

March 15, 2007

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY

Oregon Public Utility Commission 550 Capitol Street NE, Ste 215 Salem, OR 97301-2551

Attention: Vikie Bailey-Goggins, Administrator

Regulatory Operations

Re: Commitment 52 from Commitments Applicable to All States

Docket No. UM-1209 - MEHC Acquisition of PacifiCorp

Pursuant to commitment 52 of the commitments applicable to all states in Docket No. UM-1209, MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company ("MEHC") and PacifiCorp committed to evaluate increasing the generation capacity of the Blundell geothermal facility and to summarize in a report and file with the Commission its cost-effective evaluation of any such increase in generation capacity. An original and five (5) copies of this filing will be provided via overnight delivery.

Shortly after the settlement and subsequent closing of the transaction between MEHC and PacifiCorp, PacifiCorp undertook an expansion of Blundell by adding a heat recovery unit at the facility, which is expected to add approximately 11 megawatts of production to the PacifiCorp system at an estimated \$48.9 million economic benefit. This expansion should be fully operational by the end of this year.

In further satisfaction of the company's obligation to evaluate other increases in the generation capacity of the Blundell facility, I have attached a copy of the company's economic evaluation for an additional 25 megawatt expansion. As further explained in the attached study, the total cost of a 25 megawatt expansion is estimated at \$5,538¹ per kilowatt, with a plant-only cost of \$4,259² per kilowatt. As a result of Congress' failure to extend the availability of production tax credits beyond the end of the calendar year 2008, the present value economic analysis performed by the company excludes production tax credits because the proposed

¹ This amount includes required costs and considerations pertaining to transmission system upgrades, taxes, allowance for funds used during construction, and escalation.

² This amount represents the cost estimates for the plant expansion only, excluding the required costs and considerations pertaining to transmission system upgrades, taxes, allowance for funds used during construction, and escalation.

expansion would not be in service prior to the expiration of the tax credits. Consequently, the unavailability of the tax credits negatively impacts the economic benefit associated with the proposed 25 megawatt expansion, resulting in a negative \$3.4 million detriment. Accordingly, the economic benefit of the 25 megawatt expansion is not cost-effective.

Notwithstanding PacifiCorp's inability to economically perform further expansions at this time, we believe the estimated \$48.9 million economic benefit associated with the 11 megawatt expansion will benefit the company's customers and the need for renewable generation for years to come.

It is respectfully requested that all formal correspondence and Staff requests regarding this filing be addressed to the following:

datarequest@pacificorp.com By E-mail (preferred):

Data Request Response Center By regular mail:

PacifiCorp

825 NE Multnomah, Suite 2000

Portland, OR 97232

(503) 813-6060 By fax:

Informal inquiries regarding this filing may be directed to the Oregon Regulatory Affairs Manager, at (503) 813-5542.

Sincerely,

tells/p-Andrea L. Kelly

Vice President, Regulation

Enclosures

cc: Service List: UM-1209 (w/out enclosures)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 15th day of March, 2007, I caused to be served, via E-mail, if address available or U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the Cover Letter regarding Commitment 52 from Commitments Applicable to all States in UM-1209.

RATES & REGULATORY AFFAIRS PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC RATES & REGULATORY AFFAIRS 121 SW SALMON STREET, 1WTC0702 PORTLAND OR 97204 pge.opuc.filings@pgn.com	NW ENERGY COALITION 219 FIRST ST STE 100 SEATTLE WA 98104 steve@nwenergy.org
UTILITY WORKERS UNION OF AMERICA PO BOX 37 SAN CLEMENTE CA 92674-0037 uwua@redhabanero.com	THANE SOMERVILLE – CONFIDENTIAL MORISSET, SCHLOSSER, JOZWAIK & MCGAW 801 SECOND AVE – STE 1115 SEATTLE WA 98104-1509 t.somerville@msaj.com
DOUGLAS L ANDERSON MIDAMERICAN ENERGY HOLDINGS CO 302 S 36 ST STE 400 OMAHA NE 68131 danderson@midamerican.com	JIM ABRAHAMSON CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNITY ACTION DIRECTORS OF OREGON PO BOX 7964 SALEM OR 97303-0208 jim@cado-oregon.org
ADAM S ARMS MCKANNA BISHOP JOFFE & SULLIVAN LLP 1635 NW JOHNSON ST PORTLAND OR 97209 aarms@mbjlaw.com	SUSAN ANDERSON CITY OF PORTLAND OFFICE OF SUSTAINABLE DEV 721 NW 9TH AVE SUITE 350 PORTLAND OR 97209-3447 susananderson@ci.portland.or.us

