

MDU Resources Group, Inc. ••••



We are a member of the S&P MidCap 400 index. We provide value-added natural resource products and related services that are essential to energy and transportation infrastructure, including regulated utilities and pipelines, construction materials and services, and exploration and production.

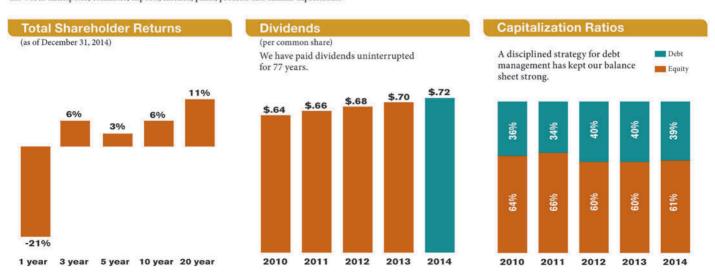
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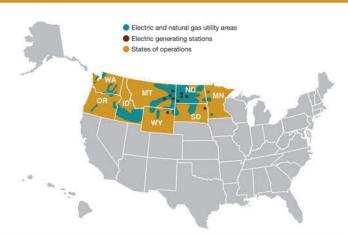


Years Ended December 31,	2014	2013
	(In millions, w	here applicable)
Operating revenues	\$4,670.6	\$4,462.4
Operating income	\$ 488.2	\$ 492.9
Earnings on common stock	\$ 297.5	\$ 278.2
Adjustments net of tax:		
Exploration and production earnings	(96.8)	(94.5)
Discontinued operations	(3.1)	.3
Multiemployer pension plan withdrawal liability	8.4	
Natural gas gathering asset impairment	=	9.0
Net benefit related to natural gas gathering operations litigation	=	(1.5)
Adjusted earnings	\$ 206.0	\$ 191.5
Earnings per share	\$ 1.55	\$ 1.47
Adjusted earnings per share	\$ 1.07	\$ 1.01
Dividends declared per common share	\$.7150	\$.6950
Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted	192.6	189.7
Total assets	\$7,810.0	\$7,061.3
Total equity	\$3,249.8	\$2,855.9
Total debt	\$2,094.7	\$1,866.1
Capitalization ratios:		
Total equity	60.8%	60.5%
Total debt	39.2	39.5
	100%	100%
Price/earnings ratio (12 months ended)	15.2x	20.8x
Book value per common share	\$ 16.66	\$ 15.01
Market value as a percent of book value	141.1%	203.5%
Employees	8,451	9,133

Note: The company, in addition to presenting its earnings information in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, has provided non-GAAP earnings data that reflect adjustments, all after taxes, to exclude: exploration and production earnings of \$96.8 million in 2014 and \$94.5 million in 2013, a multiemployer pension plan withdrawal liability of \$8.4 million in 2014, a natural gas gathering asset impairment of \$9.0 million in 2013 and a net benefit related to natural gas gathering operations litigation of \$1.5 million in 2013. The company believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because the items excluded are not indicative of the company's continuing operating results. Also, the company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures as indicators for planning and forecasting future periods. The presentation of this additional information is not meant to be considered a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

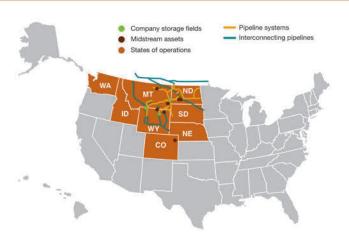
Forward-looking statements: This Annual Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements should be read with the cautionary statements and important factors included in Part I, Forward-Looking Statements and Item 1A — Risk Factors of the company's 2014 Form 10-K. Forward-looking statements are all statements other than statements of historical fact, including without limitation those statements that are identified by the words anticipates, estimates, expects, intends, plans, predicts and similar expressions.





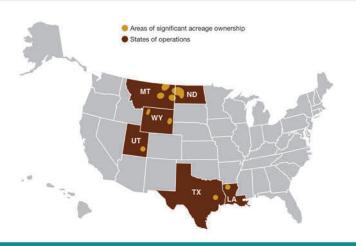
Electric and Natural Gas Utilities

MDU Resources Group's utility companies serve more than 1 million customers. Cascade Natural Gas Corporation distributes natural gas in Oregon and Washington. Great Plains Natural Gas Co. distributes natural gas in western Minnesota and southeastern North Dakota. Intermountain Gas Company distributes natural gas in southern Idaho. Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. generates, transmits and distributes electricity and distributes natural gas in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming. These operations also supply related value-added services.



Pipeline and Energy Services

The pipeline and energy services segment provides natural gas transportation, underground storage, processing and gathering services, as well as oil gathering, through regulated and nonregulated pipeline systems and processing facilities primarily in the Rocky Mountain and northern Great Plains regions of the United States. This segment is constructing the Dakota Prairie Refining facility to refine Bakken crude oil. It also provides cathodic protection and other energy-related services.



Exploration and Production

Fidelity Exploration & Production Company is engaged in oil and natural gas development and production activities in the Rocky Mountain, Mid-Continent and Gulf States regions of the United States.



Construction Materials and Services

MDU Resources Group has a number of construction businesses.

- Knife River Corporation mines aggregates and markets crushed stone, sand, gravel and related construction materials, including ready-mix concrete, cement, asphalt, liquid asphalt and other value-added products. It also performs integrated contracting services.
- The construction services segment specializes in constructing and maintaining electric and communication lines, gas pipelines, fire suppression systems, and external lighting and traffic signalization equipment. This segment also provides utility excavation services and inside electrical wiring, cabling and mechanical services, sells and distributes electrical materials, and manufactures and distributes specialty equipment.

- leskett III, an 88-megawatt simple-cycle natural gas turbine at Mandan, North Dakota, was completed in August.
- The North Dakota Public Service Commission approved recovery of costs for the air quality control system at Big Stone Station.
- The company experienced 3 percent electric customer growth and 2 percent natural gas customer growth.
- The company filed applications for natural gas rate increases in Montana and Wyoming.

Revenues (millions)	
Electric	\$277.9
Natural gas	\$922.0
Earnings (millions)	
Electric	\$36.7
Natural gas	\$30.5
Electric retail sales (million kWh)	3,308.4
Natural gas distribution (MMdk)	
Sales	104.3
Transportation	145.9

- The utility group anticipates a record five-year capital program, including investments in new electric generation, transmission and distribution to serve growing customer demand.
- Montana-Dakota Utilities agreed to purchase a 107.5-megawatt wind farm that will be built in 2015 in North Dakota, and plans to construct 19 megawatts of natural gas-fired generation near Lewis & Clark Station in Sidney, Montana.
- Montana-Dakota Utilities is working with a partner on a 345-kilovolt transmission line for the Midcontinent Independent System Operator. The project is expected to be completed in 2019.

- Adjusted earnings improved 50 percent over 2013.
- Dakota Prairie Refining, the first greenfield diesel refinery built in the U.S. in more than 30 years, saw significant construction progress. The refinery is expected to operate in the second quarter of 2015.
- The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission approved a settlement of WBI Energy Transmission's requested rate increase.
- A number of natural gas pipeline projects were completed, including a pipeline serving a natural gas processing plant in western North Dakota, expansions in the Black Hills in South Dakota and in western North Dakota, and a 24-mile pipeline and processing facilities in Utah.

Revenues (millions)	\$215.9
Earnings (millions)	\$22.6
Pipeline (MMdk)	
Transportation	233.5
Gathering	38.4

- WBI Energy plans a record \$1.1 billion capital program over the next five years.
- Pre-construction work continues on the Wind Ridge Pipeline, a 95-mile pipeline that is expected to be in service in 2017 to move 90 million cubic feet of natural gas per day to an announced fertilizer plant near Spiritwood, North Dakota.
- An agreement has been signed to construct a pipeline to connect the announced Demicks Lake gas processing plant in northwestern North Dakota to a new interconnection point with Northern Border Pipeline.
- ▶ WBI Energy is exploring the possibility of constructing a second diesel refinery.

- Closed in March on an acquisition of 24,500 net acres of leaseholds in the Powder River Basin in Converse County, Wyoming.
- ◆ Sold for approximately \$200 million 4,363 net acres of oil and natural gas production assets in Mountrail County, North Dakota, effective May 1.
- Divested assets in South Texas.
- Produced, on average, more than 13,400 barrels of oil per day.

Revenues (millions)	\$547.6
Earnings (millions)	\$96.8
Production	
Oil (MBbls)	4,919
Natural gas liquids (MBbls)	609
Natural gas (MMcf)	20,822
Proved reserves	
Oil (MBbls)	43,918
Natural gas liquids (MBbls)	7,187
Natural gas (MMcf)	245,011

- ◆ MDU Resources Group plans to market Fidelity Exploration & Production for sale but has delayed the start of that process because of oil price volatility.
- In the current oil and natural gas price environment, Fidelity Exploration & Production is focusing on reducing its cost structure and creating value within existing assets.

- Knife River Corporation is the fifth-largest sand and gravel producer in the U.S.
- Wagner-Smith Equipment in November acquired the assets of Henderson Utility Equipment in Phoenix and broke ground on a new facility in Burleson, Texas.
- Capital Electric Line Builders completed ahead of schedule the biggest transmission line construction project in MDU Construction Services Group's history.
- MDU Construction Services Group ranks No. 10, based on annual revenues, on Engineering News Record's list of 600 U.S. specialty contractors.
- Knife River Corporation completed on time and on budget the largest highway contract in its history.
- Revenues (millions) Construction materials \$1,765.3 Construction services \$1,119.5 Earnings (millions) Construction materials* \$59.9 Construction services \$54.5 Construction materials sales (millions) Aggregates (tons) 25,827 Asphalt (tons) 6,070 Ready-mix concrete (cubic yards) 3,460 Construction materials aggregate reserves (billion tons) 1.1
- *Excludes an \$8.4 million after-tax multiemployer pension plan withdrawal liability.

- Focusing on growth through organic opportunities as well as resuming acquisition activity.
- Combined construction backlog of \$743 million entering 2015.
- Strategically managing 1.1 billion tons of aggregate reserves.

Notes: • The earnings noted on this page exclude the Other category and intercompany eliminations. For GAAP earnings and for a discussion of adjustments to GAAP earnings, see page 1.

 Consolidated revenues reflect intersegment eliminations of \$187.0 mill • The Other category includes revenues of \$9.4 million and earnings of \$10.6 million.

Report to Stockholders

ur businesses performed well this past year, providing earnings at a level that sustained our post-recession recovery of 2013.

Our 2014 consolidated GAAP earnings were \$297.5 million, or \$1.55 per share, compared to \$278.2 million, or \$1.47 per share in 2013.

Because we have announced plans to exit the exploration and production business, we have provided consolidated adjusted earnings that exclude the results of that business, Fidelity Exploration & Production Company. Consolidated adjusted earnings totaled \$206.0 million, or \$1.07 per share, compared to \$191.5 million, or \$1.01 per share in 2013.

We appreciate the importance our shareholders place on the dividend, and we are proud of our record of paying a dividend uninterrupted for 77 years. In November, our Board of Directors increased the common stock dividend for the 24th consecutive year. This achievement is equaled by only about 100 of the 3,300 North American-listed,

dividend-paying common stocks traded on a major exchange.

We believe that the operational success our businesses had in 2014, and their progress with "line-of-sight" projects that have advanced beyond the conceptual stage, make a compelling case for sustainable long-term growth. We plan to provide about \$3.9 billion in capital investments over the next five years to develop these growth opportunities.

We are proud to share the 2014 achievements and growth strategies of our operating companies.



Construction Businesses Deliver Strong Results

Our construction businesses' combined adjusted earnings increased 11 percent over 2013 to their highest level since 2007. It is the fourth consecutive year of stronger combined year-over-year earnings.

The construction services business had record earnings for the second consecutive year, and ranks No. 10 on Engineering News Record's list of 600 U.S. specialty contractors. Its outside electrical segment completed ahead of schedule the largest transmission line construction project in its history. It is a 345-kilovolt, double-circuit line stretching 108 miles from Wichita to Medicine Lodge, Kansas, and on to an interconnection at the Oklahoma border. At year-end, the construction services business had a work backlog of \$305 million.

The construction materials and contracting business turned in the best second half of the year in its history. This business is the fifth-largest sand and gravel producer in the U.S. It also completed the largest contract in its



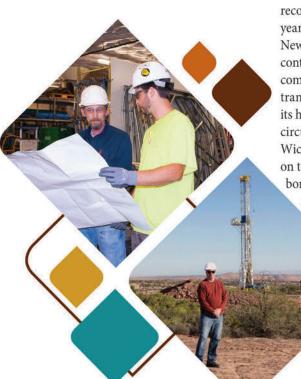
Harry J. Pearce Chairman of the Board



David L. GoodinPresident and Chief Executive Officer

history, a \$55 million highway bypass that relieved serious Bakken oilfield traffic bottlenecks in Watford City, North Dakota. At year-end, the business had a work backlog of \$438 million.

We expect to build on our construction businesses' industry leadership positions by moving them back into the growth mode that they enjoyed before the 2008 recession. Between 1992 and 2008 our construction businesses acquired almost 130 companies. They will use 2015 to identify potential acquisition candidates, along with organic growth opportunities. We anticipate providing a sizable merger and acquisition budget in 2016 to put their plans in motion.





Utility Continues Growth

Our utility business, which serves more than 1 million customers across eight states, once again experienced customer growth of about 2 percent. The business has a five-year capital program of \$1.8 billion to build generation, transmission and electric and natural gas distribution facilities that will allow it to keep pace with the energy demands of its growing customer base. The capital budget is expected to grow the utility's rate base approximately 11 percent annually over the next five years on a compound basis.

About \$478 million of capital expenditures are planned for this year, with \$60 million concentrated in the Bakken oilfields, where electricity and natural gas customer growth has been particularly robust. While we may expect to see a tempering of activity with recent commodity pricing, we have a backlog of projects there to complete during the coming year.

In 2014 the business unit completed construction and placed into commercial operation a \$77 million 88-megawatt natural gas turbine in North Dakota. It also signed an agreement to purchase a \$200 million 107.5-megawatt Thunder Spirit Wind project that is expected to be completed by December 2015. With the addition of that project's 43 wind turbines, renewable energy will make up about 20 percent of the utility's generating portfolio.

This year the utility expects to complete an environmental upgrade to the Big Stone generating plant; its share of the cost is about \$90 million. The utility, along with a partner, has received necessary route permits for a 160-mile 345-kilovolt transmission line from Ellendale, North Dakota, to Big Stone City, South Dakota. It is a multivalue project for the Midcontinent Independent System

Operator that is expected to be completed in 2019. The company's share of the cost is approximately \$170 million.

The natural gas utility segment has a number of pipeline projects underway that would enhance the reliability and deliverability of its system in the Pacific Northwest and Idaho. It also is involved in a 30-mile natural gas line project that would serve the Hanford Nuclear Site in Washington, with an investment of approximately \$60 million. In addition, the utility in 2014 made an initial investment in liquefied natural gas (LNG) production. This project capitalizes on the large amount of natural gas being produced in the Bakken, and offers opportunities for additional LNG projects.



Earnings Up 50 Percent at Pipeline, Energy Services

Our pipeline and energy services business increased earnings by 50 percent last year due to continued strong results from its 50 percent ownership interest in the Pronghorn natural gas and oil gathering and processing facility, and the first rate increase in 15 years on its interstate pipeline. Total transportation volumes reached a record level.

The business continued expanding its natural gas pipeline business with completion of a 15.5-mile pipeline that can transport up to 200 million cubic feet per day of natural gas from a Bakken processing plant to an interstate pipeline. It is the third such project completed in the last four years. It also is expanding its transmission system to increase capacity in the Black Hills in South Dakota.

We expect the Dakota Prairie Refining diesel refinery to begin commercial operation in the second quarter of this year. The project, which we are building in partnership with Calumet Specialty Products Partners, is the first greenfield refinery built in the U.S. since 1976. It will be able to process 20,000 barrels of Bakken crude oil per day into diesel fuel to help fill North Dakota's greatly undersupplied market.

We are disappointed that the construction schedule and costs have not met our original estimates. Winter weather and late revisions to the facility's electrical systems and controls have delayed the anticipated year-end 2014 startup and the total cost now is more than \$400 million. However, we expect this will still be a profitable facility, with annualized EBITDA of \$60 million to \$80 million that will be shared equally with our partner. The company announced last year that it is evaluating the feasibility of a second refinery in the northern part of North Dakota. We expect that evaluation will continue through much of this year.

The pipeline and energy services business has a record five-year capital budget of \$1.1 billion. It continues permitting and acquiring easements for the Wind Ridge Pipeline project, a 95-mile natural gas pipeline that would deliver approximately 90 million cubic feet per day to an announced fertilizer plant near Spiritwood, North Dakota. The project will cost approximately \$120 million and is

projected to be in service in 2017. There is an opportunity to expand the pipeline's capacity to serve other customers in eastern North Dakota.

The company also has entered into an agreement to build a pipeline connecting the Demicks Lake natural gas processing plant, which a third party has announced it will build in northwestern North Dakota, with the Northern Border Pipeline. The cost is estimated at \$50 million to \$60 million. The company will hold an open season to gauge additional interest in the project.



Oil Price Volatility Delays **Exit From Exploration** and Production Business

Last year we announced that we intend to market Fidelity Exploration & Production Company. In light of the recent volatility of oil prices we have delayed that process. While we can't predict an actual sale date, for forecasting purposes we are assuming a sale after 2015. Fidelity is a good business with good assets, but the amount of capital required to develop them and grow production at a meaningful level would significantly limit the amount of capital available to grow our other businesses.

The decision reflects a continuing evolution of our company, and results from a regular review by MDU Resources' Board of Directors and management of our strategies and portfolio of businesses to determine if there are opportunities to improve shareholder value. Over the years that has led to a number of changes in our company. For example, we consolidated a number of separate operations to build an interstate pipeline business, which we are now expanding into a broader midstream business. We exited the coal mining business and used that expertise to build an aggregates business that is among the 10 largest producers in the U.S. We built up an independent power business, then

sold it to acquire a utility, expanding our regulated businesses.

We will continue to focus on maximizing the value of Fidelity until it is sold. We will work on lowering its cost structure, and minimize our investments in the first half of the year to allow service costs to better align with the lower commodity price environment. We anticipate some drilling in the second half of the year, but plan to limit spending to the operating cash flow that is generated by the business.

The delayed marketing will not affect our total five-year capital budget, but we expect to shift some funding into 2016. Among the work affected will be capital expenditures associated with a potential second refinery and acquisition capital at the construction businesses. The 2015 capital budget will be \$692 million.

We continue to believe that exiting the exploration and production business is the right decision. As the growth opportunities discussed here illustrate, we believe we can create greater long-term value for our shareholders by focusing on our utility, construction and pipeline and energy services businesses — and at less risk, as the current decline in oil prices indicates.

The current oil price environment has led to much speculation about the future viability of shale oil development in the Bakken and other parts of the U.S. You probably have read about the slowdown in drilling rig activity and workforce reductions at oilfield service companies. The outcome is particularly important to MDU Resources, because every one of our businesses has had a profitable presence in the Bakken, and it is an important part of our growth.

While a prolonged period of lower commodity prices could slow future growth, electric utility customer growth in the Bakken last year was 5 percent, and natural gas customers increased by 3 percent. Our view is that this is not an end to the oil boom by any stretch of the

imagination, but rather a temporary lull that might actually bring some benefits to North Dakota. It will provide a muchneeded breather to catch up on infrastructure in communities where growth has outpaced resources. The current cost structure also is likely to drive industry innovations in technology and efficiency.



Thank You to Employees

The credit for our success in 2014 and what we expect to achieve in 2015 goes in large part to our outstanding employees, who number more than 11,300 during peak construction season. We want to thank them for their commitment to serving customers and shareholders with professionalism and integrity.

By their nature, our businesses demand a very high level of attention to safety, and our employees once again performed better than their industry peer averages. We want to recognize in particular the employees of our two construction businesses, Knife River and the Construction Services Group, who in 2014 had the best safety performances in their history.

Lastly, we want to thank you for investing in MDU Resources. We value the confidence your investment represents, and we are committed to growing this company in a manner that provides you with significant long-term value.

Harry J. Pearce

Chairman of the Board

David L. Goodin

President and Chief Executive Officer

February 20, 2015

♦♦♦ Board of Directors



Harry J. Pearce 72 (18) Detroit, Michigan

Chairman of MDU Resources Board of Directors

Retired, formerly chairman of Hughes Electronics Corp., a subsidiary of General Motors Corp., and former vice chairman and director of GM; a director of several organizations

Expertise: Multinational business management, leadership, finance, engineering and law



David L. Goodin 53 (2) Bismarck, North Dakota

President and chief executive officer of MDU Resources

Formerly president and chief executive officer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.



Thomas Everist

65 (20) Sioux Falls, South Dakota

President and chairman of The Everist Co., a construction materials company; a director of several corporations

Expertise: Business management, construction and sand, gravel and aggregate production



Karen B. Fagg

61 (10) Billings, Montana

Retired, formerly vice president of DOWL HKM and formerly chairman, chief executive officer and majority owner of HKM Engineering Inc.; on the board of several organizations

Expertise: Engineering, construction and business management



Mark A. Hellerstein

62 (2) Denver, Colorado

Retired, formerly chairman, president and chief executive officer of St. Mary Land & Exploration Co.; a former director of Transocean Inc.

Expertise: Oil and natural gas industry, business management, accounting and finance



A. Bart Holaday

Denver, Colorado, and Grand Forks, North Dakota

Retired, formerly managing director of Private Markets Group of UBS Asset Management; on the board of several organizations

Expertise: Oil and natural gas industry, business development, finance and law



Dennis W. Johnson

65 (14) Dickinson, North Dakota

Chairman, president and chief executive officer of TMI Corp., an architectural woodwork manufacturer; president of the Dickinson City Commission; a former director of Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis

Expertise: Business management, engineering and finance



William E. McCracken

72 (2) Warren, New Jersey

Retired, formerly chairman and chief executive officer of CA Technologies; previously held executive positions with IBM Corp.; a director of several organizations; a former director of IKON Office Solutions Inc.

Expertise: Multinational business management, corporate governance and technology



Patricia L. Moss

61 (12) Bend, Oregon

Vice chairman of Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades, formerly president and chief executive officer of Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades; on the board of several organizations

Expertise: Finance, banking, business development and human resources



J. Kent Wells

58 (2) Denver, Colorado

Vice chairman of the corporation and chief executive officer of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company

Formerly an executive with one of the world's largest oil and natural gas production companies



Dennis W. Johnson, Chairman Mark A. Hellerstein A. Bart Holaday John K. Wilson

Compensation Committee

Thomas Everist, Chairman Karen B. Fagg William E. McCracken Patricia L. Moss

Nominating and **Governance Committee**

Karen B. Fagg, Chairman A. Bart Holaday William E. McCracken Patricia L. Moss

Board of Directors Changes

Thomas C. Knudson did not stand for re-election at the 2014 Annual Meeting held April 22, 2014.

J. Kent Wells announced his resignation from the Board of Directors, effective February 28, 2015.



John K. Wilson 60 (12) Omaha, Nebraska

Formerly president of Durham Resources LLC, a privately held financial management company, and formerly a director of a mutual fund; on the board of several organizations

Expertise: Public utilities, accounting and finance

Corporate Management ◆◆◆◆



David L. Goodin 53 (32)

President and Chief Executive Officer of MDU Resources

Serves on the company's Board of Directors and as chairman of the board of all major subsidiary companies; formerly president and chief executive officer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.



David C. Barney 59 (29)

Corporation

President and Chief Executive Officer of Knife River

Formerly held executive and management positions with Knife River



Steven L. Bietz 56 (34)

President and Chief Executive Officer of WBI Holdings, Inc.

Formerly held executive and management positions with WBI



Mark A. Del Vecchio 55 (12)

Vice President of Human Resources of MDU Resources

Formerly director of compensation and executive programs of MDU Resources



Dennis L. Haider

62 (37)

Executive Vice President of Business Development of MDU Resources

Formerly executive vice president of marketing, gas supply and business development of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities



Nicole A. Kivisto 41 (20)

President and Chief Executive Officer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.

Formerly vice president of operations of Great Plains Natural Gas and Montana-Dakota Utilities



Cynthia J. Norland 60 (31)

Vice President of Administration of MDU Resources

Formerly associate general counsel of MDU Resources



Paul K. Sandness

60 (35)

General Counsel and Secretary of MDU Resources

Serves as general counsel and secretary of all major subsidiary companies; formerly senior attorney of MDU Resources and held other positions of increasing responsibility



Doran N. Schwartz

45 (10)

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of MDU Resources

Serves as the senior financial officer and member of the board of directors of all major subsidiary companies; formerly chief accounting officer of MDU Resources



Jeffrey S. Thiede

52 (11)

President and Chief Executive Officer of MDU Construction Services Group, Inc.

Formerly held executive and management positions with MDU Construction Services Group



J. Kent Wells 58 (4)

Vice Chairman of the Corporation and Chief Executive Officer of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company

Formerly an executive with one of the world's largest oil and natural gas production companies

Other Corporate and Senior Company Officers William R. Connors, 53 (11)

Vice President of Renewable Resources of MDU Resources

Nathan W. Ring, 39 (14) Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer of MDU Resources

Jason L. Vollmer, 37 (10) Treasurer and Director of Cash and Risk Management of MDU Resources

Management Changes

Nathan W. Ring was named vice president, controller and chief accounting officer of MDU Resources, effective January 3, 2014.

Jason L. Vollmer was named treasurer and director of cash and risk management of MDU Resources, effective November 29, 2014.

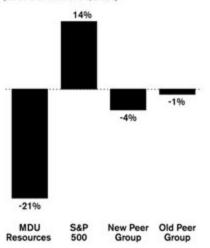
Nicole A. Kivisto was named president and chief executive officer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Intermountain Gas Company and Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., effective January 9, 2015.

Patrick L. O'Bryan was named chief executive officer, in addition to his role as president, of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, effective March 1, 2015. He replaces J. Kent Wells, who announced his retirement, effective February 28, 2015.

◆◆◆◆ Stockholder Return Comparison

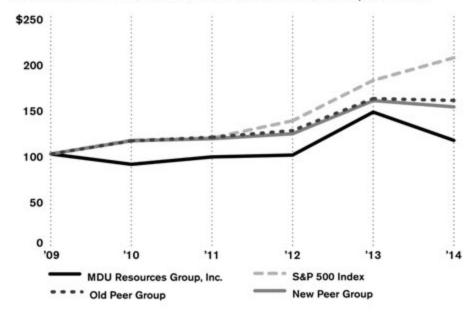
Comparison of One-Year Total Stockholder Return

(as of December 31, 2014)



Comparison of Five-Year Total Stockholder Return (in dollars)

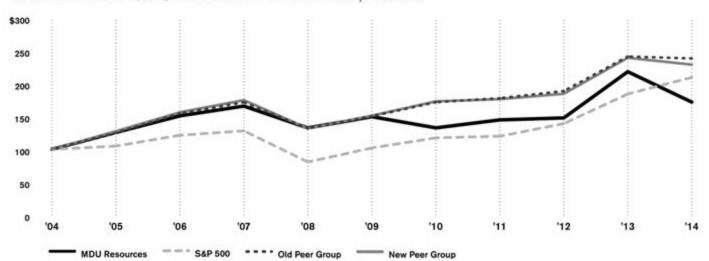
\$100 invested December 31, 2009, in MDU Resources was worth \$114.87 at year-end 2014.



	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	\$100.00	\$ 88.67	\$ 96.77	\$ 98.78	\$145.74	\$114.87
S&P 500 Index	100.00	115.06	117.49	136.30	180.44	205.14
New Peer Group	100.00	114.40	116.69	122.08	158.30	151.43
Old Peer Group	100.00	114.27	118.26	125.54	160.48	158.51

Comparison of 10-Year Total Stockholder Return (in dollars)

\$100 invested December 31, 2004, in MDU Resources was worth \$171.89 at year-end 2014.



	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	\$100.00	\$125.69	\$150.95	\$165.82	\$132.56	\$149.64	\$132.68	\$144.82	\$147.82	\$218.10	\$171.89
S&P 500 Index	100.00	104.91	121.48	128.16	80.74	102.11	117.49	119.97	139.17	184.25	209.47
New Peer Group	100.00	127.49	156.30	174.80	131.78	151.15	172.91	176.38	184.51	239.27	228.88
Old Peer Group	100.00	125.26	154.68	171.62	131.81	150.31	171.75	177.76	188.70	241.22	238.25

Stockholder Return Comparison ◆◆◆◆

Data is indexed to December 31, 2013, for the one-year total stockholder return comparison, December 31, 2009, for the five-year total stockholder return comparison and December 31, 2004, for the 10-year total stockholder return comparison for MDU Resources, the S&P 500 and the peer groups. Total stockholder return is calculated using the December 31 price for each year. It is assumed that all dividends are reinvested in stock at the frequency paid, and the returns of each component peer issuer of the group are weighted according to the issuer's stock market capitalization at the beginning of the period.

Beginning in 2014, a new peer group was established. Changes were made to replace two utility and pipeline peers with peers that operate in the company's same geographic area, and replace an exploration and production peer that was removed due to a merger. The changes better reflect the nature of the company's business. The graphs show stockholder return performance for both the old and new peer groups.

New peer group issuers are ALLETE, Inc., Alliant Energy Corp., Atmos Energy Corp., Avista Corp., Bill Barrett Corp., Black Hills Corp., Comstock Resources Inc., EMCOR Group Inc., EQT Corp., Granite Construction Inc., Martin Marietta Materials Inc., National Fuel Gas Co., Northwest Natural Gas Co., Quanta Services Inc., Questar Corp., SM Energy Co., Sterling Construction Co. Inc., Swift Energy Co., Vectren Corp., Vulcan Materials Co. and Whiting Petroleum Corp. Old peer group issuers are Alliant Energy Corp., Atmos Energy Corp., Black Hills Corp., Comstock Resources Inc., EMCOR Group Inc., EQT Corp., Granite Construction Inc., Martin Marietta Materials Inc., National Fuel Gas Co., Northwest Natural Gas Co., Quanta Services Inc., Questar Corp., SCANA Corp., SM Energy Co., Southwest Gas Corp., Sterling Construction Co. Inc., Swift Energy Co., Vectren Corp., Vulcan Materials Co. and Whiting Petroleum Corp.

During 2014, Pike Corp. and Texas Industries Inc. merged with other companies. As a result, the companies were removed from both peer groups for the entire period shown in the performance graphs.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

■ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from	to
Commission file nur	mber 1-3480

MDU RESOURCES GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 41-0423660 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1200 West Century Avenue P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(701) 530-1000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Common Stock, par value \$1.00 Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Preferred Stock, par value \$100 (Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗷 No 🗆.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes D No E.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

No

.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes
No
.

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ■ Accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □ Small reporting company □ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No 图.

State the aggregate market value of the voting common stock held by nonaffiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2014: \$6,795,350,628.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of February 13, 2015: 194,420,095 shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's 2015 Proxy Statement are incorporated by reference in Part III, Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of this Report.

Contents

Part I

Forward-	Looking Statements	6
Items 1 a	and 2 Business and Properties	6
	General.	6
	Electric	7
	Natural Gas Distribution	11
	Pipeline and Energy Services	12
	Exploration and Production	14
	Construction Materials and Contracting	17
	Construction Services.	19
Item 1A	Risk Factors	20
Item 1B	Unresolved Staff Comments	27
Item 3	Legal Proceedings	27
Item 4	Mine Safety Disclosures	27
Part II		
Item 5	Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.	28
Item 6	Selected Financial Data	29
Item 7	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	31
Item 7A	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	50
Item 8	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	52
Item 9	Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	109
Item 9A	Controls and Procedures	109
Item 9B	Other Information	109
Part II	Ì	
Item 10	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	110
Item 11	Executive Compensation	110
Item 12	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	110
Item 13	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	110
Item 14	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	110
Part IV	Î	
Item 15	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	111
Signature	88	118
Exhibits		

The following abbreviations and acronyms used in this Form 10-K are defined below:

Abbreviation or Acronym

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction

Army Corps U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification

BART Best available retrofit technology

Bbl Barrel

Bcf Billion cubic feet **Bicent** Bicent Power LLC

Big Stone Station 475-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Big Stone City, South Dakota (22.7 percent

ownership)

BLM Bureau of Land Management

BOE One barrel of oil equivalent - determined using the ratio of one barrel of crude oil, condensate or

natural gas liquids to six Mcf of natural gas

BOPD Barrels of oil per day

Brazilian Transmission Lines Company's investment in the company owning ECTE, ENTE and ERTE (ownership interests in

> ENTE and ERTE were sold in the fourth quarter of 2010 and portions of the ownership interest in ECTE were sold in the first quarter of 2015, the third quarters of 2013 and 2012 and the fourth

quarters of 2011 and 2010)

Btu British thermal unit

California Superior Court Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles (South District - Long Beach)

Calumet Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.

Cascade Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital CEM

Colorado Energy Management, LLC, a former direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

Resources (sold in the third quarter of 2007)

Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company Centennial **Centennial Capital** Centennial Holdings Capital LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial Centennial Resources Centennial Energy Resources LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial CERCLA

Clean Air Act Federal Clean Air Act

Colorado State District Court Colorado Thirteenth Judicial District Court, Yuma County

Company MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Connolly-Pacific Connolly-Pacific Co., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

Federal Clean Water Act

Coyote Creek Coyote Creek Mining Company, LLC, a subsidiary of The North American Coal Corporation 427-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Beulah, North Dakota (25 percent ownership) Coyote Station

Dakota Prairie Refinery 20,000-barrel-per-day diesel topping plant being built by Dakota Prairie Refining in

southwestern North Dakota

Dakota Prairie Refining Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC, a limited liability company jointly owned by WBI Energy and

Calumet

dk Decatherm

Clean Water Act

Dodd-Frank Act Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization

ECTE Empresa Catarinense de Transmissão de Energia S.A. (2.5 percent ownership interest at

> December 31, 2014, 2.5, 2.5, 2.5 and 14.99 percent ownership interests were sold in the third quarters of 2013 and 2012 and the fourth quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, with the

remaining 2.5 percent ownership interest sold in January 2015)

EIN Employer Identification Number

ENTE Empresa Norte de Transmissão de Energia S.A. (entire 13.3 percent ownership interest sold in

the fourth quarter of 2010)

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ERISA Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974

ERTE Empresa Regional de Transmissão de Energia S.A. (entire 13.3 percent ownership interest sold

in the fourth quarter of 2010)

ESA Endangered Species Act

Definitions

Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Fidelity Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

FIP Funding improvement plan

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

GHG Greenhouse gas

Great Plains Great Plains Natural Gas Co., a public utility division of the Company

GVTC Generation Verification Test Capacity

IBEW International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

ICWU International Chemical Workers Union

Intermountain Intermountain Gas Company, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital

IPUC Idaho Public Utilities Commission

Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

JTL Group, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

Knife River Corporation, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Knife River - Northwest Knife River Corporation - Northwest, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

K-Plan Company's 401(k) Retirement Plan

kW Kilowatts kWh Kilowatt-hour

LWG Lower Willamette Group

MBbls Thousands of barrels

MB0E Thousands of BOE

Mcf Thousand cubic feet

MD&A Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Mdk Thousand decatherms

MDU Brasil Ltda., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial Resources

MDU Construction Services MDU Construction Services Group, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

MDU Energy Capital MDU Energy Capital, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

MEPP Multiemployer pension plan

MISO Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc.

MMB0E Millions of BOE

MMBtu Million Btu

MMcf Million cubic feet

MMdk Million decatherms

MNPUC Minnesota Public Utilities Commission

Montana-Dakota Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a public utility division of the Company

Montana DEQ Montana Department of Environmental Quality

Montana First Judicial District Court Montana First Judicial District Court, Lewis and Clark County

Montana Seventeenth Judicial

District Court Montana Seventeenth Judicial District Court, Phillips County

MPPAA Multiemployer Pension Plan Amendments Act of 1980

MTPSC Montana Public Service Commission

MW Megawatt

NDPSC North Dakota Public Service Commission
NEPA National Environmental Policy Act

NGL Natural gas liquids

NSPS New Source Performance Standards
NYMEX New York Mercantile Exchange
Oil Includes crude oil and condensate

Omimex Canada, Ltd.

OPUC Oregon Public Utility Commission

Oregon DEQ Oregon State Department of Environmental Quality

PCBs Polychlorinated biphenyls PDP Proved developed producing

Prairielands Prairielands Energy Marketing, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

Proxy Statement Company's 2015 Proxy Statement PRP Potentially Responsible Party

PUD Proved undeveloped

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

ROD Record of Decision RP Rehabilitation plan Ryder Scott Ryder Scott Company, L.P.

SDPUC South Dakota Public Utilities Commission SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

SEC Defined Prices The average price of oil and natural gas during the applicable 12-month period, determined as

an unweighted arithmetic average of the first-day-of-the-month price for each month within such period, unless prices are defined by contractual arrangements, excluding escalations based upon

future conditions

Securities Act Securities Act of 1933, as amended

Securities Act Industry Guide 7 Description of Property by Issuers Engaged or to be Engaged in Significant Mining Operations

Sheridan System A separate electric system owned by Montana-Dakota

SourceGas SourceGas Distribution LLC

Stock Purchase Plan Company's Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan

UA United Association of Journeyman and Apprentices of the Plumbing and Pipefitting Industry of

the United States and Canada

VIE Variable interest entity

WBI Energy WBI Energy, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Energy Midstream WBI Energy Midstream, LLC, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings **WBI Energy Transmission** WBI Energy Transmission, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Holdings WBI Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

WUTC Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

Wygen III 100-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Gillette, Wyoming (25 percent ownership)

WYPSC Wyoming Public Service Commission

ZRCs Zonal resource credits - a MW of demand equivalent assigned to generators by MISO for meeting

system reliability requirements

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements are all statements other than statements of historical fact, including without limitation those statements that are identified by the words "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts" and similar expressions, and include statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance, and underlying assumptions (many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions) and other statements that are other than statements of historical facts. From time to time, the Company may publish or otherwise make available forward-looking statements of this nature, including statements contained within Item 7 - MD&A - Prospective Information.

Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed. The Company's expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed by the Company to have a reasonable basis, including without limitation, management's examination of historical operating trends, data contained in the Company's records and other data available from third parties. Nonetheless, the Company's expectations, beliefs or projections may not be achieved or accomplished.

Any forward-looking statement contained in this document speaks only as of the date on which the statement is made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all of the factors, nor can it assess the effect of each factor on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. All forward-looking statements, whether written or oral and whether made by or on behalf of the Company, are expressly qualified by the risk factors and cautionary statements in this Form 10-K, including statements contained within Item 1A - Risk Factors.

Items 1 and 2. Business and Properties

General

The Company is a diversified natural resource company, which was incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware in 1924. Its principal executive offices are at 1200 West Century Avenue, P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650, telephone (701) 530-1000.

Montana-Dakota, through the electric and natural gas distribution segments, generates, transmits and distributes electricity and distributes natural gas in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming. Cascade distributes natural gas in Oregon and Washington.

Intermountain distributes natural gas in Idaho. Great Plains distributes natural gas in western Minnesota and southeastern North Dakota. These operations also supply related value-added services.

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Centennial, owns WBI Holdings (comprised of the pipeline and energy services and the exploration and production segments), Knife River (construction materials and contracting segment), MDU Construction Services (construction services segment), Centennial Resources and Centennial Capital (both reflected in the Other category).

The Company's investment in ECTE is reflected in the Other category. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 4.

As of December 31, 2014, the Company had 8,451 employees with 163 employed at MDU Resources Group, Inc., 1,030 at Montana-Dakota, 34 at Great Plains, 313 at Cascade, 225 at Intermountain, 586 at WBI Holdings, 2,508 at Knife River and 3,592 at MDU Construction Services. The number of employees at certain Company operations fluctuates during the year depending upon the number and size of construction projects. The Company considers its relations with employees to be satisfactory.

The following information regarding the number of employees represented by labor contracts is as of December 31, 2014.

At Montana-Dakota and WBI Energy Transmission, 349 and 78 employees, respectively, are represented by the IBEW. Labor contracts with such employees are in effect through April 30, 2015, and March 31, 2018, for Montana-Dakota and WBI Energy Transmission, respectively.

At Cascade, 139 employees are represented by the ICWU. The labor contract with the field operations group is effective through April 1, 2015.

At Intermountain, 117 employees are represented by the UA. Labor contracts with such employees are in effect through September 30, 2016.

Knife River operates under 43 labor contracts that represent 460 of its construction materials employees. Knife River is in negotiations on 4 of its labor contracts.

MDU Construction Services has 134 labor contracts representing the majority of its employees.

The majority of the labor contracts contain provisions that prohibit work stoppages or strikes and provide for binding arbitration dispute resolution in the event of an extended disagreement.

The Company's principal properties, which are of varying ages and are of different construction types, are generally in good condition, are well maintained and are generally suitable and adequate for the purposes for which they are used.

The financial results and data applicable to each of the Company's business segments, as well as their financing requirements, are set forth in Item 7 - MD&A and Item 8 - Note 15 and Supplementary Financial Information.

The operations of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations providing for air, water and solid waste pollution control; state facility-siting regulations; zoning and planning regulations of certain state and local authorities; federal health and safety regulations and state hazard communication standards. The Company believes that it is in substantial compliance with these regulations, except as to what may be ultimately determined with regard to items discussed in Environmental matters in Item 8 - Note 19. There are no pending CERCLA actions for any of the Company's properties, other than the Portland, Oregon, Harbor Superfund Site and the Bremerton Gasworks Superfund Site.

The Company produces GHG emissions primarily from its fossil fuel electric generating facilities, as well as from natural gas pipeline and storage systems, operations of equipment and fleet vehicles, and oil and natural gas exploration and development activities. GHG emissions also result from customer use of natural gas for heating and other uses. As interest in reductions in GHG emissions has grown, the Company has developed renewable generation with lower or no GHG emissions. Governmental legislative and regulatory initiatives regarding environmental and energy policy are continuously evolving and could negatively impact the Company's operations and financial results. Until legislation and regulation are finalized, the impact of these measures cannot be accurately predicted. The Company will continue to monitor legislative and regulatory activity related to environmental and energy policy initiatives. Disclosure regarding specific environmental matters applicable to each of the Company's businesses is set forth under each business description later. In addition, for a discussion of the Company's risks related to environmental laws and regulations, see Item 1A - Risk Factors.

This annual report on Form 10-K, the Company's quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act are available free of charge through the Company's Web site as soon as reasonably practicable after the Company has electronically filed such reports with, or furnished such reports to, the SEC. The Company's Web site address is www.mdu.com. The information available on the Company's Web site is not part of this annual report on Form 10-K.

Electric

General Montana-Dakota provides electric service at retail, serving more than 138,000 residential, commercial, industrial and municipal customers in 177 communities and adjacent rural areas as of December 31, 2014. The principal properties owned by Montana-Dakota for use in its electric operations include interests in 11 electric generating facilities and three small portable diesel generators, as further described under System Supply, System Demand and Competition, approximately 3,100 and 5,000 miles of transmission and distribution lines, respectively, and 58 transmission and 279 distribution substations. Montana-Dakota has obtained and holds, or is in the process of renewing, valid and existing franchises authorizing it to conduct its electric operations in all of the municipalities it serves where such franchises are required. Montana-Dakota intends to protect its service area and seek renewal of all expiring franchises. At December 31, 2014, Montana-Dakota's net electric plant investment was \$960.8 million.

The percentage of Montana-Dakota's 2014 retail electric utility operating revenues by jurisdiction is as follows: North Dakota - 64 percent; Montana - 21 percent; Wyoming - 10 percent; and South Dakota - 5 percent. Retail electric rates, service, accounting and certain security issuances are subject to regulation by the NDPSC, MTPSC, SDPUC and WYPSC. The interstate transmission and wholesale electric power operations of Montana-Dakota also are subject to regulation by the FERC under provisions of the Federal Power Act, as are interconnections with other utilities and power generators, the issuance of securities, accounting and other matters.

Through MISO, Montana-Dakota has access to wholesale energy, ancillary services and capacity markets for its integrated system. MISO is a regional transmission organization responsible for operational control of the transmission systems of its members. MISO provides security

center operations, tariff administration and operates day-ahead and real-time energy markets, ancillary services and capacity markets. As a member of MISO, Montana-Dakota's generation is sold into the MISO energy market and its energy needs are purchased from that market.

System Supply, System Demand and Competition Through an interconnected electric system, Montana-Dakota serves markets in portions of western North Dakota, including Bismarck, Mandan, Dickinson, Williston and Watford City; eastern Montana, including Sidney, Glendive and Miles City; and northern South Dakota, including Mobridge. The maximum electric peak demand experienced to date attributable to Montana-Dakota's sales to retail customers on the interconnected system was 582,083 kW in January 2014. The maximum summer electric peak demand experienced to date was 573,587 kW in July 2012. Montana-Dakota's latest forecast for its interconnected system indicates that its annual peak will occur during the summer and the sales growth rate through 2019 will approximate 6 percent annually. The interconnected system consists of ten electric generating facilities and three small portable diesel generators, which have an aggregate nameplate rating attributable to Montana-Dakota's interest of 577,943 kW and total net ZRCs of 444.8 in 2014. ZRCs are a MW of demand equivalent measure and are allocated to individual generators to meet supply obligations within MISO. For 2014, Montana-Dakota's total ZRCs, including its firm purchase power contracts, were 584.0. Montana-Dakota's peak demand supply obligation, including firm purchase power contracts, within MISO was 522.4 ZRCs for 2014. Montana-Dakota's four principal generating stations are steam-turbine generating units using coal for fuel. The nameplate rating for Montana-Dakota's ownership interest in these four stations (including interests in the Big Stone Station and the Coyote Station) is 327,758 kW. Three combustion turbine peaking stations, two wind electric generating facilities, a heat recovery electric generating facility and three small portable diesel generators supply the balance of Montana-Dakota's interconnected system electric generating capability.

Montana-Dakota has a contract for capacity of 120 MW for the period June 1, 2014 to May 31, 2015. On November 20, 2014, Montana-Dakota entered into an asset purchase agreement with Thunder Spirit Wind, LLC, to purchase for approximately \$200 million a wind farm of 107.5 MW of installed capacity to be located in southwest North Dakota upon commercial operation subject to regulatory approval. Montana-Dakota has applied for an advance determination of prudence and a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the NDPSC for purchase of the wind farm. If Montana-Dakota does not receive regulatory approval for the purchase of the wind farm, it will purchase the output of the wind farm from Thunder Spirit Wind, LLC under a power purchase agreement. The project is expected to begin commercial operation in the fourth quarter of 2015. The generation will interconnect at Montana-Dakota's substation near Hettinger, North Dakota. Additional energy will be purchased as needed, or if more economical, from the MISO market. In 2014, Montana-Dakota purchased approximately 29 percent of its net kWh needs for its interconnected system through the MISO market.

Through the Sheridan System, Montana-Dakota serves Sheridan, Wyoming, and neighboring communities. The maximum peak demand experienced to date attributable to Montana-Dakota sales to retail customers on that system was approximately 61,501 kW in July 2012. Montana-Dakota has a power supply contract with Black Hills Power, Inc. to purchase up to 49,000 kW of capacity annually through December 31, 2016. Wygen III serves a portion of the needs of its Sheridan-area customers.

The following table sets forth details applicable to the Company's electric generating stations:

Generating Station	Туре	Nameplate Rating (kW)	2014 ZRCs (a)	2014 Net Generation (kWh in thousands)
Interconnected System:	1000			
North Dakota:				
Coyote (b)	Steam	103,647	93.2	682,333
Heskett	Steam	86,000	89.0	547,268
Heskett	Combustion Turbine	89,038	(c)	28,057
Glen Ullin	Heat Recovery	7,500	4.4	31,441
Cedar Hills	Wind	19,500	3.7	59,420
Diesel Units	Oil	5,475	4.6	40
South Dakota:				
Big Stone (b)	Steam	94,111	101.3	576,957
Montana:				
Lewis & Clark	Steam	44,000	52.0	290,193
Glendive	Combustion Turbine	75,522	72.1	1,911
Miles City	Combustion Turbine	23,150	19.9	365
Diamond Willow	Wind	30,000	4.6	96,534
		577,943	444.8	2,314,519
Sheridan System:				
Wyoming:				
Wygen III (b)	Steam	28,000	N/A	205,419
12.4		605,943	444.8	2,519,938

⁽a) Interconnected system only. MISO requires generators to obtain their summer capability through the GVTC. The GVTC is then converted to ZRCs by applying each generator's forced outage factor against its GVTC. Wind generator's ZRCs are calculated based on a wind capacity study performed annually by MISO. ZRCs are used to meet supply obligations within MISO.

Virtually all of the current fuel requirements of the Coyote, Heskett and Lewis & Clark stations are met with coal supplied by subsidiaries of Westmoreland Coal Company under contracts that expire in May 2016, April 2016 and December 2017, respectively. The Coyote Station coal supply agreement provides for the purchase of coal necessary to supply the coal requirements of the Coyote Station or 30,000 tons per week, whichever may be the greater quantity at contracted pricing. The Heskett and Lewis & Clark coal supply agreements provide for the purchase of coal necessary to supply the coal requirements of these stations at contracted pricing. Montana-Dakota estimates the Heskett and Lewis & Clark coal requirement to be in the range of 450,000 to 550,000 tons and 250,000 to 350,000 tons per contract year, respectively.

Montana-Dakota has a contract with Coyote Creek for coal supply to the Coyote Station beginning May 2016 until December 2040. Montana-Dakota estimates the Coyote Station coal supply agreement to be approximately 2.5 million tons per contract year. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 19.

Montana-Dakota has coal supply agreements, which meet a portion of the Big Stone Station's fuel requirements, for the purchase of 1.0 million tons in 2015 and 500,000 tons in 2016 from Peabody Coalsales, LLC at contracted pricing. The remainder of the Big Stone Station fuel requirements will be secured through separate future contracts.

Montana-Dakota has a coal supply agreement with Wyodak Resources Development Corp., to supply the coal requirements of Wygen III at contracted pricing through June 1, 2060. Montana-Dakota estimates the maximum annual coal consumption of the facility to be 585,000 tons.

The average cost of coal purchased, including freight, at Montana-Dakota's electric generating stations (including the Big Stone, Coyote and Wygen III stations) was as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012
Average cost of coal per MMBtu	\$ 1.74	\$ 1.73	\$ 1.69
Average cost of coal per ton	\$ 25.11	\$ 25.32	\$ 24.77

⁽b) Reflects Montana-Dakota's ownership interest.

⁽c) Pending accreditation.

Montana-Dakota expects that it has secured adequate capacity available through existing baseload generating stations, renewable generation, turbine peaking stations, demand reduction programs and firm contracts to meet the peak customer demand requirements of its customers through mid-2016. Future capacity that is needed to replace contracts and meet system growth requirements is expected to be met by constructing new generation resources, or acquiring additional capacity through power purchase contracts or the MISO capacity auction. For more information regarding potential power generation projects, see Item 7 - MD&A - Prospective Information - Electric and natural gas distribution.

Montana-Dakota has major interconnections with its neighboring utilities and considers these interconnections adequate for coordinated planning, emergency assistance, exchange of capacity and energy and power supply reliability.

Montana-Dakota is subject to competition in varying degrees, in certain areas, from rural electric cooperatives, on-site generators, cogenerators and municipally owned systems. In addition, competition in varying degrees exists between electricity and alternative forms of energy such as natural gas.

Regulatory Matters and Revenues Subject to Refund In North Dakota, Montana-Dakota reflects monthly increases or decreases in fuel and purchased power costs (including demand charges) and is deferring those electric fuel and purchased power costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. In Montana, a monthly Fuel and Purchased Power Tracking Adjustment mechanism allows Montana-Dakota to reflect 90 percent of the increases or decreases in fuel and purchased power costs (including demand charges) and Montana-Dakota is deferring 90 percent of costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. A fuel adjustment clause contained in South Dakota jurisdictional electric rate schedules allows Montana-Dakota to reflect monthly increases or decreases in fuel and purchased power costs (excluding demand charges). In Wyoming, an annual Electric Power Supply Cost Adjustment mechanism allows Montana-Dakota to reflect increases or decreases in purchased power costs (including demand charges but excluding increases or decreases from base coal price) related to power supply and Montana-Dakota is deferring costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. Such orders generally provide that these amounts are recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments within a period ranging from 14 to 25 months from the time such costs are paid. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 6.

In North Dakota, Montana-Dakota recovers in rates the costs associated with environmental upgrades at Big Stone Station. Montana-Dakota will maintain a tracker account until all costs are recovered or until the associated costs are reflected in base rates as a part of a general rate case.

In North Dakota, Montana-Dakota has the ability to recover the costs associated with new generation through a rider mechanism. On January 9, 2015, Montana-Dakota implemented a generation resource recovery rider to recover the costs associated with the Heskett natural gas combustion turbine which was commissioned in August 2014. Montana-Dakota will utilize this rider mechanism for new generation until such time as the costs and investment are included in base rates. Montana-Dakota also has in place in North Dakota a transmission tracker to recover transmission costs from its regional transmission operator, MISO. The tracking mechanism has an annual true-up.

Environmental Matters Montana-Dakota's electric operations are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations providing for air, water and solid waste pollution control; state facility-siting regulations; zoning and planning regulations of certain state and local authorities; federal health and safety regulations; and state hazard communication standards. Montana-Dakota believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations.

Montana-Dakota's electric generating facilities have Title V Operating Permits, under the Clean Air Act, issued by the states in which they operate. Each of these permits has a five-year life. Near the expiration of these permits, renewal applications are submitted. Permits continue in force beyond the expiration date, provided the application for renewal is submitted by the required date, usually six months prior to expiration. The Title V Operating Permit renewal application for Big Stone Station was submitted timely to the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources in November 2013. The Title V Operating Permit renewal application for Lewis & Clark Station was submitted timely in February 2014 to the Montana DEQ and the Title V Operating Permit renewal application for Heskett Station was submitted timely in August 2014 to the North Dakota Department of Health. The Montana DEQ issued a Montana Air Quality Permit in January 2015 to Montana-Dakota for the addition of two 9.3 MW engines and associated operating equipment at Lewis & Clark Station.

State water discharge permits issued under the requirements of the Clean Water Act are maintained for power production facilities on the Yellowstone and Missouri rivers. These permits also have five-year lives. Montana-Dakota renews these permits as necessary prior to expiration. Other permits held by these facilities may include an initial siting permit, which is typically a one-time, preconstruction permit issued by the state; state permits to dispose of combustion by-products; state authorizations to withdraw water for operations; and Army Corps permits to construct water intake structures. Montana-Dakota's Army Corps permits grant one-time permission to construct and do not require renewal. Other permit terms vary and the permits are renewed as necessary.

Montana-Dakota's electric operations are conditionally exempt small-quantity hazardous waste generators and subject only to minimum regulation under the RCRA. Montana-Dakota routinely handles PCBs from its electric operations in accordance with federal requirements. PCB storage areas are registered with the EPA as required.

Montana-Dakota incurred \$28.3 million of environmental capital expenditures in 2014, largely for the installation of a BART air quality control system at the Big Stone Station. Capital expenditures are estimated to be \$42 million, \$7 million and \$2 million in 2015, 2016 and 2017, respectively, to maintain environmental compliance as new emission controls are required, including the installation of a BART air quality control system, as discussed above. Projects for 2015 through 2017 also include sulfur-dioxide, nitrogen oxide and mercury and non-mercury metals control equipment installation at electric generating stations and anticipated costs for coal ash disposal. Montana-Dakota's capital and operational expenditures could also be affected in a variety of ways by future air and wastewater effluent discharge regulation, as well as potential new GHG legislation or regulation. In particular, such GHG legislation or regulation would likely increase capital expenditures and operational costs associated with GHG emissions compliance until carbon capture technology becomes economical, at which time capital expenditures may be necessary to incorporate such technology into existing or new generating facilities. Montana-Dakota expects that it will recover the operational and capital expenditures for GHG regulatory compliance in its rates consistent with the recovery of other reasonable costs of complying with environmental laws and regulations.

Natural Gas Distribution

General The Company's natural gas distribution operations consist of Montana-Dakota, Great Plains, Cascade and Intermountain, which sell natural gas at retail, serving over 892,000 residential, commercial and industrial customers in 334 communities and adjacent rural areas across eight states as of December 31, 2014, and provide natural gas transportation services to certain customers on their systems. These services are provided through distribution systems aggregating approximately 18,800 miles. The natural gas distribution operations have obtained and hold, or are in the process of renewing, valid and existing franchises authorizing them to conduct their natural gas operations in all of the municipalities they serve where such franchises are required. These operations intend to protect their service areas and seek renewal of all expiring franchises. At December 31, 2014, the natural gas distribution operations' net natural gas distribution plant investment was \$1.2 billion.

The percentage of the natural gas distribution operations' 2014 natural gas utility operating sales revenues by jurisdiction is as follows: Idaho - 29 percent; Washington - 25 percent; North Dakota - 16 percent; Montana - 9 percent; Oregon - 8 percent; South Dakota -7 percent; Minnesota - 4 percent; and Wyoming - 2 percent. The natural gas distribution operations are subject to regulation by the IPUC, MNPUC, MTPSC, NDPSC, OPUC, SDPUC, WUTC and WYPSC regarding retail rates, service, accounting and certain security issuances.

System Supply, System Demand and Competition The natural gas distribution operations serve retail natural gas markets, consisting principally of residential and firm commercial space and water heating users, in portions of Idaho, including Boise, Nampa, Twin Falls, Pocatello and Idaho Falls; western Minnesota, including Fergus Falls, Marshall and Crookston; eastern Montana, including Billings, Glendive and Miles City; North Dakota, including Bismarck, Mandan, Dickinson, Wahpeton, Williston, Watford City, Minot and Jamestown; central and eastern Oregon, including Bend, Pendleton, Ontario and Baker City; western and north-central South Dakota, including Rapid City, Pierre, Spearfish and Mobridge; western, southeastern and south-central Washington, including Bellingham, Bremerton, Longview, Aberdeen, Wenatchee/ Moses Lake, Mount Vernon, Tri-Cities, Walla Walla and Yakima; and northern Wyoming, including Sheridan and Lovell. These markets are highly seasonal and sales volumes depend largely on the weather, the effects of which are mitigated in certain jurisdictions by a weather normalization mechanism discussed in Regulatory Matters. In addition to the residential and commercial sales, the utilities transport natural gas for larger commercial and industrial customers who purchase their own supply of natural gas.

Competition in varying degrees exists between natural gas and other fuels and forms of energy. The natural gas distribution operations have established various natural gas transportation service rates for their distribution businesses to retain interruptible commercial and industrial loads. These services have enhanced the natural gas distribution operations' competitive posture with alternative fuels, although certain customers have bypassed the distribution systems by directly accessing transmission pipelines within close proximity. These bypasses did not have a material effect on results of operations.

The natural gas distribution operations and various distribution transportation customers obtain their system requirements directly from producers, processors and marketers. The Company's purchased natural gas is supplied by a portfolio of contracts specifying market-based pricing and is transported under transportation agreements with WBI Energy Transmission, Northern Border Pipeline Company, Northwest Pipeline GP, Northern Natural Gas, Gas Transmission Northwest LLC, Northwestern Energy, Viking Gas Transmission Company, Westcoast Energy Inc., Ruby Pipeline LLC, Foothills Pipe Lines Ltd. and NOVA Gas Transmission Ltd. The natural gas distribution operations have contracts for storage services to provide gas supply during the winter heating season and to meet peak day demand with various storage providers, including WBI Energy Transmission, Questar Pipeline Company, Northwest Pipeline GP and Northern Natural Gas. In addition, certain of the operations have entered into natural gas supply management agreements with various parties. Demand for natural gas, which is a widely traded commodity, has historically been sensitive to seasonal heating and industrial load requirements as well as changes in

market price. The natural gas distribution operations believe that, based on current and projected domestic and regional supplies of natural gas and the pipeline transmission network currently available through their suppliers and pipeline service providers, supplies are adequate to meet their system natural gas requirements for the next decade.

Regulatory Matters The natural gas distribution operations' retail natural gas rate schedules contain clauses permitting adjustments in rates based upon changes in natural gas commodity, transportation and storage costs. Current tariffs allow for recovery or refunds of under- or over-recovered gas costs within a period ranging from 12 to 28 months.

Montana-Dakota's North Dakota and South Dakota natural gas tariffs contain weather normalization mechanisms applicable to firm customers that adjust the distribution delivery charge revenues to reflect weather fluctuations during the November 1 through May 1 billing periods.

On March 13, 2013, the OPUC approved an extension of Cascade's decoupling mechanism until December 31, 2015. Cascade also has an earnings sharing mechanism with respect to its Oregon jurisdictional operations as required by the OPUC.

For more information on regulatory matters, see Item 8 - Note 18.

Environmental Matters The natural gas distribution operations are subject to federal, state and local environmental, facility-siting, zoning and planning laws and regulations. The natural gas distribution operations believe they are in substantial compliance with those regulations.

The Company's natural gas distribution operations are conditionally exempt small-quantity hazardous waste generators and subject only to minimum regulation under the RCRA. Certain locations of the natural gas distribution operations routinely handle PCBs from their natural gas operations in accordance with federal requirements. PCB storage areas are registered with the EPA as required. Capital and operational expenditures for natural gas distribution operations could be affected in a variety of ways by potential new GHG legislation or regulation. In particular, such legislation or regulation would likely increase capital expenditures for energy efficiency and conservation programs and operational costs associated with GHG emissions compliance. Natural gas distribution operations expect to recover the operational and capital expenditures for GHG regulatory compliance in rates consistent with the recovery of other reasonable costs of complying with environmental laws and regulations.

The natural gas distribution operations did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2014. Except as to what may be ultimately determined with regard to the issues described later, the natural gas distribution operations do not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2017.

Montana-Dakota has had an economic interest in four historic manufactured gas plants and Great Plains has had an economic interest in one historic manufactured gas plant within their service territories. Montana-Dakota is investigating a former manufactured gas plant in Montana and is planning investigation of a former manufactured gas plant in North Dakota. Montana-Dakota will seek recovery in its natural gas rates charged to customers for any remediation costs incurred for these sites. None of the remaining former manufactured gas plant sites of Montana-Dakota or Great Plains are being actively investigated. Cascade has had an economic interest in nine former manufactured gas plants within its service territory. Cascade has been involved in the investigation and remediation of three manufactured gas plants in Washington and Oregon. See Item 8 - Note 19 for a further discussion of these three manufactured gas plants. To the extent these claims are not covered by insurance, Cascade will seek recovery through the OPUC and WUTC of remediation costs in its natural gas rates charged to customers.

Pipeline and Energy Services

General WBI Energy owns and operates both regulated and nonregulated businesses. The regulated business of this segment, WBI Energy Transmission, owns and operates approximately 3,800 miles of transmission, gathering and storage lines in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming. Three underground storage fields in Montana and Wyoming provide storage services to local distribution companies, producers, natural gas marketers and others, and serve to enhance system deliverability. Its system is strategically located near five natural gas producing basins, making natural gas supplies available to its transportation and storage customers. The system has 13 interconnecting points with other pipeline facilities allowing for the receipt and/or delivery of natural gas to and from other regions of the country and from Canada. Under the Natural Gas Act, as amended, WBI Energy Transmission is subject to the jurisdiction of the FERC regarding certificate, rate, service and accounting matters, and at December 31, 2014, its net plant investment was \$358.8 million.

The nonregulated business of this segment owns and operates gathering facilities in Colorado, Montana and Wyoming. It also owns a 50 percent undivided interest in the Pronghorn assets located in western North Dakota that were acquired in 2012, which include a natural gas processing plant, both oil and gas gathering pipelines, an oil storage terminal and an oil pipeline. In total, facilities include approximately 1,600 miles of operated field gathering lines, some of which interconnect with WBI Energy's regulated pipeline system. The nonregulated business provides natural gas and oil gathering services, natural gas processing and a variety of other energy-related services,

including cathodic protection, water hauling, contract compression operations, measurement services, and energy efficiency product sales and installation services to large end-users.

WBI Energy, in conjunction with Calumet, formed Dakota Prairie Refining, to develop, build and operate Dakota Prairie Refinery. Construction began on the facility in late March 2013 and, when complete, it will process Bakken crude oil into diesel, which will be marketed within the Bakken region. Other by-products, naptha and atmospheric tower bottoms, are expected to be railed to other areas. Total project costs are estimated to be more than \$400 million, with a projected in-service date in the second quarter of 2015.

This segment also includes an energy services business which provides natural gas purchase and sales services to local distribution companies, producers, other marketers and a limited number of large end-users, primarily using natural gas produced by Fidelity. Certain of the services are provided based on contracts that call for a determinable quantity of natural gas. At December 31, 2014, it has commitments to deliver fixed and determinable amounts of natural gas under these contracts of 1.6 MMdk in 2015. The Company currently estimates that it can adequately meet the requirements of these contracts based upon the estimated natural gas production and reserves of Fidelity.

A majority of its pipeline and energy services business is transacted in the northern Great Plains and Rocky Mountain regions of the United States.

For information regarding natural gas gathering operations litigation, see Item 8 - Note 19.

System Supply, System Demand and Competition Natural gas supplies emanate from traditional and nontraditional production activities in the region and from off-system supply sources. While certain traditional regional supply sources are in various stages of decline, incremental supply from nontraditional sources have been developed which has helped support WBI Energy Transmission's supply needs. This includes new natural gas supply associated with the continued development of the Bakken area in Montana and North Dakota. The Powder River Basin also provides a nontraditional natural gas supply to the WBI Energy Transmission system. In addition, off-system supply sources are available through the Company's interconnections with other pipeline systems. WBI Energy Transmission expects to facilitate the movement of these supplies by making available its transportation and storage services. WBI Energy Transmission will continue to look for opportunities to increase transportation, gathering and storage services through system expansion and/or other pipeline interconnections or enhancements that could provide substantial future benefits.

WBI Energy Transmission's underground natural gas storage facilities have a certificated storage capacity of approximately 353 Bcf, including 193 Bcf of working gas capacity, 85 Bcf of cushion gas and 75 Bcf of native gas. These storage facilities enable customers to purchase natural gas at more uniform daily volumes throughout the year and meet winter peak requirements.

WBI Energy Transmission competes with several pipelines for its customers' transportation, storage and gathering business and at times may discount rates in an effort to retain market share. However, the strategic location of its system near five natural gas producing basins and the availability of underground storage and gathering services, along with interconnections with other pipelines, serve to enhance its competitive position.

Although certain of WBI Energy Transmission's firm customers, including its largest firm customer Montana-Dakota, serve relatively secure residential and commercial end-users, they generally all have some price-sensitive end-users that could switch to alternate fuels.

WBI Energy Transmission transports substantially all of Montana-Dakota's natural gas, primarily utilizing firm transportation agreements, which for 2014 represented 46 percent of WBI Energy Transmission's subscribed firm transportation contract demand. The majority of the firm transportation agreements with Montana-Dakota expire in June 2017. In addition, Montana-Dakota has contracts with WBI Energy Transmission to provide firm storage services to facilitate meeting Montana-Dakota's winter peak requirements expiring in July 2035.

The nonregulated business competes with several midstream companies for existing customers, for the expansion of its systems and for the installation of new systems. Its strong position in the fields in which it operates, its focus on customer service and the variety of services it offers, along with its interconnection with various other pipelines, serve to enhance its competitive position.

Environmental Matters The pipeline and energy services operations are generally subject to federal, state and local environmental, facilitysiting, zoning and planning laws and regulations. The Company believes it is in substantial compliance with those regulations.

Ongoing operations are subject to the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the NEPA, ESA and other state and federal regulations. Administration of many provisions of these laws has been delegated to the states where WBI Energy and its subsidiaries operate. Permit terms vary and all permits carry operational compliance conditions. Some permits require annual renewal, some have terms ranging from

one to five years and others have no expiration date. Permits are renewed and modified, as necessary, based on defined permit expiration dates, operational demand and/or regulatory changes.

Detailed environmental assessments and/or environmental impact statements are included in the FERC's permitting processes for both the construction and abandonment of WBI Energy Transmission's natural gas transmission pipelines, compressor stations and storage facilities.

The pipeline and energy services operations did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2014 and do not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2017.

Exploration and Production

General Fidelity is involved in the development and production of oil and natural gas resources. The Company intends to market its exploration and production business in the future. The plan to market this business has been delayed due to low oil prices. Until such sale is accomplished, this segment will apply technology and utilize existing expertise to increase production and reserves from existing leaseholds. By optimizing existing operations, this segment is focused on balancing its oil and natural gas commodity mix to maximize profitability. Fidelity shares revenues and expenses from the development of specified properties in proportion to its ownership interests.

For information regarding exploration and production litigation, see Item 8 - Note 19.

Fidelity's business is focused primarily in two core regions: Rocky Mountain and Mid-Continent/Gulf States.

Rocky Mountain

Fidelity's Rocky Mountain region includes the following significant operating areas:

- Bakken areas Oil targets in which Fidelity holds approximately 12,000 net acres in Mountrail County, North Dakota and approximately 37,000 net acres in Stark County, North Dakota.
- · Cedar Creek Anticline Primarily in eastern Montana, the Company has a long-held net profits interest in this oil play.
- Paradox Basin The Company holds approximately 140,000 net acres located in Grand and San Juan Counties, Utah, targeting oil, and
 has an option to earn another 20,000 acres.
- Powder River Basin The Company holds primarily non-operated undeveloped leasehold positions of approximately 24,000 net acres in Converse County, Wyoming, which were acquired in 2014.
- Big Horn Basin These interests include approximately 6,000 net acres in Wyoming, targeting oil and NGL.
- Baker Field Long-held natural gas properties in which Fidelity holds approximately 98,000 net acres in southeastern Montana and southwestern North Dakota.
- · Bowdoin Field Long-held natural gas properties in which Fidelity holds approximately 127,000 net acres in north-central Montana.
- Other Includes other oil projects and various non-operated positions.

Mid-Continent/Gulf States

Fidelity's Mid-Continent/Gulf States region includes the following significant operating areas:

- South Texas Includes non-operated positions in approximately 1,000 net acres in the Flores field. This area has significant NGL content
 associated with the natural gas.
- · East Texas Fidelity holds approximately 9,000 net acres, primarily natural gas and associated NGL.
- Other Includes various non-operated onshore interests, as well as offshore interests in the shallow waters off the coasts of Texas and Louisiana.

Operating Information Annual net production by region for 2014 was as follows:

Region	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Total (MBOE)	Percent of Total
Rocky Mountain	4,681	256	15,704	7,554	84%
Mid-Continent/Gulf States	238	353	5,118	1,444	16
Total	4,919	609	20,822	8,998	100%

Note: Bakken-Mountrail County represents 36% of total annual net oil production and is the only field that contains 15 percent or more of the Company's total proved reserves as of December 31, 2014.

Annual net production by region for 2013 was as follows:

Region	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	(MBOE)	Percent of Total
Rocky Mountain	4,481	250	19,461	7,975	78%
Mid-Continent/Gulf States	334	531	8,547	2,289	22
Total	4,815	781	28,008	10,264	100%

Note: Bakken-Mountrail County represents 43% of total annual net oil production and is the only field that contains 15 percent or more of the Company's total proved reserves as of December 31, 2013.

Annual net production by region for 2012 was as follows:

Region	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Total (MBOE)	Percent of Total
Rocky Mountain	3,295	249	23,180	7,408	74%
Mid-Continent/Gulf States	399	579	10,034	2,650	26
Total	3,694	828	33,214	10,058	100%

Note: Bakken-Mountrail County represents 47% of total annual net oil production and is the only field that contains 15 percent or more of the Company's total proved reserves as of December 31, 2012.

Well and Acreage Information Gross and net productive well counts and gross and net developed and undeveloped acreage related to Fidelity's interests at December 31, 2014, were as follows:

	Gross *	Net *
Productive wells:		
Oil	924	195
Natural gas	2,075	1,580
Total	2,999	1,775
Developed acreage (000's)	527	328
Undeveloped acreage set to expire in the years (000's):		
2015	141	80
2016	23	12
2017	5	5
Thereafter	569	276
Total undeveloped acreage	738	373

^{*}Reflects well or acreage in which an interest is owned.

In most cases, acreage set to expire can be held through drilling operations or the Company can exercise extension options.

Delivery Commitments At December 31, 2014, Fidelity has commitments to deliver fixed and determinable amounts of oil under contract for all of its Mountrail County production for the first quarter of 2015. Fidelity does not have any material delivery commitments to deliver fixed and determinable amounts of natural gas at December 31, 2014.

Exploratory and Development Wells The following table reflects activities related to Fidelity's oil and natural gas wells drilled and/or tested during 2014, 2013 and 2012:

	N	Net Exploratory			Net Development		
	Productive	Dry Holes	Total	Productive	Dry Holes	Total	Total
2014	_	1	1	20	1	21	22
2013	3	2	5	35	3	38	43
2012	24	3	27	39	1	40	67

At December 31, 2014, there were 28 gross (8 net) wells in the process of drilling or under evaluation, all of which were development wells. These wells are not included in the previous table. Fidelity expects to complete the drilling and testing of these wells within the next 12 months.

^{**} Reflects Fidelity's percentage of ownership.

The information in the preceding table should not be considered indicative of future performance nor should it be assumed that there is necessarily any correlation between the number of productive wells drilled and quantities of reserves found or economic value. Productive wells are those that produce commercial quantities of hydrocarbons whether or not they produce a reasonable rate of return.

Competition The exploration and production industry is highly competitive. Fidelity competes with a substantial number of major and independent exploration and production companies in securing the equipment, services and expertise necessary to develop and operate its properties.

Environmental Matters Fidelity's operations are generally subject to federal, state and local environmental and operational laws and regulations. Fidelity believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations.

The ongoing operations of Fidelity are subject to the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the NEPA, ESA and other state, federal and local regulations. Administration of many provisions of these laws has been delegated to the states where Fidelity operates. Permit terms vary and all permits carry operational compliance conditions. Some permits require annual renewal, some have terms ranging from one to five years and others have no expiration date. Permits are renewed and modified, as necessary, based on defined permit expiration dates, operational demand and/or regulatory changes.

Detailed environmental assessments and/or environmental impact statements under federal and state laws are required as part of the permitting process covering the conduct of drilling and production operations as well as in the abandonment and reclamation of facilities.

In connection with production operations, Fidelity has not incurred any material capital environmental expenditures in 2014 and does not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2017.

Proved Reserve Information Estimates of proved oil, NGL and natural gas reserves were prepared in accordance with guidelines established by the industry and the SEC. The estimates are arrived at using actual historical wellhead production trends and/or standard reservoir engineering methods utilizing available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data. Other factors used in the proved reserve estimates are prices, market differentials, estimates of well operating and future development costs, taxes, timing of operations, and the interests owned by the Company in the properties. These estimates are refined as new information becomes available.

The proved reserve estimates are prepared by internal engineers assigned to an asset team by geographic area. Senior management reviews and approves the reserve estimates to ensure they are materially accurate. The technical person responsible for overseeing the preparation of the reserve estimates holds a bachelor of science degree in mathematics with a technical minor in petroleum engineering, has 27 years of experience in petroleum engineering and reserve estimation, and is a member of the Society of Petroleum Engineers. In addition, the Company engages an independent third party to audit its proved reserves. Ryder Scott reviewed the Company's proved reserve quantity estimates as of December 31, 2014. The technical person at Ryder Scott primarily responsible for overseeing the reserves audit is a Senior Vice President with over 30 years of experience in estimating and auditing reserves attributable to oil and gas properties, holds a bachelor of science degree in mechanical engineering, is a registered professional engineer, and is a member of multiple professional organizations.

Fidelity's proved reserves by region at December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Region	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Total (MBOE)	Percent of Total	PV-10 Value (in millions)
Rocky Mountain	42,018	2,865	160,866	71,694	78% \$	1,288.5
Mid-Continent/Gulf States	1,900	4,322	84,145	20,246	22	140.8
Total proved reserves	43,918	7,187	245,011	91,940	100%	1,429.3
Discounted future income taxes						354.4
Standardized measure of discounted	future net cash flows re	lating to proved res	serves		\$	1,074.9

^{*}Pre-tax PV-10 value is a non-GAAP financial measure that is derived from the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure which is the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows. The standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows disclosed in Item 8 - Supplementary Financial Information, is presented after deducting discounted future income taxes, whereas the PV-10 value is presented before income taxes. Pre-tax PV-10 value is commonly used by the Company to evaluate properties that are acquired and sold and to assess the potential return on investment in the Company's oil and natural gas properties. The Company believes pre-tax PV-10 value is a useful supplemental disclosure to the standardized measure as the Company factors that are unique to each individual company impact the amount of future income taxes to be paid. However, pre-tax PV-10 value is not a substitute for the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows. Neither the pre-tax PV-10 value nor the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows purports to represent the fair value of the Company's oil and natural gas properties.

For more information related to oil and natural gas interests, see Item 8 - Note 1 and Supplementary Financial Information.

Construction Materials and Contracting

General Knife River operates construction materials and contracting businesses headquartered in Alaska, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, North Dakota, Oregon, Texas, Washington and Wyoming. These operations mine, process and sell construction aggregates (crushed stone, sand and gravel); produce and sell asphalt mix and supply ready-mixed concrete for use in most types of construction, including roads, freeways and bridges, as well as homes, schools, shopping centers, office buildings and industrial parks. Although not common to all locations, other products include the sale of cement, liquid asphalt for various commercial and roadway applications, various finished concrete products and other building materials and related contracting services.

For information regarding construction materials litigation, see Item 8 - Note 19.

The construction materials business had approximately \$438 million in backlog at December 31, 2014, compared to \$456 million at December 31, 2013. The Company anticipates that a significant amount of the current backlog will be completed during 2015.

Competition Knife River's construction materials products are marketed under highly competitive conditions. Price is the principal competitive force to which these products are subject, with service, quality, delivery time and proximity to the customer also being significant factors. The number and size of competitors varies in each of Knife River's principal market areas and product lines.

The demand for construction materials products is significantly influenced by the cyclical nature of the construction industry in general. In addition, construction materials activity in certain locations may be seasonal in nature due to the effects of weather. The key economic factors affecting product demand are changes in the level of local, state and federal governmental spending, general economic conditions within the market area that influence both the commercial and residential sectors, and prevailing interest rates.

Knife River is not dependent on any single customer or group of customers for sales of its products and services, the loss of which would have a material adverse effect on its construction materials businesses.

Reserve Information Aggregate reserve estimates are calculated based on the best available data. This data is collected from drill holes and other subsurface investigations, as well as investigations of surface features such as mine high walls and other exposures of the aggregate reserves. Mine plans, production history and geologic data also are utilized to estimate reserve quantities. Most acquisitions are made of mature businesses with established reserves, as distinguished from exploratory-type properties.

Estimates are based on analyses of the data described above by experienced internal mining engineers, operating personnel and geologists. Property setbacks and other regulatory restrictions and limitations are identified to determine the total area available for mining. Data described previously are used to calculate the thickness of aggregate materials to be recovered. Topography associated with alluvial sand and gravel deposits is typically flat and volumes of these materials are calculated by applying the thickness of the resource over the areas available for mining. Volumes are then converted to tons by using an appropriate conversion factor. Typically, 1.5 tons per cubic yard in the ground is used for sand and gravel deposits.

Topography associated with the hard rock reserves is typically much more diverse. Therefore, using available data, a final topography map is created and computer software is utilized to compute the volumes between the existing and final topographies. Volumes are then converted to tons by using an appropriate conversion factor. Typically, 2 tons per cubic yard in the ground is used for hard rock quarries.

Estimated reserves are probable reserves as defined in Securities Act Industry Guide 7. Remaining reserves are based on estimates of volumes that can be economically extracted and sold to meet current market and product applications. The reserve estimates include only salable tonnage and thus exclude waste materials that are generated in the crushing and processing phases of the operation. Approximately 1.0 billion tons of the 1.1 billion tons of aggregate reserves are permitted reserves. The remaining reserves are on properties that are expected to be permitted for mining under current regulatory requirements. The data used to calculate the remaining reserves may require revisions in the future to account for changes in customer requirements and unknown geological occurrences. The years remaining were calculated by dividing remaining reserves by the three-year average sales from 2012 through 2014. Actual useful lives of these reserves will be subject to, among other things, fluctuations in customer demand, customer specifications, geological conditions and changes in mining plans.

The following table sets forth details applicable to the Company's aggregate reserves under ownership or lease as of December 31, 2014, and sales for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012:

		Number of Sites (Crushed Stone)		Number of Sites (Sand & Gravel)		Tons Sold (000's)			¥	Reserve
Production Area	owned	leased	owned	leased	2014	2013	2012	(000's tons)	Lease Expiration	Life (years)
Anchorage, AK	_	_	1	7_3	1,665	1,074	110	19,153	N/A	20
Hawaii	_	6	_	_	1,840	1,672	1,678	55,493	2017-2064	32
Northern CA		_	9	1	1,340	1,525	1,203	53,784	2018	40
Southern CA	_	2	_	_	147	241	784	91,963	2035	Over 100
Portland, OR	1	3	5	3	3,244	3,343	2,698	228,710	2025-2055	74
Eugene, OR	3	4	4	1	928	825	847	167,464	2016-2046	Over 100
Central OR/WA/ID	1	1	5	4	1,254	1,045	1,131	115,361	2020-2077	Over 100
Southwest OR	5	4	11	6	1,624	1,465	1,613	95,586	2017-2053	61
Central MT		_	1	2	1,260	1,236	1,200	27,173	2023-2027	22
Northwest MT		_	7	2	1,486	1,242	1,011	64,538	2016-2020	52
Wyoming		_	1	1	952	983	428	10,619	2019	13
Central MN	_	1	36	20	1,674	1,578	1,714	64,058	2015-2028	39
Northern MN	2	_	18	5	491	349	195	26,896	2015-2017	78
ND/SD	_	_	7	14	2,377	1,862	1,711	29,099	2015-2031	15
Texas	1	_	1	_	903	672	692	11,259	2022	15
Sales from other sources					4,642	5,601	6,270	5000CFC55-A		
					25,827	24,713	23,285	1,061,156		

The 1.1 billion tons of estimated aggregate reserves at December 31, 2014, are comprised of 497 million tons that are owned and 564 million tons that are leased. Approximately 48 percent of the tons under lease have lease expiration dates of 20 years or more. The weighted average years remaining on all leases containing estimated probable aggregate reserves is approximately 24 years, including options for renewal that are at Knife River's discretion. Based on a three-year average of sales from 2012 through 2014 of leased reserves, the average time necessary to produce remaining aggregate reserves from such leases is approximately 69 years. Some sites have leases that expire prior to the exhaustion of the estimated reserves. The estimated reserve life assumes, based on Knife River's experience, that leases will be renewed to allow sufficient time to fully recover these reserves.

The changes in Knife River's aggregate reserves for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
	0.000.0	(000's of tons)	
Aggregate reserves:			
Beginning of year	1,083,376	1,088,236	1,088,833
Acquisitions	12,343	22,682	950
Sales volumes*	(21,185)	(19,112)	(17,320)
Other**	(13,378)	(8,430)	15,773
End of year	1,061,156	1,083,376	1,088,236

^{*} Excludes sales from other sources.

Environmental Matters Knife River's construction materials and contracting operations are subject to regulation customary for such operations, including federal, state and local environmental compliance and reclamation regulations. Except as to the issues described later, Knife River believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations. Individual permits applicable to Knife River's various operations are managed largely by local operations, particularly as they relate to application, modification, renewal, compliance and reporting procedures.

Knife River's asphalt and ready-mixed concrete manufacturing plants and aggregate processing plants are subject to Clean Air Act and Clean Water Act requirements for controlling air emissions and water discharges. Some mining and construction activities also are subject to these laws. In most of the states where Knife River operates, these regulatory programs have been delegated to state and local regulatory authorities. Knife River's facilities also are subject to RCRA as it applies to the management of hazardous wastes and underground storage

^{**} Includes property sales and revisions of previous estimates.

tank systems. These programs also have generally been delegated to the state and local authorities in the states where Knife River operates. Knife River's facilities must comply with requirements for managing wastes and underground storage tank systems.

Some Knife River activities are directly regulated by federal agencies. For example, certain in-water mining operations are subject to provisions of the Clean Water Act that are administered by the Army Corps. Knife River operates several such operations, including gravel bar skimming and dredging operations, and Knife River has the associated permits as required. The expiration dates of these permits vary, with five years generally being the longest term.

Knife River's operations also are occasionally subject to the ESA. For example, land use regulations often require environmental studies, including wildlife studies, before a permit may be granted for a new or expanded mining facility or an asphalt or concrete plant. If endangered species or their habitats are identified, ESA requirements for protection, mitigation or avoidance apply. Endangered species protection requirements are usually included as part of land use permit conditions. Typical conditions include avoidance, setbacks, restrictions on operations during certain times of the breeding or rearing season, and construction or purchase of mitigation habitat. Knife River's operations also are subject to state and federal cultural resources protection laws when new areas are disturbed for mining operations or processing plants. Land use permit applications generally require that areas proposed for mining or other surface disturbances be surveyed for cultural resources. If any are identified, they must be protected or managed in accordance with regulatory agency requirements.

The most comprehensive environmental permit requirements are usually associated with new mining operations, although requirements vary widely from state to state and even within states. In some areas, land use regulations and associated permitting requirements are minimal. However, some states and local jurisdictions have very demanding requirements for permitting new mines. Environmental impact reports are sometimes required before a mining permit application can even be considered for approval. These reports can take up to several years to complete. The report can include projected impacts of the proposed project on air and water quality, wildlife, noise levels, traffic, scenic vistas and other environmental factors. The reports generally include suggested actions to mitigate the projected adverse impacts.

Provisions for public hearings and public comments are usually included in land use permit application review procedures in the counties where Knife River operates. After taking into account environmental, mine plan and reclamation information provided by the permittee as well as comments from the public and other regulatory agencies, the local authority approves or denies the permit application. Denial is rare, but land use permits often include conditions that must be addressed by the permittee. Conditions may include property line setbacks, reclamation requirements, environmental monitoring and reporting, operating hour restrictions, financial guarantees for reclamation, and other requirements intended to protect the environment or address concerns submitted by the public or other regulatory agencies.

Knife River has been successful in obtaining mining and other land use permit approvals so that sufficient permitted reserves are available to support its operations. For mining operations, this often requires considerable advanced planning to ensure sufficient time is available to complete the permitting process before the newly permitted aggregate reserve is needed to support Knife River's operations.

Knife River's Gascoyne surface coal mine last produced coal in 1995 but continues to be subject to reclamation requirements of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act, as well as the North Dakota Surface Mining Act. Portions of the Gascoyne Mine remain under reclamation bond until the 10-year revegetation liability period has expired. A portion of the original permit has been released from bond and additional areas are currently in the process of having the bond released. Knife River's intention is to request bond release as soon as it is deemed possible.

Knife River did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2014 and, except as to what may be ultimately determined with regard to the issues described later, Knife River does not expect to incur any material expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2017.

In December 2000, Knife River - Northwest was named by the EPA as a PRP in connection with the cleanup of a commercial property site, acquired by Knife River - Northwest in 1999, and part of the Portland, Oregon, Harbor Superfund Site. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 19.

Mine Safety The Dodd-Frank Act requires disclosure of certain mine safety information. For more information, see Item 4 - Mine Safety Disclosures.

Construction Services

General MDU Construction Services specializes in constructing and maintaining electric and communication lines, gas pipelines, fire suppression systems, and external lighting and traffic signalization equipment. This segment also provides utility excavation services and inside electrical wiring, cabling and mechanical services, sells and distributes electrical materials, and manufactures and distributes specialty equipment. These services are provided to utilities and large manufacturing, commercial, industrial, institutional and government customers.

Construction and maintenance crews are active year round. However, activity in certain locations may be seasonal in nature due to the effects of weather.

MDU Construction Services operates a fleet of owned and leased trucks and trailers, support vehicles and specialty construction equipment, such as backhoes, excavators, trenchers, generators, boring machines and cranes. In addition, as of December 31, 2014, MDU Construction Services owned or leased facilities in 17 states. This space is used for offices, equipment yards, warehousing, storage and vehicle shops.

MDU Construction Services' backlog is comprised of the uncompleted portion of services to be performed under job-specific contracts. The backlog at December 31, 2014, was approximately \$305 million compared to \$459 million at December 31, 2013. MDU Construction Services expects to complete a significant amount of this backlog during 2015. Due to the nature of its contractual arrangements, in many instances MDU Construction Services' customers are not committed to the specific volumes of services to be purchased under a contract, but rather MDU Construction Services is committed to perform these services if and to the extent requested by the customer. Therefore, there can be no assurance as to the customers' requirements during a particular period or that such estimates at any point in time are predictive of future revenues.

MDU Construction Services works with the National Electrical Contractors Association, the IBEW and other trade associations on hiring and recruiting a qualified workforce.

Competition MDU Construction Services operates in a highly competitive business environment. Most of MDU Construction Services' work is obtained on the basis of competitive bids or by negotiation of either cost-plus or fixed-price contracts. The workforce and equipment are highly mobile, providing greater flexibility in the size and location of MDU Construction Services' market area. Competition is based primarily on price and reputation for quality, safety and reliability. The size and location of the services provided, as well as the state of the economy, will be factors in the number of competitors that MDU Construction Services will encounter on any particular project. MDU Construction Services believes that the diversification of the services it provides, the markets it serves throughout the United States and the management of its workforce will enable it to effectively operate in this competitive environment.

Utilities and independent contractors represent the largest customer base for this segment. Accordingly, utility and subcontract work accounts for a significant portion of the work performed by MDU Construction Services and the amount of construction contracts is dependent to a certain extent on the level and timing of maintenance and construction programs undertaken by customers. MDU Construction Services relies on repeat customers and strives to maintain successful long-term relationships with these customers.

Environmental Matters MDU Construction Services' operations are subject to regulation customary for the industry, including federal, state and local environmental compliance. MDU Construction Services believes it is in substantial compliance with these regulations.

The nature of MDU Construction Services' operations is such that few, if any, environmental permits are required. Operational convenience supports the use of petroleum storage tanks in several locations, which are permitted under state programs authorized by the EPA. MDU Construction Services has no ongoing remediation related to releases from petroleum storage tanks. MDU Construction Services' operations are conditionally exempt small-quantity waste generators, subject to minimal regulation under the RCRA. Federal permits for specific construction and maintenance jobs that may require these permits are typically obtained by the hiring entity, and not by MDU Construction Services.

MDU Construction Services did not incur any material environmental expenditures in 2014 and does not expect to incur any material capital expenditures related to environmental compliance with current laws and regulations through 2017.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company's business and financial results are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including those set forth below and in other documents that it files with the SEC. The factors and the other matters discussed herein are important factors that could cause actual results or outcomes for the Company to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements included elsewhere in this document.

Economic Risks

The Company's exploration and production and pipeline and energy services businesses are dependent on factors, including commodity prices and commodity price basis differentials, that are subject to various external influences that cannot be controlled.

These factors include: fluctuations in oil, NGL and natural gas production and prices; fluctuations in commodity price basis differentials; domestic and foreign supplies of oil, NGL and natural gas; political and economic conditions in oil producing countries; actions of the

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries; drilling successes in oil and natural gas operations; the timely receipt of necessary permits and approvals; the ability to retain employees to identify, drill for and develop reserves; utilizing appropriate technologies; irregularities in geological formations; and other risks incidental to the development and operations of oil and natural gas wells, processing plants and pipeline systems. Continued prolonged depressed prices for oil, NGL and natural gas could impede the growth of our pipeline and energy services business, and could negatively affect the results of operations, cash flows and asset values of the Company's exploration and production and pipeline and energy services businesses.

Actual quantities of recoverable oil, NGL and natural gas reserves and discounted future net cash flows from those reserves may vary significantly from estimated amounts. There is a risk that changes in estimates of proved reserve quantities or other factors including low oil and natural gas prices, could result in future noncash write-downs of the Company's oil and natural gas properties.

The process of estimating oil, NGL and natural gas reserves is complex. Reserve estimates are based on assumptions relating to oil, NGL and natural gas pricing, drilling and operating expenses, capital expenditures, taxes, timing of operations, and the percentage of interest owned by the Company in the properties. The proved reserve estimates are prepared for each of the Company's properties by internal engineers assigned to an asset team by geographic area. The internal engineers analyze available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data for each geographic area. The internal engineers make various assumptions regarding this data. The extent, quality and reliability of this data can vary. Although the Company has prepared its proved reserve estimates in accordance with guidelines established by the industry and the SEC, significant changes to the proved reserve estimates may occur based on actual results of production, drilling, costs and pricing.

The Company bases the estimated discounted future net cash flows from proved reserves on prices and current costs in accordance with SEC requirements. Actual future prices and costs may be significantly different. Various factors, including lower SEC Defined Prices, market differentials, changes in estimates of proved reserve quantities, unsuccessful results of exploration and development efforts or changes in operating and development costs could result in future noncash write-downs of the Company's oil and natural gas properties.

SEC Defined Prices for each guarter in 2014 were as follows:

SEC Defined Prices for the 12 months ended	NYMEX Oil Price (per Bbl)	Henry Hul Gas Price (per MMBtu	2	Ventura Gas Price (per MMBtu)
December 31, 2014	\$ 94.99	\$ 4.34	\$	7.71
September 30, 2014	99.08	4.2	1	7.60
June 30, 2014	100.27	4.10)	7.47
March 31, 2014	98.46	3.9	9	7.33

For purposes of comparison, first-of-the-month prices were as follows:

	NYMEX Oil Price (per Bbl)	Henry Hub Gas Price (per MMBtu)	Ventura Gas Price (per MMBtu)
January 2015	\$ 53.27 \$	3.00	\$ 3.06
February 2015	48.24	2.68	2.78

Given the current oil and natural gas pricing environment, the Company believes it is likely it will have noncash write-downs of its oil and natural gas properties in future quarters until such time as commodity prices begin to recover.

The regulatory approval, permitting, construction, startup and/or operation of power generation facilities and Dakota Prairie Refinery may involve unanticipated events or delays that could negatively impact the Company's business and its results of operations and cash flows.

The construction, startup and operation of power generation facilities and Dakota Prairie Refinery involve many risks, which may include: delays; breakdown or failure of equipment; inability to obtain required governmental permits and approvals; inability to complete financing; inability to negotiate acceptable equipment acquisition, construction, fuel and crude oil supply, off-take, transmission, transportation or other material agreements; changes in markets and market prices for power, crude oil and refined products; cost increases and overruns; as well as the risk of performance below expected levels of output or efficiency. An additional risk for regulated projects would be the inability to obtain full cost recovery in regulated rates. Such unanticipated events could negatively impact the Company's business, its results of operations and cash flows.

Economic volatility affects the Company's operations, as well as the demand for its products and services and the value of its investments and investment returns including its pension and other postretirement benefit plans, and may have a negative impact on the Company's future revenues and cash flows.

The global demand and price volatility for natural resources, interest rate changes, governmental budget constraints and the ongoing threat of terrorism can create volatility in the financial markets. Unfavorable economic conditions can negatively affect the level of public and private expenditures on projects and the timing of these projects which, in turn, can negatively affect the demand for the Company's products and services, primarily at the Company's construction businesses. The level of demand for construction products and services could be adversely impacted by the economic conditions in the industries the Company serves, as well as in the economy in general. State and federal budget issues may negatively affect the funding available for infrastructure spending. The ability of the Company's electric and natural gas distribution businesses to grow service territory and customer base is affected by the economic environments of the markets served. This economic volatility could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and asset values.

Changing market conditions could negatively affect the market value of assets held in the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans and may increase the amount and accelerate the timing of required funding contributions.

The Company relies on financing sources and capital markets. Access to these markets may be adversely affected by factors beyond the Company's control. If the Company is unable to obtain economic financing in the future, the Company's ability to execute its business plans, make capital expenditures or pursue acquisitions that the Company may otherwise rely on for future growth could be impaired. As a result, the market value of the Company's common stock may be adversely affected. If the Company issues a substantial amount of common stock it could have a dilutive effect on its existing shareholders.

The Company relies on access to short-term borrowings, including the issuance of commercial paper, long-term capital markets and asset sales as sources of liquidity for capital requirements not satisfied by its cash flow from operations. If the Company is not able to access capital at competitive rates, the ability to implement its business plans may be adversely affected. Market disruptions or a downgrade of the Company's credit ratings may increase the cost of borrowing or adversely affect its ability to access one or more financial markets. Such disruptions could include:

- · A severe prolonged economic downturn
- · The bankruptcy of unrelated industry leaders in the same line of business
- · Deterioration in capital market conditions
- · Turmoil in the financial services industry
- · Volatility in commodity prices
- Terrorist attacks
- · Cyber attacks

Economic turmoil, market disruptions and volatility in the securities trading markets, as well as other factors including changes in the Company's results of operations, financial position and prospects, may adversely affect the market price of the Company's common stock.

The Company currently has a shelf registration statement on file with the SEC, under which the Company may issue and sell any combination of common stock and debt securities. The issuance of a substantial amount of the Company's common stock, whether sold pursuant to the registration statement, issued in connection with an acquisition or otherwise, or the perception that such an issuance could occur, may adversely affect the market price of the Company's common stock.

The Company is exposed to credit risk and the risk of loss resulting from the nonpayment and/or nonperformance by the Company's customers and counterparties.

If the Company's customers or counterparties were to experience financial difficulties or file for bankruptcy, the Company could experience difficulty in collecting receivables. The nonpayment and/or nonperformance by the Company's customers and counterparties could have a negative impact on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

The backlogs at the Company's construction materials and contracting and construction services businesses are subject to delay or cancellation and may not be realized.

Backlog consists of the uncompleted portion of services to be performed under job-specific contracts. Contracts are subject to delay, default or cancellation and the contracts in the Company's backlog are subject to changes in the scope of services to be provided as well as adjustments to the costs relating to the applicable contracts. Backlog may also be affected by project delays or cancellations resulting from

weather conditions, external market factors and economic factors beyond the Company's control. Accordingly, there is no assurance that backlog will be realized.

Environmental and Regulatory Risks

The Company's operations are subject to environmental laws and regulations that may increase costs of operations, impact or limit business plans, or expose the Company to environmental liabilities.

The Company is subject to environmental laws and regulations affecting many aspects of its operations, including air quality, water quality, waste management and other environmental considerations. These laws and regulations can increase capital, operating and other costs, cause delays as a result of litigation and administrative proceedings, and create compliance, remediation, containment, monitoring and reporting obligations, particularly relating to electric generation operations and oil and natural gas development and processing. These laws and regulations generally require the Company to obtain and comply with a wide variety of environmental licenses, permits, inspections and other approvals. Although the Company strives to comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations, public and private entities and private individuals may interpret the Company's legal or regulatory requirements differently and seek injunctive relief or other remedies against the Company. The Company cannot predict the outcome (financial or operational) of any such litigation or administrative proceedings.

Existing environmental laws and regulations may be revised and new laws and regulations seeking to protect the environment may be adopted or become applicable to the Company. These laws and regulations could require the Company to limit the use or output of certain facilities, restrict the use of certain fuels, install pollution controls, remediate environmental contamination, remove or reduce environmental hazards, or prevent or limit the development of resources. Revised or additional laws and regulations that increase compliance costs or restrict operations, particularly if costs are not fully recoverable from customers, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

In December 2011, the EPA finalized the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards rules that will require reductions in mercury and other air emissions from coal- and oil-fired electric utility steam generating units. Montana-Dakota evaluated the pollution control technologies needed at its electric generation resources to comply with this rule and determined that the Lewis & Clark Station near Sidney, Montana, will require additional particulate matter control for non-mercury metal emissions. Montana-Dakota has further evaluated pollution control options and intends to comply with the rule by making scrubber modifications, including installation of a mist eliminator and sieve tray. Controls must be in place by April 16, 2015, or April 16, 2016, if a one-year extension is granted for completion of the pollution control project. Because a one-year extension is needed to install the pollution control project, Montana-Dakota submitted a timely request for approval of a one-year compliance extension to the Montana DEQ on November 24, 2014. On January 30, 2015, the Montana DEQ approved the one-year extension.

On August 15, 2014, the EPA published a final rule under Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act, establishing requirements for water intake structures at existing steam electric generating facilities. The purpose of the rule is to reduce impingement and entrainment of fish and other aquatic organisms at cooling water intake structures. The majority of the Company's electric generating facilities are either not subject to the rule requirements or have completed studies that project compliance expenditures are not material. The Lewis & Clark Station will complete a study by 2018 that will be used to determine any required controls. It is unknown at this time what controls are required or if compliance costs will be material. The installation schedule for any required controls would be established with the permitting agency after the study is completed.

Hydraulic fracturing is an important common practice used by Fidelity that involves injecting water, sand, a water-thickening agent called guar, and trace amounts of chemicals, under pressure, into rock formations to stimulate oil, NGL and natural gas production. Fidelity follows state regulations for well drilling and completion, including regulations for hydraulic fracturing and recovered fluids disposal. Fracturing fluid constituents are reported on state or national websites. The EPA is developing a study to review potential effects of hydraulic fracturing on underground sources of drinking water; the results of that study could impact future legislation or regulation. The BLM has released draft well stimulation regulations for hydraulic fracturing operations. If implemented, the BLM regulations would affect only Fidelity's operations on BLM-administered lands. If adopted as proposed, the BLM regulations, along with other legislative initiatives and regulatory studies, proceedings or initiatives at federal or state agencies that focus on the hydraulic fracturing process, could result in additional compliance, reporting and disclosure requirements. Future legislation or regulation could increase compliance and operating costs, as well as delay or inhibit the Company's ability to develop its oil, NGL and natural gas reserves.

On August 16, 2012, the EPA published a final NSPS rule for the oil and natural gas industry. The NSPS rule phases in over two years. The first phase was effective October 15, 2012, and primarily covers natural gas wells that are hydraulically fractured. Under the new rule, gas vapors or emissions from the natural gas wells must be captured or combusted utilizing a high-efficiency device. Additional reporting requirements and control devices covering oil and natural gas production equipment were phased in for certain new oil and gas facilities

effective January 2015. This new rule's impacts on Fidelity, WBI Energy Transmission and WBI Energy Midstream are not expected to be material and are likely to include implementing recordkeeping, reporting and testing requirements and purchasing and installing required equipment.

Initiatives to reduce GHG emissions could adversely impact the Company's operations.

Concern that GHG emissions are contributing to global climate change has led to international, federal and state legislative and regulatory proposals to reduce or mitigate the effects of GHG emissions. On June 25, 2013, President Obama released his Climate Action Plan for the U.S. in which he stated his goal to reduce GHG emissions "in the range of 17 percent" below 2005 levels by 2020. The president issued a memorandum to the EPA on the same day, instructing the EPA to re-propose the GHG NSPS rule for new electric generation units. The EPA released the re-proposed rule on January 8, 2014, in the Federal Register, which takes the place of the rule proposed in 2012 for new electric generation units that the EPA did not finalize. This rule applies to new fossil fuel-fired electric generation units, including coal-fired units, natural gas-fired combined-cycle units and natural gas-fired simple-cycle peaking units. The EPA's 1,100 pounds of carbon dioxide per MW hour emissions standard for coal-fired units does not allow any new coal-fired electric generation to be constructed unless carbon dioxide is captured and sequestered.

President Obama also directed the EPA to develop a GHG NSPS standard for existing fossil fuel-fired electric generation units by June 1, 2014, with finalization by June 1, 2015. On June 18, 2014, the EPA published in the Federal Register a proposed rule limiting carbon dioxide emissions from existing fossil fuel-fired electric generating units and a separate proposed rule limiting carbon dioxide emissions from existing units that are modified or reconstructed.

In the proposed rule for existing sources, the EPA requires carbon dioxide emission reductions from each state and instructs each state, or group of states that work together, to submit a plan to the EPA by June 30, 2016, that demonstrates how the state will achieve the targeted emission reductions by 2030. The state plans could include performance standards, emissions reductions or limits on generation for each existing fossil fuel-fired generating unit. It is unknown at this time what each state will require for emissions reductions from each Montana-Dakota owned and jointly owned fossil fuel-fired electric generating unit. In the EPA's proposed GHG rule for modified or reconstructed fossil fuel-fired sources, the EPA proposes emissions limits that could potentially be unachievable. Montana-Dakota does not plan to modify or reconstruct any fossil fuel-fired units at this time, but may modify or reconstruct units in the future which may require compliance with the rule limitations.

The Company's primary GHG emission is carbon dioxide from fossil fuels combustion at Montana-Dakota's electric generating facilities, particularly its coal-fired facilities. Approximately 60 percent of Montana-Dakota's owned generating capacity and more than 90 percent of the electricity it generates is from coal-fired facilities.

There may also be new treaties, legislation or regulations to reduce GHG emissions that could affect Montana-Dakota's electric utility operations by requiring additional energy conservation efforts or renewable energy sources, as well as other mandates that could significantly increase capital expenditures and operating costs. If Montana-Dakota does not receive timely and full recovery of GHG emission compliance costs from its customers, then such costs could adversely impact the results of its operations.

In addition to Montana-Dakota's electric generation operations, the GHG emissions from the Company's other operations are monitored, analyzed and reported as required by applicable laws and regulations. The Company monitors GHG regulations and the potential for GHG regulations to impact operations.

Due to the uncertain availability of technologies to control GHG emissions and the unknown obligations that potential GHG emission legislation or regulations may create, the Company cannot determine the potential financial impact on its operations.

The Company is subject to government regulations that may delay and/or have a negative impact on its business and its results of operations and cash flows. Statutory and regulatory requirements also may limit another party's ability to acquire the Company.

The Company is subject to regulation or governmental actions by federal, state and local regulatory agencies with respect to, among other things, allowed rates of return and recovery of investment and cost, financing, industry rate structures, health care legislation, tax legislation and recovery of purchased power and purchased gas costs. These governmental regulations significantly influence the Company's operating environment and may affect its ability to recover costs from its customers. The Company is unable to predict the impact on operating results from the future regulatory activities of any of these agencies. Changes in regulations or the imposition of additional regulations could have an adverse impact on the Company's results of operations and cash flows. Approval from a number of federal and state regulatory agencies would need to be obtained by any potential acquirer of the Company. The approval process could be lengthy and the outcome uncertain.

Other Risks

Weather conditions can adversely affect the Company's operations, and revenues and cash flows.

The Company's results of operations can be affected by changes in the weather. Weather conditions influence the demand for electricity and natural gas, affect the price of energy commodities, affect the ability to perform services at the construction materials and contracting and construction services businesses and affect ongoing operation and maintenance and construction and drilling activities for the pipeline and energy services and exploration and production businesses. In addition, severe weather can be destructive, causing outages, reduced oil and natural gas production, and/or property damage, which could require additional costs to be incurred. As a result, adverse weather conditions could negatively affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Competition is increasing in all of the Company's businesses.

All of the Company's businesses are subject to increased competition. Construction services' competition is based primarily on price and reputation for quality, safety and reliability. Construction materials products are marketed under highly competitive conditions and are subject to such competitive forces as price, service, delivery time and proximity to the customer. The electric utility and natural gas industries also are experiencing increased competitive pressures as a result of consumer demands, technological advances, volatility in natural gas prices and other factors. The pipeline and energy services business competes with several pipelines for access to natural gas supplies and gathering, transportation and storage business. The exploration and production business is subject to competition in the acquisition and development of oil and natural gas properties. The increase in competition could negatively affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

The Company could be subject to limitations on its ability to pay dividends.

The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on its common stock. Regulatory, contractual and legal limitations, as well as capital requirements and the Company's financial performance or cash flows, could limit the earnings of the Company's divisions and subsidiaries which, in turn, could restrict the Company's ability to pay dividends on its common stock and adversely affect the Company's stock price.

An increase in costs related to obligations under MEPPs could have a material negative effect on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

Various operating subsidiaries of the Company participate in approximately 85 MEPPs for employees represented by certain unions. The Company is required to make contributions to these plans in amounts established under numerous collective bargaining agreements between the operating subsidiaries and those unions.

The Company may be obligated to increase its contributions to underfunded plans that are classified as being in endangered, seriously endangered or critical status as defined by the Pension Protection Act of 2006. Plans classified as being in one of these statuses are required to adopt RPs or FIPs to improve their funded status through increased contributions, reduced benefits or a combination of the two. Based on available information, the Company believes that approximately 40 percent of the MEPPs to which it contributes are currently in endangered, seriously endangered or critical status.

The Company may also be required to increase its contributions to MEPPs where the other participating employers in such plans withdraw from the plan and are not able to contribute an amount sufficient to fund the unfunded liabilities associated with their participants in the plans. The amount and timing of any increase in the Company's required contributions to MEPPs may also depend upon one or more of the following factors including the outcome of collective bargaining, actions taken by trustees who manage the plans, actions taken by the plans' other participating employers, the industry for which contributions are made, future determinations that additional plans reach endangered, seriously endangered or critical status, government regulations and the actual return on assets held in the plans, among others. The Company may experience increased operating expenses as a result of the required contributions to MEPPs, which may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In addition, pursuant to ERISA, as amended by MPPAA, the Company could incur a partial or complete withdrawal liability upon withdrawing from a plan, exiting a market in which it does business with a union workforce or upon termination of a plan to the extent these plans are underfunded.

On September 24, 2014, Knife River provided notice to the plan administrator of one of the MEPPs to which it is a participating employer that it was withdrawing from that plan effective October 26, 2014. The plan administrator will determine Knife River's withdrawal liability, which the Company currently estimates at approximately \$14 million (approximately \$8.4 million after tax). The assessed withdrawal liability for this plan may be significantly different from the current estimate.

The Company's operations may be negatively impacted by cyber attacks or acts of terrorism.

The Company operates in industries that require continual operation of sophisticated information technology systems and network infrastructure. While the Company has developed procedures and processes that are designed to strengthen and protect these systems, they may be vulnerable to failures or unauthorized access due to hacking, viruses, acts of terrorism or other causes. If the technology systems were to fail or be breached and these systems were not recovered in a timely manner, the Company's operational systems and infrastructure, such as the Company's electric generation, transmission and distribution facilities and its oil and natural gas production, storage and pipeline systems, may be unable to fulfill critical business functions, including a loss of service to customers. Any such disruption could result in a decrease in the Company's revenues and/or significant remediation costs which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows. Additionally, because generation, transmission systems and gas pipelines are part of an interconnected system, a disruption elsewhere in the system could negatively impact the Company's business.

The Company's business requires access to sensitive customer, employee and Company data in the ordinary course of business. Despite the Company's implementation of security measures, a failure or breach of a security system could compromise sensitive and confidential information and data. Such an event could result in negative publicity and reputational harm, remediation costs and possible legal claims and fines which could adversely affect the Company's financial results, notwithstanding the purchase of cyber risk insurance. The Company's third party service providers that perform critical business functions or have access to sensitive and confidential information and data may also be vulnerable to security breaches and other risks that could have an adverse effect on the Company.

While the Company plans to market and sell its exploration and production business, there is no assurance that it will be successful.

As part of the Company's corporate strategy, it plans to market and sell its exploration and production assets and exit that line of business. The Company has delayed its plan to market Fidelity in light of the recent volatility of oil prices. At such time as the marketing resumes, such a disposition and exit will be subject to various risks, including: suitable purchasers may not be available or willing to purchase the assets on terms and conditions acceptable to the Company or may only be interested in acquiring a portion of the assets; the agreements pursuant to which the Company divests the assets may contain continuing indemnification obligations; the inability to obtain waivers from applicable covenants under debt agreements; the Company may incur substantial costs in connection with the marketing and sale of the assets; the marketing and sale of the assets could distract management, divert resources, disrupt the Company's ongoing business and make it difficult for the Company to maintain its current business standards, controls and procedures; uncertainties associated with the sale may cause a loss of key management personnel at Fidelity which could make it more difficult to sell the assets or operate the business in the event that the Company is unable to sell it; sale of the assets could result in substantial tax liability; the Company may he required to record an impairment charge that could have an adverse effect on the Company's financial condition; and the Company may not be able to redeploy the proceeds from any sale of the assets in a manner that produces similar revenues and growth rates or enhances shareholder value.

Other factors that could impact the Company's businesses.

The following are other factors that should be considered for a better understanding of the financial condition of the Company. These other factors may impact the Company's financial results in future periods.

- Acquisition, disposal and impairments of assets or facilities
- · Changes in operation, performance and construction of plant facilities or other assets
- · Changes in present or prospective generation
- · The ability to obtain adequate and timely cost recovery for the Company's regulated operations through regulatory proceedings
- The availability of economic expansion or development opportunities
- Population growth rates and demographic patterns
- Market demand for, available supplies of, and/or costs of, energy- and construction-related products and services
- · The cyclical nature of large construction projects at certain operations
- Changes in tax rates or policies
- · Unanticipated project delays or changes in project costs, including related energy costs
- Unanticipated changes in operating expenses or capital expenditures
- · Labor negotiations or disputes
- · Inability of the various contract counterparties to meet their contractual obligations
- Changes in accounting principles and/or the application of such principles to the Company
- Changes in technology

- · Changes in legal or regulatory proceedings
- · The ability to effectively integrate the operations and the internal controls of acquired companies
- . The ability to attract and retain skilled labor and key personnel
- · Increases in employee and retiree benefit costs and funding requirements

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

The Company has no unresolved comments with the SEC.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding legal proceedings, see Item 8 - Note 19, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

For information regarding mine safety violations or other regulatory matters required by Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Act and Item 104 of Regulation S-K, see Exhibit 95 to this Form 10-K, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "MDU." The price range of the Company's common stock as reported by The Wall Street Journal composite tape during 2014 and 2013 and dividends declared thereon were as follows:

	Common Stock Price (High)	Common Stock Price (Low)	Common Stock Dividends Declared Per Share
2014			
First quarter	\$35.10	\$29.62	\$.1775
Second quarter	36.05	32.45	.1775
Third quarter	35.41	27.35	.1775
Fourth quarter	28.51	21.33	.1825
			\$.7150
2013			
First quarter	\$25.00	\$21.50	\$.1725
Second quarter	27.14	23.37	.1725
Third quarter	30.21	25.94	.1725
Fourth quarter	30.97	27.53	.1775
			\$.6950

As of December 31, 2014, the Company's common stock was held by approximately 13,300 stockholders of record.

The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on common stock. The declaration and payment of dividends is at the sole discretion of the board of directors, subject to limitations imposed by the Company's credit agreements, federal and state laws, and applicable regulatory limitations. For more information on factors that may limit the Company's ability to pay dividends, see Item 8 - Note 12.

The following table includes information with respect to the Company's purchase of equity securities:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased (1)	(b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2)
October 1 through October 31, 2014	_			
November 1 through November 30, 2014	40,506	\$25.34		
December 1 through December 31, 2014	2,582	23.56		
Total	43,088			

⁽¹⁾ Represents shares of common stock purchased on the open market in connection with annual stock grants made to the Company's non-employee directors and for those directors who elected to receive additional shares of common stock in lieu of a portion of their cash retainer.

⁽²⁾ Not applicable. The Company does not currently have in place any publicly announced plans or programs to purchase equity securities.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

		2014		2013		2012 (a)		2011		2010		2009 (b)
Selected Financial Data												
Operating revenues (000's):												
Electric	\$	277,874	\$	257,260	\$	236,895	\$	225,468	\$	211,544	\$	196,171
Natural gas distribution		921,986		851,945		754,848		907,400		892,708		1,072,776
Pipeline and energy services		215,868		202,068		193,157		278,343		329,809		307,827
Exploration and production		547,571		536,023		448,617		453,586		434,354		439,655
Construction materials and contracting		1,765,330		1,712,137		1,617,425		1,510,010		1,445,148		1,515,122
Construction services		1,119,529		1,039,839		938,558		854,389		789,100		819,064
Other		9,364		9,620		10,370		11,446		7,727		9,487
Intersegment eliminations		(186,964)		(146,488)		(124,439)		(190,150)		(200,695)		(183,601)
	\$	4,670,558	\$	4,462,404	\$	4,075,431	\$	4,050,492	\$	3,909,695	\$	4,176,501
Operating income (loss) (000's):			- 1									
Electric	\$	61,331	\$	54,274	\$	49,852	\$	49,096	\$	48,296	\$	36,709
Natural gas distribution		65,633		78,829		67,579		82,856		75,697		76,899
Pipeline and energy services		37,616		20,046		49,139		45,365		46,310		69,388
Exploration and production		158,229		161,402		(276,642)		133,790		143,169		(473,399)
Construction materials and contracting		86,462		93,629		57,864		51,092		63,045		93,270
Construction services		82,309		85,246		66,531		39,144		33,352		44,255
Other		5,734		6,649		4,884		5,024		858		(219)
Intersegment eliminations		(9,089)		(7,176)		_		_		_		_
	\$	488,225	\$	492,899	\$	19,207	\$	406,367	\$	410,727	\$	(153,097)
Earnings (loss) on common stock (000's):			_		Ť		_		_		_	,,,
Electric	\$	36,731	\$	34,837	\$	30,634	\$	29,258	\$	28,908	\$	24,099
Natural gas distribution		30,484	*	37,656	*	29,409		38,398	*	36,944	•	30,796
Pipeline and energy services		22,628		7,629		26,588		23,082		23,208		37,845
Exploration and production		96,733		94,450		(177,283)		80,282		85,638		(296,730)
Construction materials and contracting		51,510		50,946		32,420		26,430		29,609		47,085
Construction services		54,432		52,213		38,429		21,627		17,982		25,589
Other		7,461		5,136		4,797		6,190		21,046		7,357
Intersegment eliminations		(5,608)		(4,307)		_		_				_
Earnings (loss) on common stock before income (loss) from discontinued operations		294,371		278,560		(15,006)		225,267		243,335		(123,959)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net				(0.00)						(0.001)		
of tax	-	3,177		(312)		13,567	- 2	(12,926)	- 2	(3,361)	_	-
	\$	297,548	\$	278,248	\$	(1,439)	\$	212,341	\$	239,974	\$	(123,959)
Earnings (loss) per common share before discontinued operations - diluted	\$	1.53	\$	1.47	\$	(.08)	\$	1.19	\$	1.29	\$	(.67)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	7.5	.02				.07	- 2	(.07)	100	(.02)	_	
	\$	1.55	\$	1.47	\$	(.01)	\$	1.12	\$	1.27	\$	(.67)
Common Stock Statistics												
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted (000's)		192,587		189,693		188,826		188,905		188,229		185,175
Dividends declared per common share	\$.7150	\$.6950	\$.6750	\$.6550	\$.6350	\$.6225
Book value per common share	\$	16.66	\$	15.01	\$	13.95	\$	14.62	\$	14.22	\$	13.61
Market price per common share (year end)	\$	23.50	\$	30.55	\$	21.24	\$	21.46	\$	20.27	\$	23.60
Market price ratios:												
Dividend payout		46%	0	47%	,	(c)		58%	9	50%	0	(c)
Yield		3.1%	0	2.3%	,	3.2%		3.1%	,	3.2%	0	2.7%
Market value as a percent of book value		141.1%	6	203.5%	,	152.3%		146.8%	,	142.5%	6	173.4%

⁽a) Reflects \$246.8 million of after-tax noncash write-downs of oil and natural gas properties.

⁽b) Reflects a \$384.4 million after-tax noncash write-down of oil and natural gas properties.

