

**Rates and Regulatory Affairs**  
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April 14, 2008

***VIA ELECTRONIC FILING***

Public Utility Commission of Oregon  
550 Capitol Street, N.E., Suite 215  
P.O. Box 2148  
Salem, Oregon 97308-2148

Attn: Filing Center

Re: **LC\_\_\_**: NW Natural's 2008 Integrated Resource Plan

Enclosed is NW Natural's Oregon 2008 Integrated Resource Plan. NW Natural believes this document meets the Oregon requirements established in OPUC Order Nos. 05-964; LC 37 and OPUC Order Nos. 07-002 and 07-047; UM 1056.

If you have any questions regarding this Plan, please contact me at (503) 721-2476.

Sincerely,

/s/ Inara K. Scott

Inara K. Scott  
Manager, Regulatory Affairs

enclosure



## **Draft 2008 Integrated Resource Plan**

### **Executive Summary and Multi-Year Action Plan**

This Executive Summary provides an overview of NW Natural's (NW Natural or the Company) key findings in its 2008 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP or Plan). This document and Technical Appendix (Volume II) constitutes the Company's sixth Integrated Resource Plan. Both the Oregon Public Utility Commission (OPUC) and the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (WUTC) require NW Natural to develop long-term resource plans that describe how the Company plans to serve its core customers with reliable natural gas supplies and energy service at the lowest possible cost to those customers. This activity is also known as Least Cost Planning.

### **A BRIEF HISTORY OF OUR COMPANY**

The Company's roots extend deep into Oregon history. Five weeks before Oregon became a state on January 9, 1859, Portland merchants John Green and Herman C. Leonard obtained a franchise from the last territorial legislature to open a gas company. Their goal was to light Portland's streets with gas manufactured from coal. The new Portland Gas Light Company brought in coal from Vancouver Island, Australia, and Japan. Gas sold for \$10 for a thousand cubic feet (compared to \$9.20 in 2004 and approximately \$12 today). A separate business, the East Portland Gas Light Company, was created in 1882 to provide service to the growing urban area springing up east of the Willamette River. Ten years later, when a 10-inch submerged line was laid across the Willamette River, the east-side business merged with the Portland Gas Company. After changing its name to the Portland Gas Light Company, it began making gas from oil in 1905 as home and water heating began replacing street lighting. Another ownership change occurred in 1910 when the Company was sold to the American Power Company, which renamed the utility Portland Gas and Coke, a name it would retain until it became Northwest Natural Gas Company in 1956.

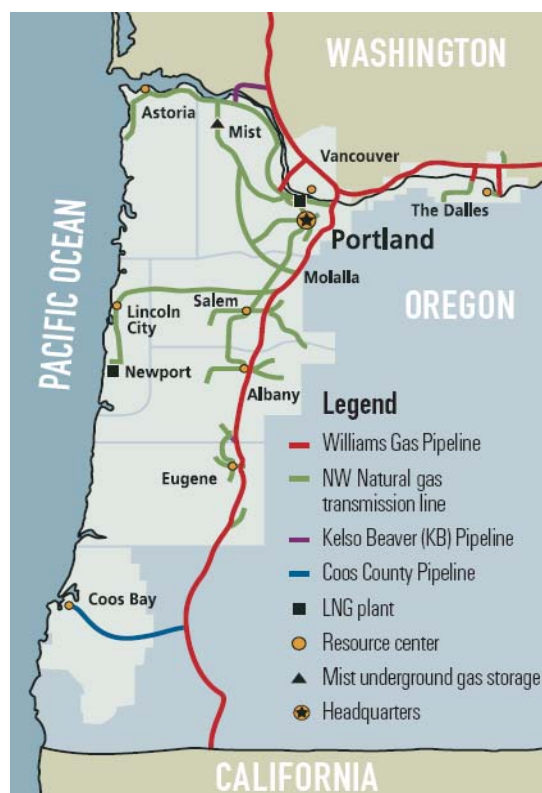
Between 1914 and 1917, the Company extended distribution lines to Oregon City, Milwaukie, Oak Grove, Gladstone, Beaverton, Orenco, Hillsboro, and Forest Grove. The Vancouver, Washington, gas distribution system was purchased in 1925. A line was laid to Salem in 1929 as service began to the Willamette Valley. In 1956, a new interstate pipeline brought natural gas to the Pacific Northwest for the first time and ushered in a new era of growth. The Company name was abbreviated to NW Natural in 1997.

## INTRODUCTION & BACKGROUND

### A. Description of NW Natural

NW Natural is headquartered in Portland, Oregon. The Company currently serves approximately 652,000 residential, commercial and industrial customers in Oregon and southwest Washington. NW Natural's service territory includes the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan area, the Willamette Valley, the Oregon coast – from Astoria down through Coos County, and the Columbia River Gorge. NW Natural's southwest Washington service territory covers portions of Clark, Skamania and Klickitat counties.

FIGURE ES-1



### B. Overview of Integrated Resource Planning

Integrated Resource Planning is unique to regulated utilities. Oregon and Washington regulators require seven key components. NW Natural's IRP must demonstrate that the Company has: 1) examined a range of demand forecasts; 2) examined all feasible means of meeting demand, including traditional supply-side, as well as demand-side, resources; 3) treated supply-side and demand-side resources equally; 4) described the Company's long-term plan for meeting expected load growth; 5) described its plan for resource acquisitions between planning cycles; 6) taken

uncertainties in planning into account; and 7) involved the public in the planning process.

Within the seven key components, recent rulemaking orders in both Oregon (Order No. 07-002, UM 1056) and Washington [Docket Nos. UE-030311 and UG-030312, General Order No. R-526 (adopting WAC 480-90-238)] have further enhanced the planning process.

In Oregon there are now 11 guidelines that are intended to direct the Company through the seven key components more efficiently. NW Natural must demonstrate it has addressed: 1) Substantive Requirements; 2) Procedural Guidelines; 3) Plan Filing, Review, and Updates; 4) Plan Components; 5) Transmission; 6) Conservation; 7) Demand Response; 8) Environmental Costs; 9) Multi-State Utilities; 10) Reliability; and 11) Resource Acquisition.

In Washington the guidelines fall within four areas of concern, including: 1) Purpose; 2) Minimum Analysis Requirements; 3) Content; and 4) Timing.

## **PRINCIPAL CONCLUSIONS FROM THIS PLAN**

NW Natural believes this Plan is an important guide regarding how the Company intends to serve a growing region with reliable, low-cost energy supplies. With this in mind, the Company has come to the following principal conclusions:

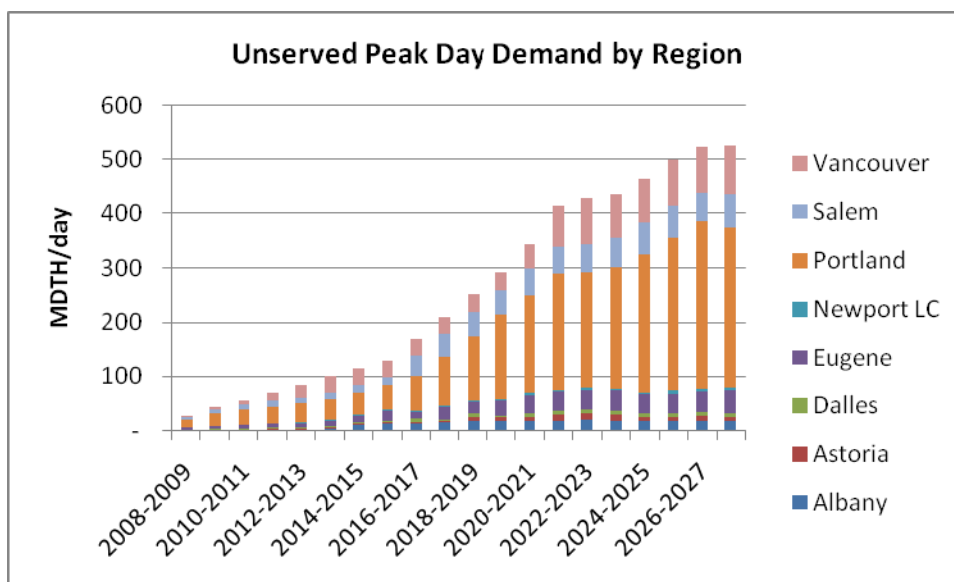
1. Although the Company has seen a decline in its use per customer, its core customer base continues to grow at 2.4 percent annually, a level well above the national gas distribution industry average of approximately 1.5 percent. Thus, the Company continues to project that its growing customer base will offset the falling use per customer, resulting in steadily rising peak day (1.5 percent) and annual (1.6 percent) gas requirements.
2. For this IRP, the Company has selected an 85 percent probability coldest winter augmented by a three-day peak event as its planning standard against which to evaluate the cost and risk trade off of various supply and demand resources available to *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. Although this planning standard incorporates a level of demand less than the Company's traditional "design year" planning standard, it reflects the Company's evaluation and selection of a planning standard and resulting portfolio of resources with the best combination of expected costs and associated risks and uncertainties for the utility and its customers.
3. The use of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> as a modeling tool provides NW Natural a more realistic look at demand levels and capacity requirements than was previously possible. One consequence of this approach is that a forecast design year with a strenuous peak episode is much harder to serve using *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. As a result,

the need for capacity additions in the near and medium term significantly increased beyond the results in previous IRP studies

4. The Company’s existing resources are not sufficient to fully satisfy peak day demand. Due to lead time requirements to develop the necessary resources to meet future growing demand, beginning this year the Company must add resources to assure service under peak load conditions.

Figure ES-2 demonstrates the inability of the Company’s existing resources to meet projected loads. Peak day resource deficiencies occur in all regions except Newport, totaling about 28 MDth/day in the initial year, and rising to greater than 500 MDth/day by the end of the planning horizon.

Figure ES-2

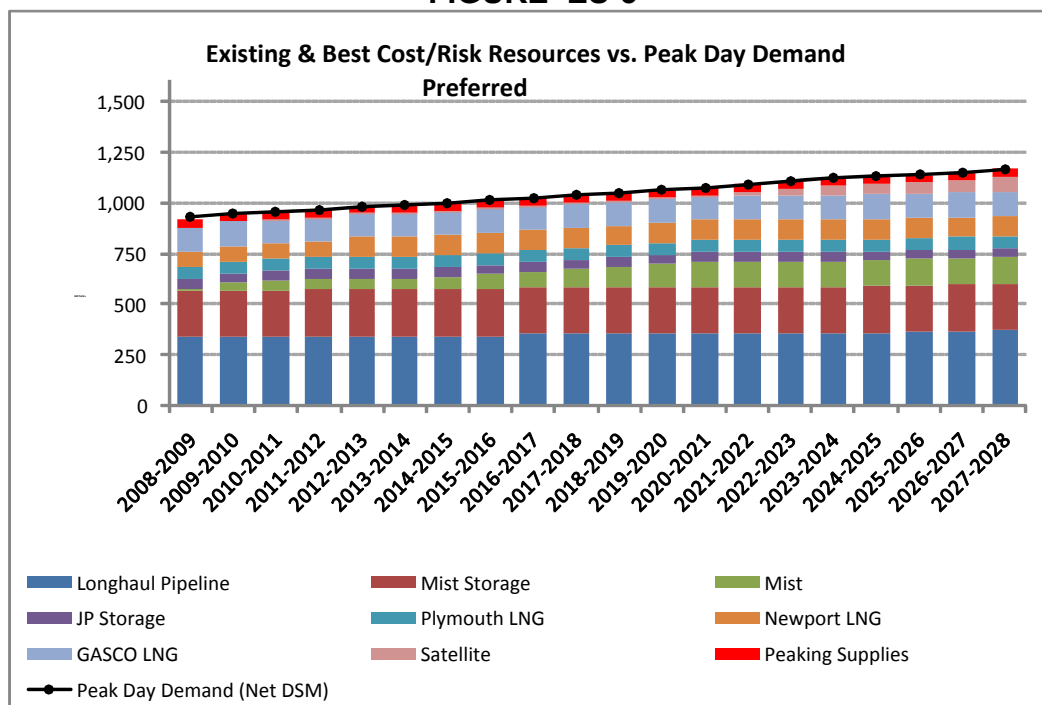


Annual unserved demand is forecast to increase from 28 MDth in the first year to 6,993 MDth by 2027/2028.

5. The Company’s Preferred Portfolio fully addresses the forecast unserved demand under the existing resource portfolio, except in the initial year of the planning horizon when there are insufficient demand and supply side resources available to meet immediate peak day demand deficiencies. The Company’s Preferred incremental resource portfolio includes both demand and supply side resources. By the final year of the 20 year planning horizon, the Preferred Portfolio includes an aggregate level of design weather adjusted DSM savings of approximately 8.9 Bcf. The Preferred Portfolio also includes incremental Mist recall, interstate pipeline capacity, and NW Natural distribution system investments.

Figure ES-3 summarizes the blend of supply-side resources selected to satisfy the Company's Preferred Portfolio 20-year peak day demand forecast (net of DSM). The new resources selected for addition to NW Natural's existing portfolio consist primarily of new pipeline contract demand, satellite liquefied natural gas, and the recall of existing Mist underground storage resources to core-market service. These supply-side resources are discussed more fully in Chapters 3 and 5.

FIGURE ES-3



## LOAD FORECASTS

To determine the energy requirements for the Company's service area, NW Natural must identify the characteristics of its customer base. This includes the number and types of current customers, the amount of customer growth anticipated in the region, and the amount and pattern of gas usage expected by those customers.

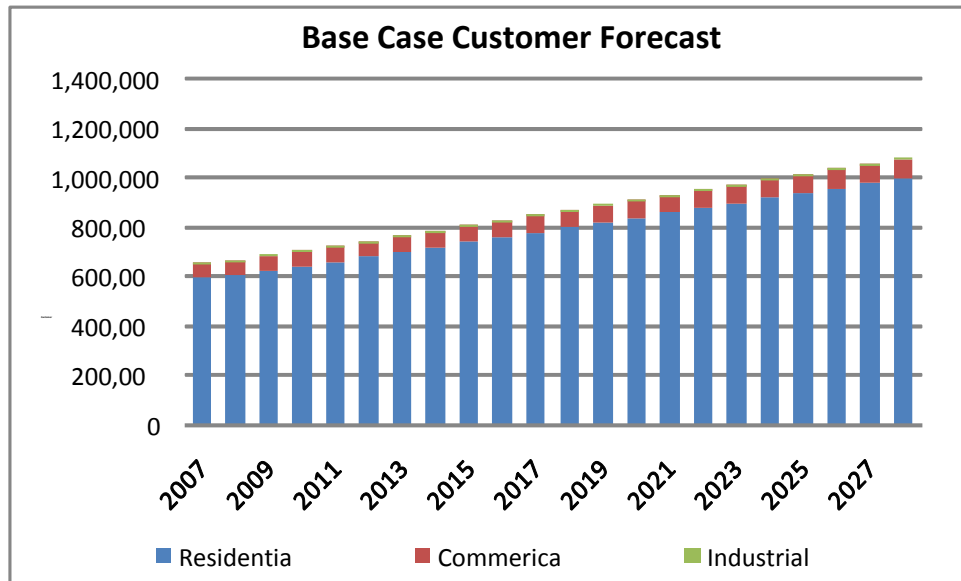
To forecast growth, NW Natural relies upon economic and population growth projections from the Oregon Office of Economic Analysis. NW Natural also projects the number of customers that the Company expects to convert to natural gas from other energy sources.

The Company's load forecast incorporates design year temperatures based on an 85% probability coldest winter and the highest three-day peak load event over the past twenty years. In addition, the Company utilizes stochastic modeling to assess the performance of its selected gas supply portfolio under a range of temperature and price conditions.

**KEY FINDINGS:**

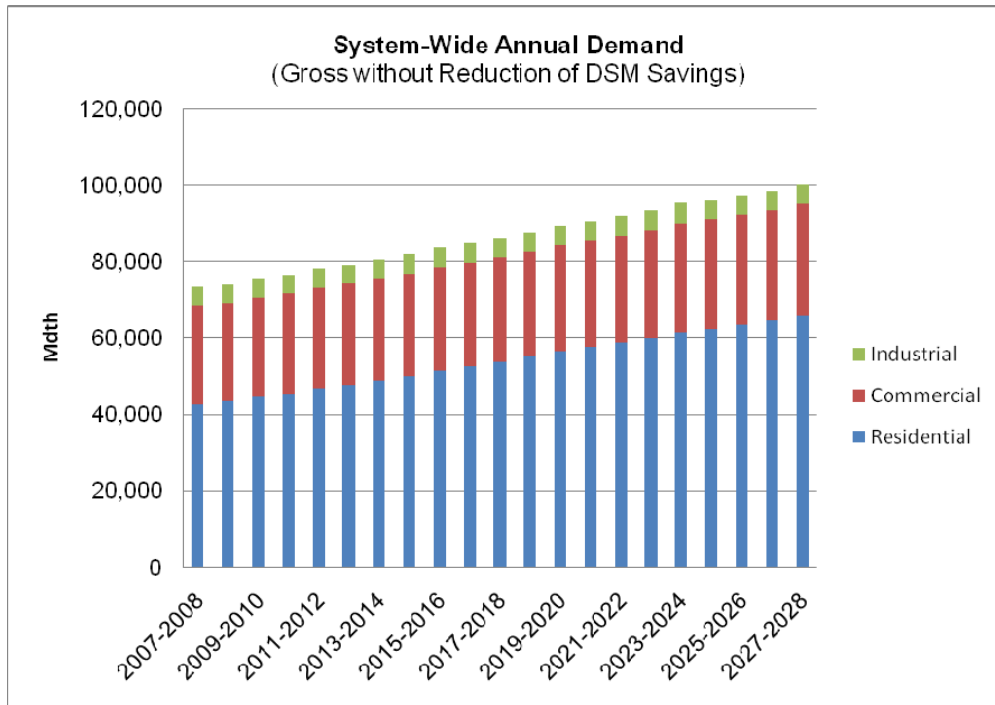
1. During the next 20 years, the Company forecasts a 2.4 percent annual growth in the number of system-wide core customers. The number of core-market customers is forecast to increase by over 60 percent between 2008 and 2028 (see Figure ES-4).

**FIGURE ES-4**



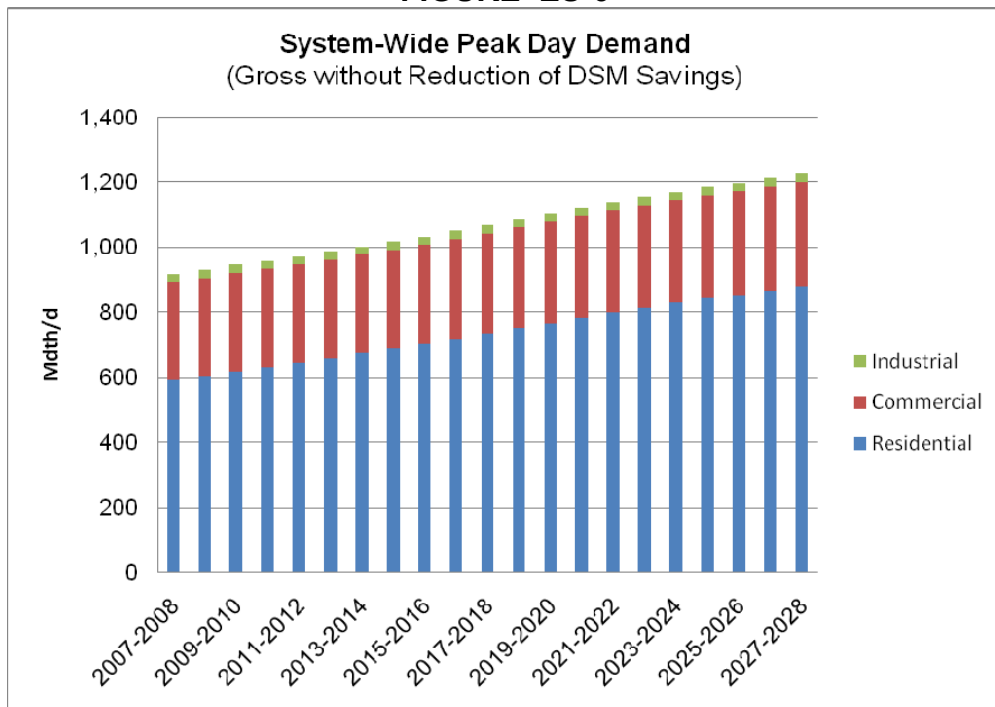
2. At the same time, the Company is forecasting average residential and commercial use per customer to decline by approximately -0.3 percent and -0.7 percent per year, respectively. This trend partially offsets load growth attributable to the forecast growth in customers. Overall, the Company is forecasting a 1.6 percent average growth rate in annual firm demand over the 20 year planning horizon, reaching approximately 100 Bcf by 2027-2028. Figure ES-5 depicts the annual gas requirements forecast for this planning cycle.

**FIGURE ES-5**



- The Company is projecting peak day gas requirements to increase at 1.5 percent annually during the next 20 years; rising from 915 MDth to 1,223 MDth (refer to Figure ES-6).

**FIGURE ES-6**





## **SUPPLY-SIDE RESOURCES**

Supply-side resources include the gas itself, gas storage, the interstate pipeline capacity needed to transport the gas to NW Natural's service area, and investments in the Company's own pipeline/distribution facilities. The gas supply planning process is based on ensuring reliable service to NW Natural's core customers.

The amount of gas required at any given time depends on customer behavior. This behavior is greatly influenced by weather, but can also be impacted by changing business conditions and the price of natural gas as compared to alternative fuels.

Maintaining a variety of supply sources at the Company's disposal is the best means of ensuring reliable service. NW Natural's supply portfolio consists of both contracted natural gas supplies and supplies of stored natural gas. The Company has access to natural gas in underground storage facilities and above-ground liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage tanks. Both storage options can be used as "peaking" resources to augment the Company's distribution system. It is also essential for the Company to identify and act when opportunities arise, as they do during times of low demand on interstate pipelines, to get supplies onto our system and into storage in order to further enhance the security of our overall supply portfolio.

Obviously, NW Natural's supply requirements will increase as its firm customer population grows. But the characteristics of the increased load are key factors in the resource selection process. For example, additional water heater load can be met most efficiently by a resource that can deliver the same amount of gas year-round - a "base load" resource. Growth in heating load, on the other hand, presents seasonal demands, and is best served with a combination of "base load" and "peaking" resources.

Given these complexities, the Company has assembled a portfolio of supplies to meet the projected needs of its firm customers. At the same time, this portfolio is flexible enough to enable the Company to negotiate better opportunities as they arise. Existing contracts have staggered terms of greater than one year to very short-term arrangements of 30 days or less. This variety gives the Company the security of longer-term agreements, but still allows the Company to seek more economic transactions in the shorter term.

## **SUPPLY DIVERSIFICATION**

Over the twenty years since NW Natural began purchasing supplies for its customers directly in the market, rather than from the interstate pipeline, the Company has pursued a diversified approach to acquiring supply resources. This includes expanding gas receipt points to allow new gas supplies to be purchased from, and

stored in, Alberta, Canada, as well as traditional supply basins in British Columbia and the U.S. Rockies. Diversification has given the Company competitive options and improved service reliability on the interstate pipeline system. NW Natural believes that the availability of supply, the large existing pipeline infrastructure in Canada, the number of industry players active in the region, and the liquidity of the market will yield reliable, market priced supplies for years to come.

### **RECENT RESOURCE DECISIONS**

Included in the Company's portfolio of current gas supply are resources added since the development of the Company's 2004 IRP in response to continued robust customer growth, and in anticipation of future growth. These additions generally followed supply-related conclusions and action plan steps developed in the 2004 IRP.

In late 1999 the Company completed the last increment of Mist expansion completed for core customers that added almost 28 miles of 24" piping to loop the existing South Mist Feeder from Miller Station to a point at the western edge of the Portland metropolitan area (Bacona). While the Company made subsequent reservoir and Miller Station additions and improvements, this storage capacity was marketed to interstate (off-system) customers using a northern backhaul delivery path to the Deer Island gate interconnection with Northwest Pipeline. Additional storage capacity was not initially available for core customers due to the extended length of the authorization process for the South Mist Pipeline Extension (SMPE), which did not receive final permission to be built until November 2003.

NW Natural completed the first segment of SMPE in late 2003. Rather than follow the original plan of working from north to south, the Company built a 12 mile section from the southern terminus at the Molalla gate station to its first interconnection further north with the Company's high pressure distribution system near Aurora. This connection allowed higher flows and pressures from the NWPL system, which were critical to that southern portion of the Portland-area distribution system during the cold weather event experienced in early January 2004.

NW Natural completed the remaining 50 miles of SMPE in the fall of 2004, finally allowing the Company to access more Mist deliverability. This marked the first "recall" of Mist capacity developed in advance of core need, which had been marketed to the interstate market. Over the planning horizon of this IRP, recall of existing Mist storage will be one of NW Natural's primary focuses for developing its supply portfolio. Mist is an exceptional resource for NW Natural due primarily to its location within the service territory. Because of its location, the resource is available without the need for winter re-delivery on the interstate pipelines, which both reduces cost to customers and enhances service reliability. Underground storage and related infrastructure developments in Oregon provide equivalent benefits for Washington customers, as storage permits the Company to displace north to south flowing pipeline supplies to more northerly delivery points in Washington.

## **FUTURE SUPPLY-SIDE RESOURCE ALTERNATIVES**

In this Plan, NW Natural has considered the following resource options for new pipeline and storage capacity:

**Interstate Pipeline Capacity Additions** – In this IRP the Company is considering a variety of interstate pipeline capacity resources, including: (i) new NWPL Grants Pass Lateral capacity serving Salem, Newport, Albany and Eugene, (ii) new NWPL “mainline” capacity serving Portland, Astoria, Vancouver, and The Dalles, (iii) new capacity upstream of NWPL mainline capacity providing access to the Rockies and Alberta supply areas, (iv) new Palomar pipeline capacity both east and west of Molalla, (v) new capacity on the proposed Pacific Connector Pipeline to access regasified LNG from the proposed Jordan Cove LNG project at Coos Bay, Oregon, (vi) recall of existing NWPL mainline capacity from the Rockies and Sumas that NW Natural has released to Georgia Pacific, and (vii) existing NWPL mainline capacity from the Rockies currently held by March Point Cogeneration Company. Strategies exist to reduce the risk of excess capacity additions, such as partnerships with other local distribution companies and pipelines.

**Brownsville to Eugene** – With a relatively modest capital investment (\$420,000), the Company can construct a river crossing thereby allowing up to 5,000 Dth/day of existing NWPL capacity to be delivered to Eugene.

**Newport Expansion** - The daily deliverability of gas from NW Natural's Newport liquefied natural gas plant could be increased from 60,000 Dth/day to 100,000 Dth/day. The cost of infrastructure additions would be about \$15 million. While this would enhance NW Natural's system reliability during periods of peak demand, NW Natural would have to add or upgrade major segments of its distribution system to move the gas.

**Willamette Valley Feeder** – A new pipeline could move natural gas from the Mist underground storage facility south to the Salem area, and then continue further south to Albany or Eugene if necessary. This project would work in conjunction with a new pipeline from Newport and is an alternative to continued expansion of NWPL's Grant's Pass Lateral.

**Imported LNG** - The Company is evaluating the impact of two LNG import terminals proposed to be sited in Oregon. The Bradwood Landing terminal would have an estimated average production capacity of 1.0 Bcf per day and has proposed a 35-mile export pipeline to Northwest Pipeline in addition to the proposed interconnect with the Palomar pipeline. The Jordan Cove terminal is also sized at 1.0 Bcf/day and would connect to the proposed Pacific Connector Gas Pipeline. Although neither Bradwood nor Jordan Cove has been constructed, for analysis purposes, NW Natural is including them in its modeling.

**Satellite LNG** – Small-scale LNG storage and vaporization facilities are used as peaking resources because they provide only a few days of deliverability. Where peaking

demands are sharpest, the addition of satellite LNG could defer significant pipeline infrastructure investments. In this IRP, NW Natural has evaluated satellite LNG in three locations in the Willamette Valley (Salem, Albany and Eugene) as interim resources that might delay the incursion of more expensive pipeline projects.

**KEY FINDINGS:**

1. NW Natural's supply acquisition strategy will rely on transporting gas with pricing negotiated at market rates on an annual, seasonal, or monthly basis.
2. The Company's existing supplies are not sufficient to satisfy 100% of projected peak day demand. Even with strong price elasticity and conservation materializing in recent years, new storage and/or pipeline resources must continue to be added to meet expected firm load growth.
3. The Company's service territory is widespread and it may not be practical to consider tying together all of NW Natural's customers into a single integrated distribution system. Accordingly, some amount of incremental upstream pipeline capacity may be needed to serve the more isolated portions of the Company's system. Conversely, as the cost of upstream pipeline expansions increase, NW Natural has found that removing bottlenecks and more fully integrating certain portions of its own distribution system may be a cheaper potential alternative. As discussed in Chapter 5 of this IRP, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects several NW Natural distribution system investments as least cost means of serving forecast load, including the Brownsville to Eugene river crossing, the enhancement of the Newport pipeline, and investment in the Willamette Valley Feeder project.
4. The need for risk management has been underscored by the ruptures and resulting federal order in 2003 that Northwest Pipeline Corporation (NWPL) must replace its 26" mainline from the Canadian border to NW Natural's service territory by December 2006. The Company is pursuing strategies to improve supply path diversity, such as contracting for capacity on the eastern zone of the proposed Palomar Pipeline for access to domestic supplies and both east and west zones of Palomar for purchasing imported LNG-sourced gas supplies should one or more proposed LNG terminals be sited in the region. This IRP demonstrates that in addition to enhancing the Company's gas supply reliability, both of these resource options, should they be developed, are likely to be cost-effective resource choices.

**DEMAND-SIDE RESOURCES**

Since publication of the 2000 Plan, a great deal has changed with respect to the Company's approach to energy efficiency. The 2004 Plan marked a major change in the way the Company deals with demand-side resources in that the combination of the partial decoupling mechanism in the state of Oregon and the public purpose funding mechanism administered by the Energy Trust allowed the Company to

take a more facilitative rather than administrative role in the development and delivery of conservation programs. It is worth emphasizing that NW Natural continues to administer the collection and disbursement of public purpose funding. Additionally, following the enactment of the UM 1056 IRP guidelines, the OPUC now expects NW Natural to assume a more direct role in assessing conservation in its service territory. While the Company maintained a laissez-faire approach towards the Energy Trust’s modeling and planning of conservation programs in the 2004 IRP, NW Natural directly participated in these activities for the 2008 IRP. This new approach allows the Company to play an administrative and facilitative role, but not be involved directly in the delivery of conservation programs.

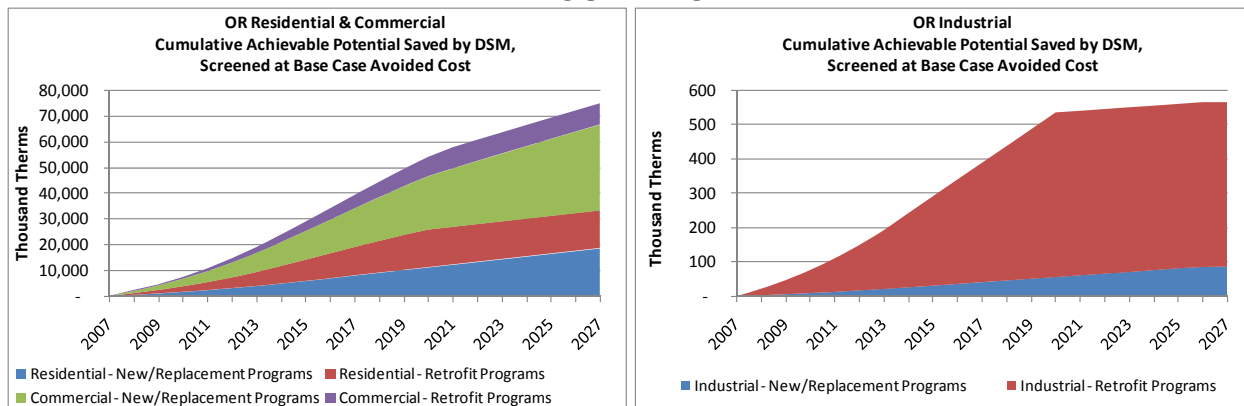
Public purpose funds are collected from Oregon residential and commercial ratepayers and are used by the Energy Trust to finance residential and commercial energy efficiency investments. In addition, funds are collected and used by the Company to fund low-income weatherization and low-income bill payment assistance in Oregon. In Washington, low income weatherization is accomplished using deferred accounting.

In this IRP cycle, NW Natural is performing resource assessments for both its Oregon and Washington service territories. In Oregon, the Company has been tasked with evaluating the funding adequacies of its public purpose charges that go to both the Energy Trust as well as the Company’s own low-income programs. The Company has also been tasked with assessing energy efficiency resources for its firm industrial sales customers. On the other side of the river, NW Natural has been asked to evaluate the technically achievable conservation potential in its Washington service territory.

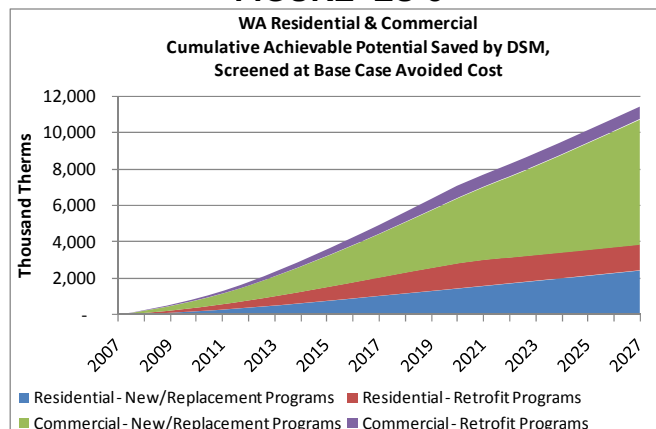
**KEY FINDINGS**

1. Figures ES-7 and ES-8 depict DSM “achievable” annual savings targets by customer sector and state. The appendices to Chapter 4 contain more detailed information on DSM “achievable” annual savings targets.

**FIGURE ES-7**



**FIGURE ES-8**



2. The Company pursues cost effective energy efficiency improvements through the Energy Trust.
3. The Company continues to seek out ways to work with the WUTC in an effort to pursue revenue-per-customer decoupling in Washington and implement cost effective energy efficiency programs that mirror the success the Energy Trust has experienced in Oregon.

**IMPACT OF RELATED ENVIRONMENTAL COSTS ON NW NATURAL’S DSM STRATEGY**

Related environmental costs do impact demand-side resource choices. Recognizing the cost of carbon dioxide damage could have the greatest impact on the Company's avoided costs. The most likely vehicle through which carbon dioxide costs could be imposed on energy users is through a national carbon tax or greenhouse gas mitigation strategies coming out of the West Coast Governors’ Task Force on Green House Gases.

If a carbon tax were imposed, more of the demand-side resource options would be cost-effective. Adding a carbon tax of as little as \$7 per ton adds \$0.04 to the Company’s avoided costs, while \$40 per ton adds nearly \$0.24 per therm to the avoided cost figures. This could drive up the implicit commodity cost of natural gas and therefore make some non-cost-effective conservation measures cost-effective.

**OTHER DEMAND-SIDE MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

LOAD MANAGEMENT

Following the 2000-01 energy crisis, energy planners’ attention focused on a group of activities generally known as demand response. The general purpose of

demand response is to help manage demand during periods of system stress. The term encompasses a number of activities including real time pricing, time of use rates, critical-peak pricing, demand buyback, interruptible rates, and direct load controls. To varying degrees, several of these techniques to manage peak demands are used by Northwest Natural.

On the NWN system, customers taking service on interruptible rates represent approximately 42 percent of annual throughput. This includes interruptible sales service, interruptible transportation service and firm on our system transportation service where the transporter, not the Company, is responsible for the firmness of upstream pipeline capacity arrangements. Interruptible service is very attractive for large volume customers because of the low distribution margin involved. As a result, all customers that can manage their operations on interruptible service are currently served on an interruptible basis – leaving little opportunity to reduce peaks loads through expanded interruptible service.

### **RATE DESIGN**

In general, the Company believes that rate design policies should encourage year-round energy efficiency and cause customers to not place excessive demands on the system during severe weather episodes. The Company also believes that revenue stability is desirable. Toward these ends, the Company's initiatives with respect to the partial decoupling mechanism and the WARM mechanisms in Oregon strike a reasonable balance.

The combination of the Company's partial decoupling and WARM mechanisms in Oregon allow a reasonable compromise between the extremes of collecting fixed system costs primarily through customer charges or collecting fixed costs primarily with volumetric charges. For residential and small commercial customers we have retained the existing approach of recovering the bulk of fixed system costs through volumetric charges. Thus, the marginal cost of comfort is kept high, customer charges are kept relatively low, and revenues are substantially stabilized through the partial decoupling and WARM mechanisms.

With respect to Demand Side Resource planning in Washington, the major remaining step is to establish Revenue Per Customer Decoupling for residential and commercial class customers following the blueprint set forth in the Company's Initial General Rate Case Testimony and proposed Schedule 230 in the Washington UG-080546 (go to:

[https://www.nwnatural.com/CMS300/uploadedFiles/WUTC\\_08-2\\_Advice\\_Filing-Coded.pdf](https://www.nwnatural.com/CMS300/uploadedFiles/WUTC_08-2_Advice_Filing-Coded.pdf)

### **DSM ACTIVITIES' IMPACT ON SMALL BUSINESS**

Where incentives are proposed in the residential equipment markets, equipment distributors and dealers have been encouraged to sell high-efficiency equipment. NW Natural's participation in DSM activities through public purpose funding

has a positive economic impact on smaller companies involved in providing energy conservation services.

## **PUBLIC COMMUNICATION AND PARTICIPATION**

### **TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP**

The Technical Working Group (TWG) brings together professionals representing a variety of entities with an interest in NW Natural's IRP process. NW Natural reached out to a wide audience including representatives from the Citizens' Utility Board, Energy Trust of Oregon, Northwest Power and Conservation Council, TransCanada-Gas Transmission Northwest, Northwest Industrial Gas Users, Northwest Pipeline Corporation, Williams Northwest Pipeline, the Oregon Public Utility Commission, and the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission. This group continues to be an integral part of plan development.

### **PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

The Company has held five technical working group meetings and one open house public participation meetings to date. In addition to these meetings the Company has periodically met with Commission Staff to discuss the guidelines adopted in Order No. 07-047, as well as to identify areas of NW Natural's Plan that needed enhancement.





## Draft 2008 Integrated Resource Plan

### Multi-Year Action Plan

#### **1.0 Demand Forecasting**

1.1 Determine appropriate statistical probabilities in developing design year and peak day demand levels through stochastic analysis. The coldest daily events over the past 20 years date back to 1989 and 1990, so absent extreme cold weather in the near future, firm peak-day requirements could drop noticeably in the 2009 or subsequent IRP.

1.2 Recalibrate forecast for changes in gas usage equations and expected customer gains following each heating season. Assess implications and report to state Public Utility Commissions as appropriate.

1.3 Regularly review price volatility and the associated risks within the market.

1.4 The Company will monitor the spread of hybrid heat systems, because of the implications that increase has for demand forecasting.

1.5 Review the demand forecast to ensure that it performs well under warmer days and report findings in the IRP Update in 2009.

1.6 The Company will investigate data collection requirements to analyze demand forecast error regionally.

#### **2.0 Supply-Side Resources**

2.1 Review cost estimates, on an ongoing basis, for those resources under consideration to identify potential changes in the composition of previously selected resource mixes.

2.2 Recall daily and annual underground storage capacity from the interstate storage gas market to core market service as needed.

2.3 Support development of the Palomar Pipeline, primarily for risk management purposes in diversifying the Company's supply path options.

2.4 Monitor LNG import terminal developments and participate in discussions with project sponsors to preserve the option of purchasing LNG-sourced gas supplies to the extent this proves to be a cost-effective resource option.

2.5 The Northwest is currently witnessing a variety of proposals to construct new or expand existing interstate pipeline projects, principally related to moving Rocky Mountain and LNG-sourced gas supplies to markets throughout the West Coast. The Company will monitor these proposals and, as appropriate, participate in discussions with project sponsors to preserve the option of securing cost-effective new interstate pipeline capacity.

2.6 Refine cost estimates, conduct more detailed system modeling, and investigate siting/permitting constraints on satellite LNG facilities and the specific NW Natural distribution system investments--including the Willamette Valley Feeder and Newport LNG enhancement--identified as potential cost-effective resources in this IRP.

2.7 While NW Natural has not included biogas as a resource option in this IRP, the Company will continue to investigate how this resource can be utilized in the future, given the enormous environmental benefits that may accrue to it.

### **3.0 Demand-Side Resources**

3.1 Work with the Energy Trust of Oregon in efforts to improve energy efficiency delivery programs and program participation rates.

3.2 Pursue revenue per customer decoupling in the state of Washington.

3.3 In Oregon, provide periodic updates of the Company's conservation resource assessments to determine adequacy of public purpose funding.

3.4 In Washington, provide periodical updates of the Company's conservation resource assessments to determine any changes in what is technically achievable.

3.5 In Oregon, pursue energy efficiency for industrial sales customers consistent with the Company's independent assessment that indicated that there are cost-effective resources that can be acquired for this customer class.

### **4.0 SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> Model and Integrated Resource Plan Integration**

4.1 Update and enhance the optimization model to capture changes in market conditions, refinements of incremental resources, and changes in system characteristics. The SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> model needs to be regularly updated to address changing market conditions, new pipeline proposals, and other changing characteristics of NW Natural's gas delivery system. The model will also be further refined with additional information about the potential route and cost characteristics of incremental supply-side projects such as the Willamette Valley Feeder, as such details are developed.

4.2 Acquire resources consistent with the Preferred Portfolio.

NW Natural will be seeking to acquire the following resources, in conjunction with its selection of its preferred portfolio:

- Palomar East capacity: Per the terms of the Precedent Agreement, assuming the Palomar project proceeds as currently scheduled, the Company plans to commit to 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on Palomar East.
- Newport LNG Enhancement: Preferred Portfolio selected this resource to be on-line in 2012. The Company will report the progress that has been made on this project in the 2009 Annual IRP Update.
- Willamette Valley Feeder (WVF): In order to get the WVF on-line in 2010, as called for in the Preferred Portfolio, the Company must proceed immediately to refine and finalize cost projections, develop final route plans, and investigate any impediments to proceeding with the project. The Company will report the progress that has been made on this project in the 2009 Annual IRP Update.
- Brownsville to Eugene River Crossing: This project is called for by the model in 2011 and provides a supply alternative to Satellite LNG in Eugene. The relatively smaller nature of the project gives the Company some time to update model runs prior to committing resources to the project. It also provides the opportunity to evaluate this project within the scope of a larger Willamette Valley Feeder project. The Company will update the OPUC with its 2009 Annual IRP Update as to progress that has been made on this project.
- Mist Recall: the Company plans to recall 10,000 Dth/day of Mist capacity in the fall of 2008, and an additional 30,000 Dth/day of capacity in the fall of 2009.

**5.0 Avoided Cost Determination**

5.1 As regulation of greenhouse gas emissions and other items develops, NW Natural will update its environmental adder levels and costs and assess their impact on demand-side resource decisions.

**6.0 Public Involvement**

6.1 Conduct additional Technical Working Group meetings as necessary to address the Oregon Public Utility Commission's requirement for a 2009 update to this 2008 IRP.

**CHAPTER 02: GAS REQUIREMENTS FORECAST**

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## **CHAPTER 2: GAS REQUIREMENTS FORECAST**

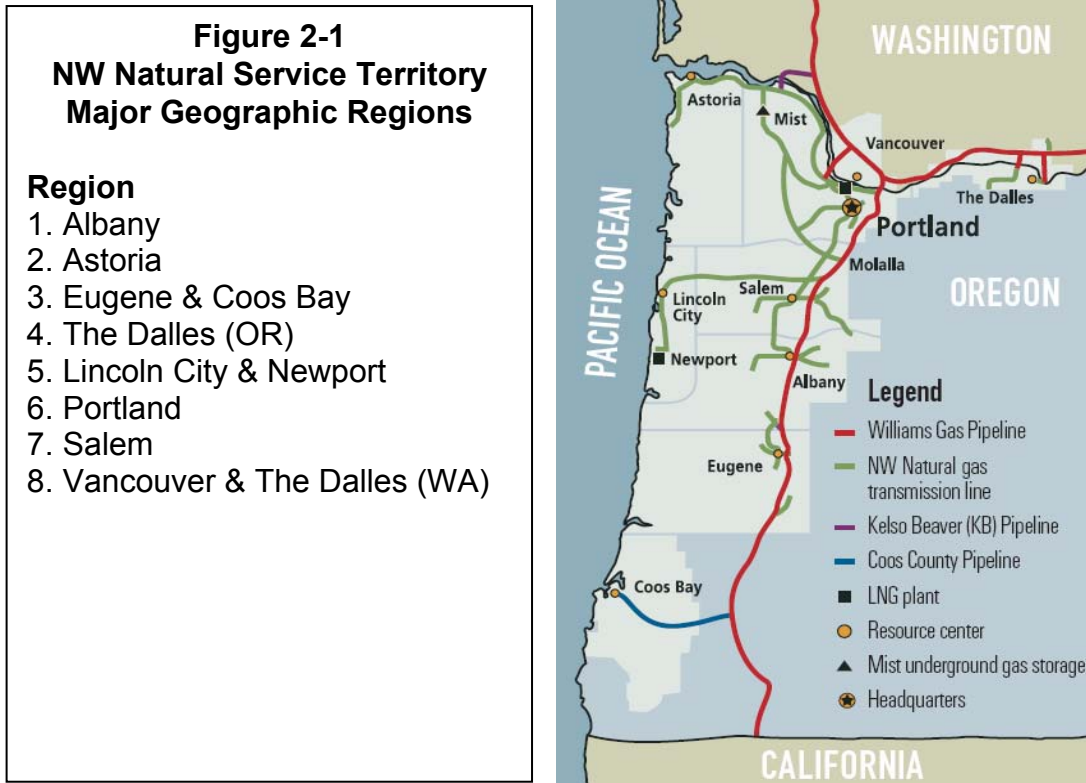
Forecasting future requirements for gas service is the starting point of resource planning. This ensures that resources will be available when needed and it provides a basis for acquiring them in an optimal manner. Therefore, useful forecasting requires that all factors that might impact future gas requirements, or "loads," be thoroughly considered on a daily, seasonal, and annual basis.

### **I. OVERVIEW OF DEMAND FORECAST METHODOLOGY**

The forecasting process evaluates the amount of gas needed to serve the Company's changing customer base. In order to do this, NW Natural first identifies the characteristics of its customer base, including the number and types of customers currently served, the number and types of customers that could be served in the future, and the amount and pattern of gas usage that can reasonably be expected by those customers. Appendix 2-10 highlights historical usage by customer class.

The forecast focuses on "core market" customers, a group of customers defined as those customers taking firm service on "sales" rate schedules, where the Company provides both upstream supply capacity and storage gas capacity, and also provides for the commodity gas itself. Firm "transportation" customers provide for their own upstream capacity and commodity gas, and are not explicitly considered in this IRP. Similarly, the gas requirements of customers served on interruptible sales and / or transportation rate schedules are not considered, because the Company does not plan for upstream pipeline capacity or storage capacity to serve these customers.

NW Natural continues to use region-specific forecasts in the 2008 IRP, reflecting the Company's segmentation of its gas distribution system into eight primary geographic regions defined herein as Albany, Astoria, Eugene & Coos Bay, The Dalles (Oregon), Lincoln City & Newport, Portland, Salem, and Vancouver & The Dalles (Washington). These regions differ in terms of weather, customer gains, usage patterns by customers, and resource availability. The results of the individual regional level forecasts are presented in detail in the appendices to Chapter 2.



The division of NW Natural’s service territory into these eight major geographic regions reflects the different demand and supply points and the distribution system connections between these respective points as analyzed in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. Specifically, the regional demand forecasts are compared against current supply resources in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>, resulting in a Base Case forecast of unserved demand by region. These results of unserved demand by region are presented in Appendix 5-3 and provide useful information to guide infrastructure planning.

**A. TRADITIONAL DETERMINISTIC APPROACH**

The process for developing gas requirement forecasts utilized by the Company follows the several stages outlined below.

- The Company first projects customer counts by customer sub-class for each year of the forecast time horizon as explained in Section II. Customer growth forecasts were prepared for six scenarios, including the Company projected Base Case and five other sensitivities as listed in Table 2-1.
- The Company then statistically estimates gas usage equations for each customer subclass (or market segment) as explained in Section III. Design year (including peak day) projections are derived from multiple regressions, separating out Base-use and Temperature Sensitive Load-use (TSL-use).
- Next, the Company applies design weather conditions, projected prices, and customers to gas usage equations to derive firm gas requirements for each forecast scenario. Price forecasts were prepared for three scenarios, including high, reference and low forecasts. The price forecasts are discussed in more detail in Section V.

The Base Case demand forecast utilizes the Company's projected customer growth and projected prices. This IRP also considers five departures from the Base Case demand forecast to place reasonable bounds on the range of demand forecast outcomes. In addition to high and no growth sensitivities, NW Natural also evaluated three negative growth demand scenarios to consider the effects of a lasting recession. A description of each sensitivity is provided in Table 2-1 below. The Company ran *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> under all five of these demand sensitivities in addition to the Base Case to determine how supply resource selection varies with different demand levels. A comparison of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> sensitivity results is presented in Chapter 5 with supporting detail provided in Appendix 5-3.

**Table 2 - 1**  
**Demand Forecasts - Base Case & Sensitivities**

**Base Case Demand:** Expected Base Case customer growth and reference Per Therm Usage Charge forecast.

1. **High Growth Sensitivity:** High customer growth and low Per Therm Usage Charge forecast. Assumes incremental 1% increase over the Base Case in residential and commercial annual growth rates.
2. **No Growth Sensitivity:** No net customer growth in residential and commercial customers and high Per Therm Usage Charge price forecast.
3. **Negative Growth Demand Sensitivity:** Negative growth demand and reference Per Therm Usage Charge price forecast. Assumes residential, commercial and industrial customers decline by -1% per year.
4. **Negative Short Term Growth Demand Sensitivity:** Negative short term growth and reference Per Therm Usage Charge price forecast. Assumes residential, commercial and industrial customers decline by -1% per year for the first five years of the forecast period from 2008 to 2010. Annual growth rate for three year period from 2013 to 2015 increases linearly from -1% back to Base Case growth rate in 2016.
5. **Negative Long Term Growth Demand Sensitivity:** Negative long term growth and reference Per Therm Usage Charge price forecast. Assumes Base Case annual growth rates for residential, commercial and industrial customers for the first five years of the forecast period from 2008 to 2010. For three year period from 2013 to 2015, the annual growth rate declines linearly from the 2012 Base Case annual growth rate to a rate of -1% in 2016. Assumes residential, commercial and industrial customers decline by -1% per year for the remainder of the forecast period.

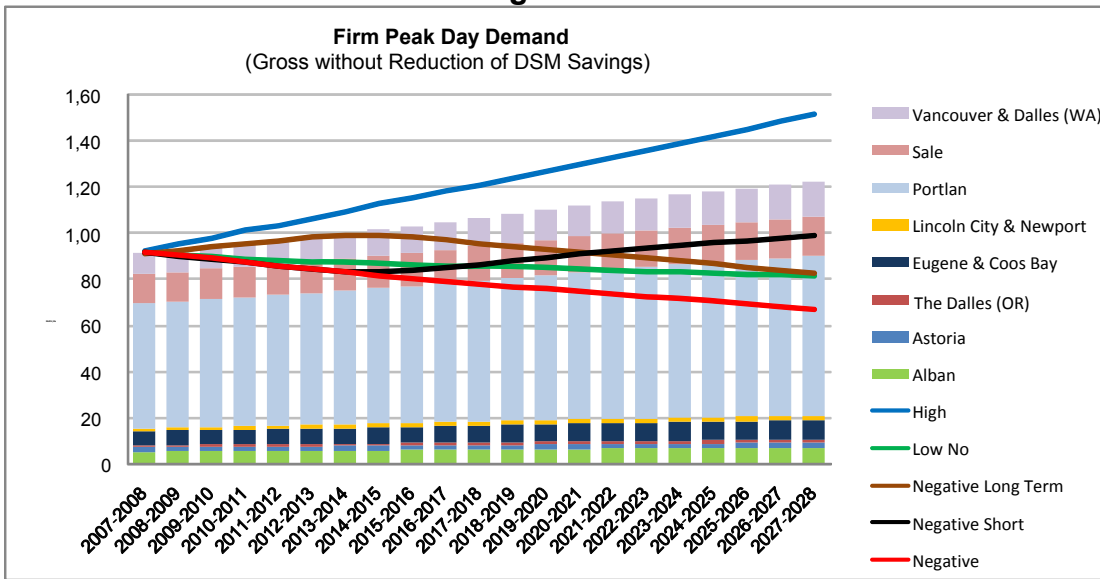
Figures 2-2 and 2-3 below compare the Base Case demand forecast and the five sensitivities for peak day and annual design year firm requirements. Base Case peak day requirements are projected to increase from 915 MDth/day in 2007-2008 to 1,223 MDth/day in 2027-2028 at annual growth rate of 1.5 percent. Design year annual firm



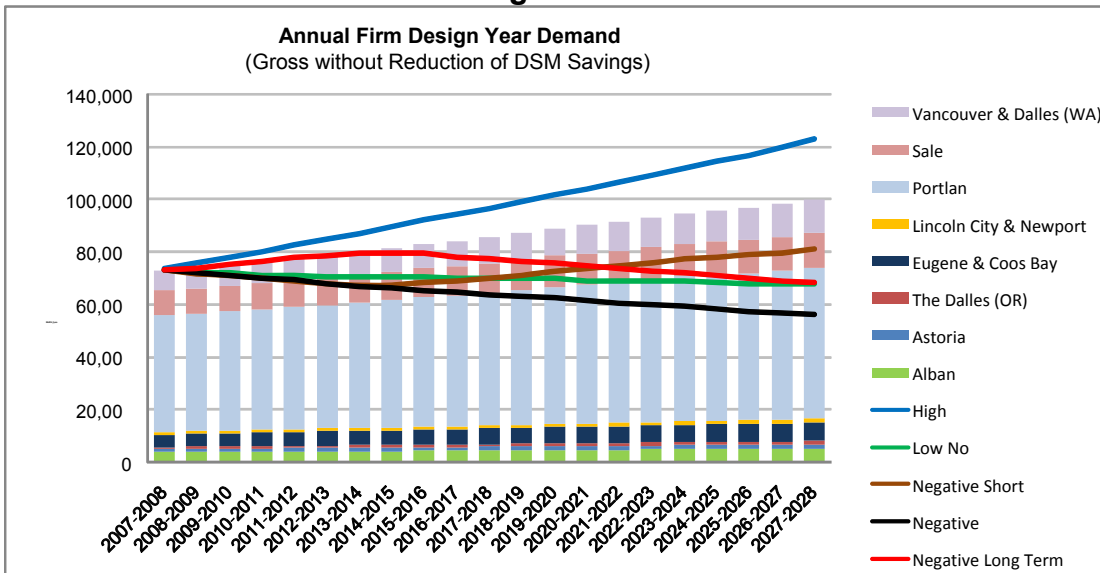
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demand is projected to increase from 73,201 MDth in 2007-2008 to 100,132 MDth in 2027-2028 at an annual growth rate of 1.6% in annual requirements.

**Figure 2-2**



**Figure 2-3**



**B. STOCHASTIC APPROACH**

In addition to the six deterministic demand forecasts listed in Table 2-1, the Company incorporates Monte Carlo simulations (i.e. stochastic analysis) in its evaluation of customer demand. The 2008 IRP marks the first time NW Natural is incorporating stochastic analysis. In response to a growing general interest in risk analysis, the Company has begun using *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> Version 12 as the platform for performing Monte Carlo simulations. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> Version 12 supports Monte Carlo simulations around weather and price.

In the context of the IRP, NW Natural is interested in evaluating the impact of resource decisions across a range of weather and forward price scenarios along with evaluating the LP optimized least-cost supply portfolio solution at different levels of probable demand levels. Monte Carlo simulation and *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> are explained in more detail in Chapter 5.

Although the calculations that yield the stochastically produced load forecasts differ significantly from the traditional deterministic approach, most of the underlying assumptions are identical to the Base Case, including the customer growth forecast and the use per customer regression coefficients. The primary difference is in how HDDs are treated in the Monte Carlo simulations versus using the traditional deterministic approach of evaluating one design year. By describing the expected variability, behavior, and correlation among potential events in the Monte Carlo simulation, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> performs hundreds of iterations to produce a robust numerical representation of the many possible future weather and price scenarios, their resulting demand requirements and associated probabilities or likelihood of occurrence.

The timing of the peak event also supports the use of a stochastic model. Given the progressive depletion of storage levels and deliverability throughout a heating season, the later the peak event occurs in the heating season, the more difficult it is to successfully serve peak demand. Therefore, the stochastic model is allowed to treat the peak day as a moving target to replicate a more likely outcome where peaking weather does not show up on the same day every year. Results of the Monte Carlo simulation are presented in Chapter 5.

## **II. CUSTOMER FORECASTS**

NW Natural relies on economic and population growth projections from the Oregon Office of Economic Analysis<sup>1</sup> (OEA) to develop a 20-year Base Case customer forecast, which represents the Company's expected growth in residential, commercial, and firm industrial customer meters through 2028, including new construction and fuel-conversion gains. Regional center (formerly referred to as "district") growth forecasts utilize both the results produced using the system-wide macro-economic variables and historic growth observed at the regional center level – typically 3 years, with a team of Company subject matter experts who further refine the forecasts. These projections are monitored and updated quarterly. The Company's process for developing the Base Case customer growth forecast for residential, commercial and industrial customers is outlined in Table 2-2 below.

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<sup>1</sup> Quarterly Economic and Revenue Forecast, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis, November 20, 2007. Available at <http://www.oea.das.state.or.us>.

**Table 2-2  
Base Case Customer Growth Forecast  
Methodology**

**Residential:**

Attrition

- Projected residential attrition is derived from the aggregate set of historical customer counts, net of gross customer adds, inclusive of any activity among new construction and conversion customers.
- Existing customer base is reduced for the projected attrition over the forecast period.

New Construction customer gains (single family and multi-family):

Through the 2007 to 2016 period

- Major driver is the Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast (OERF) of housing starts.
- Estimated housing starts are allocated to the eight major geographic regions of NW Natural's service territory according to market share of customers within each territory.

For 2017 to end of forecast in 2028

- Assumes new construction gains for years 2017 and later remain at 2016 projected levels.

Conversion customer gains:

Through the 2007 to 2016 period

- Stock of convertible dwellings in service area resource centers served by Oil and Other Fuels.
- Current preferred dealers and available incentives.
- Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast (OERF) of CPI and Personal Income.
- Ratio of Electric to Gas Rates.

For 2017 to end of forecast in 2028

- Assumes conversion customer gains for years 2017 and later remain at 2016 projected levels.

**Commercial:**

Attrition

- Projected commercial attrition is derived from the aggregate set of historical customer counts, net of gross customer adds, inclusive of any activity among new construction and conversion customers.
- Existing customer base is reduced for the projected attrition over the forecast period.

New Construction customer gains:

- Assumes flat growth based on average historical customer gains.

Conversion customer gains:

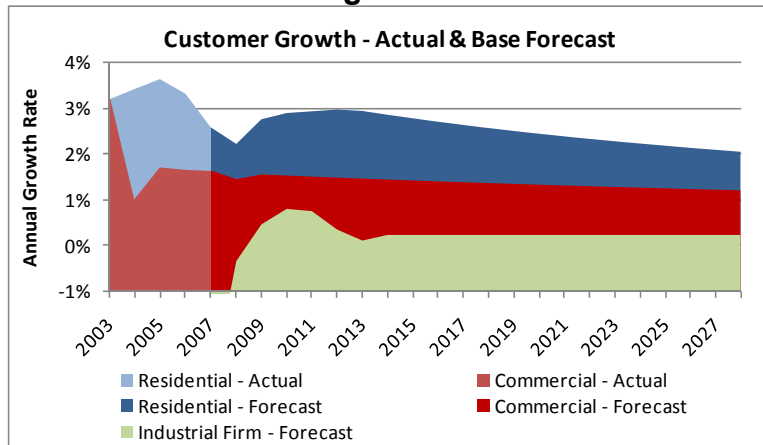
- Assumes flat growth based on average historical customer gains.

**Industrial Firm:**

- Assumed firm industrial customer annual growth rates for 2007 through 2013 are derived from the Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast (OERF) December 2007 manufacturing forecast.
- For the remainder of the forecast period from 2014 to 2028, the Company assumes an annual growth rate of .22%, equal to the two year average annual growth rate for 2012 and 2013.

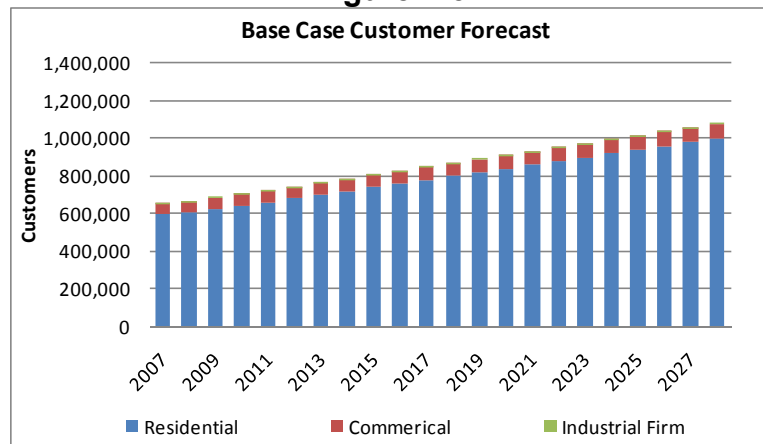
Figure 2-4 below compares actual customer growth experienced by the Company and forecasted base case growth rates. Comparisons are shown for residential, commercial and industrial firm sectors from 2003 through 2027. As shown in Figure 2-4, the Company experienced a peak in actual residential growth in 2005, when growth was well above 3%. This growth declined through 2007 and on a forecast basis until 2008, when the forecast shows a new surge of growth and upward trend until approximately 2012. After 2013, residential growth begins to gradually decline.

Figure 2-4



On the commercial side, Figure 2-4 above shows a steep decline in customer growth from 2003 to 2004, which the Company believes is the result primarily of commercial customers changing rate schedules. In 2005 commercial customer growth flattens to a very gradual decline. Finally, for industrial customers, because of the small number of customers and significant changes from sales to transportation, actual customer growth is not shown until 2008 when the OEA forecast suggests renewed industrial growth. This growth reaches a peak in approximately 2010, and then gradually declines to a stable amount of growth at less than 1%. The resulting Base Case forecast of customer counts is shown in Figure 2-5 below.

Figure 2-5

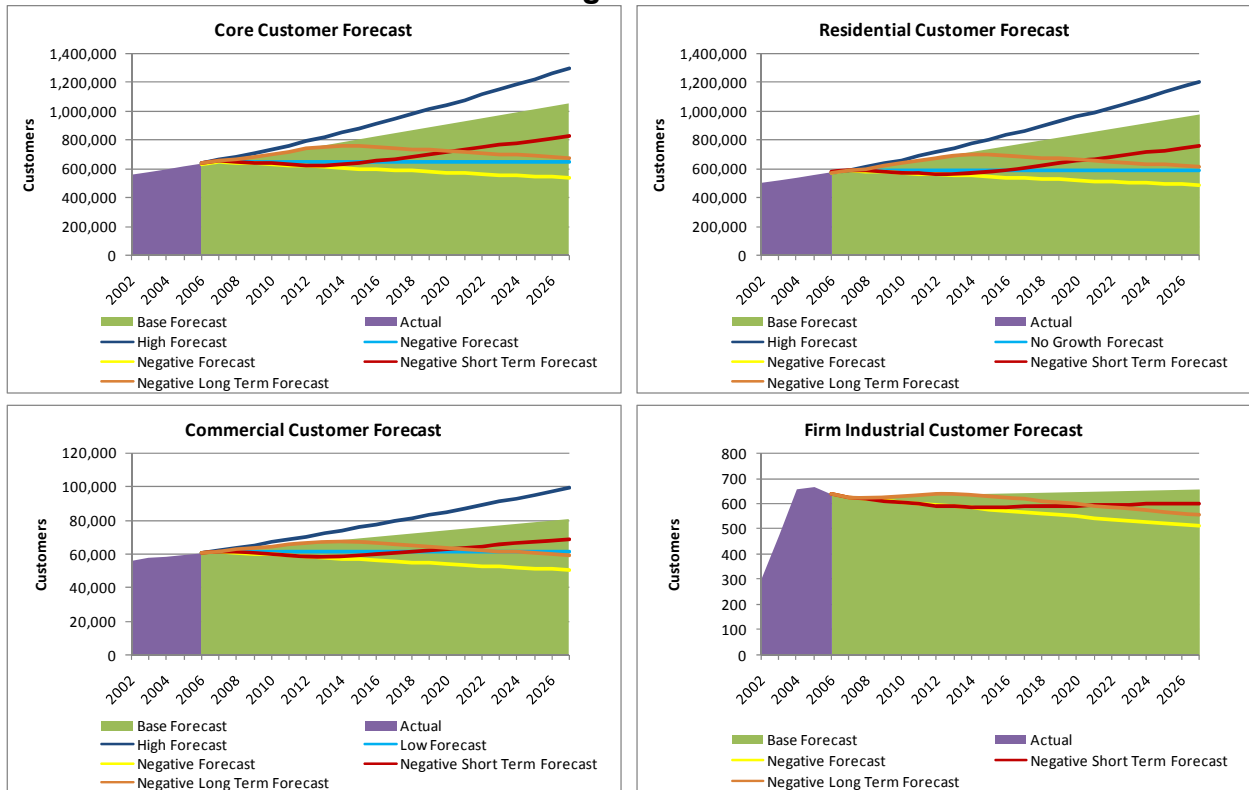


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The Company has developed five departures from the Base Case customer forecast to place reasonable bounds on the range of potential growth outcomes in a mature industry. These five sensitivities around the base case customer growth forecast are outlined in Table 2-1.

Figure 2-6 graphically compares actual historical customer numbers against the six different customer forecasts (i.e. Base Case plus five sensitivities). Specifically, Figure 2-6 shows the historical total number of customers by class since 2002 and the forecasted number of total customers net of attrition with new construction and conversions additions through end of year 2027. As illustrated, the Base Case scenario is the most representative of historical trends in customer growth. Customer numbers by region and sector for each of the six forecasts are provided in tabular form in Appendices 2-14 through 2-19. A more detailed discussion of the Base Case forecast and driving factors by customer class is provided in the following Sections A through E.

**Figure 2-6**



**A. NEW CONSTRUCTION – RESIDENTIAL**

The residential forecast for new construction gains is broken out for single-family and multi-family market segments. For the first half of the forecast period from 2007–2016 (2007-08 through 2015-16 heating seasons), the Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast (OERF) of housing starts drives the system and state level Base Case results for new construction additions. New construction additions for second half of the forecast period from 2017 to 2027 are assumed to remain at 2016 forecasted levels.

Following the forecasting of system and state level customer gains, existing market share drives the allocation of new construction customer gains by market segment (i.e. single family versus multi-family) and by major geographic region.

Figures 2-7 and 2-8 show residential new construction hookups added per year since 1998 and into the year 2027 for single-family and multi-family dwellings and results of the high, base, and no growth forecasts for the system’s cumulative new construction residential customers. The cumulative customer growth from residential single-family new construction and multi-family new construction, respectively, is also shown for the 20 year planning period.

**Figure 2-7**

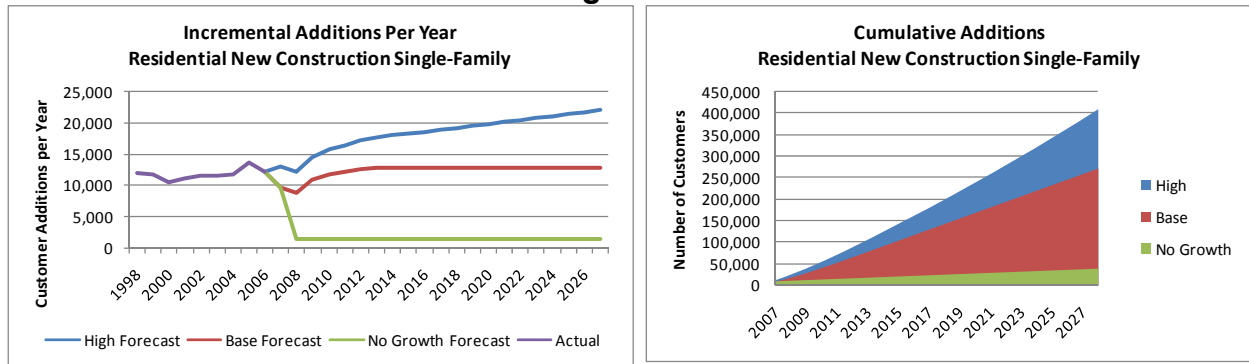
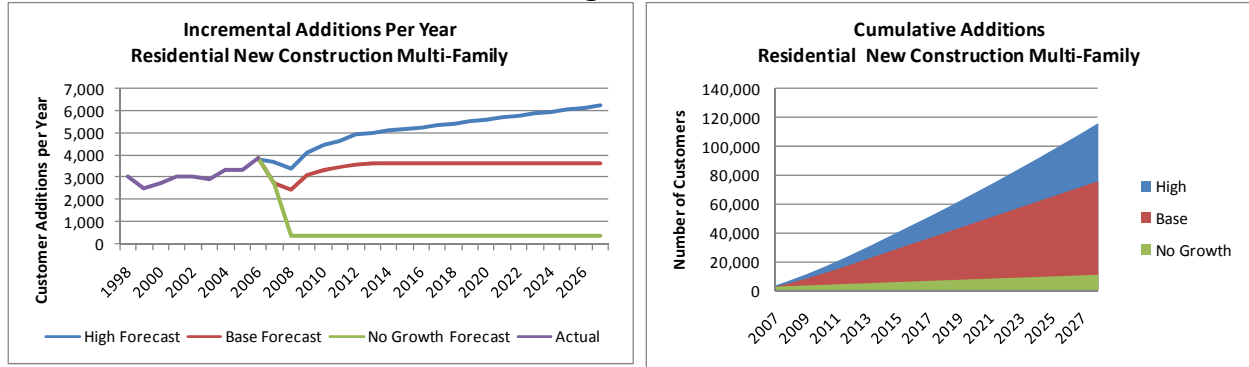




Figure 2-8



**B. NEW CONSTRUCTION – COMMERCIAL**

For the entire forecast period, the Company derives commercial new construction customer additions from the average recent historical customer gains experienced. New construction customer additions are then allocated to regional centers in the same manner as the residential new construction customers are allocated.

Figure 2-9

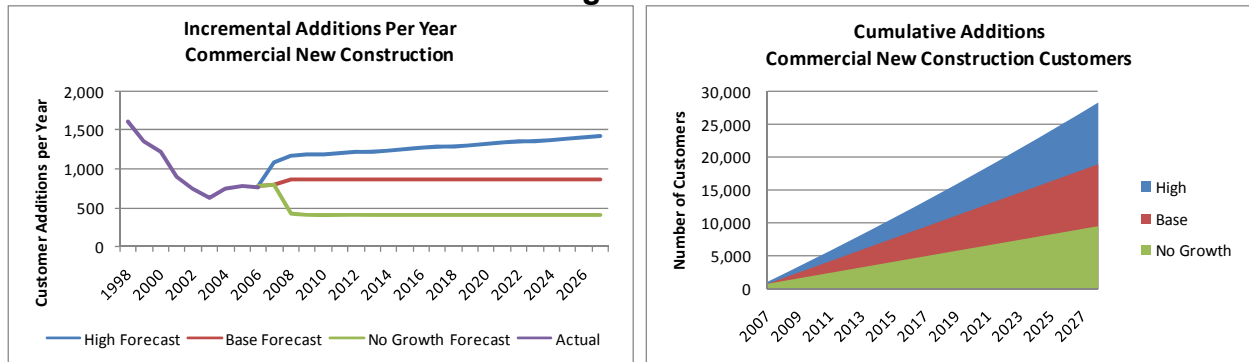


Figure 2-9 shows the annual growth levels experienced since 1998 and results of the high, base, and no growth forecasts for the system’s cumulative new construction commercial customers. Commercial new construction customers increase by approximately 18,000 by the end of the planning period under the Base Case.

**C. NEW CONSTRUCTION – INDUSTRIAL FIRM**

The industrial sector has shown slower output growth than the economy as a whole in recent decades, with imports meeting a growing share of demand for industrial goods. NW Natural anticipates a continuation of this trend throughout its service area. Within the industrial sector, the expectation is that the output of manufacturing industries will grow more rapidly than that of non-manufacturing industries, which include agriculture, mining and construction. However, with higher energy prices and more foreign competition, the expectation is that the energy-intensive manufacturing sectors will remain relatively flat. Assumed industrial firm customer annual growth rates for 2007 through 2013 are derived from the Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast (OERF) December 2007 manufacturing forecast and average 0.35 percent per year.

The analysis of customer growth in the Company's service area over the last five years found that growth in the outer years is immaterial and unrelated to current or projected trends. For the remainder of the forecast period from 2014 to 2027, the Company assumes a lower annual growth rate of 0.22 percent based on the two year average of OERF estimates for 2012 and 2013.

**D. CONVERSIONS FROM OTHER FUELS – RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL**

In addition to forecasting new construction customer gains, each year NW Natural projects the number of residential and commercial customers expected to convert to natural gas from other energy sources by reviewing historical conversion activity experienced by the Company in prior years.

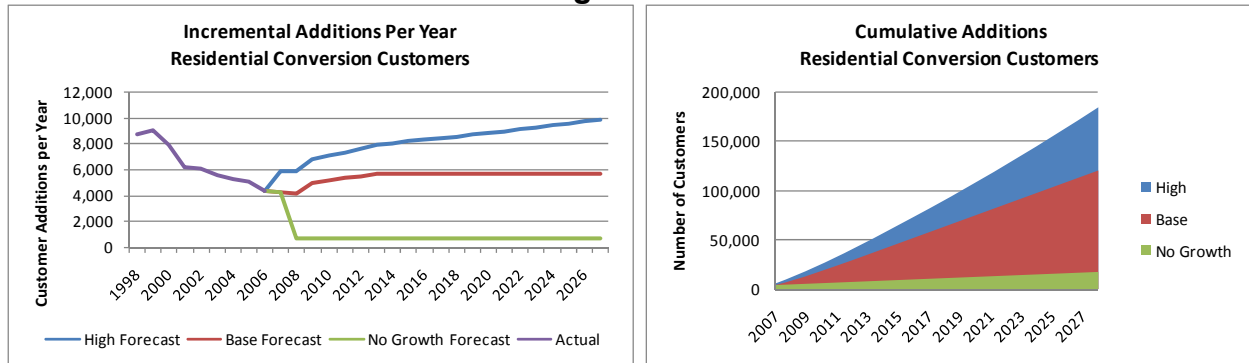
Traditionally, Residential customer gains through fuel conversions were modeled using a starting inventory for the year 1990 of 72,900 oil and 250,000 other stock, actual conversions and per capita income (1983). The forecast for residential customer gains through conversions used the economic driver variables and stock conversion model through the first eight years of the forecast cycle. This trend was then extrapolated through the end of the forecast period.

Figures 2-10 and 2-11 show the incremental number of residential and commercial conversion customer additions per year, respectively. The base case scenario projects that approximately 4,100 to 5,700 new residential conversion each

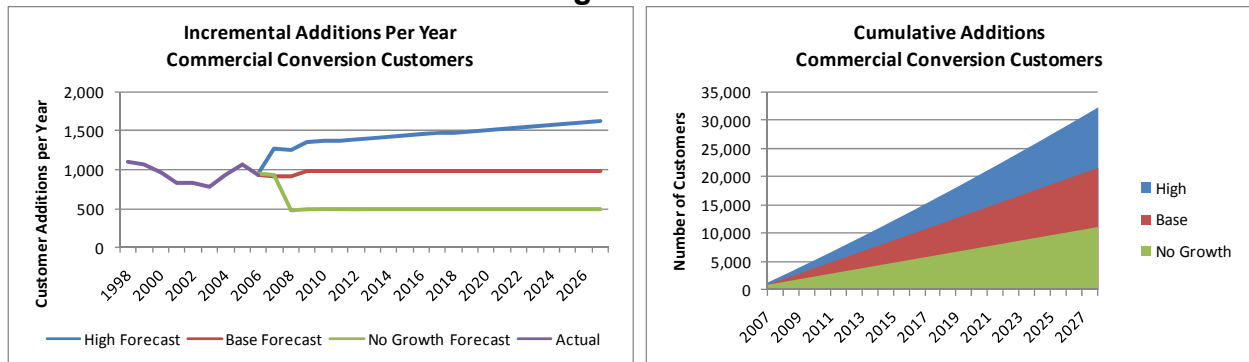
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year. Because the Company believes there will not be a significant number of conversions to gas from other fuels within the industrial firm class of customers, zero conversions are assumed for the industrial firm customer class.

**Figure 2-10**



**Figure 2-11**



**E. HYBRID HEAT CUSTOMERS**

NW Natural is monitoring the spread of hybrid heat systems, a heat pump sold with natural gas back up because of their recent gain in market share. A discussion of hybrid heat customers and their implications to demand forecasting and rate design is presented in Appendix 2 - 24.

### **III. USE PER CUSTOMER FORECASTS**

It is widely accepted that NW Natural's resource planning revolves around meeting peak load. In order to better identify resources needed to serve peak loads it is necessary to identify fuel use as a function of temperature by separating temperature-sensitive use from non-temperature-related use. Non-temperature-sensitive use represents gas requirements for water heating, cooking, and other miscellaneous uses that are largely unresponsive to temperature variations. Non-temperature-sensitive use is expressed as the number of therms used per customer per day for these purposes and is often referred to as base use. The level of base use for residential and commercial customers has remained relatively constant throughout time. However, emerging technologies now exist that provide opportunities for end-use customers to adopt conservation measures to decrease their Base Case use. And in time there will be opportunities to influence overall base use through market transformation efforts – commonly defined as a shift towards stricter efficiency standards through regulation.

The concept of Heating Degree Days (HDDs or Degree Days) is used to measure temperature. HDDs are a measure of the coldness of the weather experienced, based on the extent to which the daily mean temperature falls below a reference temperature, usually 65 degrees Fahrenheit. For example, on a day when the mean outdoor temperature is 35 degrees F, 30-degree days would be experienced. Following National Weather Service conventions, daily mean temperature represents the sum of the high and low readings for the day divided by two, with days defined as the 24 hour period between midnight for each day. While midnight-to-midnight is different than the 7 a.m.-to 7a.m. (Pacific Time) “gas day” used for scheduling deliveries in the gas pipeline industry, that difference is not meaningful here. Consistent with past IRPs, the Company uses a 65-degree balance point assumption in this Plan for both design year and normal annual forecasting.

Developing a method to match usage data to temperature data is vitally important because the capturing of customer usage data and temperature data occur at different intervals. Meters are read for groups of customers over the course of a month rather than at month-end. This results in the availability of customer usage data on a billing cycle basis, thus creating a unique relationship between usage data for any customer group, and number of days and degree-days within the billing period being examined. To reveal the relationship for each customer sub-class between base use and number of days and temperature-sensitive use and heating degree days (HDD), for a given month, the number of days and heating degree days undergo a transformation to reflect the same aggregation of various periods as the monthly billing cycle usage

data. By summing the heating degree days associated with each meter read date in a month and aligning them with the respective volumes and customer counts, the heating degree days are matched up against usage for the period in which they occur and provides a basis for determining the necessary relationships.

Temperature-sensitive use is expressed as the number of therms used per customer per HDD. On average a residential customer uses 0.47 therms per day for base use purposes and an average of 0.11 therms per HDD for space heating purposes. The major sources of differences between various customers' space heating use per degree-day are dwelling size, appliance efficiency, and the thermal integrity of the structure (how well it is insulated). Customer usage profiles for each sub-class and geographic region combination for base year 2007-2008 are provided in Appendix 2-5.

### **A. RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL LOAD EQUATIONS**

Equations for forecasting daily use per customer ("UPC") gas requirements for each residential and commercial customer sub-class all use the same general functional form shown below. They are derived from regression analyses of historic data, and numerically represent the relationships between energy use, and weather and price changes. Equations are used to forecast demand for 2007-08 and later heating seasons.

#### **Residential & Commercial Load Equation**

$$\text{Daily UPC} = [\text{INT-Base Coeff} + \text{HDD}/D_a \times \text{EXP}\{\text{INT-TSL Coeff} + \text{HDD Coeff} \times \text{LN}(\text{MIN}(45, \text{HDD}/D_a)) + \text{Price Coeff} \times \text{LN}(\text{Price})\}]$$

Where:

- $\text{HDD}/D_a$  = Regional HDDs for a specified day;
- Price Coeff is assumed to be  $-0.1798$  and  $-0.1947$  for residential and commercial customers, respectively
- Price is the Per Therm Usage Charge billed to residential and commercial customers.
- $\text{EXP}(A)$  is e to the power A
- $\text{LN}(A)$  is the Natural Log of A

For residential and commercial customers, base load is determined by running a linear regression of therm usage during summer months (i.e. July, August,

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and September) against HDDs. Base load is then estimated by the resulting constant coefficient. Consequently, the temperature sensitive use or heat load for each month of the year is estimated by subtracting from total use (1) the estimated base load and (2) the price effect, where the price effect is calculated as the assumed price coefficient multiplied by the natural log of the per therm usage charge billed to customers. Residential and commercial price coefficients are assumed to be -0.1798 and -0.1947, respectively. Further discussion of these price coefficients is presented in Section V. For the 2007-2008 base year, the resulting price effect on demand is equivalent to price elasticities<sup>2</sup> of negative 0.13 and negative 0.12 for residential and commercial customers, respectively. A discussion of price elasticity and the per therm usage charge forecast follows in Section V.

To determine temperature sensitive load, the natural log of heat use net of price effects is then regressed against the natural log of heating degree days for non-heating months (i.e. October through May). NW Natural's core market forecasting methods include an element of "bend over" for the residential and commercial classes. While residential and commercial bend over has not been observed empirically, it is necessary to recognize the phenomenon when extrapolating use factor equations calibrated using monthly observations that never exceed an average 35 heating degree days per day to more severe weather. The Company has assumed that when HDDs exceed 45, an increasing number of gas heating appliances are running at full capacity and that gas use per heating degree day (unit consumptions) will not increase further as the weather gets colder. The resulting regression coefficients have been used to estimate demand for the 2007-2008 gas year and are shown in Appendix 2-1. Summaries of the residential and commercial regression model statistics are provided in Appendix 2-2 and Appendix 2-3, respectively.

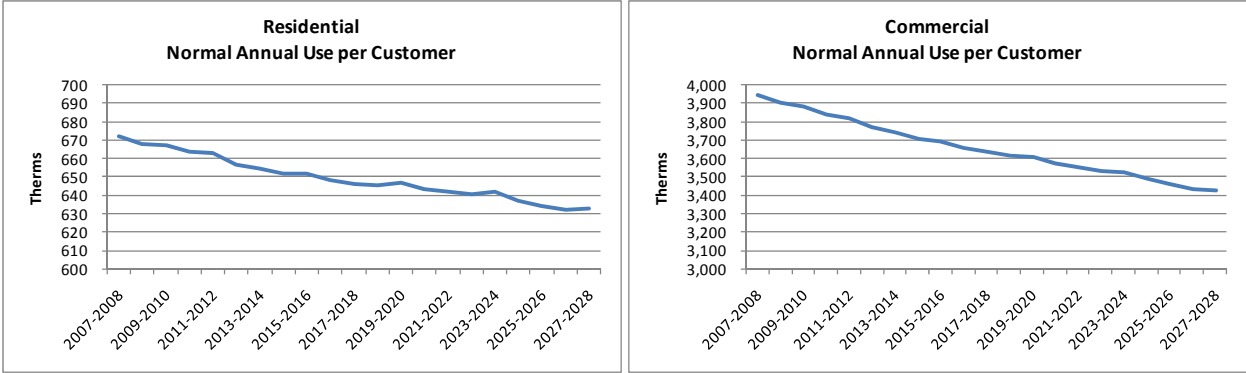
Over time, conservation investments change usage for existing and conversion dwellings. To incorporate conservation effects not included by DSM programs, the demand forecast assumes a 10%, 5%, 15%, and 100% annual decrease in Int-Base, Int-TSL, HDD, and Price coefficients, respectively.<sup>3</sup> Figure 2-12 below illustrates the Base Case forecasted normal annual use per customer decline for existing residential and commercial customers. Over the 20 year forecast period, average residential and commercial use per customer is expected to decline by approximately -0.3% and -0.7% per year, respectively.

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2 Price Elasticity of negative 0.13 means that if prices increase by 10%, demand is expected to decrease by 1.3%.

3 Each coefficient decline is calculated for each forecast year 2 (i.e. 2009) through year 20 (i.e. 2027) as the previous year coefficient \* EXP(-Annual % Decrease / 20 years \* current year). All coefficients, with the exception of the Int-Base Coefficient are in Lognormal terms.

Figure 2-12



**B. INDUSTRIAL FIRM LOAD EQUATIONS**

Industrial base load and temperature sensitive load are derived from a linear regression analysis of historical monthly industrial firm usage and temperature data. The resulting usage factors are assumed to remain constant over the forecast period. A summary of the industrial regression model statistics is provided in Appendix 2-4.

**Industrial Firm Load Equation**

Daily UPC = Base Load + Temperature Sensitive Load x HDD/D<sub>a</sub>

Where:  
 HDD/D<sub>a</sub> = Regional HDDs for a specified day;

**C. INTERRUPTIBLE CUSTOMER REQUIREMENTS**

The Company carefully examines the best mix of side supply resources in order to meet the needs of its firm sales customers. NW Natural is not obligated to dedicate resources to interruptible customers, with the serving of Interruptible load occurring only with capacity in excess of that required for core market customers. While not considered by the Company for IRP planning purposes, the interruptible sales demand forecast is described below for informative purposes only.

The interruptible sales forecast assumes an average daily UPC of 1,284 therms based on 12 month ended November 2007 volumes. This assumed average daily use per interruptible customer is held constant over the forecast period. Projections for industrial interruptible sales range from 82 million therms for the 2007-2008 gas year to a peak of approximately only 86 million therms for the 2027-2028 gas year. The use of an almost unchanging fixed volume forecast reflects the basic nature of the load in question. Large industrial and institutional users generate most of the interruptible load, and research shows that these customers exhibit constant usage.

**Interruptible Load Equation**

$$\text{Daily UPC} = 1,284 \text{ therms}$$

The number of interruptible customers is assumed to grow at the same annual rate as the industrial customer forecast. Similar to the industrial forecast, the Company assumes no conversions to gas from other fuels for the interruptible customer class.

**IV. FORECAST EQUATION PERFORMANCE**

NW Natural focuses primarily on gas usage behavior during severe weather episodes for capacity planning purposes. It is difficult to measure forecast accuracy for design day forecasts unless the Company experiences near term cold spells. Fortunately, a significant “cold snap” took place in the Company’s service area during January 2004, and an unseasonably cold three-day period in early 2006 followed the 2004 event. Figure 2-13 and Figure 2-14 below show the relationship of actual firm throughput to predicted gas use during the seventeen-day period December 26, 2003 through January 11, 2004, and the cold three-day period in 2006. The 2004 and 2006 backcast demand curves test the reasonableness of the Company’s current use per customer forecasts against the actual cold snap observations and were developed by applying the Company’s current UPC forecast to the historical customer counts and the per therm usage charges as of the date of the observed cold snaps.



Figure 2-13

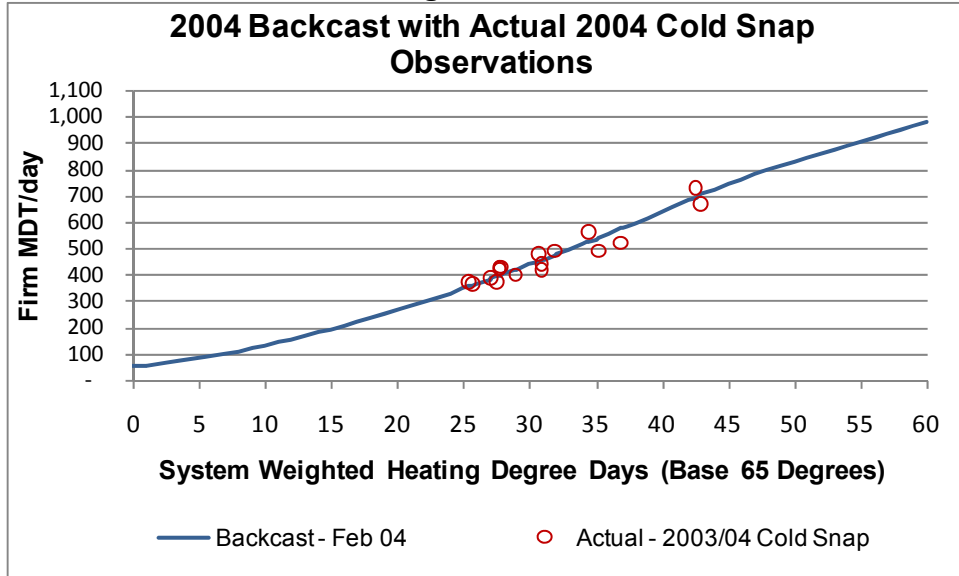
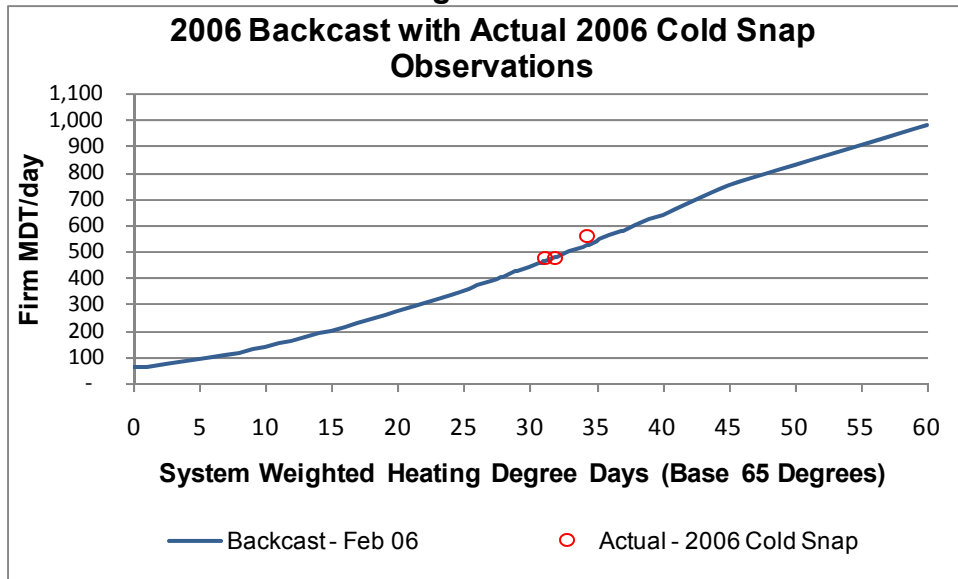
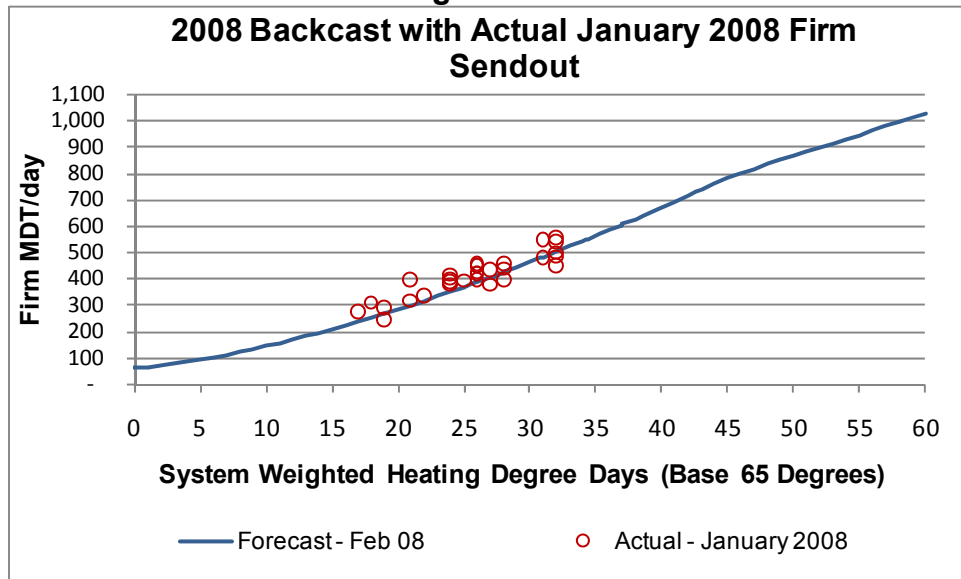


Figure 2-14



To test the recent performance of the demand forecast, NW Natural also compared the demand forecast results to the actual daily firm throughput volumes for January 2008. These results are shown in below in Figure 2-15.

Figure 2-15



The root mean square error (RMSE) is a common statistical measure used to describe and compare the precision of forecasts. The RMSE can be calculated with the formula shown below.

**Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)**

$$RMSE = \sqrt{\sum_{t=1}^n (Y_t^{Actual} - Y_t^{forecasted})^2 / n}$$

Where:

- $Y_t^{Actual}$  designates the actual outcome for observation t
- $Y_t^{forecasted}$  designates the forecast

For the twenty historical cold-day observations shown in Figures 2-13 and 2-14 above, the RMSE is approximately 29 thousand dekatherms (MDth), suggesting a 90 percent confidence interval of approximately  $\pm 47$  MDth.<sup>4</sup> For the 31 recent actual January 2008 daily observations shown in Figure 2-15 above, the RMSE is approximately 43 MDth, suggesting a 90 percent confidence interval of approximately

4 Assuming normal distribution of the forecast errors, different uncertainty bands can be calculated with the help of the root mean square error (RMSE). It is possible to design an uncertainty band within which the variable in question will lie with a probability of 90 percent by applying the interval  $\pm 1.64 \times$  RMSE to the forecast, where 1.64 is taken from the normal distribution.

±71 MDTh. While the demand forecast appears to perform better when estimating demand on colder January 2008 days, the forecast is still producing reasonable results for warmer days. As shown in Figure 2-13, the forecasted demand line falls in between actual observed demand levels occurring during the three warmest days and the fourth warmest day in January 2008. Specifically, the demand equation is only slightly under-predicting the warmest three days with forecast errors in the amount of 38 MDTh, 57 MDTh and 23 MDTh, respectively and only slightly over-predicting the fourth warmest day with a forecast error of -25 MDTh. All forecast errors for these warmer days are within the 90% confidence interval of ±71 MDTh. As an action item, the Company plans to further review the demand forecast to ensure that it performs well under warmer weather days and will report findings in the IRP Update in 2009.

The forecasted values shown above represent the system-level forecast for each day. The Company currently does not have daily firm throughput recorded by the eight IRP regions that would be necessary to perform a similar daily analysis of forecast error at the regional level. This is due to inherent difficulties in mapping gate station throughput data to the eight IRP regions. As a future action item, the Company will investigate data collection requirements to analyze demand forecast error regionally, similar to the system-wide analysis presented in Figures 2-13 through 2-15 above.

## **V. PRICE FORECASTS**

### **A. CUSTOMER PER THERM USAGE CHARGE FORECAST**

The sustained volatility of natural gas prices and the risk and uncertainty associated with them makes it necessary to include price elasticity in NW Natural's modeling in order to accurately forecast use per customer. Trends in usage by Company-specific customers have been directly linked to changes in their natural gas rates, and this trend is anticipated to persist. Analysis of the historical responses to price changes over the past 13 years has yielded a -0.1798 price coefficient estimate for the Company's residential customers and -0.1947 for its commercial customers. For the 2007-2008 base year, the resulting price effect on demand is equivalent to price elasticities of negative 0.13 and negative 0.12 for residential and commercial customers, respectively.<sup>5</sup>

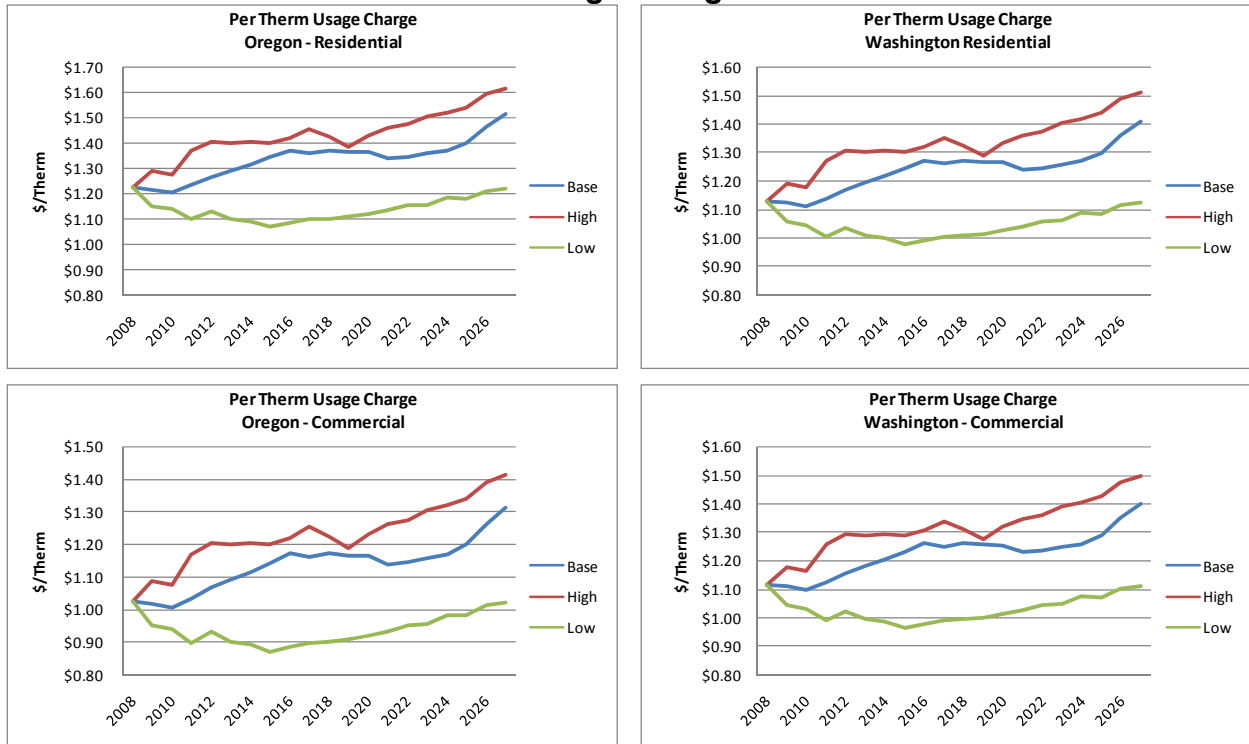
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<sup>5</sup> The price elasticity factors are estimated for the 2007/2008 year by increasing the per therm usage charge by 10% and observing the forecasted percentage decrease in demand for the 2007/2008 year assuming price coefficients equal to -0.1798 and -0.1947 for residential and commercial customers, respectively.

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The 2008 customer per therm usage charges for Oregon and Washington are developed by taking the current monthly billing rate for residential sales service and the customer weighted average of the commercial sales service rate schedules, excluding the customer charge component. For 2009 and later, the difference between these rates and an assumed allowed margin<sup>6</sup> is escalated by the forecasted annual change in the Company’s cost of gas supply. For purposes of this analysis, the Company’s cost of gas supply is estimated as a weighted average of wholesale market prices assuming 32.3% of purchases are from Sumas, 32.3% from AECO, and 35.4% from NW Rockies/Opal. In addition to a base case wholesale gas price forecast, NW Natural also produces forecasts for high and low price scenarios. A discussion of the wholesale market price forecasts follows in Section B.

**Figure 2–16  
Per Therm Usage Charge Forecasts**



<sup>6</sup> Residential margins are assumed to be \$0.5810/therm and \$0.4990/therm for Oregon and Washington, respectively. Commercial margins are assumed to be \$0.3814/therm and \$0.4837/therm for Oregon and Washington, respectively.

**B. NATURAL GAS PRICE FORECASTS**

During the past seven years price fluctuations in the natural gas market have shouldered the shut-in of supplies due to hurricanes, direct and indirect influences related to domestic and international terrorist attacks, and ongoing political instability within countries that retain the rights to the major fuel reserves. In addition, the role of non-commercial trading by price speculators and the level of influence they have on both spot market prices and the futures market has yet to be fully vetted, although there has been an increased concern over their role in the last decade. This uncertainty surrounding the natural gas market makes forecasting natural gas prices extremely difficult.

Future gas prices are influenced by long-term factors such as changing demand, development of LNG infrastructure, and the likelihood of additional frontier supplies coming to market. Supplies are expected to grow over the next five years from LNG imports and from domestic production, especially in Texas and Wyoming. The debate over pipelines from the Arctic Circle may be resolved, but the pipelines are not likely to be in service in this time frame. If the Mackenzie Delta pipeline is built, all of its gas deliveries are likely to be consumed in northern Alberta for oil-sands production. Diversity among supply basins will also continue to be important if Rockies supplies find new outlets to the East and price differentials evaporate. These long term effects are further coupled with short term factors such as actual weather, anticipated near term weather, as well as storage inventories in various supply and demand areas affect short-term gas prices.

Pipeline de-contracting could pose a major concern in the Pacific Northwest. Decisions by shippers to not renew pipeline capacity contracts with Gas Transmission Northwest (GTN) led to a major rate increase on that system in 2007. Projects such as the Ruby Pipeline and Jordan Cove LNG terminal create additional opportunities for de-contracting on GTN and other pipeline systems. However, recent long-term contract renewals on the Northwest Pipeline (NWP) system in February 2008 may be the first signal that this trend is easing. The March 2008 announcement of the NWP/GTN Sunstone pipeline project could even reverse this trend, i.e., lead to the re-subscription of currently unutilized pipeline capacity, if that project is successful.

Although NW Natural does not believe that they can accurately predict future prices for a 20-year planning horizon, the Company has reviewed several public and proprietary price forecasts and has selected high, base, and low price forecasts to represent reasonable pricing possibilities for AECO, NW Rockies, Sumas and Malin indices. NW Natural tracks a number of public price forecasts including those available from the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) and NYMEX futures. The

## **2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN**

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Company relies on the Wood Mackenzie Long Term Outlook<sup>7</sup> for its Base Case natural gas price forecast for Henry Hub and basis differentials for NW Rockies, Sumas, AECO and Malin pricing points, as it has traditionally outperformed projections released by the EIA. This consulting firm produces both a long-term market outlook as well as monthly and weekly updates. NW Natural is therefore able to rely on forecasts that have a long-term perspective – incorporating those elements that drive long range views, and also up to date information as the markets change.

The high price scenario assumes the same monthly gas prices for 2007/2008 as the Base case. For the 2009/2010 season, the high scenario assumes Base Case monthly prices plus  $\frac{1}{2}$  times the standard deviation of \$1.23/MMBtu observed in the historical Gas Daily First of Month Henry Hub index over the five year period from 2003 to 2007. For the 2011/2012 season, the high scenario assumes Base Case monthly prices plus one standard deviation.<sup>8</sup> For 2013/14 through 2027/28, the high price scenario is escalated at the EIA 2007 Annual Energy Outlook High Case forecasted year to year percent change in the Henry Hub annual spot price.

The low price scenario assumes the same monthly gas prices for 2007/2008 as the Base case. For the 2009/2010 season, the high scenario assumes Base Case monthly prices minus  $\frac{1}{2}$  times the standard deviation of \$1.23/MMBtu observed in the historical Gas Daily First of Month Henry Hub index over the five year period from 2003 to 2007. For the 2011/2012 season, the low scenario assumes Base Case monthly prices minus one standard deviation. For 2013/14 through 2027/28, the low price scenario is escalated at the EIA 2007 Annual Energy Outlook Low Case forecasted year to year percent change in the Henry Hub annual spot price.

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<sup>7</sup> The Wood Mackenzie Long Term Outlook was updated in January 2008.

<sup>8</sup> The use of +/- one standard deviation for the near term is a reasonable range for high and low price scenarios. Assuming a normal probability distribution, approximately 68% of the possible price values are expected to fall within one standard deviation of the mean.

**Table 2-4  
Henry Hub Natural Gas Price Scenarios**

<p><b>High Price Scenario</b>                  2007-2008: Same as Base Case                  2009-2010: ½ Standard deviation increase over Base Case.                  2011– 2012: 1 Standard deviation increase over Base Case.                  2013 – 2027: Escalated at EIA 2007 Annual Energy Outlook High Case % change year to year.</p>	<p><b>Base Case – Wood Mackenzie</b>                  Long Term Outlook of monthly Henry Hub market prices and basis differentials for AECO, Malin, Sumas, and Rockies.</p>	<p><b>Low Price Scenario</b>                  2007-2008: Same as Base Case                  2009-2010: ½ Standard deviation decrease over Base Case.                  2011– 2012: 1 Standard deviation decrease over Base Case.                  2013 – 2027: Escalated at EIA 2007 Annual Energy Outlook Low Case % change year to year.</p>
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Figure 2-17 below presents the resulting annual average base case, high, and low forecasts for Henry Hub. Figure 2-18 shows monthly base case price forecast with basis differentials for NW Rockies, Sumas, AECO and Malin indices.

**Figure 2-17**

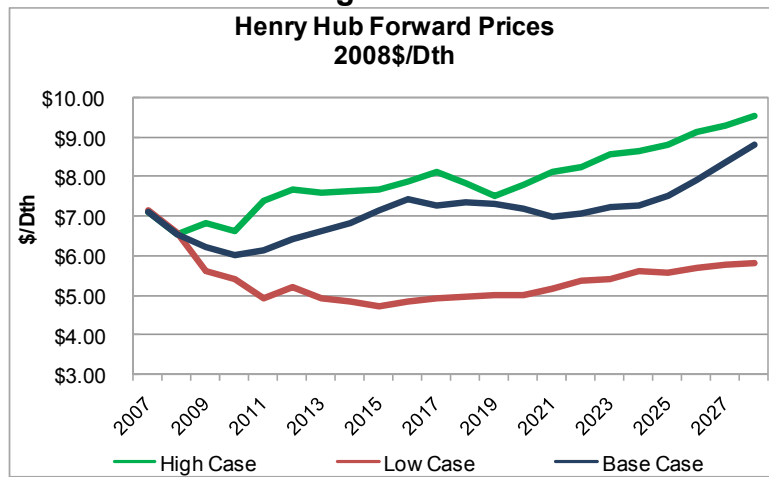


Figure 2–18

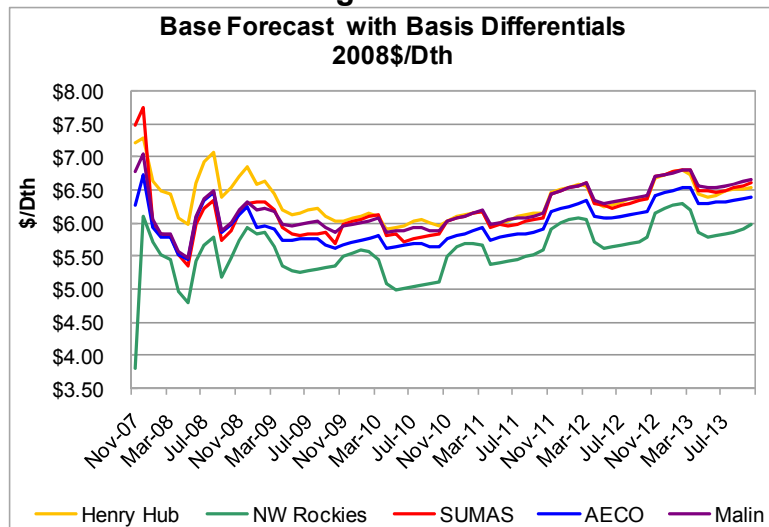
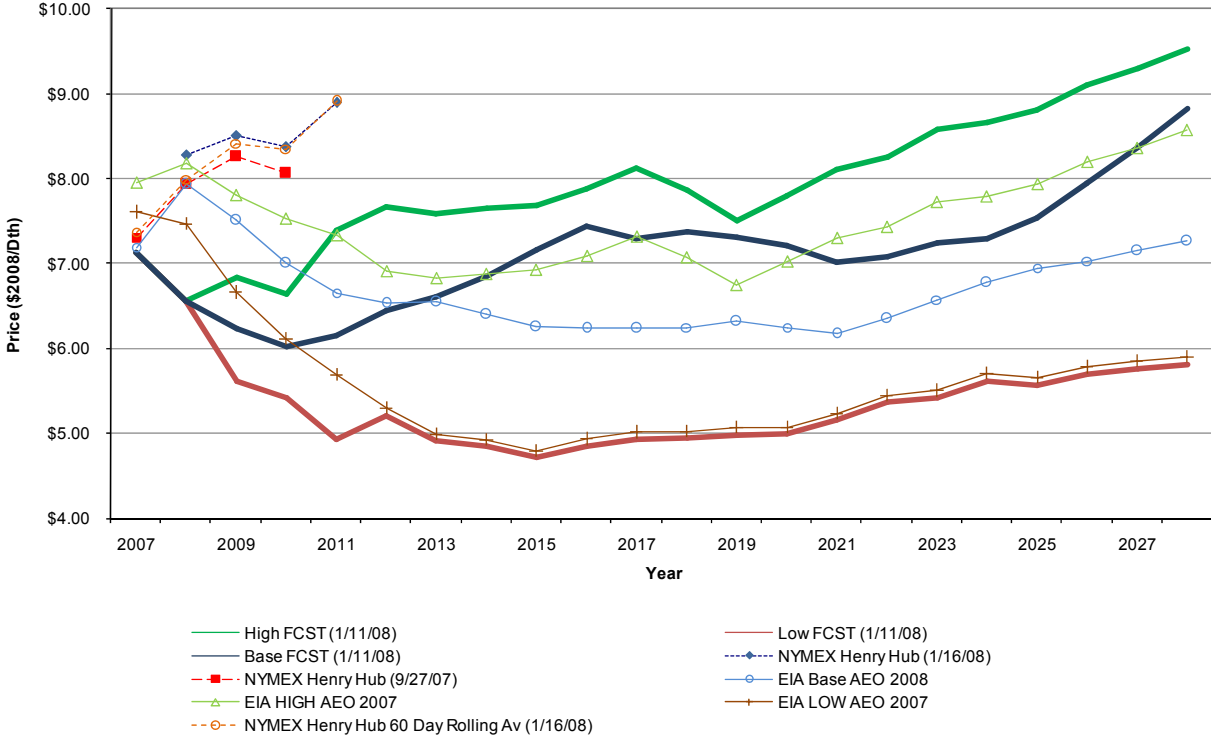


Figure 2-19 shows a comparison of the annual average base case, high and low price forecasts for Henry Hub against EIA projections and historical NYMEX futures. Each year the EIA releases its Annual Energy Outlook (AEO) that presents the EIA forecast and analysis of U.S. energy supply, demand, and prices. The EIA produces a base case (“Reference Case”), and high and low price scenarios to account for future uncertainty in the market. The EIA 2007 Annual Energy Outlook represents the current best available long term forecast for high and low Henry Hub cases, as the EIA 2008 Annual Energy Outlook update for high and low price cases has not yet been released as of March 17, 2008. In addition, Wood Mackenzie does not provide the Company with high and low price forecasts. EIA’s base case is influenced by a number of assumptions including: the construction of new LNG terminal capacity; the Alaska pipeline beginning to transport to the lower 48 States in 2018; decreased consumption due to high natural gas prices and increased supply; and technological advances in production remaining at historical rates. The high and low price cases are driven by: the unproven domestic natural gas resource base being 15 percent lower (high price case) and 15 percent higher (low price case) than the estimate used in the base case; and technological advances in production in the low price case at levels 50 percent below the base case (50 percent above the base case for the high price case). Downstream, EIA projects delivered natural gas prices will trend with anticipated changes in wellhead prices due to flat transmission and distribution margins. However, it is worth noting that if public opposition prevents infrastructure enhancements, delivered prices would be expected to rise.



**Figure 2-19**  
**Price Forecast Comparison**  
**Henry Hub**



NW Natural evaluated the impact of the high and low price forecasts compared to the Base Case in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. A comparison of supply cost results are presented in Chapter 5. In addition to the two high and low price forecast sensitivities, NW Natural also evaluated a wide probabilistic range of potential prices and the effect on supply cost through Monte Carlo simulations in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. Results of this analysis are also presented in Chapter 5.

**VI. WEATHER PLANNING STANDARDS**

**A. DESIGN DAY**

For design day planning purposes, NW Natural relies on the coldest historical system-wide coincident day observed during the last twenty years. This coincident system-weighted coldest average day of 53.0 HDD occurred on February 3, 1989 and was identified by examining for each day, the system-wide customer weighted

average of the regional observed HDDs. Design day for each region is then defined as the actual HDD observed for that region on February 3, 1989. In addition, a "restated" coincident peak day for each regional center has been created by averaging five peak day events and adjusting the regional averages such that the system weighted average peak day corresponds to the February 3, 1989, system weighted average peak day. Further analysis revealed that the shoulder day leading into the average peak day and the shoulder day following it represent two out of the top ten average coldest days during the design year. Therefore, this plan includes peaking shoulder days that also occurred in 1989, to better account for the ramp-up to the peak day and the ramp-out from it.

The question of reasonableness arose in the previous IRP surrounding the probability of the design day weather occurring. In analyzing weather conditions over the last 20 years the probability of a system weighted-average peak day of 53.0 HDD occurring as a coincident moment ranged from zero percent during a stretch of summer days up to 0.115 percent on February 3<sup>rd</sup>, the date on which the system weighted-average peak of 53.0 HDDs actually occurred. Further analysis of historical peak day temperatures over the last 20 years yielded a 20-year mean value of 37.57 HDDs, and a standard deviation of 6.52 HDDs. The peak values have a statistical range of 48.3 HDDs (95<sup>th</sup> percentile) to 26.9 HDDs (5<sup>th</sup> Percentile). Looking forward there is a 0.90% likelihood each year that the Company will experience a system weighted-average peak day equal to or greater than 53.0 HDDs.

## **B. CURRENT DESIGN YEAR PLANNING CRITERIA**

To evaluate annual demand requirements for least cost planning purposes, the Company developed for each geographic region a design year with daily HDD levels based on the 85% probability coldest winter<sup>9</sup> (i.e. November through March), where the statistically generated total HDDs are allocated to days based on the historical pattern observed during the 2000/01 winter, which on a system weighted average basis most closely matches the statistically generated total. Design year is augmented by the coldest historical coincident system-weighted average day observed during the last twenty years from 1987 to 2006. This coincident system-weighted coldest average day occurred on February 3, 1989. In addition, the day prior to and following the peak day (i.e. February 2 and February 4) are also included in design year

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9 Assuming a normal distribution of winter HDD subtotals, the 85% probability coldest winter is equal to approximately the average winter HDD subtotal + (1.0364 x Standard Deviation of Winter HDD subtotals. Averages and standard deviations for winter HDD subtotals are derived from 20 years of historical weather data for 1987 to 2006.

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to model a consecutive three day cold snap. For the non-heating season (i.e. April through October), daily HDD values are assumed equal to the 20-year average normal.

The resulting design day, design year and 20-year average normal year heating degree days are shown below in Table 2-5 for each geographic region. Temperature patterns vary by region and are not correlated. The Portland metropolitan area represents approximately 61 percent of total customers in NW Natural's service territory, and therefore dominates calculated system weighted averages. However, matching cold temperatures in other regions do not always accompany a cold day in Portland. For example, the record cold 54 HDD-event observed for Portland on December 30, 1968, involved only 40 HDDs at the Eugene weather station. Similarly, the record cold 64 HDD event observed for Eugene was accompanied by 48 HDDs in Portland. The coastal regions of Coos Bay, Lincoln City & Newport and Astoria typically have milder winters. In contrast, winters in Vancouver and The Dalles are usually colder than the rest of NW Natural's service territory.

**Table 2-5**

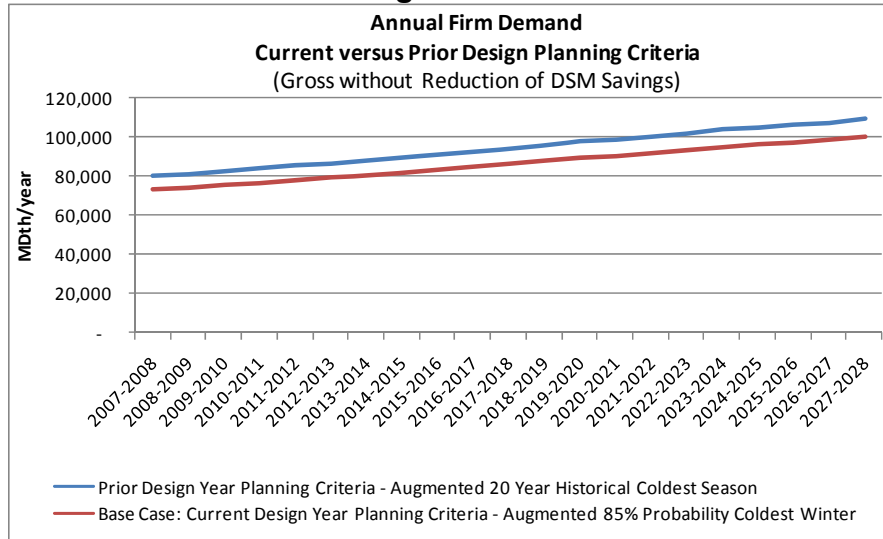
<b>Heating Degree Days By Geographic Region</b>	<b>Design Day 3-Feb-89</b>	<b>Design Year</b>	<b>Normal Year</b>
Albany	52.0	4,931	4,653
Astoria	50.0	5,223	4,935
Coos Bay	38.0	4,656	4,365
The Dalles (OR)	60.0	5,601	5,268
Eugene	52.5	4,930	4,635
Lincoln City & Newport	48.5	5,078	4,776
Portland	53.0	4,498	4,218
Salem	54.0	4,845	4,559
Vancouver	53.5	5,092	4,824

### **C. PRIOR DESIGN YEAR PLANNING CRITERIA – 20 YEAR COLDEST HISTORICAL**

While NW Natural currently bases its least cost planning decisions on an augmented 85 percent probability coldest winter design year, in the past the Company had relied upon the historical coldest season observed in the past 20 years augmented to represent a very cold weather scenario. As shown in Figure 2-20 below, the use of the prior design year planning criteria would increase forecasted design year firm requirements by approximately 6,800 MDth in 2007-2008 and 9,200 MDth by 2027-2028. For purposes of this IRP, NW Natural evaluated in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> both the 85 percent probability coldest winter and the historical coldest season observed in the past

20 years. A discussion of cost and risk trade off in the two resulting supply resource selections is presented in Chapter 5.

**Figure 2-20**



The 20 year coldest historical weather scenario is developed for each geographic region with daily HDD levels based on the colder of the historical coldest season experienced in the last 20 years from 1987 to 2006 and the daily corresponding 20 year normal. With this 2008 IRP, the 1985-1986 winter drops out of the 20-year time frame and is replaced by the 1992-1993 heating season as the coldest historical season experienced in the last 20 years. In addition, the historical coldest year is augmented by the coldest historical coincident system-weighted average coldest day observed during the last twenty years from 1987 to 2006. As discussed in the prior section, this coincident system-weighted coldest average day occurred on February 3, 1989. To model a consecutive three day cold snap, the day prior to and following the peak day (i.e. February 2 and February 4) are also included.

In contrast to the 85% probability design year, the 1992-93 heating season has presented the most demanding period faced by NW Natural in the last 20 years. Before the 1992-93 heating season, the 1985-86 period was most demanding. Although the extreme cold weather experienced in February 1989 had a much colder peak day, it occurred during a very mild heating season. Going back more than 50 years, the 1949-50 heating season was the most severe of all. The distribution of heating degree days for these selected cold heating seasons are compared in Table 2-6 and Figure 2-21, using Portland data as the basis for the comparison.

**Table 2-6**  
Historical Heating Degree Days (HDDs)<sup>10</sup>

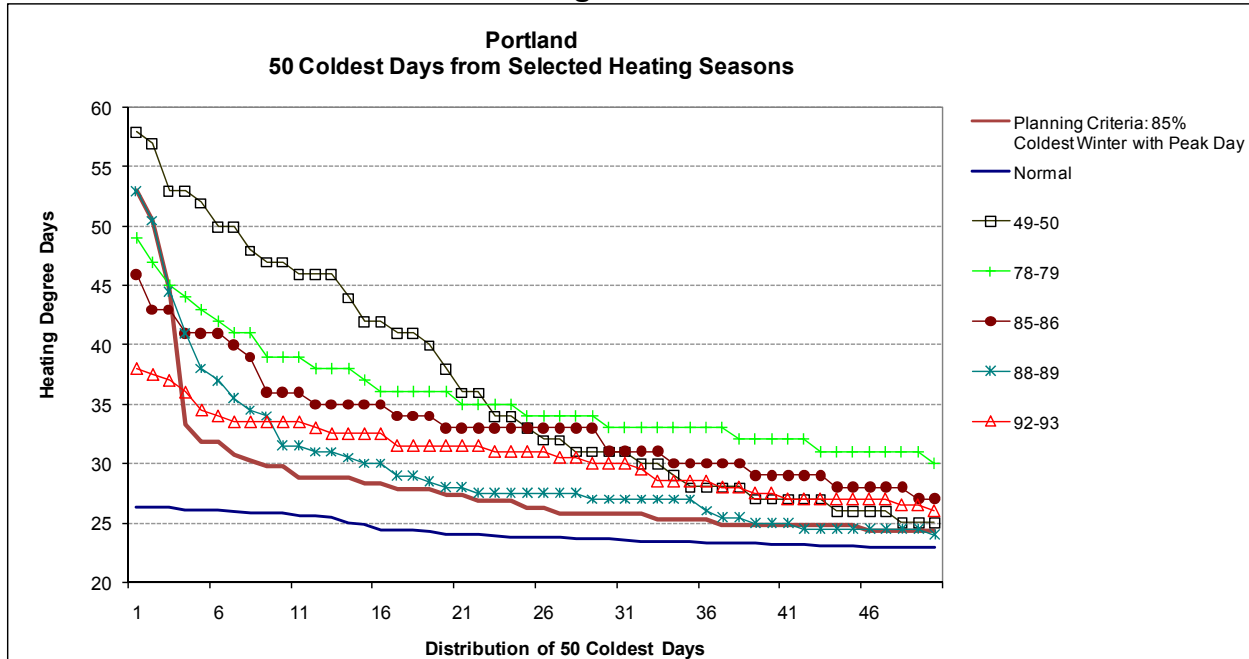
Heating Season	Peak HDD	Number of Days Colder Than:		
		49 HDD	38 HDD	29 HDD
1949-50 <sup>11</sup>	58	7	19	32
1968-69	54	2	9	29
1978-79	49	0	8	60
1985-86	46	0	8	38
1988-89	53	2	4	16
1992-93	38	0	1	32

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10 As reported at Portland International Airport.

11 NW Natural does not plan for a repeat of the 1949-50 weather episode that falls within a coldest-in-fifty-nine-year time frame. It would be considerably more expensive to base the Company's design weather year on the 1949-50 episode instead of the 85% probability coldest winter planning weather criteria currently used by the Company. Rather than commit to the expense of obtaining the additional supply-side resources necessary to meet a repeat of the 1949-50 experience, NW Natural could call upon a variety of highly publicized voluntary curtailment strategies to meet short-term demand in the event that NW Natural experiences extreme weather at a level similar to the 1949-50 winter conditions. If historic winter conditions such as 1949-50 occur, or if resources do not perform as expected, then the possibility exists to take emergency actions to prevent outages to firm customers. For example, carte blanche may be given to suppliers to round up additional supplies. In addition, emergency capacity exists at the storage plants permitting withdrawals at higher-than-planned rates, albeit at the risk of temporary or permanent damage to the facilities. The Public appeals broadcasting of lower thermostat settings is also an option. Finally, if absolutely necessary to avert firm outages the preempting of gas transported to interruptible customers is an option. Therefore, a certain amount of emergency capacity exists in the system that provides NW Natural a buffer in meeting the extraordinary requirements of firm customers.

Figure 2-21



In addition to the two design year weather scenarios, NW Natural also evaluated the cost and risk trade off of its supply options with hundreds of Monte Carlo simulations assuming a normal distribution around the 20-year normal. The three deterministic weather scenarios (i.e. 85% probability coldest winter design year, augmented coldest historical year, and normal year) are provided in Appendix 2-14 through 2-16. Results of the cost and risk trade off analyses against the 85% probability coldest design year, 20 year historical coldest weather and the Monte Carlo simulations are presented in Chapter 5.

**VII. KEY FINDINGS**

Appendices 2-6 through 2-19 summarize NW Natural’s customer class and total firm requirements forecasts under each of the Company’s six primary load growth scenarios. The demand forecast from the expected Base Case revealed the following:

- The number of system-wide core customers is expected to increase from 652,000 in 2007 to 1,053,000 by 2027. This is an annual average growth rate of 2.4 percent.

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- Coincident system-wide design day core demand is projected to increase from a peak of 915 MDth/day in 2007-2008 to 1,223 MDth/day in 2027-2028. This is an annual growth rate of 1.5% in peak day requirements.
- Annual system-wide design year demand assuming the 85% probability coldest winter is projected to increase from 73,201 MDth in 2007-2008 to 100,132 MDth in 2027-2028. This is an annual growth rate of 1.6% in annual requirements.
- Annual system-wide normal demand is projected to increase from 68,774 MDth in 2007-2008 to 94,209 MDth in 2027-2028. This is an annual growth rate of 1.6% in annual requirements.

### **VIII. ACTION ITEMS**

- The Company will monitor the spread of hybrid heat systems and implications for demand forecasting.
- The Company will further review the demand forecast to ensure that it performs well under warmer weather days and will report findings in the IRP Update in 2009.
- The Company will investigate data collection requirements to analyze demand forecast error regionally, similar to the system-wide analysis presented in Figures 2-11 through and 2-13.

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## **CHAPTER 3: SUPPLY-SIDE RESOURCES**

### **I. OVERVIEW**

This chapter discusses the gas supply resources that the Company currently uses to meet existing firm customer supply requirements, as well as the supply-side alternatives that could be used to meet the forecasted growth in gas requirements as described in Chapter 2. Supply-side resources include not only the gas itself, but also the pipeline capacity required to transport the gas, the Company's gas storage options, and the system enhancements necessary to distribute the gas. This chapter surveys existing and potential resources without judgment as to the resources that will be chosen. Chapter 5 describes the actual linear programming optimization process, which selects the resources that are least cost under a variety of load growth scenarios.

The gas supply planning process focuses on securing and dispatching gas supply resources to ensure reliable service to the Company's sales customers. The amount of gas needed is greatly influenced by customer behavior. Several factors can affect customer behavior, and can cause daily, seasonal, and annual variations in the amount of gas required. Much of this variation is due to changes in the weather. However, changes in business cycles, and the price of natural gas service in relation to other fuel alternatives, may also influence a customer's gas use. These behavioral factors are accounted for in the Company's gas requirements forecast, and are discussed in more detail in Chapter 2.

The ability to plan for customer requirement variations while maintaining reliability of service is best accomplished by keeping a variety of supply resources available. The Company's current supply portfolio consists of both contracted natural gas supplies, which can be used year-round and transported on the interstate pipeline system, and storage gas supplies, which are stored either underground or as liquefied natural gas (LNG)<sup>1</sup> in tanks. Both can be used as peaking resources during periods of high demand.

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1 Liquefied natural gas, or LNG, is natural gas in its liquid form. When natural gas is cooled to minus 259 degrees Fahrenheit (-161 degrees Celsius), it becomes a clear, colorless, odorless liquid. LNG is neither corrosive nor toxic. Natural gas is primarily methane, with low concentrations of other hydrocarbons, water, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, oxygen and some sulfur compounds. During the process known as liquefaction, natural gas is cooled below its boiling point, removing most of these compounds. The remaining natural gas is primarily methane with only small amounts of other hydrocarbons. LNG weighs less than half the weight of water so it will float if spilled on water.

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Another resource in the Company's portfolio is a variation on storage. It consists of callable supply arrangements with industrial customers, gas-fired electric generation plants, and/or with the gas suppliers serving such facilities. The terms of these agreements allow the Company to call on gas supplies controlled by these parties for a limited number of days during the heating season. For a variety of reasons this resource most closely resembles NW Natural's LNG peaking service. The alternate fuel tanks of the end-users could be thought of as the storage medium. Since the end-users for these gas supplies either have to shut down or switch to alternative fuels, the duration for such service is limited, like LNG. Its delivery to or within the Company's service territory again mirrors that of the Company's LNG plants and related contracts. Finally, like LNG, this is a relatively expensive resource on a pure cent per therm basis. That is because prospective suppliers of this service expect it to be called upon during the harshest weather, when alternate fuel costs are highest and re-supply is uncertain, and so they must include the possible cost of plant shutdowns and product loss. Most customers are simply unwilling to even consider providing such a service on a negotiated basis, and others may be too small to be of interest to the Company. However, the Company continues to pursue such resources where feasible.

Even with prices of natural gas expected to increase over the next 20 years, NW Natural expects its gas supply requirements to generally increase as its firm customer population grows. The characteristics of this load increase are a critical component of the resource selection process. For example, water heater demand is relatively constant throughout the year. Additional water heater load could be met most efficiently and economically by a resource that has relatively constant deliverability year-round -- a "baseload" resource. The growth in space heating requirements tends to be highly seasonal in nature. This type of load growth is best met with a combination of "baseload" and "peaking" resources. Peaking resources are designed to deliver large volumes of gas for a short duration, such as during cold weather.

The effects of price elasticity add another layer of complexity onto gas requirements. When prices go up, consumption should decrease to some extent. This may be due to structural changes and choices, such as the installation of higher efficiency appliances and insulating materials. Or, it may be due to behavioral changes, such as turning down thermostat settings or dressing warmer. The structural changes should persist under most conditions, but the behavioral changes could be easily reversed. For example, lowering the thermostat may be a customer's response to high prices, but during an extreme cold weather episode, the customer may decide to raise the thermostat rather than risk frozen pipes or other discomforts. This may be a temporary move that has a negligible impact on annual requirements, but it could directly correlate to, and have a non-trivial impact on, peak day requirements.

Given these complexities, the Company has assembled a portfolio of supplies to meet the projected needs of its firm customers. At the same time, this portfolio is flexible enough to enable the Company to negotiate better opportunities as they arise. Existing contracts have staggered terms of greater than one year to very short-term arrangements of 30 days or less. This variety gives the Company the security of longer-term agreements, but still allows the Company to seek more economic transactions in the shorter term.

## **II. CURRENT RESOURCES**

### **A. PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTS**

NW Natural holds firm transportation contracts for capacity on the Northwest Pipeline Corporation (NWPL) interstate pipeline system, over which all of NW Natural's supplies must flow except for the small amount of local gas produced in the Mist field (currently less than 1% of annual requirements). For its purchases in Alberta and British Columbia, NW Natural also holds transportation contracts on the pipeline systems upstream of NWPL, namely Gas Transmission Northwest (GTN, a unit of TransCanada Pipelines Limited), TransCanada's BC System (TCPL-BC, formerly known as ANG), TransCanada's Alberta System (TCPL-Alberta, also known as NOVA), Westcoast Energy Inc. (WEI, a division of Spectra Energy) and the Southern Crossing Pipeline (SCP) owned by Terasen Inc. (formerly known as BC Gas).

NW Natural holds all rights to most of its firm transportation contracts. The exception is one small volume NWPL contract that was acquired by NW Natural from another party who retained the right to re-acquire the contract at a future date. Similarly, NW Natural has released a small portion of its NWPL capacity to two customers but has retained certain heating season recall rights. Details of each contract are provided in Table 3-1.

**2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN**

**Table 3-1<sup>2</sup>**  
Firm Transportation Capacity as of January 2008

<b>Pipeline and Contract</b>	<b>Contract Demand (Dth/day)</b>	<b>Termination Date</b>
<b>NWPL:</b>		
Sales Conversion	216,044	9/30/2013
1993 Expansion	34,000	9/30/2044
1995 Expansion	102,000	11/30/2011
Weyerhaeuser Cap. Acquisition	5,200	Annual Evergreen
Duke Capacity Acquisition	<u>5,000</u>	3/31/2008
Total NWPL Capacity	362,244	
less recallable releases to -		
Portland General Electric	(30,000)	10/31/2010
Georgia Pacific	<u>(7,000)</u>	Annual Evergreen
Net NWPL Capacity	325,244	
<b>GTN:</b>		
Sales Conversion	3,616	10/31/2023
1993 Expansion	46,549	10/31/2023
1995 Rationalization	<u>56,000</u>	Annual Evergreen
Total GTN Capacity	106,165	
<b>TCPL BC System:</b>		
1993 Expansion	47,000	10/31/2008
1995 Rationalization	56,500	Annual Evergreen
Engage Capacity Acquisition	3,814	10/31/2008
2004 Capacity Acquisition	<u>48,200</u>	10/31/2016

- 2 Notes to Table 3-1:
- For each listed capacity resource, the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model includes the cost NW Natural is currently paying for the service.
  - All of the agreements continue year-to-year after termination, at NW Natural's sole option, except for the NWPL 1993 expansion contract, the Weyerhaeuser Capacity Acquisition and the releases to PGE and GP. Continuation of those agreements requires mutual consent.
  - The TCPL-BC and TCPL-Alberta contracts are denominated in volumetric units. Accordingly, the above energy units are approximations.
  - The numbers shown for the 1993 Expansion contracts on GTN and TCPL-BC are for the winter season (October-March) only. Both contracts decline during the summer season (April-September) to approximately 300,000 therms/day.
  - NW Natural also has a 2,500,000 therm/day interruptible NWPL contract with a monthly evergreen term.

## 2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN

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Total TCPL-BC Capacity	155,514	
<b>TCPL Alberta System:</b>		
1995 Rationalization	57,000	Annual Evergreen
Burlington/Summit Cap. Assignments	23,561	10/31/2008
Engage Capacity Acquisition	3,861	10/31/2008
Engage Capacity Assignments	24,121	10/31/2008
2004 Capacity Acquisition	<u>48,910</u>	10/31/2016
Total TCPL-Alberta Capacity	157,453	
<b>WEI T-South Capacity</b>	60,000	10/31/2014
<b>Southern Crossing Pipeline (SCP)</b>	47,200	10/31/2020

Since the implementation of FERC Order 636 in 1993, capacity rights on U.S. interstate pipelines have been commoditized; *i.e.*, capacity can be bought and sold like other commodities. These releases and acquisitions occur over electronic bulletin board systems maintained by the pipelines, under rules laid out by FERC. To further facilitate transactional efficiency and a national market, interstate pipelines have moved towards some standardization of definitions and procedures through the efforts of the industry-supported North American Energy Standards Board (NAESB), with the direction and approval of FERC. Capacity trades also can occur on the Canadian pipelines. In general, Canadian pipelines try to be consistent with most of the NAESB standards since much of the Canadian gas production is destined by export to markets in the United States.

On the pipeline systems utilized by NW Natural, usage among capacity holders tends to peak in roughly a coincident fashion as cold weather blankets the Pacific Northwest region. Similarly, capacity that may be available during off-peak months tends to be available from many capacity holders at the same time. This means that, unfortunately, NW Natural is rarely in a position to release capacity during high value periods of the year, and it would be unusual for capacity to be available for acquisition during peak load conditions. Given the dynamics of market growth and pipeline expansion, the Company will continue to monitor and utilize the capacity release mechanism whenever appropriate, which primarily will mean continuing to post its own capacity for release during off-peak periods to benefit its customers.

**B. GAS SUPPLY CONTRACTS**

NW Natural's portfolio of supply for the 2007-2008 heating season is indicated in Table 3-2.<sup>3</sup> The contracts with near-term expiration dates will either be renegotiated or replaced prior to the next heating season. The contracts are baseloaded, meaning they have a daily delivery obligation, unless labeled as "Swing Supply," which means NW Natural has a daily option to take all, some or none of the indicated volumes at its discretion.

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3 Table 3-2 excludes local production from the Mist field that is delivered directly to NW Natural's system. Since the initial gas discoveries in 1979, Mist production flows peaked at approximately 100,000 therms per day. Local production now results from third party exploration efforts and currently runs less than 20,000 therms per day. The Company utilizes approximately 12,000 therms per day for modeling purposes. All such production is sold under a long-term contract to NW Natural for the life of the production wells. Due to the relatively low Btu content of the production gas, volumes almost always must be blended with the Company's other supplies to reach an acceptable heating value. This limits the amount of production gas the Company can receive, and so the amount is not likely to change significantly unless higher Btu gas discoveries are made or markets for lower Btu gas can be found.

**2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN**

**Table 3-2<sup>4</sup>**  
Upstream Supplier Portfolio as of January 2008

Supply Location	Duration	Baseload Quantity (Dth/day)	Swing Supply (Dth/day)	Contract Termination Date
<i>British Columbia (Station 2):</i>				
BP Canada	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2009
Coral Energy Canada	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2010
Husky Energy Marketing	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2009
Nexen (assigned from Duke)	Nov-Oct	20,750		10/31/2008
PremStar Energy	Nov-Oct	3,000		10/31/2008
Sempra Energy Trading	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2008
TD Commodities	Nov-Mar	4,000		3/31/2008
<i>Alberta:</i>				
BP Canada	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2009
Sempra Energy Trading	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2014
BP Canada	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2009
ONEOK Energy Services Canada	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2008
Coral Energy Canada	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2008
TD Commodities	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2008
Husky Energy Marketing	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2008
<i>Rockies:</i>				
Coral Energy Resource	Nov-Mar	15,000		3/31/2008
PPM Energy	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2008
BP Energy	Nov-Oct	10,000		10/31/2008
BP Energy	Nov-Mar		10,000	3/31/2008
ONEOK	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2008
ONEOK	Nov-Mar		10,000	3/31/2008
Western Gas Resources	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2008
Western Gas Resources	Nov-Oct	5,000		10/31/2010
ConocoPhillips	Nov-Mar	10,000		3/31/2008
Total Off-System Firm Contract Supply		197,750	20,000	

- 4 Notes to Table 3-2:
- Contract quantities represent deliveries into upstream pipelines. Accordingly, quantities delivered into NW Natural's system are slightly less due to the reduction for upstream pipeline fuel consumption.
  - Almost all term contracts contain a price formula tied to a published monthly index price. Those index prices may be hedged using financial instruments.
  - SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> assumes all spot and term gas supplies are priced at 100% of the proprietary forecast of monthly gas commodity prices for Sumas, Aeco, and Opal.



**C. STORAGE RESOURCES**

The key characteristics of existing storage options available to NW Natural from its own facilities, or contracted from NWPL on a firm basis, are shown in Table 3-3<sup>5</sup>:

**Table 3-3<sup>6</sup>**  
Firm Storage Resources as of January 2008

Facility	Max. Daily Rate (Dth/day)	Max. Seasonal Level (Dth)	Termination Date
<b>Jackson Prairie:</b>			
SGS-2F	46,030	1,120,288	Upon 1-Year Notice
TF-2 (redelivery service)	32,624	839,046	Upon 1-Year Notice
TF-2 (redelivery service)	13,406	281,242	3/31/2008
<b>Plymouth LNG:</b>			
LS-1	60,100	478,900	Upon 1-Year Notice
TF-2 (redelivery service)	60,100	478,900	Upon 1-Year Notice
<b>Total Firm Off-system Storage:</b>			
Withdrawal/Vaporization	106,130	1,599,188	
TF-2 Redelivery	106,130	1,599,188	
<b>Firm On-System Storage Plants:</b>			
Mist (reserved for core)	230,000	8,975,000	n/a
Portland LNG Plant	120,000	600,000	n/a
Newport LNG Plant	<u>60,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	n/a
Total On-System Storage	410,000	10,575,000	
Total Firm Storage Resource	516,130	12,174,188	

5 SGS refers to the Storage Gas Service available from NWPL at the Jackson Prairie underground storage facility near Chehalis, Washington. LS refers to the Liquefaction Service offered at NWPL's Plymouth LNG plant in Washington, just across the Columbia River from Umatilla, Oregon. SGS-2F and LS-1 exclude NWPL transportation service to NW Natural's system. TF-2 is the firm transportation service offered by NWPL for redelivery of gas from certain storage facilities to customers on its system.

6 Notes:

- a. For the JP and Plymouth storage resources listed herein, the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model includes the cost NW Natural is currently paying NWPL for the service. For each of the on-system storage resources, the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model includes a carrying charge on the carried gas inventory equal to 5.16%. In addition, for the Mist capacity, the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model includes a daily deliverability charge of \$0.004/Dth (the same cost assumed for Mist recall capacity).
- b. All of the above agreements continue year-to-year after termination at NW Natural's sole option.
- c. On-system storage peak deliverability based on design criteria.

NW Natural's core customers currently receive underground storage service at NW Natural's Miller Station facility from four depleted production reservoirs (Bruer, Flora, Al's Pool, and a portion of Reichhold), collectively referred to as Mist storage. The Mist storage deliverability and seasonal capacity shown in Table 3-3 represents NW Natural's portion of the present design capacity reserved for core customers. This facility has a maximum total daily deliverability of 519,000 dekatherms and a total working gas capacity of about 16 million dekatherms contained in the above plus three newer reservoirs (Schlicker, Busch, and Meyer). Capacity in excess of core needs is made available for non-utility storage business. As core needs grow, existing storage capacity may be recalled and transferred for use by core utility customers. The IRP models the recallable portion of the existing Mist storage capacity as an incremental resource that is discussed in Section V of this chapter.

