the cost of the LIS two-way DTT facility by assuming an initial relative use factor of fifty percent (50%) for a minimum of one (1) quarter if the Parties have not exchanged LIS traffic previously. The nominal charge to the other Party for the use of the DTT facility, as described in Exhibit A, shall be reduced by this initial relative use factor. Payments by the other Party will be according to this initial relative use factor for a minimum of one (1) quarter. The initial relative use factor will continue for both bill reduction and payments until the Parties agree to a new factor, based upon actual minutes of use data for non-ISP-bound traffic to substantiate a change in that factor. If CLEC's End User Customers are assigned NPA-NXXs associated with a rate center other than the rate center where the End User Customers are physically located, traffic that does not originate and terminate within the same Qwest Local Calling Area, regardless of the called and calling NPA-NXXs involving those End User Customers, is referred to as "VNXX traffic." For purposes of determining the relative use factor, the terminating carrier is responsible for ISP-bound traffic and for VNXX traffic. If either Party demonstrates with traffic data that actual minutes of use during the previous quarter justifies a new relative use factor, that Party will send a notice to the other Party. The new factor will be calculated based upon Exhibit H. Once the Parties finalize a new factor, bill reductions and payments will apply going forward from the date the original notice was sent. ISP-bound traffic is interstate in nature. Qwest has never agreed to exchange VNXX traffic with CLEC.

7.3.2.3 Multiplexing options (DS1/DS3 MUX or DS0/DS1 MUX) are available at rates described in Exhibit A.

7.3.3 Trunk Nonrecurring charges

- 7.3.3.1 Installation nonrecurring charges may be assessed by the provider for each LIS trunk ordered. Qwest rates are specified in Exhibit A.
- 7.3.3.2 Nonrecurring charges for rearrangement may be assessed by the provider for each LIS trunk rearrangement ordered, at one-half (1/2) the rates specified in Exhibit A.

7.3.4 Exchange Service (EAS/Local) Traffic

- 7.3.4.1 End Office Call Termination
 - 7.3.4.1.1 The Parties agree that, based upon the fact that the traffic exchanged between the Parties historically has been roughly balanced or low in volume, end office call termination compensation for Exchange Service (EAS/Local) traffic shall be based upon the bill and keep compensation mechanism, whereby neither Party charges the other Party reciprocal compensation for the termination of EAS/Local traffic originated by the other Party. Bill and keep shall govern compensation for such traffic exchanged by the Parties in this State until the expiration of the Agreement.
 - 7.3.4.1.2 Intentionally Left Blank.

- 7.3.4.1.3 Intentionally Left Blank.
- 7.3.4.1.4 Neither Party shall be responsible to the other for call termination charges associated with third party traffic that transits such Party's network.

7.3.4.2 Tandem Switched Transport

- 7.3.4.2.1 For traffic delivered through a Qwest or CLEC tandem Switch (as defined in the Agreement), the Parties agree that, based upon the fact that the traffic exchanged between the Parties historically has been roughly balanced or low in volume, tandem switched transport functions for Exchange Service (EAS/Local) non-transit traffic shall be compensated based upon the bill and keep compensation mechanism. Bill and keep will apply to both the tandem switching rate and the tandem transmission rate. Bill and keep shall govern compensation for such traffic exchanged by the Parties in this State until the expiration of the Agreement,.
- 7.3.4.2.2 Intentionally Left Blank.
- 7.3.4.2.3 Intentionally Left Blank.
- 7.3.4.2.4 To determine the responsible originating Carrier of unqueried calls for purposes of identification of the Carrier to bill LNP query charges, Qwest and CLEC are required to utilize the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC) database, or another database that is supported by OBF.
 - 7.3.4.2.4.1 To determine the responsible originating Carrier of unqueried calls for purposes of identification of the Carrier to bill LNP query charges, Qwest and CLEC are required to utilize the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC) database, or another database that is supported by OBF.
- 7.3.4.3 Intentionally Left Blank.
- 7.3.4.4 Intentionally Left Blank.

7.3.5 Miscellaneous Charges

Miscellaneous Charges apply for the following miscellaneous services when provided with LIS trunks. Exhibit A includes a reference to the Tariff, catalog, price list, or other similar document that provides the amount of each Miscellaneous Charge.

- 7.3.5.1 Cancellation charges apply to cancelled LIS trunk orders based upon critical dates, terms and conditions in accordance with the Access Service Tariff Section 5.2.3 and trunk nonrecurring charges referenced in this Agreement.
- 7.3.5.2 Expedite requests for LIS trunk orders are available. Expedites are requests for intervals that are shorter than the interval defined in Qwest's Service Interval Guide (SIG) or Individual Case Basis (ICB) Due Dates. Expedite charges apply per order for every day that the Due Date interval is shortened, based on the standard interval in the SIG or based on ICB criteria for Due Dates.
- 7.3.5.2.1 CLEC will request an expedite for LIS trunks, including an

expedited Due Date, on the Access Service Request (ASR).

- 7.3.5.2.2 The request for expedite will be approved only when the request meets the criteria outlined in the Pre-Approved Expedite Process in Qwest's Product Catalog at Qwest's wholesale web site.
- 7.3.5.3 Additional testing, including cooperative acceptance testing, automatic scheduled testing, cooperative scheduled testing, manual scheduled testing, and non-scheduled testing, is available for LIS trunks.

7.3.6 ISP-Bound Traffic

7.3.6.1 The Parties agree that ISP-bound traffic is Interstate traffic. The Parties agree to exchange ISP-bound traffic utilizing the bill and keep compensation mechanism. Bill and keep will apply to both end office call termination and tandem switched transport of ISP-bound traffic.

7.3.7 Transit Traffic

The following rates will apply:

- 7.3.7.1 Local Transit: A per-minute-of-use rate will be charged to the originating Party, as contained in Exhibit A.
- 7.3.7.2 IntraLATA Toll Transit: A per-minute-of-use rate will be charged to the originating Party, as contained in Exhibit A.
- 7.3.7.3 Jointly Provided Switched Access: The applicable Switched Access rates will be billed by the Parties to the IXC based on MECAB guidelines and each Party's respective FCC and state access Tariffs.
- 7.3.8 Signaling Parameters: Qwest and CLEC are required to provide each other the proper signaling information (e.g., originating Calling Party Number (CPN). Charge Number (ChN) and destination called party number, etc.) per 47 C.F.R. § 64.1601 to enable each Party to issue bills in a complete and timely fashion. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including CPN, calling party category, ChN and Originating Line Information Parameter (OLIP) on calls destined for Interexchange Carriers (IXCs). All privacy indicators will be honored. Where SS7 connections exist. each Party shall pass all CCS signaling parameters, where available, on each EAS/Local and IntraLATA toll call carried over Interconnection trunks. All EAS/Local and IntraLATA Toll calls exchanged without ChN and/or CPN information will be billed as either EAS/Local Traffic or IntraLATA Toll Traffic in direct proportion to the minutes of use (MOU) of calls exchanged with ChN and/or CPN information for the preceding quarter when the calls traverse a Switched Access Feature Group D trunk group. If either Party fails to provide ChN and/or CPN (valid originating information), and cannot substantiate technical restrictions (i.e., MF signaling) such traffic will be billed as Intrastate Switched Access when the calls traverse an interconnection trunk. Traffic sent to the other Party on its interconnection trunks without ChN and/or CPN (valid originating information) will be handled in the following manner. The transit provider will be responsible for only its portion of this traffic, which will not exceed more than five percent (5%) of the total Exchange Service (EAS/Local) and IntraLATA LEC Toll traffic delivered to the other Party. The Switch owner will provide to the other Party,