⁽c) Not meaningful due to effects of the after-tax noncash write-down(s), as previously discussed.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data (continued)

	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
General											
Total assets (000's)	\$ 7,809,978	\$	7,061,332	\$	6,682,491	\$	6,556,125	\$	6,303,549	\$	5,990,952
Total long-term debt (000's)	\$ 2,094,727	\$	1,854,563	\$	1,744,975	\$	1,424,678	\$	1,506,752	\$	1,499,306
Capitalization ratios:											
Common equity	61%	•	60%	6	60%		66%	6	649	6	639
Total debt	39		40		40		34		36		37
	100%		100%	5	100%	5	100%	6	1009	6	100%
Electric											
Retail sales (thousand kWh)	3,308,358		3,173,086		2,996,528		2,878,852		2,785,710		2,663,560
Electric system summer and firm purchase contract ZRCs (Interconnected system)	584.0		583.5		552.8		572.8		553.3		(a)
Electric system peak demand obligation, including firm purchase contracts, ZRCs (Interconnected system)	522.4		508.3		550.7		524.2		529.5		(a)
Demand peak - kW (Interconnected system)	582,083		573,587		573,587		535,761		525,643		525,643
Electricity produced (thousand kWh)	2,519,938		2,430,001		2,299,686		2,488,337		2,472,288		2,203,665
Electricity purchased (thousand kWh)	1,010,422		971,261		870,516		645,567		521,156		682,152
Average cost of fuel and purchased power per kWh	\$.025	\$.025	\$.023	\$.021	\$.021	\$.023
Natural Gas Distribution											
Sales (Mdk)	104,297		108,260		93,810		103,237		95,480		102,670
Transportation (Mdk)	145,941		149,490		132,010		124,227		135,823		132,689
Degree days (% of normal)	V9541030						855286573				
Montana-Dakota/Great Plains	103%		105%		84%		101%	6	989	6	104%
Cascade	89%		98%		96%		103%		969		105%
Intermountain	95%		110%		91%		107%		1009		107%
Pipeline and Energy Services											
Transportation (Mdk)	233,483		178,598		137,720		113,217		140,528		163,283
Gathering (Mdk)	38,372		40,737		47,084		66,500		77,154		92,598
Customer natural gas storage balance (Mdk)	14,885		26,693		43,731		36,021		58,784		61,506
Exploration and Production	7.11000						3.0,02.2				
Production:											
Oil (MBbls)	4,919		4,815		3,694		2,724		2,767		2,557
NGL (MBbls)	609		781		828		776		495		554
Natural gas (MMcf)	20,822		28,008		33,214		45,598		50,391		56,632
Total production (MBOE)	8,998		10,264		10,058		11,099		11.661		12,550
Average realized prices (excluding realized and unrealized gain/loss on commodity derivatives):	0,550		10,204		10,036		11,055		11,001		12,550
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 83.33	\$	89.70	\$	84.84	\$	91.62	\$	70.61	\$	53.57
NGL (per Bbl)	\$ 36.06	\$	37.39	\$	39.81	\$	54.06	\$	44.93	\$	32.18
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 4.02	\$	2.89	\$	2.08	\$	3.30	\$	3.57	\$	2.99
Average realized prices (including realized gain/ loss on commodity derivatives):											
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 85.96	\$	89.35	\$	86.54	\$	86.20	\$	69.59	\$	50.67
NGL (per Bbl)	\$ 36.06	\$	37.39	\$	39.81	\$	54.06	\$	44.93	\$	32.18
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 3.81	\$	2.96	\$	2.91	\$	3.84	\$	4.36	\$	5.16
Proved reserves:											
Oil (MBbls)	43,918		41,019		33,453		27,005		25,666		25,930
NGL (MBbls)	7,187		6,602		7,153		7,342		7,201		8,286
Natural gas (MMcf)	245,011		198,445		239,278		379,827		448,397		448,425
Total proved reserves (MBOE)	91,940		80,695		80,486		97,651		107,599		108,954
Construction Materials and Contracting											
Sales (000's):											
Aggregates (tons)	25,827		24,713		23,285		24,736		23,349		23,995
Aggregates (toris)	0.070		6,228		5,988		6,709		6,279		6,360
Asphalt (tons)	6,070		0,220		0,500						
	3,460		3,223		3,157		2,864		2,764		3,042

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

The Company's strategy is to apply its expertise in energy and transportation infrastructure industries to increase market share, increase profitability and enhance shareholder value through:

- Organic growth as well as a continued disciplined approach to the acquisition of well-managed companies and properties
- The elimination of system-wide cost redundancies through increased focus on integration of operations and standardization and consolidation of various support services and functions across companies within the organization
- · The development of projects that are accretive to earnings per share and return on invested capital
- · Divestiture of certain assets to fund capital growth projects throughout the Company

The Company has capabilities to fund its growth and operations through various sources, including internally generated funds, commercial paper facilities, revolving credit facilities, the issuance from time to time of debt and equity securities and asset sales. For more information on the Company's net capital expenditures, see Liquidity and Capital Commitments.

The key strategies for each of the Company's business segments and certain related business challenges are summarized below. For a summary of the Company's business segments, see Item 8 - Note 15.

Key Strategies and Challenges

Electric and Natural Gas Distribution

Strategy Provide safe and reliable competitively priced energy and related services to customers. The electric and natural gas distribution segments continually seek opportunities to retain, grow and expand their customer base through extensions of existing operations, including building and upgrading electric generation and transmission and natural gas systems, and through selected acquisitions of companies and properties at prices that will provide stable cash flows and an opportunity for the Company to earn a competitive return on investment.

Challenges Both segments are subject to extensive regulation in the state jurisdictions where they conduct operations with respect to costs and timely recovery and permitted returns on investment as well as subject to certain operational, system integrity and environmental regulations. These regulations can require substantial investment to upgrade facilities. The ability of these segments to grow through acquisitions is subject to significant competition. In addition, the ability of both segments to grow service territory and customer base is affected by the economic environment of the markets served and competition from other energy providers and fuels. The construction of any new electric generating facilities, transmission lines and other service facilities are subject to increasing cost and lead time, extensive permitting procedures, and federal and state legislative and regulatory initiatives, which will necessitate increases in electric energy prices. Legislative and regulatory initiatives to increase renewable energy resources and reduce GHG emissions could impact the price and demand for electricity and natural gas.

Pipeline and Energy Services

Strategy Utilize the segment's existing expertise in energy infrastructure and related services to increase market share and profitability through optimization of existing operations, internal growth, investments in and acquisitions of energy-related assets and companies. Incremental and new growth opportunities include: access to new energy sources for storage, gathering and transportation services; expansion of existing gathering, transmission and storage facilities; incremental expansion of pipeline capacity; expansion of midstream business to include liquid pipelines and processing/refining activities; and expansion of related energy services.

Challenges Challenges for this segment include: energy price volatility; tight natural gas basis differentials; environmental and regulatory requirements; recruitment and retention of a skilled workforce; and competition from other pipeline and energy services companies.

Exploration and Production

Strategy The Company intends to market and sell its exploration and production business. However, the Company has delayed its plan in light of the recent volatility in oil prices. Until such sale is accomplished, this segment will apply technology and utilize existing expertise to increase production and reserves from existing leaseholds. By optimizing existing operations, this segment is focused on balancing its oil and natural gas commodity mix to maximize profitability.

Challenges Risks and uncertainties associated with the marketing and sale of the Fidelity assets; current oil and natural gas low-price environment; timely receipt of necessary permits and approvals; environmental and regulatory requirements; recruitment and retention of a skilled workforce; utilizing appropriate technologies; inflationary pressure on development and operating costs; irregularities in geological formations; and competition from other exploration and production companies are ongoing challenges for this segment.

Construction Materials and Contracting

Strategy Focus on high-growth strategic markets located near major transportation corridors and desirable mid-sized metropolitan areas; strengthen long-term, strategic aggregate reserve position through purchase and/or lease opportunities; enhance profitability through cost containment, margin discipline and vertical integration of the segment's operations; develop and recruit talented employees; and continue growth through organic and acquisition opportunities. Vertical integration allows the segment to manage operations from aggregate mining to final lay-down of concrete and asphalt, with control of and access to permitted aggregate reserves being significant. A key element of the Company's long-term strategy for this business is to further expand its market presence in the higher-margin materials business (rock, sand, gravel, liquid asphalt, asphalt concrete, ready-mixed concrete and related products), complementing and expanding on the Company's expertise.

Challenges Recruitment and retention of key personnel and volatility in the cost of raw materials such as diesel, gasoline, liquid asphalt, cement and steel, continue to be a concern. This business unit expects to continue cost containment efforts, positioning its operations for the resurgence in the private market, while continuing the emphasis on industrial, energy and public works projects.

Construction Services

Strategy Provide a superior return on investment by: building new and strengthening existing customer relationships; effectively controlling costs; retaining, developing and recruiting talented employees; continue growth through organic and acquisition opportunities; and focusing our efforts on projects that will permit higher margins while properly managing risk.

Challenges This segment operates in highly competitive markets with many jobs subject to competitive bidding. Maintenance of effective operational and cost controls, retention of key personnel, managing through downturns in the economy and effective management of working capital are ongoing challenges.

For more information on the risks and challenges the Company faces as it pursues its growth strategies and other factors that should be considered for a better understanding of the Company's financial condition, see Item 1A - Risk Factors. For more information on key growth strategies, projections and certain assumptions, see Prospective Information. For information pertinent to various commitments and contingencies, see Item 8 - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Earnings Overview

The following table summarizes the contribution to consolidated earnings (loss) by each of the Company's businesses.

Years ended December 31,		2014		2013		2012
		(Dollars i	in millio	ns, where ap	plicable	<u>:</u>)
Electric	\$	36.7	\$	34.8	\$	30.6
Natural gas distribution		30.5		37.7		29.4
Pipeline and energy services		22.6		7.6		26.6
Exploration and production		96.8		94.5		(177.2)
Construction materials and contracting		51.5		50.9		32.4
Construction services		54.5		52.2		38.4
Other		7.5		5.1		4.8
Intersegment eliminations		(5.7));	(4.3)	ĵ.	
Earnings (loss) before discontinued operations		294.4		278.5		(15.0)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		3.1		(.3)	Ř	13.6
Earnings (loss) on common stock	\$	297.5	\$	278.2	\$	(1.4)
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic:						
Earnings (loss) before discontinued operations	\$	1.53	\$	1.47	\$	(.08)
Discontinued operations, net of tax		.02		-		.07
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic	\$	1.55	\$	1.47	\$	(.01)
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted:						
Earnings (loss) before discontinued operations	\$	1.53	\$	1.47	\$	(.08)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	100000	.02		_		.07
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted	\$	1.55	\$	1.47	\$	(.01)

2014 compared to 2013 Consolidated earnings for 2014 increased \$19.3 million from the prior year. This increase was due to:

- The absence of the 2013 impairment of coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$9.0 million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 Note 1, as well as higher earnings due to increased transportation rates and higher earnings from the Company's interest in the Pronghorn oil and natural gas gathering and processing assets; partially offset by lower storage services earnings
- Other earnings and earnings from discontinued operations increased resulting from favorable income tax changes, due to the resolution of certain tax matters and higher income tax benefits

Partially offsetting these increases were higher operation and maintenance expense, higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the absence of the 2013 \$2.8 million (after tax) gain on the sale of Montana-Dakota's nonregulated appliance service and repair business; partially offset by higher other income and natural gas retail sales margins at the natural gas distribution business.

2013 compared to 2012 Consolidated earnings for 2013 increased \$279.6 million from the prior year. This increase was due to:

- Absence of the write-downs of oil and natural gas properties of \$246.8 million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 Note 1, increased oil
 production and higher average realized natural gas and oil prices, partially offset by a lower realized gain on commodity derivatives of
 \$21.1 million (after tax), higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense, decreased natural gas production, higher production
 taxes, as well as higher general and administrative expense at the exploration and production business
- Higher asphalt and aggregate margins and volumes at the construction materials and contracting business
- Higher workloads and margins in the Western and Central regions, as well as higher equipment sales and rental revenue and margins at the construction services business
- Increased retail sales volumes and a \$2.8 million (after tax) gain on the sale of a nonregulated appliance service and repair business, partially offset by higher operation and maintenance expense, as well as higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense at the natural gas distribution business

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- A net benefit in 2013 of \$1.5 million (after tax) compared to \$15.0 million (after tax) in 2012, related to the natural gas gathering operations litigation, as discussed in Item 8 Note 19, as well as an impairment of coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$9.0 million (after tax) in 2013 compared to an impairment of \$1.7 million (after tax) in 2012, as discussed in Item 8 Note 1, at the pipeline and energy services business
- Loss from discontinued operations of \$300,000 (after tax) in 2013, compared to income from discontinued operations of \$13.6 million (after tax) in 2012, primarily due to the absence in 2013 of a net benefit in 2012 related to the reversal of an arbitration charge resulting from a favorable court ruling, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 3

Financial and Operating Data

Following are key financial and operating data for each of the Company's businesses.

Electric

2014	2013	2012
(Dollars in mil	lions, where applicable	e)
\$ 277.9 \$	257.3 \$	236.9
89.3	83.5	72.4
81.1	76.5	71.8
35.0	32.8	32.5
11.1	10.2	10.3
216.5	203.0	187.0
61.4	54.3	49.9
\$ 36.7 \$	34.8 \$	30.6
3,308.4	3,173.1	2,996.5
\$.025 \$.025 \$.023
	\$ 277.9 \$ 89.3 81.1 35.0 11.1 216.5 61.4 \$ 36.7 \$ 3,308.4	(Dollars in millions, where applicable \$ 277.9 \$ 257.3 \$ 89.3 83.5 81.1 76.5 35.0 32.8 11.1 10.2 216.5 203.0 61.4 54.3 \$ 36.7 \$ 34.8 \$ 3,308.4 3,173.1

2014 compared to 2013 Electric earnings increased \$1.9 million (5 percent) compared to the prior year due to increased electric retail sales margins, primarily due to rate recovery on electric environmental upgrades and increased electric sales volumes of 4 percent to all customer classes, due to customer growth.

Partially offsetting the increase were:

- Higher operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$3.5 million (after tax) largely related to higher benefit-related costs and increased contract services
- · Higher net interest expense, which includes \$1.8 million (after tax) due to higher long-term debt
- Higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$1.4 million (after tax) due to increased property, plant and equipment balances

2013 compared to 2012 Electric earnings increased \$4.2 million (14 percent) compared to the prior year due to:

- Higher electric retail sales margins, including the result of 6 percent higher volumes, primarily to residential, commercial and industrial customers due to increased residential customer growth and weather variances from last year
- Higher other income, largely higher allowance for funds used during construction of \$800,000 (after tax)

These increases were partially offset by higher operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$2.3 million (after tax) largely related to higher payroll-related costs and increased contract services, offset in part by lower benefit-related costs.

Natural Gas Distribution

Years ended December 31,	2014		2013		2012
	(Dollars	in milli	ons, where ap	plicable)	0
Operating revenues	\$ 922.0	\$	851.9	\$	754.8
Operating expenses:					
Purchased natural gas sold	603.2		534.8		457.4
Operation and maintenance	150.2		142.3		139.4
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	54.7		50.0		45.7
Taxes, other than income	48.3		46.0		44.7
	856.4		773.1		687.2
Operating income	65.6		78.8		67.6
Earnings	\$ 30.5	\$	37.7	\$	29.4
Volumes (MMdk):					
Sales	104.3		108.3		93.8
Transportation	145.9		149.5		132.0
Total throughput	250.2		257.8		225.8
Degree days (% of normal)*					
Montana-Dakota/Great Plains	103%		105%	6	849
Cascade	89%		989	5	969
Intermountain	95%	,	1109	5	919
Average cost of natural gas, including transportation, per dk	\$ 5.78	\$	4.94	\$	4.88

* Degree days are a measure of the daily temperature-related demand for energy for heating.

2014 compared to 2013 The natural gas distribution business experienced a decrease in earnings of \$7.2 million (19 percent) compared to the prior year due to:

- Higher operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$4.8 million (after tax) largely related to higher payroll and benefits-related costs
- Higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$2.9 million (after tax), primarily resulting from increased property, plant and equipment balances
- The absence of the 2013 \$2.8 million (after tax) gain on the sale of Montana-Dakota's nonregulated appliance service and repair business

These decreases were partially offset by:

- · Higher other income, which includes \$2.1 million (after tax) largely related to allowance for funds used during construction
- Higher natural gas retail sales margins, primarily resulting from approved rate increases effective in late 2013, largely offset by lower sales volumes of 4 percent (\$4.3 million after tax) in certain jurisdictions due to warmer weather than the prior year

2013 compared to 2012 The natural gas distribution business experienced an increase in earnings of \$8.3 million (28 percent) compared to the prior year due to:

- Increased retail sales volumes of 15 percent, largely resulting from increased customer growth and colder weather than last year, partially
 offset by weather normalization adjustments in certain jurisdictions
- A \$2.8 million (after tax) gain on the sale of Montana-Dakota's nonregulated appliance service and repair business
- . Lower net interest expense, which includes \$2.3 million (after tax) largely related to lower average interest rates

These increases were partially offset by:

- Higher operation and maintenance expense, which includes \$3.4 million (after tax) largely related to higher payroll-related costs, offset in part by lower benefit-related costs
- Increased depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$2.7 million (after tax), primarily resulting from higher property, plant and equipment balances
- . Lower other income, which includes \$2.0 million (after tax) largely related to lower allowance for funds used during construction

Pipeline and Energy Services

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012
	(Dollar	rs in millions)	
Operating revenues	\$ 215.9 \$	202.1 \$	193.1
Operating expenses:			
Purchased natural gas sold	58.8	57.5	50.5
Operation and maintenance*	75.4	81.8	52.2
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	30.7	29.1	27.7
Taxes, other than income	13.4	13.6	13.6
	178.3	182.0	144.0
Operating income	37.6	20.1	49.1
Earnings*	\$ 22.6 \$	7.6 \$	26.6
Transportation volumes (MMdk)	233.5	178.6	137.7
Natural gas gathering volumes (MMdk)	38.4	40.7	47.1
Customer natural gas storage balance (MMdk):			
Beginning of period	26.7	43.7	36.0
Net injection (withdrawal)	(11.8)	(17.0)	7.7
End of period	14.9	26.7	43.7

^{*}Reflects an impairment of coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$14.5 million (\$9.0 million after tax) in second quarter 2013 and \$2.7 million (\$1.7 million after tax) in second quarter 2012, as well as a net benefit of \$2.5 million (\$1.5 million after tax) in fourth quarter 2013 and \$24.1 million (\$15.0 million after tax) in second quarter 2012 related to the natural gas gathering operations litigation, largely reflected in operation and maintenance expense, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 19.

2014 compared to 2013 Pipeline and energy services earnings increased \$15.0 million (197 percent) largely due to:

- Absence of the 2013 impairment of coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$9.0 million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 Note 1
- Higher earnings of \$5.6 million (after tax) due to increased transportation rates, primarily due to a rate case settlement, and higher volumes
- Higher earnings from the Company's interest in the Pronghorn oil and natural gas gathering and processing assets, primarily due to higher volumes
- Favorable income tax changes, including \$1.8 million of higher income tax benefits

Partially offsetting the earnings increase were:

- Lower storage services earnings of \$3.5 million (after tax), largely due to lower average storage balances and lower rates
- Higher operation and maintenance expense (excluding the asset impairment, net benefit related to natural gas gathering operations litigation and Pronghorn-related expense), which includes \$1.6 million (after tax) largely payroll and benefits-related due to start-up costs related to Dakota Prairie Refinery
- Absence of the net benefit in 2013 of \$1.5 million (after tax) related to the natural gas gathering operations litigation, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 19

2013 compared to 2012 Pipeline and energy services earnings decreased \$19.0 million (71 percent) largely due to:

- A net benefit in 2013 of \$1.5 million (after tax) compared to \$15.0 million (after tax) in 2012, related to the natural gas gathering operations litigation, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 19
- An impairment of coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$9.0 million (after tax) in 2013, compared to an impairment of \$1.7 million (after tax) in 2012, largely resulting from lower natural gas prices, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 1
- . Lower storage services revenue of \$3.1 million (after tax), primarily due to lower average rates and lower storage balances
- Lower earnings of \$3.1 million (after tax) resulting from lower natural gas gathering volumes from existing operations, largely resulting from customers experiencing production curtailments, normal declines and deferral of natural gas development activity

Partially offsetting the earnings decrease were:

- Higher earnings from the Company's interest in the Pronghorn oil and natural gas gathering and processing assets, which were acquired in May 2012, primarily due to higher volumes
- Lower operation and maintenance expense (excluding the asset impairments, net benefits related to the natural gas gathering operations litigation and Pronghorn-related expense), which includes \$2.0 million (after tax), largely related to lower payroll-related costs, legal and contract services
- Lower depreciation, depletion and amortization expense (excluding depreciation on Pronghorn oil and natural gas gathering and processing assets), which includes \$1.6 million (after tax), primarily related to the coalbed areas

Exploration and Production

Years ended December 31,	2014		2013	2012
	(Dollars	in milli	ons, where applicab	ole)
Operating revenues:				
Oil	\$ 409.9	\$	431.9 \$	313.4
NGL	22.0		29.2	33.0
Natural gas	83.8		81.0	69.2
Realized gain on commodity derivatives	8.5		.2	33.6
Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	23.4		(6.3)	(.6
	547.6		536.0	448.6
Operating expenses:				
Operation and maintenance:				
Lease operating costs	88.2		82.2	77.7
Gathering and transportation	12.5		15.4	17.4
Other	43.3		42.9	37.0
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	198.1		186.4	160.7
Taxes, other than income:				
Production and property taxes	46.1		46.6	39.7
Other	1.1		1.1	1.0
Write-downs of oil and natural gas properties				391.8
	389.3		374.6	725.3
Operating income (loss)	158.3		161.4	(276.7)
Earnings (loss)	\$ 96.8	\$	94.5 \$	(177.2
Production:				
Oil (MBbls)	4,919		4,815	3,694
NGL (MBbls)	609		781	828
Natural gas (MMcf)	20,822		28,008	33,214
Total production (MBOE)	8,998		10,264	10,058
Average realized prices (excluding realized and unrealized gain/loss on commodity derivatives):				
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 83.33	\$	89.70 \$	84.84
NGL (per Bbl)	\$ 36.06	\$	37.39 \$	39.81
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 4.02	\$	2.89 \$	2.08
Average realized prices (including realized gain/loss on commodity derivatives):				
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 85.96	\$	89.35 \$	86.54
NGL (per Bbl)	\$ 36.06	\$	37.39 \$	39.81
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 3.81	\$	2.96 \$	2.91
Average depreciation, depletion and amortization rate, per BOE	\$ 21.17	\$	17.41 \$	15.28
Production costs, including taxes, per BOE:				
Lease operating costs	\$ 9.80	\$	8.01 \$	7.73
Gathering and transportation	1.38		1.50	1.73
Production and property taxes	5.12		4.54	3.94
0.000.000.000.000	\$ 16.30	\$	14.05 \$	13.40

2014 compared to 2013 Earnings at the exploration and production business increased \$2.3 million (2 percent) due to:

- Higher average realized natural gas prices of 39 percent, excluding gain/loss on commodity derivatives
- . Unrealized gain on commodity derivatives of \$14.7 million (after tax) in 2014 compared to an unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$3.9 million (after tax) in 2013
- . Increased oil production of 2 percent, primarily related to the Powder River Basin acquisition and drilling activity in the Paradox Basin
- . Higher realized gain on commodity derivatives of \$5.2 million (after tax), due to lower commodity prices relative to hedge prices
- · Favorable income tax changes related to the resolution of certain income tax matters and higher income tax benefits
- · Lower gathering and transportation expense of \$1.8 million (after tax), largely due to lower gathering costs resulting from lower volumes

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- Lower average realized oil prices of 7 percent, excluding gain/loss on commodity derivatives
- · Decreased natural gas production of 26 percent, largely due to the sale of non-strategic assets
- Higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$7.4 million (after tax), due to higher depletion rates, offset in part by lower volumes
- . Decreased NGL production of 22 percent, largely due to the sale of non-strategic assets
- Higher lease operating expenses of \$3.8 million (after tax), primarily in the Paradox Basin

2013 compared to 2012 Earnings at the exploration and production business increased \$271.7 million due to:

- . Absence of the write-downs of oil and natural gas properties of \$246.8 million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 Note 1
- . Increased oil production of 30 percent, primarily related to drilling activity in the Bakken and Paradox Basin areas
- Higher average realized natural gas prices of 39 percent, excluding gain/loss on commodity derivatives
- Higher average realized oil prices of 6 percent, excluding gain/loss on commodity derivatives

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- · Lower realized gain on commodity derivatives of \$21.1 million (after tax), due to higher commodity prices relative to hedge prices
- · Higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense of \$16.2 million (after tax), largely due to higher depletion rates
- Decreased natural gas production of 16 percent, largely related to production curtailments, normal declines and deferral of certain natural
 gas development activity
- Higher production taxes of \$4.3 million (after tax), primarily resulting from higher revenues
- Unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$3.9 million (after tax) in 2013, compared to \$400,000 (after tax) in 2012
- · Higher general and administrative expense of \$3.8 million (after tax), including higher payroll-related costs
- · Higher net interest expense of \$3.3 million (after tax), largely due to lower capitalized interest
- Increased lease operating expenses of \$2.8 million (after tax), largely related to higher costs in the Bakken area resulting from increased
 production volumes and higher workover costs, as well as higher costs in the Paradox Basin resulting from increased production volumes,
 partially offset by lower costs at certain natural gas properties where curtailments of production have occurred

Construction Materials and Contracting

Years ended December 31,	2014		2013	2012
		(Dollars	in millions)	
Operating revenues	\$ 1,765.3	\$	1,712.1	\$ 1,617.4
Operating expenses:				
Operation and maintenance*	1,571.5		1,505.2	1,442.5
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	68.6		74.5	79.5
Taxes, other than income	38.8		38.8	37.5
	1,678.9		1,618.5	1,559.5
Operating income	86.4		93.6	57.9
Earnings*	\$ 51.5	\$	50.9	\$ 32.4
Sales (000's):				
Aggregates (tons)	25,827		24,713	23,285
Asphalt (tons)	6,070		6,228	5,988
Ready-mixed concrete (cubic yards)	3,460		3,223	3,157

^{*}Reflects a MEPP withdrawal liability of approximately \$14 million (\$8.4 million after tax). For more information, see Item 8 - Note 16.

2014 compared to 2013 Earnings at the construction materials and contracting business increased \$600,000 (1 percent) due to:

- Favorable income tax changes, which includes \$3.1 million related to the resolution of certain income tax matters and higher income tax benefits
- · Higher earnings resulting from higher asphalt margins
- Higher earnings of \$1.9 million (after tax) resulting from higher ready-mixed concrete volumes and margins

- · Higher earnings of \$1.7 million (after tax) resulting from higher aggregate margins and volumes
- Lower interest expense of \$600,000 (after tax) due to lower average debt balances

Partially offsetting these increases were:

- A MEPP withdrawal liability of \$8.4 million (after tax), as discussed in Item 8 Note 16
- · Higher selling, general and administrative expense of \$1.9 million (after tax), primarily due to higher payroll and benefit-related costs

2013 compared to 2012 Earnings at the construction materials and contracting business increased \$18.5 million (57 percent) due to:

- . Higher earnings of \$6.6 million (after tax) resulting from higher asphalt margins and volumes
- Higher earnings of \$5.6 million (after tax) resulting from higher aggregate margins and volumes
- · Lower selling, general and administrative costs of \$2.4 million (after tax), largely lower insurance costs
- · Higher earnings of \$1.4 million (after tax) resulting from higher ready-mixed concrete margins and volumes
- Increased construction workloads and margins of \$1.4 million (after tax)
- · Higher earnings resulting from higher other product line volumes and margins

Partially offsetting the increases was higher interest expense of \$1.3 million (after tax), resulting from higher average interest rates.

Construction Services

2014	2013	2012
(In	n millions)	
\$ 1,119.5 \$	1,039.8 \$	938.6
990.7	910.7	831.9
12.9	11.9	11.1
33.6	32.0	29.1
1,037.2	954.6	872.1
82.3	85.2	66.5
\$ 54.5 \$	52.2 \$	38.4
\$	\$ 1,119.5 \$ 990.7 12.9 33.6 1,037.2 82.3	\$ 1,119.5 \$ 1,039.8 \$ 990.7 910.7 12.9 11.9 33.6 32.0 1,037.2 954.6 82.3 85.2

2014 compared to 2013 Construction services earnings increased \$2.3 million (4 percent) due to favorable income tax changes, which includes \$3.9 million related to the resolution of certain income tax matters and higher income tax benefits; and higher margins, including higher electrical supply sales and margins, higher margins in the Central region and higher workloads and margins in the Western region, partially offset by lower equipment sales revenues. These increases were partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative expense of \$3.2 million (after tax), including higher payroll and benefit-related costs.

2013 compared to 2012 Construction services earnings increased \$13.8 million (36 percent) compared to the prior year primarily due to higher workloads and margins in the Western and Central regions, as well as higher equipment sales and rental revenue and margins. This increase was partially offset by higher general and administrative expense of \$3.3 million (after tax), including higher payroll-related costs.

Other

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012
	(In millions)	
Operating revenues	\$ 9.4 \$	9.6 \$	10.4
Operating expenses:			
Operation and maintenance	1.3	.8	3.3
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	2.2	2.1	2.0
Taxes, other than income	.2	.1	.2
	3.7	3.0	5.5
Operating income	5.7	6.6	4.9
Income from continuing operations	7.5	5.1	4.8
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	3.1	(.3)	13.6
Earnings	\$ 10.6 \$	4.8 \$	18.4

2014 compared to 2013 Other earnings increased \$5.8 million compared to the prior year primarily due to favorable income tax changes at both continuing and discontinued operations, including the resolution of certain tax matters and higher income tax benefits.

2013 compared to 2012 Other earnings decreased \$13.6 million compared to the prior year primarily due to a loss from discontinued operations of \$300,000 (after tax) in 2013, compared to income from discontinued operations of \$13.6 million (after tax) in 2012, primarily due to the absence in 2013 of a net benefit in 2012 related to the reversal of an arbitration charge for a guarantee of a construction contract at the domestic power production business, which was sold in 2007, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 3.

Intersegment Transactions

Amounts presented in the preceding tables will not agree with the Consolidated Statements of Income due to the Company's elimination of intersegment transactions. The amounts relating to these items are as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012
		(In millions)	9,000
Intersegment transactions:			
Operating revenues	\$ 187.0 \$	146.4 \$	124.4
Purchased natural gas sold	92.0	87.2	82.7
Operation and maintenance	85.1	52.1	41.7
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	.8	_	_
Earnings on common stock	5.7	4.3	_

For more information on intersegment eliminations, see Item 8 - Note 15.

Prospective Information

The following information highlights the key growth strategies, projections and certain assumptions for the Company and its subsidiaries and other matters for certain of the Company's businesses. Many of these highlighted points are "forward-looking statements." There is no assurance that the Company's projections, including estimates for growth and changes in earnings, will in fact be achieved. Please refer to assumptions contained in this section, as well as the various important factors listed in Item 1A - Risk Factors. Changes in such assumptions and factors could cause actual future results to differ materially from the Company's growth and earnings projections.

MDU Resources Group, Inc.

- The Company's long-term compound annual growth goals on earnings per share from operations are in the range of 7 to 10 percent.
- . The Company continually seeks opportunities to expand through organic growth opportunities and strategic acquisitions.
- The Company focuses on creating value through vertical integration between its business units.

Electric and natural gas distribution

- Rate base growth is projected to be approximately 11 percent compounded annually over the next five years, including plans for an
 approximate \$1.8 billion gross capital investment program with \$478 million planned for 2015. Although a prolonged period of lower
 commodity prices may slow Bakken-area growth in the future, the Company continues to see strong current growth.
- Regulatory actions
 - On July 10, 2014, the NDPSC approved recovery of \$8.6 million annually effective July 15, 2014, to reflect actual costs incurred
 through February 2014 and projected costs through June 2015 for an environmental cost recovery rider related to costs resulting from
 the retrofit required to be installed at the Big Stone Station. The Company's share of the cost for the installation is approximately
 \$90 million and is expected to be complete in 2015. The NDPSC had earlier approved advance determination of prudence for recovery
 of costs on the system.
 - On August 11, 2014, October 3, 2014 and February 6, 2015, the Company filed applications with the MTPSC, WYPSC and NDPSC, respectively, for natural gas rate increases, as discussed in Item 8 Note 18.
 - On November 14, 2014, the Company filed an application with the NDPSC for approval to implement the rate adjustment associated with the electric generation resource recovery rider, as discussed in Item 8 - Note 18.
 - On December 22, 2014, the Company filed for advanced determination of prudence with the NDPSC on the Thunder Spirit Wind
 project, as discussed in Item 8 Note 18. The Company recently signed an agreement to purchase the project, which includes 43 wind
 turbines totaling 107.5 MW of electric generation at a cost of approximately \$200 million with approximately \$55 million already
 funded in 2014. The project is being developed by ALLETE Clean Energy with an expected completion in December 2015.

- The Company has a planned natural gas rate case filing in early 2015 for Oregon. The Company expects to file electric rate cases in 2015 in Montana and South Dakota and a natural gas case in Washington.
- Investments are being made in 2015 totaling approximately \$60 million to serve the growing electric and natural gas customer base
 associated with the Bakken oil development where customer growth is higher than the national average. This reflects a slightly lower
 capital expenditure level compared to 2014 anticipating a tempering of economic activity due to recent lower oil prices.
- . The Company is engaged in a 30-mile, approximately \$60 million natural gas line project into the Hanford Nuclear Site in Washington.
- The Company, along with a partner, expects to build a 345-kilovolt transmission line from Ellendale, North Dakota, to Big Stone City, South Dakota, about 160 miles. The Company's share of the cost is estimated at approximately \$170 million. The project is a MISO multi-value project. A route application was filed in August 2013 with the state of South Dakota and in October 2013 with the state of North Dakota. A route permit was approved July 10, 2014, in North Dakota and August 13, 2014, in South Dakota. The South Dakota route permit was appealed and a district court ruled in favor of the project. The district court decision has been appealed to the South Dakota Supreme Court. The Company continues to expect the project to be complete in 2019.
- The Company is pursuing additional generation projects to meet projected capacity requirements, including 19 MW of natural gas generation at the Lewis & Clark Station slated for this year.
- The Company is analyzing potential projects for accommodating load growth in its industrial and agricultural sectors, with company- and customer-owned pipeline facilities designed to serve existing facilities served by fuel oil or propane, and to serve new customers.
- The Company is involved with a number of pipeline projects to enhance the reliability and deliverability of its system in the Pacific Northwest and Idaho.

Pipeline and energy services

- The Company, in conjunction with Calumet formed Dakota Prairie Refining to develop, build and operate Dakota Prairie Refinery.
 Construction began on the facility in late March 2013 with a projected in-service date in the second quarter 2015. The Dakota Prairie Refinery will process Bakken crude into diesel, which will be marketed within the Bakken region. Other by-products, naphtha and atmospheric tower bottoms, are expected to be railed to other areas. The total project cost estimate is more than \$400 million. EBITDA for the first full year of operation is projected to be in the range of \$60 million to \$80 million, to be shared equally with Calumet.
- The Company is evaluating the construction of a second 20,000-barrel-per-day topping plant to be located near Minot, North Dakota in the Bakken region. It is anticipated the economic evaluation of this project will continue through much of 2015.
- The Company continues work on acquiring right-of-way and easements as well as filing for applicable permits for its planned Wind Ridge Pipeline project, a 95-mile natural gas pipeline designed to deliver approximately 90 MMcf per day to an announced fertilizer plant near Spiritwood, North Dakota. The project cost is estimated to be approximately \$120 million with an in-service date in 2017. There is an opportunity to expand this pipeline's capacity to serve other customers in eastern North Dakota.
- The Company has entered into an agreement with an anchor shipper to construct a pipeline to connect the Demicks Lake gas processing
 plant in northwestern North Dakota to deliver natural gas into a new interconnect with the Northern Border Pipeline. The Company will be
 holding an open season to gauge additional interest in the project. Project costs are estimated in the \$50 million to \$60 million range.
- The Company continues to pursue new growth opportunities and expansion of existing facilities and services offered to customers. The
 Company expects energy development to continue to grow long term within its geographic region, most notably in the Bakken area, where
 the Company owns an extensive natural gas pipeline system. The company plans to invest \$1.1 billion of capital related to ongoing energy
 and industrial development over the next five years.

Exploration and production

- The Company intends to market its exploration and production company in the future and although an actual sale date is unknown, for forecasting purposes the Company is assuming a sale transaction after 2015.
- During 2015, the Company plans to continue to focus on maximizing the value of Fidelity to ultimately market it for sale including focusing on lowering its cost structure beyond the 25 percent general and administrative cost reduction already in place.
- The Company expects to spend approximately \$111 million in gross capital expenditures in 2015 operating within projected cash flows.
 Plans are to minimize investments in the first half of the year to allow service costs to better align with the lower commodity price environment. The Company currently has no rigs drilling on its operated properties and anticipates commencing drilling in the second half of the year.
- Key activities for 2015 include:
 - Commissioning and start-up of the gas gathering and processing facilities in the Paradox in addition to new wells and existing well recompletes.
 - · Completion of a backlog of wells in the non-operated Powder River Basin.
 - Drilling and completing additional horizontal wells in East Texas.

- · Completion of 2014 activity carryover in the Bakken.
- · Well updates:
 - The Cane Creek Unit 28-3 well (100 percent working interest) was completed in mid-December 2014 and was slowly ramped up to about 600 BOPD utilizing an 11/64ths-inch choke and a flowing tubing pressure of approximately 2,600 pounds per square inch. The production rate has been held relatively constant for the last three weeks.
 - The Company completed the Poovey Mark Poovey 1H well (100 percent working interest), its first East Texas Cotton Valley horizontal well. Initial production rate for the well peaked at 11 MMcf per day declining to recent rates of 9 MMcf per day.
- Annual oil production is expected to decline approximately 22 percent in 2015 primarily due to 2014 divestments in the Bakken and
 limited oil related investments in 2015. Annual natural gas and natural gas liquids volumes are estimated to decrease 10 percent and
 20 percent respectively in 2015 primarily the result of 2014 asset divestments in South Texas. The December 2015 oil production rate
 is estimated to decrease 14 percent compared to December 2014, while natural gas and NGL rates are estimated to increase 4 percent
 and 23 percent, respectively. The Company is assuming average NYMEX index prices for 2015 of \$50 per Bbl of crude oil, \$3.00 per
 Mcf of natural gas and \$24 per Bbl of NGL.
- . Derivatives in place as of February 2, 2015, include:
 - For January through March 2015, 3,000 BOPD at a weighted average price of \$98.00.
 - For January through March 2015, 15,000 MMBtu of natural gas per day at a weighted average price of \$4.39.
 - For 2015, 10,000 MMBtu of natural gas per day at a weighted average price of \$4.28.

Construction materials and contracting

- Approximate work backlog as of December 31, 2014, was \$438 million, compared to \$456 million a year ago. Private work represents
 11 percent of construction backlog and public work represents 89 percent of backlog. The backlog includes a variety of projects such as
 highway grading, paving and underground projects, airports, bridge work and subdivisions.
- Projected revenues included in the Company's 2015 earnings guidance are in the range of \$1.7 billion to \$1.9 billion.
- . The Company anticipates margins in 2015 to be in line with 2014 margins.
- The Company continues to pursue opportunities for expansion in energy projects such as petrochemical, transmission, wind towers and geothermal. Initiatives are aimed at capturing additional market share and expanding into new markets.
- As the country's fifth-largest sand and gravel producer, the Company will continue to strategically manage its 1.1 billion tons of aggregate
 reserves in all its markets, as well as take further advantage of being vertically integrated.

Construction services

- Approximate work backlog as of December 31, 2014, was \$305 million, compared to \$459 million a year ago. The backlog includes a
 variety of projects such as substation and line construction, solar and other commercial, institutional and industrial projects including
 petrochemical work.
- Projected revenues included in the Company's 2015 earnings guidance are in the range of \$1.1 billion to \$1.3 billion.
- The Company anticipates margins in 2015 to be in line with 2014 margins.
- The Company continues to pursue opportunities for expansion in energy projects such as petrochemical, transmission, substations, utility services and solar. Initiatives are aimed at capturing additional market share and expanding into new markets.

New Accounting Standards

For information regarding new accounting standards, see Item 8 - Note 1, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Critical Accounting Policies Involving Significant Estimates

The Company has prepared its financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Item 8 - Note 1.

Estimates are used for items such as impairment testing of long-lived assets, goodwill and oil and natural gas properties; fair values of acquired assets and liabilities under the acquisition method of accounting; oil, NGL and natural gas reserves; aggregate reserves; property depreciable lives; tax provisions; uncollectible accounts; environmental and other loss contingencies; accumulated provision for revenues subject to refund; costs on construction contracts; unbilled revenues; actuarially determined benefit costs; asset retirement obligations; the valuation of stock-based compensation; and the fair value of derivative instruments. The Company's critical accounting policies are subject

to judgments and uncertainties that affect the application of such policies. As discussed below, the Company's financial position or results of operations may be materially different when reported under different conditions or when using different assumptions in the application of such policies.

As additional information becomes available, or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates. The following critical accounting policies involve significant judgments and estimates.

Oil and natural gas properties

Estimates of proved reserves were prepared in accordance with guidelines established by the industry and the SEC. The estimates are arrived at using actual historical wellhead production trends and/or standard reservoir engineering methods utilizing available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data. The extent, quality and reliability of this data can vary. Other factors used in the reserve estimates are prices, market differentials, estimates of well operating and future development costs, taxes, timing of operations, and the interests owned by the Company in the properties. These estimates are refined as new information becomes available.

As these estimates change, calculated proved reserves may change. Changes in proved reserve quantities impact the Company's depreciation, depletion and amortization expense since the Company uses the units-of-production method to amortize its oil and natural gas properties. The proved reserves are also used as the basis for the disclosures in Item 8 - Supplementary Financial Information and are the underlying basis of the "ceiling test" for the Company's oil and natural gas properties.

The Company uses the full-cost method of accounting for its exploration and production activities. Under this method, capitalized costs are subject to a "ceiling test" that limits such costs to the aggregate of the present value of future net cash flows from proved reserves discounted at 10 percent, as mandated under the rules of the SEC, plus the cost of unproved properties not subject to amortization, plus the effects of cash flow hedges, less applicable income taxes. Proved reserves and associated future cash flows are determined based on SEC Defined Prices and exclude cash flows associated with asset retirement obligations that have been accrued on the balance sheet. Judgments and assumptions are made when estimating and valuing proved reserves. Various factors, including lower SEC Defined Prices, market differentials, changes in estimates of proved reserve quantities, unsuccessful results of exploration and development efforts or changes in operating and development costs could result in future noncash write-downs of the Company's oil and natural gas properties.

SEC Defined Prices for each quarter in 2014 were as follows:

SEC Defined Prices for the 12 months ended	NYMEX Oil Price (per Bbl)	Henry Hub Gas Price (per MMBtu)	Ventura Gas Price (per MMBtu)
December 31, 2014	\$ 94.99	\$ 4.34	\$ 7.71
September 30, 2014	99.08	4.24	7.60
June 30, 2014	100.27	4.10	7.47
March 31, 2014	98.46	3.99	7.33

For purposes of comparison, first-of-the-month prices were as follows:

		NYMEX Oil Price (per Bbl)	Henry Hub Gas Price (per MMBtu)	Ventura Gas Price (per MMBtu)
January 2015	\$	53.27	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.06
February 2015	55500	48.24	2.68	2.78

Given the current oil and natural gas pricing environment, the Company believes it is likely it will have noncash write-downs of its oil and natural gas properties in future quarters until such time as commodity prices begin to recover.

Impairment of long-lived assets and intangibles

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets and intangibles, excluding oil and natural gas properties, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable and at least annually for goodwill.

Goodwill The Company performs its goodwill impairment testing annually in the fourth quarter. In addition, the test is performed on an interim basis whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill may not be recoverable. Examples of such events or circumstances may include a significant adverse change in business climate, weakness in an industry in which the Company's reporting units operate or recent significant cash or operating losses with expectations that those losses will continue.

The goodwill impairment test is a two-step process performed at the reporting unit level. The Company has determined that the reporting units for its goodwill impairment test are its operating segments, or components of an operating segment, that constitute a business for which discrete financial information is available and for which segment management regularly reviews the operating results. For more information on the Company's operating segments, see Item 8 - Note 15. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, the test is complete and no impairment is recorded. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, step two of the test is performed to determine the amount of impairment loss, if any. The impairment is computed by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill to the carrying value of that goodwill. If the carrying value is greater than the implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recorded. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, there were no significant impairment losses recorded. At December 31, 2014, the fair value substantially exceeded the carrying value at all reporting units.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires judgment and the use of significant estimates which include assumptions about the Company's future revenue, profitability and cash flows, amount and timing of estimated capital expenditures, inflation rates, weighted average cost of capital, operational plans, and current and future economic conditions, among others. The fair value of each reporting unit is determined using a weighted combination of income and market approaches. The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for its income approach. Under the income approach, the discounted cash flow model determines fair value based on the present value of projected cash flows over a specified period and a residual value related to future cash flows beyond the projection period. Both values are discounted using a rate which reflects the best estimate of the weighted average cost of capital at each reporting unit. The weighted average cost of capital, which varies by reporting unit and is in the range of 5 percent to 9 percent, and a long-term growth rate projection of approximately 3 percent were utilized in the goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2014. Under the market approach, the Company estimates fair value using multiples derived from comparable sales transactions and enterprise value to EBITDA for comparative peer companies for each respective reporting unit. These multiples are applied to operating data for each reporting unit to arrive at an indication of fair value. In addition, the Company adds a reasonable control premium when calculating the fair value utilizing the peer multiples, which is estimated as the premium that would be received in a sale in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions used in its impairment assessments are reasonable and based on available market information, but variations in any of the assumptions could result in materially different calculations of fair value and determinations of whether or not an impairment is indicated.

Long-Lived Assets Unforeseen events and changes in circumstances and market conditions and material differences in the value of long-lived assets and intangibles due to changes in estimates of future cash flows could negatively affect the fair value of the Company's assets and result in an impairment charge. If an impairment indicator exists for tangible and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, the asset group held and used is tested for recoverability by comparing an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the assets compared to the carrying value of the assets. If impairment has occurred, the amount of the impairment recognized is determined by estimating the fair value of the assets and recording a loss if the carrying value is greater than the fair value.

There is risk involved when determining the fair value of assets, tangible and intangible, as there may be unforeseen events and changes in circumstances and market conditions that have a material impact on the estimated amount and timing of future cash flows. In addition, the fair value of the asset could be different using different estimates and assumptions in the valuation techniques used.

The Company believes its estimates used in calculating the fair value of long-lived assets, including goodwill and identifiable intangibles, are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, as evidenced by an agreement between the customer and the Company, when delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, when the fee is fixed or determinable and when collection is reasonably assured. The recognition of revenue requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue. Critical estimates related to the recognition of revenue include costs on construction contracts under the percentage-of-completion method.

The Company recognizes construction contract revenue from fixed-price and modified fixed-price construction contracts at its construction businesses using the percentage-of-completion method, measured by the percentage of costs incurred to date to estimated total costs for each contract. This method depends largely on the ability to make reasonably dependable estimates related to the extent of progress toward completion of the contract, contract revenues and contract costs. Inasmuch as contract prices are generally set before the work is performed, the estimates pertaining to every project could contain significant unknown risks such as volatile labor, material and fuel costs, weather delays, adverse project site conditions, unforeseen actions by regulatory agencies, performance by subcontractors, job management and relations with project owners. Changes in estimates could have a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Several factors are evaluated in determining the bid price for contract work. These include, but are not limited to, the complexities of the job, past history performing similar types of work, seasonal weather patterns, competition and market conditions, job site conditions, work force safety, reputation of the project owner, availability of labor, materials and fuel, project location and project completion dates. As a project commences, estimates are continually monitored and revised as information becomes available and actual costs and conditions surrounding the job become known. If a loss is anticipated on a contract, the loss is immediately recognized.

The Company believes its estimates surrounding percentage-of-completion accounting are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made. The Company has contract administration, accounting and management control systems in place that allow its estimates to be updated and monitored on a regular basis. Because of the many factors that are evaluated in determining bid prices, it is inherent that the Company's estimates have changed in the past and will continually change in the future as new information becomes available for each job. There were no material changes in contract estimates at the individual contract level in 2014.

Pension and other postretirement benefits

The Company has noncontributory defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans for certain eligible employees. Various actuarial assumptions are used in calculating the benefit expense (income) and liability (asset) related to these plans. Costs of providing pension and other postretirement benefits bear the risk of change, as they are dependent upon numerous factors based on assumptions of future conditions.

The Company makes various assumptions when determining plan costs, including the current discount rates and the expected long-term return on plan assets, the rate of compensation increases, actuarially determined mortality data, and healthcare cost trend rates. In selecting the expected long-term return on plan assets, which is considered to be one of the key variables in determining benefit expense or income, the Company considers historical returns, current market conditions and expected future market trends, including changes in interest rates and equity and bond market performance. Another key variable in determining benefit expense or income is the discount rate. In selecting the discount rate, the Company matches forecasted future cash flows of the pension and postretirement plans to a yield curve which consists of a hypothetical portfolio of high-quality corporate bonds with varying maturity dates, as well as other factors, as a basis. The Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plan assets are primarily made up of equity and fixed-income investments. Fluctuations in actual equity and bond market returns as well as changes in general interest rates may result in increased or decreased pension and other postretirement benefit costs in the future. Management estimates the rate of compensation increase based on long-term assumed wage increases and the healthcare cost trend rates are determined by historical and future trends. The Company estimates that a 50 basis point decrease in the discount rate or in the expected return on plan assets would each increase expense by less than \$1.5 million (after tax) for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company believes the estimates made for its pension and other postretirement benefits are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made. These estimates and assumptions are subject to a number of variables and are expected to change in the future. Estimates and assumptions will be affected by changes in the discount rate, the expected long-term return on plan assets, the rate of compensation increase and healthcare cost trend rates. The Company plans to continue to use its current methodologies to determine plan costs. For more information on the assumptions used in determining plan costs, see Item 8 - Note 16.

Income taxes

Income taxes require significant judgments and estimates including the determination of income tax expense, deferred tax assets and liabilities and, if necessary, any valuation allowances that may be required for deferred tax assets and accruals for uncertain tax positions. The effective income tax rate is subject to variability from period to period as a result of changes in federal and state income tax rates and/or changes in tax laws. In addition, the effective tax rate may be affected by other changes including the allocation of property, payroll and revenues between states. The Company estimates that a one percent change in the effective tax rate would affect the income tax expense by less than \$4.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company provides deferred federal and state income taxes on all temporary differences between the book and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. Excess deferred income tax balances associated with the Company's rate-regulated activities have been recorded as a regulatory liability and are included in other liabilities. These regulatory liabilities are expected to be reflected as a reduction in future rates charged to customers in accordance with applicable regulatory procedures.

The Company uses the deferral method of accounting for investment tax credits and amortizes the credits on regulated electric and natural gas distribution plant over various periods that conform to the ratemaking treatment prescribed by the applicable state public service commissions.

Tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return are evaluated for recognition using a more-likely-than-not threshold, and those tax positions requiring recognition are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being

realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes.

The Company believes its estimates surrounding income taxes are reasonable based on the information that is known when the estimates are made.

Liquidity and Capital Commitments

At December 31, 2014, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$81.9 million and available capacity of \$677.3 million under the outstanding credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company expects to meet its obligations for debt maturing within one year from various sources, including internally generated funds; the Company's credit facilities, as described later; and through the issuance of long-term debt and the Company's equity securities.

Cash flows

Operating activities The changes in cash flows from operating activities generally follow the results of operations as discussed in Financial and Operating Data and also are affected by changes in working capital.

Cash flows provided by operating activities in 2014 decreased \$126.4 million from 2013. The decrease was primarily due to higher working capital requirements of \$131.9 million, primarily at the exploration and production and construction services businesses.

Cash flows provided by operating activities in 2013 increased \$157.5 million from 2012. The increase was primarily due to lower working capital requirements of \$132.9 million, primarily at the exploration and production and construction materials and contracting businesses and higher income from continuing operations, largely at the exploration and production business.

Investing activities Cash flows used in investing activities in 2014 increased \$121.5 million from 2013 primarily due to higher acquisition-related capital expenditures, largely at the exploration and production business, as well as higher capital expenditures, primarily at the pipeline and energy services business. Partially offsetting the increase in cash flows used in investing activities was higher proceeds from the sale of properties, largely at the exploration and production business.

Cash flows used in investing activities in 2013 decreased \$105.3 million from 2012 primarily due to higher proceeds from the sale of properties, largely at the exploration and production business, as well as lower acquisition-related capital expenditures, primarily at the pipeline and energy services business. Partially offsetting the decrease in cash flows used in investing activities was higher ongoing capital expenditures of \$36.5 million, largely related to Dakota Prairie Refinery at the pipeline and energy services business and electric generation projects at the electric business, partially offset by lower capital expenditures at the exploration and production business.

Financing activities Cash flows provided by financing activities in 2014 increased \$288.3 million from 2013, primarily due to the issuance of \$135.5 million of common stock, as well as higher issuance of long-term debt of \$98.2 million, a higher cash contribution of \$59.9 million related to the noncontrolling interest and lower repayment of long-term debt of \$54.9 million. Partially offsetting this increase were higher dividends paid in 2014 compared to 2013 due to the acceleration of the first quarter 2013 quarterly common stock dividend to 2012.

Cash flows provided by financing activities in 2013 decreased \$152.8 million from 2012, primarily due to higher repayment of long-term debt of \$284.9 million. Partially offsetting the decrease in cash flows provided by financing activities were lower dividends paid of \$61.4 million resulting from the Company accelerating the payment date for the quarterly common stock dividend from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2012; higher issuance of long-term debt of \$40.0 million; as well as a cash contribution of \$27.0 million related to the noncontrolling interest.

Defined benefit pension plans

The Company has qualified noncontributory defined benefit pension plans for certain employees. Plan assets consist of investments in equity and fixed-income securities. Various actuarial assumptions are used in calculating the benefit expense (income) and liability (asset) related to the pension plans. Actuarial assumptions include assumptions about the discount rate, expected return on plan assets and rate of future compensation increases as determined by the Company within certain guidelines. At December 31, 2014, the pension plans' accumulated benefit obligations exceeded these plans' assets by approximately \$121.0 million. Pretax pension expense reflected in the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, was \$1.1 million, \$3.0 million and \$204,000, respectively. The Company's pension expense is currently projected to be approximately \$3.0 million to \$4.0 million in 2015. Funding for the pension plans is actuarially determined. The minimum required contributions for 2014, 2013 and 2012 were approximately \$10.8 million, \$13.2 million and \$16.1 million, respectively. For more information on the Company's pension plans, see Item 8 - Note 16.

Capital expenditures

The Company's capital expenditures for 2012 through 2014 and as anticipated for 2015 through 2017 are summarized in the following table, which also includes the Company's capital needs for the retirement of maturing long-term debt.

	10		Actual		90	Estimated*			
		2012	2013	2014	723	2015	2016	2017	
				(In mi	Ilions)				
Capital expenditures:									
Electric	\$	112 \$	169 \$	185	\$	319 \$	172 \$	177	
Natural gas distribution		130	101	121		159	191	158	
Pipeline and energy services**		134	127	177		111	423	336	
Exploration and production***		554	391	601		111	-	_	
Construction materials and contracting		45	35	38		49	206	123	
Construction services		15	15	27		24	82	72	
Other		1	2	2		5	4	2	
Net proceeds from sale or disposition of property and other		(57)	(112)	(307)		(86)	(4)	(7)	
Net capital expenditures		934	728	844		692	1,074	861	
Retirement of long-term debt		139	424	369		269	294	51	
	\$	1,073 \$	1,152 \$	1,213	\$	961 \$	1,368 \$	912	

^{*}The Company continues to evaluate potential future acquisitions and other growth opportunities which are dependent upon the availability of economic opportunities and, as a result, capital expenditures may vary significantly from the above estimates.

Capital expenditures for 2014, 2013 and 2012 in the preceding table include noncash capital expenditure-related accounts payable and exclude capital expenditures of the noncontrolling interest related to Dakota Prairie Refinery. These net transactions were \$(61.2) million in 2014, \$(56.8) million in 2013 and \$33.7 million in 2012.

The 2014 capital expenditures, including those for the retirement of long-term debt, were met from internal sources and the issuance of long-term debt and the Company's equity securities. Estimated capital expenditures for the years 2015 through 2017 include those for:

- · System upgrades
- · Routine replacements
- · Service extensions
- · Routine equipment maintenance and replacements
- · Buildings, land and building improvements
- · Pipeline, gathering and other midstream projects
- · Further development of existing properties at the exploration and production segment
- Power generation and transmission opportunities, including certain costs for additional electric generating capacity and purchase agreement of electric wind generation
- Environmental upgrades
- Potential acquisitions at the construction materials and contracting and construction services segments
- . The Company's proportionate share of Dakota Prairie Refinery at the pipeline and energy services segment
- Construction of a second 20,000-barrel-per-day topping plant at the pipeline and energy services segment, currently under evaluation
- · Other growth opportunities

The Company continues to evaluate potential future acquisitions and other growth opportunities; however, they are dependent upon the availability of economic opportunities and, as a result, capital expenditures may vary significantly from the estimates in the preceding table. It is anticipated that all of the funds required for capital expenditures and retirement of long-term debt for the years 2015 through 2017 will be met from various sources, including internally generated funds; the Company's credit facilities, as described later; through the issuance of long-term debt and the Company's equity securities; and asset sales.

^{**} Amounts include the Company's share of capital expenditures related to Dakota Prairie Refinery, as discussed in Prospective Information and Item 8 - Note 19.

^{***} Future exploration and production capital expenditures are dependent upon the timing of marketing and sale. Sale proceeds for the business are excluded from capital expenditure projections.

Capital resources

Certain debt instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, including those discussed later, contain restrictive covenants and cross-default provisions. In order to borrow under the respective credit agreements, the Company and its subsidiaries must be in compliance with the applicable covenants and certain other conditions, all of which the Company and its subsidiaries, as applicable, were in compliance with at December 31, 2014. In the event the Company and its subsidiaries do not comply with the applicable covenants and other conditions, alternative sources of funding may need to be pursued. For more information on the covenants, certain other conditions and cross-default provisions, see Item 8 - Note 9.

The following table summarizes the outstanding revolving credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2014:

Company	Facility	Facility Limit	Amount Outstanding		Letters of Credit	Expiration Date
			(In million	s)		
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement (a)	\$ 175.0	\$ 77.5 (b)	\$	-	5/8/19
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	Revolving credit agreement	\$ 50.0 (c)	\$ _	\$	2.2 (d)	7/9/18
Intermountain Gas Company	Revolving credit agreement	\$ 65.0 (e)	\$ 21.0	\$	_	7/13/18
Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement (f)	\$ 650.0	\$ 211.0 (b)	\$	_	5/8/19
Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC	Revolving credit agreement	\$ 50.0 (g)	\$ _	\$	1.0 (d)	12/1/15

- (a) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option the Company on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$225.0 million). There were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement.
- (b) Amount outstanding under commercial paper program.
- (c) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$75.0 million.
- (d) An outstanding letter of credit reduces the amount available under the credit agreement.
- (e) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$90.0 million.
- (f) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of Centennial on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$800.0 million). There were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement.
- (g) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings up to a maximum of \$75.0 million.

The Company's and Centennial's respective commercial paper programs are supported by revolving credit agreements. While the amount of commercial paper outstanding does not reduce available capacity under the respective revolving credit agreements, the Company and Centennial do not issue commercial paper in an aggregate amount exceeding the available capacity under their credit agreements. The commercial paper borrowings may vary during the period, largely the result of fluctuations in working capital requirements due to the seasonality of the construction businesses.

The following includes information related to the preceding table.

MDU Resources Group, Inc. On May 8, 2014, the Company amended the revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit to \$175.0 million and extend the termination date to May 8, 2019. The Company's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings. The Company's objective is to maintain acceptable credit ratings in order to access the capital markets through the issuance of commercial paper. Downgrades in the Company's credit ratings have not limited, nor are currently expected to limit, the Company's ability to access the capital markets. If the Company were to experience a downgrade of its credit ratings, it may need to borrow under its credit agreement and may experience an increase in overall interest rates with respect to its cost of borrowings.

Prior to the maturity of the credit agreement, the Company expects that it will negotiate the extension or replacement of this agreement. If the Company is unable to successfully negotiate an extension of, or replacement for, the credit agreement, or if the fees on this facility become too expensive, which the Company does not currently anticipate, the Company would seek alternative funding.

The Company's coverage of fixed charges including preferred stock dividends was 4.5 times and 4.8 times for the 12 months ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Total equity as a percent of total capitalization was 61 percent and 60 percent at December 31, 2014 and 2013. This ratio is calculated as the Company's total equity, divided by the Company's total capital. Total capital is the Company's total debt, including short-term

borrowings and long-term debt due within one year, plus total equity. This ratio indicates how a company is financing its operations, as well as its financial strength.

On May 20, 2013, the Company entered into an Equity Distribution Agreement with Wells Fargo Securities, LLC with respect to the issuance and sale of up to 7.5 million shares of the Company's common stock. The common stock may be offered for sale, from time to time, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement. Sales of such common stock may not be made after February 28, 2016. Proceeds from the shares of common stock under the agreement have been and are expected to be used for corporate development purposes and other general corporate purposes. Under the Equity Distribution Agreement, the Company issued 3.9 million shares of stock during 2014, receiving net proceeds of \$130.1 million. Since inception of the Equity Distribution Agreement, the Company has issued a cumulative total of 4.4 million shares of stock receiving net proceeds of \$144.7 million through December 31, 2014.

The Company currently has a shelf registration statement on file with the SEC, under which the Company may issue and sell any combination of common stock and debt securities. The Company may sell all or a portion of such securities if warranted by market conditions and the Company's capital requirements. Any public offer and sale of such securities will be made only by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. The Company's board of directors currently has authorized the issuance and sale of up to an aggregate of \$1.0 billion worth of such securities. The Company's board of directors reviews this authorization on a periodic basis and the aggregate amount of securities authorized may be increased in the future.

Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. On May 8, 2014, Centennial entered into an amended and restated revolving credit agreement which increased the borrowing limit to \$650.0 million and extended the termination date to May 8, 2019. Centennial's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings. Centennial's objective is to maintain acceptable credit ratings in order to access the capital markets through the issuance of commercial paper. Downgrades in Centennial's credit ratings have not limited, nor are currently expected to limit, Centennial's ability to access the capital markets. If Centennial were to experience a downgrade of its credit ratings, it may need to borrow under its credit agreement and may experience an increase in overall interest rates with respect to its cost of borrowings.

Prior to the maturity of the Centennial credit agreement, Centennial expects that it will negotiate the extension or replacement of this agreement, which provides credit support to access the capital markets. In the event Centennial is unable to successfully negotiate this agreement, or in the event the fees on this facility become too expensive, which Centennial does not currently anticipate, it would seek alternative funding.

WBI Energy Transmission, Inc. WBI Energy Transmission has a \$175.0 million amended and restated uncommitted long-term private shelf agreement with an expiration date of September 12, 2016. WBI Energy Transmission had \$100.0 million of notes outstanding at December 31, 2014, which reduced capacity under this uncommitted private shelf agreement.

Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC On December 1, 2014, Dakota Prairie Refining entered into a \$50.0 million revolving credit agreement with an expiration date of December 1, 2015. This credit agreement is used to meet the operational needs of Dakota Prairie Refining.

Off balance sheet arrangements

In connection with the sale of the Brazilian Transmission Lines, Centennial has agreed to guarantee payment of any indemnity obligations of certain of the Company's indirect wholly owned subsidiaries who are the sellers in three purchase and sale agreements for periods ranging up to 10 years from the date of sale. The guarantees were required by the buyers as a condition to the sale of the Brazilian Transmission Lines. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 4.

Contractual obligations and commercial commitments

For more information on the Company's contractual obligations on long-term debt, operating leases and purchase commitments, see Item 8 - Notes 9 and 19. At December 31, 2014, the Company's commitments under these obligations were as follows:

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Thereafter	Total
				(In millions)			
Long-term debt	\$ 269.4 \$	293.8 \$	51.0 \$	148.2 \$	345.7 \$	986.6 \$	2,094.7
Estimated interest payments*	92.3	71.1	61.9	60.1	51.6	472.4	809.4
Operating leases	48.1	43.5	34.3	28.1	19.7	78.7	252.4
Purchase commitments	694.7	304.6	161.0	91.0	86.4	910.6	2,248.3
	\$ 1,104.5 \$	713.0 \$	308.2 \$	327.4 \$	503.4 \$	2,448.3 \$	5,404.8

^{*} Estimated interest payments are calculated based on the applicable rates and payment dates.

At December 31, 2014, the Company had total liabilities of \$92.8 million related to asset retirement obligations that are excluded from the table above. Of the total asset retirement obligations, the current portion was \$13.7 million at December 31, 2014, and was included in other accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The remainder, which constitutes the long-term portion of asset retirement obligations, was included in other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Due to the nature of these obligations, the Company cannot determine precisely when the payments will be made to settle these obligations. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 10.

Not reflected in the previous table are \$137,000 in uncertain tax positions. For more information, see Item 8 - Note 14.

The Company's minimum funding requirements for its defined benefit pension plans for 2015, which are not reflected in the previous table, are \$3.9 million. For information on potential contributions above the minimum funding requirements, see Item 8 - Note 16.

The Company's MEPP contributions are based on union employee payroll, which cannot be determined in advance for future periods. The Company may also be required to make additional contributions to its MEPPs as a result of their funded status. For more information, see Item 1A - Risk Factors and Item 8 - Note 16.

Effects of Inflation

Inflation did not have a significant effect on the Company's operations in 2014, 2013 or 2012.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to the impact of market fluctuations associated with commodity prices and interest rates. The Company has policies and procedures to assist in controlling these market risks and utilizes derivatives to manage a portion of its risk.

For more information on derivatives and the Company's derivative policies and procedures, see Item 8 - Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and Notes 1 and 7.

Commodity price risk

Fidelity utilizes derivative instruments to manage a portion of the market risk associated with fluctuations in the price of oil and natural gas on forecasted sales of oil and natural gas production.

The following table summarizes derivative agreements entered into by Fidelity as of December 31, 2014. These agreements call for Fidelity to receive fixed prices and pay variable prices.

		(Forward notic	nal volume and fai	r value	in thousands)
	(Per	Weighted Average Fixed Price Bbl/MMBtu)	Forward Notional Volume (Bbl/MMBtu)		Fair Value
Oil swap agreements maturing in 2015	\$	98.00	270	\$	11,895
Natural gas swap agreements maturing in 2015	\$	4.31	5,000	\$	6,440

The following table summarizes derivative agreements entered into by Fidelity as of December 31, 2013. These agreements call for Fidelity to receive fixed prices and pay variable prices.

		(Forward notion	nal volume and fai	r value	in thousands)
	(Per	Weighted Average Fixed Price Bbl/MMBtu)	Forward Notional Volume (Bbl/MMBtu)		Fair Value
Oil swap agreements maturing in 2014	\$	94.74	2,911	\$	(4,771)
Natural gas swap agreements maturing in 2014	\$	4.10	14,600	\$	(1,265)
Natural gas swap agreement maturing in 2015	\$	4.28	3,650	\$	503

Interest rate risk

The Company uses fixed and variable rate long-term debt to partially finance capital expenditures and mandatory debt retirements. These debt agreements expose the Company to market risk related to changes in interest rates. The Company manages this risk by taking advantage of market conditions when timing the placement of long-term financing. The Company from time to time uses interest rate swap agreements to manage a portion of the Company's interest rate risk and may take advantage of such agreements in the future to minimize such risk.

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company had no outstanding interest rate hedges.

The following table shows the amount of debt, including current portion, and related weighted average interest rates, both by expected maturity dates, as of December 31, 2014.

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	_8	Thereafter		Total		Fair Value
							(Dollars	n mil	lions)						
Long-term debt:															
Fixed rate	\$ 266.4	\$	288.6	\$	43.5	\$	108.5	\$	51.2	\$	955.1	\$	1,713.3	\$	1,859.8
Weighted average interest rate	5.7%	,	6.49	6	6.3%	6	6.19	6	4.3%	5	5.19	6	5.5%	6	-
Variable rate	\$ 3.0	\$	5.2	\$	7.5	\$	39.7	\$	294.5	\$	31.5	\$	381.4	\$	379.6
Weighted average interest rate	1.2%		1.89	6	2.1%	6	2.69	6	.4%		2.59	6	.99	6	_

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of MDU Resources Group, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company's internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013).

Based on our evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)*, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2014.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report.

David L. Goodin

President and Chief Executive Officer

Jel K. Helm

Doran N. Schwartz

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MDU Resources Group, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014. Our audits also included the financial statement schedules listed in the Index at Item 15. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MDU Resources Group, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 20, 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Minneapolis, Minnesota February 20, 2015

relaite & Touche LLP

MDU Resources Group, Inc. Form 10-K 53

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of MDU Resources Group, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2014, based on criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 of the Company and our report dated February 20, 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules.

Minneapolis, Minnesota February 20, 2015

eloitte & Touche LLP

Consolidated Statements of Income

Years ended December 31,		2014	2013	2012
g0.24		(In thousands	, except per share amou	ints)
Operating revenues:				
Electric, natural gas distribution and pipeline and energy services	\$	1,366,356 \$	1,264,574 \$	1,131,626
Exploration and production, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other		3,304,202	3,197,830	2,943,805
Total operating revenues		4,670,558	4,462,404	4,075,431
Operating expenses:		V 4 20		
Fuel and purchased power		89,312	83,528	72,380
Purchased natural gas sold		570,041	505,065	425,220
Operation and maintenance:				
Electric, natural gas distribution and pipeline and energy services		303,822	269,825	254,194
Exploration and production, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other		2,625,228	2,535,872	2,377,285
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		401,368	386,856	359,205
Taxes, other than income		192,562	188,359	176,140
Write-downs of oil and natural gas properties (Note 1)		_	-	391,800
Total operating expenses		4,182,333	3,969,505	4,056,224
Operating income		488,225	492,899	19,207
Earnings (loss) from equity method investments		(41)	(132)	5,383
Other income		9,962	6,768	6,642
Interest expense		87,016	83,917	76,699
Income (loss) before income taxes		411,130	415,618	(45,467)
Income taxes		119,969	136,736	(31,146)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		291,161	278,882	(14,321)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax (Note 3)		3,177	(312)	13,567
Net income (loss)		294,338	278,570	(754)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(3,895)	(363)	_
Dividends declared on preferred stocks		685	685	685
Earnings (loss) on common stock	\$	297,548 \$	278,248 \$	(1,439)
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic:			****	
Earnings (loss) before discontinued operations	\$	1.53 \$	1.47 \$	(.08
Discontinued operations, net of tax	7.54	.02	_	.07
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic	\$	1.55 \$	1.47 \$	(.01)
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted:				
Earnings (loss) before discontinued operations	\$	1.53 \$	1.47 \$	(.08
Discontinued operations, net of tax	750.07	.02	_	.07
Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted	\$	1.55 \$	1.47 \$	(.01
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		192,507	188,855	188,826
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted		192,587	189,693	188,826
			The second secon	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	o.	2012
		(In thousands)		
Net income (loss)	\$ 294,338	\$ 278,570	\$	(754
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments qualifying as hedges:				
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments arising during the period, net of tax of \$0, \$(3,116) and \$4,829 in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	_	(5,594)	8,497
Reclassification adjustment for (gain) loss on derivative instruments included in net income, net of tax of \$413, \$(2,548) and \$(5,141) in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	694	(4,189)	(8,754)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments qualifying as hedges	694	(9,783)	(257)
Postretirement liability adjustment:				
Postretirement liability gains (losses) arising during the period, net of tax of \$(7,665), \$11,818 and \$(2,060) in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	(12,409)	18,539	la se	(3,106)
Amortization of postretirement liability losses included in net periodic benefit cost, net of tax of \$492, \$1,276 and \$1,379 in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	796	2,001		2,079
Reclassification of postretirement liability adjustment to regulatory asset, net of tax of \$4,509, \$0 and \$0 in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	7,202	_	<u> </u>	_
Postretirement liability adjustment	(4,411)	20,540		(1,027
Foreign currency translation adjustment:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment recognized during the period, net of tax of \$(99), \$(177) and \$(296) in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	(162)	(299)	(476)
Reclassification adjustment for (gain) loss on foreign currency translation adjustment included in net income, net of tax of \$0, \$70 and \$2 in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	_	143	e.	3
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(162)	(156)	(473)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:				
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments arising during the period, net of tax of \$(83), \$(105) and \$(52) in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	(154)	(194)	(97)
Reclassification adjustment for loss on available-for-sale investments included in net income, net of tax of \$73, \$59 and \$72 in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively	135	109		134
Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments	(19)	(85)	37
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(3,898)	10,516	City Till	(1,720)
Comprehensive income (loss)	290,440	289,086	e i	(2,474)
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(3,895)	(363)	_
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 294,335	\$ 289,449	\$	(2,474)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31,		2014	2013
	(In thousand:	s, except shares and pe	er share amounts)
Assets			
Current assets:		2002 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,855 \$	45,225
Receivables, net		693,318	713,067
Inventories		300,811	282,391
Deferred income taxes		23,806	25,048
Commodity derivative instruments		18,335	1,447
Prepayments and other current assets		76,848	49,510
Total current assets		1,194,973	1,116,688
Investments		117,920	112,939
Property, plant and equipment (Note 1)		9,693,171	8,803,866
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		4,166,407	3,872,487
Net property, plant and equipment		5,526,764	4,931,379
Deferred charges and other assets:			
Goodwill (Note 5)		635,204	636,039
Other intangible assets, net (Note 5)		9,840	13,099
Other		325,277	251,188
Total deferred charges and other assets		970,321	900,326
Total assets	\$	7,809,978 \$	7,061,332
Liabilities and Equity		.,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Current liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings (Note 9)	\$	- \$	11,500
Long-term debt due within one year	1.7	269,449	12,277
Accounts payable		382,671	404,961
Taxes payable		45,631	74,175
Dividends payable		35,607	33,737
Accrued compensation		62,775	69,661
Commodity derivative instruments		_	7,483
Other accrued liabilities		172,561	171,106
Total current liabilities		968,694	784,900
Long-term debt (Note 9)		1,825,278	1,842,286
Deferred credits and other liabilities:			050 005
Deferred income taxes		952,413	859,306
Other liabilities		813,809	718,938
Total deferred credits and other liabilities		1,766,222	1,578,244
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 16, 18 and 19)			
Equity:		1E 000	15.000
Preferred stocks (Note 11)		15,000	15,000
Common stockholders' equity: Common stock (Note 12)			
Authorized - 500,000,000 shares, \$1.00 par value Issued - 194,754,812 shares in 2014 and 189,868,780 shares in 2013		194,755	189,869
Other paid-in capital		1,207,188	1,056,996
Retained earnings		1,762,827	1,603,130
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(42,103)	(38,205)
Treasury stock at cost - 538,921 shares		(3,626)	(3,626
Total common stockholders' equity		3,119,041	2,808,164
Total stockholders' equity		3,134,041	2,823,164
Noncontrolling interest		115,743	32,738
Total equity		3,249,784	2,855,902
Total liabilities and equity	s	7,809,978 \$	7,061,332

Consolidated Statements of Equity

Years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012

			to processor and				Accumu- lated Other				
	Preferre Shares	Amount	Common	Stock Amount	Other Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Compre- hensive - Loss	Treasury	Stock Amount	Noncon- trolling Interest	Total
	Uniones	Fillionite	Oneres	ouit		nds, except shar		Ondres	January.	mercot	10401
Balance at					3,000,000,000		E255				
December 31, 2011	150,000	\$15,000	189,332,485	\$189,332	\$1,035,739	\$1,586,123	\$(47,001)	(538,921)	\$(3,626) \$	-	\$2,775,567
Net loss	-	_	_	_	-	(754)	_	_	-	_	(754)
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,720)	_	_	_	(1,720
Dividends declared on preferred stocks	_	-	_	_	_	(685)	_	_	_	_	(685)
Dividends declared on common stock	-	-	_	_	_	(127,538)	_	-	-	-	(127,538
Stock-based compensation	_	-	25,743	26	5,094	-	-	-	-	-	5,120
Net tax deficit on stock- based compensation	-	-	-	-	(1,958)	_	-	-	-	-	(1,958)
Issuance of common stock	_	-	11,222	11	205	-	-		-	_	216
Balance at		920300			1000000	10000000			V112222		
December 31, 2012	150,000	15,000	189,369,450	189,369	1,039,080	1,457,146	(48,721)	(538,921)	(3,626)		2,648,248
Net income (loss)	_	-	-	_	_	278,933	_	_	-	(363)	278,570
Other comprehensive income	-	7-3	7-	_	-	-	10,516	-	-	-	10,516
Dividends declared on preferred stocks	-	_	-	_	_	(685)	_		_	_	(685)
Dividends declared on common stock	_	_	-	_	_	(132,264)	_	_			(132,264)
Stock-based compensation	-	_	_	_	5,281	_	_	-	-	-	5,281
Net tax deficit on stock- based compensation	-			_	(1,419)	_	-	-	-	-	(1,419)
Issuance of common stock	-		499,330	500	14,054	_	_		-	-	14,554
Contribution from non- controlling interest	_	7-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	33,101	33,101
Balance at		52555	1001000000		19222222					20220	. 2200000
December 31, 2013	150,000	15,000	189,868,780	189,869	1,056,996	1,603,130	(38,205)	(538,921)	(3,626)	32,738	2,855,902
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	_	_	298,233			-	(3,895)	294,338
Other comprehensive loss	-	_	-	_	_	_	(3,898)	_	-	_	(3,898)
Dividends declared on preferred stocks	_	_	_	_	_	(685)	_		_	_	(685)
Dividends declared on common stock	_	_	_	_	_	(137,851)	_		_	_	(137,851)
Stock-based compensation	-	_	_	-	6,191	-	-	-	-	-	6,191
Issuance of common stock upon vesting of stock-based compensation, net of shares used for tax withholdings	_	_	326,122	326	(5,890)	_	_	_	_	_	(5,564)
Excess tax benefit on stock-based	_		_	_	4,729	_	_			100	4,729
compensation Issuance of common stock	_		4,559,910	4,560	145,162	_	_		_		149,722
Contribution from non- controlling interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	86,900	86,900
Balance at December 31, 2014	150.000	\$ 15,000	194.754.812	\$ 194,755	\$ 1,207,188	\$ 1,762,827	\$ (42.103)	(538.921)	\$ (3,626) \$		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31,		2014	2013	2012
			n thousands)	2012
Operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	294,338 \$	278,570 \$	(754)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		3,177	(312)	13,567
Income (loss) from continuing operations		291,161	278,882	(14,321)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		401,368	386,856	359,205
Earnings (loss), net of distributions, from equity method investments		550	2,281	(618)
Deferred income taxes		87,015	86,778	(7,503)
Unrealized (gain) loss on commodity derivatives		(23,400)	6,267	624
Write-downs of oil and natural gas properties (Note 1)		-	-	391,800
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation		(4,729)	-	(26)
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Receivables		6,166	(40,669)	(13,416)
Inventories		(18,738)	30,452	(42,334)
Other current assets		(25,997)	(9,474)	297
Accounts payable		(45,065)	15,084	6,352
Other current liabilities		(23,515)	29,392	(59,001)
Other noncurrent changes		(29,193)	(43,937)	(33,639)
Net cash provided by continuing operations		615,623	741,912	587,420
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations		159	281	(2,680)
Net cash provided by operating activities		615,782	742,193	584,740
Investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(972,102)	(909,400)	(872,920)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(209,213)	-	(67,261)
Net proceeds from sale or disposition of property and other		276,415	124,541	40,110
Investments		709	302	9,725
Proceeds from sale of equity method investments		_	1,896	2,394
Net cash used in continuing operations		(904,191)	(782,661)	(887,952)
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		_		
Net cash used in investing activities		(904,191)	(782,661)	(887,952)
Financing activities:		97.0-135.b: 300	0,000	
Issuance of short-term borrowings		_	9,500	20,100
Repayment of short-term borrowings		(11,500)	_	_
Issuance of long-term debt		606,084	507,924	467,957
Repayment of long-term debt		(368,803)	(423,707)	(138,775)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		150,060	14,554	88
Dividends paid		(136,712)	(98,405)	(159,768)
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation		4,729	_	26
Tax withholding on stock-based compensation		(5,564)	_	_
Contribution from noncontrolling interest		86,900	27,000	_
Net cash provided by continuing operations		325,194	36,866	189,628
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		525,154	30,000	103,020
Net cash provided by financing activities		325,194	36,866	189,628
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(155)	(215)	(146)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		36,630	(3,817)	(113,730)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		45,225	49,042	162,772
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	¢	81,855 \$		
Cash and Cash equivalents - end of year	\$	01,000 p	45,225 \$	49,042

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

The abbreviations and acronyms used throughout are defined following the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of the following businesses: electric, natural gas distribution, pipeline and energy services, exploration and production, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other. The electric, natural gas distribution, and pipeline and energy services businesses are substantially all regulated. Exploration and production, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other are nonregulated. For further descriptions of the Company's businesses, see Note 15. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation, except for certain transactions related to the Company's regulated operations in accordance with GAAP. The statements also include the ownership interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of jointly owned electric generating facilities.

The Company's regulated businesses are subject to various state and federal agency regulations. The accounting policies followed by these businesses are generally subject to the Uniform System of Accounts of the FERC. These accounting policies differ in some respects from those used by the Company's nonregulated businesses.

The Company's regulated businesses account for certain income and expense items under the provisions of regulatory accounting, which requires these businesses to defer as regulatory assets or liabilities certain items that would have otherwise been reflected as expense or income, respectively, based on the expected regulatory treatment in future rates. The expected recovery or flowback of these deferred items generally is based on specific ratemaking decisions or precedent for each item. Regulatory assets and liabilities are being amortized consistently with the regulatory treatment established by the FERC and the applicable state public service commissions. See Note 6 for more information regarding the nature and amounts of these regulatory deferrals.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense is reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Income and therefore is excluded from the other line items within operating expenses.

Management has also evaluated the impact of events occurring after December 31, 2014, up to the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts receivable consists primarily of trade receivables from the sale of goods and services which are recorded at the invoiced amount net of allowance for doubtful accounts, and costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts. For more information, see Percentage-of-completion method in this note. The total balance of receivables past due 90 days or more was \$30.9 million and \$36.4 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined through a review of past due balances and other specific account data. Account balances are written off when management determines the amounts to be uncollectible. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2014 and 2013, was \$9.5 million and \$10.1 million, respectively.

Inventories and natural gas in storage

Inventories, other than natural gas in storage for the Company's regulated operations, were stated at the lower of average cost or market value. Natural gas in storage for the Company's regulated operations is generally carried at average cost, or cost using the last-in, first-out method. The portion of the cost of natural gas in storage expected to be used within one year was included in inventories. Inventories at December 31 consisted of:

	2014	2013
	(In thousands)
Aggregates held for resale	\$ 108,161 \$	101,568
Materials and supplies	65,683	69,808
Asphalt oil	42,135	38,099
Merchandise for resale	24,420	21,720
Natural gas in storage (current)	19,302	16,417
Other	41,110	34,779
Total	\$ 300,811 \$	282,391

The remainder of natural gas in storage, which largely represents the cost of gas required to maintain pressure levels for normal operating purposes, was included in other assets and was \$49.3 million and \$48.3 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Investments

The Company's investments include its equity method and cost method investments as discussed in Note 4, the cash surrender value of life insurance policies, an insurance contract, mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities. Under the equity method, investments are initially recorded at cost and adjusted for dividends and undistributed earnings and losses. The Company measures its investment in the insurance contract at fair value with any unrealized gains and losses recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The Company has not elected the fair value option for its mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities and, as a result, the unrealized gains and losses on these investments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). For more information, see Notes 8 and 16.

Property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. When regulated assets are retired, or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, the original cost of the asset is charged to accumulated depreciation. With respect to the retirement or disposal of all other assets, except for exploration and production properties as described in Oil and natural gas properties in this note, the resulting gains or losses are recognized as a component of income. The Company is permitted to capitalize AFUDC on regulated construction projects and to include such amounts in rate base when the related facilities are placed in service. In addition, the Company capitalizes interest, when applicable, at the exploration and production segment only on costs that have been excluded from the full cost amortization pool and on certain construction projects associated with its other operations. The amount of AFUDC and interest capitalized for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2014		2013	2012
		(1	n thousands)	-
Interest capitalized	\$ 8,586	\$	6,033	\$ 8,659
AFUDC - borrowed	\$ 3,022	\$	2,767	\$ 2,483
AFUDC - equity	\$ 5,803	\$	3,322	\$ 4,530

Generally, property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the average useful lives of the assets, except for depletable aggregate reserves, which are depleted based on the units-of-production method, and exploration and production properties, which are amortized on the units-of-production method based on total proved reserves. The Company collects removal costs for plant assets in regulated utility rates. These amounts are recorded as regulatory liabilities, which are included in other liabilities.

Property, plant and equipment at December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013	Average Depreciable Life in Years
987 (MS240)	(Dollars in th	ousands, where appli	cable)
Regulated:			
Electric:			
Generation	\$ 627,952 \$	570,394	42
Distribution	343,692	308,202	39
Transmission	229,997	196,824	48
Construction in progress	150,445	141,365	
Other	105,015	99,037	15
Natural gas distribution:			
Distribution	1,481,390	1,384,587	40
Construction in progress	59,310	46,763	
Other	364,059	345,551	27
Pipeline and energy services:			
Transmission	449,276	418,594	53
Gathering	39,595	39,597	20
Storage	43,994	42,939	60
Construction in progress	5,386	6,937	
Other	39,910	39,504	33
Nonregulated:			
Pipeline and energy services:			
Midstream	227,598	213,063	16
Construction in progress	314,304	188,641	-
Other	100,170	12,897	18
Exploration and production:			
Oil and natural gas properties	3,337,177	3,017,879	
Other	65,702	42,969	8
Construction materials and contracting:			
Land	125,372	125,551	
Buildings and improvements	70,566	70,000	19
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	921,564	906,774	12
Construction in progress	8,709	13,315	
Aggregate reserves	403,731	394,715	**
Construction services:			
Land	5,265	4,821	
Buildings and improvements	17,936	16,628	20
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	112,973	105,991	6
Other	8,221	7,508	4
Other:			
Land	2,837	2,837	
Other	48,100	47,160	23
Eliminations	(17,075)	(7,177)	
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	4,166,407	3,872,487	
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 5,526,764 \$	4,931,379	

Weighted

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and oil and natural gas properties, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable. The determination of whether an impairment has

^{*}Amortized on the units-of-production method based on total proved reserves at a BOE average rate of \$21.17, \$17.41 and \$15.28 for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Includes oil and natural gas properties accounted for under the full-cost method, of which \$132.1 million and \$124.9 million were excluded from amortization at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

^{**} Depleted on the units-of-production method.

occurred is based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the assets, compared to the carrying value of the assets. If impairment has occurred, the amount of the impairment recognized is determined by estimating the fair value of the assets and recording a loss if the carrying value is greater than the fair value. In 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized impairments of \$9.0 million (after tax) and \$1.7 million (after tax), respectively, which are recorded in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The impairments are related to coalbed natural gas gathering assets located in Wyoming and Montana where there has been a significant decline in natural gas development and production activity largely due to low natural gas prices. The coalbed natural gas gathering assets were written down to fair value that was determined using the income approach. For more information on this nonrecurring fair value measurement, see Note 8.

No significant impairment losses were recorded in 2014. Unforeseen events and changes in circumstances could require the recognition of impairment losses at some future date.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net tangible and intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment annually, which is completed in the fourth quarter, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill may be impaired.

The goodwill impairment test is a two-step process performed at the reporting unit level. The Company has determined that the reporting units for its goodwill impairment test are its operating segments, or components of an operating segment, that constitute a business for which discrete financial information is available and for which segment management regularly reviews the operating results. For more information on the Company's operating segments, see Note 15. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, the test is complete and no impairment is recorded. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, step two of the test is performed to determine the amount of impairment loss, if any. The impairment is computed by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill to the carrying value of that goodwill. If the carrying value is greater than the implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recorded. For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, there were no significant impairment losses recorded. At December 31, 2014, the fair value substantially exceeded the carrying value at all reporting units.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires judgment and the use of significant estimates which include assumptions about the Company's future revenue, profitability and cash flows, amount and timing of estimated capital expenditures, inflation rates, weighted average cost of capital, operational plans, and current and future economic conditions, among others. The fair value of each reporting unit is determined using a weighted combination of income and market approaches. The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for its income approach. Under the income approach, the discounted cash flow model determines fair value based on the present value of projected cash flows over a specified period and a residual value related to future cash flows beyond the projection period. Both values are discounted using a rate which reflects the best estimate of the weighted average cost of capital at each reporting unit. The weighted average cost of capital, which varies by reporting unit and is in the range of 5 percent to 9 percent, and a long-term growth rate projection of approximately 3 percent were utilized in the goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2014. Under the market approach, the Company estimates fair value using multiples derived from comparable sales transactions and enterprise value to EBITDA for comparative peer companies for each respective reporting unit. These multiples are applied to operating data for each reporting unit to arrive at an indication of fair value. In addition, the Company adds a reasonable control premium when calculating the fair value utilizing the peer multiples, which is estimated as the premium that would be received in a sale in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions used in its impairment assessments are reasonable and based on available market information, but variations in any of the assumptions could result in materially different calculations of fair value and determinations of whether or not an impairment is indicated.

Oil and natural gas properties

The Company uses the full-cost method of accounting for its oil and natural gas production activities. Under this method, all costs incurred in the acquisition, exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties are capitalized and amortized on the units-of-production method based on total proved reserves. Any conveyances of properties, including gains or losses on abandonments of properties, are generally treated as adjustments to the cost of the properties with no gain or loss recognized.

Capitalized costs are subject to a "ceiling test" that limits such costs to the aggregate of the present value of future net cash flows from proved reserves discounted at 10 percent, as mandated under the rules of the SEC, plus the cost of unproved properties not subject to amortization, plus the effects of cash flow hedges, less applicable income taxes. Proved reserves and associated future cash flows are determined based on SEC Defined Prices and exclude cash outflows associated with asset retirement obligations that have been accrued on the balance sheet. If capitalized costs, less accumulated amortization and related deferred income taxes, exceed the full-cost ceiling at the

end of any quarter, a permanent noncash write-down is required to be charged to earnings in that quarter regardless of subsequent price changes.

SEC Defined Prices for each quarter in 2014 were as follows:

SEC Defined Prices for the 12 months ended	NYMEX Oil Price (per Bbl)	Henry Hub Gas Price (per MMBtu)	Ventura Gas Price (per MMBtu)
December 31, 2014	\$ 94.99	\$ 4.34	\$ 7.71
September 30, 2014	99.08	4.24	7.60
June 30, 2014	100.27	4.10	7.47
March 31, 2014	98.46	3.99	7.33

For purposes of comparison, first-of-the-month prices were as follows:

	Oil Price (per Bbl)	Henry Hub Gas Price (per MMBtu)	Ventura Gas Price (per MMBtu)
January 2015	\$ 53.27 \$	3.00	\$ 3.06
February 2015	48.24	2.68	2.78

Given the current oil and natural gas pricing environment, the Company believes it is likely it will have noncash write-downs of its oil and natural gas properties in future quarters until such time as commodity prices begin to recover.

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company's full-cost ceiling exceeded the Company's capitalized cost. Various factors, including lower SEC Defined Prices, market differentials, changes in estimates of proved reserve quantities, unsuccessful results of exploration and development efforts or changes in operating and development costs could result in future noncash write-downs of the Company's oil and natural gas properties.

The Company's capitalized costs under the full-cost method of accounting exceeded the full-cost ceiling at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012. SEC Defined Prices, adjusted for market differentials, are used to calculate the ceiling test. SEC Defined Prices as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012, were \$94.97 per Bbl for NYMEX oil and \$2.83 per MMBtu for Henry Hub natural gas and \$94.71 per Bbl for NYMEX oil and \$2.76 per MMBtu for Henry Hub natural gas, respectively. Accordingly, the Company was required to write down its oil and natural gas producing properties. The noncash write-downs amounted to \$160.1 million and \$231.7 million (\$100.9 million and \$145.9 million after tax) for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The Company hedged a portion of its oil and natural gas production and the effects of the cash flow hedges were used in determining the full-cost ceiling at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012. The Company would have recognized additional write-downs of its oil and natural gas properties of \$19.5 million (\$12.3 million after tax) at September 30, 2012, and \$20.8 million (\$13.1 million after tax) at December 31, 2012, if the effects of cash flow hedges had not been considered in calculating the full-cost ceiling. For more information on the Company's cash flow hedges, see Note 7.

The following table summarizes the Company's oil and natural gas properties not subject to amortization at December 31, 2014, in total and by the year in which such costs were incurred:

	Year Costs Incurred								
	Total		2014		2013		2012		2011 and prior
	(In thousands)								
Acquisition	\$ 97,795	\$	82,233	\$	1,528	\$	475	\$	13,559
Development	14,312		3,361		9,928		484		539
Exploration	18,221		10,961		3,126		3,885		249
Capitalized interest	1,813		1,343		203		67		200
Total costs not subject to amortization	\$ 132,141	\$	97,898	\$	14,785	\$	4,911	\$	14,547

Costs not subject to amortization as of December 31, 2014, consisted primarily of unevaluated leaseholds and development costs in the Powder River Basin and the Paradox Basin. The Company expects that the majority of these costs will be evaluated within the next five years and included in the amortization base as the properties are evaluated and/or developed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, as evidenced by an agreement between the customer and the Company, when delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, when the fee is fixed or determinable and when collection is reasonably assured. The Company recognizes utility revenue each month based on the services provided to all utility customers during the month. Accrued unbilled revenue which is included in receivables, net, represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Accrued unbilled revenue at Montana-Dakota, Cascade and Intermountain was \$99.7 million and \$107.4 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Company recognizes construction contract revenue at its construction businesses using the percentage-of-completion method as discussed later. The Company recognizes revenue from exploration and production properties only on that portion of production sold and allocable to the Company's ownership interest in the related properties. The Company recognizes all other revenues when services are rendered or goods are delivered. The Company presents revenues net of taxes collected from customers at the time of sale to be remitted to governmental authorities, including sales and use taxes.

Percentage-of-completion method

The Company recognizes construction contract revenue from fixed-price and modified fixed-price construction contracts at its construction businesses using the percentage-of-completion method, measured by the percentage of costs incurred to date to estimated total costs for each contract. If a loss is anticipated on a contract, the loss is immediately recognized.

Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts represent revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed and were included in receivables, net. Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts represent billings in excess of revenues recognized and were included in accounts payable. Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts at December 31, were as follows:

7	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	0
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 58,243 \$	60,828
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 47,011 \$	84,189

Amounts representing balances billed but not paid by customers under retainage provisions in contracts at December 31, were as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	
Short-term retainage*	\$ 47,551 \$	55,906
Long-term retainage**	1,053	4,229
Total retainage	\$ 48,604 \$	60,135

^{*}Expected to be paid within one year or less and included in receivables, net.

Derivative instruments

The Company's policy allows the use of derivative instruments as part of an overall energy price and interest rate risk management program to efficiently manage and minimize commodity price and interest rate risk. The Company's policy prohibits the use of derivative instruments for speculating to take advantage of market trends and conditions, and the Company has procedures in place to monitor compliance with its policies. The Company is exposed to credit-related losses in relation to derivative instruments in the event of nonperformance by counterparties.

The Company's policy generally allows the hedging of monthly forecasted sales of oil and natural gas production at Fidelity for a period up to 42 months from the time the Company enters into the hedge. The Company's policy requires that interest rate derivative instruments not exceed a period of 24 months and allows the hedging of monthly forecasted purchases of natural gas at Cascade and Intermountain for a period up to three years.

The Company's policy requires that each month as physical oil and natural gas production at Fidelity occurs and the commodity is sold, the related portion of the derivative agreement for that month's production must settle with its counterparties. Settlements represent the exchange of cash between the Company and its counterparties based on the notional quantities and prices for each month's physical delivery as specified within the agreements. The fair value of the remaining notional amounts on the derivative agreements is recorded on the balance sheet as an asset or liability measured at fair value. The Company's policy also requires settlement of natural gas derivative instruments at Cascade and Intermountain monthly and all interest rate derivative transactions must be settled over a period that will not exceed 90 days. The Company has policies and procedures that management believes minimize credit-risk exposure. Accordingly, the

^{**} Included in deferred charges and other assets - other.

Company does not anticipate any material effect on its financial position or results of operations as a result of nonperformance by counterparties. For more information on derivative instruments, see Note 7.

Asset retirement obligations

The Company records the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the Company capitalizes a cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the Company either settles the obligation for the recorded amount or incurs a gain or loss at its nonregulated operations or incurs a regulatory asset or liability at its regulated operations. For more information on asset retirement obligations, see Note 10.

Legal costs

The Company expenses external legal fees as they are incurred.

Natural gas costs recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments

Under the terms of certain orders of the applicable state public service commissions, the Company is deferring natural gas commodity, transportation and storage costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. Such orders generally provide that these amounts are recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments within a period ranging from 12 to 28 months from the time such costs are paid. Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments were \$13.2 million and \$16.9 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which is included in other accrued liabilities. Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments were \$19.6 million and \$12.1 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which is included in prepayments and other current assets.

Income taxes

The Company provides deferred federal and state income taxes on all temporary differences between the book and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. Excess deferred income tax balances associated with the Company's rate-regulated activities have been recorded as a regulatory liability and are included in other liabilities. These regulatory liabilities are expected to be reflected as a reduction in future rates charged to customers in accordance with applicable regulatory procedures.

The Company uses the deferral method of accounting for investment tax credits and amortizes the credits on regulated electric and natural gas distribution plant over various periods that conform to the ratemaking treatment prescribed by the applicable state public service commissions.

Tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return are evaluated for recognition using a more-likely-than-not threshold, and those tax positions requiring recognition are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes.

Foreign currency translation adjustment

The functional currency of the Company's investment in ECTE, as discussed in Note 4, is the Brazilian Real. Translation from the Brazilian Real to the U.S. dollar for assets and liabilities is performed using the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated on a year-to-date basis using an average of the daily exchange rates.

Transaction gains and losses resulting from the effect of exchange rate changes on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the reporting entity would be recorded in income.

Earnings (loss) per common share

Basic earnings (loss) per common share were computed by dividing earnings (loss) on common stock by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per common share were computed by dividing earnings on common stock by the total of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year, plus the effect of outstanding performance share awards. In 2014 and 2013, there were no shares excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share. Diluted loss per common share for the year ended December 31, 2012, was computed by dividing the loss on common stock by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Due to the loss on common stock for the year ended December 31, 2012, the effect of outstanding performance share awards was excluded from the computation of diluted loss per common share as their effect was antidilutive. Common stock outstanding includes issued shares less shares held in treasury. Net income (loss) was the same for both the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share calculations. A reconciliation of the weighted average common shares outstanding used in the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation was as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	192,507	188,855	188,826
Effect of dilutive performance share awards	80	838	_
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	192,587	189,693	188,826
Shares excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share	-	_	-58

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for items such as impairment testing of long-lived assets, goodwill and oil and natural gas properties; fair values of acquired assets and liabilities under the acquisition method of accounting; oil, NGL and natural gas proved reserves; aggregate reserves; property depreciable lives; tax provisions; uncollectible accounts; environmental and other loss contingencies; accumulated provision for revenues subject to refund; costs on construction contracts; unbilled revenues; actuarially determined benefit costs; asset retirement obligations; the valuation of stock-based compensation; and the fair value of derivative instruments. As additional information becomes available, or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates.

Cash flow information

Cash expenditures for interest and income taxes for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

		2014		2013	2012
				(In thousands)	
Interest, net of amount capitalized	\$	81,351	\$	81,689	\$ 74,378
Income taxes paid, net	\$	69,087	\$	24,857	\$ 3,277
Noncash investing transactions at December 31 were as follow	/S:				
		2014		2013	2012
64 II W Y 95 M P 2560E 136 C 6	14.5%	2014	1000	2013 (In thousands)	2012
Property, plant and equipment additions in accounts payable	\$	103,327	\$		\$ 201 76,20

New accounting standards

Revenue from Contracts with Customers In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance on accounting for revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance provides for a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry specific guidance. This guidance will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Entities will have the option of using either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach to adopting the guidance. Under the modified approach, an entity would recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance with an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. In addition, the modified approach will require additional disclosures. The Company is evaluating the effects the adoption of the new revenue guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures, as well as its method of adoption.

Variable interest entities

The Company evaluates its arrangements and contracts with other entities to determine if they are VIEs and if so, if the Company is the primary beneficiary. GAAP provides a framework for identifying VIEs and determining when a company should include the assets, liabilities, noncontrolling interest and results of activities of a VIE in its consolidated financial statements.

A VIE should be consolidated if a party with an ownership, contractual or other financial interest in the VIE (a variable interest holder) has the power to direct the VIE's most significant activities and the obligation to absorb losses or right to receive benefits of the VIE that could be significant to the VIE. A variable interest holder that consolidates the VIE is called the primary beneficiary. Upon consolidation, the primary beneficiary generally must initially record all of the VIE's assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests at fair value and subsequently account for the VIE as if it were consolidated.

The Company's evaluation of whether it qualifies as the primary beneficiary of a VIE involves significant judgments, estimates and assumptions and includes a qualitative analysis of the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and whether the Company has the power to direct those activities, the design of the entity, the rights of the parties and the purpose of the arrangement.

Comprehensive income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is the sum of net income (loss) as reported and other comprehensive income (loss). The Company's other comprehensive income (loss) resulted from gains (losses) on derivative instruments qualifying as hedges, postretirement liability adjustments, foreign currency translation adjustments and gains (losses) on available-for-sale investments. For more information on derivative instruments, see Note 7.

The after-tax changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss as of December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were as follows:

	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments Qualifying as Hedges		Post- retirement Liability Adjustment	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available- for-sale Investments		Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
				(In thousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 6,018	\$	(54,347) \$	(511) \$	119	\$	(48,721)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(5,594)		18,539	(299)	(194)		12,452
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,189)	es.	2,001	143	109		(1,936)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(9,783)		20,540	(156)	(85)	9	10,516
Balance at December 31, 2013	(3,765)		(33,807)	(667)	34		(38,205)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	_		(12,409)	(162)	(154)		(12,725)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	694		796	1	135		1,625
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to a regulatory asset	_		7,202	_	_	3	7,202
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	694		(4,411)	(162)	(19)		(3,898)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ (3,071)	\$	(38,218) \$	(829) \$	15	\$	(42,103)

Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013	Location on Consolidated Statements of Income
	(In thousand	s)	
Reclassification adjustment for gain (loss) on derivative instruments included in net income:			
Commodity derivative instruments	\$ (468) \$	7,803	Operating revenues
Interest rate derivative instruments	(639)	(1,066)	Interest expens
	(1,107)	6,737	
	413	(2,548)	Income taxe
	(694)	4,189	***************************************
Amortization of postretirement liability losses included in net periodic benefit cost	(1,288)	(3,277)	(a
100	492	1,276	Income taxe
	(796)	(2,001)	
Reclassification adjustment for loss on foreign currency translation adjustment included in net income		(213)	Earnings (loss) from equity method investment
	_	70	Earnings (loss) from equity method investment
	_	(143)	
Reclassification adjustment for loss on available-for-sale investments included in net income	(208)	(168)	Other incom
	73	59	Income taxe
	(135)	(109)	
Total reclassifications	\$ (1,625) \$	1,936	

Note 2 - Acquisitions

On February 10, 2014, the Company entered into agreements to purchase working interests and leasehold positions in oil and natural gas production assets in the southern Powder River Basin of Wyoming. The effective date of the acquisition was October 1, 2013, and the closing occurred on March 6, 2014.

The total purchase price, including purchase price adjustments, for acquisitions in 2014 was approximately \$209.2 million, including the above acquisition.

In 2012, the Company acquired a 50 percent undivided interest in natural gas and oil midstream assets in western North Dakota. The acquisition includes a natural gas processing plant and a natural gas gathering pipeline system, along with an oil gathering system, an oil storage terminal and an oil pipeline. The total purchase consideration for acquisitions was approximately \$67.5 million, including the Company's interest in the above facilities and contingent consideration related to an acquisition made prior to 2012. The Company recognizes its proportionate share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to the natural gas and oil midstream assets acquisition.

The acquisitions were accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting and, accordingly, the acquired assets and liabilities assumed have been recorded at their respective fair values as of the date of acquisition. The results of operations of the acquired businesses and properties are included in the financial statements since the date of each acquisition. Pro forma financial amounts reflecting the effects of the acquisitions are not presented, as such acquisitions were not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Note 3 - Discontinued Operations

In 2007, Centennial Resources sold CEM to Bicent. In connection with the sale, Centennial Resources agreed to indemnify Bicent and its affiliates from certain third party claims arising out of or in connection with Centennial Resources' ownership or operation of CEM prior to the sale. In addition, Centennial had previously guaranteed CEM's obligations under a construction contract. In the fourth quarter of 2011, the Company accrued \$21.0 million (\$13.0 million after tax) related to the guarantee as a result of an arbitration award against CEM. In the second quarter of 2012, discontinued operations reflected the settlement of certain liabilities and estimated insurance recoveries resulting in a net benefit related to this matter. In the fourth quarter of 2012, the Company reversed its previously recorded accrual for the arbitration charge due to a favorable court ruling, which was partially offset by the reversal of estimated insurance recoveries. The Company incurred

legal expenses and had a benefit related to the resolution of this matter in the second quarter of 2014. The Company also had a benefit related to income taxes, including the resolution of certain income tax matters, in the fourth quarter of 2014. These items are reflected as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Discontinued operations are included in the Other category.

Note 4 - Equity Method Investments

Investments in companies in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies are accounted for using the equity method. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company had no significant equity method investments.

In August 2006, MDU Brasil acquired ownership interests in the Brazilian Transmission Lines. The electric transmission lines are primarily in northeastern and southern Brazil. The transmission contracts provide for revenues denominated in the Brazilian Real, annual inflation adjustments and change in tax law adjustments. The functional currency for the Brazilian Transmission Lines is the Brazilian Real.

In 2009, multiple sales agreements were signed with three separate parties for the Company to sell its ownership interests in the Brazilian Transmission Lines. In November 2010, the Company completed the sale of its entire ownership interest in ENTE and ERTE and 59.96 percent of the Company's ownership interest in ECTE. The Company's remaining interest in ECTE is being sold over a multi-year period. In August 2013 and 2012, and November 2011, the Company completed the sale of one-fourth of the remaining interest in each year. The Company recognized immaterial gains in 2013 and 2012. The Company's remaining ownership interest in ECTE at December 31, 2014, accounted for under the cost method, was subsequently sold on January 26, 2015.

Note 5 - Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the year ended December 31, 2014, were as follows:

	Balance at January 1, 2014		Goodwill Acquired During the Year/Other	8	Balance at December 31, 2014	
		(1	n thousands)			
Natural gas distribution	\$ 345,736	\$	_	\$	345,736	
Pipeline and energy services	9,737		_		9,737	
Construction materials and contracting	176,290		_		176,290	
Construction services	104,276		(835)		103,441	
Total	\$ 636,039	\$	(835)	\$	635,204	

^{*}Balance is presented net of accumulated impairment of \$12.3 million at the pipeline and energy services segment, which occurred in prior periods.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the year ended December 31, 2013, were as follows:

	Balance at January 1, 2013		Goodwill Acquired During the Year	ा	Balance at December 31, 2013
		(In	thousands)		
Natural gas distribution	\$ 345,736	\$	_	\$	345,736
Pipeline and energy services	9,737		_		9,737
Construction materials and contracting	176,290				176,290
Construction services	104,276		_		104,276
Total	\$ 636,039	\$		\$	636,039

^{*}Balance is presented net of accumulated impairment of \$12.3 million at the pipeline and energy services segment, which occurred in prior periods.

Other amortizable intangible assets at December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013				
(In thousands)						
\$	21,310 \$	21,310				
55.04	(15,556)	(13,726)				
	5,754	7,584				
	5,080	6,186				
	(4,098)	(4,840)				
	982	1,346				
	10,921	10,995				
	(7,817)	(6,826)				
	3,104	4,169				
\$	9,840 \$	13,099				
	\$	(In thousands) \$ 21,310 \$ (15,556) 5,754 5,080 (4,098) 982 10,921 (7,817) 3,104				

Amortization expense for amortizable intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, was \$3.2 million, \$4.0 million and \$3.8 million, respectively. Estimated amortization expense for intangible assets is \$2.5 million in 2015, \$2.1 million in 2016, \$1.9 million in 2017, \$1.0 million in 2018, \$900,000 in 2019 and \$1.4 million thereafter.

Note 6 - Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The following table summarizes the individual components of unamortized regulatory assets and liabilities as of December 31:

	Estimated Recovery Period	*	2014	2013
			(In thousands	;)
Regulatory assets:				
Pension and postretirement benefits (a)	(e)	\$	182,565 \$	105,123
Taxes recoverable from customers (a)	Over plant lives		22,910	18,266
Manufactured gas plant sites remediation (a)	Up to 3 years		17,548	15,797
Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments (b)	Up to 28 months		19,575	12,060
Long-term debt refinancing costs (a)	Up to 23 years		7,864	8,697
Costs related to identifying generation development (a)	Up to 12 years		4,165	4,512
Other (a) (b)	Largely within 1- 4 years		14,959	15,311
Total regulatory assets			269,586	179,766
Regulatory liabilities:				
Plant removal and decommissioning costs (c)			338,641	308,431
Taxes refundable to customers (c)			17,772	20,180
Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments (d)			13,238	16,932
Other (c) (d)			16,601	21,868
Total regulatory liabilities			386,252	367,411
Net regulatory position		\$	(116,666) \$	(187,645)

^{*}Estimated recovery period for regulatory assets currently being recovered in rates charged to customers.

The regulatory assets are expected to be recovered in rates charged to customers. A portion of the Company's regulatory assets are not earning a return; however, these regulatory assets are expected to be recovered from customers in future rates. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, approximately \$229.6 million and \$163.7 million, respectively, of regulatory assets were not earning a rate of return.

If, for any reason, the Company's regulated businesses cease to meet the criteria for application of regulatory accounting for all or part of their operations, the regulatory assets and liabilities relating to those portions ceasing to meet such criteria would be removed from the

⁽a) Included in deferred charges and other assets - other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽b) Included in prepayments and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽c) Included in other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽d) Included in other accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽e) Recovered as expense is incurred or cash contributions are made.

balance sheet and included in the statement of income or accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which the discontinuance of regulatory accounting occurs.

Note 7 - Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, are required to be recorded on the balance sheet as either an asset or liability measured at fair value. The Company's policy is to not offset fair value amounts for derivative instruments and, as a result, the Company's derivative assets and liabilities are presented gross on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Changes in the derivative instrument's fair value are recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. Accounting for qualifying hedges allows derivative gains and losses to offset the related results on the hedged item in the income statement and requires that a company must formally document, designate and assess the effectiveness of transactions that receive hedge accounting treatment.

In the event a derivative instrument being accounted for as a cash flow hedge does not qualify for hedge accounting because it is no longer highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of a hedged item; if the derivative instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised; or if management determines that designation of the derivative instrument as a hedge instrument is no longer appropriate, hedge accounting would be discontinued and the derivative instrument would continue to be carried at fair value with changes in its fair value recognized in earnings. In these circumstances, the net gain or loss at the time of discontinuance of hedge accounting would remain in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until the period or periods during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings, at which time the net gain or loss would be reclassified into earnings. In the event a cash flow hedge is discontinued because it is unlikely that a forecasted transaction will occur, the derivative instrument would continue to be carried on the balance sheet at its fair value, and gains and losses that had accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss) would be recognized immediately in earnings. The Company's policy requires approval to terminate a derivative instrument prior to its original maturity.

The fair value of the derivative instruments must be estimated as of the end of each reporting period and is recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as an asset or liability.

The Company evaluates counterparty credit risk on its derivative assets and the Company's credit risk on its derivative liabilities. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, credit risk was not material.

Fidelity

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, Fidelity held oil swap agreements with total forward notional volumes of 270,000 and 2.9 million Bbl, respectively, and natural gas swap agreements with total forward notional volumes of 5.0 million and 18.3 million MMBtu, respectively. Fidelity utilizes these derivative instruments to manage a portion of the market risk associated with fluctuations in the price of oil and natural gas on its forecasted sales of oil and natural gas production.

Effective April 1, 2013, Fidelity elected to de-designate all commodity derivative contracts previously designated as cash flow hedges and elected to discontinue hedge accounting prospectively for all of its commodity derivative instruments. When the criteria for hedge accounting is not met or when hedge accounting is not elected, realized gains and losses and unrealized gains and losses are both recorded in operating revenues on the Consolidated Statements of Income. As a result of discontinuing hedge accounting on commodity derivative instruments, gains and losses on the oil and natural gas derivative instruments remain in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of the de-designation date and are reclassified into earnings in future periods as the underlying hedged transactions affect earnings. At April 1, 2013, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) included \$1.8 million of unrealized gains, representing the mark-to-market value of the Company's commodity derivative instruments that qualified as cash flow hedges as of the balance sheet date, which the Company has subsequently reclassified into earnings.

Prior to April 1, 2013, changes in the fair value attributable to the effective portion of the hedging instruments, net of tax, were recorded in stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). To the extent that the hedges were not effective or did not qualify for hedge accounting, the ineffective portion of the changes in fair market value was recorded directly in earnings. Gains and losses on the oil and natural gas derivative instruments were reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into operating revenues on the Consolidated Statements of Income at the date the oil and natural gas quantities were settled.

Certain of Fidelity's derivative instruments contain cross-default provisions that state if Fidelity or any of its affiliates fails to make payment with respect to certain indebtedness, in excess of specified amounts, the counterparties could require early settlement or termination of derivative instruments in liability positions. Fidelity had no derivative instruments that were in a liability position with credit-risk-related contingent features at December 31, 2014. The aggregate fair value of Fidelity's derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that were in a liability position at December 31, 2013, was \$7.5 million. The aggregate fair value of assets that would have been needed to settle the instruments immediately if the credit-risk-related contingent features were triggered on December 31, 2013, was \$7.5 million.

Centennial

Centennial has historically entered into interest rate derivative instruments to manage a portion of its interest rate exposure on the forecasted issuance of long-term debt. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, Centennial had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements.

Fidelity and Centennial

There were no components of the derivative instruments' gain or loss excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness. Gains and losses must be reclassified into earnings as a result of the discontinuance of cash flow hedges if it is probable that the original forecasted transactions will not occur, and there were no such reclassifications.

The gains and losses on derivative instruments for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
	(1	In thousands)	
Commodity derivatives designated as cash flow hedges:			
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss (effective portion), net of tax	\$ - \$	(6,153) \$	10,209
Amount of (gain) loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into operating revenues (effective portion), net of tax	295	(4,916)	(8,788)
Amount of loss recognized in operating revenues (ineffective portion), before tax	_	(1,422)	(730)
Interest rate derivatives designated as cash flow hedges:			
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss (effective portion), net of tax		559	(1,712)
Amount of loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into interest expense (effective portion), net of tax	399	727	34
Amount of loss recognized in interest expense (ineffective portion), before tax	_	(769)	_
Commodity derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:			
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in operating revenues, before tax	23,400	(4,845)	106

Over the next 12 months net losses of approximately \$400,000 (after tax) are estimated to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into earnings, as the hedged transactions affect earnings.

The location and fair value of the Company's derivative instruments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

Asset Derivatives	Location on Consolidated Balance Sheets	Decen	Fair Value at aber 31, 2014	Fair Value at December 31, 2013	
325 TO 100 PER SECURITION OF THE SECURITION OF T			(In tho	usands)	
Not designated as hedges:					
Commodity derivatives	Commodity derivative instruments	\$	18,335	\$	1,447
	Other assets - noncurrent		_		503
Total asset derivatives		\$	18,335	\$	1,950
Liability Derivatives	Location on Consolidated Balance Sheets	Decen	Fair Value at ther 31, 2014		Fair Value at er 31, 2013
			(In tho	usands)	
Not designated as hedges:					
Commodity derivatives	Commodity derivative instruments	\$	_	\$	7,483
Total liability derivatives		\$	_	\$	7,483

All of the Company's commodity derivative instruments at December 31, 2014 and 2013, were subject to legally enforceable master netting agreements. However, the Company's policy is to not offset fair value amounts for derivative instruments and, as a result, the Company's derivative assets and liabilities are presented gross on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The gross derivative assets and liabilities (excluding settlement receivables and payables that may be subject to the same master netting agreements) presented on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the amount eligible for offset under the master netting agreements is presented in the following table:

December 31, 2014	Gross Amounts Recognized on Consolidated Balance She			Gross Amounts Not Offset on the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net
			(In t	thousands)	
Assets:					
Commodity derivatives	\$	18,335	\$	- \$	18,335
Total assets	\$	18,335	\$	- \$	18,335
December 31, 2013		Gross Amounts Recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheets		Gross Amounts Not Offset on the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net
92 == 1			(In t	thousands)	
Assets:					
Commodity derivatives	\$	1,950	\$	(1,950) \$	-
Total assets	\$	1,950	\$	(1,950) \$	_
Liabilities:					
Commodity derivatives	\$	7,483	\$	(1,950) \$	5,533
Total liabilities	\$	7,483	\$	(1,950) \$	5,533

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures its investments in certain fixed-income and equity securities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in income. The Company anticipates using these investments, which consist of an insurance contract, to satisfy its obligations under its unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans for executive officers and certain key management employees, and invests in these fixed-income and equity securities for the purpose of earning investment returns and capital appreciation. These investments, which totaled \$65.8 million and \$62.4 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, are classified as Investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net unrealized gains on these investments for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were \$3.4 million, \$13.5 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. The change in fair value, which is considered part of the cost of the plan, is classified in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company did not elect the fair value option, which records gains and losses in income, for its available-for-sale securities, which include mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities. These available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value and are classified as Investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Unrealized gains or losses are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Details of available-for-sale securities were as follows:

December 31, 2014		Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
				(In tho	usands	s)	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	6,594	\$	60	\$	(18) \$	6,636
U.S. Treasury securities	9855	3,574	0.000			(19)	3,555
Total	\$	10,168	\$	60	\$	(37) \$	10,191
December 31, 2013		Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
				(In tho	usands	5)	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	8,151	\$	69	\$	(27) \$	8,193
U.S. Treasury securities		1,906		15		(4)	1,917
Total	\$	10,057	\$	84	\$	(31) \$	10,110

The fair value of the Company's money market funds approximates cost.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis are determined using the market approach.

The Company's Level 2 money market funds consist of investments in short-term unsecured promissory notes and the value is based on comparable market transactions taking into consideration the credit quality of the issuer. The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 mortgage-backed securities and U.S. Treasury securities are based on comparable market transactions, other observable inputs or other sources, including pricing from outside sources.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 commodity derivative instruments is based upon futures prices, volatility and time to maturity, among other things. Counterparty statements are utilized to determine the value of the commodity derivative instruments and are reviewed and corroborated using various methodologies and significant observable inputs. The Company's and the counterparties' nonperformance risk is also evaluated.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

	<u></u>	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014, Using						
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2014			
58 Es.			(In thousan	ids)	21.			
Assets:								
Money market funds	\$	- \$	18,473 \$	- \$	18,473			
Insurance contract*		-	65,831	_	65,831			
Available-for-sale securities:								
Mortgage-backed securities		-	6,636	-	6,636			
U.S. Treasury securities		_	3,555	-	3,555			
Commodity derivative instruments		_	18,335	_	18,335			
Total assets measured at fair value	\$	- \$	112,830 \$	- \$	112,830			

^{*}The insurance contract invests approximately 20 percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 18 percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 29 percent in common stock of large-cap companies, 32 percent in fixed-income investments and 1 percent in cash equivalents.

	 Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013, Using							
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2013				
	(In thousands)							
Assets:								
Money market funds	\$ - \$	19,227	\$	\$ 19,227				
Insurance contract*	_	62,370	-	62,370				
Available-for-sale securities:								
Mortgage-backed securities	-	8,193	_	8,193				
U.S. Treasury securities	_	1,917	_	1,917				
Commodity derivative instruments	_	1,950	_	1,950				
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ - \$	93,657	\$	\$ 93,657				
Liabilities:								
Commodity derivative instruments	\$ - \$	7,483	\$	\$ 7,483				
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$ - \$	7,483	\$	\$ 7,483				

^{*}The insurance contract invests approximately 29 percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 28 percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 28 percent in common stock of large-cap companies and 15 percent in fixed-income investments.

