BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF OREGON

2 UM 1424

RAINBOW YOUTH GOLF EDUCATION PROGRAM, INC.

v.

Motion to Dismiss, Answer and Affirmative Defenses of Pacific Power

PACIFIC POWER

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- PacifiCorp, d\b\a Pacific Power ("Pacific Power" or "the Company"), Defendant in this proceeding, moves to dismiss the complaint of the Rainbow Youth Golf Education Program, Inc. ("Complainant")¹, pursuant to OAR 860-013-0031. In the alternative, the Company answers the complaint, pursuant to OAR 860-13-025 and ORS 756.512.
- 8 A. The Nature of the Case

Complainant outlines concerns as three specific items and asks for relief from the Public Utility Commission of Oregon ("Commission"). First, Complainant alleges the Company delayed the installation of service to the DMOLO Golf Facility ("Site"). Complainant alleges this may cause the need for replanting of grass for the Site and delay the opening of the Site. Complainant seeks damages in the amount of \$6000 for "loss in revenues." Second, Complainant then asserts that the contract minimum billing costs associated with providing service to the site are excessive. Complainant seeks to adjust the monthly minimum billing to a period of three years with monthly payments of \$105.55, and deletion of the 80 percent requirement. Finally, Complainant states that the Company has treated Complainant unfairly and with prejudice. Complainant seeks a

¹ Pacific Power sometimes refers to communications with individual representatives of Complainant, William Ray, Sr. and William Ray, Jr.

donation of \$10,000² per year for three years to the Rainbow Youth Golf Education
 Program.

3 B. Motion to Dismiss

The Company moves to dismiss this Complaint on the grounds that Complainant failed to state grounds for which the Commission may grant relief. Complainant cites no statute, administrative rules or other authority pertaining to the Company's service to the Site for which the Company may be found in violation by the Commission, as required by ORS 765.500 (1) and (3).

Item #1 alleges the Company's installation of service to the Site on October 14, 2008 *might* cause the opening of the facility to be moved from June 2009 to August 2009. Complainant then seeks damages for potentially lost revenue based on the amount of electricity that might have been used at the Site during September 8, 2009 and October 14, 2009. Complainant essentially seeks relief from the Commission for damages that have not been incurred and may never be incurred. Such speculation fails to constitute grounds for relief. Additionally, the awarding of economic damages resides outside of the Commission's jurisdiction. ORS 756.990 authorizes the Commission to impose penalties for violations of statutes administered by the Commission, Commission rules or Commission orders. Nowhere in this statutory provision will one find the authority to impose compensation for economic damages.

Item #2 alleges the monthly minimum amounts due for the Complainant's services contract are excessive. Complainant alleges the contract is for the installation of a three-phase line, including current transformer ("CT") devices, pole and meter base,

 $^{^2}$ The complaint requests that PP&L provide a donation of \$10.000. PP&L assumes this is a typographical error.

and maintenance. Complainant alleges the contract monthly minimum would be in

2 addition to the cost of electricity. This appears to be a misunderstanding of how contract

3 monthly minimums are calculated. The Company provides services like those requested

4 by Complainant pursuant to its Oregon Rule 13, Line Extensions ("Rule 13"). Under

5 Rule 13, the Company will construct facilities for a customer and charge the customer for

the cost of the service installation, subtracting an allowance. In order to ensure the

7 Company's costs are recovered for the service installation, the Company bills the

customer a minimum amount each month, which is reduced if the customer uses a certain

9 amount of electricity each month.

The Company's services contract with Complainant, included as Attachment A, is the standard contract. The Company calculated Complainant's monthly minimum in accordance with Rule 13 and is consistent with statutory pricing principles. Complainant seeks to alter the terms of the contract to contain non-standard pricing terms, which would violate ORS 757.310(1) and Rule 13. ORS 757.310(1) prohibits a utility from charging rates different from those contained in its tariffs. The services contract cannot be altered in the manner requested by Complainant and remain consistent with ORS 757.310(1).

Additionally, amending the services contract as Complainant suggests would lead to the Company charging Complainant differently than its other customers. ORS 757.310(2) prohibits a utility from charging a customer an amount for a service that is different from that charged to other customers for the same service. Amending the services contract as suggested by Complainant would lead to a violation of ORS 757.310(2).

