Secretary of State

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING HEARING*

A Statement of Need and Fiscal Impact accompanies this form.

Public Utility Commis	ssion of Oregon		860		
Agency and Division		Administra	tive Rules Chapter Number		
Piane Davis PO Box 2148, Salem, OR 97308		Box 2148, Salem, OR 97308	(503) 378-4372		
Rules Coordinator	1-111-1-1-1	Address	Telephone		
		RULE CAPTION			
		ring Rules Regarding Aggregation of Meters on Different			
Not more than 15 wo	rds that reasona	ably identifies the subject matter of the agency's intended act	ion.		
May 16, 2011	9:30 am	9:30 am Main Hearing Room, 550 Capitol St NE, Salem, Oregon Public Utility Commission of Oregon			
Hearing Date	Time	Location	Hearings Office		
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Hearing Date	Time	Location	Hearings Office		
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		RULEMAKING ACTION			
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AMEND: 860-039-0	JUU5(3), 860-C	39-0010, and 860-039-0065			
REPEAL:			•		
RENUMBER:					
AMEND & RENUM	BER:				
Stat. Auth. : ORS Ch.	183, ORS 756.04	0, & 757.300			
Other Auth.:					
Stats. Implemented: O	RS 756.040 <u>&</u> 75	7.300			
		RULE SUMMARY			

RULE SUMMARY

A current provision in the net metering rules regarding aggregation of meters (OAR 860-039-0065) requires that aggregated meters be on the same rate schedule. The proposed rule changes eliminate that provision and make additional changes to facilitate customer-generators participating in the net-metering program to aggregate meters on different rate schedules under certain conditions.

The Commission encourages participants to file written comments as early as practicable in the proceeding so that other participants have the opportunity to consider and respond to the comments before the deadline. Please reference Docket No. AR 548 on comments and file them by e-mail to the Commission's Filing Center at PUC.FilingCenter@state.or.us and also send a signed hard copy to the Filing Center at PO Box 2148, Salem, Oregon 97308-2418. For more information about the Commission's Filing Center, please see http://apps.puc.state.or.us/edockets/center.htm. Interested persons may review all filings online at http://apps.puc.state.or.us/edockets/docket.asp?DocketID=16594. A copy of the Commission Staff's

proposed rules are available online at http://edocs.puc.state.or.us/efdocs/HCB/ar548hcb125359.pdf (attached to the prior notice).

Participants wishing to monitor the hearing by telephone (listen only) must contact Diane Davis at diane.davis@state.or.us or (503) 378-4372 by close of business May 11, 2011, to request a dial -in number. To present oral comment at the hearing, participants must attend in person.

The Agency requests public comment on whether other options should be considered for achieving the rule's substantive goals while reducing the negative economic impact of the rule on business.

May 24, 2011, Close of Business

Last Day for Public Comment (Last day to submit written comments to the Rules Coordinator)

Diane Davis 4/14/2011
Signature Printed name Date

^{*}Hearing Notices published in the Oregon Bulletin must be submitted by 5:00 pm on the 15th day of the preceding month unless this deadline falls on a weekend or legal holiday, upon which the deadline is 5:00 pm the preceding workday. ARC 920-2005

Secretary of State

STATEMENT OF NEED AND FISCAL IMPACT

A Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Hearing or a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking accompanies this form.

Public Utility Commission of Oregon

860

Agency and Division

Administrative Rules Chapter Number

In the Matter of Revising Net Metering Rules Regarding Aggregation of Meters on Different Rate Schedules. Rule Caption (Not more than 15 words that reasonably identifies the subject matter of the agency's intended action.)

In the Matter of: Revising Net Metering Rules Regarding Aggregation of Meters on Different Rate Schedules.