MAGGIE BRILZ IDAHO POWER COMPANY PO BOX 70 BOISE ID 83707-0070 mbrilz@idahopower.com	CURTIS G BERKEY ALEXANDER, BERKEY, WILLIAMS & WEATHERS, LLP 2030 ADDISON STREET, SUITE 410 BERKELEY CA 94704 cberkey@abwwlaw.com
JOANNE M BUTLER IDAHO POWER COMPANY PO BOX 70 BOISE ID 83707-0070 jbutler@idahopower.com	LOWREY R BROWN CONFIDENTIAL CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD OF OREGON 610 SW BROADWAY, SUITE 308 PORTLAND OR 97205 lowrey@oregoncub.org
RALPH CAVANAGH CONFIDENTIAL NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL 111 SUTTER ST FL 20 SAN FRANCISCO CA 94104 rcavanagh@nrdc.org	PHIL CARVER OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY 625 MARION ST NE STE 1 SALEM OR 97301-3742 philip.h.carver@state.or.us
JOHN CORBETT YUROK TRIBE PO BOX 1027 KLAMATH CA 95548 jcorbett@yuroktribe.nsn.us	BRYAN CONWAY PO BOX 2148 SALEM OR 97309-2148 bryan.conway@state.or.us
CHRIS CREAN MULTNOMAH COUNTY 501 SE HAWTHORNE, SUITE 500 PORTLAND OR 97214 christopher.d.crean@co.multnomah.or.us	JOAN COTE CONFIDENTIAL OREGON ENERGY COORDINATORS ASSOCIATION 2585 STATE ST NE SALEM OR 97301 cotej@mwvcaa.org
MICHAEL EARLY INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS OF NORTHWEST UTILITIES 333 SW TAYLOR STE 400 PORTLAND OR 97204 mearly@icnu.org	MELINDA J DAVISON DAVISON VAN CLEVE PC 333 SW TAYLOR, STE. 400 PORTLAND OR 97204 mail@dvclaw.com

JASON EISDORFER -- CONFIDENTIAL ANN L FISHER AF LEGAL & CONSULTING CITIZENS' UTILITY BOARD OF **OREGON SERVICES** 2005 SW 71ST AVE 610 SW BROADWAY STE 308 PORTLAND OR 97225-3705 PORTLAND OR 97205 energlaw@aol.com jason@oregoncub.org JOHN R GALE BERNARDO R GARCIA **IDAHO POWER COMPANY** UTILITY WORKERS UNION OF PO BOX 70 AMERICA BOISE ID 83707-0070 215 AVENDIA DEL MAR, SUITE M rgale@idahopower.com SAN CLEMENTE CA 92672 uwua@redhabanero.com ANN ENGLISH GRAVATT **DAVID E HAMILTON** RENEWABLE NORTHWEST PROJECT NORRIS & STEVENS 917 SW OAK - STE 303 621 SW MORRISON ST STE 800 PORTLAND OR 97205-3825 PORTLAND OR 97205 davidh@norrstev.com ann@rnp.org JASON W JONES -- CONFIDENTIAL NANCY HARPER IBEW, LOCAL 125 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE **REGULATED UTILITY & BUSINESS** 17200 NE SACRAMENTO GRESHAM OR 97230 **SECTION** nancy@ibew125.com 1162 COURT ST NE SALEM OR 97301-4096 jason.w.jones@state.or.us ANDREA L KELLY BARTON L KLINE --CONFIDENTIAL **PACIFICORP** 825 NE MULTNOMAH ST STE 2000 **IDAHO POWER COMPANY** PORTLAND OR 97232 PO BOX 70 andrea.kellv@pacificorp.com BOISE ID 83707-0070 bkline@idahopower.com

