning of each month. The beginning of the month cost at each facility is adjusted for any withdrawals and any injections to create the end of the month cost, which then becomes the beginning of the month cost for the next month.

g) Copies of all contracts or other agreements and tariffs that control the LDC's use of the storage facilities included in the current portfolio.

See below for the Form of Rate Schedule SGS-2F Service Agreement.

SGS-2F 01/05/07

Page 1 of 3

FORM OF RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F SERVICE AGREEMENT

Rate Schedule SGS-2F Service Agreement

Contract No. 100502

THIS SERVICE AGREEMENT (Agreement) by and between Northwest Pipeline GP (Transporter) and Northwest Natural Gas Company (Shipper) restates the Service Agreement made and entered into on January 01, 1998.

WHEREAS:

- A Pursuant to Section 11.4 of the General Terms and Conditions of Transporter's FERC Gas Tariff, Transporter and Shipper desire to restate the Service Agreement dated January 01, 1998 ("Contract # 100502") in the format of Northwest's currently effective Form of Service Agreement and to make certain additional non-substantive changes, while preserving all pre-existing, substantive contractual rights.
- B Shipper originally acquired capacity by entering into a binding precedent agreement through the open season for incremental firm storage service at Jackson Prairie; as authorized by FERC in Docket No. CP06-416.

THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual covenants set forth herein, Transporter and Shipper agree as follows:

1. **Tariff Incorporation.** Rate Schedule SGS-2F and the General Terms and Conditions (GT&C) that apply to Rate Schedule SGS-2F, as such may be revised from time to time in Transporter's FERC Gas Tariff (Tariff), are incorporated by reference as part of this Agreement, except to the extent that any provisions thereof may be modified by non-conforming provisions herein.
2. **Storage Service.** Subject to the terms and conditions that apply to service under this Agreement, Transporter agrees to inject, store and withdraw natural gas for Shipper, on a firm basis. Shipper may request Transporter to withdraw volumes in excess of Shipper's Contract Demand on a best efforts basis as provided in Rate Schedule SGS-2F. The Contract Demand and Storage Capacity are set forth on Exhibit A.
3. **Storage Rates.** Shipper agrees to pay Transporter for all services rendered under this Agreement at the rates set forth or referenced herein. The maximum currently effective rates (Recourse Rates) set forth in the Statement of Rates in the Tariff, as revised from time to time, that apply to the Rate Schedule SGS-2F customer category identified on Exhibit A will apply to service hereunder unless and to the extent that discounted Recourse Rates or awarded capacity release rates apply as set forth on Exhibit A or negotiated rates apply as set forth on Exhibit D.
4. **Service Term.** This Agreement becomes effective on the date first set forth above. The primary term begin date for the storage service hereunder is set forth on Exhibit A. This Agreement will remain in full force and effect through the primary term end date set forth on Exhibit A and, if Exhibit A indicates that an evergreen provision applies, through the established evergreen rollover periods thereafter until terminated in accordance with the notice requirements under the applicable evergreen provision.
5. **Non-Conforming Provisions.** All aspects in which this Agreement deviates from the Tariff, if any, are set forth as non-conforming provisions on Exhibit B. If Exhibit B includes any material non-conforming provisions, Transporter will file the Agreement with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) and the effectiveness of such non-conforming provisions will be subject to the Commission acceptance of Transporter's filing of the non-conforming Agreement.
6. **Capacity Release.** If Shipper is a temporary capacity release Replacement Shipper, any capacity release conditions, including recall rights and the amount of the Releasing Shipper's Working Gas Quantity released to Shipper for the initial Storage Cycle, are set forth on Exhibit A.
7. **Exhibit Incorporation.** Exhibit A is attached hereto and incorporated as part of this Agreement. If Exhibits B and/or D apply, as noted on Exhibit A to this Agreement, then such Exhibits also are attached hereto and incorporated as part of this Agreement.
8. **Regulatory Authorization.** Storage service under this Agreement is authorized pursuant to the Commission regulations set forth on Exhibit A.
9. **Superseded Agreements.** When this Agreement takes effect, it supersedes, cancels and terminates the following agreement(s): Original Service Agreement dated January 1, 1998.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Transporter and Shipper have executed this Restated Agreement on January 21, 2008.

Northwest Natural Gas Company
By: /s/

Northwest Pipeline GP
By: /s/

8/19/2009

SGS-2F 01/05/07

Page 2 of 3

Name: RANDOLPH S. FRIEDMAN
Title: DIRECTOR, GAS SUPPLY

Name: JANE F HARRISON
Title: MANAGER NWP MARKETING SERVICES

SGS-2F 01/05/07

Page 3 of 3

FORM OF RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F SERVICE AGREEMENT
(Continued)

EXHIBIT A
(Dated January 21, 2008, Effective January 21, 2008)
to the
Rate Schedule SGS-2F Service Agreement
(Contract No. 100502)
between Northwest Pipeline GP
and Northwest Natural Gas Company

SERVICE DETAILS

1. Customer Category: Pre-Expansion Shipper
2. Contract Demand: 46,030 Dth per day
3. Storage Capacity: 1,120,288 Dth
4. Recourse or Discounted Recourse Storage Rates:
(Show Not Applicable if Exhibit D is attached.)
 - a. Demand Charge (per Dth of Contract Demand):
Maximum Currently Effective Tariff Rate
 - b. Capacity Demand Charge (per Dth of Storage Capacity):
Maximum Currently Effective Tariff Rate
 - c. Rate Discount Conditions Consistent with Section 3.2 of Rate Schedule SGS-2F:
Not Applicable
5. Service Term:
 - a. Primary Term Begin Date:
November 01, 1998
 - b. Primary Term End Date:
October 31, 2004
 - c. Evergreen Provision:
Yes, grandfathered unilateral evergreen under Section 15.3 of Rate Schedule SGS-2F
6. Regulatory Authorization: 18 CFR 284.223
7. Additional Exhibits:
 - Exhibit B No
 - Exhibit D No

8/19/2009

tariff

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TF0350 000004Pl26Original Sheet No. 50
TF04
TF05Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06121907 013108

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm

1. AVAILABILITY

This Rate Schedule is available to any Shipper for the purchase of natural gas storage service from Transporter when Shipper and Transporter have executed a Service Agreement for the storage of gas under this Rate Schedule and have arranged for the related transportation of gas to and from the Jackson Prairie Storage Project under one of Transporter's transportation rate schedules.

2. APPLICABILITY AND CHARACTER OF SERVICE

2.1 Applicability. This Rate Schedule shall apply to firm storage gas service consisting of Transporter's injection, storage and withdrawal of Shipper's gas at the Jackson Prairie Storage Project. The executed Service Agreement for service under this Rate Schedule will specify the Shipper category, i.e., whether the Shipper is a Pre-Expansion Shipper or an Expansion Shipper. The Jackson Prairie Storage Project capacity available for this Rate Schedule will be Transporter's undivided interest as an owner in the Project, excluding any portion of such interest which may be authorized for use by Transporter for transportation balancing. Delivery of natural gas by Shipper to Transporter for injection and by Transporter to Shipper upon withdrawal shall be at the point of interconnection between the Jackson Prairie Storage Project and Transporter's main transmission line.

2.2 Character of Service. Storage gas service rendered to Shipper under this Rate Schedule, up to Shipper's Contract Demand and Storage Capacity and subject to the limitations of this Rate Schedule and the executed Service Agreement, shall be firm and shall not be subject to curtailment or interruption except as provided in Sections 9, 10, 12, and 14 of the General Terms and Conditions.

2.3 Capacity Release. Shippers releasing firm storage rights shall do so in accordance with the capacity release provisions outlined in Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions. Any such release is subject to the terms and conditions of this Rate Schedule.

3. MONTHLY RATE

Each month, Shipper will pay Transporter for service rendered under this Rate Schedule the amounts specified in this Section 3, as applicable.

tariff

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TF0351 0010004P126First Revised Sheet No. 51
TF04 Original Sheet No. 51
TF05Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06092508 110108

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

3. MONTHLY RATE (Continued)

3.1 Storage Service. The sum of (a), (b) and (c) below:

- (a) Demand Charge: The sum of the daily product of Shipper's Contract Demand and the Demand Charge stated on Sheet No. of this Tariff that applies to the customer category identified in the Service Agreement.
- (b) Capacity Demand Charge: The sum of the daily product of Shipper's Storage Capacity and the Capacity Demand Charge stated on Sheet No. 7 of this Tariff that applies to the customer category identified in the Service Agreement.

The related transportation of gas to and from the Jackson Prairie storage facility shall be subject to separate transportation charges under applicable open-access Rate Schedules. The rates set forth in the sub-paragraphs above are exclusive of the aforementioned transportation charges.