**D. OTHER EXISTING SUPPLY RESOURCES**

As mentioned previously, an additional type of resource in NW Natural's portfolio is a variation on storage, *i.e.*, agreements that allow the Company to utilize gas supplies delivered to the Company's service territory for a limited number of days during the heating season. These are supplies that otherwise would be consumed at industrial sites in the Company's service territory. NW Natural currently has four such "recall" arrangements with three parties, as summarized in Table 3-4 below.

**Table 3-4<sup>7</sup>**  
Recallable Supply Arrangements as of January 2008

Type	Max. Daily Rate (Dth/day)	Max. Annual Recall (days)	Termination Date
<b>Recall Agreements:</b>			
Recall 1	30,000	30	11/1/2010
Recall 2	7,000	35	upon 1 year notice
Recall 3A	3,000	40	upon 1 year notice
Recall 3B	5,000	40	upon 1 year notice
Total Recall Resource	45,000		

All of the above agreements provide for continuation after the termination date if mutually acceptable. Three of these deals (Recall 2 and 3A/B) are already in

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<sup>7</sup> For each listed recall resource, the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model includes the cost NW Natural is currently paying for the service.

their annual "evergreen" period. The first two arrangements (Recall 1 and 2) utilize NWPL capacity released by NW Natural on a recallable basis, and correlate to customer release volumes shown in Table 3-1. When those two arrangements terminate, the released NWPL capacity reverts back to NW Natural. The IRP assumes that NW Natural terminates Recall 2 and the model treats this capacity as an incremental resource. Recall 3A and 3B utilize NWPL capacity held by the providers of the service.

The pricing of the recallable supplies reflects the peaking nature of the service. The incremental price of any recalled supplies typically is tied to alternative fuel costs (diesel, propane, etc.), and so would not be economic to dispatch until anything other than extreme cold weather conditions.

#### **E. SUPPLY DIVERSITY**

The Company buys its supplies from a variety of supply basins, including a small amount of local production in the Mist field as mentioned above. The underlying purchase contracts are weighted towards long-term (one year or more) durations to ensure reliability of supply and simplify contract administration. A significant number of the contracts are medium-term (less than one year but at least one month) arrangements, primarily five-month contracts, to match the seasonal increase in customer requirements during the winter. A small portion is purchased on the spot (less than one month) market, typically during the non-heating season to meet fluctuating storage injection requirements and if favorable pricing is available during other periods of the year.

Figures 3-1 and 3-2 provide graphical representations of the Company's supply resources and diversity during 2007.

FIGURE 3-1

**Gas Supply Diversity by Contact Length  
For Calendar Year 2007**

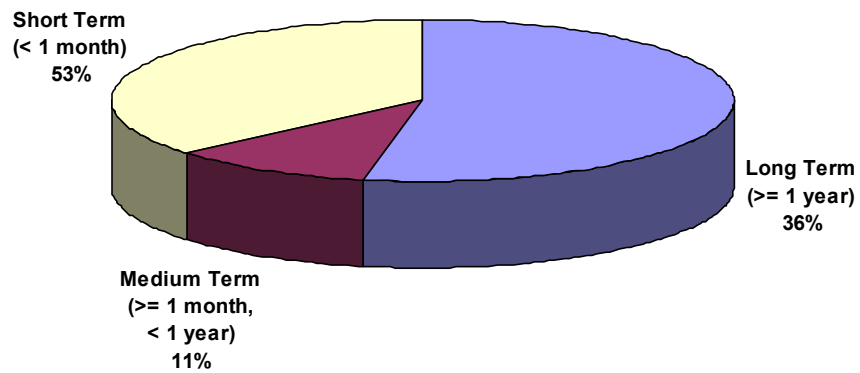
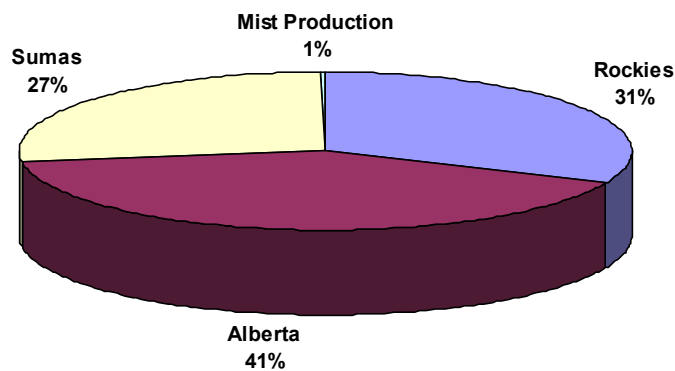


FIGURE 3-2

**Gas Supply Diversity by Source  
For Calendar Year 2007**



Two transitions began in 2003 that have altered the appearance of these graphs in recent years. First, the Company had five long-term (10 to 15- year) supply

contracts that all expired in October or November 2003. These contracts previously accounted for over 60% of total annual purchases. They began during the onset of deregulation in the late 1980s and early 1990s and reflected concerns at the time regarding supply reliability, as well as regulatory requirements to demonstrate market support for upstream pipeline expansions. They were cumbersome, however, in that they required annual price renegotiation subject to binding arbitration. Over time, these contracts evolved to using price formulas based on monthly price indexes, but annual renegotiation was still needed every year to determine the factor (usually a small premium) to be applied to the monthly index for the coming year. Replacement supply contracts also reference monthly price indexes, but the factor to be applied to the index has been negotiated for the term of the agreement, so no further negotiations are required.

The second transition concerns sources of supply. While NW Natural originally was dependent on British Columbia for roughly half of its gas purchases, there are far greater supplies of gas available in the province of Alberta. Alberta markets are far more liquid and hence exhibit less volatility than British Columbia trading points. NW Natural's subscription to capacity on SCP and associated TCPL capacity allowed it to shift some of its current British Columbia purchases to Alberta starting in November 2004. Figure 3-2 reflects the movement away from British Columbia supply and more towards Alberta supply.

As supply contracts expire, new opportunities to re-contract supplies under different arrangements will be examined.

## **F. PHYSICAL AND FINANCIAL HEDGING**

NW Natural provides its retail customers with a bundled gas product including gas storage for its regulated utility business. To accomplish this, NW Natural aggregates load and acquires gas supplies for its core retail customers through wholesale market physical purchases that may be hedged using physical storage or financial transactions.

Four goals guide the physical and financial hedging of gas supplies: 1) reliability, 2) lowest reasonable cost, 3) price stability, and 4) cost recovery. Section VII. B. of this chapter provides definitions of the four goals.

The use of selected financial derivative products provides NW Natural with the ability to employ prudent risk management strategies within designated parameters for natural gas commodity prices. The objective is to use derivative products to

structure hedging strategies as defined by NW Natural Gas Supply Risk Management Policies. All wholesale gas transactions must be within the limits set forth by those policies. This is intended to prevent speculative risk.

NW Natural's Gas Acquisition Strategy and Policies Committee has oversight for the development and enforcement of the Gas Supply Risk Management Policies. Within those policies, the Derivatives Policy establishes governance and controls for financial derivative instruments related to natural gas commodity prices including financial commodity hedge transactions.

### **III. SUPPLY-SIDE RESOURCE DISPATCHING**

The Company's Gas Supply Department now utilizes *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> to perform its dispatch modeling each fall. Based on expected conditions, this modeling provides guidance to the department in how it anticipates dispatching from various pipeline supplies and storage facilities. The objective is to ensure reliable service during the heating season on an aggregate system-wide basis and, at the same time, achieve the maximum economic benefit from seasonal price differences and varying gas delivery terms. With the assistance of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>, resource portfolios are developed with the best combination of expected costs and associated risks and uncertainties for the utility and its customers. The system is operated as an integrated whole and costs are apportioned accordingly, absent state boundaries.

NW Natural's heavy reliance on storage gas requires routine examination of the Company's ability to meet peaking loads. To test the Company's storage resources, Gas Supply incorporates inventory curves into the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> modeling that represent the ideal operation of each storage facility to meet core customer demand. These results provide insight for operational personnel by simulating the effects of dispatch choices on subsequent heating season conditions.

Appendix 3-1 shows the inventory guidelines for the 2007-2008 heating season at Mist, the Newport LNG plant, the Portland LNG plant ("Gasco"), and under the Jackson Prairie (SGS-2F) and Plymouth (LS-1) contracts with NWPL.

#### **IV. RECENT RESOURCE DECISIONS**

Since the 2004 IRP, NW Natural has added new resources to its gas supply portfolio in response to continued robust customer growth and in anticipation of future growth, although tempered by declining usage per customer trends. These additions generally followed supply-related conclusions and action plan steps developed in the 2004 IRP, in particular, the further development of remaining Mist storage capacity and deliverability as follows:<sup>8</sup>

- 2004 IRP Conclusion No. 2: "The Company's existing resources are in balance with loads. Therefore, beginning almost immediately the Company must add resources to assure service under peak load conditions."
  - Company Action: In 2004, NW Natural completed the South Mist Pipeline Extension (SMPE) and recalled 20,000 Dth/day of peak withdrawal capacity at Mist. Since that time, load forecasts have not indicated a need to change the Company's overall supply portfolio, as increases in customers served were offset by declining usage per customer.
  
- 2004 IRP Conclusion No. 3: "Sequential development of underground storage reservoirs is the least-cost means of meeting our service area's growing requirements. Pre-development of storage resources ahead of core-market need, with excess capacity sold into the interstate market provides the least cost resource development path for core market customers."
  - Company Action: Since the 2004 IRP, NW Natural has expanded Mist's total capacity (core and interstate) up to 519,000 Dth/day of withdrawal capability due to strong demand from the interstate market. This brings Miller Station and its set of surrounding reservoirs up to their full build-out potential, given existing leaseholds. This is actually greater than the full planned Miller Station build-out contemplated in the 2004 IRP of 425,000 Dth/day. Customers now have the ability to recall over time up to an additional 289,000 Dth/day.

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<sup>8</sup> Conclusions reprinted from NW Natural's 2004 Integrated Resource Plan, Volume 1, Executive Summary, pages ES-2 and ES-16.

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- 2004 IRP Conclusion No. 4: “Current interstate pipeline capacity is adequate for the next 15 years, although minor adjustments at certain gate stations and upgrades of interstate pipeline lateral capacity may be required before then.”
  - Company Action: NW Natural is pursuing options to further diversity pipeline transportation paths. Specifically, in August 2007, the Company entered into precedent agreements for service along a proposed transmission line (“Palomar”) that would connect TransCanada Corporation’s GTN interstate gas line in central Oregon to NW Natural’s high-pressure system.
  - An opportunity presented itself in February 2008 to acquire 12,000 Dth/day of NWPL capacity from the Rockies to the I-5 corridor at existing (not expansion) rates with a start date no later than November 2017. Based on preliminary IRP results, this acquisition (“March Point NWPL capacity”) fit projected needs at a favorable price and so the deal was executed before the opportunity disappeared.  
Note: Both Palomar and March Point NWPL capacity have been modeled as discretionary incremental capacity additions in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> in order to validate those decisions.
  
- 2004 IRP Action Plan 2.1: “Refine cost estimates for Grants Pass Lateral enhancements and the joint development marginal storage reservoirs and Willamette Valley Feeder segments. Marginal storage reservoirs are those known to exist but not included as resource options in this Plan.”
  - Company Action: This IRP includes enhanced Grants Pass Lateral capacity and Willamette Valley Feeders segments as incremental resource options.
  
- 2004 IRP Action Plan 2.2: “Continue to recall daily and annual underground storage capacity from the interstate storage gas market to core market service as needed.”
  - Company Action: This IRP models the availability of Mist recall capacity throughout the planning horizon. NW Natural will continue to recall Mist capacity as identified in this 2008 IRP.
  
- 2004 IRP Action Plan 2.3: “Evaluate the benefits and costs of marine liquefied natural gas facilities located in the Pacific Northwest.”
  - Company Action: The Company continues to evaluate system supply opportunities from proposed liquefied natural gas import facilities in



Oregon. This IRP includes two alternate resource portfolios with LNG import terminals.

## **V. FUTURE RESOURCE ALTERNATIVES**

Aside from the existing gas supply resources mentioned previously, NW Natural is now considering additional gas supply resource options including recall or acquisition of existing and new interstate pipeline capacity, recall of existing Mist storage marketed to interstate customers, imported LNG, satellite LNG, and various extensions/expansion of its own pipeline system. The primary alternatives are described in more detail below and summarized in Appendix 3-2. These options will be evaluated in Chapter 5 using *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>.

### **A. INTERSTATE CAPACITY ADDITIONS**

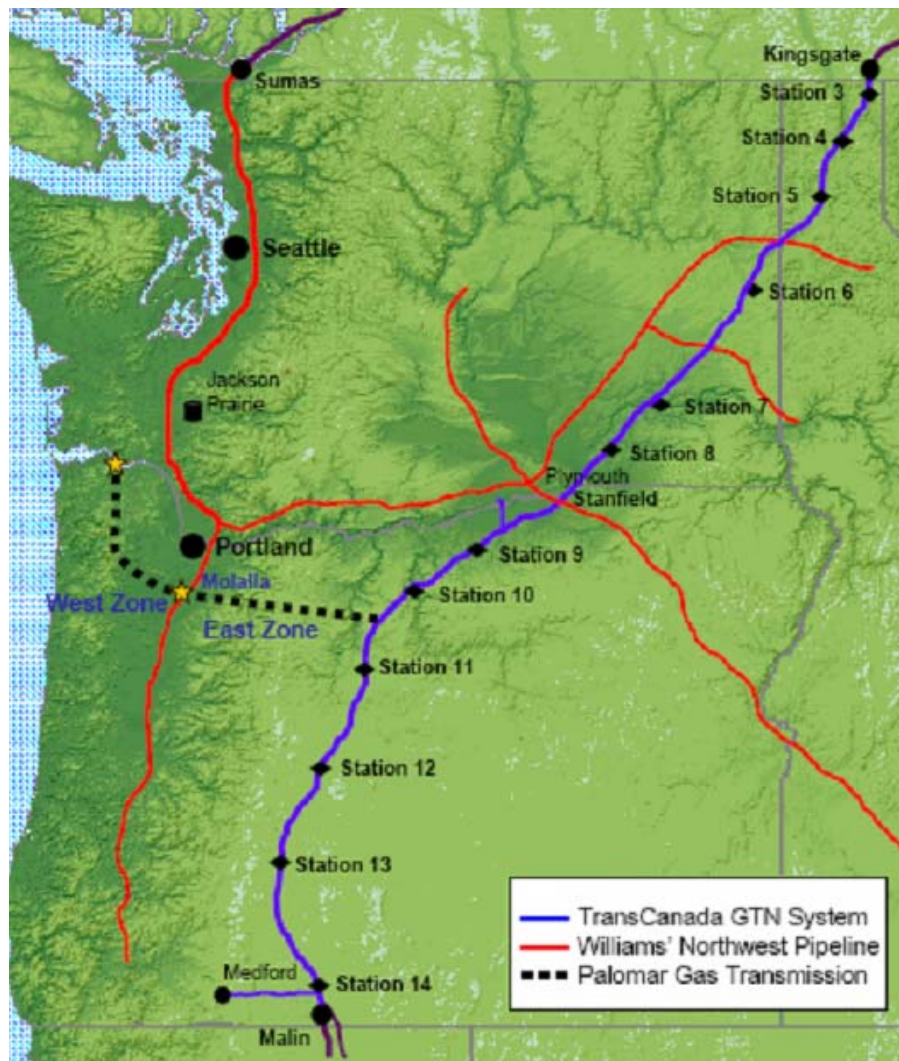
NW Natural holds existing CD entitlements and citygate station capacity on: (i) NWPL's "mainline" serving NW Natural's service areas in Portland, Astoria, Vancouver and The Dalles, and (ii) NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral serving NW Natural's loads in the Willamette Valley south of Portland. Therefore, consideration of incremental NWPL capacity, separately on the mainline and on the Grants Pass Lateral, is a starting point for NW Natural's assessment of incremental interstate pipeline capacity in this IRP.

Since NW Natural is only interconnected to NWPL, a subscription to more NWPL mainline capacity has traditionally been a prerequisite to holding more upstream capacity of equivalent amount (i.e. from GTN). NW Natural considers exceptions to this rule when market dynamics indicate some advantage to holding more, less, or different upstream capacity than it currently has in its possession. For example, as upstream pipelines continue to expand into new supply regions and/or to serve new markets, an evolution of trading hubs may occur; opening up the more liquid, trading points while others fade into disuse. The construction of an LNG import terminal in the Pacific Northwest or British Columbia and/or the construction of a new pipeline transporting Arctic gas (either from Alaska or the Mackenzie Delta) are examples of market developments that could cause NW Natural to reconfigure or add to its upstream pipeline contracts. Under these market conditions, it may be to NW Natural's benefit to hold transportation capacity upstream of NWPL leading to these new supply points.

In response to its reliance solely on NWPL for delivery of interstate gas supplies, NW Natural has partnered with TransCanada Corporation to form Palomar Gas Transmission LLC. As depicted in Figure 3-3, Palomar is proposing to develop,

build and operate the proposed Palomar pipeline project in two segments. The eastern segment would connect GTN's mainline north of Madras, Oregon, to NW Natural's gate station at Molalla ("Palomar East"), and the western segment would continue this connection to NW Natural facilities near Mist, Oregon ("Palomar West"). Separate from its ownership interest in Palomar, NW Natural has entered into a Precedent Agreement with Palomar for 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on the proposed pipeline for delivery of gas from Madras to Molalla (Palomar East) and from Molalla to Mist (Palomar West). The proposed Palomar project would be subject to approval by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), as well as the U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, and numerous other Federal and State agencies.

**Figure 3-3: Proposed Palomar Pipeline**



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From NW Natural's perspective, the primary benefit accruing from construction of Palomar East would be to manage the risks associated with the delivery of natural gas into the region. The Willamette Valley, including the Portland metro area, is served solely by NWPL. Adding a second interstate pipeline delivery corridor would assure both the security of gas supply as well as reliable gas service well into the future for core customers. As such, by interconnecting with Palomar at Molalla, NW Natural would be in position to consider turning back redundant NWPL capacity, effectively lowering the net cost of this incremental resource.<sup>9</sup> As a secondary benefit, the second phase (Palomar West) would be well positioned to effectively interconnect with any LNG terminals that might be constructed along the lower Columbia River in order to transport gas from these terminals to the Portland area and the interstate natural gas pipeline network in central Oregon.<sup>10</sup>

As shown in Table 3-5 below, in this IRP, NW Natural considers acquisition of incremental interstate pipeline capacity in several forms: (i) new NWPL Grants Pass Lateral capacity serving Salem, Newport, Albany and Eugene, (ii) new NWPL "mainline" capacity serving Portland, Astoria, Vancouver, and The Dalles, (iii) new capacity upstream of NWPL mainline capacity providing access to the Rockies<sup>11</sup> and Alberta supply areas, (iv) new Palomar capacity both east and west of Molalla, (v) new capacity on the proposed Pacific Connector Pipeline to access regasified LNG from the proposed Jordan Cove LNG project at Coos Bay, OR, (vi) recall of existing NWPL mainline capacity from the Rockies and Sumas that NW Natural has released to Georgia Pacific, and (vii) existing NWPL mainline capacity from the Rockies currently held by that NW Natural has contracted to acquire starting in 2017. The acquisition of incremental pipeline capacity spans a wide range of lead times; its availability depends on the availability of existing capacity, the length of the pipeline's open season process, and the completion date of the constructed facilities.

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9 NW Natural has modeled a turn back of up to 77,000 Dth/day of existing NWPL capacity from Stanfield to Portland upon the availability of Palomar capacity.

10 As previously discussed, we have included the Palomar West pipeline segment serving the Bradwood LNG project in the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model.

11 NWPL capacity upstream of Stanfield, Oregon.

**Table 3-5  
Incremental Interstate Pipeline Capacity Additions Modeled in SENDOUT®**

<b>Interstate Pipeline Segments</b>	<b>Contract Demand (Dth/d)</b>	<b>Assumed Availability</b>
NWPL Zones 12-9 (Grants Pass Lateral)	74,200	November 2011
NWPL Zones 26-12 ("mainline")	2,031,000	November 2011
Upstream of NWPL z26-12:		
Rockies-Stanfield	1,062,000	November 2011
Alberta-Stanfield	969,000	November 2011
Palomar East	200,000	November 2011
Palomar West	100,000	November 2011
Pacific Connector	100,000	November 2011
GP Recall (existing NWPL capacity)	3,500 each from Rockies & Sumas	November 2008
March Point NWPL capacity	12,000 Rockies to Portland	November 2017

**B. MIST STORAGE RECALL**

In addition to the existing Mist storage capacity currently reserved for the core market (see Table 3-3), the Company has four reservoirs (Reichhold, Schlicker, Busch and Meyer Pools) that are developed for storage services, currently serve the interstate storage market in whole or in part, but could be recalled for service to the Company's core customers. Table 3-6 identifies the recallable Mist capacity and the year the capacity is available given current contractual commitments to interstate market customers.

**Table 3-6  
Mist Recall Capacity  
(incremental to existing capacity for core)**

<b>Assumed Availability</b>	<b>Capacity (Dth)</b>		<b>Deliverability (Dth)</b>	
	<b>Increment</b>	<b>Cumulative</b>	<b>Increment</b>	<b>Cumulative</b>
2008	1,710,000		75,630	
2010	600,000	2,310,000	26,537	102,167
2011	1,560,000	3,870,000	68,996	171,163
2012	320,200	4,190,000	14,153	185,316
2015	1,089,000	5,279,000	48,165	233,481
2017	1,260,000	6,539,000	55,727	289,208

Mist is ideally located in the center of NW Natural's service territory, eliminating the need for upstream interstate pipeline transportation service to deliver the gas during the heating season. Due to its location within the Company's service territory, Mist is particularly well suited to meet incremental load requirements in the Portland area, which is traditionally the area where the majority of the Company's firm load growth lies. Mist gas may also be directly delivered to loads along the Columbia River and north Oregon coast from St. Helens to Astoria.

### **C. NW NATURAL INFRASTRUCTURE ADDITIONS**

System expansions or reinforcements accompany the need to increase resources to meet load growth, regardless of whether supplies come from Mist or from the Company's numerous gate station interconnections with NWPL. The Company's Engineering Department, in close collaboration with the Construction and Marketing departments and input from outside economic development and planning agencies, performs the planning for the expansion, reinforcement, and replacement of elements of the distribution system.

The Company uses the Synergy software package<sup>12</sup> to evaluate infrastructure requirements. Synergy provides the platform for digital computer simulation of transient gas flow behavior in any arbitrarily configured piping system. The analysis procedure calculates the time-varying flows, pressures, horsepower and other variables under scenarios that reflect actual service conditions. Studies are conducted to determine the response of the gas distribution system due to load changes, pressure set point changes, compressor performance changes, etc. The software is also sophisticated enough to enable the modeling of high-speed transient conditions, such as instantaneous valve closure and pipeline rupture.

The Company has constructed models based on the Synergy software that are designed to evaluate distribution system capacity constraints, inter-related flow characteristics, and pressure stabilization aspects of distribution system planning that are evaluated under steady-state and transient conditions. Over time the process was streamlined through the integration of geographically referenced system map information and Company data sources. This enhancement enabled Engineering to avoid the formerly tedious and time-consuming effort of manually constructing nodal networks and linking data. System maps from the Geographic Information System provide the physical distribution system data required for basic model construction, and the Customer Information System provides load data.

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<sup>12</sup> This software was formerly known as the Stoner Workstation Service (SWS).

The Synergy models and software provide the Company the opportunity to evaluate performance of the distribution system under a variety of conditions. Typically the analysis focuses on meeting growing peak day customer demands while maintaining system stability. Gas requirements at delivery nodes are projected based on observed flow rates during recent cold weather episodes. These flow rates are then adjusted to match design peak weather conditions and the effects of customer growth. Alternative system expansion and reinforcement strategies are then evaluated in terms of system stability, cost, and ability to meet future gas delivery requirements. This computer simulation capability allows the Company to efficiently evaluate distribution system performance in terms of stability, reliability, and safety under varying boundary conditions ranging from peak-day delivery requirements to temporary service interruptions, both planned and unplanned.

System planning takes place continuously, integrating new customer growth requirements into the Company's construction forecasts. Computer simulation testing is used to help validate the need for and timing of specific system expansion, reinforcement, and replacement projects. Near-term (one to two-year) projects are highly likely to occur as specified to meet customer delivery requirements. Mid-term (three to five-year) projects are subject to time slippage based on adjustments to the rate and geographic direction of customer growth. Long-term (beyond five years) will tend to be general projections based on expected economic development of the region and gas supply resource acquisitions, and thus, subject to change.

With SMPE completed in 2004, future internal infrastructure decisions revolve around two key considerations:

1. The impact on the Company's pipeline system design, reinforcement and replacement projects from the 2002 federally-mandated Integrity Management Program (IMP) and other similar state approved programs regarding bare steel pipeline and geo-hazard mitigation. IMP and similar programs continue to evolve, but compliance is likely to require significant infrastructure investment over the next ten years. Those programs have been and will continue to be the subject of separate proceedings with state regulators and will not be further discussed here, but any infrastructure conclusions reached in the IRP will require further analysis to ensure congruence with the various integrity programs.
2. Alternatives for moving Mist and Newport storage gas to customers outside the current confines of the Portland-area and northern Willamette Valley distribution systems, respectively. The focus of the next three sections will be options for moving storage gas to areas traditionally beyond their reach.

**D. ENHANCEMENT OF PIPELINE FROM NEWPORT**

The daily deliverability of the Newport LNG plant is modeled at 60,000 Dth/day due to load limitations. That is, the market areas served by the Newport plant (from the town of Newport north to Lincoln City and then east to Salem) have peak loads ranging up to about 60,000 Dth/day. However, the Newport plant has all the equipment necessary to vaporize and deliver up to 100,000 Dth/day. To reach the 100,000 Dth/day capability, infrastructure additions would be needed on the Newport to Salem pipeline to deliver an incremental 40,000 Dth/day (see Appendix 3-2). In addition, to connect more load centers (e.g., Corvallis/Albany, Eugene) to the Newport plant, NW Natural would need to invest in some or all of the Willamette Valley Feeder project pipeline segments (see below). The additional piping and upgrading required to reach new load centers could be quite costly due to geographical constraints. This cost, though, could be competitive versus a subscription to additional upstream pipeline capacity, which also would need to be accompanied by Willamette Valley Feeder project investments to serve customers increasingly distant from NWPL's gate stations.

**E. BROWNSVILLE TO EUGENE**

To access approximately 5,000 Dth/day of Grants Pass Lateral capacity available at the Brownsville/Halsey gate station, the Company needs a Willamette River crossing near the town of Harrisburg in order to bring that capacity to the Eugene market. The Company estimates this project would cost approximately \$420,000 and could be placed in-service by November 2012.

**F. WILLAMETTE VALLEY FEEDER**

The Willamette Valley Feeder project involves new piping to move Mist gas or other incremental gas supplies delivered to Molalla south to Salem, Albany, and potentially even the Eugene area. This project could also work in conjunction with a pipeline capacity expansion project from Newport as described above. As shown in Table 3-7 below, the project includes a total of six segments serving three load regions, as follows: (i) Salem area segments: Sherwood-Perrydale, Perrydale-Independence; (ii) Albany area segments: Independence-N. Albany, N. Albany-S. Albany; and (iii) Eugene area segments: S. Albany-Halsey, Halsey-Eugene.

**Table 3-7**  
**Willamette Valley Feeder Project Segments**

<b>Segment</b>	<b>Assumed Capacity (Dth)</b>	<b>Estimated Capital Cost</b>
Sherwood-Perrydale	120,000	\$16,600,000
Perrydale-Independence	82,000	\$14,400,000
Independence-N. Albany	50,000	\$13,700,000
N. Albany-S. Albany	38,000	\$8,800,000
S. Albany-Halsey	26,000	\$12,300,000
Halsey-Eugene	26,000	\$16,700,000

This project would be an alternative to continued expansion of NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral, which transports gas to NW Natural's system throughout the Willamette Valley. In the past it was thought that the Willamette Valley Feeder project would only proceed if environmental, civic, or other pressures significantly increase the cost or time needed to expand NWPL's lateral. However, the Company has enhanced portions of its pipeline from Portland to Salem over the past few years in the course of routine replacement activities (leakage repair, road grading projects, etc.), and would expect to continue these activities in the future as well as implement additional projects through the IMP mentioned above. Because of the project-specific nature of the Company's pipeline integrity programs, one or more specific segments of a Willamette Valley Feeder project, for example, from Albany to Eugene, could become cost-effective in lieu of incremental NWPL capacity between those two locations. For this reason, the Valley Feeder and NWPL capacity options have been segmented in the IRP analysis. The NWPL expansion capacity project includes three segments: Molalla to Salem, Salem to Albany, and Albany to Eugene. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> evaluates the costs of Willamette Valley Feeder segments to the assumed incremental costs of the NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral capacity expansion segments, as well as to the strategic placement of satellite LNG storage discussed below.

It should also be noted that a Willamette Valley Feeder project offers three advantages over continued expansion of NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral that are qualitative in nature and so have not been modeled in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. These advantages are:

1. Risk management. By providing gas deliveries through pipelines following different routes, NW Natural will be less susceptible to disruptions affecting NWPL's system.



2. New service opportunities. By following new routes, homes and businesses that previously may have been too distant may now be able to access gas service.
3. Lower impact. Further expansion of NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral would necessitate expansion of existing distribution lines emanating from the NWPL gate stations. Prior customer growth along these corridors may make those lines more difficult to expand as compared to the Willamette Valley Feeder, which would approach those communities using alternate routes.

## **H. IMPORTED LNG**

Natural gas liquefaction dates back to the 19th century, when British chemist and physicist Michael Faraday experimented with liquefying different types of gases, including natural gas. German engineer Karl van Linde built the first practical compressor refrigerator machine in Munich in 1873. The first liquefied natural gas plant dates back to 1912 and was built in West Virginia, with the first commercial liquefaction plant being built in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1941. Today there are over 100 active LNG facilities spread across the United States, with most concentrating in the northeastern United States.

Ocean transport of LNG began in 1959<sup>13</sup>. U.S. natural gas companies built four land-based marine liquefied natural gas import terminals between 1971 and 1981: Lake Charles – operated by Southern Union<sup>14</sup>; Everett, MA – operated by Tractebel<sup>15</sup>; Elba Island, GA – operated by El Paso<sup>16</sup>; and Cove Point, MD – operated by Dominion<sup>17</sup>. From a high of 253 Bcf in 1979, LNG imports saw a sharp decline. This was caused by natural gas industry restructuring that led to increased North American domestic natural gas production and price disputes with Algeria, then the sole LNG exporter to the U.S. These events resulted in the owners of the Elba Island and Cove Point facilities mothballing their terminals for over 20 years. Not until the first new Atlantic Basin LNG liquefaction plant came on line in Trinidad and Tobago, combined

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13 That first cargo of LNG was shipped from the United States to England.

14 The Lake Charles terminal was completed in 1981, and has a max send-out rate of 2.1 Bcf per day or a firm sustained baseload of 1.8 Bcf per day (13.1 mmtpa)

15 The Everett terminal was completed in 1971, and has a max send-out rate of 1 Bcf per day (nameplate) or a firm sustained baseload of 715 Mcf per day.

16 The Elba Island terminal was completed in 1978, and has a max send-out rate of 1.2 Bcf per day or a firm sustained baseload of 1 Bcf.

17 The Cove Point terminal was completed in 1978, and has a max send-out rate of 1 Bcf per day or a firm sustained baseload of 750 Mcf.

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with increased U.S. natural gas demand and increased natural gas prices, were these two facilities reactivated. The EIA estimates the combined annual baseload capacity of the four land-based import terminals is 880 Bcf, and each facility has either recently completed an expansion or announced plans to expand their capacity over the next few years. Reflecting its new-found competitiveness in North American markets, U.S. LNG imports exceeded 780 Bcf in 2007.

In response to current and forecast gas market conditions, North America has witnessed a second wave of LNG import terminal project development. Exceleerate Energy completed the Gulf Gateway offshore Louisiana LNG import terminal in 2005 and the Northeast Gateway offshore Massachusetts terminal in 2008. Several other projects are under construction and there are several dozen proposed new LNG terminals that are in various stages of development. The EIA predicts that by 2010, projects could be located in and around the U.S., including the Gulf of Mexico, Bahamas, the U.S. west coast, Mexico's west coast, and varying points along the U.S. and Canadian east coasts.

While most of the activity focused on LNG is taking place in the Gulf of Mexico and along the U.S. east coast, there are a number of viable west coast LNG projects and proposals that could become operational within the next five to ten years that would have a direct impact on NW Natural's resource planning and acquisition. As of January 2008, the FERC lists four proposed or potential LNG import terminal projects within Oregon. They are Bradwood (Northern Star LNG) in Bradwood, Jordan Cove in Coos Bay, Oregon LNG in Astoria, and Port Westward LNG in St. Helens. The two projects that are furthest along are the Bradwood and Jordan Cove facilities.

The Bradwood terminal would be a re-gasification facility consisting of two storage tanks and an estimated average production capacity of 1.0 Bcf per day, with a possible expansion up to 1.5 Bcf per day. Bradwood has proposed a 35-mile export pipeline to interconnect with Northwest Pipeline near Kelso, Washington. The proposed Palomar Pipeline, which is a separate project, would link to the Bradwood Landing Pipeline a few miles east of the terminal. This second alternative pipeline path would support LNG deliveries into the NW Natural system and to the GTN pipeline in central Oregon. The developer has filed with both FERC and the OPUC.

The Jordan Cove terminal would also be a re-gasification facility consisting of two storage tanks, a 25 MW gas-fired cogeneration plant, and a 250 mile Pacific Connector Gas Pipeline. It is estimated to have an average production capacity of 1.0 Bcf per day, with the ability to host six to seven tankers per month. Jordan Cove and Pacific Connector each filed applications for approval from the FERC in September 2007.

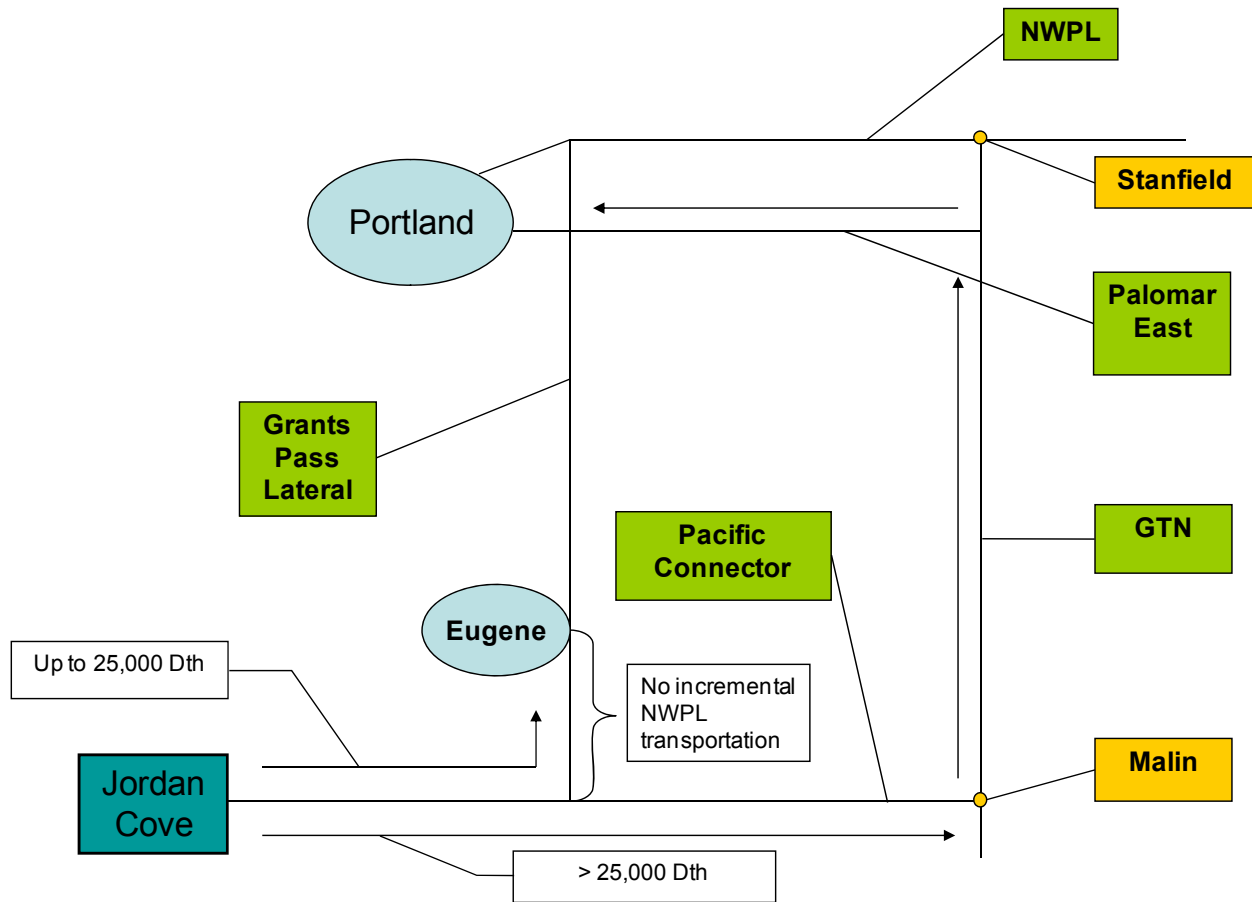
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Although neither Bradwood nor Jordan Cove has been constructed, for analysis purposes, NW Natural is including them in its modeling (see Appendix 3-2). As depicted in Figure 3-4, we model the Bradwood project as feeding the Company's intrastate distribution system by way of the proposed Palomar West pipeline. As depicted in Figure 3-5, we model the Jordan Cove project as feeding the Company's distribution system by way of the proposed Pacific Connector Pipeline with further delivery by either NWPL or Palomar. NW Natural would be able to receive some portion of the Jordan Cove-sourced supply into the south end of its system (Eugene) via NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral. Due to capacity constraints on the Grants Pass Lateral, we assume Jordan Cove volumes greater than 25,000 Dth/day are delivered to NW Natural via Pacific Connector, GTN and Palomar East. Absent more definitive information from project developers, we assume that import LNG supply will be priced competitively alongside any of the Company's other gas supply contracts (see Appendix 3-2 for assumed LNG pricing).



Figure 3-5: Jordan Cove Schematic



Stakeholders in Oregon requested that the Company review the other potential new LNG import terminal resources in the March 6, 2007 Technical Working Group meeting, and we continue to monitor all proposed import terminals. However, because NW Natural believes the costs and market impacts of Bradwood (north) and Jordan Cove (south) would be similar for other regional LNG import projects, the Company has elected not to include other proposed projects in the modeling of this IRP.

There are several economic and strategic factors favoring U.S. LNG imports. For example, LNG has the potential to put downward pressure on domestic prices and further diversify a utility's supply portfolio. NW Natural views LNG as a key resource in providing further diversification among its supply side resources. If an LNG import terminal is sited in Oregon, the Company foresees subscribing 20-25% of its supply portfolio through LNG supplies at some point in the future. With current load

hovering around 2 million therms per day, this would translate into approximately 400,000 to 500,000 therms per day of LNG.

## **I. SATELLITE LNG**

Some gas utilities rely on satellite LNG tanks to meet a portion of their peaking requirements. LNG facilities are used as peaking resource because they provide only a few days of deliverability. The concept is that a small tank serving a remote area would be filled with LNG as winter approaches, and the site manned during cold weather episodes when vaporization is required. Since there is no on-site liquefaction process, the facility is fairly simple in design and operation. Where peaking demands are sharpest, the addition of satellite LNG could defer significant pipeline infrastructure investments.

In recent years, control system improvements at the Newport LNG plant have improved liquefaction performance. Puget Sound Energy installed a satellite LNG facility near Gig Harbor, Washington, to help meet customer growth at the tail end of its distribution system. LNG from NW Natural was used to help fill the Gig Harbor tank, and this has renewed NW Natural's interest in evaluating this concept for remote areas where siting and zoning approvals are conceivable. In this IRP, NW Natural has evaluated satellite LNG in Willamette Valley locations near Salem, Albany, and Eugene, as interim resources that might delay the incursion of more expensive pipeline projects (see Appendix 3-2). The Company has modeled these resources as having 90,000 Dth (equivalent) of storage capacity and a maximum deliverability of 30,000 Dth/day for three days. The Company believes these are reasonable assumptions based on industry research of comparable facilities. At maximum vaporization/deliverability, this equates to a three day peaking resource.

## **J. POTENTIAL FUTURE SUPPLY RESOURCES**

In this section NW Natural identifies several other potential gas supply resources that could influence the design of NW Natural's future gas resource portfolio. NW Natural concludes that at this time these potential resources are not yet sufficiently well defined commercially or technically to warrant inclusion in the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model for this IRP.

**Biogas** and the emerging underlying technology have the potential to provide a wide range of benefits far beyond further diversification of the Company's resource portfolio. Pilot projects have been launched around the country including the Pacific Northwest.

Locally, PGE has been operating a biogas program since 2002. Its facility delivers up to 70 kilowatts of renewable electricity to its customers. The technology utilized at this facility in Salem is very similar to the type of program NW Natural could potentially site at one of the other 400 dairy farms on Oregon. Furthermore, there is wide support among the Oregon Dairy Farmers of Oregon and the Oregon Department of Agriculture who see these types of programs as a strong way to help the industry, the economy and the environment.

NW Natural is in the early stages of R&D to develop an anaerobic digester gas (ADG) program. This emerging technology utilizes a five-step approach to convert animal waste into methane (natural gas) and composted soil amendment (fertilizer). While companies around the world have refined this approach, there are companies in the Pacific Northwest that offer the resources to bring such a program together. Capital expenditure requirement per site are approximately \$5 million. However, the natural gas output is limited when compared to the Company's load requirements – 410,000 annual therms. The program is further enticing because of the other by-product of the process – fertilizer. While peat moss is a high-dollar market, over time it is unsustainable due to the limited supply of peat. Advocacy groups have begun to bring this issue to the forefront, and ADG provides a very appealing substitute. Regardless of who manages the program, it has the potential to offset the capital costs and provide a consistent revenue stream. The project would also eliminate the need to manage waste retention ponds, avoids contamination due to run-off, and decreases the need for commercial fertilizers. Because this resource is in the early R&D stage and given its small potential size, we have not included biogas in the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> modeling for this IRP.

**Supply Basin Storage Developments.** Capacity has been available in new and existing production area storage facilities in Alberta, British Columbia, and in the U.S. Rocky Mountain region. While NW Natural has made periodic use of these facilities (especially in Alberta) to store off-peak gas and improve supply contract load factors, there are no plans for NW Natural to become involved on a long-term equity and contractual basis with any of these facilities. The stumbling block is the upstream pipeline transportation cost required to bring these supplies to NW Natural's service area. Since the supplies would be needed during cold weather episodes, only primary firm transportation service will suffice. Consequently, having gas stored in a supply area can only advantage NW Natural if winter/summer price differences are sufficient to offset storage facility usage charges.

Assuming NW Natural continues to expand Mist, utilization of upstream pipeline capacity and year-round supply contracts should improve because storage injection requirements will grow. This will further decrease the need for supply area

storage. Due to these factors, supply basin storage will probably never be more than a year-to-year gas supply portfolio structuring option, rather than a long-term resource acquisition.

## **VII. GAS SUPPLY PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION STRATEGY**

### **A. OVERVIEW**

This section provides the Company's strategies for acquiring gas supplies as presented in NW Natural's Gas Acquisition Plan 2007-2008 ("GAP"). The GAP is the Company's most recently approved resource acquisition plan, but such plans are always subject to change based on market conditions. The primary objective of these gas acquisition plans is to ensure that supplies are sufficient to meet expected firm customer load requirements under "design" year conditions at a reasonable cost. Under other than "design" year conditions, NW Natural also expects to serve interruptible sales customers. The focus of the GAP is on the 2007-08 gas contracting year which runs from November through the following October. However, many resource decisions are of a multi-year nature. Accordingly, a 5-year horizon is used for discussion purposes in several areas of this section.

Below are excerpts from the GAP.

### **B. PLAN GOALS**

#### **Reliability**

The first priority of the Company's GAP is to ensure a gas resource portfolio that is sufficient to satisfy core customer requirements under design year weather conditions, as defined in the IRP. Trimming costs by compromising reliability is not acceptable.

#### **Lowest Reasonable Cost**

The second priority is to acquire gas supplies at the lowest reasonable cost to customers. In so doing, the Company takes a diversified portfolio approach with gas purchases paced during the contracting season. The Company also optimizes its gas supply resource assets using a third party marketer as well as its own staff in order to lower costs with minimal risk to stakeholders.



### **Price Stability**

Customers are sensitive to price volatility in addition to the expected price level. Consequently, the Company makes use of physical assets (e.g. storage) and financial instruments (e.g. derivatives) to hedge price variability both within the contract year and up to five years.

### **Cost Recovery**

NW Natural does not earn a return for acquiring and selling gas commodity supplies, yet the cost of these supplies typically amounts to more than half of the Company's total revenue stream. Consequently, the risks associated with the payment and recovery of gas acquisition costs need to be minimized. On the financial hedging side, this means strong credit policies and counterparty oversight. On the legal side, this mandates scrupulous compliance to any and all standards of conduct. And because any regulatory disallowances could be devastating, maintaining trust and credibility with state regulatory bodies is imperative.

## **C. RELATIONSHIP TO THE INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN**

The IRP contains the Company's long-range analysis of loads and resources spanning a 20-year horizon. It is prepared approximately every two years and involves considerable regulatory and public input. While the IRP focuses on identifying the best resource portfolio over the 20-year horizon, the GAP focuses on satisfying the Plan Goals in the short-term, given the existing resource portfolio. Because the IRP focuses on long-term decisions, it does not include many of the details relating to gas supply contracts, hedging, etc. that are provided in the GAP.

## **D. STRATEGIES**

Gas acquisition strategies based on the Company's market outlook are summarized as follows:

- Financially hedge between 35 percent and 75 percent of projected firm sales gas volumes in accordance with decisions of the NW Natural Gas Acquisition Strategy and Policies Committee.
- Shift some Alberta year-round contracts to the Rockies. Over the past several years, Rockies gas has been abundant and favorably priced compared to other

basins. The Company has maximized its purchase of Rockies gas primarily through spot purchases with a few short-term (typically winter season) contracts. However, those lower prices were caused by increased production in that region in anticipation of the Rockies Express East Pipeline. That pipeline will extend the existing Rockies Express West pipeline on to Ohio with a projected in-service date of June 2009. As that and other pipelines go into service, competition for Rockies supply will escalate. Accordingly, moving some purchases into longer-term contracts will help mitigate the volatility that is likely to increase for daily and short-term purchases. Evaluate other strategies as that and other new pipeline projects near completion and fundamentally alter the supply/demand dynamic in the Rockies.

- Fill storage at a pace that might present opportunities to purchase gas at times when storage around the country is likely to be full and a price drop could occur.
- Maintain a diversity of physical supplies from Alberta, British Columbia and Rockies.
- Due to its relative lack of trading liquidity, continue to baseload virtually all pipeline capacity from the Station 2 trading point in British Columbia with a mix of seasonal, annual and multi-year commitments.

### **E. MARKET OUTLOOK**

The historic high differential in price between the Rockies and the eastern U.S. is narrowing as new pipelines such as the Rockies Express enable more access to supplies in the Rockies. At the same time, Rockies producers will drill more vigorously to find production to fill the new pipelines. A parallel situation existed in the early 1990s prior to the construction of the Kern River Pipeline.

Despite high drilling activity, lower production per well and high depletion rates have kept recent domestic gas production increases at about two percent while power generation demand for gas continues to grow.<sup>18</sup> The debate over pipelines from the Arctic Circle may be resolved, but it is uncertain whether or not the pipelines will be in service in this time frame. This assumption is consistent with the Wood Mackenzie reports. If the Mackenzie Delta pipeline is built, all of its gas deliveries are likely to be consumed in northern Alberta for oil-sands production.

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18 "November Monthly Market Report," Wood Mackenzie North American Gas Service, November 21, 2007.

LNG will provide additional supplies, nudging prices down to stem demand destruction. The implementation of new technologies, spurred by high energy prices, will enable continued GNP growth without an associated increase in energy usage. If not through better technology, then an economic recession such as occurred after the 2000-2001 energy crisis (and the September 11 disaster, Enron bankruptcy, etc.) will be the other means for a demand response to manifest itself. In either case, demand will grow modestly at best, keeping gas prices in check overall but with wide volatility as weather systems, terrorist acts and other events both local and global affect markets.

Pipeline de-contracting could pose a major concern in the Pacific Northwest. Decisions by shippers not to renew pipeline capacity contracts with Gas Transmission Northwest (GTN) led to a major rate increase on that system in 2007. Projects such as the Ruby Pipeline and Jordan Cove LNG terminal create additional opportunities for decontracting on GTN and other pipeline systems. However, recent long-term contract renewals on the Northwest Pipeline system in February 2008 may be the first signal that this trend is easing. The March 2008 announcement of the NWPL/GTN Sunstone pipeline project could even reverse this trend (i.e., lead to the resubscription of currently unutilized pipeline capacity, if that project is successful).

In light of the above, hedging will continue to be an important and necessary tool to manage volatility. Physical hedging through storage will only grow in importance, especially if pipeline rates increase to cover a shrinking customer base. Diversity among supply basins will also continue to be important if Rockies supplies find new outlets to the East and price differentials evaporate.

NW Natural has tested the impacts of a number of alternative outlooks, including, but not limited to: high and low demand and price scenarios; significant economic recession and decline in customer growth; the introduction of LNG into the region; significant increases in the rates of certain pipelines; and the stochastic analysis as explained in chapter 5.

### **VIII. EMERGENCY PLANNING**

NW Natural uses Incident Command System (ICS) as its emergency response methodology. The Northwest Natural Incident Management System Plan (IMSP) documents the ICS concept and the responsibilities of those individuals responding to an emergency incident. In addition, this plan provides response alternatives and resource material for a variety of possible emergency events.

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This plan is written and maintained by the Business Continuity and Corporate Security Department. Responsibility for planning and coordinating the actions of field and office personnel during emergencies such as floods, earthquakes, pandemics, or severe cold weather is designated to the Incident Command Team. The Operations section of that team is prepared to take whatever actions are needed to prevent or minimize firm curtailments of service. This includes the operation of regulators to boost pressures, the installation of pipe to tie together sections of NW Natural's distribution system, the dispatching of mobile CNG and LNG tankers to handle distribution system trouble spots, curtailment notices to interruptible customers, shut-offs and light-ups of firm customers, and public announcements to reduce gas usage.

The Incident Command Team (ICT) conducts periodic exercises to ensure the readiness of the team and gain experience in ICS techniques. One of the most visible uses of ICS occurred during the Y2K rollover transition period. The Company utilized Y2K as both a potential threat and an opportunity for a corporate-wide emergency readiness exercise, with over 300 employees involved in the process. More recent examples include: managing two pre-planned and one unexpected outage of the electrical power at NW Natural's corporate headquarters; response to a pipeline breach in one of Portland's largest transportation transfer hubs; and the re-light of hundreds of customers on the Central Oregon Coast due to a landslide.

As previously described, the Company designs its resource portfolio to satisfy firm loads on the coldest-weather day and through the most strenuous heating season (as measured by HDDs) experienced during the past 20 years. However, these assumptions do not always hold true. First, design weather may not be the coldest faced by the Company. There certainly have been colder heating seasons if a longer historical perspective is taken, such as occurred in 1949/50. Second, the IRP assumes perfect foresight of the weather. This may not be important for storage supplies, which can respond to load changes very quickly, but all other supplies require some amount of prior notice for scheduling. This ranges from two hours for curtailment of interruptible sales, to a day for the transportation of most pipeline gas and the use of special industrial customer capacity/supply recall arrangements. Finally, the IRP assumes reliable equipment behavior; i.e., nothing breaks or freezes up, even in the face of extremely cold temperatures.

Accordingly, the ICT has to contend with the failure of any or all of the above assumptions in addition to the stresses on the system caused by the emergency itself. NW Natural's ultimate goal is an emergency management system that will allow for the continued delivery and/or restoration of gas during an emergent event in a safe and efficient manner. NW Natural cannot guarantee uninterrupted service at all times to all customers, but the IC Team works to make customer outages during emergency

events as brief and painless as possible, with public health and safety being the ultimate priority.

**IX. KEY FINDINGS**

- For this planning cycle, the Company's gas supply procurement strategy will rely on the transportation of supplies priced at negotiated rates that will follow market prices on an annual, seasonal, or monthly basis.

- A portfolio of fixed price supplies ranging three years from the current period is desirable because it dampens volatility and assures more stable pricing for customers. The three year limit could be extended if deemed desirable and if counterparties are found who meet risk and credit standards.

- The Company's service territory is widespread and it is not practical to consider tying together all of NW Natural's customers into a single integrated distribution system. Accordingly, some amount of incremental upstream pipeline capacity may be needed throughout the forecast period to serve one or more portions of the Company's system. Conversely, as the cost of upstream pipeline expansions increase, it may be cost-effective for NW Natural to remove bottlenecks and more fully integrate certain portions of its own distribution system.

- As a single interstate pipeline utility with two-thirds of its supply flowing through Oregon's Columbia Gorge, NW Natural seeks cost-effective resource options to improve supply path diversity, and is assessing the Palomar Pipeline project in this IRP.

- In this IRP, NW Natural is considering a variety of incremental gas supply resource options to serve projected load over the forecast period, including new interstate pipeline capacity, Mist recall capacity, expansion/extension of the Company's distribution system, contracting for supply from proposed new LNG import terminals, and satellite LNG.

## CHAPTER 4: DEMAND-SIDE RESOURCES

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### I. ENERGY EFFICIENCY OVERVIEW

NW Natural values energy efficiency (EE) services. As NW Natural strives to make environmentally responsible choices and asserts itself as an environmentally conscious community leader, promoting EE is the most immediate and material means available to a gas utility for reducing its carbon footprint. The Company also acknowledges that EE creates customer satisfaction and earns customer loyalty. Over the past 7 years, the Company's EE efforts have mitigated the sharp rise of gas commodity costs for program participants. This chapter demonstrates the amount of demand side management (DSM) resources identified by the Company. In addition, this chapter described the Company's plans to seek to acquire cost-effective DSM resources.

This Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) also meets the new guidelines established by the Oregon Public Utility Commission in Docket UM 1056, Order No. 07-047 (Feb. 9, 2007) regarding the assessment of demand-side resources and its inclusion in the Company's resource portfolio. Those guidelines addressed in this chapter include:

*Guideline 4(e): Identification and estimated costs of all supply-side and demand-side resource options, taking into account anticipated advances in technology.*

*Guideline 6(a): Each utility should ensure that a conservation potential study is conducted periodically for its entire service territory.*

*Guideline 6(b): To the extent that a utility controls the level of funding for conservation programs in its service territory the utility should include in its action plan all best cost/risk portfolio conservation resources for meeting projected resource needs, specifying annual savings targets.*

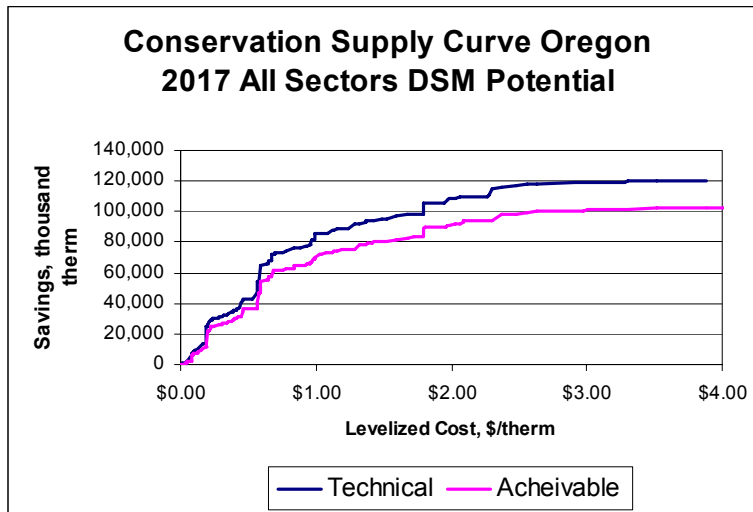
*Guideline 7: Plans should evaluate demand response resources, including voluntary rate programs, on par with other options for meeting...gas supply and transportation needs.*

**II. METHODOLOGY – ENERGY EFFICIENCY**

NW Natural contracted with Stellar Processes to analyze the potential energy savings it can cost-effectively procure within its service territory. The Stellar Processes study began by estimating all energy savings that could be acquired without considering market constraints such as customer awareness. This was determined by analyzing customer demographics together with energy efficiency measure data as follows:

Information on demand side resource options was compiled from various local, regional and national sources. The measures that are marketable within NW Natural’s service territory were identified through a demographical study of customer specific information such as historical gas usage, appliance holdings, and forecast economic growth. A levelized societal program cost (“levelized program cost”) was then assigned to each efficiency measure based on the measure’s projected therm savings, installation cost, and the present value of O&M cost less any non-energy offsetting benefit using the Company’s real after-tax discount rate of 5.16%. The derivation of this discount rate is provided in Appendix 6-3. Levelized program costs provide a simple standard for comparing program options and conservation strategies. Levelized program costs also allow the Company to graphically demonstrate the potential therms that could be saved at various costs. Below is a resource supply curve that is useful for comparing demand side and supply side resource options. (Please note that Figure 4-1 depicts the year 2017 for demonstrative purposes only; all twenty years of the IRP planning horizon were included in NW Natural’s resource assessment.)

**Figure 4-1: Natural Gas Supply Curve**



The supply curve method is necessarily crude, as the estimated DSM measure costs and savings are based on averages and are not adjusted for site specific cost effective deviations.



Stellar Processes identified individual cost-effective DSM measures by comparing each measure's levelized program cost with its expected levelized avoided cost adjusted for each measure's lifetime and load factor. This measure specific levelized avoided cost or Screening Cost was determined by taking the present value of either annual winter or year-round average (depending on load factor) avoided cost estimates over the DSM measure's life. As with levelized program cost estimates, avoided costs are discounted at the Company's real after-tax discount rate of 5.16 percent. For each DSM measure, two sets of screening costs were developed for (1) the Base Case avoided cost forecast and (2) the High Commodity Price avoided cost sensitivity. Both avoided cost scenarios include a \$0.099 per therm adder for environmental externalities. The High Commodity Price avoided cost sensitivity reflects a 20 percent increase over the Company's high case natural gas commodity price forecast and is approximately 18 percent greater than the Base Case avoided cost forecast. This sensitivity was developed to simulate a decline in future North American natural gas supply. Avoided cost forecasts for the Base Case and High Commodity Price sensitivity are discussed in Chapter 6.<sup>1</sup>

The technical DSM potential is the sum of all cost effective DSM measures identified in the resource assessment over the twenty year planning period. This total is a rough snapshot of all EE that could be done in the area. It is a starting point since getting each customer to install every possible measure is not possible.

Achievable potential represents a more realistic assessment of expected energy savings, because it accounts for some economic constraints. Stellar Processes estimated achievable potential by multiplying technical savings by 85%, a standard established by the Northwest Power Planning Council. From the resulting achievable potential, Stellar Processes worked with the Energy Trust of Oregon (Energy Trust) to estimate attainable program ramp-up rates that consider marketing, technology delivery channels, and other program constraints. Stellar Processes then developed a 20-year DSM deployment scenario with year-by-year achievable savings, annual utility and societal costs for both the Base Case, and High Commodity Price sensitivity based on the following assumptions:

- DSM measures were bundled into logical combinations based on program delivery opportunities. For example, programs are bundled for new construction, end-of-life equipment replacement and retrofitting of existing facilities.
- Replacement measures were included where practical, as these are generally more cost effective than retrofit measures. To avoid double-counting, retrofits were constrained to measures where the forecasted stream of avoided costs presented in Chapter 6 only extends for the 20-year IRP planning horizon. For measures that extend beyond this 20-year period, Stellar Processes assumed

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<sup>1</sup> The forecasted stream of avoided costs presented in Chapter 6 only extends for the 20-year IRP planning horizon. For measures that extend beyond this 20-year period, Stellar Processes assumed that avoided costs continue at a flat rate for the remaining years. This is a conservative assumption. However, with discounting, the present value of avoided costs is not sensitive to assumptions regarding the out years at the end of the planning scenario.

that avoided costs continue at a flat rate for the remaining years. This is a conservative assumption. However, with discounting, the present value of avoided costs is not sensitive to assumptions regarding the out years at the end of the planning scenario where replacement options are not available.

- Annual DSM amounts include new construction and replacement of existing equipment as it occurs.
- Retrofit programs are fully deployed in 13 to 14 years. The target population for retrofits is slightly smaller in later years due to market attrition.
- For conservation measures with lifetimes less than the planning horizon, owners were assumed to replace to the same efficiency level.
- Annual utility cost estimates assume 22% of initial capital cost for incentives plus an additional 66% for program management, administration and marketing. These are the Energy Trust's current estimates. High program administration costs reflect an aggressive DSM program deployment scenario.

### **III. ENERGY EFFICIENCY STUDY RESULTS**

The Screening Costs for all identified DSM measures range from \$0.80 per therm to \$0.97 per therm for the Base Case. This range increases to \$0.94 to \$1.13 for the High Commodity Price avoided cost sensitivity screening. The low end of the Screening Cost range reflects measures such as residential water heating with year-round consumption and a 10-year measure life. Space heating measures with a 30-year life are at the high end.

Marginal, non-cost-effective DSM measures available in the Company's Oregon and Washington service territories are shown in Table 4-1 below. The levelized program costs for these measures slightly exceed their screening costs and are listed by their ascending difference between levelized program cost and screening cost. Screening costs for both Base Case avoided cost and High Commodity Price sensitivity are shown below with annual volume impacts assuming full deployment. Screening by the High Commodity Price avoided cost sensitivity results in only three additional cost effective DSM measures than in the Base Case.

**Table 4-1  
DSM Measures Beyond Marginal Cost**

DSM Program	Measure Description	Annual Gas Impacts (kTherms)	Levelized Cost (\$/therm)	Screening Cost (\$/therm)	
				Base Case	High Commodity Sensitivity
Commercial Replace	Windows - Tinted AL Code to Class 40	167	\$0.956	\$0.844	passes
Commercial Retrofit	DHW Recirc Controls	373	\$0.936	\$0.796	passes
Commercial Retrofit	Duct retrofit of both insulation and air sealing	334	\$0.971	\$0.872	passes
Commercial Replace	Windows - Tinted AL Code to Class 45	383	\$0.999	\$0.844	\$0.995
Commercial Replace	DHW Cond Boiler (repl)	28	\$1.0000	\$0.844	\$0.995
Commercial Replace	Roof Insulation - Roofcut 0-22	1	\$1.1622	\$0.965	\$1.127
Commercial New	HVAC controls	2,777	\$0.9787	\$0.785	\$0.919
Commercial New	Computerized Water Heater Control	77	\$1.0420	\$0.815	\$0.962
Commercial New	HiEff Clothes Washer	95	\$1.0729	\$0.796	\$0.939
Residential Retrofit	Window upgrade (U=.35), Zone 1	79	\$1.309	\$0.997	\$1.163
Commercial Replace	HiEff Clothes Washer	363	\$1.0887	\$0.796	\$0.939
Commercial Replace	Windows - Add Argon to Vinyl Lowe	144	\$1.2382	\$0.909	\$1.063
Commercial New	Windows - Tinted AL Code to Class 40	17	\$1.2394	\$0.909	\$1.063
Commercial Retrofit	Steam Trap Maintenance	60	\$1.1865	\$0.846	\$0.989
Commercial New	Cond Unit Heater From Power Draft (new)	343	\$1.2892	\$0.891	\$1.043
Commercial New	Windows - Tinted AL Code to Class 45	3	\$1.3881	\$0.909	\$1.063
Commercial New	Cond Furnace (new)	351	\$1.3751	\$0.891	\$1.043
Commercial Replace	Cond Unit Heater from power draft (replace)	685	\$1.3868	\$0.891	\$1.043
Commercial New	Windows - Add Argon to Vinyl Lowe	70	\$1.4300	\$0.909	\$1.063
Residential New	HRV, E* (Zone 1)	3,020	\$1.542	\$0.997	\$1.163
Residential New	Heating upgrade (AFUE 90) (Zone1)	1,769	\$1.758	\$0.982	\$1.146

The current avoided cost estimates include a \$0.099 per therm environmental externality adder in the amount of \$15 per ton for CO<sub>2</sub> and \$2,000 per ton for NO<sub>x</sub>. If the Company were to assume a greater level of environmental adders, such as those alternatives shown in Table 6-2, several of the marginal non-cost-effective measures shown in Table 4-1 would become cost-effective. In addition, Stellar Processes notes that these measures might still be pursued in order to develop thorough program offerings to achieve market transformations or for other reasons related to program deployment. For example, commercial HVAC controls fails to meet the revised cost screen yet it has a fairly large potential savings. This measure was evaluated conservatively as having a short measure life due to the uncertainty of customer operations. However, training and on-going facility commissioning might address this issue in the future, making HVAC controls a cost effective piece in a program bundle.

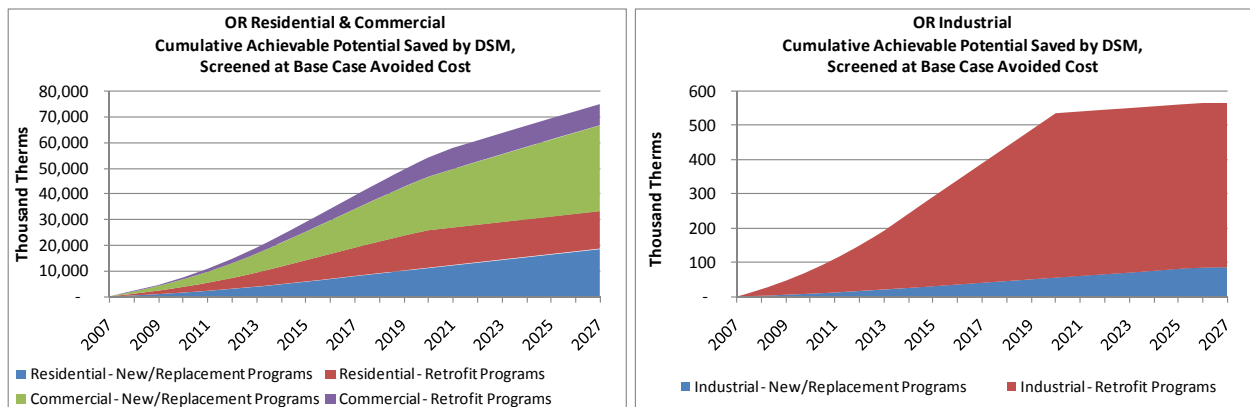
**A. OREGON – BASE CASE**

The Stellar Processes study evaluated achievable energy efficiency potential for residential, commercial and firm industrial sales customers in Oregon. The Base Case study results identified the following:

- Cumulative achievable savings for residential and commercial EE programs in Oregon could reduce consumption by approximately 60 million therms by 2022 and approximately 75 million therms by 2028.
- For 2008, approximately 2.3 million therms of potential energy savings could be cost-effectively attained from residential and commercial EE programs in Oregon with funding of approximately \$7.4 million per year.
- For 2008, approximately 22 thousand therms of potential energy savings could be cost-effectively attained from firm industrial sales EE programs in Oregon with funding of approximately \$22 thousand per year. Cumulative achievable savings for firm industrial sales EE programs in Oregon could reduce consumption by approximately 540 thousand therms by 2022 and approximately 570 thousand therms by 2028. Firm industrial sales EE potential is significantly less compared to EE potential for the residential and commercial sectors, because most large industrial customers are non-core transportation customers and are not included in either the Stellar Processes study or this IRP as the Company does not supply gas to these customers.

Figure 4-2 below illustrates achievable potential savings per customer class in Oregon with cost-effective screening at Base Case avoided cost. More detailed information on the Oregon DSM deployment scenario is presented in tabular form in Appendix 4-2.

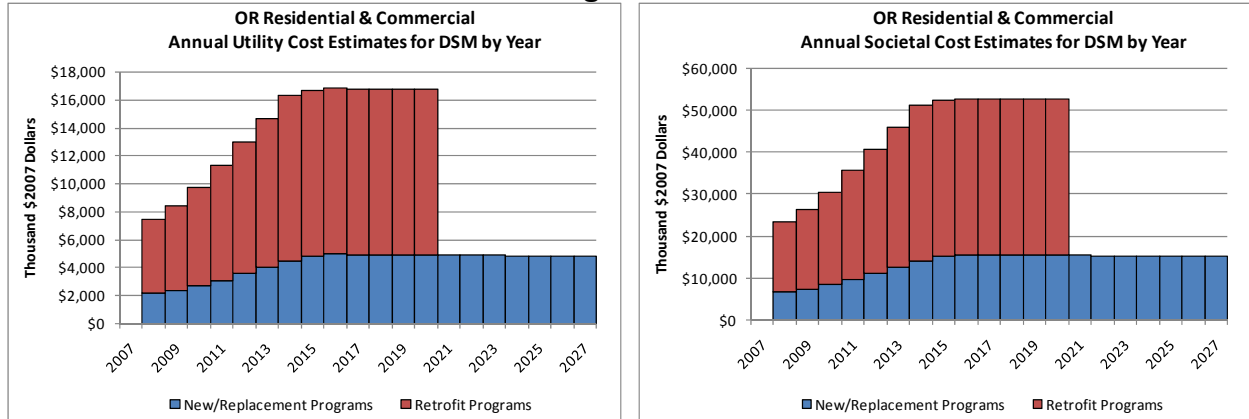
**Figure 4-2**



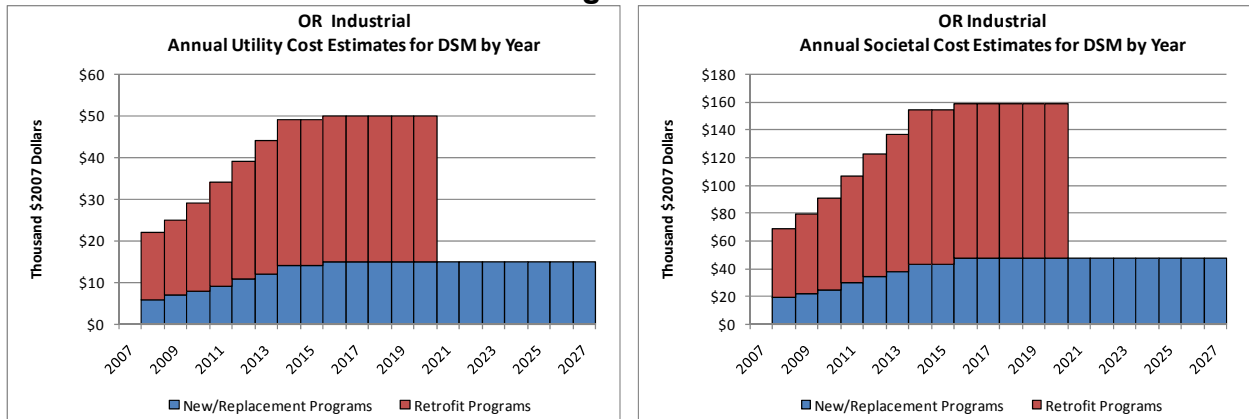
Annual utility and societal program costs are shown in Figures 4-3 and 4-4 below. The sudden drop in cost around 2021 reflects the end of the retrofit programs. Stellar Processes’ deployment scenario assumes all applicable retrofit measures fall into a 13

to 14 year program. After 14 years, the deployment scenario assumes that the opportunity to retrofit existing stock is gone and the retrofit program ends. In contrast, the new/replacement programs are assumed to continue at an equal rate every year after the initial ramp-up.

**Figure 4-3**



**Figure 4-4**



**B. WASHINGTON – BASE CASE**

The Stellar Processes study evaluated achievable energy efficiency potential for residential and commercial customers in Washington, but did not include EE potential for firm industrial customers. However, Washington is unlike Oregon in that NW Natural does not have a contractor in place to obtain these EE resources. Annual utility cost estimates for Washington programs were based on the Energy Trust’s estimated program costs used for the Oregon assessment. The actual cost to NW Natural for such programs would likely be far higher if NW Natural could not rely on the economies of scale gained by using the Energy Trust. The Company is currently investigating the possibility of bringing the Energy Trust into Washington as part of a

new conservation program that would be established in conjunction with a decoupling mechanism. Please see UG-080546 for more information about this proposal.

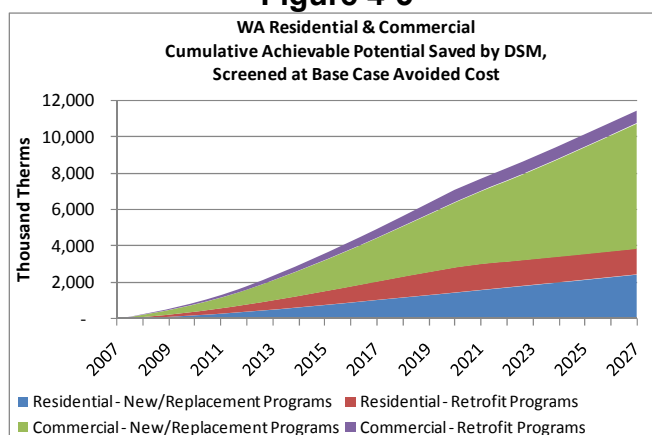
The Stellar Processes Base Case study identified the following:

- The 20 year cumulative achievable savings in Washington is 11 million therms.
- For 2008, approximately 250 thousand therms of potential energy savings could be cost-effectively attained from residential and commercial EE programs with funding of approximately \$500 thousand per year.
- Washington's greatest EE potential is in residential and commercial new construction. Opportunities to improve efficiency during construction include installing insulation with high R-values, efficient windows, proper duct sealing, higher efficiency furnaces and heat recovery ventilation.

While a detailed study of EE potential for Washington-based firm industrial sales customers has not been performed, NW Natural expects the potential savings to be minimal based on the limited EE potential found for Oregon-based firm industrial sales customers. NW Natural has approximately only 30 firm industrial sales customers in its Washington service territory, compared to approximately 590 firm industrial sales customers in Oregon.

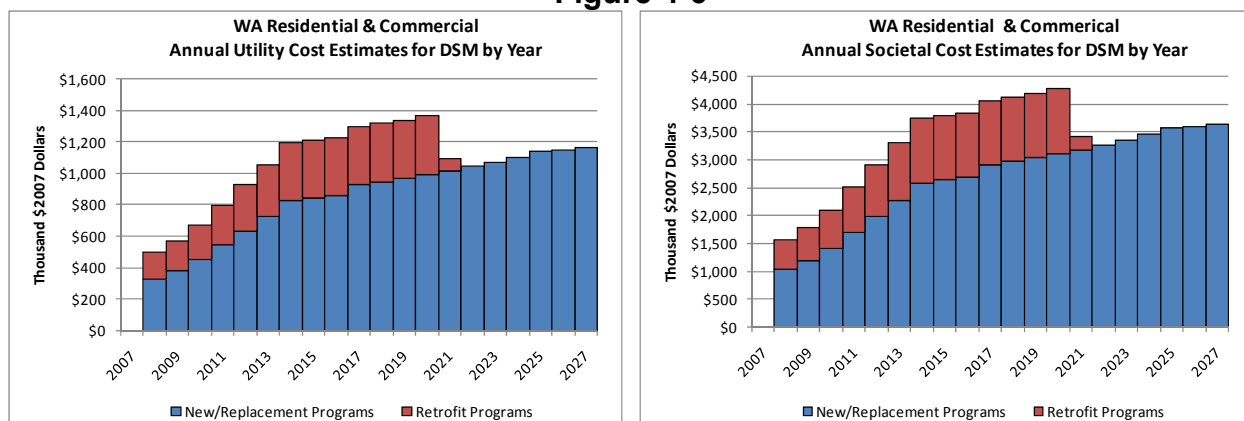
Figure 4-4 below illustrates the achievable potential DSM savings in Washington with cost-effective screening at Base Case avoided cost levels. More detail on the Washington DSM deployment scenario is presented in Appendix 4-2.

**Figure 4-5**



Annual utility and societal program costs are shown in Figure 4-6 below. As with the graphs of Oregon deployment scenario (Figures 4-3 and 4-4), the sudden drop in cost in 2022 assumes the majority of potential retrofit projects available in 2008 will have been completed by 2012.

Figure 4-6



**C. HIGH COMMODITY PRICE SENSITIVITY**

The High Commodity Price avoided cost sensitivity is approximately 18 percent greater than the Base Case avoided cost forecast, but the study using this number resulted in only three additional cost effective DSM measures than the Base Case study. These three measures are the Commercial installations identified in Table 4-2 below.

**Table 4-2  
Additional Cost-Effective Measures  
Screening by High Commodity Price Avoided Cost**

DSM Program	Measure Description	Annual Gas Impacts (kTherms)
Commercial Replace	Windows - Tinted AL Code to Class 40	167
Commercial Retrofit	DHW Recirc Controls	373
Commercial Retrofit	Duct retrofit of both insulation and air sealing	334
Total		874

The High Commodity Price DSM deployment scenario results in a modest 1.6 percent increase in 2028 system-wide cumulative achievable therm savings as compared to the Base Case estimate of 87 to 88.4 million therms.

- The cumulative achievable savings for residential and commercial EE programs by 2028 in Oregon increased from the Base Case estimate of 75 million therms to 76 million therms, while achievable saving estimates for Oregon industrial EE programs remained unchanged.
- The cumulative achievable savings for residential and commercial EE programs by 2028 in Washington increased by 4 percent from the Base Case estimate of 11.4 million therms to 11.8 million therms.

The High Commodity Price DSM deployment scenario requires more funding than the Base Case with the present value of 20-year DSM program utility costs increasing by 15 percent over the Base Case DSM deployment scenario. While the

High Commodity Price DSM deployment scenario does not reflect a significant increase over the Base Case in projected achievable therm savings, the 20-year DSM Program utility costs on a per therm basis increased by 13 percent from \$1.84/therm to \$2.08/therm. More detail on the Oregon and Washington High Commodity Price DSM deployment scenario is presented in Appendix 4-3 and 4-4, respectively.

#### **IV. EVALUATION OF ACHIEVABLE DSM PROGRAMS IN SENDOUT<sup>®</sup>**

Stellar Processes' deployment scenario was then evaluated within the SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> model, which determines the optimal resource portfolio necessary to meet both base and heat sensitive load. During that process, the DSM savings were adjusted to more extreme weather conditions to create a more realistic and dynamic evaluation. New construction and replacement programs were designated as "must take" because the opportunity to save therms is lost if these measures are not implemented as they occur. "Must take" programs were inputted as mandatory in SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> meaning "must takes" were automatically implemented and their savings were reduced from demand. Retrofit programs were designated as "discretionary" and evaluated in SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> against other supply-side resources. SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> then sized the implementation percentage for each discretionary DSM program based on levelized costs. Demand was further reduced for savings obtained from cost effective discretionary DSM.

For the Company's Base Case and all sensitivities with the exception of the two low price sensitivities<sup>2</sup> presented in Chapter 5, the Resource Mix functionality of SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> selected all available Oregon and Washington discretionary programs at 100% participation. Since the DSM programs with the highest average levelized program cost are discretionary programs (i.e. Retrofit HVAC program), the SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> results confirm that all Oregon and Washington DSM programs identified by Stellar Processes as achievable are indeed cost-effective compared against the Company's other resource supply options. The evaluation of DSM in SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> and associated results are discussed in more detail in Chapter 5.

#### **V. FUNDING AND PROGRAM DELIVERY**

##### **A. OREGON**

As stipulated in OPUC Order No. 02-634, NW Natural collects a public purpose charge from its residential and commercial customers for conservation as a companion to its decoupling adjustment. The public purpose charge amounts to 1.5 percent of the total revenue billed to residential and commercial customers. 1.25

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<sup>2</sup> For the two low price sensitivities (i.e. Sensitivity 1: High Demand/Low Price Scenario with Mist Expansion and Sensitivity 4: Low Demand/Low Price Scenario), the Resource Mix functionality of SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> did not select Commercial Conversion Discretionary DSM programs specifically in the Dalles (OR) geographic region for some years.



percent provides energy efficiency programs. The remaining 0.25 percent funds the Company-administered Low-Income Weatherization programs.

Also, as stipulated in Article IV of the same order, NW Natural transferred the administrative responsibility of the EE programs funded through the public purpose charge to the Energy Trust of Oregon (Energy Trust). The Energy Trust is a non-profit organization established to provide energy efficiency services and a renewable energy program to Oregon investor-owned electric utility customers. Since its inception, the Energy Trust has grown from serving only electric customers to serving 70% of all electric customers in Oregon as well as all of Oregon's gas customers.

While working with the Energy Trust was a stipulated condition stemming from the decoupling proceeding (UG 143), NW Natural saw this as a good fit because of the Energy Trust's experience administering electric energy efficiency for PGE and Pacific Power. Further, NW Natural recognizes the benefits of combining program delivery to gas and electric customers. NW Natural further acknowledges the benefits derived from the OPUCs oversight of the Energy Trust.

Since the Energy Trust began administering NW Natural's energy efficiency programs in 2002, collections have exceeded program expenditures. This is not unusual since energy efficiency programs require a ramping up period. It takes time to educate customers on efficiency, available incentives and efficient heating or other appliance options. Program spending in 2007 was \$9.1 million, which was approximately \$500,000 less than actual collections. 2008 collection may increase if the customer base or rates increase. As of 2008, The Energy Trust expects to fully spend NW Natural's forecasted collections, and begin to spend down the surplus funds from prior years.

In 2008, the Energy Trust has set a goal of acquiring 2.2 million therms in savings. Funding to reach this goal has been budgeted at approximately \$11 million, which includes the forecasted \$8.5 million to be collected through the Public Purpose funds and approximately half of the surplus funds. In 2009, the Energy Trust has established a goal of obtaining 2.5 million therms, and has budgeted approximately \$11.8 million (including \$3.5 million of the remaining \$5 million from the surplus funds) to obtain this goal. Because the Energy Trust has estimated that the remaining surplus will be spent in 2009, NW Natural anticipates a need to raise the public purpose funding levels in 2010 to meet Energy Trust therm savings goals.

Order No. 05-964 states,

NW Natural must include a full assessment of cost-effective DSM potential in its service territory over the 20-year planning period. The plan should also evaluate whether the public purpose charges for energy efficiency and low-income energy efficiency programs are set at reasonable levels or should be modified.

Based on the results of this resource assessment, the Company has determined that the Public Purpose Charge is appropriately set at this time. The Company and the Energy Trust are committed to aggressive acquisition of cost effective EE and market transformation as identified in the resource assessment. As such, the Company will re-evaluate the sufficiency of its Oregon public purpose funding levels in its next IRP.

Current public purpose charge collections do not apply to industrial customers. Commission Order No. 05-934, which updated the Commission's Order No. 02-634, states,

The current stipulation makes it clear that these same industrial customers will not be eligible for Energy Trust Funding for natural gas related conservation and efficiency programs. We agree that if the industrial customers are not contributing money, they should not participate. (Page 2)

While Stellar Processes' study provides a rudimentary estimate of EE potential for NW Natural's Oregon industrial customers, NW Natural does not currently have a funding mechanism in place to recover costs for such a program. NW Natural is currently studying potential funding mechanisms that will not violate the stipulated agreement that is part of Order No. 05-934 or other Commission rules and policies. NW Natural plans to hold a meeting for interested stakeholders to discuss an appropriate funding mechanism.

## **B. WASHINGTON**

Historically, NW Natural has had a limited energy efficiency program in Washington that included both home weatherization programs and furnace efficiency programs. In March of 2007, however, NW Natural cancelled its home weatherization program due to lack of interest and low overall demand for home treatments. Historically the program experienced approximately 50 audits per year as compared to the furnace efficiency program, which delivers approximately 350 audits per year. In 2005 and 2006 the Company performed 71 and 50 audits, respectively. However, these audits yielded only five home treatments in 2005, and seven in 2006. The Company believes improvement is possible. The first step is for the Company to seek approval of a decoupling mechanism in its 2008 rate case. Without this, energy efficiency threatens the Company's recovery of its fixed costs. When this issue of lost revenue is addressed, the Company would like to then model its funding mechanism and the Energy Trust's administration of DSM programs in Washington. Please see UG-080546 for more details about the Company's decoupling and conversation program proposals.

## **VI. LOW-INCOME WEATHERIZATION IN OREGON AND WASHINGTON**

Since the early 1980s, NW Natural has endeavored to assist its low income customers with the cost of keeping warm by offering them special

weatherization services. Like the electric utilities, the Company has worked closely with county-based Community Action Agencies (CAA) to deliver low-income weatherization. Unlike the electrics, NW Natural remains responsible for administering the low-income programs.

Low Income Weatherization is not studied as a least cost supply option. While it helps reduce heating bills for participants and provides a value to all rate payers through reduced arrearages, the Company works with interested parties in determining the appropriate level of low income weatherization. A brief summary of NW Natural's offerings is listed below by state:

### **D. OREGON**

NW Natural's Oregon Low Income Energy Efficiency (OILEE) program underwent significant changes in 2007, and NW Natural is anticipating serving its low income customers more efficiently and effectively in the years to come.

#### **1. OLIEE Program Evaluation**

In keeping with its tariff requirements to perform periodic evaluations of its OLIEE program, in 2006, NW Natural completed an evaluation of its existing OLIEE program with the assistance of Forefront Economics of Beaverton, Oregon.

Key findings of the study included:

- The average participant saves 115 therms annually (\$149 a year at current rates).
- The program reduced gas usage by 18 percent.
- Verified savings are 77 percent of expected savings (115 therms compared to 149 therms).
- From a Total Resource Cost (TRC) perspective the program almost breaks even. This means that the therms saved from the program are as expensive as a supply side resources (TRC benefit-cost ratio of 0.97).
- OILEE participants undeniably benefit from the program.

In future OLIEE evaluations the Company plans to include public input on research process and design issues to provide outside stakeholders with the opportunity to provide input on the process.

#### **2. Changes in 2007**

Compared to the electric utilities, NW Natural's low income program has had less funding because the Company's lower avoided

costs means program expenditures exceed their cost effective limit at a lower dollar level. Over time, a significant amount of NW Natural's low income weatherization funds remained unspent and accumulated. In 2007, NW Natural developed a two-part plan to:

- a) Make serving low-income gas customers as compensatory as serving low-income electric customers, and
- b) Spend down the accumulated funding through a one-time, temporary program of accelerated low income weatherization.

First, in 2007 the Company worked with interested parties to improve the OLIEE CAP program (CAP). On July 30, 2007, NW Natural filed with the OPUC a memorandum of understanding (MOU) that included as signatories: OPUC Staff, the Community Action Directors of Oregon (CADO) and the Citizens' Utility Board (CUB). This MOU describes a creative approach that allows agencies to be reimbursed for 90 percent of their actual cost of weatherizing qualifying homes. Additionally, the MOU provides agencies the opportunity to use funding for health and safety measures that do not save energy directly but enhance the overall safety and effectiveness of the actual installations. Finally, the plan requires the agencies to collectively weatherize a prescribed number of homes each of the three years in the pilot.

Second, the plan also addresses the present funding accumulation. While the Company maintains that the recommendations above can accelerate the CAA's use of funding, it is unlikely that the CAA has the ability to use the accumulated funding in the near to mid-term. Therefore, NW Natural hired Ecos Consulting to address the accumulated funding issue. This particular OLIEE program is known as an Open Solicitation Program (OSP) and is designed to cost-effectively and quickly install several major energy efficiency measures in 825 low income homes.

## **E. WASHINGTON**

Following the completion of the Company's last Washington general rate case in 2004, the WUTC authorized the NW Natural's administration of low-income weatherization programs. The Company recovers the funds distributed to CAAs through deferral accounting included in the Company's PGA mechanism. NW Natural expects expenditure levels in Washington to amount to approximately \$0.1 million per year.

**VII. OTHER DEMAND-SIDE MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

**A. LOAD MANAGEMENT AND DEMAND RESPONSE**

Demand response reduces system load requirements during periods of high demand and system stress. Due to previous severe disruptions in the western electric energy markets, demand response programs were largely developed to correct market failures in deregulated electric energy markets. Demand response encompasses a number of activities including real time pricing, time-of-use rates, critical-peak pricing, demand buyback, interruptible rates and direct load controls. To varying degrees, NW Natural manages peak demands using several of these techniques.

On NW Natural's system, customers taking service on interruptible rates represent approximately 42 percent of annual throughput. This includes interruptible sales service, interruptible transportation service and firm service on our system transportation service. Large volume customers gravitate towards interruptible service because of the low distribution margin.

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) pricing policies for interstate pipeline service influence the loads NW Natural serves. The straight fixed variable pricing of pipeline capacity creates an incentive for the Company to encourage gas use by high load factor customers and discourage low load factor use.

**VIII. KEY FINDINGS**

- In Oregon, the Base Case DSM resource assessment identified annual savings of approximately 2.3 million therms that could be cost-effectively attained from residential and commercial EE programs with funding of approximately \$7.4 million per year. Cumulative achievable savings for Oregon's residential and commercial EE programs could reduce consumption by approximately 60 million therms by 2022 and approximately 75 million therms by 2028.
- The resource assessment identified annual savings of approximately 22 thousand therms that could be cost-effectively attained from Oregon's firm industrial sales customers. The cost for these saving is approximately \$22 thousand per year.
- In Washington, the resource assessment determined that approximately 250 thousand therms of potential energy savings could be cost-effectively attained from residential and commercial EE programs for approximately \$500 thousand per year, if the Company were able to achieve program

costs in line with Oregon's program costs. Cumulative achievable savings for Washington's residential and commercial EE programs could reduce consumption by approximately 7.6 million therms by 2022 and approximately 11.4 million therms by 2028.

**IX. ACTION ITEMS**

- NW Natural will work with the Energy Trust to provide updated estimates of achievable DSM savings and required Public Purpose charge funding levels for Oregon residential and commercial customers in its annual update and next IRP.
- The Company will work with interested parties to determine potential EE program funding mechanism for its Oregon firm industrial customers.
- Provided NW Natural and the WUTC can establish a revenue neutral environment for conservation, the Company will seek to mirror successful Energy Trust programs in the Company's Washington service area.

**CHAPTER 5: LINEAR PROGRAMMING AND THE COMPANY'S  
RESOURCE CHOICES**

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## **CHAPTER 5: LINEAR PROGRAMMING AND THE COMPANY'S RESOURCE CHOICES**

This chapter describes the analytic method NW Natural employed to combine the demand forecast with the supply and demand side resources to determine whether the Company has a resource deficiency and to select the least cost mix of resources required to serve forecast demand over the planning horizon. This chapter also defines a set of modeling scenarios, including a stochastic analysis, designed to assist the Company's selection of future resources under alternative specifications of future demand and price levels and resource availability.

The resulting resource mix demonstrates the Company's consideration of State and Federal policy. State policy, as evidenced in SB 838, seeks to provide additional funding mechanisms for energy efficiency. Federal policy, likewise, is trending toward energy market transformation and environmental protection. This IRP supports aggressive energy efficiency acquisition, incorporates carbon adders in its avoided cost, and does not shift reliance onto LNG supplies which directly demonstrate the influence of State and Federal policies in the development of this Plan.

### **I. OVERVIEW – THE APPROACH TO OPTIMALITY**

As loads grow across the Company's eight primary geographic regions, various methods exist for meeting them. Options available to the Company include DSM initiatives, acquiring additional pipeline capacity, recalling existing storage capacity, or putting new pipe in the ground that improves the interconnectivity between districts. None of these activities preclude the others, so there are a large number of potential resource combinations that could be adopted to serve new customer needs. The task at hand is choosing the best (in this case, least cost) combination. In making this choice, NW Natural uses a linear programming methodology.

Linear programming (LP) is an analytic technique that examines every possible means of acquiring demand or supply-side resources to meet growing customer needs and determines the least cost solution. The LP model selects that combination of resources that satisfies customer load in the least cost manner over the planning horizon. For this IRP, the Company adopted a new linear programming package called *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> that expands the analytic possibilities beyond previous efforts.



## **II. LEAST COST OPTIMIZATION**

The least cost aspect of the Company's network LP model attempts to minimize an equation representing the present value cost of meeting customer demand over the 20 year planning period. With respect to gas supply resources, two different types of supply options currently exist for meeting customer demand: (i) pipeline gas delivered on a real time basis to demand centers, or (ii) injecting gas into storage facilities during relatively low demand periods and withdrawing the gas from storage for delivery to demand centers during high demand periods. NW Natural applies constraints (or limitations) to this cost minimization exercise. For example, the Company's ability to deliver gas on a pipeline from a supply source to its city gate stations (points of interconnection between the pipeline and the Company's distribution facilities) is limited by the amount and type of pipeline capacity the Company has reserved. Typically, the Company buys pipeline capacity on a firm daily basis. That is, a 200,000 therm purchase of pipeline contract demand (CD) means that the buyer possess rights to 200,000 therms of gas deliveries per day for each day of the year. This constraint limits the model to only the capacity currently owned by the Company. Similarly, storage capacity and delivery services are limited by contractual entitlements and the Company cannot deliver more gas from storage than the quantity of gas it placed into storage. The modeling is similarly constrained to reflect the limitations with respect to take-away capacity on the downstream side of the city gates in the southern part of the Company's distribution system. In other words, the mere addition of pipeline CD in the southern Willamette Valley will not always be the sole solution to meeting the area's increasing demand.

The model meets customer requirements with existing pipeline CD and storage resources in a least-cost manner. Eventually, however, the model finds it does not have enough CD or storage to serve the ever-growing gas requirements. When the model identifies constraints beyond existing pipeline CD and storage, the model begins choosing new resource alternatives.

The Company meets expected additional supply side resource requirements in one of three different ways: (i) buying more pipeline CD, (ii) buying or building more storage (including LNG storage and vaporization facilities), or (iii) building new distribution facilities that meet the growing customer needs. The model considers both fixed costs and commodity costs associated with different resource selections. From the moment the model accepts a "contract" for incremental pipeline CD, for example, through to the end of the contract, the model assumes the Company pays the fixed costs associated with that resource selection. The model also calculates the commodity cost associated with the supply sources that can serve that pipeline section. Similarly, the use of a storage expansion facility also triggers the carrying charges

associated with the investment costs of the facility, which are fixed costs paid regardless of use levels throughout the entirety of the analysis. The model will also calculate the cost of the commodity used to fill the storage facility. The entire model, then, consists of an objective function (which sums up the costs of meeting load) and a large number of constraint equations designed to solve the system of equations for a set of resource use levels that minimize total cost.

In network analysis, the model moves product (natural gas) from supply “nodes” to demand “nodes” over transport “arcs.” For example, the model identifies gas storage facilities and gas receipt points as nodes, and the model treats a pipeline like a transport arc. The Company inputs all the necessary information about how gas currently flows from supply sources to market centers, the capacity of the current “arcs” and supply “nodes,” and the range of possible new supply nodes and arcs and the constraints on what capacity can be added to the network model. Then the network model examines all possible outcomes and yields an optimal solution. Unlike previous LP models, the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> application provides the opportunity for the Company to choose to not meet load, but at very high cost. When curtailment is unavoidable, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> reports these unmet loads as unserved demand.

Another change over previous IRP analytical methods relates to the structure of the gas year. Previous IRP studies used what is called “mixed integer analysis” as opposed to a more typical “continuous solution” analysis. Mixed integer programming (MIP) allows resource decisions to be “binary” in nature; that is, if the model chose a storage facility, then the model commits the full cost and it cannot be reduced or eliminated until full payment of the facility. This means that the model either takes the entire resource (binary = 1) or the model does not take the resource (binary = 0), and this prevents the analysis from including “continuous” solutions. With MIP analysis, the entire LP model solves once with each binary integer switched to zero, and then a second time with the switches at one. Depending on the number of switches this approach quickly becomes very computationally costly. An MIP model solves  $2^n$  times where “n” equal the number of integers. For example, if a model includes 64 resources that are specified as integers, the model calculates  $2^{64}$  intervals. Two to the sixty fourth power equals 18,466,744,073,709,600,000 complete recalculations. Obviously, MIP analysis requires careful specification.

To solve this problem and better manage the LP analysis, NW Natural's previous LP analyses divided the year into 15 “bins.” The first 5 bins each contained one day arranged from the coldest in bin one to the fifth coldest in bin 5. The next 5 bins each contained 5 days in descending order of coldness, each of the next three bins (bins number 11, 12, and 13) contained 30 days, again in descending coldness. Bin 14 was 90 days in length, and bin 15 contained the 185 days modeled as the summer

period. Thus, each design year started out with its coldest day, and proceeded monotonically to its warmest.

In the load duration curve, 15 bin approach, the coldest, most demanding weather always occurs first. This tends to overstate the capability of a storage laden system because storage facilities are full and have the ability to deliver at their greatest rate during the beginning of each cycle. In the Company's current IRP, the peak day occurs on February 3<sup>rd</sup>, after several months of winter weather and significant heating load. If the Company positions this specific peak day first, followed immediately by the coldest to warmest weather, the storage biased system easily meets the load. However, if the model analyzes the identical winter load as it historically occurred, the storage based system may not meet the peak day requirements. For local distribution companies (LDCs) that have few resource options beyond pipeline capacity, this difference in approaches may be of little significance. For NW Natural, the difference is critical because the Company heavily relies on storage to satisfy peak demand.

### **III. SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> – RESOURCE ASSESSMENT TOOL**

The Company purchased SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> in 2005 intending to use it for both its annual PGA filings as well as its optimization model for the IRPs. New Energy Associates, a Ventyx Company, developed the SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> Gas Planning System. SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> is a gas portfolio and optimization application designed to comprehensively analyze and optimize an entire gas supply portfolio - including supply, transportation and storage assets. It generates best-cost strategic plans that consider economic parameters along with operational constraints. SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> is licensed by 65 energy companies in North America, including all of the natural gas utilities serving Oregon and Washington; it has become a standard for the gas supply strategic planning process.

SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> generates least-cost solutions through the analysis of hundreds of potential solutions made possible by evaluating numerous variables associated with forecast customer demand for gas (customer count forecasts, usage coefficients by customer type (residential, commercial), heating degree days (HDDs), and forecast end use rates), demand-side management programs, and existing and potential supply options. Please refer to Chapters 2 (demand forecast), 3 (existing and potential supply side resources), and 4 (DSM) for complete descriptions of these model inputs.

In response to a growing, general interest in risk analysis, the Company recently began using what was initially an add-on module to SENDOUT<sup>®</sup>, called

VectorGas™, as the platform for performing Monte Carlo simulations. *SENDOUT*® Version 12 now integrates the full functionality of VectorGas into *SENDOUT*® providing Monte Carlo simulation capability around weather and price. Through detailed portfolio optimization techniques, the analytical potential of *SENDOUT*® is enhanced because of its capability to produce probability distribution information.

With *SENDOUT*®, NW Natural abandoned the previous MIP, 15 bins approach. *SENDOUT*® specifies an entire 365 day analysis, and, more importantly, the model analyzes weather as it actually occurs, rather than in declining order of coldness. The move to *SENDOUT*® increased planning realism, and, as discussed in section V of this chapter, has revealed a need for increased resources sooner than in previous plans. Specifically, *SENDOUT*® reveals that under the Base Case Scenario assumptions (see section V below), NW Natural has insufficient existing resources to serve 100% of the forecast load across its system in the first forecast year (i.e., 2008-2009). By the second forecast year, *SENDOUT*® is able to secure sufficient incremental supply and demand resources to fully satisfy forecast load for the remainder of the 20 year planning horizon.

#### **IV. DSM EVALUATION IN *SENDOUT*®**

As discussed in Chapter 4, NW Natural contracted with Stellar Processes to analyze the potential energy savings it can cost-effectively procure within its service territory. Stellar Processes developed two DSM deployment scenarios to reflect screening of DSM measures based on (1) the Base Case avoided cost forecast and (2) the High Commodity Price avoided cost sensitivity.

For this IRP, NW Natural utilized the Program Totals method of DSM evaluation in *SENDOUT*®, which provides direct input of DSM program impact, allowing comparison of DSM options with supply options. Specifically, the Usage Factor method of calculating DSM demand reduction was used in *SENDOUT*®. These usage factors represent the decrement to demand, both base and heat sensitive, associated with the Region/Class to which the DSM program is assigned. The utilization of heat sensitive DSM usage factors allows the achievable potential DSM savings to change with temperature assumptions and is a more realistic dynamic evaluation of DSM potential savings.

To estimate the *SENDOUT*® DSM usage factors for the two DSM deployment scenarios developed by Stellar Processes, NW Natural first allocated the Oregon and Washington annual achievable potential DSM saving estimates provided by

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Stellar Processes for each DSM program type to each month in the year based on monthly load distribution estimates provided by Stellar Processes, which are shown in Appendix 4-6. For each year, the base DSM savings is estimated as the minimum monthly average DSM savings per day. The heat sensitive DSM savings for each month are then calculated by subtracting base DSM savings from total savings.

The percentage of base DSM savings to forecasted total base load demand is calculated for each state (i.e. Oregon and Washington), where residential and commercial base DSM saving estimates for New Construction programs are applied to the forecasted base load demand for new construction customers. Similarly, base DSM savings estimates for Replacement and Retrofit programs are applied to the forecasted demand for existing and conversion customers. This process is repeated to calculate the percentage of heat sensitive DSM savings to forecasted normal temperature sensitive load (assuming 20-year normal weather) for each state.<sup>1</sup>

DSM base and heat sensitive usage factors are then estimated for each region and customer sub-class combination, by multiplying the customer base load and temperature sensitive usage factors by the respective percentage of estimated DSM savings to normal demand.

Lost opportunity DSM programs in this analysis are locked in as “must run”, while the other programs are discretionary. The New Construction and Replacement programs designated as “must run” by Stellar Processes are inputted into *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> as mandatory programs to be automatically utilized at 100% and reduced from demand. Retrofit programs are designated as “discretionary” by Stellar Processes and are treated differently. Using the Resource Mix functionality of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>, discretionary DSM programs are evaluated based on levelized societal costs on a comparable basis with supply side options to calculate the most economical levels of utilization. Levelized societal costs were developed by Stellar Processes and are specified for each program in Appendix 4-5. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> optimally sizes the implementation percent for each discretionary DSM program, taking into account the total cost and demand reduction. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> reduces the demand and includes monthly program costs based on user inputs. While sizing of discretionary DSM programs is based on levelized program costs, the Company values all DSM programs at the annual utility program cost for purposes of estimating cost of supplying customer

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<sup>1</sup> Specifically, residential and commercial heat sensitive DSM saving estimates for New Construction programs are applied to the forecasted normal temperature sensitive load for new construction customers. Similarly, heat sensitive DSM savings estimates for Replacement and Retrofit programs are applied to the forecasted normal temperature sensitive load for existing and conversion customers. The customer and associated demand forecasts are discussed in Chapter 2.

demand. These annual utility program costs were developed by Stellar Processes and are provided in Appendices 4-1 through 4-4.

For all model runs presented in this chapter with the exception of the two low price sensitivities,<sup>2</sup> the Resource Mix functionality of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selected all available discretionary programs at 100% participation based on the levelized societal DSM program costs, which were already pre-screened at avoided cost estimates by Stellar Processes to represent “achievable” programs. These *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> results suggest that all DSM programs identified by Stellar Processes as achievable are indeed cost-effective compared against other resource options. The resulting DSM cost-effective therm savings adjusted for design weather as selected by the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> Resource Mix DSM allocated by customer sub-class and region over the 20 year IRP planning period are presented in Appendix 5-1.<sup>3</sup>

## **V. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> SCENARIOS, PORTFOLIOS & RESULTS**

### **A. PLANNING CRITERIA**

NW Natural’s planning criteria for estimating demand over the 20 year horizon of this IRP has evolved during the preparation of this document. In the past the Company had relied upon the historical coldest season observed in the past 20 years augmented by the coldest peak day event in 20 years to represent a very cold weather scenario. Based on analysis of the historical distribution of weather conditions over the last 20 years, the likelihood of this prior winter design criteria occurring in any one year is only 0.08%. Because the previous IRP model, using a load duration curve, tended to overestimate the Company’s ability to meet a late winter peak event, in the past this planning standard may have been the most reasonable one. However, when the Company moved away from load duration curves, the model showed a need for significantly more resources than it had in the past to meet this planning standard. Using stochastic analysis, the Company was able to determine the extreme nature of the previous planning standard, and the high cost of using this planning standard to make resource selections. After considering this analysis, NW Natural concluded that the planning standard used for the previous model was no longer appropriate on a cost/risk basis.

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<sup>2</sup> For the two low price sensitivities (i.e. Sensitivity 1: High Demand/Low Price and Sensitivity 4: Low Demand/Low Price), the Resource Mix functionality of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> did not select Commercial Conversion Discretionary DSM programs specifically in the Dalles (OR) geographic region for some years.

<sup>3</sup> Appendix 5-1 contains the DSM savings for the Base Case Scenario and only those sensitivity analyses where the savings differ from the Base Case.

At the February 21, 2008 meeting with the Technical Working Group (TWG) NW Natural discussed changing the design criteria to an 85% probability coldest winter again augmented by the coldest peak day event in 20 years plus two shoulder days (see Chapter 2 for a more detailed description of this approach). The Company did not hear any concerns expressed from the TWG about this change to a less extreme planning standard and has proceeded to adopt it as the base case design criteria for this IRP. Implementation of this change results in an approximate 6,800 MDth reduction in forecasted annual 2007-2008 firm requirements and a reduction of 9,200 MDth by year 2027-2028. Later in this chapter we test the sensitivity of our selected base case portfolio to the previous historic coldest winter season design criteria (Sensitivity 6 shown in Appendix 5-3). This sensitivity analysis demonstrates that the forecast reduction in demand associated with the change to a more reasonable design standard reduces the present value of 20 year supply costs by \$792 million.

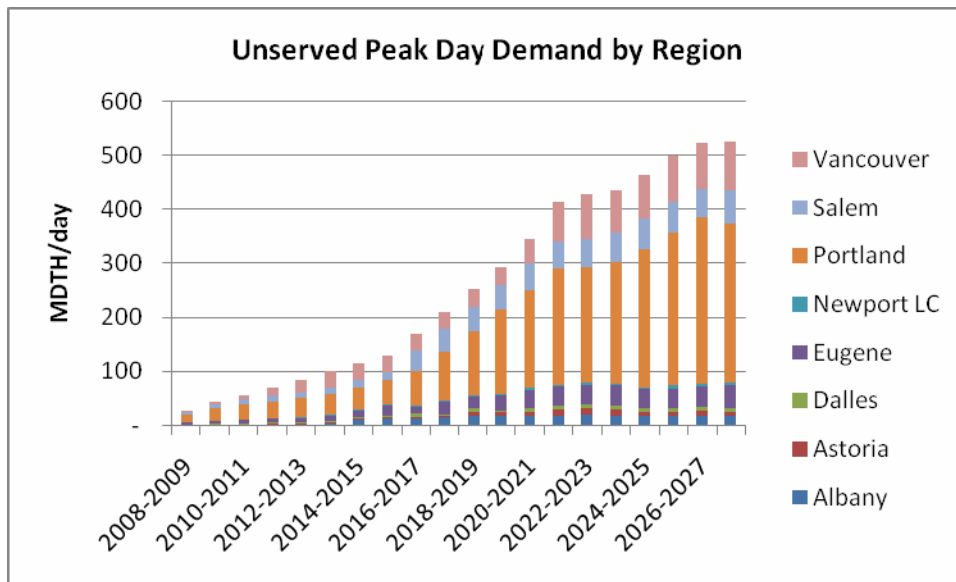
The likelihood of the augmented 85% probability coldest winter design criteria occurring in any one year is 5.9%, based on analysis of the historical distribution of weather conditions over the last 20 years. This probability of occurrence is equivalent to a 1 in 17 year event. In addition, NW Natural also uses *SENDOUT*® to assess the cost and risk trade off associated with adoption of the augmented 85% probability coldest winter planning standard by running hundreds of Monte Carlo simulations assuming a normal distribution around 20-year normal HDDs and around its base case gas commodity price forecast. The stochastic analysis presented later in this chapter shows that the selected least-cost base case resource mix that meets the augmented 85% probability coldest winter criteria results in unserved demand in only 3.7% of the 200 Monte Carlo simulations on average for each year. The Company believes that this change in design weather assumptions represents the best combination of risk/cost for planning criteria.

### **B. DEVELOPMENT OF INCREMENTAL SUPPLY-SIDE RESOURCE OPTIONS**

NW Natural's evaluation of its need for incremental resources over the 20 year planning horizon begins with its **Current Portfolio Scenario**. Here, the Company applies its planning criteria demand forecast to its existing supply-side resource portfolio (i.e., assuming there are no incremental supply or demand side resources available to NW Natural). The objective of this analysis is to test the ability of the Company's existing resource portfolio to satisfy forecasted load and determine whether and where the Company has an existing resource deficiency.

Figure 5-1 demonstrates that NW Natural's existing resource portfolio is not sufficient to serve aggregate forecasted load under the augmented 85% probability coldest winter planning criteria. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> estimates peak day unserved demand in all areas except Newport, totaling about 28 MDth/day in the initial year, rising to greater than 500 MDth/day by the end of the planning horizon.

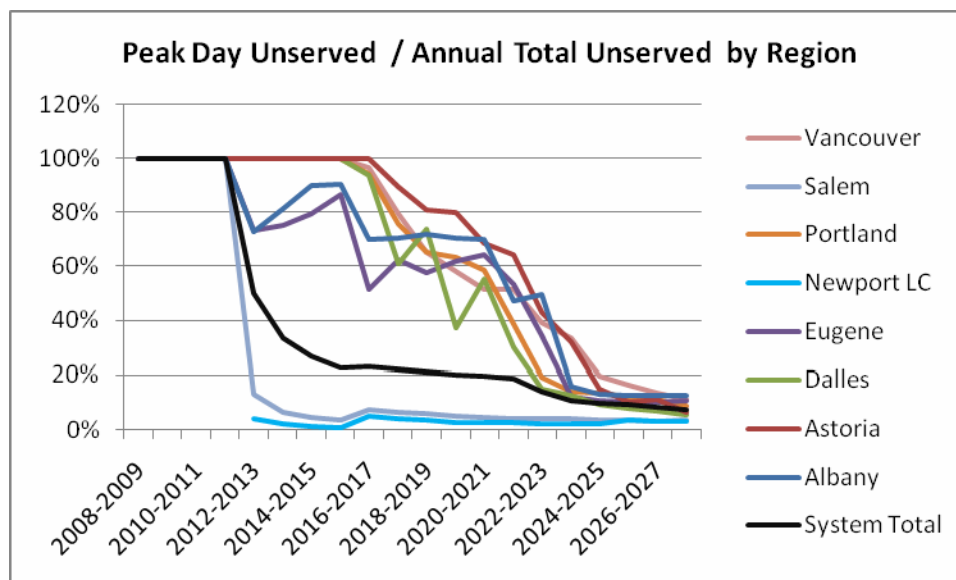
Figure 5-1



Appendix 5-2 contains the forecasted peak day and annual unserved demand results for each region. Forecasted annual unserved demand on an aggregate basis grows from approximately 28 MDth in the first year to 6,993 MDth by 2027-2028. In Figure 5-2 we compare the characteristics of unserved demand across regions and time by calculating the ratio of peak day unserved demand to annual unserved demand by region throughout the planning horizon.



Figure 5-2



This analysis reveals that peak day unserved demand initially comprises 100% of total unserved demand on an aggregate basis, but steadily falls throughout the planning horizon to a level of less than 10%. On a regional basis, this ratio shows significant variation. Except for Newport, which exhibits no unserved demand for the first few years, peak day unserved is 100% of annual unserved in all regions at the start of the forecast. Over time, unserved demand begins to expand beyond the peak day, appearing earlier in the southern regions and a few years later in the north. By the end of the planning horizon, however, all regions exhibit a peak day to annual ratio hovering in the 10% range. This suggests that on an aggregate system-wide basis, SENDOUT<sup>®</sup>'s preference for incremental peaking resources will be stronger in the initial years of the forecast than in the later years when its resource preference will shift increasingly towards incremental seasonal (e.g., Mist recall) and baseload (e.g., new pipeline CD) resources. However, gas delivery constraints and resource availability will affect system-wide resource preferences, resulting in region-specific resource selections. For example, satellite LNG located behind the citygate may serve as the preferred resource selection in Eugene at the south end both of NWPL's Grants Pass Lateral and the Company's distribution system, whereas seasonal storage with incremental pipeline resources may be a preferred resource selection for regions further north.

Based on these results, the Company concludes that it is necessary to assess a wide variety of incremental demand and supply-side resources to address forecast unserved demand. Section IV of this chapter describes NW Natural's approach

for assessing incremental DSM resources. As described in Chapter 3, the Company is also investigating a variety of incremental baseload, seasonal, and peaking supply resources (see Appendix 3-2 for a summary of expected costs and availability dates for each supply-side resource option). Baseload resources include contracting for incremental pipeline capacity from existing pipeline service providers (e.g., NWPL CD held by March Point), contracting for capacity on proposed new pipelines (e.g., Palomar East), or investing in expansion of the Company's own distribution system (e.g., the Willamette Valley Feeder). Seasonal resources include continued recall of the Company's existing Mist storage capacity. Peaking resources include locating Satellite LNG facilities in Salem, Albany, and Eugene. Lastly, the Company is assessing the economics of contracting for gas sourced from two different proposed LNG import terminals in Oregon. These facilities have the potential to provide baseload, seasonal, or peaking resource needs depending on the Company's market alternatives and contracting strategy. Although Appendix 3-2 indicates an expected availability date for each supply-side resource, the Company certainly has a higher degree of confidence in the timing for those resources that are currently in place (e.g., Mist recall, March Point capacity) or under its direct development control (Willamette Valley Feeder) than those resources that currently represent proposed third party project developments (e.g., LNG import terminals).

### **C. BASE CASE SCENARIO**

NW Natural's evaluation of its selection of incremental resources over the 20 year planning horizon begins with its **Base Case Scenario**. As explained previously, for this IRP, the Company has selected an augmented 85% probability coldest winter planning standard against which to evaluate the cost and risk trade off of various supply and demand resources available to *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. With the "85% weather" demand specified for each region and customer class, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> seeks to satisfy demand utilizing the demand-side resources represented by the Base Case DSM deployment scenario described in Chapter 4, the Company's existing portfolio of supply side resources, and the incremental resources described in Chapter 3, except for supplies sourced from the two LNG import terminals.<sup>4</sup> The Company has chosen to exclude imported LNG from the Base Case Scenario because, relative to the other incremental supply side resources considered, the LNG import terminals are: 1) subject to a greater degree of development/availability risk, and 2) outside the control of the Company in terms of facility development.

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<sup>4</sup> Although NW Natural has a Precedent Agreement in place with Palomar providing for a contract capacity of 100 MMcf/day, in the Base Case Scenario the Company allows *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> to choose Palomar East capacity at any level from 0 to 200,000 Dth/day in order to determine the optimal mix of resources.

When the Company began this IRP process, the Palomar pipeline was still in the nascent stages of planning. Early versions of the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model included the pipeline only as a scenario, rather than as part of the base case. As plans for Palomar developed, we became more confident that it was reasonable to include Palomar East as part of the Company's base case.

As described in greater detail below, the Company has contracted in a Precedent Agreement for 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on Palomar East, based on our assessment of the commitment necessary to make the project economic, even in the absence of an LNG terminal. While the Company does have this Precedent Agreement in place, we felt it was important to assess the optimal resource mix under a wide variety of scenarios, and not limit the model to 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on the Palomar East pipeline. We view the Base Case as a "starting point" for the assessment of a variety of resource mix options. However, we remain mindful that we do have this existing obligation, and had we not sized our commitment as we did, Palomar East would likely not be a viable supply-side resource.

### **D. OTHER SCENARIOS AND BASE CASE SENSITIVITIES**

After identifying the Base Case resource portfolio, NW Natural designs a series of alternate scenarios in which it modifies the supply side resources made available to *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> in the Base Case and allows *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> to reselect a portfolio of optimal resources (a process known as "resource mix") to satisfy forecast demand. The Company designs a total of nine alternate scenarios where each scenario allows for a single change to the incremental supply side resources available in the Base Case. The first two of these scenarios provide for the introduction of one, but not both of the LNG import terminals. The **Northern LNG Scenario** adds supplies sourced from the Bradwood Landing project to the Base Case incremental resource portfolio while the **Southern LNG Scenario** adds supplies sourced from the Jordan Cove project to the Base Case incremental resource portfolio. The Company believes that given the scale, cost and supply commitments required to develop one of these projects, it is reasonable to assume that only one such project could be successfully developed in the region. To test the impact of this assumption, the Company then designs a **Two LNG Projects Scenario** that allows for the simultaneous introduction of both Bradwood and Jordan Cove in 2011.

The next four scenarios assume that certain incremental supply resources are either unavailable or delayed from the in-service dates assumed in the Base Case. The **No Palomar Scenario** assumes that the Palomar pipeline is not developed during the 20 year planning horizon. The **No GP Recall Scenario** assumes that the GP Recall option is not available to the Company and is designed to test the value of this resource

option. The **Delayed Satellite LNG Scenario** pushes out the assumed availability date of the satellite LNG resource from April of this year to 2012. Finally, the **No Satellite LNG Scenario** assumes that Satellite LNG is not available to the Company. This scenario is designed to test the value of this resource option and to consider alternative resource selections that may be necessary if the Company is unable to get a Satellite LNG sited at the time the model identifies the resource need.

The final two scenarios test the resource mix selection by varying the construction cost estimate for the Company's Willamette Valley Feeder project both with the Satellite LNG resource available (**WVF Alternative Scenario**) and without Satellite LNG availability (**WVF Alternative with No Satellite LNG Scenario**). NW Natural continues to refine its cost estimate for building the Willamette Valley Feeder, and believes the lower cost estimate, which is based on more recent data and a refinement of the route the pipeline would take, is in fact a more accurate assessment of the eventual cost of this resource.

In addition to the alternate scenarios discussed above, NW Natural develops 13 Sensitivity cases to the Base Case Scenario. The Sensitivity cases differ from the alternate Scenarios in that they include different planning criteria, such as alternate weather patterns, various levels of load growth, alternate forward price curves, and changes to available capacity levels, as summarized in Table 5-1. Finally, the Company conducts a stochastic analysis of the Base Case Scenario. The stochastic analysis assesses the resiliency of the Base Case resource portfolio to variation in the level of demand and prices specified in the Base Case Scenario by assuming hundreds of normally distributed potential outcomes around the 20-year average normal weather and the forecasted gas prices.

Table 5-1 summarizes NW Natural's alternate Scenarios and Base Case Sensitivities. In this chapter we provide a brief summary of the modeling results. Appendix 5-3 provides detailed results of the model runs.

**Table 5-1: NW Natural Modeling Scenarios & Base Case Sensitivities**

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<b>Base Case Scenario</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “85% weather”</li> <li>• Base demand and price forecasts</li> <li>• Incremental resources available: new pipeline CD, Mist recall<sup>5</sup>, Palomar East, TF-1 capacity turnback, March Point capacity, GP recall<sup>6</sup>, Satellite LNG, Willamette Valley feeder, Newport LNG enhancement, and Brownsville to Eugene capacity</li> </ul>	
<b>Alternate Scenarios</b> (resource mix options)	<b>Base Case Sensitivities</b> (modifications of commodity availability, commodity cost, transportation cost, and/or load forecast inputs <sup>7</sup> )
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Current Portfolio</b> (no incremental resources available)</li> <li>2. <b>Northern LNG</b> (Bradwood Landing is available, Palomar West is available)</li> <li>3. <b>Southern LNG</b> (Jordan Cove and Pacific Connector are available)</li> <li>4. <b>Two LNG Projects</b> (both Bradwood</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>High Demand/Low Price</b><sup>8</sup>: Significant new gas supplies (e.g., strong domestic exploration), relaxed environmental protections, and increased use of coal for electric generation with new technologies (e.g., carbon capture) drive gas prices lower, coupled with strong economic growth and higher demand.</li> <li>2. <b>Low Demand/High Price</b>: Prolonged economic downturn, increased gas-fired electric generation, new environmental regulation (e.g., a significant carbon tax), and a decrease in supplies lead to higher prices, which in turn drives down demand.</li> <li>3. <b>High Demand/High Price</b>: Significant new environmental regulations drive increased demand and price, but strong economic growth leads to continued high demand.</li> <li>4. <b>Low Demand/Low Price</b>: A lengthy economic downturn,</li> </ol>

<sup>5</sup> SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> allows Mist Recall to cycle throughout the withdrawal season in all model runs.

<sup>6</sup> GP Recall is not treated as a Resource Mix decision. NW Natural may either keep the existing citygate peaking contract or it can recall the capacity. SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> is not able to solve for this type of decision. Therefore, the Company ran a Base Case Scenario with GP as status quo, and another with the capacity recalled. The capacity recall supports the least cost solution. Therefore, except in the No GP Recall case, the incremental GP Recall capacity referenced in this section is a fixed/locked-in value; it is not evaluated in the scenarios. In the No GP Recall case, the recall option is not available, but the existing citygate peaking service is available.

<sup>7</sup> The Low Demand and Negative Load Growth Sensitivities are modeled as a reduction in annual customer growth relative to the Base Case Scenario. Since available DSM is also modeled, in part, based on annual customer growth, the Company has scaled back the DSM available from new customers commensurate with the assumed reduction in such customers in these cases relative to the Base Case.

<sup>8</sup> Chapter 2 describes the Company’s modeling assumptions for High, Low and Negative Demand, and High and Low Price references in this table.

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<p>and Jordan Cove available in 2012)</p> <p>5. <b>No Palomar</b> (and no CD turnback)</p> <p>6. <b>No GP Recall</b></p> <p>7. <b>Delayed Satellite LNG</b> (not available until 2012)</p> <p>8. <b>No Satellite LNG</b></p> <p>9. <b>WVF Alternative</b></p> <p>10. <b>WVF Alternative with No Satellite LNG</b></p>	<p>coupled with significant new sources of supply such as imported LNG, lead to depressed price and demand.</p> <p>5. <b>Palomar Min. at 100:</b> If Palomar East is constructed, under the terms of the Precedent Agreement the Company is committed to taking a minimum of 100,000 Dth/day of capacity.</p> <p>6. <b>Old Design Weather:</b> Uses previous design planning standard of coldest peak event in 20 years + coldest total winter demand in 20 years (see Chapter 2).</p> <p>7. <b>Negative Load Growth:</b> A -1% decrease in customer growth rate in all years.</p> <p>8. <b>Negative Short-term Load Growth:</b> Negative customer growth per Sensitivity 7 for the first five years, trending linearly over next three years to return to the Base Case customer growth rate thereafter.</p> <p>9. <b>Negative Long-term Load Growth:</b> Base Case customer growth for five years, trending linearly down over three years to negative customer growth per Sensitivity 7 thereafter.</p> <p>10. <b>High AECO Price:</b> 3% increase in the AECO “high” price to simulate decrease in AECO supplies.</p> <p>11. <b>Limited North American Supply:</b> 20% increase to the High Price forecast to simulate decrease in North American supply<sup>9</sup>.</p> <p>12. <b>Unconstrained Mist Recall:</b> No constraint on Mist Recall (i.e., all 289,208 Dth/d available immediately).</p> <p>13. <b>GTN Decontracting:</b> 40% increase in GTN rates due to further decontracting.</p>
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**E. HIGHLIGHTS OF DETERMINISTIC RESULTS - SCENARIOS**

<sup>9</sup> The Limited North American Supply case assumes a greater amount of cost-effective DSM is available due to an increase in avoided costs over the Base Case. The assumed schedule of achievable cost-effective DSM for this case is based on the High Commodity Price DSM deployment scenario developed by Stellar Processes as discussed in more detail in Chapter 4.

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Appendix 5-3 identifies the aggregate forecast unserved demand, the incremental resources that *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects to add to the Company's existing supply portfolio, and the present value cost of the resource portfolio over the 20 year planning horizon for each Scenario. The model results demonstrate that the Company expects to have incremental supply and demand side resources available for it to satisfy 100% of forecast demand except in the first year of the planning horizon. Unserved demand in year one (16,000 Dth) is a consequence of the forecast immediate need for peak day resources under the existing resource portfolio and the assumed unavailability of sufficient incremental peak day supply resources until the second year of the planning horizon. All regions except Astoria and Newport show peak day unserved demand in the first year. Appendix 5-3 contains unserved demand results by region for each Scenario.

*SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects the following incremental resources in the Base Case Scenario:

- Mist Recall: *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> begins selecting this resource in April of 2008 at a level of 10,000 Dth/day, the amount that has been recalled by NW Natural for the 2008 – 2009 year. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> continues to take increasing amounts of Mist Recall, reaching a level of 168,000 Dth/day in 2021-2022.
- Satellite LNG: In Eugene, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> begins selecting this resource in April of 2010 at a level of 400 Dth/day, rising to 30,000 Dth/day by 2027-2028. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> begins selecting this resource at 5,000 Dth/day in Salem in 2025, rising to 9,000 by 2027-2028. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> does not select this resource in Albany throughout the planning horizon.
- March Point: *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> begins selecting this resource in the first year it is available (2017-2018) at the maximum amount of 12,000 Dth/day.
- Incremental pipeline CD: In 2011-2012, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> elects to turn back existing NWPL CD capacity at a level of 77,000 Dth/day, the maximum amount that is first made available to the model in that year. This is a one-time economic decision for the model; it must size the amount of capacity turn-back for the balance of the planning horizon, as opposed to turning back smaller increments that may grow over time. At the same time, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> replaces the turned-back capacity by selecting Palomar East capacity at an initial level of 41,000 Dth/day. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> gradually increases the level of Palomar East capacity to 94,000 Dth/day by the end of the planning horizon.
- NW Natural facilities: *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> also selects the following NW Natural incremental facility projects:
  - Brownsville to Eugene: 900 Dth/day starting in 2011-2012, rising to the maximum of 5,000 Dth/day in 2016-2017
  - Newport pipeline enhancement: 23,000 Dth/day starting in 2012-2013

- Willamette Valley Feeder: 4,000 Dth/day starting in 2010-2011.

Appendix 5-3 identifies the incremental resources that *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects to add to the Company's existing supply portfolio for each of the Scenarios. At a high level, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> appears to treat Mist recall, satellite LNG, and Palomar East as the swing resources in the resource mix decision. Mist recall is always selected at an initial level of 10,000 Dth/day starting in April 2008, but the 2027-2028 level selected varies from 109,000 Dth/day (Northern LNG Scenario) to 213,000 Dth/day (No Satellite LNG Scenario). Satellite LNG in Eugene varies from 6,000 (Southern LNG) to 30,000 Dth/day (Base Case), in Albany from 0 (Base Case) to 27,000 Dth/day (No Palomar), and in Salem from 0 (No GP Recall) to 30,000 Dth/day (No Palomar).<sup>10</sup> Palomar East is taken in every case except the Two LNG Scenario. In the GP Recall Scenario, Palomar East is selected at 100,000 Dth/day by 2027-2028. The modeling results also indicate that incremental NWPL zone 12-9 CD capacity is only selected when there is no satellite LNG available and incremental NWPL mainline CD from Stanfield is only selected in the No Palomar Scenario. Not surprisingly, the model fails to select the Company's Brownsville to Eugene capacity only in the two scenarios where it selects Jordan Cove LNG supplies for delivery to the southern end of its service territory.

As shown in Appendix 5-3, the 20 year NPVRR of total system costs for the Company's Base Case Scenario equals approximately \$8.7 billion (\$2007), ranking it 12<sup>th</sup> highest of the 24 tested Scenarios and Sensitivities (including the existing portfolio). Five Scenarios exhibit lower 20 year NPVRR costs, including all three of the imported LNG scenarios. The Two LNG Projects Scenario is estimated to be the least costly of the tested Scenarios at \$8.4 billion (\$2007), nearly \$0.4 billion less than the Base Case. Aside from the Current Portfolio Scenario, the No Palomar Scenario is estimated to be the most costly of the tested Scenarios at \$8.8 billion (\$2007), approximately \$0.04 billion more than the Base Case.

### **F. HIGHLIGHTS OF DETERMINISTIC RESULTS – BASE CASE SENSITIVITIES**

Appendix 5-3 also identifies the aggregate forecast unserved demand, the changes to the Base Case resource portfolio, and the present value cost of the resource portfolio over the 20 year planning horizon for each of the Base Case Sensitivity cases. The Sensitivity cases are based on the Base Case resource portfolio and, therefore, there are no additional supply-side resources available to address the first year

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<sup>10</sup> Given siting and permitting uncertainty associated with developing satellite LNG facilities on its distribution system, the Company included the No Satellite LNG Scenario to test the sensitivity of the Base Case resource portfolio.



unserved demand in the Base Case (16,000 Dth). However, several of the Sensitivity Cases examine the impact of assumed higher or lower forecast demand and the model results demonstrate that these load assumptions directly translate into higher or lower first year undeserved demand. In the two low demand cases and the two negative load growth cases with negative initial year growth, the demand reduction is sufficient to eliminate the Base Case unserved demand in the first year of the planning horizon. This is also true for the Unconstrained Mist Recall case. In all cases, the Company expects to have incremental supply and demand side resources available for it to satisfy 100% of design planning standard forecast demand by the second year and thereafter throughout the planning horizon. Appendix 5-3 contains unserved demand results by region for the Sensitivity cases.

*SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> reevaluates the optimal resource mix for each Sensitivity case. Notable adjustments to the Base Case portfolio include:

- **Mist Recall:** *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> continues to begin selecting this resource in April of 2008 in all cases. Except for the Unconstrained Mist Recall Sensitivity where *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects 26,000 Dth/day in the first year, the model continues to start at the 10,000 Dth/day April 2008 level in the Base Case. By the end of the 20 year planning horizon in 2027-2028, Mist Recall levels vary considerably, from a low of 24,000 Dth/day in two of the Negative Load Growth Sensitivity Cases to a high of the maximum 289,200 Dth/day in the two High Demand Sensitivity cases. As was evident in the resource mix scenarios, it appears that *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> is treating Mist Recall as the swing resource in the Base Case portfolio.
- **Satellite LNG:** Except in the low demand cases where Satellite LNG is not selected at all, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> typically selects this resource in Eugene, less often in Albany and Salem. *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects Eugene Satellite LNG at levels ranging initially from 400 to 4,000 Dth/day, rising to anywhere from 11,000 Dth/day (Old Design Weather case) to several Sensitivities showing selection of the 30,000 Dth/day maximum by the end of the planning horizon. In the High Demand Sensitivities, Albany and Salem also reach the maximum of 30,000 Dth/day.
- **Incremental pipeline CD:** In all Sensitivities, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> elects the one-time turn back of 77,000 Dth/day of existing NWPL CD capacity in 2011-2012. In all cases *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> replaces the turned-back capacity by selecting Palomar East capacity starting in 2011-2012. Initial Palomar East capacities selected range from a low of 6,000 Dth/day in the negative load growth case to 64,000 Dth/day in the Old Design Weather Sensitivity (except when the model is

constrained to take a minimum of 100,000 Dth/day in the Palomar at Min. of 100 Sensitivity). In most cases, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> increases the level of Palomar East capacity over time, topping out at 200,000 Dth/day in both of the high demand cases by the end of the planning horizon. In the two high demand cases, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> also selects a tranche of incremental NWPL CD z12-z9 capacity in the last two years of the planning horizon, at a level of 5,000 Dth/day. Finally, *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> also selects 12,000 Dth/day of incremental NWPL mainline CD from Stanfield in the two high demand cases in the final year of the planning horizon.

As shown in Appendix 5-3, the 20 year NPVRR of total system costs for the Company's Sensitivity cases range from approximately \$11.5 billion (\$2007) for the Limited North American Supply Sensitivity to a low of approximately \$5.7 billion (\$2007) for the Low Demand/Low Price case. These two Sensitivities mark the upper and lower ends, respectively, of the range of NPVRR estimates for all the tested Scenarios and Sensitivities.

### **G. NW NATURAL'S PREFERRED PORTFOLIO**

After testing a variety of scenarios and sensitivities, the Company identified the **Palomar Min at 100** as its Preferred Portfolio. This portfolio starts with the demand forecast and price forecasts identified by the Company as the base case. While we tested a number of different high and low price and demand forecast, we continue to believe the base case represents our best and most reliable forecast of future load and price.

The **Palomar Min at 100** scenario included as options all identified supply and demand-side resource options with the exception of imported LNG and the pipeline segments specifically associated with the imported LNG terminals. While scenarios including imported LNG were more cost-effective, as noted above the Company did not believe it could reasonably rely on the siting of those terminals for long-term planning purposes.

The Company included the **Palomar Min. at 100** Sensitivity case to test *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>'s treatment of the Company's decision to enter into a Precedent Agreement with Palomar for 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on this proposed new pipeline. The Company's primary objective in pursuing this portfolio selection is to facilitate a second direct connection to the interstate pipeline network in order to enhance long-term gas supply delivery reliability for its growing distribution system. NW Natural agreed to the Precedent Agreement because it concluded that a contractual commitment at this level was necessary to facilitate the development of this new

pipeline project. In the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> analysis described above, the Palomar Min. at 100 Sensitivity case is slightly less economical than the Base Case which is not constrained to take Palomar at the 100,000 Dth/day level from day one, but it is more economical than the No Palomar case.

There are few differences between the Preferred Portfolio and the Base Case. Both call for the Newport LNG enhancement in 2012, the Brownsville to Eugene project in 2011, and the build-out of the Willamette Valley Feeder in 2010. Both portfolios also call for a small amount of satellite LNG in Eugene in 2010. Beginning in 2010, when Palomar East is modeled to be on-line, the portfolios differ in the amount of Mist Recall that is selected. The additional pipeline capacity allows the Company to recall slightly less Mist capacity in the Palomar at 100 scenario. In both cases, the model chooses to turn back capacity on the NWP system in favor of more economical capacity on the Palomar pipeline.

As noted above, although we have modeled Palomar East as unconstrained in the Base Case, the Company believes it would be unlikely that Palomar East would be available as an option had the Company not agreed to the 100,000 Dth/day Precedent Agreement. Thus we believe it is most realistic to compare the Preferred Portfolio with the No Palomar portfolio.

The Preferred Portfolio contains a few significant differences from the No Palomar portfolio. Besides the Preferred Portfolio being slightly more economical than the No Palomar alternative, the primary difference between these portfolios is that in the absence of Palomar East, the model is forced to acquire additional incremental capacity on the Northwest Pipeline system. We believe this resource decision only exacerbates existing concerns about reliability and NW Natural's dependence on a single pipeline. Although it is impossible to model on a purely economic basis, NW Natural believes the additional reliability provided by the Palomar pipeline is the most significant benefit of the Preferred Portfolio.

### *Future Segmentation of NWP Capacity*

One of the primary drivers for the decision to agree to a Precedent Agreement for 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on Palomar East was fact that that amount of capacity matched the amount of NWP Gorge capacity – 102,000 Dth/day – that NW Natural could potentially turn back to NWP. Hence, the Company could acquire capacity on Palomar East and still keep its net pipeline capacity position neutral.

NW Natural had hoped that NWP would be agreeable to our being able to reallocate Willamette Valley delivery points to our other capacity contracts that we

planned to retain. Unfortunately, NWP has thus far not been agreeable to this reallocation. Hence, to be conservative we have assumed that we will need to retain 25,000 Dth/day of our NWP Gorge capacity to retain these delivery points. In the coming months, NW Natural plans to explore creative ways of reducing this requirement. If we could reduce this requirement, then we may ultimately be able to further improve upon the cost-effectiveness of the Preferred Case.

### *Specific Resource Acquisitions and Action Items Related to the Preferred Portfolio*

NW Natural will be seeking to acquire the following resources, in conjunction with its selection of its preferred portfolio:

1. Palomar East capacity: Per the terms of the Precedent Agreement, assuming the Palomar project proceeds as currently scheduled, the Company plans to commit to 100,000 Dth/day of capacity on Palomar East. To make this resource even more economical, NW Natural plans to investigate creative ways of further reducing capacity on NWP.
2. Newport LNG Enhancement: This resource was selected in all scenarios tested by the Company with the exception of a 20-year negative load growth scenario that the Company does not believe is reasonable, given current economic projects and load growth estimates. The model selected this resource to be on-line in 2012. The Company's 2009 annual IRP update will discuss the progress that has been made on this project.
3. Willamette Valley Feeder (WVF): This resource was selected in all scenarios tested by the Company with the exception of the low demand and negative load growth scenarios. The Company has modeled two alternatives for the WVF, one of which is significantly lower in price, and would require less time for siting and permitting. However, in either case, this project is necessary. In order to get the WVF on-line in 2010, the Company must proceed immediately to refine and finalize cost projections, develop final route plans, and investigate any impediments to proceeding with the project. The Company will update the OPUC in its 2009 annual IRP update as to progress that has been made on this project.
4. Brownsville to Eugene River Crossing: this relatively small project was selected in most scenarios, with the exception of low demand,

negative growth, and the scenarios in which an imported LNG terminal is sited in Jordan Cove. This project is called for by the model in 2011, and may provide a cost-effective supply alternative to Satellite LNG in Eugene (as can be seen in the “Delayed Satellite LNG” sensitivity, which replaces satellite LNG in Eugene with a slightly larger Brownsville to Eugene project). The relatively smaller nature of the project gives the Company some time to update model runs prior to committing resources to the project. It also provides the opportunity to evaluate this project within the scope of a larger Willamette Valley Feeder project. The Company will update the OPUC in its 2009 annual IRP update as to progress that has been made on this project.

5. Mist Recall: the Company plans to recall 10,000 Dth/day of Mist capacity in the fall of 2008, and an additional 30,000 Dth/day of capacity in the fall of 2009.
  
6. Satellite LNG: By testing the impact of Delayed Satellite LNG and No Satellite LNG in the model, we were able to determine that the Brownsville to Eugene River Crossing or alternative sizing of the Willamette Valley Feeder may substitute for a satellite LNG project in Eugene. While the Preferred Portfolio calls for a small satellite LNG project in Eugene in 2010, the Company is concerned that siting difficulties may make this impossible. As the Company develops plans for the Willamette Valley Feeder and Brownsville to Eugene projects, it will consider if these projects can be cost-effective substitutes to siting a satellite LNG facility in Eugene. The Company will update the OPUC with its 2009 annual IRP update as to progress that has been made on this project.

## **H. STOCHASTIC ANALYSIS OVERVIEW**

The deterministic analysis described above represent specific “what if” scenarios, which include predetermined assumptions for weather and price, as well as portfolio options and available incremental resources. To better understand the selected portfolio’s response to weather and price criteria beyond the forecasts evaluated in the deterministic scenario analysis, the Company applies stochastic analysis to generate a variety of future weather and price events. Thus, by combining deterministic analysis and stochastic analysis, NW Natural is able to construct an

optimal portfolio that meets specific pre-determined planning criteria, while also stress testing the decision against a range of future weather and price events.

Deterministic analysis is valuable for selecting the optimal portfolio of available resources. The model selects resources that meet pre-determined design seasonal demand, while also meeting peak-day projections in each of the 20 years. However, due to the recurrence of design conditions in each of the 20 years, total system costs over the run horizon are overstated due to: 1) annual recurrence of design conditions; 2) annual recurrence of peak day; 3) recurrence of price increase in the forward price curve. In addition, deterministic analysis does not provide a comprehensive evaluation of reliability because only a single recurring weather profile is assessed within each scenario. As a result, deterministic analysis does not provide a comprehensive view of future events, and does not provide the range or expected performance across multiple weather and price profiles. Utilizing Monte Carlo<sup>11</sup> simulation to generate numerous weather profiles and price curves, the Company is able to measure a portfolio's performance over a range of future probable events not captured in the deterministic analysis. The following is a comparison of the benefits, limitations and applications of the two types of analyses for resource modeling purposes:

### Deterministic Analysis (as employed in this IRP)

#### Primary Benefits:

- Assures pre-determined planning criteria are considered in each of the 20 years within the study horizon.
- Provides the basis for "what if" analysis to determine the optimal least-cost portfolio mix for a variety of pre-determined scenarios
- Provides a high level of flexibility to change assumptions based on specific objectives for each scenarios
- Provides the basis for resource mix / asset sizing decisions assuring key planning criteria is met throughout the study period.

#### Limitations:

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<sup>11</sup> *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> uses Monte Carlo simulation to support stochastic analysis, which is a mathematical technique for evaluating risk and uncertainty. Monte Carlo simulation is a statistical modeling method used to imitate the many future possibilities that exist within a real-life system. By defining the expectation, variability, behavior, and correlation among potential events it is possible through repeated random "draws" to derive a numerical landscape of the many potential futures. Monte Carlo provides a quantitative landscape to reflect both the magnitude and the likelihood of these events, thereby providing a risk based viewpoint from which to base decisions.

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- Weather patterns recur on an annual basis which is inconsistent with real world behavior
- Aggregate costs over the study horizon are over stated due to annual recurrence of design conditions year after year.
- The portfolio is not evaluated against a comprehensive range of weather and price patterns

### Applications:

- Resource mix /asset sizing
- Comparison of various portfolio options and decisions under similar pre-determined planning criteria

### Stochastic analysis (as employed in this IRP)

### Primary Benefits:

- Provides a thorough stress test of the selected portfolio's performance under a variety of real world weather and price events
- Generates probabilistically weighted measures, such as costs, served demand, and unserved demand across a range of economic and operating conditions
- Provides a probabilistic view of expected costs and distribution of costs

### Limitations:

- Randomness may not produce weather and price profiles consistent with planning criteria
- Will not necessarily capture desired peak day, due to low probability of occurrence

### Applications:

- Stress testing for reliability against various weather patterns & related demand levels
- Provide expected costs and a range of costs over a normal distribution
- Used to confirm the selected portfolio's performance given real world economic and operational conditions.

