



Oregon

Theodore R. Kulongoski, Governor

Public Utility Commission

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January 23, 2009

OREGON PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
ATTENTION: FILING CENTER
PO BOX 2148
SALEM OR 97308-2148

RE: **Docket No. UE 203** - In the Matter of IDAHO POWER COMPANY 2008
Annual Power Cost Update.

Enclosed for electronic filing in the above-captioned docket is the Public Utility
Commission Staff's Direct Testimony.

/s/ Lois Meerdink

Lois Meerdink

Regulatory Operations Division

Filing on Behalf of Public Utility Commission Staff

(503) 378-8959

Email: Lois.Meerdink@state.or.us

cc: UE 203 Service List - parties

**PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF OREGON**

UE 203

STAFF DIRECT TESTIMONY

Ed Durrenberger

**In the Matter of IDAHO POWER COMPANY
2008 Annual Power Cost Update**

January 23, 2009

CASE: UE 203
WITNESS: Ed Durrenberger

**PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF
OREGON**

STAFF EXHIBIT 100

Direct Testimony

January 23, 2009

1 **Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, OCCUPATION, AND BUSINESS**
2 **ADDRESS.**

3 A. My name is Ed Durrenberger. I am a Senior Analyst in the Electric & Natural
4 Gas Division of the Public Utility Commission of Oregon. My business address
5 is 550 Capitol Street NE Suite 215, Salem, Oregon 97301-2551.

6 **Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND WORK**
7 **EXPERIENCE.**

8 A. My Witness Qualification Statement is found in Exhibit Staff/101.

9 **Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?**

10 A. I am the Staff analyst responsible for reviewing the Idaho Power Company
11 (Idaho Power or Company) October filing of the Annual Power Cost Update
12 (APCU) for the April 2009 through March 2010 test year (October Update).
13 The filing was made pursuant to the Company's power cost adjustment
14 mechanism adopted by Order No. 08-238 and represents a "normalized" look
15 at what the Company estimates the power supply expenses will be for the
16 water year of April 2009 through March 2010. The testimony contained herein
17 will address areas of concern that I identified in my review.

18 **Q. DID YOU PREPARE AN EXHIBIT FOR THIS DOCKET?**

19 A. Yes. I prepared Exhibit Staff/102, consisting of 2 pages.

20 **Q. HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?**

A. I have broken down the evaluation of the October Update into two main
categories. The first is an evaluation of the filing from a methodological
standpoint, in other words, whether or not the filing conforms to the

methodology for the October Update as detailed in Order No. 08-238. The second part of the evaluation concerns the appropriateness of some of the actual input values proposed by Idaho Power for the power cost model.

METHODOLOGICAL ISSUES

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5 **Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE METHODOLOGICAL ISSUES YOU HAVE**
6 **DISCOVERED.**

7 A. At this stage in my evaluation I have not uncovered any methodological issues.
8 The filing appears to have been made according to Order No. 08-238. The
9 October Update is a normalized look at power costs using a forward pricing
10 method intended to minimize the effects of the current hydro generation
11 conditions on the power costs in the forward test year. Data incorporating
12 normal loads and average costs associated with multiple stream flow
13 conditions go into formulating the normalized look at net power supply
14 expenses. Idaho Power's normalized power costs for this October Update are
15 \$10.94 per megawatt hour (MWh), derived by dividing \$163.7 million in
16 projected power costs on a system wide basis by approximately 15 million
17 megawatt hours of system sales at the consumer level. The previous year's
18 normalized power costs were \$8.70 per MWh (\$126.8 million in costs divided
19 by 14.6 million MWh of sales to consumers). A comparison of the normalized
20 power costs from last year and the current October Update shows that per unit
21 power costs are higher by 26% in the October Update.

