

Qwest

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June 18, 2008

Frances Nichols Anglin Oregon Public Utility Commission 550 Capitol St., NE Suite 215 Salem, OR 97301

Re: UM 1354

Dear Ms. Nichols Anglin:

Enclosed for filing in the above entitled matter please find an original and five (5) copies of the following:

- 1.) Joint Testimony;
- 2.) Witness Qualification Statements for David Teitzel (Qwest), Bob Jenks (CUB), Bryan Conway (PUC) and Fred Peterson (TRACER); and
- 3.) Stipulation with Price Plan as Exhibit A.

Also enclosed is a certificate of service.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to give me a call.

Sincerely,

Carla M. Butler

CMB:

Enclosures

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BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

UM 1354

In the Matter of

QWEST CORPORATION

Petition for Approval of Price Plan Pursuant to ORS 759.255

JOINT TESTIMONY OF QWEST, STAFF, CUB, AND TRACER IN SUPPORT OF STIPULATION

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I. INTRODUCTION

Ο.	Please state	vour	names	hne	nocitions
v.	riease state	your	Hames	anu	positions.

A. My name is David L. Teitzel. I am a Staff Director in the Public Policy department of Qwest Corporation ("Qwest"). My witness qualifications statement is included as an attachment to this testimony.

My name is Bryan Conway. I am Program Manager, Economic & Policy

Analysis Section of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon. My witness qualifications
statement is included as an attachment to this testimony.

My name is Bob Jenks. I am Executive Director of the Citizens' Utility Board ("CUB"). My witness qualifications statement is included as an attachment to this testimony.

My name is Fred Peterson. I am Executive Director of Telecommunications
Ratepayers Association for Cost-based and Equitable Rates ("TRACER"). My witness
qualifications statement is included as an attachment to this testimony.

Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. The purpose of our joint testimony is to describe¹ and support the stipulation

("Stipulation") among Qwest, Staff of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon

("Staff"), CUB, TRACER, XO Communications Services, Inc. ("XO"), Time Warner

Telecom of Oregon LLC ("TWT"), Covad Communications Company ("Covad"),

Integra Telecom of Oregon, Inc. ("Integra"), and McLeodUSA Telecommunications

Services, Inc. ("McLeod") (XO, TWT, Covad, Integra, and McLeod are collectively

¹ To the extent there are discrepancies between the description of the Plan and the Stipulation and Plan, the Stipulation and Plan should be relied upon.

referred to as the "Joint CLECs"), filed in Docket UM 1354 with this joint testimony. 1 2 Docket UM 1354 was opened to consider Qwest's Petition for Approval of a Price Plan 3 Pursuant to ORS 759.255, filed on October 26, 2007. Qwest filed an amended petition 4 on February 11, 2008. The term "Petition" as used in the Stipulation and in this joint 5 testimony refers to Qwest's petition for approval of the price plan in the form attached to 6 the Stipulation as Exhibit A (the "Price Plan" or "Plan"). 7 Q. Does the Stipulation resolve all of the issues in this proceeding? 8 Yes. Owest, Staff, CUB, and TRACER (the "Parties"²) agree that approval of Owest's 9 A. 10 Petition, the Stipulation, and the Price Plan is in the public interest, and that the 11 Commission should issue an order approving the Petition, the Stipulation, and the Price 12 Plan. The Joint CLECs signed the Stipulation and agreed not to oppose Commission 13 approval of the Petition, the Stipulation, and the Price Plan, but are not sponsoring this 14 testimony. 15 Are all parties to the proceeding included in the Stipulation? Q. 16 17 All parties are joining the Stipulation except Verizon Northwest Inc. ("Verizon"). A. 18 Although Verizon has not joined in the Stipulation, it does not object to the terms of the 19 Stipulation or approval of the Stipulation as the basis for settling the contested issues in 20 this proceeding. 21 22 23 24 25 ² In the Stipulation, these four Parties are referred to as the "Stipulation Parties" because the term "Parties" in the Stipulation refers to these four Parties, who support approval of the Price Plan, plus the Joint CLECs, who

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simply do not oppose approval of the Price Plan.

2	Q.	What is the standard that the Commission must find before it can approve this price
3		plan?
4	A.	The Price Plan is filed under ORS 759.255. ORS 759.255(2) states that, in determining
5 6		whether to approve a plan filed under the statute, the Commission must find that the plan
7		is "in the public interest." ORS 759.255(2) delineates four criteria the Commission must
8		consider in making its public interest determination. The four criteria are addressed in
9		detail in this testimony at Section IX.
10	Q.	Is there one criterion you want to discuss as a preliminary matter?
11	A.	Yes. We would like to discuss the criterion related to balancing the need for regulation
12		and competition.
13	0	
14	Q.	Please briefly explain how the notion of "competition" is accounted for in the
15		context of the Price Plan.
16	A.	As noted earlier, the Price Plan is filed under ORS 759.255. ORS 759.255(2) states that,
17		in determining whether to approve a plan filed under the statute, the Commission must
18		find that the plan is "in the public interest." ORS 759.255(2) delineates four criteria the
19		Commission must consider in making its public interest determination. One criterion is
20		"whether the plan[m]aintains the appropriate balance between the need for regulation
21		
22		and competition." See ORS 759.255(2)(c). Section VII of this testimony will address the
23		topic of market options and substitutability as it relates to the regulation/competition
24		consideration set forth in ORS 759.255(2)(c).
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STANDARD OF REVIEW

II.

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Ų.	is it correct that ORS 759.052(1)(a)(A) authorizes the Commission to exempt from
	regulation those telecommunications services for which the Commission finds "price
	or service competition exists" and ORS 759.052(2) similarly allows the Commission
	to exempt from regulation those telecommunications services for which the
	Commission finds "price and service competition exists."
A.	Yes, that is a correct reading from part of what is commonly known as the "deregulation"
	statute. However, ORS 759.052 is a complex statute that has other criteria the
	Commission must consider, all revolving around the notion of "competition," before it
	may authorize the deregulation of a telecommunications service. The Commission has
	previously summarized ORS 759.052 (formerly known as ORS 759.030) as follows:
	"In brief, the relevant statute provides that the Commission must deregulate a service if price and service competition exist (ORS 759.030(3)) and may
	deregulate a service if price or service competition exist, if the service is found to be subject to competition, or if the public interest no longer requires regulation
	(ORS 759.030(2)). Under either provision, the Commission must consider the four factors listed under ORS 759.030(4), which are reiterated in OAR 860-032-
	0025." See Order No. 03-609 (UX 28) at 5.
Q.	In this testimony generally, and in the Section VII discussion specifically (which
	addresses market options and substitutability), are the parties applying the ORS
	759.052 concept of "competition," or advocating that it is appropriate to analyze the
	concept of "competition" under ORS 759.052 and ORS 759.255(2)(c) in the same
	concept of "competition" under ORS 759.052 and ORS 759.255(2)(c) in the same
	manner?
A.	The answer to each part of the question is "no." In a proceeding under ORS 759.052, the
	petitioning party must show that "price competition exists," thus justifying price
	deregulation of the services at issue. The present testimony is not offered to demonstrate
	Q.

that price competition exists as would be required in a proceeding under ORS 759.052.

Rather, the point of the present testimony is to demonstrate that the Price Plan, not competition per se, will create just and reasonable rates for the telecommunications services at issue.³ As such, it would be inappropriate to rely upon the present testimony to justify a possible future deregulation request under ORS 759.052.

III. DESCRIPTION OF THE STIPULATION

Q. Please describe the terms of the Stipulation.

A. In the Stipulation, the Parties agree that approval of the Price Plan is in the public interest and recommend that the Commission approve Qwest's Petition, the Stipulation, and the Price Plan.

Q. Please generally describe the Price Plan.

A. The Price Plan comprehensively addresses how Qwest's regulated intrastate telecommunications services will be priced following approval of the Plan. The Price Plan also provides for both ongoing and periodic review of Qwest's performance under the Plan to ensure that Qwest's operation under the Plan is in the public interest. In addition, Qwest makes several commitments to ensure that approval of the Plan is in the public interest. This section provides an overview of the key components of the Price Plan; the Price Plan is described in more detail later in Section VIII of this testimony.

Q. Please generally describe the pricing components of the Price Plan.

A. The Price Plan establishes price caps for all services subject to the Plan. Certain services will be capped at their current rates. This includes "primary line basic service," which is

³ TRACER takes no position on whether the Price Plan will produce just and reasonable rates for any services other than those purchased by its members.

the first line of basic service for an individual residential or business account at a single location. For residential customers, the rates for primary line basic service are capped at current rates for at least five years, and subsequently as well until the Commission grants a request by Qwest to adjust or remove the price cap. For business customers, the price cap for primary line basic service will increase by \$1.00 over current rates in Rate Groups 1 and 2 after three years, and the Commission may allow a larger or earlier increase, if requested by Qwest. What other services will be price-capped at current rates?

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The Plan will also cap the rates for intrastate switched access services, extended area A. service (EAS), toll restriction, call trace (*59), and unlisted numbers at current rates.

Q. How will DS-1 and ISDN-PRI rates be treated under the Plan?

The rates for all elements of these business services, with one exception, will be subject A. to a price cap equal to the average of Qwest's current rates for each element in the 13 other states in Qwest's ILEC region. The exception is the recurring rates for the transport mileage elements for DS-1 service, for which the initial price caps will be 125 percent of Qwest's current Oregon rates. The price cap for each of these services will increase annually by the amount of increase in the Portland Consumer Price Index.

How will Public Access Lines be treated under the Plan? Q.

The rates for Public Access Lines will continue to be regulated by the Commission A. 22 pursuant to federal requirements. 23

How are other services treated under the Price Plan? Q.

25 Qwest has the flexibility to adjust the rates for the remaining services ("Other Services") A.

upwards or downwards. Qwest may not increase the rate for any of the Other Services by more than 50 percent in any year, or by more than 200 percent in a five-year period. For example, a service whose price is currently \$10, could not increase by more than \$20 over a five-year period, resulting in a total price of \$30. The initial price increase could be as high as \$5. These rates are also subject to a price floor. Qwest may adjust the rates for packages and bundles subject to a maximum price, equal to the sum of the retail prices of the services available in the package or bundle, and a price floor. The five-year period is any five-year period, and as such represents a rolling five-year period.

- Q. You referred earlier to "services subject to the Plan." Will any of Qwest's regulated intrastate services not be subject to the Plan?
- A. Yes. Certain basic business services in Rate Group 3 will not be subject to the Plan.

 ORS 759.255(4) establishes a price floor for services subject to a price plan, except for residential local exchange service. Application of the price floor to basic business services in Rate Group 3 would require large increases to those rates. In order to avoid such increases, Qwest agreed that these services would not be subject to the Plan.

 Instead, the Commission will continue to establish the rates for these services under ORS 759.425(2)(a). Qwest will continue to charge its current rates for these services unless and until those rates are adjusted by the Commission.

Q. What commitments does Qwest make in the Price Plan?

A. First, Qwest agrees to implement a service performance guarantee program which includes guaranteed appointments and guaranteed commitments backed by a promise to provide a credit to customers for each missed commitment. Second, Qwest commits to

invest \$4 million in network improvements and other projects, as a shareholder expense. One of the projects identified in the Plan is the establishment of an independent consumer center to assist Oregon consumers in understanding the nature and pricing of telecommunications services offered by a variety of providers. Qwest is committing to provide up to \$2 million to fund the center. The details of this and other investments are subject to Commission approval. Third, Qwest commits not to seek an exemption from the Commission's service quality reporting requirements.

Q. Please describe the conditions for review of Qwest's performance under the Plan.

A. The Price Plan includes several methods for both ongoing and periodic review of Qwest's performance under the Plan. Together, these provisions ensure that the Commission has effective oversight over Qwest's performance and that Qwest's operating under the Price Plan will continue to be in the public interest.

The Commission will comprehensively review Qwest's performance under the Plan every five years. Qwest will file a detailed report regarding its performance as compared to the objectives of the Plan. The Commission may order modifications to the Plan to provide Qwest with additional regulatory flexibility or to ensure that the Plan is in the public interest. If the Commission finds that Qwest has not substantially satisfied the objectives, it may enter into an agreement with Qwest to achieve compliance with the objectives. If Qwest and the Commission cannot reach such an agreement, the Commission may order modifications to the Plan or commence a proceeding to terminate the Plan.

Q. Please describe the Commission's oversight of Qwest's service quality.

A.

A. The Commission may review Qwest's service quality at any time. If Qwest does not

meet the Commission's service quality standards, then, in addition to the remedies

already available, the Commission may suspend Qwest's authority to increase prices until

it meets the goals of a performance plan. The Commission may also open a proceeding

to terminate the Plan if Qwest proposes a performance plan which is disapproved or if

Qwest does not meet the goals of an approved performance plan within six months.

Q. Please describe the Commission's oversight of Qwest's rate increases.

The Commission retains oversight over all of Qwest's rates and rate increases through the five-year review (Section V) and also through section V.B.3 to ensure the plan is operating in the public interest. For Other Services, there is a third review envisioned by the Stipulation under V.B.2. The Commission may investigate the rate for any of Qwest's Other Services upon receiving a complaint or on its own motion. The standard for deciding the complaint will be whether the market has produced a rate that is just and reasonable. The Plan includes the Parties' agreement about the appropriate rate adjustments the Commission should make if it sustains a complaint.

Q. Is the Commission bound by the Parties' agreement?

A. No. The Parties did not think that they could bind the Commission to any of the specific remedies they have agreed are appropriate. Accordingly, in addressing the appropriate remedies if the Commission sustains a complaint about a rate increase, as in several other places, the Plan sets forth the Parties' agreement to recommend certain Commission actions; however, the Parties do not purport to limit the Commission's actions or options.