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The Company's application of deterministic and stochastic analysis in this IRP emphasizes the benefits of each, while minimizing the limitations. To this end, deterministic analysis provides the basis for resource sizing decisions and optimal portfolio construction, while stochastic analysis measures the selected assets under real world conditions, providing a comprehensive evaluation of portfolio performance.

The objective of stochastic analysis for the purposes of this IRP is to measure the reliability and cost of the Base Case and Preferred portfolios against a wide range of weather and price outcomes. Monte Carlo techniques generate multiple (200 in this case) weather and price forecasts over the 20 year period. For each of the 200 "draws", *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> solves for the least cost dispatch solution for resources selected from the Base Case portfolio. The stochastic analysis provides performance measures, such as system costs, served, and unserved demand under each of the 200 draws, and produces a distribution of Base Case portfolio results. Thus, stochastic analysis is used to evaluate the resource sizing decisions from the deterministic Base Case and Preferred portfolios against a range of weather profiles and forward prices.

Unlike the deterministic Scenarios and Sensitivities described previously, the stochastic analysis generates draws characterized by weather profiles with more variability from month to month and year to year. Generally, deterministic scenarios are constructed to include annually recurring weather profiles and related peak events to satisfy desired planning criteria. This type of traditional scenario analysis is valuable to assess the portfolio's ability to serve a pre-determined level of demand at various levels of growth over time. Any given year for a deterministic scenario may be representative of its associated probability, but the probability of consecutive years with the exact same weather profile is improbable.

For example, the Old Design Weather Sensitivity is constructed of 20 consecutive design years, each with a fixed peak day event. The same pattern is presented each and every year over the study horizon. However, assuming the design year is based on a 5% probability of occurrence, the probability of consecutive design years occurring is:

(P) Probability of Design Year = 5%

(n) Number of years in planning horizon

Probability of consecutive Design Years =  $P^{(n)}$

Probability of Design Year in 2 consecutive years =  $.05^{(2)} = 0.25\%$

Probability of Design Year in 20 consecutive years =  $.05^{(20)} =$  statistically insignificant



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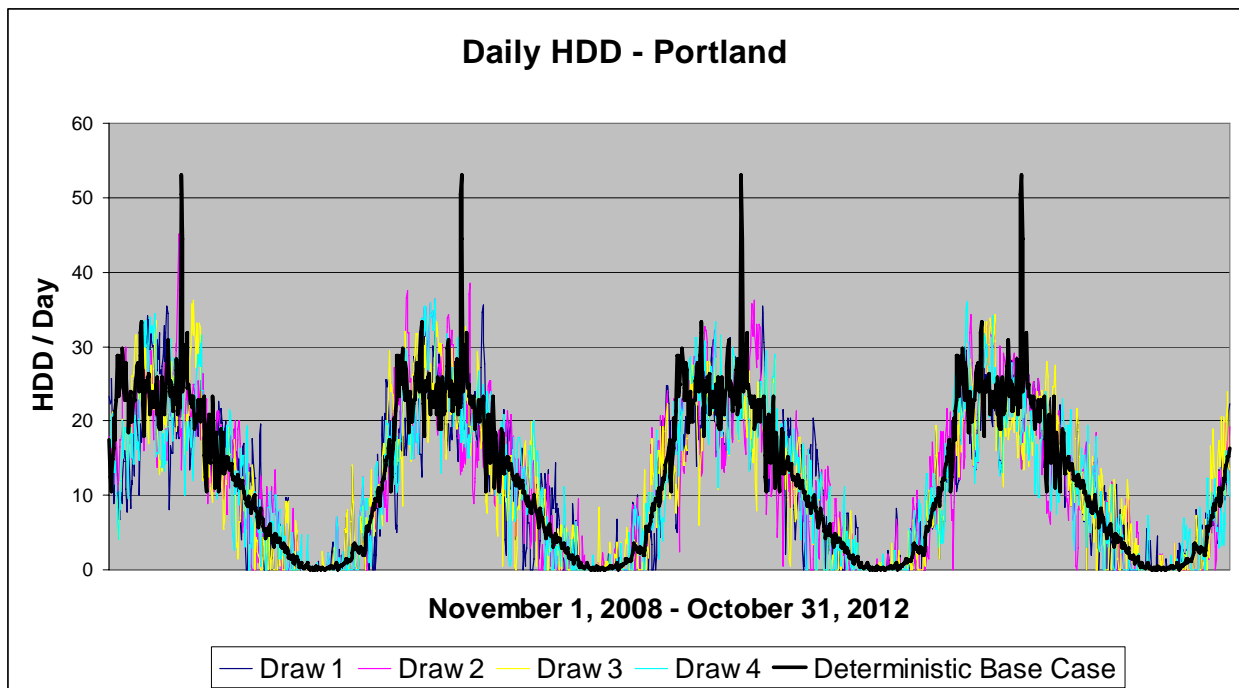
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Stochastic analysis, as employed by *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>, produces random monthly total HDD draw values (subject to Monte Carlo parameters consistent with expected values – see example of weather input data below), which are distributed on a daily basis based on a month from history with similar HDD totals. This procedure is repeated for every month of the study period. The resulting weather profile provides variability in the total HDD values, as well as variability in the shape of the weather pattern. As a result, stochastic analysis produces weather patterns that vary from month to month and year to year. This provides a more robust basis for stress testing than deterministic scenario analysis, because results can be evaluated based on their relative probabilities.

### Monte Carlo Weather Inputs (example):

	Jan-07	Feb-07	Mar-07	Apr-07	May-07	Jun-07	Jul-07	Aug-07	Sep-07	Oct-07	Nov-07	Dec-07
HDD Mean	737	640	561	422	284	145	36	31	97	348	583	769
HDD Std Dev	71.1	79.8	60.7	53.6	65.4	40.6	20.8	16.3	31.5	56.7	85.3	63.1
HDD Distribution	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
HDD Max	950.4	865.3	742.7	583.4	479.7	266.8	98.5	80	192	518.1	839.3	958
HDD Min	523.9	386.7	378.5	261.6	87.4	23.4	0	0	2.9	177.9	327.2	579.6
Scaling Year	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match	Best Match

The graph below illustrates the recurring deterministic weather profile for Portland, compared to four random draw values produced by Monte Carlo simulations. The deterministic pattern remains constant year after year. This is important when selecting an optimal portfolio of resources, to assure design conditions and peak are met in each of the 20 years. The recurrence of the resulting high level of demand, along with the recurring peak event yields a high reliability portfolio, but also exaggerates costs over the 20 year period. On the other hand, Monte Carlo simulation generates a number of realistic weather patterns, which vary from year to year and draw to draw. Evaluating the selected portfolio over a number of random patterns provides a more realistic projection of expected costs and optimal dispatch. Ultimately, Monte Carlo assures the resources selected from the Base Case demonstrate reasonable costs and high reliability given a range of future weather and price events.



The design winter and peak event pattern recurs annually in the deterministic analysis, providing no “down-time,” typical in real world weather patterns. Monte Carlo simulation, on the other hand, generates weather profiles that better represent real world activity, where a cold month may be followed by a warm month, producing monthly and annual profiles that vary throughout the study period.

*SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> also supports correlation of Monte Carlo variables. Correlation assures the behavior of draws from different variables and from month to month maintain reasonable consistency between one-another. A correlation of “1” assures draw results are in “lock step” with one another, while a correlation of “0” indicates there is no relationship between the two variables. Appendix 5-3 provides modeled correlation values between weather areas and price values.

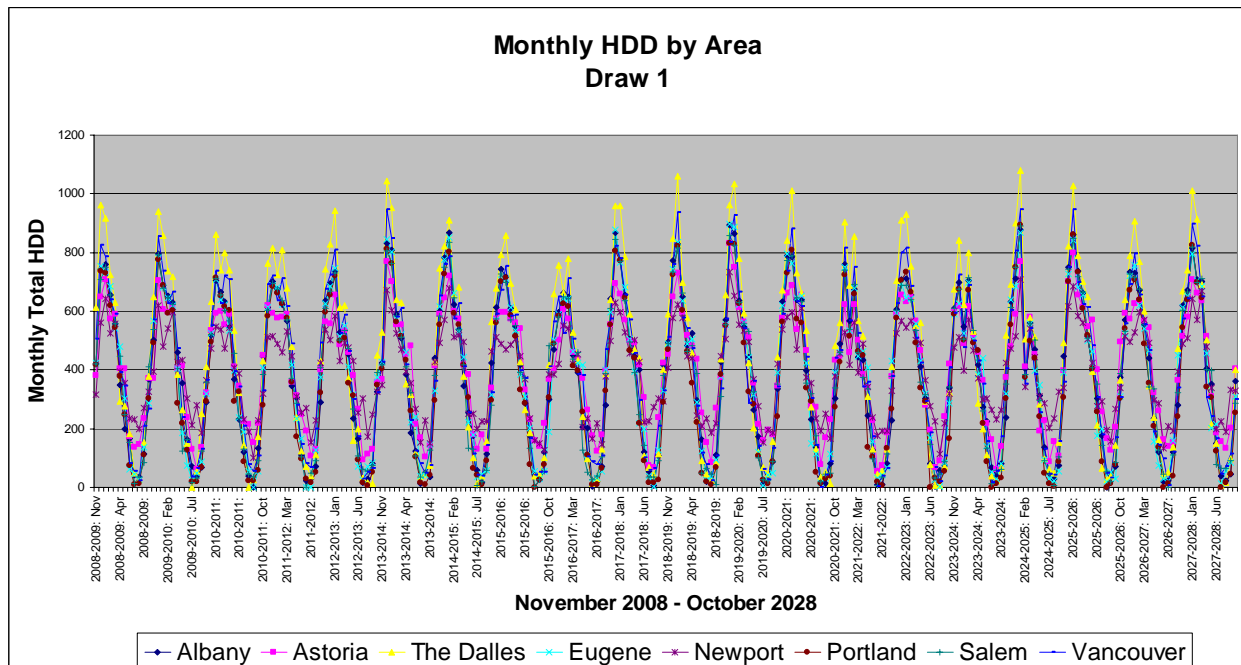
Weather correlations are based on statistics calculated from 20 years of historical data. In contrast, historical price correlations typically are not a reliable predictor of future price movement. From a historical perspective, relative price patterns do not follow similar patterns, diminishing correlations over time. As a result of the inconsistency of historical price correlation matrixes, the Company has included correlations for price indexes at a factor of 0.8, allowing reasonable variation from price

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to price while also assuring prices maintain a relatively consistent pattern in relationship to one another. In addition, the Company correlates each price index to its prior month draw value at 0.5. This allows month to month price movement, while minimizing the “saw tooth” effect associated with uncorrelated random draws.

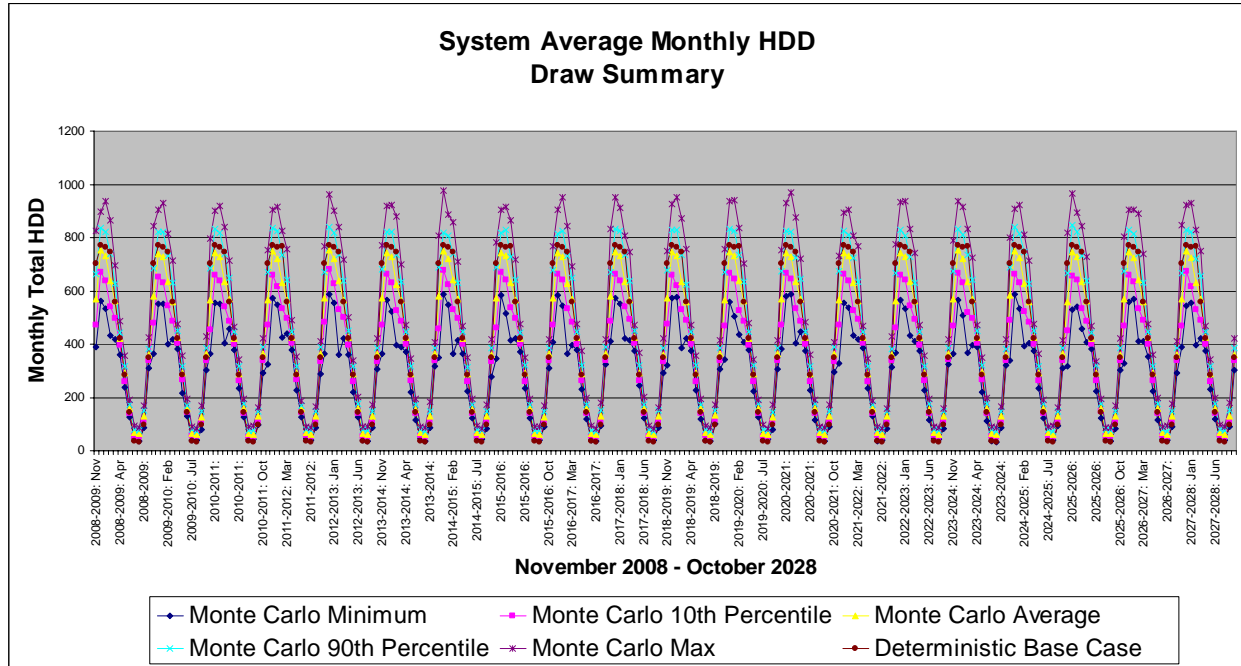
NW Natural applies Monte Carlo simulation to the weather patterns of the eight areas modeled (Portland, Astoria, The Dalles, Vancouver, Salem, Albany, Newport and Eugene) and three price indexes (Rockies, Sumas, and AECO) available in the Base Case. Results of the Monte Carlo simulation produce the following ranges of forecasted aggregate demand and average index price.

### HDD Draw Results by Area – Draw 1 of 200 (example):



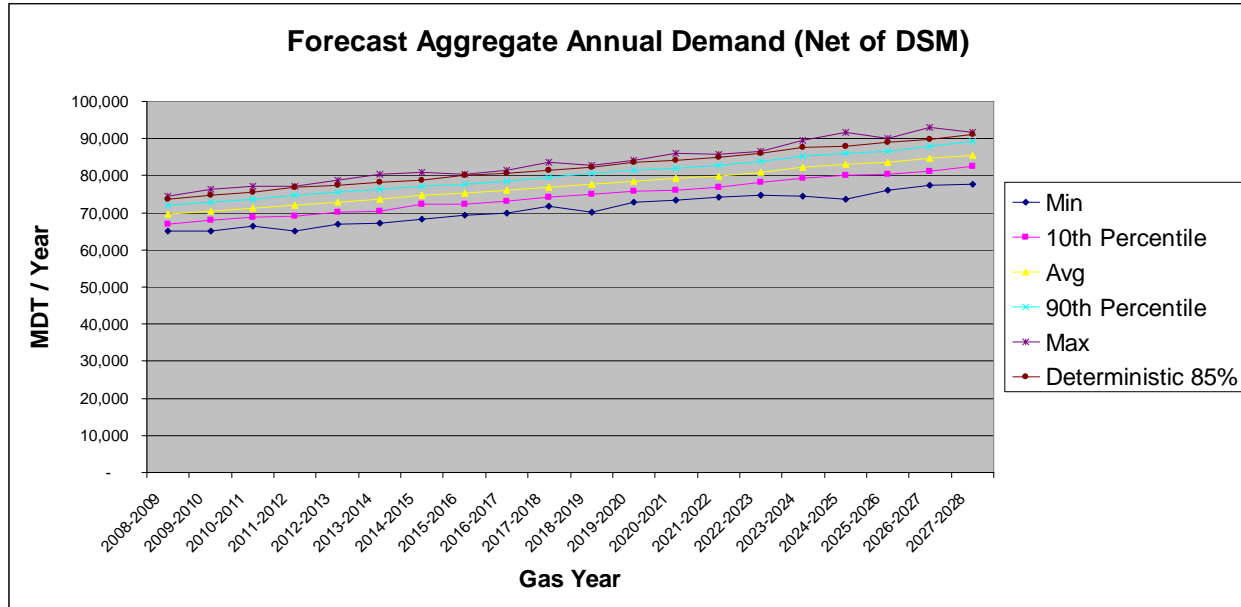
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### System Average Monthly HDD Statistics across 200 Draws.<sup>12</sup>



<sup>12</sup> Note: the statistical summary graphs do not represent a particular draw; rather, they represent statistics across all draws. For example, the minimum for January, 2008 occurred in draw 91, while the minimum for February, 2008 occurred in draw 126; and the maximum for January, 2008 occurred in draw 186, while the maximum for February 2008 occurred in draw 76.

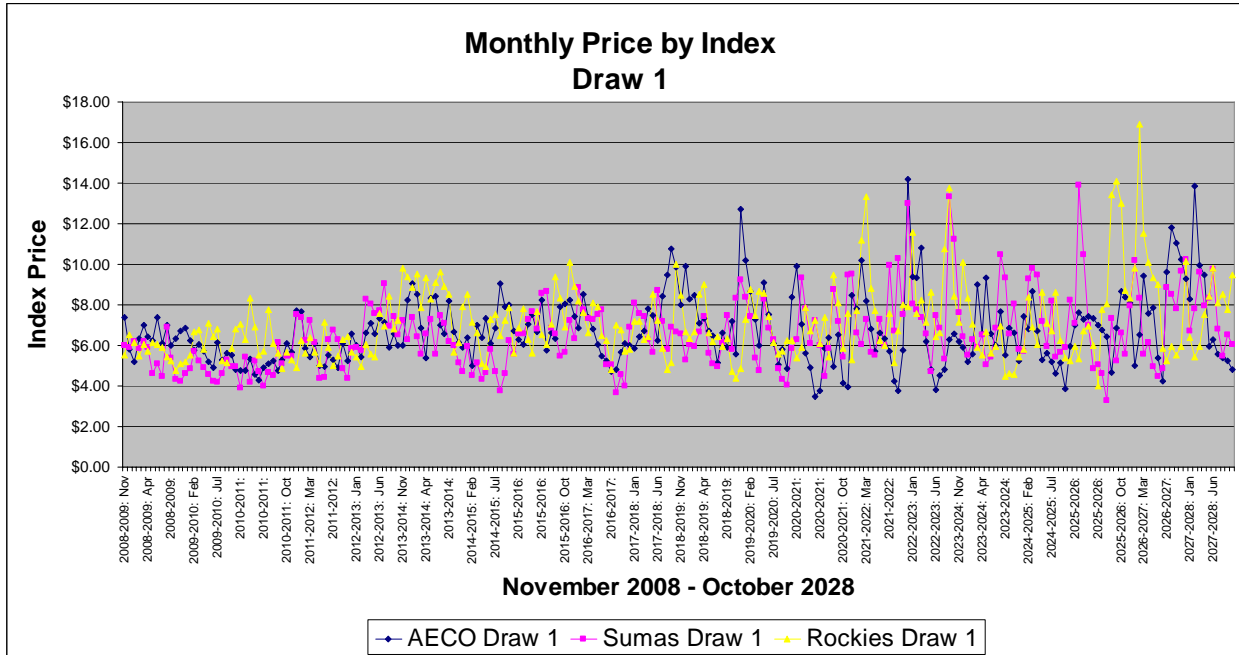
Resulting Aggregate Demand Forecast (Net of DSM) Statistics across 200 Draws



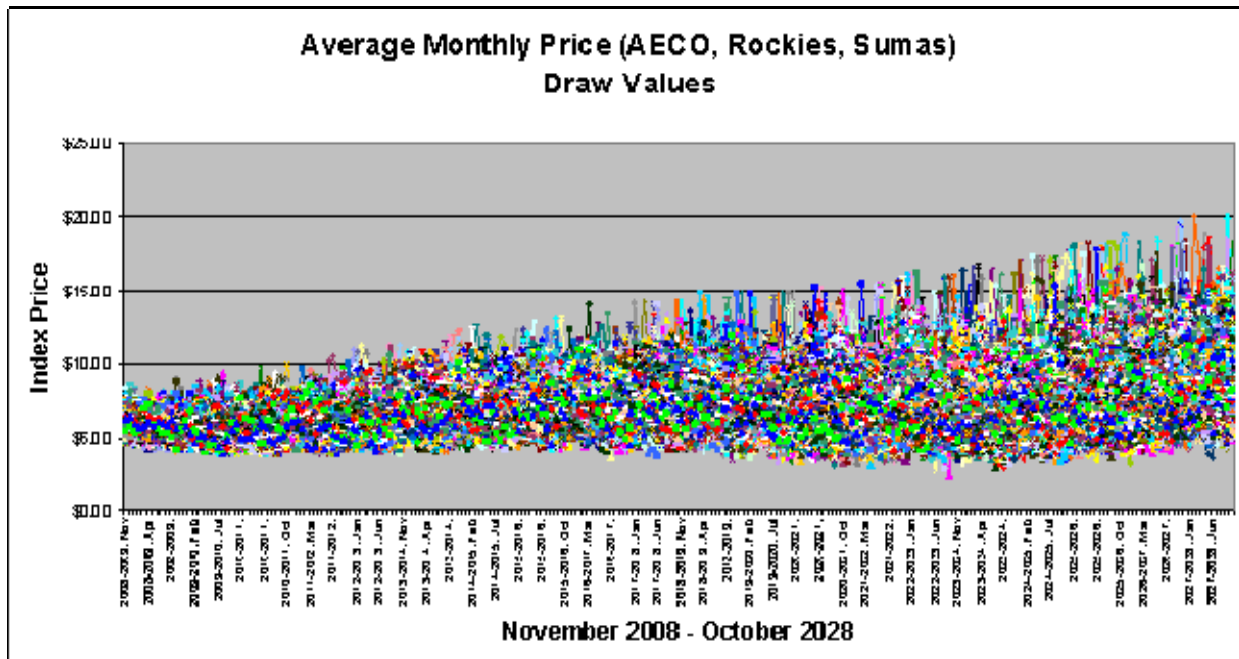
Similarly to the previous weather profile discussion, deterministic analysis is generally limited to evaluation of a subset of potential forward price curves. Monte Carlo simulation produces forward price curves with a wider range of month to month and year to year variability, compared to typical deterministic price forecasts. A range of forward prices and price patterns supports a more robust assessment of potential cost ranges and related cost risks. The following charts depict Monte Carlo price draw results.

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**Price Draw Results – Draw 1 of 200 (example):**

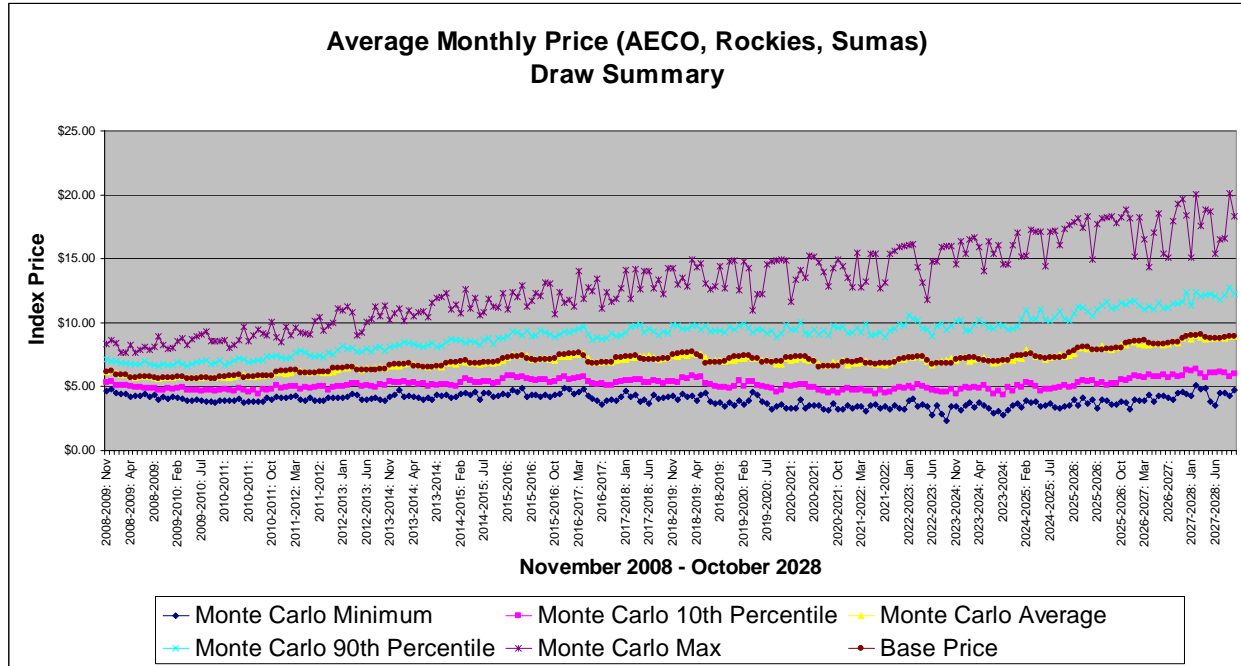


**System Average Monthly Price Results for all Indexes (200 Draws):**



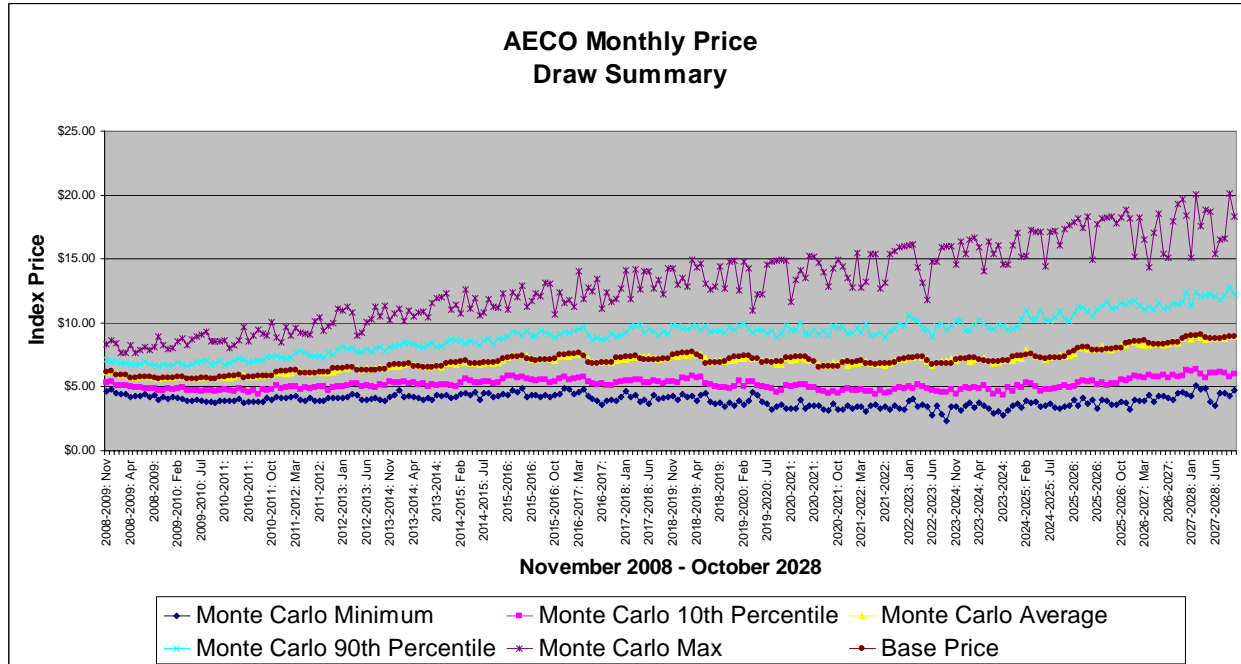
**2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN**

**System Average Monthly Price Statistics across 200 Draws:**

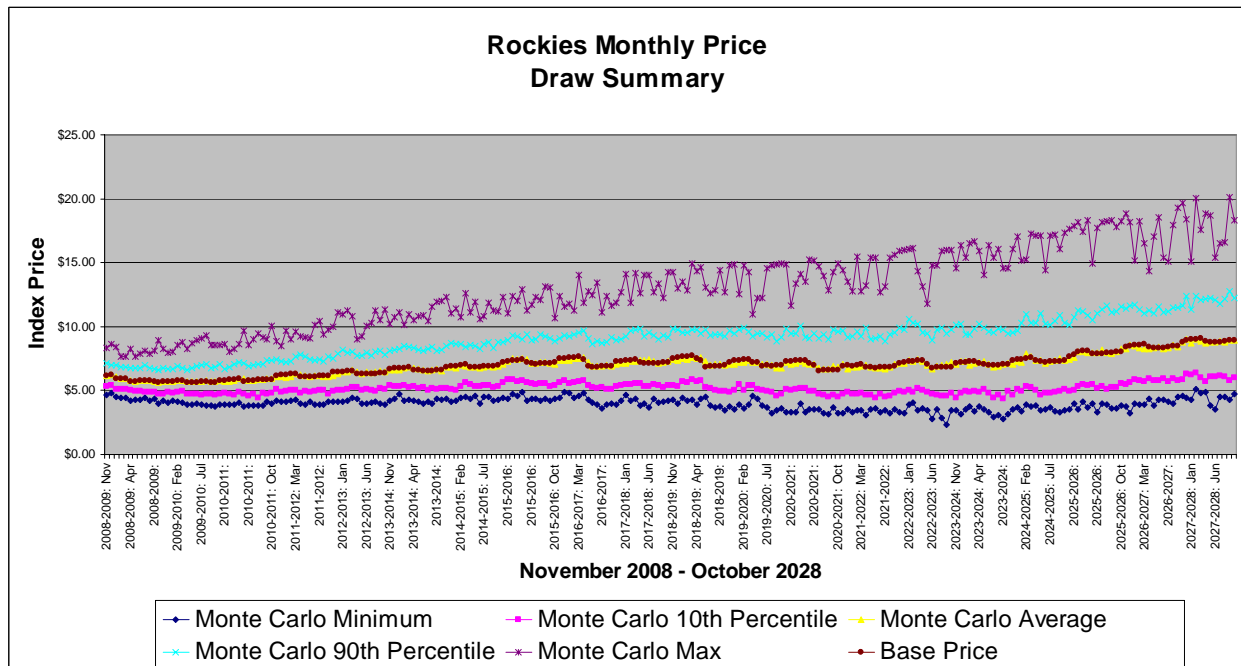


# 2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN

## AECO Monthly Price Statistics across 200 Draws:

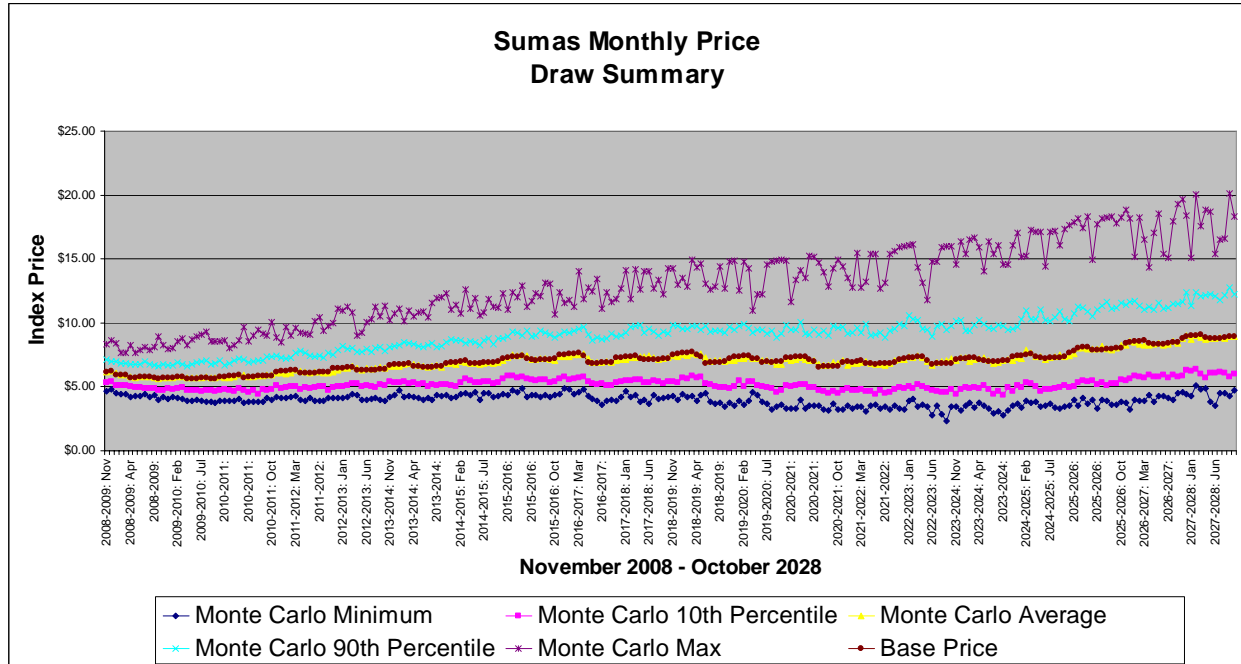


## Rockies Monthly Price Statistics across 200 Draws:





**Sumas Monthly Price Statistics across 200 Draws:**



**I. STOCHASTIC ANALYSIS RESULTS**

The weather and price draw results presented above are the basis for the Company’s stochastic analysis of both the Base Case portfolio and the Preferred Portfolio (Palomar at 100,000 Dth/d Minimum). The stochastic analysis reveals that the Base Case and Preferred Portfolio are comparable; both providing highly reliable portfolios with expected system costs well below levels associated with the deterministic analysis.

This section depicts high level results of the Company’s comparative stochastic analysis of the reliability and cost of the Base Case and Preferred Portfolio by use of histograms. The histogram graphs depicted in this section include a number of meaningful statistics, including:

- Range: provides the minimum to maximum value across all draws
- Expected Value: the average of all draws of the simulation
- Standard deviation: provides a measure of the distribution of results around the mean. A low standard deviation indicates the draws are close to the

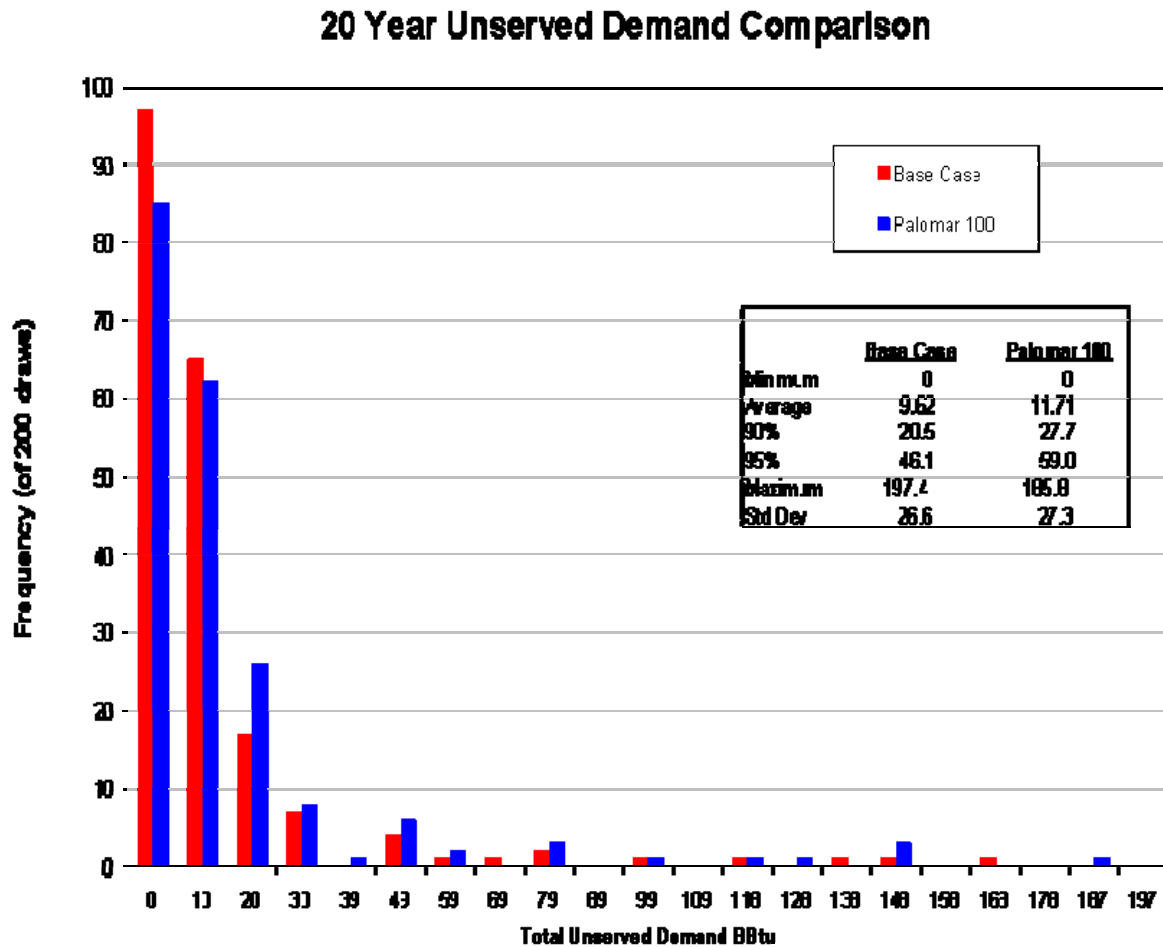
mean, while a high standard deviation indicates the results are spread out away from the mean

- Percentile ranges: provides the value at various levels of probability.

### Reliability

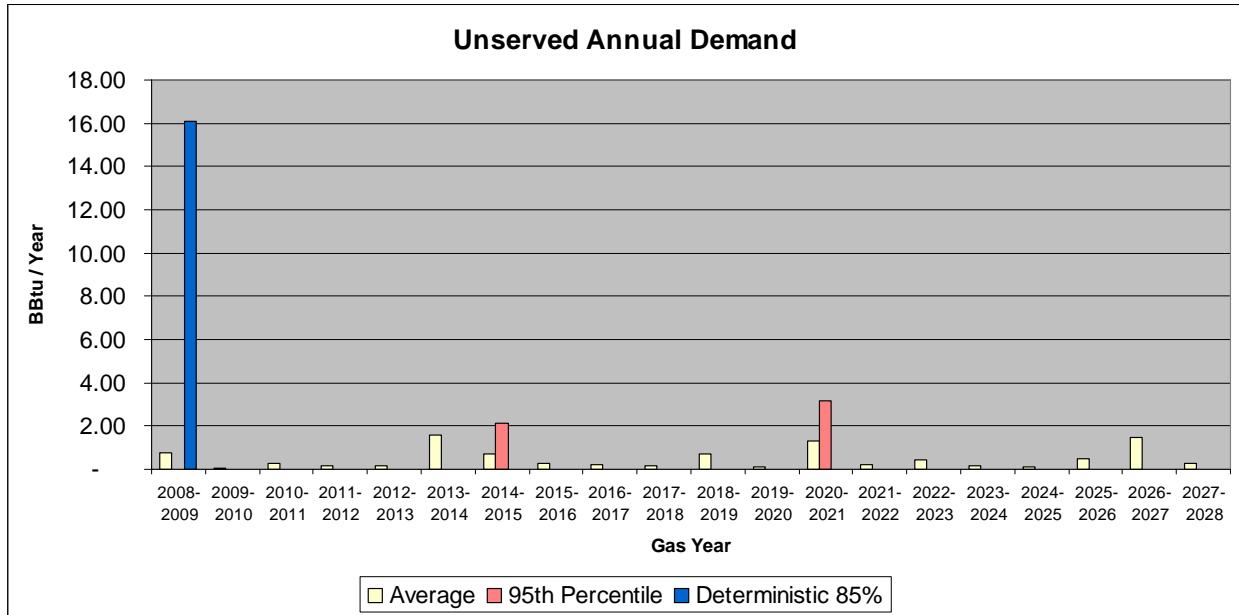
The histograms illustrate the range and distribution of results across draws. For example, the graph below compares the total unserved demand over the 20 year run horizon. The X Axis represents the range of total unserved demand over the 20 year period, where the first bin includes draws with zero unserved; the second bin includes draws with unserved between zero and 10, the third bin includes draws with unserved between 10 and 20, etc. The Y Axis represents the number of draws, from a total of 200, which are included in a particular bin. The analysis indicates that the Base Case provides a slightly higher level of reliability than the Preferred Portfolio, though the difference is minor from a statistical perspective.

Unserved Demand - Comparison

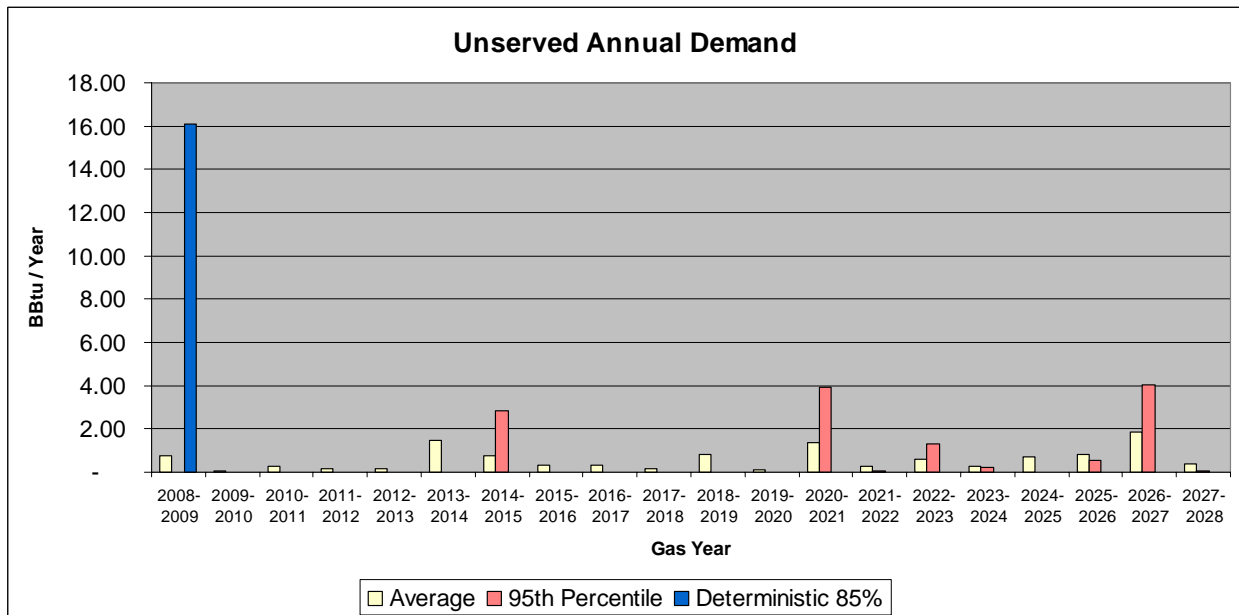


The graphs below represent unserved demand over each year of the run-horizon for the Base Case and Preferred Portfolio, respectively. There is little departure between the two below the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile; therefore, the Company does not include data below the 95 percentile in the graph. Only in the most extreme demand conditions is the Preferred Portfolio less reliable than the Base Case.

Unserviced Demand - Base Case



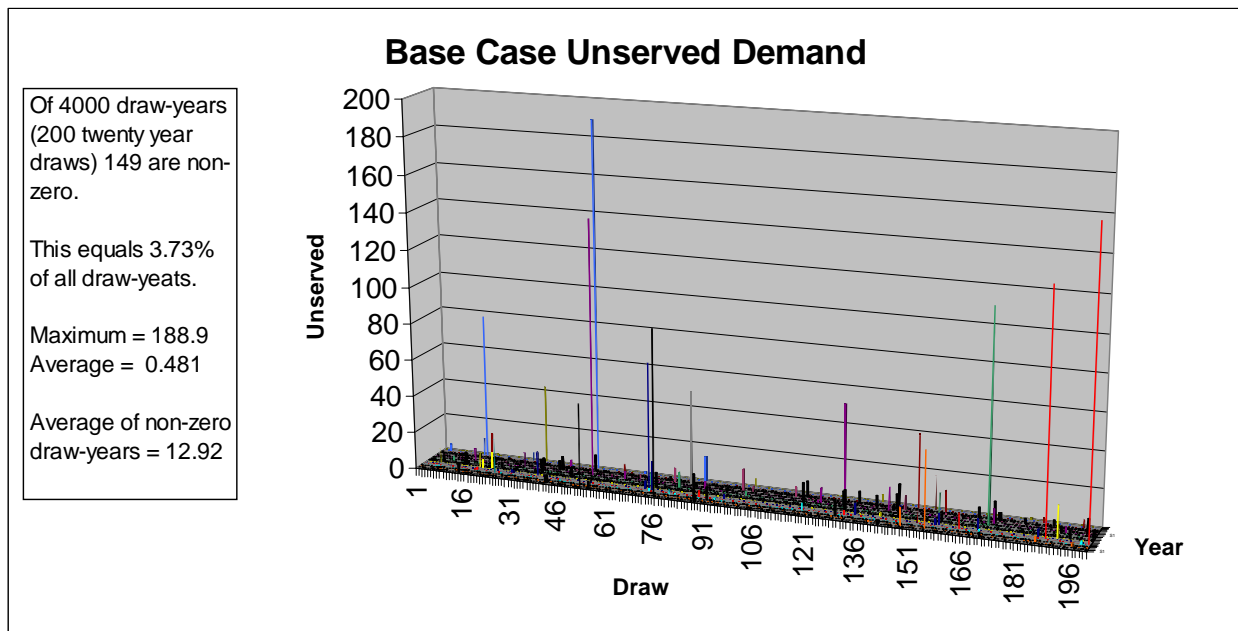
Unserviced - Preferred Portfolio



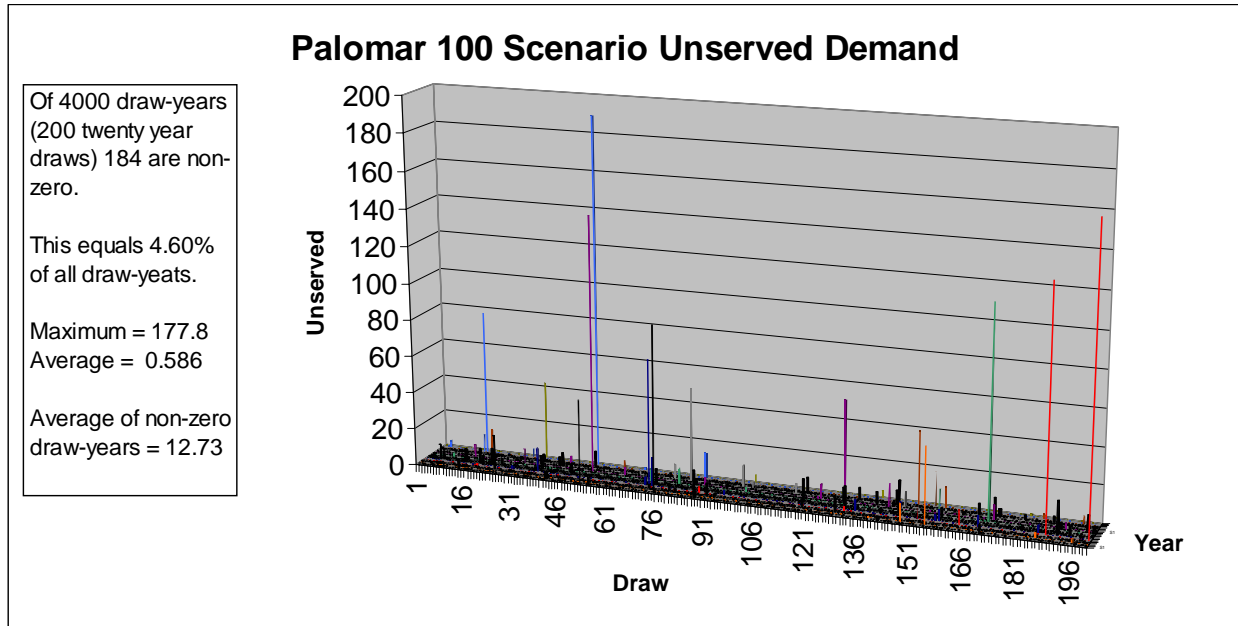
## 2008 INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN

The three dimensional graphs below illustrate the relative infrequency of unserved demand in both portfolios. The graphs include three axes: the horizontal X Axis represents the draw (200 total), the horizontal Z Axis represents the year within each draw (20 total), and the vertical Y Axis represents total unserved demand in each year for each draw.

### Unserved by Year by Draw – Base Case



**Unserviced by Year by Draw – Preferred Portfolio**



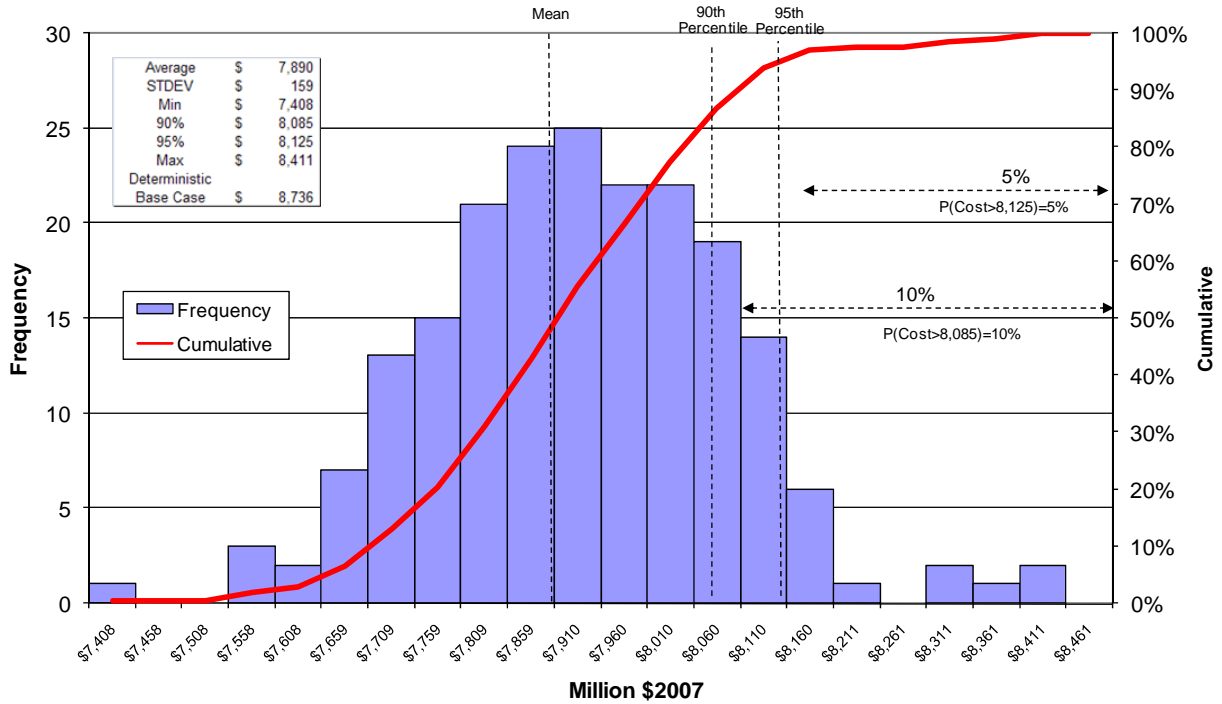
The stochastic analysis includes 4,000 distinct annual demand profiles (20 years x 200 draws = 4,000). The Base Case yields non-zero unserved demand in 149 of 4,000 draw years (3.73%), providing 96.27% reliability on an annual basis. The Preferred Portfolio yields non-zero unserved demand in 184 of 4,000 draw years (4.6%), providing 95.4% reliability on an annual basis.

**Total Resource Costs**

The graphs below compare 20 year total costs between the Base Case and the Preferred Portfolio. Overall, the expected costs between the two cases vary by 0.4%. The two cases maintain a very similar cost profile over time. The histogram summaries below provide min, max, average (expected) and percentile information for total system costs over the run-horizon.

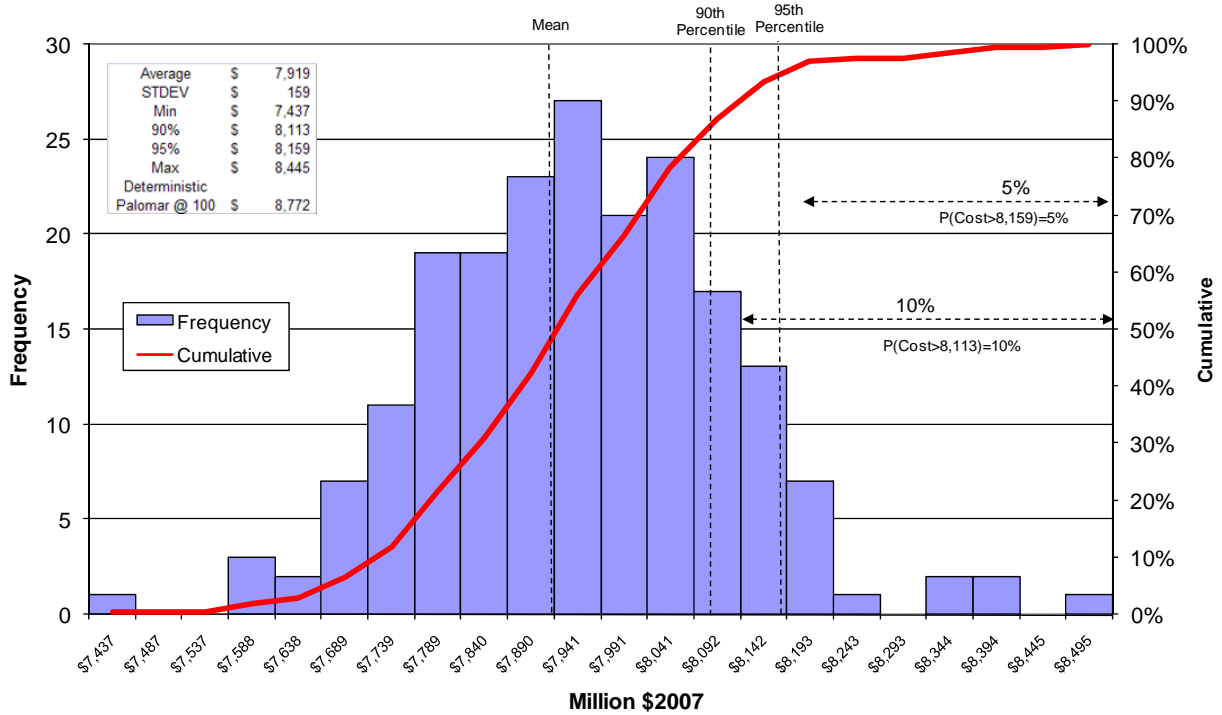
Base Case

NPV 20-Year Total System Cost  
Base Case - 85% Winter Weather



Preferred Portfolio

**NPV 20-Year Total System Cost  
Palomar @ 100 - 85% Winter Weather**



Comparison

NPV 20-Year Total System Costs (Million \$2007)				
		Base Case	Preferred Portfolio	Variance
Average	\$	7,890	\$ 7,919	0.368%
STDEV	\$	159	\$ 159	0.000%
Min	\$	7,408	\$ 7,437	0.391%
90th Percentile	\$	8,085	\$ 8,113	0.346%
95th Percentile	\$	8,125	\$ 8,159	0.418%
Max	\$	8,411	\$ 8,445	0.404%
Deterministic	\$	8,736	\$ 8,772	0.412%



The analysis indicates the Preferred Portfolio is comparable to the Base Case, providing nearly identical expected costs, along with a similar distribution of costs given a range of weather and price profiles. Of particular significance, both portfolios maintain the same Standard Deviation, providing the same level of cost stability. NW Natural concludes that the Preferred Portfolio provides a reliable, low cost, and high likelihood alternative to the Base Case.

## **VI. KEY FINDINGS**

- \* The use of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> as a modeling tool and move away from load duration curves to a daily demand forecast and late winter peak event provides NW Natural a more realistic look at demand levels and capacity requirements than was previously possible. The added detail included in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> exposes peak-day delivery limitations not revealed in the previous model. As a result, the need for capacity additions in the near and medium term significantly increased beyond the results in previous IRP studies.
  
- \* After consulting with stakeholders in this IRP, the Company has selected an 85% probability coldest winter planning standard against which to evaluate the cost and risk trade off of various supply and demand resources available to *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. Although this planning standard incorporates a level of demand less than its traditional “design year” planning standard, it reflects the Company’s evaluation and selection of a planning standard and resulting portfolio of resources with the best combination of expected costs and associated risks and uncertainties for the utility and its customers.
  
- \* The Preferred Portfolio best balances reliability and cost over the 20-year planning horizon. The Preferred Portfolio provides significant added reliability in the form of the Palomar East Pipeline, while proving to be more economical than resource mixes that do not include Palomar East.
  
- \* The stochastic analysis reveals the Company’s Preferred Portfolio maintains a highly reliable and low cost set of resources, comparable to the Base Case Scenario, while also representing a high likelihood of occurrence, while providing supply diversity and reliability at reasonable cost.
  
- \* Recall of pre-built Mist storage resources currently dedicated to the interstate storage service market into core-market service is an attractive choice to meet growing peak-day requirements and annual working gas requirements. This is a service that provides both seasonal and peak day deliverability benefits directly to Portland, Astoria, and by displacement to the Vancouver and The Dalles service areas; and to a lesser degree, to the southern areas of the system: Salem, Albany, Eugene and Newport. These areas are limited by current pipeline capacity limitations both on the NWPL Grant’s Pass Lateral and on the Company’s own downstream pipeline capacity.

- \* *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> selects the proposed Palomar East pipeline in each tested resource mix scenario, except the highly unlikely case where we assume gas supplies are simultaneously available from two separate LNG import terminals in Oregon. Subscribing to capacity on the proposed Palomar pipeline serves a dual purpose of securing cost-effective incremental pipeline resources to satisfy growth and enhancing reliability by adding a second path for delivering interstate gas supplies directly into the heart of the Company's distribution system. For this reason, the Company has selected the Palomar Min. at 100 case as its Preferred Portfolio. Although the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> analysis shows that this portfolio is slightly less economical than the Base Case, it is more economical than not including Palomar in the resource mix at all. The Company has determined that in order to improve the long-term reliability of its distribution system, it must subscribe to a minimum level of capacity with Palomar and facilitate the development of this new pipeline.
  
- \* *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> confirms that the GP recall and March Point NWPL capacity resources are cost-effective resource options.
  
- \* Contracting for re-gasified LNG from the proposed Bradwood Landing or Jordon Cove LNG import terminals, should either be successfully developed, fits well with the Company's resource portfolio as it allows NW Natural to take advantage of likely favorable supply pricing associated with the Company's location adjacent to the regasification terminals while further reducing the Company's reliance on a single interstate pipeline for citygate delivery of supplies. The modeling results clearly demonstrate that gas supplies sourced from Oregon LNG import terminals are projected to be cost effective. Given the preliminary development status of the proposed terminals and NW Natural's inability to control their successful development, the Company is not predicating its resource selections on the availability of imported LNG. However, NW Natural believes imported LNG is an important long-term supply resource and would provide significant benefits to our customers.
  
- \* Satellite LNG is a cost effective resource alternative for meeting the growing peak day demand in the capacity constrained southern areas of the Company's system in the Willamette Valley. However, the Company faces siting and permitting challenges in developing this peaking resource. The Company's analysis suggests that alternative resources are available to substitute for this resource at only a slightly higher expected cost.

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- \* With a subscription to new capacity on the proposed Palomar pipeline, the Company would be able to shed existing interstate pipeline capacity on NWPL, which notwithstanding the attendant reliability enhancements may provide cost savings over the 20 year planning horizon. The Company would then have the added flexibility to procure incremental interstate pipeline capacity as needed, in a potentially more competitive environment, at the then prevailing subscription rates
  
- \* NW Natural's pipeline facility investments in the Willamette Valley (Brownsville to Eugene river crossing, Newport pipeline enhancement, the Willamette Valley Feeder) can provide added reliability and improve the capability to serve the growing peak and seasonal demand on the capacity-constrained southern portion of the system.
  
- \* The Willamette Valley Feeder project is a cost-effective resource that is selected in 2010 all of the resource mix selections, except for those that modeled low demand. In order to get this project on line in 2010, the Company must proceed immediately to refine and finalize cost projections, develop final route plans, and investigate any impediments to proceeding with the project. NW Natural plans to update the OPUC in its 2009 Annual IRP update with information as to progress that has been made on this project, with more specific cost estimates and route analysis when it is available.

**CHAPTER 6: AVOIDED COST DETERMINATION**

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II.	METHODOLOGY .....	2
III.	AVOIDABLE CAPACITY RESOURCES.....	3
IV.	AVOIDABLE GAS COMMODITY COSTS .....	4
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## **CHAPTER 6: AVOIDED COST DETERMINATION**

### **I. OVERVIEW**

As part of the IRP process, NW Natural produces a 20-year forecast of monthly avoided costs for the eight geographic regions in its service territory. These avoided cost estimates represent the changes in gas supply costs that result from changes in load served. For example, if DSM conservation measures reduced customer gas requirements, the Company theoretically sheds or “avoids” certain transmission and gas supply costs. Likewise, serving additional load leads to increased gas supply and infrastructure costs.

Avoided cost determination is an important part of the IRP process, as these estimates serve as the basis by which Stellar Processes evaluates the cost-effectiveness of individual DSM measures and identifies the achievable level of DSM conservation in NW Natural’s service territory. The identification of achievable DSM conservation is discussed in more detail in Chapter 4.

### **II. METHODOLOGY**

The Company’s avoided cost method focuses on the cost impact of small load changes. With load growth, the Company adds resources from time to time to serve these new requirements. As one of its functions, the IRP determines the least cost means of serving this growth. When load increases by a small amount, the incremental resource serves the increased load. The incremental resource’s cost is the cost of meeting load increments. Avoided cost, then, is the marginal cost of serving small load increments (or the cost avoided by load decreases) as defined by the current incremental gas supply resource in each time period.

Computing marginal costs requires a forecast of probable load growth, a forecast of future trends in commodity gas costs, and a menu of capacity-augmenting investments or purchases that are optimal for meeting those load requirements. The Company generated a range of load growth forecasts and commodity price forecasts, which are presented in Chapter 2. The Company adopts the expected demand forecast and commodity price forecast as its Base Case, which underlies the Base Case avoided cost estimates. As an additional sensitivity, NW Natural also produced avoided cost estimates assuming commodity prices increase 20 percent over the Company’s current High Price forecast thus simulating a decrease in North American supply.

*SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> determines the least cost resource mix required to meet forecasted demand through linear programming and provides marginal cost data for each of the Company's geographic demand areas, by day, month, and year. This marginal cost data includes the cost of the next supply unit, transportation charges, and related storage costs. These avoidable cost components are discussed in more detail in the following Sections III and IV. NW Natural used the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model's functionality to produce marginal cost data for the selected Base Case resource portfolio under the design year weather planning criteria assuming no DSM conservation effects. To estimate avoided cost, the Company added an environmental compliance cost adder of \$0.099 per therm to the marginal cost estimates provided by *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> to equally compare supply-side and demand-side resources.<sup>1</sup> Environmental compliance cost adders are further discussed in Section V.

### **III. AVOIDABLE CAPACITY RESOURCES**

To meet growing loads, the Company draws upon storage or pipeline capacity. Increased capacity on Northwest Pipeline Corporation (NPC), the Company's primary supplier, requires that NPC make physical investments to expand peak delivery capability into the various NW Natural market areas. And it is the point of delivery that drives the pricing of the pipeline capacity additions. For example, since NPC would need to build more additional pipe to add deliveries at, say, Eugene than it would at Portland, the rate for incremental pipeline capacity is greater at the southern end of the system than it is at Portland in the north. On the other hand, further investments by NPC north of Molalla could be postponed if the Palomar pipeline is built. In any case, incremental pipeline capacity down the valley is an essential incremental resource.

Incremental storage facilities that provide significant amounts of annual deliverability will most likely be underground storage. However, as described in Chapter 3, the west coast has a number of viable LNG projects that could become operational within the next five to ten years providing a direct impact on NW Natural's resource planning and acquisition. The two projects that are furthest along are the Bradwood and Jordan Cove facilities. Because neither Bradwood nor Jordan Cove has been constructed, NW Natural is including them in its modeling for scenario analysis purposes but has not included them for avoided cost determination.

Satellite LNG is an additional supply-side resource for the avoided cost analysis. This concept involves portable LNG tanks that can deliver 30,000 therms a

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<sup>1</sup> The \$0.099 per therm environmental cost adder assumes a \$15 per ton adder for CO<sub>2</sub> and \$2,000 per ton adder for NO<sub>x</sub>.

day for three days. When placed at strategic points on the system, these facilities provide local capacity on peak load days.

As an alternative to purchased pipeline capacity, the Company includes the option of building enhanced transmission capacity between the Portland area and Eugene. This involves new piping to move Mist gas or other incremental gas supplies delivered to Molalla south to Salem, Albany, and potentially even the Eugene area. This project could also work in conjunction with a pipeline capacity expansion project from the Company's Newport LNG facility to the Company's Willamette Valley service area, as further described in Chapter 3.

#### **IV. AVOIDABLE GAS COMMODITY COSTS**

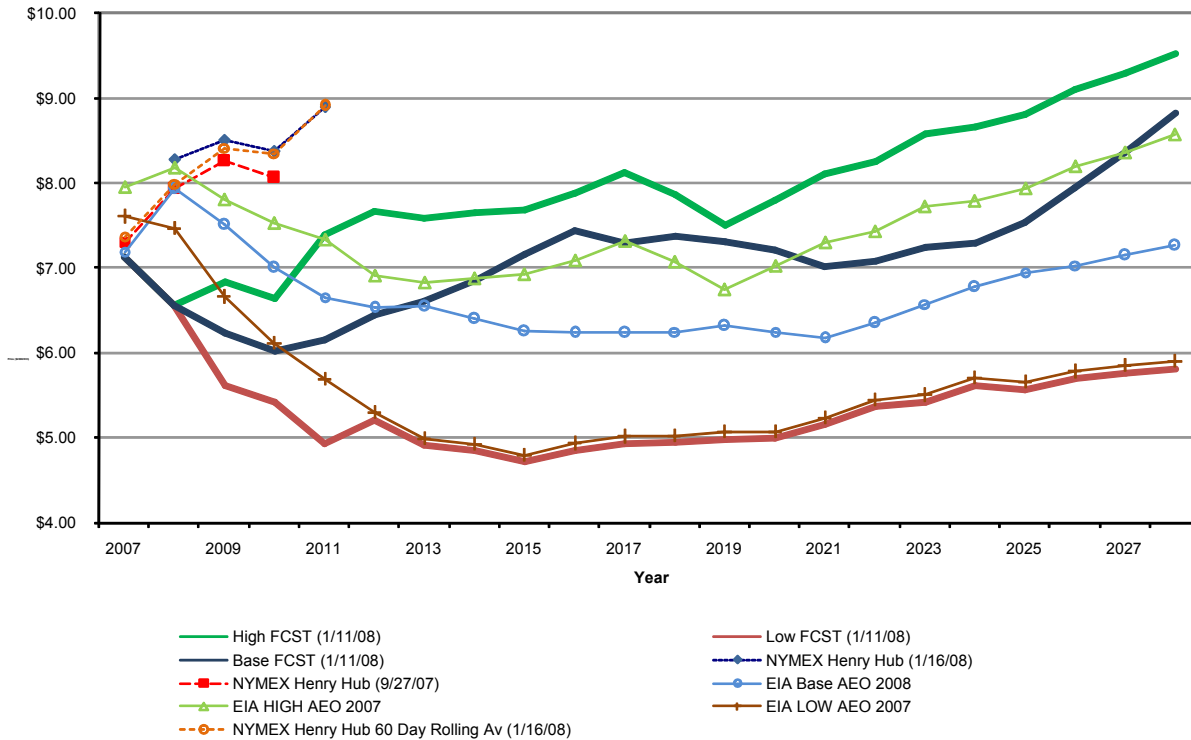
The Company considered several sources of long-term gas price forecasts. Figure 6-1 below contains a chart that compares some of the principal forecasts. The chart also includes recent New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) "strip" of futures prices that reflects prices during the end of September, 2007 and mid-January 2008. While the 2007 U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) forecast falls far below the forward strip, EIA's projections traditionally under-project spot prices. The Company has relied on the Wood Mackenzie Long Term Outlook for its base case natural gas forecast, as it has traditionally outperformed projections released by the EIA. This consulting firm produces both a long-term market outlook as well as monthly and weekly updates. Therefore, NW Natural is able to rely on forecasts that have a long-term perspective – incorporating those elements that drive long range views, and also up to date information as the markets change

The resources summarized in Section III above allow additional load to be served from resource decisions such as the purchase of pipeline CD or construction of additional storage facilities. If the model chooses CD or storage as a supply source, the new resource delivers gas to meet customer requirements.



Figure 6-1

Price Forecast Comparison  
Henry Hub



## V. ENVIRONMENTAL COSTS AND EXTERNALITIES

The OPUC's Order No. 07-002 in Docket UM 1056 (Investigation Into Integrated Resource Planning) enhanced the previous decision adopted in the OPUC's Order No. 93-695 in Docket UM 424 (Development of Guidelines for Treatment of External Environmental Costs), which established the following guideline for the treatment of environmental costs used by energy utilities that evaluate demand- and supply-side energy choices:

*Guideline 8: Utilities should include, in their base-case analyses, the regulatory compliance costs they expect for carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulfur oxides (SO<sub>2</sub>), and mercury (Hg) emissions. Utilities should analyze the range of potential CO<sub>2</sub> regulatory costs in Order No. 93-695, from \$0 - \$40 (1990\$). In addition, utilities should perform sensitivity analysis on a range of*

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*reasonably possible cost adders for nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), and mercury (Hg), if applicable.*

Unlike electric utilities, environmental cost issues rarely impact a gas utility's supply-side resource choices. For example, NW Natural cannot choose between "dirty" coal-fired generation and "clean" wind energy sources. The Company's only supply-side energy resource is natural gas. At present, the only supply-side implication of environmental externalities in the Company's direct gas distribution system is that some methods of natural gas storage require the combustion of the gas. An LNG facility, such as Newport, burns one therm of gas to liquefy five therms. Underground storage, such as Mist, uses one therm of gas to compress 100 therms of gas into storage. While upstream gas system infrastructure (i.e. pipelines, storage facilities and gathering systems) produce more CO<sub>2</sub> emissions via compressors, NW Natural concluded that it does not make an appreciable difference in supply-side resource selection. However, due to the energy requirements necessary to bring imported LNG to domestic markets, the Company sees the need to fully evaluate imported LNG, because of its potentially significant impact on gas supply resource decisions.

Environmental externality costs do make a difference in the comparison between supply-side and demand-side resources. To facilitate such comparisons, the Company's avoided cost estimates include a \$0.099 per therm environmental externality adder to reflect assumed costs in the amount of \$15 per ton for CO<sub>2</sub> and \$2,000 per ton for NOx. These levels are similar to what the electric utilities are currently using. The derivation of this \$0.099 per therm adder is illustrated in Table 6-2.

**Table 6-1**  
Natural Gas Environmental Externality Adders  
Included in Avoided Cost Estimates

Compound	Emissions in Lbs./MMBtu	Damage Cost In \$/Lb.	Externality Adder \$/Therm
NOx \$2000/ton	0.11	\$1.00	\$0.011
CO <sub>2</sub> \$15/ton	118	\$0.007	\$0.088
Total			\$0.099

Given the regulatory uncertainty surrounding the potential of a national carbon tax and specific tax level, Table 6-2 provides a range of potential alternative natural gas environmental externality adders.<sup>2</sup>

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2 OPUC Order No. 07-002 established the environmental adders.

**Table 6-2**  
 Range of Potential  
 Natural Gas Environmental Externality Adders  
 OPUC Order No. 07-002

Compound	Emissions in Lbs./MMBtu	Damage Cost In \$/Lb.	Externality Adder \$/Therm
NOx \$2000/ton	0.11	\$1.00	\$0.011
CO <sub>2</sub> \$10/ton	118	\$0.005	\$0.059
Total			\$0.070
NOx \$2000/ton	0.11	\$1.00	\$0.011
CO <sub>2</sub> \$15/ton	118	\$0.007	\$0.088
Total			\$0.099
NOx \$2000/ton	0.11	\$1.00	\$0.011
CO <sub>2</sub> \$25/ton	118	\$0.0125	\$0.148
Total			\$0.159
NOx \$2000/ton	0.11	\$1.00	\$0.011
CO <sub>2</sub> \$40/ton	118	\$0.02	\$0.236
Total			\$0.247
NOx \$5000/ton	0.11	\$2.50	\$0.0275
CO <sub>2</sub> \$10/ton	118	\$0.005	\$0.059
Total			\$0.0865
NOx \$5000/ton	0.11	\$2.50	\$0.0275
CO <sub>2</sub> \$15/ton	118	\$0.007	\$0.088
Total			\$0.12
NOx \$5000/ton	0.11	\$2.50	\$0.0275
CO <sub>2</sub> \$25/ton	118	\$0.0125	\$0.148
Total			\$0.1755
NOx \$5000/ton	0.11	\$2.50	\$0.0275
CO <sub>2</sub> \$40/ton	118	\$0.02	\$0.236
Total			\$0.2635

At different assumed levels of environmental adders, several of the marginal non-cost-effective measures shown in Table 4-1 would become cost effective.

## **VI. DSM CONSERVATION LOAD SHAPES**

Avoided costs vary with the pattern of the avoided load (i.e. seasonal or annual). Seasonal loads are typically heating loads. An extreme example of a seasonal load would be a customer who uses gas only on the coldest day of the year, with no other consumption. A winter-only avoided load causes a reduction in higher-priced, seasonal gas resource costs. In contrast, an annual load such as water heating causes a constant reduction in gas purchases each day of the year and affects a broad range of gas purchase contract volumes. For such a load, the weighted average cost of flowing gas adequately measures the average avoided commodity costs. The commodity costs avoided with various other DSM measures depends on the particular load shapes and commodity purchase avoidance options of each measure.

Of the different available load shape metrics, the Company measures the impact of conservation on load through the use of the Conservation Load Factor (CLF). The CLF equals the average reduction (per unit of time) in load divided by the peak reduction in load (per same unit of time). The CLF is used to compute the avoided cost of different conservation measures across various load types. Two examples are shown below.

- **Water Heater Example:** The removal of a water heater decreases load by about 0.66 therms on a peak day and by 0.66 therms on the average day. In this example the conservation load factor equals one.
- **Space Heating Example:** A similar action that reduces space heating load yields an approximate peak day reduction of 9.7 therms and reduces annual load by 602 therms. The average load reduction in this example equals  $(602/365)$  or 1.65 therms per day. In this example, the CLF equals 0.17 (i.e.  $1.65/9.7 = 0.17$ ).

Most loads fall somewhere between the load factor extremes of zero and one. By determining the “shape” of the avoided loads and their subsequent effects on avoided costs, the per-therm avoided cost for loads with different annual patterns can be computed. A seasonal load presents a higher per-therm avoided cost than a year-round, water heating-type load. In general, the lower the load factor, the higher the per therm avoided cost.

## **VII. AVOIDED COST DETERMINATIONS**

When assessing the cost effectiveness of DSM resources, the Company divides the supply side resource costs into *annual* and *winter* season costs. In

examining the avoided cost for a therm of seasonal load, for example, the relevant avoided cost is best represented by *winter* season costs. A mixture of winter season and *annual* contract prices can properly capture various DSM related costs. A *blended* supply resource cost that averages the seasonal or winter resource costs in winter months and the annual resource costs in the summer months, best represents water heating type load, commonly referred to as 100 percent load factor usage. The result is a figure fairly representative of the average DSM savings for a therm of load reduction per day throughout the year.

Graphical representations of avoided costs for the Base Case and High Commodity Price sensitivity (i.e. 20% increase over the High Price Forecast) for the annual and winter-only consumption are shown in Figure 6.2 through Figure 6.5 below. These avoided costs include a \$0.099 per therm adder for environmental externalities and are shown below in real \$2008 dollars. Appendix 6-1 and 6-2 lists the avoided cost figures in tabular form by demand area, by month, and are summarized by winter-only and annual costs. Avoided cost estimates for the High Commodity Price sensitivity increased by approximately 18% over the Base Case avoided cost estimates. The relatively high margin costs in the winter months of the early years of the planning horizon reflect the near-term need for higher cost incremental peaking resources to serve the peak day requirements in various demand areas under design winter weather conditions. The annual avoided cost estimates for both winter-only and annual average costs are used by, Stellar Processes to determine the cost-effectiveness limits for DSM measures of various life spans and seasonal patterns of gas use.

**Figure 6-2**

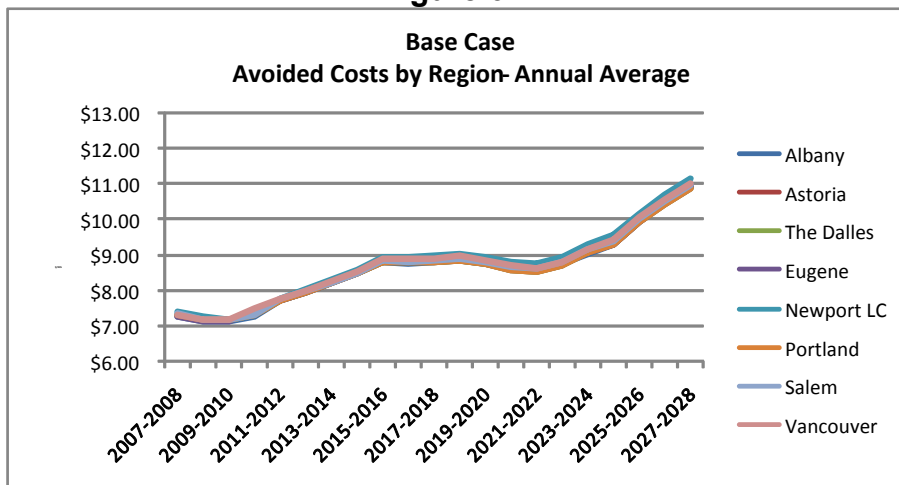


Figure 6-3

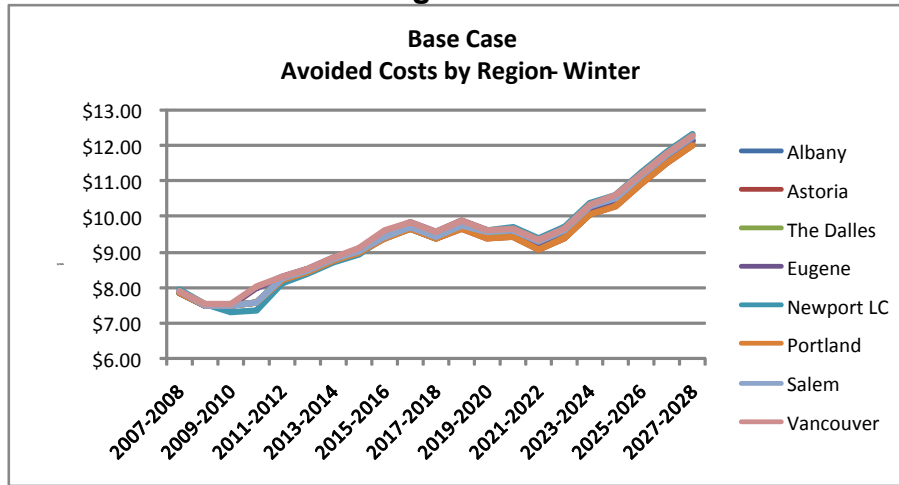


Figure 6-4

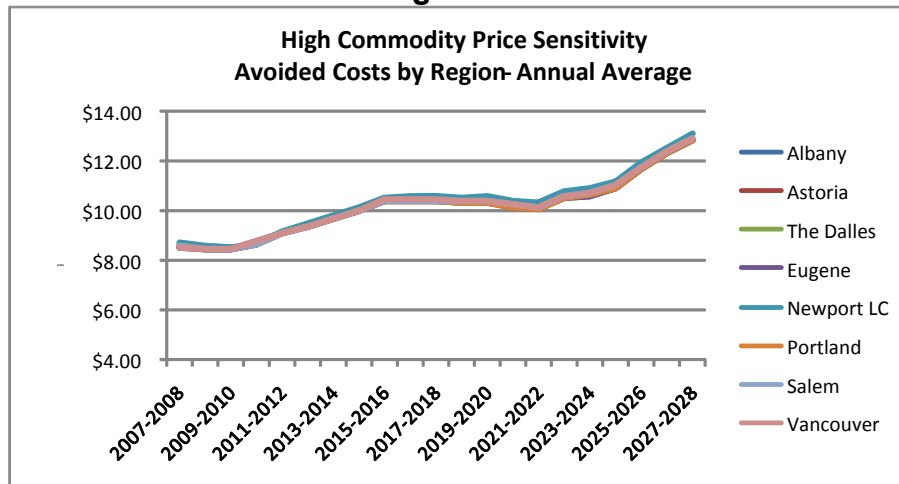
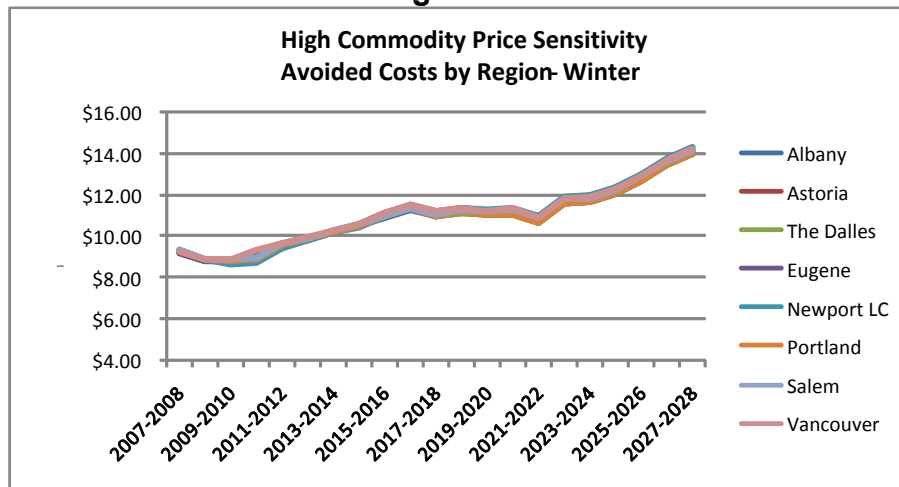


Figure 6-5



VIII. AFTER-TAX REAL DISCOUNT RATE

SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> determines the least cost resource mix that meets forecasted demand for the 20-year planning period using a present value revenue requirement methodology. As required by UM 1056 Guideline 1, NW Natural discounts all future resource costs with the Company’s after-tax real discount rate of 5.16 percent, the derivation of which is presented in Appendix 6-3.

In addition to determining the least cost resource mix, the after-tax real discount rate of 5.16 percent is also used by consultant, Stellar Processes to determine the appropriate cost-effective screening levels to apply to specific DSM measures. These Screening Costs vary by DSM measure to reflect lifetime and seasonality (i.e. conservation load factor). Specifically, the Screening Costs reflect the present value of avoided cost over the lifetime of each DSM measure, using either the winter or annual averages of avoided cost estimates depending on the DSM measure load factor. DSM cost-effective screening methodology is presented in more detail in Chapter 4.

**IX. KEY FINDINGS**

- Base Case avoided cost estimates associated with gas supply resources increased in this Plan primarily due to the increase in the rather immediate need for additional higher cost peaking resources to serve certain demand areas of the Company's service territory in the early years of the study and the increase in the price of natural gas since the 2004 IRP.
- Avoided cost estimates for the High Commodity Price sensitivity increased by approximately 18% over the Base Case avoided cost estimates.
- The downward adjustment of the inflation rate caused an increase in the real after-tax discount rate (2004 IRP: 4.12 percent; 2007: 5.16 percent).



**CHAPTER 7: PUBLIC COMMUNICATION AND PARTICIPATION**

I. TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP..... 2

II. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION ..... 3

## **CHAPTER 7: PUBLIC COMMUNICATION AND PARTICIPATION**

This chapter describes the steps NW Natural took to involve the public in developing this Plan.

### **I. TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP**

The Technical Working Group (TWG) is an integral part of developing the Company's resource plans. During this planning cycle NW Natural worked with representatives from the Energy Trust of Oregon; Northwest Power and Conservation Council; Northwest Industrial Gas Users; Northwest Pipeline Corporation; TransCanada-Gas Transmission Northwest, the Oregon Public Utility Commission; and the Washington Utilities & Transportation Commission.

NW Natural solicited TWG participation in February and March 2007 prior to filing its draft plan in Washington. The Company solicited TWG members from a list of TWG participants in prior planning cycles. Following the filing of the draft plan in Washington in March 2007, the Company held a third TWG meeting in May. Additional Technical Working Group meetings were held on November 20, 2007, and February 19, 2008, the later following the circulation of a revised draft plan to Technical Working Group members on February 7, 2008.

The following list of issues highlights a number of concerns that the groups discussed during these meetings, and have been addressed in the body of the Plan.

- Original set of customer growth forecast scenarios did not include a growth case that was greater than the Base Case, Company projected growth. The Company later revised its customer growth forecasts, and added an additional high growth case and a negative growth case. See customer growth discussion in Chapter 2.
- The departure from the 1985-86 to 1992-93 as the Company's design year profile led to a decrease of almost 8.4% in total HDDs. One participant suggested applying a band of no more than 5% in the event the shift is that large. The Company discussed with the TWG the possibility of moving in the future toward a statistically generated planning standard. The Company has added consideration of this issue as an action item.
- One interested party wanted to know if the Company was examining load forecast scenarios that reflect long-term paradigm shifts in load. The Company does examine the impact of paradigm shifts in load. The Company reflects this in its use of

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declining load coefficients. The Company has also modeled a number of different paradigm shifts, such as long-term negative growth forecasts, and supply-basin shortages.

- It was suggested that in developing an action plan around solving the hybrid heat customer issue, the Company should evaluate its ability to isolate these customers and satisfy their peak demand through satellite LNG as opposed to adding pipeline contract demand. However, the Company is unable to isolate these customers in a way that enables the Company to meet hybrid heat customer demand with satellite LNG. The Company will be monitoring the spread of hybrid heat customers in future IRPs.
- Attendees wanted to better understand the how Mist Recall was incorporated into the resource mix and how it was modeled. These questions were answered in writing and in further discussions outside of the TWG meetings.
- Attendees wanted to better understand some of the growth forecasts as they related to industrial customers. An explanation of this issue was provided in the text of Chapter 2.
- Attendees wanted to see a chart with details about the cost of supply-side resources and availability dates provided to the model; this was added as an appendix to Chapter 3.
- Attendees were concerned about the Company's ability to site satellite LNG in the Eugene area, given the current political climate. The Company modeled both a delayed satellite LNG case and a no satellite LNG scenario and will be considering the appropriate sizing for the Willamette Valley Feeder and Brownville to Eugene River Crossing projects as cost-effective alternatives to satellite LNG.

## **II. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

NW Natural invited its customers, TWG members, and interested parties to participate in the public meeting process. The Company notified customers about the meeting by way of a bill insert in the March billings. NW Natural will also post a link to the plan on its website.

The Company held a public meeting in Portland at NW Natural's main office on March 22, 2007.

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Attendance at the public meeting was sparse. Besides NW Natural employees, only two people attended the meeting.

The structure of the meetings was informal. NW Natural depicted the planning process through a slide show presentation, and presented the key elements that NW Natural looks at when developing the plan, along with the principal findings. The Company made the presentation available to interested persons electronically and by mail on request. Customers made multiple requests for electronic copies. Pages 7A-5 through 7A-25 of this chapter's appendix contains a copy of the presentation.

The following list of issues highlights the concerns that discussed during the public meeting and addressed in the body of this Plan.

- LNG – Its physical impact on the region as well as its impact on the cost of natural gas. See chapter 3 for further discussion of LNG.
- The Cost of Gas – What does the utility predict in the foreseeable future? In response: The Company expects the cost of gas to continue increasing for the foreseeable future. See the *Forecasting Future Prices & Market Volatility* section in Chapter 2.
- Palomar Pipeline Project – What benefits will it bring to Oregon? See Chapter 3 and 5.

Public Utility Commission of Oregon  
Adopted IRP Guidelines

Guideline 1: Substantive Requirements

a. *All resources must be evaluated on a consistent and comparable basis.*

- *All known resources for meeting the utility's load should be considered, including supply-side options which focus on the generation, purchase and transmission of power – or gas purchases, transportation, and storage – and demand-side options which focus on conservation and demand response.*
- Explanation: NW Natural made every effort to include all known supply and demand side options. Supply side options studied include not only the gas itself, but also the pipeline capacity required to transport the gas, the Company's gas storage options, and the system enhancements necessary to distribute the gas. The demand side study looked at all the potential energy savings potentially available within the Company's service territory. Chapters 3 and 4 focus on supply and demand side resources, respectively, while the results of NW Natural's analyses can be found in Chapter 5.
- *Utilities should compare different resource fuel types, technologies, lead times, in-service dates, durations and locations in portfolio risk modeling.*
- Explanation: Chapters 3 and 4 focus on supply and demand side resources, respectively. The Supply-side options in Chapter 3 range from existing and proposed interstate pipeline capacity from multiple providers, the Company's Mist underground storage, to imported LNG, as well as Satellite LNG facilities located at various locations within the Company's service territory. The Company clearly defines each resource's in-service date before which the respective resource could not be a selected resource. Because the Company identified unserved demand in all areas of its service territory within the 20-year planning horizon, it considered a variety of supply side options to meet local, regional, and system-wide demand such as satellite LNG, NW Natural pipeline enhancements (including the Willamette Valley Feeder project), and interstate pipeline expansions. In-service dates considered in the plan range from short term, such as Mist Recall supplies available in Fall 2008, to near-term resources (such as the Palomar Pipeline, which has been modeled as first available in 2010). All resources are offered each year after they become available throughout the 20-year planning horizon. The Company has also considered technologies such as bio-gas, which are not currently available, but have been identified for continued monitoring and future assessment.
- *Consistent assumptions and methods should be used for evaluation of all resources.*

- Explanation: To the best of its ability, NW Natural evaluated all resources, both supply and demand side, on a consistent basis in the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model, which programmatically and objectively applied the same common assumptions, approaches and methodology to each supply option. Chapter 5 contains the specific descriptions of the resource evaluation methodology.
- *The after-tax marginal weighted-average cost of capital (WACC) should be used to discount all future resource costs.*
- Explanation: In the Company's 2004 IRP, NW Natural calculated its avoided cost figures using a stated real after-tax discount rate of 4.12 percent. In the 2007 IRP, the Company uses a real after-tax discount rate of 5.16 percent. A reduction in the assumed inflation rate primarily drove the increase in the rate.

*b. Risk and Uncertainty must be considered.*

Explanation: This study is characterized by risk and uncertainty because the Company cannot perfectly predict the contributing data such as future customer counts, economic conditions, market changes and weather conditions. However, this study analyzes risk-related data such that the Company can make reasonable assumptions.

- *At a minimum, utilities should address the following sources of risk and uncertainty:*
- *Natural gas utilities: demand (peak, swing and baseload), commodity supply and price, transportation availability and price, and cost to comply with any regulation of greenhouse gas emissions.*
- Explanation: First, NW Natural analyzes demand uncertainty (peak, swing, and baseload) through a deterministic set of load forecasts of the traditional low, base, and high scenarios. The Company first projected annual customer counts by customer sub-class. Customer growth forecasts were prepared for six scenarios, including no growth, negative growth, Company projected base case, and high growth forecasts. The Company then statistically estimated gas usage equations for each customer subclass (or market segment). Design year (including peak day) projections were derived from multiple regressions, separating out Base-use and Temperature Sensitive Load-use (TSL-use). Next, the Company applied design weather conditions, projected prices, and customers to gas usage equations to derive firm gas requirements for each forecast scenario. Price forecasts were prepared for three scenarios, including high, reference and low forecasts. The price forecasts are discussed in more detail in Chapter 2

Second, in addition to the six deterministic demand forecasts for High, Low and Base Case Scenarios, the Company is incorporating Monte Carlo simulations (i.e. stochastic analysis) in its evaluation of customer demand. The 2008 IRP marks the first time NW Natural is incorporating stochastic analysis, which allows the Company to consider the impact of resource decisions across a range of weather and forward price scenarios, along with evaluating the LP optimized least-cost supply portfolio solution at different levels of probable demand levels. Stochastic analysis (Monte Carlo simulation) and *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> linear programming analysis are explained in more detail in Chapter 5.

Third, the associated risk and uncertainty of commodity supply, prices and transportation availability are discussed in chapter 5, which includes the results of sensitivity analysis involving price simulations for future supply basin-specific and North American supply restrictions.

Finally, the cost to comply with greenhouse gas emissions regulation and the risk and uncertainty associated with potential regulation is discussed in Chapter 4. Chapter 4 contains the Company's evaluation of cost effective demand side management based on an avoided cost that included emission adders. The higher avoided cost resulted in more achievable demand side resource potential. Chapter 6 impacts the results derived in chapter 4 through the development of NW Natural's avoided cost figures.

- *Utilities should identify in their plans any additional sources of risk and uncertainty.*
  - Explanation: In addition to the areas of risk and uncertainty described above that NW Natural has included in this Plan (weather, customer growth, and price), the Company has considered the likely impediments to the ultimate development and siting of certain potential resources such as imported LNG and satellite LNG. These are discussed in Chapter 3.
- c. *The primary goal must be the selection of a portfolio of resources with the best combination of expected costs and associated risks and uncertainties for the utility and its customers.*
- *The planning horizon for analyzing resource choices should be at least 20 years and account for end effects. Utilities should consider all costs with a reasonable likelihood of being included in rates over the long term, which extends beyond the planning horizon and the life of the resource.*
  - Explanation: This IRP contains the Company's long-range analysis of load and resources spanning a 20-year horizon.

- *Utilities should use present value of revenue requirement (PVRR) as the key cost metric. The plan should include analysis of current and estimated future costs for all long-lived resources such as power plants, gas storage facilities, and pipelines, as well as all short-lived resources such as gas supply and short-term power purchases.*
- Explanation: The Company's SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> modeling software uses a PVRR cost metric methodology, which provides resource portfolio costs in both nominal and real (present value) dollars that is applied to resources of varying expected lives.
- *To address risk, the plan should include, at a minimum:*
  - *Two measures of PVRR risk: one that measures the variability of costs and one that measures the severity of bad outcomes.*
  - Explanation: Through application of the SENDOUT<sup>®</sup> software, the Company modeled 200 scenarios around varying gas price and weather inputs via Monte Carlo iterations thereby developing a distribution of annual cost estimates utilizing SENDOUT<sup>®</sup>'s PVRR methodology. Chapter 5 further describes this analysis. The variability of costs is plotted against the Mean of the Total Cost distribution, while the Unserved Demand distribution captures the severity of bad outcomes.
  - *Discussion of the proposed use and impact on costs and risks of physical and financial hedging.*
  - Explanation: NW Natural provides retail customers with a bundled gas product including gas storage by aggregating load and acquiring gas supplies through wholesale market physical purchases that may be hedged using physical storage or financial transactions. The following goals guide the physical or financial hedging of gas supply: 1) reliability, 2) lowest reasonable cost, 3) price stability, and 4) cost recovery. This is discussed in greater detail in Chapter 3.
- *The utility should explain in its plan how its resource choices appropriately balance cost and risk.*
- Explanation: For this IRP, the Company has selected an 85% probability coldest winter planning standard augmented by an historic three-day peak event against which to evaluate the cost and risk trade-off of various supply and demand resources available to SENDOUT<sup>®</sup>. Although this planning standard incorporates a level of demand that is less than its traditional "design year" planning standard, it reflects the Company's assessment that



the costs associated with the higher planning standard were not justified in comparison with the risk of that traditional “design year” occurring.

Further analysis of how the Company’s resource choices appropriately balance cost and risk can be found in Chapter 5, in the analysis of the Company’s selection of its Preferred Portfolio. In short, the Company considered the strictly economic data assessed by the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> model, the likelihood of certain resources such as imported or satellite LNG being available, stochastic analysis of demand and price forecasting, and the non-economic but significant reliability benefits offered by certain resources, such as the Palomar East pipeline. After considering all these factors, the Company selected a Preferred Portfolio and identified for acquisition resources consistent with that portfolio.

- d. *The plan must be consistent with the long-run public interest as expressed in Oregon and federal energy policies.*

Explanation: In preparing this IRP, NW Natural considered the guidelines contained in OPUC Order Nos. 07-047 as evidenced in this appendix and discussed in greater detail throughout the Plan.

The Company also considered the Commission’s first 2007-2008 objective which is to “Adopt regulatory policies that encourage utilities and customers to meet energy needs at the lowest possible cost and risk.” The Company believes it accomplished this goal because incremental resources selected in the Preferred Portfolio represent the best mix of reliable, cost-effective resources that the Company felt could reasonably be obtained with the planning horizon. The Company’s choice not to rely on LNG import terminals because of regional market uncertainty demonstrates the Company’s assessment of cost and risk, as does the preference for the Palomar East pipeline (to address reliability), and the analysis of the potential for satellite LNG to be delayed (to address risk).

State policy, as evidenced in SB 838, seeks to provide additional funding mechanisms for energy efficiency. Federal policy, likewise, is trending toward energy market transformation and environmental protection. This IRP supports aggressive energy efficiency acquisition, incorporates carbon adders in its avoided cost, and does not shift reliance onto LNG supplies which demonstrates the influence of State and Federal policies in the development of this Plan.

## Guideline 2: Procedural Requirements

- a. *The public, which includes other utilities, should be allowed significant involvement in the preparation of the IRP. Involvement includes opportunities to contribute information and ideas, as well as to receive information. Parties must have an opportunity to make relevant inquiries of the utility formulating the plan. Disputes*

*about whether information requests are relevant or unreasonably burdensome, or whether a utility is being properly responsive, may be submitted to the Commission for resolution.*

Explanation: The public has been given considerable opportunities to participate in the development of NW Natural's 2007 IRP. The Company has held five Technical Working Group (TWG) meetings, and one open house public participation meetings to date. In addition to these meetings the Company has periodically met with Commission staff to discuss the guidelines adopted in Order No. 07-047, as well as to identify areas of NW Natural's Plan that needed enhancement. The Company has also answered informal data requests from various stakeholders including OPUC Staff and the Citizen's Utility Board. Further discussion of the public participation process can be found in Chapter 7.

- b. While confidential information must be protected, the utility should make public, in its plan, any non-confidential information that is relevant to its resource evaluation and action plan. Confidential information may be protected through use of a protective order, through aggregation or shielding of data, or through any other mechanism approved by the Commission.*

Explanation: As evidenced by the material included throughout the plan, the Company has put forth all relevant non-confidential information necessary to produce a comprehensive Plan.

- c. The utility must provide a draft IRP for public review and comment prior to filing a final plan with the Commission.*

Explanation: On March 28, 2007, after two TWG meetings NW Natural submitted an initial draft plan in both Oregon and Washington. This submission was driven by Washington's filing deadline for the Company's draft plan. After the third TWG in May 2007 and public participation meetings along with direct meetings with Commission Staff, a six-month extension of the Oregon filing deadline was requested by the Company on September 6, 2007, and was subsequently granted by the Commission. Additional Technical Working Group meetings were held on November 20, 2007 and February 19, 2008, the later following the circulation of a revised draft plan to Technical Working Group members on February 7, 2008.

### Guideline 3: Plan Filing, Review, and Updates

- a. The utility must file an IRP for within two years of its previous IRP acknowledgement order.*

On March 3, 2008, the OPUC granted NW Natural an extension of time until April 14, 2008 to file this 2008 IRP (Order No. 08-134, UM 1343).

- b. *The utility must present the results of its filed plan to the Commission at a public meeting prior to the deadline for written public comment.*

NW Natural will comply with this guideline.

- c. *Commission Staff and parties should complete their comments and recommendations within six months of IRP filing.*

The Company looks forward to working with Staff and interested parties in their review of this Plan.

## Guideline 4: Plan Components

*At a minimum the plan must include the following elements:*

- a. *An explanation of how the utility met each of the substantive and procedural requirements.*

Explanation: This appendix is intended to comply with this guideline by providing an itemized response to each of the substantive and procedural requirements.

- b. *Analysis of high and low load growth scenarios in addition to stochastic load risk analysis with an explanation of major assumptions.*

Explanation: The Base Case demand forecast uses the Company's projected customer growth and projected prices. This IRP considers five departures from the Base Case demand forecast, including negative, low, medium, and high demand growth forecasts, as well as stochastic risk analysis. This study is discussed in Chapter 2. Chapter 5 provides the scenario and risk analysis results. Assumptions are detailed in Appendix 2.

- c. *For electric utilities ... (Not applicable)*
- d. *For natural gas utilities, a determination of the peaking, swing and base-load gas supply and associated transportation and storage expected for each year of the plan, given existing resources; and identification of gas supplies (peak, swing and base-load), transportation and storage needed to bridge the gap between expected loads and resources.*

Explanation: Using the *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> optimization model, the Company determined the peaking, swing, and base-load gas supply and associated transportation and storage for each year of the 20-year planning horizon. Please see the appendix to Chapter 5 for the detail behind the twenty-four distinct scenarios and sensitivities

considered by the optimization model, and specific resources selected in each case for each year.

- e. *Identification and estimated costs of all supply-side and demand-side resource options, taking into account anticipated advances in technology.*

Explanation: The best resource mix was determined by studying supply side options currently used, such as pipeline transportation contracts, gas supply contracts, and physical and financial hedging, as well as alternative options such as additional capacity or infrastructure enhancements. Future developments such as imported LNG and pipeline enhancements were considered. The various supply side options and their costs are identified and discussed in Chapter 3 and Appendix 3.

Demand side resource options were compiled from various local, regional and national sources. The measures that are marketable within NW Natural's service territory were identified through a demographical study of customer specific information such as historical gas usage, appliance holdings, and forecast economic growth. A societal cost was then determined for each measure making the demand side options comparable with supply side options. Demand-side resource options are identified in Chapter 4 and its Appendix 4.

- f. *Analysis of measures the utility intends to take to provide reliable service, including cost-risk tradeoffs.*

Explanation: Chapter 3 discusses NW Natural's Gas Supply Risk Management Policies, modeling tools, and cost/risk considerations that form the basis for planning and maintaining reliable gas service. For example, the Company's Gas Supply Department uses *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> to perform its dispatch modeling from various pipeline supplies and storage facilities. The objective is to ensure reliable service during the heating season on an aggregate system-wide basis as well as achieve the maximum economic benefit from seasonal price differences and varying gas delivery terms. The Synergy software package also provides the Company the opportunity to evaluate performance of the distribution system under a variety of conditions, with the analysis typically focused on meeting growing peak day customer demands while maintaining system stability.

The Company's Precedent Agreement with the proposed Palomar pipeline is in response to its current reliance solely on NWPL for delivery of interstate gas supplies. A second interstate pipeline delivery corridor would assure both the security of gas supply as well as reliable gas service. The Preferred Portfolio recognizes the importance of the Palomar Pipeline as both a cost-effective resource (particularly in comparison with the "No Palomar" scenario), and an enhancement to overall reliability. Though the optimization model identified a smaller component of Palomar as being the "optimal" economic choice for the Company, the reality of the situation is that without a significant commitment on the pipeline, it was unlikely that plans for construction of Palomar East would proceed.

- g. Identification of key assumptions about the future (e.g., fuel prices and environmental compliance costs) and alternative scenarios considered.*

Explanation: The Company combined deterministic analysis and stochastic analysis to construct an optimal portfolio that meets specific pre-determined planning criteria, while also stress-testing the decision against a range of future weather and price events. Chapter 5 describes the alternative resource mix scenarios and forward looking sensitivities involving commodity availability, commodity cost, transportation cost, and/or load forecast inputs evaluated in the IRP. The Company identified the price and gas forecasts that represent key assumptions underlying the Base Case and Preferred Portfolio. The Company also identified specific environmental compliance costs that were factored into the determination of the Company's avoided cost, which in turn factored into the identification of cost-effective demand side resources. Finally, the Company identified specific resources that may become available (such as imported LNG), but could not be relied upon to build the Company's Preferred Portfolio. The Company also considered certain alternative supply scenarios, such as a limitation of supply from Canada, and alternative growth scenarios (such as a continued and extensive economic recession).

- h. Construction of a representative set of resource portfolios to test various operating characteristics, resource types, fuels and sources, technologies, lead times, in-service dates, durations and general locations - system-wide or delivered to a specific portion of the system.*

Explanation: As described above, and in more detail in the Plan, the Company designed a total of nine alternate resource mix scenarios where each scenario allows for a single change to the incremental supply side resources that are available in the Base Case. The development of resource portfolio options evaluated in this IRP is documented in Chapter 5 and results are detailed in Appendix 5-3.

- i. Evaluation of the performance of the candidate portfolios over the range of identified risks and uncertainties.*

Explanation: In addition to the alternate scenarios mentioned in 4(h), above, NW Natural developed 14 Sensitivity cases to the Base Case Scenario. The Sensitivity cases differ from the alternate scenarios in that they do not provide for a new resource mix decision (i.e., the Base Case resource portfolio is locked down). Instead, the purpose of the Sensitivities is to stress test the Base Case resource portfolio to changes in certain underlying Base Case assumptions. Finally, the Company conducted a stochastic analysis of the Base Case and the Company's Preferred Portfolio scenarios using the Monte Carlo functionality of *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>. The stochastic analysis assesses the resiliency of the Base Case and Preferred Portfolio resource portfolios to variation in the level of demand and prices specified by assuming hundreds of normally distributed potential outcomes around the 20-

year average normal weather and forecasted gas prices. The comparative performance results of the stochastic analysis are presented in Chapter 5.

- j. Results of testing and rank ordering of the portfolios by cost and risk metric, and interpretation of those results.*

Explanation: Chapter 3 describes the resource options evaluated, including discussion on uncertainties in lead times and costs as well as viability and resource availability (e.g. LNG). Appendix 3 summarizes the potential resource options identifying investment costs and asset availability dates while results of resources selected are discussed in Chapter 5 and tabulated in Appendix 5-3.

- k. Analysis of the uncertainties associated with each portfolio evaluated.*

The Company combined deterministic analysis and stochastic analysis to construct an Preferred Portfolio that meets specific pre-determined planning criteria, while also stress testing the decision against a range of future weather and price events. This is further discussed in Chapter 5.

- l. Selection of a portfolio that represents the best combination of cost and risk for the utility and its customers.*

Explanation: NW Natural evaluated cost/risk tradeoffs for each of the resource mix portfolios considered. Chapter 5 describes the Company's portfolio risk analysis, as well as the determination of its Preferred Portfolio.

- m. Identification and explanation of any inconsistencies of the selected portfolio with any state and federal energy policies that may affect a utility's plan and any barriers to implementation.*

Explanation: NW Natural does not believe its preferred portfolio has any inconsistencies with State or Federal energy policies. Potential barriers to implementation may relate to the ultimate availability and timing of certain incremental resources selected for the Company's preferred portfolio (e.g., satellite LNG, imported LNG) due to siting / permitting challenges related to the facilities, market viability, and others; such potential barriers are discussed in Chapter 3 and Chapter 5.

- n. An action plan with resource activities the utility intends to undertake over the next two to four years to acquire the identified resources, regardless of whether the activity was acknowledged in a previous IRP, with the key attributes of each resource specified as in portfolio testing.*

Explanation: The Executive Summary presents the Company's multi-year action plan, which identifies the short term actions the Company plans to pursue related to the following:

- Demand forecasting
- Supply-side resources
- Demand-side resources
- *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup> modeling
- Avoided costs determination
- Public involvement

## Guideline 5: Transmission

*Not applicable to NW Natural's gas utility operations*

## Guideline 6: Conservation

- a. *Each utility should ensure that a conservation potential study is conducted periodically for its entire service territory.*

Explanation: As discussed in Chapter 4, NW Natural retained the services of Stellar Processes to analyze the potential energy savings it can cost-effectively procure within its service territory for this IRP. The Stellar Processes study began by estimating all energy savings that could be acquired immediately without considering market constraints such as customer awareness. This was determined by analyzing customer demographics together with energy efficiency measure data. Cost-effective DSM measures were identified by comparing each measure's levelized program cost against its expected levelized value of avoided cost with adjustments for measure specific lifetime and load factor.

- b. *To the extent that a utility controls the level of funding for conservation programs in its service territory, the utility should include in its action plan all best cost/risk portfolio conservation resources for meeting projected resource needs, specifying annual savings targets.*

Explanation: Achievable potential DSM savings per customer class in NW Natural's Oregon and Washington service territories with cost-effective screening at the Company's Base Case avoided cost is summarized in Chapter 4. More detailed information on the Oregon and Washington DSM deployment scenarios are presented in tabular form in Appendix 4, including the conservation programs' annual savings targets.

- c. *To the extent that an outside party administers conservation programs in a utility's service territory at a level of funding that is beyond the utility's control, the utility should: 1) determine the amount of conservation resources in the best cost/ risk portfolio without regard to any limits on funding of conservation programs; and 2) identify the preferred portfolio and action plan consistent with the outside party's projection of conservation acquisition.*

Explanation: Because the Company believes funding options may be available and understands Staff agrees with this assumption, this guideline is being treated as not applicable.

## Guideline 7: Demand Response

*Plans should evaluate demand response resources, including voluntary rate programs, on par with other options for meeting energy, capacity, and transmission needs (for electric utilities) or gas supply and transportation needs (for natural gas utilities).*

Explanation: On NW Natural's system, customers taking service on interruptible rates represent approximately 42 percent of annual throughput. This is discussed further in Chapter 4.

As described in Chapter 5, NW Natural utilized the Program Totals method of DSM evaluation in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>, which provided direct input of DSM program impact, allowing a comparison of DSM options with supply options.

## Guideline 8: Environmental Costs

*Utilities should include, in their base-case analyses, the regulatory compliance costs they expect for CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and Hg emissions. Utilities should analyze the range of potential CO<sub>2</sub> regulatory costs in Order No. 93-695, from \$0 - \$40 (1990\$). In addition, utilities should perform sensitivity analysis on a range of reasonably possible cost adders for NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and Hg, if applicable.*

Explanation: Unlike electric utilities, environmental cost issues rarely impact a gas utility's supply-side resource choices. At present, the only supply-side implication of environmental externalities in the Company's direct gas distribution system is that some methods of natural gas storage require the combustion of the gas. Upstream gas system infrastructure (pipelines and gathering systems) do produce some CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from compressors used to pressurize and move gas throughout the system. However, environmental externality costs do make a difference in the comparison between supply-side and demand-side resources. To facilitate such comparisons, the Company's avoided cost estimates in Appendix 6 include a \$0.099 per therm environmental externality adder to reflect assumed costs in the amount of \$15 per ton for CO<sub>2</sub> and \$2,000 per ton for NO<sub>x</sub>.

## Guideline 9: Direct Access Loads

*Not applicable to NW Natural's gas utility operations*



## Guideline 10: Multi-state Utilities

*Multi-state utilities should plan their generation and transmission systems, or gas supply and delivery, on an integrated-system basis that achieves a best cost/risk portfolio for all their retail customers.*

NW Natural's 2007 IRP includes its Washington service territory and will be filed simultaneously in Oregon and Washington on April 14, 2007.

## Guideline 11: Reliability

*Natural gas utilities should analyze, on an integrated basis, gas supply, transportation, and storage, along with demand-side resources, to reliably meet peak, swing, and base-load system requirements. Electric and natural gas utility plans should demonstrate that the utility's chosen portfolio achieves its stated reliability, cost and risk objectives.*

Explanation: NW Natural analyzes on an integrated basis gas supply, transportation, and storage, along with demand-side resources to reliably meet peak, swing, and base-load system requirements. For this IRP, the Company has selected an 85% probability coldest winter planning standard augmented by an historic three-day peak event against which to evaluate the cost and risk trade off of various supply and demand resources available to SENDOUT<sup>®</sup>. Although this planning standard incorporates a level of demand less than its traditional "design year" planning standard, it reflects the Company's evaluation and selection of a planning standard and resulting portfolio of resources with the best combination of expected costs and associated risks and uncertainties for the utility and its customers. Discussion of the Company's planning criteria and the determination of its Preferred Portfolio is in Chapter 5. Stochastic analysis and stress-testing of the Company's results demonstrate the reliability of the Preferred Portfolio and cost/risk balance.

## Guideline 12: Distributed Generation

*Electric utilities ... Not applicable to NW Natural's gas utility operations*

## Guideline 13: Resource Acquisition

- a. Electric utilities ... Not applicable to NW Natural's gas utility operations*
- b. Natural gas utilities should either describe in the IRP their bidding practices for gas supply and transportation, or provide a description of those practices following IRP acknowledgment.*

Explanation: NW Natural's Gas Acquisition Plan detailing the Company's strategies and practices for acquiring gas supplies is described in Chapter 3 and is centered on the following goals:

- Reliability – sufficient to satisfy core customer requirements under design year weather conditions;
- Diversity – to acquire gas resources at the lowest reasonable cost;
- Price Stability – use of physical assets and financial instruments to hedge price variability; and
- Cost Recovery – minimize rise associated with the payment and recovery of gas acquisition costs.

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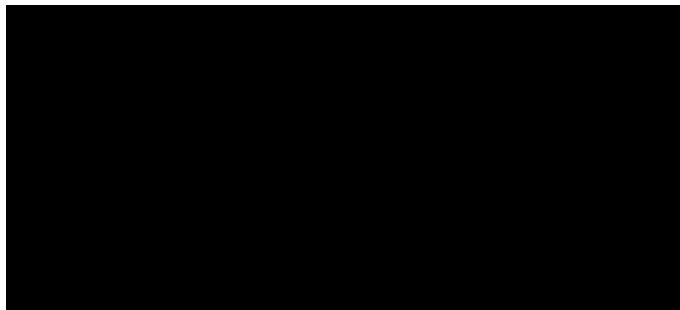
# Appendix 2-1: Demand Coefficients

## Residential and Commercial

Residential Base Year 2007-2008 Coefficients					Commercial Base Year 2007-2008 Coefficients				
Sub-Class & Region	Int-Base	Int-TSL	Price	HDD	Sub-Class & Region	Int-Base	Int-TSL	Price	HDD
Res_Existing ALB	0.4076	(3.9089)	(0.1798)	0.5724	Com_Existing ALB	2.9663	(2.2249)	(0.1947)	0.5094
Res_Existing AST	0.4959	(5.1916)	(0.1798)	0.9832	Com_Existing AST	4.6328	(3.9657)	(0.1947)	0.9879
Res_Existing DALO	0.4221	(4.5931)	(0.1798)	0.7136	Com_Existing DALO	3.8874	(2.6024)	(0.1947)	0.6020
Res_Existing EUG+COOS	0.4849	(4.3332)	(0.1798)	0.6784	Com_Existing EUG+COOS	4.3699	(2.7212)	(0.1947)	0.6917
Res_Existing LC	0.4067	(5.2085)	(0.1798)	0.9793	Com_Existing LC	5.9330	(3.5332)	(0.1947)	0.8380
Res_Existing POR	0.4733	(3.1363)	(0.1798)	0.3784	Com_Existing POR	4.3151	(1.5179)	(0.1947)	0.3529
Res_Existing SAL	0.4634	(4.0204)	(0.1798)	0.6218	Com_Existing SAL	3.9796	(1.9595)	(0.1947)	0.4838
Res_Existing VAN+DALW	0.5839	(4.1729)	(0.1798)	0.6725	Com_Existing VAN+DALW	4.9587	(2.2784)	(0.1947)	0.5404
Res_Existing SYS	0.4707	(3.5132)	(0.1798)	0.4824	Com_Existing SYS	4.2004	(1.8670)	(0.1947)	0.4461
Res_Conv ALB	0.3016	(3.7906)	(0.1798)	0.4940	Com_Conv ALB	1.7146	(2.6051)	(0.1947)	0.5180
Res_Conv AST	0.4519	(5.2313)	(0.1798)	0.9551	Com_Conv AST	1.8736	(5.1709)	(0.1947)	1.1966
Res_Conv DALO	0.3426	(4.3966)	(0.1798)	0.6179	Com_Conv DALO	0.5812	(2.7573)	(0.1947)	0.4901
Res_Conv EUG+COOS	0.3615	(4.0520)	(0.1798)	0.5681	Com_Conv EUG+COOS	3.6360	(3.0211)	(0.1947)	0.6417
Res_Conv LC	0.4062	(5.4001)	(0.1798)	0.9822	Com_Conv LC	2.1631	(3.4090)	(0.1947)	0.7345
Res_Conv POR	0.3238	(3.0919)	(0.1798)	0.3367	Com_Conv POR	2.8654	(1.7961)	(0.1947)	0.3465
Res_Conv SAL	0.3200	(3.8184)	(0.1798)	0.5431	Com_Conv SAL	1.6783	(3.0387)	(0.1947)	0.6953
Res_Conv VAN+DALW	0.4523	(4.0394)	(0.1798)	0.5809	Com_Conv VAN+DALW	3.4533	(2.1466)	(0.1947)	0.3961
Res_Conv SYS	0.3335	(3.4191)	(0.1798)	0.4204	Com_Conv SYS	2.5907	(2.1511)	(0.1947)	0.4249
Res_NC_SF ALB	0.5703	(4.6791)	(0.1798)	0.8090	Com_NC ALB	4.0290	(2.6275)	(0.1947)	0.6727
Res_NC_SF AST	0.7570	(5.7828)	(0.1798)	1.1811	Com_NC AST	7.4708	(3.0114)	(0.1947)	0.6554
Res_NC_SF DALO	0.5775	(4.8983)	(0.1798)	0.7985	Com_NC DALO	3.0216	(3.8913)	(0.1947)	0.9148
Res_NC_SF EUG+COOS	0.6634	(4.9594)	(0.1798)	0.8724	Com_NC EUG+COOS	3.6796	(2.4433)	(0.1947)	0.6376
Res_NC_SF LC	0.5377	(5.5138)	(0.1798)	1.0726	Com_NC LC	7.9487	(5.4656)	(0.1947)	1.5038
Res_NC_SF POR	0.6723	(3.3406)	(0.1798)	0.4618	Com_NC POR	5.9390	(1.5709)	(0.1947)	0.4023
Res_NC_SF SAL	0.5985	(4.3958)	(0.1798)	0.7317	Com_NC SAL	7.0739	(2.3617)	(0.1947)	0.6069
Res_NC_SF VAN+DALW	0.6664	(4.1381)	(0.1798)	0.6910	Com_NC VAN+DALW	6.1120	(2.1208)	(0.1947)	0.5376
Res_NC_SF SYS	0.6449	(3.7551)	(0.1798)	0.5718	Com_NC SYS	5.6881	(1.8491)	(0.1947)	0.4690
Res_NC_MF ALB	0.2333	(4.7704)	(0.1798)	0.6378					
Res_NC_MF AST	0.5284	(6.7579)	(0.1798)	1.2242					
Res_NC_MF DALO	0.4080	(5.9091)	(0.1798)	0.8815					
Res_NC_MF EUG+COOS	0.3269	(5.2886)	(0.1798)	0.6364					
Res_NC_MF LC	0.5284	(6.7579)	(0.1798)	1.2242 [1]					
Res_NC_MF POR	0.3850	(4.1626)	(0.1798)	0.4896					
Res_NC_MF SAL	0.3877	(4.6165)	(0.1798)	0.6358					
Res_NC_MF VAN+DALW	0.3921	(5.1719)	(0.1798)	0.7733					
Res_NC_MF SYS	0.3833	(4.5693)	(0.1798)	0.6105					

[1] Regression results for Res\_NC\_MF LC (Lincoln City) produced a low R-Square with coefficients outside the range observed in other regions. Coefficients for AST (Astoria) are used as a proxy for LC. Similar to LC, AST is a coastal region.

## Industrial Firm



# Appendix 2-2: Regression Statistics – Residential Demand

## Residential - Existing Customers

### Regression Results by Region

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

#### BASE LOAD DETERMINATION

##### UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS

(Constant)									
Coefficient B	0.4076	0.4959	0.4221	0.4849	0.4067	0.4733	0.4634	0.5839	0.4707
Std. Error	0.0166	0.0347	0.0187	0.0309	0.0831	0.0168	0.0184	0.0270	0.0213
t statistic	24.5460	14.2797	22.5987	15.6715	4.8919	28.1828	25.1532	21.6570	22.0891
Sig.	4.75E-08	1.96E-06	8.41E-08	1.04E-06	1.77E-03	1.82E-08	4.01E-08	1.13E-07	9.85E-08
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.0437	0.0247	0.0233	0.0324	0.0340	0.0865	0.0485	0.0222	0.0615
Std. Error	0.0094	0.0077	0.0112	0.0169	0.0115	0.0191	0.0117	0.0132	0.0162
t statistic	4.6469	3.2143	2.0825	1.9180	2.9561	4.5210	4.1285	1.6872	3.7952
Sig.	0.0024	0.0148	0.0758	0.0966	0.0212	0.0027	0.0044	0.1354	0.0068

##### MODEL STATISTICS

R Square	0.7552	0.5961	0.3825	0.3445	0.5552	0.7449	0.7089	0.2891	0.6730
Std. Error	0.0245	0.0314	0.0279	0.0434	0.0619	0.0286	0.0288	0.0367	0.0298
F Statistic	21.59	10.33	4.34	3.68	8.74	20.44	17.04	2.85	14.40
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.0130	0.0102	0.0034	0.0069	0.0335	0.0167	0.0141	0.0038	0.0128
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.0042	0.0069	0.0055	0.0132	0.0269	0.0057	0.0058	0.0094	0.0062
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

#### HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION

Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798
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##### UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS

(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-3.9089	-5.1916	-4.5931	-4.3332	-5.2085	-3.1363	-4.0204	-4.1729	-3.5132
Std. Error	0.0788	0.1830	0.1438	0.1080	0.3456	0.0767	0.0906	0.1240	0.0748
t statistic	-49.6130	-28.3661	-31.9422	-40.1346	-15.0718	-40.8979	-44.3703	-33.6547	-46.9390
Sig.	2.77E-27	4.35E-21	2.16E-22	6.40E-25	2.30E-14	3.95E-25	4.89E-26	5.73E-23	1.15E-26
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.5724	0.9832	0.7136	0.6784	0.9793	0.3784	0.6218	0.6725	0.4824
Std. Error	0.0276	0.0644	0.0485	0.0377	0.1237	0.0279	0.0318	0.0433	0.0268
t statistic	20.7105	15.2748	14.7279	17.9998	7.9165	13.5714	19.5255	15.5218	17.9959
Sig.	1.11E-17	1.68E-14	3.95E-14	3.37E-16	2.15E-08	2.62E-13	4.68E-17	1.15E-14	3.39E-16

##### MODEL STATISTICS

R Square	0.9428	0.8997	0.8930	0.9257	0.7068	0.8763	0.9362	0.9026	0.9257
Std. Error	0.0580	0.0930	0.1146	0.0746	0.1449	0.0746	0.0679	0.0964	0.0645
F Statistic	429	233	217	324	63	184	381	241	324
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	1.4430	2.0200	2.8485	1.8019	1.3167	1.0246	1.7598	2.2388	1.3482
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.0875	0.2251	0.3414	0.1446	0.5463	0.1446	0.1200	0.2416	0.1082
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26

**Residential - New Construction Single-Family  
Regression Results by Region**

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

BASE LOAD DETERMINATION									
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	0.5703	0.7570	0.5775	0.6634	0.5377	0.6723	0.5985	0.6664	0.6449
Std. Error	0.0167	0.0434	0.0227	0.0378	0.1061	0.0193	0.0199	0.0312	0.0226
t statistic	34.1885	17.4317	25.4323	17.5531	5.0660	34.7908	30.0565	21.3734	28.5959
Sig.	4.75E-09	5.03E-07	3.71E-08	4.80E-07	1.45E-03	4.20E-09	1.16E-08	1.24E-07	1.64E-08
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.0217	0.0225	0.0135	0.0238	0.0356	0.0799	0.0466	0.0265	0.0545
Std. Error	0.0096	0.0096	0.0132	0.0214	0.0146	0.0221	0.0128	0.0147	0.0172
t statistic	2.2632	2.3452	1.0191	1.1116	2.4278	3.6256	3.6273	1.7950	3.1749
Sig.	0.0581	0.0514	0.3421	0.3030	0.0456	0.0084	0.0084	0.1157	0.0156
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.4225	0.4400	0.1292	0.1500	0.4571	0.6525	0.6527	0.3152	0.5902
Std. Error	0.0253	0.0395	0.0376	0.0540	0.0801	0.0328	0.0309	0.0441	0.0314
F Statistic	5.12	5.50	1.04	1.24	5.89	13.14	13.16	3.22	10.08
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.0033	0.0086	0.0015	0.0036	0.0378	0.0142	0.0125	0.0063	0.0099
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.0045	0.0109	0.0099	0.0204	0.0449	0.0075	0.0067	0.0136	0.0069
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION									
Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-4.6791	-5.7828	-4.8983	-4.9594	-5.5138	-3.3406	-4.3958	-4.1381	-3.7551
Std. Error	0.0841	0.1923	0.1709	0.1205	0.3535	0.0748	0.1007	0.1220	0.0760
t statistic	-55.6663	-30.0704	-28.6559	-41.1448	-15.5967	-44.6354	-43.6355	-33.9099	-49.4170
Sig.	1.43E-28	9.98E-22	3.37E-21	3.39E-25	1.03E-14	4.19E-26	7.50E-26	4.73E-23	3.07E-27
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.8090	1.1811	0.7985	0.8724	1.0726	0.4618	0.7317	0.6910	0.5718
Std. Error	0.0295	0.0677	0.0576	0.0421	0.1265	0.0272	0.0354	0.0427	0.0272
t statistic	27.4182	17.4473	13.8610	20.7391	8.4774	16.9709	20.6617	16.1996	21.0066
Sig.	1.03E-20	7.14E-16	1.61E-13	1.07E-17	5.87E-09	1.39E-15	1.17E-17	4.20E-15	7.80E-18
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.9666	0.9213	0.8808	0.9430	0.7343	0.9172	0.9426	0.9099	0.9444
Std. Error	0.0630	0.1005	0.1351	0.0823	0.1481	0.0725	0.0757	0.0943	0.0652
F Statistic	752	304	192	430	72	288	427	262	441
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	2.9818	3.0734	3.5082	2.9105	1.5753	1.5133	2.4447	2.3357	1.8746
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.1031	0.2625	0.4748	0.1759	0.5699	0.1366	0.1489	0.2314	0.1104
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26

**Residential - New Construction Multi-Family  
Regression Results by Region**

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

BASE LOAD DETERMINATION									
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	0.2333	0.5284	0.4080	0.3269	1.4505	0.3850	0.3877	0.3921	0.3833
Std. Error	0.0209	0.0778	0.0319	0.0171	0.1801	0.0113	0.0151	0.0174	0.0154
t statistic	11.1848	6.7925	12.7948	19.0712	8.0557	34.0377	25.5975	22.4857	24.9269
Sig.	1.02E-05	2.55E-04	4.13E-06	2.71E-07	8.72E-05	4.90E-09	3.55E-08	8.71E-08	4.27E-08
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.0190	0.0142	-0.0081	0.0067	-0.0322	0.0514	0.0269	0.0094	0.0331
Std. Error	0.0117	0.0171	0.0176	0.0095	0.0247	0.0131	0.0095	0.0091	0.0120
t statistic	1.6303	0.8282	-0.4580	0.7036	-1.3027	3.9283	2.8340	1.0279	2.7505
Sig.	0.1471	0.4349	0.6608	0.5044	0.2339	0.0057	0.0253	0.3382	0.0285
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.2752	0.0892	0.0291	0.0660	0.1951	0.6879	0.5343	0.1311	0.5194
Std. Error	0.0303	0.0735	0.0520	0.0257	0.1373	0.0200	0.0230	0.0244	0.0219
F Statistic	2.66	0.69	0.21	0.50	1.70	15.43	8.03	1.06	7.57
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.0024	0.0037	0.0006	0.0003	0.0320	0.0061	0.0043	0.0006	0.0036
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.0064	0.0378	0.0189	0.0046	0.1320	0.0028	0.0037	0.0042	0.0034
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION									
Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-4.7704	-6.7579	-5.9091	-5.2886	-17.6462	-4.1626	-4.6165	-5.1719	-4.5693
Std. Error	0.1690	0.3472	0.2000	0.1844	5.1060	0.0997	0.1234	0.1668	0.1021
t statistic	-28.2227	-19.4663	-29.5505	-28.6841	-3.4560	-41.7471	-37.4031	-31.0142	-44.7434
Sig.	4.95E-21	5.04E-17	1.55E-21	3.29E-21	1.90E-03	2.33E-25	3.88E-24	4.56E-22	3.94E-26
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.6378	1.2242	0.8815	0.6364	4.5813	0.4896	0.6358	0.7733	0.6105
Std. Error	0.0593	0.1220	0.0674	0.0644	1.8278	0.0363	0.0434	0.0583	0.0366
t statistic	10.7533	10.0361	13.0790	9.8769	2.5064	13.4997	14.6596	13.2704	16.6884
Sig.	4.57E-11	1.97E-10	6.08E-13	2.74E-10	1.88E-02	2.95E-13	4.40E-14	4.37E-13	2.07E-15
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.8164	0.7948	0.8681	0.7896	0.1946	0.8751	0.8921	0.8714	0.9146
Std. Error	0.1238	0.1708	0.1572	0.1311	2.1557	0.0989	0.0913	0.1302	0.0891
F Statistic	116	101	171	98	6	182	215	176	279
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	1.7729	2.9400	4.2288	1.6772	29.1943	1.7822	1.7916	2.9851	2.2095
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.3986	0.7589	0.6428	0.4470	120.8284	0.2543	0.2167	0.4407	0.2063
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26

**Residential - Conversion Customers**

**Regression Results by Region**

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

<b>BASE LOAD DETERMINATION</b>									
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	0.3016	0.4519	0.3426	0.3615	0.4062	0.3238	0.3200	0.4523	0.3335
Std. Error	0.0184	0.0408	0.0144	0.0291	0.0792	0.0153	0.0160	0.0299	0.0199
t statistic	16.3941	11.0692	23.8337	12.4041	5.1287	21.1031	19.9830	15.1492	16.7976
Sig.	7.66E-07	1.09E-05	5.82E-08	5.09E-06	1.36E-03	1.35E-07	1.97E-07	1.31E-06	6.49E-07
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.0477	0.0192	0.0238	0.0390	0.0235	0.0791	0.0512	0.0243	0.0600
Std. Error	0.0103	0.0091	0.0088	0.0159	0.0110	0.0177	0.0104	0.0151	0.0153
t statistic	4.6235	2.1099	2.7064	2.4450	2.1320	4.4760	4.9050	1.6118	3.9163
Sig.	0.0024	0.0728	0.0304	0.0444	0.0705	0.0029	0.0017	0.1510	0.0058
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.7533	0.3887	0.5113	0.4606	0.3937	0.7411	0.7746	0.2707	0.6866
Std. Error	0.0276	0.0369	0.0213	0.0410	0.0593	0.0260	0.0257	0.0391	0.0276
F Statistic	21.38	4.45	7.32	5.98	4.55	20.03	24.06	2.60	15.34
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.0163	0.0061	0.0033	0.0100	0.0160	0.0136	0.0159	0.0040	0.0117
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.0053	0.0096	0.0032	0.0118	0.0246	0.0047	0.0046	0.0107	0.0053
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

<b>HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION</b>									
Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798	-0.1798
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-3.7906	-5.2313	-4.3966	-4.0520	-5.4001	-3.0919	-3.8184	-4.0394	-3.4191
Std. Error	0.0777	0.2017	0.1373	0.1128	0.3827	0.0710	0.0840	0.1189	0.0696
t statistic	-48.8010	-25.9369	-32.0112	-35.9155	-14.1118	-43.5188	-45.4411	-33.9836	-49.1482
Sig.	4.23E-27	4.14E-20	2.04E-22	1.09E-23	1.07E-13	8.04E-26	2.65E-26	4.47E-23	3.53E-27
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.4940	0.9551	0.6179	0.5681	0.9822	0.3367	0.5431	0.5809	0.4204
Std. Error	0.0273	0.0709	0.0463	0.0394	0.1370	0.0258	0.0295	0.0416	0.0249
t statistic	18.1206	13.4625	13.3477	14.4190	7.1698	13.0318	18.3837	13.9789	16.8692
Sig.	2.87E-16	3.15E-13	3.83E-13	6.47E-14	1.29E-07	6.59E-13	2.02E-16	1.33E-13	1.60E-15
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.9266	0.8745	0.8726	0.8888	0.6641	0.8672	0.9286	0.8826	0.9163
Std. Error	0.0580	0.1034	0.1099	0.0787	0.1607	0.0693	0.0639	0.0948	0.0604
F Statistic	328	181	178	208	51	170	338	195	285
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	1.1057	1.9384	2.1518	1.2881	1.3279	0.8151	1.3802	1.7563	1.0365
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.0876	0.2781	0.3140	0.1611	0.6716	0.1248	0.1062	0.2337	0.0947
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26



# Appendix 2-3: Regression Statistics - Commercial

## Commercial - Existing Customers

### Regression Results by Region

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

BASE LOAD DETERMINATION									
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	2.9663	4.6328	3.8874	4.3699	5.9330	4.3151	3.9796	4.9587	4.2004
Std. Error	0.0988	0.1753	0.1539	0.0942	0.1338	0.1240	0.1356	0.2146	0.1247
t statistic	30.0152	26.4273	25.2617	46.3959	44.3419	34.8059	29.3460	23.1064	33.6893
Sig.	1.17E-08	2.84E-08	3.89E-08	5.65E-10	7.75E-10	4.19E-09	1.37E-08	7.21E-08	5.26E-09
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.2174	0.1008	0.2986	0.1585	0.2018	0.4502	0.2975	0.0716	0.3271
Std. Error	0.0568	0.0389	0.0895	0.0522	0.0186	0.1440	0.0887	0.1062	0.0893
t statistic	3.8298	2.5915	3.3365	3.0392	10.8384	3.1276	3.3552	0.6743	3.6614
Sig.	0.0065	0.0359	0.0125	0.0189	0.0000	0.0167	0.0122	0.5218	0.0081
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.6769	0.4896	0.6139	0.5689	0.9438	0.5829	0.6166	0.0610	0.6570
Std. Error	0.1478	0.1594	0.2220	0.1350	0.1000	0.2107	0.2151	0.2903	0.1665
F Statistic	14.67	6.72	11.13	9.24	117.47	9.78	11.26	0.45	13.41
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.3204	0.1707	0.5485	0.1683	1.1746	0.4343	0.5208	0.0383	0.3718
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.1529	0.1780	0.3449	0.1276	0.0700	0.3108	0.3239	0.5899	0.1941
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION									
Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-2.2249	-3.9657	-2.6024	-2.7212	-3.5332	-1.5179	-1.9595	-2.2784	-1.8670
Std. Error	0.1020	0.1970	0.1454	0.1133	0.2438	0.0802	0.1084	0.1520	0.0841
t statistic	-21.8192	-20.1331	-17.8955	-24.0105	-14.4936	-18.9253	-18.0812	-14.9880	-22.2016
Sig.	3.06E-18	2.21E-17	3.88E-16	2.85E-19	5.74E-14	1.00E-16	3.02E-16	2.63E-14	1.99E-18
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.5094	0.9879	0.6020	0.6917	0.8380	0.3529	0.4838	0.5404	0.4461
Std. Error	0.0358	0.0692	0.0490	0.0396	0.0873	0.0292	0.0381	0.0531	0.0301
t statistic	14.2422	14.2685	12.2842	17.4861	9.6033	12.0993	12.7057	10.1747	14.8451
Sig.	8.61E-14	8.25E-14	2.49E-12	6.77E-16	4.89E-10	3.49E-12	1.17E-12	1.48E-10	3.29E-14
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.8864	0.8868	0.8530	0.9216	0.7801	0.8492	0.8613	0.7993	0.8945
Std. Error	0.0751	0.0995	0.1182	0.0783	0.1028	0.0782	0.0811	0.1183	0.0708
F Statistic	203	204	151	306	92	146	161	104	220
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	1.1441	2.0169	2.1097	1.8769	0.9741	0.8941	1.0626	1.4492	1.1056
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.1466	0.2576	0.3635	0.1596	0.2746	0.1588	0.1711	0.3640	0.1304
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26

**Commercial - New Construction Customers**

**Regression Results by Region**

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

<b>BASE LOAD DETERMINATION</b>									
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	4.0290	7.4708	3.0216	3.6796	7.9487	5.9390	7.0739	6.1120	5.6881
Std. Error	0.1842	0.5788	0.1765	0.1077	0.4034	0.2325	0.3812	0.2559	0.0939
t statistic	21.8769	12.9075	17.1191	34.1664	19.7030	25.5484	18.5562	23.8876	60.5991
Sig.	1.05E-07	3.89E-06	5.70E-07	4.77E-09	2.17E-07	3.60E-08	3.27E-07	5.73E-08	8.75E-11
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.3790	0.1906	0.0758	0.2828	0.0485	0.7281	0.2557	0.2329	0.4969
Std. Error	0.1051	0.1289	0.1031	0.0613	0.0561	0.2629	0.2500	0.1255	0.0669
t statistic	3.6049	1.4784	0.7356	4.6106	0.8660	2.7695	1.0231	1.8557	7.4318
Sig.	0.0087	0.1828	0.4859	0.0025	0.4152	0.0277	0.3403	0.1059	0.0001
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.6499	0.2379	0.0717	0.7523	0.0968	0.5228	0.1301	0.3297	0.8875
Std. Error	0.2702	0.5316	0.2550	0.1537	0.3071	0.3996	0.6043	0.3474	0.1246
F Statistic	13.00	2.19	0.54	21.26	0.75	7.67	1.05	3.44	55.23
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.9488	0.6176	0.0352	0.5024	0.0707	1.2246	0.3822	0.4156	0.8572
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.5111	1.9780	0.4553	0.1654	0.6603	1.1176	2.5559	0.8448	0.1086
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

<b>HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION</b>									
Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-2.6275	-3.0114	-3.8913	-2.4433	-5.4656	-1.5709	-2.3617	-2.1208	-1.8491
Std. Error	0.2140	0.3153	0.2073	0.2187	0.5956	0.1371	0.1771	0.1583	0.1160
t statistic	-12.2751	-9.5523	-18.7706	-11.1728	-9.1773	-11.4595	-13.3362	-13.3987	-15.9349
Sig.	2.53E-12	5.46E-10	1.22E-16	2.01E-11	1.23E-09	1.16E-11	3.90E-13	3.51E-13	6.21E-15
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.6727	0.6554	0.9148	0.6376	1.5038	0.4023	0.6069	0.5376	0.4690
Std. Error	0.0751	0.1110	0.0699	0.0763	0.2132	0.0499	0.0622	0.0553	0.0415
t statistic	8.9598	5.9042	13.0820	8.3591	7.0543	8.0678	9.7494	9.7204	11.3070
Sig.	1.98E-09	3.15E-06	6.04E-13	7.69E-09	1.72E-07	1.51E-08	3.59E-10	3.81E-10	1.55E-11
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.7554	0.5728	0.8681	0.7288	0.6568	0.7146	0.7852	0.7842	0.8310
Std. Error	0.1573	0.1640	0.1692	0.1482	0.2519	0.1352	0.1337	0.1229	0.0982
F Statistic	80	35	171	70	50	65	95	94	128
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	1.9859	0.9381	4.9004	1.5339	3.1587	1.1898	1.7000	1.4268	1.2324
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.6432	0.6997	0.7445	0.5708	1.6504	0.4753	0.4650	0.3926	0.2506
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26

**Commercial - Conversion Customers**

**Regression Results by Region**

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

<b>BASE LOAD DETERMINATION</b>									
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	1.7146	1.8736	0.5812	3.6360	2.1631	2.8654	1.6783	3.4533	2.5907
Std. Error	0.1544	0.1144	0.6801	0.1794	0.2773	0.0646	0.1583	0.4691	0.0649
t statistic	11.1069	16.3851	0.8546	20.2642	7.8017	44.3579	10.6023	7.3610	39.9474
Sig.	1.07E-05	7.69E-07	4.21E-01	1.79E-07	1.07E-04	7.73E-10	1.45E-05	1.54E-04	1.60E-09
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.2834	0.0399	0.5242	0.2086	0.2867	0.3817	0.1643	0.0440	0.2954
Std. Error	0.0892	0.0256	0.3968	0.1015	0.0387	0.0771	0.1074	0.2364	0.0475
t statistic	3.1761	1.5573	1.3210	2.0561	7.3994	4.9529	1.5301	0.1863	6.2195
Sig.	0.0156	0.1634	0.2280	0.0788	0.0001	0.0017	0.1698	0.8575	0.0004
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.5903	0.2573	0.1996	0.3765	0.8866	0.7780	0.2506	0.0049	0.8468
Std. Error	0.2350	0.1035	0.9737	0.2589	0.2106	0.1093	0.2527	0.6227	0.0863
F Statistic	10.09	2.43	1.75	4.23	54.75	24.53	2.34	0.03	38.68
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	0.5568	0.0260	1.6545	0.2833	2.4281	0.2932	0.1495	0.0135	0.2879
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.3864	0.0750	6.6364	0.4691	0.3104	0.0837	0.4471	2.7144	0.0521
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

<b>HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION</b>									
Assumed Price Coefficient	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947	-0.1947
<u>UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS</u>									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	-2.6051	-5.1709	-2.7573	-3.0211	-3.4090	-1.7961	-3.0387	-2.1466	-2.1511
Std. Error	0.1684	0.3445	0.3647	0.2284	0.4183	0.1203	0.1418	0.3652	0.1024
t statistic	-15.4658	-15.0079	-7.5597	-13.2277	-8.1502	-14.9354	-21.4223	-5.8772	-21.0117
Sig.	1.26E-14	2.55E-14	5.03E-08	4.70E-13	1.25E-08	2.85E-14	4.81E-18	3.38E-06	7.75E-18
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	0.5180	1.1966	0.4901	0.6417	0.7345	0.3465	0.6953	0.3961	0.4249
Std. Error	0.0591	0.1211	0.1229	0.0797	0.1497	0.0437	0.0498	0.1276	0.0366
t statistic	8.7632	9.8789	3.9879	8.0513	4.9066	7.9244	13.9522	3.1037	11.6146
Sig.	3.07E-09	2.73E-10	4.82E-04	1.57E-08	4.30E-05	2.11E-08	1.39E-13	4.57E-03	8.61E-12
<u>MODEL STATISTICS</u>									
R Square	0.7471	0.7896	0.3795	0.7137	0.4808	0.7072	0.8822	0.2703	0.8384
Std. Error	0.1258	0.1763	0.2962	0.1579	0.1762	0.1173	0.1056	0.2851	0.0863
F Statistic	77	98	16	65	24	63	195	10	135
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	1.2144	3.0333	1.3954	1.6168	0.7475	0.8647	2.1721	0.7831	1.0055
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	0.4111	0.8081	2.2814	0.6485	0.8073	0.3580	0.2901	2.1136	0.1938
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26