1 **Q. THAT SEEMS LIKE A LARGE INCREASE. WHAT ARE THE PRIMARY**
2 **COST DRIVERS BEHIND THE PROPOSED CHANGE?**

3 A. The main cost driver is a significant increase in power purchases from the
4 market and a decrease in surplus power sales. Idaho Power forecasts that its
5 system load will increase by approximately 50 average megawatts (aMW).
6 However, Idaho Power forecasts no increase in their lower-cost fixed
7 generation output, which consists of hydro and to a lesser extent coal
8 generation. Accordingly, higher-cost power purchases must fill the gap created
9 by the forecasted load growth. Further, the additional load cuts into the
10 amount of surplus power sales the Company has traditionally been able to
11 make thereby reducing the amount of power sales revenue available to offset
12 power costs. Finally, and surprisingly, the Company is also forecasting
13 approximately one-third less PURPA power purchases than last year. The
14 Company enters into these long term power contracts at cost of service rates
15 or at lower costs than the forecast for market energy purchases. The absence
16 of these contracts puts further upward pressure on the base power costs. As
17 discussed below, the sharp decline in PURPA power is one of the input issues
18 I am continuing to investigate.

19 **Q. HAVE YOU PROPOSED A METHODOLOGICAL ADJUSTMENT TO THE**
20 **OCTOBER UPDATE?**

21 A. Not at this time. I would not, however, want to be precluded from making such
22 an adjustment in further testimony should the need arise.

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MODEL INPUT ISSUES1
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24**Q. DO YOU HAVE SOME MODEL INPUT ISSUES?**

A. Yes. I have noticed some anomalies between the current filing and the previous October Update that were not adequately explained in the Company's direct testimony or in responses to my first round of data requests. I am not prepared to request an adjustment for these items at this time but may in future testimony depending on the outcome of my continuing investigation.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR FIRST MODEL INPUT ISSUE?

A. I have identified currently unexplained cost increases for the Company's coal plants. Although I have seen similar overall percentage increases in coal plant costs recently for other utilities, the interplay between the fuel price increases and the overall power cost increases is confusing if not inconsistent. In addition, some of the coal plant forced outage rates, which are updated as part of the October Update, have increased dramatically without explanation. Another area that is under investigation is planned maintenance outage schedules for the thermal plants. Idaho Power is forecasting double the power purchases and half the power sales for July 2009 of the test year as compared to the previous July. The Company has indicated that this unusual model forecast may be related to planned outages even though the current thermal plant outage schedule appears to be consistent with what it has done in the past.

Q. WHAT OTHER MODEL INPUT ISSUE HAVE YOU IDENTIFIED?

1 A. I have some questions about the load growth that Idaho Power is projecting.
2 Even though I have received additional information about the projected load, it
3 appears out of line with what is happening in the economy. This may be a
4 non-issue because the March Update allows for load and sales to be updated
5 for known significant changes, and slower than currently forecast load growth
6 due to recessionary concerns could be such a change.

7 **Q. SINCE THE OCTOBER UPDATE IS INTENDED TO UPDATE UNIT COSTS**
8 **WHY WOULD AN ERRONEOUS LOAD GROWTH FIGURE BE AN ISSUE?**

9 A. If it were just a matter of loads increasing and the incremental power needed to
10 serve that load being available at a unit cost equal to the current base power
11 cost then the higher power costs increases would be proportional to the sales
12 growth and load growth would be no issue. However, in this case, the
13 Company's low cost generation capacity is essentially fixed, and all the
14 increase in load due to customer growth is made up with additional market
15 purchases and fewer surplus sales leading to dramatically higher unit costs
16 than the current base. This causes overall power costs to rise disproportionately
17 faster than sales causing the base unit cost to rise. In this case, the higher the
18 predicted load increase the greater the percentage change in base power
19 costs.