	Finally, Complainant offers no analysis or substantiation for the monetary			
	amounts to include in the services contract, or whether the amounts relate to the			
	Company's costs for constructing the service installation for Complainant. Complainant			
	seeks relief for Item #2 that is contrary to statute and Commission-approved tariff, and			
	lacks a relationship to the Company's costs for the service installation. Complainant			
	seeks what appears to be an equitable remedy such as reformation or rescission of the			
	contract available under contract law, which falls outside of the Commission's purview.			
	Item #3 alleges the Company treated Complainant inequitably and with prejudice.			
	The Company takes this allegation very seriously and strongly disagrees with			
	Complainant's assertions. Complainant seeks courteous and respectful treatment, and a			
	\$10,000 donation to the Rainbow Youth Golf Education Program each year for three			
	years. The Company and its employees strive to build and maintain strong customer and			
	community relationships and do not discriminate against any of its customers. While the			
	Company understands and is sensitive to the gravity of the allegations contained in Item			
	#3, Complainant offers nothing for which relief may be granted from the Commission.			
	ORS 756.990 authorizes the Commission to impose penalties for violations of statutes			
	administered by the Commission, Commission rules or Commission orders. Nowhere in			
	this statutory provision will one find the authority to require relief such as that sought by			
	the Complainant.			
	For these reasons, this Complaint must be dismissed.			
C. Answer to Complaint				
	In the alternative, if the Commission determines that dismissal of this Complaint			
	is not appropriate at this time, the Company answers the Complaint and states as follows:			

1. Item # 1

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Complainant's first item of contention is the timeframe for installing service at the 2 Site in Chiloquin, Oregon. Complainant argues that the Rainbow Youth Golf Education 3 Program needed service by September 1, 2008 and that the Company should have 4 temporarily connected service immediately after the Company received the signed 5 contract and advance. Complainant asks for \$6,000.00 in estimated lost revenue for six 6 weeks of downtime that has not yet occurred and might not occur. 7 The Company denies delaying providing service to the Site. Through a series of 8 communications over the course of approximately 13 months, Pacific Power provided 9 Complainant with the necessary information and cost involved with providing service to 10 the Site for at least two potential service options. Additionally, the Company answered 11 Complainant's questions and responded to changes in the requested service in a timely 12 manner. Further, receiving a signed contract and advance from a customer is but one step 13 in the process for service installations. This particular step generally signals to the 14 Company that necessary parts and equipment must be ordered. Installation depends upon 15 16 availability of equipment and labor, among other things. Pacific Power's records show many communications with William Ray, Sr. 17 during the initial phases of this project and later with both William Ray, Sr. and William 18 Ray, Jr. regarding service to the Site. On September 28, 2007, William Ray, Sr. 19 20 contacted Pacific Power requesting a ballpark estimate to bring service to the Site. Pacific Power met with William Ray, Sr. at the Site on October 9, 2007. William Ray, 21 22 Sr. provided preliminary load information to the Company so that an estimator could prepare the first design for service to the Site. The Company provided a ballpark 23

estimate to William Ray, Sr. on November 5, 2007 for \$10,187.00 with an annual facilities charge of \$4,578.00.

No further communication was received until the week of April 14, 2008, more 3 than five months after the Company provided an estimate for service, when William Ray, 4 Sr. called to request an estimate to bring service to the Site. An estimator met with 5 William Ray Sr. at the site on April 23, 2008, to discuss the service request, including 6 possible vault locations and conduit routes. At this meeting, William Ray, Sr. did not 7 specify that the Complainant was prepared to proceed with the job or that they were 8 ready to obtain a firm estimate to bring service to the Site. Pacific Power had 9 communicated only "ballpark" estimates to install service, as no complete and final load 10 11 information was available up to this point. The Company did not hear from the Complainant again directly regarding this 12 job³ until May 27, 2008, when William Ray Sr. contacted Pacific Power requesting 13 14

job³ until May 27, 2008, when William Ray Sr. contacted Pacific Power requesting permission to backfill the trench over the installed conduit and vaults placed by Complainant. A Pacific Power estimator visited the site the following day, May 28, 2009, and approved the backfill and received verbal load information to complete the estimate. After this site visit, in anticipation of the required material needed for the job, Pacific Power pre-ordered a 277/480 volt, three-phase transformer, which was scheduled to arrive August 28, 2008. The Company also began conducting the necessary steps for preparing easements for service to the Site. The Company generally waits to order materials until it receives a signed contract from a customer so as not to incur unnecessary expenses. However, in this instance, the Company believed the risk of a