MICHAEL T WEIRICH -CONFIDENTIAL
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
REGULATED UTILITY & BUSINESS
SECTION
1162 COURT ST NE
SALEM OR 97301-4096
michael.weirich@state.or.us

KAITLIN LOVELL TROUT UNLIMITED 213 SW ASH ST, SUITE 205 PORTLAND OR 97204 klovell@tu.org

STEVEN WEISS NORTHWEST ENERGY COALITION 4422 OREGON TRAIL CT NE SALEM OR 97305 steve@nwenergy.org WILLIAM MILLER IBEW, LOCAL 125 17200 NE SACRAMENTO GRESHAM OR 97230 bill@ibew125.com

MICHAEL W ORCUTT HOOPA VALLEY TRIBE FISHERIES DEPT PO BOX 417 HOOPA CA 95546 director@pcweb.net BARBARA LEE NORMAN KARUK TRIBE OF CALIFORNIA PO BOX 657 YREKA OR 96097 bnorman@karuk.us

LISA F RACKNER -- CONFIDENTIAL ATER WYNNE LLP 222 SW COLUMBIA ST STE 1800 PORTLAND OR 97201-6618 lfr@aterwynne.com JANET L PREWITT -- CONFIDENTIAL DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 1162 COURT ST NE SALEM OR 97301-4096 janet.prewitt@doj.state.or.us

GREGORY W SAID
IDAHO POWER COMPANY
PO BOX 70
BOISE ID 83707
gsaid@idahopower.com

STEVE ROTHERT AMERICAN RIVERS 409 SPRING ST, SUITE D NEVADA CITY CA 95959 srothert@americanrivers.org

GLEN H SPAIN -- CONFIDENTIAL PACIFIC COAST FEDERATION OF FISHERMEN'S ASSOC PO BOX 11170 EUGENE OR 97440-3370 fish1ifr@aol.com

THOMAS P SCHLOSSER MORISSET, SCHLOSSER, JOZWIAK & MCGAW 801 SECOND AVE, SUITE 1115 SEATTLE WA 98104-1509 t.schlosser@msaj.com

DOUGLAS C TINGEY PORTLAND GENERAL ELECTRIC 121 SW SALMON 1WTC13 PORTLAND OR 97204 doug.tingey@pgn.com	JOHN W STEPHENS ESLER STEPHENS & BUCKLEY 888 SW FIFTH AVE STE 700 PORTLAND OR 97204-2021 stephens@eslerstephens.com		
SANDI R TRIPP KARUK TRIBE DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES PO BOX 1016 HAPPY CAMP CA 95546 stripp@karuk.us	BENJAMIN WALTERS CITY OF PORTLAND - OFFICE OF CITY ATTORNEY 1221 SW 4TH AVE - RM 430 PORTLAND OR 97204 bwalters@ci.portland.or.us		
JESSICA GORHAM ATER WYNNE LLP 222 SW COLUMBIA STE 1800 PORTLAND OR 97201 jac@aterwynne.com	DANIEL MEEK ATTORNEY AT LAW 10949 SW 4 TH AVE PORTLAND OR 97219 dan@meek.net		
MATTHEW W PERKINS CONFIDENTIAL DAVISON VAN CLEVE PC 333 SW TAYLOR, STE. 400 PORTLAND OR 97204 mwp@dvclaw.com	D KEVIN CARLSON – CONFIDENTIAL DEPT OF JUSTICE – GENERAL COUNSEL DIVISION 1162 COURT ST NE SALEM OR 97301-4096 d.carlson@doj.state.or.us		
LINDA WILLIAMS KAFOURY & MCDOUGAL ATTORNEY AT LAW 10266 SW LANCASTER RD PORTLAND OR 97219-6305 linda@lindawilliams.net	EDWARD BARTELL KLAMATH OFF-PROJECT WATER USERS INC 30474 SPRAGUE RIVER ROAD SPRAGUE RIVER OR 97639		
ANDREA FOGUE SENIOR STAFF ASSOCIATE LEAGUE OF OREGON CITIES PO BOX 928 1201 COURT ST NE STE 200 SALEM OR 97308 afogue@orcities.org	KATHERINE A MCDOWELL MCDOWELL & ASSOCIATES PC 520 SW SIXTH AVENUE, SUITE 830 PORTLAND OR 97204 katherine@mcd-law.com		