Statutory Authority: ORS Ch. 183, 756.040, 757.300

Other Authority:

Stats. Implemented: ORS 756.040, 757.300

Need for the Rule(s):

There have been numerous complaints regarding the provision in OAR 860-039-0065(1)(c) that required aggregated meters to be on the same rate schedules. There is no language in the statute governing net metering (ORS 757.300) that requires that condition. At the time it was adopted (in Order No. 07-319), the Public Utility Commission of Oregon noted that the rules could be modified to permit additional forms of aggregation. These proposed rules remove that condition and make other changes regarding aggregation of meters on different rate schedules.

Documents Relied Upon, and where they are available:

- ORS 757.300 available online at http://www.leg.state.or.us/ors/757.html
- Oregon Administrative Rules, Chapter 860, Division 039 available online at http://arcweb.sos.state.or.us/rules/OARS 800/OAR 860/860 039.html
- PUC Order No. 07-319 entered 07/24/07 available online at http://apps.puc.state.or.us/orders/2007ords/07-319.pdf

Fiscal and Economic Impact:

While the power from net metering may be somewhat more expensive than power from other sources, the total amount of net-metered power can be capped if necessary. Under ORS 757.300(6), if that capacity exceeds one-half of one percent of a utility's historic single-hour peak load, the Public Utility Commission of Oregon can limit the cumulative capacity of qualifying net-metered systems. This rule change does not affect potential limits on cumulative net-metered capacity. The utilities report that there may be increases in costs to utilities to administer additional net metering applications and that costs to other customers may increase. The potential magnitude of these additional costs cannot be quantified at this time because it is not yet known how many customers will take advantage of the less restrictive conditions.

Positive economic impacts are likely for retail suppliers of qualifying generating equipment. They may see increased sales if aggregation of meters on different rate schedules is conditionally allowed making net metering more attractive to more utility customers.

Statement of Cost of Compliance:

1. Impact on state agencies, units of local government and the public (ORS 183.335(2)(b)(E)): Allowing aggregation across rate schedules could have affected the Oregon Department of Energy's ability to enforce its rules. This could occur from aggregation of a meter on a residential rate schedule if AR 548

the designated meter is on a commercial rate schedule and the customer-generator received a Business Energy Tax Credit. This could have allowed the benefits from a Business Energy Tax Credit to flow to an ineligible residential customer. This concern has been resolved with Oregon Department of Energy staff with the proposed language in OAR 860-039-0065(1)(d).

The Public Utility Commission of Oregon will spend less time addressing complaints about the aggregation of meters for net metering, and more customer-generators will be able to benefit from net metering arrangements.

It is anticipated that there will be negligible increases in the cost of retail electricity to state agencies. The potential magnitude of these increases cannot be quantified at this time because it is unknown how many customers will take advantage of the less restrictive conditions.

There may be increases in costs to utilities to administer additional net metering applications. The potential magnitude of these increases depends upon the actions of customers and cannot be quantified at this time. The utilities will spend less time addressing customer complaints about the requirement that aggregated meters be on the same rate schedule. Questions about how to administer net metering for time-of-use rate schedules are resolved with the proposed amendments, saving time for the staff of the companies and the Commission. The proposed rule changes limit the costs from customers requesting to change the rank order of the meters. The rule amendments retain the provision that allows the regulated utilities recovery of administrative costs specifically from the customers with aggregated meters.

- 2. Cost of compliance effect on small business (ORS 183.336):
- a. Estimate the number of small businesses and types of business and industries with small businesses subject to the rule: Retail suppliers of qualifying generating equipment and retail customers of utilities who might buy such equipment are subject to the rules. There are a few dozen such suppliers. Certain regulated electric utilities, which are not small businesses, are subject to the rules.
- b. Projected reporting, recordkeeping and other administrative activities required for compliance, including costs of professional services:

The proposed rule changes may result in increased reporting, recordkeeping or other administrative activities for the regulated utilities subject to the rules. The utilities will likely need to make accommodative changes to their billing systems. The more customers that take part in net-metering, the more records the utilities will need to keep and report as required by the rules.

c. Equipment, supplies, labor and increased administration required for compliance:
The proposed rule changes may result in increased equipment, supplies, labor, or increased administration for compliance by the regulated utilities as they make accommodative changes to their billing systems and because there is potential for the number of net-metering customers to increase after removal of the restriction.