20 **Q. HAVE YOU IDENTIFIED OTHER POTENTIAL INPUT ISSUES?**

21 A. Yes. I have not yet been able to reconcile some of the adjusted figures on the
22 Power Supply Cost Sheets included as Exhibit Idaho Power/101 Wright/1 and
23 Idaho Power/105 Wright/ 1 (See Exhibit Staff/102 Durrenberger/1 and 2). One

1 such figure is the Fixed Capacity Charge -Gas Transportation for Danskin
2 which increased dramatically since last year's filing without explanation.
3 Another which was mentioned above is the Market Energy and Surplus Sales
4 for the month of July which is dramatically different than in the previous
5 October Update. Another area of inquiry is the sharp decline in PURPA power
6 contracts. The Company has provided data on which contracts or projects are
7 not yet performing but no further information on whether they will produce
8 power and if so when. PURPA contract power displaces what can be higher
9 cost market purchases and could affect the base power costs. Another issue
10 whose effect is unknown to the power cost calculation is a reduction in
11 modeled capacity to the Bennett Mountain Gas Plant. The Company has
12 stated that the change reflects actual rather than theoretical plant capacity but
13 it will require further investigation.

14 **Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER ISSUES?**

15 A. No, not at this time. The process of the Annual Power Cost Update includes
16 both an initial October Update and a later March Update. The March Update
17 will include a single forecast of the water year's flow and a limited number of
18 other adjustments that should fine-tune expected power costs that are the
19 basis for the rate update in June. Although this filing appears to conform to the
20 October Update methodology described in Order No. 08-238, some of the
21 inputs are still under investigation and have not been verified to my
22 satisfaction. I cannot yet make a definitive determination that the normalized
23 power cost contained in the October Update is correct.

1 **Q. DO YOU WISH TO DISCUSS ANYTHING ELSE?**

2 A. No, this concludes my testimony at this time.

CASE: UE 203

WITNESS: Ed Durrenberger

**PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF
OREGON**

STAFF EXHIBIT 101

**Exhibits in Support
of Direct Testimony**

January 23, 2009

WITNESS QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

NAME: Ed Durrenberger

EMPLOYER: Public Utility Commission of Oregon

TITLE: Senior Utility Analyst, Electric and Natural Gas Division

ADDRESS: 550 Capitol St. NE, Ste. 215, Salem, Oregon 97301

EDUCATION: B.S. Mechanical Engineering
Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon

EXPERIENCE: I have been employed at the Oregon Public Utility Commission of since February of 2004. My current responsibilities include staff research, analysis and technical support on a wide range of electric and natural gas cost recovery issues with an emphasis on electricity and fuel costs.

OTHER EXPERIENCE: I worked for over twenty years in industrial boiler plant engineering, maintenance and operations. In this capacity I managed plant operations, fuel supplies and utilities, environmental compliance issues and all aspects of boiler machinery design, installation and repair. I have also worked as a production manager and machine shop manager for an ISO certified high tech equipment manufacturer servicing the silicon wafer fabrication and biomedical business sectors.

CASE: UE 203

WITNESS: Ed Durrenberger

**PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
OF
OREGON**

STAFF EXHIBIT 102

**Exhibits in Support
of Direct Testimony**

January 23, 2009

IPCO POWER SUPPLY COSTS FOR APRIL 1, 2009 - MARCH 31, 2010 (Multiple Gas Prices/80 Hydro Conditions)
AVERAGE