Q. What other oversight of the Plan will the Commission have?

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- A. The Commission may open an investigation at any time to determine whether further adjustments to the Plan or termination of the Plan are required by the public interest.
- Q. If the Commission rejects any part of the Stipulation, are the Parties entitled to reconsider their participation in the Stipulation?
- Yes. Paragraph 15 of the Stipulation provides that if the Commission rejects all or any A. 7 material portions of the Stipulation or imposes additional material conditions in 8 9 approving the Stipulation and Price Plan, any Party that is disadvantaged by such action 10 shall have the right, upon written notice to the Commission and all Parties within 15 11 business days of the Commission's order, to withdraw from the Stipulation, pursue its 12 rights under OAR 860-0140-0085, and/or seek reconsideration or appeal of the 13 Commission's order; provided, however, that any Party seeking to withdraw from the 14 Stipulation must, prior to such withdrawal, engage in good faith negotiations with the 15 other Parties. 16

Q. What other terms does the Stipulation include?

A. The Stipulation represents negotiated compromises among the Parties. Thus, the Parties agree in paragraph 16 of the Stipulation that no Party shall be deemed to have approved, admitted, or consented to the facts, principles, methods, or theories employed by any other Party in arriving at the terms of this Stipulation, and that the terms incorporated in the Stipulation should not be viewed as precedent in subsequent proceedings.

Q. Please explain paragraph 10 of the Stipulation.

A. Paragraph 10 of the Stipulation was included at the request of the Joint CLECs and

provides that nothing in the Price Plan or the Commission's approval thereof limits the rights of Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("CLECs") to raise any issues regarding products and services CLECs purchase from Qwest.

Q. When would the Plan be effective if the Commission approves it?

Qwest has committed in paragraph 11 of the Stipulation that, upon entry of a Commission order approving the Plan which does not require any material changes to the Plan or Stipulation or impose any additional material conditions, Qwest will provide notice: (1) accepting the Commission's order approving the Plan and, (2) indicating Qwest's election to no longer be subject to ORS 759.405 to 795.410. The Plan would be effective immediately following the provision of such notice. In addition, consistent with paragraph 14 of the Stipulation, the Parties request that the Commission approve the Plan as soon as possible, and in no event later than July 31, 2008. While there is no statutory time period applicable to a Commission decision in this proceeding, Qwest would like to begin operating under the Plan at the earliest possible time and the other Parties agree that it is in the public interest for Qwest to begin delivering its commitments at the earliest possible time.

IV. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Q. When did Qwest file its original and amended petitions in this proceeding?

Qwest filed its original petition on October 26, 2007. On February 11, 2008, Qwest filed an amended petition which included revisions to the price plan in response to comments received from the other parties at the workshop/settlement conference on January 11, 2008.

A.

A.

1	Q.	CUB, TRACER, and the Joint CLECs filed a motion to dismiss Qwest's petition on
2		January 10, 2008. What is the impact of the Commission's decision denying that
3		motion?
4	A.	As discussed in the Commission's order denying the motion to dismiss, Order No. 08-
5		132, there were essentially two grounds for the motion. First, the moving parties argued
6 7		that Qwest's election to be regulated under ORS 759.405 to 759.410 was irrevocable and
8		the Commission, therefore, lacks jurisdiction to approve a price plan under ORS 759.255
9		The Commission rejected that argument, which now allows the Commission to consider
10		and approve the Price Plan. Second, the moving parties argued that Qwest was
11		essentially seeking deregulation of its services with its proposed price plan, and that
12		Qwest could pursue that sort of relief only under ORS 759.052, not under ORS 759.255.
13		After reviewing the price plan Qwest proposed in its amended petition, the Commission
14		found that Qwest proposed some form of regulation for every service in the Plan and,
15 16		therefore, Qwest was not improperly seeking deregulation. ⁴
17	0	
18	Q.	Do the Parties agree that Commission approval of the Plan would not deregulate
		any services?
19	A.	Yes. The Plan which the Parties request that the Commission approve has been
20		substantially revised from the version that Qwest proposed in its original petition, which
2122		was the plan at issue when various parties moved to dismiss, as well as from the version
23		that Qwest presented in its amended petition. For example, and significantly, every
24		service under the Plan would be subject to a price cap. In addition, these services remain
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 4 Qwest had originally proposed that new services introduced after the effective date of the Plan be exempt from regulation, but removed that proposal from its amended price plan.

subject to the Commission's service quality standards, and price increases are subject to Commission review. Under these circumstances, the Parties agree that the Plan does not deregulate any Qwest service.

A.

V. MODIFICATIONS TO THE ORIGINAL PLAN

- Q. Please describe the settlement discussions among the parties.
- A. On January 11, 2008, the Commission held a workshop/settlement conference. The Commission held further settlement conferences, both in person and via teleconference, following issuance of Order No. 08-132, denying the motion to dismiss. These additional conferences were held on March 19, 2008, April 25, 2008, April 29, 2008, May 2, 2008, May 7, 2008, and May 15, 2008. The settlement conferences have been open to all parties to this docket.
 - Q. Please describe some of the major modifications that have been made to the Price Plan.
 - In a case as important as this, with parties representing a variety of different interests, many significant issues were raised and discussed, each of which resulted in revisions to the terms of the Price Plan and the Stipulation. One major issue that was discussed throughout the process was how to ensure that the Plan is in the public interest. This is a fundamental issue because that is the standard the Commission must apply in approving a price plan under ORS 759.255(2). While each Party has its own view as to why approval of the Plan is in the public interest (and this is discussed in more detail later in this testimony), the Parties agree that the "public interest" includes the interests of Qwest's customers, the interests of other Oregon citizens, and the interests of Qwest and other

	market participants.
	The Parties agree that the following components of the Plan contribute to the
	conclusion that approval of the Plan is in the public interest:
	 Capping the rates for primary line basic service, EAS, switched access services, toll restriction, call trace, and unlisted numbers at current rates;
	• Allowing only modest increases in the rates for DS-1 and ISDN-PRI service;
	 Capping the level of price increases for other services on an annual and overall basis;⁵
	• Qwest's commitment to no further de-averaging of rates, so customers in all parts of the state will benefit from rate reductions taken under the Plan;
	• Restrictions on the pricing of packages and product and service bundles;
	 Qwest's commitment to establish a service performance guarantee program backed by credits to customers for missed commitments;
	 Qwest's commitment to invest in network improvements which may not otherwise be economical;
	 Qwest's commitment to fund the establishment of an independent consumer information center to provide information to all Oregon consumers to help them understand the service offerings of telecommunications carriers and alternative providers;
	 A robust level of ongoing and periodic review and oversight by the Commission of Qwest's performance under the Plan;
	Reducing the level of government regulation in a competitive market; and
	• Lessening the burden of regulation on the Commission.
Q.	Did Qwest originally propose to cap the rates for primary line basic service at
	current rates?
A.	No. Qwest had proposed an immediate increase in the price cap for primary line basic
are ju	⁵ TRACER takes no position on whether the price caps called for in the Price Plan will help ensure prices st and reasonable for any services other than those purchased by its members.

service of \$2.00 per month. Qwest had also proposed that the price caps for primary line basic service would be eliminated after five years, unless the Commission determined that price caps were still required.

The Plan reflects a collaborative resolution which caps the rate for primary line basic service for residential customers at current rates for at least five years, and allows a price cap of \$1.00 over current rates for most business customers, but only after three years. Thus, Qwest would waive for several years its right to seek an increase in these rates under ORS 759.425. The Plan also does not provide for the automatic elimination of the price caps for primary line basic service. Instead, Qwest may petition the Commission to adjust or remove the price caps for primary line basic service; however, any increase approved by the Commission for residential customers may not take effect until after the fifth year of operation under the Plan.

- Q. The Plan includes price caps for all services. Did Qwest originally propose that all services would be price-capped?
- A. No. Qwest had proposed capping the rates for only primary line basic service, EAS, and switched access services. Under Qwest's original proposal, other services would be price-listed, and Qwest would have the flexibility to increase or decrease those rates, subject only to a price floor.
- Q. Why are DS-1 and ISDN-PRI services treated differently in the Plan from other advanced services to business customers?
- A. TRACER thought that these are among the most important services for its members and questioned whether there is sufficient competition in the market for these services to

ensure that the rates would remain just and reasonable if Qwest had the same pricing flexibility as for Other Services. TRACER proposed that having tighter price caps for these two services would be in the public interest, and Qwest and the other Parties agreed.

Q. Please describe the treatment of directory listings.

A.

A. Qwest agrees to continue to provide free directory listings, and to cap the price of unlisted numbers at current rates. This helps serve the privacy and safety concerns of many Qwest customers.

Q. Please describe the treatment of packages and bundles.

Qwest originally proposed that it be permitted to offer packages at any price, subject only to a price floor. Qwest also proposed that primary line basic service would continue to be offered on a stand-alone basis so no customer would be required to take a package to obtain telephone service. Following extensive discussions, Qwest and the other Parties agreed to several restrictions and conditions for packages and bundles.

First, Qwest must offer all services included in a package or bundle for purchase separately. Second, the price of a package or bundle may not exceed the sum of the retail prices of all services available in the package or bundle. Third, in recognition of the fact that the sum of some combinations of services available in a package or bundle may be lower than the package or bundle price, Qwest agreed to continue to advise customers when the total price for the specific services they select from those available in a package or bundle would be lower if the services were purchased separately.

1	Q.	Did Qwest originally propose to implement a service performance guarantee
2		program?
3	A.	No. This program was added to provide a direct benefit to customers that would support
4		a conclusion that approval of the Plan is in the public interest.
5	Q.	Was establishment of an independent consumer information center in Qwest's
6 7		original proposal?
8	A.	No. Similarly, this program was added to provide a direct benefit to customers that
9		would support a conclusion that the Plan is in the public interest. The intent of the
10		independent consumer information center is to provide meaningful information to all
11		Oregon citizens about the nature of different offerings in the telecommunications market,
12		and the prices of each. The Parties agreed that these issues may be confusing to some
13		consumers and that establishing this resource would benefit all Oregon citizens and be in
14		the public interest. Qwest also agreed to increase the level of its funding for network
15		
16		investments and other projects from \$2 million to \$4 million.
17	Q.	Please describe the nature of the discussions regarding the review provisions in
18		Section V of the Plan.
19	A.	All of the Parties agreed that having robust provisions for timely and effective
20		Commission review and oversight of Qwest's performance under the Price Plan is
21		essential to having a price plan that the Parties could support and recommend the
2223		Commission approve as being in the public interest. Accordingly, the Parties spent a
23		significant amount of time and effort negotiating the terms of Section V of the Plan. The
25		result addresses several specific areas that the Commission would need to oversee:
		result addresses several specific areas that the Commission would need to oversee.

Qwest's performance as compared to the objectives of the Plan, maintenance of excellent service quality, review of rate increases, and ensuring the Plan continues to be in the public interest. The negotiation of each of these parts focused on establishing clear, measurable criteria for evaluating performance, developing appropriate remedies to recommend to the Commission to address any identified problems, and maintaining the Commission's flexibility to promptly and adequately address any perceived problems.

These discussions resulted in numerous modifications to Qwest's proposals. For example, with respect to the review of rate increases, the revisions included a substantial change to the standard of review the Commission would apply to a complaint about a rate increase, the elimination of a "safe harbor" (which would have granted Qwest protection from Commission review of certain rate increases), and increased flexibility for the remedies the Parties would recommend the Commission should order, including rolling rates back to "pre-Plan" levels.

In addition, the Plan now includes the possibility for the Commission to open an investigation at any time to ensure the Plan is still operating in the public interest, and to make adjustments to or terminate the Plan, if required. If the Commission were to decide to terminate the Plan, it may also adjust Qwest's rates, and the Parties agree that the Commission should not lower them below pre-Plan levels. Qwest also agreed to waive certain objections if the Commission were to decide to require Qwest to undergo a traditional, general rate case in the event the Commission terminates the Plan.

- Q. Are there other changes to the plan that are not apparent in the final document?
- A. Yes. Qwest removed from its initial proposals a provision from the Plan that would not

be apparent from reviewing only the final document. For example, Qwest's earlier proposals included a waiver of OAR 860-022-0042, the Commission's rule regulating the recovery of municipal taxes, fees, and other charges. Under this rule, the aggregate amount of such fees that does not exceed 4 percent of local access revenue is recovered from all customers as a general operating expense, and the balance is billed to customers within the cities imposing the charges. Accordingly, customers within cities will continue to be billed only the amount exceeding 4 percent of local access revenue.

VI. QWEST'S RECENT RATE REGULATION

Q. Please briefly describe the form of retail rate regulation under which Qwest currently operates in Oregon.

A.

On December 29, 1999, Qwest elected to be subject to price cap regulation under ORS 759.405 to ORS 759.410, and Qwest is currently regulated under those statutes. In essence, this is a form of "price cap" regulation that provides Qwest with pricing flexibility for most retail services (with the exception of certain services classified as "basic") between specified maximum prices and price floors. Based upon its election, Qwest non-basic service is subject to regulation only under ORS 759.405 to ORS 759.410, and Qwest is not subject to any other retail rate regulation, including any form of earnings-based, rate-based, or rate-of-return regulation. ORS 759.410(2).