The Company applies the provisions of the fair value measurement standard to its nonrecurring, non-financial measurements, including long-lived asset impairments. These assets are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments only in certain circumstances. The Company reviews the carrying value of its long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and oil and natural gas properties, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying amounts may not be recoverable. During the second quarters of 2013 and 2012, coalbed natural gas gathering assets were reviewed for impairment and found to be impaired and were written down to their estimated fair value using the income approach. Under this approach, fair value is determined by using the present value of future estimated cash flows. The factors used to determine the estimated future cash flows include, but are not limited to, internal estimates of gathering revenue, future commodity prices and operating costs and equipment salvage values. The estimated cash flows are discounted using a rate that approximates the weighted average cost of capital of a market participant. These fair value inputs are not typically observable. At June 30, 2013, certain coalbed natural gas gathering assets were written down to the nonrecurring fair value measurement of \$9.7 million. The fair value of these coalbed natural gas gathering assets have been categorized as Level 3 (Significant Unobservable Inputs) in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's long-term debt is not measured at fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the fair value is being provided for disclosure purposes only. The fair value was based on discounted future cash flows using current market interest rates. The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 long-term debt at December 31 was as follows:

¥ <u></u>	 2014		2013		
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
×-	 	(In thousand	is)	200	
Long-term debt	\$ 2,094,727 \$	2,239,445 \$	1,854,563 \$	1,912,590	

The carrying amounts of the Company's remaining financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair values.

Note 9 - Debt

Certain debt instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, including those discussed later, contain restrictive covenants and crossdefault provisions. In order to borrow under the respective credit agreements, the Company and its subsidiaries must be in compliance with the applicable covenants and certain other conditions. In the event the Company and its subsidiaries do not comply with the applicable covenants and other conditions, alternative sources of funding may need to be pursued. The following table summarizes the outstanding revolving credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries:

Company	Facility	Facility Limit		_	Amount Jutstanding at December 31, 2014		Amount utstanding at ecember 31, 2013		Dec	Letters of Credit at ember 31, 2014	Expiration Date
In a second	ones career research						(In millions)			
MDU Resources Group, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement (a)	\$ 175.0	1	\$	77.5	(b)	\$ 78.9	(b)	\$	_	5/8/19
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	Revolving credit agreement	\$ 50.0	(c)	\$	_	-	\$ 11.5		\$	2.2 (d)	7/9/18
Intermountain Gas Company	Revolving credit agreement	\$ 65.0	(e)	\$	21.0	1	\$ 3.0		\$	_	7/13/18
Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc.	Commercial paper/Revolving credit agreement (f)	\$ 650.0		\$	211.0	(b)	\$ 75.0	(b)	\$		5/8/19
Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC	Revolving credit agreement	\$ 50.0	(g)	\$	_		\$ -		\$	1.0 (d)	12/1/15

- (a) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of the Company on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$225.0 million). There were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement.
- (b) Amount outstanding under commercial paper program.
- (c) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$75.0 million.
- (d) An outstanding letter of credit reduces the amount available under the credit agreement.
- (e) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$90.0 million.
- (f) The commercial paper program is supported by a revolving credit agreement with various banks (provisions allow for increased borrowings, at the option of Centennial on stated conditions, up to a maximum of \$800.0 million). There were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement.
- (g) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings up to a maximum of \$75.0 million.

The Company's and Centennial's respective commercial paper programs are supported by revolving credit agreements. While the amount of commercial paper outstanding does not reduce available capacity under the respective revolving credit agreements, the Company and Centennial do not issue commercial paper in an aggregate amount exceeding the available capacity under their credit agreements.

The following includes information related to the preceding table.

Short-term borrowings

Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC On December 1, 2014, Dakota Prairie Refining entered into a \$50.0 million revolving credit agreement with an expiration date of December 1, 2015.

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Dakota Prairie Refining and its subsidiaries not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of indebtedness to consolidated capitalization to be greater than 65 percent and a covenant of WBI Holdings and all of its subsidiaries not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of funded debt to capitalization (determined on a consolidated basis) to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness, limitations on distributions and the making of certain investments.

Dakota Prairie Refining's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Dakota Prairie Refining or WBI Holdings fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, the agreement will be in default.

Long-term debt

MDU Resources Group, Inc. On May 8, 2014, the Company amended the revolving credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit to \$175.0 million and extend the termination date to May 8, 2019. The Company's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings.

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including covenants of the Company not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, (A) the ratio of funded debt to total capitalization (determined on a consolidated basis) to be greater than 65 percent or (B) the ratio of funded debt to capitalization (determined with respect to the Company alone, excluding its subsidiaries) to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include limitations on the sale of certain assets and on the making of certain loans and investments.

There are no credit facilities that contain cross-default provisions between the Company and any of its subsidiaries.

MDU Energy Capital, LLC The ability to request additional borrowings under the master shelf agreement expired; however, there is debt outstanding that is reflected in the following table of long-term debt outstanding. The master shelf agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including covenants of MDU Energy Capital not to permit (A) the ratio of its total debt (on a consolidated basis) to adjusted total capitalization to be greater than 70 percent, or (B) the ratio of subsidiary debt to subsidiary capitalization to be greater than 65 percent, or (C) the ratio of Intermountain's total debt (determined on a consolidated basis) to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. The agreement also includes a covenant requiring the ratio of MDU Energy Capital earnings before interest and taxes to interest expense (on a consolidated basis), for the 12-month period ended each fiscal quarter, to be greater than 1.5 to 1. In addition, payment obligations under the master shelf agreement may be accelerated upon the occurrence of an event of default (as described in the agreement).

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation Any borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Cascade not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Cascade's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Cascade fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, Cascade will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

On January 15, 2015, Cascade issued \$25.0 million of Senior Notes with due dates ranging from January 15, 2045 to January 15, 2055 at a weighted average interest rate of 4.2 percent.

Intermountain Gas Company Any borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Intermountain not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Intermountain's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Intermountain fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, or certain conditions result in an early termination date under any swap contract that is in excess of a specified amount, then Intermountain will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. On May 8, 2014, Centennial entered into an amended and restated revolving credit agreement which increased the borrowing limit to \$650.0 million and extended the termination date to May 8, 2019. Centennial's revolving credit agreement supports its commercial paper program. Commercial paper borrowings under this agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued commercial paper borrowings.

Centennial's revolving credit agreement and certain debt outstanding under an expired uncommitted long-term master shelf agreement contain customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Centennial, not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of total consolidated debt to total consolidated capitalization to be greater than 65 percent (for the revolving credit agreement) and a covenant of Centennial and certain of its subsidiaries, not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 60 percent (for the master shelf agreement). The master shelf agreement also includes a covenant that does not permit the ratio of Centennial's EBITDA to interest expense, for the 12-month period ended each fiscal quarter, to be less than 1.75 to 1. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on subsidiary indebtedness, minimum consolidated net worth, limitations on priority debt and the making of certain loans and investments.

Certain of Centennial's financing agreements contain cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Centennial or any subsidiary of Centennial fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, the applicable agreements will be in default.

On January 9, 2015, Centennial amended its letter of credit agreement for the issuance of up to approximately \$28.0 million of letters of credit to extend the termination date to January 11, 2016.

WBI Energy Transmission, Inc. WBI Energy Transmission has a \$175.0 million amended and restated uncommitted long-term private shelf agreement with an expiration date of September 12, 2016. WBI Energy Transmission had \$100.0 million of notes outstanding at December 31, 2014, which reduced capacity under this uncommitted private shelf agreement. This agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of WBI Energy Transmission not to permit, as of the end of any fiscal quarter, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 55 percent. Other covenants include a limitation on priority debt and restrictions on the sale of certain assets and the making of certain investments.

Long-term Debt Outstanding Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)		
Senior Notes at a weighted average rate of 5.43%, due on dates ranging from June 19, 2015 to November 24, 2055	\$ 1,636,662 \$	1,545,078	
Commercial paper at a weighted average rate of .37%, supported by revolving credit agreements	288,500	153,924	
Term Loan Agreements at a weighted average rate of 2.12%, due on dates ranging from April 22, 2018 to April 22, 2023	72,000	75,000	
Medium-Term Notes at a weighted average rate of 7.32%, due on dates ranging from September 15, 2027 to March 16, 2029	35,000	35,000	
Other notes at a weighted average rate of 5.23%, due on dates ranging from September 1, 2020 to February 1, 2035	39,662	39,863	
Credit agreements at a weighted average rate of 3.47%, due on dates ranging from February 10, 2015 to November 30, 2038	22,939	5,701	
Discount	(36)	(3)	
Total long-term debt	2,094,727	1,854,563	
Less current maturities	269,449	12,277	
Net long-term debt	\$ 1,825,278 \$	1,842,286	

The amounts of scheduled long-term debt maturities for the five years and thereafter following December 31, 2014, aggregate \$269.4 million in 2015; \$293.8 million in 2016; \$51.0 million in 2017; \$148.2 million in 2018; \$345.7 million in 2019 and \$986.6 million thereafter.

Note 10 - Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company records obligations related to the plugging and abandonment of oil and natural gas wells, decommissioning of certain electric generating facilities, reclamation of certain aggregate properties, special handling and disposal of hazardous materials at certain electric generating facilities, natural gas distribution facilities and buildings, and certain other obligations as asset retirement obligations.

A reconciliation of the Company's liability, which is included in other accrued liabilities and other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 98,529 \$	102,545
Liabilities incurred	5,416	5,610
Liabilities acquired	1,414	
Liabilities settled	(18,388)	(22,257)
Accretion expense	4,605	4,574
Revisions in estimates	884	7,671
Other	379	386
Balance at end of year	\$ 92,839 \$	98,529

The Company believes that largely all expenses related to asset retirement obligations at the Company's regulated operations will be recovered in rates over time and, accordingly, defers such expenses as regulatory assets.

The fair value of assets that are legally restricted for purposes of settling asset retirement obligations at December 31, 2014 and 2013, was \$2.3 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. The legally restricted assets consist primarily of money market funds and are reflected in other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 11 - Preferred Stocks

Preferred stocks at December 31 were as follows:

		2014		2013
	(In thousands, except share and per share amounts			
Authorized:				
Preferred -				
500,000 shares, cumulative, par value \$100, issuable in series				
Preferred stock A -				
1,000,000 shares, cumulative, without par value, issuable in series (none outstanding)				
Preference -				
500,000 shares, cumulative, without par value, issuable in series (none outstanding)				
Outstanding:				
4.50% Series - 100,000 shares	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
4.70% Series - 50,000 shares		5,000		5,000
Total preferred stocks	\$	15,000	\$	15,000

For the years 2014, 2013 and 2012, dividends declared on the 4.50% Series and 4.70% Series preferred stocks were \$4.50 and \$4.70 per share, respectively. The 4.50% Series and 4.70% Series preferred stocks outstanding are subject to redemption, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company with certain limitations on 30 days notice on any quarterly dividend date at a redemption price, plus accrued dividends, of \$105 per share and \$102 per share, respectively.

In the event of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, all preferred stock series holders are entitled to \$100 per share, plus accrued dividends.

The affirmative vote of two-thirds of a series of the Company's outstanding preferred stock is necessary for amendments to the Company's charter or bylaws that adversely affect that series; creation of or increase in the amount of authorized stock ranking senior to that series (or an affirmative majority vote where the authorization relates to a new class of stock that ranks on parity with such series); a voluntary liquidation or sale of substantially all of the Company's assets; a merger or consolidation, with certain exceptions; or the partial retirement of that series of preferred stock when all dividends on that series of preferred stock have not been paid. The consent of the holders of a particular series is not required for such corporate actions if the equivalent vote of all outstanding series of preferred stock voting together has consented to the given action and no particular series is affected differently than any other series.

Subject to the foregoing, the holders of common stock exclusively possess all voting power. However, if cumulative dividends on preferred stock are in arrears, in whole or in part, for one year, the holders of preferred stock would obtain the right to one vote per share until all dividends in arrears have been paid and current dividends have been declared and set aside.

Note 12 - Common Stock

For the years 2014, 2013 and 2012, dividends declared on common stock were \$.7150, \$.6950 and \$.6750 per common share, respectively.

The Stock Purchase Plan provides interested investors the opportunity to make optional cash investments and to reinvest all or a percentage of their cash dividends in shares of the Company's common stock. The K-Plan is partially funded with the Company's common stock. From January 2014 to December 2014, the Stock Purchase Plan and K-Plan, with respect to Company stock, were funded with shares of authorized but unissued common stock. From January 2012 through December 2013, purchases of shares of common stock on the open market were used to fund the Stock Purchase Plan and K-Plan. At December 31, 2014, there were 14.9 million shares of common stock reserved for original issuance under the Stock Purchase Plan and K-Plan.

The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on common stock. The declaration and payment of dividends is at the sole discretion of the board of directors, subject to limitations imposed by the Company's credit

agreements, federal and state laws, and applicable regulatory limitations. In addition, the Company and Centennial are generally restricted to paying dividends out of capital accounts or net assets. The following discusses the most restrictive limitations.

Pursuant to a covenant under a credit agreement, Centennial may only make distributions to the Company in an amount up to 100 percent of Centennial's consolidated net income after taxes, excluding noncash write-downs, for the immediately preceding fiscal year. Intermountain and Cascade have regulatory limitations on the amount of dividends each can pay. Based on these limitations, approximately \$2.3 billion of the net assets of the Company's subsidiaries were restricted from being used to transfer funds to the Company at December 31, 2014. In addition, the Company's credit agreement also contains restrictions on dividend payments. The most restrictive limitation requires the Company not to permit the ratio of funded debt to capitalization (determined with respect to the Company alone, excluding its subsidiaries) to be greater than 65 percent. Based on this limitation, approximately \$259 million of the Company's (excluding its subsidiaries) net assets, which represents common stockholders' equity including retained earnings, would be restricted from use for dividend payments at December 31, 2014. In addition, state regulatory commissions may require the Company to maintain certain capitalization ratios. These requirements are not expected to affect the Company's ability to pay dividends in the near term.

Note 13 - Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has several stock-based compensation plans under which it is currently authorized to grant restricted stock and stock. As of December 31, 2014, there are 5.6 million remaining shares available to grant under these plans. The Company generally issues new shares of common stock to satisfy restricted stock, stock and performance share awards.

Total stock-based compensation expense (after tax) was \$4.4 million, \$3.9 million and \$4.0 million in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

As of December 31, 2014, total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to stock-based compensation was approximately \$8.0 million (before income taxes) which will be amortized over a weighted average period of 1.6 years.

Stock awards

Nonemployee directors may receive shares of common stock instead of cash in payment for directors' fees under the nonemployee director stock compensation plan. There were 43,088 shares with a fair value of \$1.1 million, 36,713 shares with a fair value of \$1.1 million and 53,888 shares with a fair value of \$1.1 million issued under this plan during the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

A key employee of the Company received an award of 43,103 shares of common stock under a long-term incentive plan with a fair value of \$930,000 during the year ended December 31, 2012.

Performance share awards

Since 2003, key employees of the Company have been awarded performance share awards each year. Entitlement to performance shares is based on the Company's total shareholder return over designated performance periods as measured against a selected peer group.

Target grants of performance shares outstanding at December 31, 2014, were as follows:

Grant Date	Performance Period	Target Grant of Shares
February 2012	2012-2014	251,196
March 2013	2013-2015	240,419
February 2014	2014-2016	196,840

Participants may earn from zero to 200 percent of the target grant of shares based on the Company's total shareholder return relative to that of the selected peer group. Compensation expense is based on the grant-date fair value as determined by Monte Carlo simulation. The blended volatility term structure ranges are comprised of 50 percent historical volatility and 50 percent implied volatility. Risk-free interest rates were based on U.S. Treasury security rates in effect as of the grant date. Assumptions used for grants of performance shares issued in 2014, 2013 and 2012 were:

			2014			2013			2012
Grant-date fair value		1	\$41.13			\$29.01			\$17.18
Blended volatility range	18.94%	-	20.43%	16.10%	-	19.39%	24.29%	-	25.81%
Risk-free interest rate range	.03%	-	.74%	.09%	-	.40%	.10%	-	.35%
Discounted dividends per share			\$2.15			\$2.12			\$1.19

The fair value of the performance shares that vested during the year ended December 31, 2014, was \$16.6 million. There were no performance shares that vested in 2013 or 2012.

A summary of the status of the performance share awards for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at beginning of period	749,991 \$	21.99
Granted	196,840	41.13
Additional performance shares earned	236,699	19.99
Vested	(491,213)	19.99
Forfeited	(3,862)	29.01
Nonvested at end of period	688,455 \$	28.16

Note 14 - Income Taxes

The components of income (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations for each of the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
	(In thousands)	
United States	\$ 411,182 \$	415,202 \$	(47,175)
Foreign	(52)	416	1,708
Income (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations	\$ 411,130 \$	415,618 \$	(45,467)

Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
	(
Current:			
Federal	\$ 32,726 \$	45,518 \$	(26,858)
State	5,390	4,311	858
Foreign	_	(29)	(75)
	38,116	49,800	(26,075)
Deferred:			
Income taxes:			
Federal	81,017	78,953	(1,224)
State	4,989	8,031	(6,323)
Investment tax credit - net	1,009	(206)	44
	87,015	86,778	(7,503)
Change in uncertain tax positions	(5,183)	-	1,974
Change in accrued interest	21	158	458
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 119,969 \$	136,736 \$	(31,146)

Components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In the	usands)
Deferred tax assets:		
Regulatory matters	\$ 134,567 \$	125,607
Accrued pension costs	97,690	74,320
Alternative minimum tax credit carryforward	23,844	33,304
Compensation-related	38,654	31,550
Asset retirement obligations	34,296	29,578
Legal and environmental contingencies	10,049	10,710
Other	59,389	45,101
Total deferred tax assets	398,489	350,170
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and basis differences on property, plant and equipment	906,455	813,597
Basis differences on oil and natural gas producing properties	270,939	266,168
Regulatory matters	97,521	64,914
Intangible asset amortization	22,505	13,579
Other	29,676	26,170
Total deferred tax liabilities	1,327,096	1,184,428
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (928,607) \$	(834,258

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, no valuation allowance has been recorded associated with the previously identified deferred tax assets. The alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards do not expire.

The following table reconciles the change in the net deferred income tax liability from December 31, 2013, to December 31, 2014, to deferred income tax expense:

		2014
	(In thousands)
Change in net deferred income tax liability from the preceding table	\$	94,349
Deferred taxes associated with other comprehensive loss		2,360
Other		(9,694)
Deferred income tax expense for the period	\$	87,015

Total income tax expense (benefit) differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income (loss) before taxes. The reasons for this difference were as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2014		2013		2012	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
		(0	sands)			
Computed tax at federal statutory rate	\$ 143,895	35.0 \$	145,466	35.0 \$	(15,914)	35.0
Increases (reductions) resulting from:						
State income taxes, net of federal income tax	10,483	2.5	10,524	2.5	2,469	(5.4)
Domestic production activities	(5,460)	(1.3)	(677)	(.2)	-	_
Nonqualified benefit plans	(1,624)	(.4)	(5,173)	(1.2)	(2,359)	5.2
Depletion allowance	(4,010)	(1.0)	(3,764)	(.9)	(3,728)	8.2
Federal renewable energy credit	(3,655)	(.9)	(3,404)	(.8)	(3,401)	7.5
Deductible K-Plan dividends	(2,062)	(.5)	(1,593)	(.4)	(2,829)	6.2
AFUDC equity	(2,031)	(.5)	(1,074)	(.3)	(1,500)	3.3
Resolution of tax matters and uncertain tax positions	(7,367)	(1.8)	(859)	(.2)	2,559	(5.6)
Deferred tax rate changes	9	_	741	.2	(3,083)	6.8
Other	(8,209)	(1.9)	(3,451)	(.8)	(3,360)	7.3
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 119,969	29.2 \$	136,736	32.9 \$	(31,146)	68.5

The income tax benefit in 2012 resulted largely from the Company's write-downs of oil and natural gas properties, as discussed in Note 1.

Deferred income taxes have been accrued with respect to temporary differences related to the Company's foreign operations. The amount of cumulative undistributed earnings for which there are temporary differences is approximately \$3.6 million at December 31, 2014. The amount of deferred tax liability, net of allowable foreign tax credits, associated with the undistributed earnings at December 31, 2014, was approximately \$1.4 million.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending prior to 2007. The Company and the Internal Revenue Service have agreed to a settlement for the 2007 through 2009 tax years.

A reconciliation of the unrecognized tax benefits (excluding interest) for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 14,914	\$ 14,914	\$ 11,206
Additions for tax positions of prior years	_	_	3,708
Settlements	(14,777)	_	-
Balance at end of year	\$ 137	\$ 14,914	\$ 14,914

Included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2013, was \$8.4 million of tax positions for which the ultimate deductibility is highly certain but for which there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility. Because of the impact of deferred tax accounting, other than interest and penalties, the disallowance of the shorter deductibility period would not affect the annual effective tax rate but would accelerate the payment of cash to the taxing authority to an earlier period. The amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective tax rate was \$155,000, including approximately \$18,000 for the payment of interest and penalties at December 31, 2014, and was \$9.0 million, including approximately \$2.5 million for the payment of interest and penalties at December 31, 2013.

It is likely that substantially all of the unrecognized tax benefits, as well as interest, at December 31, 2014, will be settled in the next twelve months.

For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized approximately \$1.8 million, \$1.2 million and \$740,000, respectively, in interest expense. Penalties were not material in 2014, 2013 and 2012. The Company recognized interest income of approximately \$540,000, \$660,000 and \$290,000 for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Company had accrued liabilities of approximately \$1.8 million and \$2.8 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, for the payment of interest.

Note 15 - Business Segment Data

The Company's reportable segments are those that are based on the Company's method of internal reporting, which generally segregates the strategic business units due to differences in products, services and regulation. The internal reporting of these operating segments is defined based on the reporting and review process used by the Company's chief executive officer. The vast majority of the Company's operations are located within the United States. The Company also has an investment in a foreign country, which consists of Centennial Resources' investment in ECTE. For more information, see Note 4.

The electric segment generates, transmits and distributes electricity in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming. The natural gas distribution segment distributes natural gas in those states as well as in Idaho, Minnesota, Oregon and Washington. These operations also supply related value-added services.

The pipeline and energy services segment provides natural gas transportation, underground storage, processing and gathering services, as well as oil gathering, through regulated and nonregulated pipeline systems and processing facilities primarily in the Rocky Mountain and northern Great Plains regions of the United States. This segment is constructing Dakota Prairie Refinery in conjunction with Calumet to refine crude oil and also provides cathodic protection and other energy-related services.

The exploration and production segment is engaged in oil and natural gas development and production activities in the Rocky Mountain and Mid-Continent/Gulf States regions of the United States. The Company intends to market its exploration and production business in the future. The plan to market this business has been delayed due to low oil prices.

The construction materials and contracting segment mines aggregates and markets crushed stone, sand, gravel and related construction materials, including ready-mixed concrete, cement, asphalt, liquid asphalt and other value-added products. It also performs integrated contracting services. This segment operates in the central, southern and western United States and Alaska and Hawaii.

The construction services segment specializes in constructing and maintaining electric and communication lines, gas pipelines, fire suppression systems, and external lighting and traffic signalization equipment. This segment also provides utility excavation services and inside electrical wiring, cabling and mechanical services, sells and distributes electrical materials, and manufactures and distributes specialty equipment.

The Other category includes the activities of Centennial Capital, which insures various types of risks as a captive insurer for certain of the Company's subsidiaries. The function of the captive insurer is to fund the deductible layers of the insured companies' general liability, automobile liability and pollution liability coverages. Centennial Capital also owns certain real and personal property. The Other category also includes Centennial Resources' investment in ECTE.

The information below follows the same accounting policies as described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Information on the Company's businesses as of December 31 and for the years then ended was as follows:

	2014		2013	2012
			(In thousands)	
External operating revenues:				
Electric	\$ 277,874	\$	257,260	\$ 236,895
Natural gas distribution	921,986		851,945	754,848
Pipeline and energy services	166,496		155,369	139,883
	1,366,356		1,264,574	1,131,626
Exploration and production	500,526		490,924	412,651
Construction materials and contracting	1,740,089		1,675,444	1,597,257
Construction services	1,062,055		1,029,909	932,013
Other	1,532		1,553	1,884
9.50.600	3,304,202		3,197,830	2,943,805
Total external operating revenues	\$ 4,670,558	\$	4,462,404	\$ 4,075,431
Intersegment operating revenues:				
Electric	\$ _	\$	_	\$
Natural gas distribution	_		_	_
Pipeline and energy services	49,372		46,699	53,274
Exploration and production	47,045		45,099	35,966
Construction materials and contracting	25,241		36,693	20,168
Construction services	57,474		9,930	6,545
Other	7,832		8,067	8,486
Intersegment eliminations	(186,964)	Š.	(146,488)	(124,439
Total intersegment operating revenues	\$ _	\$		\$ -
Depreciation, depletion and amortization:				
Electric	\$ 35,008	\$	32,789	\$ 32,509
Natural gas distribution	54,700		50,031	45,731
Pipeline and energy services	30,645		29,119	27,684
Exploration and production	198,199		186,458	160,681
Construction materials and contracting	68,557		74,470	79,527
Construction services	12,874		11,939	11,063
Other	2,196		2,050	2,010
Intersegment eliminations	(811)	8	_	
Total depreciation, depletion and amortization	\$ 401,368	\$	386,856	\$ 359,205

		2014	2013		2012
			(In thousands)		
Interest expense: Electric	\$	15,595	12,590	4	12,421
Natural gas distribution	*	27,217	25,123	4	28,726
Pipeline and energy services		10,048	10,330		7,742
Exploration and production		13,834	14,315		9,018
Construction materials and contracting		16,368	17,394		15.211
Construction materials and contracting Construction services		4,176	4,306		4,435
Other		15	15		13
Intersegment eliminations		(237)	(156)		(867
Total interest expense	\$	87,016		-	76,699
Income taxes:					
Electric	\$	12,442	9,683	•	8,975
	•	11,350	16,633	*	12,005
Natural gas distribution					37,53333
Pipeline and energy services		9,699	3,390		15,291
Exploration and production		47,739	53,197		(108,264
Construction materials and contracting		18,586	24,765		14,099
Construction services		24,753	29,504		24,128
Other		(1,119)	2,433		2,620
Intersegment eliminations		(3,481)	(2,869)	-	(21.146
Total income taxes	\$	119,969	136,736	>	(31,146
Earnings (loss) on common stock:		22220			225-220
Electric	\$	36,731		\$	30,634
Natural gas distribution		30,484	37,656		29,409
Pipeline and energy services		22,628	7,629		26,588
Exploration and production		96,733	94,450		(177,283
Construction materials and contracting		51,510	50,946		32,420
Construction services		54,432	52,213		38,429
Other		7,461	5,136		4,797
Intersegment eliminations		(5,608)	(4,307)	<u></u>	
Earnings (loss) on common stock before income (loss) from discontinued operations		294,371	278,560		(15,006
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax*		3,177	(312)	8	13,567
Total earnings (loss) on common stock	\$	297,548	278,248	\$	(1,439
Capital expenditures:					
Electric	\$	185,121	168,557	\$	112,035
Natural gas distribution		120,613	101,279		130,178
Pipeline and energy services		177,409	127,092		133,787
Exploration and production		600,572	391,315		554,528
Construction materials and contracting		37,896	34,607		45,083
Construction services		26,942	15,102		14,835
Other		2,131	2,249		791
Net proceeds from sale or disposition of property and other		(306,994)	(112,131)	_	(57,460
Total net capital expenditures	\$	843,690	728,070	\$	933,777
Assets:					
Electric**	\$	1,030,611	884,283	\$	760,324
Natural gas distribution**		1,931,908	1,786,068		1,703,459
Pipeline and energy services		1,081,902	798,701		622,470
Exploration and production		1,738,064	1,616,131		1,539,017
Construction materials and contracting		1,272,231	1,305,808		1,371,252
Construction services		454,602	450,614		429,547
Other***		300,660	219,727		256,422
Total assets	\$	7,809,978	7,061,332	\$	6,682,491

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Property, plant and equipment:			
Electric**	\$ 1,457,101 \$	1,315,822 \$	1,150,584
Natural gas distribution**	1,904,759	1,776,901	1,689,950
Pipeline and energy services	1,220,233	962,172	816,533
Exploration and production	3,402,879	3,060,848	2,764,560
Construction materials and contracting	1,529,942	1,510,355	1,504,981
Construction services	144,395	134,948	130,624
Other	50,937	49,997	50,519
Eliminations	(17,075)	(7,177)	_
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	4,166,407	3,872,487	3,608,912
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 5,526,764 \$	4,931,379 \$	4,498,839

^{*}Reflected in the Other category.

Note: The results reflect \$391.8 million (\$246.8 million after tax) of noncash write-downs of oil and natural gas properties in 2012.

Excluding the impairments of the coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$9.0 million (after tax) and \$1.7 million (after tax) in 2013 and 2012, respectively, and the reversal of the charge related to natural gas gathering operations litigation of \$1.5 million (after tax) and \$15.0 million (after tax) in 2013 and 2012, respectively, as discussed in Notes 1 and 19, respectively, earnings from electric, natural gas distribution and pipeline and energy services are substantially all from regulated operations. Earnings from exploration and production, construction materials and contracting, construction services and other are all from nonregulated operations.

Capital expenditures for 2014, 2013 and 2012 include noncash capital expenditure-related accounts payable and exclude capital expenditures of the noncontrolling interest related to Dakota Prairie Refinery. The net transactions were \$(61.2) million in 2014, \$(56.8) million in 2013 and \$33.7 million in 2012.

Note 16 - Employee Benefit Plans

Pension and other postretirement benefit plans

The Company has noncontributory defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans for certain eligible employees. The Company uses a measurement date of December 31 for all of its pension and postretirement benefit plans.

Defined pension plan benefits to all nonunion and certain union employees hired after December 31, 2005, were discontinued. In 2010, all benefit and service accruals for nonunion and certain union plans were frozen. In 2011 and 2012, all benefit and service accruals for certain additional union employees were frozen. These employees will be eligible to receive additional defined contribution plan benefits.

Effective January 1, 2010, eligibility to receive retiree medical benefits was modified at certain of the Company's businesses. Employees who had attained age 55 with 10 years of continuous service by December 31, 2010, will be provided the current retiree medical insurance benefits or can elect the new benefit, if desired, regardless of when they retire. All other current employees must meet the new eligibility criteria of age 60 and 10 years of continuous service at the time they retire. These employees will be eligible for a specified company funded Retiree Reimbursement Account. Employees hired after December 31, 2009, will not be eligible for retiree medical benefits at certain of the Company's businesses.

In 2012, the Company modified health care coverage for certain retirees. Effective January 1, 2013, post-65 coverage was replaced by a fixed-dollar subsidy for retirees and spouses to be used to purchase individual insurance through an exchange.

^{**} Includes allocations of common utility property.

^{***} Includes assets not directly assignable to a business (i.e. cash and cash equivalents, certain accounts receivable, certain investments and other miscellaneous current and deferred assets).

Changes in benefit obligation and plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2014 and 2013, were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Be	nefits	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
		(In thousands))		
Change in benefit obligation:					
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 402,772 \$	459,111 \$	81,726 \$	103,358	
Service cost	129	155	1,518	1,675	
Interest cost	17,682	16,249	3,521	3,215	
Plan participants' contributions	_	_	1,399	1,472	
Actuarial (gain) loss	80,520	(44,551)	18,024	(20,985)	
Benefits paid	(25,766)	(28,192)	(7,176)	(7,009)	
Benefit obligation at end of year	475,337	402,772	99,012	81,726	
Change in net plan assets:					
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	334,844	309,184	84,543	74,361	
Actual gain on plan assets	24,500	35,539	7,527	13,819	
Employer contribution	20,785	18,313	1,293	1,900	
Plan participants' contributions	_	_	1,399	1,472	
Benefits paid	(25,766)	(28,192)	(7,176)	(7,009)	
Fair value of net plan assets at end of year	354,363	334,844	87,586	84,543	
Funded status - (under) over	\$ (120,974) \$	(67,928) \$	(11,426) \$	2,817	
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31:				97	
Other assets (noncurrent)	\$ - \$	- \$	4,345 \$	9,679	
Other accrued liabilities (current)			(322)	(381)	
Other liabilities (noncurrent)	(120,974)	(67,928)	(15,449)	(6,481)	
Net amount recognized	\$ (120,974) \$	(67,928) \$	(11,426) \$	2,817	
Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss consist of:					
Actuarial loss	\$ 207,430 \$	135,061 \$	25,779 \$	11,314	
Prior service cost (credit)	294	365	(15,744)	(17,137)	
Total	\$ 207,724 \$	135,426 \$	10,035 \$	(5,823)	

Employer contributions and benefits paid in the preceding table include only those amounts contributed directly to, or paid directly from, plan assets. Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss in the above table includes amounts related to regulated operations, which are recorded as regulatory assets (liabilities) and are expected to be reflected in rates charged to customers over time. For more information on regulatory assets (liabilities), see Note 6.

Unrecognized pension actuarial losses in excess of 10 percent of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service lives of active participants for non-frozen plans and over the average life expectancy of plan participants for frozen plans. The market-related value of assets is determined using a five-year average of assets. Unrecognized postretirement net transition obligation was amortized over a 20-year period ending 2012.

The pension plans all have accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets. The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for these plans at December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In thousands)
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 475,337 \$	402,772
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 475,337 \$	402,772
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 354,363 \$	334,844

Components of net periodic benefit cost for the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits			Postreti		
	2014	2013	2012	2014	2013	2012
			(In thousand	is)		
Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit):						
Service cost	\$ 129 \$	155 \$	1,078 \$	1,518 \$	1,675 \$	1,747
Interest cost	17,682	16,249	17,598	3,521	3,215	4,166
Expected return on assets	(21,218)	(19,917)	(23,536)	(4,617)	(4,343)	(4,890)
Amortization of prior service cost (credit)	71	71	(46)	(1,393)	(1,457)	(1,438)
Recognized net actuarial loss	4,869	7,173	7,070	649	1,814	2,134
Curtailment gain	_	-	(1,023)	_	-	-
Amortization of net transition obligation	_	-	-	_	-	2,128
Net periodic benefit cost (credit), including amount capitalized	1,533	3,731	1,141	(322)	904	3,847
Less amount capitalized	388	727	937	(21)	164	910
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	1,145	3,004	204	(301)	740	2,937
Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss:						
Net (gain) loss	77,238	(60,173)	19,982	15,114	(30,461)	1,863
Prior service credit	_	_	_	_	_	(11,418)
Amortization of actuarial loss	(4,869)	(7,173)	(7,070)	(649)	(1,814)	(2,134)
Amortization of prior service (cost) credit	(71)	(71)	1,069	1,393	1,457	1,438
Amortization of net transition obligation	_	_	_	_	_	(2,128)
Total recognized in accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss	72,298	(67,417)	13,981	15,858	(30,818)	(12,379)
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost (credit) and accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss	\$ 73,443 \$	(64,413) \$	14,185 \$	15,557 \$	(30,078) \$	(9,442)

The estimated net loss and prior service cost for the defined benefit pension plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive loss into net periodic benefit cost in 2015 are \$7.1 million and \$71,000, respectively. The estimated net loss and prior service credit for the other postretirement benefit plans that will be amortized from accumulated other comprehensive loss into net periodic benefit cost in 2015 are \$1.8 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. Prior service cost is amortized on a straight line basis over the average remaining service period of active participants.

Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations at December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Discount rate	3.70%	4.53%	3.74%	4.48%	
Expected return on plan assets	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%	6.00%	
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A	3.00%	3.00%	

Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Discount rate	4.53%	3.65%	4.48%	3.67%	
Expected return on plan assets	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%	6.00%	
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A	3.00%	4.00%	

The expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on a targeted asset allocation range determined by the funded ratio of the plan. As of December 31, 2014, the expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 40 percent to 50 percent equity securities and 50 percent to 60 percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected rate of return on other postretirement plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 65 percent to

75 percent equity securities and 25 percent to 35 percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected return on plan assets for other postretirement benefits reflects insurance-related investment costs.

Health care rate assumptions for the Company's other postretirement benefit plans as of December 31 were as follows:

		2014			2013
Health care trend rate assumed for next year	4.0% -	7.0%	6.0%	_	7.0%
Health care cost trend rate - ultimate	5.0% -	6.0%	5.0%	-	6.0%
Year in which ultimate trend rate achieved		2017			2017

The Company's other postretirement benefit plans include health care and life insurance benefits for certain retirees. The plans underlying these benefits may require contributions by the retiree depending on such retiree's age and years of service at retirement or the date of retirement. The accounting for the health care plans anticipates future cost-sharing changes that are consistent with the Company's expressed intent to generally increase retiree contributions each year by the excess of the expected health care cost trend rate over six percent.

Assumed health care cost trend rates may have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one percentage point change in the assumed health care cost trend rates would have had the following effects at December 31, 2014:

		1 Percentage Point Increase		1 Percentage Point Decrease
		is)		
Effect on total of service and interest cost components	\$	247	\$	(207)
Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$	4,489	\$	(3,832)

The Company's pension assets are managed by 15 outside investment managers. The Company's other postretirement assets are managed by one outside investment manager. The Company's investment policy with respect to pension and other postretirement assets is to make investments solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plans and for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits accrued and defraying the reasonable expenses of administration. The Company strives to maintain investment diversification to assist in minimizing the risk of large losses. The Company's policy guidelines allow for investment of funds in cash equivalents, fixed-income securities and equity securities. The guidelines prohibit investment in commodities and futures contracts, equity private placement, employer securities, leveraged or derivative securities, options, direct real estate investments, precious metals, venture capital and limited partnerships. The guidelines also prohibit short selling and margin transactions. The Company's practice is to periodically review and rebalance asset categories based on its targeted asset allocation percentage policy.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's pension plans' assets are determined using the market approach.

The carrying value of the pension plans' Level 2 cash equivalents approximates fair value and is determined using observable inputs in active markets or the net asset value of shares held at year end, which is determined using other observable inputs including pricing from outside sources. Units of this fund can be redeemed on a daily basis at their net asset value and have no redemption restrictions. The assets are invested in high quality, short-term instruments of domestic and foreign issuers. There are no unfunded commitments related to this fund.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level 1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level 1 and Level 2 collective and mutual funds are based on the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on either published market quotations on active markets or other known sources including pricing from outside sources. Units of these funds can be redeemed on a daily basis at their net asset value and have no redemption restrictions. There are no unfunded commitments related to these funds.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level 2 corporate and municipal bonds is determined using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, future cash flows and other reference data.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level 1 U.S. Government securities are valued based on quoted prices on an active market.

The estimated fair value of the pension plans' Level 2 U.S. Government securities are valued mainly using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, to be announced prices, future cash flows and other reference data. Some of these securities are valued using pricing from outside sources.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's pension plans' assets (excluding cash) by class were as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014, Using				
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2014
			(In thousar	nds)	
Assets:					
Cash equivalents	\$	- \$	5,631 \$	- \$	5,631
Equity securities:					
U.S. companies		39,077	_	_	39,077
International companies		5,189	_	_	5,189
Collective and mutual funds*		132,403	77,449	_	209,852
Corporate bonds		_	59,471	_	59,471
Municipal bonds		_	10,462	_	10,462
U.S. Government securities		15,001	6,849		21,850
Total assets measured at fair value	\$	191,670 \$	159,862 \$	- \$	351,532

^{*}Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 13 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 13 percent in U.S. Government securities, 23 percent in corporate bonds, 33 percent in common stock of international companies and 18 percent in other investments.

	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013, Using			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2013
S2 45		(In thousar	nds)	7
Assets:				
Cash equivalents	\$ - \$	9,406 \$	- \$	9,406
Equity securities:				
U.S. companies	62,599	-	-	62,599
International companies	39,437	_	_	39,437
Collective and mutual funds*	116,265	42,483	_	158,748
Corporate bonds	-	42,721	_	42,721
Municipal bonds	_	7,561	-	7,561
U.S. Government securities	7,487	4,335	-	11,822
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 225,788 \$	106,506 \$	- \$	332,294

^{*}Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 11 percent in common stock of mid-cap U.S. companies, 19 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 12 percent in U.S. Government securities, 27 percent in corporate bonds, 13 percent in common stock of international companies and 18 percent in other investments.

The estimated fair values of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets are determined using the market approach.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 2 cash equivalents is valued at the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on published market quotations on active markets, or using other known sources including pricing from outside sources. Units of this fund can be redeemed on a daily basis at their net asset value and have no redemption restrictions. The assets are invested in high-quality, short-term money market instruments that consist of municipal obligations. There are no unfunded commitments related to this fund.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets (excluding cash) by asset class were as follows:

	 Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014, Using					
	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets for Other Identical Observable Assets Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2014		
No. of the second						
Assets:						
Cash equivalents	\$ - \$	2,097 \$	- \$	2,097		
Equity securities:						
U.S. companies	2,614		_	2,614		
International companies	25	_	_	25		
Insurance contract*	_	82,846	-	82,846		
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 2,639 \$	84,943 \$	- \$	87,582		

^{*}The insurance contract invests approximately 54 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 11 percent in U.S. Government securities, 10 percent in mortgage-backed securities, 10 percent in corporate bonds and 15 percent in other investments.

	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013, Using					
	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets for Other Identical Observable Assets Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2013		
Assets:						
Cash equivalents	\$ - \$	2,142 \$	- \$	2,142		
Equity securities:						
U.S. companies	2,802		_	2,802		
International companies	221		_	221		
Insurance contract*	_	79,374		79,374		
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 3,023 \$	81,516 \$	- \$	84,539		

^{*}The insurance contract invests approximately 55 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 12 percent in U.S. Government securities, 8 percent in mortgage-backed securities, 8 percent in common stock of mid-cap U.S. companies, 9 percent in corporate bonds and 8 percent in other investments.

The Company expects to contribute approximately \$3.9 million to its defined benefit pension plans and approximately \$400,000 to its postretirement benefit plans in 2015.

The following benefit payments, which reflect future service, as appropriate, and expected Medicare Part D subsidies are as follows:

Years	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits	Expected Medicare Part D Subsidy
		(In thousands)	
2015	\$ 23,769	\$ 5,162	\$ 218
2016	24,025	5,186	213
2017	24,621	5,262	207
2018	25,064	5,329	200
2019	25,498	5,344	193
2020 - 2024	133,935	26,714	836

Nonqualified benefit plans

In addition to the qualified plan defined pension benefits reflected in the table at the beginning of this note, the Company also has unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans for executive officers and certain key management employees that generally provide for defined benefit payments at age 65 following the employee's retirement or to their beneficiaries upon death for a 15-year period. The Company's net periodic benefit cost for these plans was \$6.6 million, \$7.3 million and \$8.1 million in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The total projected benefit obligation for these plans was \$115.6 million and \$106.9 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The accumulated benefit obligation for these plans was \$108.2 million and \$99.7 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. A weighted average discount rate of 3.51 percent and 4.32 percent at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.00 percent and 4.00 percent at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.00 percent and 3.00 percent at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.00 percent at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.00 percent at December 31, 2014 and 2013, were used to determine net periodic benefit cost.

The amount of benefit payments for the unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans are expected to aggregate \$6.6 million in 2015; \$6.5 million in 2016; \$6.7 million in 2017; \$7.1 million in 2018; \$7.3 million in 2019 and \$37.9 million for the years 2020 through 2024.

In 2012, the Company established a nonqualified defined contribution plan for certain key management employees. Expenses incurred under this plan for 2014 and 2013 were \$104,000 and \$25,000, respectively.

The Company had investments of \$101.4 million and \$98.1 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, consisting of equity securities of \$54.9 million and \$53.5 million, respectively, life insurance carried on plan participants (payable upon the employee's death) of \$32.8 million and \$31.4 million, respectively, and other investments of \$13.7 million and \$13.2 million, respectively. The Company anticipates using these investments to satisfy obligations under these plans.

Defined contribution plans

The Company sponsors various defined contribution plans for eligible employees and the costs incurred under these plans were \$34.4 million in 2014, \$33.2 million in 2013 and \$29.3 million in 2012.

Multiemployer plans

The Company contributes to a number of multiemployer defined benefit pension plans under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements that cover its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in these multiemployer plans are different from single-employer plans in the following aspects:

- · Assets contributed to the MEPP by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers
- If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers
- If the Company chooses to stop participating in some of its MEPPs, the Company may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability

The Company's participation in these plans is outlined in the following table. Unless otherwise noted, the most recent Pension Protection Act zone status available in 2014 and 2013 is for the plan's year-end at December 31, 2013, and December 31, 2012, respectively. The zone status is based on information that the Company received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are between 65 percent and 80 percent funded,

and plans in the green zone are at least 80 percent funded.

EIMPoor		Pension Protection Act Zone Status		FIP/RP Status		С	ontrib	utions		S	Expiration Date of Collective
	EIN/Pension Plan Number	2014	2013	Pending/ - Implemented		2014	- 2	2013	2012	 Surcharge Imposed 	Bargaining Agreement
		Section 1919	Sec. 10			(II	n thou	sands)			
Edison Pension Plan	93-6061681-001	Green as of 12/31/2014	Green as of 12/31/2013	No	\$	9,061	\$ 6	,358 \$	5,171	No	12/31/2014*
IBEW Local 38 Pension Plan	34-6574238-001	Yellow as of 4/30/2014	Yellow as of 4/30/2013	Implemented		777	1	,041	2,771	No	4/23/2017
IBEW Local No. 82 Pension Plan	31-6127268-001	Red as of 6/30/2014	Red as of 6/30/2013	Implemented		1,392	1	,284	1,093	No	11/29/2015
IBEW Local No. 246 Pension Plan	34-6582842-001	Yellow as of 5/31/2014	Yellow as of 5/31/2013	Implemented		694	1	,848	1	No	10/31/2017
IBEW Local 648 Pension Plan	31-6134845-001	Red as of 2/28/2014	Red as of 2/28/2013	Implemented		1,110	1	,489	564	No	8/31/2015
Laborers Pension Trust Fund for Northern California	94-6277608-001	Yellow as of 5/31/2014	Yellow as of 5/31/2013	Implemented		663		921	567	No	6/30/2016
National Electrical Benefit Fund	53-0181657-001	Green	Green	No		6,476	5	,883	5,603	No	11/30/2019
OE Pension Trust Fund	94-6090764-001	Red as of 12/31/2014	Yellow	Implemented		1,445	1	,510	1,156	No	6/15/2015- 6/30/2016
Operating Engineers Local 800 & WY Contractors Association, Inc. Pension Plan for Wyoming**	83-6011320-001	Red as of 12/31/2014	Red as of 12/31/2013	Implemented		68		76	91	No	10/31/2005*
Operating Engineers Pension Trust	95-6032478-001	Red as of 6/30/2014	Red as of 6/30/2013	Implemented		612		493	761	No	7/1/2016
Sheet Metal Workers' Pension Plan of Southern CA, AZ and NV	95-6052257-001	Red as of 12/31/2014	Red as of 12/31/2013	Implemented		676		512	467	No	6/30/2015
Southwest Marine Pension Trust	95-6123404-001	Red as of 12/31/2014	Red as of 12/31/2013	Implemented		31		42	76	No	1/31/2014*- 1/31/2019
Other funds						19,812	17	,803	16,458		
Total contributions					s	42,817	\$ 39	.260 \$	34,779		

^{*}Plan includes collective bargaining agreements which have expired. The agreements contain provisions that automatically renew the existing contracts in lieu of a new negotiated collective bargaining agreement.

The Company was listed in the plans' Forms 5500 as providing more than 5 percent of the total contributions for the following plans and plan years:

Pension Fund	Year Contributions to Plan Exceeded More Than 5 Percent of Total Contributions (as of December 31 of the Plan's Year-End)
Edison Pension Plan	2013 and 2012
IBEW Local 38 Pension Plan	2012
IBEW Local No. 82 Pension Plan	2013 and 2012
Local Union No. 124 IBEW Pension Trust Fund	2013 and 2012
Local Union 212 IBEW Pension Trust Fund	2013 and 2012
IBEW Local Union No. 357 Pension Plan A	2013 and 2012
IBEW Local 648 Pension Plan	2013 and 2012
Idaho Plumbers and Pipefitters Pension Plan	2012
Minnesota Teamsters Construction Division Pension Fund	2013 and 2012
Operating Engineers Local 800 & WY Contractors Association, Inc. Pension Plan for Wyoming*	2013 and 2012
Pension and Retirement Plan of Plumbers and Pipefitters Union Local No. 525	2013 and 2012

35 45

*The Company withdrew from the plan as of October 26, 2014, as discussed below.

On September 24, 2014, Knife River provided notice to the Operating Engineers Local 800 & WY Contractors Association, Inc. Pension Plan for Wyoming that it was withdrawing from the plan effective October 26, 2014. The plan administrator will determine Knife River's

^{**} The Company withdrew from the plan as of October 26, 2014, as discussed below.

withdrawal liability, which the Company currently estimates at approximately \$14 million (approximately \$8.4 million after tax). The assessed withdrawal liability for this plan may be significantly different from the current estimate.

The Company also contributes to a number of multiemployer other postretirement plans under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements that cover its union-represented employees. These plans provide benefits such as health insurance, disability insurance and life insurance to retired union employees. Many of the multiemployer other postretirement plans are combined with active multiemployer health and welfare plans. The Company's total contributions to its multiemployer other postretirement plans, which also includes contributions to active multiemployer health and welfare plans, were \$34.6 million, \$37.1 million and \$31.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Amounts contributed in 2014, 2013 and 2012 to defined contribution multiemployer plans were \$22.0 million, \$20.6 million and \$18.7 million, respectively.

Note 17 - Jointly Owned Facilities

The consolidated financial statements include the Company's ownership interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of the Big Stone Station, Coyote Station and Wygen III. Each owner of the stations is responsible for financing its investment in the jointly owned facilities.

The Company's share of the stations operating expenses was reflected in the appropriate categories of operating expenses (fuel, operation and maintenance and taxes, other than income) in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

At December 31, the Company's share of the cost of utility plant in service and related accumulated depreciation for the stations was as follows:

		2014		2013
		(In tho		
Big Stone Station:				
Utility plant in service	\$	64,283	\$	63,890
Less accumulated depreciation	7.5	43,043	200	41,323
	\$	21,240	\$	22,567
Coyote Station:				
Utility plant in service	\$	138,810	\$	138,261
Less accumulated depreciation		94,443		89,528
	\$	44,367	\$	48,733
Wygen III:	1.2			
Utility plant in service	\$	65,597	\$	64,332
Less accumulated depreciation	V-5.40	5,928		4,639
	\$	59,669	\$	59,693

Note 18 - Regulatory Matters and Revenues Subject to Refund

On August 11, 2014, Montana-Dakota filed an application with the MTPSC for a natural gas rate increase. Montana-Dakota requested a total increase of approximately \$3.0 million annually or approximately 3.6 percent above current rates. The requested increase includes the costs associated with the increased investment in facilities, including ongoing investment in new and replacement distribution facilities, depreciation and taxes associated with the increased investment as well as an increase in Montana-Dakota's operation and maintenance expenses. On February 3, 2015, the MTPSC approved an interim increase of \$2.0 million or approximately 2.3 percent, subject to refund, to be effective with service rendered on and after February 6, 2015. The MTPSC has scheduled a hearing for this matter on March 25, 2015.

On October 3, 2014, Montana-Dakota filed an application with the WYPSC for a natural gas rate increase. Montana-Dakota requested a total increase of approximately \$788,000 annually or approximately 4.1 percent above current rates. The requested increase includes the costs associated with the increased investment in facilities, including ongoing investment in new and replacement distribution facilities and the associated operation and maintenance expenses, depreciation and taxes associated with the increase in investment. The WYPSC has scheduled a hearing for this matter on May 19, 2015.

On November 14, 2014, Montana-Dakota filed an application with the NDPSC for approval to implement the rate adjustment associated with the electric generation resource recovery rider approved by the NDPSC on August 20, 2014. On January 7, 2015, the NDPSC approved the rate adjustments of \$5.3 million annually to be effective with service rendered on and after January 9, 2015.

On December 22, 2014, Montana-Dakota filed an application for advance determination of prudence and a certificate of public convenience and necessity with the NDPSC for the Thunder Spirit Wind project. This project will provide energy, capacity and renewable energy credits to Montana-Dakota's electric customers in North Dakota, Montana and South Dakota.

On February 6, 2015, Montana-Dakota filed an application with the NDPSC for a natural gas rate increase. Montana-Dakota requested a total increase of approximately \$4.3 million annually or approximately 3.4 percent above current rates. The requested increase includes the costs associated with the increased investment in facilities, including ongoing investment in new and replacement distribution facilities, depreciation and taxes associated with the increased investment as well as an increase in Montana-Dakota's operation and maintenance expenses. Montana-Dakota requested an interim increase of \$4.3 million or 3.4 percent, subject to refund. This matter is pending before the NDPSC.

Note 19 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is party to claims and lawsuits arising out of its business and that of its consolidated subsidiaries. The Company accrues a liability for those contingencies when the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Company does not accrue liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is probable or reasonably possible and which are material, the Company discloses the nature of the contingency and, in some circumstances, an estimate of the possible loss. The Company had accrued liabilities of \$27.6 million and \$29.5 million for contingencies, including litigation, production taxes, royalty claims and environmental matters at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which include amounts that may have been accrued for matters discussed in Litigation and Environmental matters within this note.

Litigation

Construction Materials Until the fall of 2011 when it discontinued active mining operations at the pit, JTL operated the Target Range Gravel Pit in Missoula County, Montana under a 1975 reclamation contract pursuant to the Montana Opencut Mining Act. In September 2009, the Montana DEQ sent a letter asserting JTL was in violation of the Montana Opencut Mining Act by conducting mining operations outside a permitted area. JTL filed a complaint in Montana First Judicial District Court in June 2010, seeking a declaratory order that the reclamation contract is a valid permit under the Montana Opencut Mining Act. The Montana DEQ filed an answer and counterclaim to the complaint in August 2011, alleging JTL was in violation of the Montana Opencut Mining Act and requesting imposition of penalties of not more than \$3.7 million plus not more than \$5,000 per day from the date of the counterclaim. The Company believes the operation of the Target Range Gravel Pit was conducted under a valid permit; however, the imposition of civil penalties is reasonably possible. The Company filed an application for amendment of its opencut mining permit and intends to resolve this matter through settlement or continuation of the Montana First Judicial District Court litigation.

Former Employee Litigation On August 6, 2012, a former employee and his spouse filed actions against Connolly-Pacific and others in California Superior Court alleging the former employee contracted acute myelogenous leukemia from exposure to substances while employed as a seaman by the defendants. The plaintiffs request compensatory damages of approximately \$23.8 million plus punitive damages, costs and interest. Connolly-Pacific is contesting the claims and believes it has meritorious defenses to them. Connolly-Pacific will seek insurance coverage for defense costs and any liability incurred in the litigation.

Natural Gas Gathering Operations In January 2010, SourceGas filed an application with the Colorado State District Court to compel WBI Energy Midstream to arbitrate a dispute regarding operating pressures under a natural gas gathering contract on one of WBI Energy Midstream's pipeline gathering systems in Montana. WBI Energy Midstream resisted the application and sought a declaratory order interpreting the gathering contract. In May 2010, the Colorado State District Court granted the application and ordered WBI Energy Midstream into arbitration. In October 2010, the arbitration panel issued an award in favor of SourceGas for approximately \$26.6 million. As a result, WBI Energy Midstream, which is included in the pipeline and energy services segment, recorded a \$26.6 million charge (\$16.5 million after tax) in the third quarter of 2010. On April 20, 2011, the Colorado State District Court confirmed the arbitration award as a court judgment. WBI Energy Midstream filed an appeal from the Colorado State District Court's order and judgment to the Colorado Court of Appeals. The Colorado Court of Appeals issued a decision on May 24, 2012, reversing the Colorado State District Court order compelling arbitration, vacating the final award and remanding the case to the Colorado State District Court to determine SourceGas's claims and WBI Energy Midstream's counterclaims. As a result of the Colorado Court of Appeals decision, in the second quarter of 2012, WBI Energy Midstream changed its estimated loss related to this matter. This resulted in a reduction of expense of \$24.1 million (\$15.0 million after tax), which was largely reflected in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income. On August 2, 2012, SourceGas filed a petition for writ of certiorari with the Colorado Supreme Court for review of the Colorado Court of Appeals decision which was denied on July 22, 2013. On remand of the matter to the Colorado State District Court, SourceGas may assert claims similar to those asserted in the arbitration proceeding.

In a related matter, Omimex filed a complaint against WBI Energy Midstream in Montana Seventeenth Judicial District Court in July 2010 alleging WBI Energy Midstream breached a separate gathering contract with Omimex as a result of the increased operating pressures demanded by SourceGas on the same natural gas gathering system. In December 2011, Omimex filed an amended complaint alleging WBI Energy Midstream breached obligations to operate its gathering system as a common carrier under United States and Montana law. WBI Energy Midstream removed the action to the United States District Court for the District of Montana. The parties subsequently settled the breach of contract claim and, subject to final determination on liability, stipulated to the damages on the common carrier claim, for amounts that are not material. A trial on the common carrier claim was held during July 2013. On December 9, 2014, the United States District Court for the District of Montana issued an order determining WBI Energy Midstream breached its obligations as a common carrier and ordered judgment in favor of Omimex for the amount of the stipulated damages. WBI Energy Midstream filed an appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Montana's order and judgment.

Exploration and Production During the ordinary course of its business, Fidelity is subject to audit for various production related taxes by certain state and federal tax authorities for varying periods as well as claims for royalty obligations under lease agreements for oil and gas production. Disputes may exist regarding facts and questions of law relating to the tax and royalty obligations.

On May 15, 2013, Austin Holdings, LLC filed an action against Fidelity in Wyoming State District Court alleging Fidelity violated the Wyoming Royalty Payment Act and implied lease covenants by deducting production costs from and by failing to properly report and pay royalties for coalbed methane gas production in Wyoming. The plaintiff, in addition to declaratory and injunctive relief, seeks class certification for similarly situated persons and an unspecified amount of monetary damages on behalf of the class for unpaid royalties, interest, reporting violations and attorney fees. The Company reached a settlement of the matter, subject to court approval, for an amount that is not material.

The Company also is subject to other litigation, and actual and potential claims in the ordinary course of its business which may include, but are not limited to, matters involving property damage, personal injury, and environmental, contractual, statutory and regulatory obligations. Accruals are based on the best information available but actual losses in future periods are affected by various factors making them uncertain. After taking into account liabilities accrued for the foregoing matters, management believes that the outcomes with respect to the above issues and other probable and reasonably possible losses in excess of the amounts accrued, while uncertain, will not have a material effect upon the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Environmental matters

Portland Harbor Site In December 2000, Knife River - Northwest was named by the EPA as a PRP in connection with the cleanup of a riverbed site adjacent to a commercial property site acquired by Knife River - Northwest from Georgia-Pacific West, Inc. in 1999. The riverbed site is part of the Portland, Oregon, Harbor Superfund Site. The EPA wants responsible parties to share in the cleanup of sediment contamination in the Willamette River. To date, costs of the overall remedial investigation and feasibility study of the harbor site are being recorded, and initially paid, through an administrative consent order by the LWG, a group of several entities, which does not include Knife River - Northwest or Georgia-Pacific West, Inc. Investigative costs are indicated to be in excess of \$70 million. It is not possible to estimate the cost of a corrective action plan until the remedial investigation and feasibility study have been completed, the EPA has decided on a strategy and a ROD has been published. Corrective action will be taken after the development of a proposed plan and ROD on the harbor site is issued. Knife River - Northwest also received notice in January 2008 that the Portland Harbor Natural Resource Trustee Council intends to perform an injury assessment to natural resources resulting from the release of hazardous substances at the Harbor Superfund Site. The Portland Harbor Natural Resource Trustee Council indicates the injury determination is appropriate to facilitate early settlement of damages and restoration for natural resource injuries. It is not possible to estimate the costs of natural resource damages until an assessment is completed and allocations are undertaken.

Based upon a review of the Portland Harbor sediment contamination evaluation by the Oregon DEQ and other information available, Knife River - Northwest does not believe it is a Responsible Party. In addition, Knife River - Northwest has notified Georgia-Pacific West, Inc., that it intends to seek indemnity for liabilities incurred in relation to the above matters pursuant to the terms of their sale agreement. Knife River - Northwest has entered into an agreement tolling the statute of limitations in connection with the LWG's potential claim for contribution to the costs of the remedial investigation and feasibility study. By letter in March 2009, LWG stated its intent to file suit against Knife River - Northwest and others to recover LWG's investigation costs to the extent Knife River - Northwest cannot demonstrate its non-liability for the contamination or is unwilling to participate in an alternative dispute resolution process that has been established to address the matter. At this time, Knife River - Northwest has agreed to participate in the alternative dispute resolution process.

The Company believes it is not probable that it will incur any material environmental remediation costs or damages in relation to the above referenced administrative action.

Manufactured Gas Plant Sites There are three claims against Cascade for cleanup of environmental contamination at manufactured gas plant sites operated by Cascade's predecessors.

The first claim is for contamination at a site in Eugene, Oregon which was received in 1995. There are PRPs in addition to Cascade that may be liable for cleanup of the contamination. Some of these PRPs have shared in the investigation costs. It is expected that these and other PRPs will share in the cleanup costs. Several alternatives for cleanup have been identified, with preliminary cost estimates ranging from approximately \$500,000 to \$11.0 million. The Oregon DEQ released a ROD in January 2015 that selected a remediation alternative for the site as recommended in an earlier staff report. It is not known at this time what share of the cleanup costs will actually be borne by Cascade; however, Cascade anticipates its proportional share could be approximately 50 percent. Cascade has accrued \$1.7 million for remediation of this site. In January 2013, the OPUC approved Cascade's application to defer environmental remediation costs at the Eugene site for a period of 12 months starting November 30, 2012. Cascade received orders reauthorizing the deferred accounting for the 12-month periods starting November 30, 2013 and December 1, 2014.

The second claim is for contamination at a site in Bremerton, Washington which was received in 1997. A preliminary investigation has found soil and groundwater at the site contain contaminants requiring further investigation and cleanup. EPA conducted a Targeted Brownfields Assessment of the site and released a report summarizing the results of that assessment in August 2009. The assessment confirms that contaminants have affected soil and groundwater at the site, as well as sediments in the adjacent Port Washington Narrows. Alternative remediation options have been identified with preliminary cost estimates ranging from \$340,000 to \$6.4 million. Data developed through the assessment and previous investigations indicates the contamination likely derived from multiple, different sources and multiple current and former owners of properties and businesses in the vicinity of the site may be responsible for the contamination. In April 2010, the Washington Department of Ecology issued notice it considered Cascade a PRP for hazardous substances at the site. In May 2012, the EPA added the site to the National Priorities List of Superfund sites. Cascade has entered into an administrative settlement agreement and consent order with the EPA regarding the scope and schedule for a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. Cascade has accrued \$12.5 million for the remedial investigation, feasibility study and remediation of this site. In April 2010, Cascade filed a petition with the WUTC for authority to defer the costs, which are included in other noncurrent assets, incurred in relation to the environmental remediation of this site until the next general rate case. The WUTC approved the petition in September 2010, subject to conditions set forth in the order.

The third claim is for contamination at a site in Bellingham, Washington. Cascade received notice from a party in May 2008 that Cascade may be a PRP, along with other parties, for contamination from a manufactured gas plant owned by Cascade and its predecessor from about 1946 to 1962. The notice indicates that current estimates to complete investigation and cleanup of the site exceed \$8.0 million. Other PRPs have reached an agreed order and work plan with the Washington Department of Ecology for completion of a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. A report documenting the initial phase of the remedial investigation was completed in June 2011. There is currently not enough information available to estimate the potential liability to Cascade associated with this claim although Cascade believes its proportional share of any liability will be relatively small in comparison to other PRPs. The plant manufactured gas from coal between approximately 1890 and 1946. In 1946, shortly after Cascade's predecessor acquired the plant, it converted the plant to a propane-air gas facility. There are no documented wastes or by-products resulting from the mixing or distribution of propane-air gas.

Cascade has received notices from and entered into agreement with certain of its insurance carriers that they will participate in defense of Cascade for these contamination claims subject to full and complete reservations of rights and defenses to insurance coverage. To the extent these claims are not covered by insurance, Cascade will seek recovery through the OPUC and WUTC of remediation costs in its natural gas rates charged to customers. The accruals related to these matters are reflected in regulatory assets. For more information, see Note 6.

Operating leases

The Company leases certain equipment, facilities and land under operating lease agreements. The amounts of annual minimum lease payments due under these leases as of December 31, 2014, were \$48.1 million in 2015, \$43.5 million in 2016, \$34.3 million in 2017, \$28.1 million in 2018, \$19.7 million in 2019 and \$78.7 million thereafter. Rent expense was \$53.7 million, \$48.1 million and \$42.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Purchase commitments

The Company has entered into various commitments, largely construction, natural gas and coal supply, purchased power, natural gas transportation and storage, service, shipping and construction materials supply contracts, some of which are subject to variability in volume and price, and a purchase agreement of electric wind generation. These commitments range from one to 46 years. The commitments under these contracts as of December 31, 2014, were \$694.7 million in 2015, \$304.6 million in 2016, \$161.0 million in 2017, \$91.0 million in 2018, \$86.4 million in 2019 and \$910.6 million thereafter. These commitments were not reflected in the Company's consolidated

financial statements. Amounts purchased under various commitments for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were \$925.2 million, \$861.8 million and \$718.4 million, respectively.

Guarantees

In connection with the sale of the Brazilian Transmission Lines, as discussed in Note 4, Centennial has agreed to guarantee payment of any indemnity obligations of certain of the Company's indirect wholly owned subsidiaries who are the sellers in three purchase and sale agreements for periods ranging up to 10 years from the date of sale. The guarantees were required by the buyers as a condition to the sale of the Brazilian Transmission Lines.

WBI Holdings has guaranteed certain of Fidelity's oil and natural gas swap agreement obligations. There is no fixed maximum amount guaranteed in relation to the oil and natural gas swap agreements as the amount of the obligation is dependent upon oil and natural gas commodity prices. The amount of derivative activity entered into by the subsidiary is limited by corporate policy. The guarantees of the oil and natural gas swap agreements at December 31, 2014, expire in the year 2015; however, Fidelity may continue to enter into additional derivative instruments and, as a result, WBI Holdings from time to time may issue additional guarantees on these derivative instruments. There were no amounts outstanding by Fidelity at December 31, 2014. In the event Fidelity defaults under its obligations, WBI Holdings would be required to make payments under its guarantees.

Certain subsidiaries of the Company have outstanding guarantees to third parties that guarantee the performance of other subsidiaries of the Company. These guarantees are related to construction contracts, natural gas transportation and sales agreements, gathering contracts and certain other guarantees. At December 31, 2014, the fixed maximum amounts guaranteed under these agreements aggregated \$86.7 million. The amounts of scheduled expiration of the maximum amounts guaranteed under these agreements aggregate \$66.9 million in 2015; \$700,000 in 2016; \$600,000 in 2017; \$500,000 in 2018; \$500,000 in 2019; \$13.5 million, which is subject to expiration on a specified number of days after the receipt of written notice; and \$4.0 million, which has no scheduled maturity date. The amount outstanding by subsidiaries of the Company under the above guarantees was \$200,000 and was reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2014. In the event of default under these guarantee obligations, the subsidiary issuing the guarantee for that particular obligation would be required to make payments under its guarantee.

Certain subsidiaries have outstanding letters of credit to third parties related to insurance policies and other agreements, some of which are guaranteed by other subsidiaries of the Company. At December 31, 2014, the fixed maximum amounts guaranteed under these letters of credit, aggregated \$36.4 million and are scheduled to expire in 2015. There were no amounts outstanding under the above letters of credit at December 31, 2014.

Centennial and WBI Holdings have guaranteed certain debt obligations of Dakota Prairie Refining. For more information, see Variable interest entities in this note.

WBI Holdings has an outstanding guarantee to WBI Energy Transmission. This guarantee is related to a natural gas transportation and storage agreement that guarantees the performance of Prairielands. At December 31, 2014, the fixed maximum amount guaranteed under this agreement was \$4.0 million and is scheduled to expire in 2016. In the event of Prairielands' default in its payment obligations, WBI Holdings would be required to make payment under its guarantee. The amount outstanding by Prairielands under the above guarantee was \$1.1 million. The amount outstanding under this guarantee was not reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2014, because this intercompany transaction was eliminated in consolidation.

In addition, Centennial, Knife River and MDU Construction Services have issued guarantees to third parties related to the routine purchase of maintenance items, materials and lease obligations for which no fixed maximum amounts have been specified. These guarantees have no scheduled maturity date. In the event a subsidiary of the Company defaults under these obligations, Centennial, Knife River and MDU Construction Services would be required to make payments under these guarantees. Any amounts outstanding by subsidiaries of the Company for these guarantees were reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2014.

In the normal course of business, Centennial has surety bonds related to construction contracts and reclamation obligations of its subsidiaries. In the event a subsidiary of Centennial does not fulfill a bonded obligation, Centennial would be responsible to the surety bond company for completion of the bonded contract or obligation. A large portion of the surety bonds is expected to expire within the next 12 months; however, Centennial will likely continue to enter into surety bonds for its subsidiaries in the future. As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$423.5 million of surety bonds were outstanding, which were not reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Variable interest entities

The Company evaluates its arrangements and contracts with other entities to determine if they are VIEs and if so, if the Company is the primary beneficiary. For more information, see Note 1.

Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC On February 7, 2013, WBI Energy and Calumet formed a limited liability company, Dakota Prairie Refining, and entered into an operating agreement to develop, build and operate Dakota Prairie Refinery in southwestern North Dakota. WBI Energy and Calumet each have a 50 percent ownership interest in Dakota Prairie Refining. WBI Energy's and Calumet's capital commitments, based on a total project cost of \$300 million, under the agreement are \$150 million and \$75 million, respectively. Capital commitments in excess of \$300 million are expected to be shared equally between WBI Energy and Calumet. The total project cost is currently estimated at more than \$400 million. Dakota Prairie Refining entered into a term loan for project debt financing of \$75 million on April 22, 2013. The operating agreement provides for allocation of profits and losses consistent with ownership interests; however, deductions attributable to project financing debt will be allocated to Calumet. Calumet's future cash distributions from Dakota Prairie Refining will be decreased by the principal and interest to be paid on the project debt, while the cash distributions to WBI Energy will not be decreased. Pursuant to the operating agreement, Centennial agreed to guarantee Dakota Prairie Refining's obligation under the term loan.

On December 1, 2014, Dakota Prairie Refining entered into a \$50 million revolving credit agreement with an expiration date of December 1, 2015. Pursuant to the revolving credit agreement, WBI Holdings has guaranteed 50 percent of the credit agreement and Calumet has issued a letter of credit supporting 50 percent of the credit agreement. The credit agreement is used to meet the operational needs of the facility.

Dakota Prairie Refining has been determined to be a VIE, and the Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary as it has an obligation to absorb losses that could be potentially significant to the VIE through WBI Energy's equity investment and Centennial's guarantee of the third-party term loan. Accordingly, the Company consolidates Dakota Prairie Refining in its financial statements and records a noncontrolling interest for Calumet's ownership interest.

Construction of Dakota Prairie Refinery began in early 2013 and the plant is not yet operational. Therefore, the results of operations of Dakota Prairie Refining did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income. The assets of Dakota Prairie Refining shall be used solely for the benefit of Dakota Prairie Refining. The total assets and liabilities of Dakota Prairie Refining reflected on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31 were as follows:

	2014		2013
	(In thou		
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,376	\$	4,774
Accounts receivable	2,759		_
Inventories	5,311		_
Other current assets	4,019		26
Total current assets	33,465		4,800
Net property, plant and equipment	398,984		172,073
Deferred charges and other assets:			
Other	3,400		194
Total deferred charges and other assets	3,400		15.
Total assets	\$ 435,849	\$	176,873
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Long-term debt due within one year	\$ 3,000	\$	3,000
Accounts payable	55,089		8,904
Taxes payable	648		5
Accrued compensation	727		26
Other accrued liabilities	899		461
Total current liabilities	60,363		12,396
Long-term debt	 69,000		72,000
Total liabilities	\$ 129,363	\$	84,396

Fuel Contract On October 10, 2012, the Coyote Station entered into a new coal supply agreement with Coyote Creek that will replace a coal supply agreement expiring in May 2016. The new agreement provides for the purchase of coal necessary to supply the coal requirements of the Coyote Station for the period May 2016 through December 2040.

The new coal supply agreement creates a variable interest in Coyote Creek due to the transfer of all operating and economic risk to the Coyote Station owners, as the agreement is structured so that the price of the coal will cover all costs of operations as well as future reclamation costs. The Coyote Station owners are also providing a guarantee of the value of the assets of Coyote Creek as they would be required to buy the assets at book value should they terminate the contract prior to the end of the contract term and are providing a guarantee of the value of the equity of Coyote Creek in that they are required to buy the entity at the end of the contract term at equity value. Although the Company has determined that Coyote Creek is a VIE, the Company has concluded that it is not the primary beneficiary of Coyote Creek because the authority to direct the activities of the entity is shared by the four unrelated owners of the Coyote Station, with no primary beneficiary existing. As a result, Coyote Creek is not required to be consolidated in the Company's financial statements.

At December 31, 2014, Coyote Creek was not yet operational. The assets and liabilities of Coyote Creek and exposure to loss as a result of the Company's involvement with the VIE, based on the Company's ownership percentage, at December 31, 2014, was \$15.8 million.

Supplementary Financial Information

Quarterly Data (Unaudited)

The following unaudited information shows selected items by quarter for the years 2014 and 2013:

	First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
		(In th	housands, excep	t per s	share amounts)	10000
2014						
Operating revenues	\$ 1,042,853	\$	1,094,046	\$	1,370,455	\$ 1,163,204
Operating expenses	939,949		995,112		1,193,690	1,053,582
Operating income	102,904		98,934		176,765	109,622
Income from continuing operations	56,184		52,780		102,118	80,079
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(45)		547		3	2,672
Net income attributable to the Company	56,662		54,106		103,209	84,256
Earnings per common share - basic:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.30		.28		.53	.42
Discontinued operations, net of tax	_		_		_	.01
Earnings per common share - basic	.30		.28		.53	.43
Earnings per common share - diluted:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.30		.28		.53	.42
Discontinued operations, net of tax	_		_		_	.01
Earnings per common share - diluted	.30		.28		.53	.43
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	189,820		192,060		193,949	194,136
Diluted	190,432		192,659		194,300	194,219
2013						
Operating revenues	\$ 931,604	\$	1,060,595	\$	1,285,782	\$ 1,184,423
Operating expenses	827,073		969,217		1,135,909	1,037,306
Operating income	104,531		91,378		149,873	147,117
Income from continuing operations	56,592		46,392		84,550	91,348
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(77)		(59)		(118)	(58)
Net income attributable to the Company	56,515		46,512		84,456	91,450
Earnings per common share - basic:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.30		.25		.45	.48
Discontinued operations, net of tax	_		_		_	_
Earnings per common share - basic	.30		.25		.45	.48
Earnings per common share - diluted:						
Earnings before discontinued operations	.30		.24		.44	.48
Discontinued operations, net of tax	_		_		_	_
Earnings per common share - diluted	.30		.24		.44	.48
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	188,831		188,831		188,831	188,929
Diluted	189,222		189,463		189,638	189,766

Notes:

- First quarter 2014 reflects an unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$4.3 million (after tax). First quarter 2013 reflects an unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$3.7 million (after tax).
- Second quarter 2014 reflects an unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$3.3 million (after tax). Second quarter 2013 reflects an impairment of
 coalbed natural gas gathering assets of \$9.0 million (after tax) and an unrealized gain on commodity derivatives of \$8.2 million (after tax). For more
 information, see Note 1.
- Third quarter 2014 reflects an unrealized gain on commodity derivatives of \$18.1 million (after tax). Third quarter 2013 reflects an unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$7.9 million (after tax).
- Fourth quarter 2014 reflects a MEPP withdrawal liability of \$8.4 million (after tax) and an unrealized gain on commodity derivatives of \$4.1 million (after tax). Fourth quarter 2013 reflects a net benefit of \$1.5 million (after tax) related to natural gas gathering operations litigation and an unrealized loss on commodity derivatives of \$500,000 (after tax). For more information, see Notes 16 and 19.

Certain Company operations are highly seasonal and revenues from and certain expenses for such operations may fluctuate significantly among quarterly periods. Accordingly, quarterly financial information may not be indicative of results for a full year.

Exploration and Production Activities (Unaudited)

Fidelity is involved in the development and production of oil and natural gas resources. Fidelity shares revenues and expenses from the development of specified properties in the Rocky Mountain and Mid-Continent/Gulf States regions of the United States in proportion to its ownership interests.

The information that follows includes Fidelity's proportionate share of all its oil and natural gas interests.

The following table sets forth capitalized costs and accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization related to oil and natural gas producing activities at December 31:

		2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	5-246000
Subject to amortization	\$	3,205,036 \$	2,893,010 \$	2,531,562
Not subject to amortization	**	132,141	124,869	191,794
Total capitalized costs		3,337,177	3,017,879	2,723,356
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		1,752,566	1,562,116	1,383,386
Net capitalized costs	\$	1,584,611 \$	1,455,763 \$	1,339,970

Note: Net capitalized costs reflect noncash write-downs of the Company's oil and natural gas properties, as discussed in Note 1.

Capital expenditures, including those not subject to amortization, related to oil and natural gas producing activities were as follows:

Years ended December 31,	20	114		2013	*	2012
	***	(In thousands)				
Acquisitions:						
Proved properties	\$ 87,5	119	\$	1,817	\$	839
Unproved properties	138,6	83		4,608		31,109
Exploration	16,	79		26,975		235,906
Development	331,4	00		355,421		275,959
Total capital expenditures	\$ 574,	81	\$	388,821	\$	543,813

^{*}Excludes net additions/(reductions) to property, plant and equipment related to the recognition of future liabilities for asset retirement obligations associated with the plugging and abandonment of oil and natural gas wells, as discussed in Note 10, of \$(9.0) million, \$(10.7) million and \$(200,000) for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The preceding table excludes proceeds from the sales of oil and natural gas properties of \$246.6 million, \$83.6 million and \$6.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The following summary reflects income resulting from the Company's operations of oil and natural gas producing activities, excluding corporate overhead and financing costs:

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Revenues:			
Sales to affiliates	\$ 47,045 \$	45,099 \$	35,966
Sales to external customers	468,668	497,018	379,647
Realized gain on commodity derivatives	8,458	173	33,628
Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	23,400	(6,267)	(624)
Production costs	146,793	144,136	134,795
Depreciation, depletion and amortization*	193,944	182,352	157,078
Write-downs of oil and natural gas properties	_	_	391,800
Pretax income (loss)	206,834	209,535	(235,056)
Income tax expense (benefit)	75,483	75,836	(88,612)
Results of operations for producing activities	\$ 131,351 \$	133,699 \$	(146,444)

^{*}Includes accretion of discount for asset retirement obligations of \$3.5 million, \$3.6 million and \$3.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively, as discussed in Note 10.

Part II

Estimates of proved reserves were prepared in accordance with guidelines established by the industry and the SEC. The estimates are arrived at using actual historical wellhead production trends and/or standard reservoir engineering methods utilizing available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data. The proved reserve estimates as of December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were calculated using SEC Defined Prices. Other factors used in the proved reserve estimates are current estimates of well operating and future development costs (which include asset retirement costs), taxes, timing of operations, and the interests owned by the Company in the properties. These estimates are refined as new information becomes available.

The reserve estimates are prepared by internal engineers assigned to an asset team by geographic area. Senior management reviews and approves the reserve estimates to ensure they are materially accurate. In addition, the Company engaged Ryder Scott, an independent third party, to audit its proved reserve quantity estimates.

Estimates of economically recoverable oil, NGL and natural gas reserves and future net revenues therefrom are based upon a number of variable factors and assumptions. For these reasons, estimates of economically recoverable reserves and future net revenues may vary from actual results.

The Company's interests in oil, NGL and natural gas reserves are located in the United States and in and around the Gulf of Mexico.

The changes in the Company's estimated quantities of proved oil, NGL and natural gas reserves for the year ended December 31, 2014, were as follows:

	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Total (MBOE)
Proved developed and undeveloped reserves:				
Balance at beginning of year	41,019	6,602	198,445	80,695
Production	(4,919)	(609)	(20,822)	(8,998)
Extensions and discoveries	9,654	3,634	64,420	24,025
Improved recovery	_	_	-	_
Purchases of proved reserves	5,463	-	7,711	6,748
Sales of proved reserves	(4,945)	(3,109)	(40,451)	(14,796)
Revisions of previous estimates	(2,354)	669	35,708	4,266
Balance at end of year	43,918	7,187	245,011	91,940

Significant changes in proved reserves for the year ended December 31, 2014, include:

- Extensions and discoveries of 24.0 MMBOE, primarily due to drilling activity at the Company's East Texas, Bakken and Powder River Basin properties
- Purchases of proved reserves of 6.7 MMBOE, primarily due to the purchase of working interests and leasehold positions in the Powder River Basin
- Sales of proved reserves of (14.8) MMBOE, primarily at the Company's South Texas and Bakken properties
- · Revisions of previous estimates of 4.3 MMBOE, largely the result of higher natural gas prices and well performance revisions

The changes in the Company's estimated quantities of proved oil, NGL and natural gas reserves for the year ended December 31, 2013, were as follows:

	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Total (MBOE)
Proved developed and undeveloped reserves:	1200 000		6819637 ADM A	4 5 4 5 5 5 5
Balance at beginning of year	33,453	7,153	239,278	80,486
Production	(4,815)	(781)	(28,008)	(10,264)
Extensions and discoveries	13,313	1,333	26,428	19,050
Improved recovery	_	_	_	_
Purchases of proved reserves	_	_	_	_
Sales of proved reserves	(1,286)	(25)	(40,055)	(7,987)
Revisions of previous estimates	354	(1,078)	802	(590)
Balance at end of year	41,019	6,602	198,445	80,695

Significant changes in proved reserves for the year ended December 31, 2013, include:

- Extension and discoveries of 19.1 MMBOE, primarily due to drilling activity and new PUD locations at the Company's Bakken and Paradox Basin properties, as well as new PUD locations at Big Horn and East Texas
- · Sales of proved reserves of (8.0) MMBOE, primarily at the Company's Green River Basin property

The changes in the Company's estimated quantities of proved oil, NGL and natural gas reserves for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

	Oil (MBbls)	NGL (MBbls)	Natural Gas (MMcf)	Total (MBOE)
Proved developed and undeveloped reserves:				
Balance at beginning of year	27,005	7,342	379,827	97,651
Production	(3,694)	(828)	(33,214)	(10,058)
Extensions and discoveries	9,874	1,817	18,386	14,756
Improved recovery	_	_	-	-
Purchases of proved reserves	_	-	_	_
Sales of proved reserves	(39)	-	(2,307)	(423)
Revisions of previous estimates	307	(1,178)	(123,414)	(21,440)
Balance at end of year	33,453	7,153	239,278	80,486

Significant changes in proved reserves for the year ended December 31, 2012, include:

- Extensions and discoveries of 14.8 MMBOE, primarily due to drilling activity at the Company's Bakken, South Texas and Paradox properties
- Revisions of previous estimates of (21.4) MMBOE, largely the result of lower natural gas prices resulting in a reduction of PDP and PUD
 reserves principally in the Company's Coalbed, Baker, Bowdoin, East Texas and Green River Basin natural gas properties

The following table summarizes the breakdown of the Company's proved reserves between proved developed and PUD reserves at December 31:

	2014	2013	2012
Proved developed reserves:			
Oil (MBbls)	30,130	31,394	27,412
NGL (MBbls)	4,217	5,322	5,342
Natural Gas (MMcf)	184,437	176,546	218,259
Total (MBOE)	65,086	66,140	69,131
PUD reserves:			
Oil (MBbls)	13,788	9,625	6,041
NGL (MBbls)	2,970	1,280	1,811
Natural Gas (MMcf)	60,574	21,899	21,019
Total (MBOE)	26,854	14,555	11,355
Total proved reserves:			
Oil (MBbls)	43,918	41,019	33,453
NGL (MBbls)	7,187	6,602	7,153
Natural Gas (MMcf)	245,011	198,445	239,278
Total (MBOE)	91,940	80,695	80,486

As of December 31, 2014, the Company had 26.9 MMBOE of PUD reserves, which is an increase of 12.3 MMBOE from December 31, 2013. The increase relates to the Company adding 21.2 MMBOE of new PUD reserves and acquiring 3.9 MMBOE. This was partially offset by the Company converting 3.7 MMBOE, requiring \$98.3 million of drilling and completion capital in 2014, divesting of 6.4 MMBOE, and negative PUD revisions of 2.7 MMBOE. At December 31, 2014, the Company did not have any PUD locations that remained undeveloped for five years or more. Future development costs estimated to be spent in each of the next three years to develop PUD reserves at December 31, 2014, are \$141.8 million in 2015, \$157.4 million in 2016 and \$120.9 million in 2017. The future development costs are prepared using year-end costs and assuming continuation of existing economic and operating conditions and are not necessarily reflective of the Company's expectations. The timing of marketing the exploration and production business may also affect future development costs.

Part II

The standardized measure of the Company's estimated discounted future net cash flows of total proved reserves associated with its various oil and natural gas interests at December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Future cash inflows	\$ 5,185,500 \$	4,507,000 \$	3,696,200
Future production costs	1,856,900	1,734,800	1,536,500
Future development costs	570,200	403,000	301,600
Future net cash flows before income taxes	2,758,400	2,369,200	1,858,100
Future income tax expense	686,100	545,200	304,900
Future net cash flows	2,072,300	1,824,000	1,553,200
10% annual discount for estimated timing of cash flows	997,400	810,000	669,800
Discounted future net cash flows relating to proved oil, NGL and natural gas reserves	\$ 1,074,900 \$	1,014,000 \$	883,400

The following are the sources of change in the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows by year:

	2014	2013	2012
		(In thousands)	
Beginning of year	\$ 1,014,000 \$	883,400 \$	978,800
Net revenues from production	(368,900)	(398,000)	(280,800)
Net change in sales prices and production costs related to future production	86,300	162,200	(406,300)
Extensions and discoveries, net of future production-related costs	231,900	366,500	355,300
Improved recovery, net of future production-related costs	_	_	_
Purchases of proved reserves, net of future production-related costs	103,800	_	77.5
Sales of proved reserves	(219,300)	(37,800)	(2,600)
Changes in estimated future development costs	65,100	6,700	37,600
Development costs incurred during the current year	104,600	141,500	77,700
Accretion of discount	109,400	94,600	121,400
Net change in income taxes	(33,400)	(141,400)	110,000
Revisions of previous estimates	(16,300)	(55,800)	(100,700)
Other	(2,300)	(7,900)	(7,000)
Net change	60,900	130,600	(95,400)
End of year	\$ 1,074,900 \$	1,014,000 \$	883,400

The estimated discounted future cash inflows from estimated future production of proved reserves were computed using prices as previously discussed. Future production and development costs, which include asset retirement costs, attributable to proved reserves were computed by applying year-end costs to be incurred in producing and further developing the proved reserves. Future income tax expenses were computed by applying statutory tax rates to the estimated net future pretax cash flows less the tax basis of the oil and gas properties, adjusted for permanent differences and tax credits.

The standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows does not purport to represent the fair market value of oil and natural gas properties. There are significant uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of proved reserves and in projecting rates of production and the timing and amount of future costs. In addition, future realization of oil, NGL and natural gas prices over the remaining reserve lives may vary significantly from SEC Defined Prices.

Definitions

The following abbreviations and acronyms used in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are defined below:

Abbreviation or Acronym

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification

Bbl Barrel

Bicent Bicent Power LLC

475-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Big Stone City, South Dakota (22.7 percent **Big Stone Station**

ownership)

BOE One barrel of oil equivalent - determined using the ratio of one barrel of crude oil, condensate or

natural gas liquids to six Mcf of natural gas

Brazilian Transmission Lines Company's investment in the company owning ECTE, ENTE and ERTE (ownership interests in

> ENTE and ERTE were sold in the fourth quarter of 2010 and portions of the ownership interest in ECTE were sold in the first quarter of 2015, the third quarters of 2013 and 2012 and the fourth

quarters of 2011 and 2010)

Btu British thermal unit

California Superior Court Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles (South District - Long Beach)

Calumet Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P.

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital Cascade CEM Colorado Energy Management, LLC, a former direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Resources (sold in the third quarter of 2007)

Centennial Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company **Centennial Capital** Centennial Holdings Capital LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial **Centennial Resources** Centennial Energy Resources LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Colorado State District Court Colorado Thirteenth Judicial District Court, Yuma County

Company MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Connolly-Pacific Connolly-Pacific Co., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

Coyote Creek Coyote Creek Mining Company, LLC, a subsidiary of The North American Coal Corporation Coyote Station 427-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Beulah, North Dakota (25 percent ownership)

Dakota Prairie Refinery 20,000-barrel-per-day diesel topping plant being built by Dakota Prairie Refining in

southwestern North Dakota

Dakota Prairie Refining Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC, a limited liability company jointly owned by WBI Energy and

Calumet

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization

ECTE Empresa Catarinense de Transmissão de Energia S.A. (2.5 percent ownership interest at

December 31, 2014, 2.5, 2.5, 2.5 and 14.99 percent ownership interests were sold in the third quarters of 2013 and 2012 and the fourth quarters of 2011 and 2010, respectively, with the

remaining 2.5 percent ownership interest sold in January 2015)

EIN Employer Identification Number

ENTE Empresa Norte de Transmissão de Energia S.A. (entire 13.3 percent ownership interest sold in

the fourth quarter of 2010)

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Empresa Regional de Transmissão de Energia S.A. (entire 13.3 percent ownership interest sold ERTE

in the fourth quarter of 2010)

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Fidelity Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

FIP Funding improvement plan

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America **Great Plains** Great Plains Natural Gas Co., a public utility division of the Company

IBEW International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

Intermountain Intermountain Gas Company, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of MDU Energy Capital

Item 8 Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

JTL JTL Group, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

Part II

Knife River Corporation, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

Knife River - Northwest Knife River Corporation - Northwest, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Knife River

K-Plan Company's 401(k) Retirement Plan

 LWG
 Lower Willamette Group

 MBbls
 Thousands of barrels

 MB0E
 Thousands of BOE

 Mcf
 Thousand cubic feet

MDU Brasil Ltda., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial Resources

MDU Construction Services MDU Construction Services Group, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

MDU Energy Capital MDU Energy Capital, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company

MEPP Multiemployer pension plan

MMB0E Millions of BOE
MMBtu Million Btu
MMcf Million cubic feet

Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a public utility division of the Company

Montana DEQ Montana Department of Environmental Quality

Montana First Judicial District Court Montana First Judicial District Court, Lewis and Clark County

Montana Seventeenth Judicial

District Court Montana Seventeenth Judicial District Court, Phillips County

MTPSC Montana Public Service Commission

MW Megawatt

NDPSC North Dakota Public Service Commission

NGL Natural gas liquids

NYMEX New York Mercantile Exchange
Oil Includes crude oil and condensate

Omimex Canada, Ltd.

OPUC Oregon Public Utility Commission

Oregon DEQ Oregon State Department of Environmental Quality

PDP Proved developed producing

Prairielands Prairielands Energy Marketing, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

PRP Potentially Responsible Party

PUD Proved undeveloped
ROD Record of Decision
RP Rehabilitation plan

Ryder Scott Company, L.P.

SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

SEC Defined Prices The average price of oil and natural gas during the applicable 12-month period, determined as

an unweighted arithmetic average of the first-day-of-the-month price for each month within such period, unless prices are defined by contractual arrangements, excluding escalations based upon

future conditions

SourceGas Distribution LLC

Stock Purchase Plan Company's Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan

VIE Variable interest entity

WBI Energy, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Energy Midstream WBI Energy Midstream, LLC, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings
WBI Energy Transmission WBI Energy Transmission, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings

WBI Holdings, Inc., a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Centennial

WUTC Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

Wygen III 100-MW coal-fired electric generating facility near Gillette, Wyoming (25 percent ownership)

WYPSC Wyoming Public Service Commission

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

The following information includes the evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures by the Company's chief executive officer and the chief financial officer, along with any significant changes in internal controls of the Company.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The term "disclosure controls and procedures" is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. The Company's disclosure controls and other procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, such controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Controls

No change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2014, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The information required by this item is included in this Form 10-K at Item 8 - Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

The information required by this item is included in this Form 10-K at Item 8 - Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this item is included in the last sentence of the third paragraph under the caption "Item 1. Election of Directors" and under the captions "Item 1. Election of Directors - Director Nominees," "Information Concerning Executive Officers," the first paragraph and the second and third sentences of the second paragraph under "Corporate Governance - Audit Committee," "Corporate Governance - Code of Conduct," the second sentence of the last paragraph under "Corporate Governance - Board Meetings and Committees" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" in the Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is included under the caption "Executive Compensation" in the Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table includes information as of December 31, 2014, with respect to the Company's equity compensation plans:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	ex	(b) ighted average tercise price of inding options, ants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))	
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders (1)	688,455 (2)	\$	28.16	4,953,800	(3)(4)
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders	N/A		N/A	N/A	

Consists of the Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan, the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan and the Non-Employee Director Stock Compensation Plan.

(2) Consists of performance shares.

The remaining information required by this item is included under the caption "Security Ownership" in the Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this item is included under the captions "Related Person Transaction Disclosure," "Corporate Governance - Director Independence" and the second sentence of the third paragraph under "Corporate Governance - Board Meetings and Committees" in the Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is included under the caption "Item 2. Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm - Accounting and Auditing Matters" in the Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference.

^{(3) 357,757} shares remain available for future issuance under the Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan in connection with grants of restricted stock, performance units, performance shares or other equity-based awards. 4,463,373 shares under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan remain available for future issuance in connection with grants of restricted stock, performance units, performance shares or other equity-based awards.

⁽⁴⁾ This amount also includes 132,670 shares available for issuance under the Non-Employee Director Stock Compensation Plan. Under this plan, in addition to a cash retainer, non-employee directors are awarded shares equal in value to \$110,000 annually. A non-employee director may acquire additional shares under the plan in lieu of receiving the cash portion of the director's retainer or fees.

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a) Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules and Exhibits

Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules

1. Financial Statements

The following consolidated financial statements required under this item are included under Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.	Page
Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014	55
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014	56
Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2014 and 2013	57
Consolidated Statements of Equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014	58
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014	59
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	60
2. Financial Statement Schedules The following financial statement schedules are included in Part IV of this report.	Page
Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated)	
Condensed Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014	111
Condensed Balance Sheets at December 31, 2014 and 2013	112
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014	113
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements	113
Schedule II - Consolidated Valuation and Qualifying Accounts.	114

MDU RESOURCES GROUP, INC.

Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated)
Condensed Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012	
	 (Ir	(In thousands)		
Operating revenues	\$ 628,578 \$	549,239 \$	472,302	
Operating expenses	547,820	473,917	405,095	
Operating income	80,758	75,322	67,207	
Other income	5,271	3,709	3,925	
Interest expense	21,055	17,386	17,297	
Income before income taxes	64,974	61,645	53,835	
Income taxes	16,819	13,520	11,798	
Equity in earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	250,078	230,808	(42,791)	
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	298,233	278,933	(754)	
Dividends declared on preferred stocks	685	685	685	
Earnings (loss) on common stock	\$ 297,548 \$	278,248 \$	(1,439)	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 294,335 \$	289,449 \$	(2,474)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated) Condensed Balance Sheets

December 31,	2014	2013
	(In thousands, except shares and pe	er share amounts)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,120 \$	5,051
Receivables, net	91,493	88,529
Accounts receivable from subsidiaries	32,691	31,372
Inventories	33,584	29,312
Deferred income taxes	547	3,196
Prepayments and other current assets	70,852	14,231
Total current assets	235,287	171,691
Investments	64,446	60,687
Investment in subsidiaries	2,590,283	2,380,829
Property, plant and equipment	1,984,956	1,785,861
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	660,026	660,693
Net property, plant and equipment	1,324,930	1,125,168
Deferred charges and other assets:		
Goodwill	4,812	4,812
Other	163,408	121,253
Total deferred charges and other assets	168,220	126,065
Total assets	\$ 4,383,166 \$	3,864,440
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Long-term debt due within one year	\$ 109 \$	109
Accounts payable	48,088	45,282
Accounts payable to subsidiaries	30,863	4,839
Taxes payable	10,583	12,337
Dividends payable	35,607	33,737
Accrued compensation	11,227	16,076
Other accrued liabilities	36,488	28,042
Total current liabilities	172,965	140,422
Long-term debt	508,164	434,598
Deferred credits and other liabilities:		
Deferred income taxes	251,067	205,639
Other liabilities	316,929	260,617
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	567,996	466,256
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stocks	15,000	15,000
Common stockholders' equity:		
Common stock		
Authorized - 500,000,000 shares, \$1.00 par value		
Issued - 194,754,812 shares in 2014 and 189,868,780 shares in 2013	194,755	189,869
Other paid-in capital	1,207,188	1,056,996
Retained earnings	1,762,827	1,603,130
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(42,103)	(38,205
Treasury stock at cost - 538,921 shares	(3,626)	(3,626
Total common stockholders' equity	3,119,041	2,808,164
Total stockholders' equity	3,134,041	2,823,164
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,383,166 \$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Schedule I - Condensed Financial Information of Registrant (Unconsolidated) Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013	2012
	(In	thousands)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 208,208 \$	188,259 \$	225,968
Investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(223,251)	(211,013)	(150,337)
Net proceeds from sale or disposition of property and other	1,552	20,624	1,120
Investments in and advances to subsidiaries	(134,451)	(1,016)	(1,387)
Advances from subsidiaries	64,500	10,000	5,000
Investments	(794)	613	12
Net cash used in investing activities	(292,444)	(180,792)	(145,592)
Financing activities:			
Issuance of long-term debt	148,959	77,924	76,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(76,432)	(85)	(21)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	150,060	14,554	88
Dividends paid	(136,712)	(98,405)	(159,768)
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	3,326	-	21
Tax withholding on stock-based compensation	(3,896)	(s—)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	85,305	(6,012)	(83,680)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,069	1,455	(3,304)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	5,051	3,596	6,900
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 6,120 \$	5,051 \$	3,596

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation The condensed financial information reported in Schedule I is being presented to comply with Rule 12-04 of Regulation S-X. The information is unconsolidated and is presented for the parent company only, which is comprised of MDU Resources Group, Inc. (the Company) and Montana-Dakota and Great Plains, public utility divisions of the Company. In Schedule I, investments in subsidiaries are presented under the equity method of accounting where the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries are not consolidated. The investments in net assets of the subsidiaries are recorded on the Condensed Balance Sheets. The income (loss) from subsidiaries is reported as equity in earnings (loss) of subsidiaries on the Condensed Statements of Income. The consolidated financial statements of MDU Resources Group, Inc. reflect certain businesses as discontinued operations. In Schedule I, amounts from discontinued operations have not been separately stated. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Earnings (loss) per common share Please refer to the Consolidated Statements of Income of the registrant for earnings (loss) per common share. In addition, see Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for information on the computation of earnings (loss) per common share.

Note 2 - Debt The Company has long-term debt obligations outstanding of \$508.3 million at December 31, 2014, with annual maturities of \$100,000 in 2015, \$50.1 million in 2016, \$100,000 in 2017, \$100.0 million in 2018, \$77.5 million in 2019 and \$280.5 million scheduled to mature in years after 2019.

For more information on debt, see Note 9 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 3 - Dividends The Company depends on earnings from its divisions and dividends from its subsidiaries to pay dividends on common stock. Cash dividends paid to the Company by subsidiaries were \$105.6 million, \$77.6 million and \$125.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Schedule II - Consolidated Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012

			Add	itions		_			
Description	Begin	Balance at ning of Year	Charged to Costs and Expenses		Other	*	Deductions	**	Balance at End of Year
				(In t	thousands)				
Allowance for doubtful accounts:									
2014	\$	10,085	\$ 8,548	\$	1,335	\$	10,457		\$ 9,511
2013		10,818	5,725		1,395		7,853		10,085
2012		12,407	7,064		1,754		10,407		10,818

^{*} Recoveries.

All other schedules are omitted because of the absence of the conditions under which they are required, or because the information required is included in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto.

3. Exhibits

- 3(a) Restated Certificate of Incorporation of MDU Resources Group, Inc., as amended, dated May 13, 2010, filed as Exhibit 3(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, filed on November 3, 2010, in File No. 1-3480*
- 3(b) Bylaws of MDU Resources Group, Inc., as amended and restated on August 14, 2014, filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K dated August 14, 2014, filed on August 19, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(a) Indenture, dated as of December 15, 2003, between MDU Resources Group, Inc. and The Bank of New York, as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4(f) to Form S-8 on January 21, 2004, in Registration No. 333-112035*
- 4(b) First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 17, 2009, between MDU Resources Group, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, filed as Exhibit 4(c) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed on February 17, 2010, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(c) Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. Amended and Restated Master Shelf Agreement, effective as of April 29, 2005, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America and certain investors described therein, filed as Exhibit 4(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, filed on August 3, 2005, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(d) Letter Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Master Shelf Agreement, dated May 17, 2006, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America, and certain investors described in the Letter Amendment, filed as Exhibit 4(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006, filed on August 4, 2006, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(e) MDU Resources Group, Inc. Credit Agreement, dated May 26, 2011, among MDU Resources Group, Inc., Various Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, filed as Exhibit 4(e) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 24, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(f) First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated October 4, 2012, among MDU Resources Group, Inc., Various Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, filed as Exhibit 4 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, filed on November 7, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(g) Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated May 8, 2014, among MDU Resources Group, Inc., Various Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, filed as Exhibit 4(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, filed on August 8, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(h) Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated May 8, 2014, among Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, as Administrative Agent, and The Several Financial Institutions party thereto, filed as Exhibit 4(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, filed on August 8, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(i) MDU Energy Capital, LLC Master Shelf Agreement, dated as of August 9, 2007, among MDU Energy Capital, LLC, Prudential Investment Management, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America and the holders of the notes thereunder, filed as Exhibit 4 to Form 8-K dated August 16, 2007, filed on August 16, 2007, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(j) Amendment No. 1 to Master Shelf Agreement, dated October 1, 2008, among MDU Energy Capital, LLC, Prudential Investment Management, Inc., the Prudential Insurance Company of America, and the holders of the notes thereunder, filed as Exhibit 4(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2008, filed on November 5, 2008, in File No. 1-3480*
- 4(k) Indenture dated as of August 1, 1992, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York relating to Medium-Term Notes, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation as Exhibit 4 to Form 8-K dated August 12, 1992, in File No. 1-7196*

^{**} Uncollectible accounts written off.

- 4(I) First Supplemental Indenture dated as of October 25, 1993, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York relating to Medium-Term Notes and the 7.5% Notes due November 15, 2031, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation as Exhibit 4 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1993, in File No. 1-7196*
- 4(m) Second Supplemental Indenture, dated January 25, 2005, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York, as trustee, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation as Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K dated January 25, 2005, filed on January 26, 2005, in File No. 1-7196*
- 4(n) Third Supplemental Indenture dated as of March 8, 2007, between Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Successor Trustee, filed by Cascade Natural Gas Corporation as Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K dated March 8, 2007, filed on March 8, 2007, in File No. 1-7196*
- +10(a) Supplemental Income Security Plan, as amended and restated November 12, 2009, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed on February 17, 2010, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(b) Director Compensation Policy, as amended May 15, 2014, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, filed on August 8, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(c) Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors, as amended May 15, 2008, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, filed on August 7, 2008, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(d) Non-Employee Director Stock Compensation Plan, as amended May 12, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, filed on August 5, 2011, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(e) MDU Resources Group, Inc. Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended May 17, 2012, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012, filed on August 7, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(f) Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended November 17, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(h) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 24, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(g) MDU Resources Group, Inc. Executive Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended March 4, 2013, and Rules and Regulations, as amended March 4, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2013, filed on May 7, 2013, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(h) Form of Performance Share Award Agreement under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended November 14, 2012, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012, filed on November 20, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(i) Form of Performance Share Award Agreement under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 12, 2014, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, filed on May 7, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(j) Form of Annual Incentive Award Agreement under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, as amended February 12, 2014, filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K dated February 12, 2014, filed on February 19, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(k) Form of MDU Resources Group, Inc. Indemnification Agreement for Section 16 Officers and Directors, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K dated May 15, 2014, filed on May 15, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(I) Form of Amendment No. 1 to Indemnification Agreement, filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K dated May 15, 2014, filed on May 15, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(m) MDU Resources Group, Inc. Section 16 Officers and Directors with Indemnification Agreements Chart, as of January 9, 2015**
- +10(n) Employment Letter for J. Kent Wells, dated March 9, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(v) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 24, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(o) MDU Resources Group, Inc. Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, as adopted November 17, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(x) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 24, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(p) MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, as restated March 1, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011, filed on November 4, 2011, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(q) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated March 29, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011, filed on May 5, 2011, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(r) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated June 30, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(d) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, filed on August 5, 2011, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(s) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated September 9, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the guarter ended September 30, 2011, filed on November 4, 2011, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(t) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated December 29, 2011, filed as Exhibit 10(ac) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 24, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(u) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated May 24, 2012, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012, filed on August 7, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*

+10(v)	Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated August 29, 2012, filed	as
	Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, filed on November 7, 2012, in File No. 1-3	480*

- +10(w) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated August 29, 2012, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, filed on November 7, 2012, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(x) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated December 19, 2012, filed as Exhibit 10(z) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, filed on February 28, 2013, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(y) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated September 9, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the guarter ended September 30, 2013, filed on November 7, 2013, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(z) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated September 9, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10(c) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, filed on November 7, 2013, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(aa) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated September 23, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10(d) to Form 10-Q for the guarter ended September 30, 2013, filed on November 7, 2013, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(ab) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated December 31, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10(aa) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed on February 21, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(ac) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated March 13, 2014, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, filed on May 7, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(ad) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated June 5, 2014, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, filed on August 8, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(ae) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated July 7, 2014, filed as Exhibit 4.20 to Form S-8, filed on August 26, 2014, in Registration No. 333-198364*
- +10(af) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated August 18, 2014, filed as Exhibit 4.21 to Form S-8, filed on August 26, 2014, in Registration No. 333-198364*
- +10(ag) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated September 30, 2014, filed as Exhibit 10(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, filed on November 7, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(ah) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated November 25, 2014**
- +10(ai) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated December 11, 2014**
- +10(aj) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated December 11, 2014**
- +10(ak) Instrument of Amendment to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. 401(k) Retirement Plan, dated December 30, 2014**
- +10(al) Employment Letter for Jeffrey S. Thiede, dated May 16, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10(ab) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed on February 21, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- +10(am) Agreement with J. Kent Wells, dated January 22, 2015, filed as Exhibit 10 to Form 8-K dated January 20, 2015, filed on January 23, 2015, in File No. 1-3480*
 - Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated February 10, 2014, dated effective October 1, 2013, between Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, Fidelity Oil Co. and Ballard Petroleum Holdings LLC, filed as Exhibit 10(c) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, filed on May 7, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
 - 10(ao) Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated February 10, 2014, dated effective October 1, 2013, between Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, Fidelity Oil Co. and Maurice W. Brown Oil & Gas, LLC, filed as Exhibit 10(d) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, filed on May 7, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
 - 10(ap) Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated July 17, 2014, between Fidelity Exploration & Production Company and Lime Rock Resources, III-A, L.P., filed as Exhibit 10(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, filed on November 7, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
 - 12 Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends**
 - 21 Subsidiaries of MDU Resources Group, Inc.**
 - 23(a) Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**
 - 23(b) Consent of Ryder Scott Company, L.P.**
 - 31(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
 - 31(b) Certification of Chief Financial Officer filed pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
 - 32 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
 - 95 Mine Safety Disclosures**
 - 99(a) Ryder Scott Company, L.P. report dated January 29, 2015**

- 99(b) Equity Distribution Agreement entered into between MDU Resources Group, Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, filed as Exhibit 1 to Form 8-K dated May 20, 2013, filed on May 20, 2013, in File No. 1-3480*
- 99(c) First Amendment to Equity Distribution Agreement, dated December 2, 2013, entered into between MDU Resources Group, Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, filed as Exhibit 99(c) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed on February 21, 2014, in File No. 1-3480*
- The following materials from MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Equity, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged in summary and detail, (vii) Schedule I Condensed Financial Information of Registrant, tagged in summary and detail and (viii) Schedule II Consolidated Valuation and Qualifying Accounts, tagged in summary and detail

MDU Resources Group, Inc. agrees to furnish to the SEC upon request any instrument with respect to long-term debt that MDU Resources Group, Inc. has not filed as an exhibit pursuant to the exemption provided by Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K.

^{*} Incorporated herein by reference as indicated.

^{**} Filed herewith.

⁺ Management contract, compensatory plan or arrangement.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Date:	February 20, 2015	By:	/s/ David L. Goodin
	· ·		David L. Goodin
			(President and Chief Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ David L. Goodin	Chief Executive Officer and Director	February 20, 2015
David L. Goodin		
(President and Chief Executive Officer)		
/s/ Doran N. Schwartz	Chief Financial Officer	February 20, 2015
Doran N. Schwartz		
(Vice President and Chief Financial Officer)		
/s/ Nathan W. Ring	Chief Accounting Officer	February 20, 2015
Nathan W. Ring		
(Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer)		
/s/ Harry J. Pearce	Director	February 20, 2015
Harry J. Pearce		
(Chairman of the Board)		
/s/ Thomas Everist	Director	February 20, 2015
Thomas Everist		
/s/ Karen B. Fagg	Director	February 20, 2015
Karen B. Fagg		
/s/ Mark A. Hellerstein	Director	February 20, 2015
Mark A. Hellerstein		
/s/ A. Bart Holaday	Director	February 20, 2015
A. Bart Holaday		
/s/ Dennis W. Johnson	Director	February 20, 2015
Dennis W. Johnson		
/s/ William E. McCracken	Director	February 20, 2015
William E. McCracken		
/s/ Patricia L. Moss	Director	February 20, 2015
Patricia L. Moss		
/s/ J. Kent Wells	Director	February 20, 2015
J. Kent Wells		
/s/ John K. Wilson	Director	February 20, 2015
John K. Wilson		



David L. Goodin

President and Chief Executive Officer 1200 W. Century Ave. Bismarck, ND 58503 Mailing address: P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, ND 58506-5650 (701) 530-1000 www.MDU.com

March 18, 2015

To Our Stockholders:

Please join us for the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The meeting will be held on Tuesday, April 28, 2015, at 11:00 a.m., Central Daylight Saving Time, at 909 Airport Road, Bismarck, North Dakota.

The formal matters are described in the accompanying Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement. We also will have a brief report on current matters of interest. Lunch will be served following the meeting.

We were pleased with the stockholder response for the 2014 Annual Meeting at which 90.21 percent of the common stock was represented in person or by proxy. We hope for an even greater representation at the 2015 meeting.

You may vote your shares by telephone, by the Internet, or by returning the enclosed proxy card. Representation of your shares at the meeting is very important. We urge you to submit your proxy promptly.

Brokers may not vote your shares on two of the three matters to be presented if you have not given your broker specific instructions as to how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker so that your vote can be counted.

All stockholders who find it convenient to do so are cordially invited and urged to attend the meeting in person. Registered stockholders will receive a request for admission ticket(s) with their proxy card that can be completed and returned to us postage-free. Stockholders whose shares are held in the name of a bank or broker will not receive a request for admission ticket(s). They should, instead, (1) call (701) 530-1000 to request an admission ticket(s), (2) bring a statement from their bank or broker showing proof of stock ownership as of March 2, 2015, to the annual meeting, and (3) present their admission ticket(s) and photo identification, such as a driver's license. Directions to the meeting will be included with your admission ticket.

I hope you will find it possible to attend the meeting.

Sincerely yours,

Jel K. Helm.

David L. Goodin

1200 West Century Avenue

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, North Dakota 58506-5650 (701) 530-1000

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD APRIL 28, 2015

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Stockholder Meeting to be Held on April 28, 2015

The 2015 Notice of Annual Meeting and Proxy Statement and 2014 Annual Report to Stockholders are available at www.mdu.com/proxymaterials.

March 18, 2015

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of MDU Resources Group, Inc. will be held at 909 Airport Road, Bismarck, North Dakota, on Tuesday, April 28, 2015, at 11:00 a.m., Central Daylight Saving Time, for the following purposes:

- (1) Election of ten directors nominated by the board of directors for one-year terms;
- (2) Ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's independent registered public accounting firm for 2015;
- (3) Approval, on a non-binding advisory basis, of the compensation of the company's named executive officers; and
- (4) Transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment(s) thereof.

The board of directors has set the close of business on March 2, 2015, as the record date for the determination of common stockholders who will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting and any adjournment(s) thereof.

All stockholders who find it convenient to do so are cordially invited and urged to attend the meeting in person. Registered stockholders will receive a request for admission ticket(s) with their proxy card that can be completed and returned to us postage-free. Stockholders whose shares are held in the name of a bank or broker will not receive a request for admission ticket(s). They should, instead, (1) call (701) 530-1000 to request an admission ticket(s), (2) bring a statement from their bank or broker showing proof of stock ownership as of March 2, 2015, to the annual meeting, and (3) present their admission ticket(s) and photo identification, such as a driver's license. Directions to the meeting will be included with your admission ticket. We look forward to seeing you.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Paul K. Sandness

Secretary

Proxy Statement

	Page
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders	
Proxy Statement	1
Voting Information	1
Item 1. Election of Directors	3
Director Nominees	3
Item 2. Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	11
Accounting and Auditing Matters	11
Item 3. Approval, on a Non-Binding Advisory Basis, of the Compensation of the Company's Named Executive Officers.	12
Executive Compensation	13
Compensation Discussion and Analysis	13
Compensation Committee Report	30
Summary Compensation Table for 2014	31
Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2014	32
Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End 2014	36
Pension Benefits for 2014	37
Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2014	40
Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control	41
Director Compensation for 2014	46
Information Concerning Executive Officers	49
Security Ownership	51
Related Person Transaction Disclosure	53
Corporate Governance	53
Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance	59
Conduct of Meeting; Adjournment	60
Other Business	60
Shared Address Stockholders	60
2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders	60
Exhibit A - Companies that Participated in the Compensation Surveys and Databases	A-1
Exhibit B - Companies Surveyed using Equilar, Inc for Named Executive Officer Positions - Competitive Analysis to Determine Base Salary, Target Annual Cash Compensation, and Target Total Direct Compensation	B-1

PROXY STATEMENT

The board of directors of MDU Resources Group, Inc. is furnishing this proxy statement beginning March 18, 2015, to solicit your proxy for use at our annual meeting of stockholders on April 28, 2015, and any adjournment(s) thereof. We are soliciting proxies principally by mail, but directors, officers, and employees of MDU Resources Group, Inc. or its subsidiaries may solicit proxies personally, by telephone, or by electronic media, without compensation other than their regular compensation. Okapi Partners LLC additionally will solicit proxies for approximately \$8,000 plus out-of-pocket expenses. We will pay the cost of soliciting your proxy and reimburse brokers and others for forwarding proxy materials to you.

The Securities and Exchange Commission's e-proxy rules allow companies to post their proxy materials on the Internet and provide only a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials to stockholders as an alternative to mailing full sets of proxy materials except upon request. For 2015, we have elected to use the Securities and Exchange Commission's full set delivery option, which means that while we are posting our proxy materials online, we are also mailing a full set of our proxy materials to our stockholders. We believe that mailing a full set of proxy materials will help ensure that a majority of outstanding shares of our common stock are present in person or represented by proxy at our meeting. We also hope to help maximize stockholder participation. Therefore, even if you previously consented to receiving your proxy materials electronically, you will receive a full set of proxy materials in the mail for this year's annual meeting. However, we will continue to evaluate the option of providing only a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials to some or all of our stockholders in the future.

VOTING INFORMATION

Who may vote? You may vote if you owned shares of our common stock at the close of business on March 2, 2015. You may vote each share that you owned on that date on each matter presented at the meeting and any adjournment(s) thereof. As of March 2, 2015, we had 194,597,172 shares of common stock outstanding entitled to one vote per share.

What am I voting on? You are voting on:

- · election of ten directors nominated by the board of directors for one-year terms
- · ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's independent registered public accounting firm for 2015
- approval, on a non-binding advisory basis, of the compensation of the company's named executive officers and
- · any other business that is properly brought before the meeting or any adjournment(s) thereof.

What vote is required to pass an item of business? A majority of our outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote must be present in person or represented by proxy to hold the meeting.

If you hold shares through an account with a bank or broker, the bank or broker may vote your shares on some matters even if you do not provide voting instructions. Brokerage firms have the authority under the New York Stock Exchange rules to vote shares on certain matters when their customers do not provide voting instructions. However, on other matters, when the brokerage firm has not received voting instructions from its customers, the brokerage firm cannot vote the shares on those matters and a "broker non-vote" occurs. This means that brokers may not vote your shares on items 1 and 3 if you have not given your broker specific instructions as to how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker so that your vote can be counted.

Item 1 - Election of Directors

A majority of votes cast is required to elect a director in an uncontested election. A majority of votes cast means the number of votes cast "for" a director's election must exceed the number of votes cast "against" the director's election. "Abstentions" and "broker non-votes" do not count as votes cast "for" or "against" the director's election. In a contested election, which is an election in which the number of nominees for director exceeds the number of directors to be elected, directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast. If a nominee becomes unavailable for any reason or if a vacancy should occur before the election, which we do not anticipate, the proxies will vote your shares in their discretion for another person nominated by the board.

Proxy Statement

Our policy on majority voting for directors contained in our corporate governance guidelines requires any proposed nominee for re-election as a director to tender to the board, prior to nomination, his or her irrevocable resignation from the board that will be effective, in an uncontested election of directors only, upon:

- · receipt of a greater number of votes "against" than votes "for" election at our annual meeting of stockholders and
- acceptance of such resignation by the board of directors.

Following certification of the stockholder vote, the nominating and governance committee will promptly recommend to the board whether or not to accept the tendered resignation. The board will act on the nominating and governance committee's recommendation no later than 90 days following the date of the annual meeting.

Item 2 – Ratification of the Appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for 2015

Approval of Item 2 requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the proposal. Abstentions will count as votes "against" the proposal.

Item 3 - Approval, on a Non-Binding Advisory Basis, of the Compensation of the Company's Named Executive Officers

Approval of Item 3 requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the item. Abstentions will count as votes "against" the item. Broker non-vote shares are not entitled to vote on the item and, therefore, are not counted in the vote.

Unless you specify otherwise when you submit your proxy, the proxies will vote your shares of common stock "for" all directors nominated by the board of directors and "for" items 2 and 3.

How do I vote? If you are a stockholder of record, you may vote by:

- · calling the toll free telephone number on the enclosed proxy card
- · using the Internet as described on the enclosed proxy card or
- · returning the enclosed proxy card in the envelope provided.

If you are a beneficial owner, you must provide voting instructions to your bank, broker, or other nominee to ensure your shares are voted as you would like. You should follow their instructions.

You may also vote in person at the meeting. However, if you are the beneficial owner of the shares, you must obtain a legal proxy from your bank or broker and present it at the meeting. A legal proxy identifies you, states the number of shares you own, and gives you the right to vote those shares. Without a legal proxy we cannot identify you as the beneficial owner of the shares or know how many shares you have to vote.

Can I change my vote? Yes.

If you are a stockholder of record, you may revoke your proxy and change your vote by:

- · submitting a written revocation to the corporate secretary before the meeting
- · submitting a proxy bearing a later date to the corporate secretary before the meeting or
- · voting in person at the meeting.

If you are a beneficial owner, you may change your vote by providing later dated voting instructions to your bank, broker, or other nominee in accordance with their procedures or by obtaining a legal proxy and voting in person at the meeting, as set forth above.

ITEM 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The board expresses its thanks to J. Kent Wells, who resigned effective February 28, 2015. Mr. Wells had served as a director and vice chairman of the corporation since January 4, 2013, and as president (until July 15, 2014) and chief executive officer of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company since May 2, 2011.