MARK C MOENCH SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT – LAW MIDAMERICAN ENERGY HOLDINGS COMPANY 201 S MAIN ST – STE 2300 SALT LAKE CITY UT 84111 mark.moench@pacificorp.com	PAUL R WOODIN WESTERN WIND POWER 282 LARGENT LANE GOLDENDALE WA 98620-3519 pwoodin@gorge.net
ROB ROY SMITH – CONFIDENTIAL MORISSET, SCHLOSSER, JOZWAIK & MCGAW 1115 NORTON BUILDING 801 SECOND AVE SEATTLE WA 98104-1509 r.smith@msaj.com	ROBERT DENHAM MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSEN, LLP 355 SOUTH GRAND AVE 35 TH FLOOR LOS ANGELES CA 90071 robert.denham@mto.com
MARK THOMPSON PUBLIC POWER COUNCIL 1500 NE IRVING ST – STE 200 PORTLAND OR 97232 mthompson@ppcpdx.org	PETER J RICHARDSON RICHARDSON & O'LEARY PO BOX 7218 BOISE ID 83707 peter@richardsonandoleary.com
CHARLTON H BONHAM TROUT UNLIMITED 828 SAN PABLO AVE SUITE 208 AIBANY CA 94706 cbonham@tu.org	BRIAN JOHNSON – CONFIDENTIAL TROUT UNLIMITED 825 SAN PABLO AVE SUITE 208 AlBANY CA 94706 bjohnson@tu.org

Debbie DePetris Regulatory Analyst



PacifiCorp Energy Date: February 6, 2007

Title: Blundell Unit 3 Expansion Project Feasibility Study

Objective: Satisfy commitments made:

- To perform an economic feasibility study of an increase in capacity of the Blundell facility by 25 megawatts per the Settlement of Excess PacifiCorp Income Tax Cost Monies Collected in Rates Docket No. 05-035-98 (the Settlement) before the Public Service Commission of Utah.
- To evaluate increasing the generation capacity of the Blundell geothermal facility per commitment 52 that was made a part of the order approving the acquisition of PacifiCorp by MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company.

Decisions Required:

To reach a decision about the possible expansion of the Blundell geothermal facility by 25 megawatts based on the analysis presented in this report and thereby satisfy:

- The commitments made by the company.
- The company resource requirements and risk tolerances.
- The customers and stakeholders' interests.

Conclusions:

The evaluation of expanding the Blundell facility by 25 megawatts was analyzed and determined not to be economically viable when compared to avoided market purchases because:

- The total cost of the 25 megawatt expansion project is estimated at a total cost of \$5,538 per kilowatt and a plant-only cost of \$4,259 per kilowatt, both of which exceed the Settlement not-to-exceed cost of \$3,600 per kilowatt (Settlement, section3.c.(vi)).
- The present value revenue is a negative (\$3.4) million and falls short of the Settlement minimum required benefit of \$10 million (Settlement, section 9.b.).

Summary of Feasibility Study:

The technology investigated was a single flash design, which is discussed in more detail in the technology section of this report.

The total expected capital investment for a 25 megawatt capacity plant is estimated to be \$138,444,000. The overall project scope of work includes drilling additional wells, securing an engineer-procure-construct contract for the new power generator facility, upgrading the transmission line to Cove Fort (approximately 16 miles), allowance for funds used during construction, taxes, escalation and development costs, which include permits, preparation of bid specifications and engineering. This results in an estimated complete project cost of \$5,538 per kilowatt. The Settlement not-to-exceed amount of \$3,600 per kilowatt was based upon capital costs for the plant-only. Accordingly, if you exclude the costs that are not germane to the construction of the plant itself, the cost for the 25 megawatt expansion is \$4,259 per kilowatt, which still exceeds the \$3,600 per kilowatt figure in the Settlement. (Table 3 provides an itemized breakdown of the project costs for both the total cost scenario and the plant-only cost scenario.)

Based upon an economic evaluation and the risk factors presented in this paper, and complying with the threshold amounts set forth in the Settlement, it is recommended that the 25 megawatt expansion at Blundell not be pursued at this time.