Under ORS 759.410(3), intrastate retail telecommunications services that the Commission has defined as "basic" are established at rates that the Commission sets under ORS 759.425. The Commission set Qwest's basic service rates in September 2001 in Order No. 01-810 in Docket UT 125. Qwest's rates for "non-basic" intrastate retail

	⁶ One notable exception is the rates for Public Access Lines, for which the Commission approved lower
A.	Yes, during the eight-year period that Qwest has been operating under price cap
	the regulatory status of any Qwest services?
Q.	Since Qwest opted in to price cap regulation in 1999, have there been any changes to
	most services, and thus the rates could not be raised.
	time. ⁶ As noted earlier, the rates the Commission approved established price caps for
A.	The rates established by this 2001 order have remained largely unchanged since that
Q.	Have the rates set by this 2001 order changed since they were established?
•	reasonable rates.
	which resolved a variety of disputed rate issues, the Commission established just and
	creates rates that are 'just and reasonable.'" With the issuance of this rate design order,
	requirement phase, Qwest has the burden to demonstrate that its rate design proposal
	must achieve to gain approval of rates: "In the rate design phase, as in the revenue
A.	Yes. In Order No. 01-810 (page 1), the Commission cites the legal standard that Qwest
	Qwest's rates were just and reasonable?
Q.	In establishing Qwest's rates in Docket UT 125, did the Commission determine that
	ORS 759.410(4). Basic telephone service, however, is not subject to a price floor. <i>Id</i> .
	the price that is charged to other telecommunications carriers for the essential services.
	incremental cost ("TSLRIC") of providing the nonessential functions of the service and
	subject to price floors (minimum prices) equal to the sum of the total service long-run
	rates the Commission established in Docket UT 125 (see ORS 759.415), and are also
	and switched access services are subject to price caps (maximum prices) equal to the

1		regulation, the Commission has approved several Qwest petitions to deregulate services,
2		thus removing these services from price regulation. Qwest services that have been
3		deregulated since 1999 include Centrex Prime (Order No. 00-228 in Docket UX 23),
4		intraLATA toll services (Order No. 03-609 in Docket UX 28), ATM and Frame Relay
5		(Order No. 06-399 in Docket UX 29), and certain business lines in the Portland and
6 7		Clackamas rate centers (Order No. 06-399 in Docket UX 29).
8	Q.	Have there been other changes that resulted from the implementation of price cap
9		regulation for Qwest?
10	A.	Yes. During the period in which Qwest has been operating under ORS 759.405 to
11		759.410, it has obtained Commission orders, and entered into several agreements with the
12		Commission, that have simplified Qwest's regulatory obligations and the Commission's
13 14		regulatory oversight responsibilities, consistent with the fact that Qwest is not subject to
15		earnings-based regulation. In Order No. 00-382 in Docket UI 182, for example, the
16		Commission suspended and/or modified filing requirements for Qwest for affiliated
17		interest contracts and related reports. In Order No. 06-514 in Docket UM 1274, the
18		Commission simplified Qwest's obligations with respect to certain depreciation and
19		accounting issues (OAR 860-027-0050).
20		In addition, on September 9, 2003, Qwest and Commission Staff agreed to certain
21		"Guidelines" which clarified, modified, and/or waived Qwest's obligations under various
22		statutes or Commission rules. The subjects addressed include: withdrawal/abandonment
23		2

of service (OAR 860-032-0020); special contracts (ORS 759.250); calculation of price

floors; promotions (ORS 759.182, OAR 860-026-0025(2)); affiliate interest filings (ORS

24

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759.385, *et seq.*); and financial reporting (*former* ORS 759.100 to 759.115; ORS 759.120 to 759.130). Further, in correspondence with the Commission in 2004, the Commission agreed to modify certain of Qwest's reporting obligations with respect to financial information. (See Attachment A to the Price Plan.)

Further still, Qwest entered into additional agreements with Staff in November 2004. Among other things, these agreements reduce and/or simplify Qwest's reporting obligations with respect to the filing of Form O and Form I and other financial reports (OAR 860-027-0070), construction budgets (OAR 860-027-0005 and -0015), and affiliated interest transactions (OAR 860-027-0040, -0041, and -0100). Finally, in a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") between Qwest and Staff dated May 26, 2004, and approved by the Commission in Order No. 04-404 in Docket UP 212, Qwest and Staff agreed to guidelines regarding accounting for the sale of assets and the imposition of municipal charges.

- Q. Did these changes in reporting and regulation put Qwest on the same basis as some of the other providers of telecommunication services in Qwest's service territory?
- A. No, as a telecommunications utility, Qwest continues to have reporting responsibilities beyond those required of its competitors. However, the steps taken since 1999 to reduce Qwest's reporting requirements and the Commission's regulatory oversight responsibilities, primarily as they relate to rate-of-return regulation, have simplified and reduced regulation for both Qwest and the Commission.
- Q. Would these reduced regulatory reporting requirements continue under the Plan?
- A. Yes, as addressed in more detail later in Section VIII.E. of this testimony, these reduced

1 regulatory reporting requirements would largely be continued under the Plan, consistent 2 with the goals to simplify regulation and balance the need for regulation and competition. 3 ORS 759.255(2)(c) and (d). 4 MARKET OPTIONS AND SUBSTITUTABILITY 5 What significant changes have occurred in the telecommunications market in Q. 6 Oregon since 2000? 7 8 A. The telecommunications market in Qwest's service territory in Oregon has undergone a 9 number of changes in the past several years. In 2000, the wireline telecommunications 10 industry was in the midst of an era of unprecedented growth, and Qwest's total retail 11 access lines in service appear to have reached their peak. Many of Qwest's Oregon 12 customers now have intramodal options from both wireline CLECs and independent 13 telephone companies overbuilding Qwest's facilities, as well as intermodal options from 14 cable service providers, fixed and mobile wireless carriers, and stand-alone Voice over 15 16 Internet Protocol ("VoIP") service providers. It appears that preferences of many 17 customers are shifting away from traditional landline services that Qwest and its CLEC 18 competitors offer towards wireless, cable, and VoIP services for residential and business 19 landline services. 20 **Quantification of Oregon Telecommunications Market Changes** A. 21 22 Q. Have Owest's retail access lines declined significantly in Oregon? 23 A. Yes. Since 2000, Qwest's local access lines have declined substantially, as follows: 24

25

1			Qwest Local	Exchange Access	Lines – Oregon ²	7		
			-	C	G	Percent		
2			December 2000	December 2007	Change	Change		
3		siness	466,960	259,276	(207,684)	(44.5)%		
5		phone	14,827	5,455	(9,372)	(63.2)%		
4	Res	idence	978,382	626,711	(351,671)	(35.9)%		
_		Total	1,460,169	891,442	(568,727)	(38.9)%		
5 6		Since thes	e data reflect Qwes	t's operations statev	wide in Oregon, t	he rate of Qwest's		
7		access line	e losses is higher tha	an the percentages a	above indicate in	certain areas of the		
8		state, such	as where cable-bas	sed providers and C	LECs focus their	efforts, and lower in		
9		others. Al	lso, these data are st	rictly comparisons	of Qwest's acces	s lines at two particular		
10		points in t	ime and thus do not	reflect customers v	who chose a non-	Qwest service provider		
11	without first having been a Qwest customer.							
12								
13	Q. Are other segments of the telecommunications industry in Oregon experiencing							
14		growth?						
15	A.	Yes. The	following table sho	ws the change in qu	nantities in servic	e for CLEC access		
16		lines, mob	oile wireless, and hig	gh-speed internet lii	nes in service in (Oregon between		
17		December	2000 and June 200	7 (the most current	FCC data availal	ble as of the filing date		
18	of this joint testimony):							
19		J.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
20								
21								
22		7						
23	Officia		IIS Report 43-08, Table rvice ("OCS") lines, an			ARMIS data excludes Qwest		

1		Oregon In-Service Quantities December 2000 versus June 2007 ⁸						
2			Dec. 2000	June 2007	Change	Percent Change		
3		CLEC Lines ⁹	99,326	325,293	225,967	227.5%		
4		Mobile Wireless Subscribers	1,201,207	2,781,196	1,579,989	131.5%		
5		High-Speed Lines ¹⁰	76,839	1,285,947	1,209,108	1,573.6%		
6 7	Q.	What does this data s	show?					
8	A.	The telecommunication	ns market in	Oregon has ev	olved substan	tially since 2000.		
9		Intramodal service opt	cions from CL	ECs and netw	ork overbuild	ers have grown since		
10		2000, and wireless and	l high-speed b	oroadband-bas	ed services pr	resent rapidly-growing		
11		intermodal service options for some of Qwest's customers. A number of customers in						
12		Oregon appear to be using CLEC wireline, wireless, and broadband-based internet voice						
13		services as alternatives to Qwest's traditional wireline services. These categories of						
14		intramodal and intermodal service options are discussed in greater detail in the following						
15		sections of this joint testimony.						
16		J	J					
17	В.	CLEC Activity						
18	0	Which CLECs are cu	innontly optiv	yo in Onogon?				
19	Q.		· ·					
20	A.	There are more than 4	0 CLECs curr	ently active in	Oregon. The	ese CLECs include		
21		carriers such as AT&T	F, BendBroadl	band, Charter	FiberLink, Co	mcast, Eastern Oregon		
22		Telecom, Integra (incl	uding Eschelo	on, Electric Lig	ghtwave, Oreg	gon Telecom and Unicom,		

⁸ The source for the data in this table regarding ILEC lines, CLEC lines, and mobile wireless subscribers is the FCC Local Telephone Competition Report, Tables 9, 10, and 14. The source for the data in this table regarding high-speed lines is the FCC High-Speed Services for Internet Access Report, Table 10.

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⁹ Current FCC rules do not require cable-based CLECs, such as Comcast and Bend Broadband, to report inservice access line quantities to the FCC, and thus the CLEC access line counts may be understated.

¹⁰ High-speed access lines, such as coaxial lines, fiber or DSL, are used to support VoIP telephone services.

1		which have all been acquired by Integra), Verizon/MCI, Rio Communications, XO
2		Communications and others.
3	Q.	In which Oregon markets do these CLECs provide service?
4	A.	CLECs generally serve business, not residential, customers, although cable-based CLECs
5		are actively serving both markets. CLECs are also more active in larger cities such as
6 7		Portland, Salem, and Eugene, although many business customers in smaller communities
8		typically also have a choice of telecommunications providers. For instance,
9		BendBroadband and Rio Communications serve business customers, as well as
10		residential customers, in the greater Bend area in central Oregon, and Rio also serves
11		other communities such as Roseburg, Grants Pass, and Medford.
12	0	What significant events have occurred in the recent past that may affect the level of
13	Q.	
14		CLEC competition in Oregon in 2008 and beyond?
15	A.	Four very significant mergers (SBC and AT&T, Verizon and MCI, Eschelon and Integra,
16		and McLeodUSA and PAETEC) have occurred within the past few years. These four
17		mergers have created fewer CLECs but the remaining CLECs will presumably have
18		greater scale and scope than had existed in the past.
19	C	Windless Convice Activity
20	C.	Wireless Service Activity
21	Q.	Which wireless carriers are now active in providing services in Qwest's service
22		territory in Oregon?
23	A.	Mobile wireless service is available in Qwest's service territory in Oregon from various
24		(
25		

	major carriers such as AT&T, Alltel, Cricket, 11 Sprint/Nextel, T-Mobile, and Verizon. 12
	At least one of these wireless providers is offering wireless services in each of Qwest's
	exchanges in the state.
Q.	Do the wireless services currently available in Oregon provide functions and
	features similar to Qwest's local exchange services?
A.	Yes. Wireless services now provide functions similar to (and in some instances, in
	addition to) traditional local exchange services. Both types of services provide switched
	voice communication capability, access to directory assistance, access to popular calling
	features (such as call waiting, Caller ID, voice messaging, and others), access to operator
	services, number portability, and access to E911 service. Wireless services provide the
	additional function of mobility which traditional wireline local exchange services lack.
Q.	Do some customers view wireless service as an alternative to traditional wireline
	services?
A.	Yes. On May 13, 2008, updated National Health Interview Survey ("NHIS") results were
	released, and show that 15.8 percent of all U.S. households relied solely on wireless
	services as of December 2007. ¹³ The reported percentage from the same survey in June
	2004 was 5.0 percent. In Oregon, the number of wireless subscribers has increased by
	more than 130 percent from 1.2 million in December 2000 to 2.8 million as of December
rated	11 Cricket currently serves more than 60 cities in Oregon, including communities such as Albany, camas, Corvallis, Cottage Grove, Eugene, Independence, Oregon City, Portland, and Salem. Cricket offers flatwireless telephone service specifically designed as a direct substitute for traditional landline telephone service. ttp://www.mycricket.com/cricketcoveragemaps.
Sec II	¹² Other smaller wireless carriers, including Snake River PCS, Unicel and U.S. Cellular, also serve various

 13 Wireless Substitution: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, July-

areas of Oregon. See e.g., http://www.mountainwireless.com/cellor.shtml.

December 2007, rel. May 13, 2008, Table 1.

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1		2007—a number that significantly exceeds the combined total of ILEC and CLEC
2		telephone lines in the state.
3	Q.	Can wireless services currently be considered direct substitutes for wireline services
4		in every application?
5	A.	No. A certain number of customers may never switch from wireline services to wireless
7		services, no matter how attractive wireless services become. However, a subset of
8		telecommunications customers is using wireless services as direct substitutes for
9		traditional wireline local exchange access line services, and this number has been
10		increasing.
11	Q.	Are wireless services currently available in Oregon priced comparably to some of
12		Qwest's local exchange services?
13 14	A.	Yes. Specific pricing comparisons between Qwest's current Oregon retail local exchange
15		service and competitive wireless services in Oregon are provided in Section IX.B.4.b(ii)
16		of this joint testimony.
17	Q.	Are wireless service options in Oregon limited to the services offered by mobile
18		wireless service providers?
19	A.	No. The Oregon Economic and Community Development Department has identified at
20	11.	least 30 companies providing "fixed wireless" services in the state. These fixed wireless
2122		companies include Clearwire, Ash Creek Wireless, Eastern Oregon Network,
23		OregonFAST.net, SawNet, and others. 14 These wireless services are typically marketed
24		as alternatives to accessing the internet through traditional landline facilities such as DSL
25		as alternatives to accessing the internet through traditional fandine facilities such as DSL
26		14 http://www.oregon4biz.com/index.htm

1 or cable modem services. 2 D. **Voice over Internet Protocol ("VoIP") Activity** 3 Are VoIP telephone services now available to Owest's traditional residential and Q. 4 business landline services in Oregon for some customers? 5 Yes. Multiple VoIP providers are now actively offering various forms of telephone A. 6 7 services to residential and business customers with broadband internet access in 8 Oregon. 15 For customers with a pre-existing broadband internet connection, there is no 9 incremental cost for broadband when they elect to add VoIP services. Specific VoIP 10 service prices now available to Oregon subscribers are discussed in Section IX.B.4.b(iii) 11 of this testimony. 12 Q. Are internet-based VoIP services becoming more prevalent throughout the State? 13 It appears so. Since VoIP services are not currently regulated at the state or the federal 14 A. 15 levels, VoIP providers are not required to report in-service subscriber quantities to any 16 agency and, therefore, the Parties are not able to provide the specific number of VoIP 17 subscribers in Oregon. However, various independent researchers have released national 18 studies regarding subscriber growth rates for VoIP services. For instance, in May 2008, 19 TeleGeography Research (a division of PriMetrica, Inc.) released a study showing the 20 increase in consumer VoIP subscribership in the U.S. from 2004 through fourth Quarter 21 2007, as shown in the chart below:¹⁶ 22 23 24

digital subscriber line (DSL), fiber-based providers, wireless broadband, and satellite services.