# Appendix 2-4: Regression Statistics - Industrial

## Industrial Firm Sales

### Regression Results by Region

Region	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
DEP Variable: UPCperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG+COOS	LC	POR	SAL	VAN+DALW	SYS
INDEP Variable(s): HDDperDay	ALB	AST	DALO	EUG	LC	POR	SAL	VAN	SYS

BASE & HEAT LOAD DETERMINATION									
UNSTANDARDIZED COEFFICIENTS									
(Constant)									
Coefficient B	150.827	18.040	114.724	117.310	299.482	162.163	212.838	122.526	158.282
Std. Error	8.010	5.881	5.316	5.513	33.391	3.832	12.118	11.821	4.422
t statistic	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sig.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
HDDperDay									
Coefficient B	3.5632	1.3556	2.0413	4.7742	-7.1086	5.4079	0.6897	9.1705	4.5428
Std. Error	0.5132	0.3885	0.2966	0.3485	2.2672	0.2629	0.7816	0.7408	0.2935
t statistic	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sig.	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MODEL STATISTICS									
R Square	0.5658	0.2476	0.5614	0.8353	0.2099	0.9196	0.0206	0.8055	0.8662
Std. Error	27.01	16.12	19.08	18.53	73.51	14.14	41.40	40.21	15.64
F Statistic	48	12	47	188	10	423	1	153	240
Regression - Sum Sq. Error	35,169	3,165	17,238	64,426	53,126	84,603	1,335	247,742	58,598
Residuals - Sum Sq. Error	26,994	9,620	13,465	12,699	199,955	7,398	63,416	59,822	9,049
Residuals - Degrees of Freedom	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37

# Appendix 2-5: Customer Use Profiles

## NW Natural Customer Use Profiles (Base Year 2007-2008)

2007-2008 Summary		Albany	Astoria	The Dalles (OR)	Eugene & Coos Bay	Lincoln City & Newport	Portland	Salem	Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Total System
<b>Residential Existing</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	617	596	607	591	502	690	641	728	673
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	147	178	152	174	146	170	167	210	172
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	471	418	455	417	355	520	474	518	501
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.8
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	9.3	11.8	9.3	9.3	11.1	9.9	10.5	11.0	10.0
	Load Factor	0.181	0.138	0.178	0.174	0.124	0.191	0.168	0.180	0.183
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,401
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Residential New</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	651	689	654	642	536	792	674	817	746
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	208	276	211	242	196	245	218	243	236
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	443	412	443	400	340	546	456	574	510
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.5	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.0
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	10.6	14.0	9.5	10.4	11.6	11.1	10.9	12.2	11.2
	Load Factor	0.167	0.135	0.187	0.168	0.126	0.195	0.169	0.183	0.182
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,401
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Construction Single-Family</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	329	369	359	263	342	401	418	404	393
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	85	193	149	119	193	141	142	143	140
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	244	176	209	144	149	260	276	261	253
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	5.3	6.7	5.1	3.4	6.6	5.8	6.5	6.3	5.8
	Load Factor	0.170	0.150	0.191	0.214	0.143	0.190	0.176	0.175	0.185
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,401
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Residential New Construction Multi-Family</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	530	533	535	530	442	599	577	614	582
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	108	162	123	130	146	116	115	162	122
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	422	371	412	400	296	483	462	452	460
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	7.7	10.2	7.8	8.0	9.2	8.6	9.3	8.8	8.6
	Load Factor	0.189	0.144	0.188	0.182	0.131	0.190	0.170	0.191	0.184
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,401
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Residential Conversion</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	3,251	3,165	3,840	3,821	3,478	4,076	4,012	4,124	3,955
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	1,067	1,666	1,398	1,571	2,133	1,552	1,431	1,783	1,537
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	2,185	1,499	2,442	2,250	1,344	2,524	2,581	2,340	2,418
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	8.9	8.6	10.5	10.4	9.5	11.1	11.0	11.3	10.8
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	42.1	45.3	47.9	52.4	40.3	48.8	52.0	47.1	48.7
	Load Factor	0.211	0.191	0.219	0.199	0.236	0.228	0.211	0.239	0.222
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,428
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Commercial Existing</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	3,845	4,203	2,899	3,904	4,058	4,934	5,041	4,952	4,712
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	1,428	2,648	1,071	1,304	2,817	2,105	2,507	2,166	2,082
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	2,417	1,555	1,828	2,600	1,241	2,829	2,534	2,786	2,630
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	10.5	11.5	7.9	10.7	11.1	13.5	13.8	13.5	12.9
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	52.0	36.7	42.3	54.6	69.8	56.1	57.5	54.2	55.1
	Load Factor	0.202	0.313	0.187	0.195	0.159	0.240	0.239	0.250	0.234
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,428
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Commercial New Construction</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	2,126	1,463	1,685	2,693	1,898	2,867	2,209	2,940	2,660
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	589	643	200	1,248	743	984	576	1,186	948
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	1,537	819	1,485	1,444	1,155	1,883	1,632	1,755	1,712
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	5.8	4.0	4.6	7.4	5.2	7.8	6.0	8.0	7.3
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	28.7	28.3	24.7	32.3	27.9	35.0	37.4	30.5	33.5
	Load Factor	0.202	0.141	0.186	0.227	0.186	0.224	0.161	0.263	0.217
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,428
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Commercial Conversion</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	71,736	13,351	52,688	65,083	79,791	82,099	80,849	89,260	78,010
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	55,052	6,585	41,875	42,819	57,774	59,190	77,687	44,722	57,931
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	16,683	6,767	10,813	22,265	22,017	22,909	3,162	44,537	20,079
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	196.0	36.5	144.0	177.8	218.0	224.3	220.9	243.9	213.1
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	335.4	85.7	236.7	367.2	377.8	447.9	249.4	612.0	399.5
	Load Factor	0.584	0.426	0.608	0.484	0.577	0.501	0.886	0.398	0.533
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,420
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53
<b>Industrial Firm Sales</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284
	Load Factor	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,420
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53.1
<b>Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)</b>	Normal Annual Use per Customer (Thrm/Cst)	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944
	Base Use (Thrm/Cst)	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944	469,944
	Heat Use (Thrm/Cst)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Normal Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284
	Peak Daily Use (Thrm/Cst/d)	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284	1,284
	Load Factor	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	Normal Annual HDD	4,653	4,935	5,268	4,635	4,776	4,218	4,559	4,824	4,420
	Design Day HDD	52.0	50.0	60.0	52.5	48.5	53.0	54.0	53.5	53.1



**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Design Year (85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak)**

**Base Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,992	4,050	4,125	4,190	4,274	4,327	4,400	4,472	4,563	4,627	4,703	4,784	4,883	4,946	5,022	5,094	5,190	5,237	5,299	5,365	5,454
Astoria	1,205	1,259	1,279	1,295	1,318	1,329	1,348	1,366	1,391	1,406	1,425	1,446	1,473	1,487	1,506	1,524	1,550	1,560	1,576	1,592	1,616
Dalles (OR)	755	794	816	835	858	874	894	914	938	956	976	998	1,023	1,041	1,061	1,080	1,105	1,119	1,136	1,154	1,177
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,804	4,998	5,114	5,219	5,348	5,432	5,542	5,652	5,787	5,882	5,995	6,113	6,257	6,350	6,462	6,571	6,711	6,784	6,880	6,980	7,113
Lincoln City & Newport	969	980	1,003	1,023	1,048	1,065	1,087	1,108	1,135	1,153	1,175	1,198	1,225	1,243	1,265	1,285	1,311	1,325	1,343	1,362	1,386
Portland	44,532	44,635	45,299	45,843	46,613	47,027	47,659	48,295	49,151	49,691	50,388	51,128	52,090	52,647	53,356	54,036	54,980	55,380	55,965	56,592	57,487
Salem	9,652	9,742	9,932	10,097	10,314	10,445	10,626	10,808	11,040	11,194	11,385	11,584	11,836	11,988	12,177	12,359	12,604	12,716	12,874	13,040	13,270
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	7,291	7,450	7,721	7,978	8,273	8,511	8,787	9,060	9,372	9,624	9,903	10,189	10,516	10,764	11,039	11,306	11,625	11,833	12,075	12,325	12,628
Total System	73,201	73,908	75,288	76,479	78,047	79,011	80,343	81,676	83,378	84,534	85,953	87,440	89,304	90,466	91,887	93,257	95,076	95,954	97,148	98,410	100,132

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,351	2,387	2,449	2,507	2,578	2,630	2,696	2,761	2,838	2,898	2,965	3,035	3,117	3,175	3,241	3,306	3,385	3,432	3,489	3,548	3,623
Astoria	648	655	669	681	698	708	723	737	756	768	783	798	817	829	843	857	876	884	896	909	926
Dalles (OR)	279	288	301	314	328	339	353	367	382	395	409	423	439	452	465	479	494	505	517	529	544
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,084	2,126	2,195	2,260	2,338	2,397	2,471	2,544	2,629	2,694	2,769	2,845	2,935	2,999	3,072	3,144	3,231	3,284	3,349	3,415	3,499
Lincoln City & Newport	461	473	491	507	527	542	560	579	599	616	634	652	674	690	707	724	745	758	773	789	809
Portland	26,651	26,995	27,609	28,160	28,865	29,356	29,994	30,631	31,414	31,985	32,660	33,364	34,219	34,797	35,479	36,141	36,986	37,451	38,043	38,664	39,475
Salem	5,344	5,426	5,570	5,703	5,870	5,989	6,141	6,292	6,474	6,607	6,763	6,925	7,119	7,250	7,405	7,555	7,746	7,851	7,985	8,124	8,305
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,765	4,887	5,075	5,256	5,467	5,642	5,845	6,045	6,272	6,459	6,664	6,873	7,111	7,294	7,496	7,693	7,926	8,080	8,259	8,443	8,665
Total System	42,583	43,237	44,359	45,388	46,670	47,604	48,784	49,956	51,365	52,422	53,647	54,915	56,432	57,486	58,710	59,898	61,389	62,244	63,311	64,421	65,846

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,383	1,380	1,391	1,396	1,407	1,407	1,413	1,420	1,432	1,437	1,446	1,456	1,471	1,476	1,485	1,493	1,507	1,508	1,512	1,518	1,531
Astoria	548	551	556	559	565	566	570	574	580	583	587	592	599	602	606	611	618	619	622	626	633
Dalles (OR)	420	419	427	434	441	446	452	458	466	471	478	485	494	499	505	511	520	523	528	533	541
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,137	2,171	2,215	2,250	2,293	2,318	2,354	2,389	2,435	2,465	2,503	2,542	2,593	2,623	2,660	2,695	2,744	2,765	2,827	2,872	2,927
Lincoln City & Newport	472	471	476	480	485	486	490	493	499	501	505	509	514	517	520	523	529	530	532	535	540
Portland	14,935	14,895	14,931	14,904	14,939	14,862	14,853	14,845	14,904	14,875	14,891	14,921	15,012	14,993	15,014	15,027	15,110	15,048	15,035	15,034	15,103
Salem	3,535	3,558	3,601	3,627	3,669	3,681	3,709	3,738	3,784	3,806	3,839	3,875	3,928	3,950	3,983	4,013	4,062	4,071	4,093	4,112	4,162
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,256	2,325	2,408	2,481	2,563	2,626	2,699	2,771	2,854	2,921	2,995	3,070	3,157	3,222	3,295	3,365	3,450	3,503	3,566	3,638	3,712
Total System	25,685	25,770	26,006	26,130	26,362	26,392	26,540	26,688	26,954	27,059	27,242	27,449	27,769	27,882	28,068	28,238	28,539	28,567	28,683	28,823	29,092

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	258	283	285	287	290	290	291	292	292	293	293	295	295	295	296	296	298	297	298	299	300
Astoria	9	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	57	57	57	57	57
Dalles (OR)	56	87	87	88	89	89	89	89	89	89	90	90	90	90	90	91	91	91	91	91	92
Eugene & Coos Bay	583	700	704	709	717	717	718	719	723	722	724	725	729	729	730	732	736	735	737	738	742
Lincoln City & Newport	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	38	37	38	38	38
Portland	2,947	2,745	2,758	2,780	2,809	2,810	2,812	2,819	2,834	2,831	2,837	2,844	2,859	2,856	2,862	2,869	2,884	2,881	2,888	2,894	2,910
Salem	774	757	761	767	775	776	778	782	783	783	784	788	788	788	790	791	796	795	797	798	803
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	270	237	238	240	243	243	244	244	245	245	245	246	247	247	247	248	249	249	250	250	252
Total System	4,933	4,900	4,922	4,961	5,014	5,015	5,020	5,031	5,059	5,053	5,064	5,075	5,103	5,098	5,109	5,120	5,148	5,143	5,154	5,165	5,194

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,519	3,527	3,544	3,542	3,550	3,558	3,575	3,573	3,581	3,589	3,607	3,605	3,613	3,621	3,639
Salem	1,728	1,717	1,725	1,739	1,757	1,758	1,759	1,763	1,772	1,771	1,775	1,779	1,788	1,787	1,791	1,795	1,803	1,802	1,806	1,8	

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Normal Year**

**Base Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,730	3,784	3,854	3,915	3,995	4,044	4,112	4,179	4,266	4,324	4,396	4,471	4,565	4,623	4,694	4,763	4,854	4,896	4,955	5,017	5,103
Astoria	1,110	1,165	1,184	1,199	1,221	1,233	1,251	1,269	1,292	1,307	1,326	1,345	1,370	1,385	1,403	1,421	1,444	1,455	1,471	1,487	1,509
Dalles (OR)	704	741	761	779	801	815	834	853	875	892	911	931	955	971	990	1,008	1,031	1,044	1,060	1,076	1,098
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,491	4,683	4,792	4,892	5,013	5,094	5,198	5,302	5,428	5,519	5,626	5,737	5,871	5,961	6,067	6,170	6,300	6,372	6,463	6,558	6,682
Lincoln City & Newport	899	910	930	949	972	988	1,009	1,029	1,053	1,071	1,092	1,113	1,138	1,155	1,175	1,194	1,218	1,232	1,249	1,267	1,289
Portland	41,953	42,042	42,666	43,183	43,916	44,304	44,901	45,501	46,314	46,817	47,473	48,169	49,080	49,597	50,265	50,906	51,801	52,174	52,729	53,321	54,171
Salem	9,045	9,122	9,300	9,457	9,660	9,787	9,958	10,130	10,346	10,494	10,674	10,862	11,096	11,242	11,421	11,593	11,820	11,931	12,081	12,239	12,453
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	6,843	6,994	7,250	7,493	7,775	7,999	8,260	8,519	8,816	9,053	9,317	9,588	9,898	10,131	10,391	10,645	10,949	11,145	11,376	11,613	11,904
<b>Total System</b>	<b>68,774</b>	<b>69,440</b>	<b>70,738</b>	<b>71,868</b>	<b>73,352</b>	<b>74,264</b>	<b>75,523</b>	<b>76,782</b>	<b>78,390</b>	<b>79,477</b>	<b>80,815</b>	<b>82,216</b>	<b>83,973</b>	<b>85,065</b>	<b>86,406</b>	<b>87,700</b>	<b>89,418</b>	<b>90,250</b>	<b>91,384</b>	<b>92,579</b>	<b>94,209</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,177	2,210	2,268	2,322	2,388	2,437	2,498	2,559	2,632	2,686	2,749	2,814	2,891	2,945	3,007	3,067	3,142	3,185	3,239	3,294	3,366
Astoria	588	595	609	620	635	646	659	673	690	702	716	730	748	759	773	786	803	812	823	835	851
Dalles (OR)	256	264	276	288	301	312	325	338	352	364	377	390	405	416	429	442	456	466	478	489	503
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,923	1,963	2,027	2,088	2,160	2,216	2,285	2,353	2,432	2,494	2,564	2,635	2,718	2,779	2,847	2,914	2,995	3,046	3,107	3,170	3,247
Lincoln City & Newport	415	427	443	458	476	491	508	525	543	559	576	593	613	628	644	660	679	692	706	721	739
Portland	24,909	25,230	25,806	26,324	26,990	27,450	28,050	28,649	29,388	29,921	30,555	31,215	32,021	32,560	33,201	33,823	34,620	35,054	35,613	36,198	36,965
Salem	4,944	5,023	5,157	5,282	5,437	5,550	5,693	5,834	6,003	6,130	6,276	6,427	6,607	6,732	6,878	7,019	7,195	7,296	7,423	7,554	7,722
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,436	4,549	4,725	4,896	5,096	5,260	5,450	5,639	5,854	6,028	6,221	6,418	6,643	6,814	7,004	7,190	7,411	7,555	7,725	7,898	8,110
<b>Total System</b>	<b>39,648</b>	<b>40,261</b>	<b>41,312</b>	<b>42,279</b>	<b>43,484</b>	<b>44,361</b>	<b>45,469</b>	<b>46,570</b>	<b>47,894</b>	<b>48,883</b>	<b>50,033</b>	<b>51,223</b>	<b>52,646</b>	<b>53,633</b>	<b>54,783</b>	<b>55,900</b>	<b>57,301</b>	<b>58,107</b>	<b>59,113</b>	<b>60,160</b>	<b>61,502</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,298	1,295	1,306	1,310	1,321	1,321	1,327	1,334	1,346	1,350	1,359	1,368	1,383	1,388	1,396	1,404	1,418	1,418	1,423	1,429	1,441
Astoria	513	516	522	525	531	533	537	541	547	550	555	560	567	570	575	579	586	588	591	595	601
Dalles (OR)	393	392	399	405	412	416	422	428	435	440	446	452	461	466	472	477	485	488	493	498	505
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,996	2,030	2,072	2,105	2,147	2,172	2,206	2,240	2,284	2,314	2,350	2,388	2,435	2,465	2,501	2,535	2,581	2,602	2,631	2,662	2,704
Lincoln City & Newport	448	447	452	455	460	462	465	468	473	476	479	483	488	491	494	497	502	503	506	509	513
Portland	14,145	14,108	14,144	14,121	14,158	14,086	14,080	14,076	14,134	14,107	14,124	14,153	14,242	14,224	14,245	14,258	14,339	14,282	14,271	14,273	14,340
Salem	3,329	3,353	3,394	3,420	3,460	3,473	3,501	3,529	3,573	3,595	3,627	3,662	3,712	3,734	3,766	3,795	3,842	3,852	3,874	3,898	3,940
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,144	2,210	2,290	2,360	2,440	2,500	2,570	2,640	2,721	2,784	2,855	2,928	3,012	3,074	3,143	3,211	3,293	3,344	3,405	3,468	3,546
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24,266</b>	<b>24,351</b>	<b>24,578</b>	<b>24,702</b>	<b>24,928</b>	<b>24,963</b>	<b>25,110</b>	<b>25,256</b>	<b>25,513</b>	<b>25,616</b>	<b>25,794</b>	<b>25,994</b>	<b>26,300</b>	<b>26,410</b>	<b>26,591</b>	<b>26,756</b>	<b>27,045</b>	<b>27,077</b>	<b>27,193</b>	<b>27,331</b>	<b>27,591</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	255	279	280	283	286	286	287	288	288	288	289	289	291	290	291	292	293	293	294	294	296
Astoria	9	53	53	54	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	56	56	56	56	56	56
Dalles (OR)	55	85	86	86	87	87	87	88	88	88	88	88	89	89	89	89	89	89	90	90	90
Eugene & Coos Bay	572	690	693	698	706	706	707	708	712	711	713	714	718	718	719	721	725	724	725	727	731
Lincoln City & Newport	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Portland	2,899	2,704	2,717	2,738	2,767	2,768	2,770	2,777	2,792	2,789	2,795	2,801	2,817	2,813	2,820	2,826	2,841	2,838	2,844	2,851	2,866
Salem	772	746	750	755	764	764	766	776	770	769	771	773	777	776	778	780	784	783	785	787	791
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	263	234	235	237	240	240	240	240	242	241	242	242	244	244	244	245	246	246	246	247	248
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,860</b>	<b>4,827</b>	<b>4,849</b>	<b>4,887</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,945</b>	<b>4,956</b>	<b>4,983</b>	<b>4,978</b>	<b>4,989</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>5,027</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>5,033</b>	<b>5,044</b>	<b>5,072</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>5,077</b>	<b>5,088</b>	<b>5,116</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,519	3,527	3,544	3,542	3,550	3,558	3,575	3,57							





**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Design Year (85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak)**

**High Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	4,029	4,155	4,272	4,410	4,537	4,657	4,791	4,931	5,079	5,184	5,318	5,452	5,610	5,720	5,855	5,997	6,159	6,280	6,419	6,566	6,745
Astoria	1,217	1,293	1,327	1,365	1,402	1,433	1,471	1,510	1,553	1,581	1,619	1,656	1,701	1,731	1,768	1,807	1,854	1,886	1,924	1,965	2,015
Dalles (OR)	764	818	851	888	923	956	992	1,029	1,068	1,098	1,134	1,170	1,211	1,242	1,278	1,315	1,357	1,390	1,426	1,464	1,510
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,859	5,149	5,329	5,532	5,727	5,902	6,098	6,303	6,520	6,681	6,878	7,075	7,306	7,470	7,669	7,876	8,113	8,289	8,492	8,706	8,964
Lincoln City & Newport	981	1,010	1,046	1,086	1,125	1,160	1,200	1,241	1,284	1,317	1,356	1,396	1,441	1,474	1,514	1,555	1,601	1,636	1,677	1,719	1,769
Portland	44,889	45,685	46,720	47,972	49,125	50,173	51,375	52,654	54,024	54,937	56,164	57,395	58,898	59,880	61,140	62,482	64,055	65,171	66,495	67,916	69,689
Salem	9,749	10,014	10,310	10,655	10,982	11,276	11,609	11,958	12,331	12,592	12,926	13,261	13,660	13,931	14,268	14,623	15,036	15,331	15,679	16,047	16,502
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	7,362	7,651	8,006	8,406	8,794	9,172	9,581	10,005	10,447	10,805	11,223	11,642	12,114	12,486	12,912	13,356	13,848	14,247	14,689	15,152	15,691
<b>Total System</b>	<b>73,849</b>	<b>75,775</b>	<b>77,859</b>	<b>80,314</b>	<b>82,615</b>	<b>84,731</b>	<b>87,117</b>	<b>89,632</b>	<b>92,307</b>	<b>94,196</b>	<b>96,618</b>	<b>99,046</b>	<b>101,941</b>	<b>103,934</b>	<b>106,403</b>	<b>109,011</b>	<b>112,023</b>	<b>114,229</b>	<b>116,800</b>	<b>119,535</b>	<b>122,885</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,376	2,456	2,546	2,651	2,751	2,848	2,956	3,067	3,184	3,274	3,382	3,490	3,615	3,708	3,818	3,933	4,061	4,162	4,275	4,394	4,536
Astoria	655	673	695	719	744	765	790	817	845	865	891	916	946	967	992	1,018	1,049	1,071	1,097	1,124	1,158
Dalles (OR)	284	301	319	339	359	379	401	423	446	465	487	509	534	554	576	599	624	645	668	692	720
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,111	2,198	2,297	2,409	2,519	2,624	2,741	2,862	2,991	3,092	3,211	3,330	3,467	3,571	3,693	3,819	3,961	4,072	4,197	4,329	4,484
Lincoln City & Newport	468	492	517	545	573	600	629	659	691	716	745	775	808	834	864	894	928	956	986	1,017	1,054
Portland	26,884	27,679	28,551	29,577	30,559	31,491	32,535	33,630	34,793	35,651	36,723	37,800	39,066	39,977	41,081	42,245	43,575	44,585	45,745	46,975	48,461
Salem	5,403	5,587	5,796	6,037	6,274	6,495	6,743	7,002	7,277	7,483	7,735	7,987	8,283	8,496	8,753	9,022	9,329	9,560	9,826	10,107	10,445
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,814	5,026	5,270	5,551	5,826	6,098	6,394	6,700	7,018	7,279	7,580	7,883	8,224	8,494	8,802	9,124	9,479	9,769	10,089	10,424	10,814
<b>Total System</b>	<b>42,995</b>	<b>44,412</b>	<b>45,992</b>	<b>47,830</b>	<b>49,606</b>	<b>51,300</b>	<b>53,189</b>	<b>55,161</b>	<b>57,245</b>	<b>58,825</b>	<b>60,754</b>	<b>62,691</b>	<b>64,943</b>	<b>66,601</b>	<b>68,579</b>	<b>70,654</b>	<b>73,008</b>	<b>74,819</b>	<b>76,884</b>	<b>79,063</b>	<b>81,672</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,395	1,416	1,441	1,472	1,496	1,519	1,545	1,573	1,602	1,619	1,643	1,668	1,700	1,717	1,741	1,768	1,800	1,821	1,846	1,873	1,910
Astoria	553	566	578	591	603	613	625	638	652	660	672	684	699	708	720	733	748	758	770	784	800
Dalles (OR)	424	430	445	461	475	488	502	518	533	544	557	571	587	598	611	625	641	653	666	681	698
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,165	2,251	2,328	2,414	2,491	2,562	2,640	2,721	2,806	2,867	2,943	3,019	3,170	3,246	3,325	3,416	3,482	3,558	3,639	3,738	
Lincoln City & Newport	476	482	493	504	515	524	534	545	556	564	574	584	596	603	613	623	635	643	653	664	677
Portland	15,058	15,260	15,410	15,615	15,756	15,873	16,028	16,205	16,397	16,455	16,604	16,752	16,973	17,047	17,196	17,368	17,595	17,705	17,863	18,047	18,318
Salem	3,573	3,670	3,753	3,851	3,933	4,006	4,089	4,178	4,272	4,328	4,409	4,489	4,589	4,647	4,726	4,810	4,911	4,976	5,056	5,142	5,254
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,278	2,388	2,497	2,614	2,725	2,831	2,944	3,062	3,184	3,282	3,397	3,513	3,643	3,745	3,862	3,984	4,120	4,229	4,350	4,477	4,625
<b>Total System</b>	<b>25,921</b>	<b>26,463</b>	<b>26,946</b>	<b>27,523</b>	<b>27,994</b>	<b>28,415</b>	<b>28,908</b>	<b>29,440</b>	<b>30,003</b>	<b>30,318</b>	<b>30,800</b>	<b>31,280</b>	<b>31,895</b>	<b>32,236</b>	<b>32,715</b>	<b>33,237</b>	<b>33,867</b>	<b>34,267</b>	<b>34,763</b>	<b>35,306</b>	<b>36,200</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	258	283	285	287	290	290	290	291	292	292	293	293	295	295	295	296	298	297	298	299	300
Astoria	9	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	57	57	57	57	57
Dalles (OR)	56	87	87	88	89	89	89	89	89	89	90	90	90	90	90	91	91	91	91	91	92
Eugene & Coos Bay	583	700	704	709	717	717	718	719	723	722	724	725	729	729	730	732	736	735	737	738	742
Lincoln City & Newport	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	38	37	38	38	38
Portland	2,947	2,745	2,758	2,780	2,809	2,810	2,812	2,819	2,834	2,831	2,837	2,844	2,859	2,856	2,862	2,869	2,884	2,881	2,888	2,894	2,910
Salem	774	757	761	767	775	776	776	782	782	781	783	784	789	788	790	791	796	795	797	798	803
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	270	237	238	240	243	243	243	244	245	245	245	246	247	247	247	248	249	249	250	250	252
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,933</b>	<b>4,900</b>	<b>4,922</b>	<b>4,961</b>	<b>5,014</b>	<b>5,015</b>	<b>5,020</b>	<b>5,031</b>	<b>5,059</b>	<b>5,053</b>	<b>5,064</b>	<b>5,075</b>	<b>5,103</b>	<b>5,098</b>	<b>5,109</b>	<b>5,120</b>	<b>5,148</b>	<b>5,143</b>	<b>5,154</b>	<b>5,165</b>	<b>5,194</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,5														

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Normal Year  
High Demand Scenario  
(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)**

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,764	3,880	3,990	4,118	4,238	4,349	4,473	4,604	4,742	4,840	4,965	5,090	5,239	5,341	5,467	5,600	5,754	5,866	5,996	6,134	6,304
Astoria	1,121	1,196	1,228	1,264	1,298	1,329	1,364	1,401	1,441	1,469	1,505	1,540	1,582	1,611	1,647	1,685	1,728	1,759	1,796	1,835	1,882
Dalles (OR)	712	763	793	828	861	891	924	959	995	1,023	1,056	1,090	1,128	1,156	1,190	1,225	1,264	1,294	1,328	1,364	1,407
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,542	4,823	4,991	5,181	5,364	5,529	5,714	5,905	6,108	6,261	6,447	6,632	6,848	7,005	7,192	7,387	7,608	7,776	7,968	8,169	8,411
Lincoln City & Newport	909	937	970	1,007	1,042	1,075	1,112	1,150	1,190	1,221	1,258	1,294	1,336	1,368	1,405	1,443	1,486	1,520	1,558	1,597	1,643
Portland	42,288	43,021	43,994	45,169	46,263	47,243	48,372	49,574	50,870	51,726	52,881	54,041	55,462	56,383	57,570	58,834	60,322	61,367	62,616	63,954	65,629
Salem	9,136	9,374	9,652	9,975	10,280	10,559	10,871	11,198	11,546	11,795	12,110	12,424	12,797	13,056	13,374	13,708	14,093	14,375	14,704	15,051	15,474
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	6,910	7,181	7,516	7,893	8,262	8,616	9,002	9,402	9,822	10,159	10,553	10,949	11,398	11,748	12,152	12,572	13,040	13,415	13,834	14,273	14,786
<b>Total System</b>	<b>69,381</b>	<b>71,175</b>	<b>73,133</b>	<b>75,434</b>	<b>77,607</b>	<b>79,590</b>	<b>81,832</b>	<b>84,193</b>	<b>86,714</b>	<b>88,494</b>	<b>90,775</b>	<b>93,062</b>	<b>95,790</b>	<b>97,669</b>	<b>99,997</b>	<b>102,454</b>	<b>105,295</b>	<b>107,373</b>	<b>109,800</b>	<b>112,377</b>	<b>115,535</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,201	2,274	2,357	2,454	2,548	2,637	2,737	2,840	2,950	3,033	3,134	3,235	3,351	3,437	3,540	3,647	3,768	3,861	3,967	4,078	4,211
Astoria	594	612	632	655	677	697	721	745	771	791	814	838	865	885	909	934	962	983	1,008	1,033	1,064
Dalles (OR)	261	276	293	312	330	348	368	389	411	428	449	469	492	511	531	553	577	596	618	640	666
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,948	2,029	2,121	2,225	2,327	2,424	2,534	2,647	2,765	2,860	2,972	3,083	3,210	3,308	3,422	3,540	3,671	3,776	3,894	4,016	4,160
Lincoln City & Newport	422	444	467	493	518	543	570	598	626	650	677	705	735	759	787	815	846	872	901	930	963
Portland	25,127	25,866	26,683	27,642	28,568	29,437	30,416	31,442	32,536	33,340	34,345	35,356	36,548	37,401	38,438	39,531	40,785	41,728	42,819	43,974	45,374
Salem	4,998	5,171	5,365	5,590	5,809	6,017	6,249	6,490	6,745	6,939	7,175	7,412	7,685	7,888	8,129	8,380	8,665	8,884	9,134	9,397	9,710
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,481	4,677	4,907	5,169	5,429	5,682	5,960	6,246	6,547	6,790	7,074	7,358	7,680	7,933	8,223	8,525	8,861	9,133	9,434	9,751	10,120
<b>Total System</b>	<b>40,032</b>	<b>41,348</b>	<b>42,825</b>	<b>44,540</b>	<b>46,206</b>	<b>47,787</b>	<b>49,554</b>	<b>51,397</b>	<b>53,351</b>	<b>54,832</b>	<b>56,639</b>	<b>58,455</b>	<b>60,567</b>	<b>62,122</b>	<b>63,979</b>	<b>65,925</b>	<b>68,136</b>	<b>69,834</b>	<b>71,774</b>	<b>73,819</b>	<b>76,268</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,309	1,328	1,352	1,381	1,404	1,426	1,450	1,477	1,504	1,520	1,543	1,567	1,597	1,613	1,636	1,662	1,693	1,712	1,735	1,762	1,797
Astoria	518	531	542	555	567	577	589	601	615	624	635	647	661	671	683	695	710	720	732	745	761
Dalles (OR)	396	402	415	430	443	455	468	482	497	507	519	532	547	557	570	583	598	609	621	634	651
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,022	2,104	2,177	2,258	2,331	2,399	2,473	2,551	2,631	2,689	2,762	2,835	2,919	2,979	3,051	3,127	3,212	3,276	3,349	3,426	3,519
Lincoln City & Newport	452	458	467	478	488	497	506	516	527	534	544	553	565	572	581	591	603	611	620	630	642
Portland	14,262	14,451	14,595	14,789	14,928	15,037	15,186	15,356	15,542	15,598	15,742	15,884	16,097	16,169	16,312	16,477	16,696	16,800	16,953	17,129	17,389
Salem	3,365	3,457	3,537	3,629	3,707	3,778	3,858	3,942	4,031	4,086	4,163	4,240	4,335	4,392	4,468	4,549	4,644	4,708	4,785	4,868	4,973
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,166	2,270	2,374	2,486	2,594	2,694	2,803	2,915	3,033	3,127	3,238	3,349	3,474	3,572	3,685	3,802	3,933	4,037	4,154	4,275	4,418
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24,489</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>25,460</b>	<b>26,007</b>	<b>26,461</b>	<b>26,863</b>	<b>27,334</b>	<b>27,841</b>	<b>28,380</b>	<b>28,685</b>	<b>29,147</b>	<b>29,607</b>	<b>30,195</b>	<b>30,524</b>	<b>30,985</b>	<b>31,485</b>	<b>32,088</b>	<b>32,472</b>	<b>32,949</b>	<b>33,470</b>	<b>34,151</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	255	279	280	283	286	286	287	288	288	288	289	289	291	290	291	292	293	293	294	294	296
Astoria	9	53	53	54	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	56	56	56	56	56	56
Dalles (OR)	55	85	86	86	87	87	87	88	88	88	88	88	89	89	89	89	89	89	90	90	90
Eugene & Coos Bay	572	690	693	698	706	706	707	708	712	711	713	714	718	718	719	721	725	724	725	727	731
Lincoln City & Newport	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Portland	2,899	2,704	2,717	2,738	2,767	2,768	2,770	2,777	2,792	2,789	2,795	2,801	2,817	2,813	2,820	2,826	2,841	2,838	2,844	2,851	2,866
Salem	772	746	750	755	764	764	766	777	770	769	771	773	777	776	778	780	784	783	785	787	791
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	263	234	235	237	240	240	240	240	242	241	242	242	244	244	244	245	246	246	246	247	248
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,860</b>	<b>4,827</b>	<b>4,849</b>	<b>4,887</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,945</b>	<b>4,956</b>	<b>4,983</b>	<b>4,978</b>	<b>4,989</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>5,027</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>5,033</b>	<b>5,044</b>	<b>5,072</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>5,077</b>	<b>5,088</b>	<b>5,116</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,519	3,527	3,544	3,542	3,550	3,558	3,575	3,573	3,581	3,589	3,607</				



**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Design Year (85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak)**

**Low No Growth Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,992	3,959	3,954	3,911	3,910	3,887	3,877	3,869	3,872	3,840	3,838	3,837	3,836	3,805	3,795	3,782	3,788	3,761	3,747	3,737	3,743
Astoria	1,205	1,230	1,225	1,210	1,207	1,196	1,190	1,184	1,183	1,170	1,166	1,163	1,161	1,149	1,144	1,138	1,138	1,128	1,121	1,117	1,117
Dalles (OR)	755	775	776	770	772	770	770	770	773	769	770	772	774	770	770	769	773	769	768	769	772
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,804	4,873	4,880	4,848	4,864	4,846	4,846	4,849	4,867	4,840	4,849	4,860	4,874	4,848	4,849	4,846	4,868	4,846	4,842	4,843	4,866
Lincoln City & Newport	969	955	952	943	942	935	932	929	929	921	919	918	917	909	906	902	903	896	892	889	890
Portland	44,532	43,726	43,658	43,190	43,179	42,898	42,777	42,681	42,710	42,336	42,299	42,282	42,265	41,910	41,786	41,626	41,693	41,377	41,207	41,085	41,145
Salem	9,652	9,509	9,501	9,407	9,415	9,357	9,337	9,323	9,338	9,260	9,258	9,260	9,266	9,192	9,172	9,143	9,167	9,101	9,071	9,051	9,073
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	7,291	7,153	7,134	7,050	7,039	6,987	6,961	6,938	6,935	6,870	6,858	6,849	6,839	6,778	6,753	6,722	6,726	6,672	6,640	6,616	6,620
<b>Total System</b>	<b>73,201</b>	<b>72,180</b>	<b>72,079</b>	<b>71,329</b>	<b>71,330</b>	<b>70,875</b>	<b>70,689</b>	<b>70,544</b>	<b>70,607</b>	<b>70,005</b>	<b>69,957</b>	<b>69,940</b>	<b>69,931</b>	<b>69,362</b>	<b>69,174</b>	<b>68,927</b>	<b>69,056</b>	<b>68,550</b>	<b>68,289</b>	<b>68,105</b>	<b>68,225</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,351	2,320	2,319	2,295	2,296	2,283	2,280	2,277	2,281	2,263	2,264	2,266	2,267	2,250	2,246	2,239	2,245	2,230	2,223	2,218	2,223
Astoria	648	637	634	625	623	616	613	610	609	601	599	597	596	589	586	582	582	575	572	569	568
Dalles (OR)	279	276	276	274	274	273	273	273	274	272	272	273	273	272	272	271	272	271	270	270	271
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,084	2,056	2,055	2,035	2,037	2,024	2,021	2,018	2,023	2,006	2,007	2,008	2,011	1,995	1,991	1,986	1,992	1,978	1,972	1,969	1,975
Lincoln City & Newport	461	455	454	449	449	445	444	443	444	439	439	439	439	435	434	432	433	430	428	427	428
Portland	26,651	26,331	26,350	26,108	26,154	26,036	26,022	26,022	26,100	25,918	25,954	26,001	26,047	25,874	25,850	25,801	25,900	25,748	25,690	25,663	25,756
Salem	5,344	5,270	5,264	5,208	5,211	5,177	5,166	5,158	5,168	5,122	5,123	5,123	5,127	5,084	5,072	5,056	5,070	5,032	5,014	5,002	5,016
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,785	4,693	4,681	4,624	4,616	4,582	4,566	4,552	4,551	4,508	4,501	4,497	4,491	4,451	4,435	4,415	4,419	4,383	4,363	4,348	4,352
<b>Total System</b>	<b>42,583</b>	<b>42,038</b>	<b>42,033</b>	<b>41,616</b>	<b>41,660</b>	<b>41,437</b>	<b>41,385</b>	<b>41,353</b>	<b>41,449</b>	<b>41,131</b>	<b>41,158</b>	<b>41,205</b>	<b>41,251</b>	<b>40,950</b>	<b>40,885</b>	<b>40,782</b>	<b>40,912</b>	<b>40,647</b>	<b>40,532</b>	<b>40,466</b>	<b>40,588</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,383	1,355	1,350	1,330	1,325	1,314	1,307	1,301	1,298	1,284	1,281	1,278	1,274	1,261	1,254	1,247	1,246	1,234	1,226	1,220	1,219
Astoria	548	540	537	530	529	524	521	519	518	513	511	510	509	504	502	500	500	495	493	491	491
Dalles (OR)	420	412	412	409	409	408	408	408	410	407	408	410	410	408	408	408	409	408	407	407	409
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,137	2,117	2,121	2,104	2,111	2,105	2,108	2,111	2,112	2,111	2,118	2,126	2,134	2,125	2,127	2,128	2,140	2,133	2,133	2,136	2,149
Lincoln City & Newport	472	464	462	458	457	453	451	449	449	444	443	442	441	437	435	433	432	429	426	424	424
Portland	14,935	14,649	14,551	14,303	14,216	14,052	13,942	13,841	13,776	13,586	13,508	13,437	13,358	13,179	13,074	12,956	12,909	12,748	12,629	12,528	12,480
Salem	3,535	3,483	3,476	3,433	3,429	3,405	3,395	3,387	3,388	3,357	3,354	3,353	3,350	3,320	3,310	3,296	3,301	3,275	3,260	3,250	3,254
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,256	2,222	2,214	2,186	2,180	2,162	2,152	2,143	2,139	2,117	2,111	2,106	2,100	2,080	2,070	2,059	2,057	2,039	2,027	2,018	2,017
<b>Total System</b>	<b>25,685</b>	<b>25,241</b>	<b>25,123</b>	<b>24,752</b>	<b>24,655</b>	<b>24,423</b>	<b>24,284</b>	<b>24,159</b>	<b>24,100</b>	<b>23,820</b>	<b>23,734</b>	<b>23,661</b>	<b>23,577</b>	<b>23,314</b>	<b>23,180</b>	<b>23,025</b>	<b>22,995</b>	<b>22,760</b>	<b>22,603</b>	<b>22,474</b>	<b>22,442</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	258	283	285	287	290	290	290	291	292	292	293	293	295	295	295	296	298	297	298	299	300
Astoria	9	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	57	57	57	57	57
Dalles (OR)	56	87	87	88	89	89	89	89	89	89	90	90	90	90	90	90	91	91	91	91	92
Eugene & Coos Bay	583	700	704	709	717	717	718	719	723	722	724	725	729	729	730	732	736	735	737	738	742
Lincoln City & Newport	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	38	37	38	38	38
Portland	2,947	2,745	2,758	2,780	2,809	2,810	2,812	2,819	2,834	2,831	2,837	2,844	2,859	2,856	2,862	2,869	2,884	2,881	2,888	2,894	2,910
Salem	774	757	761	767	775	776	776	778	782	781	783	784	789	788	790	791	796	795	797	798	803
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	270	237	238	240	243	243	244	244	245	245	245	246	247	247	247	248	249	249	250	250	252
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,933</b>	<b>4,900</b>	<b>4,922</b>	<b>4,961</b>	<b>5,014</b>	<b>5,015</b>	<b>5,020</b>	<b>5,031</b>	<b>5,059</b>	<b>5,053</b>	<b>5,064</b>	<b>5,075</b>	<b>5,103</b>	<b>5,098</b>	<b>5,109</b>	<b>5,120</b>	<b>5,148</b>	<b>5,143</b>	<b>5,154</b>	<b>5,165</b>	<b>5,194</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,519	3,527	3,544	3,542	3,550	3,558	3,575	3,581	3,589	3,607	3,605	3			

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Normal Year**  
**Low Demand Scenario**  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,730	3,700	3,696	3,658	3,659	3,637	3,628	3,621	3,625	3,595	3,594	3,594	3,594	3,565	3,556	3,544	3,552	3,527	3,514	3,505	3,512
Astoria	1,110	1,138	1,134	1,121	1,119	1,110	1,105	1,100	1,099	1,089	1,086	1,083	1,081	1,072	1,067	1,062	1,062	1,053	1,048	1,044	1,044
Dalles (OR)	704	723	724	719	722	719	720	720	723	719	720	722	724	721	721	720	724	720	720	720	723
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,491	4,568	4,575	4,549	4,565	4,550	4,552	4,555	4,573	4,550	4,559	4,570	4,584	4,563	4,564	4,563	4,584	4,566	4,564	4,565	4,586
Lincoln City & Newport	899	886	884	876	875	870	867	865	864	858	856	855	854	848	845	842	842	836	833	831	831
Portland	41,953	41,196	41,134	40,705	40,705	40,438	40,327	40,238	40,272	39,920	39,886	39,869	39,862	39,527	39,413	39,266	39,335	39,036	38,879	38,767	38,830
Salem	9,045	8,907	8,901	8,818	8,825	8,775	8,758	8,746	8,760	8,692	8,691	8,694	8,699	8,635	8,617	8,592	8,614	8,557	8,530	8,513	8,533
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	6,843	6,716	6,700	6,624	6,617	6,568	6,545	6,526	6,525	6,464	6,454	6,446	6,440	6,382	6,360	6,332	6,339	6,288	6,259	6,238	6,244
<b>Total System</b>	<b>68,774</b>	<b>67,835</b>	<b>67,748</b>	<b>67,071</b>	<b>67,087</b>	<b>66,667</b>	<b>66,500</b>	<b>66,371</b>	<b>66,442</b>	<b>65,886</b>	<b>65,846</b>	<b>65,834</b>	<b>65,839</b>	<b>65,312</b>	<b>65,144</b>	<b>64,922</b>	<b>65,051</b>	<b>64,583</b>	<b>64,347</b>	<b>64,182</b>	<b>64,303</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,177	2,149	2,148	2,127	2,129	2,117	2,114	2,112	2,116	2,100	2,101	2,103	2,105	2,089	2,085	2,080	2,086	2,072	2,066	2,062	2,068
Astoria	588	579	576	569	567	562	559	557	556	550	548	546	545	539	536	533	533	528	525	522	522
Dalles (OR)	256	253	253	251	252	251	251	251	252	250	251	251	252	250	250	250	251	250	249	249	250
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,923	1,899	1,898	1,880	1,882	1,872	1,869	1,867	1,871	1,857	1,858	1,859	1,861	1,848	1,845	1,841	1,846	1,834	1,829	1,826	1,832
Lincoln City & Newport	415	410	410	406	405	403	402	401	402	398	398	398	398	395	394	393	394	391	390	389	390
Portland	24,909	24,613	24,631	24,411	24,460	24,347	24,336	24,336	24,414	24,244	24,278	24,322	24,371	24,208	24,187	24,143	24,240	24,097	24,045	24,021	24,112
Salem	4,944	4,878	4,874	4,825	4,827	4,798	4,789	4,782	4,791	4,751	4,754	4,754	4,757	4,719	4,709	4,695	4,708	4,675	4,659	4,649	4,661
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,436	4,370	4,359	4,308	4,303	4,271	4,257	4,245	4,247	4,206	4,201	4,197	4,194	4,156	4,142	4,125	4,131	4,097	4,079	4,086	4,071
<b>Total System</b>	<b>39,648</b>	<b>39,151</b>	<b>39,151</b>	<b>38,776</b>	<b>38,825</b>	<b>38,620</b>	<b>38,577</b>	<b>38,552</b>	<b>38,648</b>	<b>38,357</b>	<b>38,385</b>	<b>38,431</b>	<b>38,483</b>	<b>38,206</b>	<b>38,150</b>	<b>38,060</b>	<b>38,188</b>	<b>37,944</b>	<b>37,842</b>	<b>37,785</b>	<b>37,906</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,298	1,272	1,267	1,249	1,245	1,234	1,228	1,223	1,221	1,207	1,204	1,202	1,198	1,186	1,180	1,173	1,173	1,162	1,154	1,149	1,148
Astoria	513	506	504	498	497	493	491	489	489	484	483	482	481	477	475	473	473	470	468	466	466
Dalles (OR)	393	385	385	382	383	381	382	382	383	381	382	383	384	382	382	381	383	381	381	381	382
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,996	1,979	1,984	1,970	1,977	1,971	1,976	1,980	1,982	1,989	1,997	2,004	1,997	2,000	2,002	2,013	2,013	2,008	2,001	2,012	2,024
Lincoln City & Newport	448	441	439	435	434	431	429	427	426	423	421	420	419	416	414	412	412	408	406	404	404
Portland	14,145	13,878	13,786	13,557	13,478	13,323	13,220	13,125	13,066	12,887	12,813	12,746	12,675	12,506	12,407	12,297	12,254	12,101	11,990	11,895	11,852
Salem	3,329	3,282	3,277	3,238	3,235	3,214	3,205	3,198	3,199	3,171	3,169	3,168	3,165	3,139	3,130	3,118	3,122	3,099	3,086	3,077	3,080
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,144	2,113	2,105	2,080	2,075	2,058	2,048	2,040	2,037	2,017	2,011	2,006	2,002	1,983	1,973	1,963	1,962	1,945	1,934	1,925	1,925
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24,266</b>	<b>23,857</b>	<b>23,749</b>	<b>23,409</b>	<b>23,322</b>	<b>23,106</b>	<b>22,979</b>	<b>22,864</b>	<b>22,811</b>	<b>22,551</b>	<b>22,472</b>	<b>22,403</b>	<b>22,329</b>	<b>22,085</b>	<b>21,961</b>	<b>21,818</b>	<b>21,792</b>	<b>21,573</b>	<b>21,428</b>	<b>21,309</b>	<b>21,281</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	255	279	280	283	286	286	286	287	288	288	289	289	291	290	291	292	293	293	294	294	296
Astoria	9	53	53	54	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	56	56	56	56	56	56
Dalles (OR)	55	85	86	86	87	87	87	87	88	88	88	88	89	89	89	89	89	89	90	90	90
Eugene & Coos Bay	572	690	693	698	706	706	707	708	712	711	713	714	718	718	719	721	725	724	725	727	731
Lincoln City & Newport	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Portland	2,899	2,704	2,717	2,738	2,767	2,768	2,770	2,777	2,792	2,789	2,795	2,801	2,817	2,813	2,820	2,826	2,841	2,838	2,844	2,851	2,866
Salem	772	746	750	755	764	764	766	767	770	769	771	773	777	776	778	780	784	783	785	787	791
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	263	234	235	237	240	240	240	240	242	241	242	242	244	244	244	245	246	246	246	247	248
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,860</b>	<b>4,827</b>	<b>4,849</b>	<b>4,887</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,945</b>	<b>4,956</b>	<b>4,983</b>	<b>4,978</b>	<b>4,989</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>5,027</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>5,033</b>	<b>5,044</b>	<b>5,072</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>5,077</b>	<b>5,088</b>	<b>5,116</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,519	3,527	3,544	3,542	3,550	3,558	3,575	3,573	3,581	3,589	3,607	3,605	3,613	3,621	3,639
Salem	1,728	1,717	1,725																		

# Appendix 2-9: Detailed Results – Historical Coldest Season in 20 Years

Peak Day Demand, MDTh/day  
 Base Old Design Weather Demand Scenario  
 Peak Day = February 3  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

## Total Core Demand

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	50.92	51.75	52.73	53.50	54.29	55.17	56.06	56.94	57.81	58.87	59.81	60.81	61.77	62.83	63.74	64.60	65.47	66.25	66.92	67.66	68.39
Astoria	19.04	19.32	19.48	19.54	19.62	19.72	19.84	19.96	20.07	20.26	20.40	20.56	20.71	20.89	21.03	21.15	21.27	21.36	21.43	21.51	21.59
Dalles (OR)	9.08	9.42	9.69	9.92	10.15	10.39	10.63	10.87	11.11	11.38	11.63	11.89	12.14	12.41	12.65	12.88	13.11	13.32	13.50	13.70	13.90
Eugene & Coos Bay	60.81	62.13	63.45	64.50	65.55	66.70	67.87	69.04	70.18	71.56	72.80	74.11	75.37	76.76	77.96	79.10	80.26	81.31	82.23	83.22	84.22
Lincoln City & Newport	14.56	14.80	15.14	15.42	15.70	15.99	16.29	16.58	16.86	17.18	17.47	17.77	18.05	18.35	18.61	18.85	19.08	19.29	19.46	19.65	19.83
Portland	541.33	545.50	553.66	559.60	565.72	572.91	580.28	587.66	595.03	604.46	612.82	621.87	630.71	640.58	649.10	657.16	665.45	672.99	679.50	686.69	693.99
Salem	126.07	129.31	131.68	133.51	135.37	137.46	139.58	141.68	143.75	146.29	148.55	150.95	153.28	155.84	158.04	160.11	162.22	164.12	165.75	167.53	169.32
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	93.47	95.36	98.55	101.41	104.29	107.39	110.51	113.59	116.63	120.04	123.20	126.48	129.68	133.07	136.15	139.11	142.08	144.86	147.39	150.04	152.69
<b>Total System</b>	<b>915.29</b>	<b>927.58</b>	<b>944.38</b>	<b>957.40</b>	<b>970.68</b>	<b>985.72</b>	<b>1,001.07</b>	<b>1,016.32</b>	<b>1,031.44</b>	<b>1,050.03</b>	<b>1,066.67</b>	<b>1,084.43</b>	<b>1,101.72</b>	<b>1,120.72</b>	<b>1,137.29</b>	<b>1,152.95</b>	<b>1,168.93</b>	<b>1,183.51</b>	<b>1,196.19</b>	<b>1,209.99</b>	<b>1,223.92</b>

## Residential

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	32.93	33.55	34.41	35.16	35.93	36.78	37.64	38.48	39.31	40.26	41.13	42.04	42.92	43.86	44.69	45.49	46.29	47.04	47.70	48.40	49.09
Astoria	11.68	11.79	11.97	12.10	12.24	12.39	12.56	12.73	12.88	13.08	13.25	13.43	13.60	13.78	13.94	14.08	14.22	14.34	14.44	14.54	14.65
Dalles (OR)	3.91	4.04	4.20	4.35	4.50	4.66	4.83	5.00	5.16	5.34	5.50	5.68	5.84	6.02	6.18	6.34	6.49	6.64	6.77	6.91	7.05
Eugene & Coos Bay	30.24	30.92	31.83	32.64	33.47	34.36	35.29	36.20	37.10	38.10	39.03	40.00	40.93	41.93	42.82	43.68	44.55	45.35	46.08	46.84	47.60
Lincoln City & Newport	9.15	9.36	9.63	9.87	10.11	10.36	10.62	10.87	11.12	11.39	11.64	11.90	12.14	12.40	12.63	12.85	13.06	13.25	13.42	13.60	13.78
Portland	356.17	362.12	370.06	376.75	383.66	391.41	399.30	407.16	414.98	424.16	432.61	441.53	450.28	459.73	468.24	476.41	484.73	492.50	499.52	507.00	514.54
Salem	80.57	81.99	83.94	85.63	87.37	89.28	91.23	93.16	95.06	97.26	99.26	101.36	103.41	105.60	107.56	109.42	111.31	113.06	114.62	116.27	117.92
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	67.23	69.01	71.43	73.65	75.92	78.38	80.88	83.33	85.75	88.44	90.94	93.53	96.06	98.72	101.16	103.49	105.84	108.05	110.07	112.17	114.26
<b>Total System</b>	<b>591.88</b>	<b>602.78</b>	<b>617.46</b>	<b>630.15</b>	<b>643.19</b>	<b>657.62</b>	<b>672.35</b>	<b>686.93</b>	<b>701.36</b>	<b>718.03</b>	<b>733.38</b>	<b>749.45</b>	<b>765.18</b>	<b>782.04</b>	<b>797.22</b>	<b>811.76</b>	<b>826.49</b>	<b>840.23</b>	<b>852.61</b>	<b>865.72</b>	<b>878.89</b>

## Commercial

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	16.80	16.80	16.92	16.93	16.93	16.96	16.99	17.03	17.06	17.16	17.23	17.32	17.40	17.52	17.59	17.65	17.71	17.75	17.76	17.79	17.82
Astoria	7.31	7.28	7.25	7.19	7.12	7.07	7.02	6.97	6.93	6.91	6.88	6.87	6.85	6.85	6.83	6.80	6.78	6.76	6.72	6.70	6.67
Dalles (OR)	4.92	4.93	5.04	5.12	5.19	5.26	5.34	5.42	5.49	5.58	5.66	5.75	5.83	5.93	6.00	6.07	6.14	6.21	6.26	6.31	6.37
Eugene & Coos Bay	27.35	27.74	28.13	28.34	28.54	28.78	29.02	29.27	29.51	29.87	30.17	30.51	30.83	31.21	31.52	31.79	32.08	32.32	32.50	32.72	32.95
Lincoln City & Newport	5.24	5.27	5.34	5.39	5.42	5.46	5.50	5.54	5.57	5.62	5.65	5.69	5.73	5.77	5.80	5.82	5.85	5.86	5.86	5.87	5.87
Portland	169.35	169.33	169.50	168.63	167.74	167.14	166.60	166.09	165.61	165.81	165.69	165.81	165.86	166.24	166.22	166.08	166.02	165.75	165.21	164.89	164.62
Salem	43.12	43.48	43.88	43.99	44.08	44.24	44.41	44.57	44.73	45.07	45.31	45.61	45.89	46.24	46.48	46.68	46.89	47.04	47.10	47.21	47.34
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	24.44	25.17	25.94	26.56	27.17	27.80	28.43	29.05	29.67	30.38	31.04	31.73	32.40	33.12	33.76	34.38	35.00	35.58	36.09	36.63	37.18
<b>Total System</b>	<b>298.53</b>	<b>300.00</b>	<b>302.00</b>	<b>302.14</b>	<b>302.18</b>	<b>302.71</b>	<b>303.31</b>	<b>303.93</b>	<b>304.56</b>	<b>306.42</b>	<b>307.65</b>	<b>309.29</b>	<b>310.79</b>	<b>312.89</b>	<b>314.21</b>	<b>315.27</b>	<b>316.46</b>	<b>317.25</b>	<b>317.49</b>	<b>318.12</b>	<b>318.82</b>

## Industrial Firm Sales

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.19	1.40	1.40	1.41	1.42	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.45	1.45	1.46	1.46	1.46	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.48
Astoria	0.06	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
Dalles (OR)	0.25	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.23	3.47	3.49	3.52	3.54	3.56	3.56	3.57	3.57	3.58	3.59	3.60	3.61	3.61	3.62	3.63	3.64	3.65	3.65	3.66	3.67
Lincoln City & Newport	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
Portland	15.81	14.04	14.10	14.21	14.32	14.37	14.38	14.41	14.45	14.48	14.51	14.54	14.57	14.61	14.64	14.67	14.70	14.73	14.77	14.80	14.83
Salem	2.38	3.84	3.86	3.89	3.92	3.93	3.93	3.94	3.95	3.96	3.97	3.98	3.99	4.00	4.01	4.02	4.03	4.04	4.05	4.06	4.06
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	1.81	1.18	1.19	1.19	1.20	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.24	1.25
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24.89</b>	<b>24.80</b>	<b>24.91</b>	<b>25.11</b>	<b>25.30</b>	<b>25.38</b>	<b>25.41</b>	<b>25.46</b>	<b>25.52</b>	<b>25.58</b>	<b>25.63</b>	<b>25.69</b>	<b>25.75</b>	<b>25.80</b>	<b>25.86</b>	<b>25.92</b>	<b>25.97</b>	<b>26.03</b>	<b>26.09</b>	<b>26.15</b>	<b>26.20</b>

## Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.89	1.90	1.91	1.91	1.92	1.92	1.92	1.93	1.93	1.94	1.94	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.96	1.96	1.97	1.97
Astoria	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.39
Dalles (OR)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.75	3.73	3.75	3.78	3.81	3.82</															

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Historical Coldest Season in 20 Years (Colder of 1992-1993 Season or Normal with 1989 Three Day Peak)**  
**Base Old Design Weather Demand Scenario**  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	4,415	4,476	4,560	4,631	4,725	4,782	4,862	4,941	5,043	5,112	5,196	5,285	5,396	5,464	5,548	5,628	5,735	5,784	5,852	5,924	6,024
Astoria	1,345	1,401	1,422	1,439	1,462	1,474	1,494	1,514	1,539	1,556	1,576	1,598	1,626	1,642	1,662	1,681	1,708	1,719	1,735	1,752	1,777
Dalles (OR)	852	892	916	938	966	982	1,004	1,027	1,056	1,074	1,098	1,122	1,153	1,170	1,193	1,215	1,245	1,258	1,277	1,297	1,326
Eugene & Coos Bay	5,272	5,474	5,600	5,713	5,851	5,944	6,063	6,182	6,326	6,432	6,555	6,683	6,838	6,942	7,063	7,181	7,331	7,412	7,515	7,623	7,764
Lincoln City & Newport	1,035	1,048	1,072	1,094	1,119	1,138	1,161	1,184	1,211	1,232	1,256	1,280	1,308	1,328	1,350	1,372	1,399	1,414	1,433	1,453	1,477
Portland	48,560	48,626	49,352	49,940	50,828	51,224	51,912	52,603	53,591	54,127	54,887	55,697	56,807	57,359	58,133	58,875	59,967	60,340	60,975	61,657	62,697
Salem	10,536	10,652	10,858	11,036	11,269	11,411	11,608	11,804	12,054	12,222	12,429	12,646	12,917	13,084	13,289	13,486	13,748	13,871	14,040	14,219	14,465
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	8,005	8,167	8,464	8,742	9,070	9,322	9,621	9,919	10,265	10,533	10,836	11,148	11,512	11,774	12,073	12,364	12,720	12,936	13,199	13,469	13,809
Total System	80,021	80,737	82,244	83,533	85,290	86,277	87,726	89,173	91,086	92,288	93,834	95,457	97,557	98,763	100,312	101,802	103,853	104,734	106,026	107,394	109,339

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,628	2,667	2,737	2,800	2,880	2,937	3,010	3,082	3,169	3,233	3,308	3,385	3,477	3,540	3,614	3,685	3,774	3,824	3,886	3,951	4,036
Astoria	736	744	759	773	790	802	818	834	853	867	883	900	921	934	950	965	984	994	1,007	1,020	1,038
Dalles (OR)	322	331	346	360	377	389	405	420	438	452	467	483	503	515	531	546	565	575	589	603	621
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,322	2,370	2,446	2,518	2,602	2,668	2,749	2,829	2,922	2,995	3,077	3,161	3,258	3,330	3,411	3,489	3,584	3,643	3,713	3,786	3,876
Lincoln City & Newport	504	518	537	554	575	591	611	630	652	670	690	709	732	749	768	786	807	822	838	855	875
Portland	29,355	29,699	30,373	30,974	31,781	32,280	32,978	33,674	34,569	35,156	35,895	36,667	37,648	38,240	38,986	39,710	40,682	41,143	41,789	42,467	43,403
Salem	5,921	6,012	6,170	6,315	6,496	6,627	6,793	6,957	7,155	7,302	7,473	7,649	7,861	8,005	8,174	8,338	8,544	8,660	8,805	8,956	9,152
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	5,282	5,412	5,618	5,817	6,053	6,239	6,461	6,681	6,935	7,134	7,358	7,588	7,856	8,050	8,271	8,487	8,749	8,910	9,105	9,306	9,556
Total System	47,072	47,752	48,986	50,110	51,553	52,533	53,824	55,107	56,693	57,810	59,151	60,543	62,255	63,364	64,705	66,005	67,689	68,571	69,732	70,944	72,556

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,522	1,518	1,530	1,535	1,547	1,546	1,553	1,560	1,574	1,578	1,587	1,598	1,615	1,621	1,630	1,638	1,654	1,654	1,659	1,665	1,679
Astoria	600	602	607	610	615	616	619	623	629	631	635	640	647	650	654	659	665	667	670	673	680
Dalles (OR)	472	471	480	487	497	500	508	514	525	530	537	545	556	561	568	575	586	588	594	599	609
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,346	2,383	2,430	2,466	2,511	2,538	2,575	2,612	2,660	2,693	2,733	2,776	2,829	2,862	2,901	2,939	2,990	3,013	3,044	3,078	3,124
Lincoln City & Newport	494	494	499	503	508	510	513	517	522	525	528	533	538	541	544	548	553	554	557	559	564
Portland	16,170	16,109	16,148	16,114	16,163	16,060	16,048	16,036	16,112	16,065	16,080	16,111	16,223	16,187	16,208	16,220	16,323	16,240	16,222	16,220	16,307
Salem	3,838	3,863	3,908	3,935	3,978	3,989	4,019	4,049	4,096	4,119	4,154	4,192	4,247	4,271	4,305	4,336	4,388	4,396	4,418	4,444	4,490
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,439	2,512	2,600	2,678	2,767	2,832	2,910	2,987	3,078	3,147	3,226	3,307	3,402	3,470	3,547	3,622	3,715	3,769	3,837	3,906	3,994
Total System	27,881	27,951	28,202	28,327	28,585	28,592	28,745	28,898	29,195	29,288	29,480	29,701	30,059	30,162	30,359	30,537	30,874	30,881	30,999	31,144	31,444

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	265	292	293	295	298	298	299	299	301	301	301	302	304	303	304	305	306	306	307	307	309
Astoria	10	55	56	56	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	59
Dalles (OR)	57	90	91	91	92	92	93	93	93	93	93	93	94	94	94	94	95	95	95	95	96
Eugene & Coos Bay	604	721	724	730	737	737	738	740	744	743	745	746	750	750	751	753	757	756	758	760	764
Lincoln City & Newport	37	36	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Portland	3,035	2,818	2,831	2,853	2,885	2,884	2,887	2,893	2,910	2,906	2,912	2,919	2,936	2,932	2,938	2,944	2,962	2,957	2,964	2,970	2,988
Salem	777	777	781	787	795	795	796	798	802	801	803	805	809	809	810	812	817	816	817	819	824
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	284	244	245	247	250	250	250	251	252	252	252	253	254	254	255	255	257	256	257	258	259
Total System	5,068	5,034	5,056	5,096	5,152	5,151	5,157	5,168	5,197	5,191	5,202	5,214	5,243	5,237	5,248	5,260	5,290	5,283	5,294	5,306	5,336

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	698	699	703	702	704	705	709	709	710	712	715	715	716	718	721
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	137	137	137	137	138	138	139	139	139	139	140	140	140	140	141
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	228	228	229	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	233	233	234	234	235
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,395	1,398	1,405	1,405	1,408	1,411	1,418	1,417	1,420	1,423	1,430	1,430	1,433	1,436	1,443
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,519	3,527	3,544	3,542	3,550	3,558	3,575	3,573	3,581	3,589	3,607	3,605	3,613	3,621	3,639
Salem	1,728	1,717	1,725	1,739	1,757	1,758	1,759	1,763	1,772	1,771	1,775	1,779	1,788	1,787	1,791	1,795	1,803	1,802	1,806	1,810	1,



# Appendix 2-10: Detailed Results – Negative Growth Scenario

## Peak Day Demand, MDTh/day Negative Growth Demand Scenario

Peak Day = February 3

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

### Total Core Demand

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	50.92	50.36	49.65	48.70	47.76	46.91	46.08	45.27	44.49	43.87	43.19	42.57	41.95	41.41	40.78	40.15	39.53	38.89	38.20	37.57	36.96
Astoria	19.04	18.80	18.38	17.88	17.39	16.94	16.51	16.10	15.69	15.36	15.01	14.68	14.36	14.07	13.76	13.45	13.15	12.85	12.54	12.25	11.97
Dalles (OR)	9.08	9.12	8.99	8.82	8.64	8.49	8.34	8.19	8.05	7.94	7.82	7.71	7.60	7.50	7.39	7.28	7.18	7.07	6.95	6.84	6.74
Eugene & Coos Bay	60.81	60.07	59.13	57.91	56.71	55.62	54.57	53.56	52.57	51.79	50.94	50.17	49.40	48.73	47.97	47.20	46.46	45.69	44.88	44.14	43.42
Lincoln City & Newport	14.56	14.25	13.97	13.62	13.28	12.97	12.67	12.38	12.10	11.87	11.62	11.39	11.17	10.97	10.75	10.52	10.31	10.10	9.87	9.66	9.46
Portland	541.33	533.00	526.86	518.08	509.33	501.42	493.76	486.26	478.91	473.32	466.98	461.26	455.45	450.46	444.58	438.47	432.62	426.38	419.62	413.42	407.39
Salem	126.07	125.61	123.79	121.36	118.97	116.78	114.68	112.63	110.62	109.05	107.31	105.72	104.14	102.74	101.16	99.54	97.99	96.36	94.62	93.02	91.48
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	93.47	91.32	89.89	88.02	86.18	84.50	82.88	81.31	79.77	78.55	77.21	75.99	74.77	73.69	72.48	71.24	70.06	68.82	67.52	66.31	65.14
Total System	915.29	902.53	890.67	874.40	858.26	843.64	829.50	815.70	802.21	791.74	780.07	769.49	758.83	749.56	738.87	727.85	717.30	706.16	694.20	683.20	672.55

### Residential

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	32.93	32.48	32.05	31.48	30.91	30.39	29.88	29.39	28.91	28.54	28.12	27.74	27.35	27.02	26.64	26.24	25.86	25.46	25.04	24.64	24.26
Astoria	11.68	11.42	11.18	10.90	10.61	10.35	10.10	9.86	9.63	9.43	9.23	9.03	8.84	8.67	8.49	8.30	8.13	7.95	7.76	7.59	7.42
Dalles (OR)	3.91	3.85	3.80	3.72	3.65	3.58	3.51	3.45	3.39	3.34	3.28	3.23	3.18	3.14	3.09	3.04	2.99	2.94	2.88	2.83	2.79
Eugene & Coos Bay	30.24	29.77	29.33	28.75	28.18	27.66	27.16	26.67	26.19	25.81	25.39	25.01	24.62	24.29	23.91	23.52	23.14	22.75	22.34	21.96	21.59
Lincoln City & Newport	9.15	8.95	8.77	8.55	8.33	8.12	7.93	7.74	7.56	7.41	7.25	7.10	6.95	6.82	6.68	6.53	6.40	6.26	6.11	5.97	5.84
Portland	356.17	352.46	349.05	343.94	338.83	334.23	329.77	325.39	321.09	317.91	314.23	310.94	307.59	304.75	301.32	297.74	294.30	290.61	286.55	282.84	279.24
Salem	80.57	79.38	78.27	76.79	75.32	73.98	72.69	71.42	70.18	69.21	68.13	67.15	66.16	65.29	64.30	63.29	62.33	61.31	60.23	59.23	58.26
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	67.23	66.12	65.10	63.75	62.42	61.22	60.05	58.91	57.81	56.93	55.99	55.09	54.21	53.44	52.67	51.68	50.83	49.94	49.00	48.13	47.29
Total System	591.88	584.43	577.54	567.87	558.25	549.54	541.10	532.84	524.76	518.57	511.59	505.29	498.91	493.41	486.99	480.34	473.98	467.21	459.91	453.19	446.69

### Commercial

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	16.80	16.50	16.23	15.87	15.51	15.19	14.88	14.58	14.28	14.06	13.81	13.58	13.35	13.15	12.93	12.70	12.48	12.25	12.00	11.77	11.55
Astoria	7.31	7.12	6.95	6.74	6.53	6.35	6.17	6.00	5.83	5.69	5.55	5.42	5.29	5.17	5.05	4.92	4.80	4.68	4.56	4.45	4.34
Dalles (OR)	4.92	4.82	4.75	4.66	4.56	4.48	4.40	4.32	4.25	4.19	4.13	4.07	4.02	3.97	3.92	3.86	3.81	3.75	3.69	3.63	3.58
Eugene & Coos Bay	27.35	26.85	26.39	25.78	25.18	24.64	24.13	23.64	23.16	22.80	22.40	22.04	21.68	21.38	21.03	20.68	20.35	20.00	19.63	19.30	18.98
Lincoln City & Newport	5.24	5.13	5.03	4.91	4.79	4.68	4.58	4.48	4.38	4.30	4.22	4.14	4.07	4.00	3.92	3.85	3.77	3.70	3.62	3.55	3.48
Portland	169.35	166.59	164.01	160.47	156.96	153.79	150.73	147.74	144.82	142.54	140.00	137.70	135.38	133.35	131.02	128.62	126.32	123.90	121.32	118.94	116.62
Salem	43.12	42.41	41.75	40.84	39.94	39.14	38.36	37.61	36.88	36.32	35.69	35.13	34.56	34.07	33.51	32.93	32.38	31.80	31.18	30.61	30.06
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	24.44	24.02	23.63	23.12	22.62	22.16	21.72	21.29	20.87	20.54	20.17	19.84	19.51	19.21	18.88	18.55	18.22	17.89	17.53	17.20	16.89
Total System	298.53	293.45	288.74	282.38	276.10	270.43	264.97	259.65	254.48	250.44	245.97	241.92	237.85	234.30	230.25	226.10	222.13	217.97	213.53	209.45	205.50

### Industrial Firm Sales

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.19	1.39	1.37	1.36	1.35	1.33	1.32	1.31	1.29	1.28	1.27	1.25	1.24	1.23	1.22	1.21	1.19	1.18	1.17	1.16	1.15
Astoria	0.06	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21
Dalles (OR)	0.25	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.39	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.37
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.23	3.45	3.42	3.38	3.35	3.32	3.28	3.25	3.22	3.18	3.15	3.12	3.09	3.06	3.03	3.00	2.97	2.94	2.91	2.88	2.85
Lincoln City & Newport	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
Portland	15.81	13.95	13.81	13.67	13.53	13.40	13.26	13.13	13.00	12.87	12.74	12.61	12.49	12.36	12.24	12.12	12.00	11.88	11.76	11.64	11.52
Salem	2.38	3.82	3.78	3.74	3.70	3.66	3.63	3.59	3.56	3.52	3.49	3.45	3.42	3.38	3.35	3.31	3.28	3.25	3.22	3.18	3.15
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	1.81	1.17	1.16	1.15	1.14	1.13	1.11	1.10	1.09	1.08	1.07	1.06	1.05	1.04	1.03	1.02	1.01	1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97
Total System	24.89	24.64	24.39	24.15	23.91	23.67	23.43	23.20	22.97	22.74	22.51	22.29	22.06	21.84	21.62	21.41	21.19	20.98	20.77	20.56	20.36

### Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.87	1.85	1.84	1.82	1.80	1.78	1.76	1.75	1.73	1.71	1.69	1.68	1.66	1.64	1.63	1.61	1.59	1.58	1.56	1.55	1.53
Astoria	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.30
Dalles (OR)	0.61	0.60	0.60	0.59	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.56	0.56	0.55	0.55	0.54	0.54	0.53	0.53	0.52	0.51	0.51	0.50	0.50
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.75	3.71	3.67	3.63	3.60	3.56	3.53	3.49	3.46	3.42	3.39	3.35	3.32	3.29	3.25	3.22	3.19	3.16	3.13	3.09	3.06
Lincoln City & Newport	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Portland	9.44	9.35																			

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Design Year (85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak)**

**Negative Growth Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,992	3,950	3,903	3,841	3,796	3,723	3,669	3,615	3,577	3,520	3,473	3,431	3,402	3,350	3,307	3,263	3,234	3,176	3,128	3,084	3,055
Astoria	1,205	1,224	1,206	1,183	1,166	1,140	1,120	1,101	1,087	1,066	1,049	1,033	1,022	1,003	988	972	962	942	926	911	901
Dalles (OR)	755	772	762	750	741	727	716	705	698	687	678	669	664	654	646	637	632	621	612	604	599
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,804	4,842	4,783	4,710	4,658	4,570	4,505	4,442	4,400	4,330	4,275	4,225	4,194	4,130	4,080	4,030	4,000	3,931	3,879	3,830	3,799
Lincoln City & Newport	969	950	936	920	907	888	874	859	849	833	821	809	801	786	775	763	755	740	728	717	709
Portland	44,532	43,646	43,170	42,534	42,089	41,318	40,751	40,193	39,824	39,207	38,722	38,276	37,996	37,426	36,971	36,503	36,215	35,576	35,068	34,594	34,287
Salem	9,652	9,474	9,359	9,211	9,107	8,929	8,797	8,669	8,584	8,440	8,329	8,226	8,162	8,031	7,928	7,823	7,759	7,616	7,504	7,399	7,333
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	7,291	7,130	7,036	6,918	6,831	6,693	6,588	6,485	6,412	6,302	6,213	6,130	6,073	5,972	5,890	5,806	5,749	5,640	5,552	5,469	5,411
Total System	73,201	71,988	71,156	70,067	69,296	67,988	67,020	66,070	65,432	64,384	63,559	62,799	62,314	61,351	60,584	59,797	59,304	58,242	57,396	56,608	56,093

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,351	2,313	2,288	2,254	2,230	2,189	2,158	2,128	2,109	2,076	2,050	2,027	2,012	1,983	1,959	1,934	1,919	1,886	1,859	1,834	1,818
Astoria	648	634	625	613	605	591	580	570	563	552	543	535	529	519	511	503	497	487	478	470	465
Dalles (OR)	279	274	271	267	263	258	254	250	247	243	240	237	235	231	228	225	223	218	215	212	210
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,084	2,047	2,022	1,990	1,968	1,929	1,901	1,873	1,855	1,823	1,799	1,777	1,763	1,734	1,712	1,689	1,675	1,643	1,619	1,596	1,581
Lincoln City & Newport	461	452	446	438	432	422	415	408	403	396	390	384	380	374	368	362	359	351	346	340	336
Portland	26,651	26,270	26,032	25,693	25,473	25,044	24,743	24,447	24,269	23,932	23,679	23,450	23,326	23,015	22,777	22,530	22,397	22,037	21,760	21,505	21,357
Salem	5,344	5,252	5,191	5,110	5,056	4,957	4,885	4,815	4,770	4,691	4,630	4,575	4,542	4,469	4,413	4,355	4,321	4,241	4,179	4,121	4,085
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,765	4,680	4,620	4,542	4,485	4,395	4,326	4,259	4,212	4,140	4,083	4,029	3,994	3,928	3,875	3,821	3,785	3,714	3,656	3,602	3,565
Total System	42,583	41,923	41,495	40,907	40,512	39,784	39,263	38,751	38,429	37,854	37,414	37,013	36,781	36,252	35,842	35,418	35,176	34,577	34,111	33,679	33,417

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,383	1,356	1,337	1,312	1,292	1,264	1,243	1,221	1,206	1,184	1,166	1,149	1,137	1,117	1,101	1,084	1,072	1,050	1,032	1,015	1,003
Astoria	548	537	528	517	510	498	489	480	474	465	457	450	445	436	430	423	418	410	403	396	392
Dalles (OR)	420	411	406	399	394	386	380	374	370	364	359	355	352	347	342	338	335	329	325	320	317
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,137	2,099	2,072	2,037	2,013	1,972	1,943	1,914	1,895	1,864	1,841	1,819	1,806	1,779	1,758	1,737	1,725	1,696	1,673	1,653	1,641
Lincoln City & Newport	472	462	455	447	441	432	425	418	412	405	399	393	388	381	376	370	366	359	353	347	343
Portland	14,935	14,648	14,438	14,168	13,961	13,654	13,414	13,179	13,005	12,757	12,551	12,360	12,220	11,993	11,801	11,604	11,464	11,217	11,009	10,813	10,669
Salem	3,535	3,469	3,423	3,363	3,319	3,249	3,196	3,145	3,110	3,055	3,011	2,971	2,945	2,895	2,855	2,815	2,788	2,734	2,691	2,651	2,624
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,256	2,214	2,183	2,145	2,116	2,072	2,038	2,004	1,980	1,944	1,915	1,887	1,867	1,835	1,808	1,780	1,760	1,726	1,697	1,670	1,651
Total System	25,685	25,197	24,842	24,389	24,046	23,528	23,127	22,736	22,451	22,038	21,698	21,383	21,160	20,784	20,470	20,150	19,928	19,520	19,182	18,866	18,640

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	258	281	279	276	274	270	268	265	263	260	257	255	253	249	247	244	243	240	237	235	233
Astoria	9	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45	45	44
Dalles (OR)	56	86	85	84	84	83	82	81	80	79	79	78	77	76	76	75	74	73	73	72	71
Eugene & Coos Bay	583	696	689	682	677	668	662	655	651	642	636	629	625	617	611	605	600	592	587	581	577
Lincoln City & Newport	36	35	35	35	35	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	31	31	30	30	30	29
Portland	2,947	2,727	2,700	2,673	2,655	2,620	2,594	2,568	2,551	2,517	2,492	2,467	2,450	2,418	2,393	2,370	2,354	2,322	2,299	2,276	2,261
Salem	774	752	745	737	733	723	716	708	704	694	687	681	676	668	660	654	649	641	634	628	624
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	270	236	233	231	230	227	224	222	221	218	215	213	212	209	207	205	203	201	199	197	195
Total System	4,933	4,868	4,820	4,771	4,739	4,676	4,630	4,583	4,553	4,492	4,447	4,403	4,373	4,315	4,272	4,229	4,201	4,145	4,104	4,063	4,035

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	677	670	663	658	650	643	637	632	624	618	612	607	600	594	588	584	576	570	565	561
Astoria	134	132	131	130	129	127	126	125	124	122	121	120	119	117	116	115	114	113	112	110	110
Dalles (OR)	223	221	218	216	215	212	210	208	206	204	202	200	198	196	194	192	190	188	186	184	183
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,353	1,340	1,326	1,317	1,300	1,287	1,274	1,265	1,249	1,236	1,224	1,215	1,200	1,188	1,176	1,167	1,152	1,141	1,129	1,121
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	38	37	37	37
Portland	3,456	3,413	3,378	3,345	3,320	3,278	3,245	3,213	3,189	3,149	3,117	3,086	3,064	3,025	2,995	2,965	2,943	2,906	2,877	2,848	2,827
Salem	1,728	1,706	1,689	1,672	1,660	1,639	1,623	1,606	1,595	1,574	1,559	1,543	1,532	1,512	1,497	1,482	1,472	1,453	1,438	1,424	1,414
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	581	574	568	562	558	551	546</														

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Normal Year**  
**Negative Growth Demand Scenario**  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,730	3,692	3,648	3,591	3,551	3,483	3,432	3,383	3,349	3,295	3,252	3,213	3,188	3,138	3,098	3,057	3,032	2,977	2,933	2,893	2,866
Astoria	1,110	1,132	1,116	1,095	1,080	1,057	1,039	1,022	1,009	990	975	961	934	920	906	896	879	864	851	841	
Dalles (OR)	704	721	712	701	693	679	669	660	653	643	634	627	622	612	605	597	592	582	574	566	561
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,491	4,537	4,483	4,416	4,369	4,289	4,229	4,171	4,132	4,068	4,018	3,972	3,942	3,884	3,838	3,792	3,764	3,701	3,653	3,608	3,579
Lincoln City & Newport	899	882	869	854	843	826	813	800	790	776	765	754	746	733	723	712	704	691	680	670	662
Portland	41,953	41,113	40,666	40,073	39,662	38,936	38,406	37,884	37,544	36,959	36,505	36,086	35,827	35,286	34,860	34,421	34,154	33,551	33,075	32,632	32,347
Salem	9,045	8,872	8,766	8,629	8,532	8,369	8,248	8,130	8,050	7,919	7,816	7,721	7,660	7,540	7,445	7,348	7,286	7,156	7,052	6,955	6,892
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	6,843	6,693	6,607	6,498	6,419	6,290	6,193	6,098	6,032	5,928	5,845	5,768	5,717	5,622	5,545	5,467	5,416	5,314	5,231	5,154	5,102
<b>Total System</b>	<b>68,774</b>	<b>67,642</b>	<b>66,867</b>	<b>65,858</b>	<b>65,148</b>	<b>63,930</b>	<b>63,031</b>	<b>62,148</b>	<b>61,560</b>	<b>60,579</b>	<b>59,810</b>	<b>59,101</b>	<b>58,651</b>	<b>57,749</b>	<b>57,034</b>	<b>56,300</b>	<b>55,844</b>	<b>54,851</b>	<b>54,064</b>	<b>53,329</b>	<b>52,852</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,177	2,142	2,119	2,088	2,067	2,029	2,001	1,974	1,957	1,926	1,903	1,881	1,869	1,841	1,819	1,797	1,783	1,752	1,728	1,705	1,691
Astoria	588	577	568	558	550	538	529	520	514	504	496	489	484	475	468	460	455	446	438	431	426
Dalles (OR)	256	252	249	245	242	237	233	230	228	224	221	218	216	213	210	207	205	201	198	195	194
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,923	1,890	1,867	1,839	1,818	1,783	1,757	1,732	1,715	1,687	1,665	1,645	1,632	1,606	1,585	1,564	1,551	1,523	1,501	1,480	1,467
Lincoln City & Newport	415	408	402	395	390	382	376	370	365	359	353	349	345	339	334	329	326	320	315	310	306
Portland	24,909	24,552	24,331	24,016	23,816	23,415	23,136	22,861	22,700	22,383	22,147	21,934	21,822	21,529	21,308	21,078	20,958	20,620	20,363	20,126	19,991
Salem	4,944	4,861	4,806	4,733	4,682	4,593	4,528	4,464	4,422	4,351	4,295	4,244	4,213	4,148	4,096	4,043	4,011	3,939	3,882	3,829	3,796
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,436	4,356	4,301	4,230	4,180	4,095	4,033	3,971	3,930	3,863	3,809	3,761	3,729	3,668	3,619	3,569	3,537	3,470	3,417	3,368	3,335
<b>Total System</b>	<b>39,648</b>	<b>39,038</b>	<b>38,643</b>	<b>38,104</b>	<b>37,744</b>	<b>37,072</b>	<b>36,593</b>	<b>36,122</b>	<b>35,829</b>	<b>35,296</b>	<b>34,890</b>	<b>34,520</b>	<b>34,309</b>	<b>33,817</b>	<b>33,439</b>	<b>33,048</b>	<b>32,828</b>	<b>32,272</b>	<b>31,842</b>	<b>31,444</b>	<b>31,206</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,298	1,272	1,254	1,231	1,214	1,188	1,167	1,148	1,134	1,113	1,096	1,081	1,070	1,051	1,036	1,020	1,009	989	972	956	945
Astoria	513	503	495	486	478	468	460	452	446	438	431	424	420	412	406	400	395	388	381	376	371
Dalles (OR)	393	384	380	373	369	361	356	350	347	341	336	332	330	325	321	316	314	308	304	300	298
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,996	1,962	1,938	1,906	1,883	1,847	1,820	1,794	1,776	1,749	1,727	1,707	1,695	1,671	1,652	1,632	1,621	1,595	1,574	1,556	1,545
Lincoln City & Newport	448	439	433	425	419	411	404	397	392	385	380	374	370	363	358	352	348	342	336	331	327
Portland	14,145	13,874	13,675	13,423	13,231	12,941	12,715	12,494	12,331	12,097	11,903	11,722	11,591	11,376	11,194	11,009	10,877	10,643	10,448	10,264	10,129
Salem	3,329	3,269	3,226	3,170	3,129	3,065	3,016	2,968	2,935	2,884	2,844	2,806	2,781	2,736	2,698	2,660	2,635	2,586	2,545	2,508	2,482
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,144	2,104	2,075	2,040	2,013	1,971	1,939	1,908	1,885	1,851	1,823	1,797	1,779	1,748	1,722	1,696	1,678	1,645	1,618	1,593	1,574
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24,266</b>	<b>23,808</b>	<b>23,476</b>	<b>23,054</b>	<b>22,735</b>	<b>22,251</b>	<b>21,877</b>	<b>21,512</b>	<b>21,246</b>	<b>20,858</b>	<b>20,539</b>	<b>20,244</b>	<b>20,035</b>	<b>19,681</b>	<b>19,386</b>	<b>19,086</b>	<b>18,878</b>	<b>18,495</b>	<b>18,179</b>	<b>17,883</b>	<b>17,611</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	255	277	275	272	270	266	264	261	259	256	253	251	249	246	243	241	239	236	234	231	230
Astoria	9	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	46	45	45	44	44
Dalles (OR)	55	85	84	83	82	81	80	80	79	78	77	77	76	75	74	73	73	72	71	71	70
Eugene & Coos Bay	572	685	678	672	667	658	652	645	641	632	626	620	616	607	601	595	591	583	578	572	568
Lincoln City & Newport	35	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	29
Portland	2,899	2,687	2,660	2,633	2,616	2,581	2,555	2,530	2,513	2,479	2,454	2,430	2,414	2,381	2,358	2,334	2,318	2,288	2,265	2,242	2,227
Salem	772	741	734	727	722	712	705	698	693	684	677	670	666	657	650	644	640	631	625	619	614
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	263	233	230	228	226	223	221	219	217	215	212	210	209	206	204	202	201	198	196	194	193
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,860</b>	<b>4,796</b>	<b>4,748</b>	<b>4,700</b>	<b>4,669</b>	<b>4,607</b>	<b>4,561</b>	<b>4,515</b>	<b>4,485</b>	<b>4,425</b>	<b>4,381</b>	<b>4,337</b>	<b>4,308</b>	<b>4,251</b>	<b>4,208</b>	<b>4,166</b>	<b>4,138</b>	<b>4,083</b>	<b>4,042</b>	<b>4,002</b>	<b>3,975</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	677	670	663	658	650	643	637	632	624	618	612	607	600	594	588	584	576	570	565	561
Astoria	134	132	131	130	129	127	126	125	124	122	121	120	119	117	116	115	114	113	112	110	110
Dalles (OR)	223	221	218	216	215	212	210	208	206	204	202	200	198	196	194	192	190	188	186	184	183
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,353	1,340	1,326	1,317	1,300	1,287	1,274	1,265	1,249	1,236	1,224	1,215	1,200	1,188	1,176	1,167	1,152	1,141	1,129	1,121
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	38	37	37	37
Portland	3,456	3,413	3,378	3,345	3,320	3,278	3,245	3,213	3,189	3,149	3,117	3,086	3,064	3,025	2,995	2,965	2,943	2,906	2,877	2,848	2,827
Salem	1,728	1,706	1,689	1,672	1,660	1,639															

# Appendix 2-11: Detailed Results – Negative Short Term Growth Scenario

**Peak Day Demand, MDTh/day**  
**Negative Growth (Short Term Only) Demand Scenario**  
 Peak Day = February 3  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

## Total Core Demand

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	50.92	50.36	49.65	48.70	47.76	46.91	46.45	46.38	46.69	47.55	48.32	49.14	49.92	50.79	51.53	52.23	52.94	53.58	54.13	54.72	55.32
Astoria	19.04	18.80	18.38	17.88	17.39	16.94	16.64	16.47	16.42	16.56	16.67	16.80	16.92	17.06	17.17	17.26	17.35	17.43	17.47	17.54	17.60
Dalles (OR)	9.08	9.12	8.99	8.82	8.64	8.49	8.41	8.44	8.55	8.78	9.00	9.22	9.44	9.67	9.88	10.08	10.28	10.46	10.62	10.80	10.97
Eugene & Coos Bay	60.81	60.07	59.13	57.91	56.71	55.62	55.04	54.98	55.43	56.59	57.64	58.75	59.82	60.98	62.00	62.97	63.95	64.85	65.64	66.49	67.34
Lincoln City & Newport	14.56	14.25	13.97	13.62	13.28	12.97	12.79	12.75	12.86	13.14	13.39	13.65	13.90	14.16	14.39	14.60	14.81	14.99	15.15	15.31	15.47
Portland	541.33	533.00	526.86	518.08	509.33	501.42	497.22	496.26	498.55	505.86	512.29	519.31	526.15	533.85	540.42	546.61	553.00	558.77	563.68	569.17	574.75
Salem	126.07	125.61	123.79	121.36	118.97	116.78	115.59	115.36	116.07	118.13	119.97	121.93	123.82	125.90	127.69	129.38	131.09	132.63	133.96	135.40	136.85
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	93.47	91.32	89.89	88.02	86.18	84.50	83.81	84.06	85.24	87.69	89.97	92.33	94.63	97.08	99.30	101.42	103.56	105.67	107.39	109.29	111.20
Total System	915.29	902.53	890.67	874.40	858.26	843.64	835.95	834.69	839.80	854.33	867.27	881.13	894.61	909.49	922.38	934.55	946.98	958.28	968.04	978.72	989.50

## Residential

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	32.93	32.48	32.05	31.48	30.91	30.39	30.16	30.24	30.60	31.37	32.08	32.81	33.53	34.29	34.97	35.61	36.26	36.87	37.41	37.97	38.54
Astoria	11.68	11.42	11.18	10.90	10.61	10.35	10.20	10.13	10.17	10.32	10.46	10.60	10.74	10.89	11.01	11.13	11.24	11.34	11.41	11.50	11.59
Dalles (OR)	3.91	3.85	3.80	3.72	3.65	3.58	3.55	3.58	3.66	3.80	3.94	4.08	4.22	4.36	4.49	4.62	4.75	4.87	4.98	5.10	5.21
Eugene & Coos Bay	30.24	29.77	29.33	28.75	28.18	27.66	27.43	27.52	27.92	28.73	29.49	30.27	31.03	31.84	32.57	33.26	33.96	34.62	35.22	35.84	36.46
Lincoln City & Newport	9.15	8.95	8.77	8.55	8.33	8.12	8.01	8.01	8.11	8.34	8.55	8.76	8.97	9.18	9.38	9.56	9.74	9.90	10.05	10.20	10.35
Portland	356.17	352.46	349.05	343.94	338.83	334.23	332.58	333.49	336.95	344.19	350.83	357.85	364.73	372.19	378.88	385.30	391.83	397.92	403.41	409.26	415.17
Salem	80.57	79.38	78.27	76.79	75.32	73.98	73.36	73.44	74.23	75.98	77.59	79.26	80.90	82.65	84.21	85.70	87.21	88.61	89.86	91.18	92.50
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	67.23	66.12	65.10	63.75	62.42	61.22	60.76	61.01	61.99	63.93	65.73	67.59	69.42	71.34	73.09	74.77	76.47	78.06	79.51	81.02	82.53
Total System	591.88	584.43	577.54	567.87	558.25	549.54	546.05	547.42	553.62	566.67	578.67	591.24	603.53	616.73	628.59	639.95	651.46	662.18	671.84	682.07	692.35

## Commercial

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	16.80	16.50	16.23	15.87	15.51	15.19	14.96	14.82	14.77	14.86	14.92	15.00	15.07	15.17	15.23	15.28	15.33	15.37	15.37	15.40	15.43
Astoria	7.31	7.12	6.95	6.74	6.53	6.35	6.20	6.09	6.02	6.00	5.97	5.95	5.94	5.93	5.91	5.89	5.87	5.84	5.81	5.79	5.76
Dalles (OR)	4.92	4.82	4.75	4.66	4.56	4.48	4.44	4.43	4.47	4.56	4.64	4.72	4.80	4.89	4.96	5.03	5.10	5.16	5.21	5.27	5.32
Eugene & Coos Bay	27.35	26.85	26.39	25.78	25.18	24.64	24.32	24.18	24.24	24.58	24.86	25.18	25.48	25.83	26.12	26.38	26.65	26.89	27.08	27.29	27.52
Lincoln City & Newport	5.24	5.13	5.03	4.91	4.79	4.68	4.62	4.59	4.59	4.64	4.69	4.73	4.77	4.82	4.85	4.88	4.91	4.93	4.94	4.95	4.96
Portland	169.35	166.59	164.01	160.47	156.96	153.79	151.33	149.52	148.35	148.40	148.13	148.13	148.05	148.27	148.12	147.87	147.69	147.34	146.74	146.34	145.99
Salem	43.12	42.41	41.75	40.84	39.94	39.14	38.59	38.29	38.22	38.52	38.75	39.02	39.27	39.59	39.81	39.99	40.19	40.33	40.40	40.51	40.63
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	24.44	24.02	23.63	23.12	22.62	22.16	21.94	21.93	22.14	22.65	23.12	23.61	24.09	24.61	25.08	25.52	25.96	26.38	26.74	27.13	27.53
Total System	298.53	293.45	288.74	282.38	276.10	270.43	266.39	263.86	262.79	264.21	265.10	266.34	267.47	269.11	270.08	270.84	271.71	272.23	272.29	272.68	273.14

## Industrial Firm Sales

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.19	1.39	1.37	1.36	1.35	1.33	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.33	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.35	1.35	1.35
Astoria	0.06	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Dalles (OR)	0.25	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.44
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.23	3.45	3.42	3.38	3.35	3.32	3.29	3.28	3.28	3.28	3.29	3.30	3.31	3.31	3.32	3.33	3.33	3.34	3.35	3.36	3.36
Lincoln City & Newport	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
Portland	15.81	13.95	13.81	13.67	13.53	13.40	13.31	13.25	13.24	13.27	13.30	13.33	13.36	13.39	13.42	13.45	13.48	13.51	13.54	13.57	13.60
Salem	2.38	3.82	3.78	3.74	3.70	3.66	3.64	3.63	3.62	3.63	3.64	3.65	3.65	3.66	3.67	3.68	3.69	3.69	3.70	3.71	3.72
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	1.81	1.17	1.16	1.15	1.14	1.13	1.12	1.11	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14
Total System	24.89	24.64	24.39	24.15	23.91	23.67	23.51	23.41	23.39	23.45	23.50	23.55	23.60	23.65	23.70	23.76	23.81	23.86	23.91	23.97	24.02

## Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.87	1.85	1.84	1.82	1.80	1.78	1.77	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.77	1.77	1.78	1.78	1.78	1.79	1.79	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.81
Astoria	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
Dalles (OR)	0.61	0.60	0.60	0.59	0.59	0.58	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.75	3.71	3.67	3.63	3.60	3.56	3.54	3.52	3.52	3.53	3.54	3.54	3.55	3.56	3.57	3.57	3.58	3.59	3.60	3.61	3.61
Lincoln City & Newport	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
Portland	9.44	9.35	9.26																		

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Design Year (85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak)**

**Negative Growth (Short Term Only) Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,992	3,950	3,903	3,841	3,796	3,723	3,696	3,697	3,742	3,793	3,855	3,920	4,001	4,052	4,113	4,172	4,250	4,287	4,337	4,391	4,463
Astoria	1,205	1,224	1,206	1,183	1,166	1,140	1,129	1,126	1,138	1,150	1,166	1,183	1,205	1,216	1,232	1,247	1,268	1,276	1,289	1,303	1,322
Dalles (OR)	755	772	762	750	741	727	722	724	737	753	771	789	810	825	842	859	880	892	906	922	941
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,804	4,842	4,783	4,710	4,658	4,570	4,542	4,554	4,627	4,708	4,805	4,905	5,026	5,105	5,201	5,293	5,411	5,474	5,557	5,642	5,754
Lincoln City & Newport	969	950	936	920	907	888	881	882	895	911	929	948	970	985	1,003	1,020	1,042	1,054	1,069	1,084	1,104
Portland	44,532	43,646	43,170	42,534	42,089	41,318	41,025	40,991	41,401	41,810	42,351	42,929	43,692	44,116	44,668	45,196	45,943	46,238	46,687	47,171	47,878
Salem	9,652	9,474	9,359	9,211	9,107	8,929	8,864	8,870	8,988	9,114	9,270	9,433	9,639	9,763	9,918	10,067	10,266	10,358	10,487	10,622	10,810
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	7,291	7,130	7,036	6,918	6,831	6,693	6,661	6,704	6,850	7,033	7,235	7,442	7,680	7,859	8,059	8,253	8,484	8,635	8,811	8,992	9,212
Total System	73,201	71,988	71,156	70,067	69,296	67,988	67,520	67,547	68,378	69,272	70,382	71,548	73,022	73,923	75,036	76,103	77,544	78,210	79,143	80,127	81,485
		71,985	71,153	70,064	69,293	67,985	67,517	67,544	68,375	69,269	70,379	71,545	73,019	73,920	75,033	76,103	77,540	78,210	79,139	80,123	81,481

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,351	2,313	2,288	2,254	2,230	2,189	2,178	2,188	2,228	2,276	2,330	2,386	2,451	2,498	2,551	2,603	2,667	2,704	2,750	2,797	2,857
Astoria	648	634	625	613	605	591	586	586	595	604	616	629	644	653	665	676	690	697	707	717	730
Dalles (OR)	279	274	271	267	263	258	257	260	268	279	290	301	314	324	335	346	359	368	378	388	400
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,084	2,047	2,022	1,990	1,968	1,929	1,920	1,932	1,977	2,030	2,090	2,152	2,223	2,275	2,334	2,392	2,462	2,505	2,557	2,611	2,678
Lincoln City & Newport	461	452	446	438	432	422	420	423	433	447	462	477	494	507	522	536	552	563	576	589	605
Portland	26,651	26,270	26,032	25,693	25,473	25,044	24,954	25,058	25,475	25,922	26,454	27,009	27,687	28,141	28,678	29,198	29,867	30,229	30,693	31,181	31,822
Salem	5,344	5,252	5,191	5,110	5,056	4,957	4,930	4,952	5,047	5,154	5,278	5,407	5,561	5,666	5,790	5,909	6,061	6,145	6,252	6,363	6,507
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,765	4,680	4,620	4,542	4,485	4,395	4,377	4,412	4,520	4,655	4,802	4,954	5,126	5,258	5,404	5,546	5,714	5,826	5,955	6,088	6,248
Total System	42,583	41,923	41,495	40,907	40,512	39,784	39,622	39,811	40,543	41,367	42,323	43,314	44,501	45,323	46,279	47,206	48,372	49,037	49,867	50,733	51,847

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,383	1,356	1,337	1,312	1,292	1,264	1,249	1,241	1,245	1,250	1,257	1,265	1,279	1,284	1,291	1,298	1,310	1,311	1,314	1,320	1,331
Astoria	548	537	528	517	510	498	492	489	492	494	498	503	509	512	516	520	526	527	530	534	540
Dalles (OR)	420	411	406	399	394	386	383	383	387	392	399	405	413	418	424	430	437	441	445	450	457
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,137	2,099	2,072	2,037	2,013	1,972	1,958	1,960	1,987	2,016	2,051	2,088	2,134	2,162	2,197	2,230	2,274	2,324	2,354	2,396	2,462
Lincoln City & Newport	472	462	455	447	441	432	427	425	428	430	433	437	442	444	447	450	455	456	458	461	465
Portland	14,935	14,648	14,438	14,168	13,961	13,654	13,469	13,341	13,328	13,293	13,296	13,313	13,384	13,358	13,366	13,368	13,432	13,368	13,347	13,337	13,389
Salem	3,535	3,469	3,423	3,363	3,319	3,249	3,216	3,203	3,225	3,245	3,275	3,307	3,355	3,375	3,404	3,432	3,476	3,484	3,505	3,528	3,567
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,256	2,214	2,183	2,145	2,116	2,072	2,059	2,067	2,106	2,154	2,208	2,263	2,327	2,375	2,428	2,479	2,542	2,581	2,627	2,675	2,734
Total System	25,685	25,197	24,842	24,389	24,046	23,528	23,254	23,111	23,197	23,273	23,417	23,582	23,843	23,927	24,074	24,207	24,452	24,463	24,551	24,659	24,877

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	258	281	279	276	274	270	268	267	268	268	268	269	270	270	271	271	273	273	273	274	275
Astoria	9	54	53	53	52	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
Dalles (OR)	56	86	85	84	84	83	82	82	82	82	82	82	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	84	84
Eugene & Coos Bay	583	696	689	682	677	668	664	661	663	662	664	665	669	668	669	671	675	674	675	677	681
Lincoln City & Newport	36	35	35	35	35	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	35	35
Portland	2,947	2,727	2,700	2,673	2,655	2,620	2,602	2,592	2,598	2,595	2,601	2,607	2,621	2,618	2,624	2,630	2,644	2,641	2,647	2,653	2,667
Salem	774	752	745	737	733	723	718	715	717	716	718	719	723	722	724	725	730	729	730	732	736
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	270	236	233	231	230	227	225	224	225	224	225	225	227	226	227	227	229	228	229	229	231
Total System	4,933	4,868	4,820	4,771	4,739	4,676	4,644	4,626	4,637	4,632	4,642	4,652	4,678	4,673	4,683	4,693	4,719	4,714	4,725	4,735	4,761

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	677	670	663	658	650	645	643	644	644	645	647	650	649	651	652	656	655	657	658	661
Astoria	134	132	131	130	129	127	126	126	126	126	126	127	127	127	127	128	128	128	128	129	129
Dalles (OR)	223	221	218	216	215	212	210	210	210	210	210	211	212	212	212	213	214	214	214	215	216
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,353	1,340	1,326	1,317	1,300	1,291	1,286	1,288	1,288	1,290	1,293	1,300	1,299	1,302	1,305	1,311	1,310	1,313	1,316	1,323
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	43	43	43	43	43	43
Portland	3,456	3,413	3,378	3,345	3,320	3,278	3,255	3,243	3,249	3,247	3,254	3,261	3,277	3,276	3,283	3,290	3,306	3,305	3,312	3,319	3,336
Salem	1,728	1,7																			

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Normal Year**  
**Negative Growth (Short Term Only) Demand Scenario**  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,730	3,692	3,648	3,591	3,551	3,483	3,458	3,459	3,502	3,549	3,608	3,668	3,745	3,792	3,849	3,904	3,978	4,013	4,060	4,110	4,179
Astoria	1,110	1,132	1,116	1,095	1,080	1,057	1,047	1,046	1,056	1,069	1,084	1,100	1,120	1,133	1,148	1,162	1,182	1,191	1,204	1,217	1,235
Dalles (OR)	704	721	712	701	693	679	675	677	690	704	720	737	757	771	787	803	822	833	847	861	880
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,491	4,537	4,483	4,416	4,369	4,289	4,263	4,276	4,344	4,422	4,514	4,608	4,720	4,797	4,887	4,975	5,084	5,147	5,225	5,306	5,410
Lincoln City & Newport	899	882	869	854	843	826	820	821	832	847	865	882	903	917	934	950	969	981	996	1,010	1,029
Portland	41,953	41,113	40,666	40,073	39,662	38,936	38,664	38,634	39,026	39,407	39,917	40,461	41,184	41,578	42,098	42,596	43,305	43,580	44,005	44,464	45,136
Salem	9,045	8,872	8,766	8,629	8,532	8,369	8,311	8,318	8,428	8,549	8,697	8,850	9,041	9,161	9,307	9,448	9,633	9,724	9,847	9,975	10,150
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	6,843	6,693	6,607	6,498	6,419	6,290	6,262	6,303	6,444	6,616	6,807	7,003	7,229	7,398	7,587	7,771	7,992	8,134	8,302	8,474	8,685
<b>Total System</b>	<b>68,774</b>	<b>67,642</b>	<b>66,867</b>	<b>65,858</b>	<b>65,148</b>	<b>63,930</b>	<b>63,499</b>	<b>63,534</b>	<b>64,322</b>	<b>65,163</b>	<b>66,211</b>	<b>67,310</b>	<b>68,700</b>	<b>69,547</b>	<b>70,597</b>	<b>71,609</b>	<b>72,966</b>	<b>73,602</b>	<b>74,485</b>	<b>75,417</b>	<b>76,704</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,177	2,142	2,119	2,088	2,067	2,029	2,019	2,029	2,067	2,111	2,162	2,214	2,275	2,318	2,368	2,416	2,476	2,511	2,554	2,598	2,655
Astoria	588	577	568	558	550	538	534	535	543	552	563	575	589	598	609	619	633	640	649	659	671
Dalles (OR)	256	252	249	245	242	237	236	239	246	256	267	277	289	299	309	319	331	339	349	358	369
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,923	1,890	1,867	1,839	1,818	1,783	1,775	1,787	1,829	1,879	1,935	1,992	2,058	2,108	2,163	2,217	2,281	2,323	2,372	2,423	2,484
Lincoln City & Newport	415	408	402	395	390	382	380	383	392	405	419	433	449	461	475	488	503	513	525	538	552
Portland	24,909	24,552	24,331	24,016	23,816	23,415	23,334	23,433	23,828	24,246	24,745	25,266	25,905	26,328	26,832	27,322	27,954	28,291	28,730	29,189	29,796
Salem	4,944	4,861	4,806	4,733	4,682	4,593	4,570	4,591	4,679	4,780	4,897	5,017	5,160	5,260	5,376	5,488	5,628	5,710	5,811	5,915	6,049
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,436	4,356	4,301	4,230	4,180	4,095	4,081	4,114	4,217	4,343	4,482	4,624	4,787	4,911	5,048	5,182	5,342	5,446	5,569	5,694	5,847
<b>Total System</b>	<b>39,648</b>	<b>39,038</b>	<b>38,643</b>	<b>38,104</b>	<b>37,744</b>	<b>37,072</b>	<b>36,928</b>	<b>37,110</b>	<b>37,801</b>	<b>38,572</b>	<b>39,470</b>	<b>40,399</b>	<b>41,513</b>	<b>42,283</b>	<b>43,180</b>	<b>44,052</b>	<b>45,148</b>	<b>45,774</b>	<b>46,558</b>	<b>47,374</b>	<b>48,423</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,298	1,272	1,254	1,231	1,214	1,188	1,174	1,167	1,171	1,174	1,182	1,190	1,203	1,207	1,214	1,221	1,233	1,233	1,237	1,242	1,253
Astoria	513	503	495	486	478	468	463	461	463	466	470	475	481	484	488	492	498	500	503	507	512
Dalles (OR)	393	384	380	373	369	361	358	358	362	367	373	379	386	391	396	402	409	412	416	421	427
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,996	1,962	1,938	1,906	1,883	1,847	1,835	1,838	1,863	1,891	1,925	1,960	2,003	2,032	2,065	2,097	2,139	2,160	2,188	2,217	2,256
Lincoln City & Newport	448	439	433	425	419	411	406	405	407	409	412	416	420	422	425	428	433	434	436	439	443
Portland	14,145	13,874	13,675	13,423	13,231	12,941	12,767	12,648	12,639	12,605	12,610	12,627	12,697	12,671	12,681	12,684	12,747	12,687	12,668	12,661	12,712
Salem	3,329	3,269	3,226	3,170	3,129	3,065	3,034	3,023	3,043	3,064	3,093	3,125	3,169	3,189	3,218	3,245	3,286	3,296	3,316	3,339	3,376
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,144	2,104	2,075	2,040	2,013	1,971	1,959	1,968	2,005	2,051	2,104	2,157	2,219	2,264	2,315	2,365	2,425	2,462	2,507	2,553	2,610
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24,266</b>	<b>23,808</b>	<b>23,476</b>	<b>23,054</b>	<b>22,735</b>	<b>22,251</b>	<b>21,997</b>	<b>21,867</b>	<b>21,953</b>	<b>22,028</b>	<b>22,169</b>	<b>22,328</b>	<b>22,578</b>	<b>22,661</b>	<b>22,803</b>	<b>22,933</b>	<b>23,169</b>	<b>23,184</b>	<b>23,273</b>	<b>23,379</b>	<b>23,590</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	255	277	275	272	270	266	265	264	264	264	264	265	267	266	267	267	269	269	269	270	271
Astoria	9	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	50	50	50	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	52
Dalles (OR)	55	85	84	83	82	81	81	80	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	82	82	82	82	82	83
Eugene & Coos Bay	572	685	678	672	667	658	654	651	653	652	653	655	658	658	659	661	664	664	665	666	670
Lincoln City & Newport	35	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	33	33	33	33	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Portland	2,899	2,687	2,660	2,633	2,616	2,581	2,563	2,553	2,559	2,556	2,562	2,568	2,582	2,579	2,585	2,590	2,605	2,602	2,607	2,613	2,628
Salem	772	741	734	727	722	712	707	704	706	705	707	708	712	712	713	715	719	718	719	721	725
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	263	233	230	228	226	223	222	221	222	221	222	222	223	223	224	224	225	225	226	226	227
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,860</b>	<b>4,796</b>	<b>4,748</b>	<b>4,700</b>	<b>4,669</b>	<b>4,607</b>	<b>4,575</b>	<b>4,557</b>	<b>4,568</b>	<b>4,563</b>	<b>4,573</b>	<b>4,583</b>	<b>4,608</b>	<b>4,603</b>	<b>4,613</b>	<b>4,623</b>	<b>4,649</b>	<b>4,644</b>	<b>4,654</b>	<b>4,664</b>	<b>4,690</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	677	670	663	658	650	645	643	644	644	645	647	650	649	651	652	656	655	657	658	661
Astoria	134	132	131	130	129	127	126	126	126	126	126	127	127	127	127	128	128	128	128	129	129
Dalles (OR)	223	221	218	216	215	212	210	210	210	210	210	211	212	212	212	213	214	214	214	215	216
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,353	1,340	1,326	1,317	1,300	1,291	1,286	1,288	1,288	1,290	1,293	1,300	1,299	1,302	1,305	1,311	1,310	1,313	1,316	1,323
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	43	43	43	43	43	43
Portland	3,456	3,413	3,378	3,345	3,320	3,278	3,255	3,243	3,249	3,247	3,254	3,261	3,277	3,276	3,283	3,290	3,306	3,305	3,312	3,319	3,336
Salem	1,728	1,706																			

# Appendix 2-12: Detailed Results – Negative Long Term Growth Scenario

Peak Day Demand, MDTh/day  
 Negative Growth (Long Term Only) Demand Scenario

Peak Day = February 3  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

Total Core Demand																					
Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	50.92	51.75	52.73	53.50	54.29	55.17	55.60	55.56	55.04	54.27	53.42	52.64	51.87	51.18	50.41	49.61	48.85	48.04	47.19	46.40	45.63
Astoria	19.04	19.32	19.48	19.54	19.62	19.72	19.69	19.51	19.17	18.77	18.34	17.94	17.55	17.20	16.82	16.44	16.08	15.71	15.33	14.97	14.63
Dalles (OR)	9.08	9.42	9.69	9.92	10.15	10.39	10.52	10.55	10.46	10.31	10.15	10.01	9.86	9.74	9.60	9.45	9.31	9.17	9.01	8.87	8.73
Eugene & Coos Bay	60.81	62.13	63.45	64.50	65.55	66.70	67.27	67.22	66.55	65.57	64.49	63.52	62.55	61.70	60.74	59.76	58.82	57.85	56.82	55.87	54.96
Lincoln City & Newport	14.56	14.80	15.14	15.42	15.70	15.99	16.12	16.07	15.85	15.54	15.22	14.92	14.62	14.35	14.06	13.77	13.49	13.21	12.91	12.63	12.37
Portland	541.33	545.50	553.66	559.60	565.72	572.91	576.44	576.10	571.82	565.14	557.58	550.75	543.81	537.84	530.82	523.53	516.54	509.09	501.01	493.59	486.39
Salem	126.07	129.31	131.68	133.51	135.37	137.46	138.45	138.28	136.95	134.99	132.84	130.87	128.90	127.17	125.21	123.20	121.27	119.25	117.10	115.12	113.20
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	93.47	95.36	98.55	101.41	104.29	107.39	109.31	109.94	109.24	107.58	105.76	104.10	102.44	100.97	99.33	97.65	96.04	94.36	92.58	90.93	89.35
Total System	915.29	927.58	944.38	957.40	970.68	985.72	993.40	993.22	985.08	972.17	957.79	944.75	931.60	920.16	906.98	893.40	880.40	866.67	851.94	838.39	825.26

Residential																					
Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	32.93	33.55	34.41	35.16	35.93	36.78	37.27	37.38	37.12	36.63	36.08	35.58	35.08	34.64	34.14	33.63	33.13	32.61	32.06	31.54	31.04
Astoria	11.68	11.79	11.97	12.10	12.24	12.39	12.45	12.38	12.20	11.95	11.69	11.44	11.20	10.98	10.75	10.51	10.29	10.06	9.82	9.60	9.38
Dalles (OR)	3.91	4.04	4.20	4.35	4.50	4.66	4.77	4.80	4.77	4.70	4.63	4.56	4.50	4.44	4.37	4.31	4.24	4.18	4.10	4.04	3.97
Eugene & Coos Bay	30.24	30.92	31.83	32.64	33.47	34.36	34.89	35.03	34.75	34.25	33.71	33.21	32.71	32.27	31.78	31.27	30.79	30.28	29.74	29.24	28.76
Lincoln City & Newport	9.15	9.36	9.63	9.87	10.11	10.36	10.49	10.48	10.35	10.15	9.93	9.74	9.54	9.36	9.17	8.98	8.80	8.61	8.42	8.24	8.06
Portland	356.17	362.12	370.06	376.75	383.66	391.41	396.15	397.72	396.03	391.99	387.34	383.18	378.93	375.31	370.98	366.45	362.11	357.44	352.34	347.67	343.13
Salem	80.57	81.99	83.94	85.63	87.37	89.28	90.36	90.56	89.86	88.61	87.23	85.98	84.72	83.61	82.35	81.06	79.83	78.53	77.15	75.87	74.64
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	67.23	69.01	71.43	73.65	75.92	78.38	79.94	80.51	80.05	78.84	77.51	76.30	75.09	74.03	72.83	71.60	70.43	69.21	67.91	66.71	65.55
Total System	591.88	602.78	617.46	630.15	643.19	657.62	666.32	668.86	665.12	657.12	648.12	639.99	631.77	624.65	616.37	607.81	599.61	590.91	581.53	572.90	564.54

Commercial																					
Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	16.80	16.80	16.92	16.93	16.93	16.96	16.90	16.75	16.50	16.24	15.95	15.69	15.42	15.19	14.93	14.66	14.41	14.14	13.85	13.59	13.34
Astoria	7.31	7.28	7.25	7.19	7.12	7.07	6.98	6.86	6.71	6.56	6.40	6.25	6.10	5.97	5.83	5.69	5.55	5.42	5.28	5.15	5.02
Dalles (OR)	4.92	4.93	5.04	5.12	5.19	5.26	5.30	5.29	5.23	5.16	5.08	5.00	4.93	4.87	4.79	4.72	4.65	4.58	4.50	4.42	4.35
Eugene & Coos Bay	27.35	27.74	28.13	28.34	28.54	28.78	28.82	28.65	28.28	27.83	27.33	26.89	26.45	26.07	25.64	25.20	24.79	24.36	23.90	23.48	23.08
Lincoln City & Newport	5.24	5.27	5.34	5.39	5.42	5.46	5.46	5.42	5.33	5.23	5.12	5.02	4.91	4.83	4.73	4.63	4.54	4.44	4.34	4.25	4.16
Portland	169.35	169.33	169.50	168.63	167.74	167.14	165.93	164.06	161.56	159.07	156.29	153.77	151.22	149.00	146.45	143.82	141.30	138.65	135.81	133.19	130.65
Salem	43.12	43.48	43.88	43.99	44.08	44.24	44.15	43.81	43.21	42.54	41.79	41.12	40.45	39.87	39.20	38.51	37.86	37.17	36.43	35.76	35.11
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	24.44	25.17	25.94	26.56	27.17	27.80	28.16	28.23	28.00	27.56	27.07	26.64	26.20	25.81	25.37	24.93	24.50	24.06	23.59	23.15	22.73
Total System	298.53	300.00	302.00	302.14	302.18	302.71	301.70	299.06	294.83	290.17	285.03	280.37	275.68	271.61	266.94	262.16	257.60	252.80	247.68	242.98	238.44

Industrial Firm Sales																					
Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.19	1.40	1.40	1.41	1.42	1.43	1.43	1.42	1.42	1.40	1.39	1.37	1.36	1.35	1.33	1.32	1.31	1.29	1.28	1.27	1.25
Astoria	0.06	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23
Dalles (OR)	0.25	0.45	0.45	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.45	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.41	0.40
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.23	3.47	3.49	3.52	3.54	3.56	3.56	3.54	3.52	3.49	3.45	3.42	3.38	3.35	3.31	3.28	3.25	3.22	3.18	3.15	3.12
Lincoln City & Newport	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15
Portland	15.81	14.04	14.10	14.21	14.32	14.37	14.37	14.32	14.23	14.08	13.94	13.80	13.67	13.53	13.39	13.26	13.13	13.00	12.87	12.74	12.61
Salem	2.38	3.84	3.86	3.89	3.92	3.93	3.93	3.92	3.89	3.85	3.81	3.78	3.74	3.70	3.66	3.63	3.59	3.55	3.52	3.48	3.45
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	1.81	1.18	1.19	1.19	1.20	1.21	1.21	1.20	1.20	1.18	1.17	1.16	1.15	1.14	1.13	1.11	1.10	1.09	1.08	1.07	1.06
Total System	24.89	24.80	24.91	25.11	25.30	25.38	25.38	25.30	25.13	24.88	24.63	24.39	24.14	23.90	23.66	23.43	23.19	22.96	22.73	22.50	22.28

Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)																					
Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.89	1.90	1.91	1.91	1.90	1.89	1.87	1.85	1.83	1.82	1.80	1.78	1.76	1.74	1.73	1.71	1.69	1.68
Astoria	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.33	0.33	0.33
Dalles (OR)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.61	0.60	0.60	0.59	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.56	0.56	0.55	0.55
Eugene & Coos Bay	3.75	3.73	3.75	3.78	3.81	3.82	3.82	3.81	3.78	3.74	3.71	3.67	3.63	3.60	3.56	3.52	3.49	3.45	3.42	3.39	3.35
Lincoln City & Newport	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
Portland	9.44	9.41	9.45	9.53	9.60	9.63	9.63	9.60	9.54	9.44	9.35	9.25	9.16	9.07	8.98	8.89	8.80	8.71	8.62	8.54	8.45
Salem	4.72	4.71	4.73	4.76	4.80	4.82	4.82	4.80	4.77	4.72	4.67	4.63	4.58	4.53	4.49	4.44	4.40	4.36	4.31	4.27	4.23
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	1.59	1.58	1.59	1.60	1.61	1.62	1.62	1.61	1.60	1.59	1.57	1.56	1.54	1.52	1.51	1.49	1.48	1.46	1.45	1.44	1.42
Total System	22.47	22.39	22.49	22.67	22.84	22.92	22.92	22.84	22.69	22.46	22.24	22.01	21.79	21.58	21.36	21.15	20.94	20.73	20.52	20.31	20.11

**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Design Year (85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak)**

**Negative Growth (Long Term Only) Demand Scenario**

(Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,992	4,050	4,125	4,190	4,274	4,327	4,367	4,372	4,360	4,290	4,233	4,180	4,145	4,081	4,028	3,974	3,938	3,867	3,809	3,755	3,719
Astoria	1,205	1,259	1,279	1,295	1,318	1,329	1,338	1,336	1,329	1,303	1,283	1,263	1,250	1,226	1,207	1,188	1,176	1,151	1,132	1,114	1,101
Dalles (OR)	755	794	816	835	858	874	886	889	887	872	861	850	844	831	820	810	803	789	778	767	760
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,804	4,998	5,114	5,219	5,348	5,432	5,496	5,512	5,504	5,415	5,347	5,283	5,243	5,163	5,100	5,036	4,997	4,911	4,844	4,782	4,743
Lincoln City & Newport	969	980	1,003	1,023	1,048	1,065	1,077	1,078	1,074	1,055	1,039	1,024	1,014	996	982	967	957	939	924	910	900
Portland	44,532	44,635	45,299	45,843	46,613	47,027	47,357	47,378	47,294	46,560	45,985	45,455	45,123	44,445	43,905	43,349	43,006	42,247	41,644	41,081	40,716
Salem	9,652	9,742	9,932	10,097	10,314	10,445	10,545	10,560	10,540	10,364	10,227	10,100	10,021	9,860	9,733	9,603	9,524	9,348	9,210	9,082	8,999
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	7,291	7,450	7,721	7,978	8,273	8,511	8,692	8,771	8,781	8,630	8,509	8,396	8,319	8,182	8,070	7,956	7,879	7,731	7,611	7,498	7,420
<b>Total System</b>	<b>73,201</b>	<b>73,908</b>	<b>75,288</b>	<b>76,479</b>	<b>78,047</b>	<b>79,011</b>	<b>79,757</b>	<b>79,895</b>	<b>79,771</b>	<b>78,490</b>	<b>77,482</b>	<b>76,553</b>	<b>75,959</b>	<b>74,783</b>	<b>73,845</b>	<b>72,884</b>	<b>72,281</b>	<b>70,984</b>	<b>69,951</b>	<b>68,988</b>	<b>68,358</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,351	2,387	2,449	2,507	2,578	2,630	2,671	2,685	2,685	2,644	2,611	2,580	2,561	2,523	2,492	2,460	2,440	2,397	2,363	2,331	2,310
Astoria	648	655	669	681	698	708	716	717	715	701	690	679	672	659	649	638	631	618	607	597	590
Dalles (OR)	279	288	301	314	328	339	348	352	352	347	342	338	336	331	327	322	320	314	310	306	303
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,084	2,126	2,195	2,260	2,338	2,397	2,443	2,461	2,462	2,422	2,390	2,362	2,344	2,307	2,278	2,248	2,231	2,190	2,158	2,129	2,110
Lincoln City & Newport	461	473	491	507	527	542	553	557	557	547	539	531	527	518	510	503	498	488	481	474	469
Portland	26,651	26,995	27,609	28,160	28,865	29,356	29,756	29,916	29,970	29,545	29,224	28,933	28,771	28,379	28,077	27,764	27,592	27,141	26,791	26,469	26,278
Salem	5,344	5,426	5,570	5,703	5,870	5,989	6,082	6,115	6,117	6,016	5,939	5,868	5,826	5,733	5,661	5,587	5,544	5,442	5,363	5,289	5,244
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,765	4,887	5,075	5,256	5,467	5,642	5,777	5,839	5,851	5,752	5,672	5,598	5,549	5,459	5,385	5,310	5,261	5,162	5,082	5,007	4,957
<b>Total System</b>	<b>42,583</b>	<b>43,237</b>	<b>44,359</b>	<b>45,388</b>	<b>46,670</b>	<b>47,604</b>	<b>48,346</b>	<b>48,642</b>	<b>48,710</b>	<b>47,973</b>	<b>47,406</b>	<b>46,889</b>	<b>46,586</b>	<b>45,907</b>	<b>45,379</b>	<b>44,833</b>	<b>44,518</b>	<b>43,753</b>	<b>43,155</b>	<b>42,601</b>	<b>42,261</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,383	1,380	1,391	1,396	1,407	1,407	1,406	1,397	1,387	1,362	1,341	1,322	1,308	1,285	1,266	1,246	1,232	1,207	1,187	1,167	1,153
Astoria	548	551	556	559	565	566	566	563	559	548	539	531	525	515	507	499	493	483	475	468	462
Dalles (OR)	420	419	427	434	441	446	449	448	446	439	433	427	423	416	411	405	402	394	388	383	379
Eugene & Coos Bay	2,137	2,171	2,215	2,250	2,293	2,318	2,336	2,337	2,330	2,291	2,261	2,233	2,215	2,181	2,154	2,126	2,110	2,073	2,044	2,017	2,001
Lincoln City & Newport	472	471	476	480	485	486	487	485	481	472	465	458	453	444	437	431	426	417	410	404	399
Portland	14,935	14,895	14,931	14,904	14,939	14,862	14,792	14,661	14,534	14,261	14,034	13,823	13,671	13,420	13,209	12,992	12,839	12,566	12,336	12,121	11,964
Salem	3,535	3,558	3,601	3,627	3,669	3,681	3,688	3,673	3,653	3,588	3,536	3,488	3,456	3,397	3,349	3,301	3,269	3,205	3,153	3,105	3,073
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,256	2,325	2,408	2,481	2,563	2,626	2,673	2,690	2,688	2,640	2,601	2,565	2,538	2,495	2,459	2,422	2,396	2,350	2,311	2,275	2,249
<b>Total System</b>	<b>25,685</b>	<b>25,770</b>	<b>26,006</b>	<b>26,130</b>	<b>26,362</b>	<b>26,392</b>	<b>26,396</b>	<b>26,254</b>	<b>26,078</b>	<b>25,602</b>	<b>25,209</b>	<b>24,846</b>	<b>24,588</b>	<b>24,154</b>	<b>23,792</b>	<b>23,422</b>	<b>23,166</b>	<b>22,695</b>	<b>22,305</b>	<b>21,941</b>	<b>21,681</b>

**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ MDTH	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	258	283	285	287	290	290	290	289	288	284	281	279	277	273	270	268	266	262	260	257	255
Astoria	9	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	49	49	49
Dalles (OR)	56	87	87	88	89	89	89	88	88	87	86	85	85	83	83	82	81	80	79	79	78
Eugene & Coos Bay	583	700	704	709	717	717	717	714	712	703	696	689	684	675	668	661	657	648	642	635	631
Lincoln City & Newport	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	34	34	34	34	33	33	32	32
Portland	2,947	2,745	2,758	2,780	2,809	2,810	2,810	2,801	2,791	2,754	2,727	2,699	2,681	2,646	2,619	2,593	2,575	2,541	2,516	2,491	2,474
Salem	774	757	761	767	775	775	775	773	770	760	752	745	740	730	723	715	711	701	694	687	683
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	270	237	238	240	243	243	243	242	241	238	236	233	232	229	226	224	223	220	218	215	214
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,933</b>	<b>4,900</b>	<b>4,922</b>	<b>4,961</b>	<b>5,014</b>	<b>5,015</b>	<b>5,015</b>	<b>4,999</b>	<b>4,982</b>	<b>4,916</b>	<b>4,866</b>	<b>4,818</b>	<b>4,785</b>	<b>4,722</b>	<b>4,675</b>	<b>4,628</b>	<b>4,597</b>	<b>4,536</b>	<b>4,491</b>	<b>4,446</b>	<b>4,416</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	697	695	692	683	676	670	665	656	650	643	639	630	624	618	613
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	136	135	134	132	131	130	128	127	126	125	123	122	121	120	120
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	227	226	225	223	221	218	217	214	212	210	208	206	204	201	200
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,394	1,389	1,384	1,366	1,353	1,339	1,329	1,313	1,299	1,286	1,277	1,261	1,248	1,236	1,227
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	40	40
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,516	3,504	3,490	3,446	3,411	3,377	3,353	3,310							



**Annual Demand Total, MDth - Normal Year**  
**Negative Growth (Long Term Only) Demand Scenario**  
 (Gross Demand - without reduction for DSM)

**Total Core Demand**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	3,730	3,784	3,854	3,915	3,995	4,044	4,081	4,086	4,078	4,011	3,959	3,910	3,879	3,818	3,770	3,720	3,688	3,621	3,568	3,518	3,485
Astoria	1,110	1,165	1,184	1,199	1,221	1,233	1,241	1,240	1,234	1,212	1,193	1,175	1,163	1,142	1,125	1,108	1,096	1,074	1,057	1,040	1,028
Dalles (OR)	704	741	761	779	801	815	826	829	828	814	804	794	788	776	766	757	751	738	727	718	712
Eugene & Coos Bay	4,491	4,683	4,792	4,892	5,013	5,094	5,155	5,171	5,164	5,083	5,020	4,962	4,924	4,851	4,793	4,734	4,698	4,619	4,557	4,500	4,463
Lincoln City & Newport	899	910	930	949	972	988	1,000	1,002	998	980	966	953	943	927	914	901	891	875	861	848	839
Portland	41,953	42,042	42,666	43,183	43,916	44,304	44,617	44,639	44,568	43,874	43,334	42,837	42,530	41,887	41,381	40,860	40,543	39,827	39,262	38,735	38,398
Salem	9,045	9,122	9,300	9,457	9,660	9,787	9,882	9,898	9,879	9,718	9,591	9,474	9,399	9,251	9,134	9,014	8,939	8,778	8,651	8,532	8,454
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	6,843	6,994	7,250	7,493	7,775	7,999	8,171	8,247	8,260	8,118	8,006	7,901	7,832	7,702	7,598	7,492	7,423	7,284	7,172	7,067	6,996
<b>Total System</b>	<b>68,774</b>	<b>69,440</b>	<b>70,738</b>	<b>71,868</b>	<b>73,352</b>	<b>74,264</b>	<b>74,974</b>	<b>75,113</b>	<b>75,008</b>	<b>73,811</b>	<b>72,872</b>	<b>72,006</b>	<b>71,457</b>	<b>70,355</b>	<b>69,481</b>	<b>68,586</b>	<b>68,028</b>	<b>66,816</b>	<b>65,855</b>	<b>64,958</b>	<b>64,375</b>

**Residential**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	2,177	2,210	2,268	2,322	2,388	2,437	2,475	2,489	2,490	2,451	2,421	2,393	2,377	2,341	2,313	2,284	2,267	2,227	2,195	2,166	2,148
Astoria	588	595	609	620	635	646	653	655	653	641	631	621	615	603	594	585	579	567	557	548	542
Dalles (OR)	256	264	276	288	301	312	320	324	324	319	315	312	309	305	301	297	295	290	286	282	280
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,923	1,963	2,027	2,088	2,160	2,216	2,259	2,277	2,278	2,241	2,213	2,187	2,170	2,137	2,111	2,084	2,067	2,031	2,002	1,975	1,958
Lincoln City & Newport	415	427	443	458	476	491	501	505	505	496	489	483	478	471	464	458	453	445	438	432	428
Portland	24,909	25,230	25,806	26,324	26,990	27,450	27,827	27,980	28,036	27,637	27,338	27,067	26,920	26,551	26,270	25,979	25,823	25,400	25,075	24,776	24,602
Salem	4,944	5,023	5,157	5,282	5,437	5,550	5,638	5,670	5,672	5,581	5,510	5,445	5,406	5,322	5,256	5,189	5,149	5,056	4,984	4,916	4,874
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	4,436	4,549	4,725	4,896	5,096	5,260	5,386	5,446	5,460	5,367	5,294	5,226	5,183	5,098	5,031	4,961	4,918	4,825	4,752	4,683	4,638
<b>Total System</b>	<b>39,648</b>	<b>40,261</b>	<b>41,312</b>	<b>42,279</b>	<b>43,484</b>	<b>44,361</b>	<b>45,061</b>	<b>45,345</b>	<b>45,418</b>	<b>44,733</b>	<b>44,212</b>	<b>43,735</b>	<b>43,458</b>	<b>42,828</b>	<b>42,341</b>	<b>41,837</b>	<b>41,550</b>	<b>40,840</b>	<b>40,289</b>	<b>39,778</b>	<b>39,469</b>

**Commercial**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	1,298	1,295	1,306	1,310	1,321	1,321	1,320	1,313	1,304	1,280	1,260	1,242	1,230	1,208	1,190	1,172	1,160	1,136	1,117	1,099	1,086
Astoria	513	516	522	525	531	533	534	531	527	518	509	502	496	487	480	473	467	458	451	444	439
Dalles (OR)	393	392	399	405	412	416	419	418	417	410	404	399	396	389	384	379	376	369	363	358	355
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,996	2,030	2,072	2,105	2,147	2,172	2,190	2,185	2,150	2,122	2,097	2,080	2,049	2,024	1,999	1,983	1,950	1,923	1,899	1,884	1,874
Lincoln City & Newport	448	447	452	455	460	462	462	460	457	449	442	435	430	423	416	410	405	397	391	385	380
Portland	14,145	14,108	14,144	14,121	14,158	14,086	14,022	13,901	13,783	13,524	13,310	13,111	12,968	12,730	12,531	12,327	12,183	11,924	11,708	11,506	11,358
Salem	3,329	3,353	3,394	3,420	3,460	3,473	3,480	3,467	3,448	3,389	3,340	3,295	3,265	3,210	3,166	3,121	3,090	3,031	2,983	2,939	2,908
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	2,144	2,210	2,290	2,360	2,440	2,500	2,545	2,562	2,562	2,516	2,479	2,425	2,420	2,379	2,344	2,310	2,286	2,242	2,205	2,171	2,147
<b>Total System</b>	<b>24,266</b>	<b>24,351</b>	<b>24,578</b>	<b>24,702</b>	<b>24,928</b>	<b>24,963</b>	<b>24,973</b>	<b>24,844</b>	<b>24,683</b>	<b>24,235</b>	<b>23,867</b>	<b>23,526</b>	<b>23,285</b>	<b>22,876</b>	<b>22,536</b>	<b>22,189</b>	<b>21,950</b>	<b>21,507</b>	<b>21,142</b>	<b>20,800</b>	<b>20,557</b>

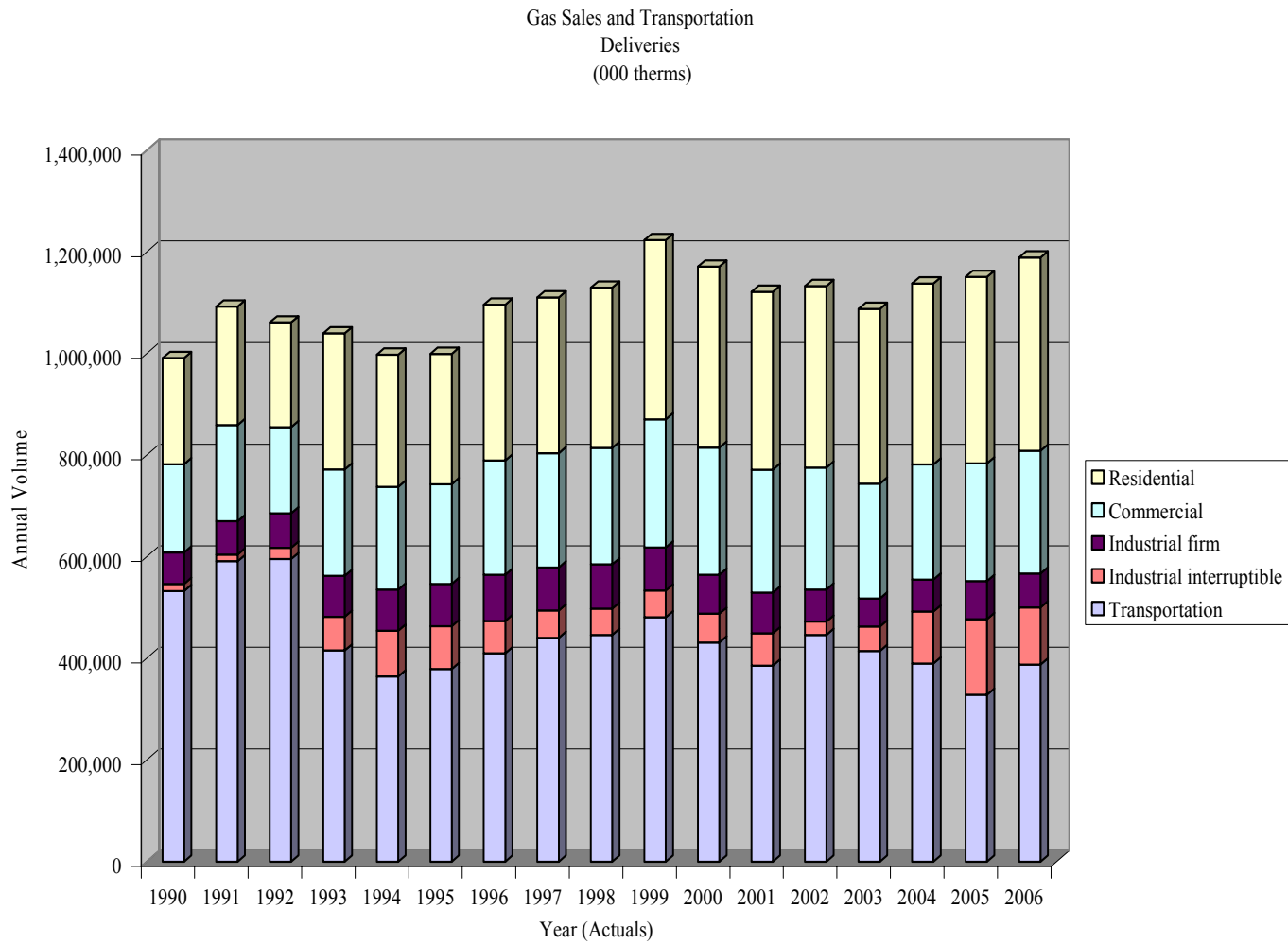
**Industrial Firm Sales**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	255	279	280	283	286	286	285	284	280	277	274	273	269	266	264	262	258	256	253	252	252
Astoria	9	53	53	54	54	54	54	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	48	48
Dalles (OR)	55	85	86	86	87	87	87	87	87	85	85	84	83	82	81	80	80	79	78	77	77
Eugene & Coos Bay	572	690	693	698	706	706	704	701	692	685	678	674	665	658	651	647	638	632	626	622	622
Lincoln City & Newport	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	32
Portland	2,899	2,704	2,717	2,738	2,767	2,768	2,759	2,749	2,713	2,686	2,659	2,641	2,606	2,580	2,554	2,537	2,503	2,478	2,454	2,437	2,437
Salem	772	746	750	755	764	764	764	761	759	749	741	734	729	719	712	705	700	691	684	677	672
Vancouver & Dalles (WA)	263	234	235	237	240	240	240	239	238	235	232	230	229	226	223	221	220	217	215	212	211
<b>Total System</b>	<b>4,860</b>	<b>4,827</b>	<b>4,849</b>	<b>4,887</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>4,924</b>	<b>4,907</b>	<b>4,842</b>	<b>4,794</b>	<b>4,746</b>	<b>4,714</b>	<b>4,651</b>	<b>4,605</b>	<b>4,559</b>	<b>4,528</b>	<b>4,468</b>	<b>4,424</b>	<b>4,379</b>	<b>4,350</b>

**Interruptible (Excluded from Core Demand)**

Gas Year/ Region	2007 2008	2008 2009	2009 2010	2010 2011	2011 2012	2012 2013	2013 2014	2014 2015	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025	2025 2026	2026 2027	2027 2028
Albany	685	681	684	690	697	697	695	692	683	676	670	665	656	650	643	639	630	624	618	618	613
Astoria	134	133	134	135	136	136	136	135	134	132	131	130	128	127	126	125	123	122	121	120	120
Dalles (OR)	223	222	223	225	227	227	227	226	223	221	218	217	214	212	210	208	206	204	201	200	200
Eugene & Coos Bay	1,371	1,362	1,368	1,379	1,393	1,394	1,394	1,389	1,384	1,366	1,353	1,339	1,329	1,313	1,299	1,286	1,277	1,261	1,248	1,236	1,227
Lincoln City & Newport	45	44	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	40	40
Portland	3,456	3,435	3,450	3,478	3,513	3,515	3,516	3,504	3,490	3,446	3,411	3,377	3,353	3,310	3,277	3,244	3,221	3,180	3,148	3,116	3,094
Salem	1,728	1,717																			