3.2 Discounted Recourse Rates. Transporter reserves the right to discount at any time the Recourse Rates for any individual Shipper under any service agreement without discounting any other Recourse Rates for that or another Shipper; provided, however, that such discounted Recourse Rates shall not be less than the Minimum Currently Effective Rates set forth on Sheet No. 7 of this Tariff, or any superseding tariff. Such discounted Recourse Rates may apply to specific volumes of gas such as volumes injected, withdrawn or stored above or below a certain level or all volumes if volumes exceed a certain level, and volumes of gas injected, withdrawn or stored during specific time periods. If Transporter discounts any Recourse Rates to any Shipper, Transporter will file with the Commission any required reports reflecting such discounts.

tariff

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TF0352 0020004P126Second Revised Sheet No. 52
TF04 First Revised Sheet No. 52
TF05Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06012109 022009
TF07

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

3. MONTHLY RATE (Continued)

3.3 Charges for Capacity Release Service: The rates for capacity release service are set forth in Sheet No. 7. See Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions for information about rates for capacity release service, including information about acceptable bids. In the event of a base tariff maximum and/or minimum rate change, the Replacement Shipper will be obligated to pay:

(a) the lesser of the awarded bid rate and the new maximum base tariff rate, or the greater of the awarded bid rate and the new minimum base tariff rate, as applicable, for the remaining term of the release for capacity release transactions with a term of more than one year and where the awarded bid rate was not tied to the maximum rate as it may change from time to time;

(b) the greater of the minimum base tariff rate and the awarded bid rate for the remaining term of the release for capacity release transactions with a term of one year or less that take effect on or before one year from the date on which Transporter is notified of the release and where the award bid rate was not tied to the maximum tariff rate; or

(c) the new maximum rate or, if applicable, the percentage of the new maximum rate for capacity release transactions where the awarded bid rate was tied to the maximum rate as it may change from time to time.

For capacity release service subject to demand charges, the payments by the Replacement Shipper shall be equal to the sum of the daily product of the accepted Demand Charge bid rate and the Contract Demand, plus the sum of the daily product of the accepted Capacity Demand Charge bid rate and the Storage Capacity.

For capacity release service subject to volumetric bid rates, the payments by the Replacement Shipper shall be equal to the accepted volumetric bid rate for withdrawals multiplied by the actual volumes withdrawn each day plus the accepted volumetric bid rate for storage multiplied by the actual volumes in storage each day.

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TF0352-A 0010004P156 First Revised Sheet No. 52-A
TF04 Original Sheet No. 52-A
TF05 Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06012109 022009
TF07

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

3. MONTHLY RATE (Continued)

The SGS-2F Volumetric Bid Charge will be calculated as set forth in section 3.1 herein except that (a) and (b) change as specified below

(a) Withdrawal Charge: Per Dth of Withdrawals during the applicable month.

(b) Storage Charge: Per Dth of Shipper's Working Gas Inventory per day.

3.4 Negotiated Rates. Notwithstanding the general provisions of this Section 3, if Transporter and Shipper mutually agree to Negotiated Rates for service hereunder, such Negotiated Rates will apply in lieu of the otherwise applicable rates identified in this Section 3.

4. MINIMUM MONTHLY BILL

Unless Transporter and Shipper mutually agree otherwise, the Minimum Monthly Bill will consist of the sum of the Demand and Capacity Demand Charges specified in Section 3 of this Rate Schedule, as applicable.

5. FUEL GAS REIMBURSEMENT

Shipper shall reimburse Transporter for fuel use in-kind, as detailed in Section 14 of the General Terms and Conditions.

6. CONTRACT DEMAND

The Contract Demand shall be the largest number of Dth Transporter is obligated to withdraw and deliver to Shipper, and Shipper is entitled to receive from Transporter, at Jackson Prairie on any one day, to the limitations set forth in Section 9 below, and shall be specified in the executed Service Agreement between Transporter and Shipper. Transporter's service obligation is limited to Shipper's Contract Demand, as adjusted for any released capacity pursuant to Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions

tariff

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TF0352-B 0010004P156 First Revised Sheet No. 52-B
TF04 Original Sheet No. 52-B
TF05 Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06 012109 022009'
TF07

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

7. STORAGE CAPACITY

Shipper's Storage Capacity shall be the maximum quantity of gas in Dth which Transporter is obligated to store for Shipper's account and shall be specified in the executed Service Agreement between Transporter and Shipper. Transporter's service obligation is limited to Shipper's Storage Capacity, as adjusted for any released capacity pursuant to Section 22 of the General Terms and Conditions.

8. DEFINITIONS

8.1 A Storage Cycle is the twelve-month period beginning October 1 of any calendar year and ending September 30 of the following calendar year.

8.2 Shipper's Working Gas Inventory shall be the actual quantity of working gas in storage for Shipper's account at the beginning of any given day.

8.3 Shipper's Working Gas Quantity for a Storage Cycle shall be determined as of October 1 and shall be the lesser of:

(a) Shipper's Working Gas Inventory as of October 1, the beginning of the Storage Cycle; or

(b) The minimum quantity of Shipper's Working Gas Inventory at any time between August 31 and September 30 of the preceding Storage Cycle divided by 0.80; or

(c) The minimum quantity of Shipper's Working Gas Inventory at any time between June 30 and September 30 of the preceding Storage Cycle divided by 0.35.

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TF0356 000004P126Original Sheet No. 56
TF04
TF05Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06121907 013108
TF07

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

14. TRANSFER OF WORKING GAS INVENTORY (Continued)

Pursuant to the January 15, 1998 Gas Storage Project Agreement, owners of the Jackson Prairie Storage Project may transfer portions of their respective available working gas inventories, as defined in the Project Agreement, to each other. Upon agreement of the parties, and subject to the terms of the Project Agreement, Transporter may utilize its ownership account on behalf of a Rate Schedule SGS-2F Shipper to transfer such Shipper's Working Gas Inventory to an owner's available working gas inventory account. Conversely, an owner may transfer its available working gas inventory to a Rate Schedule SGS-2F Shipper's Working Gas Inventory account.

15. EVERGREEN PROVISION

15.1 Standard Unilateral Evergreen Provision. If Transporter and Shipper agree to include a standard unilateral evergreen provision as indicated on Exhibit A of the Service Agreement, the following conditions will apply:

(a) The established rollover period will be one year.

(b) Shipper may terminate the Service Agreement in its entirety upon the primary term end date or upon the conclusion of any evergreen rollover period thereafter by giving written notice to Transporter so stating at least five years before the termination date.

(c) The termination notice required under Section 15.1(b) will be deemed given when posted on Transporter's Designated Site.

15.2 Standard Bi-Lateral Evergreen Provision. If Transporter and Shipper agree to include a standard bi-lateral evergreen provision as indicated on Exhibit A of the Service Agreement, the following conditions will apply:

tariff

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TF0357 000004P126Original Sheet No. 57
TF04
TF05Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06121907 013108
TF07

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

15. EVERGREEN PROVISION (Continued)

(a) The established rollover period will be:

(i) one month for a Service Agreement with a primary term of less than one year; or

(ii) one year for a Service Agreement with a primary term of one year or more.

(b) Either Transporter or Shipper may terminate the Service Agreement in its entirety upon the primary term end date or upon the conclusion of any evergreen rollover period thereafter by giving the other party termination notice at least:

(i) ten Business Days before the termination date if Section 15.2(a)(i) applies; or

(ii) one year before the termination date if Section 15.2(a)(ii) applies.

(c) The termination notice required under Section 15.2(b) will be deemed given when posted on Transporter's Designated Site. If Transporter gives termination notice, such termination notice also will be given via Internet E-mail or fax if specified by Shipper on the Business Associate Information form.

15.3 Grandfathered Unilateral Evergreen Provision. If a Shipper with Service Agreement containing a unilateral evergreen provision elects: (i) to restate such Service Agreement in the format of the Form of Service Agreement contained in this Tariff, or (ii) to permanently release all or a portion of its firm contract rights, including its unilateral evergreen rights, to a Replacement Shipper at the Maximum Base Tariff Rate pursuant to Section 22.5 of the General Terms and Conditions, then the Exhibit A of the applicable restated or replacement Service Agreement will indicate that the following grandfathered unilateral evergreen conditions will apply:

(a) The established rollover period will be one year, at Shipper's sole option.

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TF0358 000004P126Original Sheet No. 58
TF04
TF05Laren M. Gertsch, Director
TF06121907 013108

RATE SCHEDULE SGS-2F
Storage Gas Service - Firm (Continued)

15. EVERGREEN PROVISION (Continued)

(b) Shipper may terminate all or any portion of service under its Service Agreement either at the expiration of the primary term, or upon any anniversary thereafter, by giving written notice to Transporter so stating at least twelve months in advance.

(c) Shipper also will have the sole option to enter into a new Service Agreement for all or any portion of the service under its Service Agreement at or after the end of the primary term of its Service Agreement. It is Transporter's and Shipper's intent that this provision provide Shipper with a "contractual right to continue such service" and to provide Transporter with concurrent abandonment of any volume that Shipper terminates within the meaning of 18 CFR 284.221(d)(2)(i) as promulgated by Order No. 636 on May 8, 1992.