How were small businesses involved in the development of this rule?

Eight companies installing qualifying generating equipment and the Oregon Solar Energy Industries Association were on the interested participants e-mail list and received notifications of informal workshops held by Public Utility Commission of Oregon Staff and reviewed drafts of proposed changes. Several of these attended the workshops hosted by Staff.

Administrative Rule Advisory Committee consulted?: No

If not, why?:

As noted above, the Staff of the Oregon Public Utility Commission held several informal workshops and sent information and proposed changes electronically to a large list of interested persons for review and comment

prior to initiating formal rulemaking. The Commission postponed its first hearing scheduled in this rulemaking to allow stakeholders more time to discuss issues raised after the first Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Hearing was issued.

DianeDavio	Diane Davis	4/14/2011
Signature	Printed name	Date

Administrative Rules Unit, Archives Division, Secretary of State, 800 Summer Street NE, Salem, Oregon 97310. ARC 925-2007

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860-039-0005

Scope and Applicability of Net Metering Facility Rules

- (1) OAR 860-039-0010 through 860-039-0080 (the "net metering rules") establish rules governing net metering facilities interconnecting to a public utility as required under ORS 757.300. Net metering is available to a customer-generator only as provided in these rules. These rules do not apply to a public utility that meets the requirements of ORS 757.300(9).
- (2) For good cause shown, a person may request the Commission waive any of the net metering facility rules.
- (a) A public utility and net metering applicant may mutually agree to reasonable extensions to the required times for notices and submissions of information set forth in these rules for the purpose of allowing efficient and complete review of a net metering application.
- (b) If a public utility unilaterally seeks waiver of the timelines set forth in these rules, the Commission must consider the number of pending applications for interconnection review and the type of applications, including review level and facility size.
- (3) As used in OAR 860-039-0010 through 860-039-0080:
- (a) "ANSI C12.1 standards" means the standards prescribed by the 2001 edition of the American National Standards Institute, Committee C12.1 (ANSI C12.1), entitled "American National Standard for Electric Meters Code for Electricity Metering," approved by the C12.1 Accredited Standard Committee on July 9, 2001.
- (b) "Applicant" means a person who has filed an application to interconnect a net metering facility to an electric distribution system.
- (c) "Area network" means a type of electric distribution system served by multiple transformers interconnected in an electrical network circuit in order to provide high reliability of service. This term has the same meaning as the term "secondary grid network" as defined in IEEE standard 1547 Section 4.1.4 (published July 2003).

(d) "Contiguous" has the meaning given on OAR 860-038-0005(60)(b)(C).

(de) "Customer-generator" means a customer-generator as defined in ORS 757.300(1)(a)the person who is the user of a net metering facility and who has applied for and been accepted to receive electricity service at a premises from the serving public utility.

- (ef) "Electric distribution system" means that portion of an electric system which delivers electricity from transformation points on the transmission system to points of connection at a customer's premises.
- (fg) "Equipment package" means a group of components connecting an electric generator with an electric distribution system, and includes all interface equipment including switchgear, inverters, or other interface devices. An equipment package may include an integrated generator or electric production source.
- (gh) "Fault current" means electrical current that flows through a circuit and is produced by an electrical fault, such as to ground, double-phase to ground, three-phase to ground, phase-to-phase, and three-phase.
- (hi) "Generation capacity" means the nameplate capacity of the power generating device(s). Generation capacity does not include the effects caused by inefficiencies of power conversion or plant parasitic loads.
- (ii) "Good utility practice" means a practice, method, policy, or action engaged in or accepted by a significant portion of the electric industry in a region, which a reasonable utility official would expect, in light of the facts reasonably discernable at the time, to accomplish the desired result reliably, safely and expeditiously.
- (jk) "IEEE standards" means the standards published in the 2003 edition of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard 1547, entitled "Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric Power Systems," approved by the IEEE SA Standards Board on June 12, 2003, and in the 2005 edition of the IEEE Standard 1547.1, entitled "IEEE Standard Conformance Test Procedures for Equipment Interconnecting Distributed Resources with Electric Power Systems," approved by the IEEE SA Standards Board on June 9, 2005.
- (kL) "Impact study" means an engineering analysis of the probable impact of a net metering facility on the safety and reliability of the public utility's electric distribution system.
- (1mm) "Interconnection agreement" means an agreement between a customer-generator and a public utility, which governs the connection of the net metering facility to the electric distribution system, as well as the ongoing operation of the net metering facility after it is connected to the system. An interconnection agreement will follow the standard form agreement developed by the public utility and filed with the Commission.
- (mn) "Interconnection facilities study" means a study conducted by a utility for the customer-generator that determines the additional or upgraded distribution system facilities, the cost of those facilities, and the time schedule required to interconnect the net metering facility to the utility's distribution system.