# Appendix 2-13: Historical Gas Sales and Transportation Deliveries



# Appendix 2-14: Customer Forecast - Base Case

End of Year	Albany										Astoria										Eugene & Coos Bay									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family				Existing	Conversion	New Construction			
2007	34,268	176	103	765	3,904	61	40	36	15		9,587	122	34	128	1,582	19	23	7	3		31,387	422	84	671	5,049	136	79	88	29	
2008	34,120	349	149	1,452	3,842	102	91	35	15		9,545	244	63	241	1,557	50	52	7	3		31,252	843	159	1,272	4,968	283	195	88	29	
2009	33,973	555	262	2,299	3,780	178	142	36	15		9,504	387	99	383	1,531	80	81	7	3		31,117	1,345	249	2,014	4,888	444	297	88	29	
2010	33,825	772	384	3,211	3,718	254	193	36	15		9,463	537	136	533	1,506	110	110	7	3		30,982	1,865	348	2,810	4,808	605	399	89	29	
2011	33,678	991	509	4,161	3,656	330	244	36	15		9,421	691	174	690	1,481	140	139	7	3		30,847	2,398	449	3,636	4,727	766	501	89	30	
2012	33,530	1,219	639	5,146	3,593	406	295	36	15		9,380	852	212	849	1,456	170	168	7	3		30,712	2,947	553	4,492	4,647	927	603	90	30	
2013	33,383	1,456	769	6,150	3,531	482	346	36	15		9,339	1,013	250	1,023	1,431	200	197	7	3		30,577	3,511	657	5,381	4,566	1,088	705	90	30	
2014	33,235	1,693	899	7,154	3,469	558	397	36	15		9,298	1,174	288	1,197	1,406	230	226	7	3		30,441	4,075	761	6,270	4,486	1,249	807	90	30	
2015	33,088	1,930	1,029	8,158	3,407	634	448	36	15		9,256	1,335	326	1,371	1,380	260	255	7	3		30,306	4,639	865	7,159	4,405	1,410	909	90	30	
2016	32,940	2,167	1,159	9,162	3,345	710	499	37	15		9,215	1,496	364	1,545	1,355	290	284	7	3		30,171	5,203	969	8,048	4,325	1,571	1,011	90	30	
2017	32,793	2,404	1,289	10,166	3,282	786	550	37	15		9,174	1,657	402	1,719	1,330	320	313	7	3		30,036	5,767	1,073	8,937	4,245	1,732	1,113	90	30	
2018	32,645	2,641	1,419	11,170	3,220	862	601	37	15		9,133	1,818	440	1,893	1,305	350	342	7	3		29,901	6,331	1,177	9,826	4,164	1,893	1,215	91	30	
2019	32,498	2,878	1,549	12,174	3,158	938	652	37	15		9,091	1,979	478	2,067	1,280	380	371	7	3		29,766	6,895	1,281	10,715	4,084	2,054	1,317	91	30	
2020	32,350	3,115	1,679	13,178	3,096	1,014	703	37	15		9,050	2,140	516	2,241	1,254	410	400	7	3		29,631	7,459	1,385	11,604	4,003	2,215	1,419	91	30	
2021	32,203	3,352	1,809	14,182	3,034	1,090	754	37	15		9,009	2,301	554	2,415	1,229	440	429	7	3		29,496	8,023	1,489	12,493	3,923	2,376	1,521	91	30	
2022	32,055	3,589	1,939	15,186	2,972	1,166	805	37	15		8,968	2,462	592	2,589	1,204	470	458	7	3		29,361	8,587	1,593	13,382	3,843	2,537	1,623	91	30	
2023	31,908	3,826	2,069	16,190	2,909	1,242	856	37	15		8,926	2,623	630	2,763	1,179	500	487	7	3		29,226	9,151	1,697	14,271	3,762	2,698	1,725	92	30	
2024	31,760	4,063	2,199	17,194	2,847	1,318	907	37	15		8,885	2,784	668	2,937	1,154	530	516	7	3		29,090	9,715	1,801	15,160	3,682	2,859	1,827	92	31	
2025	31,613	4,300	2,329	18,198	2,785	1,394	958	37	15		8,844	2,945	706	3,111	1,128	560	545	7	3		28,955	10,279	1,905	16,049	3,601	3,020	1,929	92	31	
2026	31,465	4,537	2,459	19,202	2,723	1,470	1,009	37	15		8,803	3,106	744	3,285	1,103	590	574	7	3		28,820	10,843	2,009	16,938	3,521	3,181	2,031	92	31	
2027	31,318	4,774	2,589	20,206	2,661	1,546	1,060	37	15		8,761	3,267	782	3,459	1,078	620	603	7	3		28,685	11,407	2,113	17,827	3,441	3,342	2,133	93	31	

End of Year	The Dalles (OR)										Lincoln City & Newport										Portland									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family				Existing	Conversion	New Construction			
2007	4,021	57	33	121	1,000	19	19	10	5		7,928	96	65	208	1,258	17	18	4	1		352,573	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,956	471	345	353	74	
2008	4,003	118	61	229	984	40	39	10	5		7,893	184	119	419	1,238	32	37	4	1		351,056	5,256	3,729	8,302	33,415	909	684	352	73	
2009	3,986	189	98	362	968	70	75	10	5		7,859	301	184	649	1,218	58	59	4	1		349,538	8,363	5,913	13,147	32,875	1,346	1,021	353	74	
2010	3,969	263	137	505	952	100	111	11	5		7,825	421	252	896	1,198	84	81	4	1		348,021	11,599	8,275	18,384	32,334	1,783	1,358	356	74	
2011	3,951	337	176	653	937	130	147	11	5		7,791	543	322	1,153	1,178	110	103	5	1		346,503	14,943	10,740	23,836	31,793	2,220	1,695	359	75	
2012	3,934	412	215	806	921	160	183	11	5		7,757	667	393	1,418	1,158	136	125	5	1		344,985	18,386	13,334	29,512	31,252	2,657	2,032	360	75	
2013	3,917	487	254	970	905	190	219	11	5		7,723	793	464	1,694	1,138	162	147	5	1		343,468	21,944	15,952	35,199	30,711	3,094	2,369	360	75	
2014	3,899	562	293	1,134	889	220	255	11	5		7,689	919	535	1,970	1,118	188	169	5	1		341,950	25,502	18,570	40,886	30,170	3,531	2,706	361	75	
2015	3,882	637	332	1,298	873	250	291	11	5		7,655	1,045	606	2,246	1,098	214	191	5	1		340,433	29,060	21,188	46,573	29,630	3,968	3,043	362	75	
2016	3,865	712	371	1,462	857	280	327	11	5		7,620	1,171	677	2,522	1,078	240	213	5	1		338,915	32,618	23,806	52,260	29,089	4,405	3,380	363	76	
2017	3,847	787	410	1,626	841	310	363	11	5		7,586	1,297	748	2,798	1,058	266	235	5	1		337,397	36,176	26,424	57,947	28,548	4,842	3,717	364	76	
2018	3,830	862	449	1,790	825	340	399	11	5		7,552	1,423	819	3,074	1,038	292	257	5	1		335,880	39,734	29,042	63,634	28,007	5,279	4,054	364	76	
2019	3,813	937	488	1,954	809	370	435	11	5		7,518	1,549	890	3,350	1,018	318	279	5	1		334,362	43,292	31,660	69,321	27,466	5,716	4,391	365	76	
2020	3,796	1,012	527	2,118	793	400	471	11	5		7,484	1,675	961	3,626	998	344	301	5	1		332,845	46,850	34,278	75,008	26,925	6,153	4,728	366	76	
2021	3,778	1,087	566	2,282	777	430	507	11	5		7,450	1,801	1,032	3,902	977	370	323	5	1		331,327	50,408	36,896	80,695	26,384	6,590	5,065	367	76	
2022	3,761	1,162	605	2,446	761	460	543	11	5		7,416	1,927	1,103	4,178	957	396	345	5	1		329,809	53,966	39,514	86,382	25,844	7,027	5,402	368	77	
2023	3,744	1,237	644	2,610	745	490	579	11	5		7,382	2,053	1,174	4,454	937	422	367	5	1		328,292	57,524	42,132	92,069	25,303	7,464	5,739	368	77	
2024	3,726	1,312	683	2,774	729	520	615	11	5		7,347	2,179	1,245	4,730	917	448	389	5	1		326,774	61,082	44,750	97,756	24,762	7,901	6,076	369	77	
2025	3,709	1,387	722	2,938	714	550	651	11	5		7,313	2,305	1,316	5,006	897	474	411	5	1		325,257	64,640	47,368	103,443	24,221	8,338	6,413	370	77	
2026	3,692	1,462	761	3,102	698	580	687	11	5		7,279	2,431	1,387	5,282	877	500	433	5	1		323,739	68,198	49,986	109,130	23,680	8,775	6,750	371	77	
2027	3,674	1,537	800	3,266	682	610	723	11	5		7,245	2,557	1,458	5,558	857	526	455	5	1		322,221	71,756	52,604	114,817	23,139	9,212	7,087	372	77	

End of Year	Salem										Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)										System									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Industrial	Interruptible			Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	New Construction			Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Industrial	Interruptible	
											Existing	Conversion											New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family						New Construction
2007	74,832	433	137	1,714	8,061	100	144	95	37	58,531	284	328	1,767	4,966	107	131	30	12	573,126	4,274	2,743	9,743	59,777	930	798	623	175			
2008	74,510	859	264	3,255	7,933	219	300	95	37	58,397	566	629	3,364	4,931	222	264	29	12	570,777	8,420	5,173	18,534	58,869	1,856	1,662	621	174			
2009	74,188	1,369	419	5,154	7,805	337	456	96	37	58,263	910	1,007	5,368	4,896	339	400	30	12	568,428	13,420	8,231	29,376	57,961	2,851	2,531	624	175			
2010	73,866	1,897	583	7,202	7,676	455	612	96	37	58,129	1,265	1,414	7,530	4,861	456	536	30	12	566,079	18,620	11,529	41,071	57,053	3,846	3,400	629	177			
2011	73,544	2,442	755	9,330	7,548	573	768	97	37	57,995	1,630	1,836	9,780	4,826	573	672	30	13	563,730	23,976	14,961	53,239	56,145	4,841	4,269	633	178			
2012	73,221	3,001	930	11,540	7,419	691	924	97	38	57,861	2,008	2,276	12,117	4,791	690	808	30	13	561,381	29,493	18,552	65,880	55,237	5,836	5,138	635	178			
2013	72,899	3,576	1,105	13,786	7,291	809	1,080	97	38	57,727	2,394	2,716	14,496	4,756	807	944	30	13	559,032	35,175	22,167	78,699	54,329	6,831	6,007	636	179			
2014	72,577	4,151	1,280	16,032	7,163	927	1,236	98	38	57,593	2,780	3,156	16,875	4,721	924	1,080	30	13	556,683	40,857	25,782	91,518	53,421	7,826	6,876	637	179			
2015	72,255	4,726	1,455	18,278	7,034	1,045	1,392	98	38	57,459	3,166	3,596	19,254	4,686	1,041	1,216	30	13	554,334	46,539	29,397	104,337	52,513	8,821	7,745	639	179			
2016	71,933	5,301	1,630	20,524	6,906	1,163	1,548	98	38	57,325	3,552	4,036	21,633	4,651	1,158	1,352	30	13	551,985	52,221	33,012	117,156	51,605	9,816	8,614	640	180			
2017	71,611	5,876	1,805	22,770	6,777	1,281	1,704	98	38	57,191	3,938	4,476	24,012	4,616	1,275	1,488	30	13	549,636	57,903	36,627	129,975	50,697	10,811	9,483	642	180			
2018	71,289	6,451	1,980	25,016	6,649	1,399	1,860	99	38	57,057	4,324	4,916	26,391	4,581	1,392	1,624	30	13	547,287	63,585	40,242	142,794	49,789	11,806	10,352	643	181			
2019	70,967	7,026	2,155	27,262	6,521	1,517	2,016	99	38	56,923	4,710	5,356	28,770	4,546	1,509	1,760	31	13	544,938	69,267	43,857	155,613	48,881	12,801	11,221	644	181			
2020	70,645	7,601	2,330	29,508	6,392	1,635	2,172	99	38	56,789	5,096	5,796	31,149	4,511	1,626	1,896	31	13	542,589	74,949	47,472	168,432	47,973	13,796	12,090	646	181			
2021	70,323	8,176	2,505	31,754	6,264	1,753	2,328	99	38	56,655	5,482	6,236	33,528	4,476	1,743	2,032	31	13	540,240	80,631	51,087	181,251	47,065	14,791	12,959	647	182			
2022	70,000	8,751	2,680	34,000	6,136	1,871	2,484	99	38	56,521	5,868	6,676	35,907	4,441	1,860	2,168	31	13	537,891	86,313	54,702	194,070	46,157	15,786	13,828	649	182			
2023	69,678	9,326	2,855	36,246	6,007	1,989	2,640	100	38	56,387	6,254	7,116	38,286	4,406	1,977	2,304	31	13	535,542	91,995	58,317	206,889	45,249	16,781	14,697	650	183			
2024	69,356	9,901	3,030	38,492	5,879	2,107	2,796	100	38	56,253	6,640	7,556	40,665	4,371	2,094	2,440	31	13	533,193	97,677	61,932	219,708	44,341	17,776	15,566	652	183			
2025	69,034	10,476	3,205	40,738	5,750	2,225	2,952	100	39	56,119	7,026	7,996	43,044	4,336	2,211	2,576	31	13	530,844	103,359	65,547	232,527	43,433	18,771	16,435	653	183			
2026	68,712	11,051	3,380	42,984	5,622	2,343	3,108	100	39	55,985	7,412	8,436	45,423	4,301	2,328	2,712	31	13	528,495	109,041	69,162	245,346	42,525	19,766	17,304	654	184			
2027	68,390	11,626	3,555	45,230	5,494	2,461	3,264	101	39	55,851	7,798	8,876	47,802	4,266	2,445	2,848	31	13	526,146	114,723	72,777	258,165	41,617	20,761	18,173	656	184			

# Appendix 2-15: Customer Forecast - High Growth Scenario

End of Year	Albany										Astoria										Eugene & Coos Bay									
	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction			Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction			Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction		
2007	34,268	241	141	1,049		3,904	85	55	36	15	9,587	168	46	176	1,582	26	32	7	3	31,387	578	115	920	5,049	187	109	88	29		
2008	34,120	488	207	2,028		3,842	141	126	35	15	9,545	342	88	336	1,557	69	72	7	3	31,252	1,179	222	1,777	4,968	391	270	88	29		
2009	33,973	770	362	3,188		3,780	246	196	36	15	9,504	538	137	531	1,531	110	112	7	3	31,117	1,866	345	2,793	4,888	613	410	88	29		
2010	33,825	1,067	529	4,435		3,718	352	267	36	15	9,463	743	188	736	1,506	152	153	7	3	30,982	2,578	480	3,882	4,808	837	552	89	29		
2011	33,678	1,368	701	5,743		3,656	459	339	36	15	9,421	955	240	952	1,481	194	193	7	3	30,847	3,312	619	5,019	4,727	1,063	695	89	30		
2012	33,530	1,684	881	7,108		3,593	566	411	36	15	9,380	1,178	293	1,172	1,456	236	234	7	3	30,712	4,072	763	6,206	4,647	1,291	840	90	30		
2013	33,383	2,017	1,064	8,516		3,531	675	484	36	15	9,339	1,404	346	1,416	1,431	279	276	7	3	30,577	4,863	909	7,452	4,566	1,521	986	90	30		
2014	33,235	2,354	1,249	9,946		3,469	785	558	36	15	9,298	1,633	400	1,664	1,406	323	318	7	3	30,441	5,667	1,057	8,718	4,486	1,754	1,133	90	30		
2015	33,088	2,697	1,437	11,398		3,407	896	632	36	15	9,256	1,866	455	1,916	1,380	366	360	7	3	30,306	6,482	1,208	10,004	4,405	1,989	1,282	90	30		
2016	32,940	3,045	1,628	12,874		3,345	1,008	707	37	15	9,215	2,102	511	2,171	1,355	411	403	7	3	30,171	7,311	1,361	11,310	4,325	2,226	1,432	90	30		
2017	32,793	3,399	1,822	14,372		3,282	1,121	783	37	15	9,174	2,343	568	2,431	1,330	455	446	7	3	30,036	8,153	1,516	12,637	4,245	2,465	1,584	90	30		
2018	32,645	3,758	2,019	15,893		3,220	1,235	860	37	15	9,133	2,587	625	2,695	1,305	500	489	7	3	29,901	9,007	1,673	13,984	4,164	2,707	1,737	91	30		
2019	32,498	4,123	2,219	17,439		3,158	1,350	937	37	15	9,091	2,834	684	2,963	1,280	546	533	7	3	29,766	9,876	1,833	15,353	4,084	2,951	1,892	91	30		
2020	32,350	4,493	2,422	19,008		3,096	1,466	1,015	37	15	9,050	3,086	743	3,235	1,254	592	578	7	3	29,631	10,757	1,996	16,742	4,003	3,198	2,048	91	30		
2021	32,203	4,870	2,629	20,602		3,034	1,584	1,094	37	15	9,009	3,342	804	3,511	1,229	638	623	7	3	29,496	11,653	2,161	18,154	3,923	3,447	2,206	91	30		
2022	32,055	5,252	2,838	22,221		2,972	1,703	1,173	37	15	8,968	3,601	865	3,791	1,204	685	668	7	3	29,361	12,562	2,329	19,587	3,843	3,698	2,365	91	30		
2023	31,908	5,640	3,051	23,865		2,909	1,823	1,254	37	15	8,926	3,865	927	4,076	1,179	732	714	7	3	29,226	13,485	2,499	21,043	3,762	3,952	2,526	92	30		
2024	31,760	6,034	3,267	25,534		2,847	1,944	1,335	37	15	8,885	4,133	990	4,366	1,154	780	760	7	3	29,090	14,423	2,672	22,521	3,682	4,209	2,688	92	31		
2025	31,613	6,434	3,487	27,229		2,785	2,066	1,417	37	15	8,844	4,404	1,054	4,659	1,128	828	807	7	3	28,955	15,375	2,848	24,022	3,601	4,468	2,852	92	31		
2026	31,465	6,840	3,710	28,951		2,723	2,189	1,500	37	15	8,803	4,681	1,119	4,958	1,103	877	854	7	3	28,820	16,342	3,026	25,546	3,521	4,729	3,018	92	31		
2027	31,318	7,253	3,936	30,699		2,661	2,314	1,584	37	15	8,761	4,961	1,186	5,261	1,078	926	901	7	3	28,685	17,324	3,207	27,094	3,441	4,993	3,186	93	31		

End of Year	The Dalles (OR)										Lincoln City & Newport										Portland									
	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction			Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction			Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction		
2007	4,021	78	45	166		1,000	27	26	10	5	7,928	132	90	285	1,258	23	24	4	1	352,573	3,679	2,687	5,991	33,956	650	477	353	74		
2008	4,003	165	85	320		984	55	53	10	5	7,893	257	166	586	1,238	44	51	4	1	351,056	7,345	5,209	11,596	33,415	1,256	944	352	73		
2009	3,986	262	136	502		968	96	103	10	5	7,859	417	255	900	1,218	80	81	4	1	349,538	11,599	8,199	18,230	32,875	1,858	1,409	353	74		
2010	3,969	363	189	697		952	138	153	11	5	7,825	581	348	1,238	1,198	116	112	4	1	348,021	16,026	11,430	25,394	32,334	2,466	1,877	356	74		
2011	3,951	465	243	901		937	180	204	11	5	7,791	749	444	1,592	1,178	152	143	5	1	346,503	20,630	14,824	32,901	31,793	3,079	2,350	359	75		
2012	3,934	569	297	1,113		921	222	255	11	5	7,757	921	543	1,959	1,158	189	174	5	1	344,985	25,402	18,419	40,768	31,252	3,699	2,828	360	75		
2013	3,917	674	352	1,343		905	265	306	11	5	7,723	1,098	642	2,346	1,138	226	205	5	1	343,468	30,391	22,090	48,742	30,711	4,324	3,310	360	75		
2014	3,899	781	407	1,577		889	309	358	11	5	7,689	1,277	743	2,740	1,118	264	237	5	1	341,950	35,458	25,819	56,841	30,170	4,956	3,797	361	75		
2015	3,882	890	464	1,814		873	352	411	11	5	7,655	1,460	846	3,139	1,098	302	269	5	1	340,433	40,605	29,606	65,068	29,630	5,593	4,289	362	75		
2016	3,865	1,000	521	2,055		857	397	464	11	5	7,620	1,645	950	3,544	1,078	340	301	5	1	338,915	45,833	33,452	73,423	29,089	6,237	4,785	363	76		
2017	3,847	1,112	579	2,300		841	441	517	11	5	7,586	1,833	1,056	3,956	1,058	379	334	5	1	337,397	51,142	37,359	81,910	28,548	6,887	5,286	364	76		
2018	3,830	1,225	638	2,548		825	486	571	11	5	7,552	2,024	1,164	4,374	1,038	418	367	5	1	335,880	56,535	41,327	90,529	28,007	7,543	5,792	364	76		
2019	3,813	1,341	698	2,801		809	532	626	11	5	7,518	2,218	1,273	4,799	1,018	457	401	5	1	334,362	62,011	45,356	99,282	27,466	8,205	6,303	365	76		
2020	3,796	1,458	759	3,057		793	578	681	11	5	7,484	2,415	1,384	5,231	998	497	434	5	1	332,845	67,573	49,449	108,172	26,925	8,875	6,819	366	76		
2021	3,778	1,577	821	3,317		777	624	737	11	5	7,450	2,615	1,497	5,669	977	537	468	5	1	331,327	73,222	53,605	117,201	26,384	9,550	7,341	367	76		
2022	3,761	1,698	884	3,582		761	671	793	11	5	7,416	2,818	1,611	6,114	957	578	503	5	1	329,809	78,958	57,826	126,370	25,844	10,233	7,867	368	77		
2023	3,744	1,821	948	3,850		745	718	850	11	5	7,382	3,024	1,728	6,566	937	619	537	5	1	328,292	84,784	62,113	135,681	25,303	10,922	8,398	368	77		
2024	3,726	1,946	1,013	4,123		729	766	907	11	5	7,347	3,234	1,846	7,025	917	660	572	5	1	326,774	90,700	66,466	145,137	24,762	11,618	8,935	369	77		
2025	3,709	2,072	1,079	4,400		714	814	965	11	5	7,313	3,446	1,965	7,491	897	702	608	5	1	325,257	96,707	70,886	154,739	24,221	12,321	9,477	370	77		
2026	3,692	2,201	1,146	4,681		698	863	1,023	11	5	7,279	3,662	2,087	7,964	877	744	643	5	1	323,739	102,808	75,375	164,490	23,682	13,031	10,025	371	77		
2027	3,674	2,331	1,213	4,967		682	912	1,082	11	5	7,245	3,882	2,211	8,444	857	787	680	5	1	322,221	109,002	79,933	174,392	23,139	13,748	10,578	372	77		

End of Year	Salem										Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)										System									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family				Existing	Conversion	New Construction			
2007	74,832	594	187	2,350	8,061	138	199	95	37	58,531	357	413	2,222	4,966	131	160	30	12	573,126	5,827	3,724	13,159	59,777	1,267	1,082	623	175			
2008	74,510	1,201	369	4,546	7,933	302	415	95	37	58,397	725	805	4,304	4,931	272	323	29	12	570,777	11,702	7,150	25,492	58,869	2,529	2,254	621	174			
2009	74,188	1,899	581	7,146	7,805	465	630	96	37	58,263	1,161	1,283	6,839	4,896	417	492	30	12	568,428	18,512	11,298	40,129	57,961	3,885	3,434	624	175			
2010	73,866	2,622	805	9,947	7,676	629	847	96	37	58,129	1,611	1,800	9,585	4,861	565	664	30	12	566,079	25,591	15,770	55,916	57,053	5,254	4,625	629	177			
2011	73,544	3,372	1,042	12,877	7,548	794	1,066	97	37	57,995	2,080	2,342	12,472	4,826	716	839	30	13	563,730	32,931	20,455	72,458	56,145	6,637	5,829	633	178			
2012	73,221	4,147	1,285	15,941	7,419	962	1,287	97	38	57,861	2,569	2,912	15,500	4,791	868	1,017	30	13	561,381	40,544	25,393	89,767	55,237	8,034	7,046	635	178			
2013	72,899	4,953	1,530	19,090	7,291	1,131	1,510	97	38	57,727	3,077	3,490	18,626	4,756	1,023	1,197	30	13	559,032	48,477	30,423	107,532	54,329	9,446	8,275	636	179			
2014	72,577	5,772	1,779	22,288	7,163	1,301	1,736	98	38	57,593	3,593	4,078	21,806	4,721	1,181	1,380	30	13	556,683	56,535	35,533	125,580	53,421	10,872	9,517	637	179			
2015	72,255	6,604	2,033	25,537	7,034	1,473	1,963	98	38	57,459	4,117	4,676	25,040	4,686	1,341	1,566	30	13	554,334	64,721	40,724	143,916	52,513	12,313	10,772	639	179			
2016	71,933	7,448	2,290	28,837	6,906	1,647	2,193	98	38	57,325	4,651	5,284	28,329	4,651	1,503	1,755	30	13	551,985	73,036	45,997	162,545	51,605	13,768	12,041	640	180			
2017	71,611	8,306	2,551	32,189	6,777	1,822	2,425	98	38	57,191	5,194	5,903	31,675	4,616	1,669	1,947	30	13	549,636	81,481	51,354	181,469	50,697	15,239	13,323	642	180			
2018	71,289	9,178	2,816	35,593	6,649	2,000	2,659	99	38	57,057	5,746	6,533	35,078	4,581	1,836	2,142	30	13	547,287	90,060	56,795	200,694	49,789	16,725	14,618	643	181			
2019	70,967	10,063	3,085	39,050	6,521	2,179	2,896	99	38	56,923	6,307	7,173	38,538	4,546	2,006	2,339	31	13	544,938	98,773	62,322	220,224	48,881	18,227	15,927	644	181			
2020	70,645	10,962	3,359	42,561	6,392	2,359	3,135	99	38	56,789	6,878	7,823	42,057	4,511	2,179	2,540	31	13	542,589	107,623	67,936	240,063	47,973	19,744	17,251	646	181			
2021	70,323	11,875	3,637	46,127	6,264	2,542	3,376	99	38	56,655	7,459	8,485	45,635	4,476	2,355	2,744	31	13	540,240	116,612	73,638	260,216	47,065	21,277	18,588	647	182			
2022	70,000	12,802	3,919	49,748	6,136	2,726	3,620	99	38	56,521	8,049	9,158	49,274	4,441	2,533	2,952	31	13	537,891	125,740	79,430	280,687	46,157	22,826	19,940	649	182			
2023	69,678	13,743	4,206	53,425	6,007	2,912	3,866	100	38	56,387	8,650	9,842	52,973	4,406	2,714	3,162	31	13	535,542	135,012	85,313	301,480	45,249	24,392	21,307	650	183			
2024	69,356	14,699	4,497	57,160	5,879	3,100	4,114	100	38	56,253	9,260	10,538	56,735	4,371	2,898	3,376	31	13	533,193	144,428	91,288	322,600	44,341	25,974	22,688	652	183			
2025	69,034	15,670	4,792	60,952	5,750	3,290	4,365	100	39	56,119	9,881	11,246	60,560	4,336	3,085	3,593	31	13	530,844	153,991	97,356	344,053	43,433	27,574	24,084	653	183			
2026	68,712	16,656	5,092	64,803	5,622	3,482	4,618	100	39	55,985	10,512	11,965	64,449	4,301	3,274	3,813	31	13	528,495	163,702	103,519	365,842	42,525	29,190	25,495	654	184			
2027	68,390	17,657	5,397	68,713	5,494	3,675	4,875	101	39	55,851	11,153	12,696	68,402	4,266	3,467	4,037	31	13	526,146	173,564	109,778	387,972	41,617	30,823	26,922	656	184			

# Appendix 2-16: Customer Forecast – Low No Growth Scenario

End of Year	Albany										Astoria										Eugene & Coos Bay									
	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing			Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion			New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction		
2007	34,268	176	103	765	3,904	61	40	36	15	9,587	122	34	128	1,582	19	23	7	3	31,387	422	84	671	5,049	136	79	88	29			
2008	34,120	205	111	881	3,842	85	69	35	15	9,545	143	39	147	1,557	36	40	7	3	31,252	492	96	772	4,968	219	145	88	29			
2009	33,973	233	126	997	3,780	126	97	36	15	9,504	162	44	166	1,531	52	55	7	3	31,117	561	109	874	4,888	306	200	88	29			
2010	33,825	261	142	1,113	3,718	167	124	36	15	9,463	182	48	186	1,506	69	71	7	3	30,982	628	121	976	4,808	393	255	89	29			
2011	33,678	288	157	1,231	3,656	208	152	36	15	9,421	201	53	205	1,481	85	87	7	3	30,847	694	134	1,078	4,727	481	311	89	30			
2012	33,530	315	173	1,348	3,593	249	179	36	15	9,380	220	58	224	1,456	101	103	7	3	30,712	759	146	1,180	4,647	568	366	90	30			
2013	33,383	343	188	1,466	3,531	290	207	36	15	9,339	239	62	244	1,431	117	118	7	3	30,577	825	158	1,284	4,566	655	421	90	30			
2014	33,235	371	203	1,583	3,469	332	235	36	15	9,298	258	66	265	1,406	134	134	7	3	30,441	891	171	1,388	4,486	742	476	90	30			
2015	33,088	399	219	1,701	3,407	373	262	36	15	9,256	276	71	285	1,380	150	150	7	3	30,306	957	183	1,492	4,405	830	532	90	30			
2016	32,940	427	234	1,819	3,345	414	290	37	15	9,215	295	75	306	1,355	166	165	7	3	30,171	1,023	195	1,596	4,325	917	587	90	30			
2017	32,793	454	249	1,936	3,282	455	318	37	15	9,174	314	80	326	1,330	182	181	7	3	30,036	1,089	207	1,700	4,245	1,004	642	90	30			
2018	32,645	482	264	2,054	3,220	496	345	37	15	9,133	333	84	346	1,305	199	197	7	3	29,901	1,155	219	1,804	4,164	1,091	698	91	30			
2019	32,498	510	279	2,171	3,158	538	373	37	15	9,091	352	89	367	1,280	215	213	7	3	29,766	1,222	231	1,909	4,084	1,179	753	91	30			
2020	32,350	538	295	2,289	3,096	579	401	37	15	9,050	371	93	387	1,254	231	228	7	3	29,631	1,288	244	2,013	4,003	1,266	808	91	30			
2021	32,203	565	310	2,407	3,034	620	428	37	15	9,009	390	98	407	1,229	248	244	7	3	29,496	1,354	256	2,117	3,923	1,353	863	91	30			
2022	32,055	593	325	2,524	2,972	661	456	37	15	8,968	408	102	428	1,204	264	260	7	3	29,361	1,420	268	2,221	3,843	1,440	919	91	30			
2023	31,908	621	340	2,642	2,909	702	483	37	15	8,926	427	106	448	1,179	280	275	7	3	29,226	1,486	280	2,325	3,762	1,528	974	92	30			
2024	31,760	649	356	2,759	2,847	743	511	37	15	8,885	446	111	469	1,154	296	291	7	3	29,090	1,552	292	2,429	3,682	1,615	1,029	92	31			
2025	31,613	676	371	2,877	2,785	785	539	37	15	8,844	465	115	489	1,128	313	307	7	3	28,955	1,618	305	2,533	3,601	1,702	1,084	92	31			
2026	31,465	704	386	2,995	2,723	826	566	37	15	8,803	484	120	509	1,103	329	323	7	3	28,820	1,684	317	2,637	3,521	1,789	1,140	92	31			
2027	31,318	732	401	3,112	2,661	867	594	37	15	8,761	503	124	530	1,078	345	338	7	3	28,685	1,750	329	2,742	3,441	1,877	1,195	93	31			

End of Year	The Dalles (OR)										Lincoln City & Newport										Portland									
	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing			Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion			New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction		
2007	4,021	57	33	121	1,000	19	19	10	5	7,928	96	65	208	1,258	17	18	4	1	352,573	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,956	471	345	353	74			
2008	4,003	67	37	139	984	31	30	10	5	7,893	111	74	243	1,238	25	28	4	1	351,056	3,115	2,257	5,030	33,415	719	537	352	73			
2009	3,986	77	43	158	968	47	49	10	5	7,859	127	83	275	1,218	39	40	4	1	349,538	3,541	2,556	5,694	32,875	956	719	353	74			
2010	3,969	86	48	176	952	63	69	11	5	7,825	142	92	306	1,198	53	52	4	1	348,021	3,956	2,859	6,365	32,334	1,192	902	356	74			
2011	3,951	95	52	194	937	80	88	11	5	7,791	157	101	338	1,178	67	64	5	1	346,503	4,369	3,164	7,039	31,793	1,429	1,085	359	75			
2012	3,934	104	57	212	921	96	108	11	5	7,757	172	109	370	1,158	82	76	5	1	344,985	4,780	3,473	7,716	31,252	1,666	1,267	360	75			
2013	3,917	113	62	232	905	112	127	11	5	7,723	187	117	402	1,138	96	88	5	1	343,468	5,196	3,779	8,382	30,711	1,903	1,450	360	75			
2014	3,899	122	66	251	889	128	147	11	5	7,689	202	126	434	1,118	110	100	5	1	341,950	5,613	4,086	9,048	30,170	2,140	1,632	361	75			
2015	3,882	131	71	270	873	145	166	11	5	7,655	217	134	467	1,098	124	112	5	1	340,433	6,030	4,392	9,714	29,630	2,376	1,815	362	75			
2016	3,865	139	75	289	857	161	186	11	5	7,620	231	142	499	1,078	138	124	5	1	338,915	6,446	4,699	10,380	29,089	2,613	1,998	363	76			
2017	3,847	148	80	308	841	177	205	11	5	7,586	246	151	531	1,058	152	136	5	1	337,397	6,863	5,006	11,046	28,548	2,850	2,180	364	76			
2018	3,830	157	84	328	825	193	225	11	5	7,552	261	159	564	1,038	166	148	5	1	335,880	7,280	5,312	11,712	28,007	3,087	2,363	364	76			
2019	3,813	166	89	347	809	210	245	11	5	7,518	276	167	596	1,018	180	160	5	1	334,362	7,697	5,619	12,378	27,466	3,324	2,546	365	76			
2020	3,796	175	94	366	793	226	264	11	5	7,484	290	176	628	998	194	171	5	1	332,845	8,113	5,926	13,044	26,925	3,561	2,728	366	76			
2021	3,778	183	98	385	777	242	284	11	5	7,450	305	184	661	977	208	183	5	1	331,327	8,530	6,232	13,711	26,384	3,797	2,911	367	76			
2022	3,761	192	103	405	761	258	303	11	5	7,416	320	192	693	957	222	195	5	1	329,809	8,947	6,539	14,377	25,844	4,034	3,093	368	77			
2023	3,744	201	107	424	745	275	323	11	5	7,382	335	201	725	937	237	207	5	1	328,292	9,364	6,846	15,043	25,303	4,271	3,276	368	77			
2024	3,726	210	112	443	729	291	342	11	5	7,347	349	209	758	917	251	219	5	1	326,774	9,780	7,152	15,709	24,762	4,508	3,459	369	77			
2025	3,709	219	116	462	714	307	362	11	5	7,313	364	217	790	897	265	231	5	1	325,257	10,197	7,459	16,375	24,221	4,745	3,641	370	77			
2026	3,692	227	121	481	698	323	381	11	5	7,279	379	226	822	877	279	243	5	1	323,739	10,614	7,766	17,041	23,680	4,981	3,824	371	77			
2027	3,674	236	126	501	682	340	401	11	5	7,245	394	234	855	857	293	255	5	1	322,221	11,031	8,072	17,707	23,139	5,218	4,006	372	77			

End of Year	Salem										Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)										System									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing
											Existing	Conversion											New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family						
2007	74,832	433	137	1,714	8,061	100	144	95	37	58,531	284	328	1,767	4,966	107	131	30	12	573,126	4,274	2,743	9,743	59,777	930	798	623	175			
2008	74,510	505	158	1,973	7,933	167	232	95	37	58,397	301	347	1,865	4,931	124	150	29	12	570,777	4,940	3,119	11,050	58,869	1,405	1,231	621	174			
2009	74,188	575	179	2,233	7,805	231	317	96	37	58,263	318	365	1,963	4,896	140	168	30	12	568,428	5,595	3,505	12,359	57,961	1,897	1,647	624	175			
2010	73,866	642	200	2,496	7,676	295	402	96	37	58,129	335	384	2,062	4,861	156	187	30	12	566,079	6,232	3,894	13,681	57,053	2,389	2,063	629	177			
2011	73,544	710	222	2,759	7,548	359	486	97	37	57,995	351	403	2,162	4,826	172	206	30	13	563,730	6,865	4,285	15,006	56,145	2,881	2,479	633	178			
2012	73,221	776	242	3,022	7,419	423	571	97	38	57,861	367	421	2,261	4,791	188	225	30	13	561,381	7,494	4,679	16,333	55,237	3,373	2,895	635	178			
2013	72,899	844	263	3,285	7,291	487	655	97	38	57,727	383	440	2,360	4,756	205	244	30	13	559,032	8,130	5,069	17,655	54,329	3,865	3,311	636	179			
2014	72,577	911	283	3,548	7,163	551	740	98	38	57,593	399	458	2,460	4,721	221	263	30	13	556,683	8,766	5,460	18,977	53,421	4,357	3,727	637	179			
2015	72,255	978	304	3,811	7,034	615	824	98	38	57,459	415	476	2,559	4,686	237	281	30	13	554,334	9,403	5,850	20,299	52,513	4,849	4,143	639	179			
2016	71,933	1,046	324	4,074	6,906	679	909	98	38	57,325	431	495	2,659	4,651	253	300	30	13	551,985	10,039	6,240	21,622	51,605	5,341	4,559	640	180			
2017	71,611	1,113	345	4,337	6,777	743	993	98	38	57,191	447	513	2,758	4,616	269	319	30	13	549,636	10,676	6,630	22,944	50,697	5,833	4,975	642	180			
2018	71,289	1,180	365	4,600	6,649	807	1,078	99	38	57,057	464	532	2,858	4,581	285	338	30	13	547,287	11,312	7,021	24,266	49,789	6,325	5,391	643	181			
2019	70,967	1,248	386	4,863	6,521	871	1,162	99	38	56,923	480	550	2,957	4,546	302	357	31	13	544,938	11,949	7,411	25,588	48,881	6,817	5,807	644	181			
2020	70,645	1,315	406	5,127	6,392	935	1,247	99	38	56,789	496	568	3,057	4,511	318	375	31	13	542,589	12,585	7,801	26,911	47,973	7,309	6,223	646	181			
2021	70,323	1,382	427	5,390	6,264	999	1,331	99	38	56,655	512	587	3,156	4,476	334	394	31	13	540,240	13,222	8,191	28,233	47,065	7,801	6,639	647	182			
2022	70,000	1,450	447	5,653	6,136	1,062	1,416	99	38	56,521	528	605	3,255	4,441	350	413	31	13	537,891	13,858	8,582	29,555	46,157	8,293	7,055	649	182			
2023	69,678	1,517	468	5,916	6,007	1,126	1,501	100	38	56,387	544	624	3,355	4,406	366	432	31	13	535,542	14,494	8,972	30,878	45,249	8,785	7,471	650	183			
2024	69,356	1,584	488	6,179	5,879	1,190	1,585	100	38	56,253	560	642	3,454	4,371	383	451	31	13	533,193	15,131	9,362	32,200	44,341	9,277	7,887	652	183			
2025	69,034	1,652	509	6,442	5,750	1,254	1,670	100	39	56,119	577	660	3,554	4,336	399	470	31	13	530,844	15,767	9,753	33,522	43,433	9,769	8,303	653	183			
2026	68,712	1,719	529	6,705	5,622	1,318	1,754	100	39	55,985	593	679	3,653	4,301	415	488	31	13	528,495	16,404	10,143	34,844	42,525	10,261	8,719	654	184			
2027	68,390	1,786	550	6,968	5,494	1,382	1,839	101	39	55,851	609	697	3,753	4,266	431	507	31	13	526,146	17,040	10,533	36,167	41,617	10,753	9,135	656	184			



# Appendix 2-17: Customer Forecast - Negative Growth Scenario

End of Year	Albany										Astoria										Eugene & Coos Bay									
	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing			Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion			New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction		
2007	34,268	176	103	765	3,904	61	40	36	15	9,587	122	34	128	1,582	19	23	7	3	31,387	422	84	671	5,049	136	79	88	29			
2008	33,916	176	103	765	3,842	70	50	35	14	9,488	122	34	128	1,557	25	29	7	3	31,065	422	84	671	4,968	165	102	87	29			
2009	33,567	176	103	765	3,780	84	60	35	14	9,390	122	34	128	1,531	31	35	7	3	30,745	422	84	671	4,888	197	122	86	29			
2010	33,222	176	103	765	3,718	100	70	34	14	9,294	122	34	128	1,506	37	41	6	3	30,429	422	84	671	4,808	229	143	85	28			
2011	32,880	176	103	765	3,656	115	81	34	14	9,198	122	34	128	1,481	43	46	6	3	30,116	422	84	671	4,727	261	163	84	28			
2012	32,541	176	103	765	3,593	131	91	34	14	9,104	122	34	128	1,456	49	52	6	3	29,806	422	84	671	4,647	295	184	84	28			
2013	32,206	176	103	765	3,531	147	102	33	14	9,010	122	34	128	1,431	55	58	6	3	29,499	422	84	671	4,566	328	206	83	27			
2014	31,875	176	103	765	3,469	163	113	33	14	8,917	122	34	128	1,406	62	65	6	3	29,195	422	84	671	4,486	363	227	82	27			
2015	31,546	176	103	765	3,407	179	124	33	13	8,825	122	34	128	1,380	68	71	6	3	28,895	422	84	671	4,405	397	249	81	27			
2016	31,221	176	103	765	3,345	196	135	32	13	8,734	122	34	128	1,355	75	77	6	3	28,597	422	84	671	4,325	433	272	80	27			
2017	30,900	176	103	765	3,282	213	146	32	13	8,644	122	34	128	1,330	81	84	6	3	28,302	422	84	671	4,245	469	295	79	26			
2018	30,581	176	103	765	3,220	230	158	32	13	8,555	122	34	128	1,305	88	90	6	3	28,010	422	84	671	4,164	505	318	79	26			
2019	30,266	176	103	765	3,158	247	170	31	13	8,467	122	34	128	1,280	95	97	6	3	27,721	422	84	671	4,084	542	341	78	26			
2020	29,953	176	103	765	3,096	265	181	31	13	8,380	122	34	128	1,254	102	104	6	3	27,435	422	84	671	4,003	579	365	77	26			
2021	29,644	176	103	765	3,034	283	193	31	13	8,293	122	34	128	1,229	109	110	6	2	27,152	422	84	671	3,923	617	389	76	25			
2022	29,338	176	103	765	2,972	301	206	31	13	8,207	122	34	128	1,204	116	117	6	2	26,872	422	84	671	3,843	655	413	76	25			
2023	29,035	176	103	765	2,909	319	218	30	12	8,123	122	34	128	1,179	123	124	6	2	26,595	422	84	671	3,762	694	438	75	25			
2024	28,735	176	103	765	2,847	338	230	30	12	8,039	122	34	128	1,154	131	131	6	2	26,320	422	84	671	3,682	734	462	74	25			
2025	28,438	176	103	765	2,785	357	243	30	12	7,956	122	34	128	1,128	138	139	6	2	26,048	422	84	671	3,601	773	488	73	24			
2026	28,145	176	103	765	2,723	376	256	29	12	7,874	122	34	128	1,103	146	146	6	2	25,779	422	84	671	3,521	814	513	73	24			
2027	27,853	176	103	765	2,661	395	269	29	12	7,792	122	34	128	1,078	153	153	5	2	25,512	422	84	671	3,441	855	539	72	24			

End of Year	The Dalles (OR)										Lincoln City & Newport										Portland									
	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial			Industrial	Interruptible
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing			Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion			New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction		
2007	4,021	57	33	121	1,000	19	19	10	5	7,928	96	65	208	1,258	17	18	4	1	352,573	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,956	471	345	353	74			
2008	3,979	57	33	121	984	24	23	10	5	7,846	96	65	208	1,238	20	21	4	1	348,949	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,415	559	413	350	73			
2009	3,938	57	33	121	968	29	30	10	5	7,765	96	65	208	1,218	25	26	4	1	345,361	2,683	1,960	4,370	32,875	644	479	346	72			
2010	3,898	57	33	121	952	35	37	10	5	7,685	96	65	208	1,198	30	30	4	1	341,809	2,683	1,960	4,370	32,334	731	546	343	71			
2011	3,858	57	33	121	937	41	44	10	5	7,606	96	65	208	1,178	35	35	4	1	338,292	2,683	1,960	4,370	31,793	820	615	339	71			
2012	3,818	57	33	121	921	48	52	10	5	7,528	96	65	208	1,158	41	39	4	1	334,811	2,683	1,960	4,370	31,252	910	684	336	70			
2013	3,779	57	33	121	905	54	59	10	4	7,451	96	65	208	1,138	46	44	4	1	331,364	2,683	1,960	4,370	30,711	1,002	755	332	69			
2014	3,740	57	33	121	889	60	67	10	4	7,374	96	65	208	1,118	52	48	4	1	327,952	2,683	1,960	4,370	30,170	1,095	827	329	69			
2015	3,701	57	33	121	873	67	75	10	4	7,298	96	65	208	1,098	57	53	4	1	324,574	2,683	1,960	4,370	29,630	1,189	900	326	68			
2016	3,663	57	33	121	857	73	82	10	4	7,223	96	65	208	1,078	63	58	4	1	321,230	2,683	1,960	4,370	29,089	1,285	973	323	67			
2017	3,625	57	33	121	841	80	90	9	4	7,148	96	65	208	1,058	69	63	4	1	317,919	2,683	1,960	4,370	28,548	1,382	1,048	319	67			
2018	3,588	57	33	121	825	87	99	9	4	7,075	96	65	208	1,038	75	68	4	1	314,641	2,683	1,960	4,370	28,007	1,481	1,125	316	66			
2019	3,551	57	33	121	809	94	107	9	4	7,002	96	65	208	1,018	81	73	4	1	311,396	2,683	1,960	4,370	27,466	1,581	1,202	313	65			
2020	3,514	57	33	121	793	101	115	9	4	6,929	96	65	208	998	87	78	4	1	308,184	2,683	1,960	4,370	26,925	1,683	1,280	310	65			
2021	3,478	57	33	121	777	108	124	9	4	6,858	96	65	208	977	93	83	4	1	305,003	2,683	1,960	4,370	26,384	1,785	1,359	307	64			
2022	3,442	57	33	121	761	115	132	9	4	6,787	96	65	208	957	99	88	4	1	301,855	2,683	1,960	4,370	25,844	1,890	1,440	304	63			
2023	3,407	57	33	121	745	122	141	9	4	6,717	96	65	208	937	105	94	4	1	298,738	2,683	1,960	4,370	25,303	1,995	1,521	301	63			
2024	3,371	57	33	121	729	129	150	9	4	6,648	96	65	208	917	112	99	4	1	295,652	2,683	1,960	4,370	24,762	2,102	1,603	298	62			
2025	3,337	57	33	121	714	137	159	9	4	6,579	96	65	208	897	118	105	4	1	292,597	2,683	1,960	4,370	24,221	2,210	1,687	295	61			
2026	3,302	57	33	121	698	144	168	9	4	6,511	96	65	208	877	124	110	4	1	289,572	2,683	1,960	4,370	23,680	2,319	1,771	292	61			
2027	3,268	57	33	121	682	152	177	9	4	6,444	96	65	208	857	131	116	4	1	286,578	2,683	1,960	4,370	23,139	2,430	1,856	289	60			

End of Year	Salem										Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)										System									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing
											Existing	Conversion											New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family						
2007	74,832	433	137	1,714	8,061	100	144	95	37	58,531	284	328	1,767	4,966	107	131	30	12	573,126	4,274	2,743	9,743	59,777	930	798	623	175			
2008	74,063	433	137	1,714	7,933	124	175	95	36	57,922	284	328	1,767	4,914	107	131	29	12	567,227	4,274	2,743	9,743	58,852	1,093	945	617	173			
2009	73,301	433	137	1,714	7,805	147	206	94	36	57,319	284	328	1,767	4,862	107	131	29	12	561,387	4,274	2,743	9,743	57,927	1,265	1,089	611	172			
2010	72,547	433	137	1,714	7,676	171	237	93	36	56,722	284	328	1,767	4,811	107	131	29	12	555,606	4,274	2,743	9,743	57,003	1,440	1,235	604	170			
2011	71,801	433	137	1,714	7,548	195	269	92	35	56,131	284	328	1,767	4,761	107	131	28	12	549,882	4,274	2,743	9,743	56,080	1,618	1,383	598	168			
2012	71,062	433	137	1,714	7,419	219	301	91	35	55,546	284	328	1,767	4,711	107	131	28	12	544,216	4,274	2,743	9,743	55,157	1,799	1,535	592	166			
2013	70,330	433	137	1,714	7,291	244	333	90	35	54,967	284	328	1,767	4,661	107	131	28	12	538,606	4,274	2,743	9,743	54,234	1,983	1,688	587	165			
2014	69,606	433	137	1,714	7,163	269	367	89	34	54,393	284	328	1,767	4,612	107	131	27	12	533,052	4,274	2,743	9,743	53,312	2,170	1,844	581	163			
2015	68,889	433	137	1,714	7,034	294	400	88	34	53,825	284	328	1,767	4,564	107	131	27	11	527,554	4,274	2,743	9,743	52,391	2,360	2,003	575	161			
2016	68,179	433	137	1,714	6,906	320	435	87	34	53,263	284	328	1,767	4,516	107	131	27	11	522,111	4,274	2,743	9,743	51,470	2,552	2,164	569	160			
2017	67,477	433	137	1,714	6,777	346	469	86	33	52,707	284	328	1,767	4,468	107	131	27	11	516,722	4,274	2,743	9,743	50,549	2,748	2,327	563	158			
2018	66,781	433	137	1,714	6,649	373	505	85	33	52,156	284	328	1,767	4,421	107	131	26	11	511,388	4,274	2,743	9,743	49,629	2,946	2,492	558	157			
2019	66,092	433	137	1,714	6,521	400	540	85	33	51,611	284	328	1,767	4,375	107	131	26	11	506,106	4,274	2,743	9,743	48,710	3,147	2,660	552	155			
2020	65,410	433	137	1,714	6,392	428	577	84	32	51,071	284	328	1,767	4,329	107	131	26	11	500,877	4,274	2,743	9,743	47,791	3,351	2,830	547	154			
2021	64,735	433	137	1,714	6,264	455	613	83	32	50,536	284	328	1,767	4,283	107	131	26	11	495,701	4,274	2,743	9,743	46,872	3,558	3,003	541	152			
2022	64,067	433	137	1,714	6,136	483	650	82	32	50,007	284	328	1,767	4,238	107	131	25	11	490,576	4,274	2,743	9,743	45,954	3,767	3,177	536	151			
2023	63,406	433	137	1,714	6,007	512	688	81	31	49,483	284	328	1,767	4,193	107	131	25	11	485,503	4,274	2,743	9,743	45,036	3,979	3,354	530	149			
2024	62,751	433	137	1,714	5,879	541	726	80	31	48,965	284	328	1,767	4,149	107	131	25	10	480,480	4,274	2,743	9,743	44,119	4,193	3,533	525	148			
2025	62,102	433	137	1,714	5,750	570	765	80	31	48,451	284	328	1,767	4,105	107	131	25	10	475,508	4,274	2,743	9,743	43,202	4,410	3,715	520	146			
2026	61,460	433	137	1,714	5,622	599	804	79	30	47,943	284	328	1,767	4,061	107	131	24	10	470,585	4,274	2,743	9,743	42,285	4,630	3,898	515	145			
2027	60,825	433	137	1,714	5,494	629	843	78	30	47,440	284	328	1,767	4,018	107	131	24	10	465,712	4,274	2,743	9,743	41,369	4,852	4,084	510	143			

# Appendix 2-18: Customer Forecast - Negative Short Term Growth Scenario

End of Year	Albany										Astoria										Eugene & Coos Bay									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family				Existing	Conversion	New Construction			
2007	34,268	176	103	765	3,904	61	40	36	15	9,587	122	34	128	1,582	19	23	7	3	31,387	422	84	671	5,049	136	79	88	29			
2008	33,916	176	103	765	3,842	70	50	35	14	9,488	122	34	128	1,557	25	29	7	3	31,065	422	84	671	4,968	165	102	87	29			
2009	33,567	176	103	765	3,780	84	60	35	14	9,390	122	34	128	1,531	31	35	7	3	30,745	422	84	671	4,888	197	122	86	29			
2010	33,222	176	103	765	3,718	100	70	34	14	9,294	122	34	128	1,506	37	41	6	3	30,429	422	84	671	4,808	229	143	85	28			
2011	32,880	176	103	765	3,656	115	81	34	14	9,198	122	34	128	1,481	43	46	6	3	30,116	422	84	671	4,727	261	163	84	28			
2012	32,541	176	103	765	3,593	131	91	34	14	9,104	122	34	128	1,456	49	52	6	3	29,806	422	84	671	4,647	295	184	84	28			
2013	32,394	197	114	854	3,531	160	111	34	14	9,062	136	37	143	1,431	61	64	6	3	29,671	471	93	749	4,566	358	224	83	28			
2014	32,246	274	157	1,180	3,469	204	140	33	14	9,021	189	49	200	1,406	78	80	6	3	29,536	655	127	1,038	4,486	450	283	83	27			
2015	32,099	408	230	1,747	3,407	261	179	33	14	8,980	280	71	298	1,380	100	102	6	3	29,401	973	185	1,541	4,405	571	360	83	27			
2016	31,951	601	336	2,566	3,345	333	227	33	14	8,939	411	102	440	1,355	129	129	6	3	29,265	1,433	270	2,265	4,325	722	455	83	27			
2017	31,804	794	442	3,384	3,282	404	275	34	14	8,897	542	133	582	1,330	157	157	6	3	29,130	1,893	355	2,990	4,245	873	551	83	28			
2018	31,656	988	548	4,203	3,220	475	322	34	14	8,856	674	164	724	1,305	185	184	6	3	28,995	2,353	440	3,715	4,164	1,024	647	83	28			
2019	31,509	1,181	654	5,022	3,158	546	370	34	14	8,815	805	195	866	1,280	213	211	6	3	28,860	2,813	525	4,440	4,084	1,175	742	83	28			
2020	31,361	1,374	760	5,840	3,096	618	418	34	14	8,773	936	226	1,008	1,254	241	238	6	3	28,725	3,272	609	5,164	4,003	1,326	838	83	28			
2021	31,214	1,567	866	6,659	3,034	689	466	34	14	8,732	1,067	257	1,149	1,229	269	265	6	3	28,590	3,732	694	5,889	3,923	1,477	933	84	28			
2022	31,066	1,761	972	7,477	2,972	760	514	34	14	8,691	1,199	288	1,291	1,204	297	293	6	3	28,455	4,192	779	6,614	3,843	1,628	1,029	84	28			
2023	30,919	1,954	1,078	8,296	2,909	831	561	34	14	8,650	1,330	319	1,433	1,179	326	320	6	3	28,320	4,652	864	7,339	3,762	1,779	1,125	84	28			
2024	30,771	2,147	1,184	9,114	2,847	903	609	34	14	8,608	1,461	350	1,575	1,154	354	347	6	3	28,185	5,112	949	8,064	3,682	1,930	1,220	84	28			
2025	30,624	2,340	1,290	9,933	2,785	974	657	34	14	8,567	1,592	381	1,717	1,128	382	374	6	3	28,050	5,572	1,033	8,788	3,601	2,081	1,316	84	28			
2026	30,476	2,533	1,396	10,751	2,723	1,045	705	34	14	8,526	1,724	412	1,859	1,103	410	401	6	3	27,914	6,031	1,118	9,513	3,521	2,232	1,412	85	28			
2027	30,329	2,727	1,502	11,570	2,661	1,116	753	34	14	8,485	1,855	443	2,001	1,078	438	429	6	3	27,779	6,491	1,203	10,238	3,441	2,383	1,507	85	28			

End of Year	The Dalles (OR)										Lincoln City & Newport										Portland									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction					Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family		Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family				Existing	Conversion	New Construction			
2007	4,021	57	33	121	1,000	19	19	10	5	7,928	96	65	208	1,258	17	18	4	1	352,573	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,956	471	345	353	74			
2008	3,979	57	33	121	984	24	23	10	5	7,846	96	65	208	1,238	20	21	4	1	348,949	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,415	559	413	350	73			
2009	3,938	57	33	121	968	29	30	10	5	7,765	96	65	208	1,218	25	26	4	1	345,361	2,683	1,960	4,370	32,875	644	479	346	72			
2010	3,898	57	33	121	952	35	37	10	5	7,685	96	65	208	1,198	30	30	4	1	341,809	2,683	1,960	4,370	32,334	731	546	343	71			
2011	3,858	57	33	121	937	41	44	10	5	7,606	96	65	208	1,178	35	35	4	1	338,292	2,683	1,960	4,370	31,793	820	615	339	71			
2012	3,818	57	33	121	921	48	52	10	5	7,528	96	65	208	1,158	41	39	4	1	334,811	2,683	1,960	4,370	31,252	910	684	336	70			
2013	3,801	63	36	136	905	59	66	10	4	7,494	107	72	232	1,138	51	48	4	1	333,293	2,997	2,190	4,871	30,711	1,081	816	333	69			
2014	3,783	88	49	189	889	77	86	10	4	7,460	148	95	322	1,118	66	60	4	1	331,776	4,153	3,041	6,719	30,170	1,332	1,009	332	69			
2015	3,766	130	71	282	873	99	113	10	4	7,426	220	135	478	1,098	85	77	4	1	330,258	6,164	4,521	9,933	29,630	1,661	1,263	332	69			
2016	3,749	191	103	415	857	127	147	10	4	7,392	322	193	703	1,078	110	98	4	1	328,741	9,065	6,655	14,570	29,089	2,071	1,579	333	69			
2017	3,731	252	134	549	841	155	181	10	4	7,358	425	251	928	1,058	134	118	4	1	327,223	11,966	8,790	19,206	28,548	2,481	1,895	333	69			
2018	3,714	314	166	683	825	184	215	10	4	7,323	528	309	1,153	1,038	158	139	4	1	325,705	14,866	10,924	23,843	28,007	2,890	2,211	334	70			
2019	3,697	375	198	817	809	212	248	10	5	7,289	630	366	1,378	1,018	183	159	4	1	324,188	17,767	13,058	28,479	27,466	3,300	2,527	335	70			
2020	3,680	436	230	950	793	240	282	10	5	7,255	733	424	1,603	998	207	180	4	1	322,670	20,668	15,193	33,116	26,925	3,710	2,843	336	70			
2021	3,662	497	262	1,084	777	268	316	10	5	7,221	836	482	1,828	977	232	201	4	1	321,153	23,569	17,327	37,752	26,384	4,120	3,159	336	70			
2022	3,645	558	293	1,218	761	296	350	10	5	7,187	939	540	2,053	957	256	221	4	1	319,635	26,470	19,462	42,389	25,844	4,530	3,475	337	70			
2023	3,628	619	325	1,351	745	324	383	10	5	7,153	1,041	598	2,278	937	280	242	4	1	318,117	29,371	21,596	47,026	25,303	4,939	3,792	338	70			
2024	3,610	680	357	1,485	729	352	417	10	5	7,119	1,144	656	2,503	917	305	263	4	1	316,600	32,271	23,731	51,662	24,762	5,349	4,108	338	71			
2025	3,593	742	389	1,619	714	381	451	10	5	7,085	1,247	714	2,728	897	329	283	4	1	315,082	35,172	25,865	56,299	24,221	5,759	4,424	339	71			
2026	3,576	803	421	1,752	698	409	485	10	5	7,050	1,350	772	2,953	877	354	304	4	1	313,565	38,073	27,999	60,935	23,680	6,169	4,740	340	71			
2027	3,558	864	452	1,886	682	437	519	10	5	7,016	1,452	830	3,178	857	378	325	4	1	312,047	40,974	30,134	65,572	23,139	6,579	5,056	341	71			

End of Year	Salem										Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)										System									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family			Existing	Conversion	New Construction	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing			Conversion	New Construction	Industrial	Interruptible		
											Existing	Conversion											New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family					Existing	Conversion
2007	74,832	433	137	1,714	8,061	100	144	95	37	58,531	284	328	1,767	4,966	107	131	30	12	573,126	4,274	2,743	9,743	59,777	930	798	623	175			
2008	74,063	433	137	1,714	7,933	124	175	95	36	57,922	284	328	1,767	4,914	107	131	29	12	567,227	4,274	2,743	9,743	58,852	1,093	945	617	173			
2009	73,301	433	137	1,714	7,805	147	206	94	36	57,319	284	328	1,767	4,862	107	131	29	12	561,387	4,274	2,743	9,743	57,927	1,265	1,089	611	172			
2010	72,547	433	137	1,714	7,676	171	237	93	36	56,722	284	328	1,767	4,811	107	131	29	12	555,606	4,274	2,743	9,743	57,003	1,440	1,235	604	170			
2011	71,801	433	137	1,714	7,548	195	269	92	35	56,131	284	328	1,767	4,761	107	131	28	12	549,882	4,274	2,743	9,743	56,080	1,618	1,383	598	168			
2012	71,062	433	137	1,714	7,419	219	301	91	35	55,546	284	328	1,767	4,711	107	131	28	12	544,216	4,274	2,743	9,743	55,157	1,799	1,535	592	166			
2013	70,740	484	152	1,912	7,291	265	362	90	35	55,412	312	360	1,939	4,676	124	151	28	12	541,867	4,768	3,055	10,836	54,249	2,160	1,841	588	165			
2014	70,418	671	209	2,642	7,163	333	451	90	35	55,278	422	485	2,615	4,641	165	198	28	12	539,518	6,599	4,212	14,905	53,341	2,703	2,308	586	165			
2015	70,096	996	308	3,911	7,034	422	569	90	35	55,144	616	706	3,810	4,606	230	273	28	12	537,169	9,786	6,227	22,000	52,433	3,430	2,937	586	164			
2016	69,774	1,464	451	5,742	6,906	532	715	90	35	55,010	899	1,029	5,555	4,571	320	378	28	12	534,820	14,387	9,138	32,257	51,525	4,344	3,729	587	165			
2017	69,451	1,933	593	7,574	6,777	643	861	90	35	54,876	1,182	1,352	7,301	4,536	411	483	28	12	532,471	18,988	12,050	42,514	50,617	5,258	4,521	588	165			
2018	69,129	2,402	736	9,405	6,649	754	1,008	90	35	54,742	1,465	1,675	9,046	4,501	501	589	28	12	530,122	23,589	14,961	52,771	49,709	6,172	5,314	589	166			
2019	68,807	2,871	879	11,236	6,521	864	1,154	91	35	54,608	1,748	1,997	10,792	4,466	592	694	28	12	527,773	28,190	17,872	63,028	48,801	7,085	6,106	591	166			
2020	68,485	3,340	1,021	13,067	6,392	975	1,300	91	35	54,474	2,032	2,320	12,537	4,431	682	799	28	12	525,424	32,791	20,784	73,285	47,893	7,999	6,899	592	166			
2021	68,163	3,808	1,164	14,898	6,264	1,086	1,447	91	35	54,340	2,315	2,643	14,283	4,396	772	904	28	12	523,075	37,392	23,695	83,543	46,985	8,913	7,691	593	167			
2022	67,841	4,277	1,307	16,729	6,136	1,196	1,593	91	35	54,206	2,598	2,966	16,028	4,361	863	1,009	28	12	520,726	41,993	26,607	93,800	46,077	9,826	8,484	595	167			
2023	67,519	4,746	1,449	18,561	6,007	1,307	1,739	91	35	54,072	2,881	3,289	17,774	4,326	953	1,114	28	12	518,377	46,594	29,518	104,057	45,169	10,740	9,276	596	167			
2024	67,197	5,215	1,592	20,392	5,879	1,418	1,885	92	35	53,938	3,165	3,612	19,519	4,291	1,043	1,219	28	12	516,028	51,195	32,429	114,314	44,261	11,654	10,068	597	168			
2025	66,875	5,684	1,735	22,223	5,750	1,528	2,032	92	35	53,804	3,448	3,934	21,264	4,256	1,134	1,324	28	12	513,679	55,796	35,341	124,571	43,353	12,568	10,861	599	168			
2026	66,553	6,152	1,877	24,054	5,622	1,639	2,178	92	35	53,670	3,731	4,257	23,010	4,221	1,224	1,429	28	12	511,330	60,397	38,252	134,828	42,445	13,481	11,653	600	169			
2027	66,230	6,621	2,020	25,885	5,494	1,750	2,324	92	35	53,536	4,014	4,580	24,755	4,186	1,315	1,534	28	12	508,981	64,998	41,163	145,085	41,537	14,395	12,446	601	169			

# Appendix 2-19: Customer Forecast - Negative Long Term Growth Scenario

End of Year	Albany										Astoria										Eugene & Coos Bay									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family			New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion			New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion
2007	34,268	176	103	765	3,904	61	40	36	15	9,587	122	34	128	1,582	19	23	7	3	31,387	422	84	671	5,049	136	79	88	29			
2008	34,120	349	149	1,452	3,842	102	91	35	15	9,545	244	63	241	1,557	50	52	7	3	31,252	843	159	1,272	4,968	283	195	88	29			
2009	33,973	555	262	2,299	3,780	178	142	36	15	9,504	387	99	383	1,531	80	81	7	3	31,117	1,345	249	2,014	4,888	444	297	88	29			
2010	33,825	772	384	3,211	3,718	254	193	36	15	9,463	537	136	533	1,506	110	110	7	3	30,982	1,865	348	2,810	4,808	605	399	89	29			
2011	33,678	991	509	4,161	3,656	330	244	36	15	9,421	691	174	690	1,481	140	139	7	3	30,847	2,398	449	3,636	4,727	766	501	89	30			
2012	33,530	1,219	639	5,146	3,593	406	295	36	15	9,380	852	212	849	1,456	170	168	7	3	30,712	2,947	553	4,492	4,647	927	603	90	30			
2013	33,383	1,386	731	5,854	3,531	467	336	36	15	9,339	966	239	971	1,431	194	191	7	3	30,577	3,345	626	5,120	4,566	1,055	685	90	30			
2014	33,235	1,483	784	6,265	3,469	512	366	36	15	9,298	1,032	254	1,043	1,406	211	208	7	3	30,441	3,576	668	5,483	4,486	1,150	745	89	30			
2015	33,088	1,507	797	6,366	3,407	540	385	36	15	9,256	1,048	258	1,060	1,380	223	219	7	3	30,306	3,633	679	5,573	4,405	1,211	783	89	29			
2016	32,677	1,507	797	6,366	3,345	553	394	36	15	9,141	1,048	258	1,060	1,355	228	224	7	3	29,930	3,633	679	5,573	4,325	1,238	800	88	29			
2017	32,270	1,507	797	6,366	3,282	566	402	35	14	9,028	1,048	258	1,060	1,330	233	229	7	3	29,557	3,633	679	5,573	4,245	1,266	818	87	29			
2018	31,867	1,507	797	6,366	3,220	580	411	35	14	8,915	1,048	258	1,060	1,305	238	234	7	3	29,188	3,633	679	5,573	4,164	1,294	836	86	29			
2019	31,468	1,507	797	6,366	3,158	593	421	34	14	8,803	1,048	258	1,060	1,280	243	240	6	3	28,823	3,633	679	5,573	4,084	1,323	854	85	28			
2020	31,073	1,507	797	6,366	3,096	607	430	34	14	8,693	1,048	258	1,060	1,254	249	245	6	3	28,461	3,633	679	5,573	4,003	1,353	873	84	28			
2021	30,682	1,507	797	6,366	3,034	621	439	34	14	8,583	1,048	258	1,060	1,229	255	250	6	3	28,103	3,633	679	5,573	3,923	1,383	892	84	28			
2022	30,295	1,507	797	6,366	2,972	636	449	33	14	8,475	1,048	258	1,060	1,204	260	256	6	3	27,748	3,633	679	5,573	3,843	1,413	911	83	27			
2023	29,912	1,507	797	6,366	2,909	651	459	33	14	8,368	1,048	258	1,060	1,179	266	262	6	3	27,397	3,633	679	5,573	3,762	1,444	931	82	27			
2024	29,532	1,507	797	6,366	2,847	666	469	33	13	8,262	1,048	258	1,060	1,154	272	267	6	3	27,050	3,633	679	5,573	3,682	1,476	951	81	27			
2025	29,157	1,507	797	6,366	2,785	681	479	32	13	8,157	1,048	258	1,060	1,128	278	273	6	3	26,706	3,633	679	5,573	3,601	1,509	972	80	27			
2026	28,785	1,507	797	6,366	2,723	696	490	32	13	8,053	1,048	258	1,060	1,103	284	279	6	3	26,365	3,633	679	5,573	3,521	1,541	993	79	26			
2027	28,417	1,507	797	6,366	2,661	712	500	32	13	7,950	1,048	258	1,060	1,078	290	285	6	3	26,028	3,633	679	5,573	3,441	1,575	1,014	79	26			

End of Year	The Dalles (OR)										Lincoln City & Newport										Portland									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family			New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion			New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Existing	Conversion
2007	4,021	57	33	121	1,000	19	19	10	5	7,928	96	65	208	1,258	17	18	4	1	352,573	2,683	1,960	4,370	33,956	471	345	353	74			
2008	4,003	118	61	229	984	40	39	10	5	7,893	184	119	419	1,238	32	37	4	1	351,056	5,256	3,729	8,302	33,415	909	684	352	73			
2009	3,986	189	98	362	968	70	75	10	5	7,859	301	184	649	1,218	58	59	4	1	349,538	8,363	5,913	13,147	32,875	1,346	1,021	353	74			
2010	3,969	263	137	505	952	100	111	11	5	7,825	421	252	896	1,198	84	81	4	1	348,021	11,599	8,275	18,384	32,334	1,783	1,358	356	74			
2011	3,951	337	176	653	937	130	147	11	5	7,791	543	322	1,153	1,178	110	103	5	1	346,503	14,943	10,740	23,836	31,793	2,220	1,695	359	75			
2012	3,934	412	215	806	921	160	183	11	5	7,757	667	393	1,418	1,158	136	125	5	1	344,985	18,386	13,334	29,512	31,252	2,657	2,032	360	75			
2013	3,917	465	243	922	905	183	211	11	5	7,723	756	443	1,612	1,138	156	142	5	1	343,468	20,896	15,181	33,524	30,711	3,006	2,300	360	75			
2014	3,899	495	259	989	889	201	233	11	5	7,689	807	472	1,725	1,118	172	155	5	1	341,950	22,350	16,251	35,849	30,170	3,263	2,498	360	75			
2015	3,882	503	263	1,005	873	212	246	11	5	7,655	820	479	1,753	1,098	182	163	4	1	340,433	22,709	16,515	36,423	29,630	3,428	2,626	356	74			
2016	3,834	503	263	1,005	857	218	252	10	5	7,559	820	479	1,753	1,078	186	167	4	1	336,203	22,709	16,515	36,423	29,089	3,501	2,682	353	74			
2017	3,786	503	263	1,005	841	223	258	10	5	7,465	820	479	1,753	1,058	190	171	4	1	332,015	22,709	16,515	36,423	28,548	3,577	2,740	349	73			
2018	3,739	503	263	1,005	825	228	265	10	5	7,372	820	479	1,753	1,038	195	175	4	1	327,869	22,709	16,515	36,423	28,007	3,653	2,800	346	72			
2019	3,692	503	263	1,005	809	233	271	10	5	7,280	820	479	1,753	1,018	200	179	4	1	323,765	22,709	16,515	36,423	27,466	3,732	2,860	342	71			
2020	3,646	503	263	1,005	793	239	278	10	5	7,188	820	479	1,753	998	204	183	4	1	319,702	22,709	16,515	36,423	26,925	3,812	2,922	339	71			
2021	3,600	503	263	1,005	777	244	284	10	5	7,098	820	479	1,753	977	209	187	4	1	315,679	22,709	16,515	36,423	26,384	3,894	2,985	336	70			
2022	3,554	503	263	1,005	761	250	291	10	4	7,008	820	479	1,753	957	214	191	4	1	311,697	22,709	16,515	36,423	25,844	3,977	3,049	332	69			
2023	3,509	503	263	1,005	745	256	298	10	4	6,920	820	479	1,753	937	219	195	4	1	307,754	22,709	16,515	36,423	25,303	4,062	3,115	329	69			
2024	3,465	503	263	1,005	729	262	305	10	4	6,832	820	479	1,753	917	224	200	4	1	303,851	22,709	16,515	36,423	24,762	4,148	3,181	326	68			
2025	3,421	503	263	1,005	714	268	313	10	4	6,745	820	479	1,753	897	230	204	4	1	299,987	22,709	16,515	36,423	24,221	4,236	3,249	322	67			
2026	3,377	503	263	1,005	698	274	320	9	4	6,659	820	479	1,753	877	235	209	4	1	296,161	22,709	16,515	36,423	23,680	4,325	3,318	319	66			
2027	3,334	503	263	1,005	682	280	327	9	4	6,574	820	479	1,753	857	240	213	4	1	292,374	22,709	16,515	36,423	23,139	4,416	3,388	316	66			

End of Year	Salem										Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)										System									
	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible	Residential					Commercial					Industrial	Interruptible						
	Existing	Conversion	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	New Construction	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family			Existing	Conversion	New Construction	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family	Existing	Conversion	New Construction	New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family			Existing	Conversion	New Construction	Industrial	Interruptible	
											Existing	Conversion											New Construction Multi-Family	New Construction Single-Family						New Construction
2007	74,832	433	137	1,714	8,061	100	144	95	37	58,531	284	328	1,767	4,966	107	131	30	12	573,126	4,274	2,743	9,743	59,777	930	798	623	175			
2008	74,510	859	264	3,255	7,933	219	300	95	37	58,397	566	629	3,364	4,931	222	264	29	12	570,777	8,420	5,173	18,534	58,869	1,856	1,662	621	174			
2009	74,188	1,369	419	5,154	7,805	337	456	96	37	58,263	910	1,007	5,368	4,896	339	400	30	12	568,428	13,420	8,231	29,376	57,961	2,851	2,531	624	175			
2010	73,866	1,897	583	7,202	7,676	455	612	96	37	58,129	1,265	1,414	7,530	4,861	456	536	30	12	566,079	18,620	11,529	41,071	57,053	3,846	3,400	629	177			
2011	73,544	2,442	755	9,330	7,548	573	768	97	37	57,995	1,630	1,836	9,780	4,826	573	672	30	13	563,730	23,976	14,961	53,239	56,145	4,841	4,269	633	178			
2012	73,221	3,001	930	11,540	7,419	691	924	97	38	57,861	2,008	2,276	12,117	4,791	690	808	30	13	561,381	29,493	18,552	65,880	55,237	5,836	5,138	635	178			
2013	72,899	3,407	1,053	13,124	7,291	785	1,049	97	38	57,727	2,287	2,593	13,832	4,756	777	909	30	13	559,032	33,507	21,109	74,960	54,329	6,623	5,823	635	178			
2014	72,577	3,642	1,125	14,042	7,163	854	1,141	97	37	57,593	2,452	2,782	14,851	4,721	832	973	30	13	556,683	35,837	22,595	80,245	53,421	7,194	6,318	633	178			
2015	72,255	3,700	1,143	14,269	7,034	899	1,199	96	37	57,459	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,686	852	997	30	12	554,334	36,417	22,967	81,577	52,513	7,546	6,619	629	177			
2016	71,357	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,906	919	1,226	95	37	56,680	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,621	852	997	29	12	547,381	36,417	22,967	81,577	51,575	7,694	6,742	623	175			
2017	70,469	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,777	939	1,253	94	36	55,908	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,556	852	997	29	12	540,498	36,417	22,967	81,577	50,637	7,846	6,869	617	173			
2018	69,589	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,649	960	1,280	94	36	55,145	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,492	852	997	29	12	533,683	36,417	22,967	81,577	49,700	8,000	6,998	610	171			
2019	68,718	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,521	981	1,308	93	36	54,389	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,429	852	997	29	12	526,937	36,417	22,967	81,577	48,764	8,158	7,129	604	170			
2020	67,855	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,392	1,003	1,337	92	35	53,640	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,366	852	997	28	12	520,258	36,417	22,967	81,577	47,828	8,319	7,264	598	168			
2021	67,001	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,264	1,025	1,366	91	35	52,899	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,304	852	997	28	12	513,645	36,417	22,967	81,577	46,893	8,483	7,401	592	166			
2022	66,156	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,136	1,047	1,396	90	35	52,166	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,242	852	997	28	12	507,099	36,417	22,967	81,577	45,958	8,650	7,540	586	165			
2023	65,319	3,700	1,143	14,269	6,007	1,070	1,426	89	34	51,439	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,181	852	997	27	12	500,619	36,417	22,967	81,577	45,024	8,820	7,682	580	163			
2024	64,491	3,700	1,143	14,269	5,879	1,093	1,457	88	34	50,720	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,121	852	997	27	11	494,203	36,417	22,967	81,577	44,091	8,994	7,827	575	161			
2025	63,671	3,700	1,143	14,269	5,750	1,117	1,488	87	34	50,009	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,061	852	997	27	11	487,851	36,417	22,967	81,577	43,158	9,170	7,974	569	160			
2026	62,859	3,700	1,143	14,269	5,622	1,141	1,520	86	33	49,304	2,497	2,833	15,129	4,002	852	997	27	11	481,563	36,417	22,967	81,577	42,226	9,349	8,124	563	158			
2027	62,055	3,700	1,143	14,269	5,494	1,166	1,552	85	33	48,606	2,497	2,833	15,129	3,944	852	997	26	11	475,338	36,417	22,967	81,577	41,295	9,532	8,276	558	157			

# Appendix 2-20: Weather Assumptions – Planning Criteria

## Heating Degree Days, Base 65

85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak (Allocated to days based on 2000/01 Winter)			System Weighted Average												
Month	Day	Description	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
1	1	85% Winter	17.33	21.83	14.19	28.73	23.95	18.61	24.85	23.72	28.73	23.02	23.88	23.79	23.95
1	2	85% Winter	24.76	14.91	9.99	28.73	25.91	10.79	20.88	23.22	28.73	27.52	22.16	22.14	22.49
1	3	85% Winter	27.24	19.70	16.29	28.73	23.46	14.03	25.85	25.20	28.73	25.52	25.41	25.22	25.33
1	4	85% Winter	26.25	13.31	11.04	30.74	14.17	10.25	19.39	17.79	30.74	28.02	20.02	19.70	19.32
1	5	85% Winter	14.36	20.77	14.72	27.22	15.64	18.35	18.89	17.29	27.22	19.01	18.31	18.26	18.07
1	6	85% Winter	16.34	22.37	16.29	24.19	26.39	20.51	22.37	23.22	24.19	22.02	22.25	22.34	22.66
1	7	85% Winter	26.25	15.44	13.14	24.19	25.91	16.73	18.89	24.21	24.19	24.02	20.85	21.01	21.41
1	8	85% Winter	25.26	22.90	19.45	29.74	24.44	14.03	24.85	22.73	29.74	20.52	23.98	23.98	24.23
1	9	85% Winter	24.76	22.90	23.12	30.24	27.37	21.05	25.85	27.67	30.24	30.02	26.41	26.34	26.47
1	10	85% Winter	26.74	19.70	21.02	31.25	25.42	18.35	22.37	24.71	31.25	28.02	23.62	23.66	23.79
1	11	85% Winter	28.72	21.83	18.92	30.24	22.48	17.81	20.88	20.75	30.24	22.02	21.56	21.70	21.75
1	12	85% Winter	19.81	21.83	21.55	29.23	20.04	19.43	21.37	19.77	29.23	20.52	20.94	20.96	20.91
1	13	85% Winter	19.31	25.56	19.45	24.19	21.02	21.05	23.86	23.22	24.19	23.52	23.26	23.14	23.03
1	14	85% Winter	22.29	23.96	23.12	29.23	22.97	22.13	24.36	21.25	29.23	26.02	23.89	23.80	23.68
1	15	85% Winter	23.28	27.69	22.60	28.73	26.88	22.66	27.34	30.14	28.73	25.52	27.16	27.15	27.31
1	16	85% Winter	31.20	28.22	22.07	29.74	32.26	24.82	29.82	32.12	29.74	30.02	30.21	30.22	30.49
1	17	85% Winter	33.18	30.35	24.18	31.75	32.26	24.28	30.82	33.60	31.75	33.02	31.48	31.45	31.61
1	18	85% Winter	32.69	20.24	19.45	32.26	24.44	18.89	25.35	25.20	32.26	28.52	25.89	25.80	25.79
1	19	85% Winter	25.26	20.77	16.82	31.75	19.55	16.73	23.36	20.26	31.75	23.52	22.79	22.67	22.52
1	20	85% Winter	22.78	19.70	20.50	32.26	26.39	16.73	25.35	27.67	32.26	24.02	25.24	25.24	25.60
1	21	85% Winter	27.24	18.64	15.77	31.75	19.55	19.43	24.85	19.77	31.75	23.02	23.71	23.53	23.35
1	22	85% Winter	19.81	18.11	14.72	30.24	23.46	11.87	21.37	19.27	30.24	22.52	21.10	21.10	21.35
1	23	85% Winter	18.82	20.77	17.87	29.23	26.88	15.11	21.37	22.24	29.23	22.02	21.64	21.80	22.23
1	24	85% Winter	21.79	25.03	19.97	30.24	24.44	19.43	24.36	23.22	30.24	28.02	24.38	24.31	24.27
1	25	85% Winter	28.25	23.43	18.39	29.74	24.93	23.20	23.86	28.66	29.74	25.02	24.80	24.88	25.01
1	26	85% Winter	25.75	24.50	19.45	28.22	24.44	18.35	22.37	24.21	28.22	26.52	23.34	23.38	23.43
1	27	85% Winter	23.77	25.03	19.45	28.22	29.33	21.05	26.84	27.18	28.22	27.02	26.71	26.70	26.98
1	28	85% Winter	28.23	27.16	21.55	29.23	26.88	23.20	28.33	28.66	29.23	21.52	27.48	27.52	27.73
1	29	85% Winter	27.73	21.83	22.07	31.25	22.97	21.05	20.88	22.24	31.25	22.52	21.83	22.01	22.06
1	30	85% Winter	29.22	18.64	22.60	28.22	22.97	22.66	21.87	21.25	28.22	25.52	22.64	22.67	22.61
1	31	85% Winter	28.23	23.43	19.97	27.22	28.35	18.89	22.87	28.17	27.22	24.52	24.30	24.49	24.88
2	1	85% Winter	26.74	20.24	15.77	23.18	22.97	18.35	21.87	23.22	23.18	22.52	22.36	22.37	22.50
2	2	2/2/89	39.50	44.50	46.00	44.00	41.00	50.50	47.50	47.50	46.00	41.50	47.90	47.63	47.76
2	3	2/3/89	52.00	50.00	38.00	60.00	52.50	48.50	53.00	54.00	60.00	53.50	53.03	53.00	53.10
2	4	2/4/89	54.50	44.00	42.50	62.00	50.00	45.50	44.50	51.50	62.00	54.50	47.47	47.70	47.81
2	5	85% Winter	20.30	21.83	21.02	19.15	22.48	21.59	23.86	24.21	19.15	24.02	23.48	23.33	23.33
2	6	85% Winter	24.76	27.16	24.70	25.70	27.37	24.28	25.85	26.19	25.70	31.52	26.43	26.35	26.29
2	7	85% Winter	29.71	30.35	27.33	32.26	30.79	28.60	30.32	32.12	32.26	28.02	30.26	30.32	30.48
2	8	85% Winter	31.20	27.69	29.43	29.74	30.79	26.98	28.33	30.64	29.74	28.52	28.90	28.98	29.18
2	9	85% Winter	29.22	25.56	21.55	31.25	24.93	21.05	25.85	23.22	31.25	29.02	25.91	25.83	25.70
2	10	85% Winter	24.76	29.82	25.23	32.76	24.44	24.28	31.81	30.64	32.76	31.52	30.62	30.29	30.04
2	11	85% Winter	26.74	25.03	26.80	32.76	27.37	25.90	24.36	24.21	32.76	28.02	25.09	25.20	25.23
2	12	85% Winter	28.23	27.69	24.70	31.75	28.84	26.98	24.85	26.68	31.75	27.52	25.88	26.06	26.17
2	13	85% Winter	27.73	27.69	25.23	28.73	27.37	25.36	23.36	26.19	28.73	25.02	24.49	24.71	24.84
2	14	85% Winter	24.27	26.63	21.55	28.73	25.42	21.59	23.36	23.22	28.73	23.02	23.52	23.65	23.76
2	15	85% Winter	21.30	22.37	22.07	26.21	21.51	22.13	22.37	20.26	26.21	25.52	22.29	22.21	22.05
2	16	85% Winter	20.80	19.70	16.29	27.22	18.08	17.27	23.36	19.27	27.22	25.02	22.41	22.13	21.87
2	17	85% Winter	18.82	21.83	17.87	32.26	25.91	21.05	21.87	22.73	32.26	23.02	22.18	22.35	22.60
2	18	85% Winter	25.26	21.30	18.39	32.26	20.04	17.81	22.87	19.77	32.26	24.02	22.52	22.45	22.29
2	19	85% Winter	20.80	18.64	17.87	26.71	23.46	16.19	23.36	19.77	26.71	23.02	22.53	22.43	22.57
2	20	85% Winter	22.29	18.11	17.34	27.22	25.42	15.11	18.89	22.24	27.22	18.01	19.79	20.07	20.58
2	21	85% Winter	21.79	20.77	19.45	21.67	17.11	18.35	19.88	15.81	21.67	21.02	19.41	19.30	19.04
2	22	85% Winter	19.81	21.30	21.55	26.71	23.95	22.66	19.88	22.24	26.71	19.51	20.46	20.69	20.93
2	23	85% Winter	22.78	23.96	19.45	28.22	20.53	22.13	20.88	22.73	28.22	22.52	21.48	21.55	21.46
2	24	85% Winter	23.28	23.96	21.02	26.71	21.51	20.51	20.38	22.73	26.71	24.02	21.37	21.45	21.39
2	25	85% Winter	23.77	25.56	20.50	24.19	22.48	25.36	22.87	23.72	24.19	24.52	23.22	23.23	23.11
2	26	85% Winter	22.78	24.50	21.55	24.70	25.42	23.74	20.88	22.24	24.70	23.02	21.73	21.92	22.05
2	27	85% Winter	20.80	19.70	16.82	27.72	23.46	18.89	19.88	21.25	27.72	23.02	20.65	20.76	20.92
2	28	85% Winter	21.79	25.56	21.55	27.72	25.91	21.59	22.87	26.19	27.72	22.02	23.35	23.52	23.77
2	29	AVG	22.04	24.23	20.76	26.21	24.93	21.59	22.37	25.70	26.21	23.02	23.00	23.12	23.30
3	1	85% Winter	22.29	22.90	19.97	24.70	23.95	21.59	21.87	25.20	24.70	24.02	22.66	22.72	22.83
3	2	85% Winter	24.76	23.96	22.60	26.71	24.93	19.97	22.37	23.72	26.71	26.02	23.19	23.25	23.32
3	3	85% Winter	24.76	26.09	23.12	27.22	26.39	22.66	22.87	25.20	27.22	25.02	23.74	23.89	24.03
3	4	85% Winter	24.27	22.37	15.24	23.18	23.95	20.51	23.36	24.21	23.18	21.02	23.23	23.25	23.42
3	5	85% Winter	22.78	14.38	17.34	26.21	17.60	15.65	15.41	14.82	26.21	17.01	16.12	16.29	16.33
3	6	85% Winter	13.87	10.65	9.99	22.68	15.15	6.48	12.43	10.87	22.68	13.01	12.49	12.60	12.81
3	7	85% Winter	11.89	17.57	16.29	17.64	10.26	17.27	10.44	11.37	17.64	12.01	11.05	11.22	10.98
3	8	85% Winter	8.91	19.70	17.87	13.10	17.60	19.43	18.39	17.29	13.10	20.52	17.80	17.63	17.53
3	9	85% Winter	20.30	19.70	17.87	20.66	20.04	16.19	19.39	23.22	20.66	21.52	20.13	20.12	20.20
3	10	85% Winter	21.79	19.70	18.39	20.16	20.04	18.89	20.88	23.72	20.16	23.52	21.43	21.33	21.30
3	11	85% Winter	19.31	19.17	17.87	21.17	20.04	18.89	19.88	19.77	21.17	19.51	19.76	19.75	19.81
3	12	85% Winter	20.80	17.57	14.72	17.64	17.60	22.13	14.42	16.31	17.64	17.01	15.64	15.83	15.79
3	13	85% Winter	14.86	19.17	18.92	17.64	16.62	20.51	14.42	15.32	17.64	17.01	15.10	15.24	15.16
3	14	85% Winter	17.83	23.43	15.77	15.62	18.08	17.27	15.91	18.28	15.62	18.51	16.82	16.92	16.89
3	15	85% Winter	17.83	21.83	22.07	18.14	22.48	19.43	20.38	21.74	18.14	23.52	20.79	20.76	20.82
3	16	85% Winter	23.28	26.09	21.02	24.19	24.93	23.20	23.36	24.71	24.19	21.02	23.39	23.51	23.66
3	17	85% Winter	24.27	19.70	17.87	23.69	17.11	20.51	18.39	18.28	23.69	16.51	18.54	18.64	18.55
3	18														

85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak (Allocated to days based on 2000/01 Winter)														System Weighted Average		
Month	Day	Description	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
4	1	Normal	15.20	17.60	14.63	16.05	15.33	15.79	13.78	15.20	16.05	15.90	14.46	14.55	14.51	
4	2	Normal	14.69	17.75	15.23	15.70	15.70	17.66	13.98	15.55	15.70	14.93	14.54	14.67	14.66	
4	3	Normal	15.34	17.48	15.05	15.35	15.75	16.29	14.53	15.93	15.35	15.28	14.98	15.06	15.06	
4	4	Normal	16.81	18.18	15.13	16.68	16.28	17.64	15.15	16.45	16.68	16.70	15.73	15.82	15.77	
4	5	Normal	16.29	17.98	14.68	16.75	16.00	17.05	14.98	16.40	16.75	16.60	15.55	15.63	15.59	
4	6	Normal	16.33	16.93	13.45	16.90	15.10	16.16	13.50	15.80	16.90	16.38	14.47	14.57	14.52	
4	7	Normal	14.99	17.33	14.03	15.93	15.03	16.25	14.20	15.81	15.93	15.88	14.77	14.83	14.78	
4	8	Normal	15.33	17.28	14.38	16.60	15.25	16.16	14.22	15.80	16.60	15.70	14.80	14.88	14.85	
4	9	Normal	15.93	16.13	13.25	16.53	14.83	15.18	14.30	15.20	16.53	15.53	14.73	14.78	14.74	
4	10	Normal	14.91	15.85	13.65	16.03	14.50	14.65	12.73	13.88	16.03	14.88	13.43	13.53	13.51	
4	11	Normal	14.39	15.38	13.53	16.13	13.31	14.40	12.15	13.48	16.13	14.08	12.84	12.94	12.89	
4	12	Normal	13.86	15.80	13.33	14.18	13.50	15.12	12.10	13.88	14.18	14.03	12.83	12.93	12.88	
4	13	Normal	14.26	16.10	14.18	13.43	13.90	15.27	12.43	14.00	13.43	13.88	13.08	13.18	13.14	
4	14	Normal	14.89	15.65	13.60	14.83	14.05	15.36	12.28	14.03	14.83	14.05	13.06	13.18	13.15	
4	15	Normal	13.64	14.63	12.15	14.30	12.85	14.03	11.28	12.70	14.30	13.60	12.04	12.15	12.10	
4	16	Normal	12.76	14.75	12.50	13.18	13.30	14.39	11.38	13.13	13.18	12.48	12.02	12.14	12.15	
4	17	Normal	13.10	16.13	13.50	13.18	14.13	14.73	12.70	14.35	13.18	12.53	13.09	13.20	13.23	
4	18	Normal	14.52	16.80	13.33	13.48	13.78	15.85	12.25	14.03	13.48	15.23	13.14	13.23	13.13	
4	19	Normal	15.52	15.68	13.10	14.43	13.75	15.61	12.08	14.00	14.43	15.55	13.10	13.20	13.11	
4	20	Normal	13.84	15.70	13.23	13.23	13.30	15.30	11.08	12.80	13.23	13.38	11.97	12.12	12.07	
4	21	Normal	12.97	15.95	13.53	11.95	13.85	15.35	11.83	14.15	11.95	12.78	12.52	12.65	12.66	
4	22	Normal	13.73	15.55	12.70	13.25	13.83	15.36	11.93	13.38	13.25	14.13	12.67	12.77	12.73	
4	23	Normal	13.36	15.32	12.68	13.20	14.05	14.55	11.98	13.75	13.20	14.20	12.73	12.83	12.82	
4	24	Normal	14.46	15.23	13.03	14.28	13.65	14.88	11.33	12.93	14.28	14.35	12.29	12.42	12.37	
4	25	Normal	13.07	14.20	12.40	13.43	12.83	13.69	10.38	12.53	13.43	13.18	11.37	11.51	11.49	
4	26	Normal	12.65	13.59	11.95	11.98	11.75	12.68	10.45	12.00	11.98	12.10	11.12	11.21	11.17	
4	27	Normal	12.27	13.60	12.88	11.70	12.08	13.86	9.55	11.90	11.70	11.83	10.53	10.69	10.67	
4	28	Normal	11.63	13.18	11.63	10.85	11.90	12.55	9.45	11.25	10.85	10.93	10.22	10.35	10.37	
4	29	Normal	11.30	12.83	11.65	11.25	11.25	13.01	8.98	10.70	11.25	10.85	9.79	9.94	9.92	
4	30	Normal	10.45	13.80	12.23	10.28	12.08	13.18	8.60	11.65	10.28	9.88	9.59	9.80	9.86	
5	1	Normal	11.60	14.51	12.95	10.40	12.13	14.18	9.93	11.48	10.40	10.38	10.54	10.69	10.69	
5	2	Normal	11.20	13.75	12.20	11.25	11.25	13.18	9.06	11.15	11.25	11.70	10.00	10.14	10.09	
5	3	Normal	11.45	12.61	11.63	11.90	10.75	12.58	8.93	10.58	11.90	11.43	9.78	9.91	9.85	
5	4	Normal	10.05	12.10	10.93	10.20	10.00	12.38	7.70	9.10	10.20	10.14	8.56	8.70	8.64	
5	5	Normal	9.33	12.28	11.13	9.45	9.75	12.06	7.58	9.80	9.45	8.60	8.35	8.52	8.51	
5	6	Normal	9.78	12.40	11.48	8.93	10.83	12.60	8.48	10.45	8.93	9.86	9.21	9.34	9.34	
5	7	Normal	10.58	12.93	11.75	10.48	10.58	12.71	9.13	10.40	10.48	11.14	9.79	9.88	9.82	
5	8	Normal	11.85	14.03	12.40	10.75	11.73	13.51	9.68	12.18	10.75	11.13	10.53	10.67	10.65	
5	9	Normal	11.68	14.65	12.98	10.38	12.23	13.75	10.10	11.49	10.38	11.70	10.78	10.91	10.88	
5	10	Normal	11.75	12.95	12.43	10.50	10.83	13.50	8.45	9.98	10.50	10.65	9.37	9.52	9.46	
5	11	Normal	9.95	11.83	10.95	8.20	9.85	12.11	7.88	8.80	8.20	10.04	8.58	8.68	8.62	
5	12	Normal	9.38	12.78	11.50	8.70	10.38	12.62	7.70	9.20	8.70	9.65	8.50	8.66	8.62	
5	13	Normal	9.40	11.83	10.68	9.28	9.33	12.13	7.15	8.26	9.28	9.96	8.00	8.13	8.04	
5	14	Normal	8.60	11.30	9.90	8.05	8.34	11.86	5.73	7.58	8.05	8.24	6.74	6.92	6.84	
5	15	Normal	7.55	11.65	10.15	6.53	8.60	11.26	6.38	7.95	6.53	7.58	7.05	7.19	7.15	
5	16	Normal	9.08	12.18	11.33	7.98	9.95	12.04	7.00	8.79	7.98	8.55	7.84	8.02	8.01	
5	17	Normal	8.93	12.15	11.38	8.20	10.48	12.45	6.18	9.57	8.20	8.25	8.66	8.81	8.84	
5	18	Normal	10.48	11.33	11.00	8.68	9.83	11.18	7.23	9.23	8.68	10.10	8.25	8.39	8.35	
5	19	Normal	9.85	11.55	10.65	8.85	10.08	11.78	6.90	9.00	8.85	8.87	7.89	8.07	8.08	
5	20	Normal	9.63	11.40	10.60	8.63	9.50	11.23	6.73	8.88	8.63	9.16	7.74	7.90	7.87	
5	21	Normal	8.70	10.70	10.20	7.40	8.75	10.40	5.83	7.80	7.40	7.80	6.77	6.95	6.94	
5	22	Normal	7.90	10.60	9.70	6.75	8.30	10.60	5.23	7.20	6.75	6.64	6.14	6.33	6.33	
5	23	Normal	7.83	10.25	9.40	7.40	7.73	11.31	5.58	7.33	7.40	7.65	6.44	6.59	6.52	
5	24	Normal	6.93	9.75	9.48	6.63	7.68	10.75	4.23	6.53	6.63	7.12	5.37	5.58	5.54	
5	25	Normal	6.93	10.01	9.30	5.05	7.45	10.84	5.45	7.18	5.05	7.03	6.18	6.31	6.25	
5	26	Normal	7.23	10.29	8.90	6.50	7.13	9.99	4.78	6.10	6.50	6.51	5.58	5.75	5.69	
5	27	Normal	6.60	9.35	8.83	5.68	7.13	9.51	5.03	6.38	5.68	6.31	5.68	5.82	5.79	
5	28	Normal	6.63	9.88	9.28	6.28	8.05	9.74	5.90	7.35	6.28	6.08	6.39	6.54	6.56	
5	29	Normal	7.85	9.93	9.15	7.83	7.83	10.03	6.20	7.58	7.83	7.65	6.85	6.96	6.92	
5	30	Normal	8.33	9.33	9.15	7.90	7.18	10.23	4.73	6.55	7.90	7.63	5.79	5.96	5.88	
5	31	Normal	6.60	9.43	8.44	5.38	6.95	10.03	4.53	6.15	5.38	6.16	5.33	5.49	5.44	
6	1	Normal	6.35	9.00	8.63	5.68	6.45	9.86	4.45	6.05	5.68	6.65	5.27	5.40	5.32	
6	2	Normal	6.68	8.93	8.13	5.50	6.23	9.05	3.68	5.10	5.50	6.65	4.66	4.81	4.73	
6	3	Normal	5.98	8.55	8.93	4.90	5.60	9.62	3.15	4.43	4.90	5.40	4.05	4.22	4.13	
6	4	Normal	4.55	8.63	7.75	3.23	5.33	9.09	3.93	5.25	3.23	5.15	4.48	4.59	4.51	
6	5	Normal	5.58	8.70	8.75	5.30	6.65	9.88	4.90	6.63	5.30	5.68	5.48	5.61	5.58	
6	6	Normal	6.38	9.45	9.48	6.08	6.55	9.38	4.75	5.98	6.08	6.70	5.46	5.59	5.51	
6	7	Normal	7.00	9.38	8.80	5.68	6.58	9.10	4.35	5.80	5.68	6.15	5.17	5.32	5.26	
6	8	Normal	5.90	8.53	8.65	5.53	5.95	9.15	3.68	5.28	5.53	6.15	4.57	4.72	4.64	
6	9	Normal	5.93	9.23	8.45	4.98	6.88	9.37	4.00	5.45	4.98	5.30	4.76	4.95	4.93	
6	10	Normal	6.65	9.38	8.28	5.35	6.78	9.30	4.18	5.85	5.35	6.10	5.05	5.21	5.17	
6	11	Normal	5.70	9.38	8.33	5.43	6.63	9.37	4.28	5.50	5.43	5.43	4.93	5.10	5.06	
6	12	Normal	6.40	8.05	8.40	4.68	6.23	9.23	3.65	5.45	4.68	5.75	4.56	4.72	4.68	
6	13	Normal	6.05	7.78	7.68	4.15	5.58	8.26	3.00	4.63	4.15	4.95	3.90	4.06	4.01	
6	14	Normal	5.20	7.82	7.80	4.10	4.85	8.97	2.90	3.78	4.10	4.35	3.59	3.74	3.65	
6	15	Normal	4.90	7.95	7.43	4.18	5.85	8.87	3.23	4.58	4.18	5.15	4.01	4.16	4.12	
6	16	Normal	5.58	7.40	7.08	4.83	5.18	8.53	3.53	4.53	4.83	5.15	4.18	4.31	4.23	
6	17	Normal	5.80	8.02	7.60	4.78	5.53	8.42	3.18	4.60	4.78	5.80	4.08	4.23	4.15	
6	18	Normal	5.13	7.88	7.83	3.83	5.40	8.83	2.50	4.35	3.83	5.10	3.51	3.69	3.62	
6	19	Normal	4.90	7.75	8.20	4.60	4.50	8.98	2.78	3.23	4.60	5.53	3.52	3.65	3.50	
6	20	Normal	4.05	7.85	7.43	3.83	3.80	8.62	2.25	3.28	3.83	3.85	2.94	3.09	2.96	
6	21	Normal	2.98	7.23	7.10	2.55	4.23	8.14	2.90	3.28	2.55	3.23	3.21	3.32	3.25	
6	22	Normal	3.95	7.22	7.25	3.30	5.00	7.40	2.38	3.85</						



85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak (Allocated to days based on 2000/01 Winter)														System Weighted Average		
Month	Day	Description	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
7	1	Normal	2.50	6.20	5.58	1.28	2.00	6.75	1.43	2.05	1.28	2.00	1.82	1.92	1.70	
7	2	Normal	2.45	6.59	5.63	2.53	2.03	7.53	1.65	1.73	2.53	3.90	2.13	2.21	2.00	
7	3	Normal	2.43	6.40	5.95	3.03	3.00	6.80	1.48	2.53	3.03	2.75	2.06	2.19	2.11	
7	4	Normal	2.38	6.83	5.70	1.60	2.15	6.89	1.75	2.30	1.60	2.60	2.13	2.22	2.07	
7	5	Normal	2.30	5.45	5.40	2.98	2.15	6.80	1.23	1.85	2.98	3.30	1.80	1.90	1.75	
7	6	Normal	2.63	5.90	5.93	1.73	1.63	6.54	0.63	1.98	1.73	2.93	1.40	1.52	1.37	
7	7	Normal	1.88	5.90	6.33	1.60	0.93	7.34	0.35	0.98	1.60	3.33	1.06	1.16	0.92	
7	8	Normal	0.98	5.50	5.23	0.83	0.83	6.41	0.63	1.00	0.83	0.88	0.90	1.00	0.85	
7	9	Normal	1.33	5.01	5.70	1.13	1.48	6.68	0.95	1.65	1.13	1.50	1.30	1.40	1.28	
7	10	Normal	1.65	4.90	4.93	1.75	0.70	6.41	0.43	0.83	1.75	2.15	0.92	1.00	0.82	
7	11	Normal	1.15	4.63	5.45	1.43	0.85	7.13	0.40	0.65	1.43	1.78	0.82	0.92	0.74	
7	12	Normal	0.93	4.23	4.50	0.80	0.43	6.57	0.25	0.53	0.80	1.15	0.59	0.68	0.51	
7	13	Normal	0.68	3.45	4.25	0.83	0.40	5.87	0.10	0.68	0.83	0.83	0.45	0.53	0.40	
7	14	Normal	0.85	4.05	5.00	0.93	0.90	5.93	0.28	0.53	0.93	1.28	0.63	0.72	0.59	
7	15	Normal	0.98	4.89	4.88	1.20	0.68	5.92	0.48	0.68	1.20	0.98	0.76	0.85	0.70	
7	16	Normal	0.63	4.60	5.00	0.80	1.30	6.97	0.70	1.30	0.80	1.70	1.07	1.16	1.02	
7	17	Normal	1.25	4.05	5.05	1.65	1.48	6.22	1.03	0.95	1.65	2.25	1.31	1.38	1.24	
7	18	Normal	1.40	4.25	4.25	2.35	0.98	5.71	0.45	0.85	2.35	2.20	0.92	1.01	0.86	
7	19	Normal	1.05	3.25	4.70	1.03	0.58	5.48	0.18	0.18	1.03	1.18	0.49	0.57	0.43	
7	20	Normal	0.43	3.65	4.98	0.80	0.48	5.70	0.30	0.48	0.80	0.80	0.53	0.61	0.48	
7	21	Normal	0.58	2.93	4.85	0.43	0.53	5.88	0.05	0.30	0.43	0.75	0.35	0.43	0.31	
7	22	Normal	0.45	3.53	4.30	1.08	0.48	5.59	0.18	0.60	1.08	0.45	0.44	0.53	0.41	
7	23	Normal	0.60	2.93	4.63	0.85	0.23	6.13	-	0.03	0.85	0.70	0.27	0.35	0.21	
7	24	Normal	0.38	3.30	4.88	0.38	0.48	6.53	0.30	0.18	0.38	0.45	0.46	0.54	0.40	
7	25	Normal	0.63	3.43	4.60	0.65	0.15	6.00	0.10	0.08	0.65	1.05	0.38	0.45	0.28	
7	26	Normal	0.48	3.65	5.23	0.58	0.30	6.21	0.08	0.28	0.58	0.73	0.36	0.45	0.30	
7	27	Normal	0.58	3.85	5.90	0.28	0.15	6.67	-	0.08	0.28	0.65	0.29	0.38	0.21	
7	28	Normal	0.13	4.14	5.23	0.33	0.35	6.74	0.25	0.28	0.33	0.50	0.44	0.53	0.37	
7	29	Normal	0.63	3.85	5.25	0.15	1.15	6.53	0.50	0.88	0.15	0.88	0.77	0.86	0.76	
7	30	Normal	1.30	4.68	5.40	0.73	0.95	7.14	0.05	0.50	0.73	1.20	0.54	0.66	0.50	
7	31	Normal	0.55	5.25	5.60	0.78	0.75	6.84	0.25	0.58	0.78	1.48	0.65	0.75	0.57	
8	1	Normal	0.88	4.95	5.03	1.03	0.93	6.22	0.40	0.85	1.03	1.38	0.78	0.88	0.74	
8	2	Normal	0.48	3.93	6.00	0.75	0.50	6.67	0.20	0.25	0.75	1.47	0.53	0.61	0.44	
8	3	Normal	0.58	3.18	5.08	0.65	0.63	6.21	0.05	0.65	0.65	0.63	0.40	0.50	0.38	
8	4	Normal	0.23	3.30	5.33	0.53	0.60	6.00	0.10	0.58	0.53	0.58	0.39	0.48	0.37	
8	5	Normal	1.05	4.43	4.50	0.83	0.48	5.89	0.20	0.38	0.83	0.58	0.49	0.59	0.44	
8	6	Normal	0.70	4.43	4.03	0.73	0.78	6.48	0.40	0.78	0.73	1.61	0.77	0.85	0.69	
8	7	Normal	0.65	3.98	5.38	0.93	1.00	6.40	0.20	1.00	0.93	1.62	0.68	0.78	0.64	
8	8	Normal	1.23	3.98	4.55	1.13	0.48	5.95	-	0.28	1.13	0.78	0.38	0.49	0.34	
8	9	Normal	0.45	3.13	4.73	0.85	-	6.33	0.03	-	0.85	0.43	0.24	0.32	0.17	
8	10	Normal	0.23	4.33	4.78	0.25	0.53	6.33	0.18	0.35	0.25	0.99	0.46	0.55	0.40	
8	11	Normal	0.95	3.60	4.53	1.09	0.70	5.72	0.20	0.83	1.09	1.43	0.62	0.71	0.58	
8	12	Normal	1.18	3.88	5.40	0.88	0.68	5.88	0.10	0.53	0.88	1.31	0.53	0.62	0.48	
8	13	Normal	0.48	3.45	4.85	0.45	0.78	6.33	0.38	0.75	0.45	1.13	0.67	0.75	0.62	
8	14	Normal	0.80	4.23	4.65	0.65	0.48	5.47	0.18	0.30	0.65	1.20	0.50	0.58	0.43	
8	15	Normal	0.90	4.30	4.30	0.98	1.18	6.24	0.38	0.83	0.98	1.75	0.80	0.90	0.76	
8	16	Normal	1.03	3.73	4.65	0.65	1.13	6.01	0.50	1.08	0.65	2.25	0.95	1.02	0.88	
8	17	Normal	1.75	4.60	4.78	1.70	1.58	6.41	0.48	1.28	1.70	2.31	1.07	1.18	1.04	
8	18	Normal	1.63	3.99	5.15	1.55	1.63	6.03	0.48	1.25	1.55	1.88	1.00	1.11	1.00	
8	19	Normal	1.53	4.30	5.25	1.83	0.73	6.66	0.20	0.68	1.83	1.38	0.67	0.78	0.62	
8	20	Normal	0.58	4.60	4.50	0.73	1.20	6.04	0.30	0.83	0.73	1.23	0.69	0.79	0.68	
8	21	Normal	1.15	4.90	4.90	1.53	0.98	6.05	0.40	1.15	1.53	1.71	0.88	0.98	0.83	
8	22	Normal	1.00	4.40	4.90	0.93	0.65	6.18	0.38	0.73	0.93	1.03	0.70	0.79	0.64	
8	23	Normal	1.25	5.30	4.72	1.15	1.25	6.53	0.70	1.03	1.15	2.58	1.16	1.24	1.07	
8	24	Normal	2.58	4.50	5.13	2.98	1.58	6.82	0.98	1.90	2.98	3.53	1.64	1.73	1.56	
8	25	Normal	1.78	4.20	5.65	2.90	1.30	6.68	0.40	1.25	2.90	2.22	1.01	1.12	0.98	
8	26	Normal	0.83	4.40	5.30	1.33	0.75	6.58	0.05	0.68	1.33	1.52	0.55	0.65	0.50	
8	27	Normal	0.83	3.73	4.83	1.30	1.23	6.27	0.45	0.83	1.30	1.32	0.80	0.90	0.79	
8	28	Normal	0.75	4.03	4.65	1.38	0.30	5.91	0.23	0.45	1.38	1.66	0.59	0.67	0.49	
8	29	Normal	0.40	3.85	4.98	1.20	1.20	6.05	0.48	0.98	1.20	1.84	0.86	0.94	0.82	
8	30	Normal	1.83	3.90	4.35	1.35	1.23	5.81	0.63	1.23	1.35	1.89	1.07	1.16	1.03	
8	31	Normal	1.48	4.43	5.70	2.03	1.20	6.29	0.53	1.43	2.03	1.45	1.00	1.11	0.99	
9	1	Normal	1.43	5.08	5.10	2.18	1.50	6.20	0.70	1.50	2.18	2.13	1.20	1.31	1.18	
9	2	Normal	1.48	5.38	5.85	2.30	1.68	7.02	0.83	1.83	2.30	2.40	1.38	1.49	1.35	
9	3	Normal	2.00	5.60	5.28	2.55	1.75	7.04	0.78	1.85	2.55	2.43	1.40	1.52	1.38	
9	4	Normal	2.30	5.43	5.65	2.30	1.75	7.04	1.05	1.70	2.30	2.24	1.54	1.65	1.51	
9	5	Normal	2.38	5.65	5.65	2.00	2.68	7.24	1.53	2.25	2.00	2.89	2.03	2.13	2.02	
9	6	Normal	3.13	5.98	5.43	3.03	2.90	8.06	1.40	2.50	3.03	3.47	2.13	2.26	2.13	
9	7	Normal	2.23	6.18	5.95	2.93	2.70	7.40	0.90	1.63	2.93	3.15	1.60	1.75	1.61	
9	8	Normal	2.13	5.45	5.98	3.05	2.35	7.70	1.25	2.13	3.05	3.30	1.86	1.98	1.83	
9	9	Normal	2.33	5.45	6.55	3.15	2.33	7.64	1.23	2.40	3.15	3.66	1.93	2.04	1.89	
9	10	Normal	2.83	6.51	6.63	3.70	2.43	8.40	1.33	2.40	3.70	4.00	2.10	2.22	2.04	
9	11	Normal	2.05	5.35	5.38	3.23	1.78	6.83	1.15	1.88	3.23	2.81	1.67	1.78	1.63	
9	12	Normal	2.53	5.30	5.95	2.95	2.41	6.95	1.25	2.30	2.95	3.02	1.87	1.99	1.87	
9	13	Normal	2.53	5.55	6.83	4.00	2.63	7.03	1.58	2.23	4.00	3.95	2.18	2.29	2.14	
9	14	Normal	2.58	7.48	7.35	4.03	2.75	8.22	2.25	3.13	4.03	3.43	2.72	2.84	2.68	
9	15	Normal	2.93	7.10	6.08	3.95	3.78	7.54	3.35	4.35	3.95	3.68	3.64	3.73	3.64	
9	16	Normal	4.43	6.88	6.30	5.05	3.95	7.77	3.50	4.63	5.05	6.12	4.12	4.18	4.03	
9	17	Normal	4.53	6.88	6.50	5.95	4.73	7.73	2.70	4.28	5.95	5.73	3.60	3.73	3.65	
9	18	Normal	5.73	7.25	6.33	6.30	4.95	8.15	3.20	4.95	6.30	6.22	4.15	4.27	4.17	
9	19	Normal	4.65	7.38	7.03	5.50	4.68	8.75	3.15	4.28	5.50	5.40	3.87	3.99	3.88	
9	20	Normal	4.93	7.25	7.85	5.83	5.00	9.29	2.85	4.73	5.83	6.02	3.85	4.00	3.89	
9	21	Normal	4.93	6.45	7.13	6.55	4.40	8.01	2.45	3.73	6.55	5.78	3.39	3.53	3.41	
9	22	Normal	3.63	6.43	8.03	6.30	3.95	7.88	2.63	4.00	6.30	5.59	3.41	3.52	3.40	
9	23	Normal	3.30	8.10	6.98	5.63	3.38	8.49	2.28	2.95	5.63	4.53	2.93	3.07	2.90	
9	24	Normal	3.83	7.05	7.33	4.60	4.26	7.83	3.10	4.23	4.60	4.37	3.63	3.74	3.66	
9	25	Normal	3.38	6.88	6.50	3.90	4.20									

85% Probability Coldest Winter with 1989 Three Day Peak (Allocated to days based on 2000/01 Winter)													System Weighted Average			
Month	Day	Description	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
10	1	Normal	4.55	8.13	9.28	5.60	6.80	10.59	4.40	5.73	5.60	5.85	5.04	5.20	5.15	
10	2	Normal	6.85	10.38	9.45	7.23	7.70	11.38	5.83	7.60	7.23	7.08	6.51	6.66	6.61	
10	3	Normal	7.23	9.93	9.48	9.68	7.68	10.00	5.55	7.28	9.68	7.90	6.42	6.58	6.53	
10	4	Normal	7.78	9.48	8.40	9.23	8.28	9.59	5.18	7.43	9.23	8.75	6.32	6.49	6.46	
10	5	Normal	7.65	9.85	7.88	9.53	7.65	9.43	5.78	7.30	9.53	9.33	6.70	6.81	6.72	
10	6	Normal	7.33	8.80	8.53	9.80	7.45	8.78	5.93	7.55	9.80	8.30	6.67	6.77	6.73	
10	7	Normal	8.03	10.35	9.40	9.73	8.25	10.33	6.48	8.28	9.73	8.98	7.30	7.42	7.36	
10	8	Normal	8.58	9.98	8.60	10.13	8.85	9.29	7.28	9.08	10.13	9.73	8.02	8.10	8.08	
10	9	Normal	9.30	9.38	9.38	10.03	8.48	9.65	7.08	8.65	10.03	9.98	7.88	7.96	7.90	
10	10	Normal	8.55	11.10	9.43	11.13	10.53	11.24	8.20	10.00	11.13	10.10	8.89	9.01	9.04	
10	11	Normal	11.00	11.35	10.13	12.43	10.92	10.63	8.98	10.75	12.43	11.68	9.80	9.89	9.89	
10	12	Normal	10.80	11.03	9.38	12.73	9.57	11.63	8.10	9.28	12.73	10.60	8.89	9.00	8.93	
10	13	Normal	9.68	11.18	9.38	11.75	10.65	10.90	8.35	9.85	11.75	10.38	9.07	9.19	9.21	
10	14	Normal	10.65	11.30	9.50	11.28	11.55	11.45	9.55	11.20	11.28	12.00	10.26	10.33	10.34	
10	15	Normal	11.30	11.28	10.83	13.73	12.15	11.28	9.35	11.28	13.73	12.85	10.32	10.43	10.46	
10	16	Normal	11.38	12.70	11.05	13.95	11.43	11.48	9.20	11.15	13.95	11.70	10.09	10.23	10.23	
10	17	Normal	11.60	12.83	10.00	14.93	11.83	11.72	10.55	11.83	14.93	12.25	11.11	11.20	11.20	
10	18	Normal	11.75	12.98	10.27	14.88	12.50	12.91	10.98	12.48	14.88	13.18	11.62	11.70	11.69	
10	19	Normal	12.18	10.18	9.68	15.25	10.35	10.60	8.63	9.68	15.25	12.85	9.61	9.70	9.63	
10	20	Normal	9.95	11.00	10.00	13.58	11.99	10.73	9.18	10.90	13.58	11.58	9.93	10.05	10.13	
10	21	Normal	11.40	11.90	11.55	14.38	13.18	11.15	10.64	12.70	14.38	12.45	11.33	11.44	11.54	
10	22	Normal	13.38	13.45	11.53	15.63	13.05	12.70	10.88	13.08	15.63	13.58	11.81	11.93	11.95	
10	23	Normal	13.78	13.23	11.95	16.10	13.90	12.45	11.78	14.35	16.10	13.88	12.63	12.74	12.80	
10	24	Normal	14.23	14.45	11.50	16.90	13.84	13.39	12.33	13.75	16.90	14.48	13.01	13.11	13.11	
10	25	Normal	13.90	13.90	10.95	16.78	14.67	11.85	12.08	13.88	16.78	14.65	12.89	12.99	13.07	
10	26	Normal	14.33	14.43	11.28	17.18	15.38	13.16	13.20	14.58	17.18	14.75	13.77	13.87	13.95	
10	27	Normal	14.98	15.85	12.45	17.98	16.38	13.59	14.08	15.90	17.98	16.40	14.78	14.87	14.95	
10	28	Normal	15.73	16.78	12.73	18.33	15.80	14.97	14.78	15.63	18.33	16.78	15.27	15.32	15.30	
10	29	Normal	16.03	16.90	12.93	18.80	16.93	14.42	15.28	17.00	18.80	17.13	15.86	15.93	15.99	
10	30	Normal	17.08	16.15	13.33	21.05	17.20	14.45	15.23	16.85	21.05	17.85	15.97	16.06	16.12	
10	31	Normal	17.10	16.45	12.45	21.00	17.88	15.10	16.40	17.50	21.00	17.63	16.81	16.87	16.96	
11	1	85% Winter	15.35	17.57	16.29	17.64	19.06	16.73	17.40	17.79	17.64	18.01	17.45	17.46	17.57	
11	2	85% Winter	17.33	10.12	8.93	15.62	11.24	12.95	12.43	12.85	15.62	19.01	13.34	13.21	12.97	
11	3	85% Winter	11.39	9.59	8.93	14.62	9.78	11.33	10.44	12.85	14.62	13.01	11.05	11.03	10.96	
11	4	85% Winter	12.88	11.18	14.19	17.14	16.13	14.03	12.43	16.31	17.14	11.51	13.10	13.29	13.59	
11	5	85% Winter	17.33	13.31	15.24	17.14	15.64	15.65	14.91	16.80	17.14	14.51	15.28	15.34	15.43	
11	6	85% Winter	20.30	13.31	16.29	18.65	19.06	17.81	16.40	19.27	18.65	16.51	17.13	17.24	17.44	
11	7	85% Winter	18.82	14.91	17.87	22.18	24.93	21.59	20.38	23.22	22.18	19.01	20.68	20.81	21.23	
11	8	85% Winter	20.30	13.31	15.24	24.19	19.06	18.89	17.40	17.29	24.19	20.52	17.95	17.98	18.01	
11	9	85% Winter	18.82	19.17	21.55	22.68	26.39	19.97	21.37	22.24	22.68	18.51	21.25	21.41	21.86	
11	10	85% Winter	22.78	22.37	23.12	25.20	25.42	24.28	22.87	25.70	25.20	28.02	23.88	23.88	23.93	
11	11	85% Winter	26.25	27.69	27.33	33.77	30.79	29.68	28.83	29.65	33.77	30.02	29.00	29.05	29.17	
11	12	85% Winter	30.70	26.09	25.75	34.27	29.82	26.98	28.83	29.65	34.27	29.52	29.11	29.14	29.25	
11	13	85% Winter	27.24	21.30	23.12	31.25	25.91	23.20	23.36	24.71	31.25	26.52	24.23	24.31	24.41	
11	14	85% Winter	24.76	25.56	19.97	30.74	27.86	24.82	24.85	27.67	30.74	30.52	25.96	26.00	26.07	
11	15	85% Winter	26.74	22.90	20.50	31.25	25.42	22.13	24.85	24.71	31.25	27.52	25.19	25.18	25.20	
11	16	85% Winter	27.73	26.09	20.50	31.75	31.28	22.66	28.83	29.65	31.75	28.52	28.82	28.84	29.14	
11	17	85% Winter	28.23	25.56	23.12	33.77	31.77	22.66	26.84	29.15	33.77	31.02	27.86	27.95	28.23	
11	18	85% Winter	30.70	26.63	20.50	33.73	33.73	24.28	29.82	32.61	30.24	30.52	30.35	30.38	30.76	
11	19	85% Winter	32.19	26.09	21.55	34.27	35.68	24.82	27.84	34.10	34.27	31.52	29.65	29.87	30.38	
11	20	85% Winter	33.68	14.38	14.19	34.27	30.30	16.19	24.36	24.71	34.27	29.02	25.53	25.59	26.02	
11	21	85% Winter	26.25	22.37	16.82	30.24	28.84	16.73	22.87	26.68	30.24	25.02	24.05	24.23	24.66	
11	22	85% Winter	29.22	27.16	20.50	33.26	30.30	18.35	27.84	30.64	33.26	28.52	28.35	28.40	28.71	
11	23	85% Winter	29.22	18.11	17.34	35.28	23.95	16.35	26.84	25.70	35.28	31.02	26.87	26.63	26.57	
11	24	85% Winter	20.80	19.70	18.39	33.26	24.44	17.81	22.87	21.74	33.26	27.02	23.04	23.01	23.10	
11	25	85% Winter	20.30	21.30	19.45	31.25	19.06	21.05	23.36	20.75	31.25	24.52	22.69	22.54	22.30	
11	26	85% Winter	24.27	17.57	15.77	30.74	18.08	16.73	18.39	17.79	30.74	21.02	18.96	19.02	18.93	
11	27	85% Winter	20.80	22.90	18.39	24.19	21.02	18.35	22.87	23.72	24.19	21.52	22.53	22.46	22.49	
11	28	85% Winter	22.29	21.83	15.24	26.71	30.30	22.13	23.86	26.68	26.71	24.52	24.48	24.63	25.10	
11	29	85% Winter	26.25	16.51	13.66	30.74	20.53	16.73	19.88	19.27	30.74	25.02	20.70	20.69	20.64	
11	30	85% Winter	19.81	13.31	15.77	30.74	19.06	15.11	19.88	19.77	30.74	23.02	20.03	19.95	19.98	
12	1	85% Winter	21.79	15.44	14.19	26.71	23.95	13.49	19.88	24.71	26.71	21.02	20.83	20.93	21.37	
12	2	85% Winter	23.77	19.17	13.14	28.22	15.15	16.73	22.37	18.28	28.22	22.52	21.43	21.17	20.81	
12	3	85% Winter	18.32	19.70	12.61	26.71	21.02	16.19	22.87	25.20	26.71	23.52	22.71	22.57	22.67	
12	4	85% Winter	26.25	18.11	14.72	27.72	24.93	14.57	22.87	24.71	27.72	24.52	23.40	23.39	23.66	
12	5	85% Winter	26.74	18.64	15.24	27.72	26.39	15.11	25.35	25.20	27.72	25.02	25.17	25.08	25.39	
12	6	85% Winter	26.25	20.77	15.24	30.24	28.35	16.19	26.35	28.66	30.24	27.02	26.58	26.53	26.90	
12	7	85% Winter	30.70	23.43	11.56	30.74	31.28	20.51	27.34	31.63	30.74	27.02	28.10	28.19	28.64	
12	8	85% Winter	32.69	29.82	21.02	31.25	26.88	25.36	27.84	31.63	31.25	30.52	28.81	28.80	28.73	
12	9	85% Winter	30.70	23.43	24.18	31.75	22.97	20.51	24.36	23.22	31.75	31.02	25.14	25.03	24.78	
12	10	85% Winter	24.27	25.03	23.65	25.20	25.91	23.20	23.86	24.21	25.20	25.02	24.14	24.19	24.28	
12	11	85% Winter	25.26	28.22	23.65	29.74	30.30	24.82	28.83	30.14	29.74	25.02	28.38	28.45	28.75	
12	12	85% Winter	31.20	30.35	22.07	37.80	30.30	26.98	31.81	30.64	37.80	29.02	31.17	31.16	31.24	
12	13	85% Winter	31.20	27.16	16.82	38.81	23.95	23.74	33.30	28.66	38.81	31.52	31.64	31.27	30.95	
12	14	85% Winter	25.75	21.83	16.82	39.82	17.60	18.35	24.85	22.73	39.82	33.02	25.01	24.69	24.15	
12	15	85% Winter	18.32	22.37	16.82	30.24	18.57	20.51	22.37	20.26	30.24	24.52	21.87	21.73	21.48	
12	16	85% Winter	19.81	16.51	13.66	29.23	17.11	15.11	17.89	16.31	29.23	24.02	18.39	18.31	18.13	
12	17	85% Winter	18.82	25.03	19.97	27.72	24.44	19.97	24.85	26.68	27.72	17.51	23.90	23.99	24.31	
12	18	85% Winter	25.26	22.90	16.29	30.24	30.79	21.05	25							

# Appendix 2-21: Weather Assumptions – Normal Year

## Heating Degree Days, Base 65

Normal Year (20 Year Daily Average 1987-2006)		System Weighted Average												
Month	Day	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
1	1	23.40	20.50	17.80	28.85	23.50	18.99	22.83	23.13	28.85	24.48	23.06	23.05	23.15
1	2	23.88	21.10	18.58	28.25	24.43	19.18	22.98	23.40	28.25	24.95	23.32	23.33	23.45
1	3	24.00	21.60	18.70	28.10	23.23	19.58	23.13	22.78	28.10	25.05	23.30	23.27	23.29
1	4	24.00	21.78	19.65	29.25	24.90	19.28	23.73	24.25	29.25	24.85	23.94	23.95	24.10
1	5	25.62	23.65	19.23	30.75	25.70	20.88	25.78	26.15	30.75	25.90	25.76	25.74	25.85
1	6	26.12	22.60	18.68	31.75	25.25	20.50	26.25	24.95	31.75	27.43	26.04	25.95	25.98
1	7	24.84	20.83	17.00	30.33	23.83	18.55	24.38	24.10	30.33	26.55	24.46	24.38	24.43
1	8	24.23	21.05	17.20	29.75	23.65	18.60	24.03	24.13	29.75	25.80	24.13	24.07	24.13
1	9	23.61	20.75	16.80	29.58	23.10	18.85	23.63	23.55	29.58	25.23	23.68	23.62	23.67
1	10	23.74	21.05	17.05	28.68	22.93	18.19	23.43	23.00	28.68	24.70	23.42	23.36	23.41
1	11	24.06	21.45	17.62	28.85	23.85	18.63	24.43	24.38	28.85	25.33	24.36	24.29	24.37
1	12	24.24	21.50	18.28	29.03	23.10	19.78	24.00	23.67	29.03	25.70	24.03	23.96	23.96
1	13	23.48	20.85	18.08	28.98	22.65	19.23	23.45	22.73	28.98	24.00	23.31	23.27	23.30
1	14	22.55	20.99	18.08	28.85	22.53	18.38	22.48	22.68	28.85	24.15	22.65	22.64	22.68
1	15	23.72	22.30	19.20	28.28	24.63	20.18	23.98	24.35	28.28	24.53	24.05	24.06	24.17
1	16	24.63	22.40	18.48	29.13	24.63	20.70	23.88	24.80	29.13	25.63	24.23	24.24	24.32
1	17	25.22	21.93	17.35	29.65	25.37	18.75	24.80	24.55	29.65	26.95	24.94	24.89	24.99
1	18	24.34	20.15	17.50	29.05	23.21	17.80	23.00	23.30	29.05	24.95	23.26	23.22	23.30
1	19	23.56	20.65	16.98	27.98	23.65	17.53	23.73	23.25	27.98	24.55	23.63	23.56	23.67
1	20	23.48	20.55	17.50	28.40	23.70	17.58	22.78	23.18	28.40	24.10	22.99	22.99	23.12
1	21	24.19	21.25	18.43	28.03	23.75	18.88	23.60	23.83	28.03	24.15	23.66	23.64	23.74
1	22	23.92	21.43	18.63	28.03	23.56	19.20	23.78	23.40	28.03	25.05	23.78	23.73	23.78
1	23	22.98	20.68	18.28	28.40	23.82	18.88	23.23	23.05	28.40	24.68	23.31	23.28	23.38
1	24	23.38	21.10	17.38	27.20	23.87	18.57	22.95	23.23	27.20	24.38	23.15	23.13	23.25
1	25	24.04	21.31	17.85	26.83	23.17	18.60	23.25	23.30	26.83	24.28	23.33	23.29	23.36
1	26	23.62	21.88	17.75	27.50	23.17	18.90	22.95	23.25	27.50	24.58	23.17	23.15	23.20
1	27	23.62	20.93	18.33	28.03	22.62	19.60	23.30	23.40	28.03	24.55	23.37	23.32	23.34
1	28	23.32	19.70	17.10	27.30	20.90	17.88	21.43	21.30	27.30	23.40	21.66	21.63	21.62
1	29	21.41	19.79	16.93	26.43	20.46	17.23	21.30	20.43	26.43	21.73	21.15	21.12	21.13
1	30	22.08	20.23	17.15	25.90	21.95	19.33	21.50	21.20	25.90	22.70	21.63	21.63	21.67
1	31	21.91	20.33	16.75	26.63	22.08	18.23	21.95	21.68	26.63	22.53	21.94	21.93	22.00
2	1	22.70	20.63	17.20	27.73	22.83	19.05	23.15	22.95	27.73	22.95	23.00	22.97	23.06
2	2	23.63	21.43	16.50	28.83	22.33	19.80	23.35	23.40	28.83	24.90	23.44	23.38	23.37
2	3	23.35	21.43	17.23	29.20	24.15	19.38	23.25	23.88	29.20	25.18	23.54	23.54	23.64
2	4	24.08	20.28	17.25	28.53	24.36	17.50	22.93	24.00	28.53	24.98	23.34	23.34	23.50
2	5	24.80	21.50	18.20	29.35	25.08	18.55	23.48	24.88	28.35	24.80	23.89	23.92	24.10
2	6	24.63	20.03	17.08	29.45	23.66	16.99	22.43	22.80	29.45	24.35	22.81	22.82	22.96
2	7	23.20	21.05	17.45	27.75	24.24	17.95	22.43	24.20	27.75	23.20	22.84	22.89	23.09
2	8	23.80	20.82	17.88	27.93	23.60	19.05	21.50	23.45	27.93	24.15	22.28	22.35	22.47
2	9	23.88	21.48	17.40	26.98	23.00	18.65	21.58	22.68	26.98	23.98	22.18	22.22	22.29
2	10	22.88	19.58	17.05	26.05	22.38	18.68	21.20	22.68	26.05	23.10	21.72	21.75	21.84
2	11	22.68	19.93	18.00	25.53	22.13	17.65	20.73	21.33	25.53	23.00	21.21	21.23	21.31
2	12	22.30	19.70	17.33	26.18	22.30	18.35	21.45	21.55	26.18	22.30	21.61	21.63	21.73
2	13	22.55	22.08	18.20	26.03	23.08	19.08	22.28	23.03	26.03	23.53	22.54	22.55	22.63
2	14	24.05	22.43	19.08	25.83	22.78	19.85	22.35	22.63	25.83	23.68	22.64	22.65	22.67
2	15	22.63	20.28	18.90	26.18	21.60	19.07	20.88	21.63	26.18	23.28	21.37	21.39	21.41
2	16	21.58	20.85	17.20	26.10	22.13	18.38	21.35	21.93	26.10	22.73	21.61	21.63	21.70
2	17	21.65	21.09	17.23	26.33	21.73	18.84	21.70	22.08	26.33	22.88	21.85	21.85	21.88
2	18	21.80	21.08	17.13	27.23	20.04	19.10	20.90	20.40	27.23	23.13	21.10	21.08	20.99
2	19	20.75	20.68	16.88	25.65	20.35	18.16	20.85	20.78	25.65	22.48	20.97	20.95	20.92
2	20	21.25	20.10	17.05	24.63	21.23	18.11	21.00	21.15	24.63	21.80	21.10	21.10	21.15
2	21	20.43	20.08	16.28	23.40	19.04	18.27	19.65	19.05	23.40	21.40	19.78	19.76	19.68
2	22	19.38	20.02	16.38	22.28	20.53	17.75	19.08	20.28	22.28	21.38	19.58	19.62	19.66
2	23	20.60	21.02	17.78	23.60	20.44	17.91	20.30	20.80	23.60	21.40	20.51	20.52	20.53
2	24	20.95	21.75	17.35	24.38	21.55	18.60	21.48	22.00	24.38	22.58	21.61	21.60	21.63
2	25	20.95	20.33	16.88	24.90	20.88	17.61	21.45	21.73	24.90	23.43	21.58	21.51	21.51
2	26	20.73	19.90	17.60	24.93	20.90	17.45	20.60	21.05	24.93	22.55	20.86	20.84	20.87
2	27	20.65	19.05	16.80	25.35	20.00	16.74	20.15	20.15	25.35	22.10	20.35	20.32	20.33
2	28	19.63	19.73	17.45	24.53	19.93	17.95	19.58	19.93	24.53	20.90	19.80	19.82	19.84
2	29	18.30	16.30	16.40	22.10	19.70	13.66	17.20	19.00	22.10	18.20	17.71	17.80	18.01
3	1	19.75	19.15	16.48	24.15	18.85	17.02	19.61	19.18	24.15	21.65	19.72	19.68	19.62
3	2	19.00	20.35	16.20	24.35	20.58	18.15	20.50	20.85	24.35	20.48	20.45	20.47	20.53
3	3	21.19	19.75	16.23	24.00	19.20	18.80	19.78	19.33	24.00	21.75	19.99	19.97	19.89
3	4	18.75	20.13	16.88	21.98	19.90	18.44	19.65	20.45	21.98	20.05	19.76	19.78	19.82
3	5	21.04	19.35	17.50	22.96	19.60	18.00	19.58	19.68	22.96	20.30	19.75	19.77	19.77
3	6	19.63	19.75	17.25	22.53	19.33	18.02	18.55	19.15	22.53	20.23	18.95	19.00	18.99
3	7	18.78	20.39	17.93	21.73	18.98	18.73	18.50	19.53	21.73	20.08	18.90	18.94	18.91
3	8	19.10	18.60	16.50	21.50	17.78	17.48	18.15	18.33	21.50	20.73	18.50	18.47	18.38
3	9	18.44	18.39	15.53	20.58	17.03	17.18	17.00	17.50	20.58	19.75	17.49	17.49	17.40
3	10	18.19	18.63	16.10	20.43	18.20	17.58	17.40	18.38	20.43	18.28	17.76	17.81	17.83
3	11	18.59	18.25	15.53	20.78	17.95	17.40	17.18	17.45	20.78	18.55	17.53	17.58	17.57
3	12	17.57	17.95	15.73	19.45	17.68	17.30	16.63	17.18	19.45	17.48	16.95	17.02	17.03
3	13	17.74	17.65	15.63	19.88	17.98	16.72	16.20	17.48	19.88	17.73	16.77	16.86	16.91
3	14	17.63	17.99	15.88	18.25	17.00	16.73	16.08	16.85	18.25	17.58	16.53	16.59	16.57
3	15	17.92	19.29	15.80	18.50	17.40	17.33	17.15	18.25	18.50	18.28	17.51	17.54	17.51
3	16	17.45	18.88	16.60	19.43	18.13	17.75	18.10	18.68	19.43	18.73	18.22	18.22	18.22
3	17	18.18	17.98	15.73	19.45	16.98	16.48	16.80	17.63	19.45	18.18	17.18	17.20	17.17
3	18	17.30	17.75	15.45	19.98	16.73	16.23	16.70	17.28	19.98	18.23	17.01	17.02	16.98
3	19	17.34	17.98	15.33	19.05	16.90	16.86	15.55	17.10	19.05	17.78	16.25	16.33	16.31
3	20	17.02	17.80	15.38	18.85	17.45	16.59	15.10	16.68	18.85	17.45	15.88	16.00	16.03
3	21	16.98	17.13	16.33	17.73	17.13	16.67	15.52	17.25	17.73	16.33	16.07	16.16	16.21
3	22	16.93	18.43	16.65	18.75	17.60	16.53	15.98	16.73	18.75				