All nominees for director are nominated to serve one-year terms until the annual meeting of stockholders in 2016 and until their respective successors are elected and qualified, or until their earlier resignation, removal from office, or death.

We have provided information below about our nominees, all of whom are incumbent directors, including their ages, years of service as directors, business experience, and service on other boards of directors, including any other directorships held during the past five years. We have also included information about each nominee's specific experience, qualifications, attributes, or skills that led the board to conclude that he or she should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc. at the time we file our proxy statement, in light of our business and structure. Unless we specifically note below, no corporation or organization referred to below is a subsidiary or other affiliate of MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Director Nominees



Thomas Everist

Director Since 1995 Compensation Committee

Mr. Everist has served as president and chairman of The Everist Company, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, an aggregate, concrete, and asphalt production company, since April 15, 2002. He has been a managing member of South Maryland Creek Ranch, LLC, a land development company, since June 2006, president of SMCR, Inc., an investment company, since June 2006, and a managing member of MCR Builders, LLC, which provides residential building services to South Maryland Creek Ranch, LLC, since November 2014. He was previously president and chairman of L.G. Everist, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, an aggregate production company, from 1987 to April 15, 2002. He held a number of positions in the aggregate and construction industries prior to assuming his current position with The Everist Company. He is a director of Showplace Wood Products, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, a custom cabinets manufacturer, and has been a director of publicly traded Raven Industries, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, a general manufacturer of electronics, flow controls, and engineered films since 1996, and its chairman of the board since April 1, 2009. Mr. Everist has served as a director and chairman of the board of Everist Genomics, Inc., Ann Arbor, Michigan, which provides solutions for personalized medicines since 2002. He served as Everist Genomics' chief executive officer from August 2012 to December 2012. He was a director of Angiologix Inc., Mountain View, California, a medical diagnostic device company, from July 2010 through October 2011 when it was acquired by Everist Genomics, Inc. He has been a director of Bell, Inc., Sioux Falls, South Dakota, a manufacturer of folding cartons and packages, since April 2011.

Mr. Everist attended Stanford University where he received a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering and a master's degree in construction management. He is active in the Sioux Falls community and currently serves as a director on the Sanford Health Foundation, a nonprofit charitable health services organization, and co-founder and chairman of the board of Searching for Solutions Institute, a nonprofit public foundation that provides leaders with resources to address critical social issues. From July 2001 to June 2006, he served on the South Dakota Investment Council, the state agency responsible for prudently investing state funds.

The board concluded that Mr. Everist should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. A significant portion of MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings is derived from its construction services and aggregate mining businesses. Mr. Everist has considerable business experience in this area, with more than 41 years in the aggregate and construction materials industry. He has also demonstrated success in his business and leadership skills, serving as president and chairman of his companies for over 27 years. We value other public company board service. Mr. Everist has experience serving as a director and chairman of another public company, which enhances his contributions to our board. His leadership skills and experience with his own companies and on other boards enable him to be an effective board member and compensation committee chairman. Mr. Everist is our longest serving board member, providing 20 years of board experience as well as extensive knowledge of our business.

Proxy Statement



Karen B. Fagg Age 61

Director Since 2005
Compensation Committee
Nominating and Governance Committee

Ms. Fagg served as vice president of DOWL LLC, d/b/a DOWL HKM, an engineering and design firm, from April 2008 until her retirement on December 31, 2011. Ms. Fagg was president from April 1, 1995 to June 2000, and chairman, chief executive officer, and majority owner from June 2000 through March 2008 of HKM Engineering, Inc., Billings, Montana, an engineering and physical science services firm. HKM Engineering, Inc. merged with DOWL LLC on April 1, 2008. Ms. Fagg was employed with MSE, Inc., Butte, Montana, an energy research and development company, from 1976 through 1988, and from 1993 to April 1995 she served as vice president of operations and corporate development director. From 1989 through 1992, Ms. Fagg served a four-year term as director of the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, Helena, Montana, the state agency charged with promoting stewardship of Montana's water, soil, energy, and rangeland resources; regulating oil and gas exploration and production; and administering several grant and loan programs.

Ms. Fagg has a bachelor's degree in mathematics from Carroll College in Helena, Montana. In 2013, she served on a three-person selection committee appointed by the Attorney General to identify trustees for the Montana Healthcare Foundation Board. She also became a board member of the Montana Justice Foundation, whose mission is to achieve equal access to justice for all Montanans through effective funding and leadership, and of the First Interstate BancSystem Foundation, which has a strong commitment to community. She has been a board member of the Billings Chamber of Commerce since July 2009 serving as its chair from July 2013 to July 2014, as well as a member of the Billings Catholic Schools Board since December 2011. She served on the board for St. Vincent's Healthcare from October 2003 until October 2009, including a term as board chair, on the board of Deaconess Billings Clinic Health System from 1994 to 2002, as a member of the Board of Trustees of Carroll College from 2005 through 2010, and on the board of advisors of the Charles M. Bair Family Trust from 2008 to July 2011, including a term as board chair. From 2007 until December 31, 2011, she was a member of the Montana State University Engineering Advisory Council, whose responsibilities include evaluating the mission and goals of the College of Engineering and assisting in the development and implementation of the college's strategic plan. From 2002 through 2006, she served on the Montana Board of Investments, the state agency responsible for prudently investing state funds. From 2001 to 2005, she served on the board of Montana State University's Advanced Technology Park. From 1998 through 2006, she served on the ZooMontana Board and as vice chair from 2005 through 2006.

The board concluded that Ms. Fagg should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. Construction and engineering, energy, and the responsible development of natural resources are all important aspects of our business. Ms. Fagg has business experience in all these areas, including 17 years of construction and engineering experience at DOWL HKM and its predecessor, HKM Engineering, Inc., where she served as vice president, president, chief executive officer, and chairman. Ms. Fagg also has 14 years of experience in energy research and development at MSE, Inc., where she served as vice president of operations and corporate development director, and four years focusing on stewardship of natural resources as director of the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation. In addition to her industry experience, Ms. Fagg brings to our board over 20 years of business leadership and management experience, including over 8 years as president, chief executive officer, and chairman of her own company, as well as knowledge and experience acquired through her service on a number of Montana state and community boards.



David L. Goodin Age 53

Director Since 2013
President and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Goodin was elected president and chief executive officer and a director of the company effective January 4, 2013. Prior to that, he served as chief executive officer and president of Intermountain Gas Company effective October 2008, chief executive officer of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. effective June 2008, president of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. effective March 2008, and president of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation effective July 2007. He began his career with the company in 1983 at Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., where he served as a division electrical engineer effective May 1983, division electric superintendent effective February 1989, electric systems supervisor effective August 1993, electric systems manager effective April 1999, vice president-operations effective January 2000, and executive vice president-operations and acquisitions effective January 2007. He additionally serves as an executive officer and as chairman of the company's principal subsidiaries, and of the managing committees of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co.

Mr. Goodin has a bachelor of science degree in electrical and electronics engineering from North Dakota State University, a masters in business administration from the University of North Dakota, and has completed the Advanced Management Program at Harvard School of Business. Mr. Goodin is a registered professional engineer in North Dakota. He is a member of the U.S. Bancorp Western North Dakota Advisory Board. Mr. Goodin is involved in numerous civic organizations, including serving on the board of directors of Sanford Bismarck, an integrated health system dedicated to the work of health and healing, Sanford Living Center, and the North Dakota State University Alumni Association. He also serves on the Board of Trustees for the Missouri Valley YMCA, the Bismarck State College Foundation, and the University of Mary. He is a past board member of several industry associations, including the American Gas Association, the Edison Electric Institute, the North Central Electric Association, the Midwest ENERGY Association, and the North Dakota Lignite Council. Mr. Goodin received the University of Mary Entrepreneurship Award in 2009.

The board concluded that Mr. Goodin should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. As chief executive officer of MDU Resources Group, Inc., Mr. Goodin is the only officer of the company on our board. With over 30 years of significant, hands-on experience at our company, Mr. Goodin's long history and deep knowledge and understanding of MDU Resources Group, Inc., its operating companies, and its lines of business bring continuity to the board. Mr. Goodin has demonstrated his leadership abilities and his commitment to our company through his long service to the company, including as chief executive officer and president of the four utility companies. He demonstrated strong leadership skills in integrating Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and Intermountain Gas Company while meeting and exceeding profitability goals. The board's unanimous election of Mr. Goodin to serve as our president and chief executive officer in January 2013 was in recognition of the board's belief that he has the strategic vision, operational experience, passion, and values to lead the future growth of the company. The board believes these characteristics make him well-suited to serve on our board, particularly in this challenging economic environment.



Mark A. Hellerstein Age 62

Director Since 2013 Audit Committee

Mr. Hellerstein was chief executive officer of St. Mary Land & Exploration Company (now SM Energy Company), an energy company engaged in the acquisition, exploration, development, and production of crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids, from 1995 until February 2007; he was president from 1992 until June 2006 and executive vice president and chief financial officer from 1991 until 1992. He was first elected to the board of St. Mary in 1992 and served as chairman of the board from 2002 until May 2009. Prior to joining St. Mary, from 1980 to 1991 Mr. Hellerstein's career included positions as chief financial officer of CoCa Mines Inc., which mined and extracted minerals from lands previously held by the public through the Bureau of Land Management; American Golf Corporation, which manages and owns golf courses in the United States; and Worldwide Energy Corporation, an oil and gas acquisition, exploration, development, and production company with operations in the United States and Canada. Mr. Hellerstein served on the board of directors of Transocean Inc., a leading provider of offshore drilling services for oil and gas wells, from December 2006 to November 2007.

Proxy Statement

Mr. Hellerstein's leadership has been recognized with induction into the Rocky Mountain Oil and Gas Hall of Fame, and Ernst & Young named Mr. Hellerstein both Rocky Mountain and National Entrepreneur of the Year in 2005 and 2006, respectively. He graduated number one in his class with a bachelor's degree in accounting from the University of Colorado. Mr. Hellerstein is a certified public accountant (CPA), on inactive status. He received the Elijah Watts Sells Gold Medal award for achieving the highest score in the United States on the November 1974 CPA exam out of 38,000 participants. Mr. Hellerstein has served on the board for Community Resources Inc. since September 2013, which is a nonprofit organization that brings programs into the Denver Public Schools to enhance education. He served as a board director on the Denver Children's Advocacy Center (Center) from August 2006 until December 2011, including as chairman for the last three years, and continues to participate in and fund the Center's Safe from the Start Program. The Center's mission is to provide a continuum of care for traumatized children and their families.

The board concluded that Mr. Hellerstein should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. MDU Resources Group, Inc. has significant operations in the oil and natural gas industry. Mr. Hellerstein has extensive business experience, recognized excellence, and demonstrated success and leadership, including in the oil and natural gas industry, as a result of his 17 years of senior management experience and service as board chairman of St. Mary. His skills and experience enable him to contribute independent insight into the company's business and operations and the economic environment and long-term strategic issues the company faces. Mr. Hellerstein's skills and experience in the oil and natural gas industry will enable him to provide valuable guidance to the company in light of the company's decision to market and potentially sell its oil and natural gas production business. As a certified public accountant, on inactive status, with extensive financial experience as a result of his employment as chief financial officer with several companies, including public companies, Mr. Hellerstein contributes significant finance and accounting knowledge to our board and audit committee. His financial expertise assists the board in its oversight of the company's financial reporting and financial risk management functions, and supports his service on the audit committee. His service on the board of two publicly traded companies has provided him substantial insight into governance matters, which enhances his contributions to our board. Mr. Hellerstein also brings to the board his knowledge of local, state, and regional issues involving the Rocky Mountain region where we have important operations.



A. Bart Holaday Age 72

Director Since 2008
Audit Committee
Nominating and Governance Committee

Mr. Holaday headed the Private Markets Group of UBS Asset Management and its predecessor entities for 15 years prior to his retirement in 2001, during which time he managed more than \$19 billion in investments. Prior to that he was vice president and principal of the InnoVen Venture Capital Group, a venture capital investment firm. He was founder and president of Tenax Oil and Gas Corporation, an onshore Gulf Coast exploration and production company, from 1980 through 1982. He has four years of senior management experience with Gulf Oil Corporation, a global energy and petrochemical company, and eight years of senior management experience with the federal government, including the Department of Defense, Department of the Interior, and the Federal Energy Administration. He is currently the president and owner of Dakota Renewable Energy Fund, LLC, which invests in small companies in North Dakota. He is a member of the investment advisory board of Commons Capital LLC, a venture capital firm; is a director of Hull Investments, LLC, a private entity that combines nonprofit activities and investments; serves on the Board of Trustees for the University of Jamestown; is a member of the board of directors of Adams Street Partners, LLC, a private equity investment firm, Alerus Financial, a financial services company, the United States Air Force Academy Endowment (former chairman), the Falcon Foundation (director and former vice president), which provides scholarships to Air Force Academy applicants, the Center for Innovation Foundation at the University of North Dakota (trustee and former chairman), and Discover Goodwill of southern and western Colorado, a nonprofit organization providing job training, placement, and retention programs for people transitioning from welfare to work; and is chairman and chief executive officer of the Dakota Foundation, a nonprofit foundation that fosters social entrepreneurship. He is a past member of the board of directors of the University of North Dakota Foundation, National Venture Capital Association, Walden University, and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission advisory committee on the regulation of capital markets, and is a past member of the board of trustees for The Colorado Springs Child Nursery Centers Foundation, a nonprofit organization that supports the operations of Early Connections Learning Centers, a nonprofit child care organization in Colorado.

Mr. Holaday has a bachelor's degree in engineering sciences from the U.S. Air Force Academy. He was a Rhodes Scholar, earning a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in politics, philosophy, and economics from Oxford University. He also earned a law degree from George Washington Law School and is a Chartered Financial Analyst. In 2005, he was awarded an honorary Doctor of Letters from the University of North Dakota.

The board concluded that Mr. Holaday should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. MDU Resources Group, Inc. has significant operations in the oil and natural gas industry. Mr. Holaday has extensive business knowledge and experience, and has demonstrated success and leadership, including in the oil and natural gas industry. He founded and served as president of Tenax Oil and Gas Corporation. He has four years experience in senior management with Gulf Oil Corporation. His knowledge and experience in the oil and natural gas industry will enable him to provide valuable guidance to the company in light of the company's decision to market and potentially sell its oil and gas production business. Mr. Holaday has 15 years of experience managing private equity investments, including investments in oil and gas, as the head of the Private Markets Group of UBS Asset Management and its predecessor organizations. Mr. Holaday brings to the board extensive finance and investment experience, as well as business development skills acquired through his work at UBS Asset Management, Tenax Oil and Gas Corporation, Gulf Oil Corporation, and several private equity investment firms. This will enhance the knowledge of the board and provide useful insights and guidance to management in connection not only with our natural gas and oil business, but with all of our businesses. His significant experience in finance supports his service on the audit committee.



Dennis W. Johnson Age 65

Director Since 2001 Audit Committee

Mr. Johnson is chairman, chief executive officer, and president of TMI Corporation, and chairman and chief executive officer of TMI Systems Design Corporation, TMI Transport Corporation, and TMI Storage Systems Corporation, all of Dickinson, North Dakota, manufacturers of casework and architectural woodwork. He has been employed at TMI since 1974 serving as president or chief executive officer since 1982. Mr. Johnson is serving his fifteenth year as president of the Dickinson City Commission. He served as a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis from 1993 through 1998. He is a past member and chairman of the Theodore Roosevelt Medora Foundation.

Mr. Johnson has a bachelor of science degree in electrical and electronics engineering, as well as a master of science degree in industrial engineering from North Dakota State University. He has served on numerous industry, state, and community boards, including the North Dakota Workforce Development Council (chairperson), the Decorative Laminate Products Association, the North Dakota Technology Corporation, St. Joseph Hospital Life Care Foundation, St. John Evangelical Lutheran Church, Dickinson State University Foundation, the executive operations committee of the University of Mary Harold Schafer Leadership Center, the Dickinson United Way, and the business advisory council of the Steffes Corporation, a metal manufacturing and engineering firm. He also served on North Dakota Governor Sinner's Education Action Commission, the North Dakota Job Service Advisory Council, the North Dakota State University President's Advisory Council, North Dakota Governor Schafer's Transition Team, and chaired North Dakota Governor Hoeven's Transition Team. He has received numerous awards, including the 1991 Regional Small Business Person of the Year Award and the Greater North Dakotan Award.

The board concluded that Mr. Johnson should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. Mr. Johnson has over 40 years of experience in business management, manufacturing, and finance, and has demonstrated his success in these areas, holding positions as chairman, president, and chief executive officer of TMI for 33 years, as well as through his prior service as a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis. His finance experience and leadership skills enable him to make valuable contributions to our audit committee, which he has chaired for eleven years. As a result of his service on a number of state and local organizations in North Dakota, Mr. Johnson has significant knowledge of local, state, and regional issues involving North Dakota, a state where we have significant operations and assets.



William E. McCracken Age 72

Director Since 2013
Compensation Committee
Nominating and Governance Committee

Mr. McCracken served as chief executive officer of CA, Inc., one of the world's largest information technology management software companies, from January 2010 until January 7, 2013, after which he served as executive adviser to the new chief executive officer until March 31, 2013, and after that as a consultant to the company until December 31, 2013. Mr. McCracken was a director of CA, Inc. from May 2005 until January 7, 2013, serving as non-executive chairman of the board from June 2007 to September 2009, interim executive chairman from September 2009 to January 2010, and executive chairman from January 2010 to May 2010. He is president of Executive Consulting Group, LLC, a general business consulting firm, since 2002. During his 36-year career with International Business Machines Corporation, a manufacturer of information processing products and a technology, software, and networking systems manufacturer and developer, Mr. McCracken held a number of executive positions, including general manager of IBM printing systems division from 1998 to 2001, general manager of marketing, sales, and distribution for IBM PC Company from 1994 to 1998, and president of IBM's EMEA and Asia Pacific PC Company from 1993 to 1994. From 1995 to 2001, he served on IBM's Chairman's Worldwide Management Council, a group of the top 30 executives at IBM. Mr. McCracken was a director of IKON Office Solutions, Inc., a provider of document management systems and services, from 2003 to 2008, where he served on its audit committee, compensation committee, and strategy committee at various points in time during his tenure as a director.

Mr. McCracken has a bachelor of science degree in physics and mathematics from Shippensburg University. He has served on the board of the National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD), a nonprofit membership organization for corporate board members, since 2010, and was named by the NACD as one of the top 100 most influential people in the boardroom in 2009. He served on that organization's 2009 blue ribbon commission on risk governance and in 2012 co-chaired its blue ribbon commission on board diversity. He was elected vice-chair and has been a board member of the Millstein Center for Global Markets and Corporate Ownership at Columbia University since 2013 and has been the New York chairman of the Chairmen's Forum since 2011. He is board chairman of Lutheran Social Ministries of New Jersey, a charitable organization that provides adoption, assisted living, counseling, and immigration and refugee services, and is a former board member of PENCIL, a nonprofit organization that partners businesses with public schools.

The board concluded that Mr. McCracken should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. Mr. McCracken has extensive executive leadership experience and significant experience in information technology through his tenure at CA, Inc. and IBM. This experience coupled with his service as the chair or a member of the board of other public companies and the NACD will enable him to provide insight into the operations, challenges, and complex issues our company is facing in today's environment and to make significant contributions to the board's oversight of operational risk management functions and corporate governance.



Patricia L. Moss Age 61

Director Since 2003
Compensation Committee
Nominating and Governance Committee

Ms. Moss served as the president and chief executive officer of Cascade Bancorp, a financial holding company in Bend, Oregon, from 1998 to January 3, 2012. She served as the chief executive officer of Cascade Bancorp's principal subsidiary, Bank of the Cascades, from 1998 to January 3, 2012, serving also as president from 1998 to 2003. From 1987 to 1998, Ms. Moss served as chief operating officer, chief financial officer, and corporate secretary of Cascade Bancorp. Ms. Moss has been a director of Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades since 1993 and was elected vice chairman of both boards effective January 3, 2012. Ms. Moss also serves as chairman of the Bank of the Cascades Foundation Inc., a director of the Oregon Investment Fund Advisory Council, a state-sponsored program to encourage the growth of small businesses within Oregon, co-chairs the Oregon Growth Board, a state agency created to improve access to capital and create private-public partnerships, and serves on the City of Bend's Juniper Ridge management advisory board.

Ms. Moss graduated magna cum laude with a bachelor of science degree in business administration from Linfield College in Oregon and did master's studies at Portland State University. She received commercial banking school certification at the ABA Commercial Banking School at the University of Oklahoma. She served as a director of the Oregon Business Council, whose mission is to mobilize business leaders to contribute to Oregon's quality of life and economic prosperity; the Cascades Campus Advisory Board of the Oregon State University; the North Pacific Group, Inc., a wholesale distributor of building materials, industrial and hardwood products, and other specialty products; the Aquila Tax Free Trust of Oregon, a mutual fund created especially for the benefit of Oregon residents; Clear Choice Health Plans Inc., a multi-state insurance company; and as a director and chair of the St. Charles Medical Center.

The board concluded that Ms. Moss should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. A significant portion of MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s utility, construction services, and contracting operations are located in the Pacific Northwest. Ms. Moss has first-hand business experience and knowledge of the Pacific Northwest economy and local, state, and regional issues through her executive positions at Cascade Bancorp and Bank of the Cascades, where she gained over 30 years of experience. Ms. Moss provides to our board her experience in finance and banking, as well as her experience in business development through her work at Cascade Bancorp and on the Oregon Investment Fund Advisory Council, the Oregon Business Council, and the Oregon Growth Board. This business experience demonstrates her leadership abilities and success in the finance and banking industry. Ms. Moss is also certified as a senior professional in human resources, which makes her well-suited for our compensation committee.



Harry J. Pearce Age 72

Director Since 1997 Chairman of the Board

Mr. Pearce was elected chairman of the board of the company on August 17, 2006. Prior to that, he served as lead director effective February 15, 2001, and was vice chairman of the board from November 16, 2000 until February 15, 2001. Mr. Pearce has been a director and has served on the audit, finance, compensation, and excellence committees of Marriott International, Inc., a major hotel chain, since 1995. He was a director of Nortel Networks Corporation, a global telecommunications company, from January 11, 2005 to August 10, 2009, serving as chairman of the board from June 29, 2005. He retired on December 19, 2003, as chairman of Hughes Electronics Corporation, a General Motors Corporation subsidiary and provider of digital television entertainment, broadband satellite network, and global video and data broadcasting. He had served as a director of Hughes Electronics since 1992. Mr. Pearce was vice chairman and a director of General Motors Corporation, one of the world's largest automakers, from January 1, 1996 to May 31, 2001, and was general counsel from 1987 to 1994. He served on the President's Council on Sustainable Development and co-chaired the President's Commission on the United States Postal Service. Prior to joining General Motors, he was a senior partner in the Pearce & Durick law firm in Bismarck, North Dakota. Mr. Pearce is a director of the United States Air Force Academy Endowment and a trustee of Northwestern University. He is a Fellow of the American College of Trial Lawyers and a member of the International Society of Barristers. He has served as a chairman or director on the boards of numerous nonprofit organizations, including as chairman of the Board of Visitors of the U.S. Air Force Academy, chairman of the U.S. Air Force Academy Sabre Society, chairman of the National Defense University Foundation, and chairman of the Marrow Foundation. Mr. Pearce received a bachelor's degree in engineering sciences from the U.S. Air Force Academy and a juris doctor degree from Northwestern University's School of Law. He received an honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Northwestern University and an honorary degree of Doctor of Engineering from Rose Hulman Institute of Technology.

The board concluded that Mr. Pearce should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. MDU Resources Group, Inc. values public company leadership and the experience directors gain through such leadership. Mr. Pearce is recognized nationally, as well as in the state of North Dakota, as a business leader and for his business acumen. He has multinational business management experience and proven leadership skills through his position as vice chairman at General Motors Corporation, as well as through his extensive service on the boards of large public companies, including Marriott International, Inc., Hughes Electronics Corporation, where he was chairman, and Nortel Networks Corporation, where he also was chairman. He also brings to our board his long experience as a practicing attorney. In addition, Mr. Pearce has focused on corporate governance issues and was the founding chair of Yale University's Chairmen's Forum, an organization comprised of non-executive chairmen of publicly traded companies. Participants in the Chairmen's Forum discussed ways to enhance the accountability of corporations to owners and promote a deeper understanding of independent board leadership and effective practices of board chairmanship. The board also believes that Mr. Pearce's values and commitment to excellence make him well-suited to serve as chairman of our board.



John K. Wilson Age 60

Director Since 2003 Audit Committee

Mr. Wilson was president of Durham Resources, LLC, a privately held financial management company, in Omaha, Nebraska, from 1994 to December 31, 2008. He previously was president of Great Plains Energy Corp., a public utility holding company and an affiliate of Durham Resources, LLC, from 1994 to July 1, 2000. He was vice president of Great Plains Natural Gas Co., an affiliate company of Durham Resources, LLC, until July 1, 2000. The company bought Great Plains Energy Corp. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. on July 1, 2000. Mr. Wilson also served as president of the Durham Foundation and was a director of Bridges Investment Fund, a mutual fund, and the Greater Omaha Chamber of Commerce. He is presently a director of HDR, Inc., an international architecture and engineering firm, Tetrad Corporation, a privately held investment company, both based in Omaha, and serves on the advisory board of Duncan Aviation, an aircraft service provider, headquartered in Lincoln, Nebraska. He currently serves as executive director of the Robert B. Daugherty Foundation, Omaha, Nebraska, and formerly served on the advisory board of U.S. Bank NA Omaha.

Mr. Wilson is a certified public accountant, on inactive status. He received his bachelor's degree in business administration, cum laude, from the University of Nebraska – Omaha. During his career, he was an audit manager at Peat, Marwick, Mitchell (now known as KPMG), controller for Great Plains Natural Gas Co., and chief financial officer and treasurer for all Durham Resources entities.

The board concluded that Mr. Wilson should serve as a director of MDU Resources Group, Inc., in light of our business and structure, at the time we file our proxy statement for the following reasons. Mr. Wilson has an extensive background in finance and accounting, as well as extensive experience with mergers and acquisitions, through his education and work experience at a major accounting firm and his later positions as controller and vice president of Great Plains Natural Gas Co., president of Great Plains Energy Corp., and president, chief financial officer, and treasurer for Durham Resources, LLC and all Durham Resources entities. The electric and natural gas utility business was our core business when our company was founded in 1924. That business now operates through four utilities: Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, and Intermountain Gas Company. Mr. Wilson is our only non-employee director with direct experience in this area through his prior positions at Great Plains Natural Gas Co. and Great Plains Energy Corp. In addition, Mr. Wilson's extensive finance and accounting experience make him well-suited for our audit committee.

The board of directors recommends a vote "for" each nominee.

A majority of votes cast is required to elect a director in an uncontested election. A majority of votes cast means the number of votes cast "for" a director's election must exceed the number of votes cast "against" the director's election. "Abstentions" and "broker non-votes" do not count as votes cast "for" or "against" the director's election. In a contested election, which is an election in which the number of nominees for director exceeds the number of directors to be elected and which we do not anticipate, directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast.

Unless you specify otherwise when you submit your proxy, the proxies will vote your shares of common stock "for" all directors nominated by the board of directors. If a nominee becomes unavailable for any reason or if a vacancy should occur before the election, which we do not anticipate, the proxies will vote your shares in their discretion for another person nominated by the board.

Our policy on majority voting for directors contained in our corporate governance guidelines requires any proposed nominee for re-election as a director to tender to the board, prior to nomination, his or her irrevocable resignation from the board that will be effective, in an uncontested election of directors only, upon:

- · receipt of a greater number of votes "against" than votes "for" election at our annual meeting of stockholders and
- · acceptance of such resignation by the board of directors.

Following certification of the stockholder vote, the nominating and governance committee will promptly recommend to the board whether or not to accept the tendered resignation. The board will act on the nominating and governance committee's recommendation no later than 90 days following the date of the annual meeting.

Brokers may not vote your shares on the election of directors if you have not given your broker specific instructions as to how to vote. Please be sure to give specific voting instructions to your broker so that your vote can be counted.

ITEM 2. RATIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The audit committee at its February 2015 meeting appointed Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2015. The board of directors concurred with the audit committee's decision. Deloitte & Touche LLP has served as our independent registered public accounting firm since fiscal year 2002.

Although your ratification vote will not affect the appointment or retention of Deloitte & Touche LLP for 2015, the audit committee will consider your vote in determining its appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm for the next fiscal year. The audit committee, in appointing our independent registered public accounting firm, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to change an appointment at any time during a fiscal year if it determines that such a change would be in our best interests.

A representative of Deloitte & Touche LLP will be present at the annual meeting and will be available to respond to appropriate questions. We do not anticipate that the representative will make a prepared statement at the meeting; however, he or she will be free to do so if he or she chooses.

The board of directors recommends a vote "for" the ratification of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2015.

Ratification of the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2015 requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the proposal. Abstentions will count as votes against this proposal.

Accounting and Auditing Matters

Fees

The following table summarizes the aggregate fees that our independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, billed or is expected to bill us for professional services rendered for 2014 and 2013:

	2014	2013 *
Audit Fees ^a	\$ 3,135,220	\$ 2,820,940
Audit-Related Fees ^b	45,925	33,800
Tax Fees ^c	124,827	55,006
All Other Fees ^d	_	1,374,455
Total Fees*	\$ 3,305,972	\$ 4,284,201
Ratio of Tax and All Other Fees to Audit and Audit-Related Fees	3.92 %	50.07 %

^{*} The 2013 amounts were adjusted from amounts shown in the 2014 proxy statement to reflect actual amounts.

- Audit fees for 2014 and 2013 consisted of fees for services rendered for the audit of our annual financial statements, reviews of quarterly financial statements, subsidiary, statutory and regulatory audits, compliance with loan covenants, agreed upon procedures associated with the annual submission of financial assurance to the North Dakota Department of Health, the issuance of comfort letters relating to a sales agency agreement and offering of common stock, filing Form S-3 and S-8 registration statements (2014 only), work related to responding to a comment letter from the Securities and Exchange Commission (2013 only) and the audit of financial statements for Fidelity Exploration & Production Company (2014 only). Audit fees for 2014 and 2013 include \$31,150 and \$30,000, respectively, for the financial statement audit of Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC. These fees are paid by Dakota Prairie Refining, but are included in this table because Dakota Prairie Refining is considered a variable interest entity with respect to MDU Resources and consolidated in its financial statements.
- Audit-related fees for 2014 and 2013 are associated with accounting research assistance, technical accounting consultation regarding discontinued and continuing operations (2014 only), variable interest entities, guarantees, and financing agreements (2013 only).
- Tax fees for 2014 are associated with a cost segregation study, research on R&D credits and the preparation of federal and state tax returns, in each case for Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC. Tax fees for 2013 include consulting services for federal income tax pollution control associated with the Big Stone power plant and \$36,687 associated with a cost segregation study for Dakota Prairie Refining. The fees associated with Dakota Prairie Refining are paid by Dakota Prairie Refining, but are included in this table because Dakota Prairie Refining is considered a variable interest entity with respect to MDU Resources and consolidated in its financial statements.
- d All other fees for 2013 related to assistance in an internal investigation. There were no fees in this category for 2014.
- Total fees reported above include out-of-pocket expenses related to the services provided of \$421,427 for 2014 and \$414,488 for 2013.

Pre-Approval Policy

The audit committee pre-approved all services Deloitte & Touche LLP performed in 2014 in accordance with the pre-approval policy and procedures the audit committee adopted at its August 12, 2003 meeting. This policy is designed to achieve the continued independence of Deloitte & Touche LLP and to assist in our compliance with Sections 201 and 202 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The policy defines the permitted services in each of the audit, audit-related, tax, and all other services categories, as well as prohibited services. The pre-approval policy requires management to submit annually for approval to the audit committee a service plan describing the scope of work and anticipated cost associated with each category of service. At each regular audit committee meeting, management reports on services performed by Deloitte & Touche LLP and the fees paid or accrued through the end of the quarter preceding the meeting. Management may submit requests for additional permitted services before the next scheduled audit committee meeting to the designated member of the audit committee, Dennis W. Johnson, for approval. The designated member updates the audit committee at the next regularly scheduled meeting regarding any services that he approved during the interim period. At each regular audit committee meeting, management may submit to the audit committee for approval a supplement to the service plan containing any request for additional permitted services.

In addition, prior to approving any request for audit-related, tax, or all other services of more than \$50,000, Deloitte & Touche LLP will provide a statement setting forth the reasons why rendering of the proposed services does not compromise Deloitte & Touche LLP's independence. This description and statement by Deloitte & Touche LLP may be incorporated into the service plan or included as an exhibit thereto or may be delivered in a separate written statement.

ITEM 3. APPROVAL, ON A NON-BINDING ADVISORY BASIS, OF THE COMPENSATION OF THE COMPANY'S NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

In accordance with Section 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 14a-21(a), we are asking our stockholders to approve, in a separate advisory vote, the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this proxy statement pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K. As discussed in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, our compensation committee and board of directors believe that our current executive compensation program directly links compensation of our named executive officers to our financial performance and aligns the interests of our named executive officers with those of our stockholders. Our compensation committee and board of directors also believe that our executive compensation program provides our named executive officers with a balanced compensation package that includes an appropriate base salary along with competitive annual and long-term incentive compensation targets. These incentive programs are designed to reward our named executive officers on both an annual and long-term basis if they attain specified goals.

Our overall compensation program and philosophy is built on a foundation of these guiding principles:

- we pay for performance, with over 50% of our 2014 total target direct compensation for our named executive officers in the form of incentive compensation
- we assess the relationship between our named executive officers' pay and performance on key financial metrics revenue, profit, return
 on invested capital, and stockholder return in comparison to our performance graph peer group
- we review competitive compensation data for our named executive officers, to the extent available, and incorporate internal equity in the final determination of target compensation levels
- we determine annual performance incentives based on financial criteria that are important to stockholder value, including earnings, earnings per share, and return on invested capital and
- we determine long-term performance incentives based on total stockholder return relative to our performance graph peer group.

We are asking our stockholders to indicate their approval of our named executive officer compensation as disclosed in this proxy statement, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the executive compensation tables, and narrative discussion. This vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our named executive officers for 2014. Accordingly, the following resolution is submitted for stockholder vote at the 2015 annual meeting:

"RESOLVED, that the compensation paid to the company's named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-K, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, compensation tables and narrative discussion, is hereby approved."

As this is an advisory vote, the results will not be binding on the company, the board of directors, or the compensation committee and will not require us to take any action. The final decision on the compensation of our named executive officers remains with our compensation committee and our board of directors, although our board and compensation committee will consider the outcome of this vote when making future compensation decisions. As the board of directors determined at its meeting in May 2011, we will provide our stockholders with the opportunity to vote on our named executive officer compensation at every annual meeting until the next required vote on the frequency of stockholder votes on named executive officer compensation. The next required vote on frequency will occur at the 2017 annual meeting of stockholders.

> The board of directors recommends a vote "for" the approval, on a non-binding advisory basis, of the compensation of our named executive officers, as disclosed in this proxy statement.

Approval of the compensation of our named executive officers requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the proposal. Abstentions will count as votes against this proposal. Broker non-vote shares are not entitled to vote on this proposal and, therefore, are not counted in the vote.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

The following Compensation Discussion and Analysis may contain statements regarding corporate performance targets and goals. These targets and goals are disclosed in the limited context of our compensation programs and should not be understood to be statements of management's expectations or estimates of results or other guidance. We specifically caution investors not to apply these statements to other contexts.

Executive Summary

Named Executive Officers

Our named executive officers for 2014 were:

- David L. Goodin, president and chief executive officer of MDU Resources Group, Inc.
- Doran N. Schwartz, vice president and chief financial officer
- . J. Kent Wells, vice chairman of the corporation and chief executive officer of our exploration and production business segment, Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of WBI Holdings, Inc. He was also president of Fidelity until July 15, 2014. Mr. Wells resigned effective February 28, 2015.
- Jeffrey S. Thiede, president and chief executive officer of our construction services business segment, MDU Construction Services Group, Inc., and
- · Steven L. Bietz, president and chief executive officer of our pipelines and energy services segment, WBI Holdings, Inc., which is the parent company of WBI Energy, Inc. and WBI Energy Services, Inc.; Mr. Bietz was a named executive officer in 2012 but not in 2013.

In addition to the business segments above, we have the following business segments:

- electric and natural gas distribution, which is comprised of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, and Intermountain Gas Company and
- · construction materials and contracting, Knife River Corporation.

Key Financial Results for 2014

Consolidated GAAP earnings in 2014 were \$297.5 million, or \$1.55 per share, compared to earnings of \$278.2 million, or \$1.47 per share, in 2013.

Our total stockholder return for 2014 was (21.2%), as compared to 47.5% for 2013. Our average annual total stockholder return for the five-year period ended December 31, 2014 was 2.8%, compared to 10.5% for the five-year period ended December 31, 2013.

In 2014 the company generated a 7.0% return on invested capital compared to a 6.5% weighted average cost of capital.

Total Realized Pay Compared to Total Compensation from the Summary Compensation Table

The compensation committee believes considering total realized pay, the actual remuneration received by the named executive, is equally as important as considering total compensation as presented in the Summary Compensation Table. Total realized pay reflects the compensation actually earned, which can differ substantially from total compensation as presented in the Summary Compensation Table.

Total compensation as presented in the Summary Compensation Table contains estimated values of grants of performance shares based on multiple assumptions that may or may not come to fruition. In total realized pay, we do not include their value at grant but rather include their value upon vesting at the level they are actually earned. The Summary Compensation Table also shows any increase in pension value, which may result in large part from changes in the valuation assumptions and discount rates used for calculation. We exclude the increase in pension value and above-market earnings on nonqualified deferred compensation from total realized pay because:

- . the increase in pension value can have a large impact on total compensation as reported in the Summary Compensation Table
- · when pension value decreases, the negative value does not reduce total compensation as reported in the Summary Compensation Table
- even though benefit accruals under our qualified defined benefit pension plan were discontinued effective December 31, 2009, the
 pension value for 2014 increased due partially to the company's adoption of updated mortality tables and the use of a lower discount rate
 and
- Supplemental Income Security Plan benefits depend partially on continued employment in the case of Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz.

We define total realized pay as the sum of:

- · base salary
- · annual incentive award paid with respect to the year
- . the value realized upon the vesting of long-term incentive awards of performance shares during the year and
- · all other compensation as reported in the Summary Compensation Table.

The following table compares total realized pay for our named executives in 2014 to the total compensation as presented in the Summary Compensation Table. This table is not intended to be a substitute for the Summary Compensation Table.

Named Executive Officer	Base Salary (\$)	Annual Incentive Awards Paid (\$)	Value Realized upon Vesting of Performance Shares (\$)1	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total Realized Pay (\$)	Total Compensation from the Summary Compensation Table (\$)
David L. Goodin	685,000	830,915	1,047,202	38,686	2,601,803	3,571,637
Doran N. Schwartz	360,000	163,080	680,668	34,956	1,238,704	1,195,969
J. Kent Wells	600,000	369,750	N/A	21,856	991,606	2,609,290
Jeffrey S. Thiede	400,000	730,150	N/A	96,481	1,226,631	1,550,160
Steven L. Bietz	380,000	333,552	1,078,573	39,771	1,831,896	1,764,766

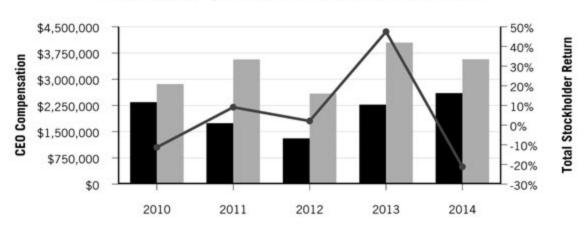
Performance shares and dividend equivalents for the 2011-2013 performance period vested at 193% of target and were paid in February 2014.

With respect to our chief executive officer, the following table demonstrates our pay for performance approach for 2010 through 2014 by comparing:

- . total realized pay, which is the sum of base salary, annual incentive awards paid, all other compensation, and the value realized upon the
 - vesting of restricted stock during 2010
 - vesting of performance shares during 2010 (for the 2007 through 2009 performance cycle) and during 2014 (for the 2011 through 2013 performance cycle). None vested during 2011, 2012, or 2013.
- · total compensation as reported in the Summary Compensation Table and
- one-year total stockholder returns for 2010 through 2014.

For years 2010 through 2012, the compensation information is for Mr. Hildestad, our chief executive officer for those years, and for 2013 and 2014, the compensation information is for Mr. Goodin. This table is not intended to be a substitute for the Summary Compensation Table.

5 Year CEO Compensation and Total Stockholder Return



		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Total Realized Pay	\$2,344,221	\$1,742,249	\$1,306,474	\$2,273,142	\$2,601,803
	Total Compensation from Summary Compensation Table	\$2,860,918	\$3,566,327	\$2,558,778	\$4,047,413	\$3,571,637
1:	1 Year Total Stockholder Return	(11.3)%	9.1%	2.1%	47.5%	(21.2)9

Except for 2014, the yearly changes in our chief executive officers' total realized pay align very closely with yearly changes in total stockholder return. The increase in total realized pay in 2014 is due predominantly to \$1,047,202 that vested in 2014 related to the performance shares and dividend equivalents for the 2011 through 2013 performance cycle due to our stockholder performance relative to our performance graph peer group. Additionally, the yearly changes in our chief executive officers' total compensation from the Summary Compensation Table correspond to the yearly changes in total stockholder return.

Process for Determination of 2014 Compensation

Objectives of our Compensation Program

We have a written executive compensation policy for our Section 16 officers, including all our named executive officers. Our policy's stated objectives are to:

· recruit, motivate, reward, and retain high performing executive talent required to create superior long-term total stockholder return in comparison to our peer group

- · reward executives for short-term performance, as well as the growth in enterprise value over the long-term
- provide a competitive package relative to industry-specific and general industry comparisons and internal equity, as appropriate
- ensure effective utilization and development of talent by working in concert with other management processes for example, performance appraisal, succession planning, and management development and
- help ensure that compensation programs do not encourage or reward excessive or imprudent risk taking.

Role of Management

Our executive compensation policy calls for an assessment of the competitive pay levels for base salary and incentive compensation for each Section 16 officer position to be conducted at least every two years by an independent consulting firm. Towers Watson conducted the study in 2012 for use by the compensation committee to determine 2013 compensation levels. In 2013, the compensation committee requested the competitive assessment to be completed internally. They directed the vice president-human resources and the human resources department to prepare the competitive assessment in August 2013 on Section 16 officers for their use in establishing 2014 compensation.

The assessment included identifying any material changes to the positions analyzed, updating competitive compensation information, gathering and analyzing relevant general and industry-specific survey data, and updating the base salary structure. The human resources department assessed competitive pay levels for base salary, total annual cash, which is base salary plus target annual incentives, and total direct compensation, which is the sum of total annual cash and the expected value of long-term incentives. The competitive assessment compared our positions to like positions contained in general industry compensation surveys and industry specific compensation surveys. The human resources department aged the survey data from the date of the survey by 2.5% annually to estimate the 2014 competitive targets.

The compensation surveys used in the competitive assessment are listed on the following table:

Survey*	Number of Companies Participating (#)	Median Number of Employees (#) 1	Publicly Traded Companies (#)	Median Revenue (000s) (\$)
Towers Watson General Industry Executive Compensation DataBank 2012	428	17,909	371	6,154,000
Towers Watson Energy Services Executive Compensation Survey 2012	94	3,120	70	3,280,000
Mercer 2012 Total Compensation Survey for the Energy Sector	313	Not Reported	243	896,000
Towers Watson General Industry Top Management Compensation Survey Report 2012	863	1,837	406	552,000
Pearl Meyer & Partners Natural Gas Transmission Industry 2012 Compensation Survey	19	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported
Effective Compensation, Inc. 2012 Oil and Gas Compensation Survey	123	535	55	Not Reported

Monthered

In billions of dollars, our revenues for 2012, 2013, and 2014 were approximately \$4.1, \$4.5, and \$4.7, respectively.

The human resources department also augmented the competitive analysis by using Equilar to provide information on what was reported by companies in our performance graph peer group and by other public companies in relevant industries, as selected by the human resources department and as determined by SIC codes and as disclosed in their SEC filings. The companies referenced via Equilar and the positions for which they were used are found in Exhibit B.

For our president and chief executive officer, the Equilar companies included all companies in our performance graph peer group and data on 95 additional chief executive officers from public companies in the energy, construction, utility, and oil and gas exploration industries with revenues ranging from \$1 billion to \$8 billion.

For our vice president and chief financial officer, the Equilar companies included all companies in our performance graph peer group and data on 77 additional chief financial officers from public companies in the energy, construction, utility, and oil and gas exploration industries with revenues ranging from \$1 billion to \$8 billion.

^{*} The information in the table is based solely upon information provided by the publishers of the surveys and is not deemed filed or a part of this Compensation Discussion and Analysis for certification purposes. For a list of companies that participated in the compensation surveys and databases, see Exhibit A.

For the Effective Compensation, Inc. 2012 Oil and Gas Compensation Survey, the number reported as the Median Number of Employees is the average number of employees.

For the chief executive officer of our exploration and production segment, the Equilar data consisted of compensation information on 25 chief operating officers from public companies in the oil and gas exploration and production industries with revenues ranging from \$250 million to \$1.5 billion, and 33 division heads from public companies in the oil and gas exploration and production industries without regard to revenues.

For the president and chief executive officer of our construction services segment, the Equilar data consisted of compensation information on four chief operating officers and four division heads from public companies in the construction services industry, without regard to revenues.

For the president and chief executive officer of our pipeline and energy services segment, the Equilar data consisted of compensation information on seven chief operating officers from public companies in the energy services industry with revenues ranging up to \$1.25 billion and, separately, 27 division heads from public companies in the energy services industry without regard to revenues.

The chief executive officer played an important role in recommending 2014 compensation to the committee for the other named executive officers. The chief executive officer assessed the performance of the named executive officers and considered the relative value of the named executive officers' positions and their salary grade classifications. He then reviewed the competitive assessment prepared by the human resources department to formulate 2014 compensation recommendations for the compensation committee, other than for himself. The chief executive officer attended compensation committee meetings; however, he was not present during discussions regarding his compensation.

Performance Assessment Program

Our performance assessment program rates performance of our executive officers, except for our chief executive officer, in the following areas, which help determine actual salaries within the range of salaries associated with the executive's salary grade:

leadership

· mentoring

· leading with integrity

financial responsibility

· achievement focus

safety

· risk management

An executive's overall performance in our performance assessment program is rated on a scale of one to five, with five as the highest rating denoting distinguished performance. An overall performance above 3.75 is considered commendable performance.

Salary Grades for 2014

The compensation committee determines the named executive officers' base salaries and target annual and long-term incentives by reference to salary grades. Each salary grade has a minimum, midpoint, and maximum annual salary level with the midpoint targeted at approximately the 50th percentile of the competitive assessment data for positions in the salary grade. The compensation committee may adjust the salary grades away from the 50th percentile in order to balance the external market data with internal equity. The salary grades also have target annual and long-term incentive levels, which are expressed as a percentage of the individual's actual base salary. We generally place named executive officers into a salary grade based on historical classification of their positions; however, the compensation committee reviews each classification and may place a position into a different salary grade if it determines that the targeted competitive compensation for the position changes significantly or the executive's responsibilities and/or performance warrants a different salary grade. Individual executives may be paid below, equal to, or above the salary grade midpoint.

The salary grades give the compensation committee flexibility to assign different salaries to individual executives within a salary grade to reflect one or more of the following:

- · executive's performance on financial goals and on non-financial goals, including the results of the performance assessment program
- · executive's experience, tenure, and future potential
- position's relative value compared to other positions within the company
- relationship of the salary to the competitive salary market value
- · internal equity with other executives and
- · economic environment of the corporation or executive's business segment.

The committee did not change the named executives' salary grades, but increased the base salary midpoints for 2014 for salary grades A through L by an average of 1.52% to more closely align with the 50th percentile of the competitive assessment data. The midpoint of salary grade L, which is Mr. Goodin's salary grade, was increased by 2.3% from \$762.5 thousand to \$780 thousand; the midpoint of salary grade K, which is Mr. Wells' salary grade, was increased by 3.0% from \$500 thousand to \$515 thousand; the midpoint of salary grade J, which is Messrs. Thiede and Bietz's salary grade, remained at \$390 thousand; and the midpoint of salary grade I, which is Mr. Schwartz's salary grade, was increased by 1.5% from \$335 thousand to \$340 thousand.

The committee did not change the target incentive compensation guidelines for the salary grades for 2014, except that 2014 target annual and long-term incentives were set at 85% and 60% of base salary, respectively, for the salary grade J president and chief executive officer of the construction services segment (Mr. Thiede) and president and chief executive officer of the construction materials segment, rather than the target annual and long-term incentive guidelines associated with salary grade J of 65% and 90%, respectively, of base salary. In establishing these targets, the committee continued its approach on transitioning these two executive officers' incentive compensation from what it had been prior to their promotions in 2013 to having their targets equal to those of other salary grade J participants by 2017.

Our named executive officers' 2014 salary grade classifications and their respective midpoints are:

Position	Grade	Name	2014 Salary Grade Base Salary Midpoint (\$000s)
President and CEO	L	David L. Goodin	780
Vice President and CFO	1	Doran N. Schwartz	340
Vice Chairman and CEO, Fidelity Exploration & Production Company	K	J. Kent Wells	515
President and CEO, MDU Construction Services Group, Inc.	J	Jeffrey S. Thiede	390
President and CEO, WBI Holdings, Inc.	J	Steven L. Bietz	390

Timing of Compensation Decisions for 2014

The compensation committee, in conjunction with the board of directors, determined all compensation for each named executive officer for 2014. The compensation committee made recommendations to the board of directors regarding compensation of all Section 16 officers, and the board of directors then approved the recommendations.

The compensation committee reviewed the competitive assessment at its August 2013 and November 2013 meetings. At the November 2013 meeting, it established individual base salaries, target annual incentive award levels, and target long-term incentive award levels for 2014. At the February 2014 meeting, the compensation committee and the board of directors determined 2014 annual and long-term incentive awards, along with payments based on performance for the 2013 annual incentive awards and the 2011-2013 performance share awards. The February meeting occurred after the release of earnings for the prior year.

Stockholder Advisory Vote ("Say on Pay")

Our stockholders had an advisory vote on our named executive officers' compensation at the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Approximately 97% of the shares present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the matter approved the named executive officers' compensation. The 97% approval is slightly higher than the results of our say on pay vote at the 2013 Annual Meeting, which was 96%. The compensation committee and the board of directors considered the results of the votes at their May 2014 and November 2014 meetings and did not change our executive compensation program as a result of the votes.

Allocation of Total Target Compensation for 2014

Incentive compensation, which consists of annual cash incentive awards and three-year performance share awards under our Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, comprises a significant portion of our named executive officers' total target compensation because:

- · our named executive officers are in positions to drive, and therefore bear high levels of responsibility for, our corporate performance
- incentive compensation is more variable than base salary and dependent upon our performance
- · variable compensation helps ensure focus on the goals that are aligned with our overall strategy and
- the interests of our named executive officers will be aligned with those of our stockholders by making a significant portion of their target compensation contingent upon results that are beneficial to stockholders.

The following table shows the allocation of total target compensation for 2014 among the individual components of base salary, annual incentive, and long-term incentive:

Name	% of Total Target Compensation Allocated to	%	of Total Target Compens Allocated to Incentives	
	Base Salary (%)	Annual (%)	Long-Term (%)	Annual + Long-Term (%)
David L. Goodin	25.0	37.5	37.5	75.0
Doran N. Schwartz	44.4	22.2	33.4	55.6
J. Kent Wells	23.5	29.4	47.1	76.5
Jeffrey S. Thiede	40.8	34.7	24.5	59.2
Steven L. Bietz	39.2	25.5	35.3	60.8

In order to reward long-term growth, the compensation committee generally allocates a higher percentage of total target compensation to the long-term incentive than to the short-term incentive for our higher level executives, since they are in a better position to influence our longterm performance. As discussed later, Mr. Goodin's long-term incentive percentage was kept at a lower level to balance his higher Supplemental Income Security Plan benefit. Also, Mr. Thiede's long-term incentive percentage was lower than the guideline, as he transitions from all short-term incentive to a combination of short-term and long-term incentive in connection with his promotion in 2013. Additionally, the long-term incentive, if earned, is paid in company common stock. These awards, combined with our stock retention requirements and stock ownership policy, discussed later, promote ownership of our stock by the named executive officers. The compensation committee believes that, as stockholders, the named executive officers will be motivated to deliver financial results that build wealth for all stockholders over the long-term.

PEER Analysis: Comparison of Pay for Performance Ratios

Each year we compare our named executive officers' pay for performance ratios to the pay for performance ratios of the named executive officers in the performance graph peer group. This analysis compares the relationship between our compensation levels and our average annual total stockholder return to the peer group over a five-year period. All data used in the analysis, including the valuation of long-term incentives and calculation of stockholder return, were compiled by Equilar, Inc., an independent service provider, which is based on each company's annual filings for its data collection.

This analysis consisted of dividing what we paid our named executive officers for the years 2009 through 2013 by our average annual total stockholder return for the same five-year period to yield our pay ratio. For the 2009-2013 comparison, we used the 2014 performance graph peer group companies. Our pay ratio was then compared to the pay ratio of the companies in the performance graph peer group, which was calculated by dividing total direct compensation for all the proxy group executives by the sum of each company's average annual total stockholder return for the same five-year period. The average annual stockholder return is the geometric mean for the five-year period.

For the five-year period of 2009 through 2013, we paid our named executives approximately \$4.9 million per point of shareholder return, while the peer group companies paid their named executives approximately \$6.4 million per point of shareholder return. The compensation committee believes that the analysis continues to serve a useful purpose in its annual review of compensation for the named executives.

2014 Compensation for Our Named Executive Officers

Base Salaries, Total Annual Compensation, and Total Direct Compensation

David L. Goodin

For 2014, the compensation committee awarded Mr. Goodin, our president and chief executive officer, a 9.6% increase, raising his salary from \$625,000 to \$685,000, or 87.8% of the midpoint of salary grade L. The committee noted that the \$685,000 was below the median salary of \$750,000 for the chief executive officers from the performance graph peer companies and below the median salary of \$801,500 for the chief executive officers from the salary survey data, both as noted in the competitive assessment. The committee believed the 9.6% increase was appropriate in light of Mr. Goodin's job maturity, knowledge of the company's business segments, skill sets, and management style, in addition to 2013 performance, which included earnings per share and return on invested capital results at 103.9% of plan and 103.1% of plan, respectively, as measured on a nine month actual plus three month plan basis. The committee also believed it was appropriate for Mr. Goodin's 2014 base salary to be less than market and less than the 2014 midpoint due to his newness in the position. The committee established Mr. Goodin's 2014 target total annual cash compensation at \$1,712,500, which was above the median total cash compensation of \$1,664,600 paid to chief executive officers from the performance graph peer companies and above the median total cash compensation of \$1,532,700 paid to chief executive officers from the salary survey data, both as noted in the competitive assessment.

From a total direct compensation perspective, the committee established a target of \$2,740,000, which was above the competitive reference point of \$2,565,600 for the performance graph peer group and below the competitive reference point of \$3,192,800 for the salary survey companies.

Doran N. Schwartz

For 2014, the compensation committee awarded Mr. Schwartz, our vice president and chief financial officer, a 4.3% increase, raising his salary from \$345,000 to \$360,000, or to 105.9% of the midpoint of salary grade I. Combined with his target annual and long-term incentive, this would result in target total annual compensation of 73% and target total direct compensation of 54% of the 2014 competitive salary survey data at the 50th percentile. The compensation committee's rationale for the increase was in recognition of his:

- assistance in the company delivering earnings per share and return on invested capital results at 103.9% of plan and 103.1% of plan, respectively, as measured on a nine month actual plus three month plan basis
- · leadership in maintaining excellent relationships with the investment community and
- · relatively low salary compared to the chief financial officers of performance graph peer companies.

J. Kent Wells

For 2014, the compensation committee awarded Mr. Wells, vice chairman of the corporation and chief executive officer of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company, a 5.3% increase, raising his salary from \$570,000 to \$600,000 or 116.5% of the midpoint of salary grade K. Combined with his target annual and long-term incentives, this would result in target total annual compensation of 123% and target total direct compensation of 136% of the 2014 competitive salary survey data at the 50th percentile. The compensation committee's rationale for the increase was in recognition of:

- Fidelity Exploration & Production's continued growth in production and continuing the shift in production mix from natural gas to oil and liquids and
- continuing to promote a safety culture at Fidelity Exploration & Production Company.

Jeffrey S. Thiede

For 2014, the compensation committee awarded Mr. Thiede, president and chief executive officer of MDU Construction Services Group, Inc., a 3.9% increase, raising his annual salary from \$385,000 to \$400,000, or 102.6% of the midpoint of salary grade J. Due to the limited salary survey data on comparable positions, the 2014 competitive assessment was based solely on the Equilar data discussed above under "Role of Management." Combined with his target annual and long-term incentives, Mr. Thiede's target total annual compensation and target total direct compensation was 81% and 87%, respectively, of the median proxy pay data on chief operating officers, and 93% and 123%, respectively, of the median proxy pay data on division heads. The committee believed the 3.9% salary increase was appropriate in light of his grasp of financial targets and budget goals and 2013 performance, which included earnings per share and return on invested capital results at 130.1% of plan and 121.9% of plan, respectively, as measured on a nine-month actual plus three-month plan basis for MDU Construction Services Group, Inc.

Steven L. Bietz

For 2014, the compensation committee awarded Mr. Bietz, president and chief executive officer of WBI Holdings, Inc., a 3.3% increase, raising his salary from \$367,700 to \$380,000, or 97.4% of the midpoint of salary grade J. Combined with his target annual and long-term incentives, this would result in target total annual compensation of 94% and target total direct compensation of 89% of the 2014 competitive salary survey data at the 50th percentile. The compensation committee's rationale for the increase was in recognition of his leadership in WBI Holdings, Inc.'s expansion in the gas processing and refining areas.

Annual Incentives

What the Performance Measures Are and Why We Chose Them

The compensation committee develops and reviews financial and other corporate performance measures to help ensure that compensation to the executives reflects the success of their respective business segment and/or the corporation, as well as the value provided to our stockholders.

The compensation committee believes earnings, earnings per share, and return on invested capital are very good measurements in assessing a business segment's performance and the company's performance from a financial perspective, because:

- · earnings and earnings per share are generally accepted accounting principle measurements and are key drivers of stockholder return over the long-term and
- return on invested capital measures how efficiently and effectively management deploys capital, where sustained returns on invested capital in excess of a business segment's cost of capital create value for our stockholders.

The compensation committee chose earnings as the performance measure for two business segments. For the construction services segment, selected earnings levels were used in order to balance the difficulty in forecasting as well as earnings volatility for that segment, instead of tying performance to allocated earnings per share and budgeted return on invested capital resulting from the annual planning process. For the exploration and production segment, earnings, as adjusted, were used to motivate the chief executive officer to increase and maintain production at a high level and develop the appropriate mix of production and replacement reserves, without regard to the effect on earnings of non-cash impairments and hedge accounting, the pricing components over which he had no control.

As in prior years, the compensation committee selected allocated earnings per share and return on invested capital for the pipeline and energy services segment, the electric and natural gas distribution segments, and the construction materials and contracting segment to ensure those chief executive officers' annual incentive payments are closely aligned to criteria promoting long-term growth in stockholder return. We establish these targets in connection with our annual financial planning process, where we assess the economic environment, competitive outlook, industry trends, and company specific conditions to set projections of results. The compensation committee evaluates the projected results and uses this evaluation to establish the incentive plan performance targets based upon recommendation of the chief executive officer. Allocated earnings per share for a business segment is calculated by dividing that business segment's earnings by the business segment's portion of the total company weighted average shares outstanding. Return on invested capital for a business segment is calculated by dividing the business segment's earnings, without regard to after tax interest expense and preferred stock dividends, by the business segment's average capitalization for the calendar year. If the compensation committee utilizes a return on invested capital target for a business segment, it considers the business segment's weighted average cost of capital. The weighted average cost of capital is a composite cost of the individual sources of funds including equity and debt used to finance a company's assets. It is calculated by averaging the cost of debt plus the cost of equity by the proportion each represents in our, or the business segment's, capital structure.

For the named executive officers working at MDU Resources Group, Inc., who were Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz, the compensation committee continued to base annual incentives on the achievement of performance goals at the business segments: (i) the construction materials and contracting segment, (ii) the construction services segment, (iii) the pipeline and energy services segment, (iv) the exploration and production segment, and (v) the electric and natural gas distribution segments. The compensation committee's rationale for this approach was to provide greater alignment between the MDU Resources Group, Inc. executives and business segment performance.

As established by the compensation committee in February 2014, the annual performance measures and goal weightings for the business segment leaders were:

		Busine Goal	Company Goal Weighting		
Position	Business Segment	Allocated EPS (%)	ROIC (%)	Earnings (%)	EPS (%) ¹
President and Chief Executive Officer	Exploration and Production	_		75.0 ²	25.0
President and Chief Executive Officer	Construction Services	_	-	75.0 ³	25.0
President and Chief Executive Officer	Pipeline and Energy Services	37.5	37.5	_	25.0
President and Chief Executive Officer	Construction Materials and Contracting	37.5	37.5	_	25.0
President and Chief Executive Officer	Electric and Natural Gas Distribution	37.5	37.5	_	25.0

Earnings per share for purposes of the annual incentive calculation (i) reflect the adjustments referred to in footnote 2 and (ii) exclude the effects on earnings at the MDU Resources level of intersegment eliminations.

Earnings were defined as GAAP earnings reported for the exploration and production segment, adjusted to exclude the (i) effect on earnings of any noncash write-downs of oil and natural gas properties due to ceiling test impairment charges and any associated earnings benefit resulting from lower depletion, depreciation and amortization expenses and (ii) the effect on earnings of any noncash gains and losses that result from (x) ineffectiveness in hedge accounting or (y) derivatives that no longer qualify for hedge accounting treatment.

Earnings were defined as GAAP earnings.

Our Named Executive Officers' Target Annual Incentive Compensation

The compensation committee established the named executive officers' target annual incentive as a percentage of each officer's actual 2014 base salary.

Messrs. Goodin's and Schwartz's 2014 target annual incentives were based on the following:

- Mr. Goodin's 2014 target annual incentive was unchanged at 150% of base salary, which was above the 91% and 122% of base salary
 paid to chief executive officer positions based on salary survey data and performance graph peer group data, respectively, from the
 competitive assessment. The committee's rationale for assigning an above-market target annual incentive percentage was to offset a
 below-market target long-term incentive and to ensure, from an internal equity standpoint, that Mr. Goodin's target incentive was above
 the target incentives of his direct reports.
- Mr. Schwartz's 2014 target annual incentive was unchanged at 50% of base salary, which was below the 67% and 77% of base salary
 paid to chief financial officers based on salary survey data and performance graph peer group data, respectively, from the competitive
 assessment. Notwithstanding this difference, the committee did not increase Mr. Schwartz's annual incentive target in favor of waiting
 some additional time before increasing the annual incentive target.

Mr. Wells' 2014 target incentive was unchanged at 125% of base salary, which was above the 96% of base salary paid to comparable positions in the survey data and above the 82% and 80% of base salary based on proxy pay data from SEC filings as of July 2013, and as compiled by Equilar, on chief operating officers and division heads from companies in relevant industries. The compensation committee determined, as it had in prior years, that the target incentive of 125% of base salary was appropriate given the significant investment in the exploration and production segment and the desire to incentivize and motivate Mr. Wells to generate earnings that can greatly impact overall company earnings.

Mr. Thiede's 2014 target incentive was set at 85% of base salary, a decrease from 90% of base salary in 2013. The decrease was part of the committee's plan to decrease his short-term target incentive to 65% of base salary by 2017 while, at the same time, increasing his long-term incentive target to 90% of base salary over the same time period.

Mr. Bietz's 2014 target incentive was unchanged from 2013 and set at 65% of base salary, which was below the 74% of base salary paid to comparable positions in the survey data. Notwithstanding the difference, the committee did not increase Mr. Bietz's incentive target for 2014 because the historical trend has shown smaller differences between the incentive target awarded to Mr. Bietz and the competitive data, and the committee determined not to change the target based on a one-year result.

MDU Resources Group, Inc. EPS Goal

The MDU Resources Group, Inc. earnings per share component represented 25% of the award opportunity for all business segment leaders. Payout could range from no payment if the results were below 85% of the \$1.48 target to a 200% payout if the results were \$1.70 or higher. The committee set the target at \$1.48, as adjusted, which was above the 2013 target of \$1.27 and below the adjusted 2013 results of \$1.49. The 2014 target was established based on adjusted earnings at the exploration and production segment as described in footnote 2 to the table under What the Performance Measures Are and Why We Chose Them above and excluded the effect on earnings at the company level of intersegment eliminations. The 2014 adjusted earnings per share target level reflected:

- continued solid execution in all business segments
- significant investments in our exploration and production, electric and natural gas distribution, and pipeline and energy services segments and
- · anticipated lower oil and natural gas commodity prices.

Earnings per share for 2014 were, on a GAAP basis, \$1.55 and, on an adjusted basis as described in footnotes 1 and 2 to the table above under What the Performance Measures Are and Why We Chose them, were \$1.50. The payment on this component was 109% of target.

Exploration and Production Segment Earnings Goal

For Mr. Wells, 75% of the 2014 award opportunity was based on earnings adjusted as described in footnote 2 to the table above under What the Performance Measures Are and Why We Chose Them. Payout could range from no payment if 2014 earnings were below the 85% level of \$81.2 million to a 200% payout if the segment's 2014 earnings were at or above the 115% level of \$109.8 million. For 2014 the 85% to 115% range was wider than the 90% to 110% range for 2013 to accommodate an expected increase in commodity price volatility for 2014.

The committee set the exploration and production segment's 2014 adjusted earnings target level at \$95.5 million, which was above the 2013 target level of \$84.0 million and below the 2013 adjusted results of \$98.4 million. The 2014 earnings target as compared to 2013 adjusted results and target was due primarily to higher depletion, depreciation and amortization expense, and lower expected commodity prices, as well as expected increased oil production.

The segment's 2014 earnings were \$82.0 million equating to a 29.3% payment on the segment's earnings component, which coupled with MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings per share being 109% of target, resulted in a 2014 annual incentive payment for Mr. Wells of \$369,750 or 49.3% of target.

Construction Services Segment Earnings Goal

For Mr. Thiede, 75% of the 2014 incentive award opportunity was based on the construction services segment's 2014 earnings, where the payout could range from no payment if the results were below the 70% level of \$14.5 million to 250% of the target amount if the results were at or above \$35.8 million.

Predetermined earnings levels were selected in order to balance the difficulty in forecasting as well as earnings volatility for that segment. Specifically, earnings of \$20.9 million, the result necessary to trigger payment of the target award, equated to a return on invested capital of approximately 7.2%, and earnings of \$35.8 million, the result necessary to trigger payment of the maximum award, equated to a return on invested capital of approximately 12.2%. The committee felt these earnings levels were appropriate given the business segment's 2014 projected weighted average cost of capital was 9%.

The construction services segment's 2014 earnings were \$54.4 million, equating to a 250% payment on the segment's earnings component, which coupled with MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings per share being 109% of target, resulted in a 2014 annual incentive payment for Mr. Thiede of \$730,150 or 214.8% of target.

Pipeline and Energy Services Segment EPS, ROIC, and Safety Goals

For Mr. Bietz, 75% of the 2014 award opportunity was based on the pipeline and energy service segment's allocated earnings per share and budgeted return on invested capital, equally weighted. Payout could range from no payment if the results were below the 85% level of \$0.83 EPS and 3.3% ROIC to a 200% payout if:

- the 2014 allocated earnings per share for the segment were at or above the 115% level of \$1.13 and
- the 2014 return on invested capital was at or above the 115% level of 4.5%.

For 2014, the committee set the pipeline and energy service segment's allocated earnings per share target at \$0.98 and return on invested capital target at 3.9%. The 2014 earnings per share target was below the 2013 target of \$1.16, reflecting lower anticipated natural gas storage levels and start-up costs associated with Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC. The 2014 earnings per share target was also above the 2013 earnings per share results of \$0.51 due to anticipated improved results from the business segment's Pronghorn facility, anticipated higher transportation volumes, and the absence of the \$9.0 million negative earnings impact associated with the impairment of natural gas gathering assets that occurred in 2013. The 2014 ROIC target of 3.9% was below the 2013 target of 5.4% and above the 2013 actual results of 3.1%, due primarily to the capital investments in Dakota Prairie Refining.

Mr. Bietz also had five individual goals relating to safety results with each goal that was not met reducing the annual incentive award by 1%. The five individual goals were:

- each established local safety committee will conduct eight meetings per year
- each established local safety committee must conduct four site assessments per year
- report motor vehicle accidents and personal injuries by the end of the next business day, which will be achieved only if 85% or more of the reports are submitted by the end of the next business day
- · achieve the targeted vehicle accident incident rate of 1.85 or less and
- achieve the targeted personal injury incident rate of 2.1 or less.

Results at the pipeline and energy services segment (before adjustment for the five safety goals) were 138.8% and 130.8%, respectively, of the 2014 allocated earnings per share and return on invested capital measures, equating to 200% of target each. These results, coupled with MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings per share being 109% of target and four of the five safety goals being met, resulted in 175.5% of the target being met, or an award of \$433,552. However, the committee used its negative discretion and reduced Mr. Bietz's award to \$333,552 due to the cost overruns and delay in the start date at Dakota Prairie Refining.

Electric and Natural Gas Distribution Segments EPS and ROIC Goals

For the electric and natural gas distribution segments, 75% of the 2014 award opportunity was based on allocated earnings per share and budgeted return on invested capital, equally weighted. Payout could range from no payment if the allocated earnings per share and return on invested capital results were below the 85% level of \$1.11 EPS and 4.8% ROIC to a 200% payout if:

- · the 2014 allocated earnings per share for the segment were at or above the 115% level of \$1.50 and
- the 2014 return on invested capital was at or above the 115% level of 6.6%.

The committee set the 2014 target for allocated earnings per share at \$1.30, which was higher than the 2013 target and equal to the 2013 actual results to reflect anticipated increased operating efficiencies, offset by higher investments. The committee set the 2014 return on invested capital target at 5.7%, which was lower than the 2013 target level and the 2013 actual results to reflect higher invested capital associated with its growth projects. The 2014 return on invested capital target was above the segment's projected 2014 weighted average cost of capital.

For 2014, the electric and natural gas distribution segments' earnings per share and return on invested capital were 89.2% and 93.0% of their respective targets, equating to 46.2% and 64.9%, respectively, of the target amount attributable to those components, which coupled with MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings per share being 109% of target, led to overall results for these segments of 68.9% of the 2014 target annual incentive award.

Construction Materials and Contracting Segment EPS and ROIC Goals

For the construction materials and contracting segment, 75% of the 2014 award opportunity was based on allocated earnings per share and budgeted return on invested capital, equally weighted. Payout could range from no payment if the results were below the 70% level of \$0.58 EPS and 4.4% ROIC to a 200% payout if:

- . the 2014 allocated earnings per share for the segment were at or above the 115% level of \$0.95 and
- the 2014 return on invested capital was at or above the 138% level of 8.7%.

For the construction materials and contracting segment, the committee set the 2014 allocated earnings per share target at \$0.83, which was higher than the 2013 target of \$0.52 and actual results of \$0.77, to reflect anticipated increases in construction materials volumes and construction activity in western North Dakota and Texas. The committee set the 2014 return on invested capital target at 6.3%, higher than the 2013 target of 4.3% and the 2013 actual results of 6.1%, due to higher anticipated earnings.

The construction materials and contracting segment's 2014 earnings per share and return on invested capital were 95.2% and 98.4% of their respective 2014 targets, equating to 88.0% and 96.0%, respectively, of the target amount attributable to those components, which coupled with MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings per share being 109% of target, led to overall results for this segment of 96.3% of the 2014 target annual incentive award.

The following two tables show the 2013 and 2014 incentive plan performance targets and results by business segment:

		Incer	2013 ntive Plan ormance argets			Ince	013 ntive Results	
Name	EPS Business Segment (\$)	ROIC (%)	Business Segment Earnings (millions) (\$)	EPS MDU Resources (\$)	EPS Business Segment (\$) / (% of Target)	ROIC (%) / (% of Target)	Business Segment Earnings (\$)/ (% of Target)	EPS MDU Resources (\$) / (% of Target)
Pipeline and Energy Services	1.16	5.4		1.27	0.51 / 0	3.1/0	_	1.49 / 200
Exploration and Production	_	_	84.0	1.27	_	_	98.4 / 200	1.49 / 200
Construction Services	_	-	20.9	1.27	_		52.2 / 250	_
Construction Materials and Contracting	0.52	4.3	_	1.27	0.77 / 200	6.1 / 146.5	_	1.49 / 200
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution	1 20	5.0		1 27	1 30 / 155 5	61/1226		1.49 / 200

	2014 Incentive Plan Performance Targets			2014 Incentive Plan Results				
Name	EPS Business Segment (\$)	ROIC (%)	Business Segment Earnings (millions) (\$)	EPS MDU Resources (\$)	EPS Business Segment (\$) / (% of Target)	ROIC (%) / (% of Target)	Business Segment Earnings (\$) / (% of Target)	EPS MDU Resources (\$) / (% of Target)
Pipeline and Energy Services	0.98	3.9		1.48	1.36 / 200	5.1 / 200	_	1.50 / 109
Exploration and Production	_	_	95.5	1.48		_	82.0 / 29.3	1.50 / 109
Construction Services	-	_	20.9	1.48	-	_	54.4 / 250	1.50 / 109
Construction Materials and Contracting	0.83	6.3	_	1.48	0.79 / 88	6.2/96	_	1.50 / 109
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution	1.30	5.7	_	1.48	1.16 / 46.2	5.3 / 64.9	_	1.50 / 109

Messrs. Goodin's and Schwartz's 2014 annual incentives were earned at 90.6% of target based on the following:

	Column A Percentage of Annual Incentive Target Achieved	Column B Percentage of Average Invested Capital	Column A x Column B
Pipeline and Energy Services	175.5%	11.1%	19.5%
Exploration and Production	49.3%	26.7%	13.2%
Construction Services	214.8%	6.6%	14.2%
Construction Materials and Contracting	96.3%	19.6%	18.9%
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution	68.9%	36.0%	24.8%
Total (Payout Percentage)			90.6%

The committee, however, used its negative discretion and reduced Mr. Goodin's award from \$930,915 to \$830,915 due to the cost overruns and delay in the start date of Dakota Prairie Refining.

The table below lists each named executive officer's 2014 base salary, target annual incentive percentage, and the annual incentive earned.

Name	2014 Base Salary (000s) (\$)	2014 Target Annual Incentive (%)	2014 Annual Incentive Earned (% of Target)	2014 Annual Incentive Earned (000s) (\$)
David L. Goodin	685.0	150.0	90.6 / 80.9 1	830.9 1
Doran N. Schwartz	360.0	50.0	90.6	163.1
J. Kent Wells	600.0	125.0	49.3	369.8
Jeffrey S. Thiede	400.0	85.0	214.8	730.2
Steven L. Bietz	380.0	65.0	175.5 / 135.1 2	333.6 ²

While Mr. Goodin's annual incentive was earned at 90.6% of target, because the compensation committee reduced his award to \$830.9, he actually earned 80.9% of target.

Deferral of Annual Incentive Compensation

We provide executives the opportunity to defer receipt of earned annual incentives. If an executive chooses to defer his or her annual incentive, we will credit the deferral with interest at a rate determined by the compensation committee. For 2014, the committee chose to use the average of (i) the number that results from adding the daily Moody's U.S. Long-Term Corporate Bond Yield Average for "A" rated companies as of the last day of each month for the 12-month period ending October 31 and dividing by 12, and (ii) the number that results from adding the daily Moody's U.S. Long-Term Corporate Bond Yield Average for "Baa" rated companies as of the last day of each month for the 12-month period ending October 31 and dividing by 12. This resulted in an interest rate of 4.67%. The compensation committee's reasons for using this approach recognized:

- · incentive deferrals are a low-cost source of capital for the company and
- · incentive deferrals are unsecured obligations and, therefore, carry a higher risk to the executives.

2014 Long-Term Incentives

Performance Share Awards

We use the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, which has been approved by our stockholders, for long-term incentive compensation, with performance shares as the primary form of long-term incentive compensation. We have not granted stock options since 2001, and in 2011 we amended the plan to no longer permit the grant of stock options or stock appreciation rights; no stock options, stock appreciation rights, or restricted shares are outstanding.

The compensation committee has used relative stockholder return in comparison to the performance graph peer group as the performance measure for a number of years, including the 2014 performance share awards. The performance graph peer group consisted of the following companies when the committee granted performance shares in February 2014.

- · ALLETE, Inc.
- · Alliant Energy Corporation
- · Atmos Energy Corporation
- · Avista Corporation
- · Bill Barrett Corporation
- Black Hills Corporation
- · Comstock Resources, Inc.
- · EMCOR Group, Inc.

- EQT Corporation
- · Granite Construction Incorporated
- · Martin Marietta Materials, Inc.
- · National Fuel Gas Company
- Northwest Natural Gas Company
- Pike Corporation
- · Quanta Services, Inc.
- · Questar Corporation

- · SM Energy Company
- · Sterling Construction Company, Inc.
- · Swift Energy Company
- · Texas Industries
- Vectren Corporation
- Vulcan Materials Company
- · Whiting Petroleum Corporation

The performance measure is our total stockholder return over a three-year measurement period as compared to the total stockholder returns of the companies in our performance graph peer group over the same three-year period. The compensation committee selected the relative stockholder return performance measure because it believes executive pay under a long-term, capital accumulation program such as this should mirror our long-term performance in stockholder return as compared to other public companies in our industries. Payments are made in company stock; dividend equivalents are paid in cash. No dividend equivalents are paid on unvested performance shares.

While Mr. Bietz's annual incentive was earned at 175.5% of target, because the compensation committee reduced his award to \$333.6, he actually earned 135.1% of target.

Total stockholder return is the percentage change in the value of an investment in the common stock of a company, from the closing price on the last trading day in the calendar year preceding the beginning of the performance period, through the last trading day in the final year of the performance period. It is assumed that dividends are reinvested in additional shares of common stock at the frequency paid.

As with the target annual incentive, we determined the target long-term incentive for a given position in part from the competitive assessment and in part by the compensation committee's judgment on the impact each position has on our total stockholder return. The committee kept the chief executive officer's target long-term incentive below a level indicated from the competitive assessment. Mr. Goodin's target was 150% of base salary, below the salary survey median of 207% of base salary and above the performance graph peer group median of 120% of base salary for chief executive officers. The compensation committee has historically set the president and chief executive officer's target long-term incentive compensation below the level indicated by the salary survey data in the competitive assessment to offset his benefit under the Supplemental Income Security Plan, our nonqualified defined benefit plan, which prior assessments had shown to be higher than competitive levels.

Messrs. Schwartz's and Wells' target long-term incentives were unchanged from 2013. Mr. Schwartz's target long-term incentive of 75% of base salary was below the salary survey median of 175% of base salary and below the performance graph peer group median of 79% of base salary for chief financial officers. Mr. Wells' target long-term incentive was 200% of base salary, which was above the salary survey median of 138% and above the proxy pay data from SEC filings as of July, 2013, and as compiled by Equilar, of 146% of base salary on chief operating officers and 68% of base salary on division heads from companies in relevant industries. We believed that Mr. Wells' longterm incentive target was appropriate due to his lack of participation in our supplemental income security plan and our nonqualified defined contribution plan.

Mr. Thiede's long-term incentive target was set at 60% of base salary for 2014, his first year of participation in the long-term incentive plan. The establishment of his long-term incentive target at 60% of salary was part of the committee's plan to increase his long-term target incentive to 90% of base salary by 2017 while, at the same time, decreasing his short-term incentive target to 65% of base salary over the same period. Mr. Bietz's 2014 target long-term incentive was 90% of base salary and was unchanged from 2013. The 90% of target was below the salary survey median of 110% of base salary and above the proxy pay data from SEC filings as of July 2013, and as compiled by Equilar, of 71% of base salary on chief operating officers and 59% of base salary on division heads from companies in relevant industries.

On February 13, 2014, the board of directors, upon recommendation of the compensation committee, made performance share grants to the named executive officers. The compensation committee determined the target number of performance shares granted to each named executive officer by multiplying the named executive officer's 2014 base salary by his target long-term incentive and then dividing this product by the average of the closing prices of our stock from January 1, 2014 through January 22, 2014, as shown in the following table:

Name	2014 Base Salary to Determine Target (\$)	2014 Target Long-Term Incentive at Time of Grant (%)	2014 Target Long-Term Incentive at Time of Grant (\$)	Average Closing Price of Our Stock From January 1 Through January 22 (\$)	Resulting Number of Performance Shares Granted on February 13 (#)
David L. Goodin	685,000	150	1,027,500	30.51	33,677
Doran N. Schwartz	360,000	75	270,000	30.51	8,849
J. Kent Wells	600,000	200	1,200,000	30.51	39,331
Jeffrey S. Thiede	400,000	60	240,000	30.51	7,866
Steven L. Bietz	380,000	90	342,000	30.51	11,209

Assuming our three-year (2014 through 2016) total stockholder return is positive, from 0% to 200% of the target grant will be paid out in February 2017 depending on our total stockholder return compared to the total three-year stockholder returns of companies in our performance graph peer group. The payout percentage will be a function of our rank against our performance graph peer group as delineated in the following table:

Long-Term Incentive Payout Percentages

The Company's Percentile Rank	Payout Percentage of February 13, 2014 Grant	
75th or higher	200%	
50th	100%	
25th	20%	
Less than 25th	0%	

Payouts for percentile ranks falling between the intervals will be interpolated. We also will pay dividend equivalents in cash on the number of shares actually earned for the performance period. The dividend equivalents will be paid in 2017 at the same time as the performance share awards are paid.

As had been established for awards granted beginning in 2011, if our total stockholder return is negative, the shares and dividend equivalents otherwise earned, if any, will be reduced in accordance with the following table:

Total Stockholder Return	Reduction in Award
0% through -5%	50%
-5.01% through -10%	60%
-10.01% through -15%	70%
-15.01% through -20%	80%
-20.01% through -25%	90%
-25.01% or below	100%

The named executive officers must retain 50% of the net after-tax shares that are earned pursuant to this long-term incentive award until the earlier of (i) the end of the two-year period commencing on the date any shares earned under the award are issued and (ii) the executive's termination of employment.

Payment in February 2014 for 2011 Grants under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan

We granted performance shares to our named executive officers under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan on February 17, 2011 for the 2011 through 2013 performance period. Our total stockholder return for the 2011 through 2013 performance period was 64.37%, which corresponded to a percentile rank of 87% against our performance graph peer group and resulted in 193% of the shares granted in 2011, plus dividend equivalents, being paid to the named executive officers except for Messrs. Wells and Thiede, who did not participate in the program in 2011.

Clawback

In November 2005, we implemented a guideline for repayment of incentives due to accounting restatements, commonly referred to as a clawback policy, whereby the compensation committee may seek repayment of annual and long-term incentives paid to executives if accounting restatements occur within three years after the payment of incentives under the annual and long-term plans. Under our clawback policy, the compensation committee may require executives to forfeit awards and may rescind vesting, or the acceleration of vesting, of an award.

Post-Termination Compensation and Benefits

Pension Plans

Effective in 2006, we no longer offer defined benefit pension plans to new non-bargaining unit employees. The defined benefit plans available to employees hired before 2006 were amended to cease benefit accruals as of December 31, 2009. The frozen benefit provided through our qualified defined benefit pension plans is determined by years of service and base salary. Effective 2010, for those employees who were participants in defined benefit pension plans and for executives and other non-bargaining unit employees hired after 2006, the company offers increased company contributions to our 401(k) plan. For non-bargaining unit employees hired after 2006, the retirement contribution is 5% of plan eligible compensation. For participants hired prior to 2006, retirement contributions are based on the participant's age as of December 31, 2009. The retirement contribution is 11.5% for Messrs. Goodin and Bietz, 10.5% for Mr. Schwartz, and 5% for Mr. Wells and Mr. Thiede, which amounts may be reduced in accordance with the provisions of the 401(k) plan.

Supplemental Income Security Plan

Benefits Offered

We offer certain key managers and executives, including all of our named executive officers, except Mr. Wells and Mr. Thiede, benefits under our nonqualified retirement plan, which we refer to as the Supplemental Income Security Plan or SISP. The SISP has a ten-year vesting schedule and was amended to add an additional vesting requirement for benefit level increases occurring on or after January 1, 2010. The SISP provides participants with additional retirement income and death benefits.

We believe the SISP is effective in retaining the talent necessary to drive long-term stockholder value. In addition, we believe that the tenyear vesting provision of the SISP, augmented by an additional three years of vesting for benefit level increases occurring on or after January 1, 2010, helps promote retention of key executive officers.

Benefit Levels

The chief executive officer recommends benefit level increases to the compensation committee for participants except himself. The chief executive officer considers, among other things, the participant's salary in relation to the salary ranges that correspond with the SISP benefit levels, the participant's performance, the performance of the applicable business segment or the company, and the cost associated with the benefit level increase.

The chief executive recommended, and the compensation committee approved, a 2014 SISP benefit level increase for Mr. Schwartz. The benefit level increase corresponded to one level below which Mr. Schwartz's 2014 salary would otherwise qualify. The recommendation was to recognize Mr. Schwartz's continued growth in assuming the top financial role at the company.

The following table reflects our named executive officers' SISP levels as of December 31, 2014:

Decem	ber 3	1, 2014
Annual	SISP	Benefits

	Annual SI	SP Benefits
Name	Survivor (\$)	Retirement (\$)
David L. Goodin	552,960	276,480
Doran N. Schwartz	262,464	131,232
J. Kent Wells	N/A	N/A
Jeffrey S. Thiede	N/A	N/A
Steven L. Bietz	386,640	193,320

Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan

The company adopted the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, or NQDCP, effective January 1, 2012, to provide deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees who do not participate in the SISP. The compensation committee, upon recommendation from the chief executive officer, determines which employees will participate in the NQDCP for any year. The compensation committee determines the amount of employer contributions under the plan, which are credited to plan accounts and not funded. After satisfying a four-year vesting requirement for each contribution, the contributions and investment earnings will be distributed to the executive in a lump sum upon separation from service with the company or in annual installments commencing upon the later of (i) separation from service and (ii) age 65. The four-year vesting requirement is waived if the participant dies while employed by the company.

The committee, upon recommendation of the chief executive officer, selected Mr. Thiede as a participant for 2014 with an employer contribution of \$75,000 or 18.75% of his base salary as of January 1, 2014. The contribution was awarded to recognize his leadership in the construction services segment's achievement of a twelve-month return on invested capital, measured at June 30, 2013, of 16.1% as compared to a median return on invested capital of 9.5% at the relevant companies in our performance graph peer group. We believe that Mr. Thiede's participation in this plan and the four-year vesting requirement enhances retention since he cannot participate in any of our defined benefit retirement plans.

Impact of Tax and Accounting Treatment

The compensation committee may consider the impact of tax and/or accounting treatment in determining compensation. Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code places a limit of \$1 million on the amount of compensation paid to certain officers that we may deduct as a business expense in any tax year unless, among other things, the compensation qualifies as performance-based compensation, as that term is used in Section 162(m). Generally, long-term incentive compensation and annual incentive awards for our chief executive officer and those executive officers whose overall compensation is likely to exceed \$1 million are structured to be deductible for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, but we may pay compensation to an executive officer that is not deductible. All annual or long-term incentive compensation paid to our named executive officers in 2014 satisfied the requirements for deductibility, except for \$195,645 paid to Mr. Thiede in 2014 attributable to his 2013 annual incentive compensation. This incentive award was granted to Mr. Thiede prior to his promotion in May 2013 under a plan that was not approved by stockholders for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Code.

Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code imposes additional income taxes on executive officers for certain types of deferred compensation if the deferral does not comply with Section 409A. We have amended our compensation plans and arrangements affected by Section 409A with the objective of not triggering any additional income taxes under Section 409A.

Section 4999 of the Internal Revenue Code imposes an excise tax on payments to executives and others of amounts that are considered to be related to a change of control if they exceed levels specified in Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code. To the extent a change in

control triggers liability for an excise tax, payment of the excise tax will be made by the individual. The company will not pay the excise tax. We do not consider the potential impact of Section 4999 or 280G when designing our compensation programs.

The compensation committee also considers the accounting and cash flow implications of various forms of executive compensation. In our financial statements, we record salaries and annual incentive compensation as expenses in the amount paid, or to be paid, to the named executive officers. For our equity awards, accounting rules also require that we record an expense in our financial statements. We calculate the accounting expense of equity awards to employees in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board generally accepted accounting principles for stock-based compensation.

Stock Ownership Requirements

We instituted stock ownership guidelines on May 5, 1993, which we revised in November 2010 to provide that executives who participate in our Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan are required within five years to own our common stock equal to a multiple of their base salaries. Stock owned through our 401(k) plan or by a spouse is considered in ownership calculations. Unvested performance shares and other unvested equity awards are not considered in ownership calculations. The level of stock ownership compared to the requirements is determined based on the closing sale price of the stock on the last trading day of the year and base salary at December 31 of each year. Each February the compensation committee receives a report on the status of stock holdings by executives. The committee may, in its sole discretion, grant an extension of time to meet the ownership requirements or take such other action as it deems appropriate to enable the executive to achieve compliance with the policy. The table shows the named executive officers' holdings as of December 31, 2014:

Name	Assigned Guideline Multiple of Base Salary	Actual Holdings as a Multiple of Base Salary	Number of Years at Guideline Multiple (#)
David L. Goodin	4X	2.25	2.00 1
Doran N. Schwartz	3X	2.79	4.87 ²
J. Kent Wells	3X	1.09	3.67 ³
Jeffrey S. Thiede	3X	0.13	1.00 4
Steven L. Bietz	3X	4.47	12.33

¹ Participant must meet ownership requirement by January 1, 2018.

The compensation committee may consider the policy and the executive's stock ownership in determining compensation. The committee, however, did not do so with respect to 2014 compensation.

Policy Regarding Hedging Stock Ownership

Our executive compensation policy prohibits Section 16 officers from hedging their ownership of company common stock. Executives may not enter into transactions that allow the executive to benefit from devaluation of our stock or otherwise own stock technically but without the full benefits and risks of such ownership. See the Security Ownership section of the proxy statement for our policy on margin accounts and pledging of our stock.

Compensation Committee Report

The compensation committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Regulation S-K, Item 402(b), with management. Based on the review and discussions referred to in the preceding sentence, the compensation committee recommended to the board of directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in our proxy statement on Schedule 14A.

Thomas Everist, Chairman Karen B. Fagg William E. McCracken Patricia L. Moss

² Participant must meet ownership requirement by February 17, 2015.

³ Participant must meet ownership requirement by May 1, 2016.

Participant must meet ownership requirement by January 1, 2019.

Summary Compensation Table for 2014

Name and Principal Position (a)	Year (b)	Salary (\$) (c)	Bonus (\$) (d)	Stock Awards (\$) (e)¹	Option Awards (\$) (f)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) (g)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) (h)²	All Other Compensation (\$) (i)	Total (\$) (j)
David L. Goodin	2014	685,000	_	1,385,135	_	830,915	631,901	38,686 ³	3,571,637
President and CEO	2013	625,000	_	1,241,280	_	1,610,625	532,991	37,517	4,047,413
	2012	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Doran N. Schwartz	2014	360,000		363,959	_	163,080	273,974	34,956 ³	1,195,969
Vice President	2013	345,000	_	342,579	_	296,355	28,459	34,881	1,047,274
and CFO	2012	300,000	_	179,445	_	103,650	100,935	34,224	718,254
J. Kent Wells	2014	600,000	_	1,617,684	_	369,750	_	21,856 ³	2,609,290
Vice Chairman of the	2013	570,000	_	1,509,419	_	1,425,000	_	20,556	3,524,975
Corporation and CEO of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company	2012	550,000		877,331	-	-		96,470	1,523,801
Jeffrey S. Thiede	2014	400,000	-	323,529	_	730,150	-	96,481 3	1,550,160
President and CEO of	2013	367,068	_	-	_	825,000		66,282	1,258,350
MDU Construction Services Group, Inc.	2012		-	-	-	-	1,000	5.00	-
Steven L. Bietz	2014	380,000	-	461,026	-	333,552	550,417	39,771 3	1,764,766
President and CEO of	2013	367,700		438,167	_	119,503	_	38,591	963,961
WBI Energy, Inc.	2012	360,500	12	258,765	_	347,973	329,969	37,884	1,335,091

Amounts in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value of the performance share awards calculated in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board generally accepted accounting principles for stock-based compensation in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. This column was prepared assuming none of the awards will be forfeited. The amounts were calculated using a Monte Carlo simulation, as described in Note 13 of our audited financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Amounts shown represent the change in the actuarial present value for years ended December 31, 2012, 2013, and 2014 for the named executive officers' accumulated benefits under the pension plan, excess SISP, and SISP, collectively referred to as the "accumulated pension change," plus abovemarket earnings on deferred annual incentives, if any. The amounts shown are based on accumulated pension change and above-market earnings as of December 31, 2012, 2013, and 2014, as follows:

	92	Accumulated Pension Change			Above-Market Earnings	
Name	12/31/2012	12/31/2013 (\$)	12/31/14 (\$)	12/31/2012	12/31/2013	12/31/14 (\$)
David L. Goodin	_	532,986	631,901	_	5	_
Doran N. Schwartz	100,935	28,459	273,974	0.00	_	_
J. Kent Wells	220	_	_		_	_
Jeffrey S. Thiede		-	-			_
Steven L. Bietz	329,969	(261,546)	550,417	-	_	_

³ All Other Compensation is comprised of:

	401(k) (\$) ^a	Life Insurance Premium (\$)	Matching Charitable Contribution (\$)	Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan (\$)	Total (\$)
David L. Goodin	37,700	156	830	_	38,686
Doran N. Schwartz	34,500	156	300		34,956
J. Kent Wells	20,800	156	900	-	21,856
Jeffrey S. Thiede	20,800	156	525	75,000	96,481
Steven L. Bietz	37,700	156	1,915	_	39,771

Represents company contributions to 401(k) plan, which include matching contributions and contributions made in lieu of pension plan accruals after pension plans were frozen at December 31, 2009.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2014

Grant Name Date (a) (b)	Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards				quity	Payout	nated Futur s Under Equ ve Plan Awa	uity	All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities	Exercise or Base Price of	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and
	Threshold (\$) (c)	Target (\$) (d)	Maximum (\$) (e)	Threshold (#) (f)	Target (#) (g)	Maximum (#) (h)		Underlying Options (#) (j)	ions Awards (#) (\$/Sh)	Option Awards (\$) (I)		
David L. Goodin	2/13/2014	319,655	1,027,500	2,124,767	S-	-	-	_	_	_	_	
	2/13/2014 2	_	_		6,735	33,677	67,354	_	_	_	1,385,135	
Doran N. Schwartz	2/13/2014 3	55,998	180,000	372,222	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	
	2/13/2014 2	_	_	-	1,770	8,849	17,698	_	-	-	363,959	
J. Kent Wells	2/13/2014 1	187,500	750,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	
	2/13/2014 2	_	_	-	7,866	39,331	78,662	-	-	-	1,617,684	
Jeffrey S. Thiede	2/13/2014 1	199,750	340,000	807,500	-	-	-	_		-	_	
	2/13/2014 2	_	_	-	1,573	7,866	15,732	-	-	-	323,529	
Steven L. Bietz	2/13/2014 3	61,750	247,000	494,000	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	
	2/13/2014 2	_	_	_	2,242	11,209	22,418	_	-	-	461,026	

Annual incentive for 2014 granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan.

Narrative Discussion Relating to the Summary Compensation Table and Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table

Incentive Awards

Annual Incentive

On February 12, 2014, the compensation committee recommended the 2014 annual incentive award opportunities for our named executive officers and the board approved these opportunities at its meeting on February 13, 2014. These award opportunities are reflected in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards table at grant on February 13, 2014, in columns (c), (d), and (e) and in the Summary Compensation Table as earned with respect to 2014 in column (g).

Executive officers may receive a payment of annual cash incentive awards based upon achievement of annual performance measures with a threshold, target, and maximum level. A target incentive award is established based on a percent of the executive's base salary. Based upon achievement of goals, actual payment may range from 0% to approximately 207% of the target for Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz, from 0% to 200% of the target for Messrs. Wells and Bietz, and from 0% to 237.5% of the target for Mr. Thiede.

In order to be eligible to receive a payment of an annual incentive award under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, Messrs. Goodin, Wells, and Thiede must have remained employed by the company through December 31, 2014, unless the compensation

Performance shares for the 2014-2016 performance period granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan.

³ Annual incentive for 2014 granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Executive Incentive Compensation Plan.

committee determines otherwise. The committee has full discretion to determine the extent to which goals have been achieved, the payment level, whether any final payment will be made, and whether to adjust awards downward based upon individual performance. Unless otherwise determined and established in writing by the compensation committee within 90 days of the beginning of the performance period, the performance goals may not be adjusted if the adjustment would increase the annual incentive award payment. The compensation committee may use negative discretion and adjust any annual incentive award payment downward, using any subjective or objective measures as it shall determine. The application of any reduction, and the methodology used in determining any such reduction, is in the sole discretion of the compensation committee.

With respect to annual incentive awards granted pursuant to the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Executive Incentive Compensation Plan, which includes Messrs. Schwartz and Bietz, participants who retire during the year at age 65 pursuant to their employer's bylaws remain eligible to receive an award. Subject to the compensation committee's discretion, executives who terminate employment for other reasons are not eligible for an award. The compensation committee has full discretion to determine the extent to which goals have been achieved, the payment level, and whether any final payment will be made. Once performance goals are approved by the committee for executive incentive compensation plan awards, the committee generally does not modify the goals. However, if major unforeseen changes in economic and environmental conditions or other significant factors beyond the control of management substantially affected management's ability to achieve the specified performance goals, the committee, in consultation with the chief executive officer, may modify the performance goals. Such goal modifications will only be considered in years of unusually adverse or favorable external conditions.

Annual incentive awards earned for Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz were determined based on achievement of performance goals at the following business segments - (i) pipeline and energy services, (ii) exploration and production, (iii) construction services, (iv) construction materials and contracting, and (v) electric and natural gas distribution - and were calculated as follows:

	Column A Percentage of Annual Incentive Target Achieved	Column B Percentage of Average Invested Capital	Column A x Column B
Pipeline and Energy Services	175.5%	11.1%	19.5%
Exploration and Production	49.3%	26.7%	13.2%
Construction Services	214.8%	6.6%	14.2%
Construction Materials and Contracting	96.3%	19.6%	18.9%
Electric and Natural Gas Distribution	68.9%	36.0%	24.8%
Total (Payout Percentage)			90.6%

Messrs. Wells, Thiede, and Bietz had 2014 award opportunities based 75% on performance goals at their respective segments and 25% on MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s earnings per share.

The 2014 target for the MDU Resources Group 25% award opportunity was established based on consolidated earnings per share, adjusted as described in the footnote to the table below describing Mr. Wells' 75% award opportunity and also adjusted to exclude the effect on earnings at the company level of intersegment eliminations.

The MDU Resources Group 25% award opportunity was as follows:

MDU Resources Group, Inc.'s adjusted consolidated 2014 earnings per share results as a % of target	Corresponding payment of annual incentive target based on adjusted consolidated earnings per share results
Less than 85%	0%
85%	25%
90%	50%
95%	75%
100%	100%
103%	120%
106%	140%
109%	160%
112%	180%
115%	200%

The 75% award opportunity available to Mr. Wells was:

Exploration and Production's 2014 earnings* results as a % of 2014 target	Corresponding payment of annual incentive target based on earnings
Less than 85%	0%
85%	25%
90%	50%
95%	75%
100%	100%
103%	120%
106%	140%
109%	160%
112%	180%
115%	200%

^{*} Earnings is defined as GAAP earnings reported for the exploration and production segment, adjusted to exclude the (i) effect on earnings of any noncash write-downs of oil and natural gas properties due to ceiling test impairment charges and any associated earnings benefit resulting from lower depletion, depreciation, and amortization expenses and (ii) the effect on earnings of any noncash gains and losses that result from (x) ineffectiveness in hedge accounting or (y) derivatives that no longer qualify for hedge accounting treatment.

The 75% award opportunity available to Mr. Thiede was:

Construction Services' 2014 earnings* results as a % of 2014 target	Corresponding payment of annual incentive target based on earnings
Less than 70%	0%
70%	70%
100%	100%
116%	130%
130%	160%
144%	190%
157%	220%
171%	250%

^{*} Earnings is defined as GAAP earnings reported for the construction services segment.

The 75% award opportunity available to Mr. Bietz was:

Pipeline and Energy Services' 2014 return on invested capital results as a % of 2014 target (weighted 37.5%)	Corresponding payment of annual incentive target based on return on invested capital	Pipeline and Energy Services' 2014 earnings per share results as a % of 2014 target (weighted 37.5%)	Corresponding payment of annual incentive target based on earnings per share
Less than 85%	0%	Less than 85%	0%
85%	25%	85%	25%
90%	50%	90%	50%
95%	75%	95%	75%
100%	100%	100%	100%
103%	120%	103%	120%
106%	140%	106%	140%
109%	160%	109%	160%
112%	180%	112%	180%
115%	200%	115%	200%

The pipeline and energy services segment also had five goals relating to the pipeline and energy services segment's safety results, and each goal that was not met would reduce Mr. Bietz's annual incentive award payment by 1%.

For discussion of the specific incentive plan performance targets and results, please see the Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

Long-Term Incentive

On February 12, 2014, the compensation committee recommended long-term incentive grants for the named executive officers in the form of performance shares, and the board approved these grants at its meeting on February 13, 2014. These grants are reflected in columns (f), (g), (h), and (I) of the Grants of Plan-Based Awards table and in column (e) of the Summary Compensation Table.

If the company's 2014-2016 total stockholder return is positive, from 0% to 200% of the target grant will be paid out in February 2017, depending on our 2014-2016 total stockholder return compared to the total three-year stockholder returns of companies in our performance graph peer group. The payout percentage is determined as follows:

The Company's Percentile Rank	Payout Percentage of February 13, 2014 Grant
75th or higher	200%
50th	100%
25th	20%
Less than 25th	0%

Payouts for percentile ranks falling between the intervals will be interpolated. We also will pay dividend equivalents in cash on the number of shares actually earned for the performance period. The dividend equivalents will be paid in 2017 at the same time as the performance share awards are paid.

If the common stock of a company in the peer group ceases to be traded at any time during the 2014-2016 performance period, the company will be deleted from the peer group. Percentile rank will be calculated without regard to the return of the deleted company. If MDU Resources Group, Inc. or a company in the peer group spins off a segment of its business, the shares of the spun-off entity will be treated as a cash dividend that is reinvested in MDU Resources Group, Inc. or the company in the peer group.

If the company's 2014-2016 total stockholder return is negative, the number of shares otherwise earned, if any, for the performance period will be reduced in accordance with the following table:

Total Stockholder Return	Reduction in Award
0% through -5%	50%
-5.01% through -10%	60%
-10.01% through -15%	70%
-15.01% through -20%	80%
-20.01% through -25%	90%
-25.01% or below	100%

Salary and Bonus in Proportion to Total Compensation

The following table shows the proportion of salary and bonus to total compensation:

Name	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Total Compensation (\$)	Salary and Bonus as a % of Total Compensation
David L. Goodin	685,000	-	3,571,637	19.2%
Doran N. Schwartz	360,000	-	1,195,969	30.1%
J. Kent Wells	600,000	-	2,609,290	23.0%
Jeffrey S. Thiede	400,000	_	1,550,160	25.8%
Steven L. Bietz	380,000	-	1,764,766	21.5%

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End 2014

			Stock Awards						
Name (a)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#) (b)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable (#) (c)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#) (d)	Option Exercise Price (\$) (e)	Option Expiration Date (f)	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) (g)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) (h)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#) (i)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$) (j)¹
David L. Goodin	-	_	_		_	_		51,132 ²	1,201,602
Doran N. Schwartz	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	14,624 2	343,664
J. Kent Wells	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	65,004 ²	1,527,594
Jeffrey S. Thiede	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,573 ²	36,966
Steven L. Bietz	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	18,852 ²	

Value based on the number of performance shares reflected in column (i) multiplied by \$23.50, the year-end closing price for 2014.

Below is a breakdown by year of the plan awards:

Named Executive Officer	Award	Shares	End of Performance Period
David L. Goodin	2012	1,609	12/31/14
	2013	42,788	12/31/15
	2014	6,735	12/31/16
Doran N. Schwartz	2012	1,045	12/31/14
	2013	11,809	12/31/15
	2014	1,770	12/31/16
J. Kent Wells	2012	5,107	12/31/14
	2013	52,031	12/31/15
	2014	7,866	12/31/16
Jeffery S. Thiede	2012	-	-
	2013	_	_
	2014	1,573	12/31/16
Steven L. Bietz	2012	1,506	12/31/14
	2013	15,104	12/31/15
	2014	2,242	12/31/16

Shares for the 2012 award are shown at the threshold level (10%) based on results for the 2012-2014 performance cycle below threshold.

Shares for the 2013 award are shown at the target level (100%) based on results for the first two years of the 2013-2015 performance cycle below target.

Shares for the 2014 award are shown at the threshold level (20%) based on results for the first year of the 2014-2016 performance cycle below threshold.

Pension Benefits for 2014

Name (a)	Plan Name (b)	Number of Years Credited Service (#) (c)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$) (d)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$) (e)
David L. Goodin	MDU Pension Plan	26	1,095,752	_
	SISP I ^{1,3}	10	232,973	_
	SISP II ^{2,3}	10	898,811	
	SISP II 2012 Upgrade4	2	69,240	_
	SISP II 2013 Upgrade4	1	946,057	_
	SISP Excess ⁵	26	34,632	_
Doran N. Schwartz	MDU Pension Plan	4	111,533	_
	SISP II ^{2,3}	7	516,614	_
	SISP II 2013 Upgrade4	1	170,978	_
	SISP II 2014 Upgrade ⁴	0	86,338	_
J. Kent Wells ⁶	_	_		_
Jeffrey S. Thiede ⁶	_	_	_	_
Steven L. Bietz	WBI Pension Plan	28	1,339,373	_
	SISP I ^{1,3}	10	848,779	_
	SISP II ^{2,3}	10	815,716	_
	SISP Excess ⁵	28	109,870	_

Grandfathered under Section 409A.

The amounts shown for the pension plan and SISP excess represent the actuarial present values of the executives' accumulated benefits accrued as of December 31, 2014, calculated using a 3.50%, 3.67%, and 3.76% discount rate for the SISP excess, MDU pension plan, and WBI pension plan, respectively, the 2014 IRS Static Mortality Table for post-retirement mortality, and no recognition of future salary increases or pre-retirement mortality. The assumed retirement age for these benefits was age 60 for Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, and Bietz. This is the earliest age at which the executives could begin receiving unreduced benefits. The amounts shown for the SISP I and SISP II were determined using a 3.50% discount rate and assume benefits commenced at age 65.

Pension Plan

Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz participate in the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Pension Plan for Non-Bargaining Unit Employees, which we refer to as the MDU pension plan. Mr. Bietz participates in the Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company Pension Plan, which we refer to as the WBI pension plan. Pension benefits under the pension plans are based on the participant's average annual salary over the 60 consecutive month period in which the participant received the highest annual salary during the participant's final 10 years of service. For this purpose, only a participant's salary is considered; incentives and other forms of compensation are not included. Benefits are determined by multiplying (1) the participant's years of credited service by (2) the sum of (a) the average annual salary up to the social security

Not grandfathered under Section 409A.

Years of credited service only affects vesting under SISP I and SISP II. The number of years of credited service in the table reflects the years of vesting service completed in SISP I and SISP II as of December 31, 2014, rather than total years of service with the company. Ten years of vesting service is required to obtain the full benefit under these plans. The present value of accumulated benefits was calculated by assuming the named executive officer would have ten years of vesting service on the assumed benefit commencement date; therefore, no reduction was made to reflect actual vesting levels.

Benefit level increases granted under SISP II on or after January 1, 2010 require an additional three years of vesting service for the increase. Mr. Goodin received a benefit increase effective January 1, 2012, Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz received benefit level increases effective January 1, 2013, and Mr. Schwartz received a benefit level increase effective January 1, 2014; the present value of their accumulated benefits was calculated assuming that the additional vesting requirements would be met.

The number of years of credited service under the SISP excess reflects the years of credited benefit service in the appropriate pension plan as of December 31, 2009, when the MDU and WBI pension plans were frozen, rather than the years of participation in the SISP excess. We reflect years of credited benefit service in the appropriate pension plan because the SISP excess provides a benefit that is based on benefits that would have been payable under the MDU and WBI pension plans absent Internal Revenue Code limitations.

Messrs. Wells and Thiede are not eligible to participate in the pension plans and do not participate in the SISP.

integration level times 1.1% and (b) the average annual salary over the social security integration level times 1.45%. The maximum years of service recognized when determining benefits under the pension plans is 35. Pension plan benefits are not reduced for social security benefits.

Both of the pension plans were amended to cease benefit accruals as of December 31, 2009, meaning the normal retirement benefit will not change. The years of credited service in the table reflect the named executive officers' years of credited service as of December 31, 2009.

To receive unreduced retirement benefits under the MDU pension plan and the WBI pension plan, participants must either remain employed until age 60 or elect to defer commencement of benefits until age 60. Participants whose employment terminates between the ages of 55 and 60, with 5 years of service under the MDU pension plan and the WBI pension plan, are eligible for early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are determined by reducing the normal retirement benefit by 0.25% per month for each month before age 60. If a participant's employment terminates before age 55, the same reduction applies for each month the termination occurs before age 62, with the reduction capped at 21%.

Benefits for single participants under the pension plans are paid as straight life annuities, and benefits for married participants are paid as actuarially reduced annuities with a survivor benefit for spouses, unless participants choose otherwise. Participants hired before January 1, 2004, who terminate employment before age 55, may elect to receive their benefits in a lump sum. Mr. Goodin would have been eligible for a lump sum if he had retired on December 31, 2014.

The Internal Revenue Code limits the amounts paid under the pension plans and the amount of compensation recognized when determining benefits. In 2009, when the pension plans were frozen, the maximum annual benefit payable under the pension plans was \$195,000 and the maximum amount of compensation recognized when determining benefits was \$245,000.

Supplemental Income Security Plan

We also offer select key managers and executives benefits under our defined benefit nonqualified retirement plan, which we refer to as the Supplemental Income Security Plan or SISP. Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, and Bietz participate in the SISP. Benefits under the SISP consist of:

- a supplemental retirement benefit intended to augment the retirement income provided under the pension plans we refer to this benefit
 as the regular SISP benefit
- an excess retirement benefit relating to Internal Revenue Code limitations on retirement benefits provided under the pension plans we
 refer to this benefit as the SISP excess benefit and
- · death benefits we refer to these benefits as the SISP death benefit.

SISP benefits are forfeited if the participant's employment is terminated for cause.

Regular SISP Benefits and Death Benefits

Regular SISP benefits and death benefits are determined by reference to one of two schedules attached to the SISP – the original schedule or the amended schedule. Our compensation committee, after receiving recommendations from our chief executive officer, determines the level at which participants are placed in the schedules. A participant's placement is generally, but not always, determined by reference to the participant's annual base salary. Benefit levels in the amended schedule, which became effective on January 1, 2010, are 20% lower than the benefit levels in the original schedule. The amended schedule applies to new participants and participants who receive a benefit level increase on or after January 1, 2010. One of the named executive officers, Mr. Schwartz, received a benefit level increase effective January 1, 2014, which requires three years of vesting.

Participants can elect to receive (1) the regular SISP benefit only, (2) the SISP death benefit only, or (3) a combination of both. Regardless of the participant's election, if the participant dies before the regular SISP benefit would commence, only the SISP death benefit is provided. If the participant elects to receive both a regular SISP benefit and a SISP death benefit, each of the benefits is reduced proportionately.

The regular SISP benefits reflected in the table above are based on the assumption that the participant elects to receive only the regular SISP benefit. The present values of the SISP death benefits that would be provided if the named executive officers had died on December 31, 2014, prior to the commencement of regular SISP benefits, are reflected in the table that appears in the section entitled "Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control."

Regular SISP benefits that were vested as of December 31, 2004, and were grandfathered under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code remain subject to SISP provisions then in effect, which we refer to as SISP I benefits. Regular SISP benefits that are subject to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, which we refer to as SISP II benefits, are governed by amended provisions intended to comply with Section 409A. Participants generally have more discretion with respect to the distributions of their SISP I benefits.

The time and manner in which the regular SISP benefits are paid depend on a variety of factors, including the time and form of benefit elected by the participant and whether the benefits are SISP I or SISP II benefits. Unless the participant elects otherwise, the SISP I benefits are paid over 180 months, with benefits commencing when the participant attains age 65 or, if later, when the participant retires. The SISP II benefits commence when the participant attains age 65 or, if later, when the participant retires, subject to a six-month delay if the participant is subject to the provisions of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code that require delayed commencement of these types of retirement benefits. The SISP II benefits are paid over 180 months or, if commencement of payments is delayed for six months, 173 months. If the commencement of benefits is delayed for six months, the first payment includes the payments that would have been paid during the six-month period plus interest equal to one-half of the annual prime interest rate on the participant's last date of employment. If the participant dies after the regular SISP benefits have begun but before receipt of all of the regular SISP benefits, the remaining payments are made to the participant's designated beneficiary.

Rather than receiving their regular SISP I benefits in equal monthly installments over 15 years commencing at age 65, participants can elect a different form and time of commencement of their SISP I benefits. Participants can elect to defer commencement of the regular SISP I benefits. If this is elected, the participant retains the right to receive a monthly SISP death benefit if death occurs prior to the commencement of the regular SISP I benefit.

Participants also can elect to receive their SISP I benefits in one of three actuarially equivalent forms - a life annuity, 100% joint and survivor annuity, or a joint and two-thirds joint and survivor annuity, provided that the cost of providing these actuarial equivalent forms of benefits does not exceed the cost of providing the normal form of benefit. Neither the election to receive an actuarially equivalent benefit nor the administrator's right to pay the regular SISP benefit in the form of an actuarially equivalent lump sum are available with respect to SISP II benefits.

To promote retention, the regular SISP benefits are subject to the following 10-year vesting schedule:

- 0% vesting for less than 3 years of participation
- · 20% vesting for 3 years of participation
- · 40% vesting for 4 years of participation and
- an additional 10% vesting for each additional year of participation up to 100% vesting for 10 years of participation.

There is an additional vesting requirement on benefit level increases for the regular SISP benefit granted on or after January 1, 2010. The requirement applies only to the increased benefit level. The increased benefit vests after the later of three additional years of participation in the SISP or the end of the regular vesting schedule described above. The additional three-year vesting requirement for benefit level increases is pro-rated for participants who are officers, attain age 65, and, pursuant to the company's bylaws, are required to retire prior to the end of the additional vesting period as follows:

- 33% of the increase vests for participants required to retire at least one year but less than two years after the increase is granted and
- 66% of the increase vests for participants required to retire at least two years but less than three years after the increase is granted.

The benefit level increases of participants who attain age 65 and are required to retire pursuant to the company's bylaws will be further reduced to the extent the participants are not fully vested in their regular SISP benefit under the 10-year vesting schedule described above. The additional vesting period associated with a benefit level increase may be waived by the compensation committee.

SISP death benefits become fully vested if the participant dies while actively employed. Otherwise, the SISP death benefits are subject to the same vesting schedules as the regular SISP benefits.

The SISP also provides that if a participant becomes totally disabled, the participant will continue to receive credit for up to two additional years under the SISP as long as the participant is totally disabled during such time. Since the named executive officers other than Mr. Goodin, in his upgrades, and Mr. Schwartz are fully vested in their SISP benefits, this would not result in any incremental benefit for the named executive officers other than Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz. The present value of these two additional years of service for Messrs. Goodin and Schwartz is reflected in the table in "Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control" below.

SISP Excess Benefits

SISP excess benefits are equal to the difference between (1) the monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable to the participant under the pension plans absent the limitations under the Internal Revenue Code and (2) the actual benefits payable to the participant under the pension plans. Participants are only eligible for the SISP excess benefits if (1) the participant is fully vested under the pension plan, (2) the participant's employment terminates prior to age 65, and (3) benefits under the pension plan are reduced due to limitations under the Internal Revenue Code on plan compensation. Effective January 1, 2005, participants who were not then vested in the SISP excess benefits were also required to remain actively employed by the company until age 60. In 2009, the plan was amended to limit eligibility for the SISP excess benefit to current SISP participants (1) who were already vested in the SISP excess benefit or (2) who would become vested in the SISP excess benefits if they remain employed with the company until age 60. The plan was further amended to freeze the SISP excess benefits to a maximum of the benefit level payable based on the participant's years of service and compensation level as of December 31, 2009. Mr. Goodin must remain employed until age 60 to become entitled to his SISP excess benefit. Mr. Bietz would be entitled to the SISP excess benefit if he were to terminate employment prior to age 65. Messrs. Schwartz, Wells, and Thiede are not eligible for this benefit.

Benefits generally commence six months after the participant's employment terminates and continue to age 65 or until the death of the participant, if prior to age 65. If a participant who dies prior to age 65 elected a joint and survivor benefit, the survivor's SISP excess benefit is paid until the date the participant would have attained age 65.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2014

Name (a)	Executive Contributions in Last FY (\$) (b)	Registrant Contributions in Last FY (\$) (c)	Aggregate Earnings in Last FY (\$) (d)	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions (\$) (e)	Aggregate Balance at Last FYI (\$) (f)
David L. Goodin	_	_	_	-	_
Doran N. Schwartz	-	_	_	_	_
J. Kent Wells	-		_		_
Jeffrey S. Thiede	_	75,000	6,089	_	119,840
Steven L. Bietz	<u>, ;</u>	_	_	_	_

Includes \$75,000 which was awarded to Jeffrey S. Thiede under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan which is reported for 2014 in column (i) of the Summary Compensation Table in this proxy statement.

Deferral of Annual Incentive Compensation

Participants in the executive incentive compensation plans may elect to defer up to 100% of their annual incentive awards. Deferred amounts accrue interest at a rate determined annually by the compensation committee. The interest rate in effect for 2014 was 4.67% or the "Moody's Rate," which is the average of (i) the number that results from adding the daily Moody's U.S. Long-Term Corporate Bond Yield Average for "A" rated companies as of the last day of each month for the 12-month period ending October 31 and dividing by 12 and (ii) the number that results from adding the daily Moody's U.S. Long-Term Corporate Bond Yield Average for "Baa" rated companies as of the last day of each month for the 12-month period ending October 31 and dividing by 12. The deferred amount will be paid in accordance with the participant's election, following termination of employment or beginning in the fifth year following the year the award was granted. The amounts will be paid in accordance with the participant's election in a lump sum or in monthly installments not to exceed 120 months. In the event of a change of control, all amounts become immediately payable.

A change of control is defined as:

- an acquisition during a 12-month period of 30% or more of the total voting power of our stock
- an acquisition of our stock that, together with stock already held by the acquirer, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of our stock
- replacement of a majority of the members of our board of directors during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of our board of directors or
- acquisition of our assets having a gross fair market value at least equal to 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of our assets.

Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan

The company adopted the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, effective January 1, 2012, to provide deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees who do not participate in the SISP. The compensation committee determines the amount of employer contributions under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, which are credited to plan accounts and not funded. After satisfying a four-year vesting requirement for each contribution, the contributions and investment earnings will be distributed to the executive in a lump sum upon separation from service with the company or in annual installments commencing upon the later of (i) separation from service and (ii) age 65. Plan benefits become fully vested if the participant dies while actively employed. Benefits are forfeited if the participant's employment is terminated for cause.

Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control

The following tables show the payments and benefits our named executive officers would receive in connection with a variety of employment termination scenarios and upon a change of control. For the named executive officers, the information assumes the terminations and the change of control occurred on December 31, 2014. All of the payments and benefits described below would be provided by the company or its subsidiaries.