25

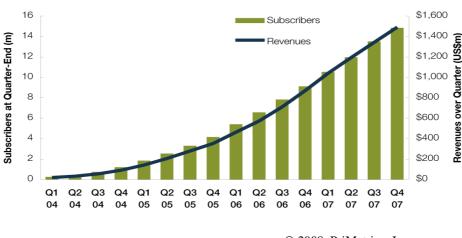
26

¹⁵ Broadband internet access is now available from a number of sources, including cable modem service,

¹⁶ U.S. VoIP Research Service: Market Analysis and Forecasts, p. 2, TeleGeography Research, 2008.

U.S. VoIP Subscribers and Revenues, 2004-2007

A.



© 2008, PriMetrica, Inc.

This chart shows that the number of VoIP subscribers nationwide has increased from almost zero in January 2004 to approximately 15 million in December 2007. In Oregon, the number of high-speed internet access lines stood at more than 1.2 million as of June 2007. Since each high-speed internet access customer represents a potential VoIP subscriber, the pool of potential VoIP subscribers appears to be increasing.

Q. Do Qwest DSL service subscribers have the option of utilizing the DSL connection to subscribe to VoIP service instead of traditional Qwest local exchange services?

Yes. Residential and business customers within Qwest's service territory may subscribe to Qwest DSL service on a "stand-alone" basis (i.e., they are not required to subscribe to standard Qwest local exchange services as a precondition to subscribing to Qwest DSL service). Customers choosing to subscribe to stand-alone Qwest DSL service are able to utilize non-Qwest VoIP residential and business services if they so choose.

Q. Which providers are now offering VoIP services in Oregon?

A. In addition to cable-based service providers such as Comcast, ¹⁷ Charter, ¹⁸ and BendBroadband ¹⁹ (each of which provide VoIP-based services to customers through cable broadband connections), there are currently more than 50 "stand-alone" VoIP service providers available to any Oregon customer with access to a broadband internet connection. These VoIP providers include 1TouchTone.com, AT&T CallVantage, Broadvoice, Lingo, myPhoneCompany Net2Phone, Packet8, Verizon VoiceWing, Voip.com, Vonage, and others. ²⁰

Q. Please describe the nature of VoIP offerings currently available in Oregon.

A. VoIP services available in Oregon include many features, and typically include unlimited long distance calling in the standard service price. The VoIP services now available also utilize standard telephone sets connected through special modem adapters (typically called "Analog Telephone Adapters") to the Internet, and VoIP users place and receive voice telephone calls in the same manner as they otherwise would with traditional local exchange telephone services.

¹⁷ Comcast serves many of Oregon's largest cities, such as Portland, Salem and Eugene, and virtually all of Qwest's service territory along Interstate 5 between Portland and Salem. *See http://www.comcast.com/shop/buyflow/default.ashx*.

¹⁸ Charter serves virtually all of Qwest's service areas in southern Oregon (with the exception of Ashland), the northern Oregon coast (including Astoria, Seaside and Cannon Beach), and Pendleton and Baker City in eastern Oregon. *See http://www.charter-business.com/Charter-Business-SiteLocator.aspx*

¹⁹ BendBroadband has deployed VoIP services in central Oregon (including Sisters, Redmond and Bend). *See* http://www.bendbulletin.com/apps/pbcs.dll/article?AID=/20060102/BIZ0102/601020315/1011&nav_category=.

²⁰ http://www.voip-info.org/wiki/view/VOIP+Service+Providers+Residential#NorthAmerica

1	Q.	In 2006, the Commission denied parts of Qwest's petition to deregulate business
2		services in Docket UX 29. Does that decision have a bearing on whether the
3		Commission should approve the Price Plan now?
4	A.	No. ²¹ The Commission's decision in Docket UX 29 does not bear upon its consideration
5		of the Price Plan for several reasons.
6 7		First and foremost, the petition in Docket UX 29 sought an exemption from
8		regulation for many business services; however, the Price Plan would not exempt any
9		Qwest service from regulation for the reasons discussed in Section IV. Therefore, the
10		analysis the Commission undertook in Docket UX 29 to determine whether Qwest met
11		the standards of ORS 759.052 simply does not apply in this proceeding. Instead, as noted
12		on pages 2 and 3 of this testimony, ORS 759.255 contains a different legal standard and
13 14		permits the Commission to consider a variety of factors – many of which, such as
15		Qwest's commitments to investments and the service performance guarantee program,
16		were not present in Docket UX 29 - in deciding whether approval of the Price Plan is in
17		the public interest.
18		Second, to the extent the Petition in this case is premised at least conceptually on
19		the potential for price-constraining competition, the Parties recognize that the
20		telecommunications market in Oregon has continued to evolve from the time period
21 22		considered in Docket UX 29.
23		Third, whereas the Commission thought it was unable to consider competitive
24		data from a variety of sources in Docket UX 29, the Parties agree that it is appropriate for

²¹ TRACER does not join in the response to this question.

the Commission to consider a broader array of alternative services in the context of this proceeding.

For all these reasons, the Parties agree the decision in Docket UX 29 does not bear upon the Commission's consideration of the Stipulation and Price Plan in this proceeding.

VIII. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PRICE PLAN

A. Objectives

A.

Q. Please describe the Plan's objectives.

The Parties agreed to eight key objectives. (Plan, § II.A.) Some of these objectives are directly based on the statutory criteria set forth in ORS 759.255, while others were added based on requests from individual Parties.

The first objective is to ensure the Plan is operating in a way that is in the public interest. This is the cornerstone of the Plan, as all Parties recognize that Oregon law requires that before the Commission can approve a price plan under ORS 759.255(1), it must find that the plan is in the public interest. ORS 759.255(2). In determining whether a price plan is in the public interest, the Commission is required to consider, among other matters, four specific criteria, all of which are addressed in the other seven Plan objectives. ORS 759.255(2)(a) – (d).

The second objective of the Plan is to produce prices for Qwest's retail telecommunications services that are just and reasonable. ORS 759.255(2)(a) requires a price plan to ensure that prices for telecommunications services are just and reasonable, and this objective is another important aspect of the Plan.

The third Plan objective is to ensure that Qwest's service quality for existing telecommunications services will stay at or above current high service quality levels. In that regard, Qwest commits it will meet or exceed the Commission's applicable retail service quality standards, as well as continue its current reporting practices. This is another important objective of the Plan, and is one of the criteria the Commission is required to consider pursuant to ORS 759.255(2)(b). This objective is also one of the reasons the Parties negotiated and agreed to a service performance guarantee program (Plan, § II.B.1.) and ongoing conditions for review of its service quality (Plan, § V.B.1.).

The fourth Plan objective is to maintain the availability of primary line basic service at affordable rates. The Plan does so by capping at current rates Qwest's rates for primary line basic service for residential customers for at least five years, and for business customers for three years after which the cap would increase by only \$1.00 over current rates. The Commission must approve any other increase in the cap for primary line basic service.

The fifth objective of the Plan is to allow Qwest to price other services competitively with services offered by alternative providers, including those using landline, wireless, cable, and VoIP technologies.

The sixth Plan objective is to increase Qwest's pricing flexibility to meet changing market conditions, as described in Section VII of this joint testimony. This objective serves the statutory criterion that a price plan should maintain the appropriate balance between the need for regulation and competition. ORS 759.255(2)(c). The Plan provides Qwest with the flexibility to adjust prices and service offerings to compete more

effectively against alternative providers in an increasingly-changing telecommunications market in Oregon.

The seventh objective is to make new telecommunications services available to Qwest customers in Oregon. The Plan is designed to allow Qwest to make new telecommunications services available to best position itself in the market as competition continues to evolve.

Finally, the last objective of the Plan is to simplify and reduce the burden of regulation for both Qwest and the Commission. This is one of the criteria the Commission is required to consider pursuant to ORS 759.255(2)(d). The Plan does so by eliminating the need for the Commission to review and approve every price change, and reducing the number and extent of regulatory filings and reports that Qwest must make and the Commission must review.

B. Network and Service Performance Commitments

A.

Q. Please explain Qwest's commitments regarding service quality.

First, Qwest commits to continuing to file its monthly service quality reports with the Commission in the same format in which such reports are currently provided. These reports would provide the Commission with an excellent means of monitoring Qwest's service quality and comparing that quality against historical performance. In making this commitment, Qwest is waiving its right to seek an exemption from monthly reporting under OAR 860-023-0055(16)(d). (Plan, § II.B.3.)

Second, Qwest will implement a service performance guarantee program that will include guaranteed appointments and guaranteed commitments for specific types of

services. This program will be backed by a promise to credit customers \$25.00, at 1 2 shareholder expense, for each missed commitment. The types of services included in this 3 program will be: 1) reconnection of an existing service following move-out/move-in, or 4 disconnection for non-payment; 2) connection of a new or additional service or a change 5 of an existing service; and 3) repair of an existing service when a customer is unable to 6 receive and/or place a telephone call. (Plan, § II.B.1.) 7 Q. Does the Plan contain provisions for correction of service quality problems? 8 9 Yes. If Qwest were not to meet the objective service levels for one or more individual A. 10 standards in OAR 860-023-0055 for three months out of a twelve-month sliding window, 11 the Commission may require Owest to submit a performance plan pursuant to 12 ORS 759.450(5). In addition, the Commission may suspend Qwest's authority under the 13 Plan to increase retail prices until such time as Qwest has met all the goals of the 14 performance plan. If the Commission were to determine after notice and an opportunity 15 for hearing that Qwest had not met the goals of a performance plan within six months, or 16 17 if the Commission were to disapprove the performance plan, then, in addition to the 18 remedies set forth in ORS 759.450(5)–(7), the Commission may open an investigation to 19 consider further adjustments to, or termination of, the Plan. (Plan, § V.B.3.) 20 Q. What other commitments has Qwest made under the Plan to provide additional 21 network services or other customer benefits? 22 Qwest has committed to incremental investments of \$4 million in network improvements A. 23 24 and other projects, and it will do so as a shareholder expense. Specific network

infrastructure projects will be agreed to by Qwest and the Commission (or its designee),

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1 and are to be made during the first three years of the Plan. The types of projects may 2 include additional DSL deployment in specific geographic areas where it would not 3 otherwise be economically feasible, expansion of redundant fiber rings, or other network 4 enhancements that would not otherwise be done. (Plan, § II.B.2.) 5 Q. Please describe the commitment regarding establishment of an independent 6 consumer information center. 7 One specific project requested by CUB and included in the Plan will be the establishment A. 8 9 of an independent consumer information center. This center will provide information to 10 Oregon consumers to assist them with understanding the nature and pricing of service 11 offerings by telecommunications carriers and alternative providers through the state. Of 12 the total network investment commitment, Qwest will commit up to a total of \$2 million 13 toward this project. Establishment and operation of this center will be overseen by the 14 Commission, and the specific details, including the actual amount of the investment and 15 the timing of the investment, will be discussed among the Parties and established by the 16 17 Commission following approval of Plan. (Plan, § II.B.2.a.) This center will be a 18 resource to all Oregon consumers, and not only Qwest customers. 19 C. **Stabilization of Customers' Rates** 20 1. **Primary Line Basic Service** 21 22 Q. Please describe how customers of primary line basic service are protected from rate 23 increases. 24 The Plan protects customers of Qwest's primary line basic service, for both residential A. 25 and business applications, by capping prices at current levels, which the Commission 26

found to be just and reasonable in its 2001 order (Order No. 01-810) in Qwest's last general rate case, Docket UT 125. Section III.B.1. of the Plan caps all non-recurring charges for primary line basic services at current rates. Section III.B.2. caps recurring charges for primary line basic service for residential customers at current rates. Section III.B.3. caps recurring charges for primary line basic service for business customers at current rates. Qwest may increase primary line basic service rates for business customers in Rate Groups 1 and 2 by up to \$1.00 over pre-Plan rates after the third year of the Plan. Qwest may petition the Commission to adjust or remove the price caps for primary line basic service and must show that removal or adjustment of the price caps would still result in rates that are just and reasonable, considering the various factors set forth in Section V.B.2.b. of the Plan. No change in the price cap for residential customers may be effective before the fifth anniversary of the effective date of the Plan. The Commission may also consider whether removal or adjustment of the price caps is in the public interest, considering the factors set forth in ORS 759.255(2). (Plan, § III.B.3.)

2. Additional service rates stabilized under the Plan.

Q. What other services are capped at current rates?

A. These services include Switched Access (although the Commission may adjust these price caps if required by FCC action), EAS, ²² Toll Restriction, Call Trace (also known as *59), and Unlisted Numbers.

Q. What other rates are protected under the Plan?

A. Pursuant to Section III.C. of the Plan, certain basic business services in Rate Group 3 will

²² The Plan also provides that Qwest will not be required to establish any new EAS routes. (Plan, § III.G.)

not be included in the Plan. The Parties agreed to exclude these services in Rate Group 3 from the Plan to avoid any requirement that Qwest increase those prices to comply with the price floor of ORS 759.410(4). Prices for these services in Rate Group 3 will continue to be established by the Commission pursuant to ORS 759.425(2)(a).

A.

The Commission will also continue to regulate rates for Public Access Line service (lines that Qwest provides to payphone service providers) pursuant to federal requirements. (Plan, § III.D.)

Qwest will continue to offer current Telephone Assistance Plans (i.e., TAP, Tribal Lifeline, and Link-Up) pursuant to state and federal requirements. (Plan, § III.E.)

Qwest will also continue to include directory listings with basic service. (Plan, §§ III.F. through III.J.)