Normal Year (20 Year Daily Average 1987-2006)		System Weighted Average												
Month	Day	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
4	1	15.20	17.60	14.63	16.05	15.33	15.79	13.78	15.20	16.05	15.90	14.46	14.55	14.51
4	2	14.69	17.75	15.23	15.70	15.70	17.66	13.98	15.55	15.70	14.93	14.54	14.67	14.66
4	3	15.34	17.48	15.05	15.35	15.75	16.29	14.53	15.93	15.35	15.28	14.98	15.06	15.06
4	4	16.81	18.18	15.13	16.68	16.28	17.64	15.15	16.45	16.68	16.70	15.73	15.82	15.77
4	5	16.29	17.98	14.68	16.75	16.00	17.05	14.98	16.40	16.75	16.60	15.55	15.63	15.59
4	6	16.33	16.93	13.45	16.90	15.10	16.16	13.50	15.80	16.90	16.38	14.47	14.57	14.52
4	7	14.99	17.33	14.03	15.93	15.03	16.25	14.20	15.81	15.93	15.88	14.77	14.83	14.78
4	8	15.33	17.28	14.38	16.60	15.25	16.16	14.22	15.80	16.60	15.70	14.80	14.88	14.85
4	9	15.93	16.13	13.25	16.53	14.83	15.18	14.30	15.20	16.53	15.53	14.73	14.78	14.74
4	10	14.91	15.85	13.65	16.03	14.50	14.65	12.73	13.88	16.03	14.88	13.43	13.53	13.51
4	11	14.39	15.38	13.53	16.13	13.31	14.40	12.15	13.48	16.13	14.08	12.84	12.94	12.89
4	12	13.86	15.80	13.33	14.18	13.50	15.12	12.10	13.88	14.18	14.03	12.83	12.93	12.88
4	13	14.26	16.10	14.18	13.43	13.90	15.27	12.43	14.00	13.43	13.88	13.08	13.18	13.14
4	14	14.89	15.65	13.60	14.83	14.05	15.36	12.28	14.03	14.83	14.05	13.06	13.18	13.15
4	15	13.64	14.63	12.15	14.30	12.85	14.03	11.28	12.70	14.30	13.60	12.04	12.15	12.10
4	16	12.76	14.75	12.50	13.18	13.30	14.39	11.38	13.13	13.18	12.48	12.02	12.14	12.15
4	17	13.10	16.13	13.50	13.18	14.13	14.73	12.70	14.35	13.18	12.53	13.09	13.20	13.23
4	18	14.52	16.80	13.33	13.48	13.78	15.85	12.25	14.03	13.48	15.23	13.14	13.23	13.13
4	19	15.52	15.68	13.10	14.43	13.75	15.61	12.08	14.00	14.43	15.55	13.10	13.20	13.11
4	20	13.84	15.70	13.23	13.23	13.30	15.30	11.08	12.80	13.23	13.38	11.97	12.12	12.07
4	21	12.97	15.95	13.53	11.95	13.85	15.35	11.83	14.15	11.95	12.78	12.52	12.65	12.66
4	22	13.73	15.55	12.70	13.25	13.83	15.36	11.93	13.38	13.25	14.13	12.67	12.77	12.73
4	23	13.36	15.32	12.68	13.20	14.05	14.55	11.98	13.75	13.20	14.20	12.73	12.83	12.82
4	24	14.46	15.23	13.03	14.28	13.65	14.88	11.33	12.93	14.28	14.35	12.29	12.42	12.37
4	25	13.07	14.20	12.40	13.43	12.83	13.69	10.38	12.53	13.43	13.18	11.37	11.51	11.49
4	26	12.65	13.59	11.95	11.98	11.75	12.68	10.45	12.00	11.98	12.10	11.12	11.21	11.17
4	27	12.27	13.60	12.88	11.70	12.08	13.86	9.55	11.90	11.70	11.83	10.53	10.69	10.67
4	28	11.63	13.18	11.63	10.85	11.90	12.55	9.45	11.25	10.85	10.93	10.22	10.35	10.37
4	29	11.30	12.83	11.65	11.25	11.25	13.01	8.98	10.70	11.25	10.85	9.79	9.94	9.92
4	30	10.45	13.80	12.23	10.28	12.08	13.18	8.60	11.65	10.28	9.88	9.59	9.80	9.86
5	1	11.60	14.51	12.95	10.40	12.13	14.18	9.93	11.48	10.40	10.38	10.54	10.69	10.69
5	2	11.20	13.75	12.20	11.25	11.25	13.18	9.06	11.15	11.25	11.70	10.00	10.14	10.09
5	3	11.45	12.61	11.63	11.90	10.75	12.58	8.93	10.58	11.90	11.43	9.78	9.91	9.85
5	4	10.05	12.10	10.93	10.20	10.00	12.38	7.70	9.10	10.20	10.14	8.56	8.70	8.64
5	5	9.33	12.28	11.13	9.45	9.75	12.06	7.58	9.80	9.45	8.60	8.35	8.52	8.51
5	6	9.78	12.40	11.48	8.93	10.83	12.60	8.48	10.45	8.93	9.86	9.21	9.34	9.34
5	7	10.58	12.93	11.75	10.48	10.58	12.71	9.13	10.40	10.48	11.14	9.79	9.88	9.82
5	8	11.85	14.03	12.40	10.75	11.73	13.51	9.68	12.18	10.75	11.13	10.53	10.67	10.65
5	9	11.68	14.65	12.98	10.38	12.23	13.75	10.10	11.49	10.38	11.70	10.78	10.91	10.88
5	10	11.75	12.95	12.43	10.50	10.83	13.50	8.45	9.98	10.50	10.65	9.37	9.52	9.46
5	11	9.95	11.83	10.95	8.20	9.85	12.11	7.88	8.80	8.20	10.04	8.58	8.68	8.62
5	12	9.38	12.78	11.50	8.70	10.38	12.62	7.70	9.20	8.70	9.65	8.50	8.66	8.62
5	13	9.40	11.83	10.68	9.28	9.33	12.13	7.15	8.26	9.28	9.96	8.00	8.13	8.04
5	14	8.60	11.30	9.90	8.05	8.34	11.86	5.73	7.58	8.05	8.24	6.74	6.92	6.84
5	15	7.55	11.65	10.15	6.53	8.50	11.26	6.38	7.95	6.53	7.58	7.05	7.19	7.15
5	16	9.08	12.18	11.33	7.98	9.95	12.04	7.00	8.79	7.98	8.55	7.84	8.02	8.01
5	17	8.93	12.15	11.38	8.20	10.48	12.45	8.18	9.57	8.20	8.25	8.66	8.81	8.84
5	18	10.48	11.33	11.00	8.68	9.83	11.18	7.23	9.23	8.68	10.10	8.25	8.39	8.35
5	19	9.85	11.55	10.65	8.85	10.08	11.78	6.90	9.00	8.85	8.87	7.89	8.07	8.08
5	20	9.63	11.40	10.60	8.63	9.50	11.23	6.73	8.88	8.63	9.16	7.74	7.90	7.87
5	21	8.70	10.70	10.20	7.40	8.75	10.40	5.83	7.80	7.40	7.80	6.77	6.95	6.94
5	22	7.90	10.60	9.70	6.75	8.30	10.60	5.23	7.20	6.75	6.64	6.14	6.33	6.33
5	23	7.83	10.25	9.40	7.40	7.73	11.31	5.58	7.33	7.40	7.65	6.44	6.59	6.52
5	24	6.93	9.75	9.48	6.63	7.68	10.75	4.23	6.53	6.63	7.12	5.37	5.58	5.54
5	25	6.93	10.01	9.30	5.05	7.45	10.84	5.45	7.18	5.05	7.03	6.18	6.31	6.25
5	26	7.23	10.29	8.90	6.50	7.13	9.99	4.78	6.10	6.50	6.51	5.58	5.75	5.69
5	27	6.60	9.35	8.83	5.68	7.13	9.51	5.03	6.38	5.68	6.31	5.68	5.82	5.79
5	28	6.63	9.88	9.28	6.28	8.05	9.74	5.90	7.35	6.28	6.08	6.39	6.54	6.56
5	29	7.85	9.93	9.15	7.83	7.83	10.03	6.20	7.58	7.83	7.65	6.85	6.96	6.92
5	30	8.33	9.33	9.15	7.90	7.18	10.23	4.73	6.55	7.90	7.63	5.79	5.96	5.88
5	31	6.60	9.43	8.44	5.38	6.95	10.03	4.53	6.15	5.38	6.16	5.33	5.49	5.44
6	1	6.35	9.00	8.63	5.68	6.45	9.86	4.45	6.05	5.68	6.65	5.27	5.40	5.32
6	2	6.68	8.93	8.13	5.50	6.23	9.05	3.68	5.10	5.50	6.65	4.66	4.81	4.73
6	3	5.98	8.55	8.93	4.90	5.60	9.62	3.15	4.43	4.90	5.40	4.05	4.22	4.13
6	4	4.55	8.63	7.75	3.23	5.33	9.09	3.93	5.25	3.23	5.15	4.48	4.59	4.51
6	5	5.58	8.70	8.75	5.30	6.65	9.88	4.90	6.63	5.30	5.68	5.48	5.61	5.58
6	6	6.38	9.45	9.48	6.08	6.55	9.38	4.75	5.98	6.08	6.70	5.46	5.59	5.51
6	7	7.00	9.38	8.80	5.68	6.58	9.10	4.35	5.80	5.68	6.15	5.17	5.32	5.26
6	8	5.90	8.53	8.65	5.53	5.95	9.15	3.68	5.28	5.53	6.15	4.57	4.72	4.64
6	9	5.93	9.23	8.45	4.98	6.88	9.37	4.00	5.45	4.98	5.30	4.76	4.95	4.93
6	10	6.65	9.38	8.28	5.35	6.78	9.30	4.18	5.85	5.35	6.10	5.05	5.21	5.17
6	11	5.70	9.38	8.33	5.43	6.63	9.37	4.28	5.50	5.43	5.43	4.93	5.10	5.06
6	12	6.40	8.05	8.40	4.68	6.23	9.23	3.65	5.45	4.68	5.75	4.56	4.72	4.68
6	13	6.05	7.78	7.68	4.15	5.58	8.26	3.00	4.63	4.15	4.95	3.90	4.06	4.01
6	14	5.20	7.82	7.80	4.10	4.85	8.97	2.90	3.78	4.10	4.35	3.59	3.74	3.65
6	15	4.90	7.95	7.43	4.18	5.85	8.87	3.23	4.58	4.18	5.15	4.01	4.16	4.12
6	16	5.58	7.40	7.08	4.83	5.18	8.53	3.53	4.53	4.83	5.15	4.18	4.31	4.23
6	17	5.80	8.02	7.60	4.78	5.53	8.42	3.18	4.60	4.78	5.80	4.08	4.23	4.15
6	18	5.13	7.88	7.83	3.83	5.40	8.83	2.50	4.35	3.83	5.10	3.51	3.69	3.62
6	19	4.90	7.75	8.20	4.60	4.50	8.98	2.78	3.23	4.60	5.53	3.52	3.65	3.50
6	20	4.05	7.85	7.43	3.83	3.80	8.62	2.25	3.28	3.83	3.85	2.94	3.09	2.96
6	21	2.98	7.23	7.10	2.55	4.23	8.14	2.90	3.28	2.55	3.23	3.21	3.32	3.25
6	22	3.95	7.22	7.25	3.30	5.00	7.40	2.38	3.85	3.30	3.63	3.09	3.26	3.24
6	23	3.83	6.83	6.95	3.45	3.88	7.99	1.65	3.03	3.45	4.23	2.54	2.69	2.58
6	24	3.60	6.48	7.40	3.15	3.35	7.89	1.93	2.95	3.15	4.10	2.63	2.75	2.62
6	25	2.95	5.90	6.68	2.73	3.06	7.56	1.60	2.35	2.73	3.43	2.21	2.33	2.22
6	26	2.70	5.75	6.33	1.63	2.80	6							

Normal Year (20 Year Daily Average 1987-2006)		System Weighted Average												
Month	Day	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
7	1	2.50	6.20	5.58	1.28	2.00	6.75	1.43	2.05	1.28	2.00	1.82	1.92	1.79
7	2	2.45	6.59	5.63	2.53	2.03	7.53	1.65	1.73	2.53	3.90	2.13	2.21	2.00
7	3	2.43	6.40	5.95	3.03	3.00	6.80	1.48	2.53	3.03	2.75	2.06	2.19	2.11
7	4	2.38	6.83	5.70	1.60	2.15	6.89	1.75	2.30	1.60	2.60	2.13	2.22	2.07
7	5	2.30	5.45	5.40	2.98	2.15	6.80	1.23	1.85	2.98	3.30	1.80	1.90	1.75
7	6	2.63	5.90	5.93	1.73	1.83	6.54	0.63	1.98	1.73	2.93	1.40	1.52	1.37
7	7	1.88	5.90	6.33	1.60	0.93	7.34	0.35	0.98	1.60	3.33	1.06	1.16	0.92
7	8	0.98	5.50	5.23	0.83	0.83	6.41	0.63	1.00	0.83	0.88	0.90	1.00	0.85
7	9	1.33	5.01	5.70	1.13	1.48	6.68	0.95	1.65	1.13	1.50	1.30	1.40	1.28
7	10	1.65	4.90	4.93	1.75	0.70	6.41	0.43	0.83	1.75	2.15	0.92	1.00	0.82
7	11	1.15	4.63	5.45	1.43	0.85	7.13	0.40	0.65	1.43	1.78	0.82	0.92	0.74
7	12	0.93	4.23	4.50	0.80	0.43	6.57	0.25	0.53	0.80	1.15	0.59	0.68	0.51
7	13	0.68	3.45	4.25	0.83	0.40	5.87	0.10	0.68	0.83	0.83	0.45	0.53	0.40
7	14	0.85	4.05	5.00	0.93	0.90	5.93	0.28	0.53	0.93	1.28	0.63	0.72	0.59
7	15	0.98	4.89	4.88	1.20	0.68	5.92	0.48	0.68	1.20	0.98	0.76	0.85	0.70
7	16	0.63	4.60	5.00	0.80	1.30	6.97	0.70	1.30	0.80	1.70	1.07	1.16	1.02
7	17	1.25	4.05	5.05	1.65	1.48	6.22	1.03	0.95	1.65	2.25	1.31	1.38	1.24
7	18	1.40	4.25	4.25	2.35	0.98	5.71	0.45	0.85	2.35	2.20	0.92	1.01	0.86
7	19	1.05	3.25	4.70	1.03	0.58	5.48	0.18	0.18	1.03	1.18	0.49	0.57	0.43
7	20	0.43	3.65	4.98	0.80	0.48	5.70	0.30	0.48	0.80	0.80	0.53	0.61	0.48
7	21	0.58	2.93	4.85	0.43	0.53	5.88	0.05	0.30	0.43	0.75	0.35	0.43	0.31
7	22	0.45	3.53	4.30	1.08	0.48	5.59	0.18	0.60	1.08	0.45	0.44	0.53	0.41
7	23	0.60	2.93	4.63	0.85	0.23	6.13	-	0.03	0.85	0.70	0.27	0.35	0.21
7	24	0.38	3.30	4.88	0.38	0.48	6.53	0.30	0.18	0.38	0.45	0.46	0.54	0.40
7	25	0.63	3.43	4.60	0.65	0.15	6.00	0.10	0.08	0.65	1.05	0.38	0.45	0.28
7	26	0.48	3.65	5.23	0.58	0.30	6.21	0.08	0.28	0.58	0.73	0.36	0.45	0.30
7	27	0.58	3.85	5.90	0.28	0.15	6.67	-	0.08	0.28	0.65	0.29	0.38	0.21
7	28	0.13	4.14	5.23	0.33	0.35	6.74	0.25	0.28	0.33	0.50	0.44	0.53	0.37
7	29	0.63	3.85	5.25	0.15	1.15	6.53	0.50	0.88	0.15	0.88	0.77	0.86	0.76
7	30	1.30	4.68	5.40	0.73	0.95	7.14	0.05	0.50	0.73	1.20	0.54	0.66	0.50
7	31	0.55	5.25	5.60	0.78	0.75	6.84	0.25	0.58	0.78	1.48	0.65	0.75	0.57
8	1	0.88	4.95	5.03	1.03	0.93	6.22	0.40	0.85	1.03	1.38	0.78	0.88	0.74
8	2	0.48	3.93	6.00	0.75	0.50	6.67	0.20	0.25	0.75	1.47	0.53	0.61	0.44
8	3	0.58	3.18	5.08	0.65	0.63	6.21	0.05	0.65	0.65	0.63	0.40	0.50	0.38
8	4	0.23	3.30	5.33	0.53	0.60	6.00	0.10	0.58	0.53	0.58	0.39	0.48	0.37
8	5	1.05	4.43	4.50	0.83	0.48	5.89	0.20	0.38	0.83	0.58	0.49	0.59	0.44
8	6	0.70	4.43	4.03	0.73	0.78	6.48	0.40	0.78	0.73	1.61	0.77	0.85	0.69
8	7	0.65	3.98	5.38	0.93	1.00	6.40	0.20	1.00	0.93	1.62	0.68	0.78	0.64
8	8	1.23	3.98	4.55	1.13	0.48	5.95	-	0.28	1.13	0.78	0.38	0.49	0.34
8	9	0.45	3.13	4.73	0.85	-	6.33	0.03	-	0.85	0.43	0.24	0.32	0.17
8	10	0.23	4.33	4.78	0.25	0.53	6.33	0.18	0.35	0.25	0.99	0.46	0.55	0.40
8	11	0.95	3.60	4.53	1.09	0.70	5.72	0.20	0.83	1.09	1.43	0.62	0.71	0.58
8	12	1.18	3.88	5.40	0.88	0.68	5.88	0.10	0.53	0.88	1.31	0.53	0.62	0.48
8	13	0.48	3.45	4.85	0.45	0.78	6.33	0.38	0.75	0.45	1.13	0.67	0.75	0.62
8	14	0.80	4.23	4.65	0.65	0.48	5.47	0.18	0.30	0.65	1.20	0.50	0.58	0.43
8	15	0.90	4.30	4.30	0.98	1.18	6.24	0.38	0.83	0.98	1.75	0.80	0.90	0.76
8	16	1.03	3.73	4.65	0.65	1.13	6.01	0.50	1.08	0.65	2.25	0.95	1.02	0.88
8	17	1.75	4.60	4.78	1.70	1.58	6.41	0.48	1.28	1.70	2.31	1.07	1.18	1.04
8	18	1.63	3.99	5.15	1.55	1.63	6.03	0.48	1.25	1.55	1.88	1.00	1.11	1.00
8	19	1.53	4.30	5.25	1.83	0.73	6.66	0.20	0.68	1.83	1.38	0.67	0.78	0.62
8	20	0.58	4.60	4.50	0.73	1.20	6.04	0.30	0.83	0.73	1.23	0.69	0.79	0.68
8	21	1.15	4.90	4.90	1.53	0.98	6.05	0.40	1.15	1.53	1.71	0.88	0.98	0.83
8	22	1.00	4.40	4.90	0.93	0.65	6.18	0.38	0.73	0.93	1.03	0.70	0.79	0.64
8	23	1.25	5.30	4.72	1.15	1.25	6.53	0.70	1.03	1.15	2.58	1.16	1.24	1.07
8	24	2.58	4.50	5.13	2.98	1.58	6.82	0.98	1.90	2.98	3.53	1.64	1.73	1.56
8	25	1.78	4.20	5.65	2.90	1.30	6.68	0.40	1.25	2.90	2.22	1.01	1.12	0.98
8	26	0.83	4.40	5.30	1.33	0.75	6.58	0.05	0.68	1.33	1.52	0.55	0.65	0.50
8	27	0.83	3.73	4.83	1.30	1.23	6.27	0.45	0.83	1.30	1.32	0.80	0.90	0.79
8	28	0.75	4.03	4.65	1.38	0.30	5.91	0.23	0.45	1.38	1.66	0.59	0.67	0.49
8	29	0.40	3.85	4.98	1.20	1.20	6.05	0.48	0.98	1.20	1.84	0.86	0.94	0.82
8	30	1.83	3.90	4.35	1.35	1.23	5.81	0.63	1.23	1.35	1.89	1.07	1.16	1.03
8	31	1.48	4.43	5.70	2.03	1.20	6.29	0.53	1.43	2.03	1.45	1.00	1.11	0.99
9	1	1.43	5.08	5.10	2.18	1.50	6.20	0.70	1.50	2.18	2.13	1.20	1.31	1.18
9	2	1.48	5.38	5.85	2.30	1.68	7.02	0.83	1.83	2.30	2.40	1.38	1.49	1.35
9	3	2.00	5.60	5.28	2.55	1.75	7.04	0.78	1.85	2.55	2.43	1.40	1.52	1.38
9	4	2.30	5.43	5.65	2.30	1.75	7.04	1.05	1.70	2.30	2.24	1.54	1.65	1.51
9	5	2.38	5.65	5.65	2.00	2.68	7.24	1.53	2.25	2.00	2.89	2.03	2.13	2.02
9	6	3.13	5.98	5.43	3.03	2.90	8.06	1.40	2.50	3.03	3.47	2.13	2.26	2.13
9	7	2.23	6.18	5.95	2.93	2.70	7.40	0.90	1.63	2.93	3.15	1.60	1.75	1.61
9	8	2.13	5.45	5.98	3.05	2.35	7.70	1.25	2.13	3.05	3.30	1.86	1.98	1.83
9	9	2.33	5.45	6.55	3.15	2.33	7.64	1.23	2.40	3.15	3.66	1.93	2.04	1.89
9	10	2.83	6.51	6.63	3.70	2.43	8.40	1.33	2.40	3.70	4.00	2.10	2.22	2.04
9	11	2.05	5.35	5.38	3.23	1.78	6.83	1.15	1.88	3.23	2.81	1.67	1.78	1.63
9	12	2.53	5.30	5.95	2.95	2.41	6.95	1.25	2.30	2.95	3.02	1.87	1.99	1.87
9	13	2.53	5.55	6.83	4.00	2.63	7.03	1.58	2.23	4.00	3.95	2.18	2.29	2.14
9	14	2.58	7.48	7.35	4.03	2.75	8.22	2.25	3.13	4.03	3.43	2.72	2.84	2.68
9	15	2.93	7.10	6.08	3.95	3.78	7.54	3.35	4.35	3.95	3.68	3.64	3.73	3.64
9	16	4.43	6.88	6.30	5.05	3.95	7.77	3.50	4.63	5.05	6.12	4.12	4.18	4.03
9	17	4.53	6.88	6.50	5.95	4.73	7.73	2.70	4.28	5.95	5.73	3.60	3.73	3.65
9	18	5.73	7.25	6.33	6.30	4.95	8.15	3.20	4.95	6.30	6.22	4.15	4.27	4.17
9	19	4.65	7.38	7.03	5.50	4.68	8.75	3.15	4.28	5.50	5.40	3.87	3.99	3.88
9	20	4.93	7.25	7.85	5.83	5.00	9.29	2.85	4.73	5.83	6.02	3.85	4.00	3.89
9	21	4.93	6.45	7.13	6.55	4.40	8.01	2.45	3.73	6.55	5.78	3.39	3.53	3.41
9	22	3.63	6.43	8.03	6.30	3.95	7.88	2.63	4.00	6.30	5.59	3.41	3.52	3.40
9	23	3.30	8.10	6.98	5.63	3.38	8.49	2.28	2.95	5.63	4.53	2.93	3.07	2.90
9	24	3.83	7.05	7.33	4.60	4.26	7.83	3.10	4.23	4.60	4.37	3.63	3.74	3.66
9	25	3.38	6.88	6.50	3.90	4.20	9.26	2.93	4.10	3.90	4.51	3.50	3.61	3.51
9	26	4.50	7.18	6.78	5.15	4.44	8.66	2.83	3.95	5.15	5.30	3.59	3.71	3.60
9	27	4.40	7.38	7.93	6.00	4.28	8.72	2.80	3.90	6.00	5.51	3.59	3.72	3.58
9	28	4.43	7.80	7.30	5.98	3.56	8.05	1.88	3.20	5.98	5.50	2.89	3.04	2.86
9	29	2.73	6.73	7.73	4.75	3.83								

Normal Year (20 Year Daily Average 1987-2006)		System Weighted Average													
Month	Day	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
10	1	4.55	9.13	9.28	5.60	6.80	10.59	4.40	5.73	5.60	5.85	5.04	5.20	5.15	
10	2	6.85	10.38	9.45	7.23	7.70	11.38	5.83	7.60	7.23	7.08	6.51	6.66	6.61	
10	3	7.23	9.93	9.48	9.68	7.88	10.00	5.55	7.28	9.68	7.90	6.42	6.58	6.53	
10	4	7.78	9.48	8.40	9.23	8.28	9.59	5.18	7.43	9.23	8.75	6.32	6.49	6.46	
10	5	7.65	9.85	7.88	9.53	7.65	9.43	5.78	7.30	9.53	9.33	6.70	6.81	6.72	
10	6	7.33	8.80	8.53	9.80	7.45	8.78	5.93	7.55	9.80	8.30	6.67	6.77	6.73	
10	7	8.03	10.35	9.40	9.73	8.25	10.33	6.48	8.28	9.73	8.98	7.30	7.42	7.36	
10	8	8.58	9.98	8.60	10.13	8.85	9.29	7.28	9.08	10.13	9.73	8.02	8.10	8.08	
10	9	9.30	9.38	9.38	10.03	8.48	9.65	7.08	8.65	10.03	9.98	7.88	7.96	7.90	
10	10	8.55	11.10	9.43	11.13	10.53	11.24	8.20	10.00	11.13	10.10	8.89	9.01	9.04	
10	11	11.00	11.35	10.13	12.43	10.92	10.63	8.98	10.75	12.43	11.68	9.80	9.89	9.89	
10	12	10.80	11.03	9.38	12.73	9.57	11.63	8.10	9.28	12.73	10.60	8.89	9.00	8.93	
10	13	9.68	11.18	9.38	11.75	10.65	10.90	8.35	9.85	11.75	10.38	9.07	9.19	9.21	
10	14	10.65	11.30	9.50	11.28	11.55	11.45	9.55	11.20	11.28	12.00	10.26	10.33	10.34	
10	15	11.30	11.28	10.83	13.73	12.15	11.28	9.35	11.28	13.73	12.85	10.32	10.43	10.46	
10	16	11.38	12.70	11.05	13.95	11.43	11.48	9.20	11.15	13.95	11.70	10.09	10.23	10.23	
10	17	11.60	12.83	10.00	14.93	11.83	11.72	10.55	11.83	14.93	12.25	11.11	11.20	11.20	
10	18	11.75	12.98	10.27	14.88	12.50	12.91	10.98	12.48	14.88	13.18	11.62	11.70	11.69	
10	19	12.18	10.18	9.68	15.25	10.35	10.60	8.63	9.68	15.25	12.85	9.61	9.70	9.63	
10	20	9.95	11.00	10.00	13.58	11.99	10.73	9.18	10.90	13.58	11.58	9.93	10.05	10.13	
10	21	11.40	11.90	11.55	14.38	13.18	11.15	10.64	12.70	14.38	12.45	11.33	11.44	11.54	
10	22	13.38	13.45	11.53	15.63	13.05	12.70	10.88	13.08	15.63	13.58	11.81	11.93	11.95	
10	23	13.78	13.23	11.95	16.10	13.90	12.45	11.78	14.35	16.10	13.88	12.63	12.74	12.80	
10	24	14.23	14.45	11.50	16.90	13.84	13.39	12.33	13.75	16.90	14.48	13.01	13.11	13.11	
10	25	13.90	13.90	10.95	16.78	14.67	11.85	12.08	13.88	16.78	14.65	12.89	12.99	13.07	
10	26	14.33	14.43	11.28	17.18	15.38	13.16	13.20	14.58	17.18	14.75	13.77	13.87	13.95	
10	27	14.98	15.85	12.45	17.98	16.38	13.59	14.08	15.90	17.98	16.40	14.78	14.87	14.95	
10	28	15.73	16.78	12.73	18.33	15.80	14.97	14.78	15.63	18.33	16.78	15.27	15.32	15.30	
10	29	16.03	16.90	12.93	18.80	16.93	14.42	15.28	17.00	18.80	17.13	15.86	15.93	15.99	
10	30	17.08	16.15	13.33	21.05	17.20	14.45	15.23	16.85	21.05	17.85	15.97	16.06	16.12	
10	31	17.10	16.45	12.45	21.00	17.88	15.10	16.40	17.50	21.00	17.60	16.81	16.87	16.96	
11	1	17.05	17.38	13.80	21.88	19.28	14.70	16.95	18.13	21.88	18.83	17.44	17.51	17.64	
11	2	18.45	18.05	13.25	22.53	18.68	15.48	17.23	18.50	22.53	19.55	17.81	17.86	17.92	
11	3	18.70	16.53	13.55	22.18	17.23	15.33	16.43	17.18	22.18	19.43	17.04	17.07	17.05	
11	4	16.58	16.03	13.08	20.53	16.83	15.18	15.54	16.45	20.53	17.90	16.07	16.13	16.15	
11	5	17.35	16.03	13.20	21.03	16.18	14.98	16.00	16.63	21.03	18.05	16.41	16.42	16.40	
11	6	16.73	15.35	13.33	20.25	17.07	14.65	16.18	16.73	20.25	17.45	16.46	16.48	16.54	
11	7	16.88	15.23	12.65	20.40	17.96	13.73	16.58	17.53	20.40	17.85	16.89	16.91	17.03	
11	8	17.50	16.05	13.95	20.93	18.47	14.23	16.83	18.28	20.93	17.75	17.22	17.27	17.42	
11	9	18.45	15.98	13.35	20.15	17.98	13.73	15.28	17.78	20.15	17.58	16.20	16.31	16.44	
11	10	17.98	16.20	13.63	20.53	18.13	14.15	15.98	17.53	20.53	17.93	16.63	16.70	16.81	
11	11	18.28	16.10	14.00	20.95	17.42	14.69	15.30	17.03	20.95	17.70	16.11	16.21	16.28	
11	12	17.28	15.90	12.85	20.40	15.58	13.70	15.65	16.10	20.40	16.98	15.95	15.97	15.96	
11	13	16.73	15.58	14.23	19.83	17.00	14.12	15.13	16.63	19.83	17.15	15.76	15.83	15.91	
11	14	17.48	16.93	14.25	20.68	18.10	14.65	16.45	17.60	20.68	18.38	16.96	17.02	17.09	
11	15	17.65	16.44	13.97	20.53	18.33	14.67	16.93	18.13	20.53	17.80	17.28	17.32	17.44	
11	16	18.83	17.88	15.15	21.63	19.48	16.38	18.10	19.35	21.63	19.33	18.50	18.55	18.64	
11	17	19.30	18.40	15.13	23.10	19.51	15.79	17.90	18.65	23.10	19.95	18.40	18.46	18.52	
11	18	20.38	18.68	14.85	22.68	22.23	16.50	19.35	21.40	22.68	21.03	19.97	20.04	20.25	
11	19	21.55	17.08	14.88	23.15	21.18	16.73	19.18	20.40	23.15	20.60	19.69	19.73	19.89	
11	20	21.25	17.65	16.05	24.10	21.04	15.73	18.23	19.35	24.10	21.08	19.00	19.08	19.21	
11	21	20.13	19.25	16.25	22.95	21.29	16.33	19.95	21.23	22.95	20.48	20.21	20.24	20.39	
11	22	21.40	19.88	17.30	24.45	21.95	17.70	20.83	21.85	24.45	21.78	21.12	21.14	21.26	
11	23	22.28	18.98	16.55	24.70	20.92	17.23	19.75	21.20	24.70	22.23	20.39	20.42	20.49	
11	24	20.98	18.95	15.50	24.65	20.14	17.72	19.43	19.83	24.65	21.35	19.82	19.84	19.86	
11	25	20.45	19.73	16.08	25.03	20.37	17.95	19.95	19.60	25.03	21.48	20.12	20.14	20.15	
11	26	21.80	20.55	17.08	25.70	23.17	18.46	21.70	22.55	25.70	23.23	22.02	22.03	22.16	
11	27	23.20	20.45	17.28	27.20	22.31	18.08	22.03	22.30	27.20	24.03	22.31	22.29	22.33	
11	28	22.78	19.90	17.50	26.90	23.55	18.33	21.83	23.03	26.90	23.48	22.26	22.29	22.44	
11	29	23.03	20.15	17.55	26.38	22.46	17.95	21.88	22.73	26.38	22.63	22.11	22.12	22.23	
11	30	22.88	19.30	16.48	26.10	20.81	17.50	20.98	21.08	26.10	23.83	21.35	21.30	21.28	
12	1	21.38	18.83	16.70	25.50	21.40	17.31	20.80	21.35	25.50	22.43	21.06	21.05	21.13	
12	2	22.00	20.03	17.13	25.85	22.64	17.54	21.45	22.57	25.85	22.83	21.79	21.80	21.93	
12	3	23.68	20.60	17.75	27.25	23.78	18.75	22.40	23.05	27.25	24.83	22.84	22.84	22.94	
12	4	23.73	20.70	17.30	27.15	23.63	18.23	23.05	23.75	27.15	23.88	23.22	23.20	23.34	
12	5	24.38	20.95	17.05	28.00	23.54	18.55	22.88	23.50	28.00	24.90	23.23	23.22	23.30	
12	6	23.98	20.93	17.03	28.00	23.83	18.28	22.84	23.53	28.00	25.08	23.22	23.21	23.31	
12	7	24.28	21.45	17.08	28.30	23.15	18.02	23.38	23.25	28.30	24.90	23.49	23.44	23.49	
12	8	23.80	20.55	16.93	28.60	22.90	18.76	22.28	23.50	28.60	24.50	22.76	22.76	22.83	
12	9	24.08	19.05	16.00	27.63	21.84	17.55	22.28	21.80	27.63	23.63	22.36	22.31	22.35	
12	10	22.05	19.50	16.78	27.10	21.40	17.28	21.23	21.13	27.10	21.90	21.31	21.31	21.39	
12	11	21.98	20.35	17.48	26.93	22.30	18.12	21.45	22.15	26.93	22.13	21.67	21.70	21.81	
12	12	22.53	20.43	17.38	27.00	22.15	18.19	21.27	21.83	27.00	22.65	21.60	21.63	21.70	
12	13	22.63	21.30	17.93	26.00	23.76	18.32	22.95	23.98	26.00	22.80	23.02	23.03	23.20	
12	14	24.50	21.25	18.68	27.50	23.59	19.06	23.00	23.66	27.50	24.13	23.27	23.28	23.37	
12	15	24.50	22.35	19.70	27.85	25.13	19.74	24.25	25.30	27.85	25.03	24.46	24.46	24.60	
12	16	24.93	21.83	18.83	28.70	24.58	19.50	23.30	24.13	28.70	26.25	23.84	23.84	23.92	
12	17	25.13	22.30	19.40	28.00	25.58	19.94	23.78	25.85	28.00	24.53	24.25	24.31	24.50	
12	18	26.70	24.00	19.70	29.38	27.50	21.24	26.00	27.43	29.38	26.88	26.32	26.33	26.52	
12	19	28.00	23.31	20.50	30.53	26.65	21.37	25.88	27.30	30.53	28.08	26.38	26.38	26.47	
12	20	27.50	23.28	20.13	31.08	25.98	20.78	26.30	26.53	31.08	27.20	26.38	26.34	26.42	
12	21	27.05	24.00	20.55	31.53	26.50	21.49	26.30	26.23	31.53	28.15	26.47	26.43	26.50	
12	22	26.60	23.65	20.53	31.43	26.83	20.48	25.93	26.53	31.43	28.20				

# Appendix 2-22: Weather Assumptions – Historical Coldest Season

Heating Degree Days, Base 65

Coldest Season in 20 Years (Colder of 1992-1993 Season or Normal with 1989 Three Day Peak)													System Weighted Average		
Month	Day	Date	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
1	1	1/1/93	34.50	29.50	25.50	38.00	33.50	28.50	34.50	35.00	38.00	30.50	33.96	33.95	34.19
1	2	1/2/93	34.50	30.00	27.00	39.00	32.50	28.00	32.50	34.50	39.00	35.50	33.13	33.09	33.15
1	3	1/3/93	30.50	24.50	23.50	37.50	26.00	24.50	27.00	26.50	37.50	35.50	27.96	27.84	27.60
1	4	1/4/93	27.00	29.50	23.50	33.50	28.00	24.00	28.00	25.50	33.50	28.50	27.69	27.69	27.68
1	5	1/5/93	29.00	30.00	24.00	33.50	32.50	28.50	31.00	32.50	33.50	29.50	30.97	31.03	31.25
1	6	1/6/93	33.50	30.00	25.50	41.00	34.50	28.50	33.50	35.00	41.00	36.00	33.93	33.91	34.06
1	7	1/7/93	34.50	29.50	23.50	46.50	36.00	29.50	37.00	36.00	46.50	35.00	36.31	36.25	36.49
1	8	1/8/93	35.50	36.00	26.50	47.50	32.50	29.50	36.00	36.00	47.50	33.50	35.54	35.55	35.53
1	9	1/9/93	36.00	38.50	28.50	51.00	43.00	32.00	32.50	35.50	51.00	39.00	34.58	35.03	35.41
1	10	1/10/93	42.50	40.00	30.50	45.00	46.00	32.50	38.00	41.00	45.00	38.50	39.16	39.46	39.99
1	11	1/11/93	44.00	39.50	27.50	46.50	41.50	31.50	37.50	43.50	46.50	40.50	39.21	39.39	39.68
1	12	1/12/93	39.00	31.50	23.00	44.50	40.00	26.50	32.50	34.00	44.50	38.50	34.09	34.29	34.65
1	13	1/13/93	35.50	31.00	27.00	46.00	40.50	29.00	33.50	35.50	46.00	29.50	33.86	34.23	34.88
1	14	1/14/93	34.50	29.50	22.00	45.50	32.50	27.50	30.50	32.00	45.50	32.00	31.27	31.44	31.59
1	15	1/15/93	36.00	25.00	20.50	46.00	37.50	21.50	28.50	28.00	46.00	33.50	29.87	30.15	30.64
1	16	1/16/93	30.00	29.50	19.00	44.50	32.00	24.00	33.00	33.50	44.50	29.50	32.39	32.42	32.69
1	17	1/17/93	37.50	27.00	22.50	42.50	36.50	23.50	33.50	33.50	42.50	38.50	34.23	34.18	34.44
1	18	1/18/93	35.00	25.00	24.50	39.50	35.00	24.00	27.00	32.00	39.50	32.50	29.15	29.42	29.85
1	19	1/19/93	34.00	20.65	16.98	35.00	24.50	19.00	30.00	25.00	35.00	31.50	29.16	28.83	28.68
1	20	1/20/93	23.48	20.55	17.50	35.50	23.70	17.58	22.78	23.18	35.50	24.10	22.99	22.99	23.12
1	21	1/21/93	24.19	22.50	19.50	28.03	24.50	21.00	24.50	23.83	28.03	24.15	23.77	23.76	23.92
1	22	1/22/93	25.50	26.50	23.50	28.50	27.00	23.00	26.00	25.50	28.50	27.00	26.05	26.06	26.12
1	23	1/23/93	28.00	28.00	23.50	31.50	29.50	25.00	32.50	29.50	31.50	27.00	30.93	30.79	30.93
1	24	1/24/93	28.00	21.10	17.38	32.50	23.87	18.57	22.95	23.23	32.50	27.50	23.15	23.13	23.25
1	25	1/25/93	24.04	21.31	17.85	26.83	23.17	18.60	23.25	23.30	26.83	24.28	23.33	23.29	23.36
1	26	1/26/93	23.62	21.88	17.75	27.50	23.17	18.90	22.95	23.25	27.50	24.58	23.17	23.15	23.20
1	27	1/27/93	23.62	20.93	18.33	29.00	22.62	19.60	24.00	25.00	29.00	24.55	23.41	23.32	23.40
1	28	1/28/93	23.50	19.70	17.10	29.50	20.90	17.88	21.43	21.30	29.50	25.00	21.66	21.63	21.62
1	29	1/29/93	21.41	19.79	16.93	28.50	21.50	17.23	21.30	21.50	28.50	21.73	21.15	21.12	21.13
1	30	1/30/93	24.50	20.23	17.15	28.50	27.00	19.33	24.00	23.50	28.50	23.50	23.85	23.84	24.27
1	31	1/31/93	25.50	20.33	16.75	27.50	27.00	18.23	22.50	26.50	27.50	23.00	23.33	23.42	23.93
2	1	2/1/93	25.50	20.63	18.00	27.73	28.50	19.05	26.00	27.00	27.73	24.50	25.84	25.81	26.26
2	2	2/2/89	39.50	44.50	34.50	46.00	44.00	41.00	50.50	47.50	46.00	41.50	47.90	47.63	47.76
2	3	2/3/89	52.00	50.00	38.00	60.00	52.50	48.50	53.00	54.00	60.00	53.50	53.03	53.00	53.10
2	4	2/4/89	54.50	44.00	42.50	62.00	50.00	45.50	44.50	51.50	62.00	54.50	47.47	47.70	47.81
2	5	2/5/93	24.80	21.50	18.20	28.35	25.08	18.55	23.48	24.88	28.35	24.80	23.89	23.92	24.10
2	6	2/6/93	24.63	20.03	17.08	29.45	23.66	16.99	22.43	22.80	29.45	24.35	22.81	22.82	22.96
2	7	2/7/93	23.20	21.05	17.45	27.75	24.24	17.95	22.43	24.20	27.75	23.20	22.84	22.89	23.09
2	8	2/8/93	23.80	20.82	17.88	27.93	23.60	19.05	21.50	23.45	27.93	24.15	22.28	22.35	22.47
2	9	2/9/93	23.88	21.48	17.50	26.98	23.00	18.65	21.58	22.68	26.98	23.98	22.18	22.22	22.29
2	10	2/10/93	22.88	19.58	19.00	26.05	24.50	18.68	21.20	22.68	26.05	23.10	21.72	21.75	21.84
2	11	2/11/93	23.50	20.00	19.00	25.53	22.13	17.65	20.73	21.33	25.53	23.00	21.21	21.23	21.31
2	12	2/12/93	22.30	24.00	18.50	26.18	22.30	18.50	21.45	21.55	26.18	22.30	21.61	21.63	21.73
2	13	2/13/93	22.55	22.08	19.00	26.03	26.00	19.08	22.28	23.03	26.03	23.53	22.54	22.55	22.63
2	14	2/14/93	25.00	28.00	22.50	25.83	28.50	24.00	26.50	29.50	25.83	23.68	26.56	26.64	26.92
2	15	2/15/93	26.50	28.50	23.50	26.18	28.00	25.00	28.00	28.50	26.18	23.28	27.30	27.35	27.57
2	16	2/16/93	30.50	34.00	28.00	37.50	36.00	28.50	33.50	33.50	37.50	34.00	33.48	33.53	33.74
2	17	2/17/93	34.00	29.50	22.50	39.50	31.50	28.50	31.50	31.50	39.50	35.00	31.99	31.96	31.94
2	18	2/18/93	30.50	28.50	20.50	39.00	31.50	26.00	29.50	29.00	39.00	34.00	30.07	30.09	30.14
2	19	2/19/93	31.00	29.00	27.00	38.50	34.50	28.00	34.00	33.00	38.50	29.50	33.13	33.16	33.48
2	20	2/20/93	35.00	30.50	26.00	39.50	30.50	26.50	30.00	30.00	39.50	32.00	30.57	30.65	30.65
2	21	2/21/93	30.00	26.50	23.50	31.50	30.00	25.00	28.50	29.00	31.50	27.50	28.58	28.63	28.83
2	22	2/22/93	30.00	27.00	20.50	32.00	27.00	22.00	25.50	29.50	32.00	26.50	26.50	26.62	26.76
2	23	2/23/93	31.50	28.50	23.50	30.50	31.00	27.00	31.00	31.00	30.50	30.50	30.87	30.81	30.93
2	24	2/24/93	34.50	28.00	24.00	36.50	29.50	24.50	26.50	30.50	36.50	28.50	27.95	28.16	28.32
2	25	2/25/93	32.50	28.50	23.50	35.50	28.50	23.00	27.00	31.50	35.50	32.00	28.54	28.61	28.65
2	26	2/26/93	29.50	29.00	25.00	38.00	29.50	25.00	31.00	29.00	38.00	32.00	30.61	30.53	30.52
2	27	2/27/93	28.50	25.00	21.00	45.50	28.50	21.00	30.50	30.50	45.50	33.00	30.43	30.33	30.40
2	28	2/28/93	28.50	23.00	19.50	44.50	23.50	17.95	28.50	26.00	44.50	31.50	28.09	27.89	27.75
2	29	Average	25.00	21.75	19.25	43.75	23.25	17.48	30.00	25.00	43.75	29.00	28.38	28.10	28.02
3	1	3/1/93	21.50	20.50	19.00	43.00	23.00	17.02	31.50	24.00	43.00	26.50	28.67	28.32	28.30
3	2	3/2/93	23.00	22.00	16.20	39.00	22.50	18.15	24.00	24.50	39.00	28.50	24.37	24.30	24.26
3	3	3/3/93	21.19	19.75	16.23	35.50	19.20	18.80	24.00	19.33	35.50	22.50	21.62	21.19	20.78
3	4	3/4/93	18.75	20.13	16.88	29.50	19.90	18.44	19.65	20.45	29.50	20.05	19.76	19.78	19.82
3	5	3/5/93	21.04	19.35	17.50	29.00	19.60	18.00	19.58	19.68	29.00	20.30	19.75	19.77	19.77
3	6	3/6/93	19.63	19.75	17.25	22.53	19.33	18.02	18.55	19.15	22.53	20.23	18.95	19.00	18.99
3	7	3/7/93	18.78	20.39	17.93	21.73	18.98	18.73	18.50	19.53	21.73	20.08	18.90	18.94	18.91
3	8	3/8/93	19.10	18.60	16.50	24.00	17.78	17.48	18.15	18.33	24.00	20.73	18.50	18.47	18.38
3	9	3/9/93	18.44	18.39	15.53	20.58	20.50	17.18	19.50	17.50	20.58	19.75	18.38	18.21	18.39
3	10	3/10/93	18.19	18.63	16.10	22.50	18.20	17.58	17.40	18.38	22.50	18.28	17.76	17.81	17.83
3	11	3/11/93	18.59	18.25	15.53	26.00	17.95	17.40	20.00	17.45	26.00	20.50	18.89	18.66	18.64
3	12	3/12/93	17.57	17.95	15.73	23.00	19.00	17.30	18.00	19.00	23.00	17.48	17.49	17.52	17.83
3	13	3/13/93	21.00	17.65	15.63	24.50	22.00	16.72	18.50	22.00	24.50	18.50	19.24	19.37	19.72
3	14	3/14/93	18.50	17.99	15.88	23.00	17.00	16.73	16.08	16.85	23.00	17.58	16.53	16.59	16.57
3	15	3/15/93	17.92	22.50	15.80	19.00	17.40	17.33	17.15	18.25	19.00	18.28	17.51	17.54	17.51
3	16	3/16/93	19.00	21.50	16.60	21.00	18.13	17.75	20.50	19					

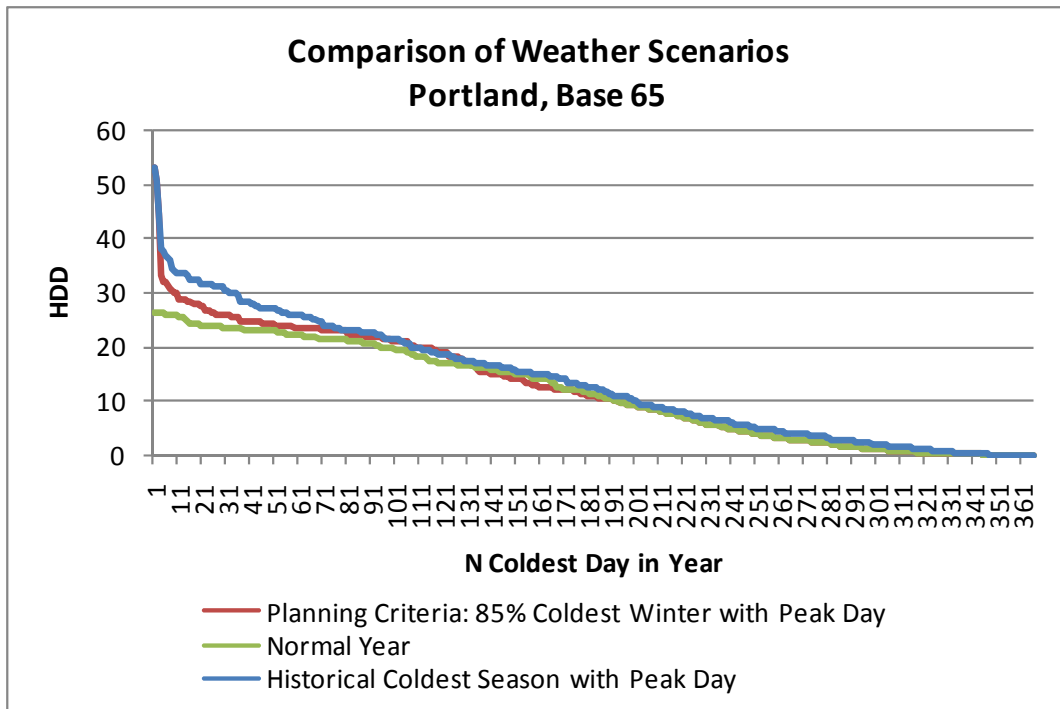
Coldest Season in 20 Years (Colder of 1992-1993 Season or Normal with 1989 Three Day Peak)														System Weighted Average		
Month	Day	Date	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
4	1	4/1/93	15.50	17.60	15.00	17.50	18.00	16.00	15.00	17.00	17.50	15.90	15.52	15.63	15.82	
4	2	4/2/93	15.00	17.75	15.23	15.70	15.70	17.66	15.00	15.55	15.70	14.93	14.54	14.67	14.66	
4	3	4/3/93	15.34	20.00	15.05	16.50	15.75	16.29	15.50	15.93	16.50	15.28	14.98	15.06	15.06	
4	4	4/4/93	18.00	21.50	17.50	19.00	16.28	19.50	15.15	16.45	19.00	17.50	15.73	15.82	15.77	
4	5	4/5/93	16.50	18.00	16.50	16.75	16.00	17.05	14.98	16.40	16.40	16.75	16.60	15.55	15.63	
4	6	4/6/93	16.33	17.00	14.00	17.50	15.10	16.16	13.50	15.80	17.50	16.38	14.47	14.57	14.52	
4	7	4/7/93	15.00	17.33	14.03	20.50	15.03	16.25	14.20	15.81	20.50	15.88	14.77	14.83	14.78	
4	8	4/8/93	15.33	17.28	14.38	16.60	15.25	16.16	14.22	15.80	16.60	15.70	14.80	14.88	14.85	
4	9	4/9/93	15.93	16.13	13.50	16.53	14.83	15.18	16.50	15.20	16.53	15.53	15.38	15.32	15.35	
4	10	4/10/93	17.00	18.00	16.00	20.00	19.00	17.00	15.50	16.50	20.00	17.50	16.22	16.37	16.47	
4	11	4/11/93	20.00	18.50	18.50	18.50	20.50	17.00	18.00	19.00	18.50	17.50	18.33	18.44	18.60	
4	12	4/12/93	23.00	20.95	18.00	22.00	18.50	21.00	16.50	20.00	22.00	20.50	18.04	18.21	18.11	
4	13	4/13/93	19.00	18.50	15.00	19.50	15.00	15.50	14.50	16.50	19.50	18.00	15.54	15.62	15.49	
4	14	4/14/93	18.00	16.00	13.60	22.50	14.05	15.36	13.00	15.00	22.50	20.00	14.42	14.46	14.21	
4	15	4/15/93	13.64	16.00	13.00	16.00	13.00	14.03	13.00	12.70	16.00	14.50	13.20	13.23	13.13	
4	16	4/16/93	16.50	15.50	12.50	18.00	14.50	14.39	12.00	13.13	18.00	16.00	12.99	13.10	13.07	
4	17	4/17/93	13.10	16.13	13.50	15.00	15.00	14.73	12.70	14.35	15.00	12.53	13.09	13.20	13.23	
4	18	4/18/93	15.50	18.50	14.50	16.50	15.50	15.85	12.25	15.00	16.50	15.23	13.14	13.23	13.13	
4	19	4/19/93	18.50	16.50	13.10	19.50	15.00	15.61	13.00	14.00	19.50	18.00	14.18	14.26	14.19	
4	20	4/20/93	13.84	15.70	13.23	14.00	13.30	15.30	11.08	12.80	14.00	13.38	11.97	12.12	12.07	
4	21	4/21/93	12.97	15.95	13.53	11.95	13.85	15.35	11.83	14.15	11.95	12.78	12.52	12.65	12.66	
4	22	4/22/93	13.73	16.00	14.00	13.25	15.50	15.36	13.50	13.50	13.25	14.13	13.35	13.45	13.57	
4	23	4/23/93	15.00	15.50	12.68	15.50	14.05	14.55	14.50	13.75	15.50	15.00	14.28	14.24	14.13	
4	24	4/24/93	15.00	15.23	13.03	16.00	13.65	14.88	11.33	12.93	16.00	15.00	12.29	12.42	12.37	
4	25	4/25/93	13.07	14.20	12.50	13.43	14.50	13.69	14.50	13.50	13.43	13.18	13.46	13.49	13.70	
4	26	4/26/93	14.50	15.00	13.50	15.50	14.50	12.68	12.50	12.00	15.50	15.00	12.85	12.91	12.89	
4	27	4/27/93	16.50	15.00	15.00	16.00	15.50	16.00	10.50	12.00	16.00	16.00	12.09	12.31	12.28	
4	28	4/28/93	13.00	15.50	12.50	14.00	11.90	14.50	11.00	11.50	14.00	12.00	11.47	11.58	11.46	
4	29	4/29/93	11.50	12.83	11.65	12.50	11.25	13.01	8.98	10.70	12.50	12.00	9.79	9.94	9.92	
4	30	4/30/93	10.45	15.50	13.00	10.28	12.08	13.18	8.80	11.65	10.28	9.88	9.59	9.80	9.86	
5	1	5/1/93	12.50	17.14	13.00	14.00	13.50	16.00	13.50	14.00	14.00	11.00	13.36	13.46	13.46	
5	2	5/2/93	12.00	14.00	12.20	11.50	11.25	13.18	9.50	11.15	11.50	17.00	10.25	10.14	10.09	
5	3	5/3/93	11.45	13.67	13.50	11.90	13.50	12.58	11.00	11.50	11.90	11.43	10.94	11.04	11.20	
5	4	5/4/93	16.00	13.00	12.50	13.00	12.50	13.00	11.00	11.00	13.00	11.50	11.51	11.63	11.62	
5	5	5/5/93	14.50	14.00	13.50	15.00	10.50	13.50	10.00	10.50	15.00	15.50	11.08	11.13	10.88	
5	6	5/6/93	10.50	14.00	12.50	8.93	12.00	12.60	11.00	12.00	8.93	9.86	10.88	10.97	11.07	
5	7	5/7/93	15.50	14.50	13.00	13.00	15.00	13.00	14.50	15.00	13.00	16.00	14.76	14.73	14.74	
5	8	5/8/93	14.50	15.00	13.00	15.00	11.73	13.51	12.00	13.00	15.00	12.00	12.31	12.36	12.26	
5	9	5/9/93	14.00	14.65	12.98	16.50	12.23	13.75	10.10	11.49	16.50	15.00	10.78	10.91	10.88	
5	10	5/10/93	11.75	12.95	12.43	10.50	10.83	13.50	8.45	9.98	10.50	10.65	9.37	9.52	9.46	
5	11	5/11/93	9.95	11.83	10.95	8.20	9.85	12.11	7.88	8.80	8.20	10.04	8.58	8.68	8.62	
5	12	5/12/93	9.38	12.78	11.50	8.70	10.50	12.62	7.70	9.20	8.70	9.65	8.50	8.66	8.62	
5	13	5/13/93	9.40	11.83	10.68	9.28	9.33	12.13	7.15	8.26	9.28	9.96	8.00	8.13	8.04	
5	14	5/14/93	8.60	11.30	9.90	8.05	8.34	11.86	5.73	7.58	8.05	8.24	6.74	6.92	6.84	
5	15	5/15/93	7.55	11.65	10.15	6.53	8.50	11.26	6.38	7.95	6.53	7.58	7.05	7.19	7.15	
5	16	5/16/93	9.08	12.18	11.33	7.98	9.95	12.04	7.00	8.79	7.98	8.55	7.84	8.02	8.01	
5	17	5/17/93	8.93	12.15	11.38	8.20	10.48	12.45	8.18	9.57	8.20	8.25	8.66	8.81	8.84	
5	18	5/18/93	10.48	11.33	11.00	8.68	9.83	11.18	7.23	9.23	8.68	10.10	8.25	8.39	8.35	
5	19	5/19/93	9.85	11.55	10.65	8.85	10.08	11.78	6.90	9.00	8.85	8.87	7.89	8.07	8.08	
5	20	5/20/93	9.63	11.40	10.60	8.63	9.50	11.23	6.73	8.88	8.63	9.16	7.74	7.90	7.87	
5	21	5/21/93	8.70	10.70	10.20	7.40	8.75	10.40	5.83	7.80	7.40	7.80	6.77	6.95	6.94	
5	22	5/22/93	7.90	10.60	9.70	8.00	8.30	10.60	5.23	7.20	8.00	7.00	6.14	6.33	6.33	
5	23	5/23/93	7.83	10.25	9.40	8.50	7.73	11.31	5.58	7.33	10.50	9.00	6.44	6.59	6.52	
5	24	5/24/93	6.93	9.75	9.48	6.63	7.68	10.75	4.23	6.53	6.63	7.12	5.37	5.58	5.54	
5	25	5/25/93	6.93	10.01	9.30	5.05	9.50	10.84	5.45	7.18	5.05	7.03	6.18	6.31	6.25	
5	26	5/26/93	7.23	10.29	8.90	6.50	7.13	9.99	4.78	6.10	6.50	7.50	5.58	5.75	5.69	
5	27	5/27/93	6.60	9.35	8.83	5.68	7.13	9.51	5.03	6.38	5.68	6.31	5.68	5.82	5.79	
5	28	5/28/93	6.63	9.88	9.28	6.50	8.05	9.74	5.90	7.35	6.50	6.08	6.39	6.54	6.56	
5	29	5/29/93	7.85	9.93	9.15	10.50	7.83	10.03	6.20	7.58	10.50	7.65	6.85	6.96	6.92	
5	30	5/30/93	8.33	9.33	9.15	7.90	7.18	10.23	4.73	6.55	7.90	7.63	5.79	5.96	5.88	
5	31	5/31/93	6.60	9.43	8.44	5.38	6.95	10.03	4.53	6.15	5.38	6.16	5.33	5.49	5.44	
6	1	6/1/93	6.35	9.00	8.63	7.50	7.00	9.86	6.50	9.00	7.50	6.65	6.58	6.71	6.82	
6	2	6/2/93	9.00	8.93	8.13	8.50	7.50	9.05	4.00	8.50	8.50	9.50	5.79	5.95	5.94	
6	3	6/3/93	9.50	11.00	8.93	4.90	7.00	9.62	4.00	7.00	4.90	5.40	4.96	5.22	5.27	
6	4	6/4/93	4.55	8.63	7.75	5.00	5.33	9.09	3.93	5.25	5.00	5.15	4.48	4.59	4.51	
6	5	6/5/93	5.58	8.70	10.00	5.30	6.65	9.88	4.90	6.63	5.30	5.68	5.48	5.61	5.58	
6	6	6/6/93	6.38	9.45	9.50	6.08	8.00	9.38	4.75	6.00	6.08	6.70	5.46	5.59	5.51	
6	7	6/7/93	8.00	9.38	8.80	5.68	7.50	9.10	4.50	6.00	5.68	7.50	5.49	5.62	5.61	
6	8	6/8/93	8.00	8.53	9.50	6.50	5.95	9.15	4.00	5.28	6.50	8.50	4.98	5.06	4.89	
6	9	6/9/93	5.93	9.23	8.45	6.00	9.00	9.37	4.00	5.50	6.00	5.30	4.76	4.95	5.01	
6	10	6/10/93	9.00	11.00	8.28	5.35	8.50	9.30	6.50	8.50	5.35	8.00	7.25	7.35	7.35	
6	11	6/11/93	8.50	11.06	9.50	9.50	10.00	10.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.00	9.46	9.50	9.51	
6	12	6/12/93	12.50	8.05	8.40	9.50	6.23	9.23	4.00	7.50	9.50	11.00	5.96	6.07	5.88	
6	13	6/13/93	9.50	8.00	7.68	7.50	5.58	8.26	4.00	6.50	7.50	9.00	5.26	5.29	5.16	
6	14	6/14/93	5.20	7.82	7.80	4.10	4.85	8.97	2.90	3.78	4.10	4.35	3.59	3.74	3.65	
6	15	6/15/93	4.90	7.95	7.43	4.18	6.00	8.87	4.00	4.58	4.18	5.15	4.01	4.16	4.12	
6	16	6/16/93	6.50	7.40	7.08	5.00	5.18	8.53	3.53	4.53	5.00	8.00	4.18	4.31	4.23	
6	17	6/17/93	5.80	8.02	7.80	4.78	5.53	8.42	3.18	4.60	4.78	5.80	4.08	4.23	4.15	
6	18	6/18/93	5.13	7.88	7.83	3.83	5.40	8.83	2.50	4.35	3.83	5.10	3.51	3.69	3.62	
6	19	6/19/														



Coldest Season in 20 Years (Colder of 1992-1993 Season or Normal with 1989 Three Day Peak)													System Weighted Average		
Month	Day	Date	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
7	1	7/1/93	2.50	6.50	5.58	1.28	2.00	6.75	1.43	2.05	1.28	2.00	1.82	1.92	1.79
7	2	7/2/93	2.45	6.59	5.63	2.53	3.00	7.53	1.65	1.73	2.53	3.90	2.13	2.21	2.00
7	3	7/3/93	2.43	6.50	5.95	3.03	3.50	6.80	1.48	2.53	3.03	2.75	2.06	2.19	2.11
7	4	7/4/93	3.50	7.50	5.70	1.60	2.15	6.89	1.75	2.30	1.60	2.60	2.13	2.22	2.07
7	5	7/5/93	2.30	6.00	5.40	2.98	3.50	6.80	1.23	4.00	2.98	3.30	1.80	1.90	1.75
7	6	7/6/93	2.63	7.00	7.00	3.00	4.00	6.54	2.00	1.98	3.00	4.00	2.36	2.47	2.37
7	7	7/7/93	5.00	6.00	7.50	6.00	5.50	8.00	1.50	6.00	6.00	10.00	3.57	3.71	3.60
7	8	7/8/93	3.00	6.50	5.50	2.50	0.83	6.41	0.63	1.00	2.50	1.50	0.90	1.00	0.85
7	9	7/9/93	2.00	8.79	7.50	1.13	5.50	6.68	4.00	6.00	1.13	1.50	4.03	4.14	4.25
7	10	7/10/93	5.00	8.00	6.50	5.00	1.50	6.41	3.50	3.50	5.00	6.50	3.90	3.87	3.57
7	11	7/11/93	1.15	7.50	5.45	1.43	4.50	8.00	3.00	1.00	1.43	1.78	2.62	2.72	2.68
7	12	7/12/93	7.00	7.50	9.00	5.00	5.00	6.57	3.50	5.00	5.00	4.50	4.21	4.34	4.31
7	13	7/13/93	2.50	6.00	5.50	6.50	3.50	6.00	0.10	4.00	6.50	4.50	1.56	1.78	1.74
7	14	7/14/93	3.00	6.50	5.00	6.50	2.50	5.93	3.00	3.00	6.50	2.00	3.00	3.09	3.01
7	15	7/15/93	3.50	7.00	4.88	6.00	0.68	5.92	2.00	0.68	6.00	4.00	2.12	2.14	1.84
7	16	7/16/93	2.50	7.00	5.00	3.00	3.00	6.97	2.50	2.00	3.00	3.50	2.69	2.75	2.63
7	17	7/17/93	2.50	6.50	5.05	6.00	3.00	6.22	1.03	1.50	6.00	4.00	1.31	1.38	1.24
7	18	7/18/93	3.50	7.00	5.00	7.00	1.50	5.71	0.45	2.00	7.00	6.50	1.46	1.59	1.33
7	19	7/19/93	1.05	6.50	4.70	1.03	0.58	5.48	2.50	0.50	1.03	1.18	1.81	1.80	1.65
7	20	7/20/93	0.43	5.00	4.98	5.00	1.50	5.70	1.00	1.50	5.00	5.50	1.64	1.67	1.48
7	21	7/21/93	4.00	6.00	8.50	1.50	6.50	7.00	0.50	4.50	1.50	4.50	2.15	2.41	2.51
7	22	7/22/93	1.50	4.00	4.30	2.00	3.00	7.00	0.18	2.00	2.00	1.50	0.85	1.04	1.03
7	23	7/23/93	2.00	4.50	4.63	0.85	2.50	6.50	-	0.03	0.85	1.00	0.53	0.68	0.62
7	24	7/24/93	3.50	5.00	5.50	1.00	3.50	6.53	3.00	2.50	1.00	2.00	2.95	3.00	2.97
7	25	7/25/93	4.50	3.43	5.00	2.50	3.00	6.00	0.10	0.08	2.50	6.00	1.18	1.26	1.12
7	26	7/26/93	4.50	6.00	5.23	3.50	1.00	6.21	0.08	1.00	3.50	2.00	0.85	1.00	0.85
7	27	7/27/93	2.00	4.00	6.00	2.50	0.15	6.67	-	0.08	2.50	1.00	0.40	0.51	0.32
7	28	7/28/93	0.13	5.78	7.50	0.33	5.00	6.74	3.50	5.50	0.33	0.50	3.32	3.43	3.60
7	29	7/29/93	8.50	6.03	5.50	1.00	4.50	6.53	3.50	3.50	1.00	6.50	4.20	4.21	4.09
7	30	7/30/93	6.50	5.50	5.50	4.50	2.50	7.14	0.05	0.50	4.50	3.50	1.17	1.36	1.20
7	31	7/31/93	0.55	5.25	5.60	2.50	0.75	6.84	0.25	0.58	2.50	2.00	0.65	0.75	0.57
8	1	8/1/93	0.88	4.95	5.03	1.03	0.93	6.22	0.40	0.85	1.03	1.38	0.78	0.88	0.74
8	2	8/2/93	0.48	3.93	6.50	0.75	0.50	6.67	0.20	0.25	0.75	1.47	0.53	0.61	0.44
8	3	8/3/93	0.58	3.18	5.50	0.65	0.63	6.21	0.05	0.65	0.65	0.63	0.40	0.50	0.38
8	4	8/4/93	0.23	5.00	6.00	0.53	0.60	6.00	0.10	0.58	0.53	0.58	0.39	0.48	0.37
8	5	8/5/93	1.05	4.43	6.00	0.83	0.48	7.00	0.20	0.38	0.83	0.58	0.49	0.59	0.44
8	6	8/6/93	0.70	4.43	4.03	0.73	0.78	6.48	0.40	0.78	0.73	1.61	0.77	0.85	0.69
8	7	8/7/93	0.65	3.98	5.38	0.93	1.00	6.40	0.20	1.00	0.93	1.62	0.68	0.78	0.64
8	8	8/8/93	1.23	4.00	4.55	1.13	0.48	5.95	-	0.28	1.13	0.78	0.38	0.49	0.34
8	9	8/9/93	0.45	5.00	4.73	0.85	-	6.33	0.03	-	0.85	0.43	0.24	0.32	0.17
8	10	8/10/93	3.00	5.50	4.78	2.50	2.50	6.33	0.18	1.00	2.50	1.00	0.75	0.95	0.89
8	11	8/11/93	0.95	6.00	4.53	1.09	0.70	5.72	0.20	0.83	1.09	2.50	0.62	0.71	0.58
8	12	8/12/93	1.18	5.00	5.40	0.88	2.00	5.88	0.10	2.50	0.88	1.31	0.58	0.74	0.75
8	13	8/13/93	0.50	4.00	5.50	0.45	2.00	6.33	2.00	2.00	0.45	3.00	2.08	2.08	1.97
8	14	8/14/93	1.50	6.50	4.65	0.65	2.00	6.00	1.00	0.50	0.65	4.50	1.53	1.58	1.37
8	15	8/15/93	1.50	4.50	4.30	7.50	1.18	6.24	0.38	0.83	7.50	5.50	0.83	0.90	0.76
8	16	8/16/93	1.03	3.73	4.65	0.65	3.00	6.01	0.50	3.50	0.65	3.00	1.02	1.12	1.19
8	17	8/17/93	5.00	5.50	4.78	6.00	1.58	6.41	0.48	1.50	6.00	5.50	1.33	1.45	1.19
8	18	8/18/93	1.63	4.00	5.15	1.55	1.63	6.50	0.48	1.25	1.55	1.88	1.00	1.11	1.00
8	19	8/19/93	1.53	4.30	5.25	1.83	0.73	9.00	0.20	0.68	1.83	1.38	0.67	0.78	0.62
8	20	8/20/93	0.58	5.00	4.50	0.73	3.00	6.04	0.30	0.83	0.73	1.23	0.69	0.79	0.68
8	21	8/21/93	1.15	4.90	4.90	1.53	0.98	6.05	0.40	1.15	1.53	1.71	0.88	0.98	0.83
8	22	8/22/93	2.00	6.00	4.90	1.50	0.65	6.18	0.38	0.73	1.50	1.50	0.70	0.79	0.64
8	23	8/23/93	1.25	7.00	4.72	1.15	1.25	6.53	2.00	1.03	1.15	2.58	1.54	1.56	1.44
8	24	8/24/93	7.00	10.00	7.50	6.50	6.00	8.00	6.50	7.50	6.50	8.50	6.91	6.92	6.77
8	25	8/25/93	7.00	10.00	10.00	10.50	8.00	9.50	5.00	8.50	10.50	10.50	6.49	6.64	6.57
8	26	8/26/93	5.00	8.50	9.00	9.00	3.00	9.50	0.05	2.00	9.00	9.50	2.05	2.24	1.88
8	27	8/27/93	1.50	8.50	7.50	4.00	2.00	8.00	0.45	2.00	4.00	1.32	0.81	1.07	0.95
8	28	8/28/93	1.00	8.00	6.50	1.38	2.50	6.00	1.50	3.50	1.38	1.66	1.95	2.08	2.01
8	29	8/29/93	1.50	5.50	4.98	8.50	1.20	6.05	0.48	0.98	8.50	8.00	1.15	1.19	0.82
8	30	8/30/93	1.83	3.90	4.35	3.00	1.23	5.81	0.63	1.23	3.00	1.89	1.07	1.16	1.03
8	31	8/31/93	1.48	5.50	7.00	2.03	1.20	12.00	0.53	1.43	2.03	1.45	1.00	1.11	0.99
9	1	9/1/93	1.43	9.00	5.10	2.18	1.50	8.50	0.70	1.50	2.18	2.13	1.20	1.31	1.18
9	2	9/2/93	1.48	7.00	5.85	2.30	1.68	7.02	0.83	1.83	2.30	2.50	1.38	1.49	1.35
9	3	9/3/93	2.00	7.00	5.50	2.55	1.75	8.50	0.78	1.85	2.55	2.43	1.40	1.52	1.38
9	4	9/4/93	2.30	5.43	5.65	2.30	1.75	7.04	1.05	1.70	2.30	2.24	1.54	1.65	1.51
9	5	9/5/93	2.38	5.65	5.65	2.00	2.68	7.24	1.53	2.25	2.00	2.89	2.03	2.13	2.02
9	6	9/6/93	3.13	5.98	5.43	3.03	2.90	8.06	1.40	2.50	3.03	3.47	2.13	2.26	2.13
9	7	9/7/93	2.23	6.18	5.95	2.93	2.70	7.40	0.90	1.63	2.93	3.15	1.60	1.75	1.61
9	8	9/8/93	2.13	5.45	5.98	3.05	2.35	7.70	1.25	2.13	3.05	3.30	1.86	1.98	1.83
9	9	9/9/93	2.33	5.45	6.55	3.15	2.33	10.00	1.23	2.40	3.15	3.66	1.93	2.04	1.89
9	10	9/10/93	2.83	14.00	9.00	3.70	2.43	11.00	1.33	2.40	3.70	4.00	2.10	2.22	2.04
9	11	9/11/93	2.05	8.00	5.38	3.23	3.50	8.00	5.50	6.00	3.23	2.81	4.60	4.61	4.62
9	12	9/12/93	6.50	10.00	9.50	8.50	5.00	6.95	1.25	3.00	8.50	6.00	2.62	2.89	2.77
9	13	9/13/93	3.00	7.50	6.83	7.00	4.00	7.03	1.58	2.23	7.00	9.00	2.18	2.29	2.14
9	14	9/14/93	3.50	9.50	9.00	4.50	2.75	8.22	2.25	5.00	4.50	3.43	2.72	2.84	2.68
9	15	9/15/93	2.93	9.00	6.50	6.00	6.00	7.54	3.35	6.00	6.00	3.68	3.64	3.73	3.64
9	16	9/16/93	6.00	7.50	10.00	8.00	4.00	11.50	3.50	4.63	8.00	10.00	4.12	4.18	4.03
9	17	9/17/93	5.50	10.50	6.50	7.50	4.73	10.00	2.70	4.28	7.50	5.73	3.60	3.73	3.65
9	18	9/18/93	7.50	11.50	11.00	6.30	8.00	13.00	6.50	8.50	6.30	6.22	6.92	7.09	7.08
9	19	9/19/93	7.50	13.00	11.50	6.50	12.50	9.50	8.00	11.50	6.50	7.50	8.71	8.92	9.15
9	20	9/20/93	13.50	13.50	12.00	15.50	13.50	12.00	9.00	12.00	15.50	13.00	10.49	10.71	10.78
9	21	9/21/93	12.00	13.00	14.00	17.00	12.50	15.00	7.00	11.50	17.00	18.00			

Coldest Season in 20 Years (Coldest of 1992-1993 Season or Normal with 1989 Three Day Peak)													System Weighted Average		
Month	Day	Date	Albany	Astoria	Coos Bay	Dalles (OR)	Eugene	Lincoln City	Portland	Salem	Dalles (WA)	Vancouver	Residential	Commercial	Industrial
10	1	10/1/93	4.55	12.00	14.00	5.60	6.80	16.50	4.40	5.73	5.60	5.85	5.04	5.20	5.15
10	2	10/2/93	6.85	10.38	15.50	7.23	7.70	18.00	5.83	7.60	7.23	7.08	6.51	6.66	6.61
10	3	10/3/93	7.23	12.50	14.00	9.68	7.88	12.50	5.55	7.28	9.68	7.90	6.42	6.58	6.53
10	4	10/4/93	7.78	9.50	12.00	9.23	8.28	13.50	5.18	7.43	9.23	8.75	6.32	6.49	6.46
10	5	10/5/93	7.65	9.85	11.50	9.53	7.65	13.50	7.00	8.00	9.53	9.33	6.70	6.81	6.72
10	6	10/6/93	7.50	11.00	9.00	9.80	9.50	12.00	9.00	9.50	9.80	8.30	8.41	8.83	8.85
10	7	10/7/93	11.50	11.00	9.50	9.73	10.00	10.50	8.50	10.00	9.73	12.50	9.43	9.45	9.37
10	8	10/8/93	14.00	9.98	8.60	13.50	11.00	9.29	7.28	9.08	13.50	12.50	8.47	8.60	8.64
10	9	10/9/93	9.30	9.38	11.00	10.03	8.48	9.65	7.08	8.65	10.03	9.98	7.88	7.96	7.90
10	10	10/10/93	8.55	12.00	9.43	13.00	10.53	11.24	8.20	10.00	13.00	11.00	8.89	9.01	9.04
10	11	10/11/93	11.00	11.35	10.13	13.50	10.92	10.63	8.98	10.75	13.50	13.50	9.80	9.89	9.89
10	12	10/12/93	10.80	11.03	9.38	12.73	9.57	11.63	8.10	9.28	12.73	10.60	8.89	9.00	8.93
10	13	10/13/93	9.68	11.18	9.38	11.75	10.65	10.90	8.35	9.85	11.75	10.38	9.07	9.19	9.21
10	14	10/14/93	10.65	11.30	9.50	11.28	11.55	11.45	9.55	11.20	11.28	12.00	10.26	10.33	10.34
10	15	10/15/93	11.30	11.28	10.83	13.73	12.15	11.28	9.35	11.28	13.73	12.85	10.32	10.43	10.46
10	16	10/16/93	11.38	13.00	11.05	13.95	11.43	11.48	9.20	11.15	13.95	11.70	10.09	10.23	10.23
10	17	10/17/93	12.50	16.50	13.50	18.00	14.50	15.00	11.50	13.50	18.00	12.25	12.18	12.43	12.50
10	18	10/18/93	16.00	15.00	13.00	16.00	17.50	16.00	12.50	14.50	16.00	15.00	13.61	13.82	13.97
10	19	10/19/93	13.00	11.50	10.50	15.50	13.50	10.60	9.00	10.00	15.50	12.85	9.94	10.16	10.30
10	20	10/20/93	12.00	11.50	12.00	14.50	15.00	10.73	9.18	12.50	14.50	16.00	10.73	10.87	11.05
10	21	10/21/93	12.00	11.90	11.55	15.50	13.18	11.15	10.64	12.70	15.50	12.45	11.33	11.44	11.54
10	22	10/22/93	13.38	13.45	11.53	15.63	13.05	12.70	10.88	13.08	15.63	13.58	11.81	11.93	11.95
10	23	10/23/93	13.78	13.23	11.95	16.10	13.90	12.50	11.78	14.35	16.10	13.88	12.63	12.74	12.80
10	24	10/24/93	14.23	14.45	11.50	16.90	13.84	13.39	13.00	14.50	16.90	14.48	13.01	13.11	13.11
10	25	10/25/93	13.90	13.90	10.95	17.50	15.00	11.85	12.50	13.88	17.50	14.65	12.93	13.02	13.15
10	26	10/26/93	14.50	14.43	11.28	18.00	15.38	13.16	13.20	14.58	18.00	16.50	13.77	13.87	13.95
10	27	10/27/93	14.98	15.85	12.45	17.98	16.38	13.59	14.08	15.90	17.98	16.40	14.78	14.87	14.95
10	28	10/28/93	15.73	16.78	12.73	18.33	15.80	14.97	14.78	15.63	18.33	16.78	15.27	15.32	15.30
10	29	10/29/93	16.03	16.90	12.93	18.80	16.93	14.42	15.28	17.00	16.80	17.13	15.86	15.93	15.99
10	30	10/30/93	17.08	16.15	13.33	21.05	17.20	14.45	15.23	16.85	21.05	17.85	15.97	16.06	16.12
10	31	10/31/93	17.10	17.00	12.45	21.00	17.88	15.10	16.40	17.50	21.00	17.63	16.81	16.87	16.96
11	1	11/1/92	17.05	17.38	13.80	21.88	19.28	14.70	16.95	18.13	21.88	18.83	17.44	17.51	17.64
11	2	11/2/92	18.45	18.05	13.25	22.53	18.68	15.48	17.23	18.50	22.53	19.55	17.81	17.86	17.92
11	3	11/3/92	18.70	16.53	13.55	22.18	19.00	15.33	16.43	17.18	22.18	19.43	17.04	17.07	17.05
11	4	11/4/92	16.58	18.00	13.08	20.53	16.83	15.18	16.00	16.45	20.53	17.90	16.07	16.13	16.15
11	5	11/5/92	17.35	20.00	13.20	21.03	16.18	14.98	18.00	16.63	21.03	18.05	17.38	17.27	17.10
11	6	11/6/92	16.73	15.35	13.33	20.25	17.07	14.65	16.18	16.73	20.25	20.50	16.46	16.48	16.54
11	7	11/7/92	16.88	15.23	12.65	20.40	17.96	13.73	16.58	17.53	20.40	17.85	16.89	16.91	17.03
11	8	11/8/92	17.50	17.50	13.95	20.93	18.47	14.50	17.00	18.28	20.93	17.75	17.22	17.27	17.42
11	9	11/9/92	19.00	22.50	16.50	21.00	21.00	17.50	19.00	20.00	21.00	18.50	19.24	19.36	19.48
11	10	11/10/92	22.50	22.50	19.00	27.00	26.50	19.00	22.00	27.50	27.00	22.50	23.04	23.23	23.61
11	11	11/11/92	26.50	19.50	19.00	25.00	24.00	20.00	21.50	20.00	25.00	24.00	21.97	22.01	22.08
11	12	11/12/92	21.00	18.00	12.85	26.00	15.58	13.70	15.65	16.10	26.00	21.50	15.95	15.97	15.96
11	13	11/13/92	17.00	16.50	16.50	19.83	17.00	14.12	15.13	17.50	19.83	17.15	15.76	15.83	15.91
11	14	11/14/92	18.00	19.00	16.00	20.68	18.50	17.00	18.50	19.00	20.68	20.00	18.67	18.63	18.62
11	15	11/15/92	20.50	16.50	17.00	20.53	18.50	16.50	19.00	19.50	20.53	19.50	19.09	19.03	19.06
11	16	11/16/92	19.00	17.88	15.15	21.63	19.48	16.38	18.10	19.35	21.63	19.33	18.50	18.55	18.64
11	17	11/17/92	19.30	18.40	15.13	23.10	19.51	15.79	17.90	18.65	23.10	19.95	18.40	18.46	18.52
11	18	11/18/92	20.38	18.68	14.85	22.68	22.23	16.50	19.35	21.40	22.68	21.03	19.97	20.04	20.25
11	19	11/19/92	21.55	19.50	17.50	23.15	23.00	20.00	20.00	20.50	23.15	20.60	19.84	19.95	20.23
11	20	11/20/92	21.25	19.50	20.00	24.10	21.50	16.50	19.50	19.50	24.10	22.00	19.93	19.94	20.02
11	21	11/21/92	20.13	19.25	16.25	24.00	21.29	20.50	19.95	21.23	24.00	20.48	20.21	20.24	20.39
11	22	11/22/92	21.40	21.00	17.30	25.00	21.95	17.70	21.00	21.85	25.00	21.78	21.12	21.14	21.26
11	23	11/23/92	23.00	26.50	18.00	24.70	25.50	21.00	22.50	27.00	24.70	23.00	23.38	23.53	23.74
11	24	11/24/92	27.00	22.00	21.00	25.50	32.50	20.50	22.50	28.50	25.50	26.00	24.42	24.71	25.30
11	25	11/25/92	27.00	19.73	16.08	28.00	25.00	17.95	22.50	23.50	28.00	27.00	23.39	23.38	23.52
11	26	11/26/92	23.50	20.55	17.08	30.00	28.00	18.46	22.50	24.00	30.00	26.50	23.29	23.32	23.77
11	27	11/27/92	23.20	20.45	17.28	31.50	22.31	18.08	23.50	22.30	31.50	26.50	22.58	22.29	22.33
11	28	11/28/92	22.78	24.50	19.00	27.00	26.00	19.00	24.00	25.50	27.00	23.48	23.99	24.07	24.34
11	29	11/29/92	24.50	25.50	22.00	26.38	27.50	23.00	27.00	30.00	26.38	25.50	27.02	27.00	27.23
11	30	11/30/92	25.50	22.00	16.48	31.00	21.50	17.50	23.50	21.08	31.00	29.50	23.67	23.49	23.27
12	1	12/1/92	21.50	26.00	16.70	26.50	23.50	20.00	26.00	24.50	26.50	26.00	25.31	25.15	25.11
12	2	12/2/92	26.00	24.50	20.00	31.50	27.50	20.00	26.00	25.50	31.50	26.00	25.95	25.98	26.18
12	3	12/3/92	26.00	27.50	22.50	37.50	30.50	27.00	27.50	27.00	37.50	30.50	27.89	28.00	28.10
12	4	12/4/92	27.00	25.00	20.00	39.00	33.00	21.00	28.50	29.00	39.00	30.50	28.84	28.94	29.33
12	5	12/5/92	32.50	28.50	24.00	41.50	36.50	26.50	31.50	37.00	41.50	34.00	32.76	32.91	33.35
12	6	12/6/92	35.00	25.00	17.03	41.50	30.00	21.00	31.50	30.50	41.50	36.00	31.77	31.60	31.62
12	7	12/7/92	31.50	25.50	19.50	39.00	26.00	22.50	31.50	30.50	39.00	31.00	30.85	30.64	30.56
12	8	12/8/92	28.50	20.55	16.93	36.00	22.90	18.76	24.50	23.50	36.00	29.00	24.53	24.35	24.14
12	9	12/9/92	24.08	22.00	16.00	33.00	23.50	21.00	23.00	22.50	33.00	24.00	23.10	23.16	23.21
12	10	12/10/92	22.50	23.50	16.78	29.50	21.40	20.00	23.00	24.00	29.50	23.00	22.96	22.91	22.81
12	11	12/11/92	25.50	24.00	20.00	30.00	24.00	22.00	25.00	27.00	30.00	25.00	25.22	25.22	25.26
12	12	12/12/92	24.00	26.00	19.50	32.50	22.15	20.00	23.00	22.50	32.50	24.00	23.11	23.15	23.04
12	13	12/13/92	23.50	22.00	17.93	27.50	23.76	18.32	22.95	24.00	27.50	25.50	23.04	23.03	23.20
12	14	12/14/92	24.50	21.25	19.50	27.50	23.59	19.06	23.00	23.66	27.50	24.13	23.27	23.28	23.37
12	15	12/15/92	25.50	24.50	22.50	27.85	25.13	22.50	27.00	25.50	27.85	26.50	26.39	26.20	26.19

## Appendix 2-23: Comparison of Weather Scenarios – Portland



## Appendix 2-24: Hybrid Heat Customers

NW Natural is monitoring the spread of hybrid heat systems, a heat pump sold with natural gas back up, because of their recent gain in market-share. Conversion and existing residential customers are the likeliest candidates, but the existence of new construction opportunities also concern the Company. Although it is difficult to measure Air Source Heat Pump sales in NW Natural's market, at the national level the Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute (ARI) observed an increase of over 21.5 percent between 2004 and 2006. Due to the relatively mild winter climate in the Pacific Northwest it makes intuitive sense that this is one of the most favorable markets for heat pumps. The ETO's processing of approximately twice as many heat pump rebates in 2006 (based on the first six months) which may be evident with the ETO as it did in 2005, supports this theory.

In the Pacific Northwest, utilities see a push rather than a pull trend when it comes to this market shift. A number of contributing factors influence the promotion of heat pumps by HVAC dealers. First, the higher installed cost of a heat pump yields greater margins for dealers. Second, incentives provided from manufacturers, distributors, the ETO, and government agencies allow dealers to lower the cost of hybrid systems. Third, the increased price of natural gas and the continued uncertainty surrounding the future direction of energy prices is a key selling point. Fourth, there is a greening of the market that is increasing consumer inquiries about alternative energy solutions and technologies – anything that even has the *appearance* of being renewable or environmentally friendly is catching the attention of consumer.

Should this trend be of any concern to NW Natural with decoupling in place? The short answer to this question is, yes. In the context of an IRP this is a development that goes far beyond conservation efforts and maintaining profitability. The Company is relatively indifferent to the estimated 70% decrease in overall use per customer for those residential customers that elect to utilize a hybrid system. However, over time, the potential reduction in NW Natural's overall load factor (i.e., more winter peaking) by hybrid systems would increase capacity costs on a per unit basis. Under this scenario, current rate design would spread these capacity costs over less therms, and in time would be more costly to traditional core customers that retain traditional gas-fired furnace heat (normal, anticipated load factor) – essentially subsidizing hybrid heat customers (extremely low load factor) by spreading the added peaking costs across all delivered therms irrespective of the load shape of core customers.

While the IRP is not the appropriate setting for a rate design discussion, it is worth noting that straight-fixed variable pricing provides the optimal solution to both accommodate the fixed-costs associated with hybrid heat customers as well as avoid their subsidization by core customers.

NW Natural chose to include this analysis in the current IRP because the Company is seeing the initial effects in the market, effects that are unlikely to wane over time.

Based on data provided from the ETO coupled with recent national trends the expectation is that conversions to a hybrid heat system will peak at approximately 15% for those with systems needing replacement. Over time, NW Natural anticipates this trend will sustain itself indefinitely at a level of approximately 12 percent. Although this translates into less than 50,000 existing customers, the costs associated with maintaining the peak capacity for these customers would be spread over the remaining core customers under NW Natural's current rate structure. Estimates for the new construction sector are even hazier, but at this time NW Natural estimates that 5% of new construction customers will utilize a hybrid heating system, leading to another

14,000 customers moving away from a dedicated furnace-based heating system. The combined effect results in an average annual loss in load of 2.40%, with peak load remaining unchanged. The Company found that peak load remained the same because daily temperature profiles for the coldest days over the last few years reflected temperatures, and their subsequent HDDs, that persist over the entire 24-hour period at or below the hybrid heat system's balance point temperature (level the furnace shuts off, and the furnace turns on) of 35°F.

Predicting the impact of hybrid heat pumps on the new construction market is a very complicated process. In order to gather the necessary data to forecast their usage the Company utilizes several sources. Included among those sources are regional distributors of major equipment manufacturers, local HVAC dealers, HVAC permit data, and general conversations with builders, and other stakeholders in the new construction market.

The distributors themselves find it hard to track the use of gas furnaces as backups to heat pumps. One source stated that gas furnace sales have not changed significantly from last year although their heat pump sales increased 20-25%. This indicates to some equipment manufacturers that most heat pumps are being installed on existing homes. These manufacturers would agree that the use of hybrid heat pumps captured a small, 3-5%, segment of the heating market and most of that in the add-on market, with only 1% attributable to the new construction market.

Dealers confirmed that in both new and existing construction, consumers ask more and more about hybrid heat. One dealer sees the actual installation of hybrid heat, predominantly in existing construction, equaling 5 percent. They admit that gas heating is the primary heating source in the vast majority of new homes. Cooling is often added later as an owner upgrade option, sometimes during the sale transaction and sometimes 1 or 2 years later. In these cases, heat pumps are very attractive to the consumer and to the dealer. Although the original installation went in as gas primary heat, gas becomes a backup heat in these types of cases.

NW Natural sees the increased interest in hybrid heat systems. Actual market penetration has been limited, but distributors and dealers alike, confirmed the numbers are increasing. The uncertainty surrounding potential market penetration creates a newfound risk for NW Natural that did not exist in prior resource plans. As mentioned above, the low load factor characteristic that these customers exhibit, in time, will distort the Company's avoided cost figures and makes it potentially difficult to predict the overall level of usage expected on the system as well as at the resource center level.

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## Incremental Supply-Side Resources Modeled in *SENDOUT*<sup>®</sup>

Incremental Resources	Assumed Size (Dth)	Assumed Cost/Rates <sup>1</sup>	Assumed Availability
<b>Interstate Pipeline Segments</b>			
NWPL Zones 12-9 (Grants Pass Lat.)	74,200/d	Existing NWPL fixed rate X 1.5	November 2011
NWPL Zones 26-12 ("mainline")	2,031,000/d	Existing NWPL fixed rate X 1.5	November 2011
Upstream of NWPL z26-12:			
Rockies-Stanfield	1,062,000/d	Existing NWPL fixed rate X 2.0 + monthly basis differential adder (Rockies – avg. of Aecco & Malin)	November 2011
Alberta-Stanfield	969,000/d	Existing rates on TCPL-Alberta, TCPL-BC, and GTN	November 2011
Palomar East	200,000/d	Precedent Agreement rate ceiling	November 2011
Palomar West	100,000/d	Precedent Agreement rate floor	November 2011
Pacific Connector	100,000/d	Assumed cost = \$0.50/Dth	November 2011
GP recall (recall of existing NWPL capacity)	3,500/d each from Rockies & Sumas	Existing NWPL fixed rate	November 2008
March Point NWPL capacity	12,000/d Rockies to Portland	Existing NWPL fixed rate	November 2017
<b>Mist Storage Recall</b> (incremental to existing Mist for core):			
1,710,000 capacity	75,630/d delivery	Daily rate based on capacity cost = \$0.004/Dth	2008
600,000 capacity; (cumulative = 2,310,000)	26,537/d delivery (cum. = 102,167)	"	2010
1,560,000 capacity; (cumulative = 3,870,000)	68,996/d delivery (cum. = 171,163)	"	2011
320,000 capacity; (cumulative = 4,190,000)	14,153/d delivery (cum. = 185,316)	"	2012
1,089,000 capacity; (cumulative = 5,279,000)	48,165/d delivery (cum. = 233,481)	"	2015
1,260,000 capacity; (cumulative = 6,539,000)	55,727/d delivery (cum. = 289,208)	"	2017
<b>Imported LNG Projects:</b>			
Bradwood Landing LNG	50,000/d in 2011, increasing by 5,000/d each year until 2015, then increasing by 10,000/d	Netback commodity price = 50/50 Rockies/Malin spot less transport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rockies = NWPL (Opal-Stanfield) + GTN (Stanfield-Madras) + Palomar E &amp; W</li> <li>• Malin = GTN (Malin-Madras) + Palomar E &amp; W</li> </ul>	November 2011
Transportation from LNG terminal	100,000/d	Palomar W	November 2011
Jordan Cove LNG	50,000/d in 2011, increasing by 5,000/d each year	Netback commodity price = Malin spot less Pacific Connector transport	November 2011
Transportation from LNG terminal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to 25,000 Dth/d into Grants Pass Lateral via Pacific Connector</li> <li>• &gt; 25,000 Dth/d to Portland via Pacific Connector, GTN, and Palomar E</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to 25,000 Dth/d = Pacific Connector "West" + 50% of NWPL existing rate (to Eugene)</li> <li>• &gt; 25,000 Dth/d = Pacific Connector "West" &amp; "East" + GTN (Malin-Madras) + Palomar E</li> </ul>	November 2011

<sup>1</sup> All NWPL rates also include the existing variable charge and fuel %.

<b>Satellite LNG</b> (available for installation in Albany, Salem and Eugene)	90,000 capacity; 30,000/d delivery for 3 days	\$6.5 million capital \$330,000 annual O&M	April 2009
<b>NWN Projects:</b>			
Newport Pipeline enhancement	40,000/d	\$15 million capital	November 2012
Brownsville to Eugene (restore river crossing)	5,000/d	\$420,000 capital	November 2011
Willamette Valley Feeder:			
Sherwood-Perrydale	120,000/d	\$16.6 million capital	November 2010
Perrydale-Independence	82,000/d	\$14.4 million capital	November 2011
Independence-N. Albany	50,000/d	\$13.7 million capital	November 2011
N. Albany-S. Albany	38,000/d	\$8.8 million capital	November 2011
S. Albany-Halsey	26,000/d	\$12.3 million capital	November 2011
Halsey-Eugene	26,000/d	\$16.7 million capital	November 2011



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# Appendix 4-1: Achievable DSM Screened at Base Case Avoided Cost - Oregon

## Cumulative Savings by Year, Thousands of Therms

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	12	44	79	115	150	186	221	257	292	328	363	399	434	470	505	541	576	612	648	683	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	133	284	459	665	902	1,167	1,463	1,793	2,122	2,452	2,782	3,111	3,441	3,770	4,100	4,430	4,759	5,089	5,418	5,748	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	164	334	533	772	1,052	1,378	1,746	2,160	2,574	2,988	3,403	3,817	4,231	4,645	5,059	5,473	5,887	6,301	6,715	7,129	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	153	308	475	657	865	1,098	1,359	1,649	1,939	2,229	2,519	2,809	3,099	3,389	3,679	3,969	4,259	4,549	4,839	5,129	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	530	1,135	1,837	2,660	3,605	4,665	5,850	7,035	8,219	9,404	10,589	11,485	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	92	196	317	459	622	806	1,010	1,215	1,419	1,624	1,828	2,033	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	337	337	720	1,165	1,687	2,287	2,959	3,711	4,462	5,214	5,965	6,717	7,468	8,220	8,220	8,220	8,220	8,220	8,220	8,220	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	635	1,355	2,192	3,163	4,276	5,507	6,881	8,227	9,724	11,194	12,634	14,074	15,470	16,866	18,216	19,565	20,866	22,166	23,415	24,664	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	222	469	757	1,089	1,471	1,897	2,373	2,844	3,368	3,888	4,402	4,916	5,422	5,928	6,424	6,920	7,407	7,893	8,368	8,843	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	20	42	68	99	134	173	218	262	306	350	394	438	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	2	5	8	12	16	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	85	
Subtotal - Residential				1,084	2,301	3,700	5,328	7,196	9,300	11,649	14,109	16,565	19,025	21,484	23,654	25,824	26,893	27,962	29,032	30,100	31,170	32,239	33,308	
Subtotal - Commercial				1,194	2,161	3,669	5,417	7,434	9,691	12,213	14,782	17,554	20,296	23,001	25,707	28,360	31,014	32,860	34,705	36,493	38,279	40,003	41,727	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				2,278	4,462	7,369	10,745	14,630	18,991	23,862	28,891	34,119	39,321	44,485	49,361	54,184	57,907	60,822	63,737	66,593	69,449	72,242	75,035	
Subtotal - Industrial				22	47	76	111	150	193	243	292	341	390	439	488	537	542	547	552	557	562	567	567	
Total - All DSM				2,300	4,509	7,445	10,856	14,780	19,184	24,105	29,183	34,460	39,711	44,924	49,849	54,721	58,449	61,369	64,289	67,150	70,011	72,809	75,602	

## Incremental Annual Savings per Year, Thousands of Therms

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	12	32	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	36	35	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	133	151	175	206	237	265	296	330	329	330	330	329	330	329	330	330	329	330	329	330	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	164	170	199	239	280	326	368	414	414	414	415	414	414	414	414	414	414	414	414	414	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	153	155	167	182	208	233	261	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	530	605	702	823	945	1,060	1,185	1,185	1,184	1,185	1,185	896	897	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	92	104	121	142	163	184	204	205	204	205	204	205	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	337	-	383	445	522	600	672	752	751	752	751	752	751	752	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	635	720	837	971	1,113	1,231	1,374	1,346	1,497	1,470	1,440	1,440	1,396	1,396	1,350	1,349	1,301	1,300	1,249	1,249	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	222	247	288	332	382	426	476	471	524	520	514	514	506	506	496	496	487	486	475	475	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	20	22	26	31	35	39	45	44	44	44	44	44	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	2	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Subtotal - Residential				1,084	1,217	1,399	1,628	1,868	2,104	2,349	2,460	2,456	2,460	2,459	2,170	2,170	1,069	1,069	1,070	1,068	1,070	1,069	1,069	
Subtotal - Commercial				1,194	967	1,508	1,748	2,017	2,257	2,522	2,569	2,772	2,742	2,705	2,706	2,653	2,654	1,846	1,845	1,788	1,786	1,724	1,724	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				2,278	2,184	2,907	3,376	3,885	4,361	4,871	5,029	5,228	5,202	5,164	4,876	4,823	3,723	2,915	2,915	2,856	2,856	2,793	2,793	
Subtotal - Industrial				22	25	29	35	39	43	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	5	5	5	5	5	5	-	
Total - All DSM				2,300	2,209	2,936	3,411	3,924	4,404	4,921	5,078	5,277	5,251	5,213	4,925	4,872	3,728	2,920	2,920	2,861	2,861	2,798	2,793	

**Annual Utility Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 67	\$ 67	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 71	\$ 71	\$ 72	\$ 72	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 554	\$ 631	\$ 734	\$ 860	\$ 987	\$ 1,109	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 447	\$ 518	\$ 612	\$ 728	\$ 845	\$ 980	\$ 1,102	\$ 1,234	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,232	\$ 1,232	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,229	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 640	\$ 648	\$ 700	\$ 758	\$ 868	\$ 975	\$ 1,089	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 1,028	\$ 1,171	\$ 1,362	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,831	\$ 2,056	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 327	\$ 372	\$ 433	\$ 507	\$ 582	\$ 653	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 3,955	\$ 4,504	\$ 5,237	\$ 6,136	\$ 7,043	\$ 7,909	\$ 8,832	\$ 8,832	\$ 8,832	\$ 8,832	\$ 8,832	\$ 8,832	\$ 8,832	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 192	\$ 218	\$ 254	\$ 294	\$ 337	\$ 373	\$ 416	\$ 408	\$ 454	\$ 445	\$ 436	\$ 436	\$ 423	\$ 423	\$ 409	\$ 409	\$ 394	\$ 394	\$ 378	\$ 378	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 266	\$ 296	\$ 344	\$ 398	\$ 457	\$ 510	\$ 570	\$ 564	\$ 628	\$ 622	\$ 615	\$ 615	\$ 605	\$ 605	\$ 594	\$ 594	\$ 582	\$ 582	\$ 569	\$ 569	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	\$ 16	\$ 18	\$ 21	\$ 25	\$ 28	\$ 32	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 8	\$ 9	\$ 11	\$ 12	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 3,061	\$ 3,405	\$ 3,907	\$ 4,514	\$ 5,179	\$ 5,840	\$ 6,521	\$ 6,916	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,915	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,891	\$ 3,890	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 4,413	\$ 5,018	\$ 5,835	\$ 6,828	\$ 7,837	\$ 8,792	\$ 9,818	\$ 9,804	\$ 9,914	\$ 9,899	\$ 9,883	\$ 9,883	\$ 9,860	\$ 1,028	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,003	\$ 976	\$ 976	\$ 947	\$ 947	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				\$ 7,474	\$ 8,423	\$ 9,742	\$ 11,342	\$ 13,016	\$ 14,632	\$ 16,339	\$ 16,720	\$ 16,829	\$ 16,814	\$ 16,799	\$ 16,798	\$ 16,775	\$ 4,918	\$ 4,893	\$ 4,893	\$ 4,866	\$ 4,866	\$ 4,838	\$ 4,837	
Subtotal - Industrial				\$ 22	\$ 25	\$ 29	\$ 34	\$ 39	\$ 44	\$ 49	\$ 49	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	
Total - All DSM				\$ 7,496	\$ 8,448	\$ 9,771	\$ 11,376	\$ 13,055	\$ 14,676	\$ 16,388	\$ 16,769	\$ 16,879	\$ 16,864	\$ 16,849	\$ 16,848	\$ 16,825	\$ 4,933	\$ 4,908	\$ 4,908	\$ 4,881	\$ 4,881	\$ 4,853	\$ 4,852	

**Annual Societal Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 204	\$ 205	\$ 206	\$ 207	\$ 208	\$ 209	\$ 211	\$ 212	\$ 213	\$ 214	\$ 215	\$ 216	\$ 217	\$ 219	\$ 220	\$ 221	\$ 222	\$ 223	\$ 224	\$ 225	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 1,738	\$ 1,980	\$ 2,302	\$ 2,697	\$ 3,096	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,882	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 1,402	\$ 1,623	\$ 1,920	\$ 2,283	\$ 2,650	\$ 3,075	\$ 3,457	\$ 3,868	\$ 3,867	\$ 3,866	\$ 3,865	\$ 3,864	\$ 3,863	\$ 3,862	\$ 3,860	\$ 3,859	\$ 3,858	\$ 3,857	\$ 3,856	\$ 3,855	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 2,006	\$ 2,031	\$ 2,194	\$ 2,378	\$ 2,723	\$ 3,058	\$ 3,415	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 3,225	\$ 3,673	\$ 4,270	\$ 5,003	\$ 5,742	\$ 6,448	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 1,024	\$ 1,166	\$ 1,356	\$ 1,589	\$ 1,824	\$ 2,048	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 12,403	\$ 14,125	\$ 16,423	\$ 19,240	\$ 22,086	\$ 24,801	\$ 27,696	\$ 27,696	\$ 27,696	\$ 27,696	\$ 27,696	\$ 27,696	\$ 27,696	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 603	\$ 684	\$ 795	\$ 922	\$ 1,058	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,305	\$ 1,278	\$ 1,422	\$ 1,396	\$ 1,368	\$ 1,368	\$ 1,326	\$ 1,326	\$ 1,282	\$ 1,282	\$ 1,235	\$ 1,235	\$ 1,186	\$ 1,186	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 833	\$ 928	\$ 1,079	\$ 1,248	\$ 1,433	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,786	\$ 1,769	\$ 1,969	\$ 1,951	\$ 1,930	\$ 1,930	\$ 1,899	\$ 1,899	\$ 1,864	\$ 1,864	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,785	\$ 1,785	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	\$ 50	\$ 57	\$ 66	\$ 77	\$ 89	\$ 99	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	\$ 19	\$ 22	\$ 25	\$ 30	\$ 34	\$ 38	\$ 43	\$ 43	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48		
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 9,599	\$ 10,678	\$ 12,248	\$ 14,157	\$ 16,243	\$ 18,314	\$ 20,453	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 12,200	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 13,839	\$ 15,737	\$ 18,297	\$ 21,410	\$ 24,577	\$ 27,570	\$ 30,787	\$ 30,743	\$ 31,087	\$ 31,043	\$ 30,994	\$ 30,994	\$ 30,921	\$ 3,225	\$ 3,146	\$ 3,146	\$ 3,060	\$ 3,060	\$ 2,971	\$ 2,971	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				\$ 23,438	\$ 26,415	\$ 30,545	\$ 35,567	\$ 40,820	\$ 45,884	\$ 51,240	\$ 52,430	\$ 52,774	\$ 52,730	\$ 52,681	\$ 52,681	\$ 52,608	\$ 15,425	\$ 15,345	\$ 15,345	\$ 15,259	\$ 15,259	\$ 15,170	\$ 15,170	
Subtotal - Industrial				\$ 69	\$ 79	\$ 91	\$ 107	\$ 123	\$ 137	\$ 154	\$ 154	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	
Total - All DSM				\$ 23,507	\$ 26,494	\$ 30,636	\$ 35,674	\$ 40,943	\$ 46,021	\$ 51,394	\$ 52,584	\$ 52,933	\$ 52,889	\$ 52,840	\$ 52,840	\$ 52,767	\$ 15,473	\$ 15,393	\$ 15,393	\$ 15,307	\$ 15,307	\$ 15,218	\$ 15,218	

# Appendix 4-2: Achievable DSM Screened at Base Case Avoided Cost - Washington

## Cumulative Savings by Year, Thousands of Therms

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	9	19	31	45	62	80	102	124	145	168	190	213	236	259	284	308	333	358	383	409	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	23	49	78	113	153	197	245	294	342	389	437	484	530	577	623	668	713	758	803	847	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	12	26	43	62	86	112	142	172	203	235	267	299	332	366	400	434	469	505	542	579	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	13	28	45	66	90	118	149	181	213	246	279	313	348	383	418	454	491	528	566	605	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	48	104	168	243	329	426	535	643	751	859	968	1,076	1,184	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	8	18	29	42	57	73	92	110	129	148	166	185	203	207	207	207	207	207	207	207	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	27	58	94	136	185	239	300	361	422	482	543	604	665	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	47	100	162	233	314	405	505	604	702	811	918	1,024	1,130	1,235	1,338	1,441	1,543	1,644	1,744	1,843	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	66	145	241	362	508	680	883	1,095	1,318	1,579	1,853	2,141	2,444	2,763	3,098	3,450	3,825	4,222	4,624	5,031	
Subtotal - Residential				113	244	394	571	777	1,006	1,265	1,524	1,783	2,045	2,307	2,570	2,833	2,998	3,138	3,277	3,419	3,562	3,707	3,853	
Subtotal - Commercial				140	303	497	731	1,007	1,324	1,688	2,060	2,442	2,872	3,314	3,769	4,239	4,675	5,113	5,568	6,045	6,543	7,045	7,551	
Total - All DSM				253	547	891	1,302	1,784	2,330	2,953	3,584	4,225	4,917	5,621	6,339	7,072	7,673	8,251	8,845	9,464	10,105	10,752	11,404	

## Incremental Annual Savings per Year, Thousands of Therms

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	9	10	12	14	17	18	22	22	21	23	22	23	23	23	25	24	25	25	25	26	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	23	26	29	35	40	44	48	49	48	47	48	47	46	47	46	45	45	45	45	44	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	12	14	17	19	24	26	30	30	31	32	32	32	33	34	34	34	35	36	37	37	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	13	15	17	21	24	28	31	32	32	33	33	34	35	35	35	36	37	37	38	39	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	48	56	64	75	86	97	109	108	108	108	109	108	108	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	8	10	11	13	15	16	19	18	19	19	18	19	18	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	27	31	36	42	49	54	61	61	61	60	61	61	61	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	47	53	62	71	81	91	100	99	98	109	107	106	106	105	103	103	102	101	100	99	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	66	79	96	121	146	172	203	212	223	261	274	288	303	319	335	352	375	397	402	407	
Subtotal - Residential				113	131	150	177	206	229	259	259	259	262	262	263	263	165	140	139	142	143	145	146	
Subtotal - Commercial				140	163	194	234	276	317	364	372	382	430	442	455	470	436	438	455	477	498	502	506	
Total - All DSM				253	294	344	411	482	546	623	631	641	692	704	718	733	601	578	594	619	641	647	652	

**Annual Utility Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 26	\$ 29	\$ 33	\$ 41	\$ 47	\$ 52	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 71	\$ 71	\$ 71	\$ 74	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 66	\$ 75	\$ 86	\$ 100	\$ 114	\$ 127	\$ 141	\$ 140	\$ 139	\$ 138	\$ 137	\$ 136	\$ 135	\$ 134	\$ 133	\$ 132	\$ 131	\$ 130	\$ 129	\$ 128	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 33	\$ 40	\$ 48	\$ 56	\$ 65	\$ 75	\$ 84	\$ 86	\$ 88	\$ 88	\$ 90	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 95	\$ 96	\$ 98	\$ 98	\$ 101	\$ 104	\$ 105	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 53	\$ 61	\$ 72	\$ 86	\$ 100	\$ 114	\$ 129	\$ 131	\$ 133	\$ 135	\$ 137	\$ 139	\$ 142	\$ 144	\$ 146	\$ 149	\$ 151	\$ 154	\$ 156	\$ 159	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 94	\$ 107	\$ 124	\$ 145	\$ 167	\$ 187	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 42	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 30	\$ 34	\$ 39	\$ 46	\$ 53	\$ 59	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 42	\$ 48	\$ 55	\$ 65	\$ 74	\$ 84	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 19	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 61	\$ 69	\$ 79	\$ 92	\$ 105	\$ 117	\$ 129	\$ 128	\$ 127	\$ 140	\$ 139	\$ 137	\$ 136	\$ 135	\$ 134	\$ 133	\$ 131	\$ 130	\$ 129	\$ 128	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 92	\$ 110	\$ 134	\$ 168	\$ 203	\$ 239	\$ 281	\$ 295	\$ 310	\$ 362	\$ 381	\$ 400	\$ 422	\$ 443	\$ 466	\$ 490	\$ 521	\$ 552	\$ 559	\$ 566	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 302	\$ 346	\$ 402	\$ 474	\$ 546	\$ 614	\$ 690	\$ 693	\$ 696	\$ 700	\$ 703	\$ 707	\$ 711	\$ 492	\$ 444	\$ 448	\$ 451	\$ 456	\$ 460	\$ 466	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 195	\$ 227	\$ 268	\$ 325	\$ 382	\$ 440	\$ 503	\$ 516	\$ 530	\$ 595	\$ 613	\$ 630	\$ 651	\$ 597	\$ 600	\$ 623	\$ 652	\$ 682	\$ 688	\$ 694	
Total - All DSM				\$ 497	\$ 573	\$ 670	\$ 799	\$ 928	\$ 1,054	\$ 1,193	\$ 1,209	\$ 1,226	\$ 1,295	\$ 1,316	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,362	\$ 1,089	\$ 1,044	\$ 1,071	\$ 1,103	\$ 1,138	\$ 1,148	\$ 1,160	

**Annual Societal Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 82	\$ 89	\$ 104	\$ 127	\$ 146	\$ 164	\$ 191	\$ 191	\$ 191	\$ 199	\$ 199	\$ 199	\$ 207	\$ 207	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 223	\$ 223	\$ 223	\$ 231	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 207	\$ 234	\$ 270	\$ 314	\$ 358	\$ 399	\$ 442	\$ 439	\$ 435	\$ 432	\$ 429	\$ 426	\$ 423	\$ 419	\$ 416	\$ 413	\$ 410	\$ 407	\$ 404	\$ 401	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 104	\$ 126	\$ 150	\$ 174	\$ 205	\$ 236	\$ 263	\$ 270	\$ 277	\$ 276	\$ 284	\$ 291	\$ 291	\$ 299	\$ 300	\$ 308	\$ 309	\$ 318	\$ 327	\$ 328	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 166	\$ 192	\$ 226	\$ 269	\$ 313	\$ 357	\$ 405	\$ 411	\$ 417	\$ 424	\$ 430	\$ 437	\$ 444	\$ 451	\$ 459	\$ 466	\$ 474	\$ 482	\$ 490	\$ 498	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 294	\$ 335	\$ 389	\$ 456	\$ 523	\$ 588	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 131	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 93	\$ 106	\$ 123	\$ 145	\$ 166	\$ 186	\$ 208	\$ 208	\$ 208	\$ 208	\$ 208	\$ 208	\$ 208	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 131	\$ 149	\$ 174	\$ 203	\$ 233	\$ 262	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 59	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 191	\$ 216	\$ 249	\$ 289	\$ 328	\$ 366	\$ 405	\$ 401	\$ 398	\$ 439	\$ 435	\$ 431	\$ 427	\$ 423	\$ 420	\$ 416	\$ 412	\$ 409	\$ 405	\$ 401	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 288	\$ 344	\$ 419	\$ 528	\$ 637	\$ 751	\$ 882	\$ 925	\$ 973	\$ 1,136	\$ 1,196	\$ 1,256	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,388	\$ 1,462	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,633	\$ 1,730	\$ 1,753	\$ 1,776	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 946	\$ 1,082	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,711	\$ 1,930	\$ 2,165	\$ 2,175	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,195	\$ 2,206	\$ 2,217	\$ 2,229	\$ 1,542	\$ 1,390	\$ 1,402	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,444	\$ 1,458	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 610	\$ 709	\$ 842	\$ 1,020	\$ 1,198	\$ 1,379	\$ 1,580	\$ 1,619	\$ 1,664	\$ 1,868	\$ 1,924	\$ 1,980	\$ 2,042	\$ 1,870	\$ 1,882	\$ 1,952	\$ 2,045	\$ 2,139	\$ 2,158	\$ 2,177	
Total - All DSM				\$ 1,556	\$ 1,791	\$ 2,104	\$ 2,505	\$ 2,909	\$ 3,309	\$ 3,745	\$ 3,794	\$ 3,848	\$ 4,063	\$ 4,130	\$ 4,197	\$ 4,271	\$ 3,412	\$ 3,272	\$ 3,354	\$ 3,461	\$ 3,569	\$ 3,602	\$ 3,635	

# Appendix 4-3: Achievable DSM Screened at High Commodity Avoided Cost Sensitivity - Oregon

**Cumulative Savings by Year, Thousands of Therms**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	12	44	79	115	150	186	221	257	292	328	363	399	434	470	505	541	576	612	648	683	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	133	284	459	665	902	1,167	1,463	1,793	2,122	2,452	2,782	3,111	3,441	3,770	4,100	4,430	4,759	5,089	5,418	5,748	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	164	334	533	772	1,052	1,378	1,746	2,160	2,574	2,988	3,403	3,817	4,231	4,645	5,059	5,473	5,887	6,301	6,715	7,129	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	153	308	475	657	865	1,098	1,359	1,649	1,939	2,229	2,519	2,809	3,099	3,389	3,679	3,969	4,259	4,549	4,839	5,129	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	530	1,135	1,837	2,660	3,605	4,665	5,850	7,035	8,219	9,404	10,589	11,485	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	12,382	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	92	196	317	459	622	806	1,010	1,215	1,419	1,624	1,828	2,033	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	2,237	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	365	365	781	1,264	1,830	2,480	3,209	4,024	4,839	5,654	6,469	7,284	8,099	8,914	9,115	9,115	9,115	9,115	9,115	9,115	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	636	1,358	2,197	3,169	4,284	5,517	6,894	8,242	9,742	11,215	12,657	14,100	15,499	16,898	18,250	19,602	20,905	22,208	23,459	24,710	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	222	469	757	1,089	1,471	1,897	2,373	2,844	3,368	3,888	4,402	4,916	5,422	5,928	6,424	6,920	7,407	7,893	8,368	8,843	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	20	42	68	99	134	173	218	262	306	350	394	438	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	2	4	7	10	14	18	22	27	32	37	42	47	52	57	62	67	72	77	82	87	
Subtotal - Residential				1,084	2,301	3,700	5,328	7,196	9,300	11,649	14,109	16,565	19,025	21,484	23,654	25,824	26,893	27,962	29,032	30,100	31,170	32,239	33,308	
Subtotal - Commercial				1,223	2,192	3,735	5,522	7,585	9,894	12,476	15,110	17,949	20,757	23,528	26,300	29,020	31,740	33,789	35,637	37,427	39,216	40,942	42,668	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				2,307	4,493	7,435	10,850	14,781	19,194	24,125	29,219	34,514	39,782	45,012	49,954	54,844	58,633	61,751	64,669	67,527	70,386	73,181	75,976	
Subtotal - Industrial				22	46	75	109	148	191	240	289	338	387	436	485	534	539	544	549	554	559	564	569	
Total - All DSM				2,329	4,539	7,510	10,959	14,929	19,385	24,365	29,508	34,852	40,169	45,448	50,439	55,378	59,172	62,295	65,218	68,081	70,945	73,745	76,545	

**Incremental Annual Savings per Year, Thousands of Therms**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	12	32	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	35	36	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	133	151	175	206	237	265	296	330	329	330	330	329	330	329	330	330	329	330	329	330	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	164	170	199	239	280	326	368	414	414	414	415	414	414	414	414	414	414	414	414	414	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	153	155	167	182	208	233	261	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	290	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	530	605	702	823	945	1,060	1,185	1,185	1,184	1,185	1,185	896	897	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	92	104	121	142	163	184	204	205	204	205	204	205	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	365	-	416	483	566	650	729	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	201	-	-	-	-		
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	636	722	839	972	1,115	1,233	1,377	1,348	1,500	1,473	1,442	1,443	1,399	1,399	1,352	1,352	1,303	1,303	1,251	1,251	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	222	247	288	332	382	426	476	471	524	520	514	514	506	506	496	496	487	486	475	475	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	20	22	26	31	35	39	45	44	44	44	44	44	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Subtotal - Residential				1,084	1,217	1,399	1,628	1,868	2,104	2,349	2,460	2,456	2,460	2,459	2,170	2,170	1,069	1,069	1,070	1,068	1,070	1,069	1,069	
Subtotal - Commercial				1,223	969	1,543	1,787	2,063	2,309	2,582	2,634	2,839	2,808	2,771	2,772	2,720	2,720	2,049	1,848	1,790	1,789	1,726	1,726	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				2,307	2,186	2,942	3,415	3,931	4,413	4,931	5,094	5,295	5,268	5,230	4,942	4,890	3,789	3,118	2,918	2,858	2,859	2,795	2,795	
Subtotal - Industrial				22	24	29	34	39	43	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Total - All DSM				2,329	2,210	2,971	3,449	3,970	4,456	4,980	5,143	5,344	5,317	5,279	4,991	4,939	3,794	3,123	2,923	2,863	2,864	2,800	2,800	

**Annual Utility Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 67	\$ 67	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 71	\$ 71	\$ 72	\$ 72	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 554	\$ 631	\$ 734	\$ 860	\$ 987	\$ 1,109	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,377	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 447	\$ 518	\$ 612	\$ 728	\$ 845	\$ 980	\$ 1,102	\$ 1,234	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,232	\$ 1,232	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,229	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 640	\$ 648	\$ 700	\$ 758	\$ 868	\$ 975	\$ 1,089	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	\$ 1,212	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 1,028	\$ 1,171	\$ 1,362	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,831	\$ 2,056	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 327	\$ 372	\$ 433	\$ 507	\$ 582	\$ 653	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ 729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 5,023	\$ 5,721	\$ 6,652	\$ 7,793	\$ 8,945	\$ 10,045	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 11,218	\$ 3,639	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 193	\$ 219	\$ 254	\$ 295	\$ 338	\$ 374	\$ 417	\$ 409	\$ 454	\$ 446	\$ 437	\$ 437	\$ 424	\$ 424	\$ 410	\$ 410	\$ 395	\$ 395	\$ 379	\$ 379	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 266	\$ 296	\$ 344	\$ 398	\$ 457	\$ 510	\$ 570	\$ 564	\$ 628	\$ 622	\$ 615	\$ 615	\$ 605	\$ 605	\$ 594	\$ 594	\$ 582	\$ 582	\$ 569	\$ 569	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	\$ 16	\$ 18	\$ 21	\$ 25	\$ 28	\$ 32	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 8	\$ 9	\$ 11	\$ 12	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 3,061	\$ 3,405	\$ 3,907	\$ 4,514	\$ 5,179	\$ 5,840	\$ 6,521	\$ 6,916	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,916	\$ 6,915	\$ 6,915	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,890	\$ 3,891	\$ 3,890	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 5,482	\$ 6,236	\$ 7,250	\$ 8,486	\$ 9,740	\$ 10,929	\$ 12,205	\$ 12,191	\$ 12,300	\$ 12,286	\$ 12,270	\$ 12,270	\$ 12,247	\$ 4,668	\$ 1,004	\$ 1,004	\$ 977	\$ 977	\$ 948	\$ 948	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				\$ 8,543	\$ 9,641	\$ 11,157	\$ 13,000	\$ 14,919	\$ 16,769	\$ 18,726	\$ 19,107	\$ 19,215	\$ 19,201	\$ 19,186	\$ 19,185	\$ 19,162	\$ 8,558	\$ 4,894	\$ 4,894	\$ 4,867	\$ 4,867	\$ 4,839	\$ 4,838	
Subtotal - Industrial				\$ 22	\$ 25	\$ 29	\$ 34	\$ 39	\$ 44	\$ 49	\$ 49	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	
Total - All DSM				\$ 8,565	\$ 9,666	\$ 11,186	\$ 13,034	\$ 14,958	\$ 16,813	\$ 18,775	\$ 19,156	\$ 19,265	\$ 19,251	\$ 19,236	\$ 19,235	\$ 19,212	\$ 8,573	\$ 4,909	\$ 4,909	\$ 4,882	\$ 4,882	\$ 4,854	\$ 4,853	

**Annual Societal Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 204	\$ 205	\$ 206	\$ 207	\$ 208	\$ 209	\$ 211	\$ 212	\$ 213	\$ 214	\$ 215	\$ 216	\$ 217	\$ 219	\$ 220	\$ 221	\$ 222	\$ 223	\$ 224	\$ 225	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 1,738	\$ 1,980	\$ 2,302	\$ 2,697	\$ 3,096	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,882	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	\$ 4,319	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 1,402	\$ 1,623	\$ 1,920	\$ 2,283	\$ 2,650	\$ 3,075	\$ 3,457	\$ 3,868	\$ 3,867	\$ 3,866	\$ 3,865	\$ 3,864	\$ 3,863	\$ 3,862	\$ 3,860	\$ 3,859	\$ 3,858	\$ 3,857	\$ 3,856	\$ 3,855	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 2,006	\$ 2,031	\$ 2,194	\$ 2,378	\$ 2,723	\$ 3,058	\$ 3,415	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 3,225	\$ 3,673	\$ 4,270	\$ 5,003	\$ 5,742	\$ 6,448	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ 7,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 1,024	\$ 1,166	\$ 1,356	\$ 1,589	\$ 1,824	\$ 2,048	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 15,752	\$ 17,939	\$ 20,858	\$ 24,437	\$ 28,050	\$ 31,499	\$ 35,177	\$ 35,177	\$ 35,177	\$ 35,177	\$ 35,177	\$ 35,177	\$ 35,177	\$ 11,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 605	\$ 685	\$ 797	\$ 924	\$ 1,060	\$ 1,171	\$ 1,308	\$ 1,281	\$ 1,425	\$ 1,399	\$ 1,371	\$ 1,371	\$ 1,329	\$ 1,329	\$ 1,285	\$ 1,285	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,189	\$ 1,189	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 833	\$ 928	\$ 1,079	\$ 1,248	\$ 1,433	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,786	\$ 1,769	\$ 1,969	\$ 1,951	\$ 1,930	\$ 1,930	\$ 1,899	\$ 1,899	\$ 1,864	\$ 1,864	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,785	\$ 1,785	
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	Discretionary	\$ 50	\$ 57	\$ 66	\$ 77	\$ 89	\$ 99	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Industrial Repl	Industrial	N/A	Must Take	\$ 19	\$ 22	\$ 25	\$ 30	\$ 34	\$ 38	\$ 43	\$ 43	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 9,599	\$ 10,678	\$ 12,248	\$ 14,157	\$ 16,243	\$ 18,314	\$ 20,453	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 21,687	\$ 12,200	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	\$ 12,199	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 17,190	\$ 19,552	\$ 22,734	\$ 26,609	\$ 30,543	\$ 34,270	\$ 38,271	\$ 38,227	\$ 38,571	\$ 38,527	\$ 38,478	\$ 38,478	\$ 38,405	\$ 14,639	\$ 3,149	\$ 3,149	\$ 3,063	\$ 3,063	\$ 2,974	\$ 2,974	
Subtotal - Residential & Commercial				\$ 26,789	\$ 30,230	\$ 34,982	\$ 40,766	\$ 46,786	\$ 52,584	\$ 58,724	\$ 59,914	\$ 60,258	\$ 60,214	\$ 60,165	\$ 60,165	\$ 60,092	\$ 26,839	\$ 15,348	\$ 15,348	\$ 15,262	\$ 15,262	\$ 15,173	\$ 15,173	
Subtotal - Industrial				\$ 69	\$ 79	\$ 91	\$ 107	\$ 123	\$ 137	\$ 154	\$ 154	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 48	
Total - All DSM				\$ 26,858	\$ 30,309	\$ 35,073	\$ 40,873	\$ 46,909	\$ 52,721	\$ 58,878	\$ 60,068	\$ 60,417	\$ 60,373	\$ 60,324	\$ 60,324	\$ 60,251	\$ 26,887	\$ 15,396	\$ 15,396	\$ 15,310	\$ 15,310	\$ 15,221	\$ 15,221	

# Appendix 4-4: Achievable DSM Screened at High Commodity Avoided Cost Sensitivity - Washington

## Cumulative Savings by Year, Thousands of Therms

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	9	19	31	45	62	80	102	124	145	168	190	213	236	259	284	308	333	358	383	409
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	23	49	78	113	153	197	245	294	342	389	437	484	530	577	623	668	713	758	803	847
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	12	26	43	62	86	112	142	172	203	235	267	299	332	366	400	434	469	505	542	579
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	13	28	45	66	90	118	149	181	213	246	279	313	348	383	418	454	491	528	566	605
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	48	104	168	243	329	426	535	643	751	859	968	1,076	1,184	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	19	40	65	93	127	164	205	247	289	330	372	413	455	462	462	462	462	462	462	462
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	30	63	102	148	201	260	325	391	457	523	589	655	721	734	734	734	734	734	734	734
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	47	101	162	234	315	406	506	605	704	812	920	1,027	1,133	1,237	1,341	1,444	1,546	1,648	1,748	1,847
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	68	149	248	373	523	700	908	1,127	1,356	1,625	1,907	2,203	2,515	2,843	3,189	3,551	3,938	4,350	4,762	5,176
Subtotal - Residential				124	266	430	622	847	1,097	1,378	1,661	1,943	2,227	2,513	2,798	3,085	3,253	3,393	3,532	3,674	3,817	3,962	4,108
Subtotal - Commercial				145	313	512	755	1,039	1,366	1,739	2,123	2,517	2,960	3,416	3,885	4,369	4,814	5,264	5,729	6,218	6,732	7,244	7,757
Total - All DSM				269	579	942	1,377	1,886	2,463	3,117	3,784	4,460	5,187	5,929	6,683	7,454	8,067	8,657	9,261	9,892	10,549	11,206	11,865

## Incremental Annual Savings per Year, Thousands of Therms

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	9	10	12	14	17	18	22	22	21	23	22	23	23	23	25	24	25	25	25	26	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	23	26	29	35	40	44	48	49	48	47	48	47	46	47	46	45	45	45	45	44	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	12	14	17	19	24	26	30	30	31	32	32	32	33	34	34	34	35	36	37	37	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	13	15	17	21	24	28	31	32	32	33	33	34	35	35	35	36	37	37	38	39	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	48	56	64	75	86	97	109	108	108	108	109	108	108	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	19	21	25	28	34	37	41	42	42	41	42	41	42	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	30	33	39	46	53	59	65	66	66	66	66	66	66	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	47	54	61	72	81	91	100	99	99	108	108	107	106	104	104	103	102	102	100	99	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	68	81	99	125	150	177	208	219	229	269	282	296	312	328	346	362	387	412	412	414	
Subtotal - Residential				124	142	164	192	225	250	281	283	282	284	286	285	287	168	140	139	142	143	145	146	
Subtotal - Commercial				145	168	199	243	284	327	373	384	394	443	456	469	484	445	450	465	489	514	512	513	
Total - All DSM				269	310	363	435	509	577	654	667	676	727	742	754	771	613	590	604	631	657	657	659	



**Annual Utility Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 26	\$ 29	\$ 33	\$ 41	\$ 47	\$ 52	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 71	\$ 71	\$ 71	\$ 74	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 66	\$ 75	\$ 86	\$ 100	\$ 114	\$ 127	\$ 141	\$ 140	\$ 139	\$ 138	\$ 137	\$ 136	\$ 135	\$ 134	\$ 133	\$ 132	\$ 131	\$ 130	\$ 129	\$ 128	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 33	\$ 40	\$ 48	\$ 56	\$ 65	\$ 75	\$ 84	\$ 86	\$ 88	\$ 88	\$ 90	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 95	\$ 96	\$ 98	\$ 98	\$ 101	\$ 104	\$ 105	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 53	\$ 61	\$ 72	\$ 86	\$ 100	\$ 114	\$ 129	\$ 131	\$ 133	\$ 135	\$ 137	\$ 139	\$ 142	\$ 144	\$ 146	\$ 149	\$ 151	\$ 154	\$ 156	\$ 159	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 94	\$ 107	\$ 124	\$ 145	\$ 167	\$ 187	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	\$ 209	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 79	\$ 90	\$ 105	\$ 122	\$ 141	\$ 158	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 176	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 50	\$ 57	\$ 67	\$ 78	\$ 90	\$ 101	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 113	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 70	\$ 80	\$ 92	\$ 107	\$ 121	\$ 135	\$ 149	\$ 148	\$ 147	\$ 162	\$ 160	\$ 159	\$ 158	\$ 156	\$ 155	\$ 154	\$ 152	\$ 151	\$ 150	\$ 148	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 141	\$ 168	\$ 205	\$ 259	\$ 312	\$ 368	\$ 432	\$ 453	\$ 477	\$ 557	\$ 586	\$ 615	\$ 648	\$ 680	\$ 716	\$ 753	\$ 803	\$ 854	\$ 856	\$ 859	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 351	\$ 402	\$ 468	\$ 550	\$ 634	\$ 713	\$ 800	\$ 803	\$ 806	\$ 810	\$ 813	\$ 817	\$ 821	\$ 821	\$ 821	\$ 821	\$ 821	\$ 821	\$ 821	\$ 821	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 261	\$ 305	\$ 364	\$ 444	\$ 523	\$ 604	\$ 694	\$ 714	\$ 737	\$ 832	\$ 859	\$ 887	\$ 919	\$ 859	\$ 871	\$ 907	\$ 955	\$ 1,005	\$ 1,006	\$ 1,007	
Total - All DSM				\$ 612	\$ 707	\$ 832	\$ 994	\$ 1,157	\$ 1,317	\$ 1,494	\$ 1,517	\$ 1,543	\$ 1,642	\$ 1,672	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,740	\$ 1,369	\$ 1,315	\$ 1,355	\$ 1,406	\$ 1,461	\$ 1,466	\$ 1,473	

**Annual Societal Cost, Thousand of \$2007 Dollars**

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
MF New DHW	Residential	New Const MF	Must Take	\$ 82	\$ 89	\$ 104	\$ 127	\$ 146	\$ 164	\$ 191	\$ 191	\$ 191	\$ 199	\$ 199	\$ 199	\$ 207	\$ 207	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 223	\$ 223	\$ 223	\$ 231	
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 207	\$ 234	\$ 270	\$ 314	\$ 358	\$ 399	\$ 442	\$ 439	\$ 435	\$ 432	\$ 429	\$ 426	\$ 423	\$ 419	\$ 416	\$ 413	\$ 410	\$ 407	\$ 404	\$ 401	
SF New DHW	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 104	\$ 126	\$ 150	\$ 174	\$ 205	\$ 236	\$ 263	\$ 270	\$ 277	\$ 276	\$ 284	\$ 291	\$ 291	\$ 299	\$ 300	\$ 308	\$ 309	\$ 318	\$ 327	\$ 328	
SF New Heating	Residential	New Const SF	Must Take	\$ 166	\$ 192	\$ 226	\$ 269	\$ 313	\$ 357	\$ 405	\$ 411	\$ 417	\$ 424	\$ 430	\$ 437	\$ 444	\$ 451	\$ 459	\$ 466	\$ 474	\$ 482	\$ 490	\$ 498	
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 294	\$ 335	\$ 389	\$ 456	\$ 523	\$ 588	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	\$ 656	
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 248	\$ 282	\$ 328	\$ 384	\$ 441	\$ 495	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 553	\$ 92	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Discretionary	\$ 158	\$ 180	\$ 209	\$ 245	\$ 282	\$ 316	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 353	\$ 71	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Coml Replace	Commercial	Existing & Conv	Must Take	\$ 221	\$ 250	\$ 288	\$ 334	\$ 380	\$ 423	\$ 468	\$ 464	\$ 460	\$ 508	\$ 503	\$ 499	\$ 494	\$ 490	\$ 486	\$ 481	\$ 477	\$ 473	\$ 469	\$ 465	
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	Must Take	\$ 442	\$ 527	\$ 644	\$ 811	\$ 979	\$ 1,153	\$ 1,354	\$ 1,420	\$ 1,494	\$ 1,745	\$ 1,837	\$ 1,929	\$ 2,031	\$ 2,133	\$ 2,246	\$ 2,360	\$ 2,518	\$ 2,677	\$ 2,685	\$ 2,692	
Subtotal - Residential				\$ 1,101	\$ 1,258	\$ 1,467	\$ 1,724	\$ 1,986	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,510	\$ 2,520	\$ 2,529	\$ 2,540	\$ 2,551	\$ 2,562	\$ 2,574	\$ 1,599	\$ 1,390	\$ 1,402	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,444	\$ 1,458	
Subtotal - Commercial				\$ 821	\$ 957	\$ 1,141	\$ 1,390	\$ 1,641	\$ 1,892	\$ 2,175	\$ 2,237	\$ 2,307	\$ 2,606	\$ 2,693	\$ 2,781	\$ 2,878	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,732	\$ 2,841	\$ 2,995	\$ 3,150	\$ 3,154	\$ 3,157	
Total - All DSM				\$ 1,922	\$ 2,215	\$ 2,608	\$ 3,114	\$ 3,627	\$ 4,131	\$ 4,685	\$ 4,757	\$ 4,836	\$ 5,146	\$ 5,244	\$ 5,343	\$ 5,452	\$ 4,293	\$ 4,122	\$ 4,243	\$ 4,411	\$ 4,580	\$ 4,598	\$ 4,615	

## Appendix 4-5: DSM Levelized Program Costs

### Levelized Program Costs - Oregon

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	Levelized Program Costs (\$2007/Therm)	
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		Base Case	High Commodity Sensitivity
Replace DHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.659	\$ 0.659
New SF DHW	Residential	New Const SF	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.571	\$ 0.571
New SF Heating	Residential	New Const SF	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.629	\$ 0.629
New MF DHW	Residential	New Const MF	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.726	\$ 0.726
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.306	\$ 0.306
Retro HVAC	Residential	Existing & Conv	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.906	\$ 0.906
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.370	\$ 0.415
Coml Rpl	Commercial	Existing & Conv	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.373	\$ 0.374
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.434	\$ 0.434
Industrial Retro	Industrial	N/A	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.216	\$ 0.216
Industrial Rpl	Industrial	N/A	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.401	\$ 0.401

### Levelized Program Costs - Washington

DSM Program	Applicable Customer		Must Take / Discretionary	Levelized Program Costs (\$2007/Therm)	
	Class	Sub-Class(es)		Base Case	High Commodity Sensitivity
ReplaceDHW	Residential	Existing & Conv	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.662	\$ 0.662
New SF DHW	Residential	New Const SF	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.522	\$ 0.522
New SF Heating	Residential	New Const SF	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.668	\$ 0.668
New MF DHW	Residential	New Const MF	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.746	\$ 0.746
Retro Wx	Residential	Existing & Conv	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.391	\$ 0.391
HVACRetro	Residential	Existing & Conv	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.932	\$ 1.042
Coml Retro	Commercial	Existing & Conv	<i>Discretionary</i>	\$ 0.380	\$ 0.427
Coml Rpl	Commercial	Existing & Conv	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.381	\$ 0.382
Coml New	Commercial	New Const	<i>Must Take</i>	\$ 0.434	\$ 0.448

## Appendix 4-6: DSM Program Monthly Load Distribution

### Program Monthly Load Distribution - Oregon

DSM Program	Customer Class	Must Take / Discretionary	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Replace DHW	Residential	<i>Must Take</i>	11%	10%	10%	9%	7%	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	9.2%	11%	100%
New DHW	Residential	<i>Must Take</i>	11%	10%	10%	9%	7%	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	9.2%	11%	100%
SF New Heating	Residential	<i>Must Take</i>	11%	10%	10%	9%	7%	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	9.2%	11%	100%
Retrofit Wx	Residential	<i>Discretionary</i>	17%	13%	13%	9%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3%	8%	11.0%	16%	100%
Retrofit HVAC	Residential	<i>Discretionary</i>	17%	13%	13%	9%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3%	8%	11.0%	16%	100%
Retrofit	Commercial	<i>Discretionary</i>	11%	9%	9%	8%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	8%	10%	11%	100%
Replace	Commercial	<i>Must Take</i>	15%	11%	10%	8%	5%	4%	4%	4%	5%	8%	12%	16%	100%
New	Commercial	<i>Must Take</i>	15%	11%	10%	8%	5%	4%	4%	4%	5%	8%	12%	16%	100%
Retrofit	Industrial	<i>Discretionary</i>	10%	8%	9%	8%	8%	7%	8%	8%	8%	8%	9%	10%	100%
Replace	Industrial	<i>Must Take</i>	9%	8%	9%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	9%	9%	100%

### Program Monthly Load Distribution - Washington

DSM Program	Customer Class	Must Take / Discretionary	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Replace DHW	Residential	<i>Must Take</i>	13%	11%	10%	8%	6%	5%	5%	4%	5%	8%	11%	14%	100%
New DHW	Residential	<i>Must Take</i>	13%	11%	10%	8%	6%	5%	5%	4%	5%	8%	11%	14%	100%
SF New Heating	Residential	<i>Must Take</i>	16%	11%	10%	7%	5%	3%	3%	3%	4%	8%	12%	17%	100%
Retrofit Wx	Residential	<i>Discretionary</i>	17%	13%	13%	9%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3%	8%	11%	16%	100%
Retrofit HVAC	Residential	<i>Discretionary</i>	17%	13%	13%	9%	5%	2%	2%	1%	3%	8%	11%	16%	100%
Retrofit	Commercial	<i>Discretionary</i>	15%	12%	12%	9%	6%	3%	3%	2%	4%	8%	11%	15%	100%
Replace	Commercial	<i>Must Take</i>	15%	11%	10%	7%	5%	4%	4%	3%	4%	8%	12%	16%	100%
New	Commercial	<i>Must Take</i>	15%	11%	10%	7%	5%	4%	4%	3%	4%	8%	12%	16%	100%

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Base Case: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Baseline Incremental Resources

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	4	5	7	10	13	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	45	50	54
	Com-Exist	6	10	16	24	32	42	52	62	73	83	93	103	112	120	125	129	137	141	144	144
	Com-NC	1	3	4	6	9	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	44	47	49	52
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	9	10	11	12	13	13	14
	Res-Exist	5	10	16	23	32	40	50	60	69	79	88	95	102	103	104	104	105	106	106	107
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
	Res-NC SF	0	6	9	12	17	21	27	33	39	45	51	57	63	69	75	81	87	93	99	105
	Total	15	29	48	69	94	122	153	185	218	251	284	315	346	369	389	407	427	445	464	482
	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15
Com-Exist	2	4	7	11	14	19	23	28	32	37	41	46	50	53	55	57	58	60	61	62	
Com-NC	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	25	27	29	31	32	
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	6	6	7	7	8	9	9	10	
Res-Exist	1	3	5	6	9	11	14	16	19	21	24	26	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	29	
Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Res-NC SF	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	7	8	9	10	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20	
Total	5	10	17	25	33	44	55	66	78	90	102	113	124	133	140	146	153	159	165	172	
The Dalles (OR)	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	7	8	9	10	11	13	14	16
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	32	35	37	39	40	41	43	44	44
	Com-NC	0	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	13	14	16	18	19	21	22	23	25	26
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	5
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC SF	0	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Total	3	6	11	16	22	29	36	44	52	60	68	76	83	90	96	101	106	111	117	122
	Com-Conv	0	1	2	5	8	12	17	24	32	41	51	62	75	88	99	112	124	138	152	167
Com-Exist	9	15	26	38	52	67	84	100	117	134	149	165	179	193	200	206	212	218	222	227	
Com-NC	3	6	9	13	18	23	29	35	41	47	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96	101	107	
Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	
Res-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	4	5	7	9	12	15	17	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	
Res-Exist	4	9	14	20	27	35	43	52	60	68	76	82	88	89	90	91	92	93	93	93	
Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	
Res-NC SF	3	5	8	12	16	20	26	31	37	43	46	55	60	66	72	78	84	89	95	101	
Total	19	37	62	92	126	164	208	254	303	352	401	449	497	539	572	606	639	672	706	739	
Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11	13	14	16	17
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	10	13	17	21	26	30	34	39	43	46	50	51	53	54	56	57	58
	Com-NC	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	13	14	15	16	18	19	20	21	22
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	6	6	7	7
	Res-Exist	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	20	20	21	21	21	21	21	21
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
	Res-NC SF	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	12	14	15	17	18	20	21	23	24	26
	Total	5	9	15	21	29	38	48	58	68	79	89	99	109	117	123	129	135	141	147	153
	Newport & Lincoln City	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11	13	14	16
Com-Exist		2	4	7	10	13	17	21	26	30	34	39	43	46	50	51	53	54	56	57	58
Com-NC		1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	13	14	15	16	18	19	20	21	22
Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	6	6	7	7
Res-Exist		1	2	3	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	20	20	21	21	21	21	21	21
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Res-NC SF		1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	12	14	15	17	18	20	21	23	24	26
Total		5	9	15	21	29	38	48	58	68	79	89	99	109	117	123	129	135	141	147	153
Portland		Com-Conv	1	3	7	13	22	34	49	67	89	114	142	173	207	244	276	310	347	386	426
	Com-Exist	63	109	185	272	370	478	597	714	839	958	1,072	1,192	1,287	1,388	1,442	1,492	1,540	1,584	1,623	1,658
	Com-NC	12	25	40	57	77	100	125	149	177	204	231	258	284	311	337	363	389	415	440	465
	Industrial	1	3	5	7	9	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	32	32	33	33	34	34	34
	Res-Conv	1	2	6	10	17	26	38	52	69	87	107	127	149	163	176	190	204	218	232	247
	Res-Exist	55	118	189	271	365	468	582	696	808	919	1,027	1,113	1,200	1,211	1,221	1,231	1,242	1,252	1,261	1,270
	Res-NC MF	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58
	Res-NC SF	19	38	60	85	114	147	185	227	269	311	353	394	437	479	521	562	605	647	689	731
	Total	153	301	498	725	987	1,280	1,608	1,944	2,295	2,643	2,989	3,310	3,632	3,866	4,049	4,228	4,409	4,588	4,762	4,931
	Salem	Com-Conv	0	1	1	2	4	6	9	13	17	21	26	32	38	45	51	58	65	72	79
Com-Exist		14	25	42	62	85	109	136	163	191	218	243	268	291	314	326	338	348	358	366	374
Com-NC		5	11	18	26	36	46	57	69	81	94	106	119	131	143	155	167	178	190	201	213
Industrial		0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Res-Conv		0	0	1	2	3	4	6	8	11	13	16	19	23	25	27	29	31	33	35	37
Res-Exist		11	23	37	53	71	91	113	134	156	177	197	213	229	231	233	234	236	238	239	241
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Res-NC SF		6	13	20	29	39	50	63	77	91	106	120	134	148	162	177	191	205	219	233	247
Total		38	74	122	177	240	310	389	470	554	636	718	795	872	932	980	1,028	1,075	1,122	1,167	1,212
Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)		Com-Conv	0	1	2	3	5	7	11	14	18	23	28	34	40	45	50	56	61	67	73
	Com-Exist	7	16	25	35	47	59	73	86	98	111	123	135	146	153	159	164	169	173	178	182
	Com-NC	7	15	25	38	53	70	92	113	137	164	192	222	253	286	321	357	397	438	479	521
	Industrial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Res-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	12	15	16	18	19	21	22	24	26
	Res-Exist	8	18	28	41																

Sensitivity 2: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/High Price Scenario