The tables exclude compensation and benefits provided under plans or arrangements that do not discriminate in favor of the named executive officers and that are generally available to all salaried employees, such as benefits under our qualified defined benefit pension plan (for employees hired before 2006), accrued vacation pay, continuation of health care benefits, and life insurance benefits. The tables include amounts under the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, but do not include the named executive officers' deferred annual incentive compensation. See the Pension Benefits for 2014 table and the Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2014 table, and accompanying narratives, for a description of the named executive officers' accumulated benefits under our qualified defined benefit pension plans, the Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan, and their deferred annual incentive compensation.

The calculation of the present value of excess SISP benefits our named executive officers would be entitled to upon termination of employment under the SISP was computed based on calculations assuming an age rounded to the nearest whole year of age. Actual payments may differ. The terms of the excess SISP benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

We provide disability benefits to some of our salaried employees equal to 60% of their base salary, subject to a cap on the amount of base salary taken into account when calculating benefits. For officers, the limit on base salary is \$200,000. For other salaried employees, the limit is \$100,000. For all salaried employees, disability payments continue until age 65 if disability occurs at or before age 60 and for 5 years if disability occurs between the ages of 60 and 65. Disability benefits are reduced for amounts paid as retirement benefits. The amounts in the tables reflect the present value of the disability benefits attributable to the additional \$100,000 of base salary recognized for executives under our disability program, subject to the 60% limitation, after reduction for amounts that would be paid as retirement benefits. As the tables reflect, the reduction for amounts paid as retirement benefits would eliminate disability benefits assuming a termination of employment on December 31, 2014 for Mr. Bietz.

Upon a change of control, share-based awards granted under our Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan vest and non-share-based awards are paid in cash. All performance share awards for Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, Wells, Thiede, and Bietz and the annual incentives for Messrs. Goodin, Wells, and Thiede, which were awarded under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan, would vest at their target levels. For this purpose, the term "change of control" is defined as:

- the acquisition by an individual, entity, or group of 20% or more of our outstanding common stock
- a change in a majority of our board of directors since April 22, 1997, without the approval of a majority of the board members as of April 22, 1997, or whose election was approved by such board members
- consummation of a merger or similar transaction or sale of all or substantially all of our assets, unless our stockholders immediately prior to the transaction beneficially own more than 60% of the outstanding common stock and voting power of the resulting corporation in substantially the same proportions as before the merger, no person owns 20% or more of the resulting corporation's outstanding common stock or voting power except for any such ownership that existed before the merger and at least a majority of the board of the resulting corporation is comprised of our directors or
- stockholder approval of our liquidation or dissolution.

Performance share awards will be forfeited if the participant's employment terminates for any reason before the participant has reached age 55 and completed 10 years of service. Performance shares and related dividend equivalents for those participants whose employment is terminated other than for cause after the participant has reached age 55 and completed 10 years of service will be pro-rated as follows:

- · if the termination of employment occurs during the first year of the performance period, the shares are forfeited
- if the termination of employment occurs during the second year of the performance period, the executive receives a pro-rated portion of any performance shares earned based on the number of months employed during the performance period and
- if the termination of employment occurs during the third year of the performance period, the executive receives the full amount of any performance shares earned.

As of December 31, 2014, Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, Wells, and Thiede had not satisfied this requirement. Accordingly, if a December 31, 2014 termination other than for cause without a change of control is assumed, the named executive officers' 2014-2016 performance share awards would be forfeited; any amounts earned under the 2013-2015 performance share award for Mr. Bietz would be reduced by one-third and such awards for Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, and Wells would be forfeited; any amounts earned under the 2012-2014 performance share awards for Mr. Bietz would not be reduced and the award for Messrs. Goodin, Schwartz, and Wells would be forfeited. Mr. Thiede had no 2013-2015 or 2012-2014 performance share awards. The number of performance shares earned following a termination depends on actual performance through the full performance period. As actual performance for the 2012-2014 performance share awards has been determined, the amounts for these awards in the event of a termination without a change of control were based on actual performance, which resulted in vesting of 0% of the target award. For the 2013-2015 performance share awards, because we do not know what actual performance through the entire performance period will be, we have assumed target performance will be achieved and, therefore, show two-thirds of the target award. No amounts are shown for the 2014-2016 performance share awards because such awards would be forfeited. Although vesting would only occur after completion of the performance period, the amounts shown in the tables were not reduced to reflect the present value of the performance shares that could vest. Dividend equivalents attributable to earned performance shares would also be paid. Dividend equivalents accrued through December 31, 2014, are included in the amounts shown.

The value of the vesting of performance shares shown in the tables was determined by multiplying the number of performance shares that would vest due to termination or a change of control by the closing price of our stock on December 31, 2014.

The compensation committee may consider providing severance benefits on a case-by-case basis for employment terminations. The compensation committee adopted a checklist of factors in February 2005 to consider when determining whether any such severance benefits should be paid. The tables do not reflect any such severance benefits, as these benefits are made in the discretion of the committee on a case-by-case basis and it is not possible to estimate the severance benefits, if any, that would be paid.

David L. Goodin

Executive Benefits and Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control	Voluntary Termination (\$)	Not for Cause Termination (\$)	For Cause Termination (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Change of Control (With Termination) (\$)	Change of Control (Without Termination) (\$)
Compensation:							
Short-term Incentive ¹						1,027,500	1,027,500
2012-2014 Performance Shares						411,560	411,560
2013-2015 Performance Shares						1,065,849	1,065,849
2014-2016 Performance Shares						815,489	815,489
Benefits and Perquisites:							
Regular SISP ²	1,130,015	1,130,015			2,143,725	1,130,015	
SISP Death Benefits ³				6,464,614			
Disability Benefits ⁴					62,845		
Total	1,130,015	1,130,015		6,464,614	2,206,570	4,450,413	3,320,398

Represents the target 2014 annual incentive, which would be deemed earned upon change of control under the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive

Doran N. Schwartz

Executive Benefits and Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control	Voluntary Termination (\$)	Not for Cause Termination (\$)	For Cause Termination (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Change of Control (With Termination) (\$)	Change of Control (Without Termination) (\$)
Compensation:						Car 24 (4 - 27 24 - 27	90 m. m. m
2012-2014 Performance Shares						267,235	267,235
2013-2015 Performance Shares						294,162	294,162
2014-2016 Performance Shares						214,279	214,279
Benefits and Perquisites:							
Regular SISP	362,641	362,641			466,252 2	362,641	
SISP Death Benefits ³				3,068,447			
Disability Benefits ⁴					786,270		
Total	362,641	362,641		3,068,447	1,252,522	1,138,317	775,676

Represents the present value of Mr. Schwartz's vested regular SISP benefit as of December 31, 2014, which was \$5,110 per month for 15 years, commencing at age 65. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the regular SISP benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

Represents the present value of Mr. Goodin's vested regular SISP benefit as of December 31, 2014, which was \$12,145 per month for 15 years, commencing at age 65. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the regular SISP benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table. The amount payable for a disability reflects a credit for two additional years of vesting, which would result in full vesting of the 2012 and 2013 SISP upgrades.

Represents the present value of 180 monthly payments of \$46,080 per month, which would be paid as a SISP death benefit under the SISP. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the SISP death benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

Represents the present value of the disability benefit after reduction for amounts that would be paid as retirement benefits. Present value was determined using a 3.67% discount rate.

Represents the present value of Mr. Schwartz's vested SISP benefit described in footnote 1, adjusted to reflect the increase in the present value of his regular SISP benefit that would result from an additional two years of vesting under the SISP. As Mr. Schwartz has not yet fully vested in his initially awarded regular SISP benefit, the credit for the additional two years of vesting would not result in a vesting of the 2013 or 2014 SISP upgrades. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate.

Represents the present value of 180 monthly payments of \$21,872 per month, which would be paid as a SISP death benefit under the SISP. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the SISP death benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

Represents the present value of the disability benefit after reduction for amounts that would be paid as retirement benefits. Present value was determined using a 3.67% discount rate.

J. Kent Wells

Executive Benefits and Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control	Voluntary Termination (\$)	Not for Cause Termination (\$)	For Cause Termination (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Change of Control (With Termination) (\$)	Change of Control (Without Termination) (\$)
Compensation:						7-14-5-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-1	
Short-term Incentive ¹						750,000	750,000
2012-2014 Performance Shares						1,306,549	1,306,549
2013-2015 Performance Shares						1,296,092	1,296,092
2014-2016 Performance Shares						952,400	952,400
Benefits and Perquisites:							
Disability Benefits ²					365,249		
Total					365,249	4,305,041	4,305,041

Represents the target 2014 annual incentive, which would be deemed earned upon change of control under the the Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan.

Jeffrey S. Thiede

Executive Benefits and Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control	Voluntary Termination (\$)	Not for Cause Termination (\$)	For Cause Termination (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Change of Control (With Termination) (\$)	Change of Control (Without Termination) (\$)
Compensation:							
Short-term Incentive ¹						340,000	340,000
2014-2016 Performance Shares						190,475	190,475
Benefits and Perquisites:							
Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan Death Benefit ²				119,840			
Disability Benefits ³					588,944		
Total				119,840	588,944	530,475	530,475

Represents the target 2014 annual incentive, which would be deemed earned upon change of control under the the Long-Term Performance-Based

Represents the present value of the disability benefit. Present value was determined using the 3.50% discount rate applied for purposes of the SISP calculations. Though Mr. Wells is not a participant in the SISP, this rate is considered reasonable for purposes of this calculation as it would be applied if Mr. Wells were to become a SISP participant.

Represents the value of Mr. Thiede's unvested Nonqualified Defined Contribution Plan account at December 31, 2014, which would be paid upon death.

Represents the present value of the disability benefit. Present value was determined using the 3.50% discount rate applied for purposes of the SISP calculations. Though Mr. Thiede is not a participant in the SISP, this rate is considered reasonable for purposes of this calculation as it would be applied if Mr. Thiede were to become a SISP participant.

Steven L. Bietz

Executive Benefits and Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control	Voluntary Termination (\$)	Not for Cause Termination (\$)	For Cause Termination (\$)	Death (\$)	Disability (\$)	Change of Control (With Termination) (\$)	Change of Control (Without Termination) (\$)
Compensation:							
2012-2014 Performance Shares						385,361	385,361
2013-2015 Performance Shares	250,819	250,819		250,819	250,819	376,241	376,241
2014-2016 Performance Shares						271,426	271,426
Benefits and Perquisites:							
Regular SISP ¹	1,654,958	1,654,958			1,654,958	1,654,958	
Excess SISP ²	184,896	184,896			184,896	184,896	
SISP Death Benefits ³				4,520,180			
Total	2,090,673	2,090,673		4,770,999	2,090,673	2,872,882	1,033,028

Represents the present value of Mr. Bietz's vested regular SISP benefit as of December 31, 2014, which was \$16,110 per month for 15 years, commencing at age 65. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the regular SISP benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

Represents the present value of all excess SISP benefits Mr. Bietz would be entitled to upon termination of employment under the SISP. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the excess SISP benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

Represents the present value of 180 monthly payments of \$32,220 per month, which would be paid as a SISP death benefit under the SISP. Present value was determined using a 3.50% discount rate. The terms of the SISP death benefit are described following the Pension Benefits for 2014 table.

Director Compensation for 2014

Name (a)	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$) (b)	Stock Awards (\$) (c)	Option Awards (\$) (d)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) (e)	Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) (f)	All Other Compensation (\$) (g) ¹	Total (\$) (h)
Thomas Everist	70,833	110,000 ²	8_8	_	_	156	180,989
Karen B. Fagg	70,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	180,989
Mark A. Hellerstein	60,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	170,989
A. Bart Holaday	60,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	170,989
Dennis W. Johnson	75,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	185,989
Thomas C. Knudson ³	18,333	36,667 4	_	_	_	52	55,052
William E. McCracken	60,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	170,989
Patricia L. Moss	60,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	170,989
Harry J. Pearce	150,833	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	260,989
John K. Wilson	60,833 5	110,000 ²	_	_	_	156	170,989

Group life insurance premium.

The following table shows the cash and stock retainers payable to our non-employee directors.

Base Retainer ¹	\$ 65,000
Additional Retainers:	00,000
Non-Executive Chairman	90,000
Lead Director, if any	33,000
Audit Committee Chairman	15,000
Compensation Committee Chairman	10,000
Nominating and Governance Committee Chairman	10,000
Annual Stock Grant ²	110,000

Increased from \$55,000 to \$65,000 effective June 1, 2014.

There are no meeting fees.

In addition to liability insurance, we maintain group life insurance in the amount of \$100,000 on each non-employee director for the benefit of each director's beneficiaries during the time each director serves on the board. The annual cost per director is \$156.

Directors may defer all or any portion of the annual cash retainer and any other cash compensation paid for service as a director pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors. Deferred amounts are held as phantom stock with dividend accruals and are paid out in cash over a five-year period after the director leaves the board.

Reflects the aggregate grant date fair value of 4,340 shares of MDU Resources Group, Inc. stock purchased for our non-employee directors measured in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board generally accepted accounting principles for stock based compensation in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. The grant date fair value is based on the purchase price of our common stock on the grant date on November 19, 2014, which was \$25.342. The \$15.72 in cash paid to each director for the fractional shares is included in the amounts reported in column (c) to this table.

Mr. Knudson served on the board until April 22, 2014.

Reflects the aggregate grant date fair value of MDU Resources Group, Inc. stock purchased for our non-employee directors measured in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board generally accepted accounting principles for stock based compensation in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718. The grant date fair value is based on the purchase price of our common stock on the grant date on November 19, 2014, which was \$25.342. The stock payment is pro-rated for directors who do not serve the entire calendar year. There were 1,446 shares purchased for Mr. Knudson with \$22.14 in cash paid for the fractional share, which cash amount is included in the amount reported in column (c) to this table.

Includes \$60,824 that Mr. Wilson received in our common stock in lieu of cash.

The annual stock grant is a grant of shares equal in value to \$110,000.

Directors are reimbursed for all reasonable travel expenses including spousal expenses in connection with attendance at meetings of the board and its committees. All amounts together with any other perquisites were below the disclosure threshold for 2014.

Our post-retirement income plan for directors was terminated in May 2001 for current and future directors. The net present value of each director's benefit was calculated and converted into phantom stock. Payment is deferred pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors and will be made in cash over a five-year period after the director's retirement from the board.

Our director stock ownership policy contained in our corporate governance guidelines requires each director to own our common stock equal in value to five times the director's annual cash base retainer. Shares acquired through purchases on the open market and participation in our director stock plans will be considered in ownership calculations as will ownership of our common stock by a spouse. A director is allowed five years commencing January 1 of the year following the year of that director's initial election to the board to meet the requirements. The level of common stock ownership is monitored with an annual report made to the compensation committee of the board. For stock ownership, please see "Security Ownership."

Narrative Disclosure of our Compensation Policies and Practices as They Relate to Risk Management

The human resources department has conducted an assessment of the risks arising from our compensation policies and practices for all employees and concluded that none of these risks is reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the company. Based on the human resources department's assessment and taking into account information received from the risk identification process, senior management and our management policy committee concluded that risks arising from our compensation policies and practices for all employees are not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the company. After review and discussion with senior management, the compensation committee concurred with this assessment.

As part of its assessment of the risks arising from our compensation policies and practices for all employees, the human resources department identified the principal areas of risk faced by the company that may be affected by our compensation policies and practices for all employees, including any risks resulting from our operating businesses' compensation policies and practices. In assessing the risks arising from our compensation policies and practices, the human resources department identified the following practices designed to prevent excessive risk taking:

Business management and governance practices

- risk management is a specific performance competency included in the annual performance assessment of Section 16 officers
- board oversight on capital expenditure and operating plans that promotes careful consideration of financial assumptions
- · limitation on business acquisitions without board approval
- · employee integrity training programs and anonymous reporting systems
- quarterly risk assessment and internal control reports at audit committee meetings and
- prohibitions on holding company stock in an account that is subject to a margin call, pledging company stock as collateral for a loan, and hedging of company stock by Section 16 officers and directors.

Executive compensation practices

- active compensation committee review of executive compensation, including comparison of executive compensation to total stockholder return ratio to the ratio for the performance graph peer group (PEER Analysis)
- the initial determination of a position's salary grade to be at or near the 50th percentile of base salaries paid to similar positions at peer group companies and/or relevant industry companies
- consideration of peer group and/or relevant industry practices to establish appropriate compensation target amounts
- a balanced compensation mix of fixed salary and annual or long-term incentives tied to the company's financial performance
- use of interpolation for annual and long-term incentive awards to avoid payout cliffs

- · negative discretion to adjust any annual or long-term incentive award payment downward
- · use of caps on annual incentive awards (maximum of 250% of target) and long-term incentive stock grant awards (200% target)
- · discretionary clawbacks on incentive payments in the event of a financial restatement
- · use of performance shares, rather than stock options or stock appreciation rights, as equity component of incentive compensation
- use of performance shares with a relative total stockholder return performance goal and mandatory reduction in award if total stockholder return is negative
- · use of three-year performance periods to discourage short-term risk-taking
- substantive incentive goals measured primarily by return on invested capital, earnings, and earnings per share criteria, which encourage balanced performance and are important to stockholders
- · use of financial performance metrics that are readily monitored and reviewed
- regular review of the appropriateness of the companies in the performance graph peer group
- stock ownership requirements for executives participating in the MDU Resources Group, Inc. Long-Term Performance-Based Incentive Plan and the board
- mandatory holding periods for 50% of any net after-tax shares earned under long-term incentive awards granted in 2011 and thereafter and
- use of independent consultants in establishing pay targets at least biennially.

INFORMATION CONCERNING EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

At the first annual meeting of the board after the annual meeting of stockholders, our board of directors elects our executive officers, who serve until their successors are chosen and qualify. A majority of our board of directors may remove any executive officer at any time. Information concerning our executive officers, including their ages as of December 31, 2014, present corporate positions, and business experience, is as follows:

Name	Age Present Corporate Position and Business Experience				
David L. Goodin	53	Mr. Goodin was elected president and chief executive officer of the company and a director effective January 4, 2013. For more information about Mr. Goodin, see "Item 1. Election of Directors."			
David C. Barney	59	Mr. Barney was elected president and chief executive officer of Knife River Corporation effect April 30, 2013; president effective January 1, 2012; and president of its western area operat effective October 2008. Prior to that, he was manager of its Northern California region effecti July 2005 and became president of Concrete, Inc. in 1996. He joined Concrete, Inc. in 1986 held numerous positions of increasing responsibility before it was acquired by Knife River in September 1993.			
Steven L. Bietz	56	Mr. Bietz was elected president and chief executive officer of WBI Holdings, Inc. effective March 4, 2006; president effective January 2, 2006; executive vice president and chief oper officer effective September 1, 2002; vice president-administration and chief accounting office effective November 3, 1999; vice president-administration effective February 1997; and con effective January 1994.			
William R. Connors	53	Mr. Connors was elected vice president–renewable resources effective September 1, 2008. Prior to that, he was vice president-business development of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation effective November 2007; vice president-origination, contracts & regulatory of Centennial Energy Resources, LLC effective January 2007; vice president-origination, contracts & regulatory of Centennial Power, Inc. effective July 2005; and was first employed as vice president-contracts & regulatory of Centennial Power, Inc. effective July 2004. Prior to that, Mr. Connors was of counsel to Miller Nash, LLP, a law firm in Seattle, Washington.			
Mark A. Del Vecchio	55	Mr. Del Vecchio was elected vice president-human resources on October 1, 2007. From November 3, 2003 to October 1, 2007, Mr. Del Vecchio was director of executive programs and compensation. From April 1996 to October 31, 2003, Mr. Del Vecchio was vice president and member of The Carter Group, LLC, an executive search and management consulting company.			
Dennis L. Haider	62	Mr. Haider was elected executive vice president-business development effective June 1, 2013. Prior to that, he was executive vice president-business development and gas supply of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, and Intermountain Gas Company from January 1, 2012 to May 31, 2013; executive vice president-regulatory, gas supply, and business development of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation and Intermountain Gas Company from October 1, 2010 to December 31, 2011, and of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. from October 1, 2008 to December 31, 2011; executive vice president-business development and gas supply of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. from August 1, 2005 to September 30, 2008. He joined Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. in 1978 and held numerous positions of increasing responsibility.			
Nicole A. Kivisto	41	Ms. Kivisto was elected president and chief executive officer of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., Great Plains Natural Gas Co., Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, and Intermountain Gas Company effective January 9, 2015. Prior to that, she was vice president of operations for Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. effective January 3, 2014; vice president, controller and chief accounting officer for the company effective February 17, 2010; controller effective December 1, 2005; financial analyst IV in the Corporate Planning Department effective May 2003; financial and investor relations analyst in the Investor Relations Department effective May 2000; and financial analyst in the Corporate Accounting Department effective July 1995.			
Cynthia J. Norland	60	Ms. Norland was elected vice president–administration effective July 16, 2007. Prior to that, she was the assistant vice president–administration effective January 17, 2007; associate general counsel in the Legal Department effective March 6, 2004; and senior attorney in the Legal Department effective June 1, 1995.			

Patrick L. O'Bryan	53	Mr. O'Bryan was elected president and chief executive officer of Fidelity Exploration & Production Company effective March 1, 2015, and president effective July 15, 2014. Mr. O'Bryan joined Fidelity on September 12, 2011 as vice president - drilling and completions. Prior to that, he was vice president, Wells-Global Deepwater Response, BP America from November 2010 until August 2011, and vice president, drilling and completions - Gulf of Mexico, BP America from December 2009 until October 2010.	
Nathan W. Ring	39	Mr. Ring was elected vice president, controller and chief accounting officer effective January 3, 2014. Prior to that, he was treasurer and controller for MDU Construction Services Group, Inc. since September 2012 and was its controller from June 2012 until September 2012. Prior to that, he served as assistant controller of D S S Company, a subsidiary of Knife River Corporation, a subsidiary of the company, from March 2009 to June 2012 and as controller of another Knife River Corporation subsidiary, Hap Taylor & Sons, Inc. doing business as Norm's Utility Contractor, Inc., from March 2007 to March 2009. He joined MDU Resources Group, Inc. in 2001 as a tax analyst.	
Paul K. Sandness	60	Mr. Sandness was elected general counsel and secretary of the company, its divisions and major subsidiaries effective April 6, 2004. He also was elected a director of the company's principal subsidiaries and was appointed to the Managing Committees of Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. and Great Plains Natural Gas Co. Prior to that, he served as a senior attorney effective 1987 and as an assistant secretary of several subsidiary companies.	
Doran N. Schwartz	45	Mr. Schwartz was elected vice president and chief financial officer effective February 17, 2010. Prior to that, he was vice president and chief accounting officer effective March 1, 2006; and assistant vice president-special projects effective September 6, 2005. He was director of membership rewards for American Express, a financial services company, from November 2004 to August 1, 2005; audit manager for Deloitte & Touche, an audit and professional services company, from June 2002 to November 2004; and audit manager/senior for Arthur Andersen, an audit and professional services company, from December 1997 to June 2002.	
Jeffrey S. Thiede	52	Mr. Thiede was elected president and chief executive officer of MDU Construction Services Group. Inc. effective April 30, 2013, and president effective January 1, 2012. Prior to that, he was president of Capital Electric Construction Company, Inc. effective July 2006, and president of Oregon Electric Construction, Inc. effective October 2004. Prior to joining the company, Mr. Thiede was a project director for DPR Construction and worked in the field as an inside wireman.	
Jason L. Vollmer	37	Mr. Vollmer was elected treasurer and director of cash and risk management effective November 29, 2014. Mr. Vollmer joined the company effective October 17, 2005, as a financial analyst II. He then became financial analyst III effective January 1, 2007, and financial analyst IV effective February 2, 2009. Effective April 11, 2011, he became manager of treasury services, cash and risk management until June 30, 2014 when he became assistant treasurer of Centennial Energy Holdings, Inc. and manager of treasury services and risk management.	

SECURITY OWNERSHIP

The table below sets forth the number of shares of our capital stock that each director and each nominee for director, each named executive officer, and all directors and executive officers as a group owned beneficially as of December 31, 2014.

Name	Common Shares Beneficially Owned ¹	Shares Held by Family Members ²	Percent of Class	Deferred Director Fees Held as Phantom Stock ³
Steven L. Bietz	72,280 4	565		
Thomas Everist	1,143,533 5			30,737
Karen B. Fagg	47,490		*	
David L. Goodin	65,633 ^{6,7}	8,522		
Mark A. Hellerstein	5,841			2,112
A. Bart Holaday	50,986			2,112
Dennis W. Johnson	80,525		*	
William E. McCracken	5,841			
Patricia L. Moss	70,483		*	
Harry J. Pearce	225,960			50,538
Doran N. Schwartz	42,741 6,8	1,300	*	
Jeffrey S. Thiede	2,168 ⁶			
J. Kent Wells	27,743			
John K. Wilson	102,917			
All directors and executive officers as a group (23 in number)	2,164,031	12,378	1.1	85,499

Less than one percent of the class.

We prohibit our directors and executive officers from hedging their ownership of company common stock. They may not enter into transactions that allow them to benefit from devaluation of our stock or otherwise own stock technically but without the full benefits and risks of such ownership.

Directors, executive officers, and related persons are prohibited from holding our common stock in a margin account, with certain exceptions, or pledging company securities as collateral for a loan. Company common stock may be held in a margin brokerage account only if the stock is explicitly excluded from any margin, pledge, or security provisions of the customer agreement. Company common stock may be held in a cash account, which is a brokerage account that does not allow any extension of credit on securities. "Related person" means an executive officer's or director's spouse, minor child, and any person (other than a tenant or domestic employee) sharing the household of a director or executive officer, as well as any entities over which a director or executive officer exercises control.

[&]quot;Beneficial ownership" means the sole or shared power to vote, or to direct the voting of, a security, or investment power with respect to a security.

These shares are included in the "Common Shares Beneficially Owned" column.

These shares are not included in the "Common Shares Beneficially Owned" column, Directors may defer all or a portion of their cash compensation pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors. Deferred amounts are held as phantom stock with dividend accruals and are paid out in cash over a five-year period after the director leaves the board.

Mr. Bietz disclaims all beneficial ownership of the 565 shares owned by his father.

Includes 1,070,000 shares of common stock acquired through the sale of Connolly-Pacific to us.

Includes full shares allocated to the officer's account in our 401(k) retirement plan.

The total includes 8,522 shares owned by Mr. Goodin's wife.

The total includes 1,300 shares owned by Mr. Schwartz's wife.

The table below sets forth information with respect to any person we know to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of any class of our voting securities.

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
Common Stock	BlackRock, Inc.		
	55 East 52nd Street		
	New York, NY 10022	14,112,776	7.30%
Common Stock	State Street Corporation		
	State Street Financial Center		
	One Lincoln Street		
	Boston, MA 02111	11,772,294 2	6.10%
Common Stock	The Vanguard Group		
	100 Vanguard Blvd.		
	Malvern, PA 19355	13,083,254 3	6.74%
Common Stock	Parnassus Investments		
	1 Market Street, Suite 1600		
	San Francisco, CA 94105	10,098,329 4	5.20%

In a Schedule 13G, Amendment No. 5, filed on January 26, 2015, BlackRock, Inc. reported sole voting power with respect to 12,944,371 shares and sole dispositive power with respect to 14,112,776 shares as the parent holding company or control person of BlackRock (Luxembourg) S.A., BlackRock (Netherlands) B.V., BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited, BlackRock Advisors, LLC, BlackRock Asset Management Canada Limited, BlackRock Asset Management Ireland Limited, BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited, BlackRock Capital Management, BlackRock Financial Management, Inc., BlackRock Fund Advisors, BlackRock Fund Managers Ltd., BlackRock Institutional Trust Company, N.A., BlackRock International Limited, BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited, BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Ltd., BlackRock Investment Management, LLC, BlackRock Japan Co Ltd., and BlackRock Life Limited.

In a Schedule 13G, filed on February 12, 2015, State Street Corporation reported shared voting and dispositive power with respect to all shares as the parent holding company or control person of State Street Global Advisors France S.A., State Street Bank and Trust Company, SSGA Funds Management, Inc., State Street Global Advisors Limited, State Street Global Advisors Ltd., State Street Global Advisors, Australia Limited, State Street Global Advisors Japan Co., Ltd., and State Street Global Advisors, Asia Limited.

In a Schedule 13G, Amendment No. 2, filed on February 11, 2015, The Vanguard Group reported sole dispositive power with respect to 12,922,601 shares, shared dispositive power with respect to 160,653 shares and sole voting power with respect to 177,734 shares. These shares include 112,653 shares beneficially owned by Vanguard Fiduciary Trust Company, a whollyowned subsidiary of The Vanguard Group, Inc., as a result of its serving as investment manager of collective trust accounts, and 113,081 shares beneficially owned by Vanguard Investments Australia, Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Vanguard Group, Inc., as a result of its serving as investment manager of Australian investment offerings.

In a Schedule 13G, filed on February 12, 2015, Parnassus Investments reported sole voting and dispositive power with respect to all shares.

RELATED PERSON TRANSACTION DISCLOSURE

The board of directors has adopted a policy for the review of related person transactions. This policy is contained in our corporate governance guidelines, which are posted on our website at http://www.mdu.com/docs/default-source/Governance/ corporategovernanceguidelines.pdf. The audit committee reviews any transaction, arrangement or relationship, or series thereof:

- · in which we are or will be a participant
- the amount involved exceeds \$120,000 and
- a related person has or will have a material interest.

The purpose of this review is to determine whether this transaction is in the best interests of the company.

Related persons are directors, director nominees, executive officers, holders of 5% or more of our voting stock, and their immediate family members. Related persons are required promptly to report to our general counsel all proposed or existing related person transactions in which they are involved.

If our general counsel determines that the transaction may be required to be disclosed under the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules, the general counsel furnishes the information to the chairman of the audit committee. After its review, the committee makes a determination or a recommendation to the board and officers of the company with respect to the related person transaction. Upon receipt of the committee's recommendation, the board of directors or officers, as the case may be, take such action as they deem appropriate in light of their responsibilities under applicable laws and regulations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Director Independence

The board of directors has adopted guidelines on director independence that are included in our corporate governance guidelines, which are available for review on our corporate website at http://www.mdu.com/docs/default-source/Governance/corporategovernanceguidelines.pdf. The board of directors has determined that current directors Thomas Everist, Karen B. Fagg, Mark A. Hellerstein, A. Bart Holaday, Dennis W. Johnson, William E. McCracken, Patricia L. Moss, Harry J. Pearce, and John K. Wilson:

- · have no material relationship with us and
- are independent in accordance with our director independence guidelines and the New York Stock Exchange listing standards.

The board of directors previously determined that Thomas C. Knudson, who did not stand for re-election at the 2014 annual meeting, had no material relationship with us and was independent in accordance with our director independence guidelines and the New York Stock Exchange listing standards during the time he was a director.

In determining director independence, the board of directors reviewed and considered information about any transactions, relationships, and arrangements between the independent directors and their immediate family members and affiliated entities on the one hand, and the company and its affiliates on the other, and in particular the following transactions, relationships, and arrangements:

· Business relationships with entities with which a director is affiliated: Purchase by the company in the ordinary course of business of cloud-based services for meeting SEC filing requirements from Workiva Inc. (formerly known as WebFilings, LLC), a company in which Mr. Everist owns less than 1% of the outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock. Payments by the company to Workiva in any of the last three fiscal years did not exceed the greater of \$1 million or 2% of Workiva's consolidated gross revenues. The transaction was entered into on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with non-affiliated entities. Dakota Prairie Refining, LLC (DPR), a limited liability company jointly owned by WBI Energy, Inc., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the company, and Calumet Specialty Products Partners, L.P., entered into agreements in September 2013 with the City of Dickinson, North Dakota (City) under which DPR will pay the City for supplying treated industrial water to DPR and for treating DPR's waste water. The agreements also require the City to reimburse DPR for certain construction costs related to pipelines and related facilities constructed by DPR that benefit the City. Mr. Johnson is president of the City board of commissioners. Mr. Johnson abstained from discussion and voting on the agreements. The payments from DPR to the City and from the City to DPR in either of the last two fiscal years did not exceed the greater of \$1 million or 2% of the City's consolidated gross revenues.

- Charitable contributions by the MDU Resources Foundation (Foundation) to nonprofit organizations, where a director, or a director's
 spouse, serves or has served as a director, chair, or vice chair of the board of trustees, trustee or member of the organization or related
 entity: Charitable contributions by the Foundation to Sanford Health Foundation, Billings Catholic Schools Foundation, the Denver
 Children's Advocacy Center, Community Resources Inc., the University of North Dakota Foundation, the University of Jamestown and its
 foundation, the City of Dickinson, and the St. Charles Foundation. None of the contributions made to any of these nonprofit entities
 during the last three fiscal years exceeded in any single year the greater of \$1 million or 2% of the relevant entity's consolidated gross
 revenues.
- Ownership by directors of company stock: Ownership by Mr. Everist, directly or indirectly, of 1,143,533 shares of company stock, which
 represented less than 1% of our outstanding common stock, at December 31, 2014, approximately 1.14 million shares, which
 represented less than 1% of our outstanding common stock, at December 31, 2013, and approximately 1.89 million shares, which
 represented approximately 1% of our outstanding common stock, at December 31, 2012.

Director Resignation Upon Change of Job Responsibility

Our corporate governance guidelines require a director to tender his or her resignation after a material change in job responsibility. In 2014, no directors submitted resignations under this requirement.

Code of Conduct

We have a code of conduct and ethics, which we refer to as the Leading With Integrity Guide, which applies to all employees, directors, and officers.

We intend to satisfy our disclosure obligations regarding:

- amendments to, or waivers of, any provision of the code of conduct that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial
 officer, and principal accounting officer and that relates to any element of the code of ethics definition in Regulation S-K, Item 406(b)
 and
- waivers of the code of conduct for our directors or executive officers, as required by New York Stock Exchange listing standards
 by posting such information on our website at http://www.mdu.com/docs/default-source/Governance/leadingintegrity_2014.pdf.

Board Leadership Structure and Board's Role in Risk Oversight

The board separated the positions of chairman of the board and chief executive officer in 2006 and elected Harry J. Pearce, a non-employee independent director, as our chairman. Separating these positions allows our chief executive officer to focus on the full-time job of running our business, while allowing the chairman of the board to lead the board in its fundamental role of providing advice to and independent oversight of management. The board believes this structure recognizes the time, effort, and energy that the chief executive officer is required to devote to his position in the current business environment, as well as the commitment required to serve as our chairman, particularly as the board's oversight responsibilities continue to grow and demand more time and attention. The fundamental role of the board of directors is to provide oversight of the management of the company in good faith and in the best interests of the company and its stockholders. Having an independent chairman is a means to ensure the chief executive officer is accountable for managing the company in close alignment with the interests of stockholders. An independent chairman avoids the conflicts of interest that arise when the chairman and chief executive officer positions are combined and more effectively manages relationships between the board and the chief executive officer. An independent chairman is in a better position to encourage frank and lively discussions and to assure that the company has adequately assessed all appropriate business risks before adopting its final business plans and strategies. Our bylaws and corporate governance guidelines require that our chairman is the appropriate leadership structure for the company and demonstrates our commitment to good corporate governance.

Risk is inherent with every business, and how well a business manages risk can ultimately determine its success. We face a number of risks, including economic risks, environmental and regulatory risks, and others, such as the impact of competition, weather conditions, limitations on our ability to pay dividends, increased pension plan obligations, cyber attacks or acts of terrorism, and our ability to sell our exploration and production business. Management is responsible for the day-to-day management of risks the company faces, while the board, as a whole and through its committees, has responsibility for the oversight of risk management. In its risk oversight role, the board of directors has the responsibility to satisfy itself that the risk management processes designed and implemented by management are adequate and functioning as designed.

The board believes that establishing the right "tone at the top" and that full and open communication between management and the board of directors are essential for effective risk management and oversight. Our chairman meets regularly with our president and chief executive officer and other senior officers to discuss strategy and risks facing the company. Senior management attends the quarterly board meetings and is available to address any questions or concerns raised by the board on risk management-related and any other matters. Each quarter, the board of directors receives presentations from senior management on strategic matters involving our operations. The board holds strategic planning sessions with senior management to discuss strategies, key challenges, and risks and opportunities for the company.

While the board is ultimately responsible for risk oversight at our company, our three board committees assist the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in certain areas of risk. The audit committee assists the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to risk management in a general manner and specifically in the areas of financial reporting, internal controls and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and, in accordance with New York Stock Exchange requirements, discusses policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management and their adequacy and effectiveness. Risk assessment reports are regularly provided by management to the audit committee or the full board. This opens the opportunity for discussions about areas where the company may have material risk exposure, steps taken to manage such exposure, and the company's risk tolerance in relation to company strategy. The audit committee reports regularly to the board of directors on the company's management of risks in the audit committee's areas of responsibility. The compensation committee assists the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to the management of risks arising from our compensation policies and programs. The nominating and governance committee assists the board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to the management of risks associated with board organization, membership and structure, succession planning for our directors and executive officers, and corporate governance.

Board Meetings and Committees

During 2014, the board of directors held seven meetings. Each director attended at least 75% of the combined total meetings of the board and the committees on which the director served during 2014. Director attendance at our annual meeting of stockholders is left to the discretion of each director. Three directors attended our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders.

Harry J. Pearce was elected non-employee chairman of the board on August 17, 2006. Mr. Pearce served as lead director from February 15, 2001 to August 17, 2006. He presides at the executive session of the non-employee directors held in connection with each regularly scheduled quarterly board of directors meeting. The non-employee directors also meet in executive session with the chief executive officer at each regularly scheduled quarterly board of directors meeting. All of our non-employee directors are independent directors.

The board has a standing audit committee, compensation committee, and nominating and governance committee. These committees are composed entirely of independent directors.

The audit, compensation, and nominating and governance committees have charters, which are available for review on our website at http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/board-charters-and-committees. Our corporate governance guidelines are available at http://www.mdu.com/docs/default-source/Governance/corporategovernanceguidelines.pdf, and our Leading With Integrity Guide is also on our website at http://www.mdu.com/docs/default-source/Governance/leadingintegrity_2014.pdf.

Nominating and Governance Committee

The nominating and governance committee met four times during 2014. The committee members are Karen B. Fagg, chairman, A. Bart Holaday, William E. McCracken, and Patricia L. Moss.

The nominating and governance committee provides recommendations to the board with respect to:

- · board organization, membership, and function
- committee structure and membership
- succession planning for our executive management and directors and
- · corporate governance guidelines applicable to us.

The nominating and governance committee assists the board in overseeing the management of risks in the committee's areas of responsibility.

The committee identifies individuals qualified to become directors and recommends to the board the nominees for director for the next annual meeting of stockholders. The committee also identifies and recommends to the board individuals qualified to become our principal officers and the nominees for membership on each board committee. The committee oversees the evaluation of the board and management.

In identifying nominees for director, the committee consults with board members, our management, consultants, and other individuals likely to possess an understanding of our business and knowledge concerning suitable director candidates.

Our corporate governance guidelines include our policy on consideration of director candidates recommended to us. We will consider candidates that our stockholders recommend. Stockholders may submit director candidate recommendations to the nominating and governance committee chairman in care of the secretary at MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650. Please include the following information:

- · the candidate's name, age, business address, residence address, and telephone number
- · the candidate's principal occupation
- · the class and number of shares of our stock owned by the candidate
- a description of the candidate's qualifications to be a director
- · whether the candidate would be an independent director and
- · any other information you believe is relevant with respect to the recommendation.

These guidelines provide information to stockholders who wish to recommend candidates for director for consideration by the nominating and governance committee. Stockholders who wish to actually nominate persons for election to our board at an annual meeting of stockholders must follow the procedures set forth in section 2.08 of our bylaws. You may obtain a copy of the bylaws by writing to the secretary of MDU Resources Group, Inc. at the address above. Our bylaws are also available on our website at http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/guidelines-and-bylaws. See also the section entitled "2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders" later in the proxy statement.

There are no differences in the manner by which the committee evaluates director candidates recommended by stockholders and those recommended by other sources.

In evaluating director candidates, the committee considers an individual's:

- · background, character, and experience, including experience relative to our company's lines of business
- · skills and experience which complement the skills and experience of current board members
- · success in the individual's chosen field of endeavor
- skill in the areas of accounting and financial management, banking, general management, human resources, marketing, operations, public affairs, law, technology, and operations abroad
- · background in publicly traded companies
- · geographic area of residence
- diversity of business and professional experience, skills, gender, and ethnic background, as appropriate in light of the current composition and needs of the board
- · independence, including any affiliation or relationship with other groups, organizations, or entities and
- prior and future compliance with applicable law and all applicable corporate governance, code of conduct and ethics, conflict of interest, corporate opportunities, confidentiality, stock ownership and trading policies, and our other policies and guidelines.

In addition, our bylaws contain requirements that a person must meet in order to qualify for service as a director.

As indicated above, when identifying nominees to serve as director, the nominating and governance committee will consider candidates with diverse business and professional experience, skills, gender, and ethnic background, as appropriate, in light of the current composition and

needs of the board. The nominating and governance committee assesses the effectiveness of this policy annually in connection with the nomination of directors for election at the annual meeting of stockholders. The composition of the current board reflects diversity in business and professional experience, skills, and gender.

The committee generally will hire an outside firm to perform a background check on potential nominees.

Audit Committee

The audit committee is a separately-designated standing committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The audit committee met eight times during 2014. The audit committee members are Dennis W. Johnson, chairman, Mark A. Hellerstein, A. Bart Holaday, and John K. Wilson. The board of directors has determined that Messrs. Johnson, Hellerstein, Holaday, and Wilson are "audit committee financial experts" as defined by Securities and Exchange Commission regulations and meet the independence standard for audit committee members under our director independence guidelines, the New York Stock Exchange listing standards, and Securities and Exchange Commission rules.

The audit committee assists the board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities to the stockholders and serves as a communication link among the board, management, the independent registered public accounting firm, and the internal auditors. The audit committee:

- · assists the board's oversight of
 - the integrity of our financial statements and system of internal controls
 - our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements
 - the independent registered public accounting firm's qualifications and independence
 - the performance of our internal audit function and independent registered public accounting firm and
 - risk management in the audit committee's areas of responsibility and
- arranges for the preparation of and approves the report that Securities and Exchange Commission rules require we include in our annual proxy statement.

Audit Committee Report

In connection with our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, the audit committee has (1) reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management; (2) discussed with the independent registered public accounting firm (the "Auditors") the matters required to be discussed by Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Auditing Standard No. 16, Communications with Audit Committees; and (3) received the written disclosures and the letter from the Auditors required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the Auditors' communications with the audit committee concerning independence, and has discussed with the Auditors their independence.

Based on the review and discussions referred to in items (1) through (3) of the above paragraph, the audit committee recommended to the board of directors that the audited financial statements be included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Dennis W. Johnson, Chairman Mark A. Hellerstein A. Bart Holaday John K. Wilson

Compensation Committee

The compensation committee met four times during 2014. The compensation committee members are Thomas Everist, chairman, Karen B. Fagg, William E. McCracken, and Patricia L. Moss. Thomas C. Knudson served on the committee until the 2014 annual meeting, when he did not stand for re-election. William E. McCracken joined the committee effective May 15, 2014.

The compensation committee's responsibilities, as set forth in its charter, include:

- · review and recommend changes to the board regarding our executive compensation policies for directors and executives
- evaluate the chief executive officer's performance and, either as a committee or together with other independent directors as directed by the board, determine his or her compensation
- recommend to the board the compensation of our other Section 16 officers and directors
- establish goals, make awards, review performance and determine, or recommend to the board, awards earned under our annual and longterm incentive compensation plans
- review and discuss with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and based upon such review and discussion, determine
 whether to recommend to the board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in our proxy statement and/or our Annual
 Report on Form 10-K
- arrange for the preparation of and approve the compensation committee report to be included in our proxy statement and/or Annual Report on Form 10-K
- · assist the board in overseeing the management of risk in the committee's areas of responsibility and
- appoint, compensate, and oversee the work of any compensation consultant, legal counsel or other adviser retained by the compensation committee.

The compensation committee and the board of directors have sole and direct responsibility for determining compensation for our Section 16 officers and directors. The compensation committee makes recommendations to the board regarding compensation of all Section 16 officers, and the board then acts on the recommendations. The compensation committee and the board may not delegate their authority. They may, however, use recommendations from outside consultants, the chief executive officer, and the human resources department. The chief executive officer, the vice president-human resources, and general counsel regularly attend compensation committee meetings. The committee meets in executive session as needed. The committee's practice has been to retain a compensation consultant every other year to conduct a competitive analysis on executive compensation. The competitive analysis is conducted internally in the other years. The committee retained a compensation consultant in 2014 to prepare a competitive assessment for 2015 compensation for our Section 16 officers.

We discuss our processes and procedures for consideration and determination of compensation of our Section 16 officers in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis. We also discuss in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis the role of our executive officers in determining or recommending compensation for our Section 16 officers.

During 2014, the compensation committee retained Towers Watson to prepare the 2015 competitive assessment covering our Section 16 officers. In an engagement letter dated April 7, 2014, the compensation committee asked Towers Watson to prepare separate executive compensation reviews for the Section 16 officers and the chief executive officer. In its review for the Section 16 officers, excluding the chief executive officer, Towers Watson was asked to:

- match the Section 16 officer positions to survey data to generate 2015 market estimates for base salaries and short-term and long-term incentives
- address general trends in executive compensation
- compare base salaries and target short-term and long-term incentives, by position, to market estimates and recommend salary grade changes as appropriate
- · construct a recommended 2015 salary grade structure and
- verify the competitiveness of short-term and long-term incentive targets associated with salary grades and recommended modifications as appropriate.

In the chief executive officer review, Towers Watson was asked to use survey data and data from the company's performance graph peer group to:

- develop competitive estimates for base salary and target short-term and long-term incentives
- recommend changes in base salary and incentive targets based on competitive data and
- · address general trends in chief executive officer compensation.

The compensation committee has sole authority to retain or obtain the advice of compensation consultants, legal counsel or other advisers to assist in consideration of the compensation of the chief executive officer, the other Section 16 officers, and the board of directors. The committee is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of any adviser retained by the committee. Prior to retaining an adviser and annually, the committee will consider all factors relevant to the adviser's independence from management. The compensation committee charter requires the committee's pre-approval of the engagement of the committee's compensation consultants by the company for any other purpose. The compensation committee authorized the company to participate in compensation and employee benefits surveys sponsored by Towers Watson in 2014.

Annually the compensation committee conducts an assessment of any potential conflicts of interest raised by the work of any compensation consultant to determine if any conflict exists and how such conflict should be addressed. The compensation committee requested and received information from its compensation consultant, Towers Watson, to assist the committee in determining whether Towers Watson's work raised any conflict of interest. The compensation committee has reviewed Towers Watson's responses to its request and determined that the work of Towers Watson did not raise any conflict of interest in 2014.

The board of directors determines compensation for our non-employee directors based upon recommendations from the compensation committee. The compensation committee's practice has been to retain a compensation consultant every other year to conduct a competitive analysis on director compensation. The compensation committee did not retain an outside consultant for the 2014 compensation review for the board of directors. At its May 2014 meeting, the committee reviewed the analysis of competitive data and recent trends in director compensation, including independent chairman of the board compensation, prepared by the human resources department and the vice president-human resources. The company's analysis was based on proxy data from our performance graph peer group companies compiled by Equilar and on data from the National Association of Corporate Directors 2013/2014 Director Compensation Report (NACD Report). The committee compared the data to our directors' compensation and each of its components. The market data indicated that our median director compensation of \$165,000 was below the median total direct compensation of \$196,026 for large companies with revenues between \$2.5 billion and \$10 billion in the NACD Report and below the median total direct compensation of \$170,000 of the peer companies. With respect to non-executive chairman of the board compensation, the company's total compensation of \$255,000 was below the NACD Report large company median of \$288,000 and below the median of \$305,000 for nine peer group companies that had a nonexecutive chairman.

In light of the competitive analysis, after review and discussion, the compensation committee recommended, and the board approved, increasing the annual base retainer from \$55,000 to \$65,000 effective June 1, 2014 for all non-employee directors, including the nonexecutive chairman of the board.

Stockholder Communications

Stockholders and other interested parties who wish to contact the board of directors or an individual director, including our non-employee chairman or non-employee directors as a group, should address a communication in care of the secretary at MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650. The secretary will forward all communications.

SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires that officers, directors, and holders of more than 10% of our common stock file reports of their trading in our equity securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based solely on a review of Forms 3, 4, and 5 and any amendments to these forms furnished to us during and with respect to 2014 or written representations that no Forms 5 were required, we believe that all such reports were timely filed.

CONDUCT OF MEETING; ADJOURNMENT

The chairman of the board has broad responsibility and authority to conduct the annual meeting in an orderly and timely manner. In addition, our bylaws provide that the meeting may be adjourned from time to time by the chairman of the meeting regardless of whether a quorum is present.

OTHER BUSINESS

Neither the board of directors nor management intends to bring before the meeting any business other than the matters referred to in the notice of annual meeting and this proxy statement. We have not been informed that any other matter will be presented at the meeting by others. However, if any other matters are properly brought before the annual meeting, or any adjournment(s) thereof, your proxies include discretionary authority for the persons named in the enclosed proxy to vote or act on such matters in their discretion.

SHARED ADDRESS STOCKHOLDERS

In accordance with a notice sent to eligible stockholders who share a single address, we are sending only one annual report to stockholders and one proxy statement to that address unless we received instructions to the contrary from any stockholder at that address. This practice, known as "householding," is designed to reduce our printing and postage costs. However, if a stockholder of record wishes to receive a separate annual report to stockholders and proxy statement in the future, he or she may contact the office of the treasurer at MDU Resources Group, Inc., P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650, Telephone Number: (701) 530-1000. Eligible stockholders of record who receive multiple copies of our annual report to stockholders and proxy statement can request householding by contacting us in the same manner. Stockholders who own shares through a bank, broker, or other nominee can request householding by contacting the nominee.

We hereby undertake to deliver promptly, upon written or oral request, a separate copy of the annual report to stockholders and proxy statement to a stockholder at a shared address to which a single copy of the document was delivered.

2016 ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

Director Nominations: Our bylaws provide that director nominations may be made only (i) at any meeting of stockholders, by or at the direction of the board or (ii) at an annual meeting of stockholders, by a stockholder of record, as provided in the bylaws, who is entitled to vote upon the election of directors and who has complied with the procedures established by the bylaws. For a nomination to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder, the stockholder intending to make the nomination must have given timely and proper notice of the nomination in writing to the corporate secretary in accordance with and containing all information, including the completed questionnaire, provided for in the bylaws. To be timely, such notice must be delivered or mailed to the corporate secretary and received at our principal executive offices not earlier than the 120th day and not later than the close of business on the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting of stockholders. For purposes of our annual meeting of stockholders expected to be held April 26, 2016, any stockholder who wishes to submit a nomination must submit the required notice to the corporate secretary not earlier than December 30, 2015 and not later than the close of business on January 29, 2016.

Other Meeting Business: Our bylaws also provide that business, other than director nominations, may be properly brought before (i) any meeting of stockholders, by or at the direction of the board or (ii) an annual meeting of stockholders, by a stockholder of record, as provided in the bylaws, who is entitled to vote upon the election of directors and the proposal and who has complied with the procedures established by the bylaws. For business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder (other than director nominations which are described above), the stockholder must have given timely and proper notice of such business in writing to the corporate secretary, in accordance with and containing all information provided for in the bylaws and such business must be a proper matter for stockholder action under the General Corporation Law of Delaware. To be timely, such notice must be delivered or mailed to the corporate secretary and received at our principal executive offices not earlier than the 120th day and not later than the close of business on the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting of stockholders. For purposes of our annual meeting of stockholders expected to be held April 26, 2016, any stockholder who wishes to bring business before the meeting (other than director nominations which are described above) must submit the required notice to the corporate secretary not earlier than December 30, 2015 and not later than the close of business on January 29, 2016.

Discretionary Voting: Rule 14a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Commission's proxy rules allows us to use discretionary voting authority to vote on matters coming before an annual stockholders' meeting if we do not have notice of the matter at least 45 days before the anniversary date on which we first mailed our proxy materials for the prior year's annual stockholders' meeting or the date specified by an advance notice provision in our bylaws. Our bylaws contain an advance notice provision that we have described above. For our annual meeting of stockholders expected to be held on April 26, 2016, stockholders must submit such written notice to the corporate secretary not earlier than December 30, 2015 and not later than the close of business on January 29, 2016.

Stockholder Proposals: The requirements we describe above are separate from and in addition to the Securities and Exchange Commission's requirements that a stockholder must meet to have a stockholder proposal included in our proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act. For purposes of our annual meeting of stockholders expected to be held on April 26, 2016, any stockholder who wishes to submit a proposal for inclusion in our proxy materials must submit such proposal to the corporate secretary on or before November 19, 2015.

Bylaw Copies: You may obtain a copy of the full text of the bylaw provisions discussed above by writing to the corporate secretary. Our bylaws are also available on our website at: http://www.mdu.com/integrity/governance/guidelines-and-bylaws.

We will make available to our stockholders to whom we furnish this proxy statement a copy of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, excluding exhibits, for the year ended December 31, 2014, which is required to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You may obtain a copy, without charge, upon written or oral request to the Office of the Treasurer of MDU Resources Group, Inc., 1200 West Century Avenue, Mailing Address: P.O. Box 5650, Bismarck, ND 58506-5650, Telephone Number: (701) 530-1000. You may also access our Annual Report on Form 10-K through our website at www.mdu.com.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Paul K. Sandness

Secretary

March 18, 2015



Coca-Cola Enterprises

EXHIBIT A

Towers Watson General Industry Executive Compensation DataBank

2012 Bayer Business & Technology Services Coinstar

Bayer AG

3M Bayer CropScience Colgate-Palmolive A.O. Smith Bayer HealthCare Columbia Sportswear

Abbott Laboratories BD - Becton Dickinson Comcast Compass Group Accenture Beam ACH Food Bechtel Systems & Infrastructure Inc. ConAgra Foods

Acxiom Best Buy Continental Automotive Systems

Adecco Big Lots ConvaTec Aerojet Bob Evans Farms Convergys Agilent Technologies Boehringer Ingelheim Cooper Industries

Boeing Corning Agrium Air Liquide Booz Allen Hamilton Covance Air Products and Chemicals BorgWarner Covidien Alcatel-Lucent Boston Scientific Crown Castle CSC Alcoa Brady Allergan Bristol-Myers Squibb CSX

AMC Entertainment Brunswick Cummins American Crystal Sugar Bunge Curtiss-Wright American Sugar Refining Burlington Northern Santa Fe CVS Caremark Americas Styrenics **Bush Brothers** Daiichi Sankyo

AmerisourceBergen CA, Inc. Daimler Trucks North America

Cardinal Health AMETEK Danaher

CareFusion Darden Restaurants Amgen **AMSTED Industries** Cargill Dean Foods Anixter International Carlson Deckers Outdoor

APL Carmeuse North America Group Dell

Carnival Delta Air Lines Appleton Papers

ARAMARK Carpenter Technology Deluxe Arby's Restaurant Group Catalent Pharma Solutions Dentsply Archer Daniels Midland Catalyst Health Solutions Dex One Arctic Cat Caterpillar DIRECTV Group

Celanese Americas Dollar Thrifty Automotive Group Aricent Group

Arkema Celestica Dollar Tree Armstrong World Industries Domtar Century Aluminum Arrow Electronics **CEVA Logistics** Donaldson Ashland CGI Technologies & Solutions Dow Corning CH2M Hill AstraZeneca DuPont T&TA Chemtura E.W. Scripps Atos IT Solutions and Services Chiquita Brands Eastman Chemical

Automatic Data Processing CHS Eaton Avaya Cintas eBay Cisco Systems Ecolab Avis Budget Group **BAE Systems** Clear Channel Communications Eisai, Inc. Cliffs Natural Resources Ball Eli Lilly Barnes Group Cloud Peak Energy **EMC**

BASE Coach Emerson Electric Baxter International Coca-Cola EnCana Oil & Gas USA **ESRI**

Endo Health Solutions Hilton Worldwide L-3 Communications
EnPro Industries Hitachi Data Systems Land O'Lakes
Equifax HNI Leggett and Platt
Equity Office Properties HNTB Lend Lease
Ericsson Hoffmann-La Roche Lenovo

Honeywell

Essilor of America Hormel Foods Level 3 Communications
Estee Lauder Hostess Brands Lexmark International
Esterline Technologies Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Life Technologies

Leprino Foods

Euro-Pro Operating Hovnanian Enterprises LifeCell
Exelis HTC Corporation Limited
Expedia Hunt Consolidated Lincoln Electric
Experian Americas Hutchinson Technology L'Oreal

Express Scripts IBM Lorillard Tobacco
Exterran IDEXX Laboratories LSG Sky Chefs
Federal-Mogul Illinois Tool Works LyondellBasell

Fidessa Group Ingersoll-Rand Magellan Midstream Partners

Fluor Intel Makino
Ford Intercontinental Hotels Manitowoc

Forest Laboratories International Data Group Marriott International
Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold International Flavors & Fragrances Martin Marietta Materials

GAF Materials International Game Technology Mary Kay
Gap International Paper Mattel

Gates ION Geophysical Matthews International

 GATX
 Irvine
 McDonald's

 Gavilon
 Itron
 McGraw-Hill

 GenCorp
 ITT - Corporate
 MeadWestvaco

 General Atomics
 J.M. Smucker
 Medicines Company

General Dynamics J.R. Simplot Medtronic
General Mills Jabil Circuit Merck & Co
General Motors Jack-in-the-Box Meredith
Gilead Sciences Jacobs Engineering Micron Technology

GlaxoSmithKline JetBlue Airways Microsoft
Globecomm Systems Johns-Manville Milacron
Goodrich Johnson & Johnson MillerCoors

Graco Johnson Controls Mohegan Sun Casino
Green Mountain Kaman Industrial Technologies Molson Coors Brewing

GROWMARK Kansas City Southern Monsanto
GTECH Kao Brands Mosaic

H.B. Fuller KB Home Motorola Mobility
Hanesbrands KBR Motorola Solutions
Hanger Orthopedic Group Kellogg Murphy Oil
Harland Clarke Kelly Services Mylan
Harman International Industries Kennametal Nash-Finch

Harsco Keystone Foods Navigant Consulting
Hasbro Kimberly-Clark Navistar International

Herman Miller Kimco Realty NBTY
Hershey Kinross Gold Neoris USA
Hertz Koch Industries Nestle USA
Hewlett-Packard Kohler NeuStar

Hexcel Kyocera Corporation Newmont Mining

SAS Institute Trident Seafoods Trinity Industries Tronox

Whirlpool

YRC Worldwide

Yum! Brands

AEI Services

Alliant Energy

Xylem

2012

AES

Allete

Ameren

Wm.Wrigley Jr. Xerox

Towers Watson Energy Services

Executive Compensation Survey

 NewPage
 SCA Americas
 TRW Automotive

 Nissan North America
 Schlumberger
 Tupperware Brands

 Nokia
 Schreiber Foods
 Tyson Foods

Norfolk Southern Schwan's Underwriters Laboratories Unilever United

Northrop Grumman Scientific Research Corporation States

Novartis Consumer Health Scotts Miracle-Gro Union Pacific Corporation
Novo Nordisk Pharmaceuticals Seagate Technology Unisys

Novus International Sealed Air United Rentals

Nu Skin Enterprises ServiceMaster Company United States Cellular United

Nypro ShawCor Technologies UPS
Occidental Petroleum Sherwin-Williams URS

Office Depot Shire Pharmaceuticals Valero Energy Valmont Industries Verizon

 Omnicare
 Siemens AG
 Vertex Pharmaceuticals

 OMNOVA Solutions
 Sigma-Aldrich
 Viacom Viad VistaPrint

OSI Restaurant Partners Snap-on Vulcan Materials VWR International Walt

Owens Corning Sodexo Disney
Pall Corporation Solvay America Warner Chilcott

 Parker Hannifin
 Sonoco Products
 Waste Management Watson

 Parsons
 Sony Corporation
 Pharmaceuticals

 PCL Constructors
 Space Systems Loral
 Wendy's Group

Performance Food Group Sprint Nextel Westlake Chemical Weyerhaeuser

Pfizer SPX
Pitney Bowes Staples

Plexus Starbucks Coffee Company

Polaris Industries Starwood Hotels & Resorts

Polymer Group Statoil

PolyOne Stepan Company Zebra Technologies
Potash Stryker Teware Webson F

PPG Industries Sundt Construction

Praxair Swagelok

Pulte Homes Syngenta Crop Protection

Purdue Pharma Sysco
Quest Diagnostics Target

Quintiles Taubman Centers
R.R. Donnelley TE Connectivity

Ralcorp Holdings Tech Data American Electric Power
Rayonier TeleTech Holdings ATC Management
Regency Centers Teradata Atmos Energy
Research in Motion Terex Avista

Revlon Textron Babcock & Wilcox
Ricardo Thermo Fisher Scientific Babcock Power
Rio Tinto Thomson Reuters BG US Services
Roche Dispression Fine Warner Black Hills

 Roche Diagnostics
 Time Warner
 Black Hills

 Rockwell Automation
 Time Warner Cable
 Capital Power Corporation

 Rockwell Collins
 T-Mobile USA
 CenterPoint Energy

 Rohm Semiconductor USA
 Toro
 CH Energy Group

Rolls-Royce North America Tower International Cheniere Energy

S.C. Johnson & Son Toyota Motor Engineering & Manufacturing CMS Energy

Sabre North America Colorado Springs Utilities
SAIC Transocean Consolidated Edison
Sanofi-Aventis Trepp Crosstex Energy
Dominion Resources

DTE Energy SCANA Avista

Duke Energy Sempra Energy Axcess Financial Services, Inc.

Dynegy South Jersey Gas Bank of America Merchant Services

 Edison International
 Southern Union Company
 Baxter International

 EI Paso Corporation
 Spectra Energy
 Baylor College of Medicine

 EI Paso Electric
 STP Nuclear Operating
 Baylor Health Care System

ElectriCities of North Carolina Targa Resources B Braun Medical

Enbridge Enregy TECO Energy Belk

Energen Tennessee Valley Authority Bemis Manufacturing Company

Energy Future Holdings TransCanada Beneficial Bank
Energy Northwest UGI Bergquist Company
Entergy UIL Holdings Berwick Offray
Enterprise Products Partners UniSource Energy BIC - Graphic USA

EQT Corporation Unitil Black Hills

Exelon URENCO USA BlueCross BlueShield of Louisiana

FirstEnergy Vectren BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina

GenOn Energy Westar Energy BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee
Iberdrola Renewables Williams Companies Bluegreen Corporation
Integrys Energy Group Wisconsin Energy Bluestem Brands

Integrys Energy Group Wisconsin Energy Bluestem Brands
IPR - GDF SUEZ North America Wolfe Creek Nuclear Bob Evans Farms

Kinder Morgan Xcel Energy Boddie-Noell Enterprises, Inc.

LG&E and KU Energy Towers Watson General Industry Top

Bosch Rexroth

Lower Colorado River Authority Management Compensation Survey Boyd Gaming
MDU Resources Report 2012 Boy Scouts of America

MGE Energy AAA Boys & Girls Clubs of America
MidAmerican Energy Accident Fund Insurance Bradley

New York Power Authority ACUMED Bridgepoint Education AFLAC Bristow Group NextEra Energy Northeast Utilities Alfa Laval Brown-Forman NorthWestern Energy Alliant Energy Bryant University NRG Energy Alta Resources Corp Build-A-Bear Workshop **NSTAR** American Cancer Society, Inc. **Bulk Handling Systems**

 NV Energy
 American Career College
 Cablevision Systems

 NW Natural
 American Commercial Lines
 CACI International

 OGE Energy
 American University
 Caelum Research Corporation

 Oglethorpe Power
 AmeriPride Services
 California Casualty Management

Ohio Valley Electric Ames True Temper California Dental Association

Omaha Public Power AMETEK Cambia Health Solutions
Pacific Gas & Electric Amica Mutual Insurance Camcraft

Pepco Holdings A.O. Smith Capital Blue Cross

Pinnacle West Capital Applied Research Associates CareFirst BlueCross BlueShield

PNM Resources Arlington County Government Carlson
Portland General Electric Asahi Kasei Plastics N.A., Inc. CarMax
PPL Ascend Performance Materials CDM

Primary Energy Recycling ASCO - Valve CEC Entertainment
Progress Energy Ash Grove Cement Company Cell Therapeutics

Proliance Holdings Aurora Healthcare CEMEX, Inc.

Public Service Enterprise Group Auto Club Group CenturyLink

Puget Energy Automobile Club of Southern California Chelan County Public Utility District
Salt River Project Avis Budget Group Children's Healthcare of Atlanta

Choice Hotels International Edward Jones Gannett

CHS Edward Lowe Foundation Gas Technology Institute Chumash Employee Resource Center Edwards Lifesciences Gaylord Entertainment Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints Elizabeth Arden General Dynamics Information

CIGNA Emblem Health Genesis Energy Citizens Energy Group EMCOR Group GenOn Energy Citizens Republic Bank Emerson Electric Gentiva Health Services City of Austin **Energy Future Holdings** Georg Fischer Signet

City of Garland **Energy Solutions** Georgia Health Sciences Medical Center

City of Houston Georgia Institute of Technology Engineered Plastics Company City of Las Vegas Enpro Industries (Fairbanks Morse Engine) Gerdau Long Steel North America

City of Philadelphia Entergy GKN

ClubCorp, Inc. Erickson Retirement Communities **G&K Services**

GNC CNH America, LLC Erie Insurance

GOJO Industries, Inc. Cobham Management Services **ESCO**

Coca-Cola Bottling **ESCO Technologies** Gold Eagle Coca-Cola Refreshments Etnyre International, Ltd. Grande Cheese

College of St. Scholastica Exel Great American Insurance

Colorado Springs Utilities Exide Technologies Greyhound Lines Colsa Express Scripts GROWMARK CommScope Fairfield Manufacturing **GTECH**

Community Coffee Farm Credit Bank of Texas GuideStone Financial Resources Farm Credit Foundations Community Health Network Harman International Industries Community Preservation Corporation Farmland Foods Harris County Hospital District

Compressor Controls Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta Hastings Mutual Insurance Company Computer Task Group Federal Reserve Bank of Boston Haynes International ConnectiCare Capital LLC Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago Hazelden Foundation

Core Laboratories Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland HDR, Inc. Cornell University Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas HD Supply

Corrections Corporation of America Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis Hendrick Medical Center Coventry Health Care Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia Hendrickson International Cox Enterprises Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond Henry Ford Health Systems

Cracker Barrel Old Country Stores Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco Herman Miller CSIG Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Highmark **CUNA Mutual** Federal Reserve Board Hill Phoenix David C. Cook FedEx Express Hilton Worldwide

Hitachi Computer Products D&B FedEx Office

Decurion Corporation Fender Musical Instruments H Lee Moffitt Cancer Center & Research

Dekalb Regional Healthcare Systems Ferguson Enterprises Institute Delhaize America Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory HNI

HNTB DePaul University First American Dickstein Shapiro First Citizens Bank Hu-Friedy Manufacturing Company, Inc.

Diebold Fleetwood Group Hunter Industries Doherty Employer Services Flexcon Company, Inc. IDEX Corporation Dole Foods Flexible Steel Lacing **IDEXX** Laboratories

Domino's Pizza Follett Corporation Information Management Service

Duke Realty Fortune Brands Home & Security, Inc. Ingram Industries

Duke University & Health System Freeman Dallas Insperity

Dyn McDermott Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold Institute for Defense Analyses E A Sween Company Froedtert Hospital Institute of Electrical & Electronic

Engineers (IEEE)

Iron Mountain

Integra Lifesciences Corporation Malco Products, Inc. Ohio State University

INTEGRIS Health Manpower Oil-Dri Corporation of America
Intertape Polymer Group MAPFRE U.S.A. Old Dominion Electric

Intrepid Potash Maricopa County Office of Management & Oppenheimer Group

Irvine Maricopa Integrated Health System Orbital Science Corporation

Opus Bank

Rich Products

Isuzu Motors America Marshfield Clinic Oshkosh

 Itochu International
 Mary Kay
 OSI Restaurant Partners

 ITT Industries - Information Systems
 Mayo Clinic
 Panduit Corporation

 Jacobs Technology
 McGladrey and Pullen
 Papa John's

Jarden Medica Health Plans Patterson Companies

 Jefferson Science Associates
 Medical Mutual of Ohio
 Paychex

 J J Keller & Associates, Inc.
 Mercer University
 Paycor

 John Crane
 Merit Medical Systems
 Pearson

Johns Hopkins University Merrill Pegasus Solutions

Johnson Outdoors Metagenics Penn State Hershey Medical Center

Joint Commission Methodist Hospital System Pepper Construction Company

Jones Lang LaSalle MetLife Pharmavite

Joy Global MFS Investment Management PHH Arval

LR Simplet Miami Children's Hospital PM

J.R. Simplot Miami Children's Hospital PM

Judicial Council of California Michael Baker PMA Companies

Kansas City Southern Mine Safety Appliances Port of Portland

Katun Corporation Minneapolis School District Poudre Valley Health Systems

Kettering University Minnesota Management & Budget Premier

Kewaunee Scientific Corporation Missouri Department of Conservation Principal Financial Group

Keystone Foods Missouri Department of Transportation Pro-Build Holdings

KI, Inc. Mitsubishi International Project Management Institute

KIK Custom Products Mitsui U.S.A. Prometric, Inc.
Kingston Technology Molex PSS World Medical
Klein Tools Molina Healthcare Publix Super Markets. I

Klein Tools Publix Super Markets, Inc. Laboratory Corporation of America MTD Products, Inc. QBE the Americas Lake Federal Bank MTS Systems QTI Human Resources Lake Region Medical MultiPlan Quadion Corporation Lane Enterprise, Inc. Mutual of Omaha Quality Bicycle Products Nash-Finch Lantech.com Quest Diagnostics

Lawson Products National Academies Ralph Lauren
Learning Care Group National Futures Association Rational Energies

Legal & General America National Interstate REA Magnet Wire Company, Inc.

 Leggett and Platt
 Nature's Sunshine Products
 Recology

 LG&E and KU Energy
 Navistar International
 Redcats USA

Lieberman Research Worldwide Navy Exchange Enterprise Red Wing Shoe Company

Lighthouse International NCCI Holdings Regency Centers
Limited Nebraska Public Power District Regions Financial

Little Lady Foods Neenah Paper Rembrandt

L.L. Bean NJVC LLC Renaissance Learning

 Logic PD
 Nordam Group
 Rexnord Corporation

 Lower Colorado River Authority
 Northwestern Memorial Hospital
 RiceTec, Inc.

 LSG Sky Chefs
 Northwestern Mutual
 Rice University

NSK Corporation

Magellan Health Services Oglethorpe Power Ricoh Americas Corporation

Magna Seating Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Ricoh Electronics, Inc.

Lutron Electronics

Rite - Hite Holding Corporation State Corporation Commission University of Rochester Riverside Research Institute St. Cloud Hospital University of South Florida Rollins Stericycle, Inc. University of St. Thomas

R.R. Donnelley Stinger Ghaffarian Technologies University of Texas at Austin RSC Equipment Rental St. Jude Children's Research Hospital University of Texas Health Science Center

The Ryland Group St. Louis County Government at Houston

Safety-Kleen Systems Stonyfield Farm, Inc. University of Texas Health Science Center Sage Publications Subaru of Indiana Automotive, Inc. of San Antonio

Salk Institute SuperValu Stores University of Texas Southwestern Medical

Sally Beauty Sykes Enterprises Center

University of Wisconsin Medical Salt River Project Synthes

Samuel Roberts Noble Foundation Taubman Centers Foundation San Antonio Water System TDS Telecom University Physicians, Inc.

Sauer-Danfoss Tecolote Research, Inc. Uponor, Ltd. SCANA Tenet Healthcare Corporation **UPS**

S&C Electric Terumo BCT URS Schaumburg Township District Library Texas Industries, Inc. USAA

Schwan Food Texas Mutual Insurance U.S. Foodservice

Scientific Research Corporation Thule USG

Scooter Store TIMET (Titanium Metals Corportation) Utah Transit Authority Seaman Corporation TJX Companies Vail Resorts Management Total System Services Seco Tools, Inc. Valpak/Cox Target Media

Securus Technologies, Inc. Transamerica Ventura Foods SEMCO Energy Travis County Verde Realty

Seneca Gaming Corporation Tribune Vermeer Manufacturing Company

Sentara Healthcare Tri-Met VF

Sentry Insurance Trinity Consultants, Inc. Via Christi Health

Trinity Health Vi-Jon Serco

Service Corporation International True Value Company Volvo Group North America ServiceMaster Company Tufts Health Plan Wake Forest University

Seventh Generation Turner Broadcasting Walgreen Co. Shands HealthCare UDR Walter Energy

Sharp Electronics Washington University in St. Louis UMDNJ-University of Medicine & Dentistry

Simmons Bedding Company Underwriters Laboratories Wawa, Inc. Simon Property Group, Inc. United Conveyor Corporation Wayne Farms SMSC Gaming Enterprise United HealthCare Group

Wayne Memorial Hospital Sole Technology, Inc. United Maritime Group W C Bradley

Wellmark BlueCross BlueShield Solo Cup United Natural Foods, Inc.

Southco, Inc. United States Steel Wells' Dairy

Southeastern Freight Lines Universal Studios Orlando West Bend Mutual Insurance Company

Southern Poverty Law Center University Health System Weston Solutions, Inc.

South Jersey Gas University of Akron West Penn Allegheny Health System Southwest Gas University of Alabama at Birmingham West Virginia University Hospitals, Inc. Space Dynamics Laboratory Wheaton Franciscan Healthcare University of California, Berkeley

Space Telescope Science Institute University of Chicago Whole Foods Market WilmerHale LLP Spectrum Health - Grand Rapids Hospitals University of Georgia

SPX Corporation University of Houston Windstream Communications

Winn-Dixie Stores Stampin' Up! University of Minnesota

Standard Motor Products University of Nebraska-Lincoln Winpak Portion Packaging, Ltd.

Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Staples University of North Texas

State Bar of Michigan University of Notre Dame Wornick Company Worthington Industries
Wyle Laboratories
Xcel Energy
XO Communications

Yamaha Corporation of America

Zeon Chemicals L.P.

Zimmer

Effective Compensation, Inc. 2012 Oil and Gas Compensation Survey

Alta Mesa Services, LP ANKOR Energy LLC Antero Resources Approach Resources Inc. Aramco Services Company Aspect Holdings, LLC Athlon Energy Atlas Energy, L.P. Berry Petroleum Company Bill Barrett Corporation Black Hills Corporation Bonanza Creek Energy, Inc. BreitBurn Energy Partners LP Browning Oil Company, Inc. BT A Oil Producers, LLC Cabot Oil & Gas Corporation Callon Petroleum Company Carrizo Oil & Gas Inc. Cathexis Oil & Gas, LLC Ceja Corporation

Chesapeake Energy Corporation

Cimarex Energy Co.
Cinco Resources, Inc.
Comstock Resources, Inc.
Concho Resources, Inc.
Consol Energy Inc.

Constellation Energy Partners, LLC Continental Resources, Inc. Crimson Exploration, Inc.

CrownQuest Operating, LLC

Denbury Resources, Incorporated

Devon Energy Corporation

Duncan Oil, Inc. Eagle Rock Energy

EnCana Oil & Gas

Endeavor International Corporation Energen Resources Corporation

Energy Partners, Ltd.

Enerplus

Eni Petroleum Company, Inc.

EOG Resources Inc EQT Corporation EXCO Resources, Inc Fasken Oil and Ranch, Itd. Fidelity Exploration & Production

FIML Natural Resources Forest Oil Corporation GMX Resources Inc.

Goodrich Petroleum Co. of Louisiana Great Western Drilling Company Harvest Natural Resources, Inc.

Henry Resources LLC

HighMount Exploration & Production, LLC

Hilcorp Energy Company Jones Energy, LTD J-W Energy

Kinder Morgan CO2 Company L.P.

Lake Ronel Oil Company Legend Natural Gas Lewis Energy Group Linn Operating, Inc. Mack Energy Company Macpherson Oil Company

McElvain Oil & Gas Properties, Inc. McMoran Oil and Gas Company

Merit Energy Company Mewbourne Oil Company

Midstates Petroleum Company, Inc.

Mustang Fuel Corporation Nearburg Producing Company Newfield Exploration Company Nexen Petroleum U.S.A., Inc.

NFR Energy LLC Noble Energy, Inc. Oasis Petroleum Oxy Long Beach, Inc. Panhandle Oil and Gas Inc.

PDC Energy

Penn Virginia Corporation Petroglyph Energy, Inc. Petro-Hunt, LLC PetroQuest Energy, Inc.

Pioneer Natural Resources Company Plains Exploration & Production Company

PostRock Energy Corporation

QEP Resources, Inc.

Quantum Resources Management, LLC

Questar Corporation Quicksilver Resources Inc. Range Resources Corporation Resolute Energy Corporation Rex Energy Corporation Rosetta Resources, Inc. Samson Energy Company Samson Resources

Sanchez Energy Corporation

SandRidge Energy*

Seneca Resources Corporation Sheridan Production Company, LLC

Sinclair Services Company

SM Energy Company

Southwestern Energy Production Co.

Stone Energy Corporation Summit Petroleum LLC Swift Energy Company Talisman Energy USA Inc. TANA Exploration Company

T-C Oil Company

Tema Oil and Gas Company

Texas Petroleum Investment Company

Total E&P USA, Inc.
Ultra Petroleum Corporation
Unit Petroleum Company
Ute Energy, LLC

Vantage Energy L.L.C.

Venoco, Inc.

Vernon E. Faulconer, Inc. Walter Duncan, Inc.

Whiting Petroleum Corporation

Woodside Energy

WPX Energy (Williams spinoff)

Wynn-Crosby

Yuma Exploration & Production Company,

Inc.

Mercer 2012 Total Compensation Survey for the Energy Sector

AGL Resources - AGL Services Company

(Networks)

AGL Resources - Sequent Abraxas Petroleum Corporation Afren Resources USA, Inc.

Aker Solutions Alliance Pipeline

Alliant Energy Corporation

Alyeska Pipeline Service Company

Ameren

American Midstream Partners, LP American Transmission Company Anadarko Petroleum Corporation

Apache Corporation Arch Coal, Inc.

Associated Electric Cooperative Inc.

EXCO Resources, Inc.

Aux Sable Liquid Products Calfrac Well Services Corporation EXCO Resources, Inc. - EXCO Appalachia BHP Billiton Petroleum California ISO EXCO Resources, Inc. - EXCO East TX/LA EXCO Resources, Inc. - EXCO Permian/ Baker Hughes, Inc. Calpine Corporation Baker Hughes, Inc.- Baker Hughes Cameron International EXCO Resources, Inc. - TGGT Pressure Pumping Cameron International - Drilling and Production Baker Hughes, Inc. - Completion Edison Mission Energy Systems and Production Cameron International - Process and El Paso Corporation Baker Hughes, Inc. - Drilling and Compression Systems El Paso Corporation - EP Energy Evaluation Cameron International - Valves & Measurement El Paso Corporation - Pipeline Group Baker Hughes, Inc. - Gulf of Mexico CenterPoint Energy Encana Oil & Gas (USA) Inc. Baker Hughes, Inc. - Integrated Operations Chesapeake Energy Endeavour International Corporation Baker Hughes, Inc. - Intelligent Cimarex Energy Co. Endeavour North America EnerVest Energy Partners, LP Production Systems Citation Oil & Gas Corp. Baker Hughes, Inc. - Reservoir Cobalt International Energy EnerVest Operating, LLC Development Services Colonial Pipeline Company EnerVest, Ltd ConocoPhillips Baker Hughes, Inc. - US Land Enerflex Energy Systems, Inc. Basic Energy Services, LP Copano Energy, LLC Energen Corporation Baytex Energy USA Ltd. Copano Energy, LLC - Oklahoma Energen Corporation - Energen Resources Copano Energy, LLC - Rocky Mountains Boardwalk Pipeline Partners L.P. Corporation BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. Copano Energy, LLC - Texas Energy Future Holdings Corporation BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. Core Laboratories Energy Future Holdings Corporation - Eastern Division Crosstex Energy Services, LP - Luminant Energy Energy Future Holdings Corporation BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. DCP Midstream DM Petroleum Operations - Orcutt Facility - TXU Energy DQE Holdings LLC BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. **EnergySolutions** - West Pico Facility Davis Petroleum Corp. EnergySolutions - Global Commercial BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. Denbury Resources, Inc. Services Group - Western Div - California Operations Det Norske Veritas (USA) Inc. EnergySolutions - Government Customer BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. Devon Energy Group - Western Div - Florida Operations Dexco Polymers EnergySolutions - Long-Term Stewardship BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. Diamond Offshore Drilling, Inc. Group - Western Div - Wyoming Operations Dominion Resources, Inc. Enerplus Resources (USA) Corporation BreitBurn Energy Partners LP. Dominion Resources, Inc. - Dominion Energy Eni US Operating Company, Inc. - Western Division Dominion Resources, Inc. - Dominion Ensign United States Drilling, Inc. BreitBurn Management Company Ensign United States Drilling, Inc. Generation Brookfield Renewable Power - US Dominion Resources, Inc. - Dominion Virginia - California Buckeye Partners, L.P. Power Ensign United States Drilling, Inc. Burnett Oil Co., Inc. Dresser-Rand Company - Ensign Well Services, Inc. CGGVeritas Services (US), Inc. Dresser-Rand Company - Dresser-Rand New Entegra Power Services, LLC CHS Inc. Equipment Equal Energy US Inc. CHS Inc. - Energy, Energy Marketing Dresser-Rand Company - Dresser-Rand North Essential Power LLC CHS Inc. - Laurel Refinery America Ops Explorer Pipeline CITGO Petroleum Corporation Dresser-Rand Company - Dresser-Rand Services Exterran Holdings, Inc. CVR Energy, Inc. EDF Trading Resources, LLC Fasken Oil and Ranch, Ltd. CVR Energy, Inc. - CVR Partners, Inc. ENSCO International, Inc. Forest Oil Corporation CVR Energy, Inc. - Crude Transportation, ENSCO International, Inc. - North & South GasFrac Energy Services, Inc. America Business Unit LLC Genesis Energy CVR Energy, Inc. - Refining & Marketing, EOG Resources, Inc. Genesis Energy - Pipeline Transportation ERIN Engineering and Research, Inc. LLC Group Genesis Energy - Refinery Services Group

CVR Energy, Inc. - Wynnewood Refining, LLC

Atlas Energy, L.P.

Genesis Energy - Supply and Logistics

Terminal Division ONEOK, Inc. - Oklahoma Natural Gas. Group Great River Energy Magellan Midstream Holdings, LP -Division Halcón Resources Corporation Transportation ONEOK, Inc. - Texas Gas Services Halliburton Marathon Oil Corporation Helix ESG Inc. MarkWest Energy Partners LP Occidental Petroleum Corporation Helmerich & Payne, Inc. MarkWest Energy Partners LP - Gulf Coast Oceaneering International, Inc. -Hess Corporation **Business Unit** Intervention Engineering Hilcorp Energy Company MarkWest Energy Partners LP - Liberty Business Oceaneering International, Inc. Hilcorp Energy Company - Harvest Oceaneering International, Inc. -MarkWest Energy Partners LP - Northeast Pipeline Company Americas HollyFrontier Corporation **Business Unit** Oceaneering International, Inc. -HollyFrontier Corporation - Logistic MarkWest Energy Partners LP - Southwest Inspection Oceaneering International, Inc. -Services **Business Unit** Hunt Consolidated Inc. - Hunt Oil Marquis Alliance Energy Group USA Inc. Umbilical Company Maxum Petroleum Oxy - Thums Long Beach Husky Energy Inc. - US Refining and Maxum Petroleum - Canyon State Oil PDC Energy Marketing Maxum Petroleum - General Petroleum PJM Interconnection ION Geophysical Corporation Maxum Petroleum - Petroleum Products, Inc. Parallel Petroleum LLC Maxum Petroleum - Simons Petroleum Pasadena Refining System Inc. J-W Energy Company J-W Energy Company - J-W Manufacturing McMoRan Exploration Co. Pason Systems USA Corp. Company MicroSeismic Pason Systems USA Corp. - Auxsol Inc. J-W Energy Company - J-W Measurement Mitsui E&P USA LLC Pason Systems USA Corp. - Pason Murphy Oil Corporation Offshore Company J-W Energy Company - J-W Midstream Piedmont Natural Gas Nalco, an Ecolab Company Pioneer Natural Resources USA Company New York Power Authority J-W Energy Company - J-W Operating New York Power Authority - Blenheim-Gilboa Plains All American Pipeline, L.P. Plains All American Pipeline, L.P. - PAA Company Power Project J-W Energy Company - J-W Power New York Power Authority - Clark Energy Center Natural Gas Storage, L.P. Company New York Power Authority - Niagara Power Plains Exploration & Production Company J-W Energy Company - J-W Wireline Project Praxair, Inc. Company New York Power Authority - Richard M. Flynn Praxair, Inc. - Hydrogen-carbon Monoxide JX Nippon Oil Exploration (USA) Limited Power Plant (HvCO) Kinder Morgan New York Power Authority - St. Lawrence/FDR Praxair, Inc. - North American Industrial Power Project Kosmos Energy, LLC Gases LG&E-KU Services Newfield Exploration Praxair, Inc. - Praxair Distribution, Inc. Laredo Petroleum, Inc. Nexen Petroleum USA, Inc. Praxair, Inc. - Praxair Surface Legacy Reserves, LP Noble Corporation - Noble Drilling Services Technologies Legend Natural Gas, LLC (Gulf of Mexico Division) Precision Drilling Holdings Company Linn Energy, LLC Noble Corporation - Noble Drilling Services, Inc. Premier Natural Resources MCX Exploration (USA), Ltd. Noble Corporation - Noble International Limited Puget Sound Energy MDU Resources Group, Inc. Noble Energy, Inc. QEP Resources, Inc. MDU Resources Group, Inc. - Fidelity Northwest Natural Gas Quicksilver Resources Inc. NuStar Energy LP Exploration & Production Company R Lacy Services, Ltd. MDU Resources Group, Inc. - Montana OGE Energy Corporation RKI Exploration & Production OGE Energy Corporation - Enogex Dakota Utilities Range Resources MDU Resources Group, Inc. - WBI Reef Subsea ONEOK, Inc. - Kansas Gas Services Division Regency Energy Partners LP Holdings, Inc. Magellan Midstream Holdings, LP ONEOK, Inc. - ONEOK Energy Services Repsol Services Company Company

Magellan Midstream Holdings, LP Pipeline/

ONEOK, Inc. - ONEOK Partners

Rosewood Resources, Inc.

Rosewood Resources, Inc. - Advanced

Drilling Technologies

Rosewood Resources, Inc. - Rosewood

Services Company Rowan Companies, Inc. SCANA Corporation

Transmission Corporation SCANA Corporation - PSNC Energy

SCANA Corporation - Carolina Gas

SCANA Corporation - SC Electric & Gas Safety-Kleen Systems

SandRidge Energy, Inc.

SandRidge Energy, Inc. - Lairat Services

SandRidge Energy, Inc. - SandRidge

Midstream, Inc. Sasol North America

Schlumberger Oilfield Services

Seadrill Americas SemGroup Corporation

SemGroup Corporation - Rose Rock

Midstream

SemGroup Corporation - SemGas

SemGroup Corporation - SemStream

ShawCor, Ltd.

ShawCor, Ltd. - Bredero Shaw ShawCor, Ltd. - Canusa-CPS ShawCor, Ltd. - DSG-Canusa ShawCor, Ltd. - Flexpipe Systems ShawCor, Ltd. - Guardian

ShawCor, Ltd. - Shaw Pipeline Services

ShawCor, Ltd. - ShawFlex Southern Company Services

Southern Company Services - Alabama

Power Company

Southern Company Services - Georgia

Power Company

Southern Company Services - Mississippi

Power Company

Southwestern Energy Company

Spectra Energy

Sprague Operating Resources, LLC Stantec Consulting Services Inc. Statoil USA

Sunoco Logistics

Superior Energy Services, Inc. Superior Energy Services, Inc. -Completion Services

Superior Energy Services, Inc. - Well

Solutions

Resolute Natural Resources Company, LLC Superior Energy Services, Inc.- HB Rentals

Superior Natural Gas Corporation TGS-NOPEC Geophysical Company

Talisman Energy USA, Inc.

Technip USA

Tecpetrol Operating LLC Tellus Operating Group, LLC The Williams Companies, Inc.

The Williams Companies, Inc. - Midstream The Williams Companies, Inc. - Williams Gas

Pipeline (WGP) Total E&P USA, Inc. TransCanada Corporation

TransCanada Corporation - Energy Group

Transocean

USA Compression Partners, LLC

Unit Corporation

Unit Corporation - Superior Pipeline Company Unit Corporation - Unit Drilling Company Unit Corporation - Unit Petroleum Company

Verado Energy, Inc.

Vestas Wind Technology America

Washington Gas

Weatherford International

Weatherford International - US Region Whiting Petroleum Corporation

Xcel Energy LLC

Pearl Meyer & Partners Natural Gas Transmission Industry 2012 Compensation Survey

Alliance Pipeline Inc.

Boardwalk Pipeline Partners

CenterPoint Energy DCP Midstream

Dominion Transmission, Inc.

EL Paso Corporation

Enbridge Energy Partners, LP Enterprise Products, L.P.

Iroquois Pipeline Operating Company

Kinder Morgan

MidAmerica Energy Holdings

NiSource Inc. ONEOK

Questar Corporation Southern Union Company Spectra Energy

TransCanada WBI Holdings, Inc.

Williams



EXHIBIT B

Companies Surveyed using Equilar, Inc. MDU Resources Group, Inc. – President & Chief Executive Officer

Competitive Analysis to Determine Base Salary, Target Annual Cash Compensation, and Target Total Direct

Compensation

Aegion AGL Resources Alliant Energy Ameren

ARC RESOURCES Atlas Energy

Atlas Pipeline Partners Atmos Energy

Avista

Basic Energy Services **BAYTEX ENERGY** Berry Petroleum

Black Hills

Boardwalk Pipeline Partners

Cabot Oil & Gas Calpine

CenterPoint Energy Chicago Bridge & Iron

Cimarex Energy CMS Energy

Comfort Systems USA Comstock Resources Concho Resources Continental Resources Copano Energy, L.L.C.

DCP Midstream Partners Denbury Resources Diamond Offshore Drilling Dycom Industries

EMCOR Group ENCANA CORP Energen

ENERPLUS

Energy Future Holdings Energy XXI (Bermuda)

Ensco EQT Exelon Foster Wheeler Granite Construction

Great Plains Energy Hawaiian Electric Industries Helmerich & Payne

IDACORP Integrys Energy Group

KBR

Key Energy Services Laclede Group

LAYNE CHRISTENSEN CO

Linn Energy

MarkWest Energy Partners **UIL Holdings** Martin Marietta Materials UniSource Energy

Mastec Unit Nabors Industries Usec National Fuel Gas Vectren

New Jersey Resources Vulcan Materials Newfield Exploration Westar Energy NiSource WGL Holdings Noble Whiting Petroleum Noble Energy Willbros Group Northeast Utilities Williams Companies Northwest Natural Gas Wisconsin Energy

Northwestern NV Energy

Oceaneering International OGE Energy Patterson UTI Energy Pengrowth Energy

PENN WEST PETROLEUM Pepco Holdings Piedmont Natural Gas

Pike Electric Pinnacle West Capital Pioneer Natural Resources

PLAINS EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION CO PNM Resources Portland General Electric Precision Drilling Primoris Services

Puget Energy

PVR PARTNERS, L. P. **QEP** Resources Quanta Services Questar Range Resources

Regency Energy Partners Rowan Companies RPC SandRidge Energy

Scana SemGroup SM Energy Southwest Gas Southwestern Energy Spectra Energy

Sterling Construction Superior Energy Services Swift Energy Talisman Energy Targa Resources Corp.

Targa Resources Partners TECO Energy

Texas Industries TransAlta UGI

Companies Surveyed using Equilar, Inc. MDU Resources Group, Inc. - Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Competitive Analysis to Determine Base Salary, Target Annual Cash Compensation, and Target Total

Direct Compensation

WPX ENERGY

Ameren ARC RESOURCES

Atmos Energy Avista Basic Energy Services

Alliant Energy

BAYTEX ENERGY Berry Petroleum Black Hills Cabot Oil & Gas Calpine

CenterPoint Energy Chicago Bridge & Iron Cimarex Energy CMS Energy Comfort Systems USA

Comstock Resources

Concho Resources Continental Resources Denbury Resources Diamond Offshore Drilling Dycom Industries **EMCOR Group**

ENCANA CORP Energy Future Holdings Energy XXI (Bermuda) **ENERPLUS** Ensco

FOT Foster Wheeler Granite Construction Great Plains Energy

Hawaiian Electric Industries Helmerich & Payne

IDACORP

Integrys Energy Group **KBR**

Key Energy Services Vectren Oasis Petroleum LAYNE CHRISTENSEN CO Vulcan Materials Occidental Petroleum Westar Energy Parker Drilling Linn Energy MarkWest Energy Partners Whiting Petroleum Patterson UTI Energy Martin Marietta Materials Willbros Group PDC ENERGY Mastec Wisconsin Energy Pengrowth Energy Nabors Industries WPX ENERGY Penn Virginia National Fuel Gas Pioneer Energy Services Companies Surveyed using Equilar, Inc. Exploration and Production - President & Chief Newfield Exploration Precision Drilling NiSource Questar **Executive Officer** Competitive Analysis to Determine Base Salary, Quicksilver Resources Noble Target Annual Cash Compensation, and Target Noble Energy Range Resources **Total Direct Compensation** Northeast Utilities Resolute Energy Northwest Natural Gas ADVANTAGE OIL & GAS Rosetta Resources Anadarko Petroleum Northwestern Rowan Companies NV Energy ARC RESOURCES SM Energy Oceaneering International Atwood Oceanics Southwestern Energy OGE Energy BAYTEX ENERGY Stone Energy Patterson UTI Energy Berry Petroleum Swift Energy Bill Barrett Talisman Energy Pengrowth Energy PENN WEST PETROLEUM BreitBurn Energy Partners Transglobe Energy Pepco Holdings Cabot Oil & Gas Ultra Petroleum Pike Electric Callon Petroleum Vanguard Natural Resources Pinnacle West Capital Carrizo Oil & Gas Pioneer Natural Resources CASPIAN SERVICES INC Vantage Drilling PLAINS EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION CO CENOVUS ENERGY INC. Warren Resources PNM Resources Cheniere Energy Weatherford International Portland General Electric Clayton Williams Energy Whiting Petroleum Precision Drilling Cobalt International Energy Companies Surveyed using Equilar, Inc. Construction Services Segment - President & Chief Primoris Services Comstock Resources Puget Energy Dawson Geophysical **Executive Officer** QEP Resources Eagle Rock Energy Partners Competitive Analysis to Determine Base Salary Target Annual Cash Compensation, and Target Total **ENCANA CORP** Quanta Services **Direct Compensation** Questar Endeavour International Range Resources **Energy Partners** Dycom Industries Regency Energy Partners **ENERPLUS** Goldfield Corporation Rowan Companies ENI SPA Mastec RPC MYR Group Ensco SandRidge Energy EQT Pike Electric **EXCO** Resources Scana Primoris Services SemGroup Forest Oil Quanta Services SM Energy Global Geophysical Services Gran Tierra Energy Companies Surveyed using Equilar, Inc. Pipeline and Energy Services - President & Chief Southwest Gas Harvest Natural Resources Southwestern Energy **Executive Officer** Competitive Analysis to Determine Base Salary Sterling Construction Hercules Offshore Target Annual Cash Compensation, and Target Total Superior Energy Services Husky Energy **Direct Compensation** Swift Energy Ion Geophysical Talisman Energy Kodiak Oil & Gas Access Midstream Partners

Kosmos Energy

Legacy Reserves

Miller Petroleum

Nabors Industries

Noble Energy

Laredo Petroleum Holdings, Inc.

Magnum Hunter Resources

MarkWest Energy Partners

AGL Resources

Atlas Pipeline Partners

Basic Energy Services

Cal Dive International

Chesapeake Utilities

Copano Energy, L.L.C.

Core Laboratories N. V.

Atlas Energy

TECO Energy

UIL Holdings

UniSource Energy

TransAlta

UGI

Unit

Usec

Texas Industries

Crestwood Midstream Partners

Energen

Energy Transfer Partners

EQT

Halliburton

Heckmann

Helix Energy Solutions Group

Kinder Morgan

Kinder Morgan Energy Partners

National Fuel Gas

New Jersey Resources

Oceaneering International

Oneok

ONEOK Partners

Piedmont Natural Gas

RGC Resources

Schlumberger

SemGroup

South Jersey Industries

Southwest Gas

Superior Energy Services

TRANSCANADA

Western Gas Partners

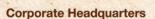
Willbros Group

Williams Companies









MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Street Address: 1200 W. Century Ave.

Bismarck, ND 58503

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, ND 58506-5650

Telephone: (701) 530-1000

Toll-Free Telephone: (866) 760-4852

www.mdu.com

The company has filed as exhibits to its Annual Report on Form 10-K the CEO and CFO certifications as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

The company also submitted the required annual CEO certification to the New York Stock Exchange.

Common Stock

MDU Resources' common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol MDU. The stock began trading on the NYSE in 1948 and is included in the Standard & Poor's MidCap 400 index. Average daily trading volume in 2014 was 753,479 shares.

Common Stock Prices

Common Ctook	1 1100	High	Low	Close
2014		the dist		
First Quarter	1	\$35:10	\$29.62	\$34.31
Second Quarter		36.05	32.45	35.10
Third Quarter		35.41	27.35	27.81
Fourth Quarter		28.51	21.33	23.50
2013				
First Quarter		\$25.00	\$21.50	\$24.99
Second Quarter		27.14	23.37	25.91
Third Quarter		30.21	25.94	27.97
Fourth Quarter		30.97	27.53	30.55

Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan

The company's plan provides interested investors the opportunity to purchase shares of the company's common stock and to reinvest dividends without incurring brokerage commissions. For complete details, including an enrollment form, contact the stock transfer agent. Plan information also is available on the Wells Fargo Shareowner Services website: www.shareowneronline.com.

2015 Key Dividend Dates

	Ex-Dividend Date	Record Date	Payment Date
First Quarter	March 10	March 12	April 1
Second Quarter	June 9	June 11	July 1
Third Quarter	September 8	September 10	October 1
Fourth Quarter	December 8	December 10	January 1, 2016

Key dividend dates are subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors.

♦ Stockholder Information

Annual Meeting

11 a.m. CDT Tuesday, April 28, 2015 Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. Service Center 909 Airport Road Bismarck, North Dakota

Shareholder Information and Inquiries

Registered shareholders have electronic access to their accounts by visiting www.shareowneronline.com. Shareowner Online allows shareholders to view their account balance, dividend information, reinvestment details and more. The stock transfer agent maintains stockholder account information.

Communications regarding stock transfer requirements, lost certificates, dividends or change of address should be directed to the stock transfer agent.

Company information, including financial reports, is available at www.mdu.com.

Shareholder Contact

Dustin J. Senger

Telephone: (866) 866-8919

Email: investor@mduresources.com

Analyst Contact

Phyllis A. Rittenbach Director of Investor Relations Telephone: (701) 530-1057 Email: phyllis.rittenbach@mduresources.com

Transfer Agent and Registrar for All Classes of Stock and Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. Stock Transfer Department P.O. Box 64874 St. Paul, MN 55164-0874 Telephone: (651) 450-4064 Toll-Free Telephone: (877) 536-3553 www.shareowneronline.com

Transfer Agent and Registrar for Senior Notes

The Bank of New York Mellon Corporate Trust Department 101 Barclay St. - 12W New York, NY 10286

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Deloitte & Touche LLP 50 S. Sixth St., Suite 2800 Minneapolis, MN 55402-1538

Note: This information is not given in connection with any sale or offer for sale or offer to buy any security.

gn: MDU Resource



The paper used in this annual report is certified by the Forest Stewardship Council™ and contains a minimum of 10 percent post-consumer recycled paper fibers.



Building a Strong America®



Street Address

1200 W. Century Ave. Bismarck, ND 58503

Mailing Address

P.O. Box 5650 Bismarck, ND 58506-5650

> (701) 530-1000 (866) 760-4852

Trading Symbol: MDU www.mdu.com



e-FILING REPORT COVER SHEET



Cascade Natural Gas Corporation COMPANY NAME: DOES REPORT CONTAIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION? No Yes If yes, submit a redacted public version (or a cover letter) by email. Submit the confidential information as directed in OAR 860-001-0070 or the terms of an applicable protective order. Select report type: RE (Electric) RG (Gas) RW (Water) RT (Telecommunications) RO (Other, for example, industry safety information) Did you previously file a similar report? Yes, report docket number: RG 33 No Report is required by: OAR 860-027-0070 Statute Order Note: A one-time submission required by an order is a compliance filing and not a report (file compliance in the applicable docket) (For example, federal regulations, or requested by Staff) Is this report associated with a specific docket/case? Yes, docket number: List Key Words for this report. We use these to improve search results. Annual Report (FERC Form No. 2) Send the completed Cover Sheet and the Report in an email addressed to PUC.FilingCenter@state.or.us Send confidential information, voluminous reports, or energy utility Results of Operations Reports to

PUC Filing Center, PO Box 1088, Salem, OR 97308-1088 or by delivery service to 3930 Fairview Industrial

Drive SE, Salem, OR 97302.

THIS FILI	ING IS
Item 1: 🗓 An Initial (Original) Submission	OR Resubmission No

Form 2 Approved OMB No.1902-0028 (Expires 09/30/2017) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No.1902-0205 (Expires 11/30/2016)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 2: Annual Report of Major Natural Gas Companies and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Natural Gas Act, Sections 10(a), and 16 and 18 CFR Parts 260.1 and 260.300. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of a confidential nature.

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation

Year/Period of Report

End of <u>2014/Q4</u>

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING FERC FORMS 2, 2-A and 3-Q

GENERAL INFORMATION

I Purpose

FERC Forms 2, 2-A, and 3-Q are designed to collect financial and operational information form natural gas companies subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. These reports are also considered to be a non-confidential public use forms.

II. Who Must Submit

Each natural gas company whose combined gas transported or stored for a fee exceed 50 million dekatherms in each of the previous three years must submit FERC Form 2 and 3-Q.

Each natural gas company not meeting the filing threshold for FERC Form 2, but having total gas sales or volume transactions exceeding 200,000 dekatherms in each of the previous three calendar years must submit FERC Form 2-A and 3-Q.

Newly established entities must use projected data to determine whether they must file the FERC Form 3-Q and FERC Form 2 or 2-A.

III. What and Where to Submit

- (a) Submit Forms 2, 2-A and 3-Q electronically through the submission software at http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-2/elec-subm-soft.asp.
- (b) The Corporate Officer Certification must be submitted electronically as part of the FERC Form 2 and 3-Q filings.
- (c) Submit immediately upon publication, by either eFiling or mailing two (2) copies to the Secretary of the Commission, the latest Annual Report to Stockholders and any annual financial or statistical report regularly prepared and distributed to bondholders, security analysts, or industry associations. Do not include monthly and quarterly reports. Indicate by checking the appropriate box on Form 2, Page 3, List of Schedules, if the reports to stockholders will be submitted or if no annual report to stockholders is prepared. Unless eFiling the Annual Report to Stockholders, mail these reports to the Secretary of the Commission at:

Secretary of the Commission Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, NE Washington, DC 20426

- (d) For the Annual CPA certification, submit with the original submission of this form, a letter or report (not applicable to respondents classified as Class C or Class D prior to January 1, 1984) prepared in conformity with the current standards of reporting which will:
 - (i) Contain a paragraph attesting to the conformity, in all material respects, of the schedules listed below with the Commission's applicable Uniform Systems of Accounts (including applicable notes relating thereto and the Chief Accountant's published accounting releases), and
 - (ii) be signed by independent certified public accountants or an independent licensed public accountant certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the U. S. (See 18 C.F.R. §§ 158.10-158.12 for specific qualifications.)

Reference	Reference Schedules Pages
Comparative Balance Sheet	110-113
Statement of Income	114-117
Statement of Retained Earnings	118-119
Statement of Cash Flows	120-121
Notes to Financial Statements	122-123

Filers should state in the letter or report, which, if any, of the pages above do not conform to the Commission's requirements. Describe the discrepancies that exist

- (e) Filers are encouraged to file their Annual Report to Stockholders, and the CPA Certification Statement using eFiling. To further that effort, new selections, "Annual Report to Stockholders" and "CPA Certification Statement," have been added to the dropdown "pick list" from which companies must choose when eFiling. Further instructions are found on the Commission website at http://www.ferc.gov/help/how-to.asp
- (f) Federal, State and Local Governments and other authorized users may obtain additional blank copies of FERC Form 2 and 2-A free of charge from: http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-2/f

IV. When to Submit:

FERC Forms 2, 2-A, and 3-Q must be filed by the dates:

- (a) FERC Form 2 and 2-A --- by April 18th of the following year (18 C.F.R. §§ 260.1 and 260.2)
- (b) FERC Form 3-Q --- Natural gas companies that file a FERC Form 2 must file the FERC Form 3-Q within 60 days after the reporting quarter (18 C.F.R.§ 260.300), and
- (c) FERC Form 3-Q --- Natural gas companies that file a FERC Form 2-A must file the FERC Form 3-Q within 70 days after the reporting guarter (18 C.F.R. § 260.300).

V. Where to Send Comments on Public Reporting Burden.

The public reporting burden for the Form 2 collection of information is estimated to average 1,623 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data-needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The public reporting burden for the Form 2A collection of information is estimated to average 250 hours per response. The public reporting burden for the Form 3-Q collection of information is estimated to average 165 hours per response.

Send comments regarding these burden estimates or any aspect of these collections of information, including suggestions for reducing burden, to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426 (Attention: Information Clearance Officer); and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (Attention: Desk Officer for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission). No person shall be subject to any penalty if any collection of information does not display a valid control number (44 U.S.C. § 3512 (a)).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Prepare all reports in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts (USofA) (18 C.F.R. Part 201). Interpret all accounting words and phrases in accordance with the USofA.
- II. Enter in whole numbers (dollars or Dth) only, except where otherwise noted. (Enter cents for averages and figures per unit where cents are important. The truncating of cents is allowed except on the four basic financial statements where rounding is required.) The amounts shown on all supporting pages must agree with the amounts entered on the statements that they support. When applying thresholds to determine significance for reporting purposes, use for balance sheet accounts the balances at the end of the current reporting period, and use for statement of income accounts the current year's year to date amounts.
- Complete each question fully and accurately, even if it has been answered in a previous report. Enter the word "None" where it truly and completely states the fact.
- IV. For any page(s) that is not applicable to the respondent, omit the page(s) and enter "NA," "NONE," or "Not Applicable" in column (d) on the List of Schedules, pages 2 and 3.
- V. Enter the month, day, and year for all dates. Use customary abbreviations. The "Date of Report" included in the header of each page is to be completed only for resubmissions.
- VI. Generally, except for certain schedules, all numbers, whether they are expected to be debits or credits, must be reported as positive. Numbers having a sign that is different from the expected sign must be reported by enclosing the numbers in parentheses.
- VII For any resubmissions, submit the electronic filing using the form submission only. Please explain the reason for the resubmission in a footnote to the data field.
- VIII. Footnote and further explain accounts or pages as necessary.
- IX. Do not make references to reports of previous periods/years or to other reports in lieu of required entries, except as specifically authorized.
- X. Wherever (schedule) pages refer to figures from a previous period/year, the figures reported must be based upon those shown by the report of the previous period/year, or an appropriate explanation given as to why the different figures were used.
- XI. Report all gas volumes in Dth unless the schedule specifically requires the reporting in another unit of measurement.

DEFINITIONS

- Btu per cubic foot The total heating value, expressed in Btu, produced by the combustion, at constant pressure, of the amount of the gas which would occupy a volume of 1 cubic foot at a temperature of 60°F if saturated with water vapor and under a pressure equivalent to that of 30°F, and under standard gravitational force (980.665 cm. per sec) with air of the same temperature and pressure as the gas, when the products of combustion are cooled to the initial temperature of gas and air when the water formed by combustion is condensed to the liquid state (called gross heating value or total heating value).
- II. <u>Commission Authorization</u> -- The authorization of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or any other Commission. Name the commission whose authorization was obtained and give date of the authorization.
- III. Dekatherm A unit of heating value equivalent to 10 therms or 1,000,000 Btu.
- V <u>Respondent</u> The person, corporation, licensee, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality on whose behalf the report is made.

EXCERPTS FROM THE LAW (Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C. 717-717w)

"Sec. 10(a). Every natural-gas company shall file with the Commission such annual and other periodic or special reports as the Commission may by rules and regulations or order prescribe as necessary or appropriate to assist the Commission in the proper administration of this act. The Commission may prescribe the manner and form in which such reports shall be made and require from such natural-gas companies specific answers to all questions upon which the Commission may need information. The Commission may require that such reports include, among other things, full information as to assets and liabilities, capitalization, investment and reduction thereof, gross receipts, interest dues and paid, depreciation, amortization, and other reserves, cost of facilities, costs of maintenance and operation of facilities for the production, transportation, delivery, use, or sale of natural gas, costs of renewal and replacement of such facilities, transportation, delivery, use and sale of natural gas..."

"Section 16. The Commission shall have power to perform all and any acts, and to prescribe, issue, make, amend, and rescind such orders, rules, and regulations as it may find necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this act. Among other things, such rules and regulations may define accounting, technical, and trade terms used in this act; and may prescribe the form or forms of all statements declarations, applications, and reports to be filed with the Commission, the information which they shall contain, and time within they shall be filed..."

General Penalties

The Commission may assess up to \$1 million per day per violation of its rules and regulations. See NGA § 22(a), 15 U.S.C. § 717t-1(a).



QUARTERLY/ANNUAL REPORT OF MAJOR NATURAL GAS COMPANIES IDENTIFICATION Year/Period of Report 01 Exact Legal Name of Respondent End of 2014/Q4 Cascade Natural Gas Corporation 03 Previous Name and Date of Change (If name changed during year) 04 Address of Principal Office at End of Year (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 8113 West Grandridge Boulevard, Kennewick, WA 99336-7166 05 Name of Contact Person 06 Title of Contact Person Director, Accounting & Finance Tammy Nygard 07 Address of Contact Person (Street, City, State, Zip Code) 8113 West Grandridge Boulevard, Kennewick, WA 99336-7166 This Report Is: 10 Date of Report 08 Telephone of Contact Person, Including Area Code (Mo, Da, Yr) X An Original 509-734-4516 A Resubmission (2)12/31/2014 ANNUAL CORPORATE OFFICER CERTIFICATION The undersigned officer certifies that: I have examined this report and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief all statements of fact contained in this report are correct statements of the business affairs of the respondent and the financial statements, and other financial information contained in this report, conform in all material respects to the Uniform System of Accounts. 11 Name 12 Title Director, Accounting & Finance Tammy Nygard 14 Date Signed 13 Signature an 03/20/2015 Title 18, U.S.C. 1001, makes it a crime for any person knowingly and willingly to make to any Agency or Department of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Nam	'		Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	1) 2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	List of Schedules (Nat				
Fn	ter in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as app			mation or amounts h	ave been reported for
	ain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not appli			mation of amounts if	ave been reported for
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	T'', (0)				
Line	Title of Schedule		Reference Page No.	Date Revised	Remarks
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
	(4)		(6)	(9)	(4)
	GENERAL CORPORATE INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
1	General Information		101		
2	Control Over Respondent		102		
3	Corporations Controlled by Respondent		103		
4	Security Holders and Voting Powers		107		
5	Important Changes During the Year		108		
6	Comparative Balance Sheet		110-113		
7	Statement of Income for the Year		114-116		
8	Statement of Accumulated Comprehensive Income and Hedging Activities		117		
9	Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year		118-119		
10	Statements of Cash Flows		120-121		
11	Notes to Financial Statements		122		
	BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTING SCHEDULES (Assets and Other Debits)				
12	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, and	Deplet			
13	Gas Plant in Service		204-209		
14	Gas Property and Capacity Leased from Others		212		
15	Gas Property and Capacity Leased to Others Gas Plant Held for Future Use		213		
16	Construction Work in Progress-Gas		214		
17 18	Non-Traditional Rate Treatment Afforded New Projects		216 217		
19	General Description of Construction Overhead Procedure		217		
20	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant		219		
21	Gas Stored		220		
22	Investments		222-223		
23	Investments in Subsidiary Companies		224-225		
24	Prepayments		230		
25	Extraordinary Property Losses		230		
26	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs		230		
27	Other Regulatory Assets		232		
28	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits		233		
29	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		234-235		
	BALANCE SHEET SUPPORTING SCHEDULES (Liabilities and Other Credits)				
30	Capital Stock		250-251		
31	Capital Stock Subscribed, Capital Stock Liability for Conversion, Premium on Capital Stoc	k, and			
	Installments Received on Capital Stock		252		
32	Other Paid-in Capital		253		
33	Discount on Capital Stock		254		
34	Capital Stock Expense		254		
35	Securities issued or Assumed and Securities Refunded or Retired During the Year		255		
36	Long-Term Debt		256-257		
37	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium, and Discount on Long-Term Debt		258-259		

Nam	e of Respondent	This I	Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	List of Colondular (Natura	(2)			
	List of Schedules (Natura				
	ter in column (d) the terms "none," "not applicable," or "NA" as a ain pages. Omit pages where the responses are "none," "not ap			mation or amounts h	ave been reported for
Certa	in pages. Offic pages where the responses are mone, mot ap	piicab	ie, oi ina.		
	Title of Schedule		Reference	Date Revised	Remarks
Line			Page No.		
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
38	Unamortized Loss and Gain on Reacquired Debt		260		
39	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income with Taxable Income for Federal Income Taxes	i	261		
40	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid, and Charged During Year		262-263		
41	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities		268		
42	Other Deferred Credits		269		
43	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other Property		274-275		
44	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes-Other		276-277		
45	Other Regulatory Liabilities		278		
	INCOME ACCOUNT SUPPORTING SCHEDULES				
46	Monthly Quantity & Revenue Data by Rate Schedule		299		
47	Gas Operating Revenues		300-301		
48	Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others Through Gathering Facilities		302-303		
49	Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others Through Transmission Facilities		304-305		
50	Revenues from Storage Gas of Others		306-307		
51	Other Gas Revenues		308		
52	Discounted Rate Services and Negotiated Rate Services		313		
53	Gas Operation and Maintenance Expenses		317-325		
54	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions		328		
55	Gas Used in Utility Operations		331		
56	Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others		332		
57	Other Gas Supply Expenses		334		
58	Miscellaneous General Expenses-Gas		335		
59	Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization of Gas Plant		336-338		
60	Particulars Concerning Certain Income Deduction and Interest Charges Accounts		340		
	COMMON SECTION				
61	Regulatory Commission Expenses		350-351		
62	Employee Pensions and Benefits (Account 926)		352		
63	Distribution of Salaries and Wages		354-355		
64	Charges for Outside Professional and Other Consultative Services		357		
65	Transactions with Associated (Affiliated) Companies		358		
	GAS PLANT STATISTICAL DATA				
66	Compressor Stations		508-509		
67	Gas Storage Projects		512-513		
68	Transmission Lines		514		
69	Transmission System Peak Deliveries		518		
70	Auxiliary Peaking Facilities		519		
71	Gas Account-Natural Gas		520		
72	Shipper Supplied Gas for the Current Quarter		521		
73	System Map		522		
74	Footnote Reference		551		
75	Footnote Text		552		
76	Stockholder's Reports (check appropriate box)				
	Four copies will be submitted				
	No annual report to stockholders is prepared				

Name of Respondent	This				Da	te of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Perio	d of Repor
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	Ľ		An Original A Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of 2	<u>2014/Q4</u>
General		na			1			
Provide name and title of officer having custody of the general corporate books of account where any other corporate books of account are kept, if different from that where the general					jeneral co	rporate books are k	ept and address o	of office
Tammy Nygard Director, Accounting & Finance 8113 West Grandridge Boulevard Kennewick, Washington 99336-7166								
Provide the name of the State under the laws of which respondent is incorporated and distinct incorporated, state that fact and give the type of organization and the date organized.	ate of inc	cor	pora	ation. If incorporated	under a	special law, give ref	erence to such lav	v. If not
Incorporated in the State of Washington - January 2, 1953								
If at any time during the year the property of respondent was held by a receiver or trusted the authority by which the receivership or trusteeship was created, and (d) date when posses Not applicable					ee, (b) da	le such receiver or t	rustee took posse	ession, (c)
4. State the classes of utility and other services furnished by respondent during the year in	each Sta	ate	in v	vhich the respondent	operated			
Natural gas distribution in the states of Washington and Oregon								
5. Have you engaged as the principal accountant to audit your financial statements an accountants?	ountant w	vho) is	not the principal acco	ountant fo	r your previous yea	's certified financi	al
(1) Yes Enter the date when such independent accountant was initial (2) X No	ly enga	ag	ed:					

Nam	e of Respondent		This Re			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) <u>X</u> (2)	An Original A Resubmissior	n	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
		Control O	ver Resp	ondent			+
jointl orga 2. and 3.	Report in column (a) the names of all corporations by held control (see page 103 for definition of control nization, report in a footnote the chain of organization of the control is held by trustees, state in a footnote the purpose of the trust. In column (b) designate type of control over the repany having ultimate control over the respondent.	rol) over the tition. e names of trespondent.	respond rustees, Report ai	ent at the end o the names of bo n "M" if the com	f the enefi pany	year. If control is ciaries for whom the is the main parent	in a holding company ne trust is maintained, t or controlling
Line No.	Company Name (a)	-	Type of C	ontrol		State of Incorporation (c)	Percent Voting Stock Owned (d)
1	MDU Resources Group, Inc. (MDUR)	М				DE	100.00
2	MDU Energy Capital, LLC	I				DE	100.00
3	Praire Cascade Energy Holdings, LLC (PCEH)	D				DE	100.00
4							
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10							
11 12							
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27 28							
29							
30							

Name of Respondent				Report Is:	Date (Mo	of Report Da, Yr)	r/Period of Report		
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	,	/31/2014	End	d of 2014/Q4	
	Corporations Controlled by Respondent								
at ar 2. any 3. 4. 1. 2. 3. 4. votir agre	1. Report below the names of all corporations, business trusts, and similar organizations, controlled directly or indirectly by respondent at any time during the year. If control ceased prior to end of year, give particulars (details) in a footnote. 2. If control was by other means than a direct holding of voting rights, state in a footnote the manner in which control was held, naming any intermediaries involved. 3. If control was held jointly with one or more other interests, state the fact in a footnote and name the other interests. 4. In column (b) designate type of control of the respondent as "D" for direct, an "I" for indirect, or a "J" for joint control. DEFINITIONS 1. See the Uniform System of Accounts for a definition of control. 2. Direct control is that which is exercised without interposition of an intermediary. 3. Indirect control is that which is exercised by the interposition of an intermediary that exercises direct control. 4. Joint control is that in which neither interest can effectively control or direct action without the consent of the other, as where the voting control is equally divided between two holders, or each party holds a veto power over the other. Joint control may exist by mutual agreement or understanding between two or more parties who together have control within the meaning of the definition of control in the Uniform System of Accounts, regardless of the relative voting rights of each party.								
Line	Name of Company Controlled	Type of Contro	ol I	Kind of Business		Percent Votin)a	Footnote	
No.	Name of Company Controlled	Type of Contro	OI	Killa of Basilless		Stock Owner	_	Reference	
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)	
1	CGC Resources, Inc.	D		Pipeline Capacity Mana	agement	1	100	Not used	
2									
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30									

Nam	e of Respondent			is Report		Date of I	Report	Year/Period of Report		
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(1)		Original esubmission	(Mo, Da, 12/31/	,	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
Security Ho										
or co state know comp comp holde highe 2. votin conti 3. of co 4. resperelati	1. Give the names and addresses of the 10 security holders of the respondent who, at the date of the latest closing of the stock book or compilation of list of stockholders of the respondent, prior to the end of the year, had the highest voting powers in the respondent, and tate the number of votes that each could cast on that date if a meeting were held. If any such holder held in trust, give in a footnote the nown particulars of the trust (whether voting trust, etc.), duration of trust, and principal holders of beneficiary interests in the trust. If the ompany did not close the stock book or did not compile a list of stockholders within one year prior to the end of the year, or if since it ompiled the previous list of stockholders, some other class of security has become vested with voting rights, then show such 10 security olders as of the close of the year. Arrange the names of the security holders in the order of voting power, commencing with the ighest. Show in column (a) the titles of officers and directors included in such list of 10 security holders. 2. If any security other than stock carries voting rights, explain in a supplemental statement how such security became vested with oting rights and give other important details concerning the voting rights of such security. State whether voting rights are actual or ontingent; if contingent, describe the contingency. 3. If any class or issue of security has any special privileges in the election of directors, trustees or managers, or in the determination of corporate action by any method, explain briefly in a footnote. 4. Furnish details concerning any options, warrants, or rights outstanding at the end of the year for others to purchase securities of the aspondent or any securities or other assets owned by the respondent, including prices, expiration dates, and other material information elating to exercise of the options, warrants, or rights. Specify the amount of such securities or assets any officer, director, associated ompany, or any of the 10 lar									
any	securities substantially all of which are ou	tstanding in the ha	ands of t	he gener	al public whe	e the optio	ns, warrants	s, or rights were		
						the date and place of such meeting:				
					VOTI	NG SECUR	TIES			
			4. Nu	ımber of vo	otes as of (date):				
Line No.	Name (Title) and Address of Security Holder		Total \		Common St	ock Pre	ferred Stock	Other		
5	TOTAL votes of all voting securities		(b	1,000	(c)	1,000	(d)	(e)		
6	TOTAL number of security holders			1,000		1,000				
7	TOTAL votes of security holders listed below			1,000		1,000				
8	,			-						
9										
10										
11	Cascade is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MDU Resource	es Group, Inc.								
12	MDU Resources Group, Inc.									
13	PO Box 5650									
14	Bismarck, ND 58506-5650									
15										
16 17										
18										
19										
20										

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report							
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	·							
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4							
Important Changes During the Quarter/Year										

Give details concerning the matters indicated below. Make the statements explicit and precise, and number them in accordance with the inquiries. Answer each inquiry. Enter "none" or "not applicable" where applicable. If the answer is given elsewhere in the report, refer to the schedule in which it appears.