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³ William Ray Jr. contacted the Oregon Public Utility Commission on May 13, 2008 requesting general information on property owner rights.

change in plans to be low given the trenching, and conduit and vault installation 1

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conducted by the customer. On June 13, 2008, Pacific Power mailed the services contract, which contained 3 the estimate to provide service and the necessary easements. The estimated total job cost 4 was \$27,844.00. The customer was given an allowance of \$12,899.00 based on the 5 Complainant's load information. After receiving a \$250 administrative credit, the 6 Complainant's advance was \$14,695.00, with the monthly minimum facility charges of 7 \$315.15. William Ray, Sr. contacted the estimator on July 7, 2008 and requested a 8 9 meeting the following day. On July 8, 2008, Pacific Power met with William Ray Sr., William Ray Jr. and 10 Karen Ray to discuss their concerns with the services contract and easement language in 11 the documents mailed on June 13, 2008. Prior to this meeting, all communications with 12 Complainant had been with William Ray Sr. Pacific Power was unaware of any 13 problems or concerns that Complainant had with the Company or the original design to 14 15 install service to Complainant's Site. William Ray, Jr. began the July 8, 2008 meeting by sharing his dissatisfaction 16 with Pacific Power. William Ray, Jr. then proposed amendments to the services contract 17 and the easements. For the services contract, William Ray, Jr. proposed deleting a 18 provision related to trial by jury in the event of a dispute and a provision regarding 19 providing annual income statements. For the easements, William Ray, Jr. proposed 20 language to allow essentially unrestricted access to the easements, among other things, 21 22 for the purpose of constructing, reconstructing, maintaining and repairing underground irrigation and computer systems; and turf and vegetation management. Complainant was 23

advised that Pacific Power's legal and right of way departments would review the proposed changes.

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On July 14, 2008, Pacific Power contacted William Ray, Jr. and explained that the changes to the standard services contract were accepted but Pacific Power could not accept the proposed changes to the easement documents. Allowing unrestricted access to the easement, particularly for the purpose of working on underground equipment, is extremely risky with underground electric facilities in the area and exposes the customer to potential bodily harm and the Company to liability should contact be made with the electric facilities. Pacific Power again supplied its standard easement to William Ray, Jr., who faxed Pacific Power on July 15, 2008 again requesting changes to the easement documents similar to those proposed after the July 8, 2009 meeting. On July 22, 2008, Pacific Power contacted William Ray, Jr. requesting a signed copy of the services contract, indicating that Complainant can put together specific plans for easement area and submit Conditional License Agreement to encroach in the area. Such Conditional License Agreement would allow Complainant to use the easement in ways consistent with the use for which the easement is granted, thus protecting both the customer and the Company. On July 28, 2008, William Ray, Jr. spoke with Pacific Power's right of way department, which again explained that Complainant could use the easement in a manner consistent with the purpose of the easement and offered the possibility of using a Conditional License Agreement. Complainant declined to provide the necessary easement and advised that Complainant would prefer to have primary metering at the Site. Pacific Power was unable to obtain a refund for the pre-ordered transformer and absorbed it into local stock at cost of \$7,359.94. The Company had the

materials in stock and ready to install service to the Site by September 1, 2008, as
 originally designed.

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On July 29, 2008, William Ray, Jr. requested the removal of Pacific Power's overhead facilities from the property. Pacific Power visited the site on August 5, 2008 to provide an invoice of \$3,995.00 for the existing pad mount transformer and the labor to remove all of the overhead conductors, poles and associated hardware. William Ray, Sr. requested that he be allowed to remove the overhead equipment to save on labor costs. Pacific Power's estimator advised that he would inquire as to whether the Company could allow William Ray, Sr. to do the removal. The estimator prepared a second design for the service to the Site, expending further resources. On August 18, 2008, Pacific Power estimator completed the primary metering job design and forwarded it to engineering for review. After making changes suggested by engineering and gaining manager approval, Pacific Power mailed the primary metering contract to the customer on August 26, 2008. The estimated total cost for the job was \$13,616.00. The customer was given an allowance of \$11,932.00 based on the load information provided. After receiving a \$250 administrative credit, the Complainant's advance was \$1,434.00 with the monthly minimum facility charges of \$210.55. Additionally, the Company agreed to allow Complainant to purchase the overhead facilities. On August 26, 2008, Pacific Power's estimating department revised the removal job to allow the customer to purchase idle overhead facilities and allow William

plus the salvage value of the transformer and aluminum wire. The Company included the