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028	
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	6	7	9	11	13	16	18	20	23	25	28	31	
	Com-Exist	6	10	16	24	32	42	52	62	73	83	93	103	112	120	125	129	134	137	141	144	
	Com-NC	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	12	13	15	17	18	20	21	23	25	26	28	29	
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	
	Res-Exist	5	10	16	23	32	40	50	60	69	79	88	95	102	103	104	104	105	106	106	107	
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-NC SF	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	9	10	11	12	12	13	14	15	15	16	
	Total	13	25	40	57	76	98	122	146	171	195	219	240	262	276	286	296	305	315	324	333	
	Astoria	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	9
Com-Exist		2	4	7	11	14	19	23	28	32	37	41	46	50	53	55	57	58	60	61	62	
Com-NC		1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Res-Exist		1	3	5	6	9	11	14	16	19	21	24	26	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	29
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Res-NC SF		0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Total		5	9	14	21	28	36	45	54	63	72	80	88	96	102	106	110	113	117	120	123	
The Dalles (OR)		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	8	9
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	32	35	37	39	40	41	43	44	44	
	Com-NC	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	15	
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-NC SF	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	
	Total	3	5	9	13	18	23	28	34	40	46	52	57	62	67	70	73	76	79	81	84	
	Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	1	2	3	5	7	10	14	19	24	29	36	43	50	56	63	70	78	85	94
Com-Exist		9	15	26	38	52	67	84	100	117	134	149	165	179	193	200	206	212	218	222	227	
Com-NC		2	4	6	8	11	14	17	20	24	27	31	34	38	41	44	47	51	54	57	60	
Industrial		0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	
Res-Exist		4	9	14	20	27	35	43	52	60	68	76	82	88	89	90	90	91	92	93	93	
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Res-NC SF		2	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	9	10	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Total		17	32	52	75	102	132	165	199	234	269	304	337	369	396	414	433	451	469	486	503	
Newport & Lincoln City		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	8	10
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	10	13	17	21	26	30	34	39	43	46	50	51	53	54	56	57	58	
	Com-NC	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	9	10	11	11	12	13	
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-Exist	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	21	
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-NC SF	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	
	Total	4	7	12	18	24	31	38	46	54	61	69	76	83	88	91	95	98	101	104	107	
	Portland	Com-Conv	1	2	5	9	14	21	30	40	53	67	83	100	120	140	158	178	198	220	242	265
Com-Exist		63	109	185	272	370	478	597	714	839	958	1,072	1,182	1,287	1,388	1,442	1,492	1,540	1,584	1,623	1,658	
Com-NC		9	18	27	37	48	61	75	89	104	120	135	149	164	179	193	207	222	236	249	263	
Industrial		1	3	5	7	9	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	32	33	33	33	34	34	34	
Res-Conv		0	1	2	3	4	6	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	31	33	34	36	38	40	
Res-Exist		55	118	189	271	365	468	582	696	808	919	1,027	1,113	1,200	1,211	1,221	1,231	1,242	1,252	1,261	1,270	
Res-NC MF		1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	
Res-NC SF		11	17	21	25	30	35	41	47	53	59	65	70	76	81	87	92	97	102	108	113	
Total		142	268	434	625	843	1,084	1,351	1,619	1,897	2,168	2,433	2,673	2,910	3,065	3,170	3,271	3,372	3,470	3,562	3,649	
Salem		Com-Conv	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	12	15	18	22	26	29	33	36	40	45	49
	Com-Exist	14	25	42	62	85	109	136	163	191	218	243	268	291	314	326	338	348	358	366	374	
	Com-NC	4	8	12	17	22	28	34	41	48	55	62	68	75	82	88	95	101	107	114	120	
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	
	Res-Exist	11	23	37	53	71	91	113	134	156	177	197	213	229	231	233	234	236	238	239	241	
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-NC SF	4	6	7	9	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	25	26	28	29	31	33	35	36	
	Total	34	63	101	144	193	248	308	368	430	491	550	604	656	693	719	745	769	793	816	837	
	Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Com-Conv	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9	10	11	12	13	14
Com-Exist		7	16	25	35	47	59	73	86	98	111	123	135	146	153	159	164	169	173	178	182	
Com-NC		4	6	9	12	15	18	22	26	30	35	40	45	50	56	61	67	73	80	86	93	
Industrial		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Res-Exist		8	18	28	41	55	70	87	104	121	137	154	170	185	191	195	198	201	204	207	210	
Res-NC MF		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3</							

Sensitivity 6: IRP RMix 1 - Original Design Weather - Old Design Weather (Coldest 20 Year Peak & Annual)

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	4	6	8	11	14	17	21	25	29	33	38	42	47	52	57
	Com-Exist	6	10	17	25	34	44	55	65	77	87	98	107	117	126	131	135	140	144	148	151
	Com-NC	1	3	5	7	9	12	15	18	21	24	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	6	7	8	10	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Res-Exist	5	11	18	26	35	44	55	65	76	86	96	104	112	112	113	114	114	115	116	116
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Res-NC SF	0	6	9	13	17	22	28	34	40	46	52	59	65	71	77	83	89	96	102	108
	Total	15	31	50	73	100	129	162	196	231	267	301	334	366	391	411	430	451	470	489	508
Astoria	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	14	15	16
	Com-Exist	3	4	7	11	15	19	24	29	33	38	43	47	51	55	57	59	60	61	63	64
	Com-NC	1	2	3	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21	23	24	26	28	30	32	34
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	9	9	10	10
	Res-Exist	1	3	5	7	9	12	15	18	20	23	26	28	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	31
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC SF	0	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	16	17	18	19	21	22
	Total	6	11	18	26	35	46	57	69	82	94	106	118	129	139	145	152	159	166	172	178
The Dalles (OR)	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	14	15	17
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	8	11	14	17	21	24	27	31	34	37	39	41	42	44	45	46	47
	Com-NC	0	1	2	3	4	6	7	9	11	12	14	16	17	19	20	22	24	25	27	28
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC SF	0	1	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Total	3	7	12	17	23	30	38	47	55	64	72	81	89	96	102	107	113	119	124	130
Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	1	3	5	8	12	18	25	33	42	53	64	77	91	103	116	129	143	157	173
	Com-Exist	9	16	27	40	54	70	87	104	122	139	155	171	186	200	207	214	221	226	231	236
	Com-NC	3	6	10	14	19	25	31	37	44	50	57	64	70	77	83	89	95	102	108	114
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
	Res-Conv	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	8	10	13	16	19	22	24	26	28	30	32	35	37
	Res-Exist	5	10	15	22	29	38	47	56	65	73	82	88	95	96	97	97	98	99	100	100
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
	Res-NC SF	3	5	8	12	16	21	26	32	38	44	50	56	62	68	74	80	85	91	97	103
	Total	20	39	66	96	132	173	219	267	318	369	421	471	522	565	600	634	669	704	739	773
Newport & Lincoln City	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	12	13	15	16	18
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	10	13	17	22	26	31	35	39	43	47	51	52	54	55	57	58	59
	Com-NC	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	12	13	14	16	17	18	19	21	22	23
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7
	Res-Exist	1	2	4	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	18	20	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	22
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
	Res-NC SF	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	13	14	16	17	19	20	22	23	24	26
	Total	5	9	15	22	30	39	49	59	70	81	92	102	112	120	127	133	139	145	151	157
Portland	Com-Conv	1	3	7	14	23	35	51	70	93	119	148	180	216	255	289	325	363	404	447	491
	Com-Exist	65	114	193	283	386	498	622	744	874	998	1,117	1,231	1,340	1,445	1,502	1,556	1,606	1,652	1,693	1,731
	Com-NC	13	26	42	60	82	105	131	157	186	215	243	272	300	328	356	383	410	438	464	491
	Industrial	1	3	5	7	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	33	33	34	34	34	35	35
	Res-Conv	1	3	6	11	19	29	42	58	76	96	118	140	164	178	193	208	223	238	254	270
	Res-Exist	60	128	206	296	398	511	635	759	882	1,002	1,120	1,215	1,307	1,318	1,328	1,338	1,348	1,358	1,367	1,376
	Res-NC MF	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	26	29	32	35	38	41	44	47	50	54	57	60
	Res-NC SF	19	39	62	87	118	152	190	233	277	320	363	406	449	493	536	579	623	666	710	753
	Total	162	320	528	769	1,047	1,358	1,705	2,062	2,433	2,802	3,168	3,508	3,847	4,090	4,281	4,470	4,658	4,844	5,026	5,205
Salem	Com-Conv	0	1	1	3	4	7	10	13	17	22	28	34	40	48	54	61	68	75	83	91
	Com-Exist	15	26	44	65	88	114	142	169	199	227	253	279	303	327	340	351	363	373	382	390
	Com-NC	6	12	19	28	37	48	60	72	85	98	111	124	137	149	162	174	186	198	210	222
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	3	4	6	8	10	13	16	19	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36
	Res-Conv	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	9	11	14	18	21	25	27	29	31	33	36	38	40
	Res-Exist	12	25	40	57	76	98	121	145	168	190	212	230	247	249	250	252	254	255	257	258
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
	Res-NC SF	7	13	21	30	40	51	64	79	94	108	123	137	152	166	181	195	210	224	239	253
	Total	40	78	128	186	252	326	409	493	582	669	755	835	915	977	1,028	1,077	1,126	1,175	1,222	1,268
Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Com-Conv	0	1	2	3	5	8	11	15	20	25	30	36	42	48	54	59	65	72	78	85
	Com-Exist	8	17	26	37	50	63	77	91	104	118	131	143	155	163	168	174	179	184	188	193
	Com-NC	7	16	26	40	56	74	97	120	144	173	203	234	267	302	339	377	418	462	506	550
	Industrial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Res-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	11	13	16	18	19	21	22	24	26	28
	Res-Exist	9	19	30	44	59	76	95	113	131	149	166	184	201	207	210	214	217	220	223	226
	Res-NC MF	1	2	3	5	7	9	11	14	16	18	21	23	26	28	31	34	36	39	42	45
	Res-NC SF	3	6	10	14	19	25	32	39	45	53	60	67	74	82	89	97	105	113	121	129
	Total	28	61	99	144	197	258	327	396	467	544	622	701	782	848	911	976	1,044	1,114	1,185	1,255
Oregon Total	Com-Conv	2	6	13	24	40	62	90	123	164	210	261	318	381	449	509	573	640	712	786	864
	Com-Exist	102	177	301	442	601	776	968	1,158	1,359	1,552	1,735	1,912	2,081	2,242	2,330	2,412	2,488	2,559	2,621	2,678
	Com-NC	24	51	83	119	161	207	259	311	368	425	481	537	592	648	702	756	809	862	914	966
	Industrial	2	5	8	12	16	20	25	30	36	43	50	5								



Sensitivity 7: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Load Growth (-1% Decrease per Year)

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	14
	Com-Exist	6	16	24	32	42	52	62	73	83	93	103	112	120	125	129	134	137	141	144	144
	Com-NC	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10	10	10	11	12	12	13
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Exist	5	10	16	23	31	39	48	57	66	74	82	89	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-NC SF	0	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Total	13	23	37	52	70	89	110	131	153	173	193	211	228	238	245	251	257	263	268	273
	Astoria	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4
Com-Exist		2	4	7	11	14	19	23	28	32	37	41	46	50	53	55	57	58	60	61	62
Com-NC		0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	7	8	8
Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Res-Exist		1	3	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	20	22	24	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Res-NC SF		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total		5	8	13	19	25	32	40	48	56	63	71	77	83	88	91	93	95	97	99	101
The Dalles (OR)		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	32	35	37	39	40	41	43	44	44
	Com-NC	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	6	6	6
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-NC SF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	3	5	8	12	16	20	25	30	35	39	44	48	53	56	58	60	62	64	65	67
	Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	0	1	2	2	4	5	7	9	11	14	16	20	23	26	29	32	35	39
Com-Exist		9	15	26	38	52	67	84	100	117	134	149	165	179	193	200	206	212	218	222	
Com-NC		1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	13	14	15	17	18	20	21	23	24	26	
Industrial		0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Res-Exist		4	9	14	20	26	34	41	49	57	64	71	76	81	82	82	82	83	83	83	
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Res-NC SF		1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Total		16	29	47	68	91	117	145	173	202	231	258	284	308	327	339	350	361	372	382	
Newport & Lincoln City		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	10	13	17	21	26	30	34	39	43	46	50	51	53	54	56	57	
	Com-NC	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-Exist	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	15	16	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-NC SF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total	4	7	11	16	22	28	34	41	48	54	61	67	72	76	79	81	83	85	86	
	Portland	Com-Conv	1	1	3	5	8	11	15	20	26	33	40	48	56	66	74	83	92	102	113
Com-Exist		63	109	185	272	370	478	597	714	839	958	1,072	1,182	1,287	1,388	1,442	1,492	1,540	1,584		
Com-NC		7	12	16	21	26	32	38	44	51	58	64	71	77	84	90	96	103	109		
Industrial		1	3	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	20	23	25	27	27	27	27	27	26		
Res-Conv		0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9		
Res-Exist		55	116	185	265	354	451	558	663	766	866	962	1,037	1,111	1,114	1,118	1,120	1,124	1,126		
Res-NC MF		1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Res-NC SF		10	13	14	16	17	18	20	21	22	23	24	25	25	26	26	27	27	27		
Total		138	256	411	587	787	1,006	1,247	1,485	1,730	1,966	2,194	2,396	2,594	2,715	2,788	2,856	2,924	2,987		
Salem		Com-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	12	13	15	17	18	
	Com-Exist	14	25	42	62	85	109	136	163	191	218	243	268	291	314	326	338	348	358		
	Com-NC	3	5	7	9	12	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	43	46	49		
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7		
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Res-Exist	11	23	36	52	69	88	108	128	148	166	184	199	212	213	213	213	214	214		
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Res-NC SF	3	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9			
	Total	32	58	93	131	175	222	275	326	379	430	479	523	566	594	611	627	643	657		
	Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Com-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Com-Exist		7	15	25	35	46	58	71	84	95	108	119	130	141	147	151	156	160	164		
Com-NC		3	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Industrial		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Res-Exist		8	17	27	39	52	67	82	98	112	127	141	154	167	171	172	173	175	176		
Res-NC MF		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2			
Res-NC SF		1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Total		21	41	62	85	112	140	171	200	228	256	283	309	334	345	352	359	366			
Oregon Total		Com-Conv	1	2	5	8	13	18	26	34	44	56	68	82	98	114	128	144	160	177	
	Com-Exist	98	170	288	423	577	745	929	1,112	1,306	1,490	1,667	1,837	1,999	2,155	2,238	2,316				

Sensitivity 8: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Short Term Load Growth (First 5 Years)

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	5	7	9	11	14	18	21	24	27	31	35	39
	Com-Exist	6	10	16	24	32	42	52	62	73	83	93	103	112	120	125	129	134	137	141	144
	Com-NC	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	11	14	16	19	22	24	27	29	32	34	37
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	8
	Res-Exist	5	10	16	23	31	39	49	58	67	76	85	92	99	100	101	101	102	102	103	104
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	13	23	37	52	70	90	114	140	168	197	226	252	280	300	316	332	349	365	381	396
Astoria	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	11	14	19	23	28	32	37	41	46	50	53	55	57	58	60	61	62
	Com-NC	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	6	7	9	10	12	15	17	18	20	21	23	
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	5	5	5
	Res-Exist	1	3	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	23	25	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	12
	Total	5	8	13	19	25	33	41	51	61	72	82	92	101	109	115	121	126	132	137	143
The Dalles (OR)	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	32	35	37	39	40	41	43	44	44
	Com-NC	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	6	7	8	10	11	12	14	15	16	18	19
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	8	9	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	12
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8	8	9	10
	Total	3	5	8	12	16	20	26	32	39	46	53	60	66	72	77	82	86	91	95	100
Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	0	1	2	2	4	6	10	15	21	28	36	45	55	64	74	84	95	107	119
	Com-Exist	9	15	26	38	52	67	84	100	117	134	149	165	179	193	200	206	212	218	222	227
	Com-NC	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	14	18	23	29	34	39	44	49	55	60	65	70	75
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	10	12	13	15	16
	Res-Exist	4	9	14	20	26	34	42	50	58	66	73	79	85	86	87	88	88	89	89	90
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Res-NC MF	1	2	2	2	2	3	4	7	10	14	18	23	27	31	36	40	44	49	53	
	Total	16	29	47	68	91	118	150	186	226	268	309	350	392	427	455	484	512	541	569	
Newport & Lincoln City	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	
	Com-Exist	0	4	7	10	13	17	21	26	30	34	39	43	46	50	51	53	54	56	57	
	Com-NC	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15	
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	
	Res-Exist	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	12	13	15	17	18	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total	4	7	11	16	22	28	35	44	53	62	71	80	88	95	101	106	111	116	121	
Portland	Com-Conv	1	1	3	5	8	12	18	28	42	58	78	100	125	152	178	205	235	267	300	
	Com-Exist	63	109	185	272	370	478	597	714	839	958	1,072	1,182	1,287	1,388	1,442	1,492	1,540	1,584		
	Com-NC	7	12	16	21	26	34	46	62	83	104	126	148	171	194	217	240	263	286		
	Industrial	1	3	4	6	8	11	13	16	19	24	27	29	29	30	30	30	31	31		
	Res-Conv	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	11	19	29	40	52	66	76	86	97	108	119		
	Res-Exist	55	116	185	265	354	454	565	675	784	891	996	1,079	1,163	1,173	1,184	1,193	1,203	1,213		
	Res-NC	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	5	7	9	12	14	16	19	21	24	26	28		
	Res-NC MF	10	13	14	16	17	20	30	48	75	103	132	162	193	224	256	287	320	352		
	Total	138	256	411	587	787	1,015	1,279	1,559	1,867	2,174	2,479	2,764	3,050	3,256	3,413	3,568	3,725	3,879		
Salem	Com-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	5	8	11	14	18	23	28	33	38	43	49		
	Com-Exist	14	25	42	62	85	109	136	163	191	218	243	268	291	314	326	338	348	358		
	Com-NC	3	5	7	9	12	15	21	28	38	47	58	68	78	89	99	110	120			
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8		
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	6	8	10	11	13	15	16	18		
	Res-Exist	11	23	36	52	69	88	109	130	151	171	191	207	222	224	226	227	229	230		
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2			
	Res-NC MF	3	4	5	5	6	7	10	16	26	35	45	55	66	76	87	98	108			
	Total	32	58	93	131	175	225	284	349	421	493	565	632	700	752	793	834	875			
Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Com-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	5	7	10	13	17	20	23	27	31	34	39		
	Com-Exist	7	15	25	35	46	58	72	84	97	109	121	133	144	151	156	161	166			
	Com-NC	3	5	6	7	9	11	17	26	38	53	70	87	107	127	149	173	198			
	Industrial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10			
	Res-Exist	8	17	27	39	52	67	84	100	116	132	148	163	178	184	187	190	193			
	Res-NC	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	13	15	16			
	Res-NC MF	1	2	2	2	3	3	5	7	11	15	19	24	28	33	38	43	48			
	Total	21	41	62	85	112	143	181	224	273	325	378	433	489	533	574	616	661			
Oregon Total	Com-Conv	1	2	5	8	13	20	32	49	73	102	136	175	219	268	314	362	414			
	Com-Exist	98	170	288	423																

Sensitivity 9: IRP RMix1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Long Term Load Growth (Last 12 Years)

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	4	5	6	8	9	11	12	14	16	17	19	20	22	23	25
	Com-Exist	6	10	16	24	32	42	52	62	73	83	93	103	112	120	125	129	134	137	141	144
	Com-NC	1	3	4	6	9	11	13	14	16	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	23	23	24	25
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Res-Exist	5	10	16	23	32	40	50	60	69	77	86	92	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	97
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC SF	0	6	9	12	17	20	23	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	32	32	33	33	33
	Total	15	29	48	69	94	120	148	173	198	221	243	263	282	294	301	308	314	321	326	332
	Astoria	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	6	7
Com-Exist		2	4	7	11	14	19	23	28	32	37	41	46	50	53	55	57	58	60	61	62
Com-NC		1	2	3	4	5	7	8	9	10	10	11	12	12	13	13	14	14	14	15	15
Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Res-Exist		1	3	5	6	9	11	14	16	19	21	23	25	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Res-NC SF		1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
Total		5	10	17	25	33	43	53	62	71	80	88	95	102	107	110	113	115	117	119	121
The Dalles (OR)		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	7	10	13	16	19	23	26	29	32	35	37	39	40	41	43	44	44
	Com-NC	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	10	10	11	11	11	12	12
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-NC SF	0	1	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Total	3	6	11	16	22	28	35	41	46	52	57	62	67	70	73	75	77	79	81	82
	Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	1	2	5	8	12	16	21	25	30	35	40	46	51	55	60	64	69	74
Com-Exist		9	15	26	38	52	67	84	100	117	134	149	165	179	193	200	206	212	218	222	227
Com-NC		3	6	9	13	18	23	27	30	33	35	37	39	41	42	44	45	47	48	49	51
Industrial		0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Res-Conv		0	0	1	1	2	3	5	6	7	8	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11
Res-Exist		4	9	14	20	27	35	43	52	59	67	74	79	84	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
Res-NC MF		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Res-NC SF		3	5	8	12	16	19	22	24	26	27	28	28	29	30	30	30	31	31	31	31
Total		19	37	62	92	126	162	201	237	272	306	338	368	396	418	432	445	457	469	480	491
Newport & Lincoln City		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	10	13	17	21	26	30	34	39	43	46	50	51	53	54	56	57	58
	Com-NC	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Res-Exist	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	12	14	15	17	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC SF	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	Total	5	9	15	21	29	37	46	54	62	69	76	83	89	94	96	98	101	103	104	106
	Portland	Com-Conv	1	3	7	13	22	33	45	58	71	84	98	113	128	144	156	169	182	196	210
Com-Exist		63	109	185	272	370	478	597	714	839	958	1,072	1,182	1,287	1,388	1,442	1,492	1,540	1,584	1,623	1,658
Com-NC		12	25	40	57	77	97	115	129	140	150	159	168	176	183	190	197	204	210	216	222
Industrial		1	3	5	7	9	11	14	17	20	22	25	27	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Res-Conv		1	2	6	10	17	25	34	41	48	55	61	67	72	73	74	75	76	77	77	78
Res-Exist		55	118	189	271	365	468	582	696	802	904	1,003	1,078	1,152	1,153	1,154	1,154	1,155	1,155	1,154	1,152
Res-NC MF		1	4	7	10	13	15	16	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Res-NC SF		19	38	60	85	114	140	162	177	187	195	202	207	212	216	220	222	225	228	230	232
Total		153	301	498	725	987	1,268	1,565	1,849	2,124	2,386	2,638	2,859	3,075	3,205	3,284	3,357	3,429	3,497	3,558	3,614
Salem		Com-Conv	0	1	1	2	4	6	8	11	13	16	18	21	24	26	29	31	34	36	39
	Com-Exist	14	25	42	62	85	109	136	163	191	218	243	268	291	314	326	338	348	358	366	374
	Com-NC	5	11	18	26	36	45	53	59	64	69	73	77	80	84	87	90	93	96	98	101
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	Res-Conv	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
	Res-Exist	11	23	37	53	71	91	113	134	154	174	192	206	220	220	220	220	220	219	219	219
	Res-NC MF	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-NC SF	6	13	20	29	39	48	55	60	64	66	68	70	72	73	74	75	76	77	77	78
	Total	38	74	122	177	240	306	375	439	508	558	613	661	708	738	756	774	791	807	821	834
	Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Com-Conv	0	1	2	3	5	7	10	12	13	15	17	19	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Com-Exist		7	16	25	35	47	59	73	86	98	110	121	132	142	147	152	155	159	162	165	168
Com-NC		7	15	25	38	53	68	82	93	101	110	118	126	133	141	148	155	162	169	176	182
Industrial		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Res-Conv		0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8
Res-Exist		8	18	28	41	55	70	87	104	120	134	149	162	175	179	180	180	181	182	182	182
Res-NC MF		1	2	3	5	6	8	9	10	10	11	11	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13
Res-NC SF		3	6	9	13	18	23	27	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	38	39
Total		26	57	93	135	185	238	291	337	377	417	454	490	524	543	558	571	585	598	610	621
Oregon Total		Com-Conv	2	5	12	23	38	57	79	101	124	147	172	197	224	252	273	295	318	342	367
	Com-Exist	98	170	288	423	577	745	929	1,112	1,306	1,490	1,667	1,837	1,999	2,155	2,238	2,316	2,388	2,455	2,514	2,567
	Com-NC	23	49	79	113	153	191	227	254	277	291	314	346	361	375	388	401	413	425	436	446
	Industrial	2	5	8	11	15	19	24	29	34	38	42	46	50	50	50	50	49	49	49	49
	Res-Conv	1	4	8	15	25	36	48	59	69	79	88	96	104	105	106	107	109	110		

Sensitivity 12: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited North American Supply

DSM Demand Savings by Region and Sub-Class, MDth

Region	Class	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	Com-Conv	0	0	1	1	2	4	6	8	10	13	16	20	24	29	33	37	41	46	51	56
	Com-Exist	6	10	17	24	33	43	53	64	75	86	96	105	115	124	129	133	138	141	145	148
	Com-NC	1	3	4	6	9	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	44	47	49	52
	Industrial	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	9	10	11	12	13	13	14
	Res-Exist	5	10	16	23	32	40	50	60	69	79	88	95	102	103	104	104	105	106	106	107
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
	Res-NC SF	0	6	9	12	17	21	27	33	39	45	51	57	63	69	75	81	87	93	99	105
	Total	15	29	48	70	95	123	154	187	220	254	287	318	349	373	394	412	432	451	469	487
	Astoria	Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	15
Com-Exist		3	4	7	11	15	19	24	29	33	38	43	47	51	55	57	59	60	62	63	64
Com-NC		1	2	3	4	5	7	9	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	25	27	29	31	32
Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Res-Conv		0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	6	6	7	7	8	9	9	10
Res-Exist		1	3	5	6	9	11	14	16	19	21	24	26	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	29
Res-NC		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Res-NC SF		1	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	8	9	10	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20	22
Total		5	10	17	25	34	44	55	67	79	91	103	115	126	135	142	149	155	162	168	174
The Dalles (OR)		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	13	14
	Com-Exist	2	3	5	8	10	13	17	20	23	27	30	33	36	39	40	42	43	44	45	46
	Com-NC	0	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	13	14	16	18	19	21	22	23	25	26
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Res-Exist	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-NC SF	0	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Total	3	6	11	16	22	29	36	44	52	61	69	77	85	91	97	102	108	113	118	123
	Eugene & Coos Bay	Com-Conv	0	1	2	5	8	12	18	25	33	42	53	64	77	91	103	116	129	143	157
Com-Exist		9	16	27	39	53	69	86	103	121	138	154	169	184	198	207	213	219	225	229	234
Com-NC		3	6	9	13	18	23	29	35	41	47	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96	101	107
Industrial		0	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9
Res-Conv		0	0	1	1	2	4	5	7	9	12	15	17	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
Res-Exist		4	9	14	20	27	35	43	52	60	68	76	82	88	89	90	90	91	92	93	93
Res-NC		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	
Res-NC SF		3	5	8	12	16	20	26	31	37	43	49	55	60	66	72	78	84	89	95	101
Total		20	38	63	93	127	167	211	257	307	357	407	456	505	548	583	617	650	684	717	751
Newport & Lincoln City		Com-Conv	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	13	15
	Com-Exist	2	4	7	10	14	18	22	27	31	36	40	44	48	52	54	55	57	58	59	60
	Com-NC	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	13	14	15	16	18	19	20	21	22
	Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res-Conv	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	5	6	6	7
	Res-Exist	1	2	3	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	21
	Res-NC	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	
	Res-NC SF	1	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	12	14	15	17	18	20	21	23	24	26
	Total	5	9	15	22	30	39	48	59	69	80	91	101	111	119	126	132	138	144	149	155
	Portland	Com-Conv	1	3	7	14	22	34	50	69	91	117	146	177	212	250	285	320	358	397	438
Com-Exist		65	111	189	278	379	490	612	734	862	985	1,102	1,215	1,323	1,427	1,492	1,542	1,589	1,632	1,670	1,705
Com-NC		12	25	40	57	77	100	125	149	177	204	231	258	284	311	337	363	389	415	440	465
Industrial		1	3	4	6	9	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	32	32	33	33	33	33	34
Res-Conv		1	2	6	10	17	26	38	52	69	87	107	127	149	163	176	190	204	218	232	247
Res-Exist		55	118	189	271	365	468	582	696	808	919	1,027	1,113	1,200	1,211	1,221	1,231	1,242	1,252	1,261	1,270
Res-NC		1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58
Res-NC SF		19	38	60	85	114	147	185	227	269	311	353	394	437	479	521	562	605	647	689	731
Total		155	303	502	731	997	1,293	1,625	1,965	2,321	2,673	3,022	3,347	3,674	3,912	4,108	4,286	4,468	4,647	4,821	4,990
Salem		Com-Conv	0	1	1	3	4	6	9	13	17	22	27	33	39	46	53	59	66	74	81
	Com-Exist	15	25	43	64	87	112	139	167	196	223	250	275	300	323	337	348	359	369	377	385
	Com-NC	5	11	18	26	36	46	57	69	81	94	106	119	131	143	155	167	178	190	201	213
	Industrial	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
	Res-Conv	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	8	11	13	16	19	23	25	27	29	31	33	35	37
	Res-Exist	11	23	37	53	71	91	113	134	156	177	197	213	229	231	233	234	236	238	239	241
	Res-NC	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	
	Res-NC SF	6	13	20	29	39	50	63	77	91	106	120	134	148	162	177	191	205	219	233	247
	Total	38	75	123	178	242	313	393	474	559	643	726	804	881	942	992	1,040	1,088	1,134	1,180	1,225
	Vancouver & The Dalles (WA)	Com-Conv	0	1	2	3	5	8	11	15	19	24	29	35	41	46	52	57	63	69	75
Com-Exist		8	16	26	36	48	61	75	89	102	115	127	140	151	158	163	168	173	178	182	186
Com-NC		7	15	26	39	54	73	94	117	141	168	198	228	261	295	331	368	408	451	494	536
Industrial		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Res-Conv		0	0	1	1	2	3	4	6	7	9	11	14	16	18	20	22	23	25	27	29
Res-Exist		9	20	32	46	62	79	99	118												

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Peak Day Unserved Demand, MDTH/day.....	5-2A-2
Annual Unserved Demand, MDTH/Year.....	5-2A-2

**Scenario 1: Current Resource Portfolio - 85% Probability Weather**

<b>Peak Day Unserved Demand, MDTH/day</b>																				
	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	2	3	3	4	4	7	13	14	15	16	19	18	19	19	21	19	19	19	19	19
Astoria	0.3	0.3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	7	7	7	12	12	12	7	7	10	7
Dalles	0.4	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	6	3	6	3	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Eugene	4	7	8	9	10	10	13	22	13	23	22	28	35	35	37	38	36	36	36	42
Newport LC	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	6	6	6
Portland	14	22	28	31	35	38	41	44	63	92	119	156	181	215	214	223	255	282	306	292
Salem	4	8	9	10	11	13	14	15	38	40	45	45	49	50	52	54	56	57	51	61
Vancouver	3	4	8	14	23	30	30	31	32	32	33	34	44	72	83	78	81	84	86	89
<b>System Total</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>524</b>

<b>Annual Unserved Demand, MDTH/Year</b>																				
	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	2	3	3	4	5	8	15	16	21	23	26	26	27	40	42	122	148	151	151	153
Astoria	0.3	0.3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	9	9	10	19	28	38	46	68	88	109
Dalles	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	6	4	8	8	12	21	44	53	73	86	107	135
Eugene	4	7	8	9	13	14	17	26	26	37	37	46	54	66	106	312	341	357	363	405
Newport LC	-	-	-	-	4	8	14	30	40	52	63	97	104	114	137	162	167	178	188	197
Portland	14	22	28	31	35	38	41	44	67	121	181	245	308	551	1,095	1,601	1,889	2,311	2,753	3,280
Salem	4	8	9	10	87	198	307	423	544	661	807	962	1,120	1,254	1,358	1,487	1,578	1,664	1,780	1,925
Vancouver	3	4	8	14	23	30	30	31	33	40	50	58	85	140	213	235	406	508	642	788
<b>System Total</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>1,451</b>	<b>1,720</b>	<b>2,206</b>	<b>3,024</b>	<b>4,011</b>	<b>4,650</b>	<b>5,323</b>	<b>6,073</b>	<b>6,993</b>

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*SENDOUT*® Scenario Results.....5-3A1 through 5-3A-30

SENDOUT RUN	Name	Description
1071	Base Case:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Baseline Incremental Resources
1121	Scenario 1:	Current Resource Portfolio - 85% Probability Weather
1086	Scenario 2:	IRP RMix 2 - 85% Probability Weather - Northern LNG (Bradwood Landing + Palomar West)
1085	Scenario 3:	IRP RMix 3 - 85% Probability Weather - Southern LNG (Jordan Cove + Pacific Connector)
1103	Scenario 4:	IRP RMix 2&3 - 85% Probability Weather - Two LNG Projects (Both Bradwood & Jordan Cove)
1079	Scenario 5:	IRP RMix 4 - 85% Probability Weather - No Palomar, No CD Turnback
1092	Scenario 6:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - No GP Recall
1102	Scenario 7:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Delayed Satellite LNG
1108	Scenario 8:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - No Satellite LNG
1116	Scenario 9:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - WVF Alternative (12" pipe)
1117	Scenario 10:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - WVF Alternative (12" pipe) with no Satellite LNG
1120	Sensitivity 1:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - High Demand/Low Price Scenario
1091	Sensitivity 2:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/High Price Scenario
1119	Sensitivity 3:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - High Demand/High Price Scenario
1088	Sensitivity 4:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/Low Price Scenario
1080	Sensitivity 5:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Palomar at Min of 100 MDTH/d
1073	Sensitivity 6:	IRP RMix 1 - Original Design Weather - Old Design Weather (Coldest 20 Year Peak & Annual)
1093	Sensitivity 7:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Load Growth (-1% Decrease per Year)
1094	Sensitivity 8:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Short Term Load Growth (First 5 Years)
1095	Sensitivity 9:	IRP RMix1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Long Term Load Growth (Last 12 Years)
1104	Sensitivity 10:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited Canadian Supply 1 (3% increase in AECO)
Missing	Sensitivity 11:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited Canadian Supply 2
1097	Sensitivity 12:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited North American Supply
1096	Sensitivity 13:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Unconstrained Mist Recall
1099	Sensitivity 14:	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - GTN Decontracting



Scenarios - Ranked by NPV 20-year System Cost (High to Low)

Scenario / Sensitivity (RMix/Weather)	Notes:	NPV 20-Year System Cost	20-Year Served Demand	20-Year Unserved Demand	New RMix Selection	Brownsville to Eugene	Incremental CD via Stanfield	March Point Capacity	LNG Enhancement to Salem	Incremental CD 12-9	Palomar East	Palomar West	Pacific Connector East	Pacific Connector West	WVF - Main	Existing CD Turnback	Mist Recall	GP Recall	Satellite Albany	Satellite Eugene	Satellite Salem	
		(\$ Millions)	(BCF)	(BCF)																		
<b>Net Incremental Daily Deliverability</b>																						
SE12	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Limited North American Supply (+20% in Commodity)	\$ 11,465	1,641	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 43 95	-	-	-	2010/11 4 4	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 157	2008/09 7 7	2023/24 10 27	2010/11 0.4 17	2025/26 3 4	
SE03	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	High Demand/High Price Scenario	\$ 11,081	1,872	0.053	Begin Year 2013/14 Begin BBTu 0.3 Max BBTu 5	2027/28 12 12	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 21 21	2026/27 2 5	2011/12 59 200	-	-	-	2010/11 19 19	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 289	2008/09 7 7	2019/20 9 30	2009/10 4.1 30	2018/19 6 30	
SE10	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Limited Canadian Supply 1 (3% increase in AECO)	\$ 9,924	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 39 95	-	-	-	2010/11 5 5	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 162	2008/09 7 7	-	2010/11 0.4 23	2023/24 7 21	
SE06	IRP RMix 1 - Original Design Weather	Old Design Weather (Coldest 20 Year Peak & Annual)	\$ 9,528	1,797	0.033	Begin Year 2012/13 Begin BBTu 1 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 64 106	-	-	-	2010/11 14 14	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 280	2008/09 7 7	-	2009/10 1.8 11	2009/10 9 9	
SC01	Current Resources - 85% Probability Weather	Current Portfolio	\$ 8,959	1,698	40	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC05	IRP RMix 4 - 85% Probability Weather	No Palomar, No CD Turnback	\$ 8,774	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	2025/26 2 9	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	-	-	-	-	-	2010/11 6 6	2011/12 - -	2008/09 10 166	2008/09 7 7	2024/25 14 27	2010/11 0.4 30	2025/26 11 30
SE05	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Palomar at Min of 100 MDT/d	\$ 8,772	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 100 100	-	-	-	2010/11 4 4	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 129	2008/09 7 7	2021/22 6 22	2010/11 0 27	2023/24 13 23	
SE14	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	GTN Decontracting	\$ 8,762	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 41 94	-	-	-	2010/11 4 4	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 169	2008/09 7 7	2025/26 5 8	2010/11 0.4 30	-	
SC06	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	No GP Recall	\$ 8,749	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 47 100	-	-	-	2010/11 11 11	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 175	2008/09 - -	2025/26 0 1	2010/11 0 25	-	
SC10	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	WVF Alternative (12" pipe) with no Satellite LNG	\$ 8,745	1,643	0.017	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 1.3 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	2016/17 14	2011/12 41 88	-	-	-	2010/11 18 18	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 213	2008/09 7 7	-	-	-	
SC08	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	No Satellite LNG	\$ 8,744	1,643	0.017	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 1 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	2016/17 11	2011/12 41 88	-	-	-	2010/11 5 5	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 213	2008/09 7 7	-	-	-	
B	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Baseline Incremental Resources	\$ 8,736	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 41 94	-	-	-	2010/11 4 4	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 168	2008/09 7 7	-	2010/11 0.4 30	2025/26 5 9	
SC07	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Delayed Satellite LNG	\$ 8,736	1,643	0.017	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 1.3 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 41 94	-	-	-	2010/11 4 4	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 168	2008/09 7 7	2016/17 0.9 18	2024/25 4 21		
SC09	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	WVF Alternative (12" pipe)	\$ 8,736	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 41 95	-	-	-	2010/11 8 8	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 168	2008/09 7 7	2024/25 1 23	2010/11 0.4 15	-	
SE13	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Unconstrained Mist Recall	\$ 8,734	1,643	-	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 41 94	-	-	-	2010/11 4 4	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 26 168	2008/09 7 7	2025/26 4 9	2010/11 0.4 30	-	
SC03	IRP RMix 3 - 85% Probability Weather	Southern LNG (Jordan Cove + Pacific Connector)	\$ 8,697	1,643	0.016	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 27 82	-	2026/27 3 5	2011/12 20 20	2010/11 3 3	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 145 145	2008/09 7 7	2021/22 6 22	2010/11 0 6	2023/24 7 26	
SC02	IRP RMix 2 - 85% Probability Weather	Northern LNG (Bradwood Landing + Palomar West)	\$ 8,360	1,643	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 0.9 Max BBTu 5	-	2017/18 6 6	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 5 77	2011/12 50 100	-	-	2010/11 6 6	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 109	2008/09 7 7	-	2010/11 0.4 15	2023/24 6 6	
SC04	IRP RMix 2&3 - 85% Probability Weather	Two LNG Projects (Both Bradwood & Jordan Cove)	\$ 8,357	1,643	0.016	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	2017/18 1 1	2012/13 23 23	-	-	2011/12 50 100	-	2011/12 18 20	2010/11 5 5	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 146	2008/09 7 7	2025/26 10 15	2010/11 0 14	2026/27 11 17	
SE02	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Low Demand/High Price Scenario	\$ 8,177	1,329	-	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 23 23	-	2011/12 13 13	-	-	-	-	(77) (77)	2 37	7 7	-	-	-	
SE09	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Negative Long Term Load Growth (Last 12 Years)	\$ 7,829	1,427	0.016	Begin Year 2011/12 Begin BBTu 1 Max BBTu 2	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 24 24	-	2011/12 44 44	-	-	-	2010/11 0.2 0.2	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 94	2008/09 7 7	-	2010/11 0 0	-	
SE01	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	High Demand/Low Price Scenario	\$ 7,643	1,872	0.053	Begin Year 2013/14 Begin BBTu 0.3 Max BBTu 5	2027/28 12 12	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 21 21	2026/27 2 5	2011/12 52 200	-	-	-	2010/11 16.5 16.5	2011/12 (77) (77)	2008/09 10 289	2008/09 7 7	2018/19 6 30	2009/10 4 30	2019/20 30 30	
SE08	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Negative Short Term Load Growth (First 5 Years)	\$ 7,442	1,384	-	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 26 26	-	2011/12 6 30	-	-	-	-	(77) (77)	2 24	7 7	1 2	3 21	-	
SE07	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Negative Load Growth (-1% Decrease per Year)	\$ 6,742	1,210	-	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	2017/18 12 12	-	-	2011/12 6 6	-	-	-	-	(77) (77)	2 24	7 7	-	-	-	
SE04	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Low Demand/Low Price Scenario	\$ 5,693	1,329	-	Begin Year Begin BBTu Max BBTu	-	2017/18 12 12	2012/13 26 29	-	2011/12 13 13	-	-	-	-	(77) (77)	2 37	7 7	-	-	-	

Notes:

SC=Scenario (Resource Mix)

SE=Sensitivity (no change to resource mix; modifications of commodity availability, commodity cost, transportation cost, and/or load forecast inputs)

Incremental Opal to Stanfield and Malin to Stanfield - not selected in all scenarios.

Scenarios - Ranked by NPV 20-year System Cost (High to Low)

Scenario / Sensitivity (RMix/Weather)		Notes:	MDTH																				
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028	
B	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Baseline Incremental Resources	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC01	Current Resources - 85% Probability Weather	Current Portfolio	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Net Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	28	45	57	70	170	299	427	573	739	941	1,182	1,451	1,720	2,206	3,024	4,011	4,650	5,323	6,073	6,993
SC02	IRP RMix 2 - 85% Probability Weather	Northern LNG (Bradwood Landing + Palomar West)	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC03	IRP RMix 3 - 85% Probability Weather	Southern LNG (Jordan Cove + Pacific Connector)	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC04	IRP RMix 2&3 - 85% Probability Weather	Two LNG Projects (Both Bradwood & Jordan Cove)	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC05	IRP RMix 4 - 85% Probability Weather	No Palomar, No CD Turnback	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC06	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	No GP Recall	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SC07	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Delayed Satellite LNG	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand DSM	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
			Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	



Scenarios - Ranked by NPV 20-year System Cost (High to Low)

Scenario / Sensitivity (RMix/Weather)		Notes:	MDTH																				
			2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028	
SE07	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Negative Load Growth (-1% Decrease per Year)	Annual Demand	71,985	71,153	70,064	69,293	67,985	67,017	66,067	65,430	64,381	63,556	62,796	62,311	61,349	60,581	59,794	59,301	58,239	57,394	56,606	56,090
			DSM	(232)	(427)	(682)	(971)	(1,297)	(1,655)	(2,047)	(2,434)	(2,830)	(3,213)	(3,583)	(3,915)	(4,238)	(4,440)	(4,562)	(4,677)	(4,790)	(4,897)	(4,995)	(5,087)
			Net Annual Demand	71,753	70,726	69,382	68,323	66,688	65,362	64,020	62,995	61,551	60,343	59,213	58,396	57,111	56,141	55,232	54,624	53,449	52,496	51,610	51,004
			Peak Day Demand	903	891	874	858	844	830	816	802	792	780	769	759	750	739	728	717	706	694	683	673
			DSM	(2)	(3)	(5)	(7)	(10)	(13)	(16)	(18)	(22)	(25)	(28)	(29)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(34)	(34)	(37)	(37)	(38)
Net Peak Day Demand	901	887	869	851	833	816	800	784	770	755	741	730	717	705	693	683	670	657	645	636			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SE08	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Negative Short Term Load Growth (First 5 Years)	Annual Demand	71,985	71,153	70,064	69,293	67,985	67,517	67,544	68,375	69,269	70,379	71,545	73,019	73,920	75,033	76,103	77,540	78,210	79,139	80,123	81,481
			DSM	(232)	(427)	(682)	(971)	(1,297)	(1,673)	(2,112)	(2,584)	(3,108)	(3,635)	(4,162)	(4,662)	(5,165)	(5,544)	(5,845)	(6,143)	(6,446)	(6,747)	(7,043)	(7,335)
			Net Annual Demand	71,753	70,726	69,382	68,323	66,688	65,844	65,433	65,791	66,161	66,744	67,383	68,357	68,755	69,488	70,258	71,397	71,764	72,392	73,080	74,146
			Peak Day Demand	903	891	874	858	844	836	835	840	854	867	881	895	909	922	935	947	958	968	979	990
			DSM	(2)	(3)	(5)	(7)	(10)	(13)	(17)	(19)	(24)	(28)	(32)	(34)	(40)	(42)	(44)	(44)	(48)	(51)	(53)	(52)
Net Peak Day Demand	901	887	869	851	833	823	818	820	830	839	849	860	870	880	890	903	910	918	926	937			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SE09	IRP RMix1 - 85% Probability Weather	Negative Long Term Load Growth (Last 12 Years)	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	79,753	79,891	79,767	78,487	77,478	76,549	75,956	74,780	73,842	72,880	72,278	70,981	69,947	68,984	68,354
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,202)	(2,713)	(3,193)	(3,650)	(4,089)	(4,507)	(4,881)	(5,243)	(5,469)	(5,609)	(5,740)	(5,869)	(5,989)	(6,100)	(6,202)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	77,551	77,178	76,574	74,836	73,989	72,042	71,075	69,537	68,373	67,271	66,538	65,112	63,958	62,884	62,153
			Peak Day Demand	928	944	957	971	986	993	993	985	972	958	945	932	920	907	893	880	867	852	838	825
			DSM	(2)	(4)	(7)	(9)	(13)	(17)	(21)	(24)	(28)	(31)	(35)	(36)	(40)	(42)	(42)	(42)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(44)
Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	976	972	962	944	926	910	896	880	865	851	839	822	807	793	781			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SE10	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Limited Canadian Supply 1	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			DSM	(2)	(4)	(7)	(9)	(13)	(17)	(22)	(25)	(31)	(35)	(40)	(42)	(49)	(52)	(55)	(54)	(54)	(59)	(62)	(64)
Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SE12	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Limited North American Supply (+20% in Commodity Price)	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(269)	(531)	(876)	(1,277)	(1,742)	(2,263)	(2,847)	(3,446)	(4,071)	(4,697)	(5,320)	(5,910)	(6,505)	(6,958)	(7,341)	(7,700)	(8,065)	(8,429)	(8,785)	(9,136)
			Net Annual Demand	73,635	74,754	75,600	76,766	77,265	78,076	78,825	79,928	80,459	81,252	82,116	83,389	83,957	84,925	85,912	87,372	87,884	88,715	89,620	90,991
			Peak Day Demand	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			DSM	(2)	(4)	(7)	(9)	(13)	(17)	(22)	(25)	(31)	(36)	(40)	(43)	(49)	(52)	(55)	(55)	(55)	(60)	(62)	(65)
Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	972	984	995	1,006	1,019	1,031	1,044	1,059	1,072	1,085	1,098	1,114	1,124	1,134	1,145	1,159			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SE13	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	Unconstrained Mist Recall	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			DSM	(2)	(4)	(7)	(9)	(13)	(17)	(22)	(25)	(31)	(35)	(40)	(42)	(49)	(52)	(55)	(54)	(54)	(59)	(62)	(64)
Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SE14	IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather	GTN Decontracting	Annual Demand	73,904	75,284	76,476	78,043	79,007	80,340	81,672	83,374	84,530	85,949	87,436	89,300	90,462	91,883	93,252	95,072	95,949	97,144	98,405	100,128
			DSM	(264)	(524)	(864)	(1,259)	(1,716)	(2,229)	(2,803)	(3,392)	(4,007)	(4,622)	(5,235)	(5,815)	(6,398)	(6,843)	(7,204)	(7,562)	(7,926)	(8,287)	(8,643)	(8,992)
			Net Annual Demand	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
			Peak Day Demand	928	944	957	971	986	1,001	1,016	1,031	1,050	1,067	1,084	1,102	1,121	1,137	1,153	1,169	1,184	1,196	1,210	1,224
			DSM	(2)	(4)	(7)	(9)	(13)	(17)	(22)	(25)	(31)	(35)	(40)	(42)	(49)	(51)	(54)	(54)	(59)	(62)	(64)	
Net Peak Day Demand	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160			
Annual Unserved Peak Day Unserved			16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Notes:

SC=Scenario (Resource Mix)

SE=Sensitivity (no change to resource mix; modifications of commodity availability, commodity cost, transportation cost, and/or load forecast inputs)

**Base Case: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Baseline Incremental Resources**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,601	\$ 449,392	\$ 473,978	\$ 492,847	\$ 516,556	\$ 538,664	\$ 564,843	\$ 567,991	\$ 571,565	\$ 580,821	\$ 587,075	\$ 583,283	\$ 579,229	\$ 604,215	\$ 619,328	\$ 644,305	\$ 692,176	\$ 743,054	\$ 787,648
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,661</b>	<b>\$ 449,451</b>	<b>\$ 474,037</b>	<b>\$ 492,906</b>	<b>\$ 516,616</b>	<b>\$ 538,723</b>	<b>\$ 564,902</b>	<b>\$ 568,050</b>	<b>\$ 571,565</b>	<b>\$ 580,880</b>	<b>\$ 587,134</b>	<b>\$ 583,342</b>	<b>\$ 579,288</b>	<b>\$ 604,275</b>	<b>\$ 619,388</b>	<b>\$ 644,364</b>	<b>\$ 692,236</b>	<b>\$ 743,113</b>	<b>\$ 787,708</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,432	\$ 80,043	\$ 80,237	\$ 81,110	\$ 81,935	\$ 81,944	\$ 83,331	\$ 83,609	\$ 83,820	\$ 84,661	\$ 85,317	\$ 85,347	\$ 86,387	\$ 87,424	\$ 88,174	\$ 88,954	\$ 90,670	\$ 92,044
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,710	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,245	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,197	\$ 2,221	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,306	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,349	\$ 2,357	\$ 2,375	\$ 2,404
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,142</b>	<b>\$ 82,268</b>	<b>\$ 82,482</b>	<b>\$ 83,349</b>	<b>\$ 84,132</b>	<b>\$ 84,165</b>	<b>\$ 85,607</b>	<b>\$ 85,915</b>	<b>\$ 86,138</b>	<b>\$ 86,993</b>	<b>\$ 87,640</b>	<b>\$ 87,687</b>	<b>\$ 88,727</b>	<b>\$ 89,775</b>	<b>\$ 90,523</b>	<b>\$ 91,312</b>	<b>\$ 93,044</b>	<b>\$ 94,448</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,184	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,420	\$ 26,743	\$ 26,817	\$ 27,186	\$ 27,541	\$ 27,820	\$ 28,460	\$ 28,843	\$ 28,965	\$ 29,150	\$ 29,533	\$ 29,749	\$ 29,749	\$ 30,131
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,943	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,408	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,636	\$ 2,691	\$ 2,550	\$ 2,654	\$ 2,642	\$ 2,662	\$ 2,704	\$ 2,766	\$ 2,797	\$ 2,848	\$ 2,950	\$ 3,099	\$ 3,233	\$ 3,189
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,981</b>	<b>\$ 25,736</b>	<b>\$ 27,126</b>	<b>\$ 28,380</b>	<b>\$ 28,434</b>	<b>\$ 28,451</b>	<b>\$ 29,056</b>	<b>\$ 29,434</b>	<b>\$ 29,367</b>	<b>\$ 29,840</b>	<b>\$ 30,183</b>	<b>\$ 30,482</b>	<b>\$ 31,164</b>	<b>\$ 31,609</b>	<b>\$ 31,761</b>	<b>\$ 31,998</b>	<b>\$ 32,483</b>	<b>\$ 32,848</b>	<b>\$ 32,932</b>	<b>\$ 33,320</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,466</b>	<b>\$ 542,441</b>	<b>\$ 574,160</b>	<b>\$ 596,860</b>	<b>\$ 617,805</b>	<b>\$ 644,145</b>	<b>\$ 669,492</b>	<b>\$ 696,480</b>	<b>\$ 701,131</b>	<b>\$ 705,479</b>	<b>\$ 715,366</b>	<b>\$ 722,794</b>	<b>\$ 720,333</b>	<b>\$ 704,606</b>	<b>\$ 730,715</b>	<b>\$ 747,140</b>	<b>\$ 773,353</b>	<b>\$ 822,415</b>	<b>\$ 875,140</b>	<b>\$ 921,488</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	97	97	97	97	116	117	118	133	137	145	168	168	168	168	168	168	168
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	1.8	3	4	5	6	7	11	16	24	24	30
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	9
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	41	41	47	52	52	52	52	53	59	63	63	69	76	81	84	89	94
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,612	2,648	2,671	3,006	3,101	3,287	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	21	34	49	72	72	90
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15	26
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,614</b>	<b>2,650</b>	<b>2,676</b>	<b>3,014</b>	<b>3,113</b>	<b>3,301</b>	<b>3,811</b>	<b>3,815</b>	<b>3,828</b>	<b>3,843</b>	<b>3,881</b>	<b>3,881</b>	<b>3,910</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3	5.3	6	7
WVF Main	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

<b>NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate</b>	5.16%
\$	8,736,267

**Base Case: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Baseline Incremental Resources**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,576				

**Scenario 1: Current Resource Portfolio - 85% Probability Weather**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,876	75,240	76,418	77,973	78,837	80,041	81,245	82,802	83,791	85,007	86,254	87,849	88,742	89,677	90,229	91,061	91,300	91,821	92,333	93,134
Annual Demand Unserved	28	45	57	70	170	299	427	573	739	941	1,182	1,451	1,720	2,206	3,024	4,011	4,650	5,323	6,073	6,993
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,904</b>	<b>75,284</b>	<b>76,476</b>	<b>78,043</b>	<b>79,007</b>	<b>80,340</b>	<b>81,672</b>	<b>83,374</b>	<b>84,530</b>	<b>85,949</b>	<b>87,436</b>	<b>89,300</b>	<b>90,462</b>	<b>91,883</b>	<b>93,252</b>	<b>95,072</b>	<b>95,949</b>	<b>97,144</b>	<b>98,405</b>	<b>100,128</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	899	900	900	900	900	901	901	901	879	856	832	809	777	724	724	735	719	698	688	700
Peak Day Demand Unserved	28	45	57	70	85	100	115	130	171	211	252	293	344	413	429	434	464	498	522	524
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>944</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>1,001</b>	<b>1,016</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,050</b>	<b>1,067</b>	<b>1,084</b>	<b>1,102</b>	<b>1,121</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>1,153</b>	<b>1,169</b>	<b>1,184</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>1,210</b>	<b>1,224</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 433,970	\$ 423,661	\$ 449,594	\$ 486,629	\$ 509,353	\$ 536,734	\$ 566,082	\$ 608,619	\$ 621,232	\$ 624,820	\$ 641,769	\$ 647,467	\$ 644,364	\$ 640,519	\$ 664,835	\$ 673,645	\$ 698,653	\$ 746,836	\$ 796,697	\$ 838,641
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 434,040</b>	<b>\$ 423,731</b>	<b>\$ 449,665</b>	<b>\$ 486,700</b>	<b>\$ 509,423</b>	<b>\$ 536,804</b>	<b>\$ 566,152</b>	<b>\$ 608,689</b>	<b>\$ 621,302</b>	<b>\$ 624,890</b>	<b>\$ 641,839</b>	<b>\$ 647,537</b>	<b>\$ 644,434</b>	<b>\$ 640,589</b>	<b>\$ 664,906</b>	<b>\$ 673,715</b>	<b>\$ 698,723</b>	<b>\$ 746,907</b>	<b>\$ 796,767</b>	<b>\$ 838,711</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,559	\$ 2,680	\$ 2,718	\$ 2,778	\$ 2,821	\$ 2,877	\$ 2,906	\$ 2,949	\$ 2,989	\$ 3,038	\$ 3,081	\$ 3,157	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,242	\$ 3,266	\$ 3,304	\$ 3,303	\$ 3,318	\$ 3,337	\$ 3,335
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,426</b>	<b>\$ 86,547</b>	<b>\$ 86,585</b>	<b>\$ 86,645</b>	<b>\$ 86,688</b>	<b>\$ 86,744</b>	<b>\$ 86,773</b>	<b>\$ 86,816</b>	<b>\$ 86,856</b>	<b>\$ 86,905</b>	<b>\$ 86,948</b>	<b>\$ 87,024</b>	<b>\$ 87,069</b>	<b>\$ 87,109</b>	<b>\$ 87,133</b>	<b>\$ 87,171</b>	<b>\$ 87,170</b>	<b>\$ 87,185</b>	<b>\$ 87,204</b>	<b>\$ 87,202</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479	\$ 22,479
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,656	\$ 1,687	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,869	\$ 1,927	\$ 1,991	\$ 2,033	\$ 2,077	\$ 2,030	\$ 2,011	\$ 1,957	\$ 1,917	\$ 1,815	\$ 1,798	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,865	\$ 2,019	\$ 2,104	\$ 2,191	\$ 2,181
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,135</b>	<b>\$ 24,166</b>	<b>\$ 24,281</b>	<b>\$ 24,348</b>	<b>\$ 24,406</b>	<b>\$ 24,469</b>	<b>\$ 24,512</b>	<b>\$ 24,555</b>	<b>\$ 24,508</b>	<b>\$ 24,490</b>	<b>\$ 24,436</b>	<b>\$ 24,396</b>	<b>\$ 24,294</b>	<b>\$ 24,277</b>	<b>\$ 24,281</b>	<b>\$ 24,344</b>	<b>\$ 24,498</b>	<b>\$ 24,583</b>	<b>\$ 24,670</b>	<b>\$ 24,660</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 544,601</b>	<b>\$ 534,445</b>	<b>\$ 560,531</b>	<b>\$ 597,692</b>	<b>\$ 620,516</b>	<b>\$ 648,018</b>	<b>\$ 677,437</b>	<b>\$ 720,060</b>	<b>\$ 732,667</b>	<b>\$ 736,285</b>	<b>\$ 753,223</b>	<b>\$ 758,957</b>	<b>\$ 755,797</b>	<b>\$ 751,975</b>	<b>\$ 776,320</b>	<b>\$ 785,230</b>	<b>\$ 810,391</b>	<b>\$ 858,674</b>	<b>\$ 908,641</b>	<b>\$ 950,574</b>

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
5.16%  
\$ 8,959,403

**Scenario 1: Current Resource Portfolio - 85% Probability Weather**

Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,047	4,122	4,187	4,270	4,322	4,392	4,457	4,547	4,605	4,680	4,757	4,857	4,919	4,981	5,052	5,068	5,088	5,148	5,214	5,301
Astoria	1,259	1,279	1,294	1,317	1,328	1,346	1,365	1,390	1,404	1,423	1,437	1,464	1,477	1,487	1,496	1,512	1,514	1,507	1,504	1,507
Dalles	794	815	834	856	872	892	912	936	949	972	989	1,015	1,029	1,039	1,036	1,052	1,046	1,050	1,047	1,041
Eugene	4,994	5,107	5,211	5,339	5,419	5,528	5,635	5,761	5,856	5,958	6,075	6,211	6,296	6,397	6,465	6,398	6,443	6,523	6,617	6,707
Newport LC	980	1,003	1,023	1,048	1,061	1,079	1,095	1,105	1,114	1,124	1,135	1,128	1,139	1,151	1,148	1,149	1,158	1,165	1,174	1,189
Portland	44,618	45,274	45,813	46,579	46,990	47,619	48,251	49,105	49,622	50,264	50,944	51,843	52,336	52,802	52,938	53,376	53,488	53,651	53,836	54,204
Salem	9,737	9,924	10,087	10,304	10,357	10,428	10,500	10,617	10,649	10,723	10,777	10,874	10,868	10,923	11,001	11,116	11,138	11,209	11,259	11,345
Vancouver	7,446	7,717	7,970	8,259	8,488	8,757	9,030	9,341	9,592	9,863	10,139	10,458	10,678	10,898	11,093	11,390	11,426	11,567	11,682	11,840
<b>Total</b>	<b>73,876</b>	<b>75,240</b>	<b>76,418</b>	<b>77,973</b>	<b>78,837</b>	<b>80,041</b>	<b>81,245</b>	<b>82,802</b>	<b>83,791</b>	<b>85,007</b>	<b>86,254</b>	<b>87,849</b>	<b>88,742</b>	<b>89,677</b>	<b>90,229</b>	<b>91,061</b>	<b>91,300</b>	<b>91,821</b>	<b>92,333</b>	<b>93,134</b>
Unserved Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	2.2	3	3	4	5	8	15	16	21	23	26	26	27	40	42	122	148	151	151	153
Astoria	0.3	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	9	9	10	19	28	38	46	68	88	109
Dalles	0.4	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	6	4	8	8	12	21	44	53	73	86	107	135
Eugene	4.2	7	8	9	13	14	17	26	26	37	37	46	54	66	106	312	341	357	363	405
Newport LC	-	-	-	-	4	8	14	30	40	52	63	97	104	114	137	162	167	178	188	197
Portland	14.0	22	28	31	35	38	41	44	67	121	181	245	308	551	1,095	1,601	1,889	2,311	2,753	3,280
Salem	3.8	8	9	10	87	198	307	423	544	661	807	962	1,120	1,254	1,358	1,487	1,578	1,664	1,780	1,925
Vancouver	3.3	4	8	14	23	30	31	33	40	50	58	85	140	213	235	406	508	642	788	888
<b>Total</b>	<b>28.2</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>1,451</b>	<b>1,720</b>	<b>2,206</b>	<b>3,024</b>	<b>4,011</b>	<b>4,650</b>	<b>5,323</b>	<b>6,073</b>	<b>6,993</b>

**Scenario 2: IRP Rmix 2 - 85% Probability Weather - Northern LNG (Bradwood Landing + Palomar West)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,620	\$ 420,570	\$ 446,482	\$ 456,116	\$ 470,343	\$ 492,204	\$ 511,726	\$ 532,662	\$ 534,060	\$ 532,334	\$ 543,352	\$ 548,578	\$ 544,143	\$ 543,214	\$ 568,632	\$ 581,605	\$ 607,199	\$ 652,293	\$ 701,732	\$ 745,832
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,681</b>	<b>\$ 420,630</b>	<b>\$ 446,541</b>	<b>\$ 456,175</b>	<b>\$ 470,402</b>	<b>\$ 492,264</b>	<b>\$ 511,785</b>	<b>\$ 532,722</b>	<b>\$ 534,119</b>	<b>\$ 532,393</b>	<b>\$ 543,411</b>	<b>\$ 548,638</b>	<b>\$ 544,202</b>	<b>\$ 543,273</b>	<b>\$ 568,691</b>	<b>\$ 581,664</b>	<b>\$ 607,258</b>	<b>\$ 652,352</b>	<b>\$ 701,791</b>	<b>\$ 745,891</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,451	\$ 77,789	\$ 78,316	\$ 78,689	\$ 79,062	\$ 79,801	\$ 81,236	\$ 82,107	\$ 82,473	\$ 82,473	\$ 82,526	\$ 83,451	\$ 84,331	\$ 85,175	\$ 85,689	\$ 86,233	\$ 87,151	\$ 87,919
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,692	\$ 2,700	\$ 1,952	\$ 1,919	\$ 1,904	\$ 1,807	\$ 1,713	\$ 1,626	\$ 1,641	\$ 1,664	\$ 1,668	\$ 1,680	\$ 1,680	\$ 1,693	\$ 1,701	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,699	\$ 1,667
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,143</b>	<b>\$ 79,790</b>	<b>\$ 80,268</b>	<b>\$ 80,608</b>	<b>\$ 80,966</b>	<b>\$ 81,607</b>	<b>\$ 82,949</b>	<b>\$ 83,733</b>	<b>\$ 84,072</b>	<b>\$ 84,113</b>	<b>\$ 84,190</b>	<b>\$ 85,120</b>	<b>\$ 86,011</b>	<b>\$ 86,868</b>	<b>\$ 87,390</b>	<b>\$ 87,937</b>	<b>\$ 88,550</b>	<b>\$ 89,586</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 24,931	\$ 25,525	\$ 25,525	\$ 25,525	\$ 26,063	\$ 26,454	\$ 26,483	\$ 26,521	\$ 26,563	\$ 26,603	\$ 26,641	\$ 26,697	\$ 26,827	\$ 26,960	\$ 27,067	\$ 27,112	\$ 27,112	\$ 27,264
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,558	\$ 1,775	\$ 2,276	\$ 2,258	\$ 2,286	\$ 2,385	\$ 2,416	\$ 2,255	\$ 2,265	\$ 2,232	\$ 2,241	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,262	\$ 2,295	\$ 2,349	\$ 2,440	\$ 2,608	\$ 2,720	\$ 2,713
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,981</b>	<b>\$ 25,733</b>	<b>\$ 26,706</b>	<b>\$ 27,801</b>	<b>\$ 27,783</b>	<b>\$ 27,810</b>	<b>\$ 28,448</b>	<b>\$ 28,871</b>	<b>\$ 28,738</b>	<b>\$ 28,786</b>	<b>\$ 28,795</b>	<b>\$ 28,844</b>	<b>\$ 28,866</b>	<b>\$ 28,960</b>	<b>\$ 29,122</b>	<b>\$ 29,310</b>	<b>\$ 29,507</b>	<b>\$ 29,720</b>	<b>\$ 29,832</b>	<b>\$ 29,977</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,503</b>	<b>\$ 542,407</b>	<b>\$ 570,832</b>	<b>\$ 575,941</b>	<b>\$ 592,436</b>	<b>\$ 616,412</b>	<b>\$ 638,780</b>	<b>\$ 661,178</b>	<b>\$ 663,911</b>	<b>\$ 663,071</b>	<b>\$ 674,443</b>	<b>\$ 679,779</b>	<b>\$ 675,445</b>	<b>\$ 663,374</b>	<b>\$ 689,777</b>	<b>\$ 703,821</b>	<b>\$ 730,139</b>	<b>\$ 776,028</b>	<b>\$ 826,474</b>	<b>\$ 871,466</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	83	83	83	83	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	1.8	3	4	5	6	8	11	14	14	14	15
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	3	3	6
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	18	29	41	48	55	67	77
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	50	55	60	65	75	85	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	1,882	1,882	1,882	1,882	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	23	34	42	43	43	44
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	8	8	19
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,883</b>	<b>1,883</b>	<b>1,883</b>	<b>1,883</b>	<b>2,455</b>	<b>2,456</b>	<b>2,459</b>	<b>2,462</b>	<b>2,465</b>	<b>2,468</b>	<b>2,471</b>	<b>2,476</b>	<b>2,489</b>	<b>2,497</b>	<b>2,505</b>	<b>2,505</b>	<b>2,516</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	1.6	5	5
WVF Main	-	-	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,359,572

**Scenario 2: IRP Rmix 2 - 85% Probability Weather - Northern LNG (Bradwood Landing + Palomar West)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,474	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379					

**Scenario 3: IRP Rmix 3 - 85% Probability Weather - Southern LNG (Jordan Cove + Pacific Connector)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,633	\$ 420,554	\$ 447,378	\$ 471,485	\$ 491,206	\$ 514,788	\$ 535,478	\$ 563,815	\$ 567,906	\$ 568,965	\$ 580,606	\$ 585,365	\$ 579,056	\$ 579,110	\$ 603,421	\$ 617,053	\$ 642,512	\$ 689,890	\$ 740,606	\$ 785,468
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,694</b>	<b>\$ 420,613</b>	<b>\$ 447,438</b>	<b>\$ 471,544</b>	<b>\$ 491,266</b>	<b>\$ 514,847</b>	<b>\$ 535,538</b>	<b>\$ 563,874</b>	<b>\$ 567,965</b>	<b>\$ 569,024</b>	<b>\$ 580,666</b>	<b>\$ 585,424</b>	<b>\$ 579,115</b>	<b>\$ 579,169</b>	<b>\$ 603,480</b>	<b>\$ 617,112</b>	<b>\$ 642,572</b>	<b>\$ 689,949</b>	<b>\$ 740,666</b>	<b>\$ 785,527</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,412	\$ 79,222	\$ 79,377	\$ 79,964	\$ 80,695	\$ 80,970	\$ 82,353	\$ 82,630	\$ 82,639	\$ 83,121	\$ 83,706	\$ 84,278	\$ 84,890	\$ 85,535	\$ 86,120	\$ 86,694	\$ 88,656	\$ 89,104
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,698	\$ 2,202	\$ 2,221	\$ 2,173	\$ 2,182	\$ 2,231	\$ 2,182	\$ 2,249	\$ 2,278	\$ 2,285	\$ 2,282	\$ 2,303	\$ 2,325	\$ 2,350	\$ 2,333	\$ 2,346	\$ 2,365	\$ 2,383
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,110</b>	<b>\$ 81,424</b>	<b>\$ 81,598</b>	<b>\$ 82,184</b>	<b>\$ 82,868</b>	<b>\$ 83,152</b>	<b>\$ 84,534</b>	<b>\$ 84,879</b>	<b>\$ 84,917</b>	<b>\$ 85,405</b>	<b>\$ 85,988</b>	<b>\$ 86,581</b>	<b>\$ 87,215</b>	<b>\$ 87,885</b>	<b>\$ 88,453</b>	<b>\$ 89,027</b>	<b>\$ 91,003</b>	<b>\$ 91,487</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,069	\$ 25,799	\$ 25,799	\$ 25,799	\$ 25,995	\$ 26,146	\$ 26,411	\$ 26,870	\$ 27,307	\$ 27,658	\$ 28,004	\$ 28,361	\$ 28,762	\$ 29,071	\$ 29,300	\$ 29,401	\$ 29,401	\$ 29,911
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,776	\$ 2,058	\$ 2,134	\$ 2,147	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,454	\$ 2,316	\$ 2,366	\$ 2,350	\$ 2,412	\$ 2,481	\$ 2,588	\$ 2,676	\$ 2,728	\$ 2,879	\$ 3,004	\$ 3,077	\$ 3,084
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,738</b>	<b>\$ 26,846</b>	<b>\$ 27,856</b>	<b>\$ 27,933</b>	<b>\$ 27,945</b>	<b>\$ 28,346</b>	<b>\$ 28,600</b>	<b>\$ 28,727</b>	<b>\$ 29,236</b>	<b>\$ 29,657</b>	<b>\$ 30,070</b>	<b>\$ 30,485</b>	<b>\$ 30,949</b>	<b>\$ 31,438</b>	<b>\$ 31,799</b>	<b>\$ 32,179</b>	<b>\$ 32,405</b>	<b>\$ 32,478</b>	<b>\$ 32,995</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,517</b>	<b>\$ 542,395</b>	<b>\$ 571,834</b>	<b>\$ 592,999</b>	<b>\$ 614,779</b>	<b>\$ 640,706</b>	<b>\$ 664,332</b>	<b>\$ 693,604</b>	<b>\$ 699,381</b>	<b>\$ 701,298</b>	<b>\$ 713,405</b>	<b>\$ 719,084</b>	<b>\$ 713,775</b>	<b>\$ 702,721</b>	<b>\$ 728,086</b>	<b>\$ 742,775</b>	<b>\$ 769,188</b>	<b>\$ 817,399</b>	<b>\$ 870,147</b>	<b>\$ 916,021</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	91	91	91	91	100	101	113	126	137	145	145	145	145	145	145	145	145
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	15	19	19	19	19	22
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	4	4	4	4	4	4	6
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	11	18	18	26
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	27	27	31	37	39	39	39	39	42	47	51	56	60	65	69	80	82
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>247</b>

<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,052	2,052	2,052	2,052	2,261	2,274	2,545	2,841	3,095	3,287	3,287	3,287	3,287	3,287	3,287	3,287	3,287
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	44	57	58	58	58	65
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	12	12	17
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	34	53	53	79
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,054</b>	<b>2,054</b>	<b>2,054</b>	<b>2,054</b>	<b>2,262</b>	<b>2,275</b>	<b>2,547</b>	<b>2,842</b>	<b>3,097</b>	<b>3,289</b>	<b>3,317</b>	<b>3,342</b>	<b>3,376</b>	<b>3,392</b>	<b>3,410</b>	<b>3,410</b>	<b>3,448</b>

<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0.7	1	2
WVF Main	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,696,686

**Scenario 3: IRP Rmix 3 - 85% Probability Weather - Southern LNG (Jordan Cove + Pacific Connector)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126								



**Scenario 4: IRP Rmix 2&3 - 85% Probability Weather - Two LNG Projects (Both Bradwood & Jordan Cove)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,633	\$ 420,553	\$ 444,745	\$ 454,686	\$ 469,025	\$ 490,970	\$ 517,623	\$ 529,556	\$ 530,987	\$ 530,157	\$ 540,679	\$ 546,218	\$ 541,313	\$ 541,760	\$ 567,754	\$ 581,681	\$ 607,553	\$ 652,621	\$ 702,753	\$ 746,975
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,694</b>	<b>\$ 420,613</b>	<b>\$ 444,804</b>	<b>\$ 454,746</b>	<b>\$ 469,085</b>	<b>\$ 491,030</b>	<b>\$ 517,682</b>	<b>\$ 529,615</b>	<b>\$ 531,047</b>	<b>\$ 530,216</b>	<b>\$ 540,738</b>	<b>\$ 546,277</b>	<b>\$ 541,373</b>	<b>\$ 541,819</b>	<b>\$ 567,813</b>	<b>\$ 581,741</b>	<b>\$ 607,613</b>	<b>\$ 652,681</b>	<b>\$ 702,812</b>	<b>\$ 747,034</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,434	\$ 79,065	\$ 79,584	\$ 79,949	\$ 80,314	\$ 81,045	\$ 81,893	\$ 82,647	\$ 83,012	\$ 83,012	\$ 83,116	\$ 83,116	\$ 83,138	\$ 83,207	\$ 83,207	\$ 83,207	\$ 83,218	\$ 83,233
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,682	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,867	\$ 1,839	\$ 1,870	\$ 1,735	\$ 1,632	\$ 1,540	\$ 1,518	\$ 1,564	\$ 1,597	\$ 1,628	\$ 1,648	\$ 1,705	\$ 1,753	\$ 1,800	\$ 1,854	\$ 1,891
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,116</b>	<b>\$ 80,965</b>	<b>\$ 81,451</b>	<b>\$ 81,788</b>	<b>\$ 82,184</b>	<b>\$ 82,780</b>	<b>\$ 83,524</b>	<b>\$ 84,187</b>	<b>\$ 84,530</b>	<b>\$ 84,576</b>	<b>\$ 84,713</b>	<b>\$ 84,745</b>	<b>\$ 84,786</b>	<b>\$ 84,912</b>	<b>\$ 84,960</b>	<b>\$ 85,007</b>	<b>\$ 85,073</b>	<b>\$ 85,123</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 24,687	\$ 25,040	\$ 25,040	\$ 25,040	\$ 26,658	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 27,802	\$ 28,027	\$ 28,425	\$ 28,858	\$ 29,046	\$ 29,618
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,562	\$ 1,731	\$ 2,161	\$ 2,195	\$ 2,212	\$ 2,497	\$ 2,544	\$ 2,396	\$ 2,357	\$ 2,310	\$ 2,364	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,398	\$ 2,422	\$ 2,494	\$ 2,599	\$ 2,839	\$ 2,937	\$ 2,949
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,737</b>	<b>\$ 26,418</b>	<b>\$ 27,201</b>	<b>\$ 27,235</b>	<b>\$ 27,252</b>	<b>\$ 29,155</b>	<b>\$ 30,346</b>	<b>\$ 30,198</b>	<b>\$ 30,159</b>	<b>\$ 30,112</b>	<b>\$ 30,166</b>	<b>\$ 30,153</b>	<b>\$ 30,200</b>	<b>\$ 30,224</b>	<b>\$ 30,521</b>	<b>\$ 31,024</b>	<b>\$ 31,696</b>	<b>\$ 31,983</b>	<b>\$ 32,567</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,517</b>	<b>\$ 542,393</b>	<b>\$ 568,779</b>	<b>\$ 575,086</b>	<b>\$ 591,753</b>	<b>\$ 615,799</b>	<b>\$ 646,603</b>	<b>\$ 660,719</b>	<b>\$ 662,874</b>	<b>\$ 662,721</b>	<b>\$ 673,546</b>	<b>\$ 679,204</b>	<b>\$ 674,426</b>	<b>\$ 662,786</b>	<b>\$ 688,776</b>	<b>\$ 703,153</b>	<b>\$ 729,581</b>	<b>\$ 775,403</b>	<b>\$ 825,869</b>	<b>\$ 870,736</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	70	70	70	70	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	15
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	10	10	10	14
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	17
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	50	55	60	65	75	85	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	20
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>

<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	1,581	1,581	1,581	1,581	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298	3,298
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30	46
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	30	30	30	41
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	51
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,299</b>	<b>3,328</b>	<b>3,358</b>	<b>3,392</b>	<b>3,435</b>

<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1
WVF Main	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,356,906

**Scenario 4: IRP Rmix 2&3 - 85% Probability Weather - Two LNG Projects (Both Bradwood & Jordan Cove)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,14						

**Scenario 5: IRP Rmix 4 - 85% Probability Weather - No Palomar, No CD Turnback**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,597	\$ 443,302	\$ 474,396	\$ 494,089	\$ 519,451	\$ 539,136	\$ 567,605	\$ 571,942	\$ 572,981	\$ 585,266	\$ 590,143	\$ 584,889	\$ 584,150	\$ 611,550	\$ 622,367	\$ 648,243	\$ 697,093	\$ 747,822	\$ 792,775
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,656</b>	<b>\$ 443,361</b>	<b>\$ 474,455</b>	<b>\$ 494,148</b>	<b>\$ 519,511</b>	<b>\$ 539,195</b>	<b>\$ 567,664</b>	<b>\$ 572,001</b>	<b>\$ 572,981</b>	<b>\$ 585,325</b>	<b>\$ 590,202</b>	<b>\$ 584,948</b>	<b>\$ 584,210</b>	<b>\$ 611,609</b>	<b>\$ 622,426</b>	<b>\$ 648,303</b>	<b>\$ 697,152</b>	<b>\$ 747,881</b>	<b>\$ 792,834</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,459	\$ 84,466	\$ 84,631	\$ 84,639	\$ 84,647	\$ 84,655	\$ 86,043	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,320	\$ 86,804	\$ 88,386	\$ 89,127
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,673	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,726	\$ 2,765	\$ 2,799	\$ 2,837	\$ 2,848	\$ 2,868	\$ 2,907	\$ 2,967	\$ 3,008	\$ 3,055	\$ 3,127	\$ 3,223	\$ 3,272	\$ 3,306	\$ 3,388	\$ 3,464
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,131</b>	<b>\$ 87,175</b>	<b>\$ 87,357</b>	<b>\$ 87,405</b>	<b>\$ 87,446</b>	<b>\$ 87,492</b>	<b>\$ 88,891</b>	<b>\$ 89,188</b>	<b>\$ 89,228</b>	<b>\$ 89,288</b>	<b>\$ 89,328</b>	<b>\$ 89,376</b>	<b>\$ 89,447</b>	<b>\$ 89,544</b>	<b>\$ 89,592</b>	<b>\$ 90,110</b>	<b>\$ 91,774</b>	<b>\$ 92,591</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 24,520	\$ 24,708	\$ 24,708	\$ 24,905	\$ 25,290	\$ 25,483	\$ 25,754	\$ 26,218	\$ 26,736	\$ 27,236	\$ 27,724	\$ 28,216	\$ 28,775	\$ 29,690	\$ 30,523	\$ 30,937	\$ 31,049	\$ 32,002
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,560	\$ 1,722	\$ 1,800	\$ 1,872	\$ 1,953	\$ 2,072	\$ 2,125	\$ 2,089	\$ 2,170	\$ 2,179	\$ 2,220	\$ 2,195	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,580	\$ 2,698	\$ 2,777	\$ 3,018	\$ 3,147	\$ 3,111
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,735</b>	<b>\$ 26,242</b>	<b>\$ 26,508</b>	<b>\$ 26,579</b>	<b>\$ 26,859</b>	<b>\$ 27,362</b>	<b>\$ 27,608</b>	<b>\$ 27,843</b>	<b>\$ 28,387</b>	<b>\$ 28,914</b>	<b>\$ 29,456</b>	<b>\$ 29,919</b>	<b>\$ 30,524</b>	<b>\$ 31,355</b>	<b>\$ 32,387</b>	<b>\$ 33,300</b>	<b>\$ 33,955</b>	<b>\$ 34,196</b>	<b>\$ 35,113</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,467</b>	<b>\$ 542,435</b>	<b>\$ 567,174</b>	<b>\$ 600,312</b>	<b>\$ 622,067</b>	<b>\$ 649,504</b>	<b>\$ 671,584</b>	<b>\$ 700,742</b>	<b>\$ 706,839</b>	<b>\$ 708,716</b>	<b>\$ 721,632</b>	<b>\$ 727,131</b>	<b>\$ 722,382</b>	<b>\$ 710,131</b>	<b>\$ 738,363</b>	<b>\$ 750,336</b>	<b>\$ 777,178</b>	<b>\$ 827,236</b>	<b>\$ 879,852</b>	<b>\$ 926,551</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	61	61	61	70	82	82	93	105	119	131	144	154	166	166	166	166	166
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	18	18	27
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.8	3	4	5	6	9	13	27	27	27	30
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	18	30
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	7	9
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>281</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	1,374	1,374	1,374	1,584	1,844	1,854	2,104	2,379	2,690	2,959	3,245	3,479	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750	3,750
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	54	54	82
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	26	39	82	82	82	90
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	55	90
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,376</b>	<b>1,376</b>	<b>1,376</b>	<b>1,585</b>	<b>1,846</b>	<b>1,856</b>	<b>2,110</b>	<b>2,387</b>	<b>2,701</b>	<b>2,973</b>	<b>3,263</b>	<b>3,505</b>	<b>3,789</b>	<b>3,874</b>	<b>3,920</b>	<b>3,941</b>	<b>4,012</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,774,155

**Scenario 5: IRP Rmix 4 - 85% Probability Weather - No Palomar, No CD Turnback**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,641	11,752	11,872	12,058	12,508
Vancouver	7,422	7,664	7,885</																	

**Scenario 6: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - No GP Recall**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 436,330	\$ 420,200	\$ 450,173	\$ 473,625	\$ 493,190	\$ 516,998	\$ 539,680	\$ 565,907	\$ 568,533	\$ 573,185	\$ 584,744	\$ 585,966	\$ 583,997	\$ 579,985	\$ 604,683	\$ 619,951	\$ 644,840	\$ 693,101	\$ 744,014	\$ 788,501
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 436,400</b>	<b>\$ 420,270</b>	<b>\$ 450,243</b>	<b>\$ 473,695</b>	<b>\$ 493,260</b>	<b>\$ 517,069</b>	<b>\$ 539,750</b>	<b>\$ 565,978</b>	<b>\$ 568,603</b>	<b>\$ 573,255</b>	<b>\$ 584,814</b>	<b>\$ 586,036</b>	<b>\$ 584,067</b>	<b>\$ 580,055</b>	<b>\$ 604,753</b>	<b>\$ 620,021</b>	<b>\$ 644,911</b>	<b>\$ 693,171</b>	<b>\$ 744,085</b>	<b>\$ 788,571</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 83,867	\$ 83,867	\$ 84,024	\$ 80,643	\$ 80,996	\$ 81,868	\$ 82,689	\$ 82,697	\$ 84,085	\$ 84,363	\$ 84,363	\$ 84,522	\$ 85,553	\$ 85,553	\$ 86,533	\$ 87,679	\$ 88,532	\$ 90,046	\$ 91,758	\$ 93,133
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,578	\$ 2,657	\$ 2,715	\$ 2,157	\$ 2,165	\$ 2,166	\$ 2,145	\$ 2,256	\$ 2,221	\$ 2,256	\$ 2,273	\$ 2,297	\$ 2,280	\$ 2,295	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,297	\$ 2,280	\$ 2,276	\$ 2,294	\$ 2,310
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,445</b>	<b>\$ 86,524</b>	<b>\$ 86,740</b>	<b>\$ 82,799</b>	<b>\$ 83,160</b>	<b>\$ 84,034</b>	<b>\$ 84,833</b>	<b>\$ 84,954</b>	<b>\$ 86,306</b>	<b>\$ 86,619</b>	<b>\$ 86,636</b>	<b>\$ 86,819</b>	<b>\$ 87,833</b>	<b>\$ 87,848</b>	<b>\$ 88,820</b>	<b>\$ 89,976</b>	<b>\$ 90,811</b>	<b>\$ 92,322</b>	<b>\$ 94,052</b>	<b>\$ 95,443</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,063	\$ 25,786	\$ 25,786	\$ 25,786	\$ 26,181	\$ 26,504	\$ 26,557	\$ 27,034	\$ 27,797	\$ 28,128	\$ 28,658	\$ 29,070	\$ 29,131	\$ 29,330	\$ 29,469	\$ 29,476	\$ 29,476	\$ 29,858
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,668	\$ 1,592	\$ 2,026	\$ 2,370	\$ 2,419	\$ 2,412	\$ 2,571	\$ 2,632	\$ 2,536	\$ 2,615	\$ 2,672	\$ 2,696	\$ 2,723	\$ 2,793	\$ 2,822	\$ 2,874	\$ 2,964	\$ 3,111	\$ 3,249	\$ 3,197
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 25,167</b>	<b>\$ 25,767</b>	<b>\$ 27,089</b>	<b>\$ 28,157</b>	<b>\$ 28,206</b>	<b>\$ 28,198</b>	<b>\$ 28,752</b>	<b>\$ 29,137</b>	<b>\$ 29,093</b>	<b>\$ 29,648</b>	<b>\$ 30,469</b>	<b>\$ 30,825</b>	<b>\$ 31,382</b>	<b>\$ 31,863</b>	<b>\$ 31,952</b>	<b>\$ 32,204</b>	<b>\$ 32,433</b>	<b>\$ 32,587</b>	<b>\$ 32,725</b>	<b>\$ 33,056</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 556,004</b>	<b>\$ 541,583</b>	<b>\$ 574,513</b>	<b>\$ 596,826</b>	<b>\$ 618,609</b>	<b>\$ 645,031</b>	<b>\$ 670,917</b>	<b>\$ 697,958</b>	<b>\$ 702,107</b>	<b>\$ 707,681</b>	<b>\$ 720,084</b>	<b>\$ 721,864</b>	<b>\$ 721,469</b>	<b>\$ 705,788</b>	<b>\$ 731,477</b>	<b>\$ 748,180</b>	<b>\$ 774,139</b>	<b>\$ 824,099</b>	<b>\$ 876,863</b>	<b>\$ 923,082</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	90	90	90	90	109	111	111	131	150	150	174	175	175	175	175	175	175
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.8	3	4	5	6	7	8	16	16	16	25
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	47	49	54	60	60	60	60	60	61	67	67	74	81	85	90	96	100
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>236</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,045	2,045	2,045	2,045	2,464	2,499	2,499	2,965	3,402	3,402	3,924	3,952	3,952	3,952	3,952	3,952	3,952
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	20	23	47	47	47	74
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,046</b>	<b>2,046</b>	<b>2,046</b>	<b>2,046</b>	<b>2,465</b>	<b>2,502</b>	<b>2,505</b>	<b>2,973</b>	<b>3,413</b>	<b>3,416</b>	<b>3,941</b>	<b>3,972</b>	<b>3,975</b>	<b>3,999</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>4,029</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	5.4	7	7
WVF Main	-	-	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 \$ 8,748,568

\* Note: Existing GP Citygate Supply is available throughout run horizon

**Scenario 6: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - No GP Recall**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,576	11,641	11,752		

**Scenario 7: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Delayed Satellite LNG**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,611	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	950	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,598	\$ 449,391	\$ 474,027	\$ 492,846	\$ 516,554	\$ 538,633	\$ 564,821	\$ 567,994	\$ 571,486	\$ 580,824	\$ 587,072	\$ 583,285	\$ 579,229	\$ 604,215	\$ 619,328	\$ 644,305	\$ 692,176	\$ 743,054	\$ 787,648
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,657</b>	<b>\$ 449,450</b>	<b>\$ 474,086</b>	<b>\$ 492,905</b>	<b>\$ 516,613</b>	<b>\$ 538,693</b>	<b>\$ 564,880</b>	<b>\$ 568,053</b>	<b>\$ 571,545</b>	<b>\$ 580,883</b>	<b>\$ 587,132</b>	<b>\$ 583,344</b>	<b>\$ 579,288</b>	<b>\$ 604,275</b>	<b>\$ 619,388</b>	<b>\$ 644,364</b>	<b>\$ 692,236</b>	<b>\$ 743,113</b>	<b>\$ 787,708</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,433	\$ 80,054	\$ 80,236	\$ 81,109	\$ 81,935	\$ 81,943	\$ 83,327	\$ 83,605	\$ 83,821	\$ 84,661	\$ 85,317	\$ 85,347	\$ 86,386	\$ 87,424	\$ 88,173	\$ 88,954	\$ 90,669	\$ 92,044
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,655	\$ 2,709	\$ 2,224	\$ 2,244	\$ 2,196	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,196	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,306	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,349	\$ 2,357	\$ 2,375	\$ 2,404
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,022</b>	<b>\$ 87,141</b>	<b>\$ 82,278</b>	<b>\$ 82,481</b>	<b>\$ 83,348</b>	<b>\$ 84,131</b>	<b>\$ 84,165</b>	<b>\$ 85,605</b>	<b>\$ 85,911</b>	<b>\$ 86,138</b>	<b>\$ 86,993</b>	<b>\$ 87,641</b>	<b>\$ 87,687</b>	<b>\$ 88,726</b>	<b>\$ 89,775</b>	<b>\$ 90,522</b>	<b>\$ 91,312</b>	<b>\$ 93,044</b>	<b>\$ 94,448</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,165	\$ 25,173	\$ 26,022	\$ 26,022	\$ 26,022	\$ 26,417	\$ 26,744	\$ 26,819	\$ 27,186	\$ 27,541	\$ 27,820	\$ 28,459	\$ 28,843	\$ 28,965	\$ 29,150	\$ 29,533	\$ 29,749	\$ 29,749	\$ 30,131
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,937	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,410	\$ 2,427	\$ 2,636	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,555	\$ 2,657	\$ 2,645	\$ 2,664	\$ 2,706	\$ 2,767	\$ 2,799	\$ 2,850	\$ 2,951	\$ 3,100	\$ 3,235	\$ 3,191
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,981</b>	<b>\$ 25,725</b>	<b>\$ 27,110</b>	<b>\$ 28,377</b>	<b>\$ 28,432</b>	<b>\$ 28,449</b>	<b>\$ 29,054</b>	<b>\$ 29,438</b>	<b>\$ 29,374</b>	<b>\$ 29,843</b>	<b>\$ 30,186</b>	<b>\$ 30,484</b>	<b>\$ 31,165</b>	<b>\$ 31,610</b>	<b>\$ 31,763</b>	<b>\$ 31,999</b>	<b>\$ 32,484</b>	<b>\$ 32,848</b>	<b>\$ 32,983</b>	<b>\$ 33,322</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,466</b>	<b>\$ 542,426</b>	<b>\$ 574,143</b>	<b>\$ 596,916</b>	<b>\$ 617,800</b>	<b>\$ 644,140</b>	<b>\$ 669,458</b>	<b>\$ 696,461</b>	<b>\$ 701,137</b>	<b>\$ 705,459</b>	<b>\$ 715,371</b>	<b>\$ 722,794</b>	<b>\$ 720,337</b>	<b>\$ 704,607</b>	<b>\$ 730,716</b>	<b>\$ 747,141</b>	<b>\$ 773,354</b>	<b>\$ 822,415</b>	<b>\$ 875,142</b>	<b>\$ 921,490</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	97	97	97	97	116	117	118	133	137	145	168	168	168	168	168	168	168
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1.8	3	4	5	6	7	11	12	16	16	18
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	14	14	14	21
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	41	41	47	52	52	52	52	53	59	63	63	69	76	81	84	89	94
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,202	2,202	2,202	2,202	2,621	2,650	2,671	3,005	3,101	3,287	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	8	12	14	17	21	34	36	47	47	54
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	41	41	41	62
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,139</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,621</b>	<b>2,653</b>	<b>2,677</b>	<b>3,014</b>	<b>3,113</b>	<b>3,301</b>	<b>3,811</b>	<b>3,815</b>	<b>3,828</b>	<b>3,843</b>	<b>3,881</b>	<b>3,881</b>	<b>3,910</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	1.3	2	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3	5.3	6	7
WVF Main	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

<b>NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate</b>
\$ 8,736,240

**Scenario 7: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Delayed Satellite LNG**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,576	11,641	11,752		

**Scenario 8: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - No Satellite LNG**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,611	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	950	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,596	\$ 449,358	\$ 474,062	\$ 492,849	\$ 516,558	\$ 538,627	\$ 564,897	\$ 567,964	\$ 571,183	\$ 581,878	\$ 587,075	\$ 582,939	\$ 581,605	\$ 604,008	\$ 621,717	\$ 645,690	\$ 692,214	\$ 742,545	\$ 786,482
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,656</b>	<b>\$ 449,418</b>	<b>\$ 474,122</b>	<b>\$ 492,908</b>	<b>\$ 516,617</b>	<b>\$ 538,686</b>	<b>\$ 564,956</b>	<b>\$ 568,023</b>	<b>\$ 571,242</b>	<b>\$ 581,878</b>	<b>\$ 587,134</b>	<b>\$ 582,999</b>	<b>\$ 581,664</b>	<b>\$ 604,068</b>	<b>\$ 621,776</b>	<b>\$ 645,749</b>	<b>\$ 692,274</b>	<b>\$ 742,604</b>	<b>\$ 786,541</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,445	\$ 80,067	\$ 80,243	\$ 81,116	\$ 81,941	\$ 81,949	\$ 83,518	\$ 83,987	\$ 84,525	\$ 85,317	\$ 86,175	\$ 86,491	\$ 87,093	\$ 88,555	\$ 88,917	\$ 89,482	\$ 90,706	\$ 92,887
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,655	\$ 2,709	\$ 2,245	\$ 2,245	\$ 2,196	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,196	\$ 2,273	\$ 2,298	\$ 2,304	\$ 2,321	\$ 2,310	\$ 2,321	\$ 2,325	\$ 2,324	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,312	\$ 2,298	\$ 2,291
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,022</b>	<b>\$ 87,154</b>	<b>\$ 82,291</b>	<b>\$ 82,488</b>	<b>\$ 83,355</b>	<b>\$ 84,137</b>	<b>\$ 84,169</b>	<b>\$ 85,791</b>	<b>\$ 86,285</b>	<b>\$ 86,829</b>	<b>\$ 87,638</b>	<b>\$ 88,484</b>	<b>\$ 88,812</b>	<b>\$ 89,418</b>	<b>\$ 90,879</b>	<b>\$ 91,233</b>	<b>\$ 91,793</b>	<b>\$ 93,005</b>	<b>\$ 95,178</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,165	\$ 25,173	\$ 26,022	\$ 26,022	\$ 26,022	\$ 26,417	\$ 26,732	\$ 26,809	\$ 27,092	\$ 27,492	\$ 27,834	\$ 28,405	\$ 29,047	\$ 29,279	\$ 29,614	\$ 30,067	\$ 30,219	\$ 30,219	\$ 30,219
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,560	\$ 1,933	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,410	\$ 2,426	\$ 2,637	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,532	\$ 2,649	\$ 2,654	\$ 2,690	\$ 2,722	\$ 2,831	\$ 2,890	\$ 2,991	\$ 3,144	\$ 3,353	\$ 3,480	\$ 3,438
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,725</b>	<b>\$ 27,106</b>	<b>\$ 28,376</b>	<b>\$ 28,432</b>	<b>\$ 28,448</b>	<b>\$ 29,053</b>	<b>\$ 29,426</b>	<b>\$ 29,341</b>	<b>\$ 29,741</b>	<b>\$ 30,146</b>	<b>\$ 30,524</b>	<b>\$ 31,127</b>	<b>\$ 31,878</b>	<b>\$ 32,170</b>	<b>\$ 32,605</b>	<b>\$ 33,210</b>	<b>\$ 33,572</b>	<b>\$ 33,699</b>	<b>\$ 33,657</b>
<b>DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)</b>	<b>\$ 7,993</b>	<b>\$ 9,021</b>	<b>\$ 10,441</b>	<b>\$ 12,175</b>	<b>\$ 13,983</b>	<b>\$ 15,730</b>	<b>\$ 17,581</b>	<b>\$ 17,978</b>	<b>\$ 18,105</b>	<b>\$ 18,159</b>	<b>\$ 18,165</b>	<b>\$ 18,185</b>	<b>\$ 18,187</b>	<b>\$ 6,022</b>	<b>\$ 5,952</b>	<b>\$ 5,979</b>	<b>\$ 5,984</b>	<b>\$ 6,019</b>	<b>\$ 6,001</b>	<b>\$ 6,012</b>
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,467</b>	<b>\$ 542,424</b>	<b>\$ 574,119</b>	<b>\$ 596,964</b>	<b>\$ 617,810</b>	<b>\$ 644,150</b>	<b>\$ 669,457</b>	<b>\$ 696,529</b>	<b>\$ 701,261</b>	<b>\$ 705,427</b>	<b>\$ 717,019</b>	<b>\$ 723,481</b>	<b>\$ 720,797</b>	<b>\$ 708,377</b>	<b>\$ 731,607</b>	<b>\$ 751,239</b>	<b>\$ 776,177</b>	<b>\$ 823,659</b>	<b>\$ 875,309</b>	<b>\$ 921,388</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	97	97	97	97	116	118	120	132	142	151	172	187	187	203	213	213	213
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	41	41	47	52	52	52	52	54	58	62	63	65	72	73	76	82	88	88
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,202	2,202	2,202	2,202	2,621	2,659	2,714	2,976	3,215	3,408	3,878	4,227	4,227	4,582	4,811	4,811	4,811
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,139</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,202</b>	<b>2,621</b>	<b>2,659</b>	<b>2,714</b>	<b>2,976</b>	<b>3,215</b>	<b>3,408</b>	<b>3,878</b>	<b>4,227</b>	<b>4,227</b>	<b>4,582</b>	<b>4,811</b>	<b>4,811</b>	<b>4,811</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	1.3	2	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	10	11
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	3	6	8	10.0	12	15
WVF Main	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

<b>NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate</b>	5.16%
\$	8,744,172

**Scenario 8: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - No Satellite LNG**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116							

**Scenario 9: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - WVF Alternative (12" pipe)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,591	\$ 449,293	\$ 474,092	\$ 492,858	\$ 516,566	\$ 538,636	\$ 564,888	\$ 567,963	\$ 571,366	\$ 581,112	\$ 586,952	\$ 583,351	\$ 579,299	\$ 604,211	\$ 619,327	\$ 644,296	\$ 692,153	\$ 743,048	\$ 787,613
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,650</b>	<b>\$ 449,352</b>	<b>\$ 474,151</b>	<b>\$ 492,917</b>	<b>\$ 516,626</b>	<b>\$ 538,695</b>	<b>\$ 564,948</b>	<b>\$ 568,022</b>	<b>\$ 571,426</b>	<b>\$ 581,171</b>	<b>\$ 587,012</b>	<b>\$ 583,410</b>	<b>\$ 579,359</b>	<b>\$ 604,270</b>	<b>\$ 619,386</b>	<b>\$ 644,356</b>	<b>\$ 692,212</b>	<b>\$ 743,107</b>	<b>\$ 787,672</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,462	\$ 80,072	\$ 80,246	\$ 81,117	\$ 81,937	\$ 81,945	\$ 83,333	\$ 83,610	\$ 83,862	\$ 84,611	\$ 85,297	\$ 85,297	\$ 86,301	\$ 87,336	\$ 88,080	\$ 88,894	\$ 90,621	\$ 92,306
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,709	\$ 2,226	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,241	\$ 2,198	\$ 2,223	\$ 2,278	\$ 2,307	\$ 2,318	\$ 2,334	\$ 2,326	\$ 2,341	\$ 2,339	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,348	\$ 2,354	\$ 2,372	\$ 2,398
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,171</b>	<b>\$ 82,298</b>	<b>\$ 82,493</b>	<b>\$ 83,358</b>	<b>\$ 84,134</b>	<b>\$ 84,167</b>	<b>\$ 85,611</b>	<b>\$ 85,917</b>	<b>\$ 86,179</b>	<b>\$ 86,945</b>	<b>\$ 87,623</b>	<b>\$ 87,639</b>	<b>\$ 88,641</b>	<b>\$ 89,686</b>	<b>\$ 90,428</b>	<b>\$ 91,249</b>	<b>\$ 92,992</b>	<b>\$ 94,434</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,184	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,418	\$ 26,740	\$ 26,820	\$ 27,164	\$ 27,534	\$ 27,822	\$ 28,457	\$ 28,845	\$ 28,968	\$ 29,152	\$ 29,525	\$ 29,733	\$ 29,733	\$ 30,106
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,558	\$ 1,929	\$ 2,352	\$ 2,408	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,636	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,549	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,649	\$ 2,670	\$ 2,709	\$ 2,772	\$ 2,805	\$ 2,857	\$ 2,959	\$ 3,107	\$ 3,245	\$ 3,198
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,733</b>	<b>\$ 27,113</b>	<b>\$ 28,378</b>	<b>\$ 28,433</b>	<b>\$ 28,450</b>	<b>\$ 29,054</b>	<b>\$ 29,434</b>	<b>\$ 29,369</b>	<b>\$ 29,819</b>	<b>\$ 30,183</b>	<b>\$ 30,492</b>	<b>\$ 31,165</b>	<b>\$ 31,617</b>	<b>\$ 31,772</b>	<b>\$ 32,009</b>	<b>\$ 32,484</b>	<b>\$ 32,841</b>	<b>\$ 32,978</b>	<b>\$ 33,304</b>
<b>DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)</b>	<b>\$ 7,993</b>	<b>\$ 9,021</b>	<b>\$ 10,441</b>	<b>\$ 12,175</b>	<b>\$ 13,983</b>	<b>\$ 15,730</b>	<b>\$ 17,581</b>	<b>\$ 17,978</b>	<b>\$ 18,105</b>	<b>\$ 18,159</b>	<b>\$ 18,165</b>	<b>\$ 18,185</b>	<b>\$ 18,187</b>	<b>\$ 6,022</b>	<b>\$ 5,952</b>	<b>\$ 5,979</b>	<b>\$ 5,984</b>	<b>\$ 6,019</b>	<b>\$ 6,001</b>	<b>\$ 6,012</b>
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,467</b>	<b>\$ 542,428</b>	<b>\$ 574,077</b>	<b>\$ 597,001</b>	<b>\$ 617,827</b>	<b>\$ 644,164</b>	<b>\$ 669,465</b>	<b>\$ 696,527</b>	<b>\$ 701,106</b>	<b>\$ 705,321</b>	<b>\$ 715,698</b>	<b>\$ 722,634</b>	<b>\$ 720,385</b>	<b>\$ 704,637</b>	<b>\$ 730,635</b>	<b>\$ 747,061</b>	<b>\$ 773,251</b>	<b>\$ 822,320</b>	<b>\$ 875,078</b>	<b>\$ 921,423</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	97	97	97	97	115	117	118	132	138	145	168	168	168	168	168	168	168
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	1.8	3	4	5	6	7	11	15	15	15	15
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	41	41	46	52	52	52	52	53	58	63	63	69	76	81	84	90	95
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,610	2,646	2,675	2,979	3,113	3,281	3,795	3,804	3,804	3,804	3,804	3,804	3,804
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	40	40	68
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	20	33	46	46	46	46
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,611</b>	<b>2,649</b>	<b>2,680</b>	<b>2,987</b>	<b>3,125</b>	<b>3,295</b>	<b>3,813</b>	<b>3,824</b>	<b>3,837</b>	<b>3,852</b>	<b>3,889</b>	<b>3,889</b>	<b>3,917</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8

<b>NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate</b>	5.16%
\$	8,736,170

**Scenario 9: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - WVF Alternative (12" pipe)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	1										

**Scenario 10: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - WVF Alternative (12" pipe) with no Satellite LNG**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,611	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	950	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,590	\$ 449,246	\$ 474,231	\$ 492,869	\$ 516,576	\$ 538,554	\$ 564,940	\$ 567,969	\$ 571,216	\$ 581,984	\$ 587,078	\$ 582,703	\$ 581,678	\$ 604,023	\$ 621,744	\$ 645,780	\$ 692,217	\$ 742,545	\$ 786,484
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,650</b>	<b>\$ 449,306</b>	<b>\$ 474,290</b>	<b>\$ 492,928</b>	<b>\$ 516,635</b>	<b>\$ 538,613</b>	<b>\$ 564,999</b>	<b>\$ 568,028</b>	<b>\$ 571,276</b>	<b>\$ 582,043</b>	<b>\$ 587,137</b>	<b>\$ 582,762</b>	<b>\$ 581,738</b>	<b>\$ 604,082</b>	<b>\$ 621,804</b>	<b>\$ 645,839</b>	<b>\$ 692,276</b>	<b>\$ 742,604</b>	<b>\$ 786,543</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,571	\$ 80,162	\$ 80,325	\$ 81,193	\$ 82,009	\$ 82,017	\$ 83,587	\$ 84,056	\$ 84,595	\$ 85,348	\$ 86,209	\$ 86,595	\$ 87,116	\$ 88,499	\$ 88,807	\$ 89,297	\$ 90,458	\$ 93,148
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,655	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,248	\$ 2,243	\$ 2,198	\$ 2,223	\$ 2,275	\$ 2,299	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,312	\$ 2,321	\$ 2,325	\$ 2,324	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,312	\$ 2,298	\$ 2,292
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,022</b>	<b>\$ 87,279</b>	<b>\$ 82,389</b>	<b>\$ 82,574</b>	<b>\$ 83,436</b>	<b>\$ 84,207</b>	<b>\$ 84,240</b>	<b>\$ 85,862</b>	<b>\$ 86,355</b>	<b>\$ 86,903</b>	<b>\$ 87,671</b>	<b>\$ 88,520</b>	<b>\$ 88,916</b>	<b>\$ 89,440</b>	<b>\$ 90,823</b>	<b>\$ 91,123</b>	<b>\$ 91,609</b>	<b>\$ 92,757</b>	<b>\$ 95,440</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,165	\$ 25,177	\$ 26,029	\$ 26,029	\$ 26,029	\$ 26,418	\$ 26,725	\$ 26,812	\$ 27,092	\$ 27,501	\$ 27,855	\$ 28,393	\$ 29,019	\$ 29,258	\$ 29,595	\$ 30,061	\$ 30,221	\$ 30,221	\$ 30,221
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,557	\$ 1,915	\$ 2,348	\$ 2,409	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,633	\$ 2,692	\$ 2,521	\$ 2,647	\$ 2,648	\$ 2,693	\$ 2,721	\$ 2,830	\$ 2,888	\$ 2,989	\$ 3,150	\$ 3,361	\$ 3,490	\$ 3,449
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,722</b>	<b>\$ 27,092</b>	<b>\$ 28,377</b>	<b>\$ 28,438</b>	<b>\$ 28,454</b>	<b>\$ 29,051</b>	<b>\$ 29,417</b>	<b>\$ 29,333</b>	<b>\$ 29,738</b>	<b>\$ 30,149</b>	<b>\$ 30,548</b>	<b>\$ 31,114</b>	<b>\$ 31,850</b>	<b>\$ 32,145</b>	<b>\$ 32,585</b>	<b>\$ 33,211</b>	<b>\$ 33,582</b>	<b>\$ 33,711</b>	<b>\$ 33,671</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,467</b>	<b>\$ 542,415</b>	<b>\$ 574,117</b>	<b>\$ 597,232</b>	<b>\$ 617,923</b>	<b>\$ 644,255</b>	<b>\$ 669,453</b>	<b>\$ 696,634</b>	<b>\$ 701,328</b>	<b>\$ 705,528</b>	<b>\$ 717,260</b>	<b>\$ 723,541</b>	<b>\$ 720,584</b>	<b>\$ 708,525</b>	<b>\$ 731,620</b>	<b>\$ 751,190</b>	<b>\$ 776,157</b>	<b>\$ 823,486</b>	<b>\$ 875,073</b>	<b>\$ 921,665</b>

<i>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</i>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	98	98	98	98	116	117	120	131	143	151	171	186	186	202	213	213	213
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	41	41	46	52	52	52	52	54	57	61	63	65	72	73	76	82	88
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>243</b>
<i>Incremental Storage Capacity</i>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,207	2,207	2,207	2,207	2,620	2,653	2,722	2,970	3,229	3,421	3,856	4,213	4,213	4,572	4,812	4,812	4,812
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,139</b>	<b>2,207</b>	<b>2,207</b>	<b>2,207</b>	<b>2,207</b>	<b>2,620</b>	<b>2,653</b>	<b>2,722</b>	<b>2,970</b>	<b>3,229</b>	<b>3,421</b>	<b>3,856</b>	<b>4,213</b>	<b>4,213</b>	<b>4,572</b>	<b>4,812</b>	<b>4,812</b>	<b>4,812</b>
<i>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</i>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	1.3	2	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	10	14
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18

<b>NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate</b>	5.16%
\$	8,744,800

**Scenario 10: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - WVF Alternative (12" pipe) with no Satellite LNG**

Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,474	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,576	11,641	11,752	1	



**Sensitivity 1: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - High Demand/Low Price Scenario**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	75,465	77,331	79,446	81,352	83,011	84,884	86,825	88,911	90,185	91,993	93,807	96,123	97,531	99,554	101,802	104,456	106,297	108,506	110,884	113,884
Annual Demand Unserved	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1	1	2	3	4
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>75,507</b>	<b>77,331</b>	<b>79,446</b>	<b>81,352</b>	<b>83,011</b>	<b>84,884</b>	<b>86,825</b>	<b>88,911</b>	<b>90,185</b>	<b>91,993</b>	<b>93,807</b>	<b>96,123</b>	<b>97,531</b>	<b>99,554</b>	<b>101,802</b>	<b>104,457</b>	<b>106,298</b>	<b>108,508</b>	<b>110,886</b>	<b>113,887</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	910	976	1,005	1,025	1,052	1,078	1,105	1,129	1,151	1,175	1,200	1,226	1,249	1,275	1,304	1,333	1,361	1,388	1,417	1,451
Peak Day Demand Unserved	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1	1	1	1
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>976</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>1,025</b>	<b>1,052</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>1,129</b>	<b>1,151</b>	<b>1,175</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,249</b>	<b>1,275</b>	<b>1,304</b>	<b>1,333</b>	<b>1,361</b>	<b>1,388</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>1,452</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 413,606	\$ 389,074	\$ 385,247	\$ 400,389	\$ 396,067	\$ 393,539	\$ 387,477	\$ 397,515	\$ 413,061	\$ 427,569	\$ 435,164	\$ 461,308	\$ 481,768	\$ 508,469	\$ 526,635	\$ 562,152	\$ 576,654	\$ 610,036	\$ 639,990	\$ 658,326
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 413,667</b>	<b>\$ 389,134</b>	<b>\$ 385,306</b>	<b>\$ 400,449</b>	<b>\$ 396,126</b>	<b>\$ 393,598</b>	<b>\$ 387,536</b>	<b>\$ 397,574</b>	<b>\$ 413,121</b>	<b>\$ 427,629</b>	<b>\$ 435,223</b>	<b>\$ 461,367</b>	<b>\$ 481,827</b>	<b>\$ 508,528</b>	<b>\$ 526,694</b>	<b>\$ 562,211</b>	<b>\$ 576,713</b>	<b>\$ 610,095</b>	<b>\$ 640,500</b>	<b>\$ 658,386</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,608	\$ 81,880	\$ 83,280	\$ 84,848	\$ 86,483	\$ 86,847	\$ 87,870	\$ 88,147	\$ 88,197	\$ 88,537	\$ 92,110	\$ 95,557	\$ 99,856	\$ 104,048	\$ 108,373	\$ 113,108	\$ 118,008	\$ 127,448
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,690	\$ 2,800	\$ 2,925	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,296	\$ 2,348	\$ 2,421	\$ 2,493	\$ 2,638	\$ 2,709	\$ 2,699	\$ 2,698	\$ 2,697	\$ 2,676	\$ 2,713	\$ 2,684	\$ 2,705	\$ 2,653
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,974</b>	<b>\$ 87,167</b>	<b>\$ 87,533</b>	<b>\$ 84,203</b>	<b>\$ 85,576</b>	<b>\$ 87,171</b>	<b>\$ 88,779</b>	<b>\$ 88,835</b>	<b>\$ 90,291</b>	<b>\$ 90,640</b>	<b>\$ 90,835</b>	<b>\$ 91,246</b>	<b>\$ 94,809</b>	<b>\$ 98,255</b>	<b>\$ 102,553</b>	<b>\$ 106,724</b>	<b>\$ 111,087</b>	<b>\$ 115,792</b>	<b>\$ 120,712</b>	<b>\$ 130,100</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 24,252	\$ 25,861	\$ 27,521	\$ 28,836	\$ 29,129	\$ 29,493	\$ 30,498	\$ 31,518	\$ 32,339	\$ 33,645	\$ 35,644	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,431	\$ 1,538	\$ 1,920	\$ 2,080	\$ 2,091	\$ 1,972	\$ 2,005	\$ 2,027	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,182	\$ 2,238	\$ 2,257	\$ 2,349	\$ 2,383	\$ 2,421	\$ 2,458	\$ 2,531	\$ 2,715	\$ 2,859	\$ 2,777
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 25,683</b>	<b>\$ 27,399</b>	<b>\$ 29,442</b>	<b>\$ 30,917</b>	<b>\$ 31,219</b>	<b>\$ 31,465</b>	<b>\$ 32,503</b>	<b>\$ 33,545</b>	<b>\$ 34,442</b>	<b>\$ 35,827</b>	<b>\$ 37,882</b>	<b>\$ 38,853</b>	<b>\$ 38,945</b>	<b>\$ 38,979</b>	<b>\$ 39,017</b>	<b>\$ 39,054</b>	<b>\$ 39,127</b>	<b>\$ 39,311</b>	<b>\$ 39,455</b>	<b>\$ 39,373</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,020	\$ 10,439	\$ 12,172	\$ 13,978	\$ 15,724	\$ 17,573	\$ 17,969	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,147	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,331	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,409	\$ 11,825	\$ 14,329	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,511	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 534,317</b>	<b>\$ 512,720</b>	<b>\$ 512,720</b>	<b>\$ 527,741</b>	<b>\$ 526,900</b>	<b>\$ 527,958</b>	<b>\$ 526,391</b>	<b>\$ 537,923</b>	<b>\$ 555,959</b>	<b>\$ 572,243</b>	<b>\$ 582,106</b>	<b>\$ 609,651</b>	<b>\$ 633,769</b>	<b>\$ 651,784</b>	<b>\$ 674,216</b>	<b>\$ 713,969</b>	<b>\$ 732,911</b>	<b>\$ 771,216</b>	<b>\$ 806,218</b>	<b>\$ 833,870</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	72	93	160	166	175	182	221	233	254	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	4	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6	14.3	14.3	21	24.8	27	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	52	60	70	81	81	81	81	81	82	95	107	122	136	151	168	183	200
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>428</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>533</b>

<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Mist Recall	230	1,618	2,110	3,619	3,755	3,950	4,109	4,998	5,279	5,740	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	12	32	32	32	32	43	43	64	74	81	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>1,630</b>	<b>2,142</b>	<b>3,651</b>	<b>3,787</b>	<b>3,982</b>	<b>4,152</b>	<b>5,041</b>	<b>5,343</b>	<b>5,814</b>	<b>6,637</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>

<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	4	4	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	5
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	5	6	7.5	7	10
WVF Main	-	-	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 7,642,747

**Sensitivity 1: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - High Demand/Low Price Scenario**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,137	4,243	4,363	4,468	4,563	4,669	4,778	4,894	4,966	5,067	5,168	5,295	5,374	5,485	5,608	5,751	5,853	5,973	6,102	6,263
Astoria	1,288	1,316	1,348	1,377	1,400	1,427	1,455	1,486	1,503	1,528	1,554	1,588	1,607	1,635	1,668	1,708	1,733	1,765	1,799	1,844
Dalles	814	844	877	907	934	963	994	1,025	1,046	1,075	1,102	1,135	1,158	1,187	1,219	1,255	1,282	1,313	1,345	1,385
Eugene	5,124	5,291	5,469	5,635	5,776	5,934	6,094	6,266	6,378	6,526	6,674	6,857	6,972	7,129	7,303	7,507	7,650	7,819	8,000	8,225



**Sensitivity 2: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/High Price Scenario**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	71,936	71,624	70,598	70,281	69,465	68,880	68,293	67,913	66,852	66,355	65,899	65,487	64,519	64,064	63,631	63,580	62,895	62,461	62,111	62,072
Annual Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>71,936</b>	<b>71,624</b>	<b>70,598</b>	<b>70,281</b>	<b>69,465</b>	<b>68,880</b>	<b>68,293</b>	<b>67,913</b>	<b>66,852</b>	<b>66,355</b>	<b>65,899</b>	<b>65,487</b>	<b>64,519</b>	<b>64,064</b>	<b>63,631</b>	<b>63,580</b>	<b>62,895</b>	<b>62,461</b>	<b>62,111</b>	<b>62,072</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	901	896	880	871	865	858	851	843	833	828	824	816	806	801	795	791	784	778	773	770
Peak Day Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>871</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>828</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>770</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 494,665	\$ 499,385	\$ 514,988	\$ 525,899	\$ 522,499	\$ 518,298	\$ 508,401	\$ 512,298	\$ 517,656	\$ 502,251	\$ 471,358	\$ 492,791	\$ 506,639	\$ 513,230	\$ 526,530	\$ 536,814	\$ 540,952	\$ 556,498	\$ 569,963	\$ 572,064
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 494,726</b>	<b>\$ 499,444</b>	<b>\$ 515,047</b>	<b>\$ 525,958</b>	<b>\$ 522,559</b>	<b>\$ 518,357</b>	<b>\$ 508,460</b>	<b>\$ 512,357</b>	<b>\$ 517,715</b>	<b>\$ 502,311</b>	<b>\$ 471,417</b>	<b>\$ 492,850</b>	<b>\$ 506,698</b>	<b>\$ 513,289</b>	<b>\$ 526,589</b>	<b>\$ 536,873</b>	<b>\$ 541,011</b>	<b>\$ 556,557</b>	<b>\$ 570,023</b>	<b>\$ 572,123</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,367	\$ 75,731	\$ 75,885	\$ 75,885	\$ 75,885	\$ 75,885	\$ 77,268	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545	\$ 77,545
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,480	\$ 2,530	\$ 2,521	\$ 2,304	\$ 2,275	\$ 2,228	\$ 2,216	\$ 2,171	\$ 2,141	\$ 2,133	\$ 2,125	\$ 2,093	\$ 2,078	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,055	\$ 2,027	\$ 1,979	\$ 1,990	\$ 1,990	\$ 1,975
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,764</b>	<b>\$ 86,897</b>	<b>\$ 86,889</b>	<b>\$ 78,035</b>	<b>\$ 78,160</b>	<b>\$ 78,113</b>	<b>\$ 78,101</b>	<b>\$ 79,439</b>	<b>\$ 79,687</b>	<b>\$ 79,678</b>	<b>\$ 79,670</b>	<b>\$ 79,638</b>	<b>\$ 79,623</b>	<b>\$ 79,605</b>	<b>\$ 79,600</b>	<b>\$ 79,573</b>	<b>\$ 79,525</b>	<b>\$ 79,535</b>	<b>\$ 79,535</b>	<b>\$ 79,521</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 22,554	\$ 22,554	\$ 23,190	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,597	\$ 1,779	\$ 2,182	\$ 2,298	\$ 2,290	\$ 2,291	\$ 2,260	\$ 2,233	\$ 2,231	\$ 2,259	\$ 2,132	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,294	\$ 2,381	\$ 2,455	\$ 2,520	\$ 2,580	\$ 2,826	\$ 2,968	\$ 2,810
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,150</b>	<b>\$ 24,332</b>	<b>\$ 25,372</b>	<b>\$ 26,115</b>	<b>\$ 26,108</b>	<b>\$ 26,108</b>	<b>\$ 26,077</b>	<b>\$ 26,051</b>	<b>\$ 26,049</b>	<b>\$ 26,076</b>	<b>\$ 25,949</b>	<b>\$ 26,057</b>	<b>\$ 26,112</b>	<b>\$ 26,198</b>	<b>\$ 26,272</b>	<b>\$ 26,337</b>	<b>\$ 26,397</b>	<b>\$ 26,644</b>	<b>\$ 26,785</b>	<b>\$ 26,627</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,360	\$ 8,015	\$ 9,094	\$ 10,470	\$ 11,874	\$ 13,198	\$ 14,604	\$ 14,659	\$ 14,626	\$ 14,524	\$ 14,407	\$ 14,305	\$ 14,188	\$ 2,850	\$ 2,743	\$ 2,722	\$ 2,682	\$ 2,665	\$ 2,623	\$ 2,603
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 989	\$ 1,852	\$ 2,954	\$ 4,217	\$ 5,652	\$ 7,239	\$ 8,994	\$ 10,769	\$ 12,584	\$ 14,369	\$ 16,117	\$ 17,761	\$ 19,363	\$ 20,463	\$ 21,259	\$ 22,044	\$ 22,801	\$ 23,548	\$ 24,265	\$ 24,969
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 612,999</b>	<b>\$ 618,688</b>	<b>\$ 636,402</b>	<b>\$ 640,578</b>	<b>\$ 638,701</b>	<b>\$ 635,799</b>	<b>\$ 627,255</b>	<b>\$ 631,167</b>	<b>\$ 637,829</b>	<b>\$ 622,598</b>	<b>\$ 591,452</b>	<b>\$ 612,881</b>	<b>\$ 626,636</b>	<b>\$ 621,960</b>	<b>\$ 635,210</b>	<b>\$ 645,533</b>	<b>\$ 649,664</b>	<b>\$ 665,391</b>	<b>\$ 678,965</b>	<b>\$ 680,874</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	2	2	2	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>

<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Mist Recall	46	46	46	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>

<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,177,417

**Sensitivity 2: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/High Price Scenario**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	3,945	3,929	3,872	3,854	3,810	3,779	3,747	3,726	3,669	3,642	3,618	3,595	3,544	3,519	3,496	3,492	3,456	3,432	3,413	3,410
Astoria	1,225	1,216	1,195	1,186	1,168	1,154	1,139	1,129	1,107	1,095	1,083	1,073	1,053	1,042	1,032	1,028	1,014	1,005	997	994
Dalles	772	770	761	759	752	747	742	739	729	724	721	717	708	703	700	700	693	690	687	688
Eugene	4,856	4,848	4,796	4,789	4,744	4,714	4,684	4,669	4,606	4,579	4,556	4,537	4,479	4,453	4,431	4,436	4,396	4,374	4,357	4,362
Newport LC	950	945	930	924	911	901	891	883	867	858	849	841	826	818	811	808	798	791	785	783
Portland	43,581	43,387	42,753	42,552	42,052	41,690	41,328	41,088	40,437	40,129	39,846	39,590	38,997	38,719	38,453	38,419	38,002	37,735	37,521	37,494
Salem	9,475	9,438	9,306	9,271	9,164															

**Sensitivity 3: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - High Demand/High Price Scenario**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	75,465	77,331	79,446	81,352	83,011	84,884	86,825	88,911	90,185	91,992	93,807	96,123	97,531	99,554	101,802	104,456	106,297	108,506	110,884	113,884
Annual Demand Unserved	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1	1	2	3	4
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>75,507</b>	<b>77,331</b>	<b>79,446</b>	<b>81,352</b>	<b>83,011</b>	<b>84,884</b>	<b>86,825</b>	<b>88,911</b>	<b>90,185</b>	<b>91,992</b>	<b>93,807</b>	<b>96,123</b>	<b>97,531</b>	<b>99,554</b>	<b>101,802</b>	<b>104,457</b>	<b>106,298</b>	<b>108,508</b>	<b>110,886</b>	<b>113,887</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	910	976	1,005	1,025	1,052	1,078	1,105	1,129	1,151	1,175	1,200	1,226	1,249	1,275	1,304	1,333	1,361	1,388	1,417	1,451
Peak Day Demand Unserved	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1	1	1	1
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>976</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>1,025</b>	<b>1,052</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>1,129</b>	<b>1,151</b>	<b>1,175</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,249</b>	<b>1,275</b>	<b>1,304</b>	<b>1,333</b>	<b>1,361</b>	<b>1,388</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>1,452</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 530,905	\$ 544,714	\$ 583,091	\$ 615,041	\$ 626,764	\$ 648,779	\$ 659,214	\$ 682,021	\$ 714,507	\$ 720,318	\$ 691,865	\$ 741,809	\$ 783,781	\$ 814,482	\$ 860,145	\$ 901,223	\$ 934,651	\$ 997,214	\$ 1,048,806	\$ 1,092,348
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 530,966</b>	<b>\$ 544,773</b>	<b>\$ 583,151</b>	<b>\$ 615,100</b>	<b>\$ 626,824</b>	<b>\$ 648,839</b>	<b>\$ 659,273</b>	<b>\$ 682,080</b>	<b>\$ 714,566</b>	<b>\$ 720,378</b>	<b>\$ 691,924</b>	<b>\$ 741,869</b>	<b>\$ 783,840</b>	<b>\$ 814,542</b>	<b>\$ 860,205</b>	<b>\$ 901,283</b>	<b>\$ 934,710</b>	<b>\$ 997,273</b>	<b>\$ 1,048,866</b>	<b>\$ 1,092,407</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,651	\$ 83,018	\$ 84,008	\$ 85,985	\$ 86,410	\$ 86,410	\$ 87,918	\$ 88,196	\$ 88,205	\$ 89,608	\$ 91,672	\$ 95,535	\$ 99,809	\$ 104,001	\$ 108,326	\$ 112,444	\$ 117,340	\$ 127,403
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,786	\$ 2,896	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,241	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,241	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,387	\$ 2,439	\$ 2,612	\$ 2,704	\$ 2,683	\$ 2,649	\$ 2,645	\$ 2,655	\$ 2,650	\$ 2,665	\$ 2,683	\$ 2,646
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,977</b>	<b>\$ 87,153</b>	<b>\$ 87,547</b>	<b>\$ 85,257</b>	<b>\$ 86,249</b>	<b>\$ 88,214</b>	<b>\$ 88,651</b>	<b>\$ 88,699</b>	<b>\$ 90,305</b>	<b>\$ 90,635</b>	<b>\$ 90,817</b>	<b>\$ 92,312</b>	<b>\$ 94,355</b>	<b>\$ 98,184</b>	<b>\$ 102,453</b>	<b>\$ 106,657</b>	<b>\$ 110,976</b>	<b>\$ 115,109</b>	<b>\$ 120,023</b>	<b>\$ 130,049</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 24,252	\$ 25,861	\$ 26,980	\$ 27,916	\$ 28,176	\$ 28,960	\$ 30,366	\$ 31,309	\$ 32,081	\$ 33,413	\$ 34,976	\$ 36,185	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596	\$ 36,596
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,676	\$ 2,063	\$ 2,553	\$ 3,059	\$ 3,088	\$ 3,143	\$ 3,366	\$ 3,482	\$ 3,484	\$ 3,714	\$ 3,420	\$ 3,456	\$ 3,681	\$ 3,791	\$ 3,844	\$ 3,867	\$ 3,885	\$ 4,004	\$ 4,098	\$ 3,952
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 25,928</b>	<b>\$ 27,924</b>	<b>\$ 29,534</b>	<b>\$ 30,975</b>	<b>\$ 31,264</b>	<b>\$ 32,103</b>	<b>\$ 33,732</b>	<b>\$ 34,791</b>	<b>\$ 35,565</b>	<b>\$ 37,127</b>	<b>\$ 38,396</b>	<b>\$ 39,640</b>	<b>\$ 40,277</b>	<b>\$ 40,387</b>	<b>\$ 40,440</b>	<b>\$ 40,463</b>	<b>\$ 40,481</b>	<b>\$ 40,600</b>	<b>\$ 40,694</b>	<b>\$ 40,548</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 651,864</b>	<b>\$ 668,871</b>	<b>\$ 710,672</b>	<b>\$ 743,508</b>	<b>\$ 758,320</b>	<b>\$ 784,886</b>	<b>\$ 799,237</b>	<b>\$ 823,549</b>	<b>\$ 858,542</b>	<b>\$ 866,298</b>	<b>\$ 839,302</b>	<b>\$ 892,006</b>	<b>\$ 936,660</b>	<b>\$ 959,134</b>	<b>\$ 1,009,050</b>	<b>\$ 1,054,381</b>	<b>\$ 1,092,151</b>	<b>\$ 1,159,001</b>	<b>\$ 1,215,583</b>	<b>\$ 1,269,016</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	72	93	131	145	145	182	220	233	250	287	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	4	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6	12.5	14	21.9	23	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	26	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	59	64	77	80	80	81	81	81	86	93	107	122	136	151	165	181	200
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>428</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>533</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	1,618	2,110	2,952	3,277	3,277	4,109	4,965	5,279	5,658	6,488	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539	6,539
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	12	32	32	32	32	32	38	43	66	70	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	79	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>1,630</b>	<b>2,142</b>	<b>2,984</b>	<b>3,309</b>	<b>3,309</b>	<b>4,141</b>	<b>5,003</b>	<b>5,322</b>	<b>5,724</b>	<b>6,576</b>	<b>6,735</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>	<b>6,809</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	5
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	4.6	5	7
WVF Main	-	-	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 11,081,345

**Sensitivity 3: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - High Demand/High Price Scenario**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,137	4,243	4,363	4,468	4,563	4,669	4,778	4,894	4,966	5,067	5,168	5,295	5,374	5,485	5,608	5,751	5,853	5,973	6,102	6,263
Astoria	1,288	1,316	1,348	1,377	1,400	1,427	1,455	1,486	1,503	1,528	1,554	1,588	1,607	1,635	1,668	1,708	1,733	1,765	1,799	1,844
Dalles	814	844	877	907	934	963	993	1,025	1,046	1,074	1,102	1,135	1,158	1,187	1,219	1,255	1,282	1,313	1,345	1,385
Eugene	5,124	5,291	5,469	5,635	5,776	5,934	6,094	6,266	6,378	6,526	6,674	6,857	6,972	7,129	7,303	7,507	7,650	7,819	8,000	8,225
Newport LC	1,005	1,037	1,071	1,103	1,131	1,162	1,193	1,226	1,248	1,277	1,306	1,342	1,365	1,397	1,432	1,472	1,501	1,535	1,572	1,616
Portland	45,508	46,416	47,472	48,397	49,184	50,092	51,043	52,077	52,639	53,518	54,403	55,585	56,245	57,270	58,430	59,824	60,758	61,904	63,150	64,753

**Sensitivity 4: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/Low Price Scenario**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	71,936	71,624	70,598	70,281	69,465	68,880	68,293	67,913	66,853	66,356	65,900	65,488	64,520	64,065	63,632	63,581	62,896	62,462	62,111	62,072
Annual Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>71,936</b>	<b>71,624</b>	<b>70,598</b>	<b>70,281</b>	<b>69,465</b>	<b>68,880</b>	<b>68,293</b>	<b>67,913</b>	<b>66,853</b>	<b>66,356</b>	<b>65,900</b>	<b>65,488</b>	<b>64,520</b>	<b>64,065</b>	<b>63,632</b>	<b>63,581</b>	<b>62,896</b>	<b>62,462</b>	<b>62,111</b>	<b>62,072</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	901	896	880	871	865	858	851	843	833	828	824	816	806	801	795	791	784	778	773	770
Peak Day Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>871</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>828</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>770</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 385,725	\$ 353,144	\$ 338,841	\$ 342,933	\$ 328,940	\$ 315,842	\$ 295,829	\$ 295,654	\$ 294,346	\$ 293,237	\$ 292,629	\$ 301,384	\$ 307,086	\$ 317,175	\$ 317,457	\$ 331,658	\$ 328,656	\$ 334,796	\$ 339,682	\$ 335,768
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 385,786</b>	<b>\$ 353,204</b>	<b>\$ 338,901</b>	<b>\$ 342,993</b>	<b>\$ 328,999</b>	<b>\$ 315,901</b>	<b>\$ 295,888</b>	<b>\$ 295,713</b>	<b>\$ 294,405</b>	<b>\$ 293,296</b>	<b>\$ 292,688</b>	<b>\$ 301,443</b>	<b>\$ 307,146</b>	<b>\$ 317,234</b>	<b>\$ 317,516</b>	<b>\$ 331,717</b>	<b>\$ 328,716</b>	<b>\$ 334,855</b>	<b>\$ 339,741</b>	<b>\$ 335,828</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,367	\$ 75,731	\$ 75,908	\$ 75,909	\$ 75,910	\$ 75,911	\$ 77,296	\$ 77,574	\$ 77,574	\$ 77,576	\$ 77,577	\$ 77,578	\$ 77,579	\$ 77,579	\$ 77,579	\$ 77,579	\$ 77,582	\$ 77,582
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,492	\$ 2,496	\$ 2,536	\$ 2,310	\$ 2,289	\$ 2,275	\$ 2,243	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,163	\$ 2,152	\$ 2,130	\$ 2,109	\$ 2,092	\$ 2,084	\$ 2,047	\$ 2,070	\$ 2,016	\$ 2,027	\$ 2,013	\$ 1,998
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,776</b>	<b>\$ 86,863</b>	<b>\$ 86,903</b>	<b>\$ 78,042</b>	<b>\$ 78,197</b>	<b>\$ 78,184</b>	<b>\$ 78,153</b>	<b>\$ 78,136</b>	<b>\$ 79,459</b>	<b>\$ 79,725</b>	<b>\$ 79,705</b>	<b>\$ 79,684</b>	<b>\$ 79,668</b>	<b>\$ 79,662</b>	<b>\$ 79,626</b>	<b>\$ 79,649</b>	<b>\$ 79,594</b>	<b>\$ 79,606</b>	<b>\$ 79,595</b>	<b>\$ 79,580</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 22,554	\$ 22,554	\$ 23,190	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817	\$ 23,817
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,341	\$ 1,544	\$ 1,508	\$ 1,429	\$ 1,361	\$ 1,270	\$ 1,302	\$ 1,333	\$ 1,340	\$ 1,342	\$ 1,347	\$ 1,428	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,552	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,613	\$ 1,631	\$ 1,758
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 23,905</b>	<b>\$ 23,895</b>	<b>\$ 24,734</b>	<b>\$ 25,326</b>	<b>\$ 25,246</b>	<b>\$ 25,178</b>	<b>\$ 25,087</b>	<b>\$ 25,120</b>	<b>\$ 25,150</b>	<b>\$ 25,157</b>	<b>\$ 25,159</b>	<b>\$ 25,164</b>	<b>\$ 25,246</b>	<b>\$ 25,302</b>	<b>\$ 25,253</b>	<b>\$ 25,370</b>	<b>\$ 25,318</b>	<b>\$ 25,430</b>	<b>\$ 25,648</b>	<b>\$ 25,575</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,360	\$ 8,014	\$ 9,093	\$ 10,470	\$ 11,871	\$ 13,194	\$ 14,600	\$ 14,654	\$ 14,620	\$ 14,517	\$ 14,399	\$ 14,297	\$ 14,179	\$ 2,850	\$ 2,743	\$ 2,722	\$ 2,682	\$ 2,665	\$ 2,623	\$ 2,603
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 989	\$ 1,852	\$ 2,954	\$ 4,217	\$ 5,651	\$ 7,238	\$ 8,993	\$ 10,768	\$ 12,582	\$ 14,367	\$ 16,114	\$ 17,757	\$ 19,358	\$ 20,458	\$ 21,253	\$ 22,038	\$ 22,794	\$ 23,541	\$ 24,265	\$ 24,969
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 503,827</b>	<b>\$ 471,976</b>	<b>\$ 459,631</b>	<b>\$ 456,829</b>	<b>\$ 444,314</b>	<b>\$ 432,457</b>	<b>\$ 413,728</b>	<b>\$ 413,623</b>	<b>\$ 413,634</b>	<b>\$ 412,697</b>	<b>\$ 411,952</b>	<b>\$ 420,588</b>	<b>\$ 426,239</b>	<b>\$ 425,048</b>	<b>\$ 425,138</b>	<b>\$ 439,458</b>	<b>\$ 436,310</b>	<b>\$ 442,556</b>	<b>\$ 447,607</b>	<b>\$ 443,585</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	2	2	2	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(8)</b>

<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Mist Recall	46	46	46	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>832</b>

<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	26	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	29
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 5,692,908

**Sensitivity 4: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Low Demand/Low Price Scenario**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	3,945	3,929	3,872	3,854	3,810	3,779	3,747	3,726	3,669	3,642	3,618	3,595	3,544	3,519	3,496	3,492	3,456	3,432	3,413	3,410
Astoria	1,225	1,216	1,195	1,186	1,168	1,154	1,139	1,129	1,107	1,095	1,083	1,073	1,053	1,042	1,032	1,028	1,014	1,005	997	994
Dalles	772	770	761	759	752	747	742	739	729	725	721	718	708	704	701	701	695	691	687	688
Eugene	4,856	4,848	4,796	4,789	4,744	4,714	4,684	4,669	4,606	4,579	4,556	4,537	4,479	4,453	4,431	4,436	4,396	4,374	4,357	4,362
Newport LC	950	945	930	924	911	901	891	883	867	858	849	841	826	818	811	808	798	791	785	783
Portland	43,581	43,387	42,753	42,552	42,052	41,690	41,328	41,088	40,437	40,129	39,846	39,590	38,997	38,719	38,453	38,419	38,002	37,735	37,521	37,494
Salem	9,475	9,438	9,306	9,271	9,164															

**Sensitivity 5: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Palomar at Min of 100 MDTH/d**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,607	\$ 442,719	\$ 471,755	\$ 491,177	\$ 516,568	\$ 535,777	\$ 564,164	\$ 568,290	\$ 569,717	\$ 582,467	\$ 587,109	\$ 579,945	\$ 579,440	\$ 606,028	\$ 618,357	\$ 644,272	\$ 692,322	\$ 743,441	\$ 788,397
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,666</b>	<b>\$ 442,778</b>	<b>\$ 471,815</b>	<b>\$ 491,236</b>	<b>\$ 516,628</b>	<b>\$ 535,836</b>	<b>\$ 564,223</b>	<b>\$ 568,350</b>	<b>\$ 569,776</b>	<b>\$ 582,526</b>	<b>\$ 587,168</b>	<b>\$ 580,004</b>	<b>\$ 579,500</b>	<b>\$ 606,088</b>	<b>\$ 618,416</b>	<b>\$ 644,331</b>	<b>\$ 692,381</b>	<b>\$ 743,500</b>	<b>\$ 788,456</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,420	\$ 89,114	\$ 89,279	\$ 89,287	\$ 89,294	\$ 89,302	\$ 90,690	\$ 90,968	\$ 90,968	\$ 90,968	\$ 90,980	\$ 90,988	\$ 90,991	\$ 91,037	\$ 91,686	\$ 92,265	\$ 92,902	\$ 93,560
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,669	\$ 1,939	\$ 1,950	\$ 1,966	\$ 1,974	\$ 1,994	\$ 2,092	\$ 2,110	\$ 2,127	\$ 2,154	\$ 2,186	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,284	\$ 2,318	\$ 2,344	\$ 2,377	\$ 2,441	\$ 2,479
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,089</b>	<b>\$ 91,053</b>	<b>\$ 91,229</b>	<b>\$ 91,253</b>	<b>\$ 91,269</b>	<b>\$ 91,296</b>	<b>\$ 92,783</b>	<b>\$ 93,078</b>	<b>\$ 93,095</b>	<b>\$ 93,122</b>	<b>\$ 93,167</b>	<b>\$ 93,218</b>	<b>\$ 93,275</b>	<b>\$ 93,355</b>	<b>\$ 94,030</b>	<b>\$ 94,642</b>	<b>\$ 95,343</b>	<b>\$ 96,039</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 24,446	\$ 24,560	\$ 24,560	\$ 24,758	\$ 25,143	\$ 25,335	\$ 25,606	\$ 26,070	\$ 26,588	\$ 27,084	\$ 27,589	\$ 28,119	\$ 28,703	\$ 29,076	\$ 29,292	\$ 29,543	\$ 29,652	\$ 30,040
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,716	\$ 1,778	\$ 1,850	\$ 1,938	\$ 2,055	\$ 2,116	\$ 2,068	\$ 2,143	\$ 2,160	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,339	\$ 2,576	\$ 2,651	\$ 2,718	\$ 2,849	\$ 2,990	\$ 2,993
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,736</b>	<b>\$ 26,161</b>	<b>\$ 26,338</b>	<b>\$ 26,410</b>	<b>\$ 26,696</b>	<b>\$ 27,198</b>	<b>\$ 27,452</b>	<b>\$ 27,675</b>	<b>\$ 28,213</b>	<b>\$ 28,748</b>	<b>\$ 29,309</b>	<b>\$ 29,819</b>	<b>\$ 30,458</b>	<b>\$ 31,282</b>	<b>\$ 31,727</b>	<b>\$ 32,010</b>	<b>\$ 32,392</b>	<b>\$ 32,643</b>	<b>\$ 33,033</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,467</b>	<b>\$ 542,447</b>	<b>\$ 566,469</b>	<b>\$ 601,380</b>	<b>\$ 622,858</b>	<b>\$ 650,307</b>	<b>\$ 671,884</b>	<b>\$ 700,949</b>	<b>\$ 706,912</b>	<b>\$ 709,226</b>	<b>\$ 722,534</b>	<b>\$ 727,784</b>	<b>\$ 721,177</b>	<b>\$ 709,198</b>	<b>\$ 736,595</b>	<b>\$ 749,478</b>	<b>\$ 776,355</b>	<b>\$ 825,434</b>	<b>\$ 877,487</b>	<b>\$ 923,540</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	57	57	57	66	78	78	89	101	115	127	129	129	129	129	129	129	129
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	9	9	9	15	22
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	2	3	4	5	11	24	24	24	24	24	27
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	17	23	23	23
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	1,283	1,283	1,283	1,492	1,752	1,762	2,012	2,287	2,598	2,862	2,907	2,907	2,907	2,907	2,907	2,907	2,907
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17	26	26	26	46	65
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	32	72	72	72	72	72	82
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	52	70	70	70
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>1,284</b>	<b>1,284</b>	<b>1,284</b>	<b>1,493</b>	<b>1,754</b>	<b>1,765</b>	<b>2,018</b>	<b>2,295</b>	<b>2,610</b>	<b>2,876</b>	<b>2,956</b>	<b>2,996</b>	<b>3,043</b>	<b>3,057</b>	<b>3,075</b>	<b>3,094</b>	<b>3,123</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	1	1	1.2	1	3
WVF Main	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,771,709

**Sensitivity 5: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Palomar at Min of 100 MDTH/d**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116							