- 1. Changes in and important additions to franchise rights: Describe the actual consideration and state from whom the franchise rights were acquired. If the franchise rights were acquired without the payment of consideration, state that fact.
- 2. Acquisition of ownership in other companies by reorganization, merger, or consolidation with other companies: Give names of companies involved, particulars concerning the transactions, name of the Commission authorizing the transaction, and reference to Commission authorization.
- 3. Purchase or sale of an operating unit or system: Briefly describe the property, and the related transactions, and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. Give date journal entries called for by Uniform System of Accounts were submitted to the Commission.
- 4. Important leaseholds (other than leaseholds for natural gas lands) that have been acquired or given, assigned or surrendered: Give effective dates, lengths of terms, names of parties, rents, and other conditions. State name of Commission authorizing lease and give reference to such authorization.
- 5. Important extension or reduction of transmission or distribution system: State territory added or relinquished and date operations began or ceased and cite Commission authorization, if any was required. State also the approximate number of customers added or lost and approximate annual revenues of each class of service.

Each natural gas company must also state major new continuing sources of gas made available to it from purchases, development, purchase contract or otherwise, giving location and approximate total gas volumes available, period of contracts, and other parties to any such arrangements, etc.

- 6. Obligations incurred or assumed by respondent as guarantor for the performance by another of any agreement or obligation, including ordinary commercial paper maturing on demand or not later than one year after date of issue: State on behalf of whom the obligation was assumed and amount of the obligation. Cite Commission authorization if any was required.
- 7. Changes in articles of incorporation or amendments to charter: Explain the nature and purpose of such changes or amendments.
- 8. State the estimated annual effect and nature of any important wage scale changes during the year.
- 9. State briefly the status of any materially important legal proceedings pending at the end of the year, and the results of any such proceedings culminated during the year.
- 10. Describe briefly any materially important transactions of the respondent not disclosed elsewhere in this report in which an officer, director, security holder, voting trustee, associated company or known associate of any of these persons was a party or in which any such person had a material interest
- 11. Estimated increase or decrease in annual revenues caused by important rate changes: State effective date and approximate amount of increase or decrease for each revenue classification. State the number of customers affected.
- 12. Describe fully any changes in officers, directors, major security holders and voting powers of the respondent that may have occurred during the reporting period.
- 13. In the event that the respondent participates in a cash management program(s) and its proprietary capital ratio is less than 30 percent please describe the significant events or transactions causing the proprietary capital ratio to be less than 30 percent, and the extent to which the respondent has amounts loaned or money advanced to its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies through a cash management program(s). Additionally, please describe plans, if any to regain at least a 30 percent proprietary ratio.
- 1. None
- 2. None
- 3. None
- 4. None
- 5. None
- 6. None
- 7. None
- 8. Wages for hourly employees increased by 3.25% in April 2014.
- 9. None
- 10. None
- 11. None
- 12. None
- 13. None

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[Next page is 110]

		This Report Is:		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1)		(1) X An Or	riginal submission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>	
	Comparative Balance SI	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
Line No.	Title of Account	F	Reference ge Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance	Prior Year End Balance	
	(a)		(b)	(c)	12/31 (d)	
1	UTILITY PLANT		(-)		(*)	
2	Utility Plant (101-106, 114)		200-201	801,092,163	767,957,540	
3	Construction Work in Progress (107)		200-201	17,169,118	12,554,927	
4	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 2 and 3)		200-201	818,261,281	780,512,467	
5	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depr., Amort., Depl. (108, 111, 115)			405,497,367	385,942,905	
6	Net Utility Plant (Total of line 4 less 5)			412,763,914	394,569,562	
7	Nuclear Fuel (120.1 thru 120.4, and 120.6)			0	0	
8	(Less) Accum. Provision for Amort., of Nuclear Fuel Assemblies (120	0.5)		0	0	
9	Nuclear Fuel (Total of line 7 less 8)	,		0	0	
10	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 6 and 9)			412,763,914	394,569,562	
11	Utility Plant Adjustments (116)		122	0	0	
12	Gas Stored-Base Gas (117.1)		220	0	0	
13	System Balancing Gas (117.2)		220	0	0	
14	Gas Stored in Reservoirs and Pipelines-Noncurrent (117.3)		220	0	0	
15	Gas Owed to System Gas (117.4)		220	0	0	
16	OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS					
17	Nonutility Property (121)			202,030	202,030	
18	(Less) Accum. Provision for Depreciation and Amortization (122)			0	0	
19	Investments in Associated Companies (123)		222-223	0	0	
20	Investments in Subsidiary Companies (123.1)		224-225	0	0	
21	(For Cost of Account 123.1 See Footnote Page 224, line 40)					
22	Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0	
23	Other Investments (124)		222-223	10,051,743	10,095,569	
24	Sinking Funds (125)			0	0	
25	Depreciation Fund (126)			0	0	
26	Amortization Fund - Federal (127)			0	0	
27	Other Special Funds (128)			0	0	
28	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175)			0	0	
29	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0	
30	TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Total of lines 17-20, 22-2	9)		10,253,773	10,297,599	
31	CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS					
32	Cash (131)			25,580,052	2,022,453	
33	Special Deposits (132-134)			0	0	
34	Working Funds (135)			2,700	2,900	
35	Temporary Cash Investments (136)	:	222-223	0	0	
36	Notes Receivable (141)			0	51,812	
37	Customer Accounts Receivable (142)			14,617,476	16,894,569	
38	Other Accounts Receivable (143)			643,801	402,611	
39	(Less) Accum. Provision for Uncollectible Accounts - Credit (144)			518,925	527,021	
40	Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145)			0	0	
41	Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies (146)			5,348,433	123,269	
42	Fuel Stock (151)			0	0	
43	Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed (152)			0	0	

Nam	e of Respondent	This Rep		Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) (2) (2)		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	Comparative Balance Sheet (A		d Other Debits)(cor	tinued)	
Line No.	Title of Account		Reference Page Number	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31
	(a)		(b)		(d)
44	Residuals (Elec) and Extracted Products (Gas) (153)			0	0
45	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (154)			6,294,298	6,093,326
46	Merchandise (155)			0	0
47	Other Materials and Supplies (156)			0	0
48	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (157)			0	0
49	Allowances (158.1 and 158.2)			0	0
50	(Less) Noncurrent Portion of Allowances			0	0
51	Stores Expense Undistributed (163)			0	0
52	Gas Stored Underground-Current (164.1)		220	133,289	960,973
53	Liquefied Natural Gas Stored and Held for Processing (164.2 thru 16	4.3)	220	883,970	2,893,474
54	Prepayments (165)		230	5,615,309	4,750,729
55	Advances for Gas (166 thru 167)			0	0
56	Interest and Dividends Receivable (171)			0	0
57	Rents Receivable (172)			0	0
58 59	Accrued Utility Revenues (173) Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets (174)			32,260,648	32,266,682
60	Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			0	0
61	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets (175)			0	0
62	Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)			0	0
63	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assests - Hedges	(176)		0	0
64	TOTAL Current and Accrued Assets (Total of lines 32 thru 63)	(170)		90,861,051	65,935,777
65	DEFERRED DEBITS			00,001,001	00,000,171
66	Unamortized Debt Expense (181)			2,302,962	2,303,125
67	Extraordinary Property Losses (182.1)		230	0	0
68	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (182.2)		230	0	0
69	Other Regulatory Assets (182.3)		232	52,727,311	36,052,147
70	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric)(183)			0	0
71	Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (Gas)(183.1 and 183.2	2)		0	0
72	Clearing Accounts (184)			(78,383)	(100,767)
73	Temporary Facilities (185)			0	0
74	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (186)		233	21,961,707	19,813,630
75	Deferred Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (187)			0	0
76	Research, Development, and Demonstration Expend. (188)			0	0
77	Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt (189)			908,183	949,154
78	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (190)		234-235	22,703,374	20,926,644
79	Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs (191)			0	0
80	TOTAL Deferred Debits (Total of lines 66 thru 79)			100,525,154	79,943,933
81	TOTAL Assets and Other Debits (Total of lines 10-15,30,64,and 80)		614,403,892	550,746,871

Nan	. (1)		ort Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Comparative Balance She			lits)	
Line			Reference	Current Year	Prior Year
No.			Page Number	End of	End Balance
	(2)		/ L\	Quarter/Year	12/31
1	PROPRIETARY CAPITAL		(b)	Balance	(d)
1			250-251	1 000	1.000
2	Common Stock Issued (201)			1,000	1,000
3	Preferred Stock Issued (204)		250-251		
4	Capital Stock Subscribed (202, 205)		252	0	0
5	Stock Liability for Conversion (203, 206)		252		
6	Premium on Capital Stock (207)		252	152,703,952	117,703,952
7	Other Paid-In Capital (208-211)		253	0	0
8	Installments Received on Capital Stock (212)		252	0	0
9	(Less) Discount on Capital Stock (213)		254	0	0
10	(Less) Capital Stock Expense (214)		254	0	0
11	Retained Earnings (215, 215.1, 216)		118-119	42,672,119	47,283,729
12	Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings (216.1)		118-119	0	0
13	(Less) Reacquired Capital Stock (217)		250-251	0	0
14	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (219)		117	0	0
15	TOTAL Proprietary Capital (Total of lines 2 thru 14)			195,377,071	164,988,681
16	LONG TERM DEBT				
17	Bonds (221)		256-257	0	0
18	(Less) Reacquired Bonds (222)		256-257	0	0
19	Advances from Associated Companies (223)		256-257	0	0
20	Other Long-Term Debt (224)		256-257	189,662,000	164,863,000
21	Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt (225)		258-259	0	0
22	(Less) Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt-Dr (226)		258-259	0	0
23	(Less) Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			0	0
24	TOTAL Long-Term Debt (Total of lines 17 thru 23)			189,662,000	164,863,000
25	OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
26	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent (227)			0	0
27	Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance (228.1)			0	0
28	Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages (228.2)			14,270,253	13,346,221
29	Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits (228.3)			8,069,959	6,562,655
30	Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions (228.4)			24,135	24,135
31	Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds (229)			0	0

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	Comparative Balance Sheet (Lia	· '		
Line	Title of Account	Reference	Current Year	Prior Year
No.	Tido di Adocari	Page Number	End of	End Balance
		4.)	Quarter/Year	12/31
	(a)	(b)	Balance	(d)
32	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		0	0
33	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges		0	0
34	Asset Retirement Obligations (230)		606,421	569,829
35	TOTAL Other Noncurrent Liabilities (Total of lines 26 thru 34)		22,970,768	20,502,840
36	CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES			
37	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		0	0
38	Notes Payable (231)		0	11,500,000
39	Accounts Payable (232)		25,808,922	29,068,725
40	Notes Payable to Associated Companies (233)		0	0
41	Accounts Payable to Associated Companies (234)		1,450,342	1,500,660
42	Customer Deposits (235)		1,773,982	1,749,584
43	Taxes Accrued (236)	262-263	8,304,409	9,299,598
44	Interest Accrued (237)		2,698,426	2,260,220
45	Dividends Declared (238)		4,160,000	4,160,000
46	Matured Long-Term Debt (239)		0	0
47	Matured Interest (240)		0	0
48	Tax Collections Payable (241)		6,482	3,002
49	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities (242)	268	8,172,382	7,601,991
50	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current (243)		0	0
51	Derivative Instrument Liabilities (244)		0	0
52	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		0	0
53	Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges (245)		0	0
54	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedge	s	0	0
55	TOTAL Current and Accrued Liabilities (Total of lines 37 thru 54)		52,374,945	67,143,780
56	DEFERRED CREDITS			
57	Customer Advances for Construction (252)		2,901,261	4,296,051
58	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits (255)		425,699	483,242
59	Deferred Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (256)		0	0
60	Other Deferred Credits (253)	269	17,328,327	11,513,466
61	Other Regulatory Liabilities (254)	278	4,133,312	4,652,943
62	Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt (257)	260	0	0
63	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Accelerated Amortization (28		0	0
64	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other Property (282)	.,	96,138,132	84,106,817
65	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other (283)		33,092,377	28,196,051
66	TOTAL Deferred Credits (Total of lines 57 thru 65)		154,019,108	133,248,570
67	TOTAL Liabilities and Other Credits (Total of lines 15,24,35,55,and	66)	614,403,892	550,746,871
07	TOTAL Elabilities and Other Gredits (Total of lines 13,24,33,33,and	00)	014,403,032	330,740,071

Nam	ne of Respondent			s Report Is:		Date of		Yea	ar/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmiss	sion	(Mo, Da 12/31	· ·	Er	nd of 2014/Q4
		Stateme	` '	of Income	,,,,,,				
Quart		Stateme	, III O	n income					
2. Re other 3. Re other	tery terrin column (d) the balance for the reporting quarter and in column (e) port in column (f) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; utility function for the current year quarter. port in column (g) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function utility function for the prior year quarter. additional columns are needed place them in a footnote.	in colum	n (h)	the quarter to date an	nounts for	gas utility,	and in (j) the qu		
	al or Quarterly, if applicable not report fourth quarter data in columns (e) and (f)								
Sprea 7. Re 8. Re 9. Us 10. G	port amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from ad the amount(s) over lines 2 thru 26 as appropriate. Include these amount amounts in account 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the same port data for lines 8, 10 and 11 for Natural Gas companies using accour e page 122 for important notes regarding the statement of income for are ive concise explanations concerning unsettled rate proceedings where a mers or which may result in material refund to the utility with respect to page 123.	ounts in cone manne nts 404.1, ny accour a continge	olumr er as a , 404. nt thei ency	ns (c) and (d) totals. accounts 412 and 413 .2, 404.3, 407.1 and 4 reof. exists such that refun	above. 107.2. ds of a ma	aterial amou	unt may need to	be m	ade to the utility's
contir	ngency relates and the tax effects together with an explanation of the ma				-		-		
11 Gi reven 12. If 13. Ei alloca 14. Ei	espect to power or gas purchases. ve concise explanations concerning significant amounts of any refunds ues received or costs incurred for power or gas purches, and a summal any notes appearing in the report to stokholders are applicable to the Sinter on page 122 a concise explanation of only those changes in accountions and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also, explain in a footnote if the previous year's/quarter's figures are different for the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, so	ry of the a tatement nting meh give the a om that r	adjust of Inc nods r appro eport	tments made to balan- come, such notes may made during the year priate dollar effect of the common to be such that prior reports.	ce sheet, i y be includ which had such chan	income, and led at page I an effect o ges.	d expense acco 122. on net income, in	unts. ncludi	ng the basis of
	Title of Account	Referer	ice	Total	То	tal	Current Three	,	Prior Three
	The of Account	Page		Current Year to	Prior Yea		Months Ended		Months Ended
		Numbe	er	Date Balance	Bala	ince	Quarterly Only	,	Quarterly Only
Line	(a)			for Quarter/Year	for Quar		No Fourth Quart	ter	No Fourth Quarter
No.	(4)	(b)		(c)	(0	i)	(e)		(f)
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME		\dashv						
2	Gas Operating Revenues (400)	300-30	11	308,032,475		279,314,948		0	0
3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	300-30	-	300,032,473	•	277,314,740		U	0
	Operating Expenses Operation Expenses (401)	317-32	E	222 010 521		102 471 600		0	0
4	Operation Expenses (401)			223,018,531		193,471,588			0
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)	317-32		5,931,468		5,588,163		0	0
6	Depreciation Expense (403)	336-33		19,613,636		19,158,714		0	0
7	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (403.1)	336-33		0.170.004		0		0	0
8	Amortization and Depletion of Utility Plant (404-405)	336-33		2,172,996		1,523,238		0	0
9	Amortization of Utility Plant Acu. Adjustment (406)	336-33	8	0		0		0	0
10	Amort. of Prop. Losses, Unrecovered Plant and Reg. Study Costs (407.1)			0		0		0	0
11	Amortization of Conversion Expenses (407.2)			0		0		0	0
12	Regulatory Debits (407.3)			0		0		0	0
13	(Less) Regulatory Credits (407.4)			0		0		0	0
14	Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.1)	262-26		29,146,595		26,541,850		0	0
15	Income Taxes-Federal (409.1)	262-26		(7,266,100)	(481,297)		0	0
16	Income Taxes-Other (409.1)	262-26		(406,771)	(41,718)		0	0
17	Provision of Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)	234-23		14,782,814		9,098,512		0	0
18	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.1)	234-23	5	(57.540)		0		0	0
19	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment-Net (411.4)			(57,543)	(63,288)		0	0
20	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.6)			0		0		0	0
21	Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.7)			0		0		0	0
22	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Allowances (411.8)			0		0		0	0
23	Losses from Disposition of Allowances (411.9)			0		0		0	0
24	Accretion Expense (411.10) TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Total of lines 4 thru 24)		\dashv	286,935,626		0 254,795,762		0	0
25	Net Utility Operating Income (Total of lines 2 less 25) (Carry forward to page 116,			200,933,020		234,193,102			0
26	line 27)			21,096,849		24,519,186		0	0

	e of Respondent			This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Caso	cade Natural Gas Corpora	ation		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
			Stateme	nt of	Income		
Line No.	Elec. Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (g)	Elec. Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (h)	Gas Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (i)		Gas Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j)	Other Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Other Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (I)
1	0	0	200 022	175	270 214 040	0	0
3	Ü	0	308,032,	4/5	279,314,948	0	0
4	0	0	223,018,		193,471,588	0	0
5	0	0	5,931,		5,588,163	0	0
6 7	0	0	19,613,	,636	19,158,714	0	
8	0	0	2,172,		1,523,238	0	
9	0	0		0	0	0	0
10	0	0		0	0	0	0
11 12	0	0		0	0	0	0
13	0	0		0	0	0	0
14	0	0	29,146,		26,541,850	0	0
15	0	0	(7,266,1		(481,297)	0	0
16 17	0	0	(406,7 14,782,		(41,718) 9,098,512	0	0
18	0	0	11,702,	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	(57,5		(63,288)	0	0
20 21	0	0		0	0	0	0
22	0	0		0	0	0	0
23	0	0		0	0	0	0
24	0	0		0	0	0	0
25 26	0	0	286,935, 21,096,		254,795,762 24,519,186	0	0
20	U	U	21,070,	517	24,317,100	U	

	e of Respondent			1 hi 1)	is Report is: X An Original		Date of (Mo, Da		Ye	ar/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		٠,	2)		sion	12/31	/2014	E	nd of 2014/Q4
	State	ment of	In	CO	ome(continued)		ļ			
	Title of Account	Referei Page Numb	nce e		Total Current Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year	Prior Y B	Total fear to Date alance uarter/Year	Current Th Months En Quarterly C No Fourth Qu	ded Only	Prior Three Months Ended Quarterly Only No Fourth Quarter
Line No.	(a)	(b)			(c)		(d)	(e)		(f)
27	Net Utility Operating Income (Carried forward from page 114)				21,096,849		24,519,186		0	0
28	OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS									
29	Other Income									
30	Nonutility Operating Income									
31	Revenues form Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work (415)				0		0		0	
32	(Less) Costs and Expense of Merchandising, Job & Contract Work (416)				0		0		0	ű
33	Revenues from Nonutility Operations (417)				22,155		22,912		0	
34	(Less) Expenses of Nonutility Operations (417.1) Nonoperating Rental Income (418)				0		0		0	
35 36	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies (418.1)	119			0		0		0	
37	Interest and Dividend Income (419)	117			378,962		201,519		0	
38	Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction (419.1)				320,960		(563)		0	
39	Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (421)				40,686		23,112		0	
40	Gain on Disposition of Property (421.1)				0		0		0	
41	TOTAL Other Income (Total of lines 31 thru 40)				762,763		246,980		0	0
42	Other Income Deductions									
43	Loss on Disposition of Property (421.2)				0		0		0	0
44	Miscellaneous Amortization (425)				0		0		0	0
45	Donations (426.1)	340			237,332		210,111		0	0
46	Life Insurance (426.2)				0		0		0	0
47	Penalties (426.3)				5,016		679		0	
48	Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities (426.4)				117,835		113,169		0	
49	Other Deductions (426.5)	240			350		40		0	
50	TOTAL Other Income Deductions (Total of lines 43 thru 49)	340			360,533		323,999		0	0
51 52	Taxes Applic. to Other Income and Deductions Taxes Other than Income Taxes (408.2)	262-26	52	-	2,962		2,604		0	0
53	Income Taxes-Federal (409.2)	262-26			(501)		1,503		0	
54	Income Taxes-Other (409.2)	262-26			(1,716)		137		0	
55	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.2)	234-23			0		0		0	
56	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Credit (411.2)	234-23	35		0		0		0	0
57	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments-Net (411.5)				0		0		0	0
58	(Less) Investment Tax Credits (420)				0		0		0	0
59	TOTAL Taxes on Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 52-58)				745		4,244		0	0
60	Net Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 41, 50, 59)				401,485		(81,263)		0	0
61	INTEREST CHARGES									
62	Interest on Long-Term Debt (427)				9,119,099		7,578,332		0	
63	Amortization of Debt Disc. and Expense (428)	258-25	59		165,491		128,814		0	
64	Amortization of Loss on Reacquired Debt (428.1)	250.20	-0		40,971		67,790		0	
65 66	(Less) Amortization of Premium on Debt-Credit (429) (Less) Amortization of Gain on Reacquired Debt-Credit (429.1)	258-25	J9		0		0		0	
67	Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (430)	340			0		0		0	
68	Other Interest Expense (431)	340			426,797		1,258,825		0	
69	(Less) Allowance for Borrowed Funds Used During Construction-Credit (432)				289,081		263,260		0	
70	Net Interest Charges (Total of lines 62 thru 69)				9,463,277		8,770,501		0	0
71	Income Before Extraordinary Items (Total of lines 27,60 and 70)				12,035,057		15,667,422		0	0
72	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS									
73	Extraordinary Income (434)				0		0		0	0
74	(Less) Extraordinary Deductions (435)				0		0		0	0
75	Net Extraordinary Items (Total of line 73 less line 74)				0		0		0	0
76	Income Taxes-Federal and Other (409.3)	262-26	53		0		0		0	
77	Extraordinary Items after Taxes (Total of line 75 less line 76)	1			0		0		0	
78	Net Income (Total of lines 71 and 77)				12,035,057		15,667,422		0	0

eport Is: n Original Resubmission Continued) Gas Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j) 24,519,186	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014 Other Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Other Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars)
Continued) Gas Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j) 24,519,186	Other Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Other Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars)
Gas Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j) 24,519,186	Other Utility Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars)
Gas Utility Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j) 24,519,186	Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars)
Year to Date (in dollars) (j) 24,519,186	Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Year to Date (in dollars)
(in dollars) (j) 24,519,186 22,912	(in dollars) (k)	(in dollars)
(j) 24,519,186 - - - 22,912	(k)	
24,519,186 - - 22,912		(1)
- - 22,912	-	1
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22,912	-	-
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-	-	-
201,519		-
(563)		-
23,112		-
246.090	-	-
246,980	-	_
-		
<u> </u>		
210,111		
-		
679		1
113,169		
40		-
323,999	-	-
2,604		
1,503	-	-
137	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
1011	-	-
4,244		-
(81,263	-	
7,578,332	_	_
128,814		
67,790		-
-	-	_
-	-	-
-	-	-
1,258,825	-	-
(263,260)		-
8,770,501	-	-
15,667,422	-	-
-	-	-
<u> </u>	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
	-	-
1	-	

Name	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:		Date	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/l	Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (2) A Resubmission 12				/2014	End	of 2014/Q4		
	Statement of A	ccumul	ated Compreh	ensive Income a	ınd Hedg	ing Activities		
1. Re	port in columns (b) (c) and (e) the amounts of ac	cumulate	ed other compre	ehensive income	items, on	a net-of-tax basis	, where	appropriate.
2. Re	port in columns (f) and (g) the amounts of other of	categorie	s of other cash	flow hedges.				
3 Fo	r each category of hedges that have been accou	nted for a	as "fair value he	edges" report the	accounts	affected and the	related a	amounts in a footnote
0. 1 0	cash category of heages that have been assess	intod for t	ao ian valae in	sages , report the	account	ancolog and the	rolatoa t	amounto in a rootrioto.
		Unrea	lized Gains	Minimum Pen	sion	Foreign Currer	псу	Other
Line		and	Losses on	liabililty Adjusti	ment	Hedges		Adjustments
No.	Item	availa	ble-for-sale	(net amoun	t)			
		SE	curities					
	(a)		(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)
1	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Preceding							
	Year							
2	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications							
	from Account 219 to Net Income							
3	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value							
4	Total (lines 2 and 3)							
	Balance of Account 219 at End of Preceding							
ວ	Quarter/Year							
6	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Current Year							
7	Current Quarter/Year to Date Reclassifications from							
	Account 219 to Net Income							
8	Current Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value							
9	Total (lines 7 and 8)							
10	Balance of Account 219 at End of Current							
	Quarter/Year							

	ame of Respondent This Report Is: Date (Mo, I ascade Natural Gas Corporation (2) A Resubmission 12/31			Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014 Year/Period of Report End of 2014/Q4						
	Stateme	ent of Accumu		Com	prehensiv	e Income and He	dging A	ctivities(continue	ed)	
Line No.	Other Cash Flow Hedges Interest Rate Swaps (f)	Other Cash Flow Hedges (Insert Category) (g)				Totals for each category of items recorded in Account 219 (h)		Net Income (Carried Forw from Page 11 Line 78) (i)	ard	Total Comprehensive Income (j)
2										
3										
4								15,6	667,422	15,667,422
5										
6 7										
8										
9								12,0	035,057	12,035,057
10										

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APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 42,672,119 47,28 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215) TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215) (footnote details) APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines 14 and 1 42,672,119 47,210) UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)	3 Transfers from Account 216.1, Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings				
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APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings-Amortization Reserve, Federal (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 42,672,119 47,28 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS-AMORTIZATION RESERVE, FEDERAL (Account TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1) (Total of lines TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 42,672,119 47,2 10) UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)					
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TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 42,672,119 47,28 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	TOTAL Retained Earnings (Accounts 215, 215.1, 216) (Total of lines 14 and 1 42,672,119 47,2 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)					
1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	1 UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account 216.1) Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly 2 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) 3 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 4 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 5 Other Changes (Explain)					
Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	Report only on an Annual Basis no Quarterly Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) Other Changes (Explain)				42,672,119	47,283,729
2 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) 3 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	2 Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit) 3 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 4 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 5 Other Changes (Explain)	,	1)			
3 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)	3 Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1) 4 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 5 Other Changes (Explain)	, ,				
	4 (Less) Dividends Received (Debit) 5 Other Changes (Explain)					
4 (Local Dividende Descived (Debit)	5 Other Changes (Explain)					
	o balance-End on Year					
6 Balance-End of Year		6 Balance-End of Year				

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[Next page is 120]

Nam	e of Respondent			ort Is:	Date of (Mo, D	f Report	Year/Pe	riod of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission		31/2014	End of	2014/Q4
<u> </u>	Statemen	. ,	\perp					
(1) C	odes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures				nclude cor	nmercial paper	r; and (d) k	dentify
	rately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.			. Notes to the Fire		Al		'l' - C
	formation about noncash investing and financing activities must be pro een "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amoun				ncial state	ments. Also pr	ovide a rec	conciliation
	perating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to opera				losses pe	rtaining to inve	sting and f	financing
	ties should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Fir	ancia	ls the	e amounts of interes	t paid (net	of amount cap	oitalized) a	nd income
	epaid. Evesting Activities: Include at Other (line 25) net cash outflow to acquire	other	con	nnanies Provide a re	aconciliati	on of assets ac	cauired with	n liabilities
. ,	med in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this st			•			•	
Instru	uction 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of lease	s capit	talize	ed with the plant cost	t.			
Line	Description (See Instructions for explanation of	codes	s)			rent Year		ious Year
No.	(a)					Date irter/Year		Date rter/Year
1	(a) Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities				Qua	irtei/ f eai	Qua	rter/ rear
2	Net Income (Line 78(c) on page 116)					12,035,057		16,508,977
3	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:					12,000,007		10,000,011
4	Depreciation and Depletion					21,786,632		20,681,952
5	Amortization of (Specify) (footnote details): Gas cost changes				(6,584,905)	(22,163,001)
6	Deferred Income Taxes (Net)					14,667,728	\	8,301,947
7	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments (Net)					57,543		63,288
8	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables				(4,943,569)	(14,194,780)
9	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory					2,636,216	(837,523)
10	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Inventory						`	001,020)
11	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses				(2,234,463)		5,795,910
12	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Regulatory Assets							5,1 55,5 15
13	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Regulatory Liabilities							
14	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction							
15	(Less) Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies							
16	Other (footnote details): Net change in other deferred balances				(3,261,512)	(1,510,601)
17	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities					,		,
18	(Total of Lines 2 thru 16)					34,158,727		12,646,169
19								
20	Cash Flows from Investment Activities:							
21	Construction and Acquisition of Plant (including land):							
22	Gross Additions to Utility Plant (less nuclear fuel)				(40,984,880)	(33,608,449)
23	Gross Additions to Nuclear Fuel							
24	Gross Additions to Common Utility Plant							
25	Gross Additions to Nonutility Plant							
26	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction					320,960		(563)
27	Other (footnote details): Net increase in customer advances for construction				(1,394,790)	(324,104)
28	Cash Outflows for Plant (Total of lines 22 thru 27)				(42,700,630)	(33,931,990)
29								
30	Acquisition of Other Noncurrent Assets (d)							
31	Proceeds from Disposal of Noncurrent Assets (d)					114,642	(455,629)
32								
33	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies							
34	Contributions and Advances from Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies							
35	Disposition of Investments in (and Advances to)							
36	Associated and Subsidiary Companies							
37								
38	Purchase of Investment Securities (a)							
39	Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities (a)						<u> </u>	
				·				

Line No. 40 Loans M 41 Collection 42 43 Net (Increase of the second of	Description (See Instructions for explanation of (a) (a) Made or Purchased ons on Loans rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission sh Flows (continued) codes)	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014 Current Year to Date Quarter/Year	Previous Year to Date Quarter/Year		
No. 40 Loans M 41 Collection 42 43 Net (Incred 44 Net (Incred 45 Net (Incred 46 Net Incred 47 Other (form) 48 Net Cash 49 (Total ofm) 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	Description (See Instructions for explanation of (a) (a) Made or Purchased ons on Loans rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	sh Flows (continued)	to Date	to Date		
No. 40 Loans M 41 Collection 42 43 Net (Incred 44 Net (Incred 45 Net (Incred 46 Net Incred 47 Other (form) 48 Net Cash 49 (Total ofm) 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	Description (See Instructions for explanation of (a) (a) Made or Purchased ons on Loans rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		to Date	to Date		
No. 40 Loans M 41 Collection 42 43 Net (Incred 44 Net (Incred 45 Net (Incred 46 Net Incred 47 Other (form) 48 Net Cash 49 (Total ofm) 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	(a) Made or Purchased ons on Loans rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		to Date	to Date		
41 Collectio 42 43 Net (Incr 44 Net (Incr 45 Net (Incr 46 Net Incr 47 Other (fc 48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	Alade or Purchased ons on Loans rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		Quarter/Year	Quarter/Year		
41 Collectio 42 43 Net (Incr 44 Net (Incr 45 Net (Incr 46 Net Incr 47 Other (fc 48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses potnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
42 43 Net (Incr 44 Net (Incr 45 Net (Incr 46 Net Incr 47 Other (fc 48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	rease) Decrease in Receivables rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses potnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
43 Net (Incr 44 Net (Incr 45 Net (Incr 46 Net Incr 47 Other (fc 48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses potnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
44 Net (Incr 45 Net (Incr 46 Net Incr 47 Other (fc 48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	rease) Decrease in Inventory rease) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses potnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
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46 Net Incre 47 Other (fc 48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flc 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	ease (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
47 Other (fc 48 Net Casi 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	ootnote details): SERP Assets th Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
48 Net Casl 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr	h Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities					
 49 (Total of 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr 			490,988	552,169		
 50 51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr 	f lines 28 thru 47)	-				
51 Cash Flo 52 Proceed 53 Long-Terr						
52 Proceed53 Long-Terr	C Et 1 A 11 11					
53 Long-Terr	ows from Financing Activities:					
	ds from Issuance of:		04.004.070	50,000,000		
54 Preferred			24,834,672	50,000,000		
ΓΓ Common			25 000 000			
55 Common			35,000,000			
	otnote details): ease in Short-term Debt (c)		/ 44 500 000)	0.500.000		
	ease in Short-term Debt (c) ootnote details):		(11,500,000)	9,500,000		
			40 224 672	50 500 000		
	rovided by Outside Sources (Total of lines 53 thru 58)		48,334,672	59,500,000		
60 Dayman	ats for Retirement of:					
	m Debt (b)		(201,000)	(24 227 000)		
63 Preferred			(201,000)	(24,227,000)		
64 Common						
	otnote details):					
	crease in Short-Term Debt (c)					
67 Net Deci	irease in Short-Lenn Debt (c)					
	ds on Preferred Stock					
	ds on Common Stock		(16,640,000)	(12,480,000)		
	th Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		(10,010,000)	(12,100,000)		
	f lines 59 thru 69)		31,493,672	22,793,000		
72			.,,	,		
	ease (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents					
	f line 18, 49 and 71)		23,557,399	1,603,719		
75						
76 Cash an	nd Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		2,025,353	421,634		
77						
78 Cash an	nd Cash Equivalents at End of Period		25,582,752	2,025,353		

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report							
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)								
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4							
Notes to Financial Statements										

- 1. Provide important disclosures regarding the Balance Sheet, Statement of Income for the Year, Statement of Retained Earnings for the Year, and Statement of Cash Flow, or any account thereof. Classify the disclosures according to each financial statement, providing a subheading for each statement except where a disclosure is applicable to more than one statement. The disclosures must be on the same subject matters and in the same level of detail that would be required if the respondent issued general purpose financial statements to the public or shareholders.
- 2. Furnish details as to any significant contingent assets or liabilities existing at year end, and briefly explain any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Service involving possible assessment of additional income taxes of material amount, or a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amount initiated by the utility. Also, briefly explain any dividends in arrears on cumulative preferred stock.
- 3. Furnish details on the respondent's pension plans, post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP) plans, and post-employment benefit plans as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose for each individual plan the current year's cash contributions. Furnish details on the accounting for the plans and any changes in the method of accounting for them. Include details on the accounting for transition obligations or assets, gains or losses, the amounts deferred and the expected recovery periods. Also, disclose any current year's plan or trust curtailments, terminations, transfers, or reversions of assets. Entities that participate in multiemployer postretirement benefit plans (e.g. parent company sponsored pension plans) disclose in addition to the required disclosures for the consolidated plan, (1) the amount of cost recognized in the respondent's financial statements for each plan for the period presented, and (2) the basis for determining the respondent's share of the total plan costs.
- 4. Furnish details on the respondent's asset retirement obligations (ARO) as required by instruction no. 1 and, in addition, disclose the amounts recovered through rates to settle such obligations. Identify any mechanism or account in which recovered funds are being placed (i.e. trust funds, insurance policies, surety bonds). Furnish details on the accounting for the asset retirement obligations and any changes in the measurement or method of accounting for the obligations. Include details on the accounting for settlement of the obligations and any gains or losses expected or incurred on the settlement.
- 5. Provide a list of all environmental credits received during the reporting period.
- 6. Provide a summary of revenues and expenses for each tracked cost and special surcharge.
- 7. Where Account 189, Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt, and 257, Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, are not used, give an explanation, providing the rate treatment given these item. See General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts.
- 8. Explain concisely any retained earnings restrictions and state the amount of retained earnings affected by such restrictions.
- 9. Disclose details on any significant financial changes during the reporting year to the respondent or the respondent's consolidated group that directly affect the respondent's gas pipeline operations, including: sales, transfers or mergers of affiliates, investments in new partnerships, sales of gas pipeline facilities or the sale of ownership interests in the gas pipeline to limited partnerships, investments in related industries (i.e., production, gathering), major pipeline investments, acquisitions by the parent corporation(s), and distributions of capital.
- 10. Explain concisely unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that the company may need to refund a material amount to the utility's customers or that the utility may receive a material refund with respect to power or gas purchases. State for each year affected the gross revenues or costs to which the contingency relates and the tax effects and explain the major factors that affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or to recover amounts paid with respect to power and gas purchases.
- 11. Explain concisely significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting revenues received or costs incurred for power or gas purchases, and summarize the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts
- 12. Explain concisely only those significant changes in accounting methods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of allocations and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also give the approximate dollar effect of such changes.
- 13. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide in the notes sufficient disclosures so as to make the interim information not misleading. Disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the most recent FERC Annual Report may be omitted.
- 14. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be provided where events subsequent to the end of the most recent year have occurred which have a material effect on the respondent. Respondent must include in the notes significant changes since the most recently completed year in such items as: accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant new borrowings or modifications of existing financing agreements; and changes resulting from business combinations or dispositions. However were material contingencies exist, the disclosure of such matters shall be provided even though a significant change since year end may not have occurred.
- 15. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements relating to the respondent appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by the above instructions, such notes may be included herein.

The accompanying notes relate to MDU Energy Capital, LLC and its subsidiary companies, while the financial statements in this FORM 2 Report reflect only the unconsolidated statements of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation. Cascade's subsidiary companies were dissolved as of 12/31/08 and do not have a material effect on the Notes to the Financial Statements.

MDU ENERGY CAPITAL, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Definitions

The following abbreviations and acronyms used in these Financial Statements and Notes defined below:

Abbreviation or Acronym

AFUDC Allowance for funds used during construction

ARO Asset retirement obligation

ASC FASB Accounting Standards Codification

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of

PCEH

Company MDU Energy Capital, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MDU

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization

EIN Employer Identification Number
EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

FIP Funding improvement plan

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America Intermountain Gas Company, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of PIEH

IPUC Idaho Public Utilities Commission MDU MDU Resources Group, Inc.

Montana-Dakota Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., a public utility division of MDU

PCEH Prairie Cascade Energy Holdings, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the

Company

PIEH Prairie Intermountain Energy Holdings, LLC, a direct wholly owned subsidiary

of the Company

OPUC Oregon Public Utility Commission
PRP Potentially Responsible Party

RP Rehabilitation plan

WUTC Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

MDU ENERGY CAPITAL, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The Company is incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware and is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of MDU. The Company is parent to PCEH, and its wholly owned subsidiary Cascade, and PIEH, and its wholly owned subsidiary Intermountain.

Cascade and Intermountain's natural gas distribution operations sell natural gas at retail and provide natural gas transportation services to over 606,000 residential, commercial and industrial customers in 170 communities. The Cascade service territory consists of towns in western, southeastern and south-central Washington and central and eastern Oregon. The Intermountain service territory is located solely in southern Idaho, encompassing communities located across the Snake River Plain. Cascade is subject to regulation by the WUTC and the OPUC. Intermountain is subject to regulation by the IPUC. These markets tend to be seasonal and sales to residential and commercial customers are influenced by fluctuations in temperature, particularly during the winter season. Consumption is also influenced by the energy efficiency of customers' appliances, as well as consumer decisions to reduce natural gas usage in response to higher prices.

The consolidated financial statements and disclosures of the Company are presented in accordance with GAAP. The accounting policies followed by Cascade and Intermountain are generally subject to the FERC.

Cascade and Intermountain account for certain income and expense items under the provisions of regulatory accounting, which requires these businesses to defer as regulatory assets or liabilities certain items that would have otherwise been reflected as expense or income, respectively, based on the expected regulatory treatment in future rates. The expected recovery or flowback of these deferred items generally is based on specific ratemaking decisions or precedent for each item. Regulatory assets and liabilities are being amortized consistently with the regulatory treatment established by the applicable state public utility commissions. See Note 3 for more information regarding the nature and amounts of these regulatory deferrals.

Depreciation and amortization expense is reported separately on the Consolidated Statements of Income and therefore is excluded from the other line items within operating expenses.

Management has also evaluated the impact of events occurring after December 31, 2014, up to the date of the issuance of these consolidated financial statements on April 3, 2015, that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts receivable consists primarily of trade receivables from the sale of goods and services which are recorded at the invoiced amount net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The total balance of receivables past due 90 days or more was \$1.0 million and \$803,000 as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined through a review of past due balances and other specific account data. Account balances are written off when management determines the amounts to be uncollectible.

MDU ENERGY CAPITAL, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$847,000 and \$971,000, respectively.

Inventories and natural gas in storage

Inventories, other than natural gas in storage, consisted of materials and supplies of \$9.0 million and \$8.6 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. These inventories were stated at the lower of average cost or market value. Natural gas in storage is carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method at Cascade and using the average-cost method at Intermountain. Natural gas in storage is expected to be used within one year and the value included in inventories was \$6.1 million and \$8.9 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Investments

The Company's investments include the cash surrender value of life insurance policies and an insurance contract. The Company measures its investment in the insurance contract at fair value with any unrealized gains and losses recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Income. For more information, see Notes 4 and 8.

Property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. When regulated assets are retired, or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, the original cost of the asset is charged to accumulated depreciation. With respect to the retirement or disposal of all other assets, the resulting gains or losses are recognized as a component of income. The Company is permitted to capitalize AFUDC on regulated construction projects and to include such amounts in rate base when the related facilities are placed in service. The amount of AFUDC and interest capitalized for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014			2013
	(In thousands)			
AFUDC - borrowed	\$	930	\$	751
AFUDC - equity	\$	1,816	\$	(1)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the average useful lives of the assets. The Company collects removal costs for plant assets in regulated utility rates and records them as a regulatory liability, which is included in other regulatory liabilities-noncurrent.

Property, plant and equipment at December 31 was as follows:

			Weighted Average Depreciable
	2014	2013	Life in Years
	(Dollars i	n thousands, as a	applicable)
Distribution plant	\$ 1,076,531	\$ 1,036,420	39
Transmission plant	89,933	89,239	51
Storage plant	20,161	17,022	40
General plant	97,475	93,576	21
Other plant	34,187	27,775	14
Non-depreciable plant	6,370	6,286	-
Construction in progress	47,611	36,544	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	501,499	484,657	
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 870,769	\$ 822,205	

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews the carrying values of its long-lived assets, excluding goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable. The determination of whether an impairment has occurred is based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows attributable to the assets, compared to the carrying value of the assets. If impairment has occurred, the amount of the impairment recognized is determined by estimating the fair value of the assets and recording a loss if the carrying value is greater than the fair value. No impairment losses were recorded in 2014 and 2013. Unforeseen events and changes in circumstances could require the recognition of impairment losses at some future date.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net tangible and intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment annually, which is completed in the fourth quarter, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill may be impaired. MDU and the Company perform the annual review for goodwill impairment at the reporting unit level, which MDU has determined to be the operating segment. This review is also performed at the Company level as separate financial statements are prepared.

The goodwill impairment test is a two-step process. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, the test is complete and no impairment is recorded. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, step two of the test is performed to determine the amount of the impairment loss, if any. The impairment is computed by comparing the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill to the carrying value of that goodwill. If the carrying value is greater than the implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recorded. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no impairment losses recorded. At December 31, 2014, the fair value substantially exceeded the carrying value for the Company level on a separate basis. For more information on goodwill, see Note 2.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires judgment and the use of significant estimates which include assumptions about the Company's future revenue, profitability and cash flows, amount and timing of estimated capital expenditures, inflation rates, weighted average cost of capital, operational plans, and current and

future economic conditions, among others. The fair value is determined using a weighted combination of income and market approaches. The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for its income approach. Under the income approach, the discounted cash flow model determines fair value based on the present value of projected cash flows over a specified period and a residual value related to future cash flows beyond the projection period. Both values are discounted using a rate which reflects the best estimate of the weighted average cost of capital. The weighted average cost of capital of 5.0 percent, and a long-term growth rate projection of 3.1 percent were utilized in the goodwill impairment test performed in the fourth quarter of 2014. Under the market approach, the Company estimates fair value using multiples derived from comparable sales transactions and enterprise value to EBITDA for comparative peer companies. These multiples are applied to operating data to arrive at an indication of fair value. In addition, the Company adds a reasonable control premium when calculating the fair value utilizing the peer multiples, which is estimated as the premium that would be received in a sale in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company believes that the estimates and assumptions used in its impairment assessments are reasonable and based on available market information, but variations in any of the assumptions could result in materially different calculations of fair value and determinations of whether or not an impairment is indicated.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, as evidenced by an agreement between the customer and the Company, when delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, when the fee is fixed or determinable and when collection is reasonably assured. The Company recognizes utility revenue each month based on the services provided to all utility customers during the month. Accrued unbilled revenue which is included in receivables, net, represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Accrued unbilled revenue at Cascade and Intermountain was \$52.3 million and \$57.7 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Company recognizes all other revenues when services are rendered or goods are delivered. The Company presents revenue net of taxes collected from customers at the time of sale to be remitted to governmental authorities, including sales and use taxes.

Asset retirement obligations

The Company performed detailed assessments of ARO's for the removal of natural gas transmission, distribution, and storage facilities. The Company records the fair value of a liability for an ARO in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, the Company capitalizes a cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the Company either settles the obligation for the recorded amount or incurs a regulatory asset or liability. Certain ARO's have been identified, however, based on the indeterminate life of those assets, an ARO calculation cannot be made, and accordingly, an ARO has not been recorded for those items. For more information on asset retirement obligations, see Note 6.

Legal costs

The Company expenses external legal fees as they are incurred.

Natural gas costs recoverable or refundable through rate adjustments

Under the terms of certain orders of the applicable state public utility commissions, the Company is deferring natural gas commodity, transportation and storage costs that are greater or less than amounts presently being recovered through its existing rate schedules. Such orders generally provide that these amounts are recoverable or

refundable through rate adjustments over a 12 month period. Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments were \$8.9 million and \$4.0 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments were \$13.2 million and \$16.9 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Income taxes

MDU and its subsidiaries file consolidated federal income tax returns and combined and separate state income tax returns. Federal income taxes paid by MDU, as parent of the consolidated group, are allocated to the individual subsidiaries based on the ratio of the separate company computations of tax. MDU makes a similar allocation for state income taxes paid in connection with combined state filings. The Company provides deferred federal and state income taxes on all temporary differences between the book and tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. Regulated entities are required to recognize such adjustment to deferred income taxes as regulatory assets or liabilities if it is probable that such amounts will be recovered from or refunded to customers in future rates. Taxes recoverable from customers have been recorded as a regulatory asset and are included in deferred charges and other assets. Excess deferred income tax balances associated with the Company's rate-regulated activities have been recorded as a regulatory liability and are included in other regulatory liabilities-noncurrent. These regulatory assets and liabilities are expected to be recovered from or refunded to customers in future rates in accordance with applicable regulatory procedures.

Consistent with orders and directives of the IPUC, Intermountain does not provide state deferred income tax expense for certain income tax temporary differences and instead recognized the tax impact currently (commonly referred to as flow-through accounting) for rate making and financial reporting. Therefore, the Company's effective income tax rate is impacted as these differences arise and reverse.

The Company uses the deferral method of accounting for investment tax credits and amortizes the credits on natural gas distribution plant over various periods that conform to the ratemaking treatment prescribed by the applicable state public utility commissions.

Tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return are evaluated for recognition using a more-likely-than-not threshold, and those tax positions requiring recognition are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income taxes.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for items such as impairment testing of long-lived assets and goodwill; fair values of acquired assets and liabilities under the acquisition method of accounting; property depreciable lives; tax provisions; uncollectible accounts; environmental and other loss contingencies; unbilled revenues; actuarially determined benefit costs; and asset retirement obligations. As additional information becomes available, or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates.

Cash flow information

Cash expenditures for interest and income taxes for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

2014		2013
(In thous	ands)	
\$ 20,211	\$	19,845
\$ (4,758)	\$	(5,657)
\$ \$	(In thous \$ 20,211	(In thousands) \$ 20,211 \$

Noncash investing transactions at December 31 were as follows:

	2014		2013
	(In thou	sands)	
Property, plant and equipment additions in			
accounts payable	\$ 1,536	\$	1,838

New accounting standards

Revenue from Contracts with Customers In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance on accounting for revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance provides for a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry specific guidance. This guidance will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Entities will have the option of using either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach to adopting the guidance. Under the modified approach, an entity would recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance with an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. In addition, the modified approach will require additional disclosures. The Company is evaluating the effects the adoption of the new revenue guidance will have on its results of operations, financial position, cash flows and disclosures, as well as its method of adoption.

NOTE 2 – GOODWILL

The carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 remained unchanged at \$340,924. No impairments of goodwill have been recorded.

NOTE 3 – REGULATORY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes the individual components of unamortized regulatory assets and liabilities as of December 31:

	Estimated Recovery		
	Period *	2014	2013
		(In the	ousands)
Regulatory assets:			
Pension and postretirement benefits (a)	(c)	\$ 58,488	\$ 37,993
Manufactured gas plant remediation (a)	Determined upon filing	17,276	15,434
Taxes recoverable from customers (a)	Over plant lives	9,199	6,593
Natural gas costs recoverable through rate adjustments	Up to 12 months	8,923	3,983
Conservation activities (a)	Up to 28 months	2,945	3,589
Long-term debt refinancing costs (a)	Up to 23 years	1,176	1,290
Other (a)	Largely not in recovery	500	457
Total regulatory assets		98,507	69,339
Regulatory liabilities:			
Plant removal costs (b)		195,708	185,793
Natural gas costs refundable through rate adjustments		13,238	16,874
Taxes refundable to customers (b)		9,586	9,109
Other (b)		6,871	8,460
Total regulatory liabilities		225,403	220,236
Net regulatory position		\$(126,896)	\$(150,897)
# T - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	7 . 7 . 7	7	•

^{*} Estimated recovery period for regulatory assets currently being recovered in rates charged to customers.

The regulatory assets are expected to be recovered in rates charged to customers. A portion of the Company's regulatory assets are not earning a return; however, these regulatory assets are expected to be recovered from customers in future rates. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, approximately \$89.3 million and \$68.8 million, respectively, of regulatory assets were not earning a rate of return.

If, for any reason, the Company's regulated businesses cease to meet the criteria for application of regulatory accounting for all or part of their operations, the regulatory assets and liabilities relating to those portions ceasing to meet such criteria would be removed from the balance sheet and included in the statement of income or accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which the discontinuance of regulatory accounting occurs.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company measures its investments in certain fixed-income and equity securities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in income. The Company anticipates using these investments, which consist of an insurance contract, to satisfy its obligations under its unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans for executive officers and certain key management employees, and invests in these fixed-income and equity securities for the purpose of earning investment returns and capital appreciation. These investments, which totaled \$3.0 million and \$2.9 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, are classified as Investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net unrealized gains on these investments for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$160,000 and \$624,000, respectively. The change in fair value, which is considered part of the cost of the plan, is classified in operation and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

⁽a) Included in other regulatory assets - noncurrent on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽b) Included in other regulatory liabilities - noncurrent on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽c) Recovered as expense is incurred.

The fair value of the Company's money market funds approximates cost.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis are determined using the market approach.

The Company's Level 2 money market funds consist of investments in short-term unsecured promissory notes and the value is based on comparable market transactions taking into consideration the credit quality of the issuer.

The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014, Using **Ouoted Prices in** Active Markets Significant Other Balance at Significant Observable Unobservable for Identical December 31, Assets (Level 1) Inputs (Level 2) Inputs (Level 3) 2014 (In thousands) Assets: Money market funds \$ \$ 55 \$ \$ 55 Insurance contract* 3,048 3,048 Total assets measured at fair value 3,103 3,103

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 20 percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 18 percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 29 percent in common stock of large-cap companies, 32 percent in fixed-income investments and 1 percent in cash equivalents.

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013, Using

	December 51, 2015, Using				_			
	Quoted Price	es in						
	Active Mar	kets	Significar	nt Other	Signific	cant	Bala	ince at
	for Identic	cal	Observ	able	Unobser	vable	Decen	nber 31,
	Assets (Leve	el 1)	Inputs (L	evel 2)	Inputs (Le	evel 3)	20	013
			(In the	usands)				
Assets:								
Money market funds	\$		\$	565	\$		\$	565
Insurance contract*				2,888				2,888
Total assets measured at fair value	\$		\$	3,453	\$		\$	3,453

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 29 percent in common stock of mid-cap companies, 28 percent in common stock of small-cap companies, 28 percent in common stock of large-cap companies and 15 percent in fixed-income investments.

The Company's long-term debt is not measured at fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the fair value is being provided for disclosure purposes only. The fair value was based on discounted future cash flows using current market interest rates. The estimated fair value of the Company's Level 2 long-term debt at December 31 was as follows:

	201	14	201	13
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
		(In thou	isands)	_
Long-term debt	\$ 446,753	\$ 497,661	\$ 409,227	\$ 419,506

The carrying amounts of the Company's remaining financial instruments included in current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair values.

NOTE 5 – DEBT

Certain debt instruments of the Company and its subsidiaries, including those discussed later, contain restrictive covenants and cross-default provisions. In order to borrow under the respective credit agreements, the Company and its subsidiaries must be in compliance with the applicable covenants and certain other conditions. In the event the Company and its subsidiaries do not comply with the applicable covenants and other conditions, alternative sources of funding may need to be pursued.

The following table summarizes the outstanding revolving credit facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries:

Company	Facility	Facility Limit	Amour Outstandi Decembe 2014	ng at r 31,	Amor Outstand Decemb	ling at er 31,	Cree Decem	ers of dit at olber 31,	Expiration Date
		(L	Pollars in mi	illions)					
Cascade Natural	Revolving credit	·		-					
Gas Corporation	agreement	\$ 50.0 (a)	\$		\$	11.5	\$	2.2 (b)	7/9/18
Intermountain Gas	Revolving credit	•				•	•		_
Company	agreement	\$ 65.0 (c)	\$	21.0	\$	3.0	\$		7/13/18

- (a) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$75.0 million.
- (b) An outstanding letter of credit reduces the amount available under the credit agreement.
- (c) Certain provisions allow for increased borrowings, up to a maximum of \$90.0 million.

The following includes information related to the preceding table.

Long-term debt

MDU Energy Capital, LLC The ability to request additional borrowings under the master shelf agreement expired; however, there is debt outstanding that is reflected in the following table of long-term debt outstanding. The master shelf agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including covenants of the Company not to permit (A) the ratio of its total debt (on a consolidated basis) to adjusted total capitalization to be greater than 70 percent, or (B) the ratio of subsidiary debt to subsidiary capitalization to be greater than 65 percent, or (C) the ratio of Intermountain's total debt (determined on a consolidated basis) to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. The agreement also includes a covenant requiring the ratio of the Company's earnings before interest and taxes to interest expense (on a consolidated basis), for the 12-month period ended each fiscal quarter, to be greater than 1.5 to 1. In addition, payment obligations under the master shelf agreement may be accelerated upon the occurrence of an event of default (as described in the agreement).

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation Any borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Cascade not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Cascade's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Cascade fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, Cascade will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

On January 15, 2015, Cascade issued \$25.0 million of Senior Notes with due dates ranging from January 15, 2045 to January 15, 2055 at a weighted average interest rate of 4.2 percent.

Intermountain Gas Company Any borrowings under the revolving credit agreement are classified as long-term debt as they are intended to be refinanced on a long-term basis through continued borrowings.

The credit agreement contains customary covenants and provisions, including a covenant of Intermountain not to permit, at any time, the ratio of total debt to total capitalization to be greater than 65 percent. Other covenants include restrictions on the sale of certain assets, limitations on indebtedness and the making of certain investments.

Intermountain's credit agreement also contains cross-default provisions. These provisions state that if Intermountain fails to make any payment with respect to any indebtedness or contingent obligation, in excess of a specified amount, under any agreement that causes such indebtedness to be due prior to its stated maturity or the contingent obligation to become payable, or certain conditions result in an early termination date under any swap contract that is in excess of a specified amount, then Intermountain will be in default under the revolving credit agreement.

Long-term Debt Outstanding Long-term debt outstanding at December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In thou	sands)
Senior Notes at a weighted average rate of 5.10%,		
due on dates ranging from October 1, 2015		
to November 24, 2055	\$ 351,091	\$ 331,364
Medium-Term Notes, at a weighted average rate of 7.32%		
due on dates ranging from September 15, 2027		
to March 16, 2029	35,000	35,000
Credit agreement at a rate of 3.33% due July 13, 2018	21,000	3,000
Other notes, at a weighted average rate of 5.23%		
due on dates ranging from September 1, 2020		
to February 1, 2035	39,662	39,863
Total long-term debt	446,753	409,227
Less current maturities	55,273	5,273
Net long-term debt	\$ 391,480	\$ 403,954

The amounts of scheduled long-term debt maturities for the five years and thereafter following December 31, 2014, aggregate \$55.3 million in 2015; \$5.3 million in 2016; \$40.3 million in 2017; \$26.3 million in 2018; none in 2019 and \$319.6 million thereafter.

NOTE 6 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company records asset retirement obligations related to certain natural gas distribution system assets as asset retirement obligations.

A reconciliation of the Company's liability, which is included in other regulatory liabilities-noncurrent, for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In thousands	5)
Balance at beginning of year	\$570	\$547
Accretion expense	36	23
Balance at end of year	\$606	\$570

The Company believes that largely all expenses related to asset retirement obligations will be recovered in rates over time and, accordingly, defers such expenses as regulatory assets.

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAXES

Income before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$26,717 and \$37,849, respectively.

Income tax expense for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014		2013
	(In thousands)		
Current:			
Federal	\$ (14,259)	\$	1,420
State	(992)		(918)
	(15,251)		502
Deferred:			
Income taxes –			
Federal	23,357		12,096
State	945		318
Investment tax credit	(635)		(159)
	23,667		12,255
Change in uncertain tax positions	(1,429)		
Change in accrued interest (income)	(15)		39
Total income tax expense	\$ 6,972	\$	12,796

Components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In th	housands)
Deferred tax assets:		
Regulatory matters	\$ 77,144	\$ 75,476
Contingency reserve	5,161	4,829
Accrued pension costs	16,158	13,675
Other	10,089	5,441
Total deferred tax assets	108,552	99,421
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and basis differences on property,		
plant and equipment	230,437	203,762
Regulatory matters	34,840	25,325
Other		629
Total deferred tax liabilities	265,277	229,716
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (156,725)	\$ (130,295)

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, no valuation allowance has been recorded associated with the above deferred tax assets.

The following table reconciles the change in the net deferred income tax liability from December 31, 2013, to December 31, 2014, to deferred income tax expense:

	2014
	(In thousands)
Change in net deferred income tax	
liability from the preceding table	\$ 26,430
Regulatory matters	(2,763)
Deferred income tax expense for the period	\$ 23,667

Total income tax expense differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before taxes. The reasons for this difference were as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2014		2013	}
	Amount	%	Amount	%
		(Dollars	in thousands)	
Computed tax at federal				
statutory rate	\$ 9,351	35.0	\$ 13,247	35.0
Increases (reductions) resulting from:			,	
State income taxes, net of federal				
income tax	842	3.1	493	1.3
Resolution of tax matters and				
uncertain tax positions	(1,444)	(5.4)	(978)	(2.6)
AFUDC equity	(636)	(2.4)		
Amortization of deferral of				
investment tax credit	(331)	(1.2)	241	0.6
Flow-through	(224)	(0.8)	(84)	(0.2)
Other	(586)	(2.2)	(123)	(0.3)
Total income tax expense	\$ 6,972	26.1	\$ 12,796	33.8

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal or state income tax examinations by tax authorities for years ending prior to 2007. The Company and the Internal Revenue Service have agreed to a settlement for the 2007 through 2009 tax years.

A reconciliation of the unrecognized tax benefits (excluding interest) for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 2,559 \$	2,559	
Additions for tax positions of prior years			
Settlements	(2,559)		
Balance at end of year	\$ \$	2,559	

Included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2013 was \$1.1 million of tax positions for which the ultimate deductibility was highly certain but for which there was uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility. Because of the impact of deferred tax accounting, other than interest and penalties, the disallowance of the shorter deductibility period would not have affected the annual effective tax rate but would have accelerated the payment of cash to the taxing authority to an earlier period. The amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would have affected the effective tax rate was \$1.8 million, including approximately \$343,000 for the payment of interest and penalties at December 31, 2013.

For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company recognized approximately \$103,000 and \$77,000, respectively, in interest expense and \$7,000 in penalties for the year ended December 31, 2014, related

to unrecognized tax benefits. The Company recognized interest income of approximately \$15,000 and \$152,000 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Company had accrued liabilities of approximately \$453,000 and \$477,000 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, for the payment of interest.

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Pension and other postretirement benefit plans

The Company has a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan and other postretirement benefit plans for certain eligible employees. Effective October 1, 2003, Cascade amended the defined pension plan so that no new salaried participants will be added to the plan and no additional benefits will accrue for existing salaried participants. Effective January 1, 2007, the defined pension plan was amended so no new operational union employees would be added to the plan and eligible existing union participants would accrue a benefit at an annual rate of \$107 per year. Effective September 30, 2012, Cascade's pension service accrual credit for union employees ceased. The Company's pension assets are included in MDU's master trust. The Company uses a measurement date of December 31 for all of its pension and postretirement benefit plans.

Effective January 1, 2010, eligibility to receive retiree medical benefits was modified at Cascade and Intermountain. Current employees at Intermountain, and those hired before June 1, 1992 at Cascade, who had attained age 55 with 10 years of continuous service by December 31, 2010, will be provided the current retiree medical insurance benefits or can elect the new benefit, if desired, regardless of when they retire. All other employees must meet the new eligibility criteria of age 60 and 10 years of continuous service at the time they retire. These employees will be eligible for a specified company funded Retiree Reimbursement Account. Employees at Intermountain hired after December 31, 2009, and employees at Cascade hired after June 1, 1992, will not be eligible for retiree medical benefits.

In 2012, the Company modified health care coverage for certain retirees. Effective January 1, 2013, post-65 coverage was replaced by a fixed-dollar subsidy for retirees and spouses to be used to purchase individual insurance through an exchange.

Changes in benefit obligation and plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 and amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2014 and 2013, were as follows:

	Pension	n Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefit	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(In thouse	ands)	
Change in benefit obligation:				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 81,928	\$ 92,987	\$ 18,923	\$ 23,834
Service cost			188	221
Interest cost	3,620	3,297	804	743
Plan participants' contributions			406	440
Actuarial (gain) loss	16,595	(10,090)	3,563	(4,513)
Benefits paid	(4,354)	(4,266)	(1,872)	(1,802)
Benefit obligation at end of year	97,789	81,928	22,012	18,923
Change in net plan assets:			,	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	68,987	62,714	20,458	17,780
Actual gain on plan assets	5,051	7,339	1,796	3,318
Employer contribution	3,289	3,200	676	722
Plan participants' contributions			406	440
Benefits paid	(4,354)	(4,266)	(1,872)	(1,802)
Fair value of net plan assets at end of year	72,973	68,987	21,464	20,458
Funded status – over (under)	\$ (24,816)	\$ (12,941)	\$ (548)	\$ 1,535
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated				
Balance Sheets at December 31:				
Other assets (noncurrent)	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,535
Other liabilities (noncurrent)	(24,816)	(12,941)	(548)	
Net amount recognized	\$ (24,816)	\$ (12,941)	\$ (548)	\$ 1,535
Amounts recognized in regulatory assets				
(liabilities) consist of:				
Actuarial loss	\$ 45,452	\$ 30,647	\$ 7,253	\$ 4,629
Prior service credit			(2,018)	(2,196)
Total	\$ 45,452	\$ 30,647	\$ 5,235	\$ 2,433

Employer contributions and benefits paid in the preceding table include only those amounts contributed directly to, or paid directly from, plan assets. Amounts recognized in regulatory assets (liabilities) in the above table are expected to be reflected in rates charged to customers over time. For more information on regulatory assets (liabilities) see Note 3.

Unrecognized pension actuarial losses in excess of 10 percent of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average life expectancy of plan participants. The market-related value of assets is determined using a five-year average of assets.

The pension plan has accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets. The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for these plans at December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)		
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 97,789	\$81,928	
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 97,789	\$81,928	
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 72,973	\$68,987	

Components of net periodic benefit cost for the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirem	ent Benefits	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
			(.	In thousands)	
Components of net periodic benefit cost (credit):					
Service cost	\$		\$	\$ 188	\$ 221
Interest cost		3,620	3,297	804	743
Expected return on assets		(4,292)	(4,072)	(1,189)	(1,026)
Amortization of prior service credit				(178)	(242)
Recognized net actuarial loss		1,031	1,404	332	906
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)		359	629	(43)	602
Other changes in plan assets and benefit					_
obligations recognized in regulatory					
assets (liabilities):					
Net (gain) loss		15,836	(13,357)	2,956	(6,805)
Amortization of actuarial loss		(1,031)	(1,404)	(332)	(906)
Amortization of prior service credit				178	242
Total recognized in regulatory assets (liabilities)		14,805	(14,761)	2,802	(7,469)
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost and					_
regulatory assets (liabilities)	\$	15,164	\$ (14,132)	\$ 2,759	\$ (6,867)

The estimated net loss for the defined benefit pension plans that will be amortized from regulatory assets (liabilities) into net periodic benefit cost in 2015 is \$1.4 million. The estimated net loss and prior service credit for the other postretirement benefit plans that will be amortized from regulatory assets (liabilities) into net periodic benefit cost in 2015 are \$620,000 and \$156,000, respectively. Prior service cost is amortized on a straight line basis over the average remaining service period of active participants.

Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations at December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benef	
	2014 2013		2014	2013
Discount rate	3.73%	4.56%	3.73%	4.49%
Expected return on plan assets	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%	6.00%

Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefit	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Discount rate	4.56%	3.68%	4.49%	3.65%
Expected return on plan assets	7.00%	7.00%	6.00%	6.00%

The expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on a targeted asset allocation range determined by the funded ratio of the plan. As of December 31, 2014, the expected rate of return on pension plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 40 percent to 50 percent equity securities and 50 percent to 60 percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected rate of return on other postretirement plan assets is based on the targeted asset allocation range of 65 percent to 75 percent equity securities and 25 percent to 35 percent fixed-income securities and the expected rate of return from these asset categories. The expected return on plan assets for other postretirement benefits reflects insurance-related investment costs.

Health care rate assumptions for the Company's other postretirement benefit plans as of December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013
Health care trend rate assumed for next year	6.5%	7.0%
Health care cost trend rate – ultimate	5.0%	5.0%
Year in which ultimate trend rate achieved	2017	2017

The Company's other postretirement benefit plans include health care benefits for certain retirees. The plans underlying these benefits may require contributions by the retiree depending on such retiree's age and years of service at retirement or the date of retirement. The accounting for the health care plans anticipates future cost-sharing changes that are consistent with the Company's expressed intent to generally increase retiree contributions each year by the excess of the expected health care cost trend rate over six percent.

Assumed health care cost trend rates may have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one percentage point change in the assumed health care cost trend rates would have had the following effects at December 31, 2014:

	1 Percentage	1 Percentage			
	Point Increase	Point Decrease			
	(In thousands)				
Effect on total of service					
and interest cost components	\$ 83	\$ (71)			
Effect on postretirement					
benefit obligation	\$ 1,860	\$ (1,577)			

The Company's pension assets are managed by 15 outside investment managers. The Company's other postretirement assets are managed by one outside investment manager. The Company's investment policy with respect to pension and other postretirement assets is to make investments solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plans and for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits accrued and defraying the

reasonable expenses of administration. The Company strives to maintain investment diversification to assist in minimizing the risk of large losses. The Company's policy guidelines allow for investment of funds in cash equivalents, fixed-income securities and equity securities. The guidelines prohibit investment in commodities and futures contracts, equity private placement, employer securities, leveraged or derivative securities, options, direct real estate investments, precious metals, venture capital and limited partnerships. The guidelines also prohibit short selling and margin transactions. The Company's practice is to periodically review and rebalance asset categories based on its targeted asset allocation percentage policy.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The ASC establishes a hierarchy for grouping assets and liabilities, based on the significance of inputs.

The estimated fair values of the Company's pension plan assets are determined using the market approach.

The carrying value of the pension plan's Level 2 cash equivalents approximates fair value and is determined using observable inputs in active markets or the net asset value of shares held at year end, which is determined using other observable inputs including pricing from outside sources. Units of this fund can be redeemed on a daily basis at their net asset value and have no redemption restrictions. The assets are invested in high quality, short-term instruments of domestic and foreign issuers. There are no unfunded commitments related to this fund.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 1 and Level 2 collective and mutual funds are based on the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on either published market quotations on active markets or other known sources including pricing from outside sources. Units of these funds can be redeemed on a daily basis at their net asset value and have no redemption restrictions. There are no unfunded commitments related to these funds.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 2 corporate and municipal bonds is determined using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, future cash flows and other reference data.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 1 U.S. Government securities is valued based on quoted prices on an active market.

The estimated fair value of the pension plan's Level 2 U.S. Government securities are valued mainly using other observable inputs, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, to be announced prices, future cash flows and other reference data. Some of these securities are valued using pricing from outside sources.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's pension plan assets (excluding cash) by class were as follows:

Fair Value Measurements at

	Decen	Using		
	Quoted Prices			
	in Active	Significant		
	Markets for	Other	Significant	
	Identical	Observable	Unobservable	Balance at
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	December 31,
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2014
		_		
Assets:				
Cash equivalents	\$	\$ 1,160	\$	\$ 1,160
Equity securities:				
U.S. companies	8,047			8,047
International companies	1,069			1,069
Collective and mutual funds*	27,265	15,949		43,214
Corporate bonds		12,247		12,247
Municipal bonds		2,154		2,154
U.S. Government securities	3,089	1,410		4,499
Total assets measured at fair				
value	\$ 39,470	\$ 32,920	\$	\$ 72,390

^{*} Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 13 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 13 percent in U.S. Government securities, 23 percent in corporate bonds, 33 percent in common stock of international companies and 18 percent in other investments.

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013, Using

	Quoted Prices					
	in Active	Significant				
	Markets for	Other	Significant			
	Identical	Observable	Unobservable	Balance at		
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	December 31,		
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2013		
	(In thousands)					
Assets:						
Cash equivalents	\$ 525	\$ 1,938	\$	\$ 2,463		
Equity securities:						
U.S. companies	12,897			12,897		
International companies	8,125			8,125		
Collective and mutual funds*	23,954	8,752		32,706		
Corporate bonds		8,802		8,802		
Municipal bonds		1,558		1,558		
U.S. Government securities	1,543	893		2,436		
Total assets measured at fair						
value	\$ 47,044	\$ 21,943	\$	\$ 68,987		

^{*} Collective and mutual funds invest approximately 11 percent in common stock of mid-cap U.S. companies, 19 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 12 percent in U.S. Government securities, 27 percent in corporate bonds, 13 percent in common stock of international companies and 18 percent in other investments.

The estimated fair values of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets are determined using the market approach.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 2 cash equivalents is valued at the net asset value of shares held at year end, based on published market quotations on active markets, or using other known sources including pricing from outside sources. Units of this fund can be redeemed on a daily basis at their net asset value and have no redemption restrictions. The assets are invested in high-quality, short-term money market instruments that consist of municipal obligations. There are no unfunded commitments related to this fund.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 1 equity securities is based on the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

The estimated fair value of the other postretirement benefit plans' Level 2 insurance contract is based on contractual cash surrender values that are determined primarily by investments in managed separate accounts of the insurer. These amounts approximate fair value. The managed separate accounts are valued based on other observable inputs or corroborated market data.

Though the Company believes the methods used to estimate fair value are consistent with those used by other market participants, the use of other methods or assumptions could result in a different estimate of fair value. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2.

The fair value of the Company's other postretirement benefit plans' assets (excluding cash) by asset class were as follows:

Fair Value Measurements

	at December 31, 2014, Using													
	Qι	ıoted												
	Pric	es in												
	A	ctive	Signi	ficant										
	Marke	ts for		Other	Signif	icant								
	Ider	ntical	Obser	vable	Unobserv	able	Bala	nce at						
	Assets		I	Inputs	Ir	nputs	Decemb	er 31,						
	(Lev	rel 1)	(Le	(Level 2) (Level 3		rel 3)		2014						
				(
Assets:														
Cash equivalents	\$		\$	543	\$		\$	543						
Equity securities:														
U.S. companies	1	1,223						1,223						
International companies		25												25
Insurance contract*		70	19,603				1	9,673						
Total assets measured at														
fair value	\$ 1	1,318	\$ 2	0,146	\$		\$ 2	21,464						

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 54 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 11 percent in U.S. Government securities, 10 percent in mortgage-backed securities, 10 percent in corporate bonds and 15 percent in other investments.

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013. Using

		at Dec	ember 3	1, 2013.	, Using			
	(Quoted						
	Pr	ices in						
		Active	Signi	ficant				
	Mark	ets for		Other	Signif	icant		
	Ide	entical	Obser	vable	Unobserv	able	Balance at	ince at
		Assets	I	nputs	Ir	puts	Decemb	er 31,
	(Le	evel 1)	(Le	vel 2)	(Lev	rel 3)		2013
				(In thousand	ds)		
Assets:								
Cash equivalents	\$	229	\$	336	\$		\$	565
Equity securities:								
U.S. companies		1,406						1,406
International companies		221						221
Insurance contract*			1	8,266			1	18,266
Total assets measured at								
fair value	\$	1,856	\$ 1	8,602	\$		\$ 2	20,458

^{*} The insurance contract invests approximately 55 percent in common stock of large-cap U.S. companies, 12 percent in U.S. Government securities, 8 percent in mortgage-backed securities, 8 percent in common stock of mid-cap U.S. companies, 9 percent in corporate bonds and 8 percent in other investments.

The Company expects to contribute approximately \$915,000 to its defined benefit pension plan and approximately \$25,000 to its postretirement benefit plans in 2015.

The following benefit payments, which reflect future service, as appropriate, and expected Medicare Part D subsidies are as follows:

		Other	Expected
	Pension	Postretirement	Medicare
Years	Benefits	Benefits	Part D Subsidy
		(In thousands)	
2015	\$ 4,412	\$ 1,320	\$ 4
2016	4,528	1,313	4
2017	4,667	1,331	3
2018	4,854	1,319	3
2019	4,993	1,277	3
2020-2024	26,802	6,214	8

Nonqualified benefit plans

In addition to the qualified plan defined pension benefits reflected in the table at the beginning of this note, the Company also has unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans at Cascade and Intermountain for certain executive officers. Cascade's plan provides for defined benefit payments following the employee's retirement or to their

beneficiaries upon death for up to a 10-year period, plus the surviving spouse is entitled to receive a monthly benefit for life equal to one-half of the benefit the participant was entitled to before death. Effective October 1, 2003, the plan was amended so that no new participants will be added to the plan and no additional benefits will accrue for existing participants. Intermountain's plan provides for defined benefit payments following the employee's retirement until death for a minimum of a 20-year period or to their beneficiaries upon pre-retirement death for a 10-year period equal to twice the benefit the participant was entitled to before death. The Company's net periodic benefit cost for these plans was \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million in 2014 and 2013, respectively. The total projected benefit obligation for these plans was \$15.7 million and \$14.0 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. A weighted average discount rate of 3.5 percent and \$13.9 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.0 percent at both December 31, 2014 and 2013, were used to determine benefit obligations. A discount rate of 4.3 percent and 3.4 percent for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and a rate of compensation increase of 4.0 percent and 3.0 percent for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, were used to determine net periodic benefit cost.

The amount of benefit payments for the unfunded, nonqualified benefit plans are expected to aggregate \$927,000 in 2015; \$1.0 million in 2016; \$1.0 million in 2017; \$1.1 million in 2018; \$1.1 million in 2019; and \$4.8 million for the years 2020 through 2024.

In 2012, the Company established a nonqualified defined contribution plan for certain key management employees. Costs incurred under this plan for 2014 and 2013 were \$15,000 and \$5,000, respectively.

The Company had investments of \$10.1 million at both December 31, 2014 and 2013, consisting of equity securities of \$2.5 million for both years, life insurance carried on plan participants (payable upon the employee's death) of \$6.9 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, and other investments of \$621,000 and \$934,000, respectively. The Company anticipates using these investments to satisfy obligations under these plans.

Defined contribution plans

The Company sponsors various defined contribution plans for eligible employees and the costs incurred by the Company under these plans were \$3.8 million in 2014 and \$3.6 million in 2013.

Multiemployer plans

Intermountain contributes to a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan under the terms of a collective-bargaining agreement that covers its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in a multiemployer plan are different from a single-employer plan in the following aspects:

- Assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers
- If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers
- If the Company chooses to stop participating in the multiemployer plan, the Company may be required to pay the plan an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability

The Company's participation in this plan is outlined in the following table. The most recent Pension Protection Act zone status available in 2014 and 2013 is for the plan's year-end at December 31, 2013, and December 31, 2012, respectively. The zone status is based on information that the Company received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are between 65 percent and 80 percent funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80 percent funded.

	EIN/Pension—	Pension Protection Zone Sta		FIP/RP Status Pending/—	Contribu	ıtions		Cumahamaa	Expiration Date of Collective
Pension Fund	Plan Number	2014	2013	Implemented	2014		2013	Surcharge Imposed	Bargaining Agreement
					(In thou	sands)			
Idaho Plumbers									
and Pipefitters		Green as of	Green as of						
Pension Plan	82-6010346-001	5/31/2014	5/31/2013	No	\$ 1,125	\$	1,121	No	09/01/2013

Intermountain was listed in the Idaho Plumbers and Pipefitters Pension Plan's Form 5500 as providing more than 5 percent of the total contributions as of the plan's year-end of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 9 – REGULATORY MATTERS

On December 31, 2012, the WUTC issued a policy statement for the accelerated replacement of natural gas pipeline facilities with elevated risk. On May 31, 2013, Cascade filed a pipeline replacement cost recovery mechanism with rate changes to coincide with its purchased gas costs adjustment. The WUTC approved recovery of \$1.0 million of qualified pipeline replacement projects to be recovered from November 1, 2013 to October 31, 2014, as well as \$2.0 million to be recovered from November 1, 2014 to October 31, 2015.

On March 13, 2013, the OPUC approved an extension of Cascade's decoupling mechanism until December 31, 2015. As part of the decoupling mechanism extension, Cascade filed a rate case on March 31, 2015. Cascade also has an earnings sharing mechanism with respect to its Oregon jurisdictional operations as required by the OPUC.

On March 31, 2015, Cascade filed an application with the OPUC for a natural gas rate increase. Cascade requested a total increase of approximately \$3.6 million annually or approximately 5.1 percent above current rates. The requested increase includes the costs associated with the increased investment in facilities, including ongoing investment in new and replacement distribution facilities and the associated operation and maintenance expenses, depreciation and taxes associated with the increase in investment.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Litigation

The Company is subject to claims and lawsuits arising out of its business. The Company accrues a liability for contingencies when the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Company does not accrue liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is probable or reasonably possible and which are material, the Company discloses the nature of the contingency and, in some circumstances, an estimate of the possible loss. The Company had accrued liabilities of \$14.3 million and \$14.0 million for contingencies including litigation and environmental matters at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which include amounts that may have been accrued for matters discussed in Environmental matters

within this note.

Regulatory matters

Natural Gas Distribution The WUTC on October 28, 2014, filed a complaint against Cascade, alleging various billing practice violations. The complaint stated allegations of 382,160 violations between June 1, 2012 and June 30, 2013, of misapplying Cascade's tariff; Cascade's billing practices violate Commission Order 05 in UG-060256; 1,511 violations of misapplying correct billing determinants in March 2013; and Cascade's tariff in regard to disconnect fees being inconsistent with state rules. WUTC staff is seeking relief including unspecified monetary penalties. On November 25, 2014, Cascade filed its response to the complaint admitting some and denying other of the alleged violations. This matter is pending before the WUTC. Management believes the outcome with respect to this issue will not have a material effect upon the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Environmental matters

Manufactured Gas Plant Sites There are three claims against Cascade for cleanup of environmental contamination at manufactured gas plant sites operated by Cascade's predecessors.

The first claim is for contamination at a site in Eugene, Oregon which was received in 1995. There are PRPs in addition to Cascade that may be liable for cleanup of the contamination. Some of these PRPs have shared in the investigation costs. It is expected that these and other PRPs will share in the cleanup costs. Several alternatives for cleanup have been identified, with preliminary cost estimates ranging from approximately \$500,000 to \$11.0 million. The Oregon State Department of Environmental Quality released a record of decision in January 2015 that selected a remediation alternative for the site as recommended in an earlier staff report. It is not known at this time what share of the cleanup costs will actually be borne by Cascade; however, Cascade anticipates its proportional share could be approximately 50 percent. Cascade has accrued \$1.7 million for remediation of this site. In November 2012, Cascade filed a petition with the OPUC for authority to defer the costs, which are included in other noncurrent assets, incurred in relation to the environmental remediation of this site until November 30, 2013. In January 2013, the OPUC approved Cascade's application to defer environmental remediation costs at the Eugene site for a period of 12 months starting November 30, 2012. Cascade received orders reauthorizing the deferred accounting for the 12-month periods starting November 30, 2013 and December 1, 2014.

The second claim is for contamination at a site in Bremerton, Washington which was received in 1997. A preliminary investigation has found soil and groundwater at the site contain contaminants requiring further investigation and cleanup. The EPA conducted a Targeted Brownfields Assessment of the site and released a report summarizing the results of that assessment in August 2009. The assessment confirms that contaminants have affected soil and groundwater at the site, as well as sediments in the adjacent Port Washington Narrows. Alternative remediation options have been identified with preliminary cost estimates ranging from \$340,000 to \$6.4 million. Data developed through the assessment and previous investigations indicates the contamination likely derived from multiple, different sources and multiple current and former owners of properties and businesses in the vicinity of the site may be responsible for the contamination. In April 2010, the Washington Department of Ecology issued notice it considered Cascade a PRP for hazardous substances at the site. In May 2012, the EPA added the site to the National Priorities List of Superfund sites. Cascade has entered into an administrative settlement agreement and consent order with the EPA regarding the scope and schedule for a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. Cascade has accrued \$12.5 million for the remedial

investigation, feasibility study and remediation of this site. In April 2010, Cascade filed a petition with the WUTC for authority to defer the costs, which are included in other noncurrent assets, incurred in relation to the environmental remediation of this site until the next general rate case. The WUTC approved the petition in September 2010, subject to conditions set forth in the order.

The third claim is for contamination at a site in Bellingham, Washington. Cascade received notice from a party in May 2008 that Cascade may be a PRP, along with other parties, for contamination from a manufactured gas plant owned by Cascade and its predecessor from about 1946 to 1962. The notice indicates that current estimates to complete investigation and cleanup of the site exceed \$8.0 million. Other PRPs have reached an agreed order and work plan with the Washington Department of Ecology for completion of a remedial investigation and feasibility study for the site. A report documenting the initial phase of the remedial investigation was completed in June 2011. There is currently not enough information available to estimate the potential liability to Cascade associated with this claim although Cascade believes its proportional share of any liability will be relatively small in comparison to other PRPs. The plant manufactured gas from coal between approximately 1890 and 1946. In 1946, shortly after Cascade's predecessor acquired the plant, it converted the plant to a propane-air gas facility. There are no documented wastes or by-products resulting from the mixing or distribution of propane-air gas.

Cascade has received notices from and entered into agreement with certain of its insurance carriers that they will participate in defense of Cascade for these contamination claims subject to full and complete reservations of rights and defenses to insurance coverage. Cascade received insurance payments of \$17,000 and \$952,000 in 2014 and 2013, respectively, for the Eugene defense costs. To the extent these claims are not covered by insurance, Cascade will seek recovery through the OPUC and WUTC of remediation costs in its natural gas rates charged to customers.

The accruals related to these matters are reflected in regulatory assets. For more information, see Note 3.

Operating leases

The Company leases certain equipment, facilities and land under operating lease agreements. The amounts of annual minimum lease payments due under these leases as of December 31, 2014, were \$326,000 in 2015, \$228,000 in 2016, \$152,000 in 2017, \$109,000 in 2018, \$76,000 in 2019, and \$309,000 thereafter. Rent expense was \$373,000 and \$402,000 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Purchase commitments

The Company has entered into various commitments, largely natural gas supply and natural gas transportation and storage contracts, some of which are subject to variability in volume and price. These commitments range from one to 46 years. The commitments under these contracts as of December 31, 2014, were \$266.3 million in 2015, \$192.5 million in 2016, \$110.2 million in 2017, \$62.7 million in 2018, \$62.0 million in 2019, and \$824.0 million thereafter. These commitments were not reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Amounts purchased under various commitments for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, were approximately \$252.0 million and \$248.6 million.

Guarantees

Cascade has an outstanding letter of credit to a third party related to a remedial investigation feasibility study. At December 31, 2014, the fixed maximum amount guaranteed under this letter of credit was \$2.2 million, which is scheduled to expire in 2015. There were no amounts outstanding under this letter of credit at December 31, 2014.

NOTE 11 – RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

MDU and Montana-Dakota provide and receive certain support services to/from the Company. The amount charged for services provided to the Company was \$27.8 million and \$27.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively and the amount charged for services received from the Company was \$113,000 and \$360,000 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The amounts included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets related to MDU and Montana-Dakota at December 31 were as follows:

	2014	2013
	(In t	housands)
Accounts receivable	\$ 7,628	\$ 108
Accounts payable	2,543	2,341
Dividend payable	5,300	5,300
Deferred charges and other assets - other	3,294	3,414
Deferred credits and other liabilities - other	3,092	1,348

MDU has several stock-based compensation plans in which the Company participates. Total stock-based compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, was \$700,000 and \$654,000, net of income taxes of \$447,000 and \$418,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2014, total remaining unrecognized compensation expense related to stock-based compensation was approximately \$1.4 million (before income taxes) which will be amortized over a weighted average period of 1.6 years.

	e of Respondent	(1) X	ort is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period	or Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014</u>	1/Q4
	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provi	<u> </u>		tization and Depletion	n	
Line	Item				Total Com	
No.	(a)				For the Cu	
					Quarter/Y	ear
1	UTILITY PLANT					
2	In Service				70	5,779,336
3	Plant in Service (Classified)				700	3,779,336
4	Property Under Capital Leases					
5	Plant Purchased or Sold				41	5 040 007
6	Completed Construction not Classified				1:	5,312,827
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified				00.	4 000 400
8	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 3 thru 7)				80	1,092,163
9	Leased to Others					
10	Held for Future Use					
11	Construction Work in Progress				17	7,169,118
12	Acquisition Adjustments					
13	TOTAL Utility Plant (Total of lines 8 thru 12)					8,261,281
14	Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization, & Depletion					5,497,367
15	Net Utility Plant (Total of lines 13 and 14)				412	2,763,914
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION,	AMORTIZA	TION AND DEPLET	TION		
17	In Service:					
18	Depreciation				(399	,964,550)
19	Amortization and Depletion of Producing Natural Gas Land and La	ind Rights				
20	Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights					
21	Amortization of Other Utility Plant				`	,532,817)
22	TOTAL In Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)				(405	,497,367)
23	Leased to Others					
24	Depreciation					
25	Amortization and Depletion					
26	TOTAL Leased to Others (Total of lines 24 and 25)					
27	Held for Future Use					
28	Depreciation					
29	Amortization					
30	TOTAL Held for Future Use (Total of lines 28 and 29)					
31	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)					
32	Amortization of Plant Acquisition Adjustment					
33	TOTAL Accum. Provisions (Should agree with line 14 above)(Total	of lines 22,	26, 30, 31, and 32)		(405	,497,367)

Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion (continued)	20 A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of 2014/04 mmary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion (continued)
Line Electric Gas Other (specify) Comme No. (c) (d) (e) (f) 1	Electric (c) (d) (e) (f) (c) (f) (c) (d) (e) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f
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No. (c) (d) (e) (f) 1 2 3 3 785,779,336 4 5 6 15,312,827 7 8 8 801,092,163 9 10 11 17,169,118 11 17,169,118 12 13 818,261,281 14 405,497,367 15 412,763,914 16 17 18 (399,964,550) 19 20 21 (5,532,817) 22 (405,497,367) 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 (9)	(c) (d) (e) (f) 785,779,336 15,312,827 801,092,163 818,261,281 405,497,367 412,763,914 (399,964,550) (5,532,817) (405,497,367)
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	e of Responden			eport Is:	Date of		Year/Period of Report			
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) X An Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of 2014/Q4										
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 101, 102, 103, and 106)									
2. I 103, 3. I	n addition to Acc Experimental Ganclude in column	original cost of gas plant in service according to the pount 101, Gas Plant in Service (Classified), this page as Plant Unclassified, and Account 106, Completed Con (c) and (d), as appropriate corrections of additions authesis credit adjustments of plant accounts to indicate	and the enstruction and retire	next include Account 1 on Not Classified-Gas. ments for the current or	preceding		d or Sold, Account			
		106 according to prescribed accounts, on an	Ū							
		essary, and include the entries in column (c). Also to b								
		column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has a signification of the control of the								
		f the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution nulated depreciation provision. Include also in column								
		statement showing the account distributions of these t					iciassined retirements.			
	•••	Account		Balance at		<i>、</i>	Additions			
Line				Beginning of Yea	r					
No.		(a)		(b)			(c)			
1	INTANGIBLE F									
2	301 Organiz				152,066					
3		ses and Consents			211,825					
4		aneous Intangible Plant			2,883,661		4,908,184			
5		ntangible Plant (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		2	3,247,552		4,908,184			
6	PRODUCTION									
7		Gas Production and Gathering Plant								
8	325.1 Produc	-								
9		ing Leaseholds								
10	325.3 Gas Ri									
11	325.4 Rights									
12		Land and Land Rights								
13		ell Structures								
14		ompressor Station Structures								
15		easuring and Regulating Station Equipment								
16		tructures								
17		ng Gas Wells-Well Construction								
18		ng Gas Wells-Well Equipment								
19	332 Field Li									
20		ompressor Station Equipment								
21		easuring and Regulating Station Equipment								
22		and Cleaning Equipment tion Equipment								
23		quipment								
24		essful Exploration and Development Costs								
25 26		essiti Exploration and Development Costs Letirement Costs for Natural Gas Production and								
27		Production and Gathering Plant (Enter Total of lines 8								
28		XTRACTION PLANT								
29		nd Land Rights								
30		res and Improvements								
		on and Refining Equipment								
31 1										
31 32	343 Pipe Lir									

Nam	e of Respondent		This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Caso	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) All Original (ind, 2d, 17) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of 2014/Q4									
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 101, 102, 103, and 106) (continued)									
Accou 6. S class amou to prir 7. F subac 8. F	ding the reversals of the prior years te unt 101 and 106 will avoid serious om show in column (f) reclassifications or sifications arising from distribution of a unts with respect to accumulated provimary account classifications. For Account 399, state the nature and account classification of such plant conformed amount comprising the reportant.	issions of respondent's reported a transfers within utility plant account amounts initially recorded in Accounts ision for depreciation, acquisition use of plant included in this account forming to the requirements of the ted balance and changes in Accounts	amour ints. In unt 10: adjust unt an ese pa ount 10	nt for plant actually in ser nclude also in column (f) 2. In showing the cleara ments, etc., and show in ad if substantial in amoun ages. 02, state the property pur	vice at end of year. the additions or redince of Account 102, a column (f) only the t submit a suppleme chased or sold, nam	uctions of primary account include in column (e) the offset to the debits or credits intary statement showing e of vendor or purchaser,				
and d filing.	late of transaction. If proposed journa	al entries have been filed with the	Comn	nission as required by the	e Uniform System of	Accounts, give date of such				
Line No.	Retirements	Adjustments		Transfers		Balance at End of Year				
1	(d)	(e)		(f)		(g)				
2						152,066				
3						211,825				
5						27,791,845 28,155,736				
6										
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Name of Respondent			nis Report Is:	Date of		Year/Period of Report		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of 2014/Q4			End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
-	Con Plant in Service (Accounts to	,	<u> </u>		,2011			
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	υ1,		iuea)				
Line	Account		Balance at			Additions		
No.	(0)		Beginning of Yea	r		(a)		
34	(a) 345 Compressor Equipment		(b)			(c)		
35	346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment							
36	347 Other Equipment							
37	348 Asset Retirement Costs for Products Extraction Plant							
38	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant (Enter Total of lines 29 thru 37	7\						
39	TOTAL Natural Gas Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 27 and	,						
40	Manufactured Gas Production Plant (Submit Supplementary	u						
41	TOTAL Production Plant (Enter Total of lines 39 and 40)							
42	NATURAL GAS STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT							
	Underground Storage Plant							
43	350.1 Land							
44 45	350.2 Rights-of-Way							
	351 Structures and Improvements							
46 47	352 Wells							
	352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights							
48	352.2 Reservoirs							
49	352.3 Non-recoverable Natural Gas							
50 51	353 Lines							
52	354 Compressor Station Equipment							
53	355 Other Equipment							
54	356 Purification Equipment							
55	357 Other Equipment							
56	358 Asset Retirement Costs for Underground Storage Plant							
57	TOTAL Underground Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 44 thru							
58	Other Storage Plant							
59	360 Land and Land Rights							
60	361 Structures and Improvements							
61	362 Gas Holders							
62	363 Purification Equipment							
63	363.1 Liquefaction Equipment							
64	363.2 Vaporizing Equipment							
65	363.3 Compressor Equipment							
66	363.4 Measuring and Regulating Equipment							
67	363.5 Other Equipment							
68	363.6 Asset Retirement Costs for Other Storage Plant							
69	TOTAL Other Storage Plant (Enter Total of lines 58 thru 68)							
70	Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Plant							
71	364.1 Land and Land Rights							
72	364.2 Structures and Improvements							
73	364.3 LNG Processing Terminal Equipment							
74	364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment							
75	364.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment							
76	364.6 Compressor Station Equipment							
77	364.7 Communications Equipment							
78	364.8 Other Equipment							
79	364.9 Asset Retirement Costs for Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas							
80	TOTAL Base Load Liquefied Nat'l Gas, Terminaling and Processir							
	, , ,							
l								

Cascade Na	atural Gas Corporation		This Report Is:	Date of (Mo, Da	Report Yr)	Year/Period of Report
			This Report Is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31	, 11) /2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	G	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1				
Line	Retirements	Adjustments	Transfers			Balance at
No.						End of Year
34	(d)	(e)	(f)			(g)
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Nam	ne of Respondent		s Report Is:	Date of I		Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of		End of 2014/Q4		
-		(2)	A Resubmission		2014	211d 01 201 1/ Q 1
	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1	101, 1	102, 103, and 106) (conti	nued)		
Line	Account		Balance at			Additions
No.			Beginning of Yea	ar		
	(a)		(b)			(c)
81	TOTAL Nat'l Gas Storage and Processing Plant (Total of lines 57,					
82	TRANSMISSION PLAN					
83	365.1 Land and Land Rights			224,536		
84	365.2 Rights-of-Way			1,026,089		
85	366 Structures and Improvements					
86	367 Mains		1	5,804,274		
87	368 Compressor Station Equipment					
88	369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment			198,114		
89	370 Communication Equipment					
90	371 Other Equipment					
91	372 Asset Retirement Costs for Transmission Plant					
92	TOTAL Transmission Plant (Enter Totals of lines 83 thru 91)		1	7,253,013		
	,		I	7,200,010		
93	DISTRIBUTION PLANT			0.500.005		
94	374 Land and Land Rights			2,509,635		
95	375 Structures and Improvements			1,458,788		
96	376 Mains			1,334,561		15,242,753
97	377 Compressor Station Equipment			2,000,731		
98	378 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-General		2	1,468,661		2,154,735
99	379 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment-City Gate					
100	380 Services		18	9,045,194		5,926,148
101	381 Meters		4	7,965,227		2,117,934
102	382 Meter Installations		3	0,029,638		215,933
103	383 House Regulators			9,922,839		343,906
104	384 House Regulator Installations			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
105	385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment			8,890,422		315,564
106	386 Other Property on Customers' Premises			0,000,422		010,004
107	387 Other Equipment					
+	388 Asset Retirement Costs for Distribution Plant			40.000		
108				48,962		00.040.070
109	TOTAL Distribution Plant (Enter Total of lines 94 thru 108)		67	4,674,658		26,316,973
110	GENERAL PLANT			0.050.070		
111	389 Land and Land Rights			2,253,273		
112	390 Structures and Improvements			7,497,561		897,267
113	391 Office Furniture and Equipment			7,155,521		493,665
114	392 Transportation Equipment		1	1,694,815		1,247,796
115	393 Stores Equipment			55,776		
116	394 Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment			5,799,513		640,140
117	395 Laboratory Equipment			138,043		
118	396 Power Operated Equipment			2,916,563		1,829,937
119	397 Communication Equipment			5,232,371		180,623
120	398 Miscellaneous Equipment			38,881		30,360
121	Subtotal (Enter Total of lines 111 thru 120)		5	2,782,317		5,319,788
122	399 Other Tangible Property			_,,,,		2,010,100
123	399.1 Asset Retirement Costs for General Plant					
124	TOTAL General Plant (Enter Total of lines 121, 122 and 123)			2,782,317		5,319,788
	,					
125	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)		76	7,957,540		36,544,945
126	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instruction 8)					
127	(Less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instruction 8)					
128	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified					
129	TOTAL Gas Plant In Service (Enter Total of lines 125 thru 128)		76	7,957,540		36,544,945

Name of	f Respondent		Thi	s Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascad	e Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	G	Gas Plant in Service (Accounts 1				
			T		liueuj	Delevered
Line	Retirements	Adjustments		Transfers		Balance at End of Year
No.	(d)	(e)		(f)		(g)
81	(:/	(-)				(0)
82						
83						224,536
84						1,026,089
85						
86						15,804,274
87						
88	5,814					192,300
89						
90						
92	5,814		-			17,247,199
93	3,014					17,247,199
94	20,982					2,488,653
95	20,002		_			1,458,788
96	429,264					376,148,050
97	•					2,000,731
98	12,323					23,611,073
99						
100	261,370					194,709,972
101						50,083,161
102	7,461					30,238,110
103	96,405					10,170,340
104						
105	6,433					9,199,553
106						
107						48,962
108 109	834,238		-			700,157,393
110	034,230					700,137,393
111						2,253,273
112						18,394,828
113	663,717					6,985,469
114	826,064					12,116,547
115	(11,149)					66,925
116	(52,469)					6,492,122
117	11,885					126,158
118	1,148,619					3,597,881
119	(10,716)					5,423,710
120	(5,681)					74,922
121	2,570,270					55,531,835
122						
123	2.570.270					EE E24 02E
124 125	2,570,270 3,410,322		-			55,531,835 801,092,163
126	3,410,322					001,092,103
127			-			
128						
	3.410.322		_			801.092.163
129	3,410,322					801,092,16

Name of Respondent					Report Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation					X An Original A Resubmis	sion	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
	Gas	s Prope	erty and Cap	acity L	eased from Oth	ners				
 Report below the information called for concerning gas property and capacity leased from others for gas operations. For all leases in which the average annual lease payment over the initial term of the lease exceeds \$500,000, describe in column (c), if applicable: the property or capacity leased. Designate associated companies with an asterisk in column (b). 										
	Name of Lessor	Name of Lessor *				of Leas	Lease Payments for			
Line No.	(a)	(b)			(c)	Current Year (d)				
1	None									
3										
4		1								
5										
6		<u> </u>								
7 8		+								
9										
10										
11 12		-								
13		+								
14										
15										
16 17		┼								
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19										
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21		\vdash								
23										
24										
25 26		┼								
27		+								
28										
29		<u> </u>								
30		 								
32		†								
33										
34		—								
35 36		+								
37										
38										
39		 								
40		+								
42		1								
43										
44		 								
45	Total	+-								

Name of Respondent				This	Report Is:		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	t Year/Period of Repo			
Cas	scade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	X An Origir A Resub		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
	Gas Pro	perty a	and Ca	pacity	Leased to C	Others		•			
deso	 For all leases in which the average lease income over the initial term of the lease exceeds \$500,000 provide in column (c), a description of each facility or leased capacity that is classified as gas plant in service, and is leased to others for gas operations. In column (d) provide the lease payments received from others. Designate associated companies with an asterisk in column (b). 										
	Name of Lessor	*			Descrip	otion of Le	ease	Lease Payments for			
Line No.		(b)		(c)				Current Year (d)			
1	None										
2											
3											
5											
6											
7											
8											
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33											
34											
36											
37											
38											
39											
40											
41											
42											
44											
45	Total										

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)								
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>				
	Gas Plant Held for Fu	ıture U	Ise (Account 105)		•				
item 2. colu	 Report separately each property held for future use at end of the year having an original cost of \$1,000,000 or more. Group other tems of property held for future use. For property having an original cost of \$1,000,000 or more previously used in utility operations, now held for future use, give in column (a), in addition to other required information, the date that utility use of such property was discontinued, and the date the original cost was transferred to Account 105. 								
	Description and Location		Date Originally Included	Date Expected to be Used	Balance at				
Line No.	of Property (a)		in this Account (b)	in Utility Service (c)	End of Year (d)				
1	None								
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
9									
10									
11									
12 13									
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37 38									
39									
40									
41									
42									
43									
44	Total								
45	Total								

Nam	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)								
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission		1/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
	Construction Wo	rk in P	rogres	s-Gas (Account 107)		<u></u>			
2. and	 Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in process of construction (Account 107). Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration" projects last, under a caption Research, Development, and Demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts). Minor projects (less than \$1,000,000) may be grouped. 								
			С	onstruction Work in			ted Additional		
Line No.	Description of Project (a)			Progress-Gas (Account 107) (b)		Cos	t of Project (c)		
1	MN - Hanford/DOE Transmission Main			4,001,142			(6)		
2	Bellingham Gate Upgrade			1,917,408					
3	Southridge Gate Station			1,508,137					
4	Purchase GMS System			1,174,392					
5	Baker City Office Purchase			1,167,083					
6									
7									
8	Minor distribution system/general Plant projects each under								
	\$1 million			7,400,956					
9									
10									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
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33									
34									
35									
36									
37									
38									
39									
40									
41									
42									
44									
45	Total			17,169,118					
40	Total			17,109,118					

Nam	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (1) X An Original One of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)								
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	on	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
	Non-Traditional Rate Treat		Afforded New Pro	jects		1			
suppo policy, 2. In 3. In 4. In	The Commission's Certificate Policy Statement provides a threshold requirement for existing pipelines proposing new projects is that the pipeline must be prepared to financially ort the project without relying on subsidization from its existing customers. See Certification of New Interstate Natural Gas Pipeline Facilities, 88 FERC P61,227 (1999); order clarifying y, 90 FERC P61,128 (2000); order clarifying policy, 92 FERC P61,094 (2000) (Policy Statement). In column a, list the name of the facility granted non-traditional rate treatment. In column b, list the CP Docket Number where the Commission authorized the facility. In column c, indicate the type of rate treatment approved by the Commission (e.g. incremental, at risk) in column d, list the amount in Account 101, Gas Plant in Service, associated with the facility. In column e, list the amount in Account 108, Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant, associated with the facility.								
	Name of Facility		СР		Type of	Gas Plant			
Line No.	Nume of ruciny	[Docket No.		Rate Treatment	in Service			
	(a)		(b)		(c)	(d)			
1	None								
2									
3									
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28 29									
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31									
32									
33									
34									
35									
36						_			
	Total					0			

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)										
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corp	poration			ubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>				
			itional Rate Treatment								
Accun 7. In 8. In 9. In 10. Ii	In column f, list the amount in Account 190, Accumulated Deferred Income Tax; Account 281, Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Accelerated Amortization Property; Account 282, cumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Other Property; Account 283, Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Other, associated with the facility. In column g, report the total amount included in the gas operations expense accounts during the year related to the facility (Account 401, Operation Expense). In column h, report the total amount included in the gas maintenance expense accounts during the year related to the facility. In column i, report the amount of depreciation expense accrued on the facility during the year. In column j, list any other expenses(including taxes) allocated to the facility. In column k, report the incremental revenues associated with the facility. In column k, report the incremental revenues associated with the facility. In column k, report the incremental revenues associated with the facility.										
13. F	Provide the total amounts for	r each column.			1	.					
Line No.	Accumulated Depreciation	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	Operating Expense	Maintenance Expense	Deprecia Expen:	se Expenses (including taxes)	Incremental Revenues				
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)				
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
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36											

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)					
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4				
General Description of Construction Overhead Procedure							

1. For each construction overhead explain: (a) the nature and extent of work, etc., the overhead charges are intended to cover, (b) the general procedure for determining the amount capitalized, (c) the method of distribution to construction jobs, (d) whether different rates are applied to different types of construction, (e) basis of differentiation in rates for different types of construction, and (f) whether the overhead is directly or indirectly assigned.

2. Show below the computation of allowance for funds used during construction rates, in accordance with the provisions of Gas Plant

Instructions 3 (17) of the Uniform System of Accounts.

3. Where a net-of-tax rate for borrowed funds is used, show the appropriate tax effect adjustment to the computations below in a manner that clearly indicates the amount of reduction in the gross rate for tax effects.

1. Engineering & Supervision and General & Administrative overhead:

Engineer & Supervision (ES) overhead consists of employees' time in preparation of work orders, mapping, detrmining feasibility and other Engineering/construction based supervisory costs related to new construction which are not identified with a specific project, along with the associated payroll taxes and employee benefit costs.

General & Administrative (GA) overhead consists of employees' time in processing A/P, A/R, receiving orders, and other administrative functions which are not identified with a specific project, along with the associated payroll

taxes and employee benefit costs.

Both ES & GA (ES/GA) are accumulated in pools from which a portion is allocated each month. The allocation is based on a rate determined by the Fixed Assets Analyst and approved by the Manager of General & Asset Accounting which is then applied to the current month activity for all applicable work orders to determine how much should be transferred from the ES/GA pools to the affected work orders. This is accomplished via a system (PowerPlant) batch operation. An applicable work order is one that is capital installation/purchase, and not a preliminary survey or investigative in nature. Note that purchase projects only receive GA overhead, not ES. Construction projects receive both.

2. ALLOWANCE FOR BORROWED FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION (AFUDC)

The formula on page 218a is used.