Iahlo Power/101
Wright/1

	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	Annual
Hydroelectric Generation (MWh)	864,268.9	866,449.0	842,395.2	727,873.1	688,036.5	555,471.4	527,759.4	478,321.1	695,521.7	743,548.7	856,155.2	870,114.3	8,717,914.4
Bidder													
Energy (MWh)	330,372.1	330,372.1	429,803.8	455,179.3	455,179.3	440,496.2	455,179.3	440,496.2	455,179.3	455,179.3	411,129.7	422,142.1	5,080,708.9
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 5,133.8	\$ 5,133.8	\$ 6,679.0	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 6,845.1	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 6,845.1	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 7,601.5	\$ 6,865.8	\$ 7,049.8	\$ 80,447.1
Boardman													
Energy (MWh)	30,791.4	6,410.6	28,422.9	40,365.2	41,031.4	39,532.0	40,965.7	39,726.2	41,067.7	38,748.7	34,978.2	39,163.3	421,203.3
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 498.8	\$ 105.3	\$ 471.2	\$ 647.2	\$ 656.5	\$ 632.9	\$ 655.6	\$ 635.6	\$ 657.0	\$ 671.7	\$ 606.7	\$ 678.0	\$ 6,914.5
Valmy													
Energy (MWh)	88,830.8	157,350.2	151,362.6	172,657.9	173,151.8	168,575.0	172,391.7	168,288.3	174,160.1	167,583.7	150,037.1	166,302.1	1,908,691.2
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 2,171.1	\$ 3,844.3	\$ 3,712.0	\$ 4,206.1	\$ 4,217.3	\$ 4,058.7	\$ 4,200.0	\$ 4,097.8	\$ 4,240.4	\$ 4,639.1	\$ 4,155.9	\$ 4,605.9	\$ 48,148.6
Danskin													
Energy (MWh)	64.4	1.0	37.4	18,418.2	9,753.4	1,199.8	613.2	4,822.8	2,289.7	1,199.1	420.0	62.6	39,215.7
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 6.2	\$ 0.1	\$ 33.4	\$ 1,507.8	\$ 794.9	\$ 111.1	\$ 52.4	\$ 428.3	\$ 216.0	\$ 132.9	\$ 47.3	\$ 6.6	\$ 3,336.8
Fixed Capacity Charge - Gas Transportation (\$ x 1000)	\$ 315.5	\$ 296.9	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 3,730.3
Total Cost	\$ 321.7	\$ 297.0	\$ 348.9	\$ 1,814.0	\$ 1,110.4	\$ 417.3	\$ 367.9	\$ 743.8	\$ 522.2	\$ 448.4	\$ 353.5	\$ 322.1	\$ 7,067.1
Barnett Mountain													
Energy (MWh)	2.4	-	10.4	7,658.1	3,726.1	59.9	14.4	404.8	134.1	70.2	23.8	0.6	12,104.9
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 0.2	\$ -	\$ 1.0	\$ 658.1	\$ 313.7	\$ 5.9	\$ 1.4	\$ 38.0	\$ 13.2	\$ 8.2	\$ 2.8	\$ 0.1	\$ 1,042.7
Fixed Capacity Charge - Gas Transportation (\$ x 1000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Cost	\$ 0.2	\$ -	\$ 1.0	\$ 658.1	\$ 313.7	\$ 5.9	\$ 1.4	\$ 38.0	\$ 13.2	\$ 8.2	\$ 2.8	\$ 0.1	\$ 1,042.7