However, the company will periodically monitor the merits of any future Blundell expansion at a later date.

Background:

Settlement of Excess Income Tax Cost Monies Collected in Rates

On October 6, 2005, the Utah Committee of Consumer Services filed a request for agency action alleging, among other things, that PacifiCorp improperly retained certain monies that were collected in rates. The parties involved and MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company (MEHC) concluded that it was in the public's best interest to settle the dispute. As a result of this Settlement, MEHC agreed, among other things, to transfer stock ownership in Intermountain Geothermal Company (IGC), the steam supplier for the Blundell geothermal facility, to PacifiCorp, and the expansion of the Blundell facility by approximately 11 megawatts of production by means of installing an 11 megawatt heat recovery unit at a cost of no more than \$3,100 per

kilowatt and with the expansion to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2007. The Settlement also required PacifiCorp to undertake a study to verify the economic feasibility of an additional 25 megawatt expansion at Blundell.

Commitment 52

As a result of the MEHC acquisition of PacifiCorp, certain commitments were made to the various state public service commissions that regulate PacifiCorp. Commitment 52 provides that upon closing, MEHC and PacifiCorp would evaluate increasing the generation capacity of the Blundell geothermal facility. Such evaluation would be summarized in a report and filed with the state public service commissions in California, Idaho, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. This document is being provided in satisfaction of that commitment.

Feasibility Study:

PacifiCorp contracted with GeothermEx, Inc. and Power Engineers, Inc. to perform studies with respect to the potential steam production capacity of the Roosevelt Hot Springs geothermal reservoir and the estimated capital expenditures necessary for a plant expansion. In order to determine incremental generation capacity for the Blundell facility, GeothermEx, Inc. developed simulations based on historical steam production quantities of the individual wells through the middle of 2005. The results of the simulations indicated the reservoir could support a production increase sufficient to support a 25 megawatt plant expansion. The findings also indicated that the geothermal reservoir has the capacity to operationally support all units (including the proposed 25 megawatt expansion) operating at full capacity for approximately 30 years. Beyond 30 years it is speculated that the plant may experience a 400 kilowatt de-rate annually. The limiting factor is reservoir pressure decline, which might be able to be managed by supplying additional water to the reservoir.

Technology and Economics

The following is a description of the technology that was investigated and the economic assumptions that were made in performing the feasibility study.

Technology and Operational Benefits

The technology that was considered with respect to the Blundell expansion was a single flash design. Construction of a new plant on the Blundell site could provide operational benefits to the existing Blundell plant units; these benefits include:

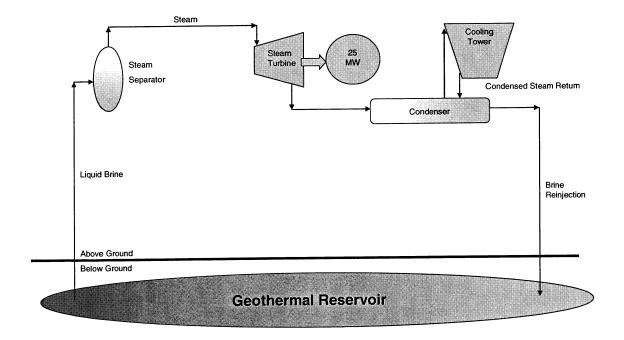
- Improved reservoir management by combining existing injection wells with the new injection wells, which could result in returning more water to the reservoir. Current operation returns a portion of the reservoir water to a well outside the field. The new injection wells could be located such that there may be a reduction in pumping costs.
- Optimized steam usage by connecting new production wells to the existing
 production well circuit. This would provide the production well system
 with the ability to compensate for poor performing wells and limit the
 amount of de-rate of the unit until the well can be repaired during a
 regularly scheduled outage.

25 Megawatt Single Flash

The single flash unit undertakes a process whereby a portion of the geothermal brine is "flashed" into steam in a steam separator; the steam then enters a steam turbine which turns a generator. The remaining portion of the brine that remains liquid is re-injected into the geothermal reservoir. Figure 1 is a simplified schematic of the single flash process showing how the energy is extracted from the geothermal brine to produce electricity.