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	General Description of Construct				
	General Description of Construct	on Ov	emeau Procedure (co	ntinueu)	
1. Fo 2. Ide	PUTATION OF ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION RATE in line (5), column (d) below, enter the rate granted in the last rate proceeding. If not a entity, in a footnote, the specific entity used as the source for the capital structure figural licate, in a footnote, if the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a result of the reported rate of return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return is one that has been approved in a return in the return is one that has been approved in a return in the return in the return is one that has been approved in a return in the return in the return in the return in the return is one that has been approved in a return in the	ivailable, res.	-		
1. Cc	imponents of Formula (Derived from actual book balances and actual	cost ra	tes):		
	Title		Amount	Capitalization	Cost Rate
Line				Ration (percent)	Percentage
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
	.,		,,	.,	,,
	(1) Average Short-Term Debt S	;	5,143,621		
	(2) Short-Term Interest				s 3.05
	(3) Long-Term Debt)	161,786,857	49.50	d 5.72
	(4) Preferred Stock)			р
	(5) Common Equity	;	164,988,681	50.50	C 10.00
	(6) Total Capitalization		326,775,538	100.00	
	(7) Average Construction Work In Progress Balance	V	14,267,376		
2. Gr	oss Rate for Borrowed Funds s(S/W) + d[(D/(D+P+C)) (1-(S/W))]			2.91	
3. Ra	te for Other Funds [1-(S/W)] [p(P/(D+P+C)) + c(C/(D+P+C))]			3.23	
4 \\/.	eighted Average Rate Actually Used for the Year:				
4. VV				2.87	
	a. Rate for Borrowed Funds -				
	b. Rate for Other Funds -			3.19	

Nam	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)									
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			Original Resubmission	,	o, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
	Accumulated Provision for D	eprecia	` /							
_	Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during ye		ation of ous	othicy i lant (A	Joodin	. 100)				
2. plant 3. such	2. Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount for book cost of plant retired, line 10, column (c), and that reported for gas ant in service, page 204-209, column (d), excluding retirements of nondepreciable property. 3. The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of Accounts require that retirements of depreciable plant be recorded when uch plant is removed from service. If the respondent has a significant amount of plant retired at year end which has not been recorded and/or classified to the various reserve functional classifications, make preliminary closing entries to tentatively functionalize the book									
	of the plant retired. In addition, include all costs included in retirement work in progress at year end in the appropriate functional									
	sifications. Show separately interest credits under a sinking fund or similar method of depreciation accounting.									
	. Show separately interest credits under a sinking fund or similar method of depreciation accounting. At lines 7 and 14, add rows as necessary to report all data. Additional rows should be numbered in sequence, e.g., 7.01, 7.02, etc.									
<u> </u>	Item	. , , , , ,	Total	Gas Plant		Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant Leased			
Line No.	(a)	((c+d+e) (b)	Service (c)		for Future Use (d)	to Others (e)			
	Section A. BALANCES AND CHANGES DURING YEAR		· /	()			()			
1	Balance Beginning of Year		(382,583,084)	(382,58	33,084)					
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to									
3	(403) Depreciation Expense		(19,613,636)	(19,6	13,636)					
4	(403.1) Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs									
5	(413) Expense of Gas Plant Leased to Others									
6	Transportation Expenses - Clearing		(1,062,771)	(1,00	52,771)					
7	Other Clearing Accounts									
8	Other Clearing (Specify) (footnote details):		(738)	(738)					
9										
10	TOTAL Deprec. Prov. for Year (Total of lines 3 thru 8)		(20,677,145)	(20,67	77,145)					
11	Net Charges for Plant Retired:									
12	Book Cost of Plant Retired		3,410,322	3,4	10,322					
13	Cost of Removal		1,294,001	1,2	94,001					
14	Salvage (Credit)		1,213,745	1,2	13,745					
15	TOTAL Net Chrgs for Plant Ret. (Total of lines 12 thru 14)		3,490,578	3,4	90,578					
16	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe) (footnote details):		(194,899)	(19	94,899)					
17										
18	Book Cost of Asset Retirement Costs									
19	Balance End of Year (Total of lines 1,10,15,16 and 18)		(399,964,550)	(399,90	54,550)					
	Section B. BALANCES AT END OF YEAR ACCORDING TO FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS									
21	Productions-Manufactured Gas									
22	Production and Gathering-Natural Gas									
23	Products Extraction-Natural Gas									
24	Underground Gas Storage									
25	Other Storage Plant									
26	Base Load LNG Terminaling and Processing Plant									
27	Transmission		(10,931,121)	(10,93	31,121)					
28	Distribution		(363,333,180)		33,180)					
29	General		(25,700,249)	(25,70	00,249)					
30	TOTAL (Total of lines 21 thru 29)		(399,964,550)	(399,96	54,550)					

(lame of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas				This Report Is: (1) X An O (2) A Res	riginal (Date of Report Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2</u>	d of Report 014/Q4
			Gas Stored	(Accounts 117 1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	17.4, 164.1, 164.2			
1.	If during the year a	djustments were						orrect cumulative	e inaccuracies o
as 2. as	s measurements), ex Report in column (es property recordable State in a footnote	splain in a footnote a) all encroachme in the plant acco	e the reason for the	he adjustments, t ar upon the volun	he Dth and dolla mes designated a	r amount of adjustr as base gas, colum	nent, and accoun n (b), and system	t charged or creat balancing gas,	dited. column (c), and
	rage (i.e., fixed asser			ny between curre	ent and noncurrer	it portions. Also, s	iale III a lootilote	the method used	u to report
ne lo.		(Account 117.1) (b)	(Account 117.2) (c)	Noncurrent (Account 117.3) (d)	(Account 117.4) (e)	Current (Account 164.1) (f)	LNG (Account 164.2) (g)	LNG (Account 164.3) (h)	Total
		(b)	(0)	(u)	(6)	960,973	2,893,474	(11)	3,854,44
_	Balance at Beginning of					700,773	657,892		657,89
_	Gas Delivered to Storage								
	Gas Withdrawn from						2,667,396		2,667,39
_	Other Debits and Credits					(827,684)			(827,684
_	Balance at End of Year					133,289	883,970		1,017,25
_	Dth					30,339	183,258		213,59
	Amount Per Dth					4.3933	4.8236		4.762

	arme of Respondent This Report is. Date of Report Year/Period of Report (1) X An Original (Mo, Da, Yr)									
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)			Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of	2014/Q4	
	Investments (Accou	ınt 12	3, 1	124,	and 136)			•		
2. Pi (a) maturi include Tempo (b)	Report below investments in Accounts 123, Investments in Associated Companies, 124, Other Investments, and 136, Temporary Cash Investments. Provide a subheading for each account and list thereunder the information called for: (a) Investment in Securities-List and describe each security owned, giving name of issuer, date acquired and date of maturity. For bonds, also give principal amount, date of issue, aturity, and interest rate. For capital stock (including capital stock of respondent reacquired under a definite plan for resale pursuant to authorization by the Board of Directors, and cluded in Account 124, Other Investments) state number of shares, class, and series of stock. Minor investments may be grouped by classes. Investments included in Account 136, emporary Cash Investments, also may be grouped by classes. (b) Investment Advances-Report separately for each person or company the amounts of loans or investment advances that are properly includable in Account 123. Include advances bject to current repayment in Account 145 and 146. With respect to each advance, show whether the advance is a note or open account.									
	Description of Investment					Rook (Cost at Beginning of Year	Purcha	ISAS OF	
Line No.	Description of investment				*	(If bo	post a beginning of real plock cost is different from prespondent, give cost to condent in a footnote and explain difference)	Addii During t	tions	
	(a)				(b)		(c)	(0	i)	
1										
2	Account 124									
3	Oregon weatherization loans									
5	Customer Note Receivable SERP Plan Assets						10,056,109		447,187	
6	SISP Plan Assets						39,460		21,173	
7	SISE Francis						39,400		21,173	
8										
9										
10										
11	Account 136									
12	Short-term deposits of cash in interest									
13	bearing accounts (cash management accts)									
14										
15	Short-term deposits of cash in interest									
16	bearing accounts (Exec Deferred Compensation)									
17 18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25										
26										
27										
28										
29 30										
31										
32										
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37										
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39										
40										
L										

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)									
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	on		(1) (2)	X An Origina A Resubm		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
		Investments (A	ccount 12	3, 124,	and 136) (cor	ntinued)		•		
3. Do 4. If number 5. Ro 6. In	ist each note, giving date of issuance, maturity date, and specifying whether note is a renewal. Designate any advances due from officers, directors, stockholders, or employees. 3. Designate with an asterisk in column (b) any securities, notes or accounts that were pledged, and in a footnote state the name of pledges and purpose of the pledge. 4. If Commission approval was required for any advance made or security acquired, designate such fact in a footnote and cite Commission, date of authorization, and case or docket number. 5. Report in column (h) interest and dividend revenues from investments including such revenues from securities disposed of during the year. 6. In column (i) report for each investment disposed of during the year the gain or loss represented by the difference between cost of the investment (or the other amount at which carried in the books of account if different from cost) and the selling price thereof, not including any dividend or interest adjustment includible in column (h).									
in the	the books of account if different from cost) and the selling price thereof, not including any dividend or interest adjustment includible in column (h).									
Line	Sales or Other Dispositions During Year	Principal Amount or No. of Shares at End of Year	(If book co	st is diffe	nd of Year rent from cost jive cost to		Revenues for Year	Gain or Loss from Investment Disposed of		
No.	g		respond	lent in a f	ootnote and			p		
	(e)	(f)	exp	plain diffe (g)	rence)		(h)	(i)		
1	V.	(/		(3)			()	V		
2										
3										
5	512,186				9,991,110		447,187			
6					60,633		1,084			
7										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13 14										
15										
16										
17 18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
24										
25										
26 27										
28										
29										
30										
31										
33										
34										
35			-							
36 37										
38										
39										
40			<u> </u>							
İ										

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Investments in Subsidiary	Companies (Account 123.1)		
2. Pi (a) Inv (b) Inv to eac	eport below investments in Account 123.1, Investments in Subsidiary Companies. rovide a subheading for each company and list thereunder the information called for b restment in Securities-List and describe each security owned. For bonds give also princestment Advances - Report separately the amounts of loans or investment advances hadvance show whether the advance is a note or open account. List each note givin eport separately the equity in undistributed subsidiary earnings since acquisition. The	ncipal amount, date of issue, maturity which are subject to repayment, but v g date of issuance, maturity date, and	and interest rate. which are not subject to currer specifying whether note is a	nt settlement. With respect renewal.
	Description of Investment	Date	Date of	Amount of
Line		Acquired	Maturity	Investment at
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	Beginning of Year (d)
1	, ,			
2				
3				
4 5				
6	CGC Resources books were dissolved 12/31/08, but the company			
7	continues for gas supply contracting purposes only.			
8				
9				
10 11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16 17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22 23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28 29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34 35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
40	TOTAL Cost of Account 123.1 \$		TOTAL	

Nam	e of Respondent		This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report						
Caso	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>						
		Investments in Subsidiary Comp	panies (Account 123.1) (conti	nued)							
5. If docket 6. Re 7. In carried	4. Designate in a footnote, any securities, notes, or accounts that were pledged, and state the name of pledgee and purpose of the pledge. 5. If Commission approval was required for any advance made or security acquired, designate such fact in a footnote and give name of Commission, date of authorization, and case or bocket number. 6. Report in column (f) interest and dividend revenues from investments, including such revenues from securities disposed of during the year. 7. In column (h) report for each investment disposed of during the year, the gain or loss represented by the difference between cost of the investment (or the other amount at which arried in the books of account if different from cost), and the selling price thereof, not including interest adjustments includible in column (f). 8. Report on Line 40, column (a) the total cost of Account 123.1.										
	Equity in Subsidiary	Revenues for Year	Amount of Investment		sain or Loss from						
Line No.	Earnings for Year (e)	(f)	at End of Year		Investment Disposed of (h)						
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
7											
8											
9											
10											
11											
12 13											
14											
15											
16											
17											
18 19											
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23											
24 25											
26											
27											
28											
29											
30 31											
32											
33											
34											
35											
36											
37 38											
39											
40											
'											

Nam	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Barran de (Acad 405) Entre de l'acad Barran de Lacad (Acad	(2)			
	Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary Property Losses (Acct	182.1)	, Unrecovered Plant an	d Regulatory Study C	osts (Acct 182.2)
	PREPAYMENT	S (AC	CCOUNT 165)		
1 D	eport below the particulars (details) on each prepayment.		·		
1.10					D. 1.5.1
Line	Nature of Payment				Balance at End
No.					of Year (in dollars)
	(a)				(b)
1	Prepaid Insurance				126,563
2	Prepaid Rents				4,209,809
3	Prepaid Taxes				1,278,937
4	Prepaid Interest				
5	Miscellaneous Prepayments				
6	TOTAL				5,615,309
				•	
ı					
ı					
l					
l					

Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary Property Losses (Acct 182.1), Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (Acct 182.2) (continued) EXTRAORDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. Account Amount Charged Charged	Property Losses (Acct 182.1), Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (Acct 182.2) (continued) PRDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year Of Year Of Loss During Year Account Amount Charged Amount Charged Amount Amount Charged Amount	Cas	ne of Respondent		(1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of F (Mo, Da,	Yr)	Year/Period of Repo
EXTRAORDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (g) (g) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h	(continued) DRDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year During Year End of Year Account Amount Charged				(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/	2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
EXTRAORDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (a) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (d) (e) (f) (g) (e) (f) (g) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h	DRDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year During Year Account Amount Charged DRDINARY PROPERTY LOSSES (ACCOUNT 182.1) Balance at Duriten off Written off During Year End of Year		Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary	y Property Losses			nd Regulatory	Study Cost	s (Acct 182.2)
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year Account Charged During Year Amount Charged Amount Charged Balance at Balance at Balance at End of Year				(continuea)				
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (f) (g) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h	Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year Account Charged Amount Charged								
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year Account Charged During Year Amount Charged Palance at Balance at Beginning of Loss During Year Account Amount Charged								
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (f) (g) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h	Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year Account Charged During Year Amount Charged Palance at Balance at Beginning of Loss During Year Account Amount Charged								
Description of Extraordinary Loss [include the date of loss, the date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (e) (f) (g) (f) (g) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h) (h) (h	Balance at Beginning Amount Recognized During Year Account Charged During Year Amount Charged Palance at Balance at Beginning of Loss During Year Account Amount Charged		EXTRA	ORDINARY PE	ROPERTY L	OSSES (ACCOU	NT 182.1)		
date of loss, the date of Commission authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (e) (f) (g) (f) (g) (g) (h) (g) (h) (h) (g) (h) (h	Beginning Amount Recognized During Year During Year End of Year of Year Account Amount Charged			1				Written of	f Balance at
authorization to use Account 182.1 and period of amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (n) (n) (n) (n) (n) (n) (n) (n) (n) (n	of Year of Loss During Year Account Amount Charged								
amortization (mo, yr, to mo, yr) Add rows as necessary to report all data. (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (c) None	Charged				of Loss				
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (g) (h) (e) (f) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g								Amount	
None				(b)	(c)	(d)		(f)	(g)
				,			. ,	.,	
1									
2									
4									
		_							
5 Total									
			Total						

	e of Respondent		This (1)	Report Is: X An Original	Date of R (Mo, Da,	eport Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2		End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
	Prepayments (Acct 165), Extraordinary				nd Regulatory	Study Costs	s (Acct 182.2)		
		(con	tinued	l)					
	UNRECOVERED	PLANT AND REGU	ΔΤΟ	DRY STUDY COS	TS (ACCOU	NT 182 2\			
					Written off	Written of			
	Description of Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs [Include in the description of costs,		otal ount	Costs Recognized	During Year	During Ye			
	the date of Commission authorization to use		narges	During Year	Duning real	During re	ai Eliu di Feai		
	Account 182.2 and period of amortization (mo,	or real or or	larges	During Teal					
ine	yr, to mo, yr)] Add rows as necessary to report				Account	Amount			
No.	all data. Number rows in sequence beginning				Charged				
	with the next row number after the last row				Ü				
	number used for extraordinary property losses.								
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
6	None								
7									
9									
9									
1									
2									
:3									
24									
25									
26	Total								

	ne of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1)	Report Is:		(Mo, D	a, Yr)		ar/Period of Repor
		Other Pe	(2)	A Resubmis		12/3	1/2014		<u> </u>
in oth 2. F 3. M 4. F 5. P	Report below the details called for concerning ter accounts). For regulatory assets being amortized, show Minor items (5% of the Balance at End of Year Report separately any "Deferred Regulatory or rovide in a footnote, for each line item, the results of the second s	g other regulatory asse period of amortization ar for Account 182.3 o Commission Expenses	in column (a). r amounts less tha " that are also rep	n \$250,000, which	temaking hever is l	ess) may t Regulatory	ne grouped by clar Commission Exp	sses ense	s. es.
comn	nission order, court decision).								
Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Assets (a)	Balance at Beginning Current Quarter/Year (b)	Debits (c)	Written off During Quarter/Year Account Charged (d)	Durin Amount	ten off g Period Recovered (e)	Written off During Period Amount Deemed Unrecoverable (f)	i	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (g)
1								\prod	
3	Miscellaneous							+	
4								+	
5	OR Tax Rate Change	(402,477)	23,675	various					(378,802
6								4	
7 8	Asset Retirement Obligation (WA regulatory asset)	539,036	35,710					+	574,746
9	(WA regulatory asset)							+	
	Asset Retirement Obligation	21,622	1,621					\dagger	23,243
11	(OR regulatory asset)								
12								\prod	
13	SFAS 109 Regulatory Asset	161,543	632	various				\downarrow	162,175
14	(OR regulatory asset)							\dashv	
15 16	FAS 158 Regulatory Asset	35,732,423	16,613,526					\dashv	52,345,949
17	(Total system asset)	337.327.123	10/010/020					+	02/010/71
18								1	
19									
20								\downarrow	
21 22								+	
23								+	
24								\dagger	
25								1	
26								\prod	
27								\downarrow	
28 29								+	
30								+	
31								+	
32									
33									
34								\downarrow	
35 36								+	
37								+	
38								\dagger	
39								\top	
40	Total	36,052,147	16,675,164			0		0	52,727,31

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			This Report Is: (1) X An Orig (2) A Resul	inal omission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
		Miscellaneous Defer	red Debits (Accou	nt 186)	-	
2. F	Report below the details called for concerning misce For any deferred debit being amortized, show period Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped by	ellaneous deferred debits. I of amortization in columr	-			
Line No.	Description of Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	Balance at Beginning of Year	Debits	Credits Accour Charge	nt Amount	Balance at End of Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
1	WA Conservation Programs	3,555,548	4,851,121	4800-4813	3 5,508,86	2,897,804
2	(amortization period 11/10-present)					
4	WA Bremerton Manufactured Gas Plant	14,071,601	1,328,214		37	75 15,399,440
5 6	Remediation					
7	WA Gas Management Sharing Margin (amortization period 11/10-present)	(106,484)	23,670	4800-4813 4890	3,43	(86,244
9						
10 11 12	WA Over-refunded Temporary Revenue Credit	(3,008)	3,551		18,78	(18,241
13	OR Conservation Programs	(2,088,148)	5,265,519	4800-4813	3 4,494,43	6 (1,317,065
14	(amortization period 11/10-present)	(= ,000 , 100 ,	-,,	4890	.,,	(1,511,533
15	,					
16 17	OR Eugene Manufactured Gas Plant Remediation	1,362,875	520,412		6,32	1,876,963
18						
19	OR Intervenor Funding	35,380	59,393		3 47,43	47,339
20 21	(amortization period 11/10-present)			4890		
22	OR Over-refunded Temporary Revenue	3,075	3,456		3,61	7 2,914
23	Credit Credit	3,073	3,430		3,0	7 2,71
24	Clour					
25	I/C Asset - Net Benefit Funds	1,962,098			4,47	76 1,957,622
26						
27	Post Retirement FAS 158	1,020,693	1,719,423		1,538,94	1,201,17
28						
29						
30						
31 32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
38						
39	Miscellaneous Work in Progress					
40	Total	19,813,630	13,774,759		11,626,68	21,961,70

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[Next page is 234]

Nam	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Deferred In				+
	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe	erred inc	ome taxes.		
	Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.	41 t 41	a ha abaabaa afaasaa aa daa	d -6	d to a cons
	ovide in a footnote a summary of the type and amount of deferred income taxes repor that the respondent estimates could be included in the development of jurisdictional re			d-or-year barances for deferred	ı income
	Account Subdivisions		Balance at	Changes During	Changes During
Line			Beginning	Year	Year
No.			of Year	Amounts Debited	Amounts Credited
				to Account 410.1	to Account 411.1
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Account 190				
2	Electric				
3	Gas		20,926,644	2,086,789	
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)				
5	Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)		20,926,644	2,086,789	
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)		20.027.744	2.007.700	
7	TOTAL Account 190 (Total of lines 5 thru 6) Classification of TOTAL		20,926,644	2,086,789	
9	Federal Income Tax		20,039,172	2,000,055	
10	State Income Tax		887,472	86,734	
11	Local Income Tax		007,472	00,734	
	-			<u> </u>	

	of Respondent de Natural Gas Corpora	ation		This Report Is: (1) X An Origi (2) A Result	nal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	Year/Period of Report End of 2014/Q4
		Accumulate	d Deferred Incom	e Taxes (Account 1			
		Aodamaiate	a Beleffed IIIooiii	c raxes (Account 1	30) (00mma	cuj	
	Changes During	Changes During	Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustment	s Adjustments	Balance at
Line	Year	Year					End of Year
No.	Amounts Debited	Amounts Credited	Debits	Debits	Credits	Credits	
	to Account 410.2	to Account 411.2	Account No.	Amount	Account No	o. Amount	
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
1							
2				(0.0(0.540)			00 700 074
3 4			see	(3,863,519)			22,703,374
5			footnote	(3,863,519)			22,703,374
6				(3,003,317)			22,100,014
7				(3,863,519)			22,703,374
8							
9				(3,700,339)			21,739,456
10				(163,180)			963,918
11							

	e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation	This Report Is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmiss	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	Year/Period of Report End of 2014/Q4
	Capital Sto	ck (Accounts 201 and 204)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
prefer 2. E	eport below the details called for concerning common and preferred stock at red stock. ntries in column (b) should represent the number of shares authorized by the ive details concerning shares of any class and series of stock authorized to be	end of year, distinguishing separate so articles of incorporation as amended	to end of year.	eparate totals for common and
Line No.	Class and Series of Stock and Name of Stock Exchange	Number of Shares Authorized by Charter	Par or Stated Value per Share	Call Price at End of Year
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Account 201			
2	Common stock - not publicly traded	1,000	1.00	
3				
4				
5				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
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17 18				
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39 40				
TU				

	ne of Respondent			This R	Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corpor	ration		(1) (2)	All Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
			Capital Stock (Ac	counts	201 and 204)	-	+
5. S 6. G	he identification of each class tate in a footnote if any capital ive particulars (details) in coluse of pledge.	stock that has been nominally	issued is nominally outst	anding at	end of year.		g name of pledgee and
Line No.	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet (total amt outstanding without reduction for amts held by respondent) Shares (e)	Outstanding per Bal. Sheet Amount	Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217) Shares		Held by Respondent As Reacquired Stock (Acct 217) Cost	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds Shares	Held by Respondent In Sinking and Other Funds Amount
	(6)	(f)	(g)		(h)	(i)	(j)
1	4.000	1.000		_			
2	1,000	1,000					
3							
5				+			
6							
7							
8							
9							
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	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Origina	al.	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubm		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Capital Stock: Subscribed, Liability for Conversion, Premium on, a	nd Installments Re	cieved o	n (Accts 202, 203, 205	, 206, 207, and 212)
2. bala 3. Liab 4.	Show for each of the above accounts the amounts applying to e For Account 202, Common Stock Subscribed, and Account 205, nce due on each class at the end of year. Describe in a footnote the agreement and transactions under whility for Conversion, or Account 206, Preferred Stock Liability for For Premium on Account 207, Capital Stock, designate with an adderation received over stated values of stocks without par values.	Preferred Stock S nich a conversion I Conversion, at the asterisk in column	Subscribiability of end of	existed under Accour	at 203, Common Stock
Line	Name of Account and Description of Item	*		Number of Shares	Amount
No.	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
1	Account 207				
2	Premium on Capital Stock - Common			1,000	152,703,952
3	Description of the control of the co				
5	Represents excess received over \$1.00 par value of common stock				
6	of common stock				
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13 14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
25					
26					
27					
28					-
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40	Total			1,000	152,703,952

	e of Respondent		Report Is: X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>				
	Other Paid-In Capit	al (Acc	ounts 208-211)	 	·				
Provious Provious (a) (b) rise (c) and relat (d)	1. Report below the balance at the end of the year and the information specified below for the respective other paid-in capital accounts. Provide a subheading for each account and show a total for the account, as well as a total of all accounts for reconciliation with the palance sheet, page 112. Explain changes made in any account during the year and give the accounting entries effecting such change. (a) Donations Received from Stockholders (Account 208) - State amount and briefly explain the origin and purpose of each donation. (b) Reduction in Par or Stated Value of Capital Stock (Account 209) - State amount and briefly explain the capital changes that gave is to amounts reported under this caption including identification with the class and series of stock to which related. (c) Gain or Resale or Cancellation of Reacquired Capital Stock (Account 210) - Report balance at beginning of year, credits, debits, and balance at end of year with a designation of the nature of each credit and debit identified by the class and series of stock to which related. (d) Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital (Account 211) - Classify amounts included in this account according to captions that, together with parief explanations, disclose the general nature of the transactions that gave rise to the reported amounts.								
	Item				Amount				
Line No.	(a)				(b)				
1	None								
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16 17									
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37									
38									
39 40	Total				0				
70	Total								

	ne of Respondent	1 his (1)	Re	port Is: An Original	Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	Ê	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	DISCOUNT ON CAPITAL	STO	СК	(ACCOUNT 213)		+
2. If	eport the balance at end of year of discount on capital stock for each class and series any change occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or series the year and specify the account charged.					
Line	Class and Series of Sto	ck				Balance at
No.	(a)					End of Year (b)
1	None					
2						
3						
4						
5 6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
	TOTAL					
	CAPITAL STOCK EXP					
seque 2. If	eport the balance at end of year of capital stock expenses for each class and series of ince starting from the last row number used for Discount on Capital Stock above. any change occurred during the year in the balance with respect to any class or series ital stock expense and specify the account charged.					
	Class and Series of Stor	ck				Balance at
Line No.	(a)					End of Year (b)
16	None					
17						
18						
19						
20						
21 22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
	TOTAL					

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4
Securities Issued	or Assumed and Securities Refunded or Ref	ired During the Year	

- 1. Furnish a supplemental statement briefly describing security financing and refinancing transactions during the year and the accounting for the securities, discounts, premiums, expenses, and related gains or losses. Identify as to Commission authorization numbers and dates.
- 2. Provide details showing the full accounting for the total principal amount, par value, or stated value of each class and series of security issued, assumed, retired, or refunded and the accounting for premiums, discounts, expenses, and gains or losses relating to the securities. Set forth the facts of the accounting clearly with regard to redemption premiums, unamortized discounts, expenses, and gain or losses relating to securities retired or refunded, including the accounting for such amounts carried in the respondent's accounts at the date of the refunding or refinancing transactions with respect to securities previously refunded or retired.
- 3. Include in the identification of each class and series of security, as appropriate, the interest or dividend rate, nominal date of issuance, maturity date, aggregate principal amount, par value or stated value, and number of shares. Give also the issuance of redemption price and name of the principal underwriting firm through which the security transactions were consummated.
- 4. Where the accounting for amounts relating to securities refunded or retired is other than that specified in General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts, cite the Commission authorization for the different accounting and state the accounting method.
- 5. For securities assumed, give the name of the company for which the liability on the securities was assumed as well as details of the transactions whereby the respondent undertook to pay obligations of another company. If any unamortized discount, premiums, expenses, and gains or losses were taken over onto the respondent's books, furnish details of these amounts with amounts relating to refunded securities clearly earmarked.

None

Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)										
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4						
	Long-Term Debt (Accounts 221, 222, 223, and 224)									
224, (2. F	 Report by Balance Sheet Account the details concerning long-term debt included in Account 221, Bonds, 222, Reacquired Bonds, 223, Advances from Associated Companies, and 224, Other Long-Term Debt. For bonds assumed by the respondent, include in column (a) the name of the issuing company as well as a description of the bonds. For Advances from Associated Companies, report separately advances on notes and advances on open accounts. Designate demand notes as such. Include in column (a) names of 									
assoc	lated companies from which advances were received. or receivers' certificates, show in column (a) the name of the court and date of court or			(-)						
Line No.	Class and Series of Obligation and Name of Stock Exchange	Nominal Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Outstanding (Total amount outstanding without reduction for amts held by respondent)						
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)						
1	Account 224									
2										
3	Other Long Term Debt:									
4	Medium Term Notes	09/15/1997	09/15/2027	20,000,000						
5	Medium Term Notes	03/16/1999	03/16/2029	15,000,000						
6	Insured Quarterly Notes	02/01/2005	02/01/2035	24,863,000						
7	Notes Control Notes	09/01/2005	09/01/2020	15,000,000						
9	Senior Notes	03/08/2007 08/23/2013	03/08/2037 08/23/2025	40,000,000						
10	Senior Notes (Series A) Senior Notes (Series B)	08/23/2013	08/23/2028	25,000,000 25,000,000						
11	Senior Notes (Series A)	11/24/2014	11/24/2044	12,500,000						
12	Senior Notes (Series B)	11/24/2054	12,500,000							
13	Control Hotes (Control by	11/24/2014	,,	12,000,000						
14										
15										
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39										
40	TOTAL			189,863,000						

	ne of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report					
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>				
		Long-Term Debt (Accou	ints 221, 222, 223, and 224)		•				
princip 6. If of the	 5. In a supplemental statement, give explanatory details for Accounts 223 and 224 of net changes during the year. With respect to long-term advances, show for each company: (a) principal advanced during year (b) interest added to principal amount, and (c) principal repaid during year. Give Commission authorization numbers and dates. 6. If the respondent has pledged any of its long-term debt securities, give particulars (details) in a footnote, including name of the pledgee and purpose of the pledge. 7. If the respondent has any long-term securities that have been nominally issued and are nominally outstanding at end of year, describe such securities in a footnote. 								
	interest expense was incurred during the year or								
	ence between the total of column (f) and the total								
	ive details concerning any long-term debt author			•					
	Interest for	Interest for	Held by	Held by	Redemption Price				
Line	Year	Year	Respondent	Respondent	per \$100 at				
No.					End of Year				
	Rate	Amount	Reacquired Bonds	Sinking and					
	(in %) (e)	(f)	(Acct 222) (g)	Other Funds (h)	(i)				
1	(6)	(1)	(9)	(11)	(1)				
2									
3									
4	7.480	1,496,000							
5	7.100	1,064,700							
6	5.250	1,297,524							
7	5.210	781,500							
8	5.790	2,316,000							
9	4.110	999,235							
10	4.360	1,060,015							
11	4.090	51,125							
12	4.240	53,000							
13									
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39									
40		9,119,099							
<u> </u>		7,,6.7							

					r/Period of Report					
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)			jinai ibmission	12/31/		En	d of 2014/Q4
	Unamortized Debt Expense, Premium and	Disc	ount	on L	ong-Te	erm Debt (Ac	counts 181	, 225, 226)		
premii 2. S 3. In	 Report under separate subheadings for Unamortized Debt Expense, Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt and Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt, details of expense, remium or discount applicable to each class and series of long-term debt. Show premium amounts by enclosing the figures in parentheses. In column (b) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt originally issued. In column (c) show the expense, premium or discount with respect to the amount of bonds or other long-term debt originally issued. 									
Line	Designation of Long-Term Debt	Principal Amount Total Expense of Debt Issued Premium or Discount				Premium or Period		Amortization Period		
No.								Date Fror	n	Date To
	(a)		((b)		(c))	(d)		(e)
1	Unamortized Debt Expense (Account 181)									
2										
3	Medium Term Notes 7.48%			20	,000,000		201,406	09/1	5/1997	09/15/2027
4	Medium Term Notes 7.10%			15	5,000,000		151,056	03/1	5/1999	03/16/2029
5	Insured Quarterly Notes 5.25%			25	,090,000		1,947,598	02/0	1/2005	02/01/2035
6	Notes 5.21%			15	5,000,000		238,755	09/0	1/2005	09/01/2020
7	Senior Notes 5.79%			40	0,000,000		232,781	03/0	3/2007	03/08/2037
8	Senior Notes (Series A) 4.11%				5,000,000	ļ	151,810		3/2013	08/23/2025
9	Senior Notes (Series B) 4.36%				5,000,000		151,810		3/2013	08/23/2028
10	Revolving Credit Agreement				,,		207,500		9/2013	07/09/2018
11	Senior Notes (Series A) 4.09%			12	2,500,000		59,681		4/2014	11/24/2044
12	Senior Notes (Series B) 4.24%				2,500,000	ļ	59,681		4/2014	11/24/2054
13	Senior Notes (Series A) 4.09%			12	.,000,000		22,181		5/2015	01/15/2045
14	Senior Notes (Series B) 4.24%						22,181		5/2015	01/15/2055
15	Schiol Notes (Selies b) 4.2470						22,101	01/1.	3/2013	01/13/2033
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	of Respondent		This I	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casca	de Natural Gas Corporation		(2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Unamortized Deb	t Expense, Premium and Disc	ount o	on Long-Term Debt (Ac	counts 181, 225, 226)	
date of the	nish in a footnote details regarding the treatment on the Commission's authorization of treatment on tiffy separately undisposed amounts applicablain any debits and credits other than amortized it.	other than as specified by the Uniform State to issues which were redeemed in p	System o	of Accounts. s.		
	Balance at Beginning	Debits During Year		Credits During Year		Balance at End of Year
Line No.	of Year					
1	(f)	(g)		(h)		(i)
2						
3	92,031				6,713	85,318
4	76,366				5,035	71,331
5	1,370,719				65,014	1,305,705
6	106,180				16,177	90,003
7	180,055				7,770	172,285
8	144,990	802			12,611	133,181
9	146,033	802			10,089	136,746
10	186,750	002			41,500	145,250
11	100,730	59,681			332	59,349
12		59,681			249	59,432
13		22,181			249	22,181
14		22,181				22,181
		22,101				22,101
15						
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	e of Respondent		This Report	ls: Original	Da (M	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
	Unamortiz	ed Loss and Gai	n on R		ebt (Accounts	189, 2	57)		
inclutrans 2. 3. 17 o 4. 5.	1. Report under separate subheadings for Unamortized Loss and Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, details of gain and loss, including maturity date, on reacquisition applicable to each class and series of long-term debt. If gain or loss resulted from a refunding ansaction, include also the maturity date of the new issue. 2. In column (c) show the principal amount of bonds or other long-term debt reacquired. 3. In column (d) show the net gain or net loss realized on each debt reacquisition as computed in accordance with General Instruction of the Uniform Systems of Accounts. 4. Show loss amounts by enclosing the figures in parentheses. 5. Explain in a footnote any debits and credits other than amortization debited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss on Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss of Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss of Reacquired leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss of Reacquired leabt, or credited leabt, or credited to Account 428.1, Amortization of Loss of Reacquired leabt, or credited lea								
Debt, or credited to Account 429.1, Amortization of Gain on Reacquired Debt-Credit.									
Line	Designation of Long-Term Debt	Date Reacquired		Principal of Debt	Net Gain Loss	or	Balance at Beginning	Balance at End of Year	
No.	Long-Term Debt	Reacquired		eacquired	LUSS		of Year	Liid oi Teai	
	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)		(e)	(f)	
1	Unamortized Loss on								
2	Reacquired Debt (Acct 189)								
3									
4									
5	7.50% Notes (a)	=		00 700 000	/ 10	00 400)	04045	4 000 400	
6	Due 11/15/2031 (1)	11/15/2001		39,729,000	(1,2	29,120)	949,15	4 908,183	
7 8	See footnote								
9	Sec location								
10									
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Nam	ne of Respondent	I his i	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Pe	riod of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of	2014/Q4
	Pacanciliation of Panarted Not Income w	. ,			<u> </u>	
and	Reconciliation of Reported Net Income w Report the reconciliation of reported net income for the year with show computation of such tax accruals. Include in the reconciliation of the tax return for the year. Submit a reconciliation even thousand the concentration of the tax return for the year.	taxal	ole income used in ones far as practicable	computing Federal Inco	rnished c	n Schedule
natu 2. as if	of the tax return for the year. Submit a reconciliation even though re of each reconciling amount. If the utility is a member of a group that files consolidated Federa a separate return were to be filed, indicating, however, intercompany of group members, and	al tax	return, reconcile rep amounts to be elimi	ported net income with nated in such a consol	taxable r idated re	net income turn. State
	es of group members, tax assigned to each group member, and ng the group members.	basis	of allocation, assigi	nments, or sharing of th	ne conso	lidated tax
Line No.	Details (a)					nount (b)
1	Net Income for the Year (Page 116)					12,035,057
2	Reconciling Items for the Year					
3						
4	Taxable Income Not Reported on Books					
5	See footnote					3,096,239
7						
8	TOTAL					3,096,239
9	Deductions Recorded on Books Not Deducted for Return					0,000,200
10	See footnote					35,305,931
11						
12						
13	TOTAL					35,305,931
14	Income Recorded on Books Not Included in Return					044 454)
15 16	Interest capitalized adj. (IRS>books) AFUDC Equity					241,451) 67,145)
17	AFODO Equity					07,140)
18	TOTAL					308,596)
19	Deductions on Return Not Charged Against Book Income					. ,
20	See footnote				(56,609,322)
21						
22						
23 24						
24 25						
26	TOTAL					56,609,322)
27	Federal Tax Net Income				(6,480,691)
28	Show Computation of Tax:					
29	Rate - 35.00%					
30	Estimated Tax Return Federal Income Tax				(2,268,242)
31	Adjustments:					1 222 252)
32 33	Difference between 12/31/13 accrual and tax return					4,998,359)
33 34	Provision for Current Federal Income Tax (see footnote) Oregon State Tax Calculation - (see footnote)					7,266,601) 408,487)
35	Oregon State Tax Calculation - (see foothole)					400,407)
<u></u>						
	1					

Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)						
		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>					
7	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged During Year, Distribution of			dept where applicable	and acct charged)					
1. Gi sales t footno 2. In balanc	1. Give details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax accounts and show the total taxes charged to operations and other accounts during the year. Do not include gasoline and other ales taxes which have been charged to the accounts to which the taxed material was charged. If the actual or estimated amounts of such taxes are known, show the amounts in a potnote and designate whether estimated or actual amounts. 2. Include on this page, taxes paid during the year and charged direct to final accounts, (not charged to prepaid or accrued taxes). Enter the amounts in both columns (d) and (e). The alancing of this age is not affected by the inclusion of these taxes.									
portion	3. Include in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxes charged to operations and other accounts through (a) accruals credited to taxes accrued, (b) amounts credited to the portion of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c) taxes paid and charged direct to operations or accounts other than accrued and prepaid tax accounts. 4. List the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that the total tax for each State and subdivision can readily be ascertained.									
Line No.	Kind of Tax (See Instruction 5)			Balance at Beg. of Year	Balance at Beg. of Year					
	(a)			Taxes Accrued (b)	Prepaid Taxes (c)					
1	Income Tax									
2	Oregon Accrued			(15,827	7)					
3	Federal Accrued			(183,992	2)					
4	Fin 48 - current			1,403,25	4					
5	Gross Revenue									
6	Washington			420,34	7					
7	Oregon									
8	Dept of Energy - Oregon				27,061					
9	City Franchise & Occupation									
10	Washington			1,801,67	8					
11	Oregon			802,55	1					
12	Property									
13	Washington			2,756,27	5					
14	Oregon				628,933					
15	Payroll Taxes			79,74						
16	State Excise - Washington			2,235,56	6					
17										
18	Miscellaneous									
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25 26										
27 28										
28										
30										
31										
32										
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34										
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37										
38										
39										
	TOTAL			9,299,59	8 655,994					

Name of Respondent			This Rep	oort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(2)	All Oliginal A Resubmission	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>	
T	axes Accrued, Prepaid and Charged Duri	ng Year, Distribution of		arged (Show utility	dept where applicable	and acct charged)
sales ta footnote 2. Inc balancii page is 3. Inc portion	re details of the combined prepaid and accrued tax acc exact which have been charged to the accounts to whice e and designate whether estimated or actual amounts. lude on this page, taxes paid during the year and char ng of this not affected by the inclusion of these taxes. lude in column (d) taxes charged during the year, taxe of prepaid taxes charged to current year, and (c) taxes	th the taxed material was charged direct to final accounts, (notes that the charged to operations and of spaid and charged direct to operations.	ed. If the a ot charged to ther account erations or a	ctual or estimated amount o prepaid or accrued taxes as through (a) accruals cre accounts other than accru	s of such taxes are known, s s). Enter the amounts in both dited to taxes accrued, (b) a ed and prepaid tax accounts	show the amounts in a n columns (d) and (e). The mounts credited to the
	the aggregate of each kind of tax in such manner that RIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (Show ut					
Line No.	Electric (Account 408.1, 409.1)	Gas (Account 408.1, 409.1)	<u>'</u>	Other Utility (Account 40 409.1)	Dept.	Other Income and Deductions (Account 408.2, 409.2)
1	(i)	(j)		(k)		(1)
1 2 3 4			06,771) 66,101)			(1,716) (501)
5 6 7			84,369 64,934			
8 9 10			56,355 67,054			
11 12			83,941			20/2
13 14			53,208 69,904			2,962
15			93,289			
16 17		9,1	98,932			
18 19 20			74,610			
21 22						
23 24 25						
26 27 28						
29 30						
31 32 33						
34 35						
36 37 38						
39	TOTAL	21,4	73,724			745

	Name of Respondent				This Report Is: Output Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Po (Mo, Da, Yr)				
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(2) A Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
	Taxes Accrued, Prepaid and Char	ged During Year, Distribut		Taxes Cha ntinued)	rged (Show utility	dept where applical	ble and acct charged)		
6. El 7. D author 8. Sl	5. If any tax (exclude Federal and State income taxes) covers more than one year, show the required information separately for each tax year, identifying the year in column (a). 6. Enter all adjustments of the accrued and prepaid tax accounts in column (f) and explain each adjustment in a footnote. Designate debit adjustments by parentheses. 7. Do not include on this page entries with respect to deferred income taxes or taxes collected through payroll deductions or otherwise pending transmittal of such taxes to the taxing authority. 8. Show in columns (i) thru (p) how the taxes accounts were distributed. Show both the utility department and number of account charged. For taxes charged to utility plant, show the number of the appropriate balance sheet plant account or subaccount.								
9. Fo	 9. For any tax apportioned to more than one utility department or account, state in a footnote the basis (necessity) of apportioning such tax. 10. Items under \$250,000 may be grouped. 11. Report in column (q) the applicable effective state income tax rate. 								
Line No.	Taxes Charged During Year (d)	Taxes Paid During Year (e)		Adjustments (f)	(Account 236)		Balance at End of Year Prepaid Taxes (Included in Acct 165) (h)		
1	(u)	(e)		(1)		(g)	(11)		
2	(408,487)	(154,800)					269,514		
3	(7,287,194)	(5,681,081)		1,440			349,744		
5	37,107			(1,440	,361)				
6	484,369	426,633				478,083			
7	164,934	164,934							
8	56,355	53,440					24,146		
9	10,167,054	10,231,030				1,737,702			
11	2,683,941	2,722,040				764,452			
12									
13	2,956,170	2,786,559				2,925,886			
14 15	1,269,904 2,288,327	1,276,505 2,256,123				111,950	635,534		
16	9,588,055	9,537,285				2,286,336			
17									
18	74,610	74,610							
19 20									
21									
22									
23									
24 25									
26									
27									
28									
29 30									
31									
32									
33									
34 35									
36									
37									
38 39									
27	TOTAL 22,075,145	23,693,278				8,304,409	1,278,938		
	,				·				

	Name of Respondent				port Is:	Year/Period of Report				
Casca	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission			(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014		End of <u>2014/Q4</u>	
Ta	xes Accrued, Prepaid and	Charged During Year, Distr			harged (Sh	now utility	dept where applica	able ar	nd acct charged)	
	(continued) 5. If any tax (exclude Federal and State income taxes) covers more than one year, show the required information separately for each tax year, identifying the year in column (a).									
6. Enter	all adjustments of the accrued an	nd prepaid tax accounts in column (f)	and explain	each adjus	tment in a foo	otnote. Desig	nate debit adjustments b	y paren	theses.	
7. Do not include on this page entries with respect to deferred income taxes or taxes collected through payroll deductions or otherwise pending transmittal of such taxes to the taxing authority.										
	8. Show in columns (i) thru (p) how the taxes accounts were distributed. Show both the utility department and number of account charged. For taxes charged to utility plant, show the									
1	number of the appropriate balance sheet plant account or subaccount. 9. For any tax apportioned to more than one utility department or account, state in a footnote the basis (necessity) of apportioning such tax.									
1	iny tax apportioned to more than o ns under \$250,000 may be groupe		te in a footno	ote the basis	s (necessity) (of apportionir	ng such tax.			
	11. Report in column (q) the applicable effective state income tax rate.									
DISTR	DISTRIBUTION OF TAXES CHARGED (Show utility department where applicable and account charged.)									
	Extraordinary Items	Other Utility Opn.	Adj	ustment to F	Ret.				State/Local	
Line	(Account 409.3)	Income		Earnings			Other		Income Tax	
No.		(Account 408.1, 409.1)	()	Account 439))				Rate	
	(m)	(n)		(o)			(p)		(q)	
1			-	-						
3							(20,592)		1.52	
4							37,107			
5										
6										
7										
9										
10										
11										
12 13										
14										
15							195,038			
16							389,123			
17 18										
19										
20										
21 22										
23										
24										
25										
26 27										
28										
29										
30										
31 32										
33										
34										
35										
36 37										
38										
39										
TOTAL							600,676			

Nam	e of Respondent			eport Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	Ŀ	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	Miscellaneous Current and A		<u>۱</u>			
					242)	
	Describe and report the amount of other current and accrued lia					
۷.	Minor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped under approp	mate ti	ıtı	e.		
						T
Line	Item					Balance at
No.	(a)					End of Year (b)
1	Accrued Paid Time Off Liability					1,683,303
2	Accrued 401k Defined Contributions					952,342
3	Wages Payable					949,133
4	Accounts Payable Accrual					946,290
5	Variable Pay Incentive Contribution					692,354
6	Pipeline Imbalances					593,147
7	Washington Low Income Assist Liability					589,265
8	SERP Defined Contributions					485,309
9	Conservation Achievement Tariff					322,584
10	Oregon Weatherization Liability					304,245
11	Energy Tust of Oregon Liability					268,957
12	Professional Services (bank, accounting, legal)					256,181
13	Other Misc. Current Liabilities (aggregate)					129,272
14	1 22 2 1					
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
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37						
38						
39						
40						
41						
42						
43						
44						
	Tatal					8,172,382
45	Total					2,11=,30=

	e of Respondent			This F	Report	: Is: · Original	Da (N	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	Year/Perio	od of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)		Resubmission	(10	12/31/2014	End of 2	<u>2014/Q4</u>	
		Other Deferred	l Cre	dits (Acco	unt 253)	•	•		
	Report below the details called for concerning other									
	For any deferred credit being amortized, show the p									
3. ľ	Alinor items (less than \$250,000) may be grouped b	1	1			1			1	
Line	Description of Other	Balance at		Debi Contr		Debit		Cradita	Dole	ance at
No.	Description of Other Deferred Credits	Beginning of Year		Accou		Amount		Credits		of Year
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)		(f)
1	WA Deferred Gas Costs	(3,982,995)	805.	.1		34,5	571,292	30,008,13	30 (8,546,157)
2	(ammortization period 11/11-present)									
3	OR Deferred Gas Costs	1,644,450	805	1		10.4	182,183	8,460,44	10 (377,293)
5	(ammortization period 11/11-present)	1,044,430	000.			10,-	102,103	0,100,11	(- 311,273)
6	(animorazation ported 11711 processly)									
7	OR Earning Sharing Liability	8,475	805.	.1			20,679	12,20)4	
8	(ammortization period 11/11-present)									
9										
10	SGL Deposit	168,945		228.4			24,135	4-	70	144,810
11	Customer Unclaimed Credits MDUR Interco NC Payable - FAS 158	5,707 727,819		2/102			461	557,90		5,425 1,285,725
13	Pension Contribution	12,941,065				3.6	565,291	15,540,04		24,815,817
14	T GISION GONEDARON	12,711,000	Vario	Ju 3		0,0	300,271	10,010,0		21,010,017
15										
16										
17										
18										
19 20										
21										
22										
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26										
27 28										
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34										
35 36										
37										
38										
39										
40										
41										
42										
43										
45	Total	11,513,466				18 7	764,041	54,578,90	12	17,328,327
73	1 Octal	11,313,400				40,7	. 5-7,041	34,370,70	~	11,320,321

Nam	e of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report			
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
	Accumulated Deferred Income T	ne Taxes-Other Property (Account 282)						
1. R	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for defe				ımortization.			
	Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.		5 1 1	,				
				T				
			D. I.					
Line	Account Subdivisions		Balance at Beginning	Amounts Debited to	Amounts Credited to			
No.	Account Subulvisions		of Year	Account 410.1	Account 411.1			
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)			
1	Account 282							
2	Electric							
3	Gas		(84,106,817)	(11,635,316)				
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)							
5	Total (Enter Total of lines 2 thru 4)		(84,106,817)	(11,635,316)				
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)							
7	TOTAL Account 282 (Enter Total of lines 5 thr		(84,106,817)	(11,635,316)				
8	Classification of TOTAL							
9	Federal Income Tax		(81,315,722)	(11,100,648)				
10	State Income Tax		(2,791,095)	(534,668)				
11	Local Income Tax							

	of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Original Date of Report Year/Perior (Mo, Da, Yr)				
Casca	de Natural Gas Corpor	ation			bmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>	
		Accumulated Deferr						
		of the type and amount of defi ded in the development of juriso			f-year and end-c	of-year balances for deferred	income taxes that the	
Line	Changes during Year	Changes during Year	Adjustments	Adjustments	Adjustment		Balance at	
No.	Amounts Debited to Account 410.2 (e)	Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f)	Debits Acct. No. (g)	Debits Amount (h)	Credits Account No (i)	Credits Amount (j)	End of Year (k)	
1								
2			100.0.051	2015/2	100 0 105 1		(0(100 100)	
3			182.3 &254	281,562	182.3 &254	677,561	(96,138,132)	
5				281,562		677,561	(96,138,132)	
7				281,562		677,561	(96,138,132)	
8				201/002		377,661	(70,100,102,	
9			254	253,818	254	593,114		
10 11			182.3	27,744	182.3	84,447	(3,382,466)	

Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Accumulated Deferred Inco			
1 R	eport the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting for de			
	Other (Specify), include deferrals relating to other income and deductions.			
			Changes During Year	Changes During Year
Line		Balance at	Amounts	Amounts
No.	Account Subdivisions	Beginning of Year	Debited to Account 410.1	Credited to Account 411.1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Account 283		,	. ,
2	Electric			
3	Gas	(28,196,051)	(1,060,709)	
4	Other (Define) (footnote details)			
5	Total (Total of lines 2 thru 4)	(28,196,051)	(1,060,709)	
6	Other (Specify) (footnote details)			
7	TOTAL Account 283 (Total of lines 5 thru	(28,196,051)	(1,060,709)	
8	Classification of TOTAL			
9	Federal Income Tax	(26,635,990)	(1,006,406)	
10	State Income Tax	(1,560,061)	(54,303)	
11	Local Income Tax			

	of Respondent			This Report Is: (1) X An Orig	inal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Caso	ade Natural Gas Corpora	tion			bmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
		Accumulated D	eferred Income Ta			tinued)	
3. Pro	ovide in a footnote a summary o						income taxes that the
	dent estimates could be include						
	Changes during Changes during Adjustments Year Year			Adjustments	Adjustmen	ts Adjustments	Balance at
Line No.	Amounts Debited to Account 410.2	Amounts Credited to Account 411.2	Debits Acct. No.	Debits Amount	Credits Account No	Credits o. Amount	End of Year
	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
1							
2							
3			See factoria	32,396	See feetnate	3,868,013	(33,092,377)
5			footnote	32,396	footnote	3,868,013	(33,092,377)
6				02,070		0,000,010	(33,072,011)
7				32,396		3,868,013	(33,092,377)
8							
9				22.204		3,704,832	
10 11				32,396		163,181	(1,745,149)

Nan	ne of Respondent		Th	is Report Is:	Date o	f Report	Year/Period of Report
	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1)			a, Yr)	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	•		(2)			1/2014	Lilu 01 2014/Q4
1 [Described to the state of the s			ties (Account 25		-f	
includ 2. F 3. N 4. F	Report below the details called for concerning dable in other amounts). For regulatory liabilities being amortized, show Minor items (5% of the Balance at End of Year Provide in a footnote, for each line item, the renission order, court decision).	period of amortiza for Account 254 or	tion in column (a).	n \$250,000, whiche	ever is less) may be	grouped by classo	es.
Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Liabilities (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	Written off during Quarter/Period Account Credited (c)	Written off During Period Amount Refunded (d)	Written off During Period Amount Deemed Non-Refundable (e)	Credits (f)	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (g)
1	SFAS 109 Regulatory Liability	3,692,243		569,047	(-7	221,962	3,345,158
	Oregon Tax Rate Change	(56,037				3,296	(52,741)
	Regulatory Liability - Post Ret FAS 158	1,020,693	186	175,398			845,295
4	11/1/12 Consolidated Other Technical						
	Adjustments	444	186	861		417	
5	11/12 Under-Refunded Temporary						
	Revenue Credit	(3,044	186				(3,044)
	11/12 Under-Refunded Temporary						
	Revenue Credit	(1,356	186				(1,356)
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12 13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
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34 35							
36							
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41							
42							
43							
44							
45	Total	4,652,943		745,306	0	225,675	4,133,312

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[Next page is 300]

Nam	ne of Respondent				Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report					
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>					
		Gas Operati	+-									
1 R	Report below natural gas operating revenues for each prescribed account total. The amounts must be consistent with the detailed data on succeeding pages.											
	evenues in columns (b) and (c) include transition costs from upstr		11100	1110	ast be consistent with the av	staned data on succeeding pr	agos.					
3. O	ther Revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges		eline	e plus	usage charges, less revenu	ies reflected in columns (b) th	nrough (e). Include in					
colum	ns (f) and (g) revenues for Accounts 480-495.				T	_						
		Revenues for			Revenues for	Revenues for	Revenues for					
		Transition			Transition	GRI and ACA	GRI and ACA					
Line		Costs and Take-or-Pa			Costs and Take-or-Pay							
No.		Take-or-ra	цу		Take-or-ray							
	Title of Account	Amount for	or		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for					
		Current Yea	ar		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year					
	(a)	(b)			(c)	(d)	(e)					
1	480 Residential Sales											
2	481 Commercial and Industrial Sales											
3	482 Other Sales to Public Authorities											
4	483 Sales for Resale											
5	484 Interdepartmental Sales											
6	485 Intracompany Transfers											
7	487 Forfeited Discounts											
8	488 Miscellaneous Service Revenues											
9	489.1 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others											
	Through Gathering Facilities											
10	489.2 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others											
	Through Transmission Facilities											
11	489.3 Revenues from Transportation of Gas of Others											
	Through Distribution Facilities											
12	489.4 Revenues from Storing Gas of Others											
13	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. from Natural Gas											
14	491 Revenues from Natural Gas Proc. by Others											
15	492 Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales											
16	493 Rent from Gas Property											
17	494 Interdepartmental Rents											
18	495 Other Gas Revenues											
19	Subtotal:											
20	496 (Less) Provision for Rate Refunds											
21	TOTAL:											
- 1	TOTAL.											
l												

	e of Respondent			This Re	eport Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	า		(1) <u>\(\)</u>	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
			Gas Operatin				
5. O	increases or decreases from previo n Page 108, include information on eport the revenue from transportation	major changes during the year,	eviously reported figures new service, and im	ures, exp	ain any inconsistencies in a ate increases or decreases.	footnote.	
Line No.	Other Revenues	Other Revenues	Total Operating Revenues		Total Operating Revenues	Dekatherm of Natural Gas	Dekatherm of Natural Gas
	Amount for Current Year (f)	Amount for Previous Year (g)	Amount for Current Year (h)		Amount for Previous Year (i)	Amount for Current Year (j)	Amount for Previous Year (k)
1	168,894,446	155,115,564	168,89		155,115,564	14,911,640	16,025,665
2	113,721,758	99,183,793	113,72	21,758	99,183,793	13,940,004	14,164,494
3							
5							
6							
7							
8	1,138,977	1,275,841	1,13	38,977	1,275,841		
9			·				
10							
11	23,895,477	23,444,372	23,89	95,477	23,444,372	97,122,330	101,421,986
12							
13							
14							
15	110,952	104,591	11	10,952	104,591		
16 17	110,932	104,591	11	10,932	104,391		
18	270,865	190,787	27	70,865	190,787		
19	308,032,475	279,314,948	308,03		279,314,948		
20		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,			
21	308,032,475	279,314,948	308,03	32,475	279,314,948		

			(1)	Repo	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report		
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(2)			12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
							•		
	Revenues from Transporation of Gas of Others Through Gathering Facilities (Account 489-1) Regort revenues and Dift of gas delivered frough gathering bodilles by zone of receipt (in site in which gas entires respondent's system). Revenues for parallelis including penaltics for unadhized overture must be reported on page 2018. Revenues for Transition Costs and Transition Costs and Transition Costs and Transition Costs and Transition Transition Costs and Transition Costs and Transition Costs and Transition Costs and Transition Transition Costs and Tr								
2. K	tevenues for penalties including penalties for unauthorized overruns must	be reported	on page	308.					
		Rever	nues for		Revenues for	Revenues for	Revenues for		
						GRI and ACA	GRI and ACA		
Line									
No.	Rate Schedule and	rake	-or-Pay		Take-or-Pay				
		Amo	unt for		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for		
1		((b)		(c)	(d)	(d)		
	IVA								
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
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	of Respondent ide Natural Gas Corpo	ration		(1)	Report Is: X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	End of 2014/Q4
			ation of Gas of Othe	(2)	A Resubmissio	n 12/31/2014 acilities (Account 489.1)	End of 2014/Q4
3. Othe						evenues reflected in columns (b) to	hrough (e).
		pe adjusted for discounting.	a.goo.coo.co	oo p.u	o doago ona goo, 1000 re	,	oag. (o).
	Other	Other	Total		Total	Dekatherm of	Dekatherm of
	Revenues	Revenues	Operating Revenues		Operating Revenues	Natural Gas	Natural Gas
Line No.			Revenues		Revenues		
	Amount for	Amount for	Amount for		Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
1	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	(j)	(k)
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
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25							
						· ———	· ——

	e of Respondent		This Repo	ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation			A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Revenues from Transportation of Gas					
totals 2. R 3. O	eport revenues and Dth of gas delivered by Zone of Delivery by Rate Sch by rate schedule. evenues for penalties including penalties for unauthorized overruns must ther Revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges received ough (e).	be reported	on page 308.			
(0) (111	0.00	Trar	nues for	Revenues for Transition	Revenues for GRI and ACA	Revenues for GRI and ACA
Line No.	Zone of Delivery, Rate Schedule	Costs and Take-or-Pay Amount for		Costs and Take-or-Pay Amount for	Amount for	Amount for
	(a)		nt Year (b)	Previous Year (c)	Current Year (d)	Previous Year (e)
1	N/A					
2						
3						
4						
5						
7						
8						_
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						-
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
24						
25						
<u> </u>						

	of Respondent de Natural Gas Corpoi	ration		This Report Is: (1) X An Origina	al Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casca				(2) A Resubm	nission 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
4 5 "			ion of Gas of Others	Through Transmis	ssion Facilities (Account 489.	.2)
5. Eacl		e adjusted for discounting. and each individually certifica re bundled with storage servio			th.	
Line No.	Other Revenues	Other Revenues	Total Operating Revenues	Total Operatino Revenues		Dekatherm of Natural Gas
	Amount for Current Year (f)	Amount for Previous Year (g)	Amount for Current Year (h)	Amount fo Previous Ye (i)		Amount for Previous Year (k)
1	(/)	(9)	(1)		0/	(iv)
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						

	ie of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation			XA	n Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Cas	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of 2014/Q4 Revenues from Storing Gas of Others (Account 489.4)										
2. R	eport revenues and Dth of gas withdrawn from storage by Rate Schedule evenues for penalties including penalties for unauthorized overruns must ther revenues in columns (f) and (g) include reservation charges, delivera	and in total. be reported	on page	308.		ess revenues reflected in col	umns (b) through (e).				
Line No.	Rate Schedule	Trar Cost Take	nues for nsition s and -or-Pay unt for		Revenues for Transaction Costs and Take-or-Pay	Revenues for GRI and ACA Amount for	Revenues for GRI and ACA Amount for				
		Curre	nt Year		Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year				
1	(a) N/A	((b)		(c)	(d)	(e)				
2											
3											
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											
9											
10											
11											
12											
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16											
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20											
21											
22											
23											
24											
25											

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation					Report Is: X An Original A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
		Reven	ues from Storing G	(2) as of O	Others (Account 489.4)		
4. Dth	n of gas withdrawn from storag	ge must not be adjusted for di		<u> </u>	Amoro (Acoodine 10011)		
		re bundled with storage servic		rawn fron	n storage.		
Line No.	Other Revenues	Other Revenues	Total Operating Revenues		Total Operating Revenues	Dekatherm of Natural Gas	Dekatherm of Natural Gas
110.	Amount for Current Year (f)	Amount for Previous Year (g)	Amount for Current Year (h)		Amount for Previous Year (i)	Amount for Current Year (j)	Amount for Previous Year (k)
1	(1)	(g)	(1)		(1)	U)	(N)
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
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11							
12							
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24							
25							
İ							

Nam	e of Respondent		Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report		
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) XAn Original (2) A Resubmission (1) XAn Original (2) A Resubmission							
	Other Gas Rever	` '					
	port below transactions of \$250,000 or more included in Account be amount and provide the number of items.			es. Group all transac	tions below \$250,000		
Line	Description of Transact	tion			Amount		
No.	(a)				(in dollars) (b)		
	Commissions on Sale or Distribution of Gas of Others						
	Compensation for Minor or Incidental Services Provided for Others						
	Profit or Loss on Sale of Material and Supplies not Ordinarily Purchased for Resale	10					
	Sales of Stream, Water, or Electricity, including Sales or Transfers to Other Department Miscellaneous Royalties	15					
	Revenues from Dehydration and Other Processing of Gas of Others except as provided	I for in th	e Instructions to Account 49	 95			
	Revenues for Right and/or Benefits Received from Others which are Realized Through						
	Gains on Settlements of Imbalance Receivables and Payables		.,				
	Revenues from Penalties earned Pursuant to Tariff Provisions, including Penalties Associated	ociated v	vith Cash-out Settlements				
	Revenues from Shipper Supplied Gas						
11	Other revenues (Specify):						
12	Miscellaneous Sales				270,865		
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19 20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32 33							
34							
35							
36							
37							
38							
39							
	Total				270,865		

Discounted Rate Services and Negotiated Rate Services 1. In column b, report the revenues from discounted rate services. 2. In column c, report the volumes of discounted rate services. 3. In column d, report the revenues from negotiated rate services. 4. In column e, report the volumes of negotiated rate services.		e of Respondent		This R	Repor	t Is:	Date (Mo	of Report Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
1. In column to, report the revenues from discounted rate services. 3. In column of, report the volumes of ideacounted rate services. 4. In column of, report the volumes of ideacounted rate services. 5. In column of, report the volumes of regolialed rate services. 6. In column of, report the volumes of regolialed rate services. 6. In column of, report the volumes of regolialed rate services. 6. In column of, report the volumes of regolialed rate services. 6. Revenue Volumes Revenue Rate Services (a) (b) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (e) (d) (e) (d) (e) (d) (e) (d) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e	Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation					12/	31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
2. In column c, report the volumes of isosciented rise services.		Discounted Rate Se	ervices a		gotia	ted Rate Servic	es		
Rate Services Volumes Revenue Volumes Revenue Volumes Revenue Revenue Volumes Volumes Volumes Volumes Volumes	2. In (column c, report the volumes of discounted rate services. column d, report the revenues from negotiated rate services.							
Rate Services Volumes Revenue Volumes Revenue Volumes Revenue Revenue Volumes Volumes Volumes Volumes Volumes									
		Account					S		Negotiated Rate Services
Account 489.1, Revenues from transportation of gas of others through gathering facilities.		(a)	R						
Involgh gathering facilities. Involgh gathering facilities. Involgh gathering facilities. Involgh transmission facilities. Involgh transmission facilities. Involgh transmission facilities. Involgh transmission facilities. Involgh transmission facilities. Involgh gathering facilities.	1								
Introgy transmission facilities. Introgy transmission facilities. Interest of the standing as of others. Interest of the standing as o									
3 Account 489.4, Revenues from storing gas of others. <	2	Account 489.2, Revenues from transportation of gas of others							
4 Account 495, Other gas revenues. <									
6 Image: content of the co									
6 Image: Control of the co		Account 495, Other gas revenues.							
7 Image: Control of the co									
8 Image: Control of the co									
9 Image: content of the co									
11 Image: content of the c									
12 ————————————————————————————————————	10								
13 Image: content of the c									
144 Image: Control of the control of the									
15 Image: Control of the c									
16 Image: Control of the c									
17 Image: Control of the c									
18 Image: Control of the c									
19 Image: Control of the c									
21 Image: Control or control or									
22 Image: Control or	20								
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26 6									
27									
28 <									
30									
31 32 33 34 35 35 36 36 37 37 38 39 39 30 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
32 33 34 35 36 36 36 37 37 38 39 39 30 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
33 34 35 36 37 37 38 39 39 39 30 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
34									
35									
36									
37 38 39 39 30 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
38									
39									
Total Control									
		Total							

	e of Respondent			ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and	Maint	ena	ince Expenses	,	•
Line	Account				Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)				Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
	\-/				(4)	(-)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXPENSES					
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production					
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Submit Supplemental Statement)				0	0
4	B. Natural Gas Production					
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering					
6	Operation					
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0
8	751 Production Maps and Records				0	0
9	752 Gas Well Expenses				0	0
10	753 Field Lines Expenses				0	0
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses				0	0
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power				0	0
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses				0	0
14	757 Purification Expenses				0	0
15	758 Gas Well Royalties				0	0
16	759 Other Expenses				0	0
17	760 Rents				0	0
18	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 7 thru 17)				0	0
19	Maintenance					
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells				0	0
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines				0	0
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Equipment				0	0
25	766 Maintenance of Field Measuring and Regulating Station Equip	ment			0	0
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment				0	0
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipment				0	0
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 20 thru 28)				0	0
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production and Gathering (Total of lines 18 and	29)			0	0

	ne of Respondent			ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission	1	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenanc	e E	xpenses(contir	nued)	•
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)					Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
	(α)					(5)	(0)
31	B2. Products Extraction						
32	Operation						
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
34	771 Operation Labor					0	0
35	772 Gas Shrinkage					0	0
36	773 Fuel					0	0
37	774 Power					0	0
38	775 Materials					0	0
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses					0	0
40	777 Gas Processed by Others					0	0
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted					0	0
42	779 Marketing Expenses					0	0
43	780 Products Purchased for Resale					0	0
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory					0	0
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility-Credit					0	0
46	783 Rents					0	0
47	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 33 thru 46)					0	0
48	Maintenance						
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
50	785 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining Equipment					0	0
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines					0	0
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storage Equipment					0	0
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment					0	0
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment					0	0
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
57	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 49 thru 56)					0	0
58	TOTAL Products Extraction (Total of lines 47 and 57)					0	0

	le of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation	1 his (1)		ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas		(2)		A Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce E	xpenses(conti	nued)	
Line No.	Account					Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
INO.	(a)					(b)	(c)
	, '					` ,	
59	C. Exploration and Development						
60	Operation						
61	795 Delay Rentals					0	0
62	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling					0	0
63	797 Abandoned Leases					0	0
64	798 Other Exploration					0	0
65	TOTAL Exploration and Development (Total of lines 61 thru 64)					0	0
66	D. Other Gas Supply Expenses						
67	Operation						
68	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases					0	0
69	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intracompany Transfers					0	0
70	801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases					0	0
71	802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases					0	0
72	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases					0	0
73	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases					184,357,615	176,604,343
74	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases					0	0
75	805 Other Gas Purchases					0	0
76	(Less) 805.1 Purchases Gas Cost Adjustments					9,992,807	26,394,383
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Total of lines 68 thru 76)					174,364,808	150,209,960
78	806 Exchange Gas					0	0
79	Purchased Gas Expenses						
80	807.1 Well Expense-Purchased Gas					0	0
81	807.2 Operation of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0
82	807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations					0	0
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses					0	0
84	807.5 Other Purchased Gas Expenses					0	0
85	TOTAL Purchased Gas Expenses (Total of lines 80 thru 84)					0	0
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						

Name of Respondent		This (1)		ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report			
Cas	scade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	Ê	A Resubmission	ı	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>			
	Gas Operation and Main	tenan	ce I	Expenses(contir	tinued)					
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for			
No.						Current Year	Previous Year			
	(a)					(b)	(c)			
86	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage-Debit					5,944,340	4,182,942			
87	(Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage-Credit					4,208,220	4,048,172			
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for Processing-Debit					0	0			
89	(Less) 809.2 Deliveries of Natural Gas for Processing-Credit					0	0			
90	Gas used in Utility Operation-Credit									
91	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel-Credit					0	0			
92	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction-Credit					0	0			
93	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations-Credit					71,831	68,058			
94	TOTAL Gas Used in Utility Operations-Credit (Total of lines 91 thru 9	3)				71,831	68,058			
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses					412,374	374,039			
96	TOTAL Other Gas Supply Exp. (Total of lines 77,78,85,86 thru 89,94,	,95)				176,441,471	150,650,711			
97	TOTAL Production Expenses (Total of lines 3, 30, 58, 65, and 96)					176,441,471	150,650,711			
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING AND PROCESSING	EXPEN	NSE	S						
99	A. Underground Storage Expenses									
100	Operation									
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0			
102	815 Maps and Records					0	0			
103	816 Wells Expenses					0	0			
104	817 Lines Expense					0	0			
105	818 Compressor Station Expenses					0	0			
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power					0	0			
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses					0	0			
108	821 Purification Expenses					0	0			
109	822 Exploration and Development					0	0			
110	823 Gas Losses					0	0			
111	824 Other Expenses					0	0			
112	825 Storage Well Royalties					0	0			
113	826 Rents					0	0			
114	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines of 101 thru 113)					0	0			
l										

	ne of Respondent	This I	ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)	Ê	A Resubmission			End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenand	ce E	xpenses(contin	ued)		-
Line	Account					Amount for	Amount for
No.						Current Year	Previous Year
	(a)					(b)	(c)
115	Maintenance						
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells					0	0
119	833 Maintenance of Lines					0	0
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment					0	0
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					0	0
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
123	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
124	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 116 thru 123)					0	0
125	TOTAL Underground Storage Expenses (Total of lines 114 and 124)					0	0
126	B. Other Storage Expenses						
127	Operation						
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses					0	0
130	842 Rents					0	0
131	842.1 Fuel					0	0
132	842.2 Power					0	0
133	842.3 Gas Losses					0	0
134	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 128 thru 133)					0	0
135	Maintenance						
136	843.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
137	843.2 Maintenance of Structures					0	0
138	843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders					0	0
139	843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipment					0	0
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipment					0	0
141	843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipment					0	0
142	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment					0	0
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment					0	0
144	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
145	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 136 thru 144)					0	0
146	TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (Total of lines 134 and 145)					0	0

	ne of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation			ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Oas	<u> </u>	(2)		A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>	
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	e E	expenses(continu			
Line No.	Account				Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year	
	(a)				(b)	(c)	
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Expenses						
148	Operation						
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering				0	0	
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expenses				0	0	
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses				0	0	
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expenses				0	0	
153	844.5 Measuring and Regulating Labor and Expenses				0	0	
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses				0	0	
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses				0	0	
156	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching				0	0	
157	845.1 Fuel				0	0	
158	845.2 Power				0	0	
159	845.3 Rents				0	0	
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges				0	0	
161	(less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts-Credit				0	0	
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by Others				0	0	
163	846.1 Gas Losses				0	0	
164	846.2 Other Expenses				0	0	
165	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 149 thru 164)				0	0	
166	Maintenance						
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering				0	0	
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements				0	0	
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Equipment				0	0	
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipment				0	0	
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment				0	0	
172	847.6 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment				0	0	
173	847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment				0	0	
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment				0	0	
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 167 thru 174)				0	0	
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling and Proc Exp (Total of lines 1)	65 and	17	5)	0	0	
177	TOTAL Natural Gas Storage (Total of lines 125, 146, and 176)				0	0	

	ne of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation			ort Is: An Original		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2)		A Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenano	e E	xpenses(contin	ued)		
Line No.	Account					Amount for Current Year	Amount for Previous Year
INO.	(a)					(b)	(c)
	` '					` ,	. ,
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES						
179	Operation						
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering					0	0
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching					0	0
182	852 Communication System Expenses					0	0
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses					0	0
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel					0	0
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Stations					0	0
186	856 Mains Expenses					0	0
187	857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses					0	0
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others					0	0
189	859 Other Expenses					0	0
190	860 Rents					0	0
191	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 180 thru 190)					0	0
192	Maintenance						
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering					0	0
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements					0	0
195	863 Maintenance of Mains					0	0
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment					0	0
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment					0	0
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipment					0	0
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment					0	0
200	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 193 thru 199)					0	0
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Total of lines 191 and 200)					0	0
202	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES						
203	Operation						
204	870 Operation Supervision and Engineering					1,693,423	1,781,876
205	871 Distribution Load Dispatching					748,375	504,809
206	872 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses					84,951	113,822
207	873 Compressor Station Fuel and Power					0	0

INall	ne of Respondent	This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
T Cascage Natural Gas Corporation		(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	ntenance Expenses(contin		1
Line No.	Account (a)		Amount for Current Year (b)	Amount for Previous Year (c)
	(4)	(5)	(0)	
208	874 Mains and Services Expenses		4,096,066	4,386,187
209	875 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-General		933,813	776,853
210	876 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-Industrial		105,182	165,452
211	877 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses-City Gas Check	Station	0	0
212	878 Meter and House Regulator Expenses		1,815,786	1,805,503
213	879 Customer Installations Expenses		1,412,842	1,375,909
214	880 Other Expenses		4,932,815	4,475,306
215	881 Rents		83,683	105,439
216	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 204 thru 215)		15,906,936	15,491,156
217	Maintenance			
218	885 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		288,325	384,799
219	886 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		97,549	21,689
220	887 Maintenance of Mains		1,610,619	1,673,148
221	888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment		17,713	9,053
222	889 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Station Equipmen	361,741	509,229	
223	890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equipment-Industrial	58,992	63,985	
224	891 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Station Equip-City Gate Che	0	0	
225	892 Maintenance of Services		1,794,453	1,425,748
226	893 Maintenance of Meters and House Regulators		1,376,570	1,261,481
227	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment		290,079	181,641
228	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 218 thru 227)		5,896,041	5,530,773
229	TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Total of lines 216 and 228)		21,802,977	21,021,929
230	5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			
231	Operation			
232	901 Supervision		26	25,965
233	902 Meter Reading Expenses		694,539	686,578
234	903 Customer Records and Collection Expenses		4,578,224	4,454,512

		This Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Gas Operation and Main	tenance Expenses(contin	nued)	
Line	Account		Amount for	Amount for
No.	(a)		Current Year (b)	Previous Year (c)
235	904 Uncollectible Accounts		1,391,878	1,040,101
236	905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses		5,647	9,220
237	TOTAL Customer Accounts Expenses (Total of lines 232 thru 236)	6,670,314	6,216,376	
238	6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES			
239	Operation			
240	907 Supervision		0	0
241	908 Customer Assistance Expenses		1,276,116	1,932,560
242	909 Informational and Instructional Expenses		32,163	29,068
243	910 Miscellaneous Customer Service and Informational Expenses		269	0
244	TOTAL Customer Service and Information Expenses (Total of lines 2	240 thru 243)	1,308,548	1,961,628
245	7. SALES EXPENSES			
246	Operation			
247	911 Supervision		0	0
248	912 Demonstrating and Selling Expenses		0	0
249	913 Advertising Expenses		9,917	7,755
250	916 Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		0	0
251	TOTAL Sales Expenses (Total of lines 247 thru 250)		9,917	7,755
252	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
253	Operation			
254	920 Administrative and General Salaries		6,944,474	6,297,212
255	921 Office Supplies and Expenses		5,568,194	5,056,018
256	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transferred-Credit		550,892	540,949
257	923 Outside Services Employed		1,165,240	768,765
258	924 Property Insurance		68,879	78,247
259	925 Injuries and Damages		1,361,498	364,683
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits		6,236,886	5,021,331
261	927 Franchise Requirements		0	0
262	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses		0	0
263	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges-Credit		0	0
264	930.1General Advertising Expenses		55,670	106,011
265	930.2Miscellaneous General Expenses		554,335	687,930
266	931 Rents		1,277,061	1,304,714
267	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 254 thru 266)		22,681,345	19,143,962
268	Maintenance			
269	932 Maintenance of General Plant		35,427	57,390
270	TOTAL Administrative and General Expenses (Total of lines 267 and	269)	22,716,772	19,201,352
271	TOTAL Gas O&M Expenses (Total of lines 97,177,201,229,237,244,	251, and 270)	228,949,999	199,059,751

e of Respondent cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1)	ĊΩ	Original	Da (N	ate of Report lo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor End of 2014/Q4
Evehange	and Imb					12/31/2014	211d 01 2011/Q1
port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quatice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactio	intities ar	nd related g the year	dolla . Pro	r amount of imba	r imbal	lance and no-notice	quantities for exchanges.
Zone/Rate Schedule	fro	om Others Amount	I	from Others Dth		Gas Delivered to Others Amount	Gas Delivered to Others
		(b)		(c)		(d)	(e)
None							
Total			0		0		0 0
	Exchange port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quatice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transaction condent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule (a) None None	Exchange and Imit port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities at tice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions durin pondent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Mino Zone/Rate Schedule (a) None Ga free Exchange and Imbalance port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related tice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year pondent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year pondent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions during the year pondent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Amount (b) None Cas Receiver from Others	Exchange and Imbalance Trans Exchange and Imbalance Trans port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related dolla tice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year. Pro pondent does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange trans Gas Received from Others Zone/Rate Schedule Amount (b) None	cade Natural Gas Corporation 1	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Exchange and Imbalance Transactions port below details by zone and rate schedule concerning the gas quantities and related dollar amount of imbalances tice service. Also, report certificated natural gas exchange transactions during the year. Provide subtotals for imbalances to micro and the separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide totals by rate schedule. Minor exchange transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide subtoals for imbalance transactions (less than 100 death does not have separate zones, provide su	Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Exchange and Imbalance Transactions Fixed page and Imbalance and re-notice of Imbalances and r	

1	e of Respondent		This	Report	t Is: n Original	Dat (Mo	te of Report o, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation					Resubmission		2/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
		Gas Used in	(2) Utility	Operati	ons	+		-
	eport below details of credits during the year to Accoun						unt liet een enetele in e	column (a) the Dth of see
	any natural gas was used by the respondent for which omitting entries in column (d).	a cnarge was not made to th	e approp	rrate oper	rating expense or oth	er accou	ınt, iist separateiy in d	column (c) the Dth of gas
	5 ()		Natura	al Gas	Natural Ga	as	Natural Gas	Natural Gas
Line	Purpose for Which Gas Was Used	Account			Amount o	f	Amount of	Amount of
No.	was osca	Charged	Gas	Used	Credit		Credit	Credit
		, and the second	D	th	(in dollars)	(in dollars)	(in dollars)
	(a)	(b)	((c)	(d)		(d)	(d)
1	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit							
3	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction - Credit							
3	Gas Shrinkage and Other Usage in Respondent's Own Processing							
4	Gas Shrinkage, etc. for Respondent's Gas							
	Processed by Others							
5	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations - Credit					Ţ		
	(Report separately for each principal use. Group minor uses.)							
6	THITIOI USES.J							
7	Gas Used for Other Utility Operations	812		17,0	79	71,831		
8	3 1							
9								
10								
11 12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18 19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24	Total			17.0	70	71 021		
25	Total			17,0	79	71,831		

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation Transmission and Compression (2)
Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others (Account 858) 1. Report below details concerning gas transported or compressed for respondent by others equalling more than 1,000,000 Dth and amounts of payments for such services during ear. Milnor items (less than 1,000,000) Dth may be grouped. Also, include in column (c) amounts paid as transition costs to an upstream pipeline. 2. In column (a) give name of companies, points of delivery and receipt of gas. Designate points of delivery and receipts to that they can be identified readily on a map of respondence pieline system. 3. Designate associated companies with an asterisk in column (b). Amount of Dith of Gas payment Delivered (in dollars) (b) (c) (d) (d) None (in Mone (in dollars) (in dollars
Amount of Park (ess than 1,000,000) Dith may be grouped. Also, include in column (c) amounts paid as transition costs to an upstream pipeline. 2. In column (a) give name of companies, points of delivery and receipt of gas. Designate points of delivery and receipt so that they can be identified readily on a map of responder peline system. 3. Designate associated companies with an asterisk in column (b). Name of Company and Description of Service Performed
ine No. Name of Company and Description of Service Performed * Payment (in dollars) (in dollars) Delivered (in dollars) 1 None
None
0 0
00
1
3
4
5
56
0
1
2
3 4
Total Total

	e of Respondent	This	Rep	oort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Other Gas Supply Ex		_			-
	eport other gas supply expenses by descriptive titles that clearly indicate the nature of					
	led in Account 117.4, and losses on settlements of imbalances and gas losses not as	sociated	d with	n storage separately. Indi	cate the functional classifica	tion and purpose of property
to whi	ch any expenses relate. List separately items of \$250,000 or more.					
	Description					Amount
Line	200011411011					(in dollars)
No.	(a)					(b)
						477.000
2	Labor Expenses and applicable overhead charges Software Maintenance					477,802 20,781
3	Airfare and related costs					8,012
4	Lodging					7,396
5	Meals					3,084
6	Training Meetings and Materials					1,277
7	Vehicle Mileage					623
9	Cell Phone					619
10	Office Supplies					486
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16 17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23 24						
25	Total					520,080

	e of Respondent	This (1)	Rep	oort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>				
2. F	rovide the information requested below on miscellaneous general expenses. or Other Expenses, show the (a) purpose, (b) recipient and (c) amount of such items. ed if the number of items of so grouped is shown.	List sep	parat	ely amounts of \$250,000	or more however, amount	s less than \$250,000 may be
	Description					Amount
Line No.	(a)					(in dollars) (b)
1	Industry association dues. Experimental and general research expenses.					145,116
2	a. Gas Research Institute (GRI)					
	b. Other					
3	Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, to	ustee,	reg	istrar, and transfer		
	agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing outstandi	ng sec	uriti	es of the respondent		
4	Other expenses					
5	Bank and Other Finance Fees (paid to Bank of New York, and MDU	for CN	IGC'	s share of		
6	corporate banking fees)	- \				283,619
7 8	Director's Fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expense Miscellaneous under \$250,000 (4 items)	es)				121,546 4,054
9	Wiscellaneous under \$250,000 (4 items)					4,034
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16 17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24 25	Total					EE 4 22E
25	Total					554,335

	e of Respondent		This F	Report X An	ls: Original	Date of Re (Mo, Da, Y	port r)	Year/Period of Repor
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation			(2)		Resubmission	12/31/20)14	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas					, 405) (Exce	ot Amortiz	ation of
		uisition			-			
2. Re	eport in Section A the amounts of depreciation expense, depletion and amore port in Section B, column (b) all depreciable or amortizable plant balances to count or functional classifications other than those pre-printed in column (a).	to which r	ates are a	applied a	and show a composit	e total. (If more	desirable, re	
	Section A. Summary of Depr	reciatio	n, Depl	etion,	and Amortizatio	n Charges		
Line No.	Functional Classification	Ex	reciation xpense ount 403)		Amortization Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (Account	Deple Producii Gas Lano Ri (Accou	ration and etion of ng Natural d and Land ghts nt 404.1)	Amortization of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights (Account 404.2)
1	(a)		(b)	-	403.1) (c)		(d)	(e)
1	Intangible plant							2,172,996
2	Production plant, manufactured gas							
3	Production and gathering plant, natural gas							+
4	Products extraction plant							
5	Underground gas storage plant							+
6	Other storage plant							+
7	Base load LNG terminaling and processing plant			0.045				
8	Transmission plant			2,015				
9	Distribution plant			3,540				
0	General plant		96	8,081				
2	Common plant-gas TOTAL			3,636				2,172,996

Name of Respondent Cascade Natural Gas Corporation This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/24/2014 End of 2014/04											
Casca				(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4				
	Depreciation	.3, 405) (Except Amort	ization of								
obtained	If avorago halancos aro u	sed, state the method of aver	Acquisition Adju			h plant functional classification	n listed in column (a) If				
		s used, report available inforn									
depreciation charges, show in a footnote any revisions made to estimated gas reserves.											
3. If provisions for depreciation were made during the year in addition to depreciation provided by application of reported rates, state in a footnote the amounts and nature of the											
provisior	ns and the plant items to wh										
			mary of Depreciation	n, Depl	letion, and Amortization	on Charges					
	Amortization of Other Limited-term	Amortization of Other Gas Plant	Total								
Line	Gas Plant	(Account 405)	Total (b to g)								
No.	(Account 404.3)	(,	(= := 3)	Functional Classification							
	(f)	(g)	(h)			(a)					
1	(1)	(9)	2,172,99	6 Intar	ngible plant	(a)					
2			2,2,//		luction plant, manufactured g	jas					
3				_	luction and gathering plant, n						
4					lucts extraction plant	<u>~</u>					
5				_	erground gas storage plant						
6				+	er storage plant						
7				Base	e load LNG terminaling and p	processing plant					
8			322,01	5 Tran	smission plant						
9	18,323,540 Distribution plant										
10			968,08	68,081 General plant							
11				_	mon plant-gas						
12			21,786,63	2 TOT.	AL						

Nam	e of Respondent	This	Rep	oort Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report					
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	X	An Original A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, 11) 12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>					
	Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas Plant	(Accts	s 40	3, 404.1, 404.2, 404.	3, 405) (Except Amort	ization of					
	Acquisition Adjustments) (continued) Add rows as necessary to completely report all data. Number the additional rows in sequence as 2.01, 2.02, 3.01, 3.02, etc.										
4. A	4. Add rows as necessary to completely report all data. Number the additional rows in sequence as 2.01, 2.02, 3.01, 3.02, etc.										
	Section B. Factors Used in E	Estima	ting	Depreciation Charg	ges						
						Applied Depreciation					
Line	5 " 10" "				Plant Bases	or Amortization Rates					
No.	Functional Classification				(in thousands)	(percent)					
	(a)				(b)	(c)					
1	Production and Gathering Plant										
2	Offshore (footnote details)										
3	Onshore (footnote details) Underground Gas Storage Plant (footnote details)					_					
5	Transmission Plant										
6	Offshore (footnote details)										
7	Onshore (footnote details)										
9	General Plant (footnote details)										
10	See footnote					+					
11											
12											
13 14											
15											
					L						

	e of Respondent		Report		Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report				
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) XAn Original (Mo, Da, Yr) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014										
	Particulars Concerning Certain Income D	educ	tions a	nd Interest Char	ges Accounts					
Repo	Report the information specified below, in the order given, for the respective income deduction and interest charges accounts.									
	(a) Miscellaneous Amortization (Account 425)-Describe the nature of items included in this account, the contra account charged, the total of amortization charges for the year, and the									
period of amortization.										
	b) Miscellaneous Income Deductions-Report the nature, payee, and amount of other income deductions for the year as required by Accounts 426.1, Donations; 426.2, Life Insurance;									
	26.3, Penalties; 426.4, Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activities; and 426.5, Other Deductions, of the Uniform System of Accounts. Amounts of less than \$250,000									
-	e grouped by classes within the above accounts.									
(c) Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)-For each associated company that incurred interest on debt during the year, indicate the amount and inter										
	ctively for (a) advances on notes, (b) advances on open account, (c) notes payable, (d)	accou	ınts payal	ble, and (e) other deb	t, and total interest. Explain th	e nature of other debt on				
	interest was incurred during the year.									
(d) (ther Interest Expense (Account 431) - Report details including the amount and interes	rate to	or other in	iterest charges incurr	ed during the year.					
						ı				
Line	Item					Amount				
No.	(a)					(b)				
1	(a) Miscellaneous Amortization (Account 425)									
2										
3	(b) Miscellaneous Income Deductions (Account 426)									
4	Donations (Account 426.1)					237,332				
5	Life Insurance (Account 426.2)									
6	Penalties (Account 426.3)					5,016				
7	Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Related Activies									
8	(Account 426.4)					117,835				
9	Other Deductions (Account 426.5)					350				
10	Total Miscellaneous Income Deductions (Account 426)					360,533				
11										
12	(c) Interest on Debt to Associated Companies (Account 430)									
13	(0.24)									
14	(d) Other Interest Expense (Account 431)									
15	Description Interest Rate									
16	Customer Deposits Various					2,029				
17	Deferral Accounts-WA FERC Interest Rate					217,014				
18	Deletial Accounts-OR									
19	Interest on Short-Term Debt Various					137,887				
20	Other Various					69,867				
21	Total Other Interest Expense (Acount 431)					426,797				
22	****									
23	***Accounts not amortizing - 8.07% (Overall rate of return granted in the last Oregon general rate filing); Accounts amortizing - 1.77%									
24	Oregon general rate filling); Accounts amortizing - 1.77%									
25										
26										
27										
28 29										
30										
31										
32										
33										
34										
35										
33										

	e of Respondent			Repo	rt ls: n Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	t	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)		Resubmission	12/31/2014		End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
					(Account 928)			
cases	eport below details of regulatory commission expenses incurred during the in which such a body was a party. column (b) and (c), indicate whether the expenses were assessed by a result of the expenses.						ıl cases be	efore a regulatory body, or
Line No.	Description (Furnish name of regulatory commission or body, the docket number, and a description of the case.)	Regu	ssed by ulatory mission		Expenses of Utility	Total Expens to Date	es	Deferred in Account 182.3 at Beginning of Year
	(a)	((b)		(c)	(d)		(e)
1	None							
2								
3								
4								
5								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25	Total	!						

	of Respondent				This Rep (1) X	ort ls: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Casc	ade Natural Gas Co	orporation				A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
			Regulatory Con					
4. Ide 5. List	ntify separately all annu in column (f), (g), and	penses incurred in prior y ual charge adjustments (A (h) expenses incurred dur 0,000) may be grouped.	CA).					
Line	('haraod ('haraod ('haraod		I	xpenses ncurred uring Year	Amortized During Year	Amortized During Year	Deferred in Account 182.3	
No.	Currently To Department	Currently To Account No.	Currently To Amount	,	eferred to Account 182.3	Contra Account	Amount	End of Year
	(f)	(g)	(h)		(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
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21								
22								
23								
24								
25								

	ne of Respondent	This	Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Repor
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	Employee Pensions ar				
1. I	Report below the items contained in Account 926, Employee Per	nsions	and Benefits.		
	Finance				A
Line	Expense (a)				Amount (b)
No.	(a)				(6)
1	Pensions – defined benefit plans				287,890
2	Pensions – other				2,254,602
3	Post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PBOP)				91,575
4	Post- employment benefit plans				444,772
5	Other (Specify)				111,772
6	Medical/Dental				2,808,428
7	Various				355,016
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34 35					
36 37					
38					
39					
00	Total				6,242,283
	Total				0,242,203

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Nam	e of Respondent	This Report Is:	ainal	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) X An Ori	ginal ubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Distribution of	Salaries and Wag	es	•	•
Other particu In de	ort below the distribution of total salaries and wages for the year. Segregate amounts Accounts, and enter such amounts in the appropriate lines and columns provided. Salar operating function(s) relating to the expenses. termining this segregation of salaries and wages originally charged to clearing according to the accounts, enter as many rows as necessary numbered sequentially starting	calaries and wages bille unts, a method of appr	ed to the Respone	dent by an affiliated company	y must be assigned to the
Line No.	Classification	Direct Payroll Distribution	Payroll Bill by Affiliate Companie	ed Payroll Charge	d Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Electric				
2	Operation				
3	Production				
4	Transmission				
5	Distribution				
6	Customer Accounts				
7	Customer Service and Informational				
8	Sales				
9	Administrative and General				
10	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 3 thru 9)				
11	Maintenance				
12	Production				
13	Transmission				
14	Distribution				
15	Administrative and General				
16	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 12 thru 15)				
17	Total Operation and Maintenance				
18	Production (Total of lines 3 and 12)				
19	Transmission (Total of lines 4 and 13)				
20	Distribution (Total of lines 5 and 14)				
21	Customer Accounts (line 6)				
22	Customer Service and Informational (line 7)				
23	Sales (line 8)				
24	Administrative and General (Total of lines 9 and 15)				
25	TOTAL Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 18 thru 24)				
26	Gas				
27	Operation				
28	Production - Manufactured Gas				
29	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
30	Other Gas Supply				
31	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing				
32	Transmission				
33	Distribution	10,366,396			10,366,396
34	Customer Accounts	3,805,848			3,805,848
35	Customer Service and Informational	1,287			1,287
36	Sales				
37	Administrative and General	5,376,909			5,376,909
38	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 28 thru 37)	19,550,440			19,550,440
39	Maintenance				
40	Production - Manufactured Gas				
41	Production - Natural Gas(Including Exploration and Development)				
42	Other Gas Supply				
43	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing				
44	Transmission	.			
45	Distribution	3,497,030			3,497,030

Name of Respondent				rt ls:	ain al	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Year/Period of Report				
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	ΧA		ginai ubmission		2/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
	Distribution of Salarie									
	Distribution of Salarie	s and	waye	s (co	_					
Line No.	Classification		t Payrol ribution	I	Payroll Bill by Affiliate Companie	ed	Allocation of Payroll Charged for Clearing Accounts	i Total		
	(a)	((b)		(c)		(d)	(e)		
46	Administrative and General	<u> </u>	· /		()		. , ,			
47	TOTAL Maintenance (Total of lines 40 thru 46)		3,49	7,030				3,497,030		
48	Gas (Continued)									
49	Total Operation and Maintenance									
50	Production - Manufactured Gas (Total of lines 28 and 40)									
51	Production - Natural Gas (Including Expl. and Dev.)(II. 29 and 41)									
52	Other Gas Supply (Total of lines 30 and 42)									
53	Storage, LNG Terminaling and Processing (Total of II. 31 and 43)									
54	Transmission (Total of lines 32 and 44)									
55	Distribution (Total of lines 33 and 45)		13,86	3,426				13,863,426		
56	Customer Accounts (Total of line 34)		3,80	5,848				3,805,848		
57	Customer Service and Informational (Total of line 35)			1,287				1,287		
58	Sales (Total of line 36)									
59	Administrative and General (Total of lines 37 and 46)		5,37	6,909				5,376,909		
60	Total Operation and Maintenance (Total of lines 50 thru 59)		23,04	7,470				23,047,470		
61	Other Utility Departments									
62	Operation and Maintenance									
63	TOTAL ALL Utility Dept. (Total of lines 25, 60, and 62)		23,04	7,470				23,047,470		
64	Utility Plant									
65	Construction (By Utility Departments)									
66	Electric Plant									
67	Gas Plant		6,06	4,640				6,064,640		
68	Other									
69	TOTAL Construction (Total of lines 66 thru 68)		6,06	4,640				6,064,640		
70	Plant Removal (By Utility Departments)									
71	Electric Plant									
72	Gas Plant		21	4,515				214,515		
73	Other									
74	TOTAL Plant Removal (Total of lines 71 thru 73)			4,515				214,515		
75	Other Accounts (Specify) (footnote details)			3,738				693,738		
76	TOTAL Other Accounts			3,738				693,738		
77	TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES		30,02	0,363				30,020,363		

Nam	e of Respondent			port ls:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	` '	Ľ	☐An Original ☐A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
	Charges for Outside Professions	(2)	<u>_</u>	_		
	Charges for Outside Professiona		_			
These for the than fo which (a) N (b) To 2. Sun 3. Tota 4. Cha	nort the information specified below for all charges made during the year included in an services include rate, management, construction, engineering, research, financial, value respondent under written or oral arrangement, for which aggregate payments were more services as an employee or for payments made for medical and related services) and should be reported in Account 426.4 Expenditures for Certain Civic, Political and Relatance of person or organization rendering services. In under a description "Other", all of the aforementioned services amounting to \$250,00 all under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services. In under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services. In under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned services. In under a description "Total" the total of all of the aforementioned services.	luation, I ade duri nounting ted Activ	leg ing to vition	al, accounting, purchasing the year to any corporatio more than \$250,000, inclu es.	, advertising,labor relations n partnership, organization iding payments for legislativ	, and public relations, rendered of any kind, or individual (other re services, except those
	Description					Amount
Line	Doscilpton					(in dollars)
No.	(a)					(b)
1	Northwest Metal Fabrication & Pipe, Inc.					6,150,125
2	Snelson Companies, Inc.					3,510,689
3	Michels Corporation					1,774,210
4	MRES Consulting, LTD					1,277,223
5	Sungard Energy Sytems					750,022
6	Northwest Pipeline GP					703,679
7	Surveys & Analysis, Inc.					502,515
8	Day Wireless Systems, Inc.					410,395
9	Potelco, Inc.					404,665
10	Prosource Tech, Inc.					375,898
11	John & Marsha Hammond					333,012
12	Anchor QEA					304,504
13	Express Employement Professional					278,257
14	Other					7,902,401
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29 30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35	Total					24,677,595
					-	

Nam	e of Respondent			Report Is:	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation		(1) (2)	X An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Transaction	s with Associ	ated (A	Affiliated) Companies	•	•
2. Su 3. To	eport below the information called for concerning all goods or service im under a description "Other", all of the aforementioned goods and stal under a description "Total", the total of all of the aforementioned where amounts billed to or received from the associated (affiliated) con	services amountingoods and service	ng to \$25 es.	0,000 or less.		
Line No.	Description of the Good or Service (a)	Name of	Associat	ed/Affiliated Company	Account(s) Charged or Credited (c)	Amount Charged or Credited (d)
1	Goods or Services Provided by Affiliated Company					
2		IGC/MDU/MDU	Resourc	ces	107	3,249,124
3		IGC/MDU/MDU	Resourc	ces	426.1	13,109
4		IGC/MDU/MDU			426.4	18
5		IGC/MDU/MDU			813	225,034
6		IGC/MDU/MDU			875	211,075
7		IGC/MDU/MDU			880	689,618
8		IGC/MDU/MDU			902	149,764
9		IGC/MDU/MDU IGC/MDU/MDU			903	4,195,172
10 11		IGC/MDU/MDU	Resourc	,e2	909	19,872
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20	Goods or Services Provided for Affiliated Company					
21		IGC/MDU/MDU			920	4,017,677
22		IGC/MDU/MDU			921	3,449,588
23		IGC/MDU/MDU			922	(3,127)
24		IGC/MDU/MDU			923	275,496
25		IGC/MDU/MDU			925	2,844
26		IGC/MDU/MDU			926	162,201
27		IGC/MDU/MDU			930.1	19,830
28 29		IGC/MDU/MDU IGC/MDU/MDU			930.2 931	142,250 1,222,467
30		IGC/MDU/MDU			Various	1,222,467
31		IGC/MD0/MD0	Resourc	,55	various	134,703
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
38						
39						
40	Total					18,176,715

	ne of Respondent		Rep	oort Is:	[Date of Report Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Original A Resubmission		12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Compress	or Sta	tio	ns	•		
compr 2. Fo	teport below details concerning compressor stations. Use the following subheadings: tressor stations, transmission compressor stations, distribution compressor stations, are or column (a), indicate the production areas where such stations are used. Group related. Identify any station held under a title other than full ownership. State in a footnote owned.	nd other o atively sm	com nall t	pressor stations. field compressor stations	by p	roduction areas. Show th	ne number of stations
Line No.	Name of Station and Location			Number of Units at Station		Certificated Horsepower for Each Station	Plant Cost
	(a)			(b)		(c)	(d)
1	Compressor Station at Burlington, WA				1	1,35	0 2,000,731
2	Placed in Service: August 2001						
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
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16							
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24							
25							
	1					<u></u>	-1
i							

	Name of Respondent This Report Is: Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) Period of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)											
Caso	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (1) An Original (Mo, Bd, 11) (2) A Resubmission 12/31/2014 End of 2014/Q4											
Compressor Stations												
of the	Designate any station that was not operated during the past year. State in a footnote whether the book cost of such station has been retired in the books of account, or what disposition of the station and its book cost are contemplated. Designate any compressor units in transmission compressor stations installed and put into operation during the year and show in a footnote each unit's size and the date the unit was placed in operation. 3. For column (e), include the type of fuel or power, if other than natural gas. If two types of fuel or power are used, show separate entries for natural gas and the other fuel or power.											
Line No.	Expenses (except depreciation and taxes) Fuel (e)	Expenses (except depreciation and taxes) Power (f)	Expenses (except depreciation and taxes) Other (g)	Gas for Compress Fuel in Di (h)	or		Electricity for Compressor Station in kWh (i)	Total C	compressor of Operation ing Year	Nur Comp Operate of Stat	ional Data nber of pressors ed at Time tion Peak (k)	Date of Station Peak (I)
1	10,527		118,345								1	
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												
13												
14												
15												
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19												
20												
21												
22												
23												
24												
25												

	e of Respondent	This Report Is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report								
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>								
	Gas Sto	Storage Projects										
1. R	Report injections and withdrawals of gas for all storage projects used by respondent.											
		Gas	Gas	Total								
Line	Item	Belonging to	Belonging to	Amount								
No.		Respondent (Dth)	Others (Dth)	(Dth)								
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)								
	STORAGE OPERATIONS (in Dth)		,									
1	Gas Delivered to Storage											
2	January											
3	February											
4	March											
5	April											
6	May											
7	June											
9	July August											
10	September September											
11	October											
12	November											
13	December											
14	TOTAL (Total of lines 2 thru 13)											
15	Gas Withdrawn from Storage											
16	January											
17	February											
18	March											
19 20	April May											
21	May June											
22	July											
23	August											
24	September											
25	October											
26	November											
27	December											
28	TOTAL (Total of lines 16 thru 27)											

	e of Respondent	This	R	eport Is:	Date of (Mo, Da	Report	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	Ŀ	An Original A Resubmission	12/31/2014 End of <u>2014/Q4</u>		
	Gas Stora		oio				
1 0	n line 4, enter the total storage capacity certificated by FERC.	90	٠,٠				
	eport total amount in Dth or other unit, as applicable on lines 2, 3, 4, 7. If quantity is c	onverte	ed f	rom Mcf to Dth, provide con	version factor	in a footnote.	
				·			
	lle					Tatal	A
Line	Item (a)						Amount (b)
No.	(u)						(b)
	STORAGE OPERATIONS						
1	Top or Working Gas End of Year						
2	Cushion Gas (Including Native Gas)						
3	Total Gas in Reservoir (Total of line 1 and 2)						
4	Certificated Storage Capacity						
5	Number of Injection - Withdrawal Wells Number of Observation Wells						
7	Maximum Days' Withdrawal from Storage						
8	Date of Maximum Days' Withdrawal						
9	LNG Terminal Companies (in Dth)						
10	Number of Tanks						
11	Capacity of Tanks						
12	LNG Volume						
13	Received at "Ship Rail" Transferred to Tanks						
14 15	Withdrawn from Tanks						
16	"Boil Off" Vaporization Loss						
	·				'		

	ne of Respondent		Re	eport Is: An Original	Date of	Report a, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)		An Onginal A Resubmission	12/3	1/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>
	Transmis	sion L	.in	es	•		-
2. For nature 3. For retired	teport below, by state, the total miles of transmission lines of each transmission system teport separately any lines held under a title other than full ownership. Designate such a of respondent's title, and percent ownership if jointly owned. Support separately any line that was not operated during the past year. Enter in a footnoted in the books of account, or what disposition of the line and its book costs are contemple port the number of miles of pipe to one decimal point.	lines wi	ith a	an asterisk, in column (b) and in a footi		
7. 1	Designation (Identification)					*	Total Miles
Line							of Pipe
No.	(a)					(b)	(c)
1	None						
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
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24							
25							
	<u> </u>						

Nam	e of Respondent	Report Is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report	
Case	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1)	X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	End of 2014/Q4
		(2)	A Resubmission	12/31/2014	
	Transmission Sys				
	eport below the total transmission system deliveries of gas (in Dth), excluding deliveries				
	cing the heating season overlapping the year's end for which this report is submitted.				of this report, April 30, which
permit	s inclusion of the peak information required on this page. Add rows as necessary to r	eport all	data. Number additional row	s 6.01, 6.02, etc.	
			511.60	T 511 60	
	Description		Dth of Gas	Dth of Gas	Total
Line	Description		Delivered to Interstate Pipelines	Delivered to Others	(p) + (c)
No.			(b)	(c)	(d)
			(0)	(6)	(u)
	SECTION A: SINGLE DAY PEAK DELIVERIES				
1	Date:				
2	Volumes of Gas Transported				
3	No-Notice Transportation				
4	Other Firm Transportation				
5	Interruptible Transportation				
6	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
7	TOTAL				
8	Volumes of gas Withdrawn form Storage under Storage Contract				
9	No-Notice Storage				
10	Other Firm Storage				
11	Interruptible Storage				
12	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
13	TOTAL				
14	Other Operational Activities				
15	Gas Withdrawn from Storage for System Operations				
16	Reduction in Line Pack				
17	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
18	TOTAL				
19	SECTION B: CONSECUTIVE THREE-DAY PEAK DELIVERIES				
20	Dates:				
21	Volumes of Gas Transported				
22	No-Notice Transportation				
23	Other Firm Transportation				
24 25	Interruptible Transportation Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
26	TOTAL				
27	Volumes of Gas Withdrawn from Storage under Storage Contract				
28	No-Notice Storage				
29	Other Firm Storage				
30	Interruptible Storage				
31	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
32	TOTAL				
33	Other Operational Activities				
34	Gas Withdrawn from Storage for System Operations				
35	Reduction in Line Pack				
36	Other (Describe) (footnote details)				
37	TOTAL				

	Name of Respondent				ort Is: An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report	
Cas	Cascade Natural Gas Corporation				Resubmission	12/31/2014	End of <u>2014/Q4</u>	
		Auxiliary Pea	king	Facil	ties			
installa 2. For ot 3. For	Report below auxiliary facilities of the respondent for meeting seasonal peak demands on the respondent's system, such as underground storage projects, liquefied petroleum gas installations, gas liquefaction plants, oil gas sets, etc. For column (c), for underground storage projects, report the delivery capacity on February 1 of the heating season overlapping the year-end for which this report is submitted. For other facilities, report the rated maximum daily delivery capacities. Report below auxiliary facilities of the respondent's system, such as underground storage projects, liquefied petroleum gas installations, gas liquefaction plants, oil gas sets, etc. Per column (c), for underground storage projects, liquefied petroleum gas installations, gas liquefaction plants, oil gas sets, etc. Per column (d), include or exclude (as appropriate) the cost of any plant used jointly with another facility on the basis of predominant use, unless the auxiliary peaking facility is a separate plant as contemplated by general instruction 12 of the Uniform System of Accounts.							
Line No.	Location of Facility	Type of Facility			Maximum Daily Delivery Capacity of Facility Dth	Cost of Facility (in dollars)	Was Facility Operated on Day of Highest Transmission Peak	
	(a)	(b)			(c)	(d)	Delivery?	
1	None							
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11 12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
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19 20								
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25								
26 27								
28								
29								
30								

Nam	e of Respondent			port Is:	ol.	Date of (Mo, E	of Report	Ye	ar/Period of Report
Cas	cade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) (2)	F	☐An Origin ☐A Resubr		,	31/2014	Ε	nd of 2014/Q4
	Gas Accoun		ura						
2. Natu 3. Ente 4. Ente 5. Indic 6. If the 7. Indic the loca pipeline market 8. Indic 9. Indic pipeline reportir 10. Als	Gas Account - Natural Gas 1. The purpose of this schedule is to account for the quantity of natural gas received and delivered by the respondent. 2. Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed or any mixture of natural and manufactured gas. 3. Enter in column (c) the year to date Dth as reported in the schedules indicated for the items of receipts and deliveries. 4. Enter in column (d) the respective quarter's Dth as reported in the schedules indicated for the items of receipts and deliveries. 5. Indicate in a footnote the quantities of bundled sales and transportation gas and specify the line on which such quantities are listed. 6. If the respondent operates two or more systems which are not interconnected, submit separate pages for this purpose. 7. Indicate by footnote the quantities of gas not subject to Commission regulation which did not incur FERC regulatory costs by showing (1) the local distribution volumes another jurisdictional pipeline delivered to the local distribution company portion of the reporting pipeline (2) the quantities that the reporting pipeline transported or sold through its local distribution facilities or intrastate facilities and which the reporting pipeline received through gathering facilities or intrastate facilities, but not through any of the interstate portion of the reporting pipeline, and (3) the gathering line quantities that were not destined for interstate market or that were not transported through any interstate portion of the reporting pipeline, and (3) the gathering line quantities that were not destined for interstate portion of the reporting pipeline (2) the reporting pipeline (2) the system supply quantities of gas that are stored by the reporting pipeline, during the reporting year and also reported as sales, transportation and compression volumes by the reporting pipeline during the same reporting year, (2) the system supply quantities of gas that are stored by the reporting pipeline during the reporting year which the reporting pipeline intends to sell o								
					T				
Lina					Ref. Pag		Total Amoun	t	Current Three Months
Line No.	Item				(FERC Fo		of Dth Year to Date		Ended Amount of Dth
110.	(a)				(b		(c)	;	Quarterly Only (d)
01 N	ame of System:				(~	,	(9)		(u)
2	GAS RECEIVED								
3	Gas Purchases (Accounts 800-805)						28,12	3,843	
4	Gas of Others Received for Gathering (Account 489.1)				30	3			
5	Gas of Others Received for Transmission (Account 489.2)				30	5			
6	Gas of Others Received for Distribution (Account 489.3)				30	1			
7	Gas of Others Received for Contract Storage (Account 489.4)				30	7			
8	Gas of Others Received for Production/Extraction/Processing (Account 490 and 491)							
9	Exchanged Gas Received from Others (Account 806)				32	8			
10	Gas Received as Imbalances (Account 806)				32	8			
11	Receipts of Respondent's Gas Transported by Others (Account 858)				33	2			
12	Other Gas Withdrawn from Storage (Explain)						1,26	2,382	
13	Gas Received from Shippers as Compressor Station Fuel								
14	Gas Received from Shippers as Lost and Unaccounted for								
15	Other Receipts (Specify) (footnote details)						97,12	2,330	
16	Total Receipts (Total of lines 3 thru 15)						126,50	8,555	
17	GAS DELIVERED								
18	Gas Sales (Accounts 480-484)						28,85	1,644	
19	Deliveries of Gas Gathered for Others (Account 489.1)				30	3			
20	Deliveries of Gas Transported for Others (Account 489.2)				30	5	97,12	2,330	
21	Deliveries of Gas Distributed for Others (Account 489.3)				30	1			
22	Deliveries of Contract Storage Gas (Account 489.4)				30	7			
23	Gas of Others Delivered for Production/Extraction/Processing (Account 490 and 491)							
24	Exchange Gas Delivered to Others (Account 806)				32				
25	Gas Delivered as Imbalances (Account 806)				32				
26	Deliveries of Gas to Others for Transportation (Account 858)				33	2	0.7	F 0.40	
27	Other Gas Delivered to Storage (Explain)					0	3/	5,349	
28	Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel				50	9	1	7.00/	
29	Other Deliveries and Gas Used for Other Operations							7,096	
	30 Total Deliveries (Total of lines 18 thru 29) 126,366,419								
31 GAS LOSSES AND GAS UNACCOUNTED FOR 32 Gas Losses and Gas Unaccounted For 142,136									
33 TOTALS									
34							126,50	8,555	
					1			,	

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) X An Original	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr)	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4
	System Maps		

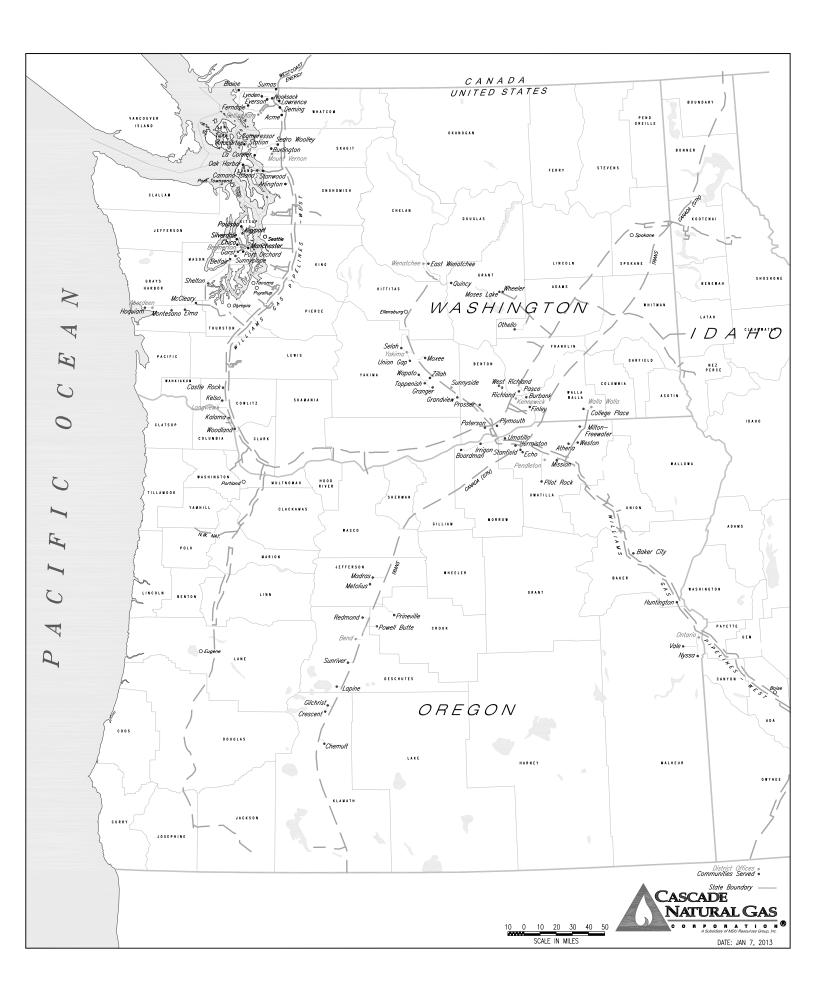
1. Furnish five copies of a system map (one with each filed copy of this report) of the facilities operated by the respondent for the production, gathering, transportation, and sale of natural gas. New maps need not be furnished if no important change has occurred in the facilities operated by the respondent since the date of the maps furnished with a previous year's annual report. If, however, maps are not furnished for this reason, reference should be made in the space below to the year's annual report with which the maps were furnished.

2. Indicate the following information on the maps:

- (a) Transmission lines.
- (b) Incremental facilities.
- (c) Location of gathering areas.
- (d) Location of zones and rate areas.
- (e) Location of storage fields.
- (f) Location of natural gas fields.
- (g) Location of compressor stations.
- (h) Normal direction of gas flow (indicated by arrows).
- (i) Size of pipe.
- (j) Location of products extraction plants, stabilization plants, purification plants, recycling areas, etc.
- (k) Principal communities receiving service through the respondent's pipeline.
- 3. In addition, show on each map: graphic scale of the map; date of the facts the map purports to show; a legend giving all symbols and abbreviations used; designations of facilities leased to or from another company, giving name of such other company.
- 4. Maps not larger than 24 inches square are desired. If necessary, however, submit larger maps to show essential information. Fold the

maps to a size not larger then this report. Bind the maps to the report.

See attached map



Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(1) <u>X</u> An Original (2) A Resubmission	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	2014/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 234 Line No.: 4 Column: g
Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and OR rate change adjustments

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
Trains of response.	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Column: a Schedule Page: 260 Line No.: 8

The loss associated with each reacquisition consists of a reacquisition premium, other reacquisition expenses, and remaining unamortized issuance costs (Account 181) at the time of reacquisition.

(1) 7.5% Notes were reacquired in March 2007 and refunded by 5.79% Senior Notes for \$40,000,000 due 3/08/2037. The remaining unamortized debt expense of \$1,229,120 was reclassified to unamortized loss on reacquired debt.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) X An Original (2) A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	Year/Period of Report
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission FOOTNOTE DATA	12/31/2014	2014/Q4
<u> </u>	FOOTNOTE DATA		
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 5 Column: a			
CIAC	2,757,224		
Fax Gain (loss) on disposal of assets:			
Pre-1981 assets	(224)		
Post-1980 assets	339,239		
Total	3,096,239		
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 10 Column:			
Tax expense	7,050,183		
Depreciation provision:	(3,560)		
Pre-1981	22,851,843		
Post-1980	22,651,643 1,390,916		
Vacation accrual - current year	1,391,878		
Bad Debt expense STIP accrual - addback	980,749		
SFAS No. 87 accrual - SERP/SISP expense	760,449		
SFAS No. 87 accidar - 3ERT73131 expense	358,723		
Retiree Medical expense	115,537		
Amort of loss on reacquired debt (4281)	40,971		
Permanent Diff's:	10,011		
50% of business meals & entertainment	176,141		
Lobbying (5912.4264)	122,435		
Interest expense	65,258		
Penalties (5984)	4,408		
	Total 35,305,931		
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 20 Column			
Depreciation & amortization of plant:			
Pre-1981	(220,224)		
Post-1980	(37,342,012)		
CC&B deduction	(1,566,582)		
Repairs deduction	(3,878,645)		
Deferred Gas costs	(4,940,456)		
Funding of pension plan	(1,435,385)		
Bad Debts written off	(1,399,974)		
Vacation accrual - prior year	(1,304,023)		
Customer advances - 2520.000 to 2520.2991	(1,180,780)		
Bremerton MGP expenses	(840,407)		
Eugene MGP expenses	(77,489)		
Retiree Medical payments	(471,417)		
SERP - benefit payments out of plan	(501,615)		
Charitable contributions (5981.4261)	(250,153)		
STIP accrual - prior year	(747,218)		
263A adjustment - UNICAP	(14,949)		
Permanent diff's:			
401k dividends (MDUR)	(96,807)		
SERP - perm difference piece	(448,246)		
Oregon State income tax	107,060		
	Total (56,609,322)		
Schedule Page: 261 Line No.: 33 Column		T-1-1	
Allocated to: 409.1	409.2	Total	

Page 552.1

FERC FORM NO. 2 (12-96)

Name of Respondent		This Report is:	This Report is: (1) X An Original		Year/Period of Report	
Cascade Natural Gas Cor	rporation	(2) _ A Resubmissi	ion	(Mo, Da, Yr) 12/31/2014	2014/Q4	
		FOOTNOTE DATA				
Washington	(4,989,631)	(379)	(4.	990,010)		
Ů	(2,276,469)	(122)		276,591)		
Oregon						
Total	((7,266,100)	(501)	(7,	,266,601)		
Schedule Page: 261 Taxable Income for Fe Oregon adjustments to Oregon State Income Bonus Depreciation a Post-80 gain adjustm Taxable Income for Or Oregon Apportionmen Oregon Taxable Incom Oregon Tax Rate Estimated Tax Return Adjustments: Difference between 12 Provision for Current O	ed from Federal Return	(† (* (7,	.480,691) 107,060) 460,882) <u>5,230</u> ,043,403) 20.0000% ,408,681) 7.60% (107,060) (301,427) (408,487)			
Allocated to:	409.1	<u>409.2</u>	<u>Tc</u>	<u>otal</u>		
Total	(406,771)	(1,716)	(4	08,487)		

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report				
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)					
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4				
FOOTNOTE DATA							

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 4 Column: g
Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and deferred tax effect of OR State tax rate increase.

Schedule Page: 276 Line No.: 4 Column: I
Regulatory accounts related to FAS158 and deferred tax effect of OR State tax rate increase.

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 338 Line No.: 9 Column: a

Notes to Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Gas Plant

Depreciation is accrued monthly on the average balance in each plant account using a rate specific to the account. The average balance is the simple average of the balance at the beginning of the month and at the end of the month. The amounts shown below represent the year-end balances of depreciable plant and the weighted average composite rates based on year-end balances in each category.

	<u>Washington</u>		<u>Oregon</u>	
Description	Depreciable Plant Base (Thousands)	Composite Rate (Percent)	Depreciable Plant Base (Thousands)	Composite Rate (Percent)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Intangible plant Manufactured gas production	21,180 0		6,975 0	
Transmission plant	11,160	1.88%	5,863	1.92%
Distribution plant	545,674	2.62%	153,948	2.60%
General plant	39,643	3.89%_	13,492	3.63%
Total -	617,657	2.87%	180,278	2.85%

Name of Respondent	This Report is:	Date of Report	Year/Period of Report
,	(1) X An Original	(Mo, Da, Yr)	
Cascade Natural Gas Corporation	(2) _ A Resubmission	12/31/2014	2014/Q4
	FOOTNOTE DATA		

Schedule Page: 354Line No.: 75Column: aPTO/Incentive/Severence Liability\$692,354Miscellaneous1,384

Total Other Accounts \$693,738

INDEX	
Accrued and prepaid taxes	262-263
Accumulated provision for depreciation of	202-203
gas utlitily plant	219
utility plant (summary)	200-201
Advance to associated companies	222
Associated companies	
advances from	256
advances to	222-223
control over respondent	102
corporations controlled by respondent	103
investment in	222-223
service contracts charges	357
Attestation	1
Balance Sheet, compartive	110-113
Bonds	256-257
Capital Stock	250-251
discount	254
expense	254
premiums	252
reacquired	251
subscribed	252
Cash flows, statement of	120-121
Changes important during the year	108
Compressor Stations	508-509
Construction	
overhead procedures, general description of	218
work in progress other utility departments	200-201
Contracts, service charges	357
Control	
corporations controlled by respondent	103
over respondent	102
security holders and voting powers	107
CPA Certification, this report form	i
Current and accrued	
liablities, miscellaneous	268
Deferred	200
credits, other	269
debits, miscellaneous	233
income taxes, accumulated	234-235
income taxes, accumulated-other property	274-275
income taxes, accumulated-other	276-277
regulatory expenses	350-351
Definitions, this report form	iv
Depletion	226 220
amortization and depreciation of gas plant	336-338
and amortization of producing natural gas land and land rights	336-338
Depreciation gas plant	336-338
gas plant gas plant in service	219
gas plant in service Discount on Capital Stock	219 254
Dividend appropriations	254 118-119
	118-119
Earnings, retained	328
Exchange and imbalace transactions	
Expenses, gas operation and maintenance	320-325

Fining Requirements, time report form	Irilina Danninga anta this year at farm	: :::
Gas account natrual \$20 Gas exchanged, natural received 328 exced underground 220 used in utility operations, credit 331 plant in service 204-209 Gathering revenues 302-303 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 101 Income 252 deductions details 252 (559, 340) statement of, for year 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 252-257 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 141 Investment 222-223	Filing Requirements, this report form	i-iii
Sample		
exchanged, natural 328 received 328 stored underground 220 used in utility operations, credit 31 plant in service 204-209 Gathering revenues 302-303 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 101 income 256-259, 340 deductions – details 252 statement of, for year 114-116 installments received on capital stock 252 instreast 340 on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 instructions for fling the FERC Form No. 2 1-iii investment 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 securities disposed of furing year 222-223 law, e		520
received stored underground 228 stored underground used in utility operations, credit 331 plant in service 204-209 and in utility operations, credit 331 plant in service 204-209 and 209-303 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 101 income 256-259, 340 statement of, for year 114-116 installments received on capital stock 114-116 installments received on capital stock 114-116 installments received on capital stock 114-116 installments received on capital stock 114-116 installments received on panies 340 on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 initi investment 114-116 in associated companies 222-223 other 222-223 other 222-223 instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 in associated companies 222-223 usus bidiary companies 222-223 usus securities disposed of during year 222-223 taw, excerpts applicable to this report form 222-223 taw, excerpts applicable to this report form 222-223 taw, excerpts applicable to this report form 222-223 taw, excerpts applicable to this report form 256-257 assumed during year 255 capital substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 256-257 substances 255 substances 255 substances 255 substances 256-257 substances 255 substanc		220
stored underground 220 used in utility operations, credit 331 plant in service 204-209 Gathering revenues 302-303 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 101 income 256-259, 340 deductions – details 252 certified statement of, for year 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 certified on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 340 on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 1-initian Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 222-223 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 222-223 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 222-223 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 law, excerpts applicable to this report form		
used in utility operations, credit 331 plant in service 302-303 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 101 Income 556-259, 340 statement of, for year 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 interest 340 on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 1	1	
plant in service 204-209 Cathering revenues 302-303 Cathering revenues 302-303 Cathering revenues 218 Cathering revenues 218 Cathering revenues 256-259, 340 Interest 256-259, 340 Interest 256-259, 340 Interest 256-257 Interest 256-257 Interest 256-257 Interest 256-257 Interest 256-257 Interest 222-223 I	<u>-</u>	
Gathering revenues 302-303 General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 101 Income 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 Interest 340 on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 i-iii Investment 222-223 in associated companies 222-223 other 222-223 subsidiary companies 224-225 securities disposed of during year 222-223 law, excerpts applicable to this report form iv Ust of Schedules, this report form iv Ust of Schedules, this report form 256-257 assumed during year 255 Log-term debt 256-257 assumed during year 255 Management and engineering contracts 357 Map, system 522.1 Miscellaneous general expense 357 Notes 256-257 <td></td> <td></td>		
General description of construction overhead procedures 218 General information 256-259, 340 Income 256-259, 340 deductions - details 252-259, 340 statement of, for year 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 interest 340 on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 init in associated companies 222-223 other 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 securities disposed of during year 222-223 Law, excerpts applicable to this report form iv List of Schedules, this report form 3-Feb Legal proceedings during year 256-257 assumed during year 255-257 assumed during year 255-257 Management and engineering contracts 357 Map, system 325-255 Miscellaneous general expense 335 Notes 222-255 To balance sheet	l '	
General Information 101 Income		
income deductions details		
deductions - details 256-259, 340 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 Interest 0	Income	-
statement of, for year 114-116 Installments received on capital stock 252 Interest 0		256-259, 340
installments received on capital stock interest on debt to associated companies on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 256-257 instructions for filling the FERC Form No. 2 initial linvestment in associated companies 222-223 other subsidiary companies 222-223 subsidiary companies 222-223 securities disposed of during year 222-223 temporary cash 222-223 temporary cash 222-223 law, excerpts applicable to this report form in in its report form 222-223 law, excerpts applicable to this report form in its report form 3-Feb legal proceedings during year 255 cash assumed during year 255 cash assumed during year 255 cash assumed during year 255 cash assumed during year 255 cash anagement and engineering contracts 357 Management and engineering contracts 357 Management and engineering contracts 357 Map, system 322.1 Miscellaneous general expense 255.21 discellaneous general expense 256-257 to balance sheet 122 to financial statement 122 to financial statement 122 to financial statement 122 coperating expenses — gas 317-325 revenues — gas 300-301 Other 253 gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock 253 gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock 253 regulatory liabilities 253 regulatory liabilities 253 regulatory liabilities 278 regulatory liabilities 279 regulatory lia	statement of, for year	
Interest		252
on long-term from investment, advances, etc. 156-257 Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 161 Investment 222-223 in associated companies 222-223 other 224-225 subsidiary companies 224-225 securities disposed of during year 222-223 Law, excerpts applicable to this report form iv List of Schedules, this report form 3-Feb Legal proceedings during year 108 Long-term debt 256-257 assumed during year 255 retained during year 255 retained during year 255 Management and engineering contracts 357 Map, system 522.1 Miscellaneous general expense 522.1 Miscellaneous general expense 256-257 to balance sheet 122 to financial statement 122 to statement of income for the year 122 Operating 253 expenses - gas 317-325 revenues - gas 300-301 Other	<u> </u>	
Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2 Investment in associated companies	on debt to associated companies	340
Investment	on long-term from investment, advances, etc.	256-257
in associated companies other capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary companies capter of the subsidiary capter of the subsidi	Instructions for filing the FERC Form No. 2	i-iii
other 222-223 subsidiary companies 224-225 securities disposed of during year 222-223 temporary cash 222-223 Law, excerpts applicable to this report form iv List of Schedules, this report form 3-Feb Legal proceedings during year 108 Long-term debt 256-257 assumed during year 255 Management and engineering contracts 357 Map, system 522.1 Miscellaneous general expense 35 Notes 122 Payable, advances from associated companies 256-257 to balance sheet 122 to financial statement 122 to statement of income for the year 122 Operating 256-257 expenses gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other 253 donations received from stockholders 253 gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock 253 miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies	Investment	
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temporary cash 222-223 Law, excerpts applicable to this report form iv List of Schedules, this report form 3-Feb Legal proceedings during year 108 Long-term debt 256-257 assumed during year 255 retained during year 255 Management and engineering contracts 357 Map, system 522.1 Miscellaneous general expense 335 Notes Payable, advances from associated companies 256-257 to balance sheet 122 to financial statement 122 to statement of income for the year 122 Operating 317-325 expenses – gas 317-325 revenues – gas 300-301 Other 40nations received from stockholders 253 gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock 253 miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission		224-225
Law, excerpts applicable to this report form List of Schedules, this report form Legal proceedings during year Long-term debt assumed during year retained during year retained during year retained during year Amanagement and engineering contracts Map, system Management and engineering contracts Map, system Sozellaneous general expense Payable, advances from associated companies to balance sheet to balance sheet to balance sheet to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas revenues gas donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital paid-in capital paid-in capital paid-in capital regulatory assets regulatory assets regulatory assets regulatory assets construction work in progress construction work in progress construction work in progress held for future use 126 256-257 255 256 257 256 257 256 257 257 258 258 259 259 259 259 259 259 259 259 259 259		
List of Schedules, this report form Legal proceedings during year Long-term debt Long-term debt assumed during year 255 retained during year 255 Management and engineering contracts Map, system Miscellaneous general expense Notes Payable, advances from associated companies to blaince sheet to blaince sheet to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock paid-in capital paid-in capital reduction in par or stated value of capital stock regulatory labilities regulatory labilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use 256-257 to balance sheet 122 to financial statement 122 to statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 123 To statement of income for the year 124 To blaince sheet 125 To statement of income for the year 126 To statement of income for the year 127 To statement of income for the year 128 To statement of income for the year 129 To statement of income for the year 120 To statement of income for the year 121 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of income for the year 122 To statement of		222-223
Legal proceedings during year108Long-term debt256-257assumed during year255retained during year255Management and engineering contracts357Map, system522.1Miscellaneous general expense335NotesPayable, advances from associated companies256-257to balance sheet122to financial statement122to statement of income for the year122Operatingxeyenses gas317-325revolues gas300-301Otherdonations received from stockholders253gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock253other supplies expense334paid-in capital253reduction in par or stated value of capital stock253regulatory liabilities278Peak deliveries, transmission system518Peak facilities, auxiliary519Plant gas216construction work in progress216held for future use216		
Long-term debt assumed during year assumed during year retained during year Ananagement and engineering contracts Mana, system Sozz.1 Miscellaneous general expense Apayable, advances from associated companies to balance sheet to balance sheet to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas revenues gas donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock paid-in capital paid-in capital regulatory labelities regulatory labelities regulatory liabilities construction work in progress construction work in progress construction work in progress lace signare si		
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retained during year Management and engineering contracts Map, system S22.1 Miscellaneous general expense Notes Payable, advances from associated companies to balance sheet to financial statement to financial statement to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock paid-in capital paid-		
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Notes Payable, advances from associated companies to balance sheet to financial statement to statement of income for the year Operating expenses – gas revenues – gas onations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital paid-in capital paid-in capital paid-in capital regulatory assets regulatory liabilities Peak deliveries, transmission system Plant – gas construction work in progress check deliveries and sociated		
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to balance sheet to financial statement to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital paid-in capital paid-in capital reduction in par or stated value of capital stock regulatory assets regulatory liabilities Peak deliveries, transmission system Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 129 120 120 121 122 122 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 122 123 123 124 125 126 126 127 128 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 122 123 123 124 125 126 126 127 128 129 120 120 121 121 122 122 123 124 123 124 124 125 126 127 128 129 120 120 121 120 121 121 122 122 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120		256 257
to financial statement to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock 253 miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use		
to statement of income for the year Operating expenses gas revenues gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use		
Operating expenses gas revenues gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use		
expenses gas revenues gas 317-325 revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets 232 regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system Peak facilities, auxiliary Flant gas construction work in progress held for future use 317-325 300-301 300-301	<u>'</u>	122
revenues gas 300-301 Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets 232 regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system Peak facilities, auxiliary Flant gas construction work in progress held for future use 300-301	1 1	317-325
Other donations received from stockholders gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock miscellaneous paid-in capital other supplies expense and paid-in capital p		
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miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets 232 regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas construction work in progress 216 held for future use 214		253
miscellaneous paid-in capital 253 other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets 232 regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas construction work in progress 216 held for future use 214		
other supplies expense 334 paid-in capital 253 reduction in par or stated value of capital stock 253 regulatory assets 232 regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas 2016 construction work in progress 216 held for future use 214		253
reduction in par or stated value of capital stock regulatory assets regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system Peak facilities, auxiliary Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use 253 232 278 278 278 278 218 219 219 210 211	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	334
reduction in par or stated value of capital stock regulatory assets regulatory liabilities 278 Peak deliveries, transmission system Peak facilities, auxiliary Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use 253 232 278 278 278 278 218 219 219 210 211		253
regulatory assets regulatory liabilities Peak deliveries, transmission system Peak facilities, auxiliary Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use 232 278 278 278 218 219		253
Peak deliveries, transmission system 518 Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas construction work in progress 216 held for future use 214		232
Peak facilities, auxiliary 519 Plant gas 216 construction work in progress 216 held for future use 214	regulatory liabilities	278
Plant gas construction work in progress held for future use 216	Peak deliveries, transmission system	518
construction work in progress 216 held for future use 214	Peak facilities, auxiliary	519
held for future use 214	Plant gas	
	construction work in progress	216
leased from others 212		
	leased from others	212

leased to others	213
Plant Utility	
accumulated provisions (summary)	200-201
leased to others, income from	213
Premium on capital stock	252
Prepaid taxed	262-263
Prepayments	230
Professional services, charges for	357
Property losses, extraordinary	230
	230
Reacquired	250-251
capital stock	
long-term debt	256-257
Receivers' certificate	256-257
Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income form Federal income taxes	261
Regulatory commission expenses	350-351
Regulatory commission expenses deferred	232
Retained earnings	
appropriated	118-119
statement of	118-119
unappropriated	118-119
Revenues	
from storing gas of others	306-307
from transportation of gas through gathering facilities	302-303
from transportation of gas through transmission facilities	304-305
gas operating	300
Salaries and wages, distribution of	354-355
Sales	300-301
Secrurities	
disposed of during year	222-223
holders and voting powers	107
investment in associated companies	222-223
investment, others	222-223
issued or assumed during year	255
refunded or retired during year	255
registered on a national exchange	250-251, 256-257
stock liability for conversion	252
Storage	232
	E12 E12
of natural gas, underground	512-513 306-307
revenues	300-307
Taxes	262.262
accrued and prepaid	262-263
charged during the year	262-263
on income, deferred accumulated	222-223, 234-235
reconciliation of net income for	261
Transmission	
and compression of gas by others	332
lines	514
revenues	304-305
system peak deliveries	518
Unamortized	
debt discount and expense	258-259
loss and gain on reacquired debt	260
premium on debt	258-259
Underground	
storage of natural gas, expense, operating data, plant	512-513
Unrecoverd plant and regulatory study costs	230



THIS F	ILING IS
Item 1: An Initial (Original) Submission	OR Resubmission No.