Purchased Power (Excluding CSPP)													
Market Energy (MWh)	4,048.0	11,051.7	70,244.5	187,228.9	104,442.2	67,262.7	8,781.5	65,667.7	93,483.4	93,575.4	4,424.8	1,388.2	711,599.0
Contract Energy (MWh)	34,566.0	31,709.3	68,427.5	72,599.6	67,511.3	30,031.7	35,463.5	32,718.0	42,172.0	34,868.2	31,284.2	35,271.0	517,412.2
Total Energy Excl. CSPP (MWh)	38,404.0	42,761.0	139,672.0	259,828.5	171,953.5	97,294.3	44,245.0	98,385.7	135,655.4	128,443.6	35,709.0	36,659.1	1,229,011.2
Market Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 271.8	\$ 707.5	\$ 4,131.4	\$ 13,485.3	\$ 7,364.0	\$ 5,534.1	\$ 728.7	\$ 5,524.1	\$ 7,474.4	\$ 7,403.7	\$ 403.3	\$ 98.3	\$ 53,126.6
Contract Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 1,285.0	\$ 1,190.0	\$ 3,317.7	\$ 3,854.4	\$ 3,573.4	\$ 1,534.4	\$ 1,804.6	\$ 2,000.7	\$ 2,563.6	\$ 1,786.3	\$ 1,603.1	\$ 1,327.6	\$ 25,841.0
Total Cost Excl. CSPP (\$ x 1000)	\$ 1,556.7	\$ 1,897.5	\$ 7,449.2	\$ 17,339.7	\$ 10,937.4	\$ 7,068.5	\$ 2,533.3	\$ 7,524.9	\$ 10,038.0	\$ 9,190.0	\$ 2,006.4	\$ 1,425.9	\$ 78,967.6
Surplus Sales													
Energy (MWh)	355,881.0	271,256.5	206,160.4	20,049.8	14,772.6	75,161.1	150,111.6	56,220.7	72,282.3	123,788.2	326,344.6	396,926.6	2,068,755.4
Revenue Including Transmission Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ 17,359.1	\$ 11,482.0	\$ 6,897.2	\$ 993.0	\$ 847.9	\$ 3,336.0	\$ 7,712.4	\$ 2,810.0	\$ 4,065.8	\$ 6,404.9	\$ 18,933.3	\$ 22,892.2	\$ 104,333.7
Transmission Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ 355.7	\$ 271.3	\$ 206.2	\$ 20.0	\$ 14.8	\$ 75.2	\$ 150.1	\$ 56.2	\$ 72.3	\$ 123.8	\$ 326.3	\$ 396.9	\$ 2,068.8
Revenue Excluding Transmission Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ 17,003.4	\$ 11,210.8	\$ 6,691.0	\$ 973.0	\$ 833.2	\$ 3,760.9	\$ 7,562.2	\$ 2,753.8	\$ 3,993.5	\$ 6,281.1	\$ 18,606.9	\$ 22,595.3	\$ 102,265.0
Net Power Supply Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ (7,322.9)	\$ 67.1	\$ 11,970.2	\$ 30,765.4	\$ 23,475.5	\$ 15,267.6	\$ 7,269.1	\$ 17,131.4	\$ 18,550.5	\$ 16,277.9	\$ (4,615.7)	\$ (8,513.6)	\$ 120,322.5
Purchased Power	67.14	64.02	58.81	72.03	70.51	82.28	82.98	84.12	79.95	79.12	91.15	70.79	74.66
Surplus Sales	48.81	42.33	33.46	49.53	57.40	51.04	51.38	49.98	56.25	51.74	58.02	57.93	50.43