(d) The termination notice required under Section 15.3(b) will be deemed given when posted on Transporter's Designated Site.

16. INTERIM BEST-EFFORTS WITHDRAWAL CHARGE REVENUE CREDITING

One hundred percent (100%) of Interim Best-Efforts Withdrawal Charge revenues received by Transporter pursuant to Section 3.1 will be credited to Rate Schedule SGS-2F Pre-Expansion Shippers, excluding such Shippers receiving service under capacity release Service Agreements. For each month Transporter receives Interim Best-Efforts Withdrawal Charge revenues, credits for such revenues will be allocated to the eligible Rate Schedule SGS-2F Pre-Expansion Shippers pro rata in proportion to the Demand Charge revenues, net of credits from capacity releases as described in Section 23 of the General Terms and Conditions, received from each eligible Rate Schedule SGS-2F Pre-Expansion Shipper for that month. Such allocated monthly revenue credits will be accrued during a calendar year and reflected as credit billing adjustments on the eligible Shippers' March invoices following such calendar year.

17. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The General Terms and Conditions contained in this Tariff, except Sections 13, 16 and 21 and except as modified in the executed Service Agreement, are applicable to this Rate Schedule and are hereby made a part hereof.

h) For LDC's that own and operate storage:

a. The date and results of the last engineering study for that storage.

See Capacity Performance Study of the Mist Underground Natural Gas Storage Field, Columbia County, OR.