Q. How does the Plan stabilize rates for complex digital services for business customers, DS-1 and ISDN-PRI?

Qwest and TRACER negotiated rate protections for these services, and all Parties agreed that rates for both intrastate DS-1 service and intrastate ISDN-PRI service will be subject to agreed-upon price caps. With the exception of the recurring rates for the transport mileage elements, the initial price cap for each rate element (for both recurring and non-recurring charges) for these intrastate services will be the average of the rates charged for each such rate elements in Qwest's 13 other ILEC states as of May 1, 2008. The Parties also agree that the initial price cap for each recurring transport mileage element will be 125 percent of pre-Plan rates. Each of these price caps will increase annually by the amount of increase in the Portland Consumer Price Index ("CPI") for that particular year.

1	Q.	Please provide an example of how to calculate the annual increase in the price cap	
2		for DS-1 service and ISDN-PRI service.	
3	A.	Assuming the initial price cap for DS-1 service and ISDN-PRI service is set on August 1,	
4		2008, then the annual increase tied to the CPI could occur on August 1, 2009. The CPI	
5 6		measure we have chosen does not currently provide monthly data, so we would use the	
7		most recent two years of annual data to calculate the percentage increase, if any. By July	
8		1, 2009, the annual CPI for the Portland area will be available for 2008. Qwest would	
9		calculate the percentage increase in the CPI from 2007 to 2008 and that result would	
10		represent the increase in the price cap beginning August 1, 2009, for DS-1 and ISDN-PRI	
11		services.	
12			
13	Q.	Other than the lack of availability of monthly data as you discuss immediately	
14		above, is there another reason annual CPI data should be used?	
15	A.	Yes. Because the series we have chosen is not seasonally adjusted, it is important to use	
16		the annual numbers to help smooth out changes in the CPI due to the influences of	
17		weather, holidays, the opening and closing of schools, and other recurring seasonal	
18		events from economic time series.	
19			
20	D.	Pricing Flexibility for Qwest's New Services, Other Services, and Packages and Bundles	
21			
22	Q.	What does the Plan provide in terms of pricing flexibility for services other than	
23		those discussed above?	
24	A.	The Plan provides Qwest with limited pricing flexibility for existing services other than	
25		those discussed above, new services, and packages and bundles.	
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Section III.N. of the Plan provides that all other residential and business services not discussed above are subject to a price cap under which Qwest may not raise the rate for any specific service by more than 50 percent per year, or more than 200 percent over any rolling five-year period. Under Section III.M of the Plan, the rates for all new services introduced after the effective date of the Plan are subject to the same caps.

Section III.P. of the Plan provides Qwest with flexibility for the pricing of packages and bundles. Qwest would be allowed to combine any regulated telecommunications service with any other service(s) to offer packages and bundles at any price, subject to certain conditions. One of those conditions is that customers can purchase any regulated telecommunications service included in a package or bundle on a "stand-alone" basis. (Plan, § III.P.1.) Other conditions are that a package or bundle price may not be lower than the sum of the price floors of the regulated telecommunications services included in the package or bundle, and that the package or bundle price may not be higher than the sum of the retail prices of all individual services available in the package or bundle. (Plan, § III.P.1. – 2.) Qwest will also continue to advise customers when the price for any specific services they select from those available in a package or bundle would be lower if the service were purchased separately. (Plan, § III.P.5.)

Q. What other rate protections are included in the Plan?

A.

Despite having pricing flexibility, Qwest agrees it will not geographically "de-average" rates for any services under the Plan any further than such rates are already geographically de-averaged. (Plan, § III.O.) For example, the existing flat business recurring access line prices are \$26.00 in Rate Group 1, and \$28.50 in Rate Group 2. If

Owest were to exercise pricing flexibility under the terms of the Plan to increase flat business line prices for additional lines by \$1.00 in Rate Group 1, the comparable prices for Rate Group 2 would be increased by no more than \$1.00.

Similarly, if Qwest were to decrease the price of a service that is currently uniformly priced, such as its Choice Home feature package, by \$1.00, that same decrease would apply throughout Owest's service territory. Thus, customers in all parts of the state will benefit from the price-constraining effects of competition that may not be as robust in one area of the state as it is in others.

Further, Qwest commits that it will not introduce during the term of the Plan additional Rate Groups nor will it subdivide existing Rate Groups for services that are currently priced differently, such as local exchange services and Private Line services, in different parts of the state.

Q. How is Directory Assistance treated under the Plan?

The Plan allows Qwest to remove the two monthly free-call allowance for Directory A. 16 Assistance service, and to increase such rates subject to the price caps for "Other 18 Services" discussed above.

Waiver of Statutes and Rules E.

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Q. Does ORS 759.255 provide for the waiver of any statutory requirements?

22 Yes. Under ORS 759.255(5), the Commission may, if it approves a plan under A. 23 ORS 759.255(1), waive, in whole or in part, a telecommunications utility's compliance with the following statutes: ORS 759.120 (accounting requirements); ORS 759.125 (accounts and records); ORS 759.130 (accounts, balance sheets and audits); ORS 759.135

1 (depreciation accounts); ORS 759.180 to ORS 759.205 (hearing on reasonableness of 2 rates, promotions, suspension of rates, notice of schedule changes, price listing, 3 amortizations, and filed rates); ORS 759.215 (public access to schedules); ORS 759.220 4 (joint rates and classifications); ORS 759.285 (charging rates based on cost of property 5 not presently providing service); and ORS 759.300 to ORS 759.393 (issuance of 6 securities and use of proceeds, transactions of utilities). 7 Q. Does the Plan include Commission waiver of any of these statutes? 8 9 Yes. The Plan would waive, either in whole or in part, Qwest's compliance with each of A. 10 these statutes, with three exceptions: 1) ORS 759.182, pursuant to which Qwest may 11 offer service promotions; 2) ORS 759.205, pursuant to which Owest is required to charge 12 rates that conform to schedules; and 3) ORS 759.215(1), pursuant to which Qwest shall 13 make its rate schedules available to the public. (Plan, § IV.A.) 14 Many of the waivers are limited, as identified in Section IV.A. of the Plan. 15 Waiver of these requirements provides for continuation and, in some cases, a logical 16 17 extension of the manner in which Qwest has operated since 2000 under ORS 759.405 to 18 759.410, and would permit a level of regulatory oversight that is consistent with non-19 earnings based regulation. Waivers of these statutes also balance the need for regulation 20 and competition and simplify regulation. ORS 759.255(c) and (d). 21 Q. Please provide a brief description of the statutes that would be waived, and explain 22 the rationale for their full or partial waiver. 23 24 The Plan provides for the waiver of statutory requirements, in whole or in part, for three A. 25

primary reasons.

First, in several instances, Qwest would continue to operate in a manner similar to how it is currently operating based on prior Commission orders or agreements. For example, in Commission Order No. 06-514 in Docket UM 1274, ordering clause (5) states: "Qwest Corporation is permitted to utilize depreciation and salvage rates that it utilizes now, and will utilize in the future, for the Monthly Reporting basis of accounting with updates filed with the Commission." Qwest is complying with the requirements of Order No. 06-514 under its current form of regulation, and Owest would continue to comply with the requirements of this order after implementation of the Plan. Thus, the partial waiver of ORS 759.120, ORS 759.125, and ORS 759.135 included in the Plan simply means that the current compliance regime would remain unchanged. Several full or partial statutory waiver requests fall into this general category, and include the following statutes: ORS 759.120 - ORS 759.125 (accounting requirements, accounts and records); ORS 759.130 (accounts, balance sheets and audits), ORS 759.135 (depreciation accounts), ORS 759.385 - ORS 759.390 (contracts with affiliated interests), and ORS 759.393 (utility property and affiliate contracts). Second, the Plan would render moot the requirements of certain statutes, since

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Second, the Plan would render moot the requirements of certain statutes, since

Qwest would not be operating under historical filing practices or rate-of-return

regulation. For instance, ORS 759.180 delineates Commission requirements for

investigating the reasonableness of telecommunications prices, the timing of such

investigations, etc. The Plan outlines how Qwest may change its rates, and provides clear

guidelines regarding how the Commission should proceed if someone complains that a

particular Qwest retail price is not reasonable; thus, application of this statute, which

applies to traditional rate-of-return regulation, would not be necessary. Several statutes for which Qwest is seeking a waiver fall into this category, including: ORS 759.180 (hearing on reasonableness of rates), ORS 759.185 (suspension of rates pending hearing), ORS 759.190 (notice of schedule changes), ORS 759.215(2) (public access to rate schedules 30 days prior to price changes) and ORS 759.220 (joint rates and classifications). Additionally, ORS 759.195 (price listing/alternative form of regulation), provides an alternative form of regulation which is different from the Plan.

Finally, several statutes relate to how a company must operate under rate-of-return regulation. For example, ORS 759.200 specifies how amortizations of capital investments must be accounted for in telecommunications rates. Since retail service prices under the Plan are not established under a rate-of-return regulatory regime, this statute would not be relevant to the manner in which rates are set. Several statutes fall into this same general category, including: ORS 759.200 (amortizations), ORS 759.285 (charging rates based on cost of property not presently providing service), ORS 759.300 through ORS 759.360 (issuance of securities), ORS 759.375 (approvals of sale or mortgage of property) and ORS 759.380 (purchase of stock or property of another utility).

- Q. Please explain why the Commission should waive, in whole or in part, the rules identified in Sections IV.B. of the Plan.
- A. As previously discussed regarding waiver of certain statutes, certain Oregon

 Administrative Rules are inconsistent (in whole or in part) with the regulation of services

 under this Price Plan. These rules are:

1	OAR 860-023-0055 (15)(a);
2	OAR 860-027-0015 (annual report on new telecom construction);
3	OAR 860-027-0050 (application of Uniform System of Accounts);
4	OAR 860-027-0052 (cost allocation);
5	OAR 860-027-0070 (annual submission of Form O Annual Report);
6	OAR 860-032-0190 (definition of basic telephone service).
7 8	The Plan calls for the waiver of OAR 860-023-0055(15)(a) because the service
9	quality remedy in Section V.B.1 of the Plan is based on Qwest's not meeting a service
10	quality level for three months out of twelve, whereas the rule provides for a performance
11	plan if a company misses for only one month.
12	Several other rules fall into the general category of Qwest continuing to operate as
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14	it has been operating under ORS 759.405 to 759.410, with partial waivers of certain rules
15	These rules include OAR 860-027-0015 (annual report on new telecom construction),
16	OAR 860-027-0050 (application of Uniform System of Accounts), OAR 860-027-0052
17	(cost allocation), and OAR 860-027-0070 (annual submission of Form O Annual Report)
18	Finally, the Plan calls for a partial waiver of OAR 860-032-0190, which defines
19	"basic telephone service," so that the Commission will establish the rates for only certain
20	
21	basic business services in Rate Group 3, which are retail services specifically not
22	included in the Plan. In other words, only business single-party flat-rate local exchange
23	service, business single-party measured local exchange service, private branch exchange
24	("PBX") trunk services, and multiline or "complex" business local exchange service

provided in Rate Group 3 would be considered "basic telephone service" for purposes of

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1		applying ORS 759.425(2)(a). Thus, these specific Rate Group 3 services would continue
2		to be tariffed services as they are now, with pricing under full purview of the
3		Commission. For all other purposes involving application of the rules, including
4		administration and distribution of the Oregon Universal Service Fund, Qwest would still
5 6		be subject to the definition of "basic telephone service" found in OAR 860-032-0190.
7	Q.	Are the waivers of these statutes and rules consistent with demonstrating that the
8		Plan is in the public interest?
9	A.	Yes. In combination, these waivers result in a simplification of regulation
10		(ORS 759.255(2)(d)) and also a balancing of the need for regulation and competition
11		(ORS 759.255(2)(c)).
12	F.	Five-Year Review of Qwest's Performance under the Plan
13	Q.	Please describe the conditions in Section V.A. of the Plan requiring a comprehensive
14	Q.	rease describe the conditions in Section v.A. of the Fran requiring a comprehensive
15		review of Qwest's performance under the Plan every five years.
16	A.	The Parties agreed that Qwest's performance under the Plan should be comprehensively
17		reviewed by the Commission every five years to ensure that the Plan is working well and
18		that the Plan remains in the public interest. To commence this review, Qwest will file a
19		detailed report regarding its performance under the Plan, in comparison to the Plan's
20		objectives. The report will review how the Plan's objectives are being met, and will
22		include a number of key data items and results. These items and results include: (a) a
23		summary of Qwest's retail service quality performance, (b) an analysis of current market
24		conditions for various Qwest services and for functionally equivalent and substitutable
25		services of these alternative providers (if publicly available), (c) data regarding Qwest
26		services of these alternative providers (if publicly available), (c) data regarding Qwest

access line gain or loss (by wire center), (d) a discussion of how the Plan's pricing flexibility has allowed Qwest to meet the Plan's objectives, (e) a detailed description of Qwest's network and project investments to which Qwest has committed to in the Plan, (f) identification of any new services that Qwest has introduced, and (g) identification of any ways in which the burden of regulation has been simplified or reduced for both Qwest and the Commission. (Plan, § V.A.1.) Qwest will promptly respond to data requests related to information contained in Qwest's detailed report. (Plan, § V.A.)

Q. How will the Commission evaluate Qwest's performance?

A.

A.

The Commission will evaluate Qwest's performance as compared to the Plan's objectives. If the Commission determines after such evaluation that Qwest has not substantially satisfied the Plan's objectives, the Commission may enter into discussions with Qwest about establishing an agreement, including a timeline and a process, under which Qwest will achieve compliance with the Plan's objectives. The Commission may also order modifications to the Plan or open an investigation to modify or terminate the plan if the Commission and Qwest were not able to reach such an agreement within a reasonable time.