IPCO POWER SUPPLY COSTS FOR APRIL 1, 2009 -- MARCH 31, 2010 (Multiple Gas Prices/80 Years of Hydro)
Revised Using UE195 Settlement Methodology - October Update
AVERAGE

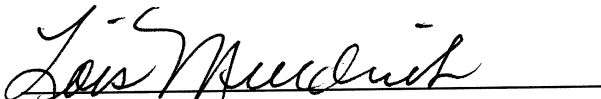
	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	Annual
Hydroelectric Generation (MWH)	864,268.9	866,449.0	842,395.2	727,873.1	688,036.5	555,471.4	527,759.4	478,321.1	695,521.7	743,548.7	866,155.2	870,114.3	8,717,914.4
Bidder Energy (MWH)	330,372.1	330,372.1	429,803.8	455,179.3	455,179.3	440,496.2	455,179.3	440,496.2	455,179.3	455,179.3	411,129.7	422,142.1	5,080,705.9
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 5,133.8	\$ 5,133.8	\$ 6,679.0	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 6,845.1	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 6,845.1	\$ 7,073.3	\$ 7,601.5	\$ 6,865.8	\$ 7,049.8	\$ 80,447.1
Boardman Energy (MWH)	30,791.4	6,410.6	28,422.9	40,365.2	41,031.4	39,532.0	40,965.7	38,726.2	41,067.7	38,748.7	34,978.2	39,163.3	421,203.3
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 496.8	\$ 105.3	\$ 471.2	\$ 647.2	\$ 656.5	\$ 632.9	\$ 655.6	\$ 636.6	\$ 657.0	\$ 671.7	\$ 606.7	\$ 678.0	\$ 6,914.5
Valley Energy (MWH)	88,630.8	157,350.2	151,362.6	172,657.9	173,151.8	166,576.0	172,391.7	168,288.3	174,160.1	167,583.7	150,037.1	166,302.1	1,908,691.2
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 2,171.1	\$ 3,844.3	\$ 3,712.0	\$ 4,206.1	\$ 4,217.3	\$ 4,058.7	\$ 4,200.0	\$ 4,097.8	\$ 4,240.4	\$ 4,639.1	\$ 4,155.9	\$ 4,605.9	\$ 48,148.6
Densin Energy (MWH)	64.4	1.0	371.4	18,418.2	9,753.4	1,199.8	613.2	4,822.8	2,289.7	1,199.1	420.0	62.6	39,216.7
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 6.2	\$ 0.1	\$ 33.4	\$ 1,507.8	\$ 794.9	\$ 111.1	\$ 52.4	\$ 428.3	\$ 216.0	\$ 132.9	\$ 47.3	\$ 6.6	\$ 3,336.8
Fixed Capacity - Gas Transportation (\$ x 1000)	\$ 315.5	\$ 296.9	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 306.2	\$ 315.5	\$ 3,730.3
Total Cost	\$ 321.7	\$ 297.0	\$ 348.9	\$ 1,814.0	\$ 1,110.4	\$ 417.3	\$ 387.9	\$ 743.8	\$ 522.2	\$ 448.4	\$ 353.3	\$ 322.1	\$ 7,067.1
Bennett Mountain Energy (MWH)	2.4	-	10.4	7,658.1	3,725.1	59.9	14.4	404.8	134.1	70.2	23.8	0.6	12,104.9
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 0.2	\$ -	\$ 1.0	\$ 658.1	\$ 313.7	\$ 5.9	\$ 1.4	\$ 38.0	\$ 13.2	\$ 8.2	\$ 2.8	\$ 0.1	\$ 1,042.7
Fixed Capacity Change - Gas Transportation (\$ x 1000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Cost	\$ 0.2	\$ -	\$ 1.0	\$ 658.1	\$ 313.7	\$ 5.9	\$ 1.4	\$ 38.0	\$ 13.2	\$ 8.2	\$ 2.8	\$ 0.1	\$ 1,042.7
Purchased Power (Excluding CSPP)	4,048.0	11,051.7	70,244.5	187,228.9	104,442.2	67,262.7	8,781.5	65,667.7	93,483.4	93,575.4	4,424.8	1,388.2	711,599.0
Market Energy (MWH)	34,506.3	31,709.3	68,427.5	72,599.6	67,511.3	30,031.7	35,453.5	32,718.0	42,172.0	34,988.2	31,284.2	36,271.0	517,412.2
Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 38,404.0	\$ 42,761.0	\$ 199,672.0	\$ 259,828.5	\$ 171,953.5	\$ 97,294.3	\$ 44,245.0	\$ 98,395.7	\$ 135,655.4	\$ 128,443.6	\$ 357,093.0	\$ 36,659.1	\$ 1,229,011.2
Market Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 2,253.3	\$ 5,268.8	\$ 3,225.8	\$ 13,360.3	\$ 8,920.6	\$ 5,504.1	\$ 669.6	\$ 5,204.6	\$ 7,915.6	\$ 7,577.8	\$ 397.3	\$ 99.4	\$ 53,599.3