Figure 1 - Single Flash – 25 Megawatt Expansion

Blundell 3 Single Flash Cycle



Economic Assumptions

Since the Blundell 25 megawatt expansion project will be a regulated project it was assumed that the investment would be included in rate base and earn the allowed return from each jurisdiction. For modeling purposes, a 10.5% return on equity was assumed. The Blundell 25 megawatt expansion project economics were measured against market purchases for the life of the project.

Additional transmission capacity is required to support 25 megawatts of incremental generation at the Blundell facility. The system impact study report completed in July 2006, indicates that a new 16 mile 138 kilo-volt line from the Blundell plant to Cove Fort would be required and would have a target cost of \$17.0 million (+50%/-25%). Additional transmission facility studies during the detail project planning phase would be required to improve the target cost estimate and accuracy.

The Settlement requires all Production Tax Credits (PTC) to be returned to customers. However, the PTC for renewable resources that was scheduled to expire at the end of 2007 was recently extended by action of the United States Congress, but only through the end of the calendar year of 2008. This extension is too short and is not favorable to meeting the long design/procure/construction periods typical of a new geothermal plant. As such, the feasibility determination of the Blundell expansion excluded PTC because this expansion would not be placed in service prior to the expiration of the tax credits. Green tags are also not included in the analysis due to the fact they would be attached to the market purchases of renewable energy and therefore provide no incremental benefit in the analysis.

Economic Analysis

The results of the economic analysis for the 25 megawatt expansion project are provided in Table 1 through Table 3. The customer benefits are calculated as the differential present value revenue requirement [PVRR(d)] of the Blundell 25 megawatt expansion project compared to market purchases.

Table 1 – Economic Analysis¹

		Economic A	nalysis	
Case Study	Estimated Cost \$(000)	PVRR(d) \$(000) WITHOUT PTC	Cost \$/kW	Net Margin \$/MWh WITHOUT PTC
25 MW plant	138,444	(3,356)	5,538	(1.45)

As shown in Table 1, the PVRR(d) for the proposed 25 megawatt expansion is a negative \$3.4 million, which is well below the minimum required benefit of \$10 million (as per the *Settlement*, section 9.b.).

The following spreadsheet in Table 2 provides a detailed breakdown of the assumptions and data that are depicted in Table 1 with respect to the 25 megawatt expansion.

Notes for Table 1

¹⁾ Estimated cost is based on 2006 dollars.

²⁾ PVRR(d) is calculated using the December 29, 2006 official market price forecast (forward price curve) supplied by PacifiCorp's commercial and trading organization.

³⁾ The 25 megawatt case study is based on Power Engineers, Inc.'s capital cost study performed in March 2006 along with cost estimates to connect plant boundary items for a fully functional generating unit.

Table 2 - Economics for Single Flash - 25 Megawatt Expansion

Project Name: Blundell 25MW Base Case to CY2038

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Without Production Tax Credit Without Green Tag Credit

Project Economics:	Customer Revenue Requirement	Pric	Cash Flows or to Regulatory Adjustment	Af	Cash Flows fer Regulatory Adjustment *	
PVRR Benefit or (Cost) Total Project PVRR Benefit or (Cost) PPW Share Project NPV Project IRR Discount Rate Used Capital Productivity Ratio Payback Period (years)	(\$3,356) (\$3,356)		(\$1,739) 7.1% 7.3% 1.0 16.2 Years		\$343 7.3% 7.3% 1.0 12.3 Years	
Capital Spending w/o AFUDC Capital Spending w AFUDC	2006 \$1,121 \$1,143	2007 \$38,759 \$40,490	2008 \$41,670 \$46,910	2009 \$42,823 \$49,901	2010 \$0 \$0	2011 \$0 \$0
Net Cash Flow Without Regulatory Recovery Annual Cumulative	(\$1,126) (\$1,126)	(\$38,968) (\$40,095)	(\$42,115) (\$82,210)	(\$33,400) (\$115,610)	\$19,001 (\$96,609)	\$13,212 (\$83,397)
Net Cash Flow With Regulatory Recovery Annual Cumulative	(\$1,121) (\$1,121)	(\$38,759) (\$39,880)	(\$41,670) (\$81,550)	(\$31,066) (\$112,616)	\$25,500 (\$87,115)	\$19,020 (\$68,095)
Incremental Earnings Before Interest & Taxes Without Regulatory Recovery With Regulatory Recovery	(\$9) (\$0)	(\$337) \$0	(\$717) \$0	\$177 \$3,939	\$3,589 \$14,064	\$2,888 \$12,249
Incremental Earnings Without Regulatory Recovery With Regulatory Recovery	\$8 \$14	\$843 \$1,052	\$2,008 \$2,453	\$2,803 \$5,137	(\$231) \$6,268	(\$315) \$5,494
Annual Revenue Requirement Calculated Recovered	\$ 9 \$ 9	\$337 \$337	\$717 \$717	\$3,761 \$3,761	\$10,475 \$10,475	\$9,361 \$9,361