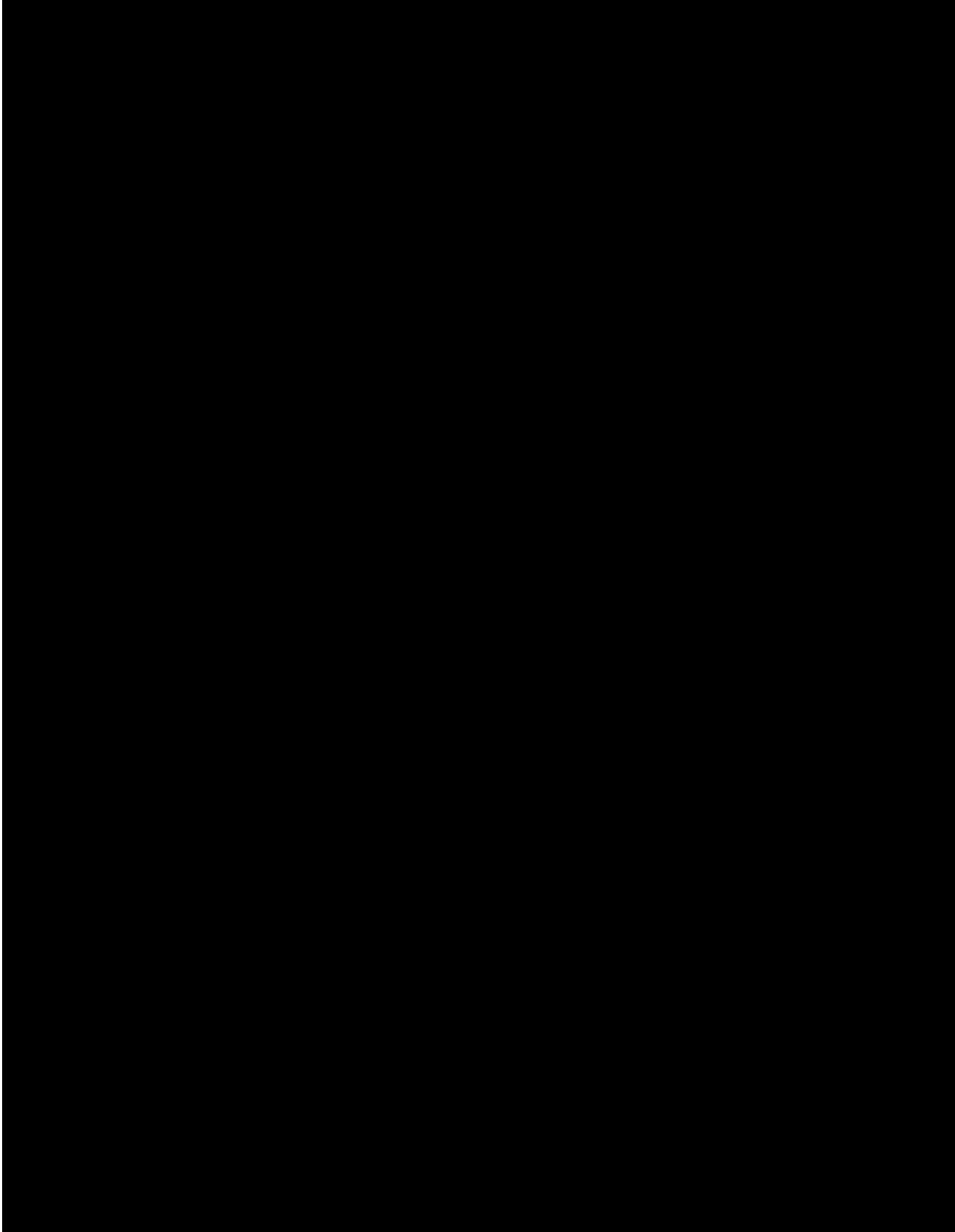


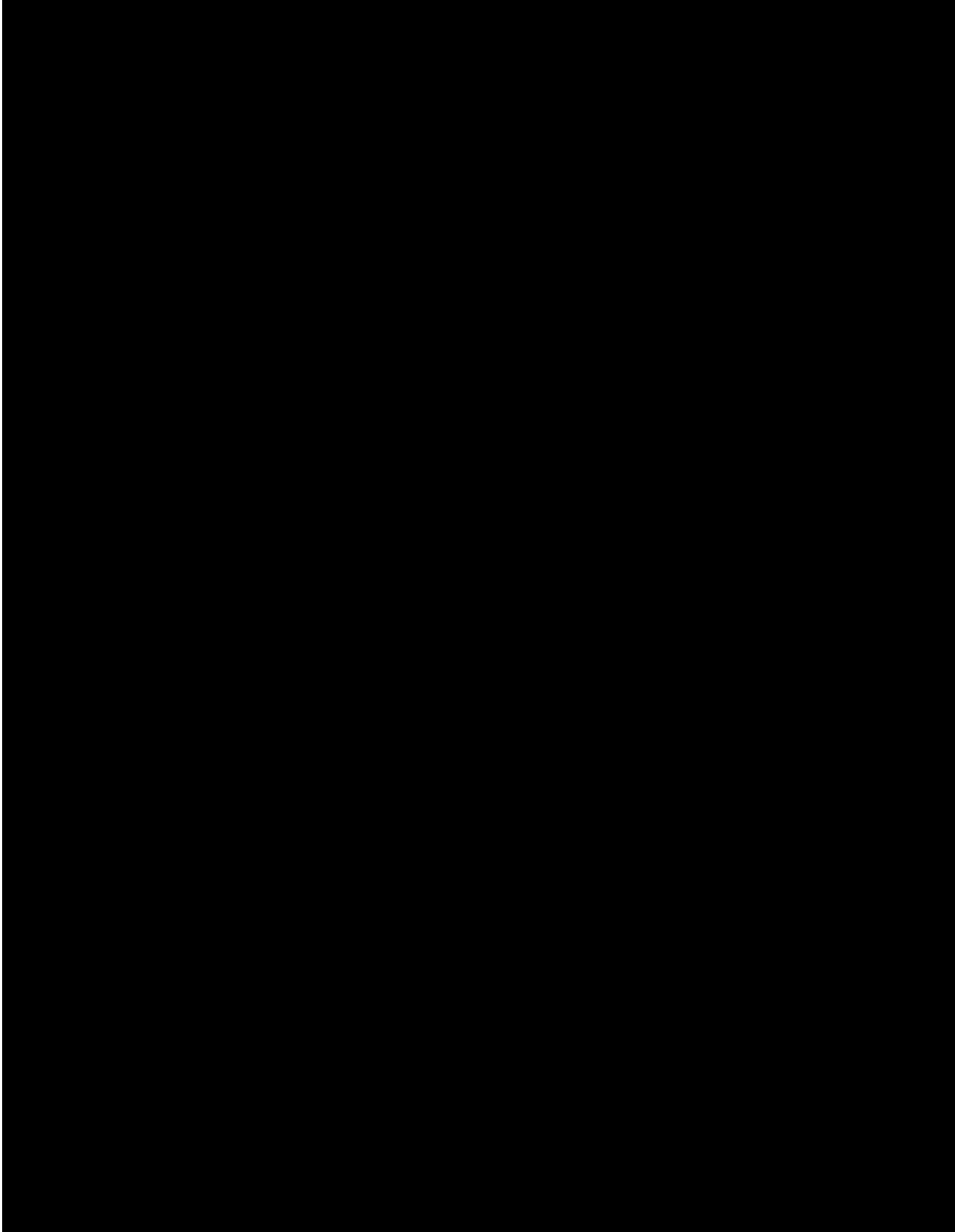
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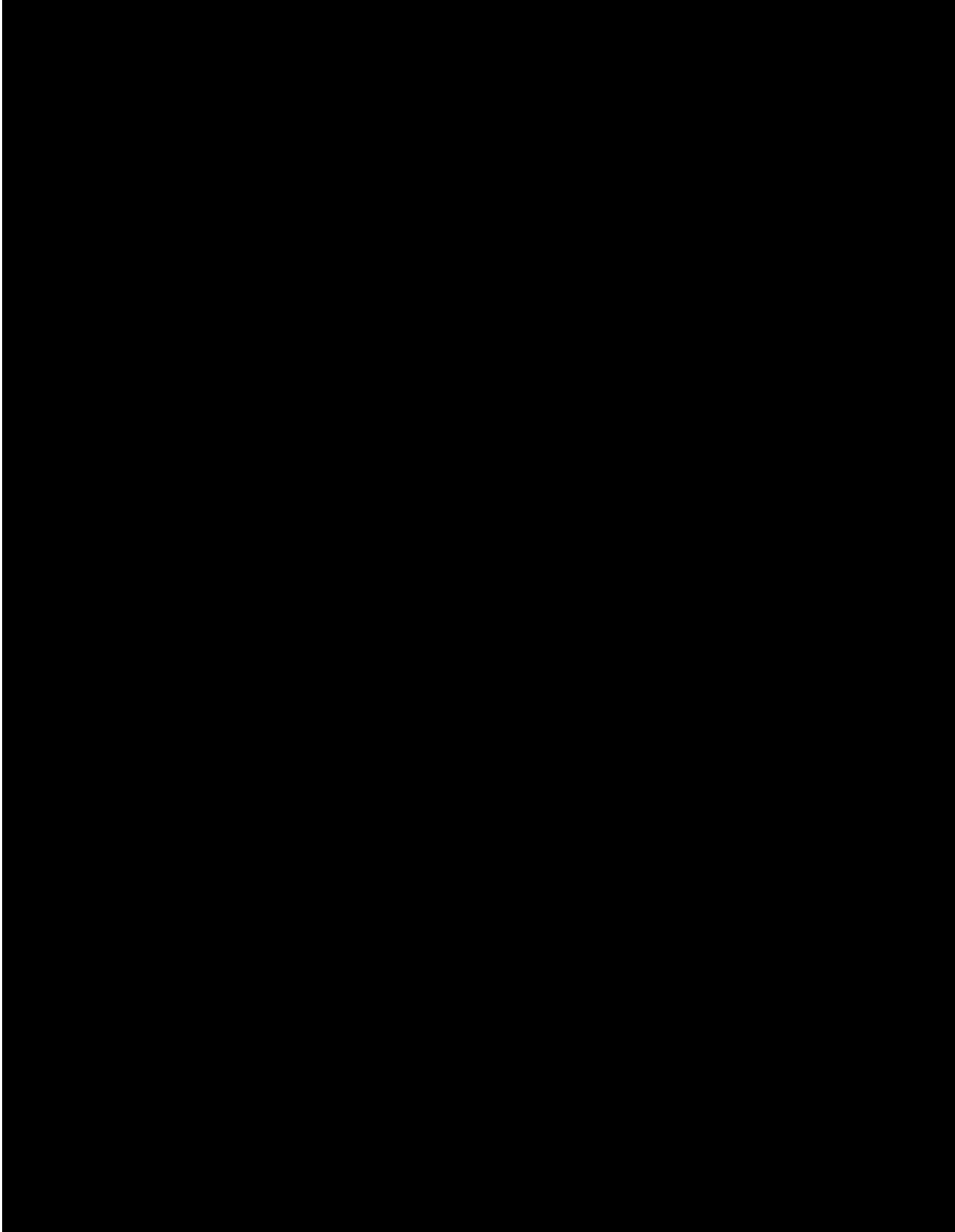
Capacity Performance Study
Of the Mist Underground Natural Gas Storage Field
Mist Field,
Columbia County, Oregon

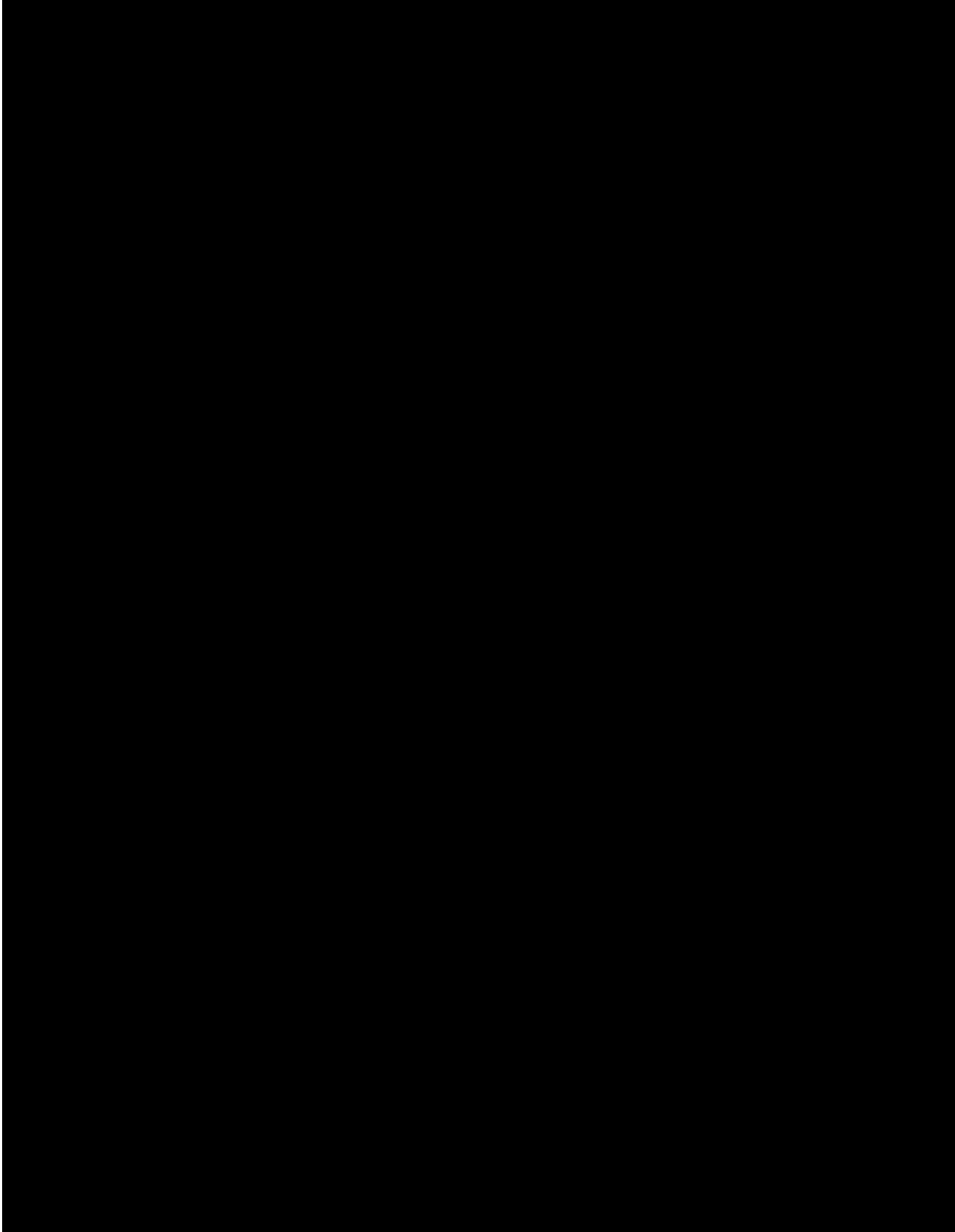
Clayton L. Roth P.E, P.G.