Contract Cost (\$ x 1000)	\$ 1,885.0	\$ 1,190.0	\$ 3,317.7	\$ 3,854.4	\$ 3,373.4	\$ 1,034.4	\$ 1,804.6	\$ 2,000.7	\$ 2,563.6	\$ 1,786.3	\$ 1,603.1	\$ 1,327.6	\$ 25,841.0
Total Cost Excl. CSPP (\$ x 1000)	\$ 1,510.2	\$ 1,716.8	\$ 6,543.6	\$ 17,214.7	\$ 12,560.6	\$ 7,538.6	\$ 2,474.3	\$ 7,205.4	\$ 10,479.2	\$ 9,364.2	\$ 1,960.4	\$ 1,427.0	\$ 79,440.3
Surplus Sales	355,891.0	271,265.5	206,160.4	20,049.8	14,772.6	75,161.1	150,111.6	56,220.7	72,822.3	123,788.2	326,344.6	396,928.6	2,068,755.4
Revenue Including Transmission Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ 17,947.4	\$ 11,722.9	\$ 8,583.6	\$ 1,297.2	\$ 1,145.6	\$ 5,576.9	\$ 4,041.0	\$ 5,650.7	\$ 9,090.7	\$ 9,090.7	\$ 23,900.3	\$ 28,776.5	\$ 125,013.7
Transmission Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ 356.7	\$ 271.3	\$ 206.2	\$ 20.0	\$ 14.8	\$ 75.2	\$ 150.1	\$ 56.2	\$ 72.3	\$ 123.8	\$ 326.3	\$ 396.9	\$ 2,058.8
Revenue Excluding Transmission Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ 17,591.7	\$ 11,451.6	\$ 8,377.5	\$ 1,277.2	\$ 1,130.9	\$ 5,501.7	\$ 10,230.8	\$ 5,501.7	\$ 8,968.8	\$ 8,968.9	\$ 23,574.0	\$ 28,379.5	\$ 122,944.9
Net Hedges Energy (MWH)													
Cost (\$ x 1000)													
Net Power Supply Costs (\$ x 1000)	\$ (7,957.7)	\$ (394.4)	\$ 9,378.1	\$ 30,336.2	\$ 24,746.3	\$ 13,496.7	\$ 4,541.5	\$ 15,580.9	\$ 17,506.9	\$ 13,766.2	\$ (9,628.8)	\$ (11,296.8)	\$ 100,145.3
PURPA (\$ x 1000)	\$ 3,760.1	\$ 3,825.6	\$ 3,418.3	\$ 4,221.4	\$ 5,290.1	\$ 7,664.0	\$ 8,119.4	\$ 7,927.9	\$ 6,414.2	\$ 4,616.4	\$ 4,064.0	\$ 4,337.5	\$ 63,659.0
Total Net Power Supply Expense (\$ x 1000)	\$ (4,197.6)	\$ 3,471.2	\$ 12,796.5	\$ 34,557.6	\$ 30,036.5	\$ 21,160.7	\$ 12,661.0	\$ 23,508.7	\$ 23,921.2	\$ 18,382.6	\$ (5,564.7)	\$ (6,959.3)	\$ 189,743.3
Sales at Customer Level (in 000s MWH)	1,023,002	1,059,790	1,234,928	1,447,472	1,514,781	1,410,612	1,159,171	1,103,658	1,242,955	1,344,423	1,275,867	1,150,879	14,967,426
Hours in Month	720	744	720	744	744	720	744	720	744	744	672	744	8760
Unit Cost / MWH (for PCAM)	(\$4.10)	\$3.28	\$10.36	\$23.87	\$19.83	\$15.00	\$10.92	\$21.30	\$19.25	\$13.67	(\$4.36)	(\$6.05)	\$10.92
Light Load	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%	35.75%
Portion of Purchased Power considered LL F	46.30	36.34	34.72	56.35	70.89	67.43	68.91	72.82	78.32	71.89	76.56	67.08	37.30%
Purchased Power LL Price	37.30%	30.99	30.27	49.15	61.82	58.80	60.10	63.51	68.30	62.70	66.76	68.50	37.30%
Portion of Surplus Sales considered LL Surp	40.55	30.99	30.27	49.15	61.82	58.80	60.10	63.51	68.30	62.70	66.76	68.50	37.30%
Surplus Sales LL Price	37.30%	30.99	30.27	49.15	61.82	58.80	60.10	63.51	68.30	62.70	66.76	68.50	37.30%

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

UE 203

I certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon all parties of record in this proceeding by delivering a copy in person or by mailing a copy properly addressed with first class postage prepaid, or by electronic mail pursuant to OAR 860-13-0070, to the following parties or attorneys of parties.

Dated at Salem, Oregon, this 23rd day of January, 2009.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Lois Meerdink", is written over a horizontal line.

Lois Meerdink
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Regulatory Operations
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