**Sensitivity 6: IRP Rmix 1 - Original Design Weather - Old Design Weather (Coldest 20 Year Peak & Annual)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	80,421	81,686	82,615	83,953	84,457	85,363	86,203	87,493	88,046	88,942	89,918	91,404	91,996	93,081	94,194	95,870	96,372	97,286	98,282	99,860
Annual Demand Unserved	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>80,454</b>	<b>81,686</b>	<b>82,615</b>	<b>83,953</b>	<b>84,457</b>	<b>85,363</b>	<b>86,203</b>	<b>87,493</b>	<b>88,046</b>	<b>88,942</b>	<b>89,918</b>	<b>91,404</b>	<b>91,996</b>	<b>93,081</b>	<b>94,194</b>	<b>95,870</b>	<b>96,372</b>	<b>97,286</b>	<b>98,282</b>	<b>99,860</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 497,973	\$ 462,889	\$ 493,478	\$ 519,627	\$ 540,115	\$ 566,791	\$ 590,324	\$ 621,449	\$ 624,967	\$ 629,147	\$ 642,257	\$ 648,400	\$ 640,837	\$ 639,981	\$ 666,480	\$ 680,467	\$ 707,996	\$ 761,807	\$ 817,544	\$ 865,793
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 498,034</b>	<b>\$ 462,949</b>	<b>\$ 493,537</b>	<b>\$ 519,686</b>	<b>\$ 540,175</b>	<b>\$ 566,850</b>	<b>\$ 590,383</b>	<b>\$ 621,508</b>	<b>\$ 625,027</b>	<b>\$ 629,206</b>	<b>\$ 642,316</b>	<b>\$ 648,459</b>	<b>\$ 640,896</b>	<b>\$ 640,040</b>	<b>\$ 666,539</b>	<b>\$ 680,527</b>	<b>\$ 708,055</b>	<b>\$ 761,866</b>	<b>\$ 817,603</b>	<b>\$ 865,852</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,573	\$ 83,755	\$ 83,916	\$ 84,903	\$ 85,626	\$ 85,634	\$ 87,025	\$ 87,311	\$ 87,311	\$ 87,622	\$ 87,622	\$ 87,622	\$ 87,622	\$ 88,191	\$ 89,934	\$ 91,578	\$ 93,489	\$ 95,611
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,938	\$ 3,024	\$ 3,045	\$ 2,298	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,285	\$ 2,315	\$ 2,368	\$ 2,404	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,457	\$ 2,487	\$ 2,496	\$ 2,575	\$ 2,576	\$ 2,516	\$ 2,492	\$ 2,498	\$ 2,478
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 87,222</b>	<b>\$ 87,391</b>	<b>\$ 87,618</b>	<b>\$ 86,053</b>	<b>\$ 86,225</b>	<b>\$ 87,197</b>	<b>\$ 87,941</b>	<b>\$ 87,949</b>	<b>\$ 89,394</b>	<b>\$ 89,715</b>	<b>\$ 89,736</b>	<b>\$ 90,079</b>	<b>\$ 90,109</b>	<b>\$ 90,118</b>	<b>\$ 90,197</b>	<b>\$ 90,767</b>	<b>\$ 92,450</b>	<b>\$ 94,070</b>	<b>\$ 95,987</b>	<b>\$ 98,089</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 24,400	\$ 25,538	\$ 26,556	\$ 27,623	\$ 27,711	\$ 27,802	\$ 28,257	\$ 28,562	\$ 28,697	\$ 29,252	\$ 29,960	\$ 30,730	\$ 31,582	\$ 32,423	\$ 33,089	\$ 33,329	\$ 33,375	\$ 33,400	\$ 33,400	\$ 33,400
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,826	\$ 1,936	\$ 2,252	\$ 2,488	\$ 2,571	\$ 2,624	\$ 2,770	\$ 2,844	\$ 2,762	\$ 2,836	\$ 2,891	\$ 2,986	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,187	\$ 3,136	\$ 3,232	\$ 3,322	\$ 3,438	\$ 3,561	\$ 3,722
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 26,226</b>	<b>\$ 27,474</b>	<b>\$ 28,808</b>	<b>\$ 30,110</b>	<b>\$ 30,282</b>	<b>\$ 30,427</b>	<b>\$ 31,027</b>	<b>\$ 31,405</b>	<b>\$ 31,458</b>	<b>\$ 32,088</b>	<b>\$ 32,851</b>	<b>\$ 33,716</b>	<b>\$ 34,582</b>	<b>\$ 35,610</b>	<b>\$ 36,224</b>	<b>\$ 36,561</b>	<b>\$ 36,813</b>	<b>\$ 37,051</b>	<b>\$ 37,192</b>	<b>\$ 37,166</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 619,475</b>	<b>\$ 586,835</b>	<b>\$ 620,404</b>	<b>\$ 648,025</b>	<b>\$ 670,664</b>	<b>\$ 700,204</b>	<b>\$ 726,902</b>	<b>\$ 758,839</b>	<b>\$ 763,984</b>	<b>\$ 769,168</b>	<b>\$ 783,068</b>	<b>\$ 790,440</b>	<b>\$ 783,773</b>	<b>\$ 771,790</b>	<b>\$ 798,912</b>	<b>\$ 813,834</b>	<b>\$ 843,302</b>	<b>\$ 899,007</b>	<b>\$ 956,783</b>	<b>\$ 1,007,119</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	72	73	128	132	132	137	155	156	162	183	199	222	244	266	280	280	280	280	280
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1.8	3	4	5	6	7	8	8	10	10	11
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	64	64	71	75	75	75	75	75	77	77	77	77	81	87	92	99	106
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>347</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	1,619	1,661	2,883	2,995	2,995	3,091	3,505	3,536	3,658	4,136	4,505	5,019	5,519	6,017	6,327	6,327	6,327	6,327	6,327
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	8	12	14	17	20	23	25	30	30	33
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>1,651</b>	<b>1,692</b>	<b>2,914</b>	<b>3,026</b>	<b>3,026</b>	<b>3,122</b>	<b>3,536</b>	<b>3,567</b>	<b>3,689</b>	<b>4,170</b>	<b>4,542</b>	<b>5,059</b>	<b>5,562</b>	<b>6,063</b>	<b>6,376</b>	<b>6,378</b>	<b>6,383</b>	<b>6,383</b>	<b>6,386</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	6.5	9	9
WVF Main	-	-	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 9,528,224

**Sensitivity 6: IRP Rmix 1 - Original Design Weather - Old Design Weather (Coldest 20 Year Peak & Annual)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,459	4,529	4,581	4,652	4,682	4,732	4,779	4,847	4,880	4,930	4,983	5,062	5,098	5,157	5,217	5,304	5,333	5,381	5,434	5,515
Astoria	1,396	1,411	1,421	1,436	1,439	1,449	1,456	1,470	1,474	1,482	1,492	1,508	1,512	1,523	1,536	1,555	1,560	1,569	1,580	1,598
Dalles	888	909	926	949	958	974	989	1,010	1,019	1,034	1,049	1,072	1,081	1,097	1,113	1,138	1,145	1,158	1,173	1,196
Eugene	5,450	5,561	5,647	5,754	5,811	5,890	5,962	6,059	6,114	6,186	6,262	6,367	6,420	6,498	6,581	6,696	6,743	6,811	6,885	6,991
Newport LC	1,043	1,063	1,078	1,097	1,108	1,122	1,135	1,152	1,162	1,174	1,188	1,206	1,216	1,230	1,245	1,266	1,275	1,288	1,302	1,321
Portland	48,456	49,029	49,410	50,057	50,175	50,552	50,895	51,527	51,692	52,083	52,527	53,297	53,509	54,040	54,591	55,495	55,679	56,128	56,629	57,490
Salem	10,592	10,780	10,908	11,083	11,159	11,281	11,394	11,560	11,640	11,760</										

**Sensitivity 7: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Load Growth (-1% Decrease per Year)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	71,753	70,726	69,382	68,323	66,688	65,362	64,020	62,995	61,551	60,343	59,213	58,396	57,111	56,141	55,232	54,624	53,449	52,496	51,610	51,004
Annual Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>71,753</b>	<b>70,726</b>	<b>69,382</b>	<b>68,323</b>	<b>66,688</b>	<b>65,362</b>	<b>64,020</b>	<b>62,995</b>	<b>61,551</b>	<b>60,343</b>	<b>59,213</b>	<b>58,396</b>	<b>57,111</b>	<b>56,141</b>	<b>55,232</b>	<b>54,624</b>	<b>53,449</b>	<b>52,496</b>	<b>51,610</b>	<b>51,004</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	901	887	869	851	833	816	800	784	770	755	741	730	717	705	693	683	670	657	645	636
Peak Day Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>887</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>816</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>741</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>693</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>636</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 419,425	\$ 394,560	\$ 408,468	\$ 418,125	\$ 423,976	\$ 429,398	\$ 429,078	\$ 437,683	\$ 422,941	\$ 409,993	\$ 404,396	\$ 396,869	\$ 380,976	\$ 371,258	\$ 375,953	\$ 374,109	\$ 380,410	\$ 393,029	\$ 407,458	\$ 417,912
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 419,486</b>	<b>\$ 394,619</b>	<b>\$ 408,527</b>	<b>\$ 418,184</b>	<b>\$ 424,035</b>	<b>\$ 429,458</b>	<b>\$ 429,137</b>	<b>\$ 437,742</b>	<b>\$ 423,000</b>	<b>\$ 410,053</b>	<b>\$ 404,455</b>	<b>\$ 396,928</b>	<b>\$ 381,035</b>	<b>\$ 371,317</b>	<b>\$ 376,012</b>	<b>\$ 374,168</b>	<b>\$ 380,470</b>	<b>\$ 393,088</b>	<b>\$ 407,517</b>	<b>\$ 417,971</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,367	\$ 74,631	\$ 74,631	\$ 74,631	\$ 74,631	\$ 74,631	\$ 76,014	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292	\$ 76,292
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,461	\$ 2,485	\$ 2,471	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,257	\$ 2,205	\$ 2,149	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,058	\$ 2,006	\$ 1,954	\$ 1,915	\$ 1,866	\$ 1,834	\$ 1,801	\$ 1,779	\$ 1,744	\$ 1,719	\$ 1,680	\$ 1,630
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,745</b>	<b>\$ 86,852</b>	<b>\$ 86,838</b>	<b>\$ 76,948</b>	<b>\$ 76,888</b>	<b>\$ 76,836</b>	<b>\$ 76,780</b>	<b>\$ 76,750</b>	<b>\$ 78,072</b>	<b>\$ 78,298</b>	<b>\$ 78,245</b>	<b>\$ 78,207</b>	<b>\$ 78,158</b>	<b>\$ 78,126</b>	<b>\$ 78,092</b>	<b>\$ 78,071</b>	<b>\$ 78,036</b>	<b>\$ 78,011</b>	<b>\$ 77,972</b>	<b>\$ 77,921</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 22,550	\$ 22,550	\$ 22,956	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,447	\$ 1,486	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,917	\$ 1,968	\$ 1,973	\$ 1,938	\$ 1,978	\$ 1,945	\$ 1,951	\$ 1,903	\$ 1,933	\$ 1,956	\$ 2,011	\$ 2,237	\$ 2,545	\$ 2,563	\$ 2,500
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 23,997</b>	<b>\$ 24,037</b>	<b>\$ 24,781</b>	<b>\$ 25,174</b>	<b>\$ 25,228</b>	<b>\$ 25,274</b>	<b>\$ 25,325</b>	<b>\$ 25,329</b>	<b>\$ 25,295</b>	<b>\$ 25,334</b>	<b>\$ 25,302</b>	<b>\$ 25,308</b>	<b>\$ 25,259</b>	<b>\$ 25,290</b>	<b>\$ 25,313</b>	<b>\$ 25,367</b>	<b>\$ 25,594</b>	<b>\$ 25,901</b>	<b>\$ 25,920</b>	<b>\$ 25,857</b>
<b>DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)</b>	<b>\$ 7,179</b>	<b>\$ 7,736</b>	<b>\$ 8,714</b>	<b>\$ 9,974</b>	<b>\$ 11,245</b>	<b>\$ 12,426</b>	<b>\$ 13,674</b>	<b>\$ 13,627</b>	<b>\$ 13,506</b>	<b>\$ 13,336</b>	<b>\$ 13,156</b>	<b>\$ 12,989</b>	<b>\$ 12,812</b>	<b>\$ 12,134</b>	<b>\$ 2,025</b>	<b>\$ 1,991</b>	<b>\$ 1,942</b>	<b>\$ 1,912</b>	<b>\$ 1,865</b>	<b>\$ 1,835</b>
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 948	\$ 1,736	\$ 2,739	\$ 3,877	\$ 5,157	\$ 6,559	\$ 8,094	\$ 9,626	\$ 11,171	\$ 12,671	\$ 14,117	\$ 15,450	\$ 16,730	\$ 17,539	\$ 18,055	\$ 18,554	\$ 19,021	\$ 19,473	\$ 19,892	\$ 20,295
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 537,406</b>	<b>\$ 513,244</b>	<b>\$ 528,861</b>	<b>\$ 530,280</b>	<b>\$ 537,396</b>	<b>\$ 543,994</b>	<b>\$ 544,916</b>	<b>\$ 553,448</b>	<b>\$ 539,873</b>	<b>\$ 527,021</b>	<b>\$ 521,157</b>	<b>\$ 513,431</b>	<b>\$ 497,264</b>	<b>\$ 476,867</b>	<b>\$ 481,442</b>	<b>\$ 479,598</b>	<b>\$ 486,042</b>	<b>\$ 498,912</b>	<b>\$ 513,273</b>	<b>\$ 523,585</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	2	2	2	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>

<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Mist Recall	44	44	44	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>

<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 6,742,154

**Sensitivity 7: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Load Growth (-1% Decrease per Year)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	3,938	3,880	3,804	3,743	3,653	3,579	3,504	3,446	3,367	3,300	3,238	3,192	3,122	3,068	3,017	2,963	2,918	2,865	2,816	2,781
Astoria	1,220	1,197	1,170	1,147	1,115	1,088	1,061	1,039	1,010	986	962	945	919	899	881	869	847	829	812	800
Dalles	769	757	742	729	711	696	680	668	652	638	625	616	601	590	579	572	559	548	538	531
Eugene	4,825	4,754	4,662	4,590	4,479	4,388	4,297	4,227	4,127	4,044	3,967	3,910	3,821	3,753	3,691	3,649	3,570	3,507	3,448	3,408
Newport LC	946	929	908	891	867	846	825	808	786	766	748	734	714	698	685	674	657	644	630	621
Portland	43,505	42,912	42,121	41,500	40,528	39,742	38,944	38,337	37,474	36,753	36,080	35,598	34,829	34,254	33,714	33,356	32,651	32,079	31,548	31,187
Salem	9,441	9,300																		

**Sensitivity 8: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Short Term Load Growth (First 5 Years)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	71,753	70,726	69,382	68,323	66,688	65,844	65,433	65,791	66,161	66,744	67,383	68,357	68,755	69,488	70,258	71,397	71,764	72,392	73,080	74,146
Annual Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>71,753</b>	<b>70,726</b>	<b>69,382</b>	<b>68,323</b>	<b>66,688</b>	<b>65,844</b>	<b>65,433</b>	<b>65,791</b>	<b>66,161</b>	<b>66,744</b>	<b>67,383</b>	<b>68,357</b>	<b>68,755</b>	<b>69,488</b>	<b>70,258</b>	<b>71,397</b>	<b>71,764</b>	<b>72,392</b>	<b>73,080</b>	<b>74,146</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	901	887	869	851	833	823	818	820	830	839	849	860	870	880	890	903	910	918	926	937
Peak Day Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>887</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>833</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>937</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 419,425	\$ 394,560	\$ 408,468	\$ 418,269	\$ 423,684	\$ 432,372	\$ 439,724	\$ 459,761	\$ 459,137	\$ 459,329	\$ 469,333	\$ 473,632	\$ 469,651	\$ 472,306	\$ 488,421	\$ 502,184	\$ 523,047	\$ 557,292	\$ 600,787	\$ 633,985
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 419,486</b>	<b>\$ 394,619</b>	<b>\$ 408,527</b>	<b>\$ 418,328</b>	<b>\$ 423,743</b>	<b>\$ 432,431</b>	<b>\$ 439,784</b>	<b>\$ 459,820</b>	<b>\$ 459,196</b>	<b>\$ 459,388</b>	<b>\$ 469,393</b>	<b>\$ 473,691</b>	<b>\$ 469,711</b>	<b>\$ 472,365</b>	<b>\$ 488,480</b>	<b>\$ 502,243</b>	<b>\$ 523,106</b>	<b>\$ 557,351</b>	<b>\$ 600,847</b>	<b>\$ 634,045</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,367	\$ 74,631	\$ 74,806	\$ 74,806	\$ 74,806	\$ 74,806	\$ 76,189	\$ 76,466	\$ 76,466	\$ 76,466	\$ 76,466	\$ 76,466	\$ 76,724	\$ 77,927	\$ 78,488	\$ 78,734	\$ 80,056	\$ 80,163
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,461	\$ 2,485	\$ 2,471	\$ 2,318	\$ 2,260	\$ 2,228	\$ 2,210	\$ 2,226	\$ 2,215	\$ 2,228	\$ 2,256	\$ 2,288	\$ 2,302	\$ 2,342	\$ 2,352	\$ 2,318	\$ 2,306	\$ 2,287	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,321
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,745</b>	<b>\$ 86,852</b>	<b>\$ 86,838</b>	<b>\$ 76,949</b>	<b>\$ 77,066</b>	<b>\$ 77,034</b>	<b>\$ 77,016</b>	<b>\$ 77,032</b>	<b>\$ 78,404</b>	<b>\$ 78,694</b>	<b>\$ 78,722</b>	<b>\$ 78,755</b>	<b>\$ 78,768</b>	<b>\$ 78,808</b>	<b>\$ 79,076</b>	<b>\$ 80,246</b>	<b>\$ 80,794</b>	<b>\$ 81,021</b>	<b>\$ 82,332</b>	<b>\$ 82,484</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 22,550	\$ 22,550	\$ 22,956	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,357	\$ 23,436	\$ 23,576	\$ 23,778	\$ 23,879	\$ 23,879	\$ 24,293
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,447	\$ 1,486	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,863	\$ 1,893	\$ 1,953	\$ 1,989	\$ 1,933	\$ 1,997	\$ 1,971	\$ 2,009	\$ 1,983	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,089	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,292	\$ 2,416	\$ 2,659	\$ 2,699
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 23,997</b>	<b>\$ 24,037</b>	<b>\$ 24,781</b>	<b>\$ 25,174</b>	<b>\$ 25,220</b>	<b>\$ 25,249</b>	<b>\$ 25,310</b>	<b>\$ 25,346</b>	<b>\$ 25,289</b>	<b>\$ 25,353</b>	<b>\$ 25,328</b>	<b>\$ 25,366</b>	<b>\$ 25,339</b>	<b>\$ 25,604</b>	<b>\$ 25,525</b>	<b>\$ 25,695</b>	<b>\$ 26,069</b>	<b>\$ 26,294</b>	<b>\$ 26,538</b>	<b>\$ 26,991</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,179	\$ 7,736	\$ 8,714	\$ 9,974	\$ 11,245	\$ 12,519	\$ 13,996	\$ 14,287	\$ 14,576	\$ 14,764	\$ 14,899	\$ 15,020	\$ 15,108	\$ 3,856	\$ 3,865	\$ 3,949	\$ 4,006	\$ 4,080	\$ 4,113	\$ 4,165
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 948	\$ 1,736	\$ 2,739	\$ 3,877	\$ 5,157	\$ 6,640	\$ 8,402	\$ 10,341	\$ 12,505	\$ 14,695	\$ 16,890	\$ 19,021	\$ 21,145	\$ 22,796	\$ 24,161	\$ 25,535	\$ 26,899	\$ 28,272	\$ 29,629	\$ 30,987
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 537,406</b>	<b>\$ 513,244</b>	<b>\$ 528,861</b>	<b>\$ 530,425</b>	<b>\$ 537,274</b>	<b>\$ 547,233</b>	<b>\$ 556,106</b>	<b>\$ 576,484</b>	<b>\$ 577,465</b>	<b>\$ 578,200</b>	<b>\$ 588,341</b>	<b>\$ 592,832</b>	<b>\$ 588,925</b>	<b>\$ 580,633</b>	<b>\$ 596,946</b>	<b>\$ 612,134</b>	<b>\$ 633,976</b>	<b>\$ 668,746</b>	<b>\$ 713,830</b>	<b>\$ 747,685</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	2	2	2	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	7	12	12	21
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	16	19	21	29	30
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(28)</b>	<b>(26)</b>	<b>(15)</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>(0)</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	44	44	44	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	7
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	21	36	36	63
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>616</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 7,442,189

**Sensitivity 8: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Short Term Load Growth (First 5 Years)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	3,938	3,880	3,804	3,743	3,653	3,606	3,583	3,602	3,625	3,658	3,694	3,748	3,772	3,813	3,856	3,917	3,938	3,972	4,010	4,067
Astoria	1,220	1,197	1,170	1,147	1,115	1,096	1,085	1,087	1,089	1,094	1,101	1,113	1,115	1,123	1,132	1,147	1,150	1,157	1,165	1,179
Dalles	769	757	742	729	711	702	699	705	714	725	736	750	759	770	782	798	805	815	826	841
Eugene	4,825	4,754	4,662	4,590	4,479	4,423	4,403	4,441	4,482	4,537	4,595	4,675	4,714	4,773	4,838	4,927	4,962	5,016	5,073	5,156
Newport LC	946	929	908	891	867	853	846	851	858	867	877	891	897	908	919	936	943	953	963	978
Portland	43,505	42,912	42,121	41,500	40,528	40,008	39,710	39,840	39,941	40,175	40,447	40,926	41,064	41,410	41,780	42,373	42,510	42,805	43,138	43,699
Salem	9,441	9,300	9,118	8,976	8,754	8,639	8,585	8,639	8,693	8,777	8,868	9,007	9,064	9,166	9,273	9,431	9,482	9,570	9,667	9,815
Vancouver	7,109	6,996	6,857	6,745	6,582	6,519	6,522	6,626	6,760	6,911	7,064	7,247	7,370	7,526	7,679	7,868	7,974	8,103	8,238	8,411
<b>Total</b>	<b>71,753</b>	<b>70,726</b>	<b>69,382</b>	<b>68,323&lt;/</b>																

**Sensitivity 9: IRP RMix1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Long Term Load Growth (Last 12 Years)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	77,551	77,178	76,574	74,836	73,390	72,042	71,075	69,537	68,373	67,271	66,538	65,112	63,958	62,884	62,153
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>77,551</b>	<b>77,178</b>	<b>76,574</b>	<b>74,836</b>	<b>73,390</b>	<b>72,042</b>	<b>71,075</b>	<b>69,537</b>	<b>68,373</b>	<b>67,271</b>	<b>66,538</b>	<b>65,112</b>	<b>63,958</b>	<b>62,884</b>	<b>62,153</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	976	972	962	944	926	910	896	880	865	851	839	822	807	793	781
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>976</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>944</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>793</b>	<b>781</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,600	\$ 447,849	\$ 473,552	\$ 494,143	\$ 511,031	\$ 523,079	\$ 540,244	\$ 522,798	\$ 507,225	\$ 501,572	\$ 491,809	\$ 471,433	\$ 457,918	\$ 463,622	\$ 461,200	\$ 467,444	\$ 485,072	\$ 507,545	\$ 517,792
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,659</b>	<b>\$ 447,908</b>	<b>\$ 473,611</b>	<b>\$ 494,203</b>	<b>\$ 511,091</b>	<b>\$ 523,139</b>	<b>\$ 540,303</b>	<b>\$ 522,857</b>	<b>\$ 507,284</b>	<b>\$ 501,631</b>	<b>\$ 491,869</b>	<b>\$ 471,492</b>	<b>\$ 457,977</b>	<b>\$ 463,682</b>	<b>\$ 461,259</b>	<b>\$ 467,503</b>	<b>\$ 485,132</b>	<b>\$ 507,604</b>	<b>\$ 517,851</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,370	\$ 80,483	\$ 80,653	\$ 80,656	\$ 80,656	\$ 80,656	\$ 82,039	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316	\$ 82,316
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,701	\$ 2,181	\$ 2,212	\$ 2,237	\$ 2,195	\$ 2,181	\$ 2,158	\$ 2,118	\$ 2,085	\$ 2,065	\$ 2,006	\$ 1,959	\$ 1,923	\$ 1,892	\$ 1,844	\$ 1,823	\$ 1,777	\$ 1,749
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,848</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,071</b>	<b>\$ 82,665</b>	<b>\$ 82,864</b>	<b>\$ 82,893</b>	<b>\$ 82,851</b>	<b>\$ 82,837</b>	<b>\$ 84,197</b>	<b>\$ 84,434</b>	<b>\$ 84,401</b>	<b>\$ 84,381</b>	<b>\$ 84,323</b>	<b>\$ 84,275</b>	<b>\$ 84,239</b>	<b>\$ 84,208</b>	<b>\$ 84,160</b>	<b>\$ 84,140</b>	<b>\$ 84,093</b>	<b>\$ 84,065</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,124	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906	\$ 25,906
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,564	\$ 1,803	\$ 2,201	\$ 2,404	\$ 2,219	\$ 2,303	\$ 2,363	\$ 2,186	\$ 2,172	\$ 2,135	\$ 2,160	\$ 2,084	\$ 2,100	\$ 2,101	\$ 2,114	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,343	\$ 2,638	\$ 2,630
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,739</b>	<b>\$ 26,926</b>	<b>\$ 28,107</b>	<b>\$ 28,310</b>	<b>\$ 28,125</b>	<b>\$ 28,209</b>	<b>\$ 28,269</b>	<b>\$ 28,092</b>	<b>\$ 28,078</b>	<b>\$ 28,041</b>	<b>\$ 28,066</b>	<b>\$ 27,990</b>	<b>\$ 28,006</b>	<b>\$ 28,007</b>	<b>\$ 28,020</b>	<b>\$ 28,214</b>	<b>\$ 28,249</b>	<b>\$ 28,544</b>	<b>\$ 28,536</b>
<b>DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)</b>	<b>\$ 7,993</b>	<b>\$ 9,021</b>	<b>\$ 10,441</b>	<b>\$ 12,175</b>	<b>\$ 13,983</b>	<b>\$ 15,570</b>	<b>\$ 17,100</b>	<b>\$ 17,041</b>	<b>\$ 16,683</b>	<b>\$ 16,309</b>	<b>\$ 15,939</b>	<b>\$ 15,613</b>	<b>\$ 15,297</b>	<b>\$ 3,785</b>	<b>\$ 3,574</b>	<b>\$ 3,458</b>	<b>\$ 3,335</b>	<b>\$ 3,242</b>	<b>\$ 3,127</b>	<b>\$ 3,040</b>
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,274	\$ 11,371	\$ 13,328	\$ 15,151	\$ 16,900	\$ 18,564	\$ 20,087	\$ 21,535	\$ 22,459	\$ 23,061	\$ 23,639	\$ 24,178	\$ 24,697	\$ 25,174	\$ 25,629
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 555,467</b>	<b>\$ 542,442</b>	<b>\$ 572,347</b>	<b>\$ 596,557</b>	<b>\$ 619,360</b>	<b>\$ 637,679</b>	<b>\$ 651,298</b>	<b>\$ 668,450</b>	<b>\$ 651,830</b>	<b>\$ 636,105</b>	<b>\$ 630,011</b>	<b>\$ 619,929</b>	<b>\$ 599,102</b>	<b>\$ 574,044</b>	<b>\$ 579,502</b>	<b>\$ 576,945</b>	<b>\$ 583,213</b>	<b>\$ 600,762</b>	<b>\$ 623,368</b>	<b>\$ 633,493</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119	2,119
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>2,120</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Main	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 7,828,925

**Sensitivity 9: IRP RMix1 - 85% Probability Weather - Negative Long Term Load Growth (Last 12 Years)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,246	4,224	4,187	4,092	4,011	3,937	3,882	3,799	3,734	3,673	3,631	3,553	3,488	3,429	3,387
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,295	1,283	1,267	1,232	1,203	1,175	1,155	1,124	1,100	1,078	1,063	1,036	1,015	994	980
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	854	846	826	809	793	782	764	750	737	728	712	699	686	678	678
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,334	5,311	5,267	5,143	5,041	4,945	4,875	4,766	4,681	4,604	4,553	4,454	4,375	4,301	4,251
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,039	1,032	1,020	993	970	948	931	907	888	871	859	838	821	805	793
Portland	44,474	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,087	45,810	45,443	44,434	43,596	42,815	42,262	41,368	40,698	40,063	39,647	38,816	38,145	37,521	37,100
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,238	10,185	10,101	9,863	9,668	9,487	9,360	9,152	8,995	8,847	8,750	8,557	8,403	8,260	8,165	8,165
Vancouver	7,422																			



**Sensitivity 10: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited Canadian Supply 1 (3% increase in AECO)**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 512,635	\$ 533,248	\$ 563,256	\$ 583,775	\$ 589,142	\$ 596,735	\$ 600,907	\$ 616,273	\$ 638,076	\$ 635,431	\$ 609,517	\$ 648,378	\$ 681,337	\$ 699,952	\$ 731,581	\$ 759,916	\$ 778,928	\$ 819,890	\$ 851,868	\$ 876,234
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 512,696</b>	<b>\$ 533,307</b>	<b>\$ 563,315</b>	<b>\$ 583,835</b>	<b>\$ 589,202</b>	<b>\$ 596,794</b>	<b>\$ 600,966</b>	<b>\$ 616,332</b>	<b>\$ 638,135</b>	<b>\$ 635,490</b>	<b>\$ 609,576</b>	<b>\$ 648,438</b>	<b>\$ 681,396</b>	<b>\$ 700,011</b>	<b>\$ 731,640</b>	<b>\$ 759,976</b>	<b>\$ 778,987</b>	<b>\$ 819,949</b>	<b>\$ 851,927</b>	<b>\$ 876,293</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,436	\$ 79,827	\$ 80,174	\$ 81,047	\$ 81,872	\$ 81,880	\$ 83,268	\$ 83,546	\$ 84,077	\$ 84,656	\$ 85,178	\$ 85,610	\$ 86,572	\$ 87,527	\$ 88,174	\$ 89,138	\$ 90,854	\$ 92,228
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,532	\$ 2,615	\$ 2,649	\$ 2,219	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,224	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,235	\$ 2,259	\$ 2,289	\$ 2,302	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,305	\$ 2,318	\$ 2,327	\$ 2,347	\$ 2,354	\$ 2,358	\$ 2,376	\$ 2,408
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,816</b>	<b>\$ 86,983</b>	<b>\$ 87,085</b>	<b>\$ 82,046</b>	<b>\$ 82,399</b>	<b>\$ 83,271</b>	<b>\$ 84,050</b>	<b>\$ 84,115</b>	<b>\$ 85,527</b>	<b>\$ 85,834</b>	<b>\$ 86,379</b>	<b>\$ 86,964</b>	<b>\$ 87,484</b>	<b>\$ 87,928</b>	<b>\$ 88,899</b>	<b>\$ 89,874</b>	<b>\$ 90,528</b>	<b>\$ 91,496</b>	<b>\$ 93,230</b>	<b>\$ 94,636</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,210	\$ 26,077	\$ 26,077	\$ 26,077	\$ 26,472	\$ 26,795	\$ 26,848	\$ 27,071	\$ 27,456	\$ 27,884	\$ 28,379	\$ 28,673	\$ 28,895	\$ 29,210	\$ 29,579	\$ 29,743	\$ 29,743	\$ 30,125
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,617	\$ 1,886	\$ 2,262	\$ 2,780	\$ 2,774	\$ 2,677	\$ 2,909	\$ 2,751	\$ 2,925	\$ 2,956	\$ 2,897	\$ 2,975	\$ 3,179	\$ 3,280	\$ 3,373	\$ 3,422	\$ 3,485	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,645	\$ 3,484
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 25,115</b>	<b>\$ 26,061</b>	<b>\$ 27,472</b>	<b>\$ 28,858</b>	<b>\$ 28,852</b>	<b>\$ 28,755</b>	<b>\$ 29,381</b>	<b>\$ 29,546</b>	<b>\$ 29,773</b>	<b>\$ 30,028</b>	<b>\$ 30,354</b>	<b>\$ 30,859</b>	<b>\$ 31,558</b>	<b>\$ 31,953</b>	<b>\$ 32,267</b>	<b>\$ 32,632</b>	<b>\$ 33,064</b>	<b>\$ 33,329</b>	<b>\$ 33,388</b>	<b>\$ 33,608</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 632,620</b>	<b>\$ 655,372</b>	<b>\$ 688,313</b>	<b>\$ 706,913</b>	<b>\$ 714,436</b>	<b>\$ 724,549</b>	<b>\$ 731,978</b>	<b>\$ 747,971</b>	<b>\$ 771,540</b>	<b>\$ 769,511</b>	<b>\$ 744,474</b>	<b>\$ 784,446</b>	<b>\$ 818,625</b>	<b>\$ 825,914</b>	<b>\$ 858,759</b>	<b>\$ 888,461</b>	<b>\$ 908,563</b>	<b>\$ 950,793</b>	<b>\$ 984,546</b>	<b>\$ 1,010,550</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	98	98	98	98	117	119	119	127	137	148	162	162	162	162	162	162	162
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	9	13	21	21	23
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	11	13	13	21
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	39	41	46	52	52	52	52	55	59	62	65	71	77	81	84	90	95
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,226	2,226	2,226	2,226	2,645	2,680	2,681	2,877	3,103	3,354	3,661	3,665	3,665	3,665	3,665	3,665	3,665
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	26	27	40	63	63	70
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	33	40	40	62
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,227</b>	<b>2,227</b>	<b>2,227</b>	<b>2,227</b>	<b>2,646</b>	<b>2,682</b>	<b>2,686</b>	<b>2,885</b>	<b>3,114</b>	<b>3,369</b>	<b>3,679</b>	<b>3,691</b>	<b>3,713</b>	<b>3,738</b>	<b>3,767</b>	<b>3,767</b>	<b>3,796</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	5.0	6	6
WVF Main	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 9,923,521

**Sensitivity 10: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited Canadian Supply 1 (3% increase in AECO)**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,576				

**Sensitivity 12: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited North American Supply**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,619	74,754	75,600	76,766	77,265	78,076	78,825	79,928	80,459	81,252	82,116	83,389	83,957	84,925	85,912	87,372	87,884	88,715	89,620	90,991
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,635</b>	<b>74,754</b>	<b>75,600</b>	<b>76,766</b>	<b>77,265</b>	<b>78,076</b>	<b>78,825</b>	<b>79,928</b>	<b>80,459</b>	<b>81,252</b>	<b>82,116</b>	<b>83,389</b>	<b>83,957</b>	<b>84,925</b>	<b>85,912</b>	<b>87,372</b>	<b>87,884</b>	<b>88,715</b>	<b>89,620</b>	<b>90,991</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	972	984	995	1,006	1,019	1,031	1,044	1,059	1,072	1,085	1,098	1,114	1,124	1,134	1,145	1,159
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,006</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,044</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,085</b>	<b>1,098</b>	<b>1,114</b>	<b>1,124</b>	<b>1,134</b>	<b>1,145</b>	<b>1,159</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 613,184	\$ 626,733	\$ 661,568	\$ 692,391	\$ 698,931	\$ 706,227	\$ 709,219	\$ 728,389	\$ 754,503	\$ 754,859	\$ 722,100	\$ 766,148	\$ 804,723	\$ 828,822	\$ 864,880	\$ 898,224	\$ 920,663	\$ 968,866	\$ 1,006,455	\$ 1,035,346
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 613,245</b>	<b>\$ 626,793</b>	<b>\$ 661,627</b>	<b>\$ 692,451</b>	<b>\$ 698,991</b>	<b>\$ 706,286</b>	<b>\$ 709,278</b>	<b>\$ 728,448</b>	<b>\$ 754,563</b>	<b>\$ 754,859</b>	<b>\$ 722,159</b>	<b>\$ 766,207</b>	<b>\$ 804,782</b>	<b>\$ 828,881</b>	<b>\$ 864,940</b>	<b>\$ 898,283</b>	<b>\$ 920,723</b>	<b>\$ 968,925</b>	<b>\$ 1,006,515</b>	<b>\$ 1,035,405</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,431	\$ 80,387	\$ 80,550	\$ 81,198	\$ 82,017	\$ 82,359	\$ 83,747	\$ 84,025	\$ 84,118	\$ 84,604	\$ 85,292	\$ 85,949	\$ 86,678	\$ 87,535	\$ 88,176	\$ 89,137	\$ 90,849	\$ 92,218
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,567	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,701	\$ 2,196	\$ 2,224	\$ 2,235	\$ 2,180	\$ 2,246	\$ 2,283	\$ 2,303	\$ 2,322	\$ 2,311	\$ 2,311	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,335	\$ 2,362	\$ 2,365	\$ 2,372	\$ 2,390	\$ 2,424
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,850</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,132</b>	<b>\$ 82,583</b>	<b>\$ 82,774</b>	<b>\$ 83,433</b>	<b>\$ 84,198</b>	<b>\$ 84,564</b>	<b>\$ 85,993</b>	<b>\$ 86,308</b>	<b>\$ 86,421</b>	<b>\$ 86,925</b>	<b>\$ 87,603</b>	<b>\$ 88,266</b>	<b>\$ 89,014</b>	<b>\$ 89,897</b>	<b>\$ 90,541</b>	<b>\$ 91,509</b>	<b>\$ 93,239</b>	<b>\$ 94,642</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,497	\$ 24,173	\$ 25,139	\$ 25,939	\$ 25,939	\$ 25,939	\$ 26,175	\$ 26,377	\$ 26,595	\$ 26,998	\$ 27,437	\$ 27,792	\$ 28,122	\$ 28,450	\$ 28,821	\$ 29,189	\$ 29,560	\$ 29,725	\$ 29,725	\$ 30,110
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,942	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,567	\$ 3,194	\$ 3,307	\$ 3,238	\$ 3,406	\$ 3,372	\$ 3,239	\$ 3,408	\$ 3,401	\$ 3,473	\$ 3,682	\$ 3,813	\$ 3,922	\$ 3,982	\$ 4,061	\$ 4,168	\$ 4,243	\$ 4,055
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 25,440</b>	<b>\$ 26,419</b>	<b>\$ 27,705</b>	<b>\$ 29,133</b>	<b>\$ 29,246</b>	<b>\$ 29,177</b>	<b>\$ 29,581</b>	<b>\$ 29,749</b>	<b>\$ 29,834</b>	<b>\$ 30,406</b>	<b>\$ 30,838</b>	<b>\$ 31,265</b>	<b>\$ 31,805</b>	<b>\$ 32,263</b>	<b>\$ 32,743</b>	<b>\$ 33,171</b>	<b>\$ 33,621</b>	<b>\$ 33,893</b>	<b>\$ 33,967</b>	<b>\$ 34,165</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 9,177	\$ 10,373	\$ 12,018	\$ 14,028	\$ 16,115	\$ 18,130	\$ 20,269	\$ 20,673	\$ 20,808	\$ 20,893	\$ 20,908	\$ 20,939	\$ 20,952	\$ 9,942	\$ 6,224	\$ 6,264	\$ 6,288	\$ 6,343	\$ 6,320	\$ 6,326
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,159	\$ 2,296	\$ 3,781	\$ 5,510	\$ 7,504	\$ 9,744	\$ 12,251	\$ 14,856	\$ 17,542	\$ 20,241	\$ 22,932	\$ 25,541	\$ 28,137	\$ 30,180	\$ 31,933	\$ 33,609	\$ 35,275	\$ 36,953	\$ 38,607	\$ 40,262
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 734,712</b>	<b>\$ 750,608</b>	<b>\$ 788,482</b>	<b>\$ 818,195</b>	<b>\$ 827,126</b>	<b>\$ 837,026</b>	<b>\$ 843,326</b>	<b>\$ 863,435</b>	<b>\$ 891,198</b>	<b>\$ 892,466</b>	<b>\$ 860,326</b>	<b>\$ 905,336</b>	<b>\$ 945,142</b>	<b>\$ 959,353</b>	<b>\$ 992,920</b>	<b>\$ 1,027,615</b>	<b>\$ 1,051,172</b>	<b>\$ 1,100,670</b>	<b>\$ 1,140,041</b>	<b>\$ 1,170,537</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	95	95	95	95	106	107	115	126	137	144	153	157	157	157	157	157	157
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	18	18	18	27
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	9	10	17	17	17
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	4
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	43	43	47	53	55	55	55	55	58	63	67	72	77	81	84	90	95
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>242</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	230	918	1,137	2,140	2,140	2,140	2,140	2,390	2,418	2,598	2,858	3,097	3,262	3,453	3,560	3,560	3,560	3,560	3,560	3,560
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	55	55	55	80
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	28	28	30	52	52	52
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	12
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>1,139</b>	<b>2,141</b>	<b>2,141</b>	<b>2,141</b>	<b>2,141</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>2,420</b>	<b>2,604</b>	<b>2,866</b>	<b>3,108</b>	<b>3,276</b>	<b>3,471</b>	<b>3,588</b>	<b>3,619</b>	<b>3,644</b>	<b>3,674</b>	<b>3,674</b>	<b>3,703</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	4	4.8	6	7
WVF Main	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 11,465,478

**Sensitivity 12: IRP RMix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Limited North American Supply**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,204	4,232	4,277	4,318	4,376	4,406	4,449	4,496	4,565	4,596	4,648	4,701	4,778	4,805	4,848	4,896	4,967
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,295	1,304	1,311	1,324	1,327	1,334	1,343	1,358	1,361	1,371	1,382	1,401	1,405	1,414	1,424	1,442
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	877	894	903	916	929	946	956	969	983	1,002	1,011	1,023	1,035	1,053
Eugene	4,975	5,076	5,156	5,255	5,305	5,375	5,441	5,529	5,575	5,639	5,706	5,801	5,845	5,914	5,987	6,094	6,134	6,196	6,263	6,362
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,026	1,035	1,048	1,060	1,076	1,084	1,095	1,107	1,125	1,133	1,145	1,159	1,179	1,187	1,200	1,212	1,231
Portland	44,472	44,993	45,339	45,879	46,028	46,363	46,667	47,184	47,368	47,713	48,103	48,740	48,970	49,440	49,925	50,690	50,909	51,315	51,769	52,494
Salem	9,699	9,856	9,974	10,136	10,202	10,313	10,415	10,566	10,635	10,742	10,858	11,032	11,107	11,235	11,366	11,				

**Sensitivity 13: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Unconstrained Mist Recall**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,640	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	926	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 433,321	\$ 420,601	\$ 449,380	\$ 473,988	\$ 492,847	\$ 516,556	\$ 538,666	\$ 564,841	\$ 567,990	\$ 571,511	\$ 580,821	\$ 587,075	\$ 583,283	\$ 579,229	\$ 604,215	\$ 619,328	\$ 644,305	\$ 692,176	\$ 743,054	\$ 787,648
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 433,382</b>	<b>\$ 420,661</b>	<b>\$ 449,439</b>	<b>\$ 474,047</b>	<b>\$ 492,906</b>	<b>\$ 516,616</b>	<b>\$ 538,725</b>	<b>\$ 564,900</b>	<b>\$ 568,049</b>	<b>\$ 571,570</b>	<b>\$ 580,880</b>	<b>\$ 587,134</b>	<b>\$ 583,342</b>	<b>\$ 579,288</b>	<b>\$ 604,275</b>	<b>\$ 619,388</b>	<b>\$ 644,364</b>	<b>\$ 692,236</b>	<b>\$ 743,113</b>	<b>\$ 787,708</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 84,284	\$ 84,367	\$ 84,432	\$ 80,046	\$ 80,238	\$ 81,111	\$ 81,936	\$ 81,945	\$ 83,332	\$ 83,610	\$ 83,820	\$ 84,661	\$ 85,317	\$ 85,347	\$ 86,387	\$ 87,424	\$ 88,174	\$ 88,954	\$ 90,670	\$ 92,044
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,549	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,710	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,245	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,197	\$ 2,221	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,306	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,349	\$ 2,357	\$ 2,375	\$ 2,404
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 86,833</b>	<b>\$ 87,023</b>	<b>\$ 87,142</b>	<b>\$ 82,271</b>	<b>\$ 82,483</b>	<b>\$ 83,350</b>	<b>\$ 84,133</b>	<b>\$ 84,166</b>	<b>\$ 85,610</b>	<b>\$ 85,916</b>	<b>\$ 86,138</b>	<b>\$ 86,993</b>	<b>\$ 87,640</b>	<b>\$ 87,687</b>	<b>\$ 88,727</b>	<b>\$ 89,775</b>	<b>\$ 90,523</b>	<b>\$ 91,312</b>	<b>\$ 93,044</b>	<b>\$ 94,448</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,741	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,322	\$ 26,024	\$ 26,024	\$ 26,024	\$ 26,420	\$ 26,743	\$ 26,817	\$ 27,186	\$ 27,541	\$ 27,820	\$ 28,460	\$ 28,843	\$ 28,965	\$ 29,150	\$ 29,533	\$ 29,749	\$ 29,749	\$ 30,131
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,503	\$ 1,560	\$ 1,940	\$ 2,356	\$ 2,409	\$ 2,426	\$ 2,636	\$ 2,693	\$ 2,551	\$ 2,655	\$ 2,643	\$ 2,663	\$ 2,704	\$ 2,766	\$ 2,798	\$ 2,850	\$ 2,951	\$ 3,098	\$ 3,322	\$ 3,189
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 25,244</b>	<b>\$ 25,735</b>	<b>\$ 27,263</b>	<b>\$ 28,380</b>	<b>\$ 28,434</b>	<b>\$ 28,450</b>	<b>\$ 29,055</b>	<b>\$ 29,436</b>	<b>\$ 29,368</b>	<b>\$ 29,841</b>	<b>\$ 30,184</b>	<b>\$ 30,483</b>	<b>\$ 31,164</b>	<b>\$ 31,609</b>	<b>\$ 31,762</b>	<b>\$ 32,000</b>	<b>\$ 32,483</b>	<b>\$ 32,847</b>	<b>\$ 32,981</b>	<b>\$ 33,320</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 553,452</b>	<b>\$ 542,440</b>	<b>\$ 574,285</b>	<b>\$ 596,873</b>	<b>\$ 617,805</b>	<b>\$ 644,145</b>	<b>\$ 669,494</b>	<b>\$ 696,479</b>	<b>\$ 701,131</b>	<b>\$ 705,487</b>	<b>\$ 715,367</b>	<b>\$ 722,795</b>	<b>\$ 720,334</b>	<b>\$ 704,607</b>	<b>\$ 730,715</b>	<b>\$ 747,142</b>	<b>\$ 773,354</b>	<b>\$ 822,414</b>	<b>\$ 875,139</b>	<b>\$ 921,488</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
1 Mist Recall	26	41	50	97	97	97	97	116	117	118	133	137	145	168	168	168	168	168	168	168
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	2	3	4	5	6	7	11	16	25	25	30
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	41	41	47	52	52	52	52	53	59	63	63	69	76	81	84	89	94
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																				
Mist Recall	594	919	1,139	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,612	2,647	2,670	3,006	3,101	3,287	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794	3,794
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	11
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	21	34	49	76	76	90
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,613</b>	<b>2,650</b>	<b>2,676</b>	<b>3,014</b>	<b>3,113</b>	<b>3,301</b>	<b>3,811</b>	<b>3,815</b>	<b>3,828</b>	<b>3,843</b>	<b>3,881</b>	<b>3,881</b>	<b>3,910</b>
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																				
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3	5.3	6	7
WVF Main	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate  
 5.16%  
 \$ 8,734,386

**Sensitivity 13: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - Unconstrained Mist Recall**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,035	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,979	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,479	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,703	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379	11,576	11,641	11,752	11,872	

**Sensitivity 14: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - GTN Decontracting**

(Bbtu / Thousand \$2007 dollars)	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Annual Demand Served	73,624	74,760	75,612	76,784	77,291	78,111	78,869	79,982	80,523	81,327	82,201	83,485	84,064	85,040	86,048	87,510	88,023	88,856	89,762	91,135
Annual Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Annual Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>73,640</b>	<b>74,760</b>	<b>75,612</b>	<b>76,784</b>	<b>77,291</b>	<b>78,111</b>	<b>78,869</b>	<b>79,982</b>	<b>80,523</b>	<b>81,327</b>	<b>82,201</b>	<b>83,485</b>	<b>84,064</b>	<b>85,040</b>	<b>86,048</b>	<b>87,510</b>	<b>88,023</b>	<b>88,856</b>	<b>89,762</b>	<b>91,135</b>
Peak Day Demand Served	909	940	951	961	973	984	995	1,007	1,019	1,031	1,045	1,059	1,072	1,086	1,099	1,115	1,125	1,135	1,146	1,160
Peak Day Demand Unserved	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Peak Day Demand (net of DSM)</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,019</b>	<b>1,031</b>	<b>1,045</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>1,072</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>1,146</b>	<b>1,160</b>
Supply Fixed Costs	\$ 61	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 59
Supply Variable Costs	\$ 435,583	\$ 420,602	\$ 449,394	\$ 473,975	\$ 492,847	\$ 516,556	\$ 538,664	\$ 564,843	\$ 567,993	\$ 571,508	\$ 580,814	\$ 587,240	\$ 583,263	\$ 579,227	\$ 604,203	\$ 619,325	\$ 644,319	\$ 692,209	\$ 743,010	\$ 787,625
<b>Total Supply Costs</b>	<b>\$ 435,644</b>	<b>\$ 420,661</b>	<b>\$ 449,453</b>	<b>\$ 474,034</b>	<b>\$ 492,906</b>	<b>\$ 516,616</b>	<b>\$ 538,723</b>	<b>\$ 564,902</b>	<b>\$ 568,053</b>	<b>\$ 571,567</b>	<b>\$ 580,873</b>	<b>\$ 587,299</b>	<b>\$ 583,322</b>	<b>\$ 579,286</b>	<b>\$ 604,263</b>	<b>\$ 619,384</b>	<b>\$ 644,379</b>	<b>\$ 692,268</b>	<b>\$ 743,069</b>	<b>\$ 787,684</b>
Transportation Fixed Costs	\$ 86,291	\$ 86,374	\$ 86,438	\$ 82,049	\$ 82,243	\$ 83,116	\$ 83,942	\$ 83,950	\$ 85,338	\$ 85,615	\$ 85,826	\$ 86,669	\$ 87,278	\$ 87,310	\$ 88,366	\$ 89,417	\$ 90,154	\$ 90,815	\$ 92,654	\$ 94,297
Transportation Variable Costs	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,710	\$ 2,225	\$ 2,245	\$ 2,239	\$ 2,197	\$ 2,221	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,306	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,332	\$ 2,325	\$ 2,340	\$ 2,339	\$ 2,351	\$ 2,353	\$ 2,364	\$ 2,376	\$ 2,402
<b>Total Transportation Costs</b>	<b>\$ 88,855</b>	<b>\$ 89,030</b>	<b>\$ 89,148</b>	<b>\$ 84,274</b>	<b>\$ 84,488</b>	<b>\$ 85,355</b>	<b>\$ 86,139</b>	<b>\$ 86,171</b>	<b>\$ 87,615</b>	<b>\$ 87,922</b>	<b>\$ 88,143</b>	<b>\$ 89,001</b>	<b>\$ 89,603</b>	<b>\$ 89,651</b>	<b>\$ 90,705</b>	<b>\$ 91,768</b>	<b>\$ 92,508</b>	<b>\$ 93,179</b>	<b>\$ 95,030</b>	<b>\$ 96,699</b>
Storage Fixed Costs	\$ 23,498	\$ 24,175	\$ 25,184	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,025	\$ 26,421	\$ 26,744	\$ 26,817	\$ 27,187	\$ 27,541	\$ 27,841	\$ 28,496	\$ 28,871	\$ 29,978	\$ 29,156	\$ 29,599	\$ 29,859	\$ 29,859	\$ 30,132
Storage Variable Costs	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,561	\$ 1,943	\$ 2,354	\$ 2,408	\$ 2,425	\$ 2,635	\$ 2,691	\$ 2,550	\$ 2,652	\$ 2,640	\$ 2,665	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,769	\$ 2,801	\$ 2,851	\$ 2,952	\$ 3,105	\$ 3,236	\$ 3,191
<b>Total Storage Costs</b>	<b>\$ 24,982</b>	<b>\$ 25,736</b>	<b>\$ 27,127</b>	<b>\$ 28,379</b>	<b>\$ 28,433</b>	<b>\$ 28,451</b>	<b>\$ 29,056</b>	<b>\$ 29,434</b>	<b>\$ 29,367</b>	<b>\$ 29,839</b>	<b>\$ 30,181</b>	<b>\$ 30,506</b>	<b>\$ 31,204</b>	<b>\$ 31,640</b>	<b>\$ 31,778</b>	<b>\$ 32,007</b>	<b>\$ 32,552</b>	<b>\$ 32,964</b>	<b>\$ 33,095</b>	<b>\$ 33,323</b>
DSM Annual Utility Costs (\$2007)	\$ 7,993	\$ 9,021	\$ 10,441	\$ 12,175	\$ 13,983	\$ 15,730	\$ 17,581	\$ 17,978	\$ 18,105	\$ 18,159	\$ 18,165	\$ 18,185	\$ 18,187	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,952	\$ 5,979	\$ 5,984	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,001	\$ 6,012
Total Levelized DSM Costs	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,233	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,332	\$ 7,252	\$ 9,411	\$ 11,827	\$ 14,331	\$ 16,917	\$ 19,516	\$ 22,104	\$ 24,612	\$ 27,105	\$ 29,072	\$ 30,730	\$ 32,394	\$ 34,047	\$ 35,710	\$ 37,351	\$ 38,993
<b>Grand Total System Costs</b>	<b>\$ 557,474</b>	<b>\$ 544,448</b>	<b>\$ 576,169</b>	<b>\$ 598,863</b>	<b>\$ 619,811</b>	<b>\$ 646,151</b>	<b>\$ 671,498</b>	<b>\$ 698,486</b>	<b>\$ 703,139</b>	<b>\$ 707,486</b>	<b>\$ 717,363</b>	<b>\$ 724,992</b>	<b>\$ 722,316</b>	<b>\$ 706,599</b>	<b>\$ 732,698</b>	<b>\$ 749,138</b>	<b>\$ 775,422</b>	<b>\$ 824,430</b>	<b>\$ 877,194</b>	<b>\$ 923,717</b>

<b>Net Incremental Daily Citygate Deliverability</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028	
1 Mist Recall	10	41	50	97	97	97	97	116	117	118	133	137	146	169	169	169	169	169	169	169	
2 Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	8
3 Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	11	15	26	26	30	
4 Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5 Recalled GP	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
6 Incremental CD via March Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
7 Incremental CD via Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8 Palomar East	-	-	-	41	41	47	52	52	52	52	53	59	63	63	69	76	81	83	89	94	
9 Palomar West (Bradwood)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10 Pacific Connector East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11 Pacific Connector West (Jordan Cove)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12 Existing TF-1 Turnback	-	-	-	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	(77)	
<b>Total Incremental Daily Citygate Capacity</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>243</b>	
<b>Incremental Storage Capacity</b>																					
Mist Recall	230	919	1,139	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,193	2,613	2,648	2,671	3,006	3,101	3,310	3,816	3,816	3,816	3,816	3,816	3,816	3,816	
Satellite LNG - Albany	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16	
Satellite LNG - Eugene	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	5	8	12	14	17	20	32	46	77	77	90	
Satellite LNG - Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>Total Incremental Storage Capacity</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>1,140</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,194</b>	<b>2,614</b>	<b>2,651</b>	<b>2,676</b>	<b>3,015</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>3,324</b>	<b>3,834</b>	<b>3,836</b>	<b>3,848</b>	<b>3,863</b>	<b>3,909</b>	<b>3,909</b>	<b>3,930</b>	
<b>Upstream &amp; Downstream - Highlights (see Rmix tab for additional components)</b>																					
Brownsville to Eugene	-	-	-	0.9	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Newport LNG Enhancement to Salem	-	-	-	-	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	
Incremental CD 12-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Opal to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Malin to Stanfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WVF Phase 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	4	4	5.3	6	7	
WVF Main	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	

<b>NPV @ 5.16% Discount Rate</b>	5.16%
\$	8,762,416

**Sensitivity 14: IRP Rmix 1 - 85% Probability Weather - GTN Decontracting**

<b>Served Demand Net DSM by Area/Class (MDth)</b>	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023	2023-2024	2024-2025	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Albany	4,033	4,096	4,142	4,205	4,233	4,278	4,319	4,378	4,408	4,452	4,499	4,568	4,600	4,652	4,706	4,783	4,810	4,853	4,901	4,972
Astoria	1,254	1,269	1,278	1,293	1,296	1,304	1,312	1,325	1,328	1,335	1,344	1,360	1,363	1,373	1,385	1,404	1,407	1,416	1,427	1,444
Dalles	791	809	824	842	852	865	878	894	904	916	930	947	957	971	985	1,004	1,012	1,024	1,037	1,055
Eugene	4,975	5,077	5,156	5,256	5,306	5,377	5,443	5,533	5,579	5,644	5,712	5,808	5,853	5,923	5,998	6,105	6,145	6,208	6,274	6,374
Newport LC	976	994	1,008	1,027	1,036	1,049	1,061	1,077	1,085	1,097	1,109	1,126	1,134	1,147	1,162	1,182	1,190	1,202	1,215	1,234
Portland	44,473	44,995	45,343	45,886	46,038	46,376	46,684	47,205	47,393	47,742	48,137	48,778	49,012	49,486	49,984	50,749	50,967	51,374	51,828	52,553
Salem	9,700	9,857	9,975	10,137	10,205	10,316	10,418	10,571	10,640	10,748	10,866	11,041	11,116	11,245	11,379					

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Monte Carlo Correlation Matrix.....	5-4A-2
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## Monte Carlo Correlation Matrix

<b>Weather to Weather Correlation</b>		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
<i>Weather Pattern Name (1)</i>	<i>Weather Pattern Name (2)</i>												
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-AST	0.887	0.946	0.927	0.927	0	0	0	0	0	0.844	0.844	0.819
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-DAL	0.778	0.909	0.739	0.739	0	0	0	0	0	0.866	0.866	0.738
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-EUG	0.969	0.972	0.958	0.958	0	0	0	0	0	0.965	0.965	0.954
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-NPT	0.839	0.902	0.919	0.919	0	0	0	0	0	0.905	0.905	0.826
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-PRT	0.923	0.975	0.906	0.906	0	0	0	0	0	0.967	0.967	0.927
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-SAL	0.977	0.975	0.978	0.978	0	0	0	0	0	0.987	0.987	0.966
NRM PLN-ALB	NRM PLN-VAN	0.778	0.909	0.739	0.739	0	0	0	0	0	0.866	0.866	0.738
NRM PLN-AST	NRM PLN-DAL	0.628	0.87	0.782	0.782	0	0	0	0	0	0.778	0.778	0.755
NRM PLN-AST	NRM PLN-EUG	0.866	0.917	0.898	0.898	0	0	0	0	0	0.783	0.783	0.731
NRM PLN-AST	NRM PLN-NPT	0.923	0.926	0.916	0.916	0	0	0	0	0	0.844	0.844	0.948
NRM PLN-AST	NRM PLN-PRT	0.843	0.963	0.895	0.895	0	0	0	0	0	0.865	0.865	0.881
NRM PLN-AST	NRM PLN-SAL	0.885	0.93	0.917	0.917	0	0	0	0	0	0.828	0.828	0.837
NRM PLN-AST	NRM PLN-VAN	0.628	0.87	0.782	0.782	0	0	0	0	0	0.778	0.778	0.755
NRM PLN-DAL	NRM PLN-EUG	0.735	0.873	0.68	0.68	0	0	0	0	0	0.913	0.913	0.65
NRM PLN-DAL	NRM PLN-NPT	0.53	0.746	0.651	0.651	0	0	0	0	0	0.754	0.754	0.667
NRM PLN-DAL	NRM PLN-PRT	0.88	0.943	0.904	0.904	0	0	0	0	0	0.907	0.907	0.874
NRM PLN-DAL	NRM PLN-SAL	0.794	0.88	0.721	0.721	0	0	0	0	0	0.884	0.884	0.735
NRM PLN-DAL	NRM PLN-VAN	0.977	0.975	0.978	0.978	0	0	0	0	0	0.987	0.987	0.966
NRM PLN-EUG	NRM PLN-NPT	0.808	0.85	0.869	0.869	0	0	0	0	0	0.832	0.832	0.785
NRM PLN-EUG	NRM PLN-PRT	0.891	0.955	0.845	0.845	0	0	0	0	0	0.947	0.947	0.851
NRM PLN-EUG	NRM PLN-SAL	0.951	0.971	0.943	0.943	0	0	0	0	0	0.974	0.974	0.916
NRM PLN-EUG	NRM PLN-VAN	0.735	0.873	0.68	0.68	0	0	0	0	0	0.913	0.913	0.65
NRM PLN-NPT	NRM PLN-PRT	0.761	0.871	0.815	0.815	0	0	0	0	0	0.881	0.881	0.857
NRM PLN-NPT	NRM PLN-SAL	0.839	0.881	0.905	0.905	0	0	0	0	0	0.875	0.875	0.854
NRM PLN-NPT	NRM PLN-VAN	0.53	0.746	0.651	0.651	0	0	0	0	0	0.754	0.754	0.667
NRM PLN-PRT	NRM PLN-SAL	0.958	0.95	0.903	0.903	0	0	0	0	0	0.978	0.978	0.956
NRM PLN-PRT	NRM PLN-VAN	0.88	0.943	0.904	0.904	0	0	0	0	0	0.907	0.907	0.874
NRM PLN-SAL	NRM PLN-VAN	0.794	0.88	0.721	0.721	0	0	0	0	0	0.884	0.884	0.735
<b>Price to Price Correlation</b>													
<i>Price Index Name (1)</i>	<i>Price Index Name (2)</i>												
Rock - Base	Sumas - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Rock - Base	Aeco - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Rock - Base	Malin - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Rock - Base	Brad2 - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Rock - Base	JC - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Sumas - Base	Aeco - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Sumas - Base	Malin - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Sumas - Base	Brad2 - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Sumas - Base	JC - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Aeco - Base	Malin - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Aeco - Base	Brad2 - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Aeco - Base	JC - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Brad2 - Base	JC - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Malin - Base	JC - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Malin - Base	Brad2 - Base	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
<b>Month to Month Price Correlation</b>													
<i>Price Index Name (1)</i>	<i>Price Index Name (2)</i>												
Brad2 - Base	Brad2 - Base	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
JC - Base	JC - Base	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Rock - Base	Rock - Base	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Sumas - Base	Sumas - Base	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Aeco - Base	Aeco - Base	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Malin - Base	Malin - Base	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

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# Appendix 6-1: Base Case - Avoided Cost Estimates

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2007-2008	Nov	7.93	7.93	7.93	7.93	7.99	7.93	7.95	7.94	7.94	7.94
2007-2008	Dec	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.15	8.13	8.15	8.15	8.14	8.14
2007-2008	Jan	7.97	8.15	8.13	7.97	8.17	8.15	8.15	8.15	8.13	8.13
2007-2008	Feb	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09
2007-2008	Mar	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.41	7.05	7.25	7.05	7.09	7.08
2007-2008	Apr	6.78	6.80	6.78	6.78	6.93	6.82	6.78	6.78	6.81	6.81
2007-2008	May	6.70	6.72	6.70	6.70	6.85	6.70	6.70	6.70	6.70	6.70
2007-2008	Jun	6.87	6.89	6.87	6.87	7.03	6.87	6.87	6.87	6.88	6.88
2007-2008	Jul	6.89	6.91	6.89	6.89	7.05	6.89	6.89	6.89	6.90	6.90
2007-2008	Aug	6.91	6.93	6.91	6.91	7.07	6.91	6.91	6.91	6.92	6.92
2007-2008	Sep	6.93	6.95	6.93	6.93	7.09	6.93	6.93	6.93	6.94	6.94
2007-2008	Oct	7.15	7.17	7.15	7.15	7.31	7.15	7.15	7.15	7.15	7.15
<b>Average 2007-2008</b>		<b>\$ 7.29</b>	<b>\$ 7.31</b>	<b>\$ 7.30</b>	<b>\$ 7.29</b>	<b>\$ 7.43</b>	<b>\$ 7.30</b>	<b>\$ 7.32</b>	<b>\$ 7.30</b>	<b>\$ 7.31</b>	<b>\$ 7.31</b>
<b>Winter 2007-2008</b>		<b>\$ 7.84</b>	<b>\$ 7.87</b>	<b>\$ 7.87</b>	<b>\$ 7.84</b>	<b>\$ 7.79</b>	<b>\$ 7.87</b>	<b>\$ 7.92</b>	<b>\$ 7.88</b>	<b>\$ 7.87</b>	<b>\$ 7.88</b>
2008-2009	Nov	7.48	7.49	7.48	7.48	7.52	7.49	7.49	7.50	7.49	7.49
2008-2009	Dec	7.63	7.65	7.65	7.63	7.65	7.65	7.63	7.67	7.65	7.65
2008-2009	Jan	7.60	7.70	7.69	7.60	7.70	7.70	7.62	7.71	7.68	7.68
2008-2009	Feb	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55
2008-2009	Mar	7.17	7.17	7.17	7.17	7.34	7.17	7.18	7.17	7.17	7.17
2008-2009	Apr	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	7.15	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99
2008-2009	May	6.88	6.90	6.88	6.88	6.98	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88
2008-2009	Jun	6.83	6.85	6.83	6.83	6.98	6.83	6.83	6.83	6.83	6.83
2008-2009	Jul	6.87	6.89	6.87	6.87	7.03	6.87	6.87	6.87	6.88	6.88
2008-2009	Aug	6.92	6.94	6.92	6.92	7.07	6.92	6.92	6.92	6.92	6.92
2008-2009	Sep	6.93	6.95	6.93	6.93	7.08	6.93	6.93	6.93	6.93	6.93
2008-2009	Oct	6.96	6.98	6.96	6.96	7.12	7.00	6.96	6.96	6.99	6.99
<b>Average 2008-2009</b>		<b>\$ 7.15</b>	<b>\$ 7.17</b>	<b>\$ 7.16</b>	<b>\$ 7.15</b>	<b>\$ 7.27</b>	<b>\$ 7.17</b>	<b>\$ 7.15</b>	<b>\$ 7.17</b>	<b>\$ 7.16</b>	<b>\$ 7.16</b>
<b>Winter 2008-2009</b>		<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.51</b>	<b>\$ 7.51</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.51</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.52</b>	<b>\$ 7.51</b>	<b>\$ 7.51</b>
2009-2010	Nov	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.28	7.26	7.25	7.26	7.25	7.26
2009-2010	Dec	7.28	7.35	7.35	7.28	7.35	7.35	7.30	7.37	7.34	7.34
2009-2010	Jan	7.32	7.40	7.39	7.32	7.40	7.40	7.32	7.41	7.38	7.38
2009-2010	Feb	8.42	8.39	8.40	8.44	7.36	8.39	8.58	8.58	8.41	8.43
2009-2010	Mar	7.07	7.07	7.07	7.07	7.23	7.07	7.07	7.07	7.07	7.07
2009-2010	Apr	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88	7.03	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88
2009-2010	May	6.88	6.90	6.88	6.88	6.98	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88	6.88
2009-2010	Jun	6.86	6.88	6.86	6.86	7.01	6.86	6.86	6.86	6.86	6.86
2009-2010	Jul	6.90	6.92	6.90	6.90	7.06	6.90	6.90	6.90	6.91	6.91
2009-2010	Aug	6.95	6.97	6.95	6.95	7.10	6.95	6.95	6.95	6.95	6.95
2009-2010	Sep	6.99	7.01	6.99	6.99	7.15	6.99	6.99	6.99	7.00	7.00
2009-2010	Oct	7.04	7.06	7.04	7.04	7.20	7.04	7.04	7.04	7.04	7.04
<b>Average 2009-2010</b>		<b>\$ 7.15</b>	<b>\$ 7.17</b>	<b>\$ 7.16</b>	<b>\$ 7.15</b>	<b>\$ 7.18</b>	<b>\$ 7.16</b>	<b>\$ 7.17</b>	<b>\$ 7.18</b>	<b>\$ 7.16</b>	<b>\$ 7.17</b>
<b>Winter 2009-2010</b>		<b>\$ 7.47</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.47</b>	<b>\$ 7.28</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.51</b>	<b>\$ 7.54</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>	<b>\$ 7.49</b>
2010-2011	Nov	7.30	7.31	7.31	7.30	7.34	7.31	7.30	7.33	7.31	7.31
2010-2011	Dec	7.33	7.42	7.42	7.33	7.42	7.42	7.37	7.44	7.40	7.40
2010-2011	Jan	7.37	7.47	7.46	7.37	7.46	7.47	7.40	7.48	7.44	7.45
2010-2011	Feb	8.59	8.57	8.58	10.55	7.34	8.57	8.63	10.55	8.71	8.90
2010-2011	Mar	7.19	7.19	7.19	7.19	7.35	7.19	7.19	7.19	7.19	7.19
2010-2011	Apr	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	7.15	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99	6.99
2010-2011	May	7.04	7.06	7.04	7.04	7.17	7.04	7.04	7.04	7.04	7.04
2010-2011	Jun	7.05	7.07	7.05	7.05	7.21	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05
2010-2011	Jul	7.09	7.11	7.09	7.09	7.25	7.09	7.09	7.09	7.10	7.10
2010-2011	Aug	7.14	7.16	7.14	7.14	7.30	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14	7.14
2010-2011	Sep	7.19	7.21	7.19	7.19	7.35	7.19	7.19	7.19	7.19	7.19
2010-2011	Oct	7.24	7.26	7.24	7.24	7.41	7.24	7.24	7.24	7.25	7.25
<b>Average 2010-2011</b>		<b>\$ 7.29</b>	<b>\$ 7.32</b>	<b>\$ 7.31</b>	<b>\$ 7.46</b>	<b>\$ 7.31</b>	<b>\$ 7.31</b>	<b>\$ 7.30</b>	<b>\$ 7.48</b>	<b>\$ 7.32</b>	<b>\$ 7.33</b>
<b>Winter 2010-2011</b>		<b>\$ 7.56</b>	<b>\$ 7.59</b>	<b>\$ 7.59</b>	<b>\$ 7.95</b>	<b>\$ 7.34</b>	<b>\$ 7.59</b>	<b>\$ 7.58</b>	<b>\$ 8.00</b>	<b>\$ 7.61</b>	<b>\$ 7.65</b>
2011-2012	Nov	8.06	8.06	8.07	8.06	8.12	8.06	8.06	8.09	8.06	8.06
2011-2012	Dec	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.35	8.33	8.33
2011-2012	Jan	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.40	8.38	8.38
2011-2012	Feb	8.77	8.75	8.75	9.06	7.95	8.75	8.86	9.06	8.78	8.81
2011-2012	Mar	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.83	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66
2011-2012	Apr	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.54	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.38	7.38
2011-2012	May	7.23	7.25	7.23	7.23	7.39	7.23	7.23	7.23	7.23	7.23
2011-2012	Jun	7.27	7.29	7.27	7.27	7.44	7.27	7.27	7.27	7.28	7.28
2011-2012	Jul	7.32	7.34	7.32	7.32	7.49	7.32	7.32	7.32	7.33	7.33
2011-2012	Aug	7.37	7.39	7.37	7.37	7.53	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37	7.37
2011-2012	Sep	7.42	7.44	7.42	7.42	7.58	7.42	7.42	7.42	7.42	7.42
2011-2012	Oct	7.51	7.53	7.51	7.51	7.68	7.51	7.51	7.51	7.52	7.52
<b>Average 2011-2012</b>		<b>\$ 7.72</b>	<b>\$ 7.73</b>	<b>\$ 7.72</b>	<b>\$ 7.75</b>	<b>\$ 7.77</b>	<b>\$ 7.72</b>	<b>\$ 7.73</b>	<b>\$ 7.75</b>	<b>\$ 7.73</b>	<b>\$ 7.73</b>
<b>Winter 2011-2012</b>		<b>\$ 8.24</b>	<b>\$ 8.23</b>	<b>\$ 8.24</b>	<b>\$ 8.30</b>	<b>\$ 8.02</b>	<b>\$ 8.23</b>	<b>\$ 8.26</b>	<b>\$ 8.31</b>	<b>\$ 8.24</b>	<b>\$ 8.25</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2012-2013	Nov	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.37	8.43	8.37	8.38	8.40	8.37	8.37
2012-2013	Dec	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.67	8.65	8.65
2012-2013	Jan	8.70	8.70	8.71	8.70	8.70	8.70	8.70	8.72	8.70	8.71
2012-2013	Feb	8.68	8.67	8.68	8.99	8.23	8.67	8.77	8.99	8.71	8.74
2012-2013	Mar	7.91	7.91	7.91	7.91	8.09	7.91	7.91	7.91	7.91	7.91
2012-2013	Apr	7.58	7.58	7.58	7.58	7.75	7.58	7.58	7.58	7.59	7.59
2012-2013	May	7.46	7.48	7.46	7.46	7.63	7.46	7.46	7.46	7.47	7.47
2012-2013	Jun	7.51	7.53	7.51	7.51	7.68	7.51	7.51	7.51	7.52	7.51
2012-2013	Jul	7.56	7.58	7.56	7.56	7.73	7.56	7.56	7.56	7.56	7.56
2012-2013	Aug	7.61	7.63	7.61	7.61	7.78	7.61	7.61	7.61	7.61	7.61
2012-2013	Sep	7.66	7.68	7.66	7.66	7.83	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66
2012-2013	Oct	7.75	7.77	7.75	7.75	7.93	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.76	7.76
<b>Average 2012-2013</b>		<b>\$ 7.95</b>	<b>\$ 7.96</b>	<b>\$ 7.95</b>	<b>\$ 7.98</b>	<b>\$ 8.04</b>	<b>\$ 7.95</b>	<b>\$ 7.96</b>	<b>\$ 7.99</b>	<b>\$ 7.96</b>	<b>\$ 7.96</b>
<b>Winter 2012-2013</b>		<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.52</b>	<b>\$ 8.31</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.48</b>	<b>\$ 8.54</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.48</b>
2013-2014	Nov	8.66	8.66	8.68	8.66	8.72	8.66	8.67	8.69	8.66	8.67
2013-2014	Dec	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.97	8.95	8.95
2013-2014	Jan	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.02	9.00	9.00
2013-2014	Feb	8.98	8.96	8.97	9.29	8.53	8.96	9.11	9.29	9.00	9.03
2013-2014	Mar	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.36	8.17	8.17	8.18	8.18	8.18
2013-2014	Apr	7.92	7.92	7.92	7.92	8.09	7.92	7.92	7.92	7.92	7.92
2013-2014	May	7.71	7.73	7.71	7.71	7.87	7.71	7.71	7.71	7.72	7.72
2013-2014	Jun	7.72	7.74	7.72	7.72	7.89	7.72	7.72	7.72	7.72	7.72
2013-2014	Jul	7.76	7.78	7.76	7.76	7.94	7.76	7.76	7.76	7.77	7.77
2013-2014	Aug	7.81	7.83	7.81	7.81	7.99	7.81	7.81	7.81	7.82	7.82
2013-2014	Sep	7.86	7.88	7.86	7.86	8.04	7.86	7.86	7.86	7.87	7.87
2013-2014	Oct	7.96	7.98	7.96	7.96	8.14	7.96	7.96	7.96	7.96	7.96
<b>Average 2013-2014</b>		<b>\$ 8.21</b>	<b>\$ 8.22</b>	<b>\$ 8.21</b>	<b>\$ 8.23</b>	<b>\$ 8.29</b>	<b>\$ 8.21</b>	<b>\$ 8.22</b>	<b>\$ 8.24</b>	<b>\$ 8.21</b>	<b>\$ 8.22</b>
<b>Winter 2013-2014</b>		<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.61</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.78</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>	<b>\$ 8.76</b>	<b>\$ 8.77</b>
2014-2015	Nov	8.90	8.90	8.92	8.90	8.96	8.90	8.91	8.93	8.90	8.91
2014-2015	Dec	9.20	9.20	9.21	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.23	9.20	9.20
2014-2015	Jan	9.26	9.26	9.27	9.26	9.26	9.26	9.26	9.29	9.26	9.26
2014-2015	Feb	9.28	9.25	9.27	9.59	8.76	9.25	9.46	9.59	9.30	9.33
2014-2015	Mar	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.57	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38
2014-2015	Apr	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.29	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.11	8.11
2014-2015	May	7.99	8.01	7.99	7.99	8.16	7.99	7.99	7.99	7.99	7.99
2014-2015	Jun	8.01	8.03	8.01	8.01	8.19	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.02	8.02
2014-2015	Jul	8.06	8.08	8.06	8.06	8.24	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.07	8.07
2014-2015	Aug	8.11	8.13	8.11	8.11	8.30	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.12	8.12
2014-2015	Sep	8.16	8.18	8.16	8.16	8.35	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.17	8.17
2014-2015	Oct	8.29	8.31	8.29	8.29	8.48	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.30	8.30
<b>Average 2014-2015</b>		<b>\$ 8.48</b>	<b>\$ 8.49</b>	<b>\$ 8.48</b>	<b>\$ 8.51</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>	<b>\$ 8.48</b>	<b>\$ 8.50</b>	<b>\$ 8.51</b>	<b>\$ 8.48</b>	<b>\$ 8.49</b>
<b>Winter 2014-2015</b>		<b>\$ 9.00</b>	<b>\$ 9.00</b>	<b>\$ 9.01</b>	<b>\$ 9.07</b>	<b>\$ 8.84</b>	<b>\$ 9.00</b>	<b>\$ 9.04</b>	<b>\$ 9.08</b>	<b>\$ 9.01</b>	<b>\$ 9.02</b>
2015-2016	Nov	9.30	9.30	9.32	9.31	9.37	9.30	9.31	9.34	9.31	9.31
2015-2016	Dec	9.60	9.60	9.62	9.60	9.61	9.60	9.61	9.64	9.61	9.61
2015-2016	Jan	9.66	9.66	9.68	9.66	9.66	9.66	9.66	9.70	9.66	9.67
2015-2016	Feb	9.60	9.57	9.59	10.43	9.51	9.57	9.82	10.43	9.67	9.76
2015-2016	Mar	8.79	8.79	8.79	8.79	8.99	8.79	8.79	8.79	8.79	8.79
2015-2016	Apr	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.72	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.53
2015-2016	May	8.27	8.29	8.27	8.27	8.44	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.27
2015-2016	Jun	8.28	8.30	8.28	8.28	8.47	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28
2015-2016	Jul	8.33	8.35	8.33	8.33	8.52	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33
2015-2016	Aug	8.38	8.40	8.38	8.38	8.57	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.39	8.39
2015-2016	Sep	8.44	8.46	8.44	8.44	8.63	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.44
2015-2016	Oct	8.56	8.58	8.56	8.56	8.76	8.56	8.56	8.56	8.57	8.57
<b>Average 2015-2016</b>		<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.82</b>	<b>\$ 8.82</b>	<b>\$ 8.88</b>	<b>\$ 8.94</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>	<b>\$ 8.89</b>	<b>\$ 8.82</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>
<b>Winter 2015-2016</b>		<b>\$ 9.39</b>	<b>\$ 9.39</b>	<b>\$ 9.40</b>	<b>\$ 9.56</b>	<b>\$ 9.31</b>	<b>\$ 9.39</b>	<b>\$ 9.44</b>	<b>\$ 9.58</b>	<b>\$ 9.41</b>	<b>\$ 9.43</b>
2016-2017	Nov	9.56	9.56	9.58	9.56	9.63	9.56	9.58	9.60	9.57	9.57
2016-2017	Dec	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.87	9.86	9.86	9.88	9.86	9.87
2016-2017	Jan	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.94	9.92	9.92
2016-2017	Feb	9.88	9.86	9.86	10.72	10.26	9.86	10.10	10.72	9.97	10.05
2016-2017	Mar	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.22	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.01
2016-2017	Apr	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.94	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74
2016-2017	May	8.05	8.05	8.05	8.05	8.23	8.05	8.05	8.05	8.06	8.05
2016-2017	Jun	7.97	7.97	7.97	7.97	8.15	7.97	7.97	7.97	7.97	7.97
2016-2017	Jul	8.02	8.02	8.02	8.02	8.20	8.02	8.02	8.02	8.02	8.02
2016-2017	Aug	8.07	8.07	8.07	8.07	8.25	8.07	8.07	8.07	8.07	8.07
2016-2017	Sep	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.30	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.13	8.12
2016-2017	Oct	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.44	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25
<b>Average 2016-2017</b>		<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.86</b>	<b>\$ 8.95</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.86</b>	<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>
<b>Winter 2016-2017</b>		<b>\$ 9.65</b>	<b>\$ 9.64</b>	<b>\$ 9.65</b>	<b>\$ 9.82</b>	<b>\$ 9.64</b>	<b>\$ 9.64</b>	<b>\$ 9.70</b>	<b>\$ 9.83</b>	<b>\$ 9.67</b>	<b>\$ 9.69</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2017-2018	Nov	9.29	9.29	9.30	9.29	9.35	9.29	9.30	9.31	9.29	9.29
2017-2018	Dec	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58
2017-2018	Jan	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64
2017-2018	Feb	9.60	9.58	9.58	10.49	10.01	9.58	9.86	10.49	9.70	9.79
2017-2018	Mar	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	9.01	8.80	8.81	8.80	8.81	8.81
2017-2018	Apr	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.74	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55
2017-2018	May	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.45	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28
2017-2018	Jun	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.45	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.27
2017-2018	Jul	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.50	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.32
2017-2018	Aug	8.37	8.37	8.37	8.37	8.56	8.37	8.37	8.37	8.37	8.37
2017-2018	Sep	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.61	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.43	8.43
2017-2018	Oct	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.75	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55
<b>Average 2017-2018</b>		<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.88</b>	<b>\$ 8.97</b>	<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>	<b>\$ 8.88</b>	<b>\$ 8.82</b>	<b>\$ 8.82</b>
<b>Winter 2017-2018</b>		<b>\$ 9.38</b>	<b>\$ 9.38</b>	<b>\$ 9.38</b>	<b>\$ 9.56</b>	<b>\$ 9.39</b>	<b>\$ 9.38</b>	<b>\$ 9.44</b>	<b>\$ 9.56</b>	<b>\$ 9.40</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>
2018-2019	Nov	9.59	9.59	9.60	9.59	9.66	9.59	9.60	9.61	9.59	9.59
2018-2019	Dec	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.90	9.88	9.88
2018-2019	Jan	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.95	9.94	9.94
2018-2019	Feb	9.90	9.88	9.89	10.79	10.47	9.88	10.31	10.79	10.02	10.11
2018-2019	Mar	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.31	9.09	9.10	9.09	9.10	9.10
2018-2019	Apr	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.98	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.79	8.79
2018-2019	May	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.66	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47
2018-2019	Jun	8.03	8.03	8.03	8.03	8.22	8.03	8.03	8.03	8.04	8.04
2018-2019	Jul	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.27	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09
2018-2019	Aug	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.32	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14
2018-2019	Sep	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.37	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19
2018-2019	Oct	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.51	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.32	8.32
<b>Average 2018-2019</b>		<b>\$ 8.87</b>	<b>\$ 8.87</b>	<b>\$ 8.87</b>	<b>\$ 8.94</b>	<b>\$ 9.05</b>	<b>\$ 8.87</b>	<b>\$ 8.90</b>	<b>\$ 8.95</b>	<b>\$ 8.88</b>	<b>\$ 8.89</b>
<b>Winter 2018-2019</b>		<b>\$ 9.68</b>	<b>\$ 9.68</b>	<b>\$ 9.68</b>	<b>\$ 9.86</b>	<b>\$ 9.71</b>	<b>\$ 9.68</b>	<b>\$ 9.77</b>	<b>\$ 9.87</b>	<b>\$ 9.71</b>	<b>\$ 9.73</b>
2019-2020	Nov	9.33	9.33	9.34	9.34	9.40	9.33	9.35	9.36	9.33	9.34
2019-2020	Dec	9.63	9.63	9.64	9.63	9.64	9.63	9.64	9.66	9.64	9.64
2019-2020	Jan	9.69	9.69	9.70	9.69	9.70	9.69	9.70	9.71	9.69	9.70
2019-2020	Feb	9.78	9.60	9.61	10.48	10.40	9.60	10.26	10.48	9.79	9.87
2019-2020	Mar	8.82	8.82	8.82	8.82	9.03	8.82	8.83	8.82	8.83	8.83
2019-2020	Apr	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.73	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.54	8.54
2019-2020	May	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.58	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39
2019-2020	Jun	8.08	8.08	8.08	8.08	8.26	8.08	8.08	8.08	8.09	8.09
2019-2020	Jul	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.32	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.14	8.14
2019-2020	Aug	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.37	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19
2019-2020	Sep	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.42	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24
2019-2020	Oct	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.57	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38
<b>Average 2019-2020</b>		<b>\$ 8.77</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>	<b>\$ 8.95</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>	<b>\$ 8.77</b>	<b>\$ 8.78</b>
<b>Winter 2019-2020</b>		<b>\$ 9.45</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.48</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.56</b>	<b>\$ 9.60</b>	<b>\$ 9.46</b>	<b>\$ 9.47</b>
2020-2021	Nov	9.35	9.35	9.36	9.36	9.42	9.35	9.37	9.38	9.35	9.35
2020-2021	Dec	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.66	9.65	9.65	9.66	9.65	9.65
2020-2021	Jan	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71	9.71
2020-2021	Feb	10.40	9.65	9.66	10.50	10.84	9.65	10.69	10.84	9.94	10.04
2020-2021	Mar	8.73	8.73	8.73	8.73	8.93	8.73	8.73	8.73	8.73	8.73
2020-2021	Apr	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.61	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.42	8.42
2020-2021	May	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.35	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.17	8.17
2020-2021	Jun	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.93	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.76	7.76
2020-2021	Jul	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.98	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.81	7.81
2020-2021	Aug	7.86	7.86	7.86	7.86	8.03	7.86	7.86	7.86	7.86	7.86
2020-2021	Sep	7.91	7.91	7.91	7.91	8.09	7.91	7.91	7.91	7.91	7.91
2020-2021	Oct	8.04	8.04	8.04	8.04	8.22	8.04	8.04	8.04	8.04	8.04
<b>Average 2020-2021</b>		<b>\$ 8.65</b>	<b>\$ 8.59</b>	<b>\$ 8.59</b>	<b>\$ 8.66</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.59</b>	<b>\$ 8.68</b>	<b>\$ 8.69</b>	<b>\$ 8.61</b>	<b>\$ 8.62</b>
<b>Winter 2020-2021</b>		<b>\$ 9.57</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.53</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.63</b>	<b>\$ 9.66</b>	<b>\$ 9.48</b>	<b>\$ 9.50</b>
2021-2022	Nov	9.00	9.01	9.02	9.02	9.08	9.00	9.03	9.03	9.01	9.01
2021-2022	Dec	9.32	9.32	9.33	9.32	9.33	9.32	9.32	9.33	9.32	9.32
2021-2022	Jan	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.39
2021-2022	Feb	10.05	9.31	9.32	10.15	10.48	9.31	10.33	10.48	9.59	9.69
2021-2022	Mar	8.41	8.41	8.41	8.41	8.60	8.41	8.41	8.41	8.41	8.41
2021-2022	Apr	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.41	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23
2021-2022	May	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98	8.16	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.98
2021-2022	Jun	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.19	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.01
2021-2022	Jul	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.24	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06
2021-2022	Aug	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.29	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.11
2021-2022	Sep	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.35	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.17
2021-2022	Oct	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.47	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28
<b>Average 2021-2022</b>		<b>\$ 8.58</b>	<b>\$ 8.52</b>	<b>\$ 8.53</b>	<b>\$ 8.59</b>	<b>\$ 8.75</b>	<b>\$ 8.52</b>	<b>\$ 8.61</b>	<b>\$ 8.62</b>	<b>\$ 8.55</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>
<b>Winter 2021-2022</b>		<b>\$ 9.23</b>	<b>\$ 9.08</b>	<b>\$ 9.09</b>	<b>\$ 9.26</b>	<b>\$ 9.22</b>	<b>\$ 9.08</b>	<b>\$ 9.30</b>	<b>\$ 9.33</b>	<b>\$ 9.14</b>	<b>\$ 9.17</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2022-2023	Nov	9.29	9.29	9.31	9.31	9.37	9.29	9.31	9.32	9.30	9.30
2022-2023	Dec	9.61	9.61	9.63	9.62	9.63	9.61	9.62	9.63	9.62	9.62
2022-2023	Jan	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69
2022-2023	Feb	10.40	9.62	9.63	10.50	10.80	9.62	10.65	10.80	9.91	10.01
2022-2023	Mar	8.77	8.77	8.77	8.77	8.98	8.77	8.78	8.77	8.78	8.78
2022-2023	Apr	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.82	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.63
2022-2023	May	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.41	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.23
2022-2023	Jun	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.19	8.01	8.01	8.01	8.02	8.01
2022-2023	Jul	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.24	8.06	8.06	8.06	8.07	8.07
2022-2023	Aug	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.30	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.12	8.12
2022-2023	Sep	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.36	8.17	8.17	8.17	8.18	8.18
2022-2023	Oct	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.46	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28	8.28
<b>Average 2022-2023</b>		<b>\$ 8.77</b>	<b>\$ 8.71</b>	<b>\$ 8.71</b>	<b>\$ 8.78</b>	<b>\$ 8.94</b>	<b>\$ 8.71</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.73</b>	<b>\$ 8.74</b>
<b>Winter 2022-2023</b>		<b>\$ 9.55</b>	<b>\$ 9.40</b>	<b>\$ 9.41</b>	<b>\$ 9.58</b>	<b>\$ 9.55</b>	<b>\$ 9.40</b>	<b>\$ 9.61</b>	<b>\$ 9.64</b>	<b>\$ 9.46</b>	<b>\$ 9.48</b>
2023-2024	Nov	10.03	10.03	10.05	10.05	10.13	10.03	10.06	10.13	10.04	10.05
2023-2024	Dec	10.54	10.54	10.56	10.55	10.58	10.54	10.56	10.58	10.55	10.55
2023-2024	Jan	10.62	10.62	10.63	10.62	10.64	10.62	10.63	10.64	10.63	10.63
2023-2024	Feb	10.44	10.38	10.40	10.51	11.50	10.38	11.35	11.50	10.56	10.67
2023-2024	Mar	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.95	8.74	8.75	8.75	8.75	8.75
2023-2024	Apr	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.73	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.54	8.54
2023-2024	May	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.41	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25
2023-2024	Jun	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.38	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.20	8.20
2023-2024	Jul	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.43	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25
2023-2024	Aug	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.49	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.31	8.30
2023-2024	Sep	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.54	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.36
2023-2024	Oct	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.66	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47
<b>Average 2023-2024</b>		<b>\$ 9.06</b>	<b>\$ 9.06</b>	<b>\$ 9.06</b>	<b>\$ 9.07</b>	<b>\$ 9.29</b>	<b>\$ 9.06</b>	<b>\$ 9.14</b>	<b>\$ 9.16</b>	<b>\$ 9.07</b>	<b>\$ 9.08</b>
<b>Winter 2023-2024</b>		<b>\$ 10.08</b>	<b>\$ 10.07</b>	<b>\$ 10.07</b>	<b>\$ 10.10</b>	<b>\$ 10.09</b>	<b>\$ 10.06</b>	<b>\$ 10.27</b>	<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.10</b>	<b>\$ 10.13</b>
2024-2025	Nov	10.27	10.27	10.29	10.29	10.38	10.27	10.31	10.38	10.28	10.29
2024-2025	Dec	10.79	10.79	10.81	10.79	10.84	10.79	10.81	10.84	10.79	10.80
2024-2025	Jan	10.87	10.87	10.88	10.87	10.90	10.87	10.88	10.90	10.87	10.88
2024-2025	Feb	10.75	10.69	10.71	10.81	11.82	10.69	11.67	11.82	10.87	10.98
2024-2025	Mar	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	9.19	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98
2024-2025	Apr	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	9.00	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80
2024-2025	May	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.65	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.46
2024-2025	Jun	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.63	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.44
2024-2025	Jul	8.49	8.49	8.49	8.49	8.69	8.49	8.49	8.49	8.50	8.50
2024-2025	Aug	8.58	8.58	8.58	8.58	8.77	8.58	8.58	8.58	8.58	8.58
2024-2025	Sep	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.83	8.63	8.63	8.63	8.64	8.63
2024-2025	Oct	8.77	8.77	8.77	8.77	8.97	8.77	8.77	8.77	8.77	8.77
<b>Average 2024-2025</b>		<b>\$ 9.32</b>	<b>\$ 9.31</b>	<b>\$ 9.32</b>	<b>\$ 9.33</b>	<b>\$ 9.55</b>	<b>\$ 9.31</b>	<b>\$ 9.40</b>	<b>\$ 9.42</b>	<b>\$ 9.33</b>	<b>\$ 9.34</b>
<b>Winter 2024-2025</b>		<b>\$ 10.33</b>	<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.33</b>	<b>\$ 10.35</b>	<b>\$ 10.35</b>	<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.53</b>	<b>\$ 10.58</b>	<b>\$ 10.36</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>
2025-2026	Nov	10.85	10.85	10.87	10.88	10.95	10.85	10.88	10.95	10.86	10.87
2025-2026	Dec	11.44	11.44	11.46	11.45	11.48	11.44	11.46	11.48	11.44	11.45
2025-2026	Jan	11.52	11.52	11.54	11.53	11.54	11.52	11.53	11.54	11.53	11.53
2025-2026	Feb	11.44	11.33	11.35	11.44	12.46	11.33	12.33	12.46	11.51	11.63
2025-2026	Mar	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.75	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.53
2025-2026	Apr	9.30	9.30	9.30	9.30	9.52	9.30	9.30	9.30	9.31	9.31
2025-2026	May	9.05	9.05	9.05	9.05	9.26	9.05	9.05	9.05	9.06	9.06
2025-2026	Jun	9.08	9.08	9.08	9.08	9.29	9.08	9.08	9.08	9.09	9.09
2025-2026	Jul	9.13	9.13	9.13	9.13	9.34	9.13	9.13	9.13	9.14	9.14
2025-2026	Aug	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.41	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20
2025-2026	Sep	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.46	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.26	9.26
2025-2026	Oct	9.42	9.42	9.42	9.42	9.63	9.42	9.42	9.42	9.42	9.42
<b>Average 2025-2026</b>		<b>\$ 9.94</b>	<b>\$ 9.93</b>	<b>\$ 9.93</b>	<b>\$ 9.94</b>	<b>\$ 10.17</b>	<b>\$ 9.93</b>	<b>\$ 10.01</b>	<b>\$ 10.03</b>	<b>\$ 9.95</b>	<b>\$ 9.96</b>
<b>Winter 2025-2026</b>		<b>\$ 10.96</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 10.95</b>	<b>\$ 10.97</b>	<b>\$ 10.95</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 11.15</b>	<b>\$ 11.19</b>	<b>\$ 10.98</b>	<b>\$ 11.00</b>
2026-2027	Nov	11.50	11.50	11.52	11.53	11.60	11.50	11.53	11.60	11.51	11.52
2026-2027	Dec	12.05	12.05	12.07	12.06	12.09	12.05	12.06	12.09	12.05	12.06
2026-2027	Jan	12.14	12.14	12.16	12.15	12.15	12.14	12.14	12.16	12.14	12.14
2026-2027	Feb	12.42	11.93	11.95	12.42	13.06	11.93	12.94	13.06	12.17	12.28
2026-2027	Mar	10.04	10.04	10.04	10.04	10.28	10.04	10.05	10.05	10.05	10.05
2026-2027	Apr	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80	10.02	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80
2026-2027	May	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.74	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.53	9.53
2026-2027	Jun	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.74	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.53	9.53
2026-2027	Jul	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.77	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.56	9.56
2026-2027	Aug	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.86	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.65	9.65
2026-2027	Sep	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.92	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70
2026-2027	Oct	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86	10.09	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.87	9.87
<b>Average 2026-2027</b>		<b>\$ 10.48</b>	<b>\$ 10.44</b>	<b>\$ 10.45</b>	<b>\$ 10.48</b>	<b>\$ 10.69</b>	<b>\$ 10.44</b>	<b>\$ 10.53</b>	<b>\$ 10.55</b>	<b>\$ 10.46</b>	<b>\$ 10.47</b>
<b>Winter 2026-2027</b>		<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 11.53</b>	<b>\$ 11.55</b>	<b>\$ 11.64</b>	<b>\$ 11.53</b>	<b>\$ 11.53</b>	<b>\$ 11.75</b>	<b>\$ 11.79</b>	<b>\$ 11.58</b>	<b>\$ 11.61</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2027-2028	Nov	12.00	12.00	12.01	12.03	12.09	12.00	12.02	12.09	12.00	12.01
2027-2028	Dec	12.56	12.56	12.58	12.57	12.58	12.56	12.56	12.58	12.56	12.56
2027-2028	Jan	12.65	12.65	12.67	12.66	12.65	12.65	12.65	12.67	12.65	12.65
2027-2028	Feb	12.88	12.37	12.39	12.88	13.50	12.37	13.37	13.50	12.61	12.72
2027-2028	Mar	10.52	10.52	10.52	10.52	10.76	10.52	10.52	10.52	10.52	10.52
2027-2028	Apr	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.36	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13
2027-2028	May	9.97	9.97	9.97	9.97	10.20	9.97	9.97	9.97	9.98	9.98
2027-2028	Jun	9.96	9.96	9.96	9.96	10.19	9.96	9.96	9.96	9.97	9.97
2027-2028	Jul	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.23	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.01	10.01
2027-2028	Aug	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.30	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.07	10.07
2027-2028	Sep	10.14	10.14	10.14	10.14	10.37	10.14	10.14	10.14	10.15	10.15
2027-2028	Oct	10.30	10.30	10.30	10.30	10.53	10.30	10.30	10.30	10.30	10.30
<b>Average 2027-2028</b>		<b>\$ 10.93</b>	<b>\$ 10.89</b>	<b>\$ 10.90</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 11.15</b>	<b>\$ 10.89</b>	<b>\$ 10.97</b>	<b>\$ 10.99</b>	<b>\$ 10.91</b>	<b>\$ 10.92</b>
<b>Winter 2027-2028</b>		<b>\$ 12.12</b>	<b>\$ 12.02</b>	<b>\$ 12.03</b>	<b>\$ 12.13</b>	<b>\$ 11.99</b>	<b>\$ 12.02</b>	<b>\$ 12.22</b>	<b>\$ 12.27</b>	<b>\$ 12.07</b>	<b>\$ 12.09</b>

## Appendix 6-2: High Case - Avoided Cost Estimates

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2007-2008	Nov	9.33	9.33	9.33	9.33	9.39	9.33	9.35	9.34	9.34	9.34
2007-2008	Dec	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.57	9.55	9.57	9.57	9.55	9.56
2007-2008	Jan	9.36	9.57	9.55	9.36	9.59	9.57	9.56	9.57	9.54	9.54
2007-2008	Feb	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49
2007-2008	Mar	8.26	8.26	8.26	8.26	8.69	8.26	8.49	8.26	8.30	8.29
2007-2008	Apr	7.94	7.97	7.94	7.94	8.12	7.99	7.94	7.95	7.98	7.98
2007-2008	May	7.83	7.85	7.83	7.83	8.01	7.84	7.83	7.83	7.84	7.84
2007-2008	Jun	8.05	8.07	8.05	8.05	8.24	8.05	8.05	8.05	8.06	8.06
2007-2008	Jul	8.07	8.09	8.07	8.07	8.26	8.07	8.07	8.07	8.08	8.08
2007-2008	Aug	8.09	8.11	8.09	8.09	8.27	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.10	8.10
2007-2008	Sep	8.11	8.13	8.11	8.11	8.29	8.11	8.11	8.11	8.12	8.12
2007-2008	Oct	8.38	8.40	8.38	8.38	8.57	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38
<b>Average 2007-2008</b>		<b>\$ 8.54</b>	<b>\$ 8.57</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>	<b>\$ 8.54</b>	<b>\$ 8.71</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>	<b>\$ 8.58</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>	<b>\$ 8.56</b>
<b>Winter 2007-2008</b>		<b>\$ 9.20</b>	<b>\$ 9.24</b>	<b>\$ 9.24</b>	<b>\$ 9.20</b>	<b>\$ 9.14</b>	<b>\$ 9.24</b>	<b>\$ 9.29</b>	<b>\$ 9.25</b>	<b>\$ 9.24</b>	<b>\$ 9.24</b>
2008-2009	Nov	8.78	8.79	8.78	8.78	8.83	8.79	8.79	8.80	8.79	8.79
2008-2009	Dec	8.95	8.97	8.97	8.95	8.97	8.97	8.95	8.99	8.96	8.97
2008-2009	Jan	9.02	9.02	9.02	9.02	9.02	9.02	9.02	9.04	9.02	9.03
2008-2009	Feb	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94	8.94
2008-2009	Mar	8.52	8.52	8.52	8.52	8.72	8.52	8.52	8.52	8.52	8.52
2008-2009	Apr	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.47	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29
2008-2009	May	8.14	8.16	8.14	8.14	8.32	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14
2008-2009	Jun	8.09	8.11	8.09	8.09	8.27	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09	8.09
2008-2009	Jul	8.14	8.16	8.14	8.14	8.32	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.15	8.14
2008-2009	Aug	8.19	8.21	8.19	8.19	8.38	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.20	8.20
2008-2009	Sep	8.21	8.23	8.21	8.21	8.40	8.21	8.21	8.21	8.22	8.22
2008-2009	Oct	8.25	8.27	8.25	8.25	8.44	8.29	8.25	8.25	8.28	8.28
<b>Average 2008-2009</b>		<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.59</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>
<b>Winter 2008-2009</b>		<b>\$ 8.84</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>	<b>\$ 8.84</b>	<b>\$ 8.83</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>	<b>\$ 8.86</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>
2009-2010	Nov	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.58	8.55	8.55	8.56	8.55	8.55
2009-2010	Dec	8.64	8.65	8.65	8.64	8.65	8.65	8.64	8.67	8.65	8.65
2009-2010	Jan	8.69	8.70	8.70	8.69	8.70	8.70	8.69	8.72	8.70	8.70
2009-2010	Feb	9.76	9.74	9.74	9.79	8.69	9.74	9.91	9.91	9.75	9.77
2009-2010	Mar	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.58	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39
2009-2010	Apr	8.15	8.15	8.15	8.15	8.33	8.15	8.15	8.15	8.15	8.15
2009-2010	May	8.14	8.16	8.14	8.14	8.32	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14	8.14
2009-2010	Jun	8.13	8.15	8.13	8.13	8.32	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.14	8.14
2009-2010	Jul	8.19	8.21	8.19	8.19	8.37	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.19
2009-2010	Aug	8.24	8.26	8.24	8.24	8.42	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24	8.24
2009-2010	Sep	8.29	8.31	8.29	8.29	8.47	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29
2009-2010	Oct	8.34	8.36	8.34	8.34	8.53	8.34	8.34	8.34	8.34	8.34
<b>Average 2009-2010</b>		<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.50</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.47</b>	<b>\$ 8.48</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>	<b>\$ 8.46</b>
<b>Winter 2009-2010</b>		<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.80</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.59</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.84</b>	<b>\$ 8.85</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>	<b>\$ 8.81</b>
2010-2011	Nov	8.62	8.62	8.63	8.62	8.66	8.62	8.62	8.64	8.62	8.62
2010-2011	Dec	8.70	8.72	8.73	8.70	8.71	8.72	8.71	8.75	8.71	8.72
2010-2011	Jan	8.75	8.77	8.78	8.75	8.77	8.77	8.76	8.80	8.76	8.77
2010-2011	Feb	9.96	9.94	9.95	11.82	8.71	9.94	9.99	11.82	10.07	10.25
2010-2011	Mar	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.73	8.53	8.53	8.53	8.54	8.54
2010-2011	Apr	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.47	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29	8.29
2010-2011	May	8.33	8.35	8.33	8.33	8.52	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.34	8.34
2010-2011	Jun	8.36	8.38	8.36	8.36	8.55	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.36	8.36
2010-2011	Jul	8.41	8.43	8.41	8.41	8.60	8.41	8.41	8.41	8.42	8.42
2010-2011	Aug	8.46	8.48	8.46	8.46	8.65	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.46
2010-2011	Sep	8.52	8.54	8.52	8.52	8.71	8.52	8.52	8.52	8.52	8.52
2010-2011	Oct	8.57	8.59	8.57	8.57	8.77	8.57	8.57	8.57	8.58	8.58
<b>Average 2010-2011</b>		<b>\$ 8.62</b>	<b>\$ 8.64</b>	<b>\$ 8.63</b>	<b>\$ 8.78</b>	<b>\$ 8.65</b>	<b>\$ 8.63</b>	<b>\$ 8.63</b>	<b>\$ 8.79</b>	<b>\$ 8.64</b>	<b>\$ 8.65</b>
<b>Winter 2010-2011</b>		<b>\$ 8.91</b>	<b>\$ 8.91</b>	<b>\$ 8.92</b>	<b>\$ 9.29</b>	<b>\$ 8.67</b>	<b>\$ 8.91</b>	<b>\$ 8.92</b>	<b>\$ 9.31</b>	<b>\$ 8.94</b>	<b>\$ 8.98</b>
2011-2012	Nov	9.35	9.35	9.36	9.36	9.43	9.35	9.36	9.38	9.35	9.36
2011-2012	Dec	9.53	9.53	9.55	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.53	9.56	9.53	9.53
2011-2012	Jan	9.59	9.59	9.60	9.59	9.59	9.59	9.59	9.62	9.59	9.59
2011-2012	Feb	10.40	10.38	10.39	10.69	9.31	10.38	10.47	10.69	10.40	10.43
2011-2012	Mar	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.30	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09
2011-2012	Apr	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.94	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.74
2011-2012	May	8.59	8.61	8.59	8.59	8.78	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59	8.59
2011-2012	Jun	8.64	8.66	8.64	8.64	8.83	8.64	8.64	8.64	8.64	8.64
2011-2012	Jul	8.69	8.71	8.69	8.69	8.89	8.69	8.69	8.69	8.70	8.70
2011-2012	Aug	8.74	8.76	8.74	8.74	8.94	8.74	8.74	8.74	8.75	8.75
2011-2012	Sep	8.80	8.82	8.80	8.80	9.00	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80	8.80
2011-2012	Oct	8.92	8.94	8.92	8.92	9.12	8.92	8.92	8.92	8.92	8.92
<b>Average 2011-2012</b>		<b>\$ 9.09</b>	<b>\$ 9.10</b>	<b>\$ 9.09</b>	<b>\$ 9.11</b>	<b>\$ 9.14</b>	<b>\$ 9.09</b>	<b>\$ 9.10</b>	<b>\$ 9.12</b>	<b>\$ 9.09</b>	<b>\$ 9.10</b>
<b>Winter 2011-2012</b>		<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.60</b>	<b>\$ 9.65</b>	<b>\$ 9.35</b>	<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.61</b>	<b>\$ 9.67</b>	<b>\$ 9.59</b>	<b>\$ 9.60</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2012-2013	Nov	9.79	9.79	9.80	9.79	9.87	9.79	9.80	9.82	9.79	9.80
2012-2013	Dec	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.02	10.00	10.00
2012-2013	Jan	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.08	10.06	10.06
2012-2013	Feb	10.05	10.04	10.06	10.36	9.68	10.04	10.14	10.36	10.08	10.11
2012-2013	Mar	9.36	9.36	9.36	9.36	9.57	9.36	9.36	9.36	9.36	9.36
2012-2013	Apr	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.22	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.01	9.01
2012-2013	May	8.87	8.89	8.87	8.87	9.07	8.87	8.87	8.87	8.87	8.87
2012-2013	Jun	8.92	8.94	8.92	8.92	9.12	8.92	8.92	8.92	8.93	8.93
2012-2013	Jul	8.98	9.00	8.98	8.98	9.18	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98	8.98
2012-2013	Aug	9.03	9.05	9.03	9.03	9.24	9.03	9.03	9.03	9.04	9.04
2012-2013	Sep	9.09	9.11	9.09	9.09	9.29	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09
2012-2013	Oct	9.21	9.23	9.21	9.21	9.42	9.21	9.21	9.21	9.21	9.21
<b>Average 2012-2013</b>		<b>\$ 9.36</b>	<b>\$ 9.37</b>	<b>\$ 9.37</b>	<b>\$ 9.39</b>	<b>\$ 9.48</b>	<b>\$ 9.36</b>	<b>\$ 9.37</b>	<b>\$ 9.40</b>	<b>\$ 9.37</b>	<b>\$ 9.37</b>
<b>Winter 2012-2013</b>		<b>\$ 9.85</b>	<b>\$ 9.85</b>	<b>\$ 9.86</b>	<b>\$ 9.91</b>	<b>\$ 9.73</b>	<b>\$ 9.85</b>	<b>\$ 9.87</b>	<b>\$ 9.93</b>	<b>\$ 9.86</b>	<b>\$ 9.87</b>
2013-2014	Nov	10.14	10.14	10.16	10.14	10.22	10.14	10.15	10.17	10.14	10.15
2013-2014	Dec	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.38	10.36	10.36
2013-2014	Jan	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.44	10.42	10.42
2013-2014	Feb	10.41	10.39	10.40	10.72	10.04	10.39	10.53	10.72	10.43	10.46
2013-2014	Mar	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.94	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72
2013-2014	Apr	9.37	9.37	9.37	9.37	9.59	9.37	9.37	9.37	9.38	9.38
2013-2014	May	9.16	9.18	9.16	9.16	9.37	9.16	9.16	9.16	9.16	9.16
2013-2014	Jun	9.17	9.19	9.17	9.17	9.38	9.17	9.17	9.17	9.17	9.17
2013-2014	Jul	9.22	9.24	9.22	9.22	9.43	9.22	9.22	9.22	9.23	9.23
2013-2014	Aug	9.28	9.30	9.28	9.28	9.49	9.28	9.28	9.28	9.28	9.28
2013-2014	Sep	9.34	9.36	9.34	9.34	9.55	9.34	9.34	9.34	9.34	9.34
2013-2014	Oct	9.46	9.48	9.46	9.46	9.68	9.46	9.46	9.46	9.46	9.46
<b>Average 2013-2014</b>		<b>\$ 9.67</b>	<b>\$ 9.68</b>	<b>\$ 9.67</b>	<b>\$ 9.70</b>	<b>\$ 9.79</b>	<b>\$ 9.67</b>	<b>\$ 9.68</b>	<b>\$ 9.70</b>	<b>\$ 9.67</b>	<b>\$ 9.68</b>
<b>Winter 2013-2014</b>		<b>\$ 10.21</b>	<b>\$ 10.20</b>	<b>\$ 10.21</b>	<b>\$ 10.27</b>	<b>\$ 10.09</b>	<b>\$ 10.20</b>	<b>\$ 10.23</b>	<b>\$ 10.28</b>	<b>\$ 10.21</b>	<b>\$ 10.22</b>
2014-2015	Nov	10.38	10.38	10.39	10.38	10.46	10.38	10.39	10.41	10.38	10.38
2014-2015	Dec	10.60	10.60	10.61	10.60	10.61	10.60	10.60	10.63	10.60	10.61
2014-2015	Jan	10.67	10.67	10.67	10.67	10.67	10.67	10.67	10.69	10.67	10.67
2014-2015	Feb	10.88	10.86	10.87	11.19	10.30	10.86	11.03	11.19	10.90	10.93
2014-2015	Mar	9.95	9.95	9.95	9.95	10.18	9.95	9.95	9.96	9.96	9.96
2014-2015	Apr	9.60	9.60	9.60	9.60	9.81	9.60	9.60	9.60	9.60	9.60
2014-2015	May	9.49	9.51	9.49	9.49	9.71	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.50	9.50
2014-2015	Jun	9.55	9.57	9.55	9.55	9.77	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.55
2014-2015	Jul	9.60	9.62	9.60	9.60	9.82	9.60	9.60	9.60	9.61	9.61
2014-2015	Aug	9.66	9.68	9.66	9.66	9.88	9.66	9.66	9.66	9.67	9.67
2014-2015	Sep	9.72	9.74	9.72	9.72	9.94	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.73	9.73
2014-2015	Oct	9.86	9.88	9.86	9.86	10.08	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86
<b>Average 2014-2015</b>		<b>\$ 10.00</b>	<b>\$ 10.00</b>	<b>\$ 10.00</b>	<b>\$ 10.02</b>	<b>\$ 10.10</b>	<b>\$ 9.99</b>	<b>\$ 10.01</b>	<b>\$ 10.03</b>	<b>\$ 10.00</b>	<b>\$ 10.00</b>
<b>Winter 2014-2015</b>		<b>\$ 10.50</b>	<b>\$ 10.49</b>	<b>\$ 10.50</b>	<b>\$ 10.56</b>	<b>\$ 10.34</b>	<b>\$ 10.49</b>	<b>\$ 10.53</b>	<b>\$ 10.57</b>	<b>\$ 10.50</b>	<b>\$ 10.51</b>
2015-2016	Nov	10.80	10.81	10.82	10.81	10.90	10.80	10.82	10.84	10.81	10.81
2015-2016	Dec	11.03	11.03	11.05	11.03	11.04	11.03	11.03	11.07	11.04	11.04
2015-2016	Jan	11.10	11.10	11.12	11.10	11.10	11.10	11.10	11.14	11.10	11.10
2015-2016	Feb	11.27	11.26	11.27	12.07	11.10	11.26	11.46	12.07	11.35	11.43
2015-2016	Mar	10.43	10.43	10.43	10.43	10.67	10.43	10.43	10.44	10.43	10.43
2015-2016	Apr	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.36	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13
2015-2016	May	9.82	9.84	9.82	9.82	10.05	9.82	9.82	9.82	9.83	9.83
2015-2016	Jun	9.85	9.87	9.85	9.85	10.07	9.85	9.85	9.85	9.85	9.85
2015-2016	Jul	9.91	9.93	9.91	9.91	10.13	9.91	9.91	9.91	9.91	9.91
2015-2016	Aug	9.97	9.99	9.97	9.97	10.19	9.97	9.97	9.97	9.97	9.97
2015-2016	Sep	10.03	10.05	10.03	10.03	10.26	10.03	10.03	10.03	10.03	10.03
2015-2016	Oct	10.16	10.18	10.16	10.16	10.40	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.17	10.17
<b>Average 2015-2016</b>		<b>\$ 10.38</b>	<b>\$ 10.38</b>	<b>\$ 10.38</b>	<b>\$ 10.44</b>	<b>\$ 10.52</b>	<b>\$ 10.37</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.45</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>
<b>Winter 2015-2016</b>		<b>\$ 10.93</b>	<b>\$ 10.92</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 11.09</b>	<b>\$ 10.86</b>	<b>\$ 10.92</b>	<b>\$ 10.97</b>	<b>\$ 11.11</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 10.96</b>
2016-2017	Nov	11.26	11.26	11.28	11.26	11.35	11.26	11.28	11.29	11.26	11.27
2016-2017	Dec	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.51	11.53	11.51	11.51
2016-2017	Jan	11.58	11.58	11.58	11.58	11.58	11.58	11.58	11.59	11.58	11.58
2016-2017	Feb	11.57	11.53	11.54	12.44	11.97	11.53	11.79	12.44	11.65	11.74
2016-2017	Mar	10.69	10.69	10.69	10.69	10.94	10.69	10.69	10.69	10.70	10.70
2016-2017	Apr	10.39	10.39	10.39	10.39	10.63	10.39	10.39	10.39	10.39	10.39
2016-2017	May	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.75	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.54
2016-2017	Jun	9.47	9.47	9.47	9.47	9.68	9.47	9.47	9.47	9.47	9.47
2016-2017	Jul	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.74	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.53	9.53
2016-2017	Aug	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.80	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58
2016-2017	Sep	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.86	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64	9.64
2016-2017	Oct	9.78	9.78	9.78	9.78	10.00	9.78	9.78	9.78	9.78	9.78
<b>Average 2016-2017</b>		<b>\$ 10.38</b>	<b>\$ 10.37</b>	<b>\$ 10.38</b>	<b>\$ 10.45</b>	<b>\$ 10.57</b>	<b>\$ 10.37</b>	<b>\$ 10.40</b>	<b>\$ 10.45</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>
<b>Winter 2016-2017</b>		<b>\$ 11.32</b>	<b>\$ 11.32</b>	<b>\$ 11.32</b>	<b>\$ 11.50</b>	<b>\$ 11.33</b>	<b>\$ 11.32</b>	<b>\$ 11.37</b>	<b>\$ 11.51</b>	<b>\$ 11.34</b>	<b>\$ 11.36</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2017-2018	Nov	10.91	10.91	10.92	10.92	11.01	10.91	10.93	10.94	10.92	10.92
2017-2018	Dec	11.16	11.16	11.16	11.16	11.16	11.16	11.16	11.17	11.16	11.16
2017-2018	Jan	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23	11.23
2017-2018	Feb	11.22	11.19	11.20	12.16	11.66	11.19	11.48	12.16	11.32	11.41
2017-2018	Mar	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.69	10.44	10.45	10.44	10.45	10.45
2017-2018	Apr	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.36	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13	10.13
2017-2018	May	9.83	9.83	9.83	9.83	10.05	9.83	9.83	9.83	9.83	9.83
2017-2018	Jun	9.82	9.82	9.82	9.82	10.05	9.82	9.82	9.82	9.83	9.83
2017-2018	Jul	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88	10.10	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88	9.88
2017-2018	Aug	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	10.16	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94
2017-2018	Sep	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.23	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
2017-2018	Oct	10.14	10.14	10.14	10.14	10.38	10.14	10.14	10.14	10.15	10.15
<b>Average 2017-2018</b>		<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.47</b>	<b>\$ 10.59</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.41</b>	<b>\$ 10.47</b>	<b>\$ 10.40</b>	<b>\$ 10.41</b>
<b>Winter 2017-2018</b>		<b>\$ 10.99</b>	<b>\$ 10.99</b>	<b>\$ 10.99</b>	<b>\$ 11.18</b>	<b>\$ 11.02</b>	<b>\$ 10.99</b>	<b>\$ 11.05</b>	<b>\$ 11.19</b>	<b>\$ 11.01</b>	<b>\$ 11.03</b>
2018-2019	Nov	11.17	11.17	11.18	11.18	11.26	11.17	11.20	11.20	11.18	11.18
2018-2019	Dec	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.39	11.41	11.39	11.39
2018-2019	Jan	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.46	11.47	11.46	11.46
2018-2019	Feb	11.42	11.41	11.41	12.17	12.10	11.41	11.92	12.17	11.55	11.62
2018-2019	Mar	10.35	10.35	10.35	10.35	10.60	10.35	10.36	10.35	10.36	10.36
2018-2019	Apr	9.89	9.89	9.89	9.89	10.12	9.89	9.89	9.89	9.89	9.89
2018-2019	May	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90	10.12	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.91	9.91
2018-2019	Jun	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.73	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52
2018-2019	Jul	9.57	9.57	9.57	9.57	9.79	9.57	9.57	9.57	9.58	9.58
2018-2019	Aug	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.85	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.63
2018-2019	Sep	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.91	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69
2018-2019	Oct	9.84	9.84	9.84	9.84	10.07	9.84	9.84	9.84	9.84	9.84
<b>Average 2018-2019</b>		<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.38</b>	<b>\$ 10.53</b>	<b>\$ 10.32</b>	<b>\$ 10.36</b>	<b>\$ 10.39</b>	<b>\$ 10.33</b>	<b>\$ 10.34</b>
<b>Winter 2018-2019</b>		<b>\$ 11.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.31</b>	<b>\$ 11.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.16</b>	<b>\$ 11.27</b>	<b>\$ 11.32</b>	<b>\$ 11.19</b>	<b>\$ 11.20</b>
2019-2020	Nov	10.97	10.97	10.98	10.97	11.05	10.97	10.99	10.99	10.97	10.97
2019-2020	Dec	11.22	11.22	11.22	11.22	11.22	11.22	11.22	11.24	11.22	11.22
2019-2020	Jan	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.29	11.30	11.29	11.29
2019-2020	Feb	11.45	11.21	11.22	12.14	12.06	11.21	11.90	12.14	11.41	11.50
2019-2020	Mar	10.48	10.48	10.48	10.48	10.73	10.48	10.49	10.48	10.49	10.49
2019-2020	Apr	10.15	10.15	10.15	10.15	10.38	10.15	10.15	10.15	10.15	10.15
2019-2020	May	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.94	10.17	9.94	9.94	9.94	9.95	9.95
2019-2020	Jun	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.85	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.64	9.64
2019-2020	Jul	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.91	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.70	9.70
2019-2020	Aug	9.76	9.76	9.76	9.76	9.98	9.76	9.76	9.76	9.76	9.76
2019-2020	Sep	9.81	9.81	9.81	9.81	10.04	9.81	9.81	9.81	9.82	9.82
2019-2020	Oct	9.96	9.96	9.96	9.96	10.19	9.96	9.96	9.96	9.97	9.96
<b>Average 2019-2020</b>		<b>\$ 10.36</b>	<b>\$ 10.34</b>	<b>\$ 10.35</b>	<b>\$ 10.42</b>	<b>\$ 10.57</b>	<b>\$ 10.34</b>	<b>\$ 10.40</b>	<b>\$ 10.43</b>	<b>\$ 10.36</b>	<b>\$ 10.37</b>
<b>Winter 2019-2020</b>		<b>\$ 11.08</b>	<b>\$ 11.03</b>	<b>\$ 11.04</b>	<b>\$ 11.22</b>	<b>\$ 11.12</b>	<b>\$ 11.03</b>	<b>\$ 11.18</b>	<b>\$ 11.23</b>	<b>\$ 11.08</b>	<b>\$ 11.09</b>
2020-2021	Nov	11.02	11.02	11.03	11.04	11.11	11.02	11.04	11.05	11.03	11.03
2020-2021	Dec	11.28	11.28	11.29	11.28	11.29	11.28	11.28	11.29	11.28	11.28
2020-2021	Jan	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35	11.35
2020-2021	Feb	12.05	11.30	11.31	12.18	12.51	11.30	12.33	12.51	11.58	11.69
2020-2021	Mar	10.38	10.38	10.38	10.38	10.62	10.38	10.38	10.38	10.38	10.38
2020-2021	Apr	10.04	10.04	10.04	10.04	10.27	10.04	10.04	10.04	10.04	10.04
2020-2021	May	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.92	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70
2020-2021	Jun	9.23	9.23	9.23	9.23	9.44	9.23	9.23	9.23	9.24	9.24
2020-2021	Jul	9.29	9.29	9.29	9.29	9.50	9.29	9.29	9.29	9.29	9.29
2020-2021	Aug	9.35	9.35	9.35	9.35	9.56	9.35	9.35	9.35	9.35	9.35
2020-2021	Sep	9.41	9.41	9.41	9.41	9.62	9.41	9.41	9.41	9.41	9.41
2020-2021	Oct	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.76	9.54	9.54	9.54	9.55	9.55
<b>Average 2020-2021</b>		<b>\$ 10.22</b>	<b>\$ 10.16</b>	<b>\$ 10.16</b>	<b>\$ 10.23</b>	<b>\$ 10.41</b>	<b>\$ 10.16</b>	<b>\$ 10.24</b>	<b>\$ 10.26</b>	<b>\$ 10.18</b>	<b>\$ 10.19</b>
<b>Winter 2020-2021</b>		<b>\$ 11.22</b>	<b>\$ 11.06</b>	<b>\$ 11.07</b>	<b>\$ 11.24</b>	<b>\$ 11.19</b>	<b>\$ 11.06</b>	<b>\$ 11.28</b>	<b>\$ 11.31</b>	<b>\$ 11.12</b>	<b>\$ 11.15</b>
2021-2022	Nov	10.59	10.59	10.61	10.61	10.69	10.59	10.62	10.62	10.60	10.60
2021-2022	Dec	10.86	10.86	10.87	10.86	10.87	10.86	10.87	10.87	10.86	10.86
2021-2022	Jan	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94	10.94
2021-2022	Feb	11.60	10.87	10.88	11.73	12.07	10.87	11.90	12.07	11.15	11.26
2021-2022	Mar	9.95	9.95	9.95	9.95	10.18	9.95	9.95	9.95	9.95	9.95
2021-2022	Apr	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.94	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.73	9.73
2021-2022	May	9.48	9.48	9.48	9.48	9.70	9.48	9.48	9.48	9.48	9.48
2021-2022	Jun	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.74	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52	9.52
2021-2022	Jul	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.79	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58
2021-2022	Aug	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.85	9.63	9.63	9.63	9.64	9.64
2021-2022	Sep	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.92	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70
2021-2022	Oct	9.84	9.84	9.84	9.84	10.06	9.84	9.84	9.84	9.84	9.84
<b>Average 2021-2022</b>		<b>\$ 10.12</b>	<b>\$ 10.06</b>	<b>\$ 10.06</b>	<b>\$ 10.13</b>	<b>\$ 10.31</b>	<b>\$ 10.06</b>	<b>\$ 10.14</b>	<b>\$ 10.16</b>	<b>\$ 10.08</b>	<b>\$ 10.09</b>
<b>Winter 2021-2022</b>		<b>\$ 10.79</b>	<b>\$ 10.64</b>	<b>\$ 10.65</b>	<b>\$ 10.82</b>	<b>\$ 10.78</b>	<b>\$ 10.64</b>	<b>\$ 10.86</b>	<b>\$ 10.89</b>	<b>\$ 10.70</b>	<b>\$ 10.72</b>



Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2022-2023	Nov	11.55	11.55	11.57	11.57	11.65	11.55	11.58	11.58	11.56	11.56
2022-2023	Dec	11.99	11.99	12.00	11.99	12.01	11.99	12.00	12.01	11.99	11.99
2022-2023	Jan	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07	12.07
2022-2023	Feb	12.14	11.92	11.93	12.22	13.10	11.92	12.93	13.10	12.13	12.24
2022-2023	Mar	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.66	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42
2022-2023	Apr	10.34	10.34	10.34	10.34	10.58	10.34	10.34	10.34	10.35	10.35
2022-2023	May	9.77	9.77	9.77	9.77	10.00	9.77	9.77	9.77	9.78	9.78
2022-2023	Jun	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.71	9.49	9.49	9.49	9.50	9.50
2022-2023	Jul	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.77	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.56	9.55
2022-2023	Aug	9.61	9.61	9.61	9.61	9.83	9.61	9.61	9.61	9.62	9.61
2022-2023	Sep	9.67	9.67	9.67	9.67	9.89	9.67	9.67	9.67	9.68	9.68
2022-2023	Oct	9.82	9.82	9.82	9.82	10.04	9.82	9.82	9.82	9.82	9.82
<b>Average 2022-2023</b>		<b>\$ 10.54</b>	<b>\$ 10.52</b>	<b>\$ 10.52</b>	<b>\$ 10.54</b>	<b>\$ 10.78</b>	<b>\$ 10.52</b>	<b>\$ 10.60</b>	<b>\$ 10.62</b>	<b>\$ 10.54</b>	<b>\$ 10.55</b>
<b>Winter 2022-2023</b>		<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 11.59</b>	<b>\$ 11.60</b>	<b>\$ 11.65</b>	<b>\$ 11.68</b>	<b>\$ 11.59</b>	<b>\$ 11.80</b>	<b>\$ 11.84</b>	<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 11.66</b>
2023-2024	Nov	11.64	11.64	11.65	11.66	11.75	11.64	11.68	11.75	11.65	11.66
2023-2024	Dec	12.09	12.09	12.10	12.09	12.12	12.09	12.10	12.12	12.09	12.09
2023-2024	Jan	12.17	12.17	12.17	12.17	12.19	12.17	12.18	12.19	12.17	12.17
2023-2024	Feb	12.00	11.94	11.96	12.08	13.10	11.94	12.90	13.10	12.12	12.23
2023-2024	Mar	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.55	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
2023-2024	Apr	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.32	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.09	10.09
2023-2024	May	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80	10.02	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80
2023-2024	Jun	9.73	9.73	9.73	9.73	9.96	9.73	9.73	9.73	9.74	9.74
2023-2024	Jul	9.79	9.79	9.79	9.79	10.02	9.79	9.79	9.79	9.80	9.80
2023-2024	Aug	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.86	10.09	9.86	9.86	9.86	9.87	9.87
2023-2024	Sep	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	10.15	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92	9.92
2023-2024	Oct	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.29	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.07	10.07
<b>Average 2023-2024</b>		<b>\$ 10.62</b>	<b>\$ 10.62</b>	<b>\$ 10.62</b>	<b>\$ 10.63</b>	<b>\$ 10.88</b>	<b>\$ 10.62</b>	<b>\$ 10.70</b>	<b>\$ 10.73</b>	<b>\$ 10.64</b>	<b>\$ 10.65</b>
<b>Winter 2023-2024</b>		<b>\$ 11.64</b>	<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 11.64</b>	<b>\$ 11.66</b>	<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 11.63</b>	<b>\$ 11.83</b>	<b>\$ 11.89</b>	<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 11.70</b>
2024-2025	Nov	12.03	12.03	12.05	12.06	12.15	12.03	12.07	12.15	12.04	12.05
2024-2025	Dec	12.51	12.51	12.53	12.52	12.55	12.51	12.53	12.55	12.51	12.52
2024-2025	Jan	12.60	12.60	12.62	12.60	12.62	12.60	12.61	12.62	12.60	12.60
2024-2025	Feb	12.47	12.41	12.43	12.55	13.60	12.41	13.40	13.60	12.59	12.71
2024-2025	Mar	10.59	10.59	10.59	10.59	10.84	10.59	10.59	10.59	10.59	10.59
2024-2025	Apr	10.33	10.33	10.33	10.33	10.56	10.33	10.33	10.33	10.33	10.33
2024-2025	May	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.29	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06	10.06
2024-2025	Jun	9.97	9.97	9.97	9.97	10.20	9.97	9.97	9.97	9.98	9.97
2024-2025	Jul	10.03	10.03	10.03	10.03	10.26	10.03	10.03	10.03	10.04	10.04
2024-2025	Aug	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.33	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10
2024-2025	Sep	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.39	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.16
2024-2025	Oct	10.32	10.32	10.32	10.32	10.56	10.32	10.32	10.32	10.33	10.32
<b>Average 2024-2025</b>		<b>\$ 10.93</b>	<b>\$ 10.92</b>	<b>\$ 10.93</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 11.19</b>	<b>\$ 10.92</b>	<b>\$ 11.01</b>	<b>\$ 11.04</b>	<b>\$ 10.94</b>	<b>\$ 10.96</b>
<b>Winter 2024-2025</b>		<b>\$ 12.04</b>	<b>\$ 12.03</b>	<b>\$ 12.04</b>	<b>\$ 12.06</b>	<b>\$ 12.05</b>	<b>\$ 12.03</b>	<b>\$ 12.24</b>	<b>\$ 12.30</b>	<b>\$ 12.07</b>	<b>\$ 12.10</b>
2025-2026	Nov	12.63	12.63	12.64	12.65	12.74	12.63	12.66	12.74	12.64	12.65
2025-2026	Dec	13.16	13.16	13.18	13.17	13.20	13.16	13.18	13.20	13.16	13.17
2025-2026	Jan	13.25	13.25	13.27	13.26	13.27	13.25	13.26	13.27	13.25	13.26
2025-2026	Feb	13.21	13.08	13.10	13.21	14.22	13.08	14.07	14.22	13.26	13.38
2025-2026	Mar	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.58	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32	11.32
2025-2026	Apr	10.99	10.99	10.99	10.99	11.24	10.99	10.99	10.99	10.99	10.99
2025-2026	May	10.77	10.77	10.77	10.77	11.01	10.77	10.77	10.77	10.77	10.77
2025-2026	Jun	10.80	10.80	10.80	10.80	11.05	10.80	10.80	10.80	10.81	10.81
2025-2026	Jul	10.85	10.85	10.85	10.85	11.10	10.85	10.85	10.85	10.86	10.86
2025-2026	Aug	10.92	10.92	10.92	10.92	11.17	10.92	10.92	10.92	10.93	10.93
2025-2026	Sep	10.99	10.99	10.99	10.99	11.25	10.99	10.99	10.99	11.00	11.00
2025-2026	Oct	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.42	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.17	11.17
<b>Average 2025-2026</b>		<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 11.66</b>	<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 11.67</b>	<b>\$ 11.94</b>	<b>\$ 11.66</b>	<b>\$ 11.75</b>	<b>\$ 11.77</b>	<b>\$ 11.68</b>	<b>\$ 11.69</b>
<b>Winter 2025-2026</b>		<b>\$ 12.71</b>	<b>\$ 12.69</b>	<b>\$ 12.70</b>	<b>\$ 12.72</b>	<b>\$ 12.71</b>	<b>\$ 12.69</b>	<b>\$ 12.90</b>	<b>\$ 12.95</b>	<b>\$ 12.73</b>	<b>\$ 12.75</b>
2026-2027	Nov	13.42	13.42	13.43	13.45	13.54	13.42	13.45	13.54	13.43	13.44
2026-2027	Dec	13.91	13.91	13.93	13.91	13.94	13.91	13.92	13.94	13.91	13.91
2026-2027	Jan	14.01	14.01	14.02	14.02	14.02	14.01	14.01	14.02	14.01	14.01
2026-2027	Feb	14.37	13.82	13.83	14.37	14.96	13.82	14.82	14.96	14.06	14.17
2026-2027	Mar	11.94	11.94	11.94	11.94	12.21	11.94	11.94	11.94	11.94	11.94
2026-2027	Apr	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.80	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53
2026-2027	May	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.59	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.34	11.34
2026-2027	Jun	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.59	11.33	11.33	11.33	11.34	11.34
2026-2027	Jul	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.63	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.38	11.37
2026-2027	Aug	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.70	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44	11.44
2026-2027	Sep	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.79	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.53
2026-2027	Oct	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.96	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.69
<b>Average 2026-2027</b>		<b>\$ 12.32</b>	<b>\$ 12.28</b>	<b>\$ 12.28</b>	<b>\$ 12.33</b>	<b>\$ 12.56</b>	<b>\$ 12.28</b>	<b>\$ 12.36</b>	<b>\$ 12.39</b>	<b>\$ 12.30</b>	<b>\$ 12.31</b>
<b>Winter 2026-2027</b>		<b>\$ 13.53</b>	<b>\$ 13.42</b>	<b>\$ 13.43</b>	<b>\$ 13.54</b>	<b>\$ 13.41</b>	<b>\$ 13.42</b>	<b>\$ 13.63</b>	<b>\$ 13.68</b>	<b>\$ 13.47</b>	<b>\$ 13.50</b>

Gas Year	Month	Albany	Astoria	Dalles	Eugene	Newport LC	Portland	Salem	Vancouver	Oregon	System
2027-2028	Nov	13.97	13.97	13.98	14.01	14.08	13.97	13.98	14.08	13.97	13.99
2027-2028	Dec	14.46	14.46	14.49	14.47	14.49	14.46	14.47	14.49	14.46	14.47
2027-2028	Jan	14.57	14.57	14.59	14.58	14.57	14.57	14.57	14.59	14.57	14.57
2027-2028	Feb	14.94	14.31	14.33	14.94	15.53	14.31	15.31	15.53	14.57	14.69
2027-2028	Mar	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.79	12.50	12.50	12.51	12.51	12.51
2027-2028	Apr	12.09	12.09	12.09	12.09	12.37	12.09	12.09	12.09	12.09	12.09
2027-2028	May	11.87	11.87	11.87	11.87	12.15	11.87	11.87	11.87	11.87	11.88
2027-2028	Jun	11.86	11.86	11.86	11.86	12.13	11.86	11.86	11.86	11.86	11.87
2027-2028	Jul	11.91	11.91	11.91	11.91	12.18	11.91	11.91	11.91	11.91	11.92
2027-2028	Aug	11.98	11.98	11.98	11.98	12.25	11.98	11.98	11.98	11.98	11.98
2027-2028	Sep	12.06	12.06	12.06	12.06	12.34	12.06	12.06	12.06	12.06	12.07
2027-2028	Oct	12.22	12.22	12.22	12.22	12.51	12.22	12.22	12.22	12.22	12.23
<b>Average 2027-2028</b>		<b>\$ 12.87</b>	<b>\$ 12.82</b>	<b>\$ 12.82</b>	<b>\$ 12.87</b>	<b>\$ 13.12</b>	<b>\$ 12.82</b>	<b>\$ 12.90</b>	<b>\$ 12.93</b>	<b>\$ 12.84</b>	<b>\$ 12.85</b>
<b>Winter 2027-2028</b>		<b>\$ 14.09</b>	<b>\$ 13.96</b>	<b>\$ 13.98</b>	<b>\$ 14.10</b>	<b>\$ 13.97</b>	<b>\$ 13.96</b>	<b>\$ 14.17</b>	<b>\$ 14.24</b>	<b>\$ 14.02</b>	<b>\$ 14.05</b>

# Appendix 6-3: Development of the Real After-Tax Discount Rate

## NORTHWEST NATURAL INVESTMENT CARRYING CHARGE

30 YEAR INVESTMENT

CARRYING COST ASSUMPTIONS

DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	YEAR	EARNINGS BASE	RETURN	BOOK DEPR	TAX BASE	TAX DEPR	INTEREST	DEFERRED TAXES	CURRENT TAXES	TOTAL TAXES	PROP TAX	REV REQT
FINANCING		1	98.333	8.499	3.333	100.000	1.667	3.462	0.000	4.308	4.308	1.534	17.674
COMPOSITION		2	95.000	8.211	3.333	98.333	3.333	3.344	0.000	3.127	3.127	1.482	16.153
DEBT	49.82	3	91.667	7.922	3.333	95.000	3.333	3.227	0.000	3.017	3.017	1.430	15.703
PREFERRED	0.68	4	88.333	7.634	3.333	91.667	3.333	3.110	0.000	2.908	2.908	1.378	15.253
COMMON	49.5	5	85.000	7.346	3.333	88.333	3.333	2.992	0.000	2.798	2.798	1.326	14.803
	100	6	81.667	7.058	3.333	85.000	3.333	2.875	0.000	2.688	2.688	1.274	14.354
COST		7	78.333	6.770	3.333	81.667	3.333	2.758	0.000	2.578	2.578	1.222	13.904
DEBT	7.07	8	75.000	6.482	3.333	78.333	3.333	2.640	0.000	2.469	2.469	1.170	13.454
PREFERRED	7.16	9	71.667	6.194	3.333	75.000	3.333	2.523	0.000	2.359	2.359	1.118	13.004
COMMON	10.25	10	68.333	5.906	3.333	71.667	3.333	2.406	0.000	2.249	2.249	1.066	12.554
TOTAL	8.64	11	65.000	5.618	3.333	68.333	3.333	2.288	0.000	2.140	2.140	1.014	12.105
		12	61.667	5.330	3.333	65.000	3.333	2.171	0.000	2.030	2.030	0.962	11.655
TAXES		13	58.333	5.042	3.333	61.667	3.333	2.053	0.000	1.920	1.920	0.910	11.205
TAX LIFE	30	14	55.000	4.753	3.333	58.333	3.333	1.936	0.000	1.810	1.810	0.858	10.755
MONTH(REAL PROP)	6	15	51.667	4.465	3.333	55.000	3.333	1.819	0.000	1.701	1.701	0.806	10.305
DRDB RATE	100	16	48.333	4.177	3.333	51.667	3.333	1.701	0.000	1.591	1.591	0.754	9.856
COMPOSITE RATE	39.12	17	45.000	3.889	3.333	48.333	3.333	1.584	0.000	1.481	1.481	0.702	9.406
DEFERRED RATE	0	18	41.667	3.601	3.333	45.000	3.333	1.467	0.000	1.371	1.371	0.650	8.956
PROPERTY TAX RATE	1.56	19	38.333	3.313	3.333	41.667	3.333	1.349	0.000	1.262	1.262	0.598	8.506
FACILITY		20	35.000	3.025	3.333	38.333	3.333	1.232	0.000	1.152	1.152	0.546	8.056
BOOK LIFE	30	21	31.667	2.737	3.333	35.000	3.333	1.115	0.000	1.042	1.042	0.494	7.607
INVESTMENT	100	22	28.333	2.449	3.333	31.667	3.333	0.997	0.000	0.933	0.933	0.442	7.157
		23	25.000	2.161	3.333	28.333	3.333	0.880	0.000	0.823	0.823	0.390	6.707
		24	21.667	1.873	3.333	25.000	3.333	0.763	0.000	0.713	0.713	0.338	6.257
		25	18.333	1.584	3.333	21.667	3.333	0.645	0.000	0.603	0.603	0.286	5.807
SUMMARY OF RESULTS		26	15.000	1.296	3.333	18.333	3.333	0.528	0.000	0.494	0.494	0.234	5.357
RETURN	5.949	27	11.667	1.008	3.333	15.000	3.333	0.411	0.000	0.384	0.384	0.182	4.908
DEPRECIATION	3.333	28	8.333	0.720	3.333	11.667	3.333	0.293	0.000	0.274	0.274	0.130	4.458
INCOME TAX	2.351	29	5.000	0.432	3.333	8.333	3.333	0.176	0.000	0.165	0.165	0.078	4.008
PROP TAX	1.074	30	1.667	0.144	3.333	5.000	3.333	0.059	0.000	0.055	0.055	0.026	3.558
A & G	0.000	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.667	1.667	0.000	0.000	-1.071	-1.071	0.000	-1.071
GEN PLT @	0.000	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
NOMINAL CARRYING CHARGE	12.71 %	34	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		35	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
INFLATION	2.00 %	36	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		37	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
REAL CARRYING CHARGE	10.54 %	38	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		39	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
AFTER TAX DISCOUNT RATE	7.27 %	40	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		41	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
REAL AFTER-TAX DISC RATE	5.16 %	42	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		43	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		44	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Gross Up Factor	1.405	45	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		46	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		47	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		48	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		49	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
		51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
NET PRESENT VALUE			761.131	65.782	36.857	796.522	35.391	26.794	0.000	25.995	25.995	11.874	140.508