^{*} Includes regulatory lag of zero months.

Based upon the economic analysis performed by PacifiCorp Energy, it has been determined that the costs and subsequent benefits associated with the Blundell 25 megawatt expansion project are slightly above market purchases and would provide no benefit to customers. The total cost of the Blundell 25 megawatt expansion project is estimated to be \$5,538 per kilowatt, which exceeds the \$3,600 per kilowatt not-to-exceed amount set forth in the Settlement; and the present value revenue requirement benefit is actually a detriment of (\$3.4) million, which is well below the \$10 million minimum required benefit.

Comparison to MEHC Analysis:

MEHC provided the settlement parties a confidential analysis of the estimated revenue requirement impact resulting from the transfer of the stock ownership in IGC from MEHC to PacifiCorp. This section reconciles the cost per kilowatt installed cost differences between the PacifiCorp Energy analysis and the MEHC analysis.

Cost per Kilowatt

The findings of the feasibility study indicate that the total estimated cost for a 25 megawatt plant is \$5,538 per kilowatt. This amount is significantly greater than the \$3,600 per kilowatt provided for in the Settlement; however, the feasibility study costs need to be adjusted to reflect plant-only costs. The total project cost of \$5,538 per kilowatt includes amounts for transmission system upgrades, taxes, allowance for funds used during construction, and escalation. A comparable plant-only dollar amount for the 25 megawatt project would be \$4,259 per kilowatt, which is still greater than the \$3,600 per kilowatt not-to-exceed amount set forth in the Settlement.

Table 3 is an itemized reconciliation of the cost differential between the MEHC estimate of \$3,600 per kilowatt and the PacifiCorp Energy estimated project costs for the 25 megawatt expansion project.

Table 3 - Blundell 25 megawatts expansion Project

Blundell 25 megawatt	PacifiCorp Project	MEHC Blundell	
Expansion Project	Estimate	Analysis	
Adjustments to PacifiCorp estimates that are not	Total Project cost per kW		
included in the MEHC Blundell Plant analysis of \$3,600 per kW settlement figure	\$5,538 per kW	\$3,600 per kW	
Estimated Transmission work and switchyard	\$514		
Escalation	\$174		
Capitalized property taxes	\$29		
AFUDC	\$563		
SUBTOTAL	\$1,279	\$0	
Cost per kW less adjustment	\$4,259	\$3,600	

Therefore, the 25 megawatt expansion project, at a price per kilowatt of either \$5,538 or \$4,259 does not meet the not-to-exceed amount set forth in the Settlement.

Net Present Value

The Settlement (section 9.b.) also references a requirement that the net present value of the project be at least \$10 million for an additional 25 megawatts of new plant generation. The PVRR(d) for the 25 megawatt expansion, excluding PTC and green tags, is a negative (\$3.4) million. As such, the 25 megawatt expansion project also fails to satisfy the NPV requirements of the Settlement.

Additional Key Risks:

The Blundell 25 megawatt expansion project includes a number of additional project and operational risks that require special consideration. The following are the additional key risks associated with the Blundell facility.

- Uncertain geothermal reservoir dynamics, short circuiting between injection and production wells and production well interactions could result in less steam supply than projected for the Blundell expansion project, these issues could also negatively impact steam supply to the existing units thereby limiting generation output.
- Uncertain steam supply provided from the south end of the reservoir could result in less than the estimated generation output from the Blundell 25 megawatt expansion.