Q. What would the Commission do with the information regarding market conditions?

The Commission would review the data that Qwest submits regarding the competitiveness of the market for functionally equivalent or substitutable services, and any other relevant evidence. (Plan, § V.A.3.) The Commission may then determine to make other modifications to the Plan to provide Qwest with additional regulatory flexibility beyond that included in the original Plan, or to better ensure that the Plan is in

1		the public interest.
2	Q.	How does the Plan provide for the Commission's ongoing oversight of Qwest's
3		service quality?
4	A.	Section V.B.1. of the Plan provides that the Commission may review Qwest's retail
5		customer service quality at any time. The Plan also provides that if Qwest does not meet
6		the service quality objectives for a specified period of time, the Commission may require
7		
8		Qwest to submit a performance plan to achieve compliance with the Commission's
9		service quality rules. Under such circumstances, the Commission may also suspend
10		Qwest's authority to increase retail prices until Qwest has met all of the goals of such
11		performance plan. Further, if the Commission were to determine that Qwest has not met
12		the goals of its performance plan within six months, or if the Commission disapproves
13 14		the performance plan, the Commission may also open an investigation and make
15		additional modifications or terminate the plan in addition to its remedial authority under
16		its service quality standards (ORS 759.450(5) $-$ (7)). (Plan, \S V.B.1.)
17	Q.	Can the Commission review Qwest's allowable rate increases to ensure that Qwest's
18		rates are just and reasonable?
19	A.	Yes. The Commission may investigate any allowable rate increase for the Other
20		Services, based either on its own motion or on a complaint filed by any affected person.
2122		The Commission will follow its ordinary hearing procedures, and the party(ies) bringing
23		any such complaint will have the burden to show that the market has not produced a just
24		and reasonable rate for the service at issue. (Plan, § V.B.2.a. – b.)
25		(2.101.) (3.101.) (3.101.) (4.101.) (4.101.) (5.101.) (5.101.)

Q. What is the remedy if the Commission were to sustain such a complaint?

If the Commission were to sustain such a complaint, it may adjust the price cap to ensure that the rate for that service is just and reasonable. The Parties have agreed to recommend certain specific remedies to the Commission in Section V.B.2.c. of the Plan. The Parties agree the Commission should first consider a price cap which is no lower than the rate in effect before the most recent price change for that service (if that prior rate was in effect for at least six months). The rationale for this recommendation is that the prior rate should be presumed reasonable if it had been in effect for six months and the Commission had not sustained a complaint regarding that rate. If the prior rate had *not* been in effect for at least six months, the Parties agree the Commission should then consider a price cap which is no lower than the rate in effect immediately before that prior rate. Finally, the Parties agree that the Commission may order a different price cap, but the Parties will not advocate for a price cap that is lower than the pre-Plan rate (i.e., the rates currently in effect today). The Parties also agree that the new price cap after any such adjustment would continue to be subject to the Plan's price increase restrictions, unless the Commission orders otherwise. (Plan, § V.B.2.c.)

G. Public Interest

A.

Q. Does the Plan include any other means to ensure that Qwest's operating under the Plan remains in the public interest?

A. In addition to the procedures and remedies discussed above relating to the five-year review, review of service quality, and review of rate increases, the Plan also provides that the Commission may open an investigation at any time to determine whether the public

interest requires further adjustments to the Plan, or termination of the Plan. (Plan, § V.B.3.) The Commission may also suspend Qwest's authority to increase prices pending the conclusion of such an investigation. (Plan, § V.B.3.a.) The Parties agree, however, that if the Commission were to open such an investigation, it should first attempt to identify and require adjustments to the Plan to ensure that continuation of the Plan is in the public interest, before it were to order termination of the Plan. (Plan, § V.B.3.a.)

Q. What would happen if the Commission were to order termination of the Plan?

A.

Under Section V.B.3.b. of the Plan, the Parties agree that if the Commission were to order termination of the Plan, the Commission may in the same proceeding also adjust Qwest's rates to ensure such rates are just and reasonable, although the Parties agree not to advocate for rates that are lower than pre-Plan rates. If the Commission were to terminate the Plan, Qwest would no longer be able increase its rates as it had been previously permitted to do under the Plan, although it would still be allowed to decrease its rates subject to any applicable price floor.

Termination of the Plan would not prejudice Qwest's ability to pursue any other form of price regulation or relief permitted at that time by Oregon law. (Plan, § V.B.3.c.) In addition, the Commission could initiate a general rate case pursuant to ORS 759.175 – 759.190, and Qwest would not object on the ground that it would not be subject to earnings-based or rate-of-return regulation because of either its 1999 election of price cap regulation pursuant to ORS 759.405 – 759.410 or the Commission's approval of the Plan in this proceeding. The Parties agree that the Commission should not commence any

1		proceeding for 120 days following termination, to allow Qwest time to pursue an
2		alternative option. Qwest agrees to maintain records sufficient to create a Form O and
3		Form I, and associated detail, and to maintain other data sufficient for use in such a
4		general rate case. (Plan, § V.B.3.d.)
5		
6	Q.	Are any parts of the Stipulation severable from the rest of the Stipulation? In other
7		words, do any sections survive if the Commission were to terminate the Plan?
8	A.	Yes. As set forth in Section V.B.3.e. of the Plan, the Parties agree that if the Commission
9		were to order termination of the Plan, the Commission should further order that Sections
10		V.B.3.b. (ensuring Qwest's rates are just and reasonable and the Parties not advocating
11		for rates lower than proplen rates) V.P.2 a (Owest's ability to pursue alternate forms of
12		for rates lower than preplan rates), V.B.3.c. (Qwest's ability to pursue alternate forms of
13		regulation), and V.B.3.d. (the Commission commencing a rate case pursuant to ORS
14		759.175 – 759.190) of the Plan are severable from the rest of the Plan, and thus will
15		remain in effect after the Plan were to be terminated.
16	Q.	Finally, in the event of any ambiguity or discrepancy between the testimony and the
17	•	
18		stipulation, which document prevails?
19	A.	As noted in footnote 1 on page 1 of this joint testimony, to the extent there are any
20		discrepancies (or ambiguities) between this testimony describing the Plan and
21		Stipulation, and the Plan and Stipulation themselves, the Plan and Stipulation should
22		prevail.
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	IX. APPRO	OVAL OF THE PRICE PLAN IS IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST
A.	Standard for	Approval of Price Plan Under ORS 759.255
Q.	What criteria	must the Commission consider when evaluating whether a price plan
	is in the public	c interest?
A.	In considering	whether a price plan is in the public interest, the Commission must
	consider four s	specific criteria, among other matters. The specific criteria set forth in ORS
	759.255(2) are	whether the plan:
	, ,	Ensures prices for telecommunications services that are just and reasonable;
	, ,	Ensures high quality of existing telecommunications services and makes new services available;
	"(c)	Maintains the appropriate balance between the need for regulation and competition; and
	"(d)	Simplifies regulation."
Q.	How can the C	Commission be assured that each of these criteria are satisfied in the
	Plan as it is p	roposed?
A.	The Parties hav	ve carefully considered each of the statutory public interest criteria and are
	comfortable th	at the attributes of the Plan support a finding that the Plan is in the public
	interest. ²³ A d	iscussion of the four public interest criteria is provided in the following
	testimony.	
	²³ TRACER takes	s no position on whether the Price Plan will ensure that prices are just and reasonable for

В.	The Plan Ensures Just and Reasonable Prices
Q.	Please explain why the Plan ensures that prices for services governed by the Plan
	will be just and reasonable.
A.	The Plan ensures that Qwest's retail prices addressed by the Plan are and will be just and
	reasonable because 1) the Commission has already approved most of the initial Plan
	prices as being just and reasonable, 2) the prices for many services are capped at current
	prices, 3) prices for services that are not capped at current prices are governed by specific
	price limitations, ²⁴ 4) the prices of competitive options in Oregon may constrain Qwest's
	ability to increase prices for some of those services not capped at existing prices, and
	5) the Commission retains the authority to review price increases for services covered by
	the Plan and make modifications to the plan as necessary, at any time.
	1. Initial Plan prices are just and reasonable
Q.	What will be the initial prices on the effective date of the Plan?
A.	The current prices for retail services covered by the Plan will be the initial prices for
	those services when the Plan becomes effective.
Q.	Has the Commission found that most of Qwest's current retail telecommunications
	prices are just and reasonable?
A.	Yes. Virtually all of Qwest's current retail prices for regulated services were established
	by the Commission in Docket UT 125. By virtue of Qwest's 1999 election to be
	regulated under ORS 759.405 to 759.410, those prices were capped at the levels found to
	be just and reasonable by the Commission in that docket and have not been increased
	²⁴ See footnote 23.

since that time. Those prices are presumed to continue to be just and reasonable unless otherwise determined by the Commission. New services introduced subsequent to the conclusion of Docket UT 125, such as Qwest Metropolitan Optical Ethernet, are priced at the market-based levels communicated to the Commission when they were introduced, have not been increased since their introduction, and have not been subject to any pricing complaints.

2. Prices for certain key services are capped at pre-Plan prices.

Q. What services are capped at current prices under the Plan?

A.

The prices for primary line basic service, intrastate switched access services, extended area service (EAS), toll restriction, call trace (*59), and unlisted numbers are initially capped at current prices. The Parties agree for purposes of this proceeding that certain customers, such as residential and business customers who subscribe only to a single stand-alone access line and use no calling features or long distance services, may have fewer competitive options than customers who have multiple lines and/or are heavy users of calling features and long distance. The Plan addresses these customers by capping the primary residential line at current prices for at least five years and capping the primary business line at current levels for three years; the price cap for only the primary business line will increase by \$1.00 over pre-plan rates after three years. The Plan also addresses these customers' interests by capping EAS prices at current levels. Switched access prices are capped at current prices because it is a wholesale service fundamental to competition in the switched long distance service market. Toll restriction, call trace (*59), and unlisted numbers, which have public safety and privacy aspects, are also

capped at current prices.
3. Pricing for Other Services is subject to limited flexibility.
Please recap the specific pricing limitations for services other than those that are
capped at pre-Plan prices.
Section III(N) of the Plan addresses price limitations for "Other Services," which consist
of any services not specifically identified as having a unique pricing limitation in the
Plan, such as features, packages, various Private Line service elements, etc. The price for
any Other Service may be increased by no more than 50 percent annually and no more
than 200 percent over any rolling five-year period. Sections III(K) and (L) of the Plan
identify specific price limitations for DS-1 and ISDN-Primary Rate service which are
indexed to Qwest's pricing for these services in Qwest's other 13 in-region states.
Why does the Plan allow the prices for Other Services to increase?
The Parties agree that customers who are regular users of calling features, packages, and
other services typically enjoy a greater range of telecommunications alternatives. ²⁵ For
those services, the Plan provides a greater measure of upward and downward pricing
flexibility, subject to the specific pricing limitations.
How does the Plan ensure just and reasonable prices for Qwest's customers in areas
of the state that may not have as many competitive options as other areas?
An important element of Qwest's Plan is that Qwest has agreed not to de-average its
retail service prices, including packages, further than they were de-averaged as of January
2008. (Plan, § III(O).) This means that if Qwest is required to lower prices to respond to
²⁵ TRACER does not join in the response to this question.

	competitive offerings, Qwest subscribers across the state will enjoy those lower prices,
	even if the competitors' services that triggered Qwest's competitive response are not
	available throughout Qwest's service area. This is a key feature of the Plan that helps
	ensure Qwest's retail prices will remain just and reasonable for all customers.
	4. Competitive alternatives constrain Qwest's pricing. ²⁶
Q.	What types of service options exist for Qwest's Oregon customers?
A.	As described earlier in this testimony, many of Qwest customers have "intramodal"
	options from landline-based CLECs and independent telephone companies that have
	extended their networks into certain Qwest service areas and "intermodal" options using
	non-traditional telephony service delivery means such as cable television facilities,
	wireless, and broadband (for VoIP services).
Q.	Can you provide examples of current retail prices of Qwest's competitors in Oregon
	that fall into these general categories?
A.	Yes. While these competitors' retail pricing is often not publicly available information
	(such as instances in which pricing is governed by private contract, offered under terms
	not posted on the providers' public websites, etc.), certain competitive pricing
	information is available for review.
	a. Intramodal service options
Q.	What public information sources are available that can provide insights into the
	telecommunications prices offered by CLECs operating in Oregon?
A.	Since CLECs are not required to file tariffs and price lists with the Commission, the
	²⁶ TRACER does not join in the responses to the questions in this section.

availability of current CLEC pricing information is limited to sources such as public websites, promotional materials, custom pricing offers, etc. In some instances, competitors provide non-confidential pricing offers to individual customers for certain telecommunications services that can be a source of such information. For example, a Owest business customer located in Pendleton provided Owest a non-confidential copy of a pricing proposal from Eastern Oregon Telecom showing recurring pricing for Centrex lines at \$20.50, data T-1 at \$229.00, and Primary Rate T-1 at \$495.00. Similarly, a customer in Hubbard provided Qwest a redacted copy of an invoice from Rio Communications showing a T-1 voice service and a 512 kilobit data T-1 service, both priced at \$150. Direct pricing comparisons for T-1 services are not straightforward, since T-1 services are often offered with term and volume discounts as well as incremental mileage charges that vary by circuit distance. However, as a point of comparison, Qwest offers intrastate DS-1 service in Oregon (comparable to a T-1 service) at a monthly rate (before discounts which can provide significant savings depending upon term of contract and circuit volume) of \$280, plus mileage. These are just a few examples of the types of competitive services available in Oregon, which also show that alternative services are available beyond the major metropolitan areas of the state. Can you provide an example of prices of a CLEC that is serving both the residential and business markets?

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Q.

A. Yes. Cordia Communications is an Oregon CLEC whose website shows residential and business standard switched telephone service is currently available in Portland, starting at \$26.95 and \$29.95 per month respectively (which each include calling features such as

Call Waiting, Caller ID and Speed Dialing), with long distance calling provided at an incremental charge).²⁷

Q. Is information available about CLECs' pricing in other states for services that are alternatives to Qwest retail services covered by the Plan that may provide general insights into competitors' pricing for these services in Oregon?

Yes. Unlike Oregon, some states require CLECs to file tariffs and/or price lists that can be referenced to identify price points for services that the same CLECs may be offering in Oregon. For example, CLECs in Utah are required to file public price lists with the Utah Public Service Commission. Based on economic and market conditions in Utah and in Oregon, it would be reasonable to conclude that CLEC pricing in Utah would not be materially different from CLEC pricing in Oregon. Since CLECs seek to differentiate their services from Qwest's and other CLECs' services to better position those services to meet unique customer needs, CLEC services are often uniquely packaged, named, and priced, which renders direct comparisons across providers difficult. However, CLECs often provide certain services that are similar across providers. The following table contains a sampling of retail business services, and associated prices, provided by three CLECs that operate in both Oregon and Utah. This table provides a sense of competitive market pricing for the business services shown, where such pricing is publicly available for similar services:

A.