Ray, Sr. to remove it himself. The Company calculated the sales price for the facilities to

be \$1,389.00 for Company to de-energize the line and remove the overhead transformer,

salvage amount in the sales invoice for the transformer and aluminum wire because there
is salvage value associated with those items. The Company mailed the \$1,389.00 invoice
to the Complainant on August 28, 2008.

On September 5, 2008, Pacific Power received the signed services contract and check for the customer advance of \$1,434.00. The job was forwarded to warehouse and metering department on September 8, 2008. The Company ordered materials on September 9, 2008, with an anticipated delivery date of October 9, 2008. These materials generally take four to six weeks to arrive. Given that the customer changed his mind on the first service design, the Company waited for the signed contract before ordering materials because the Company did not want to incur the expenses without greater assurances that the materials would be used as agreed upon by the customer. Pacific Power's distribution manager contacted William Ray, Jr. to advise of delivery date for CT metering equipment and committed to energizing service as soon as material arrives.

On October 9, 2008, when material had not been received, Pacific Power's distribution manager authorized the connection of service for the Complainant in efforts to appease the customer. On October 14, 2008, the Company energized service to the Site without metering, allowing Complainant to use service without being billed. During this site visit, Pacific Power crews provided assistance on their lunch hour to William Ray, Sr. with troubleshooting the Site's electric facilities. The CT material arrived on October 17, 2008, within the four to six week time frame for delivery. The Company completed installation by October 21, 2008.

On December 1, 2008, the Company removed remainder of the facilities from previous service not sold to the Complainant. During this visit, Pacific Power crews

- again provided assistance on their lunch hour to William Ray, Sr., helping splice
- 2 Complainant's electric facilities. On December 3, 2008, the Company removed from the
- 3 Site a meter from the previous service, glassing over the meter base and installing a lock
- 4 ring at no cost to the Complainant. Pacific Power did not hear anything further from
- 5 Complainant until receiving notice from the Commission of the filing of this Complaint.

2. Item # 2

Complainant's second item argues that the contract minimum billing charge is excessive and difficult to understand. The contract minimum billing is described in the General Service Contract, Item 4, signed by Complainant and submitted to the Company on September 5, 2008. See Attachment A.

The Company denies the contract monthly minimum billing charge is excessive and difficult to understand. Pacific Power developed the costs for the primary metering to the Site using costs included in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission accounts, which is the same method the Company uses for calculating costs for all service installations. The total estimated cost, including labor and material, to provide primary metered service to Complainant was \$13,616.00. Complainant received an allowance of \$11,932.00 based on the load information provided. Additionally, Complainant received a \$250.00 administrative credit towards the amount due, leaving an advance of \$1,434.00 and a contract monthly minimum billing of \$210.55.

Pacific Power required Complainant to pay a contract monthly minimum billing in accordance with Rule 13, I. Line Extensions- Conditions and Definitions, B. Contract Minimum Billing. Pacific Power calculated Complainant's contract monthly minimum billing using Pacific Power Rate Schedule 300.

Complainant would not be required to pay \$12,633 in addition to electric use at the Site. Under the services agreement, the Complainant is obligated to pay the electric service revenue plus the facilities charge, less a credit of up to 20 percent of their electric service revenue. This means the Complainant's facilities charges are reduced based on their usage, to the point that if their electric service revenue is five times the contract minimum billing the Complainant will only pay for the electric service revenue and pay nothing towards a facilities charge.

For example, Complainants recent electric bill was \$99.49. Eighty percent (80%) of that usage, \$79.59, added to the facilities charge of \$210.55, produces a total of \$290.14. Because the Complainant's recent electric usage was \$99.49, \$190.65 is required towards the contract to equal \$290.14. Therefore, Complainant paid less than \$210.55 for the contract charges.