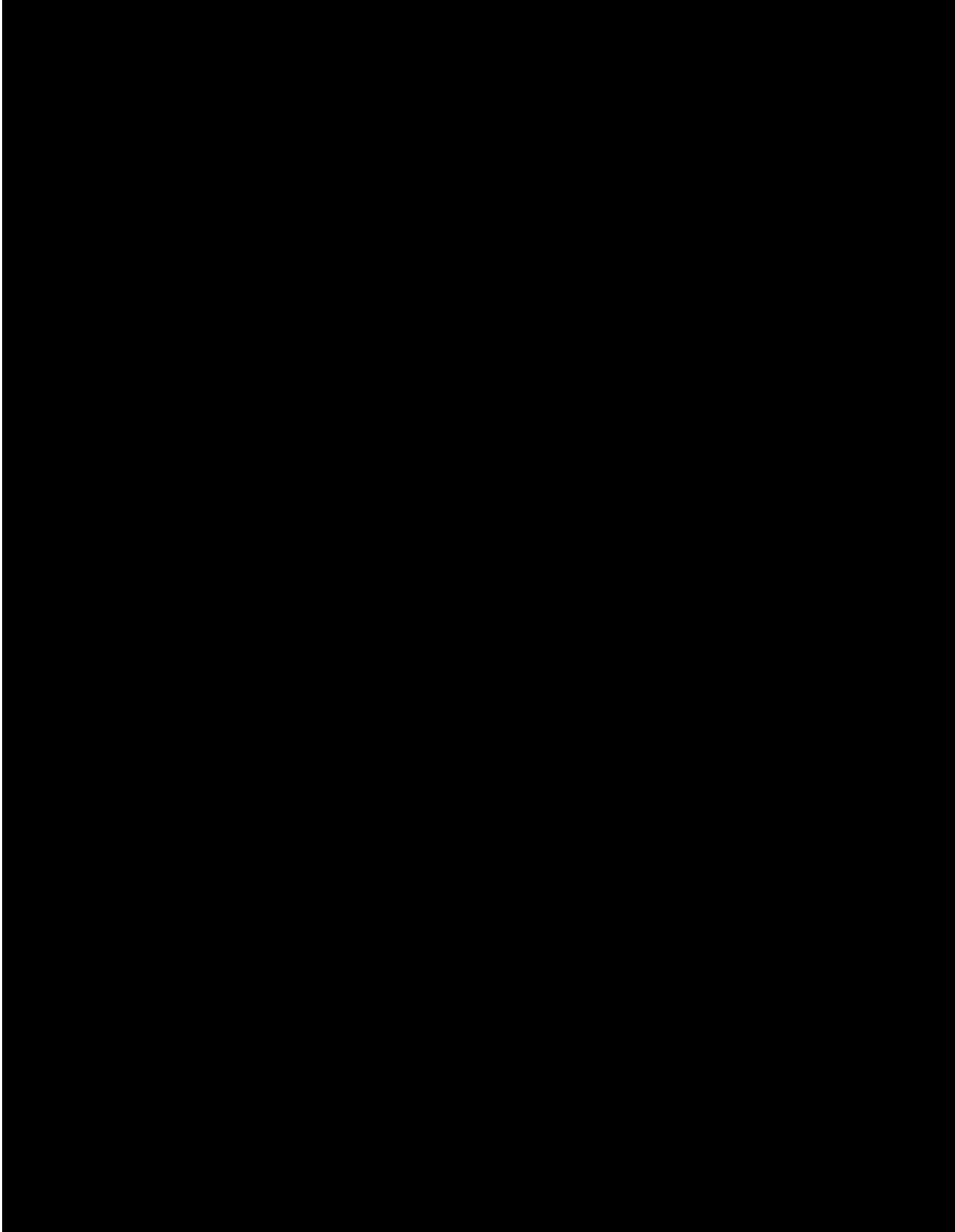
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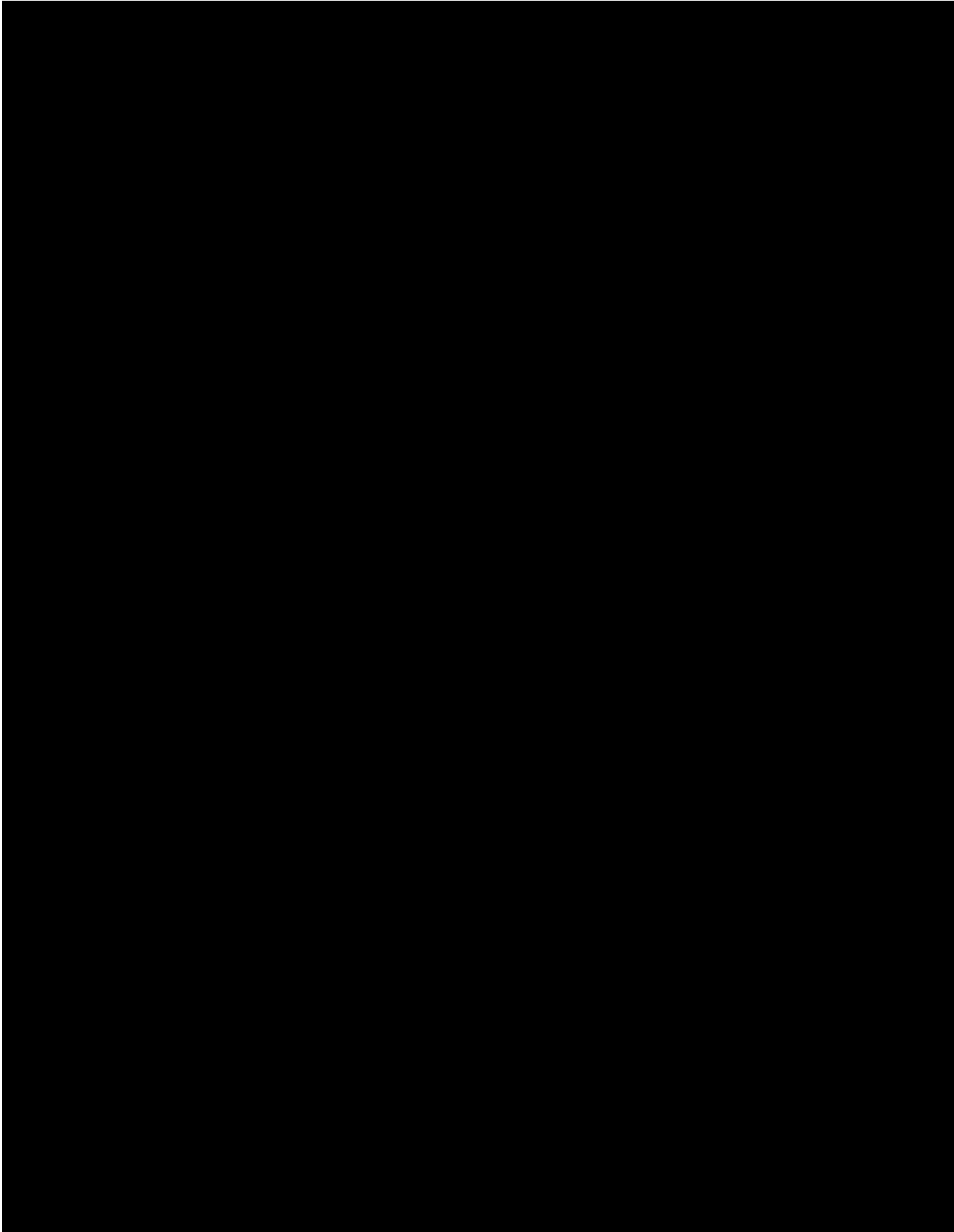