- ($\underline{\mathbf{no}}$) "Net metering facility" means a net metering facility as defined in ORS 757.300(1)(d).
- (ep) "Non-residential customer" means a retail electricity consumer that is not a residential customer, except "non-residential customer" does not include a customer who would be a residential customer but for the residency provisions of subsection (r) of this rule.
- (pq) "Point of common coupling" means the point beyond the customer-generator's meter where the customer-generator facility connects with the electric distribution system.
- (qr) "Public utility" has the meaning set forth in ORS 757.005 and is limited to a public utility that provides electric service.
- (*§) "Residential customer" means a retail electricity consumer that resides at a dwelling primarily used for residential purposes. "Residential customer" does not include retail electricity customers in a dwelling typically used for residency periods of less than 30 days, including hotels, motels, camps, lodges, and clubs. "Dwelling" includes, but is not limited to, single-family dwellings, separately-metered apartments, adult foster homes, manufactured dwellings, and floating homes.
- (st) "Spot network" means a type of electric distribution system that uses two or more inter-tied transformers protected by network protectors to supply an electrical network circuit. A spot network may be used to supply power to a single customer or a small group of customers.
- (*u) "Written notice" means a required notice sent by the utility via electronic mail if the customer-generator has provided an electronic mail address. If the customer-generator has not provided an electronic mail address, or has requested in writing to be notified by United States mail, or if the utility elects to provide notice by United States mail, then written notices from the utility shall be sent via First Class United States mail. The utility shall be deemed to have fulfilled its duty to respond under these rules on the day it sends the customer-generator notice via electronic mail or deposits such notice in First Class mail. The customer-generator shall be responsible for informing the utility of any changes to its notification address.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 183, 756 & 757

Stats. Implemented: ORS 756.040, 757.300 Hist.: PUC 8-2007, f. & cert. ef. 7-27-07

860-039-0010

Net Metering Kilowatt Limit

(1) OAR 860-039-0005 through 860-039-0080 apply to:

- (a) For rResidential customer-generators of a public utility or residential customer-generators that have an aggregated residential meter under OAR 860-039-0065 and whose net metering facilities have a generating capacity, these rules apply to net metering facilities that have a generating capacity of 25 kilowatts or less:
- (b) Residential customer-generators of a public utility that have an aggregated non-residential meter under OAR 860-039-0065 and whose net metering facilities have a generating capacity of two megawatts or less; and
- (c) Non-residential customer-generators of a public utility whose net metering facilities have a generating capacity of two megawatts or less.
- (2) For non-residential customers of a public utility, these rules apply to net metering facilities that have a generating capacity of two megawatts or less.
- (3) Nothing in these rules is intended to limit the number of net metering facilities per customer-generator so long as the net metering facilities in aggregate on the customer-generator's contiguous property do not exceed the applicable kilowatt/<u>or</u> megawatt limit.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 183, 756 & 757

Stats. Implemented: ORS 756.040, 757.300 Hist.: PUC 8-2007, f. & cert. ef. 7-27-07