3. Item # 3

Complainant's third item alleges that Pacific Power treated Complainant and individuals associated with the Site inequitably and prejudicially. Complainant claims that Pacific Power demonstrated an unwillingness to resolve Complainant concerns during the process of bringing service to the Site.

Pacific Power denies Complainant's assertion that they were treated inequitably or prejudicially. As shown in the timeline in Item #1, Pacific Power provided an estimate to William Ray, Sr. for the first requested estimate in a timely manner. The Company then did not hear anything about service to the Site for approximately five months when an estimator met with William Ray, Sr. at the Site to discuss service. Approximately one month later, William Ray, Sr. requested approval of underground work, which the

1 Company's estimator did the following day. The estimator also pre-ordered equipment

2 based on his belief that it would be used for the Site. Approximately two weeks later, the

Company delivered the services contract and easements to Complainant for review and

4 signature. The Company met with Complainant at the Rays' home to discuss the

5 documents. Complainant proposed changes to the documents. The Company accepted

the changes to the services agreement because those changes were not inconsistent with

the Company's tariffs or other applicable law.

The Company did not accept the proposed changes to the easements because

Complainant essentially sought unrestricted access to the easement area, largely for the safety reasons. Complainant sought unrestricted access to the easement area for underground irrigation and computer equipment, among other things. The Company's facilities and equipment in the easement were also underground. With unrestricted access to the easement, particularly for the purpose of conducting work on underground irrigation and computer systems, Complainant could come into contact with the

Company's energized facilities, thus risking serious bodily harm. The Company attempted to compromise on the easement language by offering a Conditional License Agreement to detail the specifics of Complainant's use of the easement. Complainant did not accept this compromise and chose a different type of service, primary metering.

The Company then began the process of providing primary metering service to Complainant. This included re-designing the service, preparing a new estimate and a new services contract. Additionally, Complainant requested to be able to perform some of the work. Pacific Power was able to accommodate this request. This required the Company to prepare legal documents to sell some of its equipment to Complainant.

Pacific Power waited until it received a signed contract from Complainant to 1 order materials and equipment for the re-design to lower the risk of incurring additional 2 expenses if Complainant again altered plans for service to the Site. After receiving the 3 signed services contract, the Company promptly ordered the necessary materials and 4 equipment. Although the equipment did not arrive on the anticipated arrival date, the 5 Company made arrangements to install temporary service to the Site until the necessary 6 equipment arrived. When the equipment arrived, within the anticipated time range, the 7 Company promptly completed the installation. 8 While working on Company facilities at the site, Pacific Power crews twice, 9 during their lunch hour assisted Complainant with troubleshooting issues on 10 Complainant's side of the meter. 11 Finally, regarding the allegations of invalid meter reading, Pacific Power 12 estimated meter reads to the Site on November 20, 2008, December 23, 2008 and January 13 23, 2009. The Company was unable to obtain actual meter reads for those dates because 14 Complainant did not provide a plowed or maintained access route to the meter. The 15 November 20, 2008 read was not obtained as the meter reader was not sure of its 16 location. The following months, Pacific Power meter readers reported that the path to the 17 meter was unsafe, being slippery and muddy. The Company routinely instructs its meter 18 readers not to attempt a meter read in those situations for safety reasons. OAR 860-021-19 20 0120(3)(a) allows the Company to estimate meter reads when access to the meter is difficult. 21

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D. AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Pacific Power provided service to Complainant in a reasonable amount of time.

Pacific Power followed its standard procedures in processing Complainant's service request and worked with Complainant to accommodate non-standard requests where possible. Complainant failed to demonstrate that Pacific Power's responses to their multiple requests were inconsistent with the application of the Company's line extension rules, property law, the Company's electric service requirements and other applicable law when providing electric service.

10 2.

Service to the Complainant was scheduled and would have been available prior to September 1, 2008 had the Complainant provided the necessary easements. The easements were standard easements that would have allowed Complainant use of the easements so long as the use was consistent with the purpose of the easements.

Additionally, the Company offered a Conditional License Agreement in an attempt to accommodate Complainant's concerns regarding underground computer and irrigation equipment. Complainant chose not to provide the easement necessary to provide service as required in the first designed job. Instead, Complainant requested a different type of service. Complainant's request for primary metering required a new job design, new estimate and additional material. Pacific Power ordered the appropriate materials necessary to complete the request for primary metering once Complainant signed the services contract and paid the necessary advance.