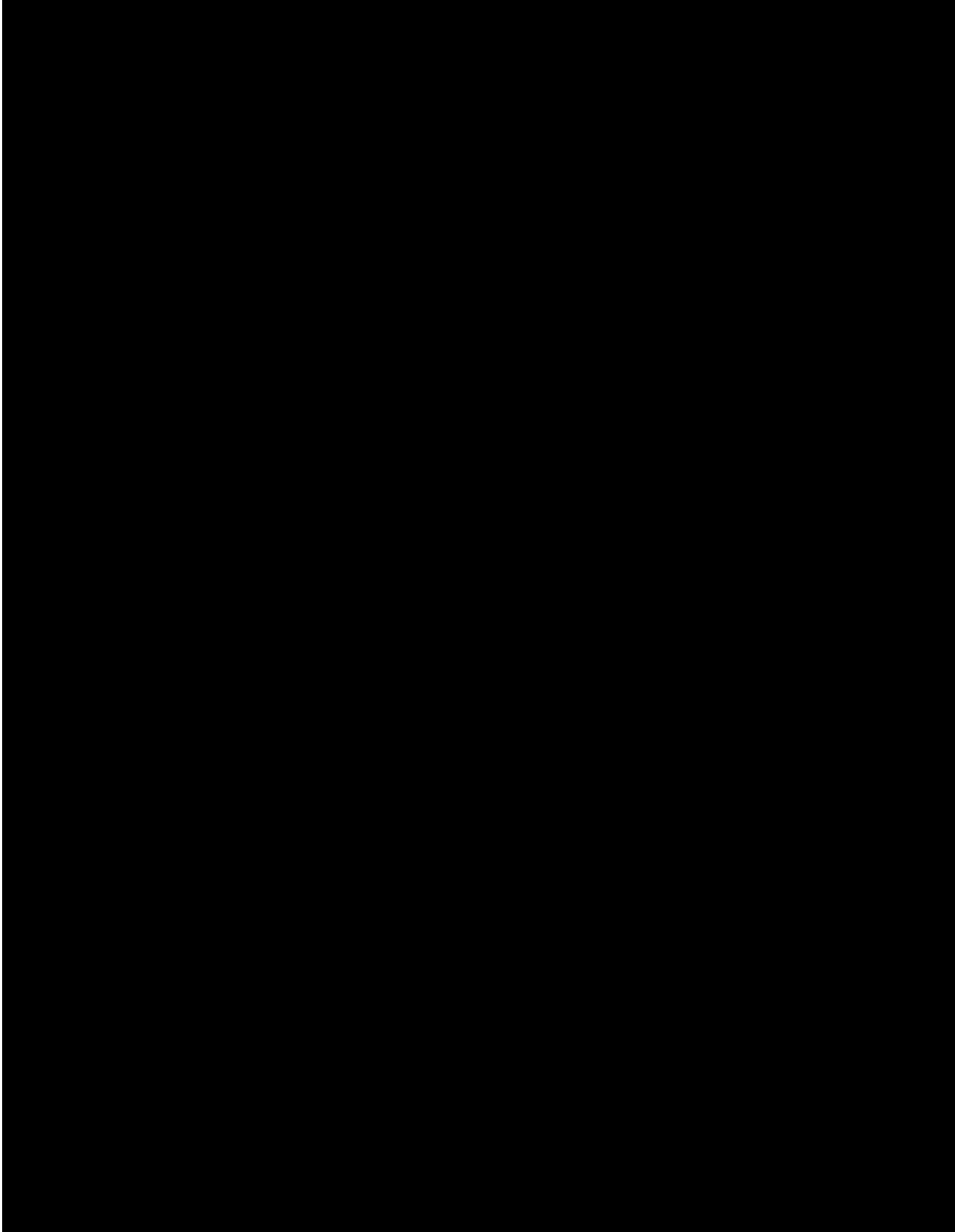


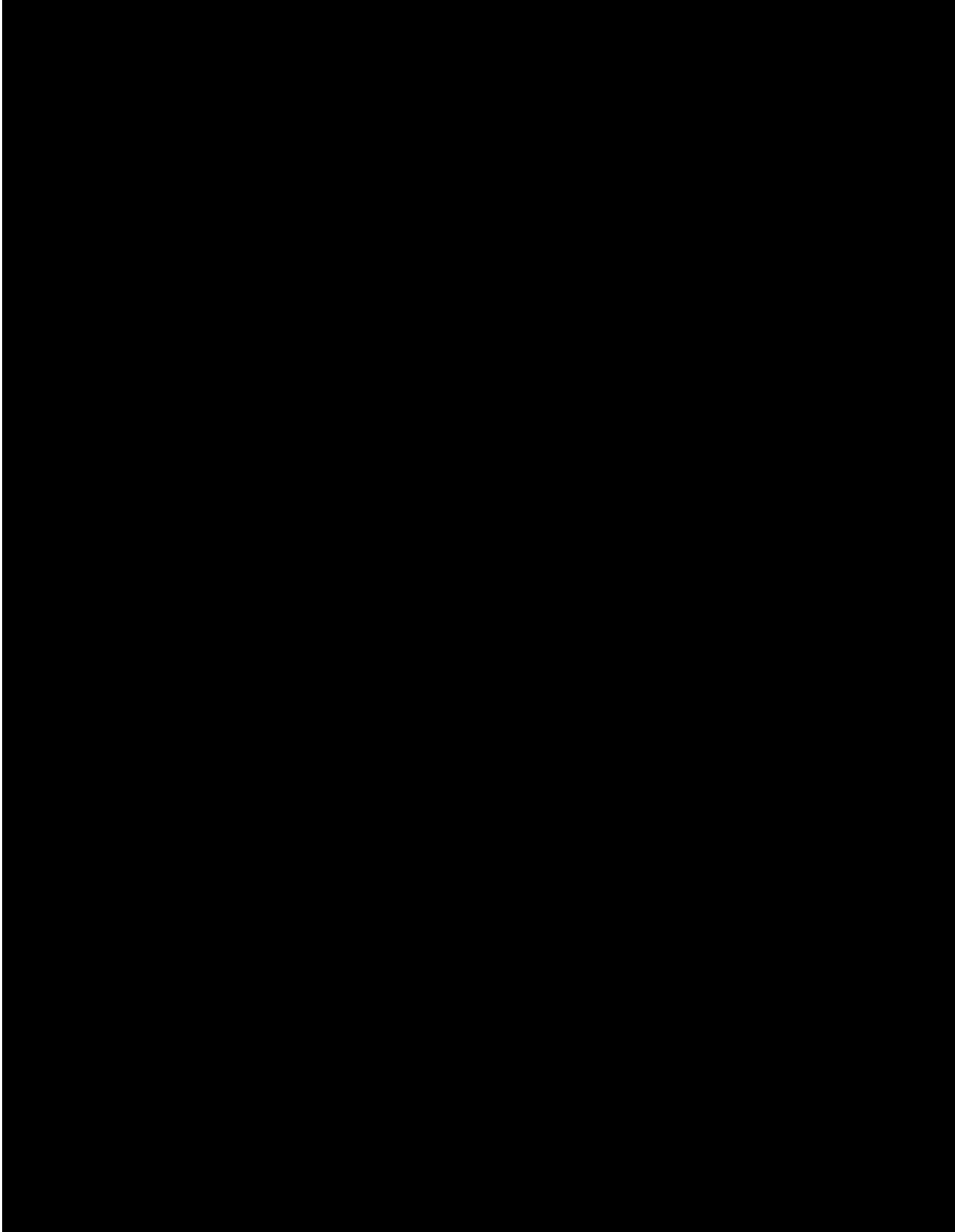


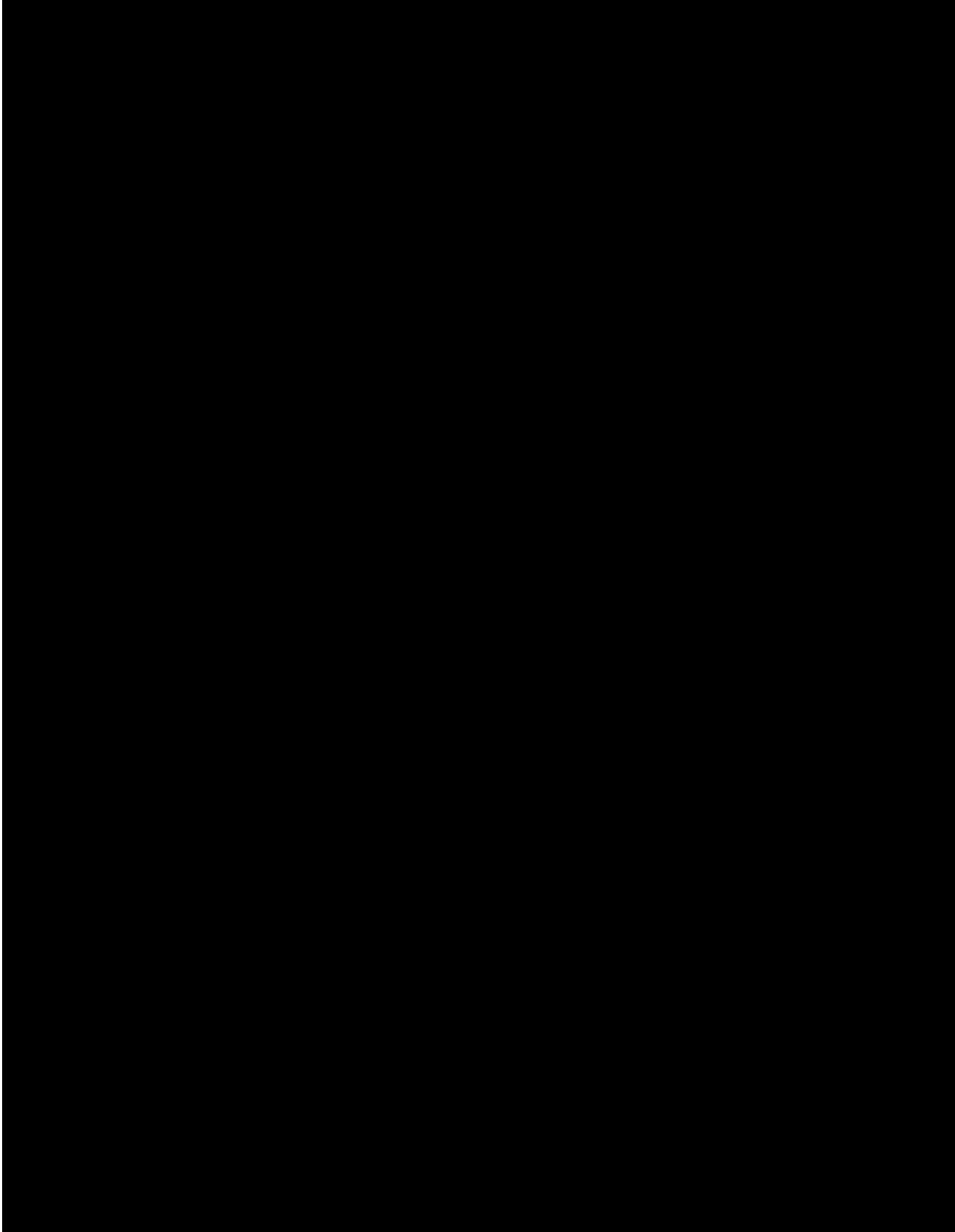


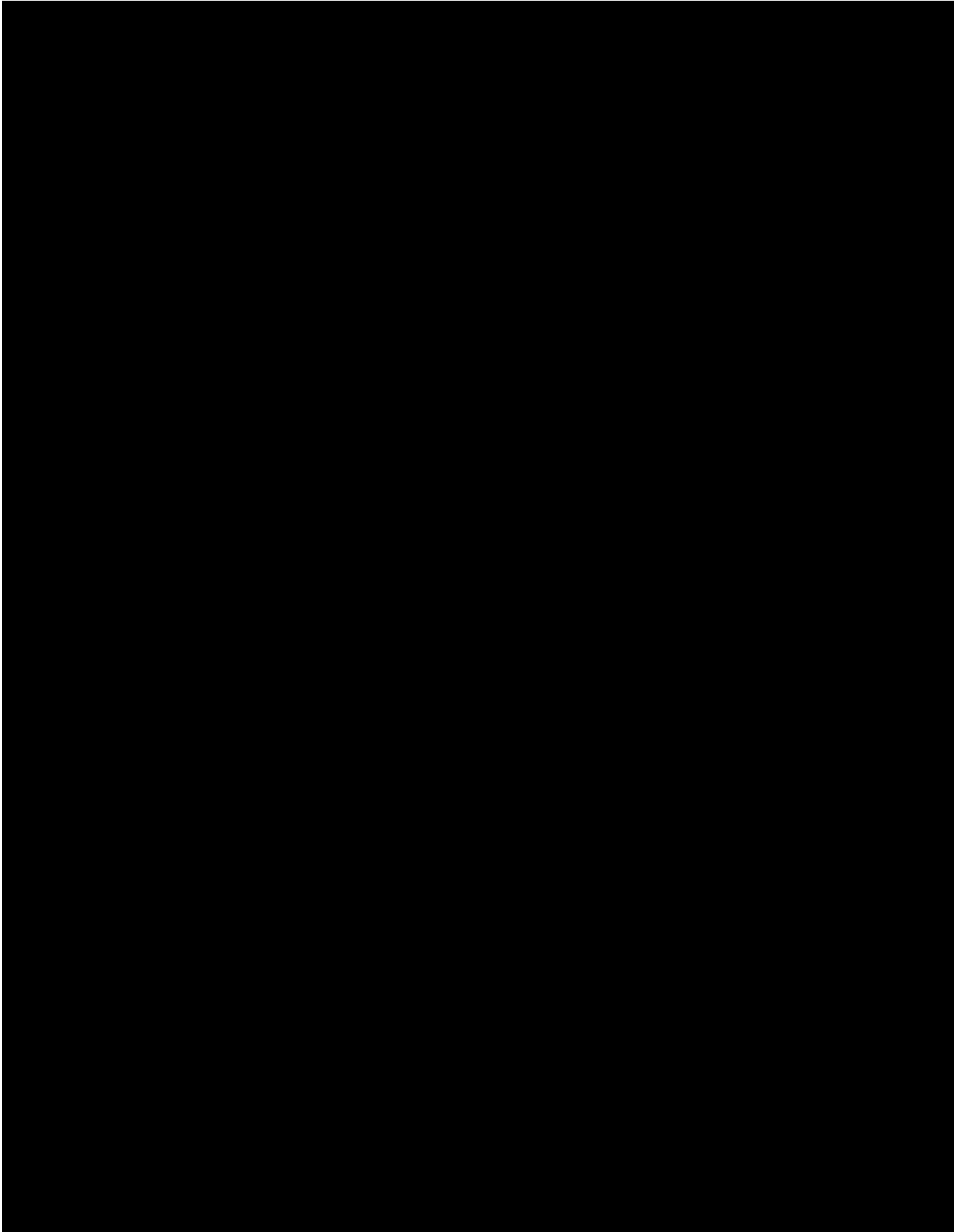


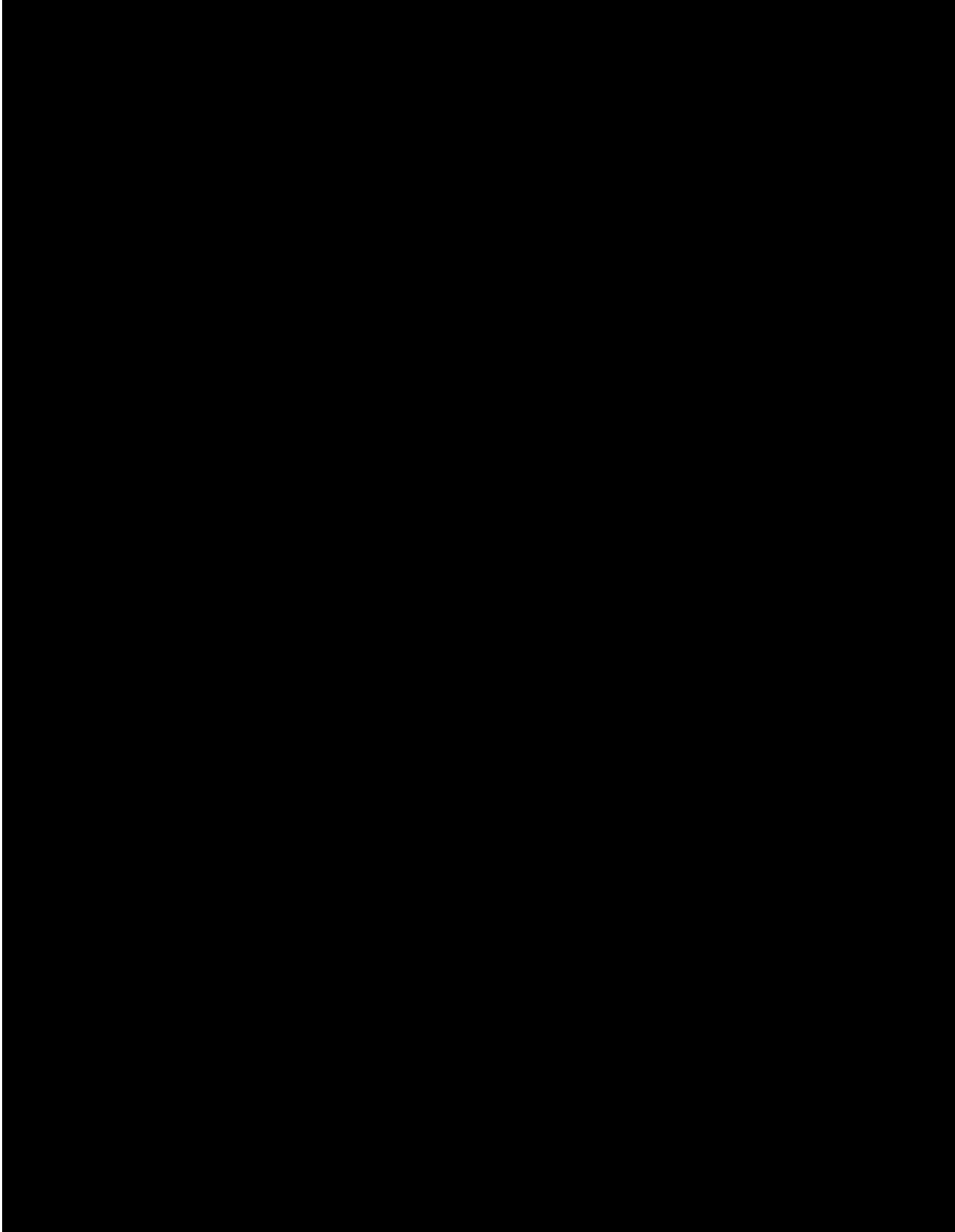


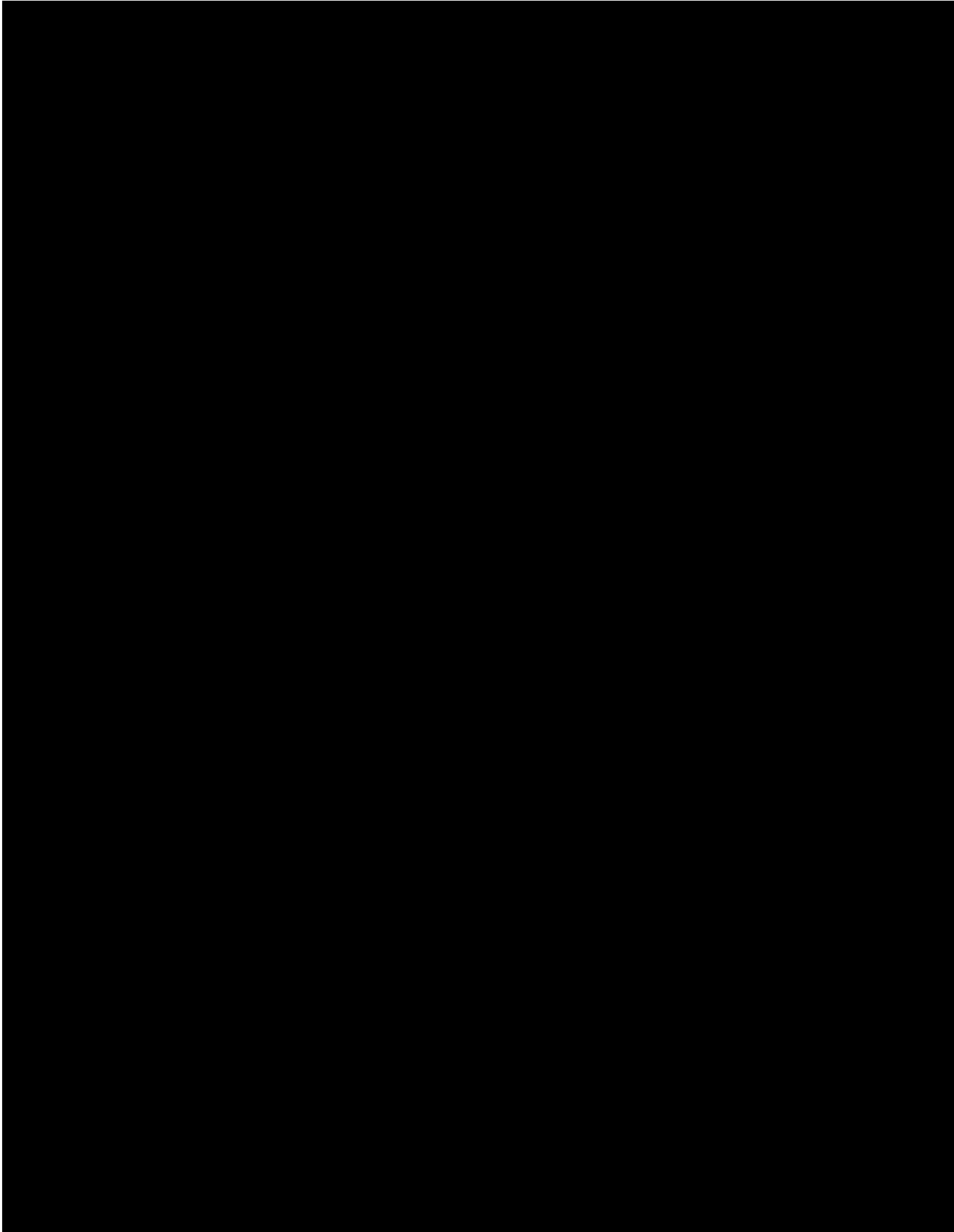


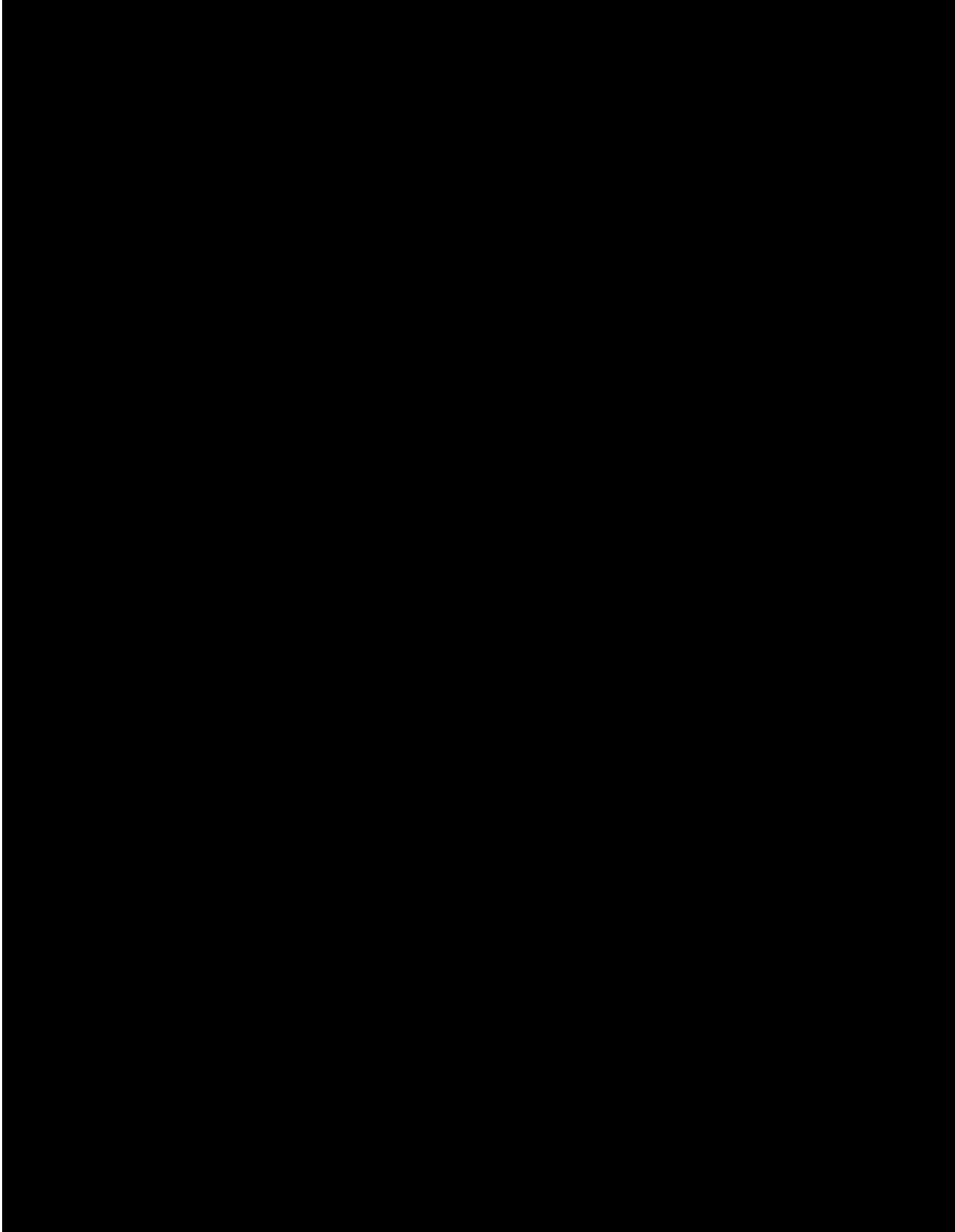












- b. A description of any significant changes in physical or operational parameters of the storage facility (including LNG) since the current engineering study was completed.**

There have been no significant changes in physical or operational parameters of the storage facility since completion of the July 2015 study.

Section V.8 - Attestation as to Consistency