860-039-0065

Aggregation of Meters for Net Metering

- (1) For the purpose of measuring electricity usage under the net metering program, a public utility must, upon request from a customer-generator, aggregate for billing purposes athe meter to which the net metering facility that is physically attached to the net metering facility ("designated meter") with one or more meters ("additionalaggregated meter") in the manner set out in this sectionrule. This rule is mandatory upon the public utility only when:
- (a) The additional aggregated meter is located on the customer-generator's premises or property that is contiguous to the premises associated with the designated meterproperty;
- (b) The <u>electricity measured by the designated meter and any additional aggregated</u> meters is <u>primarily used to measure only electricity used</u> for the customer-generator's requirements, <u>where requirements do not include electricity for charging electric vehicles that are not owned by or rented for the use of the customer-generator</u>;
- (c) The designated meter and the additional meter are subject to the same rate schedule; and

- (d) The designated meter and the additional any aggregated meters are served by the same primary feeder.
- (d) If any entity received an Oregon Business Energy Tax Credit for the customergenerator's net metering facility, meters beyond those in the approved tax credit are subject to a non-residential rate schedule.
- (2) A customer-generator must give at least 60 days notice to the utility to request that additional meters be included in meter aggregation. The specific meters must be identified at the time of such request. In the event that more than one additional meter is identified, the customer-generator must designate the rank order <u>within the categories in section (5) of this rule</u> for the <u>additional aggregated</u> meters to which net metering credits are to be applied, in accordance with sections (3) and (4) of this rule. At least 60 days in advance of the beginning of the next annual billing period, a customer generator may annually amend the rank order for the aggregated meters.
- (3) The aggregation of meters will apply only to charges that use kilowatt-hours as the billing determinant. All other charges applicable to each meter account will be billed to the customer-generator. If the number of kilowatt-hours of generation applied to the meter equals the number of kilowatt-hours of use for the meter for the billing period, kilowatt-hour charges will be zero for the meter. Unless otherwise specified by the rate schedule for the meter, the average per kilowatt-hour charge that would have applied, absent kilowatt-hour credits for the billing period, will be used to credit kilowatt-hours to the applicable billing period in section (4) of this rule.
- (4) If in a monthly billing period the net metering facility supplies more electricity to the public utility than the energy usage recorded by the customer-generator's designated meter, the utility will <u>provideapply</u> credits <u>to be applied</u> to the <u>customer's</u> next monthly bill<u>ing period</u> for the excess kilowatt-hours. <u>The utility will</u> first <u>apply the kilowatt-hour credits to the charges forto</u> the designated meter, <u>and</u> then to <u>the charges for additional aggregated</u> meters <u>in rank order. that have the same charges as the designated meter, and finally to other additional meters.</u>
- (5) The rank order of aggregated meters is as follows:
- (a) All meters subject to the same rate schedule as the designated meter;
- (b) All non-residential meters if the designated meter is a non-residential meter; and
- (c) All other meters.

If an additional meter changes service to a rate schedule that is different than the designated meter, the additional meter is not eligible for net metering credits for the remainder of the billing year and until such time as the additional meter-receives service on the same rate schedule as the designated meter.

- (6) If the designated meter or an aggregated meter becomes subject changes service to a different rate schedule, the utility will amend the rank order of the aggregationed meters to be consistent with section (5) of this rule. If the rank order changes, the utility will provide a timely notice of the change to the customer-generator and provide an opportunity to change the rank order within the categories in section (5) of this rule. The customer-generator must notify the utility of any changes within 60 days of the notice from the utility of net metering credits is not allowed for the remainder of the billing year and may not occur until such time as the additional meters receive service on the same rate schedule as the designated meter.
- (7) With the Commission's prior approval, a public utility may charge the customergenerator requesting to aggregate meters a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of this provision pursuant to a tariff approved by the Commission.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 183, 756 & 757

Stats. Implemented: ORS 756.040, 757.300 Hist.: PUC 8-2007, f. & cert. ef. 7-27-07