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2	Pacific Power required the Complainant sign a contract in accordance with Pacific
3	Power's Oregon Rule 13, Section I., A. and pay a contract minimum billing as per
4	Pacific Power's Rule 13, Section I., B. The facilities charges in the contract minimum
5	billing are calculated as specified in Oregon Schedule 300. Complainant seeks to alter
6	the terms of the contract to contain non-standard pricing terms, which would violate ORS
7	757.310(1) and Rule 13. ORS 757.310(1) prohibits a utility from charging rates different
8	from those contained in its tariffs. The services contract cannot be altered in the manner
9	requested by Complainant and remain consistent with ORS 757.310(1).
10	Additionally, amending the services contract as Complainant suggests would lead
11	to the Company charging Complainant differently than its other customers. ORS
12	757.310(2) prohibits a utility from charging a customer an amount for a service that is
13	different from that charged to other customers for the same service. Amending the
14	services contract as suggested by Complainant would lead to a violation of ORS
15	757.310(2).
16	Finally, Complainant offers no analysis or substantiation for the monetary
17	amounts to include in the services contract, or whether the amounts relate to the
18	Company's costs for constructing the services for Complainant. Complainant seeks relief
19	for Item #2 that is contrary to statute and Commission-approved tariff, and lacks a
20	relationship to the Company's costs for installing service to the Site.
21	4.
22	Any property rights disputes reside outside of the Commission's jurisdiction.
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1 5.

2	Any claim for damages reside outside of the Commission' jurisdiction.
3	Complainant essentially seeks relief from the Commission for damages that have not
4	been incurred and may never be incurred. Such speculation fails to constitute grounds for
5	relief. Additionally, the awarding of economic damages resides outside of the
6	Commission's jurisdiction. ORS 756.990 authorizes the Commission to impose penalties
7	for violations of statutes administered by the Commission, Commission rules or
8	Commission orders. Nowhere in this statutory provision will one find the authority to
9	impose compensation for economic damages.
10	Additionally, Complainant seeks courteous and respectful treatment, and a
11	\$10,000 donation to the Rainbow Youth Golf Education Program each year for three
12	years. The Company and its employees strive to build and maintain strong customer and
13	community relationships. The Company does not discriminate against any of its
14	customers. While the Company understands and is sensitive to the gravity of the
15	allegations contained in Item #3, Complainant offers nothing for which relief may be
16	granted from the Commission. ORS 756.990 authorizes the Commission to impose
17	penalties for violations of statutes administered by the Commission, Commission rules or
18	Commission orders. Nowhere in this statutory provision will one find the authority to
19	require relief such as that sought by the Complainant.
20	6.
21	Complainant has failed to allege sufficient facts to constitute a claim upon which
22	relief can be granted.

(OR 12/05) Service ID # 479855215 C/C: 11176 Page 1 of 5

Bob Hinkel, Estimator Contract # 605092884

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY GENERAL SERVICE CONTRACT (1000 KW OR LESS)

This Contract, dated August 21, 2008, is between PACIFICORP, dba Pacific Power & Light Company (the "Company") and The Rainbow Youth Golf Education Program, INC., dba DMOLO Golf Facility ("Customer") for electric service for Customer's Golf Facility operation at or near 36563 Agency Lake Loop, Chiloquin, Oregon.

The Company's filed tariffs (the "Electric Service Schedules") and the rules (the "Electric Service Regulations") of the Oregon Public Service Commission, as they may be amended from time to time, regulate this Contract and are incorporated in this Contract. In the event of any conflict between this Contract and the Electric Service Schedules or the Electric Service Regulations, such schedule and rules shall control. They are available for review at Customer's request.

- 1. **Delivery of Power.** Company will provide 12,000/6,928 volt, Three-phase primary electric service to the Customer facilities.
- 2. Contract Demand. The specified Demand in kW that Customer requires to meet its load requirement and Company agrees to supply and have available for delivery to Customer, which shall be 120 kW (diversified, based on Customer's submitted load prior to the signing of this Agreement) unless otherwise agreed in writing in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Within fifteen (15) days of the written request for additional demand, Company shall advise Customer in writing whether the additional power and energy is or can be made available and the conditions on which it can be made available.
- 3. Extension Costs. The Company has agreed to fund a portion of the cost of the improvements (the "Improvements") related to the extension (the "Extension Allowance") as per tariff, and Customer agrees to pay all construction costs in excess of the Extension Allowance ("Customer Paid Costs"), in accordance with the selected option below. (Initial selected option on the blank space at the beginning of the option and pay the advance given in that option.)