²⁷ https://www.cordia.us/default.asp?ix=5&ix1=2&id=13935&xplan=.

²⁸ According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the estimated population as of 2007 in Utah is 2.7 million, compared to 3.7 million in Oregon, and both states have a relatively similar mix of urban and rural areas. http://factfinder.census.gov/.

Examples of Utah Monthly Business Service Prices

	Integra ²⁹	AT&T ³⁰	XO^{31}
Local Directory Assistance,	\$1.75	\$1.25	\$1.99
per call			
Basic Business Line	\$29.95	\$24.95	\$22.20
Three Way Calling	\$3.60	\$6.00	\$5.00
Caller ID	\$3.60	\$8.50	\$7.50
ISDN-PRI	\$900.00	\$905.00	\$1,200.00
DS-1 Facility	\$884.99 ³²	\$770.00	33

While each of the CLECs' price lists reflect varying pricing practices and structures of telecommunications services, the examples provide at least a sense of the prevailing retail market prices for these services, especially since these providers are not subject to regulatory pricing constraints in Utah. Since these same three CLECs are also serving business customers in Oregon, this information provides some insight into the potential for price-constraining competition for Qwest's retail business services in Oregon.

b. Intermodal service options

Q. Should the Commission consider intermodal service options to be an important factor in the Oregon telecommunications market?

A. Yes. Intermodal services such as digital cable telephone services, wireless, and Voice over Internet Protocol services typically are packaged to include features and long distance services as core attributes. They are therefore comparable to the Qwest retail

²⁹ Integra Telecom of Utah, Tariff No. 2.

³⁰ AT&T Communications of the Mountain States, Inc., Local Exchange Services, Utah Price List.

³¹ XO Communications Services, Inc., Utah Local Exchange Services Price List.

²⁵ Price shown is from Eschelon price list. Eschelon has now been acquired by Integra (Eschelon Telecom of Utah, Price List No. 3).

³³ The price is not shown in XO's Price List.

offerings that include features, long distance, and other advanced services. To the extent intermodal services are now available in Oregon at attractive prices, those services may represent price-constraining competition for Qwest's retail prices for similar services.

(i) Digital cable telephone services

A.

Q. Is digital cable-based telephony an option for Qwest customers in Oregon?

A. Yes. Various cable-based carriers, such as Comcast, Charter, and BendBroadband are providing telecommunications services in many areas of the state.³⁴

Q. Can you provide publicly-available examples of the current pricing of these cable-based carriers?

Yes. Comcast provides non-confidential Oregon price lists at its website³⁵ for its Oregon residential and business telecommunications services, showing its current standard pricing. Comcast's prices shown as being effective as of March 19, 2008, for residential services and features, include local exchange service ranging from \$10.00 per month for a stand-alone additional residential line with no features to \$44.95 for a residential service package with features and unlimited long distance calling. Comcast's prices for business digital voice services and features include local exchange business service ranging from \$24.95 for a stand-alone business "fax" line with no features to \$49.95 for a business line package with calling features and unlimited long distance calling. Comcast

³⁴ Precise categorization of these types of competitors is not straightforward, since each is a certified CLEC in Oregon that is using internet-based technology to deliver telecommunications services over cable-based networks. Therefore, while they are CLECs, they are utilizing intermodal forms of telecommunications technologies to deliver telephone services to their customers.

 $^{^{35}} http://www.comcast.com/Corporate/About/PhoneTermsOfService/ComcastDigitalVoice/CDVBStatePricingLists/Oregon.html.\\$

offers frequent promotions with prices lower than those listed.³⁶ BendBroadband (which, like Comcast, provides VoIP-based telephone service through its local cable facilities) offers basic, stand-alone residential telephone service, without calling features, in Sisters, Black Butte, Redmond, and Bend at \$18.95 per month. BendBroadband also offers a "basic" package consisting of six calling features plus local calling at \$29.95 per month, and an "unlimited" package consisting of unlimited local and long distance calling plus fifteen calling features at \$38.95 per month.³⁷ Charter, which now serves many Qwest service areas in southern Oregon, the northern coast areas of Astoria, Seaside, and Cannon Beach, as well as Pendleton and Baker in eastern Oregon, actively promotes residential and business service bundles (including cable television, internet and telephone service), with its residential bundle priced at an introductory rate of \$69.97 per month for one year and its business bundle priced at a promotional rate of \$66.00 per month.³⁸

Q. Could these services represent price-constraining competition for similar services offered by Qwest?

A. Yes. Qwest currently offers similar service packages, such as the "Qwest Choice" family of packages. Qwest's "Choice Home" residential package is priced at \$32.49 (including the \$6.50 End User Common Line charge, but excluding the variable EAS rate), and is \$52.49 with unlimited long distance calling. The Owest Choice Business package is

³⁶ For example, as of the date of preparation of this testimony Comcast was conducting a promotion of its Digital Voice service in Portland, offering a promotional price of \$19.99 per month for twelve months. This promotion expired on June 3, 2008.

³⁷ http://www.bendbroadband.com/residential phone.cfm.

³⁸ Source: Charter promotional mailings. Residential offer expired May 31, 2008. Business offer expired April 30, 2008.

priced at \$46.49 (including the \$6.50 End User Common Line charge, but excluding the variable EAS increment), and is \$71.49 with unlimited long distance calling.

(ii) Wireless services

Q.

Are wireless service options available for customers who demand calling features and "bundled" long distance calling in addition to the ability to place and receive local telephone calls?

Yes. Certain customers have a preference for a packaged service consisting of local calling and a fixed range of calling features. Since wireless providers do not assess certain charges such as a Subscriber Line Charge ("SLC") or EAS charges, it is important when comparing prices between wireless services and Qwest retail services to account for such differences in pricing structures. In Oregon, for example, Qwest offers its Choice Home residential package at \$32.49 (including the \$6.50 single-line SLC charge, but excluding the variable Extended Area Service charge) designed for this type of customer. Qwest also offers an unlimited long distance calling option at an incremental charge of \$20.00 per month, bringing the net price of a local service package, plus the unlimited long distance option, to more than \$50.00 per month.

A variety of wireless service plans are available that provide similar attributes and that are priced very competitively with these Qwest services. For example, T-Mobile's "Individual Plus" plan, which includes 1,000 anytime minutes, free long distance, unlimited night and weekend minutes and Call Waiting, Caller ID, 3-way calling, and Voice Messaging, is available in Oregon at \$39.99 per month.³⁹ Cricket offers its

³⁹ www.T-Mobile.com.

"Unlimited Choice" service for \$45.00 per month, which includes unlimited local and long distance calling, Call Waiting, Caller ID, 3-Way calling and Voice Messaging. 40 Sprint offers its Fair and Flexible America Option 2 plan at \$39.99, which includes 450 anytime minutes, unlimited night and weekend minutes, Call Waiting, Caller ID, 3-Way Calling, and Voice Messaging. 41

In addition, because of FCC action years ago, wireless "free" local calling areas are much larger than Qwest's local calling areas (i.e., many calls that are classified as long distance in Qwest's network are considered "local" on wireless carriers' networks). The fact that "long distance" is not separately charged by many wireless carriers can represent a significant savings to customers as compared to landline telephone services. While there is a wide range of additional calling plans available from the wireless providers currently serving Oregon, this small sampling of plans shows that many packaged wireless plans directly competitive with Qwest's Choice Home package prices are now available.

(iii) Voice Over Internet Protocol services

Q. What types of VoIP service providers are now offering retail services in Oregon?

A. As discussed previously, cable-based providers are utilizing VoIP technology to deliver retail telephone service. Another form of VoIP competitor is the category often referenced as "over-the-top" VoIP providers, which are carriers that provide VoIP service as a stand-alone application relying upon a preexisting broadband internet

⁴⁰ www.mycricket.com.

 $^{^{41}} http://nextelonline.nextel.com/NASApp/onlinestore/en/Action/DisplayPlans?filterString=Individual_Plans_Filter\&id12=UHP_PlansTab_Link_IndividualPlans.$

connection at the customer's home or business. As discussed in Section VII of this testimony, services offered by more than 50 such VoIP providers are now available in Oregon.

Q. How are VoIP prices comparable to Qwest's retail service prices in Oregon?

A Qwest residential local exchange customer in Rate Group 1 currently pays the net price of \$21.50 per month (including the flat residential line rate of \$12.80, the SLC of \$6.50, and the EAS rate for Portland EAS Band B of \$2.20), with charges for any optional features and long distance services used by the customer additive to that amount. For instance, addition of only the popular Qwest Voice Messaging feature, currently priced at \$7.95 per month, would result in a net monthly price of over \$29.00 per month. In comparison, Vonage offers a "Premium Unlimited" package, which includes a range of features (including Voice Mail and others) and unlimited local and long distance calling for \$24.99 per month. 42 Vonage also offers a "Basic 500" plan which includes 500 local or toll minutes per month and a package of features including call waiting, Caller ID, 3way calling, and Voice Mail for \$14.99 per month. 43 Verizon VoiceWing offers an unlimited calling option – the VoiceWing Unlimited plan – for \$24.95 per month, and the Verizon VoiceWing 500 plan, which provides 500 minutes of local or long distance calling, plus a range of calling features (including Voice Mail and others) for \$19.95 per month. Verizon also offers to business customers the VoiceWing MultiLine plan at \$44.95 per month. 44 Finally, Lingo/Primus offers an unlimited residential VoIP plan at

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⁴² VoIP service subscribers are not required to pay either an End User Common Line or an EAS charge.

⁴³ http://www.vonage.com.

⁴⁴ https://www22.verizon.com/ForYourhome/voip/HowMuch.aspx.

\$21.95 per month and a "Small Talk" plan providing a range of calling features and 500 1 2 minutes of local or long distance calling for \$14.95 per month. 45 3 What conclusion can be drawn from the information discussed above? Q. 4 A. The information described above provides evidence, coupled with the discussion of 5 telecommunications market provided earlier in this testimony, that there are various 6 options currently available to consumers in Qwest's Oregon service area. The Parties 7 believe that these options, ⁴⁶ in addition to the protections specified in the Plan, will be 8 9 sufficient to ensure that Qwest's retail prices governed by the Plan will be just and 10 reasonable on the effective date of the Plan, and will continue to remain just and 11 reasonable in the future and thereby align with the public interest. 12 5. The Commission retains the power to review price increases. 13 If Qwest were to increase prices under the Plan, how can the Commission be 14 Q. 15 assured that those prices would be just and reasonable? 16 The Plan includes specific provisions for Commission review of price increases at any A.

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time to ensure that the prices for Qwest services remain just and reasonable. Section

V.B.2 of the Plan outlines the process whereby the Commission may investigate claims

that Qwest's prices for Other Services may not be reasonable, and any affected person

(including the Commission) may bring such a complaint. The Plan sets forth a standard

for review, and the Parties also recommend the levels to which the Commission should

⁴⁵ http://www.lingo.com/voip/residential/unlimited_internet_phone_service.jsp.

⁴⁶ TRACER does not believe that these competitive options are effective substitutes for or are sufficient by themselves to constrain Qwest's pricing for the two services that are most important to TRACER members, which is why the Parties agreed to the specific caps for DS1 and ISDN-PRI services and the Commission-review protections in the Plan to resolve such concerns.

1	adjust prices if it were to find that an increased rate is not just and reasonable, including
2	adjusting the rate in question back to the pre-Plan level.

C. The Plan Ensures High Service Quality and Makes New Services Available.

A.

- Q. Does the Plan satisfy the public interest by ensuring that Qwest maintains service at high quality standards and makes new services available?
 - Yes. One of the main objectives of the Plan is that the quality of Qwest's retail services will "stay at or above current high levels," and "Qwest will meet or exceed the Commission's applicable retail service standards and will continue its current reporting practices." In addition, the Plan introduces a service performance guarantee program, whereby Qwest agrees to provide a \$25.00 customer credit every time that Qwest fails to meet an installation or repair commitment. Further still, Qwest agrees to make incremental investments of \$4 million in network improvements and other projects that benefit the public interest during the first three years of the Plan.

The Plan also contains a specific objective that Qwest will make new telecommunications services available to Oregon customers. Evolving competition may drive Qwest to respond by introducing an innovative, IP-based service to better respond to competitive pressures from cable service providers. Qwest may also wish to bundle or package such a new service with existing services in creative ways. The Parties believe that the Plan will better enable Qwest to introduce such innovative services to meet customer needs, and that it may also better enable Qwest to continue to seek opportunities to deploy new services and capabilities, such as DSL and fiber-based services, that may presently be available in only selected Qwest service areas, to

1		additional geographic areas of the state. This objective will be specifically assessed in
2		the five-year review.
3	Q.	How do the various elements of the Plan work together to ensure high quality of
4 5		telecommunications services as required by ORS 759.255(2)(b)?
5	A.	Qwest has committed to continue regular monthly reporting of service quality results, a

Qwest has committed to continue regular monthly reporting of service quality results, and the Commission thereby has a monitoring tool available, in addition to its Consumer Services complaint tracking, to judge Qwest's service quality. The service performance guarantee program provides customers with remuneration for missed commitments for which they may have been inconvenienced. If Qwest were to be out of compliance with individual service quality standards, the Plan provides for the development of a corrective action plan, and the suspension of Qwest's ability to increase prices, in addition to further penalties available under the statutes. If such service problems are not rectified, the Commission may consider modifying or terminating the Plan. These elements together provide a logical, phased approach to ensuring that high-quality telecommunications services are delivered to Qwest's customers.

Q. What additional commitments has Qwest made under the Plan to provide additional network services or other consumer benefits, and why are these commitments in the public interest?

A. Qwest has committed to incremental investments of \$4 million in network improvements and other projects, and it will do so as a shareholder expense. These investments will drive the availability of advanced telecommunications services to a greater number of Oregonians and thereby serve the public interest.