See IV.1.c



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing unredacted version of the Confidential and Highly Confidential portions of NWN OPUC Advice No. 16-17A/UG 313 Exhibit C, subject to Modified Protective Order 10-337, via U.S. MAIL in Docket UM 1286.

Public Utility Commission of Oregon (C)(HC)
Attention: Filing Center
201 High Street SE, Suite 100
PO Box 1088
Salem, OR 97308-1088

Tommy A. Brooks (C)
Cable Huston Benedict Haagensen &
Lloyd
1001 SW Fifth Avenue, STE 2000
Portland, OR 97204-1136

Lisa Gorsuch (C)(HC)
Public Utility Commission of Oregon
201 High Street SE, Suite 100
PO Box 1088
Salem, OR 97308-1088

Chad Stokes (C)
Cable Huston Benedict Haagensen &
Lloyd
1001 SW Fifth Avenue, STE 2000
Portland, OR 97204-1136

Stephanie Andrus (C)(HC)
Business Activities Section
1162 Court ST NE
Salem, OR 97301-4096

Michael Goetz (C)(HC)
Citizens' Utility Board of Oregon
610 SW Broadway, STE 400
Portland, OR 97205

Robert Jenks (C)(HC)
Citizens' Utility Board of Oregon
610 SW Broadway, STE 400
Portland, OR 97205

Edward Finklea (C)(HC)
Northwest Industrial Gas Users
545 Grandview Dr
Ashland, OR 97520

DATED at Portland, Oregon, this 15th of September 2016.

/s/ Shannon L. Seagondollar
Shannon L. Seagondollar
Rates & Regulatory Affairs – Specialist 3
NW NATURAL