Refund Option. The Customer Paid Costs are \$1,684.00, and Customer remains eligible for \$ 1263.00 in refunds. Company will refund part of the Customer Paid Costs if additional customers connect to the Improvements within sixty (60) months of the date the Company is ready to supply service. Company will refund 25% of the refundable Customer Paid Costs allocable to the shared Improvements for each of the first three additional customers. The Company will try to inform Customer when a refund is due; however, Customer is responsible for requesting a refund.

Contract Administration Credit Option. Customer chooses to receive a Contract Administration Credit of \$250 and waives Customers' right to refunds should additional customers connect to this Improvements. Accordingly, Customer's net Customer Paid Costs are \$1,434.00.

(OR 12/05) Service ID # 479855215 C/C: 11176 Page 2 of 5

Bob Hinkel, Estimator Contract #_ Request # 005092884

- 4. Contract Minimum Billing. Customer agrees to pay a Contract Minimum Billing during the first 60 months beginning from the date the Company is ready to supply service. The billing shall be the greater of: (1) the monthly schedule billing; or, (2) \$210.55 plus eighty percent (80%) of the monthly schedule billings. Billings will be based on Rate Schedule No. 28 and superseding schedules. The Company will adjust the minimum charges if additional customers connect to the Improvements
- 5. Term. This Contract becomes effective when both the Company and Customer have signed it, and will remain in effect for five (5) years following the date when the Company is ready to supply service.
 In the event Customer terminates service or defaults (which results in termination of service) within the first five (5) years of this Contract, Customer shall be responsible for paying the remaining Contract Minimum Billing for the remainder of the five-year term.
- 6. Payments. All bills shall be paid by the date specified on the bill, and late charges shall be imposed upon any delinquent amounts. PacifiCorp reserves the right to require customer payments be sent by EDI or wire transfer. If Customer disputes any portion of Customer's bill, Customer shall pay the total bill and shall designate the disputed portion. PacifiCorp shall decide the dispute within sixty (60) days after Customer's notice of dispute. Any refund PacifiCorp determines Customer is due shall bear interest at the rate then specified by the Commission or, if no rate is specified, the then effective prime rate as established by the Morgan Guaranty Trust Bank of New York.

The Company may request deposits from Customer to the extent permitted under the applicable Electric Service Regulations and the applicable Electric Service Schedule. In the event of a default by Customer in any of its obligations, the Company may exercise any or all of its rights and remedies with respect to any such deposits.

7. Customer Obligations. Customer agrees to:

- a) Provide legal rights-of-way to Company, at no cost to the Company, using Company's standard forms. This includes rights-of-way on Customer's property and/or adjoining property and any permits, fees, etc. required to cross public lands, and
- b) Prepare the route to Company's specifications, and
- c) Comply with all of Company's tariffs, procedures, specifications and requirements.

(OR 12/05) Service ID # 479855215 C/C: 11176 Page 3 of 5

Bob Hinkel, Estimator Contract # Request # 005092884

- 8. Effective. This Contract will expire unless you:
 - Sign and return an original of this Contract along with any required payment to a) Company within 90 days of the Contract date shown on page 1 of the Contract, AND
 - Are ready to receive service within 150 days of the above Contract date. b)
- Special Provisions: If the provisions of #8 are not satisfied, the work order will be 9. recalculated and a new contract and additional payment will be required
- 10. Furnishing Information. Not Applicable to this contract.
- Design, Construction, Ownership and Operation. The Company shall design, construct, install, and operate the Improvements in accordance with the Company's standards. The Company will own the Improvements, together with the Company's existing electric utility facilities that serve or will serve Customer. Construction of the Improvements shall not begin until (1) both the Company and Customer have executed (signed) this Contract, and (2) all other requirements prior to construction have been fulfilled, such as permits, payments received, inspection, etc. Any delays by the Customer concerning site preparation and right-of-way acquisition or trenching, inspection, permits, etc. may correspondingly delay completion of the Improvements.