Additionally, the independent consumer information center discussed earlier in 1 2 this testimony, to which Qwest has committed to invest up to \$2 million as a component 3 of the overall \$4 million investment, will provide an information asset available to all 4 Oregonians to assist in determining the benefits and pricing options of the various 5 telecommunications services available to them. The Parties agree that these investment 6 elements of the Plan are in the public interest. 7 8 D. The Plan Maintains Appropriate Balance Between Regulation and Competition 9 Does the Plan strike an appropriate balance between the need for regulation and Q. 10 competition? 11 Yes. As described earlier in this testimony, the Parties agree that the Oregon 12 A. 13 telecommunications market has been changing and evolving, and that for many 14 customers there are many alternatives to Qwest's services. These alternatives may be 15 more prevalent in certain market segments than others. In such an evolving market, 16 historical pricing controls may no longer be appropriate. Rather, the Parties agree that 17 the variable price controls of the Plan provide strict price cap protections for market 18 segments that may have fewer options, such as single-line residential customers that use 19 20 no features or long distance services, while affording Owest greater pricing flexibility in 21 markets where more options are present, subject to the Commission's ability to review 22 Qwest's rates and rate increases to ensure that they are just and reasonable. 23 Q. Does the Plan address markets other than the retail telecommunications market? 24 No. Beyond the specific price cap limitation regarding switched access services, nothing A. 25 in the Plan addresses prices, terms, or conditions for wholesale services that Qwest offers 26

1		to other carriers. As paragraph 10 of the Stipulation makes clear, nothing in the Price
2		Plan or the Commission's approval thereof limits the rights of CLECs to raise any issues
3		regarding products and services CLECs purchase from Qwest.
4	Q.	Does the Commission retain regulatory oversight if it were to determine that
5		competitive forces were not sufficient to protect the public interest?
6 7	A.	Yes. Section V.B. of the Plan contains various provisions that would enable the
8		Commission to investigate and take remedial action if it were to find that Qwest's service
9		quality had fallen below established standards, or that competitive forces had not kept
10		Qwest's retail prices at just and reasonable levels. The Commission could initiate such
11		investigations at any time. Through these mechanisms, the Commission would have a
12		clear means to ensure that the Plan is operating in the public interest and modify or
13		
14		terminate the Plan if it were to determine that the Plan was no longer operating in the
15		public interest.
16	E.	The Plan Simplifies Regulation
17		
18	Q.	Does the Plan reduce regulatory burdens on the Commission and on Qwest?
19	A.	Yes. As outlined in Section IV of the Plan, the Plan provides for the waiver (in whole or
20		in part) of certain statutes and/or rules. In many instances, these statutes and rules
21		involve the reporting of information by Qwest that would no longer be useful to either the
22		Commission or to Qwest and that simply represents a continuing and unnecessary
23		administrative burden for both parties.
24		administrative ourden for both parties.
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1	Q.	Why are waivers of a statute or rule, either in full or in part, consistent with the
2		public interest?
3	A.	As described earlier in this testimony, waiver of these requirements provides for
4		continuation and, in some cases, a logical extension of the manner in which Qwest has
5 6		operated since 2000 under ORS 759.405 to 759.410, and would permit a level of
7		regulatory oversight which is consistent with non-earnings based regulation. Waivers of
8		these statutes also balance the need for regulation and competition and simplify
9		regulation. ORS 759.255(c) and (d).
10	Q.	How will the Commission know whether the Plan has actually resulted in tangible
11		simplification of regulation, and that the public interest has thereby been satisfied?
12	A.	In its report submitted in the fifth year after implementation of the Plan, Qwest would
13 14		identify and report any regulatory burdens that have been reduced, both for Qwest and
15		the Commission, as a result of implementation of the proposed Plan.
16		X. CONCLUSION
17	Q.	What do the Parties recommend regarding the Stipulation?
18	A.	The Parties recommend that the Commission adopt the Stipulation as the basis for
19		resolving all the contested issues in this proceeding, and that the Commission approve the
2021		Petition and the Price Plan.
22	Q.	Does this conclude your joint testimony?
23		
24	A.	Yes.
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UM 1354

WITNESS QUALIFICATION STATEMENTS

DAVID TEITZEL (QWEST)

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Curriculum Vitae of Mr. David L. Teitzel

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EDUCATION

B.S., Industrial Psychology, Washington State University, Pullman, WA

PRESENT POSITION

Staff Director, Qwest Public Policy, Seattle, WA. March 1998 to present.

 Responsible for development and presentation of company advocacy in matters relating to the manner in which Qwest Corporation is regulated for retail services. These matters include regulatory reform in dockets before state Commissions and the FCC.

PRIOR PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Owest Communications and predecessor entities

- 1997 to 1998: Product Manager, U S West Building Owner/Developer Market.
- 1995 to 1997: Market Manager, U S West Dex Directories
- 1994 to 1995: Lead Product Manager for U S West Long Distance Services
- 1988 to 1994: Lead Product Manager for U S West Basic Exchange, Centrex and Wire Maintenance Services
- 1987 to 1988: U S West Federal Regulatory Affairs Manager
- 1986 to 1987: U S West Telecommunications Competition Analyst
- 1980 to 1985: U S West Rates and Tariffs Manager
- 1979 to 1980: Residential Installation/Maintenance Budget Analyst
- 1974 to 1979: Pacific Northwest Bell Network Technician

PARTIAL LIST OF TESTIMONY IN REGULATORY AND LITIGATION PROCEEDINGS

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	Docket No.	Topic
<u>Arizona</u>	T-1051B-99-105	Arizona Rate Case
	T-01051B-03-0454	Arizona Price Cap Plan
	T-00000-97-0238	State Section 271 docket
	T-01051B-06-0091	State Triennial Review
	Litigation	Arizona Property Tax
<u>Colorado</u>	971-198T	State Section 271 docket
	99A-577T	Cost proceeding
	99S-110T	Local Primary Interexchange Carrier (LPIC) Charges
	00A-201T	Long Distance imputation
	99A-161T	Rate Rebalancing
<u>Idaho</u>	USW-T-97-14	State 271 docket
	QWE-T-02-25	Deregulation of Basic Exchange Services
<u>Iowa</u>	RPU-98-1	Residential Win Back
	RPU-00-1	Loop rate deaveraging
	INU-00-3	DA Deregulation
	INU-04-1	Deregulation of local Exchange service in Competitive markets

	WRU-99-7-272	WATS/800, Long Distance, Op. Services, DA pricing flexibility
	INU-00-2	State Section 271 docket
<u>Minnesota</u>	P-999/M-97-909	Universal Service
	P-421/CI-01-1373	State Section 271 docket
	P-421/C-02-197	Qwest Unfiled Agreements
<u>Montana</u>	D2000.5.70	State Section 271 docket
	D2002-12-153	Long Distance pricing flexibility
	D96.12.200	Rate Rebalancing
	D2000.2.21	Competitive Response
	D2002.2.22/2.14	Investigation of Qwest's local carrier freeze option
<u>Nebraska</u>	Multistate Workshop	State Section 271 docket
	C-1874	Rate Rebalancing
New Mexico	98-159-TC	Long Distance Pricing/imputation
	98-134-TC	Residential/Business Win Back
	No. 3007	Earnings Investigation
	No. 3215	Alternative Form of Regulation
	TC 3269, 3537	State Section 271 docket

	No. 05-00094, 05-00466	Alternative Form of Regulation (2006)
No. Dakota	PU-314-97-193	State Section 271 docket
<u>Oregon</u>	UX-27	DA Deregulation
	UX-28	Long Distance price flexibility
	UT-125	Rate Case/Earnings Investigation
	UM-1251	State Triennial Review
So. Dakota	TC 00-011	State Section 271 docket
	TC 03-057	Local Exchange Deregulation
<u>Utah</u>	98-049-24	Toll/Operator Services deregulation
	99-049-10	DA deregulation
	00-049-08	State Section 271 docket
	06-049-40	State Triennial Review
	03-049-49	Local Exchange pricing flexibility (residence)
	03-049-50	Local Exchange pricing Flexibility (business)
	01-2383-01	AT&T Broadband application for certificate of public convenience and necessity (CPCN)
Washington	UT-980630	Calling Card regulation

	UT-90-311(a)	Universal Service
	UT-990021	Long Distance regulation
	UT-970300	State Section 271 docket
	UT-061625	Washington Alternative Form Of Regulation Plan
	UT-033044	State Triennial Review
	UT-030614	Competitive Classification of Business Services
	UT-013097	Operator Services/DA Billing Dispute with TelWest
	UT-991358	Modification of Service Quality Program
	Litigation	Washington Property Tax
Wyoming	70000-TT-98-379	Residential Win Back
	70000-TA-98-442	Long Distance regulation
	TA-00-542	State Section 271 docket
FCC	WC Docket 02-314	Section 271: interLATA long distance market reentry
	WC Docket 04-223	Petition for forbearance from Section 252 unbundling requirements in the Omaha, NE MSA
	Unassigned	Petition for waiver of certain FCC depreciation requirements
	WC Docket 05-333	Petition for forbearance from

Dominant carrier rules post-Section 272 sunset

WC Docket 07-97

Section 251 Forbearance in

Denver, Minneapolis, Phoenix and Seattle MSAs

Various

Multiple ex parte presentations to FCC Staff on

various issues

WITNESS QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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EDUCATION:

B.S. University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon

Major: Economics; 1991

M.S. Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon

Major: Economics; 1994

In addition, I have completed all of the required and elective coursework for a Ph.D. in economics from Oregon State University.

My fields of study were Industrial Organization and Applied

Econometrics.

EXPERIENCE:

Starting in October 1998, I have been employed by the Public Utility Commission of Oregon. I am currently the Program Manager of the Economic & Policy Analysis Section. My responsibilities include leading research and providing technical support on a wide range of policy issues for electric, telecommunications, and gas utilities. I have testified before the Commission on policy and technical issues in UG 132, UE 115, UE 116, UE 170, UE 179, UE 180 and have been the Summary Staff Witness in UP 158, UP 168, UP 165/170. UX 27, UX 28, UM 967, UM 1041, UM 1045, UM 1121, UM 1206, UM 1209, and UM 1283.

From December 1994 to October 1998, I worked for the Oregon Employment Department as a Research Analyst in their Research Section. Duties included leading research projects on various policy issues involving labor economics and information systems.

OTHER EXPERIENCE: I am currently an adjunct faculty member Chemeketa Community College teaching principles of economics.

> From September 2002 through June 2006, I was a faculty member of the University of Phoenix teaching various economics courses.

> From January 1998 through September 2000. I was a part time instructor at Linn-Benton Community College teaching principles of economics.

From July 1992 through June 1994, I was a graduate teaching assistant at Oregon State University teaching introductory principles of economics.

WITNESS QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

NAME:

Bob Jenks

EMPLOYER:

Citizens' Utility Board of Oregon

TITLE:

Executive Director

ADDRESS:

610 SW Broadway, Suite 308

Portland, OR 97205

EDUCATION:

Bachelor of Science, Economics

Willamette University, Salem, OR

EXPERIENCE: Provided testimony or comments in a variety of OPUC dockets, including UE 88, UE 92, UM 903, UM 918, UE 102, UP 168, UT 125, UT 141, UE 115, UE 116, UE 137, UE 139, UE 161, UE 165, UE 167, UE 170. UE 172, UE 173, UG 152, UM 995, UM 1050, UM 1071, UM 1147. UM 1121, UM 1206, and UM 1209. Participated in the development of a variety of Least Cost Plans and PUC Settlement Conferences. Provided testimony to Oregon Legislative Committees on consumer issues relating to energy and telecommunications. Lobbied the Oregon Congressional delegation on behalf of CUB and the National Association of State Utility

Consumer Advocates.

Between 1982 and 1991, worked for the Oregon State Public Interest Research Group, the Massachusetts Public Interest Research Group, and the Fund for Public Interest Research on a variety of public policy issues.

MEMBERSHIP: National Association of State Utility Consumer Advocates

Board of Directors, Environment Oregon Research and Policy Center Telecommunications Policy Committee, Consumer Federation of America

Electricity Policy Committee, Consumer Federation of America

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FRED H PETERSON **Education and Work Experience**

Education:

Bachelor of Science Degree: Electrical Engineering - 1957

Oregon State College, Corvallis OR

Masters Degree: Business Administration – 1970

Auburn University, Auburn AL

Graduate, Air Command & Staff College, United States Air Force- 1970 Maxwell AFB AL

Graduate, Industrial College of the Armed Forces – 1973 Fort McNair, DC

Graduate, Air War College, United States Air Force - 1976 Maxwell AFB AL

Work Experience:

Currently: Executive Director, TRACER

Portland OR

1982-1998: Telecommunications and Information Technology Management Kaiser Permanente, Portland OR

1980-1982: General Manager of Intereconnect Telecommunications Company Executone of Oregon, Portland OR

1974-1980: Telecommunications and Electronics Systems Operations and Planning Colonel, United States Air Force, Pentagon and Langley AFB VA (HO

Tactical Air Command) 1957-1974: Telecommunications and Electronic Systems Operations, Planning, and

Flight Operations 2nd Lieutenant-Lieutenant Colonel, United States Air Force, Various

Locations

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

UM 1354

I hereby certify that on the 18th day of June 2008, I served the foregoing **QWEST CORPORATION'S JOINT TESTIMONY WITH WITNESS QUALIFICATION STATEMENTS FOR DAVID TEITZEL (QWEST), BOB JENKS (CUB), BRYAN CONWAY (PUC) and FRED PETERSON (TRACER); and STIPULATION WITH PRICE PLAN AS EXHIBIT A** in the above entitled docket on the following persons via U.S. Mail, by mailing a correct copy to them in a sealed envelope, with postage prepaid, addressed to them at their regular office address shown below, and deposited in the U.S. post office at Portland, Oregon.

Perkins Coie

Lawrence Reichman

*Arthur A. Butler

*Roger Dunaway

Beaverton, OR 97006

*Lowrey Brown	1120 N.W. Couch Street	Ater Wynne LLP
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Salem, OR 97301

DATED this 18th day of June, 2008.

*Jason Eisdorfer

Salem, OR 97301

*Robert Jenks

QWEST CORPORATION

Z. ______ ALEX M. DUARTE, OSB No. 02045

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