Form 2 Approved OMB No.1902-0028 (Expires 10/31/2014) Form 3-Q Approved OMB No.1902-0205 (Expires 05/31/2014)

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT TO OREGON PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT FERC FORM No. 2: Annual Report of Major Natural Gas Companies and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Natural Gas Act, Sections 10(a), and 16 and 18 CFR Parts 260.1 and 260.300. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties, and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of a confidential nature.

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

Cascade Natural Gas Corporation

Year/Period of Report

End of 2014/Q4

ANNUAL REPORT OREGON SUPPLEMENT TO FERC FORM 2 FOR MULTI-STATE GAS COMPANIES 2014

INDEX

<u>Page</u>	<u>Title</u>
1	Statement of Utility Operating Income for the Year
2	Gas Operating Revenues
3	Interdepartmental Sales – Natural Gas
3	Rent from Gas Property and Interdepartmental Rents
4-9	Gas Operation and Maintenance Expenses
10	Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization of Gas Plant
11	Taxes, Other Than Income Taxes
12	Calculation of Current Federal Income Tax Expense
13	Calculation of Current State Income Taxes (Excise) Tax Expense
14-15	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes, Account 190
16-17	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Accelerated Amortization Property, Account 281
18-19	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Other Property, Account 282
20-21	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes – Other, Account 283
22A	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits, Account 255
23	Summary of Utility Plant and Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization & Depletion – Situs
24-27	Gas Plant in Service by Account – Situs
28	Gas Plant Held for Future Use – Situs
29	Construction Work in Progress – Situs
30	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utiltiy Plant – Situs
31	Summary of Utility Plant & Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation, Amortization & Depletion – Allocated
32-35	Gas Plant in Service By Account – Allocated
36	Gas Plant Held for Future Use – Allocated
37	Construction Work in Progress – Allocated
38	Accumulated Provision for Depreciation of Gas Utility Plant – Allocated
39	Gas Stored
40-42	Gas Purchases
43	Gas Used in Utility Operations – Credit
44-45	Gas Account – Natural Gas
46	Miscellaneous General Expenses
47	Political Advertising
48	Political Contributions
49	Expenditures to Any Person or Organization Having an Affiliated Interest for Services, etc.
50	Donations and Memberships
51	Officers' Salaries
52	Donations or Payments for Services Rendered By Persons Other Than Employees and Charged to Oregon
	Operating Accounts
53	Oregon Gas Utility Statistics

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (1) An Original		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014		
(2) A Resubmission			(101,0,1)	DCC: 31, 2014	
	STATE OF OREGON - STATEMEN	NT OF OPERATING INCO	ME FOR TH	HE YEAR	
			(REF.)		
			PAGE		
LINE	ACCOUNT		NO.		JTILITY
NO.	(5)		(1-)	Current Year	Previous Year
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME				
2	Operating Revenues (400)		2	70,092,488	65,973,539
3	Operating Expenses				
4	Operation Expenses (401)		4-9	51,204,095	46,891,608.84
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)		4-9	1,306,198	1,241,537.42
6	Depreciation Expense (403)		10	4,352,020	4,236,245.48
7	Amortization & Depletion of Utility Plant (404-405)		10	528,038	373,955.40
8	Amortization of Utility Plant Acquisition Adjustment (406)		10	-	-
0	Amortization of Property Losses, Unrecovered Plant and Reg	gulatory Study Costs			
9	(407)			-	-
	Amortization of Conversion Expenses (407) Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.1)		44	4 775 044	4 044 004 00
11 12	Income Taxes - Federal (409.1)		11 12	4,775,844 (2,276,469)	4,611,091.99 (128,180.38)
13	Income Taxes - Pederal (409.1)		13	(406,771)	(41,718.26)
	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)		14-21	5,095,462	2,773,923.01
15	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes - Cr. (411.1)		14-21	5,095,402	2,773,923.01
16	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment - Net (411.4)		22	(13,085)	(14,885.34)
17	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.6)		22	(13,003)	(14,003.34)
18	Losses from Disposition of Utility Plant (411.7)			_	_
19	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Enter Total of lines 4 thro	ough 18)		64,565,332	\$ 59,943,578
20	Net Utility Operating Income (Enter Total of line 2 less 19)	sugit 10)		5,527,156	6,029,961
20	Net ounty operating moonie (Enter Total of line 2 less 19)			5,521,150	0,020,301
ì					

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	bort Is:		DATE OF	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	REPORT
		(£)	시 An Original					i
Š	CASCADE NATURALGAS CORPORATION		A Resubmission		(M,	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014	2014
		ST	ATE OF OREG	ON - GAS OPERAT	STATE OF OREGON - GAS OPERATING REVENUES (ACCOUNT 400)	JNT 400)		
Line No.	ACCOUNT	CUR	OPERATING REVENUES CURRENT YEAR PREVIOUS	REVENUES PREVIOUS YEAR	JUS	MCF OF NATURAL GAS SOLD RENT YEAR PREVIOUS YEAR	AVG. NO. OF NAT. GAS CUSTUMERS PER MO. CURRENT YEAR PREVIOUS YEAR	CUSTUMERS PER MO. PREVIOUS YEAR
•	(a)		(q)	(c)	(p)	(e)	(J)	(b)
-	GAS SERVICE REVENUES	•						
2 0	480 Residential Sales	₽	37,588,341	\$ 35,823,358	3,647,693	4,017,779	57,415	56,291
η,	401 Collinerdal and Industrial Sales	•						
4 4	Small or Commercial	A 6	23,420,535	\$ 22,006,650	50 2,667,661	2,913,497	9,613	9,514
C	Large of Irlaustrial	0	4,770,233			700,080	01	CII
9	482 Other Sales to Public Authorities							
7	484 Interdepartmental Sales							
80	TOTAL Sales to Ultimate Consumers	s	65,785,175	\$ 61,777,271	6,952,236	7,529,283	67,146	65,918
6	483 Sales for Resale							
10	TOTAL Natural Gas Service Revenues	\$	65,785,175	\$ 61,777,271	6,952,236	7,529,283	67,146	65,918
11	Revenues from Manufactured Gas							
12	TOTAL Gas Service Revenues	\$	65,785,175	\$ 61,777,271	71			
13	OTHER OPERATING REVENUES							
14	485 Intracompany Transfers		_					
15	487 Forfeited Discounts							
16	488 Miscellaneous Service Revenues	\$	191,896	\$ 169,462	52			
17	489 Revenue from Trans. of Gas of Others	\$	4,029,534	\$ 3,966,440	40			
18	490 Sales of Prod. Ext. from Natural Gas							
19	491 Revenue from Natural Gas Proc. by Others							
20	492 Incidental Gasoline and Oil Sales							
21	493 Rent from Gas Property	\$	11,000	\$ 11,000	00			
22	494 Interdepartmental Rents							
23	495 Other Gas Revenues	\$	74,883	\$ 49,366	96			
24	TOTAL Other Operating Revenues	\$	4,307,313	\$ 4,196,268	38			
25	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues	ક	70,092,488	\$ 65,973,539	39			
26	(Less) 496 Provision for Rate Refunds							
27	TOTAL Gas Operating Revenues Net of Provision for Refunds							
28	Dist. Type Sales by States (Incl. Main Line Sales to Residential and Commercial Customers)	€.	61.008.876		6.315.354			
50	Main Line Industrial Sales (Incl. Main Line Sales to Public Authorities)	. €	4 776 299		636 882			
30	Sales for Resale	+						
31	Other Sales to Public Authority (Local Dist. Only)							
32	Interdepartmental Sales							
33	TOTAL (Same as Line 10, Columns (b) and (d))	\$	65,785,175		6,952,236			
NOTES	·S:							

NAME OF RESPONDENT CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION This Report Is:							
STATE OF OREGON - INTERDEPARTMENTAL SALES - NATURAL GAS (Account 484) Report particulars concening sales of natural gas included in Account 484. LINE No. DEPARTMENT AND BASIS OF CHARGES (a) POINT OF DELIVERY (14.74 psia AT 60 F) REVENUE (d) NONE RENT FROM GAS PROPERTY AND INTERDEPARTMENTAL RENTS (Accounts 493, 494) 1. Report particulars concerning rents received, included in Accounts 493 and 494. 2. Minor rents may be entered at the total amount for each class of such rents. 3. If rents are included which were arrived at under an arrangement for apportioning expenses of a joint facility, whereby the amount included in this account represents profit or return on property, depreciation, and taxes, give particulars and the basis of apportionment of such charges to Account493 or 494. 4. Provide a subheading and total for each account. LINE NAME OF LESSEE OR DEPARTMENT (Designate associated companies) Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a lattle stand Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for salettle stand Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a lattle stand \$\frac{11,000}{5}\$ Account 493 Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a lattle stand \$\frac{11,000}{5}\$ Account 493 Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a lattle stand \$\frac{11,000}{5}\$ Account 493	NAME	OF RESPONDENT		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT		
Report particulars concening sales of natural gas included in Account 484. LINE No. DEPARTMENT AND BASIS OF CHARGES (a) POINT OF DELIVERY (b) (14.74 psia AT 60 F) REVENUE (d) NONE RENT FROM GAS PROPERTY AND INTERDEPARTMENTAL RENTS (Accounts 493, 494) 1. Report particulars concerning rents received, included in Accounts 493 and 494. 2. Minor rents may be entered at the total amount for each class of such rents. 3. If rents are included which were arrived at under an arrangement for apportioning expenses of a joint facility, whereby the amount included in this account represents profit or return on property, depreciation, and taxes, give particulars and the basis of apportionment of such charges to Account493 or 494. 4. Provide a subheading and total for each account. LINE NAME OF LESSEE OR DEPARTMENT (Designate associated companies) (a) (b) (c) (d) Account 493 Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a lattle stand (s) 11,000 (d) Stone Bros., Inc. Walla Walla Cnty commissoners	CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	· / <u></u>	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014		
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LINE NO. DEPARTMENT AND BASIS OF CHARGES (a) POINT OF DELIVERY (b) (14.74 psia AT 60 F) (c) REVENUE (d) RENT FROM GAS PROPERTY AND INTERDEPARTMENTAL RENTS (Accounts 493, 494) 1. Report particulars concerning rents received, included in Accounts 493 and 494. 2. Minor rents may be entered at the total amount for each class of such rents. 3. If rents are included which were arrived at under an arrangement for apportioning expenses of a joint facility, whereby the amount included in this account represents profit or return on property, depreciation, and taxes, give particulars and the basis of apportionment of such charges to Account493 or 494. 4. Provide a subheading and total for each account. NAME OF LESSEE OR DEPARTMENT (Designate associated companies) (a) Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a lattle stand (b) \$ 11,000 \$ 11	Report	t particulars concening sales of natural gas include	d in Account 484.				
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4. Provide a subheading and total for each account. LINE NAME OF LESSEE OR DEPARTMENT NO. (Designate associated companies) (a) Account 493 Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand Walla Walla Cnty commissoners AMOUNT OF REVENUE FOR YEAR NATURAL GAS PROPERTY (GAS PROPERTY (GAS PROPERTY (Designate associated companies) (Desi		·		э			
LINE NAME OF LESSEE OR DEPARTMENT (Designate associated companies) (a) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY (b) (c) GAS PROPERTY (d) (d) Account 493 Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand Walla Cnty commissoners Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand \$ 11,000 \$ -							
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(a) (b) (c) (d) Account 493 Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand \$11,000 \$ Walla Walla Cnty commissoners \$ -							
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Northern portion of parking lot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand \$ 11,000 \$			(-)	(-)	(-)		
Stone Bros., Inc. Walla Walla Cnty commissoners Iot at the Hermiston office for a latte stand \$ 11,000 \$ -							
Stone Bros., Inc. a latte stand \$ 11,000 \$ -							
Walla Walla Cnty commissoners \$ -		Stone Proc. Inc.		¢ 11.000			
			a latte stand				
I Allocation of Rent Paid by MDLIR Group I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		Allocation of Rent Paid by MDUR Group		\$ -			
Allocation of Rent Faid by MiDoR Group		Allocation of Nent 1 ald by MDON Group		φ -			
Total Account 493 \$ 11,000		Total Account 493		\$ 11,000			
				,			

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (1		(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATE	D GAS OPERATION AND I	MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	5
If the a	amount for previous year is not derived from previously r	reported figures, explain in f	ootnotes.	
		3, . p		
LINE	ACCOUNT		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	1. PRODUCTION EXPENSE		(6)	(0)
2	A. Manufactured Gas Production			
3	Manufactured Gas Production (Detail Page 4A)		0	0
4	B. Natural Gas Production			
5	B1. Natural Gas Production and Gathering			
6	Operation			
7	750 Operation Supervision and Engineering		0	0
8	751 Production Maps and Records		0	0
9	752 Gas Wells Expenses		0	0
10	753 Field Lines Expenses		0	0
11	754 Field Compressor Station Expenses		0	0
12	755 Field Compressor Station Fuel and Power		0	0
13	756 Field Measuring and Regulating Station Expense	es	0	0
14 15	757 Purification Expenses 758 Gas Well Royalties		0	0
16	759 Other Expenses		0	0
17	760 Rents		0	0
18	Total Operation (Enter Total of lines 7 thru 17)		0	0
19	Maintenance		·	
20	761 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering		0	0
21	762 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements		0	0
22	763 Maintenance of Producing Gas Wells		0	0
23	764 Maintenance of Field Lines		0	0
24	765 Maintenance of Field Compressor Station Equip		0	0
25	766 Maintenance of Field Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip	oment	0	0
26	767 Maintenance of Purification Equipment		0	0
27	768 Maintenance of Drilling and Cleaning Equipment	t	0	0
28	769 Maintenance of Other Equipment	2)	0	0
29	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 20 thru 28	/	0	0
30	TOTAL Natural Gas Production & Gathering (Total of B2. Products Extraction	of lines 18 and 29)	0	0
31 32	Operation			
33	770 Operation Supervision and Engineering		0	0
34	771 Operation Labor		0	0
35	772 Gas Shrinkage		0	0
36	773 Fuel		0	0
37	774 Power		0	0
38	775 Materials		0	0
39	776 Operation Supplies and Expenses		0	0
40	777 Gas Processed by Others		0	0
41	778 Royalties on Products Extracted		0	0
42	779 Marketing Expenses		0	0
43	780 Products Purchases for Resale		0	0
44	781 Variation in Products Inventory	Dro dit	0	0
45	(Less) 782 Extracted Products Used by the Utility - C	realt	0	0
46 47	783 Rents TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 33 thru 46)		0	0

NAME OF RESPONDENT		This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED G	GAS OPERATION AND MAIN	ITENANCE EXPENSE	S (Con't)
LINE NO.	ACCOUNT (a)		CURRENT YEAR (b)	PREVIOUS YEAR (c)
1	A. Manufactured Gas Produ	uction Detail		

NAME	OF RESPONDENT This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
۱	(1) An Original	(M.D.)()	D 04 0044
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AND	MAINTENANCE EXPENS	SES (Con't)
LINE	ACCOUNT	CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)
	B2. Products Extraction (Con't)		
48	Maintenance		
49	784 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0
50	785 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	0	0
51	786 Maintenance of Extraction and Refining Equipment	0	0
52	787 Maintenance of Pipe Lines	0	0
53	788 Maintenance of Extracted Products Storage Equipment	0	0
54	789 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment	0	0
55	790 Maintenance of Gas Measuring and Reg. Equipment	0	0
56	791 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0	0
57	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 49 thru 56)	0	0
58	TOTAL Products Extraction (Enter Total of lines 47 and 57)	0	0
59	C. Exploration and Development		
60	Operation 705 D. H. D. H. H.	0	
61	795 Delay Rentals	0	0
62 63	796 Nonproductive Well Drilling	0	0
	797 Abandoned Leases	0	0
64 65	798 Other Exploration	0	0
63	TOTAL Exploration & Development (Enter Total of lines 61 thru 64) D. Other Gas Supply Expenses	0	U
66	Operation		
67	800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases	0	0
68	800.1 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases, Intracompany Transfers	0	0
69	801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases	0	0
70	802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases	0	0
71	803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases	0	0
72	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases	41,900,435	41,411,200
73	804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases	0	0
74	805 Other Gas Purchases	0	0
75	(Less) 805.1 Purchased Gas Cost Adjustments	2,883,990	5,284,552
76	805.2 Incremental Gas Cost Adjustments	0	0
77	TOTAL Purchased Gas (Enter Total of lines 67 to 75)	39,016,445	36,126,648
78	806 Exchange Gas	0	0
79	Purchased Gas Expenses		
80	807.1 Well Expenses - Purchased Gas	0	0
81	807.2 Operation of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations	0	0
82	807.3 Maintenance of Purchased Gas Measuring Stations	0	0
83	807.4 Purchased Gas Calculations Expenses	0	0
84	807.5 Other Purchased Gas Expenses	0	0
85	TOTAL Purchased Gas Expenses (Enter Total of lines 80 thru 84)	527.400	390,003
86 87	808.1 Gas Withdrawn from Storage - Debit (Less) 808.2 Gas Delivered to Storage - Credit	537,100 0	389,993
88	809.1 Withdrawals of Liquefied Natural Gas for Processing - Debit	0	0
89	(Less) 809.2 Deliveries of Natural Gas for Processing - Credit	0	0
90	(Less) Gas Used in Utility Operations - Credit	0	
91	810 Gas Used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit	0	0
92	811 Gas Used for Products Extraction - Credit	0	0
93	812 Gas Used for Other Utility Operations - Credit	25,586	23,371
94	TOTAL Gas Used in Utility Operations - Credit (Lines 91 thru 93)	25,586	23,371
95	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses	100,206	91,827
96	TOTAL Other Gas Supply Exp (Lines 77, 78, 85, 86 thru 89, 94, 95)	39,628,165	36,585,097
97	TOTAL Production Expenses (Total of lines 3, 30, 58, 65 and 96)	39,628,165	36,585,097

NAME	ME OF RESPONDENT This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT YEAR OF REP		
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014	
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOC	ATED GAS OPERATION AN	D MAINTENANCE EXPENSES		
LINE	ACCOUNT		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR	
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)	
98	2. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALIN	IG & PROCESSING EXPENS			
99	A. Underground Storage Expense	es			
100	Operation				
101	814 Operation Supervision and Engineering	J	0	0	
102	815 Maps and Records		0	0	
103	816 Wells Expenses		0	0	
104	817 Lines Expense		0	0	
105	818 Compressor Station Expenses		0	0	
106	819 Compressor Station Fuel and Power		0	0	
107	820 Measuring and Regulating Station Expe	enses	0	0	
108	821 Purification Expenses		0	0	
109	822 Exploration and Development		0	0	
110	823 Gas Losses		0	0	
111	824 Other Expenses		0	0	
112	825 Storage Well Royalties		0	0	
113	826 Rents		0	0	
114	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 101	thru 113)	0	0	
115	Maintenance				
116	830 Maintenance Supervision and Engineer	ring	0	0	
117	831 Maintenance of Structures and Improve	ements	0	0	
118	832 Maintenance of Reservoirs and Wells		0	0	
119	833 Maintenance of Lines		0	0	
120	834 Maintenance of Compressor Station Eq	quipment	0	0	
121	835 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulation	ting Station Equipment	0	0	
122	836 Maintenance of Purification Equipment		0	0	
123	837 Maintenance of Other Equipment		0	0	
124	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines		0	0	
125	TOTAL Underground Storage Expenses (1	Total of lines 114 and 124)	0	0	
126	B. Other Storage Expenses				
127	Operation				
128	840 Operation Supervision and Engineering	1	0	0	
129	841 Operation Labor and Expenses		0	0	
130	842 Rents		0	0	
131	842.1 Fuel		0	0	
132	842.2 Power		0	0	
133	842.3 Gas Losses	1 th 100\	0	0	
134	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 128	s tnru 133)	0	0	
135	Maintenance		0		
136	843.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engine		0	0	
137	843.2 Maintenance of Structures and Impro	vements	0	0	
138 139	843.3 Maintenance of Gas Holders 843.4 Maintenance of Purification Equipment	nt .	0	0	
140			0	0	
140	843.5 Maintenance of Liquefaction Equipments 843.6 Maintenance of Vaporizing Equipments		0	0	
141	843.7 Maintenance of Compressor Equipment		0	0	
143	843.8 Maintenance of Measuring and Regu		0	0	
143	843.9 Maintenance of Other Equipment	iamiy Equipment	0	0	
145	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines	136 thru 144\	0	0	
146	TOTAL Mainterlance (Enter Total of lines TOTAL Other Storage Expenses (Enter To		0	0	
				J	

NAME	OF RESPONDENT This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	
	(1) An Original	(M.D.V)	D 04 0044	
CA	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y) Dec. 31, 2014		
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AND I	MAINTENANCE EXPENSES (Con't)		
LINE	ACCOUNT	CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR	
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	
147	C. Liquefied Natural Gas Terminaling and Processing Expenses			
148	Operation			
149	844.1 Operation Supervision and Engineering	0	0	
150	844.2 LNG Processing Terminal Labor and Expenses	0	0	
151	844.3 Liquefaction Processing Labor and Expenses	0	0	
152	844.4 Liquefaction Transportation Labor and Expenses	0	0	
153	844.5 Measuring and Regulation Labor and Expenses	0	0	
154	844.6 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses	0	0	
155	844.7 Communication System Expenses	0	0	
156 157	844.8 System Control and Load Dispatching 845.1 Fuel	0	0	
158	845.2 Power	0	0	
159	845.3 Rents	0	0	
160	845.4 Demurrage Charges	0	0	
161	(Less) 845.5 Wharfage Receipts - Credit	0	0	
162	845.6 Processing Liquefied or Vaporized Gas by Others	0	0	
163	846.1 Gas Losses	0	0	
164	846.2 Other Expenses	0	0	
165	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 149 thru 164)	0	0	
166	Maintenance			
167	847.1 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0	
168	847.2 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	0	0	
169	847.3 Maintenance of LNG Processing Terminal Equipment	0	0	
170	847.4 Maintenance of LNG Transportation Equipment	0	0	
171	847.5 Maintenance of Measuring and Regulating Equipment	0	0	
172 173	847.6 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment 847.7 Maintenance of Communication Equipment	0	0	
174	847.8 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0	0	
175	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 167 thru 174)	0	0	
176	TOTAL Liquefied Nat Gas Terminaling & Process Exp (Lines 165 & 1	0	0	
177	TOTAL Natural Gas Storage (Enter Total of lines 125, 146, and 176)	0	0	
178	3. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES			
179	Operation			
180	850 Operation Supervision and Engineering	0	0	
181	851 System Control and Load Dispatching	0	0	
182	852 Communication System Expenses	0	0	
183	853 Compressor Station Labor and Expenses	0	0	
184	854 Gas for Compressor Station Fuel	0	0	
185	855 Other Fuel and Power for Compressor Stations	0	0	
186 187	856 Mains Expenses 857 Measuring and Regulating Station Expenses	0	0	
188	858 Transmission and Compression of Gas by Others	0	0	
189	859 Other Expenses	0	0	
190	860 Rents	0	0	
191	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines 180 thru 190)	0	0	
192	Maintenance			
193	861 Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	0	0	
194	862 Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	0	0	
195	863 Maintenance of Mains	0	0	
196	864 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment	0	0	
197	865 Maintenance of Measuring and Reg. Station Equipment	0	0	
198	866 Maintenance of Communication Equipment	0	0	
199	867 Maintenance of Other Equipment	0	0	
200	TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of lines 193 thru 199)	0	0	
201	TOTAL Transmission Expenses (Enter Total of lines 191 and 200)	0	0	

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014	
STATE OF OREGON - ALLOC	ATED GAS OPERATION AND N	AINTENANCE EXPENSES (Con't)		
NO. ACCOUN	Г	CUURENT YEAR (b)	PREVIOUS YEAR (c)	
202 4. DISTRIBUTION E	EXPENSES			
203 Operation				
204 870 Operation Supervision and Engine	eering	448,041	463,289	
205 871 Distribution Load Dispatching		167,474	114,637	
206 872 Compressor Station Labor and Ex	penses	0	56	
207 873 Compressor Station Fuel and Pow	ver	0	0	
208 874 Mains and Services Expenses		923,627	1,062,025	
209 875 Measuring and Regulating Station	Expenses - General	247,474	206,202	
210 876 Measuring and Regulating Station	Expenses - Industrial	13,957	28,584	
211 877 Measuring & Regulating Station E	xp - City Gate Check Station	0		
212 878 Meter and House Regulator Exper	nses	513,913 470,56		
213 879 Customer Installations Expenses		444,085	421,774	
214 880 Other Expenses		1,355,830 1,072,5		
215 881 Rents		9,451	14,529	
216 TOTAL Operation (Enter Total of lines	4,123,852 3,854,259			
217 Maintenance				
218 885 Maintenance Supervision and Eng	jineering	103,119	127,384	
219 886 Maintenance of Structures and Im	provements	175	186	
220 887 Maintenance of Mains		315,614	307,513	
221 888 Maintenance of Compressor Station Equipment		161	25	
889 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip General		70,387	141,025	
890 Maintenance of Meas. and Reg. Sta. Equip Industrial		18,789	31,431	
224 891 Maint. of Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip City Gate Check Station		0	0	
225 892 Maintenance of Services		386,657	301,088	
226 893 Maintenance of Meters and House	e Regulators	322,281	309,918	
227 894 Maintenance of Other Equipment		72,801	46,028	
228 TOTAL Maintenance (Enter Total of li	nes 218 thru 227)	1,289,984	1,264,598	
229 TOTAL Distribution Expenses (Enter	Total of lines 216 and 228)	5,413,836	5,118,857	
230 5. CUSTOMER ACCOUNT	NTS EXPENSES			
231 Operation				
232 901 Supervision		7	7,442	
233 902 Meter Reading Expenses		196,195	203,964	
234 903 Customer Records and Collection	Expenses	1,034,180	1,005,465	
235 904 Uncollectible Accounts		284,793	261,624	
236 905 Miscellaneous Customer Accounts	s Expenses	1,372	2,266	
237 TOTAL Customer Accounts Expense	s (Total of lines 232 thru 236)	1,516,547	1,480,761	
238 6. CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INF	ORMATIONAL EXPENSES			
239 Operation				
240 907 Supervision		0	0	
241 908 Customer Assistance Expenses		242,830	856,161	
242 909 Informational and Instructional Exp	penses	7,647	6,775	
243 910 Miscellaneous Customer Service a	and Informational Expenses	0	0	
244 TOTAL Customer Service & Informati	on Expenses (Lines 240 thru 24	250,477	862,936	
245 7. SALES EXPI	ENSES			
246 Operation				
247 911 Supervision		0	0	
248 912 Demonstrating and Selling Expens	ses	0	0	
249 913 Advertising Expenses		505	807	
250 916 Miscellaneous Sales Expenses		0	0	
251 TOTAL Sales Expenses (Enter Total	of lines 247 thru 250)	505	807	

NAME	OF RESPONDENT This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
СА	SCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION (1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AND N	IAINTENANCE EXPENS	SES (Con't)
LINE	ACCOUNT	CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)
252	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES		
253	Operation		
254	920 Administrative and General Salaries	1,762,515	1,543,517
255	921 Office Supplies and Expenses	1,361,905	1,250,190
256	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transferred - Cr.	149,448	142,874
257	923 Outside Services Employed	287,235	185,437
258	924 Property Insurance	16,738	19,210
259	925 Injuries and Damages	344,851	(545,192)
260	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits	1,563,029	1,232,815
261	927 Franchise Requirements	0	0
262	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses	0	0
263	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges - Cr.	0	0
264	930.1 General Advertising Expenses	12,886	25,821
265	930.2 Miscellaneous General Expenses	133,184	167,815
266	931 Rents	351,654	371,010
267	TOTAL Operation (Enter Total lines 254 thru 266)	5,684,549	4,107,749
268	Maintenance		
269	935 Maintenance of General Plant	16,214	(23,061)
270	TOTAL Administrative and General Exp (Total of lines 267 and 269)	5,700,763	4,084,688
271	TOTAL Gas O. & M. Exp (Lines 97,177,201,229,237,244,251 and 270	52,510,293	48,133,146

	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES							
LINE FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS OPERATION MAINTENANCE TOTAL								
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
272	Production							
273	Manufactured Gas	0	0	0				
274	Natural Gas:		0	0				
275 Production and Gathering 0								
276 Products Extraction								
277 Exploration and Dev								
278	TOTAL Natural Gas			0				
279	Other Gas Supply Expenses	39,628,165	0	39,628,165				
280	TOTAL Production	39,628,165	0	39,628,165				
281	Underground Storage							
282	Other Storage			0				
283	LNG Terminiling and Processing			0				
284	Transmission Expenses			0				
285	Distribution Expenses	4,123,852	1,289,984	5,413,836				
286	Customer Accounts Expenses	1,516,547	0	1,516,547				
287	Customer Service and Informational Expens	250,477	0	250,477				
288	Sales Expenses	505	0	505				
289	Admin and General Expenses	5,684,549	16,214	5,700,763				
290	TOTAL Gas O. & M. Expenses	51,204,095	1,306,198	52,510,293				

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT		This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	EPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	REPORT
CASC	CASCADE NATURALGAS CORPORATION		(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	۲)	Dec. 31, 2014	, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED DEPRECIATION, DEPLETION, AND AMORTIZATION OF GAS PLANT (Account 403, 404.1, 404.2, 404.3, 405) (Except Amortization of Acquisition Adjustments)	RECIATION, DEPI (Except A	ION, DEPLETION, AND AMORTIZATION OF GA (Except Amortization of Acquisition Adjustments)	ATION OF GAS PLANT Adjustments)	(Account 403, 404.	.1, 404.2, 404.3, 40	5)
	Report the amounts of depreciation expense, depletion and amortization for the accounts indicated and classify according to the plant functional groups shown.	depletion and amor	tization for the accounts	indicated and classify ac	cording to the plant f	functional groups s	hown.
			AMORTIZATION & DEPLETION OF	AMORTIZATION	AMORTIZATION	INC I E V E I E COVA V	
		DEPRECIATION	NATURAL GAS LAND	STORAGE LAND	LIMITED-TERM	OF OTHER	
LINE C	FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	(ACCOUNT 403)	& LAND RIGHTS (ACCOUNT 404.1)	(ACCOUNT 404.2)	(ACCOUNT 404.3)	GAS PLANI (ACCOUNT 405)	TOTAL
<u>.</u>		(a)	(2)		(۵)	E)	(6)
_	Intangible Plant			528,038			528,038
7	Production Plant, Manufactured Gas						1
3	Production and Gathering Plant, Natural Gas						1
4	Products Extraction Plant						
2	Underground Gas Storage Plant						•
9	Other Storage Plant						•
7	Base load LNG Terminaling and Processing Plant						1
8	Transmission Plant	112,636					112,636
6	Distribution Plant	4,000,524					4,000,524
10	General Plant	238,860					238,860
11	Common Plant - Gas						•
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19	TOTAL	4,352,020	•	528,038	-	•	4,880,058

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED TA	XXES, OTHER THAN INCOM	ME TAXES (Account	408.1)
LINE NO.		OF TAX a)		AMOUNT (b)
1	Property Tax			1,345,576
2	Payroll Taxes			506,625
3	Oregon PUC Regulatory Fee			164,934
4	Oregon Department of Energy Fee			56,355
5	City Franchise Taxes			2,683,941
6	Miscellaneous Taxes			18,413
	TOTAL (Must agree with page 1, line 11)			4,775,844

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is: (1)	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED CALCULATION OF			·
4 D.				
	port amounts used to derive current Federal income tax expense, Accorating for column (b).	ount 409.1, for the reporting period	od. If amounts are snown	in thousands, snow (000) i
2. Sł	ow amounts increasing taxable income as positive values and amounts	decreasing taxable income as r	negative.	
3. Cı	rrent tax expense on this schedule must match the amount reported on	page 1, line 12 of this report. So	eparately identify adjustme	ents arising from revisions
of pri	or year accruals.			· ·
4. Mi	nor amounts of other additions (subtractions) may be grouped.			
Line	PARTICULARTS (D	etails)		Amount
No.	(a)			(b)
1	Gas Operating Revenues			308,032,475
2	Operations and Maintenance Expenses			(228,949,999
3	Taxes, Other than Income			(29,146,595
4	State Income (Excise) Tax			107,060
5	Interest			(9,084,314
6	Other Income			20,307
7	Federal Income Tax Depreciation			(000.004
8	Pre-1981 Post-1980			(220,224
10	Other Additions (Subtractions) to Derive Taxable Income			(37,342,012
11	CIAC			2,757,224
12	Book depreciation included in O&M			1,142,026
13	Tax Gain (loss) on disposal of assets:			.,,020
14	Pre-1981 assets			(224
15	Post-1980 assets			339,239
16	Vacation Accrual adjustment			86,892
17	Retiree Medical Accrual adjustment			(355,880
18	Amort of loss on reacquired debt (4281)			40,971
19	SFAS No.87 pension plan accrual			(1,076,662
20	SFAS No.87 accrual-SERP DO add back bk expense			258,834
21	SERP-perm difference piece			(448,246
22	Bad Debt Adjustment			(8,096
23 24	Charitable Contributions (5981.4261)			(250,153
25	Permanent diff's 50 % of business meals & entertainment			176,140
26	Penalties (5984)			4,408
27	Lobbying (5912.4264)			122,435
28	Tax exempt interest			65,258
29	Interest capitalized adj (IRS>books)			47,630
30	Customer Advances - 2520.000 to 2520.2991			(1,180,780
31	CC&B Deduction			(1,566,582
32	Repairs Deduction			(3,878,645
33	263A Adjustment - UNICAP			(14,949
34	401K Dividends (MDUR)			(96,807
35	Severance accrual adjustment			-
36	STIP accrual adjustment			233,530
37	Deferred Gas Costs Povolty Income (159) of revolty income receipts)			(4,940,456
38 39	Royalty Income (15% of royalty income receipts) Broken Meter interest charges			-
40	Installment sale - Seattle GO			-
41	Bremerton MGP expenses			(840,407
42	Eugene MGP expenses			(514,089
43	Federal Tax Net Income			(6,480,691
44	Show Computation of Tax:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
45	Federal Tax Rate			35%
46	Estimated Federal Tax			(2 268 242

47

48

49

50

51

52 53

54

Adjustments to Estimated Federal Tax

Provision for Current Federal Income Tax

Audit adjustment

Allocated to:

Total

Washington Oregon

Difference between 12/31/13 accrual and tax return

<u>409.1</u>

(4,989,631) (2,276,469)

(7,266,100)

409.2

(379) (122)

(501)

(4,998,359)

(7,266,601) Total

(4,990,010) (2,276,591)

(7,266,601)

_			•			
NAME	E OF RESPONDENT		This Re	-	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASC	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		(1) [2] (2) [An Original A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED CALCULATION	ON OF CURRE	· /	-		·
1. Re	port amounts used to derive current state income (excise)	tax expense. Acc	count 40	9.1. for the reporting	period. If amounts are	shown in thousands, show
	in the heading for column (b).			,	9	,
2. Sh	ow amounts increasing taxable income as positive values a	and amounts decr	reasing t	axable income as r	negative.	
	rrent tax expense on this schedule must match the amount	reported on page	e 1, line	13 of this report. Se	eparately identify adjustm	nents arising from revisions
	or year accruals.					
	nor amounts of other additions (subtractions) may be group					A
Line No.	рапіс	cularts (Details) (a)				Amount (b)
1	Gas Operating Revenues	(-)				308,032,475
2	Operations and Maintenance Expenses					(228,949,999)
3	Taxes, Other than Income					(29,146,595)
4	State Income (Excise) Tax					
5	Interest					(9,084,314)
6	Other Income					20,307
7	Federal Income Tax Depreciation					(
8	Pre-1981					(220,224)
9 10	Post-1980 Other Additions (Subtractions) to Derive Taxable Income					(37,802,894)
11	CIAC					2,757,224
12	Book depreciation included in O&M					1,142,026
13	Tax Gain (loss) on disposal of assets:					1,142,020
14	Pre-1981 assets					(224)
15	Post-1980 assets					344,469
16	Vacation Accrual adjustment					86,892
17	Retiree Medical Accrual adjustment					(355,880)
18	Amort of loss on reacquired debt (4281)					40,971
19	SFAS No.87 pension plan accrual					(1,076,662)
20	SFAS No.87 accrual-SERP DO add back bk expense					258,834
21	SERP-perm difference piece					(448,246)
22	Bad Debt Adjustment					(8,096)
23 24	Charitable Contributions (5981.4261) Permanent diff's					(250,153)
25	50 % of business meals & entertainment					176,140
26	Penalties (5984)					4,408
27	Lobbying (5912.4264)					122,435
28	Tax exempt interest					65,258
29	Interest capitalized adj (IRS>books)					47,630
30	Customer Advances - 2520.000 to 2520.2991					(1,180,780)
31	CC&B Deduction					(1,566,582)
32	Repairs Deduction					(3,878,645)
33	263A Adjustment - UNICAP					(14,949)
34	401K Dividends (MDUR)					(96,807)
35	Severance accrual adjustment					- 000 500
36 37	STIP accrual adjustment					233,530 (4,940,456)
38	Deferred Gas Costs Royalty Income (15% of royalty income receipts)					(4,940,456)
39	Broken Meter interest charges					_
40	Installment sale - Seattle GO					_
41	Bremerton MGP expenses deferred					(840,407)
42	Eugene MGP expenses deferred					(514,089)
43	Federal Tax Net Income					(7,043,403)
44	Oregon Apportionment Rate					20%
45	State Tax Net Income					(1,408,681)
46	Show Computation of Tax:					
47	State Tax Rate					7.6%
48						(107,060)
49	Adjustments to Estimated Federal Tax					(204.407)
50 51	Difference between 12/31/12 accrual and tax return					(301,427)
51 52	Audit adjustment Provision for Current Federal Income Tax					(408,487)
53	Allocated to:	<u>409.1</u>		409.2		Total
	4	_				

54

Oregon

(406,771)

(1,716)

(408,487)

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
	ADE MATURAL 646 660000 ATION	(1) An Original		D 04 0044
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMUL	ATED DEFERRED INCO	ME TAXES (Accoun	t 190)
1. Repo	rt the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting	ng for deferred income taxes.		
2. In the	space provided:			
(a) Id	entify, by amount and classification, significant items for which deferred	taxes are being provided.		
(b) In	dicate insignificant amounts under OTHER.			
		Balance at	CHANGES D	URING YEAR
		Beginning	Amounts	Amounts
Line	Account Subdivisions	of Year	Debited to	Credited to
No.			Account 410.1	Account 411.1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Electric	0		
2				
3	Other			
4	TOTAL ELECTRIC			
5	Gas	20,926,644	2,086,789	-
6				
7	Other	-		
8	TOTAL GAS	20,926,644	2,086,789	-
9	Other (Specify)	-		
10	TOTAL (Account 190)	20,926,644	2,086,789	-
11	Classification of Totals			
12	Federal Income Tax	20,039,172	2,000,055	-
13	State Income Tax	887,472	86,734	-
14	Local Income Tax	-	-	-
15	A construction of the Construction of the cons			
16	Amounts assigned to jurisdictions as follows:	0.51		
17	Federal Income Tax - Washington	See Below	1,373,438	-
18	Federal Income Tax - Oregon	See Below	626,617	-
19	State Income Tax - Oregon	887,472	86,734	-
20				
21 22				
	The federal balance in account 190 is allocated to Washington & Orego	up on the basis of the Company	2 factor formula which is	`
	used for the allocation of corporate level operating & maintenance expe			5
	used for the anocation of corporate level operating & maintenance expe	erises and interstate plant as for	iows.	
		Beginning	End	
		of Year	of Year	
	Federal Income Tax related account Balance	20,039,172	21,739,456	
	The state of the s	-	2.,. 33, 100	
	Balance to be allocated	20,039,172	21,739,456	
		20,000,112	2.,. 55, 100	
	Washington allocation factor	75.45%	75.70%	
	Washington Allocated balance	15,119,555	16,456,768	
	·	, ,		
	Oregon allocation factor	24.55%	24.30%	
	Oregon Allocated balance	4,919,617	5,282,688	

NAME OF RESP	PONDENT			This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPO	ORT
CASCADE NAT	UDAL CAS COD	ODATION		(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(14.5.)	Dec 24 20	4.4
CASCADE NAT	URAL GAS COP	ORATION		(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 20	14
STA	ATE OF OREGON	N - ALLOCATED A	CCUMULATED	DEFERRED INCOME TA	XES (Account 190) ((continued)	
		ot readily available. Re				-	
4. Use separate pag		•		·			
CHANGES D	DURING YEAR	1		ADJUSTMENTS		Balance at	
Amounts	Amounts	DEBI		CREDIT	S	End	
Debited to	Credited to	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line
Account 410.2	Account 411.2						No.
(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(1)	(j)	(k)	
						-	1
							2
							3 4
-	-	Regulatory	(3,863,519)		-	22,703,374	5
		accounts related to	(-,,)	1		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6
		FAS 158 and OR rate change					7
-	-	adjustments	(3,863,519)		-	22,703,374	8
						-	9
-	-		(3,863,519)		-	22,703,374	10
_	_		(3,700,339)		-	21,739,456	11 12
-	-		(163,180)		_	963,918	13
-	-		-		-	-	14
							15
							16
-	-		(2,541,023)		-	See Below	17
-	-		(1,159,316)		-	See Below	18
-	-		(163,180)		-	963,918	19 20
							21
							22

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
		(1) An Original		
	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
ACCU	JMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - Accelerated Am	nortization Property (Ac	count 281)	
1. R	Report the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting	ng for deferred income taxes rel	ating to amortizable	
property				
2. Ir	n the space provided furnish explanations, including the following in colomnal			
	(a) State each certification number with a brief	(c) Date amortization for tax pu	irposes commenced.	
	description of property.	/-\ "Narmal" dapropiation rate	··d in computing the	
	(b) Total and amortizable cost of such property.	(d) "Normal" depreciation rate deferred tax.	usea in computing the	
	Г	Balance at	CHANGES D	LIRING YEAR
		Beginning	Amounts	Amounts
Line	Account Subdivisions	of Year	Debited to	Credited to
No.			Account 410.1	Account 411.1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Accelerated Amortization (Account 281)			
2	Electric			
3	Defense Facilities		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
4	Pollution Control Facilities	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
5 6	Other	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
7		+	+	1
8	TOTAL Electric (<i>Total of lines 3 thru 7</i>)	_	_	_
9	Gas			
10	Defense Facilities			
11	Pollution Control Facilities			
12	Other			
13			<u> </u>	
14		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
15	TOTAL Gas (Total of lines 10 thru 14)	-	-	-
16 17	Gas (Specify) TOTAL (Acct 281) Total of 8, 15 & 16	_	 	
18	Classification of TOTAL			
19	Federal Income Tax	-	-	-
20	State Income Tax	-	-	-
21	Local Income Tax	-	-	-

NAME OF RESP	PONDENT			This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPO	ORT
				(1) An Original	4		
	URAL GAS COR			(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 20)14
ACCUMULATE	DEFERRED IN	COME TAXES	- Accelerat	ed Amortization Propert	y (Account 281) (continued)	
(e) Tax rate used of	originally defer amoun	t and the tax rate	used during the	current year to amortize previou	ıs deferrals.		
				ty deferred taxes only.			
4. Use separate page	es as required.						
CHANCECD	LIDINO VEAD	I		AD ILIOTATATA	I	Dalanasat	1
Amounts	URING YEAR Amounts	DEB	TS	ADJUSTMENTS CREDITS	2	Balance at End	
Debited to	Credited to	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line
Account 410.2	Account 411.2	7 tooodiit 140.	7 tillount	7 toodant 140.	7 unount	or roar	No.
(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(1)	(j)	(k)	
,		(0)					1
							2
							3
							4
							5
							6 7
-	_	-		<u>-</u>	_	_	8
							9
							10
							11
							12
							13
							14
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
-	-	_	_	_	_	-	16 17
_	-	-	-	-	_		18
-	-		-		-	-	19
-	-		-		-	-	20
-	-		-		-	-	21

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
2.00	······································	(1) An Original		5 04 0044
CASC	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TA	AYES-Other Property (Account 282)	
1 Per	port the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting			
	port the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting ject to accelerated amortization.	J 101 deterred income taxes re-	ating to property not	
	ne space provided furnish explanations, including the following in columnar	order:		
	State the general method or methods of liberalized depreciation being used		balance, etc.)	
	Estimated lives (i.e. useful life, guideline life, guideline class life, etc.)			
(c) (Classes of plant to which each method is being applied and date method wa	· ·		
		Balance at		URING YEAR
	A	Beginning	Amounts	Amounts
Line No.	Account Subdivisions	of Year	Credited to Account 410.1	Credited to Account 411.1
INO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Account 282	\~/	(~)	(~)
2	Electric	-		
3	Gas	(84,106,817)	(11,635,316)	-
4	Other (Define)	-		
5	Total (Total of Lines 2 thru 4)	(84,106,817)	(11,635,316)	-
6	Other (Specify)	-		
7 8		+		
9	Total (Account 282) Lines 5 thru 8	(84,106,817)	(11,635,316)	_
10	Classification of Totals	(0.,.00,2)	(1.,000,0.2,	
11	Federal Income Tax	(81,315,722)	(11,100,648)	-
12	State Income Tax	(2,791,095)	(534,668)	-
13	Local Income Tax	-	-	-
	Amounts assigned to jurisdictions as follows:		(7,000,045)	
<u> </u>	Federal Income Tax - Washington	See Below	(7,622,815)	-
	Federal Income Tax - Oregon State Income Tax - Oregon	See Below (2,791,095)	(3,477,833) (534,668)	_
<u> </u>	State Income Lax - Oregon	(2,131,000)	(554,555)	
	The federal balance in account 282 relating to utility plant for ratemaking is Company's Rate Base ratio, the remaining portion is allocated on the balance.	-	=	
	follows:	1		
		Beginning	End	
		of Year	of Year	
	Federal Income Tax Acct Balance Relating to utility plant for ratemaking	(84,824,483)	(95,928,135)	
	Washington allocation factor	(64,624,463)	(95,926,135)	
i	Washington Allocated balance relating to utility plant for ratemaking	(64,873,765)	(74,114,077)	
İ		,	, , , , , ,	
İ	Oregon allocation factor	23.52%	22.74%	
	Oregon Allocated balance relating to utility plant for ratemaking	(19,950,718)	(21,814,058)	
	District Control of the Control of t	0.500.704	0.470.400	
	Remaining balance to be allocated on Utility Plant	3,508,761 22.57%	3,172,469	
	Oregon allocation Oregon allocation	791,927	22.34% 708,730	
	Plus Oregon Allocation of utility plant for ratemaking related balance	(19,950,718)	(21,814,058)	
İ	Total Oregon Allocated Balance	(19,158,791)	(21,105,328)	
i				
<u> </u>				

PONDENT				DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPO	RT
URAL GAS CORI	PORATION		,	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 201	4
ACCUMULA	TED DEFERRED	INCOME TAXES	6-Other Property (Acc	count 282) (continu	ed)	
	not readily available.	Report gas utility defe	erred taxes only.			
URING YEAR		ADJ	USTMENTS		Balance at	
Amounts	DEB			<u>TS</u>	End	
Credited to Account 411.2	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line No.
(f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)	
					_	1 2
-	182.3 & 254	281,562	182.3 & 254	677,561		3
		,		,	-	4
-		281,562		677,561	(96,138,132)	5
					-	6 7
						8
-		281,562		677,561	(96,138,132)	9
						10
-	254	253,818	254	593,114	(92,755,666)	11
-	182.3		182.3			12 13
- -		174,297 79,521 27,744		407,291 185,823 84,447	See Below See Below (3,382,466)	
	ACCUMULA Ince may be omitted if pages as required. URING YEAR Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f)	ACCUMULATED DEFERRED unce may be omitted if not readily available. pages as required. URING YEAR Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f) (g) - 182.3 & 254 - 254 - 182.3	COMPONENTIAL COMP	URING YEAR Amounts Credited to Account 411.2 (f) - 182.3 & 254 - 281,562 - 254 - 281,562 - 182.3 - 174,297 - 79,521	URING YEAR	URING YEAR

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
		(1) An Original		
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ACCUMULATED DEFERR	I FD INCOME TAXES-	OTHER (Account	283)
1 Ren	ort the information called for below concerning the respondent's accounting t		•	
-	ccount 283.		olating to amounts root	
	e space provided below include amounts relating to insignificant items under	Other.		
		Balance at	CHANGES	DURING YEAR
		Beginning	Amounts	Amounts
Line	Account	of Year	Debited	Credited
No.			Account 410.1	Account 411.1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Account 283			
2	Electric			
3	Gas	(28,196,051)	(1,060,709)	-
<u>4</u> 5	Other (Define)	(20.400.054)	(4.000.700)	
6	Total (Total of Lines 2 thru 4) Other (Specify)	(28,196,051)	(1,060,709)	-
-	Other (Specify)	-		
7				
8				
9	Total (Account 283) Lines 5 thru 8	(28,196,051)	(1,060,709)	-
10	Classification of Totals Federal Income Tax	(26.625.000)	(4,000,400)	-
11 12	State Income Tax	(26,635,990) (1,560,061)	(1,006,406) (54,303)	-
13	Local Income Tax	(1,300,001)	(34,303)	
- 10	ESSERIBLE TEX			
	Amounts assigned to jurisdictions as follows:			
	Federal Income Tax - Washington	See below	(691,099)	-
	Federal Income Tax - Oregon	See below	(315,307)	-
	State Income Tax - Oregon	(1,560,061)	(54,303)	-
	The federal balance in account 283 relating to debt refinancing costs is allow	-	-	Company's
	Rate Base ratio, the remaining portion is allocated on the basis of the 3-fa			
	corporate level operating & maintenance expenses and interstate plant.	The allocation in each state	is as follows:	
		Beginning	End	
		of Year	of Year	
	Federal Income Tax Acct Balance Relating to Debt Refinancing	(327,154)	(327,154)	
	Washington allocation factor	76.48%	77.26%	
	Washington Allocated balance relating to Debt Refinancing	(250,208)	(252,759)	
	Oregon allocation factor	23.52%	22.74%	
	Oregon Allocated balance relating to Debt Refinancing	(76,947)	(74,395)	
	Book to be to the allow to be allowed by a first	(00 000 555)	(0.1.000.0= :)	
	Remaining balance to be allocated on 3-factor	(26,308,836)	(31,020,074)	
	Oregon allocation Oregon allocation	24.55%	24.30%	
	Plus Oregon Allocation of Debt refinancing related balance	(6,458,819) (76,947)	(7,537,878) (74,395)	
	Total Oregon Allocated Balance	(6,535,766)	(7,612,273)	
	Staget Amount Date of the Staget	(5,555,750)	(1,012,210)	

NAME OF RESP	PONDENT			This Report Is: (1)	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPO	ORT
CASCADE NATU	URAL GAS COR	PORATION		(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 20	14
				(-/ 🗆	(,=, .)	200101, 20	
STATI	E OF OREGON -	- ACCUMULATE	DEFERRED IN	COME TAXES-OTHE	R (Account 283)	(continued)	
		ot readily available. Re	eport gas utility deferr	ed taxes only.			
Use separate pag	ges as required.						
CHANGES D	URING YEAR		ADJL	JSTMENTS		Balance at	
Amounts	Amounts	DEE		<u>CREDI</u>		End	
Debited	Credited	Account No.	Amount	Account No.	Amount	of Year	Line
Account 410.2 (e)	Account 411.2 (f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)	No.
(0)	(.)	(9)	(,	(.)	(J)	(1.)	1
							2
-	-	Regulatory accounts related to	32,396	Regulatory accounts related to FAS 158 and	3,868,013	(33,092,377)	3
-	-	FAS 158 and	32,396	deferred tax effect of OR	3,868,013	(33,092,377)	4 5
-	_	deferred tax effect of OR State Tax	52,590	State Tax Rate increase	5,500,013	(00,002,011)	6
		Rate increase					7
		1					8
-	-		32,396		3,868,013	(33,092,377)	9
							10
-	-		32,396		3,704,832 163,181	(31,347,228)	11 12
-	-		32,390		-	(1,745,149)	13
-	-		-		2,544,108	See below	
-	-		32,396		1,160,724 163,181	See below (1,745,149)	
			32,000		.00,.0.	(1,1.10,1.10)	

				(1) 🛂 An Original	=		P.O.	DAIE OF REPORT	TEAN OF NETON
CASC	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	RATION		_	ission		(M,E	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STAT	E OF OREGON -	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT (Account 255)	IMULATED DEF	ERRED INVEST	MENT TAX CRE	DIT (Account 25	55)	
Repo	Report below information applicable to Account 255. Explain by footnote any correction or adjustment to the account balance shown in column (g). Include in column (i) the average period over which the tax credit is amortized.	to Account 255. Ehich the tax credit	xplain by footnote an is amortized.	y correction or ac	Jjustment to the a	account balance s	shown in column	(g). Include in	
			Deferred For Year	ed ar	Allocations to Current Year's Inc	Allocations to Current Year's Income			Average
Line No.	Account Subdivision	Balance at Beginning of Year	Account No	Amount	Account No	Amount	Adjustments	Balance at End of Year	period of Allocation to Income
	(a)	(q)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(j)
_	Gas utility								
3 2	3% 4%	LON			411.4	ı		TON	31 Years
4 к	7%	ALLOCATED			411.4	(13.085)		ALLOCATED	31 Years 23 Years
9	Total	0		0		(13,085)			
7	Other (list separately and show 3%, 4%, 78, 10% and TOTAL)								
. ∞	(I)								
o (
10,									
12									
13									
15 15									
16									
7 2									
19									
20									
22									
23									
24 25									
NOTES	S::								

NAN	NAME OF RESPONDEN	I his Keport Is:		DATEOF	DATE OF REPORT		YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		oo	(M,E	(M,D,Y)		Dec. 31, 2014
	STAT	ATE OF OREGON - SITUS UTILITY PLANT	SITUS UTILITY P	LANT			
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION	ULATED PROVISION	ONS FOR DEPRE	ECIATION, AMOR	TIZATION AND DI	EPLETION	
Line	Item	Total	Electric	Gas	Other (Specifiy)	Other (Specifiy)	Common
Š.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
1	UTILITY PLANT						
2	In Service						
3	Plant in Service (classified)	165,836,068		165,836,068			
4	Property under capital leases	-					
2	Plant purchased or sold						
9	Completed construction not classified	4,185,660		4,185,660			
7	Experimental plant unclassified	-					
8	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	170,021,728	•	170,021,728	•		1
ဝ	Leased to Others	•					
10	Held for Future Use						
11	Construction Work In Progress	1,783,864		1,783,864			
12	Acquisition Adjustments						
13	Total Utility Plant (Enter Total of lines 8 thru 12)	171,805,592	1	171,805,592	1		ı
14	Accumulated Prov For Depr, Amort, & Depl.	82,004,655		82,004,655			
15	Net Utility Plant (Line 13 less 14)	89,800,937	1	89,800,937	•		
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION						
17	In Service:						
18		82,004,655		82,004,655			
19	Amort. and Depl. of producing natural gas land and land rights						
20	Amort. of underground storage land and land rights	•		-			
21	Amort. of other utility plant			1			
22	Total In-Service (Total of lines 18 thru 21)	82,004,655	1	82,004,655	-		1
23	Leased to Others						
24	Depreciation	-		-			
25	Amortization and depletion	•		-			
26	Total leased to others (Total of lines 24 and 25)		•	-	•		1
27	Held for Future Use						
28	Depreciation	•		-			
29	Amor			-			
30	Total Held for Future Use(Total of lines 28 & 29)	-	•	-	-		1
31	Abandoment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
32	Amort. Of Plant Acquisitions Adj.						
33	I U I AL Accumulated Provisions (should agree with line 14) (lines 22,26, 30, 31 & 32)	82,004,655	1	82,004,655	•		,
		<u>-</u>					

	NAME OF BESPONDENT	This Descrit let			1000	1	F 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
		(1) An Original	inal		200		
CASC	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		A Resubmission		(M,D,Y)	۲),	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF O	OF OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE	AS PLANT IN SE	RVICE			
1. Reperence of the new Expen Constructions of the new Expen Constructions of the new 1. A Fig. 4. Fig. 4. Fig. 4. Fig. 7.	 Report below the original cost of gas plant in service according to the prescribed accounts. In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant In Service (Classified), this page and the next include Account 102, Gas Plant Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified; and Account 106, Completed Construction not Classified. Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and retirements for the current or preceding year. Enclose in parentheses credit adjuistments of plant accounts to indicate the 	5. Classify Accoudance accounts on an estinctude entries in column (c) are entriestributions of pright plant retirements variestributions of primary accounts column (d) a tenta	5. Classify Account 106 according to prescribed accounts on an estimated basis if necessary, and include entries in column (c). Also to be included in column (c) are entries for reversals of tentative distributions of prior year reported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has significant amount of plant retirements which have not been classified to primary accounts at the end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements, and estimated basis with convenient contractions.	5. Classify Account 106 according to prescribed accounts on an estimated basis if necessary, and include entries in column (c). Also to be included in column (c) are entries for reversals of tentative distributions of prior year reported in column (b). Likewise, if the respondent has significant amount of plant retirements which have not been classified to primary accounts at the end of the year, include in column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements,	accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in column (d) reversals of tentative distributions of prior year unclassified retirements. Attach supplemental statement showing the account distributions of these tentative classifications in column (c) and (d), including the reversals of the prior years tentative account distributions of these amounts. Careful observance of the above instructions and the texts of Accounts 101 and 108	eciation provision. I so tentative distribution of the account distributions in column (c) prior years tentations on seamounts. Carefus on serious omissions	nclude also in ibutions of prior supplemental outions of these and (d), including ve account ul observance of if Accounts 101 of the reported of the counts 101 in source of the reported
negati	negative effect of such accounts.	the account for	ब्लाउ, खान बहुन क्रिय		end of year.	Continue	(Continue on page 25)
LINE	ACCOUNT	BALANCE AT BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	BALANCE AT END OF YEAR
Ñ.	(a)	(q)	(c)	(p)	(e)	(f)	(g)
2	1. Intanglible Flam 301 Organization						
3		73,667					73,667
4	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	•	161,401				161,401
5	TOTAL Intangible Plant	73,667	161,401		•	•	235,068
6	2. Production Plant Natural Gas Production & Cathering Plant						
8	325.1 Producing Lands	,					
6		•					
10		1					
11		-					•
12							1
13	326 Gas Well Structures						
t 7.							
16	329 Other Structures	1					1
17		1					•
18		1					1
79	332 Field Lines	1					
21	334 Field Massuring and Regulating Station Equipment						
22							
23							
24		-					
25	338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Development Costs	-					
26	TOTAL Production & Gathering Plant		•	1	•		
27							
28	340 Land and Land Rights	•					
29		-					•
30	342 Extraction and Kerining Equipmnet						
32		•					
 							

1 4 4	MANATE OF DECORONDENT	C			1		
NAM	OF RESPONDEN	I nis Keport is:	<u>-</u>		DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASC	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	nission		(M,D,Y)),Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREG	- OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	PLANT IN SERVIO	CE (Con't)			
6. Sh colun amou	6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within utility plant accounts. Include also in column (f) the additions or reductions of primary account classifications arising from distribution of amounts initially recorded in Account 102. In showing the clearance of Account 102, include in	nclude also in om distribution of 02, include in	7. For Account 39 substantial in amo classification of su	7. For Account 399, state the nature and use of plant included in this account and if substantial in amount submit a supplementary statement showing sub-account classification of such plant conforming to the requirements of these pages.	and use of plant ir ementary statemer ig to the requireme	ncluded in this accont showing sub-acconts of these pages	ount and if sount
colun adjus colun	column (e) the amounts with respect to accumulated provision for depreciation, acquisition adjustments, etc., and show in column (f) only the offset to the debits or credits distributed in column (f) to primary account classifications.	icquisition listributed in	8. For each amou the property purch proposed journal e System of Accoun	8. For each amount comprising the reported balance and changes in Account 102, state the property purchased or sold, name of vendor or purchaser, and date of transaction. If proposed journal entries have been filed with the Commission as required by the Uniform System of Accounts, give also date of such filing.	eported balance are of vendor or purchiled with the Commission of such filling.	nd changes in Acc haser, and date of nission as requirec	ount 102, state transaction. If by the Uniform
Ц 2	FNI ICCCA	BALANCE AT	SNOITIGGE	STINEMEDITE	STMENTS	TBANGEEDS	BALANCE AT
S S		(b)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(#)	(g)
	Production Plant (Con't) Products Extraction Plant (Con't)						
33	345 Compressor Equipment	٠					•
34		1					
32	347 Other Equipment	•					
37	TOTAL Nat Gas Production Plant						
38	Mfd. Gas Production Plant (Submit Suppl. Statement)						
39	TOTAL Production Plant	٠		•			
40	3. Natural Gas Storage & Processing Plant						
4	Underground Storage						
42		-					•
43	_,	-					
44		•					•
45		-					
46							•
47		•					1
48		•					•
49							
2 2	355 Measuring and Regulating Equipment						
25							
53	357 Other Equipment	-					•
24	TOTAL Underground Storage Plant	-	-	-	-	-	•
22							
26							
57							
28							
20	363 Purification Equipment						
8 2							
0	363.3 Compressor Equipment						
63		•					•
64							
65		٠	-	-			
	0						

ΔN	NAME OF BESPONDENT	This Banort Is:			AATE OF	DATE OF PEDOPT	VEAP OF PEDOPT
-		(1) An Original	nal		2		
CA	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	nission		(Mo, D	(Mo, Da, Yr)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREG	F OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	PLANT IN SERVI	CE (Con't)			
		BALANCE AT					BALANCE AT
EN C	E ACCOUNT	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
9	Base Load Liquefied Natural Ga	(g)	(5)	(p)	(2)		(8)
5							
29	364.1	-					•
89	364.2	•					•
69	364.3	-					1
70	364.4 LNG Transportation Equipment	-					•
71		-					•
72		-					•
73	364.7	-					•
74	. 364.8 Other Equipment	-					•
75		-	•	•	-	-	•
9/)	-					
77		-	-	-	-	-	
78	7						
79		13,131					13,131
80	365.2 Rights of Way	269'2					7,693
8	366	•					•
82	367	5,818,920					5,818,920
83	368	•					•
84	369	41,975		5,814			36,161
ळ	370						•
ŏ	371 (•					•
.8		5,881,719	•	5,814	•	•	5,875,905
88							
88	374	244,019		20,982			223,037
8	375	365,004					365,004
Ò	376	73,619,796	4,031,554	91,475			77,559,875
92	377						•
93	378	7,701,486	49,219				7,750,704
94	379						•
92	380	42,157,374	1,337,303	77,488			43,417,188
ര്	381	11,860,796	519,926		33,573		12,414,295
6	382	8,063,525	62,489	174			8,125,839
86	383	2,453,918	85,288	23,908	6,946		2,522,244
66	384	-					
100	2 385 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	1,532,321	83,958				1,616,280
101	386	•					•
102	387	•					•
102.a	988	4,536					4,536
103	3 TOTAL Distribution Plant	148,002,775	6,169,737	214,027	40,519		153,999,004

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
		(1) 🛂 An Original					
CAS(CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		ion		(M,D,Y)),Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREG	F OREGON - SITUS GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	PLANT IN SERVI	CE (Con't)			
		BALANCE AT					BALANCE AT
LINE	ACCOUNT	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	RETIREMENTS ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
Š.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(f)	(g)
104	6. General Plant						
105	389 Land and Land Rights	316,796					316,796
106	390 Structures and Improvements	3,209,544	674,658				3,884,202
107	391 Office Furniture and Equipment	171,078	1,387	(4,155)			176,620
108	392 Transportation Equipment	2,388,753	149,431	97,682			2,440,502
109	393 Stores Equipment	-					•
110	394 Tools, Shop and Garage Equipment	991,379	91,431	692			1,082,051
111	395 Laboratory Equipment	-					•
112	396 Power Operated Equipment	703,541	563,754	407,586			859,709
113	397 Communication Equipment	1,113,564	26,122	(7,635)			1,147,321
114	398 Miscellaneous Equipment	9,445		4,895			4,550
115	SUBTOTAL	8,904,100	1,506,783	499,132	-	-	9,911,751
116	399 Other Tangible Property	-					•
117	TOTAL General Plant	8,904,100	1,506,783	499,132	-	-	9,911,751
118	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)	162,862,261	7,837,921	718,973	40,519	•	170,021,728
119	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)	-					•
120	(less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)	-					•
121	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified	•					•
122	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service	162,862,261	7,837,921	718,973	40,519	•	170,021,728

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASI	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
1.	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS GAS PLA Report separately each property held for future use at end of the ye or future use may be grouped provided that the number of propertie	NT HELD FOR FUTURE Par having an original cost	USE (Account 105) of \$100,000 or more. Oth	
2.	For property having an original cost of \$100,000 or more previously required information, the date that utility use of such property was or	used in utility operations,	now held for future use, g	
Line No.	Description and Location of Property (a)	Date Originally Included in this Acct. (b)	Date Expected to be Used in Utility Service (c)	Balance at End of Year (d)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 13 14 15 6 17 18 19 20 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Natural gas lands, leaseholds, and gas rights held for future utility use.			None
46	TOTALS-	0	0	0

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
0400	ADE NATURAL CAS CORROBATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M D)()	Dag 24 0044
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION STATE OF OREGON - SITUS CONSTRUCTION \		(M,D,Y) GAS (Account 107)	Dec. 31, 2014
1.	Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects in	n process of construction	(107).	
2.	Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration"		ption Research, Deve	elopment, and
3.	Demonstration (see Account 107 of the Uniform System of Account Minor projects may be grouped.	S).		
ა.	Millor projects may be grouped.		Construction Work	Estimated Additional
	Description of Projects		In Progress - GAS	Cost of Project
Line No.	(a)		(Account 107) (b)	(a)
1	(a) Baker City Office Purchase		1,167,083	(c)
2	Barrot Gity Gilloc Faronaco		1,107,000	
3				
4				
5				
6	Minor installation of mains, service lines, measuring and regulatir	g stations,	616,781	
7	meter sets and telemetering, etc.			
8				
9				
10				
11 12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25 26				
26 27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38 39				
39 40				
40				
42				
43	TOTAL-		1,783,864	0

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCA	DE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
1.	STATE OF OREGON - SITUS ACCUMULATED PROVI Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during year.	7	closing entries to tent	LANT (account 108) tatively functionalize) the book cost of the
2.	Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount for book co 11, column (c), and that reported for gas plant in service, pages 24-2 excluding retirements of non-depreciable property.		plant retired. In additi retirement work in pro functional classification	ogress at year end in	
3.	The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of accounts re of depreciable plant be recorded when such plant is removed from s respondent has a significant amount of plant retired at year end whice recorded and/or classified to various reserve functional classification	ervice. If the chas not been	Show separately inte similar method of dep		
	Section A. Balance	es and Changes During	the Year		
		Total	Gas Plant In	Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant
Line	Item	(c+d+e)	Service	For Future Use	Leased to Others
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Balance Beginning of Year	(78,164,999)	(78,164,999)		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to:				
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	(4,245,318)	(4,245,318)		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plant Leased to Others	-			
5	Transportation Expenses - Clearing	(220,429)	(220,429)		
6	Other Clearing Accounts	-			
7	Other Account (specify):				
7.01	ARO Assets	(97)	(97)		
7.02	Other	-			
8	TOTAL Depreciation Provisions for Year (Enter total of lines 3 thru	-			
9	8)	(4,465,844)	(4,465,844)		
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:	(1,100,011)	(1,100,011)		
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired	718,973	718,973		
12	Cost of Removal	353,221	353,221		
13	Salvage (credits)	(262,806)	(262,806)		
14	TOTAL Net Charges for Plant Retired (enter Total of Lines 11 thru 13)	809,388	809,388		
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe)				
15.01	Increase/Decrease in Retirement Work in Progress	(159,730)	(159,730)		
15.02	Adjustment Due to Change in Allocation Rate	(23,470)	(23,470)		
16					
17	Balance End of Year (Enter Total of Lines 1, 9, 14, 15, & 16)	(82,004,655)	(82,004,655)		
	Section B. Balances at End	l of Year According to l	Functional Classificatio	ns	
18	Production - Manufactured Gas	-	-		
19	Production and Gathering - Natural Gas	-	-		
20	Products Extraction - Natural Gas	-	-		

Row 15.02 Other Debit or Credit due to transfer of assets, and related depreciation reserve between state jurisdictions

21

22 23

24

25

26

26.01

26.02

27

Underground Gas Storage

Retirement Work-In-Progress

Base Load LNG Terminaling and Proc. Plant

TOTAL (Enter Total of Lines 18 thru 26)

Other Storage Plant

Transmission

Distribution

General

Intangible

(2,805,899)

(75,495,256)

(3,642,239)

(82,004,655)

(73,667)

12,406

(2,805,899)

(75,495,256)

(3,642,239)

(82,004,655)

(73,667)

12,406

7 4 4 7				1	H ()		() () () () ()
2		(1) An Original		DAIEO	DAIE OF REPORT		TEAK OF KEPOKI
CASC	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION]	on	(M,I	(M,D,Y)		Dec. 31, 2014
		STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED	ON - ALLOCATE	0			
	SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION	NULATED PROVISI	ONS FOR DEPRE	ECIATION, AMOR	TIZATION AND D	EPLETION	
Line	Item	Total	Electric	Gas	Other (Specifiy)	Other (Specifiy)	Common
Š	(a)	(q)	(0)	(р)	(e)	(f)	(b)
1	UTILITY PLANT						
2	In Service						
3	Plant in Service (classified)	10,628,544		10,628,544			
4	Property Under Capital Leases	•					
2	Plant Purchased or Sold	•					
9	Completed Construction not Classified	301,567		301,567			
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified	•					
8	TOTAL (Enter Total of lines 3 thru 7)	10,930,111	-	10,930,111	-		-
6	Leased to Others	-					
10	Held for Future Use	-					
11	Construction Work In Progress	934,253		934,253			
12	Acquisition Adjustments	-					
13	Total Utility Plant (Lines 8 thru 12)	11,864,364	1	11,864,364	-		
14	Accumulated Prov For Depr, Amort, & Depl.	3,850,229		3,850,229			
15	Net Utility Plant (Line 13 less 14)	8,014,135	1	8,014,135	-		
16	DETAIL OF ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION. AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION						
17	In Service:						
18	Depreciation	2,506,119		2,506,119			
19	Amort. and Depl. of Producing Natural Gas Land and Land Rights						
20	Amort. of Underground Storage Land and Land Rights	1		1			
21	Amort. of Other Utility Plant	1,344,110		1,344,110			
22	Total In-Service (Lines 18 thru 21)	3,850,229	•	3,850,229	1		1
23	Leased to Others						
24	Depreciation			•			
25	Amortization and Depletion	•		•			
26	Total Leased to Others (Lines 24 and 25)	•	•	•	•		1
27	Held for Future Use						
28	Depreciation	•		•			
29	Amortization and Depletion	•		•			
30	Total Leased to Others (Lines 28 and 29)	•	-	•	-		1
31	Abandoment of Leases (Natural Gas)						
32	Amort. Of Plant Acquisitions Adj.			•			
33	I O I AL Accumulated Provisions (should agree with line 14) (<i>lines 22, 26, 30, 31 & 32</i>)	3,850,229		3.850.229	•		

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
			ıal				
2	STATE OF OR	STATE OF OBEGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE	ED GAS PI ANT	INSERVICE	(1,0,1)	(1,5)	Dec. 31, 2014
	NO TO EIGHT	EGOIN - ALLOCA	ED GAS PLAIN	IN SERVICE			
1. R pres	 Report below the original cost of gas plant in service according to the prescribed accounts. 	Classify Account 106 according to prescribed accounts on an estimated basis if necessary, and	Classify Account 106 according to prescribed counts on an estimated basis if necessary, and	to prescribed ecessary, and	accumulated depreciation provision. Include also in column (d) reversals of tentative distributions of prior	eciation provision.	Include also in ributions of prior
2. Ir	2. In addition to Account 101, Gas Plant In Service (Classified), this page and	include entries in column (c). Also to be included in	olumn (c). Also to	be included in	year unclassified retirements. Attach supplemental	etirements. Attach	supplemental
the r	the next include Account 102, Gas Plant Purchased or Sold; Account 103, Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified: and Account 106, Completed	column (c) are entries for reversals of tentative distributions of prior year reported in column (b).	nes for reversals or year reported in	of tentative column (b).	statement showing the account distributions of these tentative classifications in column (c) and (d), including	I the account distri tions in column (c)	statement showing the account distributions of these tentative classifications in column (c) and (d), including
Sol	Construction not Classified.	Likewise, if the respondent has significant amount of	pondent has sign	ificant amount of	the reversals of the prior years tentative account	e prior years tentat	tive account
⊢ .	3. Include in column (c) or (d), as appropriate, corrections of additions and	plant retirements which have not been classified to primary accounts at the end of the year, include in	which have not bea t the end of the y	en classified to rear, include in	distributions of these amounts. Careful observance of the above instructions and the texts of Accounts 101	se amounts. Caref ons and the texts o	ful observance of of Accounts 101
retire	retirements for the current or preceding year. 4. Englace in Descentations and instruments of plant appoints to indicate the	column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements, on an estimated basis with appropriate contra entry to	tive distribution of	column (d) a tentative distribution of such retirements,	and 106 will avoid serious omissions of the reported	serious omissions	of the reported
r. L.	4. Enclose in rate intesses oreal adjustments of plant accounts to indicate the negative effect of such accounts.	the account for	5		end of year.	(Continu	(Continue on page 25)
A C	ACCOUNT	BALANCE AT BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	BALANCE AT END OF YEAR
-	1. Intangible Plant		(6)	(n)	(2)		(8)
2	301 Organization	37,332			(380)		36,952
က							
4	303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	5,617,939	1,142,524		(57,209)		6,703,254
2	TOTAL Intangible Plant	5,655,271	1,142,524	-	(57,589)	-	6,740,206
9	2. Production Plant						
7	Natural Gas Production & Gathering Plant						
80	325.1 Producing Lands						ı
6	325.2 Producing Leaseholds	-					1
10	325.3 Gas Rights	-					1
11	325.4 Rights-of-Way	•					
12	325.5 Other ILand and Land Rights	-					-
13		•					•
14		•					•
15		•					•
16		•					•
17		•					•
18	331 Producing Gas Wells- Well Equipment	•					•
19		1					1
20	333 Field Compressor Station Equipment	•					-
21	334 Field Eeasuring and Regulating Station Equipment	1					-
22	335 Drilling and Cleaning Equipment	-					-
23	336 Purification Equipment	-					-
24	337 Other Equipment	-					-
25	338 Unsuccessful Exploration & Development Costs	-					•
26	TOTAL Production & Gathering Plant		-				
27	Products Extraction Plant						
28	340 Land and Land Rights	-					1
29	341 Structures and Improvements						•
30		1					
31		1					,
32	344 Extracted Products Storage Equipment						

		i i					
NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT	I his Keport Is:	Tes		DATEOF	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASC	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	nission		(M,I	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	- ALLOCATED G	AS PLANT IN SE	RVICE (Con't)			
6. Sh	6. Show in column (f) reclassifications or transfers within utility plant accounts. Include also in	nclude also in	7. For Account 3	7. For Account 399, state the nature and use of plant included in this account and if	and use of plant ii	ncluded in this acc	ount and if
colum	column (f) the additions or reductions of primary account classifications arising from distribution of	om distribution of	substantial in am	substantial in amount submit a supplementary statement showing sub-account	lementary stateme	nt showing sub-ac	count
amon	amounts initially recorded in Account 102. In showing the clearance of Account 102, include in	UZ, Include In	classification of s	classification of such plant conforming to the requirements of these pages.	ng to the requireme	ents of these pages	·ċ.
colum	column (e) the amounts with respect to accumulated provision for depreciation, acquisition adjustments atc., and show in column (f) only the offset to the debits or credits distributed in	cquisition listributed in	8. For each amo	8. For each amount comprising the reported balance and changes in Account 102, state	reported balance a	ind changes in Acc	count 102, state
adjus	adjustinents, etc., and show in coldina (1) and une onset to the debus of credits of coldinar.	וופוווסמופס ווו	the property purc	the property purchased or sold, name of vendor or purchaser, and date of transaction. If	e of vendor or pure	chaser, and date of	f transaction. If
	ון (י) נס סווווימון מכסכמות ממסחוסמתסוס.		proposed journal	proposed journal entries have been filed with the Commission as required by the Uniform System of Accounts, give also date of such filing	filed with the Comr of such filing	nission as requirec	by the Uniform
		BALANCE AT					BALANCE AT
LINE	ACCOUNT	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
NO.	(a)	(p)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
	2. Production Plant (Con't)						
	Products Extraction Plant (Con't)						
33	345 Compressor Equipment	·					•
34	346 Gas Measuring and Regulating Equipment	1					1
32		1					•
36	TOTAL Products Extraction Plant	ı	1	1	1		1
37	TOTAL Nat. Gas Production Plant	1	ı		1	1	
38	Mfd. Gas Production Plant (Submit Suppl. Statement)						
39	TOTAL Production Plant				-	-	-
40	3 Natural Gas Storage & Processing Plant						
41	Underground Storage Plant						
CV	350.1 Lond	•					
7,		•					•
43	\sim	•					•
44	351 Structures and Improvements	•					-
45	352 Wells	1					•
46	352.1 Storage Leaseholds and Rights	-					-
47	352.2 Reservoirs	•					-
48	352.3 Non-Recoverable Natural Gas	•					-
49	353 Lines	•					•
20	354 Compressor Station Equipment	ı					
51	355 Measuring and Regulating Equipment						
52							•
53							
54	TOTAL Underground Storage Plant	ı					
22	Other Storage Plant						
99	360 Land and Land Rights	1					
22	361 Structures and Improvements						
28							•
29	363 Purification Equipment						
09	363.1 Liquefaction Equipment	ı					
61	363.2 Vaporizina Equipment						
62	363.3 Compressor Equipment	ı					
63		ı					
64							
65			<u> </u> .				Ţ.
}							

NAN	1F OF	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
٥	7 7	CASCADE NATIDAL GAS COBDODATION	(1)	nal nission			S	Dec 34 2044
5	1	STATE OF OREGON		- ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	WICE (Con't)	1	(-,'	
LINE	Ш	ACCOUNT	BALANCE AT BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	BALANCE AT END OF YEAR
9			(p)	(c)	(p)	(e)	(f)	(g)
99		Base Load Liquefied Natural Gas Terminating and Processing Plant						
29	364.1							
89								
69	364.3		-					•
70	364.4		-					-
71	364.5	4.5 Measuring and Regulating Equipment	-					•
72	364.6		•					•
73	364.7	4.7 Communications Equipment	-					•
74	364.8	ı						
75		TOTAL Base Load Liequefied Natural	•		•	1		•
26		Gas, Terminaling & Processing Plant	-					•
77		Total Nat. Gas Storage & Proc. Plant	-	-	-		-	•
78		4. Transmission Plant						
79	365.1	5.1 Land and Land Rights	1					•
80	365.2	ı	1					
8	366	36 Structures and Improvements						
82	367		-					•
83	368	S Compressor Station Equipment	1					1
84	369	99 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	-					•
85	370	'0 Communication Equipment	-					•
86	371							•
87		TOTAL Transmission Plant		-	-		•	•
88		5. Distribution Plant						
89	374	'4 Land and Land Rights	23,297			(237)		23,060
90	375	'5 Structures and Improvements	98,001			(866)		97,003
91	376	6 Mains	•					•
92	377	7 Compressor Station Equipment	1					•
93	378	'8 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - General	•					•
94	379	79 Measuring and Regulating Equipment - City Gate	1					•
92	380	30 Services	•					•
96	381	31 Meters	-					•
97	382	32 Meter Installations	-					•
98	383	33 House Regulators	•					
66	384	94 House Regulator Installations	-					
100	385	15 Industrial Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment	•					
101	1 386	36 Other Property on Customers' Premises	•					•
102	2 387	37 Other Equipment	1					•
102.a	.a 388	1	•					•
103		TOTAL Distribution Plant	121,298			(1,235)		120,063

NAME	NAME OF RESPONDENT	NDENT	This Report Is:			DATE OF REPORT	REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
			(1) 🗸 An Original					
CASC	ADE NATUI	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	on		(M,D,Y)),Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
		STATE OF OREGON	OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLANT IN SERVICE (Con't)	AS PLANT IN SEI	RVICE (Con't)			
			BALANCE AT					BALANCE AT
LINE		ACCOUNT	BEG. OF YEAR	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	RETIREMENTS ADJUSTMENTS	TRANSFERS	END OF YEAR
O		(a)	(b)	(c)	(b)	(e)	(f)	(g)
104	9	6. General Plant						
105	389 Lar	Land and Land Rights	157,992			(1,609)		156,383
106	390 Str	Structures and Improvements	1,396,172	9,272		(14,218)		1,391,226
107	391 Off	Office Furniture and Equipment	1,585,088	114,860	168,779	(16,141)		1,515,028
108	392 Tra	Transportation Equipment	356,182	58,954	28,938	(3,627)		382,571
109	393 Sto	Stores Equipment	10,578			(107)		10,471
110	394 Too	Tools, Shop, and Garage Equipment	326,695	75,648		(3,327)		399,016
111	395 Lat	Laboratory Equipment	26,702		2,888	(272)		23,542
112	396 Po	Power Operated Equipment	11,214	(29,222)		(114)		(18,122)
113	397 Co	Communication Equipment	197,282			(2,009)		195,273
114	398 Mis	Miscellaneous Equipment	7,150	7,377		(72.81)		14,454
115	ns	SUBTOTAL	4,075,055	236,889	200,605	(41,497)	-	4,069,842
116	399 Oth	Other Tangible Property	-					•
117)1	TOTAL General Plant	4,075,055	236,889	200,605	(41,497)	-	4,069,842
118) <u> </u>	TOTAL (Accounts 101 and 106)	9,851,625	1,379,413	200,605	(100,322)	-	10,930,111
119	Ga	Gas Plant Purchased (See Instr. 8)	-					•
120) (le	(less) Gas Plant Sold (See Instr. 8)	-					•
121	Ex	Experimental Gas Plant Unclassified	-					•
122	7	TOTAL Gas Plant in Service	9,851,625	1,379,413	200,605	(100,322)	•	10,930,111

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
1.	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED GAS PLAN Report separately each property held for future use at end of the year having use may be grouped provided that the number of properties so grouped is inc For property having an original cost of \$100,000 or more previously used in u	an original cost of \$100,00 licated.	SE (Account 105) 00 or more. Other items o	f property held or future
۷.	information, the date that utility use of such property was discontinued, and the	ne date the original cost wa	as transferred to Account 1	105.
	Description and Location	Date Originally	Date Expected	Balance End
Line	of Property	Included in this Account	to be Used in Utility Service	of Year
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	Natural gas lands, leaseholds, and gas rights held for future utility use.			None
2				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10 11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18 19				
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21				
22				
23				
24				
25 26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33 34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
40				
41 42				
43				
44				
45				
46	TOTALS-	0	0	0

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
		(1) An Original	a	
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
1.	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED CONSTI Report below descriptions and balances at end of year of projects			
	Show items relating to "research, development, and demonstration			and Demonstration (see
	Account 107 of the Uniform System of Accounts).		•	`
3.	Minor projects may be grouped.			
			Construction Work	Estimated Additional
Line	Description of Projects		In Progress (Acct 107)	Cost of Project
No.	(a)		(b)	(c)
1	No projects equal to or above \$500,000			
2				
3	Other general plant work in progress expenditures		934,253	
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
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26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
40				
41				
42 43	TOTAL-		934,253	0
)	I U I A L		504. ∠33	U

	DF RESPONDENT	This Report Is: (1) An Original		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCA	DE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON - ALLOCATED ACCUMULATED PR	OVISION FOR DEPRECI	ATION OF GAS UTILITY	/ PLANT (account 1	08)
1. 2. 3.	Explain in a footnote any important adjustments during year. Explain in a footnote any difference between the amount for book of 11, column (c), and that reported for gas plant in service, pages 32-3 excluding retirements of non-depreciable property. The provisions of Account 108 in the Uniform System of accounts re of depreciable plant be recorded when such plant is removed from s respondent has a significant amount of plant retired at year end whice	35, column (d), equire that retirements 4 ervice. If the	closing entries to tent plant retired. In addition retirement work in pro- functional classification Show separately inter similar method of dep	on, include all costs in ogress at year end in ons. rest credits under a s	ncluded in the appropriate inking fund or
	recorded and/or classified to various reserve functional classification				
		es and Changes During	the Year		
		Total	Gas Plant In	Gas Plant Held	Gas Plant
Line	Item	(c+d+e)	Service	For Future Use	Leased to Others
No.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1	Balance Beginning of Year	(2,574,890)	(2,574,890)		
2	Depreciation Provisions for Year, Charged to:				
3	(403) Depreciation Expense	(106,702)	(106,702)		
4	(413) Exp. of Gas Plant Leased to Others	-			
5	Transportation Expenses - Clearing	(30,073)	(30,073)		
6	Other Clearing Accounts	-			
7	Other Account (specify):				
7.01	ARO Assets	-	-		
7.02	Other	-			
8 9	0)	- (400 775)	(400 775)		
	8)	(136,775)	(136,775)		
10	Net Charges for Plant Retired:	200 005	200 005		
11	Book Cost of Plant Retired	200,605	200,605		
12	Cost of Removal	195	195		
13 14	Salvage (credits)	(28,041) 172,759	(28,041) 172,759		
15	Other Debit or Credit Items (Describe)	172,739	172,739		
15.01	Increase/Decrease in Retirement Work in Progress	_	_		
15.02	Adjustment Due to Change in Allocation Rate	32.787	32,787		
16	Adjustment Bue to onlinge in Allocation Rate	02,707	02,101		
17	Balance End of Year (Enter Total of Lines 1, 9, 14, 15, & 16)	(2,506,119)	(2,506,119)		
	Section B. Balances at End of		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		I
18	Production - Manufactured Gas	-	-		
19	Production and Gathering - Natural Gas	-	-		
20	Products Extraction - Natural Gas	-	-		
21	Underground Gas Storage	-	-		
22	Other Storage Plant	-	-		
23	Base Load LNG Terminaling and Proc. Plant	-	-		
24	Transmission	-	-		

Row 15 Other Debit or Credit due to transfer of assets, and related depreciation reserve between state jurisdictions

Distribution

General

Intangible

Retirement Work-In-Progress
TOTAL (Total of Lines 18 thru 26)

25 26

26.01

26.02

27

(101,371)

(2,404,748)

(2,506,119)

(101,371)

(2,404,748)

(2,506,119)

NAME OF RESPONDENT This F					DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
			This Report Is: (1) An Original			
G	ASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		(2) A Resubmission	1	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
STATE OF OREGON - GAS STORED (ACCOUNT 117, 164.1, 164.2 AND 164.3)						
	Report below the information called for concerning inventories of gas stored. The Uniform System of Accounts provides that inventory cost records be maintained on a consolidated basis for all storage projects with separate records showing the Mcf of inputs and withdrawals and balance for each project, except under certain specified circumstances. If the respondent's inventory cost records are not maintained on a consolidated basis for all storage projects, furnish an explanation of the accounting followed and reason for any deviation from the general basis provided by the Uniform System of Accounts. Separate schedules on this schedule form should be furnished for each group of storage projects for which separate inventory cost records are maintained.					
3	If during the year adjustment was made of the stored gas inventory, such as to correct for cumulative inaccuracies of gas measurements, furnish an explanation of the reason for the adjustment, the Mcf and dollar amount of adjustment and account charged or credited.					
4	Give a concise statement of the facts and the accounting performed with respect to any encroachment of withdrawals during the year, or restoration of previous encroachment, upon native gas constituting the "gas cushion" of any storage reservoir.					
	If the respondent uses a "base stock" in connection with its inventory accounting, give a concise statement of the basis of establishing such "base stock", the inventory basis, and the accounting performed with respect to any encroachment of withdrawals upon "base stock", or restoration of previous encroachment including brief particulars of any such accounting during the year.					
6	If respondent has provided accumulated provision for such stored gas which may not eventually be fully recovered from any storage project, furnish a statement showing: (a) date of Commission authorization of such accumulated provision, (b) explanation of circumstances requiring such provision, (c) basis of provision and factors of calculation, (d) estimated ultimate accumulated provision accumulation, (e) a summary showing balance of accumulated provision and entires during year.					
7	Pressure base of gas volumes reported in this schedule is 14.	.73 psia at 60" F.				
		NonCurrent	Current	LNG	LNG	
Line No.	Description	(Acct 117)	(Acct 164.1)	(Acct 164.2)	(Acct 164.3)	Total
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
1 2	Balance, beginning of year Gas delivered to storage	Not a	illocated	Not allocated		Not allocated
3	(contract account)		0	0		0
4	Gas withdrawn from storage					
5	(contra account)			\$ 248,683		\$ 248,683
6	Other debits or credits					
7	(explain)					
8						
9						
10						
11 12	Balance, end of year	Not allocated		Not allocated		Not allocated
13	Mcf	NOLE	illocated	Not allocated		Not allocated
	Amount per Mcf					
15 16	State basis of segregation of inventory between current and noncurrent portions:					
17						
18						Not allocated
19	Amount per Mcf					Not allocated
20	Cost basis of gas delivered to storage:					
21	Specify: Own production (give production area, see					
22	uniform system of accounts); average system purchases;					
23	specific purchases (state which purchases).					
24	Does cost of gas delivered to storage include any expenses for use of respondent's transmission, storage, or other					
25 26	facilities? If so, give particulars and date of Commission					
27	approval of the accounting.					
28	т _г г за на на на на на на на на на на на на на					
29	Gas withdrawn from storage:					
30	Mcf					41,786
31	Amount per Mcf					5.95
32	Cost basis of withdrawals:					F:4-
33	Specify: average cost, lifo, fifo, (Explain any change in inventory basis during year and give date of Commission					Fifo
34 35						
36	different from that referred to in uniform system of accounts.)					
37	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
38						

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STATE OR OREGON - GAS PURCHASES (Accounts 800, 801, 802, 803, 804.1 and 805)

- Report particulars of gas purchases during the year in the manner prescribed below. (Code numbers to be used in reporting for Columns (d), (e) and (f) will be supplied by the Commission.)
- Provide subheadings and totals for prescribed accounts as follows:
 - 800 Natural Gas Well Head Purchases
 - 801 Natural Gas Field Line Purchases
 - 802 Natural Gas Gasoline Plant Outlet Purchases
 - 803 Natural Gas Transmission Line Purchases
 - 804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases
 - 804.1 Liquefied Natural Gas Purchases
 - 805 Other Gas Purchases

Purchases are to be reported in account number sequence; e.g., all purchases charged to Account 800, followed by charges to Account 801, etc. Under each account number, purchases should be reported by states in alphabetical order. Totals are to be shown for each account in Columns (k) and (l) and should agree with the books of account, or any differences reconciled.

- 3. Purchases may be reported by gas purchase contract totals (at the option of the respondent) where one contract includes two or more FERC producer rate schedules or small producer certificates, provided that the same price is being paid for all gas purchased under the contract. If two or more prices are in effect under the same contract, separate details for each price shall be reported. The name and FERC rate schedule or small producer certificate docket number of each seller included in the contract total shall be listed on separate sheets, clearly cross-referenced. Where two or more prices are in effect, the sellers at each price are to be listed separately.
- 4. Purchases of less than 100,000 Mcf per year per contract from sellers not affiliated with the reporting company may (at the option of the respondent) be grouped by account number, except when the purchases were permanently discountinued during the reporting year. When grouped purchases are reported, the number of grouped purchases is to be reported in Column (a). Only Columns (a), (k), and (m) are to be completed for grouped purchases; however, the Commission may request additional details when necessary. Grouped non-jurisdictional purchases should be shown on a separate line.
 - 5. Column instructions are as follows:

<u>Columns (a) and (d)</u> - In reporting the names of sellers under FERC rate schedules, use the names as they appear on the filed rate schedules. Abbreviations may be used where necessary. The code number to be used is the Commission-assigned number.

<u>Column (b)</u> - Give the name of the producing field only for purchases at the wellhead or from field lines. The plant name should be given for purchases from gasoline plant outlets. If purchases under a contract are from more than one field or plant, use the name of the one contributing the largest volume. Use a footnote to list the other fields or plants involved.

<u>Column (c)</u> - State the net rate in cents per Mcf as of December 31 for the reported year, applicable to the volume shown in Column (k).

The net rate includes all applicable deductions and downward adjustments. The rate is effective and is filed pursuant to applicable statues and regulations and (as to FERC rates schedules) permitted by the Commission to become effective.

<u>Columns (e) and (f)</u> - General Services Administration location code designations are to be used to designate the state and county where the gas is received. Where gas is received in more than one county, use the code designation for the county having the largest volume, and by footnote list the other counties involved.

<u>Column (g)</u> - List the assigned Commission rate schedule number or small producer certificate docket number. Use the designation "NJ" in Column (g) to indicate non-jurisdictional purchases.

Column (h) - In some cases, two or more lines will be required to report a purchase, as when two or more rates are being paid under the same contract, or when purchases under the same rate schedule are charged to more than one account. If for such reasons the producer rate schedule or non-jurisdictional purchase contract appears on more than one line, enter a numerical code (selected by the respondent) in Column (h) to so indicate. Once established, the same numerical suffix is to be used for all subsequent years reporting of the purchase. If the purchase was permanently discontinued during the reporting year, so indicate by an asterisk(*) in column (h). Column (h) is also to be used to enter any Commission assigned letter rate schedule suffix (e.g. R.S. No. 22A).

Column (I) - Show date of the gas purchase contract. If gas is purchased under a renegotiated contract, show the dates of the original and renegotiated contracts on the following line in brackets. If new acreage is dedicated by ratification of an existing contract, show the date of the ratification rather than the date of the original contract. If gas is being sold from a different reservoir than the original dedicated acreage pursuant to Section 2.56 (f) (2) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, place the letter "A" after the contract date.

<u>Column (j)</u> - Show, for each purchase, the approximate BTU per cubic foot, determined in accordance with the definition in item No. 7 of the General Instructions for FERC Form 2.

<u>Column (k)</u> - State the volume of purchased gas as finally measured for purposes of determining the amount payable for the gas. Include current year receipts of makeup gas that was paid for in prior years.

<u>Column (m)</u> - State the average cost per MCF to the neareast hundredth of a cent. (Column (I) divided by Column (k) multiplied by 100.)

NAME	OF RESPONDENT		s Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
			✓ An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
CASC	ADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		A Resubmission		
	STATE OR OREGON - GAS PURCHA	SES	(Account 800, 801, 802,	803, 804, 804.1 and 805) (C	on't)
	NAME OF SELLER			Name of	Net Rate
LINE	(DESIGNATE ASSOCIATED COM	PANII	ES)	Producing Field or Gasoline Plant	Effective
NO.	(2)				December 31
	(a)			(b)	(c)
1 2	804 Natural Gas City Gate Purchases Core firm supply				
	Core iiini suppiy				
3 4	Peaking Services				
5	reaking Services				
6	Interstate Pipeline Transportation				
7	interestate i ipenire i ranopertation				
8					
9	TOTAL				
10					
11					
12					
13					
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ME OF R	ESPONDEN	IT					This Report Is:	DAT	E OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPO	ORT
							(1) An Original		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 201	4
SCADE N	NATURAL G	AS CORPOR	RATION	ON - G 4 6 1	DIDCHV6E6	(Account 200	(2) A Resubmission , 801 , 802 , 803 , 804 , 8	04.1 ~			
7		JIAIE	Ra		PURCHASES	Approx.	Gas	004.1 al	id 803) (Con t)	Cost	
1	State	County	Sche		Date of	BTU Per	Purchased - Mcf		Cost of	Per Mcf	LIN
Code	Code	Code	No.	Suffix	Contract	Cu Ft	(14.73 psia 60 °F)		Gas	(cents)	N
(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(I)	(j)	(k)		(1)	(m)	
						10.43	6,720,234	\$	30,467,782	453.37	
								\$	339,382	n/a	
								\$	8,209,280	n/a	
								_		n/a	
							6,720,234	\$	39,016,444		
]										

NAM	NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		DATE OF REPORT	EPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	REPORT
ŭ	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) S An Original (2) A Resubmission		(M,D,Y)	5	Dec. 31, 2014	, 2014
	STATE OF OREGON	- GAS USED IN UTIL	STATE OF OREGON - GAS USED IN UTILITY OPERATIONS - CREDIT (Accounts 810, 811 and 812)	REDIT (Accounts 81	0, 811 and 812)		
-	Report below particulars of credits during the year to Accounts 810, 811 and 812, which offset charges to operating expenses or other accounts for the cost of gas from the respondent's	ts 810, 811 and 812,	which offset charges to	operating expenses	or other account	s for the cost of gas fror	n the respondent's
7	own supply. Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed, or any mixture of natural and manufactured gas.	e of natural and manu	ufactured gas.				
ω 4	stimated quantity, oondent for which	te such fact. rge was not made to t	he appropriate operatin	g expenses or other	account, list sepa	state such fact. charge was not made to the appropriate operating expenses or other account, list separately in column (c) the MCF of gas so use	MCF of gas so use
2	omitting entries in columns (d) and (e). Pressure base of measurement, to be reported in columns (c) and (f) is 14.73 psia at 60 °F	c) and (f) is 14.73 psie	a at 60 °F.				
				Natural Gas		Manufactured Gas	red Gas
LINE NO.	PURPOSE FOR WHICH GAS WAS USED (a)	ACCOUNT CHARGED (b)	MCF OF GAS USED (14.73 PSIA AT 60 °F) (c)	AMOUNT OF CREDIT (d)	AMOUNT PER MCF (CENTS) (e)	MCF OF GAS USED (14.73 PSIA AT 60 °F) (f)	AMOUNT OF CREDIT (q)
1	810 Gas used for Compressor Station Fuel - Credit		,				ò
2	811 Gas used for Products Extraction - Credit						
3	(a) Gas shrinkage & other usage in respondent's						
	own processing						
4	(b) Gas shrinkage, etc. for respondent's gas						
	processed by others						
5	812 Gas used for Other Utility Operations - Credit	812	6,249	\$ 25,586	0	0	0
9	(Report separately for each principal use.						
7	Group minor uses).						
- 0							
8							
0							
10							
Ξ							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25	TOTAL		6,249	\$ 25,586			

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[Next page is 44]

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
		(1) An Original		
CAS	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
	OTATE OF OPERALL AND ARRAY	() _		
1 2 3	The purpose of this schedule is to account for the quantity of natural gas recedifferences in pressure bases used in measuring MCF of natural gas received Natural gas means either natural gas unmixed or any mixture of natural and menter in column (c) the MCF as reported in the schedules indicated for the research.	ived and delivered by the res d and delivered. nanufactured gas.		nsideration
		REFERENCE	M	-
LINE		PAGE NO.		A AT 60 °F)
NO.	(a)	(b)	((c)
1	GAS RECEIVED		M	cf
2	Natural gas produced			
3	LPG gas produced and mixed with natural gas			
4	Manufactured gas produced and mixed with natural gas			
5	Purchased gas:			
6	a. Wellhead			
7	b. Field lines			
8	c. Gasoline Plants			
9	d. Transmission line			
10	e. City gate under FERC rate schedules			6,726,594
11	f. LNG			
12	g. Other			
13	TOTAL GAS PURCHASED			6,726,594
14	Gas of others received for transportation			22,831,320
15	Receipts of respondents' gas transported or compressed by others			
16	Exchange gas received			
17	Gas withdrawn from underground storage			109,085
18	Gas received from LNG storage			
19	Gas received from LNG processing			
20	Other receipts: (specify)			
21	TOTAL RECEIPTS			29,666,999

NAM	E OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
C	ASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
		(2) A Resubmission		,
	STATE OF OREGON - GAS ACCOUNT	NT - NATURAL GAS (Con't)		
	In a footnote report the volumes of gas from respondent's own production definatural gas sale. If the respondent operates two or more systems which are not interconnected should be used for this purpose.	•	•	
LINE	ITEM	REFERENCE	(14.73 PSIA	
LINE NO.	ITEM (a)	PAGE NO. (b)	(14.73 PSI)	,
110.	GAS RECEIVED	(6)	(6	·)
22	Natural gas sales			
23	a. Field sales:			
24	(i) To interstate pipeline companies for resale pursuant			
25	to FERC rate schedules			
26	(ii) Retail industrial sales			
27	(iii) Other field sales			
28	TOTAL FIELD SALES			
29	b. Transmission systems sales:			
30	(i) To interstate pipeline co for resale under FERC rate schedules			
31	(ii) To intrastate pipeline companies and gas utilities for resale			
32	under FERC rate schedules			
33	(iii) Mainline Industrial sales under FERC certification			
34	(iv) Other mainline industrial sales			
35	(v) Other transmission system sales			
36	TOTAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SALES			
37	c. Local distribution by respondent:			
38	(i) Retail industrial sales			636,882
39	(ii) Other distribution system sales			6,315,355
40	TOTAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM SALES			6,952,237
41	d. Interdepartmental sales			
42	TOTAL SALES			6,952,237
43				
44	Deliveries of gas transported or compressed for:			
45	a. Other interstate pipeline companies			
46	b. Others			22,831,320
	TOTAL, GAS TRANSPORTED OR COMPRESSED FOR OTHERS			22,831,320
	Deliveries of respondent's gas for transportation or compression by others			
49	Exchange gas delivered			
	Natural gas used by respondent			6,360
51	Natural gas delivered to underground storage			
52	Natural gas delivered to LNG storage			
53	Natural gas delivered to LNG processing			
54	Natural gas for franchise requirements			
55 56	Other deliveries (specify)		1	20 700 047
56 57	TOTAL SALES & OTHER DELIVERIES UNACCOUNTED FOR		+	29,789,917
57 50	Production system losses	+	+	
58 50	Storage losses Transmission system losses		+	
59 60	Transmission system losses			(122.040)
60 61	Distribution system losses Other losses (specify in so far as possible)		+	(122,918)
62	TOTAL UNACCOUNTED FOR			(122,918)
63	TOTAL SALES, OTHER DELIVERIES & UNACCOUNTED FOR		1	29,666,999

NAME	OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:		OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
	CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original (2) A Resubmission	(I	M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
		scellaneous General Expen	ess (Account 930.2)		
	Report below the information called for concerning items included in misco	ellaneous general expenses.			
LINE	ITEMS		TOTAL	AMOUNT APPLICABLE TO	AMOUNT APPLICABLE TO
NO.	II EINIO		TOTAL	STATE OF OREGON	OTHER STATES
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)
	Industry association dues.		145,116	34,727	110,389
	Experimental and general research expenses.				
	a. Gas Research Institute (GRI) b. Other				
	Publishing and distributing information and reports to stockholders, trustee	e, registrar, and transfer			
3	agent fees and expenses, and other expenses of servicing oustanding sec	curities of the respondent			
4					
	Bank and Other Finance Fees (paid to Bank of New York, Payflex and MD	OU for CNGC's share of	283,619	68,919	214,700
	corporate banking fees)				
6	Director's Fees (paid to MDU for CNGC's share of director's expenses)		121,546	29,536	92,010
	, ,		,	,	,
	Miscellaneous under \$250,000 (6 items)		4,054	2	4,052
8 9					
10					
	TOTAL		554,335	133,184	421,151

NAME OF RESPONDENT CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION Title Report 1s: (M.D.Y) STATE OF OREGON - POLITICAL ADVERTISING 1. List all payments for advertising, the purpose of which is to aid or defeat any measure before the people or to promote or prevent the enactment of any national, state, district or municipal legislation 2. Give the specific purpose of such advertising, when and where placed, and the account or accounts charged. 3. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each account and a grand total. LINE DESCRIPTION ACCOUNT CHARGED AMOUNT (c) NONE TOTAL					
STATE OF OREGON - POLITICAL ADVERTISING 1. List all payments for advertising, the purpose of which is to aid or defeat any measure before the people or to promote or prevent the enactment of any notional, state, district or municipal legislation 2. Give the specific purpose of such advertising, when and where placed, and the account or accounts charged. 3. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each account and a grand total. LINE DESCRIPTION ACCOUNT CHARGED AMOUNT (c) 1 NONE	NAME (OF RESPONDENT		DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
1. List all payments for advertising, the purpose of which is to aid or defeat any measure before the people or to promote or prevent the enactment of any national, state, district or municipal legislation. 2. Give the specific purpose of such advertising, when and where placed, and the account or accounts charged. 3. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each account and a grand total. LINE DESCRIPTION ACCOUNT CHARGED AMOUNT (b) NONE NONE ACCOUNT CHARGED (c) AMOUNT (c)	CASC	CADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION		(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
prevent the enactment of any national, state, district or municipal legislation 2. Give the specific purpose of such advertising, when and where placed, and the account or accounts charged. 3. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each account and a grand total. LINE DESCRIPTION ACCOUNT CHARGED AMOUNT NO. 1 NONE NONE ACCOUNT CHARGED (e)		STATE OF	OREGON - POLITICAL ADV	/ERTISING	
NO. (a) (b) (c) 1 NONE 1 NONE	2.	prevent the enactment of any national, stat Give the specific purpose of such advertisi	e, district or municipal legisla ng, when and where placed, a	tion and the account or accounts	
NO. (a) (b) (c) 1 NONE 1 NONE	LINE	DESCRIPTION	J	ACCOUNT CHARGED	AMOLINT
1 NONE			V		
TOTAL				(b)	(c)
		TOTAL			

		I			
NAME (OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT	
	DE NATURAL CAS CORROBATION	(1) 🗸 An Original	(M,D,Y)	Doc 24 2014	
JASCA	DE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission		Dec. 31, 2014	
	07475.05.6				
	STATE OF C	REGON - POLITICAL CONT	RIBUTIONS		
1.	List all payments or contributions to person	ns and organizations for the p	ourpose of aiding or defeating	g any measure	
	before the people or to promote or preven				
2				logiolation.	
	The purpose of all contributions or paymer				
3.	Report whole dollars only. Provide a total	or each account and a grand	total.		
LINE	DESCRIPTIO	DESCRIPTION ACCOUNT CHARGED AM			
NO.	(a)		(b)	(c)	
1	NONE				
	TOTAL				
	· - · · · - · ·				

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) ✓ An Original(2) ☐ A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014

STATE OF OREGON - EXPENDITURES TO ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION HAVING AN AFFILIATED INTEREST FOR SERVICES, ETC.

- Report all expenditures to any person or organization having an affiliated interest for service, advice, auditing, associating, sponsoring, engineering, managing, operating, financial, legal or other services. See Oregon Revised Statute 757.015 for definition of "affiliated interest."
- 2. Give reference if such expenditures have in the past been approved by the Commission.

Describe the services received and the account or accounts charged. Report whole dollars only.

		ACCOUNT	TOTAL	AMOUNT ASSIGNED
LINE	DESCRIPTION	NUMBER	AMOUNT	TO OREGON
NO.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	107	3,249,124	789,537
2	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	426.1	13,109	3,186
3	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	426.4	18	4
4	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	813	225,034	54,683
5	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	875	211,075	51,291
6	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	880	689,618	167,577
7	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	902	149,764	36,393
8	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	903	4,195,172	1,019,427
9	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	909	19,872	4,829
10	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	920	4,017,677	976,296
11	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	921	3,449,588	838,250
12	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	922	(3,127)	(760)
13	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	923	275,496	66,945
18	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	925	2,844	691
19	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	926	162,201	39,415
20	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	930.1	19,830	4,819
21	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	930.2	142,250	34,567
22	MDU/MDUR Allocated - approved in Order 07-418	931	1,222,467	297,059
23	Other Services	VAR	134,703	84,056
	TOTALS		18,176,715	4,468,265
	TOTALS		10,170,715	4,400,205

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014

STATE OF OREGON - Donations and Memberships

- 1. List all donations and membership expenditures made by the utility during the year and the accounts charged. Give the name, city and state of each organization to whom a donation has been made. Group donations under headings such as:
 - a. Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations
- d. Commercial and trade organizations

b. Organizations of the utility industry

e. All other organizations and kinds of donations and

- c. Technical and professional organizations
- 2. List donations by type and group by the account charged. Report whole dollars only. Provide a total for each group of donations.

	List donations by type and group by the account charged. Report whole	•		•
LINE	DESCRIPTION	ACCOUNT NUMBER	TOTAL AMOUNT	AMOUNT ASSIGNED TO OREGON
NO.	DESCRIPTION (a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1	(a) Contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations:	(6)	(0)	(u)
2	American Red Cross (WA and OR)	426.1	8,250	2,205
3	Boys & Girls Clubs (WA and OR)	426.1	6,000	1,137
4	Habitat for Humanity (WA and OR)	426.1	2,250	455
5	MDU Resources Foundation (Bismark, ND)	426.1	76,505	17,397
6	United Way (WA and OR)	426.1	2,819	664
7	CNG Matching Contributions to Winter Help (WA and OR)	426.1	37,000	8,414
8	Other Organizations (90 organizations)	426.1/880.0/903.0	45,624	22,278
9	Total contributions to and memberships in charitable organizations	420.1/660.0/903.0	178,448	52,550
			170,440	32,330
10	(b) Organizations of the Utility Industry:	020.2	105.047	20.504
11	American Gas Association (Washington D.C.)	930.2	125,347	28,504
12	Northwest Gas Association (West Linn, OR)	921.0	62,141	14,130
13	Other Organizations (7 organizations)	880.0/921.0/903.0	14,124	2,926
14	Total contributions to Organizations of the Utility Industry		201,612	45,560
15	(c) Technical and Professional Organizations			
16	National Association of Corrosion Engineers (Houston, TX)	921.0	2,540	577
17	Other Organizations (17 organizations)	921.0/903.0/880.0	3,476	911
18	Total contributions to Professional Organizations		6,016	1,488
19	(d) Commercial and Trade Organizations			
20	Association of Washington Business (Olympia, WA)	921.0	13,000	-
21	Chamber of Commerce-36 (WA and OR)	426.1/880.0/930.2	51,547	7,813
22	Economic Development Councils-10 (WA and OR)	426.1/880.0/930.2	16,447	9,482
23	Foundation for Private Enterprise (Seattle, WA)	426.1	2,500	569
24	Other Organizations (14 organizations)	426.1/880.0/930.2	4,687	734
25	Total contributions to Commercial and Trade Organizations		88,181	18,598
26	(e) Other Organizations & Donations			
27	MDU Resources expenses (Bismark, ND)	426.1/921.0/930.7	33,531	7,625
28	Other Organizations (17 organizations)	426.1/921.0/930.7	7,243	2,042
29	Total Other Organizations		40,774	9,667
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
	TOTAL		515,031	127,863

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
	(1) 🗸 An Original		
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014

STATE OF OREGON - OFFICERS' SALARIES

- 1. Report below the name, title and salary for the year for each executive officer whose salary is \$50,000 or more. An "executive officer" of a respondent includes its president, secretary, treasurer, and vice president in charge of a principle business unit, division or function (such as sales, administration or finance) and any other person who performs similar policy making functions.
- 2. If a change was made during the year in the incumbent of any position, show name and total remuneration of the previous incumbent and date the change in incumbency was made.
- 3. Utilities which are required to file similar data with the Securities and Exchange Commission, may substitute a copy of item 4, Regulation S-K, identified as this schedule page. The substituted page(s) should be conformed to the size of this page.

		NAME OF		OR YEAR
INE	TITLE	OFFICER	TOTAL	OREGON
١Ο.	(a)	(b)	(a)	(a)
1	President and CEO of MDU Utilities Group 1/	K. Frank Morehouse	4/	
2	Chairman of the Board 2/	David L. Goodin	4/	
3	Executive VP & General Manager 3/	Scott W. Madison	4/	
4	VP Operations	Eric P. Martuscelli	4/	
5	Vice President, Controller, Asst. Treasurer and Asst. Secretary 3/	Mark A. Chiles	4/	
6	Vice President-HR, Customer Service and Safety 1/	Anne M. Jones	4/	
	Assistant Secretary 2/	Julie A. Krenz	4/	
8	General Counsel and Secretary 2/	Paul K. Sandness	4/	
9	Assistant Secretary 2/	Daniel S. Kuntz	4/	
	Treasurer 2/ (Retired 11/2014)	Douglass A. Mahowald	4/	
	Executive VP -Utility Operations Support 1/	Michael J. Gardner	4/	
	Treasurer 2/ (New 11/2014)	Jason L. Vollmer	4/	
3	,			
4	1/ Salary includes amount allocated to CNGC from MDU			
	2/ Salary includes amount allocated to CNGC from MDUR			
	3/ Salary includes amount allocated to CNGC from IGC			
	4/ Confidential salary data included on filed reports with OPUC.			
8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
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NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) 🔽 An Original	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
CACCADE NATORAL GAS CORT CRATION	(2) A Resubmission		Dec. 31, 2014

STATE OF OREGON-DONATIONS OR PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES RENDERED BY PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES AND CHARGED TO OREGON OPERATING ACCOUNTS

- 1. Report for each service rendered (including materials furnished incidental to the service which are impracticable of separation) by recipient and in total the aggregate of all payments made during the year where the aggregate of such payments to a recipient was \$25,000 or more including fees, retainers, commissions, gifts, contributions, assessments, bonuses, subscriptions, allowances for expenses or any other form of payments for services, traffic settlements, amounts paid for general services and licenses, accruals paid to trustees of pension and other employee benefit funds, and amounts paid for construction or maintenance of plant to persons other than affiliates) to any one corporation, institution, association, firm, partnership, committee, or person (not an employee of the respondent). Indicate by an asterisk in column (c) each item that includes payments for materials furnished incidental to the service performed. Payments to a recipient by two or more companies within a single system under a cost sharing or other joint arrangement shall be considered a single item for reporting in this schedule and shall be shown in the report of the principal company in the joint arrangement (as measured by gross operating revenues) with references thereto in the reports of the other system companies in the joint agreement.
- 2. If more convenient, this schedule may be filled out for a group of companies considered as one system and shown only in the report of the principal company in the system, with references thereto in the reports of the other companies.

LINIE	NAME OF RECIDENT	NATURE OF	AMOUNT OF
LINE NO.	NAME OF RECIPENT (a)	SERVICE (b)	PAYMENT (c)
1	Northwest Metal Fabrication and Pipe Inc	Construction	3,000,575
2	John & Marsha Hammond	Construction	333,012
3	MRES Consulting, LTD	Consulting	300,403
4	Express Employment Professional	Temporary Employment	190,658
5	Sungard Energy Systems	Construction	182,255
6	Surveys & Analysis, Inc	Construction	122,111
7	Northwest Pipeline	Construction	87,600
8	Prosource Tech., Inc	Consulting	55,986
9	Hickman, Williams & Associates	Legal	39,201
10	7 Peaks Paving, LLC	Construction	32,343
11	Evergreen Finanical Services	Collection Agency	30,331
12	Sunrise Engineering, Inc.	Construction	27,848
13	Veris Law Group	Environmental Law	25,553
14	Other	Various	1,161,187
15			
16			
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23			
24			
25			
	TOTAL		5,589,063

NAME OF RESPONDENT	This Report Is:	DATE OF REPORT	YEAR OF REPORT
CASCADE NATURAL GAS CORPORATION	(1) An Original(2) A Resubmission	(M,D,Y)	Dec. 31, 2014
In order to help us with production of o	ur Oregon Utility Statistics pu	ıblication, please indicat	e.
Oregon Production Statistics (therms) Gas Produced Gas Purchased Total Receipts		309,436,498 309,436,498	
Gas Sales Gas used by Company Gas Delivered to LNG Storage - Net Losses & Billing Delay Total Disbursements		310,652,240 66,334 - (1,282,076) 309,436,498	
Oregon Revenue by Service Class Residential Commercial & Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total		\$ 37,588,341 \$ 28,196,834 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,029,534 \$ 69,814,709	
Gas Sold in Therms (Oregon) Residential Commercial & Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total		38,046,635 34,467,467 - - 238,138,138 310,652,240	
Average Number of Customers Residential Commercial & Industrial Firm Interruptible Transportation Total		57,415 9,731 - - 35 67,181	