The Company warrants that its work in constructing and maintaining the Improvements shall be consistent with prudent utility practices. THE COMPANY DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND SIMILAR WARRANTIES. The Company's liability for any action arising out of its activities relating to the Improvements or the Company's electric utility facilities shall be limited to repair or replacement of any non-operating or defective portion of the Improvements or the Company's other electric utility facilities. Under no circumstances shall the Company be liable for other economic losses, including but not limited to consequential damages. The Company shall not be subject to any liability or damages for inability to provide service to the extent that such failure shall be due to causes beyond the reasonable control of either the Company or Customer.

No other party, including Customer, shall have the right to operate or maintain the Company's electric utility facilities or the Improvements. Customer shall not have physical access to the Company's electric utility facilities or the Improvements and shall engage in no activities on or related to the Company's electric utility facilities or the Improvements.

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- 12. Governing Law; Venue. All provisions of this Contract and the rights and obligations of the parties hereto shall in all cases be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Oregon applicable to contracts executed in and to be wholly performed in Oregon by persons domiciled in the State of Oregon. Each party hereto agrees that any suit, action or proceeding in connection with this Contract may only be brought before the Oregon Public Service Commission, the Federal courts located within the State of Oregon, or state courts of the State of Oregon, and each party hereby consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of such forums (and of the appellate courts therefrom) in any such suit, action or proceeding.
- 13. Assignment. The obligations under this Contract are obligations at all times of Customer, and may not be assigned without the Company's consent except in connection with a sale, assignment, lease or transfer of Customer's interest in Customer's facility. Any such assignment also shall be subject to (i) such successor's qualification as a customer under the Company's policies and the Electric Service Regulations, the applicable Electric Service Schedule, and (ii) until such successor is bound by this Contract and assume the obligation of Customer from the date of assignment, which may be evidenced by written agreement of such successor or other means acceptable to the Company. The Company may condition this assignment by the posting by the successor of a deposit as permitted under the applicable Electric Service Regulations and the applicable Electric Service Schedule.
- 14. Remedies; Waiver. Either party may exercise any or all of its rights and remedies under this Contract, the applicable Electric Service Regulations, the applicable Electric Service Schedule and under any applicable laws, rules and regulations. No provision of this Contract, the Electric Service Regulations, or the applicable Electric Service Schedule shall be deemed to have been waived unless such waiver is expressly stated in writing and signed by the waiving party.
- 15. Attorneys' Fees. If any suit or action arising out of or related to this Contract brought by any party, the prevailing party or parties shall be entitled to recover the costs and fees (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees, the fees and costs of experts and consultants, copying, courier and telecommunication costs, and deposition costs and all other costs of discovery) incurred by such party or parties in such suit or action, including, without limitation, any post-trial or appellate proceeding, or in the collection or enforcement of any judgment or award entered or made in such suit or action.
- 16. Waiver of Jury Trial. Not Applicable to this contract.

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17. Entire Agreement. This Contract contains the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter, and replaces and supersedes in their entirety all prior agreements between the parties related to the same subject matter. This Contract may be modified only by a subsequent written amendment or agreement executed by both parties.

The Rainbow Youth Golf Education Program, INC. dba DMOLO Golf Facility	PACIFIC POWER & LIGH	T COMPANY
By Llear Styles Signature William E. Ray, Jr. Executive Pina TOR NAME (type or print legibly) TITLE 9-1-08 DATE	By Signature Cary Ann Bailey NAME (type or print legibly) A 2 08 DATE:	Balg Manager TITLE
Mailing Address for Executed Contract-		
1950 Mallard Lane Address		
Klamath Falls, OR. 97601 City, State, Zip		

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served a copy of the Motion to Dismiss, Answer and Affirmative Defense on all known parties to Case No. UM 1424 by mailing a properly addressed copy by first-class with postage prepaid to each party named in the official service list.

Oregon Public Utility Commission 550 Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 215 Salem, OR 97301-2551

William E Ray 36563 Agency Loop Rd Chiloquin, OR 97624

Executed on April 2, 2009 at Portland, Oregon.

By $_$

lason Hoffman

Customer & Regulatory Liaison